INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 2

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT=

CSJ: 0011-04-029 (SHACKELFORD COUNTY) NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = 41,549.00 ft = 7.857 mi NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 53.00 ft = 0.022 mi NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 41,602.00 ft = 7.879 mi CURRENT A.D.T. (2022) = 3,318 vpd PROJECTED A.D.T. (2042) = 4,181 vpd CSJ: 0011-03-015 (JONES COUNTY) NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY= 3,059.09 ft = 0.5790.00 ft = 0.000 3,059.09 ft = 0.579 NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE =

CURRENT A.D.T. (2022) = 3,673 vpd PROJECTED A.D.T. (2042) = 4,701 vpd CSJ: 0011-02-019 (CALLAHAN COUNTY) NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY= 3,300.70 ft = 0.625 mi NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 132.00 ft = 0.025 mi NET LENGTH OF PROJECT= 3,432.70 ft = 0.650 mi CURRENT A.D.T. (2022) = 3,673 vpd PROJECTED A.D.T. (2042) = 4,701 vpd

CSJ: 0011-01-040 (TAYLOR COUNTY) NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY=
NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 86.00 ft = 0.027 mi
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 15,506.21 ft = 2.910 mi
CURRENT A.D.T. (2022) = 4,580 vpd
PROJECTED A.D.T. (2042) = 4,701 vpd

BEGIN CSJ: 0011-04-029

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE

SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS,

END CSJ: 0011-03-015

REF MRK: 428+00 mi.

STA: 219+98.00 BEGIN CSJ: 0011-03-015 END CSJ: 0011-02-019 REF MRK: 424+0.28 mi. STA: 189+38.91 BEGIN CSJ: 0011-02-019 END CSJ: 0011-01-040 HAMBY REF MRK: 424+0.00 mi. CR 302 351) STA: 155+06.20 JONES CALLAHAN BEGIN PROJECT CSJ: 0011-01-040 REF MRK: 418+1.159 mi.

STA: 0+00.00

EXCEPTIONS: N/A

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A

FOUATIONS: N/A

LAT: 32.490460°

LONG: -99.672690°

JONES. SHACKELFORD. TAYLOR AND CALLAHAN COUNTIES

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

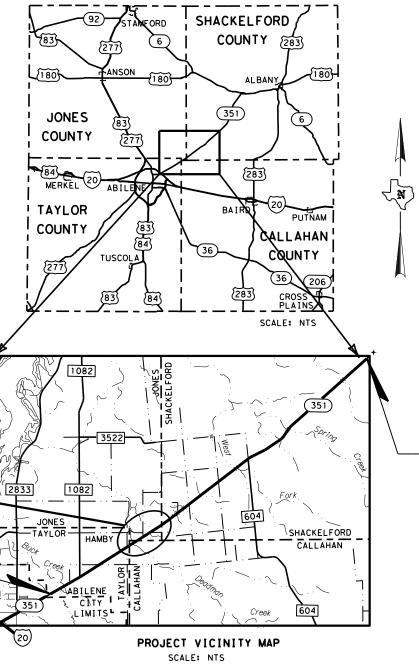
PROJECT NO. C 11-4-29, ETC.

SH 351 SHACKELFORD COUNTY, ETC.

LIMITS: FROM JONES COUNTY TO 4.5 MILES EAST OF FM 604, ETC.

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

CONSISTING OF: OVERLAY



DESIGN SPEED : N/A FUNCTIONAL CLASS = MINOR ARTERIAL EXISTING NBI# = 08-221-0-0011-01-005 EXISTING NBI# = 08-221-0-0011-02-007 EXISTING NBI# = 08-209-0-0011-04-011 PROPOSED NBI# = N/A

FHWA TEXAS	PROJECT NO. C 11-4-29, ETC.							
DIVISION								
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY					
TEXAS	ABL	SHA	SHACKELFORD,			TC.		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		HIGHWAY NO.		٧٥.		
0011	04	029,	ETC	SH	3:	51		

FINAL PLANS

DECEMBER 2024 LETTING DATE: DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:_ DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED: _ DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED: _ FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$_____ CONTRACTOR :

CERTIFICATION FOR FINAL PLANS

THIS PROJECT WAS BUILT ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THESE FINAL PLANS REFLECT THE WORK DONE AND THE QUANTITIES SHOWN THEREON AND ON THE FINAL ESTIMATE ARE FINAL QUANTITIES.

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

THE DISTRICT TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE HAS REVIEWED THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR THIS PROJECT AND IT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH CURRENT DJRASSING GONTROL STANDARDS.

Michael Wittie, P.E. 62A COMMETS FEE CHAIRMAN

9/23/2024 DATE



END PROJECT CSJ: 0011-04-029 REF MRK: 435+0.016 mi. STA: 636+00.00

LAT: 32,592931° LONG: -99.506698°

> SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 9/12/2024

> > Pete N Resiani, P.E. PETER N. RERIANI, P.E.

TXDOT PROJECT MANAGER RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 9/19/2024

Scott E. Darrow, P.E.

570A5EE1DEE4D2... DARROW. P.E. CENTRAL DESIGN ENGINEER RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 9/23/2024

BRYCE M. TURENTINE AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 9/23/2024

Michael Haithcock

-575 ME SHAPE 44 HAITHCOCK, P.E. DIRECTOR OF T P & D

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 9/23/2024

OF6FHOMASTDA30 ALLBRITTON. P.E. DISTRICT ENGINEER

PROJECTS. (SP 000-005)

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#	63	D&OM(3)-20
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ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

76-77 STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

78 EPIC



TxDOT STANDARDS

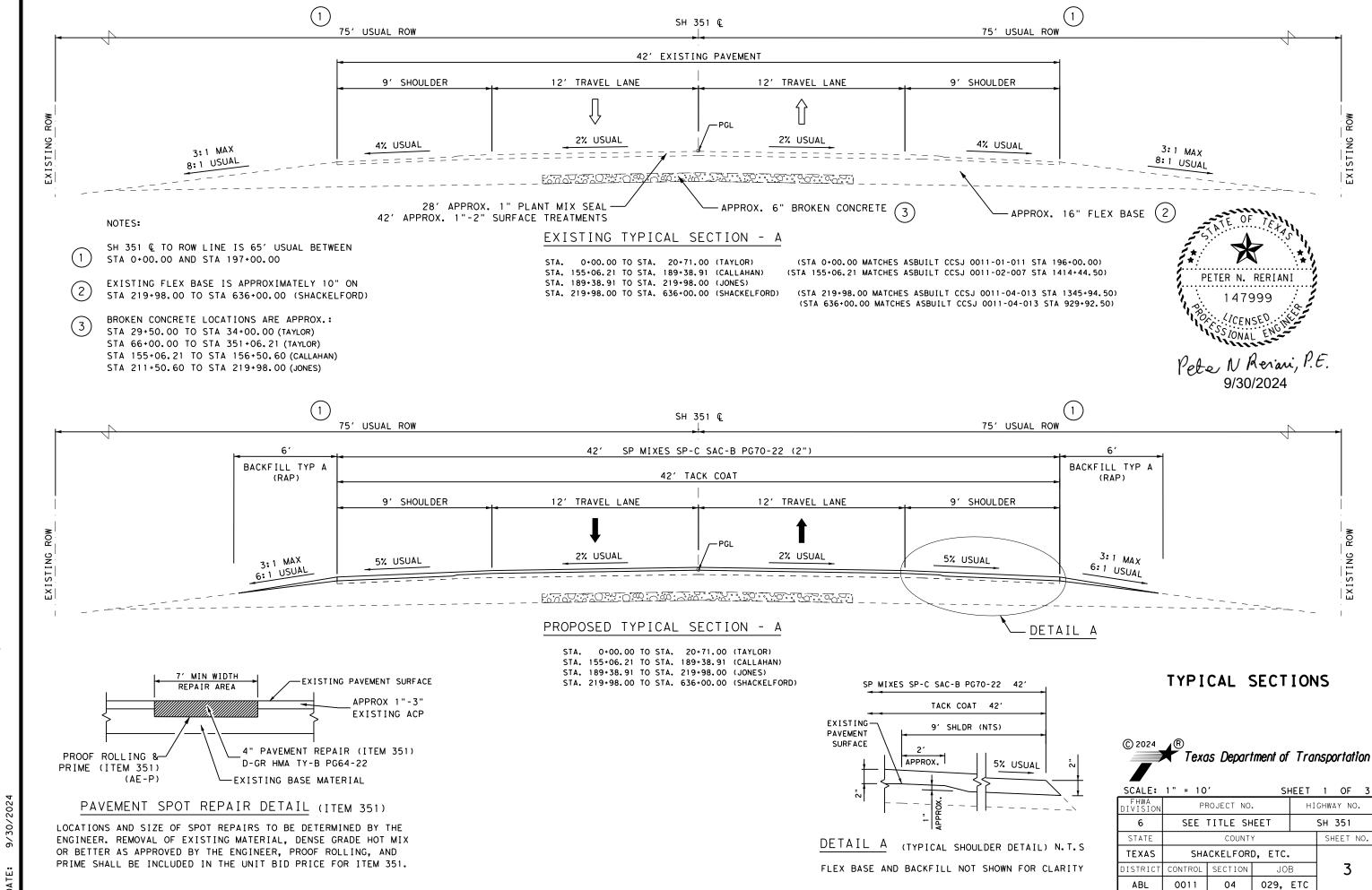
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET WITH A "#" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Peter Renau', P.E. DATE

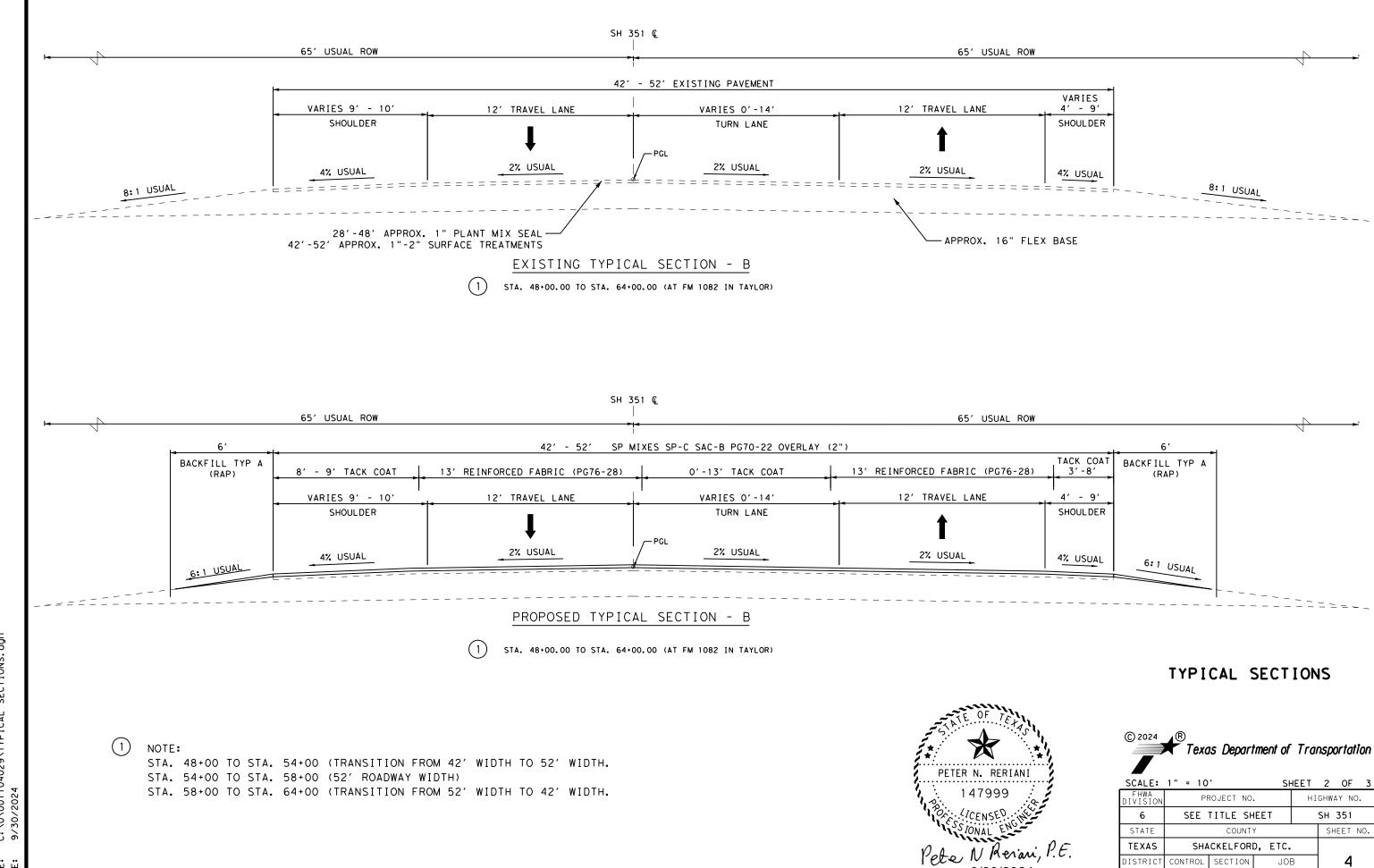
INDEX OF SHEETS



FHWA VISION	PF	GHWAY NO.						
6	SEE	SH 351						
STATE		SHEET NO.						
EXAS	SHA	SHACKELFORD, ETC.						
STRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		2			
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC				



SECTIONS.



9/30/2024

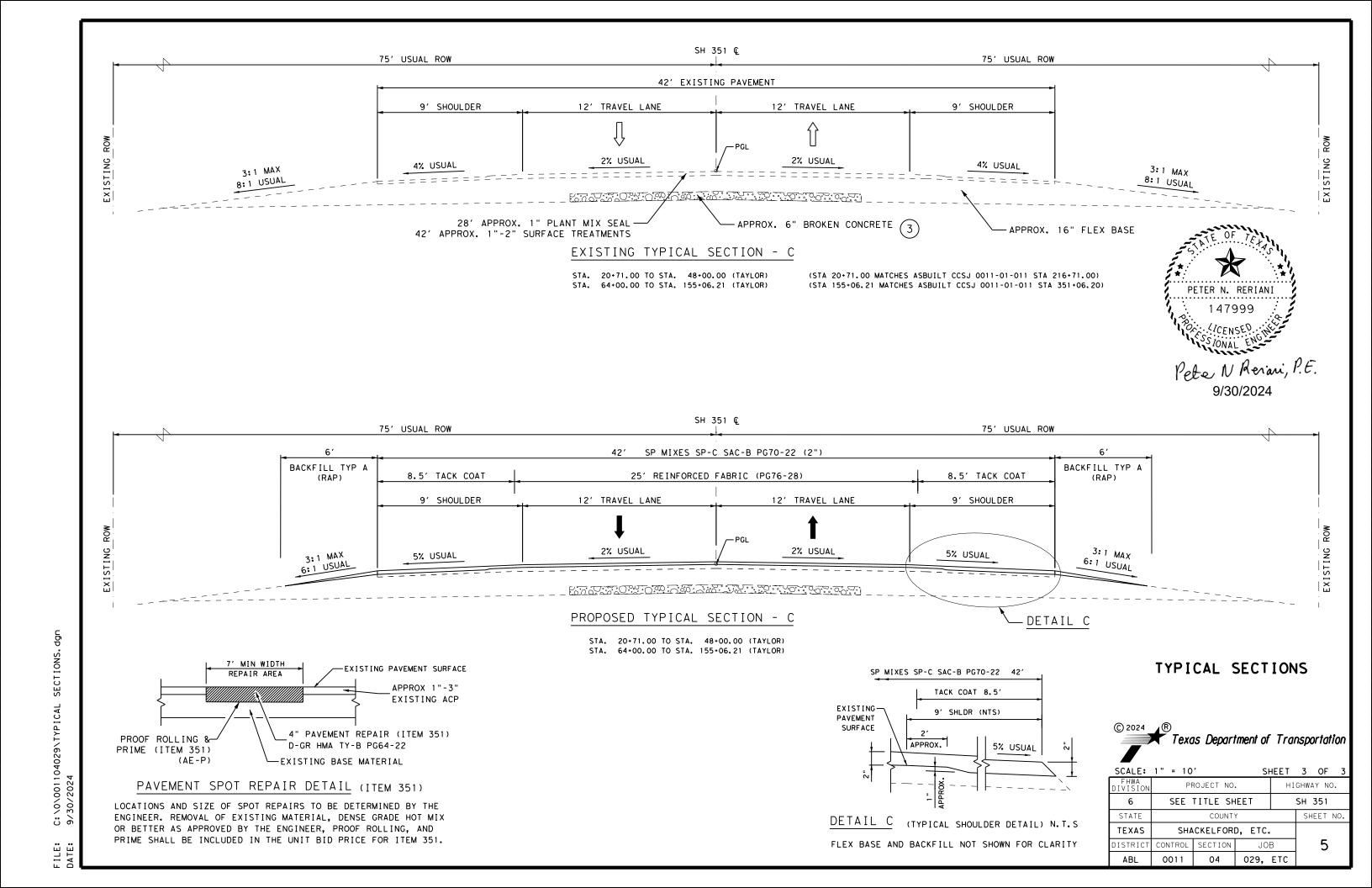
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0011

04

029, ETC

SECTIONS. dgn



CCSJ: 0011-04-029 Highway: SH 351

SHACKELFORD, ETC. County:

ABILENE DISTRICT GENERAL NOTES **2024 SPECIFICATIONS**

General Requirements – Item 1 thru 10

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Bryce Turentine, P.E. / Phone: 325-690-9821 / Bryce.Turentine@txdot.gov Cal Hays, P.E. / Phone: 325-676-6858 / Cal. Hays@txdot.gov (Abilene Area Office)

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Failure to make necessary corrections to traffic control items based on barricade inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections have been made.

Provide ingress/egress to the adjacent properties in areas under construction. Phased construction of driveways and streets shall be required to provide uninterrupted access to adjacent properties. Coordinate work with the property owners before beginning any construction in the vicinity of the drive. This work is subsidiary to Item 502.

Cut neat, straight lines with vertical faces along pavement edges or along joints between existing asphalt or concrete pavement and new pavement perpendicular or parallel to the direction of traffic by methods described in applicable bid items, or as directed. Provide clean edges or joints without jagged appearance or chunks broken out. This work is considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Environmental

Endangered and Protected Species

- 1. Migratory Birds
 - a. Bird nesting season is typically 15Feb through 15Sep annually.
 - b. The Contractor will avoid disturbing, destroying, removing, or relocating migratory birds and active nests found in trees, culverts, bridges, on the ground, or anywhere they are encountered.
 - c. Perform all tree trimming and other vegetation clearing activities during the nonbreeding season (typically 15Sep-15Feb annually). Perform any inactive nest removal and bird exclusion methods to prevent birds from establishing nests. Phasing of work during construction may be necessary to stay in compliance.

Sheet A General Notes

CCSJ: 0011-04-029 Highway: SH 351

SHACKELFORD, ETC. **County:**

- d. When active nests are unexpectedly encountered on-site during construction, the Contractor will stop work and immediately notify the Engineer. Take measures to avoid disturbance of these birds, their occupied nest, eggs, and/or young, in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, Texas Parks and Wildlife Code, and TxDOT policy.
- e. The Engineer will notify the Contractor when work may resume.
- f. The Contractor should be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests by utilizing nest prevention methods, such as bird-deterrent netting and birdrepelling sprays and/or gels, between 15Feb and 15Sep. The Contractor can discuss other preventative measures with the Engineer and/or District Environmental Staff.

Best Management Practices

- 1. Bird BMPs
 - a. Not disturbing, destroying, or removing active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season.
 - b. Avoiding the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable.
 - c. Preventing the establishment of active nests during the nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair.
 - d. Not collecting, capturing, relocating, or transporting birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.

Item 5, "Control of Work"

Make necessary arrangements with utility owners regarding temporary protections such as bracing power poles, and de-energizing power lines. The Department will not reimburse the cost of such temporary protections to the Contractor, unless the Engineer determines that inadequate information was available at the time the project was bid. "Call Before You Dig" "Call 811"

Provide notification to the District Traffic Engineering Section by telephone at 325-676-6991 and by email at ABL TrafficFix@txdot.gov when planning drilling or excavation work in areas where existing TxDOT underground utilities exist. Visual evidence of TxDOT underground utilities in the area include illumination poles, ground boxes, flashing beacons, traffic signals, etc. This notification must be provided 72 hours in advance of performing the work.

Preserve and document the marked utility locations to prevent unnecessary secondary notifications. Notify the Engineer of conflicts between proposed work and underground utilities.

There is a TxDOT Permanent Traffic Data Collection Site located next to FM 604 intersection and is planned to remain active until Spot Pavement Repairs or Overlay works are nearing the site. Contractor shall provide notification to The Engineer in writing at least 4 weeks in advance to allow for, if needed, removal of any hardware and conduits deemed salvageable by the Department. Removal of the salvageable material and restoration works for the site will be undertaken by others.

> General Notes Sheet B

> > PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET SH 351 6 STATE COUNTY SHEET NO TEXAS SHACKELFORD, ETC. 6 DISTRICT CONTROL SECTION JOB ABL 0011 04 029, ETC



CCSJ: 0011-04-029 **Highway:** SH 351

SHACKELFORD, ETC. **County:**

Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

The total area disturbed for this project is 0 acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

Provide one SWP3 Notification Board for this project. Notification Boards are to be placed at locations within the right-of-way but outside the clear zone as directed by the Engineer. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Hard hats are required at all times during construction when construction personnel are in TxDOT Right-of-Way.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

LIGHTING STANDARDS FOR HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE OR CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES AND SERVICE VEHICLES

VEHICLE LIGHTING SUMMARY

Vehicle	Color of Flashing Lights	Transportation Code
Police Vehicles	Red/Blue/White/Amber	547.305 & 547.702
Fire/EMS Vehicles	Red/Blue/White/Amber	547.305 & 547.702
Volunteer Fire/EMS	Red/Blue/White/Amber	547.305 & 547.702
School	Bus Red/White (rooftop) /Amber	547.305 & 547.701
Highway Maintenance or Construction Vehicles and Service Vehicles	Amber/Blue	547.105 & TxDOT Lighting Standards

General Notes Sheet C CCSJ: 0011-04-029 **Highway:** SH 351

County: SHACKELFORD, ETC.

Item 8 "Prosecution and Progress"

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts at the same time.

The Contractor is hereby authorized to begin work prior to the expiration of the number of calendar days provided in the Special Provision to Item 8, Article 8.1. Notify the Engineer in writing of the date to begin work. Time charges will commence when work begins or on the expiration of the number of calendar days provided, whichever occurs first.

Coordinate and update the work schedule with the project inspector daily. Give a minimum of 24 hours of notice to project inspector if work requiring inspection or testing is to be performed. Failure to do so may cause that work to be delayed or postponed if TxDOT personnel are not available. Work performed without suitable inspection, as determined by the Engineer, may be ordered removed and replaced at Contractor's expense.

This project includes a delayed start provision of 60 days for Contractor Mobilization.

Item 9, "Measurement and Payment"

The progress payment period shall end on the 25th of each month, unless directed by the Area Engineer. Material on Hand (MOH) is due two business days before estimate cut off.

Item 134, "Backfill Pavement Edges"

Backfill pavement edges with RAP no later than 2 weeks after the construction of the final

Apply emulsion at a 50/50 of water to emulsion; emulsion rate = 0.15 gal/sy residual emulsion.

RAP generated from the project can be used to backfill pavement edges. If needed, additional RAP is available for use stockpiled at LP 322 and BI 20 approximately 5.0 miles from the South end of the project.

Item 344, "Superpave Mixtures"

Furnish aggregate for final surfaces with a minimum surface aggregate classification of "B".

The Engineer reserves the right to test all sources even if the source is listed in the Bituminous Source Rated Ouality Catalog.

Provide the testing lab samples to calibrate the ignition oven no later than five (5) working days prior to mix design verification.

Paving operations will not be allowed to begin until TxDOT has tested and obtained passing Hamburg results on the trial batch.

A maximum of 0.50% anti-stripping agent will be allowed for each specified mix type.

General Notes

Sheet D

FHWA DIVISION	PF	GHWAY NO.							
6	SEE	SH 351							
STATE		COUNTY							
TEXAS	SHA	SHACKELFORD, ETC.							
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В	7				
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC					



001104029\GENERAL

CCSJ: 0011-04-029 **Highway:** SH 351

SHACKELFORD, ETC. **County:**

Dilution of tack coat is not allowed.

Do not exceed a laydown width of 16' per pass.

There are paving widths of less than 10' wide on this project.

No miscellaneous areas or exempt production on driving lanes and shoulders. Substitute Binders will not be allowed unless RAP is used in the production of the mixture.

A maximum of 10% fractionated RAP will be allowed in surface mixes. TxDOT SAC A RAP is available for use stockpiled in Tye approximately 13.5 miles from the south end of the project.

A warm mix additive will be required for hotmix hauls over 50 miles.

Unless otherwise directed by the engineer, a warm mix additive will be required when paving during November 1st through March 15th.

The maximum allowable dust / asphalt ratio that will be allowed is 0.6 to 1.2.

The use of a tapered longitudinal joint will be required for pavement thicker than 2 inches. Use a self-propelled, wheel-mounted material transfer vehicle (MTV) capable of receiving hot mix from the haul trucks separate from the payer on this project. Minimum requirements for the MTV are a storage capacity of approximately 25 tons, a pivoting discharge conveyor, and a means of completely remixing the ACP prior to placement.

Provide emulsified trackless asphalt for tack as shown in the MPL for Tracking Resistant Asphalt Interlayer (TRAIL) at a rate of 0.10-0.14 gal/sy.

The Contractor will be required to tack 100% of the surfaces with uniform coverage prior to the subsequent lift. The type and grade of tack will be approved by the Engineer prior to use.

Tack all vertical joints unless otherwise directed.

Cement and kiln dust will not be allowed to be used as mineral fillers.

Final surface of driveway shall not be placed prior to adjoining surface.

Item 351, "Flexible Pavement Structure Repair"

The quantity shown in the plans for payement structure repair is estimated. The Engineer will determine specific locations to be repaired. Unless otherwise shown in the plans, multiple locations throughout the project will be repaired, and may vary significantly in length and width.

> General Notes Sheet E

CCSJ: 0011-04-029 **Highway:** SH 351

SHACKELFORD, ETC. **County:**

Item 354, "Planing and Texturing Pavement"

Stockpile all unused planed materials at East ROW on Loop 322 just North of BI 20 approximately 5.0miles from the South end of the project.

Build stockpiles in horizontal layers with a maximum height of 10 feet, as directed. Minimize driving on the stockpile to prevent excessive compaction.

Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

Mobile traffic control in accordance with TPC 3 series will be required for placement of short duration, short term, intermediate term, and long-term traffic control.

Provide the Engineer with written notification seven (7) days in advance of major traffic changes. A major traffic change is defined as the temporary (greater than one day) or permanent relocation of traffic lanes typically in an urban setting. The notice will, at a minimum, include the expected date, time and scope of the traffic change. The Department will utilize the information provided to inform the traveling public of the changes. Failure to provide advance notice, or to provide accurate information, will result in delaying the work until such time that the public has been notified.

Additional signs, barricades and traffic handling may be necessary to complete the work shown herein and will be provided by the contractor as required and will be considered subsidiary to this item.

In sections where traffic is restricted to one lane, two-way traffic, flaggers will be stationed at each end of that section with two-way communication devices and a pilot car will control operations.

Pilot car is subsidiary to item 502.

Relocate existing roadside signs to temporary supports as approved by the engineer.

All safety appurtenances such as signs, delineators, object markers and route markers will be in place prior to opening each phase of the construction to traffic, unless otherwise directed.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Work will not be allowed on both sides of the roadbed at the same time.

General Notes

Sheet F

PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET SH 351 6 STATE COUNTY SHEET NO TEXAS SHACKELFORD, ETC. 8 DISTRICT CONTROL SECTION JOB ABL 0011 04 029, ETC



CCSJ: 0011-04-029 Highway: SH 351

County: SHACKELFORD, ETC.

Equip all work vehicles within 30 feet of the traveled way with a functioning amber strobe light or rotating beacon visible from all directions.

Repair barricades within the timeline shown on the barricade inspection report. Failure to comply will cease all work until barricades are repaired to the satisfaction of the Department. Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

Traffic switches will not be permitted on Fridays or any working day preceding a holiday unless authorized by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall bid the traffic control plan shown in the plans. Any proposed alterations to the TCP (combining work areas/phasing/etc.) shall be submitted to the Engineer at least 10 days prior to anticipated changes.

All bid items and work requiring traffic control is the responsibility of the contractor, even when not explicitly detailed in the plans. Consider this work subsidiary to Item 502.

Ground mount all signs when possible.

Conflicting guide signs shall be covered as approved by the Engineer. This work shall be subsidiary to Item 502.

Removing, relocating or covering speed limit signs shall be considered subsidiary to item 502.

Item 504, "Field Office for Laboratory" Field Laboratory:

Furnish a "Type D" structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the Engineer's exclusive use. In addition to the requirements of Item 504, furniture and equipment to be furnished by the Contractor shall include:

- eye wash station
- · first-aid kit
- two fire extinguishers
- Provide internet connectivity for use by TxDOT lab testing personnel at all laboratory structures on this project.
- Gyratory press, if shared, will be located in the Department's lab facility.

Item 505, "Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)"

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA) will not be considered a major item of work on this project.

TMA,s will only be paid while workers are present or to protect a blunt object.

General Notes Sheet G

CCSJ: 0011-04-029

Highway: SH 351

County: SHACKELFORD, ETC.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. The Contractor must get approval from the Engineer for any changes in the number of TMA as shown in the plans.

If a TMA is used for both mobile and stationary traffic control on the same day, it will be paid for as mobile for that day.

Provide separate attenuators for each work area within a common lane closure as approved or directed by the Engineer.

BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR STATIONARY TMAs						
		TMA (Stationary)				
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL		
1	TCP(1-1)-18	1	-	1		
1	TCP(1-2)-18	1	-	1		
1	TCP(2-1)-18	1	-	1		
1	TCP(2-2)-18	1	-	1		
1	TCP(S-1)-08A	0	-	0		
1	TCP(S-2b)-08A	1	-	1		
1	TCP(S-2c)-10	0	-	0		
Basis of	Estimate for Mobile	TMAs				
		TMA (Mobile)				
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL		
2	TCP(3-1)-13	2	-	2		
2	TCP(3-3)-14	2	-	2		

Item 506, "Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls"

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7.

Item 533, "Rumble Strips"

The milled rumble strips should be placed on shoulder according to RS (1-4)-23 standards and the shoulder widths as shown below.

- Shoulder width of greater than 2 feet and less than 9 feet the rumble strip will be centered on the shoulder.
- Shoulder width of equal to or greater than 9 feet the rumble strip will be 3 feet from the edge line.

General Notes Sheet H

PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO. SEE TITLE SHEET SH 351 6 STATE COUNTY SHEET NO TEXAS SHACKELFORD, ETC. DISTRICT CONTROL SECTION JOB ABL 0011 04 029, ETC



CCSJ: 0011-04-029 Highway: SH 351

County: SHACKELFORD, ETC.

Guidance markings are considered subsidiary to this item.

Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence"

Steel posts for metal beam guard fence may be field cut to proper rail height with a power saw when approved by the engineer.

Core drill 1 ¼" diameter holes through existing slab. Percussion or impact drilling is not permitted. Patch spalls, when directed by the engineer, in accordance with item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair", at the contractor's expense.

Item 542, "Removing Metal Beam Guard Fence"

Metal beam guard fence and posts removed from the project shall become property of the contractor.

Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces"

The Engineer reserves the right to prohibit corrective work and assess the penalty for each occurrence of localized roughness per Article 585.3.4.2.3.2.

Use pay adjustment schedule 2 (two) for Ride Quality bonus/penalty calculation.

Item 658, "Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies"

All MBGF delineation shall be equivalent to Shure-tite GF2 (BRF) mounted on posts.

Use a minimum 2 inch long lag screws with washers to attach flexible GF2 barrier reflectors to wooden post. For steel posts, use an approved adhesive, or other method approved by Engineer.

Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings"

Dispose of tabs and paper in an approved trash receptacle. (Reference Standard SW3P, waste material)

Item 666, "Retroreflectorized Pavement Markings"

All longitudinal pavement markings (including profile pavement markings) must meet minimum retro reflectivity requirements.

The 3" spacing option in Detail A and B shall be used when PM (1)-22 is applicable.

Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers"

Provide a complete system of raised pavement markers at locations indicated on the plans and as directed by the engineer. The plans are intended to show typical conditions, which can be extended to similar conditions throughout this project as approved or directed.

Bituminous adhesive shall be used on this project.

General Notes Sheet I

CCSJ: 0011-04-029

Highway: SH 351 County: SHACKELFORD, ETC.

Item 3002, "Reinforced Paving Mat for Asphalt Pavement Overlays"

Provide a letter from the manufacturer that authorizes the installer to install the product.

Submerge a 2 in x 2 in of sample in D-Limonene or other approved solvent for 60 minutes. The result is passing if the solvent remains clear.

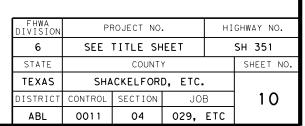
Don't install more reinforcing fabric that can't be covered that same day.

Provide PG76-28 binder at a rate of 0.15 gal/sy.

Replace reinforcing fabric damaged during hot mix removal and replacement operations at the contractor's expense.

General Notes Sheet J

Texas Department of Transportation





Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0011-04-029 DISTRICT Abilene HIGHWAY SH 351

COUNTY Callahan, Jones, Shackelford, Taylor

Report Created On: Sep 30, 2024 6:12:42 PM

	CONTROL SECTION JOB		0011-01-040	0011-02	2-019	0011-03-015		0011-04-029				
PROJECT ID COUNTY			PROJECT ID A00139487		A00198064 A00134915 Callahan Jones		A00134915 A00186948					
			Taylor	Jones			Shackelford		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL		
		HIG	HWAY	SH 351	SH 3	SH 351		51	SH 351			TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST. FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST. FINAL			
	134-7001	BACKFILL (TY A)	STA	146.100	25.300		30.600		416.100		618.100	
	344-7021	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22	TON	8,289.000	1,769.000		1,574.000		21,376.000		33,008.000	
	344-7077	TACK COAT	GAL	5,361.000	2,264.000		2,015.000		27,367.000		37,007.000	
	351-7003	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(4")	SY	1,327.000	160.000		150.000		2,267.000		3,904.000	
	354-7032	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	2,645.000	1,867.000				2,335.000		6,847.000	
	354-7051	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(2")	SY	383.000	572.000				248.000		1,203.000	
	438-7004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS (CL3)	LF	168.000	242.000				132.000		542.000	
	451-7020	RETROFIT RAIL (TY T631)	LF						164.000		164.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS						1.000		1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО						6.000		6.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY						98.000		98.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY						30.000		30.000	
	533-7001	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (SHLDR)	LF	27,012.000	6,776.000		6,028.000		82,414.000		122,230.000	
	533-7002	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPH) (CENTERLINE)	LF	13,731.000	3,433.000		3,059.000		41,602.000		61,825.000	
	540-7001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	600.000					1,325.000		1,925.000	
	540-7018	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	LF	100.000					100.000		200.000	
	540-7031	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (31"-28")(25')	EA	3.000							3.000	
	542-7001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	700.000					1,400.000		2,100.000	
	542-7002	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	EA						12.000		12.000	
	542-7004	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	3.000							3.000	
	544-7001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	9.000					16.000		25.000	
	544-7003	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	EA	9.000					4.000		13.000	
	644-7065	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG	EA	1.000							1.000	
	658-7019	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	17.000					28.000		45.000	
	662-7112	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	32.000							32.000	
	662-7114	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	1,621.000	331.000		307.000		4,476.000		6,735.000	
	666-7018	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	35.000							35.000	
	666-7024	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	635.000							635.000	
	666-7036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	180.000							180.000	
	666-7123	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	800.000							800.000	
	666-7411	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	30,762.000	6,786.000		6,038.000		82,504.000		126,090.000	
	666-7420	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	3,030.000	870.000		760.000		8,270.000		12,930.000	
	666-7423	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	14,220.000	1,464.000		1,554.000		40,042.000		57,280.000	
	668-7089	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(24")(SLD)	LF	91.000	12.000		13.000		116.000		232.000	
	668-7091	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(ARROW)	EA	1.000							1.000	
	668-7103	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(WORD)	EA	1.000							1.000	
	668-7111	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(36")(YLD TRI)	EA	4.000							4.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Abilene	Shackelford	0011-04-029	11



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0011-04-029

DISTRICT Abilene **HIGHWAY** SH 351

COUNTY Callahan, Jones, Shackelford, Taylor

Report Created On: Sep 30, 2024 6:12:42 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	NTROL SECTION JOB 0011-01-040		1-040	0011-02-019 0011-03-015		3-015	0011-04-029				
	PROJECT ID		A00139487		A0019	A00198064 A001		34915 A001		6948			
	COUNTY		YTNUC	Tayl	or	Calla	han	Jone	es	Shackelford		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	SH 351 SH 3		51	SH 351		SH 351				
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	672-7002	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	32.000								32.000	
	672-7004	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	596.000		61.000		57.000		914.000		1,628.000	
	677-7030	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (RUMBLE STRIP)	LF							75,210.000		75,210.000	
	3002-7001	REINFORCED FAB FOR ASPH PVMNT OVERLAYS	SY	37,501.000								37,501.000	
	3002-7002	ASPH FOR REINF FAB (PG76-28)	GAL	5,626.000								5,626.000	
	08	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS							1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON- PART)	LS							1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Abilene	Shackelford	0011-04-029	12

SUMMARY. d	
C: \0\001104029\QUANTITY	9/30/2024 6:10:09 PM

			SUMMARY	OF ASPHALT	SURFACE AF	REAS			
				344 (2" O	VERLAY)	34	14	30	02
SH 351 LOCATION				SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22		TACK COAT		ASPH FOR REINF FAB (PG76-28)	
	FROM (STA)	TO (STA)	LENGTH (FT)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)
CSJ: 0011-01-040 (TAYLOR):									
PROJECT BEGIN LIMIT TRANSITION	0+00.00	1+00.00	100	42	467	42	467		-
PRO TYP SEC - A	1+00.00	20+71.00	1971	42	9,198	42	9,198		-
PRO TYP SEC - C	20+71.00	48+00.00	2729	42	12,736	17	5,155	25	7,581
PRO TYP SEC - B	48+00.00	54+00.00	600	49 AVERAGE	3,267	23 AVERAGE	1,534	26	1,734
PRO TYP SEC - B	54+00.00	58+00.00	400	56	2,489	30	1,334	26	1,156
PRO TYP SEC - B	58+00.00	64+00.00	600	49 AVERAGE	3,267	23 AVERAGE	1,534	26	1,734
PRO TYP SEC - C	64+00.00	155+06.21	9106.21	42	42,496	17	17,201	25	25,296
INTERSECTIONS & DRIVEWAYS		VARIOUS LO			1,429		1,429		-
						(2) 431		
	CSJ 0011-0	L-040 (TAYLO	R) TOTALS:		75,349		38,283		37,501
CSJ: 0011-02-019 (CALLAHAN):									
PRO TYP SEC - A	155+06.21	189+38.91	3432.7	42	16,020	42	16,020		-
INTERSECTIONS & DRIVEWAYS		VARIOUS LO			53		53		-
						(2) 96		
	CSJ 0011-02-0	19 (CALLAHA	N) TOTALS:		16,073		16,169		-
CSJ: 0011-03-015 (JONES):									
PRO TYP SEC - A	189+38.91	219+98.00	3059.09	42	14,276	42	14,276		-
INTERSECTIONS & DRIVEWAYS		VARIOUS LO			27		27		-
						(2) 85		
	CSJ 0011-	03-015 (JONE	S) TOTALS:		14,303		14,388		-
CSJ: 0011-04-029 (SHACKELFORD):									
PRO TYP SEC - A	219+98.00	635+00.00	41502	42	193,677	42	193,676		-
PROJECT END LIMIT TRANSITION	635+00.00	636+00.00	100	42	467	42	467		-
INTERSECTIONS & DRIVEWAYS		VARIOUS LO			180		180		-
							2)1,154		
CS.	0011-04-029 (SHACKELFOR	D) TOTALS:		194,324		195,477		-
PROJECT TOTALS (SY):		-		1	300,049	1	264,317	1	37,501

	505-7001	505-7003	662-7112	662-7114
LOCATION	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB) TY W	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB) TY Y-2
	DAY	DAY	EA	EA
0011 01 040 TAVIOR			22	1 621
0011-01-040 TAYLOR			32	1,621
0011-02-019 CALLAHAN				331
0011-03-015 JONES				307
0011-04-029 SHACKELFORD				4,476
VARIOUS LOCATIONS	98	30		
PROJECT TOTALS:	98	30	32	6,735

	344	344	134	134
	INTERSECTION (ACP)	DRIVEWAY TYPE A (ACP)	DRIVEWAY TYPE B (RAP)	TURNOUTS (RAP)
LOCATION	SY	SY	SY	SY
0011-01-040 TAYLOR	1,237	192	180	107
0011-02-019 CALLAHAN		53	25	22
0011-03-015 JONES		27	34	16
0011-04-029 SHACKELFORD	19	161	301	64

NOTES:

- 1 SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR PAY ITEM QUANTITY
- 2 QUANTITY INCLUDES VERTICAL EDGE AREAS
- ③ INTERSECTIONS AND DRIVEWAY TYPE A WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 344-7021
- DRIVEWAY TYPE B AND RAP TURNOUTS WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 134-7001

QUANTITY SUMMARY



NO SCAL	.Ε		SH	HEET	1	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHW.	AY NO	
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		SH	351	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	HEET 1	١٥.
TEXAS	SHA	CKELFOR	D, ETC.				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		13	
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC			

 C:\0\001104029\QUANTITY SUM	SUM
 9/30/2024 6:10:09 PM	

			BASIS OF EST	IMATE		
	CSJ: 0011-01-040 (TAYLOR):					
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		AREA	RATE	QUANTITY	UNIT
344-7021	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22	2" OVERLAY	75,349	220 LB/SY/2000	8,289	TON
344-7077	(3) TACK COAT		38,283	0.14 GAL/SY	(3) 5,361	GAL
3002-7002	ASPH FOR REINF FAB (PG76-28)		37,501	0.15 GAL/SY	5,626	GAL
	CSJ: 0011-02-019 (CALLAHAN):					
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		AREA	RATE	QUANTITY	UNIT
344-7021	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22	2" OVERLAY	16,073	220 LB/SY/2000	1,769	TON
344-7077	(3) TACK COAT		16,169	0.14 GAL/SY	(3) 2,264	GAL
	CSJ: 0011-03-015 (JONES):					
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		AREA	RATE	QUANTITY	UNIT
344-7021	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22	2" OVERLAY	14,303	220 LB/SY/2000	1,574	TON
344-7077	(3) TACK COAT		14,388	0.14 GAL/SY	3) 2,015	GAL
	CSJ: 0011-04-029 (SHACKELFORD):					
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		AREA	RATE	QUANTITY	UNIT
344-7021	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22	2" OVERLAY	194,324	220 LB/SY/2000	21,376	TON
344-7077	(3) TACK COAT		195,477	0.14 GAL/SY	(3) 27,367	GAL
	TOTALS:					
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		AREA	RATE	QUANTITY	UNIT
344	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22	2" OVERLAY	300,049	220 LB/SY/2000	33,008	TON
344	TACK COAT		264,317	0.14 GAL/SY	37,007	GAL
3002	ASPH FOR REINF FAB (PG76-28)		37,501	0.15 GAL/SY	5,626	GAL

			SUMMARY	OF ROADWA	Y ITEMS						
				351-	7003	354-	7032	354-	7051	3002	-7001
SH 351 LOCATION				FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (4")		PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0" TO 2")		PLANE CONG (2		FOR ASPI	RCED FAB H PVMNT RLAYS
	FROM (STA)	TO (STA)	LENGTH (FT)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)
CSJ: 0011-01-040 (TAYLOR):						42	1,868 4	40	383 (4)		
PROJECT BEGIN LIMIT TRANSITION	0+00.00	1+00.00	100	42	467	42	467		-		-
PRO TYP SEC - C	20+71.00	48+00.00	2729		-		-		-	25	7,581
PRO TYP SEC - B	48+00.00	64+00.00	1600		-		-		-	26	4,624
PRO TYP SEC - C	64+00.00	155+06.21	9106.21		-		-		-	25	25,296
HIGHWAY INTERSECTION (FM 1082)					310		310		-		-
PAVEMENT REPAIRS		VARIOUS LO	CATIONS	VARIES	550		-		-		-
	CSJ 0011-01	1-040 (TAYLO	R) TOTALS:		1,327		2,645		383		37,501
CSJ: 0011-02-019 (CALLAHAN):						42	1,867	39	572 4		
PAVEMENT REPAIRS		VARIOUS LO	CATIONS	VARIES	160	,	-		-		-
	CSJ 0011-02-0	19 (CALLAHA	N) TOTALS:		160		1,867		572		-
CSJ: 0011-03-015 (JONES):											
PAVEMENT REPAIRS		VARIOUS LO	CATIONS	VARIES	150		-		-		-
	CSJ 0011-	03-015 (JONE	S) TOTALS:		150		-		-		_
CSJ: 0011-04-029 (SHACKELFORD):						42	1,868	42	248 4	1	
PROJECT END LIMIT TRANSITION	635+00.00	636+00.00	100	42	467	42	467	72	-		-
PAVEMENT REPAIRS		VARIOUS LO	•	VARIES	1,800		-		-		-
CSJ	0011-04-029 (SHACKELFOR	D) TOTALS:		2,267		2,335		248		-
PROJECT TOTALS (SY):		-			3,904		6,847		1,203		37,501

NOTES:

- 1 SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR PAY ITEM QUANTITY
- 2 QUANTITY INCLUDES VERTICAL EDGE AREAS
- 3 PROVIDE EMULSIFIED TRACKLESS ASPHALT FOR TACK COAT AT A RATE OF 0.10-0.14 GAL/SY
- 4 QUANTITY INCLUDES PLANING AT BRIDGE LOCATIONS

SUMMARY OF BA	CKFILL
	134-7001
LOCATION	BACKFILL (TY A)
LOCATION	STA
0011-01-040 TAYLOR	146.1
0011-02-019 CALLAHAN	25.3
0011-03-015 JONES	30.6
0011-04-029 SHACKELFORD	416.1
PROJECT TOTALS:	618.1

QUANTITY SUMMARY



NO SCAL	.E		SH	HEET	2	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHW	AY NO	
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		SH	351	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	HEET N	١٥.
TEXAS	SHA	CKELFOR	D, ETC.				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		14	
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC			

							SUMMAF	RY OF PAVEMENT M	IARKINGS							
	533-7001	533-7002	666-7018	666-7024	666-7036	666-7123	666-7411	666-7420	666-7423	668-7089	668-7091	668-7103	668-7111	672-7002	672-7004	677-7030
CSJ	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (SHOULDER)	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (CENTERLINE)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(BRK) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(24") (SLD)	PREFAB PM TY C (W) (ARROW)	PREFAB PM TY C (W) (WORD)	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(36") (YLD TRI)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	ELIM EXT PV MRK & MRKS (RUMBLE STRIP)
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF
0011-01-040	27,012	13,731	35	635	180	800	30,762	3,030	14,220	91	1	1	4	32	596	-
0011-02-019	6,776	3,433	-	-	-	-	6,786	870	1,464	12	-	-	-	-	61	-
0011-03-015	6,028	3,059	-	-	-	-	6,038	760	1,554	13	-	-	-	-	57	-
0011-04-029	82,414	41,602	-	-	-	-	82,504	8,270	40,042	116	-	-	-	-	914	75,210
PROJECT TOTALS	122,230	61,825	35	635	180	800	126,090	12,930	57,280	232	1	1	4	32	1,628	75,210

		1)	SUMMARY OI	F TRAFFIC RAIL	ING					
		540-7001	540-7018	540-7031	542-7001	542-7002	542-7004	544-7001	544-7003	658-7019
LOCATION		MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	MTL BM GD FEN TRANS (31"-28") (25')	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	RM MTL BM GD FENCE TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF) GF2(BI)
		LF	LF	EA	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
0011-01-040	TAYLOR	600	100	3	700	-	3	9	9	17
0011-02-019	CALLAHAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0011-03-015	JONES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0011-04-029	SHACKELFORD	1,325	100	-	1,400	12	-	16	4	28
PROJE	ECT TOTALS:	1,925	200	3	2,100	12	3	25	13	45

SUMMARY OF SI	GNS
	644-7065
LOCATION	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG
LOCATION	STA
0011-01-040 TAYLOR	1
0011-02-019 CALLAHAN	
0011-03-015 JONES	
0011-04-029 SHACKELFORD	
PROJECT TOTALS:	1

	SUMMARY OF BRIDGES												
										CLEAR		438-7004	451-7020
CSJ	COUNTY	BRIDGE NBI	#	DESIGN		BRIDGE LOCATION	STA	TION	LENGTH		LOADING	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL3)	RETROFIT RAIL (TY T631)
		EXISTING	PROPOSED	EXISTING	PROPOSED		BEGIN	END	FT	FT		LF	LF
0011-01-040	TAYLOR	08-221-0-0011-01-005	N/A	3 simple span conc T-beam bridge on conc substructure	N/A	SH 351 OVER BUCK CREEK	17+09.15	17+94.67	86	39.7	H 15	168	-
0011-02-019	CALLAHAN	08-030-0-0011-02-007	N/A	4 simple span conc T-beam bridge on conc substructure	N/A	SH 351 OVER DEADMEN CREEK	160+95.55	162+27.25	132	40	H 15	242	-
0011-04-029	SHACKELFORD	08-209-0-0011-04-011	N/A	2 Simple Span Conc T-Beam Brg Widened with Flat Slabs	N/A	SH 351 OVER SPRING CREEK	375+71.96	376+24.96	53	41.7	H15	132	164
											PROJECT TOTALS	542	164

NOTES:

REFERENCE TRAFFIC RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

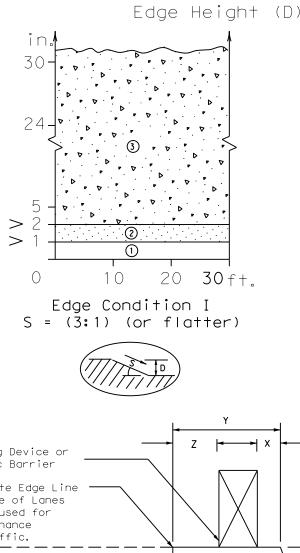
QUANTITY SUMMARY

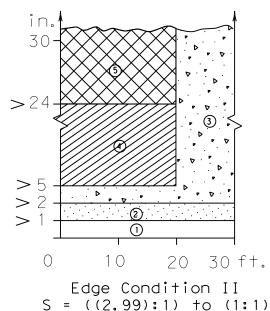


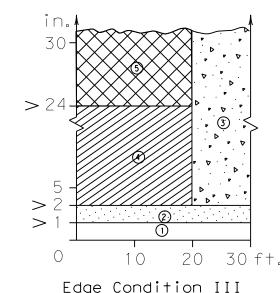
_								
NO SCAL	.E		SH	HEET	3	OF	3	
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		НΙ	GHWA	AA NO		
6	SEE	SH	351					
STATE		SH	EET N	١٥.				
TEXAS	SHA	SHACKELFORD, ETC.						
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		15		
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC				

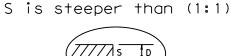
DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

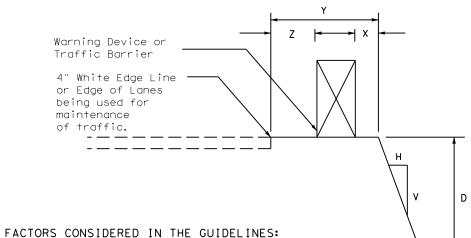












No treatment
 CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs.
 CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels.
 CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I.
 Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone-4 may be used after consideration of

Treatment Types Guidelines:

- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V).
 The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

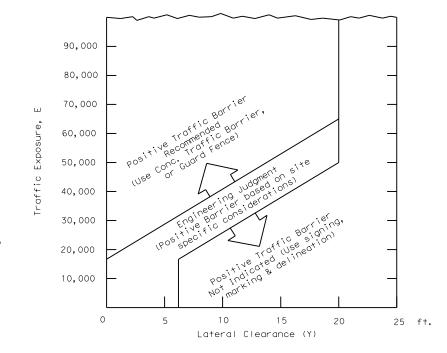
Edge Condition Notes:

- Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.

other applicable factors.

- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ()



- E = ADT x T Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's and line manuals.





TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

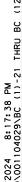


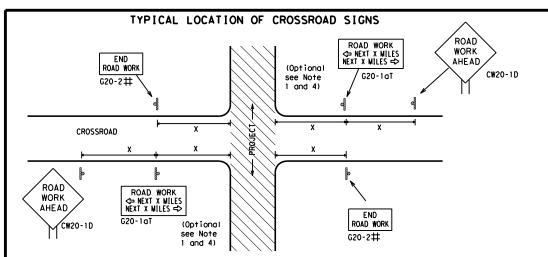
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

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- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
1	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600²
1	65	700 ²
	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
J	*	* 3

SPACING

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

	<u> </u>	^ `	J	
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD 3X CW20-1D ROAD WORK AREA CW20-1D CW1-4R XX WPH CW13-1P	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	DO ROAD SPEED LIMIT WORK AHEAD CW20-1D R2-1**	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	WARNING SIGNS
	WORK Begin	nning of SPEED	\ _ \ _	
Channelizing Devices When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/In "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas	CSJ Limit END END COORD ROAD WORK With	ASSING R2-1 LIMIT Should dinate sign	NOTES	IE G20-2b⊺ ※ ※
within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location channelizing devices.			The Contractor shall determi	ne the appropri

AMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC * *G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT X XG20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizing devices \Diamond -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END END G20-2bt * LIMIT ROAD WORK G20-2 * *

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND									
Ι	Type 3 Barricade									
000 Channelizing Devices										
4	Sign									
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.									

SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic Safety



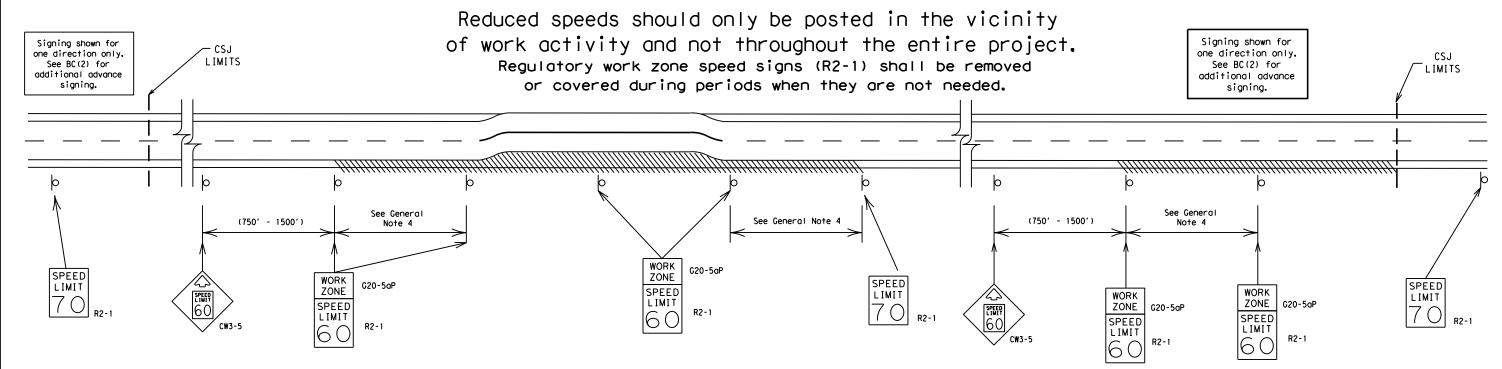
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



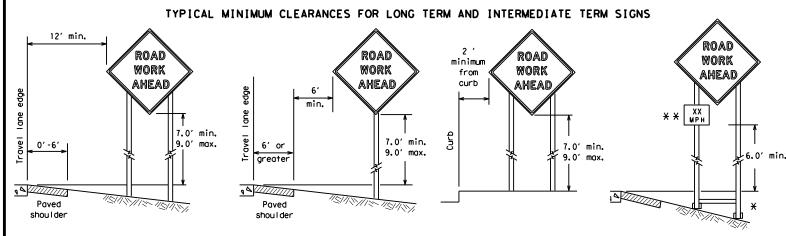
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Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

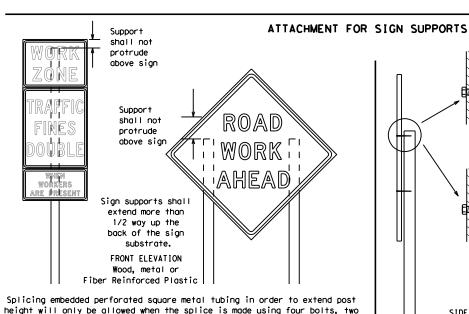
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* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.

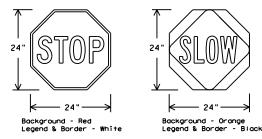
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

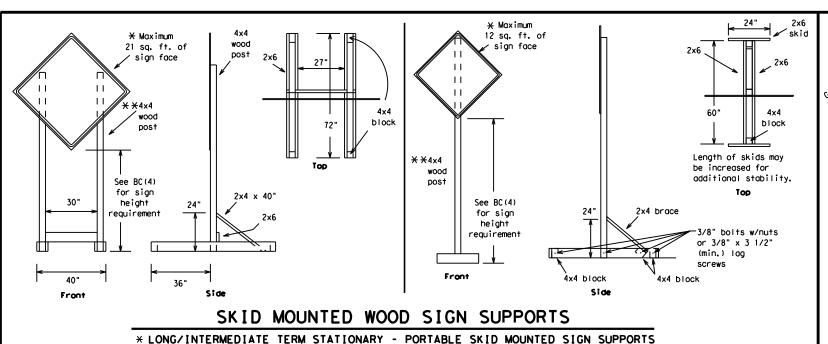


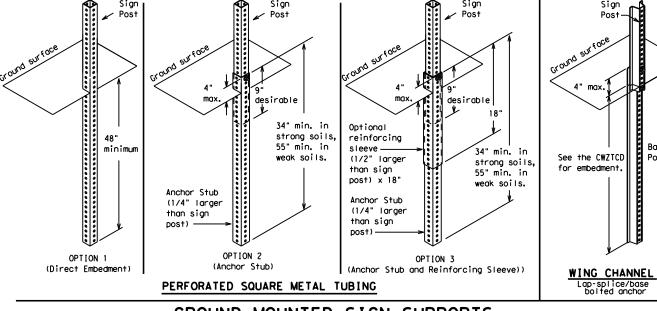
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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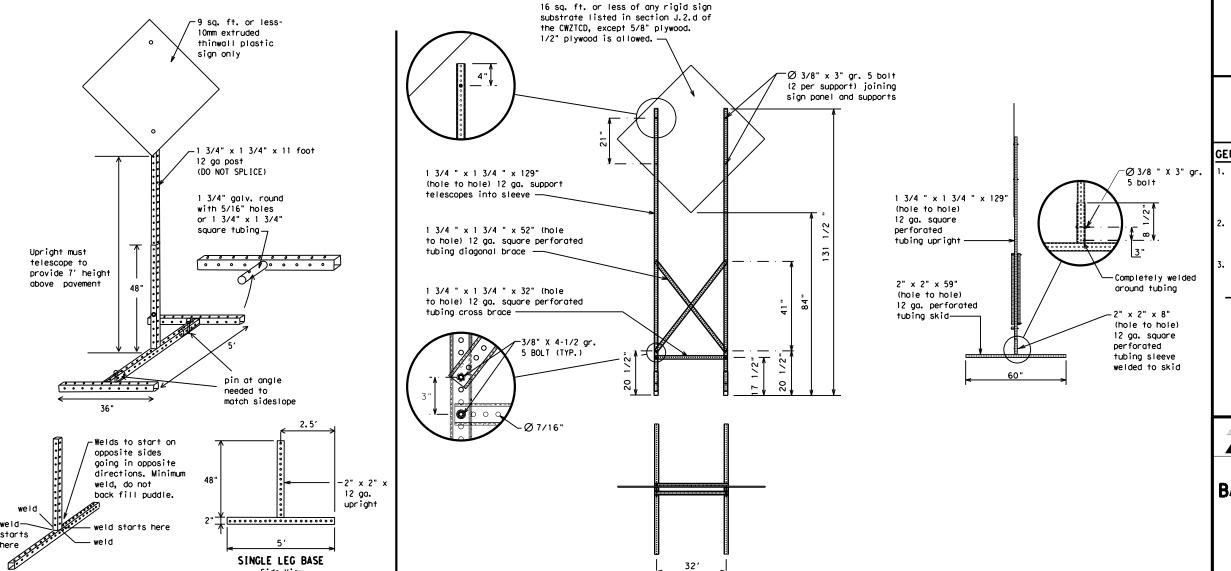


GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
 This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



ADE AND CONCERNATION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (,5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

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Lower Level LWR LE			

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ram	p Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Et		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		* * See	Application Guideli	nes Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

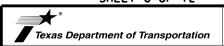
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

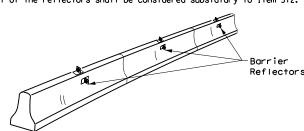
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© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
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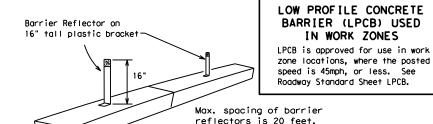
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



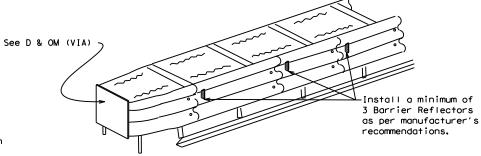
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



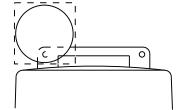
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

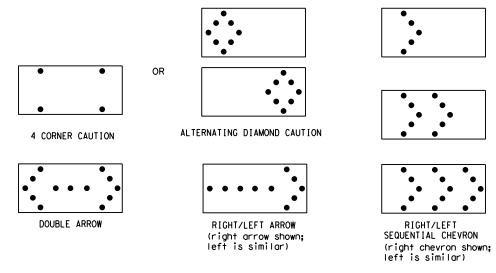
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device. 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the
- cones in proper position and location. 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

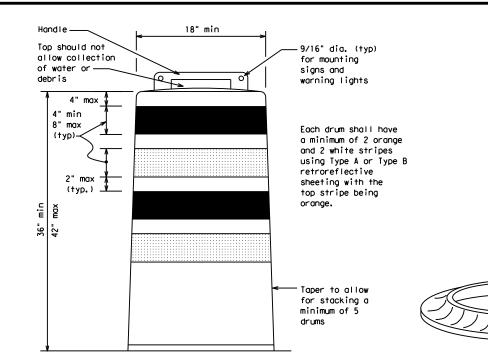
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs. 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

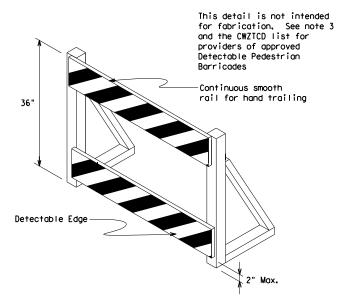
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

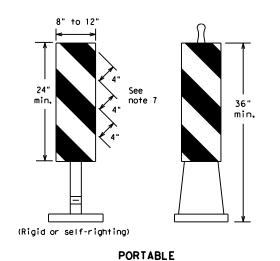
Traffic Safety



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

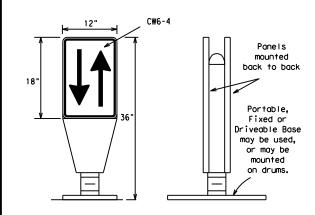
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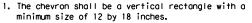
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

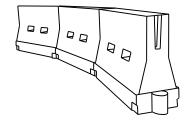


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_E or Type C_E conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	_	esirab er Lend **	-	Spacir Channe Dev	ng of		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′		
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80,	160′		
V	X-X-Topos Longths have been sounded off							

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

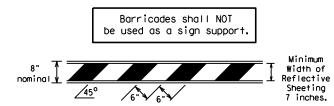
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

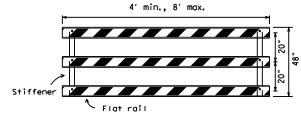
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	5-21	ABL	SHAC	KELFOR	D,	ETC.	25

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

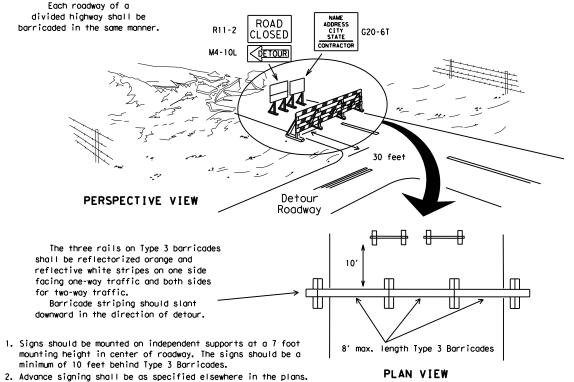


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



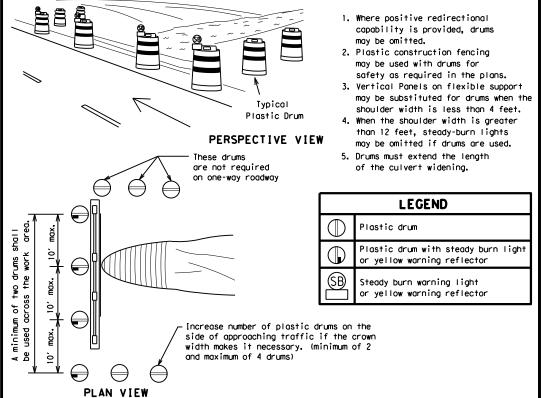
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

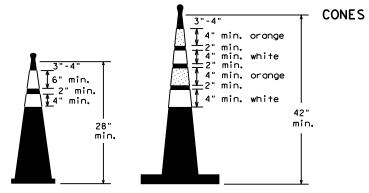
TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones





2" to 6" min.

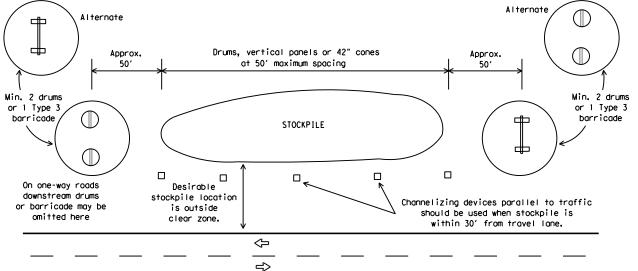
CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

2" min.

Tubular Marker





TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ABL	SHAC	KELFOR	D.	ETC.	26

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

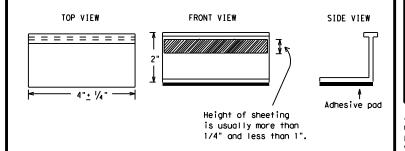
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the readway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

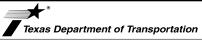
- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

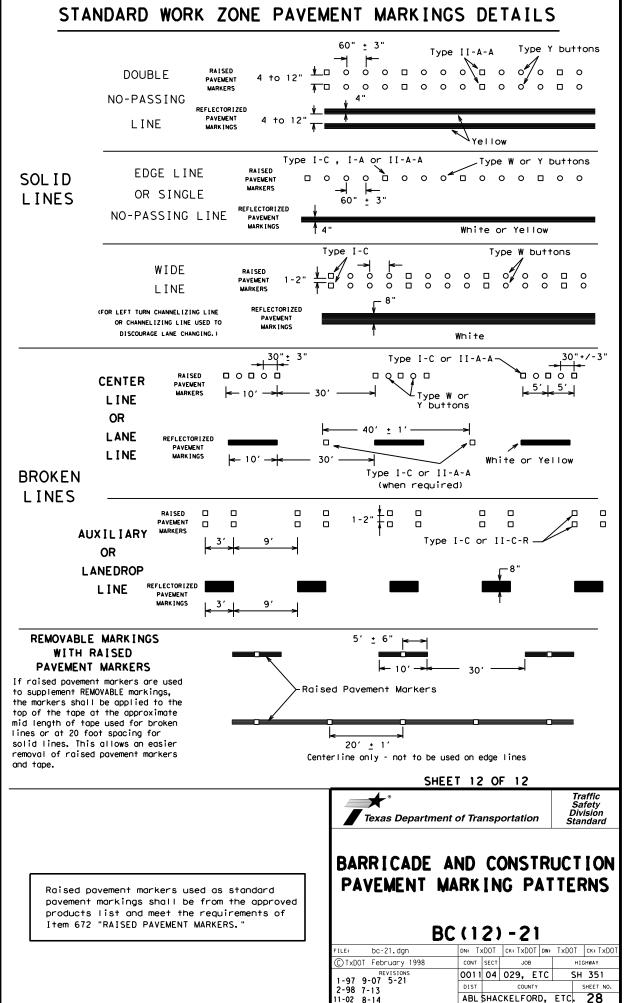
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

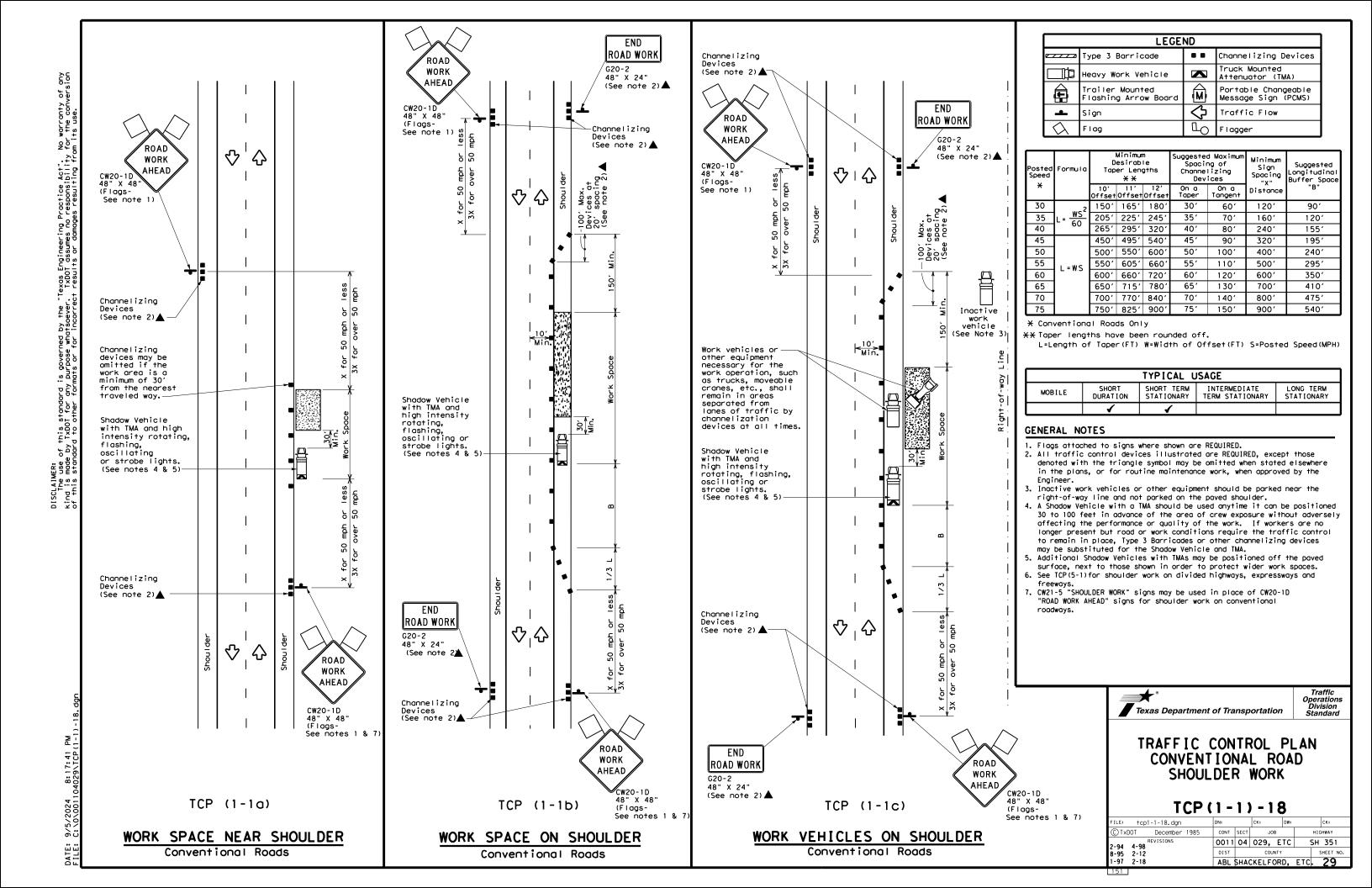
BC(11)-21

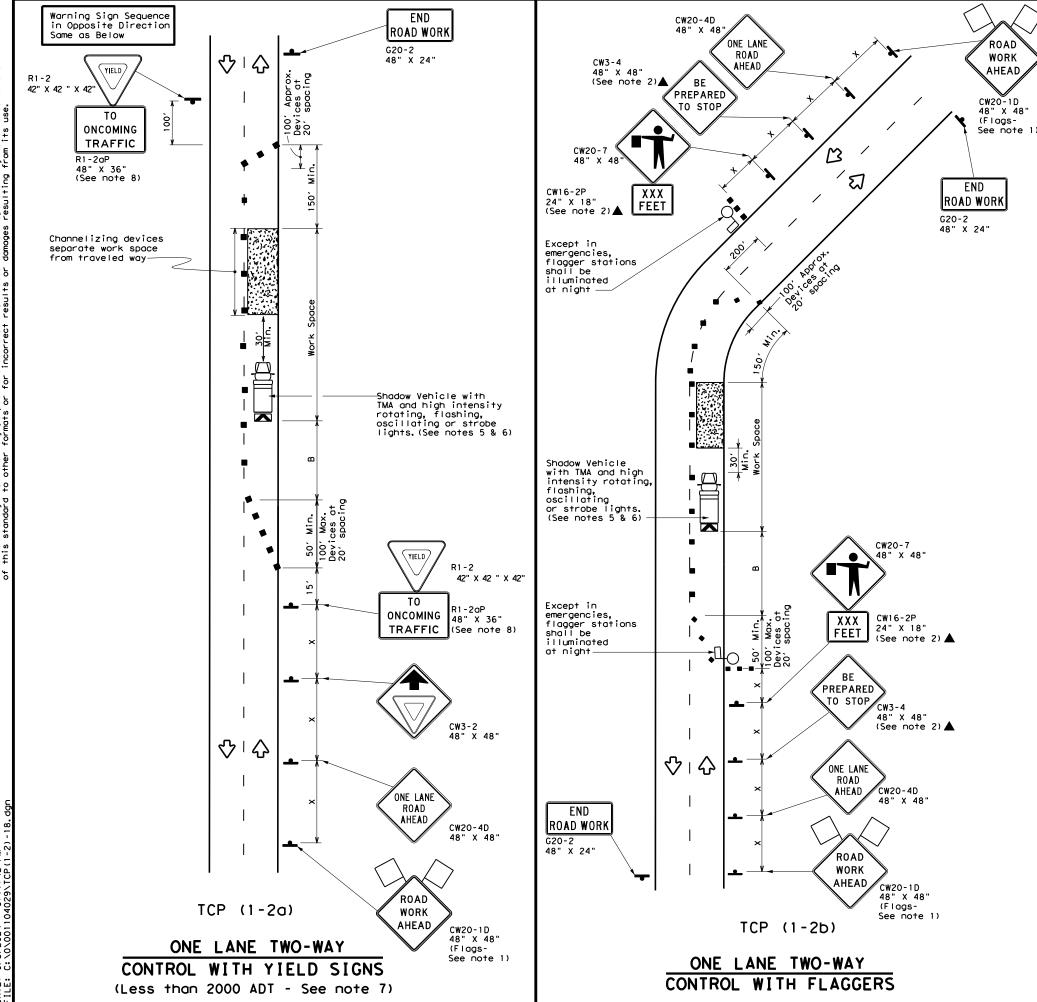
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11-02

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000**0** 0000 0000 Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 ➪ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE







	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Lend **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	, <u>ws²</u>	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	1201	90′	2001
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	8401	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48"

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2, All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with "R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

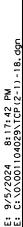


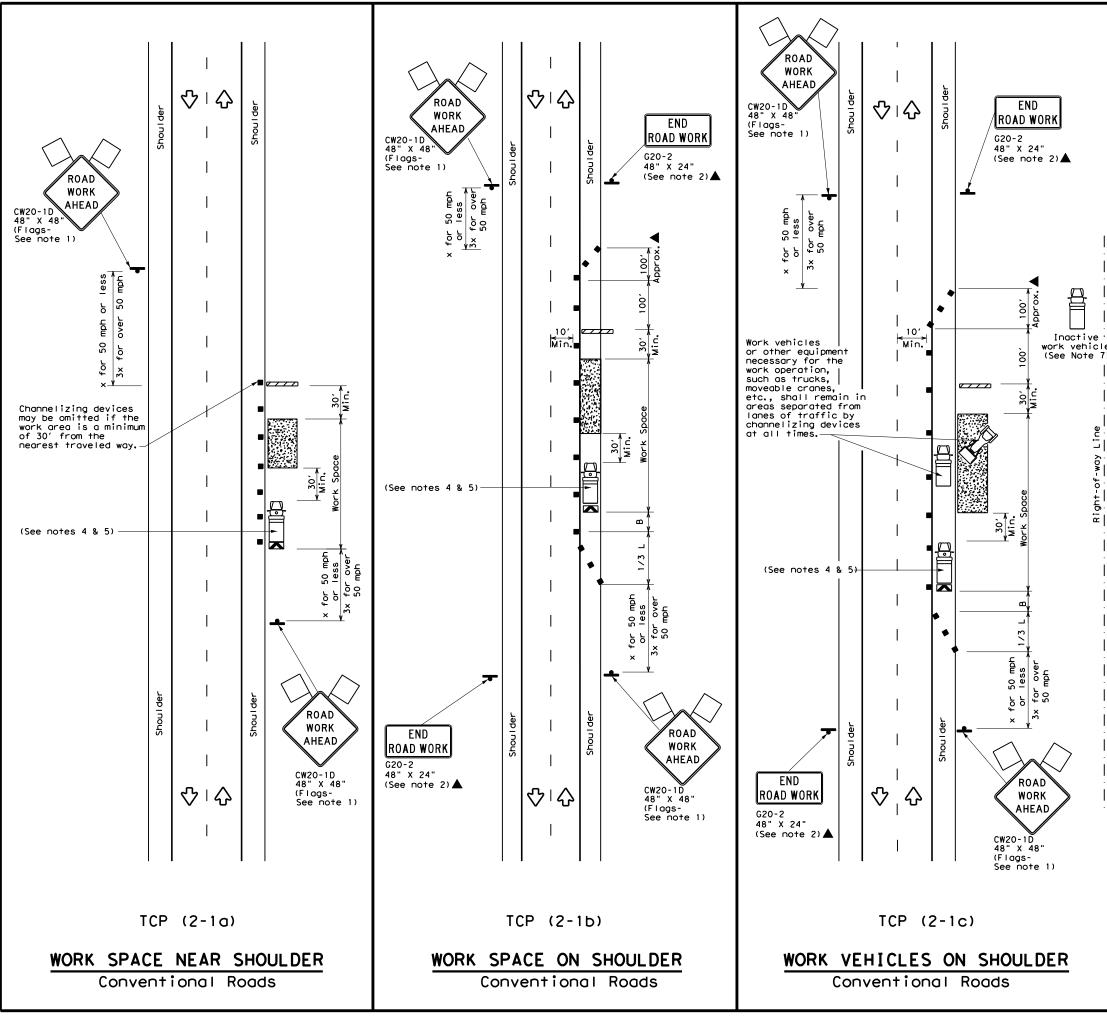
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-90 4-98	0011	04	029, E	TC	SH 351
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1-97 2-18	ABL '	SHAC	CKELFOR	D, ETC	. 30





LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board M Traffic Flow Sign  $\Diamond$ Flag Flagger

_					•			
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	1501	1651	1801	30′	60'	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	1551
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50	1	500'	5501	600′	50′	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- " -	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1 1 1							

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

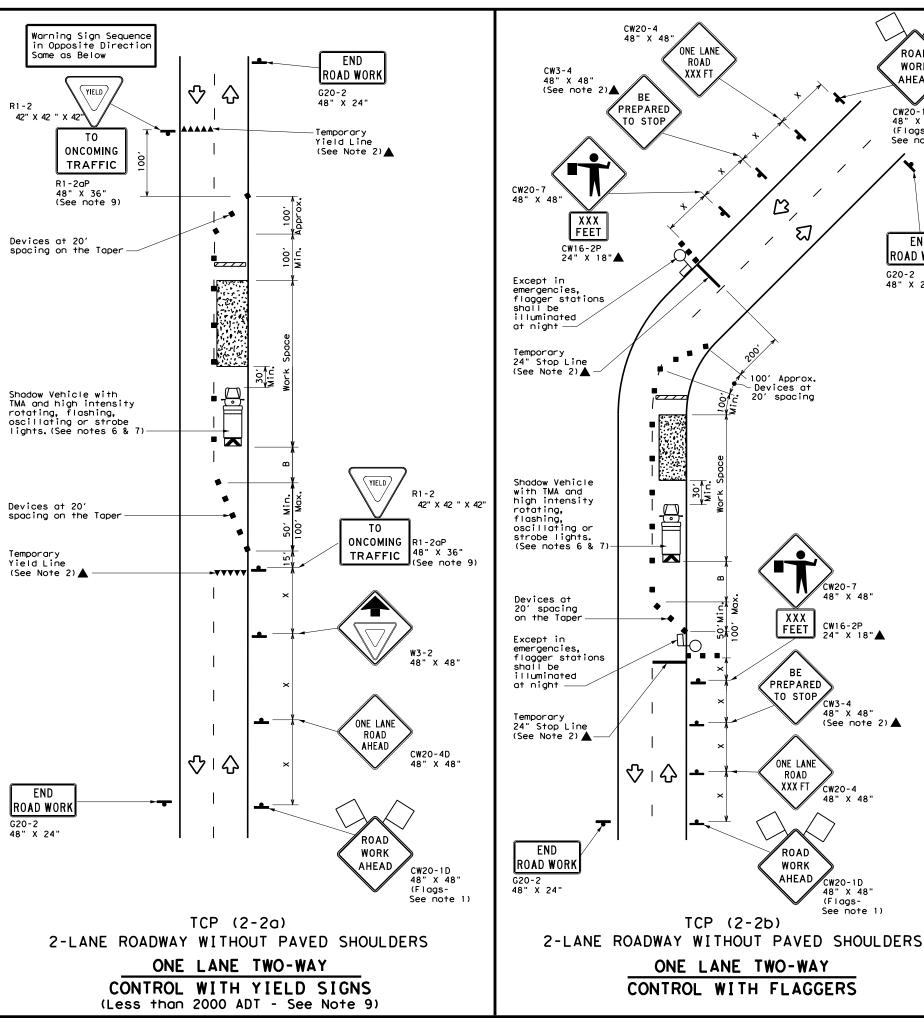
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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2-94 4-96 8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	ABL :	SHAC	KELFOR	D, ETC	. 31



	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	П	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	1201	90′	200′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	1551	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360'
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	400′	240'	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	_ "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	645'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800,	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	1	1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

(Flags-See note 1:

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

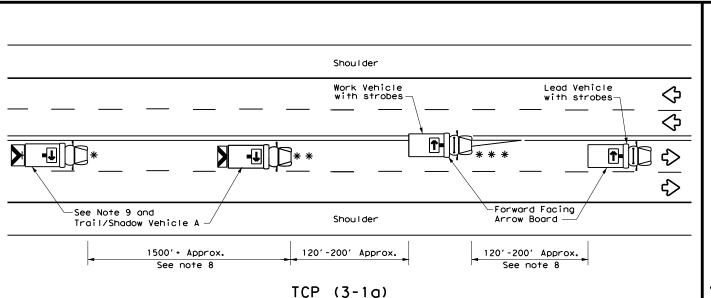


Traffic Operations Division Standard

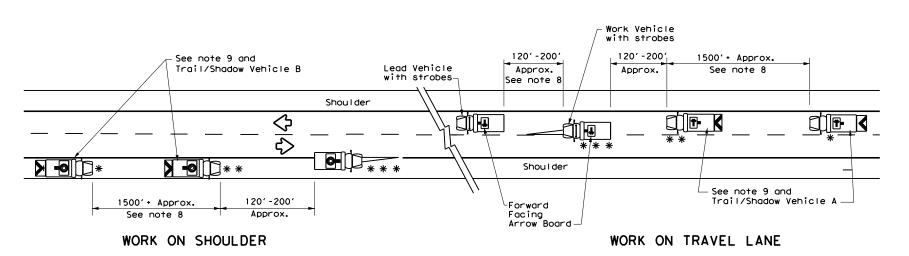
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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4-98 2-18	ABL :	SHAC	KELFOR	D, ETC	. 32

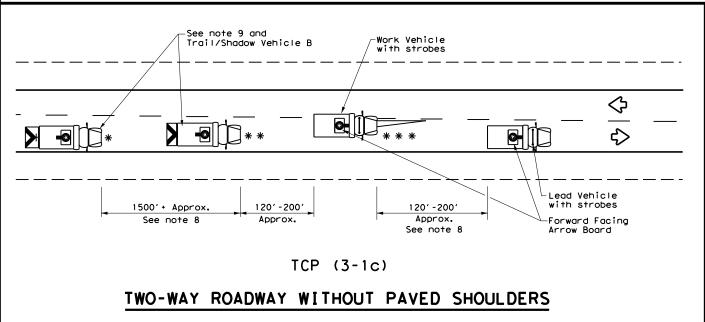


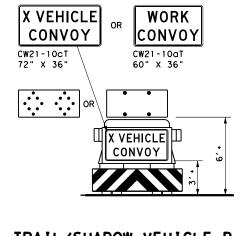
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





X VEHICLE

CONVOY

CW21-10cT

72" X 36"

••••••

X VEHICLE CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

OR

TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

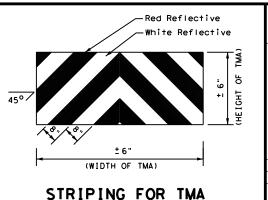
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		APPOW ROAPD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	₽	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	#	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	•	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
4								

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



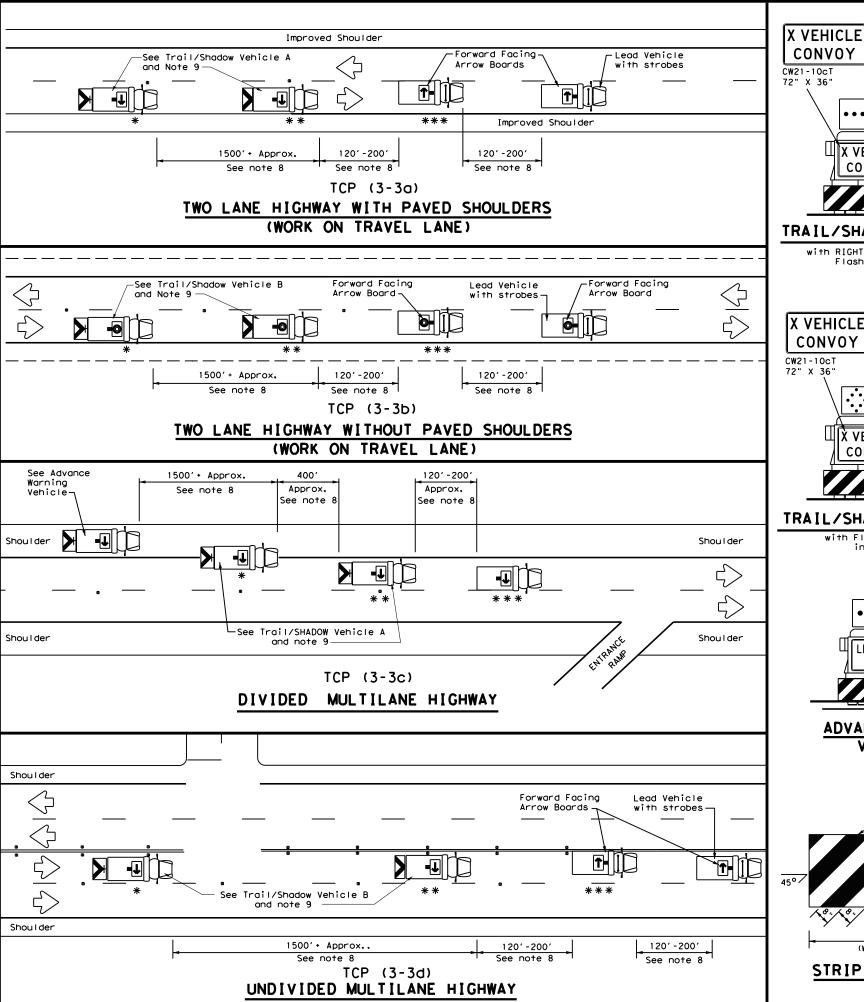


Traffic Operations Division Standard TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS

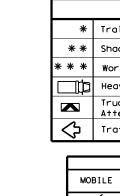
TCP(3-1)-13

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO tcp3-1.dgn C) TxDOT December 1985 0011 04 029, ETC SH 351 8-95 7-13 1-97 ABL SHACKELFORD, ETC. 33

UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



warranty of any the conversion



TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

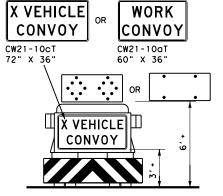
WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

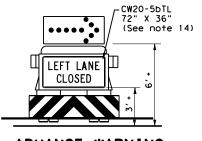
60" X 36"

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

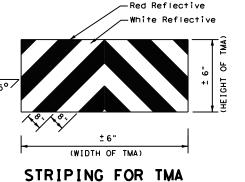


TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND					
*	Trail Vehicle	- ARROW BOARD DISPLAY			
* *	Shadow Vehicle				
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional			
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional			
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow			
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)		

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

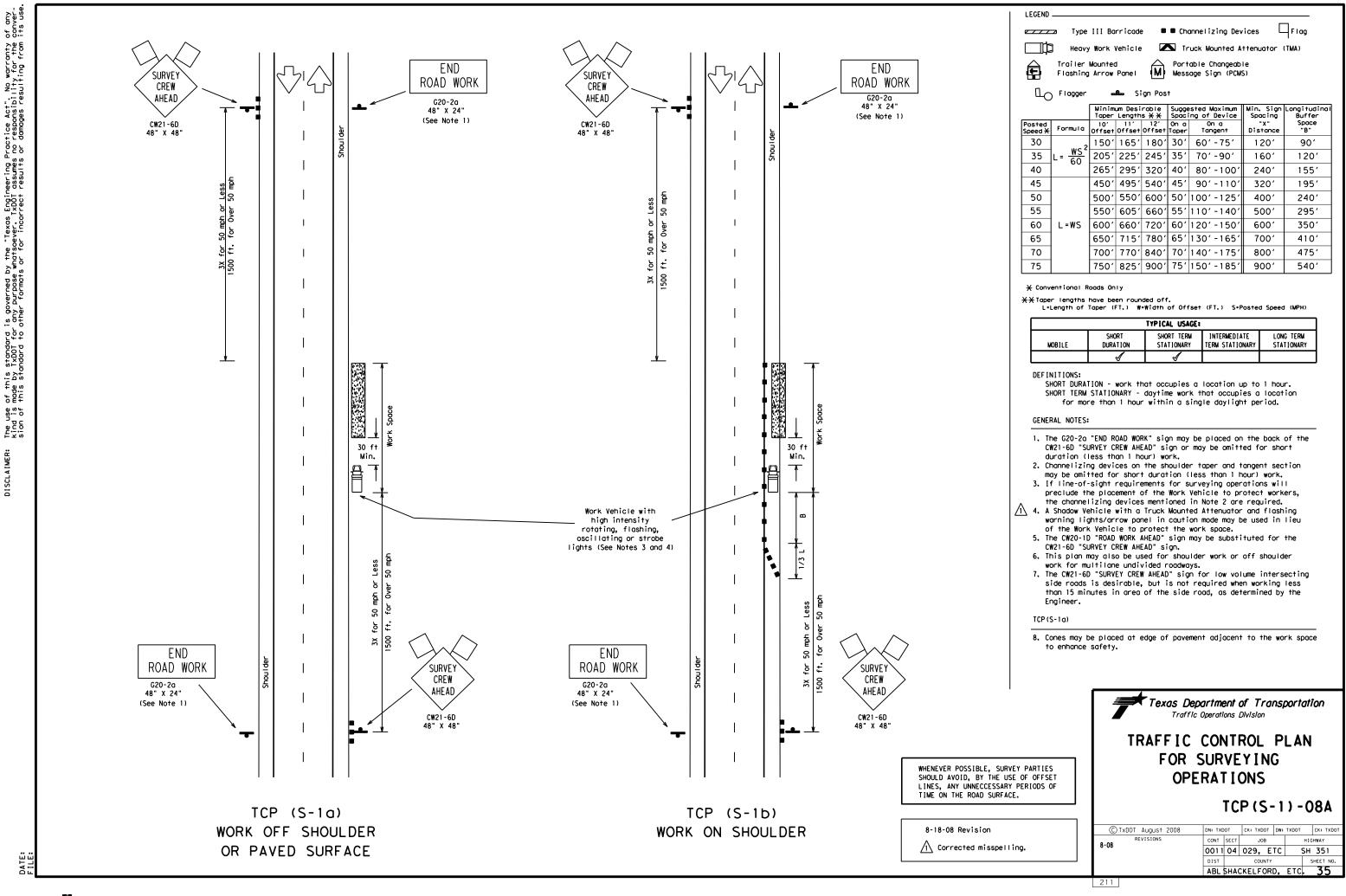
 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

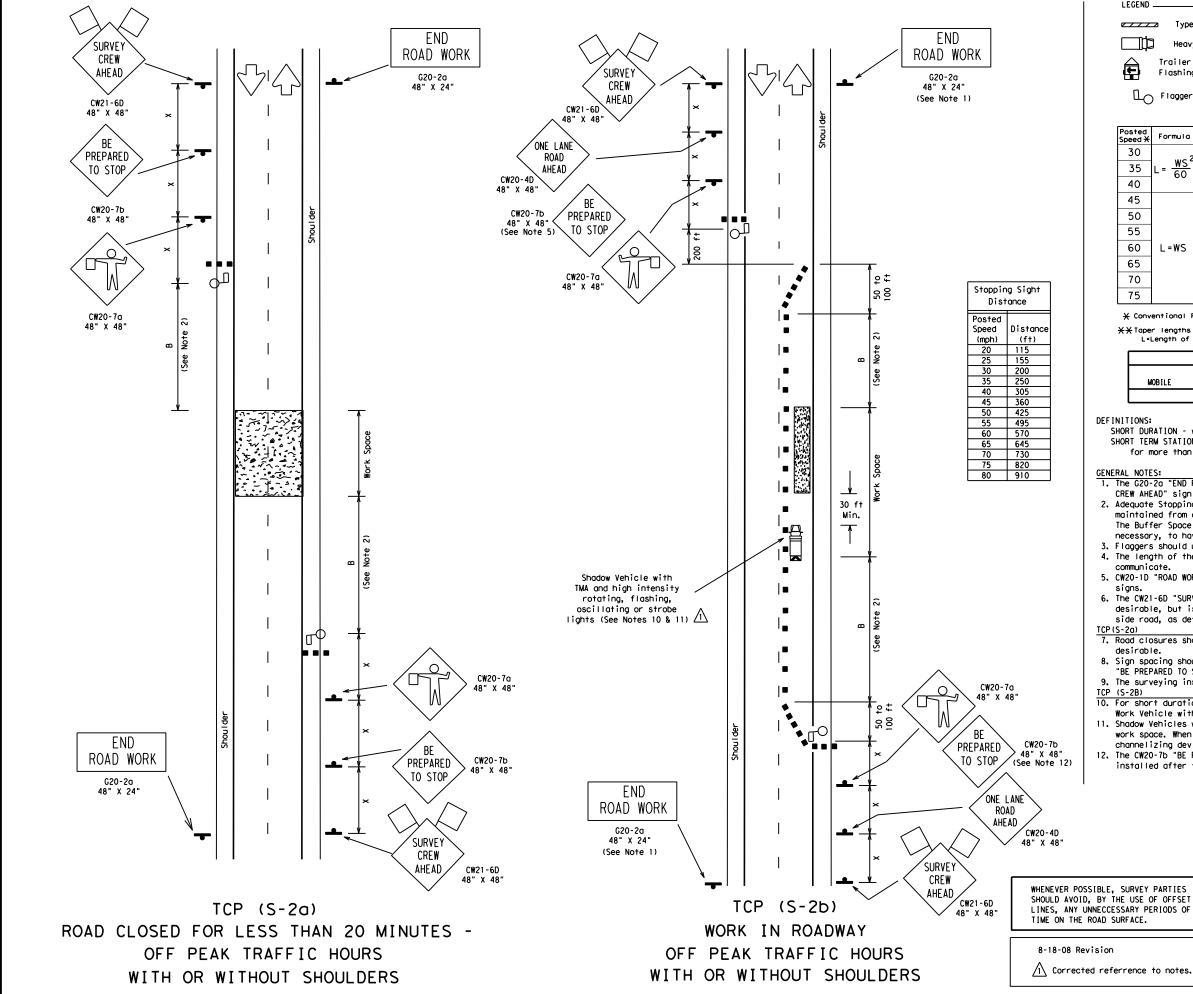


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO September 1987 JOB C) TxDOT 0011 04 029, ETC 8-95 7-13 1-97 7-14 ABL SHACKELFORD, ETC. 34





LEGEND □Flag ■ Channelizing Devices $\overline{}$ Type III Barricade Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable
Message Sign (PCMS) Portable Changeable Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel Sign Post Flagger

		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device		Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer	
Posted Speed X	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′-75′	120′	90′
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40	00	265′	295′	320′	401	80′-100′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′-125′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110'-140'	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'-150'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′ -165′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′-175′	8001	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′-185′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

X*Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Toper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:						
	SHORT	SHORT TERM	INTERMEDIATE	LONG TERM		
MOBILE	DURATION	STATIONARY	TERM STATIONARY	STATIONARY		
	1	✓				

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Adequate Stopping Sight Distance (see Stopping Sight Distance table) should be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger or a queue of stopped vehicles. The Buffer Space "B" should be extended around curves or other obstacles, when necessary, to have adequate Stopping Sight Distance to the flagger station.
- 3. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other means of communication while flagging.
- 4. The length of the work space should be based on the ability of the flaggers to
- 5. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD"
- 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.

- 7. Road closures shall be less than 20 minutes. Closures less than 5 minutes are
- 8. Sign spacing should be increased if traffic repeatedly queues past the CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign.
- 9. The surveying instrument should not be located on the paved surface.
- 10. For short duration work the Shadow Vehicle with a TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 11. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other
- channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle.

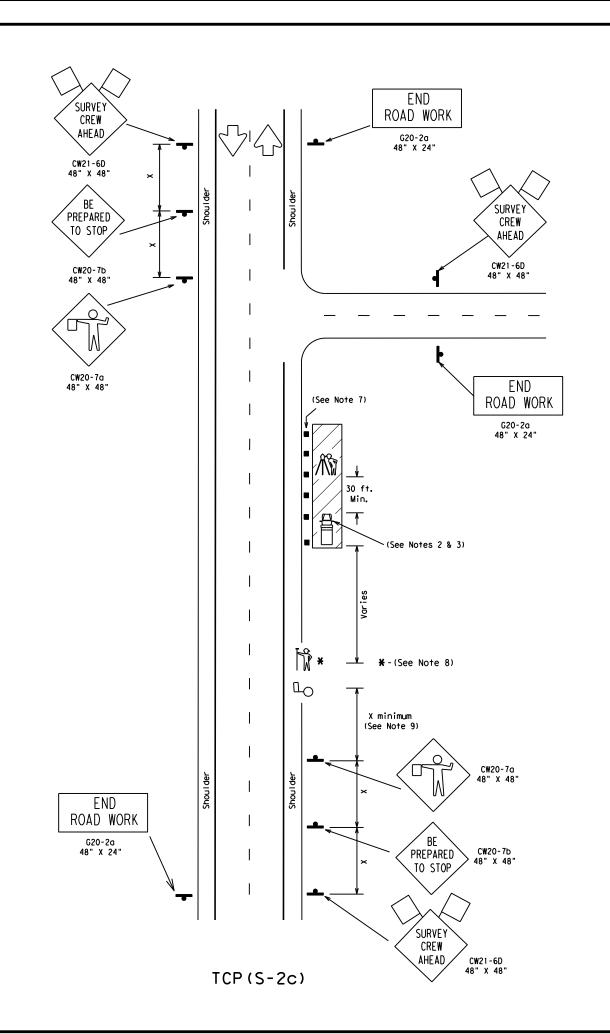
 12. The CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign is optional. When used, it should be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2)-08A

	008 DN: 1	TOOX	CK: TXDO	T DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS 08	CON	T SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
U8	001	11 04	029, E	TC	SH	1 351
	DIS	Т	COUNTY SHEE			SHEET NO.
	AB	ABL SHACKELFORD, ETC.				36



Stopping Sight						
Dist	ance					
Posted						
Speed	Distance					
(mph)	(ft)					
20	115					
25	155					
30	200					
35	250					
40	305					
45	360					
50	425					
55	495					
60	570					
65	645					
70	730					
75	820					
80	910					

Flag Type III Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Work Vehicle Survey Rodman Instrument Person ☐_{○ Flagger} Sion Post Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device 10' 11' 12' On a On a On the Confront Offset O Min. Sign Spacing Space "B" Distance 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60' -75' 120' 90' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 160' 120' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 320' 195′ 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125' 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500' 295′ 60 L=WS | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' - 150' 600' 350' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165 410' 7001 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' 8001 475' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900' 540'

X-X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L*Length of Taper (FT.) W*Width of Offset (FT.) S*Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	1	1			

LEGEND .

 $\label{eq:mobile} \mbox{MOBILE - work that moves continously or intermittently}$

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows.
- 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure.
- 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.



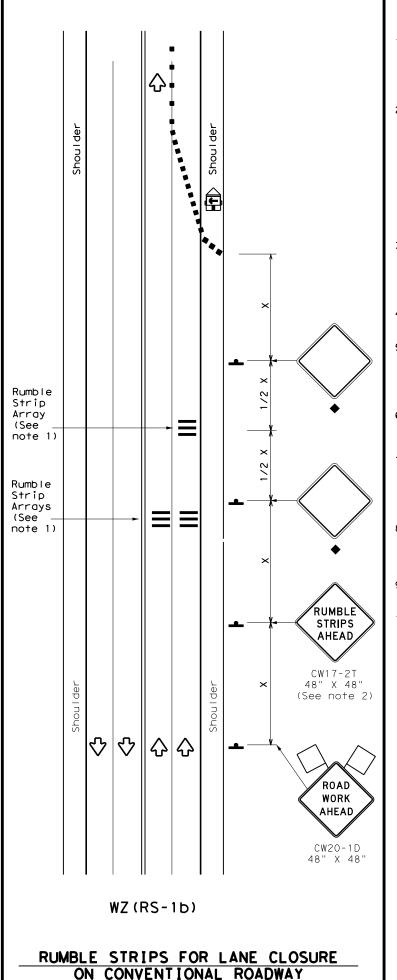
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2c)-10

TxDOT January 2010	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDO	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOE	3	HIC	CHWAY
	0011	04	029,	29, ETC SH		351
	DIST	T COUNTY SHEET!			SHEET NO.	
	ABL SHACKEL			RD.	ETC.	37

© :

TWO-WAY APPLICATION



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	Ą	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag		Flagger					

Speed	Formula	**		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #13	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
<u><</u> 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+					

Texas Department of Transportation

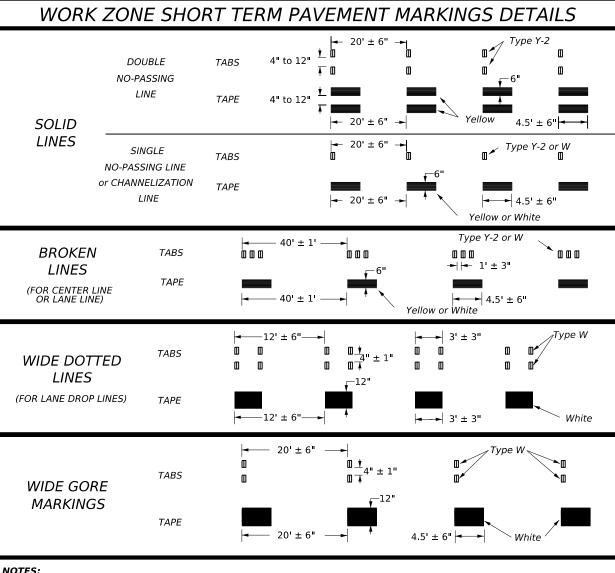
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

FILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0011	04	029, E	TC	SH	351
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	ABL	SHAC	KELFOR	D,	ETC.	38





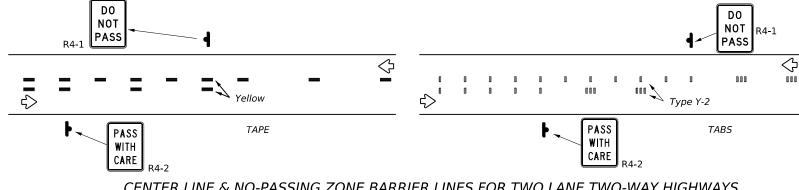
NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then bé placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

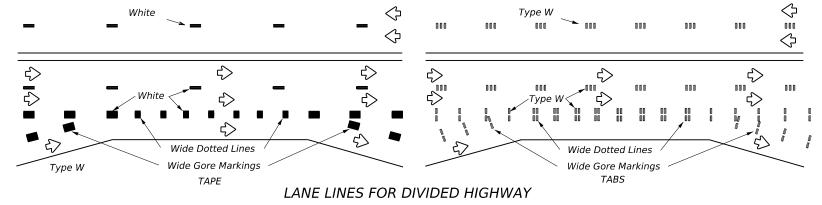
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

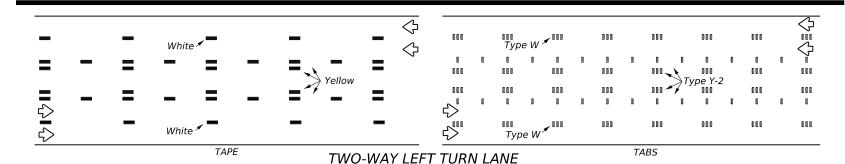


CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



000 Type W 💆 000 White Type W TAPE **TABS**

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

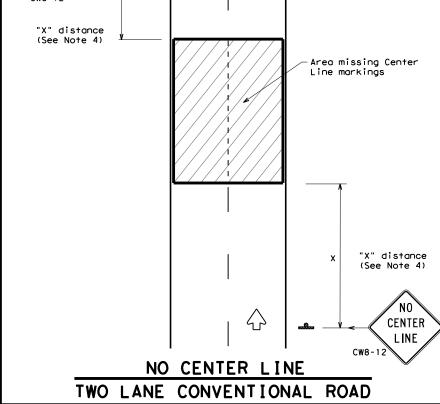
http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

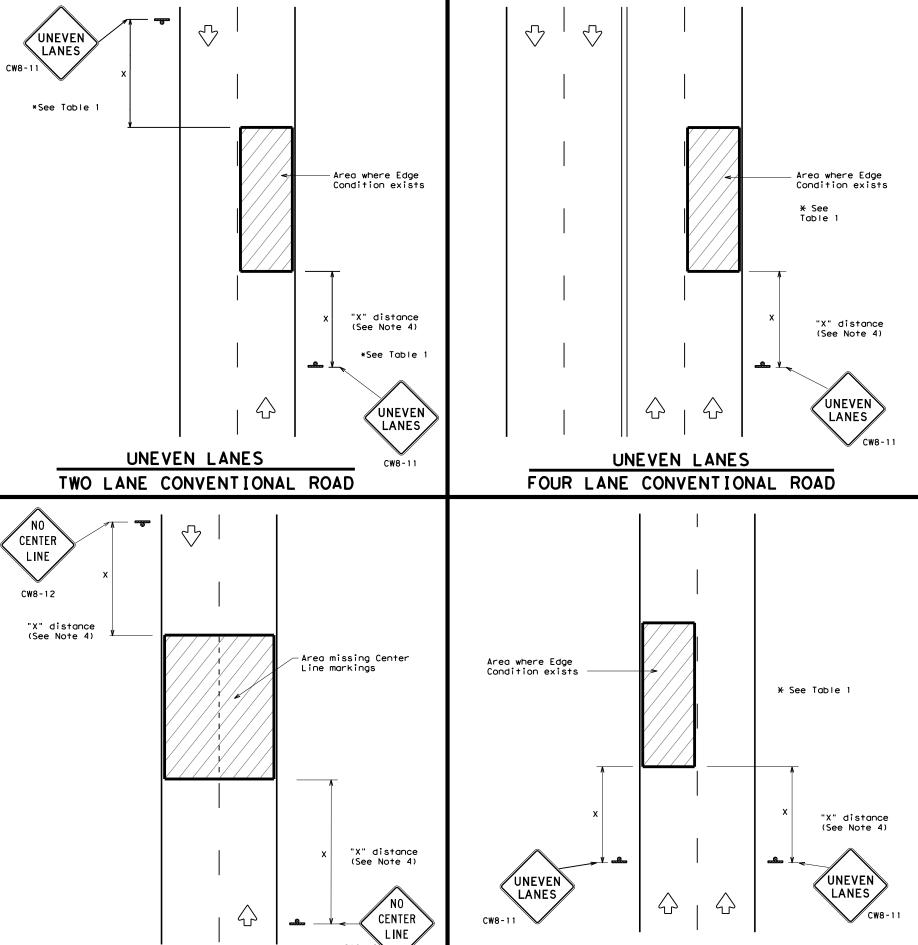
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	wz	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxE	ООТ	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	HWAY
		REVISIONS	0011	04	029, ET	С	SH	351
4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-03			ABL	SHA	ACKELFOR	D, ETC.		39

No warranty of any for the conversion





UNEVEN LANES

DIVIDED ROADWAY

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices						
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11						
	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.							
② >3 1 D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11						
③ 0" to 3/4"								
12" D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".							
Notched Wedge Joint								

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	< 36"
Freeways/ex divided	kpressways, roadways	48" ×	48"

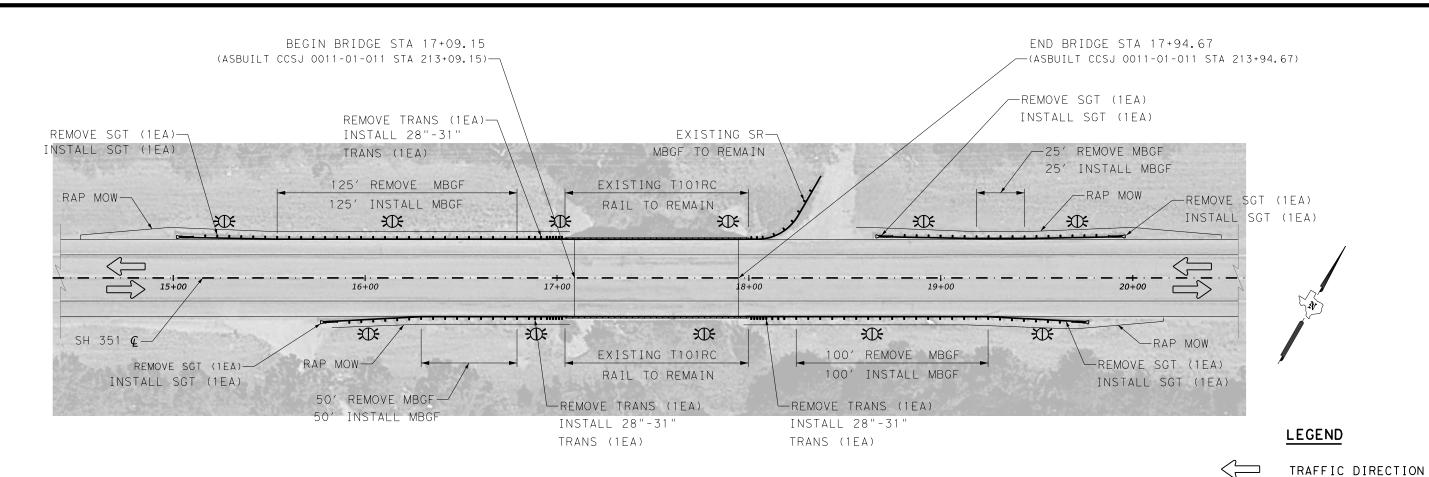
Texas Department of Transportation

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (UL) -13

	• • •			
FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TXDOT DW	: TxDOT CK: TxDOT
C TxD0T	TxDOT April 1992		T JOB	HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0011 04	029, ETC	SH 351
8-95 2-9		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
1-97 3-0	13	ABL SHA	CKELFORD,	ETC. 40



BUCK CREEK BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAILING LAYOUT

(NBI No: 08-221-0-0011-01-005)



DELINEATOR

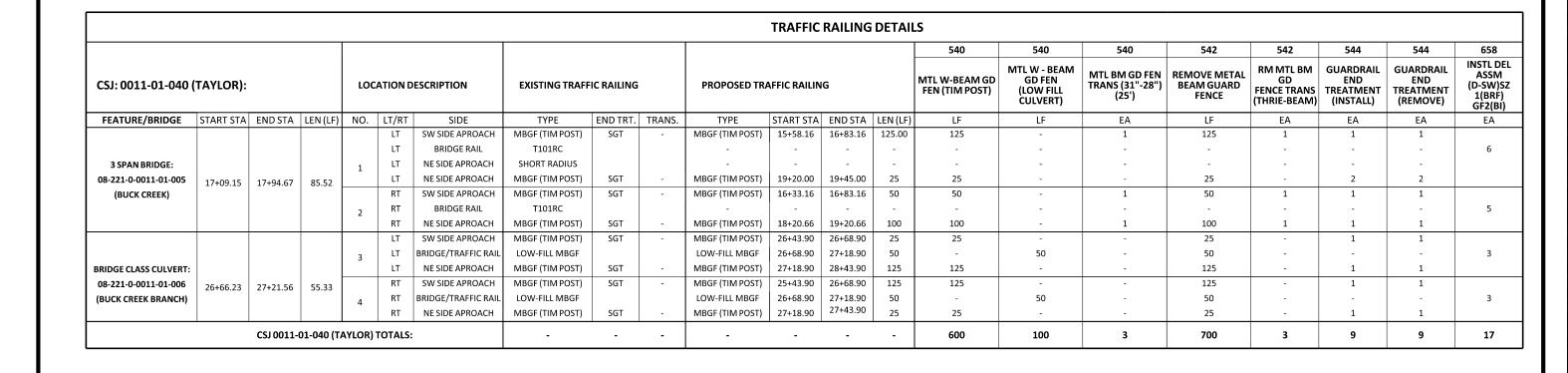
TRAFFIC RAILING DETAILS

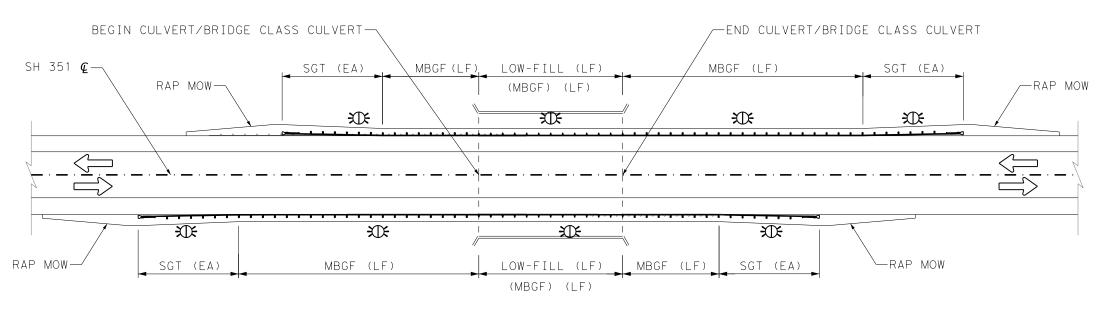


SCALE:	1"=50'		SH	HEET	1	OF	3		
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		нІ	GHW	AY NO			
6	SEE	TITLE SH	HEET		SH	351			
STATE		COUNT	Υ		SH	HEET N	10.		
TEXAS	SHA	SHACKELFORD, ETC.							
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		41			
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC					

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TYPICAL CULVERT/BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT TRAFFIC RAILING LAYOUT (N.T.S)
APPLICABLE CULVERT/BRIDGE CLASS CULVERTS:
BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT 08-221-0-0011-01-006 (TAYLOR): LOW-FILL MBGF BOTH SIDES
BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT 08-221-0-0011-04-059 (SHACKELFORD): LOW-FILL MBGF BOTH SIDES
BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT 08-221-0-0011-04-063 (SHACKELFORD): MBGF (TIM POST) BOTH SIDES
2~8'x8'x54' MULTI BOX CULVERT AT STA 463+62 (SHACKELFORD): LOW-FILL MBGF LT SIDE
MBGF (TIM POST) RT SIDE





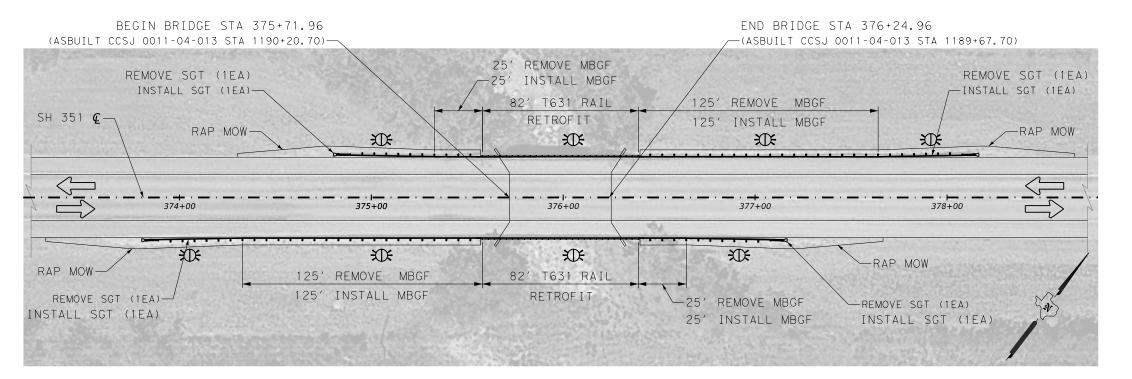


TRAFFIC RAILING DETAILS



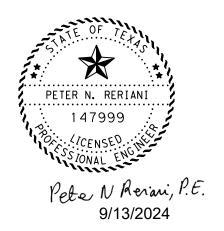
SCALE:	1"=50'		SH	HEET	2	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PF	GHW	AY NO.				
6	SEE	SH	351				
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	IEET N	10.
TEXAS	SHA	CKELFORI	D, ETC.				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		42	
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC			

		1									TRAFFIC	RAILING	DETAI	LS						
														540	540	542	542	544	544	658
CSJ: 0011-04-029 ((SHACKELI	FORD):			LOCAT	ION DESCRIPTION	EXISTING TRAFF	G TRAFFIC RAILING PROPOSED TRAFFIC RAILING		MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	REMOVE TERMINAL ANCHOR SECTION	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (REMOVE)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF) GF2(BI)				
FEATURE/BRIDGE	START STA	END STA	LEN (LF)	NO.	LT/RT	SIDE	TYPE	END TRT.	TRANS.	TYPE	START STA	END STA	LEN (LF)	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA
					LT	SW SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	375+42.21	375+67.21	25	25	-	25	1	1	-	i
				5	LT	BRIDGE RAIL	Т6	-	-	T631	375+67.21	376+29.71	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2 SPAN BRIDGE:					LT	NE SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	376+29.71	377+54.71	125	125	-	125	1	1	-	i İ
08-209-0-0011-04-011	375+71.96	376+24.96	53		RT	SW SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	374+42.21	375+67.21	125	125	-	125	1	1	-	i
(SPRING CREEK)				6	RT	BRIDGE RAIL	Т6	-	-	T631	375+67.21	376+29.71	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
					RT	NE SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	376+29.71	376+54.71	25	25	-	25	1	1	-	İ
					LT	SW SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	463+24.59	463+49.59	25	25	-	25	1	1	-	i
				7	LT	TRAFFIC RAIL	LOW-FILL MBGF	-	-	LOW-FILL MBGF	463+49.59	463+74.59	25	-	25	25	-	-	-	3
2~8'x8'x54' MBC:	463+53.09	463+71.09	18		LT	NE SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	463+74.59	464+99.59	125	125	-	125	1	1	-	İ
CULV AT STA 463+62.09				8	RT	TRAFFIC RAIL	MBGF (TIM POST)	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	462+24.59	463+99.59	175	175	-	175	2	2	-	3
					LT	SW SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	SGT	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	483+98.25	484+48.25	50	50	-	25	-	1	1	
				7	LT	BRIDGE/TRAFFIC RAIL	NON-STD MBGF	-	-	LOW-FILL MBGF	484+48.25	484+85.75	37.5	-	37.5	50	-	-	-	4
BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT:					LT	NE SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	SGT	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	484+85.75	486+10.75	125	125	-	125	-	1	1	İ
08-209-0-0011-04-059	484+50.67	484+83.34	33		RT	SW SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	SGT	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	483+23.25	484+48.25	125	125	-	125	-	1	1	i
(LISTERINE CREEK)				8	RT	BRIDGE/TRAFFIC RAIL	NON-STD MBGF	-	-	LOW-FILL MBGF	484+48.25	484+85.75	37.5	-	37.5	50	-	-	-	4
					RT	NE SIDE APROACH	MBGF (TIM POST)	SGT	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	484+85.75	485+35.75	50	50	-	25	-	1	1	
BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT:	608+76.40	609+09.07	33	9	LT	BRIDGE/TRAFFIC RAIL	NON-STD MBGF	TAS	_	MBGF (TIM POST)	608+42.74	610+17.74	175	175	-	175	2	2	-	3
08-209-0-0011-04-063 (DRAW)				10	RT	BRIDGE/TRAFFIC RAIL	NON-STD MBGF	TAS	-	MBGF (TIM POST)	607+67.74	609+42.74	175	175	-	175	2	2	-	3
	CSJ (011-04-029	(SHACKEI	LFORD)	TOTALS	:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,325	100	1,400	12	16	4	28





(NBI No: 08-209-0-0011-04-011)

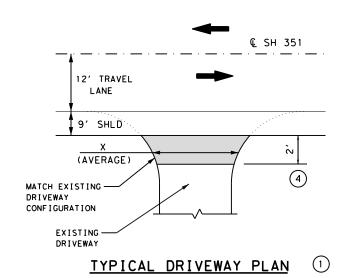


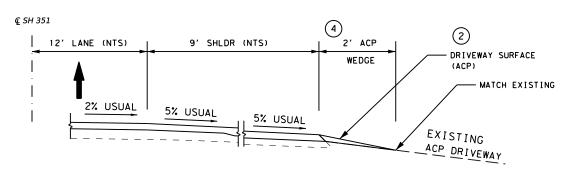
TRAFFIC RAILING DETAILS



SCALE:	1"=50'		SH	HEET	3	OF	3		
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHWA	AY NO			
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		SH	351			
STATE		COUNTY							
TEXAS	SHA	SHACKELFORD, ETC.							
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		43			
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC					

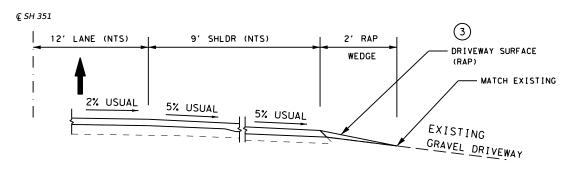






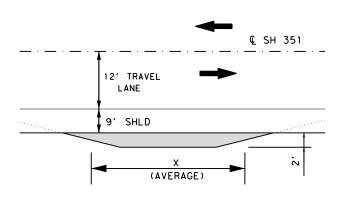
TYPICAL DRIVEWAY TYPE A (ACP)

FLEX BASE AND BACKFILL NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY

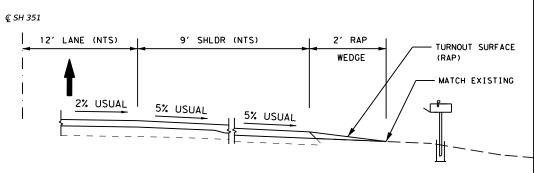


TYPICAL DRIVEWAY TYPE B (RAP)

FLEX BASE AND BACKFILL NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY



TYPICAL TURNOUT PLAN (5)



TYPICAL TURNOUT DETAIL (RAP)

NOTES:

- PROVIDE ACCESS TO ALL DRIVEWAYS AND INTERSECTIONS
 DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION
- 2) DRIVEWAY TYPE A WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 344-7021
- 3 DRIVEWAY TYPE B AND RAP TURNOUTS WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 134-7001
- (4) REFER TO DRIVEWAY TABLE FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
- (5) REFER TO MAILBOX TURNOUT STANDARDS FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN



Pete N Revari, P.E. 9/05/2024

DRIVEWAY DETAILS



SCALE:	NTS		s	HEET	1	OF	2
FHWA IVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		ΗI	GHW.	AY NO	
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		SH	351	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	HEET N	١٥.
TEXAS	SHA	CKELFOR	D, ETC	•			
ISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION		44			
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC			

		DDI) (5	MAY AND TURNO	IT DETAIL			344 DRIVEWAY	134 DRIVEWAY	134
		DKIVE	WAY AND TURNOL	JI DETAII	LS		TYPE A (ACP)	TYPE B (RAP)	(RAP)
ID	STATION	LT/RT	ТҮРЕ	GRAVEL/ ACP	X (LF)	Y (LF)	sy	sy	sy
20 LOCATIONS	VARIOUS	ВОТН	TURNOUTS (20 NO.)	GRAVEL	24 (AV)	2	_	_	107 (
D# 01	1+35.0	RT	COMMERCIAL	ACP	75	2	17	-	-
D# 02	6+91.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	30	2	-	7	
D# 03	8+02.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	36	2	-	8	_
D# 04	13+49.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	32	2	8	-	_
D# 05	15+57.5	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	30	2	-	7	_
D# 06	18+45.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	35	2	_	8	
D# 07	23+24.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	55	2	_	13	_
D# 08	32+29.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	30	2		7	_
D# 09	34+03.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	20	2	5	_	
CR 521	37+40.5	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	80	2	18	_	
CR 521	38+00.0	RT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	80	2	18	-	
D# 10	53+70.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	30	2	7	_	
D# 10	54+70.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	30	2	7	-	
D# 11	57+84.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	45	2	10	-	
D# 12	67+64.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	35	2	8	-	<u>-</u>
D# 13	74+41.0	RT		GRAVEL	40	2	-	9	<u> </u>
			RESIDENTIAL						
D# 15	89+67.6	RT	RESIDENTIAL-NII	GRAVEL	30	2	- 10	7	-
CR 521	94+57.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	80	2	18	-	-
CR 521	97+54.5	RT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	80	2	18	-	-
D# 16	104+39.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	35	2	8	-	-
D# 17	104+43.5	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	70	2	-	16	-
D# 18	108+41.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	25	2	-	6	-
D# 19	110+58.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	25	2	-	6	-
D# 20	110+58.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	30	2	-	7	
D# 21	150+40.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL-NII	GRAVEL	30	2	-	7	-
D# 22	151+45.5	LT	RESIDENTIAL-NII	GRAVEL	30	2	-	7	-
D# 23	143+93.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	80	2	-	18	-
CR 520	150+47.0	RT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	110	2	25	-	-
CR 504	150+47.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	110	2	25	-	-
D# 24	152+63.5	LT	FIRE STATION	GRAVEL	90	2	-	20	-
D# 25	154+00.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	30	2	-	7	-
D# 26	154+75.0	LT	FIRE STATION	GRAVEL	90	2	-	20	-
			CSJ 0011-01-040 (7	AYLOR) T	OTALS:		192	180	107
4 LOCATIONS	VARIOUS	вотн	TURNOUTS (4 NO.)	GRAVEL	24 (AV)	2	_	-	22 (
	155+11.5								
D# 27	L TOOTIL.O	∣ RT ∣	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL		2	-	4	-
D# 27 D# 28		RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL	15 15	2	-	4	-
D# 28	155+57.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	15 15	2			-
D# 28 D# 29	155+57.0 156+94.0	RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL	15 15 20	2		4 5	
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5	RT RT LT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL GRAVEL	15 15 20 25	2 2 2	-	4	-
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5	RT RT LT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP	15 15 20 25 25	2 2 2 2	- - 6	4 5 6	-
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5	RT RT LT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40	2 2 2 2 2	-	4 5 6 -	-
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0	RT RT LT RT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL	15 15 20 25 25 40 25	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9	4 5 6 - - 6	- - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0	RT RT LT RT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9	4 5 6 -	-
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5	RT RT LT RT RT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9	4 5 6 - - 6	- - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0	RT RT LT RT RT RT RT RT RT LT RT RT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30 25	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9 7 6	4 5 6 - - 6 -	- - - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5	RT RT LT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 25 70	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9	4 5 6 - - 6 -	- - - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0	RT RT LT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 25 70	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9 7 6 16	4 5 6 - - 6 - -	- - - - - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0	RT RT LT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 25 70	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9 7 6 16	4 5 6 - - 6 - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36 CR 309	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0	RT RT LT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD CSJ 0011-02-019 (C	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30 25 70	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9 7 6 16 53	4 5 6 - - 6 - - - - 25	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36 CR 309	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0 182+75.0 VARIOUS 192+95.0	RT RT RT RT RT RT LT LT RT RT RT RT RT LT LT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD CSJ 0011-02-019 (C	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30 25 70 1) TOTALS:	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- 6 9 - 9 7 6 16 53	4 5 6 - 6 - - - 25	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36 CR 309	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0 182+75.0 VARIOUS 192+95.0 194+00.0	RT RT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT LT LT LT LT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD CSJ 0011-02-019 (C TURNOUTS (3 NO.) RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30 25 70 1) TOTALS:	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9 7 6 16 53	4 5 6 - 6 - - - 25	- - - - - - - - - - 22
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36 CR 309 3 LOCATIONS D# 37 D# 38 CR 302	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0 182+75.0 VARIOUS 192+95.0 194+00.0	RT RT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT LT LT RT RT RT RT LT LT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD CSJ 0011-02-019 (C TURNOUTS (3 NO.) RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30 25 70 1) TOTALS:	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9 7 6 16 53	4 5 6 - 6 - - - 25	- - - - - - - - 22
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36 CR 309 3 LOCATIONS D# 37 D# 38 CR 302 D# 39	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0 182+75.0 VARIOUS 192+95.0 194+00.0 197+22.0 203+09.0	RT RT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT LT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD CSJ 0011-02-019 (C TURNOUTS (3 NO.) RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30 25 70 1) TOTALS:	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - 6 9 - 9 7 6 16 53	4 5 6 - 6 - - - 25 - 12 7 -	- - - - - - - - 22
D# 28 D# 29 D# 30 D# 31 D# 32 D# 33 D# 34 D# 35 D# 36 CR 309 3 LOCATIONS D# 37 D# 38 CR 302	155+57.0 156+94.0 156+96.5 163+57.5 165+06.5 164+90.0 165+62.0 166+13.5 172+75.0 182+75.0 VARIOUS 192+95.0 194+00.0	RT RT RT RT RT RT LT LT LT LT LT LT RT RT RT RT LT LT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT RT	RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL COUNTY ROAD CSJ 0011-02-019 (C TURNOUTS (3 NO.) RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL GRAVEL ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP ACP	15 15 20 25 25 40 25 40 30 25 70 1) TOTALS:	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- 6 9 - 9 7 6 16 53 - - - 20	4 5 6 - 6 - - - 25	- - - - - - - 22

							344	134	134
		DRIVE	WAY AND TURNO	JT DETAII	.S		DRIVEWAY TYPE A (ACP)	DRIVEWAY TYPE B (RAP)	TURNOUTS (RAP)
ID	STATION	LT/RT	ТҮРЕ	GRAVEL/ ACP	X (LF)	Y (LF)	SY	SY	SY
12 LOCATIONS	VARIOUS	BOTH	TURNOUTS (12 NO.)	GRAVEL	24 (AV)	2	-	-	64 (
D# 42	224+25.5	LT	PRIVATE ROAD	GRAVEL	95	2	-	22	-
D# 43	237+46.5	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	60	2	-	14	-
D# 44	239+13.5	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	25	2	-	6	-
CR 243	243+06.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	85	2	19	-	-
D# 45	245+84.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	30	2	7	-	-
D# 46	246+70.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	25	2	-	6	-
D# 47	252+38.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	40	2	-	9	-
CR 243	255+21.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	60	2	14	-	-
D# 48	258+72.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	30	2	-	7	-
D# 49	261+54.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	45	2	-	10	-
D# 50	272+20.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	50	2	-	12	-
D# 51	273+40.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	25	2	-	6	-
CR 152	275+52.5	RT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	70	2	16	-	-
CR 152	277+02.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	70	2	16	-	-
CR 151	284+70.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	85	2	19	-	-
CR 155	337+82.0	RT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	65	2	15	-	-
CR 155	339+21.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	85	2	19	-	-
D# 52	345+09.5	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	25	2	-	6	-
D# 53	351+70.5	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	40	2	-	9	-
D# 54	362+27.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	45	2	10	-	-
D# 55	369+23.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	40	2	-	9	-
D# 56	371+30.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	55	2	-	13	-
CR 156	401+61.0	LT	COUNTY ROAD	ACP	60	2	14	-	-
D# 57	466+75.0	RT	PRIVATE ROAD	GRAVEL	210	2	-	47	-
D# 58	467+75.0	LT	PRIVATE ROAD	GRAVEL	210	2	-	47	-
D# 59	511+64.0	LT	RESIDENTIAL	ACP	50	2	12	-	-
D# 60	539+28.0	RT	PRIVATE ROAD	GRAVEL	275	2	-	62	-
D# 61	592+82.5	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	35	2	-	8	-
D# 62	593+28.0	RT	RESIDENTIAL	GRAVEL	35	2	-	8	-
			CSJ 0011-04-029 (S	HACKELF	ORD) TOT	ALS:	161	301	64
				PROJECT	TOTALS:	_	433	540	209

NOTES:

- PROVIDE ACCESS TO ALL DRIVEWAYS AND INTERSECTIONS DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION
- 2 DRIVEWAY TYPE A WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 344-7021
- 3 DRIVEWAY TYPE B AND RAP TURNOUTS WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 134-7001
- QUANTITY INCLUDES OVERALL TURNOUT AREAS FOR MULTIPLE LOCATIONS AS LISTED



DRIVEWAY DETAILS

© 2024 R
Texas Department of Transportation

SCALE:	NTS		SH	HEET	2	OF	2		
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		нІ	GHW,	АУ ИО			
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		SH	351			
STATE			SH	EET N	١٥.				
TEXAS	SHA	SHACKELFORD, ETC.							
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		45			
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC					

LEGEND



TRAFFIC DIRECTION



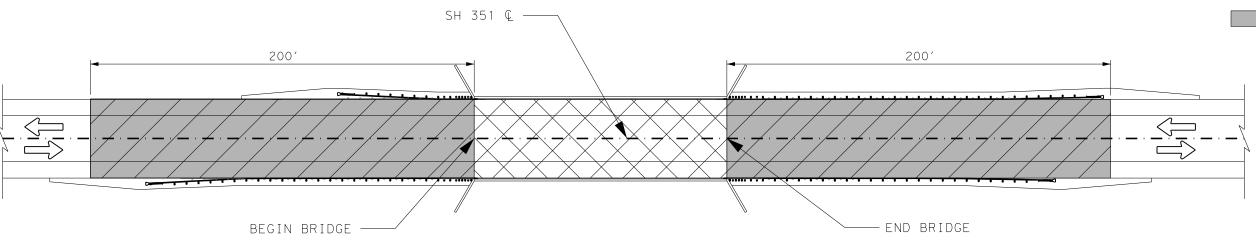
PLANE ASPH CONC PAV



PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0" TO 2")



FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (4")



TYPICAL BRIDGE MILL & FILL PLAN (N.T.S)

APPLICABLE ON STRUCTURES: 08-221-0-0011-01-005 (BUCK CREEK) 08-221-0-0011-02-007 (DEADMAN CREEK) 08-221-0-0011-04-011 (SPRING CREEK)



Pete N Revari, P.E. 9/11/2024

MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS



SCALE:	NTS		SH	HEET	1	OF	2
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHW	AY NC).
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		SH	351	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	IEET	NO.
TEXAS	SHA	CKELFORI	D, ETC.				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		46	
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC			







TRAFFIC DIRECTION



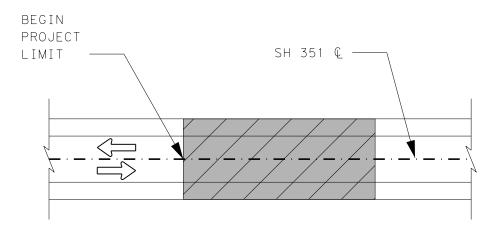
PLANE ASPH CONC PAV



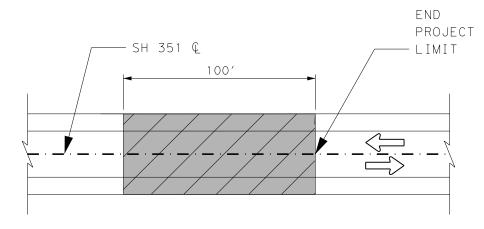
PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0" TO 2")



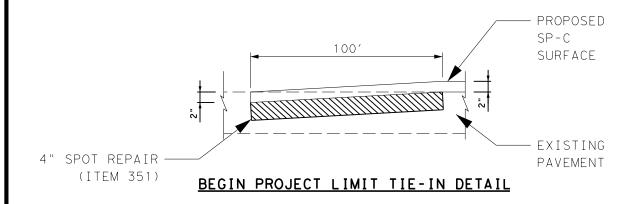
FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (4")



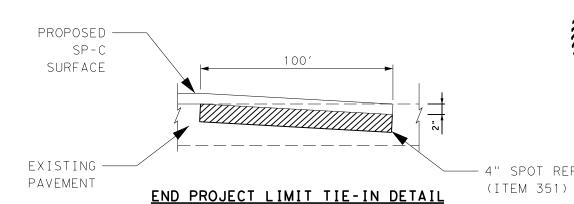
BEGIN PROJECT LIMIT TIE-IN PLAN



END PROJECT LIMIT TIE-IN PLAN



FULL WIDTH OF ROAD AT TRANSITIONS LIMIT TO 100' AWAY, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER



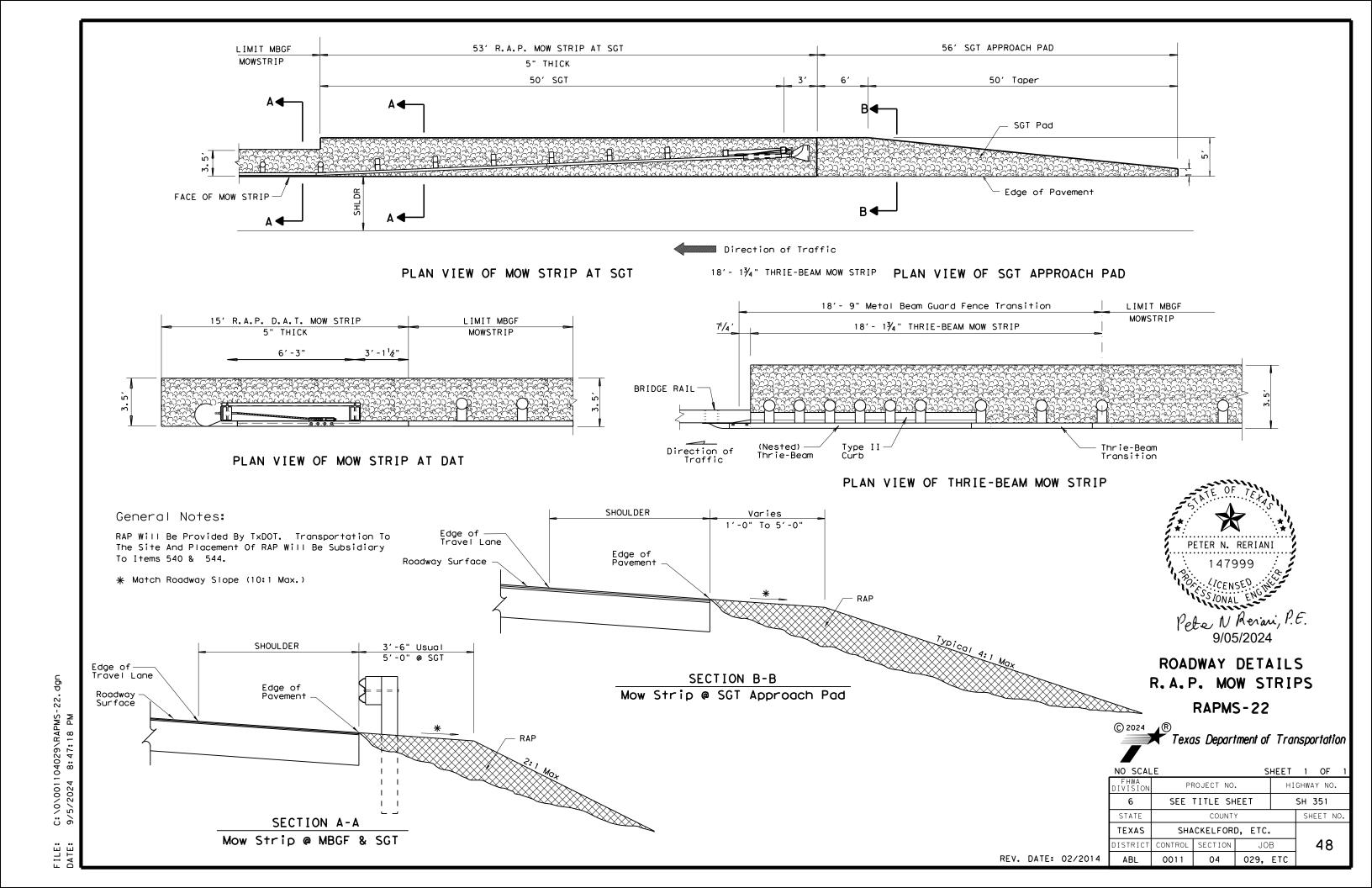
FULL WIDTH OF ROAD AT TRANSITIONS LIMIT TO 100' AWAY, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER



MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS



SCALE:	1"=50'		SH	HEET	2	OF	2	
FHWA DIVISION	PF	PROJECT NO. H						
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET		SH	351		
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	IEET N	١٥.	
TEXAS	SHA	CKELFORI	D, ETC.					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		47		
ABL	0011	04	029,	ETC				



OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING

EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) - 19

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A CONT SECT JOB 0011 04 029, ETC SH 351 ABL SHACKELFORD, ETC. 49

MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICE DETAIL REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC Ф

% " X 1 ¼" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

FBB02 = 2"

FBB03 = 10"

FBBO4 = 18'

POST & BLOCK LENGTH

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1 1/2" C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) AND THE

3. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 3/4" WASHER (FWC160) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.

4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING. FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.

5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.

6. THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.

7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED

8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. GUARD FENCE PLACED IN THE VICINITY OF CURBS SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE FACE OF CURB IS LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW OR BEHIND THE FACE OF THE RAIL. RAIL PLACED OVER CURBS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE POST BOLT IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 25 INCHES ABOVE THE GUTTER PAN OR EDGE OF SHOULDER.

9. APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 0 TO 18" OF THE FINISHED GRADE, DRILL A 24" DIA. HOLE, 24" INTO THE ROCK. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED BELOW 18", DRILL A 12" DIA. HOLE, 12" INTO THE ROCK OR TO THE STANDARD EMBEDMENT DEPTH, WHICHEVER MAYBE LESS. ANY EXCESS POST LENGTH, AFTER MEETING THESE DEPTHS, MAY BE FIELD CUT TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL MOUNTING HEIGHT. BACKFILL WITH COARSE AGGREGATE MATERIAL.

11. SPECIAL FABRICATION WILL BE REQUIRED AT INSTALLATION LOCATIONS HAVING A CURVATURE OF LESS

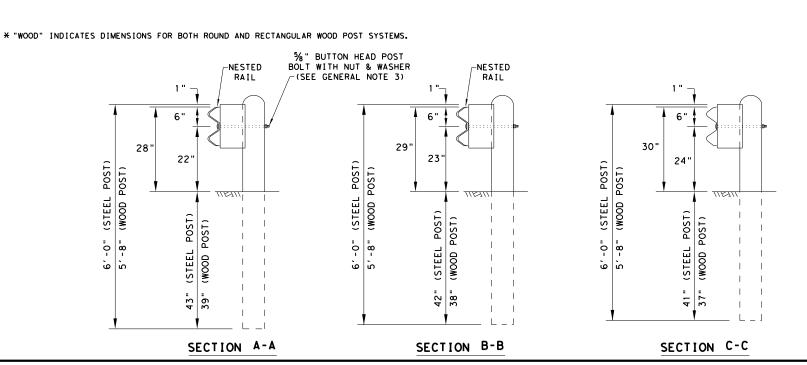
12. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210 ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.

13. FOR THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION, POSTS LOCATED PARTIALLY OR WHOLLY BETWEEN PRECAST BOX CULVERT UNITS, THE USE OF A CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE BETWEEN BOXES IS REQUIRED. THE LENGTH OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE SHALL ACCOMMODATE THE PLACEMENT OF THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION.

14. GUARDRAIL HEIGHT MEASUREMENT: WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED ABOVE PAVEMENT, MEASURE THE HEIGHT S FROM THE PAVEMENT TO THE TOP OF THE W-BEAM RAIL. WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED UP TO 2 FT. OFF OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR FOR A PAVEMENT OVERLAY, USE A 10-FOOT STRAIGHTEDGE TO EXTEND THE PAVEMENT/SHOULDER SLOPE TO THE BACK OF RAIL, MEASURE FROM THE BOTTOM OF STRAIGHTEDGE TO THE TOP OF RAIL. FOR GUARDRAIL LOCATED DOWN A 10:1 SLOPE, MEASURE FROM THE NOMINAL TERRAIN.

> NOTE: TRANSISTIONS TO BRIDGE RAILS OR TRAFFIC BARRIERS. SEE GF (31) TL3 TR STANDARD FOR HIGH-SPEED TL-3 TRANSITIONS. SEE GF (31) TL2 TR STANDARD FOR LOW-SPEED TL-2 TRANSITIONS.

ILE: gf3119.dgn TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019



(NESTED W-BEAM) (12GA.TYP)

25'- O" METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION TO TIO1 BRIDGE RAIL (EA).

4 SPACES AT 3' - 1 1/2"

SEE GF (31) STANDARD SHEET FOR POST DIMENSIONS.

12'- 6" METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (12 GA.) (NESTED)

(8) %" DIA. X 2" GUARDRAIL SPLICE BOLTS (FBB02) WITH %" GUARDRAIL NUTS (ASTM A563)

(SEE GENERAL NOTE 3)

PLAN VIEW

ELEVATION VIEW

NOTE: CONNECTS TO TIOI BRIDGE RAIL. (SEE BRIDGE RAIL SHEETS)

T101 BRIDGE RAIL

(SEE BRIDGE RAIL SHEETS FOR CONNECTION AND POST DETAILS).

BRIDGE RAIL

POST CONNECTION MAY

BE ON EITHER SIDE OF (T101) POST WEB 4 SPACES AT 1' - 6 3/4'

1 % " TO G OF SPLICE

(SINGLE) W-BEAM RAIL SHALL MATCH THE GAUGE OF THE ADJACENT RUN OF MBGF - (12GA.TYP)

6'-3"

D -

GENERAL NOTES

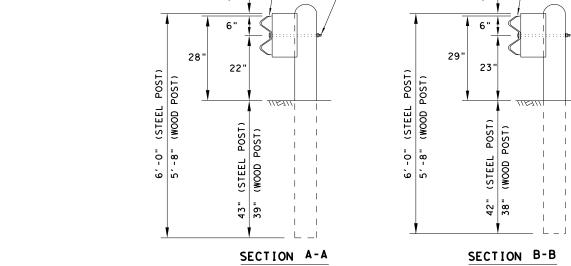
- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING."
- 2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'- 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- BUTTON HEAD "POST" BOLTS (ASTM A307 GR.A) SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT (ASTM A563) AND %" ROUND WASHER (ASTM F436) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. BUTTON HEAD "SPLICE" BOLTS (ASTM A307) ARE %" X 1- 1/4" WITH 5/8" NUTS (ASTM A563).
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION OF THE TRANSITION.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION. TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 9. REFER TO STANDARD GF(31) AND APPLICABLE BRIDGE RAILING STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE **TRANSITION** (T101)

GF (31) T101-19

FILE: gf31+10119	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KM	DW:	۷P	ck:CGL/AG
©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0011	04	029,	ETC	9	SH 351
	DIST		COUN	TY		SHEET NO.
	ABL	SHAC	KELFO	RD,	ETC	. 50



30 1/2 **(STEEL** 2 2

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

-END PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION.

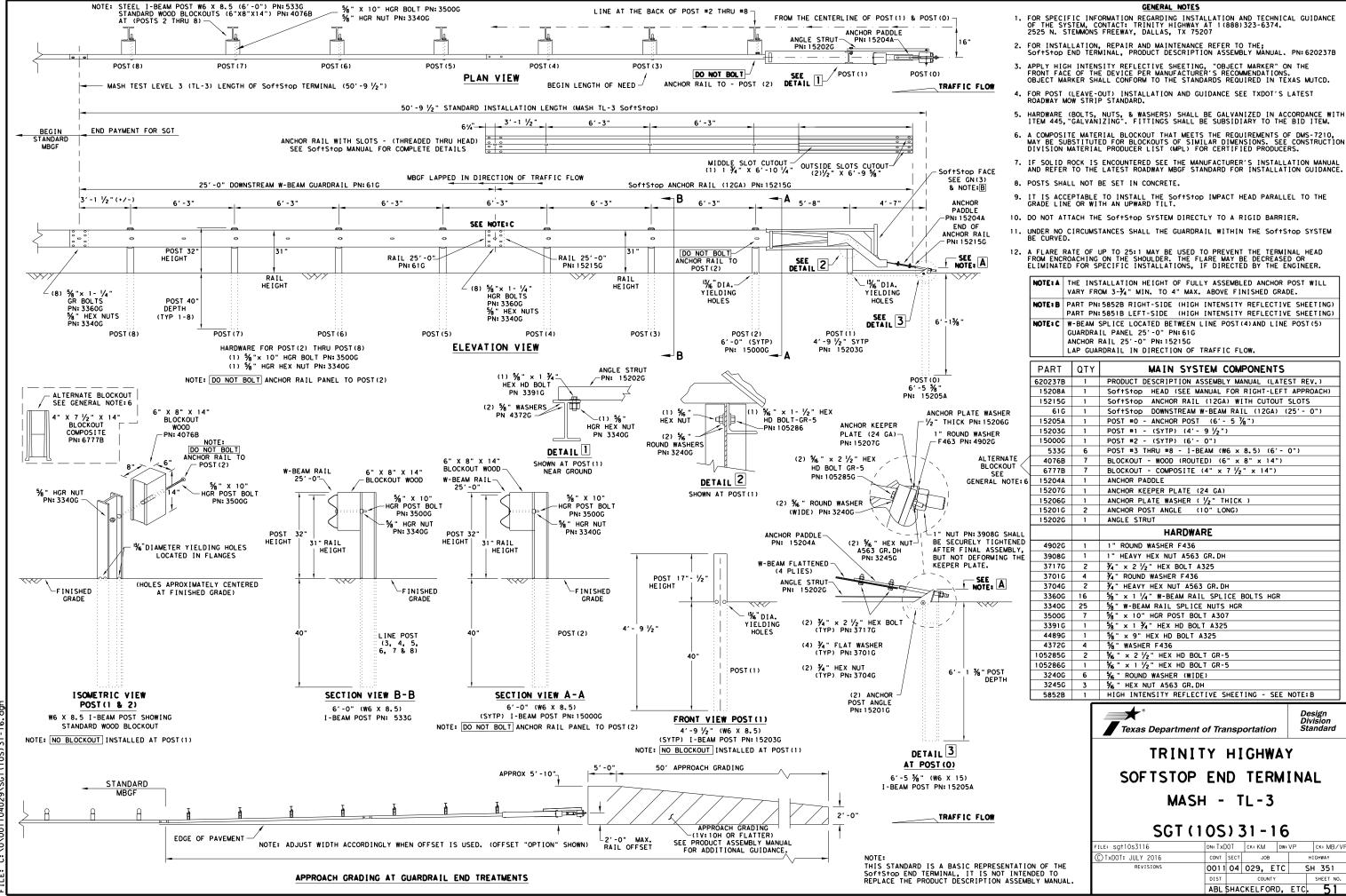
-BEGIN PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.

3'-1 1/2"

NOTE: SEE GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.

6'-3"

SECTION D-D



GENERAL NOTES

- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL VARY FROM 3-7/4" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
NOTE: B	PART PN:5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) PART PN:5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5) GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

LAIVI	ייאן	MAIN 3131EN COM ONEN 3
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS
61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25' - 0")
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 %")
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2")
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14")
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER (1/2 " THICK)
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT
		HARDWARE
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325
3701G	4	¾" ROUND WASHER F436
3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
3360G	16	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR
3340G	25	%" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR
3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325
4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325
4372G	4	%" WASHER F436
105285G	2	%6" × 2 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
105286G	1	%6" × 1 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B

SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL

E: sgt10s3116	DN: Tx[)OT	ck: KM	DW:	VP	ck: MB/VP
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0011	04	029, E	TC	SI	H 351
	DIST		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.
	ABL	SHAC	CKELFOR	RD.	ETC.	51

GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY				
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1				
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1				
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1				
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1				
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1				
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1				
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1				
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1				
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1				
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2				
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8				
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110					
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.					
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER					
15	BSI-2001886	%" X 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1				
16	BSI-2001885	¾" x 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4				
17	4001115	%" X 1 ¼" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR.2)MGAL	48				
18	2001840	% " X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8				
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2				
20	4001116	% " RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59				
21	BSI-2001888	% " X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1				
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1				
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7				
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1				
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1				
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8				
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2				
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1				

Texas Department of Transportation

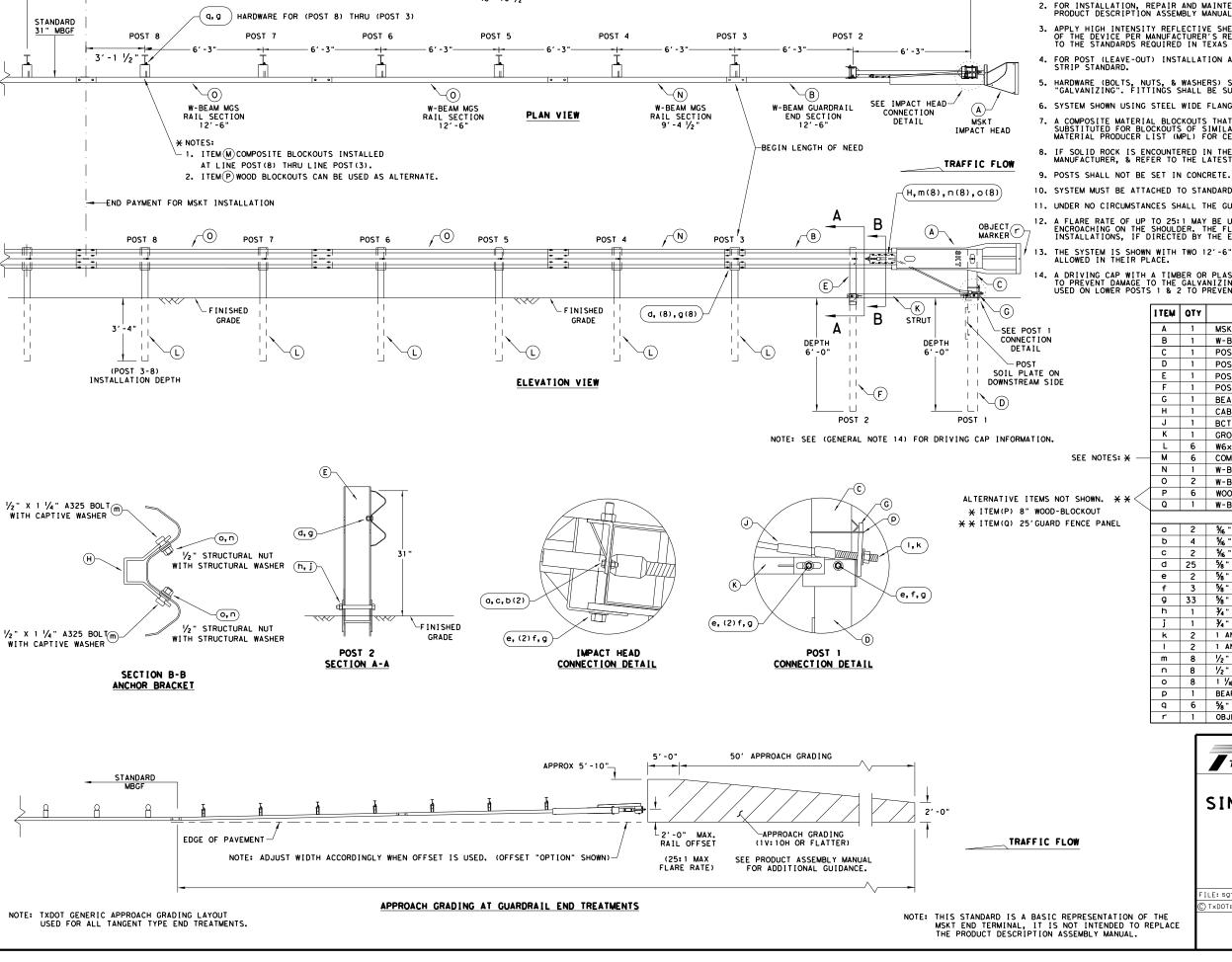
Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT(11S)31-18

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50'-0'

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
 - A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

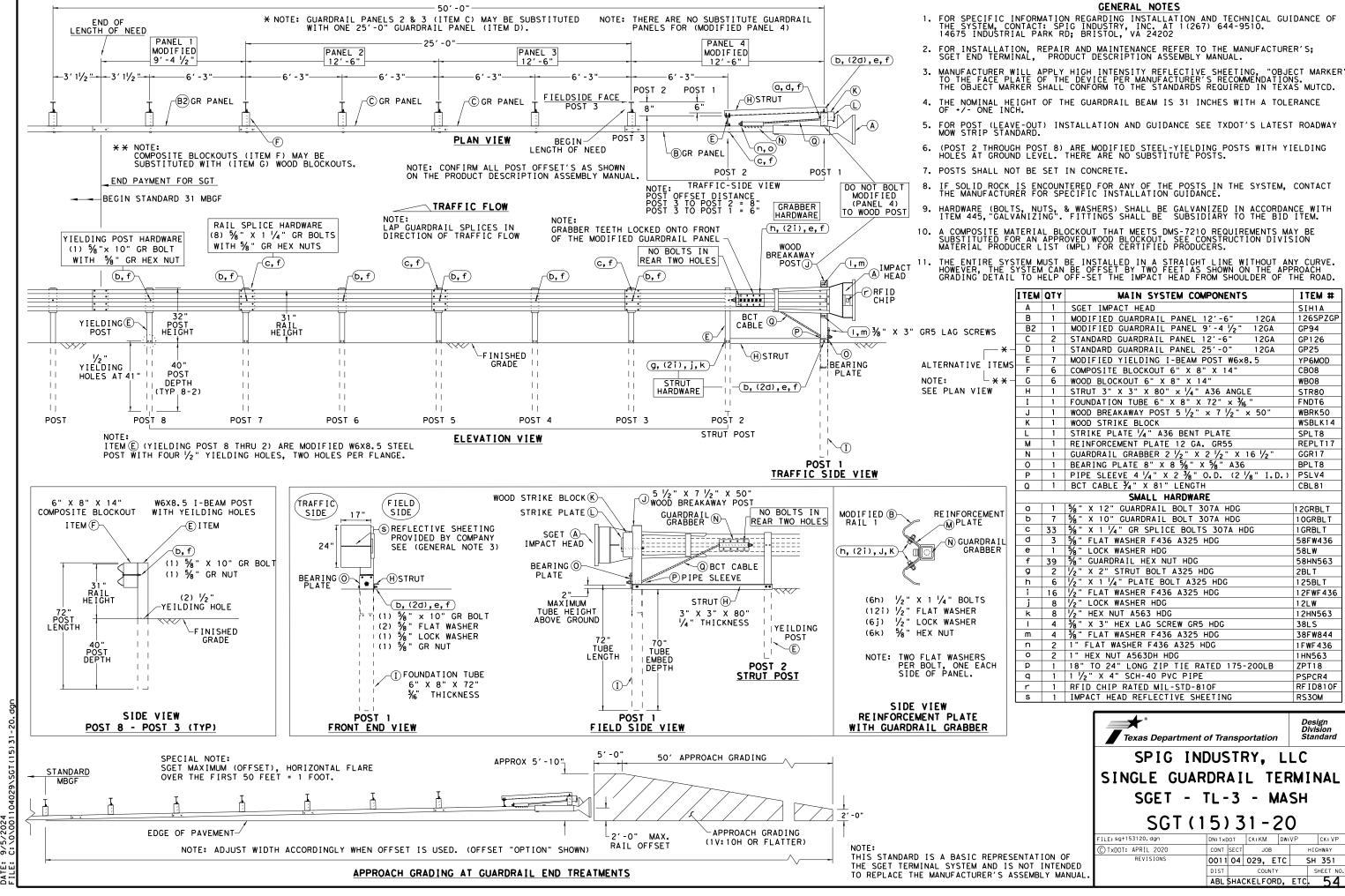
ITEM	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS	I TEM NUMBERS
Α	1	MSKT IMPACT HEAD	MS3000
В	1	W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga.	SF 1 3 0 3
С	1	POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE)	MTPHP1A
D	1	POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15)	MTPHP1B
Е	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A
F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B
G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750
Н	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760
J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770
K	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785
L	6	W6×9 OR W6×8.5 STEEL POST	P621
М	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14
N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025
0	2	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6")	G1203A
Р	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	P675
Q	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209
		SMALL HARDWARE	
a	2	%6" × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)	B5160104A
b	4	% " WASHER	W0516
С	2	% " HEX NUT	N0516
d	25	%" Dia. × 1 ¼" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122
е	2	%" Dia. x 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A
f	3	% " WASHER	W050
g	33	%" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050
h	1	¾4" Dia. × 8 ½" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A
j	1	¾" Dia. HEX NUT	N030
k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100
ı	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100
m	8	1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A
n	8	1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	NO12A
0	8	1 1/6 " O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	W012A
р	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST
q	6	%" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002
r	1	OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18"	E3151

Texas Department of Transportation

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

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ITEM #

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GP94

GP126

GP25

CB08

WBO8

STR80

FNDT6

WBRK50

WSBLK14

REPLT17

SPLT8

GGR17

BPLT8

CBL81

12GRBLT

1 OGRBL T

1 GRBL T

58FW436

58HN563

125BLT

12FWF436

12HN563

38FW844

1FWF436

1HN563

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58LW

2BLT

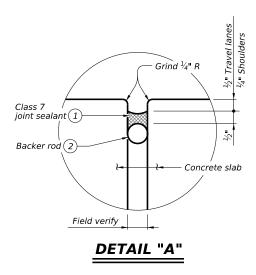
12LW

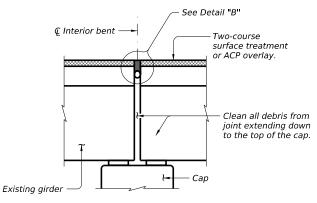
38LS

YP6MOD

JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL

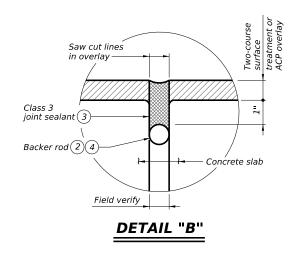
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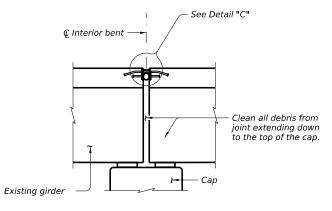




JOINT W/ HOT-POURED RUBBER SEAL

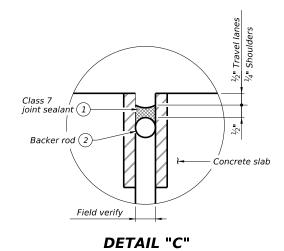
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ARMOR JOINT

(Used without ACP overlay)



(Stud anchors not shown for clarity.)

PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINT WITH HOT-POURED RUBBER SEAL:

- 1) Saw cut through the asphalt at the centerline of joint. Make multiple saw cuts to create a ½" minimum joint opening or match the existing joint opening. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, bituminous materials, dirt, grease and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 4) Seal the joint opening with a Class 3 joint sealant. Seal flush to the top of the asphaltic concrete payement.

PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING ARMOR JOINTS:

- Remove existing seal, if present. Clean joint opening of all dirt and other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Abrasive blast clean existing steel surface where silicone seal is to be placed.
- 3) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 4) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 5) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal ½" below top of concrete in travel lanes and ¼" below top of concrete in shoulders.

- (1) Use Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers." Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- (2) Provide backer rod 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (3) Use Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers". Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 4 Backer rod must be compatible with the hot poured rubber sealant and rated for a minimum of 400°F.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting asphalt overlay, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints" and measured by the linear foot. Obtain approval for all tools, equipment, materials and

techniques proposed to clean and seal the joint. Provide Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in asphalt overlay. Provide Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310,

"Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in concrete. Extend sealant up into rail or curb 3 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 joint sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 joint sealant compatible with the Class 7 joint sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with Manufacturer's specifications.



SHEET 1 OF 3



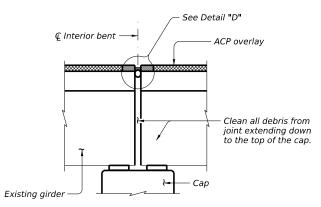
CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS

Bridge Division

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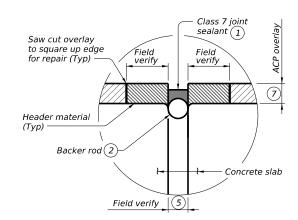
PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL:

- 1) Clean joint opening of all existing expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 4) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal ½" below top of concrete in travel lanes and ¼" below top of concrete in shoulders.



HEADER JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL

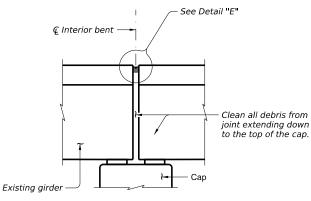
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PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND **SEALING HEADER JOINT WITH SILICONE** SEAL AND HEADER JOINT REPAIR 6

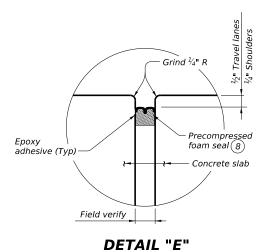
DETAIL "D"

- 1) Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 2) Saw cut and remove damaged portions of existing header material to neat lines. Repair deck joint spalls greater than 2" deep in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement." Shallower spalls may be filled with header material.
- 3) Clean the voided region of all materials that could inhibit the bond between header material and concrete or steel.
- 4) Form the joint opening to the required width and place header material to fill voided region. Repair header material in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement."
- 5) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of header material. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 6) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal $\frac{1}{2}$ " below top of header in travel lanes and $\frac{1}{4}$ " below top of header in shoulders.



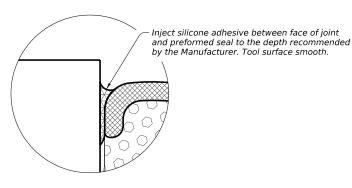
JOINT WITH PRECOMPRESSED FOAM AND SILICONE SEAL

(Used without ACP overlay)



PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND **SEALING JOINT WITH PRECOMPRESSED** FOAM AND SILICONE SEAL

- 1) Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, pan girder spans, or box beam spans, fill void below proposed seal with extruded polystyrene foam.
- 2) Correctly size joint seal based on field measurement and in accordance with Manufacturer's specifications. Multiple seal widths may be required. Ensure proper seal is selected for each joint.
- 3) Abrasive blast clean existing joint surfaces where seal is to be applied.
- 4) Wipe down joint surfaces to remove contaminants.
- 5) Mask areas adjacent to joint opening sufficiently to keep epoxy off deck surface.
- 6) Apply epoxy to joint opening side surfaces.
- 7) While epoxy is still tacky, remove shrink wrap from seal and install in joint opening.
- 8) Recess top of joint seal $\frac{1}{2}$ " in travel lanes and $\frac{1}{4}$ " in shoulders.
- 9) Inject silicone adhesive along top interface of seal with joint side surface according to Manufacturer's recommendations. Tool to spread adhesive as necessary. See Silicone Injection detail.



SILICONE INJECTION

- (1) Use Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers." Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 2) Provide backer rod 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (5) Match existing joint opening or set at a minimum: a. 1" at 70°F when the distance between

 - joints is 150 ft or less b. 2" at 70°F when the distance between joints is greater than 150 ft. c. As directed by the Engineer.
- (6) Cleaning and sealing existing header joints does not necessitate replacement of existing header material. If replacement of header material is necessary, as determined by the Engineer, use header material in accordance with DMS-6140, "Polymer Concrete for Bridge Joint Systems." Match the thickness of the header material with the thickness of the overlay as shown in the plans, but do not exceed 3". Place header material flush with roadway surface. Do not cantilever header material over the joint opening. Repair of header material will be paid for in accordance with Item 785-6006, "Bridge Joint Repair (Header)."
- (7) Maximum thickness is 3".
- 8 See table of Approved Precompressed Foam Seal Manufacturers on Sheet 3 of 3.



SHEET 2 OF 3



Bridge Division

CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS

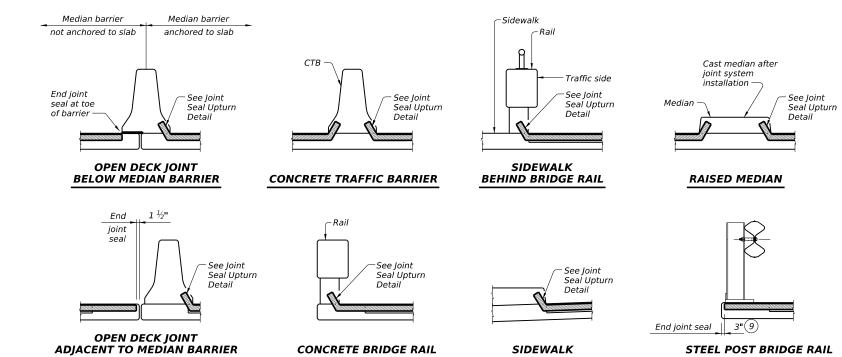
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APPROVED PRECOMPRESSED FOAM SEAL MANUFACTURERS

MANUFACTURER	SEAL TYPE
Watson Bowman Acme	Wabo FS
SSI	Silspec SES
Sealtite	Sealtite 50N
EMSEAL	BEJS
TuffTex	RepJoint PF-UV

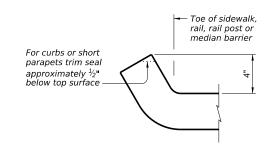
TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

STRUCTURE NUMBER (FEATURE CROSSED)	JOINT TYPE	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER OF JOINTS	QUANTIT (LF)
08-221-0-0011-01-005	JOINT W/ HOT-POURED RUBBER SEAL (CLASS 3)	0438-7004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL3)	4	168
08-030-0-0011-02-007	JOINT W/ HOT-POURED RUBBER SEAL (CLASS 3)	0438-7004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL3)	6	242
08-209-0-0011-04-011	JOINT W/ HOT-POURED RUBBER SEAL (CLASS 3)	0438-7004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS(CL3)	3	132



JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

9 1 $^{1\!\!/}\!_{2}$ " for precompressed foam and silicone seal



JOINT SEAL UPTURN DETAIL



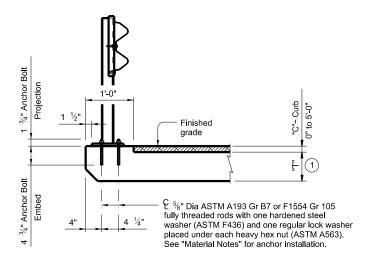
SHEET 3 OF 3



CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS

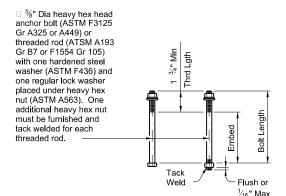
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1 "T" is equal to the culvert top slab thickness. For precast boxes with slabs less than 8" thick, see SCP-MD standard for additional details.



OPTIONAL ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE

Optional adhesive anchor may replace cast-in-place anchor bolts for Type 1 thru Type 4 and on Typical Section Thru Parallel Wingwalls. Reinforcement for optional adhesive anchorage matches details shown for Type 1 thru Type 4 and on Typical Section Thru Parallel Wingwalls.



CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

Applies to T631LS and T631 traffic rails

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

For vehicle safety, finished grade must be flush with top of curb. Adjust reinforcing as necessary to provide 1

At the Contractor's option, anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide concrete for curb of the same Class and strength as the box culvert top slab.

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be 5%" Dia ASTM Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 %" Dia ASTM F3125 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchor system must be \quad \text{\%" Dia AS} \quad \text{Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 $$^3\!4"$. An adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

See T631LS or T631 rail standard for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

The curb is considered as part of the box culvert for payment. These details are for use with curbs that are 5'-0" tall and less only. Curb heights that are less than or greater than those shown will require special design.



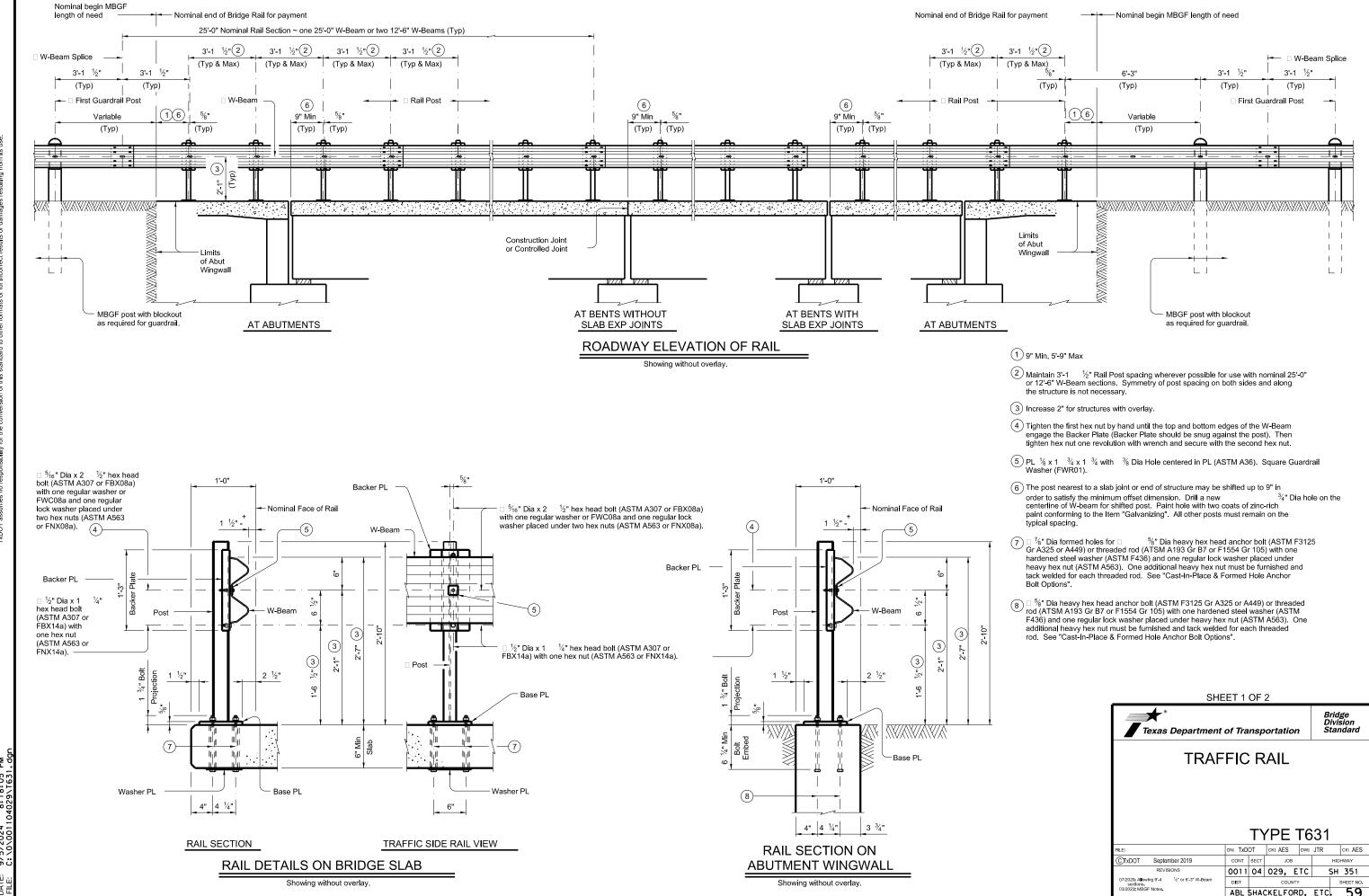


T631 RETROFIT DETAILS

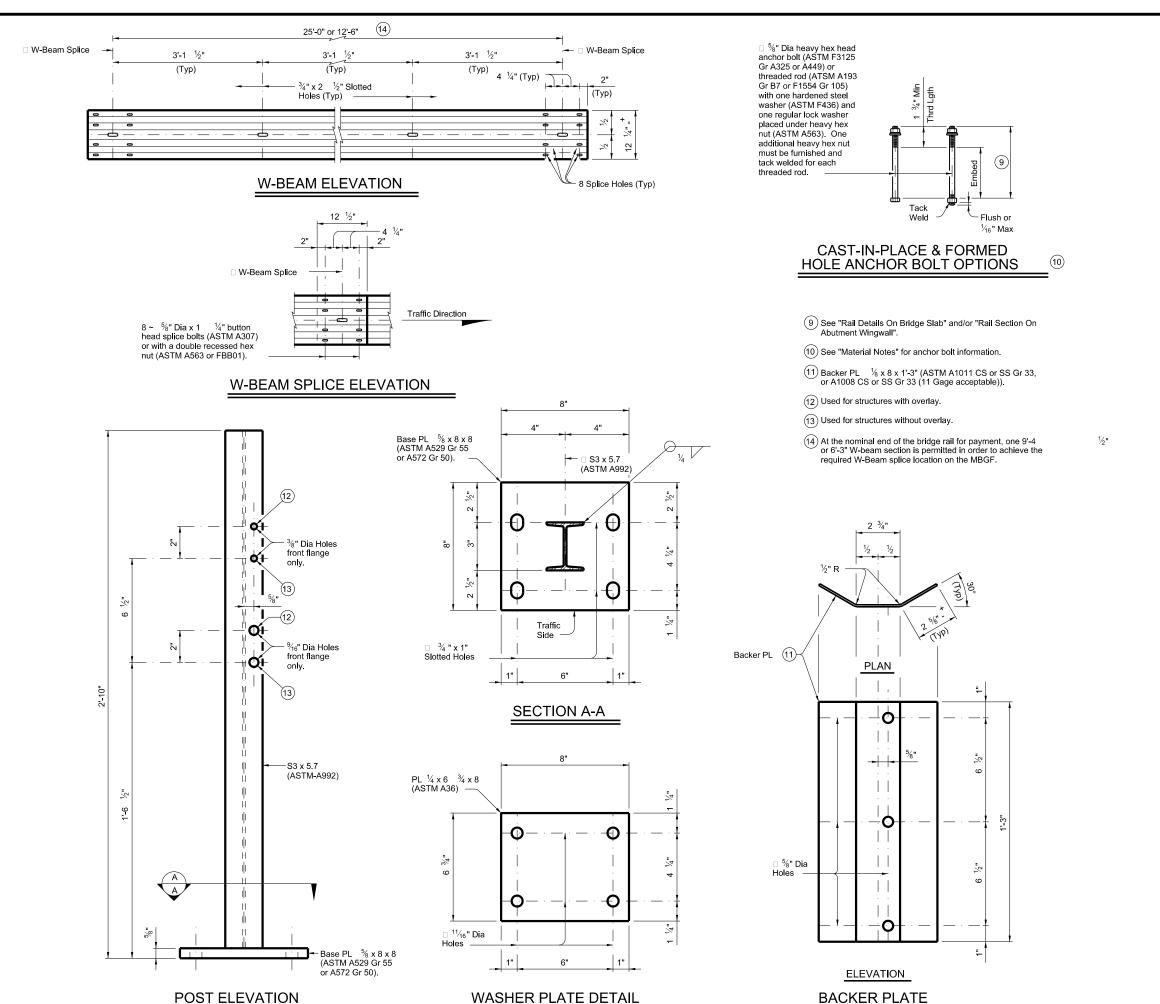
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MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This traffic railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise specified. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is 25' of MBGF plus the appropriate end treatment installed tangent to the primary roadway.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger

than $^{1}\!\!/_{6}$ " exist. Fully anchored guardrail must be attached to each end of rail. A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail. At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes".

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately $\frac{1}{16}$ " by grinding.

Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be 5/8" [Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened %" Dia ASTM A193 steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modified in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " or 6'-3" (Nominal) length. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1

clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing,"

Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

GENERAL NOTES:

This railing has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater.

This rail is designed to deflect approximately 4' to 4'-6" as it

contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above finished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and

Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 20 plf total.

SHEET 2 OF 2



TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T631

DN: TxDOT CK: AES DW: JTR CK: AES CTxDOT September 2019 JOB 0011 04 029, ETC 07/2020: Allowing 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" W-Bear sections. 03/2023: MBGF Notes. ABL SHACKELFORD, ETC. 60

No warranty of any for the conversion Texas Engineering Practice Act".

TXDOI assumes no responsibility

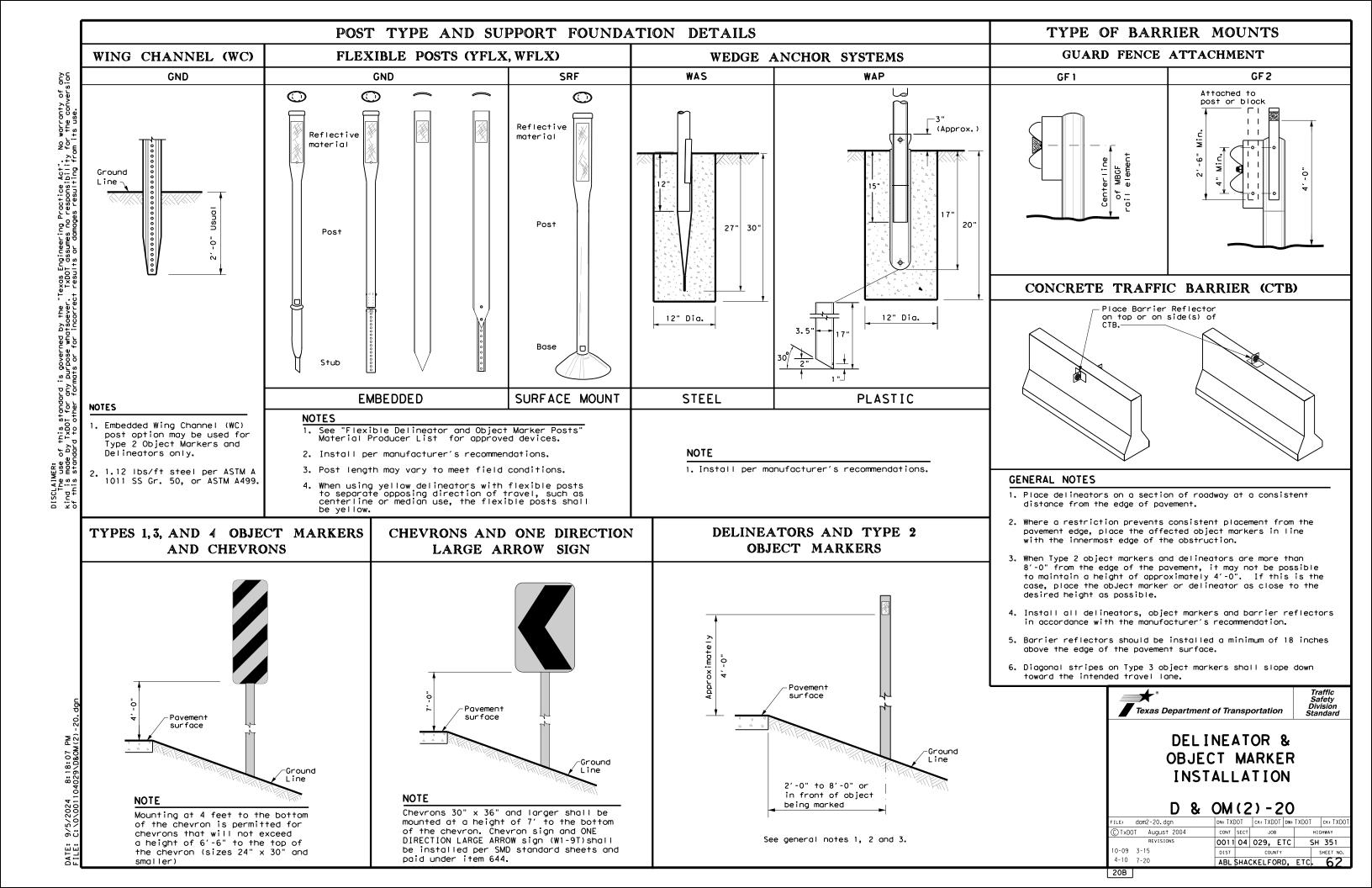
+ recults or demades resulting fro SCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the
The use of this standard is governed by the
this standard to other formats or for incorre

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ABL SHACKELFORD, ETC. 61

20A

4-10 7-20

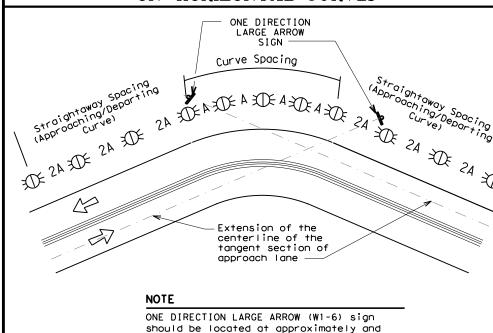


MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	 RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons. 				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons				

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

chevrons

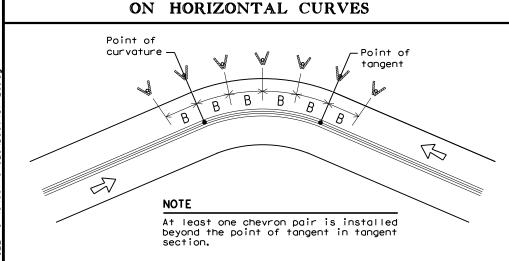


SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS

approach lane.

perpendicular to the extension of the

centerline of the tangent section of



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET						
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve			
		Α	2A	В			
1	5730	225	450				
2	2865	160	320				
3	1910	130	260	200			
4	1433	110	220	160			
5	1146	100	200	160			
6	955	90	180	160			
7	819	85	170	160			
8	716	75	150	160			
9	637	75	150	120			
10	573	70	140	120			
11	521	65	130	120			
12	478	60	120	120			
13	441	60	120	120			
14	409	55	110	80			
15	382	55	110	80			
16	358	55	110	80			
19	302	50	100	80			
23	249	40	80	80			
29	198	35	70	40			
38	151	30	60	40			
57	101	20	40	40			

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND S	PACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provide by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
0 1 115 11505		See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND				
XX	Bi-directional Delineator			
K	Delineator			
4	Sign			

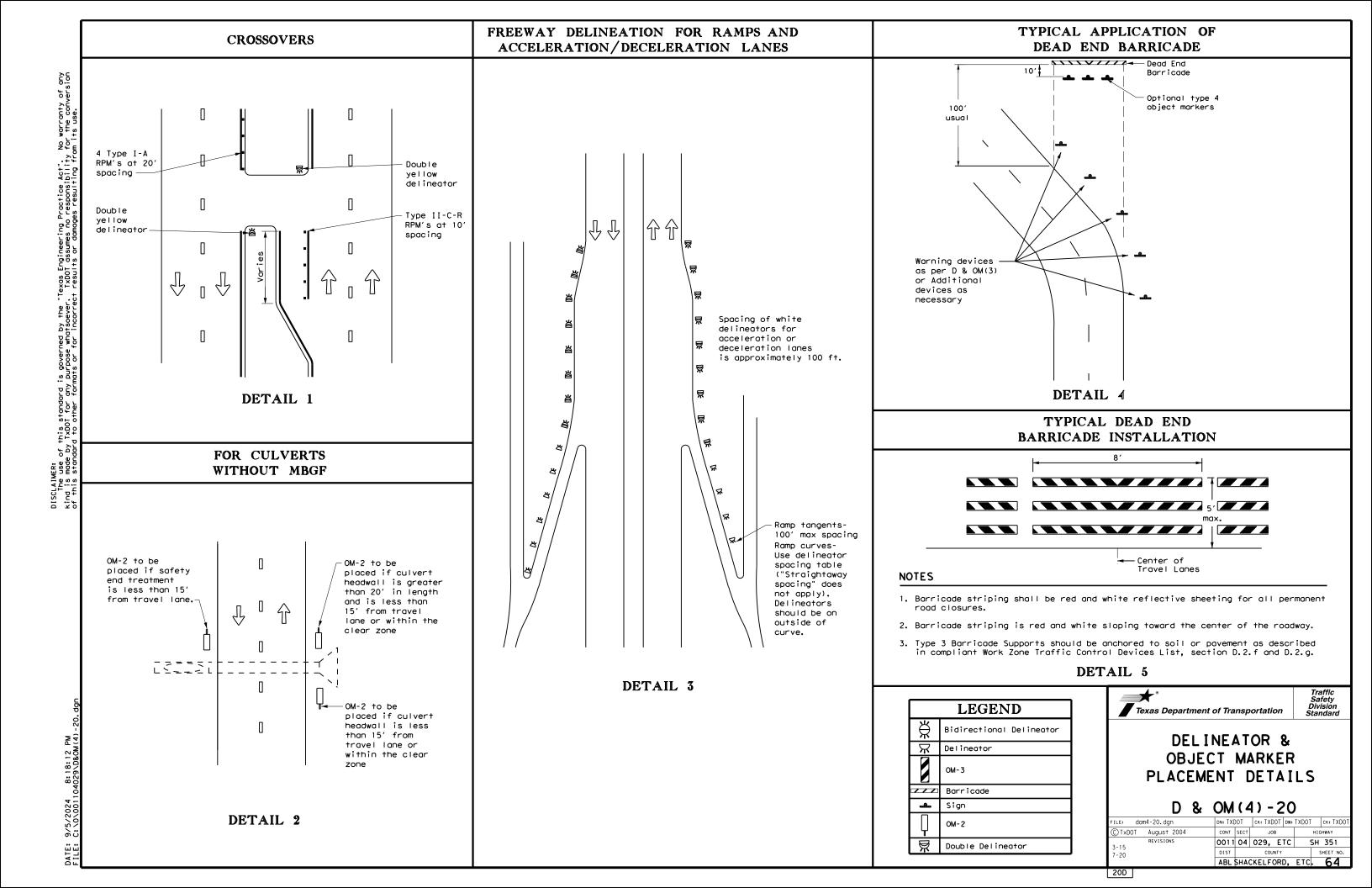


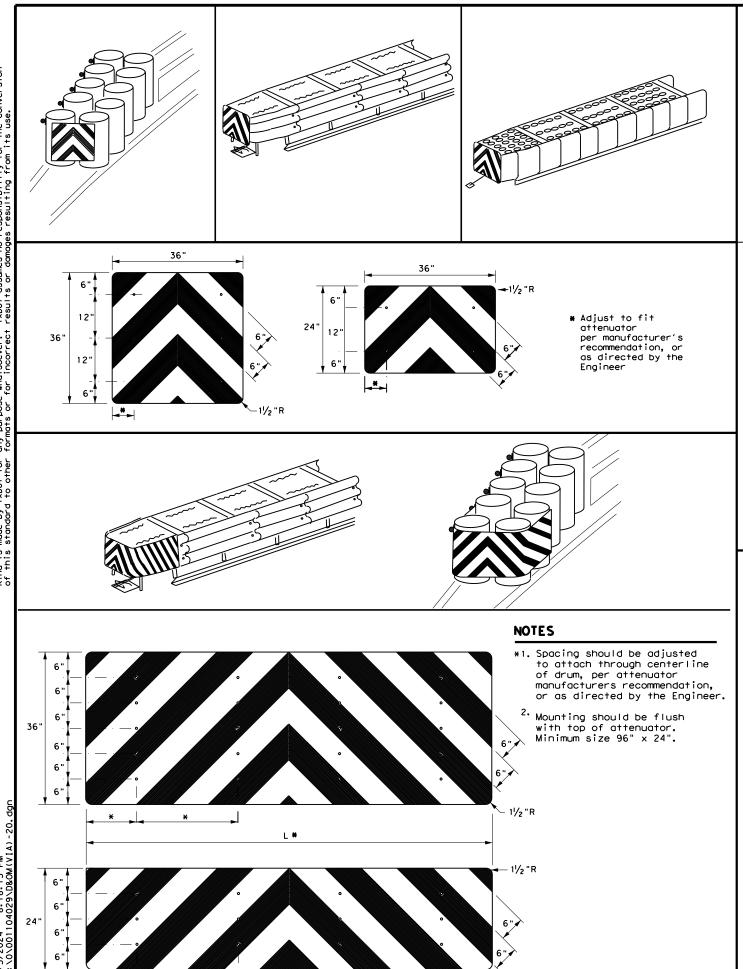
Traffic Safety Division Standard

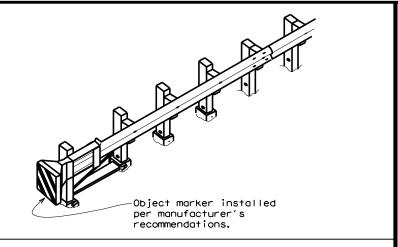
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

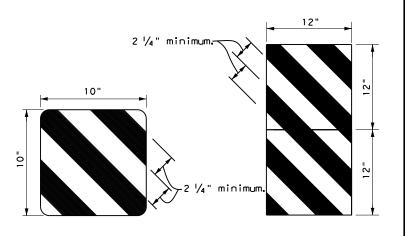
D & OM(3)-20

ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0011	04	029, E	TC	SH 351
3-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY	•	SHEET NO.
8-15 7-20	ABL	SHAC	KELFOR	O, ETC	. 63

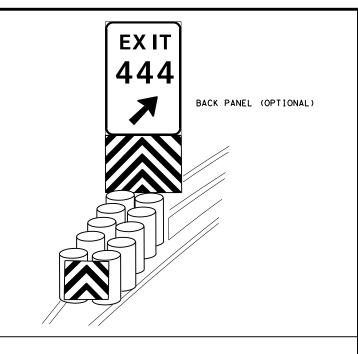


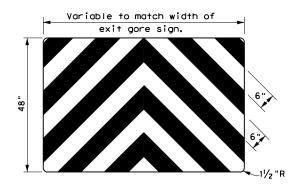






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT





NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

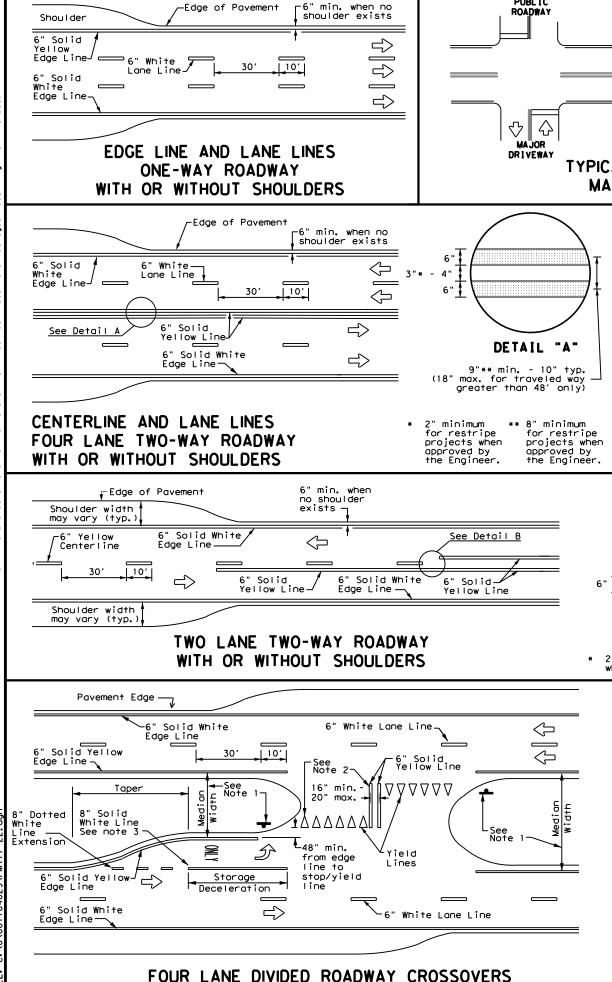


Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

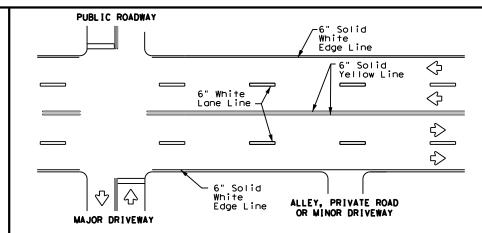
D & OM(VIA)-20

D G O .	*- •	• •	• • •	_	•	
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[TO(ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY		GHWAY
REVISIONS	0011	04	029, E	TC	SH	351
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	ABL	SHAC	KELFOR	ο,	ETC.	66

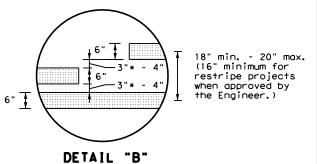


PUBLIC ROADWAY 6" Solid White Edge Line 6" Solid Yellow Line 6" Solid Yellow Line ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD OR MINOR DRIVEWAY TYPICAL TWO-LANF. TWO-WAY PAVFMENT

TYPICAL TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



1. Where divided highways are

separated by median widths at

the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median

openings shall be signed as

two separate intersections.

2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

Engineer.

yield signs.

NOTES

YIELD LINES projects ineer. 12" 3" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 12" to 18" to 12" to 18"

For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

3"to 12"+| |+

For posted speed on road

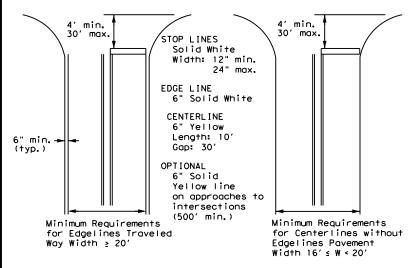
being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

GENERAL NOTES

- Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(1)-22

		•			
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TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0011	04	029, E	TC	SH 351
95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
00 2-12	ABL	SHAC	CKELFOR	D, ETC	- 67

3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines

shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with

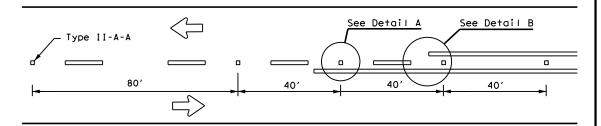
Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for

each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to

control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the

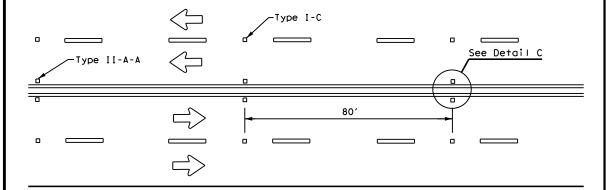
2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield

determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection

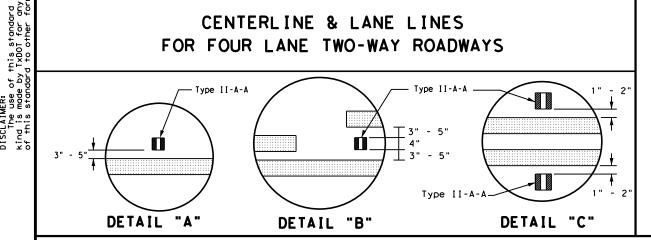


CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

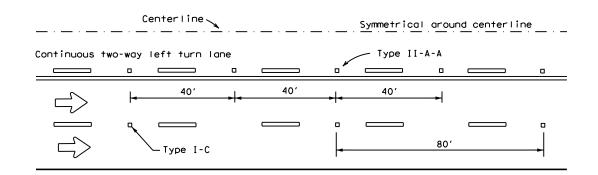
is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any purpose whatsoever. TxDDI assumes no responsibility for the conversion mats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.



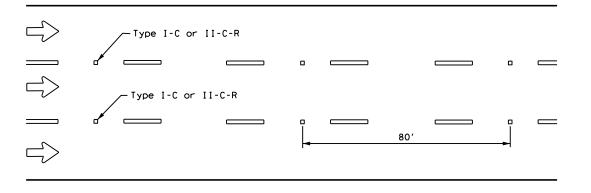
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



OR 6" LANE LINE



CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

2. Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

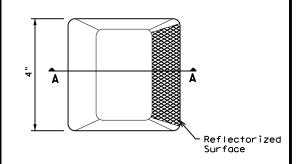
CENTER OR EDGE LINE (see note 1) 10' BROKEN LANE LINE -300 to 500 mil in height 18"± 1" A quick field check for the thickness of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. REFLECTORIZED PROFILE 51/2"± 1/2 PATTERN DETAIL 2 to 3"—► NOTES USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 1. Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be specified in the plans. 6" EDGE LINE, 6" CENTERLINE

GENERAL NOTES

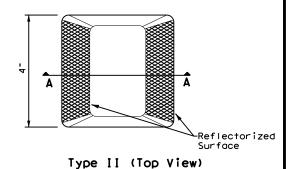
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements, the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians, and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

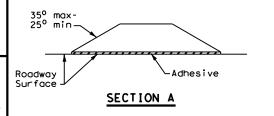
	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
١	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
١	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
١	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE

MARKINGS PM(2) - 22

ILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
DTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0011	04	029, E	TC	S	н 351
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	ABL	SHAC	CKELFOR	Ω,	ETC.	68

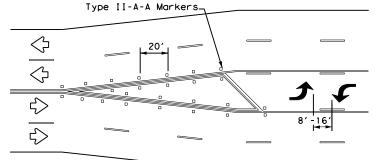
Pavement

RIGHT LANE

Edge

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on_street parking in_what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING ISTANCE (
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f†)
30 MPH	460	_{wc} 2
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

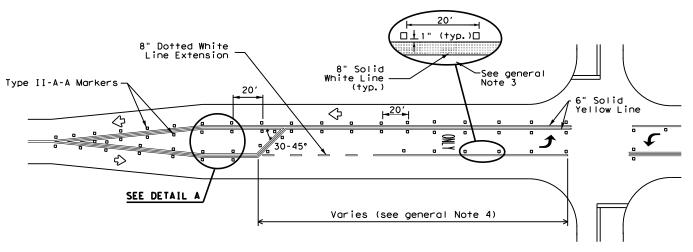
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

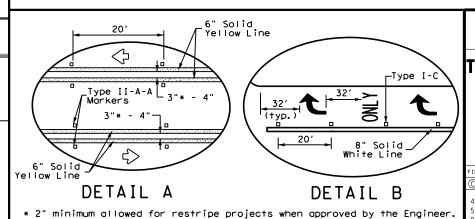
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used. two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



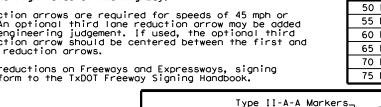
'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

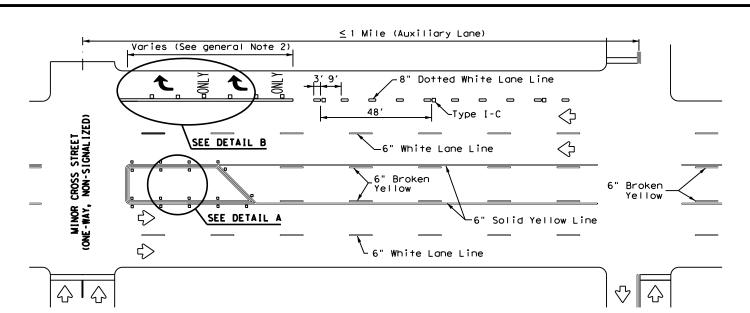
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(3) - 22

pm3-22.dgn C)TxDOT December 2022 REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20 0011 04 029, ETC SH 351 5-00 2-10 12-22 8-00 2-12 ABL SHACKELFORD, ETC. 69





Lane-Reduction

LANE REDUCTION

Arrow

D/4

6" Dotted White

D/2

Lane Line

D/4

MERGE LEFT

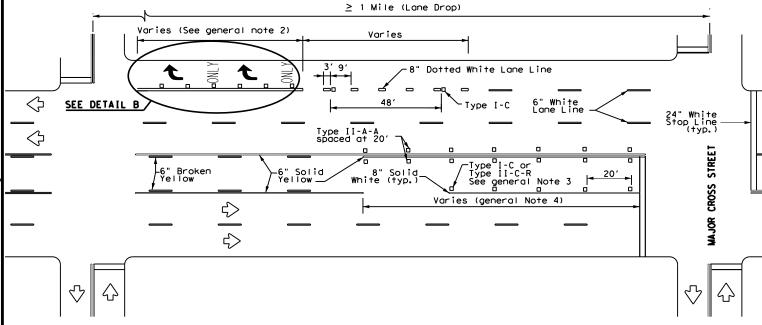
W9-2TL

Paved Shoulder

300' -500

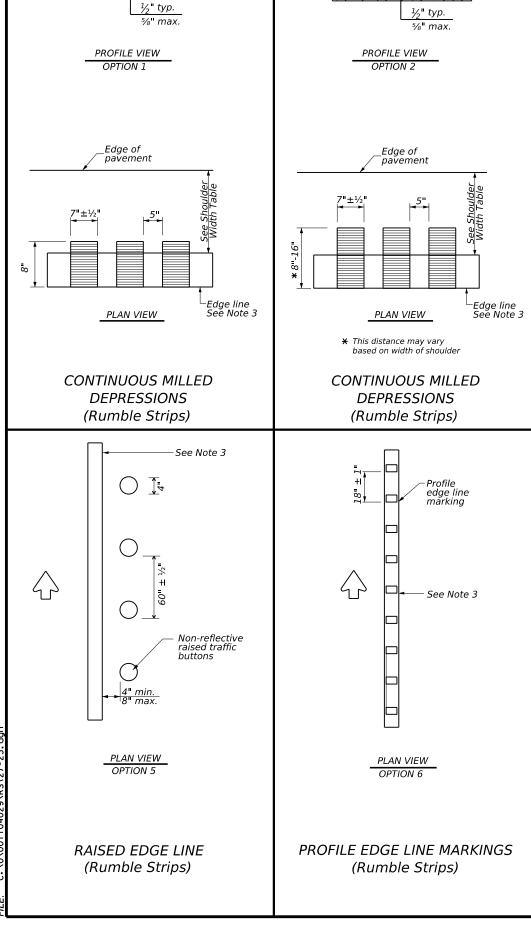
(Optional)

TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE

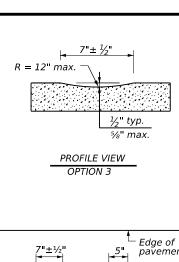


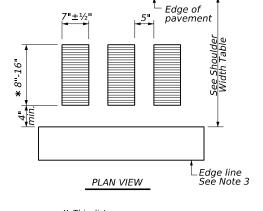
TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

R = 12'' max.



R = 12" max.





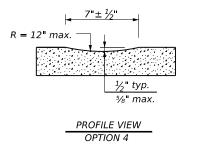
* This distance may vary based on width of shoulder

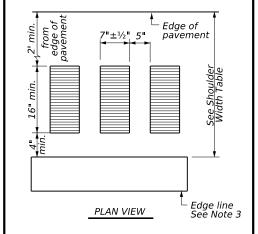
Preformed thermoplastic

rumble strips

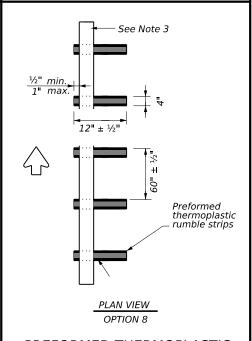
CONTINUOUS MILLED DEPRESSIONS (Rumble Strips)

See Note 3





CONTINUOUS MILLED DEPRESSIONS (Rumble Strips)



PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC EDGE LINE (Rumble Strips)

PLAN VIEW

OPTION 7

PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC EDGE LINE (Rumble Strips)

SHOULDER WIDTH TABLE								
EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 2 FEET	GREATER THAN 2 FEET LESS THAN 4 FEET	EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 FEET						
Option 1, 5, 6 or 8	Option 1, 2, 3 5, 6 or 7	Option 2, 4, 5 6 or 7						

GENERAL NOTES

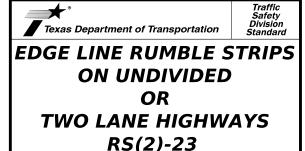
- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- 5. Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 6. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 10. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

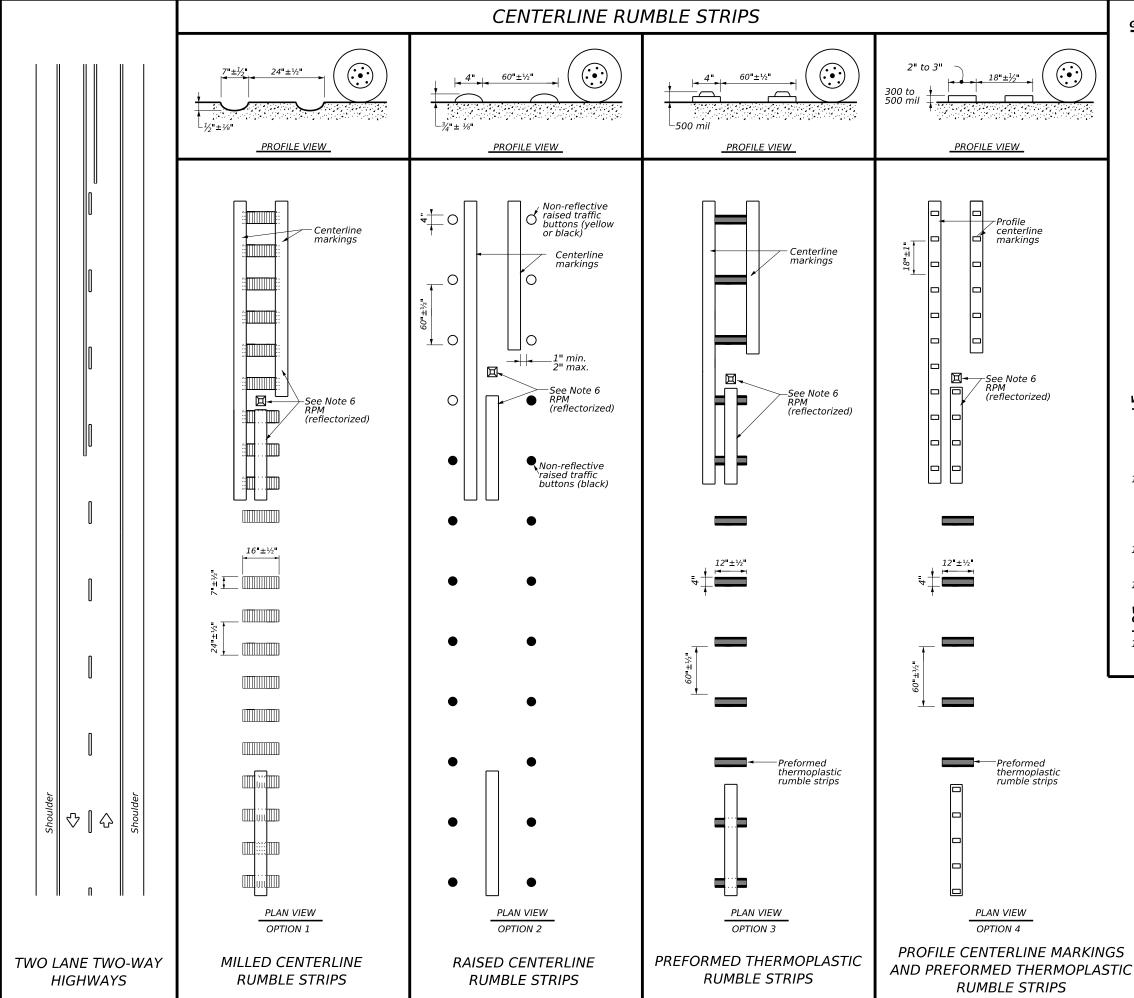
WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- 15. Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



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9:



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile markings.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

13. See standard sheet RS(2).



Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS RS(4)-23

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SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

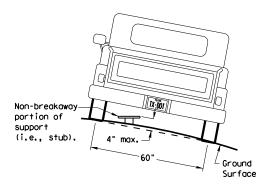
BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

PAVED SHOULDERS

BEHIND BARRIER

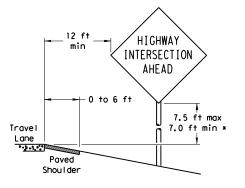
 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$

2 ft min**

Travel

Paved

Shou I der



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min :

Guard

BEHIND GUARDRAIL

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

HIGHWAY 6 ft min -INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min * Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

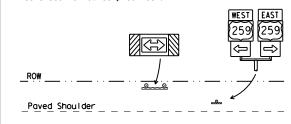
T-INTERSECTION

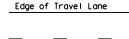
12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *





Travel

Lane



- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY (When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

Concrete

BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

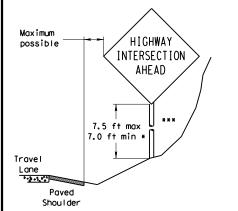
Borrier

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *



Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

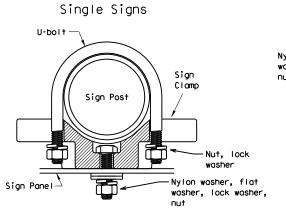
In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

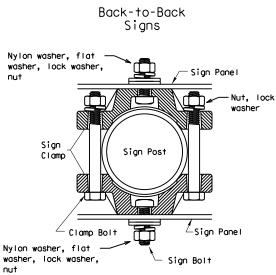
circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



diameter

circle

Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

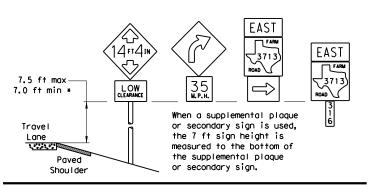
SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

5 ft min**

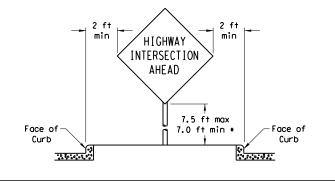
Travel

3 *

Shou I der



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



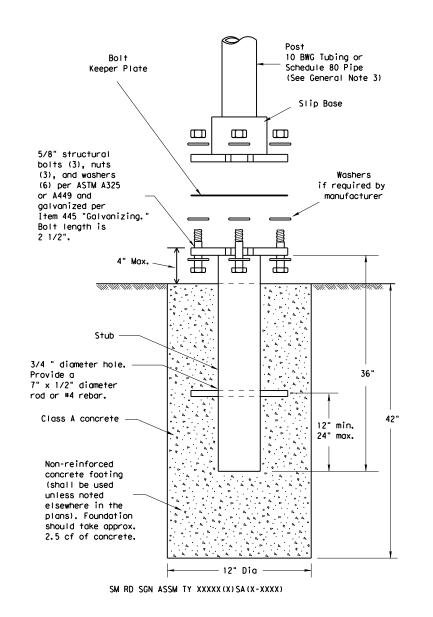


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

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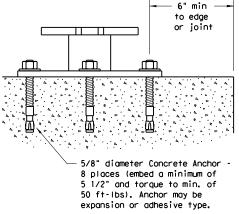
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm 4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



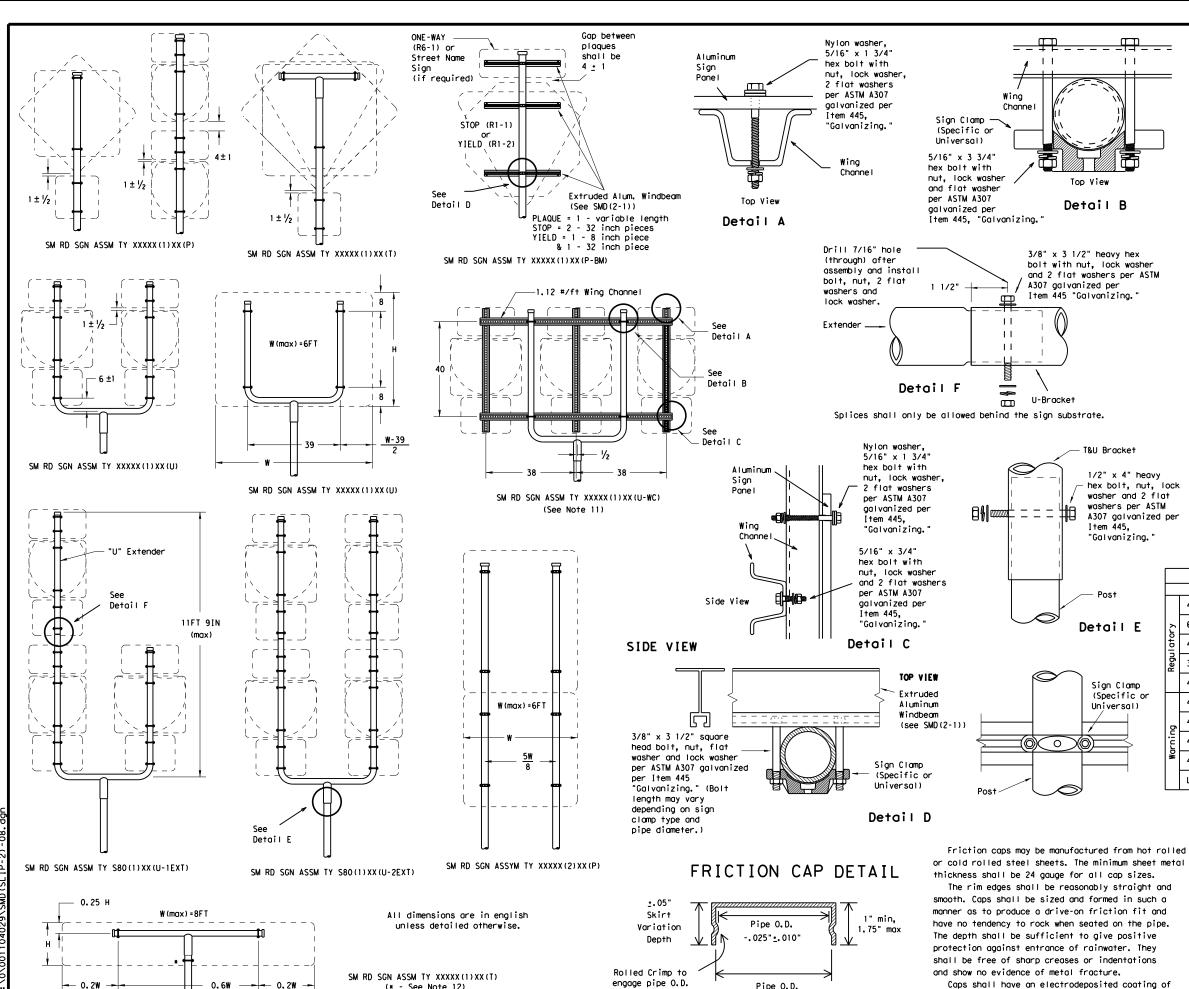
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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(* - See Note 12)

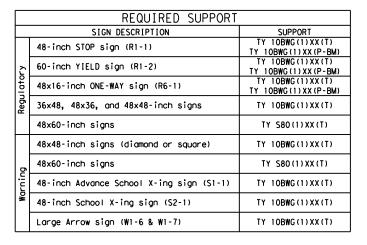
Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





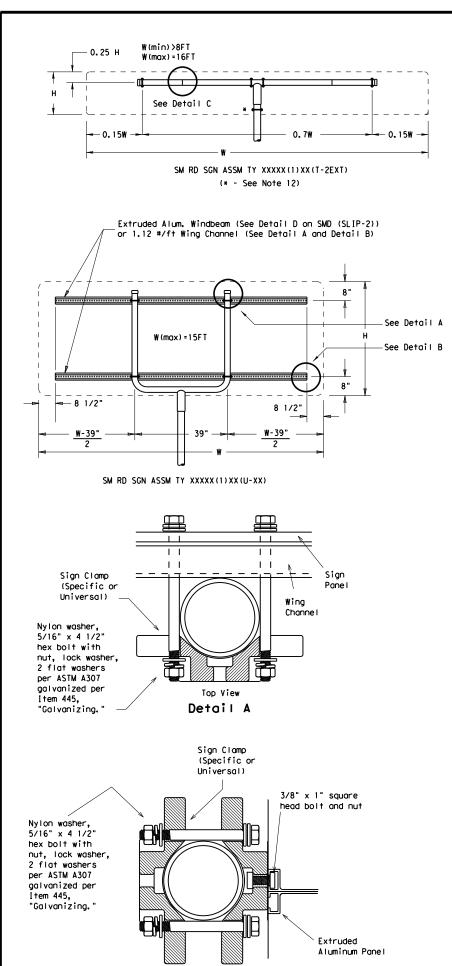
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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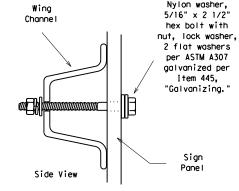
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zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

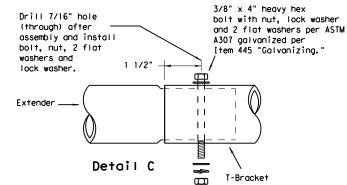
B633 Class FE/ZN 8.



EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

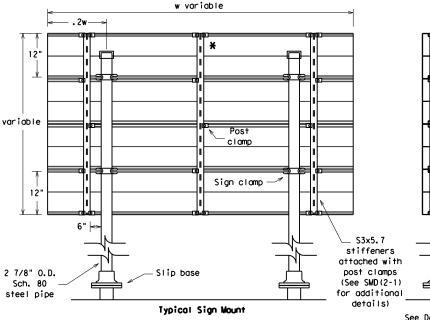
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

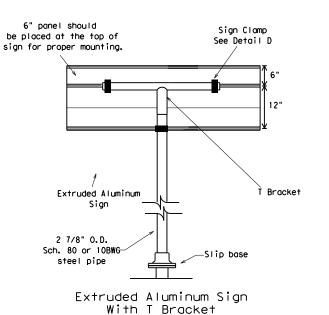
"Galvanizina.

Detail E

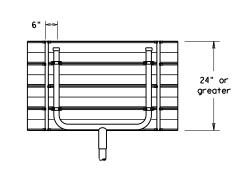


SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.



See Detail E for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12.Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

SUPPORT
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
signs TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
TY S80(1)XX(T)
square) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
TY S80(1)XX(T)
sign (S1-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
2-1) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
7) TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0011-04-029, ETC.

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

JONES COUNTY, ETC.

4.5 MILES NORTH OF FM 604, ETC.

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 32.490460° -99.672690°

END: (Lat) 32.592931° -99.506698° (Long),

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 208.9

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): ___0.0

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

CONSTRUCTION OF PAVEMENT REPAIRS, OVERLAY AND REPLACE TRAFFIC RAILING

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Cho gravelly loam,	37% Sand, 35% Silt, 27% Clay, Well
Undulating	Drained, Medium Runoff, Class 1
Frio silty clay,	8% Sand, 52% Silt, 40% Clay, Well
Occasionally Flooded,	Drained, Low Runoff, Class 1
Leeray clay,	18% Sand, 39% Silt, 43% Clay, Well
moist, 1 to 3% slopes	Drained, Very High Runoff, Class 1
Lueders clay loam,	34% Sand, 37% Silt, 27% Clay, Well
Undulating	Drained, Medium Runoff, Class 1
Mereta silty clay	7% Sand, 49% Silt, 42% Clay, Well
1 to 3% slopes	Drained, Medium Runoff, None
Nukrum clay, Cool,	23% Sand, 35% Silt, 42% Clay, Well
1 to 3% slopes	Drained, High Runoff, Class 1
Nuvalde silty clay loam,	25% Sand, 40% Silt, 35% Clay, Well
Cool, 1 to 3% slopes	Drained, Medium Runoff, Class 1

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

X No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

X Mobilization

Install sediment and erosion controls

□ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

☐ Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

☐ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

□ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

X Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

X Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

□ Place flex base

☐ Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

☐ Revegetation of unpaved areas

☐ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and

erosion control measures □ Other: _____

□ Other: _____

Other:

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

Utner.			
□ Other:			

□ Other:		

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
South Prong Long Cr, Spring Creek,	*Clear Fork Brazos River (1232); Impaired for bacteria
West Fork Spring Cr, Deadman Creek,	
Buck Creek,	
NO TMDLs or I-PLANS	WERE IDENTIFIED

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ()).
---	----

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

□ Other:			
□ Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

☐ Other:

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

□ Other			



STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.						SHEET NO.
		SEE TITLE SHEET					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	5	SHACKELFORD, ETC.					: .
CONT.		SECT.	JOE	3	HIGHWAY NO.		10.
001	1	04	029,	ETC	SH 351		551

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
T / P X Protection of Existing Vegetation X Vegetated Buffer Zones Geotextiles Geotextiles Mulching/ Hydromulching Geotextiles Geotextile
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes
☐ Other:
□ □ Other:
Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection
□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams□ Sandbag Berms
□ □ Sediment Control Fence
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ X Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
Pefer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sh

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Turne	Stationing				
Туре	From	То			
Refer to the Environmental La					

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

□ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control
X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
☐ Stabilized construction exit
□ Daily street sweeping
□ Other:
Othory

☐ Other:	
Other:	
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2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- Chemical Management
- ☐ Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- Dust Control
- Sanitary Facilities

Other:	

Other:			

Other:		

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Туре	Station	itioning		
Type	From	То		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.						
		SEE TITLE SHEET						
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXAS	S SHACKELFORD, ETC.					C		
CONT.		SECT.	JOE	3	HIGHWAY NO.		١0.	
001	1	04	029,	ETC	SH 351		551	

The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with scheduled demolition. the following permit(s): ☐ No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. and post-project TSS. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ☐ No Action Required Required Action No Action Required Required Action The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any greas requiring work Action No. to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide Action No permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. 1. Comply with Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MGBTA) for protection Best Management Practices: of birds, young, and their nests. Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS ☐ Temporary Vegetation Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips Rock Berm ☐ Blankets/Matting Retention/Irrigation Systems ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Mulch Sedimentation Basin Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw & Hay Bale Dike ₩et Basin Erosion Control Compost & Mulch BMP: Best Management Practice CGP: Construction General Permit Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan ☐ Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Compost Filter Berm and Socks DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Sand Filter Systems MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFQ: Texas Carmissian on Environmental Quality MOU: Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ☐ Temporary Erosion Control Logs☐ Temporary Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion Erosion E Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Municipal Separate Storm water Sewer SystemTPWD: (BIOLOGS) (BIOLOGS) (BIOLOGS) MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Preservation of Natural Sediment Traps Permanent/egetation NOT: Notice of Termination Threatened and Endangered Species Resources (Planting, Sodding, or Seeding) NWP: Nationwide Permit USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Sediment Basins ☐ Grassy Swales ABL Construction Exits NOI: Notice of Intent USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service REV. DATE: 02/2015

required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. ☐ No Action Required Required Action 1. The project disturbs less than one acre of surface area. The contractor is responsible for the PSL as defined in the <u>Standard Specifications for</u> Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges (2014 Edition, Section 7.6., Page 44). The total disturbed acreage is the combined acreage to be disturbed on the project and the contractors PSL. 2. Prevent storm water pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 3. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer. 4. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. 5. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATER BODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any use of this standard made by IxDOI for any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.

I. STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

TPDES TXR 150000: Storm water Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	
1.	
2.	
3.	

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	

1. Comply with E.O. 13112 on use of native vegetation.

4.

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,

in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator

immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors

of all product spills.

* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No X Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	
1.	
2.	

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

	_	
•		

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS



	•		•		
NO SCAL	.E S	HEET	1	OF	1
FHWA DIVISION	PROJECT NO.	НΙ	GHWA	Y NO.	n
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		SH 351		
STATE	COUNTY		SH	EET N	10.
TEVAC	CHACKEL FORD FTC				

SHACKELFORD, ETC. 78 DISTRICT CONTROL JOB SECTION 0011 04 029. ETC