STATE OF TEXAS

SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS AND SHEET 3 FOR PROJECT LOCATION MAP

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6	F 202	5(134)	SH105			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY		GRIMES			
CONTROL	SECTION	JC)B	SHEET NO.		
0315	04	087,	ETC	1		

Registered Accessibility Specialist (RAS) inspection Required

TDLR No. TABS2025000287

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NUMBER: F 2025(134)

SH 105 **GRIMES COUNTY**

TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT = 1367.52 FT = 0.259 MILES, ETC.

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CURB RAMPS, SIDEWALK, AND MISCELLANEOUS PEDESTRIAN ELEMENTS

LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:
DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

FINAL PLANS

CONTRACTOR:

(LOCATION	HIGHWAY	CONTROL	LIMITS	ADT	STA	TION	REFERENCE	MARKERS	TOTAL LENGTH
L	NO.	HIGHWAI	NO.	LIMITS	ADT	FROM	ТО	BEGIN	END	(FT)
	1	SH105	0315-04-087	FROM: 3RD STREET TO: 7TH STREET	2022: 9,150 2042: 16,836	11+59.21	25+93.00	RM 646+0.926 MI (43.017 MI)	RM 646+1.186 MI (43.277 MI)	1433.79'
	1	SH105	0315-04-088	FROM: 7TH STREET TO: 9TH STREET	2022: 12,170 2042: 18,742	25+93.00	30+37.00	RM 646+1.186 MI (43.277 MI)	RM 646+1.305 MI (43.396 MI)	444.00'





NO EXCEPTIONS **NO EQUATIONS** RAILROAD CROSSING: BNSF **RAILWAY COMPANY**



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION®

9/25/2024 SUBMITTED Jeff Miles _589D3E0B31FA4 PISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

9/25/2024 RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: James W. Rollins -66E162AEBE5B496... AREA ENGINEER

APPROVED 9/26/2024 FOR LETTING: Chad Bohne -60E5537715D24EAISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 2023).

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SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
	GENERAL
1 2 3 4 5 6, 6A - 6C 7, 7A 8 - 9	TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS PROJECT LOCATION PROJECT LAYOUT TYPICAL SECTIONS GENERAL NOTES ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET SUMMARIES
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
10 11 12 13 14 13 - 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 * 37 - 38 * 39 *	TCP(1-1)-18 TCP(1-4)-18 TCP(2-1)-18 TCP(2-4)-18 TCP(3-1)-13 TCP(3-4)-13 TCP(S-1)-08A TCP(S-2)-08A TCP(S-2C)-10 TCP(S-3)-08
	ROADWAY
40 41 - 43 44 44 - 54 55 56 57 - 60 61 62	HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET ASPHALT REMOVAL PLAN SH 105 PLAN DRIVEWAY TABLE DRIVEWAY DETAILS MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS MISC CONSTRUCTION DETAILS ARMOR CURB SLOT
63 - 66 * 67 * 68 * 69 * 70 - 71 *	PED-18 CCCG-22 JS-14 TE(HMAC)-11 TRB-15(1), TRB-15(2)
	TRAFFIC ITEMS
72 73 - 74 75 * 76 - 78 * 79 * 80 * 81 * 82 * 83 * 84 * 85 *	PAVEMENT MARKING PLAN SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS SMD(GEN)-08 SMD(SLIP-1)-08 - SMD(SLIP-3)08 PM(1)-22 PM(3)-22 PM(4)-22A ED(1)-14 ED(3)-14 ED(4)-14 TS-FD-12

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

ENVIRONMENTAL

86 - 95		SWP3 LAYOUT
96 - 97		STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (LESS THAN 1 ACRE)
98		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
99	*	TREE PROTECTION
100	*	EC(9)-16
		• •

RAILROAD

101		CURB RAMP, SIDEWALK, AND PLANKING IMPROVEMENTS LAYOUT
102 - 103		RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS
104		RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK
105	*	RCD(1)-22



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY I DENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN I SSUED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVI SI ON AS BEING APPLI CABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

7/11/2024

MADERLEY MONSALVE, P. E. DATE

TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



Texas Department of Transportation © 2024 Bryan District

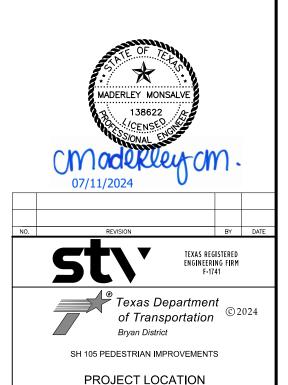
SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS

INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEE	Т		1		C	F	;
							Τ

			SHEET	1	OF 1		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6			;	SH	105		
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY		GRIME	S			
CONTROL	SECTION	Jo	SHEET NO.				
0315	04	087, ETC. 2					

NAVASOTA GRIMES COUNTY

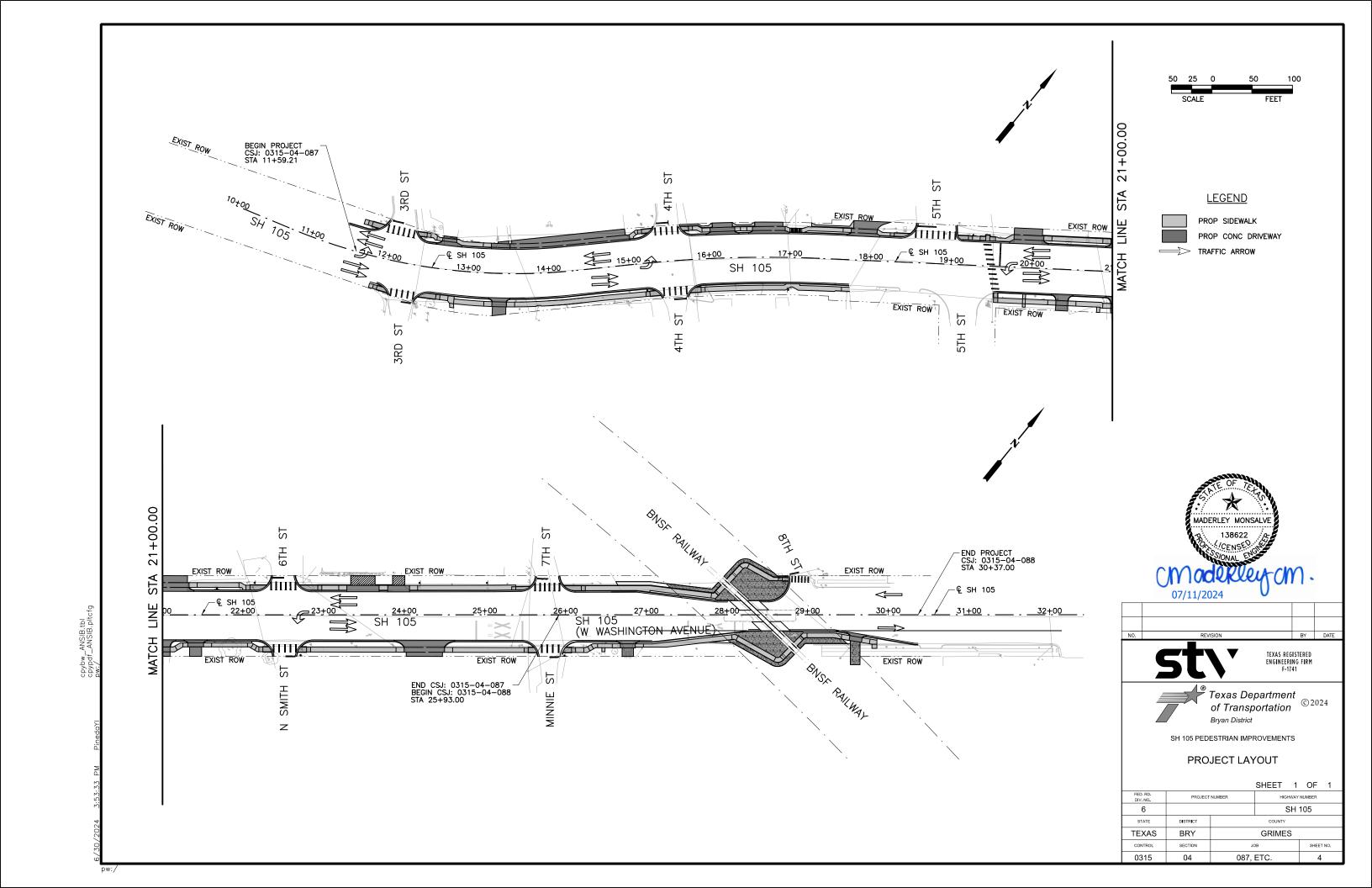


SHEET 1 OF 1

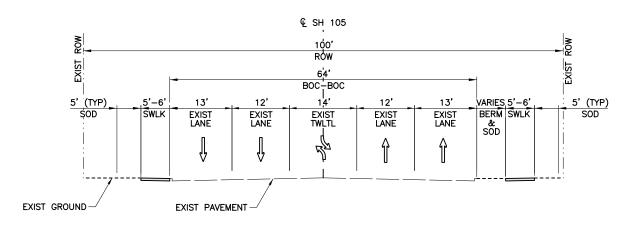
GRIMES

087, ETC.

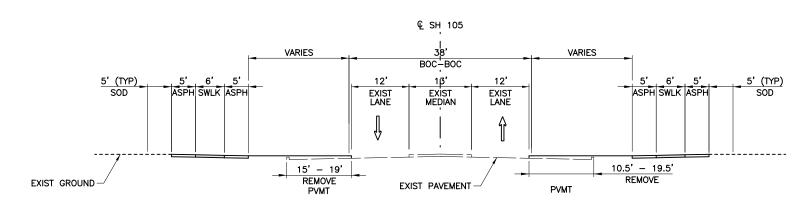
) | | |



EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION STA 11+59.21 TO STA 30+37.00



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION STA 11+59.21 TO STA 27+67.28 STA 29+12.61 TO STA 30+37.00



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION AT RR STA 27+67.28 TO STA 29+12.61







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of Transportation

Bryan District

SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS

TYPICAL SECTIONS

			SHEET	1	OF	1
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGH	WAY N	NUMBER	
6			S	3H 1	105	
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY		GRIMES	3		
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	ОВ		SHEET	NO.
0315	04	087.	ETC.		5	

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pw:/

Sheet: 6

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

GENERAL:

James Robbins, P.E., A.E., <u>James.Robbins@txdot.gov</u> Joseph Greive, P.E., A.A.E., <u>Joseph.Greive@txdot.gov</u>

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Send eligible shop plan submittals with PDF attachments directly to the reviewing office. If the shop drawings match a MTD currently approved set of shop drawings, submit that statement in writing with the submittal.

ITEM 5 "CONTROL OF THE WORK"

After award of the contract, when requested, TxDOT will provide CADD files to the selected Contractor. The recipient acknowledges that the electronic files may not contain all the information and may differ from the Bid Documents or Contract Documents for the construction of the Project. Electronic files are provided for information only and the TxDOT Bryan District shall not be responsible for differences between Electronic Files, the Bid Documents, and Contract Documents. The CADD files provided are a graphical representation of the project; the CADD data may not be 100% accurate and should not be used for dimensional control, shop drawings, or any other similar purpose. Any electronic files provided are strictly for the use of the Recipient in regard to the Project named above and shall not be used for any other purpose or provided by the Recipient to any other entity.

2024 General Notes Sheet A

Sheet: 6

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

ITEM 6 "CONTROL OF MATERIALS"

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link .https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html

for clarification on material categorization.

ITEM 7 "LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES"

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the growing season. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer one week in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the limits of the project. Clean the right of way to such a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

In accordance with Item 7.2.5, Contractor equipment equipped with blue warning lights shall be wired so that operation of blue lights is independent of any other lights.

In the event of the declaration of a hurricane watch, warning, other severe weather warning or national or state emergency that requires the roadways in the vicinity be used as evacuation routes, cease all work that requires the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles to enter the stream of traffic on these primary or secondary evacuation routes. This work includes material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment.

The following roadways are recognized hurricane evacuation routes in the Bryan District:

Primary Evacuation Routes: IH 45, US 77 (S of US 79), US 84 (E of IH 45), US 79, US 287, US 290, SH 6.

Secondary Evacuation Routes: US 190 (E of IH 45), SH 7, SH 21, SH 30 (SH 6 to IH 45), SH 36, SH 105 (E of SH 6).

Other routes may be designated.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

FOR WORK IN PROXIMITY TO THE RAILROAD;

Fiber optic cable systems may be buried on the Railroad's property. Protection of the fiber optic cable systems is of extreme importance since any break could disrupt service to users resulting in business interruption and loss of revenue and profits. It is the Contractor's responsibility to

2024 General Notes Sheet B

Sheet: 6A

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

utilize the contact information provided below to determine if fiber optic cable is buried anywhere on the Railroad's premises to be used by the State. If it is, the Contractor will telephone the telecommunications company(ies) involved, arrange for a cable locator, and make arrangements for relocation or other protection of the fiber optic cable prior to beginning any work on the Railroad's premises.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to contact, five working days before any work is performed, the RR at the contact information listed below to determine if fiber optic or other type of cable is buried in the general location where work is to be performed. In the event such cable is present, the Contractor then calls the owner of the fiber optic or cable line to determine its exact location. The State shall indemnify and hold harmless the Railroad against any cost or claims arising out of damage to any cable, but only to the extent such damage is caused by negligence of the State and/or its Contractor.

For 24/7 support of all requests for fiber optic locates along BNSF rights of way:

email: tim.huya@bnsf.com

Call Center Phone: 1-877-315-0513

ITEM 8 "PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS"

By noon of each Wednesday, provide the Engineer a written outline of the daily work schedule for the following week. Include in the outline the times and places for proposed traffic control changes, lane and shoulder closures, and moving operations or other operations that affect traffic on the roadway. Unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer, prosecute the work on this project as narrated in the General Sequence of Work.

Some of these operations may be performed simultaneously.

Prepare Progress Schedule Bar Chart.

Work that interferes with traffic is required to be performed during off-peak hours, 7 pm until 6 am, unless approved by the Engineer.

Equipment and material may be pre-staged at approved locations. When staging equipment and materials, they shall be marked/protected by type 3 barricades or appropriate TCP standards (includes overnight).

2024 General Notes Sheet C

Sheet: 6A

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

MILESTONE 1:

Milestone 1 is for construction of the asphalt transition and curb along SH 105 at the BNSF railroad crossing from (STA. 27+00 to STA 030+37)

The daily road-user cost for incentive and disincentive for Milestone 1 will be \$(10,000) per day.

The contractor will have (5) working days for Substantial Completion of Work for Milestone 1.

Working day time charges for Milestone 1 will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.1 – "Five-Day Workweek".

The time charges for the purpose of computing incentive and disincentive for Milestone 1 will begin upon the completion of construction performed by BNSF Railroad.

The time charges for Milestone 1 will end when, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor has completed the following items of work, which define the term "substantially complete":

- 1) Complete the asphalt transitions that connect to railroad planks.
- 2) Complete sufficient amount of the curb work within and adjacent to railroad right-of-way to provide a construction buffer and full lane of travel.
- 3) Remove road closure and detour when, in the opinion of the Engineer, SH 105 is suitable for two-way traffic.

The maximum number of working days for computing the incentive credit for Milestone 1 will be 2 days. The maximum credit allowable for early completion of Milestone 1 is \$20,000.

Failure of Substantial Completion of Work for Milestone 1 within the established number of working days shown above will result in the assessment of disincentives using the daily road-user costs shown above for each working day more than those allowed for Milestone 1.

The 90 day convenience delayed start allowed after authorization under SP008-005 is for Contractor mobilization.

ITEM 132 "EMBANKMENT"

Provide Embankment material for areas <u>outside the limits of the Pavement Structure</u> with a plasticity index between 10 and 35.

2024 General Notes Sheet D

Sheet: 6B

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

ITEM 162 "SODDING FOR EROSION CONTROL"

Furnish and place Bermuda or St Augustine sod. Sodding must match existing species.

ITEM 166 "FERTILIZER"

Fertilize all areas of project that are being seeded or sodded.

ITEM 168 "VEGETATIVE WATERING"

Vegetative watering is required for all areas of the project that are being seeded or sodded.

ITEM 310 "PRIME COAT"

Cure MC-30 for up to 7 days before placing subsequent surface courses unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Cure RC 250 for up to 21 days before placing subsequent surface courses unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING"

During one-way operations, station flaggers at all county roads and any other locations, such as private businesses, that may have traffic entering the work area.

Removal of ground mounted temporary signs and supports as specified on standard sheet BC(5), shall include the immediate backfilling of support holes with Type B embankment material and the compaction of the backfill material. The signs must also be removed within two weeks once construction ends.

Relocation of existing signs to temporary mounts during construction is subsidiary to Item 502. Maintain all existing signs during construction that do not conflict with TCP, or as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic

Sheet: 6B

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed by the Engineer. Complete the daily tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

Cancel law enforcement personnel when the event is canceled. Cancellation, minimums or "show up" fees will not be paid when cancellation is made 12 hours prior to beginning of the event. Failure to cancel within 12 hours will not be cause for payment for cancellation, minimums, or "show up" time. Payment of actual "show up" time to the event site due to cancellation will be on a case-by-case basis at a maximum of 2 hours per officer.

Provide construction fencing as approved at all work locations to protect pedestrian or bicycle traffic. This material and its placement will be paid for under Item 506, Construction Perimeter Fence.

ITEM 503 "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN"

Furnish, install, and operate up to 2 Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for this project. The signs can be used both on the project and within a ten (10) mile radius of the project. Locations, messages, and durations of use will be specified by the Engineer. The primary uses will be to inform the public of special events, lane and road closures, and changes in traffic control. Signs will be paid for only when used as directed by the Engineer.

Sheet: 6C

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

ITEM 505 "TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)"

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan (TCP) for this project,

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_1_-1_)-_18__ as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_1_-4_)-_18__ as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_2_-1_)-_18__ as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_2_-4_)-_18__ as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet.

provide one _2__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_3_-1_)-_13__ as detailed on General Note 3 of this standard sheet.

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_3_-4_)-_13__ as detailed on General Note _2__ of this standard sheet.

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_S_-_1_)-_08A__ as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_S_-2_)-_08A__ as detailed on General Note _11__ of this standard sheet.

provide one _1__ shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (_S_-_3_)-_08__ as detailed on General Note _3__ of this standard sheet.

Therefore, _10_ total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

_58__ TMA(s) (days) are provided in the project estimate for stationary operations.

Sheet: 6C

Sheet H

Highway: SH 105 Control: 0315-04-087, Etc.

County: Grimes

6 TMA(s) (days) are provided in the project estimate for mobile operations.

ITEM 506 "TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS"

Prior to starting construction, review the SWP3 with the Engineer to confirm the type and placement of the devices. Device locations may be added, deleted, or modified by the Engineer.

ITEM 529 "CONCRETE CURB, GUTTER, AND COMBINED CURB AND GUTTER"

Provide steel reinforcement in all concrete curb, gutter, and combined curb and gutter in accordance with the plans and specifications.

ITEM 531 "SIDEWALKS"

Notify the Engineer and the District ADA Liaison/ Landscape Architect (<u>Amanda.Soto@txdot.gov</u>) 48 hours prior to forming and placing concrete in any unit for this item. Do not place concrete without an Inspector present. Failure to inform the Engineer and provide time to arrive on the job site may result in removing and replacing the item constructed under item 531 at the Contractor's expense.

ITEM 666 "REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS"

All striping limits must be approved by the Engineer before striping operations may begin.

ITEM 677 "ELIMINATE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKER"

Use flailing for removal on pavement surfaces that will be resurfaced, and water blasting on existing or final surfaces that will remain at the conclusion of the construction project, unless approved by the Engineer.

General Notes



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0315-04-087

DISTRICT Bryan HIGHWAY SH 105

COUNTY Grimes

CONTROL SECTION JOB			ON JOB	0315-04-087		0315-04	I-088		
COL		JECT ID	A00190	0497	A00190)498		TOTAL FINAL	
		COUNTY	Grim	es	Grim	es	TOTAL EST.		
		GHWAY	AY SH 105		SH 105			i IIVAL	
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	100-7003	PREP ROW (TREE REMOVE) (0"-12" DIA)	EA	4.000				4.000	
	100-7013	TREE PROTECTION (INSTALL)	EA	3.000				3.000	
	100-7015	TREE PROTECTION (REMOVE)	EA	3.000				3.000	
	104-7011	REMOV CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	SY	545.000		21.000		566.000	
	104-7018	REMOV CONC (CURB OR CURB & GUTTER)	LF	1,544.000		556.000		2,100.000	
	105-7002	RMV (2"-6") TRT/UNTRT BASE & ASPH PAV	SY	364.000		609.000		973.000	
	105-7052	RMV (0"-12") TRT/UNTRT BASE & ASPH PAV	SY	320.000		42.000		362.000	
	110-7001	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	CY	5.000		2.000		7.000	
	132-7005	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY C)	CY	5.000		2.000		7.000	
	160-7002	FURN & PLACE TOPSOIL (4")	SY	1,240.000		216.000		1,456.000	
	161-7008	EROSION CONTROL COMPOST (VEH)	CY	1,307.000				1,307.000	
	162-7002	BLOCK SODDING	SY	1,240.000		216.000		1,456.000	
	164-7007	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM_COOL)	SY	1,240.000		216.000		1,456.000	
	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	36.000		8.400		44.400	
	193-7023	LANDSCAPE TREAT (TY I)	EA			4.000		4.000	
	310-7004	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	64.000		24.000		88.000	
	341-7044	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG64-22	TON	40.000		145.000		185.000	
	471-7003	GRATE & FRAME	EA	3.000				3.000	
	479-7004	ADJUSTING MANHOLES (UTILITY BOX)	EA	4.000		1.000		5.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000				1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3.000				3.000	
	503-7002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	38.000		20.000		58.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	3.000		3.000		6.000	
	506-7044	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	609.000		230.000		839.000	
	506-7046	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	609.000		230.000		839.000	
	527-7001	COLORED TEXTURED CONC (4")	SY	74.000		110.000		184.000	
	529-7009	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	1,528.000		590.000		2,118.000	
	529-7018	CONC CURB & GUTTER (ARMOR CURB)	LF	14.000				14.000	
	530-7006	DRIVEWAYS (CONC)	SY	960.000		96.000		1,056.000	
	530-7010	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SY	60.000				60.000	
	531-7001	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	974.000		391.000		1,365.000	
	531-7016	CURB RAMPS (TY 2)	SY	14.000				14.000	
	531-7020	CURB RAMPS (TY 7)	SY	112.000		20.000		132.000	
	531-7021	CURB RAMPS (TY 10)	SY	89.000		17.000		106.000	
	531-7025	CONC SIDEWALKS (SPECIAL)	SY	8.000				8.000	
	644-7065	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG	EA	8.000		1.000		9.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Grimes	0315-04-087	7

Report Created On: Jul 12, 2024 8:08:08 PM



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0315-04-087

DISTRICT Bryan HIGHWAY SH 105

COUNTY Grimes

		CONTROL SECTI	ON JOB	0315-04	I-087	0315-04	I-088		
		PRO	JECT ID	A00190)497	A00190)498	1	
		(COUNTY	Grim	es	Grim	es	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		н	HIGHWAY		05	SH 1	05		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	1	
	666-7009	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF			95.000		95.000	
	666-7036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	760.000		96.000		856.000	
	666-7081	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(RR XING)(100MIL)	EA			1.000		1.000	
	666-7184	RE PM TY II (W) 24" (SLD)	LF	760.000				760.000	
	666-7411	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF			410.000		410.000	
	666-7420	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF			40.000		40.000	
	666-7423	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF			412.000		412.000	
	677-7001	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (4")	LF			552.000		552.000	
	677-7002	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (6")	LF			204.000		204.000	
	677-7004	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (8")	LF			210.000		210.000	
	677-7008	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (24")	LF			36.000		36.000	
	677-7009	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (ARROW)	EA			1.000		1.000	
	677-7019	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (RR XING)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	02	RAILROAD FLAGGING: RAILROAD FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	
	08	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Grimes	0315-04-087	7A

			LS
	CSJ 0315-04-087		1
	CSJ 0315-04-087 TOTALS	5	1
	SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEM	<u>s</u>	
			100 7003
	LOCATION	(1	PREP ROW (TREE REMOVE) 0"-12" DIA
			EA
Ī	CSJ 0315-04-087		
	SH 105		
	BEGIN TO STA 13+00		
	STA 13+00 TO STA 15+00		
	STA 15+00 TO STA 17+00		
	STA 17+00 TO STA 19+00		
	STA 19+00 TO STA 21+00		4
	STA 21+00 TO STA 23+00		
-	STA 23+00 TO STA 25+00		
-	STA 25+00 TO STA 25+93		

CSJ 0315-04-087 TOTALS

SUMMARY OF MOBILIZATION ITEMS
500
7001

LOCATION

MOBILIZATION BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

MO

104 7011

REMOV CONC (DRIVEWAYS)

545

104 7018

REMOV CONC (CURB OR CURB & GUTTER)

1544

105 7052

SY 320

RMV (2"-6") (0"-12") TRT/UNTRT BASE & BASE & ASPH PAV ASPH PAV

364 320

24 68 60

CINALIDA OF MODIFICALE TO			I
SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRA	FFIC CONTROL I	I EMS	
	503 7002	505 7001	505 7003
LOCATION	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	EA	DAY	DAY
CSJ 0315-04-087	1	38	3
CSJ 0315-04-087 TOTALS	1	38	3

	100 7013	100 7015	160 7002	161 7006	162 7002	164 7007	* 166 7001	168 7001	506 7034	506 7044
LOCATION	TREE PROTECTION (INSTALL)	TREE PROTECTION (REMOVE)	FURN & PLACE TOPSOIL (4")	EROSION CONTROL COMPOST (4")	BLOCK SODDING	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM _COOL)	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE WATERING	CONSTRUCTION PERIMETER FENCE	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")
	EA	EA	SY	SY	SY	SY	AC	TGL	LF	LF
CSJ 0315-04-087										
SH 105				11764					50	
BEGIN TO STA 13+00	1	1	101		101	101	0.03	4		45
TA 13+00 TO STA 15+00			177		177	177	0.04	5		85
TA 15+00 TO STA 17+00			125		125	125	0.03	4		55
TA 17+00 TO STA 19+00			81		81	81	0.02	2		65
TA 19+00 TO STA 21+00			216		216	216	0.05	6		35
TA 21+00 TO STA 23+00	2	2	178		178	178	0.04	5		155
TA 23+00 TO STA 25+00			253		253	253	0.06	7		129
TA 25+00 TO STA 25+93			109		109	109	0.03	4		40
SJ 0315-04-087 TOTALS	3	3	1240	11764	1240	1240	0.3	36	50	609

^{*} FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY, FERTILIZER TO BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 162, SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR RATE

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEM		470	740	744	474	470	503				570					
	110 7001	132 7005	310 7004	* 341 * 7044	471 7003	479 7004	527 7001	529 7009	529 7018	530 7006	* 530 * 7010	531 7001	531 7016	531 7020	531 7021	531 7025
LOCATION	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	EMBANK (FNL) (OC) (TY C)	PRIME COAT	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG64-22	GRATE & FRAME	ADJUSTING MANHOLES (UTILITY BOX)		CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	CONC CURB & GUTTER (ARMOR CURB)		DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")			CURB RAMPS (TY 10)	CONC
	CY	CY	GAL	TON	EA	EA	SY	LF	LF	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY
CSJ 0315-04-087																
SH 105	5	5	64	40												
BEGIN TO STA 13+00							3	130		27		60		37	18	
STA 13+00 TO STA 15+00						1		205		291		141				
STA 15+00 TO STA 17+00						1	30	224		115		139		43		
STA 17+00 TO STA 19+00					3	2	26	155	14	75		107			12	8
STA 19+00 TO STA 21+00						1	15	216		120		166	14		11	
STA 21+00 TO STA 23+00						1		226		151		113		21	35	
STA 23+00 TO STA 25+00						2		258		181	60	191				
STA 25+00 TO STA 25+93								114			-	53		11	13	
CSJ 0315-04-087 TOTALS	5	5	64	40	3	8	74	1528	14	960	60	970	14	112	89	8

×	FOR	CONTRACTORS	INFORMATION	ONLY,	REFER	ТО	BASIS	OF	ESTIMATE	FOR	RATES	AND	QUANTITIES.
---	-----	-------------	-------------	-------	-------	----	-------	----	----------	-----	-------	-----	-------------

	644 7065	666 7036	666 7184
LOCATION	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM TY II (W) 24' (SLD)
	EA	LF	LF
CSJ 0315-04-087			
SH 105			
BEGIN TO STA 13+00		135	135
STA 13+00 TO STA 15+00			
STA 15+00 TO STA 17+00	2	130	130
STA 17+00 TO STA 19+00		104	104
STA 19+00 TO STA 21+00	1	128	128
STA 21+00 TO STA 23+00	3	137	137
STA 23+00 TO STA 25+00	1		
STA 25+00 TO STA 25+93	1	126	126
CSJ 0315-04-087 TOTALS	8	760	760

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
	TEXAS REG ENGINEER F-17	NG FIRM	
	Texas Departmen of Transportation Bryan District	t ©2	024
	SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS	3	
	SUMMARIES		

SHEET 1 OF 2 FED. RD. DIV. NO. PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER SH 105 6 DISTRICT STATE COUNTY BRY GRIMES **TEXAS** SECTION CONTROL SHEET NO. 04 087, ETC. 0315

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRA	FFIC CONTRO	DL ITEMS	
LOCATION	503 7002	505 7001	505 7003
	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN		TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	EA	DAY	DAY
CSJ 0315-04-088	1	20	3
CSJ 0315-04-088 TOTALS	1	20	3

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEM	ς			
LOCATION	104 7011	104 7018	105 7002	105 7052
	REMOV CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	REMOV CONC (CURB OR CURB & GUTTER)	RMV (2"-6") TRT/UNTRT BASE & ASPH PAV	RMV (O"-12") TRT/UNTRT BASE & ASPH PAV
	SY	LF	SY	SY
CSJ 0315-04-088				
SH 105			609	42
STA 25+93 TO STA 27+00	21	164		
STA 27+00 TO STA 29+00		262		
STA 29+00 TO STA 31+00		130		
CSJ 0315-04-088 TOTALS	21	556	609	42

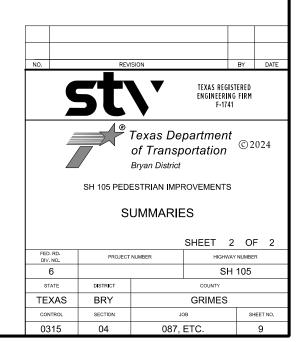
LOCATION	160 7002	162 7002	164 7007	* 166 * 7001	168 7001	506 7044	506 7046
	FURN & PLACE TOPSOIL (4")	BLOCK SODDING	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM _COOL)	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE WATERING	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	BIODEG EROSN CON' LOGS (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	AC	TGL	LF	LF
CSJ 0315-04-088							
SH 105							
STA 25+93 TO STA 27+00	102	102	102	0.03	3.6	120	120
STA 27+00 TO STA 29+00	60	60	60	0.02	2.4	110	110
STA 29+00 TO STA 31+00	54	54	54	0.02	2.4		
CSJ 0315-04-088 TOTALS	216	216	216	0.07	8.4	230	230

* FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY, SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR RATE

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEM	S											
LOCATION	110	132	193	310 7004	* 341 * 7044	479	527	529	530	531	531	531 7021
	7001	7005	7023	7004	^ 7044	7004	7001	7009	7006	7001	7020	7021
	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	EMBANK (FNL) (OC) (TY C)	LANDSCAPE TREAT (TY I)	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG64-22	ADJUSTING MANHOLES (UTILITY BOX)	COLORED TEXTURED CONC (4")	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	DRIVEWAYS (CONC)	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	CURB RAMPS (TY 7)	CURB RAMPS (TY 10)
	CY	CY	EA	GAL	SY	EA	SY	LF	SY	SY	SY	SY
CSJ 0315-04-088												
SH 105	2	2		24	145							
STA 25+93 TO STA 27+00						1	28	155	38	93	11	17
STA 27+00 TO STA 29+00			4				63	321		251	9	
STA 29+00 TO STA 31+00							19	114	58	47		
		•										
CSJ 0315-04-088 TOTALS	2	2	4	24	145	1	110	590	96	391	20	17

* FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY, REFER TO BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR RATES AND QUANTITIES.

LOCATION	644 7065	666 7009	666 7036	666 7081	666 7411	666 7420	666 7423	677 7001	677 7002	677 7004	677 7008	677 7009	677 7019
	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6" (DOT) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (RR XING) (100MIL)	REFL PAV	REFL PAV MRK TY I	REFL PAV	ELIM EXT	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (6")	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (8")	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (24")	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (ARROW)	ELIM EX PM & MRK (RR XING
	EA	LF	LF	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA
CSJ 0315-04-088													
SH 105													
STA 25+93 TO STA 31+00	1	95	96	1	410	40	412	552	204	210	36	1	2
CSJ 0315-04-088 TOTALS	1	95	96	1	410	40	412	552	204	210	36	1	2



- ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT. CONTRACTOR SHALL ADJUST LOCATION OF SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE BC STANDARDS AND THE LATEST TEXAS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD).
- WORK SITE SHOULD BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO ENSURE THAT TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES ARE OPERATING EFFECTIVELY AND THAT ALL DEVICES USED ARE CLEARLY VISIBLE, CLEAN AND IN GOOD CONDITIONS.
- NOT TO INCLUDE ROAD CLOSURE, TRAFFIC MUST PASS THROUGH THE PROJECT DURING ALL HOURS, AND NO EQUIPMENT OR MATERIAL WILL BE LEFT IN A POSITION THAT, IN THE OPINION OF THE ENGINEER, SHALL CONSTITUTE A HAZARD OR ENDANGERS TRAFFIC.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN DRIVEWAY ACCESS AT ALL TIMES. COST ASSOCIATED WITH MAINTAINING DRIVEWAY ACCESS, SUCH AS FLAGGING, WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502, UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
- IN AREAS WHERE EXISTING SIDEWALK IS BEING REPLACED, CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A PEDESTRIAN PATHWAY. SIGNS AND BARRICADES INDICATING EXISTING SIDEWALK IS CLOSED
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP THE ROADWAY CLEAN AND FREE OF DIRT AND OTHER MATERIALS DURING HAULING OPERATIONS. WHEN DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CEASE ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS TO CLEAN THE ROADWAY. TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER.
- ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND PRIOR TO ANY SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT DURATION.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES THAT ARE TO REMAIN IN-PLACE. IF ANY STRUCTURE IS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPLACE OR REPAIR AT NO EXPENSE TO THE DEPARTMENT.
- EXISTING ABOVE GROUND UTILITIES ARE BASED ON SURVEY AND BOTH ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITY LOCATIONS CANNOT BE GUARANTEED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR IS FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DAMAGES WHICH OCCUR AS A RESULT OF THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITES.
- 10. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE POSITIVE DRAINAGE THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CORRECT DRAINAGE DEFICIENCIES THAT PRESENT A HAZARD TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC OR PROPERTY AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 11. ACCESS TO ADJOINING PROPERTY MUST BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 12. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK, CURB RAMPS. DRIVEWAYS. HANDRAILS AND PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDS, LATEST TEXAS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD), AND PROPOSED ACCESSIBILITY GUIDELINES FOR PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY (PROWAG).
- CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A 4' MIN CLEAR GROUND SPACE AT ANY OBSTRUCTION PRESENT WITHIN PEDESTRIAN SIDEWALK SECTIONS PER ADA REQUIREMENTS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL RELOCATE SIGNS WHERE SIGN PLAQUE IS WITHIN TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY. SIGNS SHALL BE ADJUSTED VERTICALLY IF THEY ARE CONSIDERED AN OBSTRUCTION IN VERTICAL PROTECTED ZONE.
- 15. NOT TO INCLUDE ROAD CLOSURE, CONTRACTOR SHALL OPEN LANES AT THE END OF EACH WORKDAY UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 16. ANY REQUEST TO ALTER THE SEQUENCE OF OPERATION OR TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR WRITTEN APPROVAL.
- 17. UPON COMPLETION OF THE FINAL GRADING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE TEMPORARY SODDING THEN PLACE TOPSOIL AND FINAL SODDING WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS FINALIZED.

GENERAL SEQUENCE OF WORK NOTES

DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION ON SH 105 FROM 3RD ST TO 8TH ST.

- 1. PLACE ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS AS SHOWN IN THE DETOUR SHEETS, THE STANDARDS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. COORDINATE WITH RAILROAD AND THE ENGINEER TO DETERMINE TIMELINE FOR ROAD CLOSURE AND DETOUR.
- PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN IN THE STANDARDS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- PLACE ROAD CLOSURE DEVICES AND SIGNS AS SHOWN IN THE DETOUR SHEETS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE FNGINFFR.
- BNSF RAILWAY SHALL INSTALL AND CONSTRUCT RAILROAD ELEMENTS PRIOR TO ANY TXDOT CONSTRUCTION.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT AND INSTALL EXTENTS OF CONCRETE CURB AND ASPHALT TO MEET RAILROAD CROSSING AS SHOWN IN TRAFFIC CONTROL LAYOUT SHEET DURING ROAD CLOSURE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. COORDINATE WITH RAILROAD FOR FLAGGING. SEE RAILROAD SOW SHEET FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- REMOVE ROAD CLOSURE DEVICES AND SIGNS AND CONTINUE AS DIRECTED IN THE STANDARDS AND AS
- CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT WORK TO ONE SIDE OF THE ROAD AND NOT COVER MORE THAN THREE BLOCKS
- LOCATE ANY CONFLICTING EXISTING MANHOLE COVERS, GROUND BOXES, AND ADJUST TO FINAL GRADE AS NEEDED.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT AND INSTALL CURB RAMPS, SIDEWALK, SIDE CURBS, CONCRETE CURB, DRAINAGE ELEMENTS, HANDRAIL, DRIVEWAYS AND REQUIRED COLORED TEXTURED CONCRETE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL GRADE TO EXISTING GROUND WHILE ENSURING NO CHANGE TO EXISTING DRAINAGE PATTERNS.
- AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF ALL PROPOSED ROADWAY ELEMENTS IS COMPLETE, PLACE FINAL STRIPING AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. INCLUDING ANY STRIPING THAT WAS REMOVED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- NOTE CONTRACTOR SHALL MANTAIN A MINIMUM 3:1 SAFETY SLOPES AT THE END OF EVERY WORKING DAY







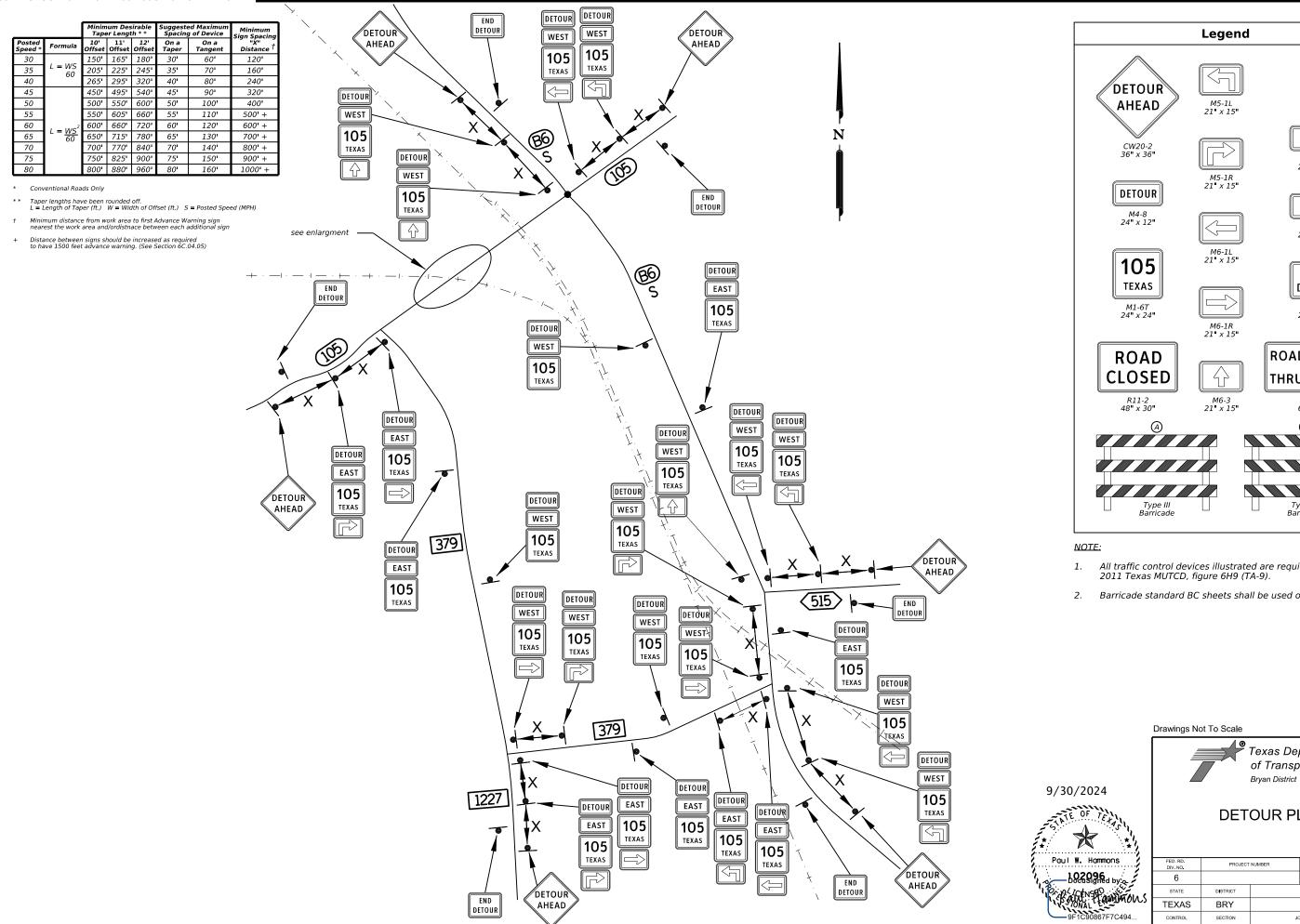
SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS

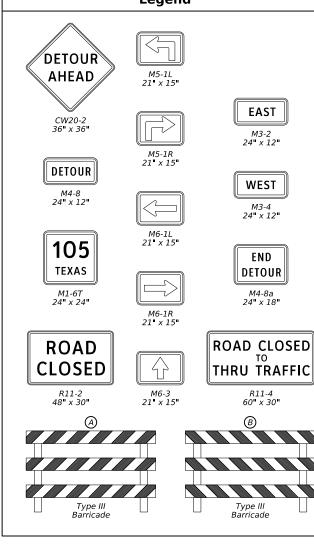
TRAFFIC CONTROL NARRATIVE

SHEET	1	OF	1
HIG	HWAY N	IUMBER	

©2024

			OHELH	. 0	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6			9	SH 105	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	GRIMES			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0315	04	087,	10		



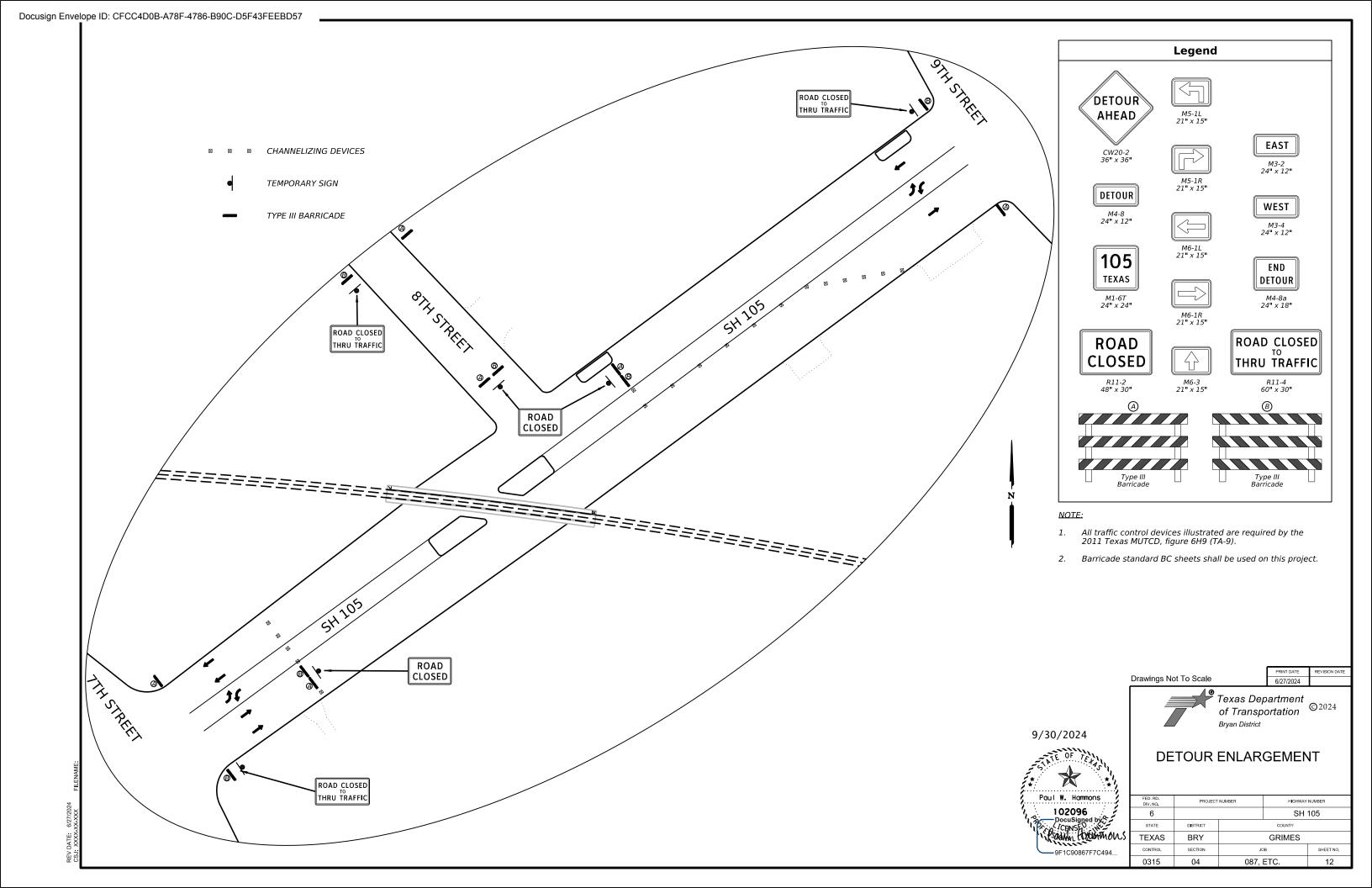


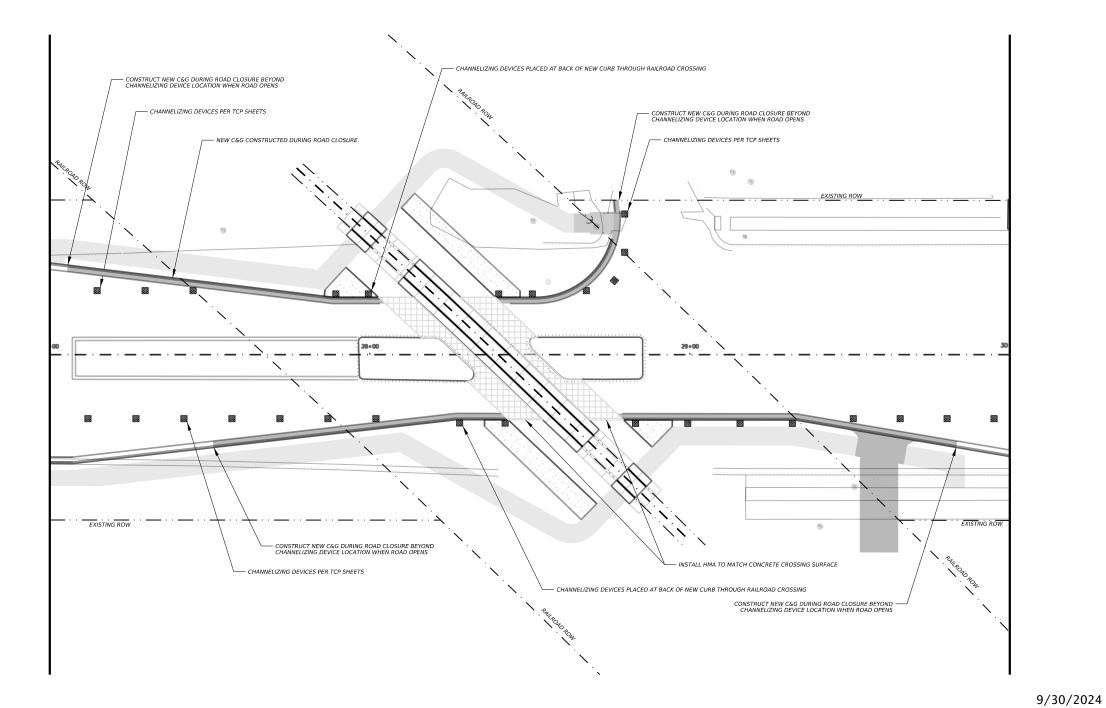
- All traffic control devices illustrated are required by the
- 2. Barricade standard BC sheets shall be used on this project.

Texas Department of Transportation

DETOUR PLAN

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6			SH	105		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY	GRIMES				
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	В	SHEET NO.		
0315	04	087,	ETC.	11		





PRINT DATE REVISION DATE 6/28/2024

Texas Department of Transportation

Bryan District

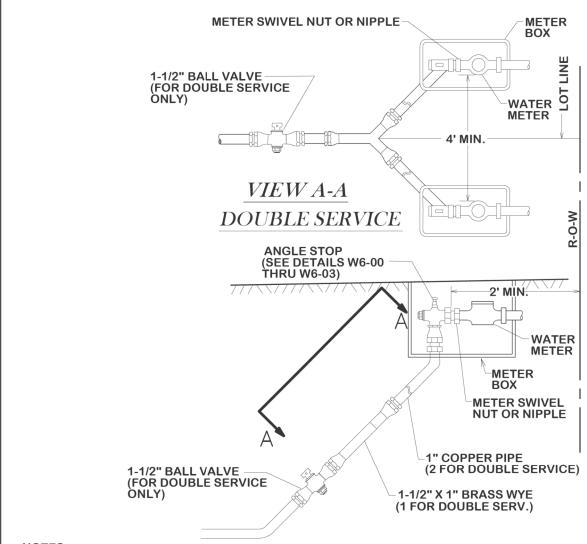
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TRAFFIC CONTROL LAYOUT

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6			SH 105		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	GRIMES			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0315	04	087,	13		

Poul W. Hormons
102096
Poer Signed IN

DEV. DATE: 6/28/2024



NOTES:

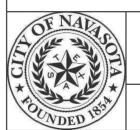
- 1. ALL CONNECTIONS TO BE COMPRESSION TYPE.
- 2. MATERIAL USED SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED OR AN APPROVED EQUAL.
- 3. ALL SERVICE WYES & EXTENSIONS ARE TO BE INSTALLED WITH THE MAIN LINE CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. EXISTING METER BOXES ARE TO BE REMOVED. THE NEW METER BOXES SHALL BE OLD CASTLE.
- 5. ANGLE STOPS MAY BE USED FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION IF FINISHED ELEVATION IS KNOWN. THE STOP MUST BE INSTALLED 10"-12" BELOW THE FINISHED ELEVATION.
- 6. WHEN PRE-APPROVED BY THE CITY OF NAVASOTA, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL A DOUBLE SERVICE BRANCH WITH A MINIMUM 20" WIDTH METER BOX TO HOUSE BOTH METERS.

METER NUT SIZE

3/4" x 2.5" Long
3/4" x 3" Long
3/4" x 12" Long
1" x 2.625" Long
1" x 8.5" Long

1-1/2" Meter Nipple 1-1/2" Meter Bushing

2" Meter Nipple
2" Meter Bushing



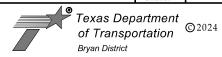
WATER SERVICE RECONNECTION

DATE: JULY 2021



W6-04

PRINT DATE	REVISION DATE
6/28/2024	



ADDITIONAL DETAILS

WATER METER

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6			SH	105	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
EXAS	BRY	GRIMES			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0315	04	087,	14		

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

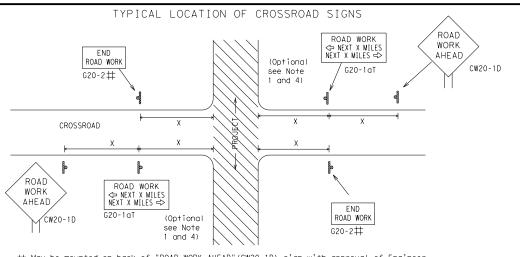


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION ★ ★ G20-9TP ZONE ★ X R20-5T FINES DOLIBL X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES * X G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTl INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES € 80' Limit WORK ZONE G20-26T X X min BEGIN WORK \times \times G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

OBEY

WARNING

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 \triangleleft

 \Rightarrow

R20-3

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING $^{1.5.6}$

SI7F

SPACING

sway/ way	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
48"	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
48"	50	400
.0	55	500 ²
	60	600 ²
	65	700 2
48"	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
	*	* 3

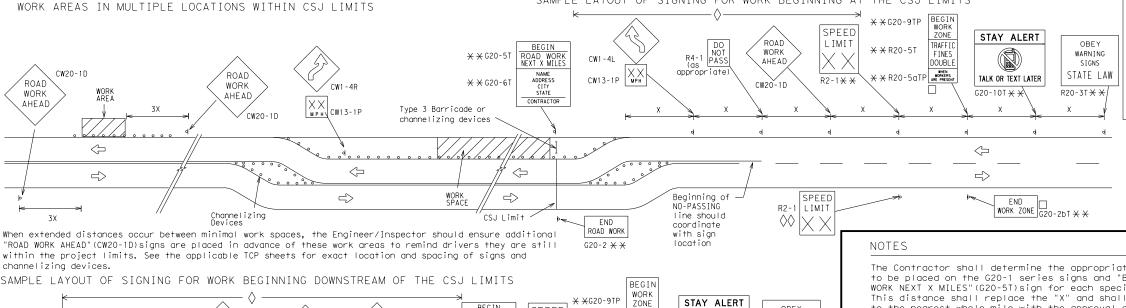
Sign onventional Expres Number Free or Series CW201 CW21 CW22 48" x 48 48" × CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 48" × 36" × 36 CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48 48" x CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

¥ ¥R20-5T

 \times \times R20-5aTF

TRAFFIC

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END

WORK ZONE G20-2bT X X

FINES

ROAD WORK

CONTRACTOR

X X G20-5T

 \times \times G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

ROAD

WORK

⅓ MIL

CW20-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

CW1 - 4

CW13-1P

Channelizina

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND				
<u> </u>	Type 3 Barricade				
000	Channelizing Devices				
-	Sign				
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

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ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

devices

B

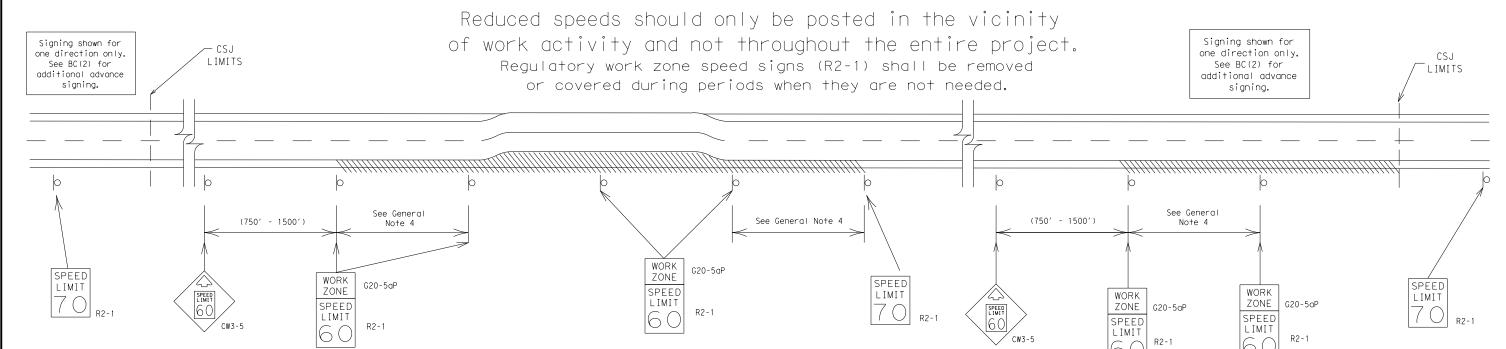
Barricade or

channelizina

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



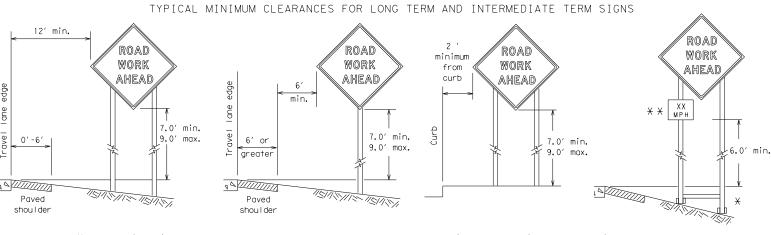
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

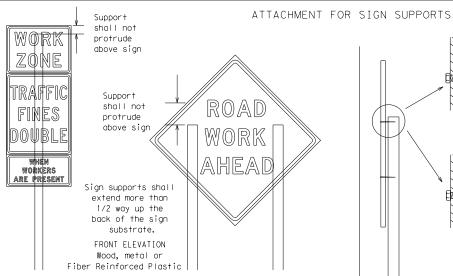
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* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



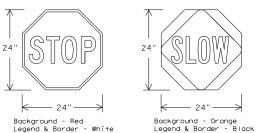
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN ⁻	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	RDER WHITE TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- 2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mill black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

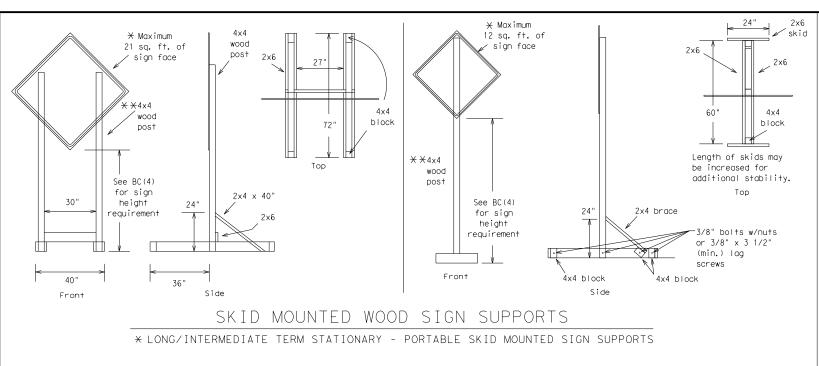


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

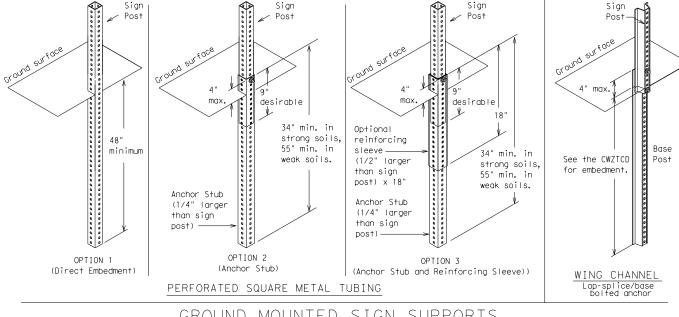
Traffic Safety Division Standard

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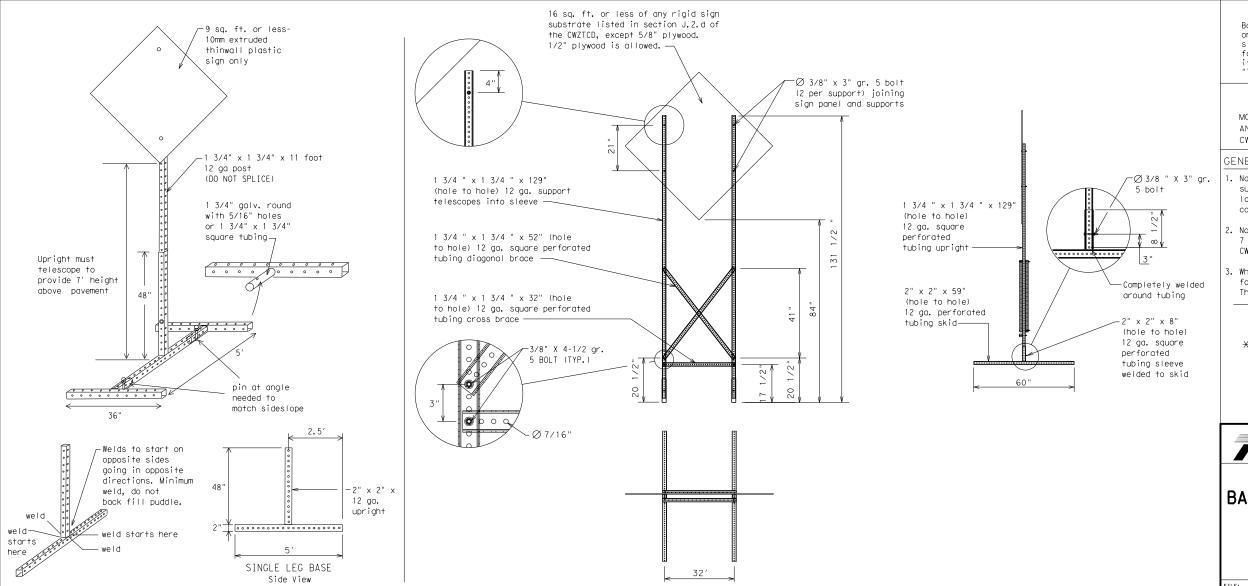


SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- 2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,' "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	AL T	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
	DONT	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	E	Service Road	SERV RD
East		Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	mill NOI	I MOINT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List Other Condition List FREEWAY FRONTAGE ROADWORK ROAD CLOSED ROAD XXX FT REPAIRS CLOSED X MILE XXXX FT ROAD SHOULDER FLAGGER LANE CLOSED CLOSED XXXX FT NARROWS AT SH XXX XXX FT XXXX FT ROAD RIGHT LN RIGHT LN TWO-WAY CLSD AT CLOSED NARROWS TRAFFIC FM XXXX XXX FT XXXX FT XX MILE RIGHT X RIGHT X MERGING CONST LANES TRAFFIC LANES TRAFFIC CLOSED OPEN XXXX FT XXX FT CENTER DAYTIME LOOSE UNEVEN LANE LANF GRAVEL LANES CLOSED CLOSURES XXXX FT XXXX FT I-XX SOUTH NIGHT DETOUR ROUGH LANE EXIT X MILE ROAD CLOSURES CLOSED XXXX FT EXIT XXX ROADWORK ROADWORK VARIOUS

LANES CLOSED CLOSED X MILE EXIT RIGHT LN CLOSED TO BE CLOSED

MALL

DRIVEWAY

CLOSED

XXXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT

X LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in P

PAST

SH XXXX

RLIMP

XXXX FT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		e/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
*	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
Phase 2.	STAY IN LANE	*	* * Se	ee Application Guideline	s Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

NEXT

FRI-SUN

US XXX

FXIT

X MILES

LANES

SHIFT

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

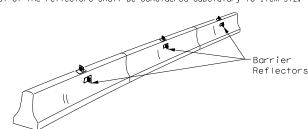


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

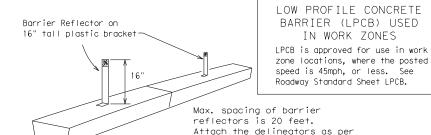
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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ETC.		SH 105		
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	BRY		GRIME:	S		20	

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



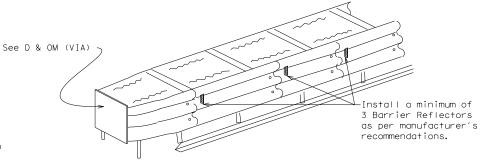
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

manufacturer's recommendations.



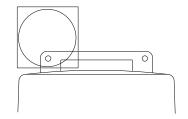
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside. 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

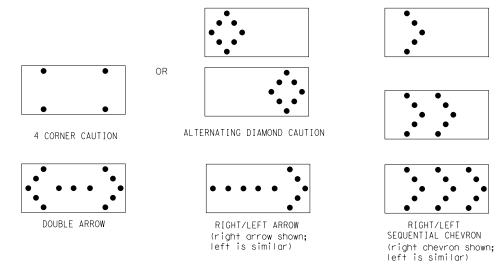
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS											
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE									
В	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile									
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile									

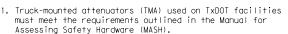
ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS



- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- n the plans 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance. 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

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101

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

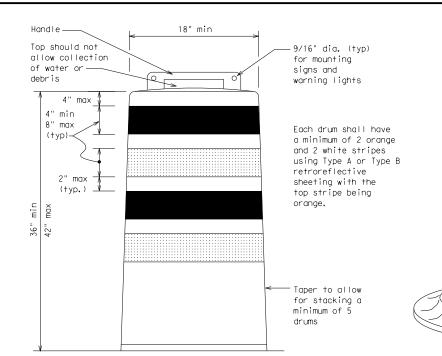
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

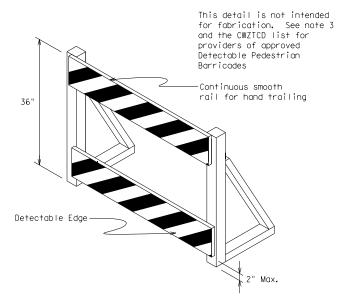
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sian (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

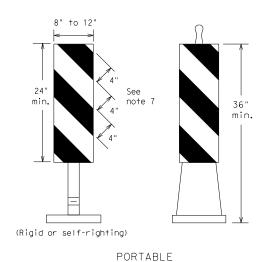


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

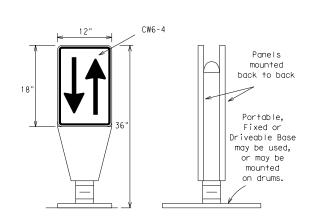
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1-03 8-14 1-07 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

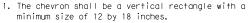
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation, OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

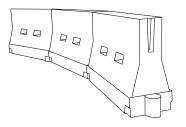


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

Min.

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend *	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45 ′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50 5	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55´	110′	
60		600′	660′	720′	60 °	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

XTaper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF
CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND
MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

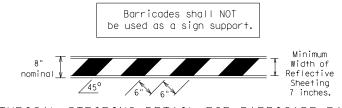
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

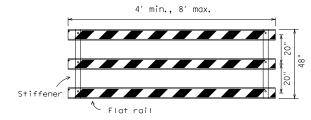
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7-13		BRY	GRIMES 2			23		

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

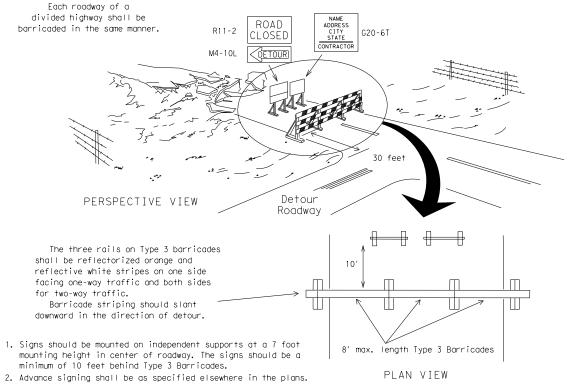


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL
FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light work or yellow warning reflector um of two dri across the Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 A mi and maximum of 4 drums)

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

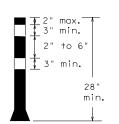
4" min. white

Two-Piece cones

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 28" min.

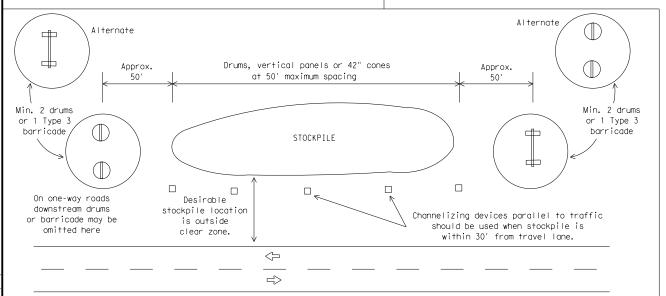
PLAN VIEW

One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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7-13	5-21	BRY	GRIMES 24				24

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

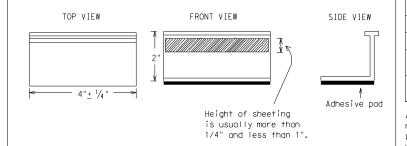
- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

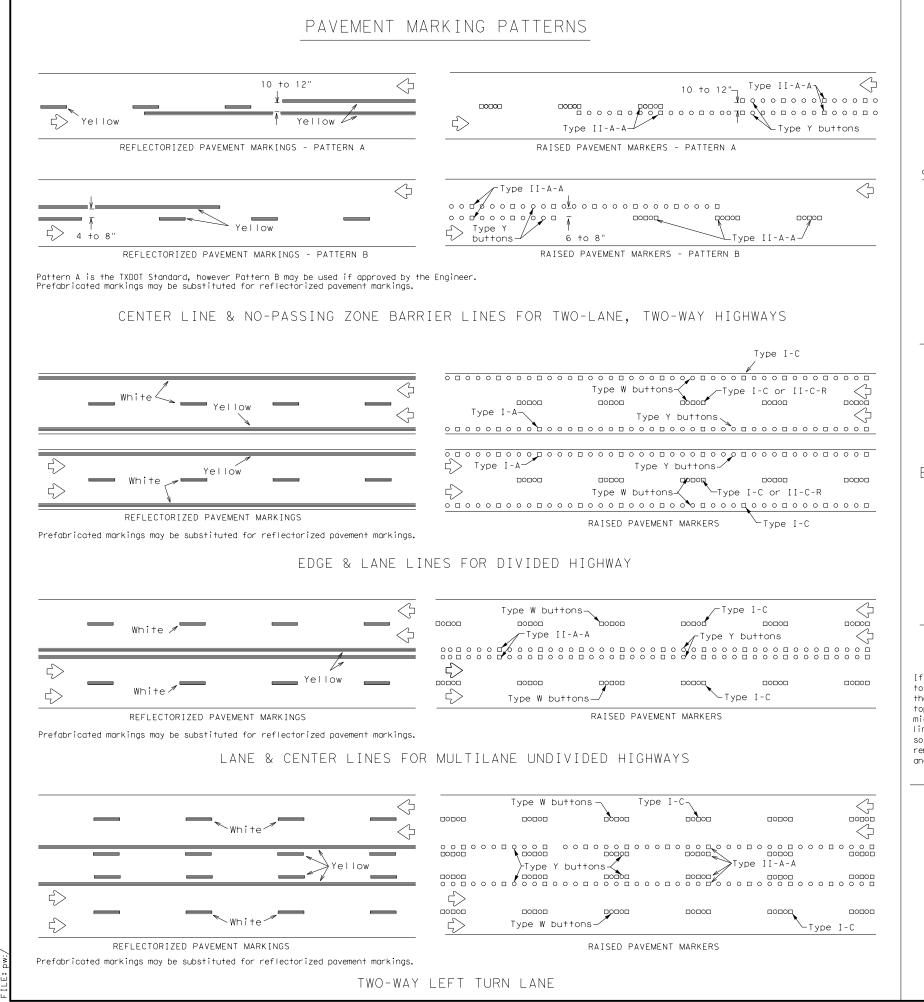


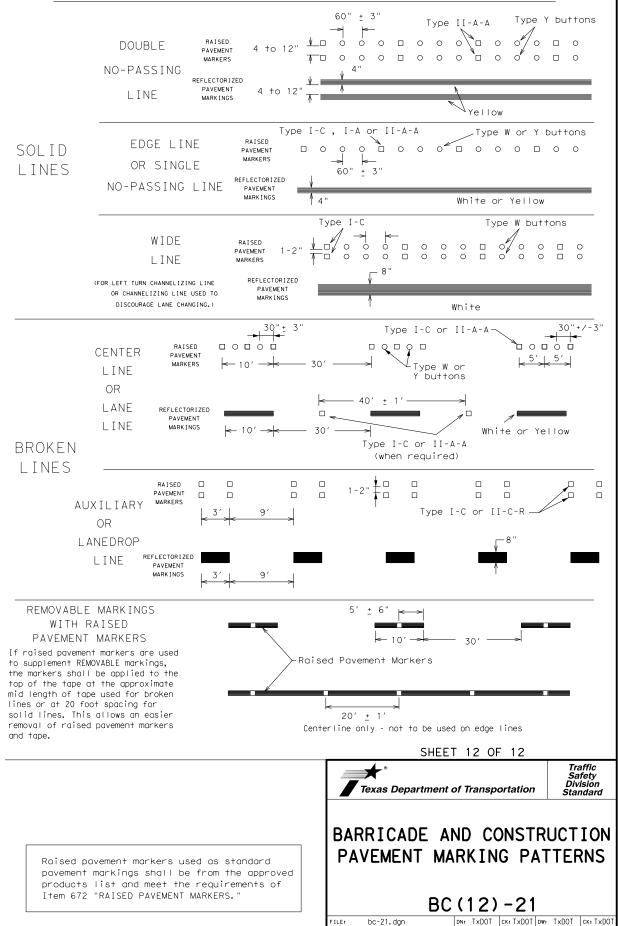
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11) - 21

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◯TxDOT February 1998

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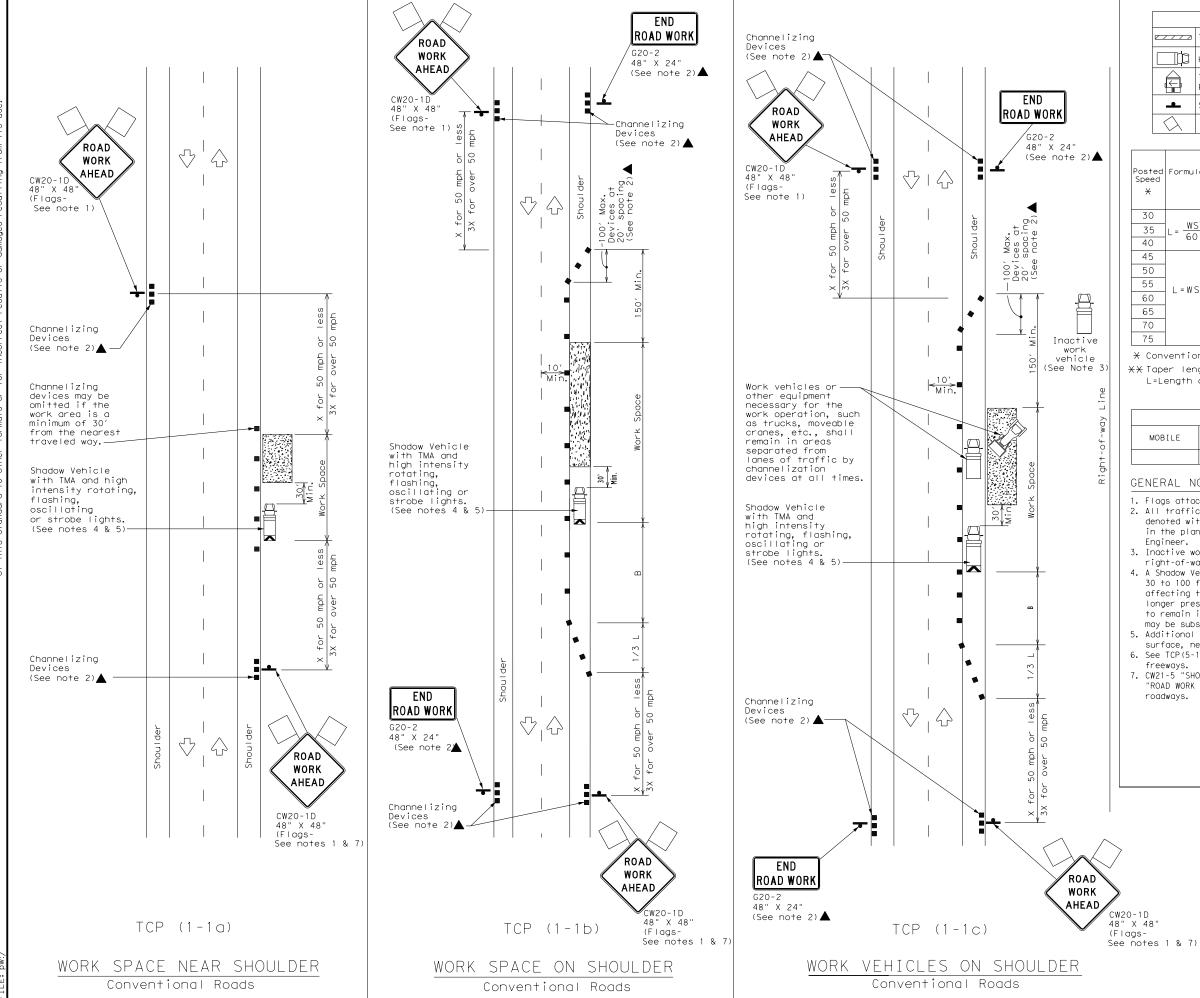
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SH 105

26

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

pw:/



LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	V	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	Lo	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
 *		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

Traffic Operations

Division Standard

TCP(1-1)-18

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ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

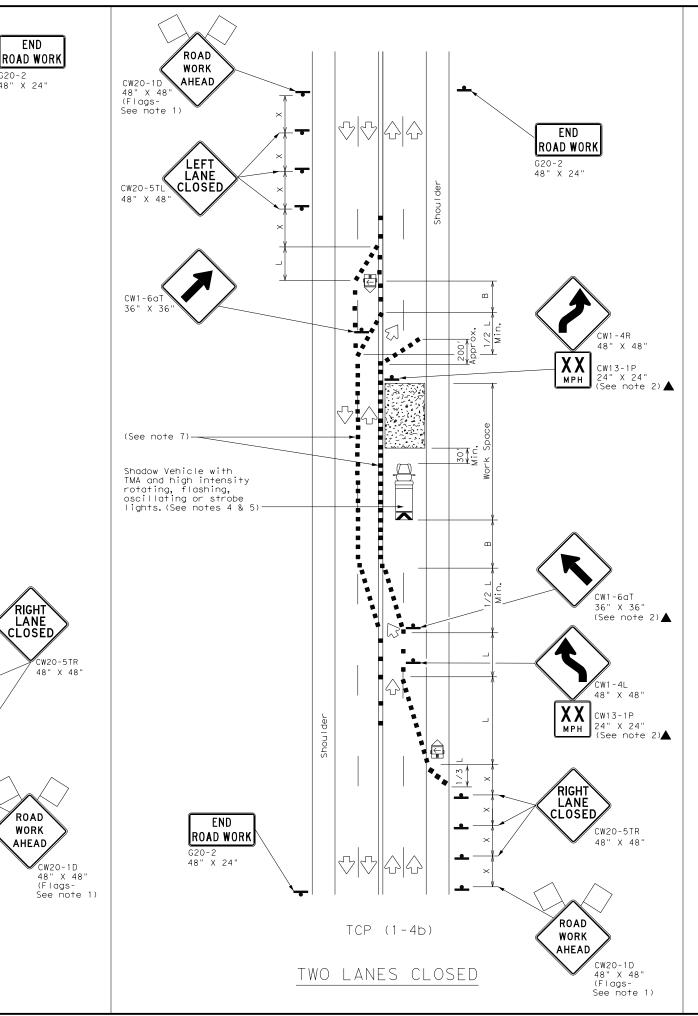
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TCP (1-4a)

ONE LANE CLOSED

CW20-1D 48" X 48' (Flags-

See note 1)



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	7	Traffic Flow						
\triangle	Flag		Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' 11' 12' On a On a Offset Offset Offset Taper Tangent		On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-4c

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (1-4b

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

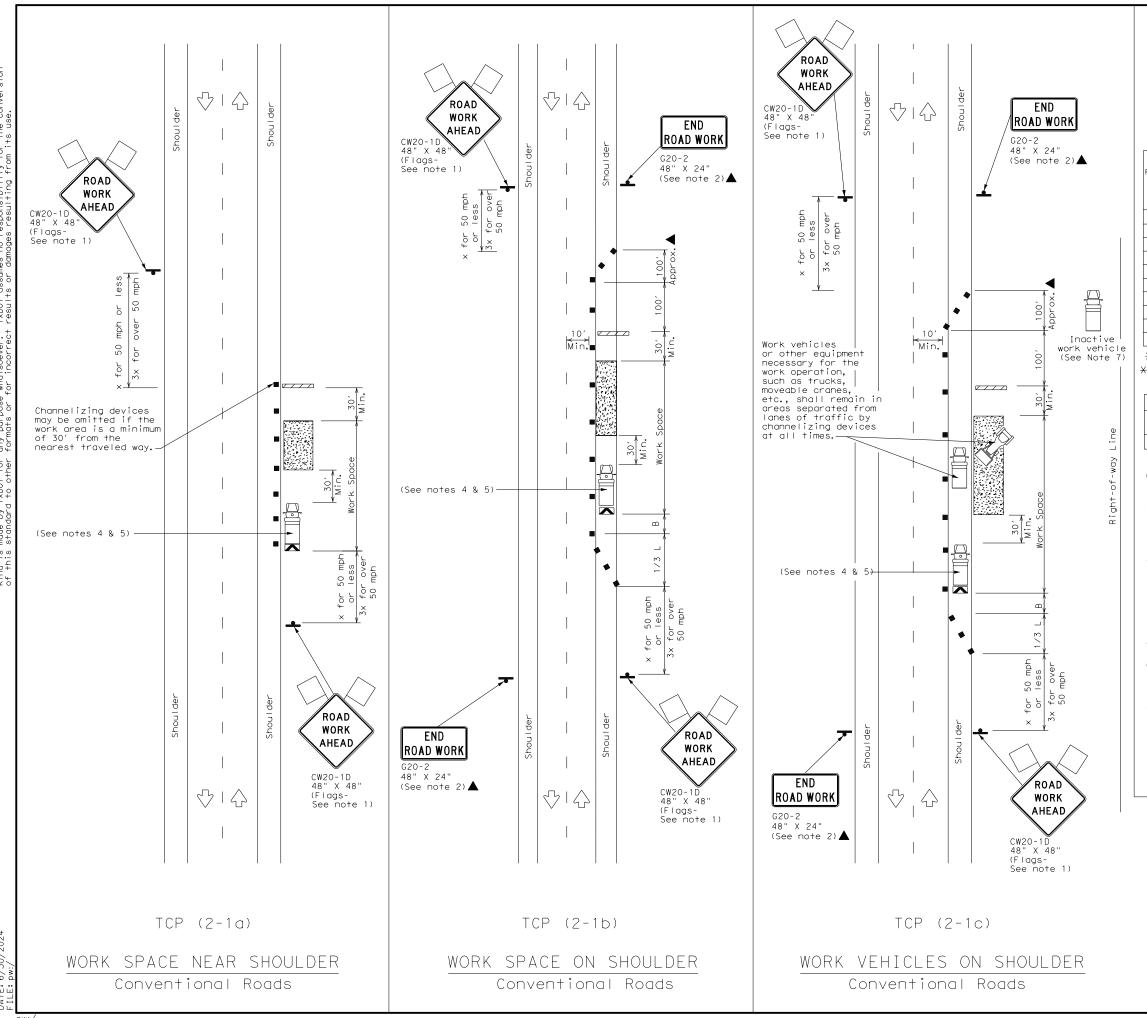


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

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REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0315	04	087, ET	D.	SH 105
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BRY	BRY GRIMES			28



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	4	Traffic Flow						
\triangle	Flag	Lo	Flagger						
Minimum Suggested Mayimum									

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Leng **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12′ Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′		
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′		
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′		
55	L = WS	550′	605′	660′	55 <i>′</i>	110′	500′	295′		
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′		

- imes Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	✓	✓	✓				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from peacest traveled way.
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0315	04	087, ET	C. S	SH 105
2-94 4-96 8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BRY		GRIME	S	29

 $\nabla |\nabla$

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and

high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6)—

END

END

ROAD WORK

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

XXX FT

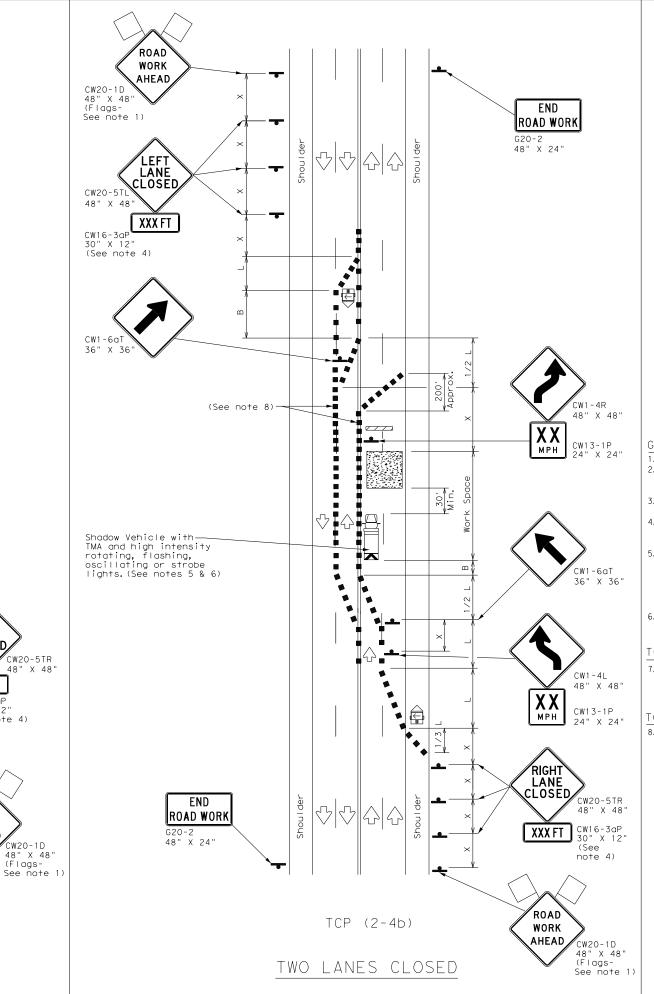
CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 4)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

G20-2 48" X 24"



	LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	V	Traffic Flow								
\Diamond	Flag		Flagger								

	V (
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40		265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 4. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED"signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

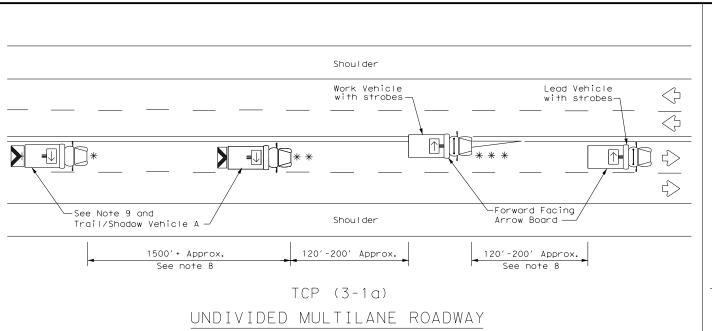


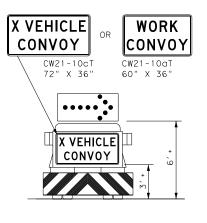
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

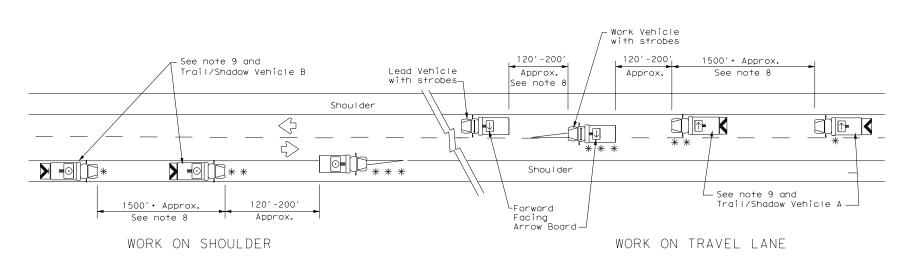
FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ET	c.	SH 105
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BRY	BRY GRIMES		30	





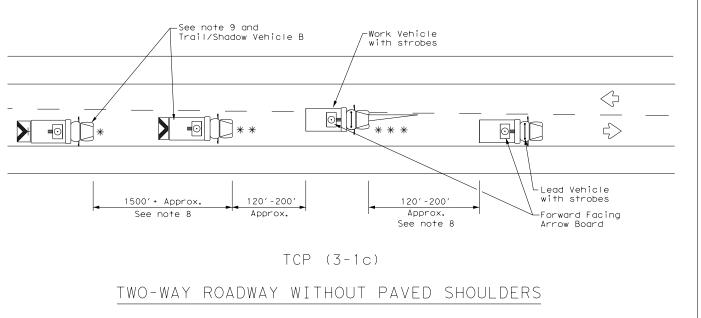
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

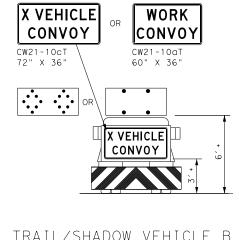
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

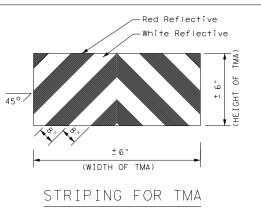
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND									
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOM BOADD DISBLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY								
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		Double Arrow							
\?	Traffic Flow	⊙	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONAR										
1	1									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- . "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





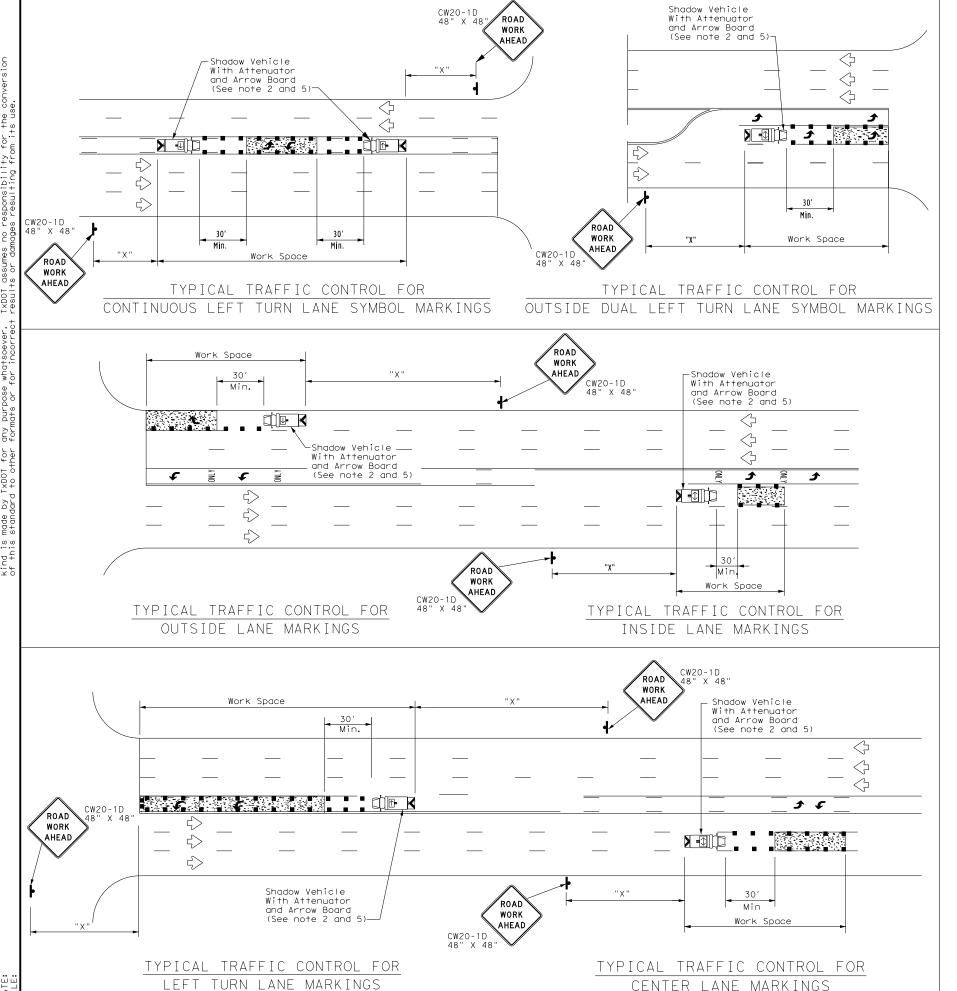
Traffic Operations Division Standard

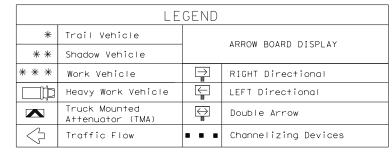
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-1) -13

	. •		•		•	•	
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)TxDOT December	1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
REVISIONS 94 4-98		0315	04	087, ET	С.	SH	105
95 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97		BRY		GRIMES	5		31

175





Posted Speed	Formula	D Tap	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X		Spacir Channe Dev	lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
_ ^		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	, ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

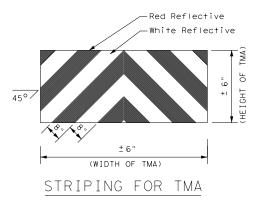
- X Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TER										
	1									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle.Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- 3. All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 5. Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.





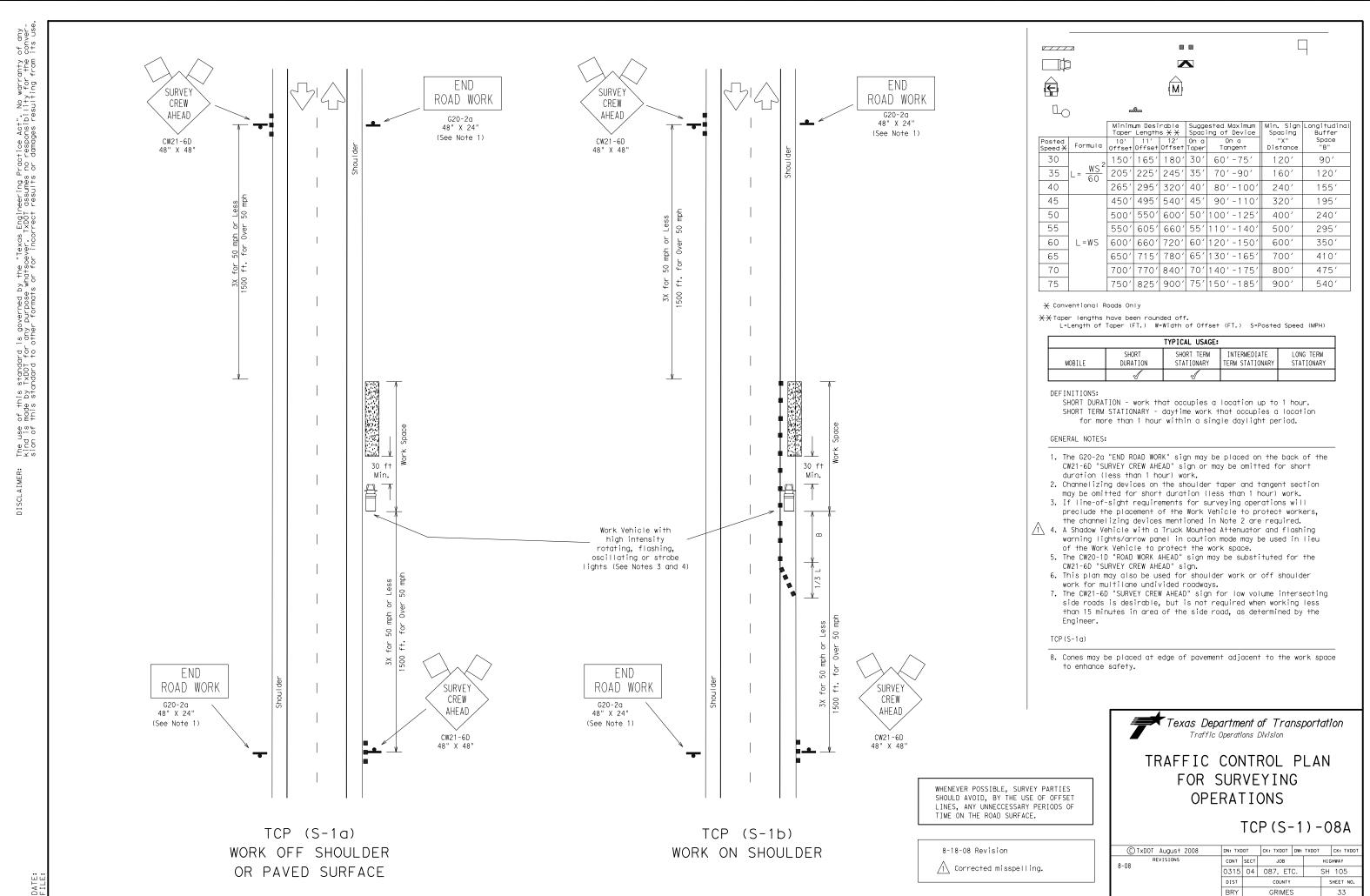
Traffic
Operations
Division
Standard

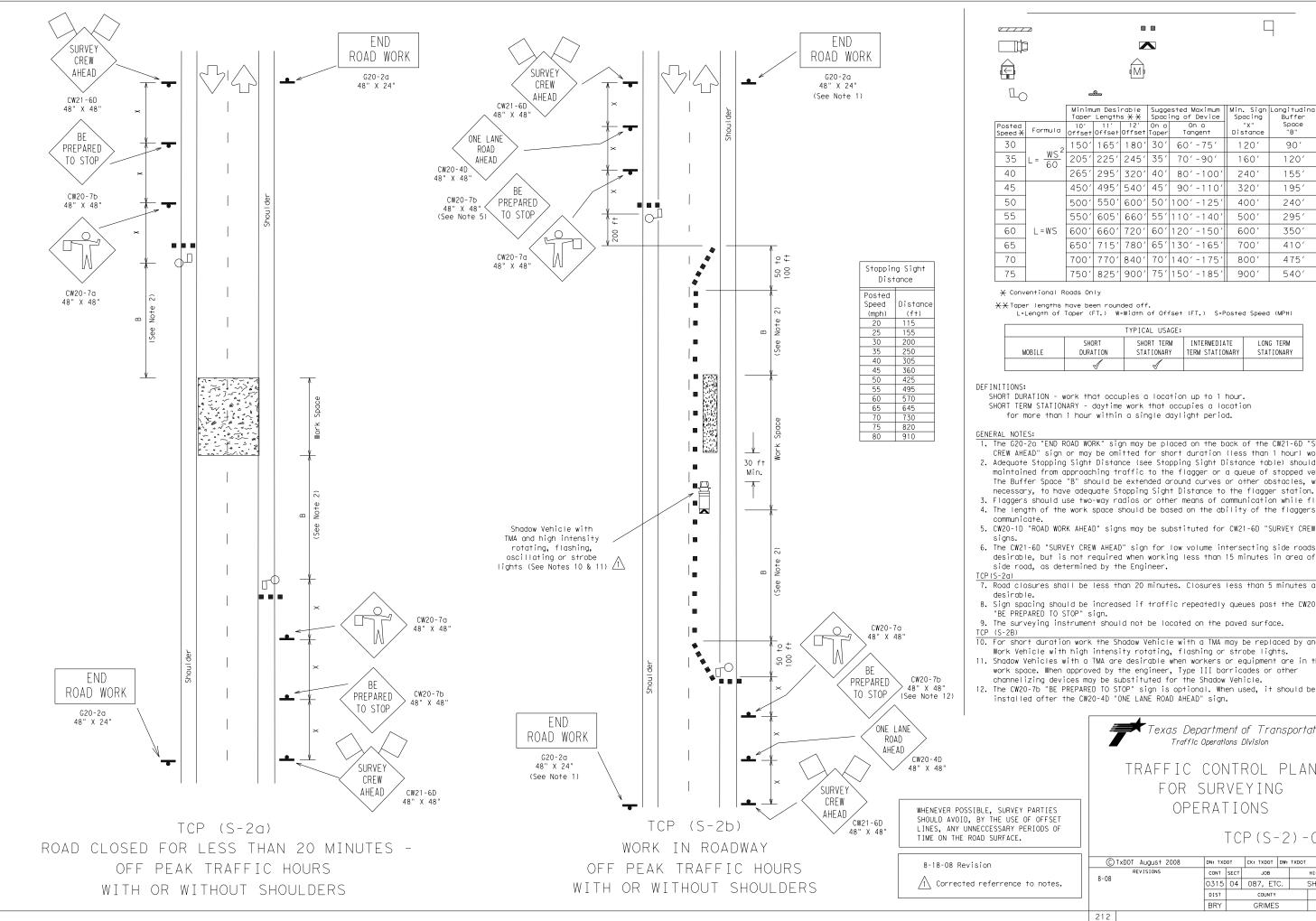
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-4)-13

FILE:	tcp3-4.dgn	DN: To	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxD0T	July, 2013	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0315	04	087, ETC.		SI	H 105	
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
		BRY	GRIMES				32	

178







8 8

 \times Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL USAGE:		
	SHORT	SHORT TERM	INTERMEDIATE	LONG TERM
MOBILE	DURATION	STATIONARY	TERM STATIONARY	STATIONARY
	\checkmark	\checkmark		

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Adequate Stopping Sight Distance (see Stopping Sight Distance table) should be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger or a queue of stopped vehicles. The Buffer Space "B" should be extended around curves or other obstacles, when necessary, to have adequate Stopping Sight Distance to the flagger station.
- 3. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other means of communication while flagging. 4. The length of the work space should be based on the ability of the flaggers to
- 5. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD"
- 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.
- 7. Road closures shall be less than 20 minutes. Closures less than 5 minutes are
- 8. Sign spacing should be increased if traffic repeatedly queues past the CW20-7b
- 9. The surveying instrument should not be located on the paved surface.
- 10. For short duration work the Shadow Vehicle with a TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 11. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other
- installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2)-08A

295′

350'

410′

475′

540′

500'

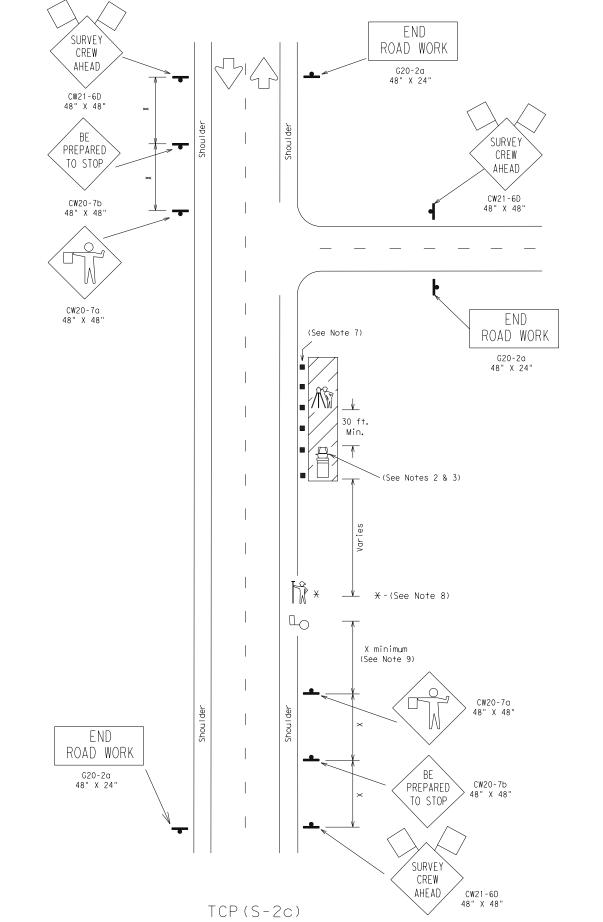
600'

700′

800'

900′

© TxDOT August 2008	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS 08	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	GHWAY
.08	0315	04	087, ET	c.	SH	105
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		GRIMES	<u> </u>		34



Stopping Sight							
Distance							
Posted							
Speed	Distance						
(mph)	(f+)						
20	115						
25	155						
30	200						
35	250						
40	305						
45	360						
50	425						
55	495						
60	570						
65	645						
70	730						
75	820						
80	910						

M Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Taper Lengths 🗙 💥 Spacing of Device Min. Sign Longitudinal Spacing Buffer Posted Speed X Formula 10' 11' 12' On a On a Speed X Formula Offset Offset Taper Tangent Space "B" Distance 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60' -75' 120′ 90′ 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 160′ 120' 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100' 40 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' -110' 320′ 195′ 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125' 400′ 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500′ 295′ 60 L=WS | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' - 150' 600′ 350′ 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165' 700′ 410' 70 700' | 770' | 840' | 70' | 140' - 175' 800' 475' 75 750′ 825′ 900′ 75′ 150′ -185′ 900′ 540′ \times Conventional Roads Only

**X* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL USAGE:		
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

MOBILE - work that moves continously or intermittently

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows.
- 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure.
- 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

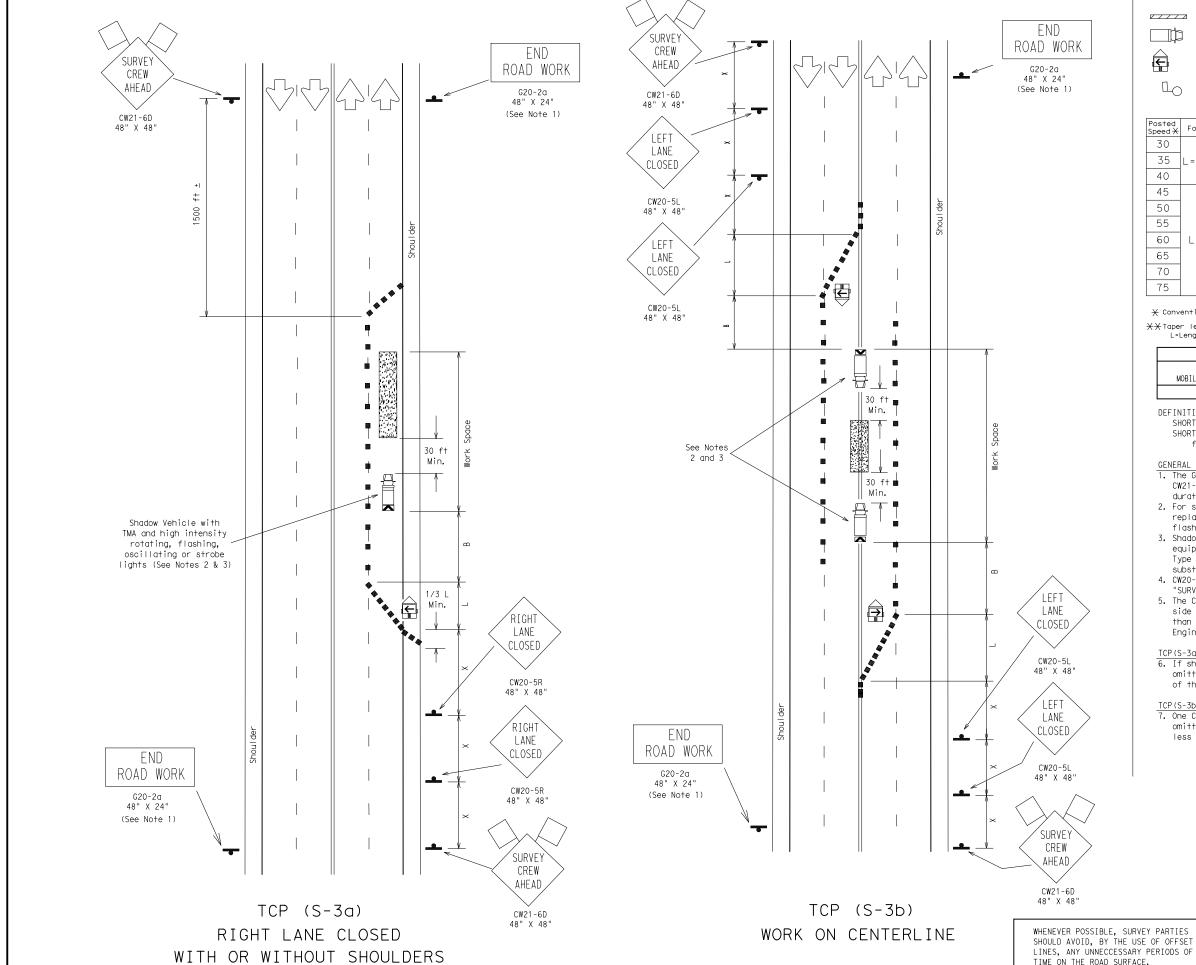
This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING OPERATIONS

TCP(S-2c)-10

		<u> </u>	, 0	_ `		
TxDOT January 2010	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	0315	04	087, ET	C.	SH 105	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY	GRIMES				35





_								
						ested Maximum ing of Device	Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer
Posted Speed X	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	0n a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′-75′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40		265′	295′	320′	40′	80′-100′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′-125′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′-140′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'-150'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′-165′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′-175′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′ -185′	900′	540′

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Conventional Roads Only

 \times Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL USAGE:		
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

DEFINITIONS:

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. For short duration work the Shadow Vehicle with TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 3. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" signs.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the side road, as determined by the Engineer.

TCP (S-3a)

6. If shoulders are not present, the 1/3L shoulder taper is to be omitted and four channelizing devices shall be placed in front of the arrow panel, perpendicular to traffic.

7. One CW20-5L "LEFT LANE CLOSED" sign in each direction may be omitted when the posted speed is less than 45mph and volume is less then 2000 ADT.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-3)-08

TxDOT August 2008	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	KDOT DW: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		нІ	GHWAY
	0315	04	087, ET	c.	SH	105
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY	GRIMES				36

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1

48" × 48'

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

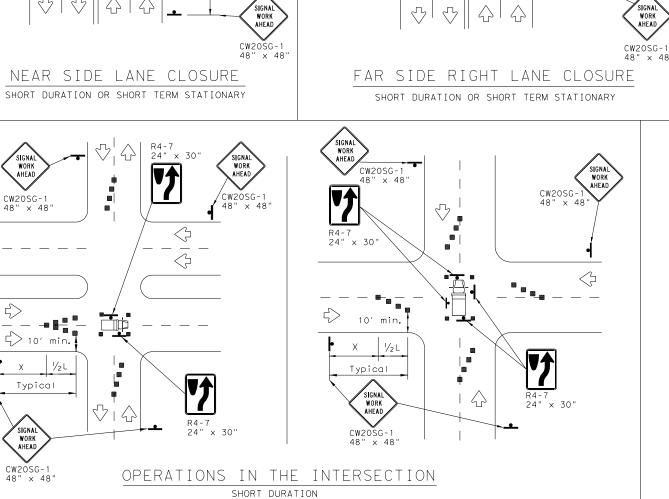
CW2OSG-

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SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1

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SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW2OSG-

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1 $48" \times 48$

←See Note 8

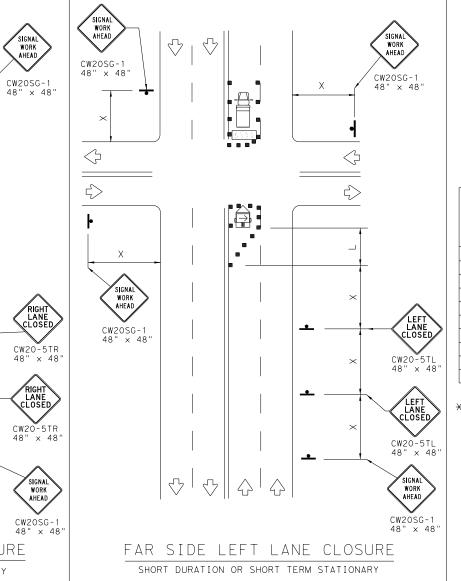
LANE CLOSED

CW20-5TR

48" x 48

 $_{\Omega}$

48" × 48"



	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	V	Traffic Flow					
\triangle	Flag	LO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.

GENERAL NOTES

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

- 1. The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.
- 2. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.
- 3. Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.
- 4. Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- 5. High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- 6. When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals may be placed in flashing red mode when approved by the engineer. If existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper.
- 9. Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic.

SHEET 1 OF 2



Division Standard

Traffic Operation

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(BTS-1)-13

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TxDOT April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		нІ	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ET	Э.	SH	105
-98 10-99 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-98 3-03	BRY		GRIME:	S		37

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.

Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.

4. Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.

Signs shall be installed and maintained in a straight and plumb condition.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as

Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as

Damaged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".

Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 66.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

1. Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.

Sign height of Short-term/Short Duration warning signs shall be as

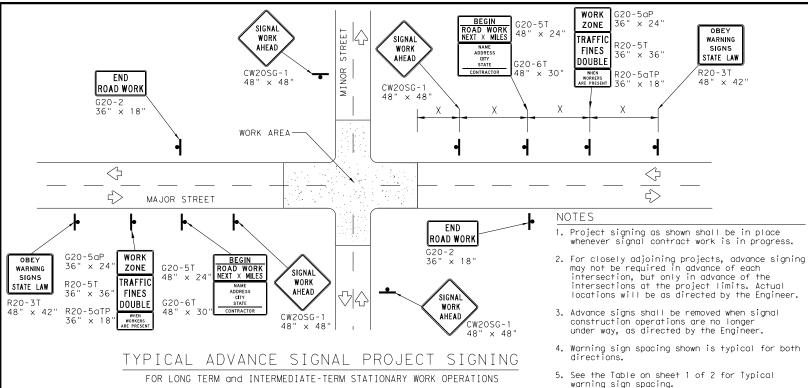
Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap, or heavy materials such as plywood or aluminum shall not be used to cover signs.

Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.

Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes back filled upon completion of the work.



- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the

LEGEND					
•	Sign				
	■ ■ Channelizing Devices				
	Type 3 Barricade				

SIGN FACE MATERIALS DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/txdot_library/publications/construction.htm

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sandbags filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbaas shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

-	Sign
	Channelizing Devices
	Type 3 Barricade

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS

Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

WZ(BTS-2)-13

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48" × 48

CW20SG-1 48" x 48

FILE: wzbts-13.dgn	DN: TxD	OT CK: TxDOT DW:	: TxDOT CK: TxDOT
©⊺xDOT April 1992	CONT SE	ECT JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0315	04 087, ETC.	SH 105
2-98 10-99 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
4-98 3-03	BRY	GRIMES	38

PEDESTRIAN CONTROL Holes, trenches or other hazards shall be adequately protected by covering, delineating or surrounding the hazard with orange plastic pedestrian fencing or longitudinal channelizing devices, or as directed by the Engineer. SHEET 2 OF 2 "CROSSWALK CLOSURES" as detailed above will require the Engineer's approval prior to installation. R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when fabricated from approved lightweight plastic Texas Department of Transportation substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9) and manufacturer's recommendations. Location of devices are for general guidance. Actual device spacing and location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3 The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical. Pavement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the appropriate bid items. When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated. temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian 115

CROSSWALK CLOSURES

Temporary Traffic Barrier

See Note 4 below

SIDEWALK DIVERSION

∟Work Area

SIDEWALK

CLOSED

-Work Area

24" x 12'

SIDEWALK DETOUR

R9-11aR

CW11-2

CW16-7PL 24" x 12

36" × 36"

See Note 6

CROSS HERE

K

SIGNA

AHEAD

CW20SG-

10' Min.

SIDEWALK

CLOSED

R9-9 24" x 12"

^L4′ Min.(See Note 7 below

SIDEWALK CLOSE

CROSS HERE

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SIDEWALK CLOSE

CROSS HERE

24" x 12

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See Note 8

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CW11-2

36" × 36"

See Note 6

AHEAD

24" x 12'

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SIDEWALK CLOSE

USE OTHER SIDE

location shown.

Barricades shown.

facility.

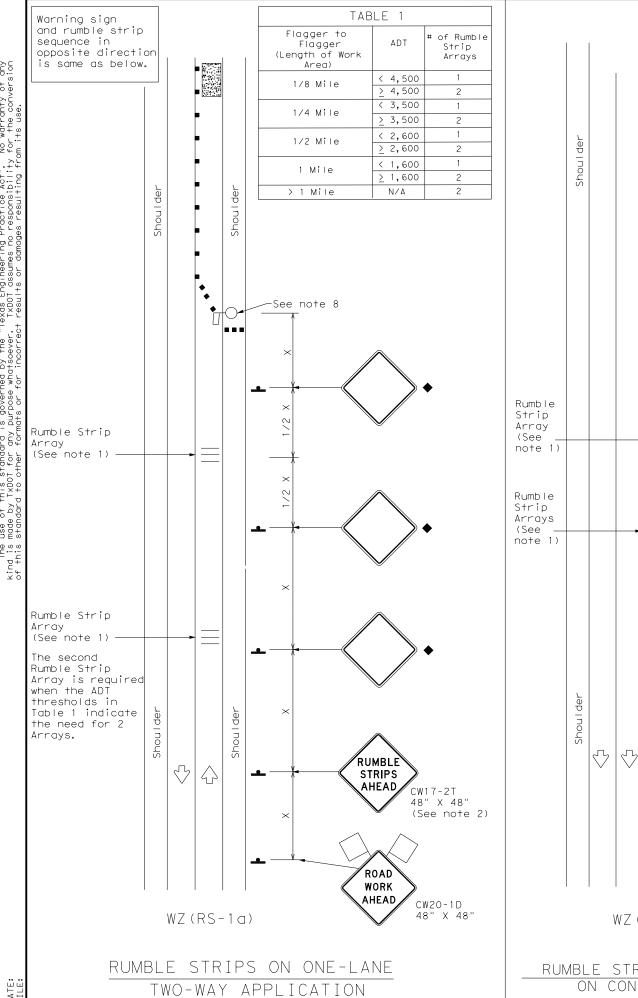
DURATION OF WORK

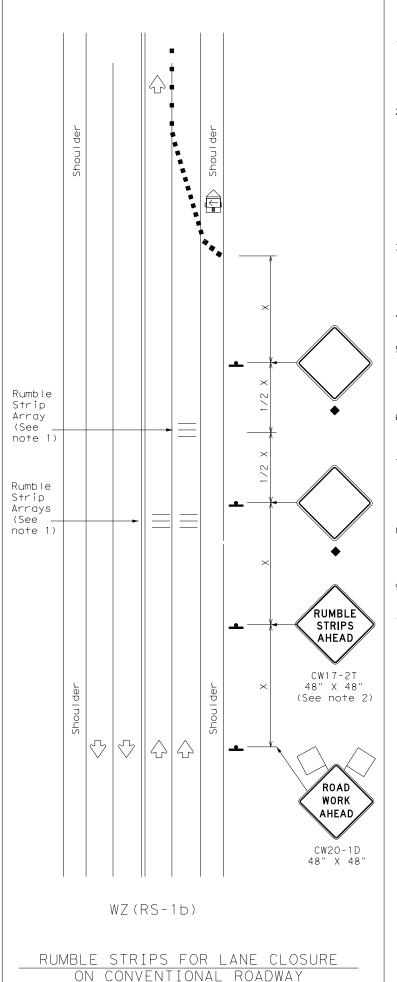
SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

REMOVING OR COVERING

approved by the Engineer.

shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.





GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel Sign		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-			Traffic Flow						
\bigcirc	Flag	L _O	Flagger						

			Minimur		Suggeste	d Maximum	Minimum	
Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths XX		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35		205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40		265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L #13	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM DURATION STATIONARY		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	✓	✓						

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array						
<u>≤</u> 40 MPH	10′						
> 40 MPH & <u>≤</u> 55 MPH	15′						
= 60 MPH	20′						
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+						

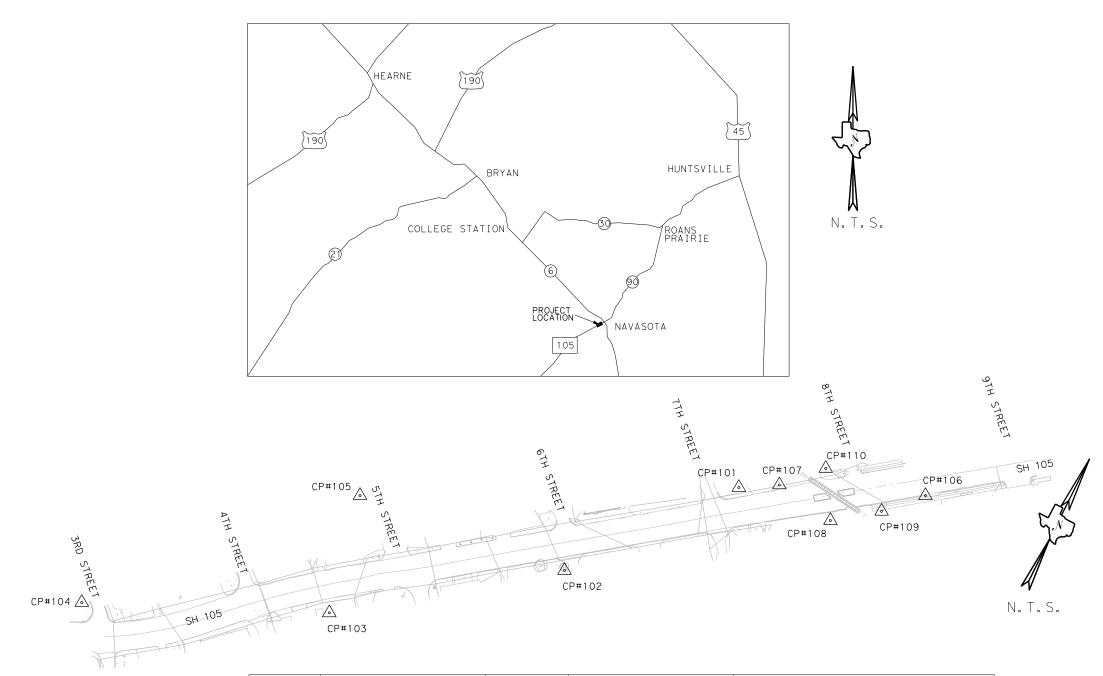
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

W7(RS) - 22

WZ (1(3) ZZ								
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TxDOT November 2012	CONT SECT		JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ETC.		9	SH 105		
-14 1-22 -16	DIST	COUNTY SHEET N		SHEET NO.				
-16	BRY	GRIMES 39			39			



CONTROL	SURFACE COORDINATES		NAVD 88	GRID COO	RDINATES	DESCRIPTION
POINT	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING	
CP#101	10,130,709.08	3,633,638.49	211.12	10,129,493.54	3,633,202.51	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"
CP#102	10,130,377.73	3,633,379.23	209.34	10,129,162.23	3,632,943.27	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"
CP#103	10,130,066.51	3,632,961.84	208.85	10,128,851.05	3,632,525.93	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"
CP#104	10,129,846.12	3,632,469.28	208.43	10,128,630.68	3,632,033.44	X CUT IN CONCRETE
CP#105	10,130,325.12	3,632,907.60	209.90	10,129,109.63	3,632,471.71	X CUT IN CONCRETE
CP#106	10,130,874.68	3,634,010.18	211.56	10,129,659.12	3,633,574.15	X CUT IN CONCRETE
CP#107	10,130,753.48	3,633,714.91	211.68	10,129,537.94	3,633,278.91	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"
CP#108	10,130,733.56	3,633,849.11	212.41	10,129,518.02	3,633,413.10	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"
CP#109	10,130,801.45	3,633,940.03	212.96	10,129,585.90	3,633,504.01	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"
CP#110	10,130,830.58	3,633,789.31	210.37	10,129,615.03	3,633,353.31	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"

NOTES:
HORIZONTAL COORDINATES SHOWN
ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET, AND
ARE BASED UPON THE TEXAS
COORDINATE SYSTEM OF NAD '83
(HARN '93) TEXAS CENTRAL
ZONE 4203, WITH A SURFACE
ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012.
VALUES WERE DERIVED UTILIZING
THE TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE
STATION NETWORK IN APRIL, 2023.

ELEVATIONS ARE BASED UPON
NAVD '88 DATUM (GEOID 2018)
DERIVED FROM UTILIZING THE
TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE
STATION NETWORK IN APRIL, 2023.

LEGEND

5/8" IRON ROD W/ RED PLASTIC CAP SET "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



Brian K. KIDD RPLS NO. 6494

7/12/2024 DATE

NO. REVISION BY DA



TBPELS FIRM REGISTRATION NUMBER F-1741

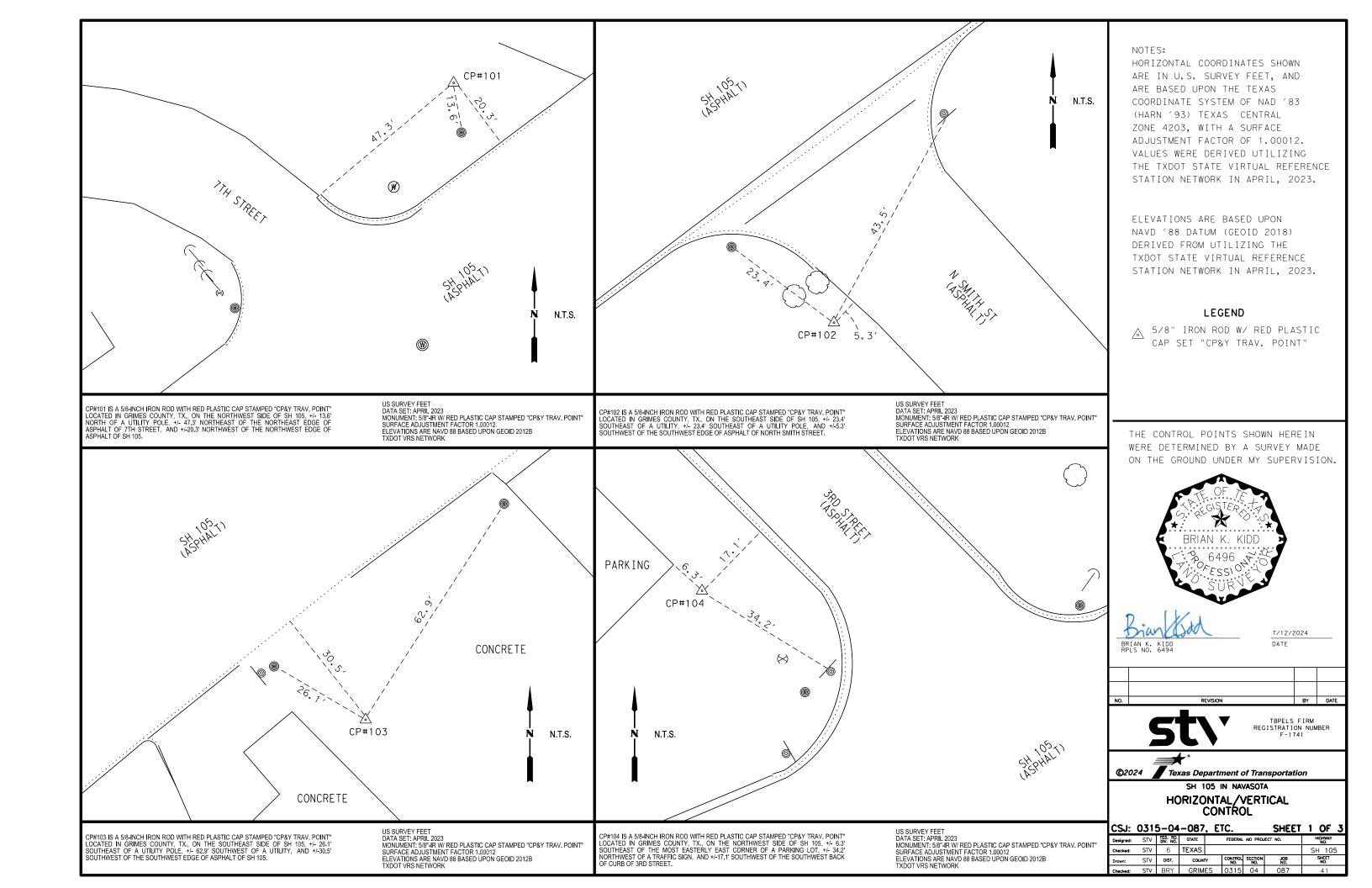
©2024 Texas Department of Transportation

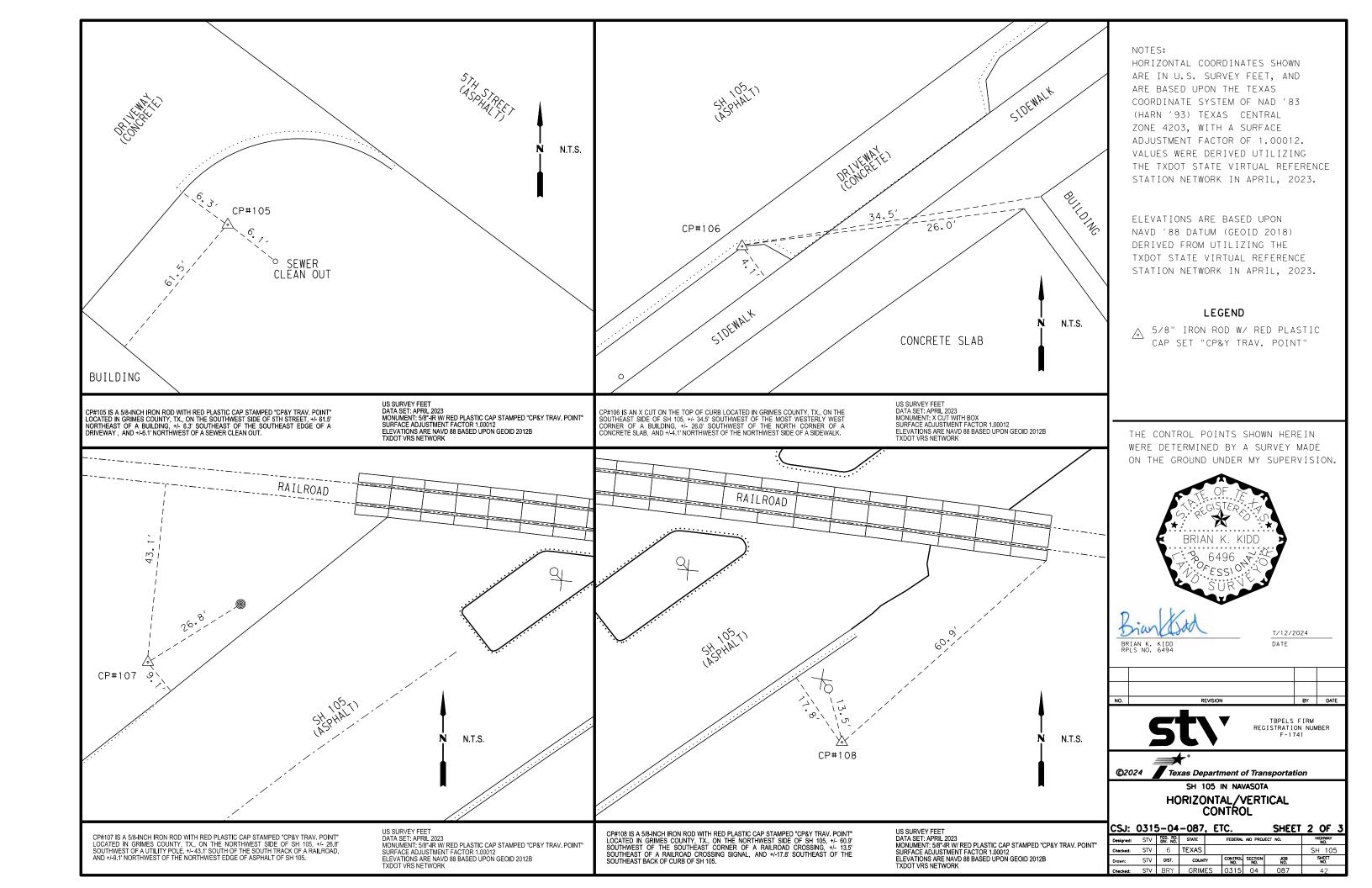
SH 105 IN NAVASOTA

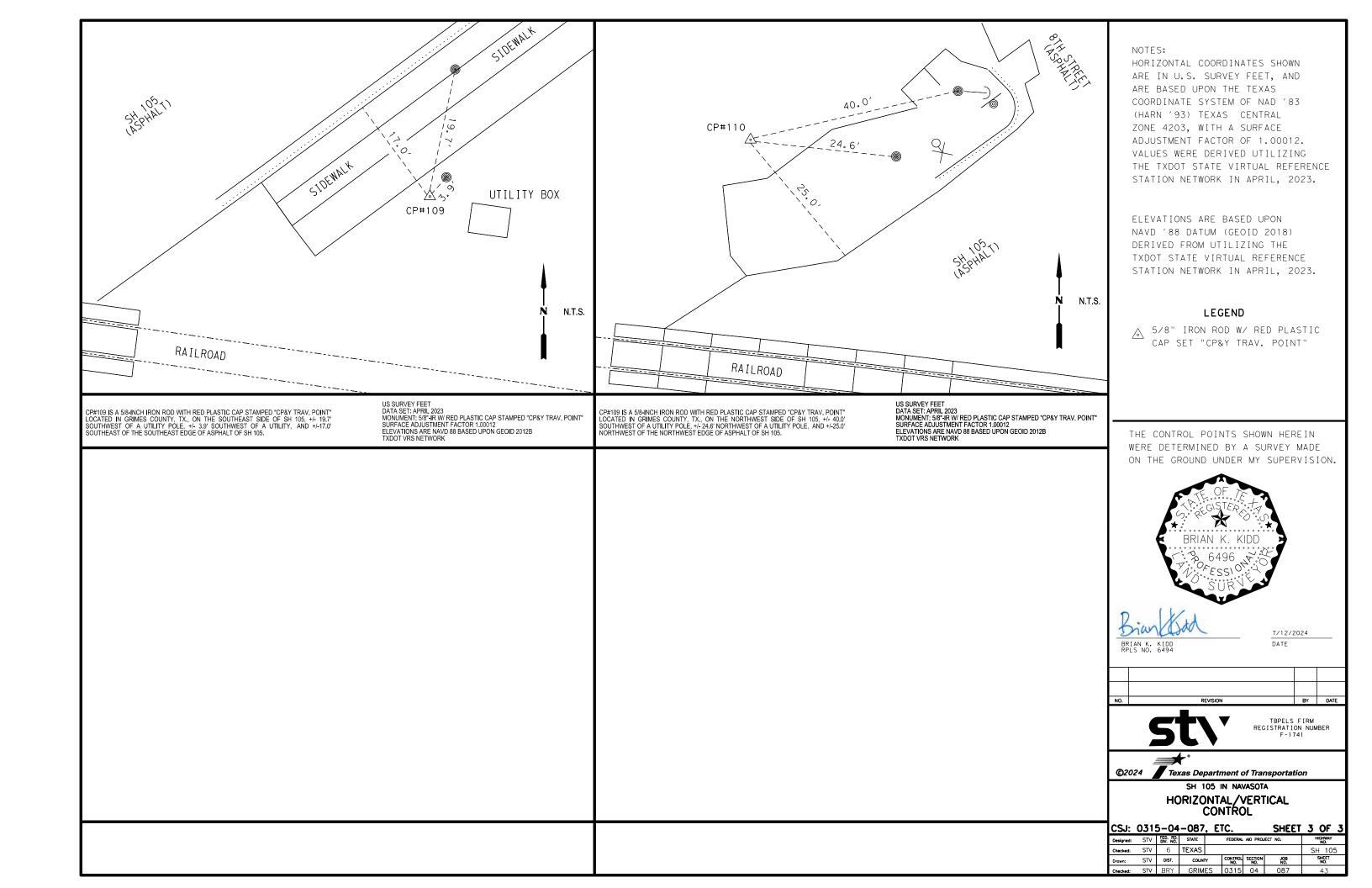
HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX SHEET

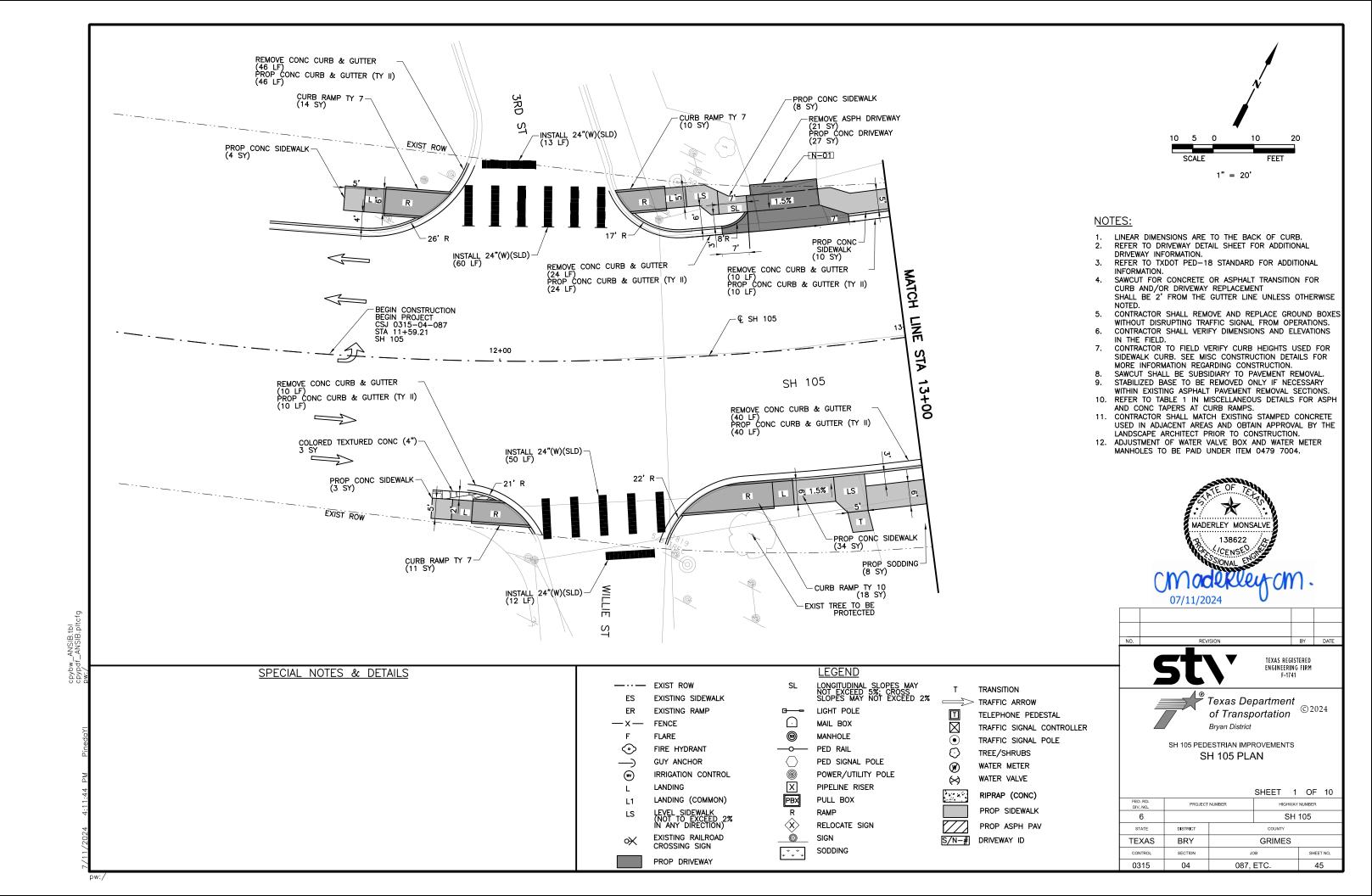
CSJ 0315-04-087, ETC. SHEET 1 OF 1

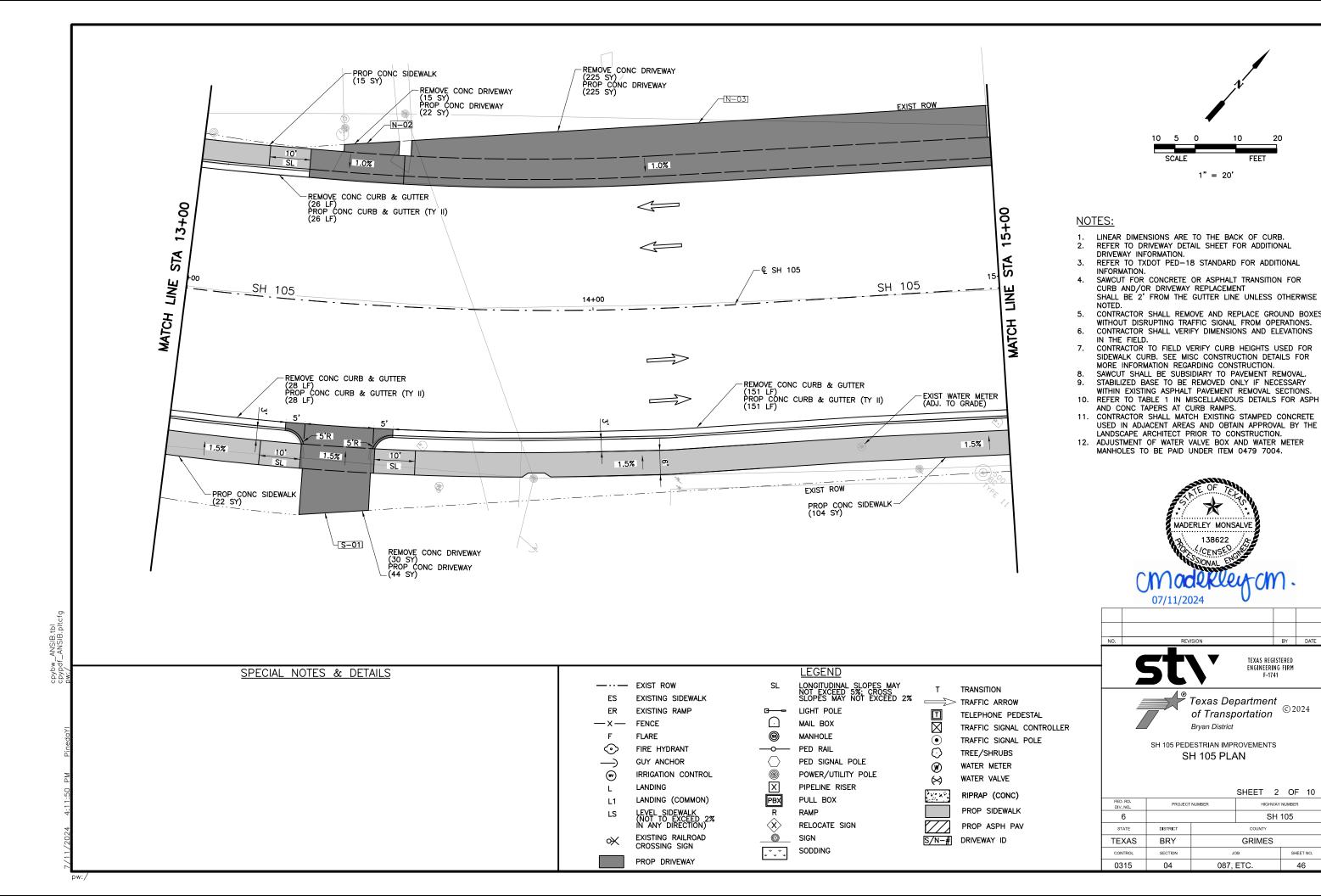
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CHECKED:	STV	6	TEXAS					105
DRAFTED:	STV	DIST.	COUNT	ГҮ	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHECKED:	STV	BRY	GRIM	1ES	0315	04	087	40





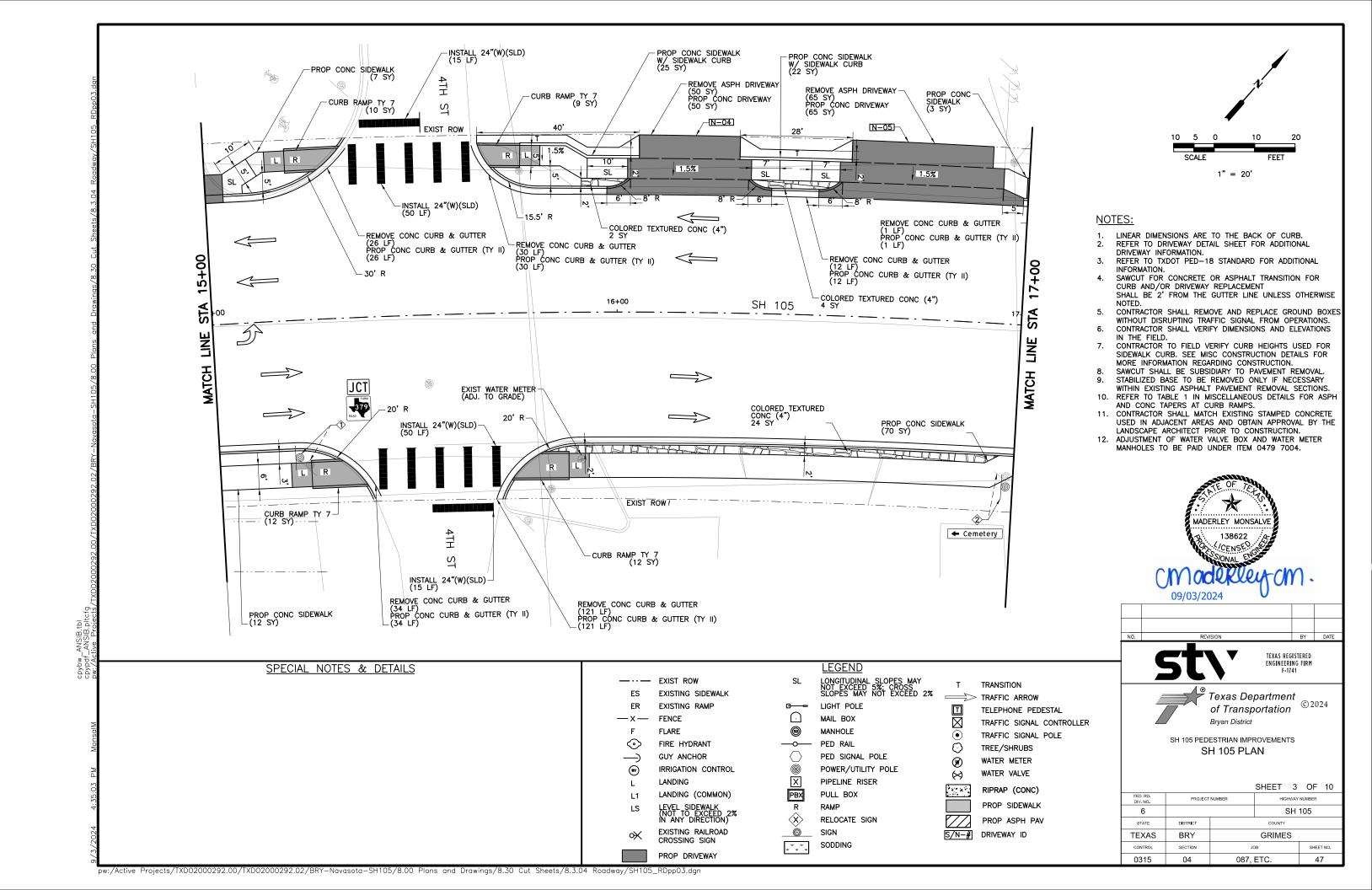


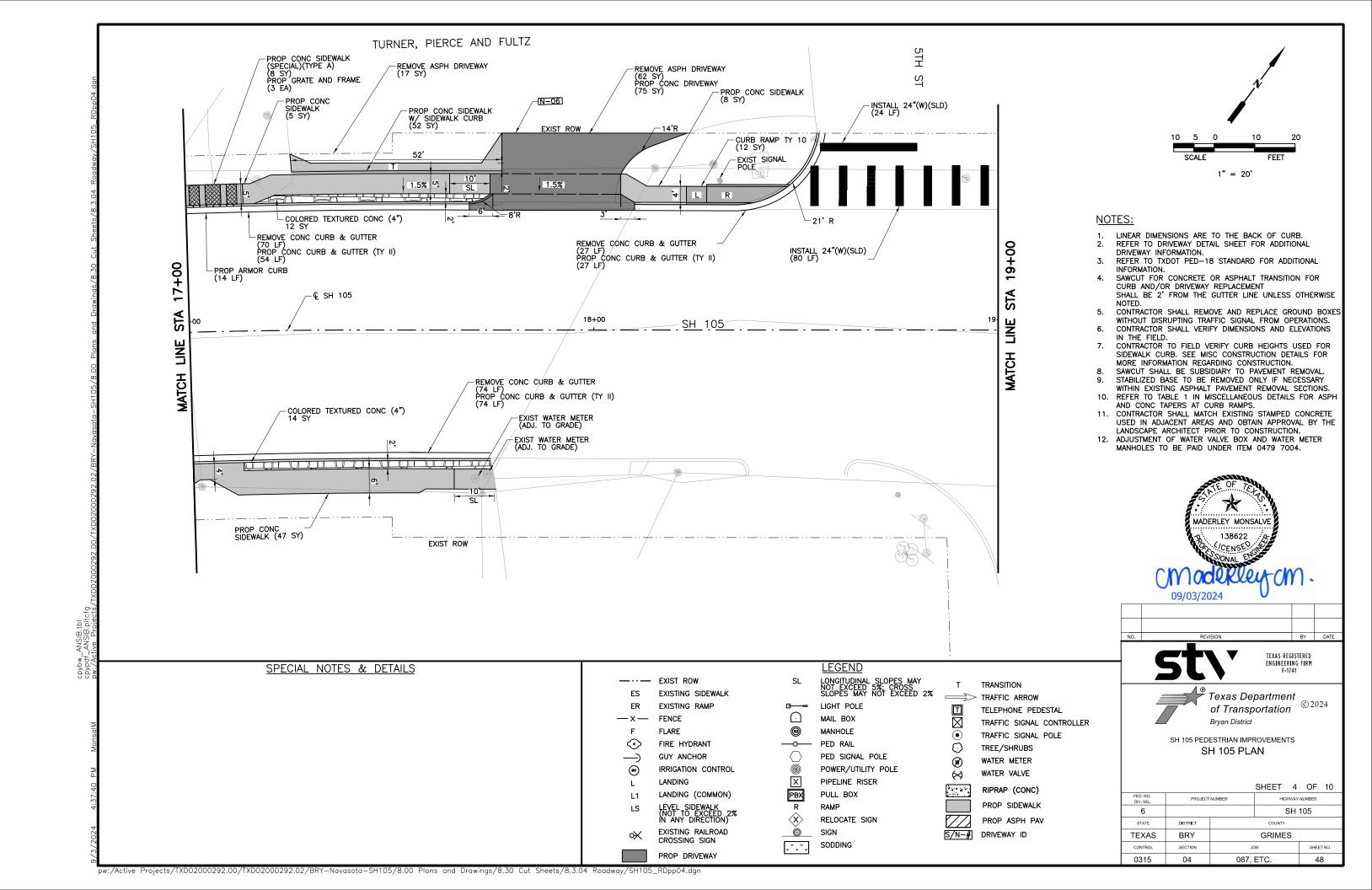


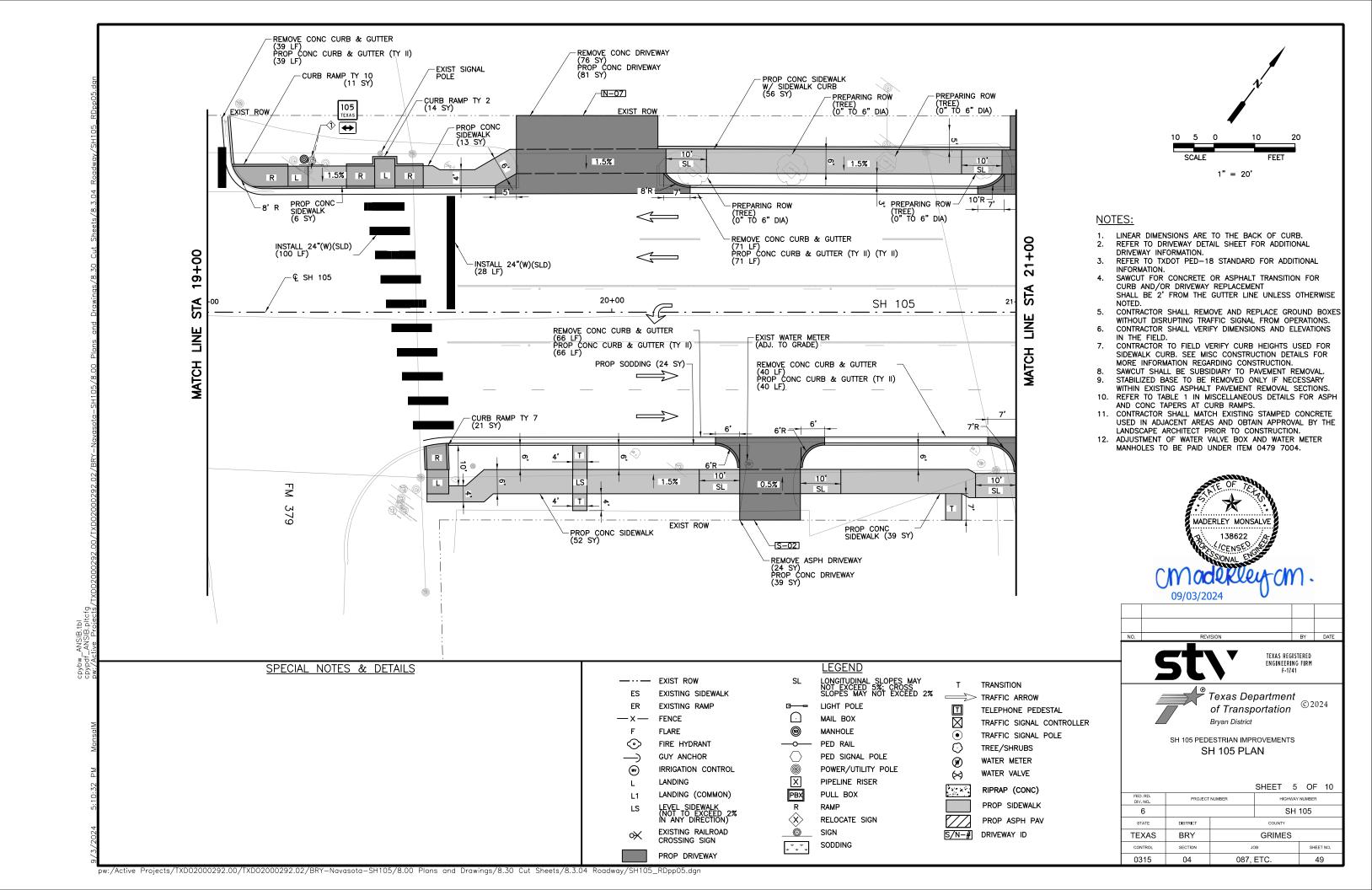


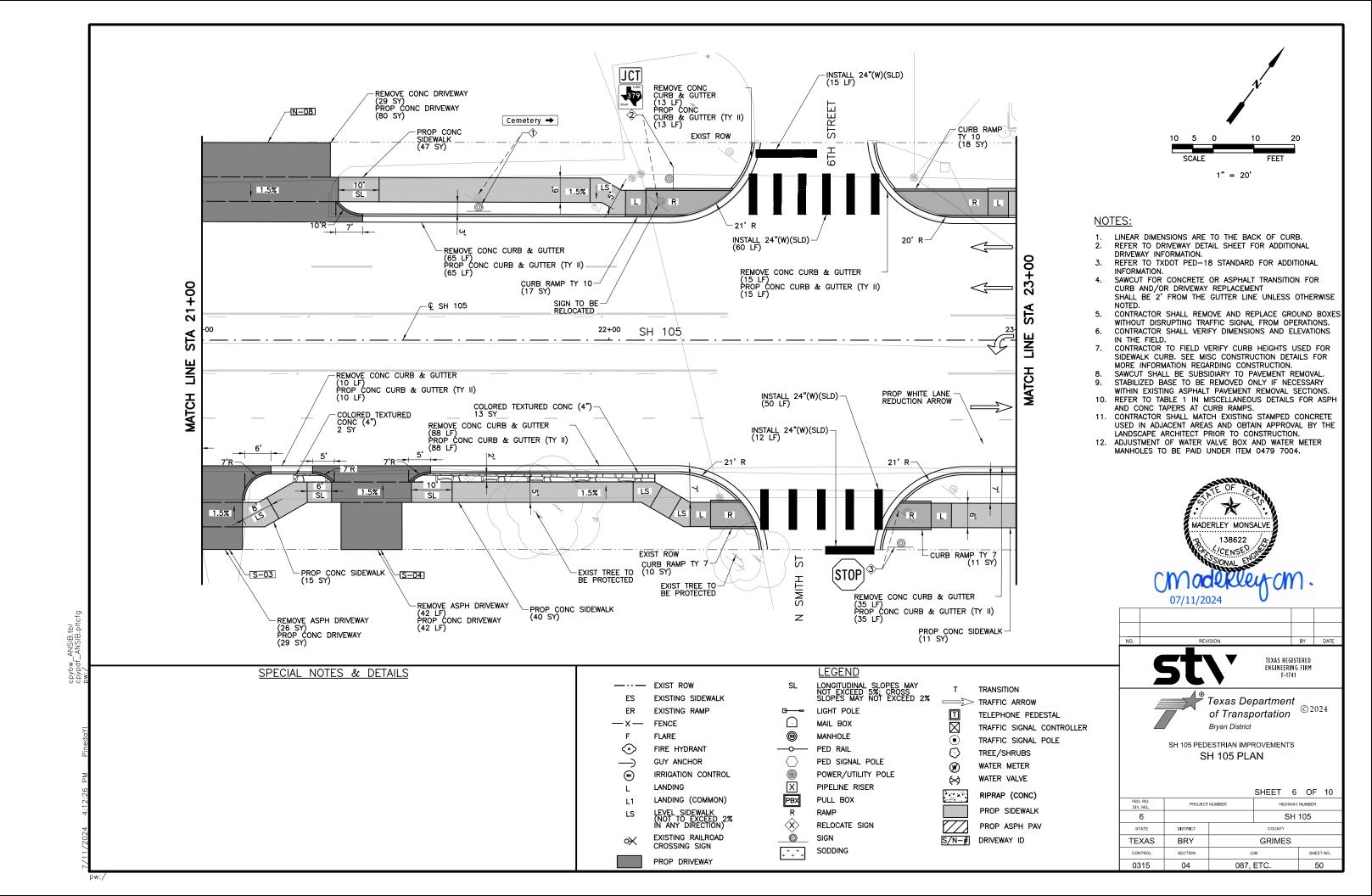
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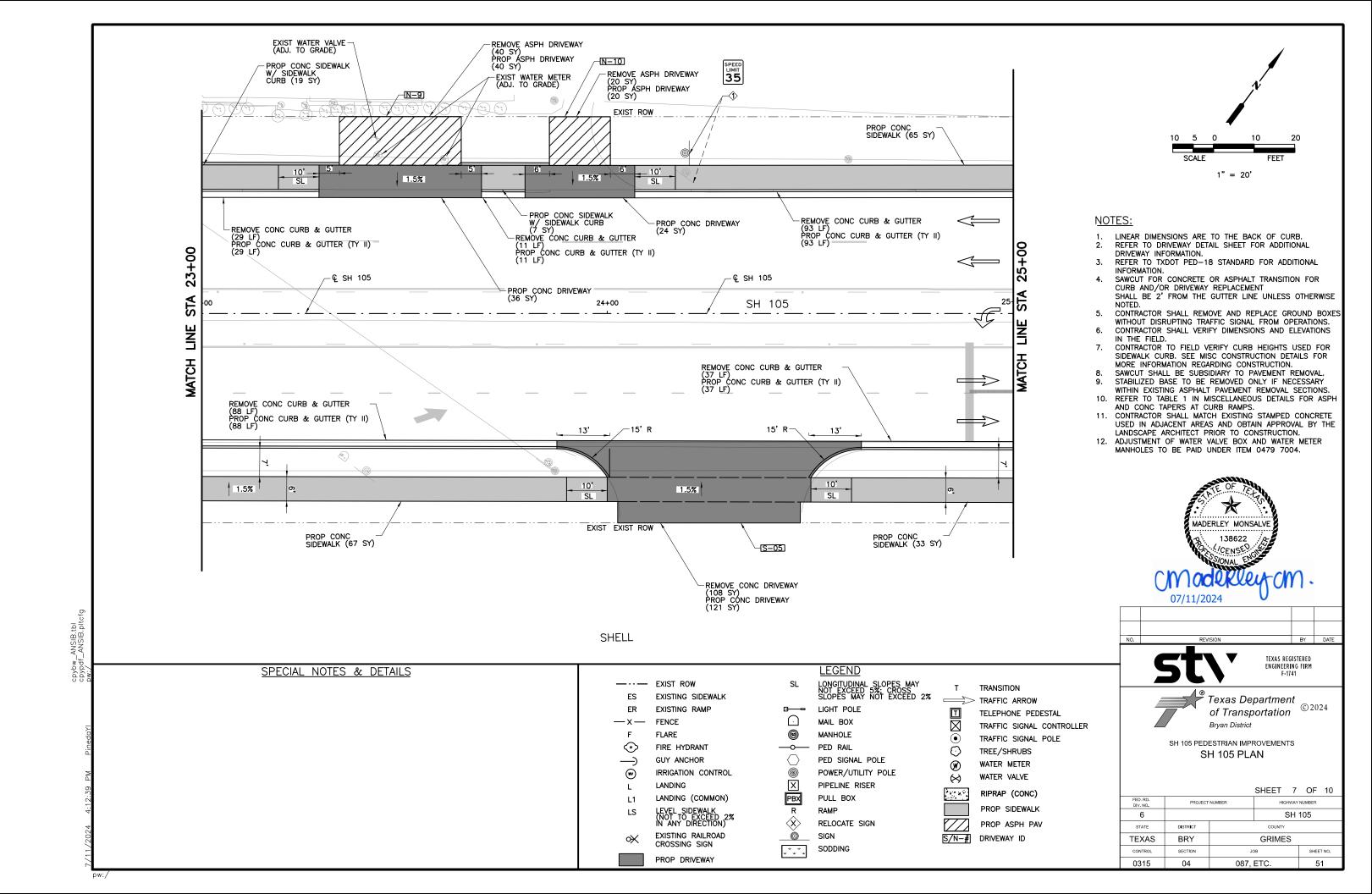
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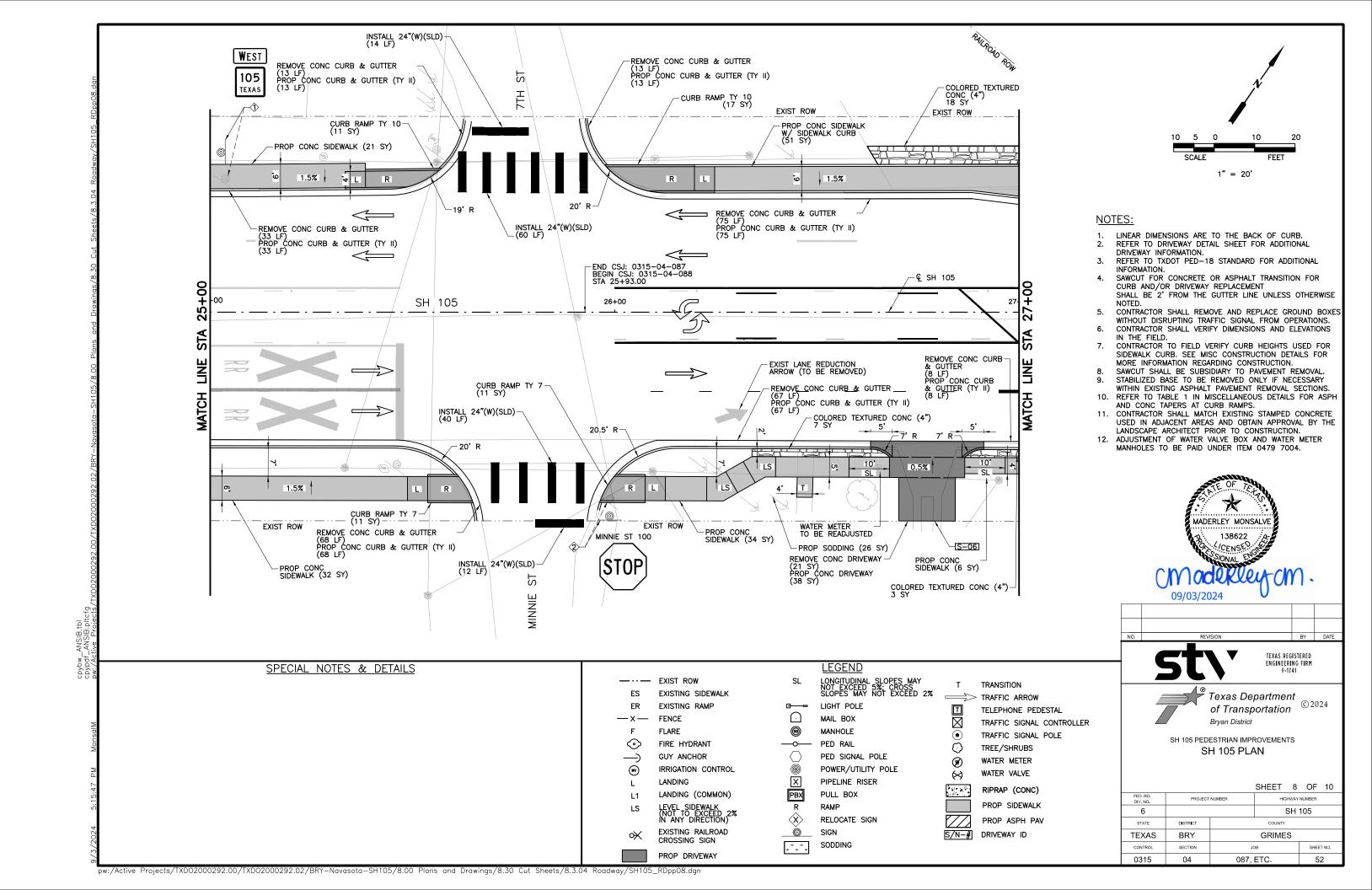


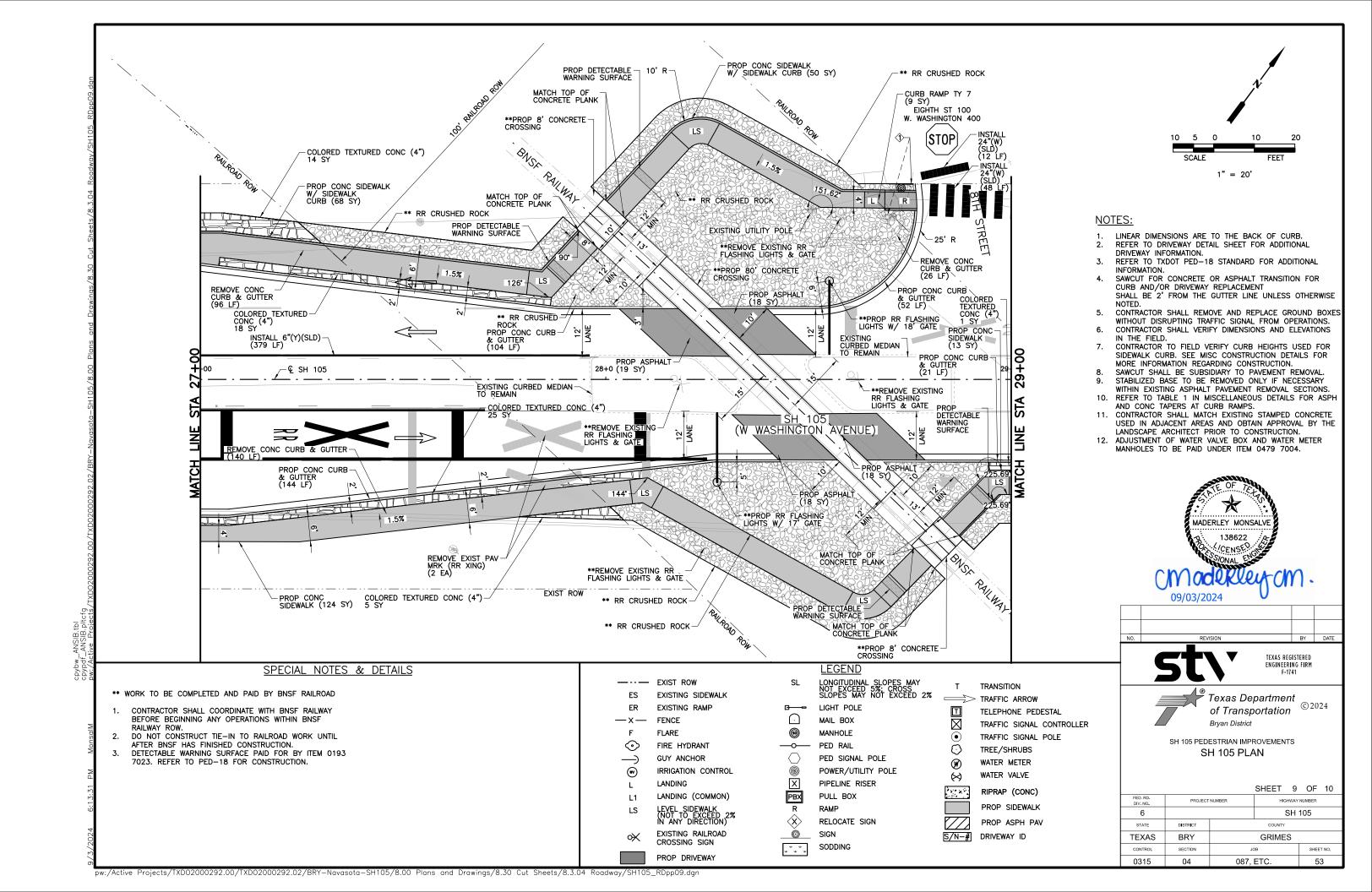


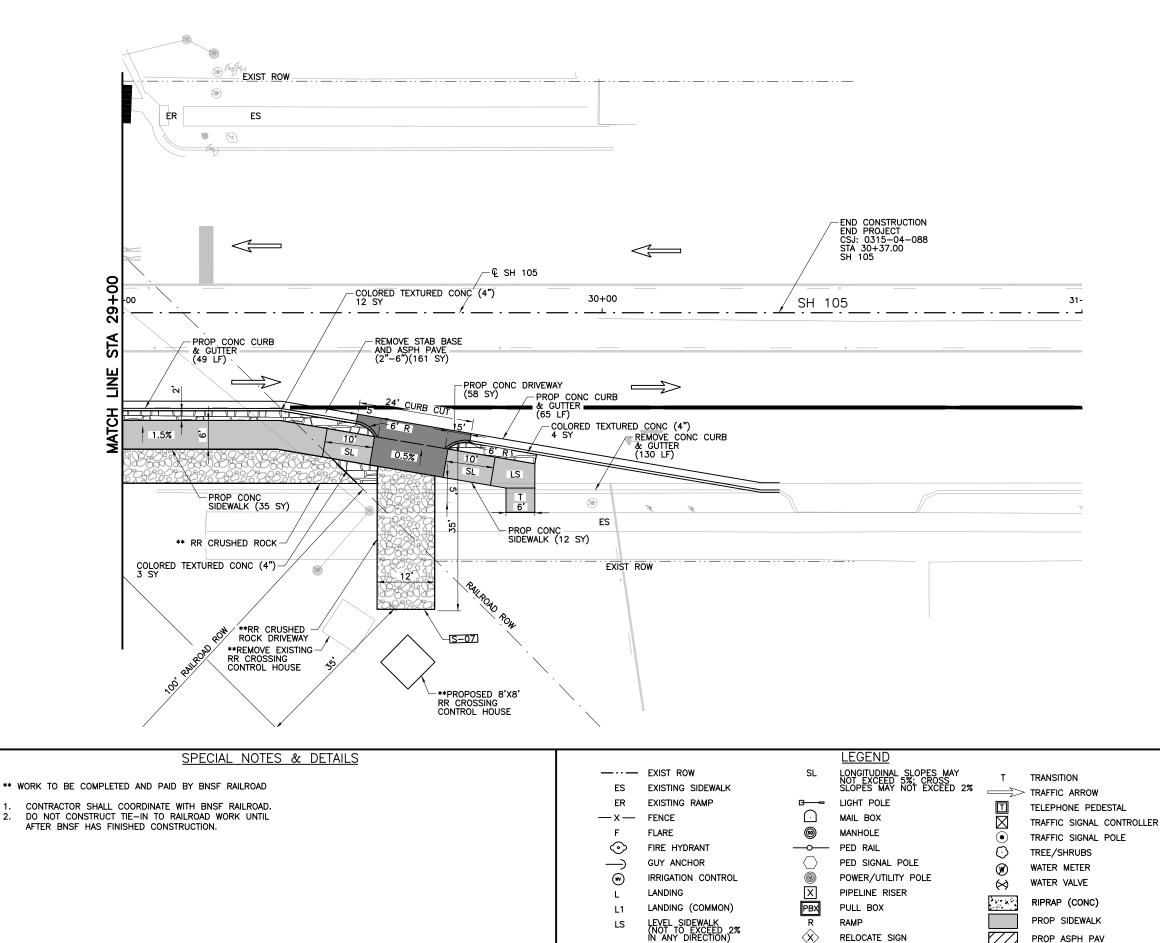












EXISTING RAILROAD

CROSSING SIGN

PROP DRIVEWAY

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SIGN

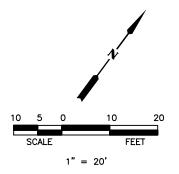
SODDING

S/N-#

DRIVEWAY ID

PROP CRUSHED ROCK DRIVEWAY

ANSIB.tbl



NOTES:

- LINEAR DIMENSIONS ARE TO THE BACK OF CURB.
- REFER TO DRIVEWAY DETAIL SHEET FOR ADDITIONAL DRIVEWAY INFORMATION.
- REFER TO TXDOT PED-18 STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- SAWCUT FOR CONCRETE OR ASPHALT TRANSITION FOR CURB AND/OR DRIVEWAY REPLACEMENT SHALL BE 2' FROM THE GUTTER LINE UNLESS OTHERWISE
- CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND REPLACE GROUND BOXES
- WITHOUT DISRUPTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL FROM OPERATIONS. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY DIMENSIONS AND ELEVATIONS
- IN THE FIELD. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY CURB HEIGHTS USED FOR SIDEWALK CURB. SEE MISC CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION REGARDING CONSTRUCTION.
- SAWCUT SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO PAVEMENT REMOVAL
- STABILIZED BASE TO BE REMOVED ONLY IF NECESSARY WITHIN EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT REMOVAL SECTIONS.
- REFER TO TABLE 1 IN MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR ASPHAND CONC TAPERS AT CURB RAMPS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL MATCH EXISTING STAMPED CONCRETE
 USED IN ADJACENT AREAS AND OBTAIN APPROVAL BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. ADJUSTMENT OF WATER VALVE BOX AND WATER METER MANHOLES TO BE PAID UNDER ITEM 0479 7004.





TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741

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Texas Department of Transportation Brvan District

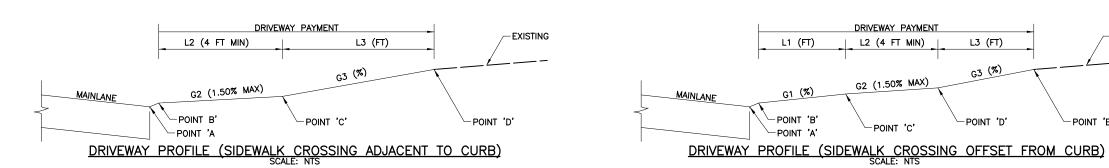
SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS SH 105 PLAN

SHEET 10 OF 10

		9.122. 19 9. 19						
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
	6			105				
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
Т	ΓEXAS	BRY	GRIMES					
	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.			
	0315	04	087,	ETC.	54			

				SH 10	5 DRIVEWAY T	ABLE (NORTH	H SIDE)				
DRIVEWAY ID	TYPE	ELEV A (FT)	L1 (FT)	G1	ELEV B (FT)	L2 (FT)	G2	ELEV C (FT)	L3 (FT)	G3	ELEV D (FT)
N-01	CONCRETE	207.04	3	16.00%	207.52	4	1.50%	207.58	2.5	11.07%	207.86
N-02	CONCRETE	-	_	_	207.55	5	1.00%	207.60	2	0.92%	207.62
N-03	CONCRETE	_	_	_	207.71	5	1.00%	207.76	7	0.26%	207.78
N-04	CONCRETE	208.10	2.5	4.00%	208.20	5	1.50%	208.28	5.7	3.04%	208.45
N-05	CONCRETE	208.28	2.8	5.10%	208.42	5	1.50%	208.50	5.3	5.10%	208.77
N-06	CONCRETE	208.70	2.5	5.00%	208.83	5	1.50%	208.90	10	2.48%	209.15
N-07	CONCRETE	208.93	3.8	3.00%	209.05	6	1.50%	209.14	8.3	4.75%	209.53
N-08	CONCRETE	209.06	3.9	3.00%	209.18	6	1.50%	209.27	8.5	6.84%	209.85
N-09	CONCRETE	_	-	_	209.88	6	1.50%	209.97	12	1.90%	210.20
N-10	CONCRETE	_	_	_	209.92	6	1.50%	210.01	12	1.74%	210.22

	SH 105 DRIVEWAY TABLE (SOUTH SIDE)											
DRIVEWAY ID	TYPE	ELEV A (FT)	L1 (FT)	G1	ELEV B (FT)	L2 (FT)	G2	ELEV C (FT)	L3 (FT)	G3	ELEV D (FT)	
S-01	CONCRETE	207.65	3	6.00%	207.83	6	1.50%	207.92	4	11.42%	208.38	
S-02	CONCRETE	209.08	6.6	0.33%	209.11	6	0.50%	209.14	4.5	0.33%	209.15	
S-03	CONCRETE	209.15	7.5	2.50%	209.34	6	1.50%	209.43	5.5	2.71%	209.58	
S-04	CONCRETE	209.07	2.6	2.00%	209.13	5	1.50%	209.20	11.5	0.95%	209.31	
S-05	CONCRETE	209.83	7.5	2.50%	210.02	6	1.50%	210.11	5.1	3.71%	210.30	
S-06	CONCRETE	210.84	2.6	0.50%	210.86	5	0.50%	210.88	5	0.57%	210.91	
S-07	CONCRETE	211.93	2.4	0.50%	211.95	6	0.50%	211.98	28	0.80%	212.20	







-EXISTING

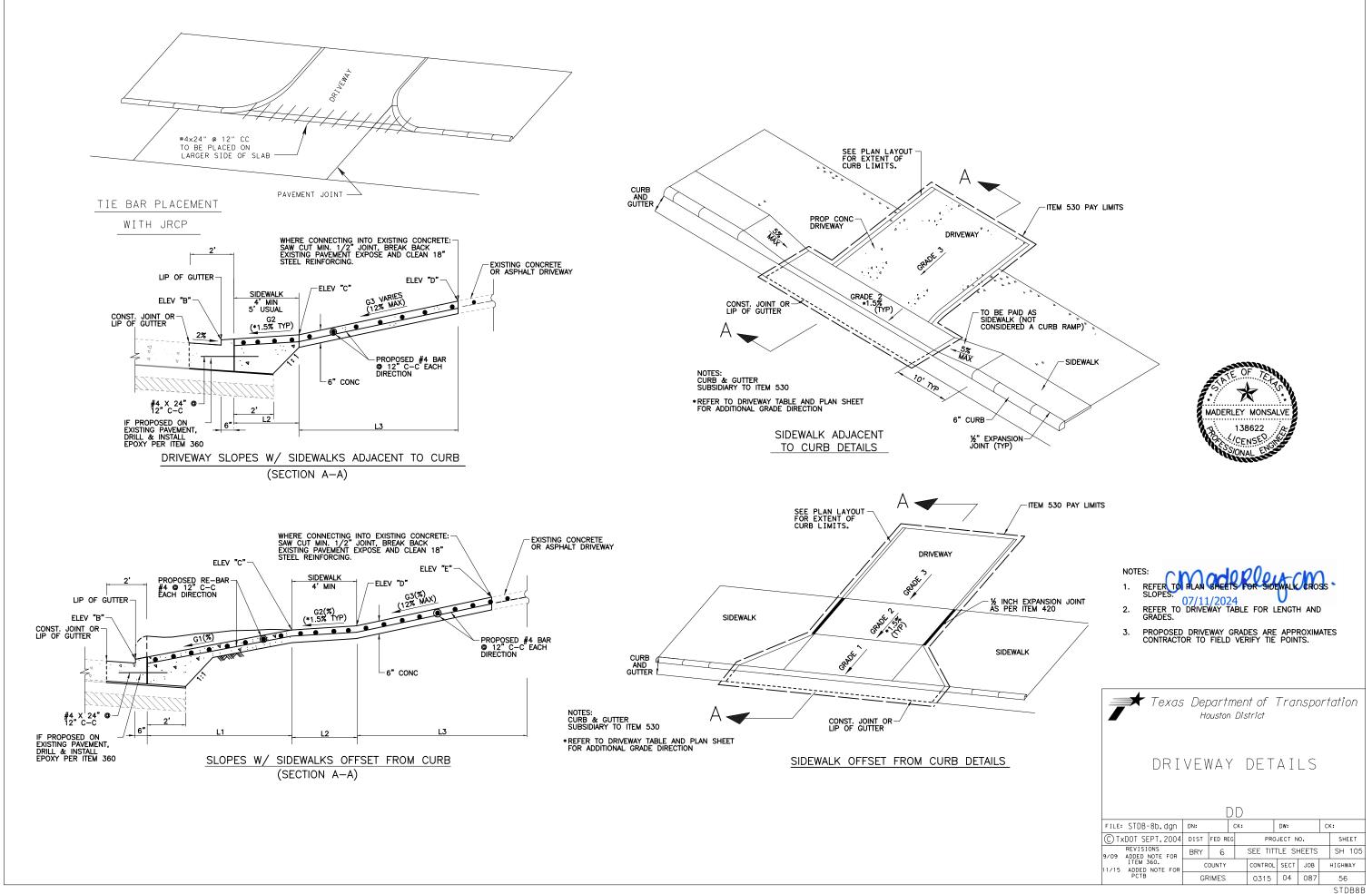
POINT 'E'



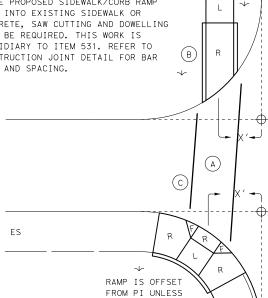
SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS

DRIVEWAY TABLES

			SHEET	1	OF 1	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	PROJECT NUMBER			NUMBER	
6		SH 105				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY		GRIME	s		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO.				
0315	04	087,	ETC.		55	



2. WHERE PROPOSED SIDEWALK/CURB RAMP TIES INTO EXISTING SIDEWALK OR CONCRETE, SAW CUTTING AND DOWELLING WILL BE REQUIRED. THIS WORK IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 531. REFER TO CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAIL FOR BAR SIZE AND SPACING.



DIRECTED OTHERWISE

SW

ES

R = RAMP (CROSS SLOPE NOT TO EXCEED 2%: LONGITUDINAL NOT TO EXCEED 8.33% OR 12:1)

X' = LENGTH MEASURED FROM PI POINT (SEE INTERSECTION SHEETS FOR DIMENSION)

L = LANDING (NOT TO EXCEED 2% SLOPE IN ANY DIRECTION)

LS = LEVEL SIDEWALK (NOT EXCEED 2% SLOPE IN ANY DIRECTION)

T = TRANSITION (PAID FOR UNDER CONC SIDEWALK)

SW = SIDEWALK (NOT EXCEED 2% CROSS SLOPE)

(HORIZONTAL CONTROL)

SAMPLE CURB RAMP PLACEMENT

ES

(A) CURB RAMPS AT MARKED CROSSINGS TO BE WHOLLY CONTAINED WITHIN THE MARKINGS, OTHERWISE CROSSWALK STRIPING TO BE RELOCATED

B) IF ADJACENT SURFACE TO RAMP IS CONSIDERED A NON-WALKING SURFACE (GRASS FOR EXAMPLE) A RETURN CURB CAN BE USED REGARDLESS OF RAMP TYPE.

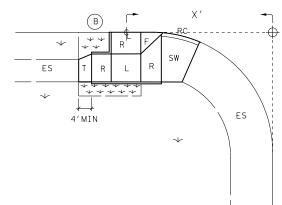
(C) APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF EXISTING CROSSWALK MARKINGS.

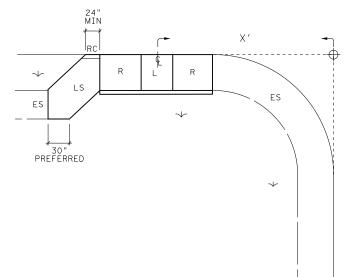
F = FLARE (10:1 OR LESS)

RC = REPLACE CURB/CURB & GUTTER

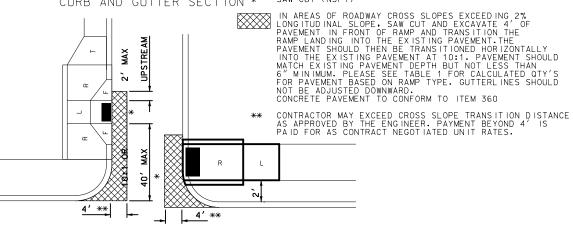
= SIDEWALK (EXISTING)

NOTE: BLOCK SOD PLACED ADJACENT TO RAMP AND/OR SIDEWALK WORK LIMITS AS REQUIRED TO RETURN SITE TO PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION





CONCRETE ROADWAY CURB AND GUTTER SECTION * SAW CUT (NSPI)



ASPHALT/SEALCOAT ROADWAY

MAX

'n

* SAW CUT (NSPI)

IN AREAS OF ROADWAY CROSS SLOPES EXCEEDING 2%, LONGITUD INAL SLOPE, EXCAVATE 2' OF PAVEMENT IN FRONT OF RAMP AND TRANSITION THE RAMP LANDING INTO THE EXISTING PAVEMENT. THE PAVEMENT SHOULD THEN BE TRANSITIONED HORIZONTALLY INTO THE EXISTING PAVEMENT AT 10:1. PAVEMENT SHOULD MATCH EXISTING PAVEMENT DEPTH BUT NOT LESS THAN 2" MINIMUM. PLEASE SEE TABLE 1 FOR CALCULATED PAYMENT OTY'S FOR PAVEMENT DEPTH BUT NOT LESS THAN 2" SHOULD NOT BE ADJUSTED DOWNWARD.

ASPHALT TO CONFORM TO ITEM 340 AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER

DO NOT TAPER TO ZERO MINIMUM 1 1/2" DEPTH @ TIE-IN

CONTRACTOR MAY EXCEED CROSS SLOPE TRANSITION DISTANCE AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, PAYMENT BEYOND 4' IS PAID FOR AS CONTRACT NEGOTIATED UNIT RATES.

MADERLEY MONSALVE

138622

CENSE

TEXAS REGISTERED

ENGINEERING FIRM

SHEET 1 OF 4

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Texas Department

of Transportation

Brvan District

SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS

MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

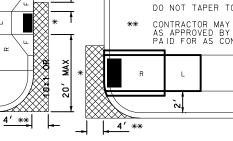


TABLE 1 RAMP TYPE ASPHALT TAPER QTY CONC TAPER QTY MAX (SY) MAX (SY) 20.44 5.78 20.44 5.78 20.44 20.44 5.78 5.78 20.44 5.78 20.44 5.78 20.44 5.78 20.44 5.78 20.44 5.78 20.44 5.78 20.44 40.89 11.56 40.89 21 61.33

TRANSITIONS SHOWN IN TABLE 1 ARE FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY TRANSITIONS ARE NOT PAID FOR SEPARATELY BUT ARE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 531 "CURB RAMP."

CURB RAMPS



NUIE:
UTILIZE DETAIL AT OBSTRUCTION ENCROACHMENTS
INTO THE PEDESTRIAN ACCESS ROUTE. A MINIMUM
UNOBSTRUCTED CLEARANCE OF 4' SHOULD BE
MAINTAINED AROUND THE OBSTRUCTION OR AS
APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. 5' OR MORE IS
DESIREABLE. PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER = PI POINT MEASURED FROM TANGENTIAL CURBLINE INTERSECTION ALL CURB RAMPS ARE TO BE 6" IN THICKNESS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN SH 105 = EXISTING TURF OBSTRUCTION CONFLICT STATE DISTRICT COUNT NTS TEXAS BRY GRIMES CONTROL SECTION SHEET NO. 57 0315 04 087. ETC.

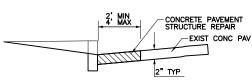
OBSTRUCTION

- CONCRETE CURB

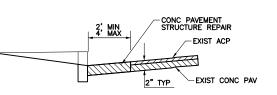
VARIES

LEGEND

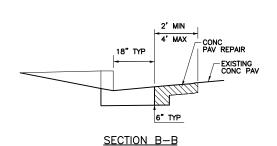
CURB REMOVAL AND REPLACED (IF REQUIRED)



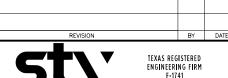
SECTION A-A



SECTION A-A ALT.









Bryan District

SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS

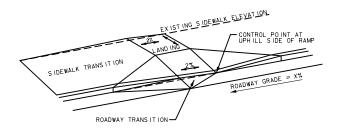
©2024

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MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

			SHEET	2	OF	4		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6				SH 1	105			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY					
TEXAS	BRY		GRIME	s				
CONTROL	SECTION	Jo	DВ		SHEET	ΓNO.		
0315	04	087,	ETC.		58	3		

ROADWAY TRANSITION



VARIABLE CURB ELEVATION

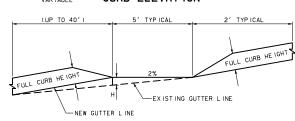
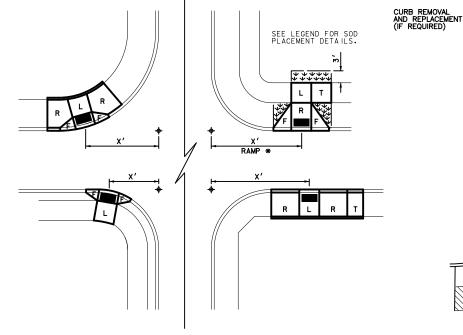
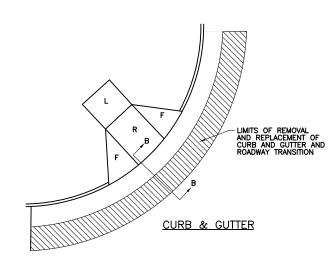


TABLE	2	
DIFFERENTIAL BETWEEN RAMP AND ROADWAY LONGITUDINAL SLOPE	H	ł
1%	0.04 ′	0.50 "
2%	0.08 ′	1.00 "
3%	0.12′	1.50 "
4%	0.16 ′	2.00 "
5%	0.20 ′	2.40 "
6%	0.24 ′	2.90 "

*H= DIFFERENCE IN ELEVATION BETWEEN THE NEW GUTTER LINE AND EXISTING GUTTER LINE

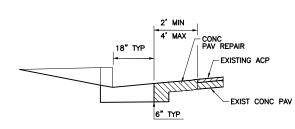


HORIZONTAL RAMP CONTROL



LIMITS OF REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF ROADWAY TRANSITION

CONCRETE CURB



SECTION B-B ALT.

NOTES

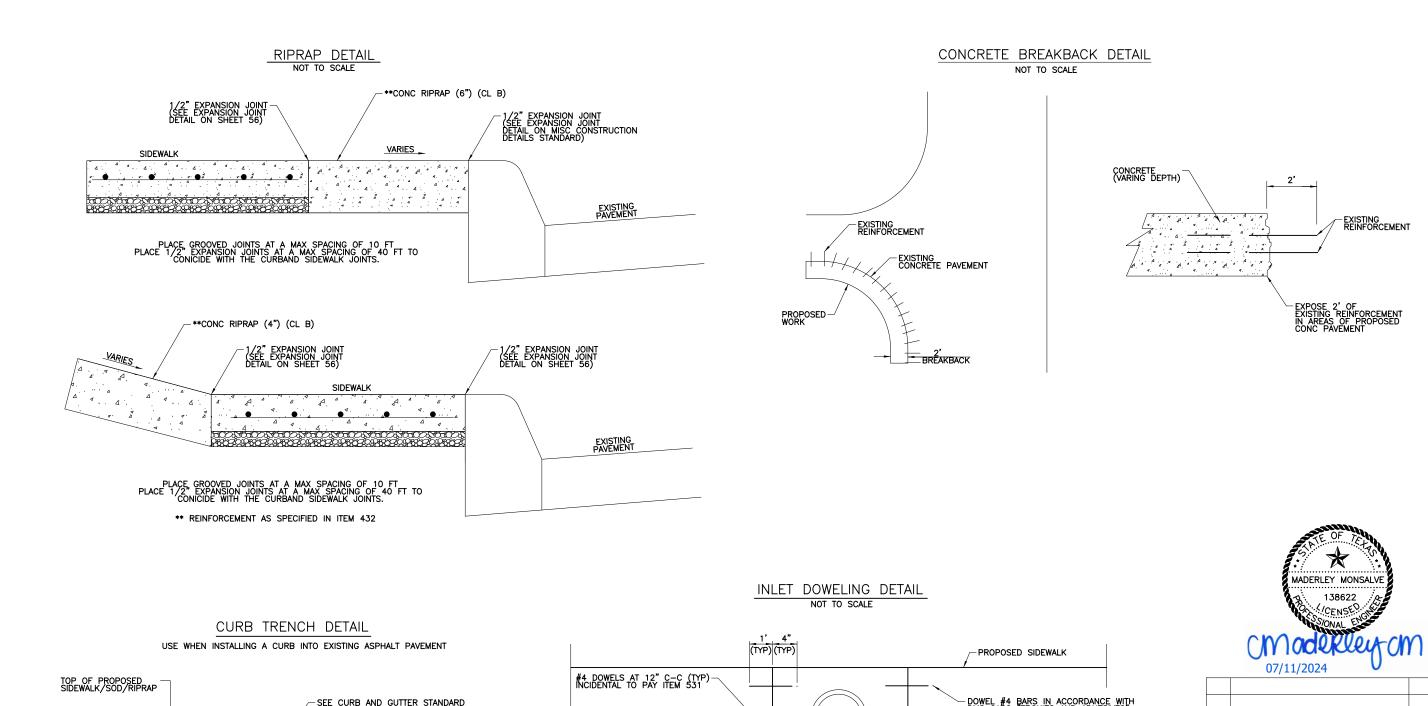
- UTILIZE ROADWAY TRANSITION TO TIE CROSS SLOPE OF NEWLY CONSTRUCTED CURB RAMP TO THE EXISTING ROADWAY GRADE. ROADWAY TRANSITIONS SHOULD NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 4 FEET INTO ROADWAY.
- 2. FOR CURB SECTION, REMOVE A 2 FOOT WIDE (MIN.) BY 2 INCH DEEP SECTION OF PAVEMENT THE LENGTH OF THE TRANSITION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. FOR CURB AND GUTTER SECTION, REMOVE CURB, GUTTER AND IF NECESSARY A SECTION OF PAVEMENT (24 INCHES MIN.) BEYOND THE GUTTER BY 6 INCHES DEEP. CONSTRUCT TRANSITION IN THE GUTTER SECTION AS SHOWN.
- 4. CONSTRUCT FULL HEIGHT CURB AND CURB RAMP FLARES (IF REQUIRED) BASED ON NEW GUTTER LINE ELEVATIONS.
- CONSTRUCT TRANSITION FROM BOTTOM OF CURB RAMP TO ROADWAY WITH HOT-MIX ASPHALT CONCRETE AS PER PLANS AND SPECIFICATION OR AS DIRECTED.
- 6. TRAFFIC SIGNAL LOOP DETECTORS MAY EXIST WITHIN THE ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION TRANSITION ZONE. MAINTAIN OPERATION OF LOOP DETECTORS THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. REPAIR OR REPLACE ANY LOOP DETECTORS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS.

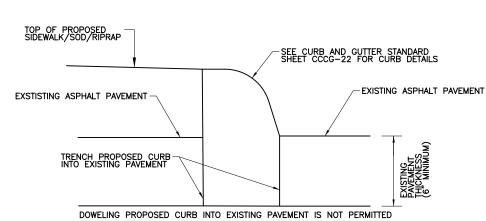
LEGEND

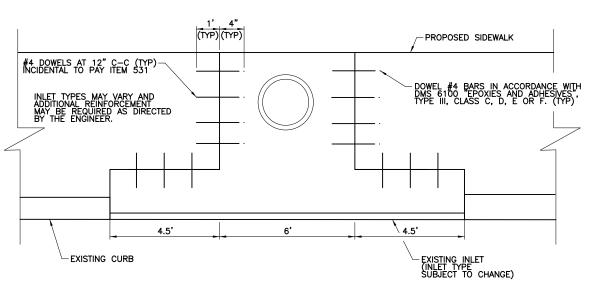
- F = FLARE (10:1 OR LESS)
- R = RAMP (CROSS SLOPE NOT TO EXCEED 2%; LONGITUDINAL NOT TO EXCEED 8.33% OR 12:1)
- L = LANDING (SHALL NOT EXCEED 2% SLOPE IN ANY DIRECTION)
- L1 = SHARED LANDING (SHALL NOT EXCEED 2% SLOPE IN ANY DIRECTION)
- LS = LEVEL SIDEWALK (SHALL NOT EXCEED 2% SLOPE IN ANY DIRECTION)(PAID AS SIDEWALK)
- T = TRANSITION (PAID FOR UNDER CONC SIDEWALKS)
- X' = LENGTH MEASURED FROM PI POINT
- + = PI POINT MEASURED FROM TANGENTIAL CURBLINE INTERSECTION
- ▼ = BLOCK SOD; PLACED BEHIND CONSTRUCTION LIMITS NEIGHBORING ROW, PLACED FULL LIMITS
 BETWEEN BACK OF CURB AND CONSTRUCTION IF DIVORCED; OR AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS
- (NSPI) = ITEM IS INCIDENTAL TO CURB RAMP/SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION.
 (NO SEPERATE PAY ITEM)

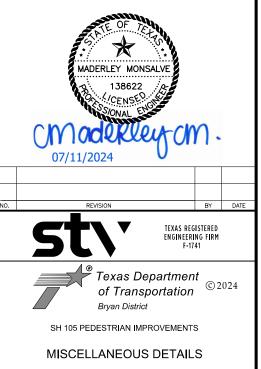
NATES

1. FLARE (F), RAMP (R), AND LANDING (L), DIRECTLY IN CONTACT WITH THE CURB RAMP ARE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 531 "CURB RAMPS"
2. LEVEL SIDEWALK (LS) AND RAMPS (R) NOT DIRECTLY IN CONTACT WITH THE CURB RAMP ARE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 531 "SIDEWALK"









			SHEET	3	OF	4	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6		SH 105					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	BRY		GRIME	S			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO.				NO.	
0315	04	087, ETC. 59)	

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P

20"

CURB

20"

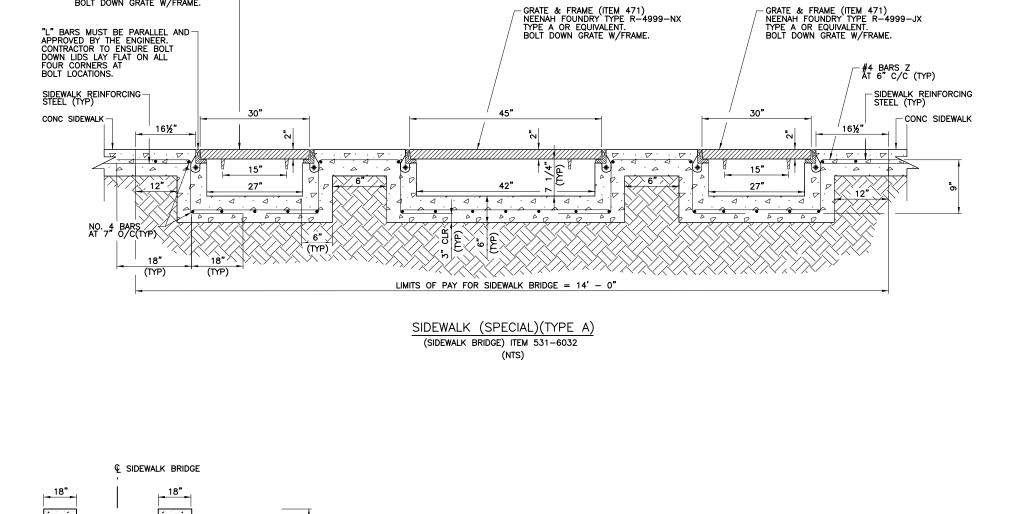
ARMOR CURB SLOT (SEE - STANDARDS FOR DETAILS)

14'

CONCRETE SIDEWALK DRAIN DETAIL

(NTS)



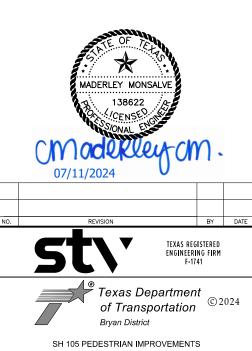


NOTE: SEE ARMOR CURB SLOT DETAIL STANDARD FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS

GRATE & FRAME (ITEM 471)
NEENAH FOUNDRY TYPE R-4999-JX
TYPE A OR EQUIVALENT.
BOLT DOWN GRATE W/FRAME.

24"

GUTTER -



GRATE -

SODDING

ARMOR CURB SLOT DETAIL

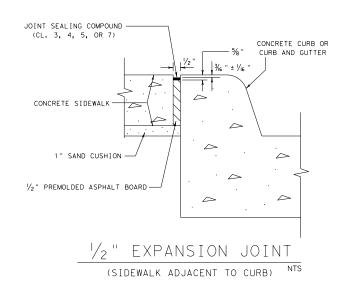
(NTS)

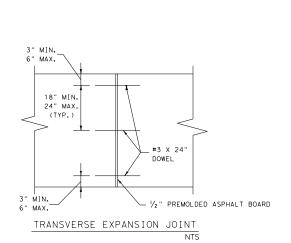
SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS

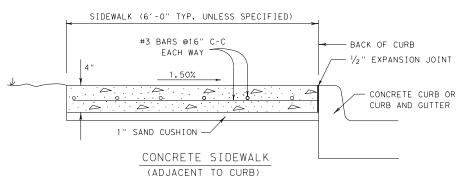
MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

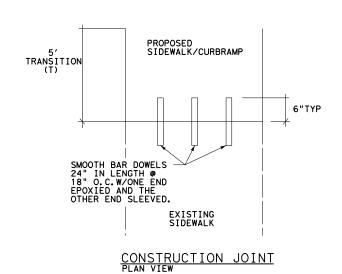
SHEET 4 OF 4

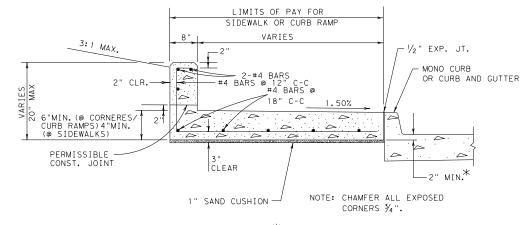
			SHEET	4	OF	4
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT			NUMBER		
6			SH 105			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY		GRIME	S		
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	ОВ		SHEE	T NO.
0315	04	087,	ETC.		6	0







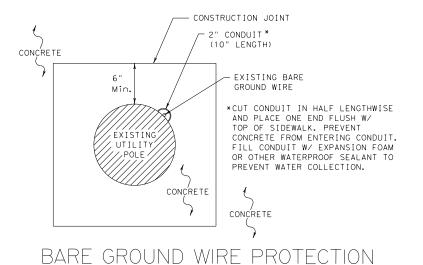


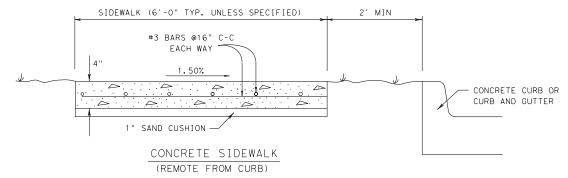


* 2" MIN. REQUIRED FOR LATERAL SUPPORT.

CONC SIDEWALK OR RAMP w/ SIDE CURB

SIDE CURB SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 531, SIDEWALK OR CURB RAMP NTS





SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 531, SIDEWALK OR CURB RAMP

CONCRETE SIDEWALK DETAIL



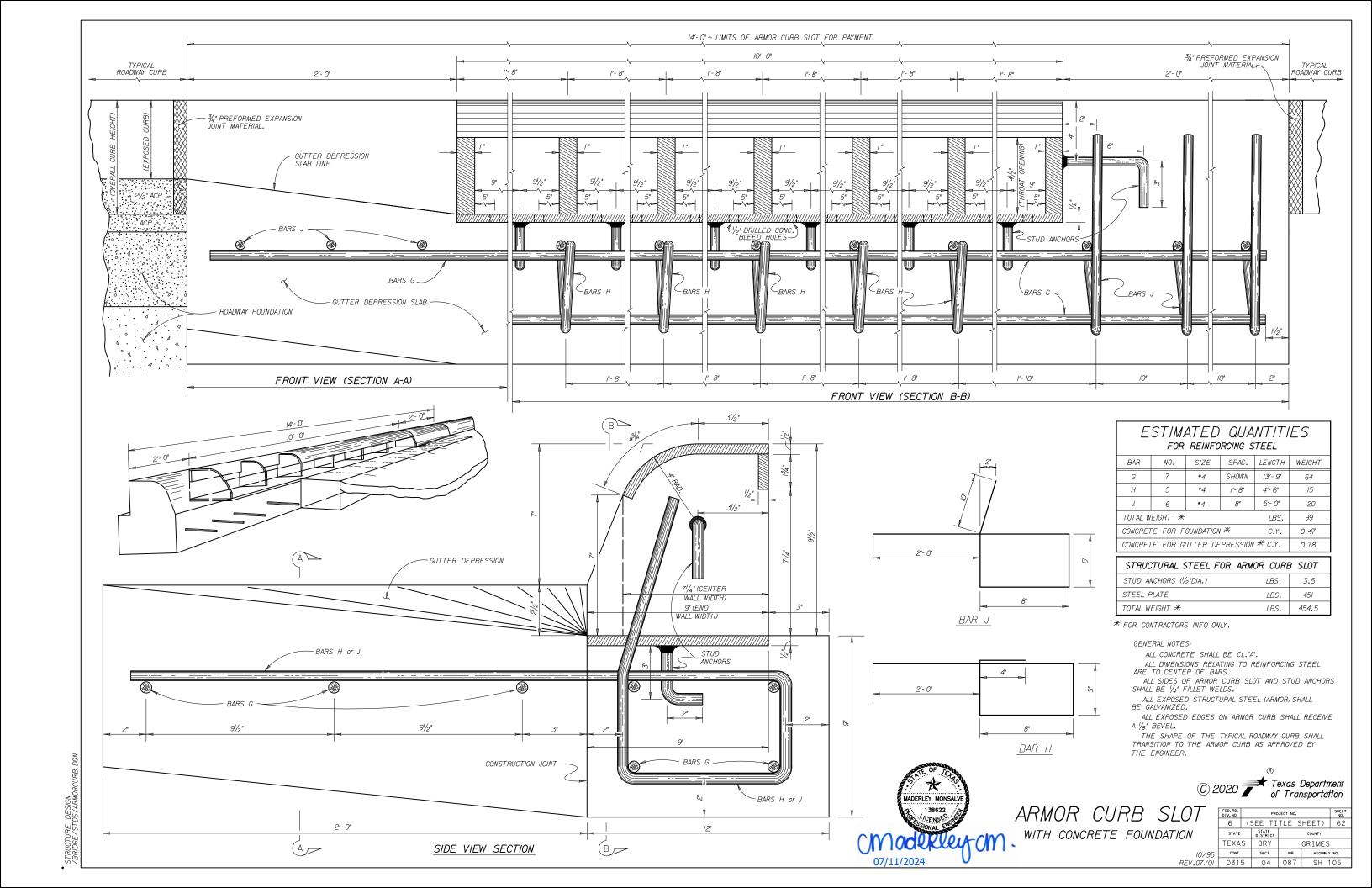


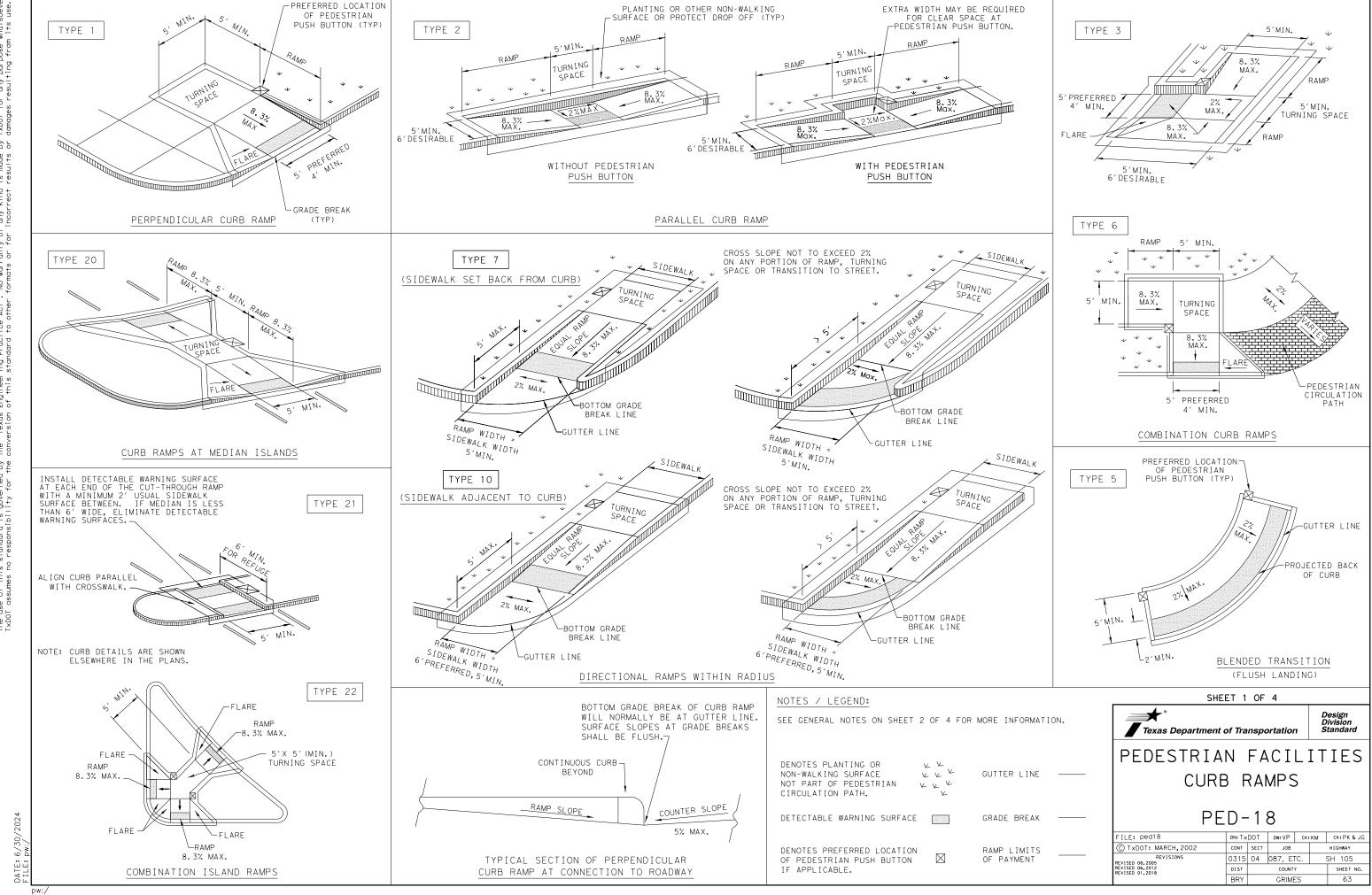
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DETAILS



CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0315 04 087, ETC. SH 105 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. GRIMES BRY 61





GENERAL NOTES

CURB RAMPS

- 1. Install a curb ramp or blended transition at each pedestrian street crossing.
- 2. All slopes shown are maximum allowable. Cross slopes of 1.5% and lesser running should be used. Adjust curb ramp length or grade of approach sidewalks as directed.
- 3. Maximum allowable cross slope on sidewalk and curb ramp surfaces is 2%.
- 4. The minimum sidewalk width is 5'. Where the sidewalk is adjacent to the back of curb, a 6' sidewalk width is desirable. Where a 5' sidewalk cannot be provided due to site constraints, sidewalk width may be reduced to 4' for short distances. 5'x 5' passing areas at intervals not to exceed 200' are required.
- 5. Turning Spaces shall be 5'x 5' minimum. Cross slope shall be maximum 2%.
- 6. Clear space at the bottom of curb ramps shall be a minimum of 4'x 4' wholly contained within the crosswalk and wholly outside the parallel vehicular travel path.
- 7. Provide flared sides where the pedestrian circulation path crosses the curb ramp. Flared sides shall be sloped at 10% maximum, measured parallel to the curb. Returned curbs may be used only where pedestrians would not normally walk across the ramp, either because the adjacent surface is planted, substantially obstructed, or otherwise protected.
- 8. Additional information on curb ramp location, design, light reflective value and texture may be found in the latest draft of the Proposed Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right of Way (PROWAG) as published by the U.S. Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board).
- To serve as a pedestrian refuge area, the median should be a minimum of 6' wide, measured from back of curbs. Medians should be designed to provide accessible passage over or through them.
- 10. Small channelization islands, which do not provide a minimum 5'x 5' landing at the top of curb ramps, shall be cut through level with the surface of the street.
- 11. Crosswalk dimensions, crosswalk markings and stop bar locations shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans. At intersections where crosswalk markings are not required, curb ramps shall align with theoretical crosswalks unless otherwise directed.
- 12. Provide curb ramps to connect the pedestrian access route at each pedestrian street crossing. Handrails are not required on curb ramps.
- 13. Curb ramps and landings shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item 531 "Sidewalks".
- 14. Place concrete at a minimum depth of 5" for ramps, flares and landings, unless otherwise directed.
- 15. Furnish and install No. 3 reinforcing steel bars at 18" o.c. both ways, unless otherwise directed.
- 16. Provide a smooth transition where the curb ramps connect to the street.
- 17. Curbs shown on sheet 1 within the limits of payment are considered part of the curb ramp for payment, whether it is concrete curb, gutter, or combined curb and gutter.
- 18. Existing features that comply with applicable standards may remain in place unless otherwise shown on the plans.

DETECTABLE WARNING MATERIAL

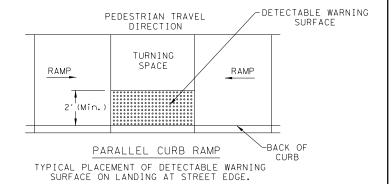
- 19. Curb ramps must contain a detectable warning surface that consists of raised truncated domes complying with PROWAG. The surface must contrast visually with adjoining surfaces, including side flares. Furnish and install an approved cast-in-place dark brown or dark red detectable warning surface material adjacent to uncolored concrete, unless specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 20. Detectable Warning Materials must meet TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4350 and be listed on the Material Producer List. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- 21. Detectable warning surfaces must be firm, stable and slip resistant.
- 22. Detectable warning surfaces shall be a minimum of 24 inches in depth in the direction of pedestrian travel, and extend the full width of the curb ramp or landing where the pedestrian access route enters the street.
- 23. Detectable warning surfaces shall be located so that the edge nearest the curb line is at the back of curb and neither end of that edge is greater than 5 feet from the back of curb. Detectable warning surfaces may be curved along the corner radius.
- 24. Shaded areas on Sheet 1 of 4 indicate the approximate location for the detectable warning surface for each curb ramp type.

DETECTABLE WARNING PAVERS (IF USED)

- 25. Furnish detectable warning paver units meeting all requirements of ASTM C-936, C-33. Lay in a two by two unit basket weave pattern or as directed.
- 26. Lay full-size units first followed by closure units consisting of at least 25 percent (25%) of a full unit. Cut detectable warning paver units using a power saw.

SIDEWALKS

- 27. Provide clear ground space at operable parts, including pedestrian push buttons. Operable parts shall be placed within unobstructed reach range specified in PROWAG section R406.
- 28. Place traffic signal or illumination poles, ground boxes, controller boxes, signs, drainage facilities and other items so as not to obstruct the pedestrian access route or clear ground space.
- 29. Street grades and cross slopes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 30. Changes in level greater than 1/4 inch are not permitted.
- 31. The least possible grade should be used to maximize accessibility. The running slope of sidewalks and crosswalks within the public right of way may follow the grade of the parallel roadway. Where a continuous grade greater than five percent (5%) must be provided, handrails may be desirable to improve accessibility. Handrails may also be needed to protect pedestrians from potentially hazardous conditions. If provided, handrails shall comply with PROWAG R409.
- 32. Handrail extensions shall not protrude into the usable landing area or into intersecting pedestrian routes.
- 33. Driveways and turnouts shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item "Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts". Sidewalks shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item, "Sidewalks".
- 34. Sidewalk details are shown elsewhere in the plans.



DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DETAILS

PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL
DIRECTION

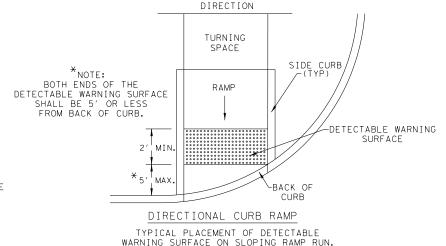
TURNING
SPACE

RAMP

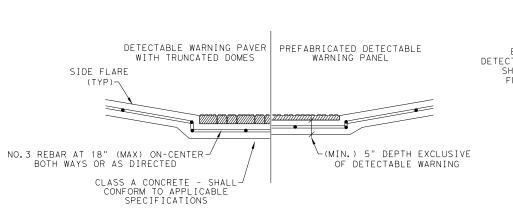
DETECTABLE WARNING
SURFACE

SIDE FLARE
(TYP)

PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMP
TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE
WARNING SURFACE ON SLOPING RAMP RUN.



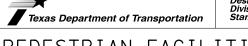
PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL



SECTION VIEW DETAIL

CURB RAMP AT DETECTIBLE WARNINGS





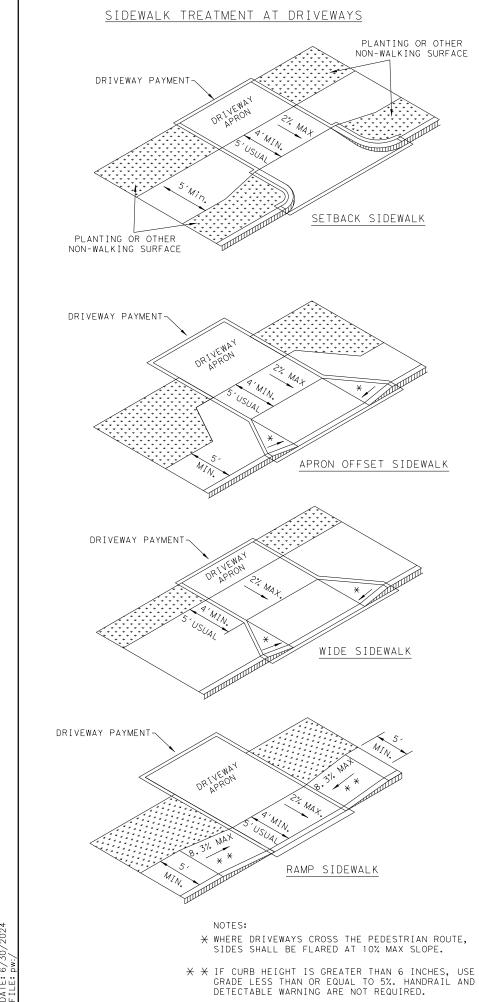
PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES

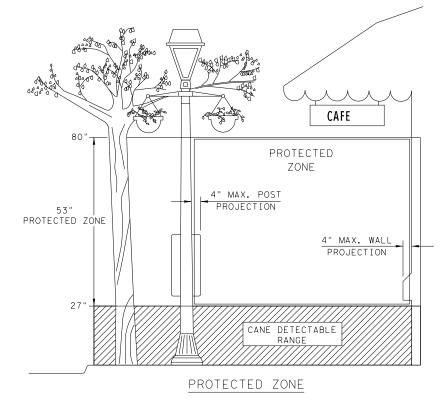
CURB RAMPS

PED-18

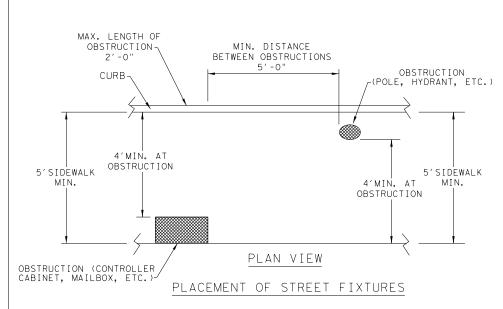
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TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS VISED 08,2005	0315	04	087, E1	ГC.	SH 105	
VISED 06,2012 VISED 01,2018	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	BRY	GRIMES				64



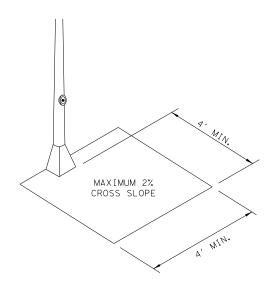




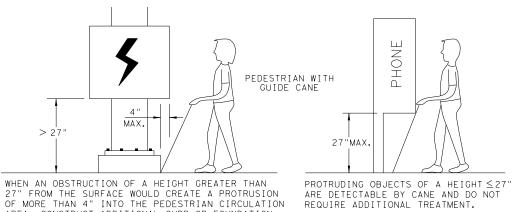
NOTE: IN PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, MAXIMUM 4" PROJECTION FOR POST OR WALL MOUNTED OBJECTS BETWEEN 27" AND 80" ABOVE THE SURFACE.



NOTE: ITEMS NOT INTENDED FOR PUBLIC USE.
MINIMUM 4' X 4' CLEAR GROUND SPACE
REQUIRED AT PUBLIC USE FIXTURES.



CLEAR SPACE ADJACENT TO PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON



OF MORE THAN 4" INTO THE PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL CURB OR FOUNDATION AT THE BOTTOM TO PROVIDE A MAXIMUM 4" OVERHANG.

DETECTION BARRIER FOR VERTICAL CLEARANCE < 80"

SHEET 3 OF 4



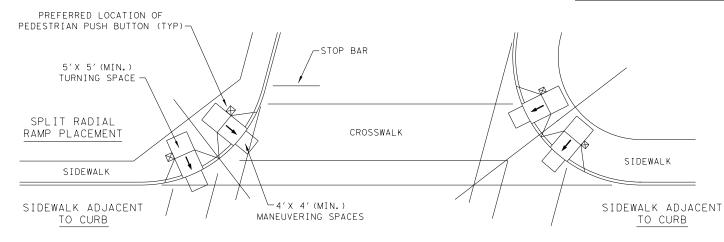
PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

PED-18

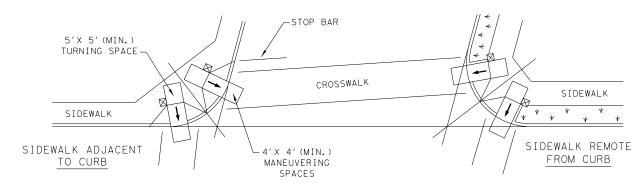
FILE: ped18	DN: Tx	DOT	DW: VP	CK: KN	KM CK: PK & JG	
© TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS REVISED 08,2005	0315	04	087, E1	rc.	SH 105	
REVISED 06,2012 REVISED 01,2018	DIST	T COUNTY SHEE			SHEET NO.	
	BRY	Y GRIMES			65	

DATE: 6/30/2024 FILE: pw:/

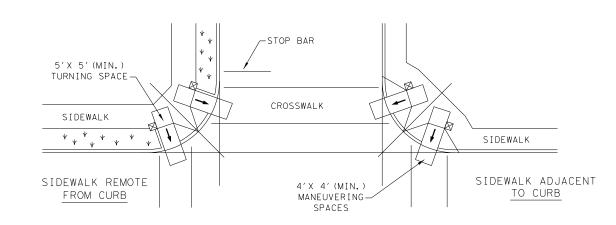
TYPICAL CROSSING LAYOUTS SEE SHEET 1 OF 4 FOR DETAILS AND DIMENSIONS



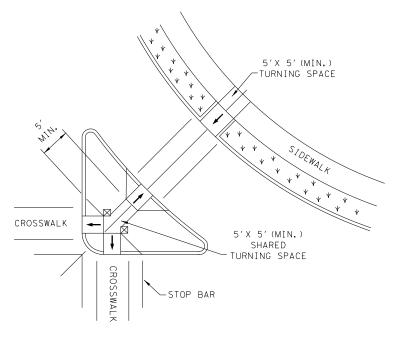
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "LARGE" RADIUS



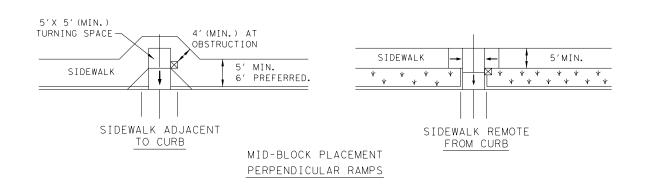
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



NORMAL INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



AT INTERSECTION W/FREE RIGHT TURN & ISLAND



LEGEND:

SHOWS DOWNWARD SLOPE.

DENOTES PREFERRED LOCATION OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON (IF APPLICABLE).

DENOTES PLANTING OR NON-WALKING SURFACE NOT PART OF PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION PATH.

SHEET 4 OF 4

Texas Department of Transportation

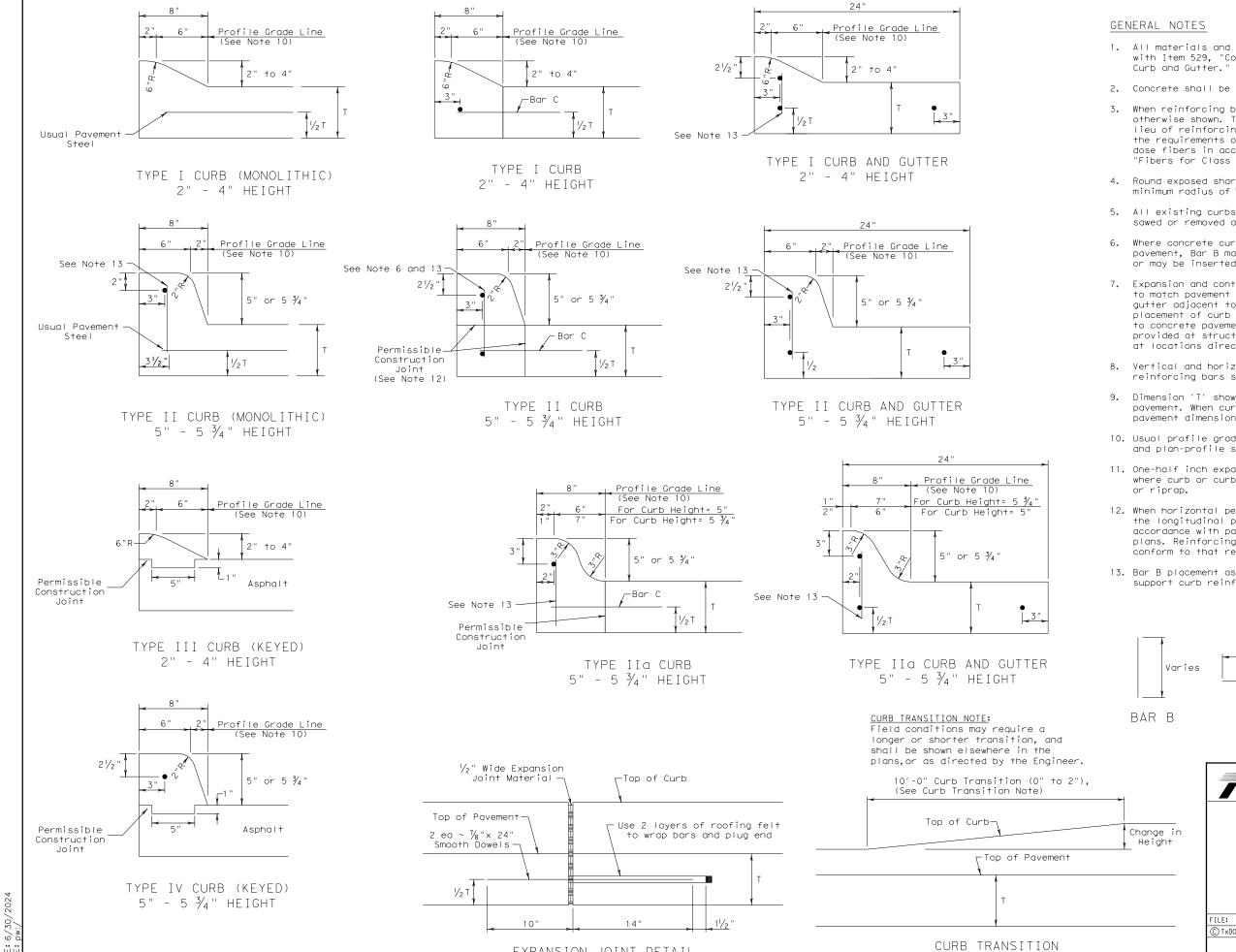
PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES

CURB RAMPS

PED-18

ILE: ped18	DN: Tx	DOT	DW: VP	CK:	CK: KM CK: PK & JG		
C TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS EVISED 08,2005	0315	04	087, E1	ΓC.	SH 105		
EVISED 06,2012 EVISED 01,2018	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	BRY	GRIMES				66	

pw:/



EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

- 1. All materials and construction shall be in accordance with Item 529, "Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined
- 2. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. When reinforcing bars are used, they shall be No.4 unless otherwise shown. The use of fiber reinforced concrete in lieu of reinforcing steel is acceptable. Use fibers meeting the requirements of DMS 4550, "Fibers for Concrete," and dose fibers in accordance with Material Producers List (MPL) "Fibers for Class A and B Concrete Applications.
- Round exposed sharp edges with a rounding tool, to a minimum radius of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch.
- 5. All existing curbs and driveways to be removed shall be sawed or removed at existing joints.
- 6. Where concrete curb is to be placed on existing concrete pavement, Bar B may be drilled and grouted in place, or may be inserted into fresh concrete.
- 7. Expansion and contraction joints shall be constructed to match pavement joints in all curbs and curb and gutter adjacent to jointed concrete pavement. Where placement of curb or curb and gutter is not adjacent to concrete pavement, expansion joints shall be provided at structures, curb returns at streets, and at locations directed by The Engineer.
- Vertical and horizontal dowel bars and transverse reinforcing bars shall be placed at four feet C~C.
- 9. Dimension 'T' shown is the thickness of concrete pavement. When curb is installed adjacent to flexible pavement dimension 'T' is 8" maximum.
- 10. Usual profile grade line. Refer to typical sections and plan-profile sheets for exact locations.
- 11. One-half inch expansion joint material shall be provided where curb or curb and gutter is adjacent to sidewalk
- 12. When horizontal permissible construction joints are used, the longitudinal pavement steel shall be placed in accordance with pavement details shown elsewhere in the plans. Reinforcing steel for curb section shall then conform to that required for concrete curb.
- 13. Bar B placement as needed (typically at four ft. C-C) to support curb reinforcing steel during concrete placement.



Note: To be paid for as Highest Curb

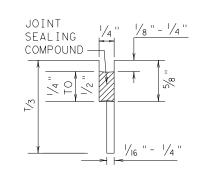


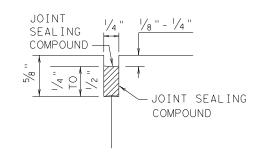
CCCG-22

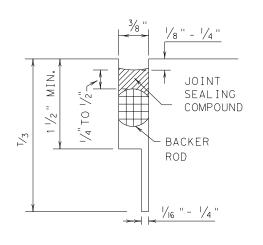
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	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	BRY		GRIME	S	67	

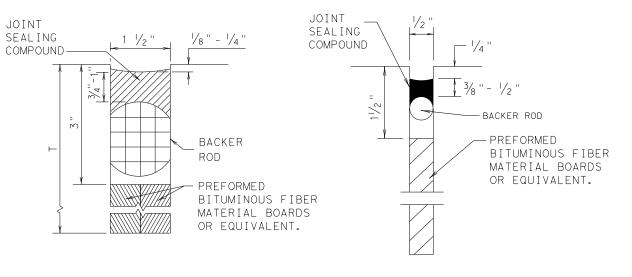
CURB AND GUTTER

METHOD B: JOINT SEALING COMPOUND







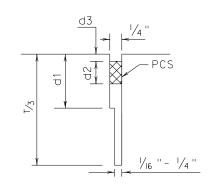


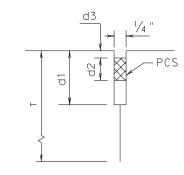
LONGITUDINAL SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT

TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT

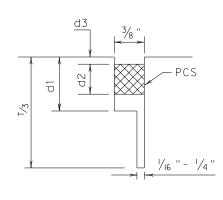
FORMED ISOLATION JOINT

METHOD A: PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEALS (PCS) (DMS-6310 CLASS 6)





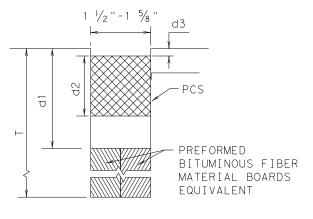




LONGITUDINAL SAWED

CONTRACTION JOINT

TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT



TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, EITHER METHOD "A" OR METHOD "B" MAY BE USED.
- 2. THE LOCATION OF JOINTS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.
- 3. THE JOINT RESERVOIR FOR SEALANT OR PCS SHALL BE SAWED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS FOR THE LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS AND THE SAWED JOINTS.
- 4. DIMENSIONS d1, d2, AND d3 SHOWN IN METHOD A SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEAL MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION.
- 5. REFER TO DMS-6310 "JOINT SEALANTS AND FILLERS" FOR THE CLASSIFICATIONS.
- 6. FOR SAWED LONGITUDINAL JOINT, LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT, USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLAN OR APPROVED.
- 7. FOR TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION, TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT, AND ISOLATION JOINT USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 AT NEW JOINTS. USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 4,5,7,0R 8 FOR MAINTAINING EXISTING JOINTS.
- 8. THE JOINTS SHALL BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ITEM 438 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS" OR ITEM 713 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS (CONCRETE PAVEMENT)".
- 9. ISOLATION JOINTS ACCOMMODATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL MOVEMENTS THAT OCCUR BETWEEN A PAVEMENT AND A STRUCTURE. ISOLATION JOINTS MAY BE USED FOR BRIDGE ABUTMENTS, INTERSECTIONS, CURB AND GUTTER, OLD AND NEW PAVEMENTS, OR AROUND DRAINAGE INLETS, MANHOLES, FOOTINGS AND LIGHTING STRUCTURES.

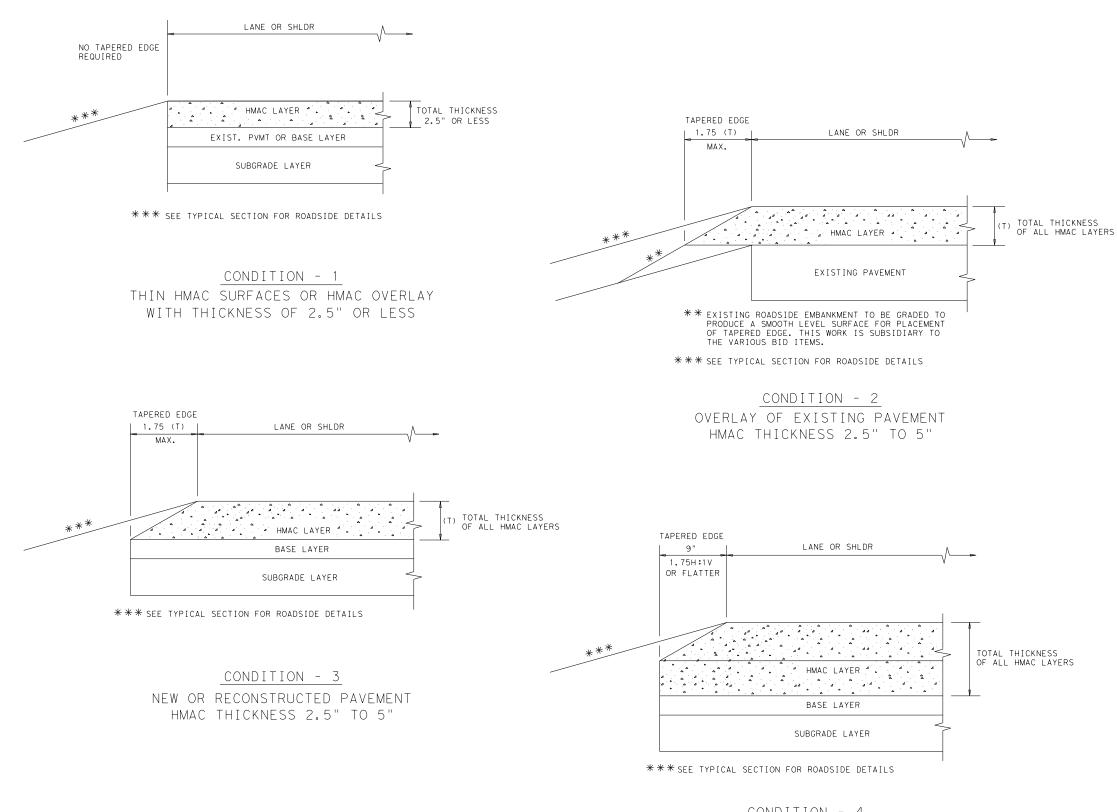


CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS JOINT SEALS

JS-14

rue: js14.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	DN: HC	Dw: HC		ck: AN
TxDOT: DECEMBER 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ET	C.	SH	105
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		GRIME			68





CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

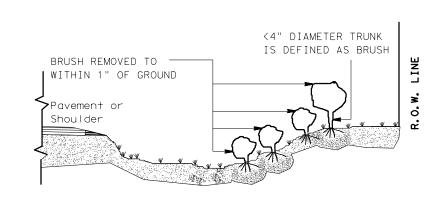


Design Division Standard

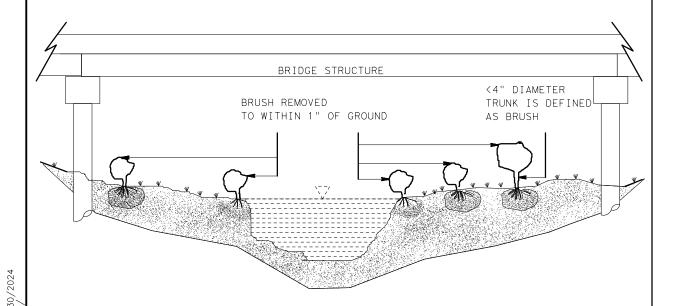
TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) - 11

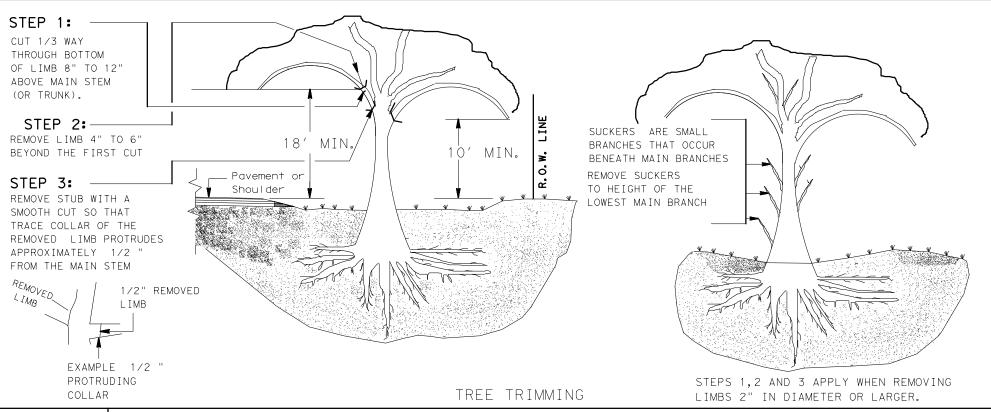
FILE: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: RL	DW: KB	CK:
© TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB HIG		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ETC. SH		SH 105
	DIST		COUNTY SHEET N		SHEET NO.
	BRY		GRIME:	S	69



BRUSH REMOVAL



BRUSH REMOVAL UNDER BRIDGE AND IN CHANNEL



GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING

- 1. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 2. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

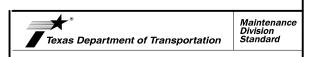
 TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE

 3' ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE

 TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

	TABLE 1									
TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT										
		RANGE FO	R PAY ITEMS							
	TRUNK (DIAMETER *	TRUNK CIRC	UMFERENCE						
	LOWER LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT	LOWER LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT						
	IS GREATER	IS LESS THAN		IS LESS THAN						
PAY ITEM	THAN	OR EQUAL TO	THAN	OR EQUAL TO						
752 6005	4	12	12 1/2	37 1/2						
752 6006	12	18	37 1/2	56 1/2						
752 6007	18	24	56 1/2	75 1/2						
752 6008	24	30	75 1/2	94						
752 6009	30	36	94	113						
752 6010	36	42	113	132						
752 6011	42	48	132	151						
752 6012	48	60	151	188 1/2						
752 6013	60	72	188 1/2	226						
752 6019	72	84	226	264						
	84	GREATER THAN 84	264	NOT APPLICABLE						

*SEE GENERAL NOTE #3.

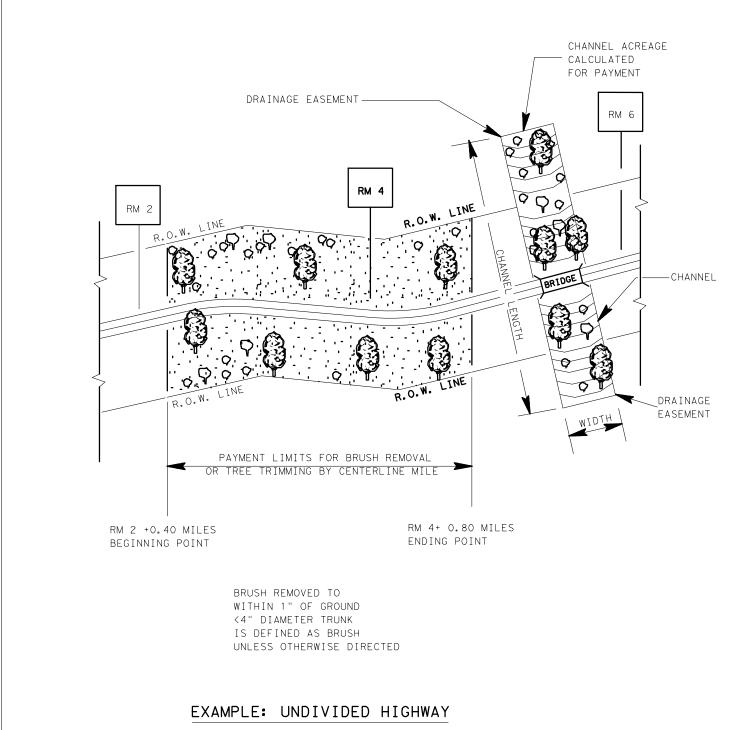


TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(1)

FILE:	DN: JEO		CK: LJB	DW: JEO	CK:	
© TxDOT MARCH 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ET	c. :	SH 105	
Revised table 1 to 2014 Specification	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY		GRIME	S	70	

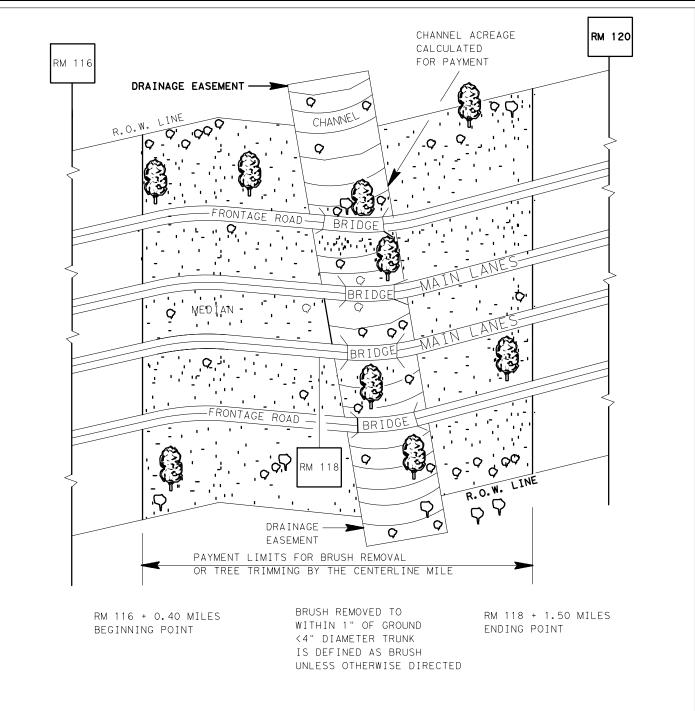




GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

- 1. PAYMENT BY THE CENTERLINE MILE IS MADE TO THE NEAREST 1/100 (0.01) MILE.
- 2. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MARKERS (RM).
- 3. PAY ITEMS BY THE CENTERLINE MILE INCLUDE ALL TREE TRIMMING OR BRUSH REMOVAL IN THE RIGHT OF WAY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGHWAY. FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS, THE MEDIAN IS INCLUDED. FOR HIGHWAYS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS, THE AREAS BETWEEN THE FRONTAGE ROADS AND MAIN LANES, AND THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FRONTAGE ROADS ARE INCLUDED.
- 4. BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING UNDER BRIDGES, IN AND ALONG CHANNELS AND EASEMENTS ARE PAID FOR BY THE ACRE FOR AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS.



EXAMPLE: DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH FRONTAGE ROADS



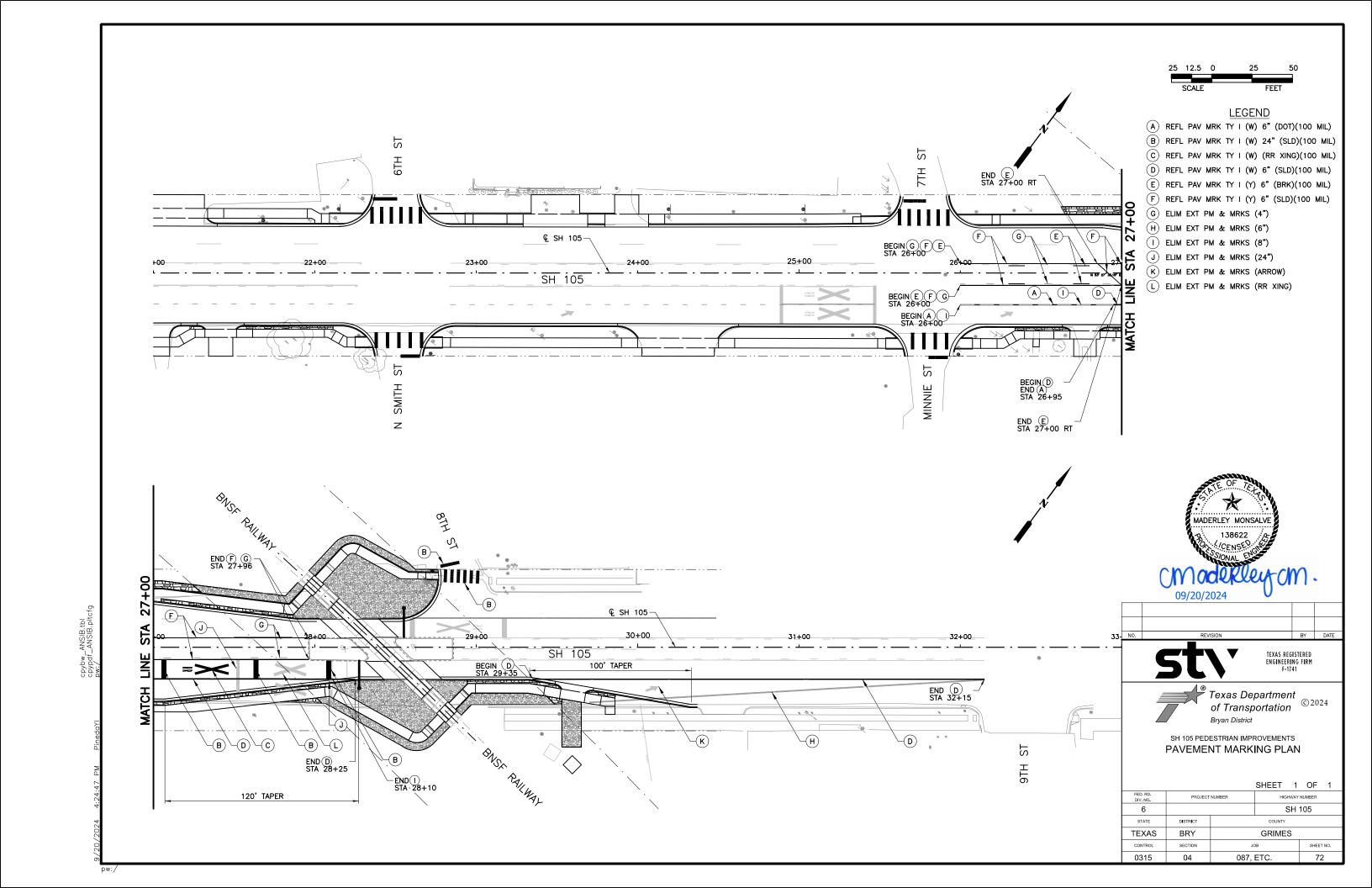
Texas Department of Transportation Maintenance Division Standard Plans

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(2)

SHEET 2 OF 2

FILE: TRE	B-15(2).DGN	DRAWN: MODIFI		CHECKED: DM	; LJB	DW: -		CK: -		NEG NO.:	
© .	T×DOT APRIL 20	15	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION			FEDERAL	AID PRO	JECT	Ф	SHEET
REVISED:	5/13/2004	LJB	BRY	TEXAS							71
REVISED:	9/24/2004	LJB		COUN	ΙΤΥ			CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISED:	APRIL 2015	JE0		GRII	MES			0315	04	087,	SH 105



ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Minimum Thickness 0.080" 0.100" 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

- on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- 2. For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- 3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

:	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	CHWAY	
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ET	Э.	SH 105		
16 16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY		GRIMES	S		73	

					(A)	6	SM RD SG	N ASSM TY <u>X</u>	XXXX (X)	$\times \times (\times - \times \times \times)$	BRIDGE
PLAN HEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM (TYPE	(TYPE	DOST TYPE DOST	S ANCHOR TYPE	MOUN	NTING DESIGNATION 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam	MOUNT CLEARANCE SIGNS (See Note 2)
					FLAT ALUN	EXAL ALUM	TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	2 SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic		WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	TY = TYPE TY N TY S
9	1 _	D3-1G	EIGHTH ST 100 7-90°				10BWG 1	SA	P	TO BE RELOCATED	
9	1	D3-1G	W. WASHINGTON 400								
9	1 L	R1-1	STOP								

Square Feet Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5 0.080"
7.5 to 15 0.100"
Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- . For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- . For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

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E:	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
TxDOT May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY		
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ET	Э.	SH	SH 105		
16 16	DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	BRY		GRIMES	S		74		

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP))

TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT)) 10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- UB = Universal Anchor Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))
- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

- P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))
- T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- IF REQUIRED
- 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
 BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

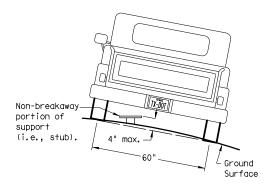
7 ft.

diameter

circle

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

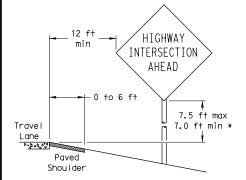
circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

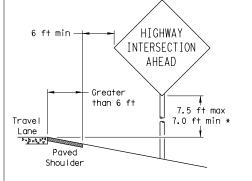
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width, the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



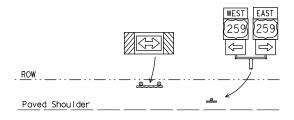
GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

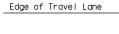
When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

⊢ 6 ft min 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min * Travel Lane 4,000 Paveo Shou I der

T-INTERSECTION

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane. two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.







- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

CTxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
8 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
	0315	04	087, ET	Э.	S	H 105
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		GRIME:	S		75

BEHIND BARRIER

**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

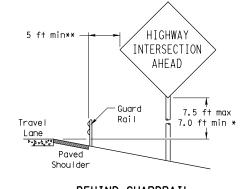
Maximum

Travel

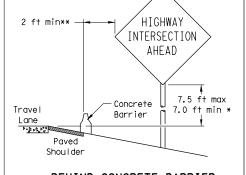
Lane

Paved

possible



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

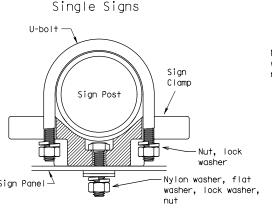
TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

diameter

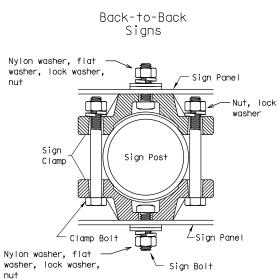
circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



Acceptable

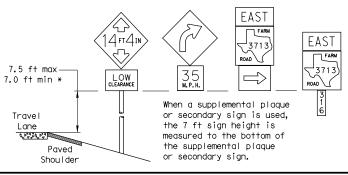
7 ft.

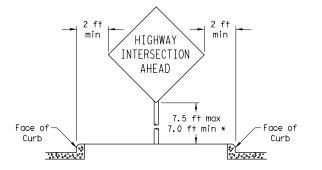
diameter

circle

	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





Shou I der Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND

9-0

10 BWG Tubing or Bolt Keeper Plate

Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base 5/8" structural

bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by manufacturer

or A449 and galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2".

3/4 " diameter hole. 361 Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar.

Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

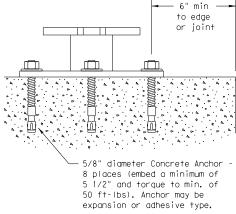
should take approx.

2.5 cf of concrete.

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2" Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

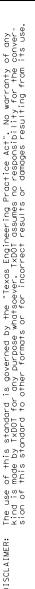
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



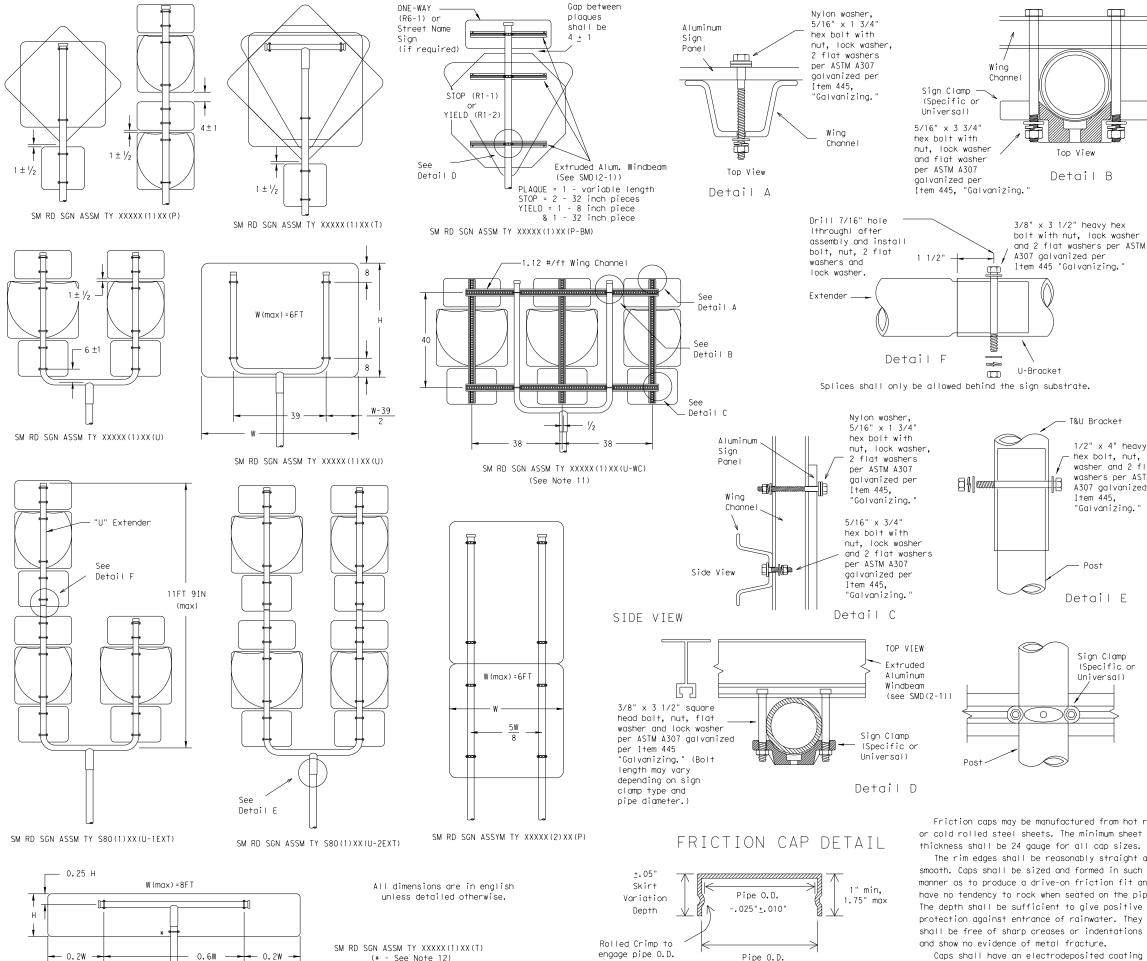
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

ℂTxDOT July 2002	DN: TX	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXD	TC	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		нт	SHWAY
	0315	04	087, ET	D.	SH	105
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		GRIME:	S		76



DATE: 6/30/2024 FILE: pw:/



(* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

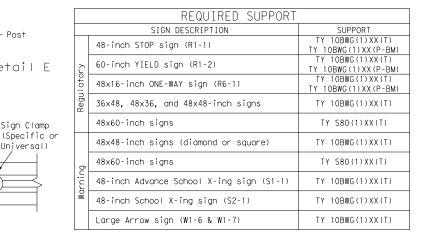
 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TX	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
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	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
	BRY		GRIME:	S		77	

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

Top View

Detail B

T&U Bracket

Item 445,

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

A307 galvanized per

washer and 2 flat

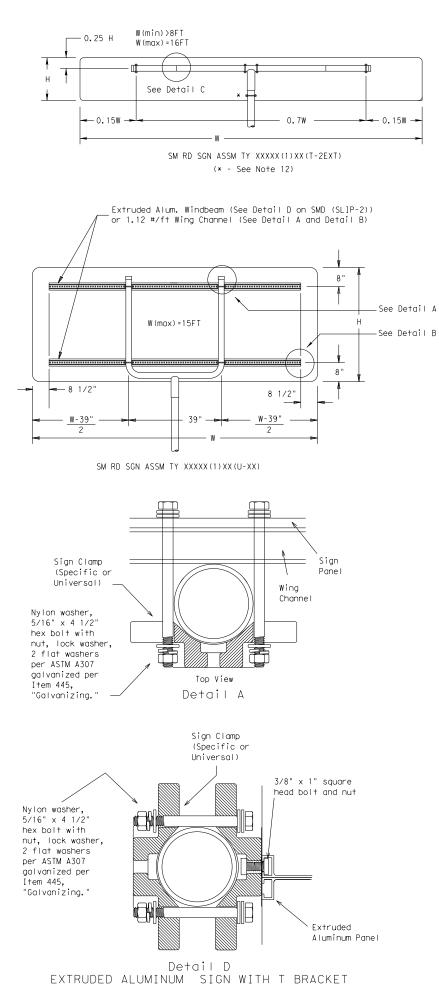
washers per ASTM

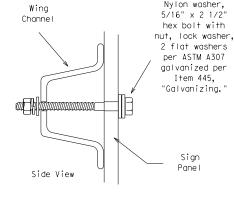
The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

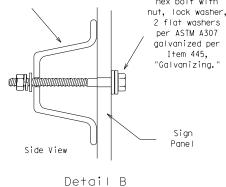
Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

+.025" <u>+</u>.010"

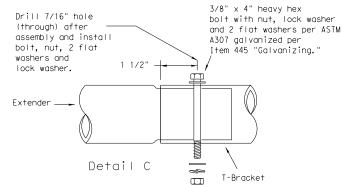








w variable



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

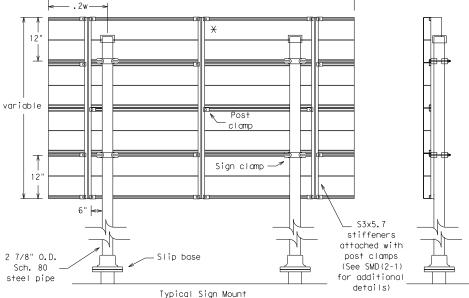
3/8" x 4 1/2"

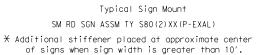
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

"Galvanizing.

Detail E

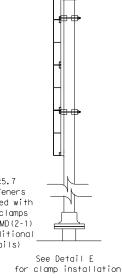




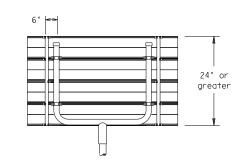
Sign Clamp

See Detail D

ῒ Bracket







Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket

6" panel should

be placed at the top of

sign for proper mounting.

Extruded Aluminum

Sign

2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWGsteel pipe

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

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4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.

10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post

for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

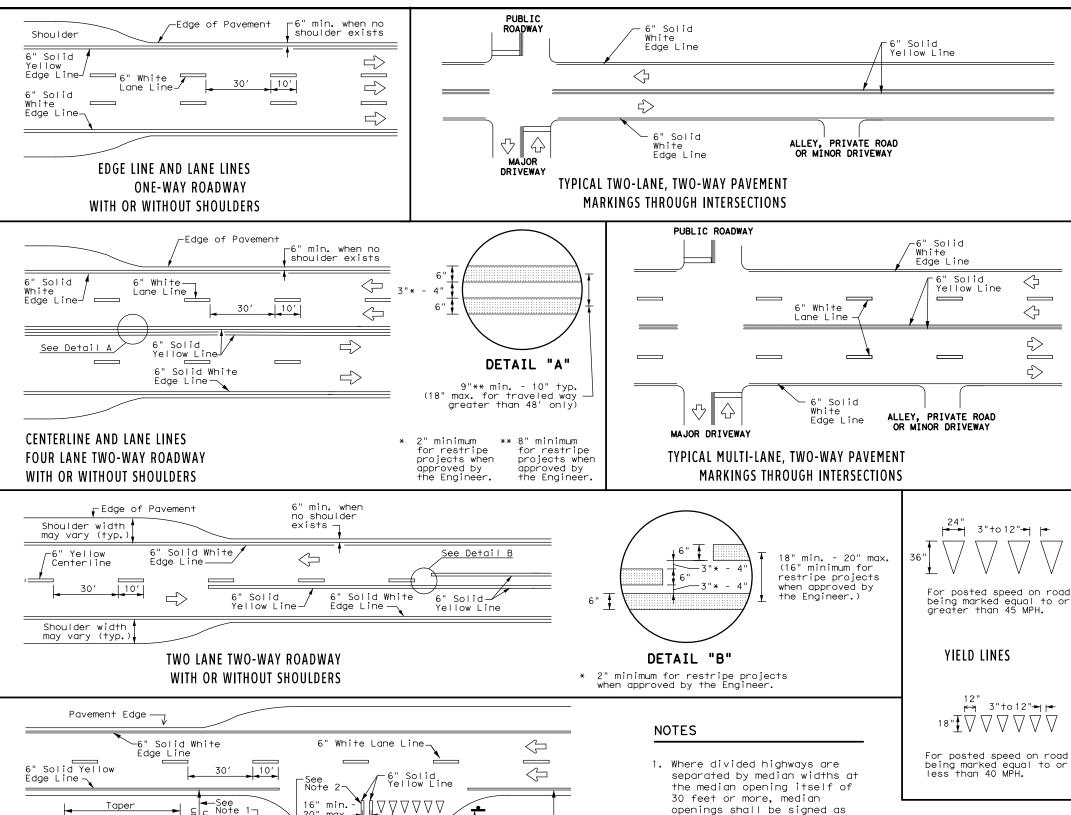
12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
ng	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warnin	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
Warr	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXE	тоот	CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н:	HIGHWAY	
	0315	04	087, ETC. SH 10			105	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY		GRIME:	S		78	



20" max.

ΔΔΔΔΔ

_48" min.

line to stop/yield

Storage

Deceleration

 \Rightarrow

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

from edge

Lines

-6" White Lane Line

GENERAL NOTES

 \triangleleft

 \Diamond

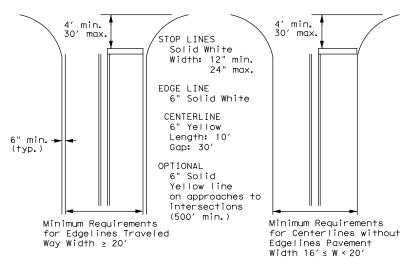
5>

₹>

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths.

Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(1) - 22

		•			
E: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -78 9-00 6-20	0315	04	087, ET	c. s	SH 105
-78 8-00 6-20 -95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
00 2-12	BRY		GRIME	S	79

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as

two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

6" Solid Yellow-

6" Solid White

Edge Line

Edge Line—

8" Dotted

White

Line Extension Pavement

RIGHT LANE

Edge

NOTES

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING ISTANCE (
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f+)
30 MPH	460	w _c 2
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	

Type II-A-A Markers

20'

8'-16'

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

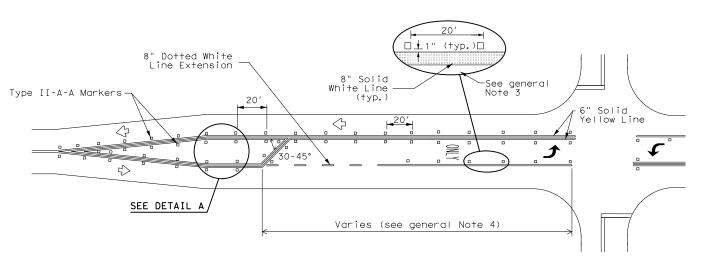
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

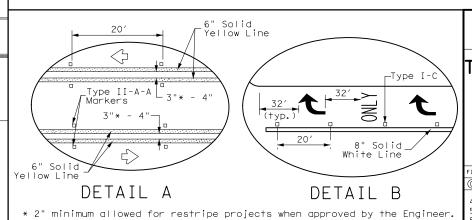
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



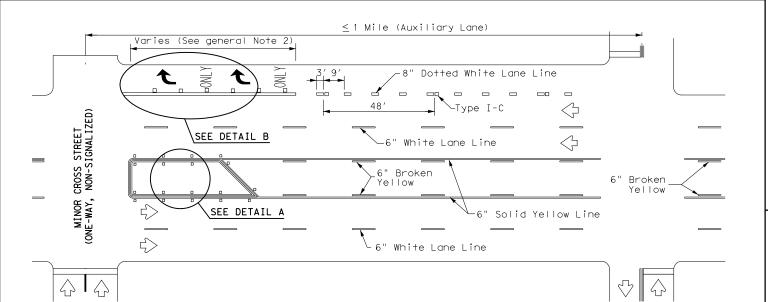


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
©⊺xDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-98 3-03 6-20	0315	04	087, ET	SH 105	
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	BRY		GRIME	S	80
220					





Lane-Reduction

Arrow

D/4

6" Dotted White

D/2

Lane Line

D/4

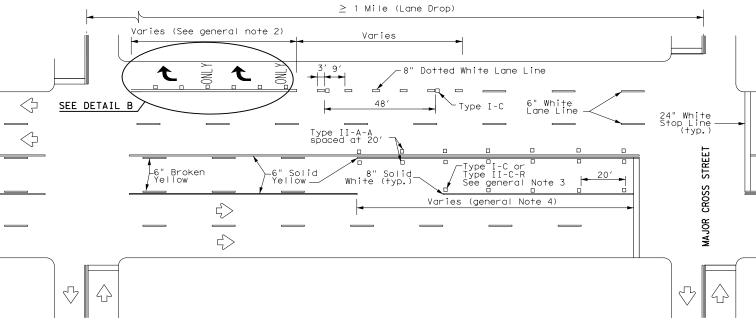
MERGE LEFT

Paved Shoulder

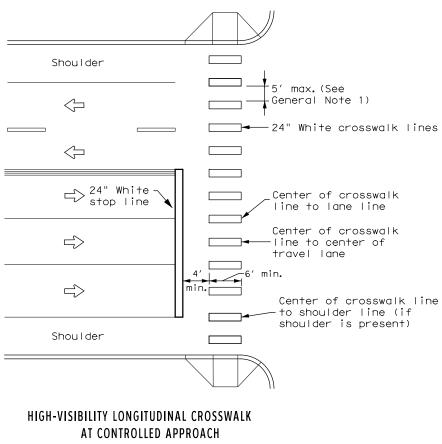
300'-500'

(Optional)

TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

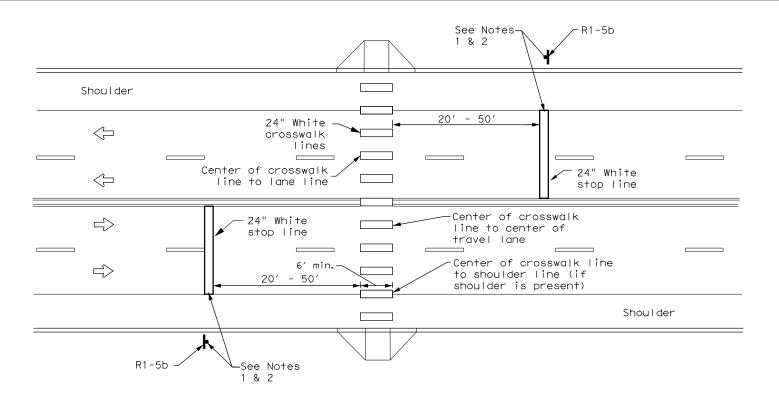


GENERAL NOTES

- Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

NOTES:

- 1. Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- 2. Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(4) - 22A

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12-22	BRY		GRIME	S	81

22D

is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice purpose whotsever. TXDOT assumes no responsionate or for incorrect results or demons results. of this standard by TxDOT for any

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TXDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies. No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies. Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" × 10" × 4"	12" × 12" × 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in, and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



Traffic

Operation Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS **CONDUITS & NOTES**

ED(1)-14

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ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

C. TEMPORARY WIRING

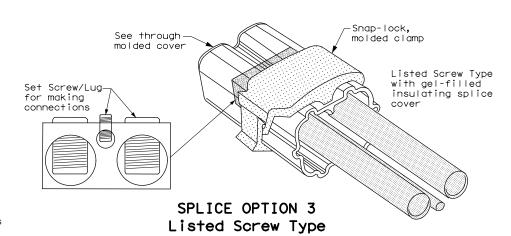
- 1. Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NEC.

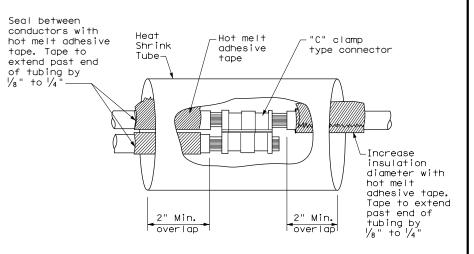
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

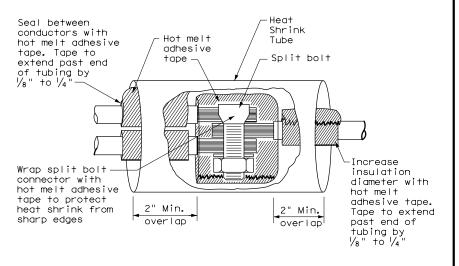
B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- 5. Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

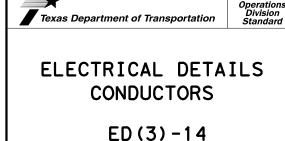




SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type

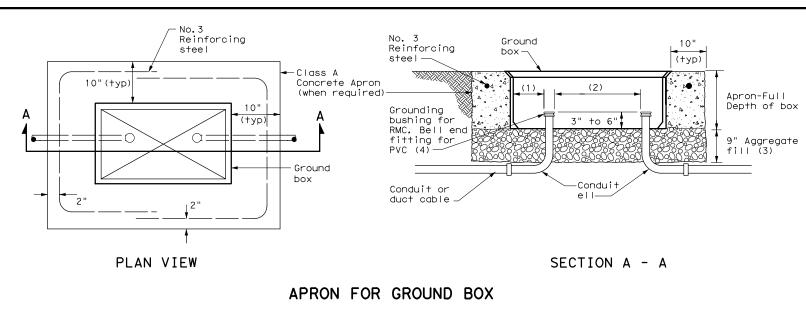


SPLICE OPTION 2 Split Bolt Type



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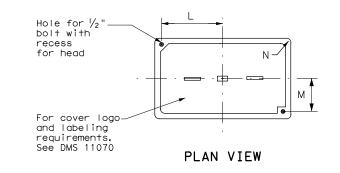
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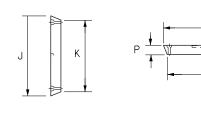


- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROU	ND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
А	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
E	12 X 23 X 17

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS									
TYPE		DIMENSIONS (INCHES)							
1175	Н	Ι	J	К	L	М	N	Р	
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 7/8	5 1/8	1 3/8	2	
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 3/4	1 3/8	2	







SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

END

GROUND BOXES A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- 2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES

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		FOUNDATION DESIGN TABLE														
	FDN	DRILLED		FORCING STEEL	EMBEDDE LENGT	D DRILLE H-f+(4),	D SHAFT	ANC	HOR BO	LT DES	IGN		DUNDATION DESIGN			
	TYPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS	SPIRAL & PITCH	N	ONE PENE ⁻ blows/f 15	TROMETER † 40	ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)							
	24-A	24"	4-#5	#2 at 12"	5.7	5.3	4.5	3/4 "	36	12 3/4"	1	10	1	Pedestal pole, pedestal mounted controller.		
	30-A	30"	8-#9	#3 at 6"	11.3	10.3	8.0	1 1/2 "	55	17"	2	87	3	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)	l	
	36-A	36"	10-#9	#3 at 6"	13.2	12.0	9.4	1 3/4"	55	19"	2	131	5	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) 30' strain pole with or without luminaire.		
	36-B	36"	12-#9	#3 at 6"	15.2	13.6	10.4	2"	55	21"	2	190	7	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) Strain pole taller than 30′& strain pole with mast arm		
Ľ	42-A	42"	14-#9	#3 at 6"	17.4	15.6	11.9	2 1/4"	55	23"	2	271	9	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)		

	FOUNDATION SELE ARM PLUS IL	ECTION TABL SN SUPPORT	E FOR STANDA ASSEMBLIES	ARD MAST (ft)	
		FDN 30-A	FDN 36-A	FDN 36-B	FDN 42-A
_	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH	32′	48′		
		24′ X 24′			
80 MPH DESIGN WIND SPEED		28′ X 28′			
	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM	32′ X 28′	32′ X 32′		
	LENGTH COMBINATIONS		36′ X 36′		
			40′ X 36′		
			44′ X 28′	44′ X 36′	
z	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH		36′	44′	
OO MPH DESIGN WIND SPEED			24′ X 24′		
			28′ X 28′		
	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM		32′ X 24′	32′ X 32′	
	LENGTH COMBINATIONS			36′ X 36′	
				40′ ×24′	40′ X 36′
_					44′ × 36′

Span Wires

Clamp Arm Length

Supporting

II SN

Sway Cable

1. For 80mph design wind speed, foundation

30-A can support up to a 32' arm with

2. For 100mph design wind speed, foundation 36-A can support a single 36' mast arm.

-2 Flat Washers

-Type 2

NUT ANCHOR

(TYPE 2)

Thickness =

d/4 (inch) min.

≺2 Sides

per Anchor Bolt

another arm up to 28'

-Heavy Hex Nut (Typ)

¼" thk. min. Circular Steel

Top Template

Lengt read Min.

vanize Top Thi

(Omit bottom template for FDN 24-A)

Type

R = d

<u>1 ½" Min</u>

Circular Steel Bottom Template

HOOKED ANCHOR

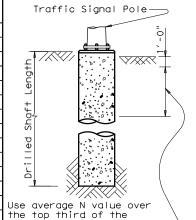
(TYPE 1)

ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

8 Orient anchor bolts orthogonal with the fixed arm direction to

ensure that two bolts are in

tension under dead load.



embedded shaft.

Luminaire Arm (optional)

Wire loads.

TYPICAL STRAIN POLE **ASSEMBLY**

Fixed Arm Length

Luminaire Arm (optional)

8'-0"

8

TYPICAL MAST ARM

ASSEMBLY

-Anchor bolts to be approximately oriented

tension from the Span

so that two bolts are in

35,

to do so when

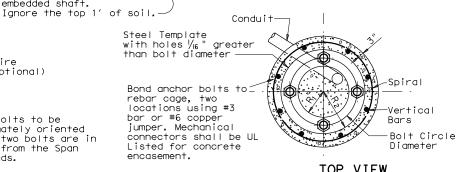
concrete is placed.

NOTES:

- ① Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Loads.
- (2) Foundation Design Loads are the allowable moments and shears at the base of the structure.
- (3) Foundations may be listed separately or grouped according to similarity of location and type. Quantities are for the Contractor's information only.
- ④ Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.
- (5) If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shaft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- (6) Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

ANGUOD DOLT A TEMPLATE CIZEC										
ANCHOR BOLT & TEMPLATE SIZES										
BOLT DIA IN.	7 BOLT LENGTH	TOP THREAD	BOTTOM THREAD	BOLT CIRCLE	R2	R1				
3/4 "	1′-6"	3"		12 3/4"	7 1/8"	5 5/8"				
1 1/2 "	3'-4"	6"	4"	17"	10"	7"				
1 3/4"	3′-10"	7"	4 ½"	19"	11 1/4"	7 3/4"				
2"	4'-3"	8"	5"	21"	12 ½"	8 ½"				
2 1/4"	4′-9"	9"	5 ½"	23"	13 3/4"	9 1/4"				

(7) Min dimensions given, longer bolts are accéptable.



encasement.	10.00	Drailerer
encasement.	TOP VI	FW
	/4" to /2" of bolt shank shall project above concrete —Circular State Template (Temporary)	lirected gineer
Conduit (See Layout Sheets for diameter. Orient as directed by the Engineer. 1 or 2 required)		D 2 - 5
Vertical Bars (See Design Table for size & number).	Ci	Shaft Ler Shaft Ler Shaft Ler
Spiral, 3 flat turns top & 1 flat turn bottom. (See Design Table for size & pitch)	Drilled 5	Embedded Dr (See Summ
Vertical bars may rest on bottom of drilled hole if material is firm enough to do so when	Shaft Dia	

FOUNDATION DETAILS

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

> TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATION

> > TS-FD-12

		1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MAO/MM	-	CK:JSY/TEB
5-96 1-99	REVISIONS 5-96		CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
1-99 1-12			0315	04	087, ET	37, ETC.		SH 105	
			DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
			BRY		GRIME	S			85

GENERAL NOTES:

OTAL DRILLED SHAFT LENGTHS

LOCATION

DENTIFICATION

N BLOW

/f+.

FDN

TYPE

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

Reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

FOUNDATION SUMMARY TABLE

DRILLED SHAFT LENGTH 6

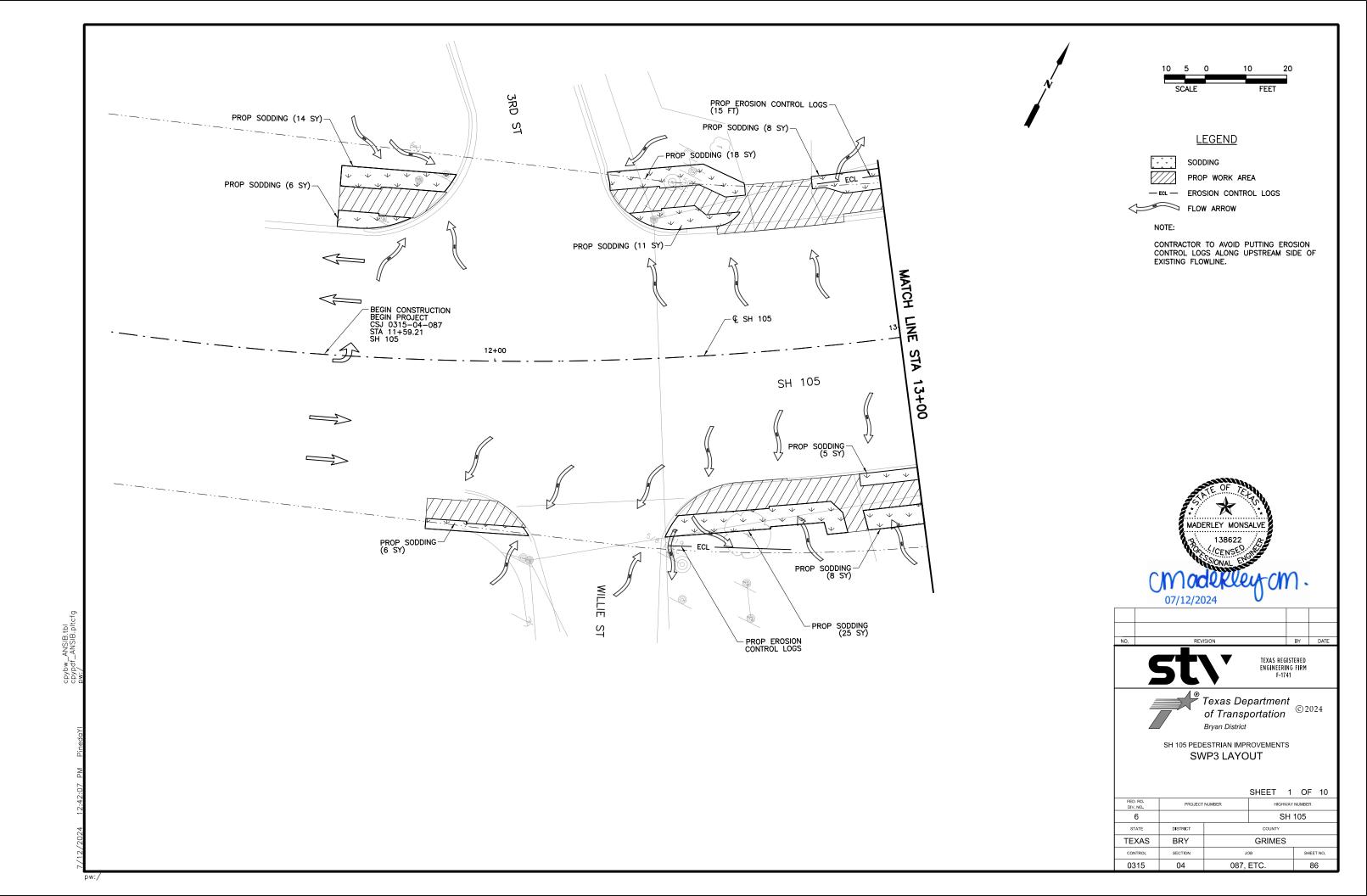
24-A 30-A 36-A 36-B 42-A

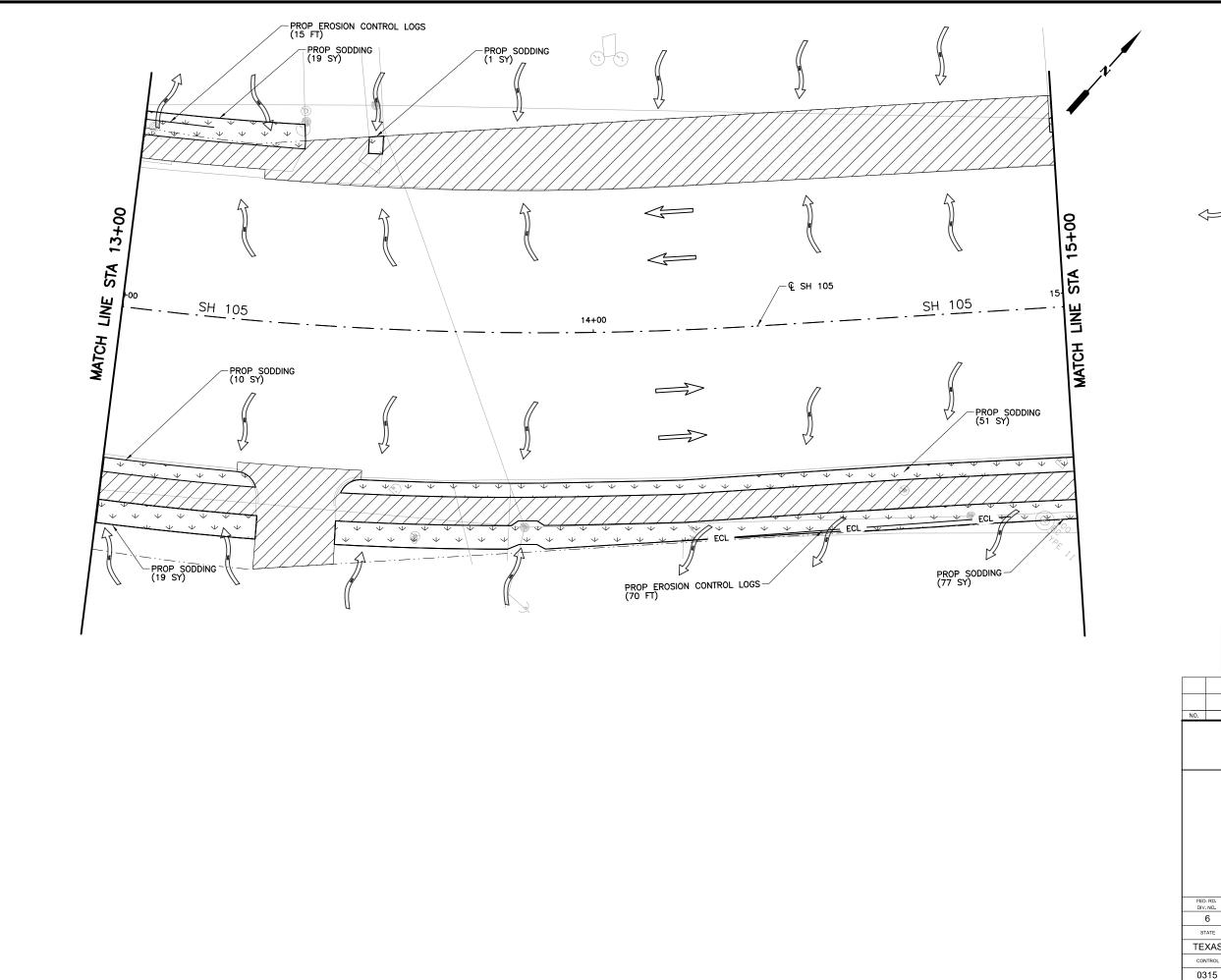
Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes. Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

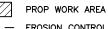
Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".







SODDING



- ECL - EROSION CONTROL LOGS

FLOW ARROW

NOTE:

CONTRACTOR TO AVOID PUTTING EROSION CONTROL LOGS ALONG UPSTREAM SIDE OF EXISTING FLOWLINE.

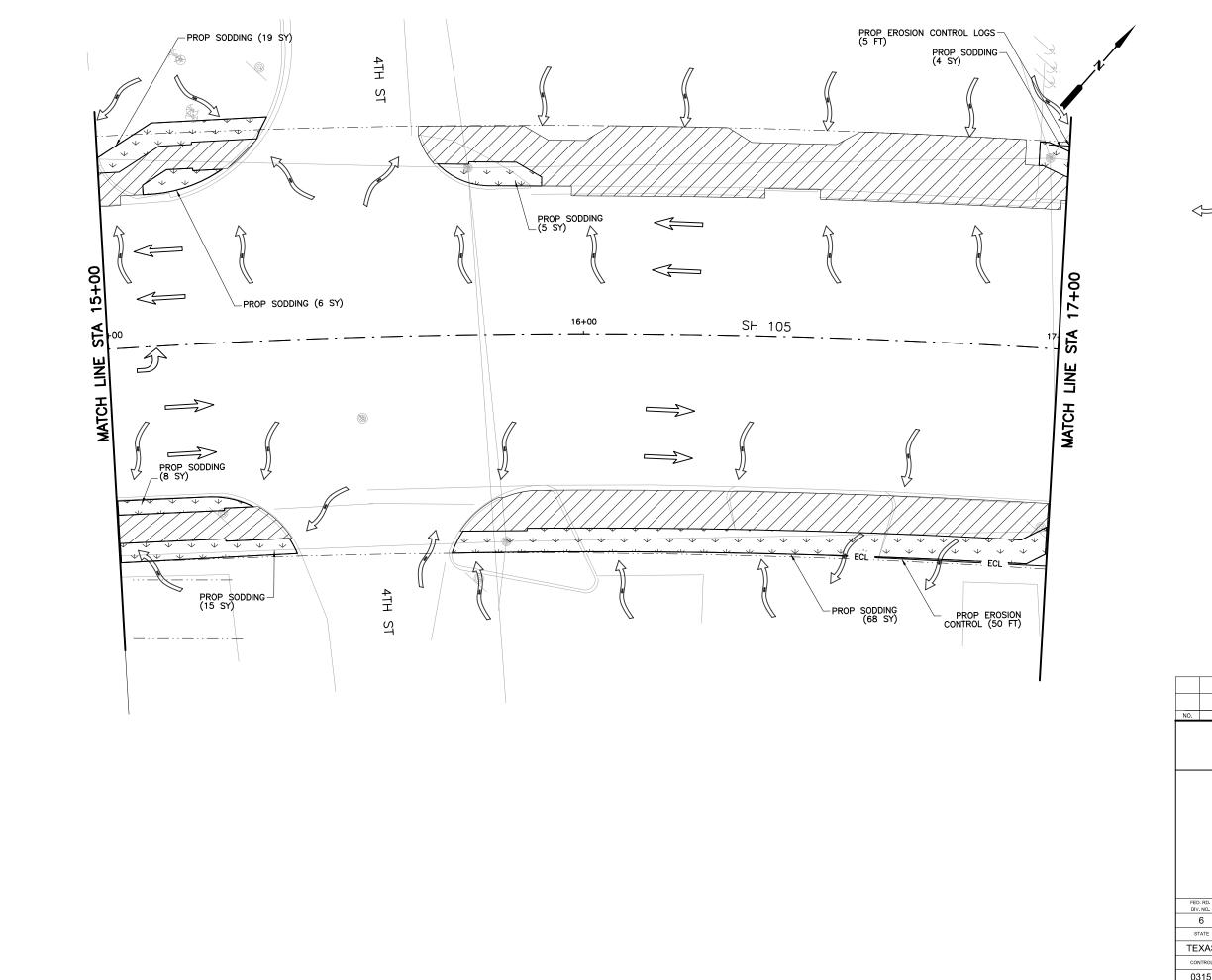


TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



	SHEET	2	OF	
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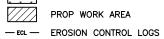
			SHEET	2	OF	10	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIG	HWAY I	NUMBER		
6			Ç	SH 1	105		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	BRY	GRIMES					
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	SHEET NO.				
0315	04	087,	87				







SODDING



FLOW ARROW

NOTE:

CONTRACTOR TO AVOID PUTTING EROSION CONTROL LOGS ALONG UPSTREAM SIDE OF EXISTING FLOWLINE.

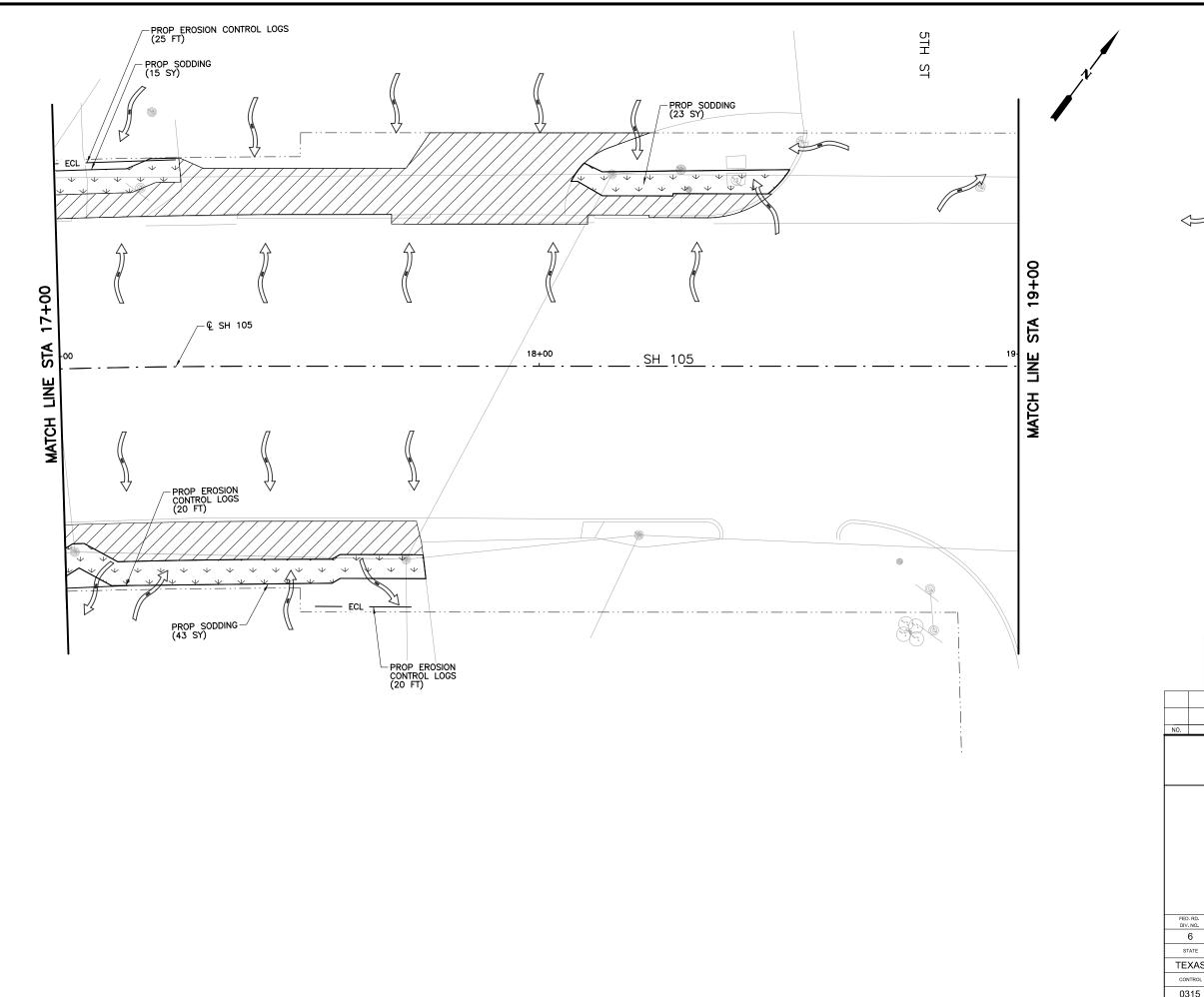




TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741

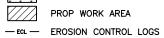


			SHEET	3	OF	10
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6				SH 1	105	
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	GRIMES				
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	ОВ		SHEET	NO.
0315	04	087,	ETC.		88	3





SODDING



FLOW ARROW

NOTE:

CONTRACTOR TO AVOID PUTTING EROSION CONTROL LOGS ALONG UPSTREAM SIDE OF EXISTING FLOWLINE.

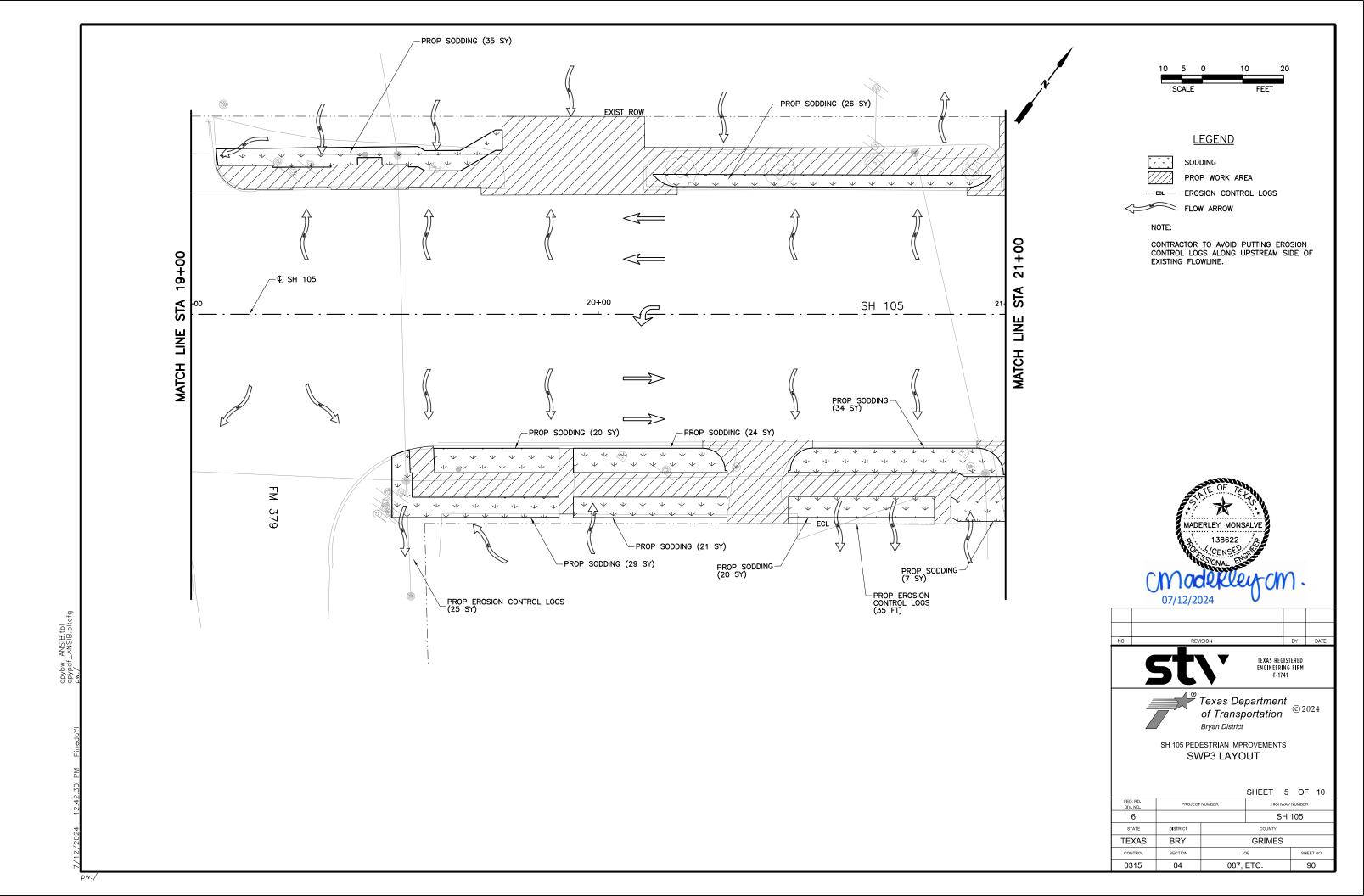


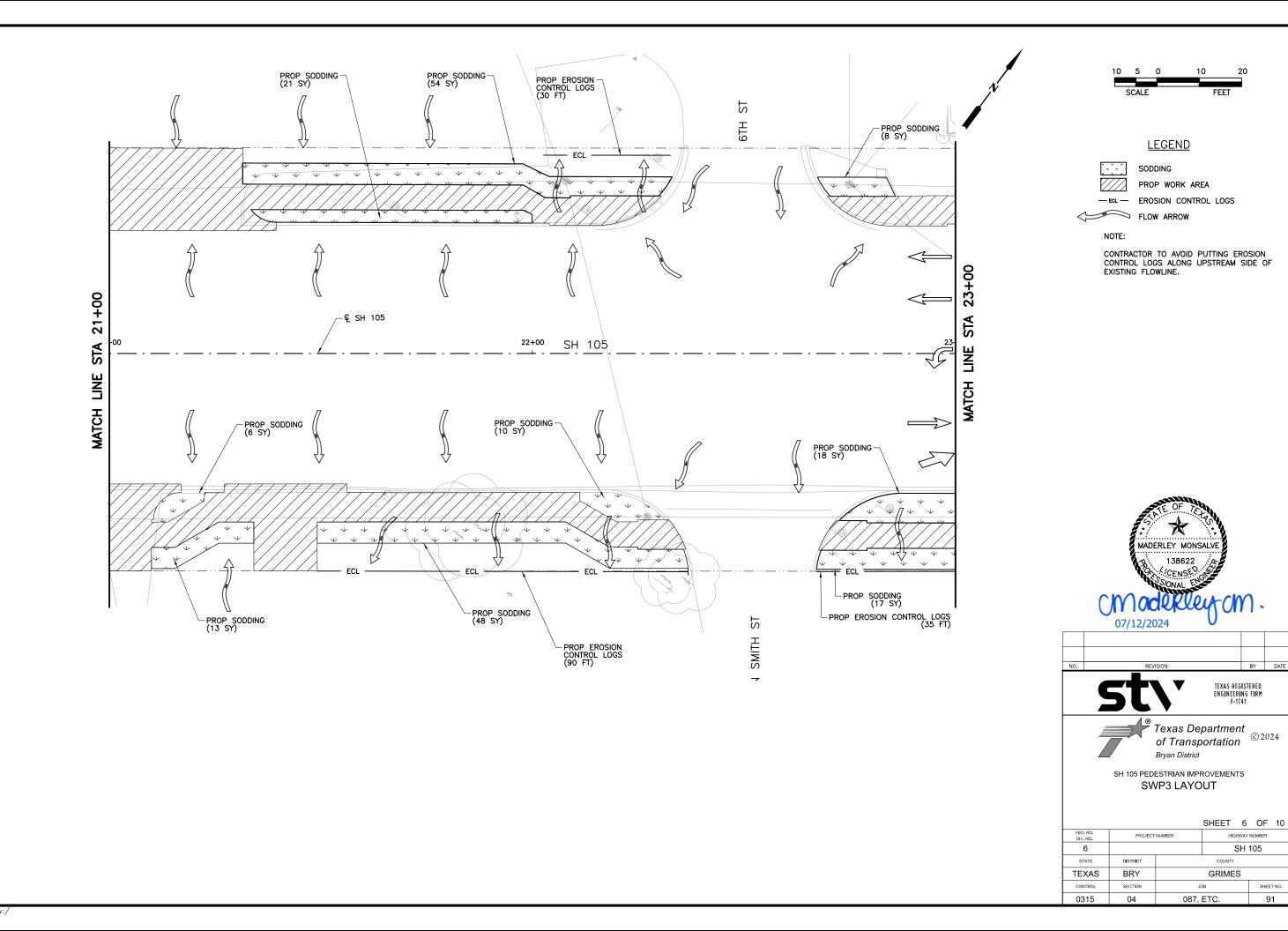




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			SHEET	4	OF	10
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER			
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0315	04	087,	ETC.		89	9





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TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741

SHEET 6 OF 10

COUNTY

GRIMES

087, ETC.

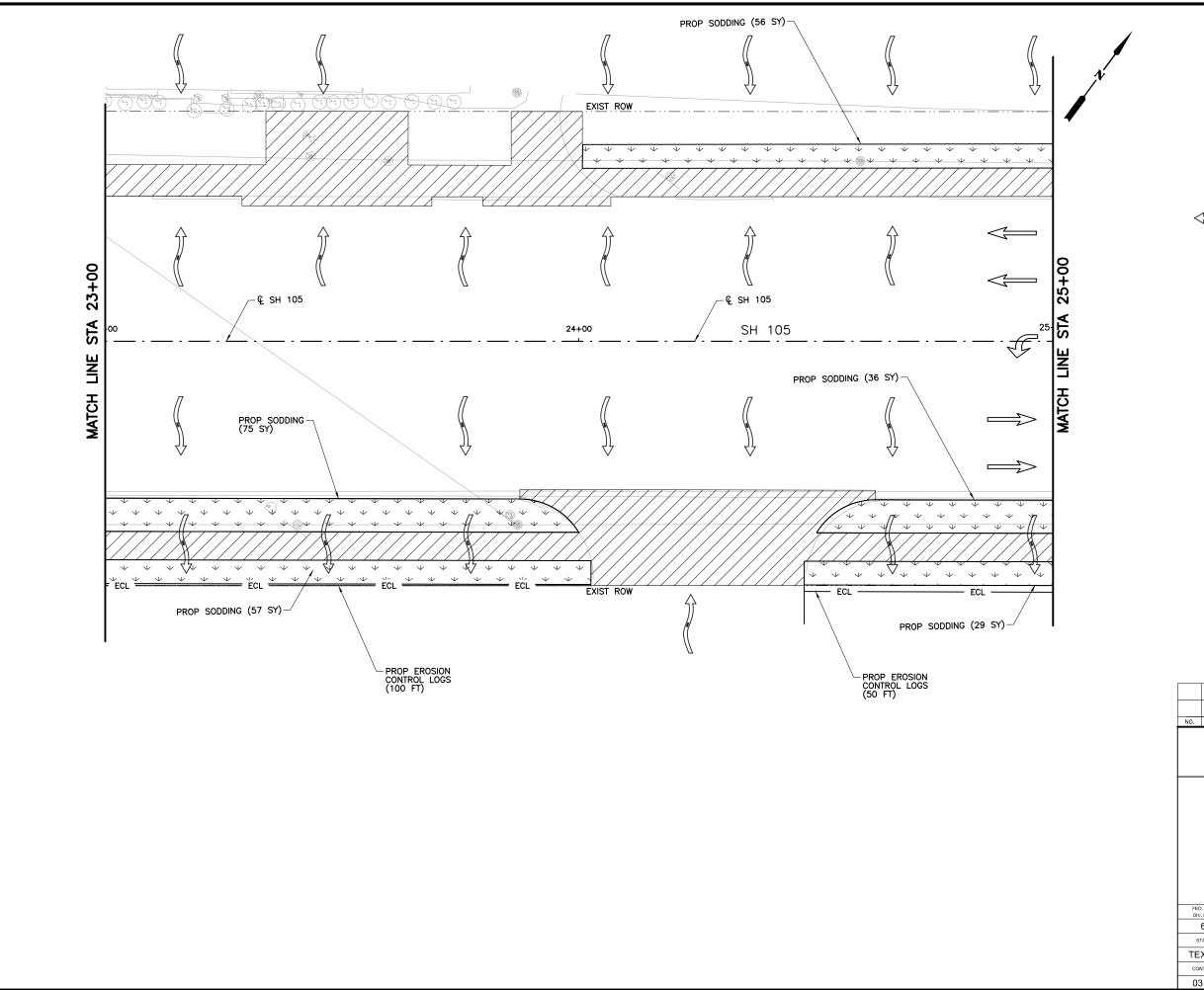
HIGHWAY NUMBER SH 105

SHEET NO.

91

of Transportation

Bryan District





SODDING

PROP WORK AREA - ECL - EROSION CONTROL LOGS

FLOW ARROW

NOTE:

CONTRACTOR TO AVOID PUTTING EROSION CONTROL LOGS ALONG UPSTREAM SIDE OF EXISTING FLOWLINE.

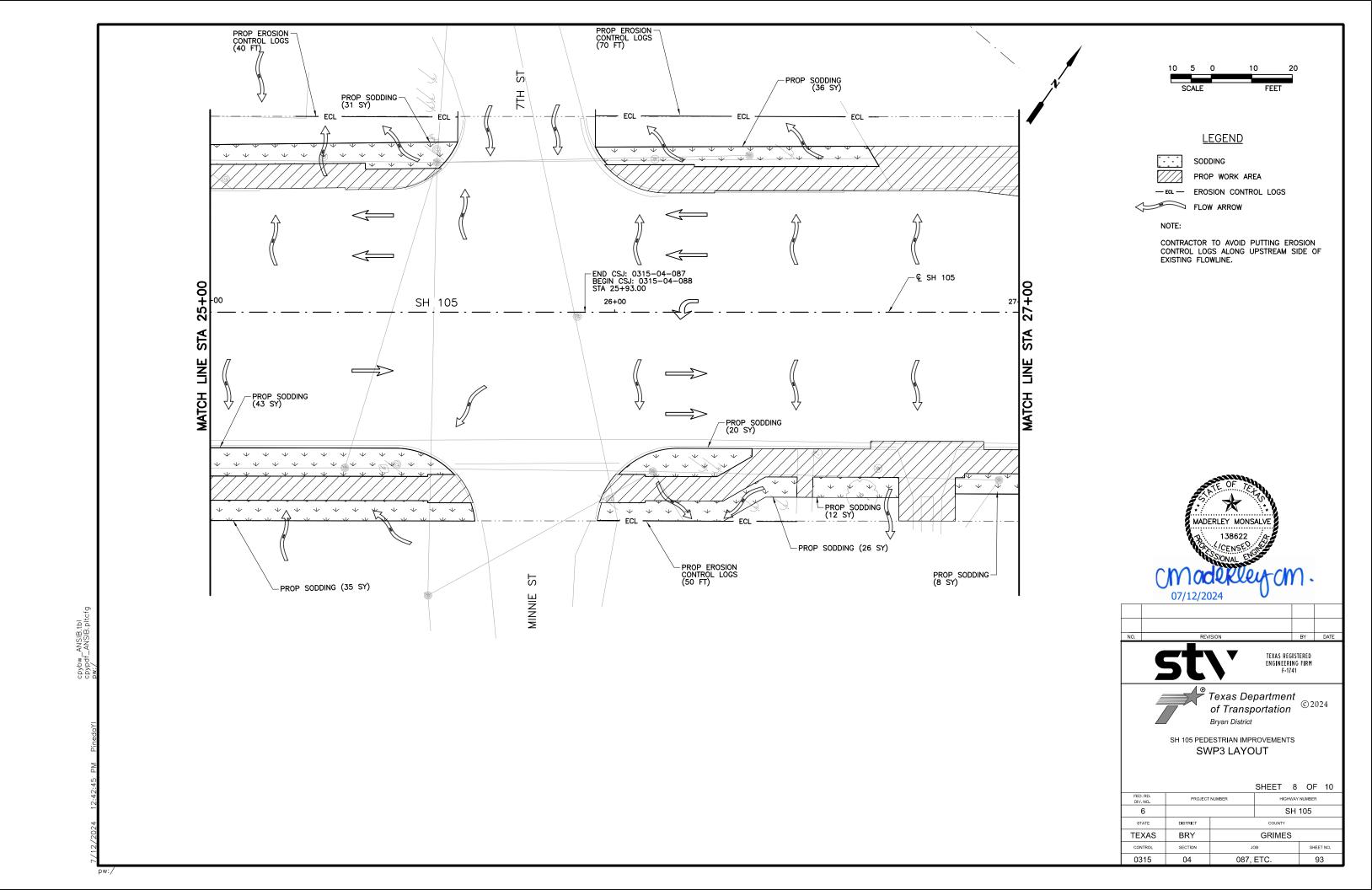


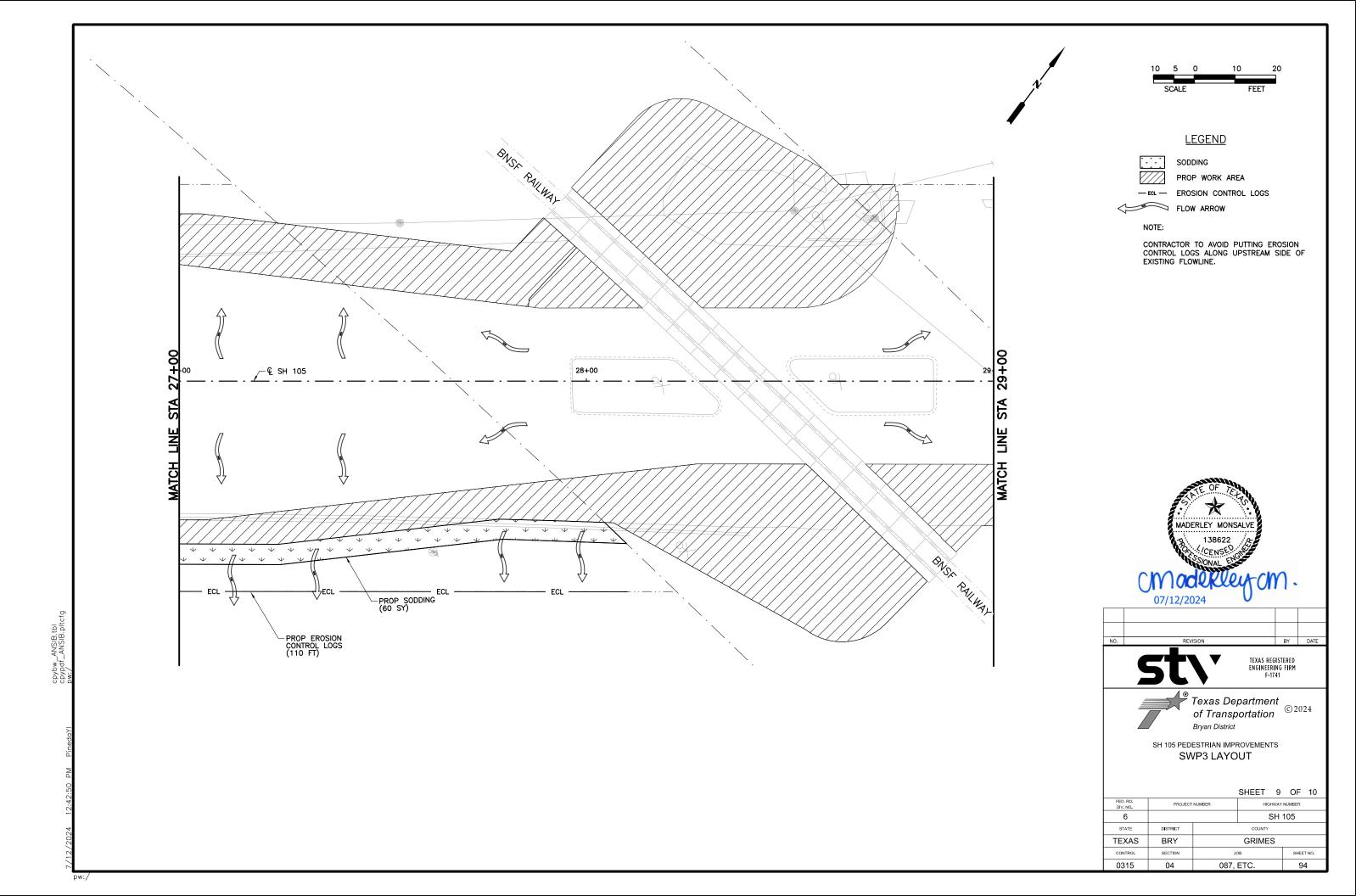


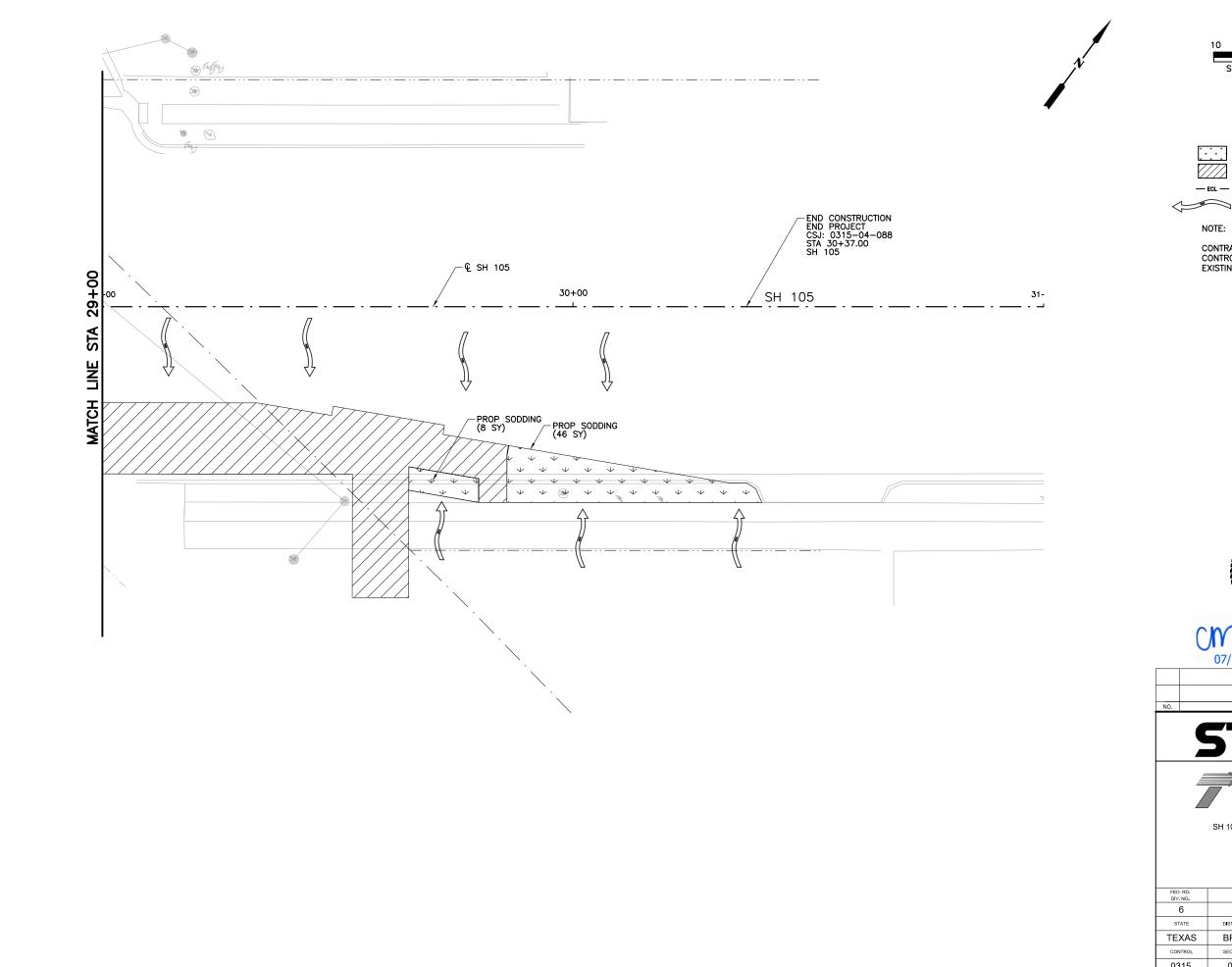


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			SHEET	7	OF	10
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0315	04	087,	ETC.		92	2









SODDING

PROP WORK AREA - ECL - EROSION CONTROL LOGS

FLOW ARROW

CONTRACTOR TO AVOID PUTTING EROSION CONTROL LOGS ALONG UPSTREAM SIDE OF EXISTING FLOWLINE.





TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-1741



SH 105 PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENTS
SWP3 LAYOUT

SHEET 10 OF 10

			OHELH	10	01 10
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6				SH 10)5
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	GRIMES			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEE		SHEET NO.	
0315	04	087,	ETC.		95

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

CSJ: 0315-04-087, etc.

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: Third Street

To: Nineth Street

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 30.3833328

(Long) -96.0967625

END: (Lat) 30.3864945 (Long) -96.0915612

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 4.333

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.906

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

For the construction of curb ramps, sidewalks, and miscellaneous pedestrian elements.

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Wilson Clay Loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	100% Clay, Moderately well drained, high rate of runoff, moderate erosion potential.

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

☐ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

X No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

☐ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

	 	-	
Other:			
Juiel.			

A41			
Other:			
J.11101			

Other:		
Ouiei.		

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- X Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

□ Other.	
□ Other:	

□ Other:

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS: Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodi	_ es with pollutant in ()

	* Add (*)	tor impaired	l waterbodies	s with pollu	itant in ()	Ì
--	-----------	--------------	---------------	--------------	-------------	---

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:				
	•	•	•	

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

☐ Other:

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

□ Other:			



STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



July 2023

Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
					96
STATE STATE DIST.		COUNTY			
TEXAS		BRY	GRIMES		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0315	5	04	087, ETC.	SH 105	

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
 X X Protection of Existing Vegetation Vegetated Buffer Zones Soil Retention Blankets
□ □ Geotextiles
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments
X □ Temporary Seeding
□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking
□ □ Interceptor Swale
☐ ☐ Riprap☐ ☐ Diversion Dike
☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Dewatering Controls
□ □ Inlet Protection □ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ □ Sandbag Berms
X Sediment Control Fence
☐ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Typo	Statio	ning	
Type	From	То	
efer to the Environmental L	ayout Sheets/ SWP3	Layout Sheets	
cated in Attachment 1.2 of		-	

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily

X Haul roads dampened for dust control

X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin

Stabilized construction exit

Daily street sweeping

Other:

□ Other:

Other:			

Othor			

Other.			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets
located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

Other:		
Other:		

☐ Other:				
_	 •	•	•	
□ Other				

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Туре	Stationing						
	From	То					

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

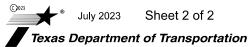
All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



MADERLEY MONSALVE 138622



moderley

07/12/2024

PROJECT NO. 97 STATE

TEXAS BRY 0315 04 087, ETC. SH 105

506.4.3.4 Restricted Activities and Required Precautions

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Item 7.7.1 Cultural Resources, in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer.

Required Action

No Action Required

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.

Required Action

No Action Required

Action No.

1. Tree removal to be done in accordance with Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items:

160 Topsoil

730 Roadside Mowing

161 Compost

751 Landscape Maintenance 752 Tree and Brush Removal

162 Sodding for Erosion Control 164 Seeding for Erosion Control

166 Fertilizer

168 Vegetative Watering 169 Soil Retention Blankets

170 Irrigation System

180 Wildflower Seeding

192 Landscape Planting

AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

193 Landscape Establishment

506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES

Required Action

☐ No Action Required

Action No.

1. Do not kill snakes or other animalsPL

2. Do not destroy nests on structures within the project limits.

Temporarily prevent the building of nests on any structures that require work within the project limits during the construction timeframe.

This can be accomplished by application of bird repellant gel, netting, or removal by hand every 3-4 days.

The nesting/breeding season for migratory birds is March 1 - September 1.

Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), it is unlawful by any means or manner, to pursue, hunt, take, capture, [or] kill any migratory birds except as permitted by regulation (16 U.S.C. 703-704). Neither the statute nor its implementing regulations (Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 10, 13, 21) exempt unintentional take of migratory birds. The unauthorized take (e.g. killing, capturing, or collecting) of migratory birds is a strict liability criminal offense that does not require knowledge or specific intent on the part of the offender. Even when engaged in an otherwise lawful activity for which the intent is not the killing of migratory birds, a violation may be committed.

- 3. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area to verify the presence or absence of wildlife.
- 4. BMPs for T and E species will be discussed at the preconstruction meeting.

The Bryan District Environmental Section can be contacted at (979) 778-9766 to assist with the removal of wildlife that will not leave on their own with gentle persuasion.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Item: 7.7.6 Project Specific Locations

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the Engineerimmediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product

Contact the Engineer if any of the follwing are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.* Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes No.

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notifiy DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discoverd on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Required Action Action No.

☐ No Action Required

1. The Clean Water Act, in part, requires that any spill of oil that could enter

a waterway, as defined by the Act, and that violates applicable water quality

standards or causes a film or sheen on water require reporting to the TCEQ and local authorities. Contact the Bryan District Environmental Section at 979-778-9766.

If potentially hazardous material and/or contaminated media (i.e. soil, groudwater, surface water, sediment, building materials) are unexpectedly encountered during construction, immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 6.10 Hazardous Materials 7.12 Responsibility for Hazardous Materials

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Required Action

No Action Required

Action No.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 7.7.6 Project Specific Locations 751 Landscape Maintenance

Contacts:

Mr. John D. Moravec Environmental Coordinator Texas Department of Transportation Bryan District 2591 N. Earl Rudder Freeway Bryan, TX 77803 Phone: (979) 778-9766 Fax: (979) 778-9702

e-mail: John.Moravec@txdot.gov

Texas Department of Transportation Bryan District

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

©2024

SHEET 1 OF 1 PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER SH 105 DISTRICT STATE COUNTY BRY **TEXAS** GRIMES CONTROL SECTION SHEET NO. 087 FTC 0315 04 Q.S.

GENERAL TREE PROTECTION NOTES:

- Protect and ensure the continued good health of existing trees identified on the plans or directed by the Engineer. Protective measures include providing, installing, maintaining and removing protective fences, bound wood planking, compost, berm pruning, boring, and watering.
 Install tree protection before any heavy equipment arrives on the site and remains in place for the
- duration of the project.

PROTECTIVE FENCE

- Critical Root Zone (CRZ)= 1 foot radius per 1 caliper inch of trunk diameter.
 Place protective fence at the edge of the critical root zone of trees to be protected. Use
 4 feet high orange plastic mesh or approved equivalent supported on steel T-posts. Use steel T-posts
 minimum of 6 feet long, spaced at intervals sufficient to keep fence pulled tight. Stretch smooth
 galvanized wire from post to post across the top of fence and draw tight. Attach plastic mesh
 to posts and top wire with aluminum tie wire or nylon ties.
 No excavation, grading, filling, soil compaction, parking, or equipment storage is allowed within the fenced area.
 When a construction zone overlaps the root zone due to lack of space, place fence within 2 feet of construction zone.
 Install protective compost filter berm at base of protective fence as shown in detail and described in these notes
 under "Root Zone Protection". Compost filter berm functions as a protective filter from runoff associated with
 construction activities such as: concrete wash, erosion, fill, chemicals, cement and lime work and other activities.

VEGETATIVE WATERING FOR TREE PROTECTION

Water trees at a rate of 30 gallons per week for every week during construction activities. Watering is paid for separately under Item 168-6001 Vegetative Watering.

1. Where protective fence is located closer than 6 feet from a tree trunk from any direction, protect the tree trunk with bound wood planking. Wood planks may be construction grade lumber a minimum of 1 inch by 6 inch nominal. Band planks together with rope, band, or strap of sufficient gauge and quality to keep protective planking in place around tree trunk for the duration of the project. Install wood planks of sufficient length to protect the trunk to a height of 10 feet, or the height of the lowest major branching, whichever is less. Do not use nails, screws or other damaging attachment methods.

ROOT ZONE PROTECTION

- 1. Cover entire area of critical root zone with 4" depth of erosion control compost. Erosion control compost is paid for separately under Item 161-6009 Erosion Control Compost. See standard specification for compost requirements.

 2. Install protective compost filter berm at base of protective fence along entire edge of critical root zone as shown on detail this sheet. Dimensions of compost filter berm are 1 foot tall, and 2 feet wide at base. Use erosion control compost for berm paid for under Item 161-6009 Erosion Control Compost. Maintain berm throughout project.
- 3. Vehicular traffic, stockpiling or storage of materials, parking of equipment and refueling equipment is prohibited in protected areas.

BORING, TRENCHING, GRADING, AND PRUNING

Fence location in constricted areas.

- Where shown in plans, underground utilities crossing under protected areas will be bored beneath critical root zones. Avoid boring directly beneath root flare. Bore depth is 4 feet below existing grade.
 No trenching, excavating, filling, or compaction is allowed within the critical root zone except as specifically identified in the plans and approved by the Engineer.
 When existing grade must be cut within the critical root zone, contact the Engineer prior to beginning work. Before grading or excavation work, saw cut roots to the depth of the proposed disturbance along the edge of the proposed disturbance before excavation is begun.
 Prune flush with soil any roots exposed by construction. Backfill root areas with good quality topsoil as soon as possible. If exposed root areas are not to be backfilled within two days, then cover with a minimum of six inches of erosion control compost. Erosion compost is paid for separately under Item 161-6009 Erosion Control Compost.
 When grading within the critical root zone, use hand or small equipment and alter grade no more than two inches. No soil disturbance is allowed on the root flare under any circumstances.
 Perform any pruning to provide clearance for structures, vehicular traffic, and construction equipment before construction damage might occur. Prune any limb damage within two hours of occurrence and according with ANSI A300-1995 standard.

MAINTENANCE OF TREE PROTECTION MATERIALS

Maintain all tree protection materials throughout entire length of project. Repair damaged or affected tree protection materials. Additional erosion control compost may be required during the project and will be paid for separately.

REMOVAL OF TREE PROTECTION MATERIALS

1. Remove and dispose of all protective fencing and trunk protection at end of project.

PLAN VIEW OF INDIVIDUAL TREE AND PROTECTIVE FENCE PLAN VIEW OF TREE GROUP AND PROTECTIVE FENCE -Bound wood planking, see notes this sheet. -4" thick layer erosion control compost over entire critical root zone. See notes this sheet. Undisturbed grade to protective fence. See notes this sheet. -Protective filter berm. Completely enclose critical root zone. See notes and detail this sheet. Preferred fence location. Protective fence and posts located at the edge of the critical root zone. See notes this sheet. Texas Department of Transportation TREE PROTECTION Critical Root Zone (1 foot radius per caliper inch of trunk diameter) SHEET 1 OF 1 TYPICAL TREE PROTECTION Details not to scale STATE SHEET PROJECT NUMBER

-4" thick layer erosion control compost over entire critical root zone. See notes this sheet.

-Protective fence and posts located at the edge of the critical root zone. See notes this sheet.

-Protective filter berm. Completely enclose critical root zone. See notes and detail this sheet.

REQUIRED ITEMS:

- •Item 1004-6001 Tree Protection EA
- •Item 1004-6002 Tree Protection AC
- •Item 161-6009 Erosion Control Compost CY
- •Item 168-6001 Vegetative Watering MG

99

TEXAS

COUNTY

GRIMES

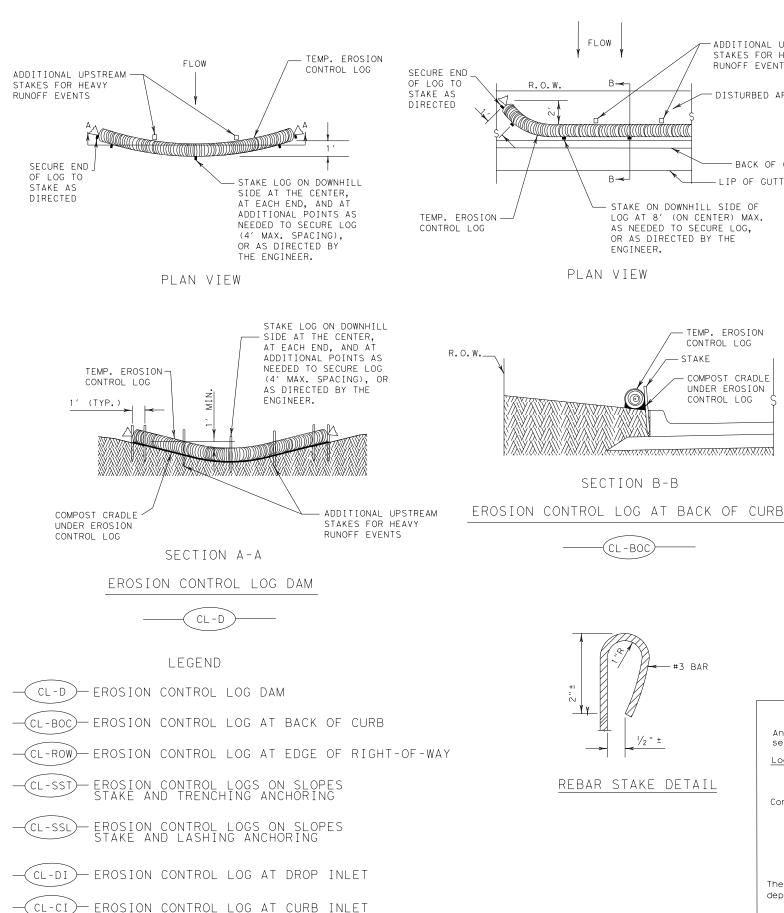
CONTROL SECT JOB

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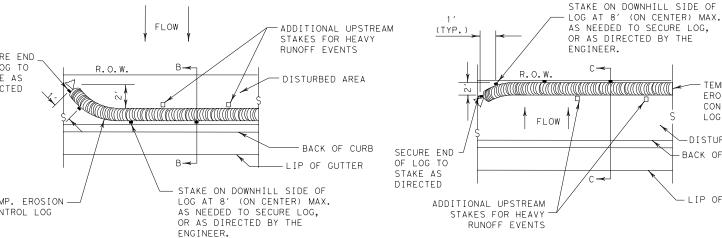
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REVISED: FEB 2015 FOR 2014 SPECS





- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



PLAN VIEW

SECTION B-B

CL-BOC

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADIT

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

//\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\///\\\\///\\\

#3 BAR

CONTROL LOG

TEMP. EROSION R.O.W. CONTROL LOG COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG STAKE SECTION C-C

PLAN VIEW

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

Log Traps:

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

will not be paid for separately.

GENERAL NOTES:

TEMPORARY

-DISTURBED AREA

LIP OF GUTTER

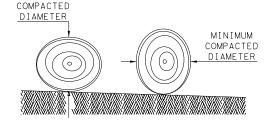
EROSION

CONTROL

LOG

BACK OF CURB

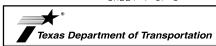
- 1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- 7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.



MINIMUM

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

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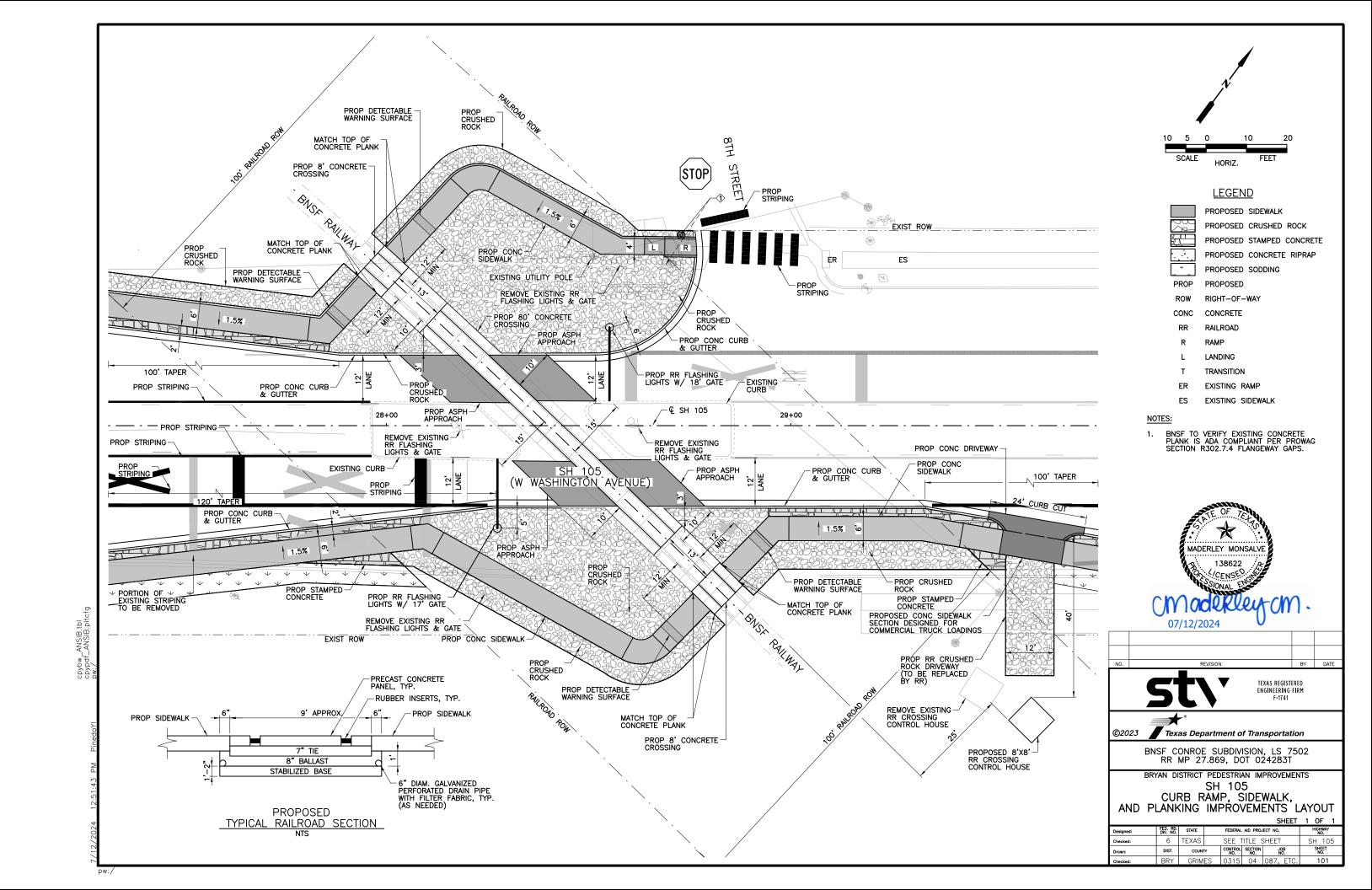
The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction
- limits where drainage flows away from the project.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and

pw:/

CL-GI



PART 1 - GENERAL

DESCRIPTION

This project includes construction work within the right of way and/or properties of the Railroad and adjacent to its tracks, wire lines and other facilities. These sheets describe the minimum special requirements for coordination with the Railroad when working upon, over or under Railroad Right of Way or when impacting current or future Railroad operations. Coordinate with the Railroad while performing the work outlined herein, and afford the same cooperation with the Railroad as with TxDOT. Complete all submittals and work in accordance with TxDOT Standard Specifications, Railroad Guidelines and AREMA recommendations as modified by these minimum special requirements or as directed in writing by the Railroad

For purposes of this project, the Railroad Designated Representative is the person or persons designated by the Railroad Manager of Industry and Public Projects to handle specific tasks related to the project.

1.02 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION / CLARIFICATION

Submit Requests for Information ("RFI") involving work within any Railroad Right of Way to the TxDOT Engineer. The TxDOT Engineer will submit the RFI to the Railroad Designated Representative for review and approval for RFI's corresponding to work within Railroad Right of Way. Allow six (6) weeks total time for review and approval, which includes four (4) weeks for review and approval by the Railroad.

1.03 PLANS / SPECIFICATIONS

TxDOT has received written Railroad approval of the plans and specifications for this project. Any revisions or changes in the plans after award of the Contract must have the approval of TxDOT and the Railroad.

PART 2 - UTILITIES AND FIBER OPTIC

Construct all utility installations in accordance with current AREMA recommendations, Railroad, TxDOT and owning utility specifications and requirements. Railroad general guidelines can be found on the Railroad website or by contacting the Railroad Designated Representative.

PART 3 - CONSTRUCTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Perform all work in compliance with all applicable Railroad, Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and TxDOT rules and regulations. Arrange and conduct work in a manner that does not endanger or interfere with the safe operation of the tracks and property of the Railroad and the traffic moving on such tracks, or the wires, signals and other property of the Railroad, its tenants or licensees, at or in the vicinity of the Work. The safe operation of railroad train movements takes precedence over any work to be performed by the Contractor. The Contractor is responsible for train delay cost and lost revenue claims due to any delays or interruption of train operations resulting from Contractor's construction or other activities.
- B. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational tracks will only be allowed if absolutely necessary and the Railroad's Designated Representative grants approval. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational track(s) preferably allow the tracks to stay operational. In such cases, coordination and approval by the Railroad Track Manager is required with regard to schedule, flagging, and slow orders. See Sections 3.07 and 3.08 for additional information.
- C. Provide track protection for all work equipment (including rubber tired equipment) operating within 25 feet from nearest rail. When not in use, keep Contractor machinery and materials at least 50 feet from the Railroad's nearest track.
- D. Vehicular crossings of railroad track are allowed only at existing crossings, or haul road crossings developed with Railroad approval.
- E. The Contractor is also advised that new railroad facilities within the project may be built by the Railroad. If applicable, these facilities are delineated in the plans. Be aware of the limits of responsibilities and coordinate efforts with the Railroad and TxDOT.
- F. Railroad requirements do not allow work within 50 feet of track centers when a train passes the work site and all personnel must clear the area within 50 feet of the track centerline and secure all equipment. Additional allowances may be pursued as outlined in 3.02 and 3.03.
- G. All permanent clearances shall be verified before project closing.

3.02 RAILROAD OPERATIONS

- A. Trains and/or equipment are expected on any track, at any time, in either direction. Become familiar with the train schedules in this location and structure bid assuming intermittent track windows in this period, as defined in Paragraph B that follows.
- B. All railroad tracks within and adjacent to the contract site are active, and rail traffic over these facilities shall be maintained throughout the Project. Activities may include both through moves and switching moves to local customers. railroad traffic and operations will occur continuously throughout the day and night on these tracks and shall be maintained at all times as defined herein. Coordinate and schedule the work so that construction activities do not interfere with railroad operations.
- C. Coordinate work windows with TxDOT and the Railroad's Designated Representative. Types of work windows include Conditional Work Windows and Absolute Work Windows, as defined below:
 - Conditional Work Window: A Conditional Work Window is a period of time that railroad operations have priority over construction activities. When construction activities may occur on and/or adjacent to the railroad tracks within 25 feet of the nearest track, a railroad flag person will be required. At the direction of the railroad flag person, upon approach of a train, and when trains are present on the tracks, the tracks must be cleared (i.e., no construction equipment, materials or personnel within 25 feet, or as directed by the Railroad Designated Representative, from the tracks). Conditional Work Windows are available for the Project.
 - 2. Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of time that construction activities are given priority over railroad operations. During this time frame, the designated railroad track(s) will be inactive for train movements and may be fouled by the Contractor. At the end of an Absolute Work Window, the railroad tracks and/or signals must be completely operational for train operations and all Railroad, Public Utilities Commission (PUC) and FRA requirements, codes and regulations for operational tracks must be satisfied. In the situation where the operating tracks and/or signals have been affected, the Railroad will perform inspections of the work prior to placing that track back into service. Railroad flag persons will be required for construction activities requiring an Absolute Work Window. Absolute Work Windows will not generally be granted. Any request will require a detailed explanation for Railroad review.

3.03 RIGHT OF ENTRY, ADVANCE NOTICE AND WORK STOPPAGES

- A. Do not perform any work within Railroad Right of Way without a valid executed Right of Entry Agreement if required on this project.
- B. Give advance notice to the Railroad as required in the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" before commencing work in connection with construction upon or over Railroad Right of Way and observe the Railroad's rules and regulations with respect thereto.
- C. Perform all work upon Railroad Right of Way in a manner to avoid interference with or endanger the operations of the Railroad.
 Whenever work may affect the operations or safety of trains, submit the work method to the Railroad Designated Representative for approval. Approval does not relieve the Contractor from Liability. Do not commence any work which requires flagging service or inspection service until the flagging protection required by the Railroad is available at the job site. See Section 3.15 for railroad flagging requirements.
- D. Make requests in writing for both Absolute and Conditional Work Windows, at least 30 days in advance of any work. Include in the written request:
 - Exactly what the work entails.
 - The days and hours that work will be performed. The exact location of work, and proximity to the tracks.
 - The type of window requested and the amount of time requested.
 - The designated contact person.

Provide a written confirmation notice to the Railroad at least 48 hours before commencing work in connection with approved work windows when work is within 25 feet of nearest rail. Perform all work in accordance with previously approved work plans.

E. Make provisions to protect operations and property of the Railroad should a condition arising from, or in connection with the work, require immediate and unusual action. If in the judgment of the Railroad Designated Representative such provisions are insufficient, the Railroad Designated Representative may require or provide such provisions as deemed necessary. In any event, such provisions shall be at the Contractor's expense and without cost to the Railroad or TxDOT. The Railroad or TxDOT shall have the right to order the Contractor to temporarily cease operations in the event of an emergency or, if in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, the Contractor's operations could endanger railroad operations. In the event of such an order, immediately notify TxDOT of the order.

3.04 INSURANCE

Do not begin work upon or over Railroad Right of Way until furnishing the Railroad with the insurance policies, binders, certificates and endorsements required by the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement", and until the Railroad Designated Representative has advised TxDOT that such insurance is in accordance with the Agreement.

3.05 RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION

A. Complete the railroad course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety", and maintain current registration prior to working on railroad property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

"UPRR,BNSF,KCS/TEXMEX will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other railroads. Refer to Railroad specific contractor right of entry for training information.

Know and follow the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

3.06 COOPERATION

The Railroad will cooperate with Contractor so that work may be conducted in an efficient manner, and will cooperate with Contractor in enabling use of Railroad Right of Way in performing the work.

MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION CLEARANCES FOR FALSEWORK AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

Abide by the following minimum temporary clearances during the course of construction: A. 15' - 0" (BNSF) (UPRR) and 14'-0" (KCS) horizontal from centerline of track

B. 22' (KCS) and 21' - 6" (UPRR & BNSF) vertically above top of rail.

For construction clearance less than listed above, obtain local Railroad Operating Unit review and approval.

3.08 APPROVAL OF REDUCED CLEARANCES

- A. Maintain minimum track clearances during construction as specified in Section 3.07.
- B. Submit any proposed infringement on the specified minimum clearances to the Railroad Designated Representative through TxDOT at least 30 days in advance of the work. Do not proceed with such infringement without written approval by the Railroad Designated Representative.
- C. Do not commence work involving an approved infringement without receiving written assurance from the Railroad Designated Representative that arrangements have been made for any necessary flagging service.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

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3.09 MAINTENANCE OF RAILROAD FACILITIES

- A. Maintain all ditches and drainage structures free of silt or other obstructions resulting from Contractor's operations. Repair eroded areas and any other damage within Railroad Right of Way and repair any other damage to the property of the Railroad, or its tenants.
- B. Perform all such maintenance and repair of damages due to the Contractors's operations at Contractor's expense.
- C. Submit a proposed method of erosion control for review by the Railroad prior to beginning any grading on the project site. Comply with all applicable local, state and federal regulations when developing and implementing such erosion control.

3.10 SITE INSPECTIONS BY RAILROAD'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE

- A. In addition to the office reviews of construction submittals, site inspections may be performed by the Railroad Designated Representative at significant points during construction, including the following if applicable:

 - 1. Pre-construction meetings.
 2. Pile driving/drilling of caissons or drilled shafts.
 3. Reinforcement and concrete placement for railroad bridge substructure and/or superstructure.

 - 4. Erection of precast concrete or steel bridge superstructure.5. Placement of waterproofing (prior to placing ballast on bridge deck).
 - 6. Completion of the bridge structure.
- B. Site inspection is not limited to the milestone events listed above. Site visits to check progress of the work may be performed at any time throughout the construction as deemed necessary by the Railroad.
- C. Provide a detailed construction schedule, including the proposed temporary horizontal and vertical clearances and construction sequence for all work to TxDOT for submittal to the Railroad Designated Representative for review prior to commencement of work. the anticipated dates when the above listed events will occur. Update this schedule for the above listed events as necessary and each month at a minimum to allow the Railroad to schedule site inspections.

3.11 RAILROAD REPRESENTATIVES

Railroad representatives, conductors, flag person or watch person will be provided by the Railroad at expense of TxDOT to protect Railroad facilities, property and movements of its trains or engines. In general, the Railroad will furnish such personnel or other protective services as follows:

- A. When any part of any equipment is standing or being operated within 25 feet, measured horizontally, from nearest rail of any track on which trains may operate, or when any object is off the ground and any dimension thereof could extend inside the 25 foot limit, or when any erection or construction activities are in progress within such limits, regardless of elevation above or below track.
- B. For any excavation below elevation of track subgrade if, in the opinion the Railroad Designated Representative, track or other railroad facilities may be subject to settlement or movement.
- C. During any clearing, grubbing, excavation or grading in proximity to railroad facilities, which, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, may endanger railroad facilities or operations.
- D. During any Contractor's operations when, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, railroad facilities, including, but not limited to, fracks, buildings, signals, wire lines, or pipe lines, may be endangered.
- E. Arrange with the Railroad Designated Representative to provide the adequate number of flag persons to accomplish the work.

3.12 COMMUNICATIONS AND SIGNAL LINES

If required, the Railroad will rearrange its communications and signal lines, its grade crossing warning devices, train signals and tracks, and facilities that are in use and maintained by the Railroad's forces in connection with its operation at expense of TxDOT. This work by the Railroad will be done by its own forces and it is not a part of the Work under this Contract.

3.13 TRAFFIC CONTROL

Coordinate any operations that control traffic across or around railroad facilities with the Railroad Designated Representative.

3.14 CONSTRUCTION EXCAVATIONS AND BORING ACTIVITIES UNDER TRACK

- A. Take special precaution and care in connection with excavating and shoring. Excavations for construction of footings, piers, columns, walls or other facilities that require shoring shall comply with requirements of TxDOT, OSHA, AREMA and Railroad 'Guidelines for Temporary Shoring".
- B. The project plans indicate whether there are fiber optic lines or other such telecommunications systems that require consideration. Regardless, contact the necessary call center to determine if such cable systems are present:

UPRR 1-800-336-9193 7:00 AM to 9:00 PM CST Monday-Friday except holidays, staffed 24 hrs/day for emergencies 48 hrs notice required

BNSF 1-800-533-2891 24 hour number 5 working days notice required

KCS 1-800-344-8377 Texas One Call, a 24 hour number 48 hrs notice required, excluding weekends and holidays

If a telecommunications system is buried anywhere on or near railroad property, coordinate with TxDOT, the Railroad and the Telecommunication Company(ies) to arrange for relocation or protective measures prior to beginning work on or near railroad property. Refer to the project General Notes for additional information.

C. Projects involving a boring or jack and bore operation under track such as drainage pipes or culverts and utilities require an installation plan reviewed and approved by the Railroad and TxDOT prior to proceeding with such construction. A railroad inspector and contractor assisted monitoring of ground and track movement is required to maintain safe passage of rail traffic. Stop installation and do not allow passage of trains if movements in excess of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch vertical or horizontal is detected in the tracks. Immediately repair the damage to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad before proceeding.

3.15 RAILROAD FLAGGING

Per the Right of Entry Agreement for flagging, notify the Railroad Representative at least 10 working days in advance of Contractor's work and at least 30 working days in advance of any Contractor's work in which any person or equipment will be within 25 feet of nearest rail or as specified in the Contractor Right of Entry (CROE).

3.16 CLEANING OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

When work is complete, remove all tools, implements, and other materials brought into Railroad Right of Way and leave the right of Way in a clean and presentable condition to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad.

SHEET 2 OF 2



RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

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	-96.092556
Scope of Wo	ork, including any TCP, to be performed by State Contractor:
	SH 105 sidewalk and install detectable warning surface as shown on plans. TxDOT is responsible for coordinating construction with BNSF, based on the railroad's availability.
Scope of Wo	ork to be performed by Railroad Company:
	crete crossings during a 3-day road closure. Install perforated drain pipes and rubber needed. Place crushed rock driveway for proposed railroad crossing control house.
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Contractor must incorporate railroad construction inspection into anticipated construction schedule.
 ✓ Not Required □ Required. Contact Information for Construction Inspection:
III. CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE PERFORMED BY THE RAILROAD
☑ Required.
☐ Not Required
Railroad Point of Contact: Tim Huya, Tim.Huya@bnsf.com, (817)352-2902
Coordinate with TxDOT for any work to be performed by the Railroad Company. TxDOT must issue a work order for any work done by the Railroad Company prior to the work being performed.
IV. RAILROAD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS
The Contractor shall confirm the insurance requirements with the Railroad as the insurance limits are subject to change without notice.
Insurance policies and corresponding certificates of insurance must be issued by the contractor on behalf of the Railroad. Separate insurance policies and certificates are required when more than one Railroad Company is operating on the same right of way, or when several Railroad Companies are involved and operate on their own separate right of ways.

No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for providing the insurance coverages shown below or any deductibles. These costs are incidental to the various bid items.

Escalated Limits							
Type of Insurance	Amount of Coverage (Minimum)						
Workers Compensation	\$500,000 / \$500,000 / \$500,000						
Commercial General Liability	\$2,000,000 / \$4,000,000						
Business Automobile	\$2,000,000						

Railroad Protective Liability Limits							
☐ Not Required							
 Non - Bridge/Typical Maintenance Projects. Includes repairs to overpass/underpass and culvert structures 	\$2,000,000 / \$6,000,000						
☐ Bridge Structure Projects. Includes new construction or replacement of overpass/ underpass structures	\$5,000,000 / \$10,000,000						
□ Other:							

V. CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT OF ENTRY (CROE)

☐ Not Required
☐ Required: UPRR Maintenance Consent Letter. TxDOT to assist
$\ \square$ Required: TxDOT to assist in obtaining the UPRR CROE
☑ Required: Contractor to obtain
□ BNSF: Tim Huya, Tim.Huya@bnsf.com, (817)352-2902
https://bnsf.railpermitting.com
□ CPKCR
https://jllrpg.360works.com/fmi/webd/rpo_web_kcs.fmp12
☐ Other Railroads:

To view previously approved CROE templates agreed upon between the State and Railroad, see: https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/railroad-highway-crossing/sample-right-of-entry-agreements.html

Approved CROE templates are not to be modified by the Contractor.

Contractor shall not operate within Railroad Right of Way without an executed Construction & Maintenance Agreement between the State and the Railroad and an executed CROE between the Contractor and the Railroad if required on project.

VI. RAILROAD COORDINATION MEETING

A Railroad Coordination Meeting is required. See item 5, Article 8.1, of the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets and Bridges Manual for more details.

VII. RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION

A. Complete the Railroad's course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety," and maintain registration prior to working on the Railroad's property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

UPRR, BNSF, CPKCR will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other Railroads. Refer to each Railroad's specific contractor right of entry for training information.

Know and follow the Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

VIII. SUBCONTRACTORS

Contractor shall not subcontract work without written consent of TxDOT. Subcontractors are subject to the same insurance requirements as the Prime Contractor.

IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

In Case of Railroad Emergen	су
Call: BNSF RAILROAD EMERG	ENCY
Railroad Emergency Line at:	800-832-5452
Location: DOT 024283T	
RR Milepost: 27.870	
Subdivision: Conroe	

Initials: 8/2/2024



Rail Division

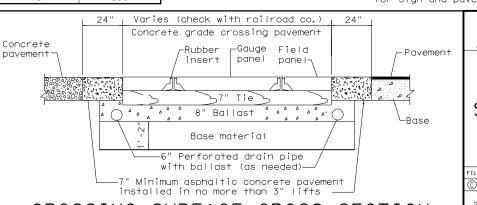
RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK PROJECT SPECIFIC DETAILS

: rr-scop	e-of-work.pdf	DN: Tx	DOT	ск:	DW:	ск:	
TxDOT	June 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
2024	REVISIONS	0315	04	088		SH 105	
2024		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		BDV		CDIMES		104	

- A1: Center of RR mast to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- A2: Tip of gate to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- B: Center of mast (cantilever, gate, or mast flasher) of nearest active traffic control device to stop line: 8' (NOTE: Stop line may be moved as needed, but should be at least 8' back from gates, if present).
- C: Near edge of detectable warning surface to nearest rail: 12' minimum.
- D: Center of gate mast to center of cantilever mast: 6' typical. NOTE: Cantilever may be located in front or behind gates.
- E: Edge of median or curb to nearest rail: 10' typical. NOTE: Design median edge to be parallel with rail.
- F: Edge of planking panel from edge of roadway pavement: 3' minimum; edge of sidewalk: 1' minimum (for BNSF). NOTE: Field panels need not be in line with gauge panels.
- G: Length of panels along rail: 8' typical.
- H: Width of field panel: 2' typical (check with railroad company).
- I: Distance between rails: 4'- 8'1/2".
- J1: Tip of gate to tip of gate: 2' maximum.
- J2: 90% of traveled roadway to be covered by gate.
- K: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from edge of pavement: 30' typical. NOTE: Cabinet not required to be parallel to edge of pavement.
- L: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from nearest rail: 25' typical.
- M: Center of RR mast to edge of sidewalk: 6' minimum.
- N: Center of gate mast to leading edge of non-traversable median: 100' minimum to qualify as a Quiet Zone SSM. NOTE: 60'will suffice if there is a street intersection within the 100' and all street intersections within 60' are closed.
- O: Width of median for RR gate assembly: 8'-6" minimum, 10' typical when using median gates. NOTE: Center of gate mast minimum 4'-3" from face of curb.
- P: Center of RR mast to face of curb: 5'-3" minimum. Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (with shoulder): 7' minimum. Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (no shoulder): 9'-3" minimum. NOTE: Final location determined by the railroad company.
- Q: Gate length: 28' or less typical, but railroad company may allow up to 32' under special circumstances.
- R: Stop line to first RR Crossing transverse line (bike lane): 50' typical.
- S: Stop line to GRADE CROSSING ADVANCE WARNING (W10-1) sign and adjacent RR Crossing pavement markings. See Table 1. See RCD(2) for other signs.

GENERAL NOTES

- Medians and curbs must be non-traversable to qualify as a Quiet Zone Supplementary Safety Measure (SSM). Non-traversable curbs in Quiet Zones are 6" tall minimum and used on roadways where speed does not exceed 40 mph.
- 2. Raised pavement markers may be used to supplement striping. See PM(2) and PM(3) standard sheets.
- 3. Medians preferred whenever possible to prevent vehicles from driving around gates.
- 4. Longitudinal edge striping may be continued thru crossing as needed. Illumination may also be considered for nighttime visibility.
- 5. See SMD standard sheets for sign mounting details.
- 6. See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) manual for sign and pavement marking details.



Traffic Safety Division Standard RAILROAD CROSSING DETAILS

Texas Department of Transportation

SIGNING, STRIPING, AND DEVICE PLACEMENT RCD(1) - 22

FILE: rcd1-22.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxDOT November 2022	CONT SECT		JOB		H [GHWAY		
REVISIONS	0315	04	087, ETC.		S	SH 105	
2-16 11-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
11-22	BRY	GRIMES				105	

NOTES

ONE-WAY STREET WITH CURB

- T: Tip of gate to edge of curb: maximum for Quiet Zone SSM, 90% of traveled way covered by gates for all other locations.
- U: Non-traversable curb length from gate: 100' minimum for a Quiet Zone SSM, 10' minimum for all other locations.