# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

State Project Number C 1533-1-22, Etc.

CSJ 1533-01-022, ETC

		ROADWAY	LENGTH	BRIDGE LEN	IGTH	TOTAL LE	NGTH	
CSJ	HWY	(FT)	(IM)	(FT)	(MI)	(FT)	(MI)	LIMITS
1533-01-022	FM 1704	18,755.00	3.552	300	0.057	19,055.00	3.609	FROM LOWER ELGIN RD TO FM 969
1533-01-023	FM 1704	34,262.00	6.489	206	0.039	34,468.00	6.528	FROM SL 109 TO LOWER ELGIN RD
TOTAL		53.017.00	10.041	506	0.096	53.523.00	10 137	

# BASTROP COUNTY FM 1704

FROM SL 109 TO FM 969 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF OVERLAY CONSISTING OF FDR, LEVEL UP, BONDING COURSE, & T.O.M.

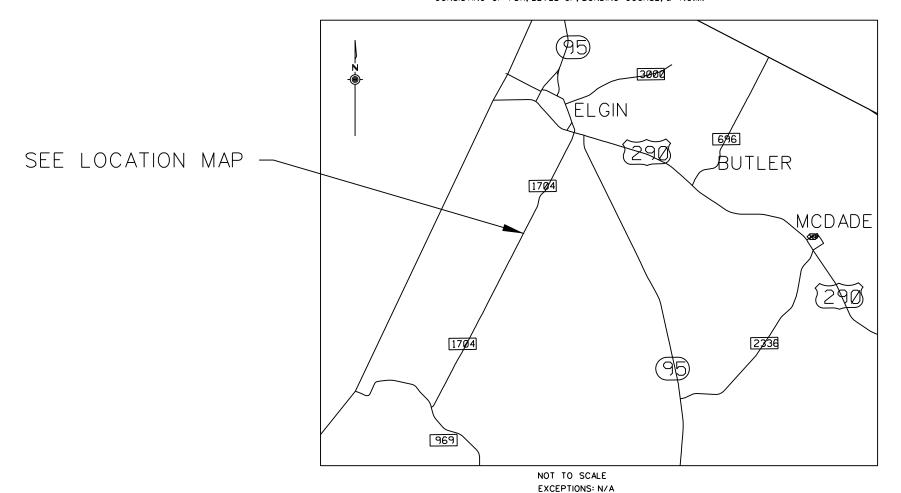
EQUATIONS: N/A

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: UPRR

Texas Department of Transportation

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DOT NO. 416295W RRMP 0935.640



TDLR INSPECTION NOT REQUIRED

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ON SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS (000--005)

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

Diana K. Schulze, P.E. -6775445255A3482..

AREA ENGINEER

10/1/2024

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 10/2/2024

DocuSigned by: - Hathe Ashly-Ngn

> DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

# FINAL PLANS

1533 01 022, ETC.

**DESIGN SPEED** 

MAIN LANES: N/A FRONTAGE ROADS: N/A

CSJ: 1533-01-022

CSJ: 1533-01-023

BASTROP

2022 = 3,784 VPD 2042 = 5,298 VPD

2022 = 6,297 VPD 2042 = 11, 461 VPD

DIST

AUS

<u>A.D.T.</u>

FM1704

SHEET NO

DATE OF LETTING: DATE WORK BEGAN: DATE WORK COMPLETED AND ACCEPTED: FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$ \_\_

CONTRACTOR: \_\_\_ LIST OF APPROVED CHANGE ORDERS:

ICERTIFY THAT THIS PROJECT WAS CONSTRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH THE FINAL AS-BUILT

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

DATE

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

10/1/2024

Susana Ceballos P.E. E1816167B5C7414..

DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

-8912AF18F45A416

# GENERAL 1 TITLE SHEET 2 INDEX OF SHEETS 3 LOCATION MAP 4 SEQUENCE OF WORK 5 TYPICAL SECTIONS 6, 6A-6D GENERAL NOTES 7,7A ESTIMATE & QUANTITY

29 FLEXPAVE (1)-22 (AUS) 30 FLEXPAVE (2)-22 (AUS) 31 FLEXPAVE (3)-22 (AUS)

# AVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION STANDARDS

	PAVEMEN <sup>®</sup>
32	PM(1)-22
33	PM(2)-22
34	PM(3)-22
35	RS(4)-23

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

	HICKLI IO CONTINOLI L
9	BC (1)-21
10	BC (2)-21
11	BC (3)-21
12	BC (4)-21
13	BC (5)-21
14	BC (6)-21
15	BC (7)-21
16	BC (8)-21
17	BC (9)-21
18	BC (10)-21
19	BC (11)-21
20	BC (12)-21
21	TCP (1-1)-18
22	TCP (1-2)-18
23	TCP (3-1)-13

TCP (3-3)-14

TCP (7-1)-13

WZ (RS)-22

WZ (STPM)-23 WZ (UL)-13

24 25

26

27

28

QUANTITY SUMMARY

#### RAILROAD STANDARDS

**ROADWAY DETAILS STANDARDS** 

36	RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK
37	RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS- 1 OF 2
38	RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS- 2 OF 2

## **BRIDGE STANDARDS**

39-40 CLEANING & SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS**

41 EPIC

THE STANDARED SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

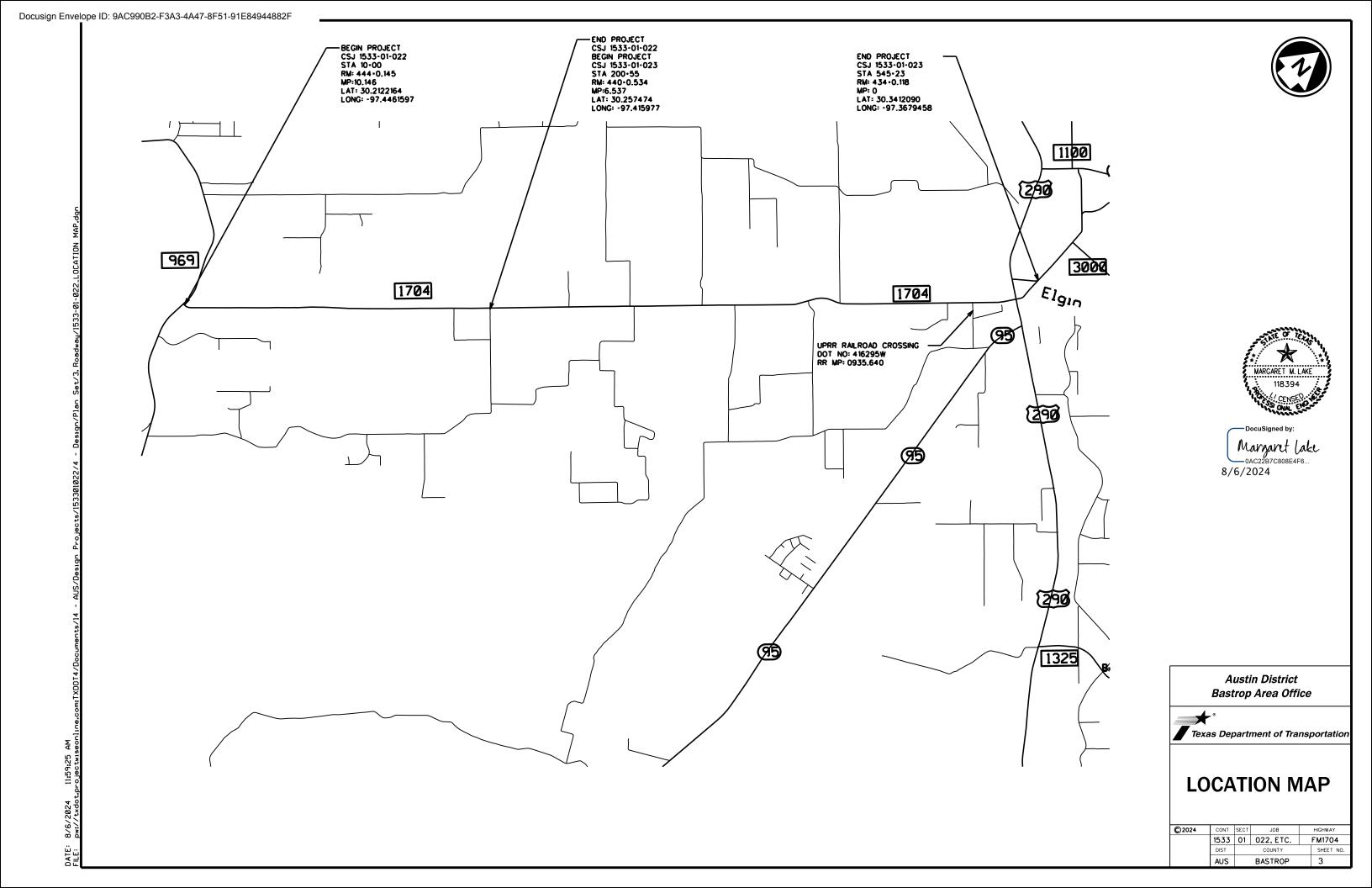






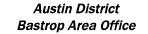
FM 1704
INDEX OF SHEETS

© 2024		CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
S: CK:		1533	01	022, ETC.			FM1704	
N:	CK;	DIST		COUN	ITY		SHEET NO.	
W. CK.		AUS		BAST	2			



- INSTALL PERIMETER BARRICADES
- INSTALL APPLICABLE TCP DAILY USING TMA'S AND PCMB'S AS DIRECTED
- COMPLETE FDR AND LEVEL-UP PATCHES AS DIRECTED PLACE WK ZN REMOVEABLE TABS DAILY AND WK ZN NON-REMOVE STRIPE AS NEEDED OR AS DIRECTED.
- PERFORM TY A BACKFILL AS DIRECTED
- PERFORM (TOM) OVERLAY OPERATIONS, PLACE WK ZN REMOVEABLE TABS DAILY AND WK ZN NON-REMOVE STRIPE AS NEEDED OR DIRECTED.
- PLACE CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS, RAISED PROFILE EDGE LINES, FINAL TY 1 PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND BUTTONS.
- REMOVE PERIMETER BARRICADES
- SEE LOCATION SPECIFIC INFORMATION PERTAINING TO WORK RESTRICTIONS IN ITEM 502 OF THE GENERAL NOTES.

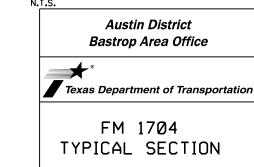






SEQUENCE OF WORK

©2024	2024 CONT		JOB	HIGHWAY	
	1533	01	022, ETC.		FM1704
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	AUS		BASTROP		4



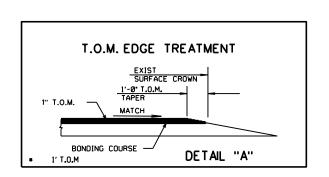
FM 1704 TYPICAL SECTION

Austin District Bastrop Area Office

| CONT | SECT | JOB | | 1533 | O1 | O22, ETC. | DIST | COUNTY | ©2024 HIGHWAY FM1704 SHEET NO. BASTROP

Margaret Lake —0AC22B7C808E4F6...

8/6/2024



**GENERAL NOTES: Version: August 8, 2024** 

	Item	Description	**Rate
	341, 344	<b>Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt</b>	110 LB/SY/IN
	347	Thin Overlay Mixtures (TOM)	
		SAC B	113.0 LB/SY/IN
Ī	3007	Bonding Course	0.09 GAL/SY

<sup>\*\*</sup> For Informational Purposes Only

#### **GENERAL**

Contractor questions and requests for documents on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Bastrop Area <u>Diana.Schulze@txdot.gov</u>
Bastrop Area <u>Shane.Swimm@txdot.gov</u>

Questions and requests for documents will be accepted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only. Similar materials from other manufacturers are permitted if they are of equal quality, comply with the specifications for this project, and are approved.

If work is performed at Contractor's option, when inclement weather is impending, and the work is damaged by subsequent precipitation, the Contractor is responsible for all costs associated with replacing the work, if required.

The roadbed will be free of organic material prior to placing any section of the pavement structure.

Contact the supervisor for the passenger facility at Capital Metro and request the relocation of Capital Metro signs. Contact the supervisor at (512) 385-0190.

Equip all construction equipment used in roadway work with highly visible omnidirectional flashing warning lights.

Provide a smooth, clean sawcut along the existing asphalt or concrete pavement structure, as directed. Consider subsidiary to the pertinent Items.

County: BASTROP

Highway: FM 1704

Sheet: 6

Control: 1533-01-022, ETC

Keep the roadway free of debris and sediment caused by construction activities. Dispose of all material in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. This work is subsidiary.

Damage to existing pipes and SET's due to Contractor operations will be repaired at Contractor's expense.

All locations used for storing construction equipment, materials, and stockpiles of any type, within the right of way, will be as directed. Use of right of way for these purposes will be restricted to those locations where driver sight distance to businesses and side street intersections is not obstructed and at other locations where an unsightly appearance will not exist. The Contractor will not have exclusive use of right of way but will cooperate in the use of the right of way with the city/county and various public utility companies as required.

#### ITEM 5 – CONTROL OF THE WORK

Obtain and maintain compliance with additional training requested by UPRR "Property Access Training".

Place construction stakes at intervals of no more than 100 ft. This work is subsidiary.

#### ITEM 6 - CONTROL OF MATERIALS

Give a minimum of 1 business day notice for materials, which require inspection at the Plant.

#### **Storage of Material Near Structures**

Do not store equipment or flammable material within 100 ft. of bridges, culverts, or near their openings (portals). Flammable materials include all material that is not metal or aluminum.

#### ITEM 7 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Roadway closures during key dates, significant traffic generators, and/or special events are prohibited. See notes for Item 502 for the key dates and/or special events.

Refer to the Environmental Permits, Issues and Commitments (EPIC) plan sheets for additional requirements and permits.

Perform maintenance of vehicles or equipment at designated maintenance sites. Keep a spill kit on-site during fueling and maintenance. This work is subsidiary.

Locate aboveground storage tanks kept on-site for construction purposes in a contained area as to not allow any exposure to soils. The containment will be sized to capture 150% of the total capacity of the storage tanks.

# Work over or near Bodies of Water (lakes, rivers, ponds, creeks, dry waterways, etc.).

Keep on site a universal spill kit adequate for the body of water and the work being performed. Debris is not allowed to fall into the ordinary high-water level (OHWL). Debris that falls into the OHWL must be removed at the end of each work day. Debris that falls into the floodway must be removed at the end of each work week or prior to a rain event. When not in use and at the end

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

of each work shift, all material and equipment must be stored more than 100 ft. away from the ordinary high water mark. This work is subsidiary.

#### Law Enforcement Personnel.

Submit charge summary and invoices using the Department forms.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles. No payment will be made for law enforcement personnel needed for moving equipment or payment for drive time to/from the event site. A minimum number of hours is not guaranteed. Payment is for work performed. If the Contractor has a field office, provide an office location for a supervisory officer when event requires a supervising officer. This work is subsidiary.

A maximum combined rate of \$85 per hour for the law enforcement personnel and the patrol vehicle will be allowed. Any scheduling fee is subsidiary per Standard Specification 502.4.2. Cancel law enforcement personnel when the event is canceled. Cancellation, minimums or "show up" fees will not be paid when cancellation is made 12 hours prior to beginning of the event. Failure to cancel within 12 hours will not be cause for payment for cancellation, minimums, or "show up" time. Payment of actual "show up" time to the event site due to cancellation will be on a case-by-case basis at a maximum of 2 hours per officer.

Alterations to the cancellation and maximum rate must be approved by the Engineer or predetermined by official policy of the officer's governing authority.

#### Back Up Alarm.

For hours 9 P to 5 A, utilize a non-intrusive, self-adjusting noise level reverse signal alarm. This is not applicable to hotmix or seal coat operations. This is subsidiary.

#### ITEM 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Working days will be charged in accordance with 8.3.1.4, "Standard Workweek."

Early Safety Completion No Excuse Incentive

Early safety completion no excuse incentive will be paid for the early safety completion of work. The deadline for the early safety completion will be 90 percent of the contract duration. A no excuse incentive for early safety incentive completion will be paid at daily rate shown in Table NE for each day prior to the deadline. The incentive will have a maximum of 30 working days for computing the credit. A disincentive will not be applied for late completion.

Early safety completion for the no excuse incentive occurs when traffic is following the lane arrangement as shown on the plans for the finish roadway; all pavement construction and pavement surfacing are complete; and signs, delineation, traffic signals, illumination, traffic control devices, raised pavement markers, and pavement markings are in their final position. The Engineer may make an exception for Type I permanent pavement markings and raised pavement

County: BASTROP

Highway: FM 1704

Sheet: 6A

Control: 1533-01-022, ETC

markers provided the work can be completed with a mobile operation. Early safety completion will include the completed installation of all crash safety features such as crash cushions, cable barrier, safety end treatment, guard fence, guardrail end treatments, and their mow strips as shown on the plans for the finish roadway. All installed items must be operating as intended.

Table NE

Dollar Amount of	Daily Rate	
More Than To		Early Safety Completion
0	5,000,000	3,000
5,000,001	10,000,000	6,000
10,000,001	Over 10,000,001	10,000

All no excuse incentives will not be adjusted for any reason including but not limited to impacts/delays caused by contract duration added by change order, suspension of work, time charge suspension, added work, changes in scope, third parties, holidays, third party damage, material supply shortage, design errors, TxDOT, utilities known and unforeseen, differing site conditions, overruns, added work, change orders, acts of God, weather, railroad, special event traffic accommodations, unforeseeable events, and right of way. At the sole discretion of TxDOT, the date may be adjusted due to Acts of God such as earthquake, tidal wave, tornado, hurricane, or other cataclysmic phenomena of nature. Contractor expenditures (overtime, equipment cost, etc.) in attempt to obtain the incentive are not reimbursable or a reason for payment of the incentive. This incentive will be separate and independent from other incentives.

#### ITEM 134 - BACKFILLING PAVEMENT EDGES

If seal coat is final surface, install backfill prior to placing seal coat.

Install at 3:1 slope to tie into existing terrain and apply erosion control material per Item 300 at rate of 0.12 GAL/SY.

For TY A backfill, furnish flexible base meeting the requirement for any type or grade, except Grade 4, in accordance with Item 247. Compressive strengths and wet ball mill for flexible base are waived for this item. Alternate materials include RAP, salvaged material from Item 105, and salvaged material from Item 351. The alternate materials are not required to be tested but visually verified as 100% passing a 2.5 in. sieve.

# ITEM 305 – SALVAGING, HAULING, AND STOCKPILING RECLAIMABLE ASPHALT PAVEMENT

Material not used are to be retained by TxDOT and stockpiled. Contact TxDOT's Bastrop County Maintenance Office at 512-321-2221 for stockpile locations.

#### ITEMS 341 THRU 348 - HOT-MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

Core holes may be filled with an Asphaltic patching material meeting the requirements of DMS-9203 or with SCM meeting requirements of DMS-9202.

Remove and dispose of off the ROW the audible/profile markings, reflectorized markings, and raised markers.

Install transverse butt joints with 50 ft. H: 1 in. V transition from the new ACP to the existing surface. Install a butt joint with 24 in. H: 1 in. V transition from the new ACP to a driveway, pullout or intersection. Saw cut the existing pavement at the butt joints. This work is subsidiary.

Use a device to create a maximum 3H:1V notched wedge joint on all longitudinal joints of 2 in. or greater. This work is subsidiary.

Prior to milling, core the existing pavement to verify thickness. This work is subsidiary.

Ensure placement sequence to avoid excess distance of longitudinal joint lap back not to exceed one day's production rates.

Submit any proposed adjustments or changes to a JMF before production of the new JMF.

Tack every layer. Do not dilute tack coat. Apply it evenly through a distributor spray bar. Provide a minimum transition of 10' for intersections, 10' for commercial driveways, and 6' for residential driveways unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Irregularities will require the replacement of a full lane width using an asphalt paver. Replace the entire sublot if the irregularities are greater than 40% of the sublot area.

Lime or an approved anti-stripping agent must be used when crushed gravel is utilized to meet a SAC "A" requirement.

When using RAP or RAS, include the management methods of processing, stockpiling, and testing the material in the QCP submitted for the project. If RAP and RAS are used in the same mix, the QCP must document that both of these materials have dedicated feeder bins for each recycled material. Blending of RAP and RAS in one feeder bin or in a stockpile is not permitted.

Asphalt content and binder properties of RAP and RAS stockpiles must be documented when recycled asphalt content greater than 20% is utilized.

No RAS is allowed in surface courses.

Department approved warm-mix additives is required for all surface mix application when RAP is used. Dosage rates will be approved during JMF approval.

The Hamburg Wheel Test will have a minimum rut depth of 3mm except for SMA with HPG or PG 76.

County: BASTROP

Highway: FM 1704

Sheet: 6B

Control: 1533-01-022, ETC

#### ITEMS 341 - DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

Use the SGC for design and production testing of all mixtures. Design all Type D mixtures as a surface mix, maximum 15% RAP and no RAS. Contractor may not use a substitute PG binder for 76-22. When using substitute binders, mold specimens for mix design and production at the temperature required for the substitute binder used to produce the HMA.

The Hamburg Wheel minimum number of passes for PG 64 or lower is reduced to 7,000. The Engineer may accept Hamburg Wheel test results for production and placement if no more than 1 of the 5 most recent tests is below the specified number of passes and the failing test is no more than 2,000 passes below the specified number of passes.

#### ITEMS 347 - THIN OVERLAY MIXTURES (TOM)

For SAC A, blending SAC B aggregate with an RSSM greater than the SAC A rating or 10, whichever is greater, is prohibited.

Produce mixture with a Department approved WMA additive or process to facilitate compaction when the haul distance is greater than 40 miles or when the air temperature is 70°F and falling. WMA processes such as water or foaming processes are not allowed under these circumstances.

Provide informational shear bond strength testing in accordance with Item 341.

#### ITEM 351 – FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, use the AUS District Flexible Pavement Details found at www.txdot.gov/about/districts/austin-district/district-standards.html.

#### ITEM 354 - PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT

Material not used are to be retained by TxDOT and stockpiled. Contact TxDOT's Bastrop County Maintenance Office at 512-321-2221 for stockpile locations.

Unless shown on the plans, mill and resurface the work area during each shift on roadways with ADT greater than 20,000 or if milling will expose the flex base or subgrade per the typical section. Unless shown on the plans, mill and resurface a work area within 5 days for roadways with ADT 20,000 or less.

Taper permanent transverse faces 50 ft. per 1 in. Taper temporary transverse faces 25 ft. per 1 in. Taper permanent longitudinal faces 6 ft. per 1 in. HMA may be used as temporary tapers. Provide minimum 1 in. butt joints at bridge ends and paving ends. This work is subsidiary. Milled surfaces directly covered by a mat thickness of 1 in. or less shall produce a milled texture with a ridge to valley depth (RVD) no greater than 0.25 in. (6.5 mm).

Micro-milling equipment may use a drum narrower than 12 ft.

#### ITEM 502 - BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Roadway	Limits	Allowable Closure Time
FM 1704	FM 969 TO SL 109	30 min after sunrise to 30 min before sunset

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

For roadways without defined allowable closure times, nighttime lane closures will be allowed from 8 P to 6 A.

Daytime or Friday night lane closures will not be allowed unless otherwise shown on the plans. One lane in each direction will remain open at all times for all roadways unless otherwise shown on the plans.

No closures will be allowed on the weekends, working day prior, and working day after the National Holidays defined in the Standard Specifications, Good Friday, and Easter weekend.

No closures will be allowed 1 P.M. to 11 P.M. the Sunday of the Super Bowl.

To account for directional traffic volumes, begin and end times of closures may be shifted equally by the Engineer. The closure duration will remain. Added compensation is not allowed.

One-way traffic control, including work performed under Item 510, must be set up to provide a maximum of 20 minutes of delay to the traveling public.

Submit an emailed request for a lane closure (LCN) to TxDOT. The email will be submitted in the format provided. Receive concurrence prior to implementation. Submit a cancellation of lane closures a minimum of 18 hours prior to implementation. Blanket requests for extended periods are not allowed. Max duration of a request is 2 weeks prior to requiring resubmittal.

Provide 2-hour notice prior to implementation and immediately upon removal of the closure.

Cancellations of accepted closures (not applicable to full closures or detours) due to weather will not require resubmission in accordance with the above restrictions if the work is completed during the next allowable closure time.

Closures that conflict with adjacent contractor will be prioritized according to critical path work per latest schedule. Conflicting critical path or non-critical work will be approved for first LCN submitted. Denial of a closure due to prioritization or other reasons will not be reason for time suspension, delay, overhead, etc.

Meet with the Engineer prior to lane closures to ensure that sufficient equipment, materials, devices, and workers will be used. Take immediate action to modify current and future traffic control, if at any time the queue becomes greater than 20 minutes.

Consider inclement weather prior to implementing the lane closures. Do not set up traffic control when the pavement is wet.

Cover, relocate, or remove existing small, large, and overhead signs that conflict with traffic control. Cover large and overhead signs to remain using latest standard TS-CD. This work is subsidiary.

County: BASTROP

Highway: FM 1704

Sheet: 6C

Control: 1533-01-022, ETC

Vertical panels used on roadways with speed limit 55mph or greater must be round in shape or have a self-righting mechanism. The "flat" or "oblong" shaped vertical panels are not allowed.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

#### ITEM 503 – PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Place 2 PCMS 10 calendar days prior to begin work stating "Road Work Begin Soon, Contact 321-2195 For Info".

Place PCMS at time of LCN request. Place the PCMS at the expected end of queue caused by the closure. When the closure is active, revise the message to reflect the actual condition during the closure, such as "RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT".

#### ITEM 505 - TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR

The TMA/TA used for installation/removal of traffic control for a work area will be subsidiary to the TMA/TA used to perform the work.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA/TA required for the work. TMA/TAs paid by the day is full compensation for all worksite locations during an entire day.

TMA/TAs used to protect damaged attenuators will be paid by the day using the force account item for the repair.

#### ITEM 506 - TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENV CONTROLS

The project is exempt from the Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) General Permit (TXR15000). Exempt projects are those that disturb less than one acre or routine maintenance activities that maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purposes of the site. No temporary erosion control measures or Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P) have been included in the plans.

#### ITEM 533 – MILLED RUMBLE STRIPS

If surface is a seal coat, rumble strips shall be installed prior to placing the seal coat.

#### ITEM 585 - RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES

Use Surface Test Type B Pay Schedule 3 to evaluate ride quality of travel lanes, including service roads.

#### ITEM 662 - WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Notify the Engineer at least 24 hours in advance of work for this item.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

6D

Maintain removable and short-term markings daily. Remove within 48 hours after permanent striping has been completed.

Item 668 is not allowed for use as Item 662.

#### ITEM 666 - RETROREFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Notify the Engineer at least 24 hr. before beginning work.

All projects, including resurfacing, must increase center-to-center width for center line markings to 18 in. unless the plans or existing is greater than 18 in.

When the raised portion of a profile marking is placed as a separate operation from the pavement marking, the raised portion must be placed first then covered with TY I.

## ITEM 672 – RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

Place Type I-C and II-C-R markers at 40 ft. spacing for all lane lines.

#### ITEM 3007 – BONDING COURSE

The minimum application rates are listed in Table BC. Miscellaneous Tack is allowed for use with dense-graded Type B HMA. If a tack bid item is not provided, use bonding course item.

Table BC

Material	Minimum Application Rate (gal. per square yard)
TRAIL – Emulsified Asphalt	0.06
TRAIL – Hot Asphalt	0.12
Spray Applied Underseal Membrane	0.10

Table BCS (For Informational Tests)

Tuble Beb (1 of fill)	<u> </u>
Material	Target Shear Bond Strength
	(Tex-249-F psi)
SMA – Stone-Matrix Asphalt	60.0
PFC – Permeable Friction Course	N/A
All Other Materials	40.0

General Notes Sheet I



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 1533-01-022 **DISTRICT** Austin HIGHWAY FM 1704 **COUNTY** Bastrop

Report Created On: Oct 23, 2024 2:40:37 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ом јов	1533-0	L-022	1533-0	1-023		
		PROJECT ID			B201	A0019	7214		
	CO			Bastı	ор	Bastrop		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		ніс	HIGHWAY		f FM 1704		704		FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	134-7001	BACKFILL (TY A)	STA	188.000		340.000		528.000	
	341-7059	D-GR HMA TY-D PG76-22 (LEVEL-UP)	TON	563.000		916.000		1,479.000	
	347-7002	TOM-C PG76-22 SAC-B	TON	3,350.000		6,090.000		9,440.000	
	351-7005	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(6")	SY	6,667.000		13,333.000		20,000.000	
	354-7031	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 1")	SY	6,767.000		6,767.000		13,534.000	
	438-7004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS (CL3)	LF	104.000				104.000	
	438-7007	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS (CL7)	LF			80.000		80.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000				1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	1.000		3.000		4.000	
	503-7002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000				2.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	28.000		30.000		58.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	13.000		15.000		28.000	
	533-7002	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPH) (CENTERLINE)	LF	18,756.000		31,348.000		50,104.000	
	662-7008	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	38,112.000		63,296.000		101,408.000	
	662-7012	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	LF			495.000		495.000	
	662-7017	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	LF	18.000		12.000		30.000	
	662-7018	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)(ARROW)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	662-7030	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV(W)(WORD)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	662-7036	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	LF	1,403.000		5,803.000		7,206.000	
	662-7038	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	36,326.000		44,220.000		80,546.000	
	662-7112	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA			25.000		25.000	
	662-7114	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	2,519.000		4,178.000		6,697.000	
	666-7024	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF			495.000		495.000	
	666-7036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	18.000		12.000		30.000	
	666-7042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	666-7066	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	666-7266	RE PROFILE PM TY I(W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	38,112.000		68,936.000		107,048.000	
	666-7411	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF			5,640.000		5,640.000	
	666-7420	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	1,275.000		5,275.000		6,550.000	
	666-7423	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	33,024.000		40,200.000		73,224.000	
	672-7002	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA			25.000		25.000	
	672-7004	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	476.000		766.000		1,242.000	
	3007-7001	BONDING COURSE	GAL	5,796.000		10,681.000		16,477.000	
	02	RAILROAD FLAGGING: RAILROAD FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Austin	Bastrop	1533-01-022	7



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 1533-01-022

**DISTRICT** Austin HIGHWAY FM 1704

**COUNTY** Bastrop

Report Created On: Oct 23, 2024 2:40:37 PM

	CONTROL SECTION JOB			1533-01-022		1533-01-023			
	PROJECT ID			A00188201		A00197214			
	COUNTY			Bast	Bastrop Bastrop		rop	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
	HIGHWAY		FM 1	FM 1704		FM 1704			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	08	LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000		1.000		2.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON- PART)	LS	1.000		1.000		2.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000		1.000		2.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET	
Austin	Bastrop	1533-01-022	7A	

# TABULATION OF PROJECTS

REF NO.	REF NO. COUNTY		HWY NO. CONTROL	LIMITS	LENGTH		TOM	FDR AREA	
MEF NO.	COUNTY	HWI NU.	CONTROL	CIMITS		FT	AREA (SY)	(SY)	
*1	BASTROP	FM 1704	1533-01-022	FROM: LOWER ELGIN RD	3,609	19,055,52	59,283,84	6,667	
1	DHSTINO	BH311(0) FM 1/04 1333 61 622		TO: FM 969	3.00 7	1 7,000.02	3 7,203.0 1		
	DACTDOD	EN 1704	1533-01-023	FROM: SL 109	6.528	34,467.84	107,233.28	13,333	
*~	*2 BASTROP FM 1704 1533-01-023		1555-61-625	TO: LOWER ELGIN RD	0.520	31,407.01	107,233.20	15,555	
TOTALS			10.137	53,523.36	166,517.12	20,000			

1533-01-022 1533-01-023	1.000	1.000	
PLAN SET LOCATION UNIT	MO Monthly	LS Lump Sum	
DESCRIPTION	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MOBILIZATION	
BID CODE	502-7001	500-7001	
CATEGORY OF WORK	Barrıcades	Mobilization	

*	FOR	CONTRACTORS	INFORMATION	ONLY

	Roadway						Mainte	nance	Work zone		
134-7001	341-7059	347-7002	351-7005	354-7Ø31	533-7002	3007-7001	438-7004	438-7007	505-7001	503-7002	505-7003
BACKFILL (TY A)	D-GR HMA TY-D PG76-22 (LEVEL-UP)	TOM-C PG76-22 SAC-B	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(6")	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 1")	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPH) (CENTERLINE)	BONDING COURSE	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS (CL3)	CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS (CL7)	TMA (STATIONARY)	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
STA Station	TON Ton	TON Ton	SY Square Yards	SY Square Yards	LF Linear Feet	GAL Gallon	LF Linear Feet	LF Linear Feet	DAY Day	EA Each	DAY Day
188.000	563.000	3,350.000	6,667.000	6,767.000	18,756.000	5,796.000	104.000	0.000	28.000	2.000	13.000
340.000	916.000	6,090.000	13,333.000	6,767.000	31,348.000	10,681.000	0.000	80.000	30.000	0.000	15.000
528.000	1,479.000	9,440.000	20,000.000	13,534.000	50,104.000	16,477.000	104.000	80.000	58.000	2.000	28.000

	Pavemarking(s)										
662-7ØØ8	662-7Ø12	662-7Ø18	662-7Ø17	662-7030	662-7Ø36	662-7Ø38	662-7112	662-7114	666-7024	666-7036	666-7042
WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)(ARROW)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV(W)(W ORD)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(10 ØMIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100 MIL)
LF Linear Feet	LF Linear Feet	EA Each	LF Linear Feet	EA Each	LF Linear Feet	LF Linear Feet	EA Each	EA Each	LF Linear Feet	LF Linear Feet	EA Each
38,112.000	0.000	0.000	18.000	0.000	1,403.000	36,326.000	0.000	2,519.000	0.000	18.000	0.000
63,296.000	495.000	2.000	12.000	2.000	5,803.000	44,220.000	25.000	4,178.000	495.000	12.000	2.000
101,408.000	495.000	2.000	30.000	2.000	7,206.000	80,546.000	25.000	6,697.000	495.000	30.000	2.000

			Pavemarking(s)			
666-7Ø66	666-7266	666-7411	666-7420	666-7423	672-7004	672-7002
REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100M IL)	RE PROFILE PM TY I(W)6"(SLD)(10 ØMIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C
EA Each	LF Linear Feet	LF Linear Feet	LF Linear Feet	LF Linear Feet	EA Each	EA Each
0.000	38,112.000	0.000	1,275.000	33,024.000	476.000	0.000
2.000	68,936.000	5,640.000	5,275.000	40,200.000	766.000	25.000
2.000	107,048.000	5,640.000	6,550.000	73,224.000	1,242.000	25.000

#### NOTES:

FM 1704:

ALL FEMA AREAS ARE TO BE 1"MILL & INLAYED WITH 1" T.O.M. FEMA STATIONS:

STA 091+00 TO STA 106+00 STA 369+00 TO STA 384+50 STA 442+00 TO STA 455+00

- BACKFILL OMITTED FROM AREAS WITH CURB & GUTTER, AND BRIDGES.
- EXISTING MAILBOX TURNOUTS SHALL RECEIVE NEW SURFACE USING PROPOSED MATERIAL AND BID ITEM FOR PAYMENT.

  MAILBOX TURNOUTS WITHOUT PAVEMENT SHALL USE THE SURFACE BID ITEM, HMA ITEM, OR EDGE BACKFILL ITEM TO EXTEND THE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE BEYOND THE EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT TO CREATE A 4 IN. THICK MAILBOX TURNOUT THAT INCLUDES A SURFACE LAYER TO MATCH THE PROPOSED SURFACE.
- WK ZN STRIPE OTY INCLUDES: I FULL SET FOR T.O.M OVERLAY & OTY FOR FULL DEPTH REPAIR & LEVEL-UP



Austin District Bastrop Area Office



FM 1704 QUANTITY SUMMARY SHEET

©2024	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
	1533	01	01 022, ETC. FM 17		M 1704	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	AUS		BASTROP		8	

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs.
   The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP)is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

			_	-			
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
4-03	7-13	1533	01	022, ET	Ö	FM	1704
	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
5-10	5-21	AUS		BASTRO	)P		9

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD WORK ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES ⇒ END ROAD WORK AHE AD 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES
NEXT X MILES <>> AHE AD END ROAD WORK G20-1aT CW20-1D G20-2#

- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★G20-9TP X XR20-5T FINES IDOURI I XXR20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X MILES END G20-1bTL $\Diamond$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY 1 Block - City $\Rightarrow$ G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* 80' BEGIN G20-51 WORK \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T ★ X R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* R20-5aTP WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

#### SIZE

#### osted Sign Speed Spacing Feet MPH Apprx.) 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500 <sup>2</sup> 600 <sup>2</sup> 60 65 700 <sup>2</sup> 70 800 <sup>2</sup> 75 900 <sup>2</sup> 1000 2 80

**SPACING** 

#### Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Road Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 48" x 48" 48" x 48" CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36'' x 36'' 48' x 48' CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5. CW6. 48" × 48" 48 x 48 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

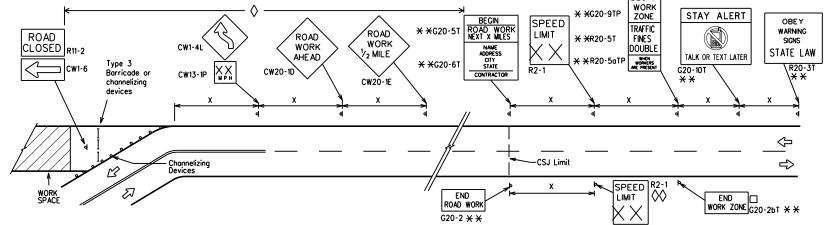
- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4.36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs"
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X XG20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 (os PASS ROAD WORK LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC ★ ★R20-5T WARNING \* \*G20-5T CW1-4L SIGNS DOUBLE CW20-1D \* \*R20-5aTP ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T + + R20-3T \* \* AHE AD CONTRACTOR AHE AD Type 3 Barricade or (WPH) CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizina devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Leftrightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ ➾ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-26T \*\* R2-1 LIMIT line should 3X CSJ Limit $\otimes \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK with sign When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance sians are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

No decimals shall be used.

LEGEND						
⊢—∣ Туре 3 Barricade						
0	O Channelizing Devices					
<b>+</b>	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

#### SHEET 2 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

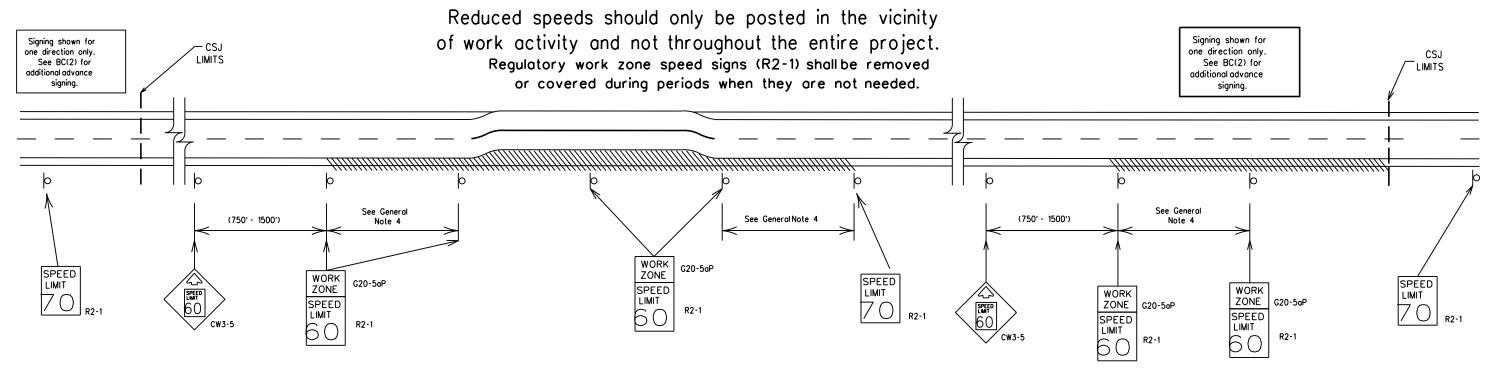
# BC(2)-21

PROJECT LIMIT

		· — ·	_	_				
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
RE VISIONS		1533	01	022, ET	Ö	FM	1704	
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AUS		BASTRO	)P		10	

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

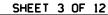
#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
  - 40 mph and areater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form \*1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

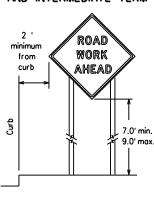
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

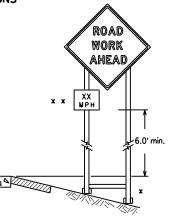
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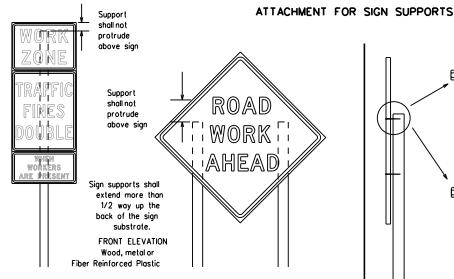
Practice Act". No warranty of any no responsibility for the conversion resulting from its use.

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- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling
  - \* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post

will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Attachment to wooden supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". 2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.

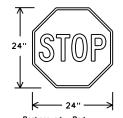
height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two

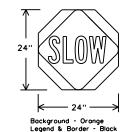
the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT) USAGE COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL BACKGROUND TYPE B OR C SHEETING RFD TYPE BEL OR CEL SHEETING BACKGROUND ORANGE LEGEND & BORDER WHITE TYPE B OR C SHEETING BLACK ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM LEGEND & BORDER

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 61</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.

#### Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

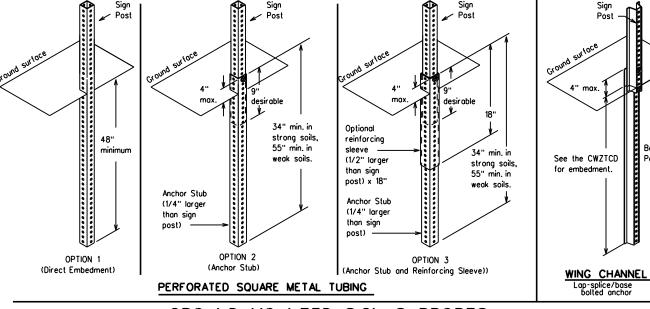
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES**

BC(4)-21

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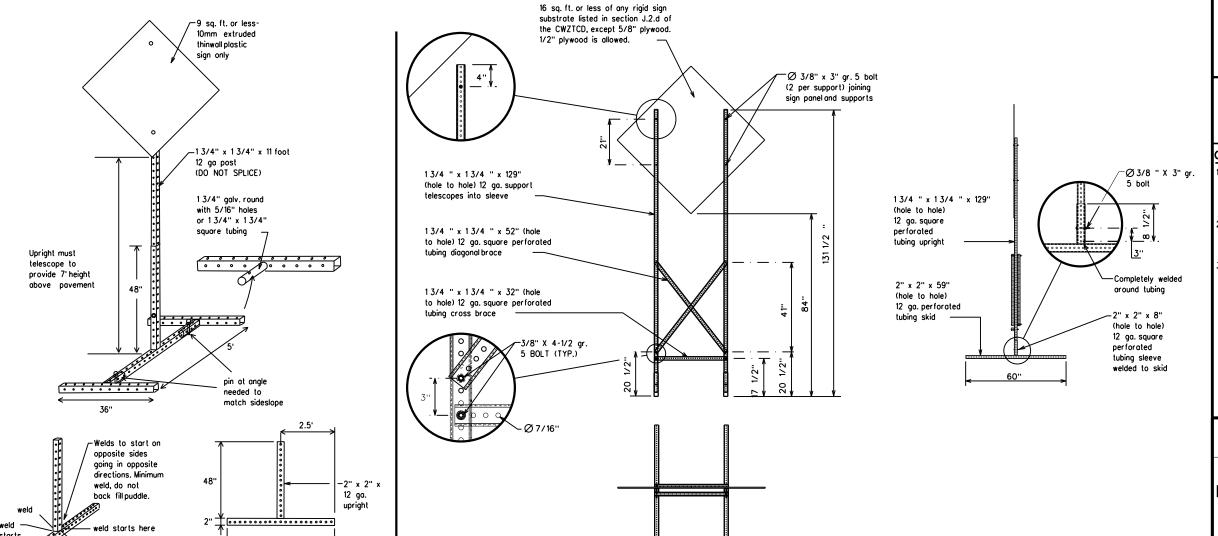


\* Maximum 12 sq. ft. of wood 21 sq. ft. of 2x6 4 x 4 block 72" block Length of skids may be increased for additional stability. See BC(4) Тор See BC(4) height for sign requirement height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requirement or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 40" 4x4 block Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS \*LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



## WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- . When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BC(5)-21

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SKID	MOUNTED	PERFORA <sup>*</sup>	TED SQU	ARE ST	EEL T	UBING	SIGN	SUPPORTS	
	× LONG/INT	ERMEDIATE TERM	A STATIONAR'	r - PORTAE	LE SKID N	MOUNTED S	SIGN SUP	PORTS	_

SINGLE LEG BASE

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- auspiayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
  9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet of night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

		1	
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road A	CCS RD	Major MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	11W1	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WILIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	] <del></del>	11/11/1
Maintenance	MAINT	_	

Roadway designation • IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

load/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Condit	ion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANES SHIF T
xxxxxxxx			

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect List		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		x x See	Application Guidelines No	te 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR
CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)
PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE
UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION
OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS
SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# SHEET 6 OF 12

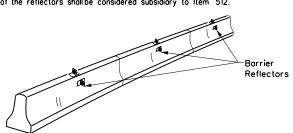


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

# BC(6)-21

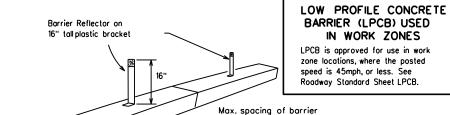
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		REVISIONS	1533	01	022, ETC.		FN	FM1704	
	9-07				COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	7-13	5-21	AUS	BASTROP			14		

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on too shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

reflectors is 20 feet.

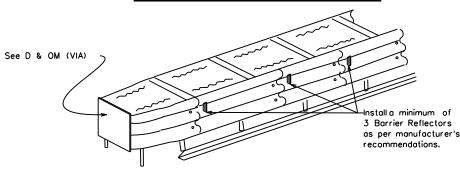
Attach the delineators as per

manufacturer's recommendations

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

IN WORK ZONES



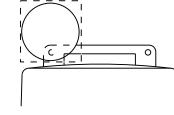
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square.Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type Á-Lów Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB"
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

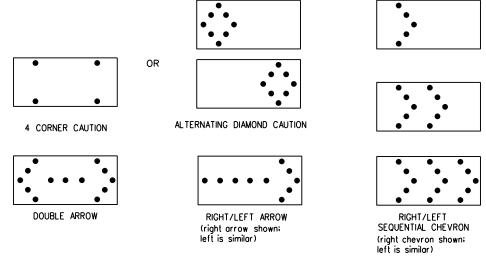
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- Minimum I ump on time shall be approximately 30 percent for the liashing arrow and equintervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
   The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
   The Floshing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A Floshing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow

14. Minimum mounting heigh	Arrow Boards should	
to bottom of panel.		

REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE				
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile				
С	48 x 96	15	1 mile				

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL

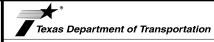
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWŹTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMÁ.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDO	
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	-WAY	
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9-07 7-13		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as
- the primary channelizing device.

  2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

**GENERAL NOTES** 

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

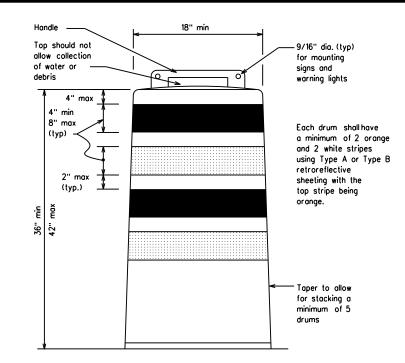
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
   ODrum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

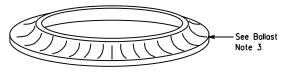
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

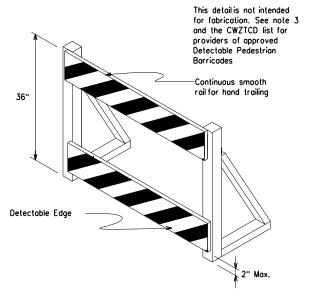
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### **BALLAST**

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (moximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.







#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions. Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

# SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



Standard

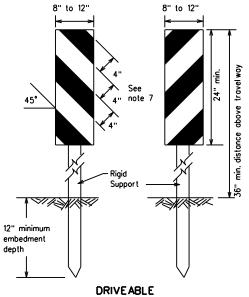
Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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-03 8-14 -07 5-21	DIST		COUNTY		9	HEET NO.
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(Rigid or self-righting)



1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.

3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.

4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches

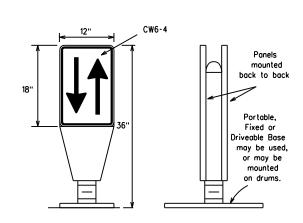
of retroreflective area facing traffic.

5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"

6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.

7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

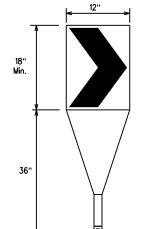
# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



PORTABLE

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



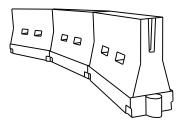
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## **CHEVRONS**

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travellanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top f the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirable er Lengl * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	
40	60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	
60	"3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	
75		750'	825'	900,	75'	150'	
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	

\* \* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	HWAY
REVISIONS		1533	01	022, ET	С.	FM <sup>*</sup>	1704
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	AUS		BASTRO	)P		17

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Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.

3. Borricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.

 Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.

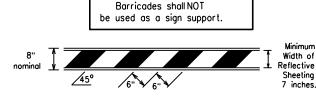
 Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".

 Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.

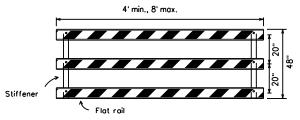
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.

8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade roils reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.

 Sheeting for borricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

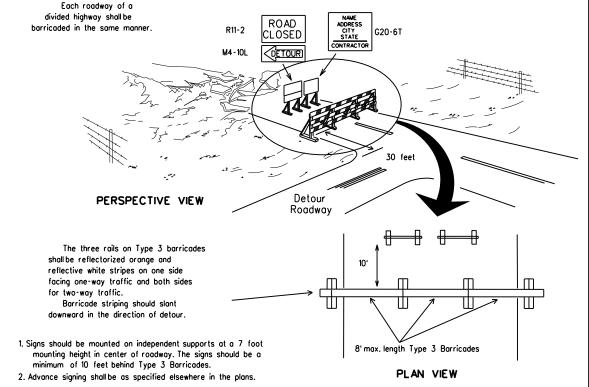


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

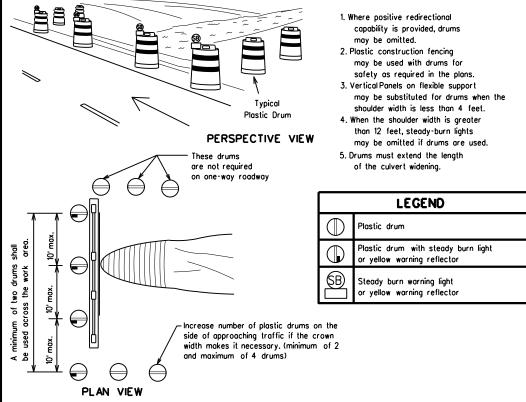


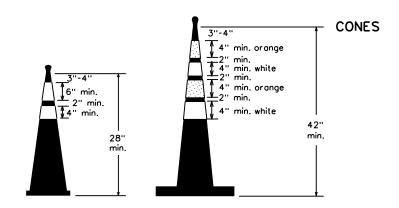
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





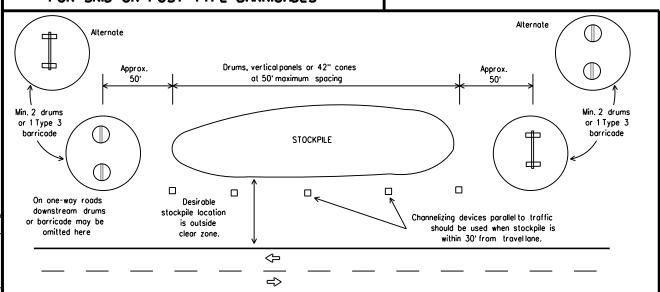
Two-Piece cones

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

 Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

 Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.

5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.

Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

#### SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

# BC(10)-21

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- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the 'Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

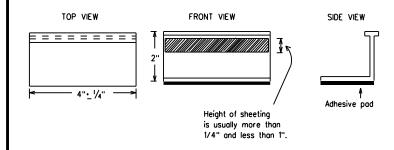
- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as quidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of preguglified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety

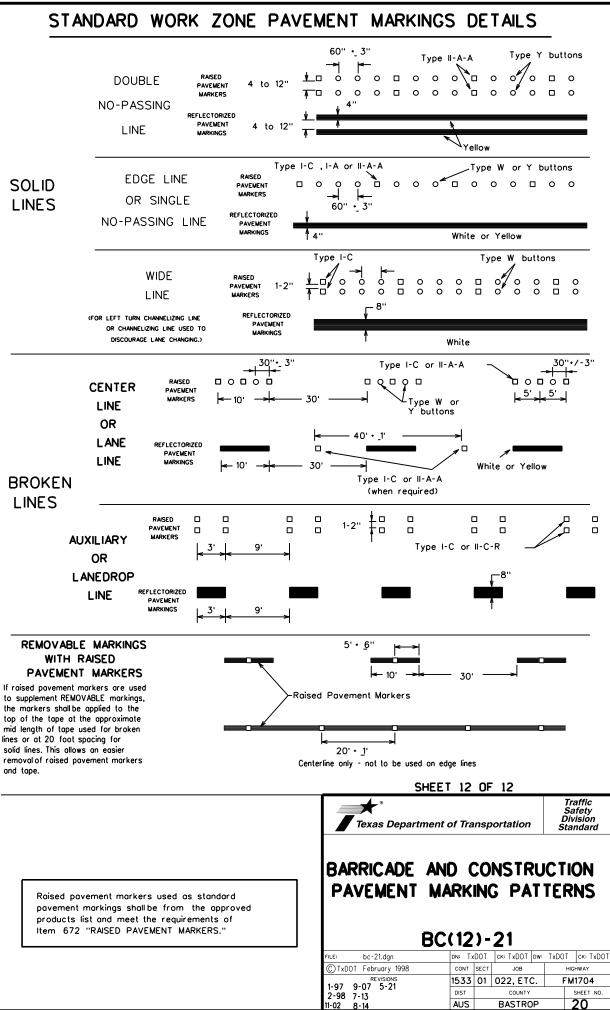


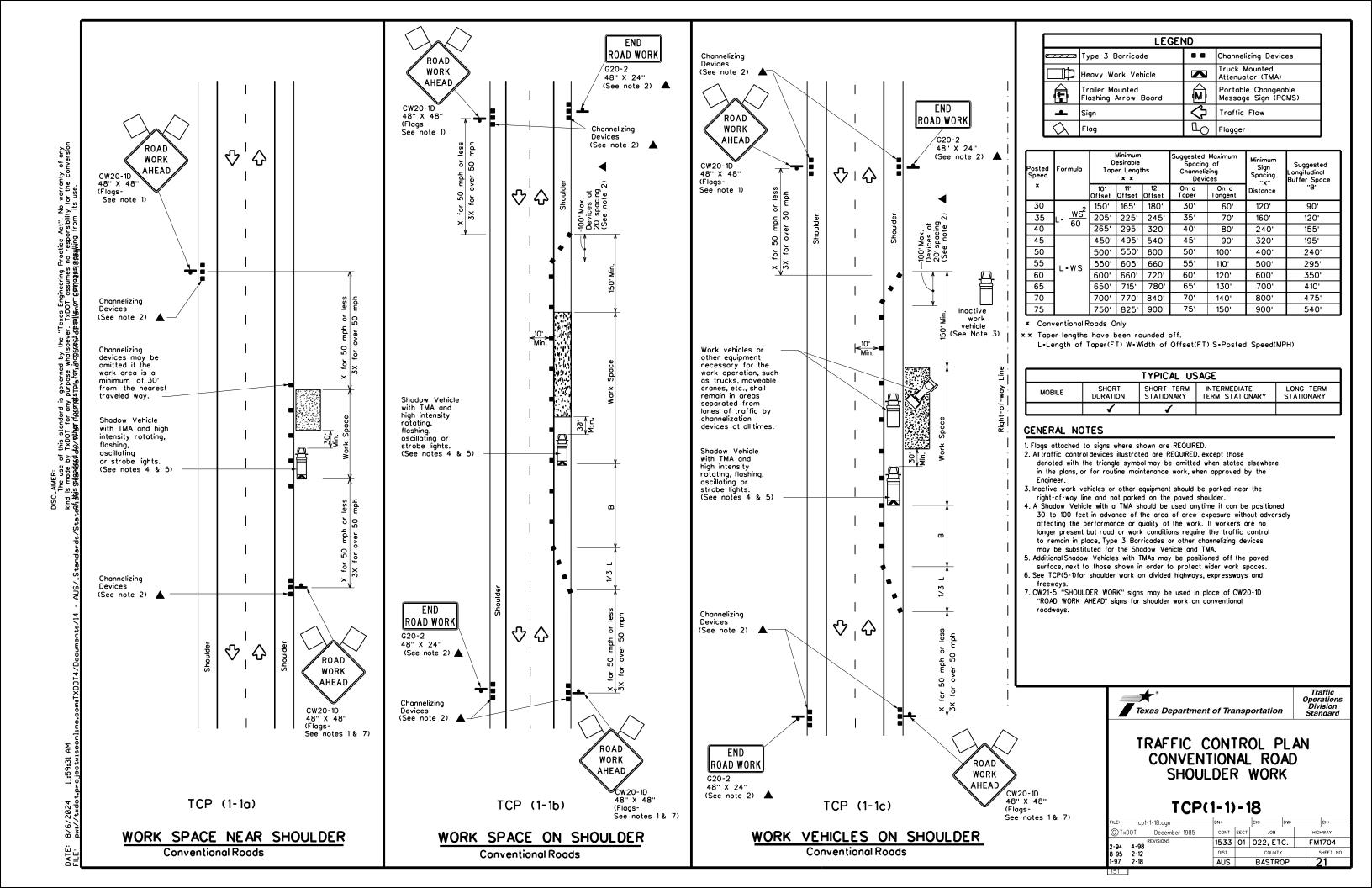
Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

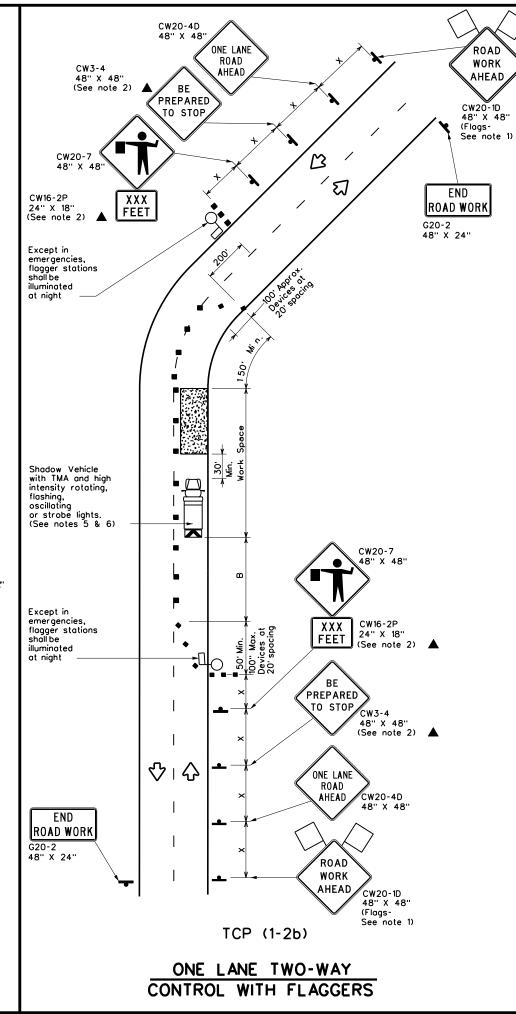
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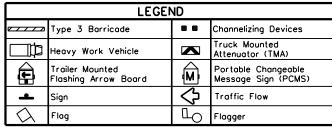
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(Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)





Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	gn Suggested S cing Longitudinal Buffer Space I	
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35	L= <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50	1	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60	- " 3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75	1	750'	825'	900,	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- D. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 1. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW poddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

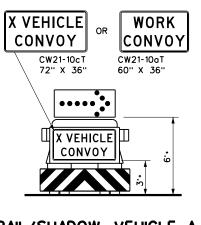
TCP(1-2)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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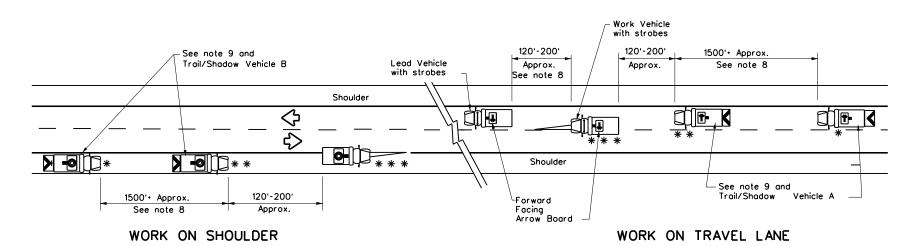
Shoulder Work Vehicle Lead Vehicle  $\diamondsuit$ with strobes with strobes  $\overline{\diamondsuit}$ 1 \* \* -₩ ₹ ₹> -Forward Facing —See Note 9 and Shoulder Arrow Board Trail/Shadow Vehicle A 1500' Approx. 120'-200' Approx. 120'-200' Approx. See note 8 See note 8

# TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



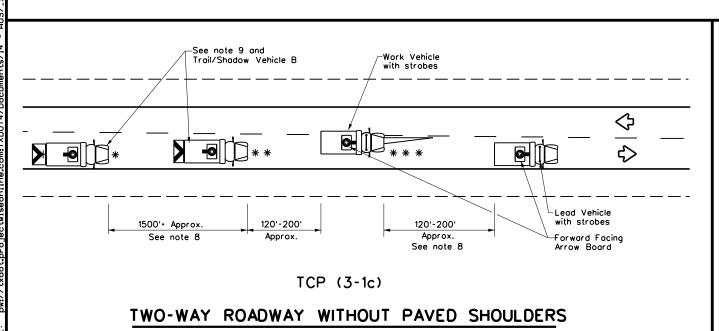
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A
with RIGHT Directional

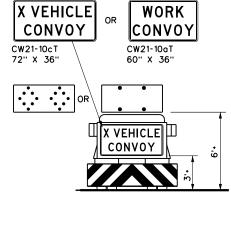
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

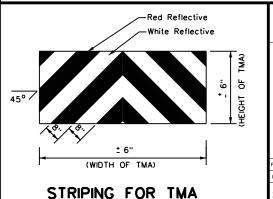
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAT							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>#</b>	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





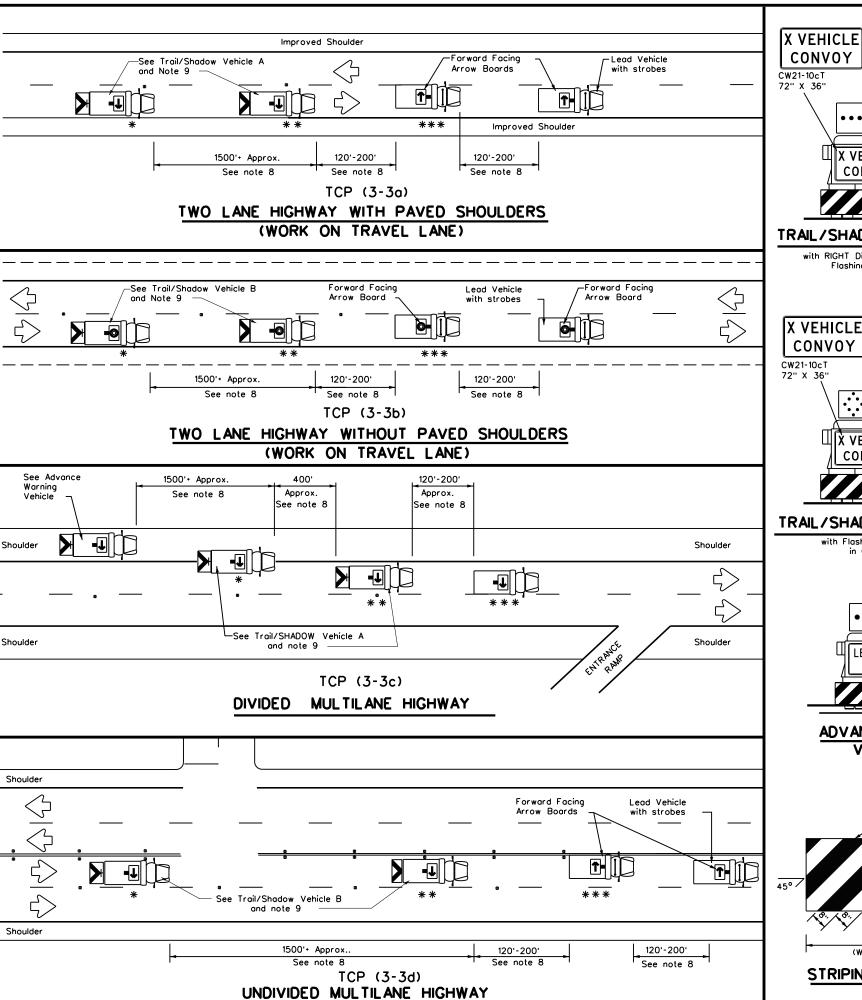
# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(3-1)-13

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## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

WORK

CONVOY

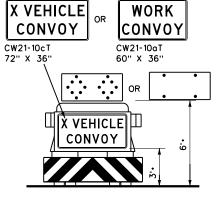
CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

with RIGHT Directional display

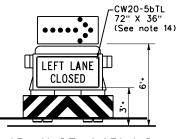
X VEHICLE

CONVOY

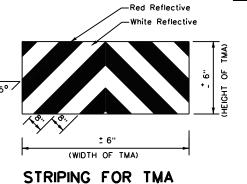


## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



**LEGEND** Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional Heavy Work Vehicle LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Ō Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

  2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the deliver's side of the vehicle may be operated.
- strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING
- and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.

  4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
  8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

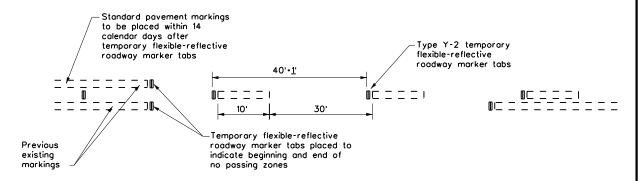
  X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12.For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13.Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

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ı	CTxDOT S	September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	CHWAY
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ı	8-95 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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# TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

#### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- A. Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travelexcept as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- B. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- C. Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing povement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow povement markings that delineate the separation of travellanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the povement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept,
  - the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

#### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- B. Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120'
35	160'
40	240'
45	320'
50	400'
55	500'
60	600'
65	700'
70	800,
75	900 <sup>,</sup>

\* Conventional Roads Only

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			✓	✓			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- . When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.



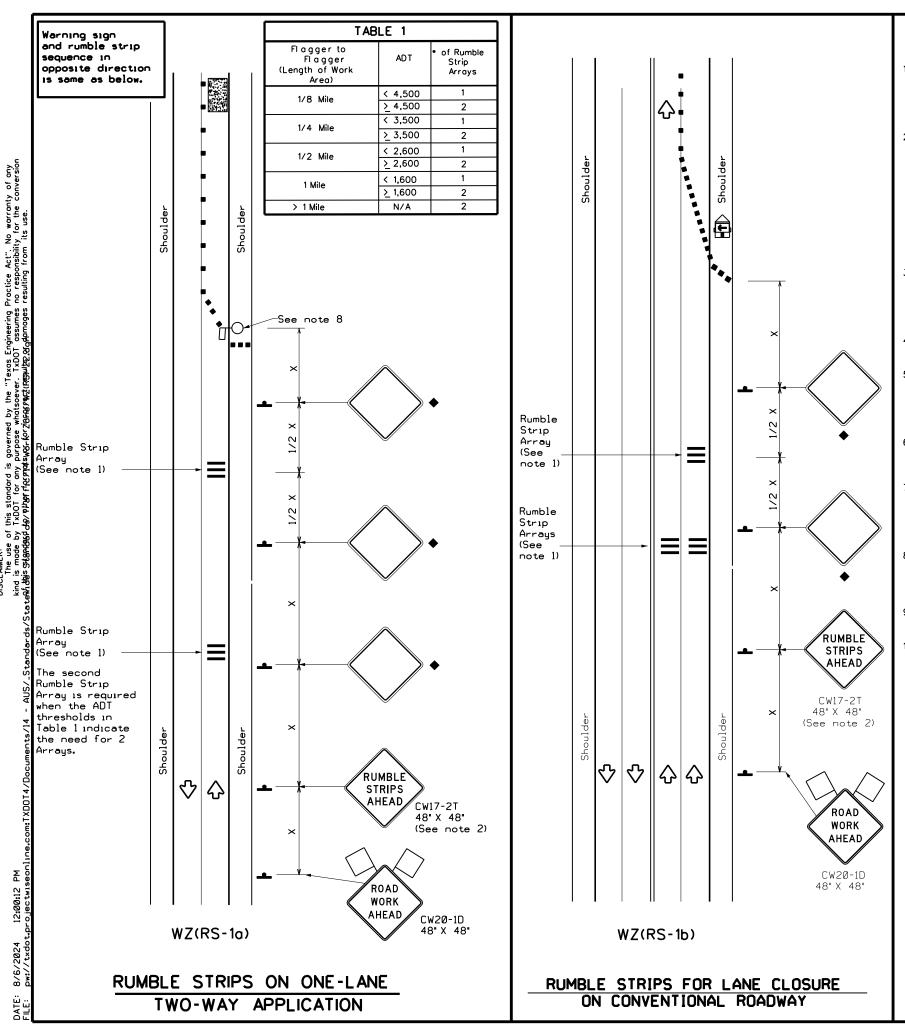
Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

	_			_			
E:	tcp7-1.dgn	DN: To	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	1533	01	022, ET	c.	FM	1704
-92 4-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
97 7-13		AUS		BASTRO	)P	7	25

210



#### GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10.Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Д	Flagger				

Posted Speed X         Formula Speed X         Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths x x         Suggested Moximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices         Minimum Sign Suggested Speed Novimum Sign Suggested Speed Devices         Minimum Sign Suggested Speed Novimum Sign Suggested Speed Devices         Minimum Sign Suggested Speed Novimum Sign Suggested Speed									
10	Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths		Spacing Channeli	g of zing	Sign Spacing	Longitudinal	
35	×							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	B
40     265'     295'     320'     40'     80'     240'     155'       45     450'     495'     540'     45'     90'     320'     195'       50     550'     600'     50'     50'     100'     400'     240'       55     600'     660'     55'     110'     500'     295'       60     660'     720'     60'     120'     600'     350'       65     715'     780'     65'     130'     700'     410'       70     770'     770'     840'     70'     140'     800'     475'	30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
40	35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
50     50     500'     550'     600'     50'     100'     400'     240'       55     550'     605'     660'     55'     110'     500'     295'       60     600'     660'     720'     60'     120'     600'     350'       65     715'     780'     65'     130'     700'     410'       70     770'     840'     70'     140'     800'     475'	40	80	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
55   L-WS   550'   660'   55'   110'   500'   295'   660   660'   720'   660'   120'   660'   350'   650'   715'   780'   65'   130'   700'   410'   700'   770'   840'   70'   140'   800'   475'	45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
60 60 660 720 60 120 600 350 65 70 70 770 840 70 140 800 475	50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
60 600' 660' 720' 600' 120' 600' 350' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 410' 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	55	. ws	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	60	" " " "	600'	660,	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
	65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 900' 540'	70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
	75		750	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L\*Length of Toper(FT) W\*Width of Offset(FT) S\*Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM STATIONARY		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	<b>√</b>				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP,TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
< 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & <_55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20'				
≥ 65 MPH	* 35'+				



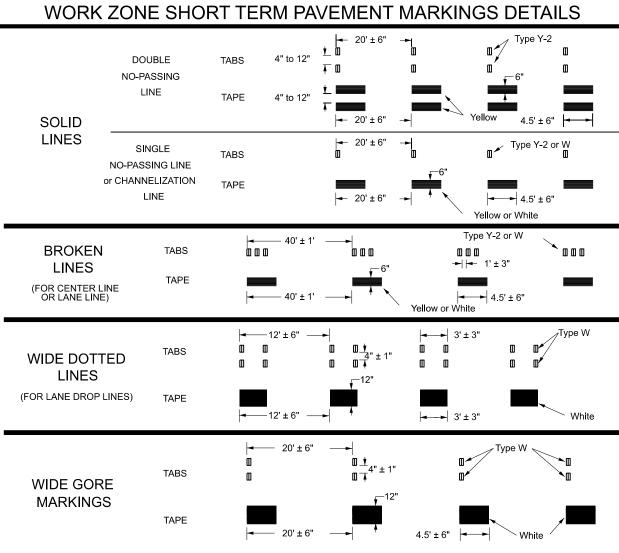
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS)-22

	wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2012	CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	1533	01	022, ETC. I		FM <sup>*</sup>	1704
·14 ·16	1-22	DIST		COUNTY	,	9	SHEET NO.
10		AUS		BASTRO		26	

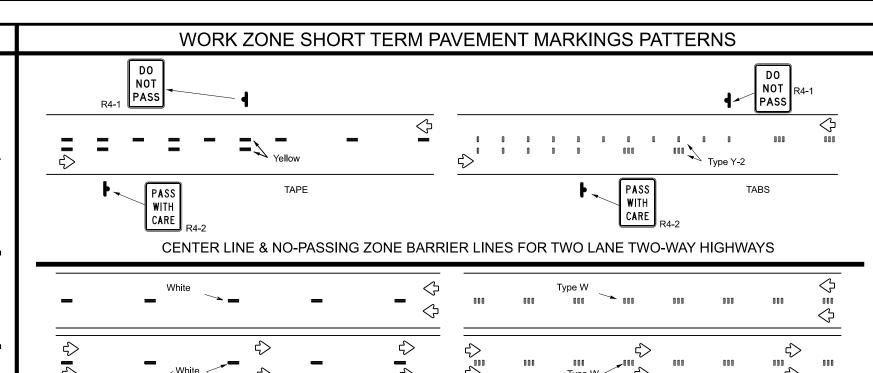
117

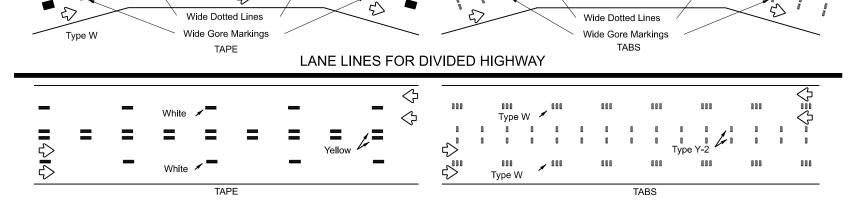


- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

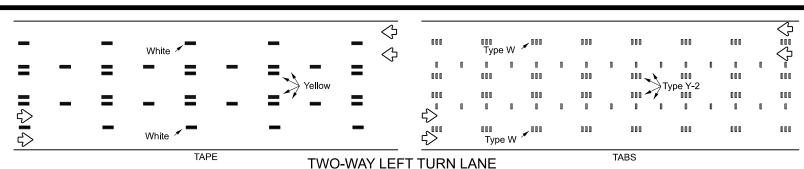
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body), Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.





LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS





If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

## PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

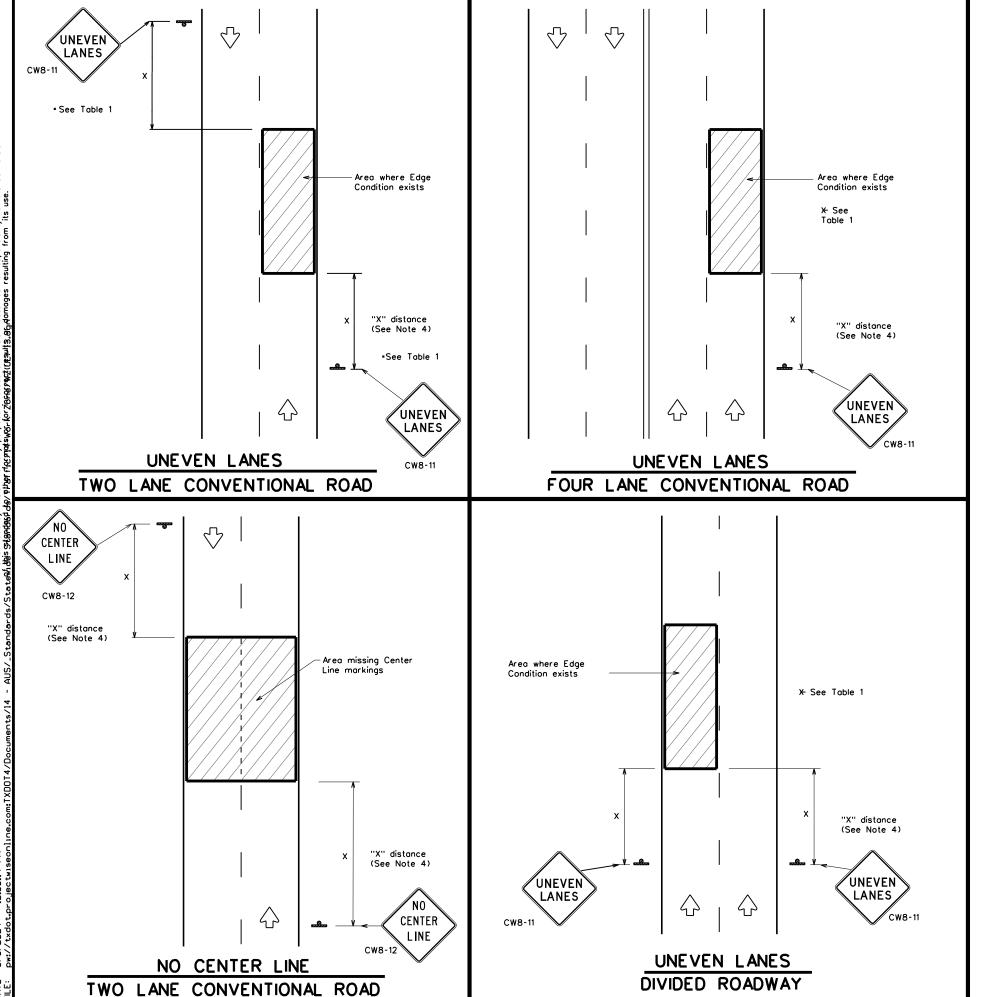
http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm



# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# WZ(STPM)-23

FILE: wzstpm-23.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:	ск:
C TxDOT	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS		1533	01	022, ET	C.	FM1704
I-92 7-13 I-97 2-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03		AUS		BASTRO	)P	27



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241				
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300				

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- 2. UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1	
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices
0	Less than or equal to: 1½" (maximum-planing) 1½" (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11
	Distance "D" may be a maximuloperations and 2" for overlay lanes with edge condition 1 are after work operations cease.	operations if uneven
2) >3 Less than or equal to 3"		Sign: CW8-11
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D 12"	Distance "D" may be a maximu with edge condition 2 or 3 are work operations cease. Uneven open to traffic when "D" is gra	open to traffic after lanes should not be
Notched Wedge Joint		

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Conventional	36" x	36"	
Freeways/exp divided roo	ressways, idways	48" x	48''

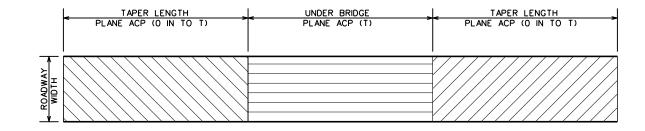
# SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Texas Department of Transportation

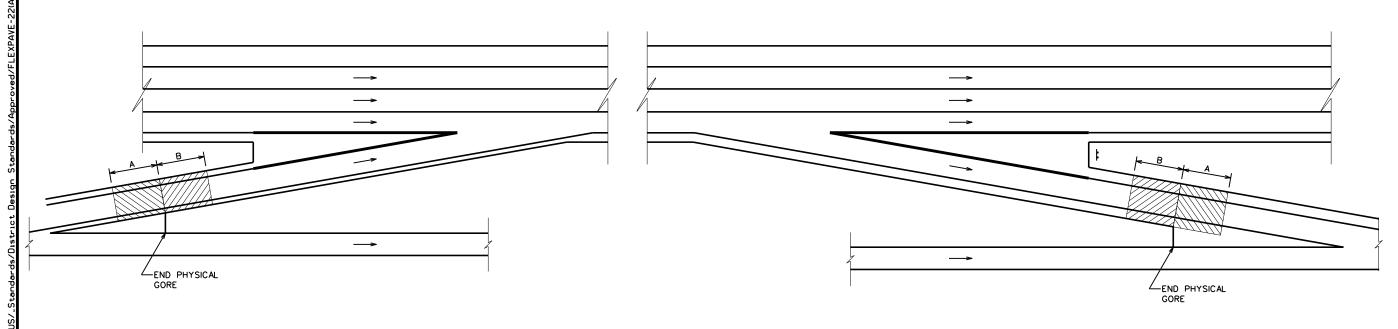
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ(UL)-13

				_	_			
:		wzul-13.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
)Tx	TxDOT April 1992		CON	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
		REVISIONS	153	3 01	022, ET	C.	FM	1704
95 2-98		7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7 3-03			AU:	s	BASTRO	)P		28



## BRIDGE UNDERPASS MILLING DETAIL



ENTRANCE RAMP MILLING DETAIL

EXIT RAMP MILLING DETAIL





A - LOCATION OF PLANE ACP TAPER WHEN FRONTAGE ROADS ARE OVERLAID (O IN TO T)



B - LOCATION OF PLANE ACP TAPER WHEN FREEWAY MAINLNAES ARE OVERLAID (0 IN TO T)

## **NOTES**

T - OVERLAY/INLAY THICKNESS (IN)
TAPER LENGTH - 100 FT PER 1 INCH OF T

NOT TO SCALE

Austin
District
ment of Transportation

Standard

Texas Department of Transportation

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FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DETAILS

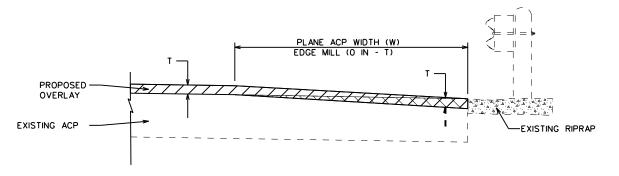
FLEXPAVE(1)-22 (AUS)

| CONT | SECT | JOB | HIGHWAY | 1533 | O1 | O22, ETC. | FM1704 |
| DIST | COUNTY | SHEET NO. |
| AUS | BASTROP | 29

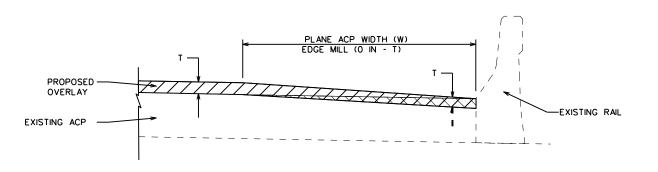
#### CUTTING AND RESTORING PAVEMENT DETAIL

#### **CUT AND RESTORE NOTES**

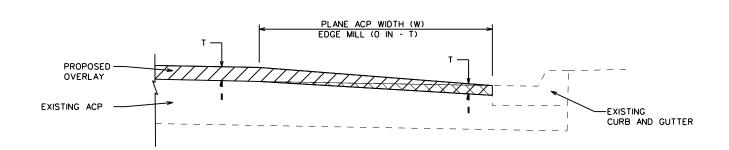
Y - DEPTH OF EXISTING ACP (IN) Y - C + B C - MIN 2 IN AND MAX 4 IN THICKNESS CUTTING AND RESTORING PAVEMENT PER ITEM 400
HMA MAY BE BLADE LAID
ALL ACP PER ITEM 3076
THE FOLLOWING WORK IS SUBSIDIARY: -CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL -TACK ALL ACP SURFACES IN CUT AND RESTORE



## MOWSTRIP OR RIPRAP EDGE MILL DETAIL



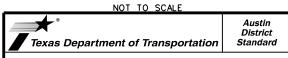
#### RAIL EDGE MILL DETAIL



CURB EDGE MILL DETAIL

### **EDGE REPAIR NOTES**

T - OVERLAY/INLAY THICKNESS (IN) W - FULL LANE WIDTH OR MINIMUM 10 FT

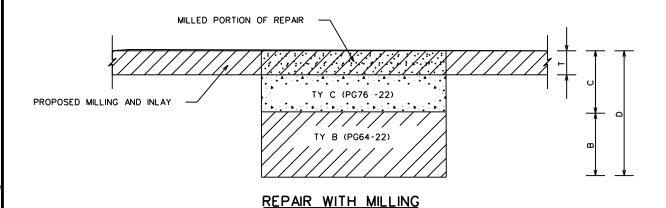


# FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DETAILS

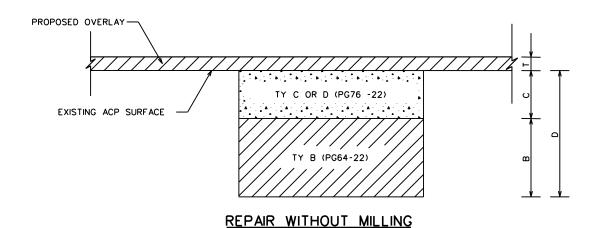
FLEXPAVE(2)-22 (AUS)

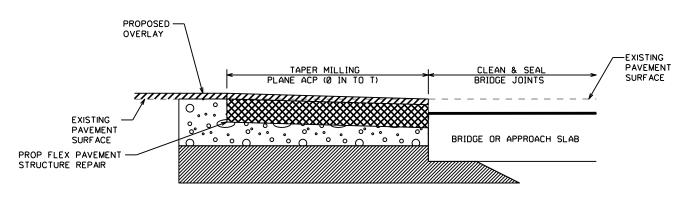
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
1533	01	022, ETC.	FM1704		
DIST	COUNTY BASTROP		COUNTY SHEET N		
AUS			BASTROP 30		30

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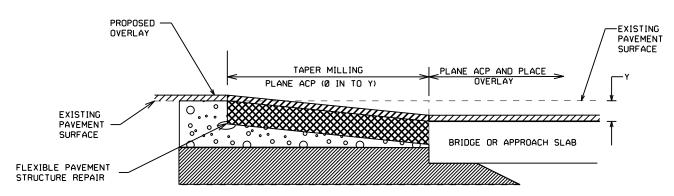
REPAIR DEPTH W/O MILLING	TY D	TY C	TY B
2	2	0	0
3	0	3	0
4	0	4	0
5	0	5	0
6	0	6	0
7	2	0	5
8	2	0	6
> <b>-</b> 9	2	0	D-4





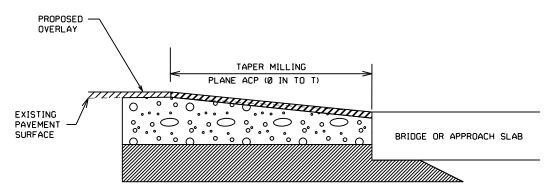
#### BRIDGE APPROACH/DEPARTURE TRANSITION

MATCHING EXISTING ACP ON BRIDGE



#### BRIDGE APPROACH/DEPARTURE TRANSITION

REMOVING EXISTING ACP ON BRIDGE



#### BRIDGE APPROACH/DEPARTURE TRANSITION

MATCH EXISITING BRIDGE DECK

#### FLEX PAV REPAIR NOTES

- T = OVERLAY/INLAY THICKNESS (IN)
- D REPAIR DEPTH
- C TY C/D ACP DEPTH
- B TY B ACP DEPTH
- TY B MAY BE BLADE LAID.
- TY C/D MUST BE PAVER LAID.
- TY C/D MAX LIFT THICKNESS 3 IN
- TY B MAX LIFT THICKNESS 5 IN
- ALL ACP PER ITEM 3076.
- FOLLOWING WORK IS SUBSIDIARY:
  -SAW CUT ALL EDGES
  -TACK ALL ACP SURFACES AND LAYERS

#### BRIDGE APPROACH MILLING NOTES

- T = OVERLAY/INLAY THICKNESS (IN)
- Y DEPTH OF MILLING ON BRIDGE
- TAPER LENGTH 100 FT PER 1 IN OF T OR Y

ENGINEER SHOULD INCLUDE WORK TO ADJUST MBGF TO MEET STANDARD HEIGHT. ADJUSTMENT TO MBGF WILL BE PAID USING APPROPRIATE BID ITEMS.

ENGINEER MUST INCLUDE WORK TO ADJUST MOWSTRIP TO ELIMINATE PONDING.

NOT TO SCALE

Austin
District
Standard

# FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DETAILS

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FLEXPAVE(3)-22 (AUS)

CONT	SECT JOB		SECT JOB		HIGHWAY
1533	01 022, ETC.			FM1704	
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
AUS	BASTROP		BASTROP		31

\_\_\_

-6" White Lane Line

Edge Line

6" Solid White

Edge Line -

Deceleration

 $\Rightarrow$ 

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

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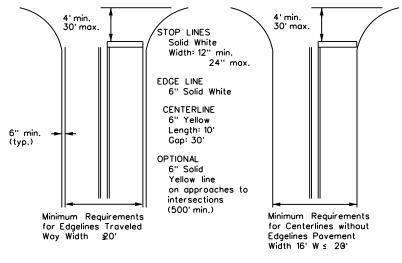
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- l. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



PM	(1)-2	2
	DN:	CK:

FILE: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 11-78 8-00 6-20	1533	01	022, ET	C. F	M1704
8-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	AUS		BASTRO	)P	32

2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield

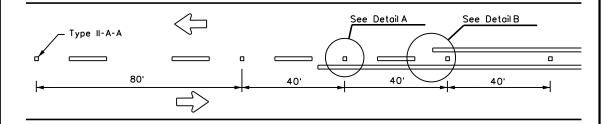
3. Length of turn boys, including toper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

yield signs.

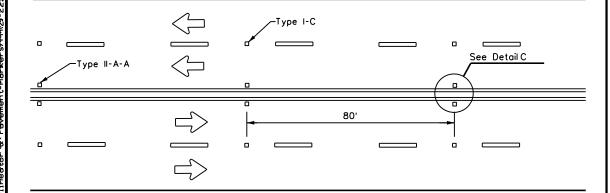
lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines

shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with

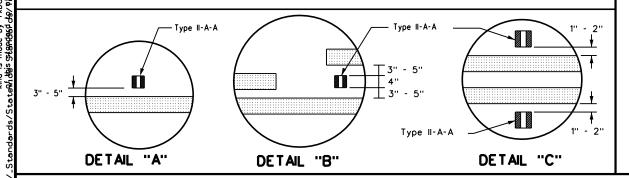
# REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



# CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

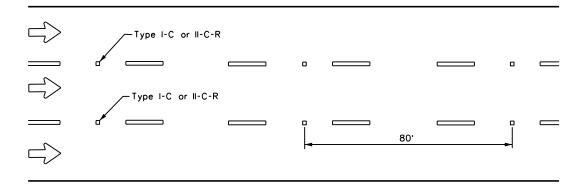


# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



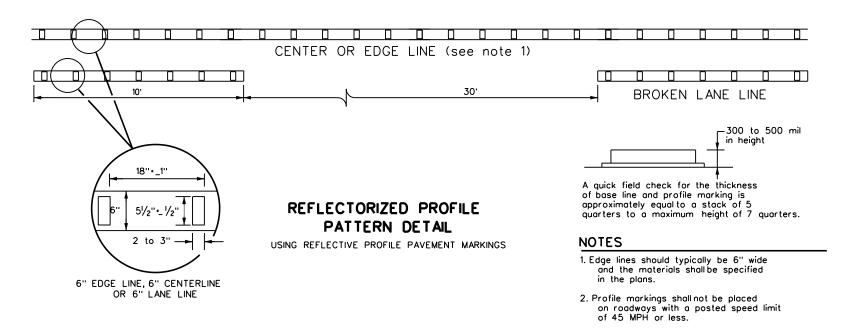
# Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Type II-A-A 40' 40' 40' Type II-A-A

#### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



#### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised povement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

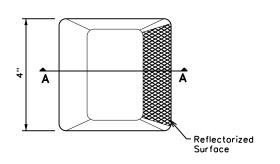


#### GENERAL NOTES

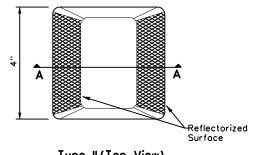
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the actions.
- On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal ioints.
- Use raised povement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised povement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

I	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
I	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
Į	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
ı	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
ı	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
ı	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
ı	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
ı		

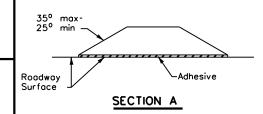
All povement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I(Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

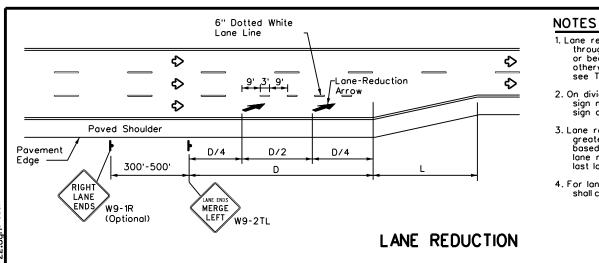


Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS PM(2)-22

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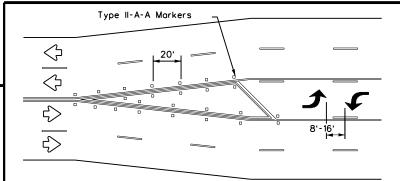
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#### Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lones is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.

- On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

 $\Diamond$ 

D	D WARNING ISTANCE (D)	
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (ft)
30 MPH	460	<sub>w,c</sub> 2
35 MPH	565	L- WS <sup>2</sup>
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

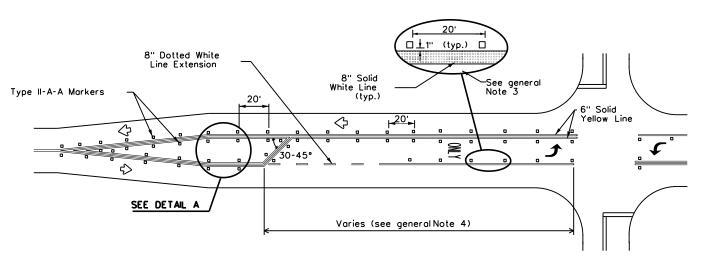
# TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

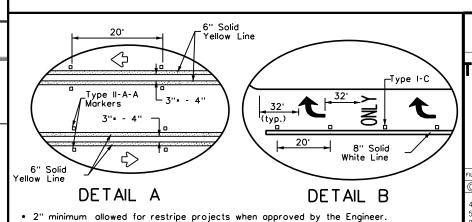
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lones or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



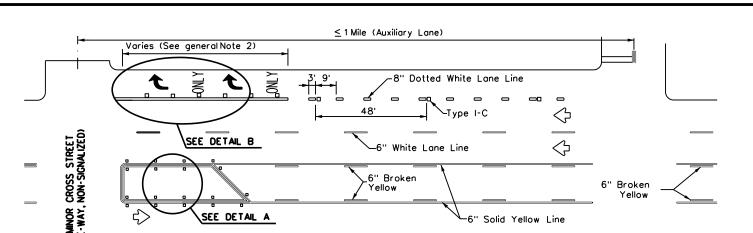


# WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

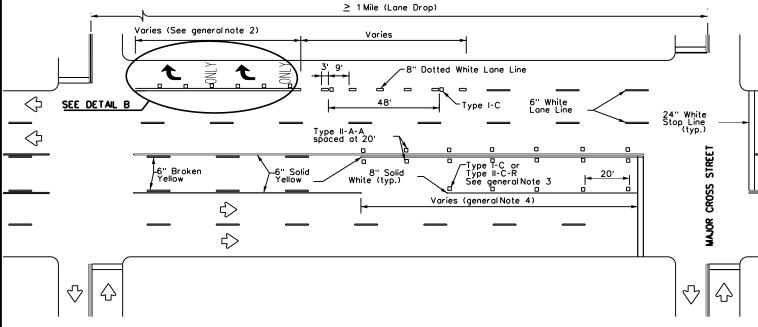
Traffic Safety Division Standard

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PM(3)-22



## TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- 6. Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

#### WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

13. See standard sheet RS(2).



**CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS** ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

RS(4)-23

Traffic Safety Division Standard

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☐ This project  DOT No.: 41	ect is adjacent or parallel work, not within RR ROW:
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	/ Owning Track at Crossing: UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
RR MP: 093	
RR Subdivis	
City: ELGIN	
County: BAS	STROP
	Crossing: 1533-01-023
Latitude: 30	
Longitude: _	97.3668455
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CAUSES VE	CTOR PERFORMS WORK THAT CREATES A TRAFFIC CONTRA-FLOW CONDITION THAT HICLES TO CROSS THE RAILROAD TRACKS. A RAILROAD FLAGGER IS REQUIRED TO BE R THE DURATION OF THE CONTRA-FLOW TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WITHIN RAILROAD ROW
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✓ No	Required
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III.	CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE PERFORMED BY THE RAILROAD
	CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE PERFORMED BY THE RAILROAD

Contractor must incorporate railroad construction inspection into anticipated construction schedule.

Coordinate with TxDOT for any work to be performed by the Railroad Company. TxDOT must issue a work order for any work done by the Railroad Company prior to the work being performed.

#### IV. RAILROAD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

Railroad Point of Contact:

The Contractor shall confirm the insurance requirements with the Railroad as the insurance limits are subject to change without notice.

Insurance policies and corresponding certificates of insurance must be issued by the contractor on behalf of the Railroad. Separate insurance policies and certificates are required when more than one Railroad Company is operating on the same right of way, or when several Railroad Companies are involved and operate on their own separate right of ways.

No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for providing the insurance coverages shown below or any deductibles. These costs are incidental to the various bid items.

Escalated Limits					
Type of Insurance	Amount of Coverage (Minimum)				
Workers Compensation	\$500,000 / \$500,000 / \$500,000				
Commercial General Liability	\$2,000,000 / \$4,000,000				
Business Automobile	\$2,000,000				

Railroad Protective Liability Limits					
☐ Not Required					
<ul> <li>Non - Bridge/Typical Maintenance Projects.</li> <li>Includes repairs to overpass/underpass and culvert structures</li> </ul>	\$2,000,000 / \$6,000,000				
☐ Bridge Structure Projects. Includes new construction or replacement of overpass/ underpass structures	\$5,000,000 / \$10,000,000				
□ Other:					

#### V. CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT OF ENTRY (CROE)

☐ Not Required
☑ Required: UPRR Maintenance Consent Letter. TxDOT to assist
$\ \square$ Required: TxDOT to assist in obtaining the UPRR CROE
☐ Required: Contractor to obtain
☐ BNSF:
☐ CPKCR https://jllrpg.360works.com/fmi/webd/rpo_web_kcs.fmp12
☐ Other Railroads:

To view previously approved CROE templates agreed upon between the State and Railroad, see: https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/railroad-highway-crossing/sample-right-of-entry-agreements.html

Approved CROE templates are not to be modified by the Contractor.

Contractor shall not operate within Railroad Right of Way without an executed Construction & Maintenance Agreement between the State and the Railroad and an executed CROE between the Contractor and the Railroad if required on project.

#### VI. RAILROAD COORDINATION MEETING

A Railroad Coordination Meeting is required. See item 5, Article 8.1, of the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets and Bridges Manual for more details.

#### VII. RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION

A. Complete the Railroad's course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety," and maintain registration prior to working on the Railroad's property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

UPRR, BNSF, CPKCR will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other Railroads. Refer to each Railroad's specific contractor right of entry for training information.

Know and follow the Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

#### VIII. SUBCONTRACTORS

Contractor shall not subcontract work without written consent of TxDOT. Subcontractors are subject to the same insurance requirements as the Prime Contractor.

#### IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

In Case of Railroad Emergency	
Call: UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD	
Railroad Emergency Line at: 1.888.877.7267	
Location: DOT 416295W	
RR Milepost: 0935.640	
Subdivision: WACO	

RRD Review Only
Initials:
Date: 06/28/2024



Division

# RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK PROJECT SPECIFIC DETAILS

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### DESCRIPTION

This project includes construction work within the right of way and/or properties of the Railroad and adjacent to its tracks, wire lines and other facilities. These sheets describe the minimum special requirements for coordination with the Railroad when working upon, over or under Railroad Right of Way or when impacting current or future Railroad operations. Coordinate with the Railroad while performing the work outlined herein, and afford the same cooperation with the Railroad as with TxDOI. Complete all submittals and work in accordance with TxDOT Standard Specifications, Railroad Guidelines and AREMA recommendations as modified by these minimum special requirements or as directed in writing by the Railroad

For purposes of this project, the Railroad Designated Representative is the person or persons designated by the Railroad Manager of Industry and Public Projects to handle specific tasks related to the project.

#### 1.02 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION / CLARIFICATION

Submit Requests for Information ("RFI") involving work within any Railroad Right of Way to the TxDOT Engineer. The TxDOT Engineer will submit the RFI to the Railroad Designated Representative for review and approval for RFI's corresponding to work within Railroad Right of Way. Allow six (6) weeks total time for review and approval, which includes four (4) weeks for review and approval by the Railroad.

#### 1.03 PLANS / SPECIFICATIONS

TxDOT has received written Railroad approval of the plans and specifications for this project. Any revisions or changes in the plans after award of the Contract must have the approval of TxDOT and the Railroad.

#### PART 2 - UTILITIES AND FIBER OPTIC

Construct all utility installations in accordance with current AREMA recommendations, Railroad, TxDOT and owning utility specifications and requirements. Railroad general guidelines can be found on the Railroad website or by contacting the Railroad Designated Representative.

#### PART 3 - CONSTRUCTION

#### GENERAL

- A. Perform all work in compliance with all applicable Railroad, Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and TxDOT rules and regulations. Arrange and conduct work in a manner that does not endanger or interfere with the safe operation of the tracks and property of the Railroad and the traffic moving on such tracks, or the wires, signals and other property of the Railroad, its tenants or licensees, at or in the vicinity of the Work. The safe operation of railroad train movements takes precedence over any work to be performed by the Contractor. The Contractor is responsible for train delay cost and lost revenue claims due to any delays or interruption of train operations resulting from Contractor's construction or other activities.
- B. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational tracks will only be allowed if absolutely necessary and the Railroad's Designated Representative grants approval. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational track(s) preferably allow the tracks to stay operational. In such cases, coordination and approval by the Railroad Track Manager is required with regard to schedule, flagging, and slow orders. See Sections 3.07 and 3.08 for additional information.
- C. Provide track protection for all work equipment (including rubber tired equipment) operating within 25 feet from nearest rail. When not in use, keep Contractor machinery and materials at least 50 feet from the Railroad's nearest track.
- D. Vehicular crossings of railroad track are allowed only at existing crossings, or haul road crossings developed with Railroad approval.
- E. The Contractor is also advised that new railroad facilities within the project may be built by the Railroad. If applicable, these facilities are delineated in the plans. Be aware of the limits of responsibilities and coordinate efforts with the Railroad and TxDOT.
- F. Railroad requirements do not allow work within 50 feet of track centers when a train passes the work site and all personnel must clear the area within 50 feet of the track centerline and secure all equipment. Additional allowances may be pursued as outlined in 3.02 and 3.03.
- G. All permanent clearances shall be verified before project closing.

#### 3. 02 RAILROAD OPERATIONS

- A. Trains and/or equipment are expected on any track, at any in either direction. Become familiar with the train schedules in this location and structure bid assuming intermittent track windows in this period, as defined in Paragraph B that follows.
- B. All railroad tracks within and adjacent to the contract site are active, and rail traffic over these facilities shall be maintained throughout the Project. Activities may include both through moves and switching moves to local customers. railroad traffic and operations will occur continuously throughout the day and night on these tracks and shall be maintained at all times as defined herein. Coordinate and schedule the work so that construction activities do not interfere with railroad operations.
- C. Coordinate work windows with TxDOT and the Railroad's Designated Representative. Types of work windows include Conditional Work Windows and Absolute Work Windows, as defined below:
  - Conditional Work Window: A Conditional Work Window is a period of time that railroad operations have priority over construction activities. When construction activities may occur on and/or adjacent to the railroad tracks within 25 feet of the nearest track, a railroad flag person will be required. At the direction of the railroad flag person, upon approach of a train, and when trains are present on the tracks, the tracks must be cleared (i.e., no construction equipment, materials or personnel within 25 feet, or as directed by the Railroad Designated Representative, from the tracks). Conditional Work Windows are available for the Project.
  - 2. Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of time that construction activities are given priority over railroad operations. During this time frame, the designated railroad track(s) will be inactive for train movements and may be fouled by the Contractor. At the end of an Absolute Work Window, the railroad tracks and/or signals must be completely operational for train operations and all Railroad, Public Utilities Commission (PUC) and FRA requirements, codes and regulations for operational tracks must be satisfied. In the situation where the operating tracks and/or signals have been affected, the Railroad will perform inspections of the work prior to placing that track back into service. Railroad flag persons will be required for construction activities requiring an Absolute Work Window. Absolute Work Windows will not generally be granted. Any request will require a detailed explanation for Railroad review.

#### 3.03 RIGHT OF ENTRY, ADVANCE NOTICE AND WORK STOPPAGES

- A. Do not perform any work within Railroad Right of Way without a valid executed Right of Entry Agreement if required on this project.
- B. Give advance notice to the Railroad as required in the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" before commencing work in connection with construction upon or over Railroad Right of Way and observe the Railroad's rules and regulations with respect thereto.
- C. Perform all work upon Railroad Right of Way in a manner to avoid interference with or endanger the operations of the Railroad.
  Whenever work may affect the operations or safety of trains, submit the work method to the Railroad Designated Representative for approval. Approval does not relieve the Contractor from liability. Do not commence any work which requires flagging service or inspection service until the flagging protection required by the Railroad is available at the job site. See Section 3.15 for railroad flagging requirements.
- D. Make requests in writing for both Absolute and Conditional Work Windows, at least 30 days in advance of any work. Include in the written request:
  - Exactly what the work entails.
- The days and hours that work will be performed. The exact location of work, and proximity to the tracks.
- The type of window requested and the amount of time requested.
- The designated contact person.

Provide a written confirmation notice to the Railroad at least 48 hours before commencing work in connection with approved work windows when work is within 25 feet of nearest rail. Perform all work in accordance with previously approved work plans.

E. Make provisions to protect operations and property of the Railroad should a condition arising from, or in connection with the work, require immediate and unusual action. If in the judgment of the Railroad Designated Representative such provisions are insufficient, the Railroad Designated Representative may require or provide such provisions as deemed necessary. In any event, such provisions shall be at the Contractor's expense and without cost to the Railroad or TxDOT. The Railroad or TxDOT shall have the right to order the Contractor to temporarily cease operations in the event of an emergency or, if in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, the Contractor's operations could endanger railroad operations. In the event of such an order, immediately notify TxDOT of the order.

#### INSURANCE 3.04

Do not begin work upon or over Railroad Right of Way until furnishing the Railroad with the insurance policies, binders, certificates and endorsements required by the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement", and until the Railroad Designated Representative has advised TxDOT that such insurance is in accordance with the Agreement.

#### 3.05 RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION

A. Complete the railroad course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety", and maintain current registration prior to working on railroad property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

"UPRR,BNSF,KCS/TEXMEX will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other railroads. Refer to Railroad specific contractor right of entry for training information."

Know and follow the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

#### COOPERATION 3.06

The Railroad will cooperate with Contractor so that work may be conducted in an efficient manner, and will cooperate with Contractor in enabling use of Railroad Right of Way in performing the work.

#### MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION CLEARANCES FOR FALSEWORK AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

Abide by the following minimum temporary clearances during the course of construction: A. 15' - 0" (BNSF) (UPRR) and 14'-0" (KCS) horizontal from

centerline of track
B. 22' (KCS) and 21' - 6" (UPRR & BNSF) vertically above top of rail.

For construction clearance less than listed above, obtain local Railroad Operating Unit review and approval.

#### APPROVAL OF REDUCED CLEARANCES

- A. Maintain minimum track clearances during construction as specified in Section 3.07.
- B. Submit any proposed infringement on the specified minimum clearances to the Railroad Designated Representative through TxDOT at least 30 days in advance of the work. Do not proceed with such infringement without written approval by the Railroad Designated Representative.
- C. Do not commence work involving an approved infringement without receiving written assurance from the Railroad Designated Representative that arrangements have been made for any necessary flagging service.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

# RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO C)TxDOT October 2018 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 1533 Ø1 Ø22, ETC. FM1704 AUS BASTROP

#### 3.09 MAINTENANCE OF RAILROAD FACILITIES

- A. Maintain all ditches and drainage structures free of silt or other obstructions resulting from Contractor's operations. Repair eroded areas and any other damage within Railroad Right of Way and repair any other damage to the property of the Railroad, or its tenants.
- B. Perform all such maintenance and repair of damages due to the Contractors's operations at Contractor's expense.
- C. Submit a proposed method of erosion control for review by the Railroad prior to beginning any grading on the project site. Comply with all applicable local, state and federal regulations when developing and implementing such erosion control.

#### 3.10 SITE INSPECTIONS BY RAILROAD'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE

- A. In addition to the office reviews of construction submittals, site inspections may be performed by the Railroad Designated Representative at significant points during construction, including the following if applicable:
- Pre-construction meetings.
   Pile driving/drilling of caissons or drilled shafts.
   Reinforcement and concrete placement for railroad bridge substructure and/or superstructure.
- Erection of precast concrete or steel bridge superstructure.
- Placement of waterproofing (prior to placing ballast on bridge deck). 6. Completion of the bridge structure.
- B. Site inspection is not limited to the milestone events listed above. Site visits to check progress of the work may be performed at any time throughout the construction as deemed necessary by the Railroad.
- C. Provide a detailed construction schedule, including the proposed temporary horizontal and vertical clearances and construction sequence for all work to TxDOT for submittal to the Railroad Designated Representative for review prior to commencement of work. the anticipated dates when the above listed events will occur. Update this schedule for the above listed events as necessary and each month at a minimum to allow the Railroad to schedule site inspections.

#### 3.11 RAILROAD REPRESENTATIVES

Railroad representatives, conductors, flag person or watch person will be provided by the Railroad at expense of TxDOT to protect Railroad facilities, property and movements of its trains or engines. In general, the Railroad will furnish such personnel or other protective services as follows:

- A. When any part of any equipment is standing or being operated within 25 feet, measured horizontally, from nearest rail of any track on which trains may operate, or when any object is off the ground and any dimension thereof could extend inside the 25 foot limit, or when any erection or construction activities are in progress within such limits, regardless of elevation above or below track.
- B. For any excavation below elevation of track subgrade if, in the opinion the Railroad Designated Representative, track or other railroad facilities may be subject to settlement or movement.
- C. During any clearing, grubbing, excavation or grading in proximity to railroad facilities, which, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, may endanger railroad facilities or operations.
- D. During any Contractor's operations when, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, railroad facilities, including, but not limited to, tracks, buildings, signals, wire lines, or pipe lines, may be endangered.
- E. Arrange with the Railroad Designated Representative to provide the adequate number of flag persons to accomplish the work.

#### 3.12 COMMUNICATIONS AND SIGNAL LINES

If required, the Railroad will rearrange its communications and signal lines, its grade crossing warning devices, train signals and tracks, and facilities that are in use and maintained by the Railroad's forces in connection with its operation at expense of TxDOT. This work by the Railroad will be done by its own forces and it is not a part of the Work water that Contract Work under this Contract.

#### 3.13 TRAFFIC CONTROL

Coordinate any operations that control traffic across or around railroad facilities with the Railroad Designated Representative.

#### 3.14 CONSTRUCTION EXCAVATIONS AND BORING ACTIVITIES UNDER TRACK

- A. Take special precaution and care in connection with excavating and shoring. Excavations for construction of footings, piers, columns, walls or other facilities that require shoring shall comply with requirements of TxDOT, OSHA, AREMA and Railroad "Guidelines for Temporary Shoring".
- B. The project plans indicate whether there are fiber optic lines or other such telecommunications systems that require consideration. Regardless, contact the necessary call center to determine if such cable systems are present:

UPRR 1-800-336-9193 7:00 AM to 9:00 PM CST Monday-Friday except holidays, staffed 24 hrs/day for emergencies 48 hrs notice required

BNSF 1-800-533-2891 24 hour number 5 working days notice required

KCS 1-800-344-8377 Texas One Call, a 24 hour number 48 hrs notice required, excluding weekends and holidays

If a telecommunications system is buried anywhere on or near railroad property, coordinate with TxDOT, the Railroad and the Telecommunication Company(ies) to arrange for relocation or protective measures prior to beginning work on or near railroad property. Refer to the project General Notes for additional information.

C. Projects involving a boring or jack and bore operation under track such as drainage pipes or culverts and utilities require an installation plan reviewed and approved by the Railroad and TxDOT prior to proceeding with such construction. A railroad inspector and contractor assisted monitoring of ground and track movement is required to maintain safe passage of rail traffic. Stop installation and do not allow passage of trains if movements in excess of  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch vertical or horizontal is detected in the tracks. Immediately repair the damage to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad before proceeding.

#### 3.15 RAILROAD FLAGGING

Per the Right of Entry Agreement for flagging, notify the Railroad Representative at least 10 working days in advance of Contractor's work and at least 30 working days in advance of any Contractor's work in which any person or equipment will be within 25 feet of nearest rail or as specified in the Contractor Right of Entry (CROE).

#### 3.16 CLEANING OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

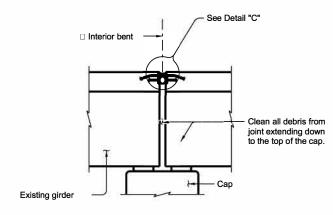
When work is complete, remove all tools, implements, and other materials brought into Railroad Right of Way and leave the right of Way in a clean and presentable condition to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad.

SHEET 2 OF 2



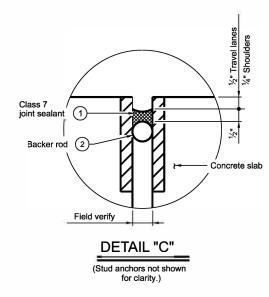
# RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

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ILE:	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT October 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
revisions March 2020	1533	01	022, ETC. F		FM1	704
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	AUS	AUS BASTROP				38



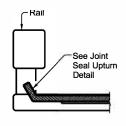
#### ARMOR JOINT

(Used without ACP overlay)



#### PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND **SEALING EXISTING ARMOR JOINTS:**

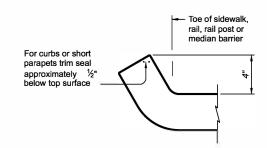
- 1) Remove existing seal, if present. Clean joint opening of all dirt and other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Abrasive blast clean existing steel surface where silicone seal is to be placed.
- 3) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 4) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 5) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal ½" below top of concrete in travel lanes and  $\frac{1}{4}$ " below top of concrete in shoulders.



CONCRETE BRIDGE RAIL

## JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

9) 1 ½" for precompressed foam and silicone seal



JOINT SEAL UPTURN DETAIL

1 Use Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers." Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."

Number of Joints

2

bulment 1& 3

lem 438-7007 CLEANING AND

SEALING EXIST

JOINTS (CL7)LF

80

- (2) Provide backer rod 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- 3 Use Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers". Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 4 Backer rod must be compatible with the hot poured rubber sealant and rated for a minimum of 400°F.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Structure (Featured Crossed)

140110011404130 (US 290)

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting asphalt overlay, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints" and measured by the linear foot. Obtain approval for all tools, equipment, materials and techniques proposed to clean and seal the joint. Provide Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in asphalt overlay.

Provide Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310,

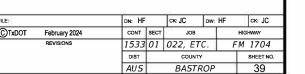
"Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in concrete. Extend sealant up into rail or curb 3 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 joint sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 joint sealant compatible with the Class 7 joint sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with Manufacturer's specifications.



**CLEANING AND SEALING** 

Texas Department of Transportation

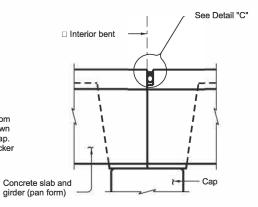




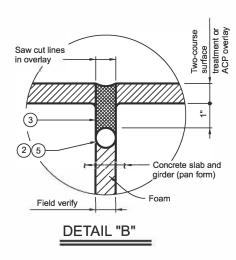
Bridge Division

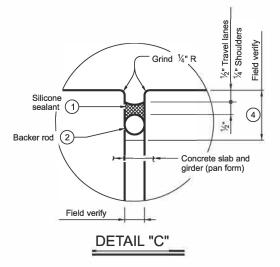


(Used with ACP overlay)



# FIXED JOINT





# PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING CONCRETE GIRDER JOINT WITH HOT POURED RUBBER SEAL:

- 1) Saw cut through the asphalt at the centerline of joint. Make multiple saw cuts to create a ½" minimum joint opening or match the existing joint opening. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, bituminous materials, dirt, grease and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Fill void with extruded polystyrene foam.
- 4) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete.
- Seal the joint opening with a Class 3 joint sealant. Seal flush to the top of the asphaltic concrete payement.

# PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING FIXED JOINTS:

- 1) Remove existing seal and debris from recess.
- 2) Abrasive blast clean existing surfaces where silicone seal is to be placed.
- 3) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete.
- 5) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal  $\frac{1}{2}$ " below top of concrete in travel lanes and in shoulders.

Number of Joints	Joint Location	ILEM 438-7004 CLEANING AND SEALING EXIST JOINTS (CL3)LF	
4	Abutment 1 & 8, Bents 3 & 6	104	
1			
	Number of Joints	Abutment 1% 8,	

- Use Class 7 joint sealant. Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- Provide backer rod 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (3) Use Class 3 joint sealant. Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- Backer rod may be omitted if existing joint depth is less than 1 ½".
- 5 Backer rod must be compatible with the hot poured rubber sealant and rated for a minimum of 400°F.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting asphalt overlay, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints" and measured by the linear foot. Obtain approval for all tools, equipment, materials and techniques proposed to clean and seal the joint. Provide Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in asphalt overlay. Provide Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in concrete. Extend sealant up into rail or curb 3 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 joint sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 joint sealant compatible with the Class 7 joint sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with Manufacturer's specifications.



Gregory (Sanders 7/30/24



## CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS (PAN GIRDER BRIDGES)

Bridge Division

I, STORMWATER POLLUTION PR	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER A	CT SECTION 402	III. CUL TURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR	CONTAMINATION ISSUES		
TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project.  They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.		Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.     No Action Required     Required Action		General (applies to all projects):  Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.  Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories:  Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing				
2.			Action No.		1	cted storage, off bare ground and covered, for name of the control		
No Action Required	Required Action:		1.		<u> </u>	spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.		
No Action Required					1	mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,		
Action No.			2.		•	s, and contact the District Spill Coordinator sponsible for the proper containment and cleanup		
<ol> <li>Prevent stormwater pollution b accordance with TPDES Perr</li> </ol>	by controlling erosion and sediment mit TXR 150000	ation in	3.		of all product spills.			
<ol><li>Comply with the SW3P and re required by the Engineer.</li></ol>	evise when necessary to controlpo	ollution or	4. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		Contact the Engineer if any of the foll  Dead or distressed vegetation ( Trash piles, drums, canister, barr Undesirable smells or odors	not identified as normal) els, etc.		
	(CSN) with SW3P information on c		Preserve native vegetation to the	extent practical.	* Evidence of leaching or seepage			
<ul><li>4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer.</li></ul>		urbed soil	Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.		Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?   Yes  No			
" WOOK IN OR NEAR STREAM	4C WATERCONIEC AND WET!	ANDS 0: 54N WATER			If "No", then no further action is	required. e for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.		
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAM ACT SECTIONS 401 AND		ANDS CLEAN WATER	No Action Required     No Action Req	Required Action		spection positive (is asbestos present)?		
USACE Permit required for filling	ng, dredging, excavating or other wa	ork in any	Action No.		Yes No	species. Peasure to assesses present.		
water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.  The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):		ssociated with	1. 2.		the notification develop abatement	a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with  /mitigation procedures, and perform management cation form to DSHS must be postmarked at least		
No Permit Required			3.		If "No", then TxDOT is still required	d to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any		
=	N not Required (less than 1/10th ac	cre waters or	4.		scheduled demolition.			
wetlands affected)			"		activities and/or demolition with co	esponsible for providing the date(s) for abatement preful coordination between the Engineer and inimize construction delays and subsequent claims.		
<u>=</u>	N Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3	in tidal waters)				•		
☐ Individual 404 Permit Requir☐ Other Nationwide Permit Re			•	THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, STED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	1 '	ble hazardous materials or contamination discovered ntamination Issues Specific to this Project:		
Other Nationwide Fernit New			AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.		No Action Required	Required Action		
Required Actions: List waters of	f the US permit applies to, location	in project				_ ,		
and check Best Management Pro and post-project TSS.	actices planned to control erosion,	sedimentation	No Action Required     ■	Required Action	Action No.			
1.			Action No.		2.			
2.			1.		3.			
-					VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISS	UES		
3.			2.			s Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)		
4.			3.		_	·		
•	nigh water marks of any areas required the US requiring the use of a		4.		No Action Required  Action No.	Required Action		
permit can be found on the Bri	· •				1.			
Best Management Practices:			If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The		2.			
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	work may not remove active nests from nesting season of the birds associated	om bridges and other structures during I with the nests. If caves or sinkholes	3.			
☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips	are discovered, cease work in the imm		3.	Design Division		
☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	Engineer immediately.			Texas Department of Transportation Standard		
Mulch	Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin				ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,		
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands	LIST OF	ABBREVIATIONS				
Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin	BMP: Best Management Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS		
Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	CCP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Se	SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan		55.5		
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration	PSL: Project Specific Location		EPIC		
Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOA: Memor andum of Agreement MOU: Memor andum of Understanding	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System		FILE: epic.dgn   DN: TxDOT   CK: RC   DW: VP   CK: AR		
Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Vegetation Lined Ditches	MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act			©TxDOT: 2024 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		
	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems	NOT: Notice of Termination NWP: Nationwide Permit	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species		REVISIONS 15.33 01 0.22, etc FM 1704 05:07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. DIST COUNTY SHIFT N		
	Sediment Bosins	Grassy Swales	NO: Notice of Intent	USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service		05-07-14 ADDEN NOTE SECTION IV. 01-23-2015 SECTION 1(CHANGED ITEM 1122 10 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.  AUS BASTROP 4.1		