TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT

ROADWAY =1011991.2FT. =191.665 MI.

TOTAL =1011991.2FT. =191.665 MI.

STATE OF TEXAS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

DIV. NO.	FEDE	NO.										
		F 2025(158)										
STATE	DIST.		COUNTY									
TEXAS	WFS	N	ETC.									
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGH	HWAY NO.								
0013	05	066	US 8	1, ETC.								

REF. NO.	CSJ	HWY NO.	COUNTY	PROJECT LIMITS TO & FROM			AADT (2042)	FUNCT. CLASS
1	0013-05-066	US 81	Montague	NEAR WAGONSELLER RD	WISE CL (FRONTAGE ROADS	50	70	3
2	0043-08-086	US 287	Wichita	NEAR HARMONY RD	NEAR QUAIL VALLEY RD (NB FR	8	11	5
3	0043-09-145	US 287	Wichita	NEAR QUAIL VALLEY RD	JOHNSON RD (NB FR AND RAMP)	8	11	5
4	0124-03-065	US 283	Wilbarger	PEASE RIVER	NEW OVERLAY BEFORE BNSF RR	2414	3380	4
5	0124-05-031	US 183	Baylor	WICHITA RIVER	US 82	940	1305	4
6	0133-05-031	SH 114	Baylor	US 277	NEAR FM 1285	1451	2031	3
7	0134-03-034	US 380	Young	FM 2179	JACK CL	3494	7337	4
8	0137-04-018	SH 25	Archer	WICHITA CL	US 82	289	405	5
9	0137-05-037	SH 25	Archer	U5 82	FM 368	380	532	5
10	0137-11-012	FM 174	Clay	FM 1288 N	MONTAGUE CL	1057	1430	5
11	0137-12-018	FM 174	Montague	CLAY CL	US 287	1397	1956	5
12	0156-05-067	US 82	Archer	BAYLOR COUNTY LINE	W OF DUNDEE (W BOUND	3698	5103	3
13	0156-05-068	US 82	Archer	E OF DUNDEE	W OF MANKINS (W BOUND	3698	5103	3
14	0156-05-069	US 82	Archer	E OF MANKINS	W OF HOLIDAY (W BOUND	3698	5103	3
15	0157-01-077	US 277	Baylor	KNOX CL (N BOUND LANES)	FM 2395	3107	5584	3
16	0391-04-031	SH 148	Clay	US 287	ANGLE LANE	1295	1737	5
17	0514-01-045	SH 240	Wichita	SH 25	FM 1813	918	1285	5
18	0681-02-015	FM 171	Wichita	FM 1740	CLAY CL	425	595	5
19	0814-05-002	FM 422	Baylor	US 82	STADIUM DR.	1668	2335	5
20	0823-02-026	FM 373	Cooke	NEAR HILLSIDE DR	FM 1630	1856	2599	5
21	0845-02-014	FM 922	Montague	FM 455	COOKE CL	552	773	5
22	0845-03-068	FM 922	Cooke	MONTAGUE CL	.7 MI W OF FM 51	1186	1873	5
23	0982-03-017	SH 222	Throckmorton	HASKELL CL	US 380	100	140	5
24	1076-02-047	FM 209	Young	FM 578 N	WARREN RD	706	1217	5
25	1610-01-014	FM 1758	Montague	SH 59	END OF MAINTENANCE	900	1244	5
26	1615-01-012	FM 1740	Wichita	FM 171	CLAY CL	528	739	5
27	1615-02-019		Clay	WICHITA CL	FM 2393	212	297	5
28	1711-01-031		Young	SH 114	US 380	975	1709	5
29	1838-01-013	FM 368	Archer	NEAR STONE RD	SH 25	208	291	5
30	2644-01-012	FM 2650	Wichita	FM 369	ARCHER CL	2225	3716	5
31	2644-02-008		Archer	WICHITA CL	FM 1954	1965	3261	5
32	3308-01-015	FM 3092	Cooke	US 82	FM 902	5162	7227	4

Texas Department of Transportation © TxD0T 2024

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING 08/30/2024

DESIGN ENGINEER

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING 08/30/2024

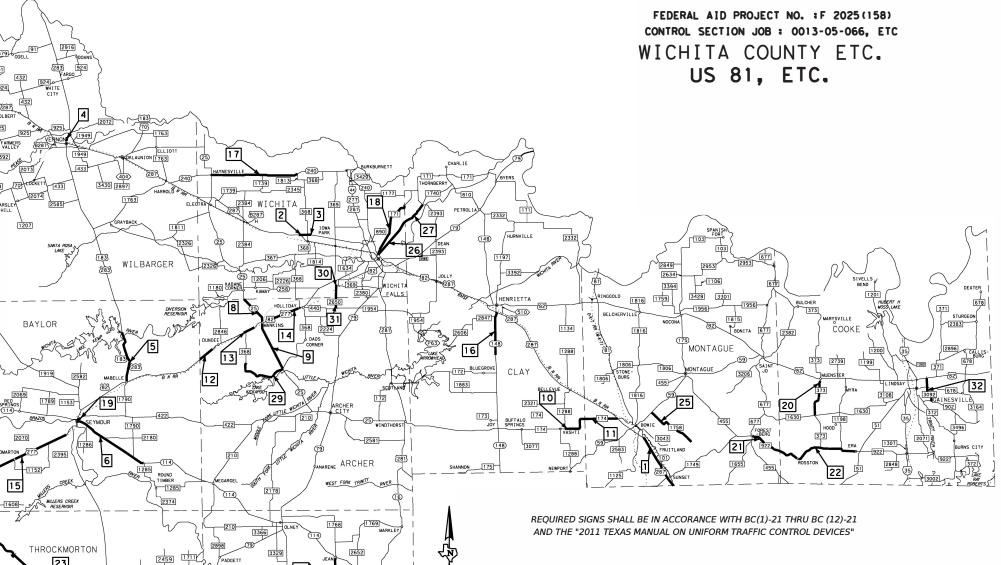
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING 09/03/2024

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING 09/03/2024

DISTRICT ENGINEER



NO EXCEPTIONS

NO EQUATIONS

RAILROAD: BNSF US 81

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCT 2023).

© 2024 by Texas Department of Transportation; all rights reserved.

CONTRACTOR NAME:

DATE WORK BEGAN:_

LETTING DATE:

CONTRACTOR ADDRESS:

DATE WORK COMPLETED: DATE OF ACCEPTANCE: FINAL CONTRACT COST:

8/29/2024 8:23:21 AM pw://txdot.projectwise

SHEET NUMBER DESCRIPTION

2

3-5

6 7 GENERAL TITLE SHEET

INDEX OF SHEETS

QUANTITY SUMMARY

GENERAL NOTES
ESITMATE & QUANTITY

INDEX OF SHEETS



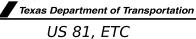
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A ## HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THE PROJECT.



08/30/2024

NAME

DATE



INDEX OF SHEETS

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
0013	05	066	US 81, ETC.			
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
MEC		MONTAGUE ETC		2		

County: Montague, Etc. Sheet A

Highway: US 81, Etc. **Control:** 0013-05-066, Etc

GENERAL NOTES

Basis of Estimate:

<u>Item - Description</u>	Rate*	<u>Unit</u>
Where grade 4 aggregate is required (see pla	ns for details)	
ASPHALT RATE	0.40 GAL/SY	GAL
AGGREGATE RATE	1 CY/130 SY	TON
Where grade 5 aggregate is required (see pla	ns for details)	
ASPHALT RATE *	0.30 GAL/SY	GAL
AGGREGATE RATE*	1 CY/140 SY	TON

^{*}For Contractor's information only, actual production rates may vary.

General Requirements

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Michael Reynolds, P.E. <u>Michael.Reynolds@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Bid Item Specific General Notes

Item 4 - Scope of Work

For the preconstruction conference submit a work schedule; temporary water pollution control plan; material sources; the person responsible for the SW3P; written utility coordination plan; certification statements; request for proposed subcontractors and letters designating the project superintendent, safety officer, and payroll officer at the preconstruction conference.

County: Montague, Etc. Sheet B

Highway: US 81, Etc. **Control:** 0013-05-066, Etc

Item 5 - Control of the Work

Provide the Engineer a minimum 24 hours' notice for work requiring inspection or testing.

Item 6 - Control of Materials

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

Item 7 - Legal Relations and Responsibilities

"Roadway closures, and Construction operations during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:" HHH 100 Bike Ride/Race - August 25-26, 2025, REF #2 & #3 US 287 (FRONTAGE ROADS ONLY), & REF #17 SH 240.

These locations may be completed 14 days before the beginning of the bike race or will have to wait until after the dates of race have passed.

The Contractor's responsible person (CRP) as described in item 7.2.6.1 must be able to respond within 45 minutes of being notified.

Item 8 - Prosecution and Progress

For this project, contract time will be computed as described in Item 8 based on a Six-Day Workweek (8.3.1.2.)

The asphalt placement season for this project will begin May 1 and will end August 31. The earliest roadway-start-work date will be May 1, 2025, and all asphalt operations must be completed by August 15, 2025. The latest roadway-start-work date will be June 1, 2025. There are 68 working days allowed for this project.

Item Specific

Item 316 – Seal Coat

Furnish crushed stone of Type PE Grade 4 (SAC-B) of the following gradation for this item:

Retained on	Percent by mass.
5/8"	0
1/2"	0-5
3/8"	20-45
#4	95-100
#8	98-100

The target AC content for pre-coating aggregate will be 1.0%.

General Notes SHEET 3

County: Montague, Etc. Sheet C

Highway: US 81, Etc. **Control:** 0013-05-066, Etc

At each reference location the Contractor shall seal all intersections, turn lanes, and ramps prior to beginning sealcoat operations in the main lanes. This work shall be paid for under Item 316. Contractor shall not seal any references where areas of concrete is visible along the main lanes of the roadway, as well as the shoulder of roadway.

The contractor shall not begin a shot until all equipment and materials are in place and ready. NO other shots will be allowed to begin until such time. Shot lengths will be based on the numbers of aggregate trucks, amount of aggregate each truck can hold, as well as the number of rollers, and their ability to roll the required rate.

All sweeping is to be performed under the same traffic control as the seal coat operation. Sweep all loose aggregate and clean up stockpile locations and ditches from completed references before beginning seal coat on another reference. Sweep completed references at the direction of the Engineer as loose rock accumulates. Provide additional brooms as necessary to perform safely on completed references without causing delay to seal coat operations. Delays caused by insufficient equipment mobilization will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Furnish a minimum of six (6) light or four (4) medium pneumatic-tire rollers in accordance with Item 210, "Rolling".

Sealcoat aggregate stockpiles that are determined by the Engineer to be wet will not be used until they have had adequate time to dry. Engineer may require stockpiles to be turned to verify aggregate is in dry condition.

Excess aggregate in stockpiles will remain the property of the Contractor and will be removed from the projects within 30 days of notification. Clean stockpile areas and repair damages as directed by the Engineer prior to the removal of barricades.

Item 502 - Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Contractor shall store all traffic control devices not currently being used at a location approved by the Engineer.

The Traffic Control Plan (TCP) for this project includes the plans, the Texas Manual on Traffic Control Devices, Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets, Standard TCP Sheets, and as otherwise required by the Engineer.

Work will not be permitted without adequate traffic control devices in place. Work will only be permitted on one side of the roadway at any time.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project.

County: Montague, Etc. Sheet D

Highway: US 81, Etc. **Control:** 0013-05-066, Etc

The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Work vehicles within a minimum of 30 feet of the traveled way shall have strobe lights or rotating beacons in use.

Contractor shall not set up traffic control at multiple locations. All work and traffic control operations shall be complete prior to advancing to next location unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Provide adequate flagging on side roads to ensure that traffic flow is not compromised during one way traffic control operations.

Repair barricades within 48 hours after barricade report has been delivered to the Contractor. Failure to comply will cease all work until barricades are repaired to the satisfaction of the Department. Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

Failure to make necessary corrections to Traffic Control items based on barricade inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections are made.

Remove from the roadway and store in a central location approved by the Engineer all temporary traffic control devices, such as cones, barrels, portable signs, vertical panels, etc., which will not be used within 24 hours. This includes removal of temporary traffic control devices from the roadway over the weekend.

Place portable CW 21-2 "FRESH OIL" signs prior to the placing of asphalt onto roadway and remove signs when they are no longer needed.

Cover or remove portable CW 8-12 "NO CENTER STRIPE" signs immediately upon completion of striping of the roadway.

When using TCP (SC-1)-22 limit lane closures to no more than 2 miles in length.

A pilot car is required for this project. Provide a "Que time" of no longer than 15 (fifteen) minutes during roadway work operations. When traffic backs up behind the placement of striping and/or raised pavement makers, cease operations, and pull over to alleviate vehicle queues every 1 mile or every 15 minutes whichever comes first. Payment will be subsidiary to Item 502.

Perform all construction work in daylight hours unless the engineer approves nighttime work in writing. Do not allow any construction equipment to be placed on the roadway until 30 minutes after sunrise and ensure that all construction equipment is removed from the roadway 30 minutes before sunset. Sunrise and sunset times will be as determined by Engineer.

General Notes SHEET 4

County: Montague, Etc. Sheet E

Highway: US 81, Etc. **Control:** 0013-05-066, Etc

Item 506 - Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

It is not anticipated that any erosion control devices will be required for this project. However, if erosion control measures are needed, the storm water pollution and prevention plan (SW3P) for this project shall consist of using the following items:

Sediment control fence

Permanent seeding

Vegetative watering

If it is determined that other erosion control devices are needed, payment for the work will be determined in accordance with Article 4.4, "Changes in the Work".

Item 666 - Reflectorized Pavement Markings

Contractor is responsible for verifying passing/no-passing zones for final stripe. Poly-dot the locations of the proposed reflectorized pavement markings and obtain approval from the Engineer prior to placement.

Type I striping to be placed on contract for the retracing of existing markings and may begin prior to sealcoat operations.

Use Type II beads on all striping.

Remove temporary tabs from all roads prior to striping. Removal of tabs will be subsidiary to item 666.

The lead vehicle and trail vehicle will be required for all striping operations as shown on TCP (3-1)-13.

The Trail vehicle will be required for all striping operations as shown on TCP (3-2)-13.

Item 672 - Raised Pavement Markers

Raised pavement marker adhesive will meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specifications DMS-6130, "Bituminous Adhesive for Pavement Markers".

The lead vehicle and trail vehicle(s) will be required for all marker installation operations as shown on TCP (3-3)-14.

Item 677 – Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

The Contractor shall not remove existing pavement markers without prior approval from the Engineer and removal shall take place no more than one week prior to sealcoat operations.

The removal of existing pavement markers shall include the removal of rumble bars. This work will be subsidiary to Item 677.

General Notes SHEET 5



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0013-05-066

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

DISTRICT Wichita Falls **COUNTY** Archer, Baylor, Clay, Cooke, Montague, Throckmorton, Wichita, Wilbarger, Young

HIGHWAY FM 171, FM 174, FM 1740, FM 1758, FM 1769, FM 209, FM 2650, FM 3092, FM 368, FM 373, FM 422, FM 922, SH 114, SH 148, SH 222, SH 240, SH 25, US 183, US 277, US 283, US 287, US 380, US 81, US 82

LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	316-7007	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	GAL	1,491,795.000	
	316-7214	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-5)(SAC-B)	CY	1,858.000	
	316-7232	AGGR (TY-PE, GR-4)(SAC-B)	CY	26,804.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
	502-7004	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	EA	32.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	137.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	68.000	
	662-7112	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	11,825.000	
	662-7114	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	107,831.000	
	666-7024	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	915.000	
	666-7036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,202.000	
	666-7265	RE PROFILE PM TY I(W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	278,851.000	
	666-7269	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	49,976.000	
	666-7273	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	63,061.000	
	666-7290	TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	75,787.000	
	666-7293	TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,500,694.000	
	666-7302	TY I HIGH PERF PM (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	154,030.000	
	666-7305	TY I HIGH PERF PM (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,024,212.000	
	668-7002	PRFB RUMBLE STRIP (BLK)(1')(CENTERLINE)	LF	8,730.000	
	668-7087	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(12")(SLD)	LF	744.000	
	668-7089	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(24")(SLD)	LF	387.000	
	668-7091	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(ARROW)	EA	68.000	
	668-7103	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(WORD)	EA	64.000	
	668-7111	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(36")(YLD TRI)	EA	253.000	
	672-7002	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	14,854.000	
	672-7004	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	19,830.000	
	672-7006	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	2,230.000	
	677-7001	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (4")	LF	391,888.000	
	677-7006	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (12")	LF	132.000	
	677-7008	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (24")	LF	387.000	
	677-7009	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (ARROW)	EA	68.000	
	677-7015	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (WORD)	EA	64.000	
	677-7024	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (36")(YLD TRI)	EA	253.000	
	677-7030	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (RUMBLE STRIP)	LF	8,730.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000	

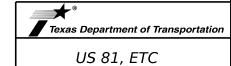


DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Wichita Falls	Montague	0013-05-066	6

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS										
LOCATION	505	505	662	662						
	7001	7003	7112	7114						
	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2						
	DAY	DAY	EA	EA						
PROJECT TOTALS	137	68	11825	107831						

SUMMARY OF	F ROADWAY ITE	MS	
LOCATION	316 7007	316 7214	316 7232
	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-5)(SAC-B)	AGGR (TY-PE, GR-4)(SAC-B)
	GAL	CY	CY
PROJECT TOTALS	1491795	1858	26804

LOCATION	566		566	566			566	666				MENT MARKIN		660	660	670	672	672				677	C77	L 677	T 677
LOCATION	666 7024	666 7036	666 7265	666 7269	666 7273	666 7290	666 7293	666 7302	666 7305	668 7002	668 7087	668 7089	668 7091	668 7103	668 7111	672 7002	672 7004	672 7006	677 7001	677 7006	677 7008	677 7009	677 7015	677 7024	677 7030
	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD, (100MIL)	RE PROFILE PM TY I(W)6"(SLD) (090MIL)	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6*(SLD) (090MIL)	PM TY	TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	TY I HIGH PERF PM (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	TY I HIGH PERF PM (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	PRFB RUMBLE STRIP (BLK)(1')(CENTERLIN E)	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(12")(SL D)	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(24")(SL D)	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(ARROW)	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(WORD)	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(36")(YLE TRI)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (4")	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (12")	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (24")	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (ARROW)	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (WORD)	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (36")(YLD TRI)	ELIM EX PM & MR (RUMBL STRIP)
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF
REF #1 CSJ:0013-05-066						183	730	5742	110993			50			59		1686	11			50			59	
REF #2 CSJ:0043-08-086	432					153	1840	1005	12405			24					202	9			24				
REF #3 CSJ:0043-09-145	483					640	3564	404	12582			36					148	36			36				
REF #4 CSJ:0124-03-065							4848		4848								62								
REF #5 CSJ:0124-05-031							66394	4075	48160			36			6		823				36			6	
REF #6 CSJ:0133-05-031							115540	12186	45461								1195								
REF #7 CSJ:0134-03-034						600	86120	6950	51593			10	6	6			1157	75			10	6	6		
REF #8 CSJ:0137-04-018			47668	9662	5192					2155		36				14854	385		62522		36				2155
REF #9 CSJ:0137-05-037			75800	14727	8990					3139							643		99517						3139
REF #10 CSJ:0137-11-012							44858	4358	23077								517								
REF #11 CSJ:0137-12-018							50532	3747	31191								590								
REF #12 CSJ:0156-05-067						5817	23266		31191									292							
REF #13 CSJ:0156-05-068						7789	31156		31156				6	6				391				6	6		
REF #14 CSJ:0156-05-069						9210	36840		36840				8	8				462				8	8		
REF #15 CSJ:0157-01-077						14022	65664		56086				36	36	188		41	75				36	36	188	
REF #16 CSJ:0391-04-031						186	46253	5560	10156				2				402	12				2			
REF #17 CSJ:0514-01-045			78915	18770	9567					2200							727		107252						2200
REF #18 CSJ:0681-01-025							77778	3542	62020								966								
REF #19 CSJ:0814-05-002						112	8363		9082		132		1	1			115	7				1	1		
REF #20 CSJ:0823-02-026							50836	3227	35354								611								
REF #21 CSJ:0845-02-014							51324	3964	33613								634								
REF #22 CSJ:0845-03-068							140790	6476	104835								1653								
REF #23 CSJ:0982-03-017							152678	16107	52327								1487								
REF #24 CSJ:1076-02-047							148702	13399	77878								1673								
REF #25 CSJ:1610-01-014							80256	5506	51892								938								
REF #26 CSJ:1615-01-012							56206	4524	29579								604								
REF #27 CSJ:1615-02-019							35748	2924	18718								387								
REF #28 CSJ:1711-01-031							84180	9170	33400			54					882				54				
REF #29 CSJ:1838-01-013			76468	6817	39312					1236							843		122597						1230
REF #30 CSJ:2644-01-012							18230	1726	5720								171								
REF #31 CSJ:2644-02-008							16698	1918	4055		480						208								<u> </u>
REF #32 CSJ:3308-01-015		1202				37075	1300	37520			132	141	9	7			80	860		132	141	9	7		
PROJECT TOTALS	915	1202	278851	49976	63061	75787	1500694	154030	1024212	8730	744	387	68	64	253	14854	19830	2230	391888	132	387	68	64	253	8730



QUANTITY SUMMARY

CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0013	05	066	US 81, ETC.		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
WFS		MONTAGUE, ETC.		7	

	RIALS.	
	I /MATEI	
	n Set/1. General	
	-	
	Set,	
	B	
	001305066/4 - Design/Plan Set/1.	
	Desi	
	-	
	305066/4	
	01305	
	700	
	ects/0(
	Proj	
	<u>.</u>	
	/Des	
	3 - WFS/Design	
	3	
	2/Documents/0	
	umen	
	/Doc	
	30T2 ,	
	Ϋ́	
	e. con	
	ine	
Ā	seon	
28	· wi	
200	o je	ĺ
_	7. pr	ĺ
7202/	†×ď	ĺ
\$ \$ \$	//:WC	ĺ
<u>ت</u>	Ë	ĺ

									ASF	PHALT	AGGR	EGATE
									3	316	3	16
									7	007	7232	7214
REF #	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	LIMITS	ADT	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	SURFACE AREA	LENGTH OF ROAD	AVG WIDTH	ASPH (A	C-20-5TR)	TY-PE GR-4 SAC	
									0.40	0.3	130	140
									GAL/SY	GAL/SY	SY/CY	SY/CY
						SY	MI	FT	GAL	GAL	CY	CY
			FR: NEAR WAGONSELLER RD		LANES	193611	7-11	25	92933	G/ 12	1761	<u> </u>
_			TO: WISE CL		SHOULDERS		13.29					
1	MONTAGUE	US 81	NOTES:1	50	INTERSECTIONS							
			FRONTAGE ROADS ONLY		SUBTOTAL	193611			92933	0	1761	0
			FR: NEAR HARMONY RD		LANES	23615		24	32333	11335	0	215
			TO: NEAR QUAIL VALLEY		SHOULDERS		1.745					
2	WICHITA	US 287	NOTES:1	8	INTERSECTIONS		1					
			NB (FR AND RAMPS)		SUBTOTAL	23615			0	11335	0	215
			FR: NEAR QUAIL VALLEY		LANES	13549		24	Ŭ	6504	0	123
_			TO: JOHNSON RD		SHOULDERS		0.867				-	
3	WICHITA	US 287	NOTES:1	8	INTERSECTIONS		1					
			NB (FR AND RAMPS)		SUBTOTAL	13549			0	6504	0	123
			TO: PEASE RIVER		LANES	9948		25	3979	0304	77	125
			FROM: NEW OVERLAY		SHOULDERS	3370	0.541		3373		,,	
4	WILBARGER	US 283	BEFORE BNSF RR	2414	INTERSECTIONS		1 0.3 . 2					
			BEI ONE BIVSI TAN		SUBTOTAL	9948			3979	0	77	0
			TO: WICHITA RIVER		LANES	48923		12	19569		376	U
			FROM: US 82		SHOULDERS	40769	6.859	10	16308		314	
5	BAYLOR	US 183	1 NOM. 03 82	940	INTERSECTIONS		- 0.055		10300		317	
					SUBTOTAL	89692			35877	0	690	0
			TO: US 277		LANES	154043		12	61621	<u> </u>	1185	<u> </u>
			FROM: NEAR FM 1285		SHOULDERS	128388	10.036	10	51351		988	
6	BAYLOR	SH 114	TROM. NEART W 1285	1451	INTERSECTIONS		1 20.030		31331		300	
					SUBTOTAL	282431			112972	0	2173	0
			TO: FM 2179		LANES	128795		15	51518	0	991	
			FROM: JACK CL		SHOULDERS	102028	8.55	12	40811		785	
7	YOUNG	US 380	T KOM. JACK CL	3494	INTERSECTIONS		- 0.55	15	2434		47	
					SUBTOTAL	236909		- 15	94763	0	1823	0
			TO: WICHITA CL		LANES	61920		12	24768	<u> </u>	477	· · ·
			FROM: US 82		SHOULDERS	01320	4.424	- 12	24700		7//	
8	ARCHER	SH 25	FROM. 03 82	289	INTERSECTIONS		7.727					
					SUBTOTAL				24760	0	177	0
			TO: US 82		LANES	61920 154309		12	24768 61724	0	477 1187	0
			FROM: FM 368		SHOULDERS	134309	7.182	14	01/27		110/	
9	ARCHER	SH 25	FRUIVI: FIVI 308	380	INTERSECTIONS		7.102					
					SUBTOTAL	154309			61724		1107	_
			TO, EM 1200 N		LANES	69263		12	61724 27705	0	1187 533	0
			TO: FM 1288 N		SHOULDERS	09203	4.24	12	27703			
10	CLAY	FM 174	FROM: MONTAGUE CL	1057	INTERSECTIONS		- 4.24					1
					SUBTOTAL				27705		F22	_
		<u> </u>			JUDIUIAL	69263	 		27705	0	533	0
	CON	TACTOR'S II	NFORMATION ONLY.		TOTAL	1135247	57.734	0	454721	17839	8721	338

*CONTRACTORS INFROMATION ONLY NOTE - ESTIMATED RATES AND QUANTITIES

CONTINUE TO NEXT PAGE

US 81, ETC MATERIAL SUMMARY

	exas	Department o	f Tra	nspor	tatic	W_
		9	SHEE	T 1	OF	3
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY	
0013	05	066	US	81,	ΕT	c.
DIST		COUNTY	•	SH	EET N	ю.
WFS	MON	TAGUE, E	rc.		8	

	S_SUM	
	ERIAL!	
	I /MAT	
	nera	
	Design∕Plan Set/1. General/M	
	Set/	
	/Plan	
	- Design/Pla	
	- D	
	2066/	
	Jects/0013050	
	cts/(
	Proje	
	sign	
	∪3 - WFS/Design Projects/0	
	3 - W	
	S	
	ситег	
	T2/Do	
	.com:IXDOI2/Documents.	
	iline.com	
	on i in	
200	twise.	
:	ojec	
-	dot. pr	
7777	//+×c	
? }	: pw:	
<u>.</u>	Ë	ı

									ASP	HALT	AGGR	EGATE
										16		16
										007		 T
)O7	7232	7214
					DECCRIPTION	SURFACE	LENGTH OF	AVG				
REF #	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	LIMITS	ADT	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	AREA	ROAD	WIDTH	ASPH (A	C-20-5TR)	TY-PE GR-4 SAC	TY-PB GR-5 SAC
					O WORK						В	В
									0.40	0.3	120	140
									0.40	0.3	130	140
						6)/	0.01		GAL/SY	GAL/SY	SY/CY	SY/CY
						SY	MI	FT	GAL	GAL	CY	CY
			TO: CLAY CL		LANES	79137	4	12	31655		609	
111	MONTAGUE	FM 174	FROM: US 287	1397	SHOULDERS		4.775					
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				INTERSECTIONS							
					SUBTOTAL	79137			31655	0	609	0
			TO: BAYLOR CL		LANES	30275		12	12110		233	
12	ARCHER	US 82	FROM: W OF DUNDEE	3698	SHOULDERS	17660	2.147	14	7064		136	
12	AKCHEK	03 62	NOTES:1	3090	INTERSECTIONS							
			W BOUND LANES ONLY		SUBTOTAL	47935			19174	0	369	0
			TO: E OF DUNDEE		LANES	41541		12	16617		320	
_		.,	FROM: W OF MANKINS		SHOULDERS	24232	2.946	14	9693		186	
13	ARCHER	US 82	NOTES:1	3698	INTERSECTIONS		1					
			W BOUND LANES ONLY		SUBTOTAL	65773			26310	0	506	0
			TO: E OF MANKINS		LANES	49120		12	19648	U	378	
					SHOULDERS	28653	3.769	14	11461		220	
14	ARCHER	US 82	FROM: W OF HOLLIDAY	3698			3.769	14	11461		220	
			NOTES:1		INTERSECTIONS							
			W BOUND LANES ONLY		SUBTOTAL	77773			31109	0	598	0
			TO: KNOX CL		LANES	224312	1	12	89725		1725	
15	BAYLOR	US 277	FROM: FM 2395	3107	SHOULDERS	62309	10.603	10	24924		479	
1	BATTEON	032,,	NOTES:1	3107	INTERSECTIONS	1733		260	693		14	
			NB LANES ONLY		SUBTOTAL	288354			115342	0	2218	0
			TO: US 287		LANES	65363		12	26145		503	
1 10	CLAV	CU 140	FROM: ANGLE LANE	1205	SHOULDERS	52522	4.571	10	21009		404	
16	CLAY	SH 148		1295	INTERSECTIONS							
					SUBTOTAL	117885			47154		907	0
			TO: SH 25		LANES	192293		12	,, 20,	76917	30,	1479
			FROM: FM 1813		SHOULDERS	5350	7.481	10		2140		41
17	WICHITA	SH 240	11(0)-1:11-11015	918	INTERSECTIONS		1					
					SUBTOTAL	197643			0	70057	0	1520
			TO: 5M 1740		LANES	132031		12	52812	79057	1016	1520
			TO: FM 1740		SHOULDERS	12182	7.596	10	4873		94	
18	WICHITA	FM 171	FROM: CLAY CL	425			7.590	30	627		12	
					INTERSECTIONS			30				
					SUBTOTAL	145780		4.0	58312	0	1122	0
			TO: US 82		LANES	11491		12	4596		88	
19	BAYLOR	FM 422	FROM: STADIUM DR.	1668	SHOULDERS	8490	0.816	9	3396		66	
		,			INTERSECTIONS	i						
					SUBTOTAL	19981			7992	0	154	0
7			TO: NEAR HILLSIDE DR		LANES	76098		14	30439		585	
20	COOKE	EM 272	FROM: FM 1630	1056	SHOULDERS		4.798					
20	COOKE	FM 373		1856	INTERSECTIONS		1					
					SUBTOTAL	76098			30439	0	585	0
			TO: FM 455		LANES	79859		14	31944	Ü	614	
			FROM: COOKE CL		SHOULDERS	T	4.859				1 /	
21	MONTAGUE	FM 922	THOM: COOKE CE	552	INTERSECTIONS		1					
					SUBTOTAL				21044	0	614	0
\vdash						<i>79859</i>			31944		614	
	CON	TACTOR'S II	NFORMATION ONLY.		TOTAL	1196218	54.361	0	399431	79057	7682	1520
					1		I				I	

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 2 OF 3

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

ON ETC 0013 05 066 US 81, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

WFS MONTAGUE, ETC. 9

US 81, ETC MATERIAL SUMMARY

									ASF	PHALT	AGGREGATE	
										316	3	16
									7	007	7232	7214
REF #	COUNTY	HIGHWAY	LIMITS	ADT	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	SURFACE AREA	LENGTH OF ROAD	AVG WIDTH	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)			TY-PB GR-5 SAC B
									0.40	0.3	130	140
									GAL/SY	GAL/SY	SY/CY	SY/CY
						SY	MI	FT	GAL	GAL	CY	CY
			TO: MONTAGUE CL		LANES	202754		14	81102		1560	
22	COOKE	FM 922	FROM: .7 MI W OF FM 51	1186	SHOULDERS		12.334					
~~	COOKL	1 1 1 322		1100	INTERSECTIONS	5						
					SUBTOTAL	202754			81102	0	1560	0
			TO: HASKELL CL		LANES	217366		13.5	86946		1672	
22	TUROCKMORTON	SH 222	FROM: US 380	100	SHOULDERS		14.278					
23	THROCKMORTON	30 222		100	INTERSECTIONS	1333		30	534		10	
					SUBTOTAL	218699			87480	0	1682	0
			TO: FM 578 N		LANES	218156		14	87262		1678	
2.4	VOLING	FM 200	FROM: WARREN RD	700	SHOULDERS		13.962					
24	YOUNG	FM 209	-	706	INTERSECTIONS	1333	1	30	534		10	
					SUBTOTAL	219489			87796	0	1688	0
			TO: SH 59		LANES	133467		15	53387	-	1027	
.			FROM: END OF MAINTENANCE		SHOULDERS		7.6					
25	MONTAGUE	FM 1758		900	INTERSECTIONS	369	1		148		3	
					SUBTOTAL	133836			53535	0	1030	0
			TO: FM 171		LANES	93417		15	37367		718	
			FROM: CLAY CL		SHOULDERS		5.274					
26	WICHITA	FM 1740	THOM: CENT CE	528	INTERSECTIONS	500	1		200		4	
					SUBTOTAL	93917			37567	0	722	0
			TO: WICHITA CL		LANES	61690		15	24676	U	475	· ·
			FROM: FM 2393		SHOULDERS	02000	3.535		2.070		1.75	
27	CLAY	FM 1740	1 NOM. 1 M 2393	212	INTERSECTIONS	600	1 3,333	90	240		5	
					SUBTOTAL	62290			24916	0	480	0
			TO: SH 114		LANES	131183		14	52473	U	1009	
			FROM: US 380		SHOULDERS	500	7.975	10	200		4	
28	YOUNG	FM 1769	1 NOM. 65 566	975	INTERSECTIONS		1 /13/3				<u>'</u>	
					SUBTOTAL	131683			52673	0	1013	0
			TO: NEAR STONE RD		LANES	120524		14	48210	U	927	
			FROM: SH 25		SHOULDERS	120324	7.564	17	40210		327	
29	ARCHER	FM 368	1 KOM. 311 23	208	INTERSECTIONS	190	1 7.504	55	76		2	
					SUBTOTAL	120714		33	48286	0	929	0
			TO: 5M 360		LANES	44400		20	17760	U	342	
			TO: FM 369 FROM: ARCHER CL		SHOULDERS	77700	1.877		1,,00		372	
30	WICHITA	FM 2650	FROM: AKCHEK CL	2225	INTERSECTIONS	600	1.5//	18	240		4	
					SUBTOTAL		<u> </u>	10	i			
			TO, MICHITA CI		LANES	45000 25888		14	18000 10355	0	346 200	0
			TO: WICHITA CL		SHOULDERS	23000	l 1.552	14	10333		200	+
31	ARCHER	FM 2650	FROM: FM 1954	1965	INTERSECTIONS		1.552				+	+
									10355		200	
			TO 110.00		SUBTOTAL	25888 84003		1 /	10355	0	200	0
			TO: US 82		LANES	84902	2614	14	33961		653 89	
32	COOKE	FM 3092	FROM: FM 902	5162	SHOULDERS	11454	3.614	10	4582			-
					INTERSECTIONS			110	494	-	9	
					SUBTOTAL	97592			39037	0	751	0
	CON	TACTOR'S II	NFORMATION ONLY.		TOTAL	1351862	79.565	0	540747	0	10401	О

*CONTRACTORS INFROMATION ONLY
NOTE - ESTIMATED RATES AND QUANTITIES

US 81, ETC MATERIAL SUMMARY

	exas	Department (of Tran	nspor	tatic	n®
		S	HEET	3	OF	3
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY	
0013	05	066	US	81,	ΕT	c.
DIST		COUNTY		SH	EET N	ю.
WFS	MON	NTAGUE, E	TC.		10	

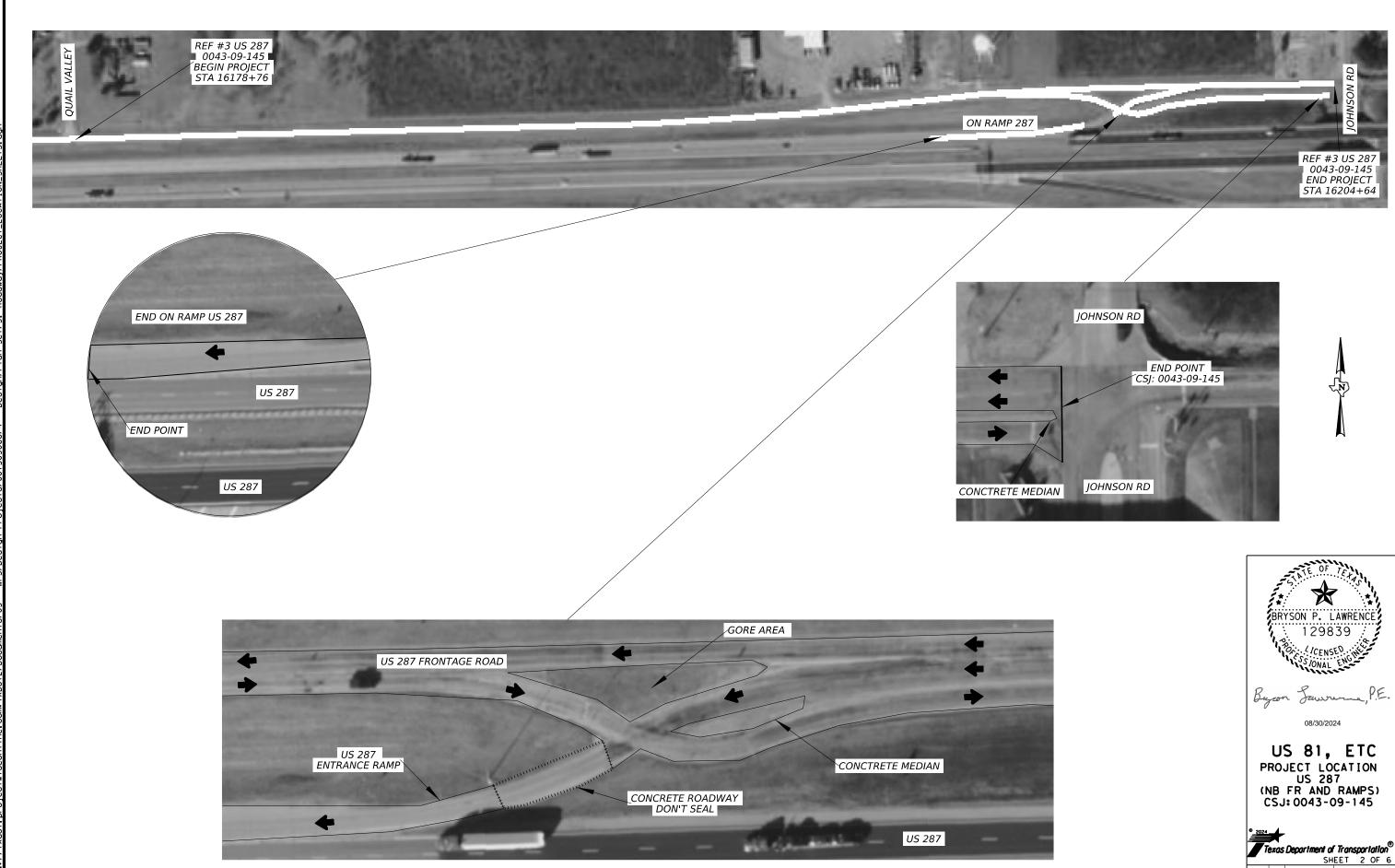
US 81, ETC PROJECT LOCATION
US 287
(NB FRONTAGE RD & RAMPS)
CSJ: 0043-08-086 Texas Department of Transportation SHEET 1 OF 6

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

OO13 O5 O66 US 81, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

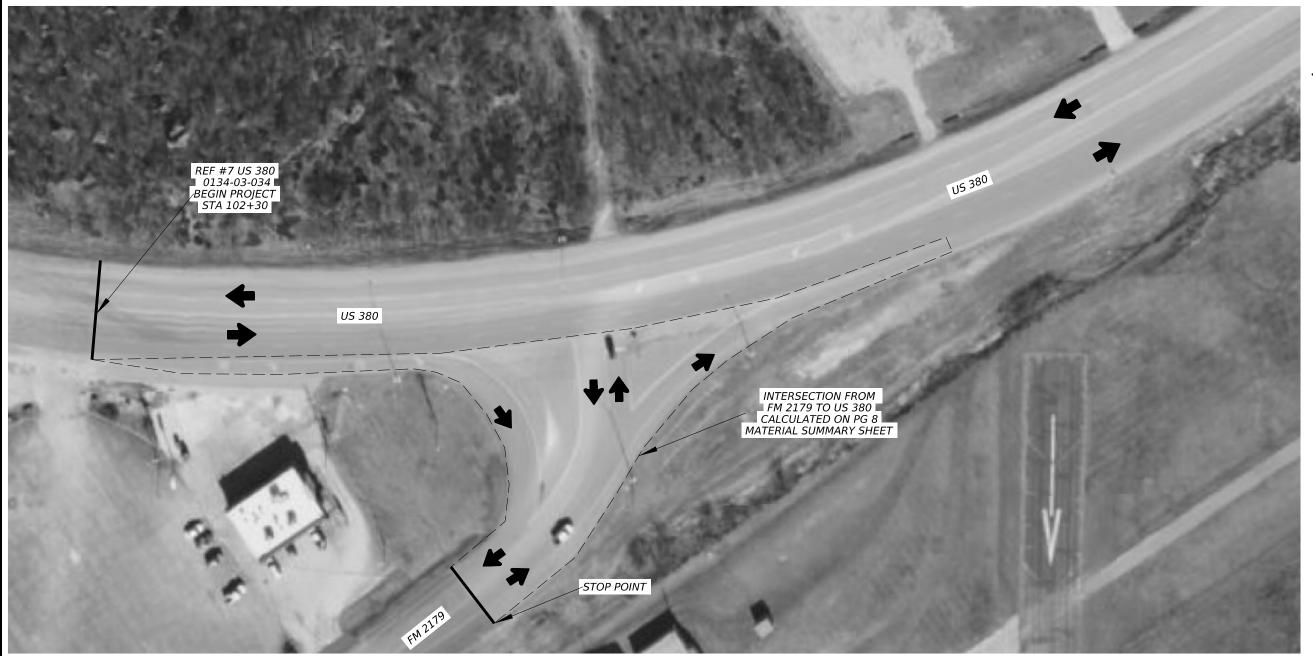
WFS MONTAGUE, ETC. 11

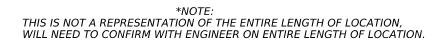


0013 05 066 US 81, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

WFS MONTAGUE, ETC. 12



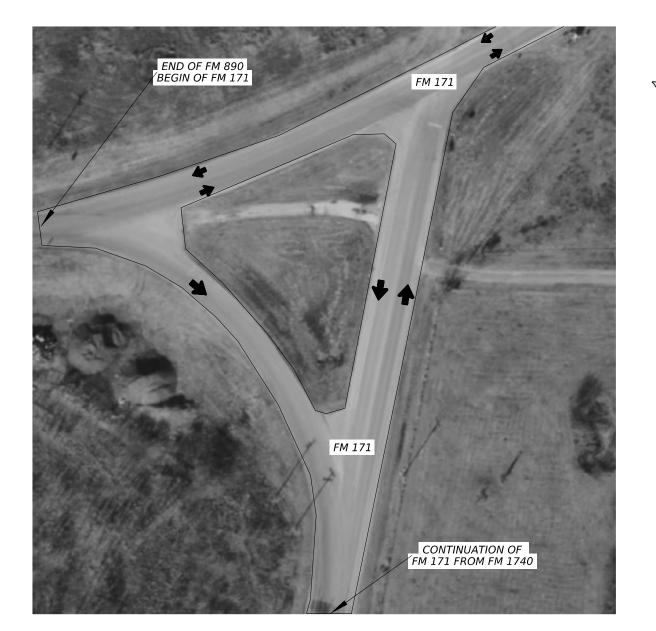


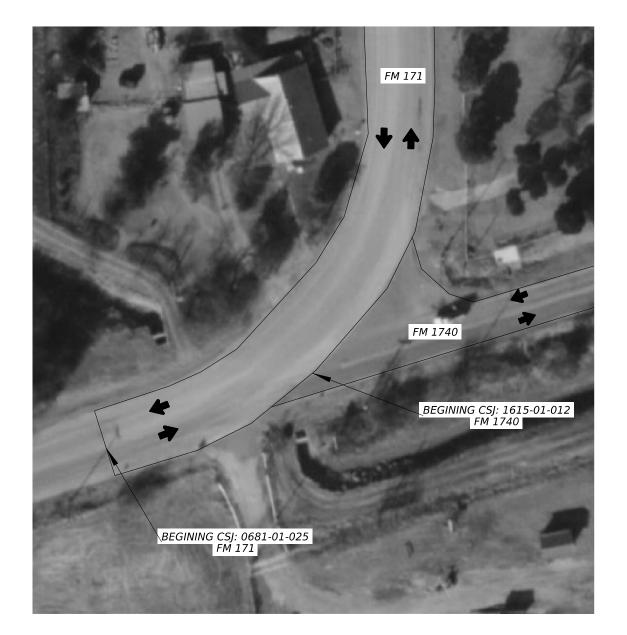


US 81, ETC PROJECT LOCATION US 380 CSJ: 0134-03-034

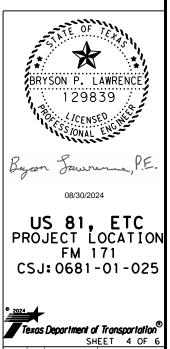
7 10	exas	Department of	Tran	nsport	atio
		SH	EET	3	OF
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHW	ΑY
013	05	066	US	81,	ΕT
TSIC		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO

WFS MONTAGUE, ETC.





*NOTE: THIS IS NOT A REPRESENTATION OF THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF LOCATION, WILL NEED TO CONFIRM WITH ENGINEER ON ENTIRE LENGTH OF LOCATION.

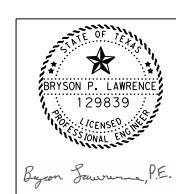


0013 05 066 US 81, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

WFS MONTAGUE, ETC. 14

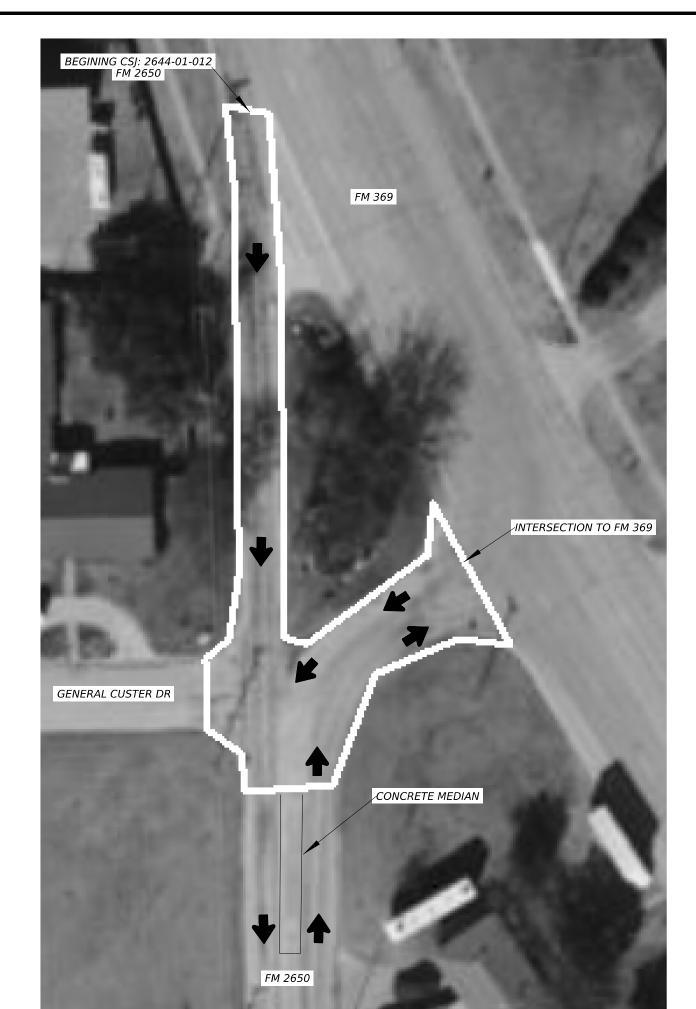




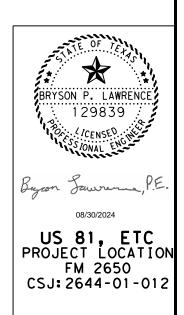
08/30/2024

US 81, ETC
PROJECT LOCATION
FM 422
CSJ: 0814-05-002

° 2024 T	exas	Department (of Traf	n spor i 5	
CONT	SECT	JOB	Ī	ΙΑΥ	
0013	05	066	US	81,	ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.
WFS	MON	NTAGUE, E	TC.		15



*NOTE: THIS IS NOT A REPRESENTATION OF THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF LOCATION, WILL NEED TO CONFIRM WITH ENGINEER ON ENTIRE LENGTH OF LOCATION.



Texas Department of Transportation® SHEET 6 OF 6

0013 05 066 US 81, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

WFS MONTAGUE, ETC. 16

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

	_	_		_				
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK	: TxDOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHW	AY
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	0013	05	066		US 8	31,	ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		ET NO.
5-10	5-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE.	ΕT	c.	•	7

8:25:06

- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

SPACING

Sign△

Spacing

(Apprx.)

120

160

240

320

400

500²

6002

700 2

800²

900 2

1000 ²

"X"

onventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed
		MPH
48" × 48"	48" × 48"	30
70 2 70	70 2 70	35
		40
		45
36" × 36"	48" × 48"	50
30 × 30	10 % 10	55
		60
		65
48" × 48"	48" × 48"	70
		75
		80
		*

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20'

CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS * * R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1++ ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bt * * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle \rangle \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFI × + G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT * *G20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices -CSJ Limi Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END LIMIT END | ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T * * G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices					
۴	Sign					
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

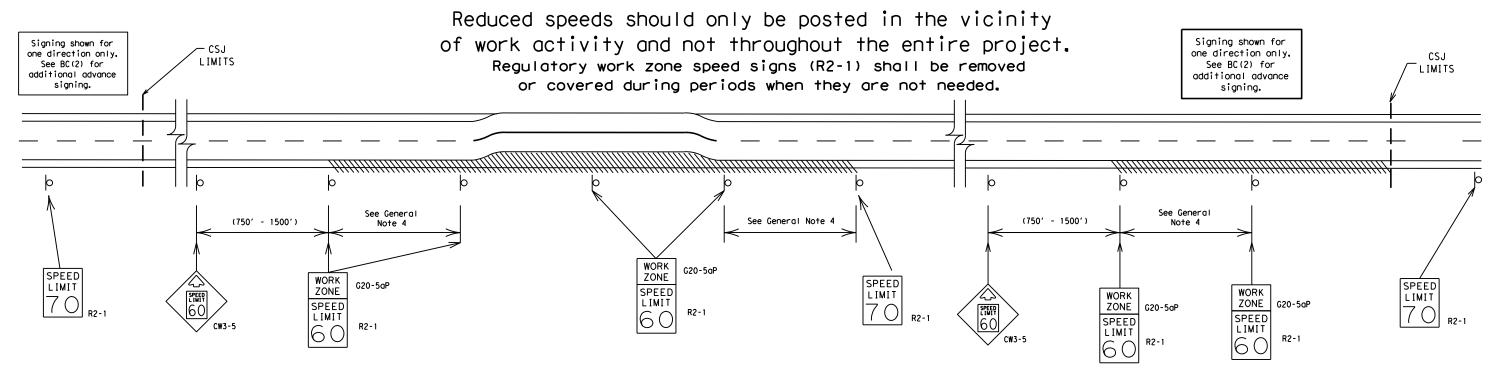
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDC</th><th>)T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	YAWI
	REVISIONS	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SH	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		18

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

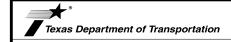
- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(3)-21

-13	J-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	с.		1	9
9-07 '-13	8-14 5-21	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		0013	05	066		US	81	,	ETC.
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			ніс	HWA	Y.
:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[T00	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T	CK:	: TxDOT

8/29/2024 8:25:07 AM

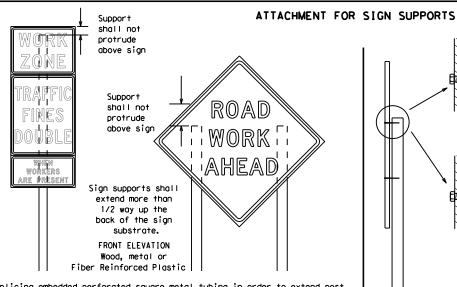
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



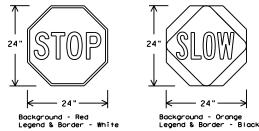
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
 STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- . The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
 work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
 Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
 regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
 appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
 Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of
first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
 the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
 intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
 Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- The sandbags will be fied shuf to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sin support weights
- for use as sign support weights. 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWITCD list.
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

-13	5-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	с.		2	<u>?0</u>
-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY					SHEET NO.	
		0013	05	066		US	81	,	ETC.
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			ніс	HWA	lΥ
:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T	CK	: TxDOT



going in opposite directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

weld, do not

¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of * Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face sign face 2x6 4x4 block block 72" Length of skids may be increased for wood additional stability. for sign Top 2x4 x 40" height 2x4 brace requirement for sign height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requiremen or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

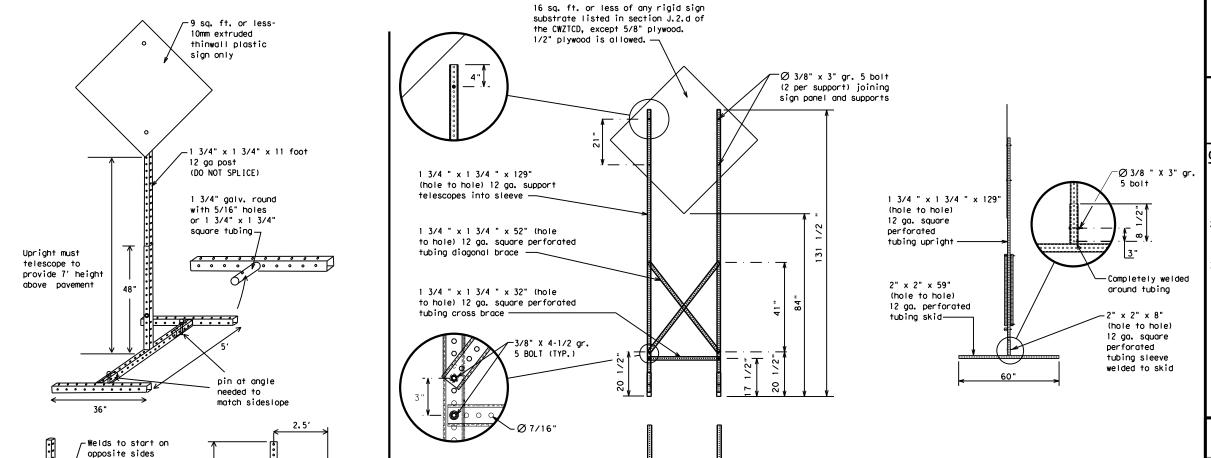
SINGLE LEG BASE

Post Pos Post desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min, in weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils, than sian 55" min, in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

Post See the CWZTCD for embedment. WING CHANNEL

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDC</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC	T	ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
		0013	05	066		US	81	, ETC.	
	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		21	

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

lexas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion tresults or damages resulting from its use. (C-2), dan

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			_
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	F	Service Road	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			11171
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W (manufa) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Act		e/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
e 2.	STAY IN LANE	*	* *	See Application Guideli	nes Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

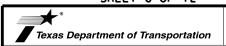
BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

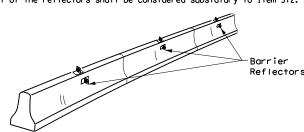


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

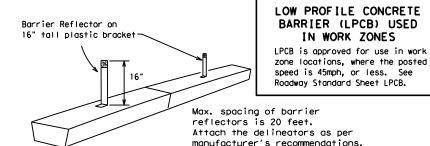
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	8-14	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
9-07		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		22

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

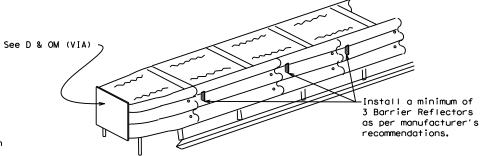


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



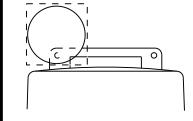
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

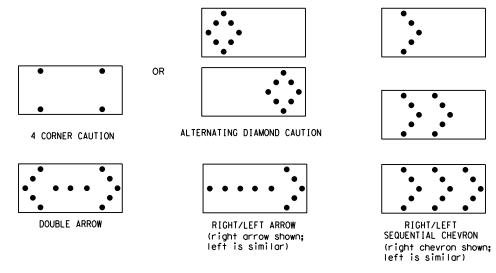
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDC</th><th>)T c</th><th>k: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T c	k: TxDOT	
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY	
	8-14 5-21	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.	
9-07		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13		WES	MON	TAGUE.	FT	۲.		23	

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

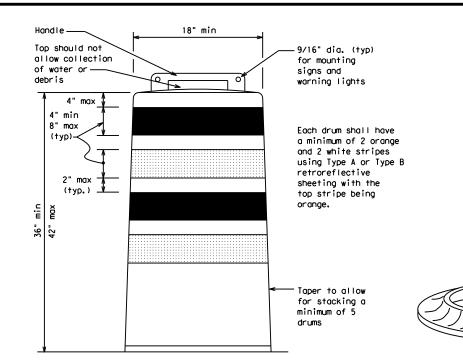
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

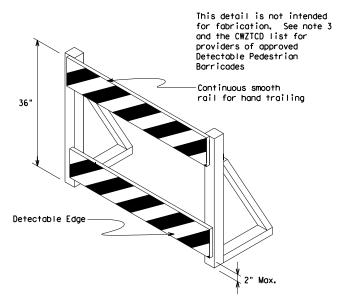
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

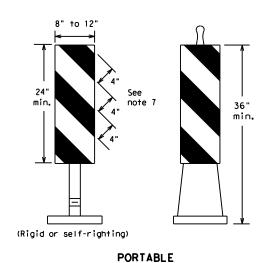


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

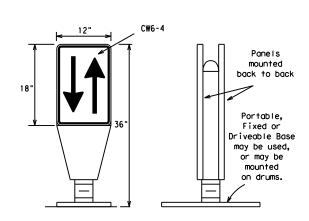
BC(8)-21

	_		_					
LE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxD0</td><td>TC</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxD0	TC	
TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY		
REVISIONS 1-03 8-14	0013	05	066		US 81	I, ETC	:.	
1-03 8-14 9-07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13	WFS	MON	TAGUE.	ЕТ	c.	24		



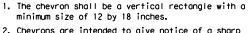
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

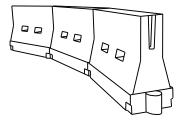


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	6001	50°	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

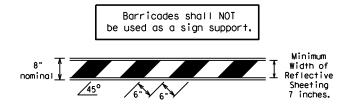
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

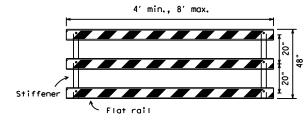
				_				
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDO</td><td>)T c</td><td>k: T×DOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO)T c	k: T×DOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
		0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST	T COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
7-13	5-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		25

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Note that the content of the cont
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

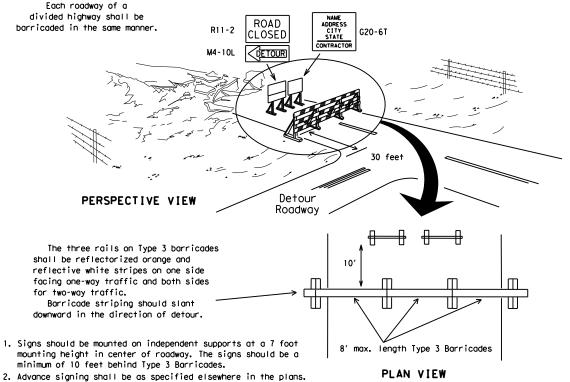


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

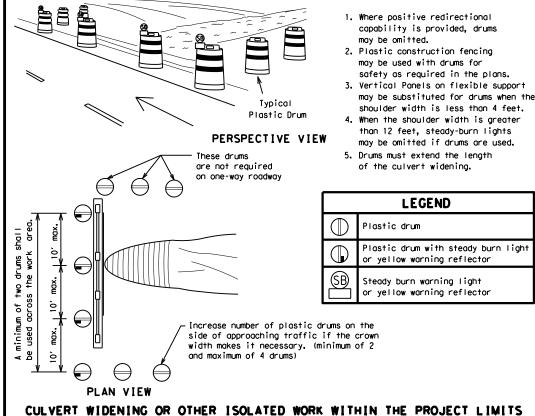


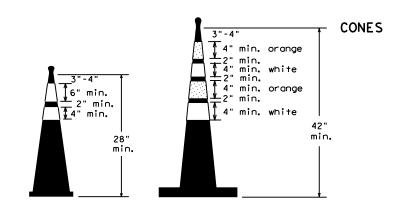
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

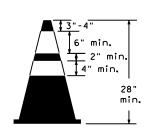


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

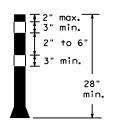




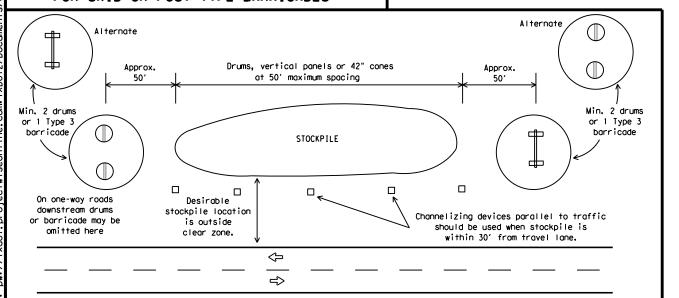
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

			-	_					
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDC</td><td>)T (</td><td>k: Tx</td><td>TOD</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T (k: Tx	TOD
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY	
		0013	05	066		US	81,	Ε.	TC.
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET N	٠٥.
7-13	5-21	WFS	MON	TAGUE.	ΕT	С.		26	•

104

104 1

/29/2024 8:23:08 AM w://txdot.projectwiseonline.com:

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans,
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

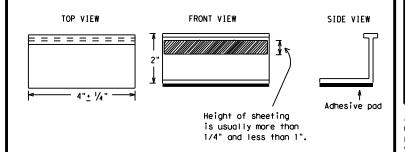
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety

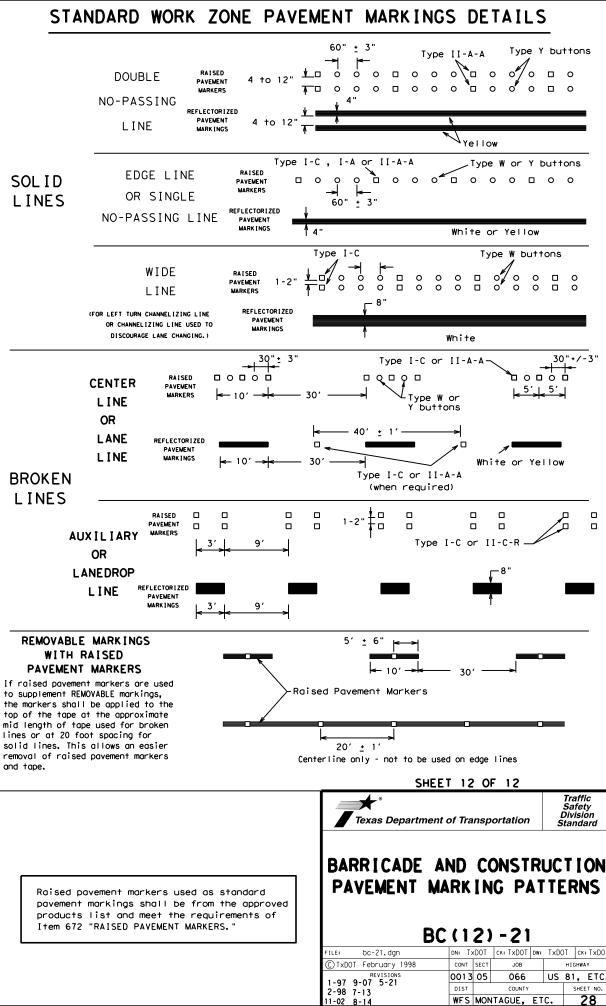


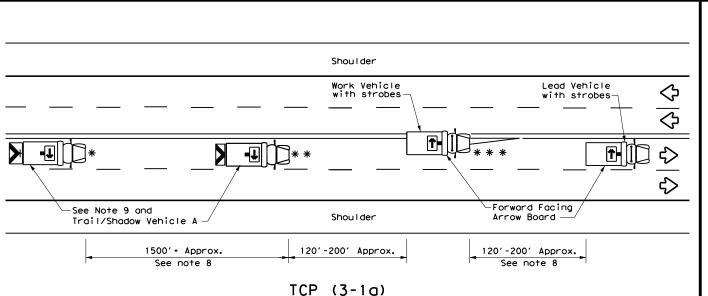
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

	• -	- •						
e: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T (ck: TxDO1	
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY	
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.	
98 9-07 5-21 02 7-13	DIST	IST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
02 8-14	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		27	

11-02





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

display Flashing Arrow Board

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

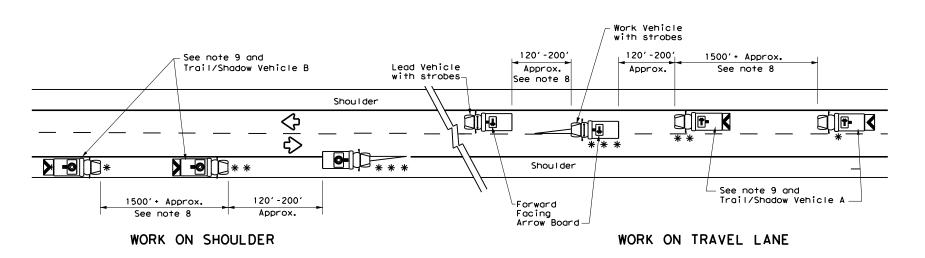
CW21-10cT

72" X 36"

••••••

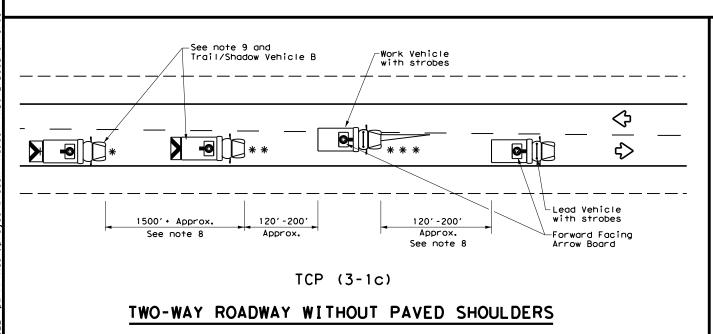
X VEHICLE CONVOY

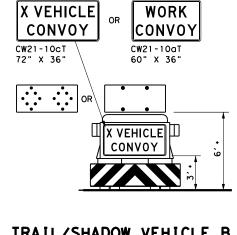
UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

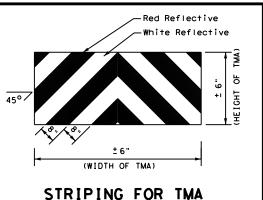
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOW DOADD DISDLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	#	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
1	4										

GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS

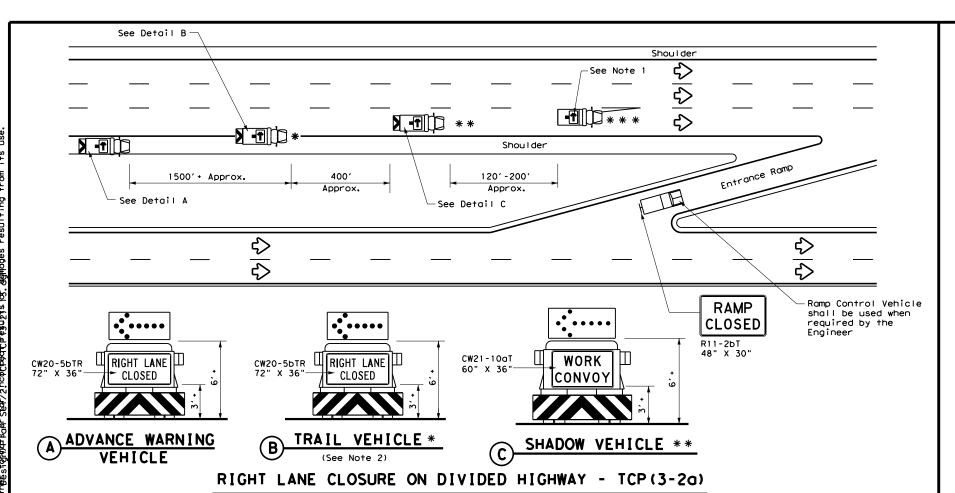
Traffic Operations Division Standard

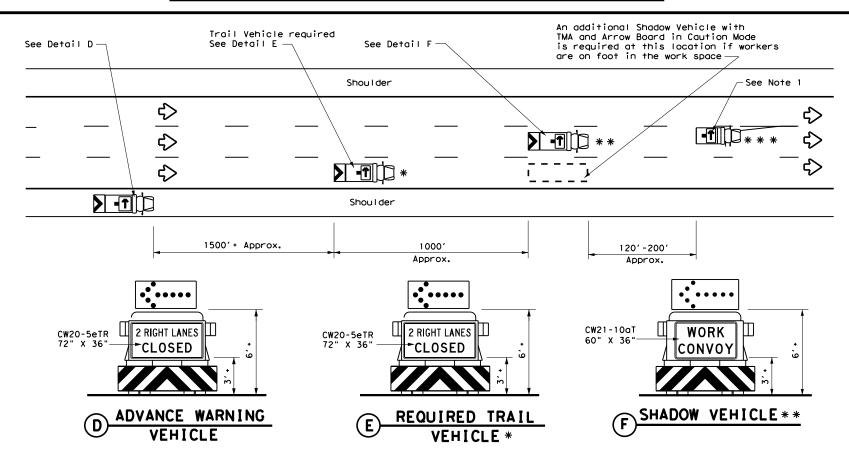
TCP(3-1)-13

UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

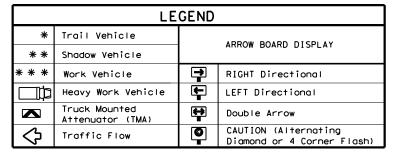
		_		_	_				
ILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T C	<: T×DOT	
C) TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			H I GHW	'AY	
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS 0	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.	
3-95 7-1.		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
I - 9 7		WFS	MON	ITAGUE,	ΕT	c.	1	29	

175





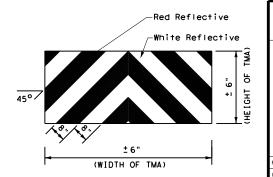
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- 2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- . Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. Standard 48" \times 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

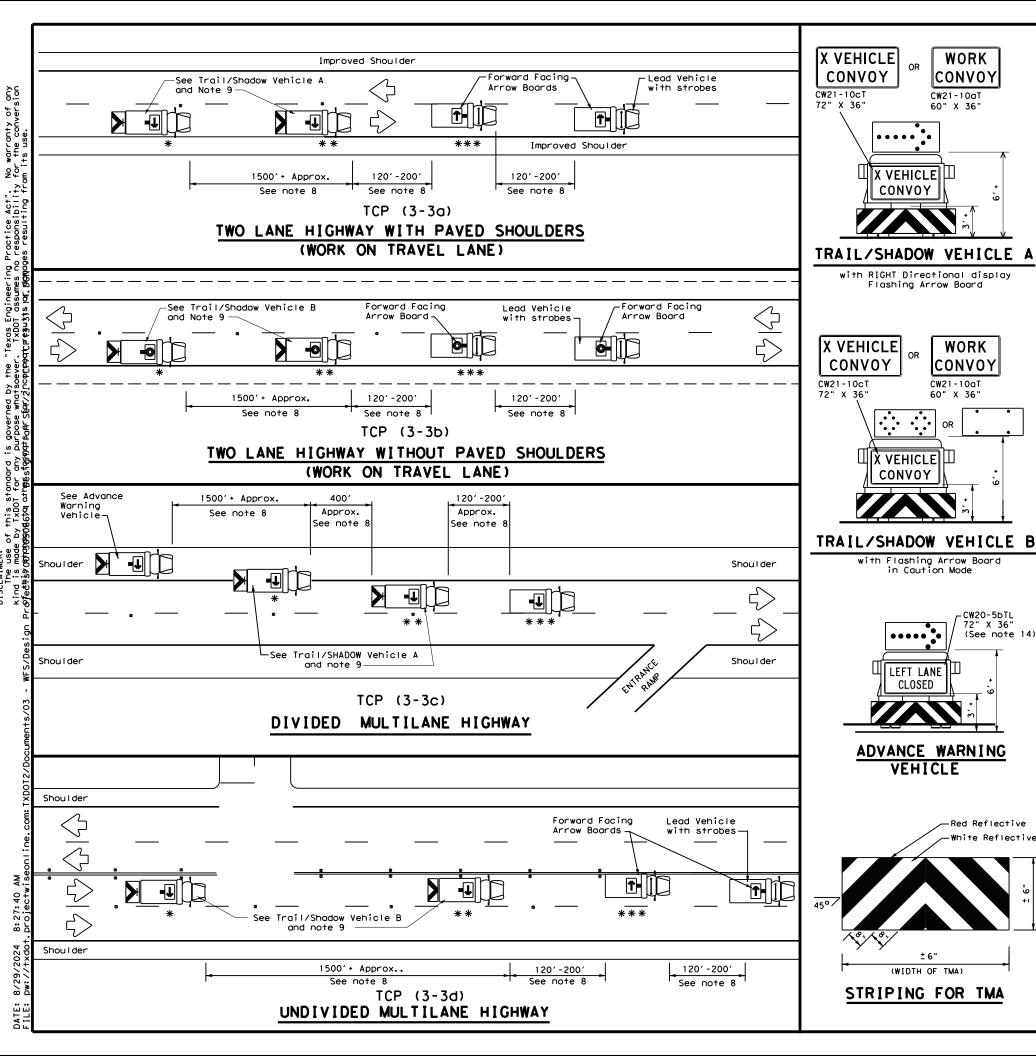


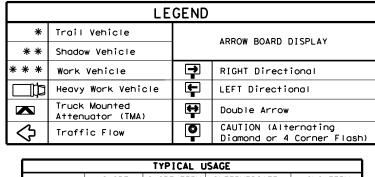
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) -13

tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>TO</th><th>CK:</th><th>: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	TO	CK:	: TxDOT
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWA	Y.
REVISIONS 34 4-98	0013	05	066		US	81	,	ETC.
95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			S	нев	T NO.
97	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		3	Ö





TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CW21-10aT

X VEHICLE|川

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO September 1987 JOB C) TxDOT 066 US 81, ETC 0013 05 8-95 7-13 1-97 7-14 WFS MONTAGUE, ETC.

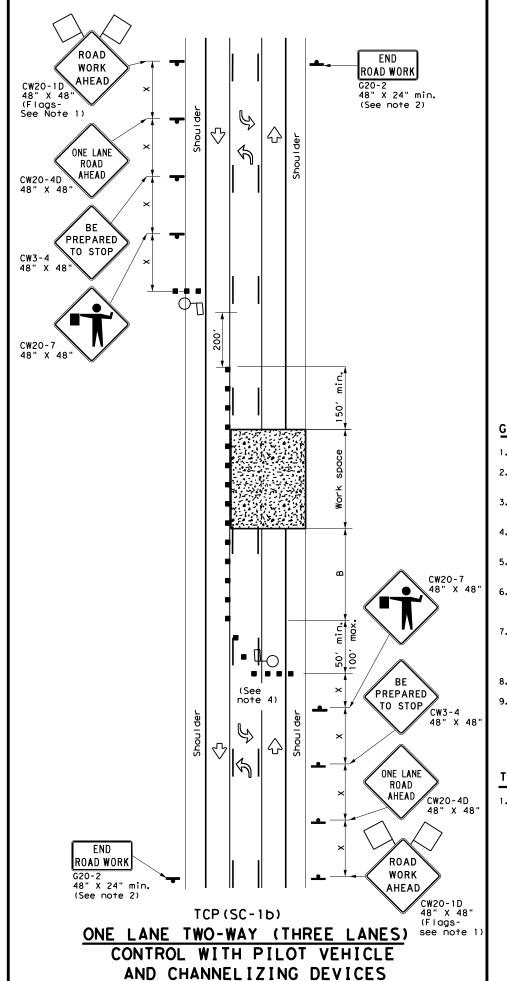
see note 1)

TCP (SC-1a)

ONE LANE TWO-WAY (TWO LANES)

CONTROL WITH PILOT VEHICLE

(See note 2)



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	S	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Speed Formula		Minimum esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'	2001
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		4501	495′	540′	45′	90'	3201	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600′	50°	100′	400'	240′	425′
55		550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L=WS	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65`	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger sign is less than 1500 feet.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times for traffic control coordination.
- 5. Flaggers should use 24" STOP (CW20-8) / SLOW (CW20-8aT) paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.
- 6. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 7. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personnel (flaggers) at the intersection.
- 8. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 9. The pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone. The pilot car shall have an identification name displayed and PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

#### TCP (SC-1a)

1. Channelizing devices on the centerline are not required when a pilot car is leading traffic, unless directed by the Engineer.

SHEET 1 OF 8

Texas Department of Transportation

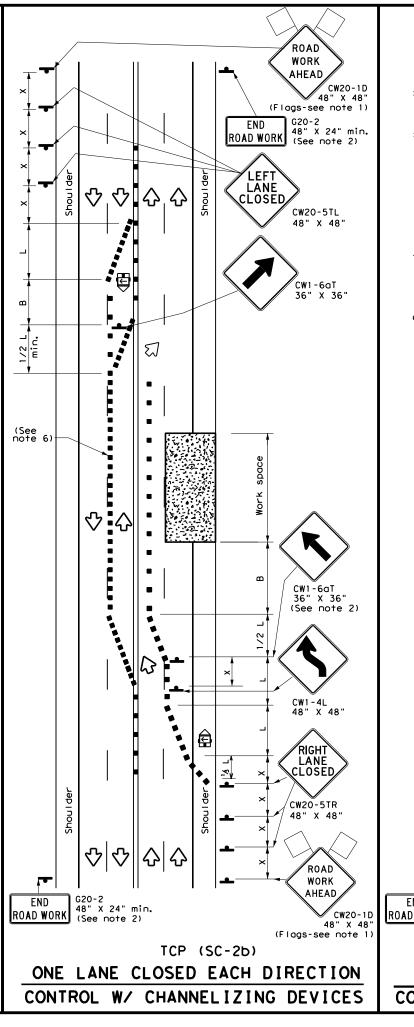
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **SEAL COAT OPERATIONS** ONE-LANE TWO-WAY

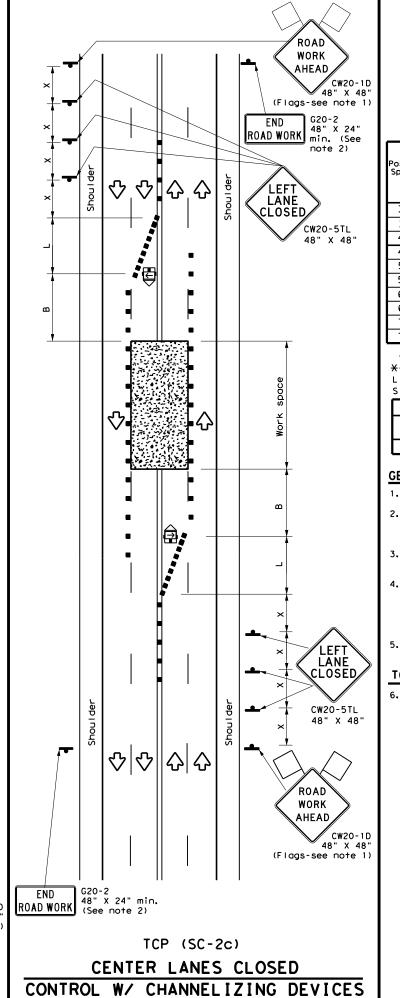
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TCP (SC-1) -22

FILE: †c	cpsc-1-22.c	ign .	DN:		CK:	DW:		С	К:
C TxDOT	October	2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
4-21	REVISIONS		0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
10-22			DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
			WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		32

ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48' (Flags-see note 1 G20-2 ROAD WORK (See note 2) LEFT LANE CLOSED 公 ╷⟨╮ CW20-5TL 48" X 48" min. ♡፟፟፟፟፟፟ RIGHT LANE CW20-5TR 48" X 48' ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D |쇼| 쇼 48" X 48" (Flags-see note 1) END G20-2 48" X 24" min. (See note 2) TCP (SC-2a) ONE LANE CLOSED EACH DIRECTION CONTROL W/ CHANNELIZING DEVICES





	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	L)	Flagger						
	_		_						

					•	•		
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"В"
30	2	150'	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT)
- S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	√	√					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- The ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personnel (flaggers) at the intersection.
- Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

TCP (SC-2a) and (SC-2b)

- 6. Channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic shall be spaced on tapers at:
 - a.) 20 feet;
 - b.) 15 feet when posted speeds are 35 mph or slower; or
 - c.) at 1/2(S) for tangent sections.
- This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

SHEET 2 OF 8

Traffic Safety Division Standard



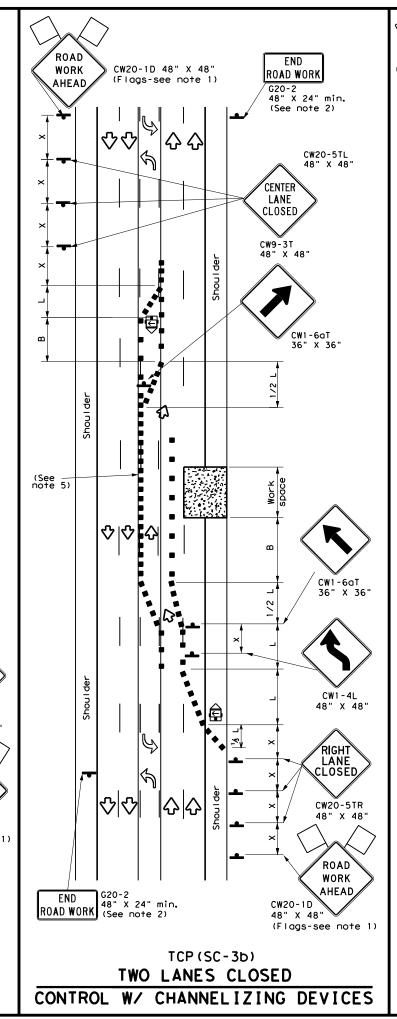
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEALCOAT OPERATIONS MULTILANE ROADS (UNDIVIDED)

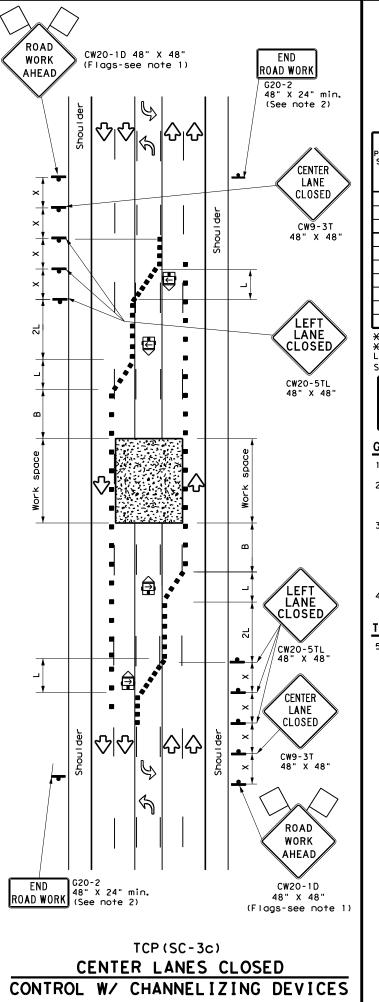
TCP (SC-2) -22

FILE:	tcpsc-2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		c	CK:
C TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
	REVISIONS	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
4-21		DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
10-22		WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		33

218

ROAD ROAD WORK CW20-1D 48" X 48" WORK No warranty of any for the conversion om its use. (Flags-see note 1) G20-2 AHEAD 48" X 24" min. (See note 2) 수 수 Texas Engineering Practice Act". TxDOT assumes no responsibility ttpresgt159.022.d@@Ages resulting fro CENTER LANE CLOSED CW9-3T 48" X 48" (See — note 5) RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48' ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-see note 1) ROAD WORK (See note 2) TCP (SC-3a) ONE LANE CLOSED CONTROL W/ CHANNELIZING DEVICES





	LEGEND									
ı		Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices						
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
	\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths XX			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"
30	2	1501	165′	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	495′	540'	45′	90′	3201	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55		550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT)

S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personal (flaggers) at the intersection.
- 4. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

TCP (SC-3a) and (SC-3b)

- 5. Channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic shall be spaced on tapers at: a.) 20 feet;

 - b.) 15 feet when posted speeds are 35 mph or slower; or c.) at 1/2(S) for tangent sections.

This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

SHEET 3 OF 8



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS MULTILANE ROADS (W/ CENTER LEFT TURN LANE) TCP (SC-3) -22

tcpsc-3-22.dgn C) TxDOT October 2022 0013 05 066 US 81, ETC 10-22 WFS MONTAGUE, ETC.

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Speed Formula		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance "X"	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90'	200′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55		550′	605′	6601	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times for traffic control coordination.
- 4. Flaggers should use 24" STOP (CW20-8) / SLOW (CW20-8aT) paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.
- 5. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 6. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 7. The pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone. The pilot car shall have an identification name displayed and PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

SHEET 4 OF 8



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS NEAR INTERSECTION

TCP(SC-4)-22

FILE: tcpsc-4-22.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:		(	CK:
C TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		IWAY
REVISIONS		0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
4-21 10-22			COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
10-22		WFS	MONTAGUE, ETC.			35		

ROAD WORK

48" X 24" min.

RIGHT LANE

CLOSED

CW20-5TR

48" X 48'

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

CW20-5TR

48" X 48'

ROAD

WORK

1 MILE

CW20-1F

(Flagssee note 1)

TCP (SC-5a)

48" X 48"

Shoulder

500'

min.

公

 $\Diamond$ 

Median

公

See TCP(SC-5a)

for advance |

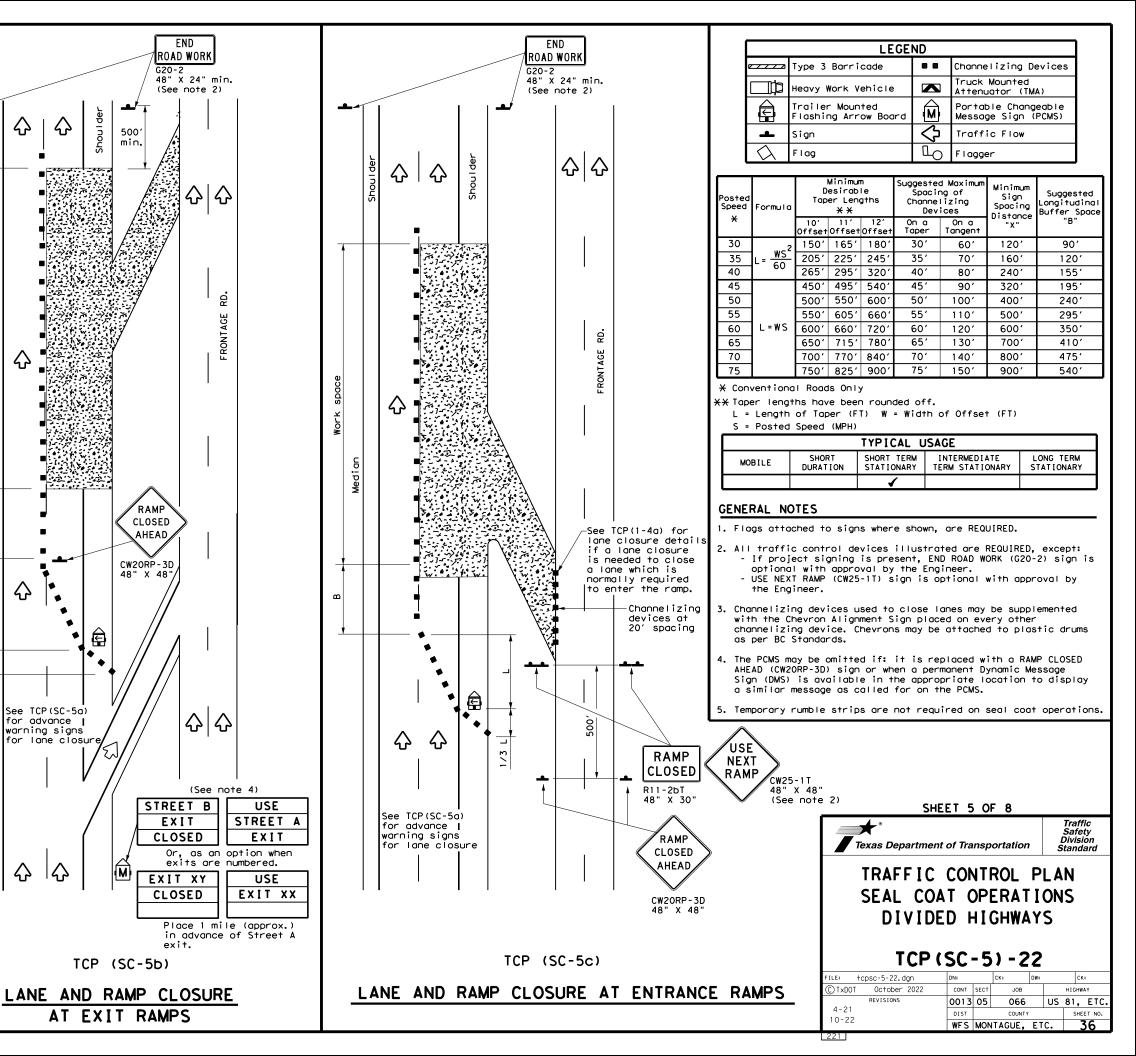
 $\Diamond$ 

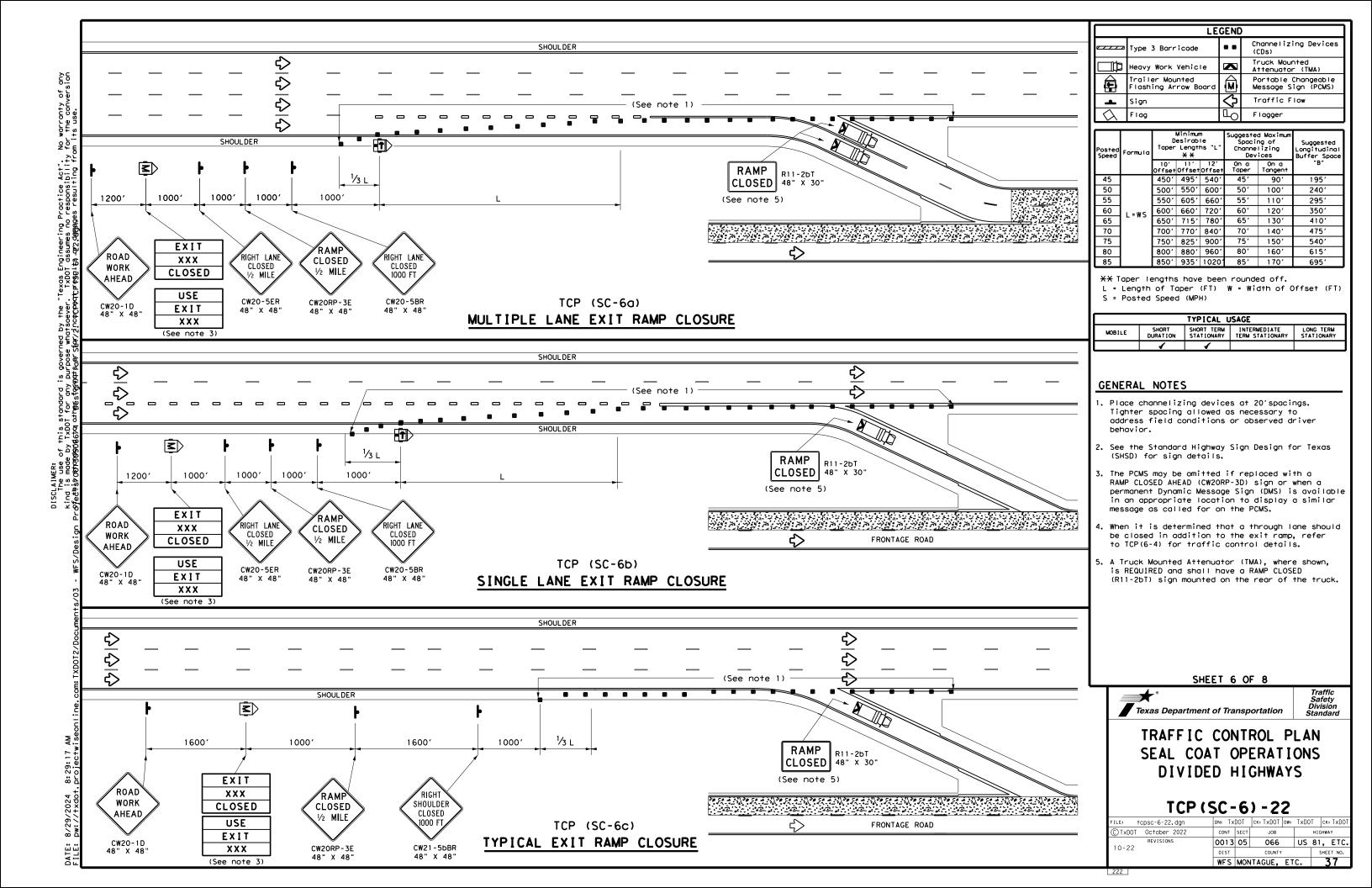
 $\Diamond$ 

warning signs for lane closure

(See note 2)

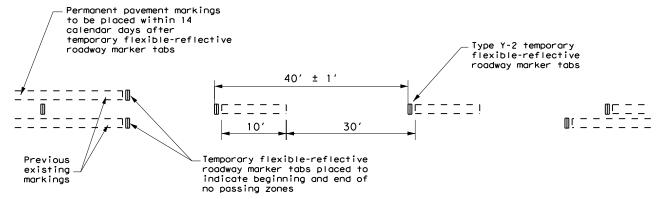
公





No warranty of any for the conversion

## TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS



#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS

- 1. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs with protective cover unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the povement no more than two days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the protective cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with a yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 3. Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadway volumes exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of these devices should be planned for.
- 4. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low- beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 5. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 4.
- 6. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 7. Tabs shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.

TOP VIEW

— 4"<u>+</u> ¼" <del>—></del>|

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement
  markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings,
  no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14
  calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed
  as soon as weather permits.
- 2. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped, place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are NOT acceptable.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch, unless otherwise noted.

SIDE VIEW

Adhesive pad

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

FRONT VIEW

Height of sheeting

is usually more than

1/4" and less than 1".

 DMSs referenced above may be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov
 SHEET 7 OF 8



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TEMPORARY
PAVEMENT MARKINGS
FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

TCP (SC-7) -22

10-22		WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ЕΤ	С.		38
4-21 10-22		DIST		COUNTY			SH	HEET NO.
4 01	REVISIONS	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
C TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	IWAY
FILE:	tcpsc-7-22.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxDOT

223

No warranty of any for the conversion

#### DO NOT PASS (R4-1) SIGN and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel, except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibitd over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is a considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshields and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one day of operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are

#### NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) SIGN

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation between lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markinas.
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings (low volume roads may not have an existing center line), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately two mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections, and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.

#### LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) SIGN

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately two miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible, the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed:
  - a.) In the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) sign and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign; and
  - b.) One "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near

LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE sign placements will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing Distance "X"
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800,
75	900,

* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	<b>√</b>		

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Surfacing operations that cover or obliterate existing pavement markings must first have the passing zones clearly marked with tabs as well as having any of the traffic control devices detailed on this sheet furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Short Duration / Short Term Stationary Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways should be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 8



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR **SEAL COAT OPERATIONS** 

TCP(SC-8)-22

FILE:	tcpsc-8-22.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0013	05	066		US	81	, ETC.
4-21 10-22		DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
10-22		WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		39

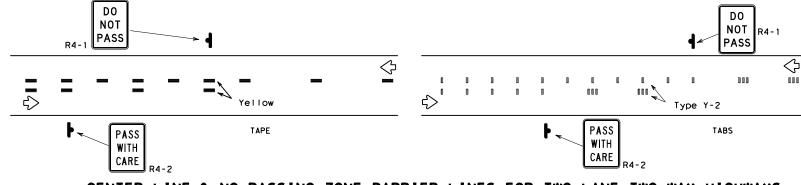
warranty of any r the conversion

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

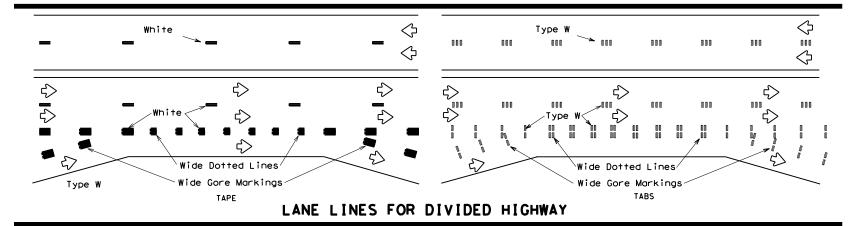
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

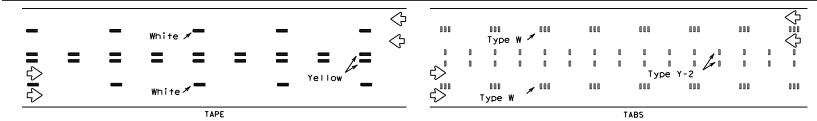
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

## WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

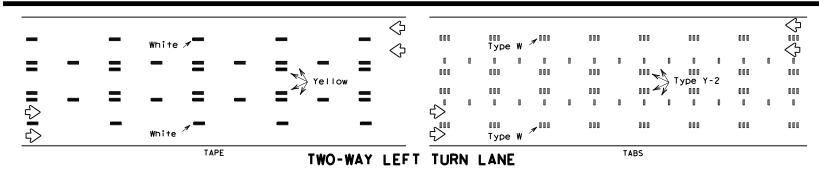


## CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





## LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

## Texas Department of Transportation

Operation Division Standard

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
  "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
  Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

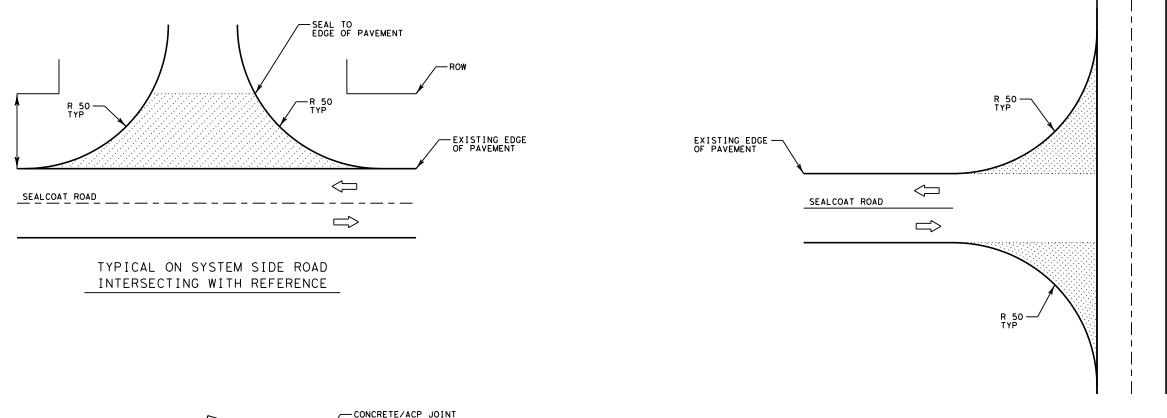
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

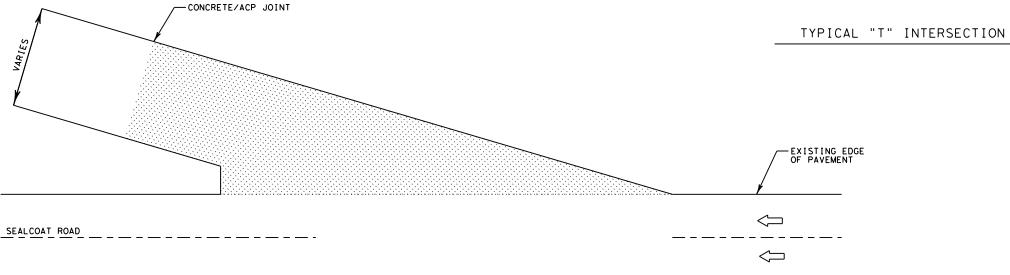
## PAVEMENT MARKINGS

W7 (STPM) - 13

**WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** 

		• • •			•			
FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDO</td><td>T C</td><td>: TxDO</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T C	: TxDO
© TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB			H I GHW	AY
1-97	REVISIONS	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
7-13		WFS	MON	TAGUE.	ΕT	c.	4	40





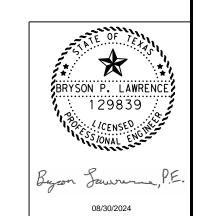
TYPICAL ENTRANCE / EXIT RAMP

NOTE:

ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE RAMP LOCATIONS AND JOINT PLACEMENT PRIOR TO SEALCOAT OPERATIONS.

AT EACH REFERENCE LOCATION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SEAL ALL INTERSECTIONS, TURN LANES, AND RAMPS PRIOR TO BEGINNING SEALCOAT OPERATIONS IN MAINLANES.

ONLY INTERSECTIONS WHERE SEALCOAT ROAD INTERSECTS WITH ON-SYSTEM ROAD WILL RECEIVE SURFACE TREATMENT.



US 81, ETC

TYPICAL
INTERSECTION
DETAIL

Texas Department of Transportation
SHEET 1 OF 1
CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

0013 05 066 US 81, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

WFS MONTAGUE, ETC. 41

☑ This project DOT No.: 27	ect is adjacent or parallel work, not within RR ROW: 75047F
	e: Private Crossing
	Operating Track at Crossing: BNSF
	Owning Track at Crossing: BNSF
RR MP: 58.	
RR Subdivis	ion: Red River Valley
City: Sunset	
County: Mo	ntague
	Crossing: 0013-05-066
Latitude: 33	3.4392703
Longitude: _	97.7620244
Scope of Wo	ork, including any TCP, to be performed by State Contractor:
The US 81	frontage road that is parallel to the railroad is being seal coated.
Scope of Wo	ork to be performed by Railroad Company:
N/A	
N/A	
,	anna a mantarian
,	GING & INSPECTION
II. FLAG	GING & INSPECTION  of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0
II. FLAG	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0
II. FLAG	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is:
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  □ Expected	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is:
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  □ Expected  ☑ Not Expe	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is:
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  □ Expected  ☑ Not Expe  Flagging ser	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is: cted vices will be provided by:
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  □ Expected  ☑ Not Expe  Flagging ser  □ Railroad	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is: cted vices will be provided by:
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  □ Expected  ☑ Not Expe  Flagging ser  □ Railroad oneeded of	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is: cted vices will be provided by: Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will b
II. FLAG  No. of Days On this proje Expected Not Expe Flagging ser Railroad needed of Outside F  Contractor nequires a 3	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is: cted vices will be provided by: Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will be r, 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging. Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad 0-day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule du negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  Expected  ✓ Not Expe  Flagging ser  Railroad needed of needed of Outside F  Contractor in requires a 3 to their own by Contractor	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is: cted vices will be provided by: Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will ber, 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging. Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad 0-day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule du negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid or.
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  Expected  ✓ Not Expe  Flagging ser  Railroad needed of the contractor in requires a 3 to their own by Contractor.	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 ect, night or weekend flagging is: cted vices will be provided by: Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will be r, 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging. Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad 0-day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule du negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid or. rmation for Flagging: UP.info@railpros.com
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  Expected  Not Expe  Flagging ser  Railroad oneeded of the contractor of the contract of the c	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 cct, night or weekend flagging is: cted vices will be provided by: Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will be r, 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging. Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad O-day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule du negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid or.  rmation for Flagging: UP.info@railpros.com Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging UP.request@nrssinc.net
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  □ Expected  ☑ Not Expe  □ Railroad needed of the contractor in requires a 3 to their own by Contractor  □ UPRR	of Railroad Flagging Expected: 0 cct, night or weekend flagging is: ccted vices will be provided by: Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will be r, 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging. Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT must incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad O-day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule du negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid or.  rmation for Flagging:  UP.info@railpros.com Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging UP.request@nrssinc.net Call Center 877-984-6777 BNSFinfo@railpros.com
II. FLAG  No. of Days  On this proje  Expected  Not Expe  Flagging ser  Railroad oneeded of the contractor of the contract of the c	of Railroad Flagging Expected: Oect, night or weekend flagging is:  cted  vices will be provided by:  Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will be r, 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging.  Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT  nust incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad O-day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule du negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid or.  rmation for Flagging:  UP.info@railpros.com  Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging  UP.request@nrssinc.net  Call Center 877-984-6777  BNSFinfo@railpros.com  Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging  KCS.info@railpros.com
II. FLAG  No. of Days On this proje Expected Not Expe Railroad needed of Outside F  Contractor in requires a 3 to their own by Contract Contact Info UPRR  BNSF	of Railroad Flagging Expected: Oect, night or weekend flagging is:  cted  vices will be provided by:  Company: 1) TxDOT will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will be r, 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging.  Party: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT  nust incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad  O-day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule du negligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid or.  rmation for Flagging:  UP.info@railpros.com  Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging  UP.request@nrssinc.net  Call Center 877-984-6777  BNSFinfo@railpros.com  Call Center 877-315-0513, Select #1 for flagging

,	
_	
<del></del>	
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
$\neg$	
е	
ie	
ie I	
1	

☑ Not Required
☐ Required. Contact Information for Construction Inspection:
III. CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE PERFORMED BY THE RAILROAD
☐ Required.
☑ Not Required
Railroad Point of Contact:

Contractor must incorporate railroad construction inspection into anticipated construction schedule.

Coordinate with TxDOT for any work to be performed by the Railroad Company. TxDOT must issue a work order for any work done by the Railroad Company prior to the work being performed.

#### IV. RAILROAD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall confirm the insurance requirements with the Railroad as the insurance limits are subject to change without notice.

Insurance policies and corresponding certificates of insurance must be issued by the contractor on behalf of the Railroad. Separate insurance policies and certificates are required when more than one Railroad Company is operating on the same right of way, or when several Railroad Companies are involved and operate on their own separate right of ways.

No direct compensation will be made to the Contractor for providing the insurance coverages shown below or any deductibles. These costs are incidental to the various bid items.

Escalated Limits				
Type of Insurance	Amount of Coverage (Minimum)			
Workers Compensation	\$500,000 / \$500,000 / \$500,000			
Commercial General Liability	\$2,000,000 / \$4,000,000			
Business Automobile	\$2,000,000			

Railroad Protective Liability Limits				
<ul> <li>☑ Not Required</li> <li>☐ Non - Bridge/Typical Maintenance Projects.</li> <li>Includes repairs to overpass/underpass and</li> </ul>	\$2,000,000 / \$6,000,000			
culvert structures  Bridge Structure Projects. Includes new	\$5,000,000 / \$10,000,000			
construction or replacement of overpass/ underpass structures   Other:				

#### V. CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT OF ENTRY (CROE)

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
✓ Not Required
$\ \square$ Required: UPRR Maintenance Consent Letter. TxDOT to assist
$\ \square$ Required: TxDOT to assist in obtaining the UPRR CROE
☐ Required: Contractor to obtain
☐ BNSF:
☐ CPKCR https://jllrpg.360works.com/fmi/webd/rpo_web_kcs.fmp12
☐ Other Railroads:

To view previously approved CROE templates agreed upon between the State and Railroad, see: <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/railroad-highway-crossing/sample-right-of-entry-agreements.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/railroad-highway-crossing/sample-right-of-entry-agreements.html</a>

Approved CROE templates are not to be modified by the Contractor.

Contractor shall not operate within Railroad Right of Way without an executed Construction & Maintenance Agreement between the State and the Railroad and an executed CROE between the Contractor and the Railroad if required on project.

#### VI. RAILROAD COORDINATION MEETING

A Railroad Coordination Meeting is required. See item 5, Article 8.1, of the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets and Bridges Manual for more details.

#### **VII. RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION**

A. Complete the Railroad's course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety," and maintain registration prior to working on the Railroad's property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

UPRR, BNSF, CPKCR will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other Railroads. Refer to each Railroad's specific contractor right of entry for training information.

Know and follow the Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

### VIII. SUBCONTRACTORS

Contractor shall not subcontract work without written consent of TxDOT. Subcontractors are subject to the same insurance requirements as the Prime Contractor.

#### IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

	of Railroad Emergency	
Call:	SF Railway Company	
Railroad	Emergency Line at: (800) 832-5452	
	: DOT _275047F	
RR Milep	ost: 58.534	·
	ion: Red River Valley	

Initials: 6-26-24



Rail Division

## RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK

PROJECT SPECIFIC DETAILS

FILE: rr-scop	e-of-work.pdf	DN: Tx	DOT	ск:	DW:		ск:
© TxDOT	June 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IIGHWAY
a/2024	REVISIONS	0013	05	066 , ETC		US 81	
4/2024		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		WFS	Mon	tague , ETC			42

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

➾

➾

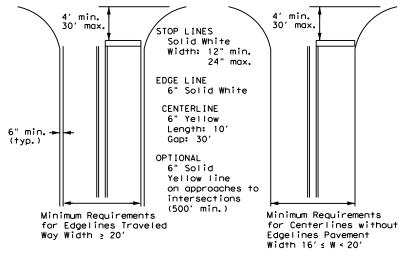
3"to 12"+| |+

ف

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

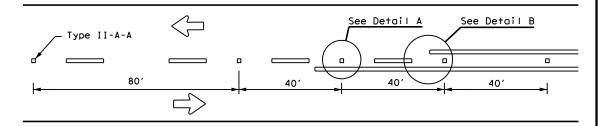
PM(1)-22

•		-					
E: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	IWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			Si	HEET NO.
-00 2-12	WFS	MON	TAGUE.	ΕT	С.		43

shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

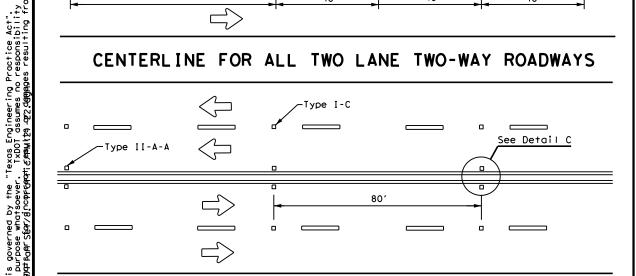
## REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

of 45 MPH or less.

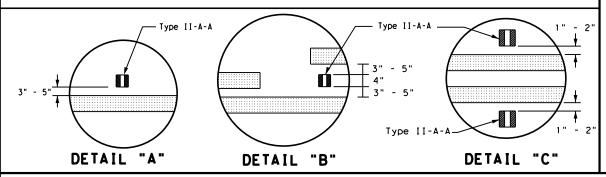


No warranty of any for the conversion

## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

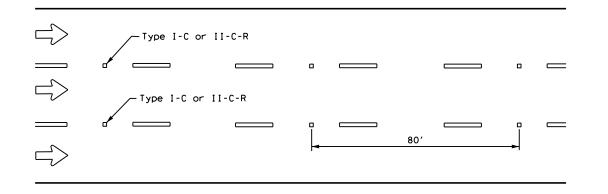


## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



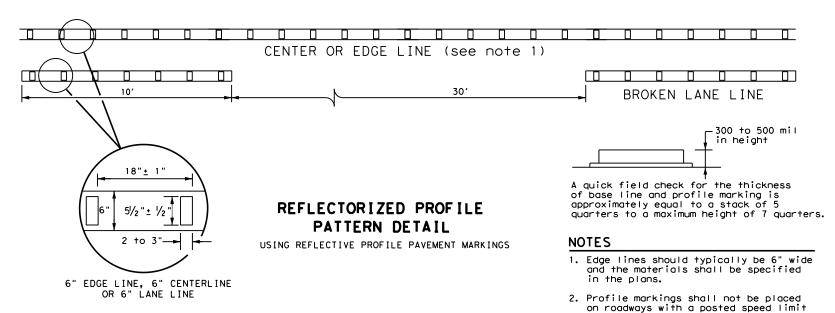
## Centerline -Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 401 80' Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



## LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

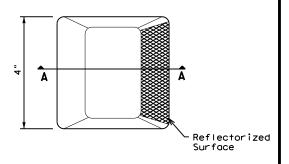


## GENERAL NOTES

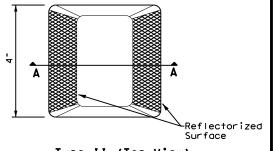
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

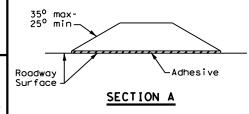
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK	:
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			H I GHW	AY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
5-00 2-12	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		14

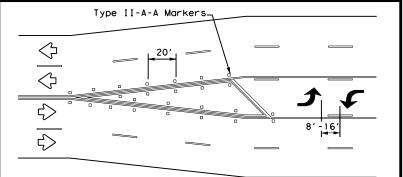
warranty of any the conversion

δ¢.

# NOTES 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.

- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING	
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f†)
30 MPH	460	_{wc} 2
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

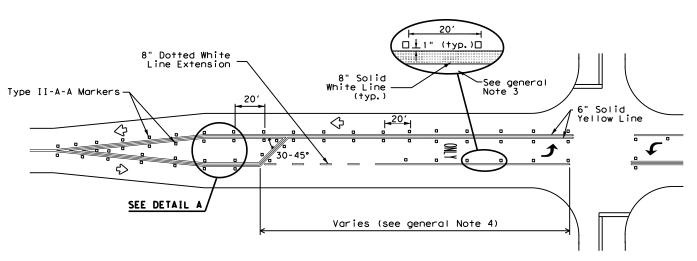
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

### GENERAL NOTES

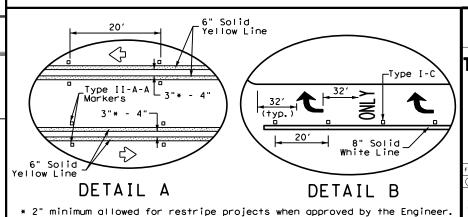
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



## TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



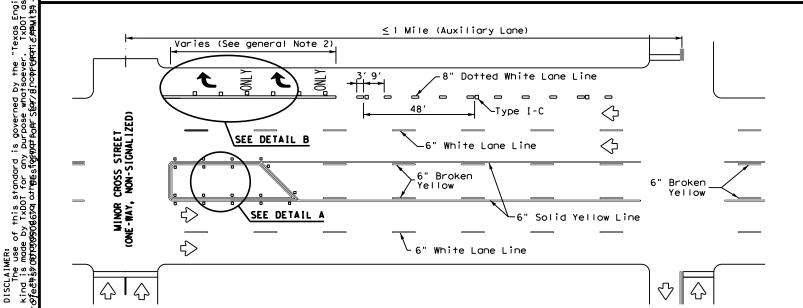
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES,

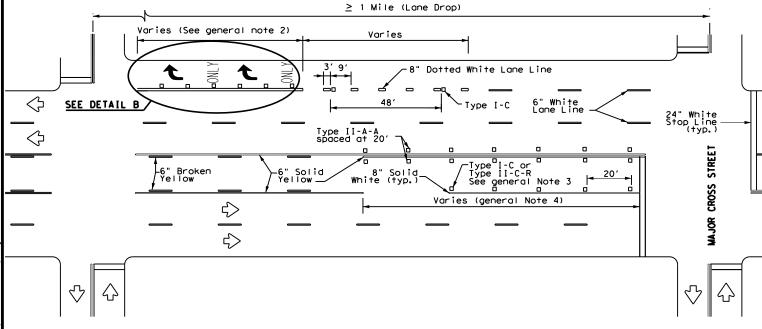
RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS,

RURAL LEFT TURN LANES
RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS,
AND LANE REDUCTION
PAVEMENT MARKINGS
PM(3)-22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CI	к:
ℂTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	VAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	EET NO.
8-00 2-12	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		45

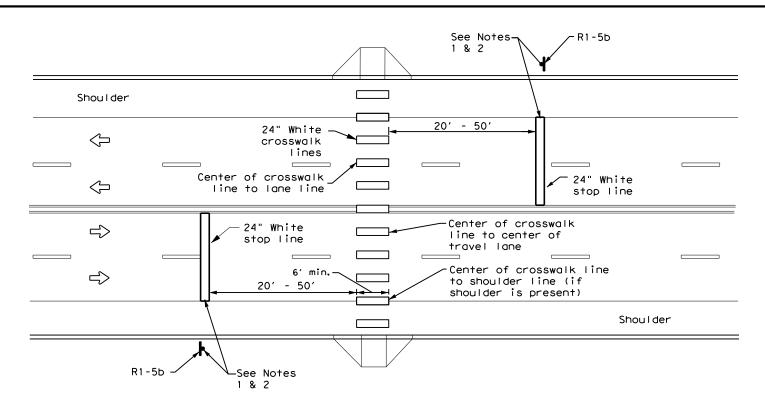


## TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

## HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK AT CONTROLLED APPROACH



UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

#### GENERAL NOTES

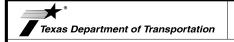
- Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

### NOTES:

- Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



## CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(4)-22A

FILE: pm4-22a.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:
ℂTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
REVISIONS 6-20	0013	05	066		US	81	, ETC.
6-22	DIST		COUNTY			SI	HEET NO.
12-22	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ΕT	С.		46

Solid-White Edge Line

CROSSHATCH LENGTH (L) Posted Speed L (ft) (MPH) 30 35 300 ft 40 45 50 55 60 500 ft 65 70 75

-See Roadway Design Manual for minimum shoulder width

-Bridge Rail

or Face of Curb Guard Fence

Guard Fence

See latest MBGF and standard sheets for proper placement and allowable taper of MBGF and SGT.

-See D&OM standard sheets

details.

for Bridge Rail Reflector,

Delineator, and Object Marker

L20' typ.

_6" min.

Length of crosshatch area (L)
(See table below)

ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

### NOTES

- Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 4 inches from the bridge rail or face of curb or 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions.
- No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional. If used, the no-passing zone shall be a minimum 500 feet long from the beginning of the bridge.
- 3. The crosshatching should be required if the shoulder width in advance of the bridge is 4 feet or wider and a reduction of at least 3 feet in shoulder width across the bridge occurs.
- On divided highways, review both the right and left shoulder widths for the need for narrow bridge pavement markings.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

-Solid White Edge Line

-12" min. 24" typ.

> -Solid White Line

> > (See Note 3)

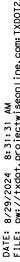


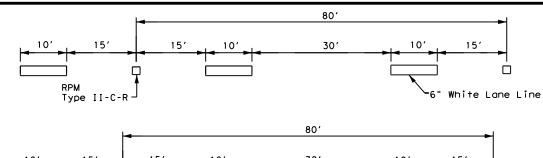
Traffic Safety Division Standard

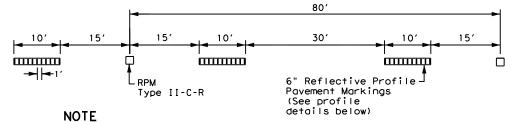
PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

PM(5)-22

	_					
LE: pm5-22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0013	05	066		US 8	I, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	WFS	MON	TAGUE.	ΕT	С.	47

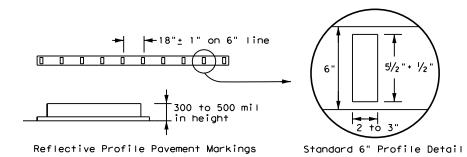






Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall be spaced on 80'centers with the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward wrong way traffic. All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway

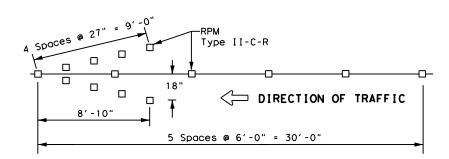
## TRAFFIC LANE LINES PAVEMENT MARKING



#### NOTE

Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be as specified in the plans. See details above if reflective profile pavement markings are to be used.

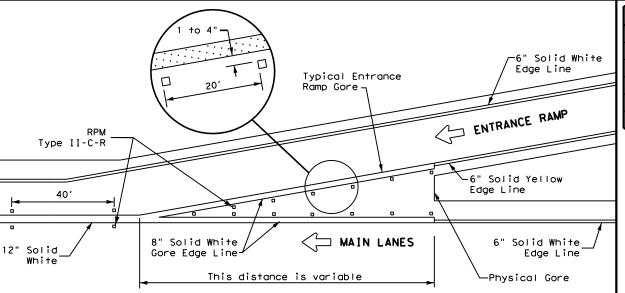
## EDGE LINE PAVEMENT MARKINGS



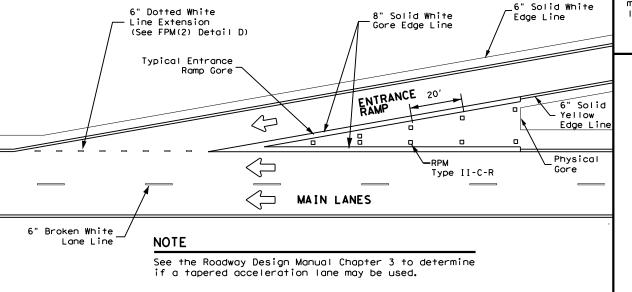
## NOTES

- 1. Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type-II-C-R in the wrong way arrow shall have the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward the wrong way
- 2. Red reflectorized wrong way arrows, not to exceed two, may be placed on exit ramps. Locations of the arrows shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

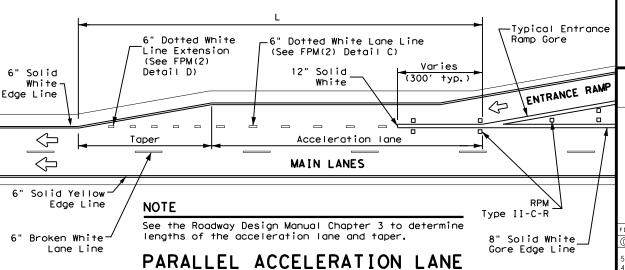
## WRONG WAY ARROW



## TYPICAL ENTRANCE RAMP GORE MARKING

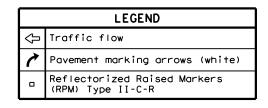


## TAPERED ACCELERATION LANE



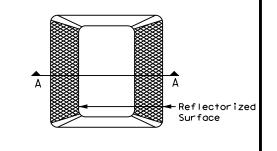
	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
_	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
=	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
_	<u> </u>	

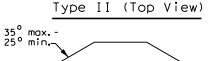
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

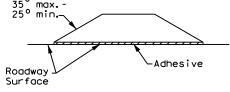


### GENERAL NOTE

On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers shall be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.







## SECTION A

REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

FPM(1)-22

<del>~</del>							
FILE: fpm(1)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
CTxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		н]	SHWAY	′
REVISIONS 5-74 8-00 2-12	0013	05	066	US	81	١, ١	ETC.
4-92 2-08 10-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	T NO.
5-00 2-10	WFS	MON	TAGUE,	ETC.		4	8

## 6" Dotted-White Line Extension Type II-C-R-

Shoulder or Median

## DETAIL D

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") dotted lane line (see Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- 4. Normal (6") dotted lane line (see Detail C) is used at parallel acceleration and deceleration lanes.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.

	LEGEND							
$\hat{\mathbb{Q}}$	Traffic flow							
7	Pavement marking arrows (white)							
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R							
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used							

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

## Texas Department of Transportation

TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS

6" Solid

-Physical Gore

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

Traffic Safety Division Standard

__6" Dotted White Line Extension (See Detail D)

⊂Typical Entrance Gore

6" Solid White Edge

-6" Solid Yellow Edge Line

Taper

Line

ENTRANCE RAMP

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\langle \neg$ 

12" Solid White (See Detail A)

Yellow Edge

FPM(2) - 22

	• .	_		_			
FILE: fpm(2)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		C	CK:
CTxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
REVISIONS 2-77 5-00 2-12	0013	05	066		US	81,	ETC.
4-92 8-00 10-22	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
8-95 2-10	WFS	MON	TAGUE.	ET(	С.		49

governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any y purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversity of fairs of for incorrect results of Aganges, regulting from its use.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile markings.
- Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

#### WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

13. See standard sheet RS(2).



Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS RS(4)-23

FILE: rs(4	1)-23.dgn	DN: TX	DOT	ck: TxD0T	DW: TX	D0T	ск:ТхD0Т	
©TxDOT January 2023		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
10.12	REVISIONS	0013	05	066	ι	US 81, ET		
10-13 1-23		DIST	COUNTY MONTAGUE ETC				SHEET NO.	
		WFS					50	

93

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES
TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.	Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.  No Action Required  Required Action  Action No.
□ No Action Required Required Action No.  1. The project disturbs less than one acre of surface area. The contractor is responsible for the PSL as defined in the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges. The total disturbed acreage is the combined acreage to be disturbed on the project and the contractors PSL.  2. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation to the maximum extent practical. Comply with the SW3P and revise as necessary or as required by the Engineer.  3. This EPIC must be updated if the disturbed area increases to one or more acres during the course of construction.  4. It may become necessary to post a site notice and/or NOI for the project and/or PSL in a location accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA, or other inspector if the disturbed area increases to more than 1 acre.  II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.  Required Action Action No.  Bird BMPs: Migratory birds may arrive in the project area to breed during construction of the proposed project. Per the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), measures would be taken to avoid disturbing or killing
USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.  No Permit Required  Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)  Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to (1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)  Individual 404 Permit Required  Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP#  Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.  1. This project does not propose any work to Waters of the U.S. (WOTUS). All channels, streams and draws are considered WOTUS. Work in WOTUS can only occur after notification to The Engineer.	of migratory birds. Prior to construction, perform daytime surveys for nests including under bridges and in culverts to determine if they are active before removal. Nests that are active should not be disturbed. Do not distrub, destroy, or removed active nest, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season, March through August. Avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable. Prevent the establishment of active nests prior to nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair. Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.
Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.  No Action Required  Required Action  Action No.	
	If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately
	BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PSL: Project Specific Location NOA: Memorandum of Agreement TPWD: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System NST: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System NST: Notice of Termination TSE: Tracas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System NST: Notice of Termination TSE: Tracas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System NST: Notice of Termination TSE: Threatened and Endangered Species NMP: Notice of Intent USFWS: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required

Required Action

### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

☐ No Action Required Action No.

Required Action

- 1. Keep noise to a minimum. Reduce idling of vehicles and equipment.
- 2. Maintain project site. Minimize dust and airborne particles to the maximum extent practical.
- 3. Collect sanitary waste in accordance with local regulations by a sanitary waste collector. Portable units shall not be placed in or near a waterway or drainage area
- 4. Collect all waste materials, trash, and debris from the construction site daily and deposit into a metal dumpster having a secure cover.
- 5. TxDOT EMS Policy Statement (English & Spanish) should be displayed at the construction site.



## ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

ILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: RG DW: VF		VP		СК	: AR
C)TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			AY
REVISIONS 2-12-2011 (DS)	0013	05	066		US	81	,	ETC.
5-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY				SHE	ET NO.
1-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 D ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	WFS	MONTAGUE, ETC.				51		