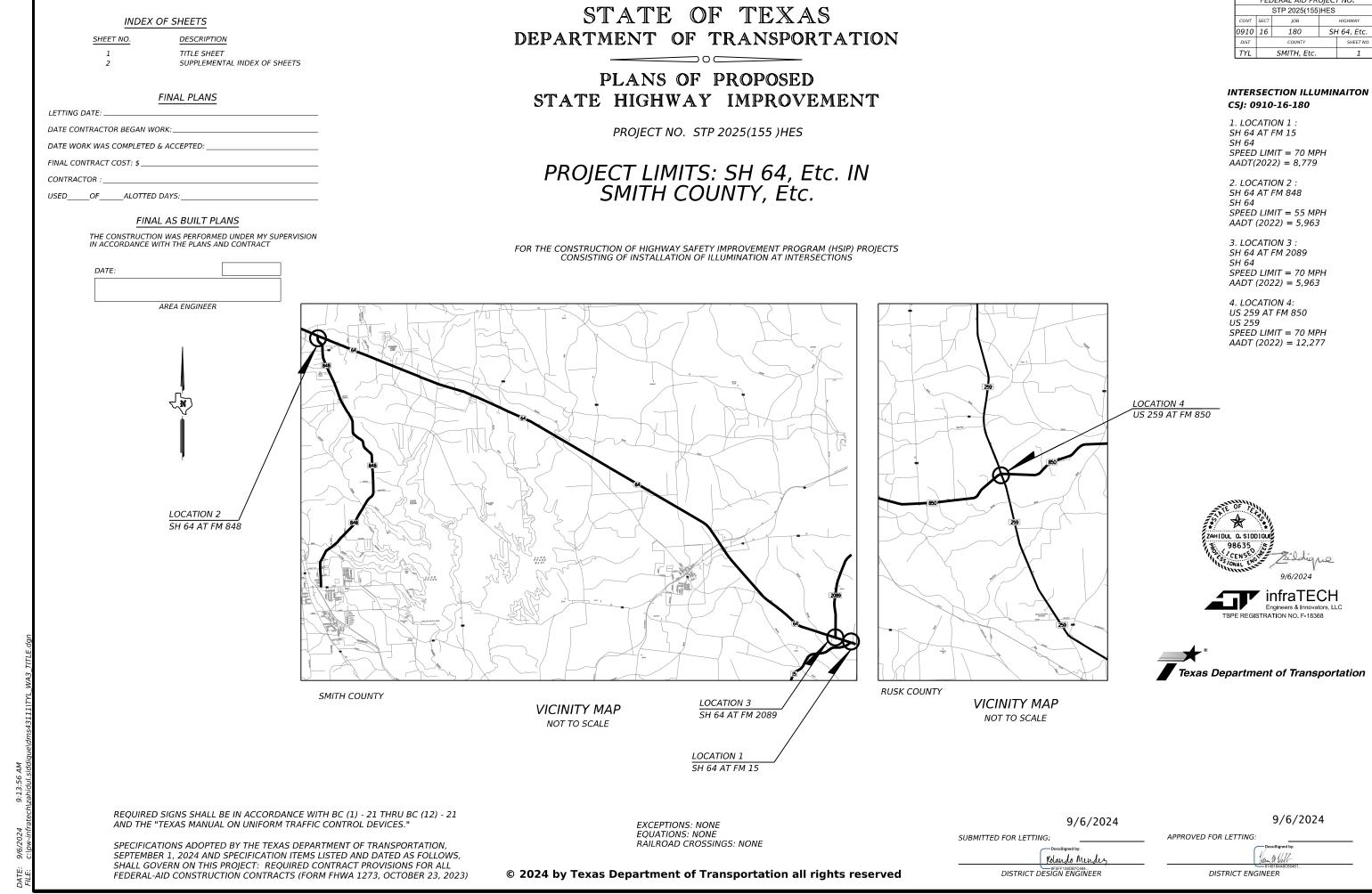
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FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.								
	STP 2025(155)HES							
CONT	SECT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY						
0910	16 180 SH 64, Etc.							
DIST	COUNTY SHEET NO.							
TYL	SMITH, Etc. 1							

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEX OF SHEETS

GENERAL

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION	SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET	36 - 37	SWP3
2	SUPPLEMENTAL INDEX OF SHEETS	38	EPIC
3, 3A -3D	GENERAL NOTES	38A	CONCRETE WASHOUT DETAIL
4	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET		
5	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES	SHEET NO.	STANDARDS
		* 39 - 41	EC (9) - 16

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

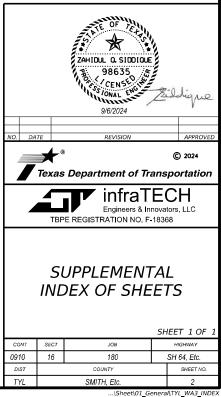
SHEET NO.	STANDARDS
* 6-15	BC (1) - 21 THRU BC (10) - 21
* 16	TCP (1-1) - 18
* 17	TCP (1-2) - 18
* 18	WZ (RS) - 22

TRAFFIC ITEMS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
19	ILLUMINATION LAYOUT - SH 64 AT FM 15 - SMITH COUNTY
20	ILLUNINATION LAYOUT - SH 64 AT FM 848 - SMITH COUNTY
21	ILLUMINATION LAYOUT - SH 64 AT FM 2089 - SMITH COUNTY
22	ILLUMINAITON LAYOUT - US 259 AT FM 850 - RUSK COUNTY

SHEET NO.	STANDARDS
* 23	ED (1) - 14
* 24	ED (3) - 14
* 25	ED (4) - 14
* 26	ED (5) - 14
* 27	ED (6) - 14
* 28	ED (7) - 14
* 29	ED (11) - 14
* 30 - 31	RID (1) - 20 THRU RID (2) - 20
* 32 - 35	RIP (1) - 19 THRU RIP (4) - 19

PLOT DRIVER:



* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

eral\TYL_WA3_INDEX USER: XZ ..\Sheet\01_Ger

County: Smith, Etc.

Highway: SH 64, Etc.

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Juanita Daniels-West, P.E.	Juanita.Danielswest@txdot.gov
Steven Swindell, P.E.	Steven.Swindell@txdot.gov

For Q&A on Proposals navigate to:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project and click on the link in the window that pops up to view the Q&A.

All relevant project documentation including Contract Time Determinations and cross-sections will still be posted to the districts FTP website.

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/Tyler%20District/Construction%20Projects

ITEM 5. CONTROL OF THE WORK

If utility lines need adjustments during construction operations, modify operations and continue the work in a manner that will allow others to make the utility adjustments. Additional working time may be allowed for delays caused by these utility adjustments.

Utility locations shown on the plans are approximate. Contact utilities in accordance with Article 5.6., "Cooperating With Utilities."

Prior to beginning driveway and intersection work, submit a detailed construction sequence to be approved by the Engineer. Driveway and intersection completion includes existing surface removal, structure removal, removal of debris from the project site, installing the new RCP and SETs, backfilling, grading ditches to drain, and installing the permanent driveway or intersection surface (or all-weather drive surface as allowed).

Project Number:

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ITEM 6. CONTROL OF MATERIALS

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization is located at the link below:

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classificationsheet.html

ITEM 7. LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Concrete truck drivers and concrete pump operators are required to wash out only in designated areas specifically constructed for eliminating run-off. Dispose of materials in accordance with federal, state, and local requirements.

Maintain positive drainage for permanent and temporary work for the duration of the project. The Contractor will be responsible for any items associated with the temporary or interim drainage and all related maintenance. This work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

The total disturbed area for this project is 0 acres. The disturbed area in this project and the Contractor Project Specific Locations (PSL's) within 1 mile of the project limits for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any Contractor PSL for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed for all projects in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceed 5 acres, before disturbance, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW and within 1 mile of the project limits to the Engineer and to any local government that operates a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MSSS).

In accordance with Article 7.9, provide and maintain adequate, neat and sanitary toilet accommodations within the project limits for employees, including State employees.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

ITEM 8. PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.1., "Five-Day Workweek."

Special Provision 008-005 (90-day convenience delay) is included in this Contract. This is to allow for the manufacturer's delay in providing the traffic signal poles.

Sheet 3

Control: 0910-16-180

Sheet 3

County: Smith, Etc.

Highway: SH 64, Etc.

ITEM 9. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

In accordance with Article 9.1., "Measurement of Quantities," furnish the tare and maximum gross weights as well as the volume capacity of all vehicles, trucks, truck-tractors, trailers, semitrailers, or combination of such vehicles used to deliver materials for this Contract. Also, furnish calculations supporting these weights and capacities. Provide all measurements required for pay a minimum of 2 days before the trucks are used.

ITEM 100. PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY

Perform work as necessary off the right of way on temporary or drainage easements and at those locations where improvements have been taken or partially taken by right of way acquisition. Review these locations with the Area Engineer. The cost of this work will be included in the unit price bid for this Item.

Burning will not be permitted within the right of way.

Do not use a forestry type mulcher for grinding. Tub grinders will be allowed.

A boom axe will not be allowed to trim trees.

Remove or stockpile remaining trees and brush at the end of the day. Barricade the stockpile in accordance with Item 502. Remove stockpiles weekly.

ITEM 416. DRILLED SHAFT FOUNDATIONS

Hand dressing of soil around the concrete foundations for luminaries will be required as directed. Place the level of soil at a 6:1 slope or flatter, where possible, and extend it from the top of the concrete foundation to the established grades. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to this Item.

Provide a low clearance drilling rig to avoid overhead transmission line.

ITEMS 420. CONCRETE SUBSTRUCTURES

Do not use membrane curing for structural elements.

ITEM 421. HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

The Engineer will provide strength-testing equipment.

Provide the Engineer with a mixture design report using Department-provided software in accordance with Section 421.4.1., "Classification of Concrete Mix Designs," of the standard

Sheet 3A

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specifications. Include in the report the producer's plant, all materials sources, and a unique identification number for the design.

Air is not required on concrete cast-in-place elements on this project. If the Contractor proposes the use of an existing concrete design containing air, the Engineer must approve the design in writing before placement. If used, air testing will be performed in accordance with the specifications.

ITEM 432. RIPRAP

Locations and quantities may be varied as directed by the Engineer to accommodate field conditions.

ITEM 502. BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The traffic control plan for this Contract consists of: the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown on the plans; specification data, which may be included in the general notes; applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD); traffic control plan sheets included on the plans; standard BC sheets; Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List, and Item 502 of the standard specifications.

Use ground-mounted sign mounts with two posts for all temporary work zone signs unless otherwise directed.

Inspect and correct deficiencies each day throughout the duration of the Contract. In accordance with Article 502.4., "Payment," no payment will be made for the month if the Contractor fails to provide or properly maintain signs and devices in compliance with Contract requirements. Temporary warning signs that are visible when conditions do not apply will be considered improper maintenance of signs.

Provide at least one employee on call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) for maintenance of signs and traffic control devices. This employee must have an address and telephone number near the project, as approved. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address, and telephone number of this employee. The Engineer will furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 30 minutes.

Sign all roads intersecting the project in accordance with current BC standards.

Sheet 3A

County: Smith, Etc.

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Refer to the traffic control plan sheets for traffic handling through the work area. Contractor may vary the signing arrangement and spacing as necessary to fit field conditions; however, any proposed changes in the traffic control plan must be approved before implementation.

When the sequence of work is shown on the plans, the Contractor may submit an alternate proposal for approval. Submit in writing all proposed variations and revisions.

High-visibility safety apparel is required for workers in accordance with the General Notes on current BC standards.

Place and maintain signs, channelizing devices, and flaggers to direct and route traffic at any location and for any period of time as may be required or directed.

When operations require a lane closure, provide cones, vertical panels, drums, signs, flaggers, and flashing arrow panels as necessary to route traffic around the closed lane as shown on the plans and as directed. Lane closures will be limited to one specific lane as directed.

Lane closures will not be allowed before 8:30 A.M. unless otherwise directed.

Unless otherwise approved, construction operations will not be allowed on Good Friday, Easter weekend, the Friday before Memorial Day thru Memorial Day, July 4th, the Friday before Labor Day thru Labor Day, the Wednesday before Thanksgiving Day thru Sunday, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, New Year's Eve, New Year's Day, or on any other high traffic days or holidays as determined by the Engineer.

Erect R4-1 (Do Not Pass) and R4-2 (Pass With Care) signs to mark existing no-passing zones as directed. (These signs will not be required if these zones will not be eliminated during construction.)

Maintain existing roadside signs within this project's limits during this Contract. In order to accommodate the grading or other operations, temporarily relocate these signs in accordance with the TMUTCD as directed. Use ground-mounted sign mounts with two posts for all relocated signs unless otherwise directed. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502.

Provide truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) as shown on the appropriate traffic control plan sheets. Provide a letter certifying that all TMA used on this project meet NCHRP 350 or AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) requirements. Regulate all construction activities and equipment to minimize inconvenience to the traveling public. At points where it is necessary for trucks to stop, load, or unload, provide warning signs and flaggers to protect the traveling public.

Sheet 3B

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The pavement must be entirely open to traffic each night. Remove or clearly barricade all material stockpiles, equipment left overnight, or any obstruction within 30 ft. of a travelway as approved.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" is intended to be used for work zone enhancements that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage for the purpose of improving the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Provide flaggers at county roads, commercial driveways, and other intersecting roadways deemed necessary by the Engineer to maintain control of the work zone during one-lane two-way operations. Provide communication radios to each flagger in the work zone and the pilot vehicle operator.

Provide a pilot vehicle.

Prior to beginning work, the Contractor and Engineer must agree on the allowable length of lane closure.

All work required by these general notes, except as provided for by Item 502, will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

ITEM 505. TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

Shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) are required on the traffic control plan and TCP standards for this project. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these traffic control operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. Additional truck mounted attenuators (TMAs) may be required as deemed necessary by the Engineer.

The TMA/TA used for installation/removal of traffic control for a work area will be subsidiary to the TMA/TA used to perform the work.

ITEM 506. TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Remove dirt, silt, rocks, debris, and other foreign matter that accumulates in all structures due to project erosion and Contractor's operations. Keep stream channels open at all times. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to this Item.

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The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7

Provide the following Items for the SWP3 for this Contract as directed on a force account basis:

Temporary sediment control fence, seeding for erosion control, earthwork for erosion control, and vegetative watering.

ITEM 610. ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLIES

For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide double-pole breakaway fuse holder as shown on the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) Material Producer List. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Fuse holder is shown on list under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses.

The Roadway Illumination Pole (RIP-19) standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25 ft. above the elevation of surrounding terrain, in accordance with the current edition of the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals." For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25 ft. above the surrounding terrain, the Contractor must provide poles meeting the following requirements:

- A. **Submittals.** Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see <u>ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/library/pubs/bus/bridge/e_submit_guide.pdf</u>), the Contractor must submit to the Engineer, for approval, fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles. The drawings and calculations must be sealed by a Texas registered or licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
- B. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Lighting poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies must have a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the current edition of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, the fabricator must include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases should have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished should be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings must show breakaway base model

Project Number:

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number, and manufacturer's name and logo. Manufacturer's shop drawings must include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.

Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with TxDOT standards RIP-2019 (Roadway Illumination Poles -2019). Poles fabricated according to RIP-2019 require no shop drawings.

Alternate designs to RIP-2019 or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically.

For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically go to <u>ftp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/library/pubs/bus/bridge/e_submit_guide.pdf</u>

ITEM 618. CONDUIT

Furnish couplings and connections that are made wrench tight. All conduit must be brought into a ground or junction box and elbowed unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Place conduit in an area not exceeding 2 ft. in any direction from a straight line between terminal points. The minimum depth of the conduit should be 2 ft. except when crossing a roadway where the depth should not be more than 3 ft. nor less than 1 ft. below the bottom of the base material when placed by the jacking or boring method.

Where conduit is to be placed under existing riprap, cut the existing riprap to neat lines as directed and replace to match original condition after conduit placement.

The Contractor may, at his option, substitute high-density polyethylene (HDPE) conduit meeting the specifications of Item 622 for all bores requiring PVC schedule 40 conduit and, when approved by the Engineer, may substitute HDPE for schedule 80 bored conduit. HDPE must be the same size as the PVC conduit shown on the plans. HDPE must be terminated with UL listed fittings. HDPE may be threaded and used with threaded PVC connectors or couplings. HDPE should be extended through the bore in one continuous piece and should be coupled to RMC elbows or to PVC conduit at the bore pits prior to entering ground boxes (if ground boxes are required by the plans). HDPE should not contain conductors during installation in this manner. No additional compensation will be paid to the Contractor when HDPE is substituted for this purpose.

Do not use cast iron junction boxes in concrete traffic barriers and single slope traffic barriers. Use polymer concrete junction boxes instead of the cast iron junction boxes shown on standard sheets CSB(3), CSB(4), and SSCB(4). Mount the junction boxes flush (+ 0 in., - 1/2 in.) with concrete surface of concrete barrier.

Sheet 3C

Control: 0910-16-180

Sheet 3C

Sheet 3D

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The polymer concrete barrier box will not be paid for separately, but will be subsidiary to Item 618, "Conduit."

Use materials from prequalified material producers list as shown on the Material Producer List found on the TxDOT web site. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies."

ITEMS 618, 624, 680 & 684. CONDT, GRND BX, INSTL HWY TRF SIG & TRF SIG CBL

The location of the controller, conductors, conduits, junction boxes and ground boxes are diagrammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate field conditions.

ITEM 620. ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide double-pole breakaway fuse holder as shown on the Material Producer List found on the TxDOT web site. Category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies."

Fuse holder is shown on list under Items 610 & 620.

Provide 10 amp time delay fuses.

ITEM 624. GROUND BOXES

All ground boxes will be precast polymer concrete of the size and type specified on the plans.



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0910-16-180

DISTRICT Tyler HIGHWAY Various COUNTY Smith

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

		CONTROL SECTIO	ON JOB	0910-16	-180						
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00193	0 96						
		C	DUNTY	Smit	h	TOTAL EST.	T. TOTAL FINAL				
		HIG	HWAY	Vario	us						
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL						
	416-7040	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	LF	140.000		140.000					
	432-7005	RIPRAP (CONC)(CL B)	CY	4.900		4.900					
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000					
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	2.000		2.000					
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	30.000		30.000					
	610-7196	IN RD IL (TY SA) 50T-8 (400W EQ) LED	EA	12.000		12.000					
	610-7200	IN RD IL (TY SA) 50T-12 (400W EQ) LED	EA	2.000		2.000					
	618-7030	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	2,155.000		2,155.000					
	618 - 7055	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	790.000		790.000					
	620-7007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	3,215.000		3,215.000					
	620-7008	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	LF	6,430.000		6,430.000					
	624-7002	GROUND BOX TY A (122311)W/APRON	EA	11.000		11.000					
	628-7009	ELC SRV TY A 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)SP(O)	EA	4.000		4.000					
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000					
		SAFFTY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	IS	1.000		1.000					



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Tyler	Smith	0910-16-180	4

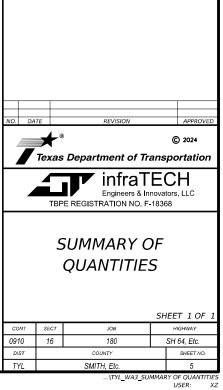
TRU	TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR SUMMARY								
				ITEM 505					
CSJ	LAYOUT SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	NUMBER OF TRUCKS	TMA (STATIONARY)					
			EA	DAY					
	19	SH 64 AT FM 15	1	5					
	20	SH 64 AT FM 848	1	5					
0910-16-180									
	21	SH 64 AT FM 2089	1	5					
	22	US 259 AT FM 850	1	15					
PROJECT TOTAL			4	30					

NOTE: ESTIMATED NUMBER OF TRUCKS IS FOR WORKING AT ONE LOCATION AT A TIME. ADDITIONAL TRUCKS WILL BE REQUIRED IF WORKING AT MULTIPLE LOCATIONS AT THE SAME TIME.

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE								
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT						
500	MOBILIZATION	1	LS						
502	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	2.0	МО						

					IL	LUMINATI	ON SUMM	ARY						
			ITEM 416	ITEM 432	ITEM 432 ITEM 610	ITEM 610	ITEM 618			ITEM 620		I TEM 624	ITEM 628	
csj	LAYOUT SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B) (4")	IN RD IL TY (SA) 50T-8 (400 EQ) LED	IN RD IL TY (SA) 50T-12 (400 EQ) LED	CONDT PVC (SCH 40) (2")	CONDT PVC (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	CONDUIT (PREPARE) *	GROUND BOX (PREPARE) *	ELEC COND (NO. 8) BARE	ELEC COND (NO. 8) INSULATED	GROUND BOX TY A (122311) W/APRON	ELC SR\ TYP A 120/24(060 (NS SS (E) SP (O)
			LF	СҮ	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA
	19	SH 64 AT FM 15	20	0.7	2		140	175			315	630	3	1
			20	0.7	2		140	175			315	630	3	1
	20	SH 64 AT FM 848	20	0.7		2	70	285			355	710	3	1
0910-16-180			20	0.7		2	70	285			355	710	3	1
0910-10-180	21	SH 64 AT FM 2089	20	0.7	2		260	90			350	700	3	1
			20	0.7	2		260	90			350	700	3	1
	22	US 259 AT FM 850	80	2.8	8		1685	240	290	4	2195	4390	2	1
			80	2.8	8		1685	240	290	4	2195	4390	2	1
ROJECT TOTAL			140	4.9	12	2	2155	790	290	4	3215	6430	11	4

* ITEMS ARE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 618. FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes iustify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign. STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

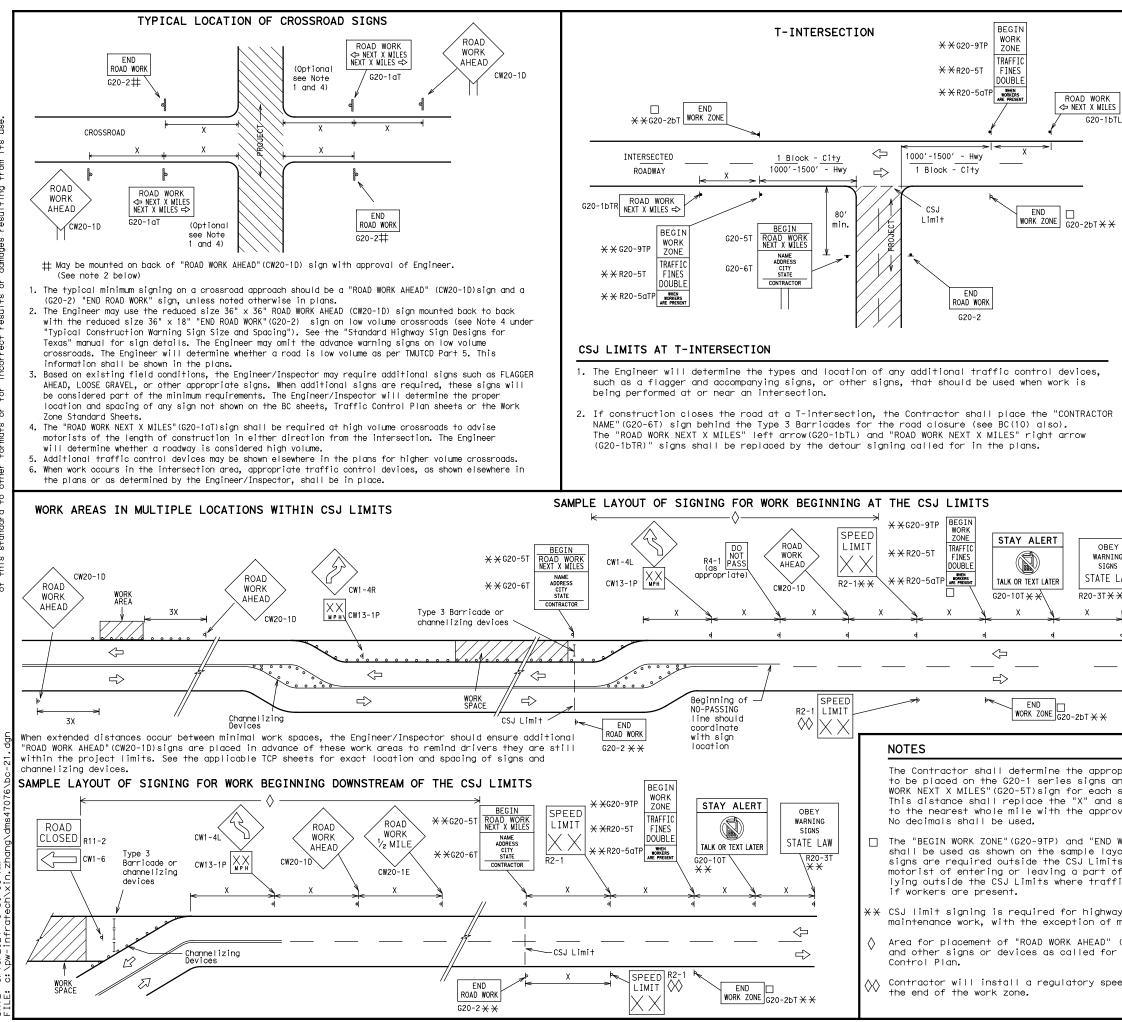
COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

	1 1 0	• 12		
Texas Department	of Transp	oortation	Sa Div	affic afety vision ndard
BARRICADE A GENER AND RE	RAL N	IOTES		ION
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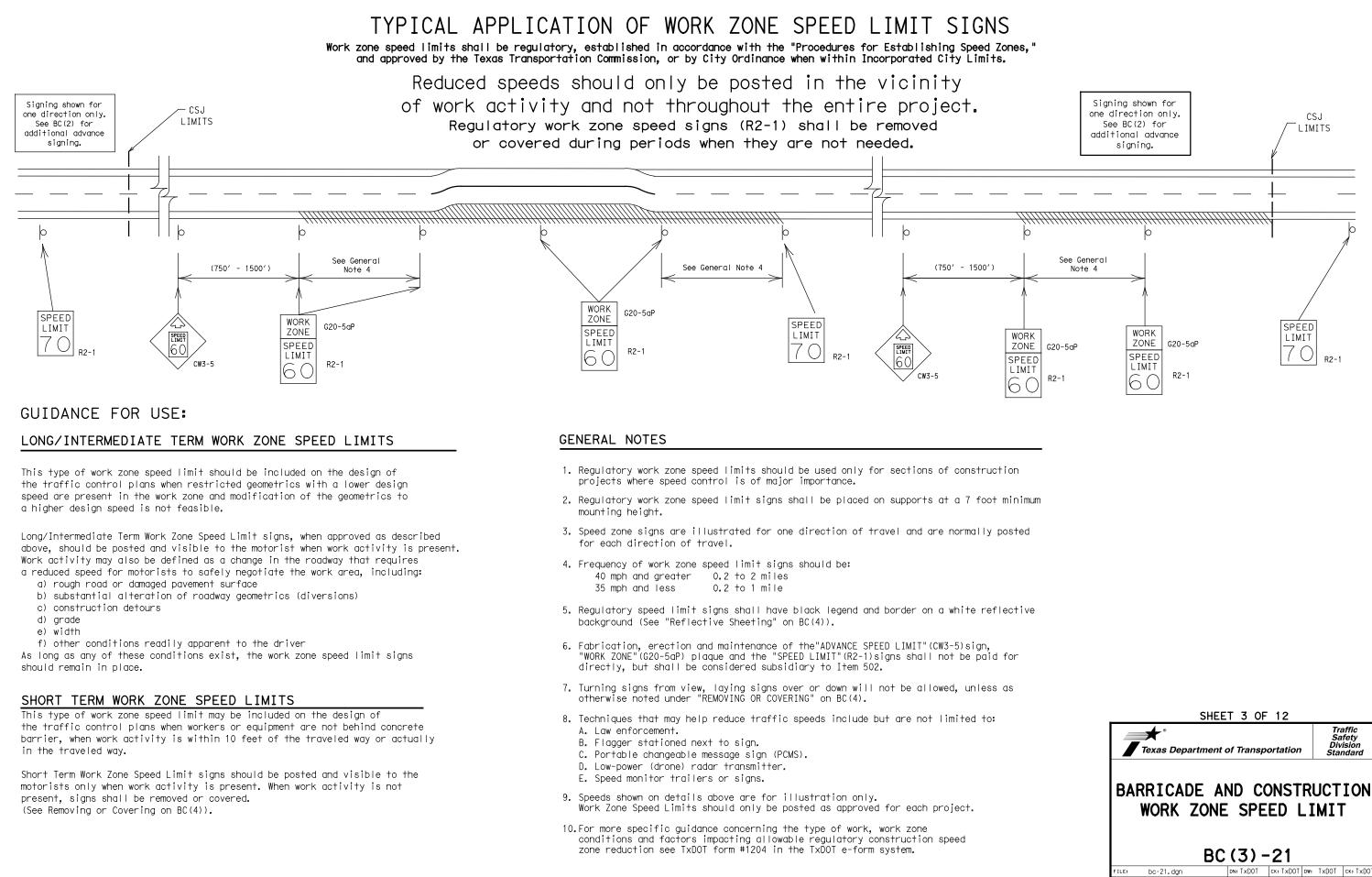
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	CAL CON	STRUCTION WA	ARNING SIGN	SIZE AND S	SPACING ^{1,5,6}			
		SIZE		SF	ACING			
s or	Sign Number Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"			
CW3 CW3 CW3 CW3 CW3	22 23	48" × 48"	48" × 48"	MPH 30 35 40	Feet (Apprx.) 120 160 240			
∠ CW	1, CW2, 7, CW8, 9, CW11, 14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"	45 50 55 60	320 400 500 ² 600 ²			
CW CW	3, CW4, 5, CW6, 8-3, 10, CW12	48" x 48"	48" × 48"	65 70 75 80	700 ² 800 ² 900 ² 1000 ²			
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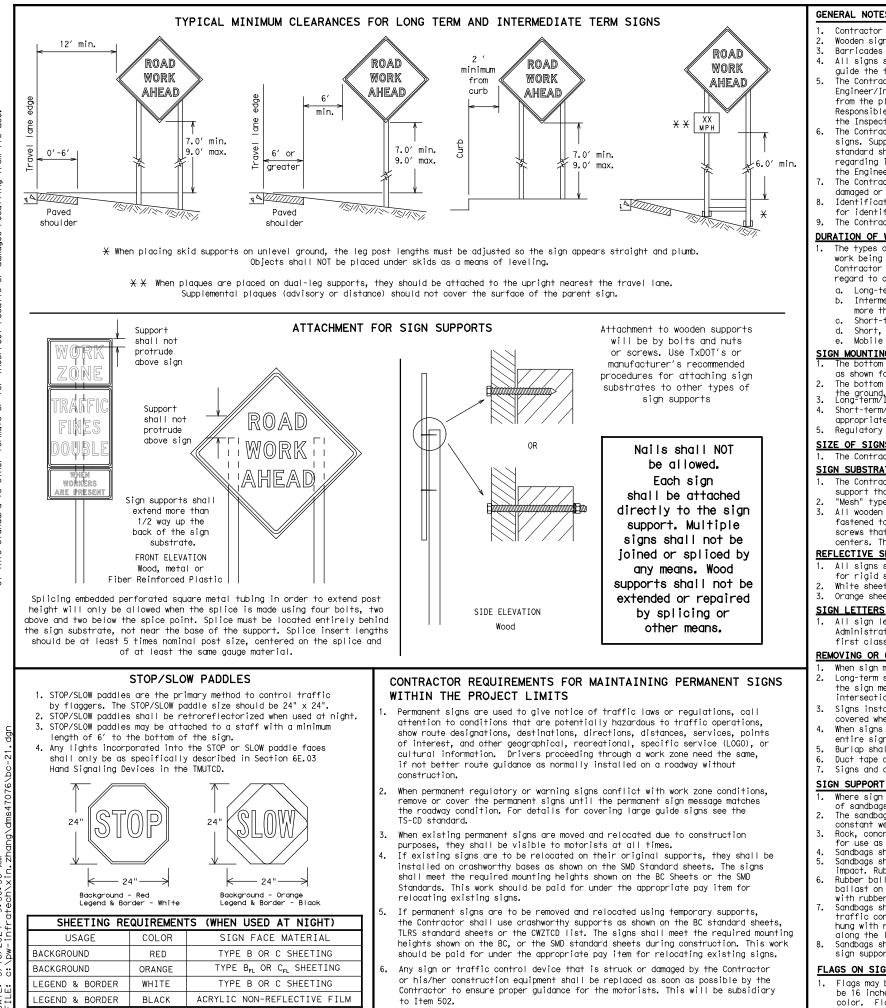
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GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.

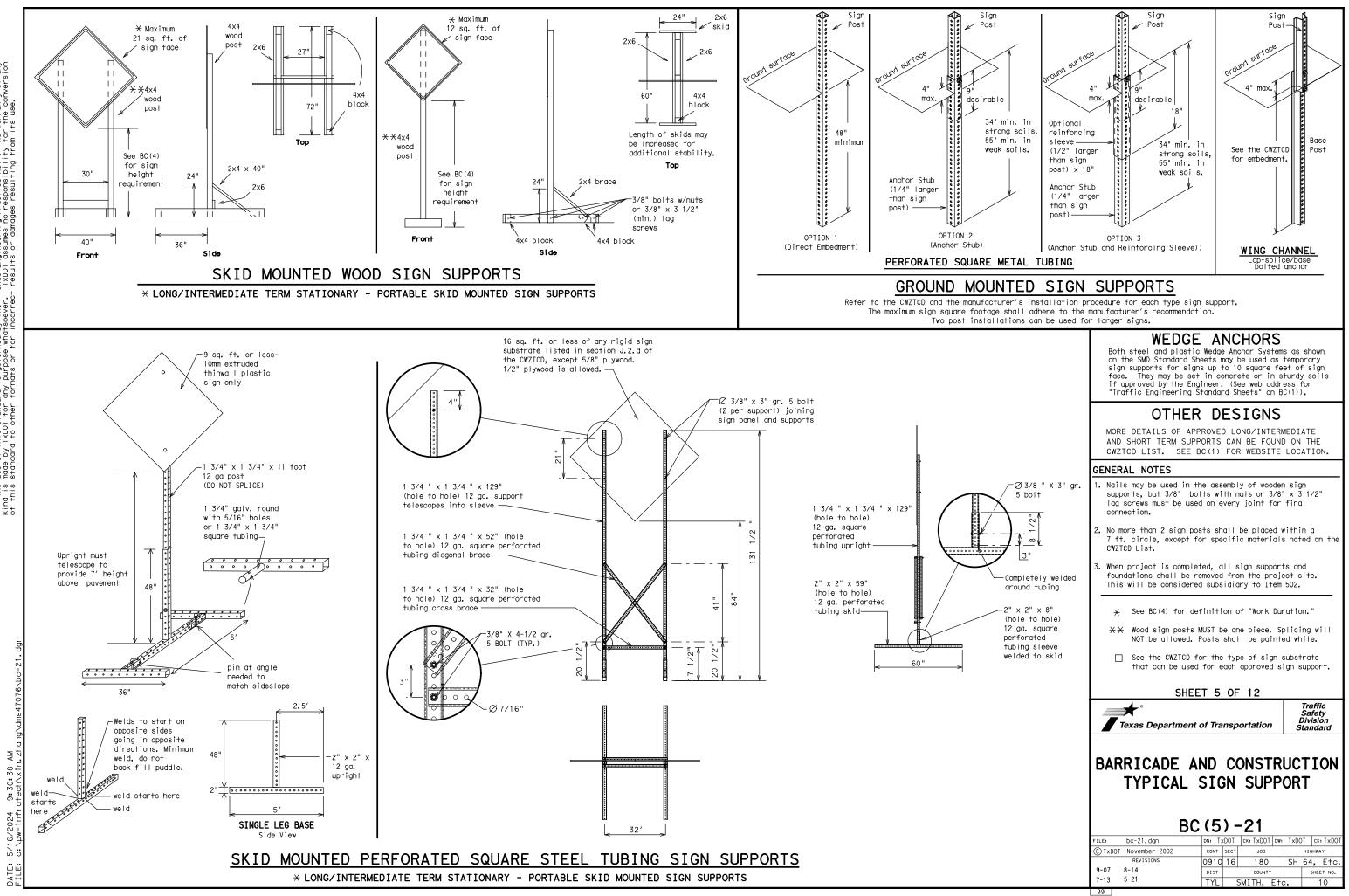
SHEET 4 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message sians (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

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WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Abead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
		South	S
Emergency Vehicle	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXPLIN	Street	ST
Expressway	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead		Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	110 1100	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Lef†	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED	PHASES	AND	FORMATS	FOR	PCMS	MESSAGES	DUR
	(*) - •						

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.

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Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	imes LANES SHIFT in Phase 1	must be used

Other Co	ndition List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

ction to Take/Effect on Trav List MERGE FORM	'el
RIGHT X LINES RIGHT	
DETOUR USE NEXT XXXXX X EXITS RD EXIT	
USE EXIT XXX NORTH	
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH US XXX E TO I-XX N	
TRUCKS USE US XXX N TRUCKS	
WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS	
EXPECT PREPARE DELAYS TO STOP	
REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE	
USE WATCH OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS	
STAY IN LANE X	

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists"
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

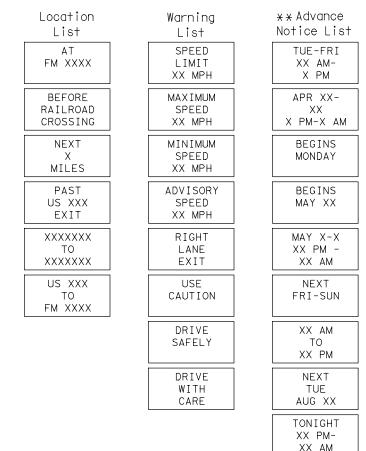
- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow,

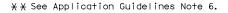
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Roadway

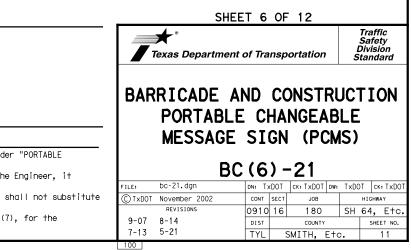
ING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

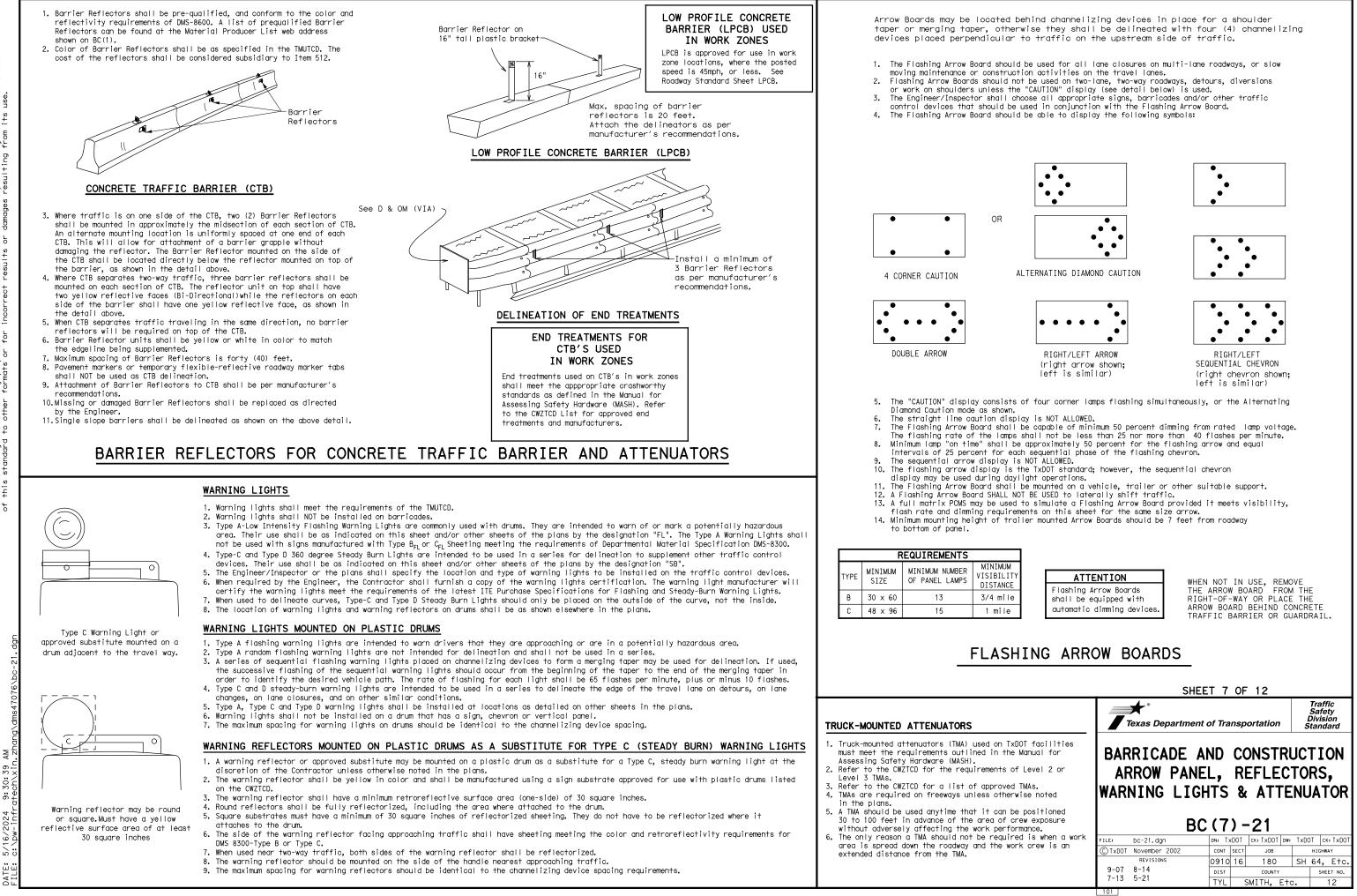
Phase 2: Possible Component Lists





2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as





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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

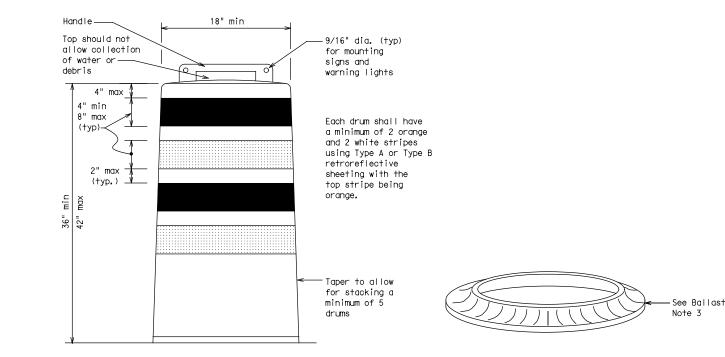
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

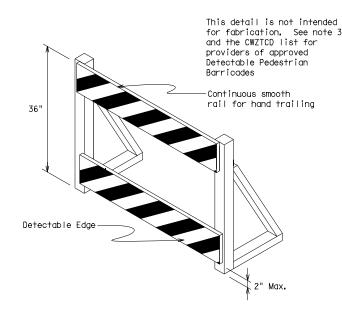
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



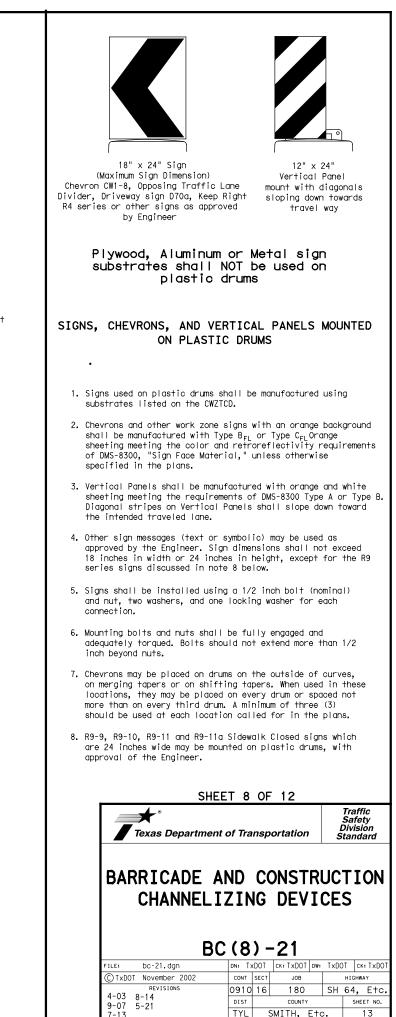


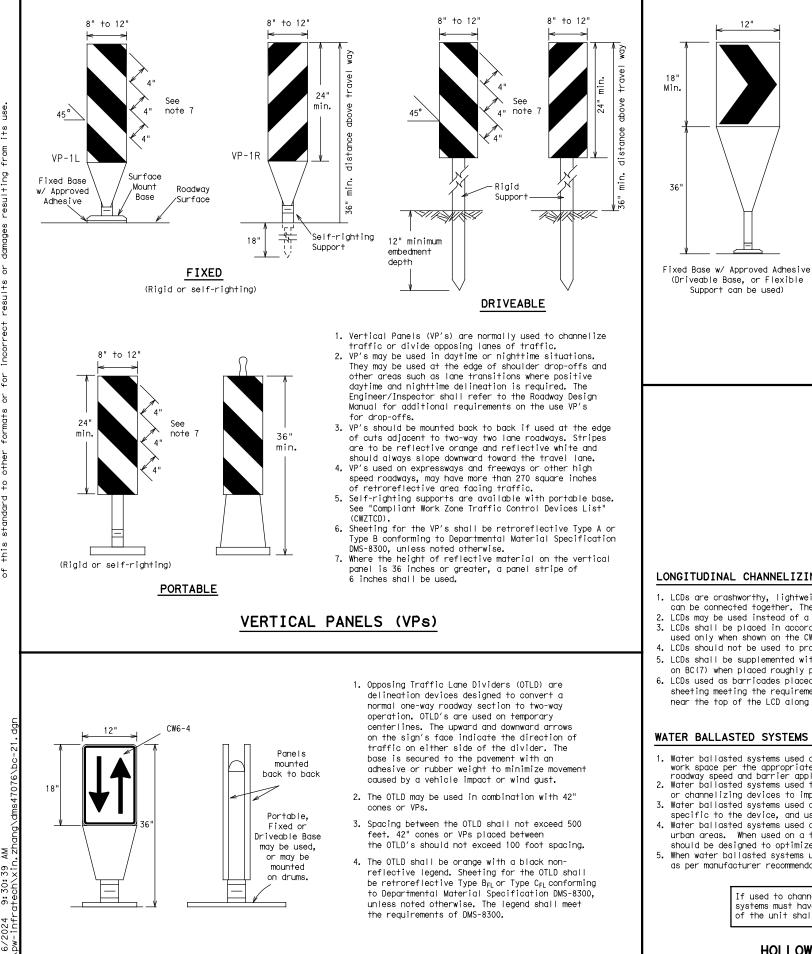
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ (BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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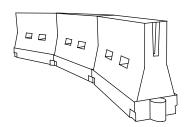




OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches. 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conformina to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

12"

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums. 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers. 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55 <i>'</i>	110′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

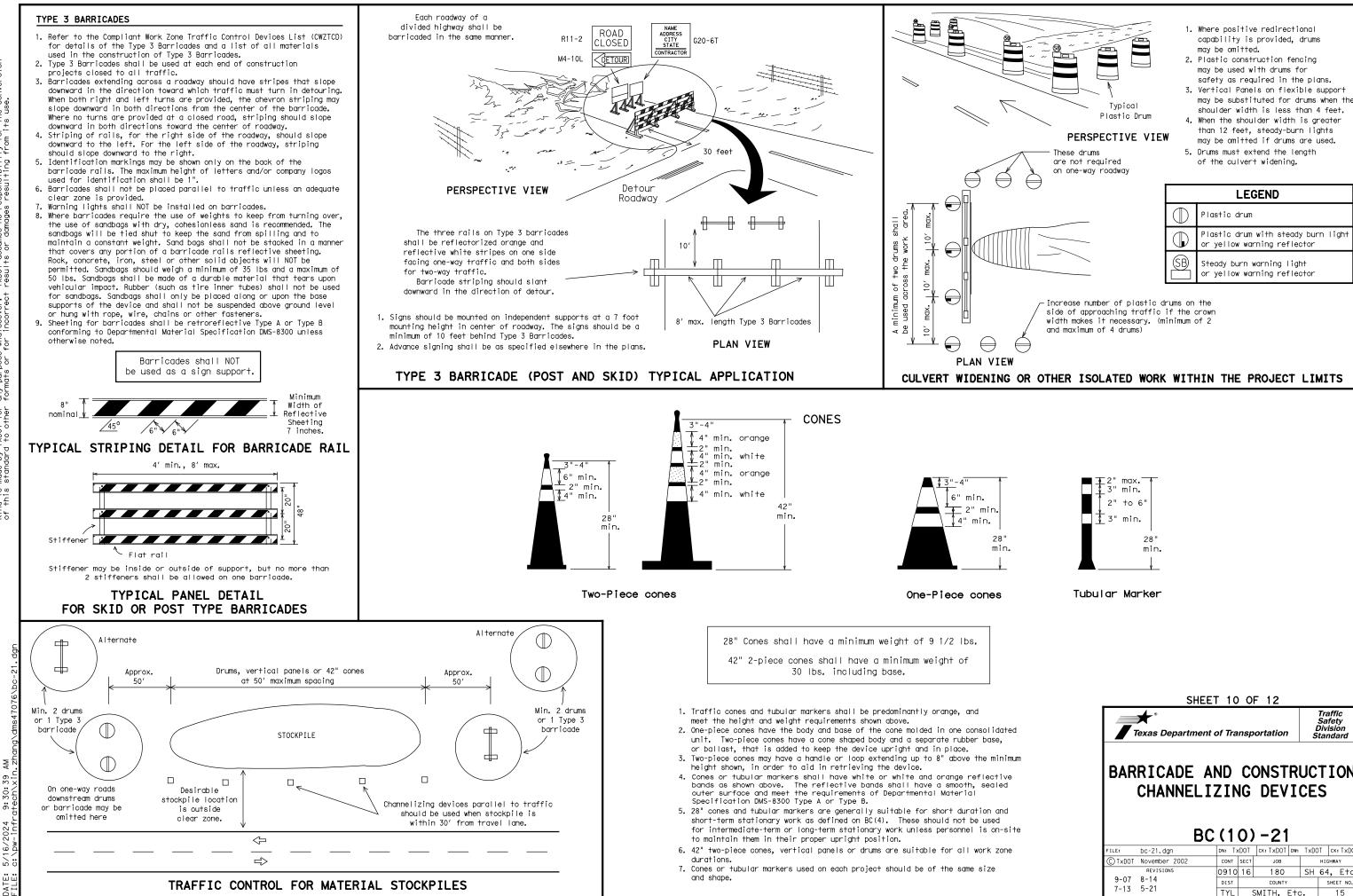
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S=Posted Speed (MPH)

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)

SHEET 9 OF 12	
Texas Department of Transportation	Traffic Safety Division Standard
BARRICADE AND CONSTR CHANNELIZING DEVI	

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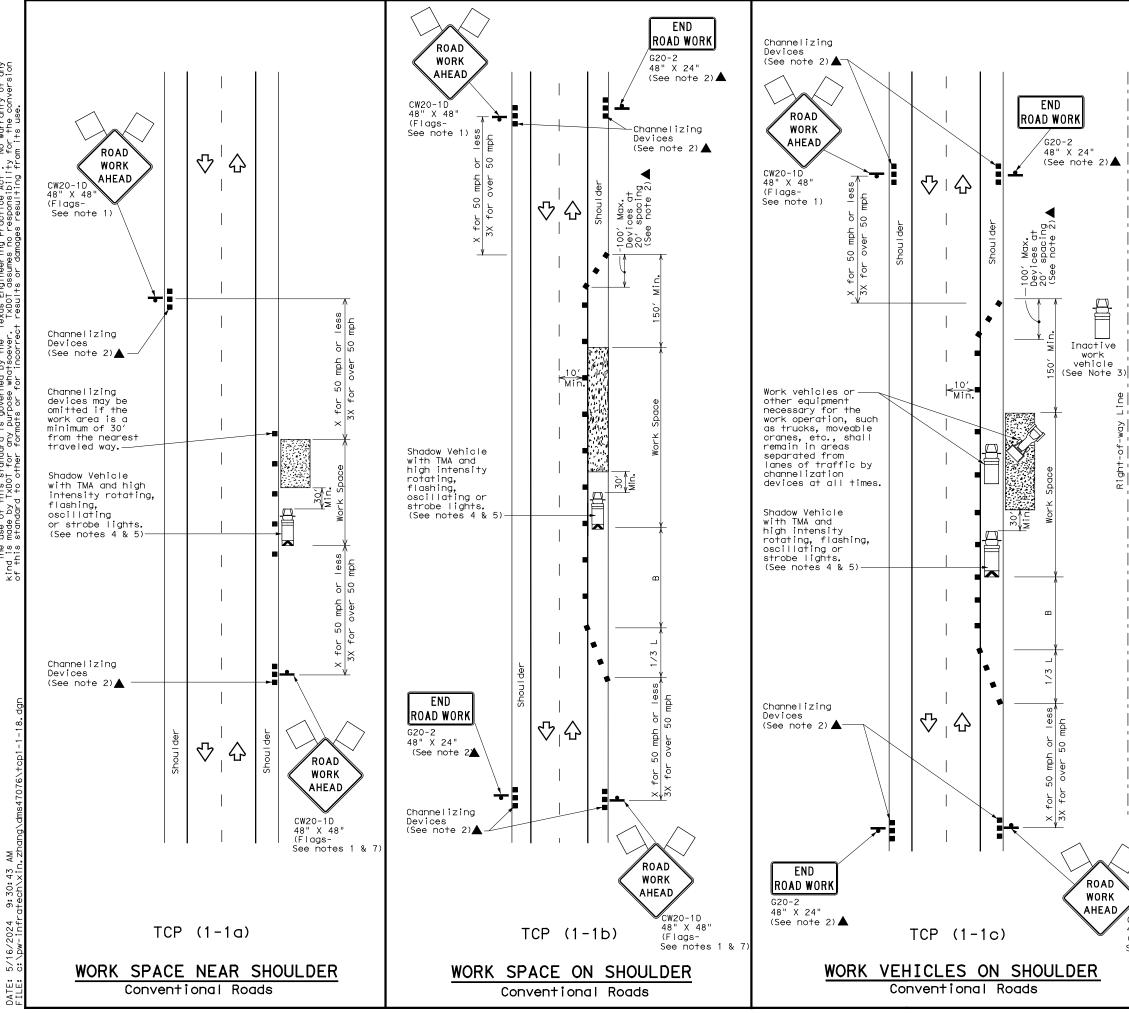
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SHEET 10 OF 12									
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES BC(10) -21									
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LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
•	Sign	2	Traffic Flow							
\langle	Flag	ЦO	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	D	Minimun esirab er Leng XX	le gths	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550'	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 115	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

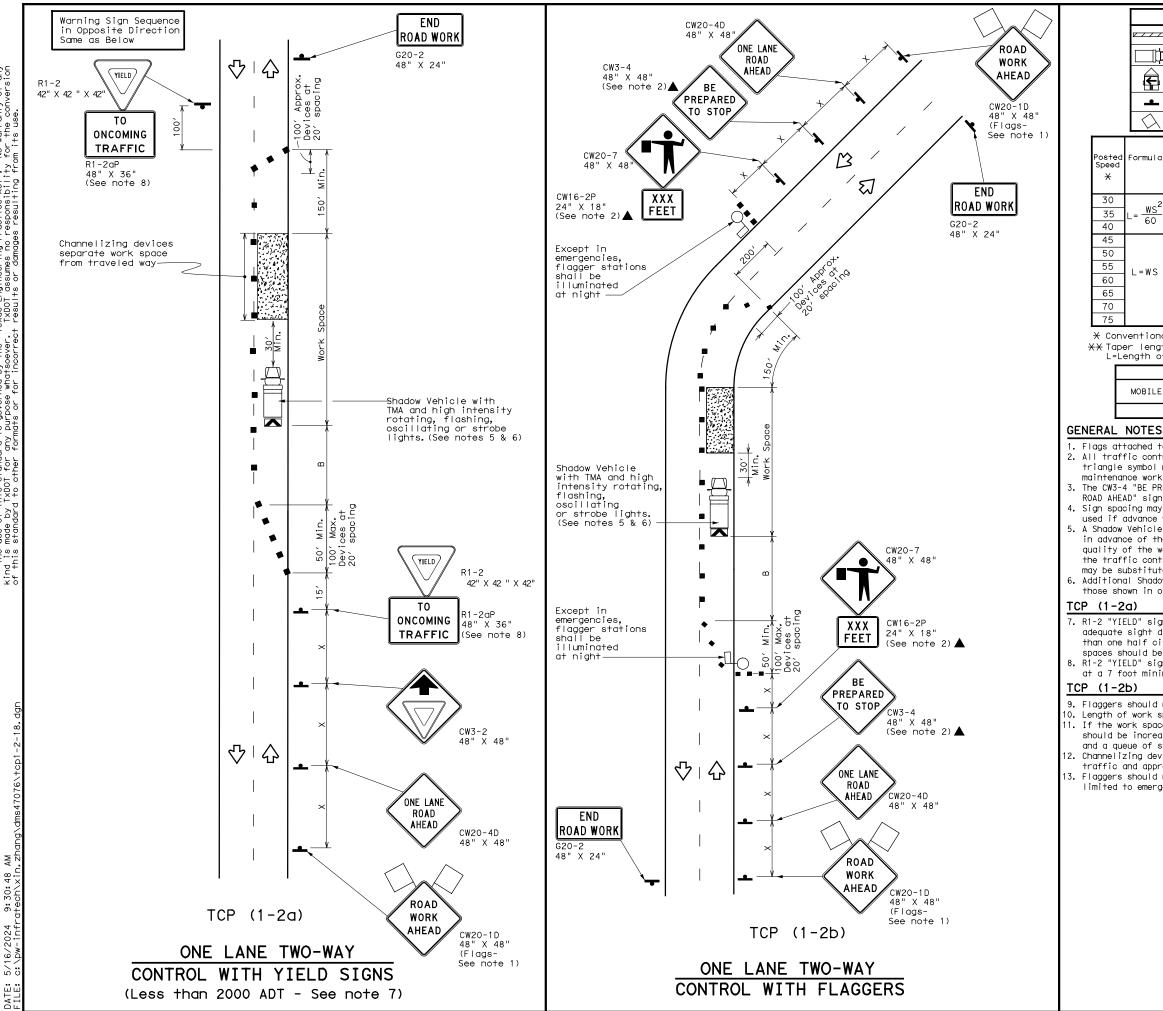
TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	4	1						

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

1				
1	Texas Department	t of Transp	oortation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-			L ROA Work	
See notes 1 & 7)	FILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:	CK:
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	8-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	1-97 2-18	TYL	SMITH, Eta	o . 16
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	LEGEND									
v / / /	Type 3 Barricade				Ch	nanneliz	ing Devices			
	Heavy Work Vehicle				Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		M			Changeable ign (PCMS)				
–	🗕 Sign			\langle	Т	raffic F	low			
\bigtriangleup	Fla	g			LO	Flagger				
Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leno X X	le	Spaci Channe	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Sign Suggested S Spacing Longitudinal		Stopping Sight Distance	
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	0n a Taper	0n a Tangen	+	Distance	"B"		
	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′		120′	90′	200′	
$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′		160′	120′	250′	
60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′		240′	155′	305′	
	450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		320′	195′	360′	
	500′	550′	600′	50′	100′		400′	240′	425′	
L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110′		500′	295′	495′	
2	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′		600′	350′	570′	
	650′	715′	780′	65′	130′		700′	410′	645′	
	700′	770'	840′	70′	140′		800′	475′	730′	
	750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		900′	540′	820′	

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	4	1							

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

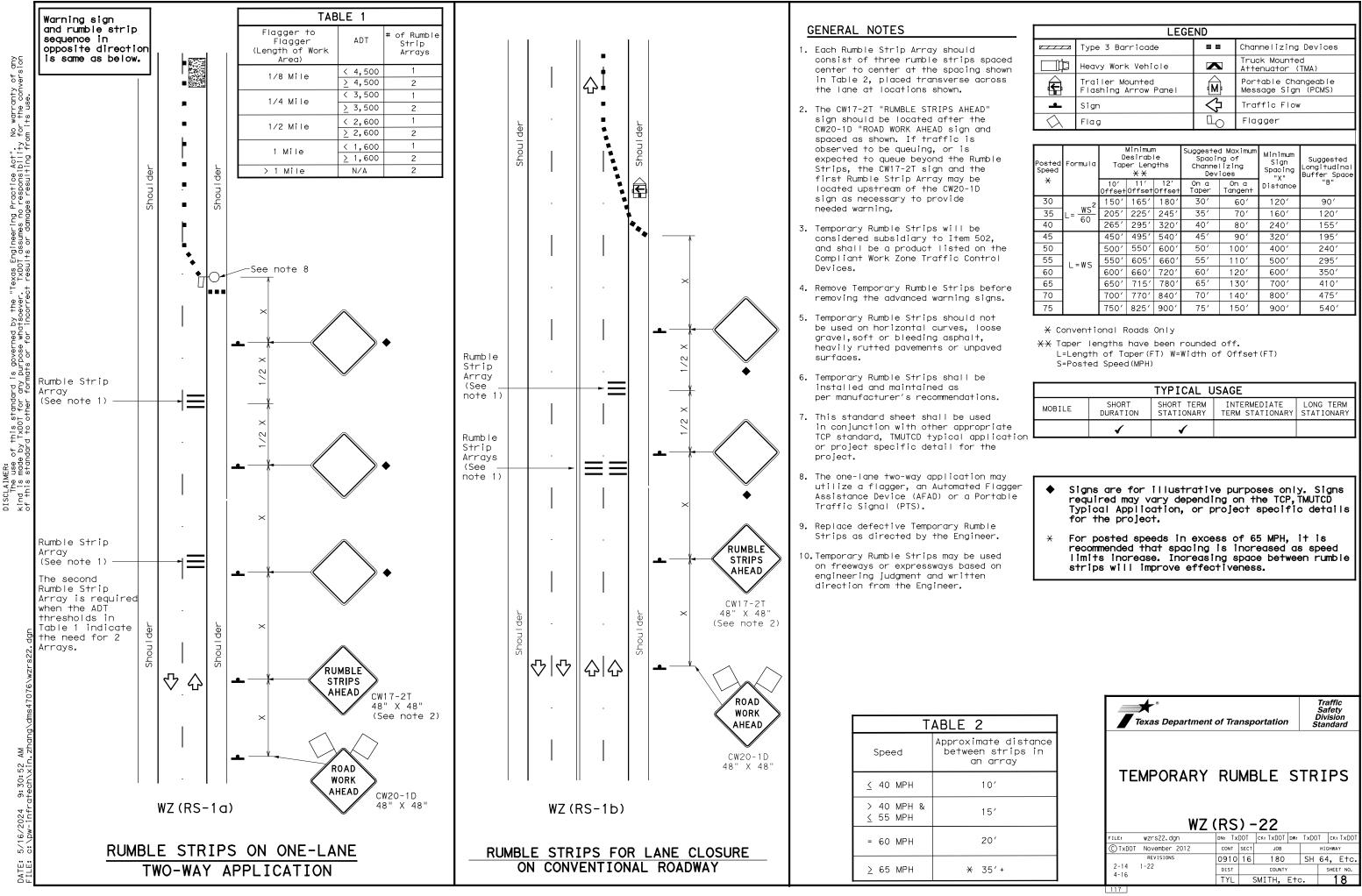
9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances

should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Texas Department	1	Traffic Operations Division Standard							
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL TCP(1-2)-18									
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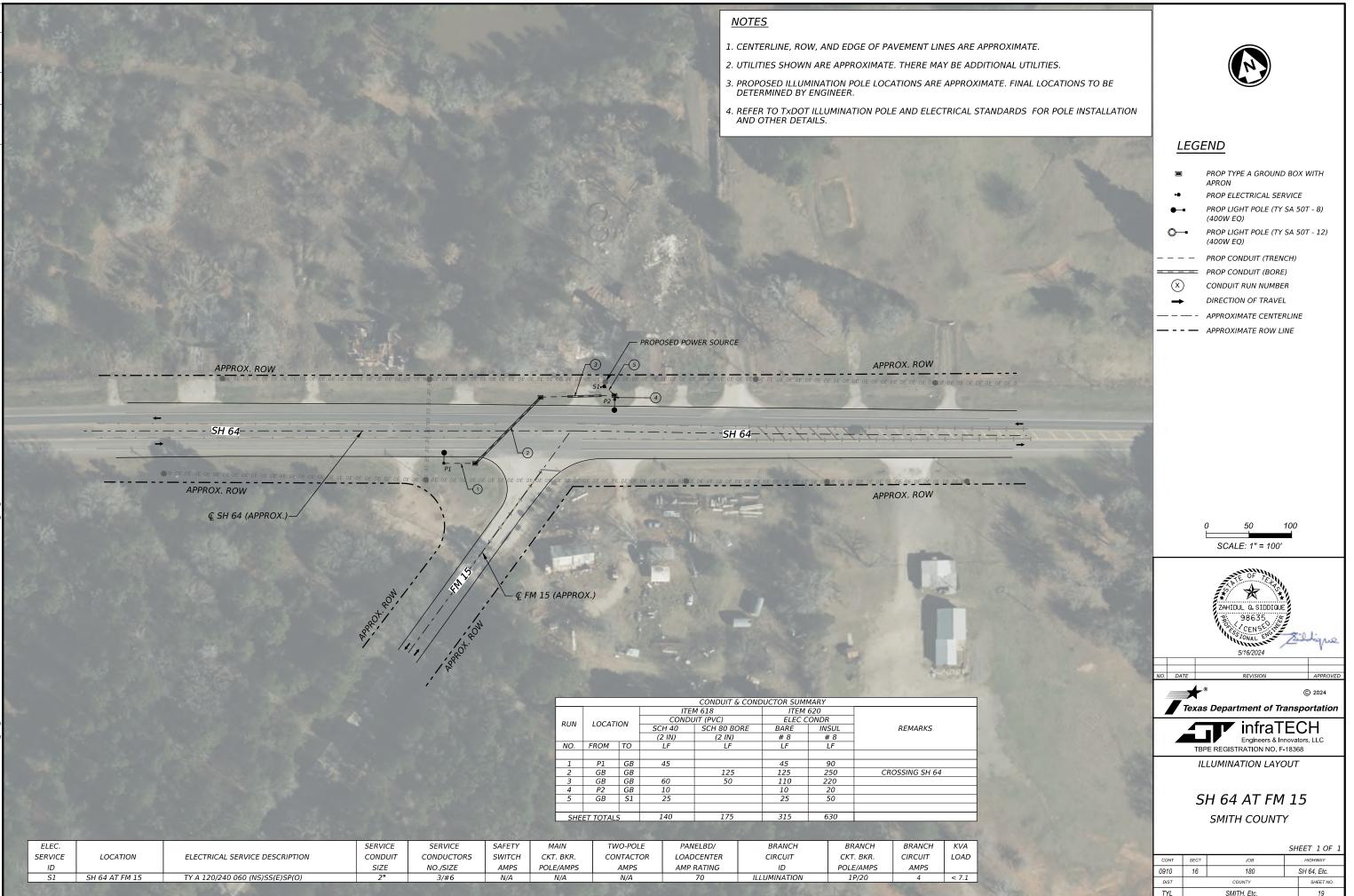
LEGEND											
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	\bigcirc	Traffic Flow								
\bigtriangleup	Flag	ПО	Flagger								

Posted Formula Speed		Taper Lengths X X			Channe	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	"B"	
30	<u>Ws²</u>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550'	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L 115	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

S=Posted	Speed (MPH	

	TYPICAL USAGE											
	MOBILE SHORT DURATION		SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
ion		4	1									

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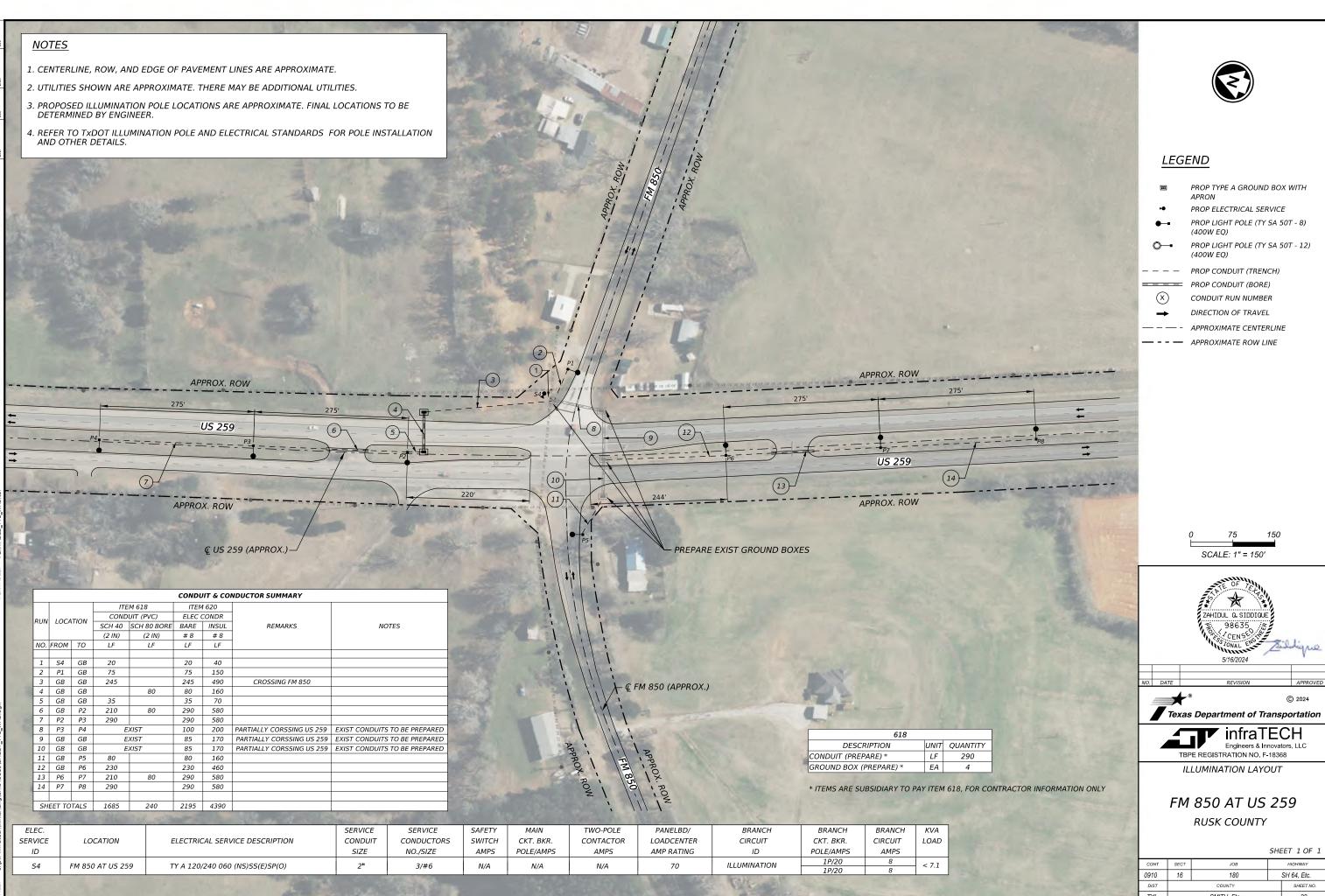




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æ	PROP TYPE A GROUND BOX WITH APRON
H	PROP ELECTRICAL SERVICE
• •	PROP LIGHT POLE (TY SA 50T - 8) (400W EQ)
0	PROP LIGHT POLE (TY SA 50T - 12) (400W EQ)
	PROP CONDUIT (TRENCH)
	PROP CONDUIT (BORE)
\mathbf{X}	CONDUIT RUN NUMBER

			SHE	ET 1 OF 1	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
TYL		SMITH, Etc.	22		

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GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

A. MATERIALS

- Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" × 10" × 4"	12" × 12" × 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	12" × 12" × 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plan a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductor the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically cal the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal el PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request an the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 4 conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirexcept that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Mak the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into gr foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff str the service riser conduit.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In add and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized ste externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of deter amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spac attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mount on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath exis driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Bac compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tun or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the c
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requir Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Fl Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Sho
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched condu
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and rac after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary ca durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. C conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing an
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safet cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittin install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground ro or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same siz grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for d required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are betwee from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other method the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installo tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silico conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc r more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up go as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.

ans. Use only ors through alled for in nd the RMC of the rigid of 2 in. of albows. RMC or	
y installed internal and with approval by 40 or schedule 80 PV le 40 and of the same uirements of Item 622 ake the transition of de conduit of the siz ground boxes or I ground boxes and	,
l service poles, traps are allowed on	
ed conduits at ddition, provide teel RMC conduit O ft. When t for expansion not allow for ermining the s a substitute	
acers when hting Options" t terminations. pt as shown	
isting roadways, ackfill and unneling Pipe connections.	
s with excavated ub-base of irements of Flowable noring."	
uit as per Item 618.	
aceways immediately caps constructed of Clean out the any conductors.	
ing conduit sealing ety switches, meter g bushings on water	
ings. Provide and	
rod, grounding lug, ize as the equipment duct cable is not	
e conductor. en 3 in. and 6 in.	Texas Depart
ods approved by lation and pull cone caulk as a	ELECT COND
ng, paint the field rich paint (94% or galvanized material al with a zinc rich	FILE: ed1-14.dgn CTxDOT October 2014 REVISIONS
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ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt 4. adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the indĭvidual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a sinale connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

- 12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.
- C. TEMPORARY WIRING
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NĔC.

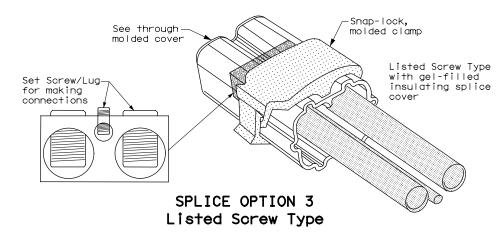
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide around rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place around rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- 3. Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- 5. Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.



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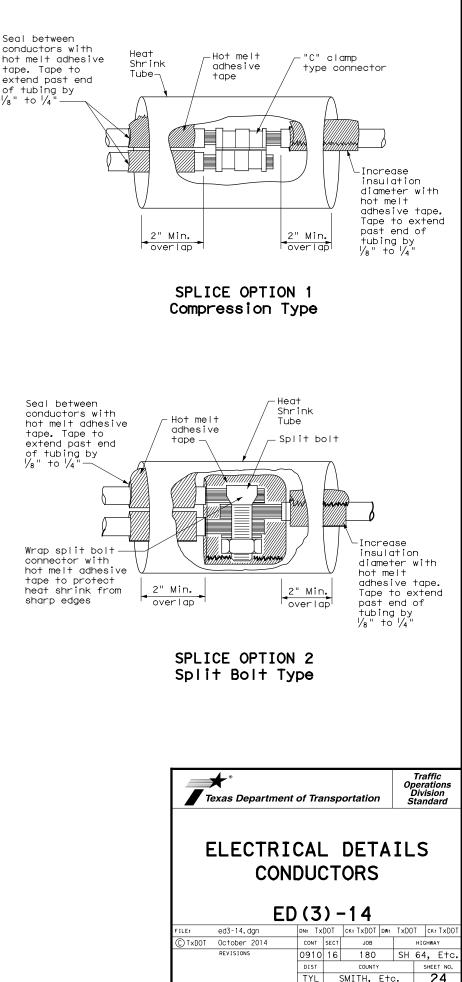
Seal between conductors with tape. Tape to extend past end of tubing by 1/8" to 1/4

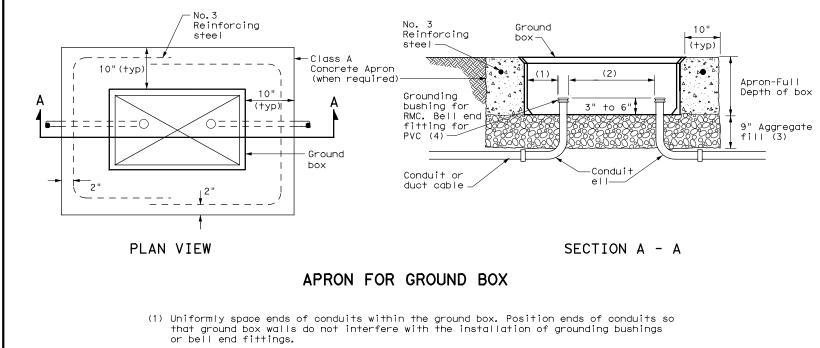
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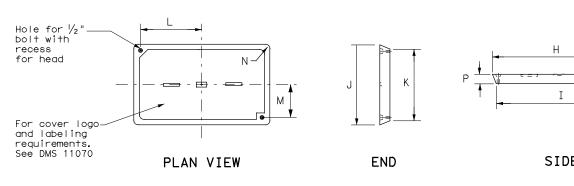




- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROU	GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS							
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)							
А	12 X 23 X 11							
В	12 X 23 X 22							
С	16 X 29 X 11							
D	16 X 29 X 22							
E	12 X 23 X 17							

	GROL	JND BO	ох со	VER D	IMENS	IONS		
TYPE			DIMEN	SIONS	(INCH	ES)		
	Н	Ι	J	K	L	М	Ν	Ρ
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 3⁄4	13 ½	9 7/8	5 1/ ₈	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 ½	30 /4	17 1/2	17 /4	13 ¼	6 ¾	1 3/8	2



GROUND BOXES

A. MATERIALS

- Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.

- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- aaareaate.
- boxes.

- Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- together and to the around rod with listed connectors.
- below arade.
- fully describing the work required.



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1. Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and

2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination

3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.

4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.

1. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of

2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.

3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground

4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.

5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.

6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant.

7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors

8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches

9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes

10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.

11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.

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ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.

- 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, . Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- 3. Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4.Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6.Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- 7.When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red. black. and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9.All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately
- 10.Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the $\frac{1}{2}$ in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 1.Use of liauidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 2.Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 3.For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to $8 \frac{1}{2}$ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating. 42 32: 4.When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan
- <u>б</u> sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 5.Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.

- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

			* ELE	CTRICAL	SERV	ICE DAT	A					
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 ¹ /4 "	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4 "	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

* Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.

** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.

EXPLANATION OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTIVE CODE

ELEC SERV IY $\frac{x}{x}$ $\frac{xxx}{xxx}$ $\frac{xxx}{xxx}$ $\frac{xxx}{xxx}$ $\frac{xxx}{xxx}$ $\frac{xxx}{xx}$ $\frac{xx}{xx}$ $\frac{xx}{x}$ $\frac{x}{x}$ x
Schematic Type
Service Voltage V / V
Disconnect Amp Rating 000 indicates main lug only/ Typically Type T
(SS)= Safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility (NS)= No safety Switch Ahead of Meter-Check with Utility
Enclosure Type GS= Galvanized steel("off the shelf") SS= Stainless steel(Custom Enclosure)See MPL AL= Aluminum (Custom Enclosure)See MPL
Photocell Mounting Location (E) = Inside Service/Enclosure Mounted (T) = Top of pole (L) = Luminaire mounted (N) = None/No Photocell or Lighting Contactor Required
Service Support Type GC= Granite concrete OC= Other concrete TP= Timber pole SP= Steel pole SF= Steel frame OT= Pole by others or paid for separately EX= Existing pole TS= Service on traffic signal pole PS= Pedestal Service
O= Overhead Service Feed from Utility U= Underground Service Feed from Utility

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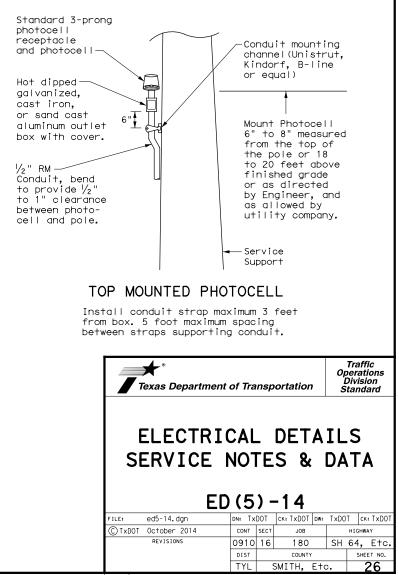
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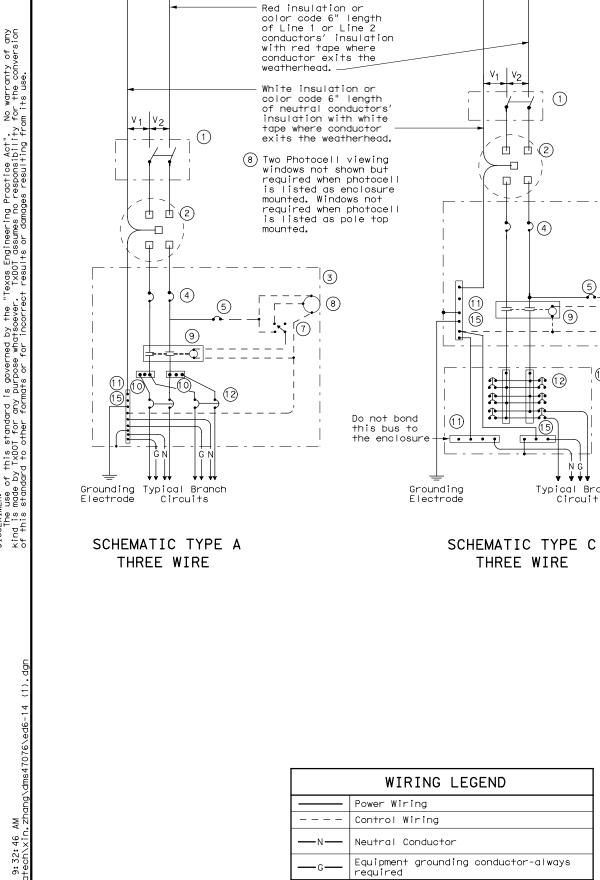
MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.

2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA. verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.





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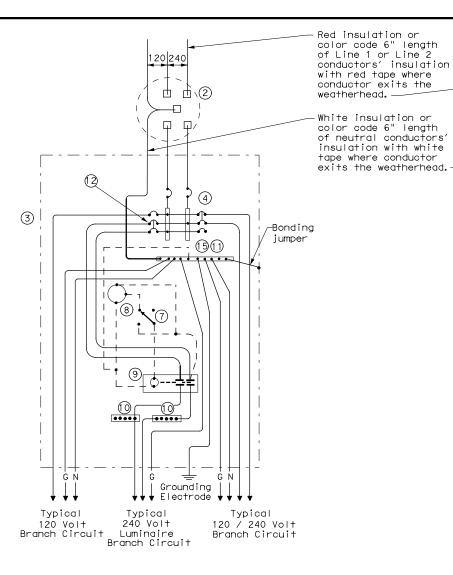
Equipment grounding conductor-always

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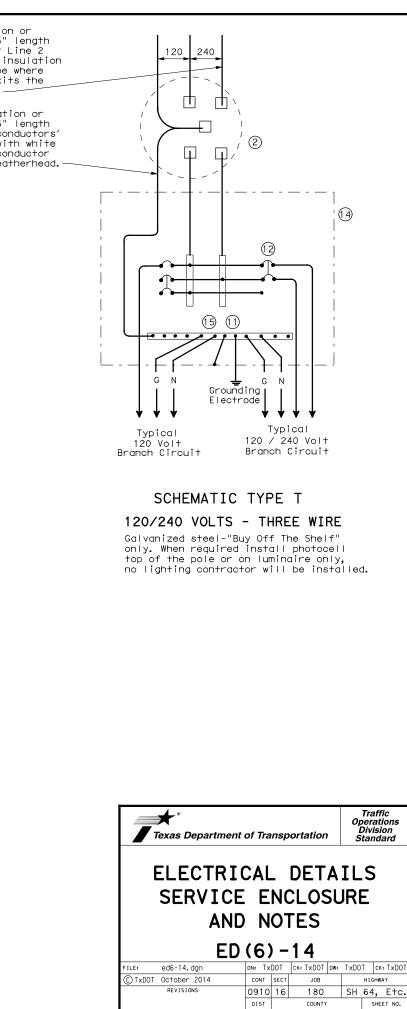
SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus

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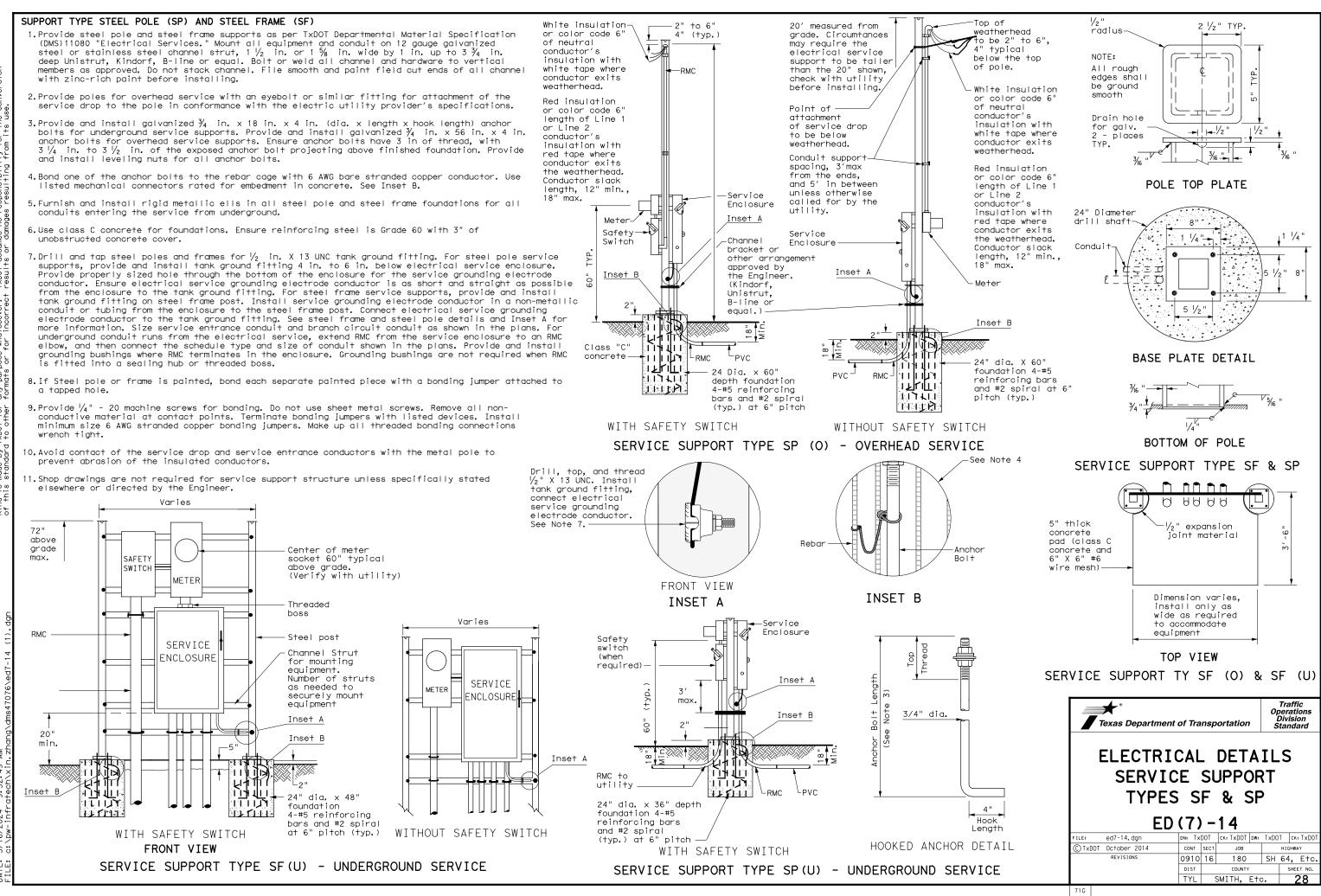
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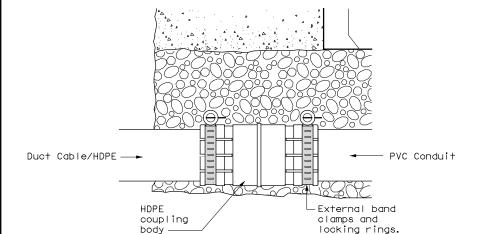
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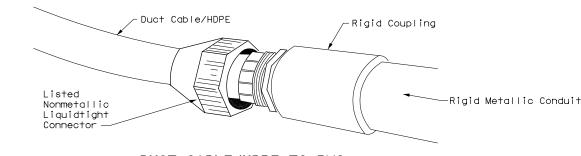
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DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

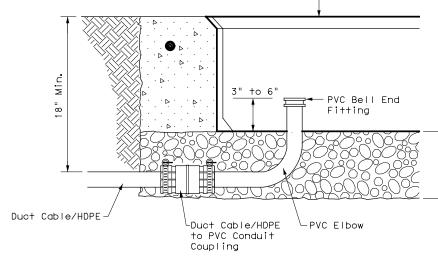
- 1. Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060 "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in. diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in. duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- 7. Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings; connected with listed tie-wrap fittings; connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings; connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings; or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



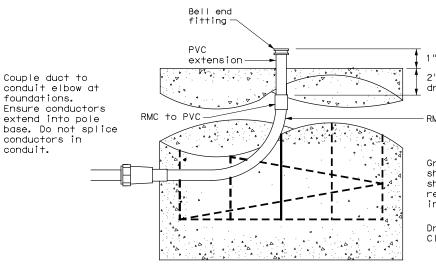
DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



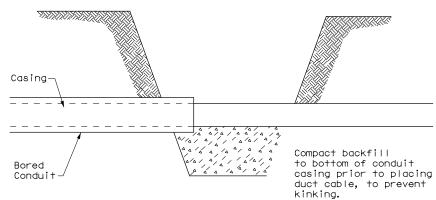
DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO RMC



DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX



DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



BORE PIT DETAIL

-Ground box

Aggregate bed is to be a minimum, of 9 inches deep, placed under and not in the ground box. Ensure the aggregate does not encroach into the interior of the box.

When the upper end of an RMC Ell does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.

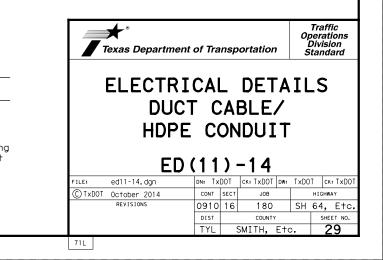
1"-3" exposed

2" min., from top of drill shaft to RMC

RMC elbow

Ground rods are not shown on this standard sheet, but may be required elsewhere in plans.

Drill shaft foundation Class A Concrete



ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY NOTES

- 1. Details apply to roadway lighting installations bid or referenced under Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies." Provide, furnish, and install all other materials not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the State such warranties or auarantees.
- 2. The locations of poles and fixtures may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association, Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection.
- 4. Provide Roadway Illumination Light Fixtures as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11010, Item 610, and as shown on the Material Producers List (MPL) for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies.
- 5. Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with Roadway Illumination Poles (RIP) standards and Item 610. Poles fabricated according to RIP standards do not require shop drawing submittals.
 - a. Alternate designs to RIP standards or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" on the TxDOT web site.
 - b. Limitations on use of the RIP standard: The RIP standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of the surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 6th Edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, provide poles meeting the following requirements:
 - i. Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal on the TxDOT web site), submit to the Engineer for approval fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles, sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
 - ii. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Provide light poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies with a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the 6th edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. Structurally test all transformer bases to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Submit certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished with the shop drawings. Show breakaway base model number, manufacturer's name, and logo on shop drawings. Include on manufacturer's shop drawings the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- 6. For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide and install double-pole breakaway fuse holders as specified by DMS-11040. Breakaway fuse holders are listed on the MPL for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses for breakaway connectors in light poles, or inside the light fixture for underpass luminaires. In each pole, connect luminaires to the breakaway connector with continuous stranded 12 AWG copper conductors as listed on the MPL. Bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground lug in the transformer base or hand hole.
- 7. Tighten anchor bolts for shoe base, concrete traffic barrier base, and bridge mount roadway illumination poles, in accordance with Item 449.
- 8. Install T-Base with following procedure:
 - a. Anchor Bolt Tightening.
 - i. Coat the threads of the anchor bolts with electrically conductive lubricant.
 - ii. Place the T-base over the anchor bolts. Foundation must be level and flat. The maximum permissible gap under any one corner of the t-base is 1/8" before nuts are tightened.
 - iii.Coat the bearing surfaces of the nuts and washers with electrically conductive lubricant. Install (1) 1/2" hold down washer, (1) lock washer, and (1) nut on each anchor bolt. Turn the nuts onto the bolts so that each is hand-tight against the washer.
 - iv. Using a torque wrench, tighten each nut to 150 ft-lb. Uniform contact is required between the foundation and the T-base in the corner regions of the T-base, and all corner gaps must be closed after applying torque. If a gap still exists after torquing to 150 ft-lbs, continue torquing each bolt incrementally until gap is closed or maximum allowable torque of 250 ft. pound is reached, whichever comes first. If 250 ft-lbs is not enough to close the gap the foundation must be leveled. Gaps along the straight sides of the T-bases and the foundation are permissible. Ensure that no high point of contact occurs between the straight sides of the T-base and the foundation.
 - v. Check top of T-base for level. If not level then foundation must be leveled.
 - b. Top Bolt Procedure
 - i. Erect pole over T-base with crane. Coat bolts, nuts, washers, and lock washers with electrically conductive lubricant.

- "Structural Bolting."
- iii.Tighten each nut to 150 ft-lb. using a torque wrench.
- c. Level and Plumb
 - dearees.
- standard sheet RID(2).
- RID(3). Typical luminaire size for underpass luminaires is 150W HPS or 150W EQ LED.
- 11. Mount luminaires on arms level as shown by the luminaire level indicator.

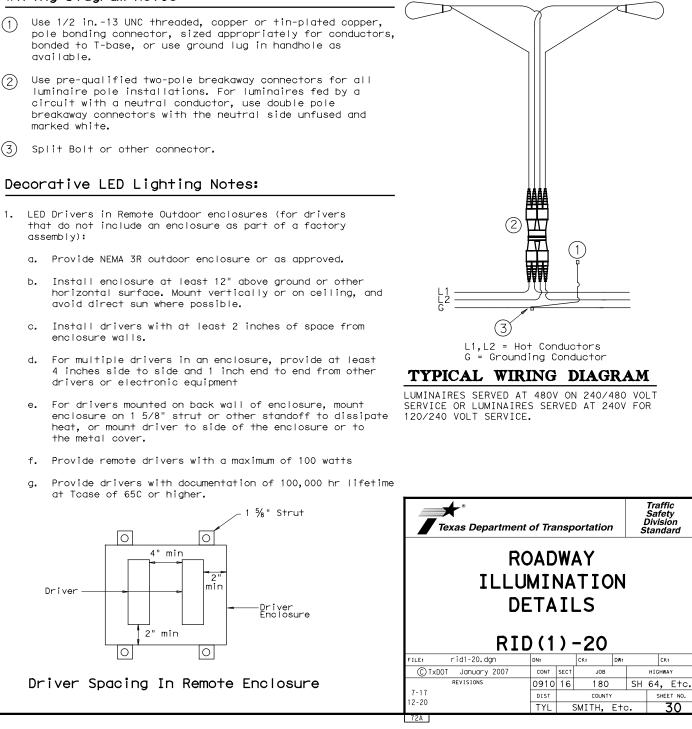
Wiring Diagram Notes:

- (1)available.
- (2)marked white.
- (3)Split Bolt or other connector.

Decorative LED Lighting Notes:

- assembly):

 - avoid direct sun where possible.
 - enclosure walls.
 - drivers or electronic equipment
- the metal cover.
- at Tcase of 65C or higher.



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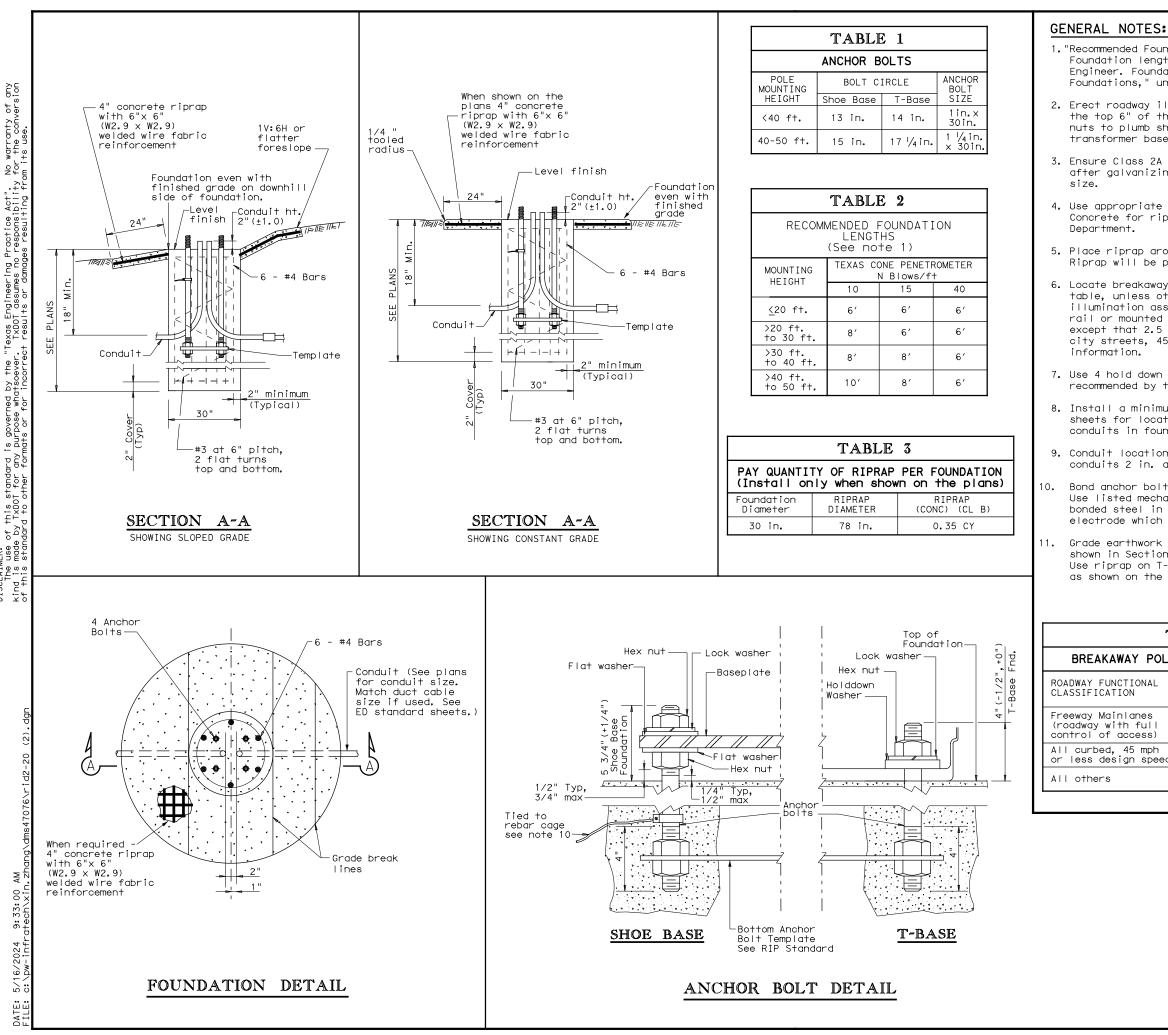
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ii. Install bolts and 1/2" connecting washers from the inside of the T-base, thread up through the pole base. Install flat washers, lock washers and nuts snug tight according to Item 447,

i. Ensure pole is plumb and mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway according to plans to within 5 9. Construct luminaire pole foundations in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," and TxDOT 10. Provide and install underpass luminaires in accordance with Item 610, DMS-11010, and TxDOT standard sheet

12. Orient luminaires perpendicular to the roadway intended to be lit unless otherwise shown on the plans.



AIMER: The use of this standard is made by TxDOT for any is standard to other for

1. "Recommended Foundation Lengths" table is for information purposes only. Foundation lengths shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Foundations will be paid for under Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations." unless otherwise shown on the plans.

2. Erect roadway illumination assembly poles plumb and true. Form and level the top 6" of the foundation so the pole will be plumb. Use leveling nuts to plumb shoe base poles. Do not use shims or leveling nuts under transformer bases. Do not grout between baseplate and the foundation.

3. Ensure Class 2A and 2B fit for anchor bolts and nuts. Tap and chase nuts after galvanizing. Anchor bolt body with rolled threads need not be full

4. Use appropriate class of concrete as specified in Items 416 and 432. Concrete for riprap may be upgraded to Class C at no extra cost to the

5. Place riprap around the foundation when called for elsewhere in the plans. Riprap will be paid for under Item 432.

6. Locate breakaway roadway illumination assemblies as shown in the placement table, unless otherwise dimensioned on the plans. Protect non-breakaway illumination assemblies from vehicular impact (i.e. 2.5 ft. behind guard rail or mounted on traffic barrier), or located outside the clear zone, except that 2.5 ft. from curb face is minimum desired for light poles on city streets, 45 mph or less. See Roadway Design Manual for further

7. Use 4 hold down and 4 connecting washers on transformer base poles as recommended by the manufacturer and supplied with base.

8. Install a minimum of 2 conduits in each foundation. See lighting layout sheets for locations of foundations with more than 2 conduits. Cap unused conduits in foundations on both ends.

9. Conduit location in foundations is critical for breakaway devices. Place conduits 2 in. apart on centerline as shown.

Bond anchor bolt to rebar cage with #6 bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. The bonded steel in the foundation creates a concrete encased arounding electrode which replaces the ground rod.

Grade earthwork around T-base foundations even with the finished grade as shown in Section A-A to ensure proper function of the breakaway device. Use riprap on T-base foundations that are located on sloped grades, and as shown on the plans for level grades.

Y POLE P	LACEMENT (See note 6)
IONAL N	** POLE OFFSET (DISTANCE TO FACE OF TRANSFORMER BASE)
nes full cess)	15 ft. (minimum and typical) from lane edge
5 mph n speed	2.5 ft. minimum (15 ft. desirable) from curb face
	10 ft. minimum*(15 ft. desirable) from lane edge

* or as close to ROW line as is practical

** provide 2/5 of the luminaire mounting height behind the pole for "falling area" to prevent encroachment on the other travel lanes. See design auidelines.

Texas Departme	nt of Trans	sportation	Traffic Safety Division Standard					
ILL	ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS (RDWY ILLUM FOUNDATIONS)							
(RDWY ILL		UNDAT	(ONS)					
(RDWY ILL	UM FO	UNDAT						
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Nominal	Shoe Base			T-Bo	T-Base				CSB/SSCB Mounted			
Mounting Ht.	Desi	gnation		Quantity	Designation		Quantity	De	esignat	ion	Quantit	
(f+)	Pole	A1 A2	Luminaire	Quantity	Pole A1 A2	2 Luminaire	Quantity	Pole	A1	A2 Luminaire	Quantity	
20	(Type SA 20 S -	4)	(150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T - 4)	(150W EQ) LED						
	(Type SA 20 S -	4 - 4)	(150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T - 4 - 4)	(150W EQ) LED						
30	(Type SA 30 S -	4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4)	(250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S -	4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4 -	4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S -	8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 8)	(250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S -	8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 8 -	8) (250W EQ) LED		
40	(Type SA 40 S -	4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 4)	(250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S -	4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 4 -	4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S -	8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 8)	(250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S -	8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 8 -	8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S -	10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 10)	(250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S -	10 - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 10 -	10) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S -	12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 12)	(250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S -	12 - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 12 -	12) (250W EQ) LED		
50	(Type SA 50 S -	4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 4)	(400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S -	4 - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4 - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 4 -	4) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S -	8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8)	(400W EQ) LED	12	(Type SP 48 S	- 8)	(400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S -	8 - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8 - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 8 -	8) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S -	10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 10)	(400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S -	10 - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 10 -	10) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S -	12)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12)	(400W EQ) LED	2	(Type SP 48 S	- 12)	(400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S -	12 - 12)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 12 -	12) (400W EQ) LED		

- 1. All work, materials and services not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction shall be performed, furnished and installed by the Contractor. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment or installation will be considered justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the Department such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The location of poles and fixtures are diagrammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Standard Steel Pole Designs. Steel poles fabricated in accordance with the details and dimensions shown herein, shall be considered standard designs. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations for standard designs is not required.
- 4. Optional Steel Pole Designs. Multi-sided steel poles may be allowed as optional designs, if steel poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
- a. Shop Drawings. Optional designs require submission of shop drawings and design calculations bearing the seal of an engineer licensed in the State of Texas, in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." The Department may elect to pre-approve some shop drawings for optionally designed poles. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations is not required for structures fabricated in accordance with the details of shop drawings on the pre-approved list maintained by the TxDOT Traffic Operations Division. Any deviation from the pre-approved shop drawings will require submission of shop drawings of the complete assembly and design calculations as described above.
- b. Structural Support Design for Luminaires. Lighting support structures shall be designed for a 25 year design life in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. All poles shall be designed for 110 mph 3-second gust wind speeds. The Gust Factor, G, and Wind Importance Factor, Ir, shall be applied as per the AASHTO Specifications assuming a 25-year design life. The design depresented experience wind value the designed product the back the per the AASHTO specifications. design wind pressure for hurricane wind velocities greater than 100 mph shall not be less than the design wind pressure using 100 mph with the non-hurricane Wind Importance Factor, Ir, value. For transformer base poles, fabricator shall include transformer base and connecting hardware in design calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases shall have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished shall be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings shall show breakaway base model number, and manufacturer's name and logo. Manufacturer's shop drawings shall include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used. c. Mast Arm Attachments. All poles and attachments shall be structurally designed to support two 12-foot mast arms and luminaires. Poles shall be supplied with mast arm combinations as shown in the plans. All
- mast arms shall be designed for a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet. d. Anchor Bolt Assembly. Anchor bolt assemblies for optionally designed poles shall be the same as those shown herein.
- 5. Aluminum Pole Designs. Aluminum pole designs may be allowed, if aluminum poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
 - a. Meet all of the requirements stated above for optional steel pole designs and the following: 1. Aluminum poles shall be fabricated in accordance with "Structural Welding Code-Aluminum" AWS D1.2.
 - Aluminum pole designs shall use the same anchor bolt assembly and be subject to the same geometric restraints and other requirements for steel poles specified herein.
 Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer.
 - Pole components shall be constructed using the following material: 4.

 - Pole components shall be constructed using the following material: Shaft: ASTM B221 or B241 Alloy 6063-T6, ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H34, ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5. Base Flange: ASTM B26 Alloy 356.0-T6 or ASTM B108 Alloy 356.0-T6 (Yield strength test required). Mast Arm Fitting: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5. Mast Arms: ASTM B241 Alloy 6061-T6 or Alloy 6063-T6. Pole Cap: ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H32 or ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6. Bolts: Stainless Steel AISI 300 series. Bolts threading into aluminum threads shall be treated with anti-seize compound, Never-Seez Compound, Permatex 133K or equal.

6. Special Designs. Poles with architectural treatments shall meet the requirements shown elsewhere in the plans.

7. Luminaire Mounting Height. Actual luminaire mounting height shall be the nominal mounting height given on RIP(2) for all pole-arm combinations except for poles with 4 ft. luminaire arms, which shall be 3'-0" lower than the nominal height, unless otherwise shown or directed.

- SA: Pole and mast arm may be steel aluminum.
- ST: Pole and mast arm must be steel
 - AL: Pole and mast arm must be alumi SP: Special (ovalized) steel or alu
 - for installing on CSB or SSCB. sheet CSB (4), or SSCB (4).
 - Two numerical digits denote nominal mounting height in feet.
 - Next letter denotes type of base, (S T-Transformer Base, or B-Bridge/Ret.
 - First number denotes length of mast in feet.
 - Use of second mast arm is indicated dashed number which denotes length
 - Luminaire rating in watts (i.e. 400W wattage LED fixtures will include EG
 - Last letters indicate light source (S Sodium; LED - LED luminaire)



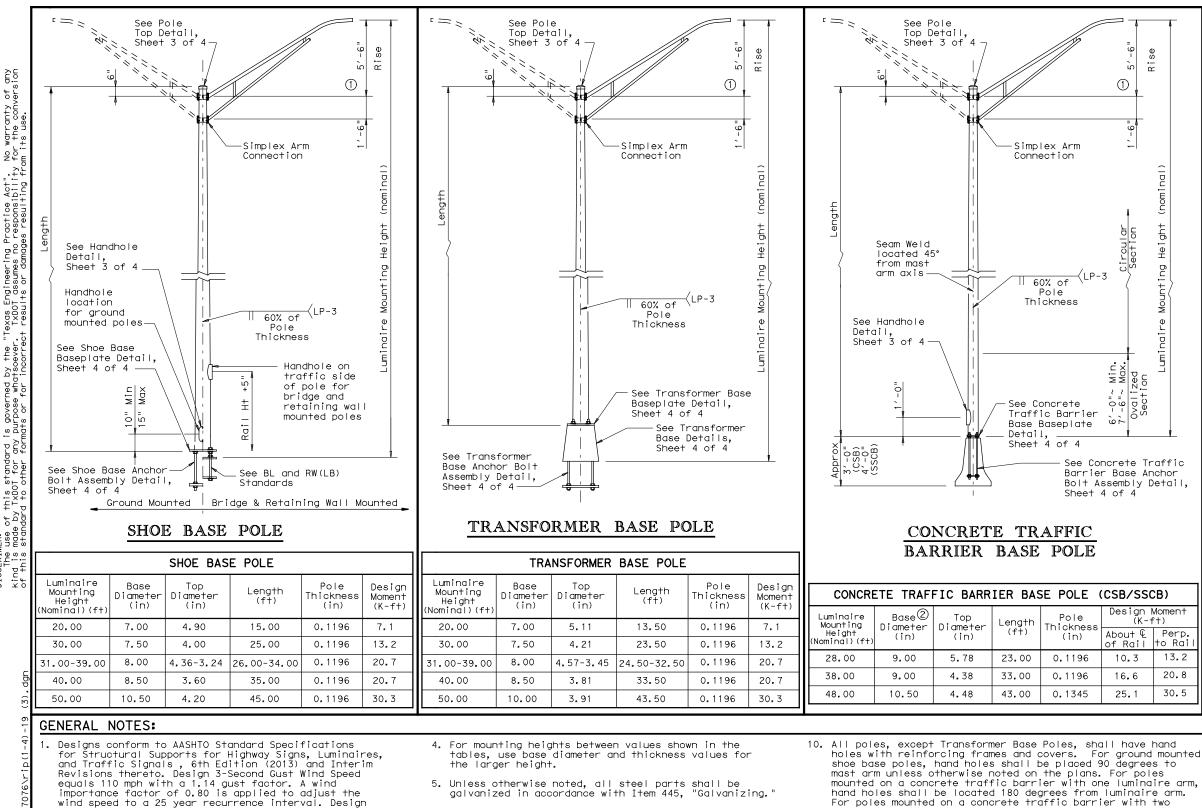
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		OTH							
	Desi	gnatic	'n						
Pole	A1	A2	Luminai	re	Quantity				

EXPLANATION OF ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY DESIGNATIONS

TYPE SA 50	T - X - X) (400W EQ) LED
or] num. minum pole See standard	
S-Shoe Base, Wall Mount) arm	
by second ——— 'n feet.	
V). Equivalent Q (i.e. 400W EQ)	
- High Pressure	

SHEET 1 OF 4									
Traffic Safety Division Standard									
ILLU F	ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES								
	Ρ(1)	-19	•					
FILE: rip-19.dgn	DN:		ск:	DW:		СК	:		
© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	AY		
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7-17	DIST		COUNTY	r		SHE	ET NO.		
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734									



- 6. Steel poles shall be fabricated in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." Longitudinal seam welds for pole sections shall have 60% minimum penetration. All welding shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code-Steel.
- 7. Two-section poles joined by circumferential welds will not be permitted, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Poles may be fabricated in two sections and fieldassembled by the lap-joint method. The two sections shall telescope together with a lap length of not less than 1-1/2 times the shaft diameter at the lap joint.
- 8. Alternate material equal to or better than material specified may be substituted with the approval of the Engineer.
- Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts, when erecting shoe base poles and concrete traffic barrier base poles, in 9. accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts.

- For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with two luminaire arms, all hand holes shall be on the same side o the barrier. For poles mounted on a bridge lighting bracket traffic side of the pole, at a height that will clear the barrier.
- 11. The finished pole shall have a smooth, uniform finish free of pits, blisters, or other defects. Scratched, chipped, and other damaged galvanized areas on poles and mast arms shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing.
- 12. Pole length is based on a 5'-6" luminaire arm rise. 4 ft. luminaire arms have a 2'-6" rise. A pole with 4 ft. luminaire arms will have an actual mounting height 3'-0" less than the nominal mounting height. Increasing the pole length to meet the nominal mounting height is allowed, but unnecessary unless otherwise directed by the engineer.

13. Erect transformer base poles in accordance with sheet RID(1).

warranty the conv S - E Texas Engineering Practice Act". TxDOT assumes no responsibility + results or domones resultion fr what soever. goverr Irpose ω D Π this standard i / TXDOT for any fo by AER: use made . קל

2. N 9:33:04 3. Fabrication shall be in accordance with the Specifications

moments listed in tables assume base of pole is

Structures are designed to support two 12' luminaire

mast arms and luminaires. Mast arms are designed to support a 60-pound luminaire having an effective

and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Do not submit shop drawings for roadway

illumination pole assemblies fabricated in accordance

procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to

with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld

fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the

tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication

shipping practices shall meet the requirements of these sheets and the Specifications. In the absence of specified

25' above natural ground level.

projected area of 1.6 square feet.

2024 5 DATE:

practice.

4	MATERIAL DATA									
	COMPONENT	ASTM DESIGNATION	MIN. YIELD (ksi)							
	Pole Shaft (0.14"/ft. Taper)	A572 Gr 50, A595 Gr A, A1011 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2 ③, or A1008 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2	50							
(p	Base Plate and Handhole Frame	A572 Gr.50, or A36	36							
(nominal)	T-Base Connecting Bolts	F3125 Gr A325	92							
Height	Anchor Bolts	F1554 Gr 55, A193-B7 or A321	55 105							
	Anchor Bolt Templates	A36	36							
e Mounting	Heavy Hex (H.H.) Nuts	A194 Gr 2H,or A563 Gr DH								
Luminaire	Flat Washers	F436								
Lun	NOTES:		_							

(1)2'-6" rise for 4 ft. luminaire arms.

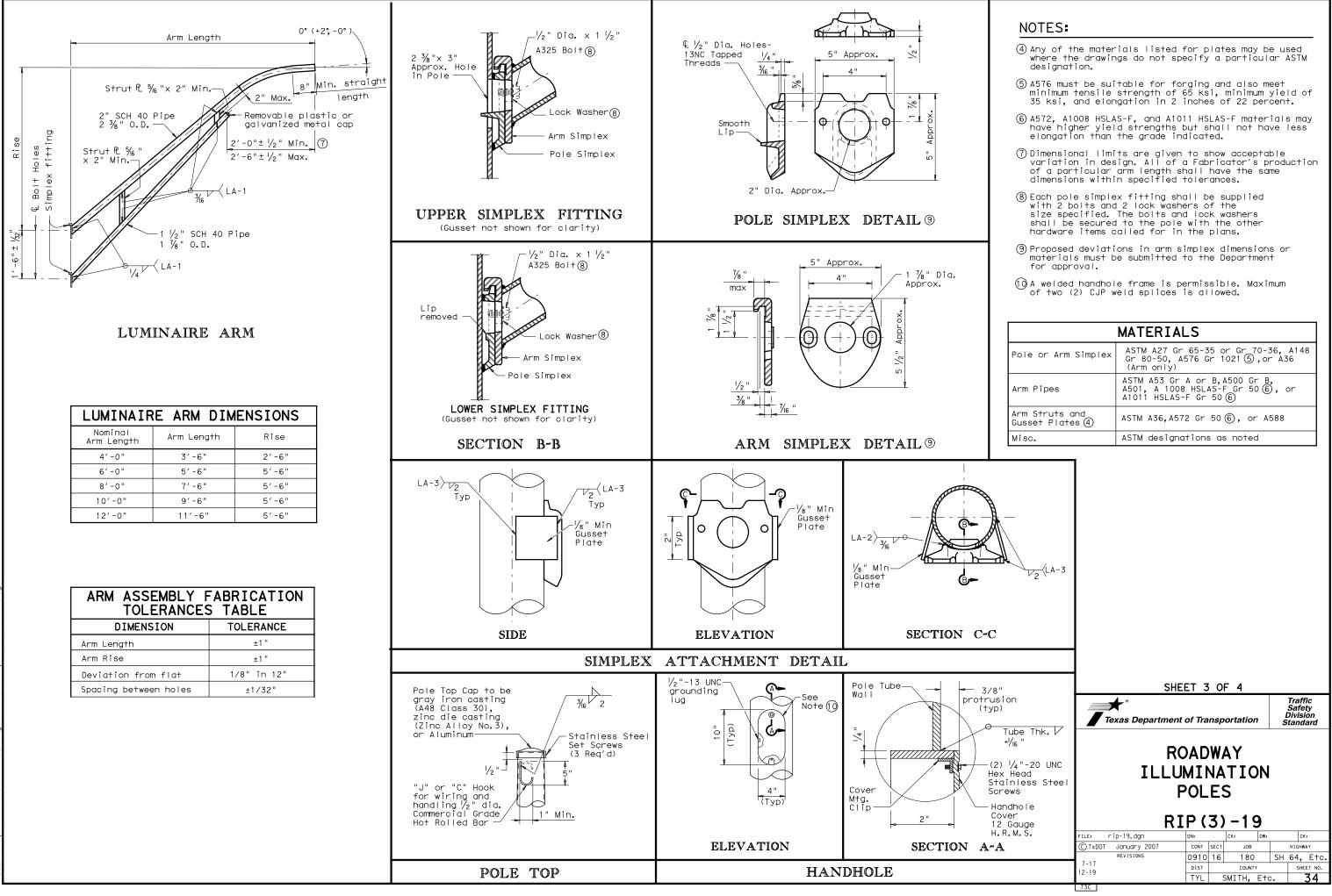
②Before ovalized as shown on Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate details, Sheet 4 of 4.

(3) A1011 SS Gr 50 may be used instead of HSLAS, provided the material meets the elongation requirements for HSLAS.

POLE ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE						
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE					
Shaft length	+1 "					
I.D. of outside piece of slip fitting pieces	+1/8", -1/16"					
O.D. of inside piece of slip fitting pieces	+1/32", -1/8"					
Shaft diameter: other	+3/16"					
Out of "round"	1/4"					
Straightness of shaft	±1/4" in 10 ft					
Twist in multi-sided shaft	4° in 50 ft					
Perpendicular to baseplate	1/8" in 24"					
Pole centered on baseplate	±1/4"					
Location of Attachments	±1/4"					
Bolt hole spacing	±1/16"					

SHE	ET 2	0	F 4							
Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortatio	n	Sa Div	affic fety ision ndard				
ILLU	ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES RIP(2)-19									
FILE: rip-19.dgn	DN:		ск:	DW:		CK:				
© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY				
REVISIONS	0910	16	180		SH 64	1, E+c.				
7-17 12-19	DIST		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.				
12 13	TYL	Ś	SMITH,	E+c		33				
73B										

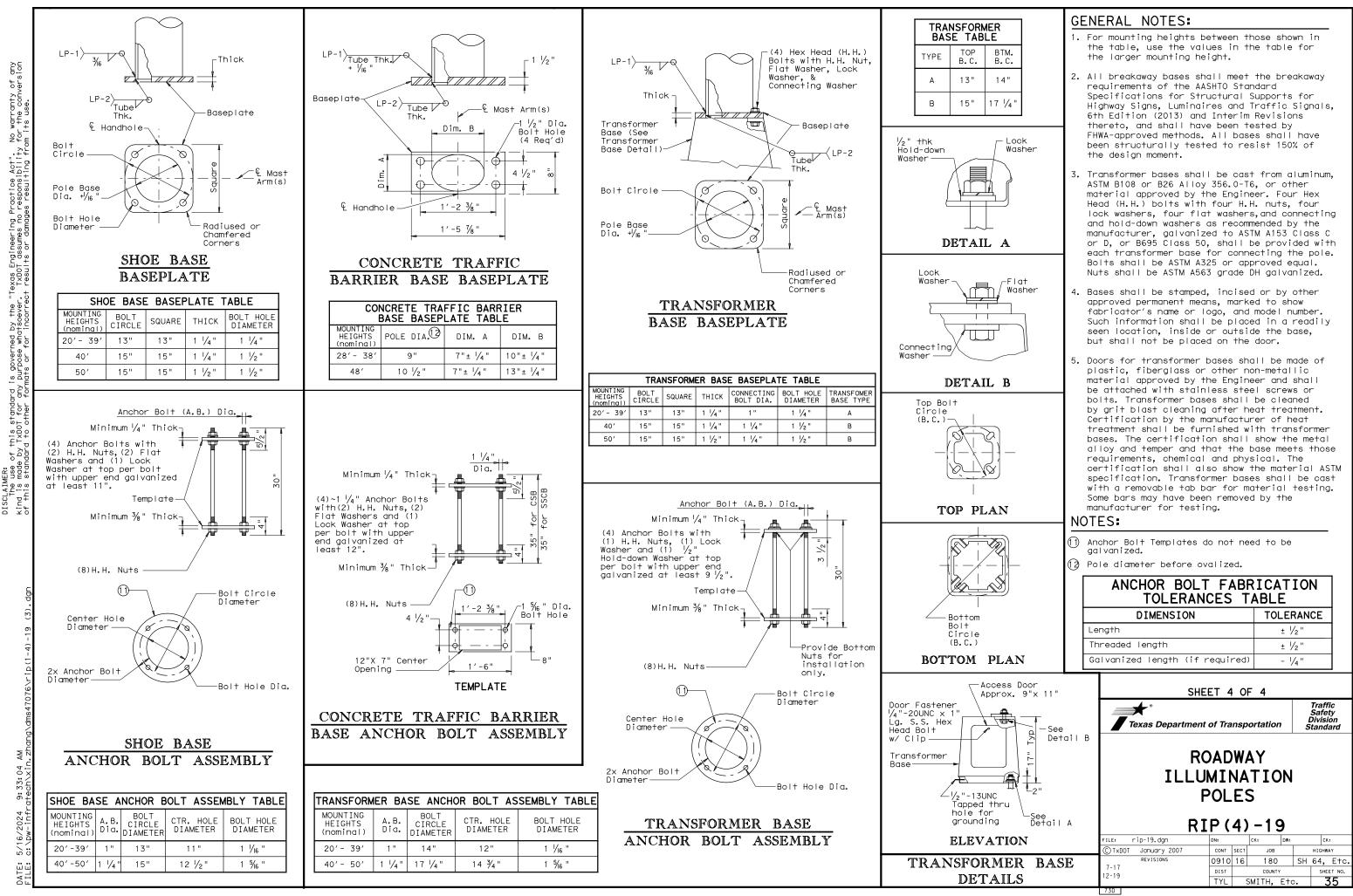
Design Moment (K-ft) About 🖳 🛛 Perp of Rail to Rail 13.2 20.8 30.5



DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

Α 9:33:04 dtech\xin. 5/16/2024 DATE: FII F:

(4) Any of the mater where the drawin designation.	ials listed for plates may be used gs do not specify a particular ASTM
⑤ A576 must be sui minimum tensile 35 ksi, and elon	table for forging and also meet strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of gation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
have higher yiel	S-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F materials may d strengths but shall not have less the grade indicated.
variation in des of a particular	ts are given to show acceptable ign. All of a Fabricator's production arm length shall have the same n specified tolerances.
with 2 bolts and size specified. shall be secured	x fitting shall be supplied 2 lock washers of the The bolts and lock washers 1 to the pole with the other called for in the plans.
Proposed deviati materials must b for approval.	ons in arm simplex dimensions or e submitted to the Department
<pre>(1) A welded handhol of two (2) CJP w</pre>	e frame is permissible. Maximum veld splices is allowed.
	MATERIALS
Pole or Arm Simplex	ASTM A27 Gr 65-35 or Gr 70-36, A148 Gr 80-50, A576 Gr 1021 ⑤,or A36 (Arm only)
Arm Pipes	ASTM A53 Gr A or B,A500 Gr B, A501, A 1008 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6, or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6
Arm Struts and	ASTM A36,A572 Gr 50(6), or A588
Gusset Plates (4)	, Sector



No warranty of any for the conversion Texas Engineering Practice Act". TXD0T assumes no responsibility + results or domones resultion for whatsoever. si Pu for any this st TxDOT by ER: use made

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):								
2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE	2.3 PERMANENT CONTRO (Coordinate post-construction maintenance sections.) BMPs To Be Left In Place Po	n BMPs with appropri	ate TxDOT	2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:				
				Chemical Management				
The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing	Type Stationing			Concrete and Materials Waste N	<i>∧</i> anagement			
the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3		From	То	☐ ⊠ Debris and Trash Management				
for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day				Dust Control				
operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this	N/A			Sanitary Facilities				
SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.				☑ Other:Update if project scope	echanges			
				Other:				
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:								
T/P				□ Other:				
Protection of Existing Vegetation								
 Vegetated Buffer Zones 				□ Other:				
Soil Retention Blankets								
Geotextiles								
Mulching/ Hydromulching								
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments								
Temporary Seeding								
Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding	Refer to the Environmental L		Layout Sheets					
Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs	located in Attachment 1.2 of	this SWP3			150			
Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams				2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZON				
Vertical Tracking				Natural vegetated buffers shall be				
Interceptor Swale				protect adjacent surface waters. If	-			
				zones are not feasible due to site				
				additional sediment control measu into this SWP3.	ires nave been ir	ncorporated		
Temporary Pipe Slope Drain	2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TR		1.6.					
 Embankment for Erosion Control Paved Flumes 			L O .	Туре	Stati	oning		
 Faved Finites K Other:Update if project scope changes 	Excess dirt/mud on road r	•			From	То		
 Other: 	□ Haul roads dampened for			Preserve all existing vegetation,				
Other:	 Loaded haul trucks to be of Stabilized construction exit 		I	but clearing, grubbing trees within ROW				
□ □ Other:	 Daily street sweeping 	it.		11011				
	⊠ Other:N/A							
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:								
T/P	□ Other:							
Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs								
Dewatering Controls	□ Other:							
□ Inlet Protection								
Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams	□ Other:							
Sandbag Berms Sadiment Control Fores	<u> </u>							
Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit								
Stabilized Construction Exit								
Floating Turbidity Barrier								
Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter String				Refer to the Environmental Layout		Layout Sheets		
Vegetated Filter Strips				located in Attachment 1.2 of this S	WP3			
□ K Other:Update if project scope changes								
Other:								
□ □ Other:								
Other:								
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3	3							

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3 .

2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



[©] 2024 * July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS		TYL	SMI	TH, ETC			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
0910		16	180	SH 64, ETC			

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3): This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.		-	Environmental Layout Sheets 3. PSLs may be identified during uring the construction the options below: construction meeting instruction	 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES: Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipme and storage Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking 			
		Туре	Sheet #s	Construction debris and waste from various construction activities			
This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION		N/A	N/A	 Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities Trash from various construction activities/receptacles 			
	OL SECTION JOB (CSJ):			Long-term stockpiles of material	al and waste		
<u>0910 - 16 - 180</u> 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:							
	64 AT FM 15, SH 64 AT FM 848			⊠ Other: _Update if project scop	e changes to require soil _		
				<u>disturbing activities. None plan</u> □ Other:			
SH 64 AT FM 2089, AND							
1.3 PROJECT COORD			the Contractor are the Contractor's	□ Other:			
BEGIN: (Lat)			shall secure all permits required off-ROW PSLs. The contractor				
END: (Lat <u>)</u>	,(Long)	shall provide diagrams, areas	of disturbance, acreage, and				
1.4 TOTAL PROJECT	AREA (Acres):1.0	BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs wi	thin one mile of the project.	1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:			
1.5 TOTAL AREA TO B	BE DISTURBED (Acres): _0.0	Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental L					
	STRUCTION ACTIVITY:	(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Tributarios					
Installing roadway illu and turning lanes	mination for intersections	Attachment 2.3.)	e and Ceasing Record in	Tributaries	Classified Waterbody		
		⊠ Mobilization					
		□ Install sediment and erosion					
 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPE	S:	□ Blade existing topsoli into wi □ Remove existing pavement	ndrows, prep ROW, clear and grub				
Soil Type	Description	Grading operations, excavat	ion, and embankment				
		 Excavate and prepare subgr widening 					
		□ Remove existing culverts, sa	ifety end treatments (SETs) n guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail				
		□ Install proposed pavement p					
		Install culverts, culvert exten					
		☐ ☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, brid	lge rail				
		☐ Rework slopes, grade ditche	S				
		Blade windrowed material ba	•	* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().			
		 Revegetation of unpaved are Achieve site stabilization and 					
		erosion control measures					
		X Other: <u>Update if project scc</u> _disturbing activities. None pla	pe changes to require soil nned at this time.				
		□ Other:					
		☐ Other:					

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TXDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

□ Other:_____

□ Other:_____

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Day To Day Operational Control X Maintain schedule of major construction activities X Install, maintain and modify BMPs Other:

□ Other:



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)

[©] 2024 July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2



FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.					
STATE STATE DIST.			COUNTY				
TEXAS TYL			SMI	TH, ETC			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
0910		16	180	SH 64, ETC			

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION F			III. CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS
required for projects with	er Discharge Permit or Constr 1 or more acres disturbed sc t for erosion and sedimentati	oil. Projects with any	archeological artifacts are archeological artifacts (bo	ecifications in the event historical issues or e found during construction. Upon discovery of ones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease	General (ap Comply with the hazardous materi making workers o
	may receive discharges from – ed prior to construction act		Work in the immediate area	and contact the Engineer immediately.	provided with pe Obtain and keep
1.			Action No.		used on the proj Paints, acids, s
2.					compounds or add products which m
No Action Required	🛛 Required Action		1.		Maintain an adec In the event of
Action No.			2.		in accordance wi immediately. The
1. Prevent stormwater pollu accordance with TPDES Pe	ution by controlling erosion ermit TXR 150000	and sedimentation in	3.		of all product s
2. Comply with the SW3P and	d revise when necessary to co	ontrol pollution or	4.		Contact the Engi * Dead or di
required by the Engineer	r.		IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		* Trash pile * Undesirabl
	Notice (CSN) with SW3P inform the public and TCEQ, EPA or		Preserve native vegetation	to the extent practical.	* Evidence o Does the pro
4. When Contractor project	specific locations (PSL's)	increase disturbed soil	164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 75	Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 51, 752 in order to comply with requirements for al landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	replacements
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STRE ACT SECTIONS 401 AND		ETLANDS CLEAN WATER	🛛 No Action Required	Required Action	If "No", the If "Yes", the Are the resu
	filling, dredging, excavati	na or other work in any	Action No.		Yes
	eeks, streams, wetlands or we		1.		If "Yes", th
The Contractor must adher the following permit(s):	e to all of the terms and co	nditions associated with			the notifica activities as
			2.		15 working do
🛛 No Permit Required			3.		If "No", the scheduled dem
Nationwide Permit 14 - wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less than	1/10th acre waters or	4.		In either cas activities ar
 Nationwide Permit 14 - Individual 404 Permit F Other Nationwide Permiter 		acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)		SED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, TE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	asbestos cons Any other evi on site. Haz
	ters of the US permit applies Practices planned to control	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No Action Required	Required Action	Action No.
1.			Action No.		2.
2.			1. Adhere to Migratory B	ird Treaty Act.	3.
					VII. OTHER EN
3.			2.		(includes
4.			3.		No Act
	nary high water marks of any ters of the US requiring the e Bridge Layouts.		4.		Action No.
Best Management Practic	Ces:			are observed, cease work in the immediate area,	1.
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	work may not remove active new	itat and contact the Engineer immediately. The sts from bridges and other structures during	2.
X Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegetative Filter Strips	-	ssociated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes the immediate area, and contact the	3.
Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	Engineer immediately.		
Mulch	— Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin			
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands	LIST	OF ABBREVIATIONS	
Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	🗌 Wet Basin	BMP: Best Management Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	
Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	CGP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health	SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration	PSL: Project Specific Location	
Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOA: Memorandum of Agreement MOU: Memorandum of Understanding	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System	
Compost Filter Berm and Sock	ks 🗌 Compost Filter Berm and Socks		MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sew MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	er System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation	
	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sand Filter Systems	NOT: Notice of Termination NWP: Nationwide Permit	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	
	Sediment Basins	Grassy Swales	NOI: Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	

ARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

ral (applies to all projects):

th the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and rkers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. nd keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products he project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. ent of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, ance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator ely. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup oduct spills.

he Engineer if any of the following are detected: ad or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) ish piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. esirable smells or odors

dence of leaching or seepage of substances

the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or cements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

No No

", then no further action is required. es", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

ne results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

No No

es", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with ptification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management ities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least rking days prior to scheduled demolition.

", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any led demolition.

her case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement ties and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and tos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

her evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered e. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required Required Action

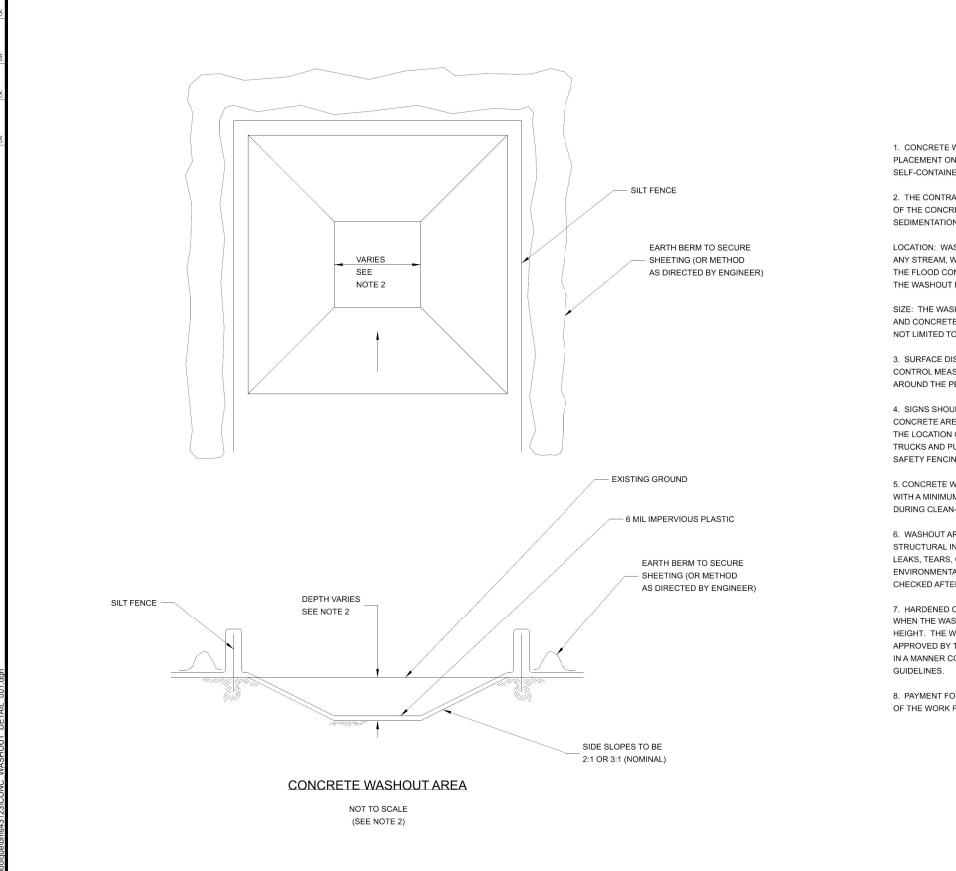
HER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

ncludes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

• C) 2024 Design Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. **ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS** EPIC DN: TxDOT CK: RG DW: VP ILE: epic.dgn ск: AR ◯TxDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISION 0910 16 180 SH 64, Etc. 2-12-2011 (DS) -07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. -23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122) ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. Smith, Etc. 38 TYL



NOTES

1. CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA(S) SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO CONCRETE PLACEMENT ON SITE. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA SHALL BE ENTIRELY SELF-CONTAINED.

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT THE DESIGN, LOCATION AND SIZING OF THE CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA(S) WITH THE PROJECT'S EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

LOCATION: WASHOUT AREA(S) ARE TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST 50 FEET FROM ANY STREAM, WETLAND, STORM DRAINS, OR OTHER SENSITIVE RESOURCE. THE FLOOD CONTINGENCY PLAN MUST ADDRESS THE CONCRETE WASHOUT IF THE WASHOUT IS TO BE LOCATED WITHIN THE FLOODPLAN.

SIZE: THE WASHOUT MUST HAVE SUFFICIENT VOLUME TO CONTAIN ALL LIQUID AND CONCRETE WASTE GENERATED BY WASHOUT OPERATIONS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, OPERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH GROUT AND MORTAR.

3. SURFACE DISCHARGE IS UNACCEPTABLE, THERFORE EARTH BERM OR OTHER CONTROL MEASURES, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, SHOULD BE USED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA FOR CONTAINMENT.

4. SIGNS SHOULD BE PLACED AT THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, AT THE CONCRETE AREA(S) AND ELSEWHERE AS NECESSARY TO CLEARLY INDICATE THE LOCATION OF THE CONCRETE WASHOUT TO OPERATORS OF CONCRETE TRUCKS AND PUMP RIGS. WASHOUT AREA(S) SHOULD BE FLAGGED WITH SAFETY FENCING OR OTHER APPROVED METHOD.

5. CONCRETE WASH-OUT AREAS SHALL BE LINED WITH IMPERVIOUS PLASTIC WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 6 MILS AND BE REPLACED IF DAMAGED DURING CLEAN-OUT OF HARDENED CONCRETE FROM THE WASH-OUT AREA.

6. WASHOUT AREA(S) ARE TO BE INSPECTED AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK FOR STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY, ADEQUATE HOLDING CAPACITY AND CHECKED FOR LEAKS, TEARS, OR OVERFLOWS. (AS DIRECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTION REPORT) WASHOUT AREA(S) SHOULD BE CHECKED AFTER HEAVY RAINS.

7. HARDENED CONCRETE WASTE SHOULD BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF WHEN THE WASTE HAS ACCUMULATED TO HALF OF THE CONCRETE WASHOUT'S HEIGHT. THE WASTE CAN BE STORED AT AN UPLAND LOCATION, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL CONCRETE WASTE SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN A MANNER CONSISTENT WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND

8. PAYMENT FOR THIS ITEM IS TO BE INCLUDED UNDER THE GENERAL COST OF THE WORK FOR THE PROJECT, INCLUDING SITE RESTORATION.

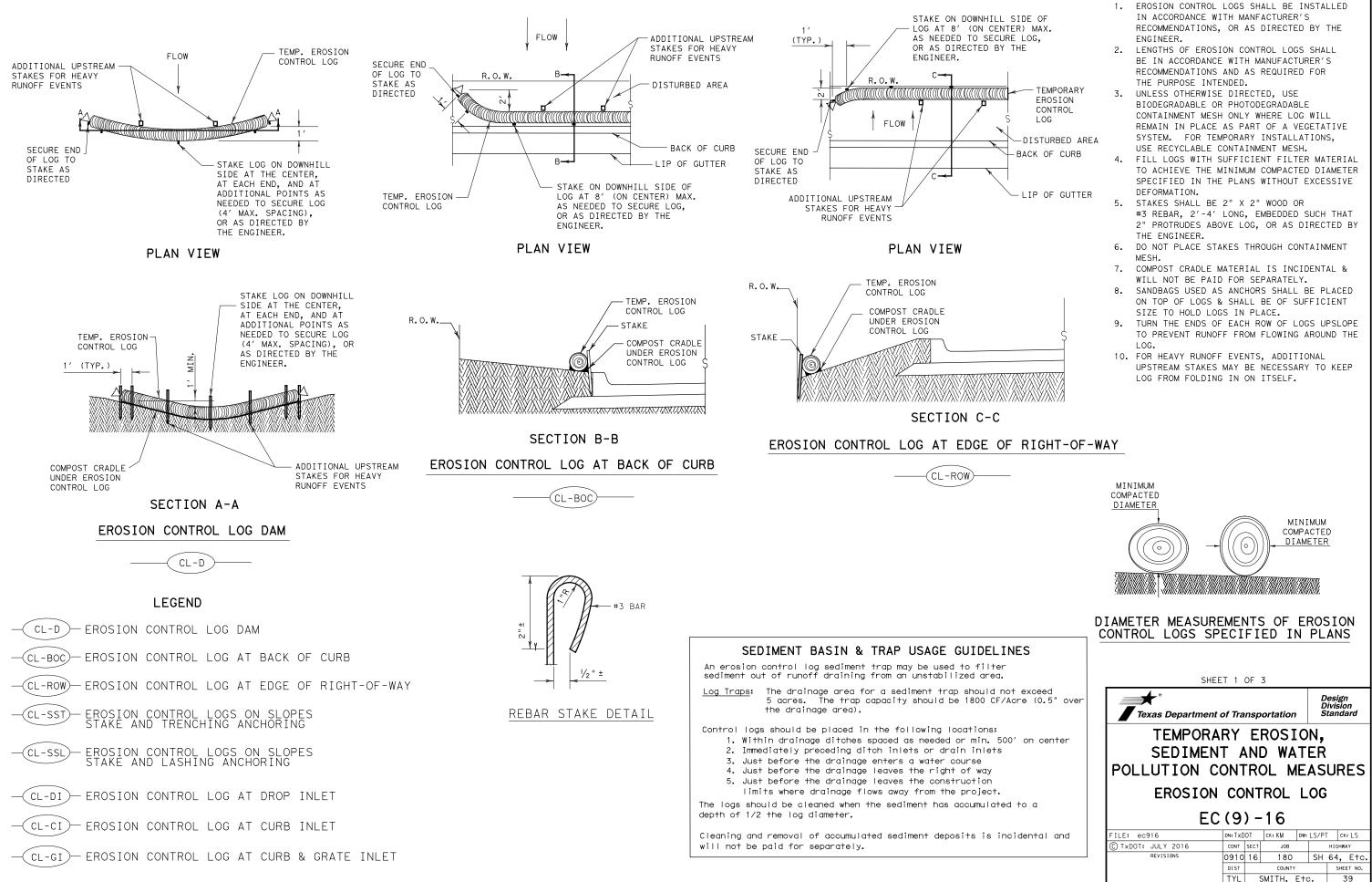


Texas Department of Transportation

CONCRETE WASHOUT DETAIL

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CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
0910	16	180	SH 64, Etc.			
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
TYL		SMITH, Etc.	38A			

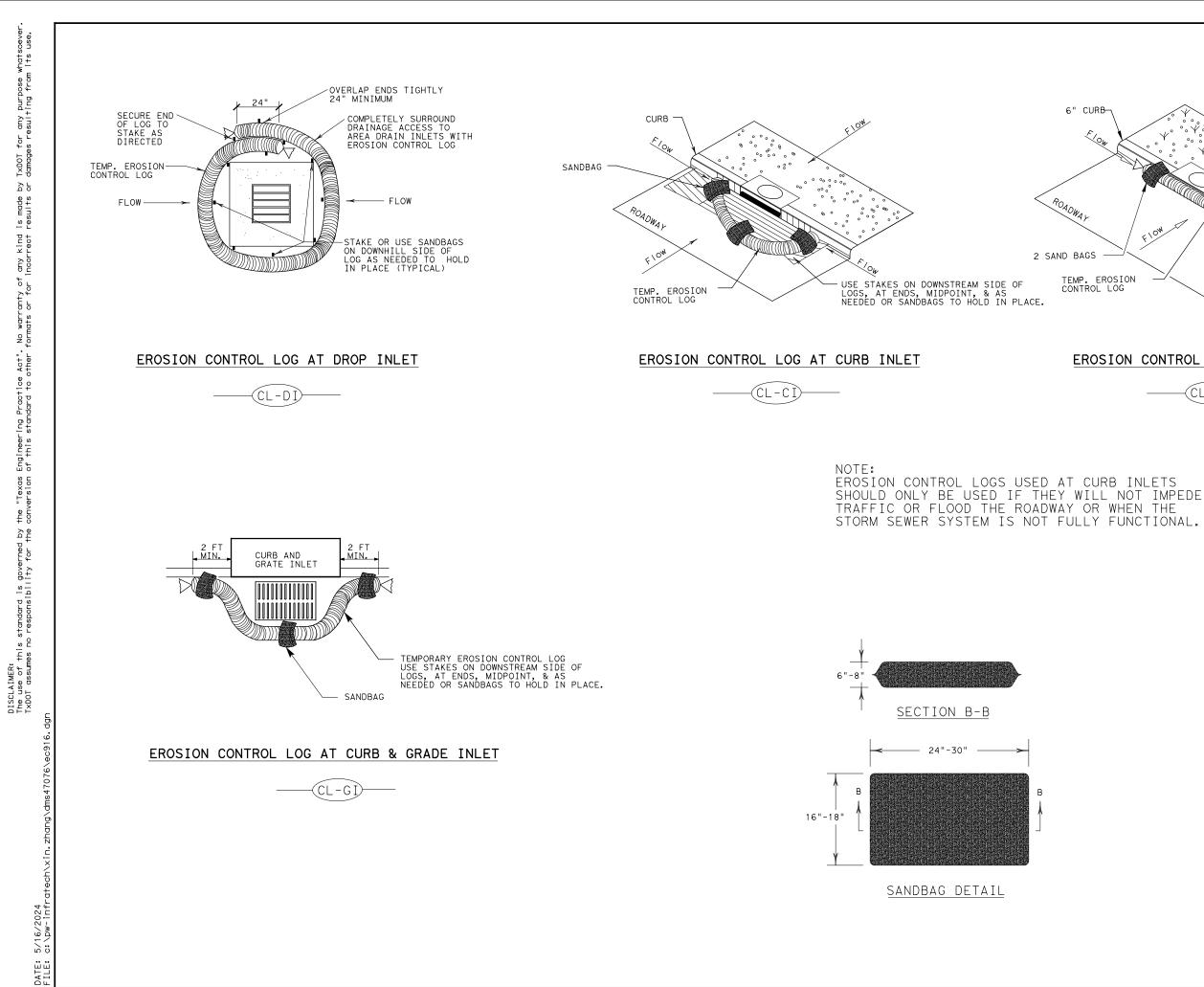
ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED CONTROL LOG (TYP.) COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG CL-D



5/16/2024

DATE: FTIF:

GENERAL NOTES:



soever use.

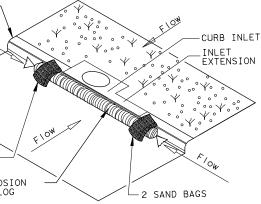
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EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

CL-CÌ

SHEET 3 OF 3									
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TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES EROSION CONTROL LOG EC(9)-16									
FILE: ec916	dn:TxD	· · · ·	ск:КМ	DW:	LS/P1		ск:LS		
C TXDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		HWAY			
REVISIONS	0910	16	180		SH 64, E		, Etc.		
	DIST		COUNTY			S	HEET NO.		
	TYL		SMITH,	E+c	.		40		

