INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 2

STATE OF TEXAS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BR 2B23(038) 6 STATE GONZALES TEXAS YKM CONTROL SECTION HIGHWAY NO. 0913 22 057

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

CONTRACTOR: _ DATE OF LETTING: DATE WORK BEGAN: DATE WORK COMPLETED: DATE WORK ACCEPTED: FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS, CONTRACT,

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

AND LISTED FIELD CHANGES.

AREA ENGINEER

FEDERAL PROJECT NO. BR 2B23(038)

108

87-

KARNES

COUNTY

1116

GONZALES COUNTY

YOAKUM DISTRICT

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

EXCEPTIONS: NONE

Texas Department of Transportation; all rights reserved

EQUATIONS: NONE

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES VOLUME: 3 CCSJ: 0913-22-055

LIMITS: CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK FUNCTIONAL CLASS: RURAL LOCAL ROAD DESIGN SPEED: MEETS OR IMPROVES EXISTING

HIGHWAY: CR 302

① PROJECT NO.: BR 2B23(038)
COUNTY: GONZALES
CSJ: 0913-22-057

ADT: 47 (2022), 66 (2042)

ROADWAY = 320.00 LF = 0.061 MI

BRIDGE = 120.00 LF = 0.022 MI

TOTAL = 440.00 LF = 0.083 MI

FAYETTE COUNTY CALDWELL COUNTY CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK(1) TO GONZALES -GONZALES COUNTY_(97) 183 GUADALUPE COUNTY LAVACA COUNTY 90A} 90A (80)

INSET MAP

THOMAS G. ASHCRAF

81411

TBPE FIRM # 1741

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING - DocuSigned by

DEWITT

COUNTY

183

Clayton N. Harris P.E. - 5ESD284B598247C...OF INAMOPORTATION
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

9/30/2024

① CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK

PROJECT NO. BR 2B23(038) CSJ 0913-22-057 BEGIN PROJECT STA 100+20.00 END PROJECT STA 104+60.00

> 9/30/2024 CONCURRENCE

-DocuSigned by: atrice (Dono SUBMITTED FOR LETTING

9/13/2024

PROJECT MANAGER

STV, INC.

9/30/2024 APPROVED FOR LETTING

Jeffenz Vinklarek, P.E.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 2023).

WILSON

COUNTY

SHEET_NO.		DESCRIPTION
		GENERAL
1		TITLE SHEET
2		INDEX OF SHEETS
3		TYPICAL SECTIONS
4 ,4A-4C		GENERAL NOTES
5 ,5A		ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET
6		SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
7		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
		STANDARD SHEETS
8 - 19	*	BC(1)-21 TO BC(12)-21
		ROADWAY DETAILS
20		HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX SHEET
21		HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET
22		PLAN AND PROFILE
23		WIRE FENCE AND WATER GAP DETAILS
		STANDARD SHEETS
24	*	GF(31)-19
25-26	*	GF(31)TRTL3-20
27	*	SGT(12S)31-18
28	*	SGT(15)-31-20
29	*	WF(2)-10
		DRAINAGE
30		DRAINAGE AREA MAP
31		HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET
32		SCOUR DATA SHEET
		BRIDGES
33		BRIDGE LAYOUT
34		BORING LOGS
35		ESTIMATED QUANTITIES AND CAP ELEVATIONS
		STANDARD SHEETS
36	#	APSB-24
37	#	BPSB-24
38	#	SPSB-24
39 40 – 41	#	AJ CSAB
42 - 43	#	FD
44	#	NBIS
45	#	PSB-5SB15
46	#	PSBEB
47	#	PSBRA
48	#,	PSBSD 6DD
49 - 50 51 - 52	#	SRR TYPE SSTR
		TRAFFIC ITEMS
		CTANDADD CUFFTS
		STANDARD SHEETS
53 54	*	D & OM(1)-20 D & OM(2)-20
5 4 55	*	D & OM(2)-20 D & OM(5)-20
56	*	D & OM(VIA) – 20
		SWPPP
57 - 58		TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)
59		SWP3 LAYOUT
60		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES & COMMITMENTS
		STANDARD SHEETS
61	-	FC(1)_16



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY "*" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Sanha Monis

SANDRA MORRIS, P.E.

09/12/2024



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY "#" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



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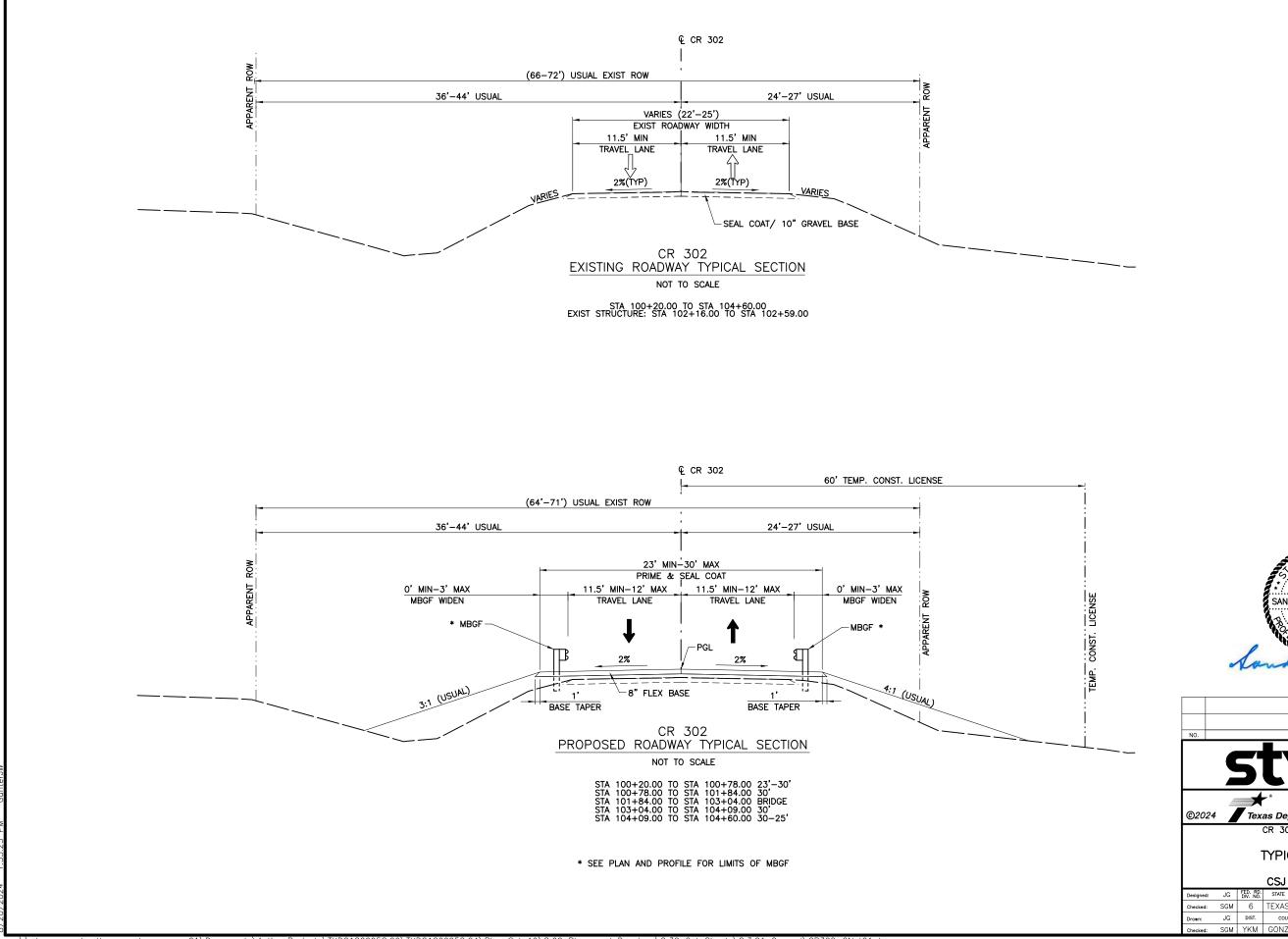
CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK

INDEX OF SHEETS

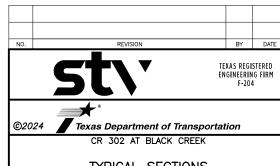
CSJ 0913-22-057 SHEET 1 OF 1

Designed:	JG	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE		FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.		
Checked:	SGM	6	TEXAS					CR
Drawn:	JG	DIST.	COUNT	COUNTY		SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
Checked:	SGM	YKM	GONZALES		0913	22	057	2

* EC(1)-16







TYPICAL SECTIONS

pw:\\stv-sw-pw.bentley.com:stv-sw-pw-01\Documents\Active Projects\TXD01800958.00\TXD01800958.04\Plan Set 19\8.00 Plans and Drawings\8.30 Cut Sheets\8.3.01 General\CR302_GNgt01.dgn

Project Number: Sheet:4

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL:

The Contractor is to take note that this project has Milestones for substantial completion. See Item 8 below for details.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Covey Morrow IV <u>Covey.Morrow@txdot.gov</u> Chase Hermes <u>Chase.Hermes@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

The Contractor may need to make necessary accommodations to facilitate the delivery of materials and equipment to the project due to tight horizontal curves. This work is subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Provide a minimum two week advance notice to TxDOT prior to closing County Roads. TxDOT will notify local officials at least one week in advance.

Remove and replace right-of-way fences at particular work sites, where necessary, at contractor's entire expense except as shown on plans. Replace fences in a condition comparable to that at removal.

Do not work on the roadway before sunrise or after sunset unless otherwise approved.

Place the sodding/seeding after completion of flex base and prior to beginning next phase unless otherwise directed.

Project Number: Sheet:4

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

Unless otherwise approved, maintain a minimum safety clearance from the edge of the travelway for material stockpiled in proximity of traffic lanes based on the current average traffic count of the particular highway as follows:

$$0 - 1500 = 16$$
 feet
Over $1500 = 30$ feet

In the event the above requirements cannot be met, make arrangements to stockpile material off the right of way.

The Department will provide the cylinder testing machine for this project. Deliver the test specimens to the engineer's curing facilities as directed.

Do not clean out concrete trucks within the right of way.

ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK

Where a precast or cast-in-place concrete bridge element is shown in the plans, Contractor may submit a precast concrete alternate in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Department. Contractor is responsible for impacts to the project schedule and cost resulting from the denial or use of alternates.

ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that discharge of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States (U.S.) including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for construction, will require specific approval of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: Sheet:4A

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

The Department will obtain the appropriate permit(s), Nationwide or Individual, when necessary as dictated by the proposed actions for the project and its potential to affect USACE jurisdictional areas. The Contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in charge of construction. The Department will hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit. If the Contractor cannot work within the limits of this permit(s), then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for changes or amendments to the conditions of the existing permit(s) as originally obtained by the Department.

Particular importance is stressed on the fact that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the proposed work. The Contractor shall maintain near normal flow of any jurisdictional waters of the U.S. at all times during construction. If the Contractor needs further explanation of the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the TXDOT Yoakum District Environmental Coordinator.

If the Contractor elects to work on a structure when the stream is flowing, near normal flow shall be maintained by a method approved by the Engineer. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If the contractor proposes work beyond the TxDOT obtained permit limitations, the contractor is responsible for additional costs, delays, and obtaining new or revised permits prior to construction.

All temporary construction access work and materials will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent items. Prior to the scheduling of a Pre-Construction Meeting, submit a Temporary Construction Access Plan to the Area Engineer and to District Environmental Staff for their approval. The Construction Plan should contain a description of the equipment, such as barges, structures, etc., which may occupy waters of the US including jurisdictional wetlands, and a detailed work schedule. No work of any kind will be allowed until the pre-construction meeting has been held.

Temporary construction waterway crossings have been environmental cleared/permitted within Right of Way. Restrict construction operations in any water body to the necessary areas as shown on the plans or applicable permit, or as directed. Use temporary bridges, timber mats, or other structurally sound and non-eroding material for stream crossings. All temporary construction access materials shall be completely removed as soon as possible once temporary access is no longer required and affected areas shall be returned to preconstruction elevations and contours and revegetated in accordance with the SWP3. All work must comply with the General Conditions of the appropriate USACE permit.

Project Number: Sheet:4A

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Time charges for Milestone 1 begin when CR 302 (CSJ: 0913-22-057) is closed to traffic. The time charges for Milestone 1 shall end when traffic is following the lane arrangement as shown on the plans for the constructed and/or existing roadway as specified in the TCP (Phase) and/or the final lane configuration. All pavement construction, traffic control devices, and safety devices shall be in their final position (or as called for in the plans for the specified phase of work) at this time.

The contractor shall have 90 working days to complete Milestone 1.

The daily road user cost for each Milestone shall be five times the project liquidated damage rate based on the contract schedule of liquidated damages.

Failure to complete the above Milestone within the established number of working days will result in the daily road user cost being assessed for every working day in excess of the stated number.

After the milestone is substantially complete, the liquidated damages become those based on the contract schedule of liquidated damages.

TxDOT will supply bidders, upon written request, one electronic copy of the time determination schedule. The time determination schedule provided is for informational use only and is not intended for bidding or construction purposes.

Provide progress schedule as a Bar Chart.

ITEM 100: PREPARING RIGHT-OF-WAY

Dispose of trees from the right-of-way within 24 hours of removal.

Treat cuts on trees designated for preservation in accordance with Item 100, "Preparing Right of Way".

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

Project Number: Sheet:4B

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

ITEM 110: EXCAVATION

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately two inches immediately before grading operations begin within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed, and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. All topsoil excavation and the work involved in replacing the topsoil will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the pertinent items.

ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

Furnish Type C embankment consisting of suitable earth material such as loam, clay or other such material that will form a stable embankment and has a plasticity index of at least 15 but not more than 40. Requirements may vary for material excavated under Item 110, "Excavation", as directed.

Removal of existing pavement is included in the excavation and embankment items.

ITEM 247: FLEXIBLE BASE

Unless otherwise approved, the delivered material's moisture content at most will be two percent above optimum moisture content, determined by TEX-113-E.

Limit the depth of any course to eight inches unless otherwise approved. Compact each course to the required density before subsequent courses are placed.

For Type E material, furnish crushed limestone produced and graded from oversize quarried aggregate that originates from a single, naturally occurring source. Do not use caliche, iron ore, gravel, or multiple sources.

Compact the Type E flex base by ordinary compaction.

ITEM 302: AGGREGATES FOR SURFACE TREATMENTS

Furnish Type PE and Type E aggregate consisting of crushed slag, crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Furnish precoated aggregate that has a residual bitumen coating target value of 1.0% by weight.

Project Number: Sheet:4B

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

ITEM 316: SEAL COAT

As approved use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application rate shown in the plans is an average between an Asphalt Cement and an Emulsion. The type of asphalt and application rate to be used will be as directed. The approximate application rate for Asphalt Cement with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.32 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.27 Gal/SY. The approximate application rate for an Emulsion with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.48 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.40 Gal/SY.

Cure the RC-250 a minimum of seven days prior to placement of the one course surface treatment. Place one course surface treatment no later than (14) days after placement of the RC-250, unless otherwise directed.

In lieu of the final seal coat or prime coat & final seal coat, the contractor may place 2" ACP (meeting TxDOT specifications). There will be no additional compensation for related material costs, excavation/embankment adjustments, etc. The flexible base depth shall be maintained as shown on the proposed typical section.

ITEM 400: EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

Flexible base (Ty D) may be used for cement stabilized backfill aggregate, as approved.

ITEM 427: SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE

Provide Surface Area II, railing, culvert headwalls, and wingwalls with a Slurry Coat Finish per 427.4.3.2 for cast-in-place concrete surfaces.

ITEM 432: RIPRAP

Broken concrete removed under this contract may be used for the stone riprap item in areas as approved.

The dimension as shown in the stone protection bid item description is the stone size as described in the specification. The required thickness will be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

Project Number: Sheet:4C

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

ITEM 496: REMOVING STRUCTURES

The removal of the existing stone riprap protecting the existing bridge, is subsidiary to Item 496 Removing Structures, except as shown in the plans.

ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Provide suitable warning lights mounted high enough to be visible from all directions on all construction equipment, including pilot vehicles, and operate warning lights when the equipment is within the right of way. Equip other equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with emergency flashers and use emergency flashers while within the work area.

No additional payment will be made for relocating existing sign assemblies to temporary mounts.

ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

- 1. See SWP3 plan sheet for total disturbed acreage.
- 2. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the contract, and contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within one (1) mile of the project limits, for the contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges.
- 3. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans.
- 4. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any contractor PSLs for construction activities on or off right-of-way (ROW).
- 5. When the total disturbed area for all projects in the contract and PSLs within one (1) mile of the project limits exceeds five (5) acres, provide a copy of the contractor NOI.

Project Number: Sheet:4C

County: Gonzales Control: 0913-22-057

Highway: CR

6. Provide a signed sketch detailing the location of any contractor's PSLs on ROW or within one (1) mile of the project.

- 7. The State is to retain possession of unused rock as part of rock filter dam construction. Contractor to stockpile unused rock for rock filter dams at a location determined by the Engineer. Cost for transport of unused rock included in the price bid for rock filter dams.
- 8. The State is to retain possession of sandbags. Contractor to stockpile sandbags at a location determined by the Engineer. Cost for removal and transport of sandbags to stockpile location included in the price bid for sandbags.

ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish and install only one type of timber post at each location.

Furnish Type II rail elements at all locations.

ITEMS 540 & 544: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE AND GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

No exposed bridge rail ends or guard fence ends will be allowed after normal working hours. Complete all work at each location during the normal working day.

ITEM 552: WIRE FENCE

The fencing twisted stays as shown on the applicable Wire Fence standards (WF) shall be replaced with standard line posts. The required fencing material shall be attached to these additional line posts as described for a typical line post. This work and materials are subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0913-22-055

DISTRICTYoakumCOUNTYGonzalesHIGHWAYCOUNTY ROAD 189, COUNTY ROAD 278, COUNTY ROAD 302, COUNTY ROAD 462

		CONTROL SECTION	_	0913-22	2-055	0913-22	2-056	0913-2	2-057	0913-2	2-058	_	
		PROJ	ECT ID	A0018	8283	A00188	8284	A0018	8285	A0018	8296		TOTAL
		C	OUNTY	Gonza	ales	Gonza	ales	Gonza	ales	Gonza	ales	TOTAL EST.	FINAL
		HIC	HWAY	COUNTY R	OAD 189	COUNTY R	OAD 278	COUNTY R	OAD 302	COUNTY R	OAD 462		
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	100-7002	PREPARING ROW	STA	2.900		3.750		3.000		7.000		16.650	
	110-7001	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	CY	1,475.000		311.000		81.000		725.000		2,592.000	
	110-7002	EXCAV (CHANNEL)	CY	507.000		700.000		36.000		740.000		1,983.000	
	132-7005	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY C)	CY	11.000		17.000		399.000		510.000		937.000	
	150-7002	BLADING	HR	16.000		16.000		16.000		16.000		64.000	
	164-7002	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL_CLAY)	SY	2,871.000		1,723.000		1,432.000		2,271.000		8,297.000	
	164-7005	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM)	SY	718.000		431.000		358.000		568.000		2,075.000	
	164-7006	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_COOL)	SY	718.000		431.000		358.000		568.000		2,075.000	
	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	24.200		14.600		12.000		38.400		89.200	
	169-7009	SOIL RET BLKT(SL_MOD_CLAY_SHORT_ROLL)	SY					1,025.000				1,025.000	
	247-7196	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY E GR 5)(FNAL POS)	CY	252.000		218.000		228.000		400.000		1,098.000	
	316-7016	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	227.000		185.000		205.000		361.000		978.000	
	316-7194	AGGR (TY-E, GR-5)(SAC-B)	CY	9.000		8.000		10.000		13.000		40.000	
	316-7232	AGGR (TY-PE, GR-4)(SAC-B)	CY	10.000		8.000		8.000		13.000		39.000	
	316-7264	ASPH (AC 20-5TR OR AC-20XP OR CRS-2P)	GAL	385.000		316.000		348.000		614.000		1,663.000	
	400-7010	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	30.000		71.000		26.000		25.000		152.000	
	416-7004	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	444.000				336.000		486.000		1,266.000	
	416-7006	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF			240.000						240.000	
	420-7012	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	23.600		38.000		20.400		21.000		103.000	
	420-7022	CL C CONC (CAP)	CY	15.400				13.200		13.800		42.400	
	420-7038	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	CY	4.500				8.400		4.200		17.100	
	422-7001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF			1,820.000						1,820.000	
	422-7007	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	SF	3,900.000				3,120.000		2,470.000		9,490.000	
	425-7001	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX28)	LF			278.000						278.000	
	425-7019	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	LF	742.120				592.500		467.420		1,802.040	
	432-7043	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	225.000		306.000		842.000		465.000		1,838.000	
	450-7024	RAIL (TY SSTR)	LF	328.000		188.000		264.000		214.000		994.000	
	454-7002	ARMOR JOINT	LF			44.000						44.000	
	454-7003	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)	LF	52.000				44.000		46.000		142.000	
	496-7009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000		4.000	
	496-7029	REMOV STR (CATTLE GUARD)	EA							1.000		1.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000								1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	7.000		6.000		6.000		6.000		25.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20.000						15.000		35.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	8.000						5.000		13.000	
	506-7006	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CY	2.000		4.000		6.000		4.000		16.000	
	506-7035	SANDBAGS FOR EROSION CONTROL	EA	160.000		60.000		92.000		86.000		398.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Gonzales	0913-22-057	5

Report Created On: Oct 4, 2024 1:27:01 PM



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0913-22-055

DISTRICTYoakumCOUNTYGonzalesHIGHWAYCOUNTY ROAD 189, COUNTY ROAD 278, COUNTY ROAD 302, COUNTY ROAD 462

		CONTROL SECTI	ои јов	0913-22	2-055	0913-2	2-056	0913-2	2-057	0913-2	2-058		
		PRO	PROJECT ID A00188283 COUNTY Gonzales		8283	A0018	8284	A0018	8285	A0018	8296	1	
		C			Gonza	ales	s Gonzales		Gonza	ales	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL	
		HI	GHWAY	COUNTY R	OAD 189	COUNTY R	OAD 278	COUNTY R	OAD 302	COUNTY R	OAD 462		1110/12
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	506-7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,060.000		394.000		615.000		571.000		2,640.000	
	506-7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,060.000		394.000		615.000		571.000		2,640.000	
	540-7001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF			50.000		100.000		50.000		200.000	
	540-7005	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA			4.000		4.000		4.000		12.000	
	540-7006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (TL2)	EA	4.000								4.000	
	544-7001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000		4.000		4.000		16.000	
	552-7001	WIRE FENCE (TY A)	LF			750.000		308.000		177.000		1,235.000	
	552-7003	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	LF	710.000		767.000		510.000		750.000		2,737.000	
	552-7010	WIRE FENCE (WATER GAP)	LF			38.000		132.000				170.000	
	552-7011	WIRE FENCE (REMOVE)	LF			767.000				750.000		1,517.000	
	644-7057	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	EA	6.000								6.000	
	658-7013	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	6.000		2.000		4.000		6.000		18.000	
	658-7019	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	6.000		8.000		12.000		12.000		38.000	
	4009-7001	CATTLE GUARD(24')	EA							1.000		1.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000								1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000								1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Gonzales	0913-22-057	5A

Report Created On: Oct 4, 2024 1:27:01 PM

			FLEX BASE		100	150	247	SUF	RFACE		3	16		496	552	552	552	552
					*	**				PRIME	COAT	SEAL	COAT		***			
LOCATION	LENGTH	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	AVG. DEPTH	PREPARING ROW	BLADING	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY E GR 5) (FNAL POS)	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR (TY-E, GR-5) (SAC-B)	AGGR (TY-PE, GR-4)(SAC-B)	ASPH (AC 20-5TR OR AC-20XP OR CRS-2P)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	WIRE FENCE (REMOVE)	WIRE FENCE (TY A)	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	WIRE FENCE (WATER GAP)
							8"			0.20 GAL/SY	1 CY/140 SY	1 CY/130 SY	0.34 GAL/SY					
	FT	FT	FT	IN	STA	HR	CY	FT	FT	GAL	CY	CY	GAL	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF
CSJ: 0913-22-057 - CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK						16												
STA 100+20.00 TO STA 100+78.00	58.0	24.0	31.0	8			38	23.0	30.0	34	2	1	58		76	57	95	
STA 100+78.00 TO STA 101+84.00	106.0	31.0	31.0	8	1.0		78	30.0	30.0	70	3	3	119		124	100	106	
BRIDGE	120.0				1.0						-	-		1	120		120	132
STA 103+04.00 TO STA 104+09.00	105.0	31.0	31.0	8	1.0		77	30.0	30.0	70	3	3	118		105	100	105	
STA 104+09.00 TO STA 104+60.00	51.0	31.0	26.0	8			35	30.0	25.0	31	2	1	53		85	51	84	
PROJECT TOTAL					3.0	16	228			205	10	8	348	1	510	308	510	132

^{*} TREE AND EXISTING FENCE REMOVAL IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 100 PREP ROW

^{***} TEMPORARY TYPE C FENCE REMOVAL SHALL BE PAID UNDER ITEM 552 WIRE FENCE (REMOVE)

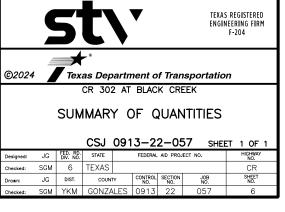
	164	164	164	166	168	169	432	506	506	506	506
				***		OO! DET DUKT	DIDDAD (OTOLIE	!		TEL 10 0501 17	TELLE OFFILE
LOCATION	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL_CLAY)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_COOL)	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RET BLKT (SL_MOD_CLAY _SHORT_ROLL)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SANDBAGS FOR EROSION CONTROL	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
				500 LBS/AC	13.6 TGL/AC/MO						
	SY	SY	SY	TON	TGL	SY	CY	CY		LF	LF
CSJ: 0913-22-057 - CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK											
STA 100+20.00 TO STA 100+78.00	357	89	89	0.02	3.0	357			17		
STA 100+78.00 TO STA 101+84.00	489	122	122	0.03	4.1	489		4	38		
BRIDGE							842				
STA 103+04.00 TO STA 104+09.00	355	89	89	0.02	3.0	157		2	16		
STA 104+09.00 TO STA 104+60.00	230	58	58	0.01	1.9	22			21		
BMP #1										115	115
BMP #2										255	255
BMP #3										105	105
BMP #4										140	140
PROJECT TOTAL	1432	358	358	0.07	12.0	1025	842	6	92	615	615

*** FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY
! TO BE PLACED AS NEEDED AT DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER, TXDOT TO RETAIN ITEMS AFTER COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT. COST FOR TRANSPORT OF UNUSED ROCK INCLUDED IN THE PRICE BID FOR ROCK FILTER DAMS

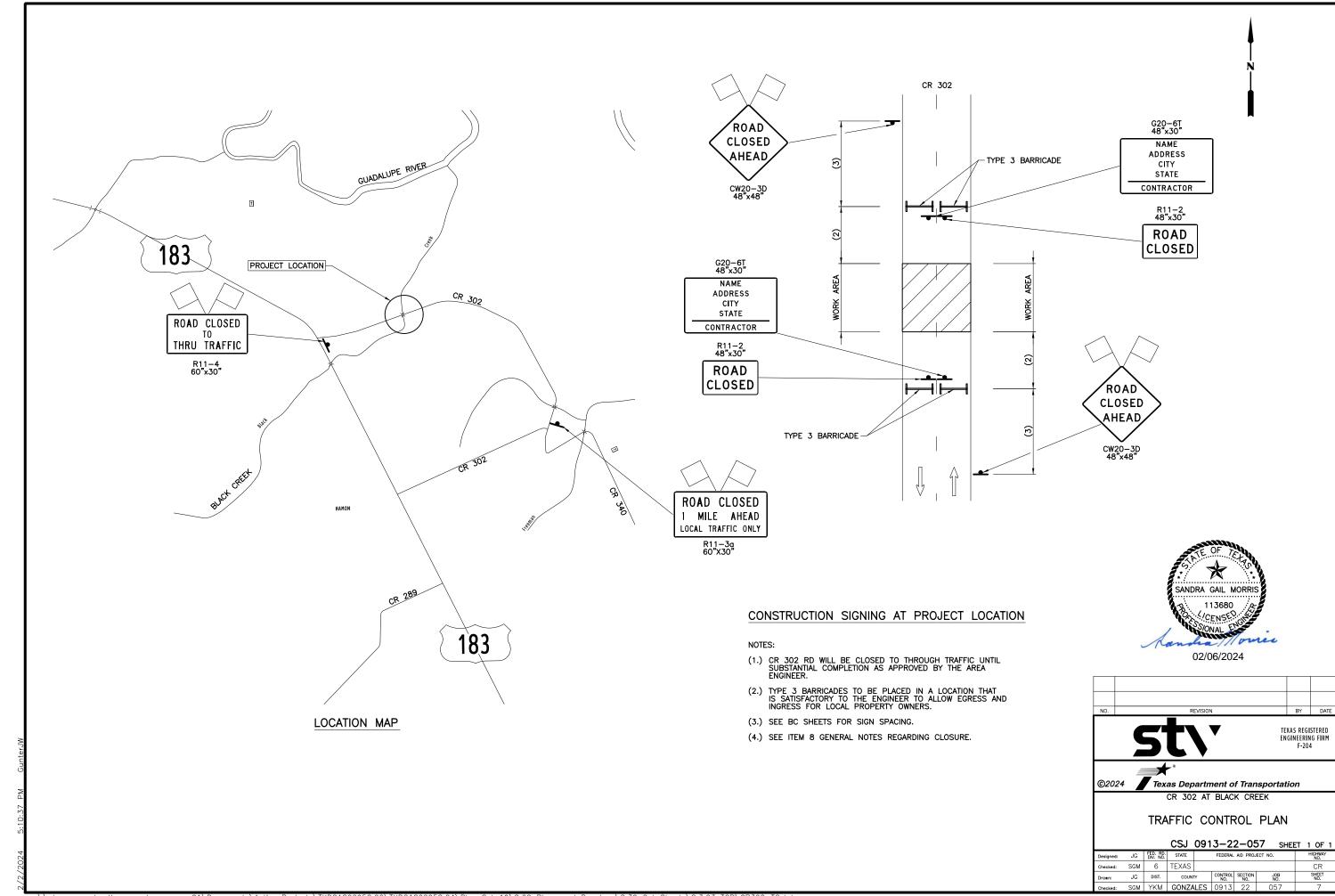
	110	110	132
LOCATION	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	EXCAV (CHANNEL)	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY C)
	CY	CY	CY
CSJ: 0913-22-057 - CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK			
STA 100+20.00	0		0.00
STA 100+25.00	2		1.00
STA 100+50.00	9		11.00
STA 100+75.00	5		28.00
STA 101+00.00	1		44.00
STA 101+25.00	0		69.00
STA 101+50.00	0		62.00
STA 101+75.00	0		123.00
BRIDGE	0	36	0.00
STA 103+00.00	26		0.00
STA 103+25.00	13		12.00
STA 103+50.00	0		20.00
STA 103+75.00	1		15.00
STA 104+00.00	3		9.00
STA 104+25.00	6		3.00
STA 104+40.00	10		1.00
STA 104+60.00	5		1.00
PROJECT TOTAL	81	36	399

SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS, DELINEATOR	AND OBJECT MARK	KER QUANTITIES
	658	658
LOCATION	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF) CTB (BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)
	EA	EA
OC 1. 0047 00 057 OD 700 AT DIAOK ODEEK		
CSJ: 0913-22-057 - CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK		
STA 100+20.00 TO STA 100+78.00		
STA 100+78.00 TO STA 101+84.00		6
BRIDGE	4	
STA 103+04.00 TO STA 104+09.00		6
STA 104+09.00 TO STA 104+60.00		
PROJECT TOTAL	4	12

	540	540	544
LOCATION	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)
	LF	EA	EA
CSJ: 0913-22-057 - CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK			
STA 100+20.00 TO STA 100+78.00			
STA 100+78.00 TO STA 101+84.00	50	2	2
BRIDGE			
STA 103+04.00 TO STA 104+09.00	50	2	2
STA 104+09.00 TO STA 104+60.00			
PROJECT TOTAL	100	4	4



^{**} ESTIMATED QUANTITY



- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended
- to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×D0</td><td>CK: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×D0	CK: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
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	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10	5-21	YKM		GONZAL	ES		8

- (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

WORK

⅓ MILE

CW20-1E

 \times \times G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION ★ ★ G20-9TP ZONE ★ X R20-5T FINES DOLIBL X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES FND * X G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTl INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES € 80' Limit WORK ZONE G20-26T X X min BEGIN WORK \times \times G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 \triangleleft

 \Rightarrow

R20-3

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SI7F

SPACING

ıy/	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600 ²
	65	700 2
	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
	*	* 3

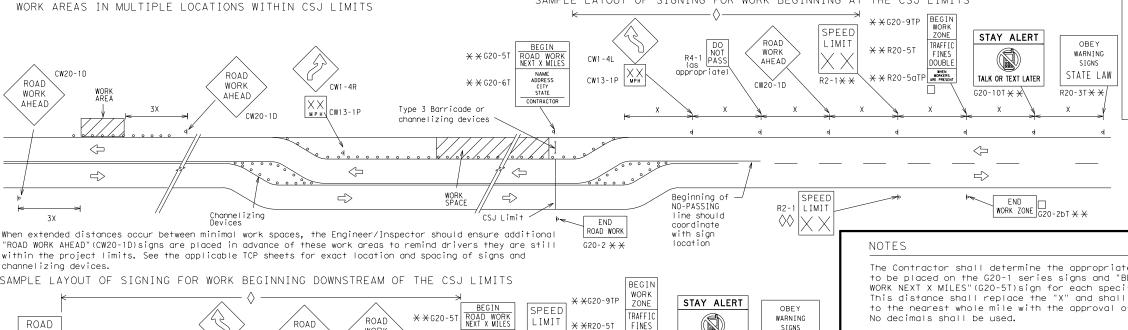
Sign onventional Expressway Number Freeway or Series CW201 CW21 CW22 48" × 48 48" x 48 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 48" × 48 $36'' \times 36'$ CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48' 48" x 48 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

 \times \times R20-5aTF

R2-1

-CSJ Limi

CONTRACTOR

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END

WORK ZONE G20-2bT X X

SHEET 2 OF 12

LEGEND

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

See Typical Construction

Warning Sign Size and

Spacing chart or the

TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0913	22	057			CR
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	YKM		GONZAL	S		9

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

devices

B

Barricade or

channelizina

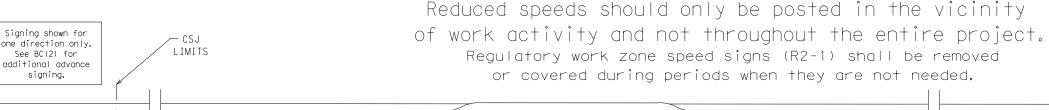
CW1 - 4

CW13-1P

Channelizina

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for additional advance signing.

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

G20-5aP

See General

(750' - 1500')

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

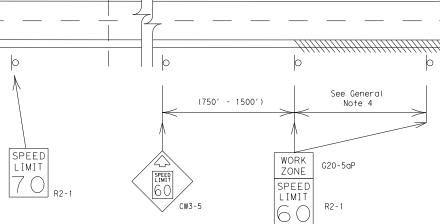
G20-5aP

R2-1

CSJ LIMITS

SPEED

LIMIT



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

16 (

G20-5aP

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

SPEED

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

See General Note 4

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



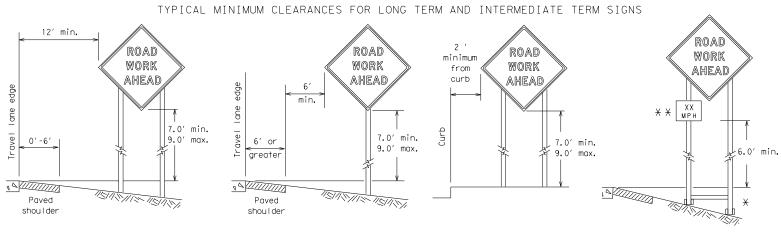
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

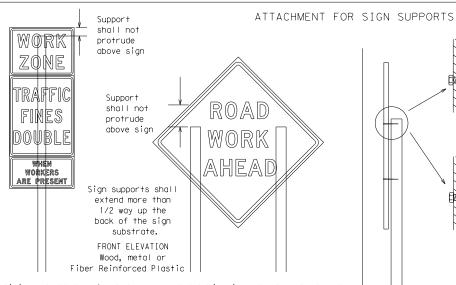
BC(3)-21

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1-13	3-21	YKM		GONZALE	ES		10



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



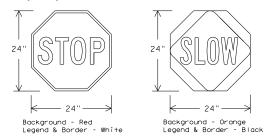
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN ⁻	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND RED		TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- 2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4)-21

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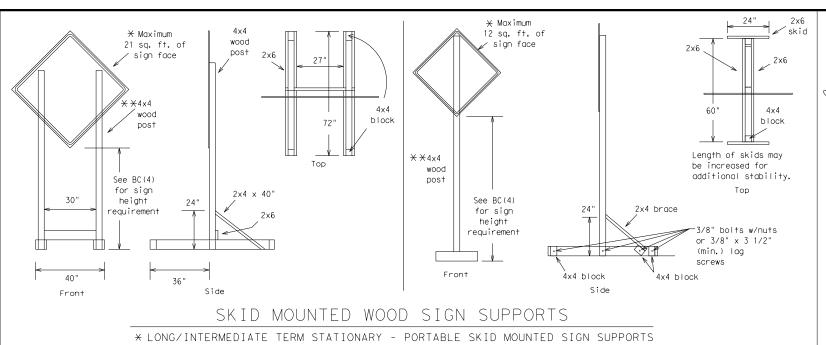


going in opposite directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

- weld starts here

weld, do not



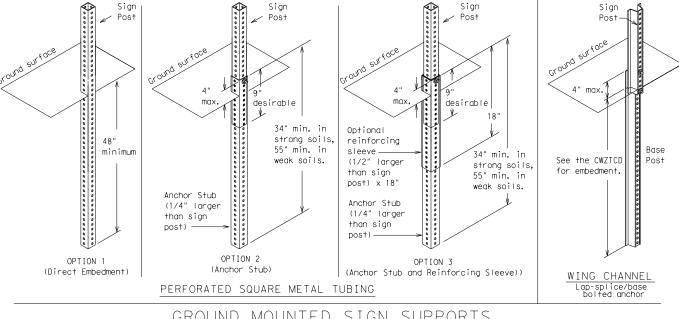
-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

SKI

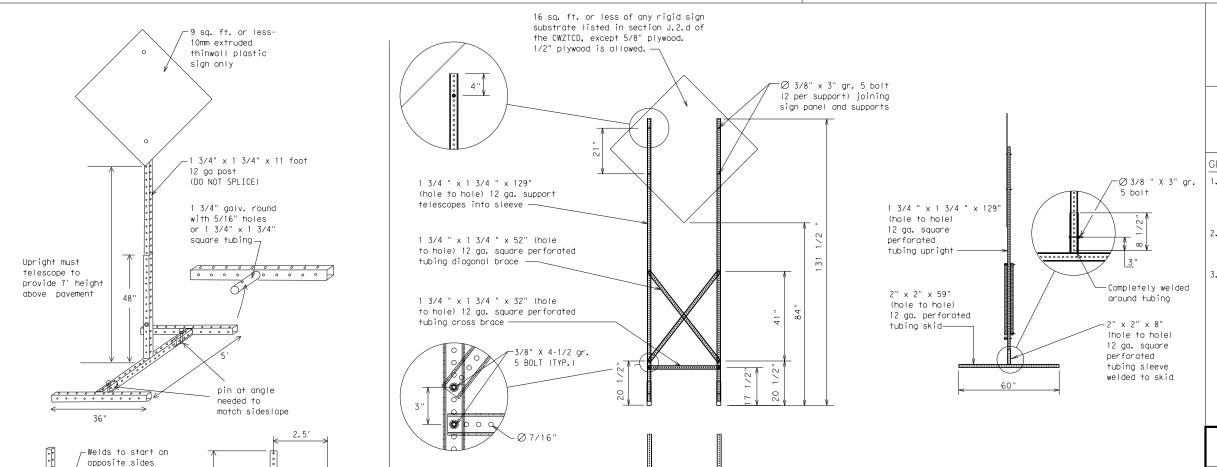
SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- 2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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. D	MOUNTED	PERFO	RATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	SUPPORTS
	* LONG/INT	ERMEDIATE	TERM STA	ATIONARY - F	ORTABLE S	KID MOUNTED	SIGN SUP	PORTS

32′

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,' "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	AL T	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	VINO	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	L III NOI	THOM
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN
EXIT	RIGHT LN	BUMP	US XXX
CLOSED	TO BE	XXXX FT	EXIT

CLOSED TO BE CLOSED

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED

XXXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

X LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in P

TRAFFIC

SIGNAL

XXXX FT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		/Effect on Travel .ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
*	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
Phase 2.	STAY IN LANE	×	* * S	ee Application Guidelin	es Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.

9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

X MILES

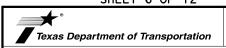
LANES

SHIFT

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



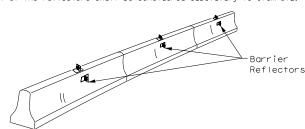
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

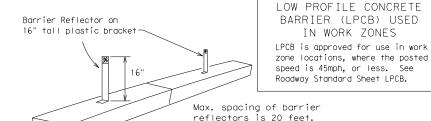
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C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0913	22	057			CR
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	YKM		GONZALE	ES		13

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-auglified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



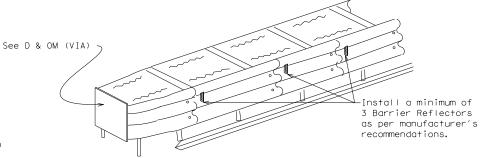
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



manufacturer's recommendations. LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per



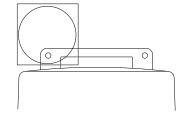
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

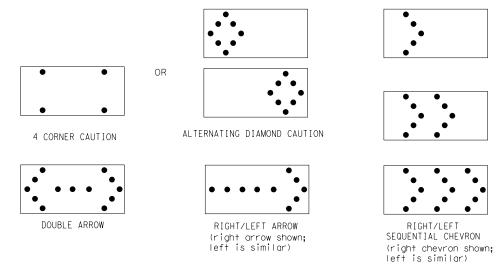
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE					
В	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile					
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile					

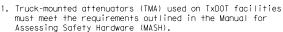
ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS



- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- n the plans 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

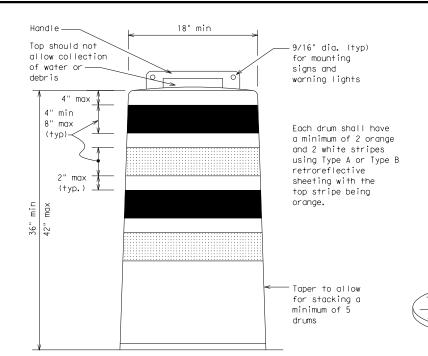
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

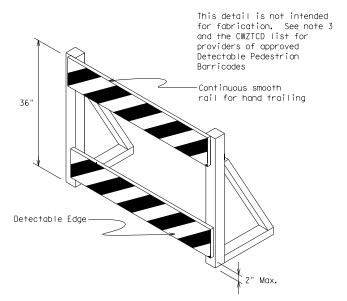
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

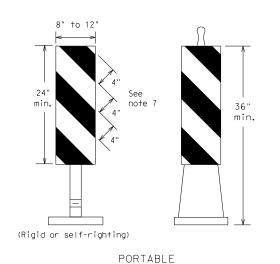


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

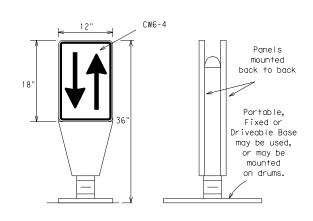
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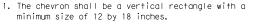
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{or}\,\mathsf{Type}\,\,C_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

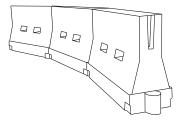


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

Min.

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45 ′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50 5	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55´	110′	
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>′</i>	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

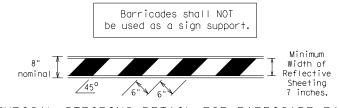
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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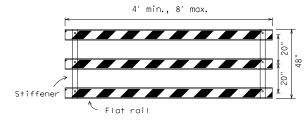
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

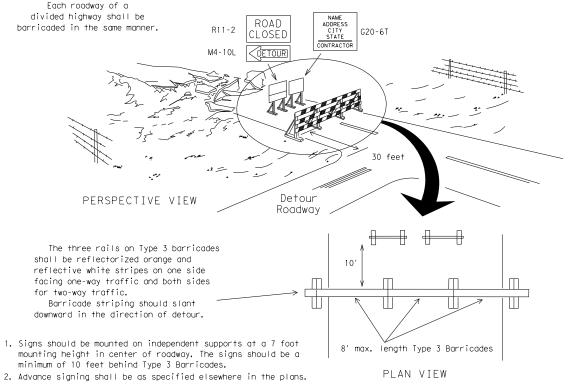


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL
FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light ums work or yellow warning reflector um of two dru across the v Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 A mi and maximum of 4 drums)

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. orange

4" min. white

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 28" min.

PLAN VIEW

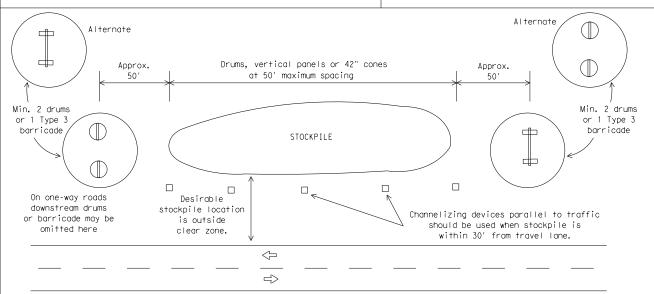
2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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7-13	5-21	YKM		GONZALE	S		17

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

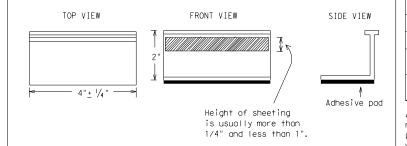
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



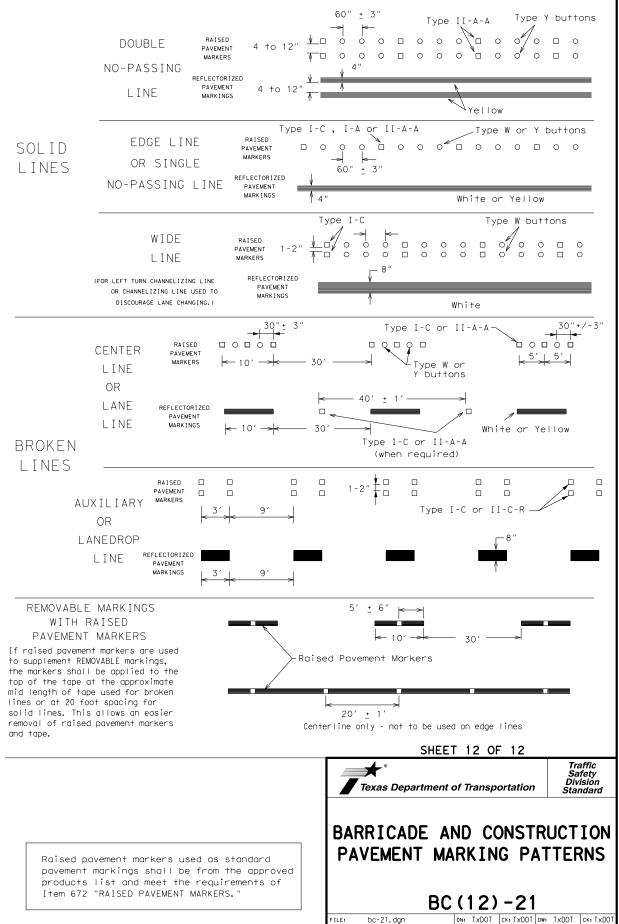
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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e: bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×D0	T CK: TXDOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -98 9-07 5-21	0913	22	057			CR
-98 9-07 5-21 -02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-02 8-14	YKM		GONZAL	ES		18

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 10 to 12" Yellow RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A -Type II-A-A 000000000000000 Type Y 4 to 8" Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons--Type I-C or II-C-R Yellow Type I-A-Type Y buttons Type I-A Type Y buttons 5> Yellow White Type W buttons-─Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type W buttons--Type I-C 0000 0000 White / ∕-Type II-A-A Type Y buttons , _ o o o _ o o o _ o o o _ o o _ ₹> 5 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons -Type I-Cпорог попоп Type Y buttons 0000 4> 0000 Type W buttons--Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



◯TxDOT February 1998

REVISION 1-97 9-07 5-21

2-98 7-13 11-02 **8-14**

CONT SECT

0913 22

JOB

057

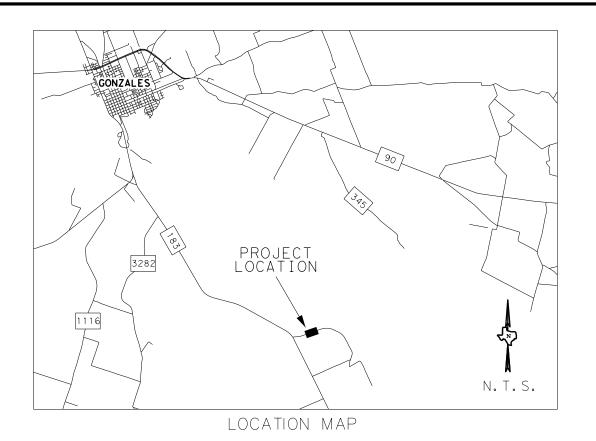
GONZALES

HIGHWAY

CR

SHEET NO.

19





N.T.S.

/ BARBED WIRE FENCE	BARBED WIRE FENCE
BARBEO WITC FEROE	CP#1
CR 302 (GRAVEL)	CR 302 (GRAVEL)
CP#4 BARBED WIRE FENCE	BARBED WIRE FENCE

CONTROL	SURFACE CO	OORDINATES	NAVD 88	GRID COOR	DINATES	DESCRIPTION	
POINT	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING		
CP#1	13,703,322.598	2,489,487.074	264.223	13,701,541.398	2,489,163.483	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"	
CP#2	13,703,180.641	2,489,106.648	256.705	13,701,399.459	2,488,783.106	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"	
CP#3	13,703,094.955	2,488,946.144	255.312	13,701,313.784	2,488,622.623	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"	
CP#4	13, 702, 973. 815	2,488,623.003	257.696	13,701,192.660	2,488,299.524	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"	

NOTES:

HORIZONTAL COORDINATES SHOWN ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET, AND ARE BASED UPON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF NAD '83 (HARN '93) TEXAS SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE 4204, WITH A SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00013. VALUES WERE DERIVED UTILIZING THE TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE STATION NETWORK IN APRIL, 2023.

ELEVATIONS ARE BASED UPON NAVD '88 DATUM (GEOID 2018) DERIVED FROM UTILIZING THE TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE STATION NETWORK IN APRIL, 2023.

LEGEND

5/8" IRON ROD W/ RED PLASTIC CAP SET "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.





2/5/2024





TBPELS FIRM REGISTRATION NUMBER 10194305

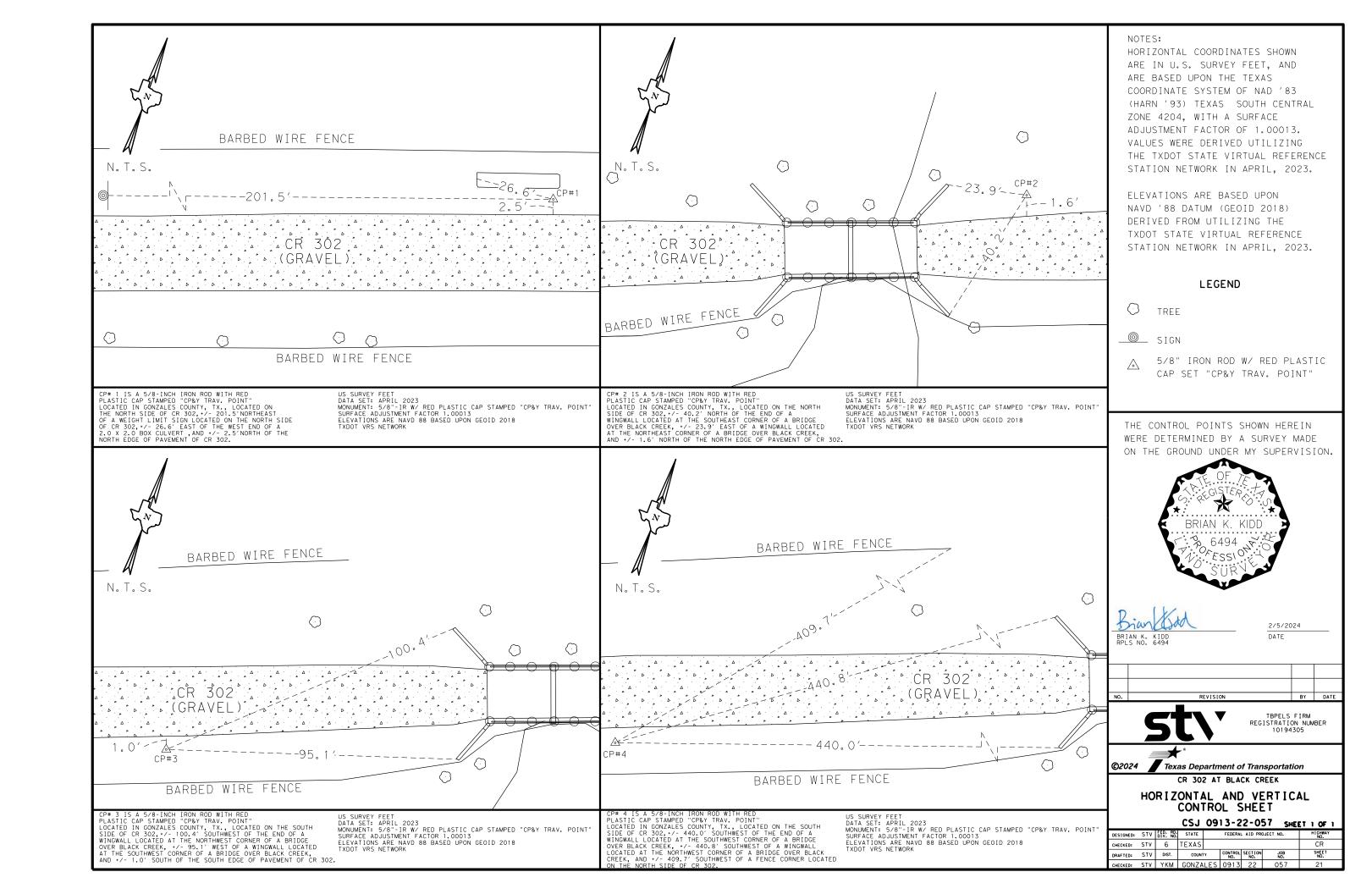
©2024 Texas Department of Transportation

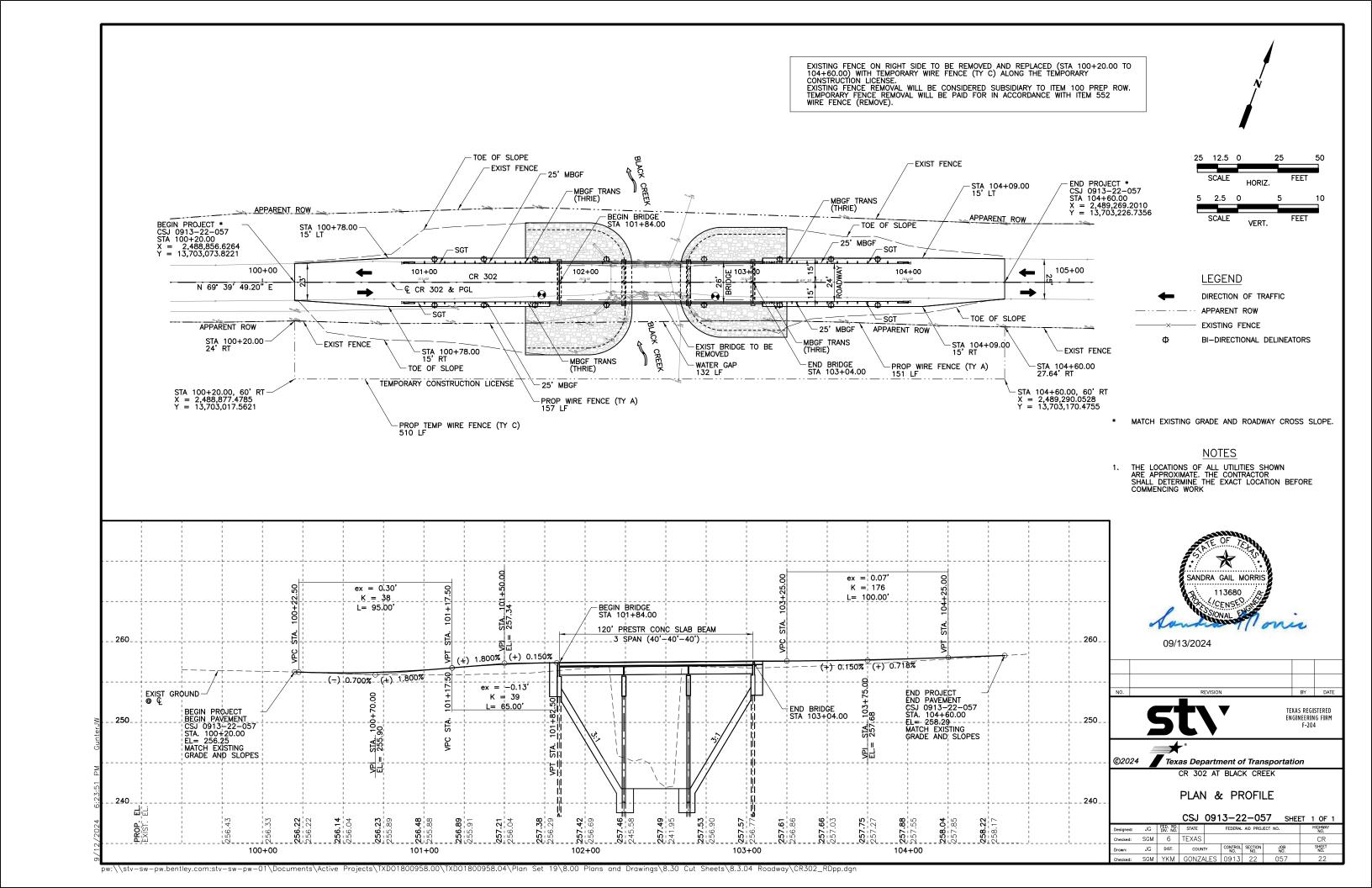
CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX SHEET

CSJ 0913-22-057 SHEET 1 OF 1

DESIGNED:	STV	DIV. NO.	STATE		FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.			NO.
CHECKED:	STV	6	TEXAS				CR	
DRAFTED:	STV	DIST.	COUNT	Y	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHECKED:	STV	YKM	GONZA	LES	0913	22	057	20



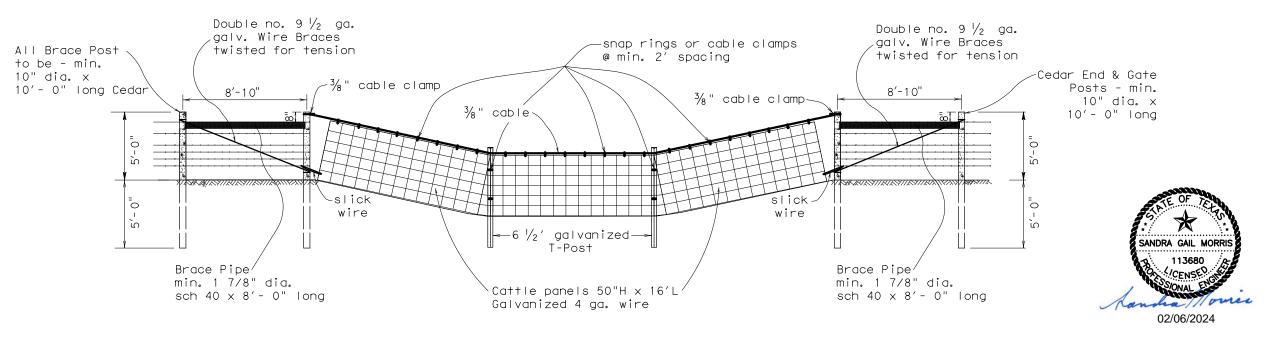


TYPE "A" FENCE

6 strands of

NOTES:

- 1. Twisted brace wire to be double wrapped around the bottom and top of each brace post.
- 2. Drive 3 16 penny dipped galv nails half way into each brace post on a 1 1/4" dia. to hold the 1 7/8" brace pipe in place.
- 3. Barbed Wire shall be mechanically stretched.
- 4. Braced Post and Line Post to be backfilled and tamped
- 5. Excess dirt to be piled up around base of each post after tamping.
- 6. Second brace is needed when the length of fence between PIs is greater than or equal to 200'.
- 7. The Type "A" Fence & Wire Gap will be paid for, under Item 552 Wire Fence (Ty A).
- 8. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121(Class 1) Design designation 12-2-4-1 or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.
- 9. Barbed Wire shall be placed on the side of the post toward livestock.



DETAIL OF WATER GAP

WIRE FENCE AND WATER GAP DETAILS

*	<i>Texas</i> ©2023 a₁	Department of Tran Texas Department of Transistance of Trans	asportation cansportation
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6			23

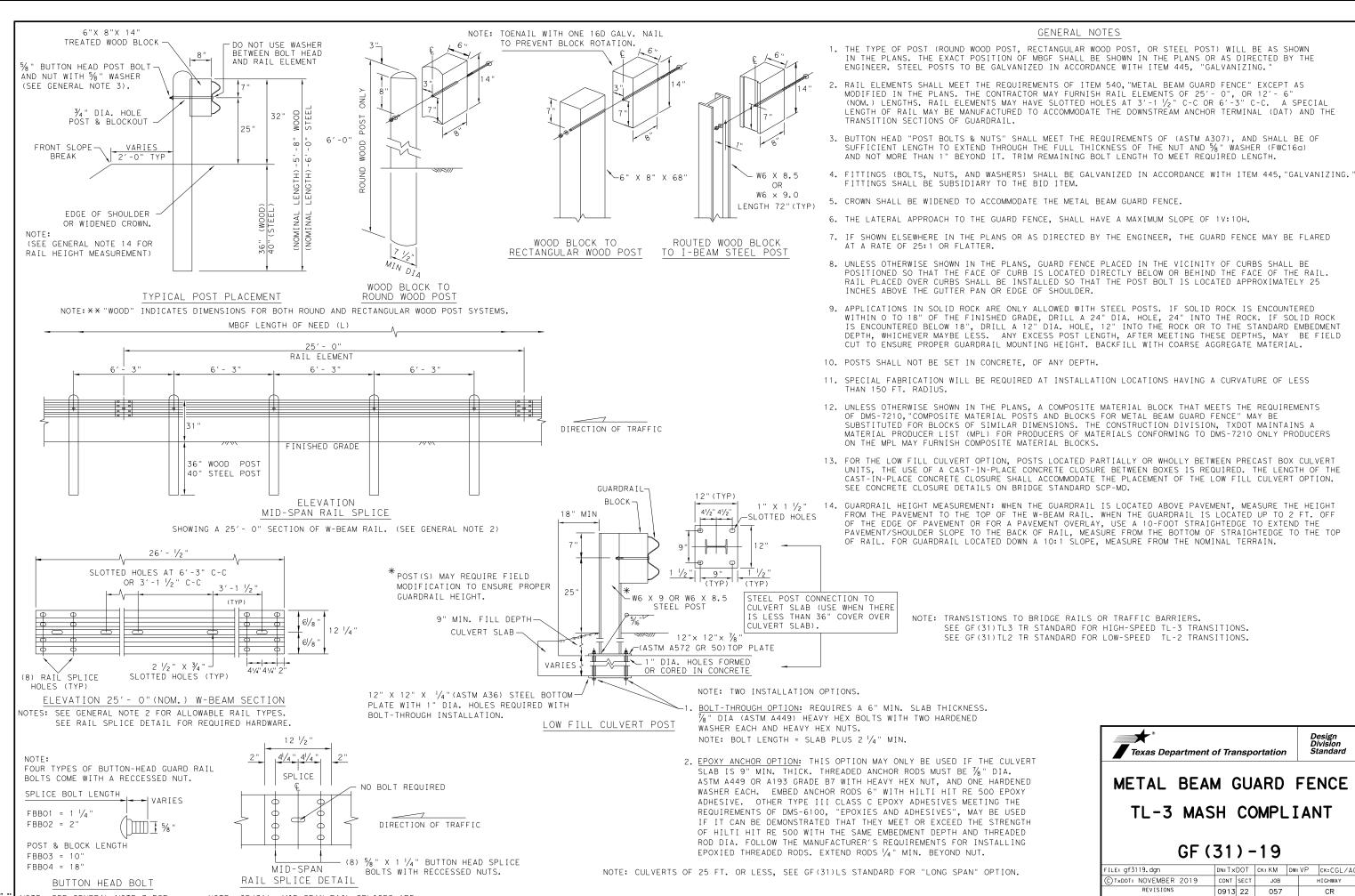
DIV.NO.	,	PROJECT NO.		NO.		
6				23		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	YKM	GONZALES				
CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.				
0913	22	057 CR				

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

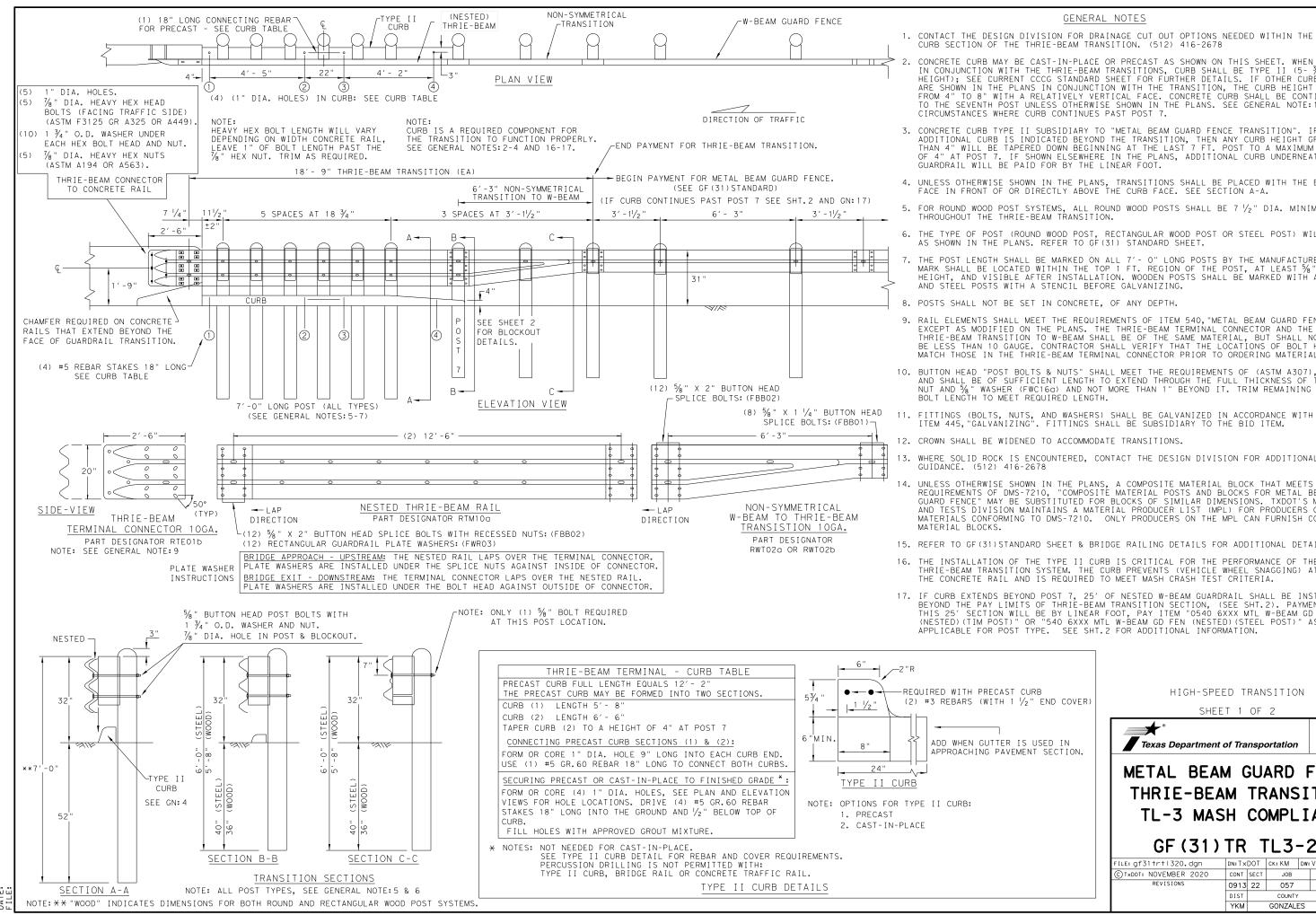
REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.



SHEET NO

24

GONZALES



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- 3/4" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- 6. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST $\frac{5}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STÉEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND $\frac{5}{8}$ " WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF(31)STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 1 OF 2



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

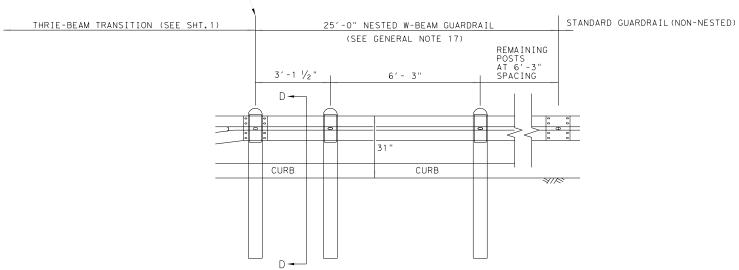
GF (31) TR TL3-20

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©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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	YKM		GONZALES 25		25		

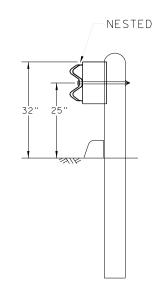
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)

END PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION. BEGIN PAYMENT FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.

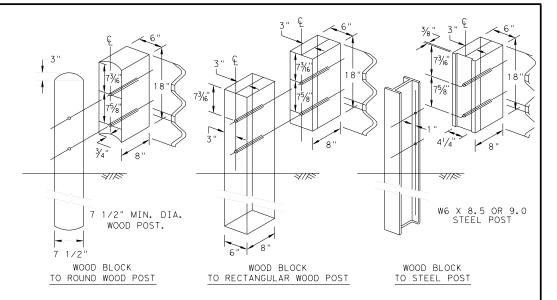
(SEE GF (31) STANDARD SHEET)



ELEVATION VIEW



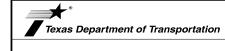
SECTION D-D



THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



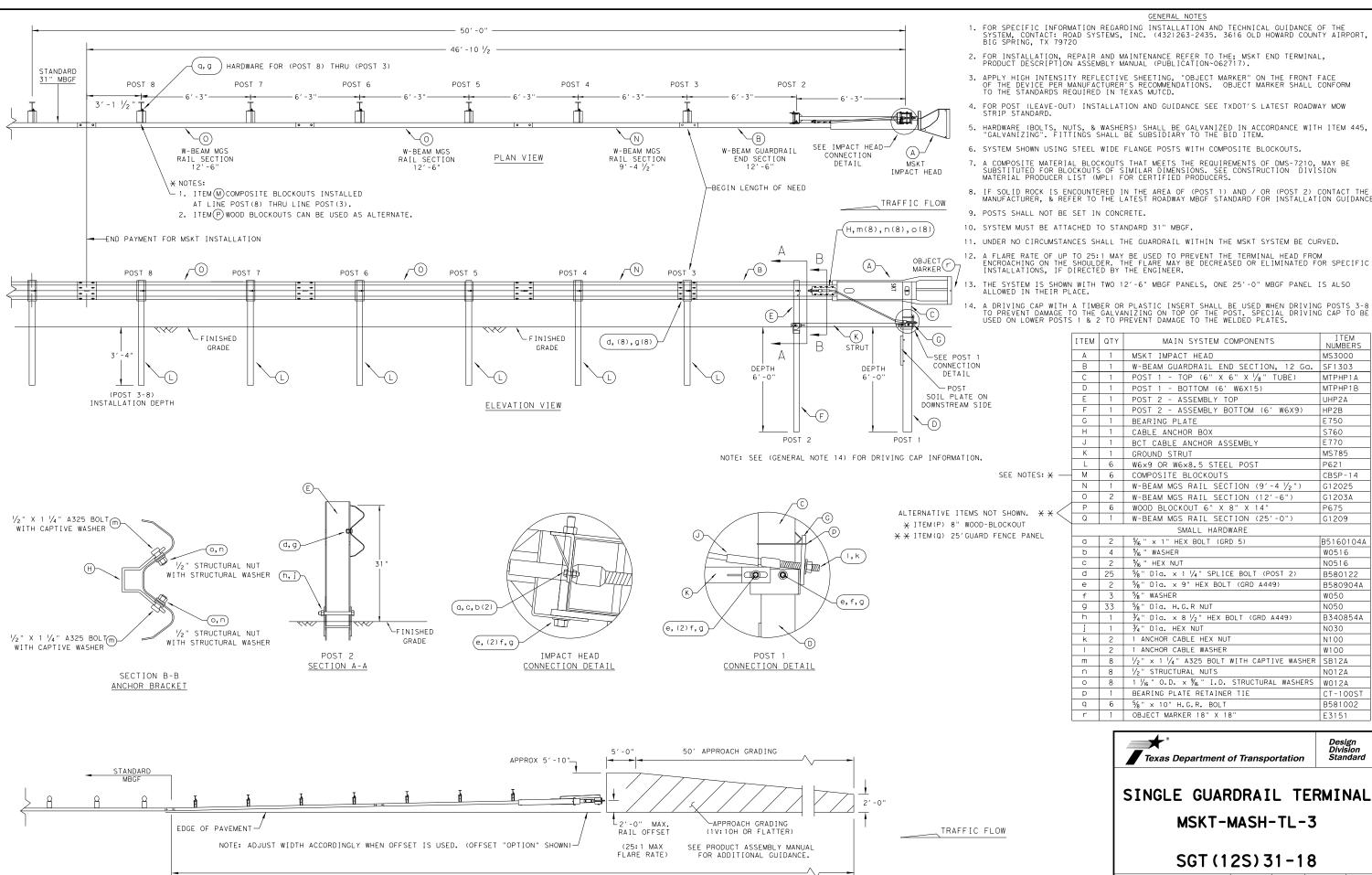
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

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©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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	DIST	COUNTY SH			SHEET NO.
	YKM	GONZALES 26			26

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT

USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.



APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

ILE: sgt12s3118.dgr DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK: CL TxDOT: APRIL 2018 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS 0913 22 057 CR DIST COUNTY SHEET NO GONZALES 27

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

P621

MS785

CRSP-14

G12025

G1203A

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050 B340854A

N030

N100

N012A

W012A

E3151

CT - 100S

B581002

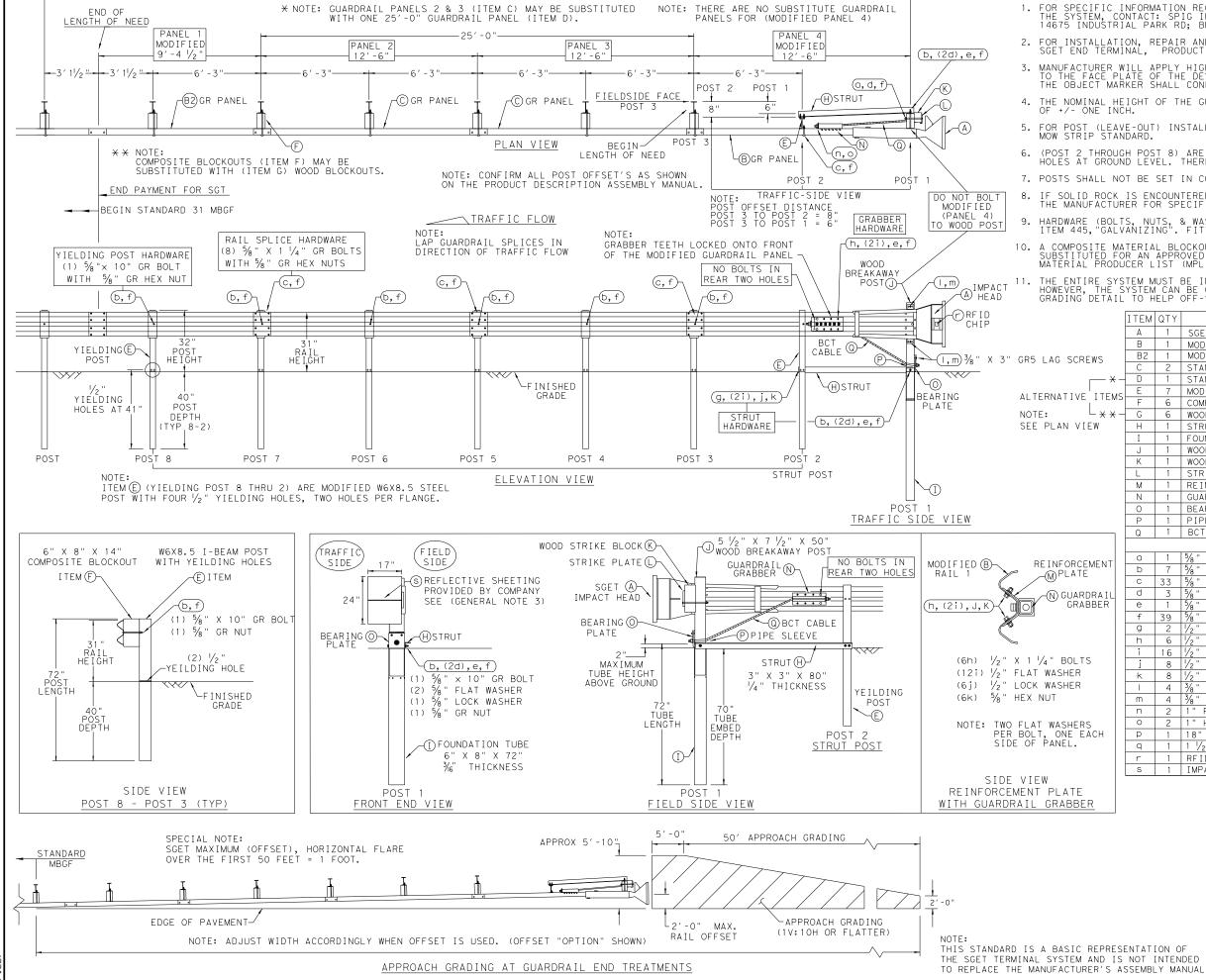
Design Division Standard

B580122

B580904A

B5160104A

SF1303



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.



MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

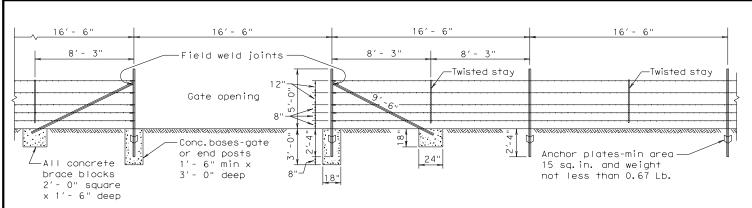


Design Division Standard

ITFM #

SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

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<u> </u>	FILE: sgt153120.dgn	DN: Tx[тоот	CK: KM	CK: VP		
REVISIONS 0913 22 057 CR	CTxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.		DIST				SHEET NO.	
YKM GONZALES 28		YKM				28	



16' - 6" 16' - 6" 16' - 6" ield weld joints No.10 ga. galv. top & bottom line wires Gate opening No. 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ga. Conc.bases-gate galv. Tine wires or end posts -All concrete & vertical stays 1'- 6" min x Anchor plates-min area brace blocks 3'- 0" deep 2'- 0" square 15 sq.in. and weight not less than 0.67 Lb. x 1'- 6" deep

SECTION GALVANIZED BARBED WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

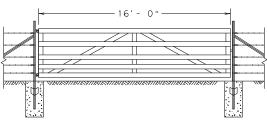
TYPE "C" FENCE (See General Note 8) Note: For Steel pipe and T-Post requirements. (See General Notes 6 & 7)

SECTION GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS

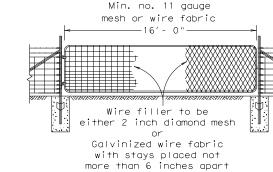
BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

TYPE "D" FENCE (See General Note 8)

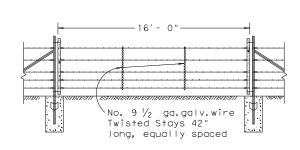
Metal gate shall consist of 5 panels not less than 4' - 4" high and shall be aluminum or galvanized metal and of good quality. Gate and hardware shall meet the approval of the engineer.



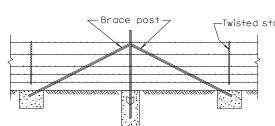
DETAIL TYPE 1 GATE

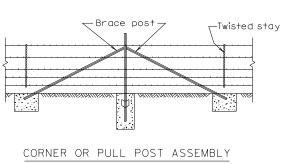


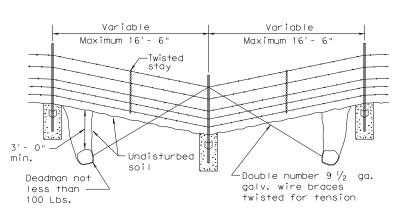
DETAIL TYPE 2 GATE

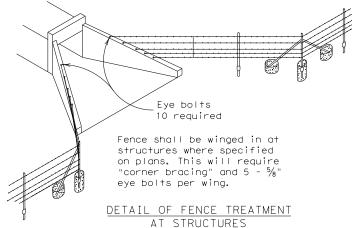


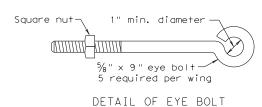
DETAIL TYPE 3 GATE

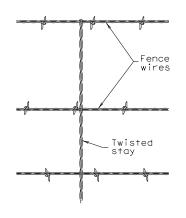












DETAIL OF STAY (Barbed Wire Fence:

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire mesh shall be excavated to provide a 2 inch clearance.
- 2. Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good commercial quality and design latch of the spring, fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable to the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be a commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.
- 4. Concrete shall be of the design and consistency approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings are to be crowned at the top to shed water.
- 5. Steel anchor plates shall be of a design and thickness sufficient to prevent turning of the post in firm soil.
- 6. Steel pipe end posts, corner and pull posts shall be a minimum of 2" Std. pipe (2.375" O.D., 0.154" wall thickness) with a $1\frac{1}{4}$ " Std. pipe brace (1.660" O.D., 0.140" wall thickness), with a 2"x2"x1/4" angle, or other as approved by the Engineer. Fasteners for securing barbed wire or woven wire fence to metal posts shall be a minimum of 11 gauge galvanized steel wire. Tubular posts shall be fitted with water malleable iron caps.
- 7. If Steel pipe is used for posts and braces, use standard pipe in accordance with ASTM A 53, Class B or A 501. For T-Posts use steel that meets ASTM A 702. Metal line posts shall be not less than 6'-6" in length and shall weigh not less than (1.33 lbs./lin.ft.). These Items shall be in accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence.
- 8. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121, Class 1 Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.

Woven Wire Fence (Type D) shall be in accordance with ASTM A 116, Class 1 No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the plans, or as approved by the Engineer.

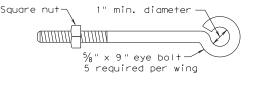
9. The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere in these plans.



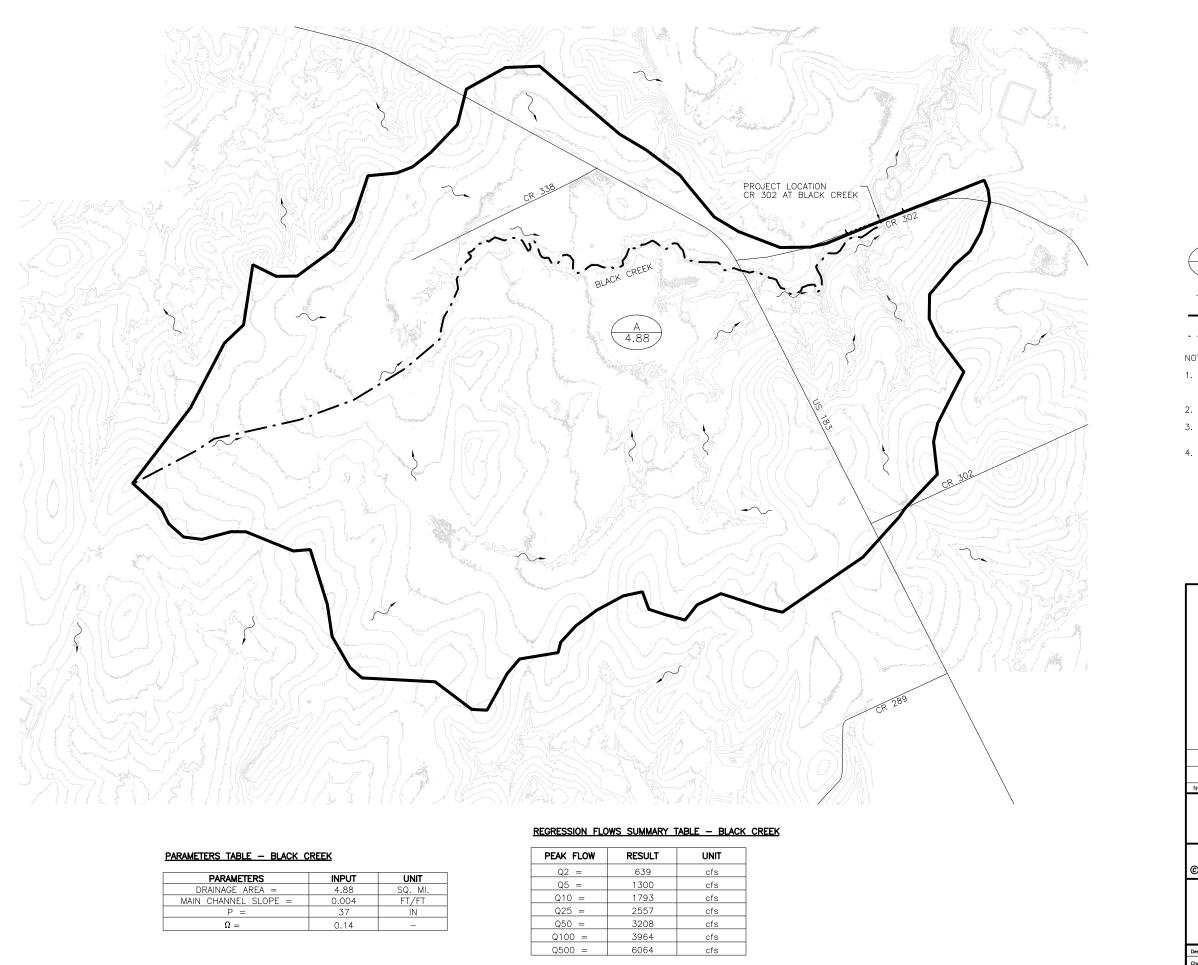
BARBED WIRE AND **WOVEN WIRE FENCE** (STEEL POSTS)

WF(2)-10

FILE:	wf210.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	CK: AM	ow: VP	CK:	
© TxD0T	1996	CONT	SECT	JOB		H [GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0913	22	057		CR	
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		YKM	CONZALES			20	



DETAIL OF FENCE SAG



1000 500 0 1000 2000

LEGEND



→ AREA I.D.



DIRECTION OF FLOW

DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

TIME OF CONCENTRATION FLOW PATH

NOTES:

- OFF-SITE CONTOURS OBTAINED FROM USGS DATA HUB (2019 HURRICANE 70 CM LIDAR HYPSOGRAPHY).
- 2. CONTOURS ARE SHOWN AT 5-FOOT INTERVALS.
- HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS WERE COMPUTED USING OMEGA EM REGRESSION EQUATIONS.
- 4. DESIGN STORM EVENT: 50-YEAR (2%-AEP) CHECK STORM EVENT: 100-YEAR (1%-AEP)



RTG RODRIGUEZ TRANSPORTATION GROUP

Texas Department of Transportation CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK

DRAINAGE AREA MAP

CSJ 0913-22-057

6 TEXAS

S 2701 S 200 PROJECT LOCATION OR SOZ AT BLACK CREEK OR SOZ AT BLACK CREEK

HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION LAYOUT SCALE: 1" = 1000'

Plan: Post-Project

6000

Main Channel Distance (ft)

HEC-RAS PROFILE

Black_Creek

265

260-

255

€ 250-

245-

240

235-

230

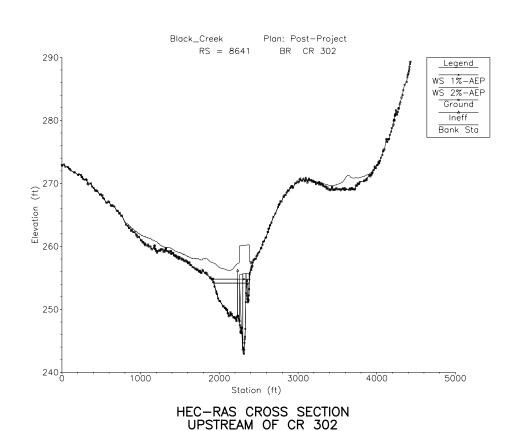
2000

HEC-RAS OUTPUT SUMMARY TABLE

		Q Total	Pre-F	Project	Post-Project		
River Sta	Profile	Q Total	W.S. Elev	Vel Chnl	W.S. Elev	Vel Chnl	
		(cfs)	(ft)	(ft/s)	(ft)	(ft/s)	
12642	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	261.81	6.75	261.81	6.76	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	262.56	7.74	262.55	7.77	
12286	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	261.21	4.94	261.21	4.95	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	261.94	5.33	261.93	5.35	
11524	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	259.87	6.74	259.84	6.79	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	260.68	6.86	260.63	6.95	
10372	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	258.09	4.55	258.00	4.62	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	259.01	4.63	258.83	4.81	
9881	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	257.22	6.04	257.07	6.22	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	258.16	6.28	257.86	6.62	
9066	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	255.53	6.84	254.69	8.11	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	256.56	7.11	255.42	8.63	
8683	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	255.26	4.25	254.54	4.00	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	256.80	1.99	255.25	4.45	
8641 CR 302		Bridge					
8593	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	254.06	5.65	254.06	5.11	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	254.69	6.26	254.71	5.53	
8240	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	251.64	10.36	251.64	10.36	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	252.13	11.12	252.13	11.12	
7791	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	250.01	3.54	250.01	3.54	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	250.58	3.49	250.58	3.49	
7113	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	248.80	5.41	248.80	5.41	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	249.47	5.49	249.47	5.49	
6438	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	247.75	4.26	247.75	4.26	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	248.47	4.42	248.47	4.42	
5030	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	243.74	7.61	243.74	7.61	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	244.44	8.00	244.44	8.00	
4285	2%-AEP (50-YR)	3208	240.03	7.75	240.03	7.75	
	1%-AEP (100-YR)	3964	240.74	8.32	240.74	8.32	

NOTES:

- HEC-RAS VERSION 6.4.1 WAS USED FOR THE HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS. A SLOPE OF 0.004 FT/FT WAS USED TO CALCULATE THE NORMAL DEPTH AS THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITION FOR BOTH THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONDITIONS.
- 2. PEAK FLOW RATES CALCULATED USING OMEGA EM REGRESSION EQUATIONS WERE UTILIZED FOR THE HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS.
- 3. THE PROJECT IS LOCATED WITHIN A ZONE A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA FOR BLACK CREEK PER FEMA FIRM PANEL 48177C0425C DATED DECEMBER 3, 2010.
- 4. COORDINATION WITH THE GONZALES COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR OCCURRED ON 02/02/2024.



ANDRES M. CARDENAS

88453

2/2/2024

RODRIGUEZ

TRANSPORTATION

GROUP

FIRM #587

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Texas Department of Transportation

CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK

HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

CSJ 0913—22—057

Designed: FED RO. STATE FEDERAL AND PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY.

Checked: 6 TEXAS CR

SHEET 1 OF 1

SHEET NO.

pw:\\stv-sw-pw.bentley.com:stv-sw-pw-01\Documents\Active Projects\TXD01800958.00\TXD01800958.04\Plan Set 19\8.00 Plans and Drawings\8.30 Cut Sheets\8.3.06 Drainage\RTG\CR302_DR_hds.dgn

8000

Legend

WS 1%-AEP

WS 2%-AEP

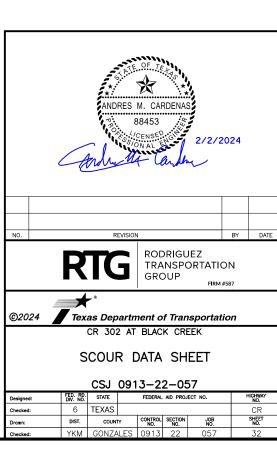
Ground

10000

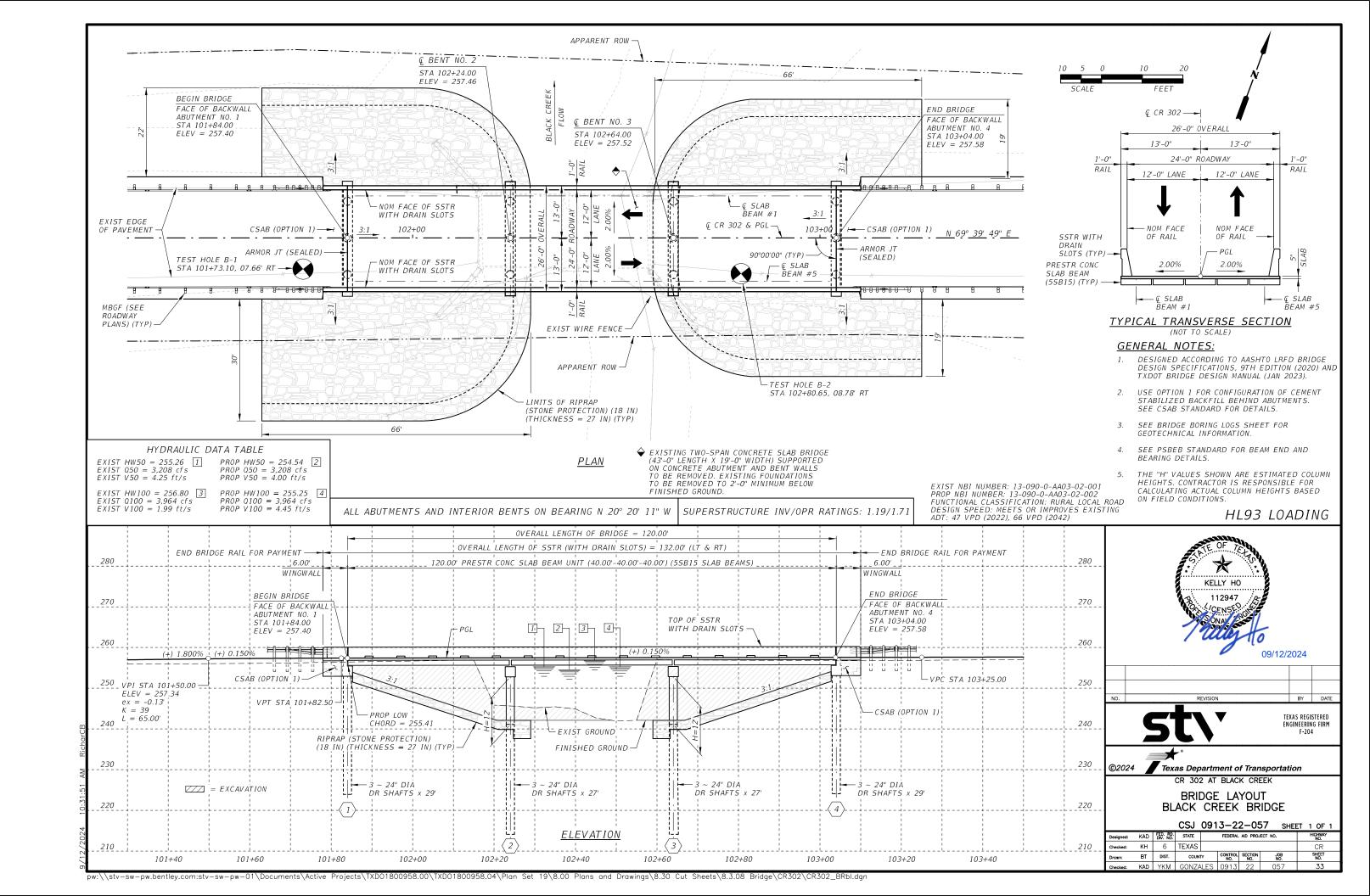
100-YEAR SCOUR DESIGN EVENT 200-YEAR SCOUR DESIGN EVENT Hydraulic Design Data Hydraulic Design Data Contraction Scour Contraction Scour Left Channel Right Left Channel Right Input Data Input Data 2.86 8.43 3.62 2.91 8.98 3.96 Average Depth (ft): Average Depth (ft): 3.60 4.17 Approach Velocity (ft/s): 8.63 Approach Velocity (ft/s): 3.80 9.39 4.62 4.43 1.23 8.08 2.39 Br Average Depth (ft): Br Average Depth (ft): 12.80 418.31 3352.88 519.81 3915.06 297.38 BR Opening Flow (cfs): 192.81 BR Opening Flow (cfs): BR Top WD (ft): 22.20 64.70 28.10 BR Top WD (ft): 106.32 120.00 Grain Size D50 (mm): 0.29 0.29 0.29 Grain Size D50 (mm): 0.29 0.29 0.29 557.78 2786.61 619.61 709.86 3229.28 792.86 Approach Flow (cfs): Approach Flow (cfs): 38.30 54.21 64.25 43.30 Approach Top WD (ft): 41.10 Approach Top WD (ft): 38.30 K1 Coefficient: 0.69 0.69 0.69 K1 Coefficient: 0.69 0.69 0.69 Result Result 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.34 0.00 Scour Depth Ys (ft): Scour Depth Ys (ft): 1.31 1.57 1.32 1.59 Critical Velocity (ft/s): 1.36 Critical Velocity (ft/s): Equation: Live Live Live Equation: Live Live Pier Scour Pier Scour All piers have the same scour depth All piers have the same scour depth Input Data Input Data Pier Shape: Pier Shape: Round nose Round nose Pier Width (ft): Pier Width (ft): Grain Size D50 (mm): 0.29 Grain Size D50 (mm): 0.29 Depth Upstream (ft): 11.44 Depth Upstream (ft): 12.61 5.04 2.85 Velocity Upstream (ft/s): Velocity Upstream (ft/s): K1 Nose Shape: K1 Nose Shape: Pier Angle: Ω Pier Angle: Ω Pier Length (ft): 26 Pier Length (ft): 26 K2 Angle Coef: K2 Angle Coef: 1.1 K3 Bed Cond Coef: 1.1 K3 Bed Cond Coef: 1.03 Grain Size D95 (mm): Grain Size D95 (mm): 1.03 K4 Armouring Coef: K4 Armouring Coef: Results Results 4.56 3.61 Scour Depth Ys (ft): Scour Depth Ys (ft): 0.26 0.14 Froude #: Froude #: CSU equation CSU equation Equation: Equation: Combined Scour Depths Combined Scour Depths Pier Scour + Contraction Scour (ft): Pier Scour + Contraction Scour (ft): Left Bank: 0.34 Left Bank: 4.56 3.61 Channel: Channel: Right Bank: Right Bank: Bridge Scour RS = 8641 Legend WS 0.5%-AEP Ground Ineff 280 Bank Sta Abutment Toe Contr Scour Total Scour 270 260 250 240 230 5000 1000 2000 3000 4000 Station (ft) pw:\\stv-sw-pw.bentley.com:stv-sw-pw-01\Documents\Active Projects\TXD01800958.00\TXD01800958.04\Plan Set 19\8.00 Plans and Drawings\8.30 Cut Sheets\8.3.06 Drainage\RTG\CR302_DR_sds.dgn

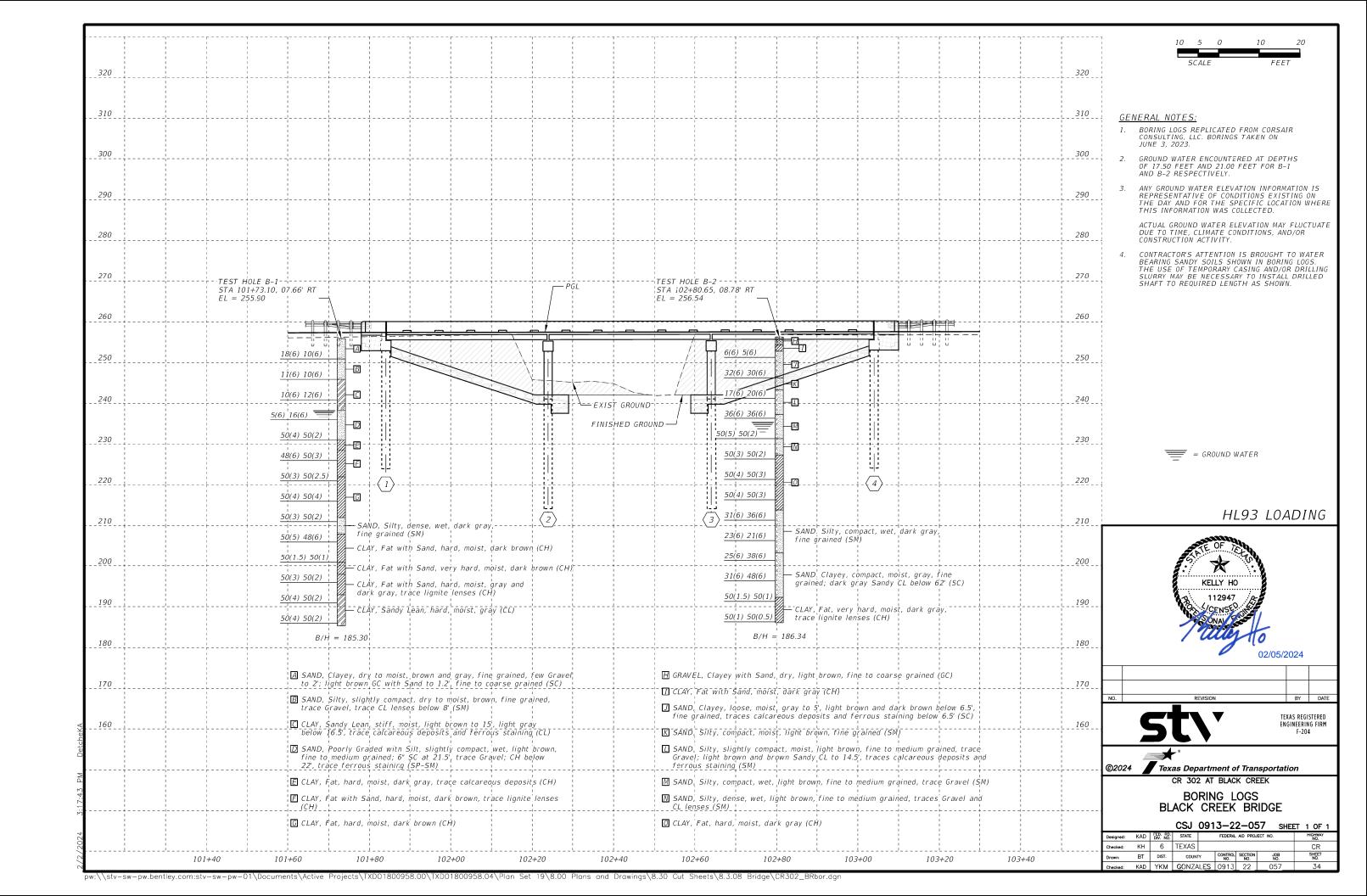
NOTES:

- FHWA HYDRAULIC TOOLBOX VERSION 5.3 WAS USED FOR THE PROPOSED SCOUR ANALYSIS.
- A VALUE OF 0.29 MM WAS SELECTED FOR THE D50 VALUE BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL ANALYSIS.
- THE 100—YEAR STORM EVENT WAS USED AS THE SCOUR DESIGN STORM AND THE 200—YEAR STORM EVENT WAS USED AS THE SCOUR CHECK STORM BASED ON TABLE 2-1 OF THE TXDOT SCOUR ANALYSIS GUIDE DATED SEPTEMBER 2023.



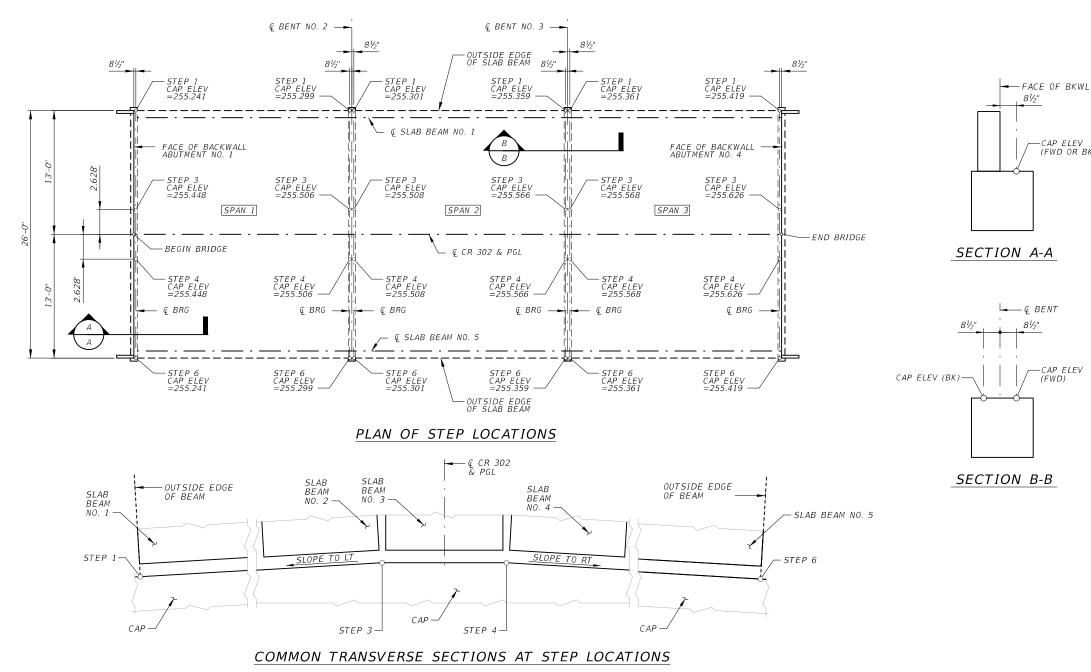
SHEET 1 OF 1

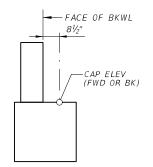


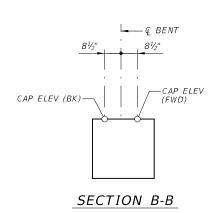


SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES - BLACK CREEK BRIDGE										
BID ITEM	0400 7010	0416 7004	0420 7012	0420 7022	0420 7038	0422 7007	0425 7019	0450 7024	0454 7003	
BID ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	RAIL (TY SSTR)	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)	
BRIDGE ELEMENT	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	LF	LF	LF	
2 - ABUTMENTS	26	174	20.4					24.0	44	
2 - INTERIOR BENTS		162		13.2	8.4					
1 - 120.00' PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM UNIT						3,120	592.50	240.0		
TOTAL	26	336	20.4	13.2	8.4	3,120	592.50	264.0	44	

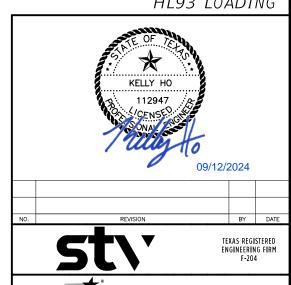
1) SSTR WITH DRAIN SLOTS







HL93 LOADING



Texas Department of Transportation

CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK
ESTIMATED QUANTITIES
& CAP ELEVATIONS BLACK CREEK BRIDGE CSJ 0913-22-057 SHEET 1 OF 1

Designed: KAD FED. RD. DIV. NO. Checked: KH 6 TEXAS

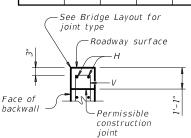
(Typ)

BARS S

Q Bearing Approach slab (Flush with top of slab)

FOUNDATION LOADS

Span Length	Sh	lled aft ads	P	tical ile ads
F.	Tons	Tons/	Pile	
Ft	5SB12 5SB15		5SB12	5SB15
25	39	41	29	31
30	43	46	33	34
35	48	51	36	38
40	52	55	39	41
45	59			44
50	63			47

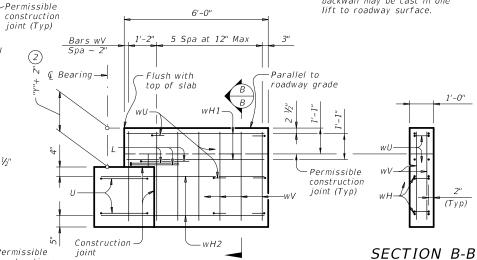


SECTION A-A4

(With approach slab) Note: At Contractor's option, backwall may be cast with approach slab.

BACKWALL DETAIL (4)

(Without approach slab) Note: At Contractor's option, backwall may be cast in one lift to roadway surface.



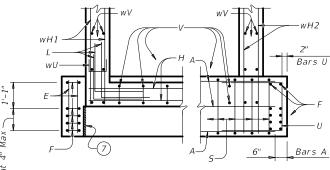
Construction

2" (Typ unless

otherwise noted

WINGWALL ELEVATION

(Earwall not shown for clarity.)



BACKWALL

2'-0"

BARS wU

BARS L

BARS U

CORNER DETAILS

TABLE OF ESTIMATED 6 QUANTITIES

QUANTITIES									
Bar	No.	Size	Length	(5)	Weight	5		
Баі	NO.	3126	5SB12	5SE	315	5SB12	5SB15		
Α	6	#11	27'-1"	27	7'-1"	863	863		
Ε	4	#4	2'-2"	2	2'-2"	6	6		
F	10	#4	6'-4"	ϵ	5'-4"	43	43		
Н	2	#5	25'-8"	25	5'-8"	54	54		
L	6	#6	4'-0"	4	4'-0''	36	36		
5	34	#4	9'-4"	g	9'-4"	212	212		
U	4	#6	7'-1"	7	7'-1"	43	43		
V	25	#5	7'-4"	7'	-10"	191	204		
wH1	8	#6	5'-8"	į.	5'-8"	68	68		
wH2	8	#6	6'-11"	6'	-11"	83	83		
wU	12	#4	1'-8"	1	1'-8"	14	14		
wV	28	#5	3'-10"	4	4'-1''	112	119		
Reinfo	rcing S	teel			Lb	1,725	1,745		
CI "C"	Conc (A	but)			CY	8.8	9.2		

- (1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- (2) See Span Details for "Y".
- ③ Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- 4) See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 5 See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure.
- (6) Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 54 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.
- 7) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
Designed for a normal embankment header slope

Designed for a normal embankment header slope of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet.
See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size, and length.
See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.
See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

details, if applicable.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in

wingwalls.
These abutment details may be used with standard

SPSB-24 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING

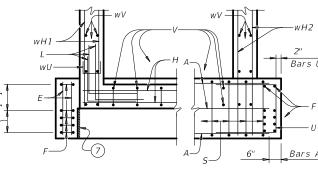


Bridge Division Standard

ABUTMENTS PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 24' ROADWAY

APSB-24

FILE:	DN: TX	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
CTxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	22	22 057			CR
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	YKM		GONZAL.	ES		36



CAP

BARS V

BARS F

Column Spa

1.000'

Earwall

Bars S Spa ~ 3"

Slab Beam Spa

FOUNDATION LOADS

Average Span Length	Dri Sh Loa		P	tical ile ads						
Ft	Tons	S/DS	Tons	/Pile						
FL	5SB12	5SB15	55B12	5SB15						
25	57	61	34	37						
30	66	71	40	42						
35	73	79	44	47						
40	80	87	48	52						
45		94		57						
50		102		61						

TABLE OF ESTIMATED **QUANTITIES** 3

3 COLUMN BENT No. Size Length Weight 27'-9" #11 1,180 #4 2'-2" 6'-6" 61 14 #4 9'-8" 343 34 #5 27'-9" 116 #5 1,288 24 #7 26'-3" 242'-2" 273 #3 3,267 Reinforcing Steel Lb CL "C" Conc (Can) 6.6 CY8.4 I "C" Conc (Column) CY

TABLE OF MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE EXPOSED PILE HEIGHTS AND PILE LOADS 4

TABLE OF ESTIMATED

QUANTITIES

5 PILE BENT

27'-9"

6'-6"

9'-8"

Lb

CY

27'-9"

Size

#11

#4

#4

#5

#5

Bar

No.

4

14

34

4

Reinforcing Steel

CI "C" Conc (Cap)

Weight

737

61

343

116

1,263

6.6

Pile	Туре	Max Ht	Max Load	
Concrete Steel		Ft	Tons/Pile	
16" Sq	HP14x73	16	75	
18" Sq	HP14x117 6	20	90	

1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.

(2) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Tvp)

3 Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 24 feet. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0"

Bars Z length, 9'-6" Reinforcing Steel, 60 Lb Class "C" conc (column), 0.35 CY

4 This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 24 feet or exposed pile heights exceeding the values shown in the table. In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights or exposed pile heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this standard.

(5) Foundation Loads based on "H" = 24 feet.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline (6) & When $HP14x117$ steel piling is specified in the plans, the Contractor has the option of furnishing either $HP14x117$ or $HP16x101$ steel piling. \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded up to the next 5-foot increment.

For pile bents supporting unequal spans, the shorter span cannot be less than 80 percent of the longer span.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size, and length. See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

These bent details do not support the use of multi-pile footings shown on the FD standard.

These bent details may be used with standard SPSB-24 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING

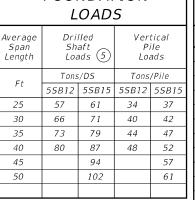


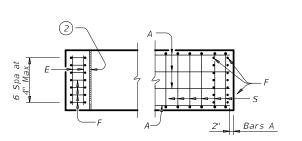
INTERIOR BENTS PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 24' ROADWAY

BPSB-24

Bridge Division Standard

FILE:	DN: TX	D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	HWAY
REVISIONS	0913	22	057		(CR
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	VKM		GONZAL	FS		37

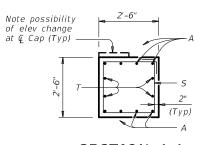


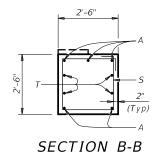


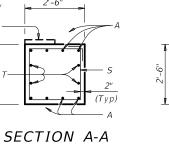
EARW ALL

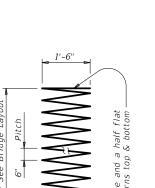
CAP

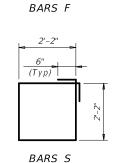
CAP END DETAIL











BARS Z

ELEVATION ~ 5 PILE BENT For piles larger than 16", adjust Bars S

ELEVATION ~ 3 COLUMN BENT

28.084'

2.628'

Top of

PLAN

cap elevation (1)

→ Ç Structure

5.250'

5.255'

Top of

7 Spa at 12"

Max = 7'-0''

cap elevation (1)

2.628'

14.042'

5.250'

5.255'

Outside edge

of slab beam

SHOWING PILES

cap elevation (1) cap elevation

Pile Spa

1.000'

-Earwall

cap elevation (1)

Permissible

construction joint (Typ)

-Permissible construction joint (Typ)

6 Spa at 5 1/2"

 $Max = 2'-6 \frac{1}{2}$ "

• © Outside slab beam

8 Spa at 6" $Max = 3'-9 \frac{1}{2}''$

3.542'

3.532'

14.042'

5.255'

-Top of Top of cap elevation

Outside edge

of slab beam

cap elevation (1)

9.000'

Cap and

− Ç Outside slab beam

Uniform slope

between cap

elevations

SHOWING COLUMNS

€ Columns or

5.255'

Construction

joint (Typ)

7 Spa at 12"

Max = 7'-0''

Top of

V (Extend 2'-3"

Min into cap)

Construction

joint (Typ)

Uniform slope between cap

elevations

drilled shaft

5.042

3.532'

1/2"

8 Spa at 6"

'Max = 3'-9 ½"

Finished

ground -

See Bridge Layout -

for details

Bars S Spa ~ 3

6 Spa at 5 1/2"-

 $Max = 2'-6 \frac{1}{2}$ "

for foundation type. See FD sheet

2'-0"

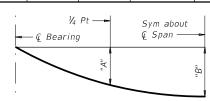
spacing as required to avoid piles.

'-6" 4 Spa at 12" | 1'-6" 4 Spa at 12" | 1'-6" 4 Spa at 12" | 1'-6" 4 Spa at 12"

Max = 3'-9'

TABLE OF VARIABLE VALUES

Span Length	Beam Type		Load ection	Section (3) Depths			
Lengen	,,,,,	"A"	"B"	"X"	"γ"		
Ft	1	Ft	Ft	In	Ft/In		
25	5SB12	0.004	0.005	5 1/4"	1'-5 1/4"		
30	5SB12	0.008	0.011	5 1/2"	1'-5 1/2"		
35	5SB12	0.015	0.021	6"	1'-6"		
40	5SB12	0.026	0.036	6 ½"	1'-6 1/2"		
25	5SB15	0.002	0.003	5 1/4"	1'-8 1/4"		
30	5SB15	0.004	0.006	5 ½"	1'-8 ½"		
35	5SB15	0.008	0.011	5 ½"	1'-8 1/2"		
40	5SB15	0.013	0.019	5 ¾"	1'-8 ¾"		
45	5SB15	0.022	0.030	6 ½"	1'-9 1/2"		
50	5SB15	0.034	0.047	7"	1'-10"		



DEAD LOAD **DEFLECTION DIAGRAM**

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only ($E_C = 5,000 \text{ ksi}$). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimensions may vary. Adjust based on field verification.

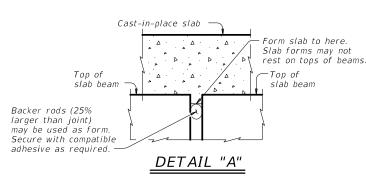
PLAN

25.000' thru 50.000' Spans

€ Slab Beam #1

– Face of backwall or 🧯 bent

T(5)



Ç Slab Beam #5

€ Structure -

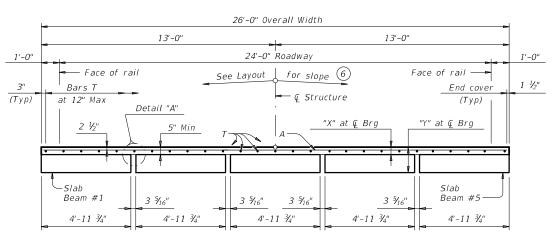
Face of backwall or Q bent --

– See Bridge Layout for joint type (9)

2" cover (5)

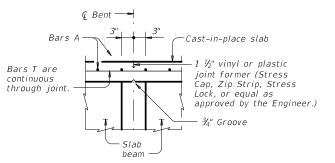
(Typ)

Bars T

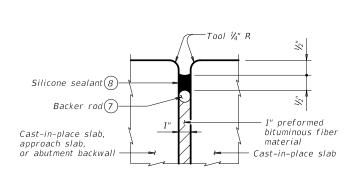


TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

BAR TABLE $R\Delta R$ SIZE #5 #4



CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAIL



TYPE A JOINT DETAIL 9

TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN	REINF CONCRETE SLAB		PRESTR CO SLAB BEA B12 OR 55	M (TOTAL 2			
LENGTH	(SLAB (SLAB BEAM)	LAB ABUT INT BT ABUT		TO	STEEL			
Ft	SF	LF 4	LF 4	LF (4)	Lb			
25	650	122.50	122.50	122.50	1,820			
30	780	147.50	147.50	147.50	2,180			
35	910	172.50	172.50	172.50	2,550			
40	1,040	197.50	197.50	197.50	2,910			
45	1,170	222.50	222.50	222.50	3,280			
50	1,300	247.50	247.50	247.50	3,640			

- 1) See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and SB15 beams within the same structure.
- (2) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF.
- (3) Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade. The Contractor will adjust these values for any vertical curve.
- 4 Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required
- (5) Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through Joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail".
- (6)This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.
- 7 1 ¼" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (8) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- 9 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
 A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 10 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
 A expansion joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 11 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
 A expansion joint locations. If using Type
 A expansion joint locations. If using Type
 A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 12 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
 A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 13 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 14 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 15 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 16 See Bridge Layout for expansion joints is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 17 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 18 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations is 100
 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete"

 18 See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations is 100
 feet. Type A joint location joint locati Superstructures".

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents. may be formed with the details shown on this sheet.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab. This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi).

Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

~ #5 = 2'-0"

Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

 $\sim #5 = 3'-0'$

Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted otherwise.

HL93 LOADING

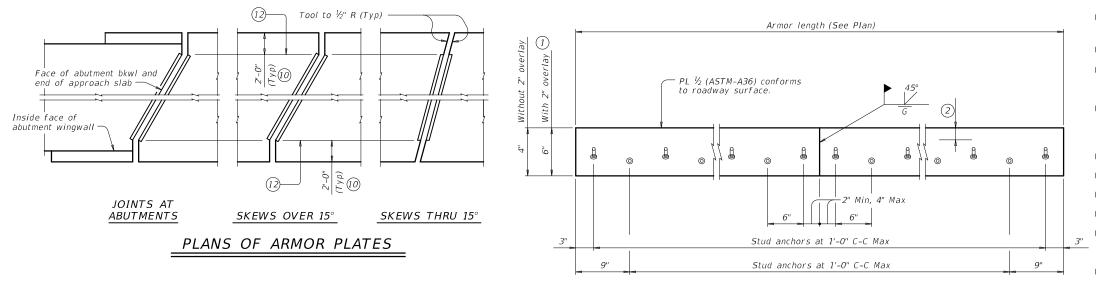


Bridge Division Standard

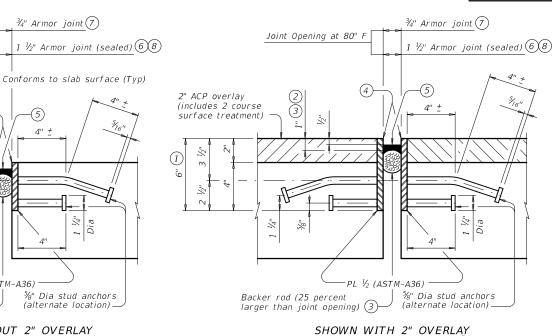
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM SPANS (TYPE SB12 OR SB15) 24' ROADWAY

SPSB-24

FILE:	DN: TX	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck:TxD0T
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	YKM GONZALES 3				38	



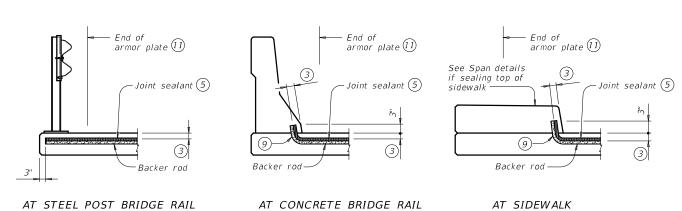
ELEVATION OF BASIC ARMOR PLATE



AT JOINT LOCATION (1)

SHOWN WITHOUT 2" OVERLAY AT JOINT LOCATION

ARMOR JOINT SECTIONS



 $\frac{3}{4}$ " Armor joint (7)

(5)

4"

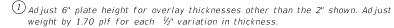
PL 1/2 (ASTM-A36)

Joint Opening at 80° F

Backer rod (25 percent

larger than joint opening) (3)-

JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS



 \bigcirc Do not paint top 1 ½" of plate if using sealed armor joint.

(3) Set top of backer rod 1" below top of armor plate. Backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.

(4) Blast clean entire contact area between sealant and plate (SSPC-SP10) before installing sealant. Light brush blast and thoroughly clean all dust and debris from concrete surfaces in contact with joint sealant before application of silicone seal.

(5) Use Class 7 joint sealant that conforms to DMS-6310.

(6) Place sealant while ambient temperature is between 55°F and 80°F and is rising.

(7) Armor joint does not include joint sealant or backer rod.

(8) Armor joint (sealed) includes Class 7 joint sealant and backer rod.

(9) Form vertical leg of seal as per the Manufacturer's recommendations. Use Class 4 joint sealant if Class 7 cannot be installed correctly. Install according to Manufacturer's recommendations.

(10) Unless shown otherwise, terminate armor plate at slab break point if break is more than 2'-0" from slab edge.

(11) See "Plans of Armor Plates".

(12) At Fabricator's option, armor plate may extend up to 6" beyond this point for skews through 15°.

(13) Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Match mark corresponding plate sections and secure together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

Ship armor joints in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for stage construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Use groove welds for all shop and field butt splices. Grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section, except as stated in Note 2, with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446 "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel." Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Items 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

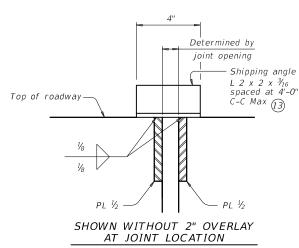
Shop drawings for the fabrication of armor joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure armor joints in position and place to proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for Armor Joint. Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint.

Provide armor joints at locations shown on the plans. Provide the seal when "Armor Joint (Sealed)" is noted on the plans.

These joint details accommodate a joint movement range of 1%" (3" opening movement and %" closure movement). Payment for armor joint, with or without seal, is based on length of armor plate.



SHIPPING ANGLE

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.

WEIGHTS FOR ONE ARMOR JOINT (2 PLATES)						
WITHOUT OVERLAY	16.10 plf					
WITH 2" OVERLAY 1	22.90 plf					

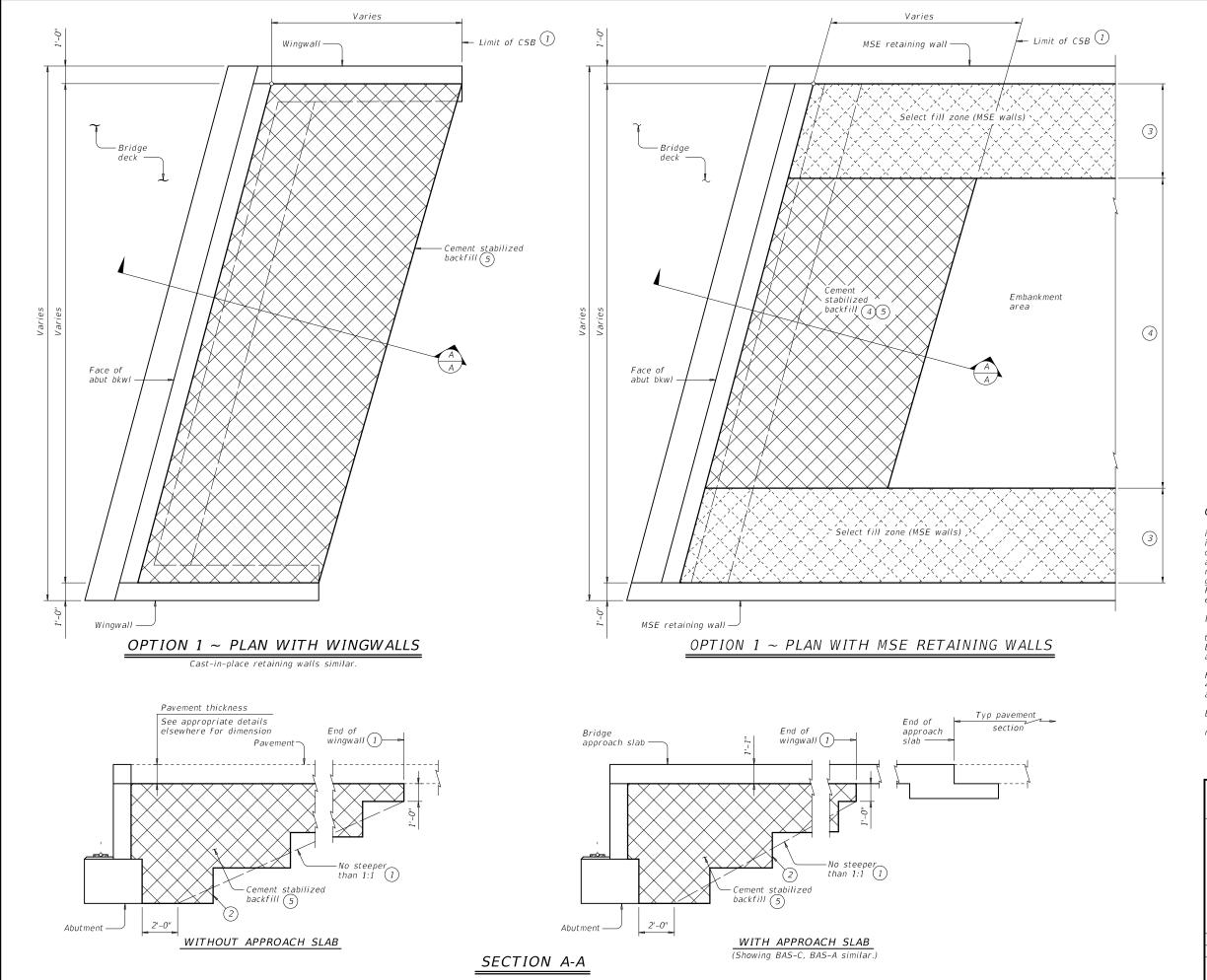


OTxDOT April 2019

ARMOR JOINT **DETAILS**

	A.	l				
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DIST		COUNTY				SHEET NO

GONZALES



- 1) Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.
- (2) Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.
- (3) Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.
- 4 When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.
- (5) If shown in the plans, flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:
 - constraints:
 a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill, then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and b). Place flowable fill in lifts not
- b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring plasticity index (PI) controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a PI greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays.

Construct abutment backfill in accordance with Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures".

Brounds Comput Stabilized Backfill (CSR) meeting

Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. These details do not apply when Concrete Block

These details do not apply when Concrete Blo retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

SHEET 1 OF 2

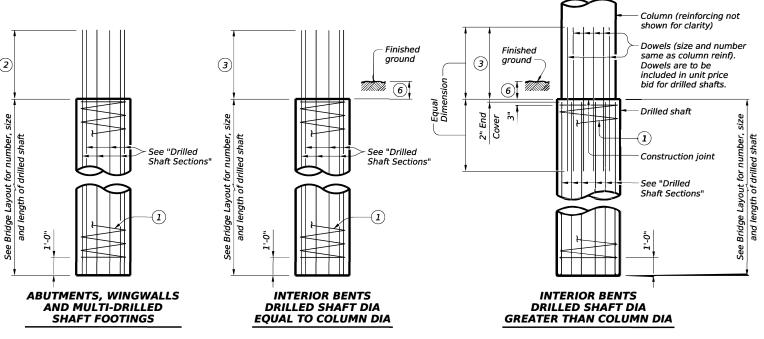


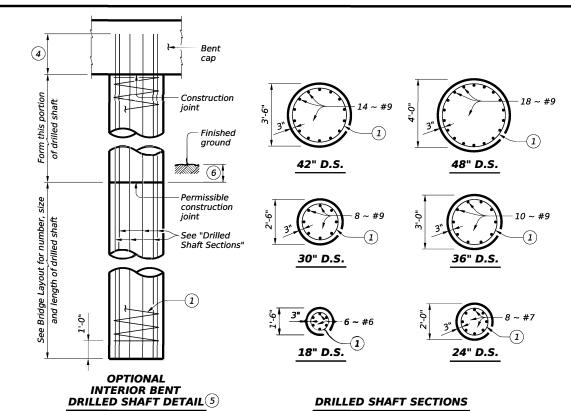
Bridge Division Standard

CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

CSAB

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02-20: Added Option 2. 03-23: Updated General Notes.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
os 25. Oponico delle di notes.	YKM		GONZAL.	ES	40		





If unable to avoid

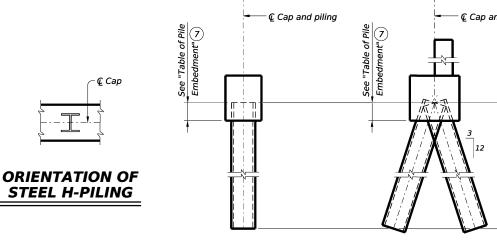
conflict with wingwall

DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

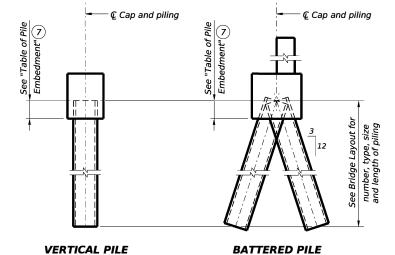
TABLE OF PILE EMBEDMENT Pile Type Embedment Depth (Ft) 16" Sq Concrete 18" Sq Concrete HP14 Steel 1'-0" 20" Sq Concrete 24" Sq Concrete HP18 Steel 1'-6"

See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.

ELEVATION



PILING DETAILS

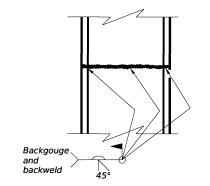


piling at exterior pile group regardless of which pile would be battered back, one pile in group may be vertical. ----Ĺ-Ľ-: Normal 3:12 battered pile Piling group **BATTERED PILE**

Shop or field weld / **SECTION B-B**

Fill flush with weld metal (Typ),

shop or field weld.



30° skewed abutment) **SECTION THRU**

FLANGE OR WEB

DETAIL A (Showing plan view of a

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required.

1) #3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns

(2) Min extension into supported element:

#6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"

top and bottom).

(3) Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9"

#11 Bars = 4'-8"

4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11"

#7 Bars = 2'-3" #9 Bars = 2'-9"

(5) Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.

(6) 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.

(7) Or as shown on plans.

SHEET 1 OF 2



COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS

FD

FILE: MS-FD-24.dgn	DN: TXD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDO1
©TxDOT October 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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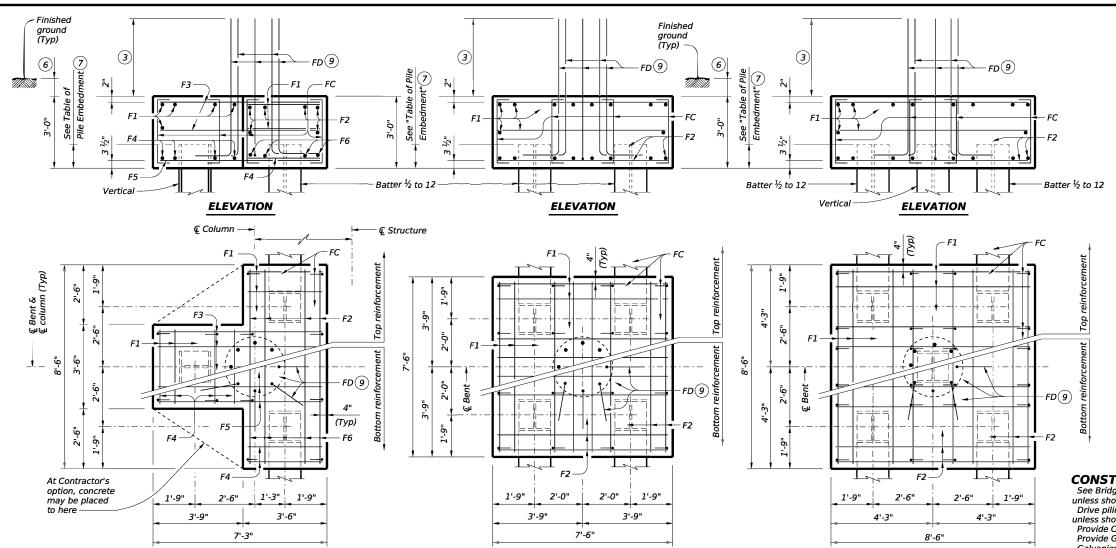
See Item 407, "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.

Bevel ¾" PL

45 degrees (Typ)

SECTION A-A

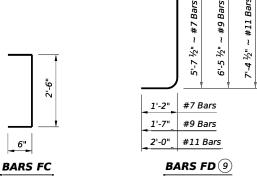
STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT



PLAN

For 42" Dia and smaller columns

FOUR PILE FOOTING 8



PLAN

For 36" Dia and smaller columns.

THREE PILE FOOTING 8

- (3) Min lap with column reinforcing: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- (7) Or as shown on plans.
- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- 9 Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- (10) Adjust FD quantity, size and weight

TABLE OF FOOTING **QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS**

		ONE 3 F	PILE FOOTI	NG	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengtl	'n	Weight
F1	11	#4	3'- 2'		23
F2	6	#4	8'- 2'		33
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	"	28
F4	8	#9	3'- 2'		86
F5	4	#9	6'- 11		94
F6	4	#9	8'- 2'		111
FC	12	#4	3'- 6'		28
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1'	-	220
Reinfo	orcing S	Steel		Lb	623
Class	"C" Coi	ncrete		CY	4.8
		ONE 4 F	PILE FOOTI	NG	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengtl	'n	Weight
F1	20	#4	7'- 2'	•	96
F2	16	#8	7'- 2'		306
FC	16	#4	3'- 6'		37
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 1'	•	220
Reinfo	orcing S	Steel		Lb	659
Class	"C" Coi	ncrete		CY	6.3
		ONE 5 I	PILE FOOTI	NG	
Bar	No.	Size	Lengtl	'n	Weight
F1	20	#4	8'- 2'	'	109
F2	16	#9	8'- 2'	'	444
FC	24	#4	3'- 6'	•	56
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1'	'	220
Reinfo	orcing S	Steel		Lb	829
Class	"C" Coi	ncrete		CY	8.0

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile

Provide Class C Concrete (fc = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise.
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11"

Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

GENERAL NOTES:

PLAN

For 42" Dia and smaller columns

FIVE PILE FOOTING 8

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:

Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall, noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are: 72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns 80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns

100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns

120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2

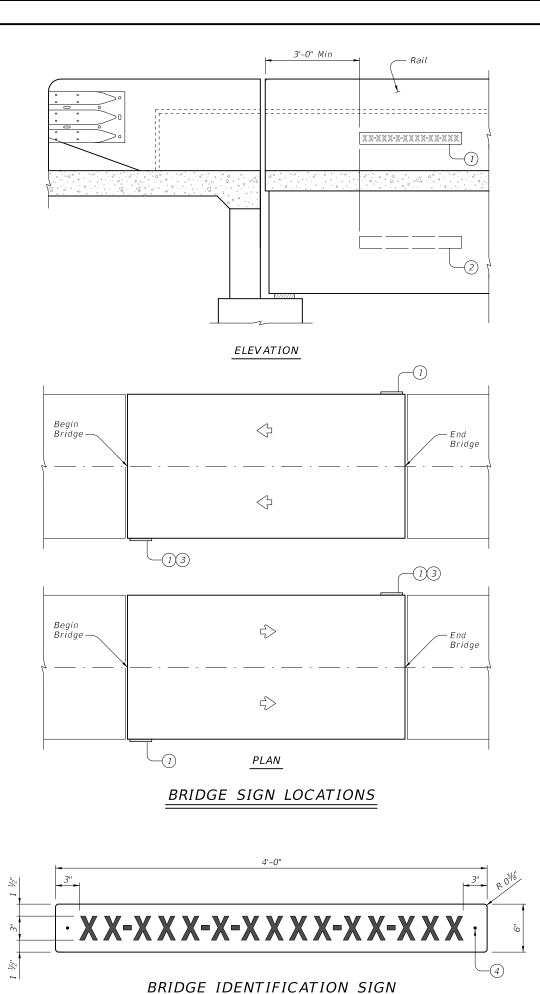


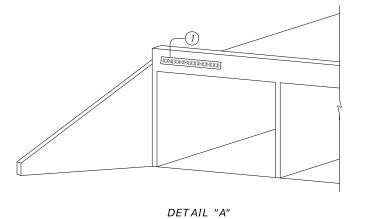
COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS

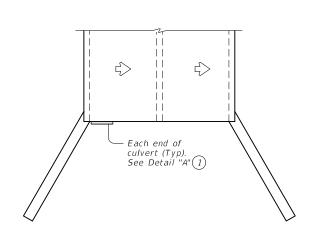
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E: MS-FD-24.dgn	DN: TXD	OT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ
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as needed to match column reinforcing.

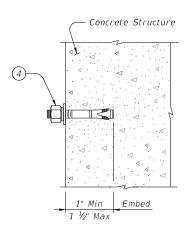






BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT SIGN PLACEMENT

PLAN



ANCHOR DETAIL

SHEETING	REQU	JIREMENTS
Usage	Color	Sign Face Material
Background	White	Type B or C Sheeting
Letters and Symbols	Black	Type B or C Sheeting

1) Bridge identification sign location

2) Alternate sign placement location for exterior concrete beams.

③ If adjacent bridges are less than 2 feet apart, these signs may be omitted.

4 ½" Diameter stainless steel expansion anchor with hex nut, washer, and spring-lock washer.

SIGN NOTES:

Standard sign designs can be found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD).

Use the Clearview Alphabet CV-2W for the letters and symbols.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide lateral spacing between letters and numerals conforming with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

Provide aluminum sign blanks with a minimum thickness of

0.080" that meet the requirements of DMS-7110.

Provide sign face materials that meet the requirements of DMS-8300 and the sheeting requirements shown in the table.

DMS-8300 and the sheeting requirements shown in the tabl Provide ¼" diameter stainless steel expansion anchors with one hex head nut, one flat washer, and one helical

spring-lock washer each.

Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). Provide anchor products that have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number. The approval status must be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600

for Concrete Anchors.

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.

Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environments, provide both stainless steel anchor bodies and expansion wedges.

GENERAL NOTES:

Prior to hole drilling, locate rebar to ensure clearing of existing reinforcement and/or strands.

Prior to installation, obtain approval of sign locations from the Engineer. Avoid placement of sign over travel lanes and pedestrian walkways. Submit proposed installation method to Engineer prior to beginning work. Install anchors as shown on plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions.

Do not install anchors sections of members under tension. For new construction, the signs and anchors are subsidiary to the bridge. For installations on existing structures, the signs and anchors are paid under Item 442, "Metal for Structures." Each sign weighs 28 lbs.

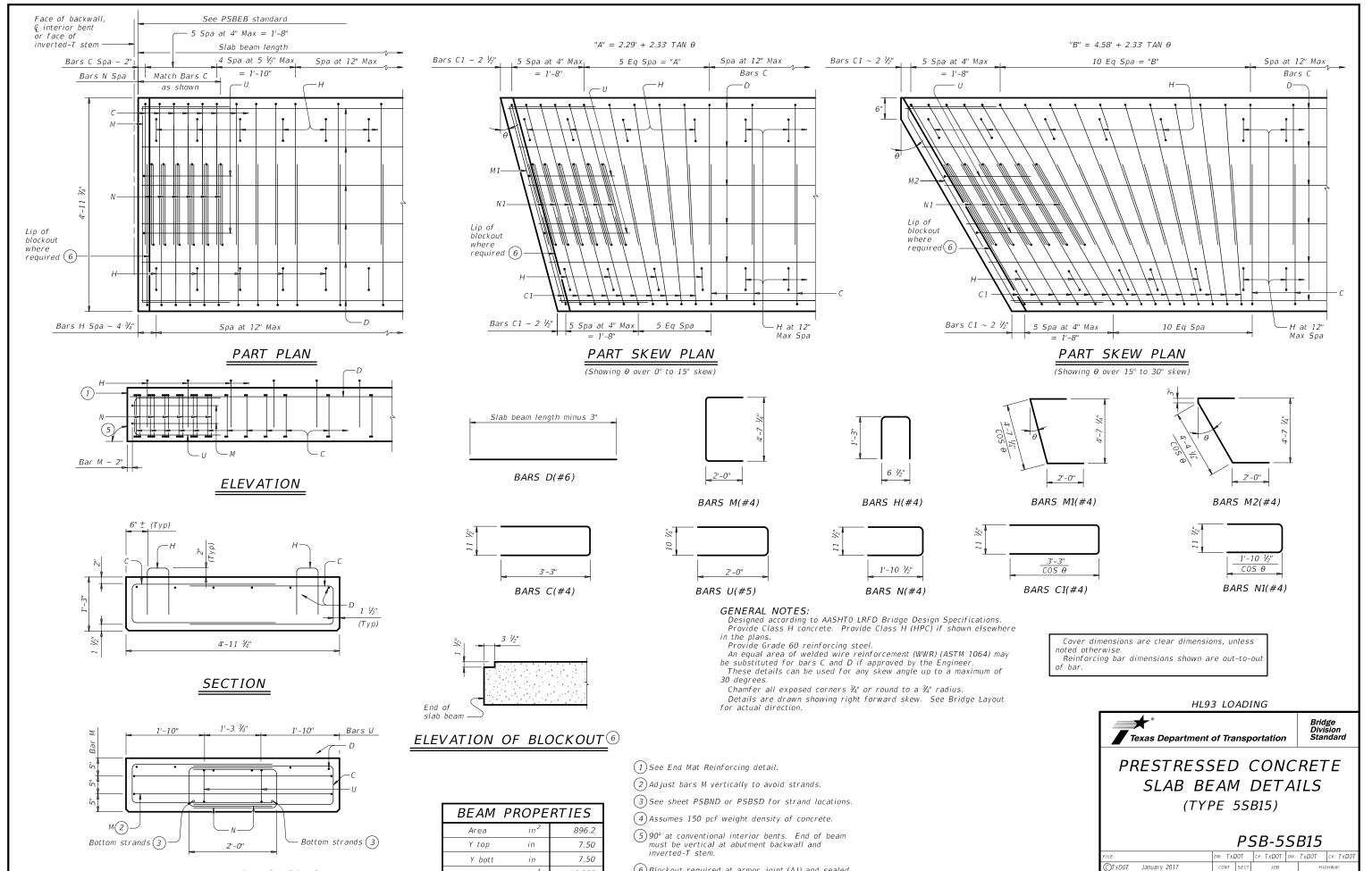


Bridge Division Standard

NBIS BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION SIGN STANDARD

NBIS

E:	DN: TA	IR.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JER		CK:	TAR						
TxDOT March 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY										
REVISIONS	0913	22	057		(R								
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET N									
	YKM		GONZAL			4	4							



(6) Blockout required at armor joint (AJ) and sealed

joint anchorage.

expansion joint (SEJ) locations to accommodate

0913 22

0.57

GONZALES

CR

in ⁴

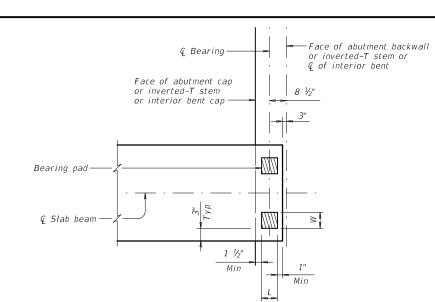
lb/ft

Weight (4)

16,805

934

END MAT REINFORCING



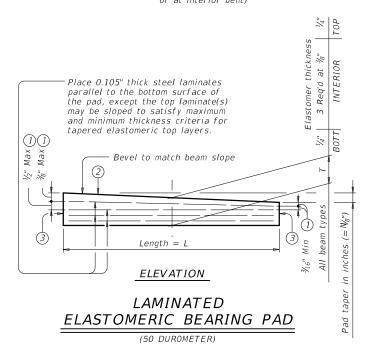
TWO-PAD DETAIL PLAN

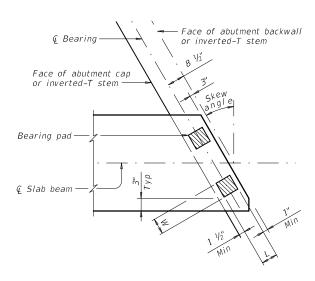
(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent) Min Min @ Slab beam -Bearing pad - Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem or interior bent cap Face of abutment backwall or inverted-T stem

ONE-PAD DETAIL PLAN

or & of interior bent

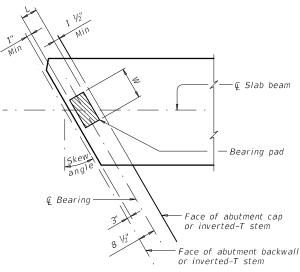
(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent)





TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)



ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)

ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD PLACEMENT AND BEAM END DIAGRAMS

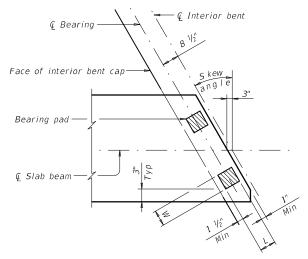
Place one bearing pad at forward station beam end. Place two bearing pads at back station beam end.

- 1 Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered
- 2 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/8" increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for $\frac{1}{8}$ " taper)

N=2, (for ½" taper)

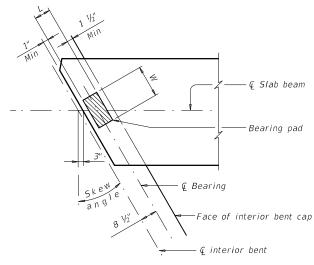
Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than 0.0625" \ IN/IN.

(3) Locate permanent mark here.



TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)



ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN (At interior bent)

TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS (ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

0ne-Pa	d (Ty SB1	-"N") (2)	Two-Pa	nd (Ty SB2	'-"N") (2)
W	L	T	W	L	T
14"	7"	2"	7"	7"	2"

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.
- (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

GENERAL NOTES:

These details accommodate skew angles up to 30°.

Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

HL93 LOADING



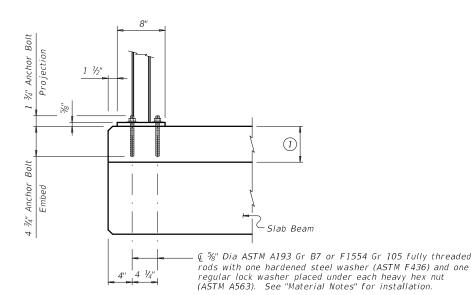
Texas Department of Transportation

ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND BEAM END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

DSRFR

	anuary 2017 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY										
:	DN: TX	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW: 7	TxD0T	ck: TxDOT					
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REVISIONS	0913	22	057		C	CR.					
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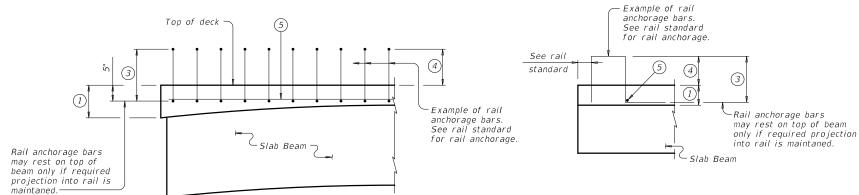
Bend or cut and remove portion of bars H where bar conflicts with anchor bolts on exterior beams only -Slab beam bars H(#4) 1 nstalled anchor bolts est on top of slab be Slab Beam . 3%" Dia anchor bolts. See "T631LS & T631 Rail C-I-P Anchor Bolt"



CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT 200

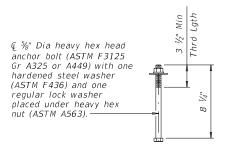


PART SPAN ELEVATION

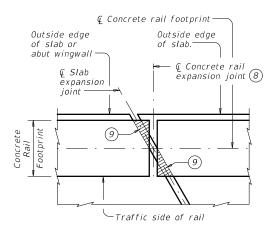
SECTION

TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- (1) Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- 2 Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- $rac{3}{3}$ Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1 $rac{1}{4}$ ". Adjust bar length for a
- 4) See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than 1/2" must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of Q slab expansion joint, Q rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- (9) Cross-hatched area must have ½" preformed bitumuminous fiber material under concrete rail, as shown.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be \%" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4 1/2" minimum.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5%" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 3/4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail

reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges.

See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



Bridge Division Standard

RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS** PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS

PSBRA

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©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
REVISIONS	0913	22	057			CR		
03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	DIST		SHEET NO.					
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		DESIGNED BEAMS (STRAIGHT STRANDS)													OPTION	AL DESIGI	V			AD RA								
					F	PRESTRE	SSING	STRANDS				DEBO	NDED ST						CONC		DESIGN	DESIGN	REQUIRED	LIVE			FACTO	^I RS
STRUCTURE	SPAN LENGTH	BEAM NO.	BEAM TYPE	NON- STD STRAND	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	"e" (L	"e" END	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM		. OF ANDS	N	DE	R OF S BONDE from)S	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH	LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP ©)	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT ¢)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTRI FAC	TOR	STRE	ENGTH I	SERVICE III
	(ft)			PATTERN		(in)	f pu (ksi)	(in)	(in)		(in)	TOTAL	DE- BONDED	3	6	9	12	15	f'ci (ksi)	f'c (ksi)	(SERVICE I) fct (ksi)	(SERVICE III) fcb (ksi)	(STRENGTH 1) (kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	0pr	Inv
	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.914	-1.217	448	0.450	0.450	1.40	1.82	1.71
24' ROADWAY	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.292	-1.685	530	0.450	0.450	1.25	1.62	1.29
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.730	-2.219	675	0.450	0.450	1.33	1.73	1.23
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.218	-2.796	820	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.74	1.12
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.725	-0.897	551	0.450	0.450	1.77	2.29	2.41
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.020	-1.244	574	0.450	0.450	1.23	1.59	1.45
24' ROADWAY	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.361	-1.640	708	0.450	0.450	1.15	1.49	1.14
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.739	-2.068	864	0.440	0.440	1.32	1.71	1.19
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.179	-2.574	1054	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.73	1.08
	50	ALL	5SB15		24	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	8	2.5	24	8	4	4	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.680	-3.153	1276	0.440	0.440	1.33	1.72	1.11
28' ROADWAY	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.903	-1.184	444	0.430	0.430	1.47	1.91	1.80
SB12 BEAM	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.276	-1.639	508	0.430	0.430	1.32	1.71	1.37
	35	ALL	5SB12		12	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.708	-2.159	647	0.430	0.430	1.18	1.53	1.02
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.200	-2.744	799	0.430	0.430	1.37	1.78	1.17
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.716	-0.874	529	0.430	0.430	1.85	2.40	2.53
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.007	-1.212	570	0.430	0.430	1.29	1.67	1.53
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.343	-1.598	680	0.430	0.430	1.21	1.57	1.22
	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.725	-2.032	842	0.430	0.430	1.36	1.76	1.24
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.149	-2.508	1013	0.420	0.420	1.41	1.82	1.16
	50	ALL	5SB15		22	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	6	2.5	22	6	4	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.643	-3.073	1227	0.420	0.420	1.33	1.72	1.01
	25	ALL	4SB12		6	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.904	-1.187	341	0.340	0.340	1.38	1.79	1.67
30' ROADWAY	30	ALL	4SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.277	-1.646	407	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.37
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	4SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.711	-2.169	518	0.340	0.340	1.24	1.60	1.08
	40	ALL	4SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.205	-2.758	640	0.340	0.340	1.34	1.73	1.11
	25	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.723	-0.888	431	0.350	0.350	1.69	2.19	2.32
	30	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.017	-1.231	438	0.350	0.350	1.16	1.50	1.37
30' ROADWAY	35	ALL	4SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.346	-1.605	545	0.340	0.340	1.21	1.57	1.21
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	4SB15		12	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.729	-2.043	675	0.340	0.340	1.47	1.91	1.38
	45	ALL	4SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	14	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.166	-2.542	823	0.340	0.340	1.33	1.73	1.06
	50	ALL	4SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	4	2.5	18	4	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.665	-3.115	998	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.02

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

2 Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a

relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B". Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

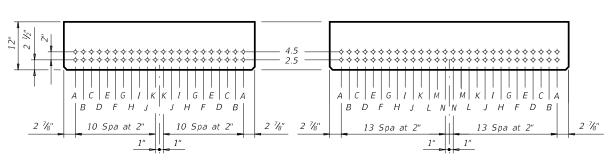
Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.

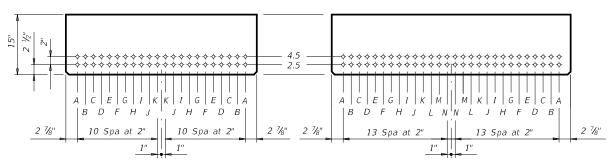
3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths

working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.



TXDOT 4SB12 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 5SB12 SLAB BEAM



TXDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM

HL93 LOADING

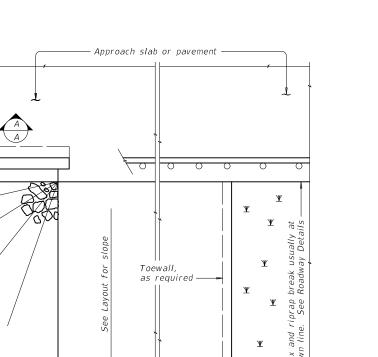


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS (TYPE SB12 OR SB15) 24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY *PSBSD*

FILE:	DN: SF	N: SRW CK: BMP DW.		DW:	SFS	ck: SDB	
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 1-21: Added load rating.	0913	22	22 057			CR	
2 21. Nadeo Toda Vacing.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	YKM	YKM GONZALES		48			

Toe of

slope -



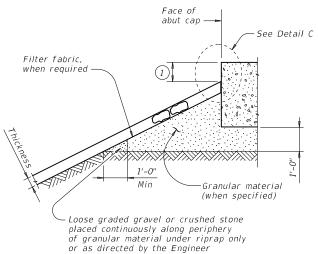
PLAN

ELEVATION

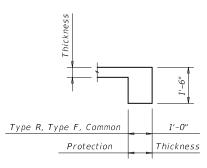
See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

Showing concrete traffic rail —

See Layout for limits



SECTION A-A AT CAP



SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

8"X 18 Gage galvanized flashing full length - 8"X 18 Gage galvanized flashing full length of cap -Nail flashing to cap of cap or wingwall and seal with joint sealer

Plug ends and seal joint along ends of cap and side of wingwalls with ioint sealer -

CAP OPTION A

CAP OPTION B

DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.





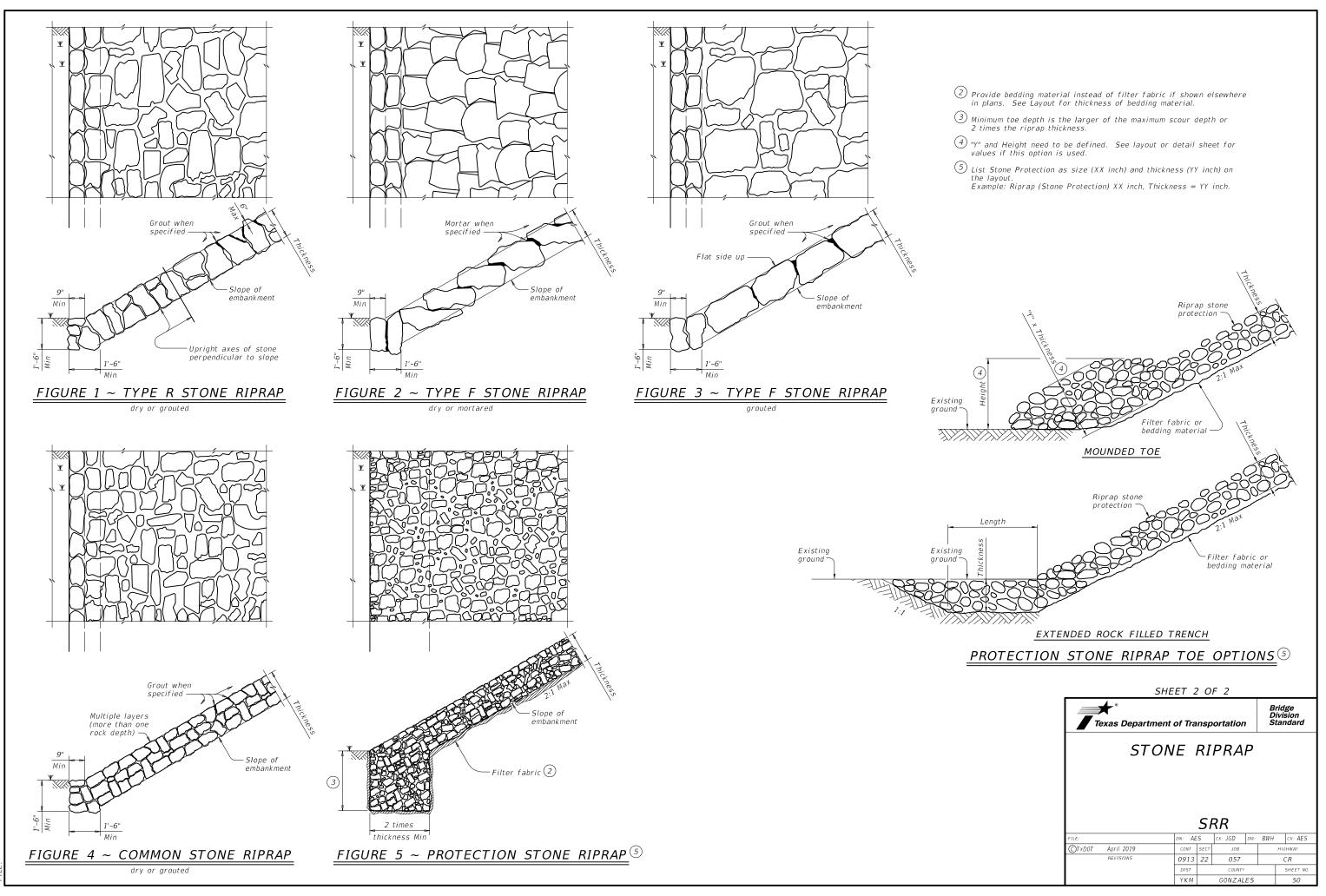
STONE RIPRAP

YKM

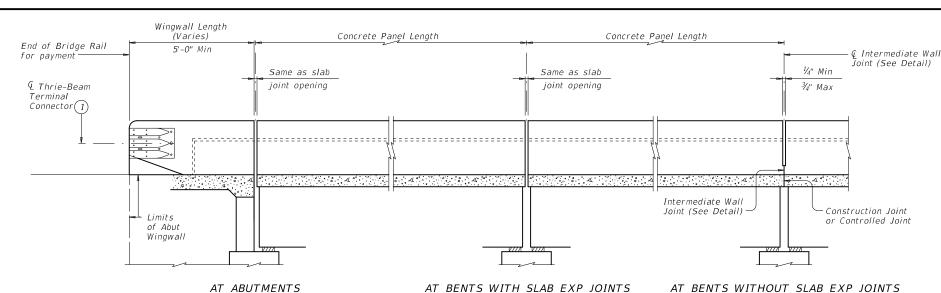
SRR								
FILE:		DN: AE	5	ck: JGD	DW:	BWH		CK: AES
©T xD0T	April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIE	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0913	22	057			(CR
		DIST		COUNTY				SHEET NO

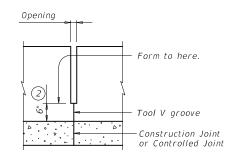
GONZALES

See Layout for slope



(Typ)





INTERMEDIATE WALL JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL

 $\c 5 \sim 1"$ Dia holes and 2 $\c \%"$ Dia x 2" deep recesses. Form or core holes and recesses. Percussion drilling is not permitted. Adjust placement of reinforcing steel as necessary to avoid bolt holes and recesses. Bolt recesses are only required when pedestrian sidewalks are adjacent to back of rail. Tighten the 5 Terminal Connection Bolts in a well distributed pattern so to prevent damage or distortion of the Thrie-Beam Connection and the MBGF Transition. Cut bolts off after installation so as to extend no more than $\frac{3}{4}$ " beyond nut. Paint ends of cut-off bolts with Zinc-rich paint @ Thrie-Beam Terminal Connector 0 2 (1) Top of Abut Wingwall Vertical Taper -Approach Slab or CRCP ½" Rebonded recycled tire rubber 3'-0" End of Back of Rail Offset 3'-6"

TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS

SECTION

Bars S Spa ~ 2" 6" Max Spa 6" Max Spa ½" Min Same as Slab R(#4) S(#4) R(#4) Joint Opening ¾" Max Field bend reinforcing as necessar to maintain 1" cover at taper -WU(#4) -£ Intermediate Wall -U(#4) at 6" Max (Typ) Joint (See Detail) at 6" Max Top of Abut

ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence." Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.

- 2 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.
- 3 Back of rail offset may, with Engineer's approval, be continued to the end of the railing.
- (4) Place 4 additional Bars R(#4) 3'-8" in length inside Bars S(#4) and centered 2'-0" from end of rail when Terminal Connections are required.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

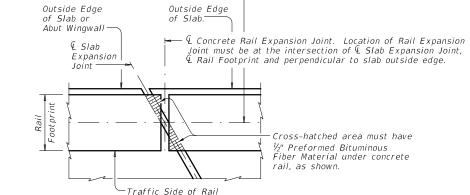
ELEVATION

TRAFFIC RAIL SINGLE SLOPE

TYPE SSTR

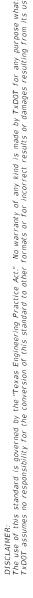
Bridge Division Standard

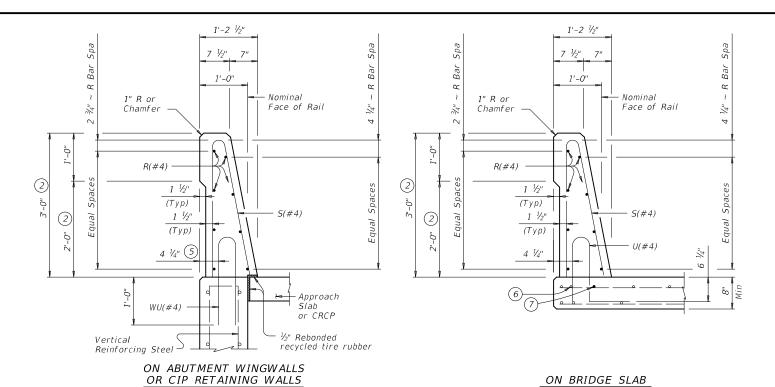
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©T x D0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		JOB		JOB HIGHWAY		HWAY	ı
	REVISIONS	0913	22	057 CR		CR .	ı					
		DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		SHEET NO.	ı				
		YKM		GONZALES .			51					



PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

£ Concrete Rail Footprint





(2) Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.

(5) 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ " when vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls or retaining walls on traffic side of wall.

(6) As an aid in supporting reinforcement, additional longitudinal bars may be used in the slab with the approval of the Engineer Such bars must be furnished at the Contractor's expense.

(7) Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcing.

(8) No longitudinal wires may be within upper bend.

(9) Bend or cut as required to clear drain slots.

(10) Space U(#4) bars at 4'' Max when end region of panel ength is less than 6'-0" to side slot drain. Space (#4) bars at 6" Max when end region of panel length is 6'-0" and greater to side slot drain.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing"

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a %" width x $\frac{1}{4}$ " tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

The back of railing must be vertical unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064)

of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U and WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other than shown are permitted if conditions in the table are satisfied. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized $\sim #4 = 1'-7"$

Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-4 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Shop drawings will not be required for this rail Average weight of railing with no overlay is 376 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

SHEET 2 OF 2

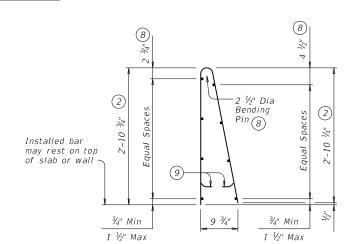


Bridge Division Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL SINGLE SLOPE

TYPE SSTR

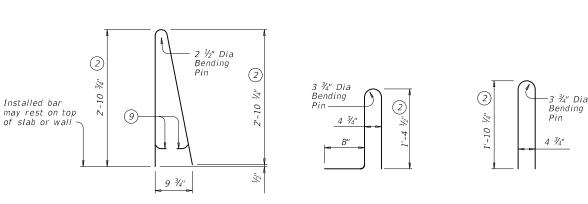
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©T×D0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HWAY
	REVISIONS	0913	22	057 CR		CR.		
		DIST	COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.			
		YKM		GONZAL	ES			52



OPTIONAL WELDED WIRE REINFORCEMENT (WWR)

DESCRIPTION	LONGITUDINAL WIRES	VERTICAL WIRES
Minimum (Cumulative Total) Wire Area	1.067 Sq In.	0.267 Sq In. per Ft
	No. of Wires	Spacing
Minimum	8	4"
Maximum	10	8"
Maximum Wire Size Differential	The smaller wire mus of 40% or more of th	

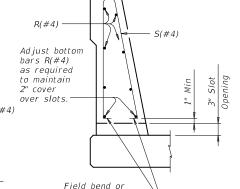
SECTIONS THRU RAIL



BARS S (#4)

BARS U (#4)

BARS WU (#4)



cut bars S(#4) as

required at slots.

SECTION THRU OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN

(Typ)R(#4)Slab Expansion Intermediate Wall Joint

(Typ)

Slot

OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN DETAIL

6'-0" Min

6" Max Spa

Note: Side Slot Drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Drains should not be placed over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway surface and a sidewalk surface, side drain slots will not be permitted.

Bars S Spa ~ 2"

3'-0" Min

with side

slot drains

end region of

panel length

U(#4) (10)-

Slot

area of 9 square inches.

20A

4-10 7-20 GONZALES 53

-Ground

Line

Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of 7^\prime to the bottom

DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall

be installed per SMD standard sheets and

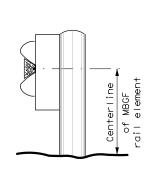
of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE

paid under item 644.

TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS

GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT

GF2

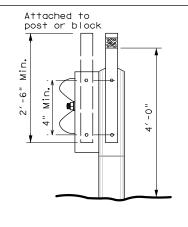


GF1

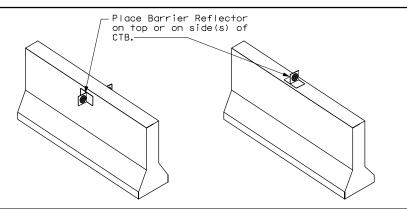
(Approx.)

20'

12" Dia.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement.
- 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction.
- 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible.
- 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface.
- 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.



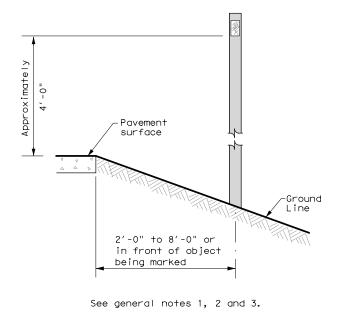
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER INSTALLATION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

D & OM(2) - 20

ILE: dom2-20.dgn	DN: TX[)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	22	057		CR
10-09 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-10 7-20	YKM		GONZALE	S	54

DELINEATORS AND TYPE 2



-Ground

Line

Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom of the chevron is permitted for

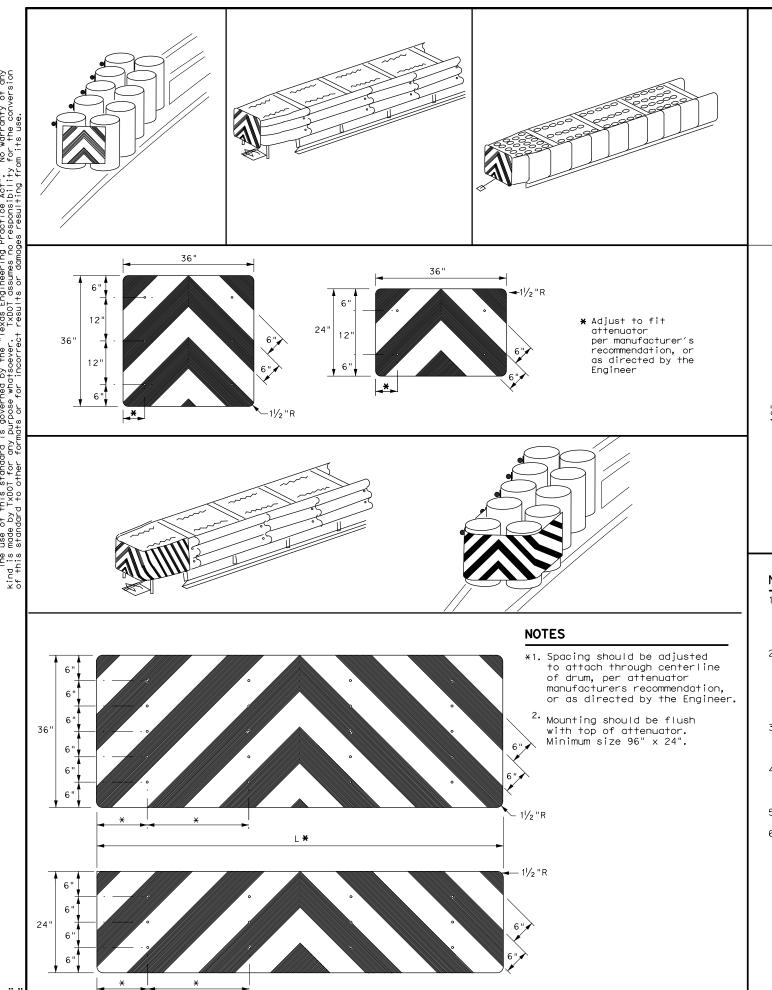
chevrons that will not exceed

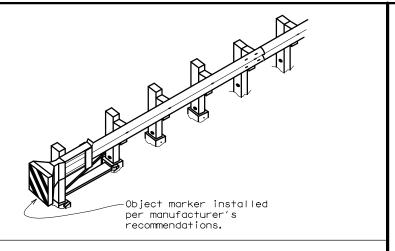
a height of 6'-6" to the top of

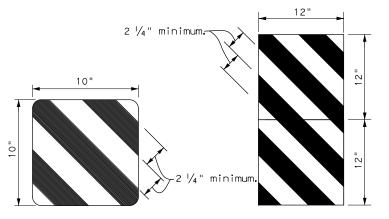
the chevron (sizes $24" \times 30"$ and

is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion mats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

20E







OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2

Variable to match width of exit gore sign.

EXIT

444

BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)

NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS**

D & OM(VIA)-20

FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[TO(ck: TXDOT	DW: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0913	22	057		CR	
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY SHEET N			HEET NO.
4-98 7-20	YKM	GONZALES		:S		56

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ): 0913-22-057

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: CR 302 AT BLACK CREEK

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 29°24'46.35"N ,(Long) 97°21'59.28"W

END: (Lat) 29°24'47.76"N ,(Long) 97°21'54.80"W

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.33

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACEING BRIDGE

AND APPROACHES

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
MEGIUN SILTY CLAY LOAM, 0& TO 1% SLOPES	WELL DRAINED

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

X PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

☐ PSLs determined during construction

□ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

☐ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening

☐ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

X Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

X Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

X Place flex base

X Rework slopes, grade ditches

X Blade windrowed material back across slopes

X Revegetation of unpaved areas

X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

☐ Other:			

Other:			

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- **X** Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- X Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

Other:

□ Other			
☐ Other:			

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
GUADALUPE RIVER	GUADALUPE RIVER (1803_05)
NO TMDLs or I-PLAI	NS WERE IDENTIFIED
* ^ - - (*) f : -	

Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

☐ Other:		
☐ Other:		

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



22

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.				
	57					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY			
TEXA:	S	YKM	GONZALES			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		٧٥.	

057

CR

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CCP

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Type	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	
atatha Fadanana d D		2.11.01	
r to the Environmental Layo		s Layout Sh	
ed in Attachment 1.2 of this	SWP3		

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily

X Haul roads dampened for dust control

X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin

X Stabilized construction exit

_				
	Daily	stree	t swe	eping

☐ Other:	et sweeping	 	
Other:			
Other:			

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

□ Other:

X Sanitary Facilities

☐ Other:			
=			
☐ Other: _			

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Typo	Stati	oning
Туре	From	То
No surface waters present, not planned	vegetated buff	er zones are

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.				
		58				
STATE		STATE D i st.	COUNTY			
TEXAS		YKM	GONZALES			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.			
0913		22	057 CR			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Other: ____

□ □ Other: _____ □ □ Other:

□ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection

X

Sediment Control Fence

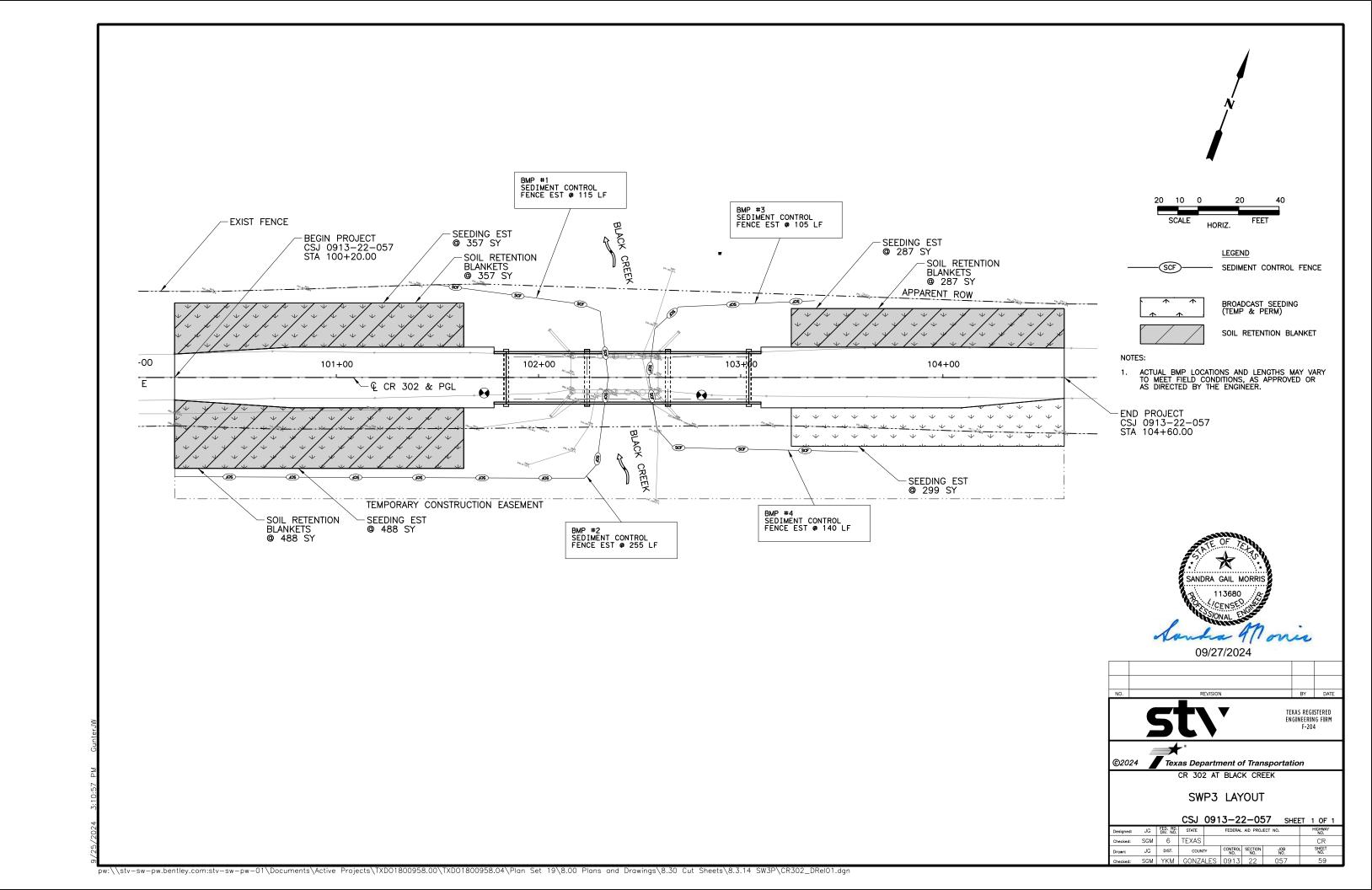
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier

□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

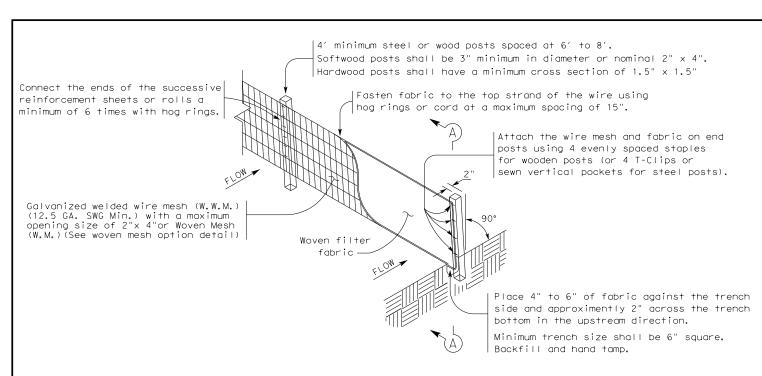
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit

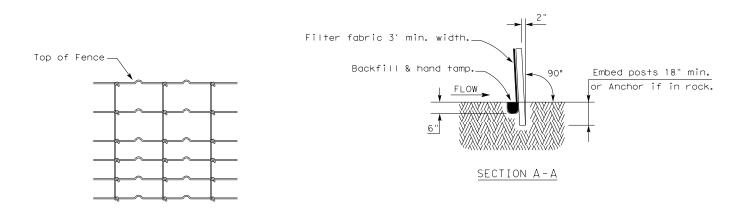
□ □ Sandbag Berms



I. STORMWATER POLL	UTION PREVENTION		III. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES	
Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit is required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. If applicable list MS4 operator that may receive discharges from this project. MS4 operator should be notified prior to construction activities.		ired for projects with 1 or more st protect for erosion and e list MS4 operator that may receive	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event potentially contaminated materials are observed, such as dead or distressed vegetation, trash disposal areas, drums, canisters, barrels, leaching or seepage of substances, unusual smells or odors, or stained soil, cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.	
Prevent stormwater pollut	=	on in accordance with TPDES	No Additional Comments	Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? Yes No	
Comply with the SW3P a		control pollution or as required by		Are results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)? Yes No	
the Engineer. Post Construction Site No	stice (CSN) with SW3P info	rmation on or near the site		TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 14 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.	
accessible to the public an	nd TCEQ, EPA, or other insp			The Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to	
	Intent (NOI) to TCEQ and			minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.	
MS4 Operator(s):			IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES	-	
No Additional C	Comments		Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, and 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping and tree/brush removal.	No Additional Comments	
II. WORK IN OR NEAR ST	TREAMS, WATERBODII	ES AND WETLANDS	No Additional Comments		
excavating or other work in w Contractor must adhere to all	vater bodies, rivers, creeks, s of the terms and general con	t is required for filling, dredging, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The nditions associated with the the plans is required, contact the		VII. GENERAL NOTES	
☐No USACE Permit Requir	red				
Work is authorized by the USACE under a Nationwide Permit 14 without a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). Project specific permit was not issued by USACE, therefore is not in the plan set. Work is authorized by the USACE under a Nationwide Permit with a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). The project specific permit issued by the USACE is included in the plan set.		permit was not issued by USACE,	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE	The contractor's attention is directed to the fact that discharges of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States, including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for construction, will require specific approval of the USACE under Section 404 of the Clean Walact.	
			SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS If any of the listed species below are observed, cease work in the area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately.		
	USACE under a Individual CE is included in the plan se	Permit (IP). The project specific et.	The work may not remove active nests (from bridges, structures, or vegetation adjacent	TxDOT will obtain the appropriate permit(s), Nationwide or Individual, when necessary as dictated by the proposed actions for the project and it's potential to affect USACE jurisdiction areas. The contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in charge of construction. TxDOT will hold the contractor responsible for following all condition of the approved permit. If the contractor cannot work within the limits of the permit(s), then it becomes the contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the necessary as	
	I by the USACE. The project rmit will be provided to the	et specific permit issued by the contractor.	structures or vegetation is necessary during the nesting season, the Contractor shall conduct a bird survey no more than 3 days in advance of the clearing/demolish start		
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Permit is required for projects that involve the construction or modification (including changes to lighting) of a bridge or causeway across a water body determined to be navigable by the United States Coast Guard (USCG) under		ng) of a bridge or causeway across a tes Coast Guard (USCG) under	date. All bird surveys shall be conducted by a Field Biologist and adhere to the guidance document "Avoiding Migratory Birds and Handling Potential Violations" found in the TxDOT Environmental Compliance Toolkits at the time of the survey. (See below for Field Biologist and Ornithologist qualifications)	for changes or amendments to the conditions of the exiting permit(s) as originally obtained the department.	
Section 9 of the Rivers and H required, contact the Enginee		ork not represented in the plans is	No Additional Comments	Particular importance is stressed on the fact that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the United States, including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the	
No United States Coast Gu	·	Required		proposed work. The contractor shall maintain near normal flow of any jurisdictional waters of the United States at all times during construction. If the contractor needs further explanation of	
United States Coast Guard	l (USCG) Permit	•		the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the Yoakum	
United States Coast Guard	l (USCG) Exemption			District Environmental Coordinator.	
	Best Management Pract	tices		TxDOT Yoakum District	
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post Construction TSS			
Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	▼ Vegetative Filter Strips		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,	
Vegetation Lined Ditches	_	Vegetation Lined Ditches		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS	
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Grassy Swales		EPIC	
No Additional C	_ =		Field Biologist, Ornithologist – a field biologist is defined as an individual qualified to perform field investigations, presence/absence surveys and habitat surveys for protected avian species or species of concern. A mandatory bachelor's degree in biology or a related science is required. At a minimum, the Field Biologist, Ornithologist, shall have completed and reported a minimum of three presence/absence and habitat surveys for protected avian species in the past five years. A minimum of three projects must have been conducted in Texas. Surveys shall have been performed for documentation of species in accordance with a protocol approved by USFWS or TPWD, or following generally accepted methodologies.	FILE: EPIC Sheet.dgn	



TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

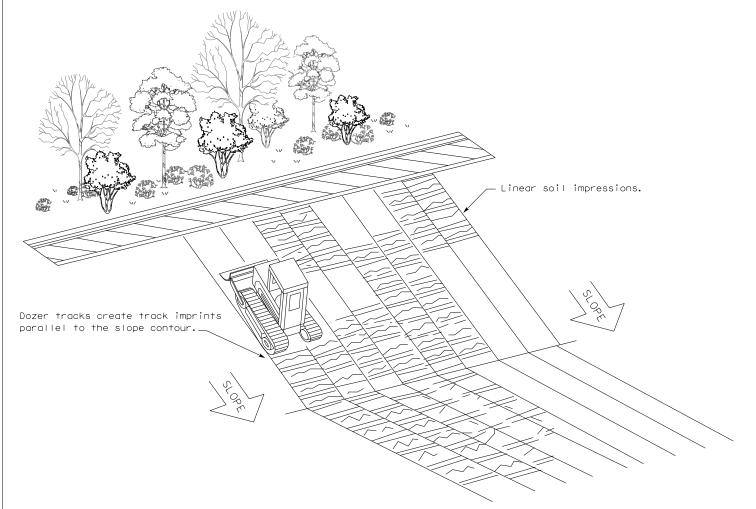
A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 ${\sf GPM/FT}^2$. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND
Sediment Control Fence

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

FILE: ec116	DN: TxDOT		ск: КМ	ow: VP	DN/CK: LS
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	22	057		CR
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	YKM	I GONZALES		61	