STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6	RMC 6476-29-001		US 290, ETC.			
STATE	BRY WA		COUNTY			
TEXAS			VASHINGTON			
CONTROL	SECTION	JC)B	SHEET NO.		
				1		

PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS AND LOCATION MAP

PROJECT NUMBER: RMC 6476-29-001

US 290, ETC.

WASHINGTON

TYPE OF WORK: TREE REMOVAL

LIMITS: FROM VARIOUS TO VARIOUS



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NO EXCEPTIONS NO EQUATIONS NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING

DocuSigned by:

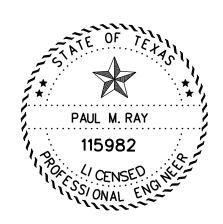
JACE LEE PAF BIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

10/17/2024

DATE:

476-29-001

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1935 WĄSHINGTON INDEPENDENCE SOMMERVILLE ~ LAKE / SANDY GAY HILL WASHINGTON 594 WHITMAN LONGPOINT 2780 BURTON BRENHAM BERLIN CHAPPELL HILL (290) RR CARTIE GREENVINE **PHILLIPSBURG** MUELERSVILLE LATIUM CANEY COUNTY AUSTIN

COUNTY

BURLE SON

YEGUA

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE WITH AN ASTERICK """ HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

PAUL M. RAP94POED097N82-115982)

10/17/2024

DATE

DIV NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	RMC 6476-29-001		US 290, ETC.		
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	WASHINGTON, ETC.		TC.	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
				2	

WASHINGTON COUNTY MAP

Texas Department of Transportation © 2024

Bryan District Maintenance Office

Drawings Not To Scale

GENERAL NOTES

DEBT TO THE STATE:

If the Comptroller is currently prohibited from issuing a warrant to the Contractor because of a debt owed to the State, then the Contractor agrees that any payment owing under the contract will be applied toward the debt or delinquent taxes until the debt or delinquent taxes are paid.

GENERAL:

Pre-Bid Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Paul M. Ray, P.E. – District Maintenance – <u>Paul.Ray@txdot.gov</u> Michael Estillette – District Maintenance – Michael.Estillette@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

The following Maintenance Section Supervisor oversees the county in this Contract:

Brett Sander Washington County Maintenance Supervisor (979) 836-9350

Construction Inspector to be named during preconstruction meeting.

ITEM 2 – INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

View plan sheets on-line or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

By signing this proposal, the Contract bidder acknowledges they have a copy of the "Standard Specifications for Construction of Highways, Streets and Bridges", adopted by the Texas Department of Transportation, September 1, 2024.

You may attend a bid opening virtually via Zoom using the following link:

Bid Opening - Bryan Maintenance Local Let

The meeting room will be available on letting day beginning at 10:45 AM.

ITEM 3 – AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT:

This is a multiple work order, non-site specific callout Tree Removal contract for locations which have not yet been determined. The contract shall commence upon the issuance of a work order by the Engineer or his representative and shall continue for one (1) calendar year, or until all funds have been expended, whichever occurs first. Work will not be continuous during the term of the contract. Work orders may extend beyond the county which the Maintenance Office that issued the Work Order controls.

Contractor has seven (7) days to commence work upon issuance of a Regular Work Order by the Engineer or his representative.

In addition to regular operations this Tree Removal Contract is anticipated to be utilized under Emergency situations including during and immediately following damage from storms or severe weather events, wildfires, hurricanes, etc.

Upon being informed that an Emergency Work Order is being issued, the Contractor's work crew shall report to the work area or TXDOT Maintenance Office which issues the Emergency Work Order or as directed for which the minimum payment shall be one (1) mobilization.

Contractor shall be required to commence work within 12 hours of notification of an Emergency Work Order by the Engineer or his representative.

Trees of all of the sizes listed in this Contract have been removed under previous similar Contracts and should be considered as potentially being part of any / all Work Orders issued.

Regular Work orders will be written for a minimum of \$500. Emergency Work Orders have no minimum value other than one (1) mobilization fee.

PRINT DATE REVISION DATE



GENERAL NOTES

SHEET 1 OF 4 SHEETS

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6	RMC 6476	-29-001	US 290, ETC.			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
EXAS	BRY	WASHINGTON, ETC.				
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	ов	SHEET NO.		
				3		

Four (4") to twelve (12") inches	30 trees per day
Twelve (12") to eighteen (18") inches	20 trees per day
Eighteen (18") to twenty-four (24") inches	15 trees per day
Twenty-four (24") to thirty (30") inches	10 trees per day
Thirty (30") to thirty-six (36") inches	5 trees per day
Thirty-six (36") to forty-two (42") inches	3 trees per day
Forty-two (42") to forty-eight (48") inches	3 trees per day
Forty-eight (48") to sixty (60") inches	3 trees per day
Sixty (60") to seventy-two (72") inches	3 trees per day
Stump Removal	15 stumps per day

ITEM 4 – SCOPE OF WORK:

The contract will be in effect until the work on the last work order is completed.

This contract allows for a 1-year extension with mutual agreement between Contractor and Engineer as allowed by SP 004---003.

<u>ITEM 7 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES:</u>

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the growing season. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer one week in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the limits of the project. Clean the right of way to such a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

This project is on a hurricane evacuation route. Furnish at the pre-construction meeting a written plan to outline procedures to suspend work, secure the job site and safely handle traffic through and across the project in the event of a hurricane evacuation.

During the hurricane season (June 1 through November 30), do not close any travel lanes except when the Contractor can demonstrate that he can provide labor, equipment, material, work plan, and quality of work to satisfactorily return all lanes to an open, allweather travel surface within three days of receiving written or verbal notice but no later than 3 days prior to hurricane landfall. Construction of temporary lanes to an all-weather surface will be paid in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method."

In addition to lane closures, 3 days prior to hurricane landfall, cease work on or near the roadway which adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Prohibit the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles from entering or exiting the stream of traffic including material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this

prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

In the event of the declaration of a hurricane watch, warning, other severe weather warning or national or state emergency that requires the roadways in the vicinity be used as evacuation routes, cease all work that requires the Contractor's, sub-contractor's or material suppliers' vehicles to enter the stream of traffic on these primary or secondary evacuation routes. This work includes material hauling and delivery, mobilization or demobilization of equipment.

The following roadways are recognized evacuation routes in the Bryan District:

Primary Evacuation Routes: IH 45, US 290, SH 6, SH 36

Secondary Evacuation Routes: US 79, US 84, SH 7, SH 30, SH 21, SH 105.

Other routes may be designated.

The Contractor will restrict movement of construction equipment and haul trucks travelling to and from the work site(s) to all paved surfaces and shall be prohibited from crossing the median unless specifically authorized by the Engineer. Ingress and egress to freeway main-lanes will be through use of entrance and exit ramps only.

When felling or trimming trees, protect from allowing branches and debris from falling directly onto and damaging the roadway, bridge rail, MBGF or traffic devices. Any damages incurred to pavement surfaces, signs or structures on the TXDOT system as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired and / or replaced at the Contractor's expense. Report any damages done to any privately / publicly owned or TXDOT roadways or properties to the Engineer immediately upon discovery.

Application of liquidated damages will be charged in accordance with SP 000-018 for each day work is not finished beyond the duration of both a regular and emergency callout Work Order.

ITEM 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS:

Contract length will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.5. "Calendar Day."

Work orders will be issued in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4. "Standard Workweek."

REGULAR OPERATIONS:

Report each day, or as directed, prior to the beginning of work to the maintenance supervisor of the county as to the time(s), location(s), and work expected for inspection and acceptance as it develops and/or is completed.

Notify the Engineer by 7:15 A.M. if work will not be performed that day.

Texas Department

of Transportation Brvan District Maintenance Office

GENERAL NOTES

SHEET 2 OF 4 SHEETS

RMC 6476-29-001 US 290, ETC. COUNTY **TEXAS** BRY WASHINGTON, ETC.

By noon of each Wednesday, provide the Engineer a written outline of the daily work schedule for the following week. Include in the outline the times and places for proposed traffic control changes, lane and shoulder closures, and moving operations or other operations that affect traffic on the roadway.

Equipment and material may be pre-staged at approved locations.

For daytime operations, do not commence work before sunrise. Arrange work so that no equipment and/or personnel will be on any traveled roadway or picnic area and lanes reopened to traffic by thirty (30) minutes before sunset when utilizing temporary lane closures.

Work will be completed at a location before moving to the next unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

To comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code Title 5:

• Observe the work area and determine if bird nests are present. Evaluate bird nests to determine if they are occupied prior to performing Tree Removal. Do not disturb any bird nests which are found to be occupied at the time of work. If active nests are found within the work area, including under / around bridge class structures, report this to the Maintenance Supervisor. Continue work around the active nesting area without disturbing the nesting site(s).

Do not kill snakes or other animals while performing Tree Removal activities.

A minimum of 2 business days prior to the issuance of a work order, the Maintenance Office shall coordinate with the Bryan District Environmental Section to verify that trees to be removed are not within an environmentally sensitive area or habitat for endangered / threatened species.

This Tree Removal Contract is independent of other active Contracts held by the Contractor. If the Contractor is awarded multiple Contracts, they should expect overlapping work to be completed so as not to incur liquidated damages. Multiple crews may be required to meet production rate requirements. Use of multiple crews to complete work will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to pertinent Items.

EMERGENCY OPERATIONS:

The Contractor shall abide by all requirements listed in Regular Operations unless superseded directly by notes in Emergency Operations.

Work may be performed at nighttime with the approval of the Engineer and application of appropriate Traffic Control Measures including TMAs and nighttime appropriate PPE.

Environmental clearance shall be superseded by Emergency Operations.

With the approval of the Engineer, stump removal under Emergency Operations may be postponed until it can be addressed under Regular Operations.

Work Quantities for Emergency Operations may underrun or overrun the quantities listed in the estimate of this contract. Payment for Mobilization, Tree Removal (various sizes), and TMA (Stationary) shall be the same for Regular and Emergency Operations.

Application of liquidated damages will be charged in accordance with SP 000-018 for each day work is not finished beyond the duration of both a regular and emergency callout Work Order.

<u>ITEM 9 – MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT:</u>

In accordance with Article 9.2 "Plans Quantity Measurement", plans quantity measurement requirements are not applicable for this contract. Quantities shown in the plans are for bidding purposes only. TxDOT does not guarantee that all quantities shown in plans will be requested for delivery.

The acceptance of this Call-out contract does not guarantee that any services may be purchased (zero-run) by TXDOT during the time period for which the contract is active.

Plans Quantities less or more than those listed in the contract estimate (under-run / over-run) may be requested based upon TXDOT needs and requirements and shall be provided at the same cost per unit of measure, per item, as the original bid price.

<u>ITEM 502 – BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING:</u>

In accordance with Section 502.4.1.6, traffic control and barricades will not be paid directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Where shown on applicable TCP standards, channelizing devices on the centerline are required at all times; including when a pilot vehicle is used to lead traffic. Mount a G20-4 sign at a conspicuous location on the rear of the vehicle. Traffic delays caused by one-lane, two-way traffic control, will not be allowed to exceed 5 minutes unless approved by the Engineer.

During one-way operations, station flaggers at all county roads and any other locations, such as private businesses, that may have traffic entering the work area.

When a lane closure is used in the operation, rumble strips will be used along with the TCP in accordance with plan sheet WZ(RS)-22, "TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS". Rumble strips will not be paid directly but will be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMAs) will be paid under Item 505.

PRINT DATE REVISION DATE



GENERAL NOTES

SHEET 3 OF 4 SHEETS

D. RD. /. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	RMC 6476	-29-001	US 290, ETC.		
TATE	DISTRICT				
XAS	BRY	WASHINGTON, ETC.			
NTROL	SECTION	JO	SHEET NO.		
				5	

<u>ITEM 505 – TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER</u> ATTENUATOR (TA)

The truck mounted attenuators (TMA) as shown in the Traffic Control Plan Standard Sheets are not optional and are required to be mounted on each shadow vehicle.

TMA's shall meet the requirements of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List. http://ftp.txdot.gov/pub/txdot-info/cmd/mpl/cwztcd.pdf

TMA's will be paid under Item 505-7001 'TMA (STATIONARY)'

The TMA used for set-up and removal of the Traffic Control Plan is deemed to be the one and the same TMA used during maintenance of the Traffic Control Plan.

Submit to the Engineer on or before the pre-construction meeting a letter certifying all TMA devices used on the project meet NCHRP 350 or AASHTO Manual for assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) requirements.

Signs and arrow boards required on truck-mounted attenuators and pilot vehicles are subsidiary to Item 505.

<u>ITEM 506 – TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND</u> ENVIROMENTAL CONTROLS:

It is not anticipated that any erosion control devices will be needed on this project. However, in the event that any devices are needed, payment for the work will be determined in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

ITEM 752 – TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL:

The State will clearly identify all trees to be removed with a white "X" to be marked on the pavement facing side of the tree. The Maintenance office will provide all tree sizes to be removed in the work order.

Do not trespass on private property while performing items of work on this contract. Do not cut or damage timber outside the right-of-way lines.

The felling of trees using equipment mounted powered boom axes shall not be allowed.

Trees shall be felled by methods approved by the Engineer.

Regardless of the method of felling, the Contractor shall be aware of their legal responsibilities for workers, the travelling public, TXDOT properties and public / private utilities as outlined in this and other items.

Bucket trucks or aerial lifts may be required to safely fell trees being removed. Equipment may be required to work from areas away from paved surfaces.

The Contractor shall be responsible for locating all utilities which may potentially be affected by work operations. Contractor shall take all safety precautions including to but

not limited to following those listed in The National Electrical Safety Code (NESC), Texas Rail Road Commission, and all local and State requirements when working around utility lines.

Collect and remove all trees and limbs felled from right-of-way on the same day, unless otherwise approved.

Trees already down in the right-of-way, also known as "deadfall," which have been marked by the Engineer will be paid using the method outlined in Item 752.5.1 (3 foot from the base of trunk and the approximate ground line).

Measure and remove trees that have fallen from private property onto TXDOT right-of-way at the ROW line. These trees will be paid for using the method outlined in Item 752.5.1.

Dispose of all vegetative matter and any other materials removed from State right-of-way in accordance with applicable environmental laws, rules, regulations and requirements in the contract. Burning of any trees or tree materials is not allowed on State ROW.

Remove all chippings from the ROW, spreading chipped tree and tree materials in the slopes of the roadway will not be allowed except with the written approval of the Engineer such as for Emergency Operations.

PRINT DATE REVISION DATE

Texas Department of Transportation

Bryan District Maintenance Office

GENERAL NOTES

SHEET 4 OF 4 SHEETS

SHELT 4 OF 4 SHEETS						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6	RMC 6476	-29-001	US 290, ETC.			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY	WASHINGTON, ETC.				
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	SHEET NO.			
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PRINT DATE REVISION DATE



ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6	RMC 6476	-29-001	US 290, ETC.			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY	WASHINGTON, ETC.				
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	SHEET NO.			
				8		

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

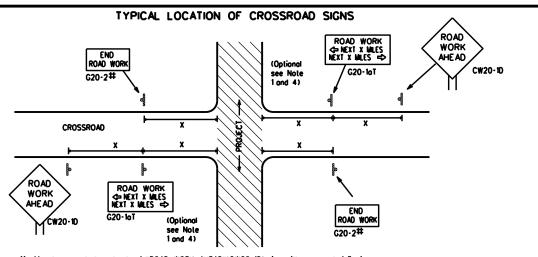


Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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© TxD0T	November 2002			RMC •			HIGH	WAY
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- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The lypical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Bosed on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK * *G20-9TP * *R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * *R20-5aTP ROAD WORK ← NEXT X NALES * *G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTL \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY ➾ 1 Block - City G20-16TR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T * * 80. BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T FINES * * R20-5T IDOUBLE * * R20-5oTP ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

Posted Sign Speed Spacing Feet MPH Apprx.) 30 120 35 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 60 600 ² 65 70 800 ² 900 ² 75 1000 2 80

SPACING

160

500 ²

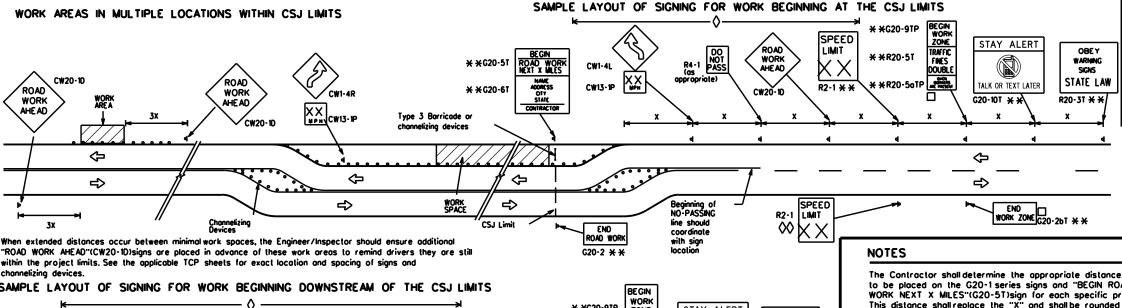
700 ²

Sign onventional xpressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 48" × 48" 48" × 48" CW22 **CW23** CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 36" x 36" 48" x 48" CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" × 48" 48t x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

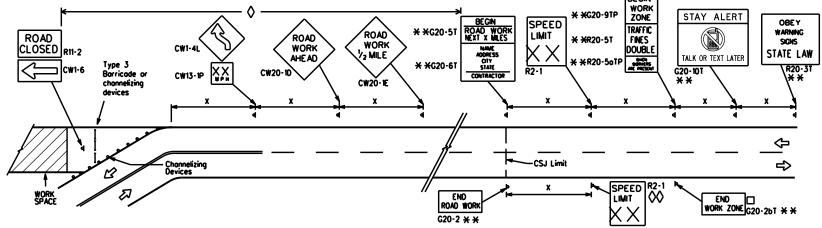
- # For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Slandard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the " $\ddot{\text{X}}$ " and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic

Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND				
Ι	Type 3 Barricade			
000	Channelizing Devices			
þ	Sign			
x	See Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.			

SHEET 2 OF 12



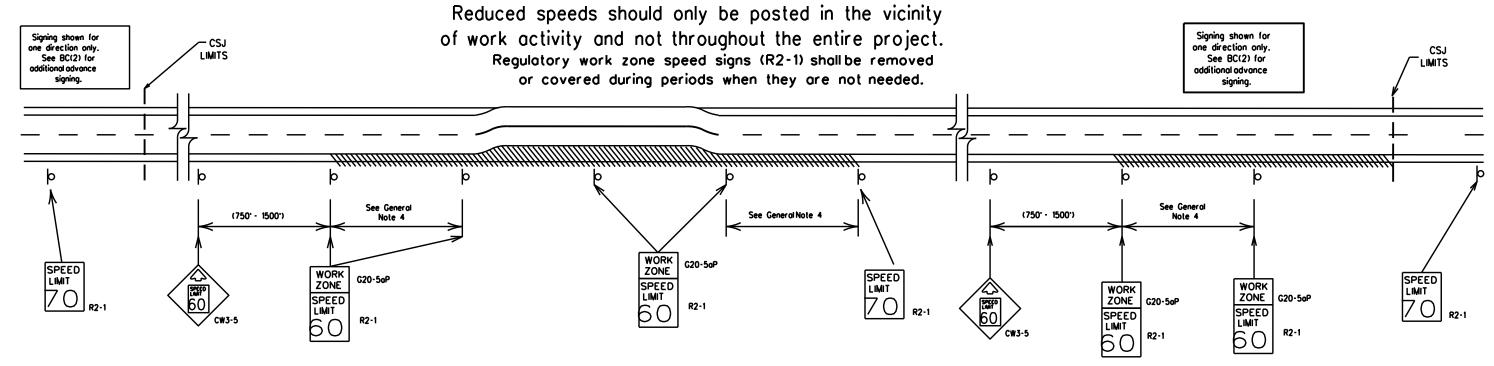
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form *1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

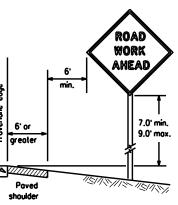


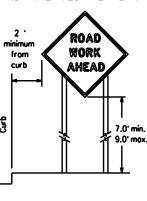


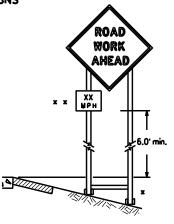
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

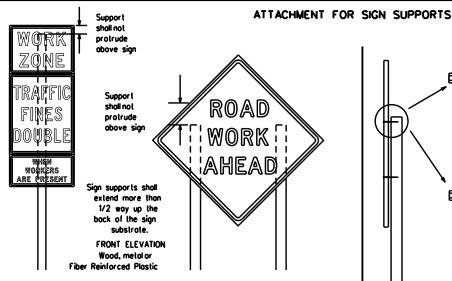
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- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. lemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



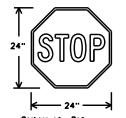
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two obove and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

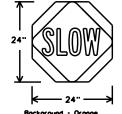
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or monufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".
- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





Background - Orange Legend & Border - Bloc

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NICHT)

3	. O 1 1 2 . 1 . 2	* *************************************
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Controctor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Controctor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>QURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualan Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT.

 1. The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

l. The Controctor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the spice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- . Burlao shall NOT be used to cover sians.
- i. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.

Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as lire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- bollost on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

 Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sion supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

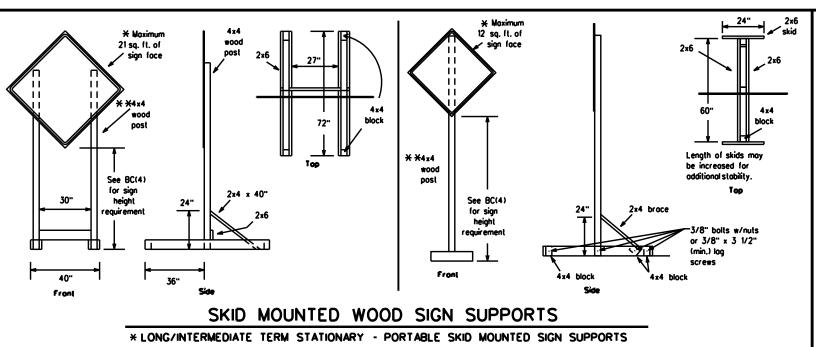
Traffic Safety Division Standard

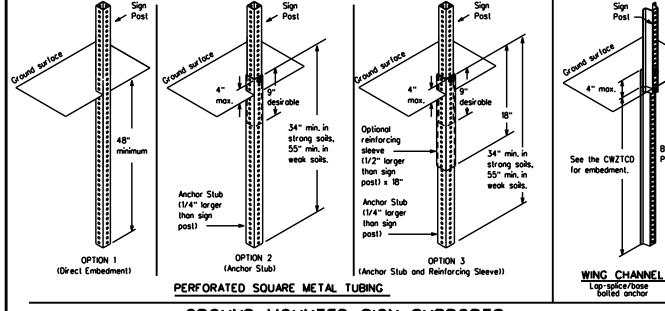
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES**

BC(4)-21

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GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square foologe shall adhere to the manufacturer's recom Two post installations can be used for larger signs.

WEDGE ANCHORS Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary

Sign Post

on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as tempor sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- . When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Durotion."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

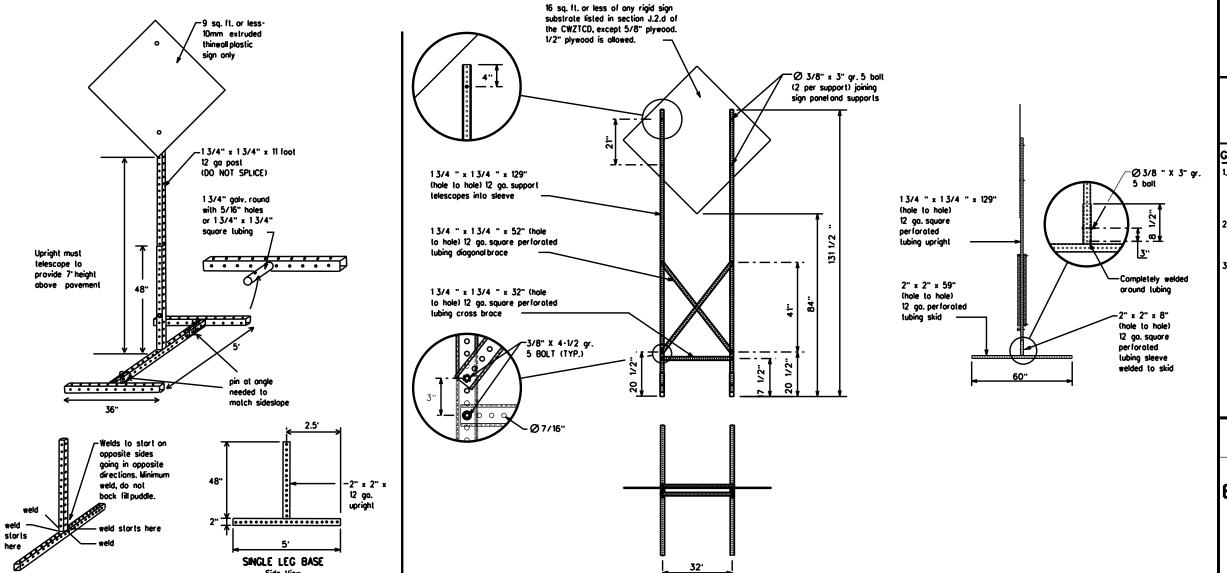


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnigl Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message: i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.

 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than
- left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

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Lane Closed LN CLOSED WILL NOT WONT				
Lower Level LWR LEVEL			Will Not	WONT
Maintenance MAINT				

Roadway designation . IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

oad/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Condit	ndition List		
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT		
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT		
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE		
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT		
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT		
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT		
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN		
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES		
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANES SHIFT		

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List". 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phose selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced wi days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

tion to Take/Effect List	on Travel	Location List	Warning	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	List SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *	_	× × Sec	e Application Guidelines No	te 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate. 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

same size arrow.

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- for, or replace that sign. 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12

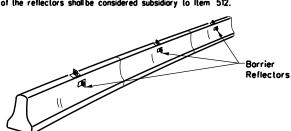


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

	20:0: ==									
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	r	ck: TxDOT		
© TxD0T	November 2002		RMC •				HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS		6	6476-29-001 US 29		290	, ETC.			
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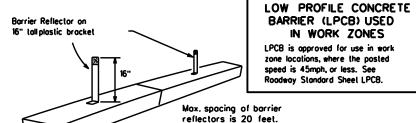
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

 An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



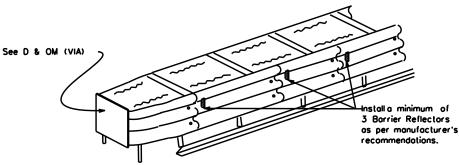
LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per

manufacturer's recommendations

IN WORK ZONES

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.



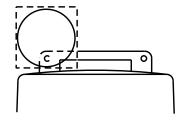
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travelway.



Warning reflector may be round or square.Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hozardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.

 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the laper to the end of the merging laper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Á, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

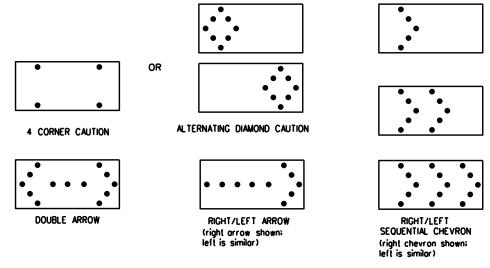
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 5. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
 The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
 Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roodway to bottom of panel.
- to boltom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- I. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).

 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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C) TxDOT	November 2002			RMC •	HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS		6	476-29-001		US	290, ETC.	
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		DDV		WASHINGTON ETC			13	

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short lerm stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in lapers, transitions and langent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

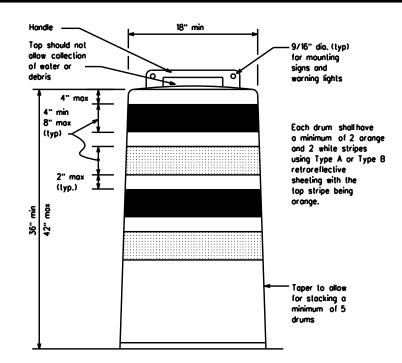
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or oir turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, arange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.0rum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

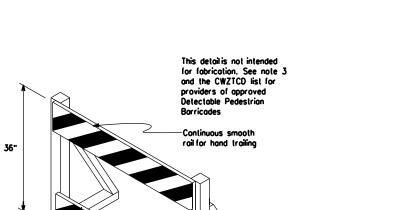
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retrareflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballosted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballost material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballost may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballosting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
 Built-in bollast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The boilost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.

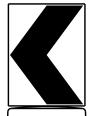


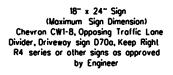


DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

Detectable Edge

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrion Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.







12" x 24"

Vertical Panel

mount with diagonals
sloping down lowards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (lext or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

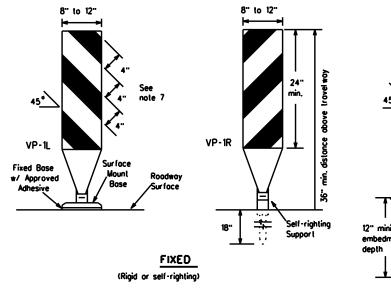


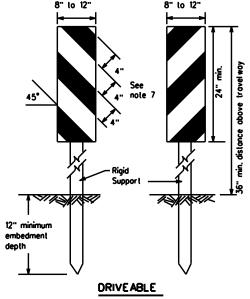
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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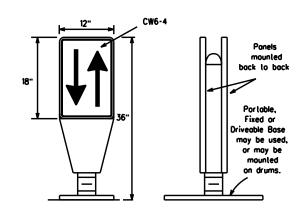


Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide apposing lanes of traffic.

- VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations.
 They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daylime and nightlime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lone roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retrareflective area locing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeling for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

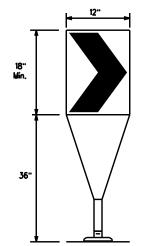
36"



PORTABLE

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are defineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement coused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spocing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C configming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



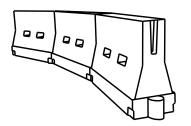
Fixed Bose w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Bose, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Aype C configring to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone oreos where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace domaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface.
 Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveoble bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travellones.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) croshworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water bollosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- Water bollosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging toper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a toper in a low speed urban area, the toper shall be delineated and the toper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirable er Lengl x x	ihs	Spacin Channeli Dev	g of
		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	. <u>ws²</u>	150'	165'	180'	30,	60.
35	L- WS	205'	225'	245	35'	70'
40	80	265	295	320	40'	80.
45		450'	495'	540	45'	90,
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660	55'	110 ⁻
60	L-113	600,	660	720	60.	120'
65		650	715'	780'	65'	130'
70		700	770	840'	70 [.]	140'
75		750'	825'	900.	75 [.]	150 ⁻
80		800.	880.	960'	80.	160'

* * Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF

CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND

MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



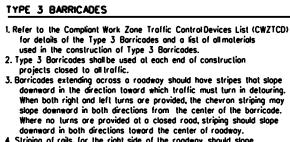
Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

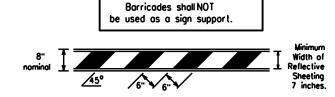
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

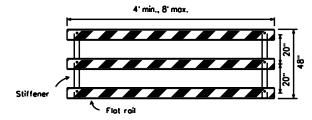
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- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Borricodes shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, choins or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricodes shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

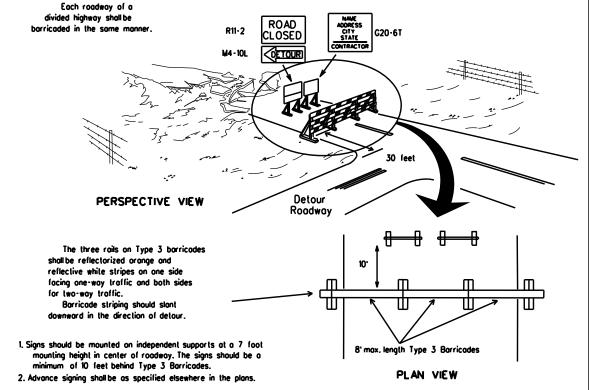


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

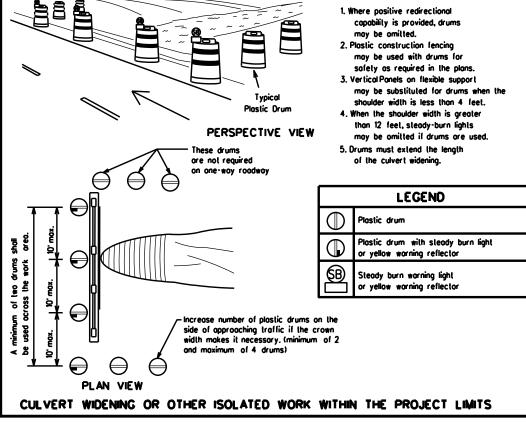


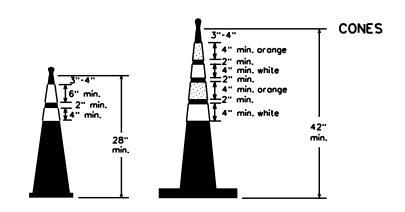
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





\$3"-4"

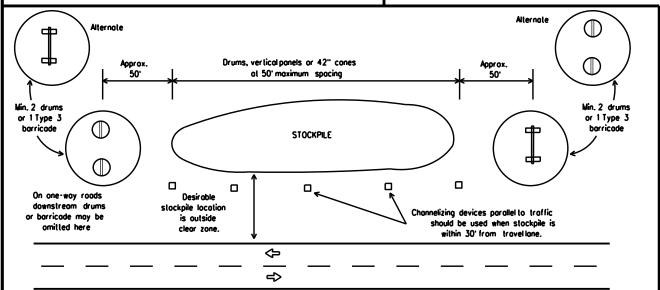
| 6" min.
| 2" min.
| 4" min.
| 28"
| min.

2" mox.
2" to 6"
3" min.
28"
min.

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to oid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and lubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the potterns on BC(12).
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

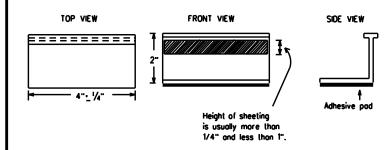
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The morkings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification them. 662

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion
 or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway
 shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detaurs in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detaur route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roodway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Block-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - 8. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Roised povement morkers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tobs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Division Standard



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

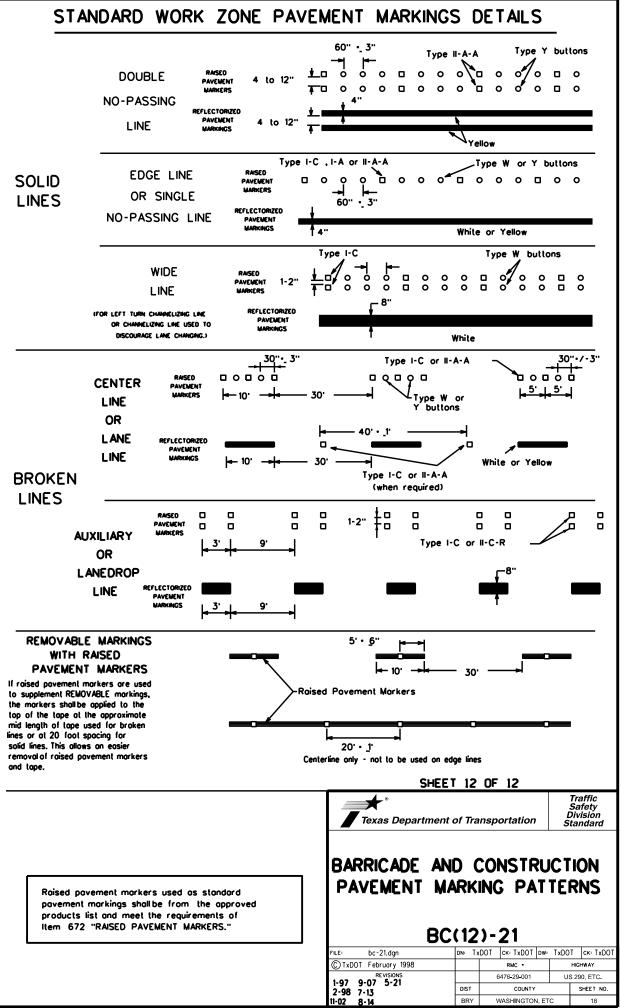
BC(11)-21

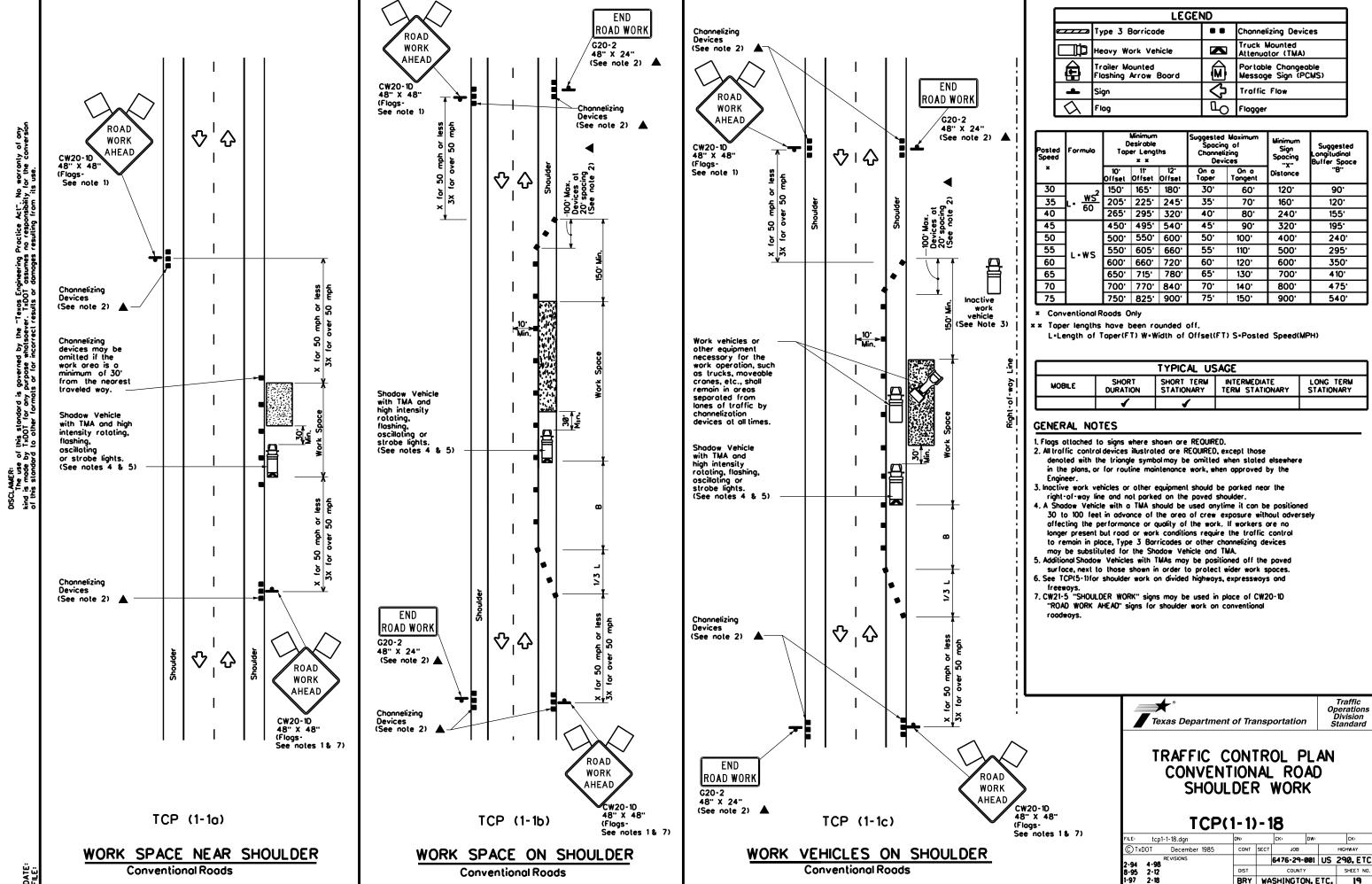
BC(11)-21									
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: To	DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxD0	CK: TxDO			
© TxDOT February 1998			RMC •			HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS 2-98 9-07 5-21		6	476-29-001		US	3 290, ETC.			
2·98 9·07 5·21 1·02 7·13	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.			
11-02 8-14	BRY	V	VASHINGTON	N, ET	0	17			

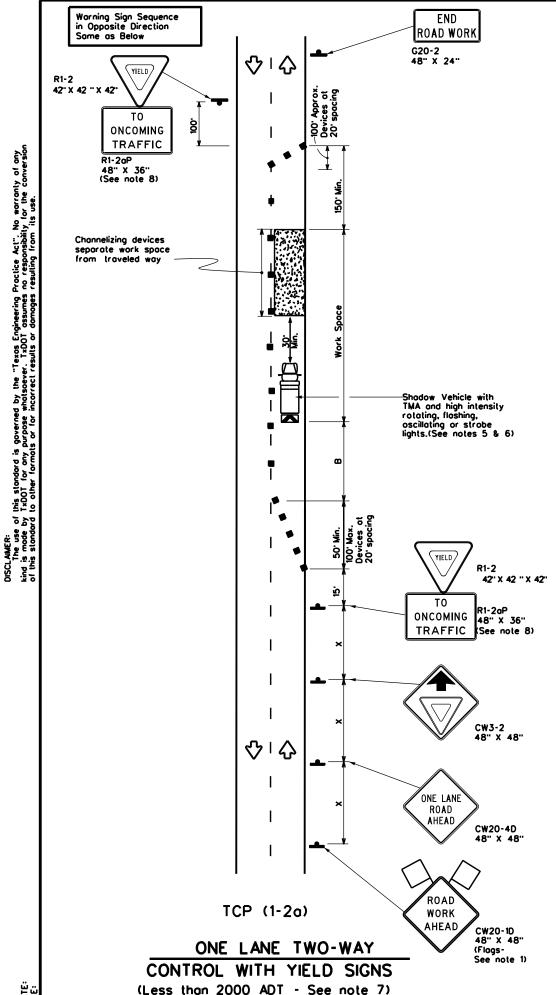
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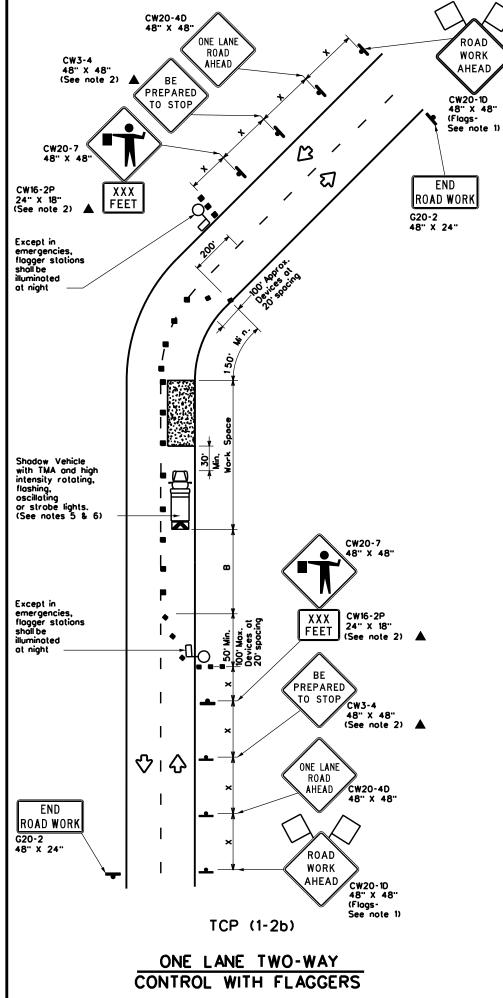
105

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A ₹>` Type II-A-A -Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A 000'000000000 Type Y bullons € 4 to 8" REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons •••••• 00000 00000 Type I-A Type Y buttons <u>oʻnoonnoojnoonnoonnoonnoojnoonnoon</u> ➾ ➾ Type I-A Type Y buttons 00000 Type W bultons Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type W buttons Type I-C 00000 മാമാവ് Type II-A-A Type Y bullons ♦ ➾ œœ ⟨> 00000 Type W buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS **₩** Type W buttons 00000 туре 0 0 0 ➪ ➪ 00000 00000 <> Type W buttons ~Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prelabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE









	LEGEND										
•	Type 3 Borricode	••	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	(Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow								
\Diamond	Flag	ďО	Flagger								

		_							_
Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Jesiroble er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacin Channel Dev	g of izing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10° Offset	11 ⁻ Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"	
30	2	150	165'	180	30.	60,	120'	90.	200'
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	1 ∾	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155 ⁻	305'
45		450	495	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	550	600·	50'	100	400	240 ⁻	425'
55	l.ws	550	605	660	55'	110	500	295'	495'
60] " " " "	600 '	660	720	60.	120'	600.	350 [.]	570 [.]
65		650'	715'	780	65'	130	700	4 10 ·	645'
70		700 [.]	770 [.]	840	70'	140'	800.	475'	730 [.]
75		750	825 ⁻	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'	820

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	1	1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- . Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- B. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
-). Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. II. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances
- should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagge and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- . Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading
- traffic and approved by the Engineer. 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW poddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

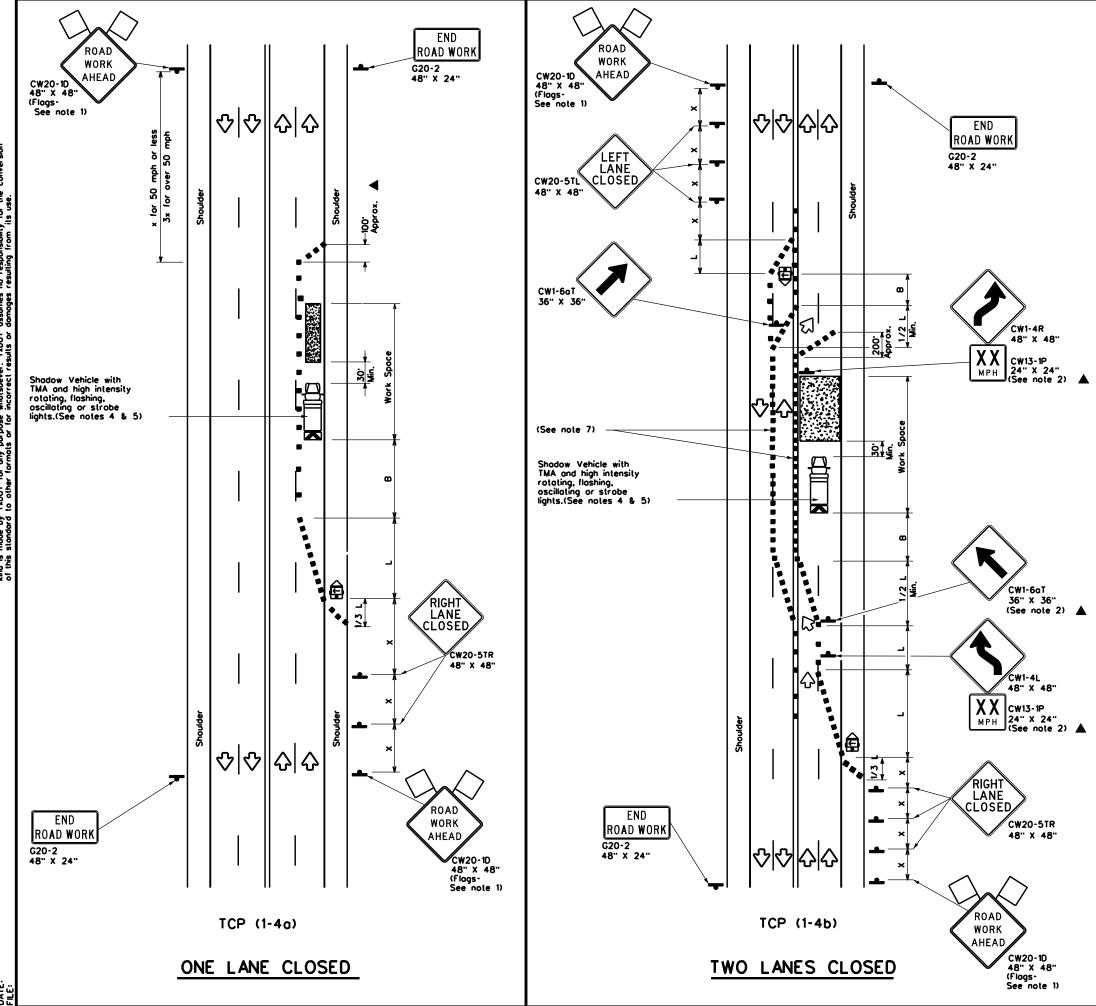


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
4-90 4-98 REVISIONS			6476-29-6	701	US 2	90, ETC.
2.94 2.12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BRY	WAS	SHINGTO	N, E	TC.	20



LEGEND										
Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices								
Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
Flog	Ф	Flagger								
	Type 3 Barricade Heavy Work Vehicle Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Sign	Type 3 Barricade Heavy Work Vehicle Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Sign								

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths x x			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
•		10" Offset	11 [.] Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	B
30	2	150 ⁻	165'	180	30'	60'	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155 ⁻
45		450	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195 ⁻
50]	500.	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605'	660	55'	110 ⁻	500	295'
60] - "3	600 [,]	660.	720'	60,	120'	600'	350'
65]	650	715'	780	65'	130'	700 [.]	410'
70]	700 [.]	770 [.]	840 ⁻	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750 [.]	825'	900'	75'	150'	900,	540'

- **▼** Conventional Roads Only
- xx Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE SHORT TERM STATIONARY INTERMEDIATE
TERM STATIONARY LONG TERM STATIONARY SHORT DURATION MOBILE

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

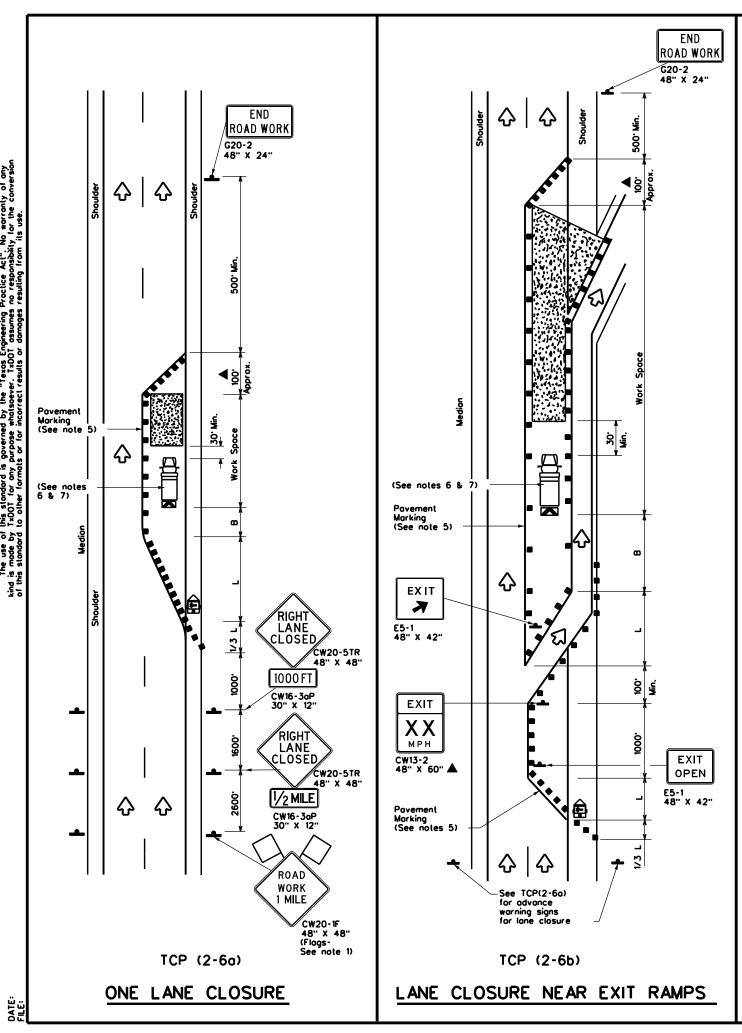


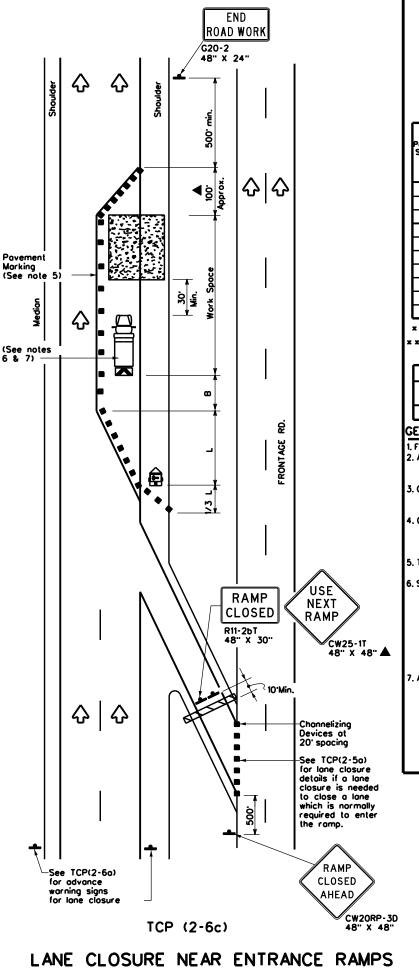
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
©TxD01	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		1	HIGHWAY
2-94 4	REVISIONS			6476-29-0	701	US 2	290, ETC.
8-95 2	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2	?-18	BRY	WA	SHINGTO	N, E	TC.	21





	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow								
۵	Flog	ф	Flagger								
			<u> </u>								

	•					•		
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths × ×			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10 [.] Offset	11 [.] Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150 ⁻	165	180	30.	60'	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90.	320'	195'
50]	500'	550	600·	50'	100	400'	240 [.]
55	L-WS	550	605	660.	55 [.]	110'	500 [.]	295 [.]
60] - " -	600·	660	720	60,	120'	600 [,]	350
65]	650	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70]	700 [.]	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475 [.]
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'

- * Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	4 1									

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

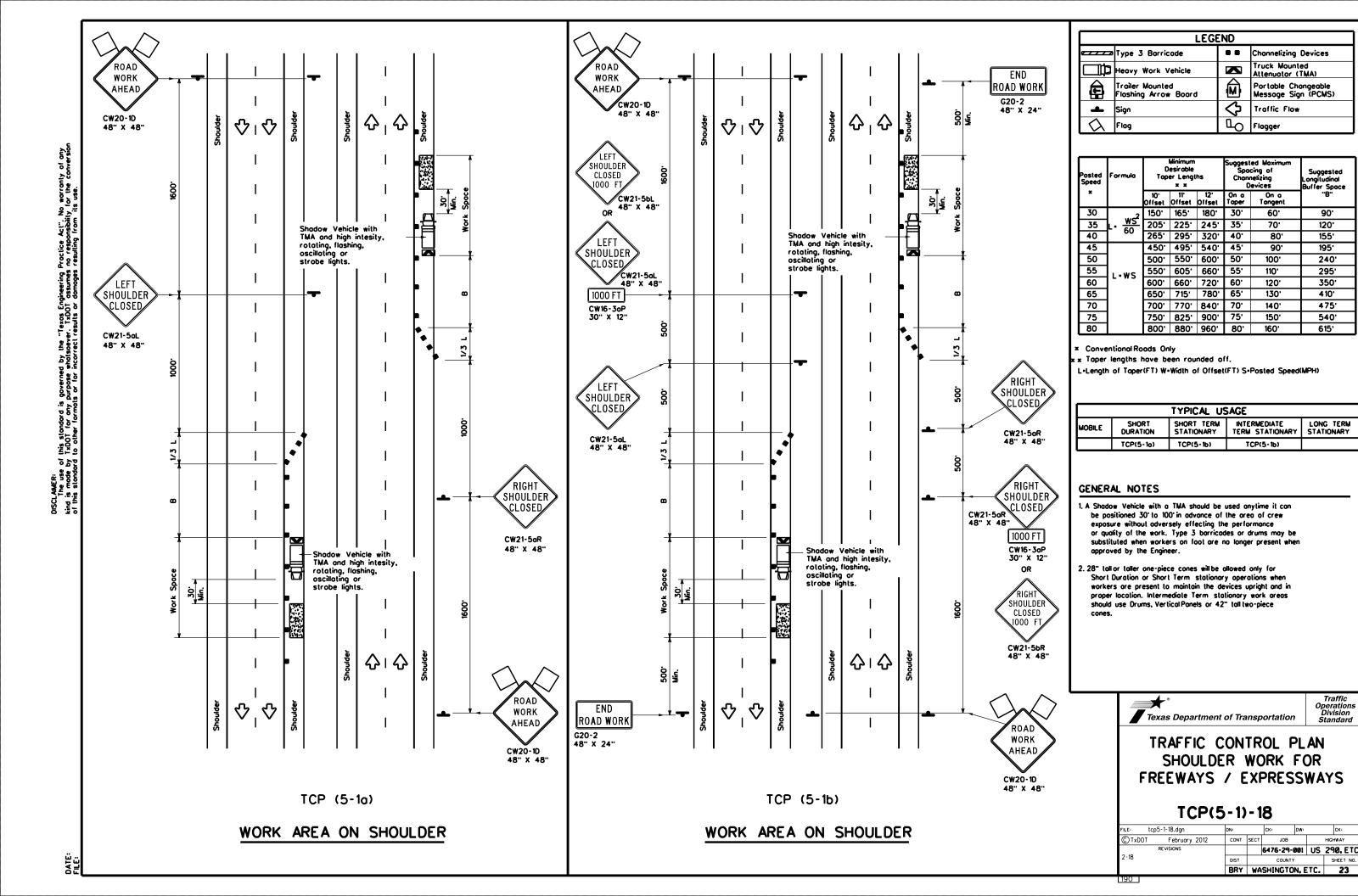
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

ILE: tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
C TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98			6476-29-0	001	US	290, E1	ſĊ.
3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET N	€.
-97 2-18	BRY	WA	SHINGTO	N, E	TC.	22	



ongitudinal Juller Space

30.

120

155

195'

240'

295'

350

410'

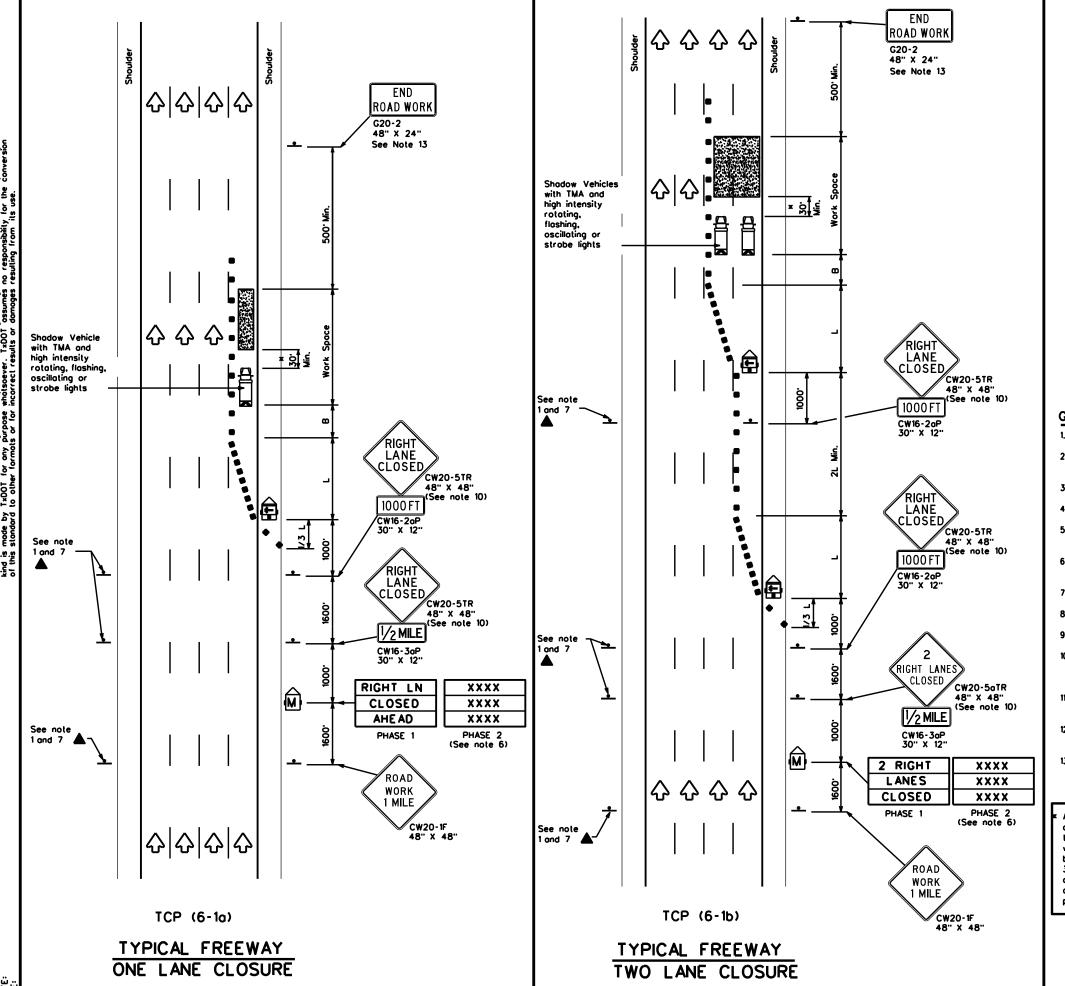
475

540'

615'

Traffic Operations Division Standard

HIGHWAY



Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flag

Traffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula		Minimum esirable Lengths x x		Suggested Spacine Channeli Devi	g of zing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	B	
45		450°	495'	540'	45'	90.	195'	
50		500	550'	600,	50.	100'	240'	
55	L·ws	550	605'	660	55'	110'	295'	
60] - " " "	600 ,	660.	720	60.	120 ⁻	350'	
65		650'	715'	780	65 ⁻	130	410'	
70		700	770.	840	70'	140'	475'	
75		750'	825'	900.	75	150 ⁻	540°	
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'	

* * Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	1	1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term
 Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on
 tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer
- All construction signs and barricodes placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and borricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicote construction worning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lones may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, toper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.

 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1 height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13.The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

			BR	Y	w	\SHI	NGT	ON,	ETC.	,		24	1
-12			DIS	Т			COL	INTY			S	HEET	NO.
-12	REVISIONS					647	76-2	9-0	01	US	290), E T	C.
)TxDOT	February	1998	CO	ΝT	SECT	RMC	PRO-	JECT	NO.		HIGH	WAY	
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201

See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate nat can be used for each approved sign support.

WORK

Flogs as required by Engineer or as shown on plans

24" mox.

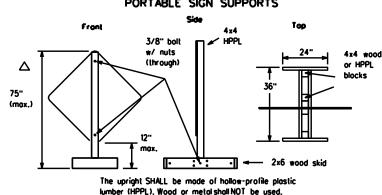
opproved

substrate

Δ



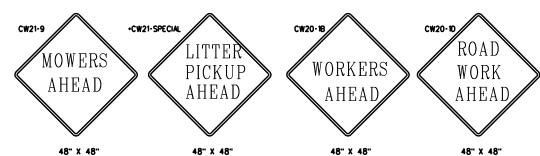
EXAMPLES OF SIGN SUPPORTS



1 Foot Mounting Height

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolls and nuls or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports.

Nails will NOT be allowed.



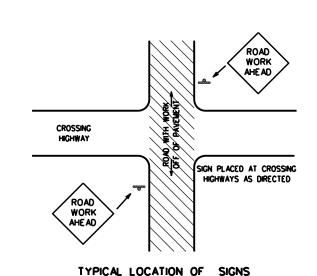
SIGN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND

MOWERS AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED FOR MOWING OPERATIONS.

LITTER PICKUP AHEAD, ROAD WORK AHEAD AND WORKER AHEAD SIGNS ARE USED AS DIRECTED FOR OTHER MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WHEN ALL WORK OCCURS OFF OF THE PAVED

ROLL-UP SIGNS CONFORMING TO DMS-8310 AND THE CWZTCD ALLOWED

Letter dimensions and spacing for "CW21-SPECIAL" is the same as C20-1D>

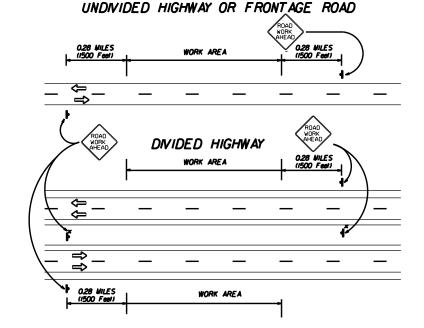


WORK AREA IS A MAXIMUM OF 20 MILES UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED. SIGNS MAY REMAIN IN PLACE ONLY DURING DAYLIGHT HOURS. SIGNS ARE TO BE PLACED 6'TO 12' OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE UNLESS ROAD WORK AHEAD SIGNS SHOWN AS EXAMPLES, ONE

AT HIGHWAY CROSSING

* SIGNS IN THE MEDIAN ARE REQUIRED WHEN WORK OCCURS IN MEDIAN

OF THE FOUR TYPE SIGNS WILL BE USED AS DIRECTED.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR WORK OFF OF THE PAVED SURFACE.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- 5. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 6. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. The additional signs requested by the Engineer/Inspector shall not be subsidiary.
- 7. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in occordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so that the Engineer
- can verify the correct procedures are being followed.

 8. The Contractor is responsible for sign installations and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 9. Identification morkings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company lagos used for identification shall be 1".
- 10. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

Duration of Work (as defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part VI)

- 1. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support and substrate meets crashworthiness. For moving operation all signs and supportS are Short-term Duration for daytime work.
- 2. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on this sheet or as directed by the Engineer.

SICN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Controctor shall ensure that the sign substrate is allowed for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels (abricoted from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the spice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign faces.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. Reflectorized signs shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 or DMS-8310.

 The DMS specifications can be accessed from the following web address:
- http://manuals.dot.state.tx.us:80/dynaweb/colmates/9Generic CollectionViewics-defaultits-default
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type C (High Specific Intensity), shall be used for signs with white background and channelizing devices.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type E (Fluorescent Prismatic), shall be used for signs with arange backgrounds.
- 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. Signs should be removed or completely covered when not mowing.
- 2. Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 3. Signs and supports shall be removed by the end of the day.

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry cohesionless sand is recommended.
- 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that lears upon vehicular impact.
- 6. Rubber (such as lire inner lubes) shall NOT be used for sandbags.
- 7. Rubber ballosts (such as those used with cones or edgeline channelizers) shall NOT be used as sign support weights.
- 8. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fosteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign
- 9. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Any sign, sign support or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced or repaired as soon as possible by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be obtained by contacting

Slandards Engineer Traffic Operations Division - TE Texas Department of Transportation 125 East 11th Street Auslin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone (512) 416-3120 For (512) 416-3200

Instructions to locate the "CWZTCO" on TxDOT website are:

Start at website - www.dot.state.tz.us Click on "About TxDOT", Click on "Organizational Chart". Click on Traffic Operations Box Click on "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices". Click on "View PDF". This sile is prinlable,

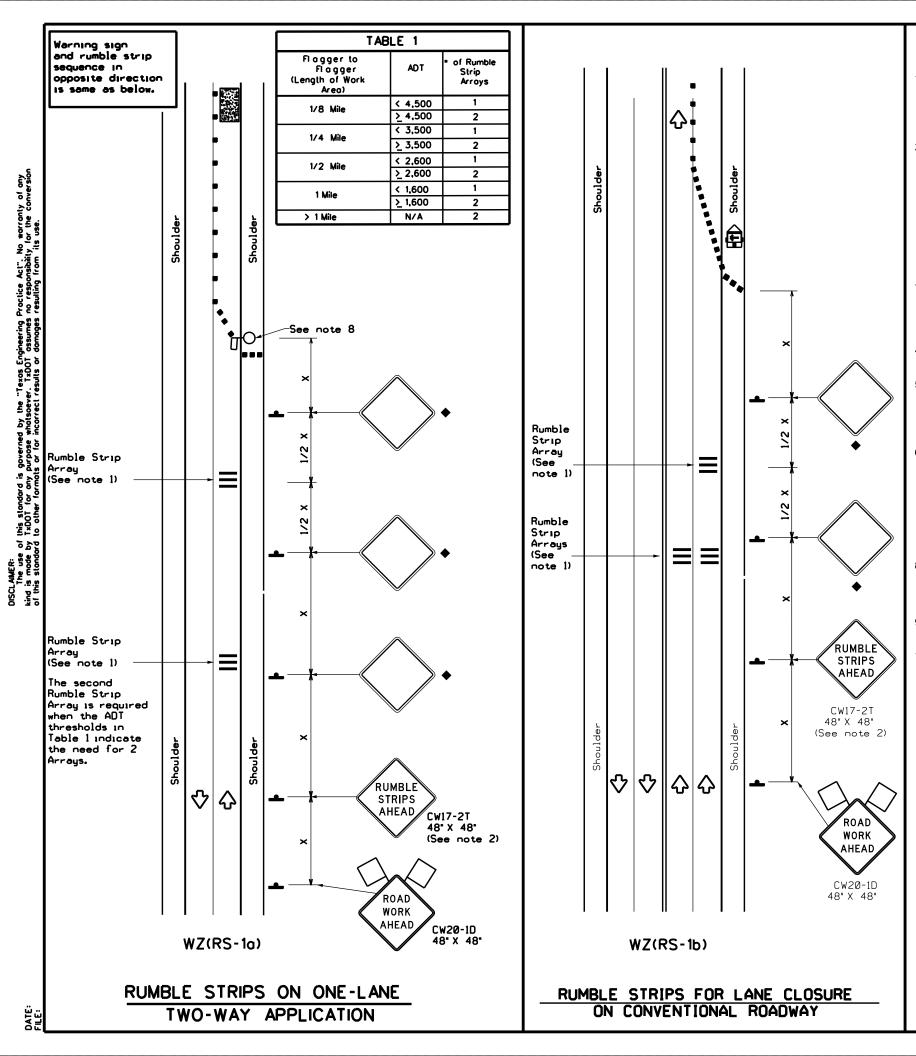


Texas Department of Transportation

Maintenance Division Standard Plans

ROADSIDE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

SHEET 1 OF 1 RS-TCP-05 NOT TO SCALE									
FILE: RSTCP05.DGN		DN:	LJB	ck: JG	DW:-		CK:-		NEG NO.:
©TxDOT FEBRUARY	200)5	STATE FEDERAL RMC PROJECT NO.				SHEET		
REVISED: September 17, 2004			BRY	6	647	6-29-	001		25
REVISED: FEBRUARY 2, 2005 Sign placement in TCP				COUNTY		CONTR	OL SECTION	J08	HIGHWAY
RE VISED:			WASHINGTON, ETC. US 290, ETC.						US 290, ETC.



GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lone at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed worning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lone two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
þ	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Jesiroble er Lengt x x		Suggested Spacin Channel Dev	g of izing	Minimum Sign Spocing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60,	120'	90.	
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	
40	1 🖭	265'	295	320'	40'	80,	240'	155'	
45		450	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'	
50		500	550	600.	50'	100	400	240'	
55	L.ws	550	605	660	55'	110'	500'	295'	
60] - " 3	600 .	660.	720 [.]	60.	120'	600.	350	
65]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	
70		700°	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'	
75]	750 [.]	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540 [.]	

- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	1	√						

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP,TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array						
< 40 MPH	10 ⁻						
> 40 MPH & <_ 55 MPH	15 [,]						
= 60 MPH	20,						
≥ 65 MPH	• 35'+						



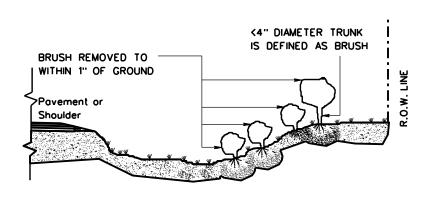
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

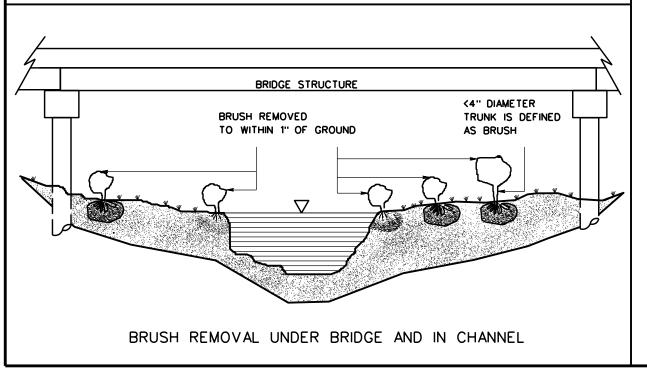
WZ(RS)-22

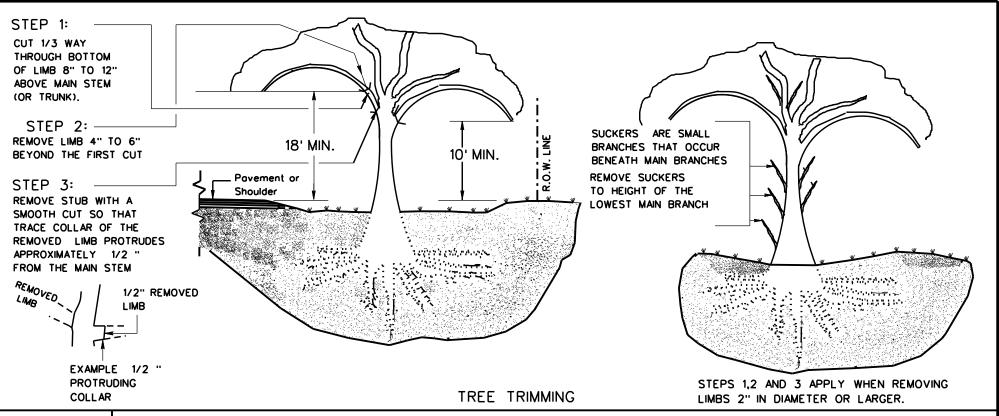
-10	BRY	WA	SHINGTO	IN, I	ETC	26
-14 1-22 -16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
REVISIONS			6476-29-	001	US 2	90, ETC
TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Txl	TOC	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT

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GENERAL NOTES:

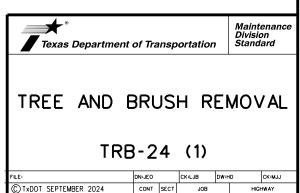
TREE TRIMMING

- 1. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18 ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
 TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE

 3. ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE

 TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

	TABLE 1							
TR	TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT							
		RANGE FO	R PAY ITEMS					
	TRUNK D	IAMETER .	TRUNK CIRCI	JMFERENCE				
PAY ITEM	THAN	OR EQUAL TO	THAN	OR EQUAL TO				
752 7005	4	12	12 1/2	37 1/2				
752 7006	12	18	37 1/2	56 1/2				
752 7007	18	24	56 1/2	75 1/2				
752 7008	24	30	75 1/2	94				
752 7009	30	36	94	113				
752 7010	36	42	113	132				
752 7011	42	48	132	151				
752 7012	48	60	151	188 1/2				
752 7013	60	72	188 1/2	226				



6476-29-001 US 290, ETC

BRY WASHINGTON

•SEE GENERAL NOTE =3.