

FED. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL - AD PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
	6465-79-001	1
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY
TEXAS	22	LA SALLE, ETC.
CONT.	SECT.	JOB
6465	79	001
		HIGHWAY NO.
		IH35, ETC.

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**STATE OF TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT**

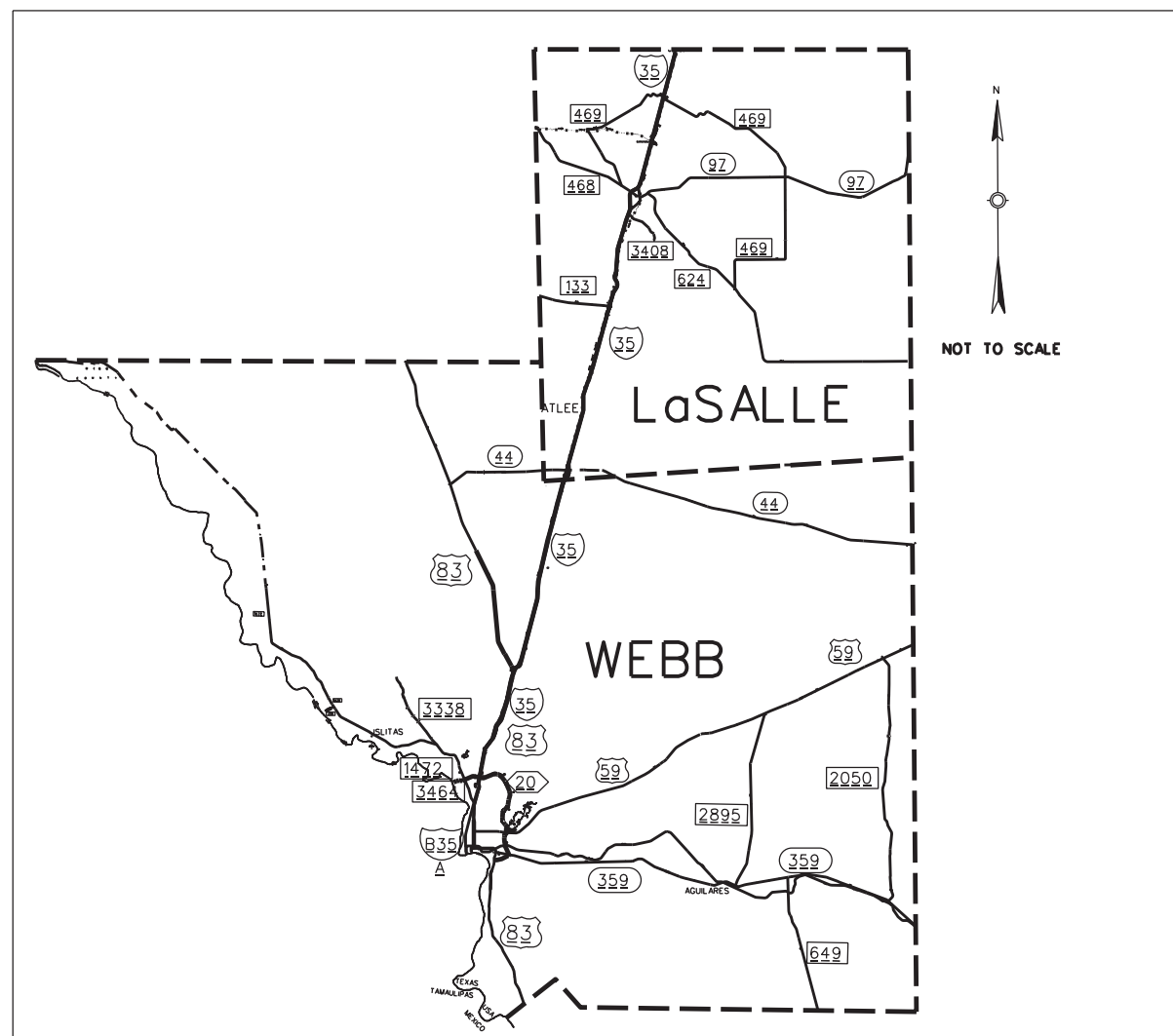
PROJECT NO. 6465-79-001

PROJECT LENGTH: VARIOUS

LIMITS: VARIOUS

**LAREDO DISTRICT
RMC 6465-79-001**

INSTALLATION AND/OR MAINTENANCE OF SIGNS ALONG IH35 IN LA SALLE COUNTY AND WEBB COUNTIES



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

DocuSigned by:
Dennice L. Garza
DENNICE L. GARZA, P.E.
633630C5730C4A4...
DATE: 8/27/2024

EQUATIONS: NONE
EXCEPTIONS: NONE
RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SEPTEMBER 2024, AND ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS (000-008)

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED 8/27/2024
FOR LETTING: Signed by:

Jorge A. Millan, P.E.

RECOMMENDED 8/27/2024
FOR LETTING: DocuSigned by:

Vanessa Rosales-Herrera

DIRECTOR OF CABINET AFFAIRS

Project Number: RMC 6465-79-001

Sheet

County: La Salle, etc.

Control: RMC 6465-79-001

Highway: IH 35, etc.

GENERAL NOTES:

The contract becomes effective upon issuance of the work authorization letter and covers a period of three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Dennice Garza, P.E. – Dennice.Garza@txdot.gov
 Rogelio Chapa, P.E. - Rogelio.Chapa@txdot.gov
 Irazema Cavazos – Irazema.Cavazos@txdot.gov
 Angel Alejo – Angel.Alejo@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following address:

<https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A webpage for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Provide and maintain an email address for receipt of work order and correspondence throughout the term of this contract.

SUPERVISION:

Report each day prior to the beginning of work, to the Maintenance Supervisor. Discuss times, work locations, Contractor inspections, etc. prior to each day or as directed by the Engineer.

For this project, the Maintenance Supervisor in charge is:

La Salle County
 Pedro Garza
 900 FM 468
 Cotulla, TX 78014
 (830) 879-2428

Project Number: RMC 6465-79-001

Sheet 2

County: La Salle, etc.

Control: RMC 6465-79-001

Highway: IH 35, etc.

The intent of this contract is to install, remove, replace, or repair signs and sign assemblies along various highways at various locations (non-site specific) in Webb and La Salle Counties.

All requests for payment will be certified by the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT).

Designate an on-site representative who has full authority to make decisions with respect to the project. The contractor must be sufficiently staffed in order to pursue work concurrently on any awarded contracts.

Coordinate all project issues with TxDOT through the designated on-site representative.

Employees are required to wear proper safety equipment. Contractor is responsible for supplying proper safety equipment for employees.

The Contractor is responsible that all material used in this contract be approved and certified by the Materials & Test Division. A listing of state approved material producers is available on the Department’s website.

WORK PROSECUTION:

Prior to beginning work, attend a TxDOT arranged Pre-Work meeting. The Pre-Work meeting will consider the sequence of work, work locations, traffic control, plans, specifications, unusual conditions, and other pertinent items regarding the work. Written notification will be given advising of when operations may begin. The Contractor will be advised of the applicable number of days allowed to complete the work and the date when the time charges commence. Additional working days for any added work will be determined by the Engineer.

Designate an on-site representative who has full authority to make decisions with respect to the project. Coordinate all project issues with the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) through the designated on-site representative.

Perform the required work according to the TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES (2024), TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL (2021), manuals and applicable details, specifications, and special provisions noted in the plans. Have a copy of the standard specification manual at the work site at all times. Purchase standard specification books from TxDOT’s General Services Division; publications sales office at (512)302-0985.

Repair any damage caused by daily operations and restore the facility to serve the public in a timely manner, or as directed, at no additional cost to TxDOT.

Project Number: RMC 6465-79-001**Sheet****County:** La Salle, etc.**Control:** RMC 6465-79-001**Highway:** IH 35, etc.

On a daily basis, clean up all work areas and remove all loose materials resulting from everyday operations before the work is suspended for the day. No loose material will remain at the worksite overnight. Legally dispose of all debris, including any waste material resulting from construction.

At the time of the pre-work meeting submit a sequence of work that will be followed in order to complete the contract in the allocated time. Show a begin date and duration period in working days. Submit any changes to this sequence for approval.

All work on this contract is callout work order and a written work order will be issued as work is needed. This is a callout contract and plan quantity measurement does not apply. A work order will consist of the location of each repair, the bid items for the repair, and the approximate quantity of work to be installed. Any additional work not specified in the work order will require prior approval.

Liquidated damages will be assessed in accordance with Article 6 "Failure to Complete Work on Time". The working days allowed for each work order shall be as outlined as follows:

1. When identified as "Emergency Repairs", the work shall be completed within 96 hours.
2. All other work orders, not identified as emergency or specialty, shall be completed within number of calendar days specified in the work order.

The attention of prospective bidders is directed to ordinances and regulations of local, municipal, and county governments. The Contractor will procure all municipal, county, and federal government permits and licenses necessary to perform the work.

Leave the project site clean and neat in appearance upon completion of work order and before final acceptance of the project.

ITEM 4 – SCOPE OF WORK

If agreed upon writing by both parties to the contract, the contract may be extended for additional period of time not to exceed the original contract time period. The extended contract shall be for the original bid quantities, terms, and conditions plus any approved, applicable change orders.

When the contract is extended by agreement, a performance and/or payment bond, if required shall be executed in the amount of extension before the additional work begins.

Project Number: RMC 6465-79-001**Sheet 3****County:** La Salle, etc.**Control:** RMC 6465-79-001**Highway:** IH 35, etc.**ITEM 5 - CONTROL OF THE WORK**

The Contractor shall maintain and preserve the integrity of all "existing survey markers" by avoiding the disturbance of such markers, which include all control points (horizontal and/or vertical), stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The Department will repair all Contractor disturbed control points, stakes, marks, and right-of-way markers. The cost for any and all repairs to the "existing survey markers" will be deducted from money due or to become due to the Contractor.

Prior to construction, Contractor must call 811 to verify any utilities located within project limits. Contractor will also coordinate with utility owners for any adjustments needed to sanitary sewer manholes, water valves, gas valve, telecommunication, or television manhole located within project limits. The utility company is responsible for any adjustment when necessary. The work should be performed in a manner as to not delay construction contractor work activity.

Contractor will make necessary arrangements with the utility owner(s) when utility adjustments are required, as a result of construction activities.

Questions regarding the plan work limits should be brought to the Engineer's attention prior to commencing work. Measuring equipment will be in working condition and calibrated to the manufacturer's specifications.

Contractor must field verify all dimensions and notify Engineer prior to initiating any work.

ITEM 8 - PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Before starting work, provide a sequence of work and estimated progress schedule meeting the requirements of Section 8.5.2, "Progress Schedule".

No closures will be allowed on the weekends which include the following holidays: January 1, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, the fourth Thursday in November, December 25, and Easter weekend.

The total duration of this contract is three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days in accordance with Section 8.3.1.5 "Calendar Day".

Nighttime work will be allowed to be performed, as approved, and directed by the Engineer. Refer to the Sequence of Work, Traffic Control Plan, etc. shown in the plans, for other details.

Project Number: RMC 6465-79-001

Sheet

County: La Salle, etc.

Control: RMC 6465-79-001

Highway: IH 35, etc.

Perform work at night with traffic control set up no earlier than 9:00 P.M. and all work completed, and traffic control removed by 6:00 A.M., when a lane or ramp closure is required on the following highway(s) unless otherwise directed by the Engineer:

Highway	From	To
IH 35	Mile Marker 0	Mile Marker 15

Equipment and material may be pre-staged at Engineer approved locations.

Work that interferes with traffic is required to be performed during off-peak hours, 7 pm until 6 am.

ITEM 9 - MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Coordinate and provide off-duty law enforcement officers with officially marked vehicles (if patrol cruisers are available from the enforcement agency involved) during the following operations: lane closures, and/or during a one-way traffic control situation. For payment through TxDOT state force account method, complete the weekly tracking forms provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month for approved services were provided.

Submit Material on hand (MOH) payment requests at least 5 working days prior to the end of the month for payment on that month's estimate. For out-of-town MOH submit requests at least 10 working days prior to the end of the month.

ITEM 104 – REMOVING CONCRETE

Remove existing hydraulic cement concrete from locations assigned on plans. Avoid damaging concrete that will remain in place. Saw-cut and remove the existing concrete to neat lines. Sawing of concrete is not paid for directly but is considered subsidiary to this item.

ITEM 416 - DRILLED SHAFT FOUNDATIONS

After drill shaft installation plan is approved by the Engineer, a pre-placement meeting shall be held at least 48 hours before beginning excavation operations.

Project Number: RMC 6465-79-001

Sheet 4

County: La Salle, etc.

Control: RMC 6465-79-001

Highway: IH 35, etc.

ITEM 421 - HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

Sulfate resistant cement concrete shall be used in all situations for structural elements in contact with the natural ground. These includes, but is not limited to, all reinforced concrete pipe, concrete box culverts, drill shafts, bridge columns, bridge abutments, wingwalls, approach slabs, inlets, manholes, junction boxes, ground boxes and all concrete ripraps.

Air entrainment is not required. If concrete is supplied with air entrainment, the concrete must adhere to the requirements of item 421.4.2.4.

ITEM 432 RIPRAP:

Use Class B Concrete unless otherwise shown on the plans. Mow Strips will be reinforced concrete. Install mow strips in accordance with the plans.

ITEM 500 - MOBILIZATION

This Contract includes callout work for Item 500 Mobilization.

Mobilization in this Contract includes callout work. ‘Materials-on-Hand’ payments will not be considered in determining percentages used to compute mobilization payments. This item will be paid on an individual work order basis. Only one mobilization item will be paid on each work order.

Item Code	Item Description	Unit	Work Description
0500 7003	Mobilization (Callout 1)	EA	Work Order performed in La Salle County
0500 7004	Mobilization (Callout 2)	EA	Work Order performed in Webb County
0500 7033	Mobilization (Emergency)	EA	Emergency Work Order

ITEM 502 - BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

Traffic Control for this project will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Designate, as the Contractor Responsible Person (CRP), an English-speaking employee on-call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) with a local address and telephone number for maintenance of signs and barricades. This employee will be located within one (1) hour of traveling time to the project site. Notify the Engineer in writing of the name,

Project Number: RMC 6465-79-001

Sheet

County: La Salle, etc.

Control: RMC 6465-79-001

Highway: IH 35, etc.

address, and telephone number of this employee. Furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Limit lane closures to a maximum of 2 miles. If more than one lane closure location is desired, provide a minimum of a 2-mile passing zone between locations. Provide a separate sign set up for each location.

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public’s view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves.

During the holiday time frame of December 21st through January 1st, every effort should be taken to ensure that all travel lanes remain open where possible.

The Contractor Force Account “Safety Contingency” that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor’s Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

ITEM 503 – PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Provide two (2) electronic portable changeable message sign as required by the Engineer. Provide backups and keep operational and available on the jobsite at all times during traffic control operations. The electronic portable changeable message signs will be made available for utilization for the entire duration of the project, including all alternative locations.

ITEM 505 – TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER

Provide 1 Truck Mounted Attenuator as required by the Engineer. Provide backup and keep operational and available on the jobsite at all times during traffic control operations. The Truck Mounted Attenuator will be made available for utilization for the entire duration of the project, including all alternative locations.

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Sheet 5

County: La Salle, etc.

Control: RMC 6465-79-001

Highway: IH 35, etc.

ITEM 506 - TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

It is not anticipated that any erosion, sedimentation, or environmental control devices will be needed on this project.

However, in the event that such controls are necessary, the SW3P for this project shall consist of the use of any temporary erosion control measures deemed necessary by the Engineer and as provided under this item. Payment for this work will be determined in accordance with Article 4.4, “Changes in the Work”.

ITEM 510 – ONE WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

The length of the one-way traffic control section shall be limited to 2 miles, unless otherwise approved by the engineer. Pilot car is required for payment of this item.

ITEM 636 - SIGNS

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

ITEM 644 - SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6465-79-001

DISTRICT Laredo
HIGHWAY IH0035

COUNTY La Salle

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROL SECTION JOB				6465-79-001		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
PROJECT ID				A00208433			
COUNTY				La Salle			
HIGHWAY				IH0035			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	104-7006	REMOV CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	75.000		75.000	
	416-7024	DRILL SHAFT (NON - REINFORCED) (12 IN)	LF	150.000		150.000	
	416-7028	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (24 IN)	LF	30.000		30.000	
	416-7031	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (42 IN)	LF	30.000		30.000	
	416-7032	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (48 IN)	LF	32.000		32.000	
	432-7001	RIPRAP (CONC)(4 IN)	CY	15.000		15.000	
	500-7003	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 1)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	500-7004	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 2)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	500-7033	MOBILIZATION (EMERGENCY)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	40.000		40.000	
	636-7001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	60.000		60.000	
	636-7002	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY G)	SF	550.000		550.000	
	636-7003	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY O)	SF	300.000		300.000	
	636-7004	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY A)	SF	20.000		20.000	
	636-7005	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY G)	SF	2,600.000		2,600.000	
	636-7006	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY O)	SF	130.000		130.000	
	644-7027	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P-EXAL)	EA	60.000		60.000	
	647-7001	INSTALL LRSS (STRUCT STEEL)	LB	4,500.000		4,500.000	
	647-7002	RELOCATE LRSA	EA	5.000		5.000	
	647-7003	REMOVE LRSA	EA	25.000		25.000	
	647-7008	REMOVE AND RESET LRSA	EA	10.000		10.000	
	650-7025	INS OH SN SUP(25 FT CANT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	650-7032	INS OH SN SUP(30 FT CANT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	650-7069	INS OH SN SUP(60 FT BRDG)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6033-7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	20.000		20.000	

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

<p>THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov</p>
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:27 AM
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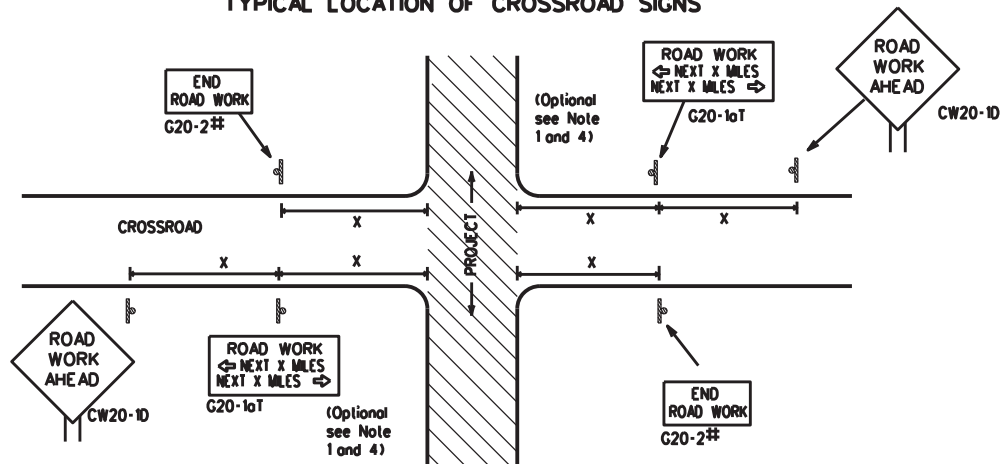


**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS**

BC(1)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS		6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.				
4-03	7-13								
9-07	8-14								
5-10	5-21	22	LA SALLE, ETC.				7		
		DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.				

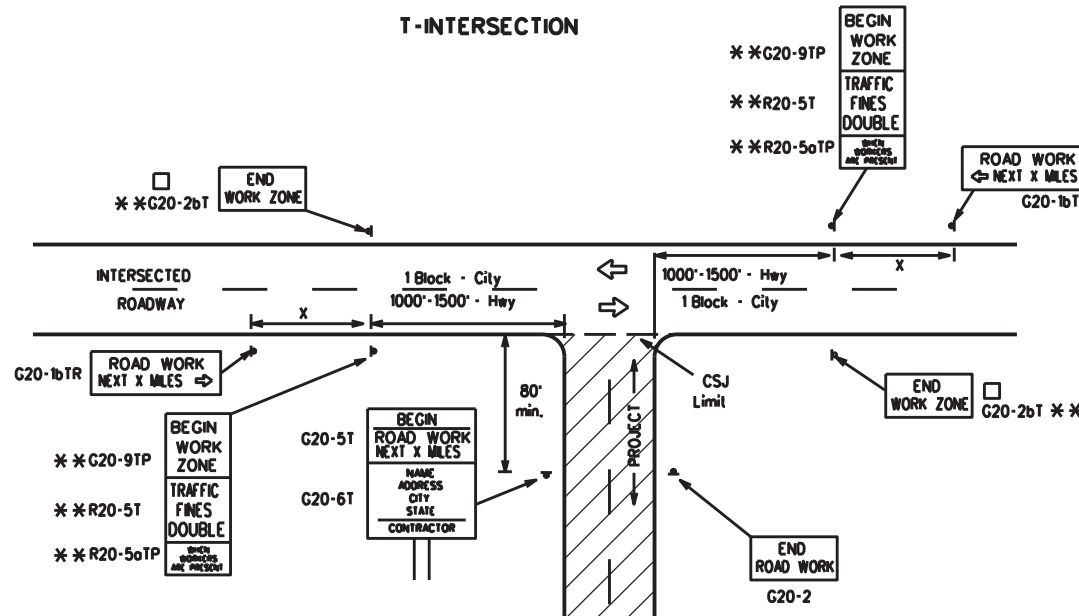
TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS



¶ May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR) signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

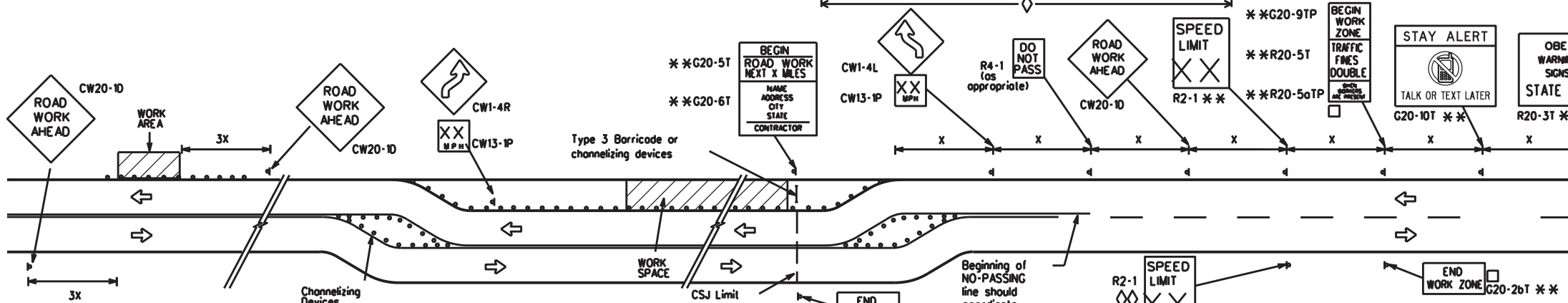
Sign Number or Series	SIZE		SPACING	
	Conventional Road	Expressway/Freeway	Posted Speed MPH	Sign # Spacing "X" Feet (Apprx.)
CW20 ⁴	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	30	120
CW21			35	160
CW23			40	240
CW25			45	320
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" x 36"	48" x 48"	50	400
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	60	600 ²
			65	700 ²
			70	800 ²
			75	900 ²
			80	1000 ²
*			*	* ³

- For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

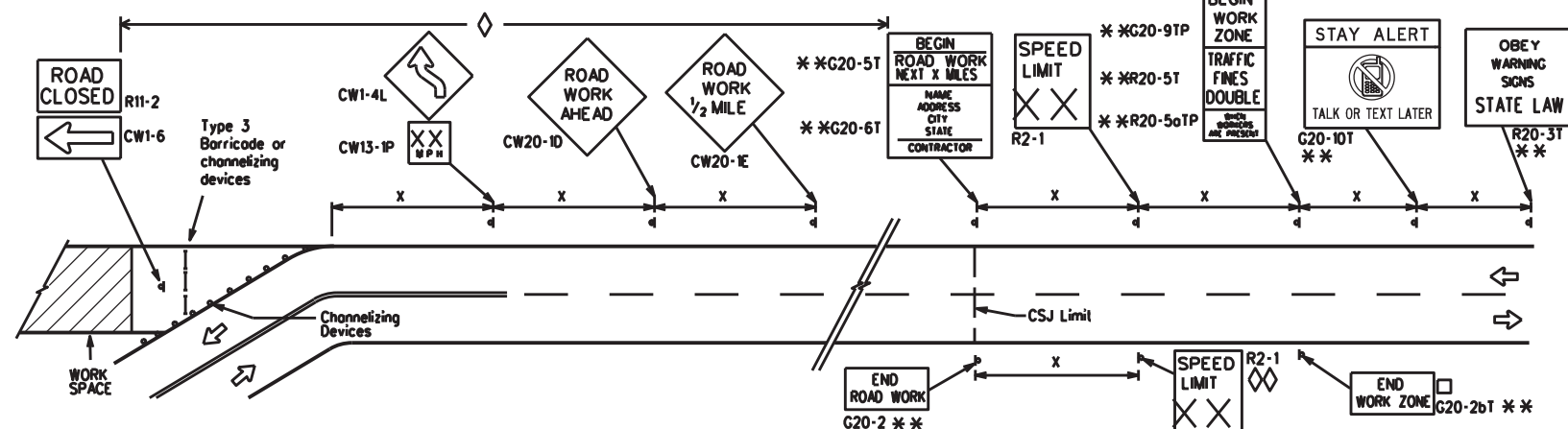
- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

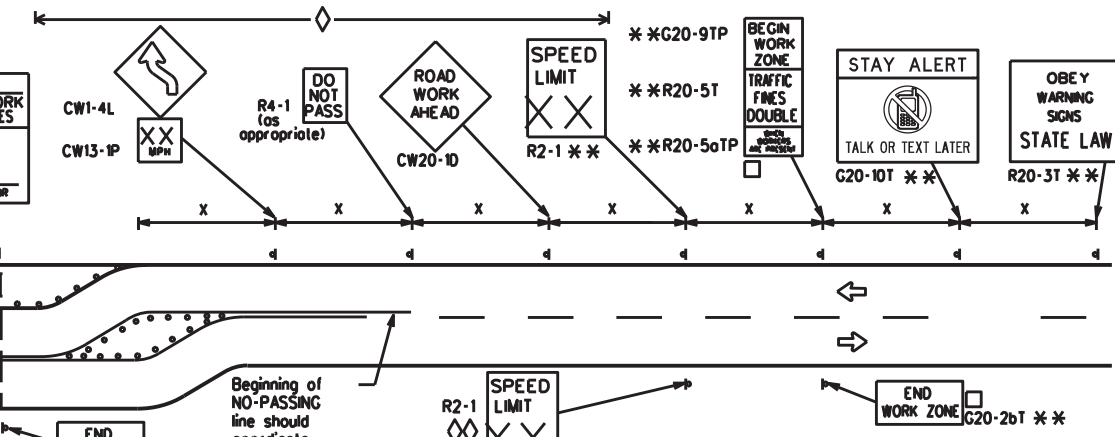


When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS



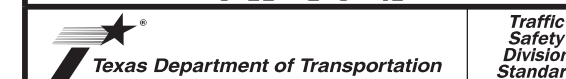
NOTES

- The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.
- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND

—	Type 3 Barricade
○ ○ ○	Channelizing Devices
■	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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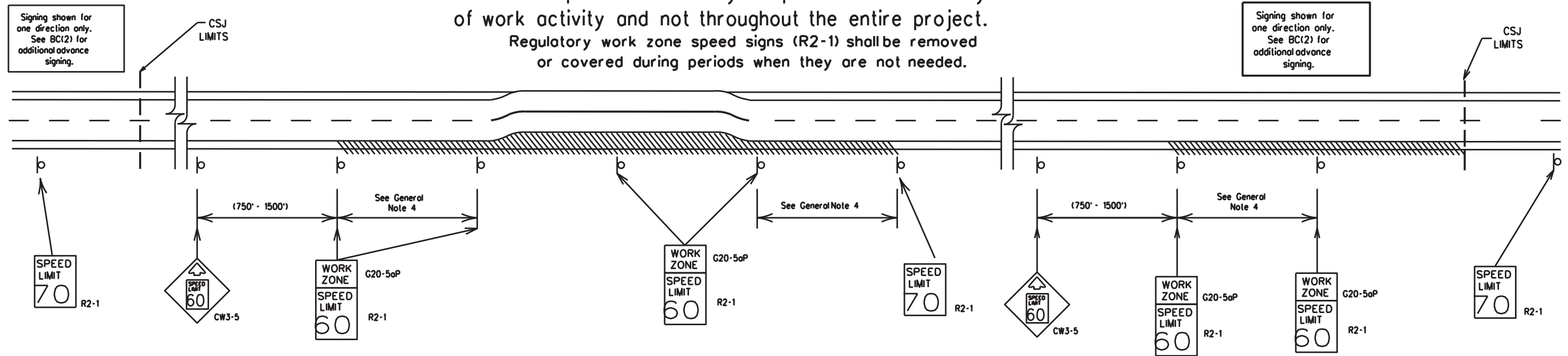
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- rough road or damaged pavement surface
- substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- construction detours
- grade
- width
- other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
 - 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 - Low enforcement.
 - Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form *1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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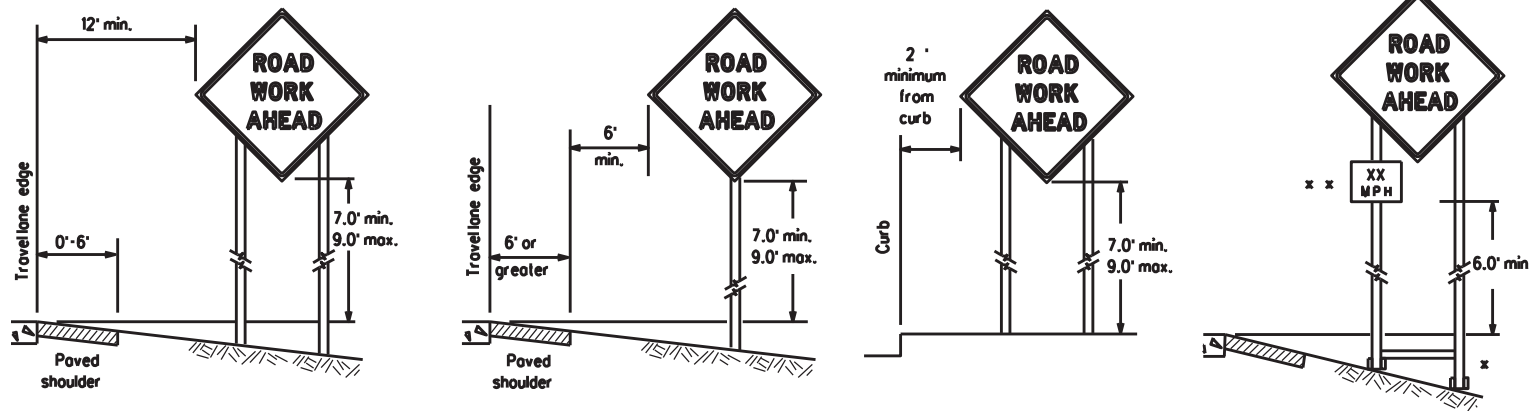


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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7-13	5-21	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	9					

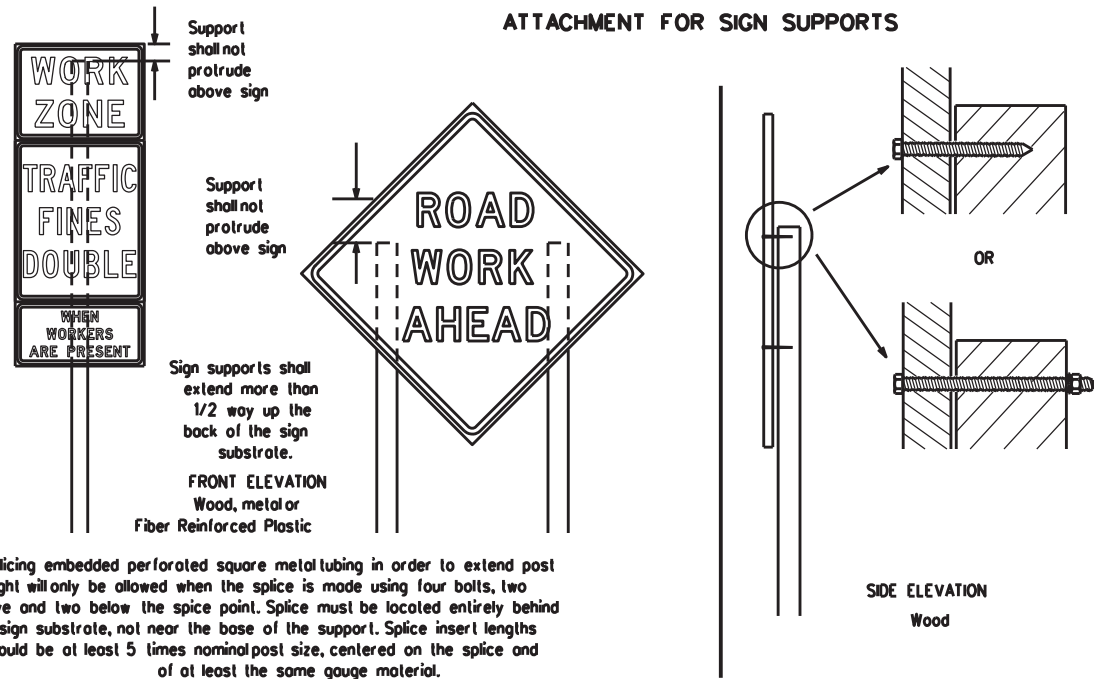
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS



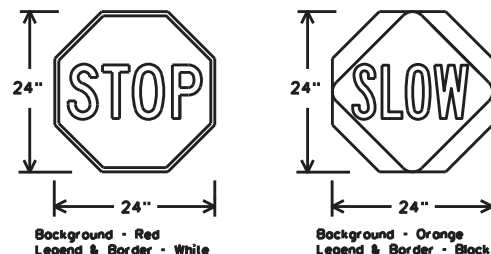
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nois shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the splice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectized when used at night.
3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{TL} OR C _{TL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
3. When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
5. If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRs standard sheets or the CWZTCO list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCO) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - d. Short duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - e. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCO lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type C_L, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCO list.
7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



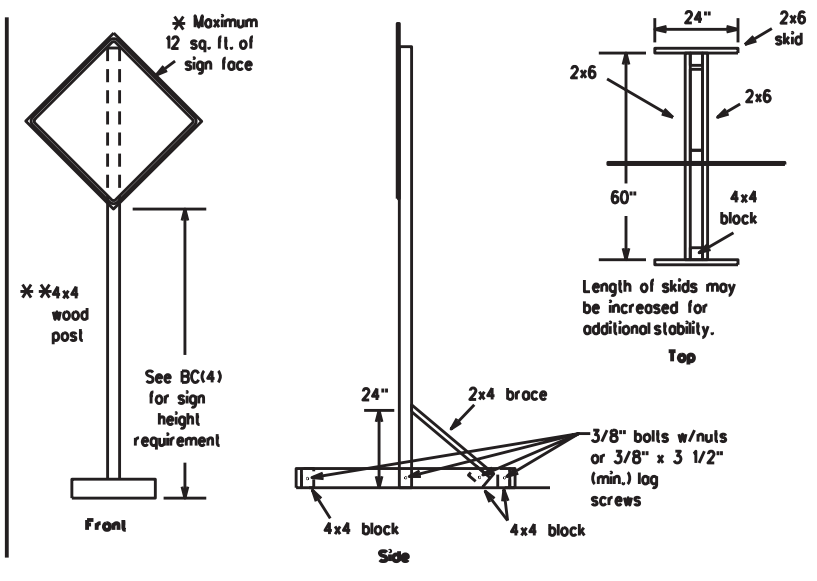
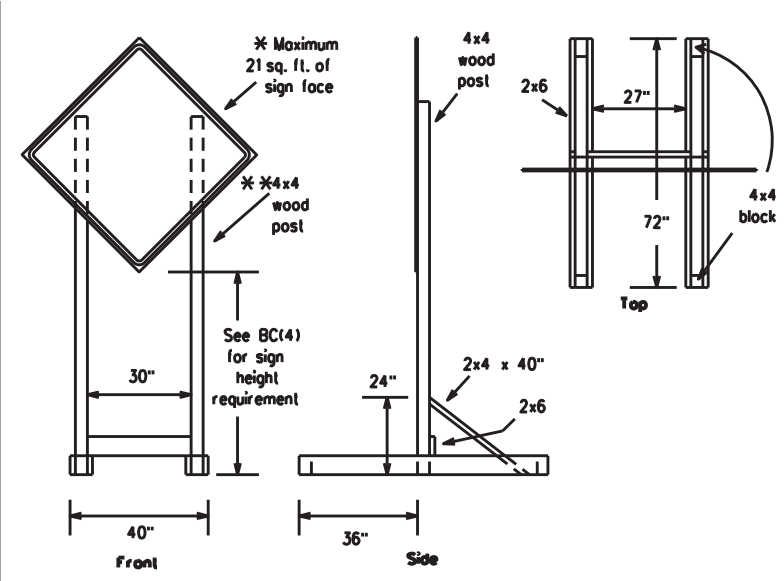
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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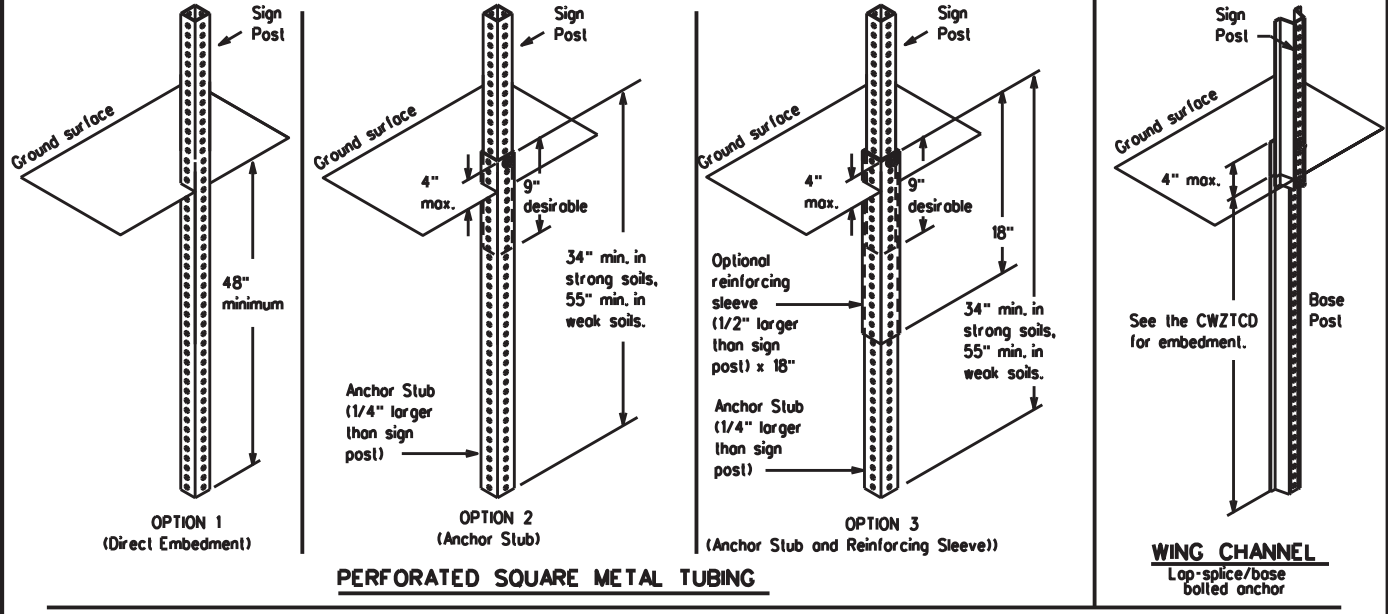
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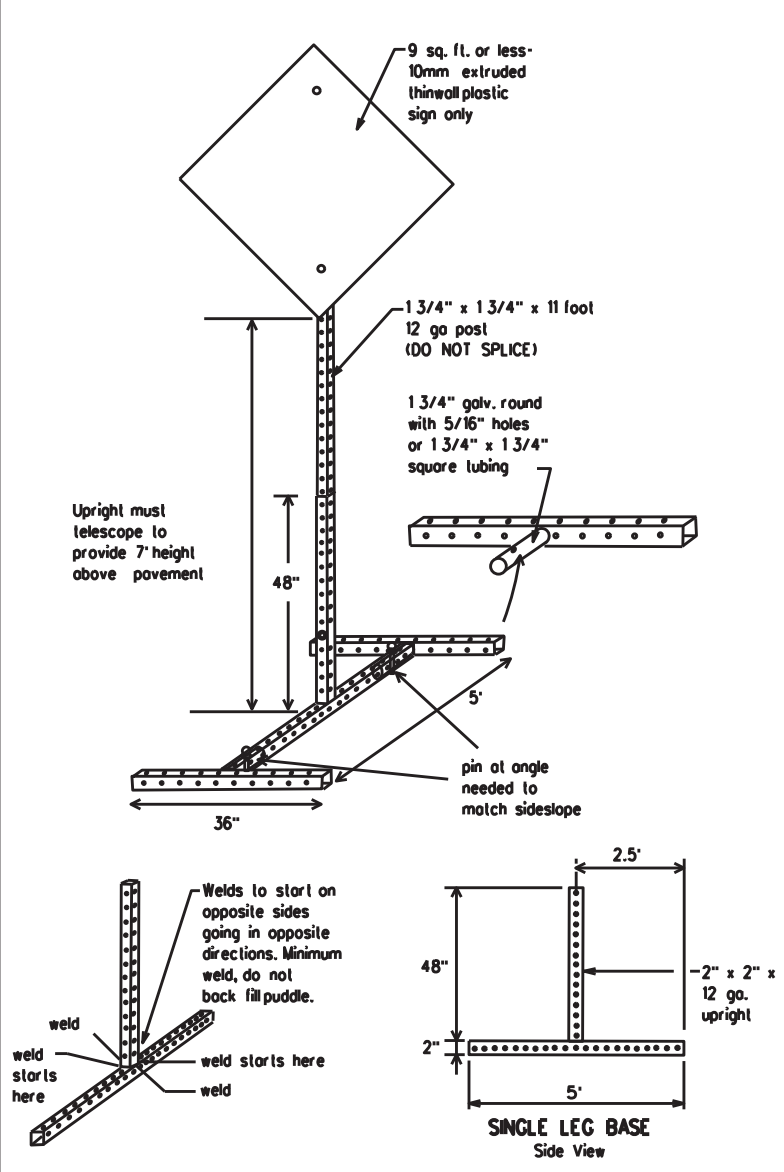
SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



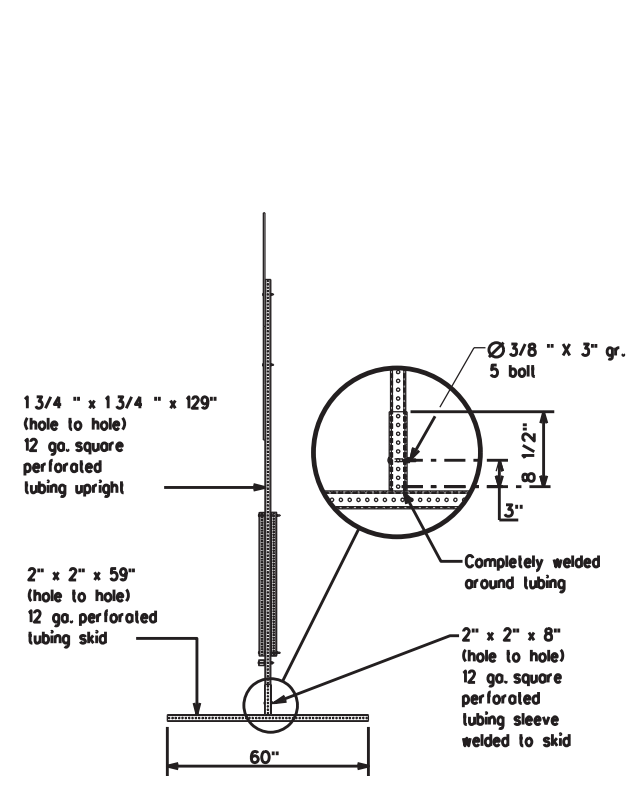
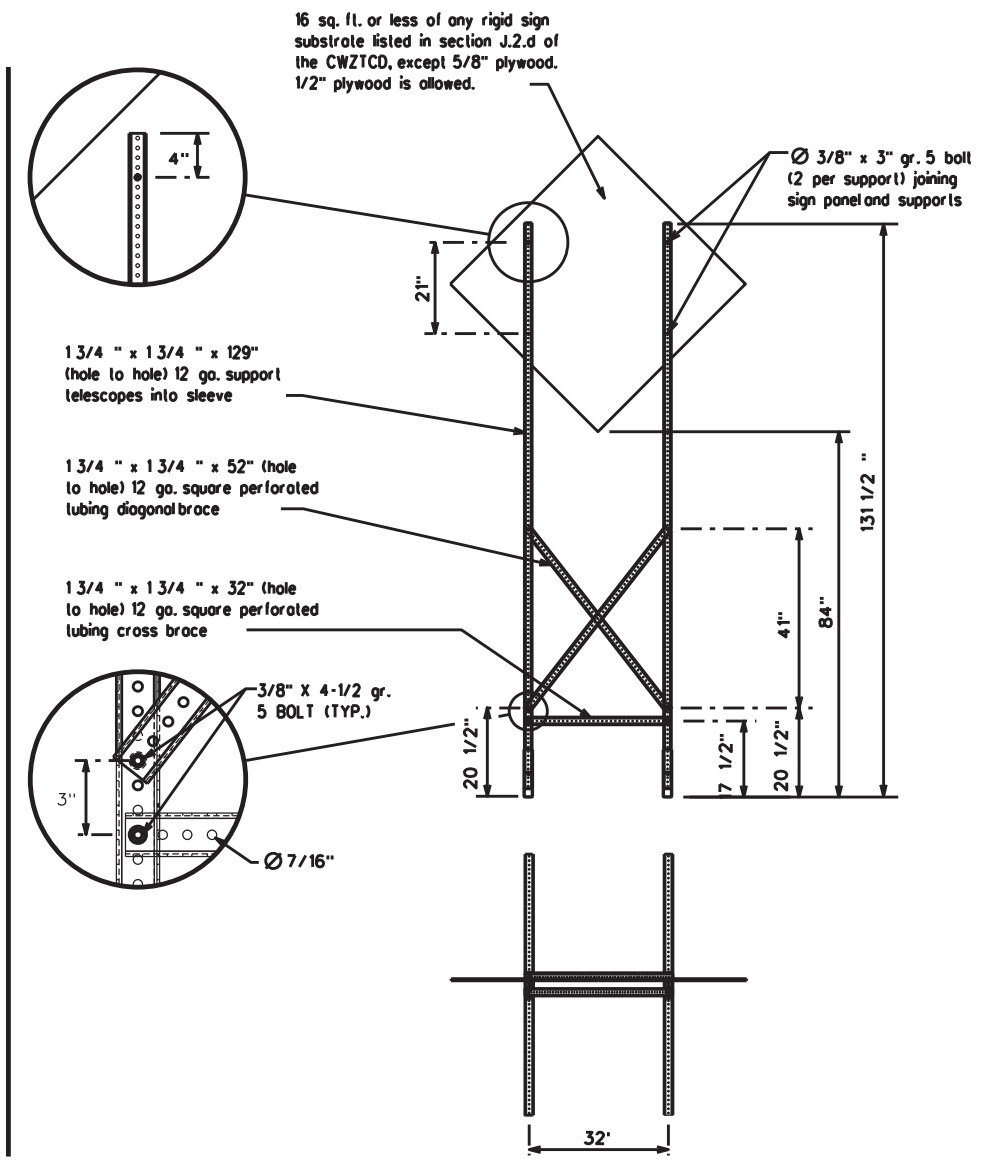
GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



WEDGE ANCHORS
 Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS
 MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

- GENERAL NOTES**
1. Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
 2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
 3. When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

- * See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

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WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canal	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Travelers	TRVLR
High Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle	HWY	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HR, HRS	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHs
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway designation = IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED
CENTER LANE CLOSED
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED
EXIT CLOSED
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED

Other Condition List

FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT X LANES OPEN
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List

MERGE RIGHT
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS
USE EXIT XXX
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH
TRUCKS USE US XXX N
WATCH FOR TRUCKS
EXPECT DELAYS
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT
USE OTHER ROUTES
STAY IN LANE

Location List

AT FM XXXX
BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING
NEXT X MILES
PAST US XXX EXIT
XXXXXXXX TO XXXXXX
US XXX TO FM XXXX

Warning List

SPEED LIMIT XX MPH
MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH
MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH
ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH
RIGHT LANE EXIT
USE CAUTION
DRIVE SAFELY
DRIVE WITH CARE

**** Advance Notice List**

TUE-FRI XX AM-X PM
APR XX-XX X PM-X AM
BEGINS MONDAY
BEGINS MAY XX
MAY X-X XX PM-XX AM
NEXT FRI-SUN
XX AM TO XX PM
NEXT TUE AUG XX
TONIGHT XX PM-XX AM

** See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS should be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

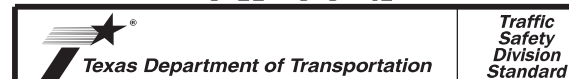
WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flogger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.



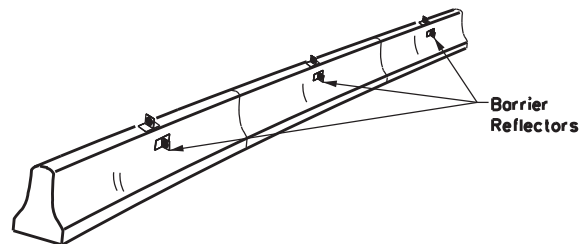
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	12	

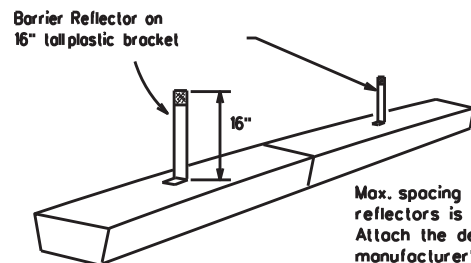
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edge line being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

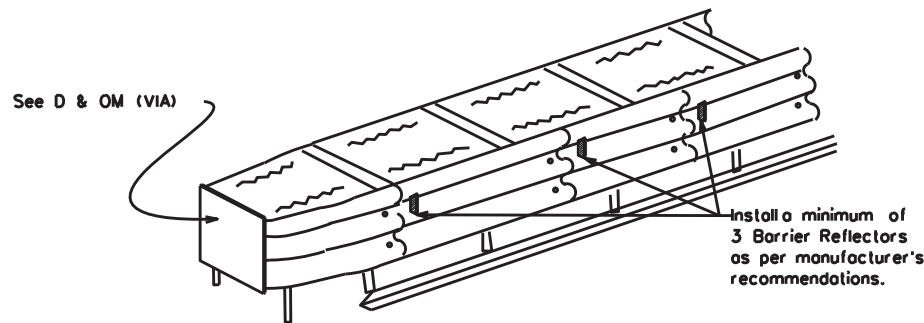


LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES

LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the appropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

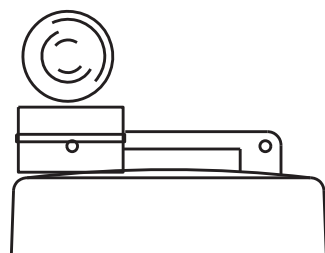
- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Type A-Low intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C sheeting, meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

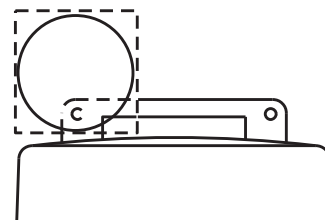
- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CWZTCD.
- The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.



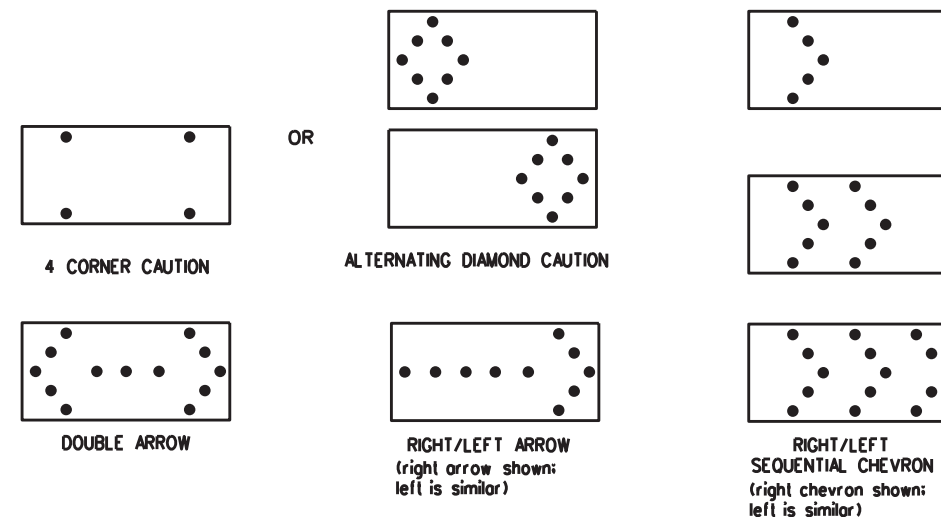
Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
- A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS			
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
B	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile
C	48 x 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION
Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	13	

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GENERAL NOTES

1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

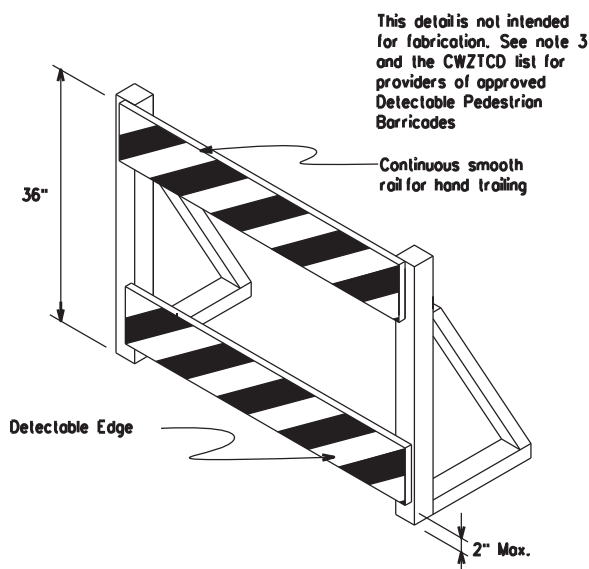
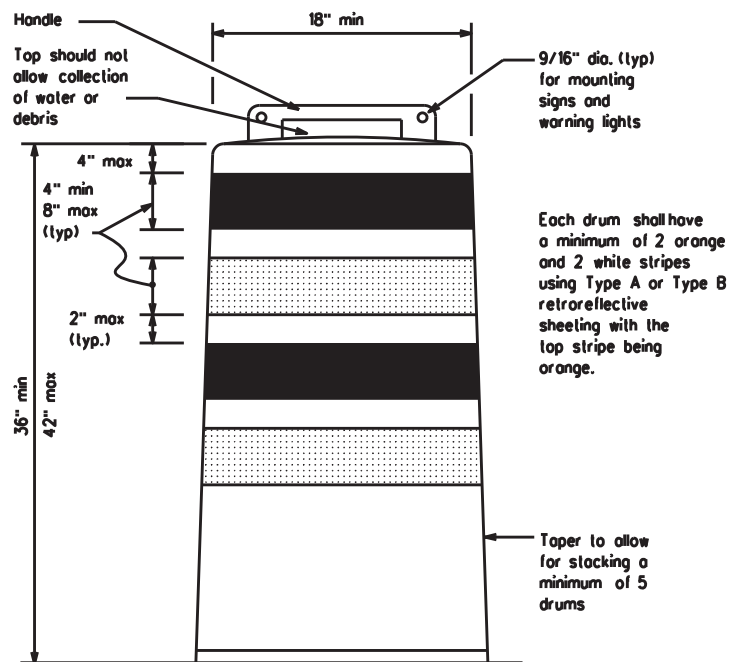
1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectORIZED space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

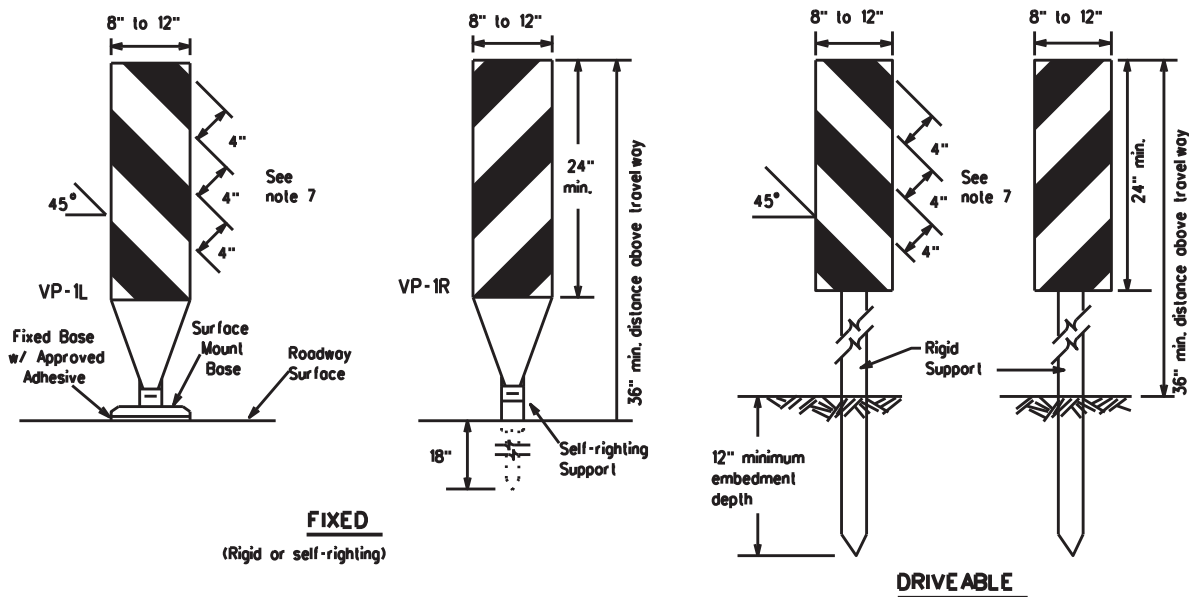
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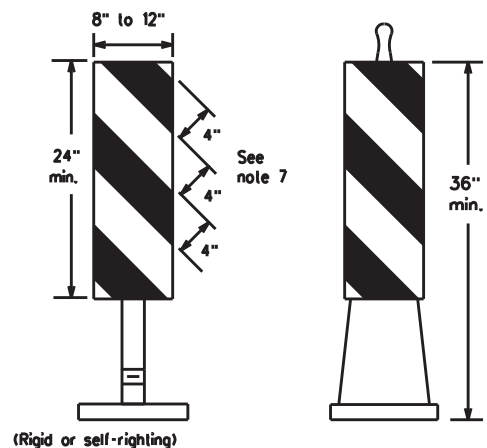
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FIXED
(Rigid or self-righting)

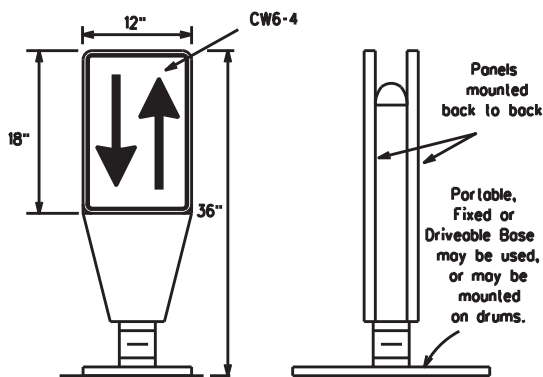
DRIVEABLE



PORTABLE

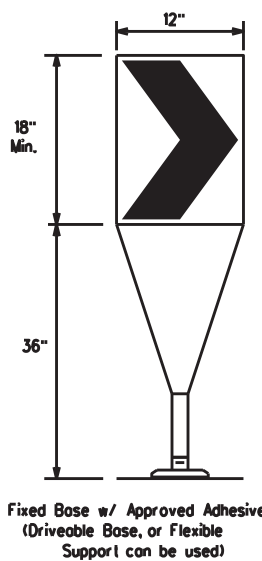
VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

- Vertical Panels (VPs) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- VPs may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.



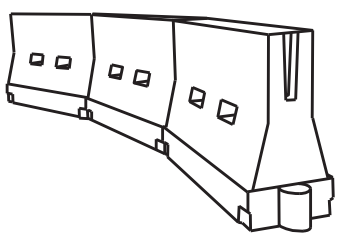
OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.



- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long cones and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'
70	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	
75	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	
80	800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	

x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

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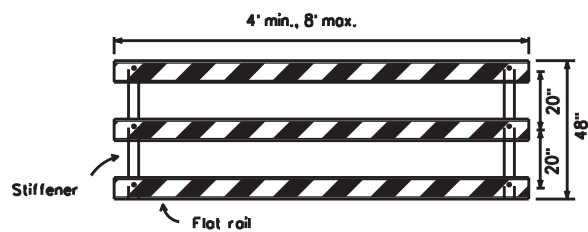
TYPE 3 BARRICADES

1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stocked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

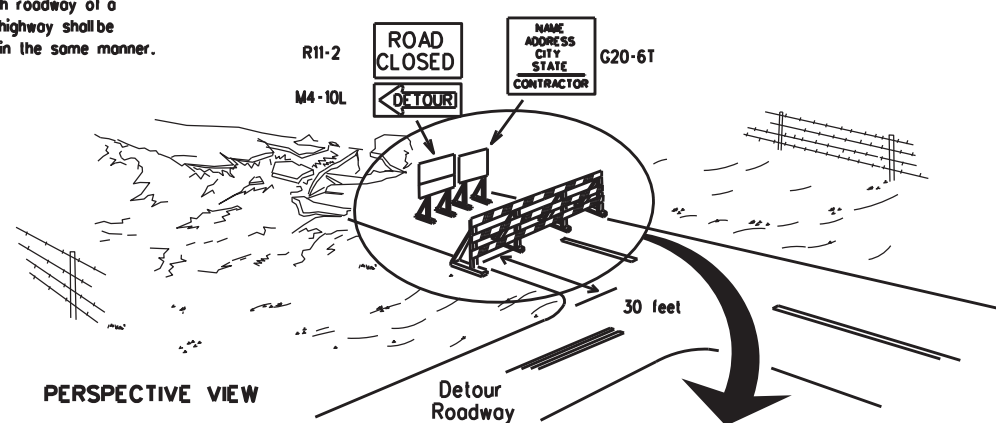


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



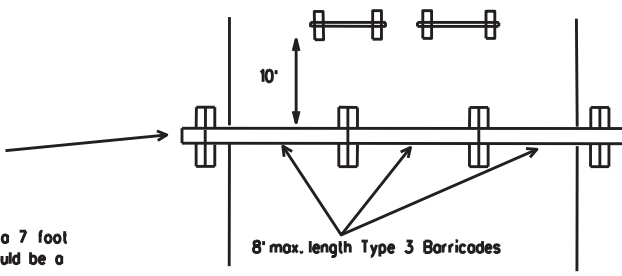
TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

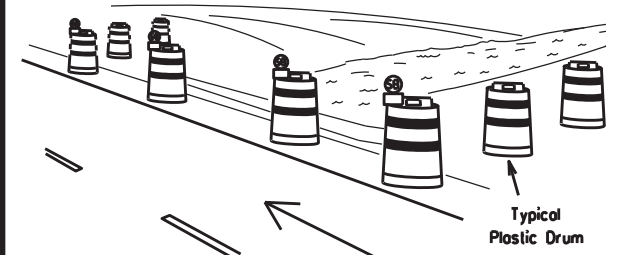
The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides for two-way traffic. Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour.



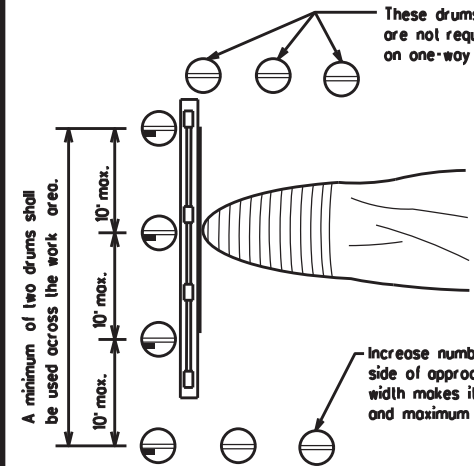
PLAN VIEW

1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

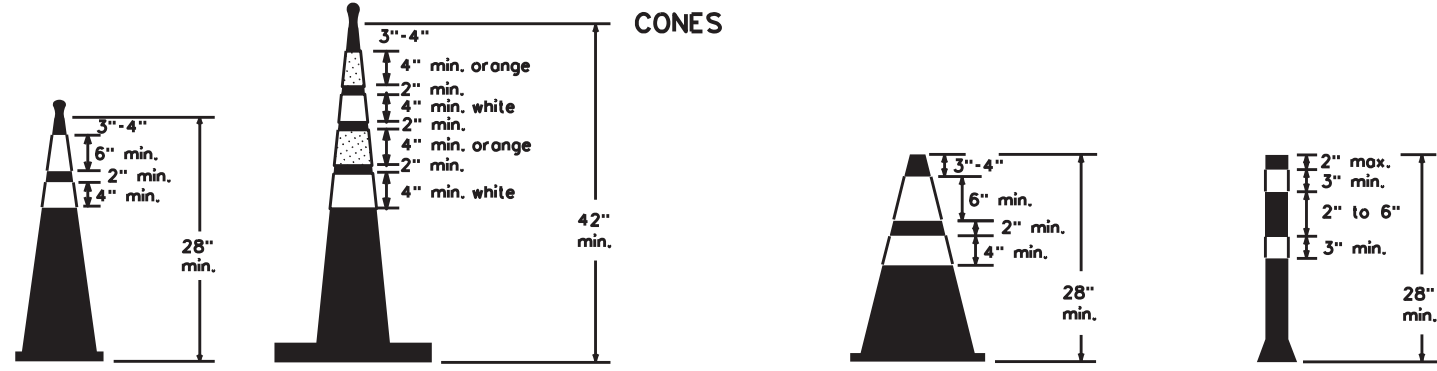


PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Where positive redirection capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

LEGEND	
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

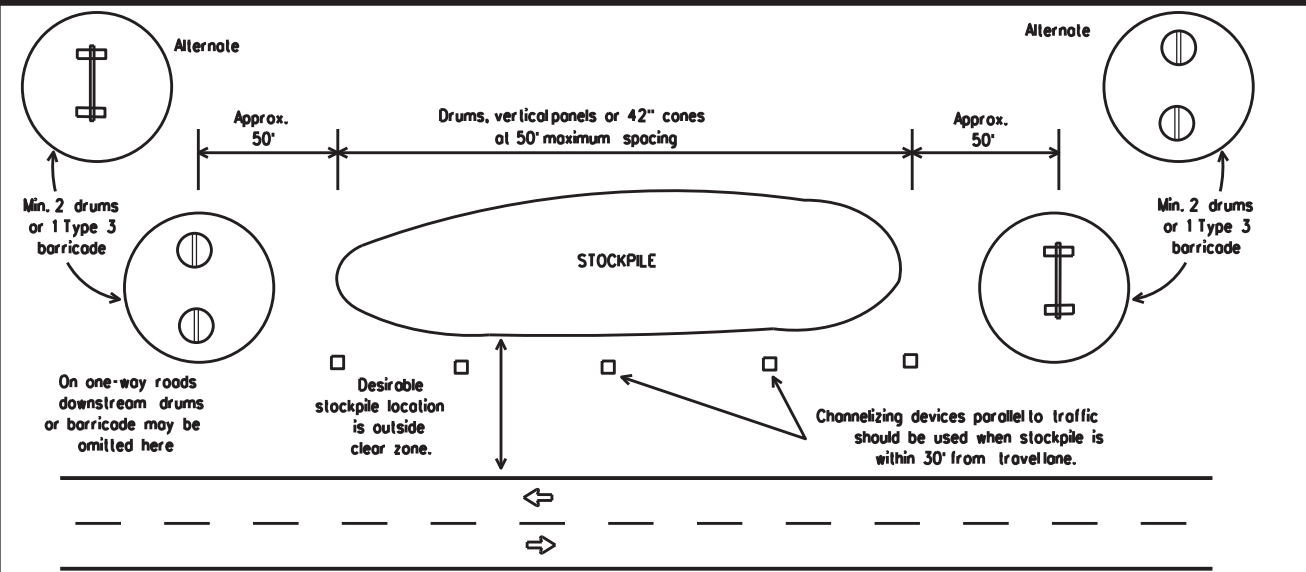


Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.
42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined in BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

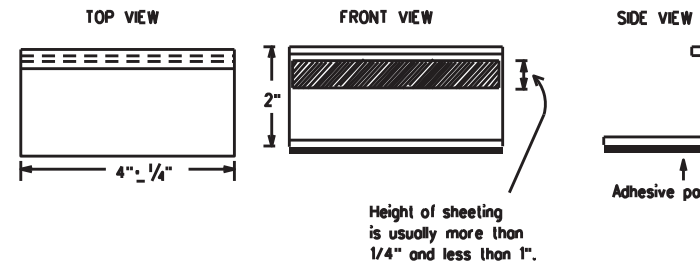
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
10. Block-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



**STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER
TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE**

1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

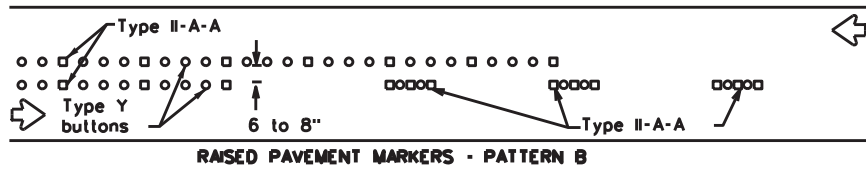
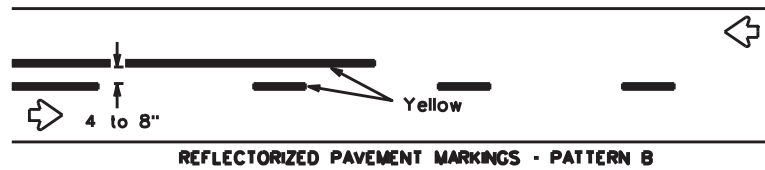
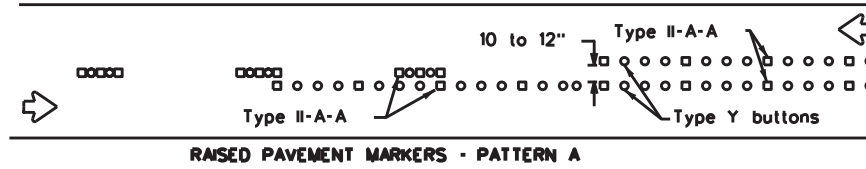
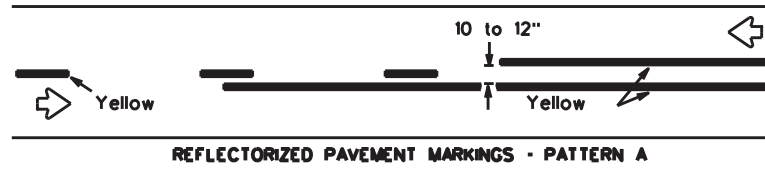
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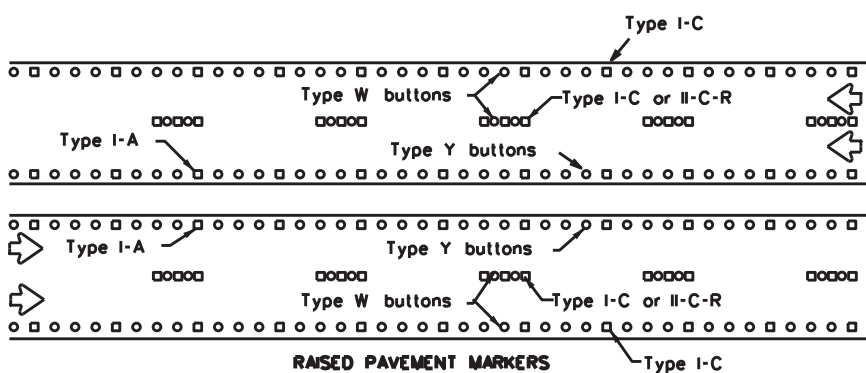
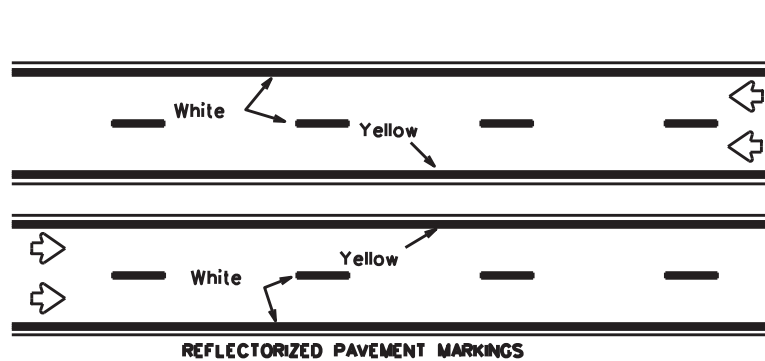
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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



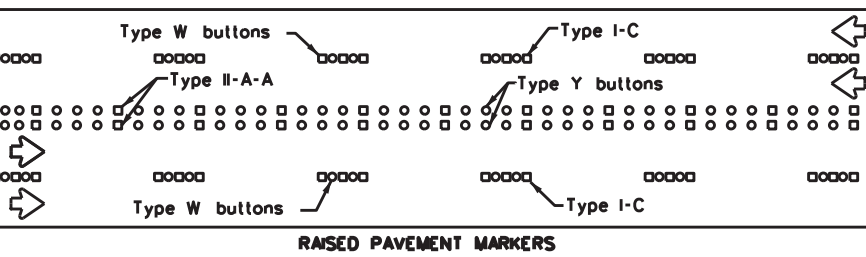
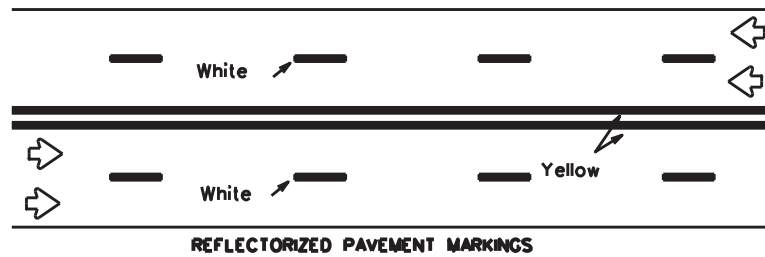
Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



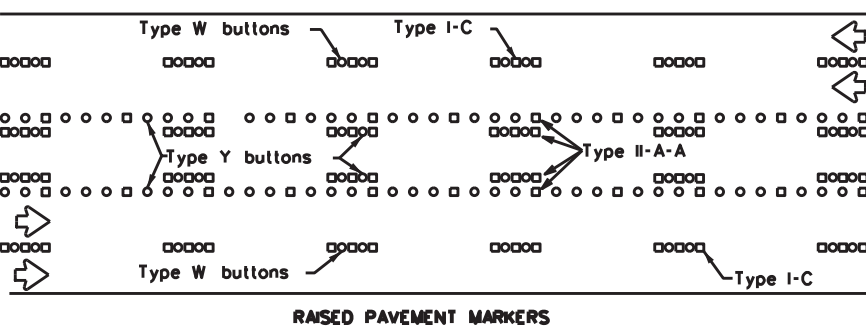
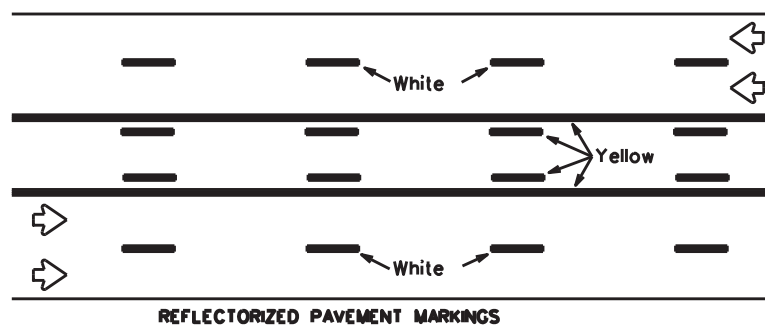
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

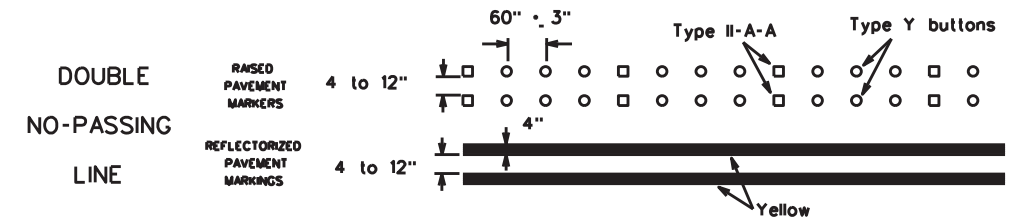
LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



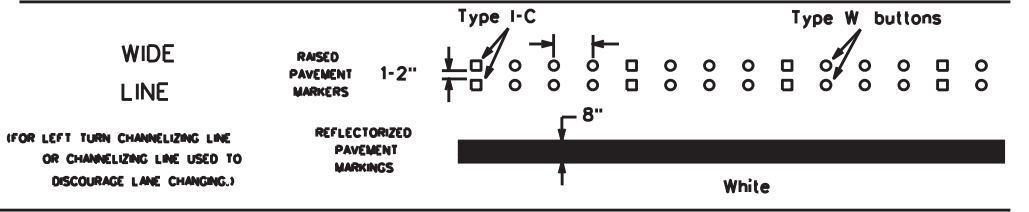
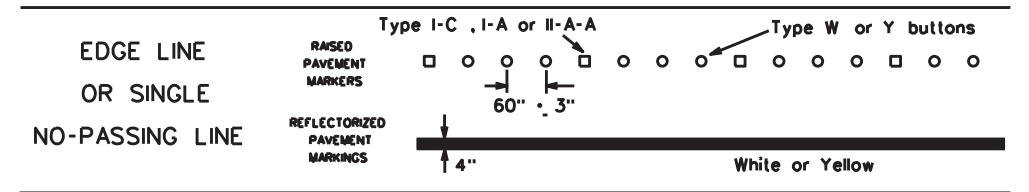
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

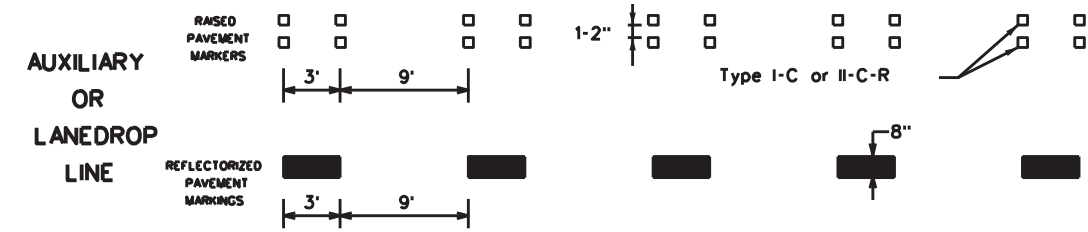
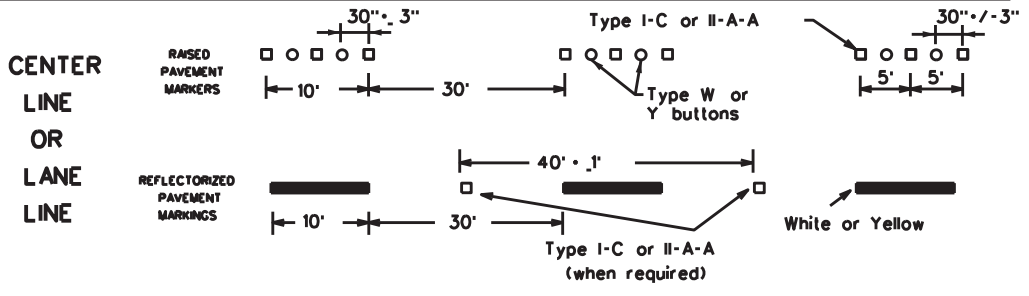
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



SOLID LINES

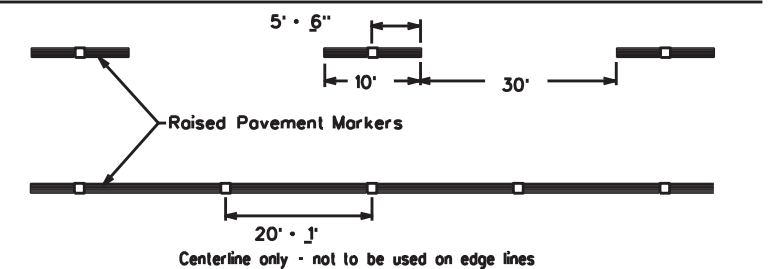


BROKEN LINES



REMOVABLE MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier removal of raised pavement markers and tape.



SHEET 12 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC(12)-21

Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

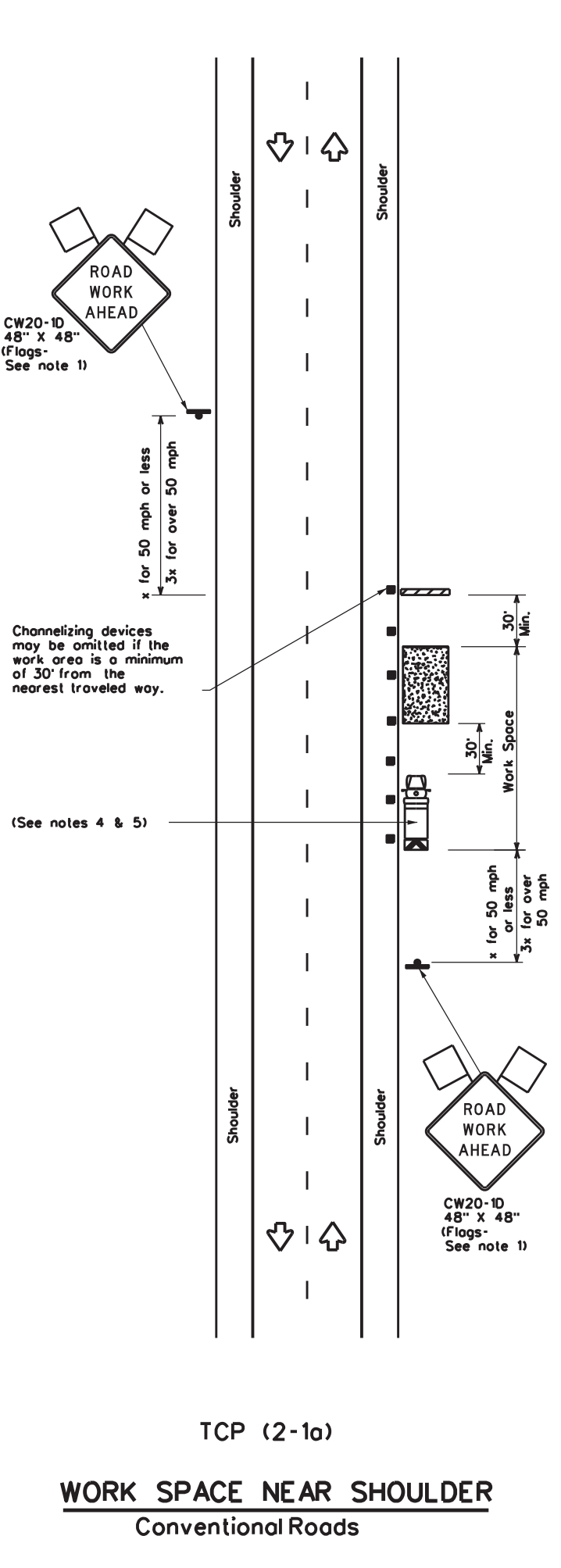
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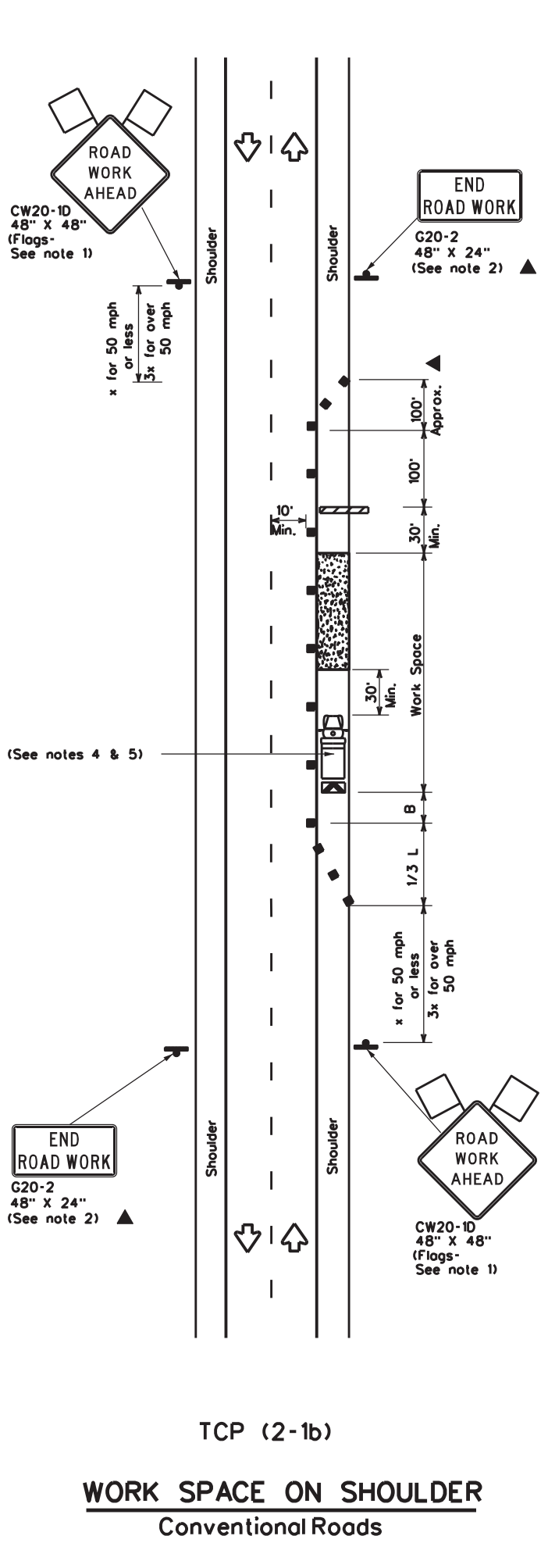
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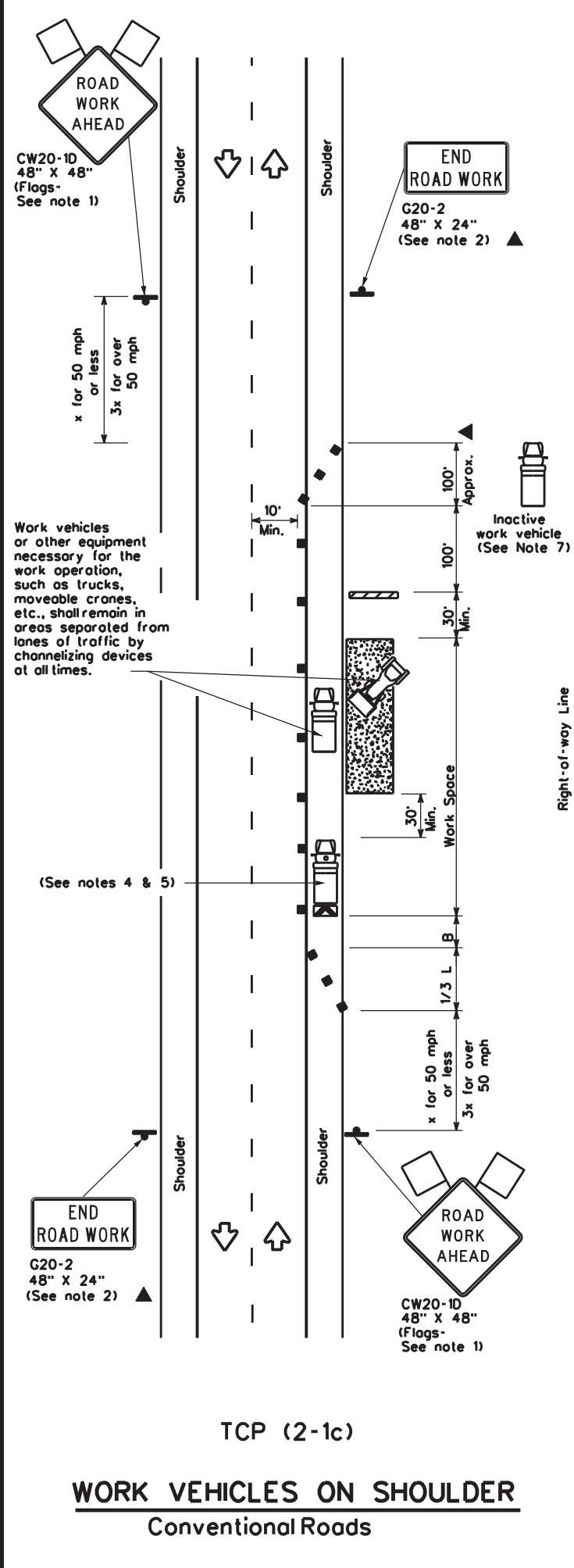
DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:29 AM
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TCP (2-1a)
WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER
 Conventional Roads



TCP (2-1b)
WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER
 Conventional Roads



TCP (2-1c)
WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER
 Conventional Roads

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed x	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths x			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	L = WS / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	L = WS	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50	L = WS	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	L = WS	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	L = WS	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

x Conventional Roads Only
 * * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	✓

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from nearest traveled way.
 - Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
 - See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
 - Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
 - CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

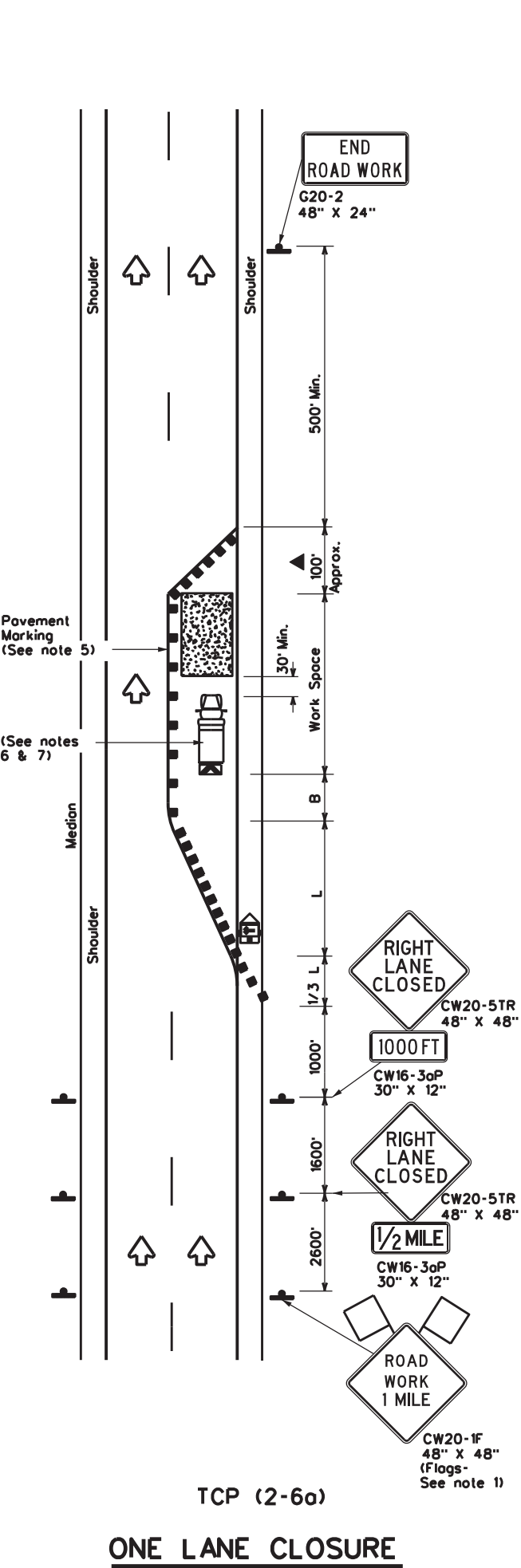
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

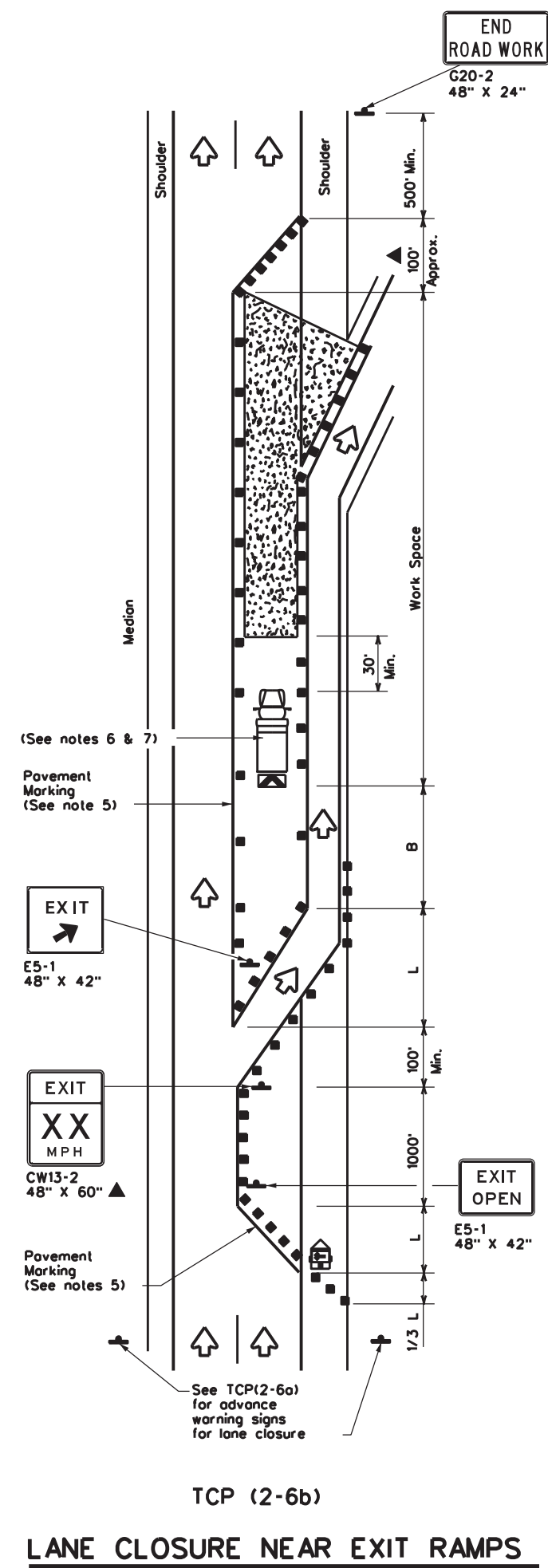
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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
2-94 4-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
8-95 2-12	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	19	
1-97 2-18				

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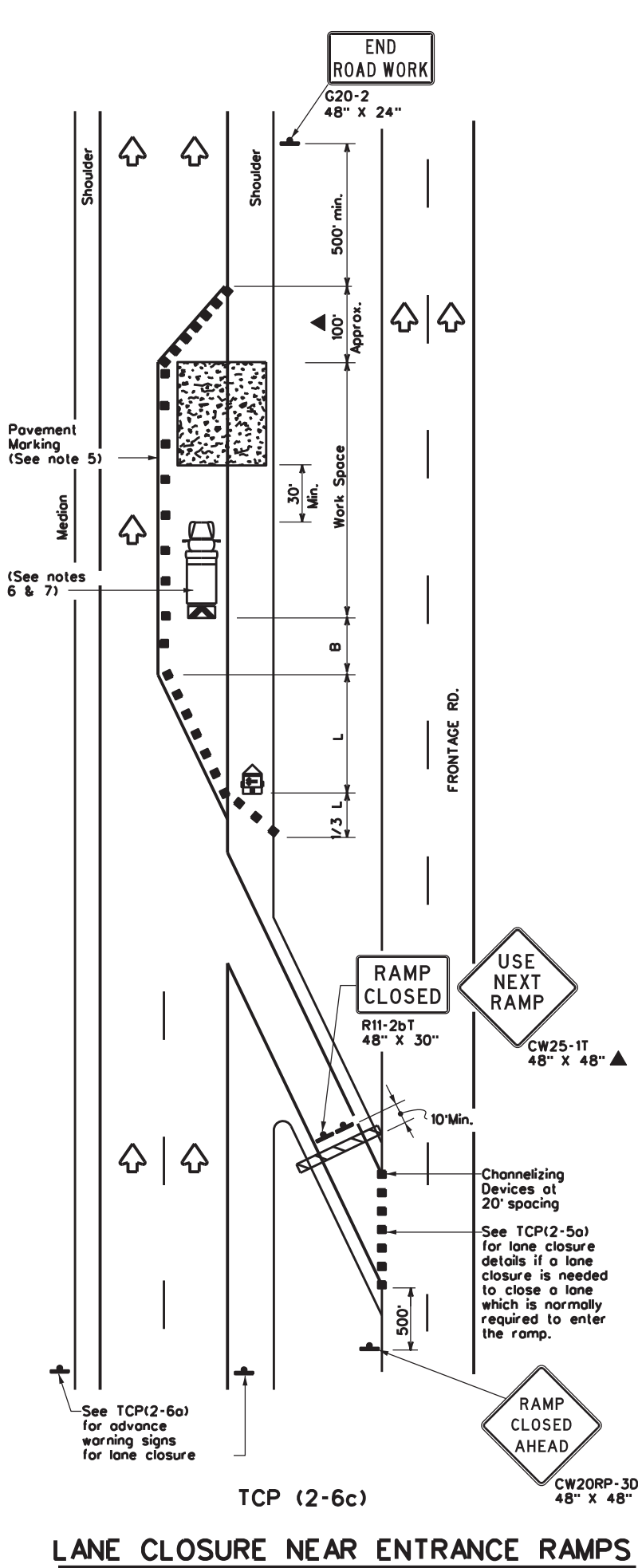
DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:29 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp2-6-18.dgn



TCP (2-6a)
ONE LANE CLOSURE



TCP (2-6b)
LANE CLOSURE NEAR EXIT RAMP



TCP (2-6c)
LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMP

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed x	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths x x			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

x Conventional Roads Only
 xx Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	✓

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
 - Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on every other channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
 - The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
 - Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

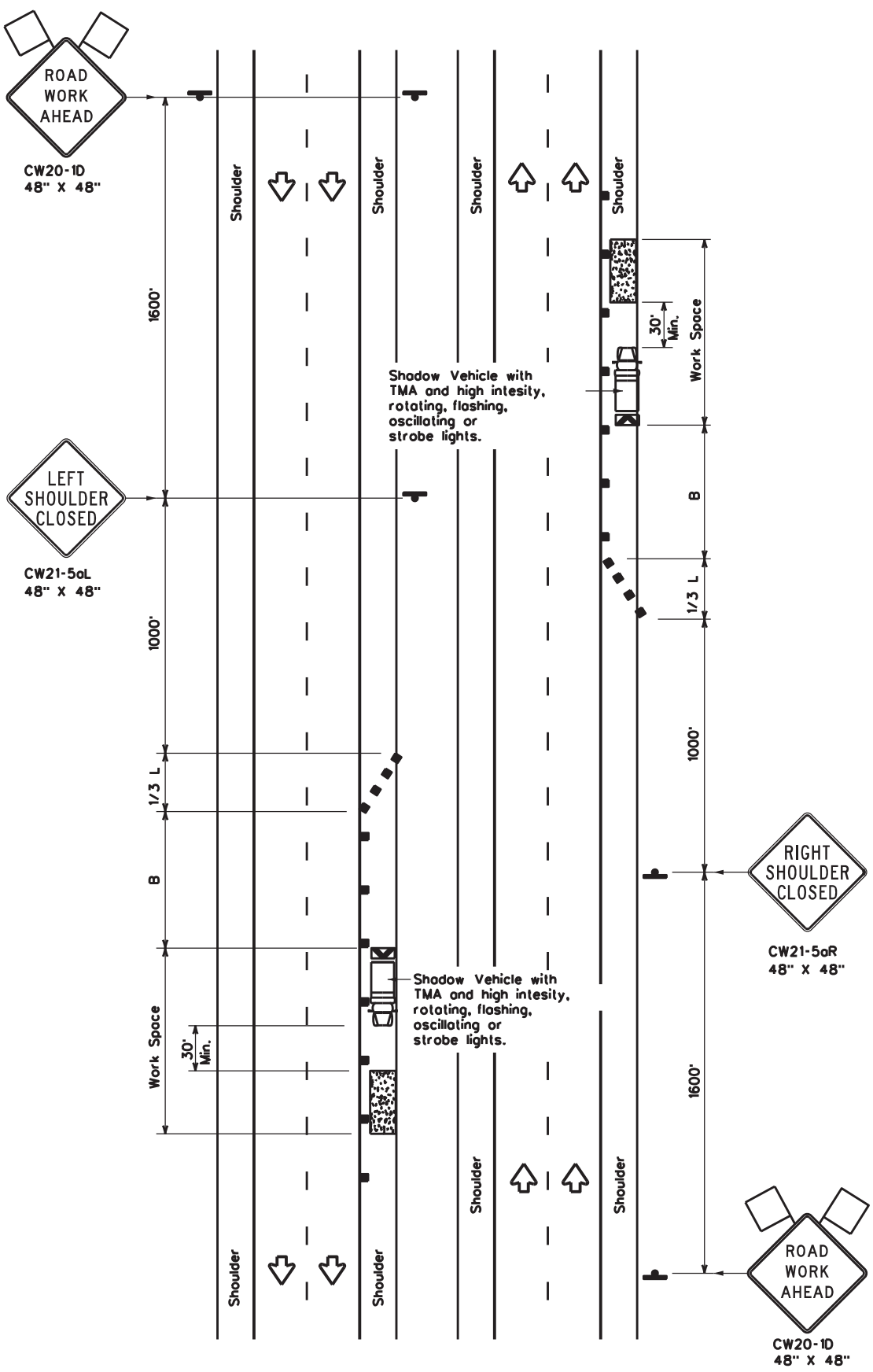
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

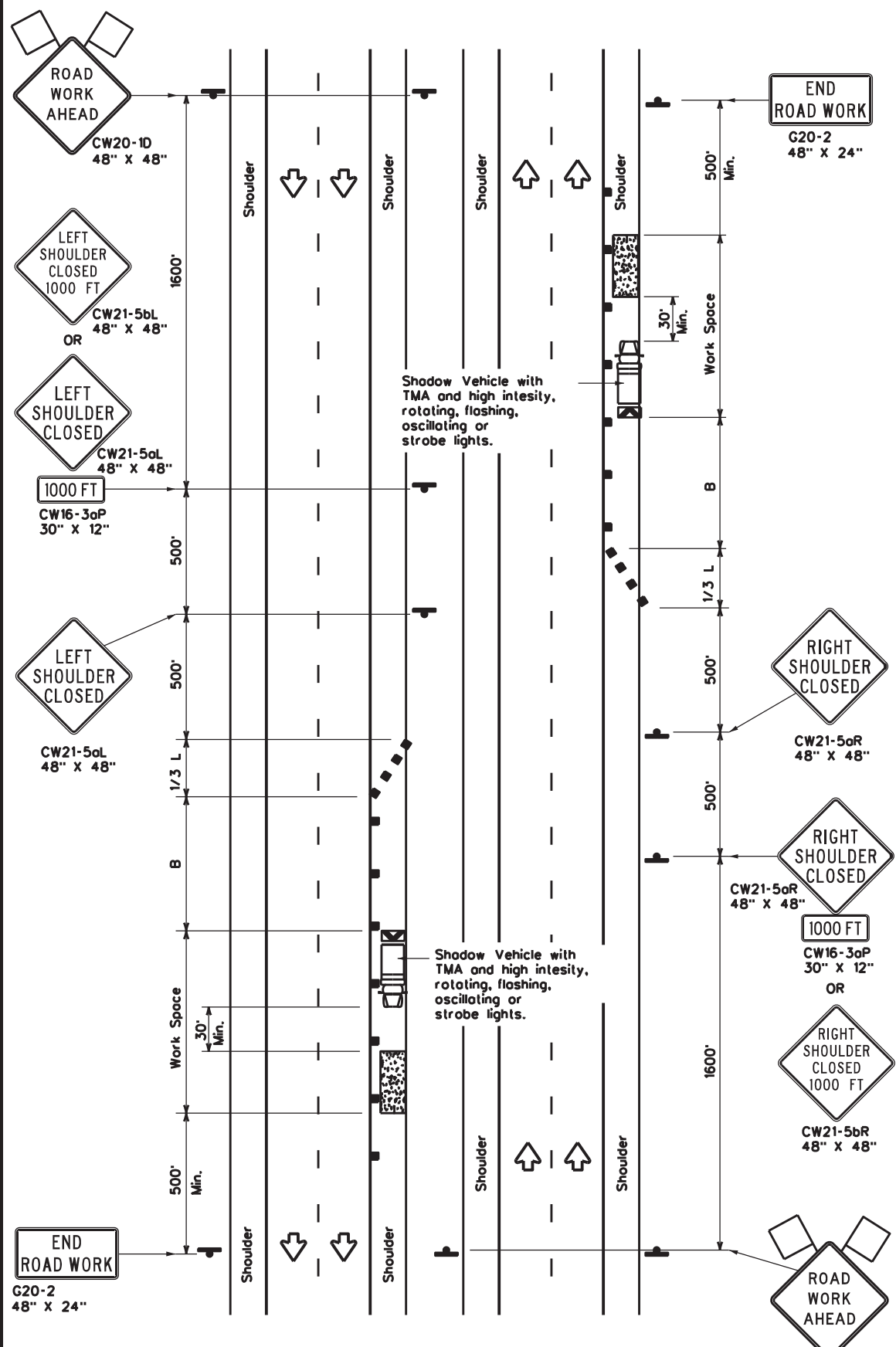
FILE: tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT:	SECT:	JOB:	HIGHWAY:
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
2-94 4-98	DIST:	COUNTY:	SHEET NO.:	
8-95 2-12	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	20	
1-97 2-18				

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:29 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp5-1-18.dgn



TCP (5-1a)
WORK AREA ON SHOULDER



TCP (5-1b)
WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed x	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths x x			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

x Conventional Roads Only
 x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	TCP(5-1a)	TCP(5-1b)	TCP(5-1b)	

- GENERAL NOTES**
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
 - 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece cones.



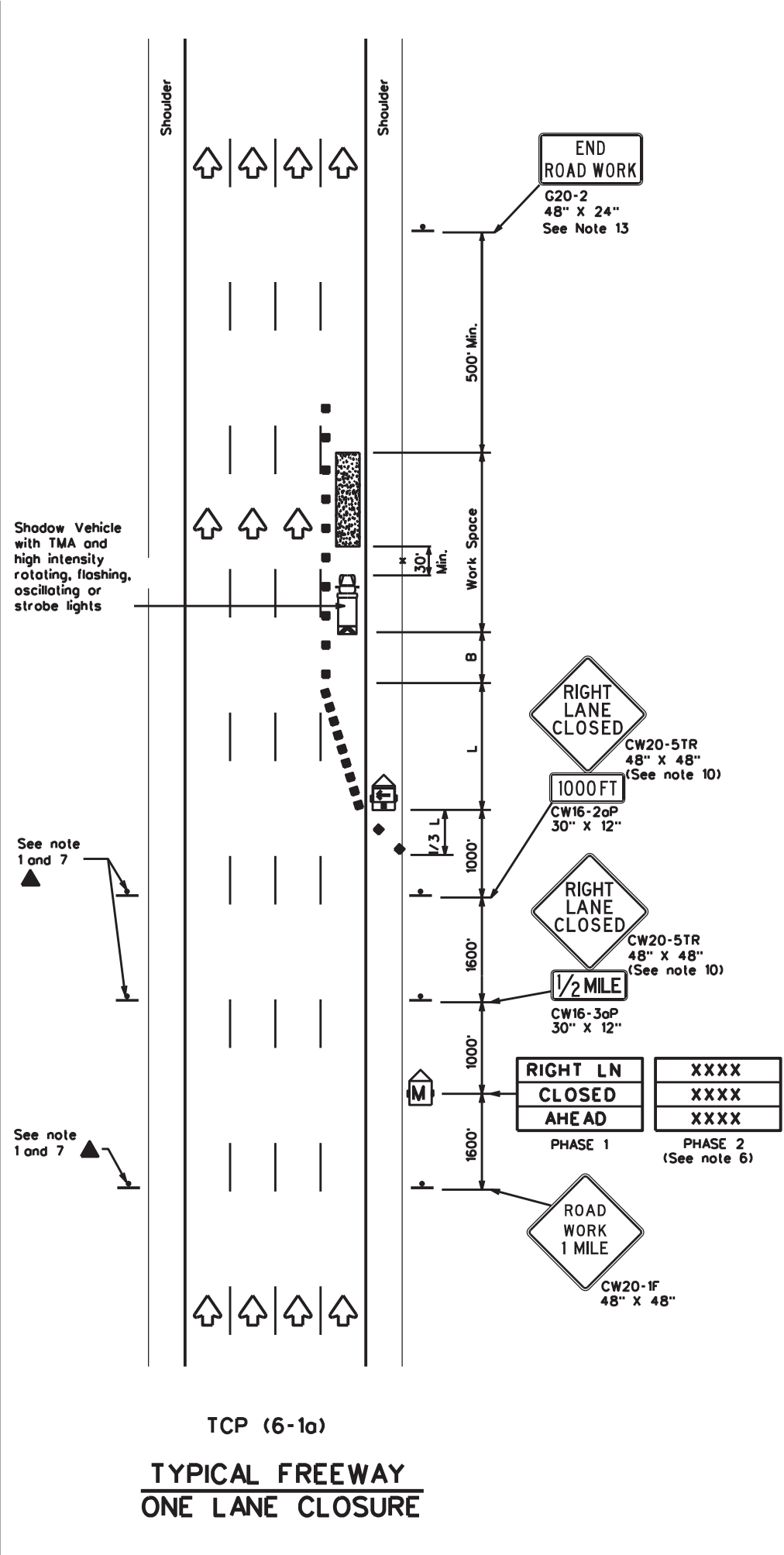
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 SHOULDER WORK FOR
 FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS**

TCP(5-1)-18

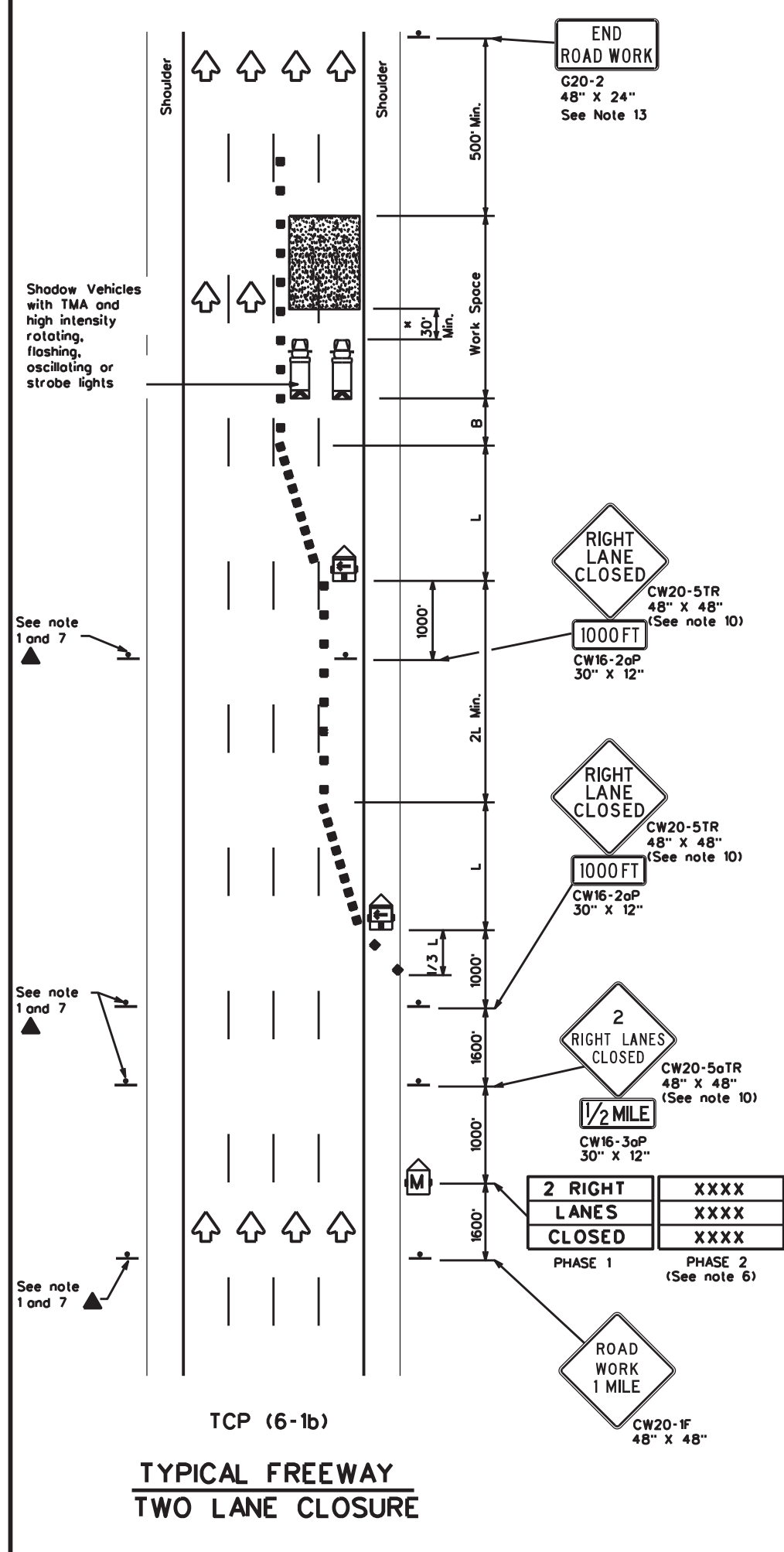
FILE: tcp5-1-18.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
2-18	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	21	

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:30 AM
 FILE: ...\\1-TCP\2-TCP\tcp6-1.dgn



TCP (6-1a)
**TYPICAL FREEWAY
 ONE LANE CLOSURE**



TCP (6-1b)
**TYPICAL FREEWAY
 TWO LANE CLOSURE**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80	800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Drums or 42" cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the median side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 7' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA should be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



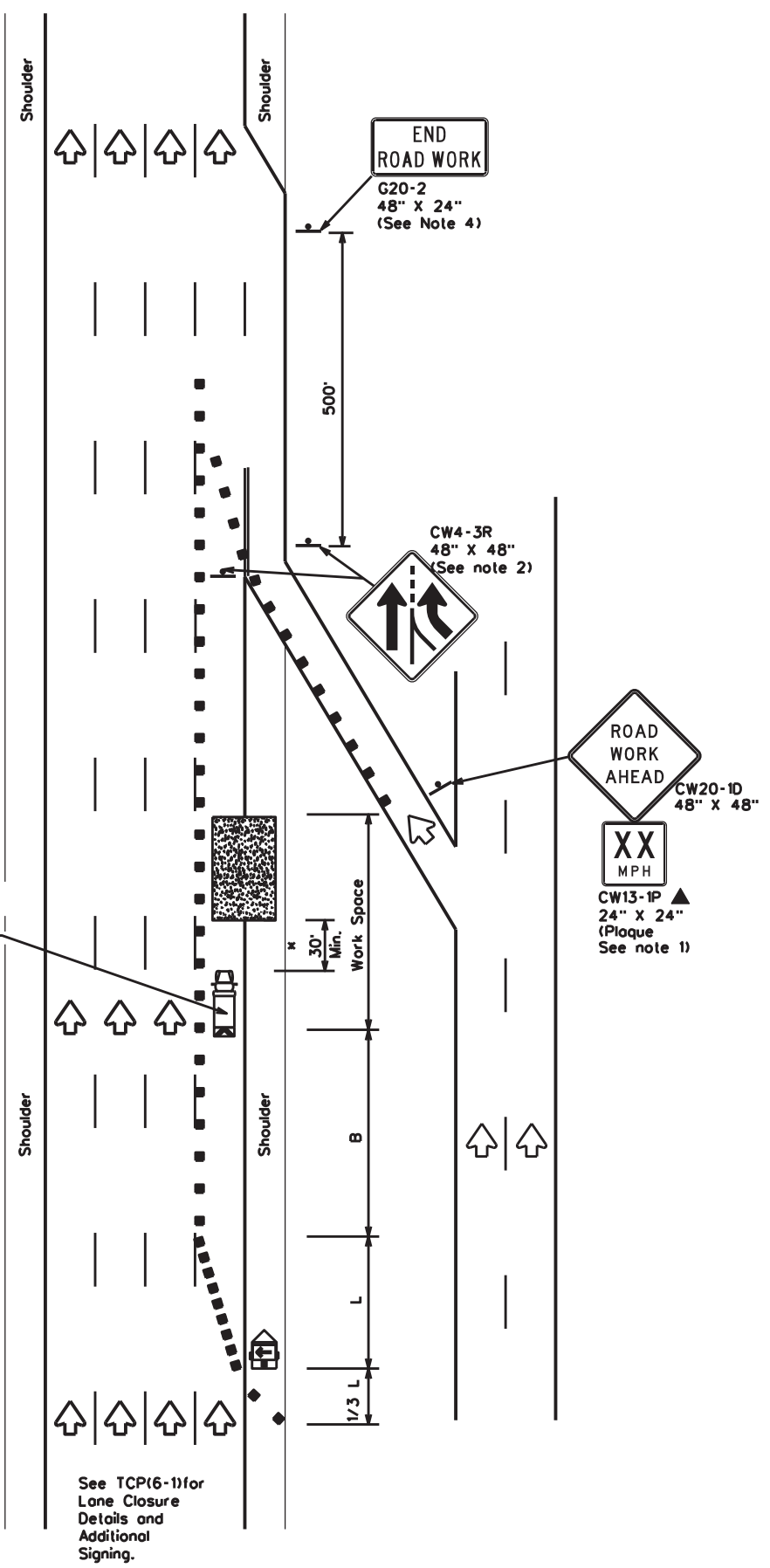
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES**

TCP(6-1)-12

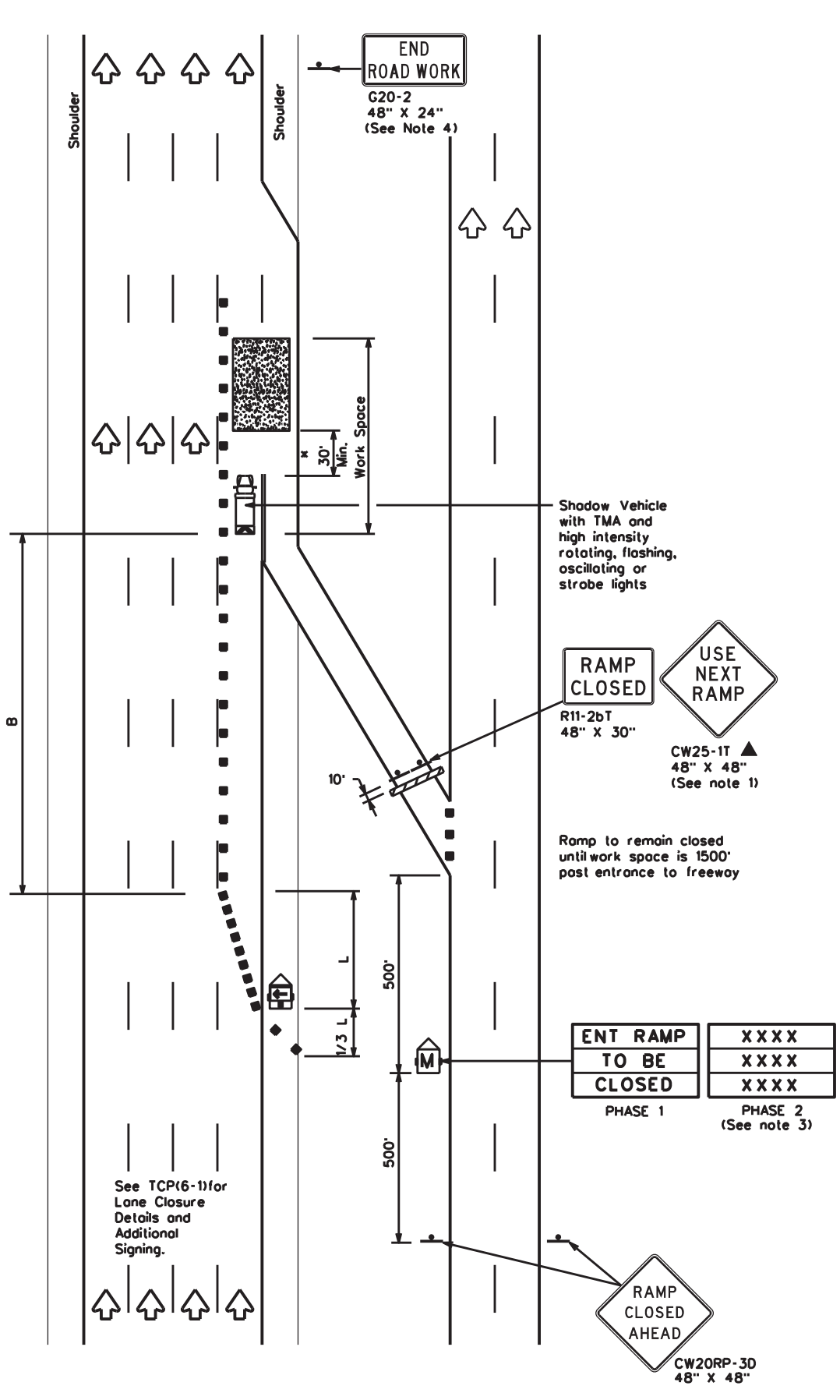
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© TxDOT	February 1998	CONT:	SECT:	JOB:	HIGHWAY:				
8-12	REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.				
	DIST:	COUNTY:		SHEET NO.					
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.		22					

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:30 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp6-2.dgn



TCP (6-2a)
ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN
WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP



TCP (6-2b)
ENTRANCE RAMP CLOSED

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainline can be seen from both roadways.
- See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

x A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



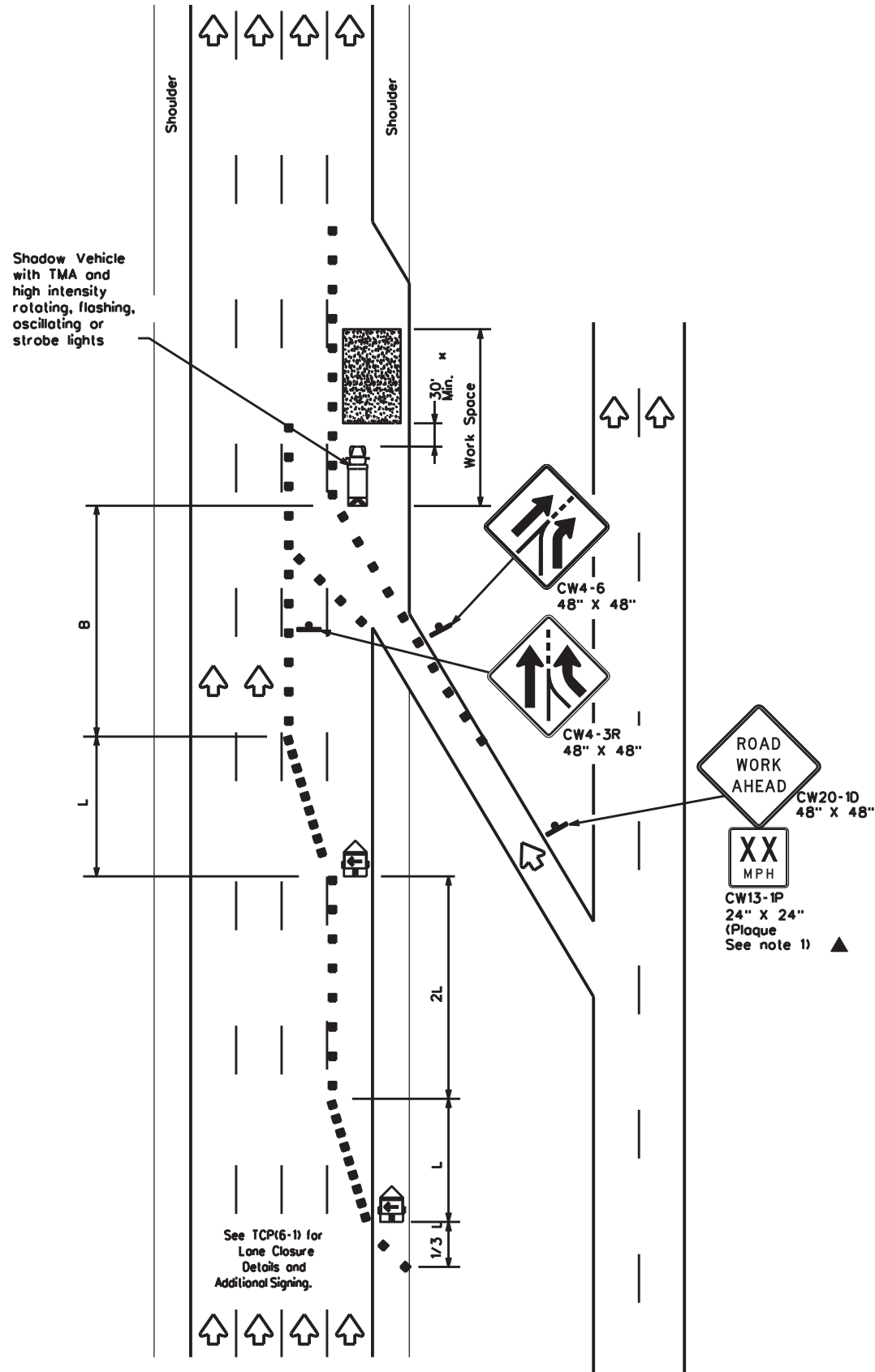
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP(6-2)-12

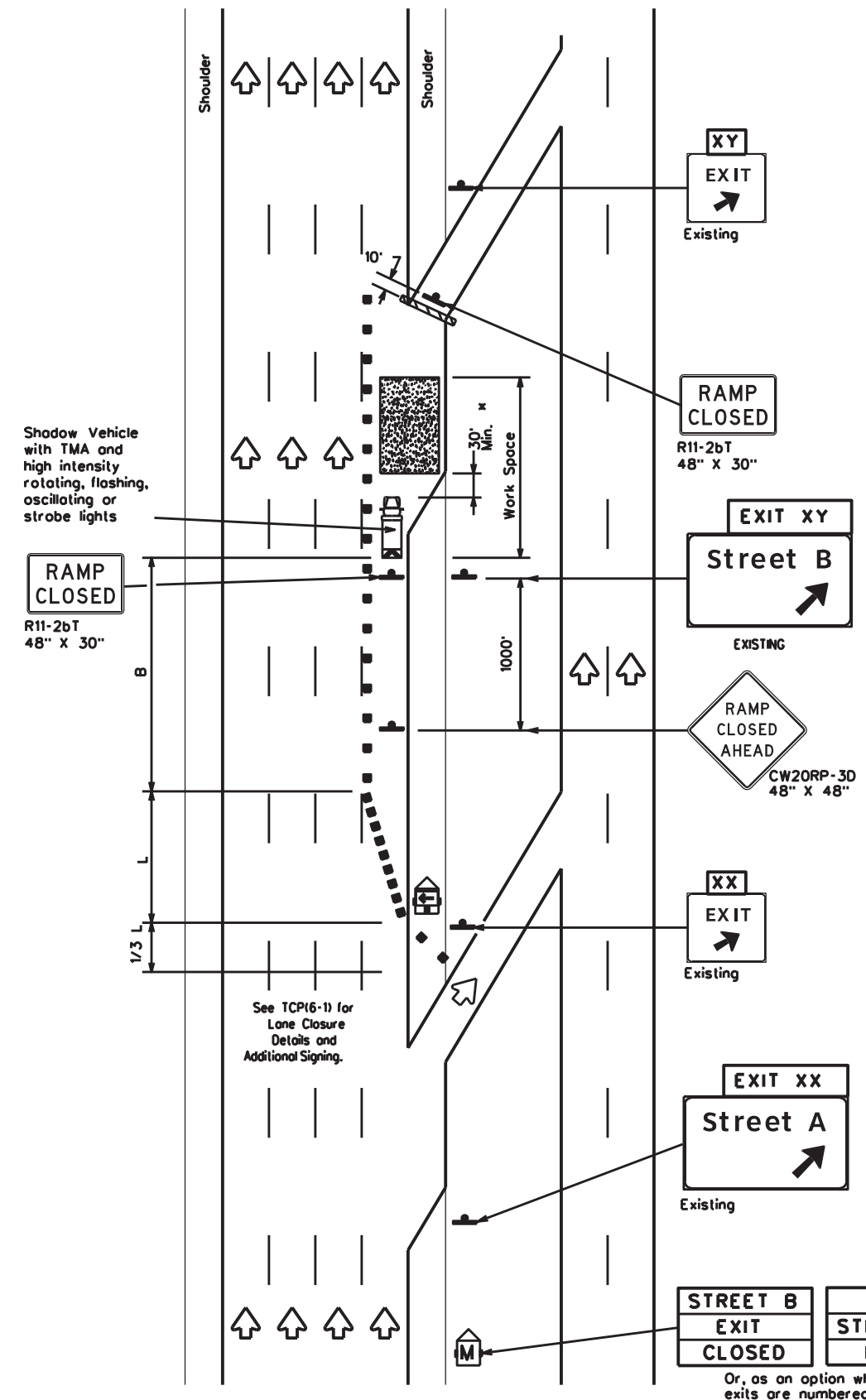
FILE: tcp6-2.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	23	

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:30 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp6-3.dgn



TCP (6-3a)
ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN



TCP (6-3b)
EXIT RAMP CLOSED
TRAFFIC EXITS PRIOR TO CLOSED RAMP

STREET B
 EXIT
 CLOSED

USE
 STREET A
 EXIT

Or, as an option when exits are numbered

EXIT XY
 CLOSED

USE
 EXIT XX

Place 1 mile (approx.) in advance of Street A exit.

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L- Length of Taper (FT) W- Width of Offset (FT) S- Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES:
 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

* A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

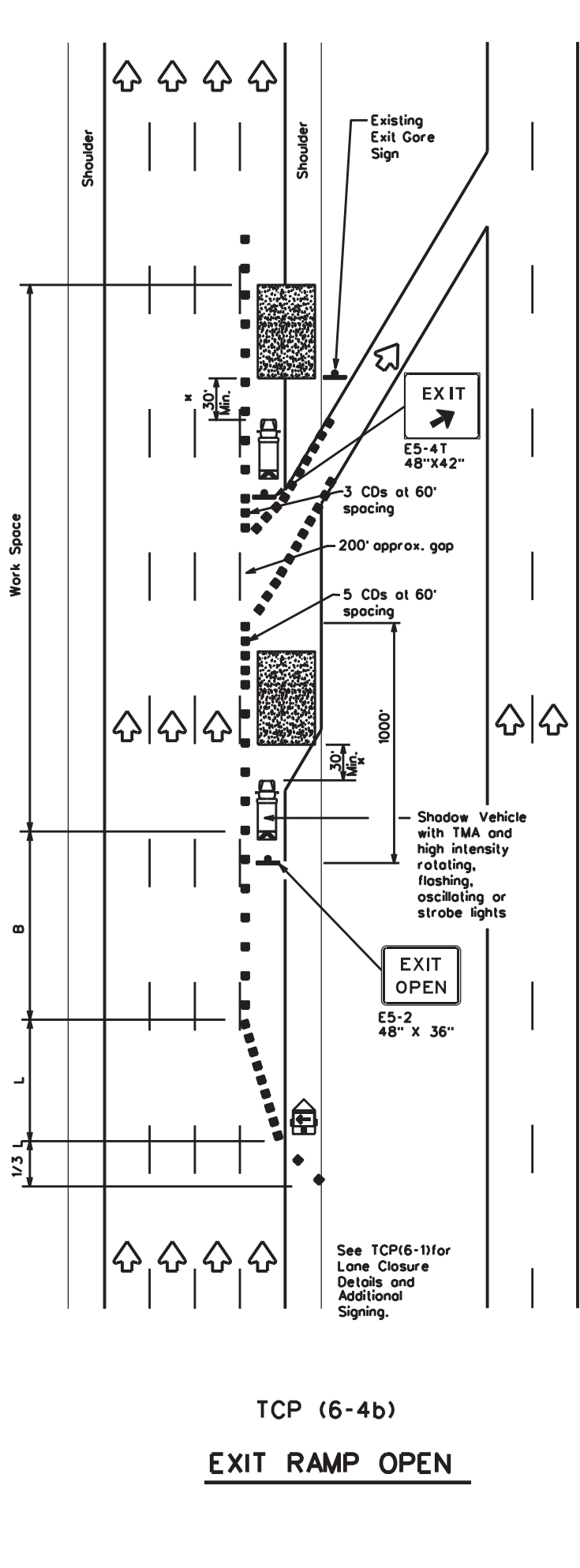
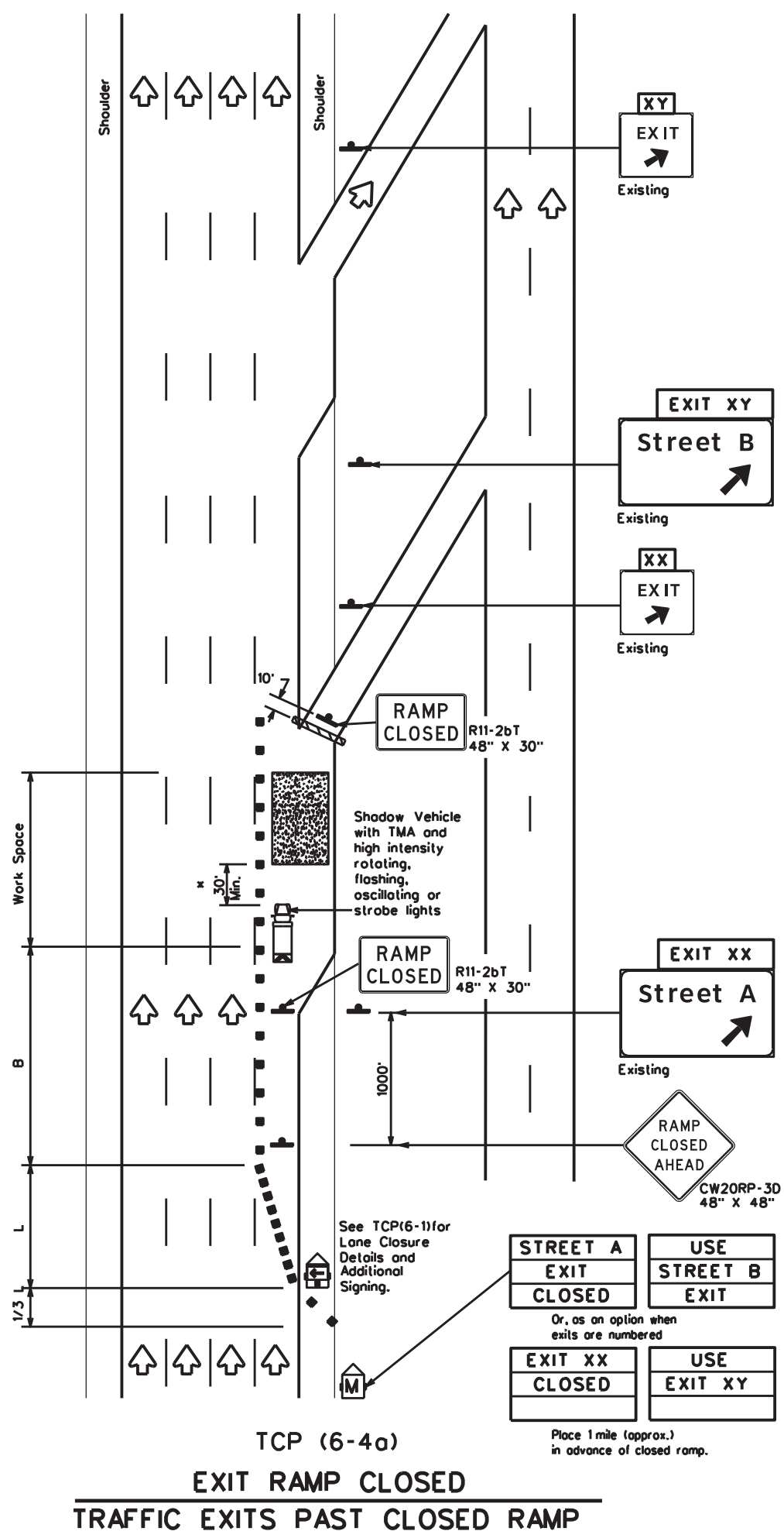
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP**

TCP(6-3)-12

FILE: tcp6-3.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	24	

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:31 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp6-4.dgn



LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
 - See BC Standards for sign details.

x A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



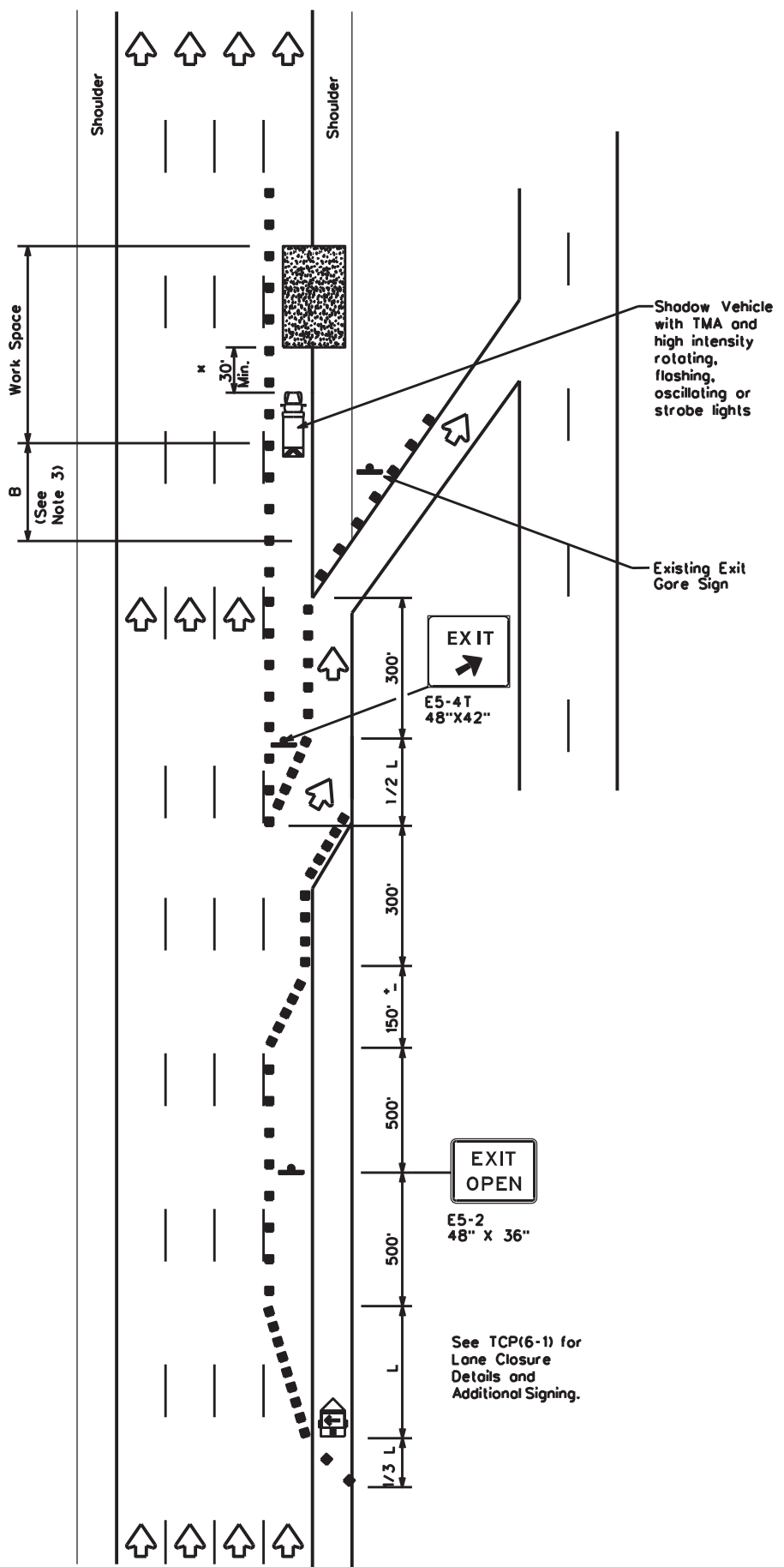
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-4)-12

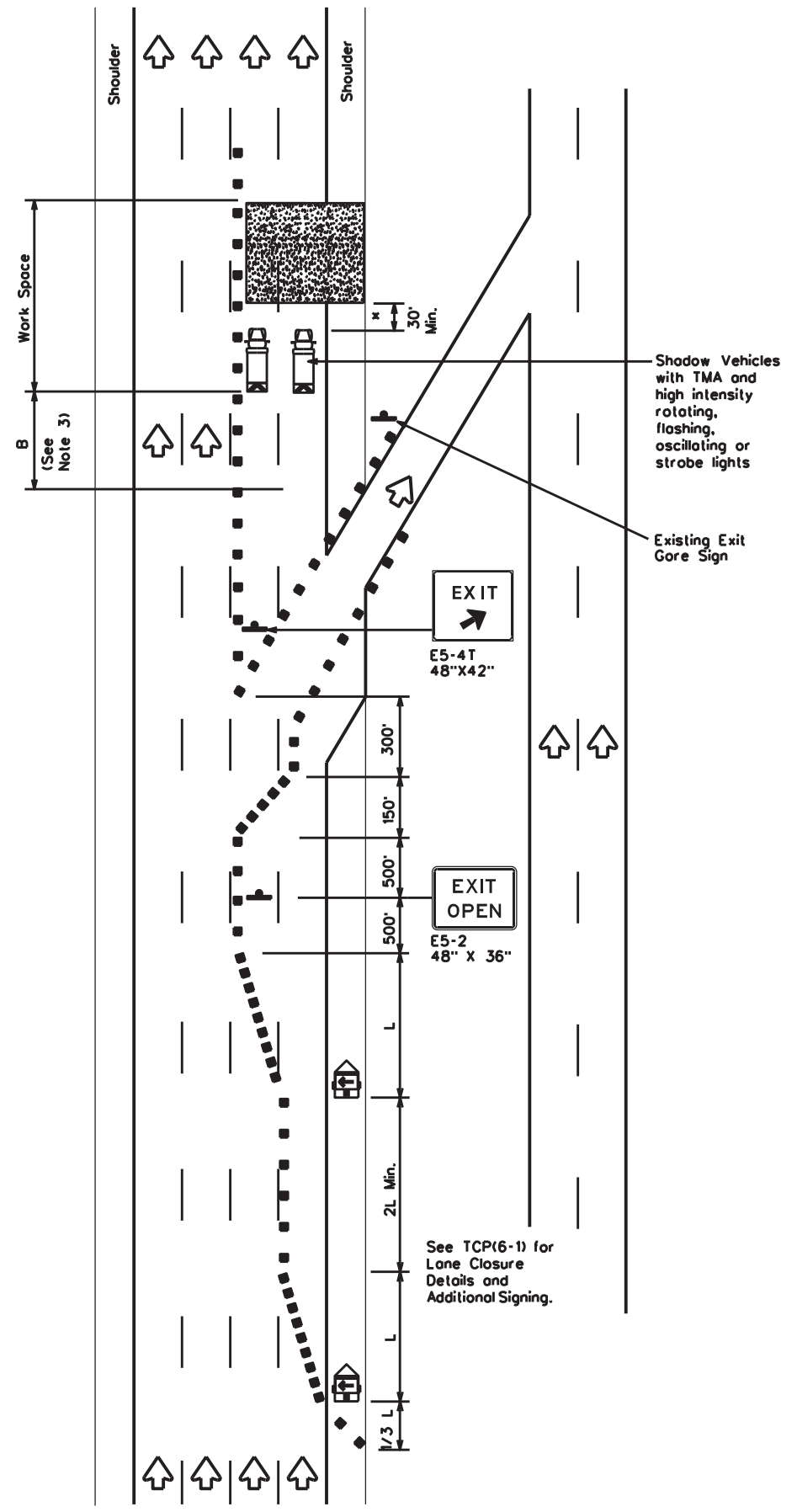
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© TxDOT February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	25	

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:31 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp6-5.dgn



TCP (6-5a)
EXIT RAMP OPEN



TCP (6-5b)
**EXIT RAMP OPEN
 TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN
 1500' PAST EXIT RAMP**

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

* x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

* A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



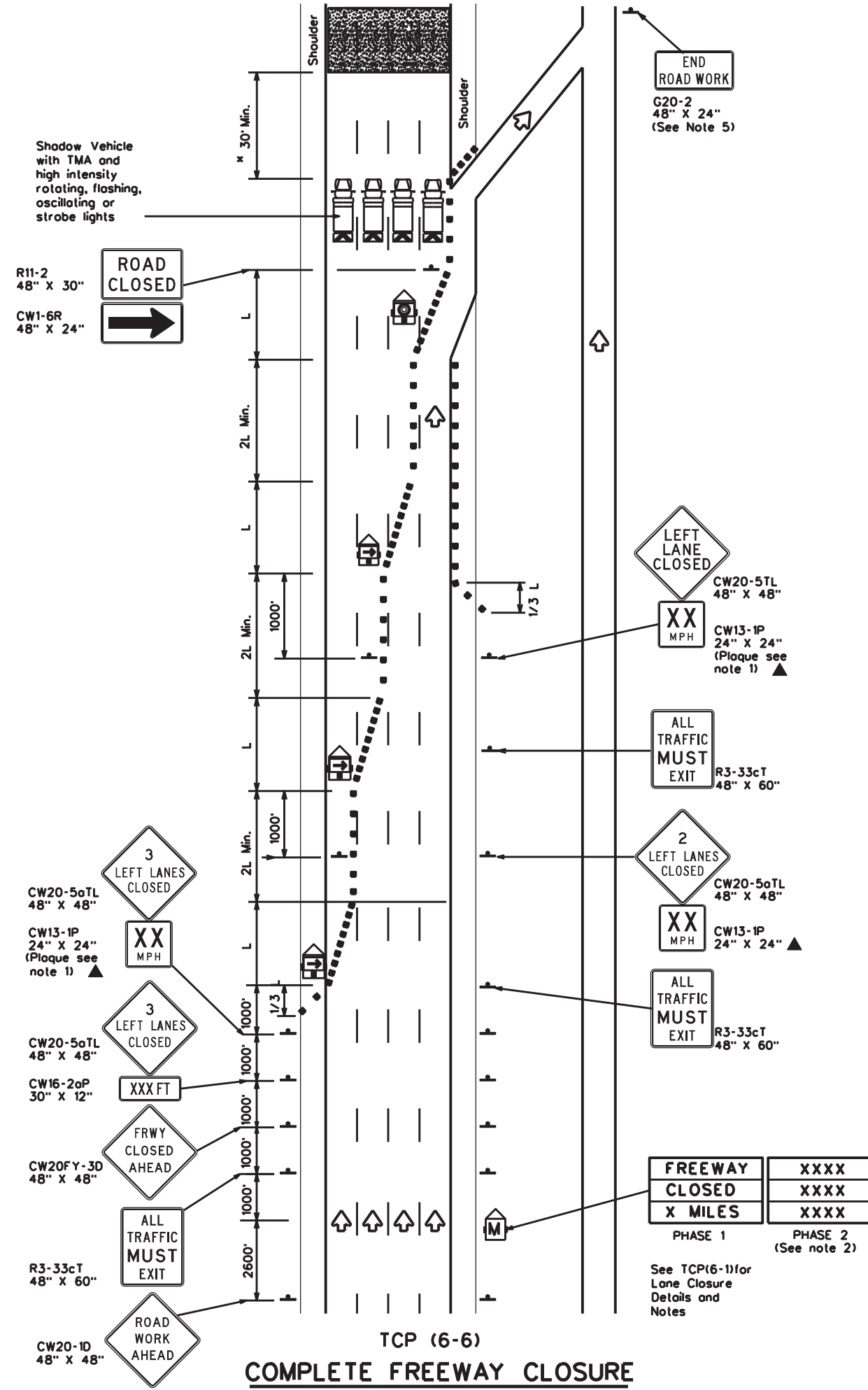
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP**

TCP(6-5)-12

FILE: tcp6-5.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	26	

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:31 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp6-6.dgn



LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode		Traffic Flow
	Sign		

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓	✓	

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE RIGHT," recommended speed, delay, exit information, or other specific warnings.
- Where queuing is anticipated beyond signing shown, additional PCMS signs, other warning signs, devices or Law Enforcement Officers should be available to warn approaching high speed traffic of the end of the queue, as directed by the Engineer.
- Entrance ramps located from the advance warning area to the exit ramp should be closed whenever possible.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

* A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

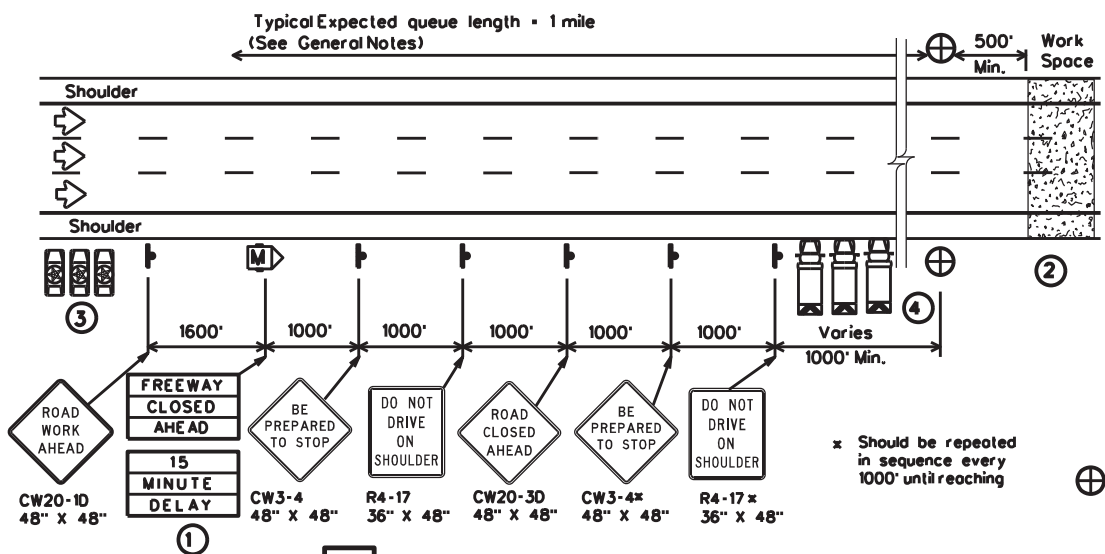
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
FREWAY CLOSURE

TCP(6-6)-12

FILE: tcp6-6.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
1-97 8-98	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	27	

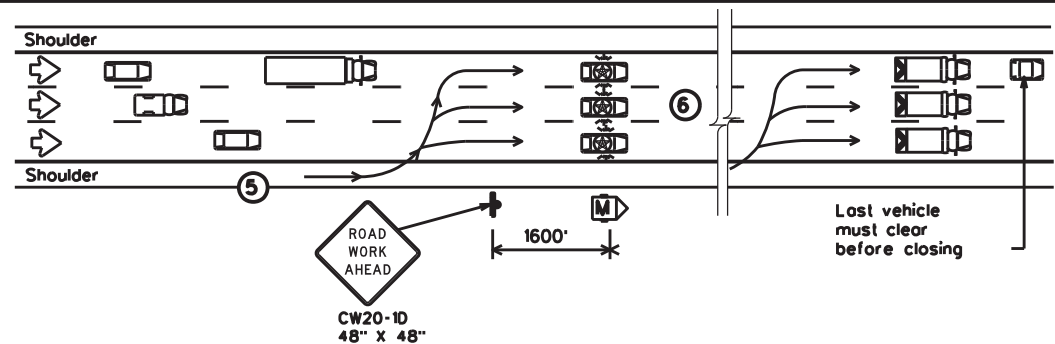
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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:32 AM
 FILE: ...\\...\\TCP\\2.-TCP\\tcp6-7.dgn



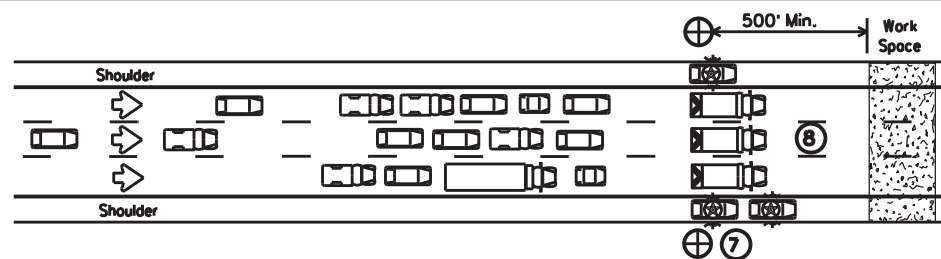
1 STARTING POSITION

- Traffic control devices should be installed or located near their intended position prior to beginning temporary roadway closure sequence. Duplicate signs should be erected on the median side of the roadway when median width permits. Warning signs should not be placed on the paved shoulders that will be used by the WARNING LEOV, or where movement of the LEOVs or barrier vehicles will be impeded.
- Prior to beginning the roadway closure sequence, all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items necessary to complete the work should be gathered near the work area. Entrance ramps located in the area where a queue is expected to build should be closed.
- There should be one LEOV for every lane to be controlled, plus a minimum of one to warn traffic approaching a queue. An additional lead low enforcement officer is desirable to remain with the Engineer's or Contractor's point of contact (POC) during the operation in order to improve communication with all LEOVs involved.
- One barrier vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and amber or blue and amber high intensity flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting shall be used for each lane to be closed.



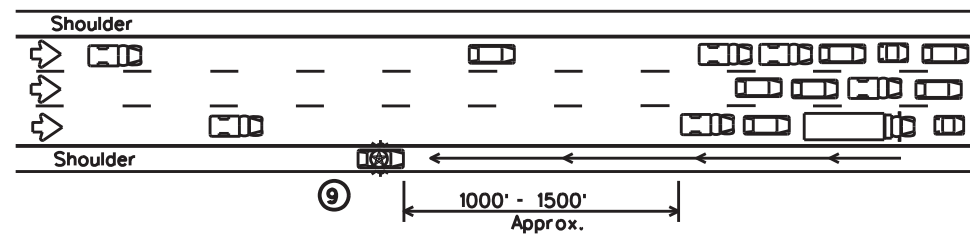
2 REDUCING SPEED OPERATION

- Starting position of the LEOVs should be in advance of the most distant warning signs.
- Once the LEOVs have achieved an abreast blocking formation while traveling toward the CP, emergency lights and headlights should be turned "ON". The LEOVs should maintain formation, not allow traffic to pass, and begin to decelerate. The LEOVs should continue to decelerate, giving the barrier vehicles opportunity to be staged upstream of the work space after traffic has cleared. The LEOVs should then continue to decelerate slowly until bringing traffic to a stop near the barrier vehicles.



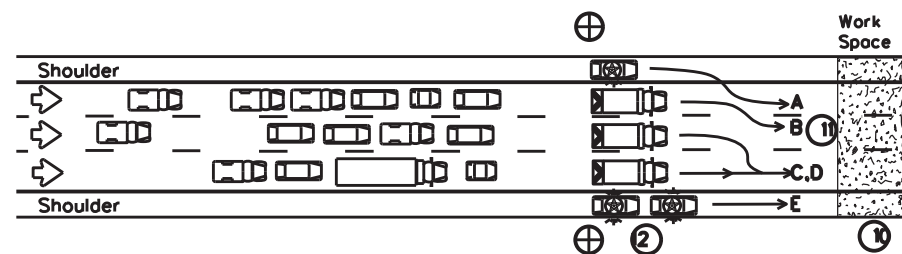
3 ALL TRAFFIC STOPPED AT CP

- Once traffic is stopped the LEOVs should park on the shoulders with emergency lighting "ON" in order to provide low enforcement presence at the closure and keep shoulders blocked ahead of the work space. They should stay in radio contact with the WARNING LEOV.
- The barrier vehicles should be parked, one in each lane, the parking brake set, with the high visibility flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting "ON," and the transmission in gear.



4 WARNING THE TRAFFIC QUEUE

- The WARNING LEOV should proceed to the right shoulder of the roadway, with emergency lights on approximately 1000' in advance of the traffic queue (stopped traffic) as the queue develops. When determined that limited sight distance situations (crest of hills, sharp roadway curvature, etc.) may occur to motorists approaching the queue, the WARNING LEOV may proceed 1/4 mile or more in advance of the queue.



5 RELEASING STOPPED TRAFFIC

- All equipment, materials, personnel, and other items should be removed from the roadway and maintain an adequate clear zone.
- When the roadway is clear for traffic, the LEOV should proceed forward from the left shoulder followed by the barrier vehicles, from left to right, as shown alphabetically in the plan view.
- The LEOV or LEOVs on the right shoulder may remain on the shoulder until satisfied that traffic is moving satisfactorily before merging or proceeding.
- LEOVs and barrier vehicles should re-group at their respective starting positions if necessary.

LEGEND			
■	Channelizing Devices	⊕	Control Position (CP)
M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)	⊠	Barrier Vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuator
LEOV	Low Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV)	←	Traffic Flow

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓			

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices shall conform with the latest edition of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD). Additional guidelines for traffic control devices may be found in the TMUTCD. Signs conflicting with the roadway closure sequence should be completely removed or covered. Additional traffic control devices may be required for closure of access roads, cross streets, exit and entrance ramps as directed by the Engineer.
- Low enforcement officers and all workers involved should review and understand all procedures before the roadway closure sequence begins. Pre-work meetings may be held for this purpose. Local emergency services and media should have advance notification of roadway closure, expected dates and approximate times of closures.
- Low enforcement officers shall be in uniform and have jurisdiction in the locale of the work area. An additional WARNING Low Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV) may be used on the median side of the roadway where median shoulder width permits (See sequence #9).
- The roadway closure should be during off-peak hours, as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- Work should be limited to approximately 15 minutes maximum duration unless otherwise directed by the Engineer based on existing roadway conditions. If the work is not complete within 15 minutes, or if the end of the traffic queue extends past the most distant advance warning signs, the work area should be cleared of all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items, and the roadway reopened. When the queue has dissipated and the traffic flow appears normal the roadway closure sequence may be repeated.
- For traffic volumes greater than 1000 Passenger Cars Per Hour Per Lane (PCPHPL), or for roadway closures that exceed 15 minutes, see details elsewhere in the plan.
- If traffic queues beyond the advance warning signs during one road closure sequence, the advance warning should be extended prior to repeating the road closure sequence. When possible, PCMS signs should be located in advance of the last available exit prior to the closure to allow motorists the choice of an alternate route.

THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE USED AT LOCATIONS/TIMES WHEN TRAFFIC VOLUMES ARE LESS THAN 1000 PASSENGER CARS PER HOUR PER LANE.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

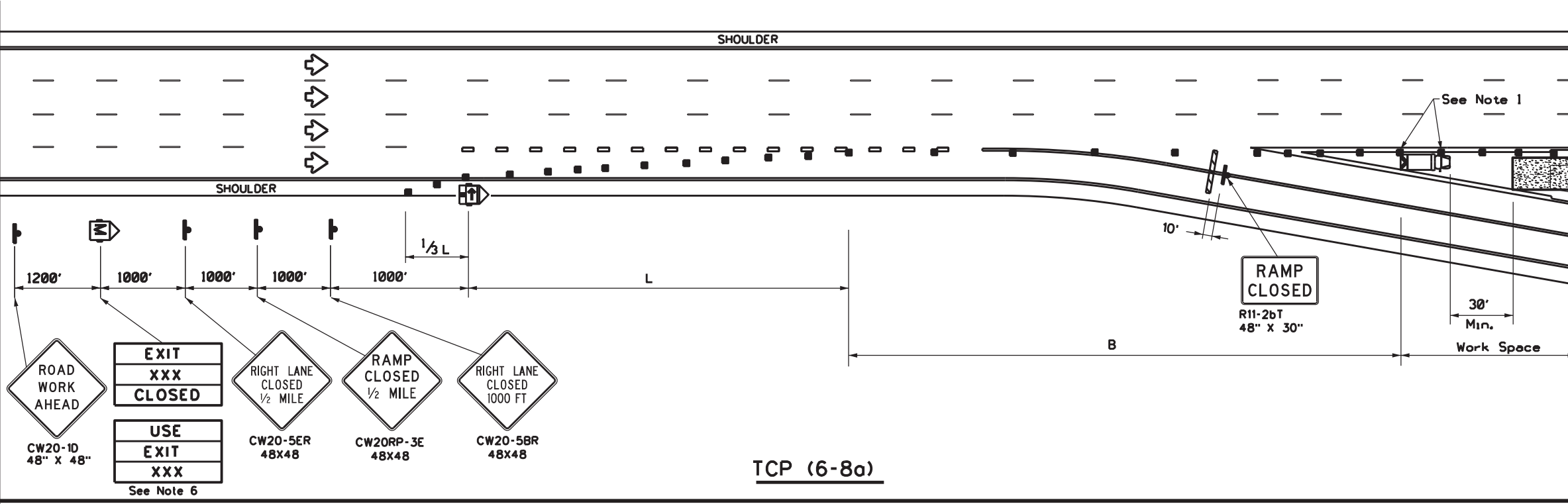
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHORT DURATION FREEWAY CLOSURE SEQUENCE

TCP(6-7)-12

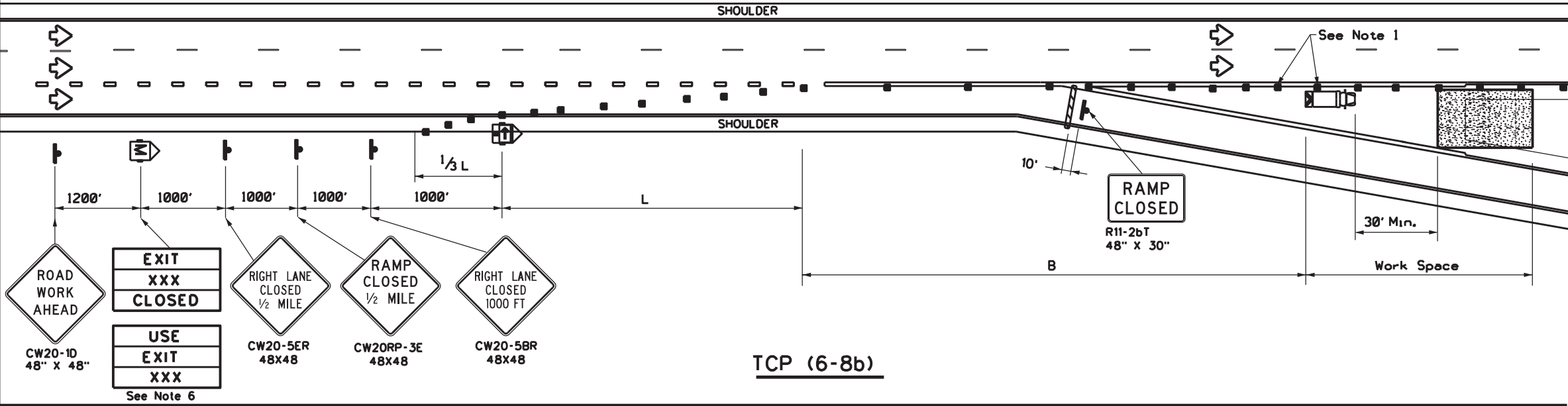
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© TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
1-97 8-12	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98	22	LA SALLE, ETC.		28

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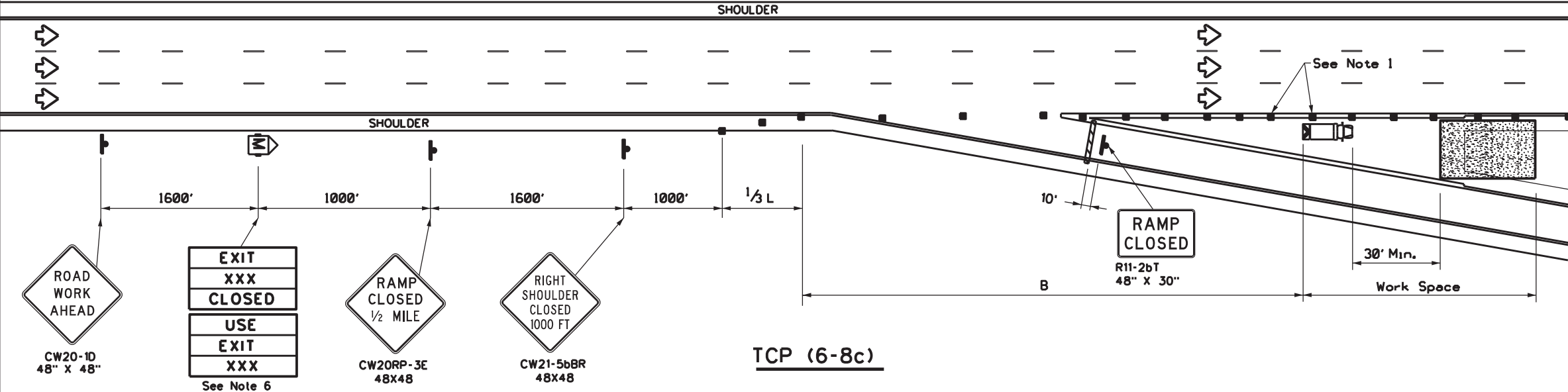
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TCP (6-8a)



TCP (6-8b)



TCP (6-8c)

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

- Place channelizing devices in the gore at 20' spacing.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) for sign details.
- The PCMS may be omitted when a permanent DMS sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for on the PCMS.
- When it is determined that a through lane should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) for traffic control details.
- Truck mounted attenuator is required.
- The PCMS may be omitted if replaced with a "RAMP CLOSED" AHEAD (CW20RP-3D) Sign.
- Roadway ADT should be greater than 10,000.



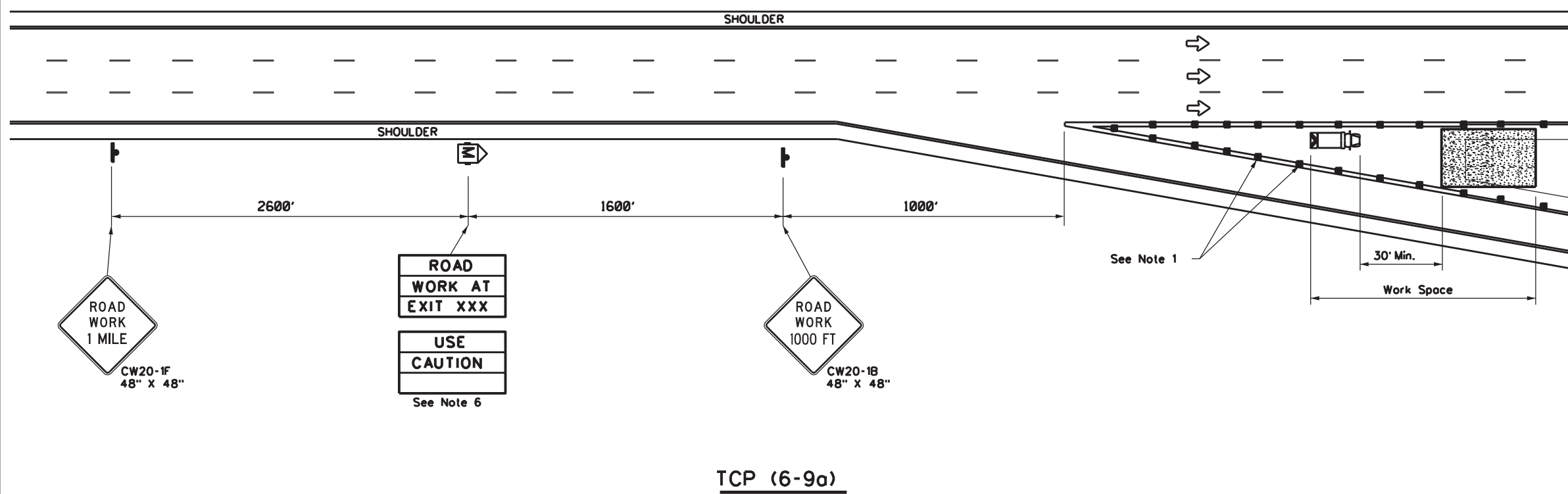
WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT GREATER THAN 10,000

TCP(6-8)-14

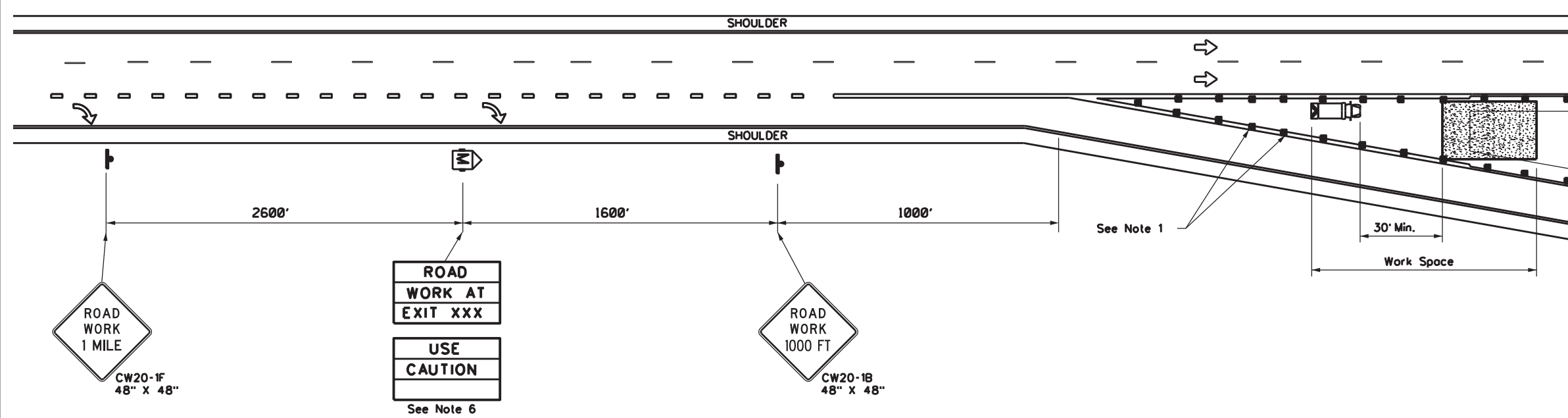
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© TxDOT February 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
22	LA SALLE, ETC.	29		

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:33 AM
 FILE: ...\\L-TCP\2-TCP\tcp6-9.dgn



TCP (6-9a)



TCP (6-9b)

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
45	L * WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(F) W=Width of Offset(F)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE				
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

- Place channelizing devices in the gore at 20' spacing.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) for sign details.
- The PCMS may be omitted when a permanent DMS sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for on the PCMS.
- When it is determined that a through lane should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) and TCP(6-8) for traffic control details.
- Truck mounted attenuators are required.
- The PCMS may be omitted if replaced with a "ROAD WORK 1/2 MILE" (CW20-1E).
- Roadway ADT should be less than 10,000.



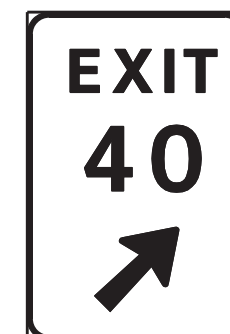
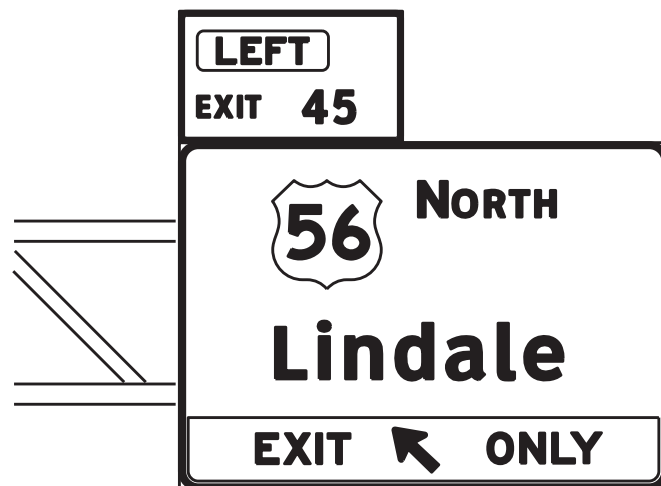
WORK IN EXIT GORE
 FOR ADT LESS THAN 10,000

TCP(6-9)-14

FILE: tcp6-9.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT February 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
DIST	22	COUNTY	LA SALLE, ETC.	SHEET NO. 30

REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERHEAD AND LARGE GROUND-MOUNTED SIGNS

TYPICAL EXAMPLES



GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign summary sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- Block legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod, or F). White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white FHWA lettering, when not specified in the SHSD or in the plans.

B	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Block legend shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- White legend and borders shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius need not be trimmed or rounded if fabricated from an extruded material.
- Sign substrate for ground-mounted signs shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative. Sign substrate for overhead signs shall be any material that meets DMS-7110. Exit Number Panels attached above the parent sign shall be made with the same substrate and sheeting as the parent sign.
- Mounting details of attachments to parent sign face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5). Mounting details of exit number panels above parent sign are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.
- Background sheeting shall be applied to the substrate per sheeting manufacturer's recommendations. Sheetting will not be allowed to bridge the horizontal gap between panels.
- Cut all legend, symbols, borders, and direct applied sign attachments at panel joints.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

<http://www.txdot.gov/>

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS

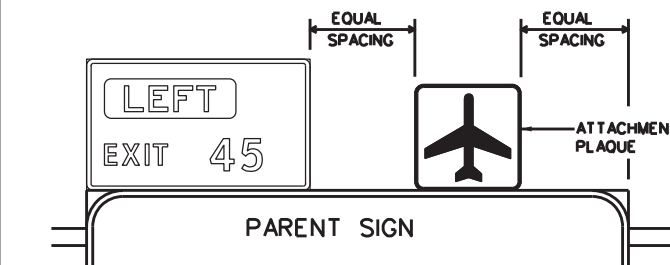
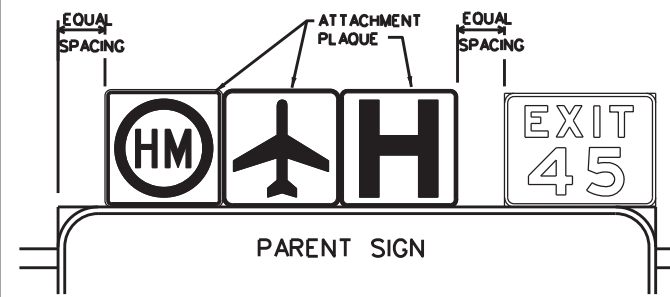
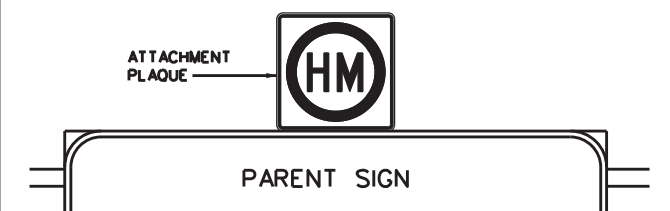
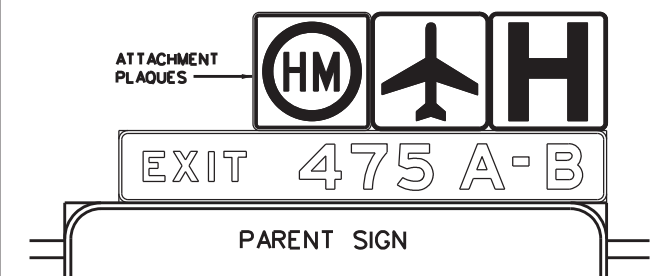
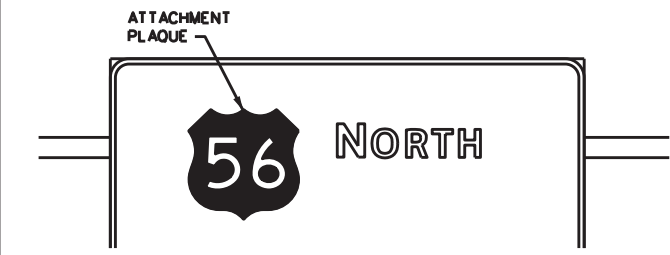
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:33 AM
FILE: ...\\2.-Signing\tsr1-13.dgn

				Traffic Operations Division Standard	
<h2>TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS</h2> <h3>TSR(1)-13</h3>					
FILE:	tsr1-13.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	October 2003	CONT:	6465	SECT:	79
REVISIONS:	12-03 7-13	DIST:	22	JOB:	001
9-08		COUNTY:	LA SALLE, ETC.	HIGHWAY:	IH35, ETC.
		SHEET NO.:			31

REQUIREMENTS FOR ATTACHMENTS TO OVERHEAD AND LARGE GROUND MOUNTED SIGNS



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
2. Route Marker legends (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod, or F).
3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
6. Colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to white background sheeting, or combination thereof.
7. Route markers and other attachments within the parent sign face shall be direct applied unless otherwise specified in the plans. Attachments not direct applied shall use 0.063 inch thick one piece sheet aluminum signs (Type A).
8. General Service Plaques shall be 0.080 inch thick and Routing Plaques shall be 0.100 inch thick.
9. The priority for Routing Plaques shall be (left to right) Hazardous Material, Airport then Hospital. See examples for mounting location.
10. Mounting details of attachments to parent signs face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5). Mounting details of sign plaque attachments above and below parent sign are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.
11. Plaques shall be horizontally centered at the top of the parent sign. If an exit number panel exists, the plaque shall be centered between the edge of the parent sign and the edge of the exit number panel. The plaque may be placed above the exit number panel when there is insufficient space.



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR EXIT ONLY AND LEFT EXIT PANELS

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERHEAD EXIT PANELS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	FLUORESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

GENERAL NOTES

1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). Individual panel sizes shown in the plans may be adjusted to fit actual parent sign sizes if necessary.
2. Exit Panel legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets E Series.
3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
4. Black legend shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to yellow background sheeting, or combination thereof.
5. Exit Only and Left Exit panels within the parent sign face shall be direct applied unless otherwise specified in the plans. Panels not direct applied shall use 0.063 inch thick one piece sheet aluminum signs (Type A).
6. Mounting details of Exit Only and Left Exit panel attachments to parent signs face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5).



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website:
<http://www.txdot.gov/>

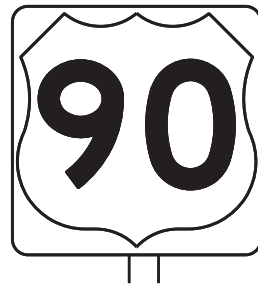
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:34 AM
 FILE: ...2.-Signing\tsr2-13.dgn

		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
<h1>TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS</h1>			
<h2>TSR(2)-13</h2>			
FILE: tsr2-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT
© TxDOT October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	6465	79	001
12-03 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
9-08	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	32

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

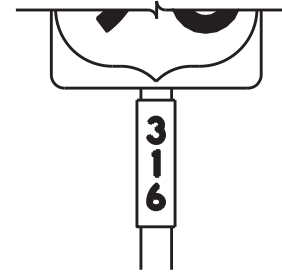
SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

B	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W
- Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS	
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

<http://www.txdot.gov/>



TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

FILE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	October 2003	CONT:	SECT:	JOB:	HIGHWAY:				
REVISIONS		6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.				
12-03	7-13	DIST:	COUNTY:	SHEET NO.:					
9-08		22	LA SALLE, ETC.	33					

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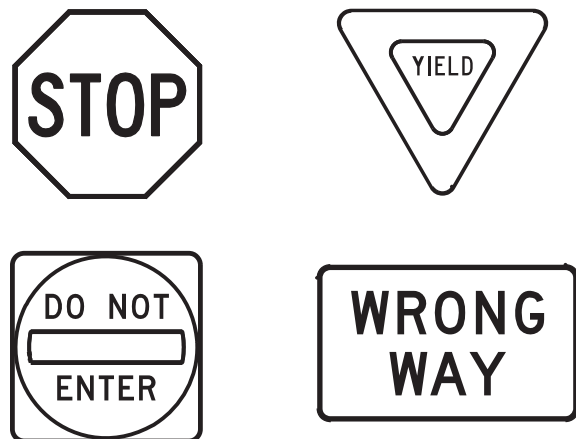
DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:34 AM
FILE: ...\\2.-Signing\tsr-3-13.dgn

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:34 AM
 FILE: ...\\2.-Signing\tsr-4-13.dgn

REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)



REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

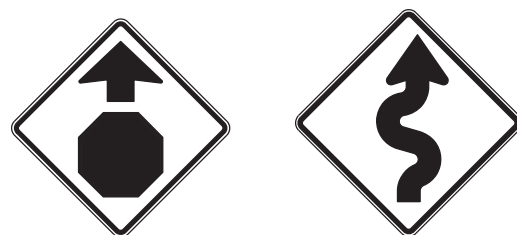
- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS	
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website:
<http://www.txdot.gov/>

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	FLUORESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS



TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	FLUORESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

Texas Department of Transportation		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
<h2>TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS</h2>			
<h3>TSR(4)-13</h3>			
FILE: tsr4-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT
© TxDOT October 2003	CONT: 6465	SECT: 79	JOB: 001
REVISIONS: 12-03 7-13 9-08	DIST: 22	COUNTY: LA SALLE, ETC.	HIGHWAY: IH35, ETC.
		SHEET NO.:	34

ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs



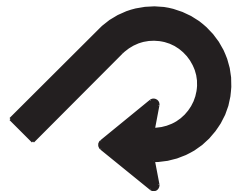
Type A



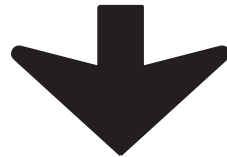
Type B



E-3



E-4



Down Arrow

TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-1	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single Lane Exits
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	
B-1	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple Lane Exits
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3	E5-1aT
E-4	E5-1bT

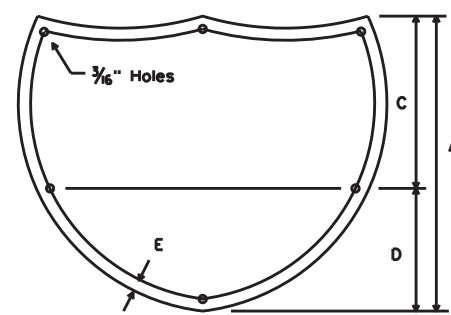
NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

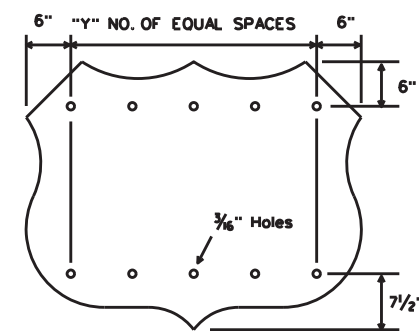
<http://www.txdot.gov/>

SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)



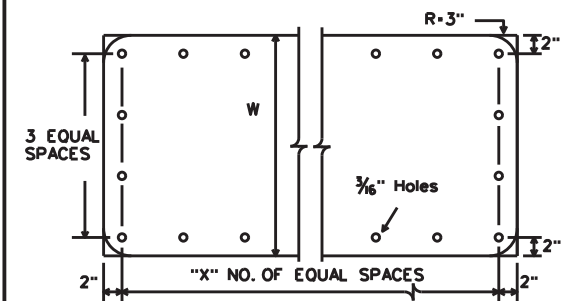
INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

A	C	D	E
36	21	15	1 1/2
48	28	20	1 3/4



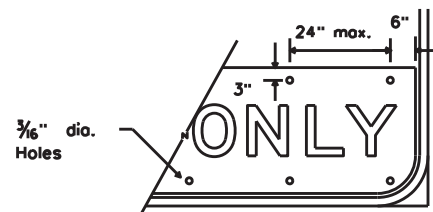
U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	"Y"
24x24	2
30x24	3
36x36	3
45x36	4
48x48	4
60x48	5



STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No. of Digits	W	X
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5



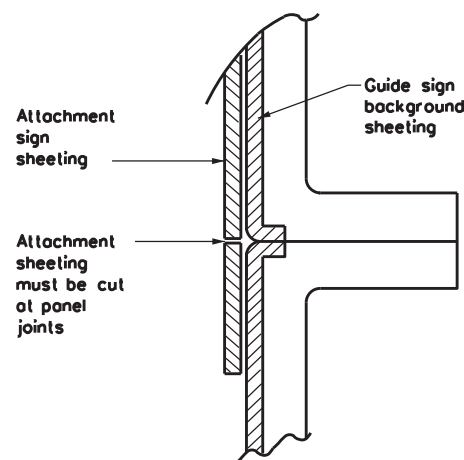
EXIT ONLY PANEL

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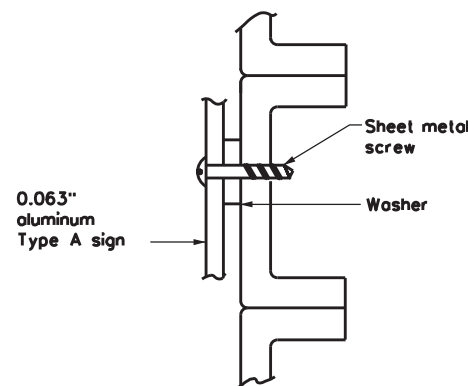
DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:34 AM
FILE: ...2_Signing\tsr-5-13.dgn

MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE

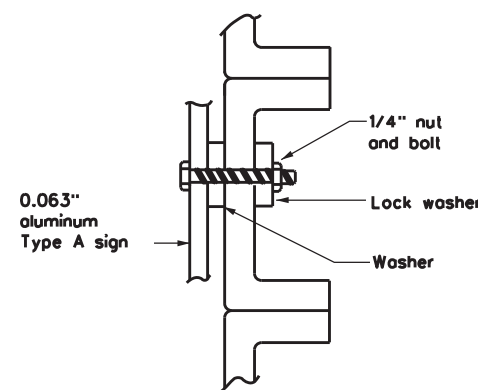
("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)



DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT



SCREW ATTACHMENT



NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

NOTE:

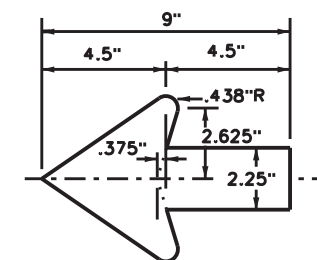
- Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".

NOTE:

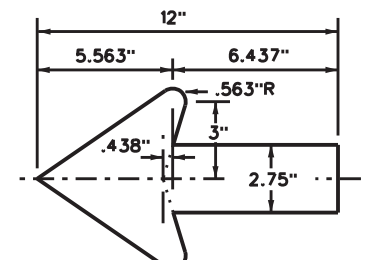
Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

ARROW DETAILS

for Destination Signs (Type D)



Standard arrow to be used with 6 inch letters.



Standard arrow to be used with 8 inch letters.



TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(5)-13

FILE: tsr5-13.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
12-03 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
9-08	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	35	

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES

(Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

- FRP • Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP))
- TWT • Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))
- 10BWC • 10 BWC Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- S80 • Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

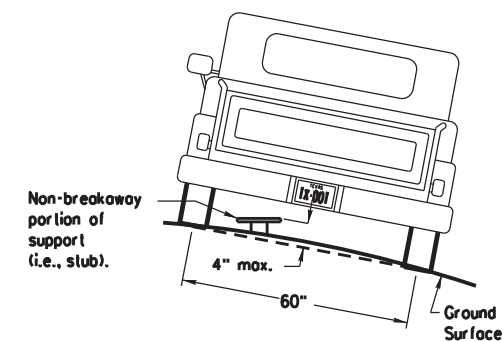
Anchor Type

- UA • Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
- UB • Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
- WS • Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP • Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA • Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB • Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

- P • Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))
- T • Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- U • Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- IF REQUIRED
- TEXT or 2EXT • Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- BM • Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- WC • 1.12 "/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- EXAL • Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

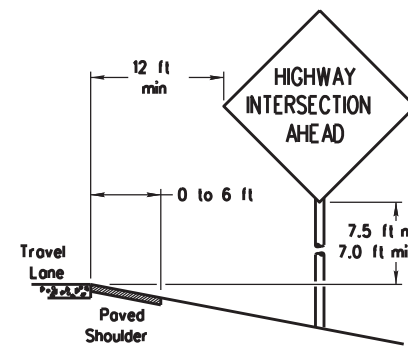
REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheelpaths).

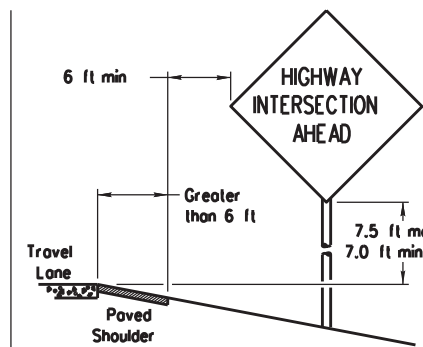
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

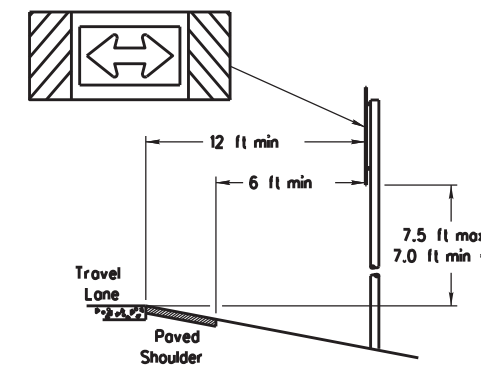
When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width, the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

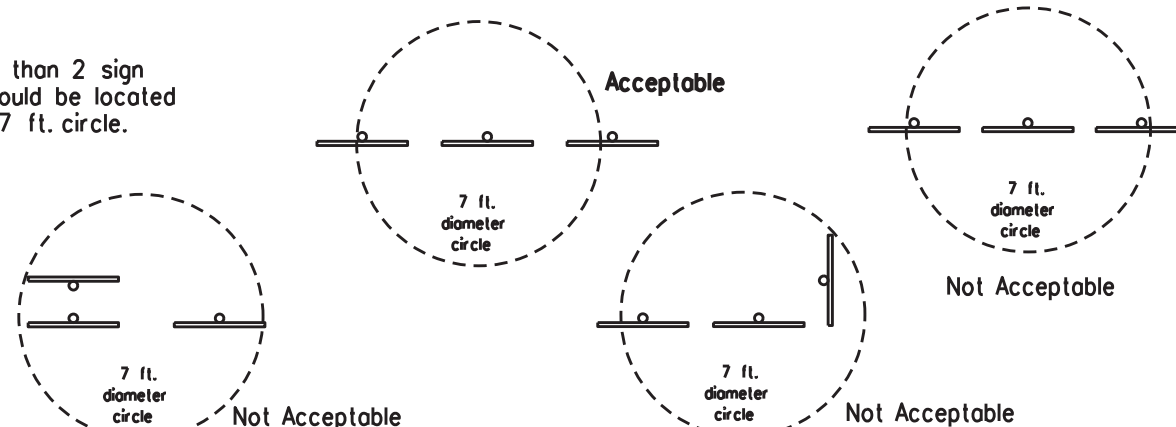
When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

T-INTERSECTION

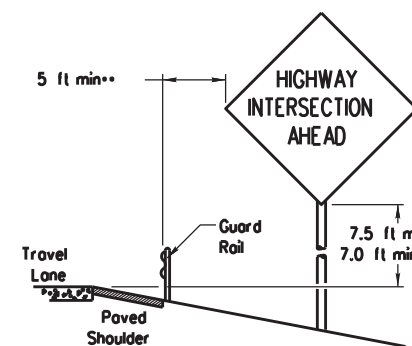


When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

No more than 2 sign posts should be located within a 7 ft. circle.

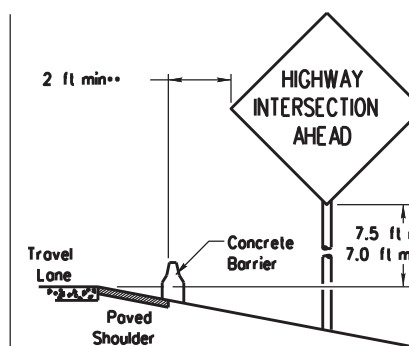


BEHIND BARRIER



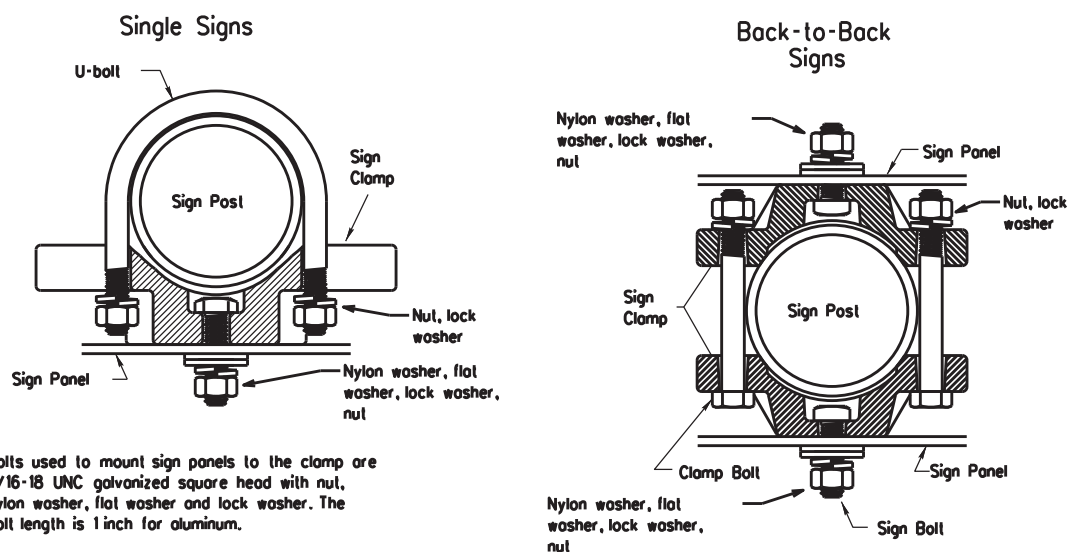
BEHIND GUARDRAIL

**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.



BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL



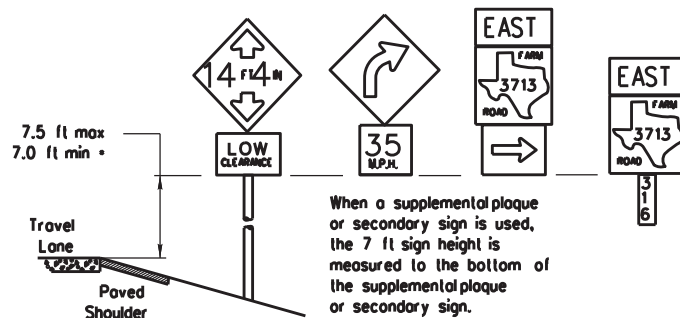
Balls used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The ball length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate ball lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The ball length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp or the universal clamp.

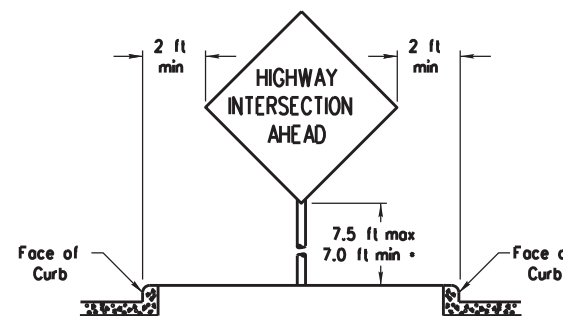
Pipe Diameter	Approximate Ball Length	
	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

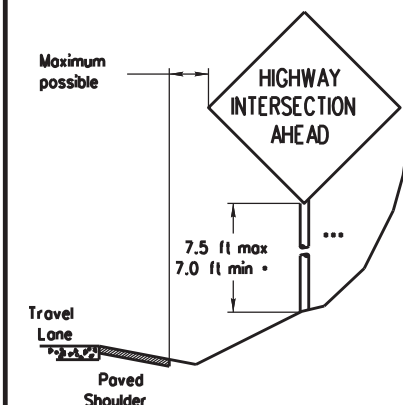


When a supplemental plaque or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque or secondary sign.

CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY (When 6 ft min. is not possible.)



Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme slope.

- Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
 - (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or
 - (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: <http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm>



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD(GEN)-08

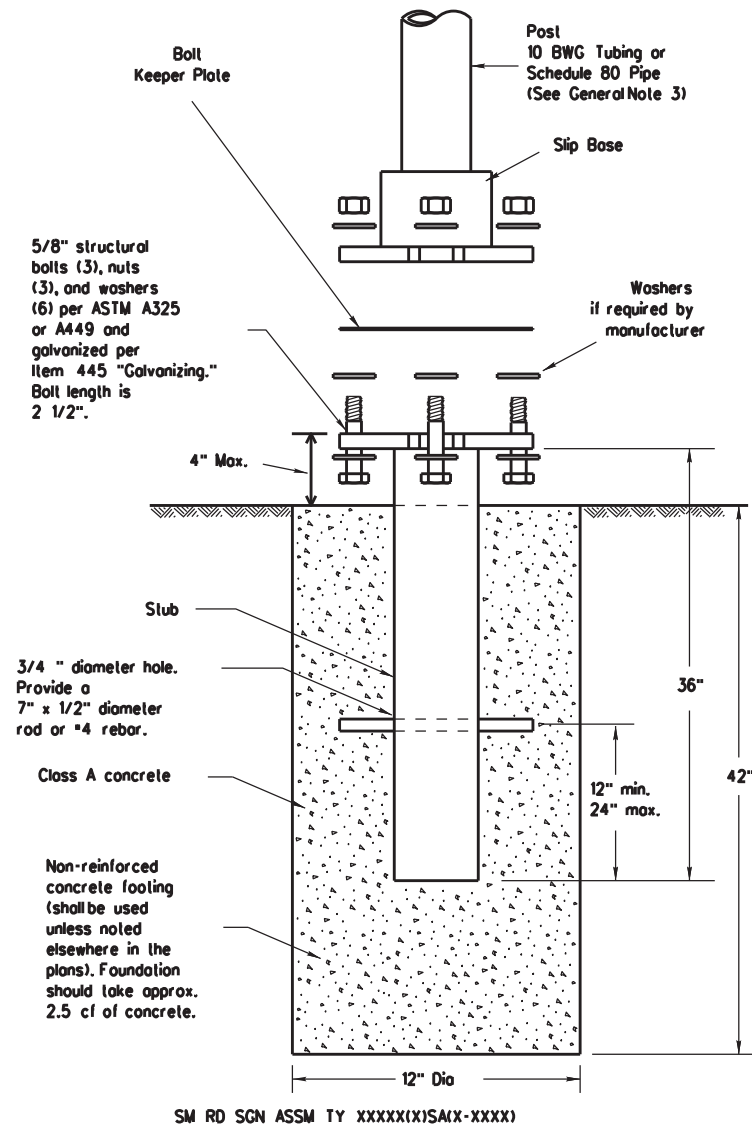
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9-08	REVISIONS	CONTRACT NO. 646579	JOB NO. 001	HIGHWAY I-35, ETC.
		DIST. 22	COUNTY LA SALLE, ETC.	SHEET NO. 36

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TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

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SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer_list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

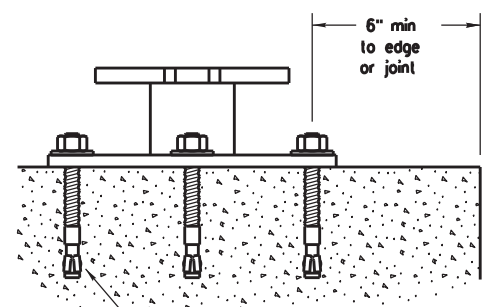
GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:
 - 10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)
 - 0.134" nominal wall thickness
 - Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe
 - Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008
 - Other steels may be used if they meet the following:
 - 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength
 - 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength
 - 20% minimum elongation in 2"
 - Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"
 - Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"
 - Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For pre-coated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.
 - Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)
 - 0.276" nominal wall thickness
 - Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C
 - Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:
 - 46,000 PSI minimum yield strength
 - 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength
 - 21% minimum elongation in 2"
 - Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"
 - Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"
 - Galvanization per ASTM A123
- See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: <http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm>
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

- Foundation**
- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
 - The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
 - Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
 - Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
 - The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.
- Support**
- Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight.
 - Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 8 places (embed a minimum of 5 1/2" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxyes and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

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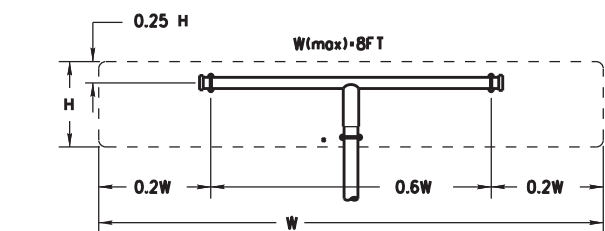
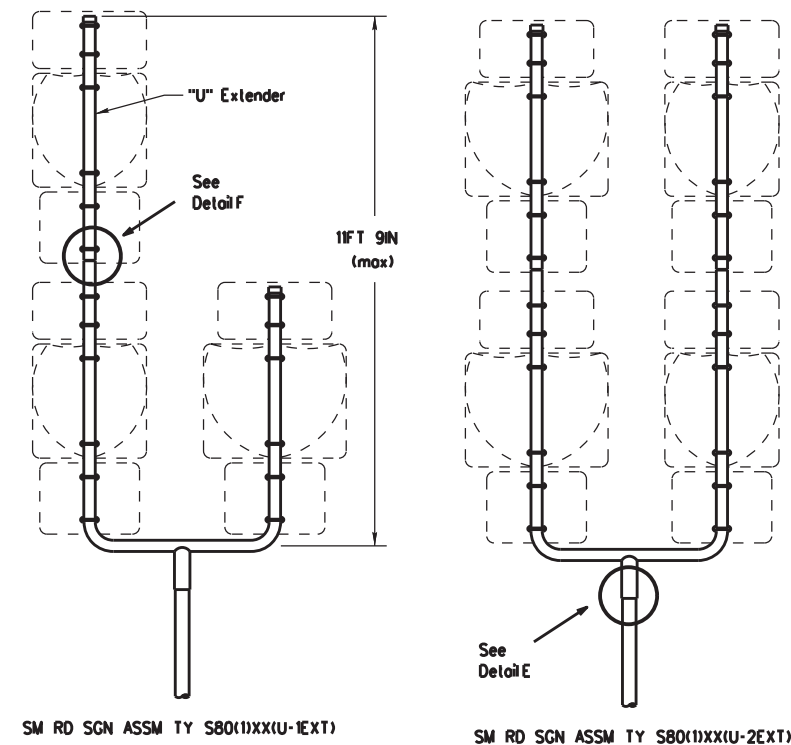
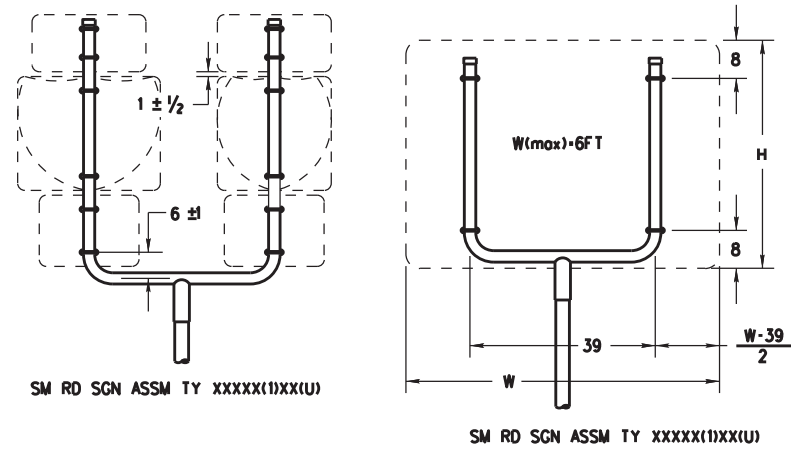
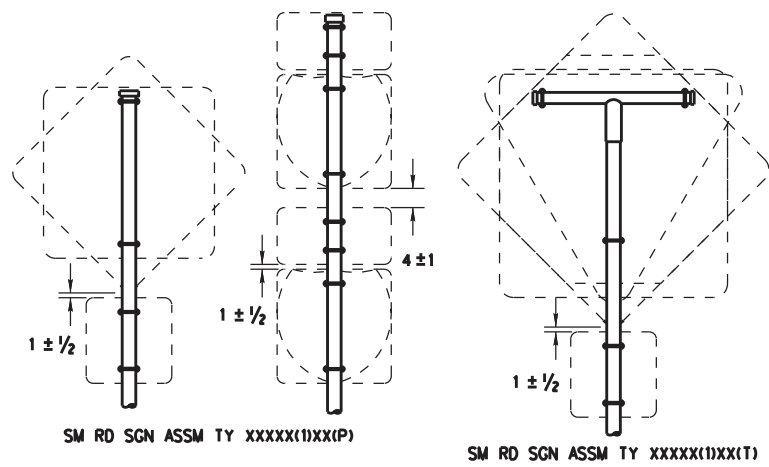
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS
SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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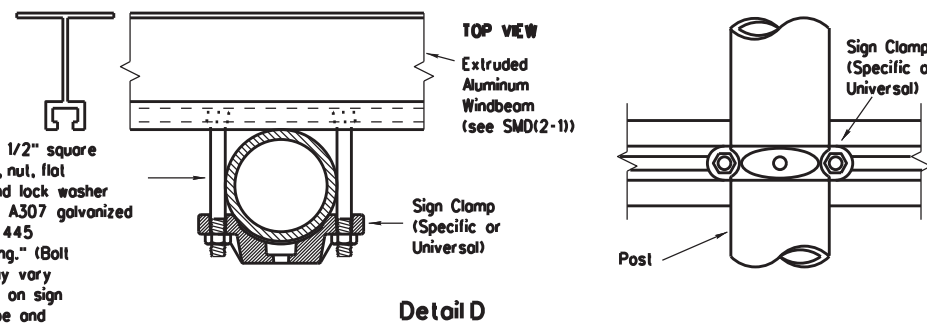
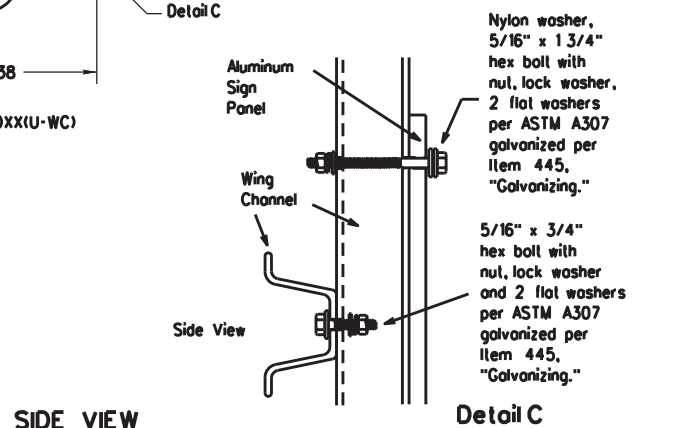
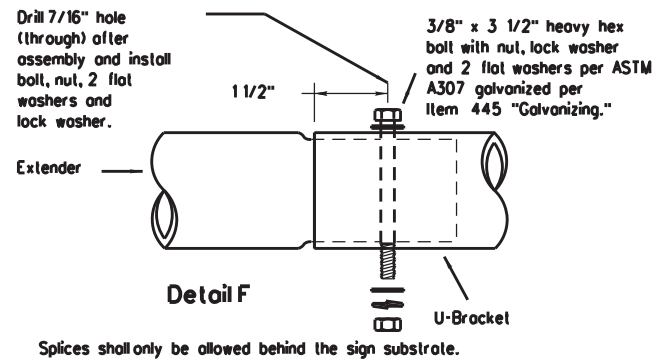
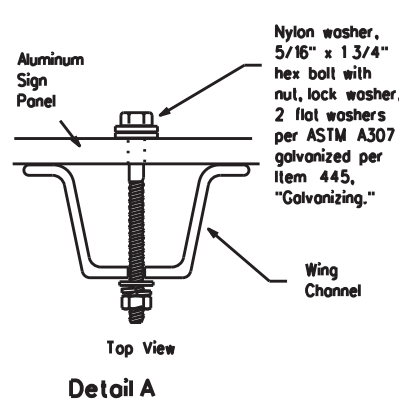
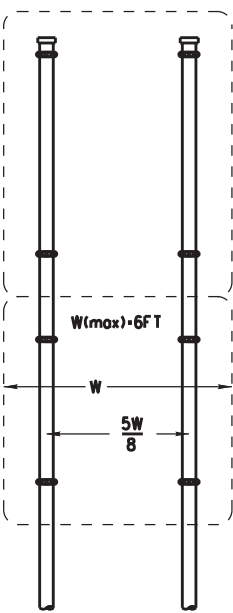
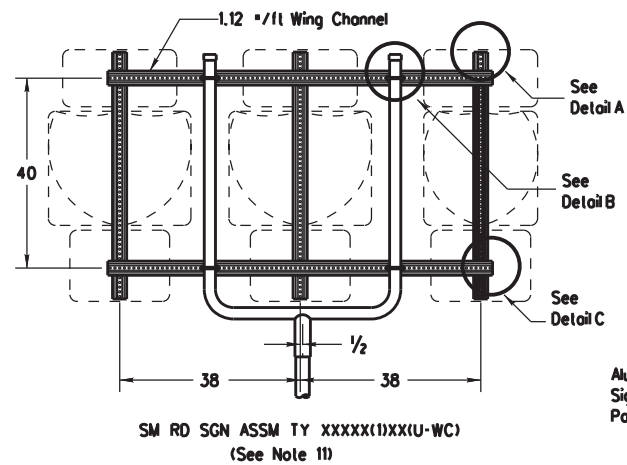
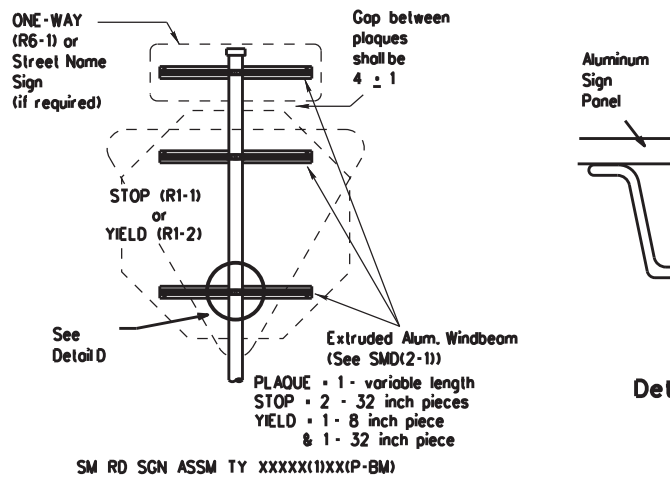
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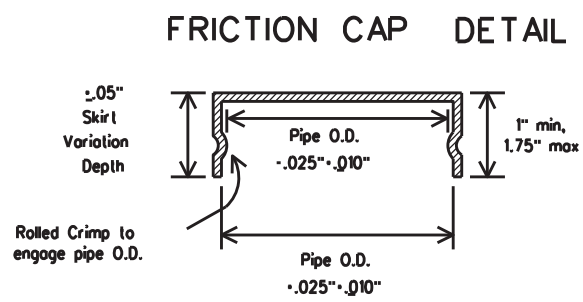


All dimensions are in english unless detailed otherwise.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T) (* - See Note 12)



3/8" x 3 1/2" square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per ASTM A307 galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." (Bolt length may vary depending on sign clamp type and pipe diameter.)



Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steelsheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

GENERAL NOTES:

- | SIGN SUPPORT | OF POSTS | MAX. SIGN AREA |
|--------------|----------|----------------|
| 10 BWC | 1 | 16 SF |
| 10 BWC | 2 | 32 SF |
| Sch 80 | 1 | 32 SF |
| Sch 80 | 2 | 64 SF |
- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWC where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
- When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

REQUIRED SUPPORT	
SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
	TY 10BWC(1)XX(P-BM)
60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
	TY 10BWC(1)XX(P-BM)
48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWC(1)XX(P-BM)
	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)

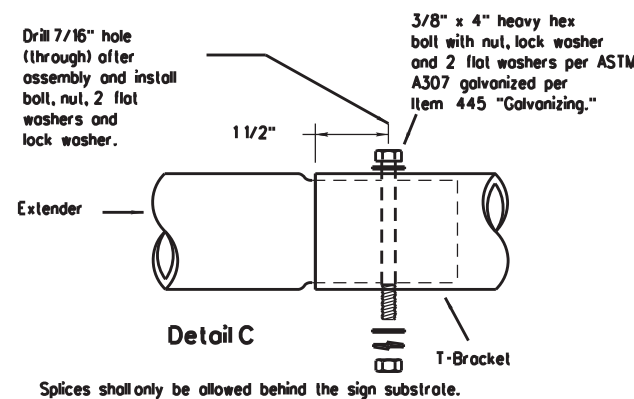
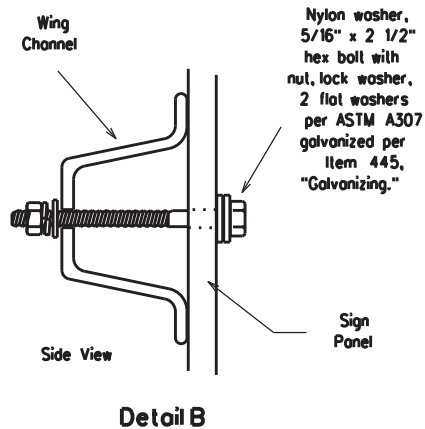
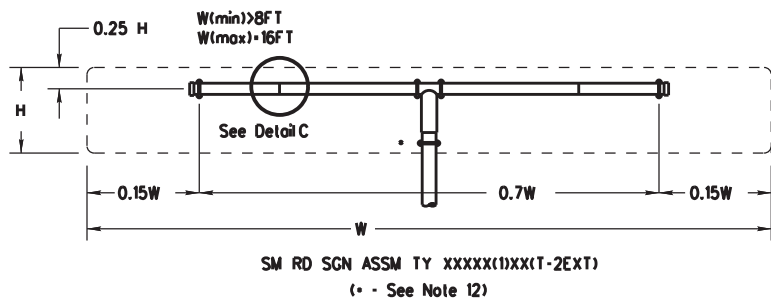
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SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS
SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM
SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
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	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	38	

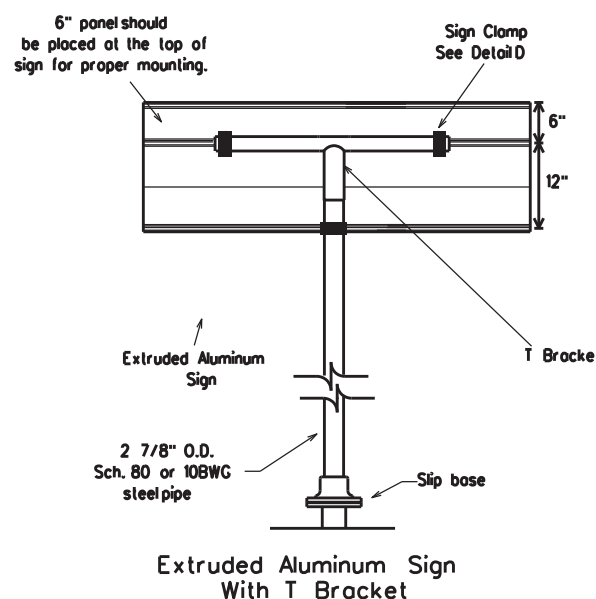
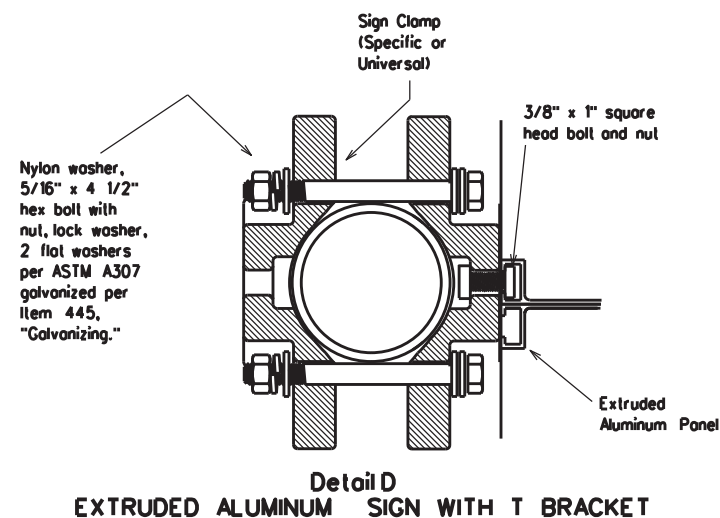
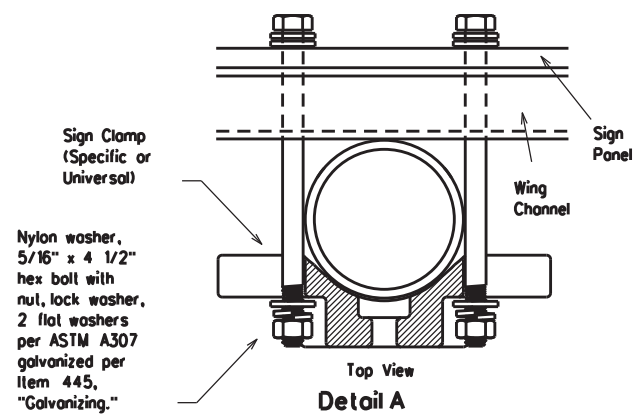
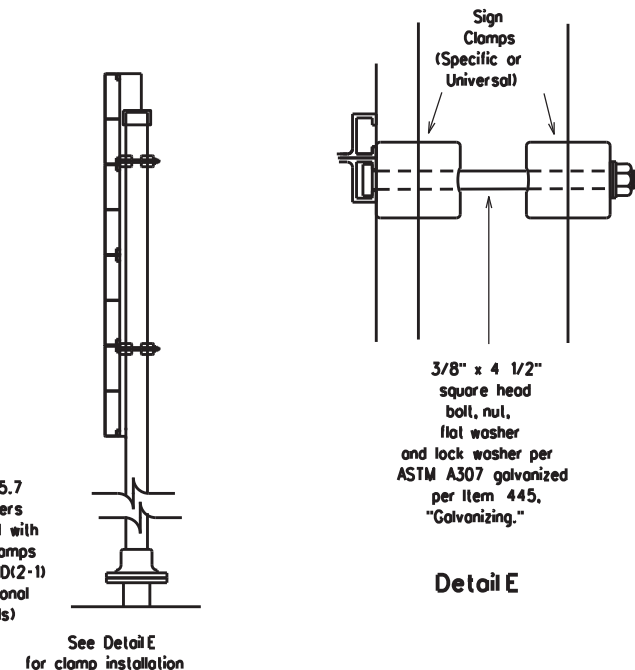
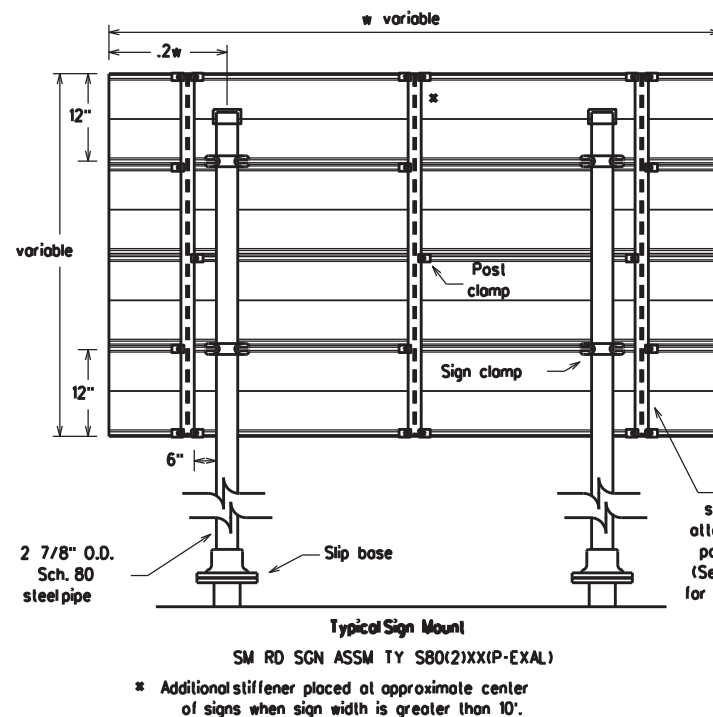
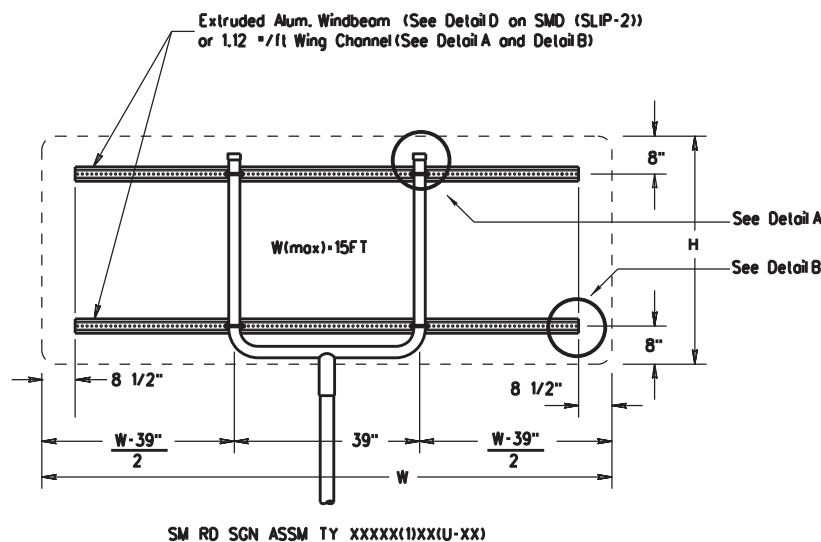
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GENERAL NOTES:

- | SIGN SUPPORT | # OF POSTS | MAX. SIGN AREA |
|--------------|------------|----------------|
| 10 BWC | 1 | 16 SF |
| 10 BWC | 2 | 32 SF |
| Sch 80 | 1 | 32 SF |
| Sch 80 | 2 | 64 SF |
- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWC where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
- When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.



REQUIRED SUPPORT	
SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T) TY 10BWC(1)XX(IP-BM)
60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T) TY 10BWC(1)XX(IP-BM)
48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T) TY 10BWC(1)XX(IP-BM)
36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)
Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWC(1)XX(T)

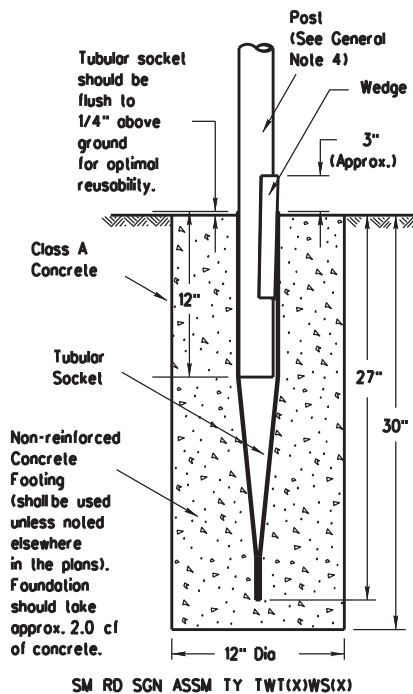
Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS
 SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS
 TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM
 SMD(SLIP-3)-08

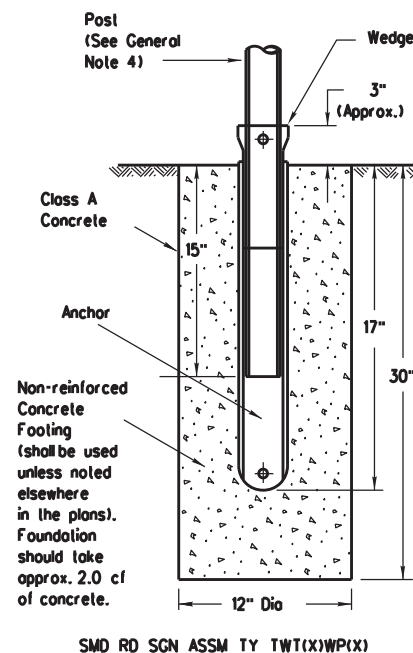
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				SHEET NO.
				39

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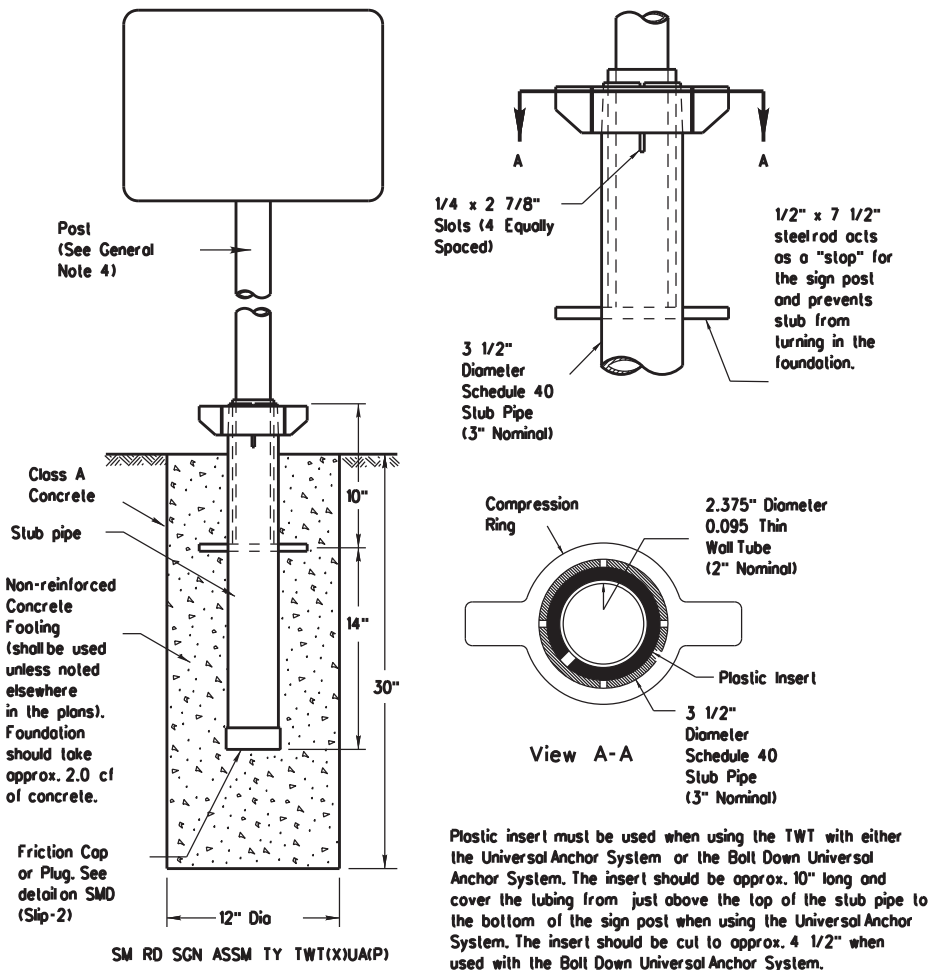
Wedge Anchor Steel System



Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System

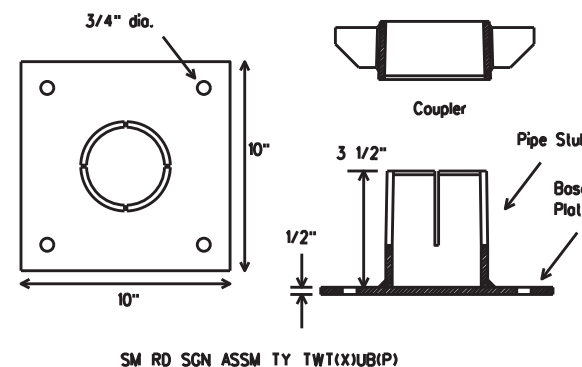


Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post

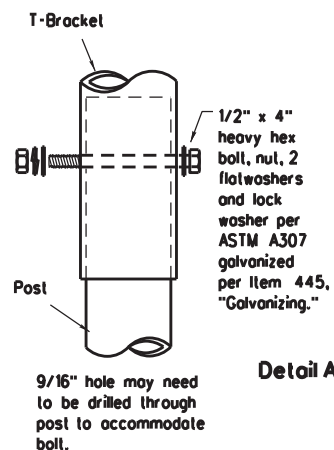
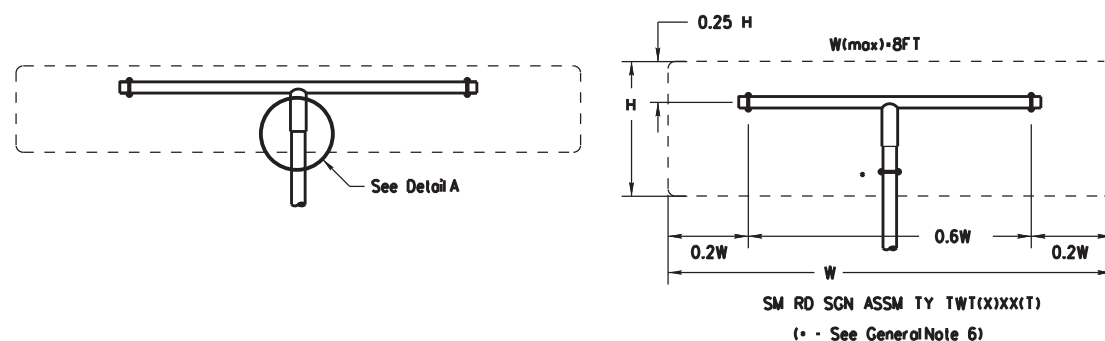


5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min. of 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxyes and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post



NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

GENERAL NOTES:

- The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer, Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer_list.htm
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:
 - 13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)
 - 0.095" nominal wall thickness
 - Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing
 - Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008
 - Other steels may be used if they meet the following:
 - 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength
 - 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength
 - 18% minimum elongation in 2"
 - Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099"
 - Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381"
 - Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For pre-coated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.
 - Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
 - Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
 - Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
 - See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: <http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm>

WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximately 1/4" above the concrete footing.
- Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer.
- Attach the sign to the sign post.
- Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- Attach the sign to the sign post.
- Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steelrod.
- Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.
- Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.

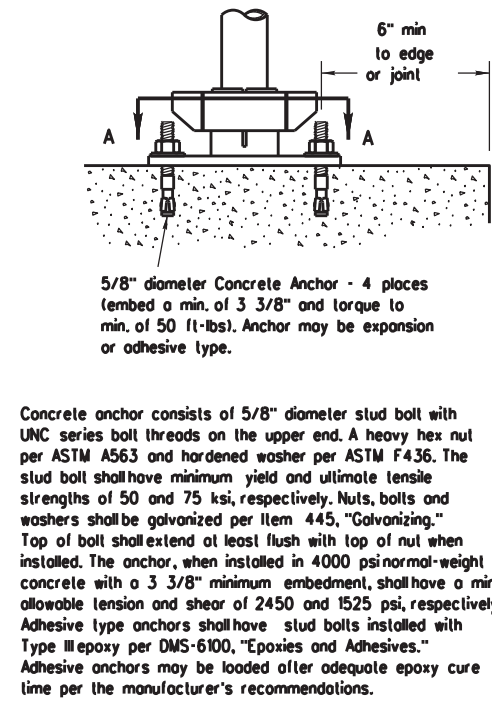
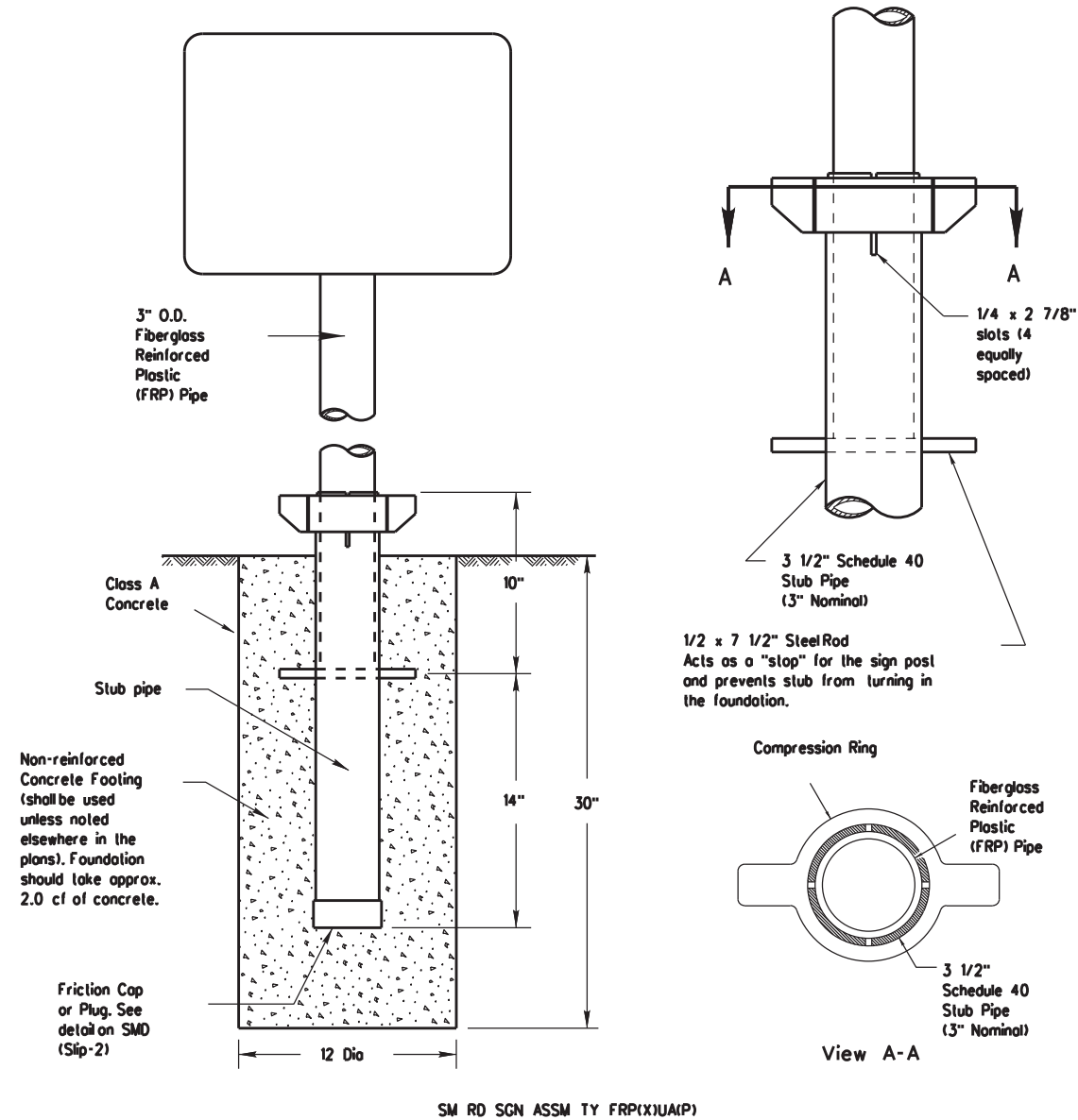


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD(TWT)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
		6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
		22	LA SALLE, ETC.	40	

Universal Anchor System with Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Post

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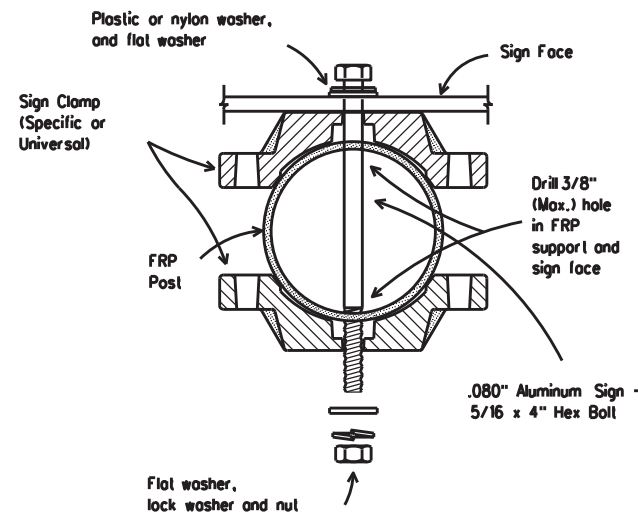
- GENERAL NOTES:**
- FRP sign supports for a single type sign support may be used for signs up to and including 16 square feet. Dual post installation may be used for signs up to and including 32 square feet.
 - All nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
 - See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps. The website address is: <http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm>

- FRP POST REQUIREMENTS**
- Materials shall conform to the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-4410 and will be furnished in a yellow or gray color as specified elsewhere in the plans.
 - Thickness of FRP sign support is 0.125" ± 0.031", - 0.0".
 - FRP sign supports are prequalified by the Traffic Operations Division. Prequalification procedures are obtained by writing:
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division
125 East 11th Street
Austin, Texas 78701-2483

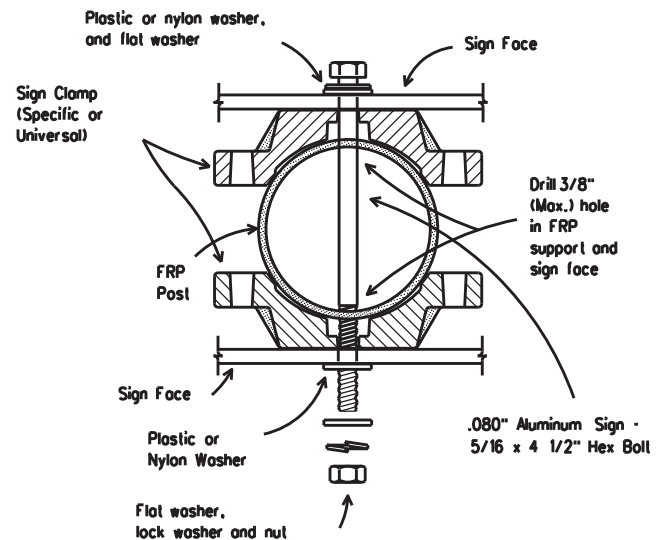
- UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURES**
- Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
 - The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
 - Insert base post in foundation hole to depths shown and fill hole with concrete. Cut base post from bottom and ensure a minimum of 18" embedment if installed in solid rock.
 - Level and plumb the base post with coupler using a torpedo level and let concrete set a minimum of 4 days, unless otherwise directed by Engineer. Bottom of base post slots shall be above the concrete footing.
 - Attach sign to FRP post.
 - Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on the steelrod.
 - Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
 - Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of coupler.

- BOLT DOWN SIGN SUPPORT**
- Position base plate with coupler on existing concrete.
 - Drill holes into concrete and insert the 5/8" diameter bolts with wedge anchors, and tighten nuts.
 - Attach sign to FRP post.
 - Insert bottom of sign post into pipe stub.
 - Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
 - Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of coupler.

Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Single Sign



Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Back-to-Back Signs



Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

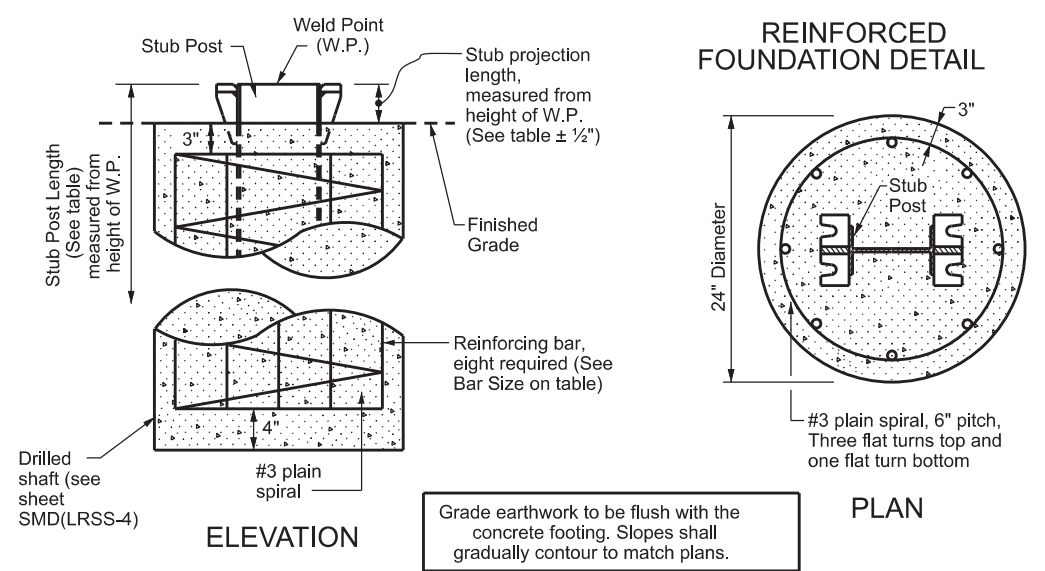
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM WITH FRP POST

SMD(FRP)-08

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9-08	REVISIONS		CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
			6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
			DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		22	LA SALLE, ETC.		41	

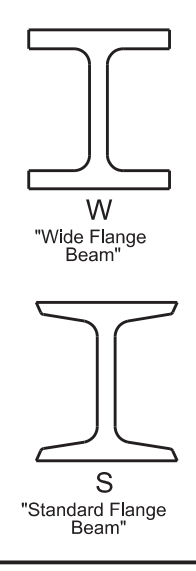
DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:36 AM
FILE: ...2.-Signing_smdfrp.dgn

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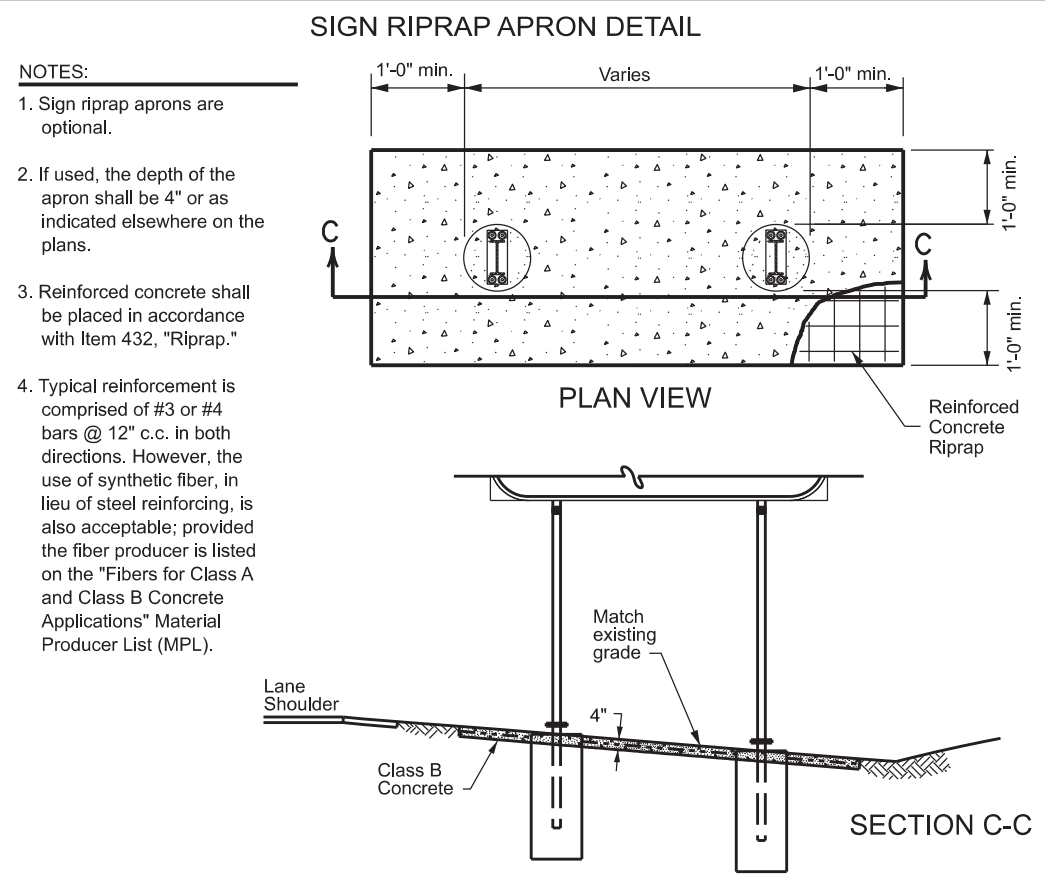
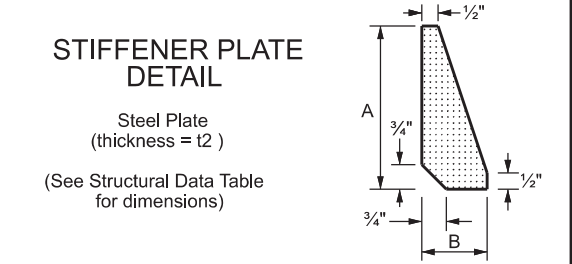
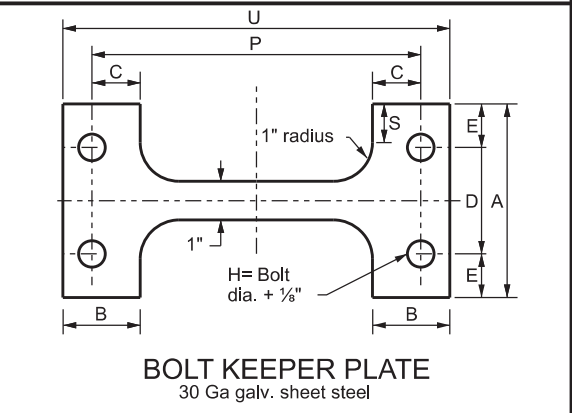
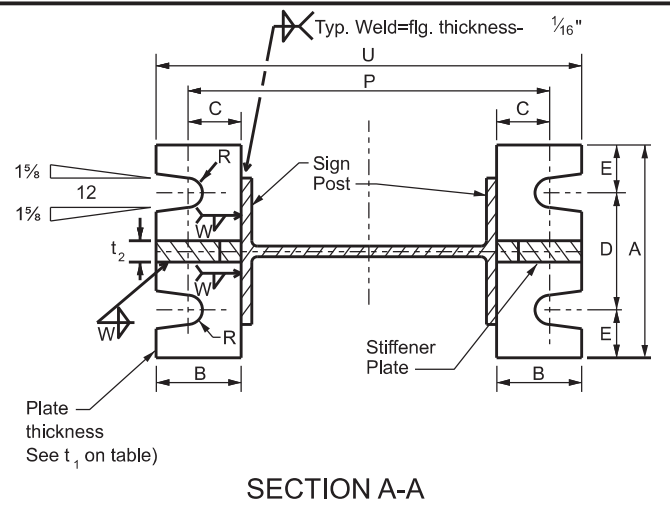
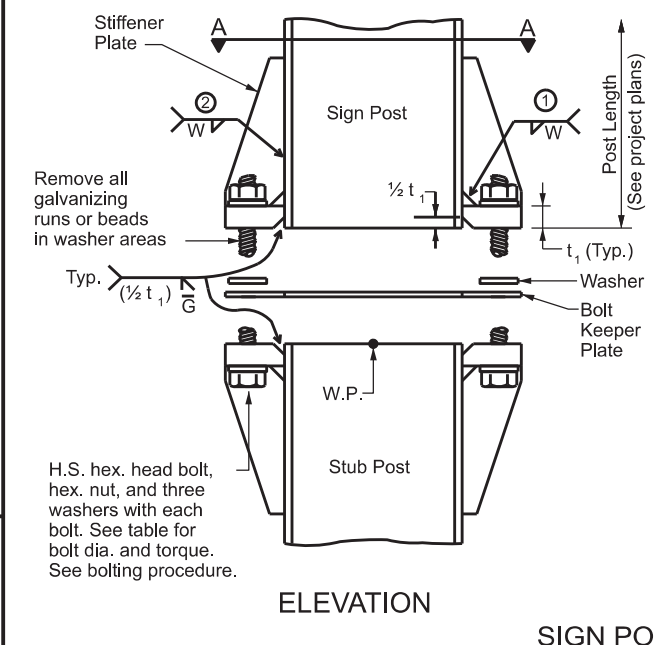
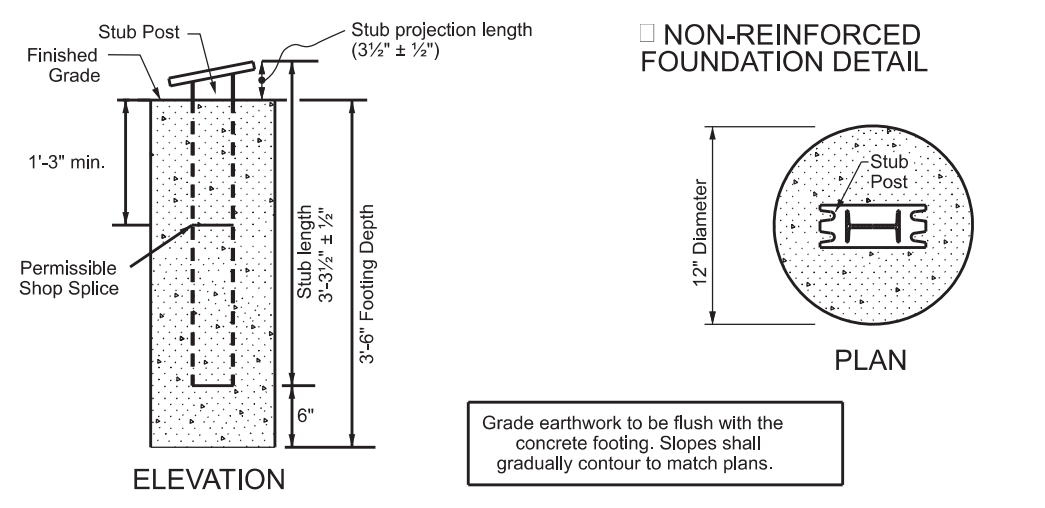


BOLTING PROCEDURE FOR ASSEMBLY OF BASE CONNECTION

1. Assemble sign post, BOLT KEEPER PLATE and stub post with bolts and three flat washers per bolt, as shown.
2. Shim as required, to plumb post.
3. Tighten all bolts to the maximum possible with a 12 to 15 inch wrench to clean bolt threads and to bed washers and to bed washers and shims.
4. Loosen each bolt in sequence and retighten bolts in a systematic order, to the prescribed torque. Do not overtighten.
5. To prevent nut loosening, burr threads of bolt at junction with nut using a center punch.

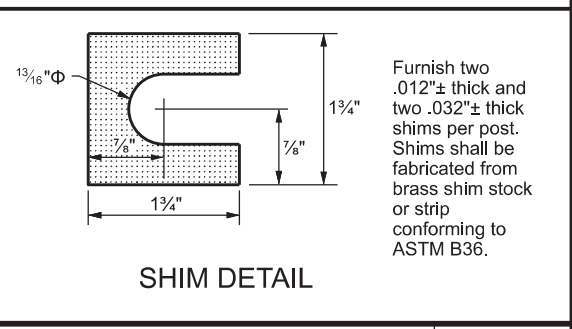
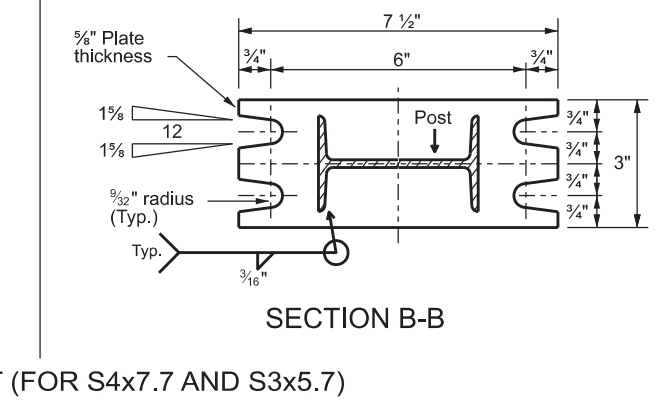
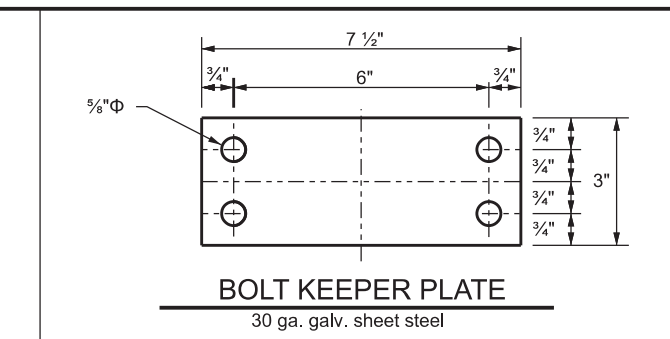
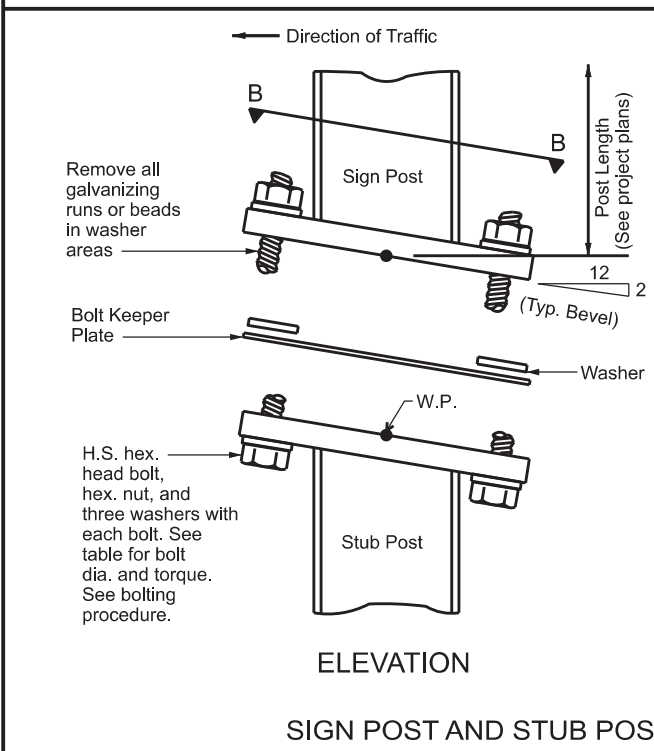


DIMENSIONS		BASE CONNECTION										BOLT KEEPER PLATE			FOUNDATION				
		A	B	C	D	E	t ₁	t ₂	W	R	P	S	U	Stub length	Stub projection	Drill Shaft diameter	Bar Size	Concrete Type	
W12x26	3/4"Φ x 3 1/2"										15"		16 3/4"	3'-0"	2 1/2"	24"	#11	C	
W10x22	7/8-750 inch pounds 62-63 foot pounds	6"	2 1/4"	1 3/8"	3 1/2"	1 1/4"	1"	3/4"	5/16"	13/32"	12 7/8"	1 1/2"	14 5/8"	3'-0"	2 1/2"		#9		
W8x21											11"		12 3/4"	3'-0"	2 1/2"		#8		
W8x18	5/8"Φ x 2 3/4"										10 5/8"		12 1/8"	2'-6"	3"	#7			
W6x15	440-450 inch pounds 36-38 foot pounds	5"	2"	1 1/4"	2 3/4"	1 1/8"	3/4"	1/2"	1/4"	11/32"	8 1/2"	1"	10"	2'-6"	3"	#6			
W6x9											8 3/8"		9 7/8"	2'-0"	3"	#5			
S4x7.7	1/2"Φ x 2 1/2"	See Sign Post Stub (S4x7.7 and S3x5.7)										See Sign Post Stub (S4x7.7 and S3x5.7)			3'-3 1/2"	3 1/2"	12"	Non-reinforced	A
S3x5.7	440-450 inch pounds 36-38 foot pounds																		



NOTES:

1. Sign riprap aprons are optional.
2. If used, the depth of the apron shall be 4" or as indicated elsewhere on the plans.
3. Reinforced concrete shall be placed in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
4. Typical reinforcement is comprised of #3 or #4 bars @ 12" c.c. in both directions. However, the use of synthetic fiber, in lieu of steel reinforcing, is also acceptable; provided the fiber producer is listed on the "Fibers for Class A and Class B Concrete Applications" Material Producer List (MPL).



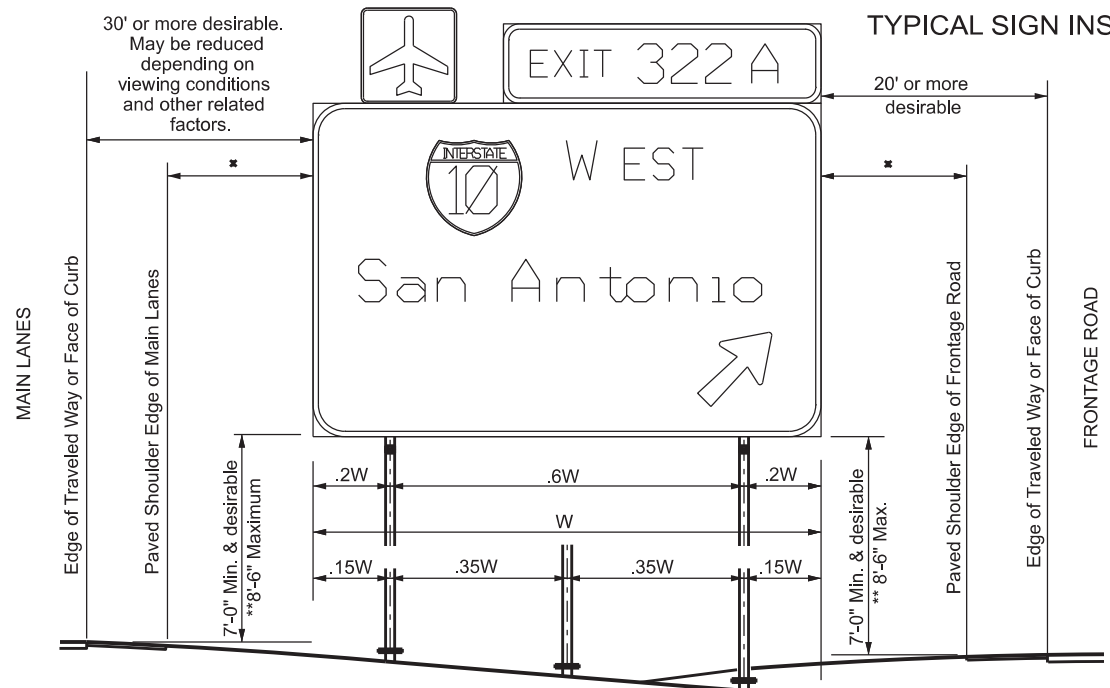
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS LARGE ROADSIDE SIGNS FOUNDATION & STUB

SMD(2-1)-24

FILE: smd(2-1)-24.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
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REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
8-95 5-24 4-98 9-08	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	42	

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LATERAL CLEARANCE NOTES:

1. Lateral clearances of signs mounted on the median side of the main lanes are the same as shown, where space will permit. Where a sign is to be located behind guardrail, an allowable minimum clearance of 5' may be used, measured from the face of the guardrail to the near edge of sign.
2. * 6' minimum and desirable may be used only in areas of limited lateral clearance and when approved by the Engineer.

POST SPACING NOTES:

1. Post spacing on a two post sign may be varied a maximum of ±10% of the total sign width to fit field conditions.
2. Post spacing on a three post sign may be varied a maximum of ±5% of the total sign width to fit field conditions.

SIGN HEIGHT NOTES:

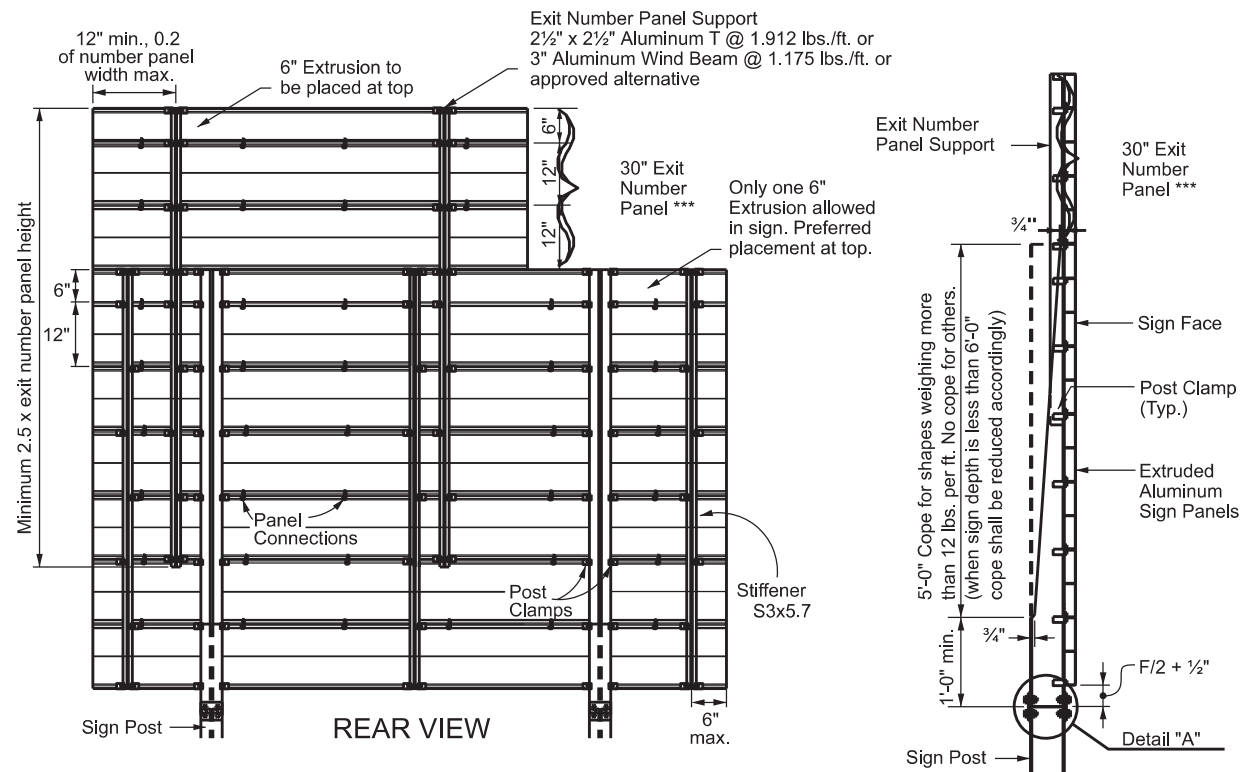
1. ** The 8'-6" maximum may be exceeded when placing signs on extreme slopes. In these conditions, a 7' minimum from natural ground to bottom of sign must be maintained.

GENERAL NOTES:

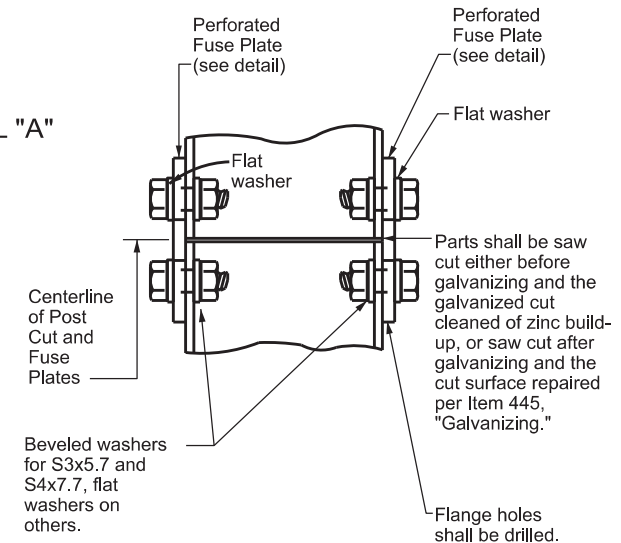
1. Exit number panel supports shall be ASTM A36 structural steel galvanized after fabrication, or ASTM B221 aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or approved alternative.
2. In accordance with DMS-7120, High-Strength (H.S.) Bolts, Nuts, and Washers shall be galvanized per ASTM Designation: B695 Class 50, or A153 Class C or D.
3. Posts, parent sign panels, and exit number panels shall comply with notes on sheets SMD(2-1) and SMD(2-3).
4. Signs (such as exit number panels) attached above a parent sign shall be made of the same type material as the parent sign. General Service and Routing sign plaques may be fabricated from flat sheet aluminum.
5. Exit number panel supports and other connection hardware required to fasten exit number panel to parent sign shall be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs".
6. Signs to be furnished shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. Refer to the "Typical Sign Requirements" standard for additional information.
7. *** Alternate exit number panel heights may be used, in accordance with the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD)."

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN HARDWARE	DMS-7120

ALUMINUM PARENT SIGN & EXIT NUMBER PANEL MOUNTING DETAILS



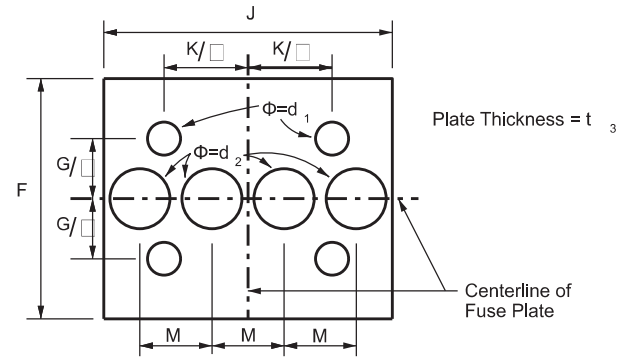
DETAIL "A"



STRUCTURAL DATA TABLE

DIMENSIONS	PERFORATED FUSE PLATE											
	Post Size	F	G	J	K	M	d ₁	d ₂	t ₃	Bolt Dia.	Wt. (ea.) (lbs.)	Bolt length
W12x26	6"	3"	6½"	3½"	1½"	1¾"	1½"	1½"	½"	¾"	4.47	2¼"
W10x22	6"	3"	5¾"	2¾"	1½"	1¾"	1½"	1½"	½"	¾"	4.03	2¼"
W8x21	5½"	2½"	5¼"	2¾"	1¼"	1¾"	1½"	1½"	¾"	¾"	3.35	2¼"
W8x18	5"	2½"	5¼"	2¾"	1¼"	1¾"	1½"	1½"	¾"	¾"	2.26	2¼"
W6x15	5"	2½"	6"	3½"	1½"	1¾"	1½"	1½"	¾"	¾"	2.51	2¼"
W6x9	4¼"	2"	4"	2¼"	1"	1¾"	1½"	1½"	¾"	¾"	1.01	1½"
S4x7.7	3¾"	1½"	2¾"	1½"	¾"	1¾"	1½"	1½"	¾"	¾"	0.60	1½"
S3x5.7												

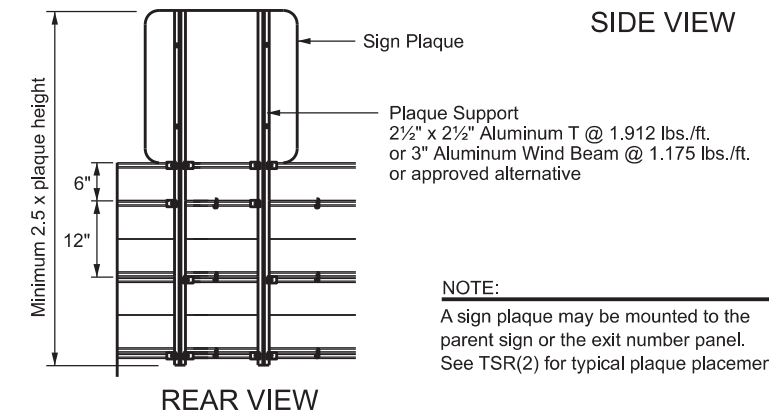
PERFORATED FUSE PLATE DETAIL



NOTE:

Use H.S. hex head bolts, hex head nut, and bevel or flat washer (where req'd) under nut. All holes shall be drilled, sub-punched, and reamed. All plate cuts shall preferably be saw cuts. However, flame cutting will be permitted, provided all edges are ground. Metal projecting beyond the plane of the plate face will not be permitted. Steel fuse plates shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A36. ASTM A572 Grade 50 or ASTM A588 may be substituted for A36 at the option of the fabricator. Mill test reports shall be submitted for Fuse Plates. Steel used shall have an ultimate tensile strength not to exceed 80 KSI. For alternative Fuse Plates, contact the Traffic Safety Division.

SIGN PLAQUE MOUNTING DETAIL



NOTE:

A sign plaque may be mounted to the parent sign or the exit number panel. See TSR(2) for typical plaque placement.

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS
LARGE ROADSIDE SIGNS
EXTRUDED ALUMINUM

SMD(2-2)-24

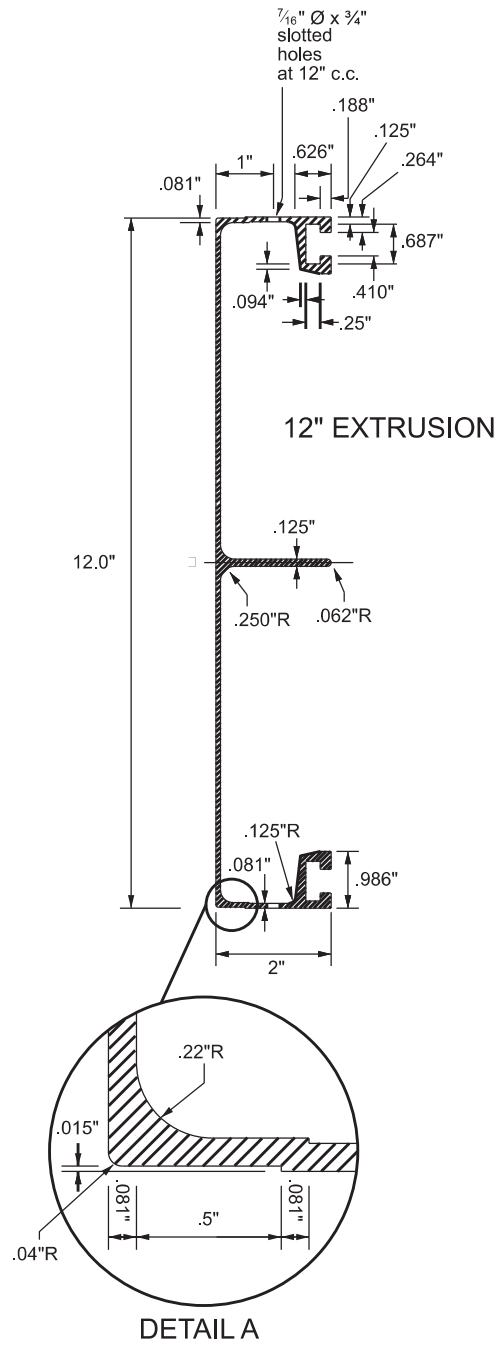
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© TxDOT	May 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB
		6465	79	001
				IH35, ETC.
8-95		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
9-08		22	LA SALLE, ETC.	43
5-24				

27B

DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:38 AM
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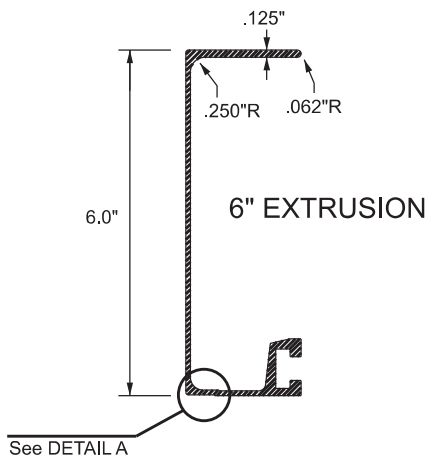
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ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL EXTRUSION DETAILS



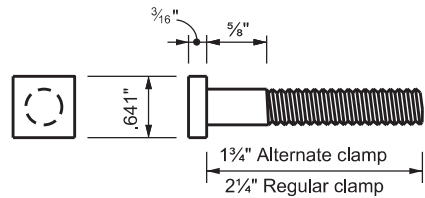
12" EXTRUSION

DETAIL A



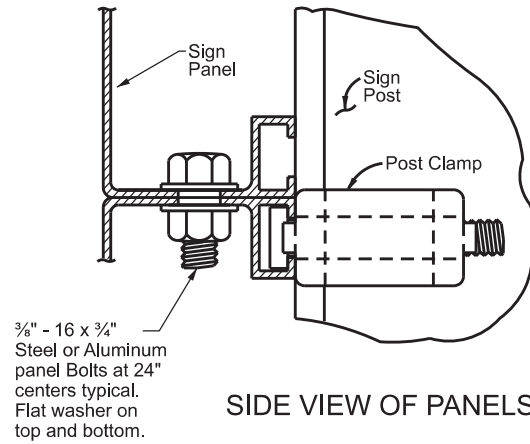
6" EXTRUSION

See DETAIL A



POST CLAMP BOLT DETAIL

PANEL CONNECTION DETAIL



SIDE VIEW OF PANELS

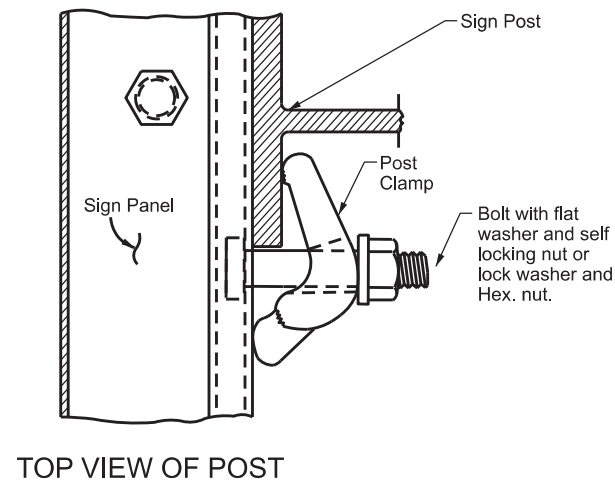
GENERAL NOTES:

1. Design conforms with the 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals (Large Roadside Signs with a 25-year Mean Recurrence Interval, MRI, and Overhead Signs with a 50-year MRI).
2. Materials and fabrication shall conform to the requirements of the Department Material Specifications.
3. Structural steel shall be "low-alloy steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures."

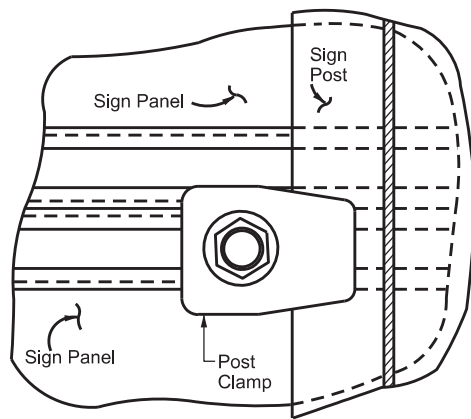
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN HARDWARE	DMS-7120

POST CONNECTION DETAIL

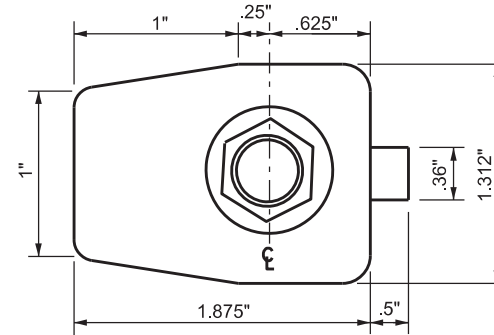


TOP VIEW OF POST

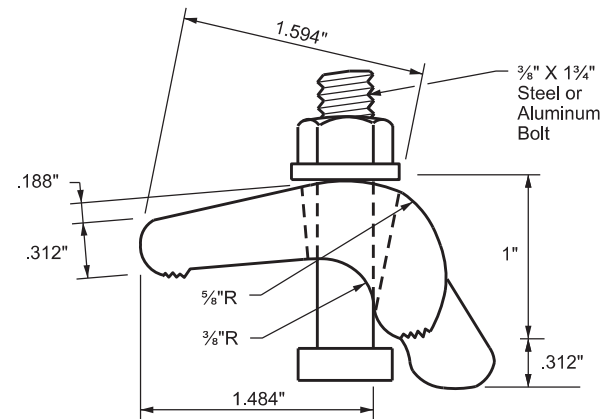


TOP VIEW OF CLAMP

REGULAR POST CLAMP DETAIL



PLAN

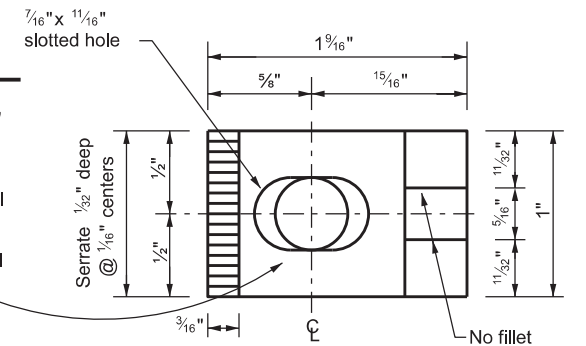


ELEVATION

ALTERNATE POST CLAMP DETAIL

NOTE:

Centerline of hole for 3/8" diameter squarehead bolt x 2 1/4" long with a flat washer and self-locking nut, or lock washer and hex. nut. Bolt head dimensions shall be in accordance with ANSI B 18.2.1 as referred to in the AISC Manual of steel construction. Bolt assembly shall be galvanized.

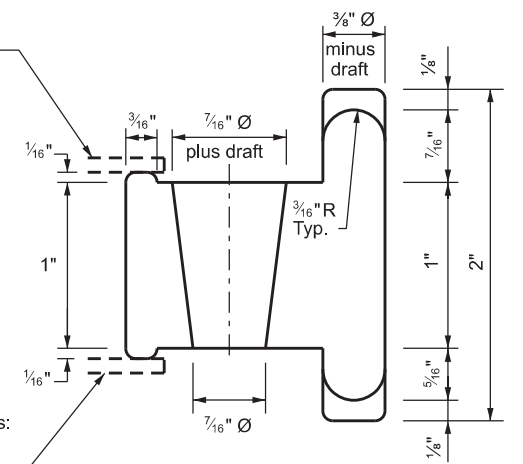


PLAN

Beam flange of W shapes: 7/16" leg of clamp toward W shapes 15 lbs./ft. and greater.

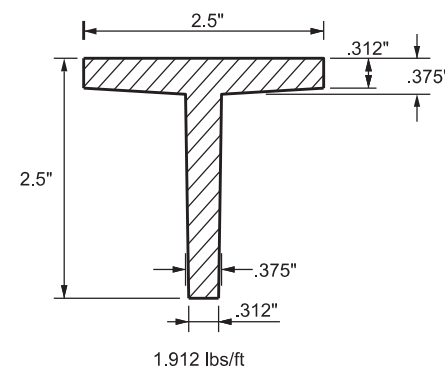
Post Clamp to be ASTM B26 or B108 cast Aluminum alloy 356.0-T6 (.173 lbs. each)

Beam flange of W and S shapes: 5/16" leg of clamp toward W and S shapes 12 lbs./ft. and less.



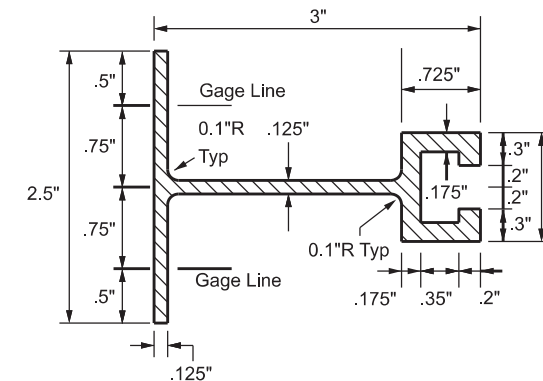
ELEVATION

ALUMINUM T SECTION OR APPROVED ALTERNATIVE



WINDBEAM CROSS SECTION

Windbeam to be extruded aluminum (1.175 lbs./ft.) or approved alternative



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SIGN PANELS & HARDWARE EXTRUDED ALUMINUM

SMD(2-3)-24

FILE: smd(2-3)-24.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT	May 2024	CON: 6465	SECT: 79	JOB: 001
REVISIONS		DIST: 22	COUNTY: LA SALLE, ETC.	SHEET NO.: 44

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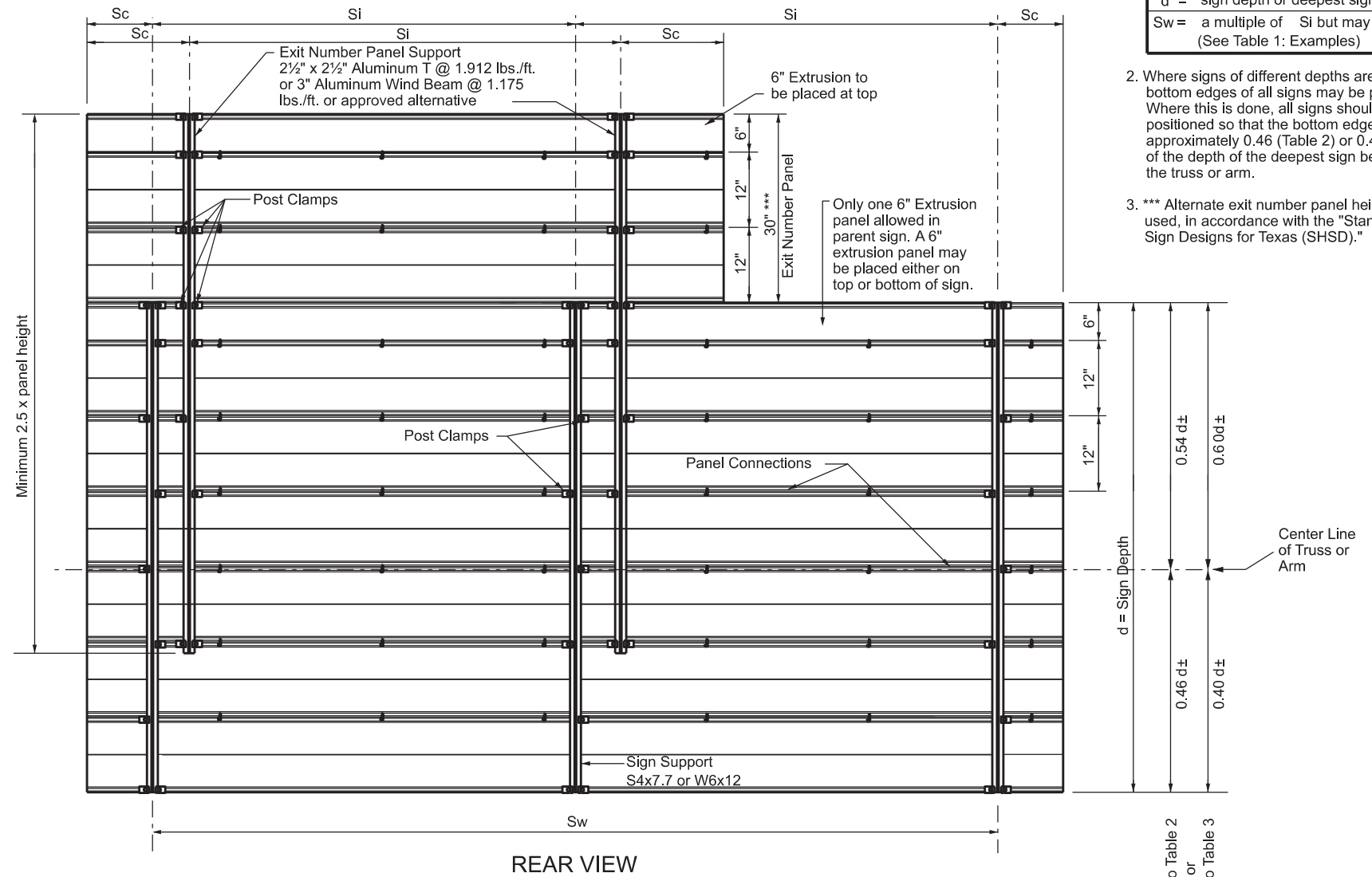
TABLE 1							
EXAMPLES (FOR DETERMINING S_i and S_w)							
NO.	SUPPORT	ZONE	"d"	EXIT PANEL	S_i	S_w	COMMENT
1	S4x7.7 SPLIT 54%-46%	1	15.0	YES	5.0	10.0	$S_w = 2x(S_i)$
2		2	14.0	YES	7.5	7.5	$S_w = S_i$
3		1	15.0	NO	8.5	8.5	$S_w = S_i$
4		3	14.0	NO	10.0	10.0	$S_w = S_i$

Values shown for S_i are maximum values. S_i may be varied for different sign lengths and Truss mounting conditions. S_w should not exceed two times S_i (Max.) or 10 feet.

TABLE 2										
SPLIT 54%-46%										
MAXIMUM SIGN SUPPORT SPACING " S_i " (FEET)										
Bracket Type	"d" Deepest Sign in Group (feet)	EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS								
		WITH EXIT NUMBER PANELS				WITHOUT EXIT NUMBER PANELS				
		WIND ZONE				WIND ZONE				
		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
S4x7.7	17	3.5	4.5	5.5	7	6	7.5	9	10	10
	16	4	5	6	8	7	9	10	10	10
	15	5	7	8	10	8.5	10	10	10	10
	14	6	7.5	9.5	10	10	10	10	10	10
	13	7.5	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	12	8.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	< 11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W6x12	20	6.5	8	9.5	10	10	10	10	10	10
	19	7.5	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	18	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	17	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	16	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	15	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	14	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	13	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	12	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
		< 11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

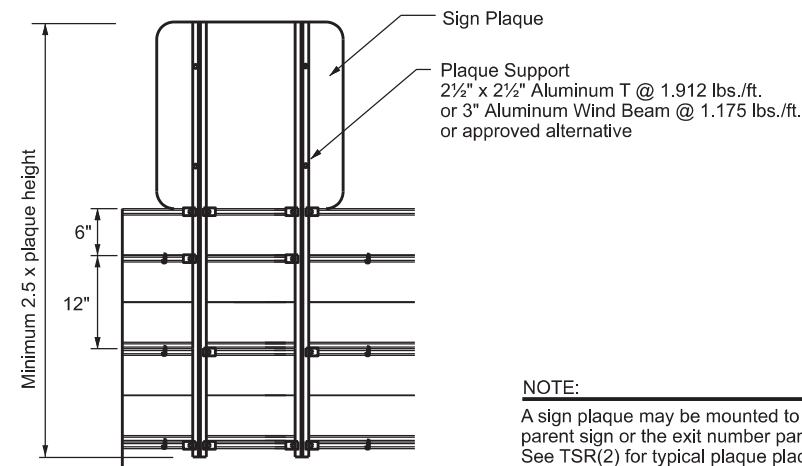
TABLE 3										
SPLIT 60%-40%										
MAXIMUM SIGN SUPPORT SPACING " S_i " (FEET)										
Bracket Type	"d" Deepest Sign in Group (feet)	EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS								
		WITH EXIT NUMBER PANELS				WITHOUT EXIT NUMBER PANELS				
		WIND ZONE				WIND ZONE				
		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
S4x7.7	15	3.5	4.5	5.5	7	6	7.5	9.5	10	10
	14	4	5	6.5	8	7.5	9.5	10	10	10
	13	5	6	7.5	9	9.5	10	10	10	10
	12	6	7	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
	< 11	7	8.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W6x12	20	5	6	7	9.5	7	9	10	10	10
	19	5.5	6.5	8	10	8	10	10	10	10
	18	6	7.5	9	10	9.5	10	10	10	10
	17	7	8.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	16	8	9.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	15	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	14	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	13	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	12	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	< 11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

ALUMINUM PARENT SIGN & EXIT NUMBER PANEL MOUNTING DETAILS



REAR VIEW

SIGN PLAQUE MOUNTING DETAIL



REAR VIEW

GENERAL NOTES:

- | Variables |
|--|
| $S_c = 6"$ Min., $.25 S_i$ Max. |
| $S_i =$ Max. sign support spacing (feet) |
| $d =$ sign depth or deepest sign in group |
| $S_w =$ a multiple of S_i but may not exceed 10' (See Table 1: Examples) |
- Where signs of different depths are used, the bottom edges of all signs may be placed in line. Where this is done, all signs should be positioned so that the bottom edges are approximately 0.46 (Table 2) or 0.40 (Table 3) of the depth of the deepest sign below the \square of the truss or arm.
- *** Alternate exit number panel heights may be used, in accordance with the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD)."

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN HARDWARE	DMS-7120



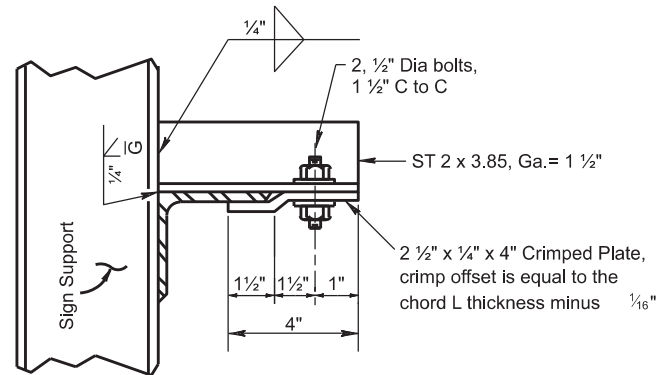
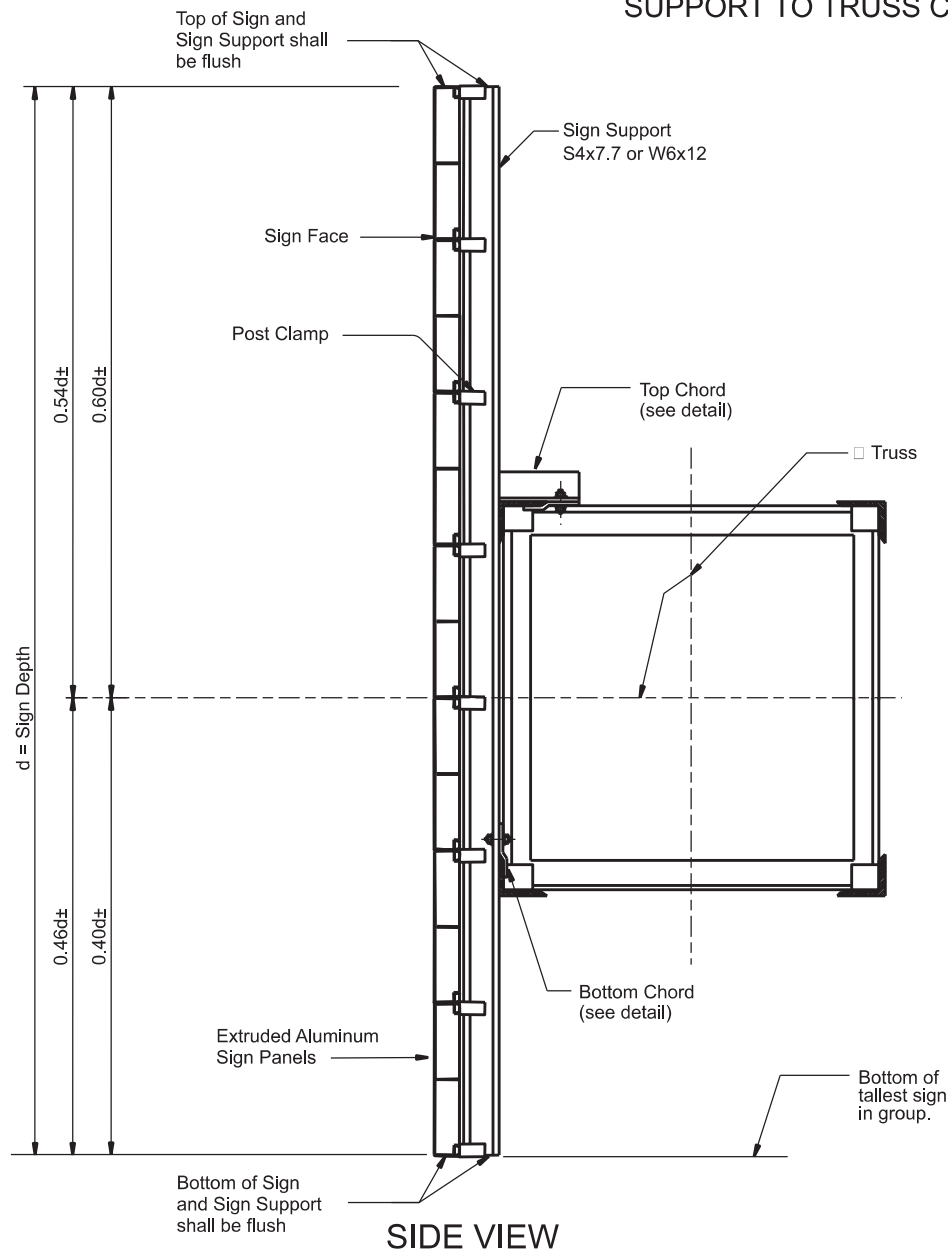
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS OVERHEAD SIGNS EXTRUDED ALUMINUM

SMD(2-4)-24

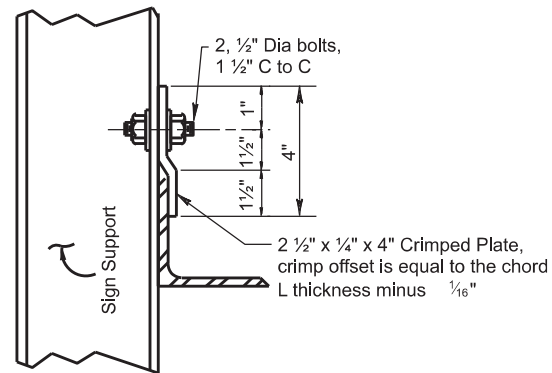
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© TxDOT	May 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB
		6465	79	001
		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
		22	LA SALLE, ETC.	45

SUPPORT TO TRUSS CONNECTION - COSS AND OSB

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TOP CHORD

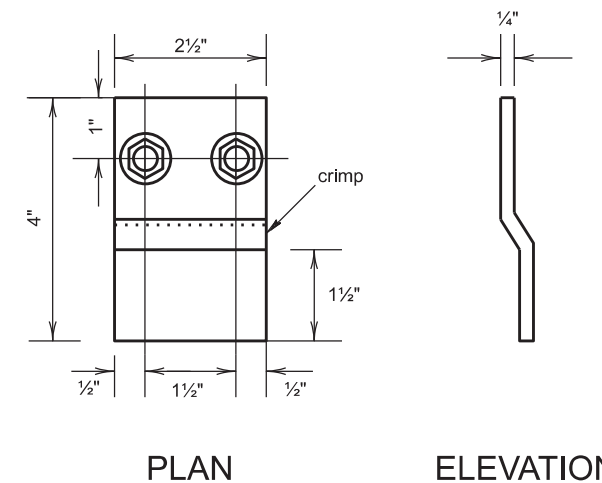


BOTTOM CHORD

GENERAL NOTES:

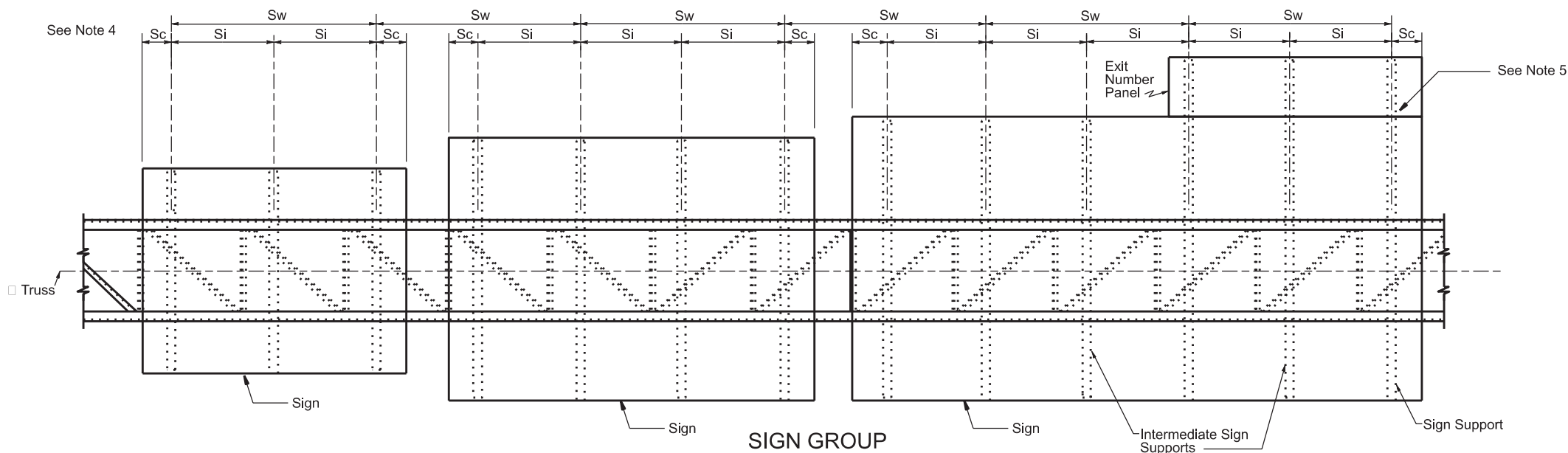
1. Materials, fabrication, construction, and erection shall conform to the requirements of the Departmental Material Specifications and with details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Structural steel shall conform with ASTM A36 unless noted otherwise.
2. Bolts shall have hexagon heads and nuts and conform with ASTM A307.
3. All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication per Item 445, "Galvanizing".
4. See sheet SMD(2-4) for Extruded Aluminum Sign Details & max. support spacing.
5. An Exit Number Panel may be supported by sign support brackets as shown below, or may be supported as shown on sheet SMD(2-4). Regardless of method used spacing of supports shall not exceed Si.

CRIMPED PLATE DETAIL



PLAN

ELEVATION



SIGN GROUP

DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:40 AM
 FILE: ...2-Signing\NEW\smd(2-5)-24.dgn

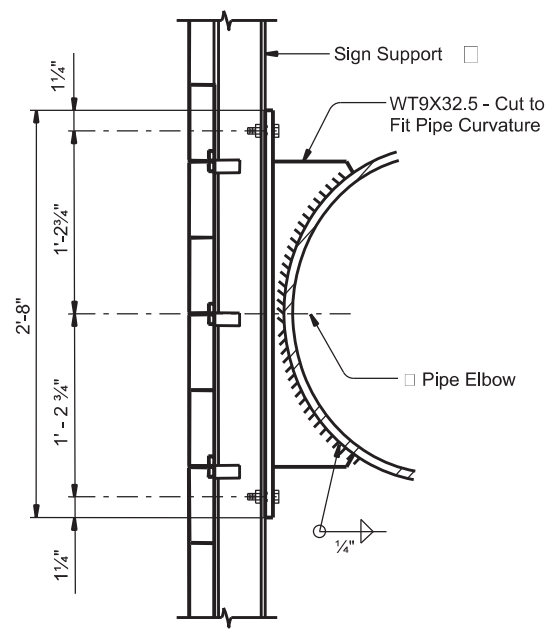
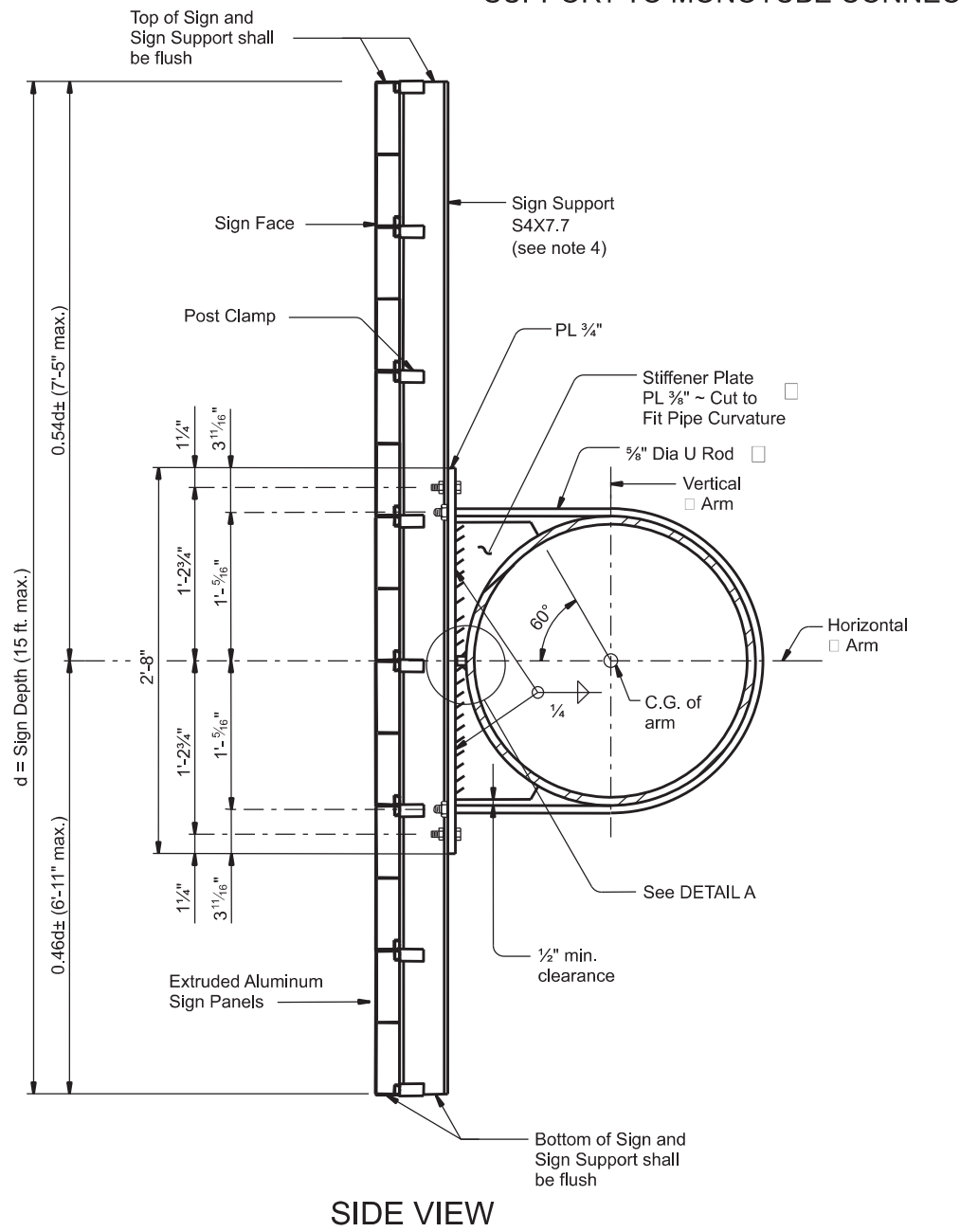


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS OVERHEAD SIGNS SUPPORT TO TRUSS CONNECTION SMD(2-5)-24

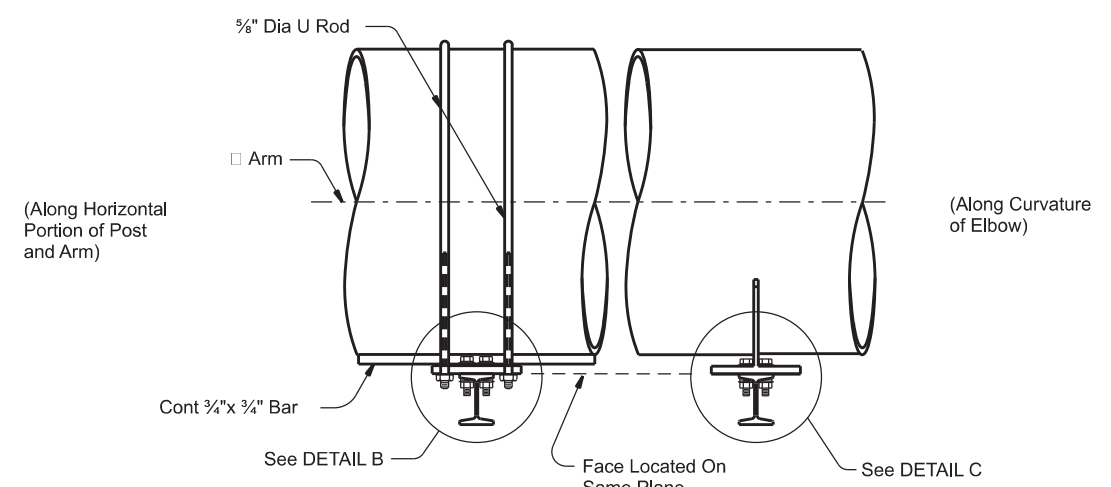
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© TxDOT	May 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
12-95	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
9-08	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	46	
5-24				

SUPPORT TO MONOTUBE CONNECTION - CANTILEVER AND SPAN

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SIDE VIEW
(At Curvature of Elbow)



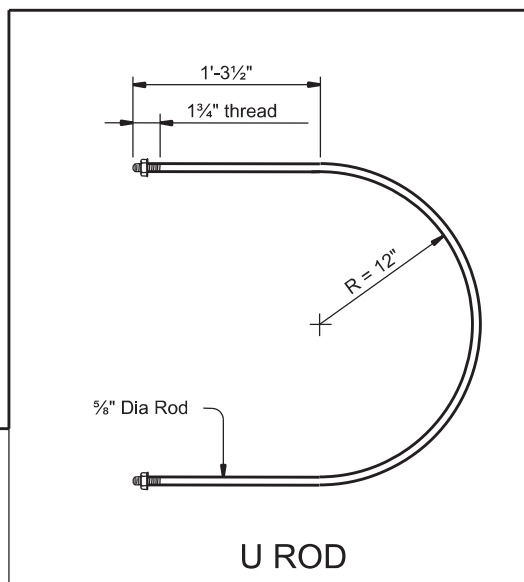
PLAN VIEW

GENERAL NOTES:

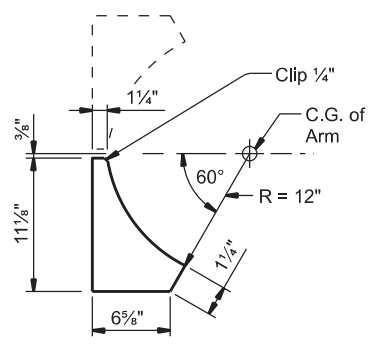
1. Materials, fabrication, construction, and erection shall conform to the requirements of the Departmental Material Specifications and with details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Structural steel shall conform with ASTM A36 unless noted otherwise.
2. Bolts shall have hexagon heads and nuts and conform with ASTM A307.
3. All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication per Item 445, "Galvanizing".
4. Monotube Sign Supports may only be S4X7.7 with a 54%-46% split. See Table 2 on SMD(2-4) for maximum support spacing.

NOTES:

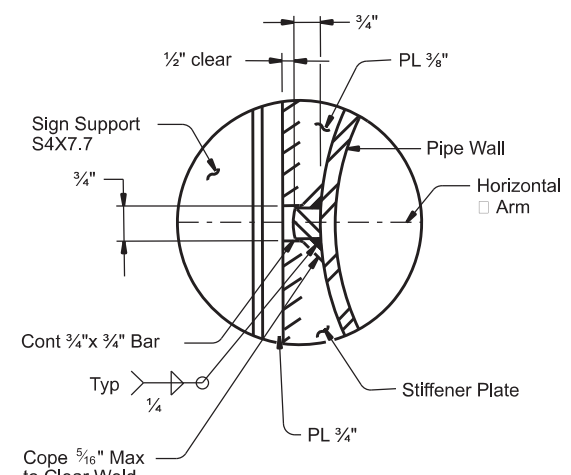
- Total of 4 ~ per assembly. See Stiffener Plate detail.
- 1/2" Dia bolt with one hardened washer, one beveled washer, and one lock washer.
- 5/8" Dia prevailing torque lock nut and washer ~ Typ.
- Raise sign bracket on sign support at elbow to match others located on arm.
- See U Rod detail.



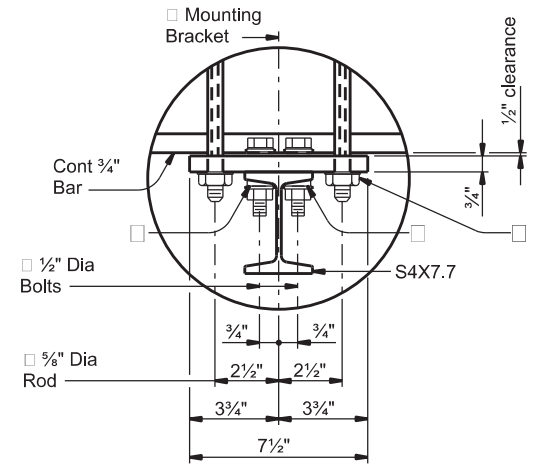
U ROD



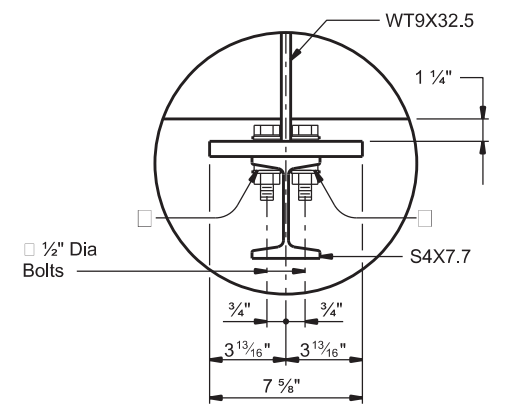
STIFFENER PLATE



DETAIL A



DETAIL B

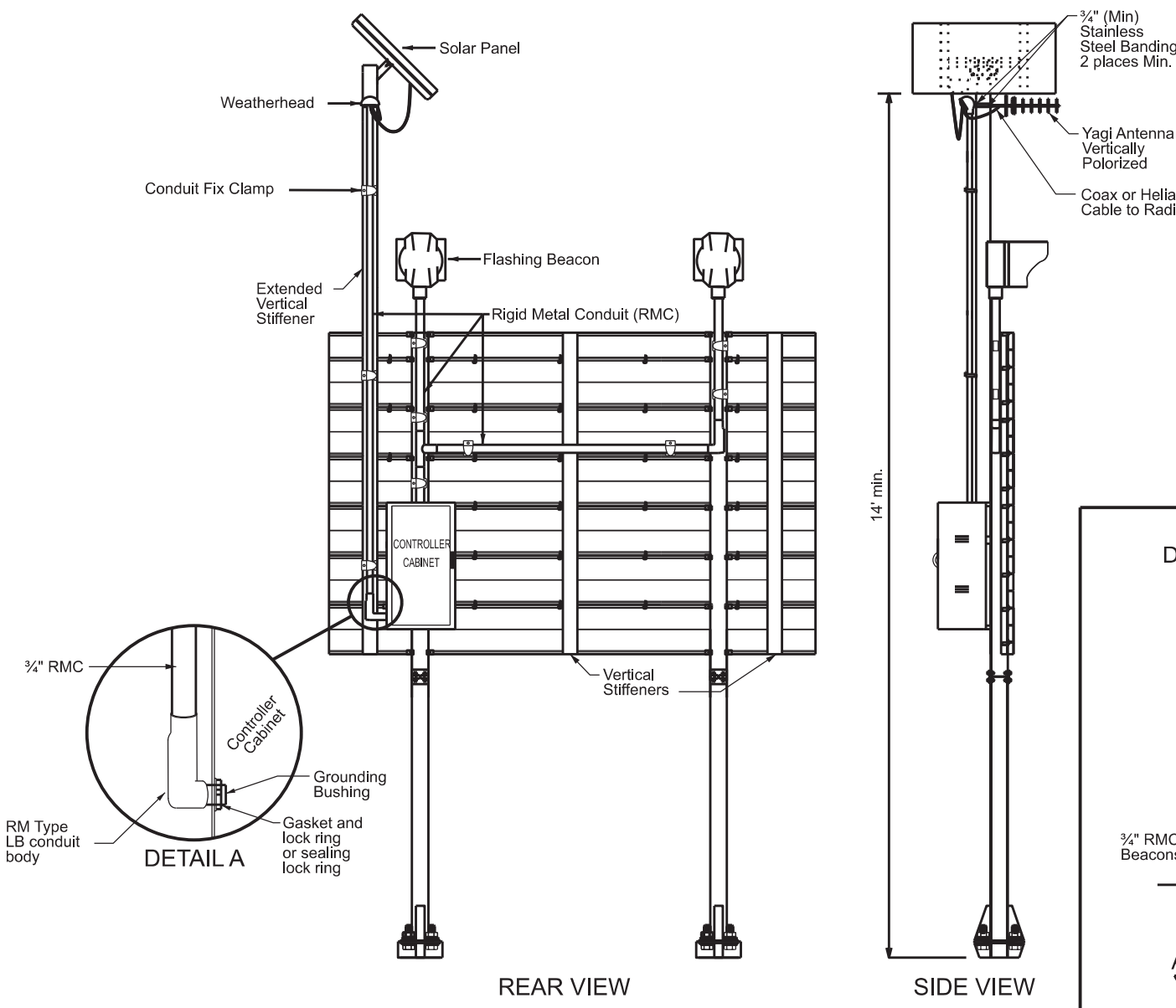


DETAIL C

		Traffic Safety Division Standard	
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS OVERHEAD SIGNS SUPPORT TO MONOTUBE CONNECTION SMD(2-6)-24			
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© TxDOT	May 2024	CONT: 6465	SECT: 79
REVISIONS		JOB: 001	HIGHWAY: IH35, ETC.
12-95		COUNTY: LA SALLE, ETC.	SHEET NO. 47
9-08			
5-24			
27F			

DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:40 AM
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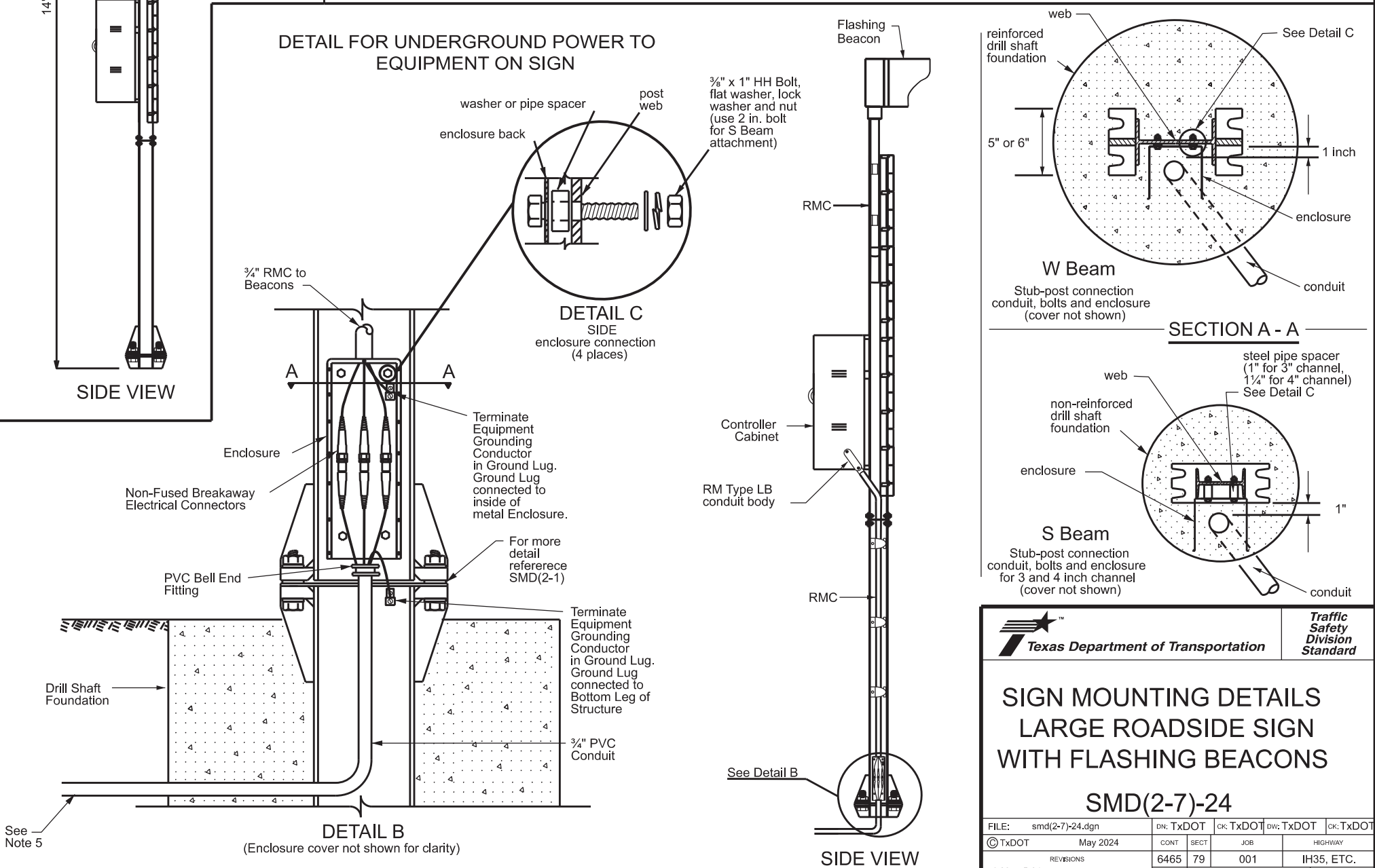
DETAIL FOR SOLAR PANEL POWER TO EQUIPMENT ON SIGN



GENERAL NOTES:

1. Install batteries for solar power system in the controller cabinet. Wire batteries according to manufacturer's recommendations. Provide the number of batteries, as required by the manufacturer.
2. Install LB conduit body and other conduit entries in the bottom third of the cabinet. See Detail A.
3. Use materials specifically designed for attaching cabinets, beacon heads, solar panels, etc., to the structure.
4. For underground power feed, install conduit and enclosure on the inside web of the support farthest from roadway.
5. See Electrical Details (ED) standard for additional requirements regarding the installation of ground boxes/battery boxes, conduit, and cabinets.
6. Orient solar panel for optimum exposure to sunlight (face to the south). Prior to installation, check the location to ensure there is no overhead obstruction that would block the solar panel from receiving full sunlight. Unless specified elsewhere, the solar panel shall be mounted a minimum of 14' above grade.
7. Mount antennas to provide the highest level of reliability between sending and receiving units.
8. Perform a path study, to determine the exact mounting location of antennas by the radio supplier.
9. Install antennas as detailed or as directed by the spread spectrum radio supplier.
10. Furnish mounting brackets for antennas attached to vertical pipe, as recommended by spread spectrum radio supplier.
11. Use 3/4" stainless steel banding material for installing antenna mounts.
12. Grade earthwork such that it is flush with the concrete footing. Slopes shall gradually contour to match plans.

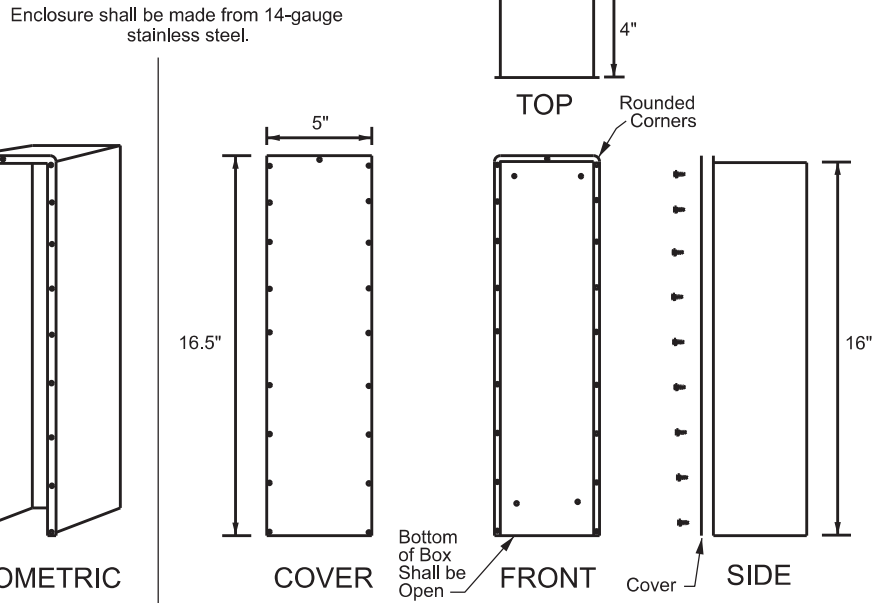
DETAIL FOR UNDERGROUND POWER TO EQUIPMENT ON SIGN



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FILE: \\2-Signing\NEW\smd(2-7)-24.dgn

ENCLOSURE DETAIL

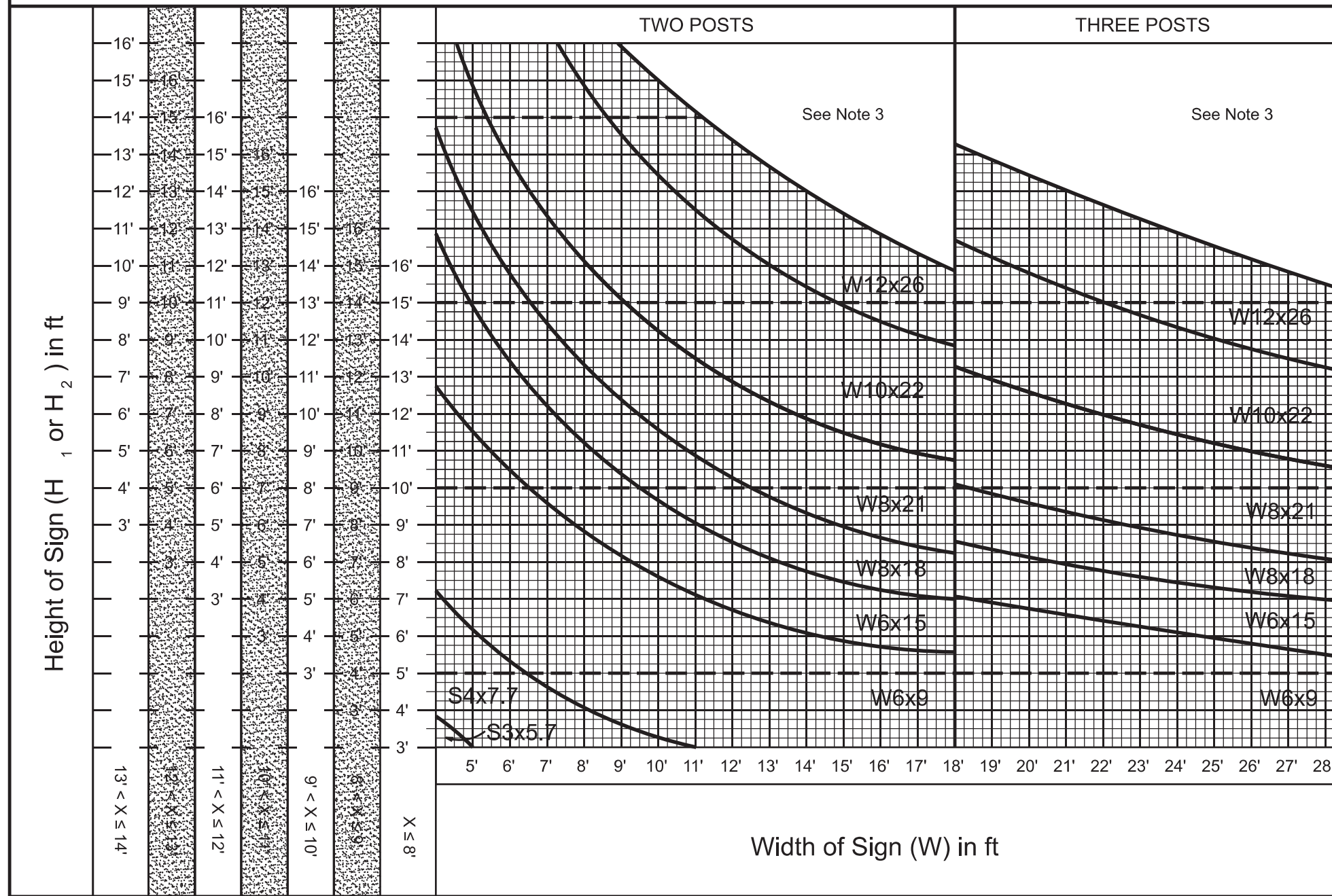


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS
LARGE ROADSIDE SIGN
WITH FLASHING BEACONS

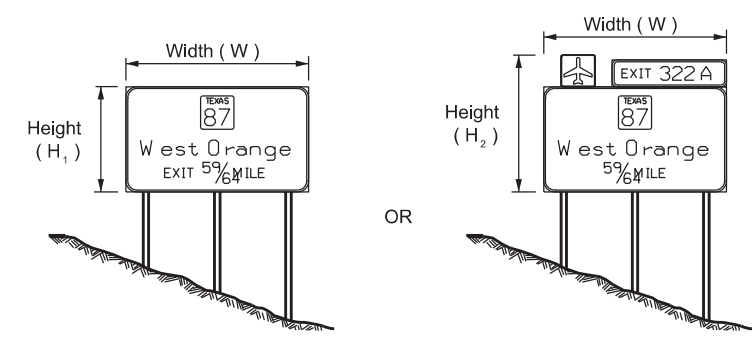
SMD(2-7)-24

FILE: smd(2-7)-24.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT	May 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB
		6465	79	001
				IH35, ETC.
4-98	5-24			
11-98		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
11-01		22	LA SALLE, ETC.	48

Zone 1 - 90 MPH Wind Chart

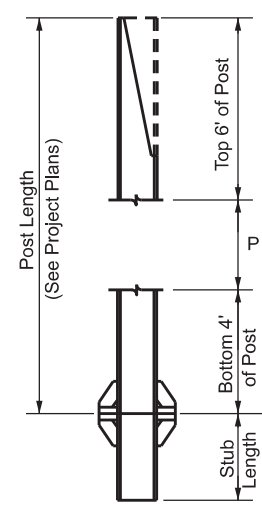


X = the average height from the ground line to the bottom edge of the sign.



NOTES:

- The Post Weight Data Table shows the weight of a one, two, or three post(s) assembly - (this includes the top 6' and bottom 4' of the post, the foundation stub, related base connection plates and stiffeners, perforated fuse plates, and all high strength bolts, nuts, and washers).
- See the Wind Velocity Worksheet to determine the wind zone for each large roadside sign.
- Sign design falls outside of designed support tolerances - adjust sign height and/or width or sign location. In some cases, two post sign designs may be adjusted and increased to a three post sign design.



For total post weight add length (P) times post weight per ft. to weight shown in table below.

$$\text{Weight Shown in Table} + P \times \text{Post Weight per ft.} = \text{Total Post Weight}$$

See SOLS (TYG) - Note 5, for example calculation.

POST WEIGHT DATA			
Post Size	Weight of One Post Assembly (lbs)	Weight of Two Post Assembly (lbs)	Weight of Three Post Assembly (lbs)
W12x26*	308.6	617.2	925.8
W10x22*	266.0	532.0	798.0
W8x21*	254.7	509.4	764.1
W8x18*	201.8	403.6	605.4
W6x15*	167.8	335.6	503.4
W6x9*	123.2	246.4	369.6
S4x7.7*	112.2	224.4	336.6
S3x5.7*	85.9	171.8	257.7

* Second number = POST WEIGHT PER FOOT
(Example: W12X26 weighs 26 pounds/foot of the post length)

Texas Department of Transportation

Large Roadside Sign Support Post Selection Worksheet

Zone 1 - 90 MPH SMD(LRSS-1)-24

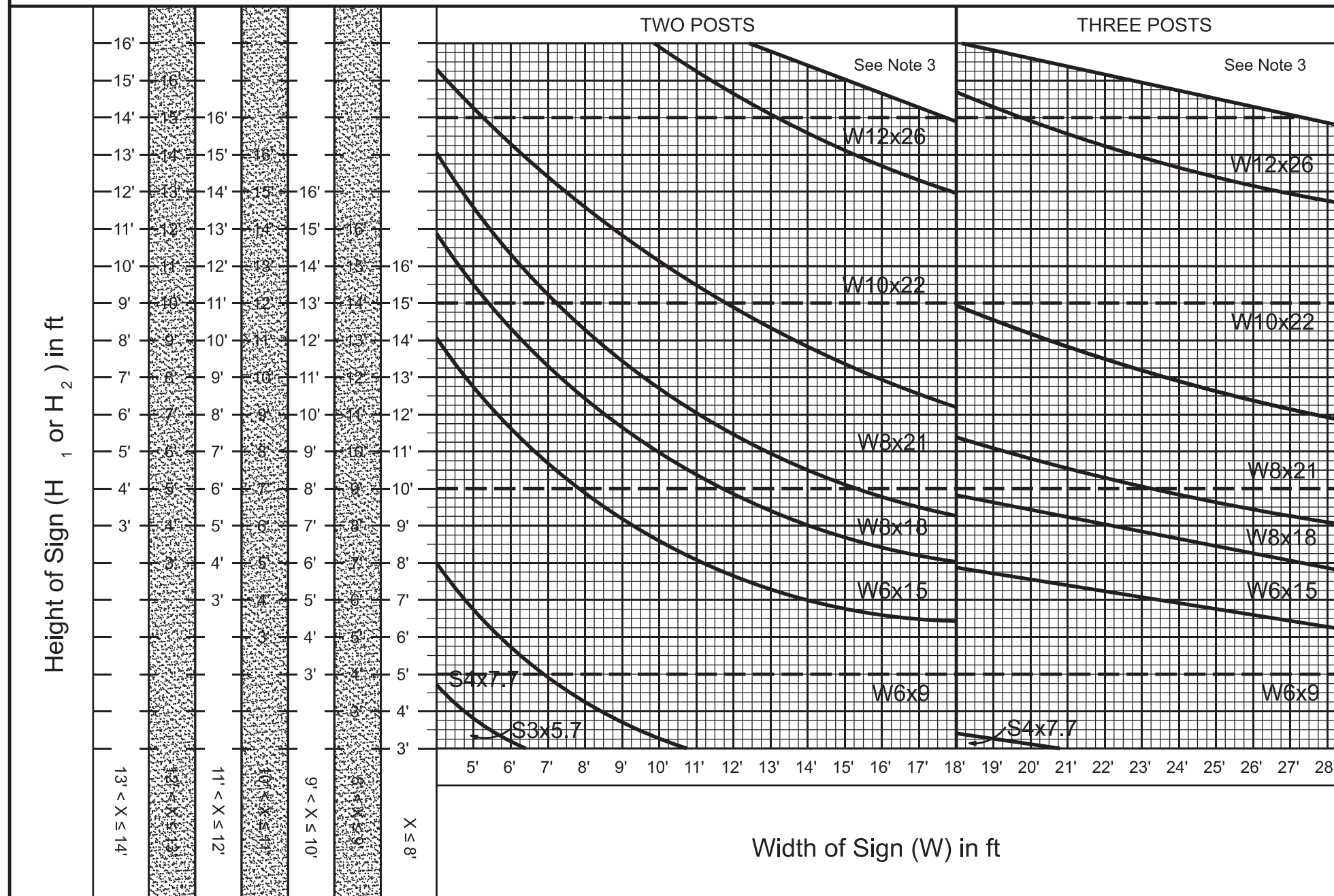
FILE: lrss-24.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT May 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
7-78 9-08 1-82 5-24 5-01	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	49	

NOTE:
If an exit number panel or sign plaque is present, H₂ is to be used when determining post size. H₂ is measured from the bottom of the parent sign to the top of the highest attachment.

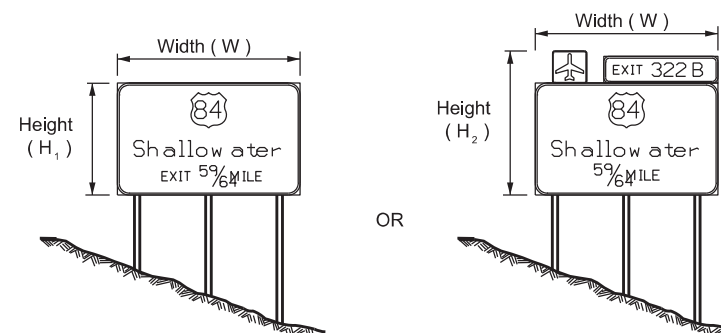
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Zone 2 - 80 MPH Wind Chart

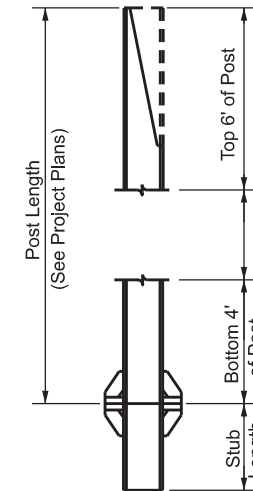


X = the average height from the ground line to the bottom edge of the sign.



NOTES:

1. The Post Weight Data Table shows the weight of a one, two, or three post(s) assembly - (this includes the top 6' and bottom 4' of the post, the foundation stub, related base connection plates and stiffeners, perforated fuse plates, and all high strength bolts, nuts, and washers).
2. See the Wind Velocity Worksheet to determine the wind zone for each large roadside sign.
3. Sign design falls outside of designed support tolerances - adjust sign height and/or width or sign location. In some cases, two post sign designs may be adjusted and increased to a three post sign design.



For total post weight add length (P) times post weight per ft. to weight shown in table below.

$$\text{Weight Shown in Table} + P \times \text{Post Weight per ft.} = \text{Total Post Weight}$$

See SOLS (TYG) - Note 5, for example calculation.

POST WEIGHT DATA

Post Size	Weight of One Post Assembly (lbs)	Weight of Two Post Assembly (lbs)	Weight of Three Post Assembly (lbs)
W12x26*	308.6	617.2	925.8
W10x22*	266.0	532.0	798.0
W8x21*	254.7	509.4	764.1
W8x18*	201.8	403.6	605.4
W6x15*	167.8	335.6	503.4
W6x9*	123.2	246.4	369.6
S4x7.7*	112.2	224.4	336.6
S3x5.7*	85.9	171.8	257.7

* Second number = POST WEIGHT PER FOOT
(Example: W12X26 weighs 26 pounds/foot of the post length)

SHEET 2 OF 4



LARGE ROADSIDE SIGN SUPPORT POST SELECTION WORKSHEET

Zone 2 - 80 MPH SMD(LRSS-2)-24

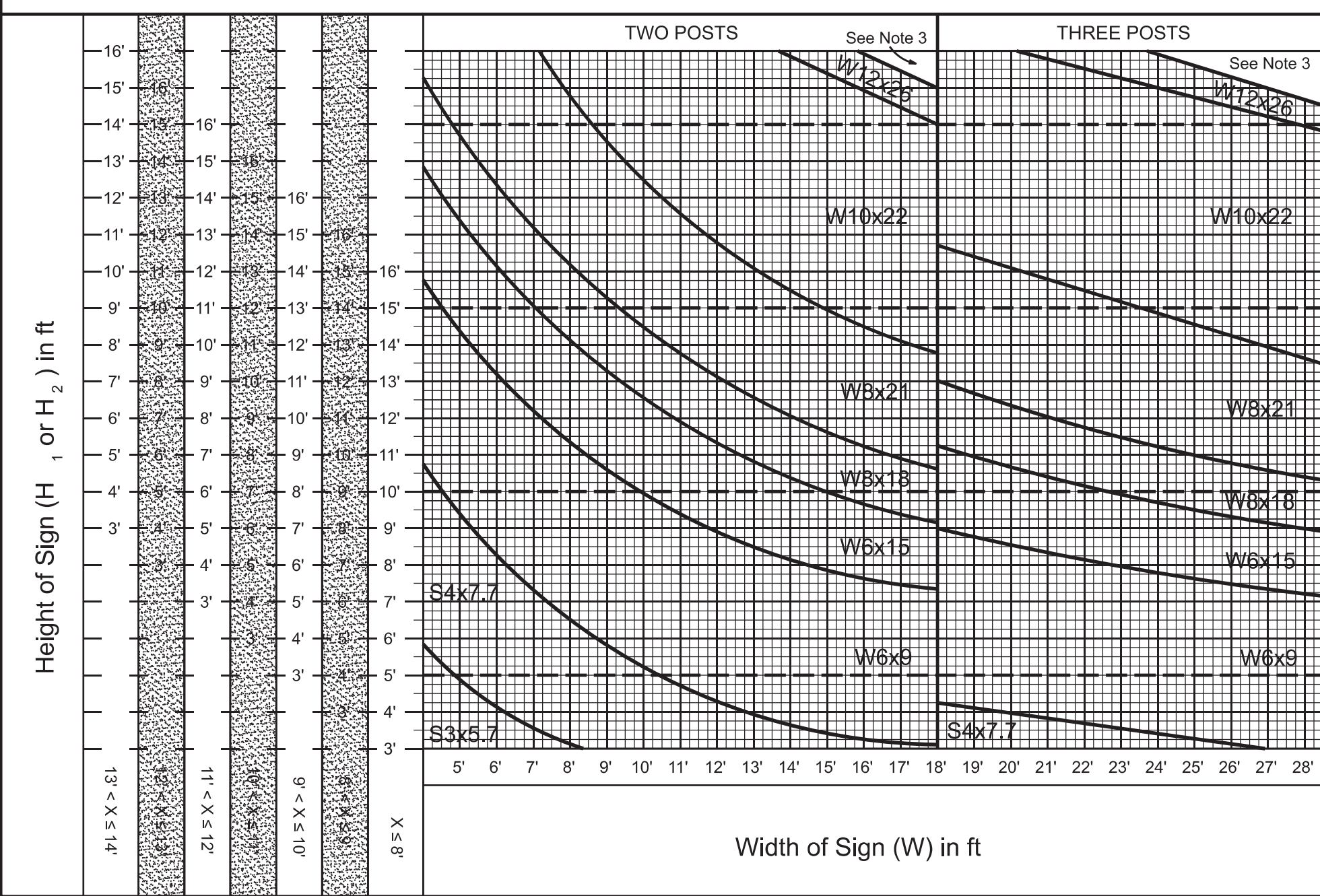
FILE: lrss-24.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT May 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
7-78 9-08	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
1-82 5-24	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	50	
5-01				

NOTE:
If an exit number panel or sign plaque is present, H₂ is to be used when determining post size. H₂ is measured from the bottom of the parent sign to the top of the highest attachment.

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FILE: ...\\NEW\\smd-1-rss-24 (1).dgn

Zone 3 - 70 MPH Wind Chart

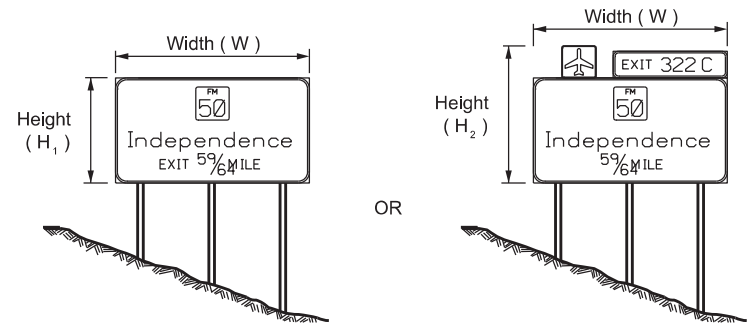


Height of Sign (H₁ or H₂) in ft

Width of Sign (W) in ft

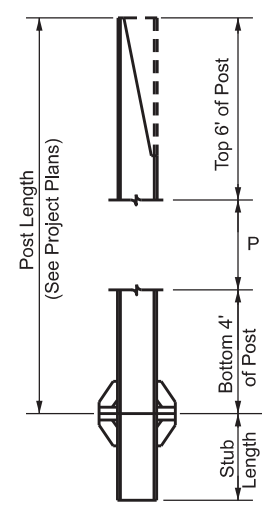
X = the average height from the ground line to the bottom edge of the sign.

13' < X ≤ 14'
 12' < X ≤ 13'
 11' < X ≤ 12'
 9' < X ≤ 10'
 8' < X ≤ 9'



NOTES:

- The Post Weight Data Table shows the weight of a one, two, or three post(s) assembly - (this includes the top 6' and bottom 4' of the post, the foundation stub, related base connection plates and stiffeners, perforated fuse plates, and all high strength bolts, nuts, and washers).
- See the Wind Velocity Worksheet to determine the wind zone for each large roadside sign.
- Sign design falls outside of designed support tolerances - adjust sign height and/or width or sign location. In some cases, two post sign designs may be adjusted and increased to a three post sign design.



For total post weight add length (P) times post weight per ft. to weight shown in table below.

$$\text{Weight Shown in Table} + P \times \text{Post Weight per ft.} = \text{Total Post Weight}$$

See SOLS (TYG) - Note 5, for example calculation.

POST WEIGHT DATA			
Post Size	Weight of One Post Assembly (lbs)	Weight of Two Post Assembly (lbs)	Weight of Three Post Assembly (lbs)
W12x26*	308.6	617.2	925.8
W10x22*	266.0	532.0	798.0
W8x21*	254.7	509.4	764.1
W8x18*	201.8	403.6	605.4
W6x15*	167.8	335.6	503.4
W6x9*	123.2	246.4	369.6
S4x7.7*	112.2	224.4	336.6
S3x5.7*	85.9	171.8	257.7

* Second number = POST WEIGHT PER FOOT
 (Example: W12X26 weighs 26 pounds/foot of the post length)

SHEET 3 OF 4

Traffic Safety Division Standard

LARGE ROADSIDE SIGN SUPPORT POST SELECTION WORKSHEET

Zone 3 - 70 MPH SMD(LRSS-3)-24

FILE: lrss-24.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT May 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
7-78 9-08 1-82 5-24 5-01	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	51	

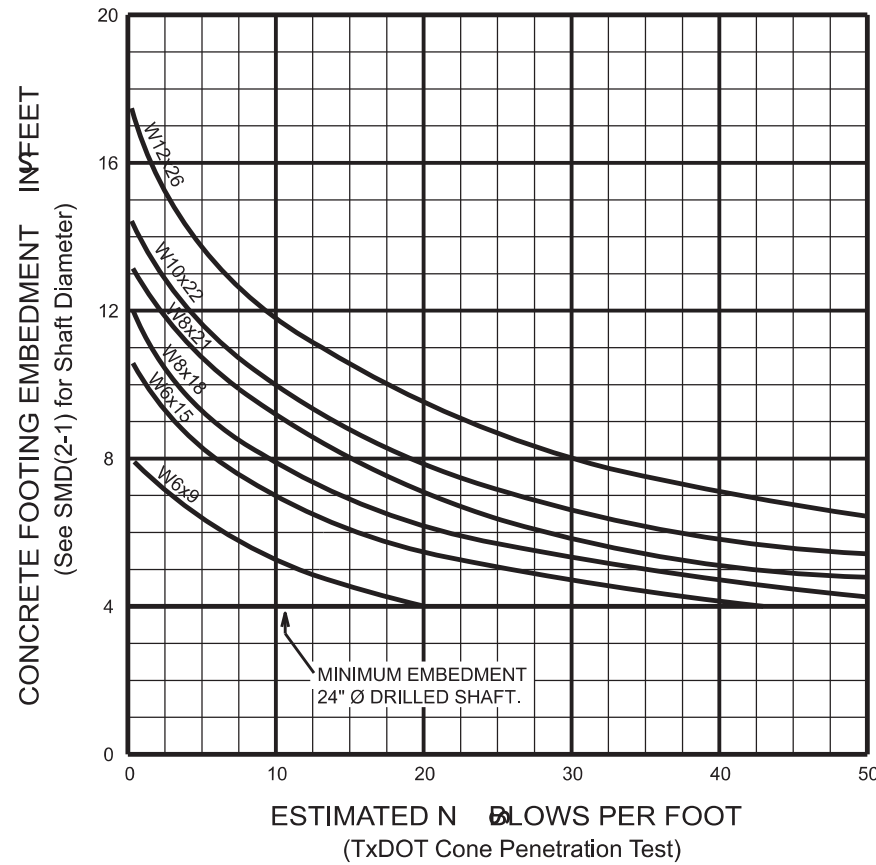
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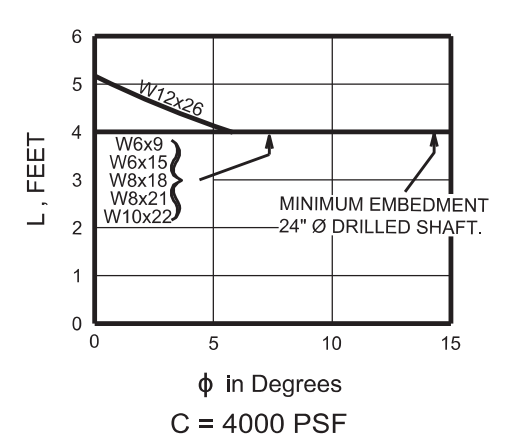
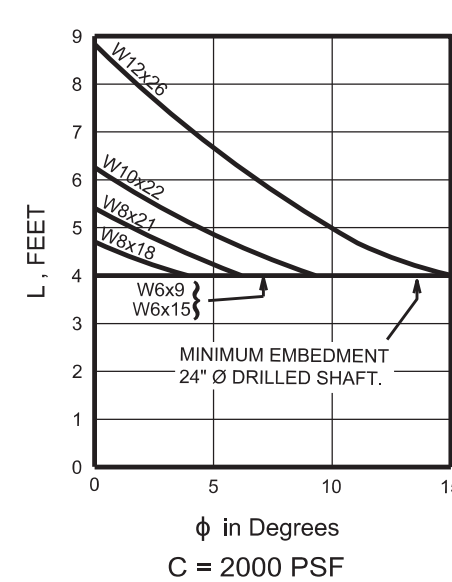
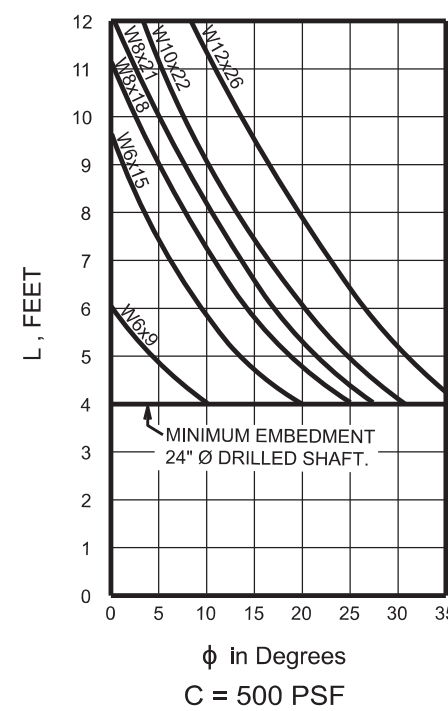
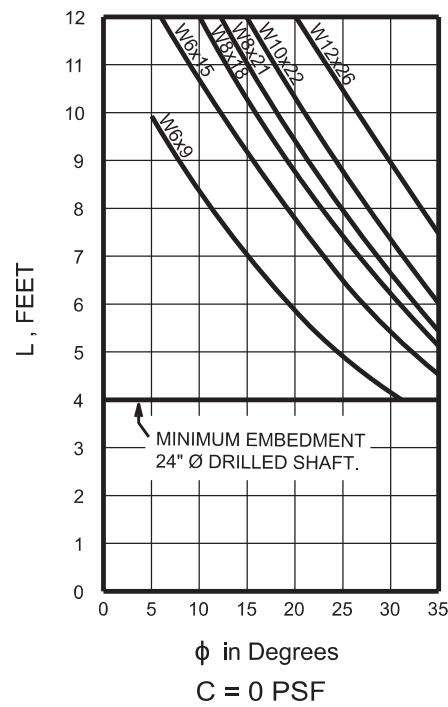
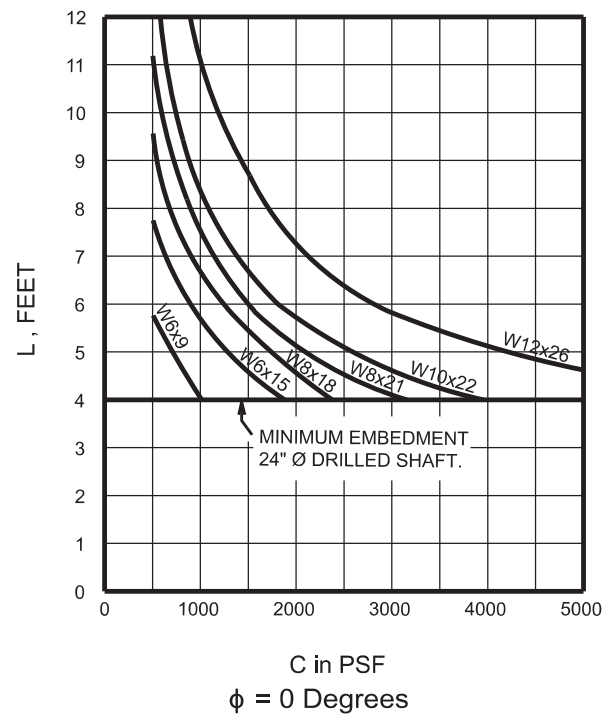
DRILLED CONCRETE FOOTING DEPTH CHART (TxDOT PENETROMETER DESIGN)

The estimated N value should be based at approximately the upper one-third point of the drilled concrete footing below the ground line.



GENERAL NOTES:

1. Curves shown on this sheet are applicable for reinforced concrete footings only.
2. Reinforced concrete footings shall use class C concrete.
3. Footings for S3x5.7 and S4x7.7 post sizes shall be non-reinforced and use class A concrete. For non-reinforced concrete footings see SMD (2-1).



DRILLED CONCRETE FOOTING DEPTH CHARTS (COHFRIC DESIGN)

These charts may be used as an alternate to the chart above, provided that soil cohesion and internal friction (cohfric) data are available.

LEGEND

L = Required embedment of concrete drilled shaft, in feet
 C = Cohesive shear strength of soil, in psf
 ϕ = Angle of internal friction of soil, in degrees

For values of C and ϕ , which are intermediate to those on the charts, embedments may be determined by straight line interpolation.

SHEET 4 OF 4



LARGE ROADSIDE SIGN SUPPORT FOUNDATION WORKSHEET

SMD(LRSS-4)-24

FILE: lrss-24.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT	May 2024	CONT	SECT	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
7-72 9-08	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
5-74 5-24	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	52	
4-78				

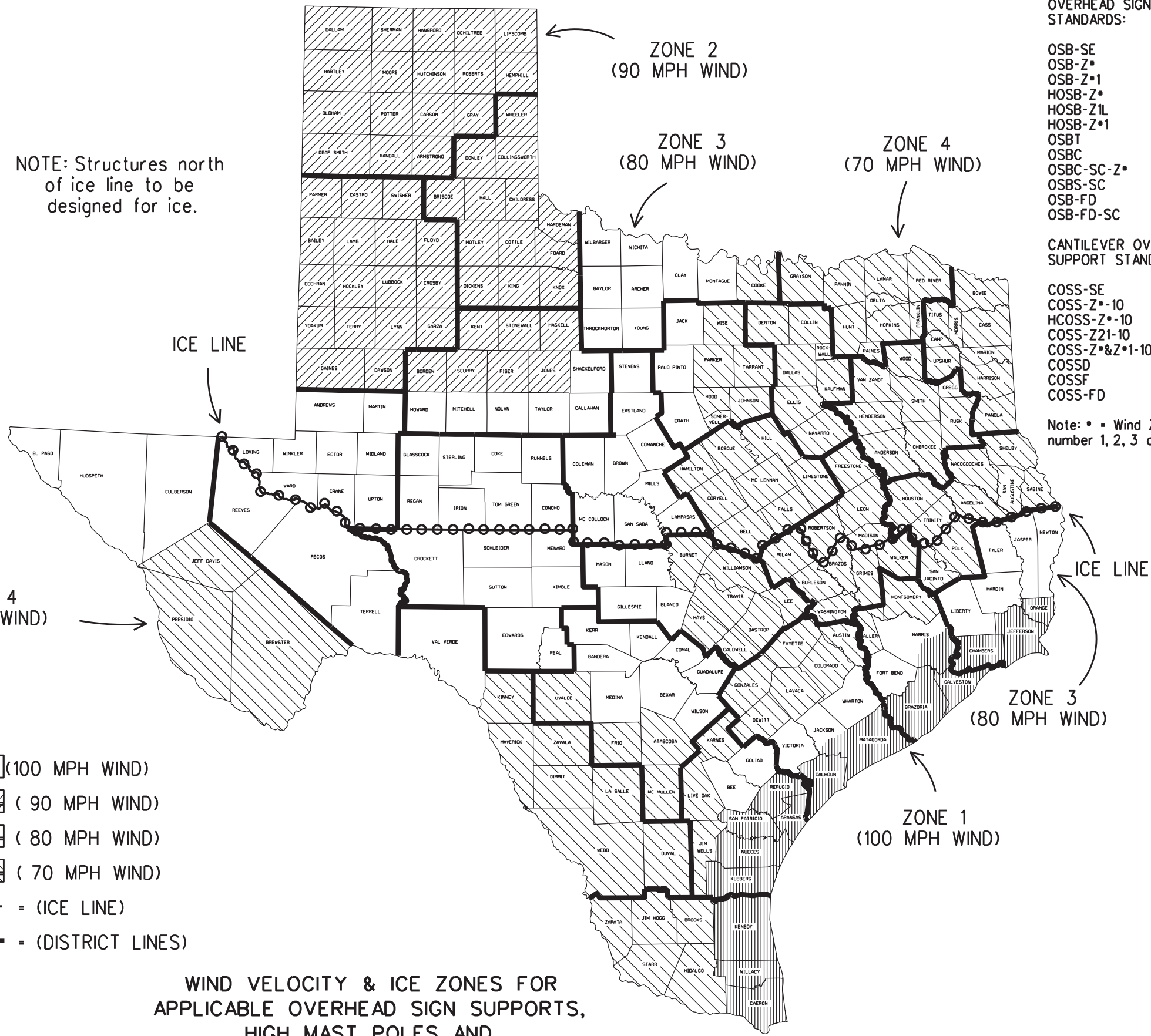
DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:42 AM
 FILE: ...NEW\amd-1rss-24 (1).dgn

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:43 AM
FILE: ...Over Head\windice.dgn

APPLICABLE STANDARDS SHEETS

- OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE STANDARDS:**
 OSB-SE
 OSB-Z*
 OSB-Z*1
 HOSB-Z*
 HOSB-ZIL
 HOSB-Z*1
 OSBT
 OSBC
 OSBC-SC-Z*
 OSBS-SC
 OSB-FD
 OSB-FD-SC
- CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT STANDARDS:**
 COSS-SE
 COSS-Z*-10
 HCOSS-Z*-10
 COSS-Z21-10
 COSS-Z*&Z*1-10
 COSSD
 COSSF
 COSS-FD
- HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION POLE STANDARDS:**
 HMP-98
 HMF-98
- WALKWAYS AND BRACKETS STANDARDS:**
 SWW
 SB(SWL-1)
- TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE STANDARDS:**
 SP-80
 SP-100
 SMA-80
 SMA-100
 DMA-80
 DMA-100
 MA-C
 MAC(ILSN)
 MAD-D
 TS-FD
 LUM-A
 CFA
 LMA
 TS-C
 MA-DPD
- Note: * = Wind Zone number 1, 2, 3 or 4



NOTE: Structures north of ice line to be designed for ice.

LEGEND

- ZONE 1 - [diagonal lines] (100 MPH WIND)
- ZONE 2 - [diagonal lines] (90 MPH WIND)
- ZONE 3 - [diagonal lines] (80 MPH WIND)
- ZONE 4 - [diagonal lines] (70 MPH WIND)
- [dashed line with circles] = (ICE LINE)
- [solid line] = (DISTRICT LINES)

WIND VELOCITY & ICE ZONES FOR APPLICABLE OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS, HIGH MAST POLES, AND TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLES
 Based on 50 Year Mean Recurrence Interval of Fastest Mile Wind Velocity at 33 feet height.

FOR HARRIS CO. ONLY
 Zone line is just North of US 90, around the North, West and South sides of IH 610 and down the West side of SH 288.

FOR JACKSON CO. ONLY
 Zone line is just North of SH 616.

		Traffic Operations Division Standard	
<h2>WIND VELOCITY AND ICE ZONES</h2> <h3>WV & IZ-14</h3>			
FILE: windice.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT
© TxDOT April 1996	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	6465	79	001
B-14 - Added list of applicable standards, restricting use to structures designed for Fastest Mile wind speeds.		HIGHWAY IH35, ETC.	
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
22	LA SALLE, ETC.	53	

ZONE 4 NO ICE 70 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

3/4" Dia. H.S. Bolts
Spans 96' Thru 155'

SPAN	100'	105'	110'	115'	120'	125'	130'	135'
W x D - WIDTH x DEPTH	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	4.5 x 4.5	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0	5.0 x 5.0
CHORD - ② Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 3/8 [7]	L 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 3/8 [9]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [9]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [10]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [10]	L 4 x 4 x 3/8 [11]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [12]	L 4 x 4 x 1/2 [13]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ③	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [2]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4 [3]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ③	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]	L 3 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [2]
WIND LOAD STRUT - ③	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 3/16 [1]
TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.	DEFL=1.94" L=69 lb/ft	DEFL=2.11" L=75 lb/ft	DEFL=2.53" L=75 lb/ft	DEFL=3.02" L=77 lb/ft	DEFL=2.97" L=79 lb/ft	DEFL=3.15" L=86 lb/ft	DEFL=3.46" L=93 lb/ft	DEFL=4.00" L=94 lb/ft

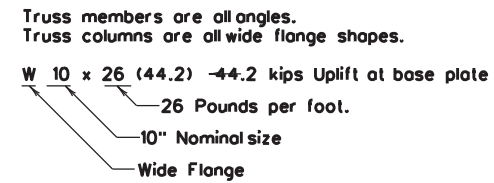
TOWER DETAILS

S - COLUMN SPACING	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'	7.0'
TOWER HEIGHT								
15'	W 10 x 22 (27.5)	W 10 x 22 (28.7)	W 10 x 22 (30.1)	W 10 x 22 (31.5)	W 10 x 22 (32.8)	W 10 x 26 (34.0)	W 10 x 26 (35.5)	W 10 x 26 (36.9)
16'	W 10 x 22 (29.5)	W 10 x 22 (30.8)	W 10 x 22 (32.3)	W 10 x 22 (33.7)	W 10 x 22 (35.1)	W 10 x 26 (36.4)	W 10 x 26 (38.1)	W 10 x 26 (39.5)
17'	W 10 x 22 (31.4)	W 10 x 22 (32.8)	W 10 x 22 (34.4)	W 10 x 22 (35.9)	W 10 x 26 (37.6)	W 10 x 26 (39.0)	W 10 x 26 (40.6)	W 10 x 26 (42.2)
18'	W 10 x 22 (33.4)	W 10 x 22 (34.9)	W 10 x 22 (36.6)	W 10 x 26 (38.2)	W 10 x 26 (40.0)	W 10 x 26 (41.5)	W 10 x 26 (43.2)	W 10 x 26 (44.8)
19'	W 10 x 22 (35.5)	W 10 x 26 (36.8)	W 10 x 26 (38.5)	W 10 x 26 (40.5)	W 10 x 26 (42.2)	W 12 x 26 (44.1)	W 12 x 26 (45.8)	W 12 x 26 (47.5)
20'	W 10 x 22 (37.3)	W 10 x 26 (38.8)	W 10 x 26 (40.7)	W 10 x 26 (42.7)	W 10 x 26 (44.5)	W 12 x 26 (46.6)	W 12 x 26 (48.3)	W 12 x 26 (50.2)
21'	W 10 x 26 (39.3)	W 10 x 26 (41.1)	W 12 x 26 (43.1)	W 12 x 26 (45.2)	W 12 x 26 (47.3)	W 12 x 26 (49.1)	W 12 x 26 (50.9)	W 12 x 26 (52.8)
22'	W 10 x 26 (41.3)	W 10 x 26 (43.2)	W 12 x 26 (45.3)	W 12 x 26 (47.5)	W 12 x 26 (49.7)	W 12 x 26 (51.6)	W 12 x 26 (53.5)	W 12 x 26 (55.5)
23'	W 12 x 26 (43.3)	W 12 x 26 (45.6)	W 12 x 26 (47.5)	W 12 x 26 (49.8)	W 12 x 26 (52.1)	W 12 x 26 (54.1)	W 14 x 30 (56.6)	W 14 x 30 (58.7)
24'	W 12 x 26 (45.6)	W 12 x 26 (47.7)	W 12 x 26 (49.7)	W 12 x 26 (52.1)	W 12 x 26 (54.5)	W 14 x 30 (56.6)	W 14 x 30 (59.2)	W 14 x 30 (61.5)
25'	W 12 x 26 (47.6)	W 12 x 26 (49.8)	W 12 x 26 (51.5)	W 14 x 30 (55.0)	W 14 x 30 (57.5)	W 14 x 30 (59.7)	W 14 x 30 (61.9)	W 14 x 30 (64.2)
26'	W 12 x 26 (49.7)	W 12 x 26 (52.0)	W 12 x 26 (53.7)	W 14 x 30 (57.4)	W 14 x 30 (59.7)	W 14 x 30 (62.2)	W 14 x 30 (64.6)	W 14 x 30 (67.0)
27'	W 12 x 26 (51.7)	W 14 x 30 (54.5)	W 14 x 30 (57.0)	W 14 x 30 (59.8)	W 14 x 30 (62.5)	W 14 x 34 (64.8)	W 14 x 34 (67.2)	W 14 x 34 (69.7)
28'	W 12 x 26 (53.8)	W 14 x 30 (56.7)	W 14 x 30 (59.3)	W 14 x 30 (62.2)	W 14 x 30 (64.9)	W 14 x 34 (67.4)	W 14 x 34 (69.9)	W 14 x 34 (72.5)
29'	W 14 x 30 (56.3)	W 14 x 30 (58.9)	W 14 x 30 (61.6)	W 14 x 34 (64.3)	W 14 x 34 (67.4)	W 14 x 34 (69.9)	W 14 x 34 (72.6)	W 16 x 36 (75.8)
30'	W 14 x 30 (58.4)	W 14 x 30 (61.1)	W 14 x 30 (63.9)	W 14 x 34 (66.7)	W 14 x 34 (69.9)	W 14 x 34 (72.5)	W 16 x 36 (75.3)	W 16 x 36 (78.6)

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Tower Height = $\frac{HL + HR}{2}$
COLUMN SIZE & UPLIFT (kips)

KEY TO TRUSS AND TOWER DETAILS



Truss members are all angles.
Truss columns are all wide flange shapes.
DEFL = 0.12" = inches Deflection due to dead load of truss, walkway, signs and lights.
DL = 42 lb/ft = pounds per foot dead load of truss members only; does not include walkway, signs, and lights.

NOTE: Details on these sheets are for Design Wind Heights up to 30 feet.

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.
For overhead sign bridges with different tower heights, average the height of the two towers and use the tabulated height nearest the calculated average. For average heights falling midway between the two tabulated heights use the larger height.
For truss lengths falling between those shown in the tables use the sizes called for in the next longer span.
Overhead sign bridges are designed for the equivalent area of a 10 foot deep sign panel over 75 percent of the span length, located as necessary to produce maximum stress. Design includes 3 pounds per square foot for sign panel, 20 pounds per linear foot for lights, and 50 pounds per linear foot for walkway, all placed as specified for the design sign panel.
Refer to "Overhead Sign Bridge Truss Details" for details called out in plan and elevation views.
The number of High Strength Bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

SHEET 2 OF 2



OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

OSB-Z4

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
8/08 add missing HS bolt dia (select spans); applicability note; noted design specifications	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	55	

DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:44 AM
FILE: ...Over Head\stds4.1.dgn

ZONE 4 NO ICE 70 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

3/4" Dia. H.S. Bolts
Spans 96' Thru 155'

Table with 9 columns for spans (100' to 135') and rows for W x D - WIDTH x DEPTH, CHORD, DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL, WIND LOAD DIAGONAL, DEAD LOAD VERTICAL, WIND LOAD STRUT, and TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.

TOWER DETAILS

Table with 9 columns for tower heights (7.0' to 7.0') and rows for S - COLUMN SPACING, TOWER HEIGHT (25' to 45'), and member sizes with weights.

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DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:44 AM
FILE: ...Over Head\stds42.dgn

ZONE 4 NO ICE 70 M.P.H. WIND

TRUSS DETAILS

Table with 4 columns for spans (140' to 155') and rows for W x D - WIDTH x DEPTH, CHORD, DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL, WIND LOAD DIAGONAL, DEAD LOAD VERTICAL, WIND LOAD STRUT, and TOTAL DEFL. & TRUSS D.L.

TOWER DETAILS

Table with 4 columns for tower heights (7.5' to 7.5') and rows for S - COLUMN SPACING, TOWER HEIGHT (25' to 45'), and member sizes with weights.

KEY TO TRUSS AND TOWER DETAILS

Truss members are all angles.
Truss columns are all wide flange shapes.
W 10 x 26 (44.2) -44.2 kips Uplift at base plate
26 Pounds per foot.
10" Nominal size
Wide Flange
DEFL = 0.12" = inches Deflection due to dead load of truss, walkway, signs and lights.
DL = 42 lb/ft = pounds per foot dead load of truss members only; does not include walkway, signs, and lights.

NOTE: Details on these sheets are for Design Wind Heights between 30 feet and 50 feet.

GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.
For overhead sign bridges with different tower heights, average the height of the two towers and use the tabulated height nearest the calculated average. For average heights falling midway between the two tabulated heights use the larger height.
For truss lengths falling between those shown in the tables use the sizes called for in the next longer span.
Overhead sign bridges are designed for the equivalent area of a 10 foot deep sign panel over 75 percent of the span length, located as necessary to produce maximum stress. Design includes 3 pounds per square foot for sign panel, 20 pounds per linear foot for lights, and 50 pounds per linear foot for walkway, all placed as specified for the design sign panel.
Refer to "Overhead Sign Bridge Truss Details" for details called out in plan and elevation views.
The number of High Strength Bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

SHEET 2 OF 2



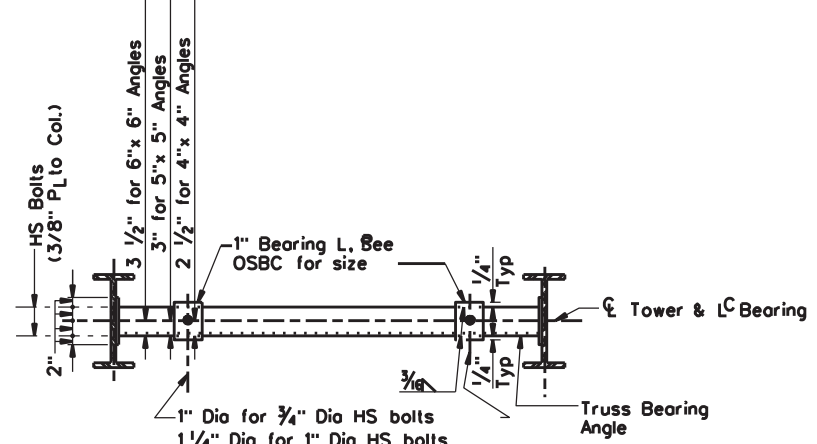
HIGH LEVEL OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS

HOSB-Z4

Table with columns for REVISIONS, CONT, SECT, JOB, HIGHWAY, DIST, COUNTY, SHEET NO. and values: 6465 79, 001, IH35, ETC., 22, LA SALLE, ETC., 57

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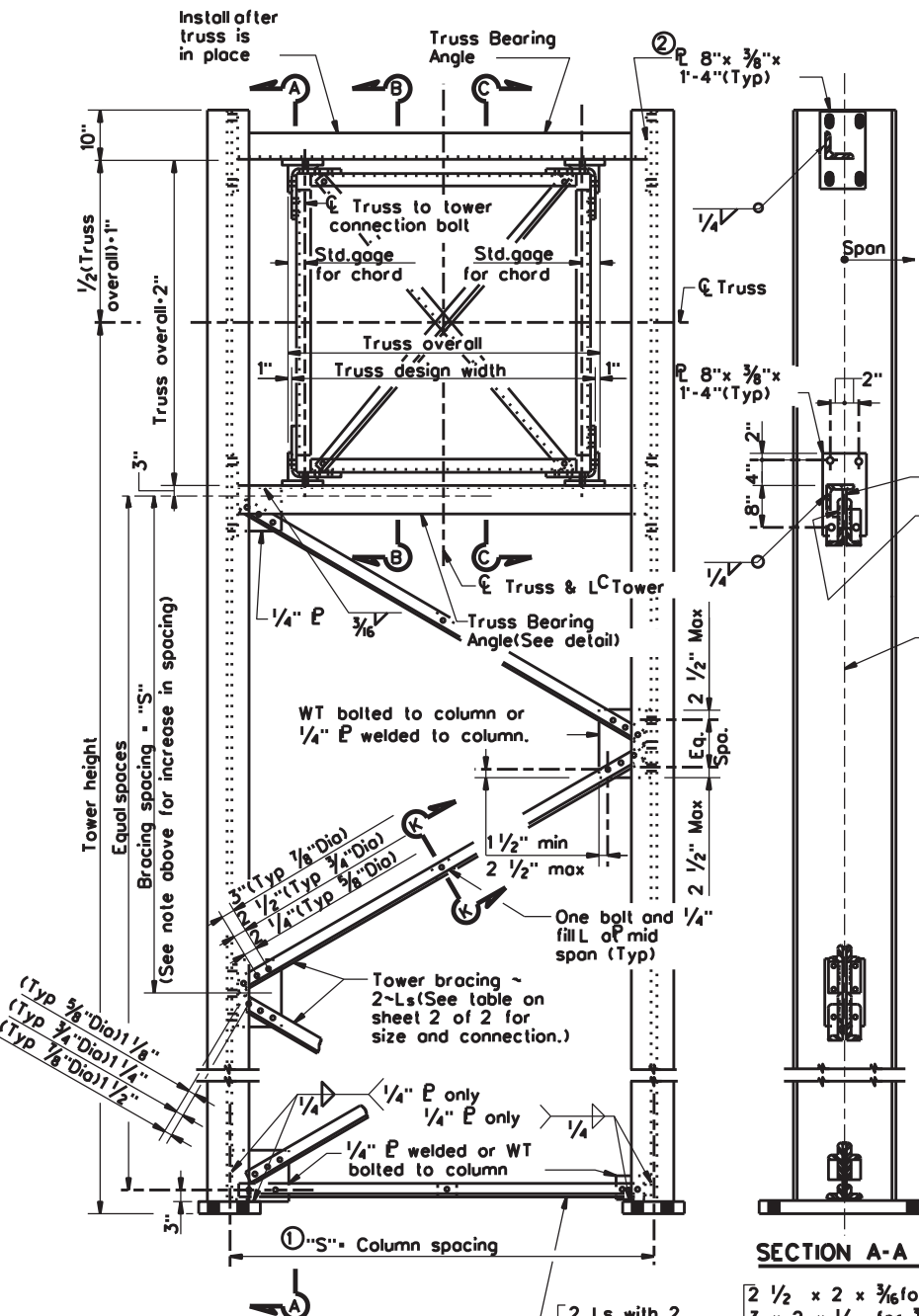
DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:45 AM
 FILE: ...Over_Head\osbt-21.dgn



PLAN AT TRUSS BEARING ANGLE

COLUMN SPA."S"	TRUSS BEARING ANGLE	HS BOLTS (DIA)
6'-0"	L 4 x 4 x 3/16	3/8"
6'-6"	L 5 x 5 x 3/8	5/8"
7'-0"	L 5 x 5 x 1/2	3/4"
7'-6" to 8'-6"	L 6 x 6 x 3/8	3/4"
9'-0"	L 6 x 6 x 1/2	3/4"
9'-6"	L 6 x 6 x 3/8	3/4"

② Nominal Dia. x 1 1/2" slots in plate. (Top L only) Use washer on plate side of HS bolt. (See table above for size of bolts.)



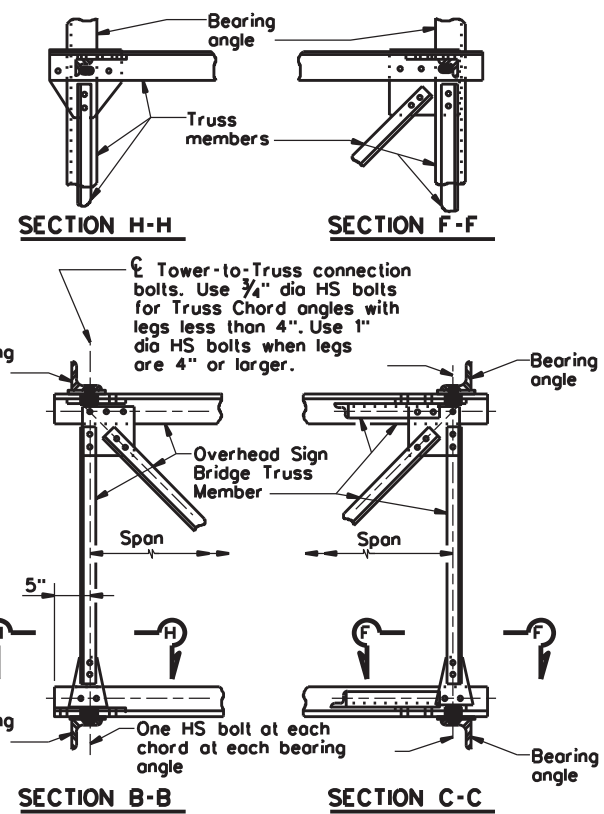
TRUSS DETAILS

① For column spacing see standard drawing, "Overhead Sign Bridge Details"

- 2 1/2 x 2 x 3/16 for 3/8" dia H.S. bolts.
- 3 x 2 x 1/4 for 3/4" dia H.S. bolts.
- 3 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 1/4 for 1/2" dia H.S. bolts.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR TOWER BRACING

- Normally, the maximum spacing for tower bracing is the same as column spacing; However, this spacing may be increased as follows:
- Determine required column size and spacing to satisfy height for the wind zone and truss span being used. Height = (H · H) / 2.
- Note the number of times this column size is shown for larger heights for the same span and wind zone.
- Spacing of bracing may be increased 1'-0" for each time height is shown, except the increase shall not exceed 5'-0".

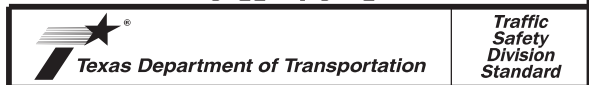


TRUSS-TO-TOWER CONNECTION DETAILS

GENERAL NOTES

- Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and Interim revisions thereto for design heights up to 50 feet.
- For size and spacing of columns see sheets, "Overhead Sign Bridge Details."
- At contractor's option lower bracing connections may be high strength (HS) bolted or welded. If welded connections are used, length of connection shall be taken from the table shown on sheet, "Overhead Sign Bridge Truss Details-OSBC."
- All connection bolts shall conform to ASTM A325 Type 1. Washers shall conform to ASTM F436. Bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- All structural steel shall conform to ASTM A36 except where noted. Structural steel shall be galvanized after fabrication per Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- Anchor bolts and nuts for anchor bolts shall be "Alloy steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".
- Anchor bolts shall be rigidly held in position during concrete placement by using steel templates at the top and bottom. The bottom template and anchor plate assembly shall remain in place and shall not be damaged during concrete placement. The top template shall be removed after concrete has set.
- Exposed nuts and washers shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 449, "Galvanizing". Embedded nuts and top and bottom templates need not be galvanized.
- Lubricate and tighten the anchor bolts when erecting the structure per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". After the structure has been aligned in its final position and the anchor bolts have been properly tightened, tack weld anchor bolt nuts to washers, and tack weld washers to base plates. Galvanizing in tack welded areas shall be repaired per Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- Concrete shall be Class "C".

SHEET 1 OF 2



OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE TOWER DETAILS

OSBT(1)-21

FILE: osbt-21.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT November 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
8-21	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	58	

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Table with columns for BRACING FOR 9'-0" TO 9'-6" COLUMN SPACING, including Size Double Angles and Bolts Required.

Table with columns for BRACING FOR 8'-0" TO 8'-6" COLUMN SPACING, including Size Double Angles and Bolts Required.

Table with columns for BRACING FOR 7'-0" TO 7'-6" COLUMN SPACING, including Size Double Angles and Bolts Required.

Table with columns for BRACING FOR 6'-0" TO 6'-6" COLUMN SPACING, including Size Double Angles and Bolts Required.

Table with columns for "X", "Y", "Z", BASE PLATE SIZE, ANCHOR BOLT SIZE, FOUNDATION DATA, and COLUMN SIZE.

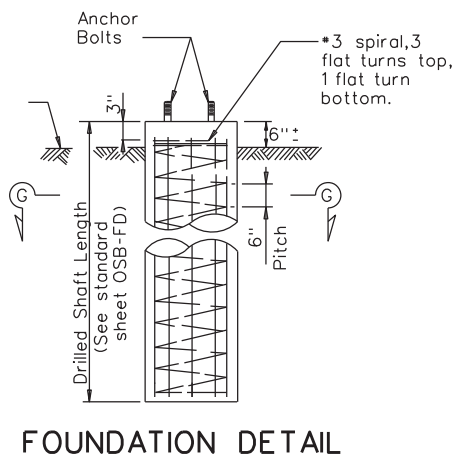
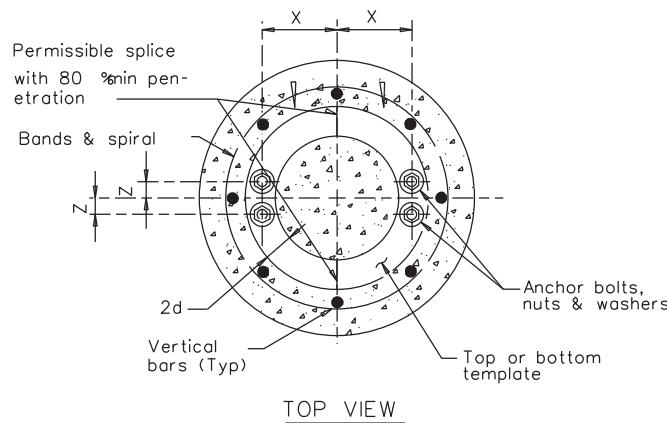
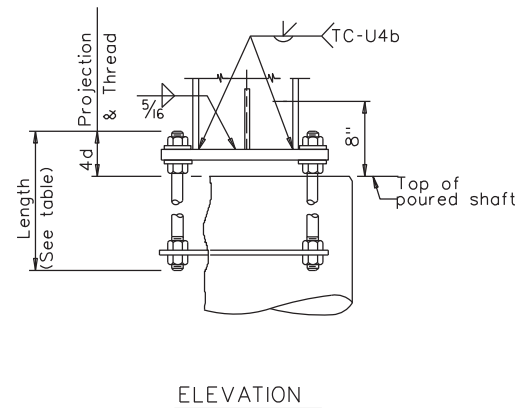
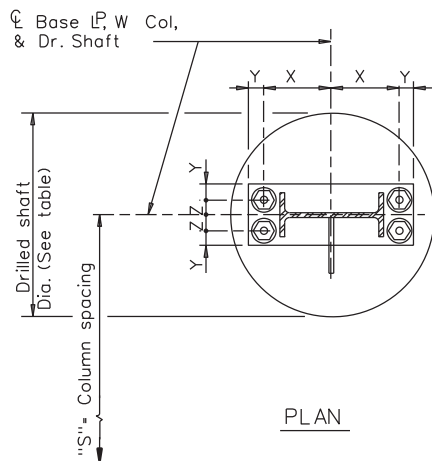
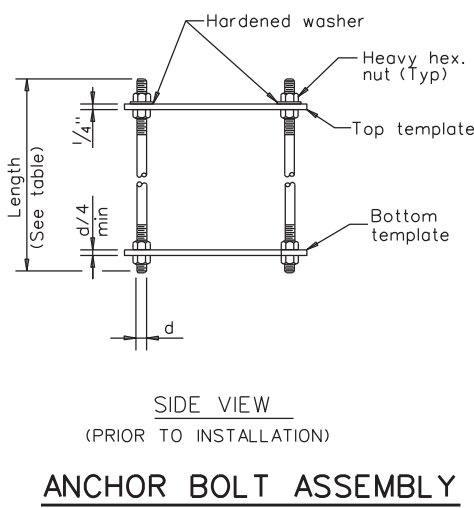


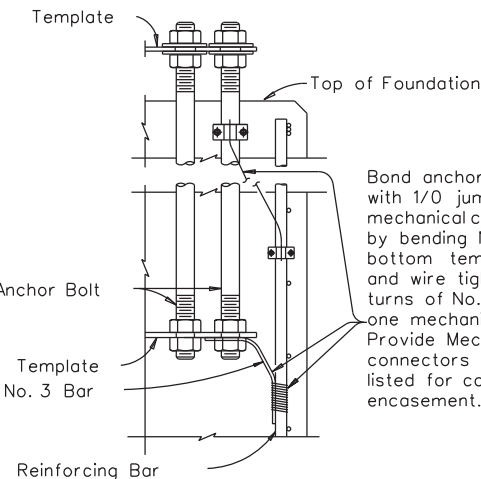
Table titled ANCHOR BOLT SIZE with columns for DIA, BOLT LENGTH, THREAD LENGTH, PROJECTION LENGTH, and GALVAN. LENGTH.

Table titled Washer Dimensions with columns for Anchor Bolt Dia., Outside Diameter, Hole Diameter, Thickness, and Hole in Base Plate.



BEARING SEAT DETAILS

(See table for base plate size, anchor bolt size, dimensions X, Y, Z and drilled shaft diameter.)



LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM

- Anchor Bolt Fabrication Tolerances: Bolt Length, Thread Length, Galvanized Length. Thread length applies to upper and lower threads.

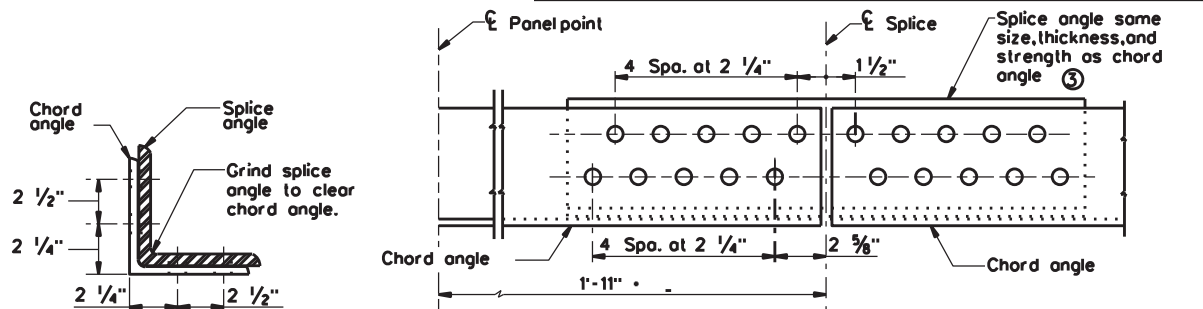


OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE TOWER DETAILS

OSBT(2)-21

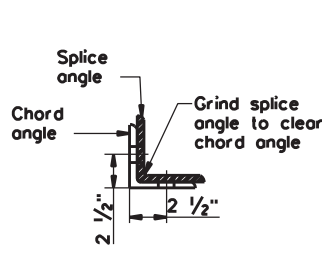
Table with project information including FILE: osbt-21.dgn, CON: November 2007, DIST: 22, COUNTY: LA SALLE, ETC., and SHEET NO. 59.

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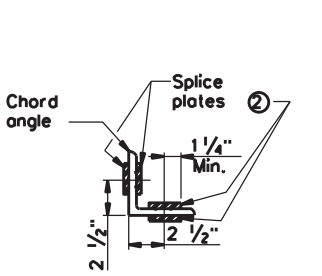
SECTION ON E SPLICE (6" L Shown)

CHORD SPLICE USING ANGLES (SINGLE SHEAR) (Place splice angle on inside of truss) (6" L Shown)



SECTION ON E SPLICE (4" L Shown)

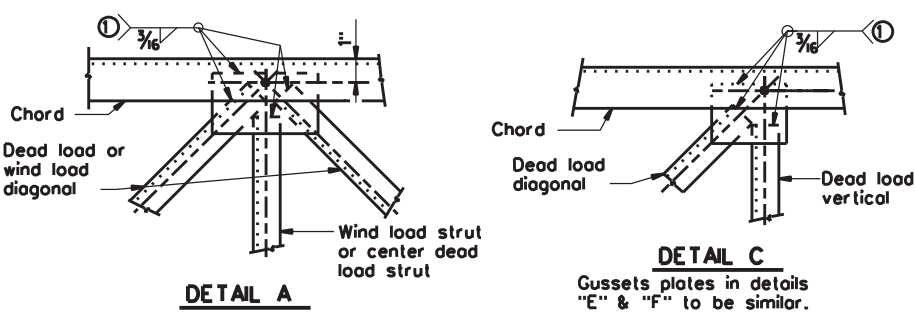
CHORD SPLICE USING ANGLES (SINGLE SHEAR) (Place splice angle on inside of truss) (4" L Shown)



SECTION ON E SPLICE (4" L Shown)

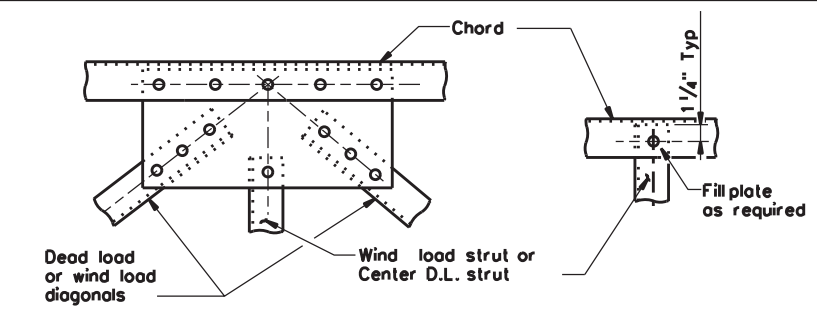
CHORD SPLICE USING PLATES (DOUBLE SHEAR) (4" L Shown)

SPLICE DETAILS



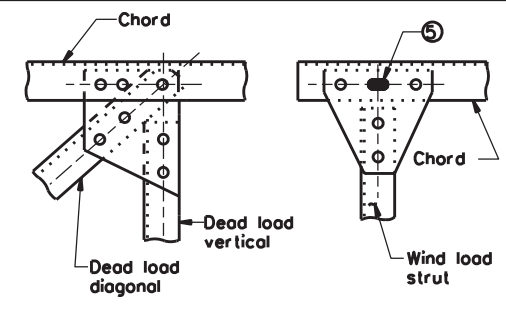
ALTERNATE WELDED SPLICE AND CONNECTION DETAILS

Number of bolts	3/16" Fillet Weld Replaces:	
	5/8" Dia. Bolt	3/4" Dia. Bolt
1	2"	3"
2	4"	6"
3	6"	9"
4	8"	11 1/2"
5	10"	14 1/2"
6	12"	17 1/2"
7	14"	20"



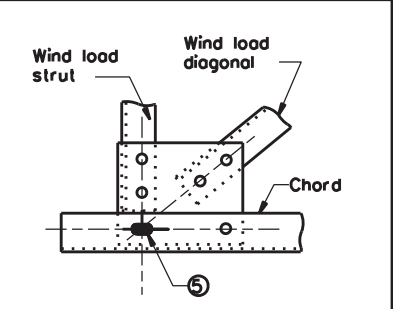
DETAIL A

DETAIL B

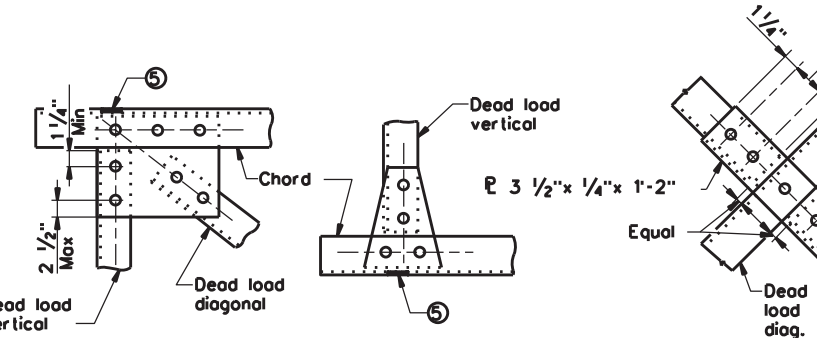


DETAIL C

DETAIL D



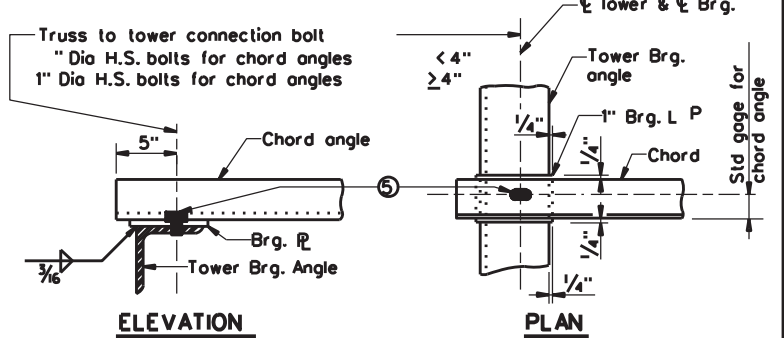
DETAIL E



DETAIL F

DETAIL G

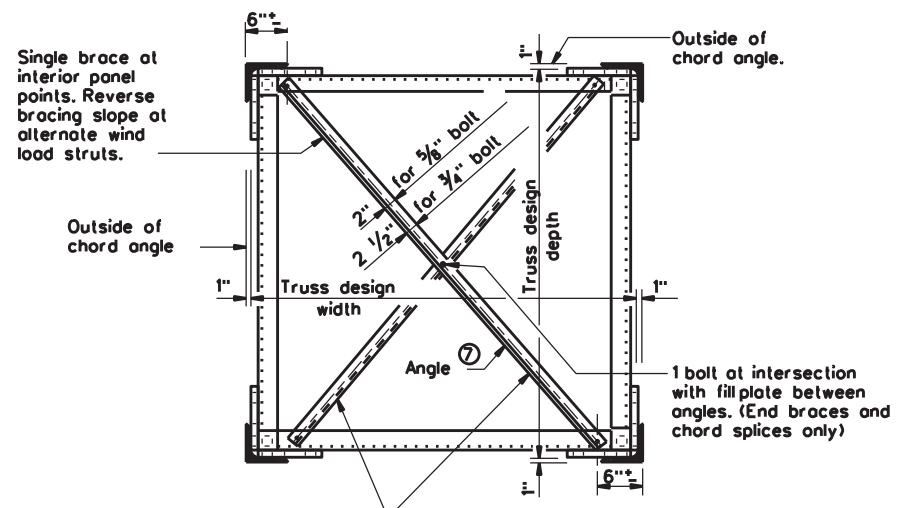
DETAIL H



ELEVATION

PLAN

BEARING PLATE DETAILS ⑥



TRUSS SECTION

(Diagonals not shown)

FOR L'S OVER 1/4" IN THICKNESS

FOR L'S 1/4" OR LESS IN THICKNESS

Total No. of Bolts in Diagonals at Joints	No. of Bolts required in Gusset Plate Chord Connection	
	0	2
2	2	2
3	3	3
4	3	3
5	4	4
6	4	4
8	5	5
10	6	6
12	6	6

GENERAL NOTES:

- All bolts shall be in accordance with Item 447, "Structural Bolting".
- The truss shall have an upward camber not less than the dead load deflections shown in the table on standard drawings "Overhead Sign Bridge Details" when blocked at the ends under dead load of the truss only.
- Chord angles may be spliced in convenient lengths for galvanizing. Connection and splice details are typical only. Actual size of member and number of bolts will vary. The details shown on this sheet are intended as a guide only. See standard drawings "Overhead Sign Bridge Details" for number of bolts and size of members. Number of bolts shown for chord splice is based on single shear.
- Gusset plates to be same thickness as thickest web member in connection.

- ① See "TABLE OF MINIMUM WELD LENGTHS" for the length of welds.
- ② Area of splice plates shall be equal to or greater than area of chord angle.
- ③ When chord angles of different thickness are spliced, use shim plate and number of bolts required for thinner angle. For splice angle use thickness of the thinner angle.
- ④ When splice plates are used on both sides of chord angle (double shear) only half the number of bolts shown in the table on standard drawing "OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS" are required.
- ⑤ Slotted hole in Gusset L and Chord angle 1" x 1 1/2" slot for 3/4" dia. bolts, 1 1/4" x 2" slot for 1" dia. bolts. Use L washer on Gusset L side.
- ⑥ Bearing plate may be omitted if welded connections are used on wind truss.
- ⑦ 2" x 1 1/2" x 3/16" angle for 3/4" Dia bolts [1]
2 1/2" x 2" x 3/16" angle for 1" Dia bolts [1]

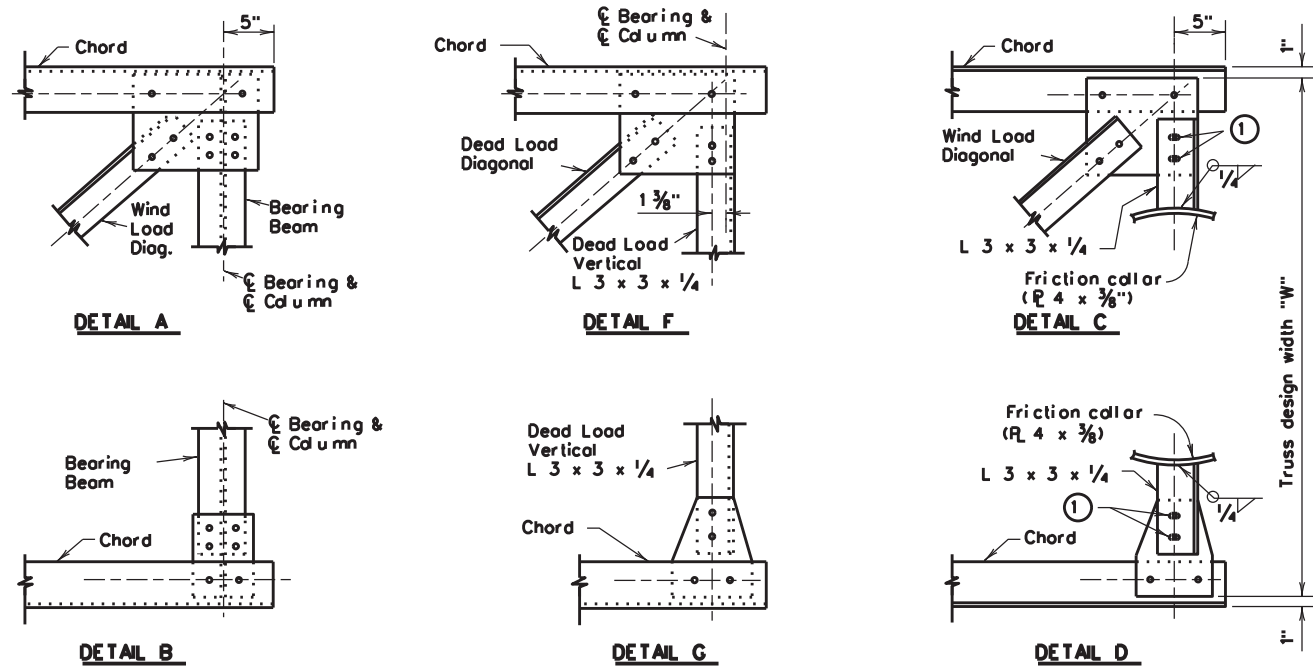
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE TRUSS DETAILS

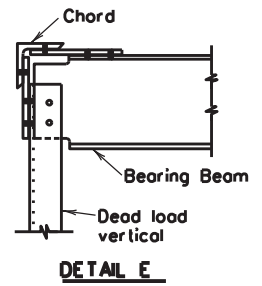
OSBC

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REVISIONS					
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
6465	79	001		IH35, ETC.	
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
22	LA SALLE, ETC.		60		

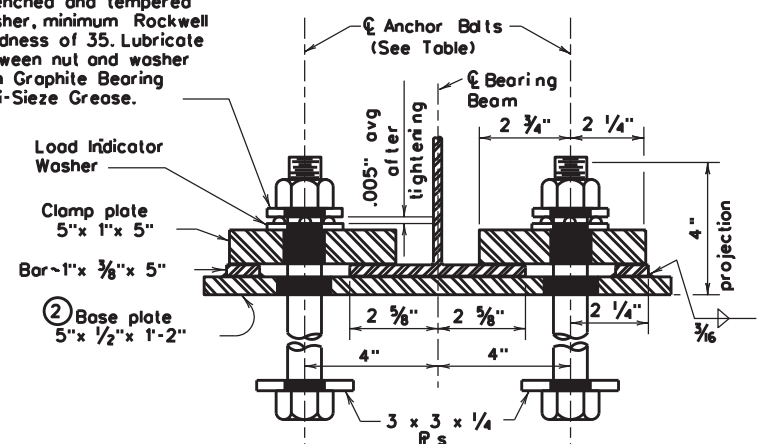
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- ① Slotted holes in gusset plates only.
- ② Oversized Hole diameter = Anchor Bolt diameter + 1/2"



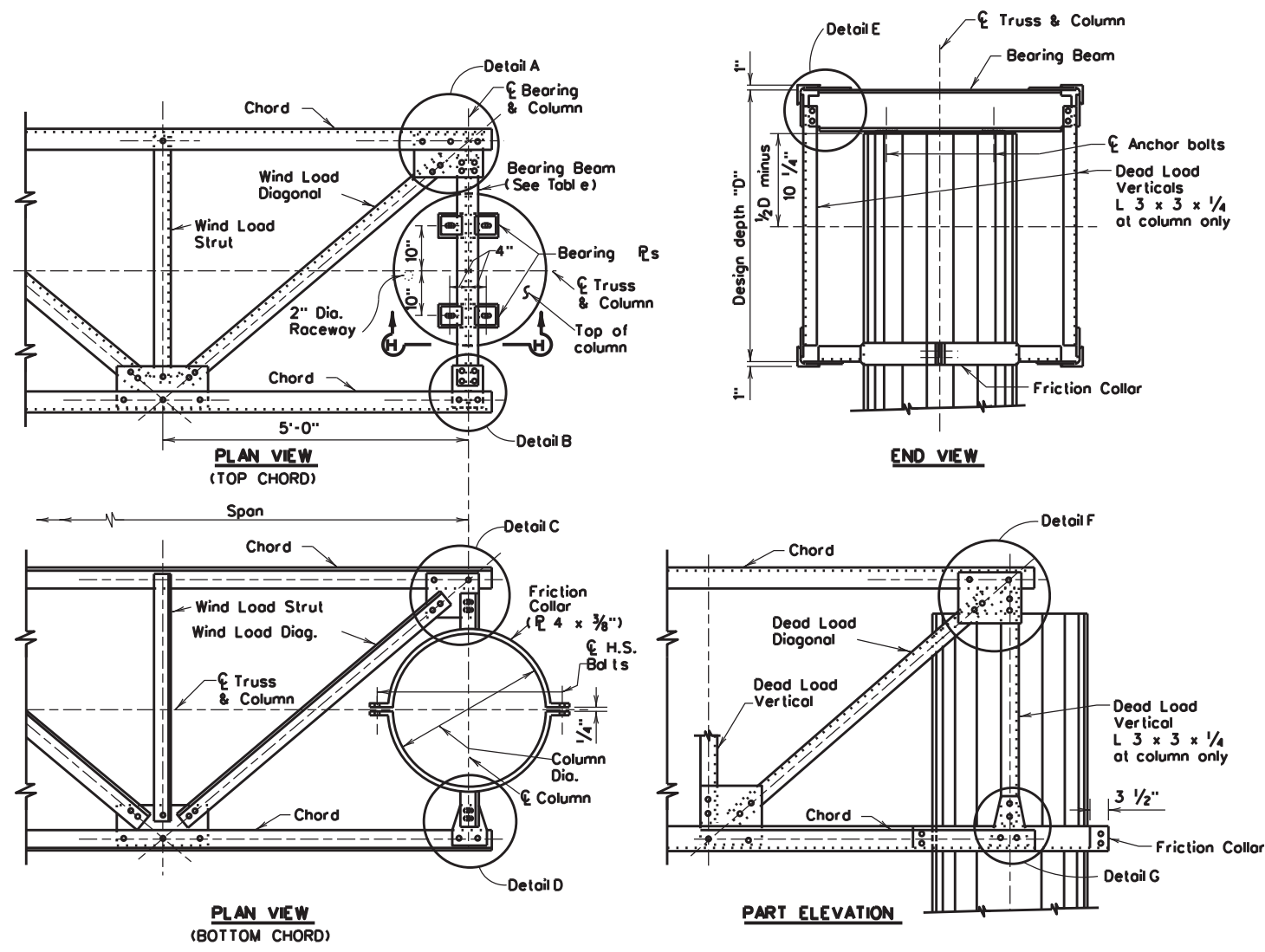
Quenched and tempered washer, minimum Rockwell hardness of 35. Lubricate between nut and washer with Graphite Bearing Anti-Sieze Grease.



Note: When Bearing Beam is located off center, clamp plate may be turned as needed to give bearing area.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to the 1975 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and Interim revisions thereto.
 All structural steel shall conform to ASTM A36.
 All parts, including anchor bolts, shall be galvanized after fabrication per Item 445, "Galvanizing".
 Details on this sheet are applicable for design wind heights between 15 and 30 feet.
 All connection bolts shall conform to ASTM A325 Type 1.
 After truss is aligned in its final position, anchor bolt nuts shall be tack welded to washer and washer tack welded to clamp plate. Galvanizing in welded area shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".
 Anchor bolts and nuts for anchor bolts shall be "Alloy Steel" per Item 449 "Anchor Bolts".
 Anchor bolts shall be tightened per Item 449.
 Truss End Wind Struts are replaced by Bearing Beam on top and Friction Collar with L 3 x 3 x 1/4 on bottom. End Dead Load Verticals are replaced by L 3 x 3 x 1/4.
 Details and towers shown on standard drawing OSBT are not used with single column towers.
 For connection details not shown herein see standard drawing OSBC.
 All concrete shall be Class C.
 All reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".
 Details shown herein are intended to be used with standard drawings "Overhead Sign Bridge Details" and OSBC. Details shown on standard drawing OSBC should be modified as shown on this drawing. When this drawing is used standard drawing OSBT is not required.



TRUSS END CONNECTION MODIFICATION DETAILS

SHEET 1 OF 2

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**OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE
TRUSS DETAILS
SINGLE COLUMN**

OSBC-SC-Z4

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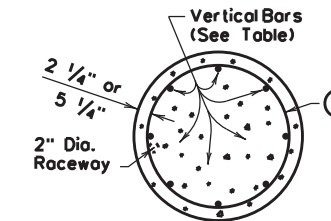
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ZONE 4 70 M.P.H. WIND

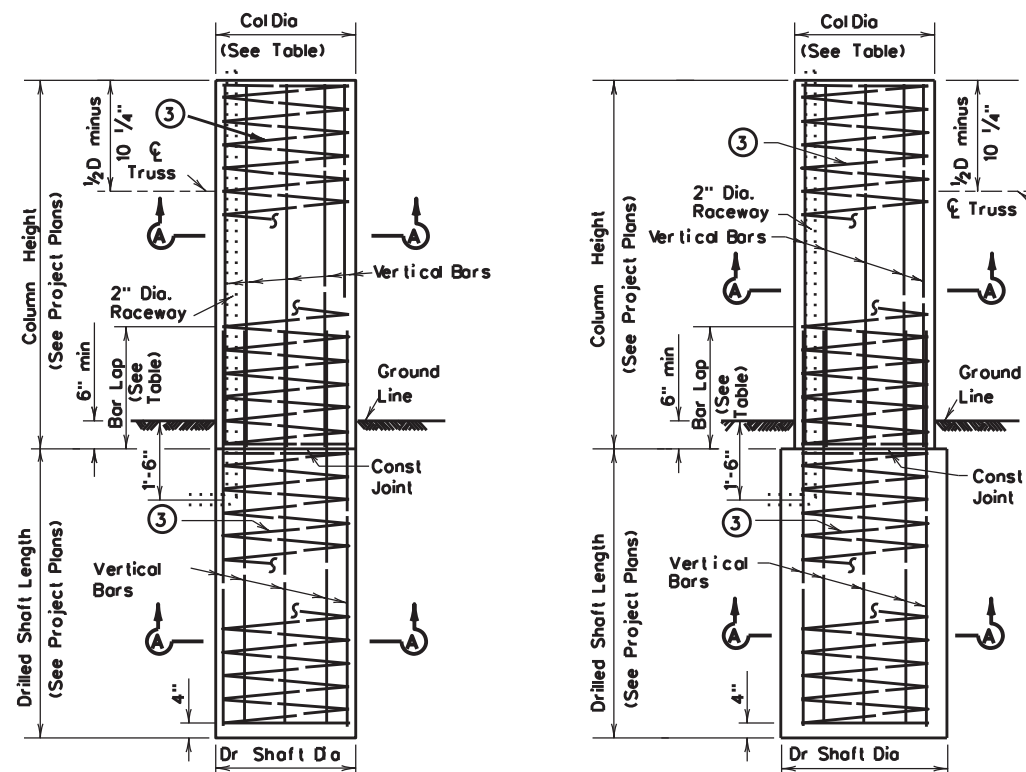
SPAN	REACTIONS				COLUMN BENDING MOMENTS (Kip-Ft.)																		Height	
	Ft.	D.L.	W.L.	Torque	14'	15'	16'	17'	18'	19'	20'	21'	22'	23'	24'	25'	26'	27'	28'	29'	30'	31'		32'
¾" Dia x 1'-3" Anchor Bolts	40	2.65	5.03	8.97	81	86	91	96	101	106	112	117	122	127	132	137	142	147	153	158	163	168	173	30" Diameter Column
	45	2.98	5.66	10.09	91	97	102	108	114	120	126	131	137	143	149	154	160	166	172	178	183	189	195	
	50	3.33	6.29	11.21	101	107	114	120	127	133	140	146	152	159	165	172	178	184	191	197	204	210	217	
	55	3.81	6.93	12.34	111	118	125	133	140	147	154	161	168	175	182	189	196	203	210	217	224	231	239	
	60	4.15	7.57	13.46	122	129	137	145	152	160	168	176	183	191	199	206	214	222	230	237	245	253	261	
	65	4.55	8.21	14.58	132	140	149	157	165	174	182	190	199	207	216	224	232	241	249	257	266	274	283	
	70	5.09	8.85	15.71	142	151	160	169	178	187	196	205	214	223	232	241	250	259	268	277	287	296	305	
	75	5.44	9.49	16.83	152	162	172	181	191	201	210	220	230	239	249	259	269	278	288	298	307	317	327	
	80	6.02	9.87	18.06	159	169	179	189	199	209	219	229	240	250	260	270	280	290	300	310	320	330	340	
	85	6.61	10.51	19.19	169	180	191	201	212	223	234	244	255	266	276	287	298	309	319	330	341	352	362	
	90	7.03	11.15	20.32	180	191	202	214	225	236	248	259	271	282	293	305	316	327	339	350	362	373	384	
	95	7.55	11.79	21.45	190	202	214	226	238	250	262	274	286	298	310	322	334	346	358	370	382	394	406	
	100	8.20	12.81	23.65	207	220	233	246	259	272	285	298	311	324	337	350	363	376	390	403	416	429	442	
	105	8.91	13.48	24.83	217	231	245	259	272	286	299	314	327	341	355	369	382	396	410	424	437	451	465	
	110	9.34	14.15	26.02	228	243	257	271	286	300	315	329	344	358	372	387	401	416	430	445	459	473	488	
115	9.87	14.81	27.20	239	254	269	284	299	314	329	344	360	375	390	405	420	435	450	465	480	495	511		
120	10.45	15.52	29.82	251	267	283	299	315	331	346	362	378	394	410	426	441	457	473	489	505	521	536		
1" Dia x 1'-6" Anchor Bolts	125	11.30	16.20	31.06	262	279	295	312	328	345	362	378	395	411	428	444	461	477	494	510	527	543	560	
	130	12.04	16.87	32.31	273	290	308	325	342	359	376	394	411	428	445	462	480	497	514	531	549	566	583	
	135	12.60	17.55	33.56	284	302	320	338	356	374	392	409	427	445	463	481	499	517	535	553	571	588	606	
	140	13.76	18.28	34.81	296	314	333	352	370	389	408	426	445	464	482	501	520	538	557	576	594	613	631	
	145	14.26	19.01	36.06	308	327	346	366	385	404	424	443	463	482	501	521	540	560	579	598	618	637	657	
	150	15.72	19.75	37.32	319	339	360	380	400	420	440	460	481	501	521	541	561	581	601	622	642	662	682	
	155	16.25	20.54	38.57	332	353	374	395	416	437	458	479	499	520	541	562	583	604	625	646	667	688	709	

For column and drilled shaft reinforcing steel see standard drawing OSBS-SC.
 D.L. and W.L. reactions are in Kips.
 Torque reactions are in Kip-Feet (Kip-Ft.).

COLUMN BARS		
BAR SIZE	BAR LAP	
	Gr 40	Gr 60
# 9	3'-10"	5'-8"
#10	4'-10"	7'-3"
#11	5'-11"	8'-11"



COLUMN & SHAFT SECTION A-A



COLUMN & SHAFT EQUAL SIZE
 COLUMN & SHAFT UNEQUAL SIZE

③ #3 spiral at 6" pitch. Three flat turns top and one flat turn bottom. One flat turn top and bottom in Drilled shaft.

COLUMN AND DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

NOTE: Use same diameter spiral for both column and drilled shaft.

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division

OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE
 TRUSS DETAILS
 SINGLE COLUMN

OSBC-SC-Z4

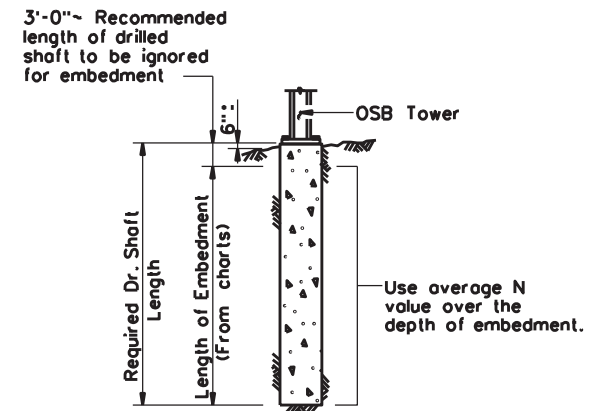
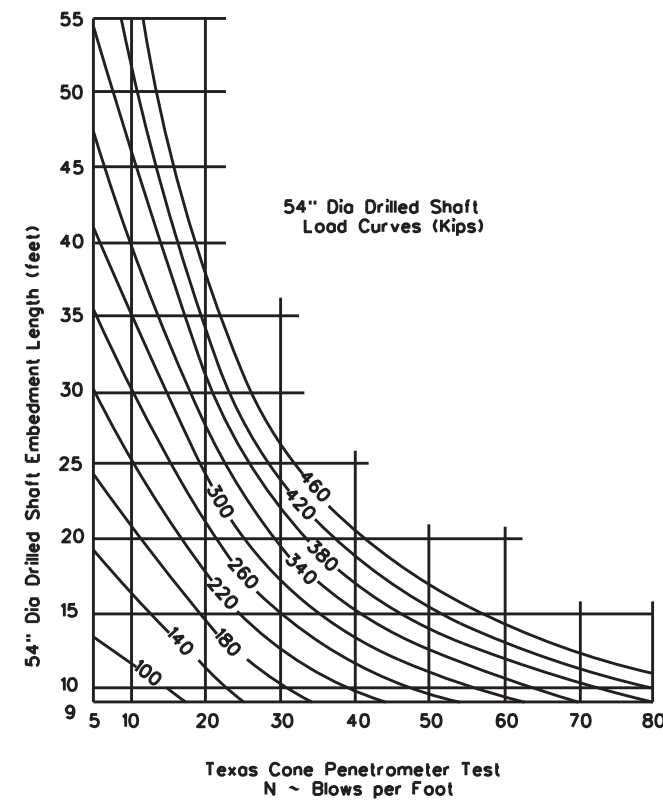
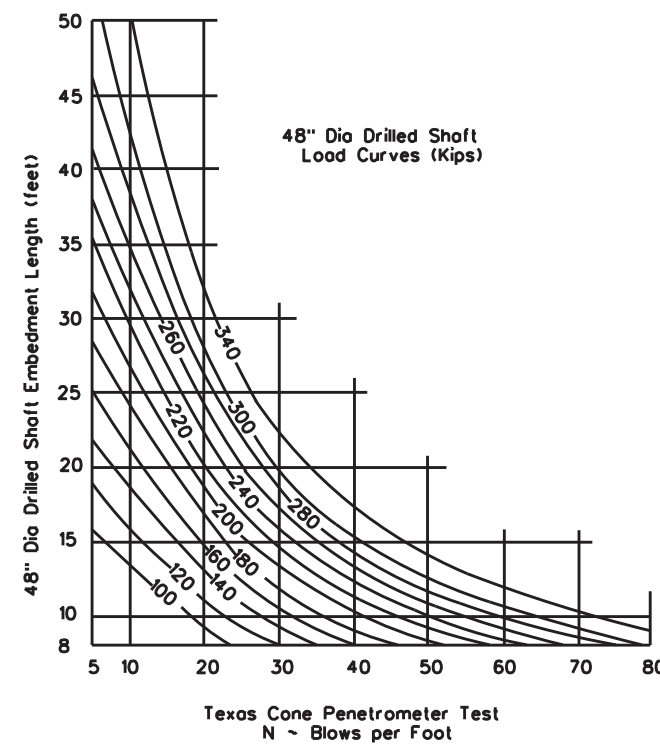
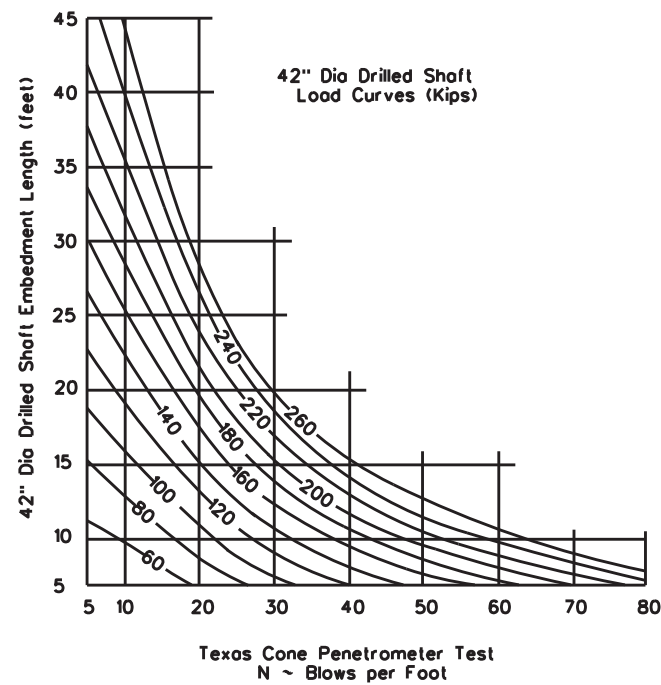
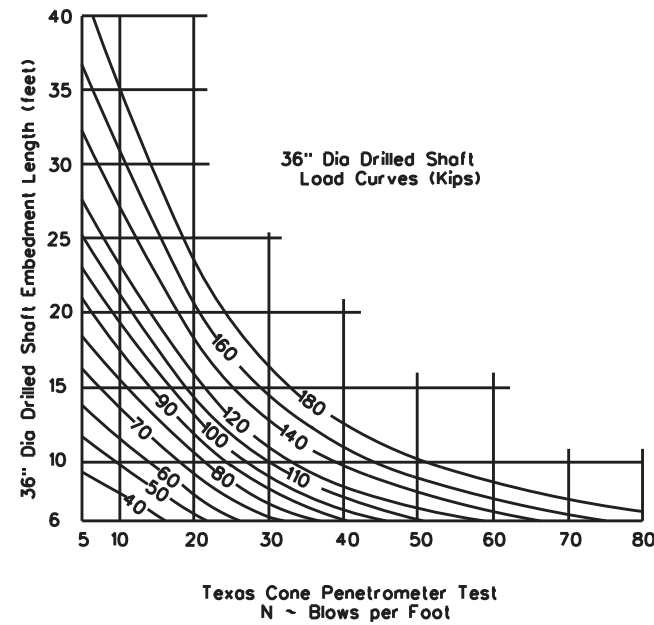
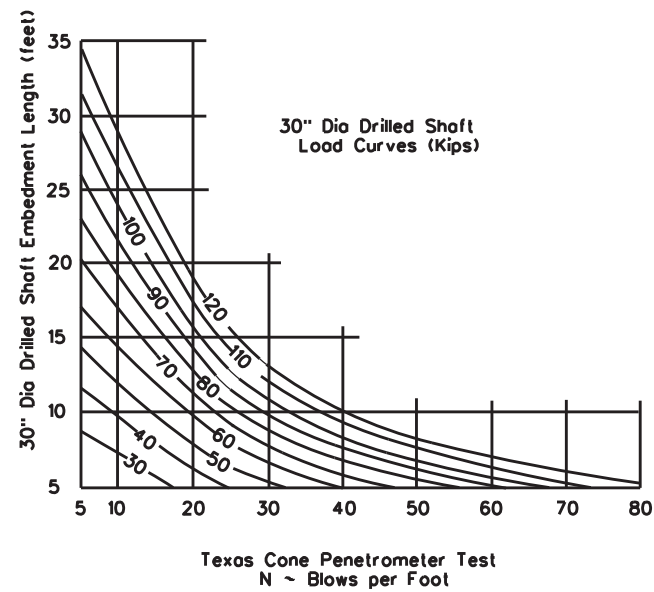
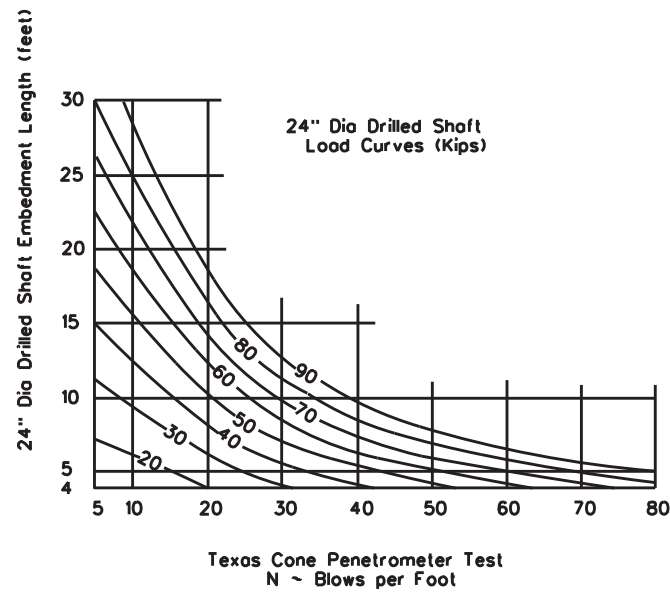
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CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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PROCEDURE:

1. Determine uplift from the applicable "Overhead Sign Bridge Details" standard drawing.
2. Determine required drilled shaft diameter from standard drawing OSBT.
3. Make an initial estimate of the required embedment length.
4. From Texas Cone Penetrometer Test data determine the average N value over the length of embedment.
5. Enter chart (for the correct shaft diameter) from the bottom at the average N value.
6. Proceed vertically into chart and locate intersection with column uplift. Interpolate between curves as needed.
7. From intersection point turn 90° to left and read embedment length along vertical scale.
8. If embedment length differs significantly from estimated value return to step 4 with embedment length determined in step 7.
9. Compute the required length of drilled shaft by adding 3'-0" to the required embedment length.

GENERAL NOTES:

These charts are to be used for Simple Span Overhead Sign Bridges with two shafts per tower. Numbers shown on curved lines are uplift in kip. Dead load of concrete in drilled shafts is included in curves. Minimum embedment of drilled shafts is two diameters. Load curves shall not be extrapolated below the N value of 5 blows per foot.



FOUNDATION EMBEDMENT SELECTION CHARTS

OSB-FD

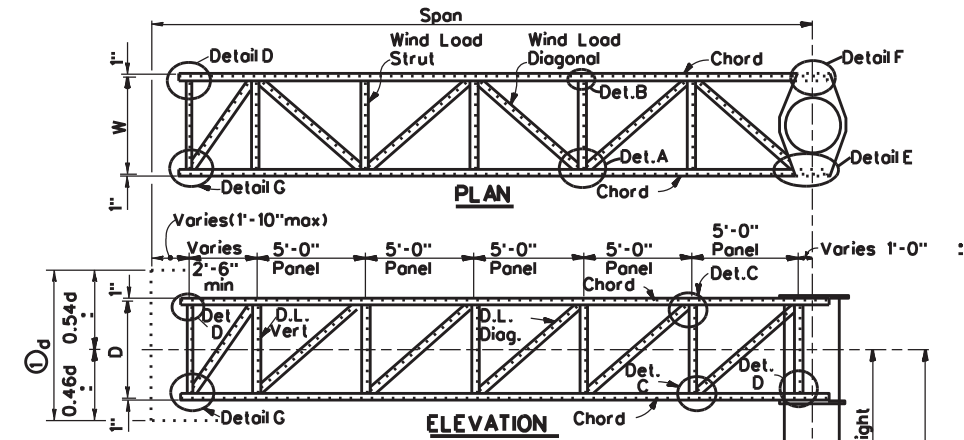
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COSS STRUCTURES

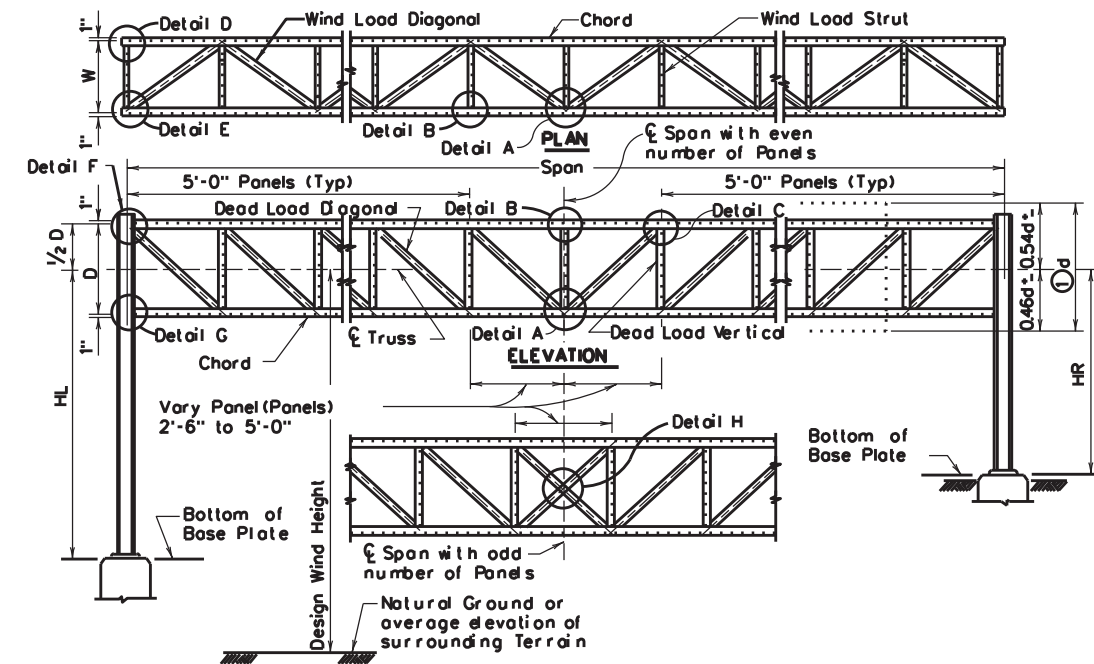
TRUSS DETAILS	STRUCTURE NO. AND STATION						
	DESIGN WIND HEIGHT, H _d (feet)						
	LENGTH OF SPAN (feet)						
	W x D & SIZE HS BOLTS	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	
	LENGTH OF TRUSS PANELS	End = Other =	End = Other =	End = Other =	End = Other =	End = Other =	
	CHORD						
	DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL						
	WIND LOAD DIAGONAL						
	DEAD LOAD VERTICAL						
	WIND LOAD STRUT						
TRUSS DL & DEFL	DL = lb/ft, Δ _v = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ _v = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ _v = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ _v = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ _v = "		
TOWER DETAILS	TOWER HEIGHT AT TRUSS ℄ (feet)						
	TOWER PIPE DIA & WALL THICKNESS	Dia = Thick =	Dia = Thick =	Dia = Thick =	Dia = Thick =		
	TOWER PIPE Δ _H AT ℄ TRUSS						
	NO. & SIZE OF ANCHOR BOLTS						
	ANCHOR BOLT CIRCLE DIA						
DESIGN LOADS	SHEAR (Kips)						
	TORSION (Kip-ft)						
	MOMENT (Kip-ft)						
FOUNDATION	SOIL (Sand or Clay) & "N"		w/ "N" =	w/ "N" =	w/ "N" =		
	SIZE & LENGTH OF DR SHAFT						
	MAIN SHAFT STEEL						
	SHAFT SPIRAL REINFORCING						

OSB STRUCTURES

TRUSS	STRUCTURE NO. AND STATION						
	DESIGN WIND HEIGHT, H _d (feet)						
	LENGTH OF SPAN (feet)						
	W x D & SIZE HS BOLTS	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	x w/ " Dia HS Bolts	
	LENGTH OF TRUSS PANELS	5.0' w/ Center Pane l(s) at	5.0' w/ Center Pane l(s) at	5.0' w/ Center Pane l(s) at	5.0' w/ Center Pane l(s) at	5.0' w/ Center Pane l(s) at	
	CHORD						
	DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL						
	WIND LOAD DIAGONAL						
	DEAD LOAD VERTICAL						
	WIND LOAD STRUT						
TRUSS DL & DEFL	DL = lb/ft, Δ = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ = "	DL = lb/ft, Δ = "		
TOWERS	COLUMN SPACING		LEFT TOWER	RIGHT TOWER	LEFT TOWER	RIGHT TOWER	
	TOWER HEIGHT (feet)		H _L =	H _R =	H _L =	H _R =	
	COLUMN SIZE		W x	W x	W x	W x	
	ANCHOR BOLTS						
	BASE PLATE						
	TOWER DIAGONALS						
	TOWER STRUTS						
	TOWER UPLIFT (Kips)						
	DRILLED SHAFTS						
	MAXIMUM BRACING SPACING, "S"						
SOIL N (BLOWS PER FT.)							



- ① d = Sign Depth
Where signs of different depths are used, the bottom edges of all signs may be placed in line. Where this is done, all signs should be so positioned that the bottom edges are approximately 0.46 of the depth of the deepest sign below the L & of the truss.
- ② "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".
- ③ "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".



GENERAL NOTES

1. Use tower details, truss to tower connection, and foundation details, shown on standard drawings OSBT, OSBC, COSSD, and COSSF.
2. Dimensions and connections, should be determined, using member size or combination of members shown on this sheet.
3. Number of high strength bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.
4. Design of truss includes 3 pounds per square foot for sign panel, 20 pounds per foot for lights, and 50 pounds per foot for walkway, all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

NOTES ON USAGE

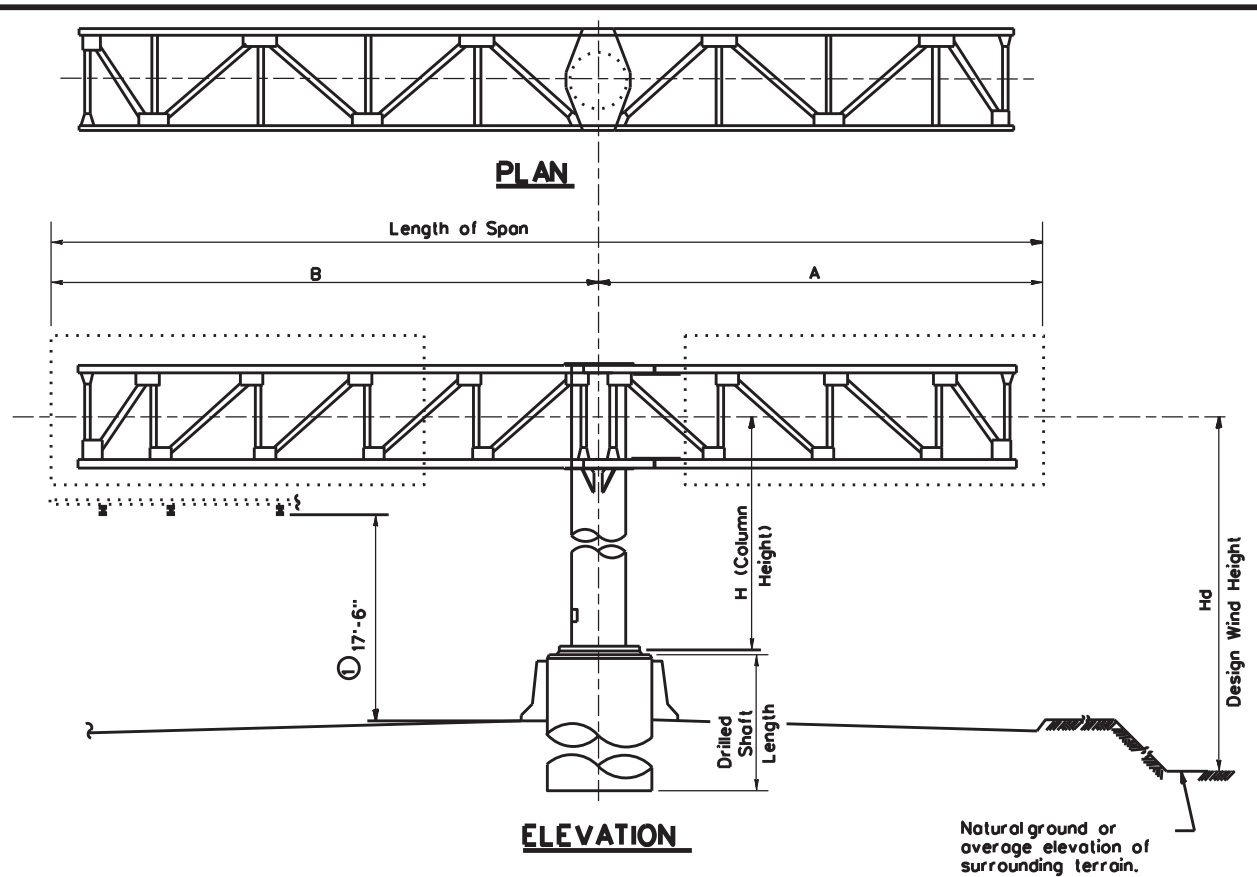
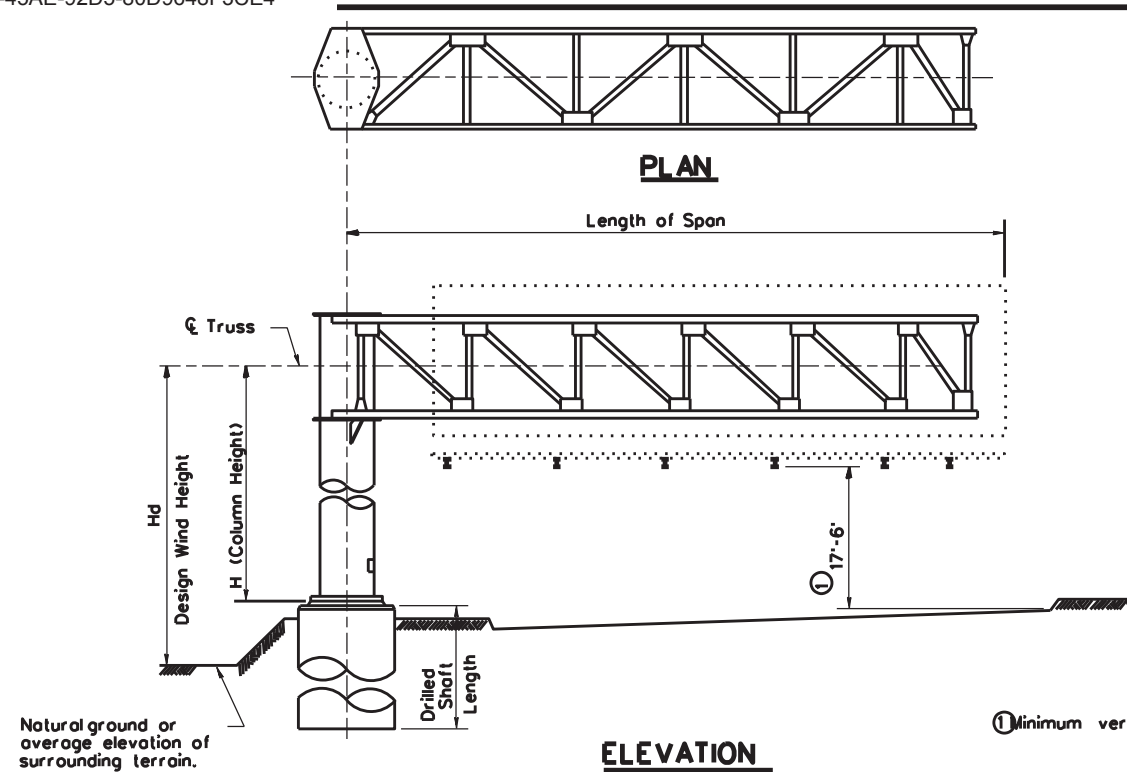
1. This sheet shall only be included in the PS&E package when the COSS and/or OSB standards are not sufficient to define the COSS or OSB design and details.
2. These sheets should not be included in the PS&E package if no design data is included hereon.
3. If included in the contract plans this sheet must contain "(MOD)" after the designation and must be sealed by a Texas P.E.

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				Traffic Safety Division Standard	
OVERHEAD SIGN BRIDGE DETAILS					
COSS & OSB-SZ-21					
FILE: coss-osb-sz-21.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:	
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8-21	REVISIONS	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
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SELECTION EXAMPLE CANTILEVER SPAN

- Given:** Cantilever Span = 33'; Column Height, H = 23.3'; Design Wind Height, Hd = 27'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 15 (clay type soil); Hill County
- Step 1:** Select applicable COSS standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet (WV & IZ-96) determine that Hill County is in Zone 4 (70 mph) and is above the ice line. Since Design Wind Height is less than 30', use standard COSS-Z4 & Z4I. If Design Wind Height is more than 30', use COSS-Z3 & Z3I. NOTE: In Zone 1 if Design Wind Height is greater than 30' use HCOSS-Z1.
- Step 2:** Determine tower details from COSS-Z4 & Z4I. Use column height to nearest tabulated value, i.e., 23'. Round span length up to the nearest tabulated value, i.e., 35'. Tower details are:
 Tower pipe 24" Dia with min. wall thickness = 0.312"
 Base plate 33 3/4" Dia x 1 3/4"
 Anchor bolts 8-1 3/4" Dia on 29 3/8" bolt circle
 Horizontal deflection of tower at L truss = 0.889". During installation, double nuts at base plate may be used to plumb tower to compensate for horizontal deflection.
 Design Moment = 244 Kip-ft
 Design Torsion = 162 Kip-ft
- Step 3:** Determine truss details from COSS-Z4 & Z4I. Read from small table at bottom of sheet for span = 35'. Truss design width, W and depth, D = 4.0' x 4.0'.
 Chord L 3 x 3 x 3/16 (HYC) with 6 bolt connection at tower
 D.L. Diag. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 W.L. Diag. L 3 x 3 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 D.L. Vert. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 W.L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 1 bolt connection
 Bolts are 3/8" Dia high strength with 5-3/4" Dia bolt alternate for chord connection at tower.
 D.L. of truss = 50 lb/ft
 Truss deflection at free end = 3.2". The fabricator shall compensate for this deflection by offsetting bolt holes between the upper and lower chords at the truss-to-tower connection.
- Step 4:** Determine foundation details. Use standard COSSF. From COSSF with 24" Dia pipe and 1 3/4" Dia anchor bolts:
 Anchor Bolts 1 3/4" Dia x 3'-10"
 Drilled Shaft Dia 42"
 Vertical Reinforcing 12 ~ #10 bars
 Spiral C = #4 at 6" pitch Grade 60.
 Misc. handhole, base plate, anchor bolt, and foundation details are shown on COSSF.
- Step 5:** Determine drilled shaft length from COSS-FD. Enter the appropriate graph (for 42" Dia drilled shaft in clay soil) from the bottom with N = 15. Proceed upward interpolating moment curves (solid lines) to locate 244 Kip-ft. Project to the left side of the graph to determine the required embedment length, i.e., 12'. Repeat the procedure for torsion curves (dashed lines) to locate 162 Kip-ft. The embedment length required to satisfy torsion is 14'. Add 3'-0" to the longer length to obtain a required drilled shaft length of 17'.

SELECTION EXAMPLE DOUBLE CANTILEVER SPAN

- Given:** Short span, A = 9'; Long Span, B = 25'; Total Cantilever Span = 34'; Column Height, H = 24'; Design Wind Height, Hd = 26'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 20 (clay type soil); Wheeler County.
- Step 1:** Select applicable COSS standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet determine that Wheeler County is in Zone 2 (90 mph) and is above the ice line. Since Design Wind Height is less than 30' use standard COSS-Z2I. If Design Wind Height is more than 30', use HCOSS-Z1.
- Step 2:** Determine tower details from COSS-Z2I. Use column height = 24'. Round total span length up to the next longer tabulated length span, i.e., 35'. If total span length is greater than 40', a special design would be required. Tower details are:
 Tower pipe 30" Dia with min. wall thickness = 0.310"
 Base Plate 40 1/2" Dia x 1 3/4"
 Anchor bolts 8 ~ 2" Dia on 35 3/4" bolt circle
 Horizontal deflection of tower at L truss = 0.574-0.316 = 0.26". During installation, double nuts at base plate may be used to plumb tower and compensate for horizontal deflection.
 Design Moment = 403 Kip-ft (use total span = 35')
 Design Torsion = 136 Kip-ft (use long span = 25')
- Step 3:** Determine truss details from COSS-Z2I. Read from small table at bottom of sheet 2 of 2 for Span A = 9' (use 10'):
 Chord L 3 x 3 x 3/16 (HYC) with 3 bolt connection at splice
 D.L. Diag. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 W.L. Diag. L 3 x 3 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 D.L. Vert. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 W.L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 1 bolt connection
 Bolts are 3/8" Dia high strength.
 D.L. of truss = 42 lb/ft.
 Span B = 25':
 Chord L 3 x 3 x 1/4 (HYC) with 4 bolt connection at tower
 D.L. Diag. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 W.L. Diag. L 3 x 3 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 D.L. Vert. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 2 bolt connection
 W.L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x 3/16 (HYC) with 1 bolt connection
 Bolts are 3/8" Dia high strength with 3 ~ 3/4" Dia bolt alternate for chord connection at tower.
 D.L. of truss = 47 lb/ft.
 Truss defl. at free end = 0.2" for Span A, + 1.3" for Span B. The fabricator shall compensate for deflections by offsetting bolt holes between upper and lower chords at splice and at truss-to-tower connection. Top chord shall be shortened between the tower and the splice to achieve the required offset.
- Step 4:** Determine foundation details. Use standard COSSF. From COSSF with 30" Dia pipe and 2" Dia anchor bolts:
 Anchor bolts 2" Dia x 4'-3"
 Drilled shaft Dia 54"
 Vertical Reinforcing 18 ~ #10 bars
 Spiral C = #4 at 6" pitch Grade 60
 Misc. handhole, base plate, anchor bolt, and foundation details are shown on COSSF.
- Step 5:** Determine drilled shaft length from COSS-FD. Enter the appropriate graph (for 54" Dia drilled shaft in clay type soil) from the bottom with N = 20. Proceed upward interpolating moment curves (solid lines) to locate 403 Kip-ft. Project to the left side of graph to determine required embedment length, i.e., 13'. Repeat the procedure for the torsion curves (dashed lines) to locate 136 Kip-ft. Embedment length required to satisfy torsion is 9'. Add 3' to the longer length to obtain required drilled shaft length of 16'.

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CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS SELECTION EXAMPLES

COSS-SE

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DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	
REVISIONS				
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.	
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
22	LA SALLE, ETC.		66	

ZONE 4 WITH AND WITHOUT ICE 70 MPH WIND

TOWER HEIGHT (ft)	10' SPAN										15' SPAN										20' SPAN										25' SPAN										TOWER HEIGHT (ft)				
	TOWER PIPE		ANCHOR BOLTS		BASE PLATE		TRUSS		DESIGN LOADS				TOWER PIPE		ANCHOR BOLTS		BASE PLATE		TRUSS		DESIGN LOADS				TOWER PIPE		ANCHOR BOLTS		BASE PLATE		TRUSS		DESIGN LOADS												
	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	DEFL ΔV	SHEAR V	TORSION T	MOMENT M	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	DEFL ΔV	SHEAR V	TORSION T	MOMENT M	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	DEFL ΔV	SHEAR V	TORSION T	MOMENT M	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE		DEFL ΔV	SHEAR V	TORSION T	MOMENT M
14'	16	0.250	0.104	1 1/4	6	20 1/2"	24 x 1 1/4	0.2	2.75	12.39	38.53	16	0.250	0.234	1 3/8	6	20 3/4"	24 1/2 x 1 1/4	0.5	4.13	28.76	59.63	16	0.250	0.419	1 3/4	6	21 1/2"	26 x 1 3/4	1.3	5.59	52.67	83.06	20	0.250	0.333	1 3/8	8	24 3/4"	28 1/2 x 1 3/8	1.4	7.00	82.44	107.23	14'

ZONE 4 WITH AND WITHOUT ICE 70 MPH WIND

TOWER HEIGHT (ft)	30' SPAN										35' SPAN										40' SPAN										TOWER HEIGHT (ft)												
	TOWER PIPE		ANCHOR BOLTS		BASE PLATE		TRUSS		DESIGN LOADS				TOWER PIPE		ANCHOR BOLTS		BASE PLATE		TRUSS		DESIGN LOADS				TOWER PIPE		ANCHOR BOLTS		BASE PLATE			TRUSS		DESIGN LOADS									
	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	DEFL ΔV	SHEAR V	TORSION T	MOMENT M	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	DEFL ΔV	SHEAR V	TORSION T	MOMENT M	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	DEFL ΔV		SHEAR V	TORSION T	MOMENT M	Q.D.	WALL THICK	DEFL ΔH	S.ZE DIA	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	DEFL ΔV	SHEAR V
14'	24	0.250	0.285	1 1/2	8	29"	33 x 1 1/2	1.6	8.42	119.01	134.48	24	0.250	0.406	1 3/4	8	29 3/8"	33 3/4 x 1 1/2	2.6	9.77	161.98	165.20	30	0.250	0.280	1 3/4	8	35 3/8"	39 3/4 x 1 1/2	2.4	11.22	211.94	200.44	14'									

GENERAL NOTES :

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

Steel for tower pipe shall conform to ASTM A53 Grade B or to ASTM A501. Tower pipe wall thickness shown is the minimum allowable. Fabricator may use the wall thickness shown or pipe of the same diameter with greater wall thickness.

All connection bolts shall conform to Item 44.7, "Structural Bolting". All structural steel, connection bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized in accordance with the Specifications.

Compensate for truss deflection at free end by offsetting upper and lower bolt holes at truss-to-tower connection.

For truss details see standard drawing COSSD.

For base and foundation details see standard drawing COSSF.

For cantilever truss lengths falling between those shown use sizes called for in the next longer span.

Truss and towers for cantilever sign supports are designed for the equivalent area of a 10'-0" deep sign panel over 100% of the span length. Design includes 3 pounds per foot squared for sign panel and 20 pounds per foot for lights and 50 pounds per foot for walkways all placed as specified for the design sign panel.

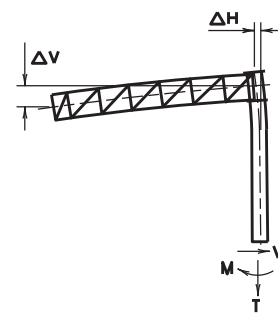
Details called for hereon are applicable for Design Wind Heights up to 30' inclusive.

Number of High Strength bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

Deflections shown include the design loads for Truss, Sign Panel, Lights and Walkways.

TRUSS DETAILS

SPAN	10', 15', & 20'	25'	30'	35'	40'
	W x D - WIDTH x DEPTH	4.0 x 4.0		4.0 x 4.0	
CHORD - ① Unless Other wise Shown	L 3 x 3 x 3/16 [4] L	x 3 x 3 3/16 [4]	x 3 3 [6] 1/4	x 3 [5] L 3/16	x 3 [9] 3 3/8
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL - ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2] L	x 2 x 2 3/16 [2]	L x 2 2 [2] 3/16	x 2 [2] L 3/16	x 2 [13] 2 1/2 3/16
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL - ②	L 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 3/16 [2] L	x 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 3/16 [2]	L x 2 1/2 x 2 1/2 [2] 3/16	x 2 [3] L 3/16	x 2 [2] 3 3/16
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL - ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [2] L	x 2 x 2 3/16 [2]	L x 2 [2] 3/16	x 2 [2] L 3/16	x 2 [2] 2 3/16
WIND LOAD STRUT - ②	L 2 x 2 x 3/16 [1] L	x 2 x 2 3/16 [1]	L x 2 [1] L 3/16	x 2 [1] 2 3/16	x 2 [1] 2 3/16
TRUSS DEAD LOAD	37 lb/ft	38 lb/ft	43 lb/ft		50 lb/ft
S.ZE H. S. BOLTS IN CONNECTION	3/8" DIA	3/8" DIA	3/8" DIA	3/8" DIA	3/8" DIA
NO. & S.ZE OF H. S. BOLTS IN CHORD	4 - 3/8" DIA	4 - 3/8" DIA or 3 - 3/4" DIA	6 - 3/8" DIA or 5 - 3/4" DIA	6 - 3/8" DIA or 5 - 3/4" DIA	9 - 3/8" DIA or 7 - 3/4" DIA



ELEVATION

(SHOWING DESIGN LOADS AND DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS)

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- ① "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 44.2, "Metal For Structures".
- ② "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 44.2, "Metal For Structures".



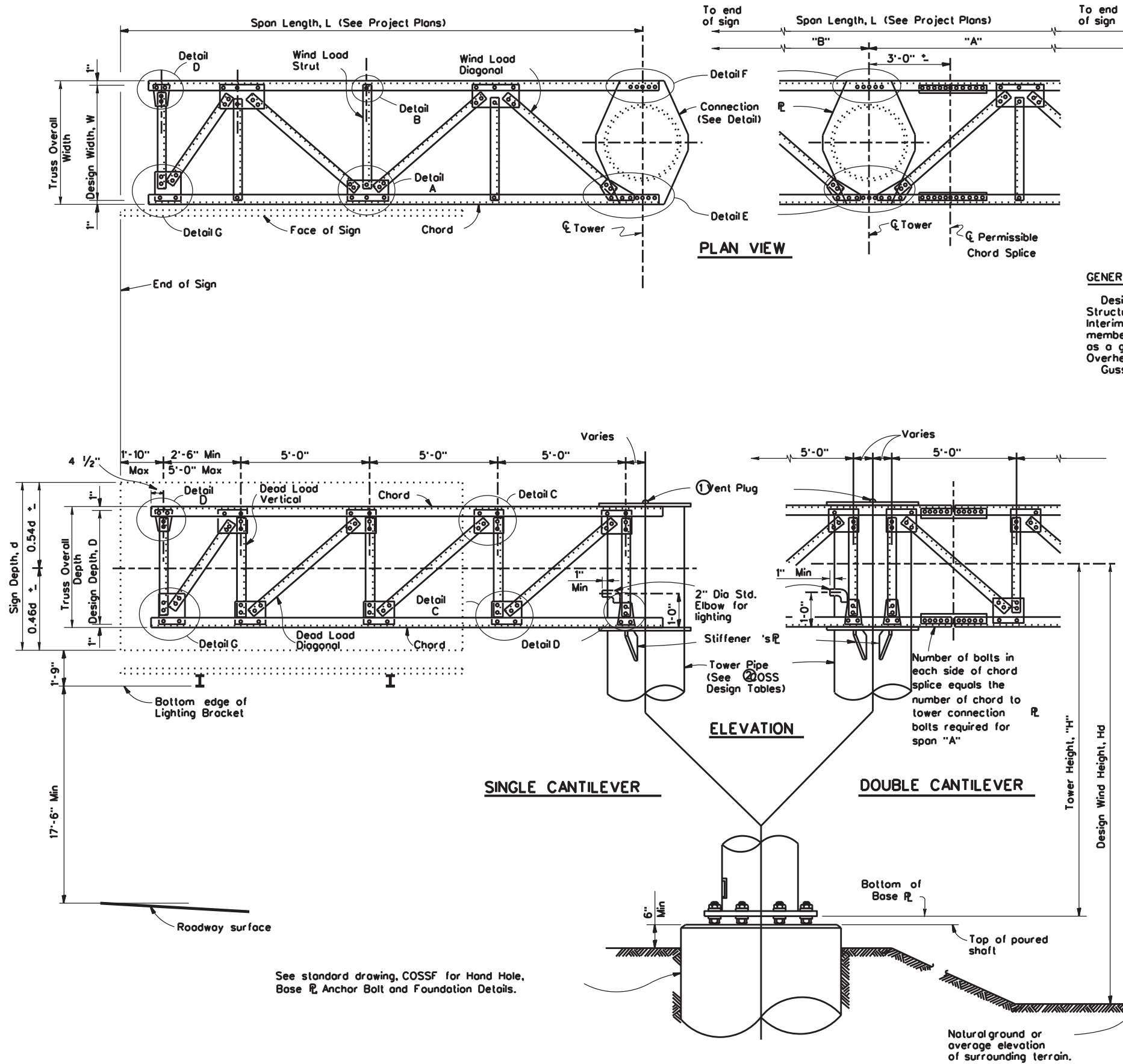
CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

COSS-Z4 & Z4I-10

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REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
4-10	6465	79	001	IH35, ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	67	

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GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1975 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and Interim revisions thereto. Connection details are typical only. Actual size of member and number of bolts will vary. The details on this sheet are intended as a guide only. See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" sheets for number of bolts and size of members. Gusset plates to be same thickness as thickest web member in connection.

- ① Note: Cap shall be solid steel sheet 3/8" nominal thickness. Drill, top and plug galvanizing vent. Weld plate to pipe with 3/8" weld all around.
- ② For COSS design tables see standard drawing, "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports".

See standard drawing, COSSF for Hand Hole, Base ⊙, Anchor Bolt and Foundation Details.

SHEET 1 OF 2

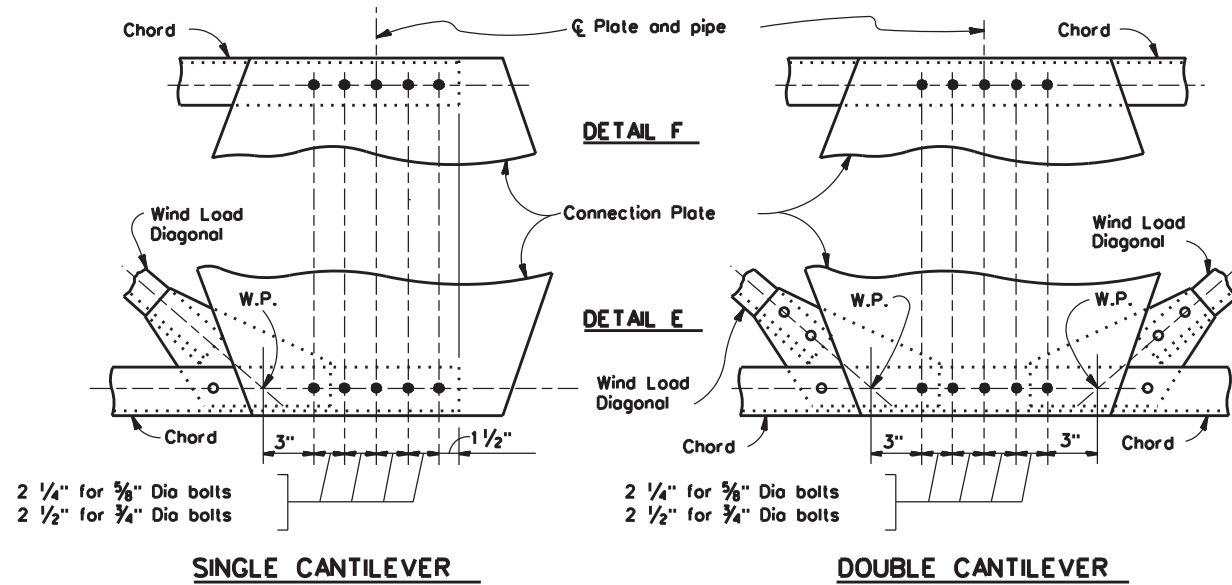


CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

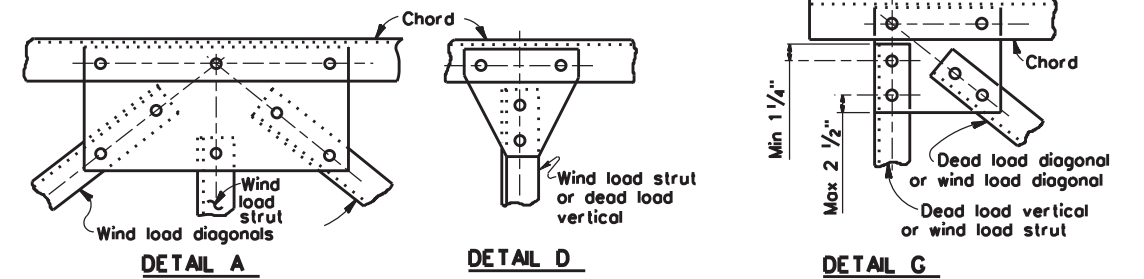
COSSD

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REVISIONS					
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
6465	79	001		IH35, ETC.	
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
22	LA SALLE, ETC.			68	

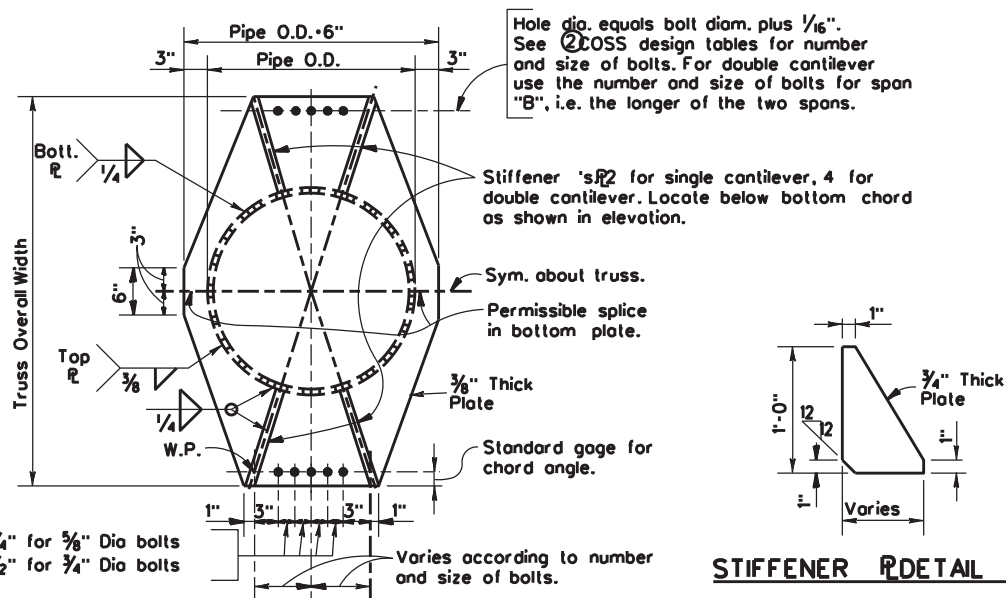
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CONNECTION DETAILS

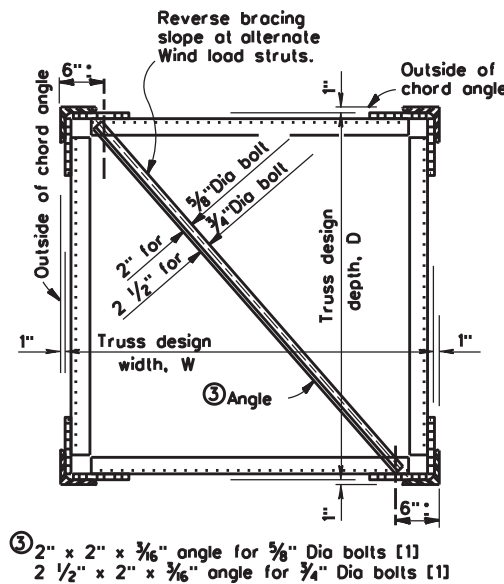


TOTAL NO. OF BOLTS IN DIAG'S. IN JOINT	NUMBER OF BOLTS REQ'D. IN GUSSET TO CHORD CONNECTION
0	2
2	2
3	3
4	3
5	4
6	4
8	5
10	6



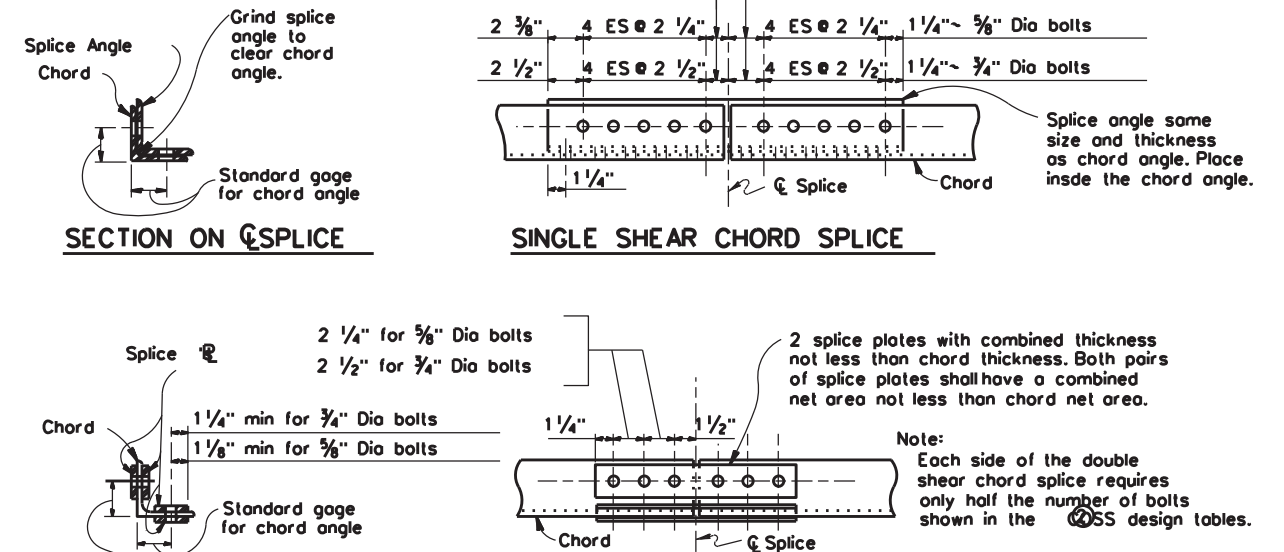
CONNECTION PLATE DETAIL

STIFFENER DETAIL



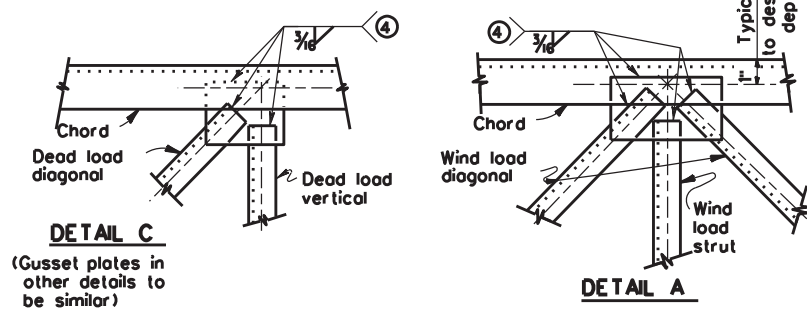
TRUSS SECTION (DIAGONALS NOT SHOWN)

- ② 2" x 2" x 3/16" angle for 5/8" Dia bolts [1]
- 2 1/2" x 2" x 3/16" angle for 3/4" Dia bolts [1]



SECTION ON SPLICING

SPLICE DETAILS



ALTERNATE WELDED CONNECTION DETAILS

④ MINIMUM LENGTH OF 3/16" FILLET WELD REQUIRED		
NUMBER OF BOLTS	TO REPLACE 5/8" DIA BOLTS	TO REPLACE 3/4" DIA BOLTS
1	2"	3"
2	4"	6"
3	6"	9"
4	8"	11 1/2"
5	10"	14 1/2"
6	12"	17 1/2"
7	14"	20"



CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

COSSD

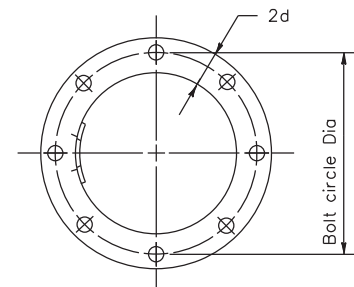
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REVISIONS					
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
6465	79	001		IH35, ETC.	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
22		LA SALLE, ETC.		69	

Washers shall conform to ASTM F436.

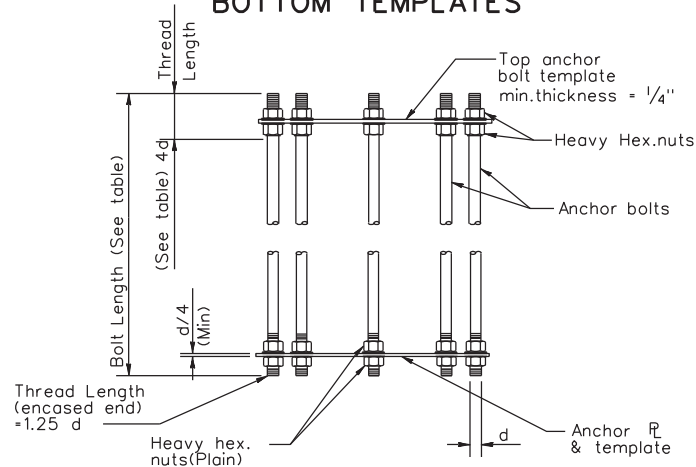
ANCHOR BOLT DIA. d	WASHER DIMENSIONS			HOLE IN BASE PLATE
	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	HOLE DIAMETER	THICKNESS MIN. MAX.	
1 1/2" or less	2d	d + 1/8"	0.136" 0.177"	d + 1/4"
1 3/4"	2d - 1/8"	d + 1/8"	0.178" 0.280"	d + 5/16"
2"	2d - 1/4"	d + 1/8"	0.178" 0.280"	d + 5/16"
Over 2"	2d - 1/2"	d + 1/8"	0.240" 0.340"	d + 5/16"

ANCHOR BOLT SIZE				
DIA	BOLT LENGTH	THREAD LENGTH	PROJECTION LENGTH	GALVAN. LENGTH
1 1/4"	2'-11"	5"	5 1/4"	11 1/4"
1 3/8"	3'-1"	5 1/2"	5 3/4"	11 3/4"
1 1/2"	3'-4"	6"	6 1/4"	1'-0 1/4"
1 3/4"	3'-10"	7"	7 1/4"	1'-1 1/4"
2"	4'-3"	8"	8 1/4"	1'-2 1/4"
2 1/4"	4'-9"	9"	9 1/4"	1'-3 1/4"
2 1/2"	5'-2"	10"	10 1/4"	1'-4 1/4"
2 3/4"	5'-8"	11"	11 1/4"	1'-5 1/4"
3"	6'-1"	1'-0"	1'-0 1/4"	1'-6 1/4"

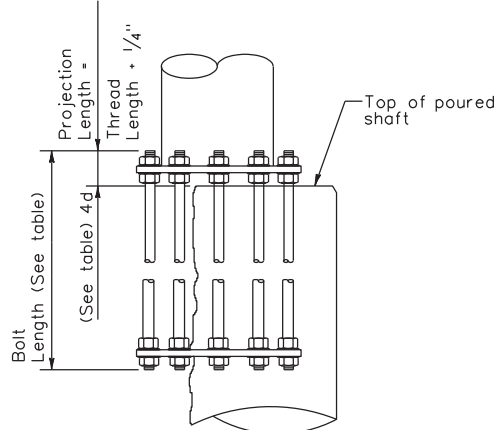
- ① Anchor Bolt Fabrication Tolerances:
Bolt Length ~ - 1/2"
Thread Length ~ + 1/2"
Galvanized Length ~ - 1/4"
- ② Thread length applies to upper and lower threads



TOP VIEW OF TOP & BOTTOM TEMPLATES

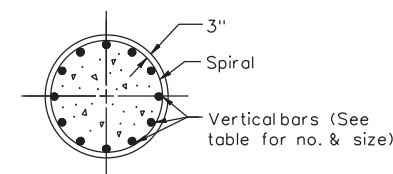


ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY (PRIOR TO INSTALLATION)

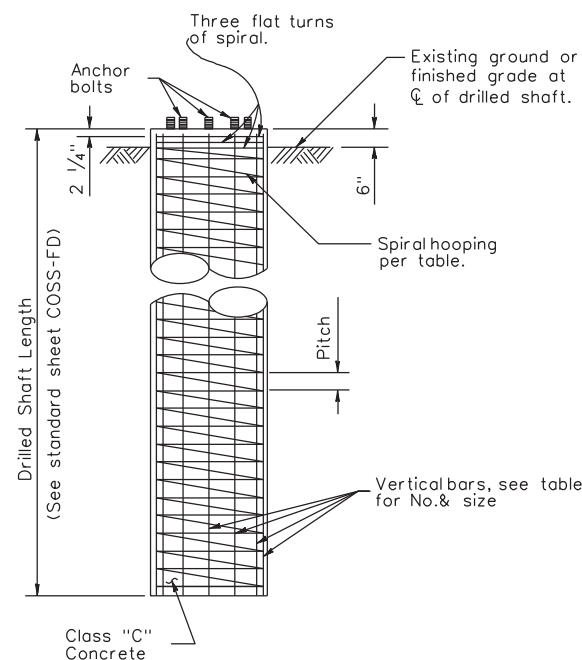


BEARING SEAT ELEVATION

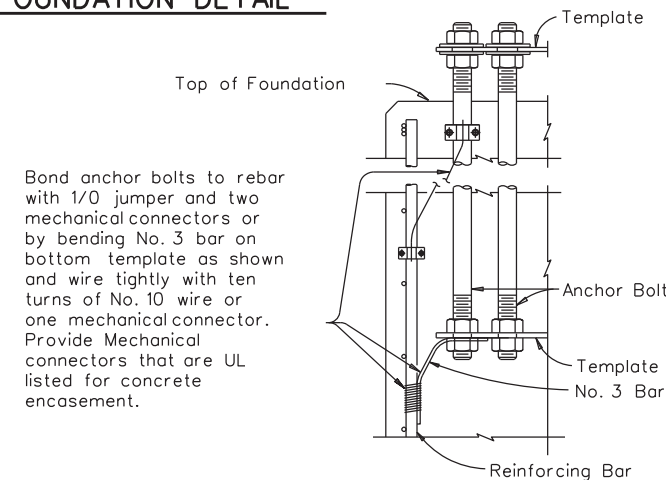
ANCHOR BOLT SIZE	PIPE OUTSIDE DIAMETER										
	16"			20"			24"			30"	
	BOLT CIRCLE DIA	DRILLED SHAFT SIZE	DRILLED SHAFT REINF	BOLT CIRCLE DIA	DRILLED SHAFT SIZE	DRILLED SHAFT REINF	BOLT CIRCLE DIA	DRILLED SHAFT SIZE	DRILLED SHAFT REINF	BOLT CIRCLE DIA	DRILLED SHAFT SIZE
1 1/4" Dia x 2'-11"	20 1/2"	36" Dia	14-*8 (A)	24 1/2"	36" Dia	14-*8 (A)					
1 3/8" Dia x 3'-1"	20 3/4"	36" Dia	12-*9 (A)	24 3/4"	42" Dia	14-*9 (A)					
1 1/2" Dia x 3'-4"	21"	36" Dia	12-*9 (A)	25"	42" Dia	14-*9 (A)	29"	42" Dia	14-*9 (C)		
1 3/4" Dia x 3'-10"	21 1/2"	36" Dia	10-*10(A)	25 3/8"	42" Dia	12-*10(B)	29 3/8"	48" Dia	16-*10(C)	35 3/8"	54" Dia
2" Dia x 4'-3"	22"	36" Dia	12-*10(A)	25 3/4"	42" Dia	12-*10(B)	29 3/4"	48" Dia	16-*10(C)	35 3/4"	54" Dia
2 1/4" Dia x 4'-9"	22 1/2"	42" Dia	12-*11(A)	26"	42" Dia	10-*11(B)	30"	48" Dia	14-*11(C)	36"	54" Dia
2 1/2" Dia x 5'-2"				26 1/2"	42" Dia	12-*11(B)	30 1/2"	48" Dia	16-*11(C)	36 1/2"	54" Dia
2 3/4" Dia x 5'-8"							31 1/2"	48" Dia	18-*11(D)	37"	54" Dia
3" Dia x 6'-1"										37 1/2"	54" Dia



SECTION



FOUNDATION DETAIL



Bond anchor bolts to rebar with 1/0 jumper and two mechanical connectors or by bending No. 3 bar on bottom template as shown and wire tightly with ten turns of No. 10 wire or one mechanical connector. Provide Mechanical connectors that are UL listed for concrete encasement.

LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM

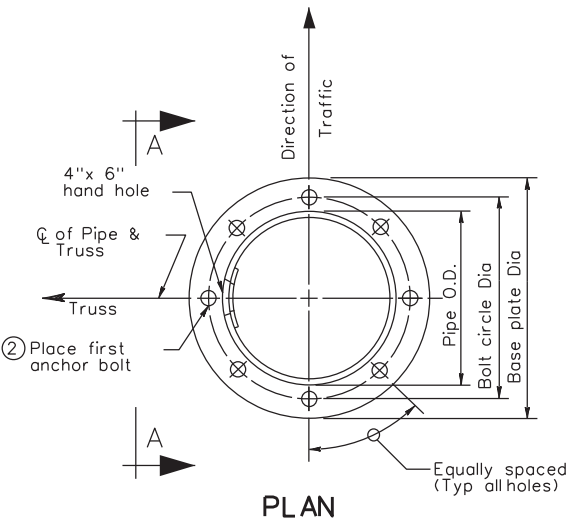
- A = #3 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 40)
- B = #4 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 40)
- C = #4 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 60)
- D = #4 Plain spiral at 3 1/2" pitch (Grade 60)

GENERAL NOTES

- Concrete shall be Class "C".
- Reinforcing shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".
- Anchor bolts and nuts for anchor bolts shall be "Alloy Steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".
- Anchor bolts shall be rigidly held in position during concrete placement using steel templates at the top and bottom. The top templates shall be removed after the concrete has set.
- Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". After the structure has been aligned in its final position and the anchor bolts have been properly tightened, tack weld anchor bolt nuts to washer, and tack weld washers to base plate. Galvanizing in tack welded areas shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- All vertical reinforcing shall be carried to the bottom of the Drilled Shaft.

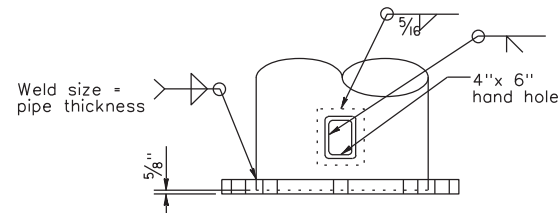
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PLAN

- ② See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" or "High Lever Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" sheets for number and size.



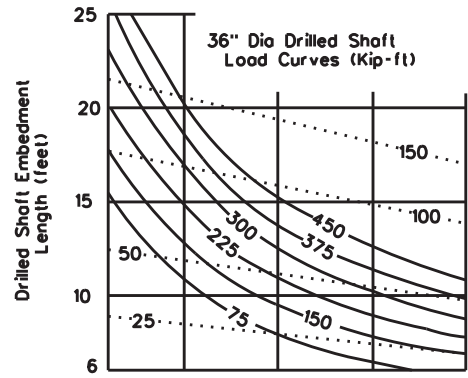
VIEW A-A

③ BASE PLATE & HANDHOLE DETAILS

- ③ See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" sheets for Diameter and thickness of base plate.

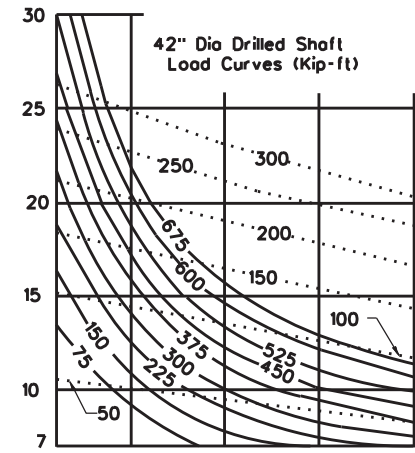
				Traffic Safety Division Standard	
<h2>CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT FOUNDATION</h2> <h3>COSSF-21</h3>					
FILE: cossf-21.dgn	DN:	CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT November 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
8-21	REVISIONS	6465 79	001	IH35, ETC.	
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	70		

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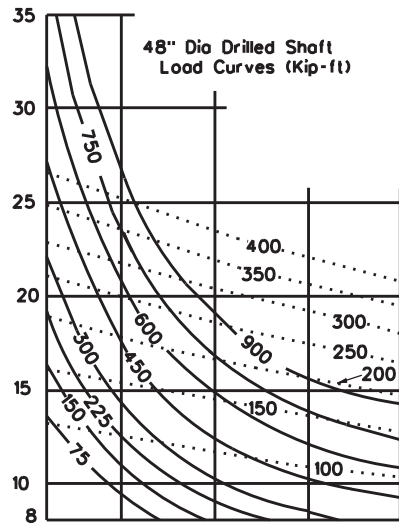


①	28.5°	30°	32°	34°	36°
②	12	21	35	50	65

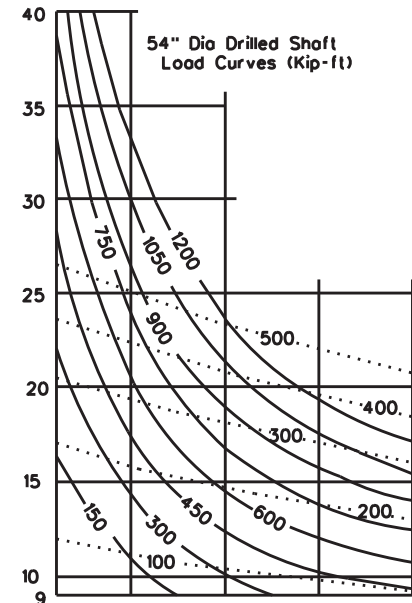
- ① ϕ Angle of internal friction of soil (degrees)
- ② N = Texas cone penetrometer value (blows per ft)
- ④ C (psi) = Cohesive shear strength of soil (psi)
- ⑤ C (psf) = Cohesive shear strength of soil (psf)



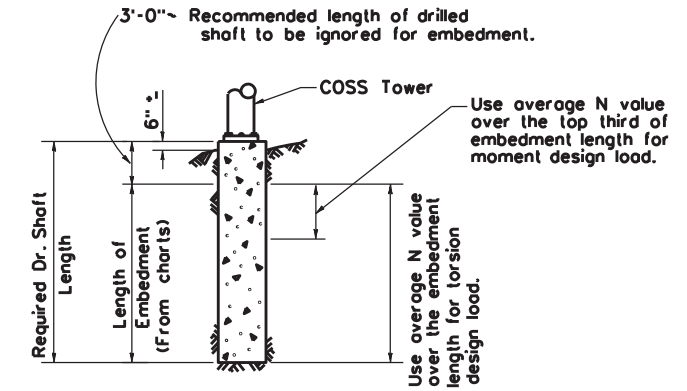
①	28.5°	30°	32°	34°	36°
②	12	21	35	50	65



①	28.5°	30°	32°	34°	36°
②	12	21	35	50	65



①	28.5°	30°	32°	34°	36°
②	12	21	35	50	65

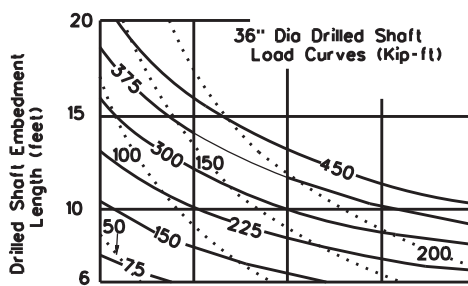


PROCEDURE:

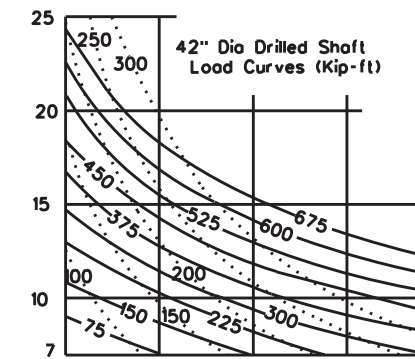
1. Determine design moment and torsion, and the required drilled shaft diameter as outlined in the selection example sheet COSS-SE.
2. Make an initial estimate of the required embedment length.
3. From soil exploration data determine type of soil and average N value or soil property along the upper third of the drilled shaft.
4. Enter chart (for the correct shaft diameter and soil type) from the bottom at the average N value or soil property determined in step 3.
5. Proceed vertically into chart and locate intersection with design moment. Interpolate between moment curves (solid lines) as needed.
6. From intersection point turn 90° to left and read embedment length along vertical scale.
7. If embedment length differs significantly from estimated value return to step 3 with the embedment length determined in step 6.
8. From soil exploration data determine average N value or soil property over the entire length of the embedment.
9. Enter chart (for correct shaft diameter and soil type) from the bottom at the average N value or soil property determined in step 8.
10. Proceed vertically into chart and locate intersection with design torsion. Interpolate between torsion curves (dashed lines) as needed.
11. From intersection point turn 90° to left and read embedment length along vertical scale.
12. Compute the required length of drilled shaft by adding 3'-0" to longer embedment length required for moment or torsion.

GENERAL NOTES:

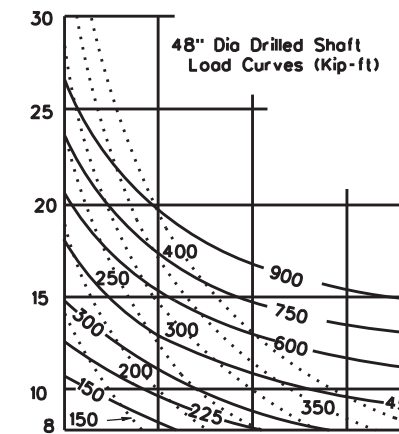
These charts are for use with Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports with one shaft per tower.
 Solid curves are base moment in Kip-ft.
 Dash curves are base torsion in Kip-ft.
 Minimum embedment of drilled shaft is two diameters.
 Add 3'-0" to the required embedment length to determine the required length of drilled shaft.



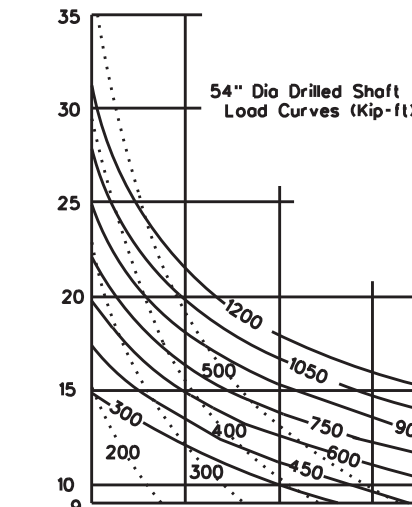
④	4	8	12	16	20
⑤	576	1152	1728	2304	2880
②	10	20	30	40	50



④	4	8	12	16	20
⑤	576	1152	1728	2304	2880
②	10	20	30	40	50



④	4	8	12	16	20
⑤	576	1152	1728	2304	2880
②	10	20	30	40	50



④	4	8	12	16	20
⑤	576	1152	1728	2304	2880
②	10	20	30	40	50

③ SUBMERGED SAND SOIL (COHESIONLESS)

Moment —————
 Torsion ··········

③ Note:
 For unsubmerged sands and clayey sands the charts for clay soil will give a conservative foundation design.

CLAY SOIL (COHESIVE)

Moment —————
 Torsion ··········

DATE: 8/27/2024 9:47:50 AM
 FILE: ...Over Head\stds68.dgn

**FOUNDATION EMBEDMENT
 SELECTION CHARTS**

COSS-FD

© TxDOT November 2007		DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
REVISIONS					
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
6465	79	001		IH35, ETC.	
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
22	LA SALLE, ETC.			71	

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DATE: 8/27/2024
FILE: ...3-Environmental\EPIC.DGN

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.

List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.

1. City of Laredo

2. No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000
2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer.
3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors.
4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer.

II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404

USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.

The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):

- No Permit Required
- Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)
- Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)
- Individual 404 Permit Required
- Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# _____

Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.

Best Management Practices:

Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
<input type="checkbox"/> Temporary Vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt Fence	<input type="checkbox"/> Vegetative Filter Strips
<input type="checkbox"/> Blankets/Mulching	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Berm	<input type="checkbox"/> Retention/Irrigation Systems
<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch	<input type="checkbox"/> Triangular Filter Dike	<input type="checkbox"/> Extended Detention Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Sodding	<input type="checkbox"/> Sand Bag Berm	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Wetlands
<input type="checkbox"/> Interceptor Swale	<input type="checkbox"/> Straw Bale Dike	<input type="checkbox"/> Wet Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Diversion Dike	<input type="checkbox"/> Brush Berms	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost
<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost	<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks
<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	<input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	<input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks
<input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks	<input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks	<input type="checkbox"/> Vegetation Lined Ditches
	<input type="checkbox"/> Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	<input type="checkbox"/> Sand Filter Systems
	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Basins	<input type="checkbox"/> Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

1. Texas Horned Lizard - The Contractor will avoid harvester ant mound in the selection of PSLs where feasible
2. Texas Tortoise - The Contractor should cover utility trenches overnight, and should visually inspect all trenches before filling.
3. Reticulated Collared Lizard - This lizard may potentially occur in the project area. The Contractor shall avoid harming or handling this species.
4. Texas Indigo Snake - This snake may potentially occur in the project area. The Contractor shall avoid harming or handling this species.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If coves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
CGP: Construction General Permit	SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
FHWA: Federal Highway Administration	PSL: Project Specific Location
MOA: Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
MOU: Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation
NOT: Notice of Termination	T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species
NWP: Nationwide Permit	USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
NOI: Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labeling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

Yes No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.


VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

		Design Division Standard	
ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS			
EPIC			
FILE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: RG	DW: VP
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB
12-12-2011 (DS) REVISIONS	6465	79	001
09-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
01-23-2015 SECTION I CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	22	LA SALLE, ETC.	72

Certificate Of Completion

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Certificate Pages: 2	Initials: 0
AutoNav: Enabled	Envelope Originator:
Envelopeld Stamping: Enabled	Elvia Munoz
Time Zone: (UTC-06:00) Central Time (US & Canada)	125 E. 11th Street
	Austin, TX 78701
	Elvia.V.Munoz@txdot.gov
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Dennice L. Garza, P.E.
dennice.garza@txdot.gov
Transportation Engineer
Texas Department of Transportation
Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (Optional)

Signature


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Jorge A. Millan, P.E.
Jorge.Millan@txdot.gov
Area Engineer
Texas Department of Transportation
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Vanessa Rosales-Herrera
Vanessa.Rosales@txdot.gov
Director of Maintenance
TxDOT
Security Level: Email, Account Authentication (Optional)

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Witness Events	Signature	Timestamp
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Notary Events	Signature	Timestamp
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