SHEET NO.

INDEX OF SHEETS

DESCRIPTION

INDEX OF SHEETS

TITLE SHEET

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.

FUNCTIONAL CLASS: RURAL MAJOR COLLECTOR

DESIGN SPEED: 75 MPH

AADT 2022: 2,802 AADT 2042: 4,539

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT BR 2025(203)

SH 220

ERATH COUNTY

CSJ HWY		LIMITS	ROADWAY LENGTH		BRIDGE LENGTH		PROJECT LENGTH	
		LIMITS	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES	FEET	MILES
0467-02-020	SH 220	AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK	1415.00	0.268	180.00	0.034	1595.00	0.302
0467-02-021	SH 220	AT DUFFAU CREEK	770.01	0.146	185.00	0.035	955.01	0.181

TOTAL PROJECT LENGTH = 0.483 MILES

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF: REPLACING BRIDGE AND APPROACHES.

Jacobs

99 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966

ERATH COUNTY

NOT TO SCALE

FORT WORTH DISTRICT
(SEE PROJECT LAYOUT FOR ADDITIONAL LOCATION DETAIL)

BEGIN PROJECT CSJ 0467-02-020

LAT 32.0322552

LON -98.0102860

MP 9.884

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 21 THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

SPECIFICATIONS ADDPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT; REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS, FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER, 2023)

END PROJECT CSJ 0467-02-021 MP 9.711 LAT 32.0345713 DUFFAU CREEK LON -98.0091571 BEGIN PROJECT CSJ 0467-02-021 MP 9.711 LAT 32.0345713 LON -98.0091571 END PROJECT CSJ 0467-02-020 MP 9.916 LAT 32.0318277 LON -98.0104845

Texas Department of Transportation

LETTING DATE:

CONTRACTOR:

WORK BEGAN:

WORK COMPLETED:

WORK ACCEPTED: CHANGE ORDERS:

EOUATIONS : NONE
RAILROAD : NONE
EXCEPTIONS : NONE
NO TDLR REQUIRED

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Jacah S. Homer, PE

CORRECT FOR LETTING: 7/3/2024

PROJECT MANAGER, JACOBS

DocuSigned by:

LETTING: 7/29/2024

Removed by:

OR, TP&D

DocuSigned by:

David M Salazar, P.E.

WF XQ8/03 - WA3\GEN\OZ0ISOI.Sh

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PEN TABLE: \$PENTBLL\$

91

92 92A *PSET-RP

*SETP-PD *WF(2)-10

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SHEET DESCRIPTION

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	195		*TSCD-FTW					



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Amy Harrington Causey , P.E. 7/12/2024
Signature of Registrant & Date



* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

, P.E.
Signature of Registrant & Date



1999 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966



SH 220

INDEX OF SHEETS

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REL	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH				
BDG CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	2			
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.				

<u>LEGEND</u>

EXISTING RIGHT OF WAY (R.O.W.) PROPOSED PAVEMENT/BRIDGE

NOTES:

- 1. ALL STATIONS AND OFFSETS REFER TO & SH220LDC OR & SH220DC UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR NOMINAL FACE OF RAIL UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 3. SEE BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEETS AND BRIDGE LAYOUTS FOR H&H INFO.
- 4. REMOVE EXISTING HEADWALLS AND END 2' OF EXISTING PIPE UNDER ITEM 496. EXTEND 8' ON WEST SIDE AND 12' ON EAST SIDE USING CONCRETE COLLARS. INSTALL CH-PW-S (2:1) (15° SKEW) ON EACH END. SEE MSD STANDARD FOR CONCRETE COLLAR DETAIL.
- 5. SEE EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS FOR EXISTING UTILITY INFORMATION. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD-VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES.
- 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL AVOID DAMAGING MAILBOX AND WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT IF DAMAGED.





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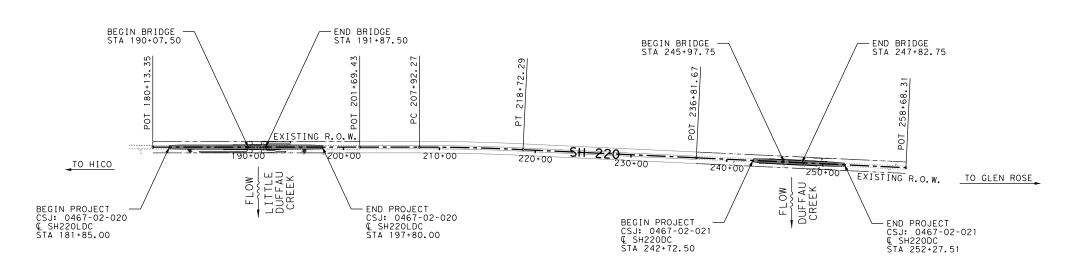
Texas Department of Transportation © 2024

SH 220

PROJECT LAYOUT

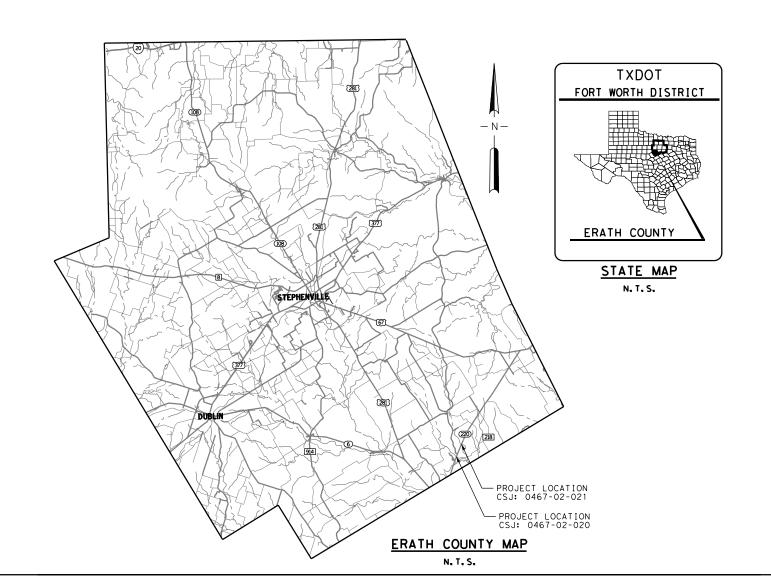
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ESIGN MBT	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	AID PRO	JECT NUMBER		HWAY
CHECK	- 6	(Se	e Title	Sheet)	SH	22
DEL	STATE	DISTRICT	,	COLINITY	SH	EET

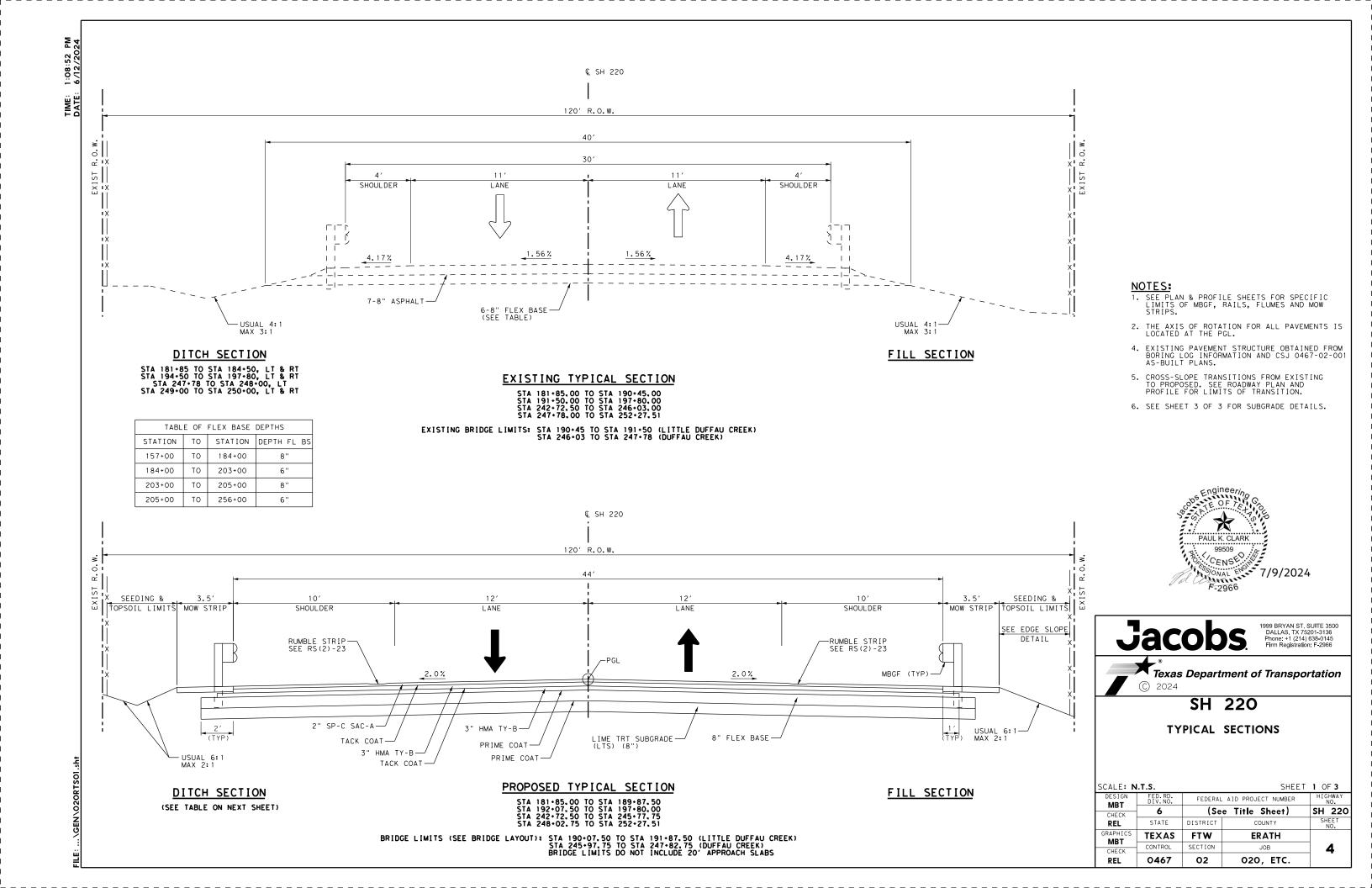
SH 220 REL GRAPHIC TEXAS FTW **ERATH** BHK CONTROL SECTION JOB 3 CHECK 0467 020, ETC. PKC 02

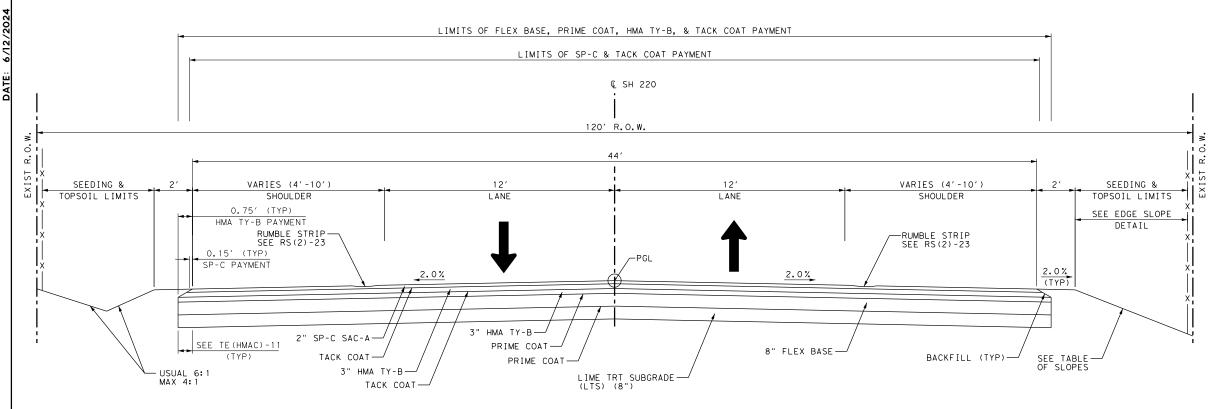


NEW NBI NO. = 02-073-0-0467-02-006

NEW NBI NO. = 02-073-0-0467-02-007







DITCH SECTION (SEE TABLE)

TABLE OF DITCH FLOW LINES					
		LEFT	RIGHT		
STATION	OFF	ELEV	OFF	ELEV	
181+85	28.21′	1066.59′	27.89′	1066.10′	
182+00	28.20′	1065.91′	28.64′	1065.59′	
183+00	30.27′	1062.28′	32.65′	1061.69′	
183+50	32.81′	1059.98′	35.86′	1059.22′	
184+00	37.41′	1057.28′	DR	IVEWAY	
195+00	44.85′	1049.66′	43.67′	1049.95′	
196+00	36.55′	1053.59′	DRIVEWAY		
197+00	MATO	CH EXIST	MATCH EXIST		
197+80	MATO	CH EXIST	MATO	CH EXIST	

Т	TABLE OF DITCH FLOW LINES					
		LEFT	F	RIGHT		
STATION	OFF	ELEV	OFF	ELEV		
249+00	54.43′	1051.96′	55.28′	1051.54′		
*249+77	57.24′	1049.88′	58.79′	1048.59′		
250+00	56.80′	1050.03′	57 . 21′	1049.83′		
251+00	56.67′	1052.19′	53.22′	1053.38′		

*STA 249+92 (LT) & STA 249+65 (RT) (24" RCP)

PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION WITHOUT MBGF (SEE NOTE 1)

SEE TYPICAL SECTION EXISTING-GROUND

EDGE SLOPE DETAIL

TABLE OF SLOPES							
		LEFT			RIGHT		
STATION	Х	Υ	Z	Х	Y	Z	
181+85	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	4	
182+00	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	4	
183+00	**	4	3	**	4	3	
184+00	** 4 3 DRIVEWA				RIVEWA	Y	
185+00	18′	4	3	18′	4	3	
186+00	18′	4	3	18′	4	2	
187+00	18′	4	3	18′	4	2	
188+00	16.5′	4	3	16.5′	4	2	
189+00	16.5′	4	3	16.5′	4	2	
189+95	16.5′	4	3	16.5′	4	2	
190+07	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	3	
**SEE TABLE OF DITCH FLOW LINES							

STATION	X	Y	Z	X	Y	
191+87	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	
192+00	16.5′	4	2	8.5′	3	
193+00	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	
194+00	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	
195+00	**	4	3	**	4	
196+00	**	4	3	C	RIVEWA	
197+00	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	
197+80	N/A	N/A	6	N/A	N/A	
**SEE TABLE OF DITCH FLOW LINES						

LEFT

TABLE OF SLOPES

RIGHT

3

4

FILL SECTION

TABLE OF SLOPES						
		LEFT			RIGHT	
STATION	Х	Υ	Z	Х	Y	Z
242+72	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	4
243+00	20′	4	3	22.4′	4	3
244+00	16.5′	4	3	16.5′	4	2
245+00	16.5′	4	3	16.5′	4	2
245+78	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	2
245+86	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	2
245+98	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	3
247+83	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	3
247+95	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	2
248+00	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	2
249+00	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	2
250+00	16.5′	4	2	16.5′	4	2
251+00	16.5′	4	3	16.5′	4	3
252+00	20.2′	4	3	20.8′	4	3
252+27	23′	4	3	23.6′	4	3

- NOTES:

 1. SEE PLAN & PROFILE SHEETS FOR SPECIFIC LIMITS OF MBGF, RAILS, FLUMES AND MOW STRIPS.
- 2. THE AXIS OF ROTATION FOR ALL PAVEMENTS IS LOCATED AT THE PGL. $\,$
- 4. EXISTING PAVEMENT STRUCTURE OBTAINED FROM BORING LOG INFORMATION AND CSJ 0467-02-001 AS-BUILT PLANS.
- 5. CROSS-SLOPE TRANSITIONS FROM EXISTING TO PROPOSED. SEE ROADWAY PLAN AND PROFILE FOR LIMITS OF TRANSITION.
- 6. SEE SHEET 3 OF 3 FOR SUBGRADE DETAILS.





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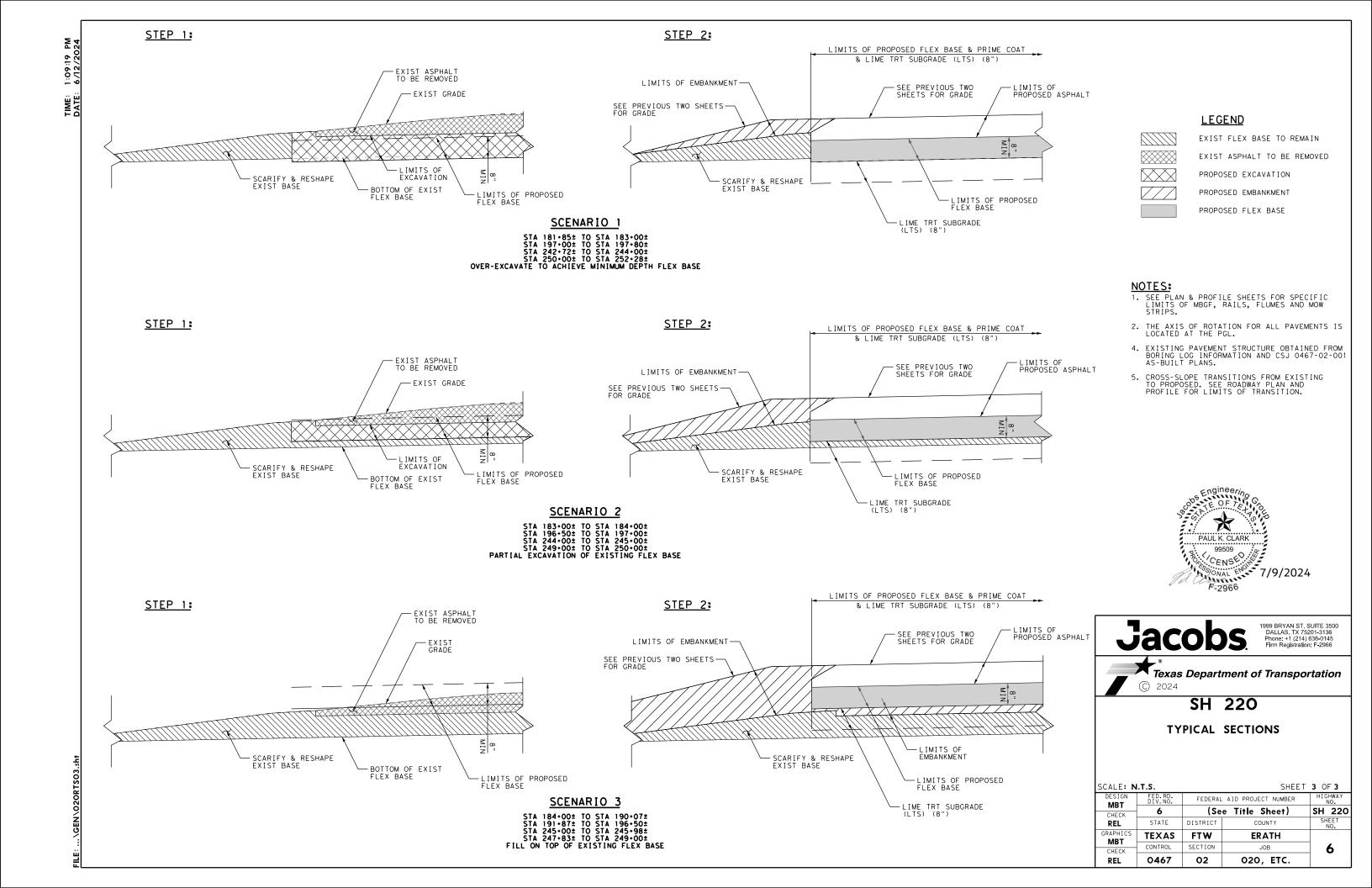
SH 220

TYPICAL SECTIONS

SCALE:	Ν	.T.S.
DESIGN		FED.

SHEET 2 OF 3

CALE. IN	.1.3.		SHEET	2 01 3							
DESIGN MBT	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER								
CHECK	6	(Se	(See Title Sheet)								
REL	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.							
GRAPHICS MBT	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH								
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	5							
REL	0467	02	020, ETC.	_							



Control: 0467-02-020, ETC **Sheet A**

County: ERATH

Highway: SH 220

Specification Data

Basis	of Estimate		
	Description	Rate	Unit
168	Vegetative Watering	169,400 gal./acre	1,000 gal.
260	Lime (Hydrated, Commercial Or Quicklime)(Slry)	150 lb./cu. yd.	ton
310	Asph Mat'l (MC-30, EC-30, or CBSMS-1S) (Flex Base)	0.30 gal./sq. yd.*	gal.
341	Hot Mix (All Types)	115 lb./sq. ydin.	ton
341	Tack Coat - Trackless Tack	0.15-0.22 gal./sq. yd.	gal.
344	Hot Mix (All Types)	115 lb./sq. ydin.	ton
344	Tack Coat - Trackless Tack	0.15-0.22 gal./sq. yd.	gal.
	D 10 704 1 1 D 11		

^{*} Based On 50% Asphalt Residue.

Compaction Requirements for Base Courses

<u>Item</u>	<u>Material</u>	Course	Min. Density
247	Flex Base	A11	100 %

(Minimum Density is the percentage of density required based on results of Tex-113-E, Tex-114-E, Tex-120-E, and/or Tex-121-E)

Special Notes

Electronic files containing answered pre-letting questions and other project related design information will be placed in the following FTP site periodically.

Check this site for new information. Notices of new postings will not be sent out by the Engineer.

The data located in these files is for non-construction purposes only and can be found at

TxDOT's public FTP site at https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/.

Access is read-only.

Control: 0467-02-020, ETC **Sheet B**

County: ERATH

Highway: SH 220

All files in the FTP site are subject to the License Agreement shown on the FTP site.

To obtain a copy of the project plans free of charge, submit a request from the following site: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Area Engineer's Email: Sarah.Horner@txdot.gov

Assistant Area Engineer's Email: Noel.Spaar@txdot.gov Design Manager's Email: Emmanuel.Navarro@txdot.gov

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors. Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District, Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

Existing storm sewers and utilities are shown from the best available information. Verify the location of all underground facilities prior to starting work.

For dimensions of right-of-way not shown on the plans, see right-of-way map on file at the TxDOT District Office.

Modifications to Lane Closure / Work Restrictions:

Submit a request in writing for approval by the Engineer a minimum of 10 days in advance of implementing a change to lane closure restrictions.

When deemed necessary, the Engineer will lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify lane closure restrictions as traffic conditions warrant.

Remove all existing fences within the right of way and remove and replace all existing fences within easements where such fences conflict with the work. Protect the remaining fence from damage due to slacking. Erect temporary fencing in the easement areas as necessary to secure the property. Provide at least one week notice to the property owner prior to removing or relocating the fence. Restore permanent fencing to an equal or better condition.

Mailbox manipulation made necessary because of construction will be in accordance with Item 560 "Mailbox Assemblies," except that this work will not be paid for directly but will subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Control: 0467-02-020, ETC **Sheet C**

County: ERATH

Highway: SH 220

Where necessary, the governing slopes indicated herein may be varied from the limits shown, to the extent approved.

Locations and lengths of all private entrances are approximate only. The actual locations, lengths, lines, and grades are to be established in the field.

Remove the grass from the crown of shoulders or pavement edges by blading or other approved methods. Payment for this work will not be made directly, but will be subsidiary to the various items of the contract.

Plugging of pipes or culverts will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Remove any obstructions to existing drainage due to the contractor's operations, as required, at the Contractor's expense.

Install all required concrete riprap flumes immediately following the construction of ditches in which they are to be placed. In addition, apply all erosion control measures as shown on the plans or as directed, immediately following construction of channels to their required line, grade, and section.

Item 4. Scope of Work

Reimbursement for project overhead will not be considered until project completion has extended beyond the original Contract Time.

Item 5. Control of the Work

When supplementary bridge plans, shop drawings, shop details, erection drawings, working drawings, forming plans, or other drawings are required, prepare and submit drawings on sheets 8-1/2 by 11 inches, 17 by 22 inches, or full-size drawings reduced to half scale if completely legible. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the drawings are not completely legible, prepare and submit on sheets 22 by 34 inches, with a 1-1/2 inch left margin, and 1/2 inch top, right, and bottom margins.

Submit all sheets with a title in the lower right-hand corner. The title must include the sheet index data shown on the lower right corner of the project plans, name of the structure or element or stream, sheet numbering for the shop drawings, name of the fabricator and the name of the Contractor.

Prior to contract letting, bidders may obtain a free computer diskette or a computerized transfer of files (from the Engineer's office) that contains the earthwork information in ASCII format, plain text files. If copies of the actual cross-sections are requested, in addition to, or instead of

Control: 0467-02-020, ETC **Sheet D**

County: ERATH

Highway: SH 220

the diskette, they will be available at the Engineers office for borrowing by copying companies for the purpose of making copies for the bidder, at the bidder's expense.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

Item 6. Control of Materials

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

Item 7. Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Do not initiate activities in a project specific location (PSL) associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit area that has not been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. Such activities include, but are not limited to haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites. "Associated" as defined here means materials are delivered to or from the PSL. The permit area includes all waters of the U.S. or associated wetlands affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for such work. The contractor will be responsible for all consultations with the USACE regarding activities, including project specific locations (PSLs) that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE. Provide the Department with a copy of all consultations or approvals from the USACE prior to initiating activities.

The Contractor may proceed with activities in PSLs that do not affect a USACE permit area if a self-determination has been made that the PSL is non-jurisdictional or proper USACE clearances have been obtained in jurisdictional areas or have been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. The contractor is solely responsible for documenting any determinations that their activities do not affect a USACE permit area. Maintain copies of these determinations for review by the Department or any regulatory agency.

General Notes General Notes Sheet 7A

Control: 0467-02-020, ETC **Sheet E**

County: ERATH

Highway: SH 220

Document and coordinate with the USACE, if required, prior to any excavation hauled from or embankment hauled into a USACE permit area by either (1) or (2) below.

- (1) Restricted Use of Materials for Previously Evaluated Permit Areas. Document both the project specific location (PSL) and its authorization. Maintain copies for review by the Department or any regulatory agency. When an area within the project limits has been evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit process for this project:
 - a. Suitable excavation of required material in the areas shown on the plans and cross sections as specified in Item 110 is used for permanent or temporary fill (Item 132, Embankment) within a USACE permit area;
 - b. Suitable embankment (Item 132) from within the USACE permit area is used as fill within a USACE evaluated area; and,
 - c. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation ["Waste"] (Item 110) that is disposed of at a location approved by the Engineer within a USACE evaluated area.
- (2) Contractor Materials from Areas Other than Previously Evaluated Areas. Provide the Department with a copy of all USACE coordination or approvals prior to initiating any activities for an area within the project limits that has not been evaluated by the USACE or for any off right of way locations used for the following, but not limited to haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites:
 - a. Item 132, Embankment, used for temporary or permanent fill within a USACE permit area; and,
 - b. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation ["Waste"] (Item 110, Excavation) that is disposed of outside a USACE evaluated area.

The total area disturbed for this project is <u>6.99</u> acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the right of way. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the right of way to the Engineer and to the local government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

Prevention of Migratory Bird Nesting

It is anticipated that migratory birds, a protected group of species, may try to nest on bridges, culverts, vegetation, or gravel substrate, at any time of the year. The preferred nesting season for migratory birds is from February 15 through October 1. When practicable, schedule construction operations outside of the preferred nesting season. Otherwise, avoid nests containing migratory birds and perform no work in the nesting areas until the young birds have fledged.

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Structures

Do not begin bridge and culvert construction operations until swallow nesting prevention is implemented, until after October 1 if it's determined that swallow nesting is actively occurring, or until it's determined swallow nests have been abandoned. If the State installed nesting deterrent on the bridges and culverts, maintain the existing nesting deterrent to prevent swallow nesting until October 1 or completion of the bridge and culvert work, whichever occurs earlier. If new nests are built and occupied after the beginning of the work, do not perform work that can interfere with or discourage swallows from returning to their nests. Prevention of swallow nesting can be performed by one of the following methods:

- 1. By February 15 begin the removal of any existing mud nests and all other mud placed by swallows for the construction of nests on any portion of the bridge and culverts. The Engineer will inspect the bridges and culverts for nest building activity. If swallows begin nest building, scrape or wash down all nest sites. Perform these activities daily unless the Engineer determines the need to do this work more frequently. Remove nests and mud through October 1 or until bridge and culvert construction operations are completed.
- 2. By February 15 place a nesting deterrent (which prevents access to the bridge and culvert by swallows) on the entire bridge (except deck and railing) and culverts.

No extension of time or compensation payment will be granted for a delay or suspension of work caused by nesting swallows. This work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Item 8. Prosecution and Progress

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.1, 'Five-Day Workweek.'

Nighttime work is not allowed unless approved in writing by the Engineer. Before starting night work on a construction project, prepare and submit a work zone light system design in accordance with NCHRP Report 476, Section 3 for approval by the Engineer. The Engineer will review the work zone light system design and notify the contractor of its acceptability. Do not start work until the work zone light system design is accepted.

The number of working days for final acceptance will be 512 working days.

Use a Critical Path Method (CPM) schedule in P6 format for this project. Include all planned work activities and sequences. Submit baseline the schedule and obtain approval prior to beginning construction. The baseline schedule working days will be the same as the number of working days established by the Contract. The Estimate will be held if a monthly schedule update is not submitted. Also submit the XER file.

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Item 100. Preparing Right of Way

Measurement for this item will be along the centerline of the project with the limits of measurements as shown on the plans.

Item 104. Removing Concrete

When associated with a structure to be removed, removal of riprap as required, approach slabs, and shoulder drains are to be included in the unit price bid for Item 496, "Removing Structures."

Item 110. Excavation

Review proposed waste sites to determine if any site is located in a "Base Floodplain" or "Floodway" as defined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

If waste material from this project is placed in a base floodplain as defined by FEMA, obtain a permit from the local community responsible for enforcing National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) regulations. Ensure that the owner of the property receiving the waste has obtained the necessary permit.

Items 110, 112, and 132. Excavation, Subgrade Widening, and Embankment

Off-Site Borrow Sources. In addition to meeting pertinent specification requirements, test off-site borrow sources for sulfate content. Test soils for soluble sulfates in accordance with Test Method Tex-145 and Tex-146-E and provide documentation that supports compliance with previously stated requirements. The Engineer will perform additional testing for sulfates of this material upon delivery to the project. Only material that is placed within one foot vertically or laterally of subgrade treatment will require testing for sulfates. Remove and replace failing material (sulfate concentrations >7,000 PPM by dry weight).

Item 132. Embankment

Provide Type C2 embankment material with a Plasticity Index (PI) between 8 and 25.

Furnish test results per Test Procedures Tex-104, 105, and 106-E (PIs), Tex-113 or 114-E (M-D Curves), and Tex-145 and/or Tex-146-E (Sulfates) for each material sample provided by the Engineer. Perform field density tests (Tex-115-E, Part I) at a frequency for each worked section to produce passing results prior to testing by the Engineer per Tex-115-E, Part I. The Engineer will perform separate testing of the material.

When embankment is placed as a bridge header bank, test each lift for compliance with density requirements, near the center of each travel lane at the following locations:

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1. At the "beginning of bridge" or "end of bridge" station (if abutment is on retaining wall, location may be adjusted by not more than 5 feet.)

- 2. At 25-foot intervals for a distance of 150 feet in advance of the "beginning of bridge" station
- 3. At 25-foot intervals for a distance of 150 feet after the "end of bridge" station.

Density tests must be conducted by a department-certified independent testing laboratory. Results of tests will be furnished to TxDOT within 24 hours after testing; a final copy of all test reports must be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer in the State of Texas and furnished within five (5) working days after testing. Areas which do not meet minimum density requirements will be removed, re-compacted, and re-tested for compliance at the contractor's entire expense. Testing and reporting of test results will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to this item.

Construct embankments for bridge header banks to final subgrade elevation prior to excavation for abutment caps and placement of foundation course at approach slabs. Payment for structural excavation and/or excavation for placement of foundation course will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

At all locations where guardrail is shown to flare, widen the embankment as necessary to accommodate the guardrail.

Item 161. Compost

Place approximately 4" of compost manufactured topsoil (CMT) on all cut and fill slopes (except drainage channels where flexible channel liners are indicated), at other locations shown on the plans, or as directed.

Where "pre-blended" CMT is specified, amend suitable soil material, as directed, with 25% compost, by volume, to produce the compost manufactured topsoil. Place the compost manufactured topsoil in a loose layer approximately 4" thick, as shown on the plans.

Use the processed material from Item 100 as the wood chips to blend with the compost to produce the Erosion Control Compost required for this project. This is considered subsidiary to Item 161.

Blending compost on site is not permitted.

Item 164. Seeding for Erosion Control

Apply seeding required between December 1 and January 31 using seed types and mixtures as shown in Item 164.2.1, Table 3. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, this does not provide an effective vegetative cover, apply "straw or hay mulch" as specified in Article 164.3.2, "Straw or

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Hay Mulch Seeding" as soon as possible. After February 1, apply warm season seeding in order to establish a permanent protective vegetative cover.

Item 168. Vegetative Watering

Furnish and install an approved rain gauge at the project site, as directed. Furnishing and installation of the rain gauge will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 168.

Apply vegetative watering for an establishment period of thirteen weeks following application of seed or installation of sod, at a rate of 1/2 inch of water depth per week (approximately 13,030 gallons per acre). During the first four weeks after seeding, apply water twice per week, on non-consecutive days, each at half the weekly application rate. For the remainder of the establishment period, apply vegetative watering once per week during the months of January through June or September through December, at the weekly application rate; apply watering twice per week, on non-consecutive days during the months of July and August, each at one-half the weekly application rate.

Average weekly rainfall rates for the District are:

January—0.39"	April—0.86"	July0.48"	October—0.68"
February—0.46"	May—1.00"	August—0.47"	November—0.46"
March—0.48"	June—0.63"	September—0.74"	December—0.37"

Item 247. Flexible Base

Place material in two or more equal lifts unless otherwise directed.

The TY E GR 4 Flex Base is subsidiary to Item 400-6005 Cement Stabilized Backfill.

Item 260. Lime Treatment (Road-Mixed)

Apply lime by the "slurry placement" method. Allow the mixture to mellow for a minimum of 4 days after initial mixing.

Except as noted below, treat the raw subgrade to a depth of 8".

Item 301. Asphalt Antistripping Agent

Furnish a liquid antistripping agent unless otherwise directed.

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Item 305. Salvaging, Hauling, and Stockpiling Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)

Stockpile all RAP salvaged and not used for this project at the intersection of SH 220 and US 67, in TxDOT ROW, or as directed.

Build stockpiles between 10 and 15 feet in height with layers approximately 2 feet in depth.

Item 310. Prime Coat

Provide an MC-30 for this Item. MC-30 is restricted to usage from September 16 through April 15.

Item 341. Dense-Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt

RAP aggregate must meet the requirements of Table 1.

Provide aggregate with a Surface Aggregate Classification (SAC) value of $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ for the travel lanes and shoulders.

No blending, of the material retained on the No. 4 sieve, to meet SAC A will be allowed for surface mixes.

Natural (field) sands are not allowed.

Provide a PG 64-22 asphalt for the base course.

Furnish a trackless tack with greater than 50% asphalt residue for the tack coat on this project. The Engineer will set the rate at time of application.

Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) is not permitted in any mix type on this project.

RAP and RAS are not permitted in any surface and levelup mixes on this project.

Grade substitution per Table 5 is not allowed.

Use the Boil Test, Test Procedure Tex-530-C, and provide only mixes that produce zero percent (0%) stripping for design verification and during production.

Include the approved mix design number on each delivery ticket.

Use a Material Transfer Device (MTD) unless otherwise directed.

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Stop production after Lot 1. Review all test data and confirm any changes with the Engineer. Do not start production and placement on subsequent Lots until approved by the Engineer.

Shoulders, crossovers, and other areas listed on the Plan sheets or as directed are not subject to in-place air void determination for this project.

Temporary detours are subject to in-place air void determination for this project.

Item 344. Superpave Mixtures

RAP aggregate must meet the requirements of Table 1.

Provide aggregate with a Surface Aggregate Classification (SAC) value of $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ for the travel lanes and shoulders.

No blending, of the material retained on the No. 4 sieve, to meet SAC A will be allowed for surface mixes.

Natural (field) sands are not allowed.

Provide a PG 70-28 asphalt for the surface course and levelup course, if applicable.

Furnish a trackless tack with greater than 50% asphalt residue for the tack coat on this project. The Engineer will set the rate at time of application.

Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) is not permitted in any mix type on this project.

RAP and RAS are not permitted in any surface and levelup mixes on this project.

Grade substitution per Table 5 is not allowed.

Provide a mix design with the gradation curve below the restricted zone.

Use the Boil Test, Test Procedure Tex-530-C, and provide only mixes that produce zero percent (0%) stripping for design verification and during production.

Include the approved mix design number on each delivery ticket.

Use a Material Transfer Device (MTD) unless otherwise directed.

Stop production after Lot 1. Review all test data and confirm any changes with the Engineer. Do not start production and placement on subsequent Lots until approved by the Engineer.

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Shoulders, crossovers, and other areas listed on the Plan sheets or as directed are not subject to in-place air void determination for this project.

Temporary detours are subject to in-place air void determination for this project.

Item 400. Excavation and Backfill for Structures

Class B bedding will be permitted in lieu of Class C bedding.

Recycled flex base and RAP are allowed individually or combined for use as granular material and backfill in Class B and C bedding at the discretion of the Engineer. These materials must meet the requirements of Table 1. The Engineer may require the mixing of one or both of these materials with the local soil to provide a cohesive material for compaction and stability of the backfill around the pipe or box culvert.

Item 403. Temporary Special Shoring

Payment for the temporary shoring starts at the bottom of the existing underlayment pavement limit.

Item 420. Concrete Substructures

Restrict large aggregate size to 3/4" maximum for class "C" concrete used in aesthetic details requiring form liners.

Provide weepholes at bridge ends in the wingwalls as directed.

Concrete for "Column" and "Bents" will be paid for as a plan quantity.

Item 421. Hydraulic Cement Concrete

For Class S (Item 421) Concrete Only: For concrete plants equipped with 2 aggregate bins or no calibrated metering system, blend manufactured and natural sand at the aggregate source only. For concrete plants equipped with a minimum of 3 bins and a calibrated metering system, blending of the separate sands on-site is permitted to meet gradation and AIR requirements.

Strength/cylinder testing equipment must be equipped with a printer for an electronic print out of all test results.

Air entrainment requirements are waived for all classes of concrete except all Class S concrete.

Concrete will not be rejected for low air content. Adjustment to the dosage of air entrainment will be as directed or allowed by the Engineer.

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Include the approved mix design number on each delivery ticket.

Item 427. Surface Finishes for Concrete

Unless otherwise noted, provide a surface area (II) with a slurry coat finish on the bridge(s).

Item 432. Riprap

The quantities for riprap at the location indicated may be varied to the extent necessary to ensure proper functioning for the purpose intended.

All concrete riprap will be 5" (.42') in thickness, unless otherwise shown on the plans, and must be reinforced.

Provide a toe wall at all exposed edges of all protection stone riprap, unless otherwise directed.

Locations and lengths of riprap flumes shown on the plans are approximate. Actual lengths and locations are to be determined in the field.

Use rebar for all reinforcement. Do not use wire mesh or synthetic fiber.

Item 440. Reinforcement for Concrete

Top and bottom layers of slab reinforcing steel shall be epoxy coated.

Item 454. Bridge Expansion Joints

For header-type expansion joints refer to the following TxDOT website for the approved systems:

http://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/division/bridge/approved-systems/expansion-joints.html

Item 464. Reinforced Concrete Pipe

All bends and connections in pipe must be prefabricated.

Item 466. Headwalls and Wingwalls

Do not use precast headwalls/wingwalls.

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Item 496. Removing Structures

When required by the plans, partial or complete removal of a structure for staged construction shall be accomplished in a manner which does not cause damage to the remainder of the structure or its supporting members. The Contractor shall submit a demolition plan for all structures to be replaced and/or removed in accordance with Item 496. Submit the procedure for removal of superstructure or substructure in writing or plan drawing for approval prior to implementation.

Asbestos and Lead reports will be available upon request.

The Area Office shall notify the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) prior to demolition or renovation of bridges or other structures, using DSHS Form APB#5, "Demolition/Renovation Notification Form". The form and instructions may be found on the DSHS Asbestos Programs Branch web page at

http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/asbestos/notification.shtm. The DSHS notification form must be hand-delivered or mailed to (received at) the DSHS Austin office at least ten working days (10)(not working days) prior to commencing demolition or renovation. Fax or e-mail notifications will not be accepted. For projects with multiple bridges, a single notification, with a listing of all bridges or structures to be demolished or renovated and the expected start dates of their demolition or renovation (the start date is defined as the first date of visible demolition activities). Notify the DSHS Regional or Local inspector of all start date changes. The expected project completion date may be used as the "end" date.

Removal of riprap as required, approach slabs and shoulder drains to be included in the unit price bid.

The structure(s) to be removed have surface coatings which may contain hazardous materials. Provide for the safety and health of employees and abide by all OSHA standards and regulations.

To allow for disassembly, the Department will remove paint containing hazardous materials off the steel during the Contract in accordance with the following:

- For simple steel I-beam spans less than 80' in length, a four inch wide strip around the perimeter of the diaphragm member or members at each attachment location to the beams.
- For continuous I-beam units or simple spans more than 80' in length, a six inch wide strip around the perimeter of the beam cross-section for each beam at each cut location. A four inch wide strip around the perimeter of the diaphragm member or members at each attachment location to the beams.
- A four inch wide strip around bearing attachments and at the anchor bolts.
- As requested elsewhere and approved by the Engineer. Paint removal requested beyond that listed herein will be at the Contractor's expense.

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Provide to the Engineer a detailed plan of the locations of paint removal at least 60 days prior to start of steel structure removal.

Do not cut simple I-beams less than 70' in length.

Cut continuous I-beams or simple I-beams more than 80' in length, into sections not less than 40' in length or more than 70' in length, as directed. Salvage wide flange (WF) beams that are W30 and larger. Contact District Bridge for information on lengths needed.

Item 502. Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The contractor force account 'safety contingency' that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the traffic control plan that could typically not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's responsible person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Maintenance of roadways, not paid as Item 508, "Constructing Detours," and designated in the traffic control plan to carry traffic, will be the responsibility of the Contractor and will be paid for by "Contractor Force Account or Agreed Unit Price".

Permanent signs may be installed when construction in an area is complete and they will not conflict with the traffic control plan for the remainder of the job.

Existing signs are to remain as long as they do not interfere with construction and they do not conflict with the traffic control plan.

Any sign not detailed in the plans but called for in the layout will be as shown in the current "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas".

When traffic is obstructed, arrange warning devices in accordance with the latest edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices".

Cover or remove any work zone signs when work or condition referenced is not occurring.

Do not place barricades, signs, or any other traffic control devices where they interfere with sight distance at driveways or side streets. Provide access to all driveways during all phases of construction unless otherwise noted in the plans or as directed.

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Item 503. Portable Changeable Message Signs

Provide all portable changeable message signs and arrow panels with a photoelectric device to allow for automatic dimming of operations to approximately 50% of their normal brightness when ambient light drops to approximately five footcandles, and then increase back again for daytime operations.

(<u>Two</u>) electronic portable changeable message sign unit(s) will be required. Individual or collective use of signs will be required by the Engineer when deemed necessary to supplement the traffic control plan.

Each sign must have programmed in its permanent memory the following 15 messages:

- 1. Exit Closed Ahead
- 2. Use Other Routes
- 3. Right Lane
- 4. Left Lane
- 5. Closed Ahead
- 6. Two Lane
- 7. Detour Ahead
- 8. Thru Traffic
- 9. Prepare To Stop
- 10. Merging Traffic
- 11. Expect 15 Minute Delay
- 12. Max Speed ** MPH
- 13. Merge Right
- 14. Merge Left
- 5. No Exit Next ** Miles

Item 504. Field Office and Laboratory

The Contractor shall furnish the following structures for this project:

Type	No.
Field Office TY E	1
Field Lab TY A	1
Field Lab TY D	1

The Type E Field Office shall be a minimum of 1680 SF and shall have a minimum of four (4) individual office spaces, a kitchen space, two restrooms (minimum) and meeting area. The field office shall be furnished and functional with all pertinences prior to beginning work. In addition to the other requirements the field office shall be equipped with the following

a) Minimum of ten desks with chairs

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b) A meeting table capable of seating 20 people with chairs

- c) Two (2) equipment storage closets. Each closet shall provide a minimum of 3ftx3ft of floor space or equivilant and shall have provisions for locking securely.
- d) Three (3) four drawer metal locking filing cabinets
- e) One (1) refrigerator (minimum 18 CF)
- f) One (1) microwave oven
- g) One (1) water cooler with water service
- h) One (1) ice machine (minimum 200 LBS/day)
- i) One Wireless Capable Plain Paper Copier/Printer/Scanner/Fax machine, 30 ppm, 2GB memory, and 11x17 paper size capable.
- j) Four (4) Laptop Computers with Aircards
- k) Internet Service with minimum of 30 GB connectivity.
- l) Wireless Router
- m) Weekly janitorial service
- n) Minimum 4Ft x 4 Ft top and bottom landing at all steps to field office

The office and its contents will be subject to approval by the engineer. Upon final completion and acceptance by the engineer of the project, computers, refrigerator, water cooler, copier and ice machine will become the property of the contractor. The contractor shall be responsible for all maintenance and supplies (both permanent and consumable) for the aforementioned electronic equipment for the duration of the project. All electronic equipment shall meet current department standards.

Provide a secure all-weather, lighted parking area of a minimum of 3,000 square feet adjacent to the field office. This area is to be for the sole exclusive use of the department. Storage of contractor's material or equipment will not be allowed.

Item 505. Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide <u>4</u> additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for **TCP** (3-1)-13 as detailed on General Note of this standard sheet.

Therefore, <u>4</u> total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. Determine if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

Item 506. Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Remove accumulated sediment or replace SW3P controls when the capacity has been reduced by 50% or when the depth of sediment at the control structure exceeds one foot.

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Item 512. Portable Concrete Traffic Barrier

"Furnish and Install" barrier in compliance with Concrete Safety Barrier (CSB), Single-Slope Concrete Barrier (SSCB), or Low Profile Concrete Barrier (LPCB) standards as shown on the plans.

Used barrier will be inspected and approved by the Engineer prior to using, in accordance with Item 512.2.1.3.

Furnish Class H Concrete with a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 3,600 psi.

Provide the hardware assemblies to join barrier sections, including barrier from stockpile.

Delineate all barriers in accordance with Barricade and Construction (BC) Standard sheets. Barrier delineation will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 512,"Portable Concrete Traffic Barrier".

Remove and replace traffic barrier damaged by the traveling public and no longer serviceable as directed. Replace traffic barrier with Contractor furnished barrier or Department-furnished barrier from designated stockpile as directed. Additional payment will be provided as compensation to remove, replace and dispose of the traffic barrier damaged by the traveling public in accordance with Item 512.

Place PCTB in the State stockpile at the end of the project.

Items 530 And 531. Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts, and Sidewalks

The furnishing and installation of the sand cushion in proposed sidewalks, sidewalk ramps, and driveways will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this bid item.

Item 540. Metal Beam Guard Fence

The locations and lengths of guard fence shown on the plans are approximate. Actual lengths and locations are to be determined in the field.

The tops of timber posts will be domed. Beveled tops will not be permitted for timber or steel posts.

When holes for timber posts are drilled below bottom of proposed grade, backfill the excessive depth with an acceptable sand. The furnishing and installation of the sand backfill will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this Item.

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When guardrail posts are placed in a finished surface, backfill the top 4 inches with an asphaltic material, domed to carry water away from the posts or as shown on the plans. The furnishing and installation of the asphaltic material backfill will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this Item.

When connecting a Thrie-Beam to a concrete wingwall, bridge rail, CTB, etc., drill the holes for bolt placement using rotary or core type equipment. Use a core type drill when reinforcing steel is encountered. Do not use percussion or impact drilling. Repair damage to the concrete and spalls exceeding ½" from the edge of the hole.

Item 542. Removing Metal Beam Guard Fence

Remove existing metal beam guard fence only when authorized.

Item 585. Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces

Before performing work, the Engineer will determine whether Surface Test Type A will be used instead of the specified payment adjustment schedule when the following conditions exist in existing travel lanes:

- travel lane is directly adjacent to existing curb and gutter, or
- travel lane has repair areas or crack sealing that may result in reflective defects.

Item 666. Reflectorized Pavement Markings with Retroreflective Requirements

If retroreflectivity readings are collected using a portable or handheld unit, then measurement is defined as a collective average of at least 20 readings taken along a 200-foot test section. A minimum of three measurements will be required per mile of roadway. Measurements collected on a centerline stripe will be averaged separately for stripe in each direction of travel. A TxDOT inspector must witness the calibration and collection of all retro-reflectivity data.

General Notes Sheet 7I



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0467-02-020

DISTRICT Fort Worth **HIGHWAY** SH 220

COUNTY Erath

Report Created On: Sep 6, 2024 7:38:07 AM

		CONTROL SECTI	ON JOB	0467-02	2-020	0467-0	2-021		
		PRO	JECT ID	A00064	1427	A0013	6886		
		(OUNTY	Erat	:h	Erat	th	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HI	GHWAY	SH 2	20	SH 220			FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	-	
	100-7002	PREPARING ROW	STA	15.950		9.550		25.500	
	110-7001	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	CY	887.000		425.000		1,312.000	
	132-7010	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(TY C2)	CY	13,025.000		4,003.000		17,028.000	
	132-7012	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(TY D)	CY	887.000		425.000		1,312.000	
	134-7001	BACKFILL (TY A)	STA	15.950		9.550		25.500	
	161-7002	COMPOST MANUF TOPSOIL (4")	SY	9,452.000		4,080.000		13,532.000	
	164-7001	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL_SAND)	SY	9,452.000		4,080.000		13,532.000	
	164-7029	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED (TEMP_WARM)	SY	4,726.000		2,040.000		6,766.000	
	164-7030	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED (TEMP_COOL)	SY	4,726.000		2,040.000		6,766.000	
	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	661.000		285.000		946.000	
	169-7030	SOIL RET BLKT(CHAN_TEMP_4 PSF)	SY	1,284.000		1,756.000		3,040.000	
	247-7259	FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TY A GR 1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	1,593.000		864.000		2,457.000	
	260-7005	LIME (COM OR QK)(SLURRY)	TON	113.000		58.000		171.000	
	260-7007	LIME TRT (EXIST MATL)(8")	SY	6,767.000		3,495.000		10,262.000	
	305-7005	SALV, HAUL & STKPL RCL APH PV (6 TO 8")	SY	5,539.000		2,577.000		8,116.000	
	310-7004	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	4,060.000		2,096.000		6,156.000	
	341-7002	D-GR HMA TY-B SAC-B PG64-22	TON	2,349.000		1,220.000		3,569.000	
	341-7082	TACK COAT	GAL	2,680.000		1,389.000		4,069.000	
	344-7024	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG70-28	TON	763.000		397.000		1,160.000	
	400-7010	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	170.000		170.000		340.000	
	403-7001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	6,709.000		618.000		7,327.000	
	416-7006	DRILL SHAFT (36 IN)	LF	430.000		400.000		830.000	
	420-7013	CL C CONC (ABUT)(HPC)	CY	52.800		52.800		105.600	
	420-7023	CL C CONC (CAP)(HPC)	CY	41.600		41.600		83.200	
	420-7039	CL C CONC (COLUMN)(HPC)	CY	32.000		27.200		59.200	
	420-7061	CL C CONC (COLLAR)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	422-7002	REINF CONC SLAB (HPC)	SF	8,280.000		8,510.000		16,790.000	
	422-7014	APPROACH SLAB (HPC)	CY	70.600		70.600		141.200	
	425-7001	PRESTR CONC GIRDER (TX28)	LF	1,071.000		1,101.000		2,172.000	
	432-7013	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	38.000		38.000		76.000	
	432-7041	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(12 IN)	CY	1,108.000		1,235.000		2,343.000	
	432-7047	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(30 IN)	CY	2,420.000		1,765.000		4,185.000	
	450-7025	RAIL (TY SSTR)(HPC)	LF	408.000		418.000		826.000	
	454-7003	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)	LF	84.000		84.000		168.000	
	464-7003	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	LF	57.000				57.000	
	464-7005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF			20.000		20.000	
	466-7116	HEADWALL (CH - PW - S) (DIA= 24 IN)	EA			2.000		2.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Erath	0467-02-020	8



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0467-02-020

DISTRICT Fort Worth **HIGHWAY** SH 220

COUNTY Erath

Report Created On: Sep 6, 2024 7:38:07 AM

CONTROL SECTION JOB			ON JOB	0467-02	-020	0467-02	2-021		
	PROJECT ID		ECT ID	A00064	427	A0013	6886		
		C	OUNTY	Erat	h	Erat	th	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIGHV		SH 22	20	SH 220			FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DE DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	467-7308	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	2.000				2.000	
	496-7006	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	496-7007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	47.000		4.000		51.000	
	496-7010	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.500		0.500		1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	12.000		12.000		24.000	
	503-7002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000				2.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	106.000		106.000		212.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	16.000		16.000		32.000	
	506-7001	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	180.000		150.000		330.000	
	506-7011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	180.000		150.000		330.000	
	506-7020	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	SY	225.000		225.000		450.000	
	506-7024	CONSTRUCTION EXITS (REMOVE)	SY	225.000		225.000		450.000	
	506-7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,698.000		1,248.000		2,946.000	
	506-7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,698.000		1,248.000		2,946.000	
	508-7001	CONSTRUCTING DETOURS	SY	1,763.000		326.000		2,089.000	
	510-7003	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	МО	12.000		12.000		24.000	
	512-7005	PORT CTB (FUR & INST)(F-SHAPE)(TY 1)	LF	3,600.000				3,600.000	
	512-7029	PORT CTB (MOVE)(F-SHAPE)(TY 1)	LF	3,600.000		2,340.000		5,940.000	
	512-7053	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(F-SHAPE)(TY 1)	LF			3,600.000		3,600.000	
	530-7016	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	SY	153.000				153.000	
	533-7001	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (SHLDR)	LF	2,750.000		1,460.000		4,210.000	
	540-7001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	500.000		500.000		1,000.000	
	540-7005	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	542-7001	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	591.000		786.000		1,377.000	
	544-7001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	545-7002	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	545-7004	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	545-7014	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(S)(N)(TL3)	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	552-7003	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	LF	260.000				260.000	
	552-7011	WIRE FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	260.000				260.000	
	644-7001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	6.000		2.000		8.000	
	644-7073	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	8.000		4.000		12.000	
	658-7013	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)CTB (BI)	EA	8.000		8.000		16.000	
	658-7019	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	14.000		16.000		30.000	
	662-7068	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	5,401.000		3,495.000		8,896.000	
	662-7077	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)24"(SLD)	LF	44.000		44.000		88.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Erath	0467-02-020	8A



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0467-02-020

DISTRICT Fort Worth **HIGHWAY** SH 220

COUNTY Erath

Report Created On: Sep 6, 2024 7:38:07 AM

CONTROL SECTION JOB			гіон јов	0467-02	2-020	0467-02	-021		
		PR	OJECT ID	A00064	1427	A00136	886		
			COUNTY	Erat	h	Erat	h	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		Н	IIGHWAY	SH 2	20	SH 220			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	662-7100	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	370.000		518.000		888.000	
	662-7112	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	500.000		500.000		1,000.000	
	662-7113	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y	EA	500.000		500.000		1,000.000	
	662-7115	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM RMV (W)(4")	LF	3,190.000		1,910.000		5,100.000	
	662-7116	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM RMV (Y)(4")	LF	3,190.000		1,910.000		5,100.000	
	666-7175	RE PM TY II (W) 6" (SLD)	LF	440.000		450.000		890.000	
	666-7213	RE PM TY II (Y) 6" (SLD)	LF	60.000		50.000		110.000	
	666-7265	RE PROFILE PM TY I(W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	4,282.000		3,278.000		7,560.000	
	666-7269	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	1,652.000		166.000		1,818.000	
	666-7273	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	550.000		415.000		965.000	
	666-7347	PAVEMENT SLER 6"	LF	6,484.000		3,859.000		10,343.000	
	672-7004	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	47.000		23.000		70.000	
	677-7001	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (4")	LF	2,722.000		1,640.000		4,362.000	
	678-7002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	2,273.000		2,209.000		4,482.000	
	678-7033	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (RPM)	EA	17.000		15.000		32.000	
	752-7001	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL	МІ	0.300		0.200		0.500	
	5002-7001	INSTALL FTB	LF	96.000		132.000		228.000	
	5002-7002	REMOVE FTB	LF	96.000		132.000		228.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART	LS)	1.000				1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Erath	0467-02-020	8B

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC	CONTROL II	TEMS (CSJ 6	9467-02-02	Ø)											
	403	502	503	505	505	508	510	512	512	545	545	545	662	662	662 7100
	7001	7001	7002	7001	7003	7001	7003	7005	702 9	7002	7004	7014	7068	7077	7100
LOCATION	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	BARRICADES , SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	* PORTABLE CHANGEABL E MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONA RY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	CONSTRUCTI NG DETOURS	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	PORT CTB (FUR & INST)(F- SHAPE)(TY 1)	PORT CTB (MOVE)(F- SHAPE)(TY 1)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	LUSH	MRK REMOV	MRK REMOV	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)
	SF	МО	EA	DAY	DAY	SY	МО	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	670 9	12	2	106	16	1763	12	3600	3600	2	2	2	5401	44	370
PROJECT TOTALS	6709	12	2	106	16	1763	12	3600	3600	2	2	2	5401	44	370

*TWO SIGNS TO BE PLACED TWO WEEKS IN ADVANCE OF WORK AND TO REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION ON THE FIRST BRIDGE.

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC	CONTROL I	TEMS (CSJ	0467-02-	020)	
	662	662	662	662	677
	7112	7113	7115	7116	7001
LOCATION	MRK SHT TERM	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM RMV (W)(4")	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM RMV (Y)(4")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")
	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	500	500	31 9 0	3190	2722
PROJECT TOTALS	500	500	3190	3190	2722

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS (CS	J 0467-02-0	32 0)				
	100 7002	305 7005	4 96 7007	4 96 7010	542 7001	752 7001
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	SALV, HAUL & STKPL RCL APH PV (6 TO 8")	REMOV STR (PIPE)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL
	STA	SY	LF	EA	LF	MI
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	15.95	5539	47	1	591	0.3
PROJECT TOTALS	15.95	5539	47	1	591	0.3

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS (CS	SJ 0467-02-	·020)								
	110	132	132	134	247	260	260	310	341	341
	7001	7010	7012	7001	7259	7005	7007	7004	7002	7082
LOCATION	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(TY C2)	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(TY D)	BACKFILL (TY A)	FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TY A GR 1- 2)(FNAL POS)	LIME (COM OR QK) (SLURRY)	LIME TRT (EXIST MATL) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	D-GR HMA TY-B SAC-B PG64-22	TACK COAT
	CY	CY	CY	STA	CY	TON	SY	GAL	TON	GAL
0467-02-020 P&P Sheet 1 of 2	625	6120	625	6.15	799	51	3045	1831	1052	1203
0467-02-020 P&P Sheet 2 of 2	262	6905	262	9.80	7 9 4	62	3722	2229	1297	1477
PROJECT TOTALS	887	13025	887	15.95	1593	113	6767	4060	2349	2680

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS (CS	SJ 0467-02-	020)								
	344	432	432	432	530	540	540	544	552	552
	7024	7013	7041	7047	7016	7001	7005	7001	7003	7011
LOCATION	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG70-28	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (12 IN)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (30 IN)	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE- BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	WIRE FENCE (TY C)	WIRE FENCE (REMOVE)
	TON	CY	CY	CY	SY	LF	EA	EA	LF	LF
0467-02-020 P&P Sheet 1 of 2	341		321		80					
0467-02-020 P&P Sheet 2 of 2	422	38	787	2420	73	500	4	4	260	260
PROJECT TOTALS	763	38	1108	2420	153	500	4	4	260	260



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SH 220

QUANTITY SUMMARIES SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

SCALE: N	.T.S.		SHEET	1 OF 4
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
REL	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	20
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.	

CSJ: 0467-02-020

SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE ITEMS (C	SJ 0467-0	2-020)
	464 7003	467 7308
LOCATION	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)
	LF	EA
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	57	2
PROJECT TOTALS	57	2

SUMMARY OF SIGNING ITEMS (CS	SJ 0467-02-0	120)		
LOCATION	644	644	658	658
	7001	7073	7013	7019
	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)S A(P)	REMOVE SM	INSTL DEL ASSM (D- SW)SZ 1(BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D- SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2 (BI)
	EA	EA	EA	EA
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	6	8	8	14
PROJECT TOTALS	6	8	8	14

UMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL I LOCATION	161	164	164	164	168	169	506	506	506	506	506	506
	7002	7001	702 9	7030	7001	7030	7001	7011	7020	7024	7039	7041
	COMPOST MANUF TOPSOIL (4")	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL _SAND)	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED (TEMP_WARM)	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED (TEMP_COOL)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RET BLKT (CHAN_TEMP_ 4 PSF)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTIO N EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTIO N EXITS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMI CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	SY	TGL	SY	LF	LF	SY	SY	LF	LF
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	9452	9452	4726	4726	661	1284	180	180	225	225	1698	1698
PROJECT TOTALS	9452	9452	4726	4726	661	1284	180	180	225	225	1698	1698

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL 1	TEMS (CSJ	0467-02-0
LOCATION	5002	5002
	7001	7002
	INSTALL FTB	REMOVE FTB
	LF	LF
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	96	9 6
PROJECT TOTALS	96	96
	-	

SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING	ITEMS (CSJ	0467-02-026	<u> </u>							
LOCATION	533	666	666	666	666	666	666	672	678	678
	7001	7175	7213	7265	7269	7273	7347	7004	7002	7033
	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (SHOULDER)	RE PM TY II (W) 6" (SLD)	RE PM TY II (Y) 6" (BRK)	RE PROFILE PM TY I(W)6"(SLD) (090MIL)	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(SLD) (090MIL)	PM TY	PAVEMENT SLER 6"	REFL PAV MRKR TY II- A-A	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (RPM)
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	EA
0467-02-020 (SH 220 @ LDC)	2750	440	60	4282	1652	550	6484	47	2273	17
PROJECT TOTALS	2750	440	60	4282	1652	550	6484	47	2273	17



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SH 220

QUANTITY SUMMARIES SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

SCALE: N	I.T.S.		SHEET	2 OF 4
DESIGN	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL	AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
MBT CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
REL	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS BHK	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	21
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.	

CSJ: 0467-02-021

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC	CONTROL I	TEMS (CSJ 0	9467-02-02	21)											
	403	502	503	505	505	508	510	512	512	545	545	545	662	662	662
	7001	7001	7002	7001	7003	7001	7003	702 9	7053	7002	7004	7014	7068	7077	7100
LOCATION	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	BARRICADES , SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	* PORTABLE CHANGEABL E MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONA RY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	CONSTRUCT ING DETOURS	ONE-WAY TRAF CONT (PORT TRAF SIG)	PORT CTB (MOVE)(F- SHAPE)(TY 1)	PORT CTB (REMOVE)(F- SHAPE)(TY 1)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	LUSH	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD	MRK REMOV	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD
	SF	МО	EA	DAY	DAY	SY	МО	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	Ŀ	LF
											_	_			
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	618	12	-	106	16	326	12	2340	3600	2	2	2	3495	44	518
PROJECT TOTALS	618	12	-	106	16	326	12	2340	3600	2	2	2	3495	44	518

*AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF FIRST BRIDGE IS COMPLETE, MOVE SIGNS TO SECOND BRIDGE (PAYMENT FOR MOVING SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 503). SIGNS TO REMAIN IN PLACE AT SECOND BRIDGE FOR DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC	CONTROL I	TEMS (CSJ	0467-02-	021)	
	662 7112	662 7113	662 7115	662 7116	677 7001
LOCATION	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM RMV (W)(4")		ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")
	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	500	500	1910	1910	1640
PROJECT TOTALS	500	500	1910	1910	1640

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS (CS	SJ 0467-02-0	021)					
	100	305	496	496	496	542	752
	7002	7005	7006	7007	7010	7001	7001
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	SALV, HAUL & STKPL RCL APH PV (6 TO 8")	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	REMOV STR (PIPE)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	REMOVE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL
	STA	SY	EA	LF	EA	LF	MI
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	9.55	2577	2	4	1	786	0.2
PROJECT TOTALS	9.55	2577	2	4	1	786	0.2

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS (CS	SJ 0467-02-0	021)								
	110	132	132	134	247	260	260	310	341	341
	7001	7010	7012	7001	7259	7005	7007	7004	7002	7082
LOCATION	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(T Y C2)	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(T Y D)	BACKFILL (TY A)	FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TY A GR 1- 2)(FNAL POS)	LIME (COM OR QK) (SLURRY)	LIME TRT (EXIST MATL) (8")	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	D-GR HMA TY- B SAC-B PG64-22	TACK COAT
	CY	CY	СҮ	STA	CY	TON	SY	GAL	TON	GAL
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	425	4003	425	9.55	864	58	3495	2096	1220	1389
PROJECT TOTALS	425	4003	425	9.55	864	58	3495	2096	1220	1389

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS (CS	SJ 0467-02-0	321)					
	344	432	432	432	540	540	544
	7024	7013	7041	7047	7001	7005	7001
LOCATION	SP MIXES SP C SAC-A PG70-28	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (12 IN)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (30 IN)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE- BEAM)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)
	TON	CY	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	397	38	1235	1765	500	4	4
						·	
PROJECT TOTALS	397	38	1235	1765	500	4	4





SH 220

QUANTITY SUMMARIES SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

SCALE: N	.T.S.		SHEET	3 OF 4
DESIGN REL	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
MBT	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	22
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.	

030. 0401 02 02	CSJ:	0467-	02-02
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SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE ITEMS (C	SJ 0467-02	2-021)	
LOCATION	420	464	466
	7061	7005	7116
	CL C CONC (COLLAR)	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	HEADWALL (CH-PW-S) (DIA=24 IN)
	EA	LF	EA
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	2	20	2
PROJECT TOTALS	2	20	2

SUMMARY OF SIGNING ITEMS (CS	SJ 0467-02-0)21)		
LOCATION	644	644	658	658
	7001	7073	7013	7019
	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)S A(P)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	INSTL DEL ASSM (D- SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D- SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2 (BI)
	EA	EA	EA	EA
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	2	4	8	16
PROJECT TOTALS	2	4	8	16

LOCATION	161	164	164	164	168	169	506	506	506	506	506	506
	7002	7001	7029	7030	7001	7030	7001	7011	7020	7024	7039	7041
	COMPOST MANUF TOPSOIL (4")	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL _SAND)	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED (TEMP_WARM)	STRAW/HAY MLCH SEED (TEMP_COOL)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RET BLKT (CHAN_TEMP_ 4 PSF)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	CONSTRUCTIO N EXITS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	CONSTRUCTIO N EXITS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	SY	TGL	SY	LF	LF	SY	SY	LF	LF
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	4080	4080	2040	2040	285	1756	150	150	225	225	1248	1248
PROJECT TOTALS	4080	4080	2040	2040	285	1756	150	150	225	225	1248	1248

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL I	TEMS (CSJ	0467-02-0
LOCATION	5002	5002
	7001	7002
	INSTALL FTB	REMOVE FTB
	LF	LF
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	132	132
PROJECT TOTALS	132	132

	ITEMS (CSJ									
LOCATION	533	666	666	666	666	666	666	672	678	678
	7001	7175	7213	7265	7269	7273	7347	7004	7002	7033
	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (SHOULDER)	RE PM TY II (W) 6" (SLD)	RE PM TY II (Y) 6" (BRK)		RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(SLD) (090MIL)	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(BRK) (090MIL)	PAVEMENT SLER 6"	REFL PAV MRKR TY II- A-A	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (RPM
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	Ŀ	EA
0467-02-021 (SH 220 @ DC)	1460	450	50	3278	166	415	3859	23	220 9	15
PROJECT TOTALS	1460	450	50	3278	166	415	3859	23	220 9	15



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SH 220

QUANTITY SUMMARIES SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

SCALE: N	I.T.S.		SHEET	4 OF 4					
DESIGN REL	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER						
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220					
MBT	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
GRAPHICS BHK	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH						
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	23					
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.						

	SUMMARY OF BRIDGES															
					0400-7010	0416-7006	0420-7013	0420-7023	0420-7039	0422-7002	0422-7014	0425-7001	0432-7047	0450-7025	0454-7003	0496-7010
New Layout PSN Sheet Description No	Stā	ation	Length	Cem Stabil Bkfl	Drill Shaft (36 In)	(1) CL "C" Conc (Abut) (HPC)	① CL "C" Conc (Cap) (HPC)	CL "C" Conc (Column) (HPC)	Reinf Conc SIab (HPC)	Approach Slab (HPC)	Prestr Conc Girder (Tx28)	Riprap (Stone Protection) (30 In)	Rail (Ty SSTR) (HPC)	Armor Joint (Sealed)	Remov Str (Bridge 100-499 FT Length)	
		Begin	End	LF	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	CY	LF	LF	EA
006	SH 220 at Little Duffau Creek	190+07.50	191+87.50	180.00	170	430	52.8	41.6	32.0	8,280	70.6	1,071.00	2,420	408.0	84	1
007	SH 220 at Duffau Creek	245+97.75	247+82.75	185.00	170	400	52.8	41.6	27.2	8,510	70.6	1,101.00	1,765	418.0	84	1
TOTA	ALS				TOTALS											

① Quantity includes shear keys. See abutment details, interior bent details, and IGSK standard for shear key location, details, and notes.

DESCRIPTIONS:

Summary of Bridges and Index
SH 220 at Little Duffau Creek
SH 220 at Duffau Creek
AJ (Armor Joint with Seal)
BAS-A (Bridge Approach Slab)
CSAB (FTW,(Cement Stabilized Abutment Backfill)
FD (Common Foundation Details)
IGCS (Continuous Slab Details)
IGD (Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Details)
IGEB (Elastomeric Bearing & Girder End Details)
IGFRP (GFRP Slab Top Mat Reinforcement)
IGMS (Miscellaneous Slab Details)
IGND (Prestressed I-Girder Non-Standard Designs)
IGSK (Shear Key Details for Prestr Concrete I-Girders)
IGTS (Thickened Slab End Details)
MEBR (C) (Minimum Erection & Bracing Requirements)
NBIS (NBI Bridge Identification Sign Standard)
PCP (Prestressed Concrete Panels)
PCP-FAB (Prestressed Concrete Panel Fabrication Details)
PMDF (Permanent Metal Deck Forms)
SRR (Stone Riprap Details)
TYPE SSTR (Traffic Rail Single Slope)

Notes:

Existing substructure to remain in place until Phase 1 of the new bridge is constructed.

SHEET 1 OF 1

Fort Worth Bridge Design



SUMMARY OF BRIDGES

	DN: AC &	x JT	CK: FE & MP	DW:	SM	CK: FE & MP	
OT x DOT 07-12-24	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.			SH 220	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	FTW E		ERATH	ERATH		24	

															CRA:	SH CUSHIO	ON			
	T.O.D.	PLAN SHEET			TEGT	DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC	FOUNDAT	ION PAD	ВАС	KUP SUPPORT		AVAILABLE SITE			MOVE/	RESET	L	L	RR	S S
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	NUMBER	LOCATION	STATION	TEST LEVEL	(UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS	DESCRIPTION	WIDTH	HEIGHT	LENGTH	INSTALL	REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N	W	N W	N W
1	1 B	30	020 SH 220 RT	180+79	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+	1							1
2	1 B	30	020 SH 220 RT	198+76	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+	1							1
3	2	31	020 SH 220 LT	180+79	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+		1	1	1				1
4	2	31	020 SH 220 LT	198+76	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+		1	1	2				1
5	1 B	35	021 SH 220 RT	241+70	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+	1							1
6	1 B	35	021 SH 220 RT	253+40	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+	1							1
7	2	36	021 SH 220 LT	241+70	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+		1	1	5				1
8	2	36	021 SH 220 LT	253+40	TL-3	UNI	EXIST ASPHALT	7-8" (EXIST)	PORT CTB	24"	32"	50′+		1	1	6				1
															<u> </u>					
												TOTALS	4	4	4					

LEGEND:

L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W=WIDE

FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE. USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION.

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm



CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET

FILE: ccss. dgn	DN: TxDO	T	CK:	1	CK:
© T×DOT	CONT	SEC	СТ ЈОВ		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	02 02		SH 220
	DIST		COUNTY		
	FTW		Е	RATH	
	FEDERA	FEDERAL AID PROJEC			SHEET NO.
	(See	Titl	e S	heet)	25

GENERAL TCP NOTES

NOTES:

- 1. THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE IS THE METHOD OF PROSECUTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROPOSE/RECOMMEND MODIFICATIONS TO THE SEQUENCE OF WORK FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE ENGINEER. ANY MAJOR RECOMMENDED MODIFICATION BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INCLUDE ANY CHANGE TO THE OVERALL PROJECT SCHEDULE AND COST, ETC. IF THE PROPOSAL IS IMPLEMENTED, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPING DETAILED PLAN SHEETS TO BE SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER FOR INCLUSION WITH A CHANGE ORDER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT PROCEED WITH ANY CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS UNTIL THIS REQUIREMENT IS MET.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION AND WILL SUBMIT REQUESTS TO ALTER THE SEQUENCE OF OPERATION OF TCP PLANS TO THE ENGINEER FOR WRITTEN APPROVAL.
- 3. ALL BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, AND CHANNELIZING DEVICES FOR THE GUIDANCE AND PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC AND PEDESTRIANS MUST CONFORM TO THE INSTALLATION SHOWN IN THE 2011 TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, AS CURRENTLY AMENDED AND STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS (2014).
- 4. THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN IDENTIFIES THE PHASE/STAGE/STEP IN WHICH ITEMS OF WORK MUST BE STARTED OR BY "LATE START". THE CONTRACTOR MAY BEGIN CONSTRUCTION AT AN EARLIER TIME WITH APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 5. TRAFFIC CONTROL & LANE CLOSURES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS, BC, TCP, AND WZ STANDARDS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHOULD BE SUPPLEMENTED BY TY C WARNING LIGHTS AS SPECIFIED IN BC (7)-21.
- 6. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS WILL FOLLOW THE MINIMUM SIGN SPACING ACCORDING TO THE TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS. CONTRACTORS SHALL MAINTAIN TEMPORARY SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS AND WHEN NOT APPLICABLE OR IN USE, WILL NEED TO BE COVERED OR REMOVED TO AID THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.
- 7. SIGNS, BARRICADES, AND OTHER WARNING DEVICES SHOWN SHALL BE CONSIDERED MINIMUM AND ADDITIONAL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND OTHER WARNING DEVICES DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER OR DICTATED BY FIELD CONDITIONS SHALL BE PROVIDED ACCORDINGLY TO ALL APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND THEY WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING.
- 8. TEMPORARY SW3P EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL ONLY BE PLACED IN AREAS WHERE SOIL DISTURBANCE IS EXPECTED TO OCCUR WITHIN TWO WEEKS. TEMPORARY SW3P EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED IN EACH AREA WITHIN TWO WEEKS OF VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 9. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO COORDINATE ALL LANE CLOSURES. NIGHT WORK. AND ACCOMMODATE PLANNED EVENTS WITH ERATH COUNTY, CITY OF GLEN ROSE, TXDOT, AND FMS PERSONNEL.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ALL EXISTING DRAINAGE FACILITIES IN GOOD ORDER UNTIL THOSE FACILITIES ARE REPLACED BY PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION OR THEIR FLOWS ARE REROUTED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN INTERIM DRAINAGE IN AREAS THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY DETOUR OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION THAT WERE NOT SPECIFICALLY ANTICIPATED HEREIN. POSITIVE DRAINAGE SHALL BE PROVIDED AND MAINTAINED FOR ALL DETOURS AND AFFECTED AREAS BY THE USE OF CROSS-SLOPE, DITCHES, TEMPORARY LINES, OR OTHER METHODS WETHER SPECIFICALLY SHOWN HEREIN OR NOT.
- 11. REFER TO THE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN FOR SW3P & EROSION CONTROL TREATMENTS AND DEVICES TO BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO EACH PHASE/STAGE/STEP OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMUNICATING LANE CLOSURES, TRAFFIC SHIFTS AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT WILL IMPACT TRAFFIC TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC, ADJACENT PROPERTIES, AND EMS. THIS COMMUNICATION SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE PROJECT PCMS AND ISSUING NOTICES TO THE PRESS.
- 13. ACCESS TO ALL STREETS AND ADJOINING PROPERTIES SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES. CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED TO AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH DRIVEWAY AND CROSS STREET OPERATIONS.
- 14. BEFORE COMPLETION OF THE WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAR AND REMOVE FROM THE SITE ALL SURPLUS AND DISCARD MATERIALS AND DEBRIS OF EVERY KIND AND LEAVE THE PROJECT IN A SMOOTH, CLEAN, NEAT AND SIGHTLY CONDITION.
- 15. UTILITIES NOT SHOWN ON TRAFFIC CONTROL PHASE LAYOUTS FOR CLARITY. REFER TO EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS, ROADWAY PLAN AND PROFILE, AND BRIDGE LAYOUTS FOR UTILITY LOCATIONS. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD-VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES.
- 16. SEE TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS SHEET FOR TREATMENT AT PAVEMENT DROP-OFFS.
- 17. NO FULL ROAD CLOSURES OR DETOURS ARE PERMITTED. ONE LANE OF TRAFFIC AT A MINIMUM SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SH 220 AT ALL TIMES.

TCP NARRATIVE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK (CONSTRUCT ONE BRIDGE AT A TIME)

PRE-PHASE 1 - SITE PREPARATION

- 1. INSTALL ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS AND PROJECT SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD, BC STANDARDS, OR AS DIRECTED. SEE ADVANCED WARNING LAYOUT.
- 2. IMPLEMENT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SW3P) AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES THROUGHOUT PROJECT LIMITS.
- 3. PREPARE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND INSTALL TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING.

PHASE 1A - CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY DRIVEWAYS

1. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY DRIVEWAYS SO THAT ACCESS IS MAINTAINED TO THE EXISTING DRIVEWAYS THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION, MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE THROUGHOUT PHASING.

PHASE 1B - CONSTRUCT NORTHBOUND PORTION OF PROPOSED ROADWAY AND BRIDGE

- 1. FURNISH AND INSTALL CTB AND TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND STANDARDS. USE TCP (2-8)-23 FOR LONG TERM, ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL WITH TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE EXISTING BRIDGE. TWO-WAY TRAFFIC SHALL USE EXISTING SOUTHBOUND LANE.
- 2. INSTALL TEMPORARY SHORING AND REMOVE PORTIONS OF THE EXISTING SUPERSTRUCTURE AND BENT CAPS, AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 3. CONSTRUCT NORTHBOUND PORTION OF PROPOSED ROADWAY (SUBGRADE AND FLEX BASE), MBGF, RIPRAP, AND PROPOSED BRIDGE, AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 4. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY PAVEMENT WIDENING. AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

PHASE 2 - CONSTRUCT SOUTHBOUND PORTION OF PROPOSED ROADWAY AND BRIDGE

- 1. FURNISH AND INSTALL CTB AND TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND STANDARDS. USE TCP (2-8)-23 FOR LONG TERM, ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL WITH TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE NEWLY CONSTRUCTED LANE OF PROPOSED BRIDGE. TWO-WAY TRAFFIC SHALL USED PROPOSED NORTHBOUND LANE AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT WIDENING CONSTRUCTED IN PHASE 1.
- 2. REMOVE REMAINDER OF EXISTING SUPERSTRUCTURE AND SUBSTRUCTURE, AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 3. CONSTRUCT SOUTHBOUND PORTION OF PROPOSED ROADWAY (SUBGRADE AND FLEX BASE), MBGF, RIPRAP AND PROPOSED BRIDGE, AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

PHASE 3 - FINAL PAVEMENT. SIGNING AND CLEAN UP

- 1. REMOVE ANY REMAINING DRIVEWAY DETOUR AND TEMPORARY PAVEMENT. MOVE CTB TO ON-SITE TEMPORARY STOCKPILE.
- 2. USE TCP (7-1)-13 FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS TO COMPLETE PAVEMENT SURFACE COURSES.
- 3. INSTALL FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS USING TCP (3-1)-13 AND TCP (3-3)-14 FOR MOBILE OPERATIONS. PLACE FINAL SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS.
- 4. CONSTRUCT REMAINING FENCE NEAR PROPOSED BRIDGE ABUTMENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS.
- 5. REMOVE SW3P DEVICES, PREFORM FINAL CLEAN UP, AND DEMOBILIZE.

DUFFAU CREEK (CONSTRUCT ONE BRIDGE AT A TIME)

ALL PHASES

REPEAT ABOVE TCP NARRATIVE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR DUFFAU CREEK, MOVING CTB FROM TEMPORARY STOCKPILE TO DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE. REMOVE ALL CTB AT PROJECT COMPLETION.

BOTH LOCATIONS:

PAVEMENT DROP-OFF

- 1. MAXIMUM ELEVATION DROP-OFF ON PAVEMENT EDGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 1 INCH WHEN TRAFFIC IS ALLOWED ADJACENT TO THE DROP-OFF. THE SLOPE MUST BE COMPACTED MATERIALS CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING VEHICLES. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID DIRECTLY, BUT SHALL CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BIDS.
- 2. SIGNING FOR PAVEMENT DROP-OFF (CW8-9a) SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN ADVANCE TO THE CONDITION. SIGNS INSTALLED ALONG THE PAVEMENT EDGE SHOULD BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH THE NEXT XX FEET SIGN (CW16-2P) OR ADVISORY SPEED SIGN (CW13-1)





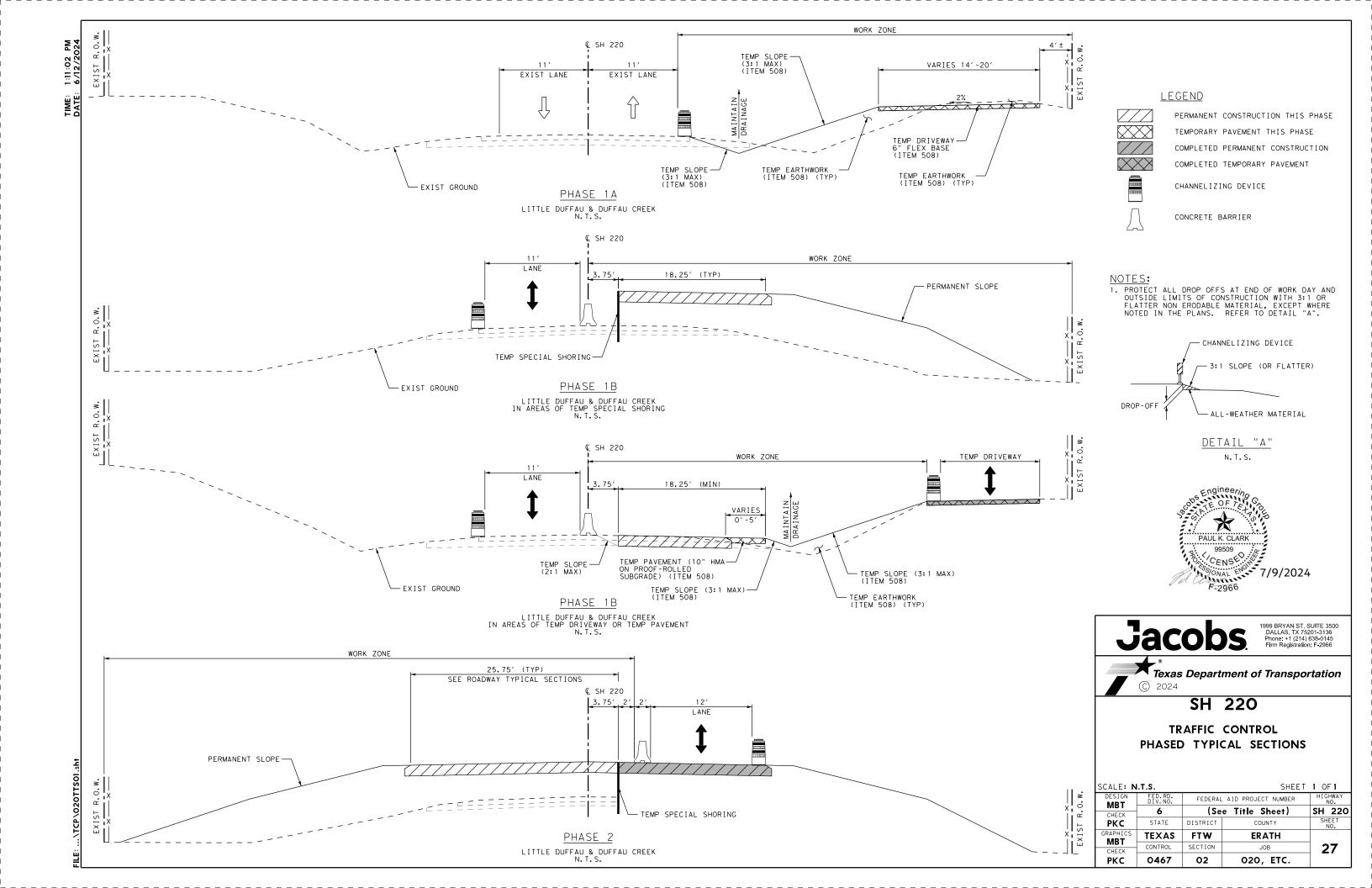
1999 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966



SH 220

TRAFFIC CONTROL **NARRATIVE**

SCALE: N	I.T.S.		SHEET	1 OF 1					
DESIGN MBT	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER						
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220					
REL	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
GRAPHICS BHK	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH						
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	26					
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.						



**STA 255+66 FOR DUFFAU CREEK



O 500 1000
SCALE IN FEET

LEGEND

■ TCP SIGN

NOTES:

- PLACE PROJECT LIMITS SIGNS AT LOCATION TO REMAIN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- 2. PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN ALL BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, FLASHING LIGHTS, AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN CONFORMANCE WITH TXDOT BC AND TCP STANDARDS, AND PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 3. DETERMINE AND PLACE ALL APPROPRIATE DISTANCES FOR SIGNS SHOWING X MILES.
- 4. COVER OR REMOVE EXISTING SIGNS THAT ARE IN CONFLICT WITH CONSTRUCTION SIGNS.
- 5. REFERENCE TCP PHASE LAYOUTS FOR THE LOCATIONS OF THE LIMITS TO PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS FOR SPECIFIC PHASES.
- ALL SIGNING SHALL BE PLACED 25' MINIMUM FROM DRIVEWAYS.
- 7. SIGNING SHOWN FOR LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK LOCATION. IMPLEMENT SIMILAR SET-UP AND SPACING FOR DUFFAU CREEK LOCATION (STATIONS INDICATED WITH * AND **).



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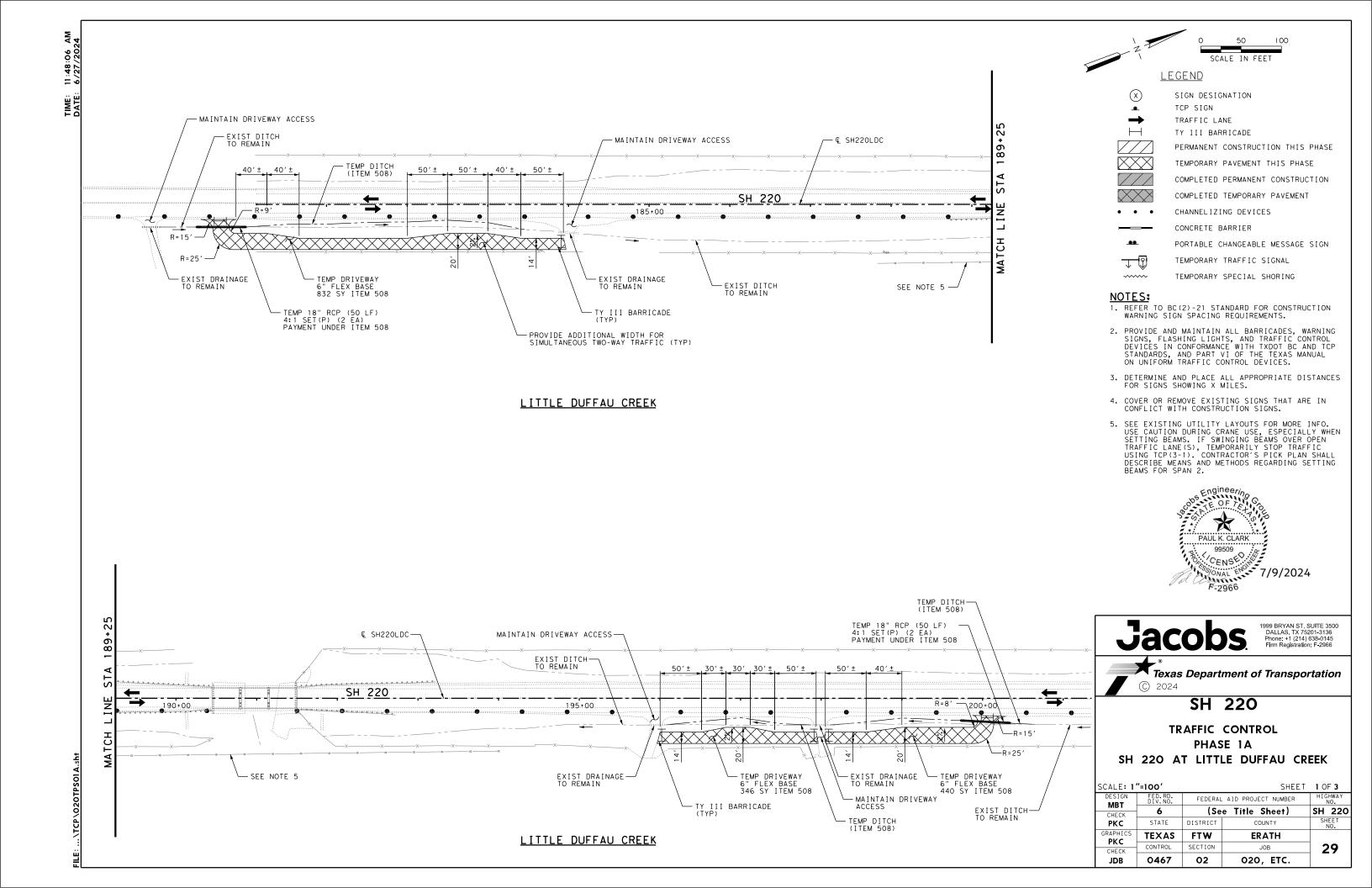
1999 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966

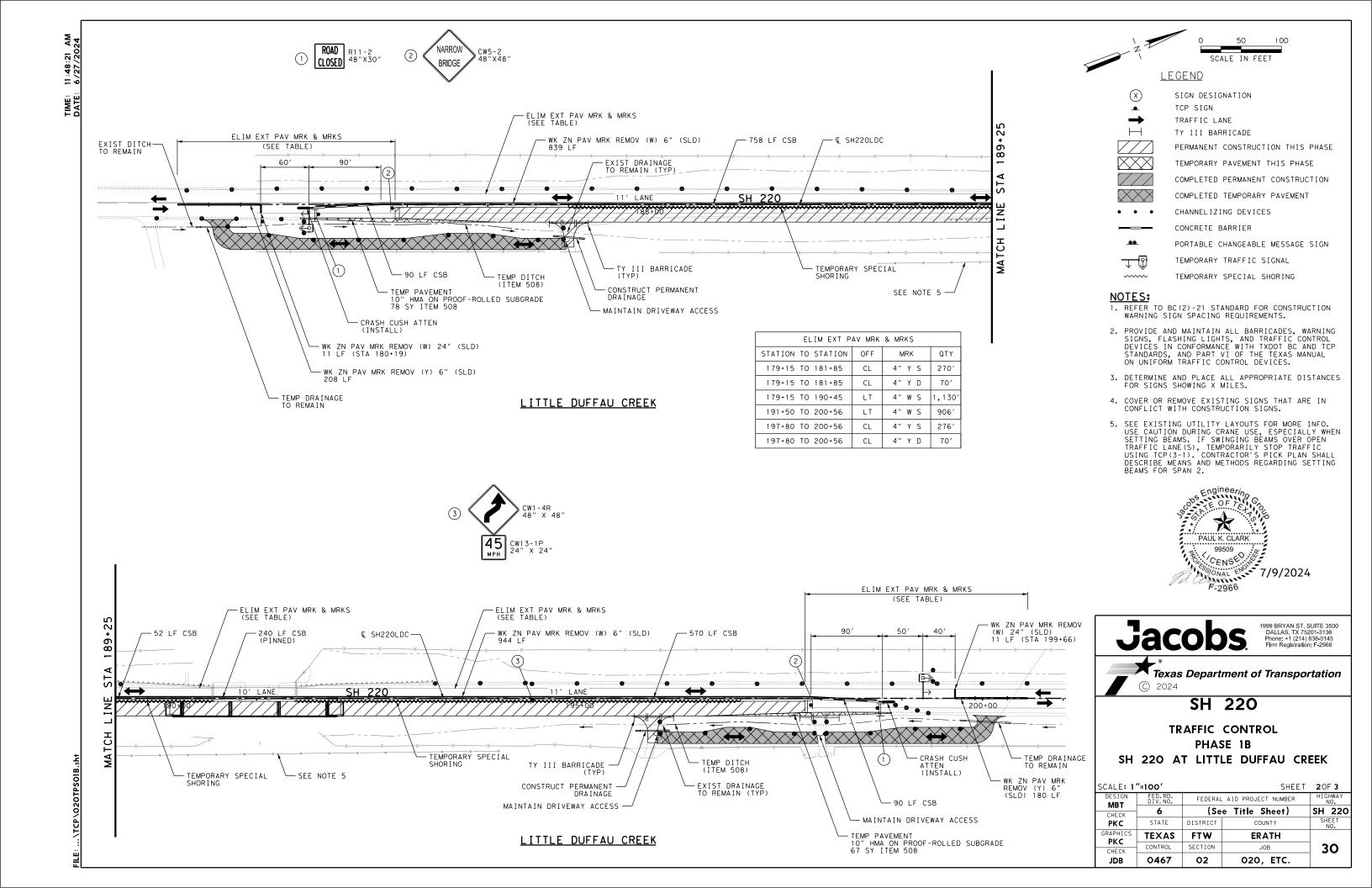


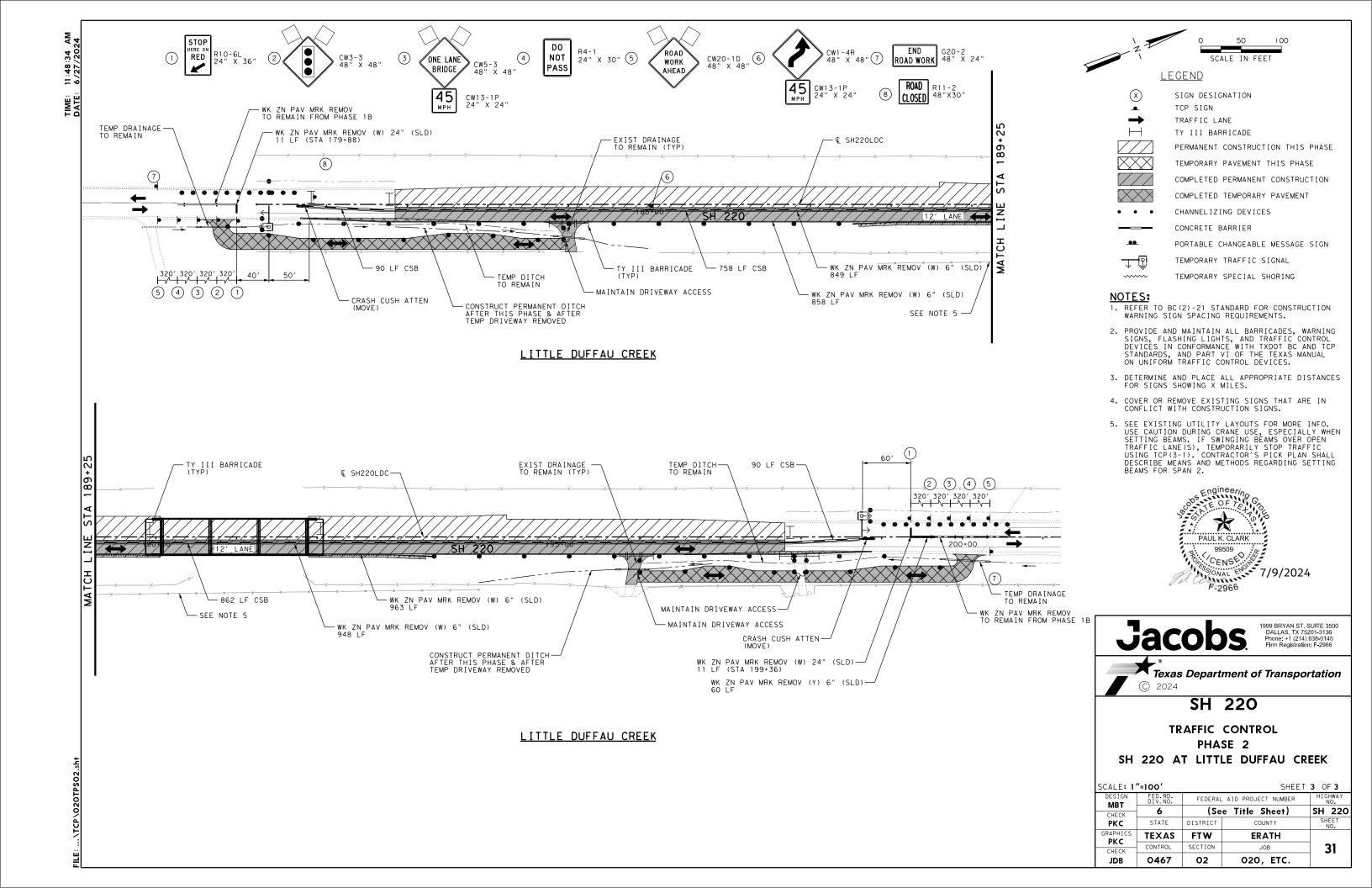
SH 220

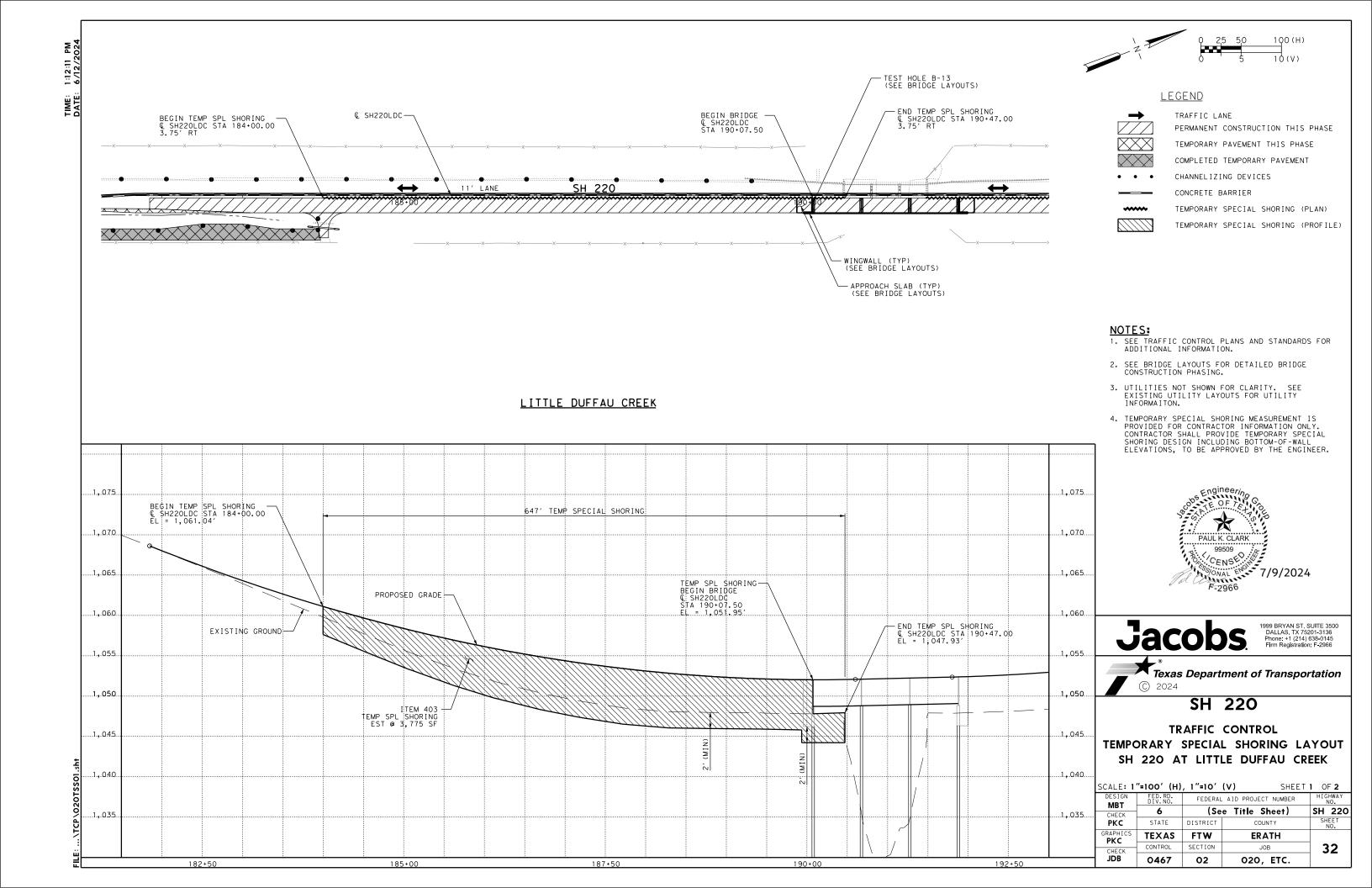
TRAFFIC CONTROL ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS

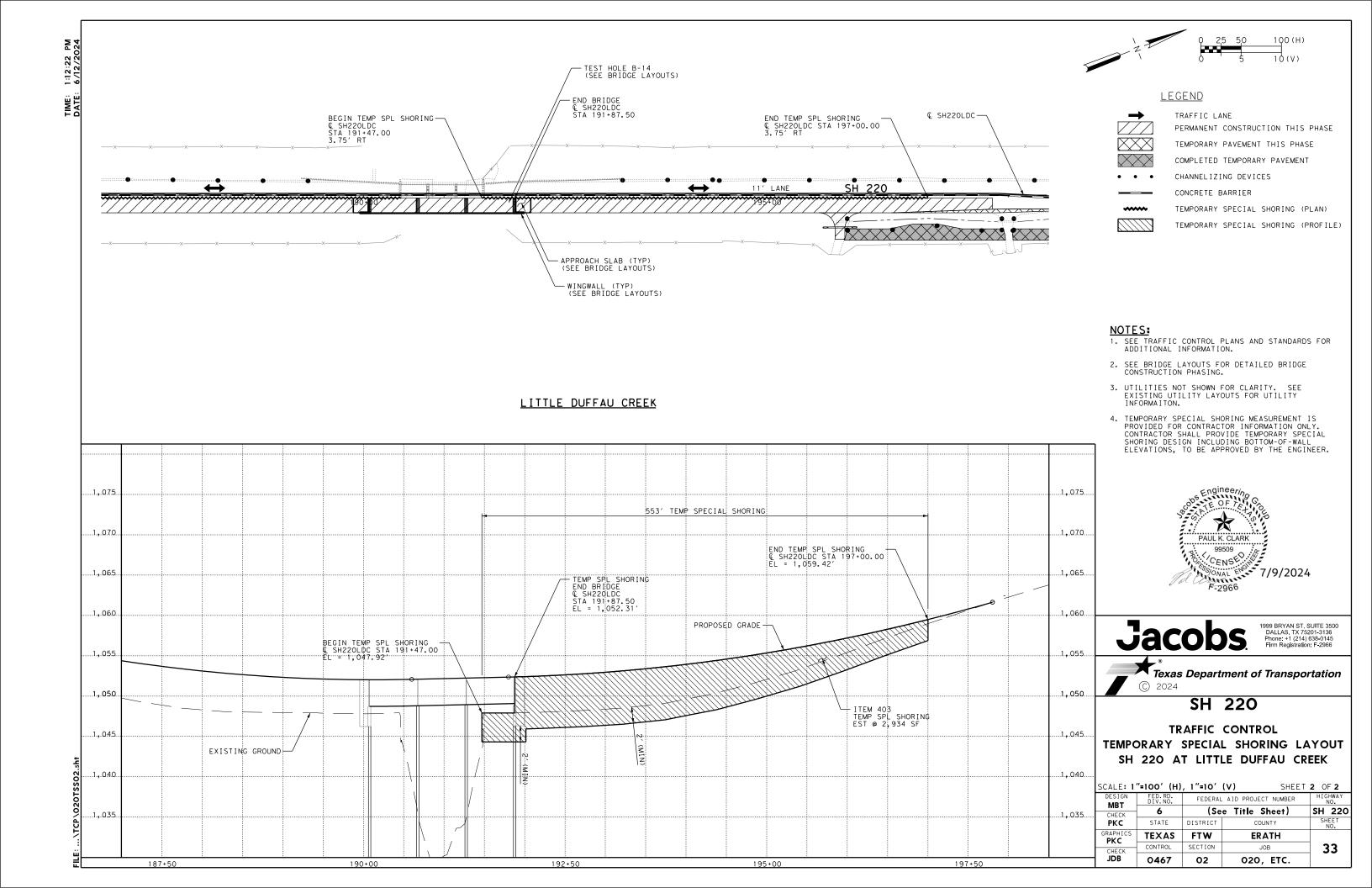
SCALE: 1	"=1000' (H	1)	SHEET	1 OF 1
DESIGN MBT	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
PKC	STATE	DISTRICT	SHEET NO.	
GRAPHICS PKC	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	28
JDB	0467	02	020, ETC.	











50 100 SCALE IN FEET

LEGEND

SIGN DESIGNATION

TCP SIGN

TRAFFIC LANE

TY III BARRICADE

PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE

TEMPORARY PAVEMENT THIS PHASE COMPLETED PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION

COMPLETED TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

CONCRETE BARRIER

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL

TEMPORARY SPECIAL SHORING

NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO BC(2)-21 STANDARD FOR CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SPACING REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN ALL BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, FLASHING LIGHTS, AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN CONFORMANCE WITH TXDOT BC AND TCP STANDARDS, AND PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 3. DETERMINE AND PLACE ALL APPROPRIATE DISTANCES FOR SIGNS SHOWING X MILES.
- 4. COVER OR REMOVE EXISTING SIGNS THAT ARE IN CONFLICT WITH CONSTRUCTION SIGNS.
- 5. SEE EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS FOR MORE INFO.
 USE CAUTION DURING CRANE USE, ESPECIALLY WHEN
 SETTING BEAMS. IF SWINGING BEAMS OVER OPEN
 TRAFFIC LANE(S), TEMPORARILY STOP TRAFFIC
 USING TCP(3-1). CONTRACTOR'S PICK PLAN SHALL
 DESCRIBE MEANS AND METHODS REGARDING SETTING
 DEARNS END SPAN 2 BEAMS FOR SPAN 2.



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SH 220

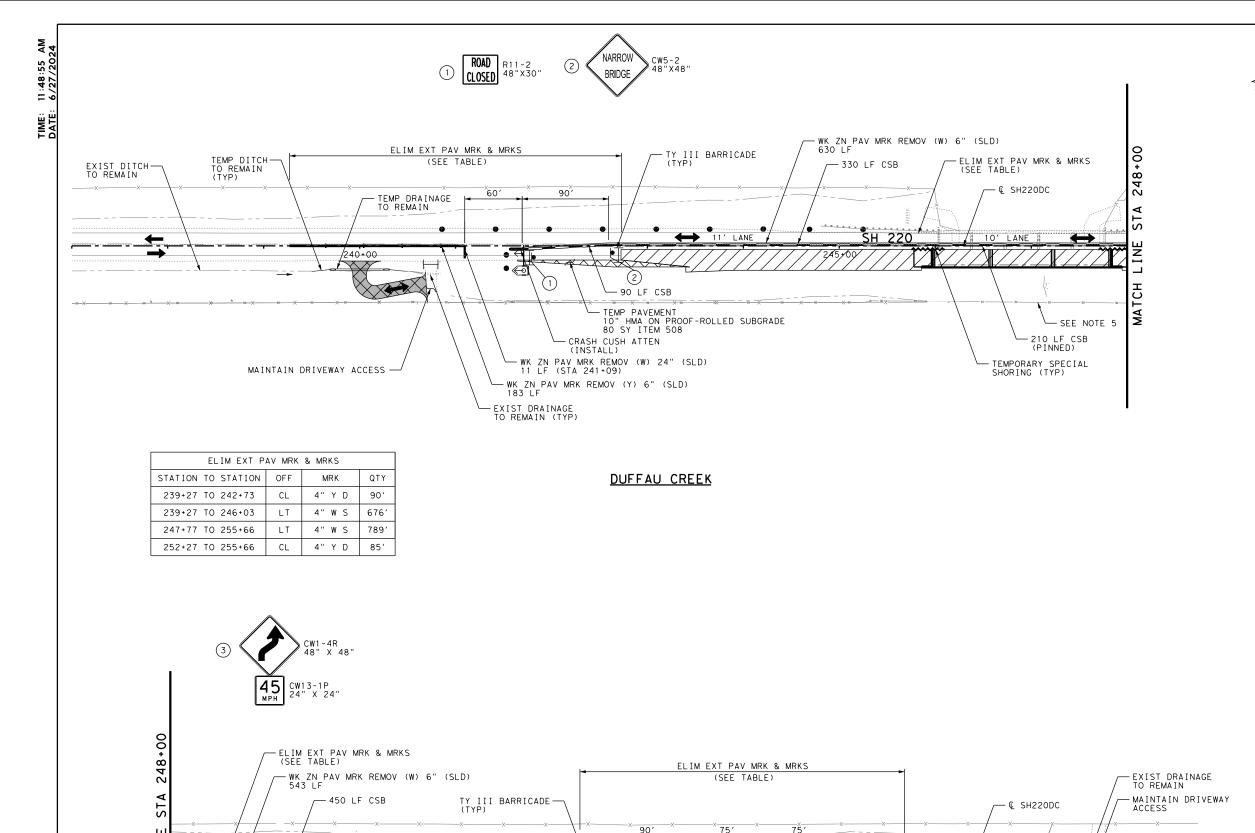
TRAFFIC CONTROL PHASE 1A SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

SCALE: 1	=100		SHEET	1 OF 3
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 22
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	34

020, ETC.

02

0467



2

DUFFAU CREEK

- CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTALL)

90 LF CSB

11' LANE

- SEE NOTE 5

EXIST DRAINAGE TO REMAIN

- CONSTRUCT PERMANENT DRAINAGE

TEMP PAVEMENT 10" HMA ON PROOF-ROLLED SUBGRADE 80 SY ITEM 508



LLOLIND

SIGN DESIGNATION

TCP SIGN

TRAFFIC LANE TY III BARRICADE

PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE

TEMPORARY PAVEMENT THIS PHASE

COMPLETED PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION

50

SCALE IN FEET

100

COMPLETED TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

CONCRETE BARRIER

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL

TEMPORARY SPECIAL SHORING

NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO BC(2)-21 STANDARD FOR CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SPACING REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN ALL BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, FLASHING LIGHTS, AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN CONFORMANCE WITH TXDOT BC AND TCP STANDARDS, AND PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 3. DETERMINE AND PLACE ALL APPROPRIATE DISTANCES FOR SIGNS SHOWING X MILES.
- 4. COVER OR REMOVE EXISTING SIGNS THAT ARE IN CONFLICT WITH CONSTRUCTION SIGNS.
- 5. SEE EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS FOR MORE INFO. USE CAUTION DURING CRANE USE, ESPECIALLY WHEN SETTING BEAMS. IF SWINGING BEAMS OVER OPEN TRAFFIC LANE(S), TEMPORARILY STOP TRAFFIC USING TCP(3-1). CONTRACTOR'S PICK PLAN SHALL DESCRIBE MEANS AND METHODS REGARDING SETTING BEAMS FOR SPAN 2.



Jacobs

- EXIST DRAINAGE TO REMAIN

- MAINTAIN DRIVEWAY ACCESS

-WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y) 6" (SLD) 147 LF

WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W) 24" (SLD) 11 LF (STA 254+92)

EXIST DITCH TO REMAIN (TYP) 1999 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966

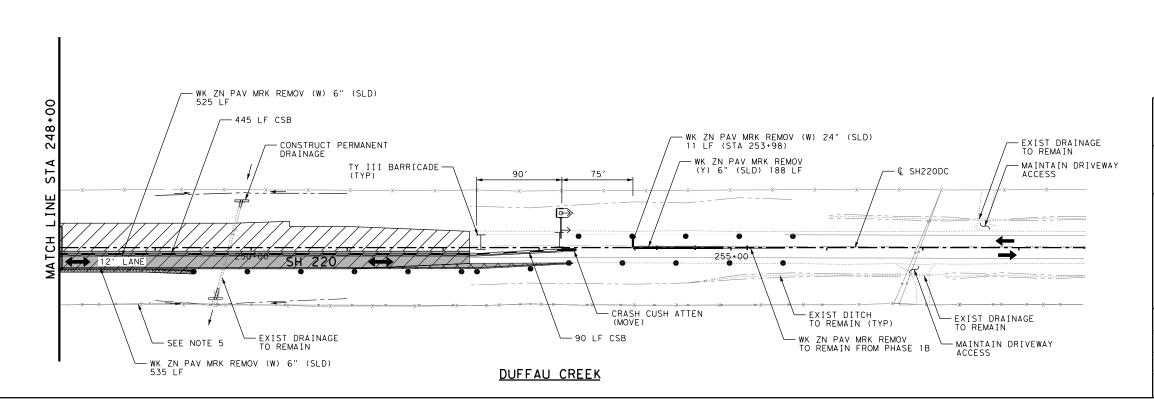


SH 220

TRAFFIC CONTROL PHASE 1B SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

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REL	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS BHK	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	35
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.	

11:49:06 AM 6/27/2024





50 100 SCALE IN FEET

LEGEND

SIGN DESIGNATION TCP SIGN

TRAFFIC LANE

TY III BARRICADE

PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE TEMPORARY PAVEMENT THIS PHASE

COMPLETED PERMANENT CONSTRUCTION

COMPLETED TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

CONCRETE BARRIER

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL

TEMPORARY SPECIAL SHORING

NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO BC(2)-21 STANDARD FOR CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SPACING REQUIREMENTS.
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- 3. DETERMINE AND PLACE ALL APPROPRIATE DISTANCES FOR SIGNS SHOWING X MILES.
- 4. COVER OR REMOVE EXISTING SIGNS THAT ARE IN CONFLICT WITH CONSTRUCTION SIGNS.
- 5. SEE EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS FOR MORE INFO.
 USE CAUTION DURING CRANE USE, ESPECIALLY WHEN
 SETTING BEAMS. IF SWINGING BEAMS OVER OPEN
 TRAFFIC LANE(S), TEMPORARILY STOP TRAFFIC
 USING TCP(3-1). CONTRACTOR'S PICK PLAN SHALL
 DESCRIBE MEANS AND METHODS REGARDING SETTING
 BEAMS FOR SPAN 2 BEAMS FOR SPAN 2.



Jacobs

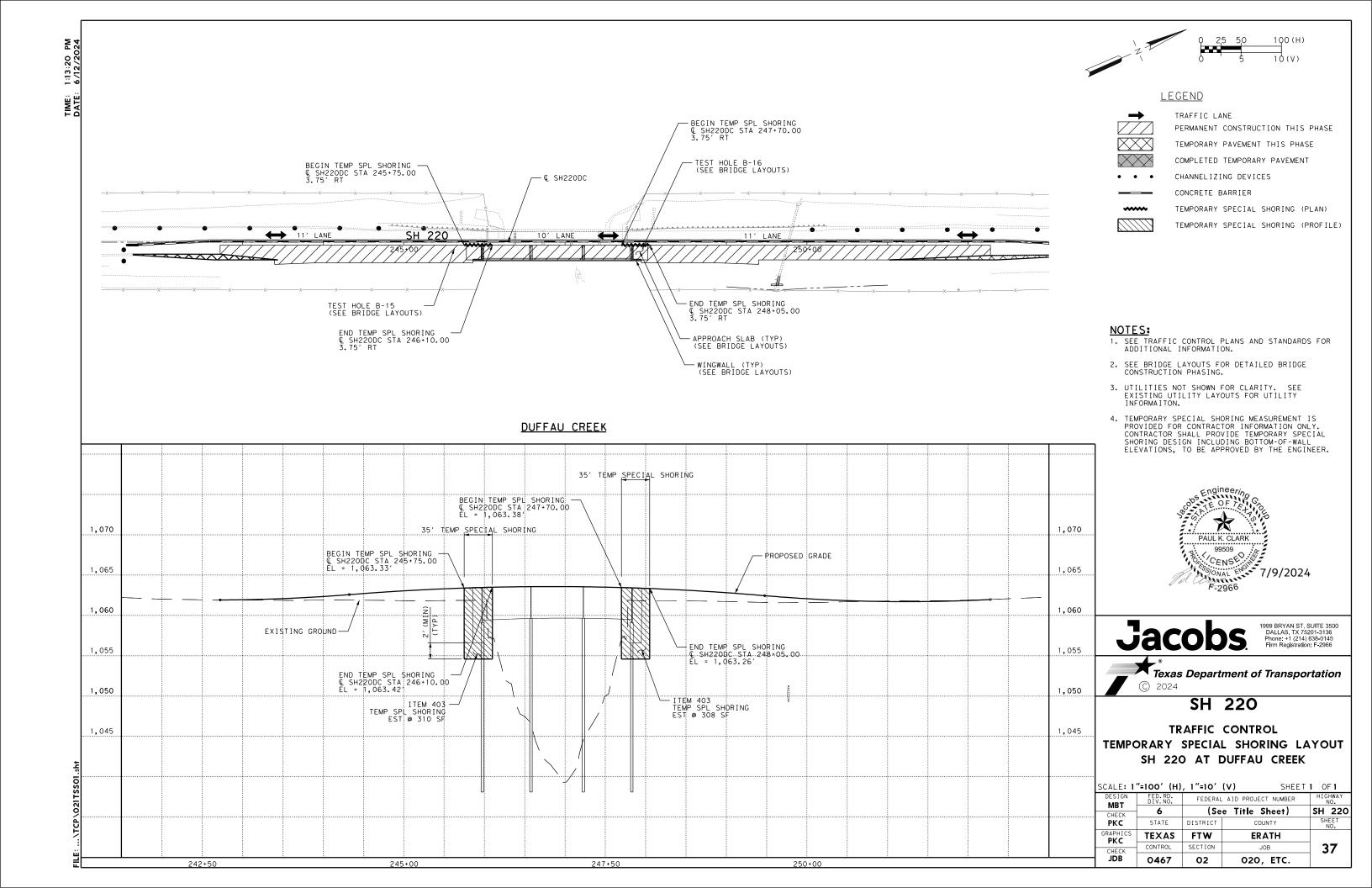
1999 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966



SH 220

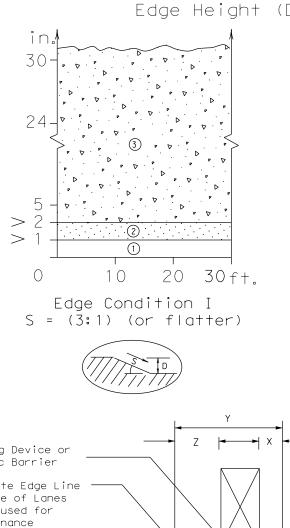
TRAFFIC CONTROL PHASE 2 SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

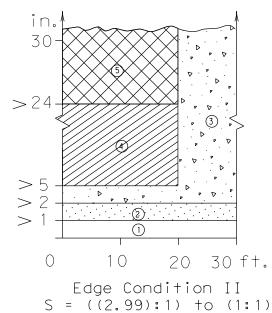
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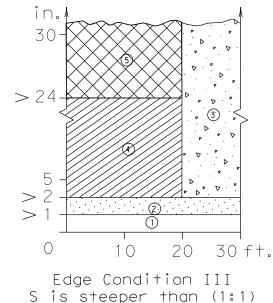


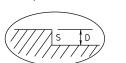
DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

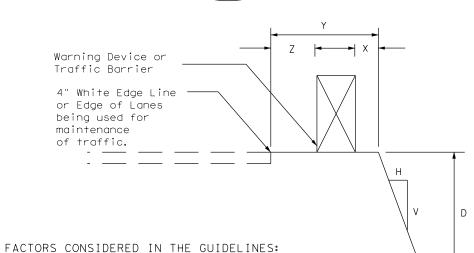
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet











- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V).
 The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

Treatment Types Guidelines:

(1) No treatment
(2) CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs.
(3) CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels.
(4) CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I.
(5) Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for

Zone-4 may be used after consideration of

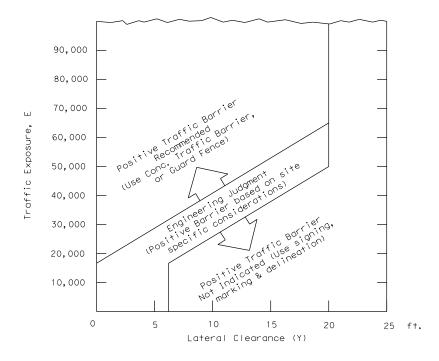
Edge Condition Notes:

- Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.

other applicable factors.

- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ()



- E = ADT x T Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's and line manuals.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



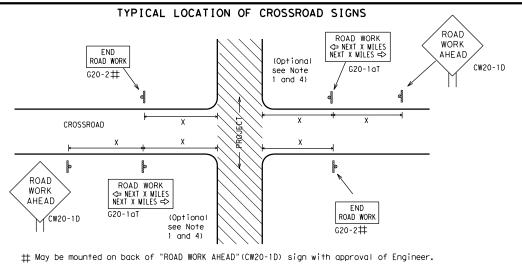
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size $36" \times 36"$ ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT)sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION ★ ★ G20-9TP ZONE ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL XX R20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X MILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bT \bigcirc INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => 80' WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN WORK * * G20-9TPZONE TRAFFI G20-6T ★ ★ R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE XX R20-5aTP WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

onventional

Expressway/ Freeway		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.
48" × 48"		30	120
70 / 70		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
48" × 48"		50	400
10 / 10		55	500 ²
		60	600²
		65	700 2
48" × 48"		70	800 ²
		75	900 ²
		80	1000 ²
]	*	* 3

SPACING

or Series 48" x 48' 48" x 48 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48 36" x 36' CW9, CW11 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

CW20' CW21

CW22

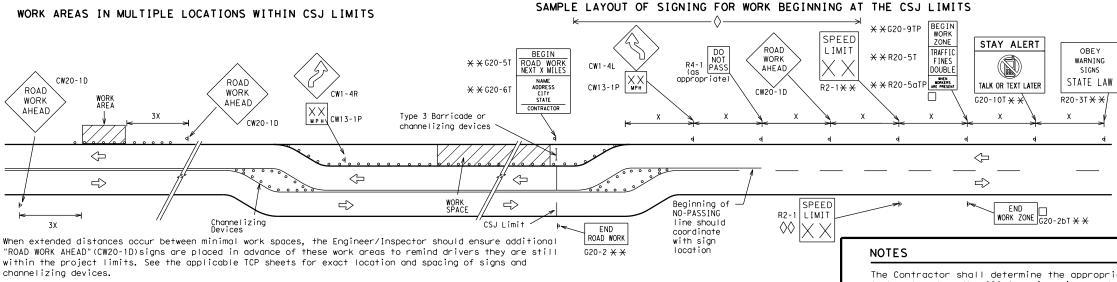
CW23

CW25

CW14

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. $36" \times 36"$ "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

★ ★G20-9TF ZONE STAY ALERT BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC X **X** G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD X XR20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW ⅓ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD \times \times R20-5aTP * *G20-6T Type 3 R20-3 R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices \triangleleft -CSJ Limi Channelizina \Rightarrow B SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END WORK ZONE G20-26T X X G20-2 X X

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

L	LEGEND							
	горов Туре 3 Barricade							
	000 Channelizing Devices							
	₽	Sign						
	Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety

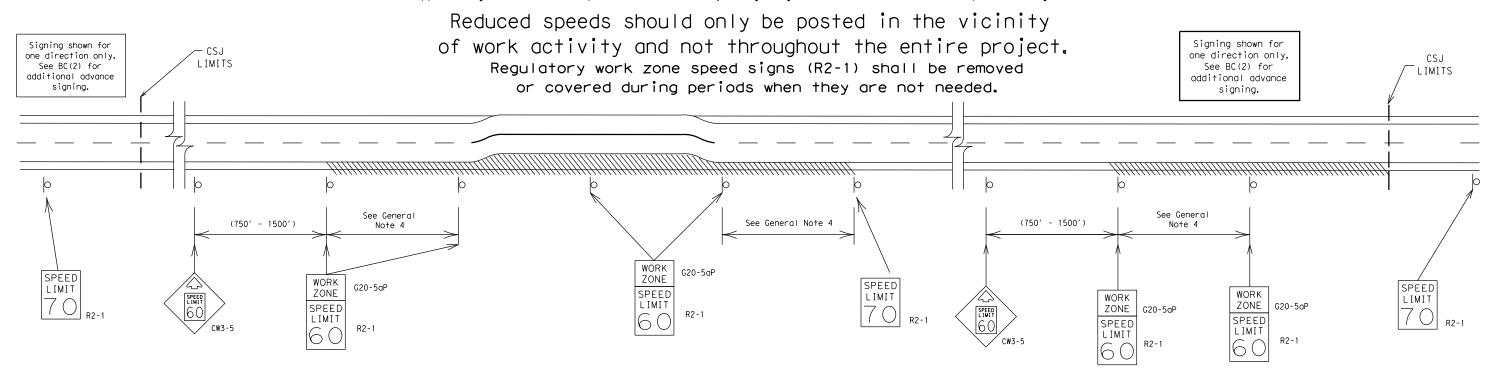
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

0.2 to 1 mile

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



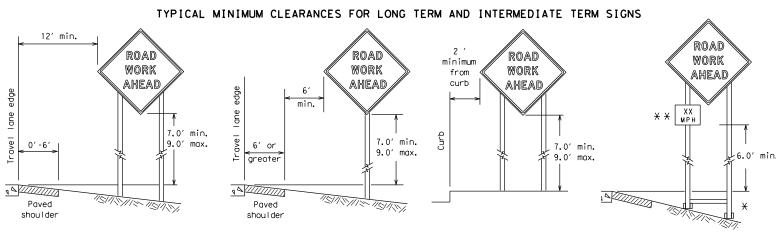
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Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

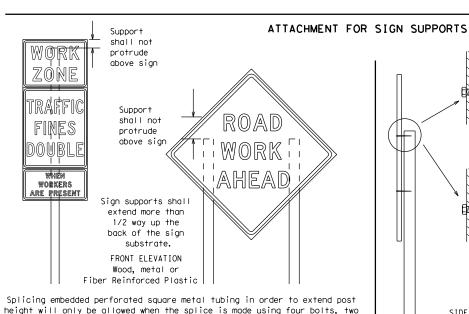
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* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

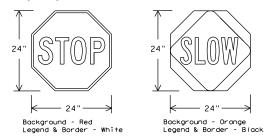
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN'	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside Signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

I. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a

constant weight.

Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted

for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for

ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CW7ICD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

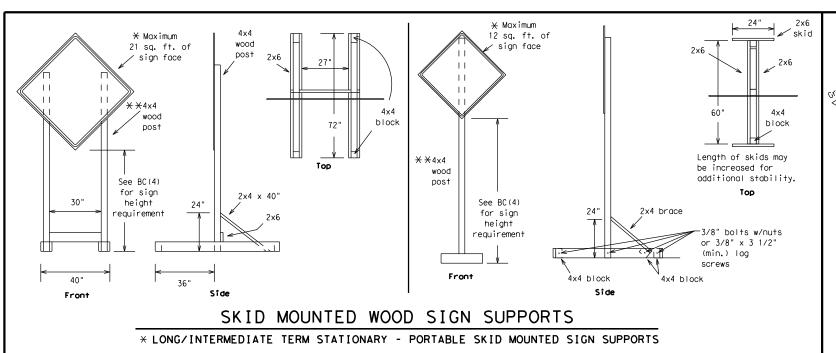


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4) - 21

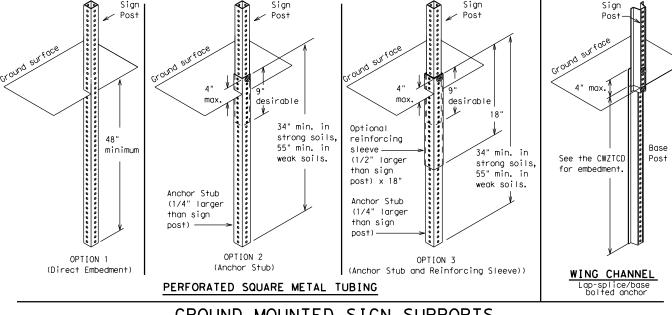
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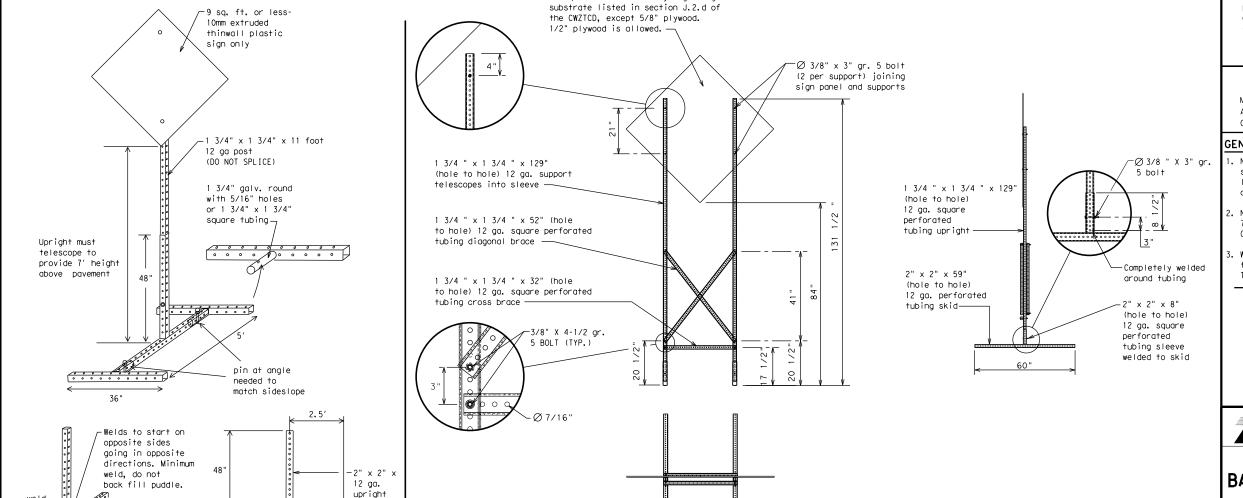
SINGLE LEG BASE

weld starts here



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32′

16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign

WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- * * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

7-13	5-21	FTW		ERATI	1		43
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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING	Road Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE		SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SERV RD
East	F	Service Road	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle			
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound Speed	(route) S SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W (Tauta) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

USF

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USF

US XXX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPFFD

XXX FT

USE

ROUTES

STAY

ΙN

LANE

OTHER

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

PREPARE

TΟ

STOP

END

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

'Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

X LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

ΔΤ

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

IIS XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TΩ

XXXXXXX

IIS XXX

TΟ

FM XXXX

- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed. 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

* * Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

ΜΔΥ XX

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

TΩ

XX PM

NEXT

TUF

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX AM

Traffic Safety Division Standard

XX PM-

Warnina

List

SPEED

IIMII

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

ADV I SOR'

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

LANF

EXIT

LISE

CAUTION

DRIVE

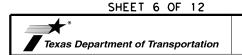
SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

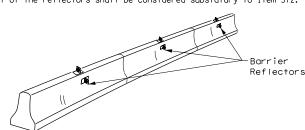


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

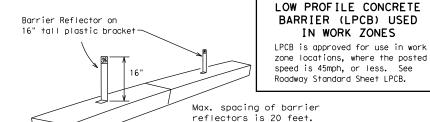
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	FTW		ERATI	1		44

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-auglified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1). 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The
- cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



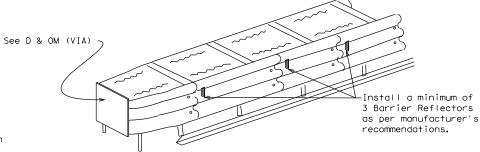
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



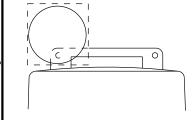
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



9:08:02

Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

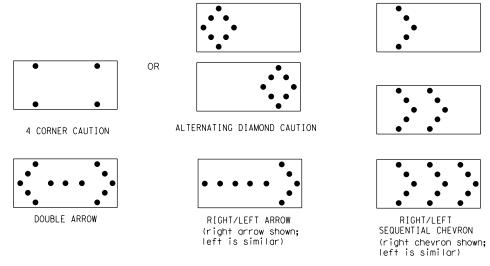
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- GENERAL NOTES
- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device. 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be
- used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

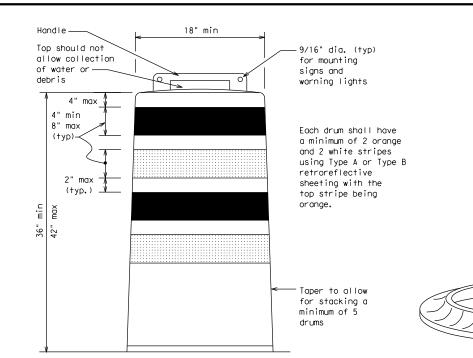
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

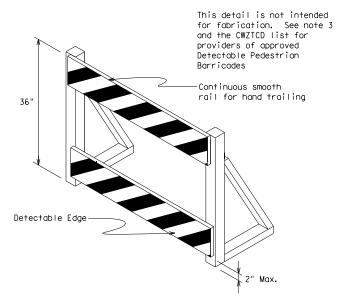
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

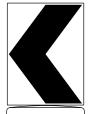
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





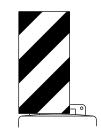
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sian (Maximum Sian Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

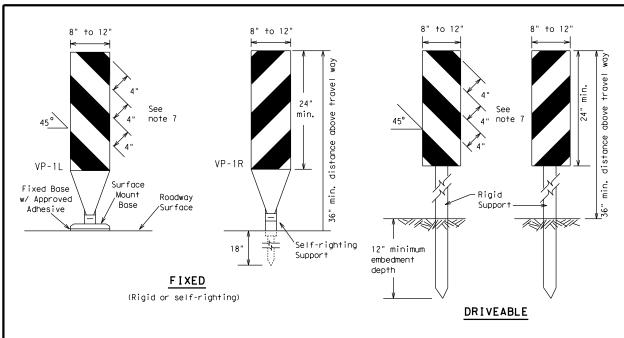


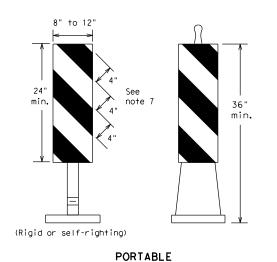
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

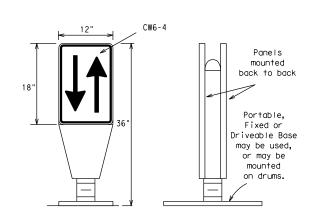
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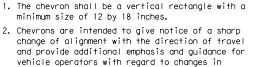
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\text{FL}}\,\text{or}$ Type $C_{\text{FL}}\,\text{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

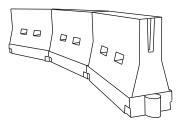


- horizontal alignment of the roadway. 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Formula				Channe	
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′
L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′
80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′
	450′	495′	540′	45′	90′
	500′	550′	600′	50′	100′
1 = W S	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′
	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′
	650′	715′	780′	65 <i>′</i>	130′
	700′	770′	840′	70′	140′
	750′	825′	900′	75′	150′
	800′	880′	960′	80′	160′
		Formula Tap $ \begin{array}{c} $	Formula Taper Leng $\frac{\times \times}{10}$ 10 11 10 11 0ffset offset offset 205 225 225 265 295 450 495 500 550 605 600 660 650 715 700 750 825 1	$L = WS$ $\frac{150' \ 165' \ 180'}{205' \ 225' \ 245'}$ $\frac{265' \ 295' \ 320'}{500' \ 550' \ 600'}$ $\frac{650' \ 660' \ 720'}{650' \ 770' \ 840'}$ $\frac{750' \ 825' \ 900'}{825' \ 900'}$	Formula Taper Lengths $\frac{10'}{8 \times 8}$ Channe Dev $\frac{10'}{00 \text{ fiset}}$ Offset offset offset a Taper $\frac{\text{WS}^2}{60}$ $\frac{150'}{205'}$ $\frac{165'}{225'}$ $\frac{180'}{320'}$ $\frac{30'}{40'}$ $\frac{205'}{265'}$ $\frac{225'}{295'}$ $\frac{320'}{320'}$ $\frac{40'}{40'}$ $\frac{450'}{500'}$ $\frac{495'}{500'}$ $\frac{540'}{500'}$ $\frac{45'}{500'}$ $\frac{550'}{600'}$ $\frac{660'}{660'}$ $\frac{55'}{50'}$ $\frac{600'}{650'}$ $\frac{660'}{715'}$ $\frac{780'}{65'}$ $\frac{65'}{700'}$ $\frac{770'}{770'}$ $\frac{840'}{70'}$ $\frac{750'}{825'}$ $\frac{825'}{900'}$ $\frac{75'}{75'}$

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

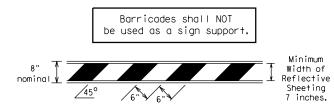
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

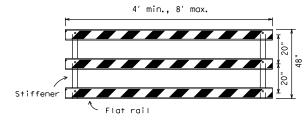
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

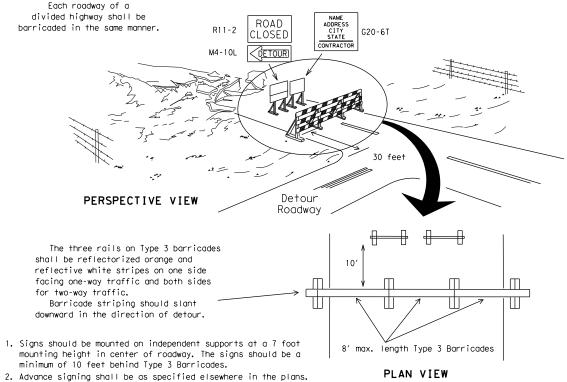


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

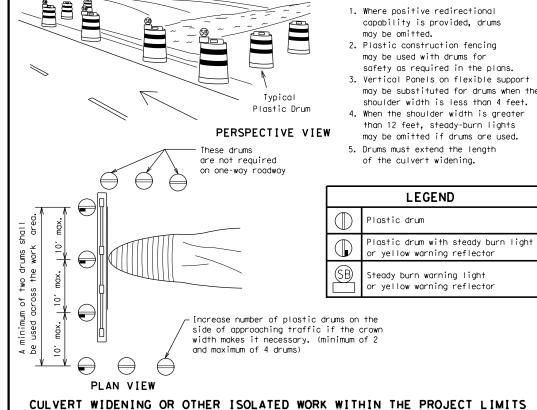


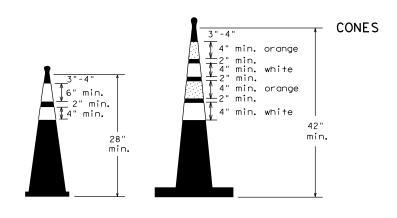
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



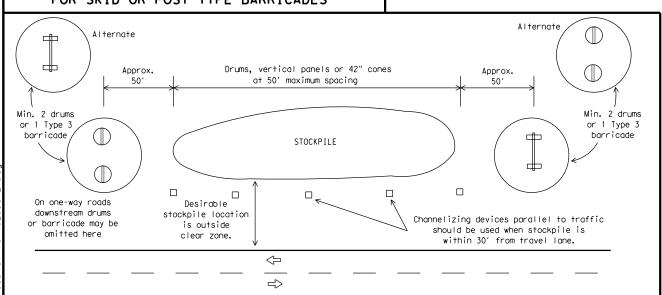


6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	FTW		ERATI	1		48

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

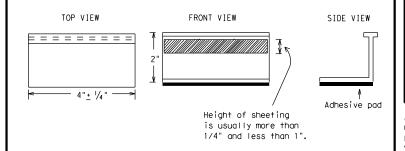
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup. run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



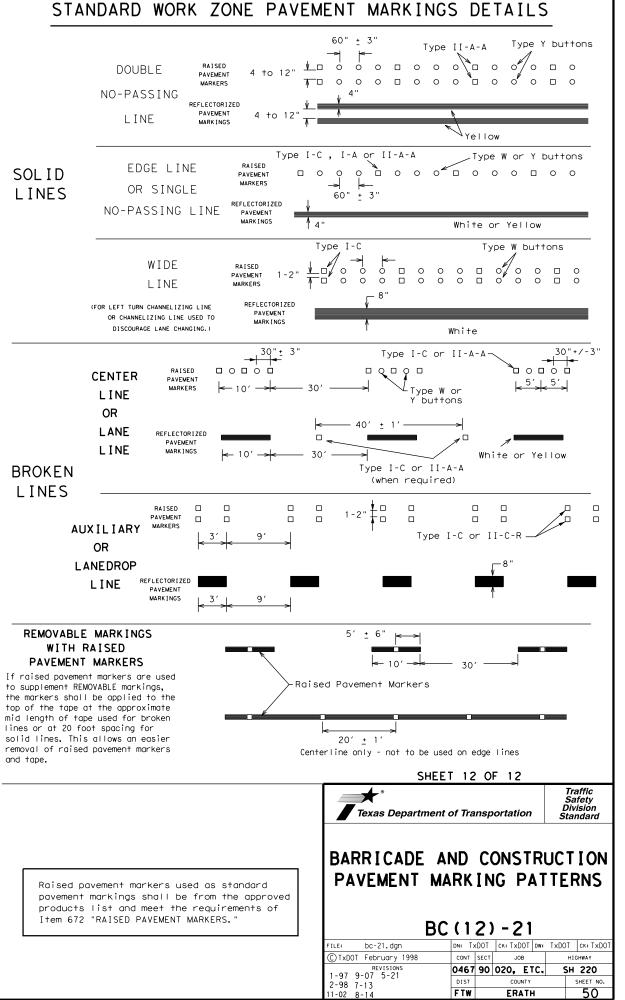
Traffic Safety

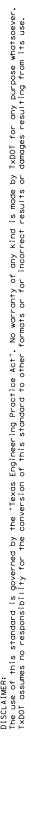
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

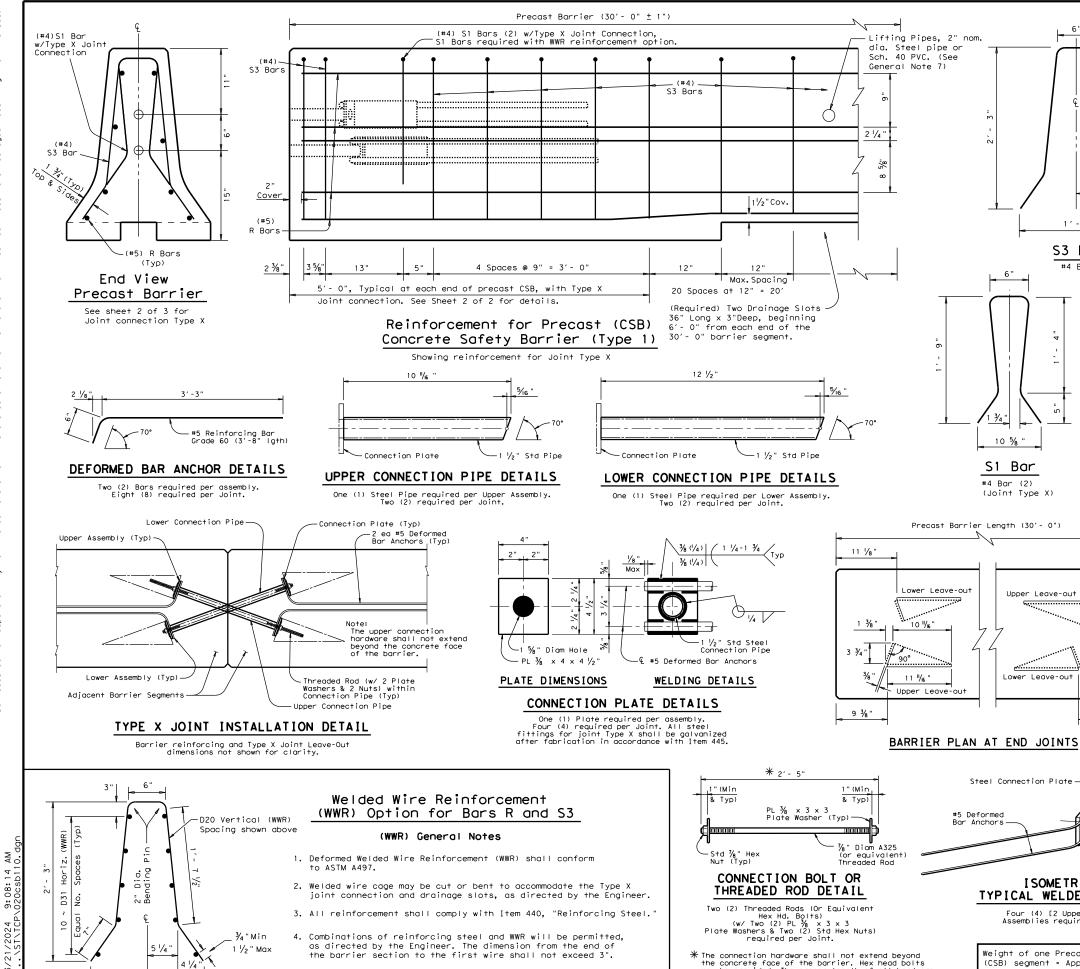
BC(11)-21

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© TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
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2-98 9-07 5-21 1-02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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105						

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS







2" Dia. Bending Barrier edges shall-9 1/2 " | ~ | 43/4" have a 3/4" chamfer or tooled radius. 32" 10"R ACP When 1" ACP is not used Conduit Trough for lateral support these (See Note General 9) dimensions shall be adjusted accordingly. Concrete Safety Barrier * When 1" ACP is "not" used as lateral support for

permanent barrier placement. A permissible method of attaining the equivalent lateral support may be used, See CSB(6) sheet.

GENERAL NOTES

/Pin (Typ)

5 1/4 "

9 3/8"

11 1/8"

€ Threaded Rod in Connection Pipe

Stl Connection Pipe

S3 Bar

#4 Bar

- 1. Concrete shall be Class H with a minimum compressive strength of 3,600 psi.
- 2. Where used, rebar reinforcement shall be Grade 60 and conform to ASTM A615.
- 3. Precast barrier length shall be 30 ft. unless otherwise specified on the plans.
- or tooled radius.

4. All precast barrier edges shall have a 3/4 " chamfer

- 5. All concrete, reinforcement, joint connection systems, grout etc. as shown, are considered as part of the barrier payment.
- 6. All steel assemblies for joint shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing.'
- 7. Regardless of the method of handling, barrier lifting points shall be approx. 7.5 feet from the ends of the barrier. Lifting devices and attachments to barrier sections shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Surface finishing and grouting (where required) shall be two parts sand one part cement with enough water to make the mixture plastic. Grouting shall be done in a manner that will assure a smooth surface. Surface finishing shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items involved.
- 9. Conduit trough when required shall be shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer

SHEET 1 OF 2



CONCRETE SAFETY BARRIER (F-SHAPE)

Design Division

PRECAST BARRIER (TYPE 1)

CSB(1)-10

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C)TxDOT December 2010	CONT	SECT	CT JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
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* The connection hardware shall not extend beyond the concrete face of the barrier. Hex head bolts may be provided. The proper length of all hardware should be verified.

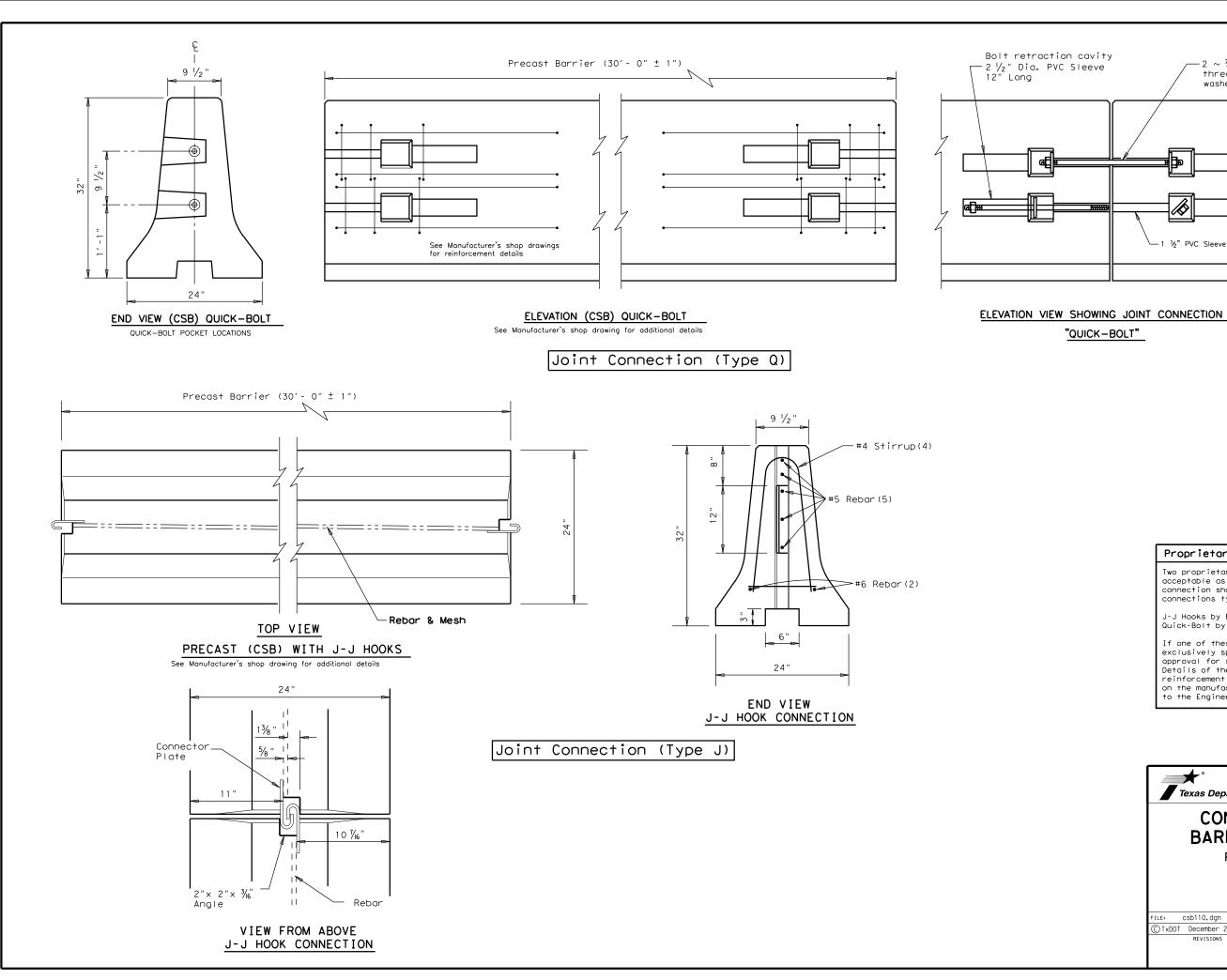
TYPICAL WELDED ASSEMBLY

Four (4) [2 Upper & 2 Lower] Assemblies required per Joint.

ISOMETRIC OF

Weight of one Precast 30 ft. (CSB) segment = Approx. 6.5 Tons







 $-2 \sim \frac{7}{8}$ " DIA. x 25" Long rolled threaded bolt with plate

washer and nut on each end.

−1 ½" PVC Sleeve

"QUICK-BOLT"

Two proprietary joint connections are acceptable as alternates to the (Type X) connection shown, here on. These joint connections types are:

J-J Hooks by Easi-Set Industries, (800)547-4045 Quick-Bolt by Bexar Concrete, (210)497-3773

If one of these connection systems are exclusively specified in the plans, prior approval for sole source use must be obtained. Details of the connection components and barrier reinforcement for these systems, will be shown on the manufacturer's shop drawing(s) furnished to the Engineer.

SHEET 2 OF 2



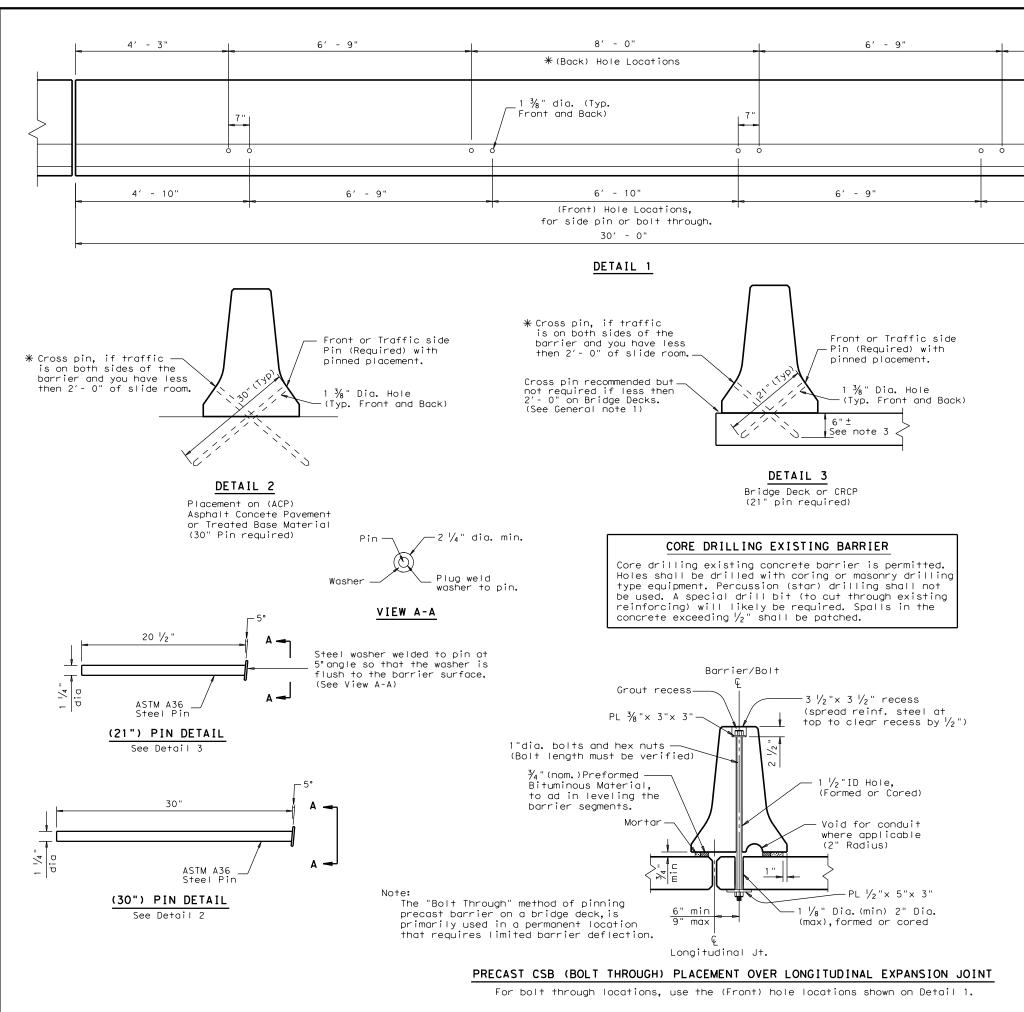
CONCRETE SAFETY BARRIER (F-SHAPE)

PRECAST BARRIER (TYPE 1)

CSB(1)-10

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	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	FTW	ERATH		52		





GENERAL NOTES

4' - 10'

1. These details provide a method of laterally restraining precast concrete barrier to limit deflections under normally expected passenger vehicle impacts. These details are intended for use in work zones, primarily on bridge decks, or pavement where temporary barrier must be placed less then 2 ft. from the longitudinal edge of the deck or dropoff and parallel to the direction of travel. Other applications of these details are acceptable as directed by the Engineer.

- See General Note 5

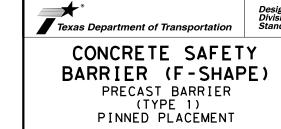
€ of Barrier

C of Hole

9 1/2 "_

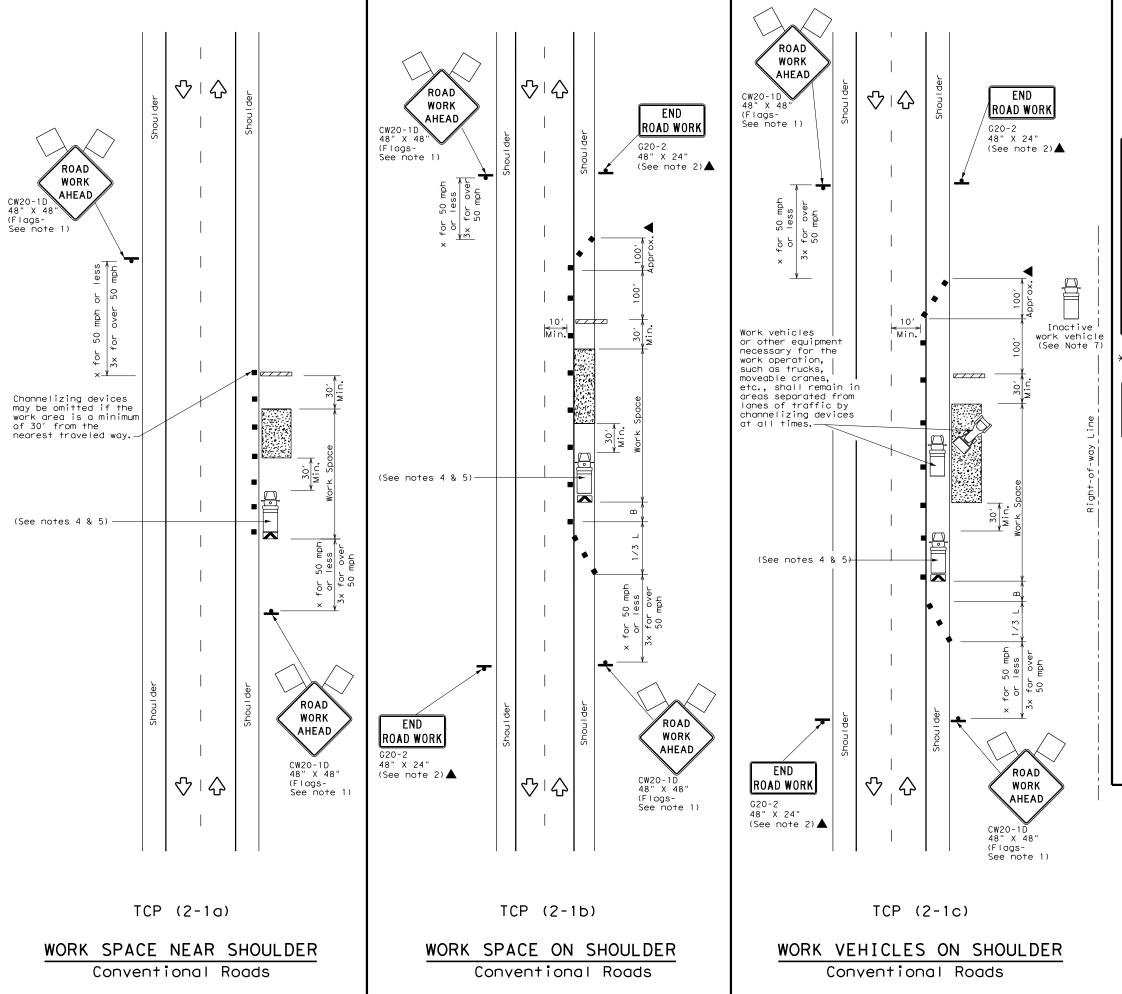
HOLE LOCATION DETAIL

- 2. Each precast concrete barrier section shall have a minimum of four or total of eight 1 3/8" ID, holes formed or cored through the barrier. The center lines of the holes are shown in the hole location detail. If rebar is encountered, the entry point may be shifted 2" plus or minus longitudinally along the barrier. The eight holes are spaced along the length of the barrier as shown in Detail 1.
- 3. The drilling of the travel surface is accomplished by placing the pre-drilled barrier section on the travel surface in the desired position. Then the hole is drilled with the bit passing though the hole in the barrier. The bit is to be inserted into the hole in the barrier so that the travel surface is drilled to a point which is slightly more than the pin length.
- 4. Note that steel washers have been welded to the top of the steel pins to aid in the removal of the pins, when the barrier is removed.
- 5. See CSB(1) standard sheets for reinforcement requirements and joint connection types.
- 6. The forming or coring of holes in the barrier, drilling of holes in bridge deck or pavement, fabrication and materials for the 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " pins, installation of pins, and any repair to the barrier shall be considered as subsidiary to the barrier bid items.
- 7. The barrier and travel surface will be repaired as directed by the Engineer in accordance with Item 429, "Concrete Structure Repair."
- 8. Provide galvanized bolts, nuts, and plate washers. All steel pins shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 9. Weight of barrier is approx. 440 lbs per foot.



CSB(7) - 10

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© TxDOT December 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	SHWAY
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	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	FTW		ERAT	H		53



	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
Flag Flagger							
1	Minimum I Constant Marianal						

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	✓	✓	✓	✓			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

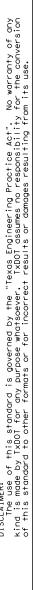
Texas Department of Transportation

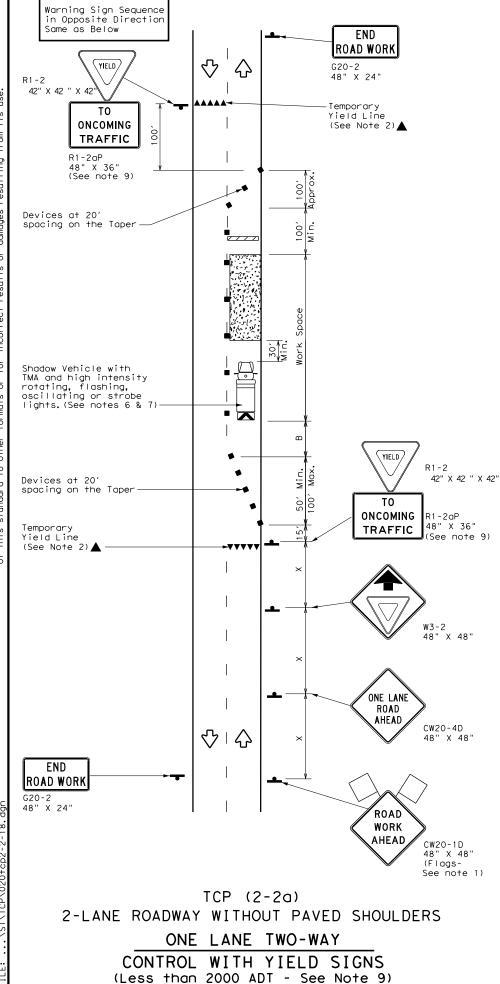
Traffic Operations Division Standard

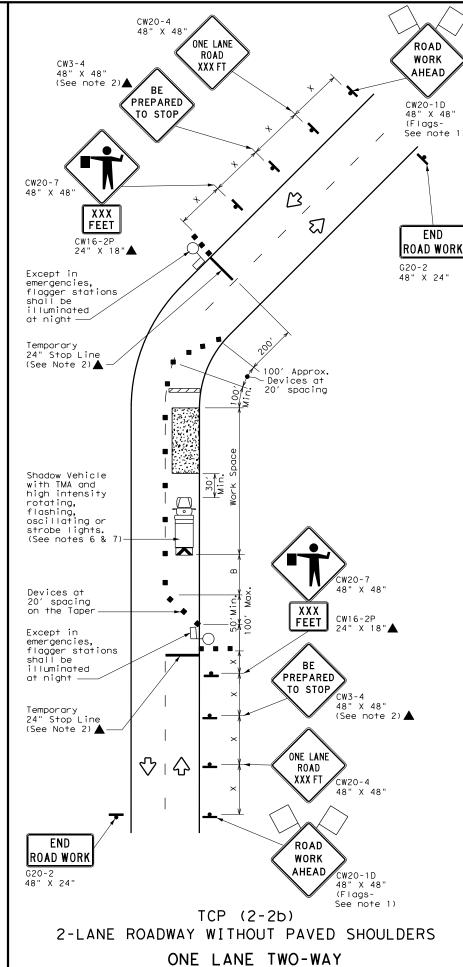
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
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3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	FTW		ERATI	1	54







CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND							
Œ.		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
	ŀ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
L	\Diamond	Flag		Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng X X	le	Spacing of		Channelizing		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"			
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′		
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′		
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′		

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	✓					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

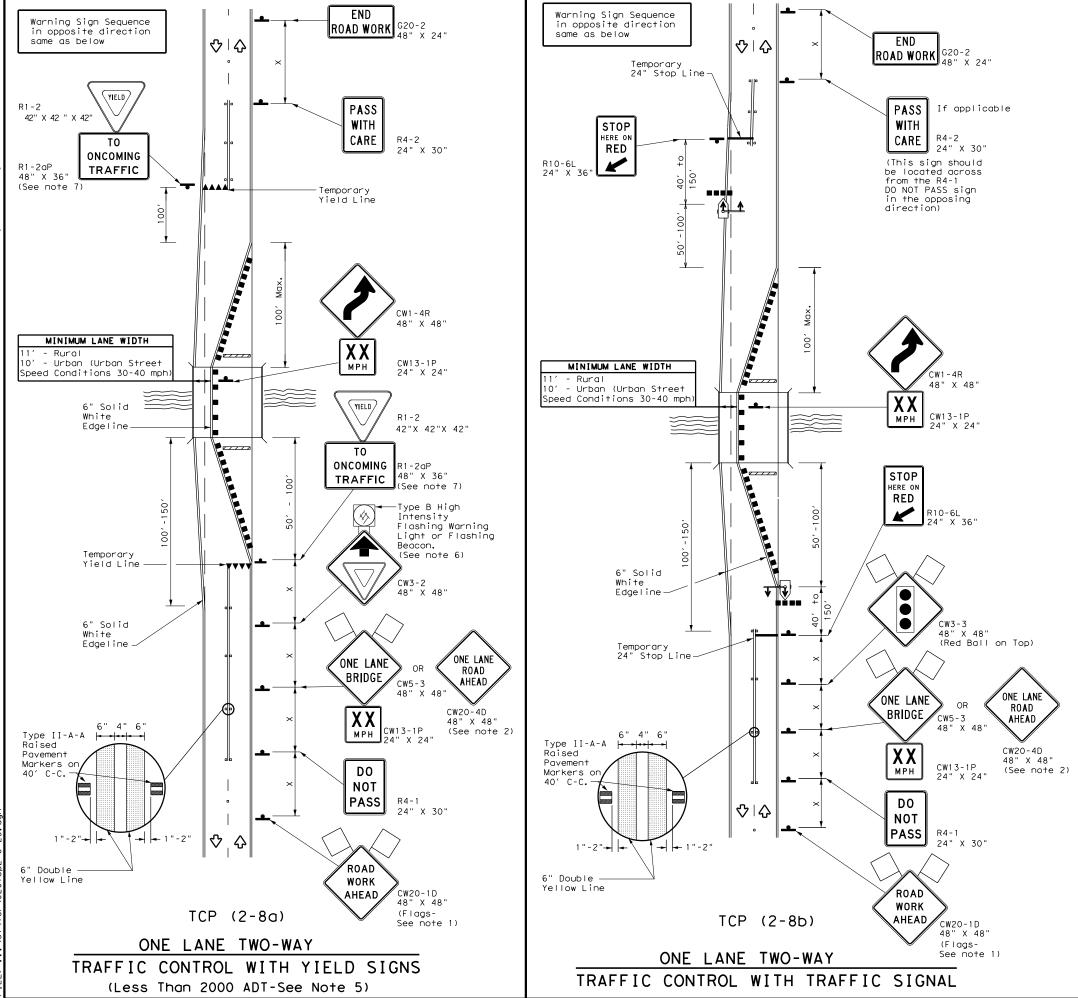


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

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C) TxDC	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
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1-97	2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98	2-18	FTW		ERATI	1	55



	LEGEND								
V///	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag		Flagger						
••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA	*	Temporary or Portable Traffic Signal						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend *X *X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Spacing of Channelizing		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	5 1 5 1 G . 10 5		
30	, WS ²	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′		
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′		
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′		
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′		

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	√				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Plaque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- 1. For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore pavement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline. In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

TCP (2-8a

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphasis.
- 7. The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

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- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).



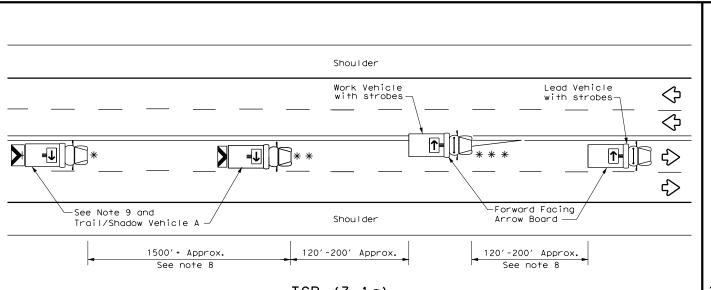
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

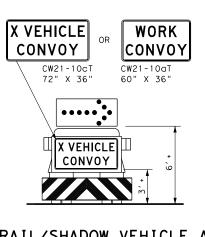
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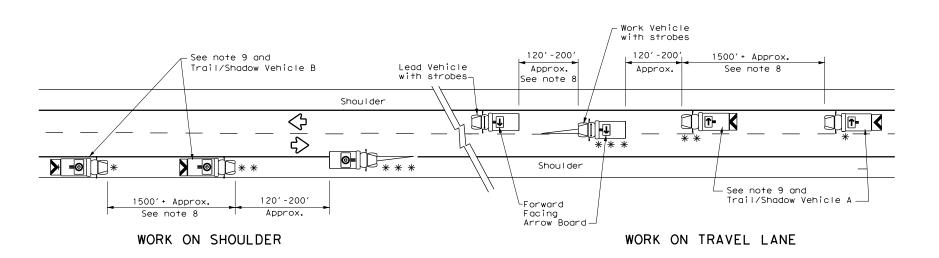


TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



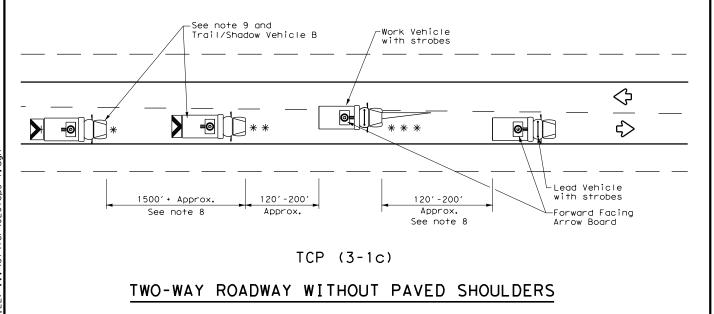
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

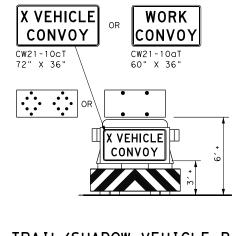
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

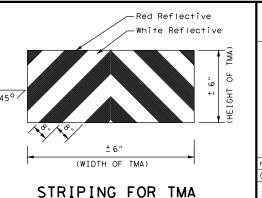
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle		APPOW ROAPD DISPLAY				
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* * *	Work Vehicle	→	RIGHT Directional				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	—	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	=	Double Arrow				
♦	Traffic Flow	© =	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY		LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





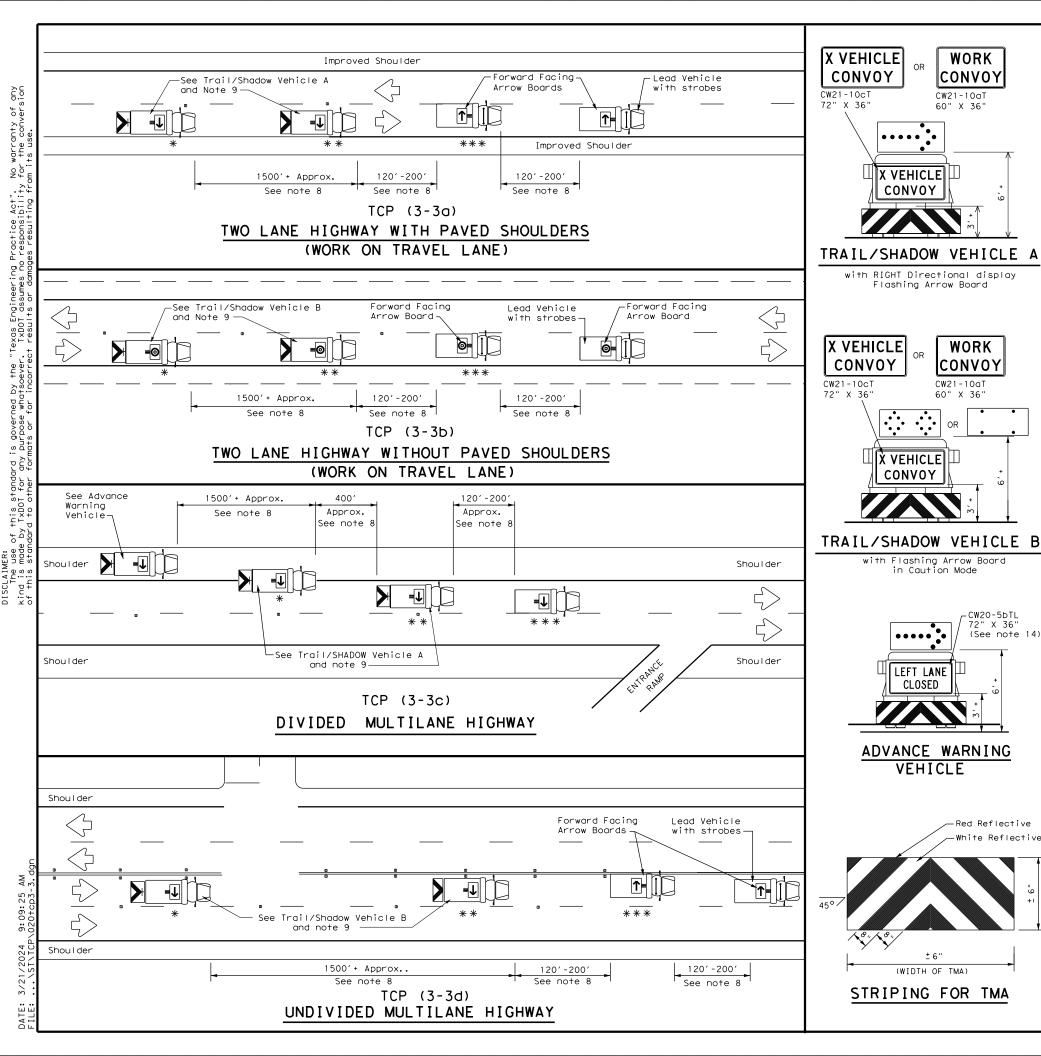
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

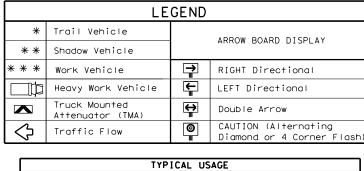
TCP(3-1)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

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TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

Flashing Arrow Board

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

in Caution Mode

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36 (See note 14)

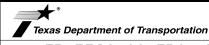
-Red Reflective

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

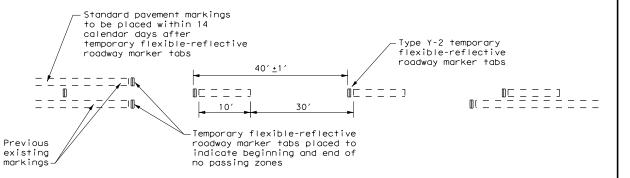
- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes
- first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ **REMOVAL** TCP(3-3)-14

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TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

"DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- 3. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept,
 - the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- B. Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	√

GENERAL NOTES

- . The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

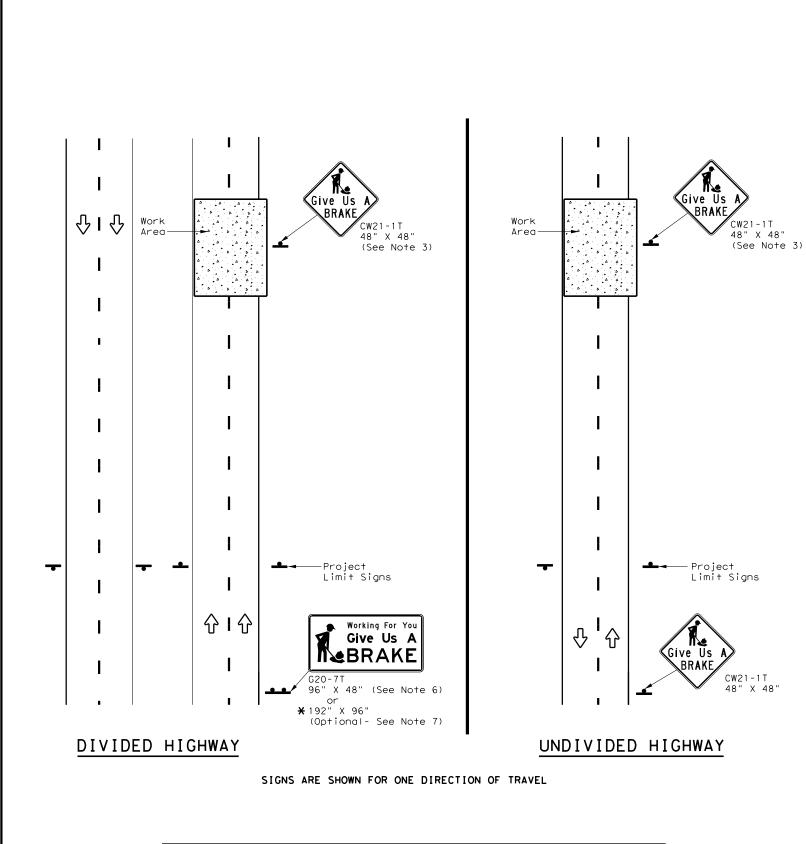


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

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* When the optional larger WORKING FOR YOU GIVE US A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" x 96" sign is required, the locations shall be noted elsewhere in the plans.

	SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS									
BACKGROUND COLOR	SIGN DESIGNATION	SIGN SIGN		SIGN REFLECTIVE DIMENSIONS SHEETING		GAL VA STRUC ST			DRILLED Shaft	
COLOR	DESIGNATION		DIMENSIONS	SHEETING		Si <i>z</i> e	(L	F)	24" DIA. (LF)	
0range	G20-7T	Give Us A	96" X 48"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	32	•	•	•	•	
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	192" X 96"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	128	W8×18	16	17	12	

▲ See Note 6 Below

LEGEND					
-	Sign				
	Large Sign				
Ŷ	Traffic Flow				

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{fl} or type C _{fl}
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. See BC and SMD sheets for additional sign support details.
- 2. Sign locations shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be used for this purpose.
- 4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction speed zone signing when required.
- 5. Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."
- 6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two 4" x 6" wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for under the following specification items:

Item 636 - Aluminum Signs

Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.

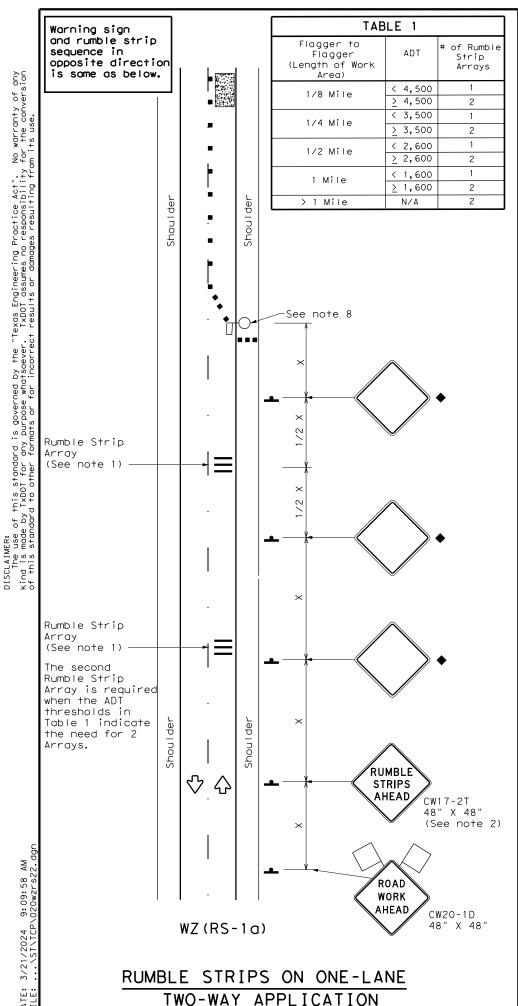


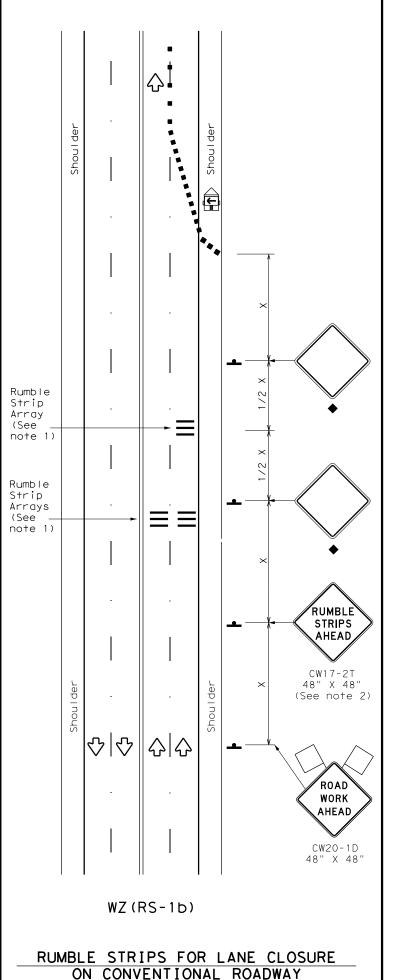
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE
"GIVE US A BRAKE"
SIGNS

WZ(BRK) - 13

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND			
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
•	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow
\Diamond	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Maximum Desirable Spacing of Taper Lengths Channelizing X X Devices		Desirable Taper Lengths **		Desirable Spacing of Channelizing X X Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

Т	ABLE 2
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array
≤ 40 MPH	10′
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15′
= 60 MPH	20′
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+

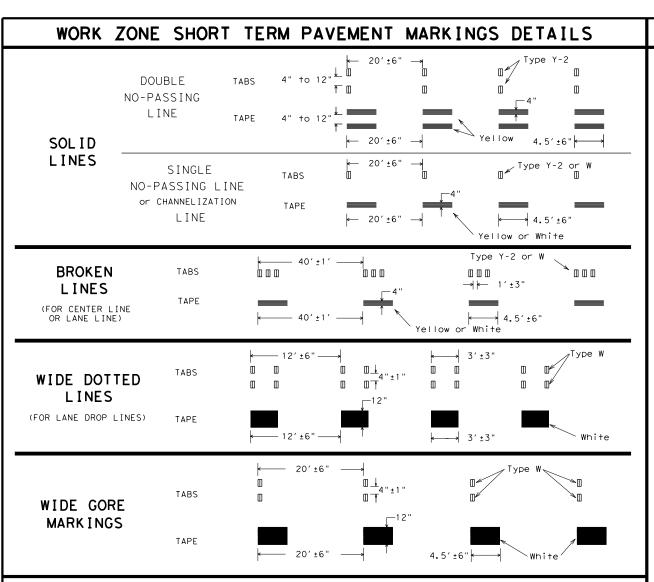
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

W7(RS) - 22

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NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term payement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

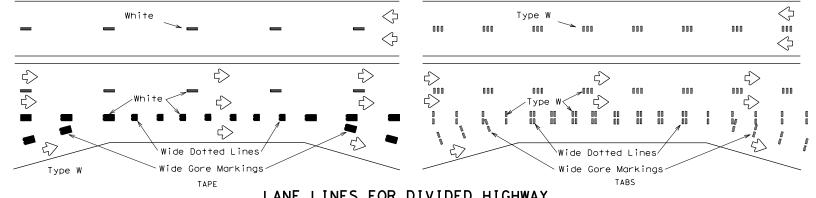
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

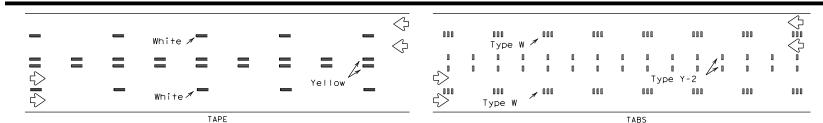
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS



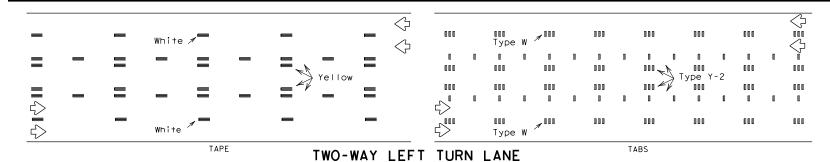
CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

Texas Department of Transportation

Operation: Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
 Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

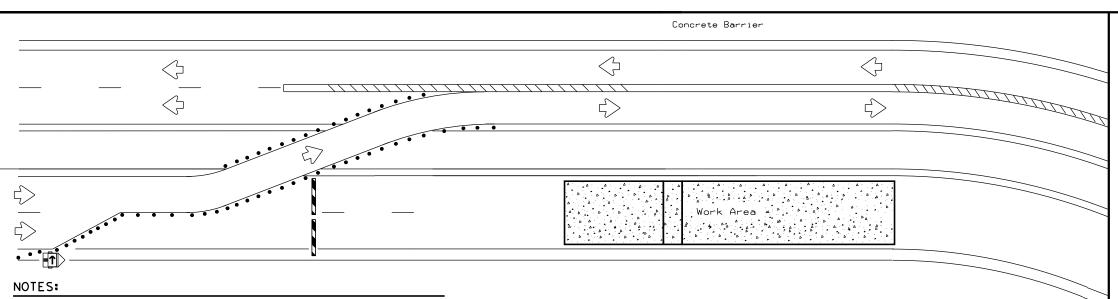
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) - 13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
① TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
1-97	REVISIONS	0467	02	020, E1	C.	SH	220
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		FTW		ERATI	1		62



BARRIER DELINEATION WITH MODULAR GLARE SCREENS

\[\frac{1}{2} \]

NOTES:

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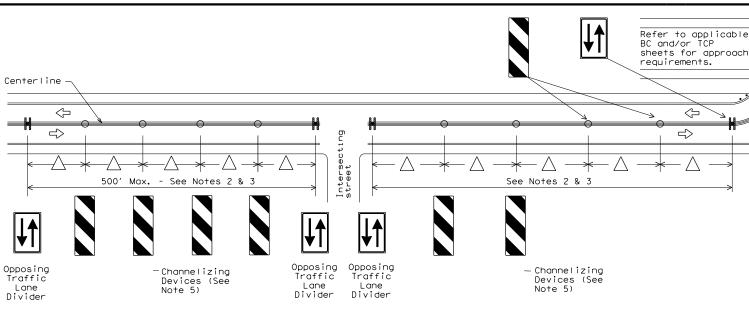
	LEGEND		
	Type 3 Barricade		
• • •	Channelizing Devices		
F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		
-	Sign		
\\\\	Safety glare screen		

LECENIN

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFIC.	ATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS	DMS-8600
MODULAR GLARE SCREENS FOR HEADLIGHT BARRIER	DMS-8610

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/producer-list.html



VERTICAL PANELS & OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)
SEPARATING TWO-WAY TRAFFIC ON NORMALLY DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

1. Length of Safety Glare screen will be specified elsewhere in the plans.

2. The cumulative nominal length of the modular safety glare screen units shall equal the length of the individual sections of temporary concrete

4. Payment for these devices will be under statewide Special Specification

This detail is only intended to show types of locations where Glare Screens would be appropriate. Required signing and other devices shall

are installed with reflective sheeting as described.

"Modular Glare Screens for Headlight Barrier."

be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

traffic barrier on which they are installed so the joint between barrier sections will not be spanned by any one safety glare screen unit.

3. Screen Panel/blades will be designed such that reflective sheeting conforming with Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, Sign Face Materials, Type B or C Yellow, minimum size of 2 inches by 12 inches can be attached to the edge of the panel/blade. The sheeting shall be attached to one glare screen panel/blade per section of concrete barrier not to exceed a spacing of 30 feet. Barrier reflectors are not necessary when panel/blades

1. When two-lane, two way traffic control must be maintained on one roadway of a normally divided highway, opposing traffic shall be separated with either temporary traffic barriers, channelizing devices, or a temporary raised island throughout the length of the two way operation. The above Typical Application is intended to show the appropriate application of channelizing devices when they are used for this purpose. This is not a traffic control plan. If this detail is to be used for other types of roads or applications, those locations should be stated elsewhere in the

△2. Space devices according to the Tangent Spacing shown on the Device Spacing table on BC(9) but not exceeding 100′.

- 3. Every fifth device should be an OTLD except when spaced closer to accommodate an intersection. An OTLD should be the first device on each side of intersecting streets or roads.
- 4. Locations where surface mount bases with adhesives or self-righting devices will be required in order to maintain them in their proper position should be noted elsewhere in the plans.
- 5. Channelizing devices are to be vertical panels, 42" cones or tubular markers that are at least 36" tall. Tubular markers used to separate traffic should have a rubber base weighing at least 30 pounds. Tubular markers that are 42" tall or more shall have four bands of reflective material as detailed for 42" cones on BC(10). Tubular markers less than 42" but at least 36" tall shall have three bands of 3" wide white reflective material spaced 2" apart. Reflective material shall meet DMS-8300, Type A.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TYPICAL DETAILS

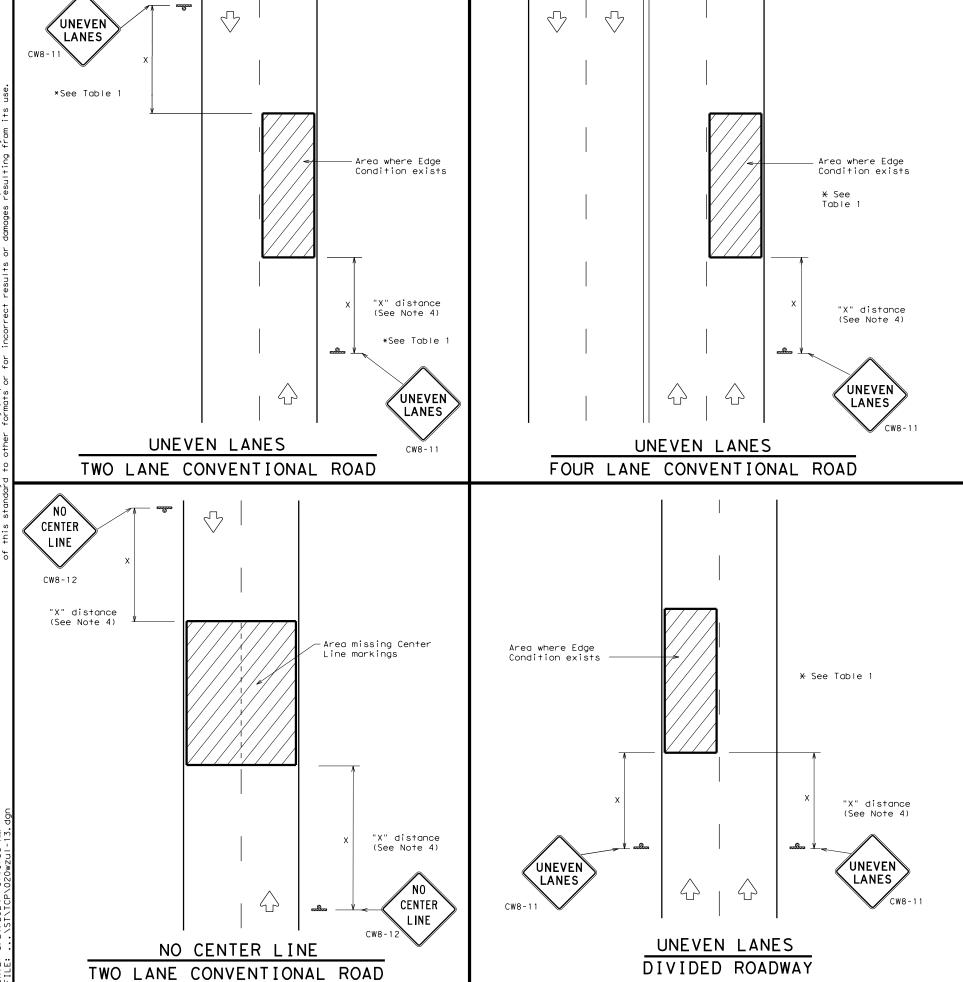
WZ(TD)-17

◯TxDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		WZ	\ I	י ע	1 (ı		
9 .	ILE:	wztd-17.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDO
	C) TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	1 GHWAY
4-98 2-17 0467 02 020, ETC. SH 220	4-98	REVISIONS	0467	02	020, E	TC.	SI	1 220
		2-11	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13 FTW ERATH 63	7-13		FTW		ERAT	Н		63

110

No warranty of any for the conversion of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act".

By TxD01 for any purpose whotsoever. TxD01 assumes no responsibility and to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1					
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices			
•	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11			
	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.				
② >3	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11			
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lane with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic aft work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".				

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	× 36"
Freeways/e divided		48" >	< 48"



SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ(UL) - 13

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
ℂ T×DOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY	
RE	EVISIONS	0467	02	020, E	TC.	S	H 220	
8-95 2-98 7	-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 3-03		FTW		ERATI	Н		64	



DELINEATION DECAL PLACEMENT GUIDE

TRAFFIC FLOW

BOTH-SIDE

BARRIER

TRAFFIC FLOW

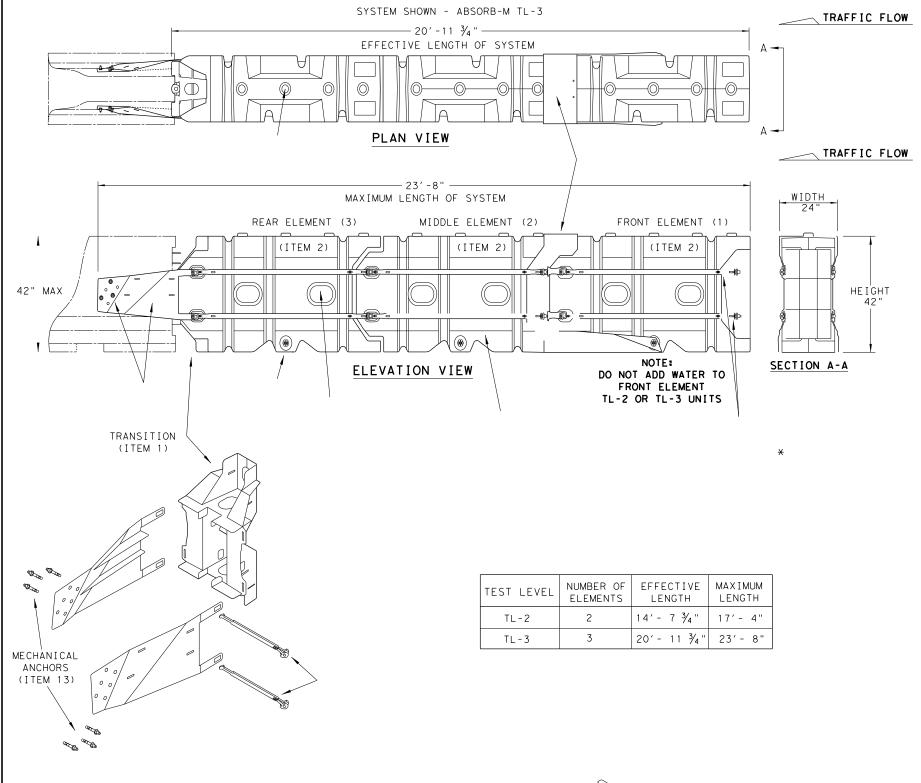
RIGHT-SIDE

BARRIER

TRAFFIC FLOW

LEFT-SIDE

BARRIER

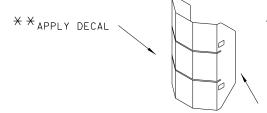


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800. 180 RIVER ROAD, RIO VISTA, CA 94571
- 2. THE ABSORB-M SYSTEM IS ONLY APPROVED FOR USE IN (TEMPORARY WORK ZONE) LOCATIONS.
- 3. THE ABSORB-M IS A WATER FILLED NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO A FOUNDATION AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF CONCRETE, ASPHALT, OR ANY SURFACE CAPABLE OF BEARING THE WEIGHT OF THE SYSTEM.
- 4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 5. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 6. THE ABSORB-M SHOULD BE LOCATED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER.
- 7. THE USE OF THE ABSORB-M IS RESTRICTED TO A BARRIER HEIGHT OF UP TO 42 INCHES.
- 8. DO NOT ADD WATER TO FRONT ELEMENT (TL-2 OR TL-3 UNIT).

	BILL	OF MATERIALS	(BOM) ABSORB-M TL-3 & TL-2 SYSTEMS	QTY	QTY
	ITEM #	PART NUMBER	PART DESCRIPTION	TL-2 SYSTEM	TL-3 SYSTEM
	1	BSI-1809036-00	TRANSITION-(GALV)	1	1
Γ	2	BSI-1808002-00	PRE-ASSEMBLED ABSORBING (ELEMENTS)	2	3
	3	BSI-4004598	FILL CAPS	8	12
×	4	2	3		
~	5 BSI-1809053-00 TENSION STRAP-(GALV)			8	12
	6 BSI-2001998 C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 1/2 GR5 PLT			8	12
L	7	7 BSI-2001999 C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 GR5 PLT		8	12
	8 BSI-1809035-00 MIDNOSE-(GALV)				1
	9	9 BSI-1808014-00 NOSE PLATE			1
	10	10 BSI-1809037-00 TRANSITION STRAP (LEFT-HAND)-(GALV)		1	1
	11	BSI-1809038-00	TRANSITION STRAP (RIGHT-HAND)-(GALV)	1	1
	12	BSI-1808005-00	PIN ASSEMBLY	8	10
	13	BSI-2002001	ANC MECH 5/8-11X5 (GALV)	6	6
	1 4	ABSORB-M	INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL	1	1

*COMPONENTS PRE-ASSEMBLED WITH ELEMENT ASSEMBLY



* * NOTE: (PROVIDED BY OTHERS) ENGINEER OR CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE MANUFACTURER FOR THE CORRECT DECAL PER TRAFFIC FLOW, LEFT, RIGHT OR BOTH-SIDES.

NOSE PLATE

APPLY A HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL TO THE NOSE PLATE. DELINEATION DECAL ORIENTATION IS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MUTCD FOR (TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES). DECALS ARE AVAILABLE FOR TRAFFIC FLOW ON THE LEFT-SIDE, BOTH -SIDES AND RIGHT-SIDE.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE ABSORB-M, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

(MASH TL-3 & TL-2) TEMPORARY - WORK ZONE ABSORB (M) - 19

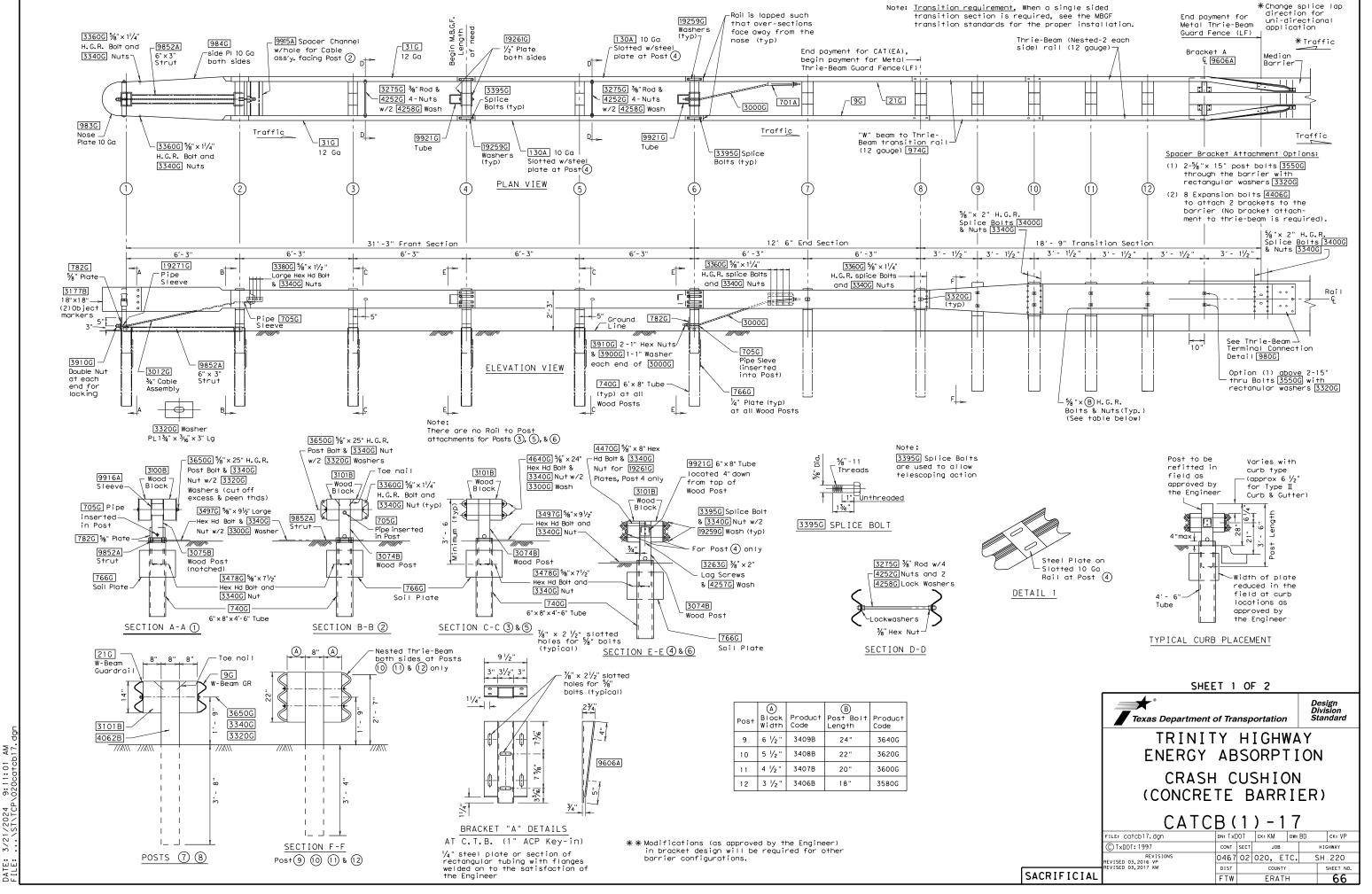
Texas Department of Transportation

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK: FILE: absorbm19 C) TxDOT: JULY 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0467 02 020, ETC. SH 220

LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

CRASH CUSHION

SACRIFICIAL



-Rail is lapped such

Note: Transition requirement, When a single sided

transition section is required, see the MBGF

CATCB FRONT SECTION (POSTS 1 THRU 6) BILL OF MATERIAL Code DESCRIPTION 983G 1 Nose Plate (10 Ga) 2 Side Plate (10 Ga) 31G 2 "W" Beam 12 Ga x 13′-6 ½ 130A 2 "W" Beam 10 Ga x 13′-6 ½' 9852A | 1 | Channel Strut x 6'-6" 740G | 6 | Steel Foundation Tube 766G | 6 | Soil Plate 18" x 24" Wood Post $5\frac{1}{2}$ " x $7\frac{1}{2}$ " (Notched) 3075B (Post 1) 3074B 5 Wood Post $5\frac{1}{2}$ " x $7\frac{1}{2}$ " (Post 2-6) 3100B 2 Wood Block 5 1/2" x 7 1/2" (Post 1) 3101B | 10 | Wood Block $5\frac{1}{2}$ " x $7\frac{1}{2}$ " (Post 2-6) 9916A 1 Sleeve (Post 1) 9915A | 1 | Spacer Channel (Post 2) 9921G 2 Steel Tube (Posts 4 & 6) 19271G | 1 | Pipe Sleeve (Post 1) 1 Pipe Sleeve (Post 2) 19261G 2 Post Plate (Post 4) 782G | 1 | Bearing Plate (Post 1) 1 Cable Assembly(Posts 1 to 2) 2 3/8" Restraint Rod(Post 3 & 5) 19259G 32 Plate Washer (Posts 4 & 6) HARDWARE 3263G 4 3/8" x 2" Lg Lag Screw 4252G 8 3/8" Hex Nut 4258G 4 3/8" Lock Washer 4257G | 4 | 3%" Flat Washer 3320G 4 Rectangular Washer 3395G 32 $\frac{5}{8}$ " × $1\frac{3}{4}$ " H.H. Splice Bolt 3650G | 2 | 5/8" × 25" Lg H.G.R. Bolt 46406 8 5%" × 24" Lg H.H. Bolt 3478G 13 5%" × 7½" Lg H.H. Bolt 3380G 8 5%" × 1½" Lg H.H. Bolt 3360G 16 5%" × 1½" Lg H.H. Bolt 3340G 85 5%" H.G.R. Nut 3300G 8 5%" H.G.R. Nut 3497G 6 $\frac{5}{8}$ " x $9\frac{1}{2}$ " Lg H.H. Bolt 3910G 4 1" Hex Nut 3900G 2 1" Flat Washer

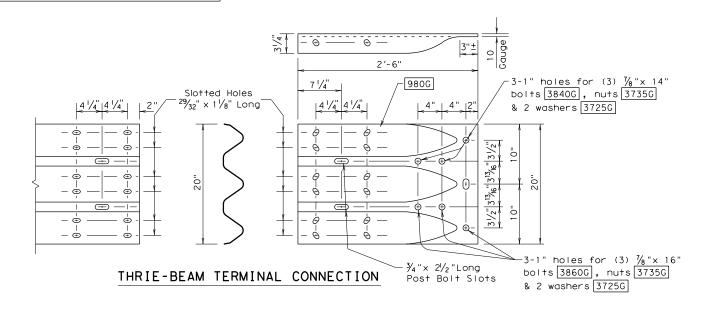
CATCB GUARDRAIL TERMINAL END SECTION (POSTS 7 & 8)						
		BILL OF MATERIAL				
Mfr Code #	QTY					
4064B	2	Wood Post 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " × 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " × 6'				
3101B	4	Wood Block 5 1/2" x 7 1/2"				
21G	1	"W" Beam Guard Rail (12 Ga)				
9G	1	"W" Beam Guard Rail (12 Ga)				
701A	1	Bracket				
782G	1	Bearing Plate				
705G	1	Pipe Sleve				
3000G	1	Cable Assembly				
3320G	2	Rectangular Washer				
		HARDWARF				
3360G	24	5/8" x 11/4" H.G.R. Splice Bolt				
3400G	4	56" x 25" H G R Post Bolt				
3380G	8	$\frac{\%}{8}$ " x 25" H.G.R. Post Bolt $\frac{\%}{8}$ " x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Hex Hd Bolt				
	28	5%" H.G.R. Nut				
3300G	8	5/8" Washer				
3910G	_	1" Hex Nut				
3900G						
	_					
<u> </u>						

CATCB TRANSITION SECTION (POST 9 THRU END SHOE) BILL OF MATERIAL Mfr DESCRIPTION Code # 211G | 4 | Thrie beam 12'-6"(12 Ga) 974G | 2 | Trans panel 6'-3" (12 Ga) 2 | Special Thrie beam end shoe 3078B 3 Wood Post 6" x 8" x 6', (Posts11&12) 3320G | 20 | Rectangular Washer 3340G 62 5/8" H.G.R. Nut 3400G 52 5/8" x 2" Splice Bolt 3406B 2 22 ½" Block 6"x 3 ½" (Post 12) 3407B 2 22 ½" Block 6"x 4 ½" (Post 11) 3408B 2 22 1/2" Block 6" x 5 1/2" (Post 10) 3409B 2 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Block 6" x 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ " (Post 9) 3412B 1 Wood Post 6" x 8" x 6', (Posts 9) 3560G | 5%" × 16" Bolt 4406G 8 1/8" x 3 1/4" Expansion Bolts w/Nuts 3580G 2 5/8" x 18" Post Bolt (Post 12) 3640G 2 5%" x 24" Post Bolt (Post 9) 37256 12 %" Washer (End Shoe Bolts) 37356 6 %" Hex Nuts (End Shoe Bolts) 38406 3 %" x 14" Hex Bolt (End Shoe) 3860G 3 $\frac{7}{8}$ " x 16" Hex Bolt (End Shoe) 9606A 2 Spacer Bracket Delineation 3177B | 2 | Object Marker 18" x 18" (Cut to fit) Optional Hardware for Single Slope Barrier-42" 2 5/8" x 24" Bolt 4896G 6 $\frac{1}{8}$ " x 24" Hex Bolt (End Shoe)

* Expansion or through bolts may be used with optional bracket installation.

GENERAL NOTES

- For specific information regarding installation and technical guidance of the system, contact: Trinity Highway at 1 (888) 323-6374. 70 W. Madison St. Suite 2350. Chicago, IL 60602
- Crown will be widened to accommodate the CAT system. The crown should extend at least 3 feet beyond the inside face of rail. The ground line at posts should be an extension of the roadway surface crown.
- 3. All bolts, nuts, washers, cable assemblies, cable anchors, post tubes, backup plates, and soil plates shall be galvanized.
- 4. The exposed end segment of an "End Section" should be evaluated as a potential obstacle in the determination of the need of MBGF for the opposing direction of traffic.
- 5. For placement at curb sections, the height from gutter pan to post bolt will be 21", and the front section shall be flared (See Detail 2).
- 6. The wood blockouts shall be "toe nailed" to the rectangular wood posts to prevent them from turning when the wood shrinks.
- 7. Either 6"- 8" or 5 1/2"x 7 1/2" wood blocks may be used at posts 1 thru 8 as supplied by the manufacturer.
- 8. If a "single sided" transition section is required for the attachment to a rigid concrete rail, see the MBGF transition standards for the proper installation.
- 9. Object markers shall be installed on the front of the terminal as detailed on the D&OM(VIA).



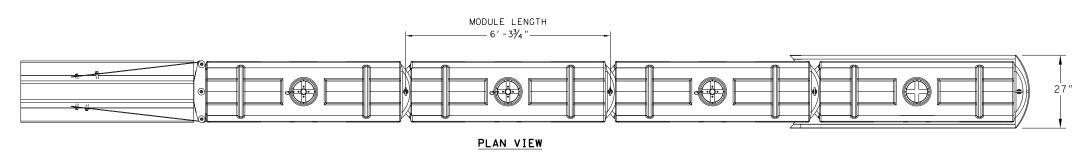
SHEET 2 OF 2

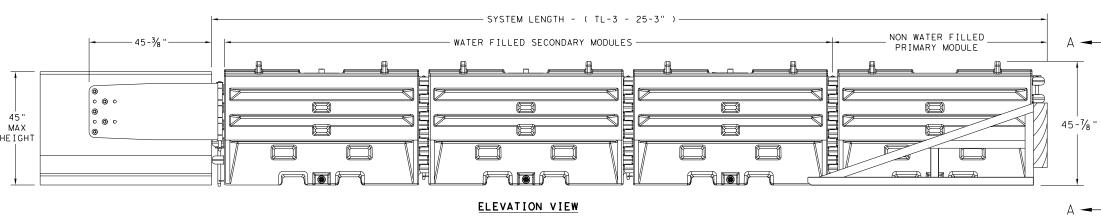


Design Division Standard

TRINITY HIGHWAY
ENERGY ABSORPTION
CRASH CUSHION
(CONCRETE BARRIER)

CATCB(1)-17







SECTION A-A





TRAFFIC FLOW ON



TRAFFIC FLOW ON

RIGHT-SIDE OF





TRAFFIC FLOW ON

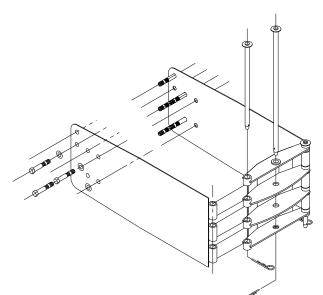
LEFT-SIDE OF

90 DEGREES

SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENT

NOSE SHEETING PANEL DELINEATION

SEE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR CUSTOMIZED DELINEATION NOSE SHEETING FOR DECAL PLACEMENT.



TRANSITION OPTIONS								
SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT)								
SLED TRANSITION TO STEEL TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TR	RANSITION)							
SLED TRANSITION TO PLASTIC TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER	TRANSITION)							
SLED TRANSITION TO W-BEAM OR THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL (CONTACT MFGR FOR	PROPER TRANSITION							

TEST LEVEL

TL - 3

NUMBER OF

SECONDARY MODULES

SYSTEM LENGTH

25′ 3"

SLED TRANSITION COMPONENTS FOR ATTACHMENT TO CMB

NOTE: SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SLED, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. REFER TO THE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ASSEMBLY AND MODULE ORIENTATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, CONTACT TRAFFIX, INC. AT (949) 361-5663.
- 2. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A MASH APPROVED TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) CRASH CUSHION APPROVED FOR USE IN TEMPORARY WORK ZONES. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO THE GROUND AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON CONCRETE, ASPHALT, GRAVEL OR COMPACTED SOIL.
- 3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS SLOPE IS 8° (DEGREES) (14%).
- 4. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 5. THE SLED SYSTEM CAN BE ATTACHED TO:
 - CONCRETE BARRIER, TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT, 45" MAXIMUM HEIGHT
 - STEEL BARRIER
- PLASTIC BARRIER
- CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENTS
- . W-BEAM GUARD RAIL
- THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL

BILL OF MATERIAL							
PART NUMBER	PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION						
45131	TRANSITION FRAME, GALVANIZED	1					
45150	TRANSITION PANEL, GALVANIZED	2					
45147-CP	TRANSITION SHORT DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	2					
45148-CP	TRANSITION LONG DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	1					
45050	ANCHOR BOLTS	9					
12060	WASHER, 3/4" ID X 2" OD	9					
45044-Y	SLED YELLOW WATER FILLED MODULE	3					
45044-YH	SLED YELLOW "NO FILL" MODULE	1					
45044-S	CIS (CONTAINMENT IMPACT SLED), GALVANIZED	1					
45043-CP	T-PIN W/ KEEPER PIN	4					
18009-B-I	FILL CAP W/ "DRIVE BY" FLOAT INDICATOR	3					
45033-RC-B	DRAIN PLUG	3					
45032-DPT	DRAIN PLUG REMOVAL TOOL	1					

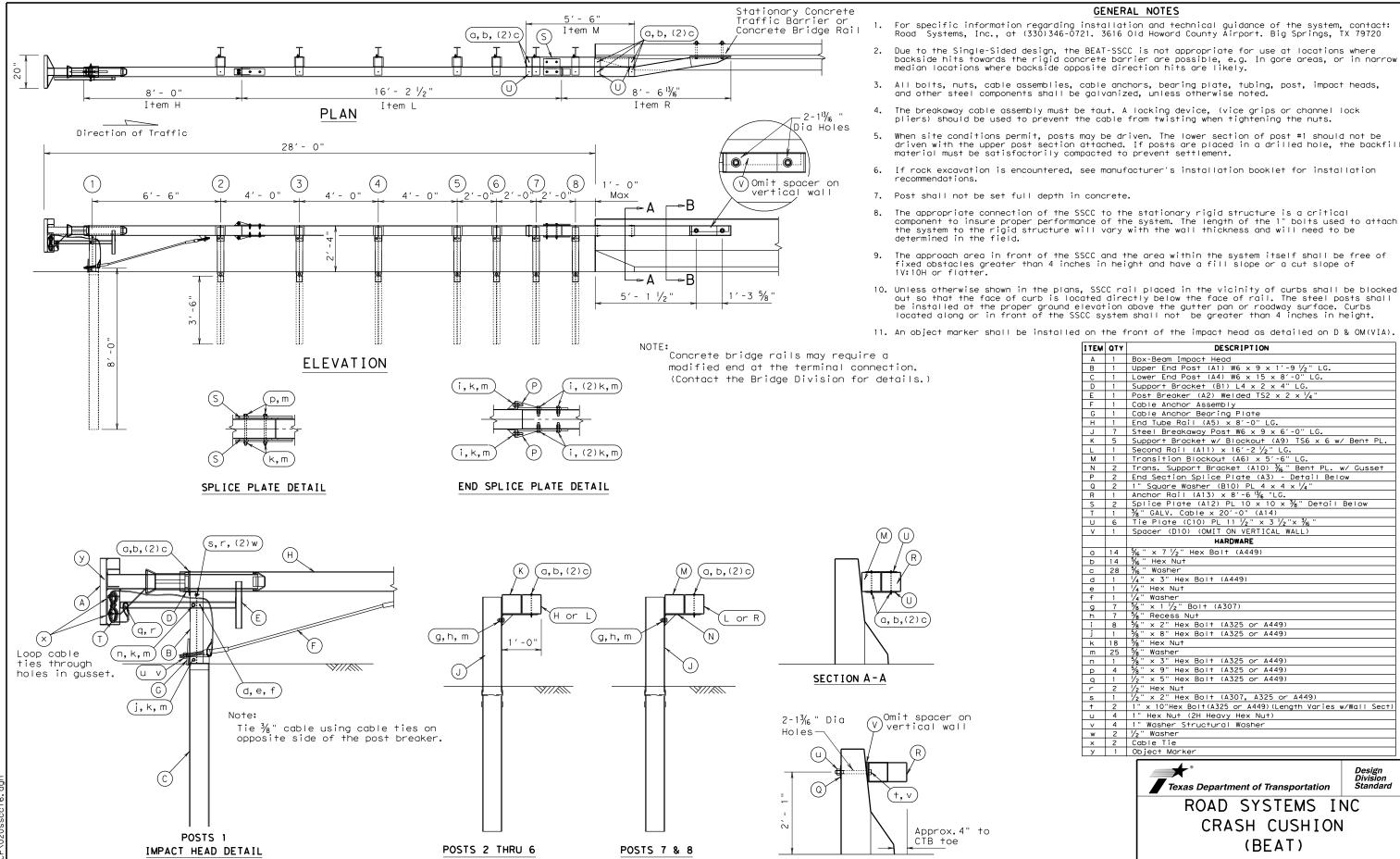


SLED CRASH CUSHION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT (TEMPORARY, WORK ZONE)

SLED-19

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP FILE: Sled19.dgn C) TxDOT: DECEMBER 2019 HIGHWAY 0467 02 020, ETC. SH 220

SACRIFICIAL



The approach area in front of the SSCC and the area within the system itself shall be free of fixed obstacles greater than 4 inches in height and have a fill slope or a cut slope of 10. Unless otherwise shown in the plans, SSCC rail placed in the vicinity of curbs shall be blocked out so that the face of curb is located directly below the face of rail. The steel posts shall be installed at the proper ground elevation above the gutter pan or roadway surface. Curbs located along or in front of the SSCC system shall not be greater than 4 inches in height. 11. An object marker shall be installed on the front of the impact head as detailed on D & OM(VIA). DESCRIPTION ITEM QTY A 1 Box-Beam Impact Head 1 Upper End Post (A1) W6 \times 9 \times 1'-9 $\frac{1}{2}$ " LG. 1 Lower End Post (A4) W6 x 15 x 8'-0" LG. 1 Support Bracket (B1) L4 x 2 x 4" LG E | 1 | Post Breaker (A2) Welded TS2 x 2 x 1/4 Cable Anchor Assembly G 1 Cable Anchor Bearing Plate 1 End Tube Rail (A5) x 8'-0" LG. 7 | Steel Breakaway Post W6 x 9 x 6'-0" LG. K 5 Support Bracket w/ Blockout (A9) TS6 x 6 w/ Bent PL. Second Rail (A11) \times 16'-2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " LG. M 1 Transition Blockout (A6) x 5'-6" LG. 2 Trans. Support Bracket (A10) 3/6" Bent PL. w/ Gusset 2 End Section Splice Plate (A3) - Detail Below Q 2 1" Square Washer (B10) PL 4 x 4 x 1/4" R 1 Anchor Rail (Al3) x 8'-6 1% "LG. S 2 Splice Plate (Al2) PL 10 x 10 x 3% " Detail Below T 1 $\frac{1}{36}$ " GALV. Cable × 20'-0" (A14) U 6 Tie Plate (C10) PL 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ " × 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ "× $\frac{3}{16}$ V 1 Spacer (D10) (OMIT ON VERTICAL WALL) HARDWARE d 1 1/4" x 3" Hex Bolt (A449) /4" Hex Nut f 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " Washer g 7 $\frac{5}{8}$ " × 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Bolt (A307) h 7 $\frac{5}{8}$ " Recess Nut i 8 5/8" x 2" Hex Bolt (A325 or A449) $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 8" Hex Bolt (A325 or A449)

m 25 %" Wosher n 1 %" x 3" Hex Bolt (A325 or A449)

p 4 5/8" x 9" Hex Bolt (A325 or A449)

q 1 1/2" x 5" Hex Bolt (A325 or A449) r 2 ½" Hex Nut s 1 ½" x 2" Hex Bolt (A307, A325 or A449)

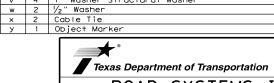
u 4 1" Hex Nut (2H Heavy Hex Nut)

v 4 1" Washer Structural Washer

k 18 %" Hex Nut

SECTION B-B

GENERAL NOTES



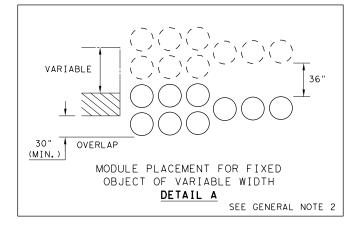
t 2 1" x 10"Hex Bolt(A325 or A449) (Length Varies w/Wall Sect

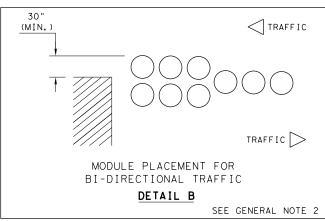
ROAD SYSTEMS INC CRASH CUSHION (BEAT)

SSCC-16

		_				
FILE: SSCC16.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	CK: KM DW:		BD	ck: VP
© TxDOT April 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, E	TC.	S	H 220
REVISED 03, 2016 (VP)	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	FTW		ERAT	Н		69

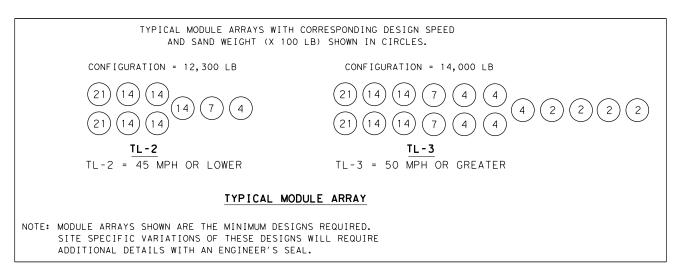
SITE CONDITIONS AND PLACEMENT GUIDELINES								
	CONDITION	RECOMMENDATION	ILLUSTRATION					
1.	ANGLE OF ARRAY IN RELATION TO CENTER LINE OF OBSTACLE	NOT RECOMMENDED FOR MORE THAN 10°	EDGE OF PAVEMENT					
2.	MODULE SPACING: MODULE TO FIXED OBJECT MODULE TO MODULE	12" TO 24" SEE DIAGRAM	12" TO 24" MODULE TO FIXED OBJECT 6" MAX. FIXED OBJECT 6" MIN. MODULE TO MODULE					
3.	BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC	OFFSET ARRAY TO AVOID REAR CORNER MODULE SNAGGING, POTENTIAL BY TRAFFIC IN THE UPSTREAM DIRECTION OF FLOW.	SEE (DETAIL B) SHOWING BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC					
4.	"COFFIN" CORNER	SHIELD 30" MINIMUM OUTSIDE OF FIXED OBJECT	FIXED OBJE					
5.	SLOPING SITES: LATERAL AND LONGITUDINAL FOR MORE INFORMATION READ GENERAL NOTE: 7	1:10 MAXIMUM (V: H:)	-SLOPE					
6.	CURB: RAISED ISLAND:	NO MORE THAN 4" HIGH (REMOVE IF POSSIBLE)	CURB RAISED ISLAND					
7.	FOUNDATION PADS:	FLAT SURFACE: CONCRETE OR ASPHALT	FOUNDATION PAD					
8.	MAINTENANCE:	KEEP SITE CLEAR OF TRASH, ROAD DEBRIS, ETC	REMOVE DEBRIS					
9.	SAND DENSITIES	100 LBS / CF	SCALE					
10	. VANDALISM	CHECK PERIODICALLY FOR DAMAGES, GRAFFITI.	DAMAGED MODULE					





GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE AVAILABLE MASH COMPLIANT SYSTEMS, CONTACT: Troffix DEVICES, INC. AT (949) 361-5663 OR PSS INNOVATIONS, INC. AT (800) 662-6338.
- 2. REAR MODULES SHOULD OVERLAP THE HAZARDOUS FIXED OBJECT IN WIDTH ON EACH SIDE BY A MINIMUM OF 30 INCHES. SEE DETAILS A, B.
- BARRIERS CAN BE INSTALLED AT ANY DISTANCE FROM THE SHOULDER, AT ROADSIDE AND MEDIAN LOCATIONS FROM ZERO FT UP TO 30 FT, DEPENDING UPON THE LOCATION OF THE HAZARDOUS FIXED OBJECT.
- . ANGLING THE BARRIER TOWARDS ON-COMING TRAFFIC IS SUGGESTED, 3-DEGREES UP TO 10-DEGREES DEPENDING ON SPACE AVAILABLE.
- WHENEVER POSSIBLE, CURBS 4 INCHES AND HIGHER SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM THE HAZARDOUS SITES. HOWEVER, WHEN REMOVAL IS NOT POSSIBLE, MODULES CAN BE SEPARATED ALONG THE BARRIER AXIS TO FIT THE SITUATION.
- 6. LONGITUDINAL SPACING OF MODULES MAY BE INCREASED WHERE SPACE PERMITS, E.G., 2 FT UP TO 3 FT SPACING OF SELECTED MODULES MAY PERMIT THE DESIGNER TO USE ALL THE SPACE ALLOCATED FOR AN ENERGY-ABSORBING BARRIER.
- 7. THE ENTIRE AREA OF THE CRASH CUSHION INSTALLATION AND APPROACHES SHALL BE GRADED SO THAT THE MAXIMUM SLOPE DOES NOT EXCEED 1V:10H VERTICALLY OR HORIZONTALLY IN ANY DIRECTION.
- 8. WHERE REQUIRED, SUPPORT PADS, CONCRETE, ASPHALT, ETC, WILL BE MEASURED AND PAID FOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERTINENT BID ITEMS.
- 9. Traffix Devices and PSS innovations sand barrel systems have been assessed as mash compliant.





Division Standard

VEHICLE IMPACT ATTENUATOR
SAND FILLED PLASTIC
MODULES
MASH TL-3 & TL-2

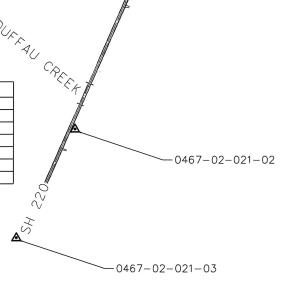
VIA (SFPM) - 19

				_		
ILE: viasfpm19.dgn	DN: Tx[OT	ck: KM	DW:	VP	ck: CL
C)TxDOT: DECEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JC	В	н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC. S			1 220
	DIST	COUNTY ERATH				SHEET NO.
	FTW					70

0467-02-021-01-

PRIMARY CONTROL POINTS

CONTROL	SURFACE COORDINATES			GRID COORDINATES		
POINT	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING	DESCRIPTION
0467-02-020-01	6,694,278.648	2,119,925.412	1,079.12	6,693,877.015	2,119,798.224	3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISC IN CONCRETE
0467-02-020-02	6,695,230.480	2,120,376.700	1,042.32	6,694,828.790	2,120,249.485	3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISC IN CONCRETE
0467-02-020-03	6,696,363.708	2,120,838.364	1,073.69	6,695,961.950	2,120,711.121	3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISC IN CONCRETE
0467-02-021-01	6,701,954.928	2,123,124.681	1,080.79	6,701,552.835	2,122,997.301	3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISC IN CONCRETE
0467-02-021-02	6,700,139.679	2,122,437.333	1,052.70	6,699,737.695	2,122,309.994	3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISC IN CONCRETE
0467-02-021-03	6,699,009.451	2,121,828.358	1,071.14	6,698,607.534	2,121,701.056	3 1/2" ALUMINUM DISC IN CONCRETE



LITTLE OUFFAU CREEK! -0467-02-020-03 -946-40 218 946-43 946 - 41-0467-02-020-02 CR 218 -946-42 0467-02-020-01

SECONDARY CONTROL POINTS

	CONTROL	SURFACE COORDINATES			GRID CO	ORDINATES	
	POINT	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING	DESCRIPTION
ſ	946-40	6,695,493.656	2,125,703.603	1055.88	6,695,091.950	2,125,576.068	5/8" IRON ROD W/ PLASTIC YELLOW CAP
	946-41	6,695,257.658	2,124,730.848	1025.11	6,694,855.967	2,124,603.372	5/8" IRON ROD W/ PLASTIC YELLOW CAP
	946-42	6,695,156.900	2,124,550.902	1024.83	6,694,755.214	2,124,423.436	5/8" IRON ROD W/ PLASTIC YELLOW CAP
	946-43	6,694,904.500	2,123,563.960	1023.79'	6,694,502.830	2,123,436.554	5/8" IRON ROD W/ PLASTIC YELLOW CAP

GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET

PLEASE REFER TO BAR SCALE, DRAWING MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED OR ENLARGED. IF PRINTED ON A 11 X 17 USE 1" = 1,000IF PRINTED ON A 22 X 34 USE 1" = 500

NOTES:

HORIZONTAL COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE 4202 AND ARE BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983, 2011 ADJUSTMENT (NAD83 2011), AND WERE DERIVED FROM THE TXDOT REAL TIME NETWORK UTILIZING VIRTUAL REFERENCE STATION METHODOLOGIES IN FEBRUARY OF 2022. ALL SURFACE DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID VALUES BY MULTIPLYING THE SURFACE VALUES BY A COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.9999400036, OR BY DIVIDING THOSE SURFACE VALUES BY THE ERATH COUNTY SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00006.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATA SHOWN HEREON WERE DETERMINED FROM MULTIPLE GNSS OBSERVATIONS MADE UTILIZING TXDOT'S VIRTUAL REFERENCE NETWORK AND FROM DIFFERENTIAL LEVELING, IN FEBRUARY OF 2022 AND ARE AS SHOWN HEREON.



Scott M. Posey Registered Professional Land Surveyor No. 5350



TBPLS # 10048300



SH 220

CONTROL DATA INDEX SHEET

CONTROL POINT LEGEND

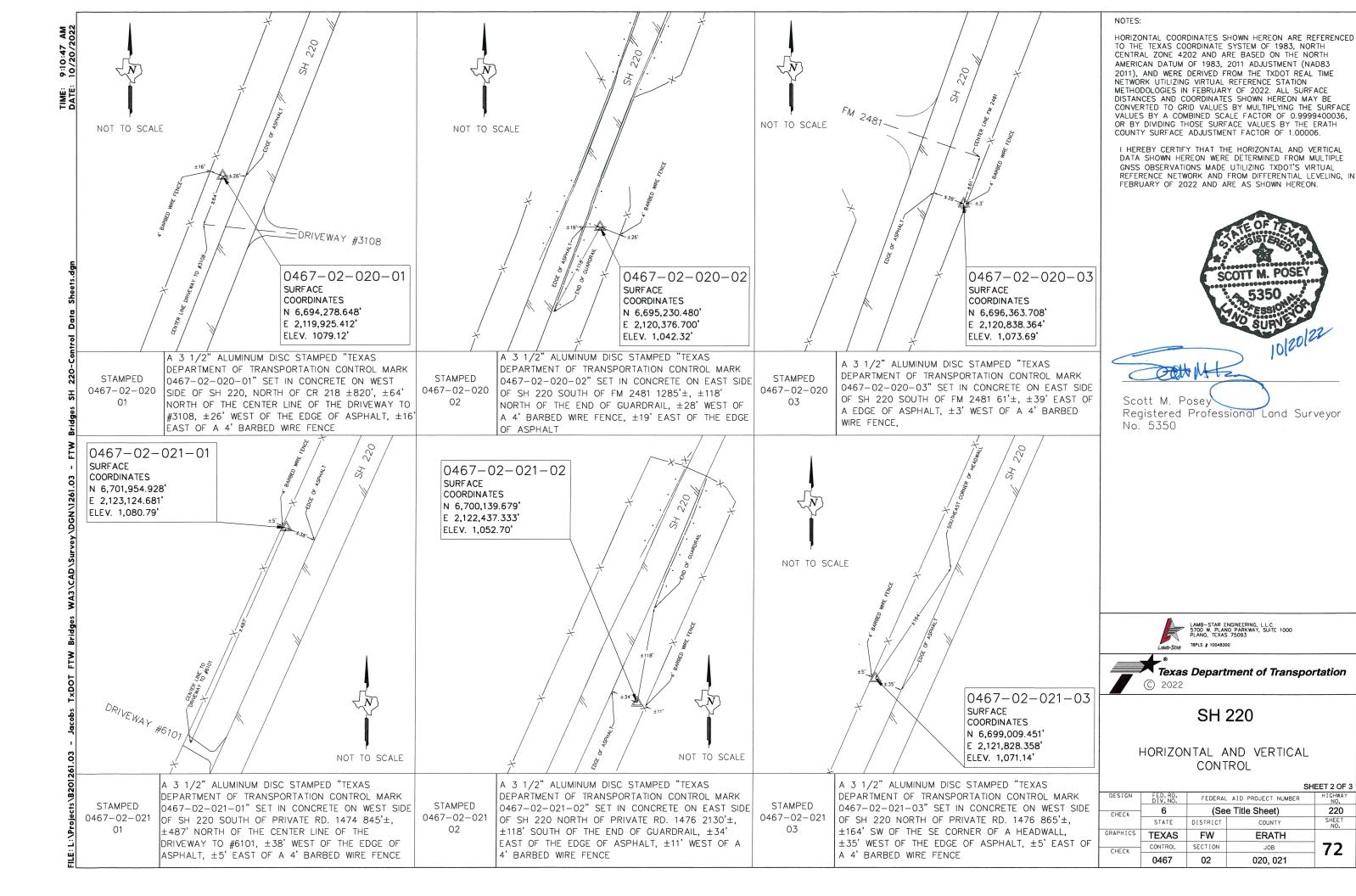
PRIMARY CONTROL POINT: 5/8" IRON ROD WITH ALUMINUM CAP IN CONCRETE STAMPED "TEXAS DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL POINT" PROVIDED BY TXDOT

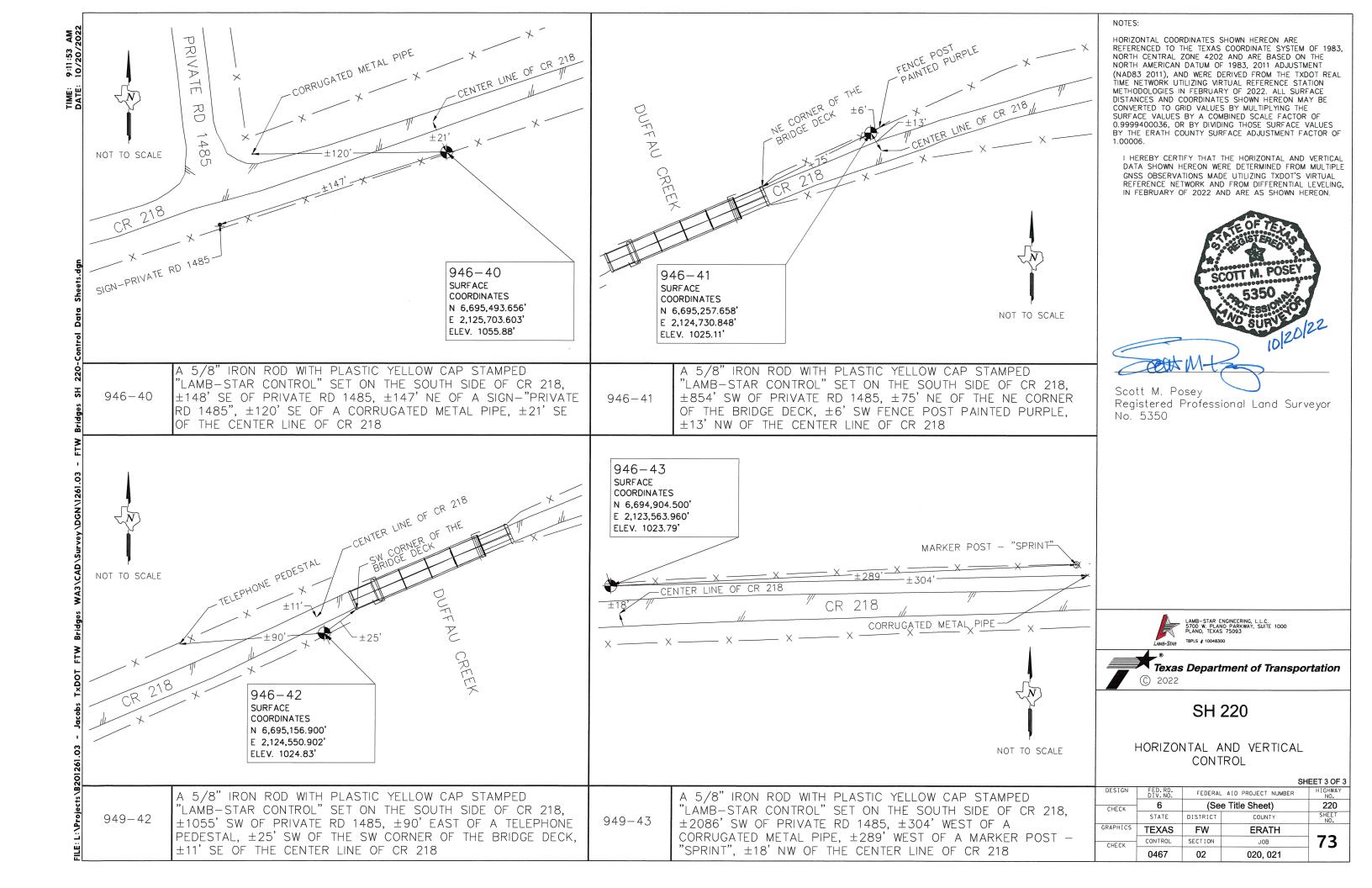


DESIGN	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY	
CHECK	6	(Se	220	
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS	TEXAS	FW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	71
	0467	02	020, 021	

SHEET 1 OF 3

SECONDARY CONTROL POINT:
A 5/8" IRON ROD WITH PLASTIC YELLOW CAP STAMPED "LAMB-STAR CONTROL" 0467





SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

Beginning chain SH220LDC description Feature: Geom*Centerline

N 6,694,333.6769 E 2,119,994.1314 Sta 180+13.3485 Point 15

Course from 15 to 16 N 21° 06′ 00.00" E Dist 2,156.0767

N 6,696,345.1962 E 2,120,770.3121 Sta 201+69.4251

Ending chain SH220LDC description

SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

Beginning chain SH22ODC description Feature: Geom_Centerline

N 6,699,578.8346 E 2,122,136.6421 Sta 236+81.6723

Course from 17 to 18 N 23° 48′ 00.00" E Dist 2,186.6351

N 6,701,579.5175 E 2,123,019.0484 Sta 258+68.3074

Ending chain SH220DC description







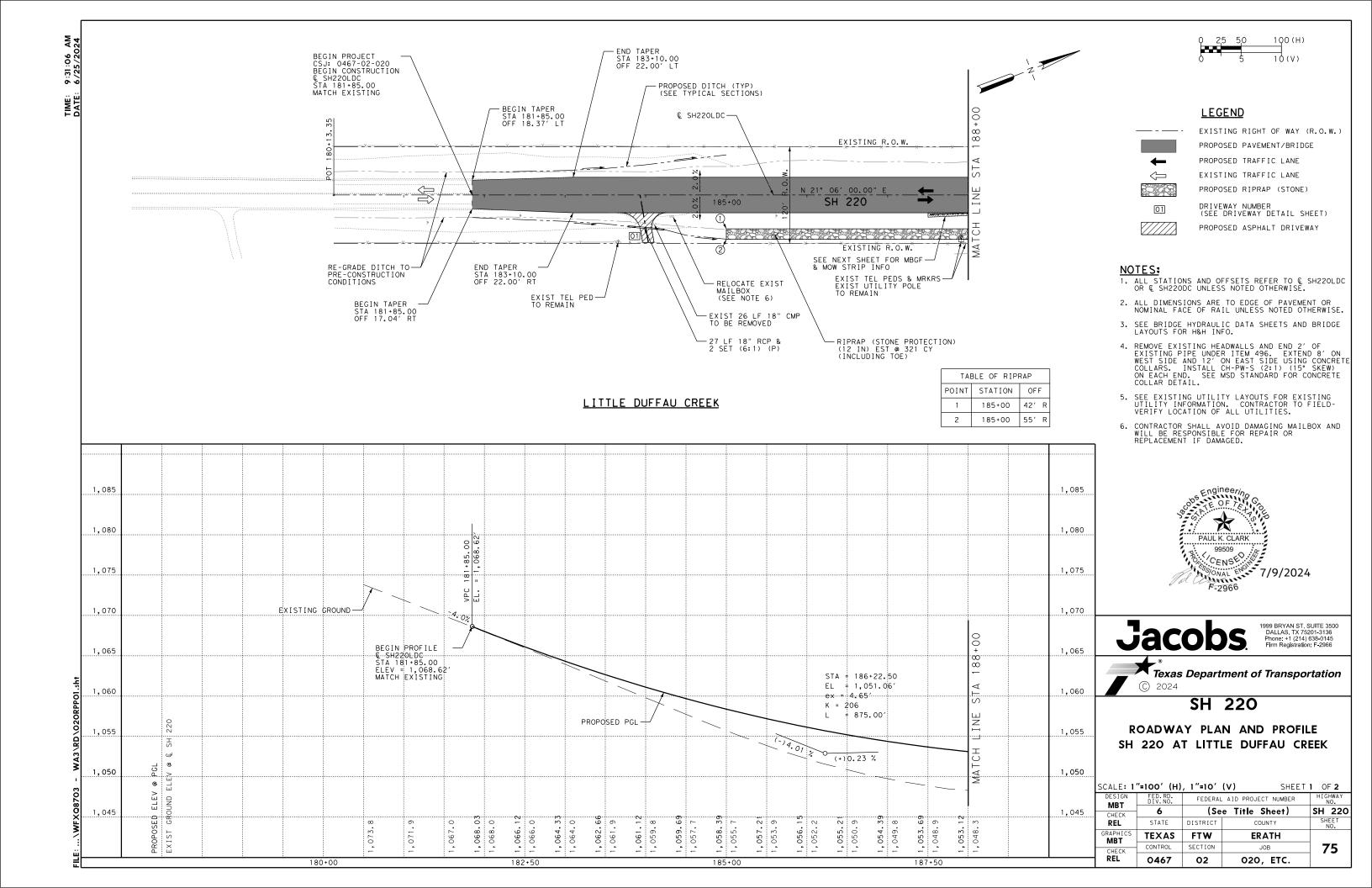
SH 220

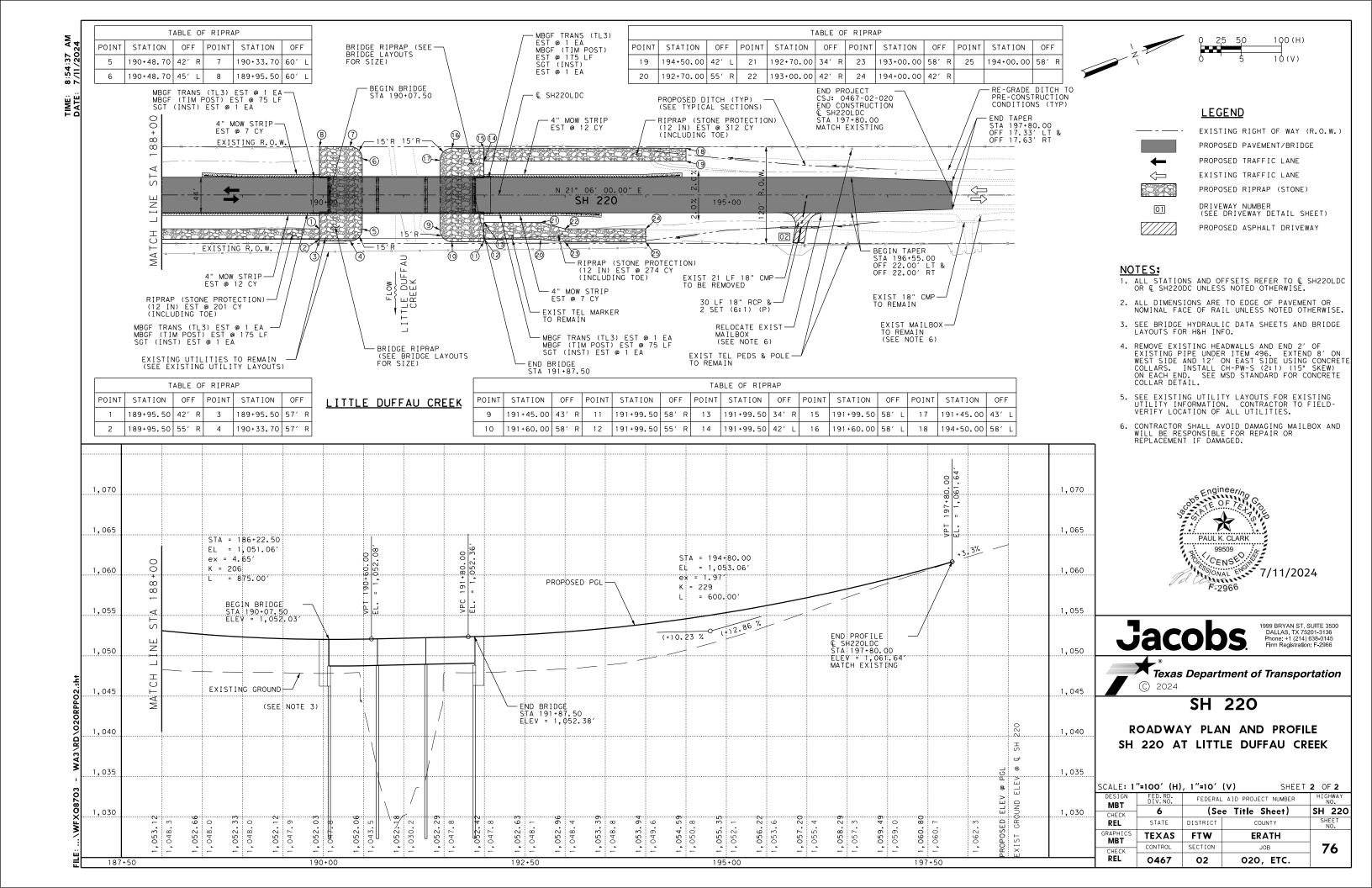
ROADWAY HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

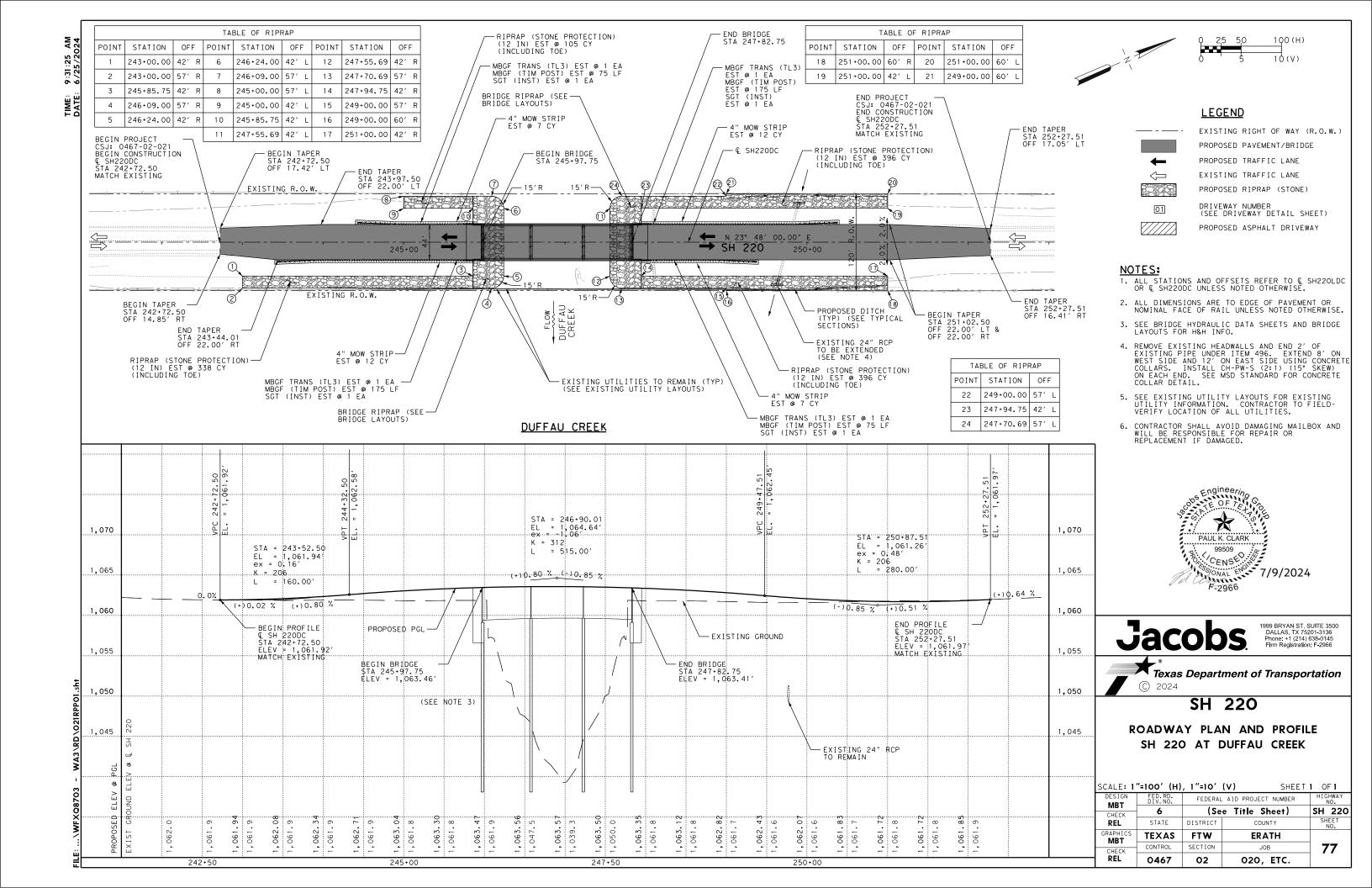
SCALE: N.T.S.

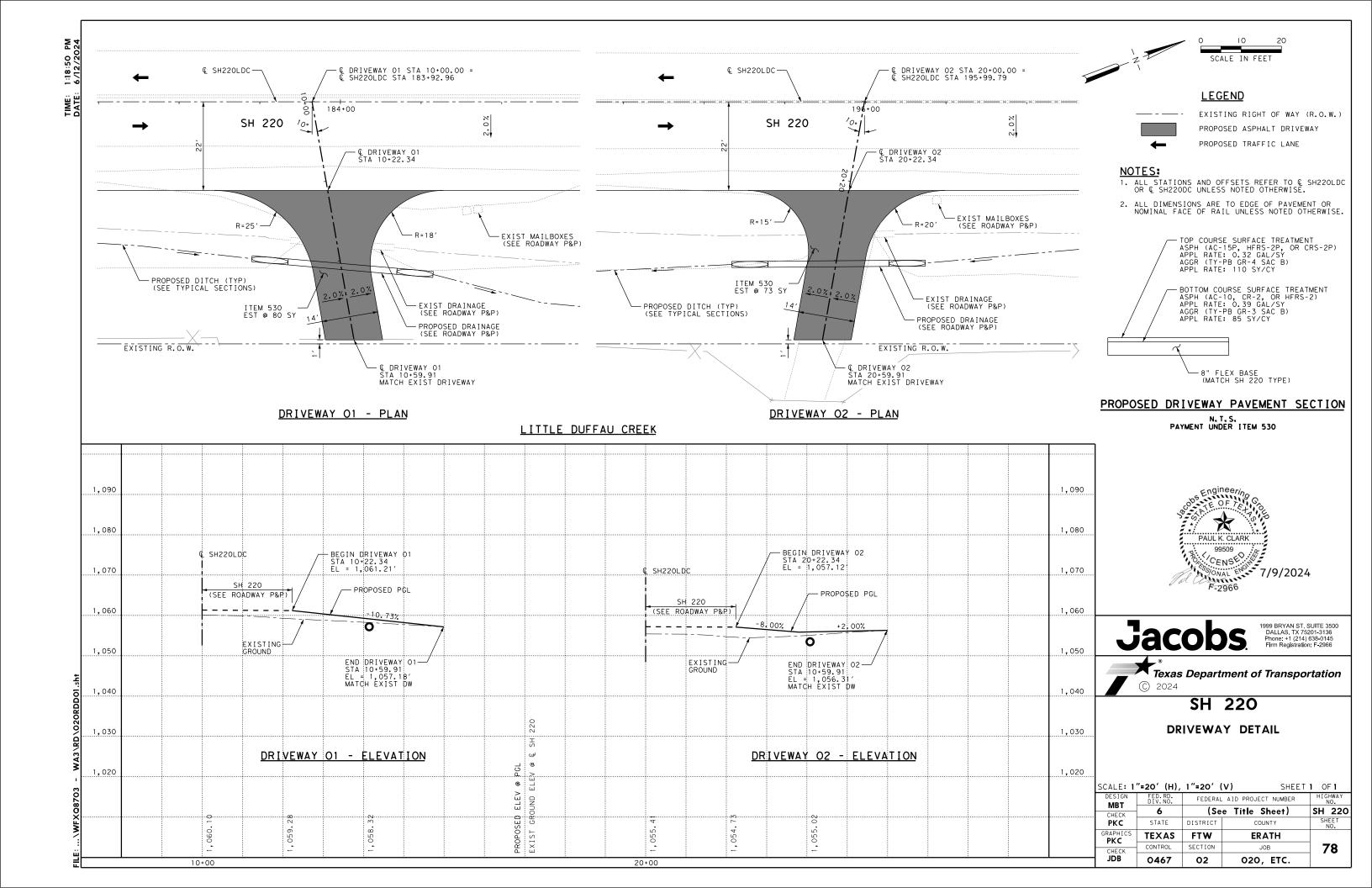
SHEET 1 OF 1

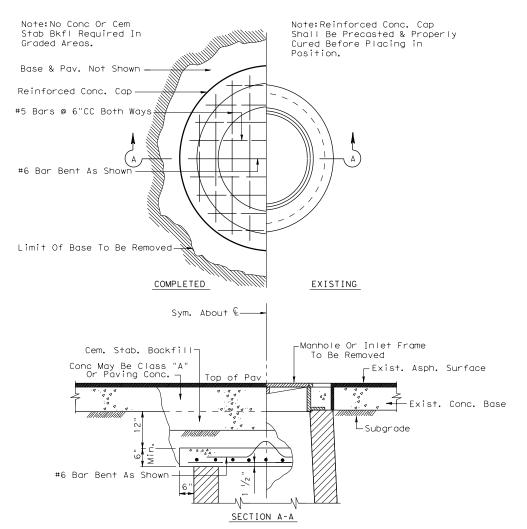
CALL. I			JIILLI	1011			
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.				
CHECK	MBT (See Title Sheet)						
REL	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
GRAPHICS BHK	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH				
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	74			
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.]			



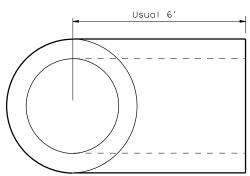








DETAIL SHOWING METHOD OF CAPPING ABANDONED MANHOLES OR INLETS (GRADED OR PAVED AREAS)



Note: Jointing Material Shall Conform To Requirements Of Item "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Material For Tees Shall Conform To Requirements Of Item "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Payment For Tee To Be In Accordance With Item "Reinforced Concrete Pipe."

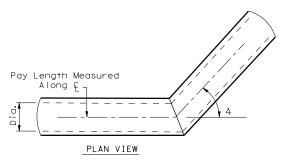
PRECAST STORM SEWER TEE

#12 Gage Wire #12 Gage Wire Handle SECTION C-C

Note: The Price Of Plug Shall Be Subsidiary To The Unit Bid Price For Pipe Sewer Or RCP. Mortar Joints To Be Used As Directed By The Engineer. Removal Of The Existing Plugs For Storm Sewer Or RCP Conns. Shall Be Considered Incidental To Item "Excavation And Backfill For Structures."

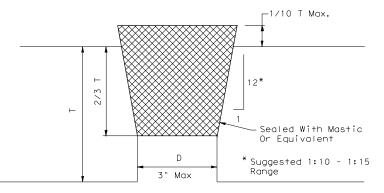
Concrete Plug For End Of Pipe Culvert Or Sewer

CONCRETE PLUG FOR PIPE



BENDING DETAIL

Note: Bending Of Proposed Pipe Sewer Or RCP In A Vertical & /Or Horizontal Plane Shall Be Accomplished By The Use Of A "Pipe Collar" Or A "Precast Elbow", As Approved By The Engineer.
Price Of "Pipe Collar" Or, "Precast Elbow" Shall Be Subsidiary To The Unit Prices Bid For Item Reinforced Concrete Pipe.
Pay Length Measurement To Be Along Horizontal & Horizontal Plane Of Pipes.

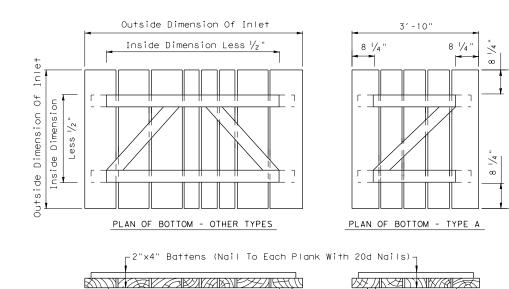


T = Wall Thickness On Top Of Box Or Pipe D = Diameter Of Lifting Hole

Minimum Length Of Plug Is 2/3 T +/-Minimum Diameter At Bottom Of Plug = D - 1/8" Maximum 1/10 T Of Plug Not Seated In Lifting Hole

Note: The Plug Shall Be Cast With The Same Taper As The Lifting Hole.

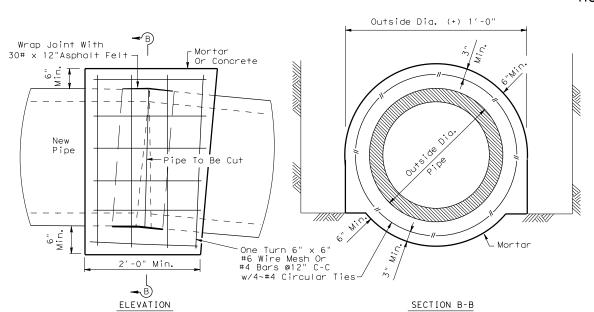
DETAIL OF PLUG FOR LIFTING
HOLES IN RCB AND RCP



ELEVATION

TEMPORARY COVERS FOR ALL TYPES OF INLETS

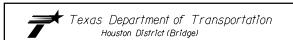
ELEVATION



PIPE COLLAR DETAIL

For Horizontal Or Vertical Placement

d = Diameter R = Radius



MISCELLANEOUS SEWER DETAILS

MSD

LE: STDD11.DGN	DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT				DW: T	:		
) TxDOT Mar 2004	DISTRICT	FED R	EG	PI	SHEET			
REVISIONS 2015 2014 Specs	HOU	6		(See	Title S	79		
2015 2014 Specs		cour	NTY	CONTROL SECT JOB				HIGHWAY
		ERA	TΗ	l	0467	02	020, ETC.	SH 220

GENERAL NOTES

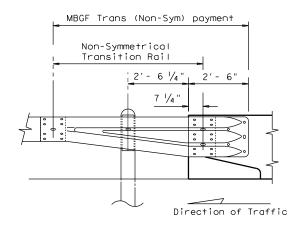
- 1. For more detail: See GF(31), SGT()31, GF(31)TR, and GF(31)TL2 standard sheets.
- 2. Quantities of metal beam guard fence (MBGF) at individual bridge ends are as shown in the plans.
- 3. Use average daily traffic (ADT) for the current year to determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual unless otherwise specified. Where significant traffic volume growth is anticipated on low volume (0-750 ADT) highways, use length determinations for the higher volume
- 4. MBGF may not be required to shield departure end of bridge unless other obstacles within the horizontal clearance limits or opposing traffic indicate a MBGF consideration.
- 5. Downstream anchor terminals (DAT) are only for downstream end anchorage use, outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic.
- 6. Direct connection of MBGF to concrete rails are only for downstream rail connections outside the horizontal clearance area of opposing traffic. (This requires a minimum of three standard line posts plus the DAT terminal,
- 7. The crown shall be widened to accommodate MBGF. Typically the "front slope" break should be 2' 0" from the back of the MBGF post. This applies to new construction on new alignment or where existing roadway cross section is to be widened to increase roadway width. This does not apply to rehabilitation work where existing roadway crown width is to be retained (See Typical Cross Section at MBGF).
- 8. For restrictive bridge widths: The MBGF should be properly transitioned from the existing bridge rail to the adjoining MBGF (See MBGF Transition Standards). Metal beam guard fence at these bridge location(s) shall be flared at the rate of 25:1 or flatter, and be of the length necessary to locate the terminal end at the 2 ft. "maximum" offset from the shoulder edge in the approach direction.
- 9. Transition length and post spacing will vary depending on the transition type. Transition type will be shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 10. A minimum 25' length of MBGF will be required.

See GF(31) standard

for post types.

Edge of shoulder

widened crown



TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AT MBGF

All rail elements shall be lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic.

DETAIL A

Showing Downstream Rail Attachment

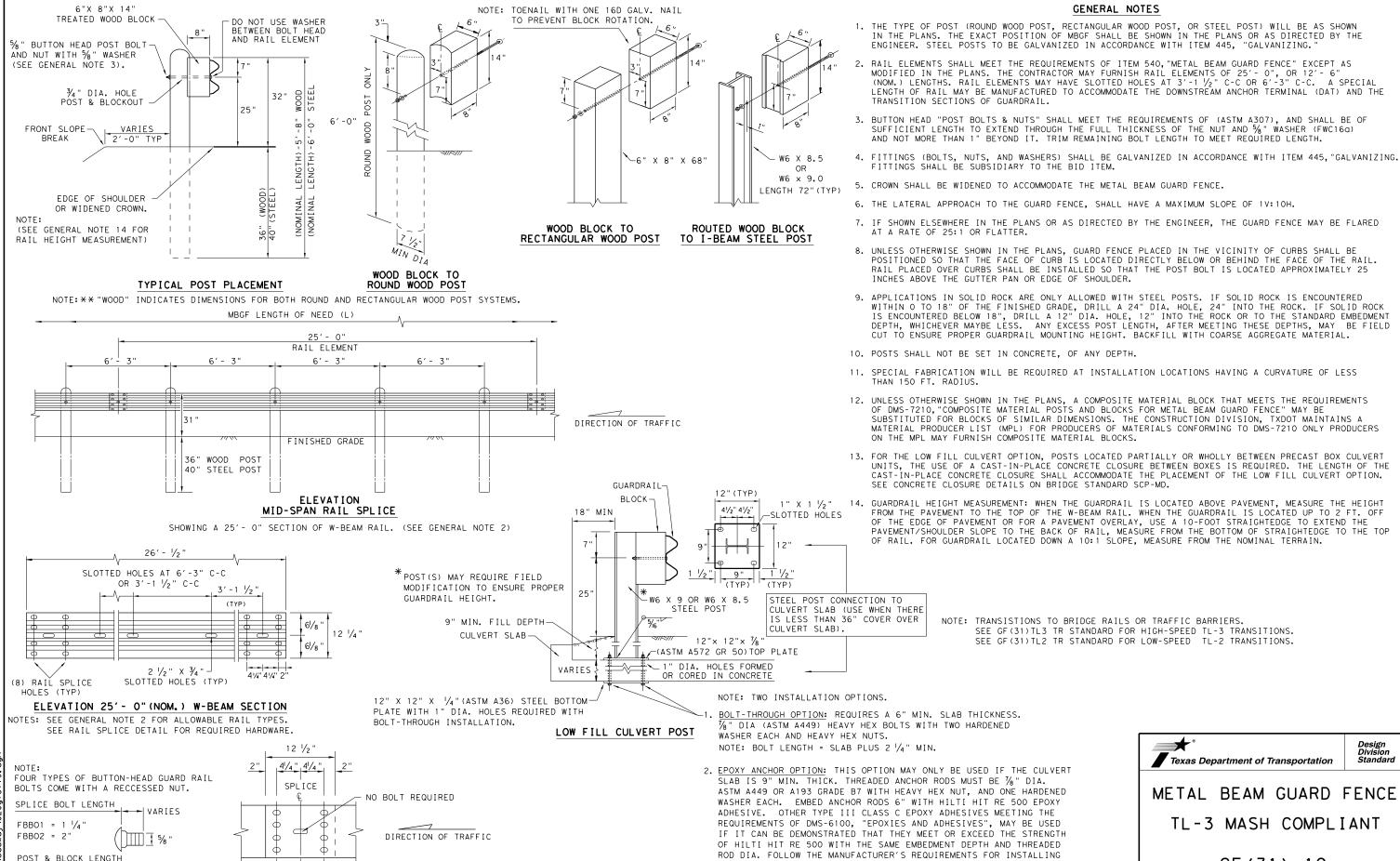


BRIDGE END DETAILS

(METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE APPLICATIONS TO RIGID RAILS)

BED-14

FILE: bed14.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: AM	DW: BD/VP		ck: CGL
CTxDOT: December 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS REVISED APRIL 2014	0467	02	020, E	TC.	SI	H 220
EE (MEMO 0414)	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	FTW		ERAT	Н		80



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ENGINEERING FOR THIS STAND

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THIS STANDARD IS

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

FBB03 = 10"

FBBO4 = 18'

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

MID-SPAN

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

%" X 1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.

EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

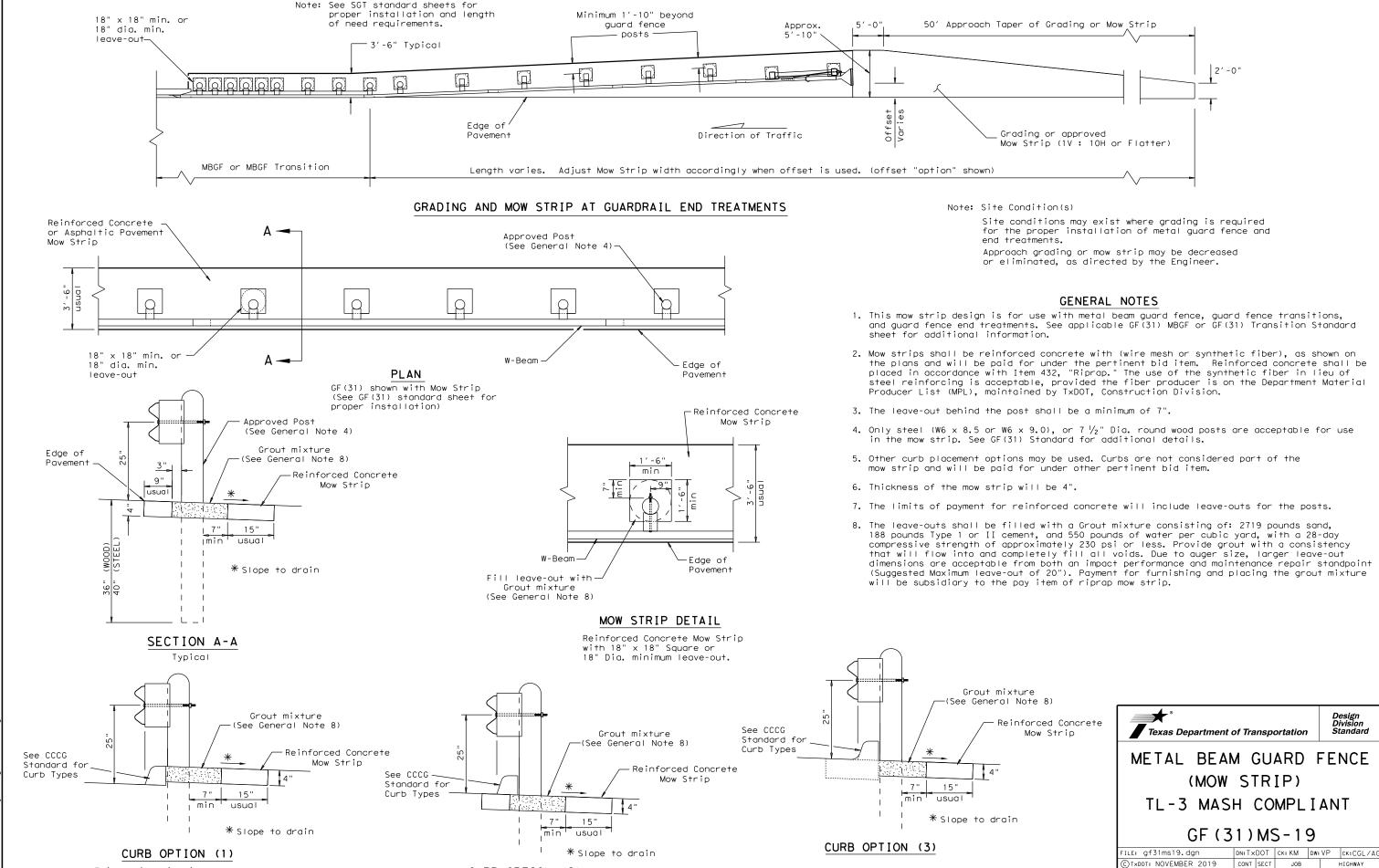
GF (31) - 19

ILE: gf3119.dgn DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0467 02 020,ETC. SH 220 FTW FRATH



This option will increase the post

embedment throughout the system.



0467 02 020, ETC.

ERATH

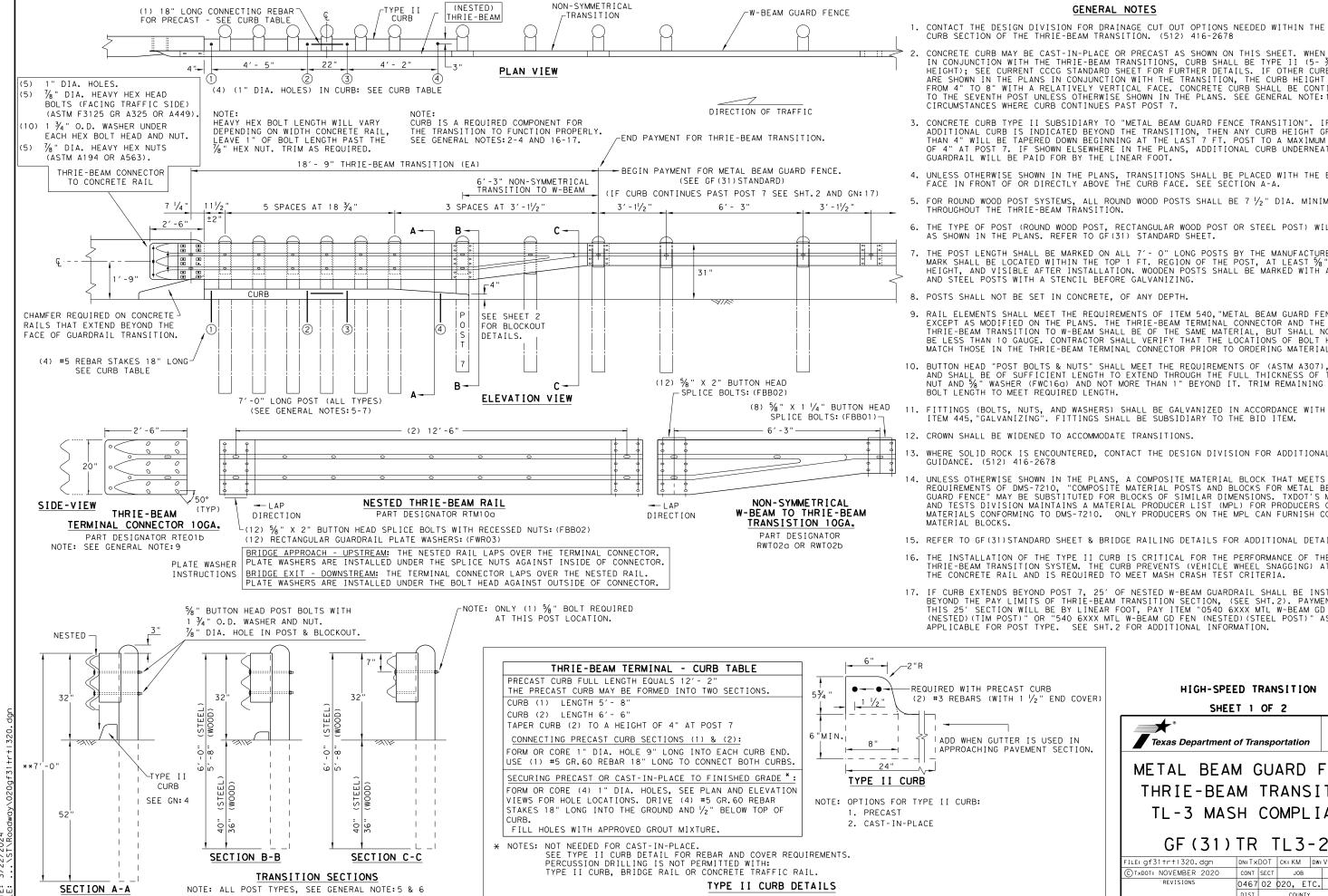
FTW

SH 220

82

CURB OPTION (2)

Curb shown on top of mow strip



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GOVERNED |

THIS STANDARD IS MES NO RESPONSIBIL

NOTE: ** "WOOD" INDICATES DIMENSIONS FOR BOTH ROUND AND RECTANGULAR WOOD POST SYSTEMS.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- 3/4" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7 $1/\!\!/_2$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- 6. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF(31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST $\frac{5}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STÉEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND $\frac{5}{8}$ " WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION SHEET 1 OF 2



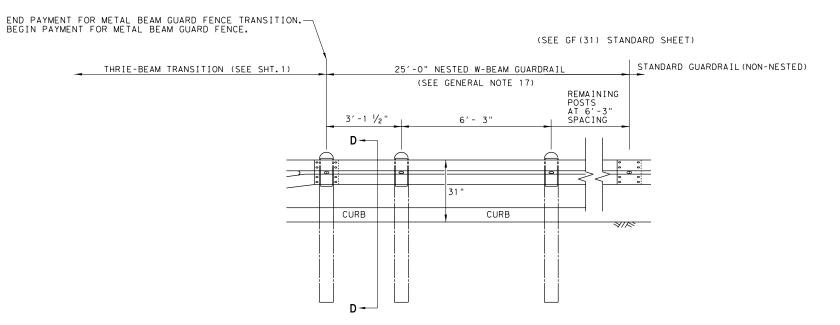
METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

Standard

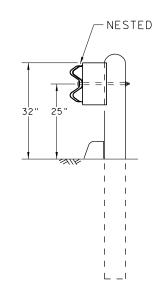
GF (31) TR TI 3-20

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FILE: gf31trt1320.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KM	DW:	W: VP CK: CGL/A		
©TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHW			HIGHWAY	
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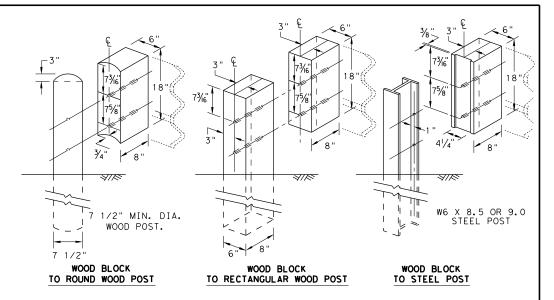
REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



Design Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE
THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION
TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF(31)TR TL3-20

ILE: gf31trtl320.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KN	/ C	w: KM	CK:CGL/AG		
TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2020	CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0467	02	020,	ETO	C.	SH 220		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	FTW					84		

GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1(888)323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; SOftStop END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 7. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SoftStop SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOftStop SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL VARY FROM 3-¾" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
NOTE: B	PART PN:5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) PART PN:5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST(4) AND LINE POST(5) GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN:61G ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN:15215G LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

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PART	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS					
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)					
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)					
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS					
61G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25'- 0")					
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 1/8")					
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2")					
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")					
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")					
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")					
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" \times 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " \times 14")					
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE					
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)					
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER (1/2 " THICK)					
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)					
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT					
	HARDWARE						
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436					
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH					
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325					
3701G	4	3/4" ROUND WASHER F436					
3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH					
3360G	16	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR					
3340G	25	%" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR					
3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307					
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325					
4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325					
4372G	4	%" WASHER F436					
105285G	2	$\frac{1}{6}$ " × 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX HD BOLT GR-5					
105286G	1	$\frac{1}{6}$ " × 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX HD BOLT GR-5					
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)					
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR.DH					
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B					

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP ILE: sg+10s3116 ck: MB/VI TxDOT: JULY 2016 JOB HIGHWAY 0467 02 020, ETC. SH 220

GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- . APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST(MPL)FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	5/8" X 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	3/4" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	% " X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR.2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

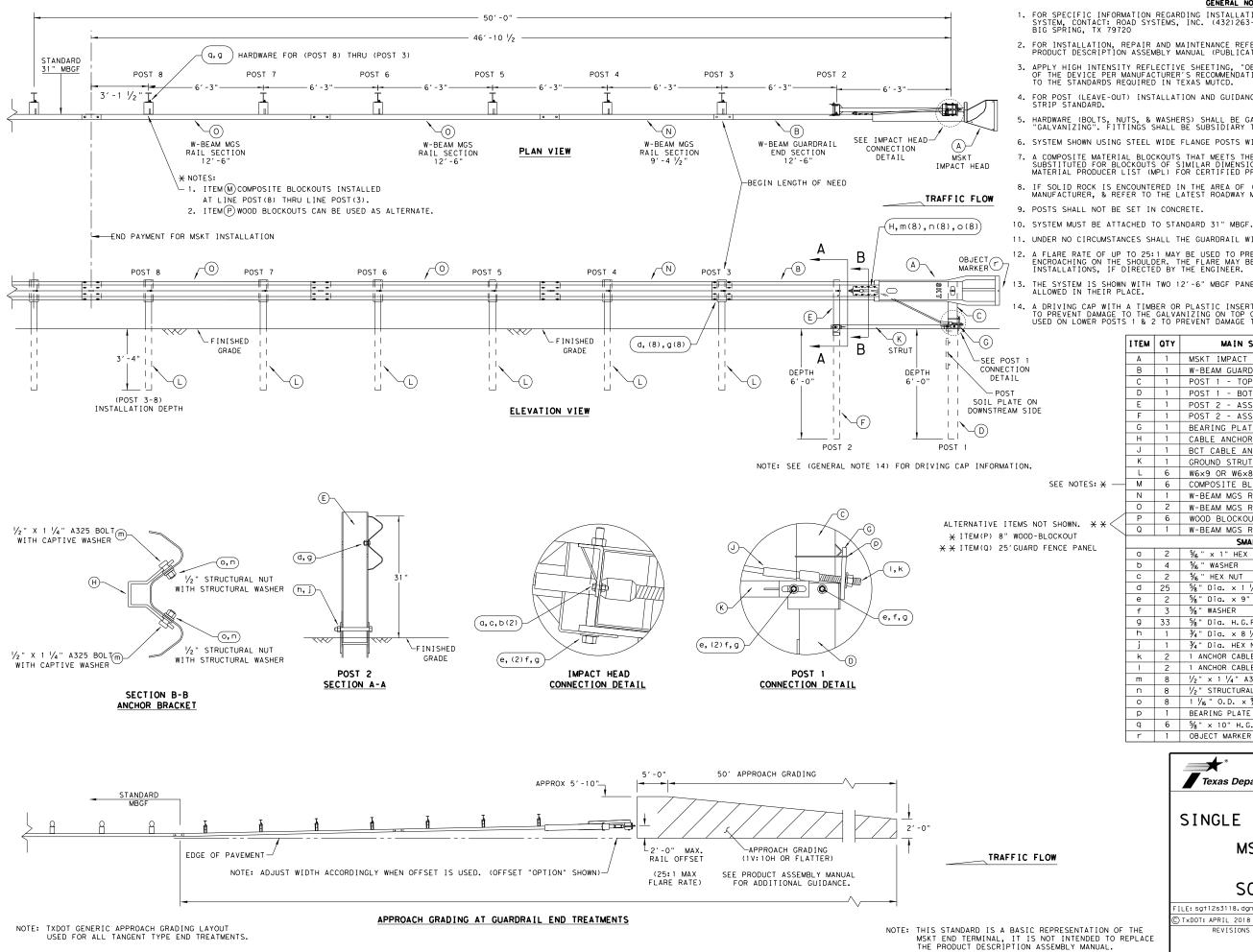
Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

FILE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: TxE	ОТ	ck: KM	DW:	DW: T×DOT		:K: CL
C TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH		VAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, E	TC.	S	SH :	220
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO		EET NO.
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- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE.
 - A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

	Α	1	MSKT IMPACT HEAD	MS3000						
	В	SF1303								
	С	MTPHP1A								
	D	MTPHP1B								
	E	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP	UHP2A						
	F	1	POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9)	HP2B						
	G	1	BEARING PLATE	E750						
	Н	1	CABLE ANCHOR BOX	S760						
	J	1	BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	E770						
	K	1	GROUND STRUT	MS785						
	L	6	W6x9 OR W6x8.5 STEEL POST	P621						
\dashv	М	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS	CBSP-14						
	N	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2")	G12025						
	0	2	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6")	G1203A						
1	Р	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	P675						
J	Q	1	W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0")	G1209						
	SMALL HARDWARE									
	а	2	%6" × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5)	B5160104A						
	b	4	% " WASHER	W0516						
	С	2	% " HEX NUT	N0516						
	d	25	%" Dia. x 1 ¼" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2)	B580122						
	е	2	%" Dia. × 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B580904A						
	f	3	% " WASHER	W050						
	g	33	⅓" Dia. H.G.R NUT	N050						
	h	1	¾" Dia. × 8 ½" HEX BOLT (GRD A449)	B340854A						
	j	1	¾" Dia. HEX NUT	N030						
	k	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT	N100						
	- 1	2	1 ANCHOR CABLE WASHER	W100						
	m	8	1/2" × 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER	SB12A						
	n	8	1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS	N012A						
	0	8	1 1/16 " O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS	WO12A						
	Р	1	BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE	CT-100ST						
	q	6	%" × 10" H.G.R. BOLT	B581002						
	r	1	OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18"	E3151						
•		_	·	_						

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

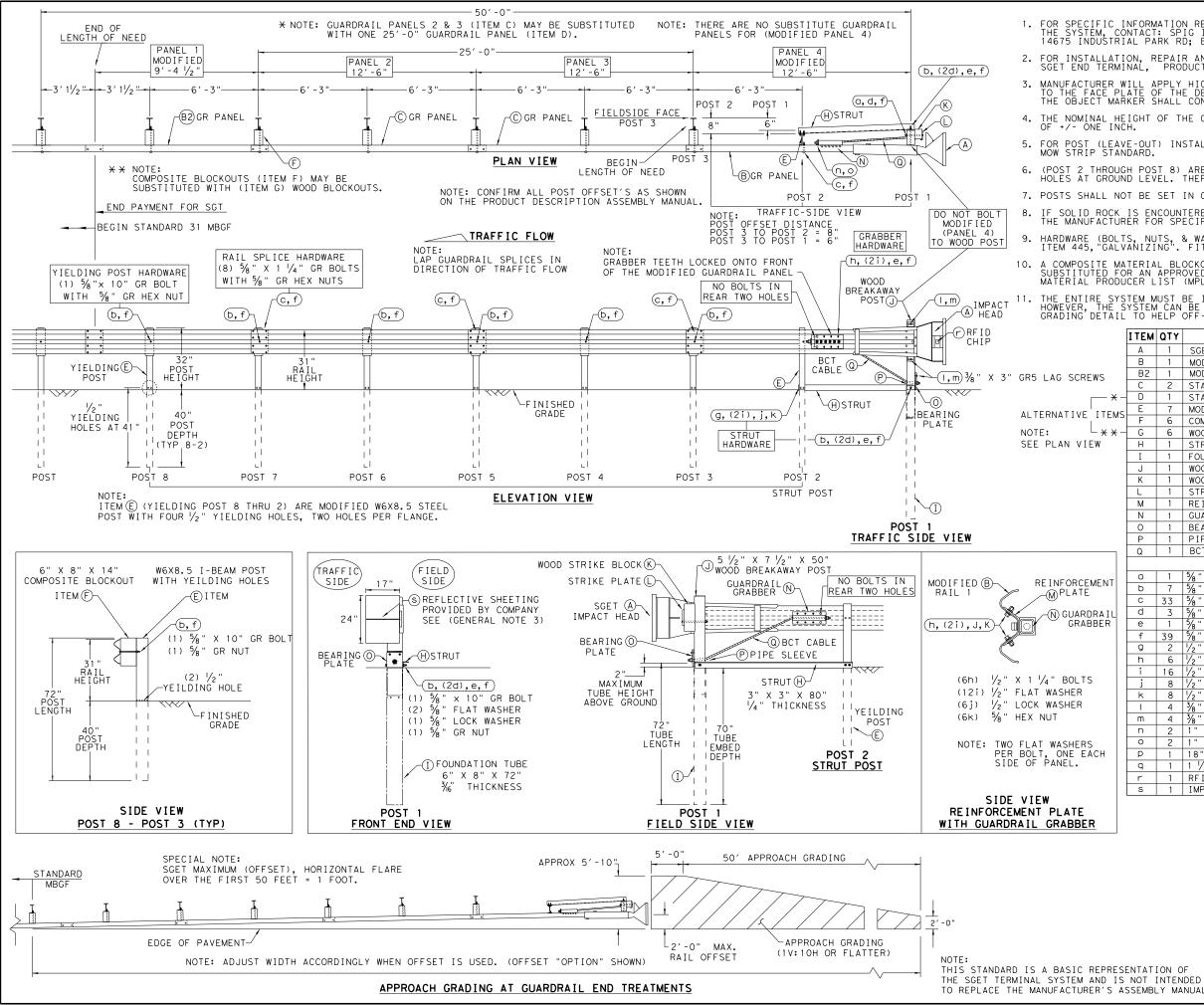
Texas Department of Transportation

I TEM NUMBERS

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgr DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CL TxDOT: APRIL 2018 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS 0467 02 020, ETC. SH 220 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO ERATH 87



GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 6. (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.



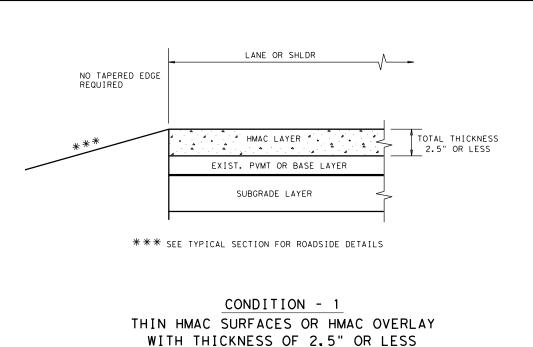
MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

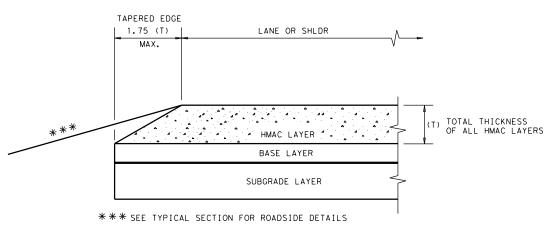


ITEM #

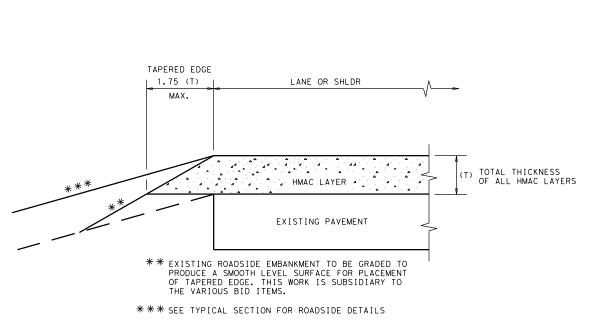
SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

ILE: sg+153120. dgn	DN: Tx0	ОТ	CK: KM		DW:VP		CK: VP	
TxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.		SH 220			
	DIST		COUNTY ERATH			SHEET NO.		
	FTW						88	



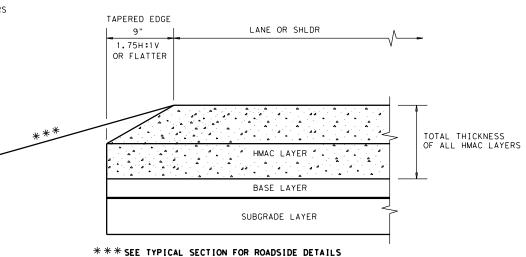


CONDITION - 3 NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2,5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2

OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT
HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



Design Division Standard

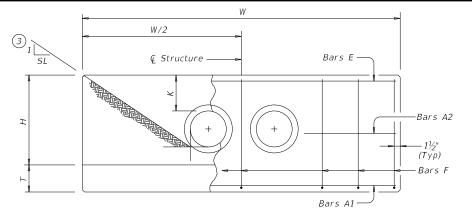
TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) -11

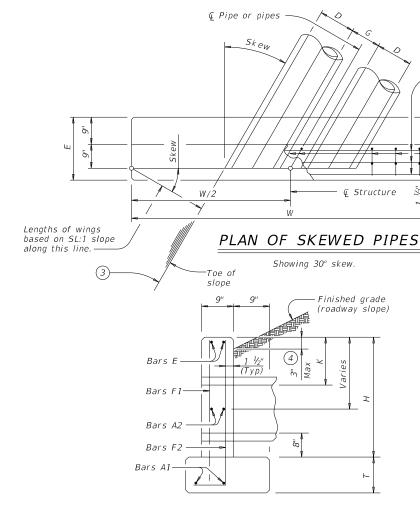
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TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020,	ETC.	S	H 220
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	FTW		89			

TABLE OF VARIABLE DIMENSIONS

	(D) e			15°	Skew					30°	Skew					45°	Skew		
Slope	of Pipe	Values f			Values To for Each	Addt'l	Pipe	Values fo			Values To for Each	Addt'I	Pipe	Values fo			Values To for Each	Addt'l	Pipe
·	Dia o	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Cond (CY)
	12"	9' - 4"	124	1.1	1' - 9 ¾"	15	0.2	10' - 5"	130	1.2	2' - 0"	16	0.2	12' - 9"	159	1.5	2' - 5 3/4"	17	0.3
	15" 18"	10' - 7"	136 165	1.3 1.5	2' - 3" 2' - 9"	17 19	0.2	11' - 10" 13' - 3"	159 174	1.5 1.7	2' - 6" 3' - 1"	18 29	0.2	14' - 6" 16' - 3"	191 207	1.8 2.1	3' - 0 ³ / ₄ " 3' - 9 ¹ / ₄ "	20 33	0.3
	21"	13' - 2"	203	1.9	3' - 2 1/4"	31	0.4	14' - 9"	233	2.1	3' - 6 3/4"	33	0.4	18' - 0"	276	2.6	4' - 4 1/4"	36	0.5
	24"	14' - 6"	240	2.1	3' - 8 1/4"	34	0.4	16' - 2"	251	2.4	4' - 1 ¾"	36	0.5	19' - 10"	318	2.9	5' - 0 3/4"	39	0.6
	27" 30"	15' - 9" 17' - 1"	258 297	2.5 2.8	4' - 0 ³ / ₄ " 4' - 5 ³ / ₄ "	38 40	0.5	17' - 7" 19' - 1"	292 311	2.8 3.1	4' - 6 ½" 5' - 0"	39 42	0.6	21' - 7" 23' - 4"	342 388	3.4 3.8	5' - 6 ½" 6' - 1 ¾"	44	0.7
2:1	33"	18' - 5"	320	3.3	4' - 9 3/4"	43	0.6	20' - 6"	358	3.6	5' - 4 3/4"	46	0.7	25' - 1"	439	4.4	6' - 7 1/4"	51	0.9
	36"	19' - 8"	401	4.0	5' - 3"	47	0.9	21' - 11"	422	4.5	5' - 10 ¾''	50	0.9	26' - 10"	517	5.5	7' - 2 1/4"	55	1.2
	42"	22' - 3"	476	5.0	6' - 0 34"	53	1.1	24' - 10"	528	5.6	6' - 8 ¾" 7' - 7 ¼"	56	1.2	30' - 5"	634	6.9	8' - 3"	76	1.4
	48" 54"	25' - 11" 28' - 6"	577 711	6.6 7.8	6' - 9 ¾" 7' - 9"	60 83	1.3 1.6	28' - 10" 31' - 9"	637 781	7.3 8.7	7' - 7 ¹ / ₄ " 8' - 8"	79 81	1.5	35' - 4" 38' - 11"	791 958	9.0 10.7	9' - 3 ¾"	88 97	1.8 2.2
	60"	31' - 1"	805	9.2	8' - 6 1/4"	91	1.9	34' - 8"	881	10.2	9' - 6 1/4"	97	2.1	42' - 5"	1,113	12.5	11' - 8"	124	2.6
	66"	33' - 8"	907	10.6	9' - 0 ¾"	98	2.1	37' - 6"	1,028	11.8	10' - 1 1/4"	102	2.4	46' - 0"	1,235	14.5	12' - 4 1/4"	132	2.9
	72" 12"	36' - 3" 13' - 6"	1,071 178	12.1	9' - 8"	105 15	2.4 0.2	40' - 5" 15' - 0"	1,207	13.5 1.8	10' - 9 ½" 2' - 0"	110 15	2.6 0.2	49' - 6" 18' - 5"	1,446 237	16.6 2.2	13' - 2 ½" 2' - 5 ¾"	141	3.2 0.2
	15"	15' - 3"	212	1.6 1.9	2' - 3"	17	0.2	17' - 0"	189 223	2.1	2' - 6"	17	0.2	20' - 10"	276	2.6	3' - 0 3/4"	20	0.2
	18"	17' - 1"	231	2.3	2' - 9"	19	0.3	19' - 1"	259	2.5	3' - 1"	29	0.3	23' - 4"	318	3.1	3' - 9 1/4"	32	0.4
	21"	18' - 11"	306	2.7	3' - 2 1/4"	31	0.4	21' - 1"	339	3.0	3' - 6 3/4"	33	0.4	25' - 10"	413	3.7	4' - 4 1/4"	36	0.5
	24" 27"	20' - 8" 22' - 6"	345 376	3.1 3.7	3' - 8 ¾" 4' - 0 ¾"	35 38	0.4	23' - 1" 25' - 1"	384 438	3.5 4.1	4' - 1 ³ / ₄ " 4' - 6 ¹ / ₄ "	36 39	0.5	28' - 3" 30' - 9"	462 522	4.2 5.0	5' - 0 ¾" 5' - 6 ¼"	40	0.6
-	30"	24' - 4"	422	4.1	4' - 5 3/4"	40	0.6	27' - 2"	466	4.6	5' - 0"	42	0.6	33' - 3"	578	5.6	6' - 1 3/4"	47	0.8
3:1	33"	26' - 2"	476	4.8	4' - 10"	43	0.6	29' - 2"	522	5.3	5' - 4 ¾"	46	0.7	35' - 9"	644	6.5	6' - 7 1/4"	51	0.9
	36"	27' - 11"	590	5.9	5' - 3"	47	0.8	31' - 2"	645	6.6	5' - 10 3/4"	50	0.9	38' - 2"	787	8.0	7' - 2 1/4"	56	1.2
	42" 48"	31' - 7" 36' - 9"	684 880	7.3 9.6	6' - 0 ½" 6' - 9 ¾"	53 61	1.1	35' - 3" 41' - 0"	776 953	8.2 10.7	6' - 8 ³ / ₄ " 7' - 7 ¹ / ₄ "	56 81	1.2	43' - 2" 50' - 2"	933 1,166	10.0 13.1	8' - 3" 9' - 3 ¾"	79 88	1.4
	54"	40' - 5"	1,065	11.4	7' - 9"	85	1.6	45' - 0"	1,185	12.7	8' - 8"	89	1.8	55' - 2"	1,435	15.5	10' - 7 1/4"	97	2.2
	60"	44' - 0"	1,224	13.3	8' - 6 1/4"	93	1.9	49' - 1"	1,356	14.8	9' - 6 1/4"	96	2.1	60' - 1"	1,635	18.2	11' - 8"	124	2.6
	66"	47' - 7" 51' - 3"	1,357	15.4	9' - 1"	98 105	2.1	53' - 1" 57' - 2"	1,497	17.2	10' - 1 1/4"	103	2.3	65' - 1"	1,892	21.1	12' - 4 ½" 13' - 2 ½"	130 139	2.9 3.2
	72" 12"	17' - 7"	1,624 232	17.7 2.1	1' - 9 3/4"	103	2.3 0.2	19' - 8"	1,787 259	19.7 2.4	2' - 0"	16	2.6 0.2	70' - 0" 24' - 0"	2,218 314	24.1 2.9	2' - 5 3/4"	139	0.2
	15"	19' - 11"	272	2.5	2' - 3"	17	0.2	22' - 3"	301	2.8	2' - 6"	18	0.3	27' - 3"	361	3.5	3' - 0 3/4"	21	0.3
	18"	22' - 3"	313	3.0	2' - 9"	19	0.3	24' - 10"	344	3.3	3' - 1"	29	0.3	30' - 5"	427	4.0	3' - 9 1/4"	32	0.4
	21" 24"	24' - 7" 26' - 11"	407 455	3.6 4.1	3' - 2 ½" 3' - 8 ¾"	31 35	0.4	27' - 5" 30' - 0"	446 499	4.0 4.5	3' - 6 ³ / ₄ " 4' - 1 ³ / ₄ "	33 36	0.4	33' - 7" 36' - 9"	549 609	4.9 5.6	4' - 4 ½" 5' - 0 ¾"	36 40	0.5
	27"	29' - 3"	514	4.8	4' - 0 3/4"	38	0.5	32' - 7"	562	5.4	4' - 6 1/4"	40	0.6	39' - 11"	703	6.6	5' - 6 1/4"	43	0.7
	30"	31' - 7"	568	5.4	4' - 5 ¾"	40	0.6	35' - 3"	620	6.0	5' - 0"	42	0.6	43' - 2"	768	7.4	6' - 1 ¾"	49	0.8
4:1	33"	33' - 11"	634	6.2	4' - 10"	43	0.7	37' - 10"	710	7.0	5' - 4 3/4"	46	0.7	46' - 4"	848	8.5	6' - 7 1/4"	52	0.9
	36" 42"	36' - 3" 40' - 11"	776 921	7.7 9.6	5' - 3" 6' - 0 ½"	48 53	0.9 1.0	40' - 5" 45' - 7"	868 1,022	8.6 10.7	5' - 10 ³ / ₄ " 6' - 8 ³ / ₄ "	49 57	0.9	49' - 6" 55' - 10"	1,058 1,262	10.6 13.1	7' - 2 ½" 8' - 3"	56 78	1.1
	48"	47' - 7"	1,152	12.6	6' - 10"	61	1.3	53' - 1"	1,268		7' - 7 1/4"	80	1.5	65' - 1"	1,587	17.2	9' - 3 ¾"	86	1.8
	54"	52' - 3"	1,416	14.9	7' - 9 1/4"	86	1.6	58' - 4"	1,589		8' - 8"	89	1.8	71' - 5"	1,924	20.4	10' - 7 1/4"	95	2.2
	60"	56' - 11"	1,606	17.5	8' - 6 3/4"	92	1.9	63' - 6"	1,806		9' - 6 1/4"	95	2.1	77' - 9"	2,192	23.9	11' - 8"	122	2.6
	66" 72"	61' - 7" 66' - 3"	1,819 2,150	20.2	9' - 0 ¾" 9' - 8"	97 104	2.1	68' - 8" 73' - 11"	2,019 2,379	22.5 25.9	$10' - 1 \frac{1}{4}''$ $10' - 9 \frac{1}{4}''$	101	2.4	84' - 2" 90' - 6"	2,472 2,937	27.6 31.7	12' - 4 ½" 13' - 2 ½"	131 138	2.9 3.2
	12"	25' - 11"	342	3.1	1' - 9 ¾"	15	0.2	28' - 10"	374	3.5	2' - 0"	16	0.2	35' - 4"	456	4.3	2' - 5 3/4"	17	0.2
	15"	29' - 3"	390	3.7	2' - 3"	17	0.2	32' - 7"	442	4.2	2' - 6"	18	0.2	39' - 11"	549	5.1	3' - 0 3/4"	20	0.3
	18" 21"	32' - 7" 36' - 0"	459 608	<i>4.4</i> <i>5.3</i>	2' - 9" 3' - 2 ½"	20 31	0.3	36' - 4" 40' - 2"	515 660	4.9 5.9	3' - 1" 3' - 6 ¾"	29 33	0.3	44' - 7" 49' - 2"	629 823	6.0 7.2	3' - 9 ½" 4' - 4 ½"	33 38	0.4
	24"	39' - 4"	672	6.0	3' - 8 3/4"	35	0.4	43' - 11"	748	6.7	4' - 1 3/4"	36	0.4	53' - 9"	920	8.2	5' - 0 3/4"	42	0.6
	27"	42' - 8"	770	7.1	4' - 0 ¾"	38	0.5	47' - 8"	852	8.0	4' - 6 1/4"	41	0.5	58' - 4"	1,039	9.7	5' - 6 1/4"	45	0.7
,	30"	46' - 1"	839	8.0	4' - 5 3/4"	40	0.6	51' - 5"	949	8.9	5' - 0"	44	0.6	62' - 11"	1,162	10.9	6' - 1 ¾"	48	0.8
9	33" 36"	49' - 5" 52' - 10"	947 1,151	9.2 11.4	4' - 10" 5' - 3"	45 49	0.7	55' - 2" 58' - 11"	1,040 1,287	10.3 12.7	5' - 4 ³ / ₄ " 5' - 10 ³ / ₄ "	48 51	0.7 1.0	67' - 6" 72' - 1"	1,292 1,583	12.6 15.6	6' - 7 ½" 7' - 2 ½"	50 55	0.9
	42"	59' - 6"	1,365	14.2	6' - 0 1/4"	55	1.0	66' - 5"	1,530		6' - 8 3/4"	57	1.2	81' - 4"	1,875	19.4	8' - 3"	76	1.4
	48"	69' - 4"	1,737	18.5	6' - 10"	59	1.3	77' - 4"	1,942		7' - 7 1/4"	79	1.5	94' - 9"	2,368	25.3	9' - 3 ¾"	86	1.8
	54"	76' - 1"	2,138	22.0	7' - 9 1/4"	83	1.6	84' - 10"	2,378		8' - 8" 9' - 6 ½"	87	1.8	103' - 11"	2,912	30.1	10' - 7 1/4"	95	2.2
	60" 66"	82' - 10" 89' - 7"	2,426 2,730	25.8 29.9	8' - 6 ³ / ₄ " 9' - 0 ³ / ₄ "	90 96	1.9 2.1	92' - 5" 99' - 11"	2,681 3,038		9' - 6 ¼" 10' - 1 ¼"	94	2.1	113' - 2" 122' - 4"	3,294 3,697	35.3 40.8	11' - 8"	122 130	2.6 2.9
- 1																	12 - 4 7/		



ELEVATION



SECTION AT CENTER OF PIPE

- 1) Total quantities include one 3'-1" lap for bars over 60' in length.
- 2 Quantities shown are for concrete pipe and will increase slightly for metal pipe installations.
- (3) Indicated slope is perpendicular to centerline pipe or pipes.
- For vehicle safety, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet these requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (5) Dimensions shown are usual and maximum.
- (6) Quantities shown are for one structure end only (one headwall).

TABLE OF CONSTANT DIMENSIONS

Dia of Pipe (D)	G	к (5)	Н	Т	Е
12"	0' - 9''	1' - 0"	2' - 8"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
15"	0' - 11''	1' - 0"	2' - 11"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
18"	1' - 2"	1' - 0"	3' - 2"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
21"	1' - 4"	1' - 0"	3' - 5"	0' - 9"	2' - 0"
24"	1' - 7"	1' - 0"	3' - 8"	0' - 9"	2' - 0"
27"	1' - 8''	1' - 0"	3' - 11"	0' - 9"	2' - 3"
30"	1' - 10''	1' - 0"	4' - 2"	0' - 9"	2' - 3"
33"	1' - 11"	1' - 0"	4' - 5"	0' - 9"	2' - 6"
36"	2' - 1"	1' - 0"	4' - 8"	1' - 0"	2' - 6"
42"	2' - 4"	1' - 0"	5' - 2"	1' - 0"	2' - 9"
48"	2' - 7''	1' - 3"	5' - 11"	1' - 0"	3' - 0"
54"	3' - 0''	1' - 3"	6' - 5"	1' - 0"	3' - 3"
60"	3' - 3''	1' - 3"	6' - 11"	1' - 0"	3' - 6"
66"	3' - 3''	1' - 3''	7' - 5"	1' - 0"	3' - 9"
72"	3' - 4"	1' - 3''	7' - 11"	1' - 0"	4' - 0"

TABLE OF 6 REINFORCING STEEL

Bar	Size	Spa	No.
A1	#5	~	2
A2	#5	1' - 6"	~
Е	#5	~	2
F	#5	1' - 0"	~

E - 12" BARS F2

MATERIAL NOTES:

Bars A — Bars E

-Bars F1

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Do not mount bridge rails of any type directly to these culvert headwalls.

This standard may not be used for wall heights, H, exceeding the values shown.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

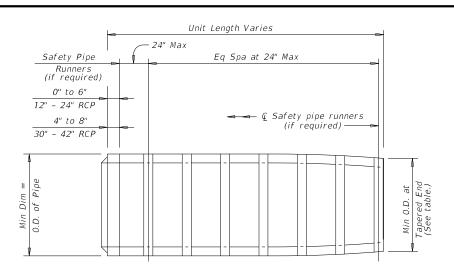


Bridge Division Standard

CONCRETE HEADWALLS WITH PARALLEL WINGS FOR SKEWED PIPE CULVERTS

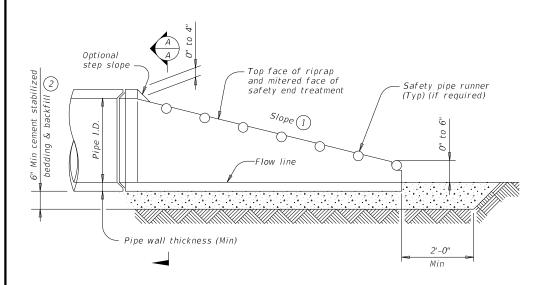
CH-PW-S

ILE:		DN: TXL	DOT.	CK: TXD	OT DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
C)T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOE	1	Н	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0467	02	020,	ETC.	SH	1 220
		DIST		COUN	ITY		SHEET NO.
		FTW		ERA	ТН		90



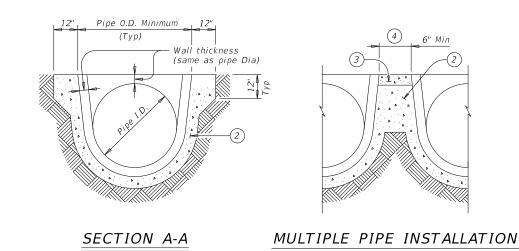
PLAN VIEW - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

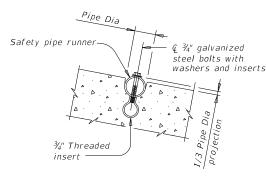


LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.,

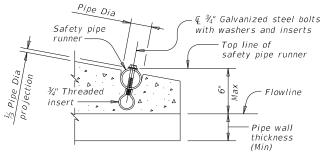


- 1) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (2) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment. backfill as directed by Engineer
- (3) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- 4) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safetv end treatments.
- (5) Safety pipe runners are required for multiple pipe culverts with more than two pipes.

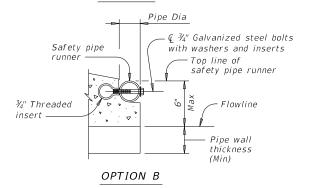


INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



OPTION A



END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

REQUIREMENTS FOR CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

			Min O.D.	Min Reinf Requirements		Min	Pipe I Requir	Runner ements	Required	Pipe Run	ner Sizes
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	at Tapered End	(sq. in. per ft. of Pipe)	Max Slope	Length of Unit	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia	0.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	4' - 0"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	5' - 8"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	7' - 3"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	10' - 6''	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	6:1	12' - 1"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	6:1	15' - 4"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 1/2"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	6:1	18' - 7''	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe. Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for

compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material. Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of

loading, unloading and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,

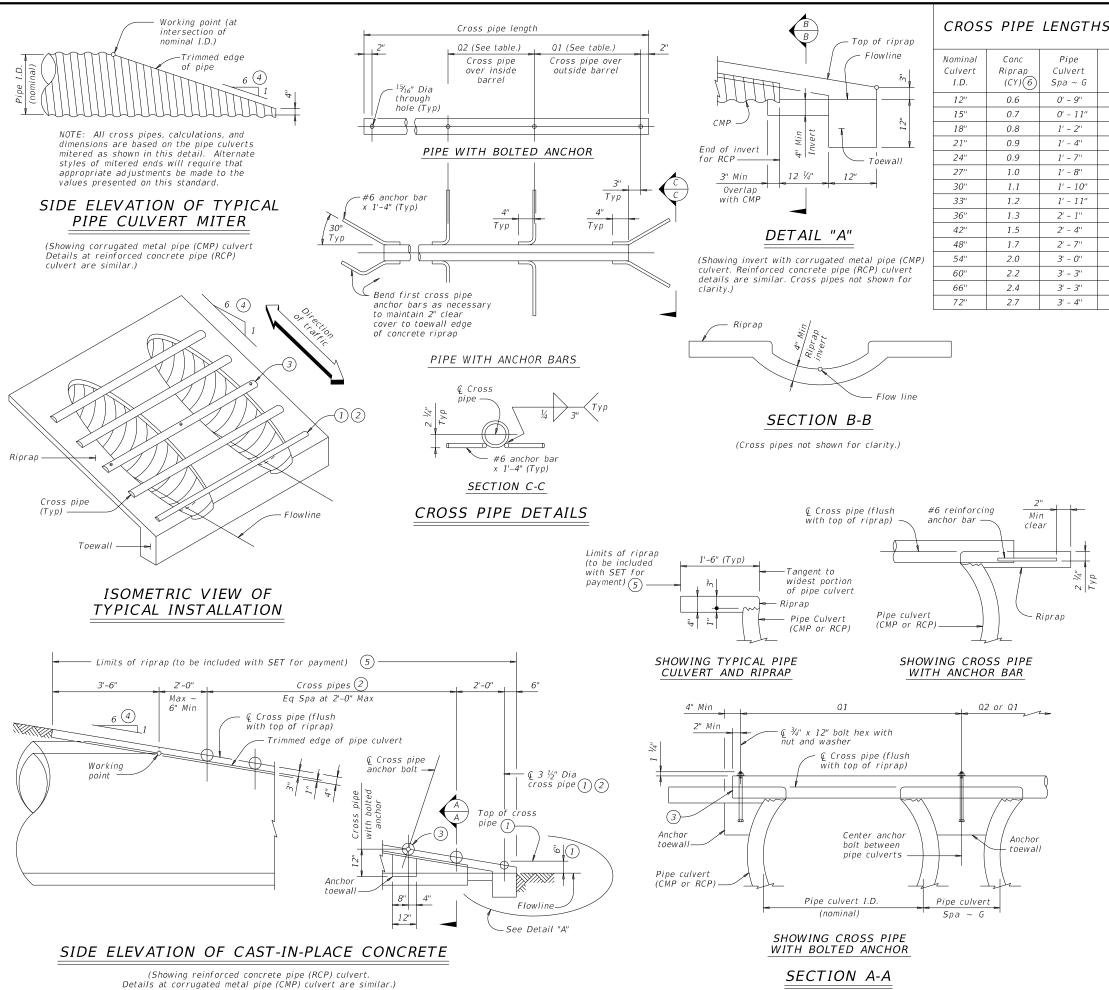


PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSET-RP

E:		DN: RLW		CK: KL	.R	DW:	JTR	CK:	GAF
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0467	02	020,	ΕT	c.	SH	22	0
		DIST		СО	UNTY			SHEET	NO.
		FTW		ER	ATH	1		9	1





CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9''	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9''		
15"	0.7	0' - 11''	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10''	2' - 8''	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.500" O.D.)
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6''	3' - 7"		
27"	1.0	1' - 8''	N/A	3' - 10''	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts	_
30"	1.1	1' - 10''	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4''	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" 0.D.)
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2''	4' - 5"	4' - 8''	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.0.)
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5''	4' - 9''	5' - 1"	All pipe culverts	4" Std
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11''	5' - 5"	5' - 10''	All pipe culverts	(4.500" O.D.)
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0''	6' - 7''		
54"	2.0	3' - 0''	5' - 11''	6' - 9"	7' - 6"		
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11''	7' - 10''	8' - 9''		(5.563" 0.D.)
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4''		

- 1) The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2) Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" 0.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- (4) Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (6) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53

(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52.

Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts. Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price

Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



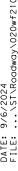
SAFETY END TREATMENT

Bridge Division

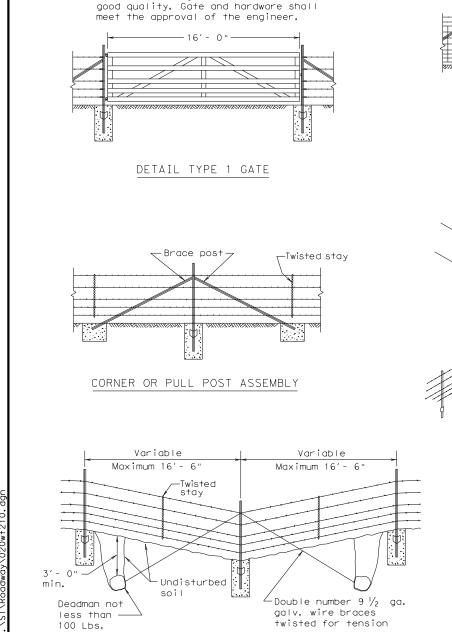
FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETP-PD

E:		DN: GAI	-	CK: CA	J DW:	JRP	CK: GAF
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	Ji	OB	H	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0467	02	020,	ETC.	SH	220
		DIST		co	UNTY		SHEET NO.
		FTW		ER	ATH		92







DETAIL OF FENCE SAG

ield weld joints-

Gate opening

Conc.bases-aate

or end posts

3' - 0" deep

Metal gate shall consist of 5 panels

be aluminum or galvanized metal and of

not less than 4' - 4" high and shall

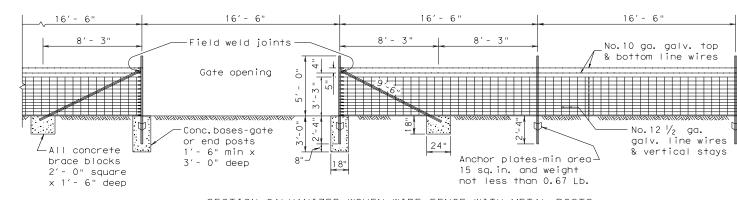
′ - 6" min x

All concrete

brace blocks

2'- 0" square

x 1'- 6" deep



SECTION GALVANIZED BARBED WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS Note: BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES TYPE "C" FENCE

Min. no. 11 gauge

mesh or wire fabric

Wire filler to be

either 2 inch diamond mesh

Galvinized wire fabric

with stays placed not

more than 6 inches apart

DETAIL TYPE 2 GATE

Eye bolts

eye bolts per wing.

Square nut-

10 required

Fence shall be winged in at

structures where specified

on plans. This will require "corner bracing" and 5 - $\frac{5}{8}$

AT STRUCTURES

OF FENCE TREATMENT

1" min. diameter

 $\frac{5}{8}$ " × 9" eye bolt-5 required per wing

DETAIL OF EYE BOLT

-16′ - 0"*-*-

Anchor plates-min area

15 sq.in. and weight

not less than 0.67 Lb.

-Twisted stay

16' - 6"

24"

(See General Note 8)

8'- 3"

Twisted stay

For Steel pipe and T-Post requirements. (See General Notes 6 & 7) SECTION GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

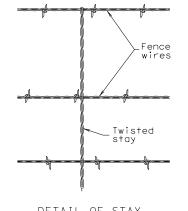
> TYPE "D" FENCE (See General Note 8)

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire mesh shall be excavated to provide a 2 inch clearance.
- 2. Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good commercial quality and design latch of the spring, fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable to the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be a commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.
- 4. Concrete shall be of the design and consistency approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings are to be crowned at the top to shed water.
- 5. Steel anchor plates shall be of a design and thickness sufficient to prevent turning of the post in firm soil.
- 6. Steel pipe end posts, corner and pull posts shall be a minimum of 2" Std. pipe (2.375" O.D., 0.154" wall thickness) with a $1\frac{1}{4}$ " Std. pipe brace (1.660" O.D. 0.140" wall thickness), with a 2"x2"x1/4" angle, or other as approved by the Engineer. Fasteners for securing barbed wire or woven wire fence to metal posts shall be a minimum of 11 gauge galvanized steel wire. Tubular posts shall be fitted with water malleable iron caps.
- 7. If Steel pipe is used for posts and braces, use standard pipe in accordance with ASTM A 53, Class B or A 501. For T-Posts use steel that meets ASTM A 702. Metal line posts shall be not less than 6'-6" in length and shall weigh not less than (1.33 lbs./lin.ft.). These Items shall be in accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence.
- 8. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121, Class 1 Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.

Woven Wire Fence (Type D) shall be in accordance with ASTM A 116, Class 1 No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the plans, or as approved by the Engineer.

9. The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere in these plans.



No. 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ ga.galv.wire

long, equally spaced

Twisted Stays 42"

DETAIL TYPE 3 GATE

DETAIL OF STAY (Barbed Wire Fence:

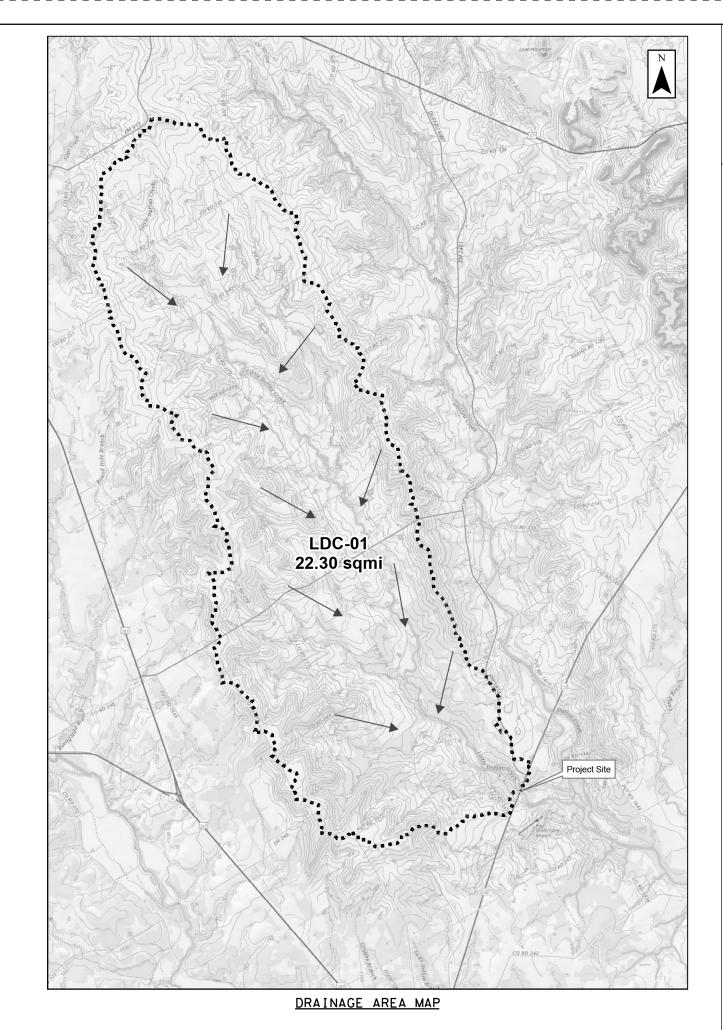


WOVEN WIRE FENCE (STEEL POSTS)

Design Division Standard

WF (2) -10

LE: wf210.dgn	DN: Tx[TO	ck: AM	DW:	۷P	CK:
TxDOT 1996	CONT	SECT	JO)B		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020,	ETC.	S	H 220
	DIST		COL	JNTY		SHEET NO.
	ETW		EB	ΛТЫ		921



HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

WATERSHED NAME	SOURCE	AREA (SQ MI)	TC (MIN)	LAG TIME (MIN)	CN	Q2	Q5	Q10	Q25	Q50	Q100
LITTLE DUFFAU	SCS 24-HR FLOWS	22.30	370	222	80	3455	5460	7178	9656	11589	13632
CREEK (LDC-01)	OMEGA EM REGRESSION	22.30	-	-	-	1014	2173	3110	4635	5992	7638

STORM FRE	2	5	10	25	50	100	
Pd (IN)	24 HOUR DURATION	3.68	4.76	5.72	7.10	8.21	9.40

NOTES:

- 1. RUNOFF COMPUTATIONS PERFORMED USING HEC-HMS 4.8 AND COMPARED TO TXDOT OMEGA REGRESSION RESULTS.

 6. TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC) WAS COMPUTED USING THE KERBY-KIRPLOTH METHOD. LAG TIME = 0.6**THE =
- 2. WEIGHTED CURVE NUMBER & TIME OF CONCENTRATION PARAMETERS DETERMINED USING ARCGIS WATERSHED MODEL.
- 3. THE RAINFALL DEPTHS IN INCHES WERE TAKEN FROM THE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATOR'S (NOAA'S) NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL DESIGN STUDIES CENTER PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY DATA SERVER (PFDS) NOAA ATLAS 14 POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES FOR TEXAS.
- 4. RAINFALL WAS MODELED USING HEC-HMS FREQUENCY STORMS WITH MAXIMUM DEPTHS PROVIDED FOR 15-MINUTE TO 24-HOUR EVENT DURATIONS.
- 5. RUNOFF VOLUME WAS COMPUTED USING THE SCS CURVE NUMBER LOSS MODEL.

- 7. THE SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH METHOD WAS USED TO DEVELOP DISCHARGE HYDROGRAPH.
- 8. PS&E SCS CALCULATED FLOWS
 WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN
 ANALYSIS OF THE 2-YR, 5-YR
 10-YR, 25-YR, 50-YR, & 100-YR
 STORM FREQUENCIES BASED ON
 THEIR CONSISTENCIES WITH
 METHODOLOGIES OUTLINED IN THE
 TXDOT HDM. SEE "PRELIMINARY
 DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SH 220 AT
 LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK".
- 9. ERATH COUNTY FPA (MICKI BELL) WAS NOTIFIED OF THE PROJECT ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2021 AND WILL BE PROVIDED A COPY OF THE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT.

REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER BASIN LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)
- 3. SITE IS LOCATED ON FEMA FIRM PANEL 48143C0600D FOR ERATH CO. & UNINCORPORATED AREAS, DATED NOVEMBER 16, 2011, ZONE A





1999 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966



SH 220

AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SCALE: N	I.T.S.		SHEET	1 OF 7
DESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	93
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.	

NOTES:

- 1. USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.
- 2. THIS SITE IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE
 "A" AS SHOWN IN PANELS
 48143C0600D. 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 WIDTHS ARE COMPARABLE.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
- 5. SCHEMATIC SCS CALCULATED FLOWS
 WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN ANALYSIS
 OF THE 25-YR STORM FREQUENCY & THE
 CHECK OF THE 100-YR STORM
 FREQUENCY BASED ON THEIR
 CONSISTENCIES WITH METHODOLOGIES
 OUTLINED IN THE TXDOT HOM. SEE
 "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR
 SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK".

NOTES CONTINUED:

- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK" FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. ERATH COUNTY FPA (MICKI BELL) WAS NOTIFIED OF THE PROJECT ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2021 AND WILL BE PROVIDED A COPY OF THE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT.

REFERENCES:

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TIE-IN WSELS @ RS 1000

STORM FREQUENCY (YR)	2	5	10	25	50	100
NORMAL DEPTH D/S/WSEL (FT)*	1036.62	1037.52	1038.06	1038.72	1039.18	1039.63

CROSS-SECTION LOCATION KEY MAP 22082038 3920 2935 3345 11/1000 With Duffau Creek SH 22Ó BRÌDGÈ

HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

	DESIGN FREQUENCY 25-YR					DESIGN FREQUENCY 100-YR						
HEC-RAS RIVER STA	FLOWS COMPUTED WATER SURFACE VELOCITIES (FPS)		FLOWS COMPUTED WATER SURFACE			VELOCITIES (FPS)						
	(CFS)	EXIST	PROP	RISE	EXIST	PROP	(CFS)	EXIST	PROP	RISE	EXIST	PROP
4947	9656	1052.2	1052.2	0	10.67	10.68	13632	1053.26	1053.25	-0.01	12.01	12.03
4561	9656	1050.63	1050.64	0.01	9.59	9.57	13632	1051.58	1051.67	0.09	10.78	10.56
3920	9656	1048.21	1048.18	-0.03	10.08	10.15	13632	1049.8	1049.14	-0.64	9.83	11.3
3345	9656	1047.33	1046.1	-1.23	6.69	9.1	13632	1049.32	1047.93	-1.39	6.27	8.12
2935	9656	1047.04	1045.33	-1.81	5.24	7.21	13632	1049.08	1047.4	-1.68	5.32	6.82
2629	9656	1046.92	1044.88	-2.04	5.19	7.63	13632	1048.99	1047.18	-1.81	5.32	6.87
2442	9656	1046.86	1044.71	-2.15	4.7	7.02	13632	1048.93	1047.07	-1.86	4.89	6.29
2208 (ROW)	9656	1046.37	1043.61	-2.76	5.95	9.69	13632	1048.85	1045.63	-3.22	4.35	10.78
2116 (BR U/S	9656	1044.36	1041.45	-2.91	9.74	10.09	13632	1048.85	1043.41	-5.44	9.36	11.05
2116		SH 2	20 Bridge at L	ittle Duffau C	reek		SH 220 Bridge at Little Duffau Creek					
2116 (BR D/S	9656	1041.3	1041.49	0.19	14.75	11.52	13632	1048.7	1042.4	-6.3	10.31	12.42
2038 (ROW)	9656	1041.05	1041.53	0.37	13.74	13.95	13632	1042.45	1042.79	0.34	14.9	15.74
1881	9656	1040.45	1040.42	-0.03	10.32	10.32	13632	1041.27	1041.16	-0.11	12.55	12.72
1541	9656	1039.76	1039.86	0.1	9.77	9.77	13632	1040.68	1040.73	0.05	11.65	11.24
1259	9656	1039.16	1039.17	0.01	8.62	8.62	13632	1040.04	1040	-0.04	9.4	9.53
1000	9656	1038.72	1038.75	0.03	6.57	6.57	13632	1039.63	1039.61	-0.02	7.18	7.16



Jacobs

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Texas Department of Transportation
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SH 220

AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK
BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

CALE: N.T.S.	
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SHEET 2 OF 7

DESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER					
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220				
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
RAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH					
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	94				
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.	- -				

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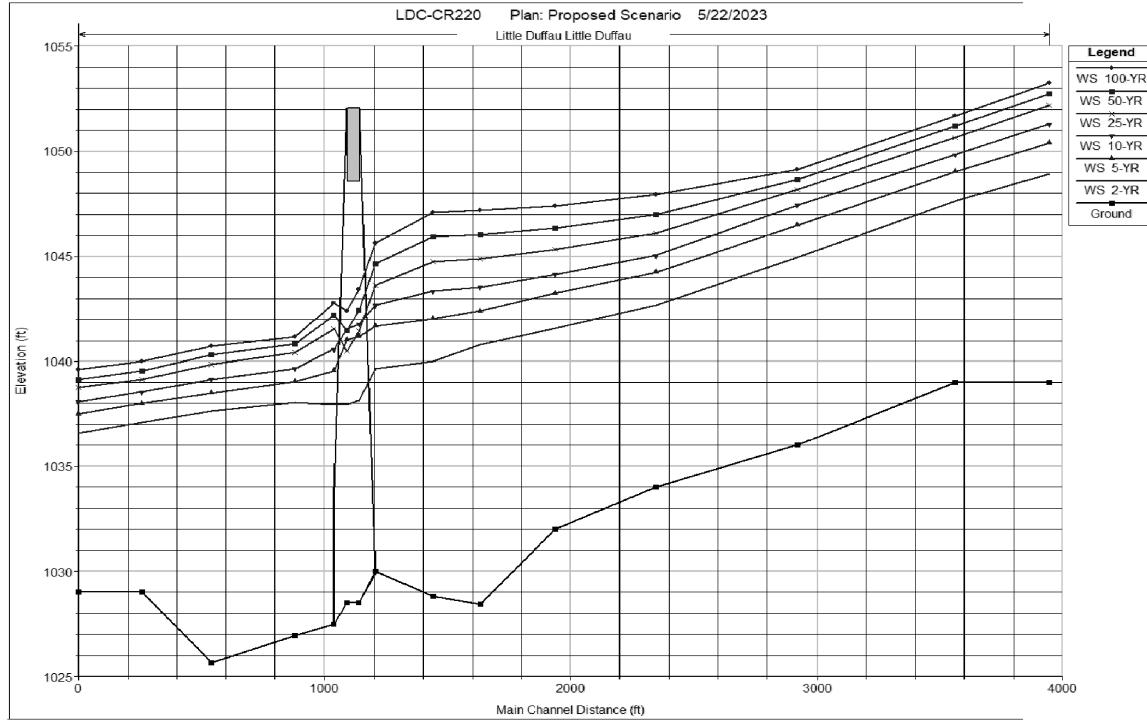
REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)

NOTES:

- USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.
- 2. THIS SITE IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE
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 48143C0600D. 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 WIDTHS ARE COMPARABLE.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
- 5. SCHEMATIC SCS CALCULATED FLOWS
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- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT
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PROPOSED DESIGN PROFILE LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK





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SH 220

AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK
BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SCALE: N.T.S.

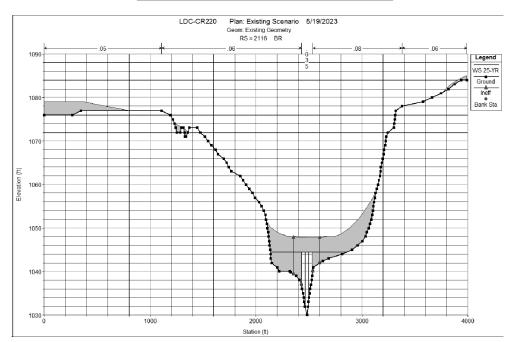
SHEET 3 OF 7

SCALL. IV			SIILLI	3 01 7				
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER					
GD CHECK	6	(See Title Sheet)		SH 220				
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
GRAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH					
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	95				
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.					

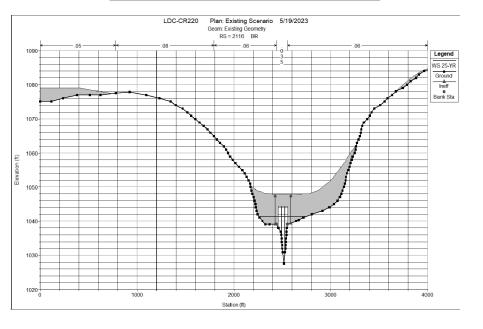
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EXISTING DESIGN STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR UPSTREAM



HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR DOWNSTREAM



REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)
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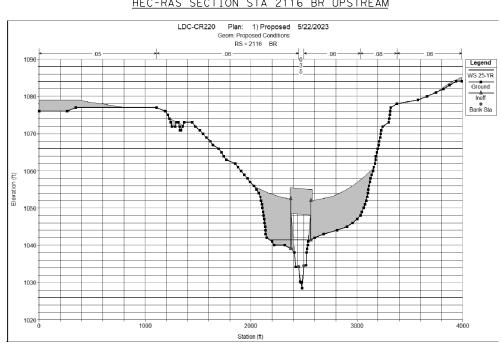
USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.

NOTES:

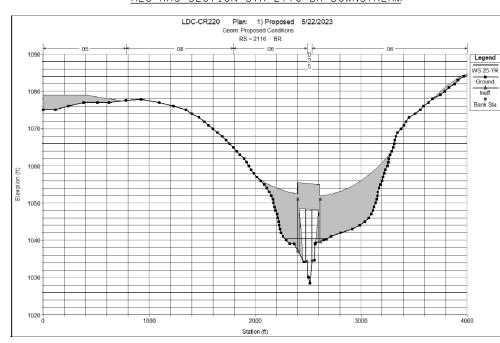
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
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PROPOSED DESIGN STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR UPSTREAM



HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR DOWNSTREAM







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SH 220

AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SCALE:	Ν	.T.S.
DESIGN		FED.

SHEET	4	OF	7
		* *	_

SCALE: N.I.S. SHEET 4 OF 7								
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER					
GD CHECK	6	(Se	SH 220					
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	ISTRICT COUNTY					
GRAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH					
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	96				
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.					

REFERENCES:

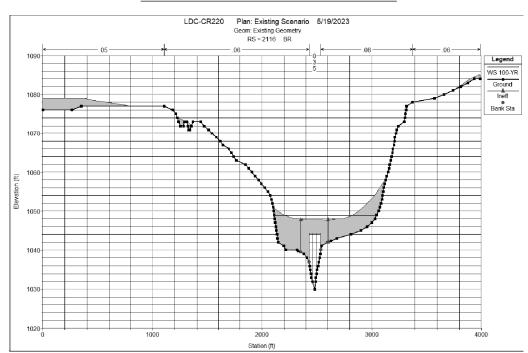
- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)

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 OUTLINED IN THE TXDOT HDM. SEE
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- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT
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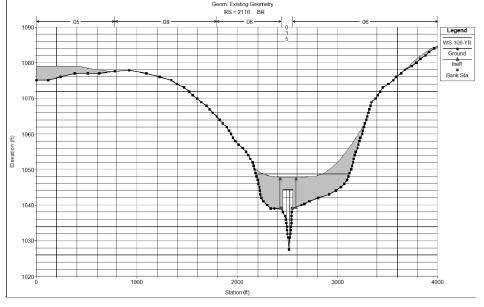
EXISTING CHECK STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR UPSTREAM



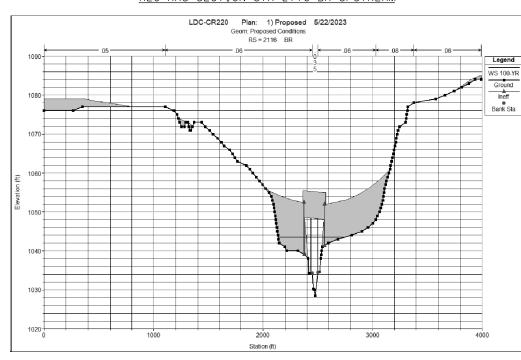


HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR DOWNSTREAM

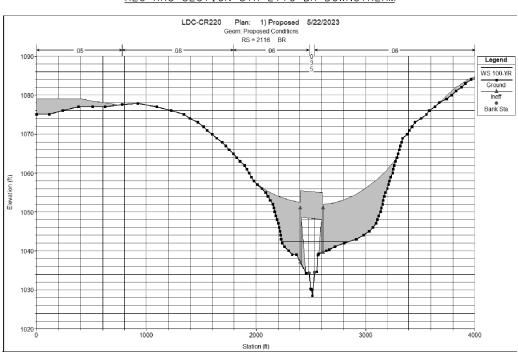


PROPOSED CHECK STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR UPSTREAM



HEC-RAS SECTION STA 2116 BR DOWNSTREAM







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SH 220

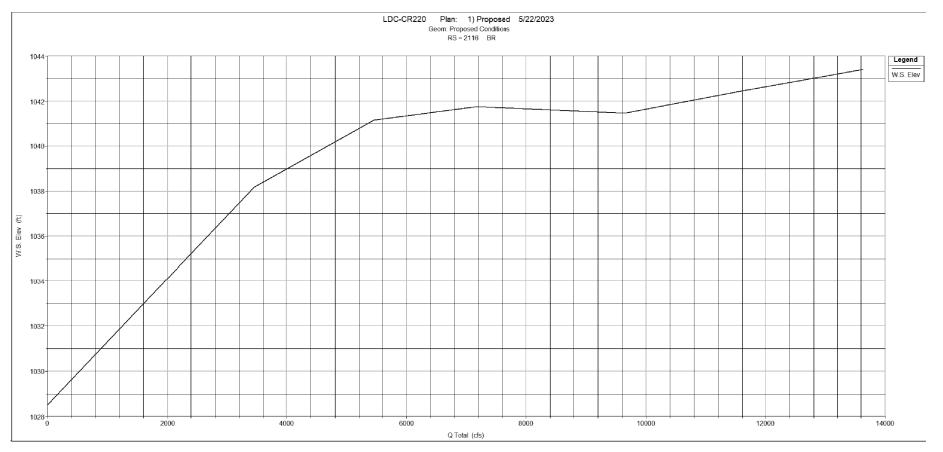
AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

CALE:	Ν	. 1	٠.১	i.	
DESIGN				ED.	
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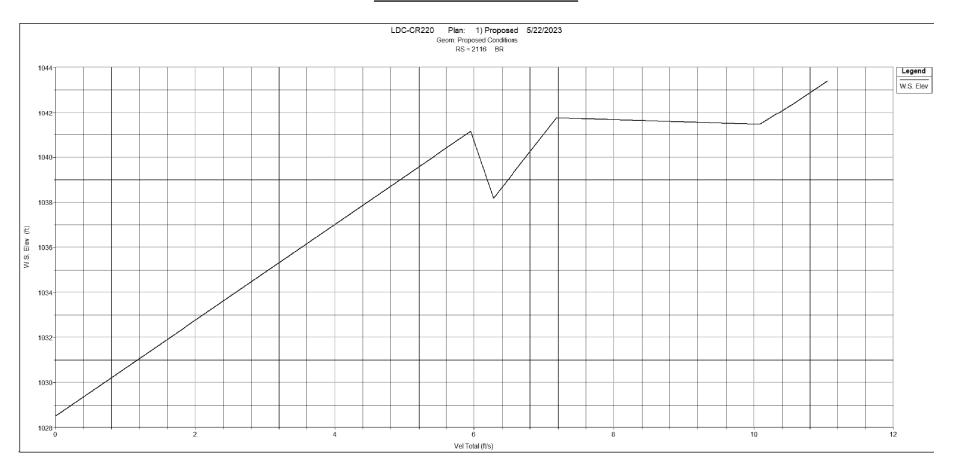
SHEET 5 OF 7

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER GD (See Title Sheet) SH 220 6 CHECK JC STATE DISTRICT GRAPHIC **TEXAS** FTW **ERATH** RS 97 CONTROL SECTION JOB CHECK 0467 02 020, ETC.

CONVEYANCE CURVE @ RS 2116



VELOCITY CURVE @ RS 2116



REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)

NOTES:

- USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.
- 2. THIS SITE IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE
 "A" AS SHOWN IN PANELS
 48143C0600D. 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 WIDTHS ARE COMPARABLE.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
- 5. SCHEMATIC SCS CALCULATED FLOWS
 WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN ANALYSIS
 OF THE 25-YR STORM FREQUENCY & THE
 CHECK OF THE 100-YR STORM
 FREQUENCY BASED ON THEIR
 CONSISTENCIES WITH METHODOLOGIES
 OUTLINED IN THE TXDOT HDM. SEE
 "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR
 SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK".
- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT
 "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR
 SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK" FOR
 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. ERATH COUNTY FPA (MICKI BELL) WAS NOTIFIED OF THE PROJECT ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2021 AND WILL BE PROVIDED A COPY OF THE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT.





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SH 220

AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

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DECTON				г	- N	2

SCALE: N	1.1.3.	SHEET OF /							
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.						
GD CHECK	6	(Se	(See Title Sheet)						
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
GRAPHICS RS	TT IEXAS FIW EKAIN								
CHECK CONTROL CONTROL		SECTION	JOB	98					
		02	020, ETC.]					

50-YR SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD FREQUENCY

	CR	220 at LITTL	E DUFFAU	CREEK	
	50-YEAR	COUR DESI	GN FLOOD	FREQUENCY	
Pier Shape	round	k_{sh}	1.15	t _{e(P)} (hr)	514.7
α (degrees)	0	k _{sp}	1.00	τ_c (Pa)	15.55
a (m)	0.9144	k _w	1.03	τ _{i(C)} (Pa)	111.8
a' (m)	0.91	K _W	1.00	τ _{i(P)} (Pa)	79.6
A ₁ (m ²)	296.3	K _{SH}	1.00	v (m²/s)	0.000001
B ₁ (m)	207.5	K _{SP}	1.01	V ₁ (m/s)	1.11
B ₂ (m)	41.4	L_c (m)	28.65	V ₂ (m/s)	3.65
γ (kg/m³)	9810	L _p (m)	14.02	V _c (m/s)	3.53
g (m/s ²)	9.81	n	0.039	ż _{i(C)} (mm/hr)	65.33
θ (degrees)	9.2	n _b	2	ż _{i(P)} (mm/hr)	54.60
H ₁ (m)	1.43	$\rho (kg/m^3)$	1000	$Z_{max(C)}(m)$	1.99
H ₂ (m)	2.17	P (m)	210.5	$Z_c(\Delta t)$ (m)	1.97
H _{2Δ} (m)	2.17	R _e	3227832	Z _{max(P)} (m)	2.47
k_{α}	1.00	R _h (m)	1	$Z_{P}(\Delta t)$ (m)	2.27
k_{θ}	1.03	S (m)	18	$Z_{c}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	6.47
k _{Lc}	0.95	Δt (yr)	100	$Z_p(\Delta t)$ (ft)	7.44
k _r	7.00	t _{e(C)} (hr)	3062.1	$Z_{tot}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	13.91

SEE NOTE 4 FOR MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH EXPLANATION

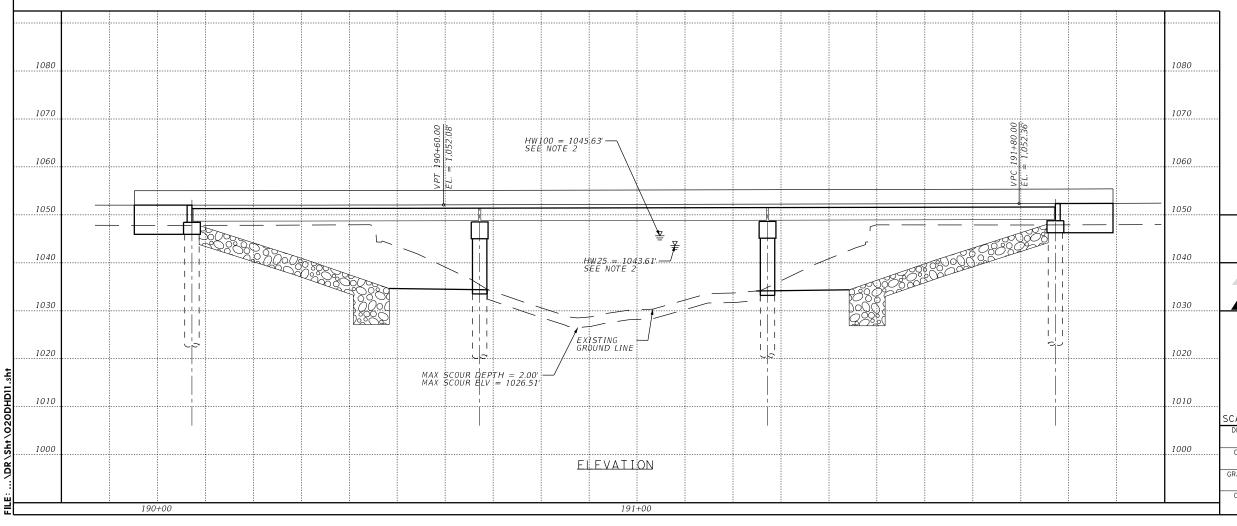
100-YR	SCOUR	DESIGN	FLOOD	FREQUENCY
--------	-------	--------	-------	-----------

	CR	220 at LITTL	E DUFFAU	CREEK	
	100-YEAR	SCOUR DES	IGN FLOO	FREQUENCY	
Pier Shape	round	k _{sh}	1.15	t _{e(P)} (hr)	546.4
α (degrees)	0	k _{sp}	1.00	$τ_c$ (Pa)	15.55
a (m)	0.9144	k _w	1.01	τ _{i(C)} (Pa)	117.2
a' (m)	0.91	K _W	1.00	τ _{i(P)} (Pa)	84.3
A ₁ (m ²)	371.1	K _{SH}	1.00	v (m²/s)	1.00E-06
B ₁ (m)	227.4	K _{SP}	1.01	V ₁ (m/s)	1.04
B ₂ (m)	43.1	L _c (m)	28.65	V ₂ (m/s)	3.79
γ (kg/m³)	9810	L _p (m)	14.02	V _c (m/s)	3.53
g (m/s ²)	9.81	n	0.042	ż _{i(C)} (mm/hr)	66.82
θ (degrees)	10.2	n _b	2	ż _{i(P)} (mm/hr)	56.41
H ₁ (m)	1.63	$\rho (kg/m^3)$	1000	$Z_{max(C)}(m)$	2.26
H ₂ (m)	2.37	P (m)	230.5	$Z_{c}(\Delta t)$ (m)	2.24
H _{2Δ} (m)	2.37	R _e	3227832	Z _{max(P)} (m)	2.47
k _α	1.00	R _h (m)	2	$Z_{P}(\Delta t)$ (m)	2.28
k _θ	1.03	S (m)	18	$Z_c(\Delta t)$ (ft)	7.35
k _{Lc}	0.93	Δt (yr)	100	$Z_{P}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	7.49
k _r	7.60	t _{e(C)} (hr)	3213.9	$Z_{tot}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	14.84

SEE NOTE 4 FOR MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH EXPLANATION

Design Event	event Contraction Scour		Total Scour (ft)	Design Scour (ft)	
50-year	6.47	7.44	13.91	2.0	
100-year (check)	7.35	7.49	14.84	2.0	

SEE NOTE 4 FOR MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH EXPLANATION



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NOTES:

- 1. THE SCOUR CALCULATIONS SHOWN ASSUME AN INFINITELY DEEP SOIL LAYER.IN CASES WHERE THERE IS A FINITE ERODIBLE LAYER THICKNESS, MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH IS CONFINED TO THE DEPTH OF THAT LAYER. A LAYER OF NON-ERODIBLE LIMESTONE EXISTS AT ELEVATION 1030.00 FEET, WHICH IS APPROXIMATELY 2.0 FEET BELOW CURRENT CHANNEL BOTTOM (ASSUMING A LINEAR TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL BORINGS).
- 2. HEADWATER ELEVATIONS DETERMINED AT UPSTREAM BOUNDING CROSS SECTION 2208.
- 3. THE SRICOS-EFA METHOD OF SCOUR EVALUATION WAS USED PER TXDOT GUIDANCE BECAUSE COHESIVE SOILS ARE PRESENT AT THE BRIDGE SITE.
 CALCULATIONS WERE PERFORMED USING TXDOT'S SRICOS ANALYSIS SPREADSHEET (REV 10-21-2020).
- 4. MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH IS LIMITED BY PRESENCE OF NON-ERODIBLE LIMESTONE LAYER APPROXIMATELY TWO FEET BELOW CHANNEL BOTTOM.
- 5. SEE "STATE HIGHWAY 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK AND DUFFAU CREEK HYDRAULIC REPORT" DATED 07/01/2024 FOR MORE INFORMATION.



Jacobs

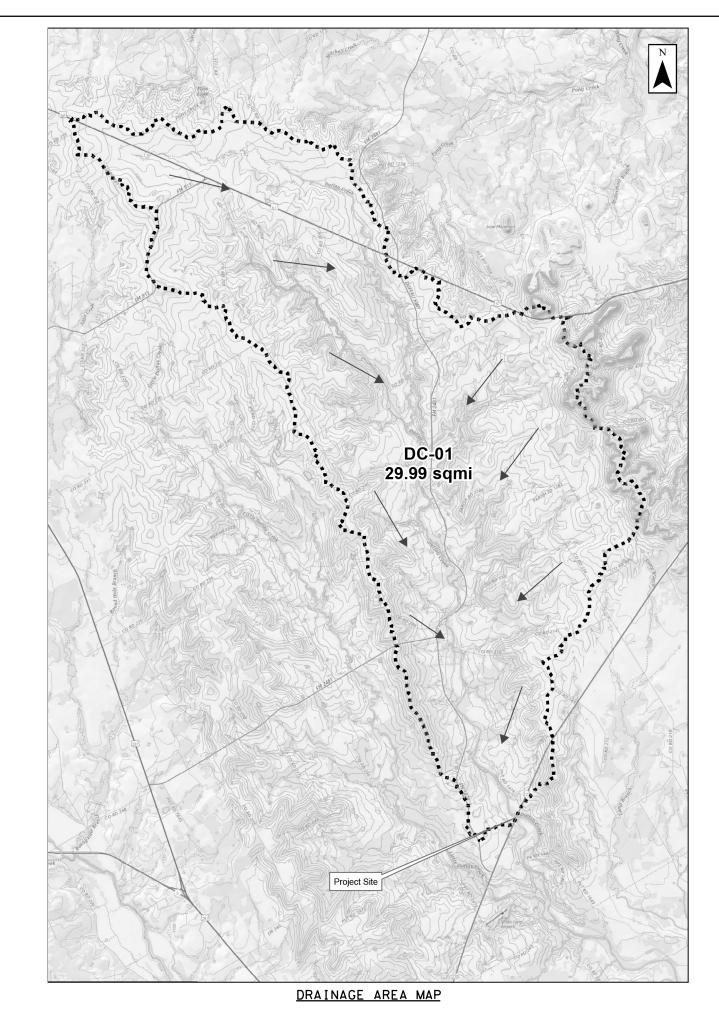
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Texas Department of Transportation
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SH 220

AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK
BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET
SCOUR ENVELOPE

SCALE: 1	"=100' (H)	, 1″=10′	(V)	SHEET	7 OF 7
DESIGN EB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	SH 220		
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUN	TY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS EB	TEXAS	FTW	ERA	TH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	3	99
JC	0467	02	020,	ETC.	



HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

WATERSHED NAME	SOURCE	AREA (SQ MI)	TC (MIN)	LAG TIME (MIN)	CN	Q2	Q5	Q10	Q25	Q50	Q100
DUFFAU CREEK	SCS 24-HR FLOWS	29.99	477	286	82	4166	6447	8390	11177	13347	15637
(DC-01)	OMEGA EM REGRESSION	29.99	-	-	-	1171	2496	3570	5314	6864	8737

STORM FREQUENCY (YR)		2	5	10	25	50	100
Pd (IN)	24 HOUR DURATION	3.68	4.76	5.72	7.10	8.21	9.40

NOTES:

- 1. RUNOFF COMPUTATIONS PERFORMED USING HEC-HMS 4.8 AND COMPARED TO TXDOT OMEGA REGRESSION RESULTS.

 6. TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC) WAS COMPUTED USING THE KERBY-KIRPLOTH METHOD. LAG TIME = 0.6**THE =
- 2. WEIGHTED CURVE NUMBER & TIME OF CONCENTRATION PARAMETERS DETERMINED USING ARCGIS WATERSHED MODEL.
- 3. THE RAINFALL DEPTHS IN INCHES WERE TAKEN FROM THE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATOR'S (NOAA'S) NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL DESIGN STUDIES CENTER PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY DATA SERVER (PFDS) NOAA ATLAS 14 POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES FOR TEXAS.
- 4. RAINFALL WAS MODELED USING HEC-HMS FREQUENCY STORMS WITH MAXIMUM DEPTHS PROVIDED FOR 15-MINUTE TO 24-HOUR EVENT DURATIONS.
- 5. RUNOFF VOLUME WAS COMPUTED USING THE SCS CURVE NUMBER LOSS MODEL.

- 7. THE SCS UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 METHOD WAS USED TO DEVELOP DISCHARGE HYDROGRAPH.
- 8. PS&E SCS CALCULATED FLOWS
 WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN
 ANALYSIS OF THE 2-YR, 5-YR
 10-YR, 25-YR, 50-YR, & 100-YR
 STORM FREQUENCIES BASED ON
 THEIR CONSISTENCIES WITH
 METHODOLOGIES OUTLINED IN THE
 TXDOT HDM. SEE "PRELIMINARY
 DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SH 220 AT
 DUFFAU CREEK".
- 9. ERATH COUNTY FPA (MICKI BELL) WAS NOTIFIED OF THE PROJECT ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2021 AND WILL BE PROVIDED A COPY OF THE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT.

REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER BASIN LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)
- 3. SITE IS LOCATED ON FEMA FIRM
 PANEL 48143COGOOD FOR ERATH CO.
 & UNINCORPORATED AREAS, DATED
 NOVEMBER 16, 2011, ZONE A





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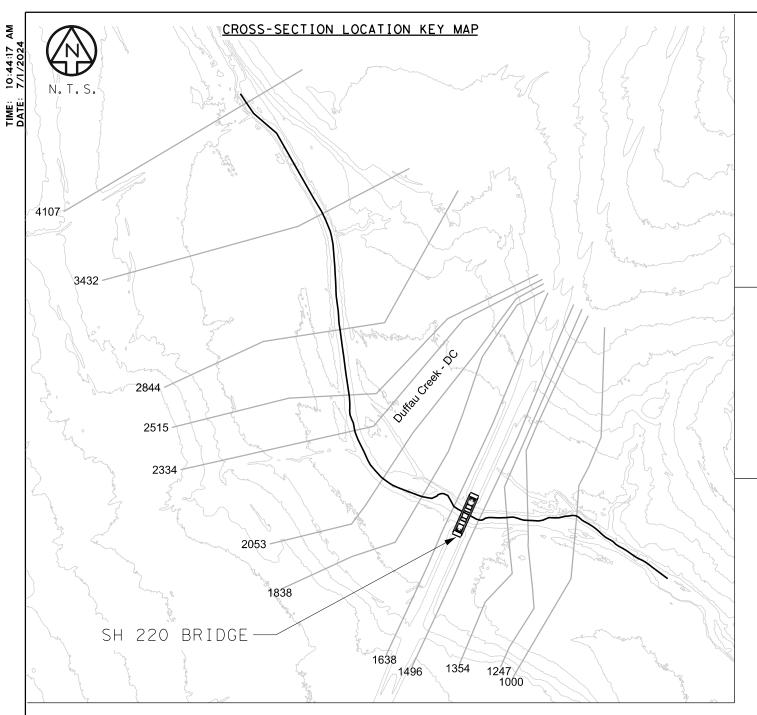
SH 220

AT DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SCALE: N.T.S.

SHEET 1 OF 7

DESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	100
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.	



NOTES:

- 1. USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.
- THIS SITE IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE
 "A" AS SHOWN IN PANELS 48143CO600D.
 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN WIDTHS ARE
 COMPARABLE.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
- 5. SCHEMATIC SCS CALCULATED FLOWS WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN ANALYSIS OF THE 25-YR STORM FREQUENCY & THE CHECK OF THE 100-YR STORM FREQUENCY BASED ON THEIR CONSISTENCIES WITH METHODOLOGIES OUTLINED IN THE TXDOT HDM. SEE "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK".

NOTES CONTINUED:

- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK" FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. ERATH COUNTY FPA (MICKI BELL) WAS NOTIFIED OF THE PROJECT ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2021 AND WILL BE PROVIDED A COPY OF THE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT.

REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)

STORM FREQUENCY (YR)	2	5	10	25	50	100
NORMAL DEPTH D/S BOUNDARY (FT/FT)	0.00362	0.00362	0.00362	0.00362	0.00362	0.00362



HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

		DI	SIGN FREQ	UENCY 25-	YR		CHECK FREQUENCY 100-YR					
HEC-RAS RIVER STA	FLOWS (CFS)	COMPUTED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT) VELOCIT		IES (FPS)	FLOWS (CFS)	COMPUTED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FT)			VELOCITIES (FPS)			
	(Cl 3)	EXIST	PROP	RISE	EXIST	PROP	(CF3)	EXIST	PROP	RISE	EXIST	PROP
4107	11177	1062.07	1062.07	0.00	12.21	12.21	15637	1062.89	1062.89	0.00	14.55	14.55
3432	11177	1060.01	1060.01	0.00	10.87	10.87	15637	1060.96	1060.99	0.03	11.21	11.14
2844	11177	1058.27	1058.34	0.07	9.75	9.49	15637	1060.46	1060.50	0.04	6.88	6.82
2515	11177	1057.81	1057.92	0.11	7.58	7.33	15637	1060.25	1060.29	0.04	5.64	5.60
2334	11177	1057.44	1057.60	0.16	8.02	7.67	15637	1060.11	1060.16	0.05	5.91	5.86
2053	11177	1057.23	1057.40	0.17	6.93	6.64	15637	1060.00	1060.04	0.04	5.45	5.40
1838	11177	1057.11	1057.29	0.18	5.81	5.58	15637	1059.93	1059.97	0.04	4.83	4.80
1638 (ROW)	11177	1056.29	1056.53	0.24	8.32	8.07	15637	1059.10	1059.16	0.06	8.40	8.36
1569					SH2	220 Bridge	at Duffau Cr	reek				
1496 (ROW)	11177	1052.95	1052.95	0.00	14.11	14.10	15637	1054.59	1054.59	0.00	15.48	15.47
1354	11177	1052.85	1052.87	0.02	12.45	12.39	15637	1053.67	1053.67	0.00	14.06	14.05
1247	11177	1051.51	1051.52	0.01	11.93	11.89	15637	1052.15	1052.15	0.00	13.48	13.48
1000	11177	1050.16	1050.16	0.00	10.20	10.20	15637	1051.21	1051.21	0.00	10.94	10.94



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SH 220

AT DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SCALE: IN	1.1.3.		SHEET	2 OF 7
DESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	SH 220	
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	101
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.	

REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)

NOTES:

- USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.
- 2. THIS SITE IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE
 "A" AS SHOWN IN PANELS
 48143C0600D. 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 WIDTHS ARE COMPARABLE.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
- 5. SCHEMATIC SCS CALCULATED FLOWS
 WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN ANALYSIS
 OF THE 25-YR STORM FREQUENCY & THE
 CHECK OF THE 100-YR STORM
 FREQUENCY BASED ON THEIR
 CONSISTENCIES WITH METHODOLOGIES
 OUTLINED IN THE TXDOT HOM. SEE
 "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR
 SU 220 AT DIFFERAL DESER" SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK".
- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT
 "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR
 SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK" FOR
 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. ERATH COUNTY FPA (MICKI BELL) WAS NOTIFIED OF THE PROJECT ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2021 AND WILL BE PROVIDED A COPY OF THE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT.



Jacobs

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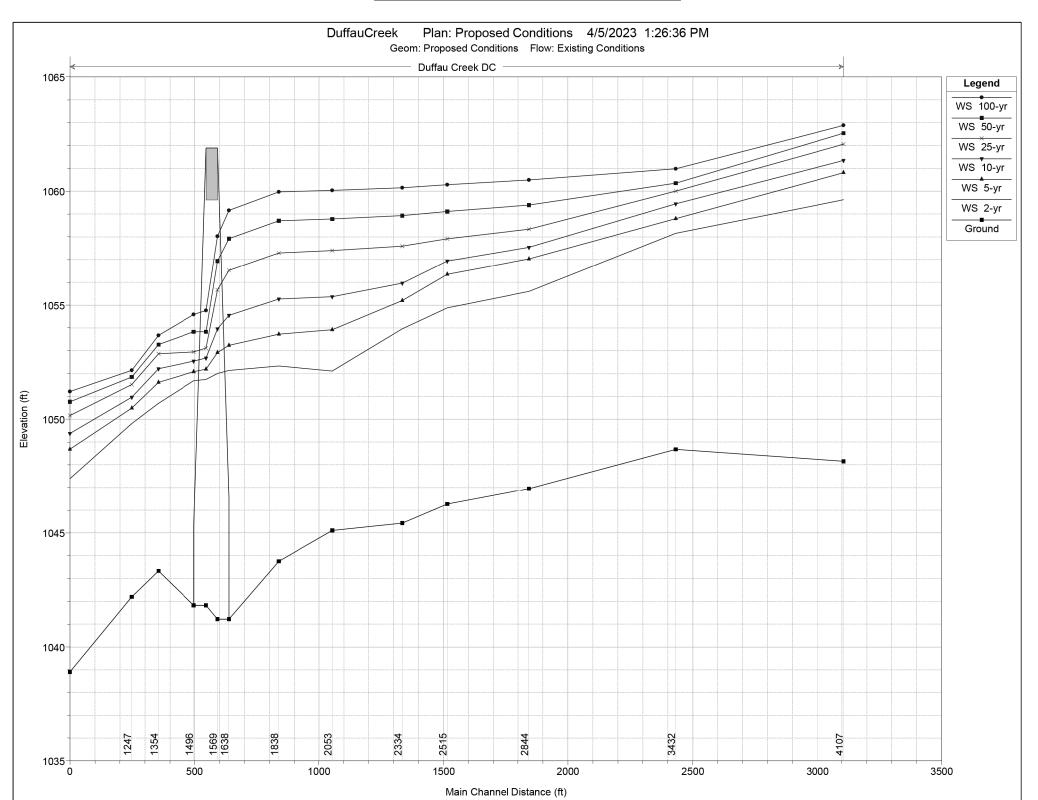


SH 220

AT DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

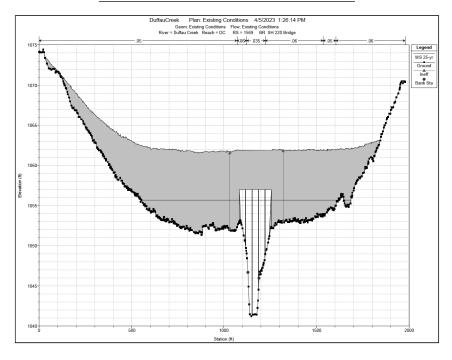
SCALE: N	.T.S.		SHEET	3 OF 7				
DESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER					
CHECK	6	(Se	SH 220					
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
GRAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH					
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	102				
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.					

PROPOSED DESIGN PROFILE DUFFAU CREEK

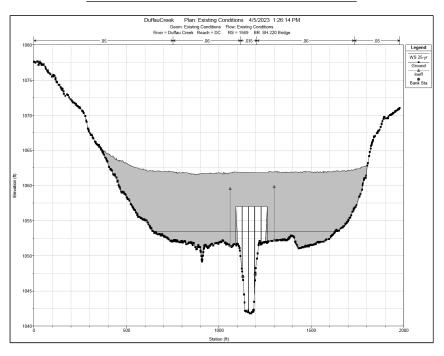


EXISTING DESIGN STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 1569 BR UPSTREAM

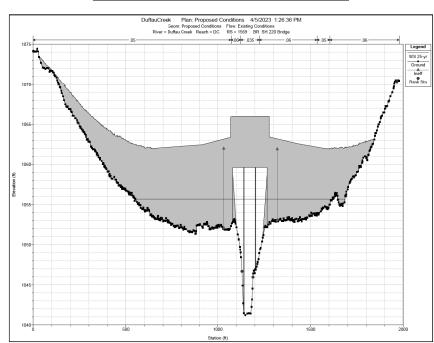


HEC-RAS SECTION STA 1569 BR DOWNSTREAM

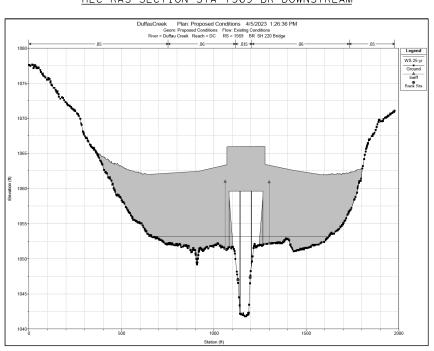


PROPOSED DESIGN STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 1569 BR UPSTREAM



HEC-RAS SECTION STA 1569 BR DOWNSTREAM



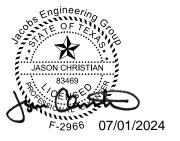
NOTES:

REFERENCES:

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- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT
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Texas Department of Transportation

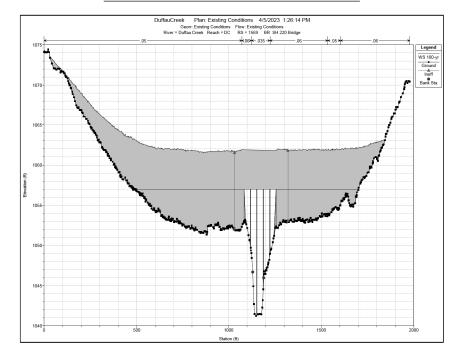
SH 220

AT DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

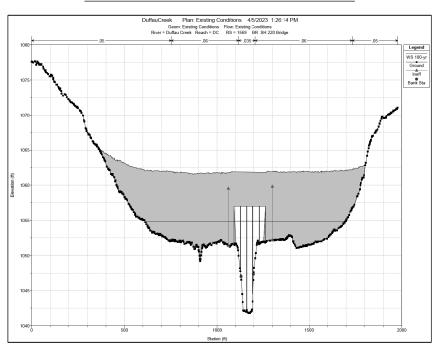
CALE: N	I.T.S.	SHEET 4 OF 7				
DESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.			
CHECK	6	(Se	SH 220			
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
RAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH			
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	103		
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.			

EXISTING CHECK STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 1569 BR UPSTREAM

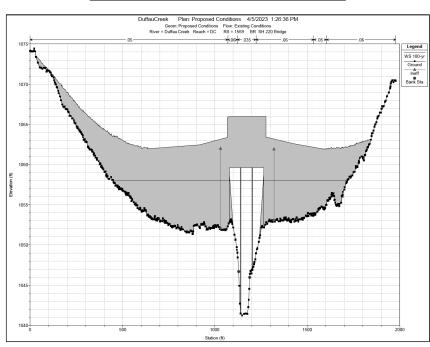


HEC-RAS SECTION STA 1569 BR DOWNSTREAM

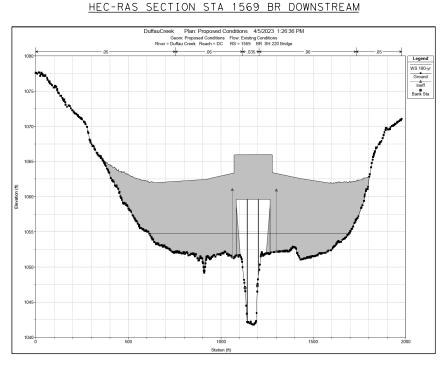


PROPOSED CHECK STREAM CROSS-SECTION STATE HIGHWAY 220

HEC-RAS SECTION STA 1569 BR UPSTREAM



IEC DAS SECTION STA 15CO DE DOWNSTDEAM



NOTES:

REFERENCES:

1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)

2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)

- USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.
- 2. THIS SITE IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE
 "A" AS SHOWN IN PANELS
 48143C0600D. 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 WIDTHS ARE COMPARABLE.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
- 5. SCHEMATIC SCS CALCULATED FLOWS WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN ANALYSIS OF THE 25-YR STORM FREQUENCY & THE CHECK OF THE 100-YR STORM FREQUENCY BASED ON THEIR CONSISTENCIES WITH METHODOLOGIES OUTLINED IN THE TXDOT HDM. SEE "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK".
- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK" FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. ERATH COUNTY FPA (MICKI BELL) WAS NOTIFIED OF THE PROJECT ON SEPTEMBER 8, 2021 AND WILL BE PROVIDED A COPY OF THE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT.





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SH 220

AT DUFFAU CREEK
BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

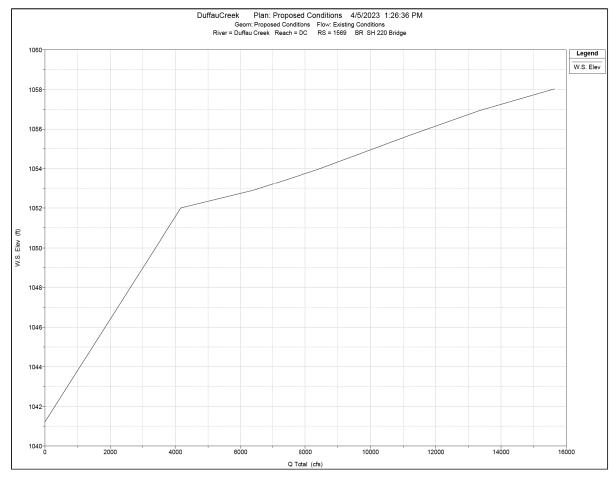
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DECTON			EED

SHEET **5** OF **7**

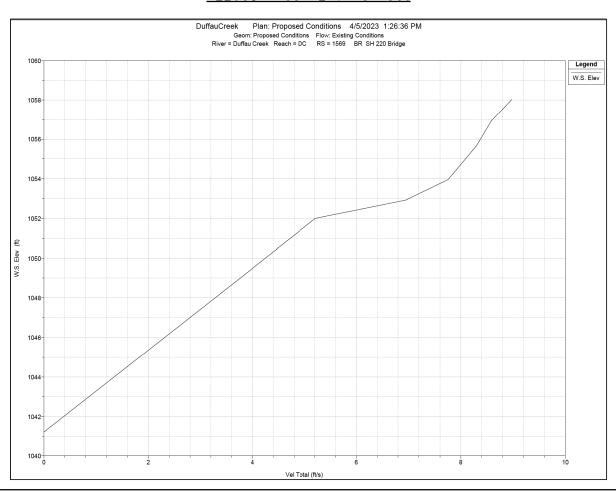
ESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
RAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	104
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.] · · ·

\DR\Sht\021DHDO5.sht

CONVEYANCE CURVE @ RS 1569



VELOCITY CURVE @ RS 1569



REFERENCES:

- 1. TXDOT'S HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019)
- 2. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA SOURCES (TNRIS 2016 BRAZOS RIVER LIDAR & SURVEY SITE TOPO)

NOTES:

- USACE HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3.1 UTILIZED FOR THE ANALYSIS.
- 2. THIS SITE IS DESIGNATED AS A ZONE
 "A" AS SHOWN IN PANELS
 48143C0600D. 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 WIDTHS ARE COMPARABLE.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ARE ESTABLISHED FROM THE NORMAL DEPTH. THERE ARE NO KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS.
- 5. SCHEMATIC SCS CALCULATED FLOWS
 WERE USED FOR THE DESIGN ANALYSIS
 OF THE 25-YR STORM FREQUENCY & THE
 CHECK OF THE 100-YR STORM
 FREQUENCY BASED ON THEIR
 CONSISTENCIES WITH METHODOLOGIES
 OUTLINED IN THE TXDOT HDM. SEE
 "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR
 SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK".
- 6. REFER TO THE H&H REPORT
 "PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR
 SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK" FOR
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SH 220

AT DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

CALE: N	1.1.5.		SHEET	6 OF /		
DESIGN GD	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER			
CHECK	6	(Se	SH 220			
JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
RAPHICS RS	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH			
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	105		
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.			

1,000

CR 220 at DUFFAU CREEK					
100-YEAR SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD FREQUENCY					
Pier Shape	round	k_{sh}	1.15	t _{e(P)} (hr)	246.7
α (degrees)	0	k _{sp}	1.00	$τ_c$ (Pa)	0.78
a (m)	0.9144	k _w	1.05	τ _{i(C)} (Pa)	144.6
a' (m)	0.91	K _W	1.00	τ _{i(P)} (Pa)	45.9
A ₁ (m ²)	479	K _{SH}	1.00	$v (m^2/s)$	1.00E-06
B ₁ (m)	366.9	K _{SP}	1.01	V ₁ (m/s)	0.92
B ₂ (m)	53.2	L _c (m)	35.05	V ₂ (m/s)	2.74
$\gamma (kg/m^3)$	9810	L _p (m)	14.02	V _c (m/s)	3.53
g (m/s ²)	9.81	n	0.042	ż _{i(C)} (mm/hr)	223.82
θ (degrees)	7	n _b	2	ż _{i(P)} (mm/hr)	69.29
H ₁ (m)	1.3	ρ (kg/m ³)	1000	Z _{max(C)} (m)	1.73
H ₂ (m)	3.04	P (m)	368.8	$Z_{C}(\Delta t)$ (m)	1.71
H _{2Δ} (m)	3.04	R _e	3227832	Z _{max(P)} (m)	2.46
k_{α}	1.00	R _h (m)	1	$Z_P(\Delta t)$ (m)	2.15
k_{θ}	1.02	S (m)	20	$Z_{C}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	5.62
k _{Lc}	0.90	Δt (yr)	100	$Z_P(\Delta t)$ (ft)	7.05
k _r	11.77	t _{e(C)} (hr)	906.2	$Z_{tot}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	12.67

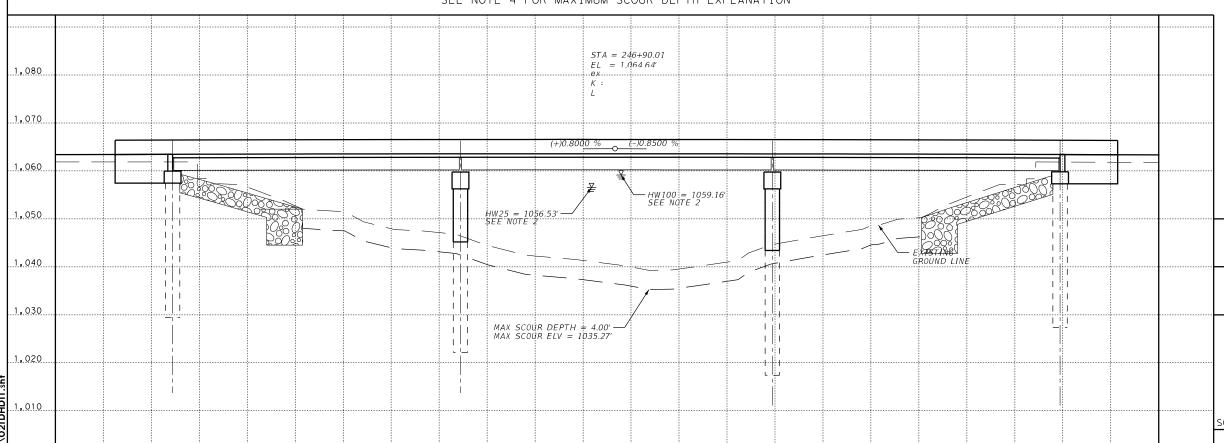
SEE NOTE 4 FOR MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH EXPLANATION

CR 220 at DUFFAU CREEK							
50-YEAR SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD FREQUENCY							
Pier Shape	round	k_{sh}	1.15	t _{e(P)} (hr)	208.3		
α (degrees)	0	k_{sp}	1.00	$τ_c$ (Pa)	0.78		
a (m)	0.9144	k _w	1.44	τ _{i(C)} (Pa)	229.2		
a' (m)	0.91	K _W	1.00	τ _{i(P)} (Pa)	81.5		
A ₁ (m ²)	255.3	K _{SH}	1.00	v (m²/s)	0.000001		
B ₁ (m)	310.7	K _{SP}	1.01	V ₁ (m/s)	1.24		
B ₂ (m)	51.2	L _c (m)	35.05	V ₂ (m/s)	2.62		
γ (kg/m³)	9810	L _p (m)	14.02	V _c (m/s)	0.52		
g (m/s ²)	9.81	n	0.04	ż _{i(C)} (mm/hr)	356.28		
θ (degrees)	5.8	n _b	2	ż _{i(P)} (mm/hr)	125.03		
H ₁ (m)	0.82	ρ (kg/m³)	1000	Z _{max(C)} (m)	1.31		
H ₂ (m)	2.82	P (m)	312.5	$Z_{C}(\Delta t)$ (m)	1.30		
H _{2Δ} (m)	2.82	$R_{\rm e}$	475488	Z _{max(P)} (m)	0.73		
k _α	1.00	R _h (m)	1	$Z_P(\Delta t)$ (m)	0.71		
k _θ	1.01	S (m)	20	$Z_{C}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	4.28		
k _{Lc}	0.92	Δt (yr)	100	$Z_P(\Delta t)$ (ft)	2.33		
k _r	9.54	t _{e(C)} (hr)	635.4	$Z_{tot}(\Delta t)$ (ft)	6.60		

SEE NOTE 4 FOR MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH EXPLANATION

Design Event	Contraction Scour (ft)	Pier Scour (ft)	Total Scour (ft)	Design Scour (ft)	
50-year	4.28	2.33	6.60	4.0	
100-year (check)	5.62	7.05	12.67	4.0	

SEE NOTE 4 FOR MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH EXPLANATION



NOTES:

- 1. THE SCOUR CALCULATIONS SHOWN ASSUME AN INFINITELY DEEP SOIL LAYER. IN CASES WHERE THERE IS A FINITE ERODIBLE LAYER THICKNESS, MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH IS CONFINED TO THE DEPTH OF THAT LAYER. A LAYER OF NON-ERODIBLE LIMESTONE EXISTS AT ELEVATION 1041.22 FEET, WHICH IS APPROXIMATELY 4.0 FEET BELOW CURRENT CHANNEL BOTTOM (ASSUMING A LINEAR TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL BORINGS).
- 2. HEADWATER ELEVATIONS DETERMINED AT UPSTREAM BOUNDING CROSS SECTION
- 3. THE SRICOS-EFA METHOD OF SCOUR EVALUATION WAS USED PER TXDOT GUIDANCE BECAUSE COHESIVE SOILS ARE PRESENT AT THE BRIDGE SITE. CALCULATIONS WERE PERFORMED USING TXDOT'S SRICOS ANALYSIS SPREADSHEET (REV 10-21-2020).
- 4. MAXIMUM SCOUR DEPTH IS LIMITED BY PRESENCE OF NON-ERODIBLE LIMESTONE LAYER APPROXIMATELY FOUR FEET BELOW CHANNEL BOTTOM.
- SEE "STATE HIGHWAY 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK AND DUFFAU CREEK HYDRAULIC REPORT" DATED 07/01/2024 FOR MORE INFORMATION.



Jacobs

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SH 220

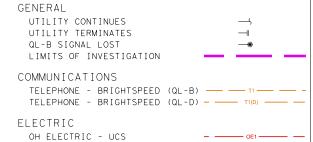
AT DUFFAU CREEK BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET

SCALE: 1	″=100′ (H)	, 1″=10′	(V) SHEET	7 OF 7
DESIGN EB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
CHECK	6	(Se	e Title Sheet)	SH 220
 JC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS EB	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	106
JC	0467	02	020, ETC.	





LEGEND OF UTILITY TYPES



PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY. NOT FOR PERMITTING, BIDDING, OR CONSTRUCTION. Prepared by or under the Direct Supervision of DAKOTA SMITH, P.E. 133272 2/7/2024

LAMB-3801 PJ FRISCO, TEXAS

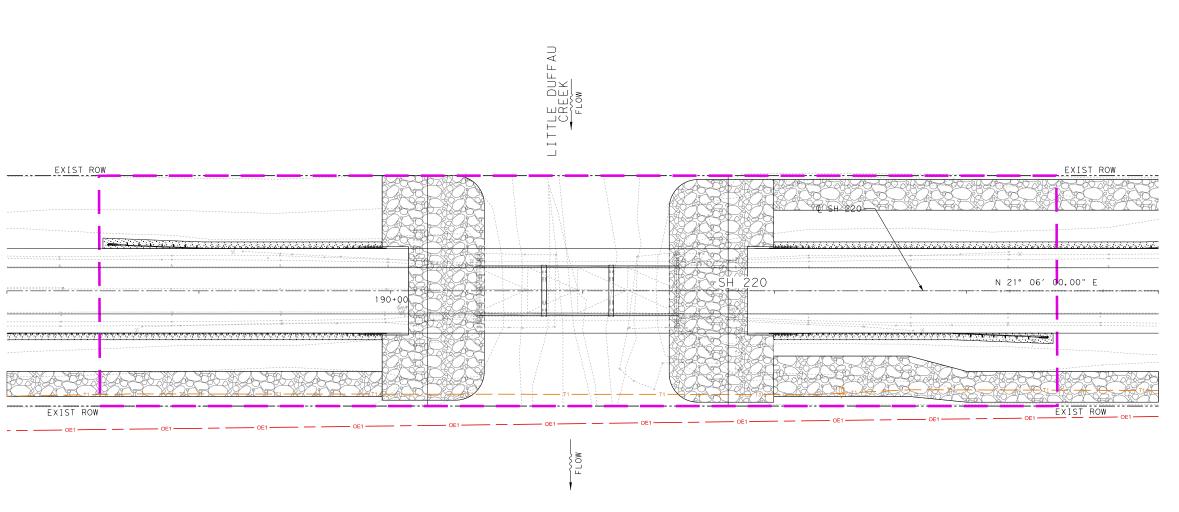
LAMB-STAR ENGINEERING, L.L.C. 3801 PARKWOOD BLVD, SUITE 550 FRISCO, TEXAS 75034 (214) 440-3600 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-9073

Texas Department of Transportation
© 2022

SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS

SCALE: 1"=50' (H) SHEET 1 OF 1									
DESIGN BWG	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	. AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.					
CHECK	6	(See Title Sheet)	SH 220					
DWS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
GRAPHICS BWG	TEXAS	FW	ERATH						
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	107					
DWS	0467	02	020, ETC.	101					



UTILITY OWNER	UTILITY TYPE	NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMA I L
BRIGHTSPEED	COMMUNICATIONS	JAMES CARTER	254-690-9352	JAMES.W.CARTER@BRIGHTSPEED.COM
UCS	ELECTRIC	JESSE WHITT	254-918-6164	JESSE@UCS.NET

UTILITY QUALITY LEVELS

(OBTAINED FROM ASCE PUBLICATION CI/ASCE STANDARD 38-02)

- 1. UTILITY QUALITY LEVEL D (QL D): INFORMATION DERIVED FROM EXISTING RECORDS OR ORAL RECOLLECTIONS.
- 2. UTILITY QUALITY LEVEL C (QL C): INFORMATION OBTAINED BY SURVEYING AND PLOTTING VISIBLE ABOVE-GROUND UTILITY FEATURES AND BY USING PROFESSIONAL JUDGEMENT IN CORRELATING THIS INFORMATION TO QUALITY LEVEL D INFORMATION.
- 3. UTILITY QUALITY LEVEL B (QL B): INFORMATION OBTAINED THROUGH THE APPLICATION OF APPROPRIATE SURFACE GEOPHYSICAL METHODS
 TO DETERMINE THE EXISTENCE AND APPROXIMATE HORIZONTAL POSITION OF SUBSURFACE UTILITIES. QUALITY LEVEL B DATA SHOULD BE
 REPRODUCIBLE BY SURFACE GEOPHYSICS AT ANY POINT OF THEIR DEPICTION. THIS INFORMATION IS SURVEYED TO APPLICABLE TOLERANCES
 DEFINED BY THE PROJECT AND REDUCED ONTO PLAN DOCUMENTS.
- 4. UTILITY QUALITY LEVEL A (QL A): PRECISE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATION OF UTILITIES OBTAINED BY THE ACTUAL EXPOSURE (OR VERIFICATION OF PREVIOUSLY EXPOSED AND SURVEYED UTILITIES) AND SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT OF SUBSURFACE UTILITIES, USUALLY AT A SPECIFIC POINT. MINIMALLY INTRUSIVE EXCAVATION EQUIPMENT IS TYPICALLY USED TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR UTILITY DAMAGE. A PRECISE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATION, AS WELL AS OTHER UTILITY ATTRIBUTES, IS SHOWN ON PLAN DOCUMENTS. ACCURACY IS TYPICALLY SET TO 15-MM VERTICAL AND TO APPLICABLE HORIZONTAL SURVEY AND MAPPING ACCURACY AS DEFINED OR EXPECTED BY THE PROJECT OWNER.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE UTILITIES DEPICTED WERE INVESTIGATED BY LAMB-STAR ENGINEERING, ALL OTHER PLAN INFORMATION, NOTABLY THE BACKGROUND INFORMATION WAS PROVIDED BY OTHERS AND LAMB-STAR ENGINEERING DISCLAIMS RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.
- 2. EXISTING SUBSURFACE UTILITY INVESTIGATIONS WERE COMPLETED ON 10/21/2021. LAMB-STAR ENGINEERING EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUE DATA PROVIDED BY OTHERS AND NEW UTILITY INSTALLATIONS OR MODIFICATIONS, AND ADJUSTMENTS TO EXISTING UTILITIES AFTER THE COMPLETION DATE.
- 3. UTILITY LOCATIONS ON THESE DRAWINGS ARE INTENDED FOR DESIGN PURPOSES AND NOT CONSTRUCTION. THEY REFLECT SUBSURFACE UTILITIES AT THE TIME SURVEYED. CALL TEXAS 811 FOR UTILITY LOCATIONS 48-HOURS PRIOR TO ANY WORK.
- 4. UTILITIES ON THESE DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED TO ASCE STANDARD 38-02. QUALITY LEVEL D INFORMATION IS SHOWN AS NOTED IN THE LEGEND.
- 5. UTILITIES ON THESE DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED TO ASCE STANDARD 38-02, QUALITY LEVEL C INFORMATION IS SHOWN AS NOTED IN THE LEGEND.
- 6. UTILITY LINES WERE DESIGNATED WHERE POSSIBLE. HOWEVER, SOME SERVICE LINES ARE CONSTRUCTED OF NON-CONDUCTIVE MATERIAL AND UTILITY COMPANY DRAWINGS DO NOT SHOW SERVICE LINE LOCATIONS. THEREFORE, NOT ALL SERVICE LINES MAY BE SHOWN.
- 7. UTILITIES SHOWN OUTSIDE OF LIMITS OF INVESTIGATION ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY. THESE UTILITIES ARE SHOWN FOR GENERAL INFORMATION USE DURING UTILITY COORDINATION, BUT THEY HAVE NOT BEEN VERIFIED AS BEING COMPLETE OR ACCURATE.

LEGEND OF UTILITY SYMBOLS

COMMUNICATIONS

TELEPHONE PEDESTAL UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE MARKER

ELECTRIC

POWER POLE POWER POLE WITH RISER

GENERAL

UTILITY CONTINUES
UTILITY TERMINATES
QL-B SIGNAL LOST
LIMITS OF INVESTIGATION



COMMUNICATIONS

TELEPHONE - BRIGHTSPEED (QL-B) - TI - - TELEPHONE - BRIGHTSPEED (QL-D) - TI(D) - - TI(D)

LEGEND OF UTILITY TYPES

ELECTRIC

OH ELECTRIC - UCS





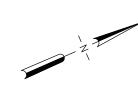
LAMB-STAR ENGINEERING, L.L.C. 3801 PARKWOOD BLVD, SUITE 550 FRISCO, TEXAS 75034 (214) 440-3600 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-9073



SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

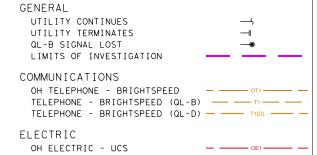
EXISTING UTILITY LEGEND AND NOTES

SCALE: 1	″=50′ (H)		SHEET	1 OF 1
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
BWG	6	(See Title Sheet)	SH 220
DWS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS BWG	TEXAS	FW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	108
DWS	0467	02	020. ETC.	. 50



O 25 50
SCALE IN FEET

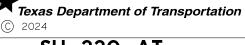
LEGEND OF UTILITY TYPES







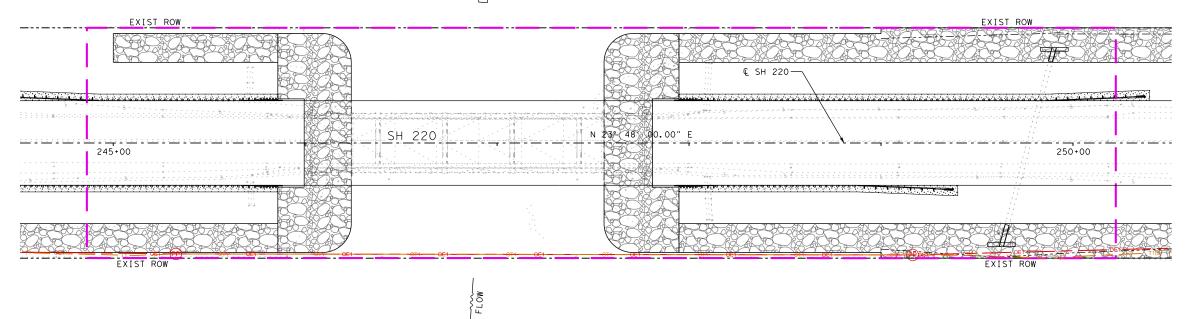
LAMB-STAR ENGINEERING, L.L.C. 3801 PARKWOOD BLVD, SUITE 550 FRISCO, TEXAS 75034 (214) 440-3600 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-9073



SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS

50	CALE: 1	"=50' (H)		SHEET	1 OF 1					
	DESIGN BWG	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER						
	CHECK	6	(See Title Sheet)	SH 220					
	DWS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
	RAPHICS BWG	TEXAS	FW	ERATH						
	CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	109					
	DWS	0467	02	021, ETC.	.0,					

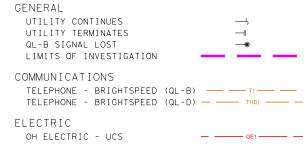


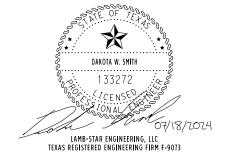
UTILITY OWNER	UTILITY TYPE	NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMA I L
BRIGHTSPEED	COMMUNICATIONS	JAMES CARTER	254-690-9352	JAMES. W. CARTER@BRIGHTSPEED. COM
UCS	ELECTRIC	JESSE WHITT	254-918-6164	JESSE@UCS. NET



O 25 50
SCALE IN FEET

LEGEND OF UTILITY TYPES







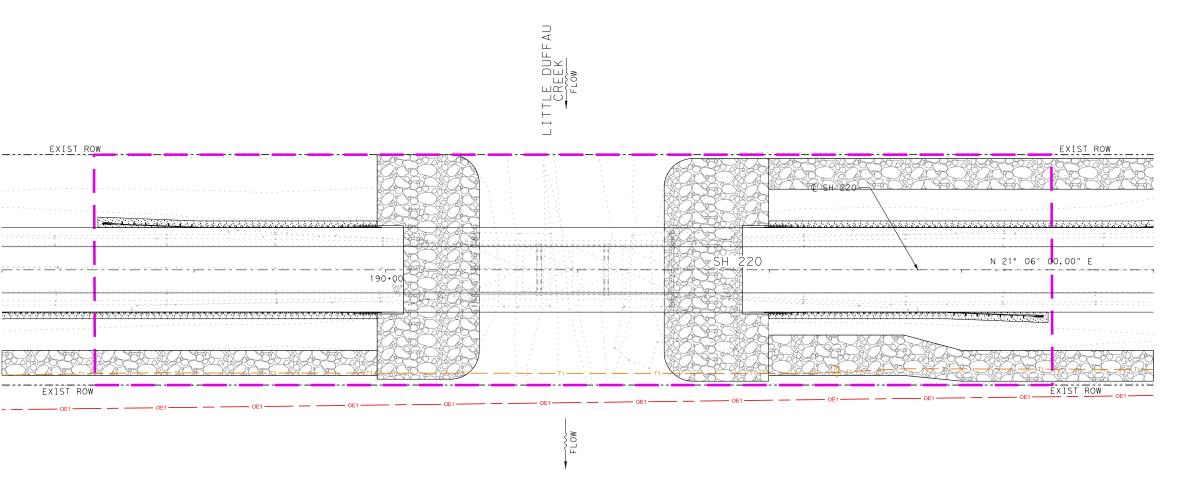
LAMB-STAR ENGINEERING, L.L.C. 3801 PARKWOOD BLVD, SUITE 550 FRISCO, TEXAS 75034 (214) 440-3600 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-9073



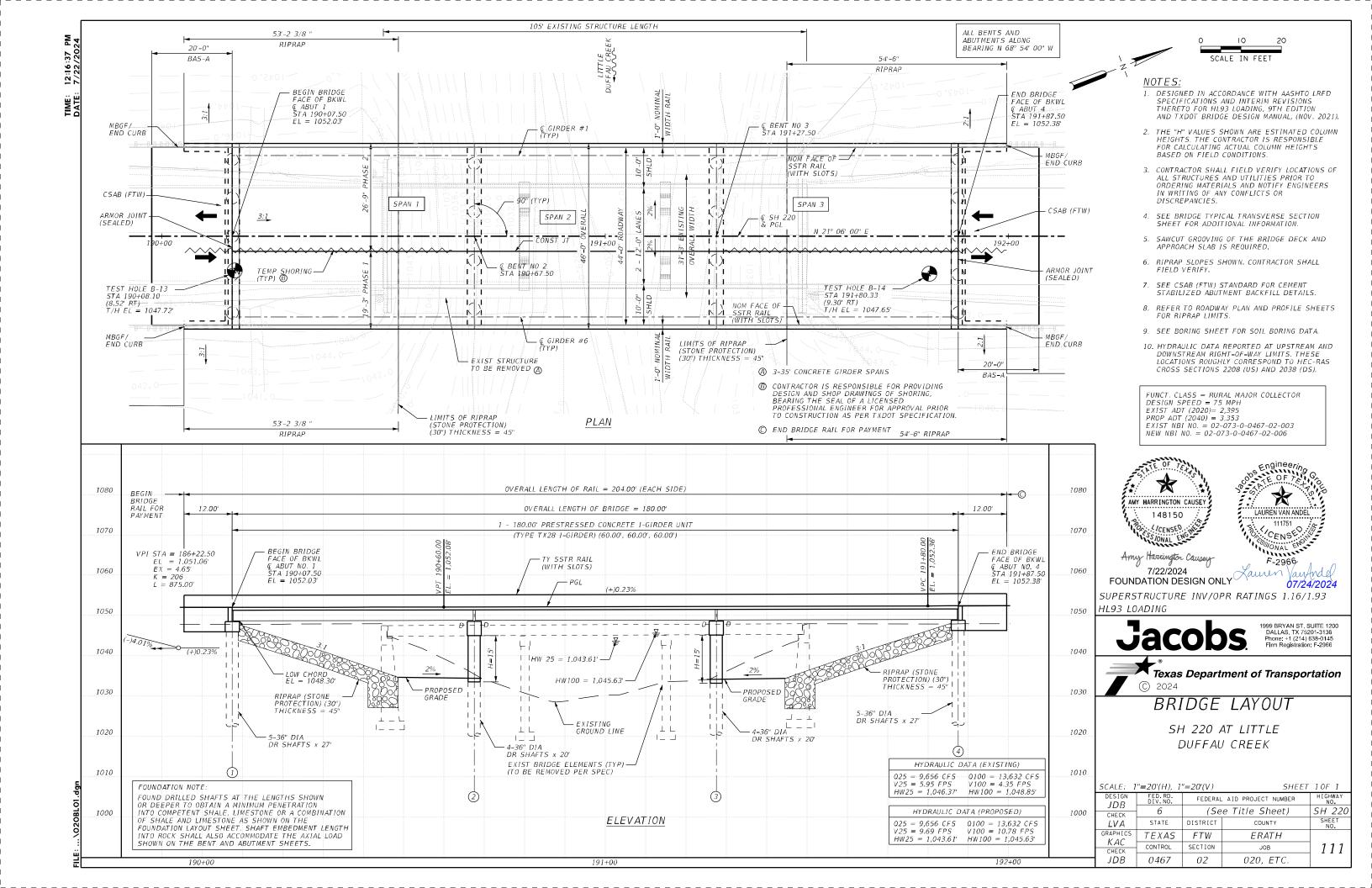
SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

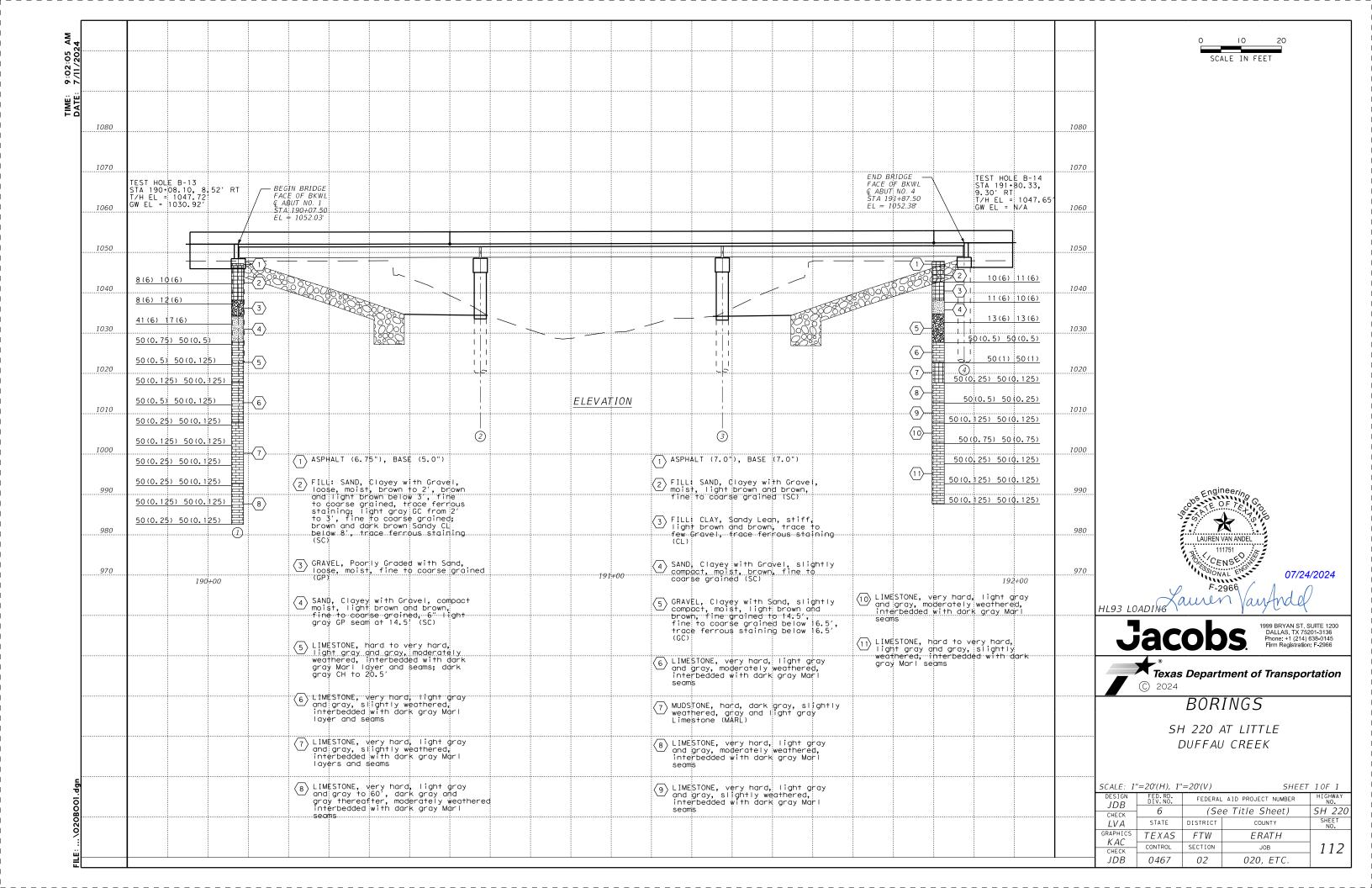
EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUTS

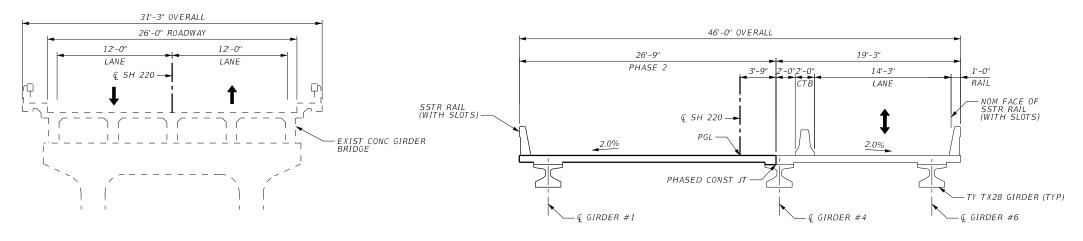
SCALE: 1	"=50' (H)		SHEET	1 OF 1
DESIGN BWG	FED.RD. FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER NO.			
CHECK	6	(See Title Sheet)	SH 220
DWS	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
GRAPHICS BWG	TEXAS	FW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	107
DWS	0467	02	020, ETC.	101



UTILITY OWNER	UTILITY TYPE	NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMA I L
BRIGHTSPEED	COMMUNICATIONS	JAMES CARTER	254-690-9352	JAMES.W.CARTER@BRIGHTSPEED.COM
UCS	ELECTRIC	JESSE WHITT	254-918-6164	JESSE@UCS.NET

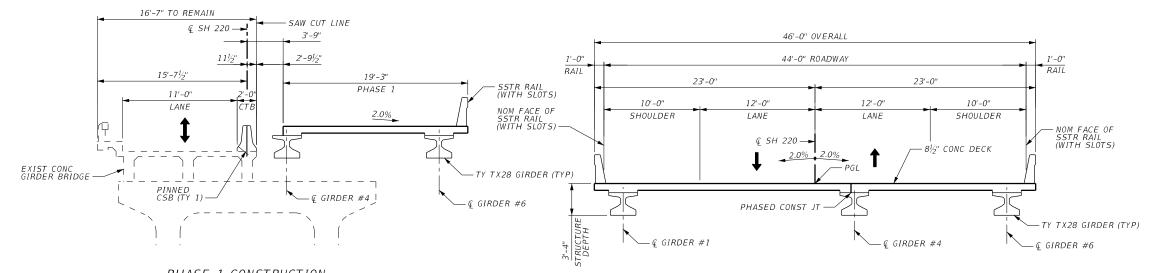






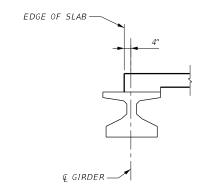
EXISTING TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION



PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION

FINAL TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION



PHASE CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



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BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS

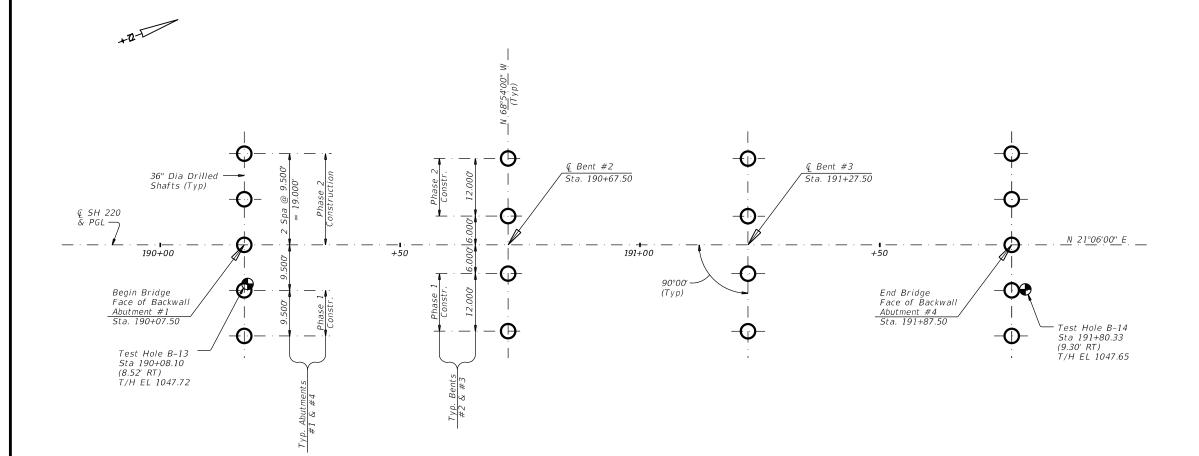
SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

CALE: N.T.S. SHEET 1 OF 1							
DESIGN	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.				
CHECK	SH 220						
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
RAPHICS KAC	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH				
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	113			
JDB	0467	02	020, ETC.				

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			ES	TIMATED	QUANTI	TIES						
	0400-7010	0416-7006	0420-7013	0420-7023	0420-7039	0422-7002	0422-7014	0425-7001	0432-7047	0450-7025	0454-7003	0496-7010
DESCRIPTIONS	Cem Stabil Bkfl	Drill Shaft (36 In)	① CL "C" Conc (Abut) (HPC)	① CL "C" Conc (Cap) (HPC)	CL "C" Conc (Column) (HPC)	Reinf Conc Slab (HPC)	Approach Slab (HPC)	Prestr Conc Girder (Tx28)	Riprap (Stone Protection) (30 In)	Rail (Ty SSTR) (HPC)	Armor Joint (Sealed)	Remov Str (Bridge 100-499 F Length)
	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	CY	LF	LF	EA
2 ~ Abutments	170	270	52.8	~	~	~	~	~	~	48.0	~	~
2 ~ Interior Bents	~	160	~	41.6	32.0	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1 ~ 180.00' Prestr Slab Beam Unit	~	~	~	~	~	8,280	~	1,071.00	~	360.0	84	~
TOTALS	170	430	52.8	41.6	32.0	8,280	70.6	1,071.00	2,420	408.0	84	1

① Quantity includes shear keys. See abutment details, interior bent details, and IGSK standard for shear key location, details, and notes.



GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition (2020).
See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes not shown.

See Abutment or Bent Details for top of Drilled Shaft Elevations. Top of shafts shown are to be used as basis of measurement. Lengths shown on layout are minimum

Drilled shafts are designed for point bearing and skin friction, and shall be founded at the elevations shown or deeper, to provide a minimum penetration as follows: Abut 1 = 6' into limestone, hard to very hard
Bent 2&3 = 9' into limestone, hard to very hard
Abut 4 = 6' into limestone, very hard

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 1

Fort Worth Bridge Design



7/12/2024

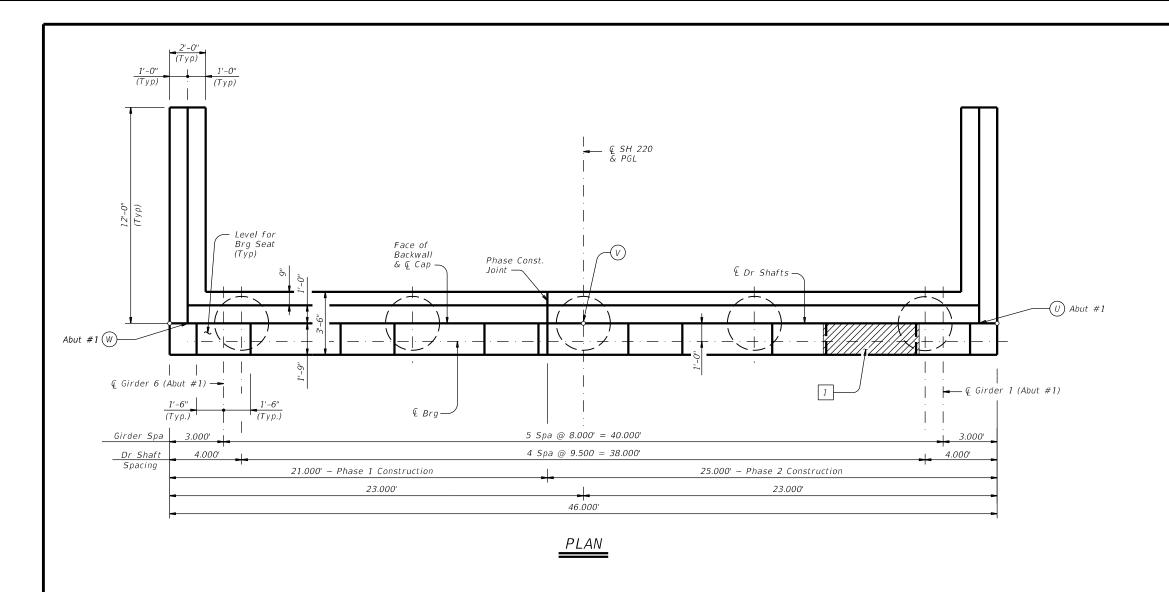
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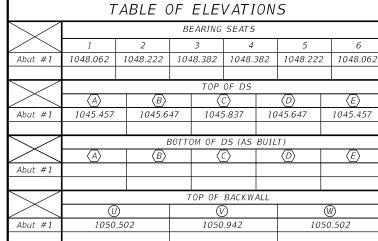


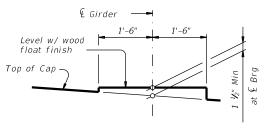
EST. QUANTITIES AND FOUNDATION LAYOUT

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

	DN: AC		ск: МР	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC		
T 07-12-24	CONT	SECT JOB			ніс	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.		Sh	SH 220		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	FTW	ERATH			114			

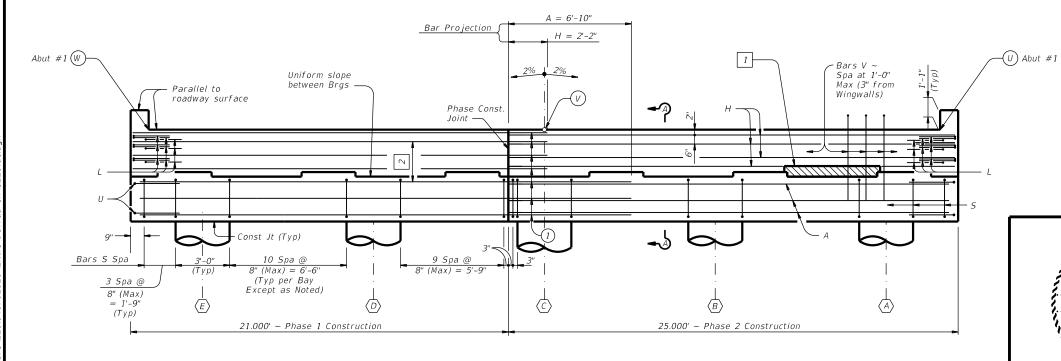






BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad)



ELEVATION

(Abut #1 ~ Looking Backward)

- If contractor opts to use mechanical couplers, then extend bars 1-0" into Phase 2 Construction. If mechanical couplers are not used, then reinforcement shall project as shown on details.
- 1 Abut #1 (Looking Backward) Only: Shear Key required in between Girders #1 and #2. See "IGSK" standard for details.
- 2 3 Spa @ 1'-0" Max.



HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 3

Fort Worth Bridge Design

ABUTMENTS NOS. 1 & 4

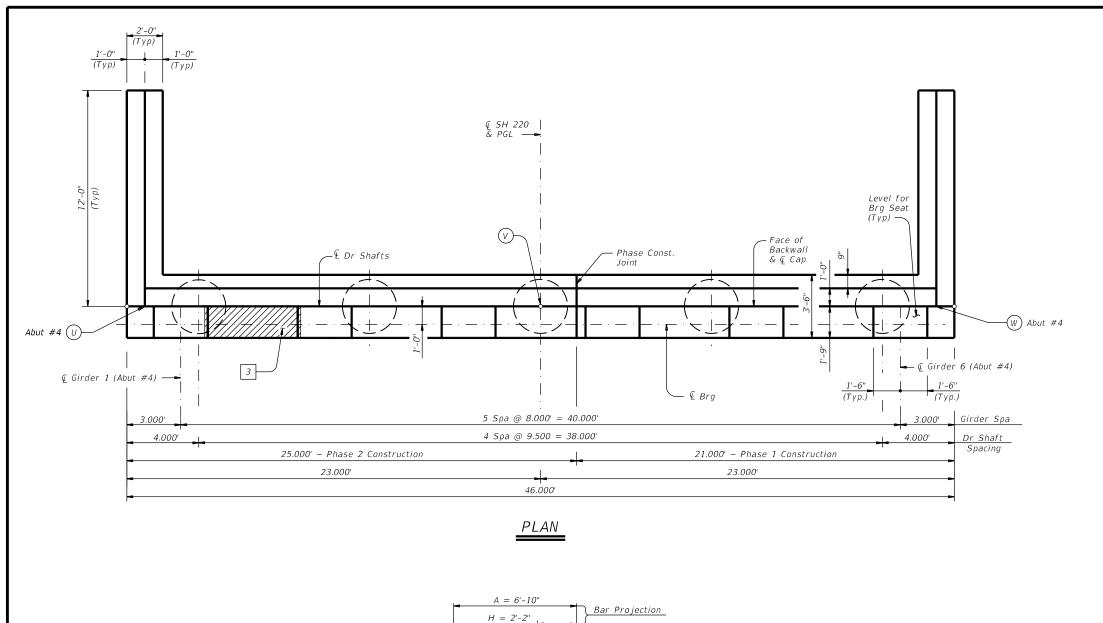
LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

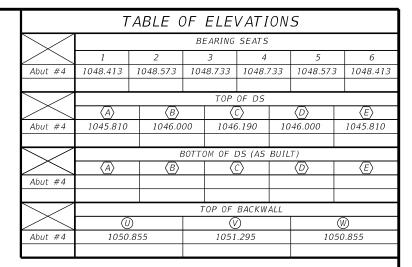
	DN: A	С	CK:	MP	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC
DOT 07-19-24	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0467	02	02 020, ETC.		SF	1 220	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	FTW		ERATH				115

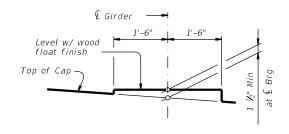
AMY HARRINGTON CAUSEY 148150 SS JONAL ENGINE

7/22/2024

Army Harrington Causey Date: 2024.09.06 15:12:32-05'00'
Adobe Acrobat version: 2024.002.20736







BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad)

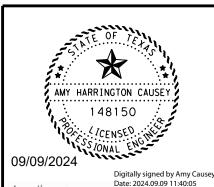
1 If contractor opts to use mechanical couplers, then extend bars 1'-0" into Phase 2 Construction. If mechanical couplers are not used, then reinforcement shall project as shown on details.

HL93 LOADING

2 3 Spa @ 1'-0" Max.

Adobe Acrobat version: 2024.002.20736

3 Abut #4 (Looking Forward) Only: Shear Key required in between Girders #1 and #2. See "IGSK" standard for details.



Amy Harrington Causey -05'00'
Adobe

Texas Department of Transportation

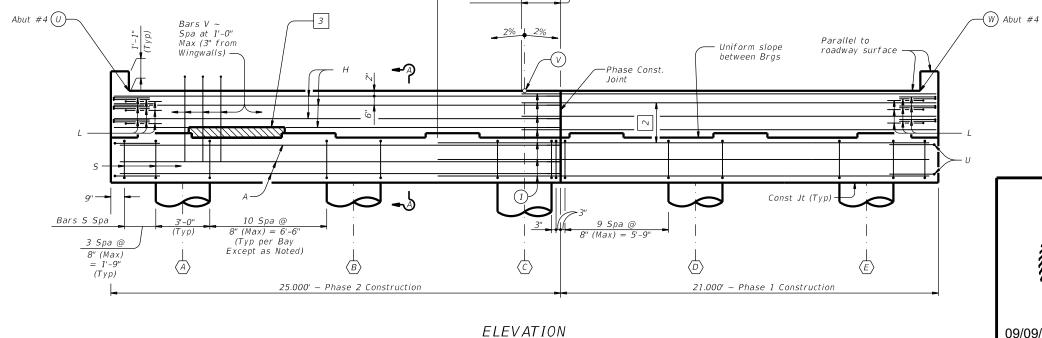
ABUTMENTS NOS. 1 & 4

SHEET 2 OF 3

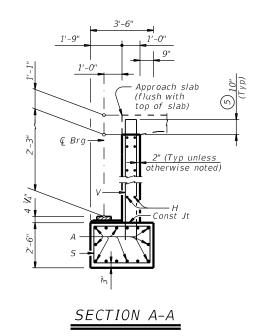
Fort Worth Bridge Design

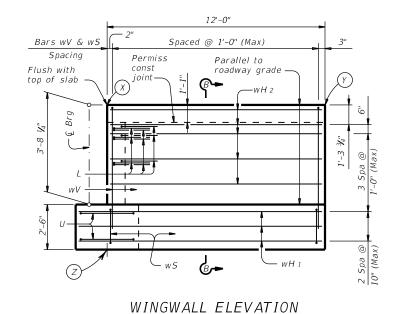
LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

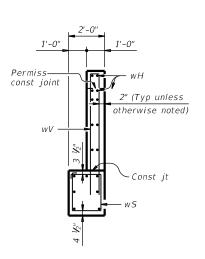
	DN:	AC		CK:	MP	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC
DOT 07-12-2	'4 CON	CONT SECT		JOB		HI	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	046	7 0	7 02 020, ETC.		SH	220		
	DIS	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	FTV	FTW		ERATH				116



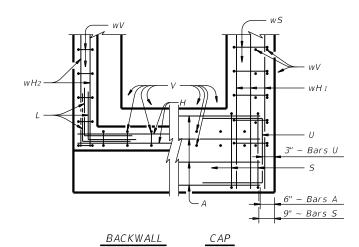
(Abut #4 ~ Looking Forward)





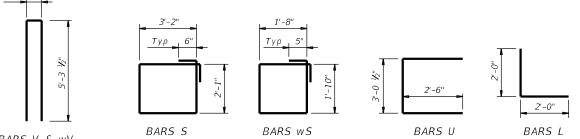


SECTION B-B



WINGWALL ELEVATIONS								
ABUTMENT #1 ABUTMENT #4								
POINT	LEFT WING	RIGHT WING	LEFT WING	RIGHT WING				
X	1051.585	1051.585	1051.938	1051.938				
Y	1051.591	1051.591	1051.966	1051.966				
Ζ	1045.397	1045.397	1045.750	1045.750				

CORNER DETAILS



²TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION No. Weight Size Length Weight Bar No. Size Length 14 #11 (3) 27'-4" 2,033 14 24'-6" 1,822 Α #11 #6 4) 23'-0" 276 #6 24'-10" 298 9 4'-0" 54 4'-0" 54 25 11'-6" 300 28 #5 11'-6" 336 #6 8'-1" 24 #6 8'-1" 24 22 11'-3" 258 25 #5 11'-3" 293 #5 wH1 #6 13'-5" 141 wH1#6 13'-5" 141 wH2 10 #6 11'-8" 175 wH2 10 #6 11'-8" 175 wS 13 #4 7'-10" 68 13 #4 7'-10" 68 wS 13 155 13 #5 11'-5" 155 wV #5 11'-5" wV Reinforcing Steel 3,484 Reinforcing Steel 3,366 CI "C" Conc (Abut) 12.2 CI "C" Conc (Abut) 14.2

- 2 Quantities shown are for one Abutment only. Two required.
- (3) Includes one 6'-10" splice
- (4) Includes one 2'-2" splice
- 5 Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition (2020). See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for drilled shaft information and notes. See Shear Key (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes. See Traffic Rail Type SSTR standard for details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Abutment #1 & Abutment #4
Maximum Calculated Footing Load = 172 Tons/Shaft. Point Bearing Based on Pen. Test Of 0.625"/100 Blows. = 219 Tons/Shaft. TOTAL = 219 Tons/Shaft Point Bearing @ 31.0 T.S.F.

MATERIAL NOTES:

AMY HARRINGTON CAUSE

148150

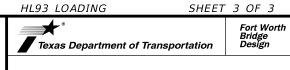
SS JONAL ENGINE

Army Harrington Causey Date: 2024.09:05 Adobe Acrobat version

Digitally signed by Amy Causey Date: 2024.09.09 10:35:39 -05'00'

09/09/2024

Provide Class "C" (HPC) Concrete (f'c = 3600 psi). Provide Grade 60 Reinforcing steel.

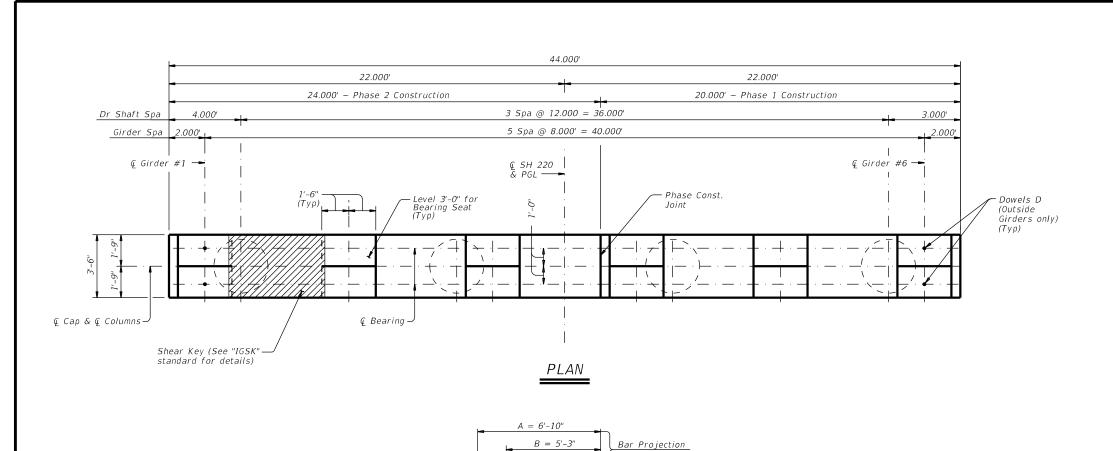


ABUTMENTS NOS. 1 & 4

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

	DN: A	С	CK: MP	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC
(DOT 07-19-24	CONT	SECT JOB		ню	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0467	02 020, ETC.		SH 220		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	FTW	ERATH				117

BARS V & wV



T = 1'-10''

13 Spa @ 6" Max

5 Spa @ 6" Max -= 2'-3"

ELEVATION

 $\langle B \rangle$

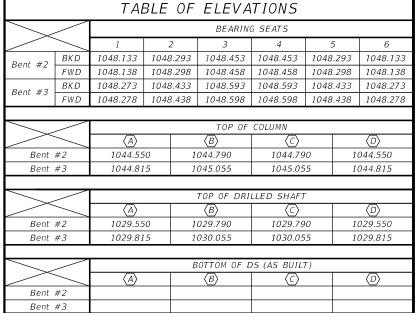
- Phase Const.

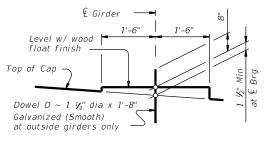
Joint

- Uniform Slope

between bearings

(Typ)





BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad)

1) If contractor opts to use mechanical couplers, then extend bars 1'-0" into Phase 2 Construction. If mechanical couplers are not used, then reinforcement shall project as shown on details.

AMY HARRINGTON CAUSEY 148150 CSS JONAL ENGLISH

09/09/2024

Amy Harrington Causey

Digitally signed by Amy Causey Date: 2024.09.09 10:39:01 -05'00' Adobe Acrobat version: 2024 002 20736

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2 Fort Worth Bridge Design

> INTERIOR BENTS NOS. 2 & 3

Texas Department of Transportation

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

	DN: A	C	ск: МР	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC
DOT 07-12-24	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC		SH 220	
	DIST	COUNTY SHEET N		SHEET NO.		
	FTW		ERATH			118

5 Spa @ 6" Max = 2'-3" Bars S Spacing 36" Dia. Drilled Shaft (See "FD" standard for details)

Shear Key (See "IGSK"

standard for details) -

 $\langle A \rangle$

3'-0"

(Typ)

Finished Ground

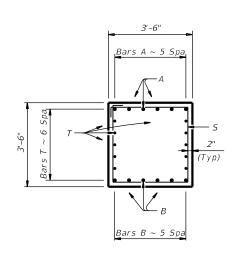
-V (Extend

3'-0" Min

— Const Jt (Typ)

18 Spa @ 6" Max

Top of Drilled Shaft



SECTION A-A

(Typ)

BARS S

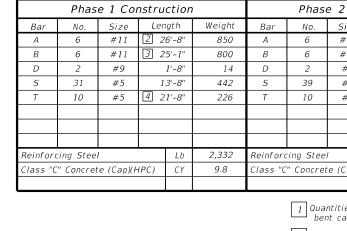
	☐ TABLE OF ESTIMATED CAP QUANTITIES										
Phase 1 Construction Phase 2 Construction											
Bar	No.	Size	Ler	ngth	Weight	Bar	No.	Size	Ler	igth	Weight
Α	6	#11	2 2	6'-8"	850	Α	6	#11	23'	-10"	760
В	6	#11	3 2	5'-1"	800	В	6	#11	23'	-10"	760
D	2	#9		1'-8"	14	D	2	#9	1	'-8"	14
5	31	#5	1	3'-8"	442	5	39	#5	13'-8"		556
T	10	#5	4 2	1'-8"	226	T	10	#5	23'	-10"	249
Reinforcing Steel Lb 2,332 Reinforcing Steel Lb 2,339											
Class "C	" Concret	e (Cap)(F	HPC)	CY	9.8	Class "C	" Concre	e (Cap)(H	IPC)	CY	11.0

1 Quantities shown are for one bent cap. (2 Required)

2 Includes one 6'-10" splice

3 Includes one 5'-3" splice.

4 Includes one 1'-10" splice.



GENERAL NOTES:

Interior Bent

/Columns #

Bent #2 A-D

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition (2020). See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for drilled shaft information and notes. See Shear Key (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Bent#2 & #3: Pent#2 & #3:

Maximum calculated footing load = 247 Tons/shaft.

Point bearing based on penetration test of 0.625"/100 blows.

Skin friction based on penetration test of 0.625"/100 blows.

Point bearing at 31.0 TSF = 219 Tons/shaft.

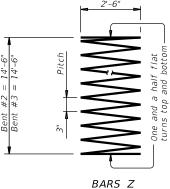
1'-0" Skin friction @ 3.25 TSF = 31 Tons/Shaft

Total Load Resistance = 250 Tons/Shaft

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" (HPC) Concrete (f'c = 3600 psi). Provide Grade 60 Reinforcing steel. Galvanize Dowel Bars D.





HL93 LOADING

②TABLE OF ESTIMATED COLUMN QUANTITIES

Weight

612

612

Bars V 10 Ea ~ #9

Length

18'-0"

18'-0"

Quantities are for one column only. 4 Required per Bent. Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 15'. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make

15'-0"

15'-0"

the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0" Bars Z length, 31'-5"

Reinforcing steel, 55 Lb Class "C" Conc (Col) (HPC), 0.26 CY

Bars Z 1 Ea ~ #4

Weight

320

Length

479'-2"

479'-2"

Steel

932

932

Conc

Col) (HPC

4.0

4.0

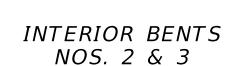
SHEET 2 OF 2

Fort Worth Bridge Design



09/09/2024

Army Harrington Causey Date: 2024.09.09 10:41:56-05'00' Adobe Acrobat version: 2024.002.20736



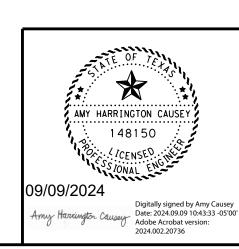
Texas Department of Transportation

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

	DN: A	С	CK: MP	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC
©TxD0T 07-12-24	CONT	SECT	JOB		ню	HWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC	,	SH	220
	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	FTW		ERATH			119

FRAMING PLAN

① See IGEB Standard for orientation of dimension.



** SHEET 1 OF 4

** Fort Worth Bridge Design

Texas Department of Transportation

180.00' PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1, 2, & 3)

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

	DN: A	С	ск: МР	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC
©TxD0T 07-11-24	CONT	SECT	JOB		ню	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0467 02 020, ETC.		SH	220		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	FTW		ERATH			120

20.0000 L

BENT REPORT

BENT NO. 3 (N 68 54 0.00 W)

DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,

BENT REPORT

BENT NO. 1 (N 68 54 0.00 W)

DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,

BEAM REPORT

$E \wedge M$	REPORT.	$CD\Lambda M$	1

		HORIZONTAL C-C BENT	DISTANCE C-C BRG.	TRUE DISTANCE	E BEAM SLOPE	BEA	M BEARING
BEAM . BEAM . BEAM .	1 2 3 4 5 6	60.0000 60.0000 60.0000 60.0000 60.0000	58.0000 58.0000 58.0000 58.0000 58.0000	59.5000 59.5000 59.5000 59.5000 59.5000 59.5000	0.00122 0.00122 0.00122 0.00122 0.00122 0.00122	N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21	6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E
			BEAM RE	EPORT, SPAN 2			
		HORIZONTAL C-C BENT	DISTANCE C-C BRG.	TRUE DISTANCE	E BEAM SLOPE	BEA	M BEARING
BEAM BEAM BEAM BEAM	1 2 3 4 5 6	60.0000 60.0000 60.0000 60.0000 60.0000	58.0000 58.0000 58.0000 58.0000 58.0000	59.5002 59.5002 59.5002 59.5002 59.5002 59.5002	0.00233 0.00233 0.00233 0.00233 0.00233 0.00233	N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21	6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E
			BEAM RE	EPORT, SPAN 3			
		HORIZONTAL C-C BENT	DISTANCE C-C BRG.	TRUE DISTANCE	E BEAM SLOPE	BEA	M BEARING
BEAM BEAM BEAM BEAM	1 2 3 4 5 6	60.0000 60.0000 60.0000 60.0000 60.0000	58.0000 58.0000 58.0000 58.0000 58.0000	59.5002 59.5002 59.5002 59.5002 59.5002 59.5002	0.00233 0.00233 0.00233 0.00233 0.00233 0.00233	N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21 N 21	6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E 6 0.00 E

② Girder lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments made for girder slope.

HL93 LOADING

©T x D0T

AMY HARRINGTON CAUSEY

148150

CENSED

O9/09/2024

Army Harrington Causey
Date: 2024.09.09 10:52:19 -05'00'
Adobe Acrobat version:
2024.002.20736

180.00' PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1, 2, & 3)

Texas Department of Transportation

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

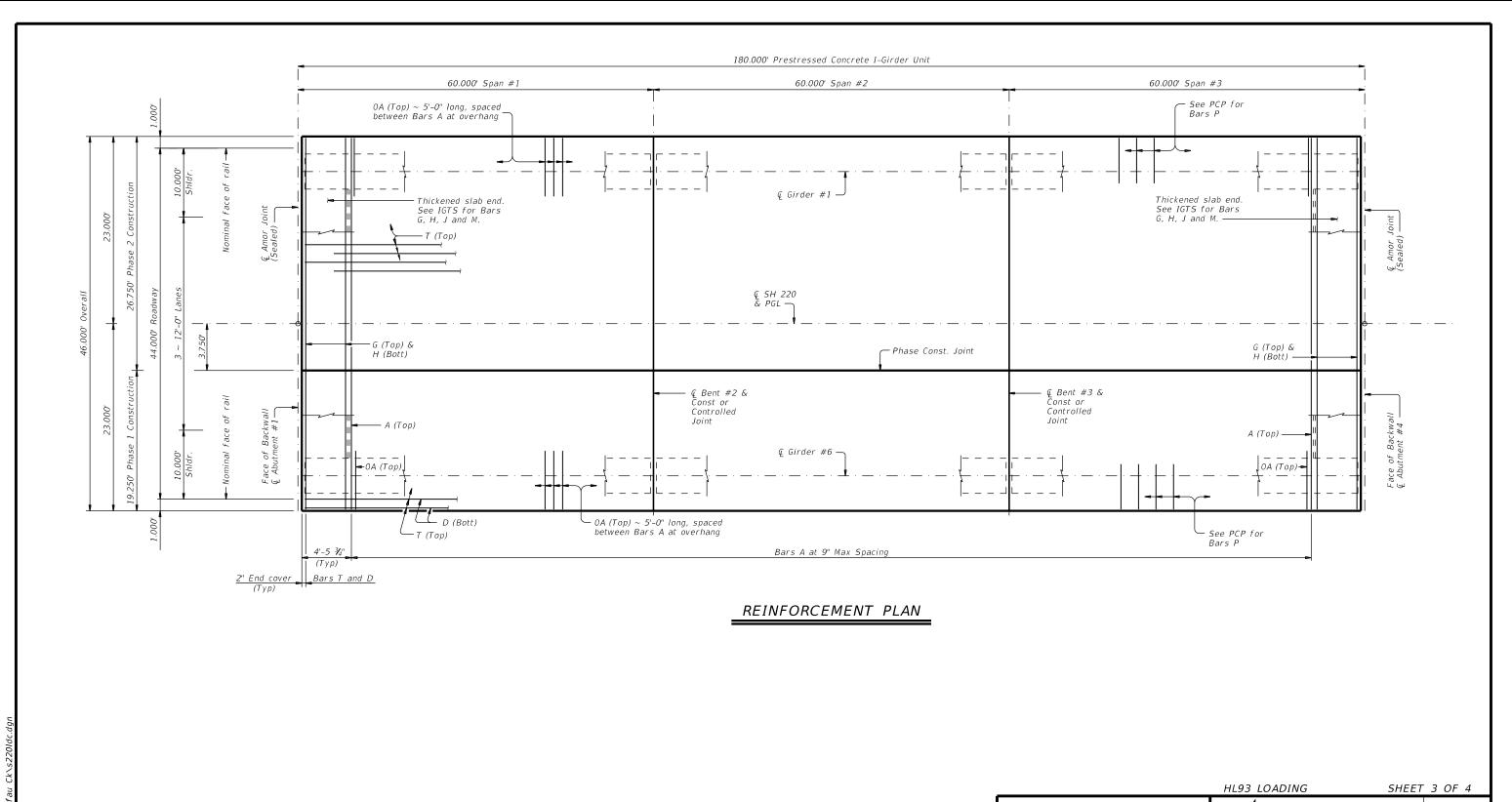
	DN: A	С	ск: МР	DW:	SM/AC	CK: MP/AC
07-19-24	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.		SH 220	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	FTW	ERATH			121	

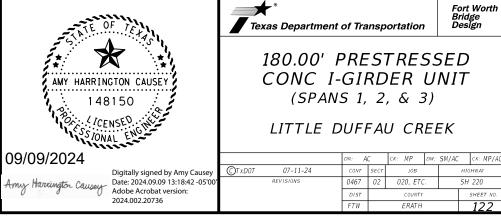
SHEET 2 OF 4

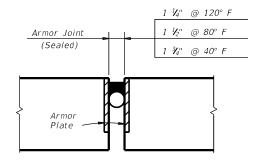
Fort Worth Bridge Design

BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S SPAN 1 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 6 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000			BEAM ANGLE D M 5 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00
BENT REPORT		BENT REPOR	RT
BENT NO. 2 (N 68 54 0.00 W)		BENT NO. 3 (N 68 54	! 0.00 W)
DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L	DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AN	ID BEAM 1, 20.0000 L
BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S			BEAM ANGLE D M S
SPAN 1 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 6 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000 40.0000 0 0.00		SPAN 3 BEAM 1 0.0000 BEAM 2 8.0000 BEAM 3 8.0000 BEAM 4 8.0000 BEAM 5 8.0000 BEAM 6 8.0000 TOTAL 40.0000	90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00
BENT REPORT		BENT REPOR	RT
BENT NO. 2 (N 68 54 0.00 W)		BENT NO. 4 (N 68 54	0.00 W)
DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L	DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AN	ID BEAM 1, 20.0000 L
BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S			BEAM ANGLE D M S
SPAN 2 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 6 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000 90 0 0.00		SPAN 3 BEAM 1 0.0000 BEAM 2 8.0000 BEAM 3 8.0000 BEAM 4 8.0000 BEAM 5 8.0000 BEAM 6 8.0000 TOTAL 40.0000	90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00 90 0 0.00

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JOINT OPENING DETAIL

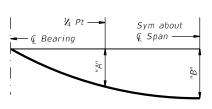
(For Additional Information and Details, See Related Standard Sheet "AJ".)

ARMOR JOINT DETAILS

TABLE OF ARMOR JOINT ESTIMATED QUANTITIES									
Abutment/Bent	Phase 1	Phase 2	Total						
Abutment/ bent	LF	LF	LF						
1	17.25	24.75	42.0						
4	17.25	24.75	42.0						
Total	34.5	49.5	84.0						

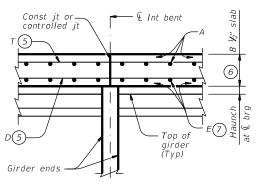
TABLE OF VARIABLE VALUES

Span	Span Length	Beam Type	Dead Defle	Load ction	
	Lengen	, , , , ,	"A"	"B"	
	Ft		Ft	Ft	
1	60.00	Tx28	0.048	0.068	
2	60.00	Tx28	0.048	0.068	
3	60.00	Tx28	0.048	0.068	



DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only ($E_C = 5,000 \,$ ksi). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimensions may vary. Adjust based on field verification.

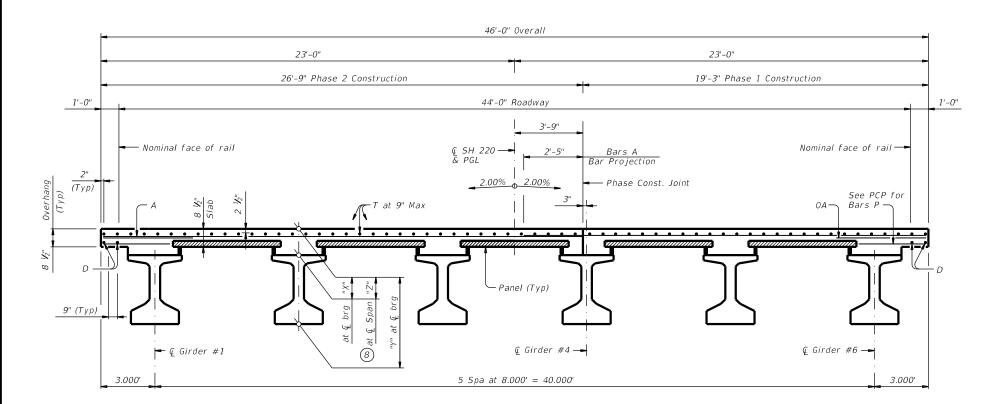


SECTION THRU CONST OR CONTROLLED JOINT

Bars OA (Top) not shown for clarity.

TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS								
Span No.	Girder	"X" at @ Brg	"Y" at © Brg	"Z" at © Span 8				
1	All	1'-0"	3'-4"	9 ¾"				
2	All	1'-0"	3'-4"	9 ¾"				
3	All	1'-0"	3'-4"	9 ¾"				

(8) Theoretical dimension



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

(Showing girder type Tx28)

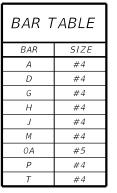


TABLE OF ESTIMATED

		•		
Span	Reinf Concrete Slab (HPC)	4 Prest Conc Girder (Tx28)	3 Total Reinforcing Steel	Rail (Ty SSTR)
No.	SF	LF	Lb	LF
		Phase 1	!	
1	1,155	178.500	2,656	60.0
2	1,155	178.500	2,656	60.0
\mathcal{E}	1,155	178.500	2,656	60.0
		Phase 2	?	
1	1,605	178.500	3,692	60.0
2	1,605	178.500	3,692	60.0
3	1,605	178.500	3,692	60.0
Total	8,280	1,071.00	19,044	360.0

QUANTITIES

- (3) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 lbs/SF.
- 4 Lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments made for girder slope.
- (5) Top and bottom mats must be continuous through joint.
- (6) Maintain a constant slab thickness over the bent.
- (7) See PCP for Bars E if Option 1 is used.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

Specifications.

Multi-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents, may be formed with the details shown on this sheet and standard IGCS.

See IGTS standard for Thickened Slab End details and quantity adjustments.

See PCP and PCP-FAB for panel details not shown.

See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details. See Traffic Rail Ty SSTR standard for rail anchorage in slab. See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments

if this option is used.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class S (HPC) concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

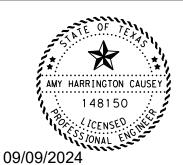
~ #5 = 3'-0" Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A, D, OA, P or T unless noted otherwise.

Top & bottom mats of steel must be continuous through Construction or Controlled Joints.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 4 OF 4

Fort Worth Bridge Design



Date: 2024.09.09 10:54:20 Amy Harrington Causey -05'00' Adobe Acrobat version:

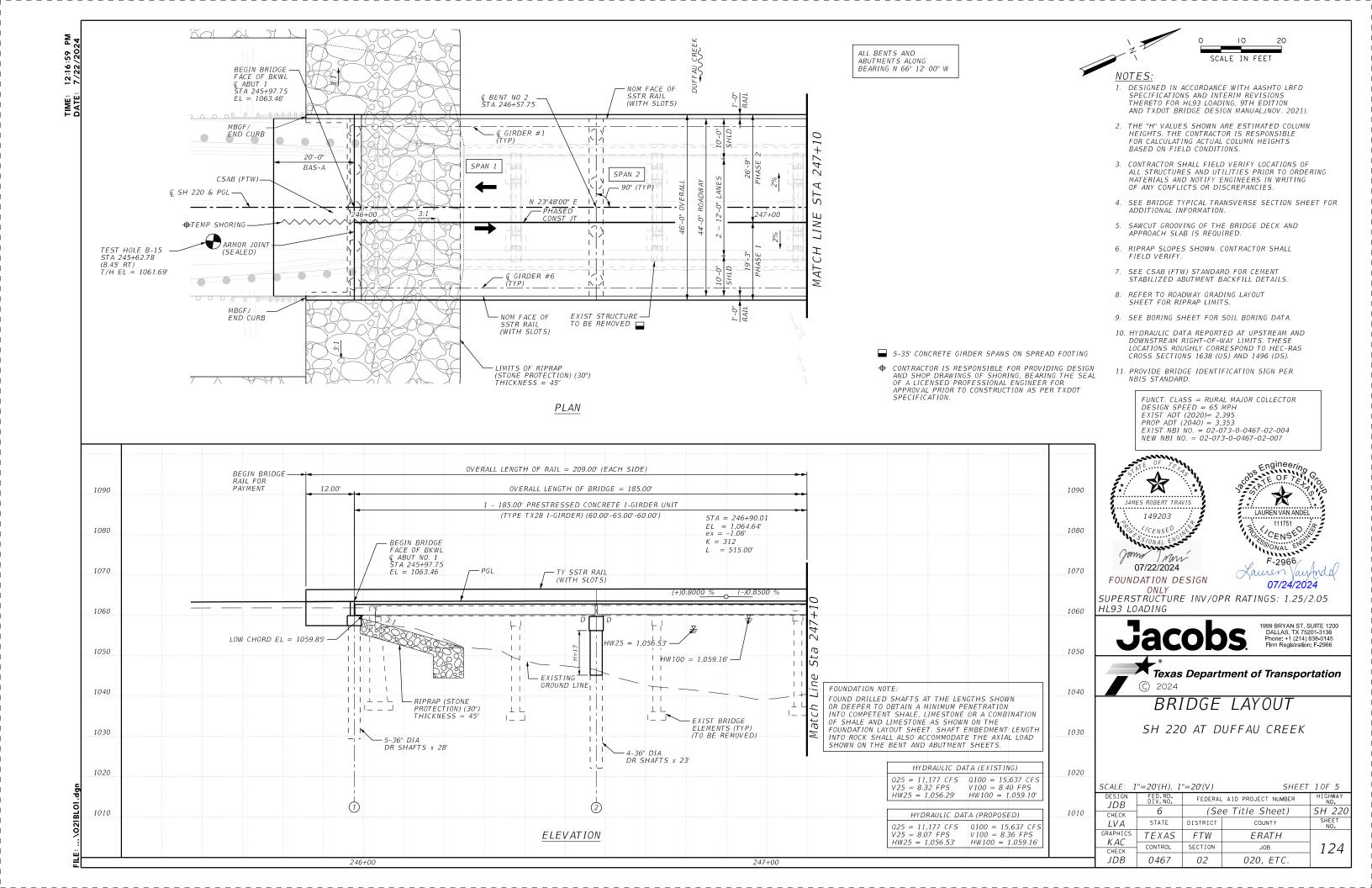
2024.002.20736

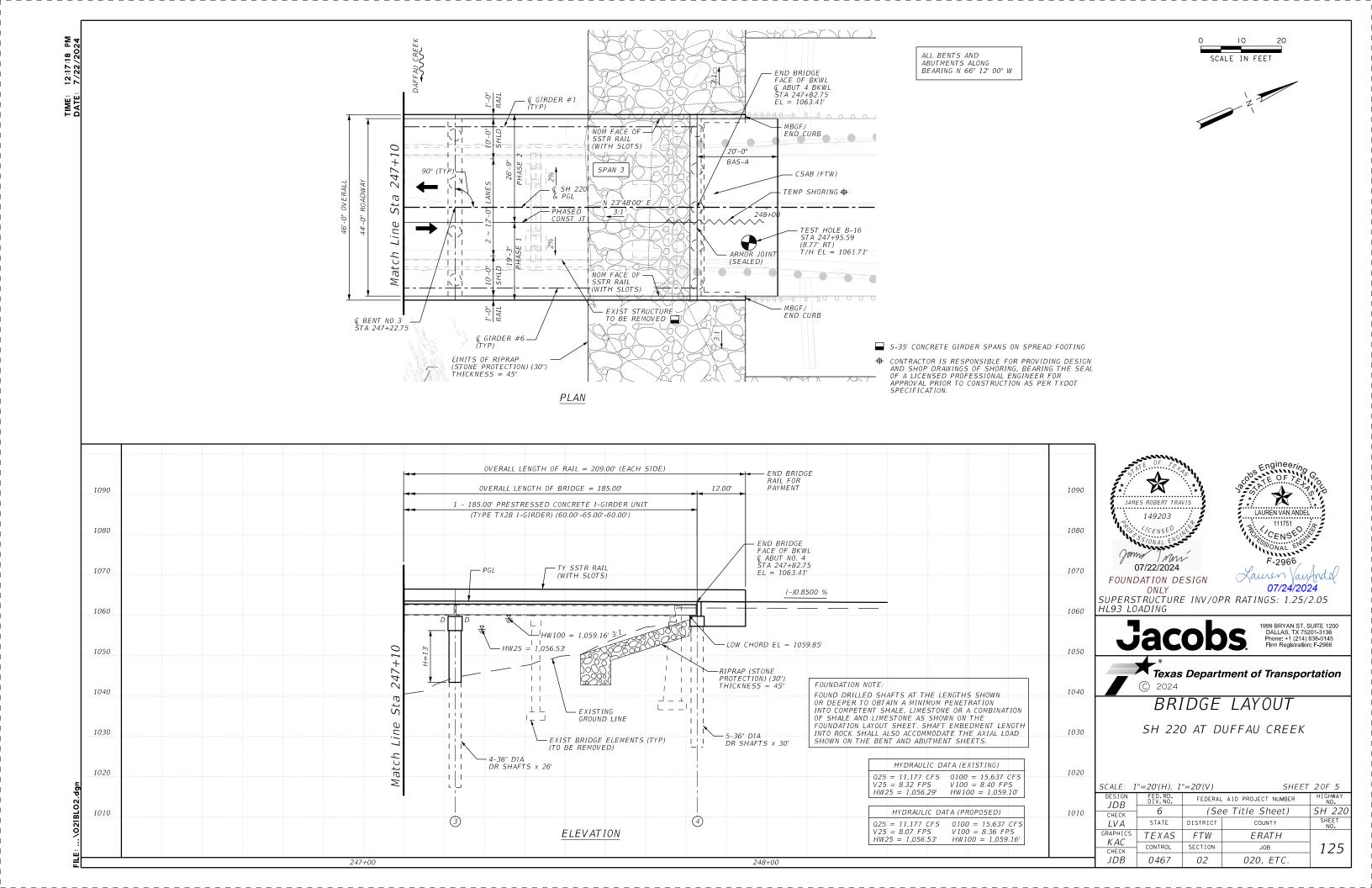
180.00' PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1, 2, & 3)

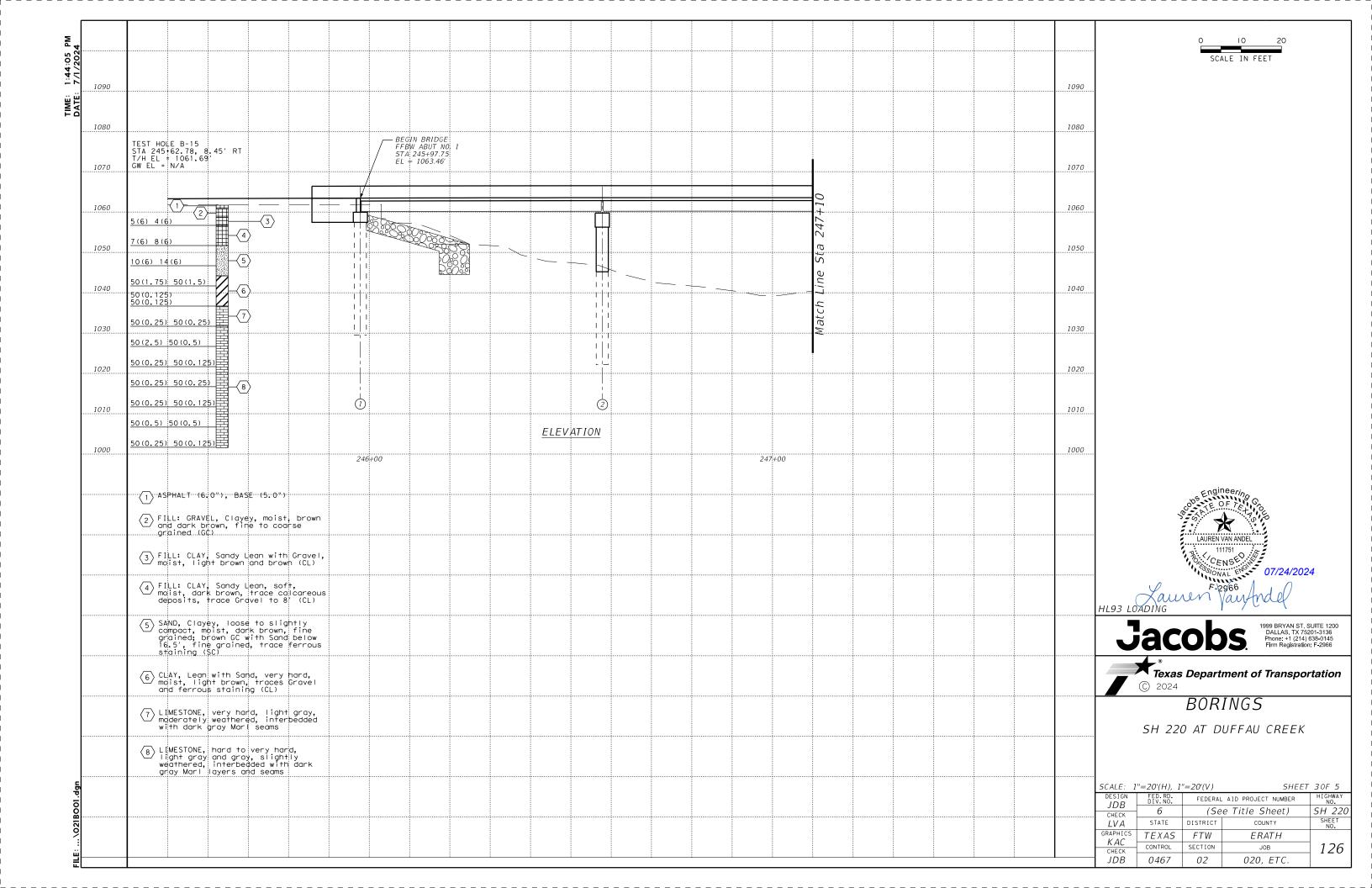
Texas Department of Transportation

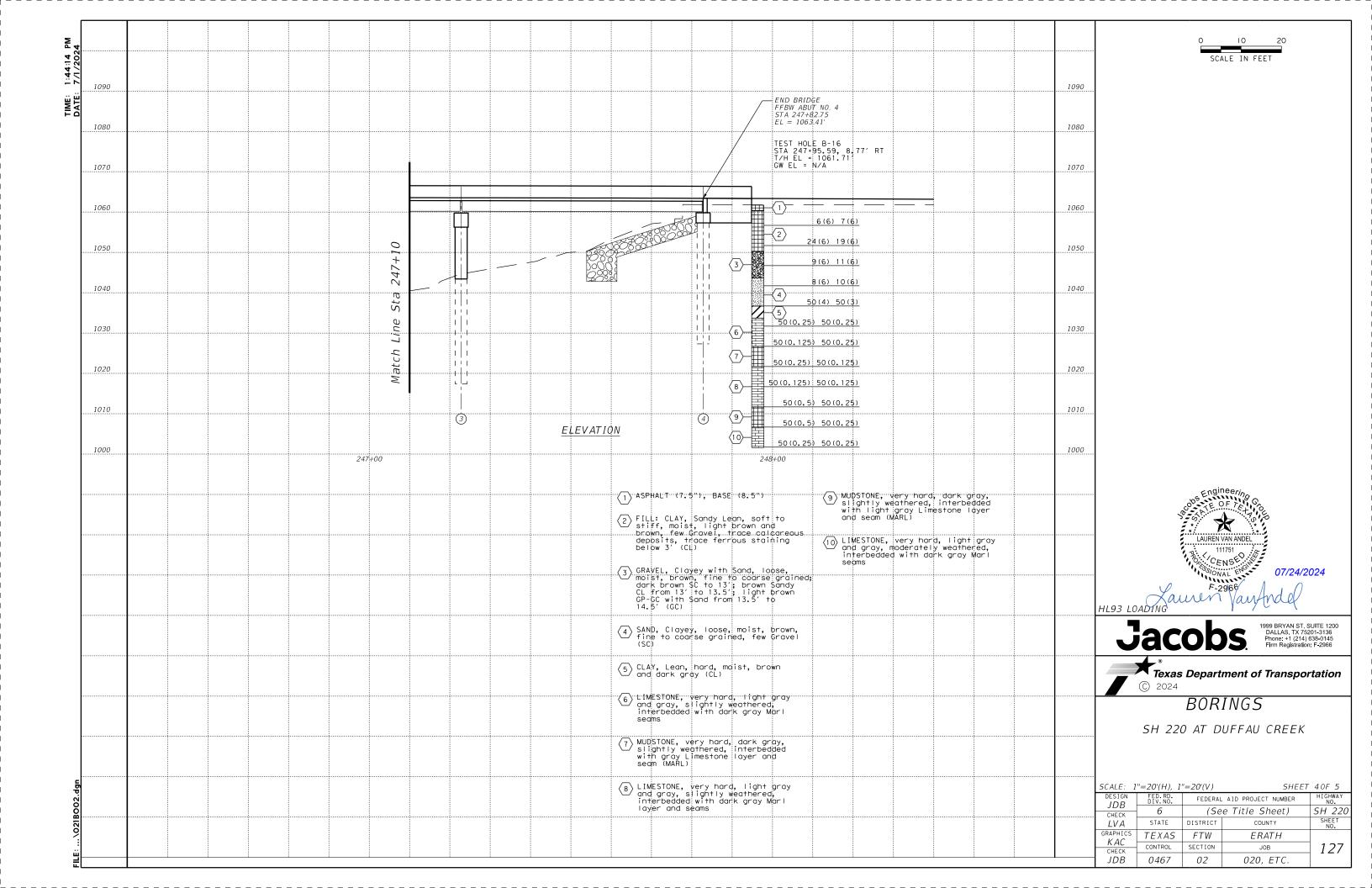
LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK

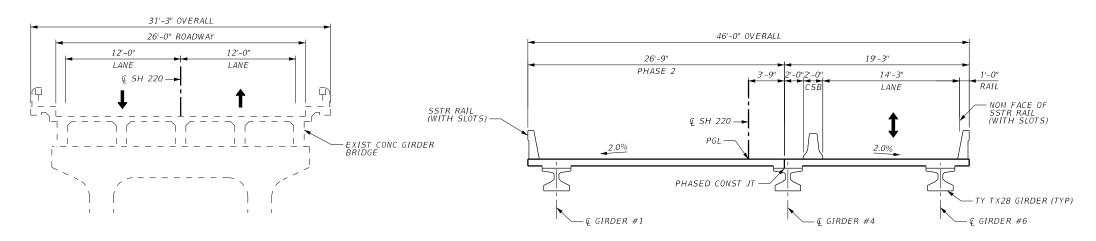
		DN: A	DN: AC CK: MP DW: SM/AC		SM/AC	CK: MP/AC	
©TxD0T	07-11-24	CONT SECT JOB				ню	HWAY
REVISIONS		0467	02	020, ETC.		SH 220	
	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
		FTW	FTW ERATH 123			123	





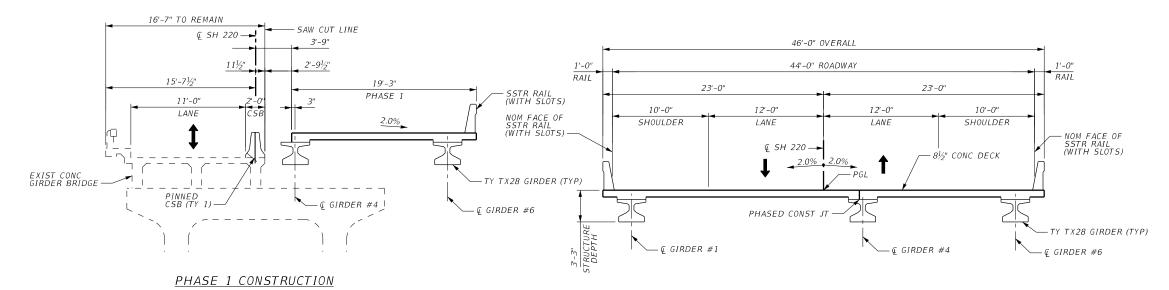




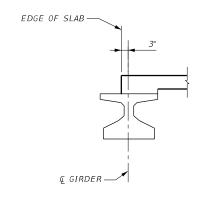


EXISTING TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION



FINAL TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION



PHASE CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



Texas Department of Transportation

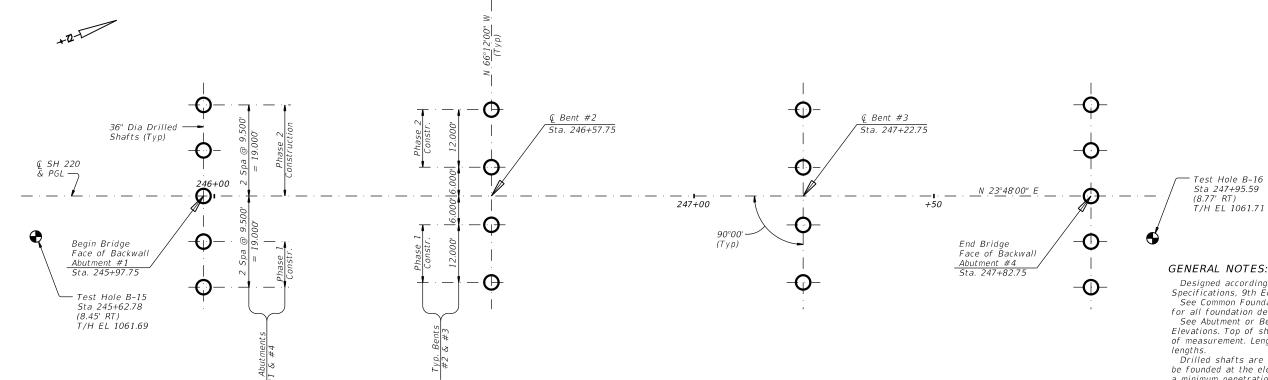
BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTIONS SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

LE: N	I.T.S.	SHEET	10F 1
SIGN D <i>B</i>	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER	HIGHWAY NO.
<i>JD</i>	6	(See Title Sheet)	SH 220

DESIGN JDB	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.	
CHECK	6	(Se	SH 220	
LVA	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
RAPHICS KAC	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH	
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	128
JDB	0467	02	020, ETC.	

			EST	TIMATED	QUANTI	TIES						
	0400-7010	0416-7006	0420-7013	0420-7023	0420-7039	0422-7002	0422-7014	0425-7001	0432-7047	0450-7025	0454-7003	0496-701
DESCRIPTIONS	Cem Stabil Bkfl	Drill Shaft (36 In)	① CL "C" Conc (Abut) (HPC)	① CL "C" Conc (Cap) (HPC)	CL "C" Conc (Column) (HPC)	Reinf Conc Slab (HPC)	Approach Slab (HPC)	Prestr Conc Girder (Tx28)	Riprap (Stone Protection) (30 In)	Rail (Ty SSTR) (HPC)	Armor Joint (Sealed)	Remov St (Bridge 100-499 F Length)
	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	CY	LF	LF	EA
2 ~ Abutments	170	280	52.8	~	~	~	~	~	~	48.0	84	~
2 ~ Interior Bents	~	120	~	41.6	27.2	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
1 ~ 185.00' Prestr Slab Beam Unit	~	~	~	~	~	8,510	~	1,101.00	~	370.0	~	~
TOTALS	170	400	52.8	41.6	27.2	8,510	70.6	1,101.00	1,765	418.0	84	1

① Quantity includes shear keys. See abutment details, interior bent details, and IGSK standard for shear key location, details, and notes.



GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

Specifications, 9th Edition (2020),
See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet
for all foundation details and notes not shown.

See Abutment or Bent Details for top of Drilled Shaft Elevations. Top of shafts shown are to be used as basis of measurement. Lengths shown on layout are minimum

Drilled shafts are designed for point bearing, and shall be founded at the elevations shown or deeper, to provide a minimum penetration as follows:

Abut 1 = 6' into limestone
Bent 2&3 = 6' into limestone
Abut 4 = 6' into limestone

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 1

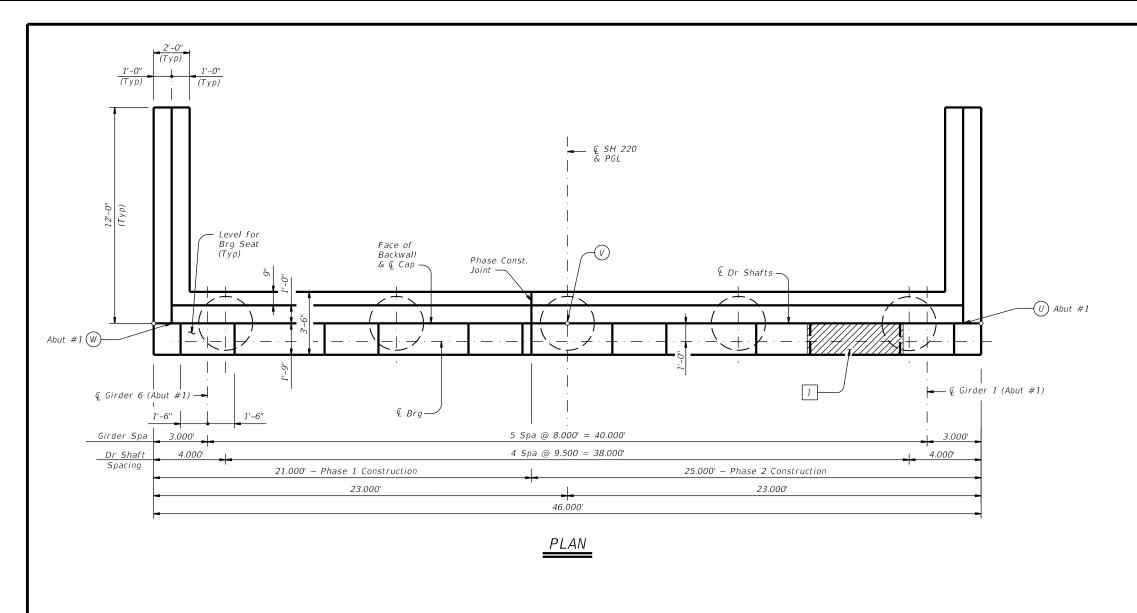
Fort Worth Bridge Design

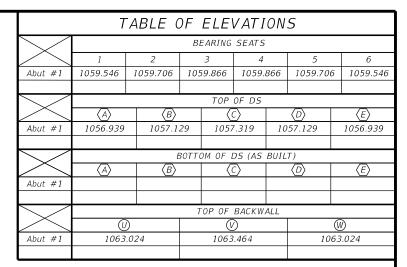


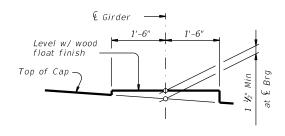
Texas Department of Transportation

EST. QUANTITIES AND FOUNDATION LAYOUT

		DN: JT		CK:	FE	DW:	SM/JT	CK: FE/JT		
DOT 07	7-29-24	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HIGHWAY		
REV	ISIONS	0467	02	02	O, ETC	. SH 220				
		DIST	COUNTY SH				SHEET NO.			
		FTW			ERATH 129			129		

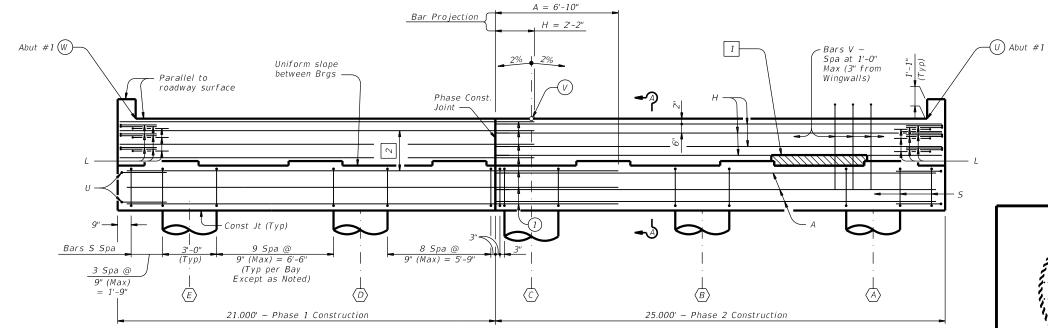






BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad)



- (1) If contractor opts to use mechanical couplers, then extend bars 1'-0" into Phase 2 Construction. If mechanical couplers are not used, then reinforcement shall project as shown on details.
- 1 Abut #1 (Looking Backward) Only: Shear Key required in between Girders #1 and #2. See "IGSK" standard for details.
- 2 3 Spa @ 1'-0" Max.

JAMES ROBERT TRAVIS

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 3

Fort Worth Bridge Design



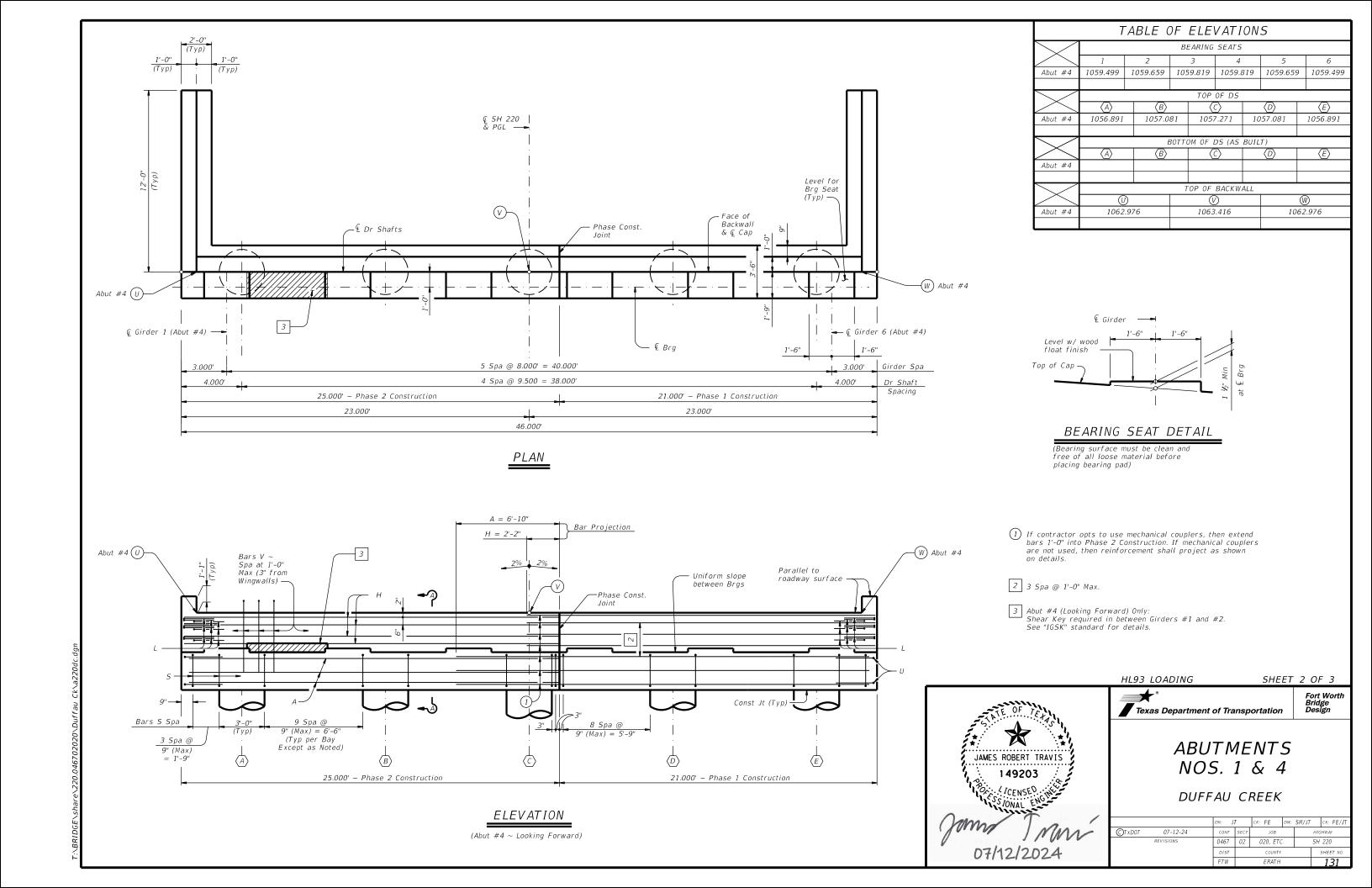
ABUTMENTS NOS. 1 & 4

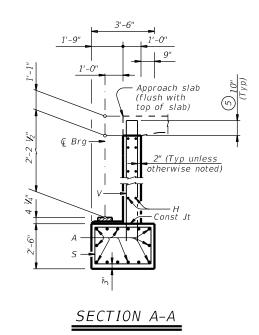
DUFFAU CREEK

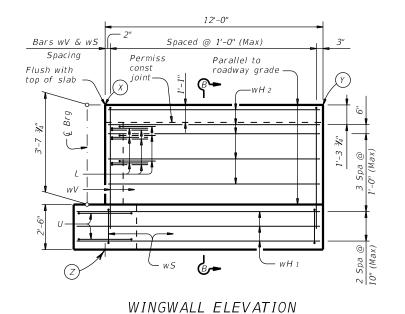
		DN: JT		CK: FE	CK: FE DW:		CK: FE/JT
DOT	07-12-24	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		ніс	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC. SH 22			220
		DIST	DIST COUNTY FTW ERATH				SHEET NO.
		FTW					130

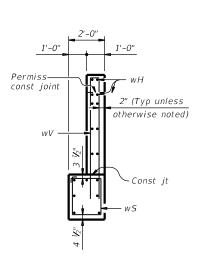
(Abut #1 ~ Looking Backward)

ELEVATION

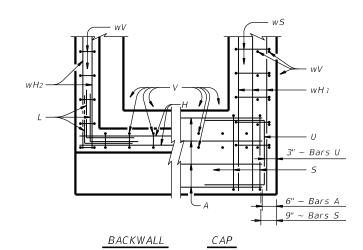








SECTION B-B



	WIN	GWALL EL	WINGWALL ELEVATIONS										
	ABUTMENT #1 ABUTMENT #4												
POINT	LEFT WING	RIGHT WING	LEFT WING	RIGHT WING									
Χ	1063.004	1063.004	1062.956	1062.956									
Y	1062.970	1062.970	1062.915	1062.915									
Ζ	1056.900	1056.900	1056.852	1056.852									

CORNER DETAILS

5:-3 %"	3'-2" Typ 6"	1'-8" Typ 5" "\(\text{7} \) 0-\(\text{E} \)	2'-6"	2'-0"
PARS V S. WV	BARS S	BARS wS	BARS U	BARS L

²TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION No. Weight Size Length Weight Bar No. Size Length 14 #11 (3) 27'-7" 2,052 14 24'-9" Α #11 1,841 8 #6 4) 23'-0" 276 #6 24'-10" 298 9 #6 4'-0" 54 4'-0" 54 23 #5 11'-6" 276 26 #5 11'-6" 312 #6 8'-1" 24 #6 24 21 #5 11'-3" 246 25 #5 11'-3" 293 wH1 #6 #6 13'-5" 141 wH113'-5" 141 wH2 10 #6 11'-8" 175 wH2 10 #6 11'-8" 175 68 wS 13 #4 7'-10" 68 13 #4 7'-10" wS 13 153 13 #5 11'-3" 153 wV #5 11'-3" wV Reinforcing Steel 3,465 Reinforcing Steel 3,359 CI "C" Conc (Abut)(HPC) 12.2 CI "C" Conc (Abut)(HPC)

- 2 Quantities shown are for one Abutment only. Two required.
- (3) Includes one 6'-10" splice
- (4) Includes one 2'-2" splice
- (5) Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition (2020). See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for drilled shaft information and notes. See Shear Key (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes. See Traffic Rail Type SSTR standard for details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.

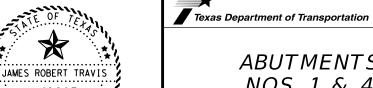
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Abutment #1 & Abutment #4
Maximum Calculated Footing Load = 123.4 Tons/Shaft
Point Bearing Based on Pen. Test 0f 1"/100 Blows = 219 Tons/Shaft = 219 Tons/Shaft = 219 Tons/ShaftPoint Bearing @ 31.0 T.S.F.

MATERIAL NOTES:

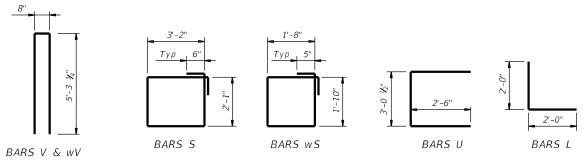
Provide Class "C" (HPC) Concrete (f'c = 3600 psi). Provide Grade 60 Reinforcing steel.

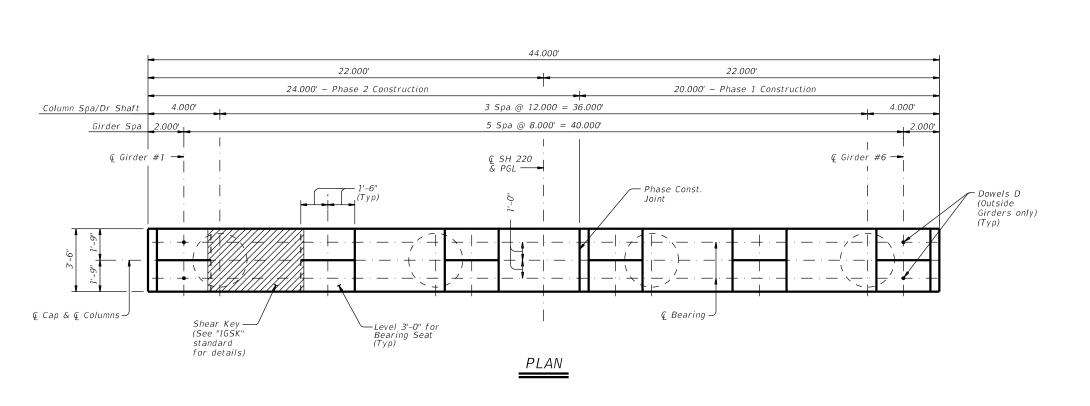
SHEET 3 OF 3 HL93 LOADING Fort Worth Bridge Design

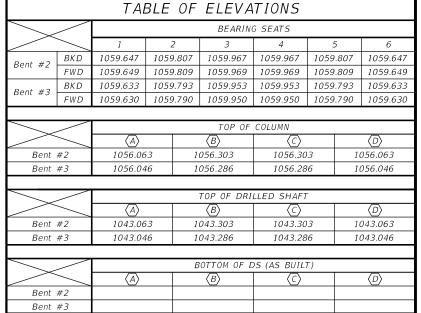


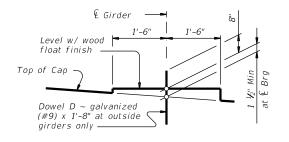
ABUTMENTS NOS. 1 & 4

OT 07-12-24 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS 0467 02 020, ETC. SH 220 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.		DN: JT		CK: FE	CK: FE DW:		ck: FE/JT
	OT 07-12-24	CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.		SH 220	
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
FTW ERATH 132		FTW	ERATH				132









BEARING SEAT DETAIL

(Bearing surface must be clean and free of all loose material before placing bearing pad)

1) If contractor opts to use mechanical couplers, then extend bars 1'-0" into Phase 2 Construction. If mechanical couplers are not used, then reinforcement shall project as shown on details.

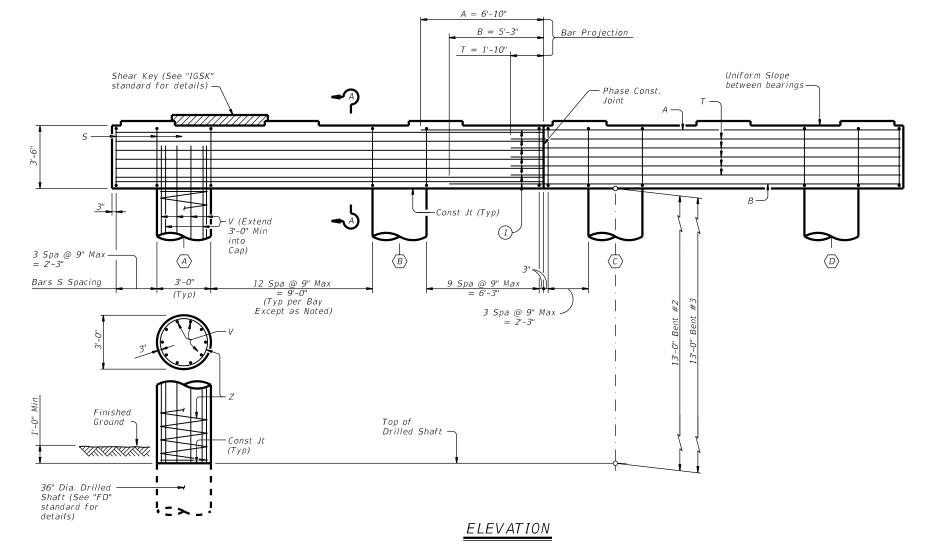
JAMES ROBERT TRAVIS

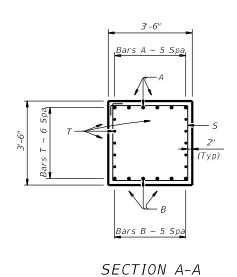
HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2 Fort Worth Bridge Design

> INTERIOR BENTS NOS. 2 & 3

Texas Department of Transportation

	DN: JT		CK: FE	FE DW:		CK: FE/JT		
DOT 07-12-24	CONT	SECT JOB				HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0467	02 020, ETC. SH 2			1 220			
	DIST COU					SHEET NO.		
	FTW ERATH					133		





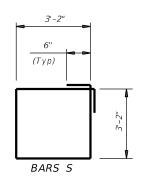
	$^{\square}T$	4 <i>BLE</i>	OF	ES	TIMATE	ED C	AP QI	JANT	ITIE	ES	
	Phas	e 1 Coi	nstru	ction		Phase 2 Construction					
Bar	No.	Size	Len	igth .	Weight	ht Bar No. Size Length				igth .	Weight
Α	6	#11	2 2	6'-8"	850	Α	6	#11	23'-	-10"	760
В	6	#11	3 2	5'-1"	800	В	6	#11	23'-	-10"	760
D	2	#9		1'-8"	14	D	2	#9	1	'-8"	14
5	21	#5	1	13'-8" 299			27	#5	13'-8"		385
T	10	#5	4 2	1'-8"	226	T	10	#5	23'-10"		249
Reinforcing Steel Lb 2,189			Reinforcing Steel Lb 2,1					2,168			
Class "C" Concrete (Cap)(HPC) CY 9.2				9.2	Class "C" Concrete (Cap)(HPC) CY 11					11.6	

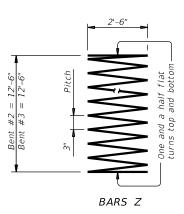
1 Quantities shown are for one bent cap. (2 Required)

2 Includes one 6'-10" splice

3 Includes one 5'-3" splice.

4 Includes one 1'-10" splice.





②TABLE OF ESTIMATED COLUMN QUANTITIES Bars Z 1 Ea ~ #4 Bars V 10 Ea ~ #9 Steel Interior Bent Conc /Columns # Col) (HPC Length Weight Length Weight CY Bent #2 A-D 13'-0" 16'-0" 544 432'-0" 289 833 3.4 13'-0" 16'-0" 833 3.4

Quantities are for one column only. 4 Required per Bent. Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 13'. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments:

Bars V length, 1'-0"
Bars Z length, 31'-5"
Reinforcing steel, 55 Lb
Class "C" Conc (Col) (HPC), 0.26 CY

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition (2020). See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for drilled shaft information and notes. See Shear Key (IGSK) standard sheet for all shear key details and notes.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

Bent #2 & Bent #3

Maximum Calculated Footing Load = 211.4 Tons/Shaft.

Point Bearing @ 31.0 T.S.F. = 219 Tons/Shaft.

TOTAL = 219 Tons/Shaft

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" (HPC) Concrete (f'c = 3600 psi). Provide Grade 60 Reinforcing steel. Galvanize Dowel Bars D.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

Fort Worth Bridge Design



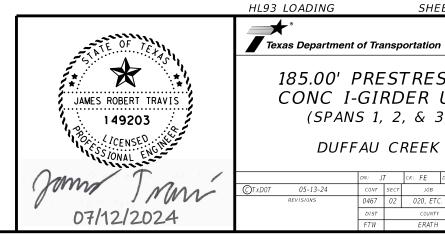
Texas Department of Transportation

INTERIOR BENTS NOS. 2 & 3

	DN: JT		CK: FE	DW:	SM/JT	CK: FE/JT		
07-12-24	CONT	SECT	JOB	HI	HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0467	02 020, ETC.				SH 220		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	FTW		ERATH 134					

FRAMING PLAN

① See IGEB Standard for orientation of dimension.



HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 4 Fort Worth Bridge Design

185.00' PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1, 2, & 3)

	DN: JT		CK: FE DW:		SM/JT	CK: FE/JT		
05-13-24	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		JOB HIGHWAY		SHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.		SH 220			
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	FTW		ERATH		135			

BENT REPORT

BENT REPORT		BENT REPORT	
BENT NO. 1 (S 66 12 0.00 E)		BENT NO. 3 (S 66 12 0.00 E)	
DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L	DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L
BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S		BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S	
SPAN 1 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000 40 0.000 0.00 0.00		SPAN 2 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000 90 0 0.00	
BENT REPORT		BENT REPORT	
BENT NO. 2 (S 66 12 0.00 E)		BENT NO. 3 (5 66 12 0.00 E)	
DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L	DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L
BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S		BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S	
SPAN 1 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000		SPAN 3 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 6 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000 40.0000 0.00 0.00	
BENT REPORT		BENT REPORT	
BENT NO. 2 (5 66 12 0.00 E)		BENT NO. 4 (S 66 12 0.00 E)	
DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L	DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND BEAM 1,	20.0000 L
BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S		BEAM SPAC. BEAM ANGLE (CL BENT) D M S	
SPAN 2 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000		SPAN 3 BEAM 1 0.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 2 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 3 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 4 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 5 8.0000 90 0 0.00 BEAM 6 8.0000 90 0 0.00 TOTAL 40.0000 90 0 0.00	

BEAM REPORT

BEAM REPORT, SPAN 1

	HORIZONTAL DISTANCE C-C BENT C-C BRG.	TRUE DISTANCE BEAM BOT. BM. FLG. SLOPE	BEAM BEARING
BEAM 1 BEAM 2 BEAM 3 BEAM 4 BEAM 5 BEAM 6	60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000	59.5001 0.00174 59.5001 0.00174 59.5001 0.00174 59.5001 0.00174 59.5001 0.00174 59.5001 0.00174	N 23 48 0.00 E N 23 48 0.00 E
	BEAM RE	PORT, SPAN 2	
	HORIZONTAL DISTANCE C-C BENT C-C BRG.	TRUE DISTANCE BEAM BOT. BM. FLG. SLOPE (2)	BEAM BEARING
BEAM 1 BEAM 2 BEAM 3 BEAM 4 BEAM 5 BEAM 6	65.0000 63.0000 65.0000 63.0000 65.0000 63.0000 65.0000 63.0000 65.0000 63.0000 65.0000 63.0000	64.5000 -0.00026 64.5000 -0.00026 64.5000 -0.00026 64.5000 -0.00026 64.5000 -0.00026 64.5000 -0.00026	N 23 48 0.00 E N 23 48 0.00 E
	BEAM RE	PORT, SPAN 3	
	HORIZONTAL DISTANCE C-C BENT C-C BRG.	TRUE DISTANCE BEAM BOT. BM. FLG. SLOPE	BEAM BEARING
BEAM 1 BEAM 2 BEAM 3 BEAM 4 BEAM 5 BEAM 6	60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000 60.0000 58.0000	\$\frac{2}{59.5002} \text{-0.00226} \\ 59.5002 \text{-0.00226} \\ \end{array}	N 23 48 0.00 E N 23 48 0.00 E

② Girder lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments made for girder slope.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 4

Fort Worth
Bridge
Design

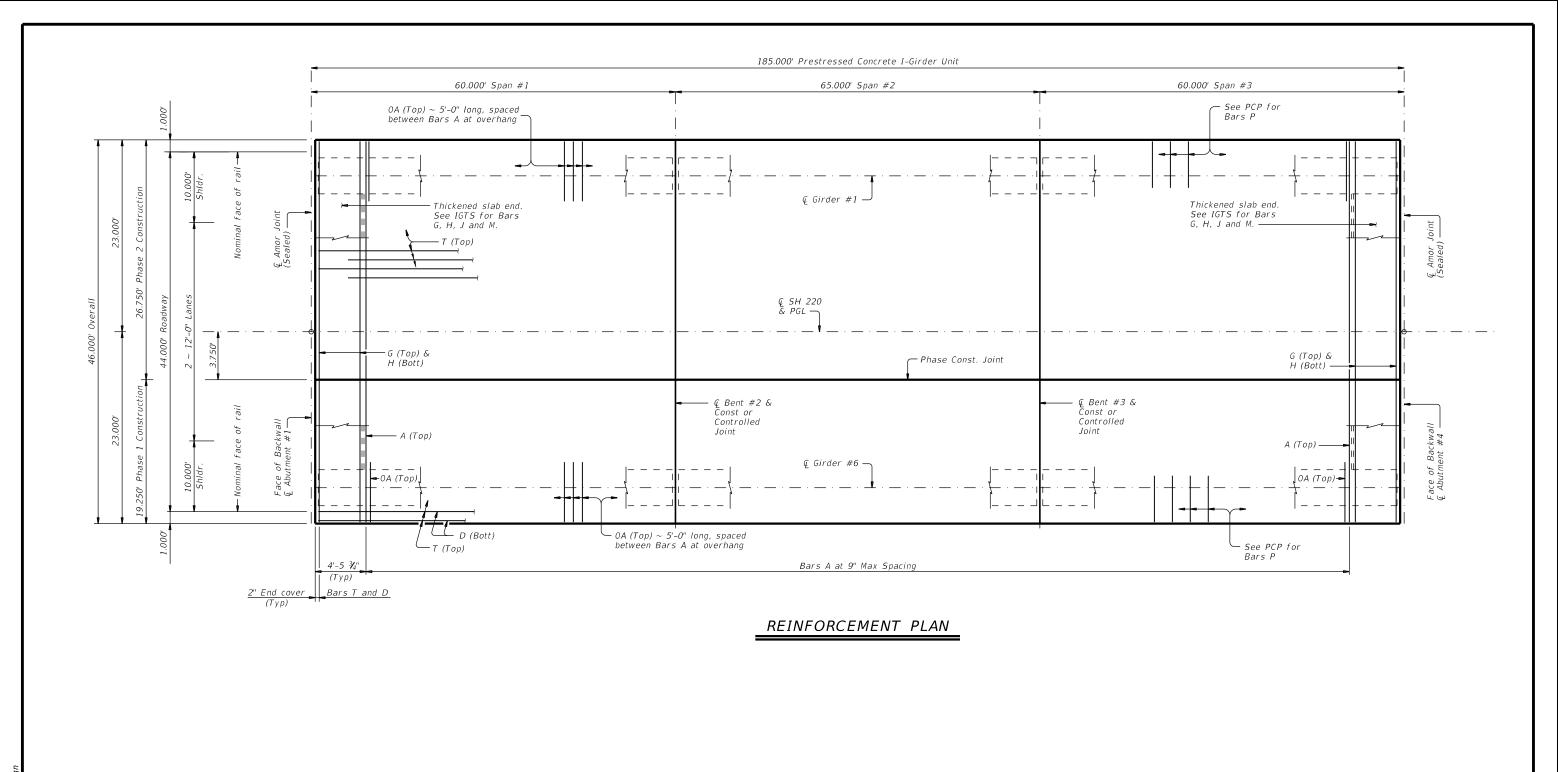


JAMES ROBERT TRAVIS

Texas Department of Transportation

185.00' PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1, 2, & 3)

		DN: J	Τ	CK: FE DW: S		CK: FE DW: SM/JT		CK: FE DW: SM/JT CK:		CK: FE/JT
T	05-13-24	CONT	SECT	JOB		JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.		SH	SH 220			
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.			
		FTW		ERATH		136				

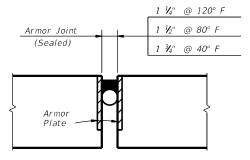




HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 4 Fort Worth Bridge Design

185.00' PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1, 2, & 3)

DN: J	Τ	CK: FE	DW:	SM/JT	CK: FE/JT	
CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	SHWAY	
0467	02	020, ETC.		SF	SH 220	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
FTW		ERATH 137				
	CONT 0467 DIST	CONT SECT 0467 02	CONT SECT JOB 0467 02 020, ETC DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB 0467 02 020, ETC. DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB HII 0467 02 020, ETC. SH DIST COUNTY	



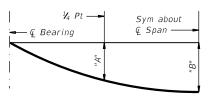
JOINT OPENING DETAIL

(For Additional Information and Details, See Related Standard Sheet "AJ".)

ARMOR JOINT DETAILS

TABLE OF ARMOR JOINT ESTIMATED QUANTITIES								
Abutment	Phase 1	Phase 2	Total					
Abutment	LF	LF	LF					
1	17.25	24.75	42.0					
4	17.25	24.75	42.0					
Total	34.5	49.5	84.0					

TABLE OF VARIABLE VALUES Dead Load Beam Span Deflection Span Length Туре "B" Ft 60.00 Tx28 0.048 0.068 65.00 Tx28 0.067 0.095 60.00 Tx28 0.048 0.068

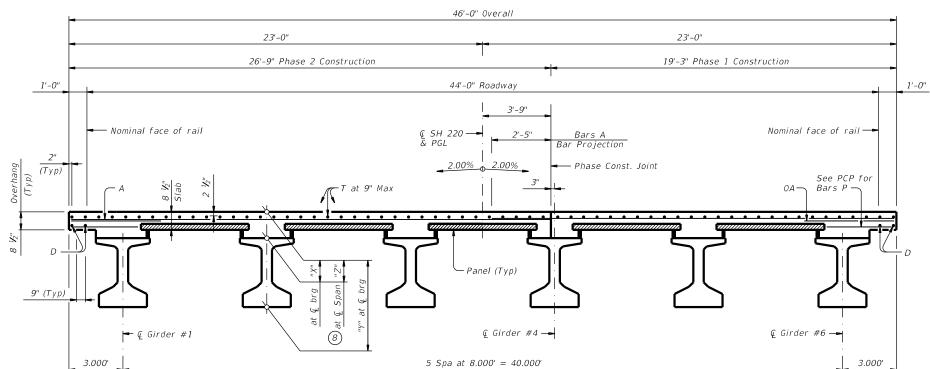


DEAD LOAD **DEFLECTION DIAGRAM**

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only ($E_C = 5,000~ksi$). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimensions may vary. Adjust based on field verification.

TABLE OF SECTION DEPTHS								
Span No.	Girder	"X" at @ Brg	"Y" at © Brg	"Z" at © Span 8				
1	1-3,5,6	11 ½"	3'-3 ½"	9 1/8"				
2	1-3,5,6	11 ½"	3'-3 ½"	10"				
3	1-3,5,6	11 ½"	3'-3 ½"	9 1/8"				
1	4	11 1/2"	3'-3 1/2"	9 1/2"				
2	4	11 ½"	3'-3 1/2"	9 %"				
3	4	11 ½"	3'-3 1/2"	9 1/2"				

(8) Theoretical dimension



TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

BAR TABLE BAR SIZE #4 #4 D #4 G #4 Н #4 #4 OA#5 #4 #4

TABLE OF ESTIMATED **QUANTITIES**

Span	Reinf Concrete Slab (HPC)	4 Prest Conc Girder (Tx28)	3 Total Reinforcing Steel	Rail (Ty SSTR)
No.	SF	LF	Lb	LF
		Phase 1	!	
1	1155	178.50	2,657	60.0
2	1251	193.50	2,877	65.0
3	1155	178.50	2,657	60.0
		Phase 2	2	
1	1605	178.50	3,692	60.0
2	1739	193.50	4,000	65.0
3	1605	178.50	3,692	60.0
		•		
Total	8,510	1101.00	19,575	370.0

- (3) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.3 lbs/SF.
- 4 Lengths shown are bottom girder flange lengths with adjustments

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 9th Edition (2020). Multi-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents,

may be formed with the details shown on this sheet and

ståndard IGCS. See IGTS standard for Thickened Slab End details and quantity adjustments.

See PCP and PCP-FAB for panel details not shown.

See IGMS standard for miscellaneous details. See Traffic Rail Ty SSTR standard for rail anchorage in slab. See PMDF standard for details and quantity adjustments

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

MATERIAL NOTES:

if this option is used.

Provide Class S (HPC) concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

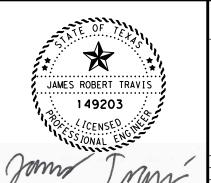
~ #5 = 3'-0" Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A, D, OA, P or T unless noted otherwise.

Top & bottom mats of steel must be continuous through Construction or Controlled Joints.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 4 OF 4

Fort Worth Bridge Design



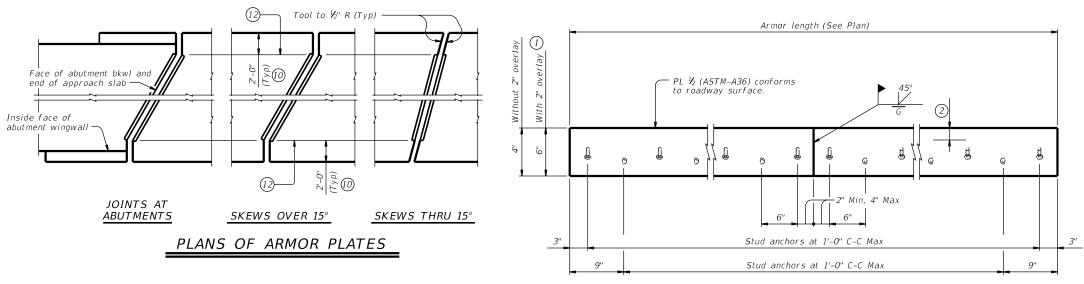
Texas Department of Transportation

185.00' PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER UNIT (SPANS 1, 2, & 3)

DUFFAU CREEK

		DN: JT		CK: FE DW:		SM/JT	CK: FE/JT		
©T x D0T	07-10-24	CONT	SECT	JOB		ню	HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0467	02 020, ETC.			SH	SH 220		
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		FTW		ERATH			138		

(Showing girder type Tx28)



AT JOINT LOCATION (1)

 \bigcirc Adjust 6" plate height for overlay thicknesses other than the 2" shown. Adjust weight by 1.70 plf for each $~V_2$ " variation in thickness.

 \bigcirc Do not paint top 1 $rac{1}{2}$ " of plate if using sealed armor joint.

③ Set top of backer rod 1" below top of armor plate. Backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.

4) Blast clean entire contact area between sealant and plate (SSPC-SP10) before installing sealant. Light brush blast and thoroughly clean all dust and debris from concrete surfaces in contact with joint sealant before application of silicone seal.

(5) Use Class 7 joint sealant that conforms to DMS-6310.

(6) Place sealant while ambient temperature is between 55°F and 80°F and is rising.

7) Armor joint does not include joint sealant or backer rod.

(8) Armor joint (sealed) includes Class 7 joint sealant and backer rod.

(9) Form vertical leg of seal as per the Manufacturer's recommendations. Use Class 4 joint sealant if Class 7 cannot be installed correctly. Install according to Manufacturer's recommendations.

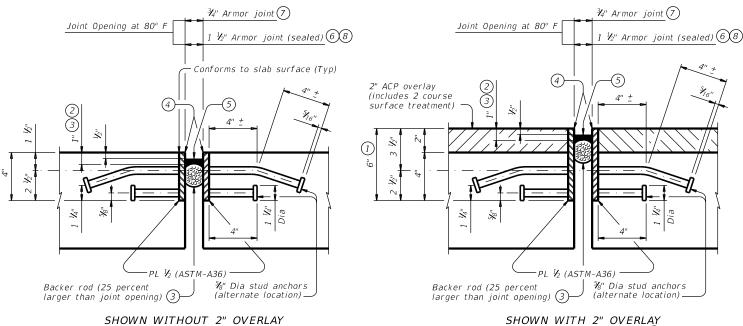
(10) Unless shown otherwise, terminate armor plate at slab break point if break is more than 2'-O" from slab edge.

(11) See "Plans of Armor Plates".

(2) At Fabricator's option, armor plate may extend up to 6" beyond this point for skews through 15°.

(13) Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.





FABRICATION NOTES:

Match mark corresponding plate sections and secure together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts. Ship armor joints in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for stage construction or widenings. One shop splice is

Ship armor joints in convenient lengths of 10"-0" Min and 24"-0" Max unless necessary for stage construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2"-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Determined by

joint opening

-Shipping angle L2 x 2 x ¾₁₆

spaced at 4'-0'

C-C Max (13)

Use groove welds for all shop and field butt splices. Grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section, except as stated in Note 2, with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446 "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel." Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Items 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of armor joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure armor joints in position and place to proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for Armor Joint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint.

GENERAL NOTES:

Top of roadway -

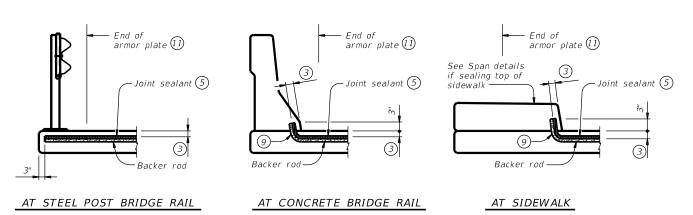
Provide armor joints at locations shown on the plans. Provide the seal when "Armor Joint (Sealed)" is noted on the plans.

These joint details accommodate a joint movement range of 1~%" (1/4" opening movement and 1/6" closure movement). Payment for armor joint, with or without seal, is based on length of armor plate.

AT JOINT LOCATION

ARMOR JOINT SECTIONS

Showing Armor Joint (Sealed)



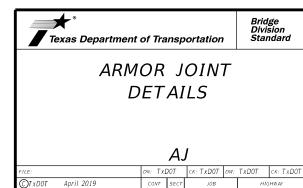
SHIPPING ANGLE

SHOWN WITHOUT 2" OVERLAY

AT JOINT LOCATION

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.

WEIGHTS FOR ONE ARMOR JOINT (2 PLATES) WITHOUT OVERLAY WITH 2" OVERLAY 22.90 pif



0467

020. FTC.

SH 220 SHEET NO.

Armor joint (sealed) only. Armor plate is not shown for clarity.

DATE: FILE:

See Isolation

Joint Detail -

SHOWING WINGWALL OR CIP RETAINING WALL

Wingwai or CIP

retainir

Wingwal or CIP

retaining

wall

wall

See RW(TRF)

standard for

reinforcement

MSE

SECTION A-A

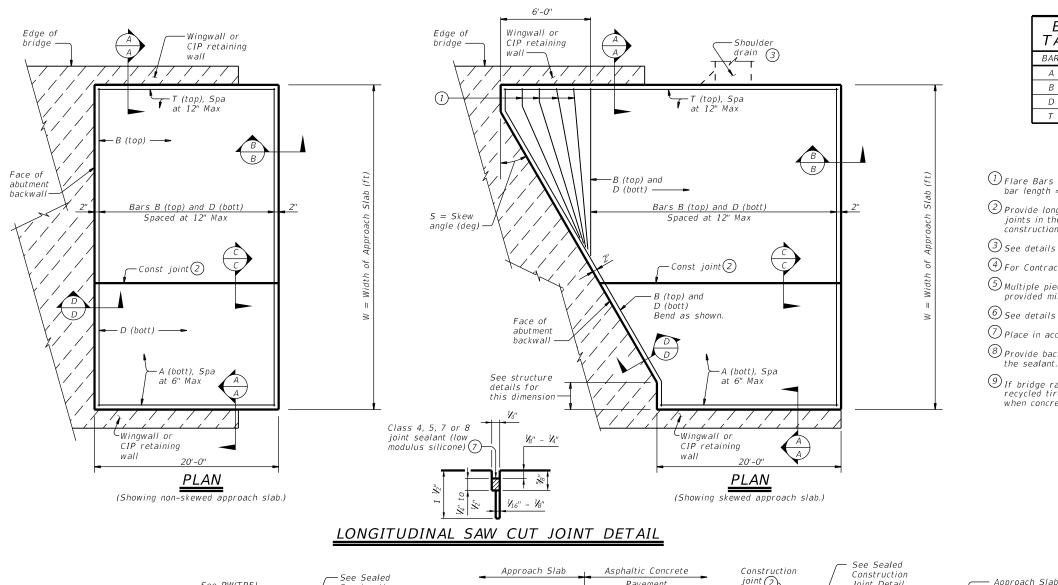
6

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

Construction

Joint Detail

SHOWING MSE WALL



APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES 4 Reinf steel weight = 8.5 Lbs/SF of Approach Slab

Volume of Appr Slab Conc (CY) = $0.802W + 0.02W^2$ Tan S

W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)

S = Skew Angle (deg)

- ① Flare Bars B and D in this region (1'-6" Max Spa, 3" Min Spa). Minimum flared bar length = 2'-6". Bend bars as necessary.
- 2) Provide longitudinal construction joints that align with longitudinal construction joints in the bridge slab with bridges built in stages. Other longitudinal construction joints must receive approval of the Engineer.
- 3) See details elsewhere in plans for shoulder drain location and details.
- 4 For Contractor's information only. Quantities shown are for one approach slab.
- (5) Multiple piece tie bars are acceptable at longitudinal construction joints provided minimum laps shown are achieved.
- 6 See details elsewhere in plans for required cross-slope
- 7 Place in accordance with Item 438.

(Flush with

CONSTRUCTION

JOINT DETAIL

Abutment

reinforcing =

Top of Slab)

backwall

BAR

TABLE

SIZE

#8 #5

#5

#5

BAR

D

- $\fbox{8}$ Provide backer rod that is 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant.
- 9 If bridge rail is present at the wingwall or CIP retaining wall, place 1/2" rebonded recycled tire rubber between concrete railing and top of approach slab as shown when concrete railing projects over the approach slab.

GENERAL NOTES:

Construct approach slab in accordance with Item 422. Provide Class "S" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide longitudinal joints as shown on the Longitudinal Saw Cut Joint Detail at lane lines and shoulders when width between longitudinal construction joints or edges of approach slab exceeds 16 feet. Saw cut joints within 24 hours of concrete placement to a depth of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and seal in accordance with Item 438. Alternately, provide a controlled joint consisting of 1 $\frac{N}{2}$ vinyl or plastic joint former (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)
Provide rebonded recycled tire rubber joint filler that

meets the requirements of DMS-6310. "Joint Sealants and Fillers."

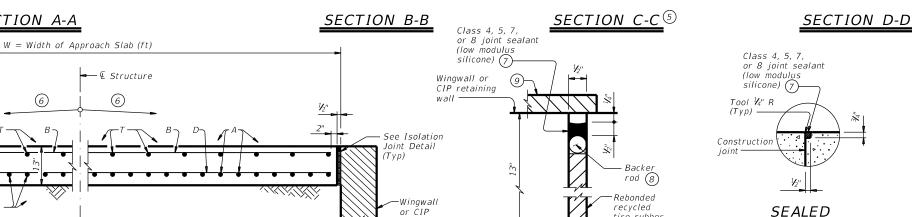
Construct the subgrade or subbase away from the bridge for a minimum distance of 100 feet prior to the approach slab, unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

Compact and finish the subgrade or foundation for the approach slab to the typical cross-section and to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

Cure for 4 days using water or membrane curing per Item 422.

All details shown herein are subsidiary to bridge approach

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



Joint Detail

2'-0"

3'-0"

Uncoated

Epoxy coated

ISOLATION JOINT DETAIL

Pavement

retaining

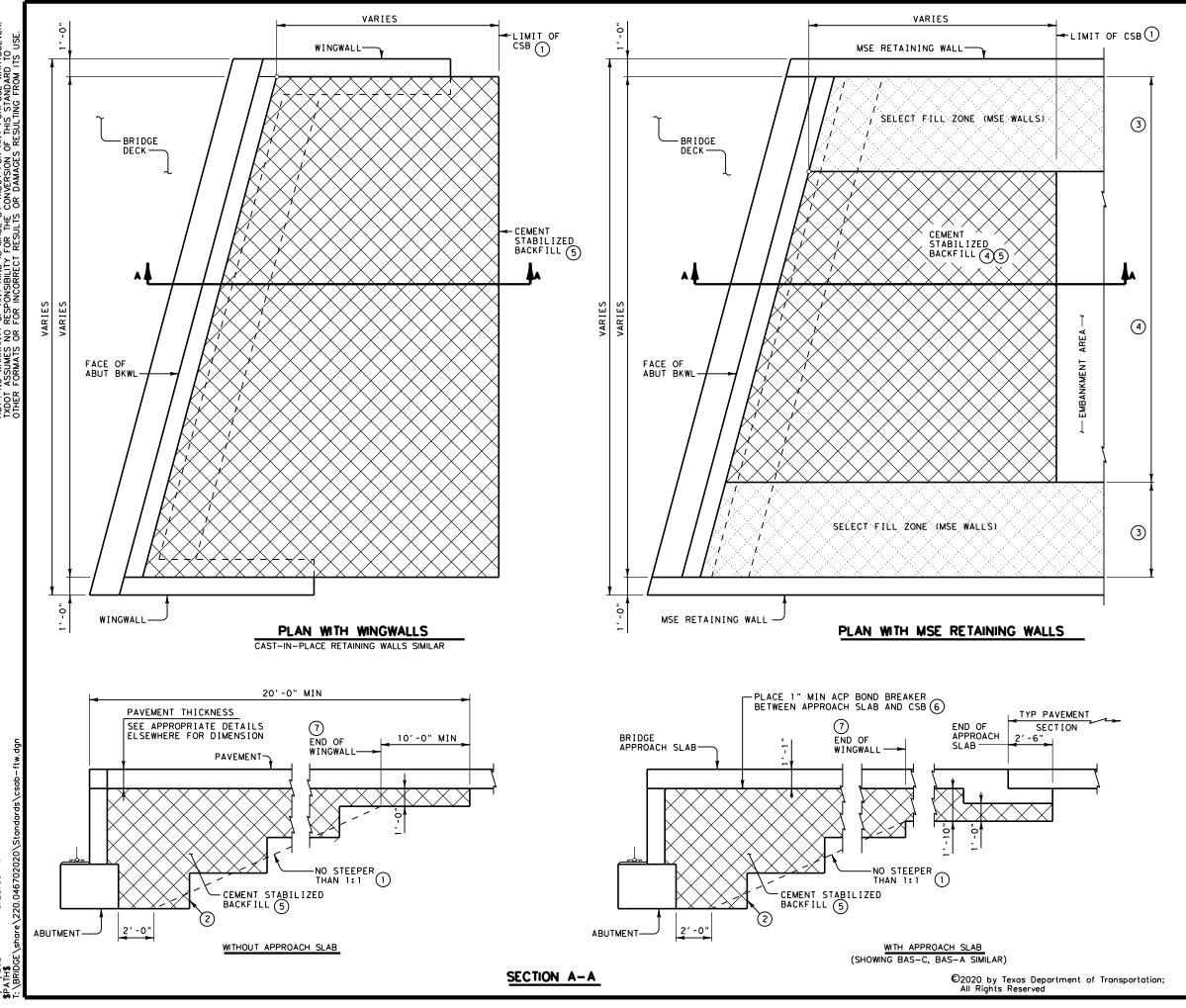
wall



BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT

RAS-A

		יט	75-7	ı		
FILE:	ואס: TxD0T		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ск: ТхДОТ
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC		SF	1 220
02-20: Removed stress relieving pad.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	FTW		ERATH			140



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. PROVIDE CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL (CSB) MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 400, "EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES", TO THE LIMITS SHOWN AT BRIDGE ABUTMENTS. PLACE CSB IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 400.
- DETAILS ARE DRAWN SHOWING LEFT FORWARD SKEW. SEE BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR ACTUAL SKEW.
- 3. THESE DETAILS DO NOT APPLY WHEN CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALLS ARE USED IN LIEU OF WINGWALLS. CONTACT THE BRIDGE DIVISION FOR MORE INFORMATION.

- 1 USUAL LIMIT OF CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL IS AT 20' FROM BACK OF ABUTMENT BACKWALL, IF NO APPROACH SLAB, OR AT END OF SUPPORT SLAB IF APPROACH SLAB IS USED.
- BENCH BACKFILL AS SHOWN WITH 12"(APPROXIMATE) BENCH DEPTHS.
- WHERE MSE RETAINING WALLS ARE PRESENT, ADJUST CSB LIMITS TO ACCOMMODATE THE SELECT FILL ZONE. SEE RETAINING WALL DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL
- WHEN DISTANCE BETWEEN SELECT FILL ZONES IS LESS THAN 5'-0", MSE SELECT FILL MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL WITH APPORVAL
- (5) IF APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, "NON-EXCAVATABLE" FLOWABLE BACKFILL, AS DEFINED BY ITEM 401, TABLE 2, MAY BE USED AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL, WITH THE FOLLOWING CONSTRAINTS:

 a. IF FLOWABLE BACKFILL IS TO BE PLACED OVER MSE
 - BACKFILL, PLACE A FILTER FABRIC OVER THE MSE BACKFILL; AND
 - b. PLACE FLOWABLE FILL IN LIFTS NOT EXCEEDING 2
 FEET IN DEPTH; PLACE EACH SUCCESSIVE LIFT WHEN THE PREVIOUS LIFT HAS STIFFENED/HARDENED (HAS LOST ITS FLOWABILITY).
 c. NO ADJUSTMENT IN PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR
 - SUBSTITUTION OF FLOWABLE FILL IN LIEU OF CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL
- OTHER MATERIALS MAY BE USED AS A BOND BREAKER F PERMITTED BY THE ENGINEER. 2 LAYERS OF 30 LB ROOFING FELT OR 2 LAYERS OF HEAVY MIL POLYETHYLENE SHEETING ARE EXAMPLES. BOND BREAKER WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.
- 10'-0" FROM BACK OF ABUTMENT BACKWALL, IF NO WINGWALLS.

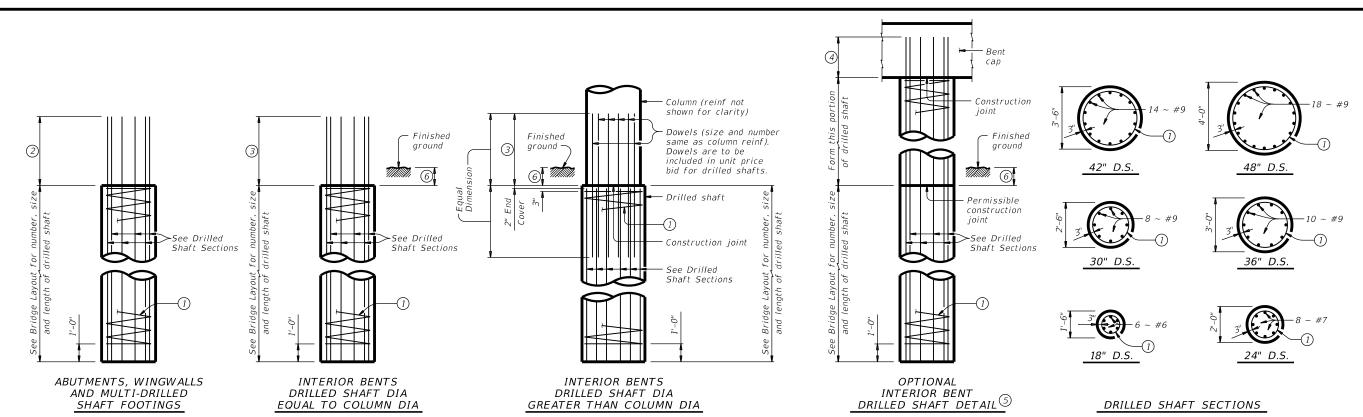


Fort Worth

CEMENT STABILIZED ABUTMENT BACKFILL BRIDGE ABUTMENT CSAB (FTW)

	_	_				
ORIGINAL	DRAWING: 05/2019	csab-ftw.dgn		PROJEC	T NO.	SHEET NO.
DATE	REVI	SIONS				141
05/2019	NEW STANDARD		STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	co	UNTY
11/2020	REVISE NOTES; ELI	WINATE SKEWED END.	TEXAS	FTW	ER	ATH
			CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
			0467	02	02 FTC	SH 220



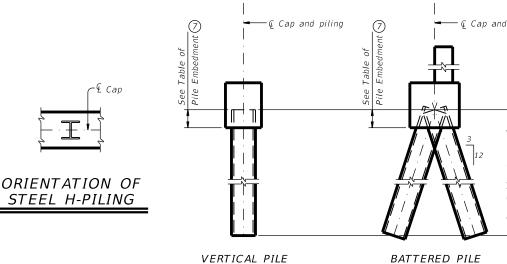


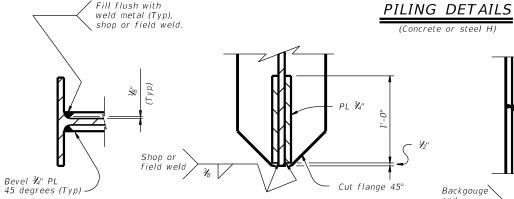
DRILLED SHAFT DETAILS

TABLE OF PILE EMBEDMENT Pile Type mbedment Depth (Ft 16" Sq Concrete 18" Sq Concrete HP14 Steel 1'-0" 20" Sq Concrete 24" Sq Concrete HPİ8 Steel

See Prestressed Concrete Piling (CP) standard for additional details on concrete pile embedment.

ELEVATION



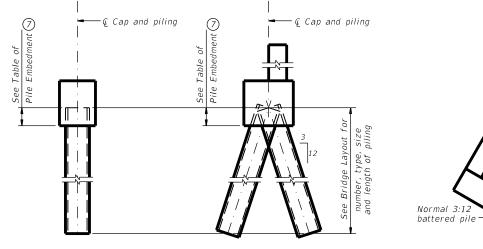


SECTION B-B

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

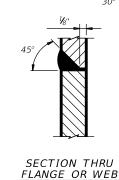
SECTION A-A

See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown.



backweld

DETAIL "A' (Showing plan view of a 30° skewed abutment)



STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required

- top and bottom). Min extension into supported element:

#3 spiral at 6" pitch (one and a half flat turns

#6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-0" #9 Bars = 2'-3"

If unable to avoid

conflict with wingwall

piling at exterior pile

group regardless of

which pile would be battered back, one

pile in group may be

vertical

| <u>| | | |</u>

Piling _

group

- Min lap with column reinf: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"
- 4 Min extension into supported element: #6 Bars = 1'-11" #7 Bars = 2'-3" $#9 \; Bars = 2'-9''$
- 5 Drilled shafts may extend to the bottom of bent caps for "H" heights of 6 ft and less (as shown on the Bridge Layout), if approved. This option can only be used when the drilled shaft diameter equals the column diameter. Obtain approval of the forming method above the ground line prior to construction. No adjustments in payment will be made if this option is used.
- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.

SHEET 1 OF 2



COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

. 2									
FILE:	ом: ТxD0T		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T	ск: ТхДОТ			
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT SECT JOB		H	HIGHWAY					
REVISIONS	0467	02 020, ETC. S		SI	1 220				
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
	FTW	FTW ERATH				142			

At Contractor's option, concrete

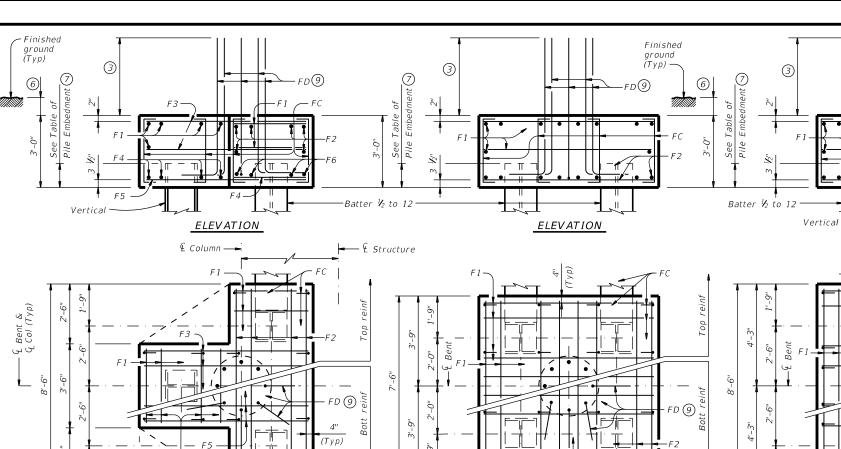
may be placed

7'-3"

PLAN

THREE PILE FOOTING®

to here -



2'-6" 4'-3" 4'-3" PLAN FIVE PILE FOOTING ®

ELEVATION

Min lap with column reinforcing: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9"

- 6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.
- 7 Or as shown on plans.

 $#11 \ Bars = 4'-8''$

- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- 10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

JU CULUMNIJ											
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	「ING							
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	Weight							
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	23							
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	33							
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	28							
F 4	8	#9	3'- 2	86							
F 5	4	#9	6'- 11	94							
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	,,	111						
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28						
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	220							
Reinf	623										
Class	4.8										
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	ING							
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	Weight							
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	96							
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	306							
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	37							
FD 🔟	8	#9	8'- 1"		220						
Reinforcing Steel Lb					659						
Class	CY	6.3									
ONE 5 PILE FOOTING											
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	Weight							
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	109							
F2	16	#9	8'- 2"		444						
FC	24	#4	3'- 6"		56						
FD 🔟	8	#9	8'- 1"		220						
Reinf	Lb	829									
Class "C" Concrete					8.0						

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

- Batter ½ to 12

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns 120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

SHEET 2 OF 2

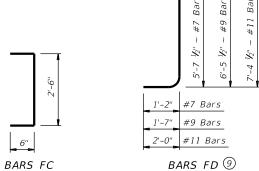


Bridge Division Standard

COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FΩ

1 D										
TILE:	DN: TXDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ск: ТхD0Т				
◯TxDOT April 2019	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY					
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC	ĵ.		1 220				
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY SHEET N			SHEET NO.				
	CTW/	EDATU				1/12				



2'-0"

7'-6"

PLAN

FOUR PILE FOOTING®

BARS FD 9

PLAN FOR 45° SKEW 4

(Showing short span condition.)

(5) Bars OA (Top) at 9" Max spacing between Bars A (Top).

6 Values in table assume a temperature change of 70° F after erection when calculating thermal movement in one direction (not total).

TABLE OF 6 ALLOWABLE UNIT LENGTH

	01111 22	-7107
	Max Rdwy Grade, Percent	Unit Lengti Factor
	0.00	4.1
	1.00	3.9
	2.00	3.7
	3.00	3.5
	4.00	3.3
ı	5.00	3.1

Unit length must not exceed the length of the shortest end span times the Unit Length Factor shown in table or 400°, whichever is less.

BAR SIZE

A #4

B #4

#4

#5

D

0A

BAR TABLE

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for two and three span units comprised of the same girder type. Units may be comprised of different span lengths. See "Table of Allowable Unit Length".

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

This standard is drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction

CONSTRUCTION NOTES: Where multi-span units are indicated on the

where muiti-span units are indicated on the Bridge Layout, the thickened slab end details and reinforcement shown on IGTS standard (Bars AA, G, H, J, K, and M) and on the Span Details will be omitted where slabs are continuous over interior bents. At these locations, the slab details and reinforcement will be as shown on this sheet or on PCP standard (if using this option).

Thickened slab end reinforcement and details still apply at expansion joint locations (ends of units).

See Span Details for remainder of slab reinforcement and details.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class "S" concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi). Provide Class "S" (HPC) if shown elsewhere on the

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

The details shown on this sheet are applicable for use only with the Prestressed Concrete I-Girder Standard Designs shown on standards IGSD-24, IGSD-28, IGSD-30, IGSD-32, IGSD-34, IGSD-38, IGSD-40 and IGSD-44.

HL93 LOADING



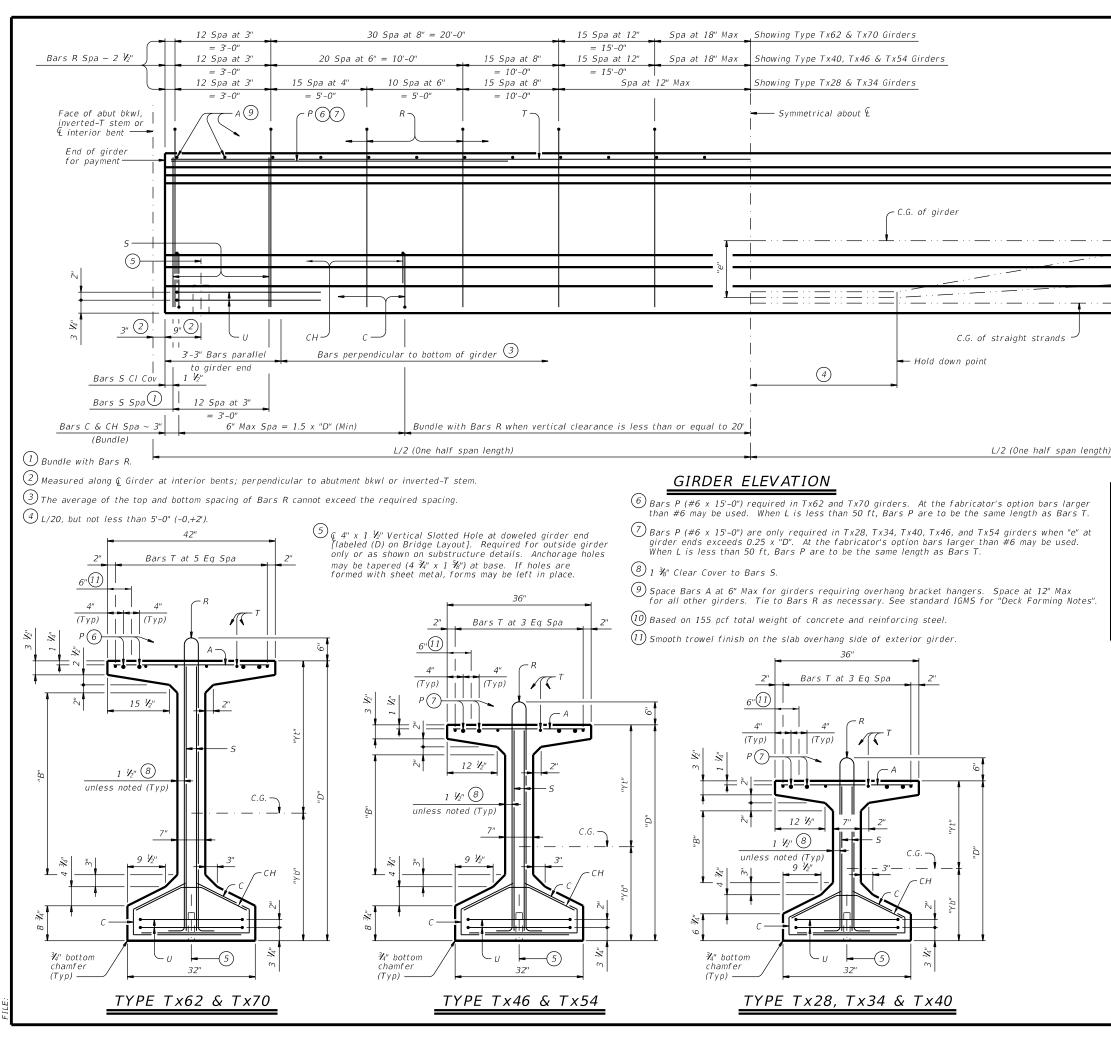
Bridge Division Standard

CONTINUOUS
SLAB DETAILS
PRESTR CONC I-GIRDER SPANS

IGCS

				_				
ti .	DN: JM	IH.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: TxD0T		
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	CONT SECT JOB				HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC		SH 220			
-19: Added bubble note 6. -23: Added 34' Rdwv.	DIST	T COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	FTW		ERATH		144			

ATE:



GIRDER DIMENSIONS AND SECTION PROPERTIES Girdei Type (in.2 (plf) (in. (in.) 630 Tx28 28 15.02 12.98 585 52.772 40.559 34 12 18.49 15.51 627 88,355 40,731 675 Tx34 720 18.10 Tx40 40 18 21.90 669 134.990 40.902 819 Tx46 46 22 25.90 20.10 761 198,089 46.478 30 880 Tx54 54 30.49 23.51 817 299,740 46,707 Tx62 62 37 ½" 33.72 28.28 910 463,072 57,351 980 Tx70 70 45 ½" 38.09 31.91 966 628,747 57,579 1,040

Face of abut bkwl,

interior bent

inverted-T stem or

End of girder for payment Ontional ¾" Chamfer

vertically (Typ)

90° at int bents, plumb ends at abut bkwl & inverted-T

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Provide Class H concrete. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Do not blockout top of girders for

C.G. of depressed strands

C.G. of all strands

thickened slab ends.

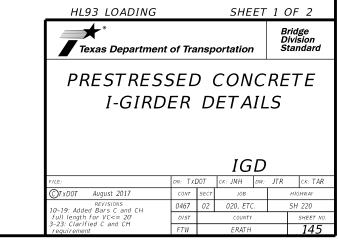
An equal area of deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars A, C, R or T unless otherwise noted.

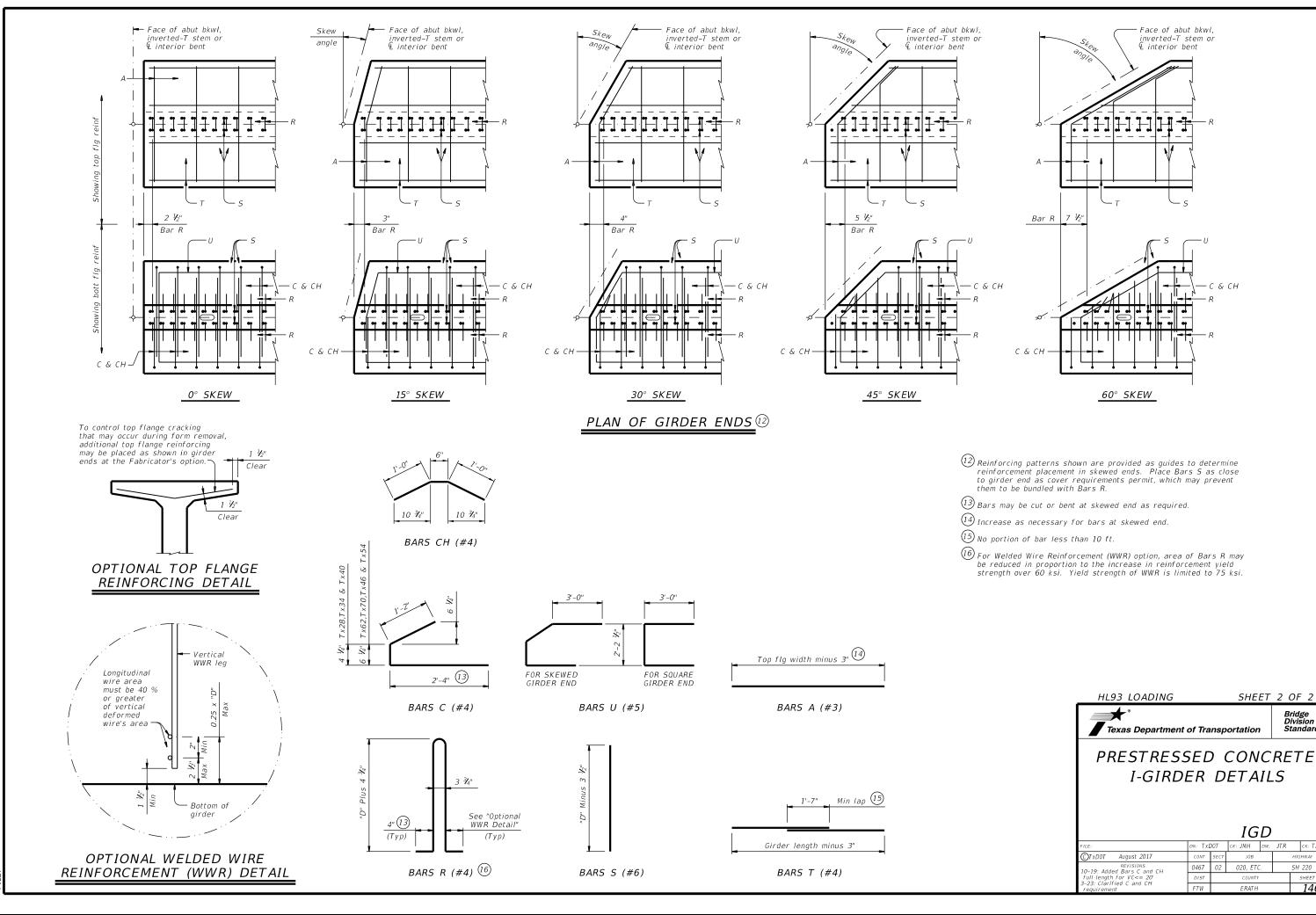
It is permissible for bars or strands to come in contact with materials

used in forming anchor holes.

When vertical clearance of the span is less than or equal to 20', provide additional Bars C and CH in every girder of that span.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar





SHEET 2 OF 2

IGD

020. FTC.

DN: TXDOT

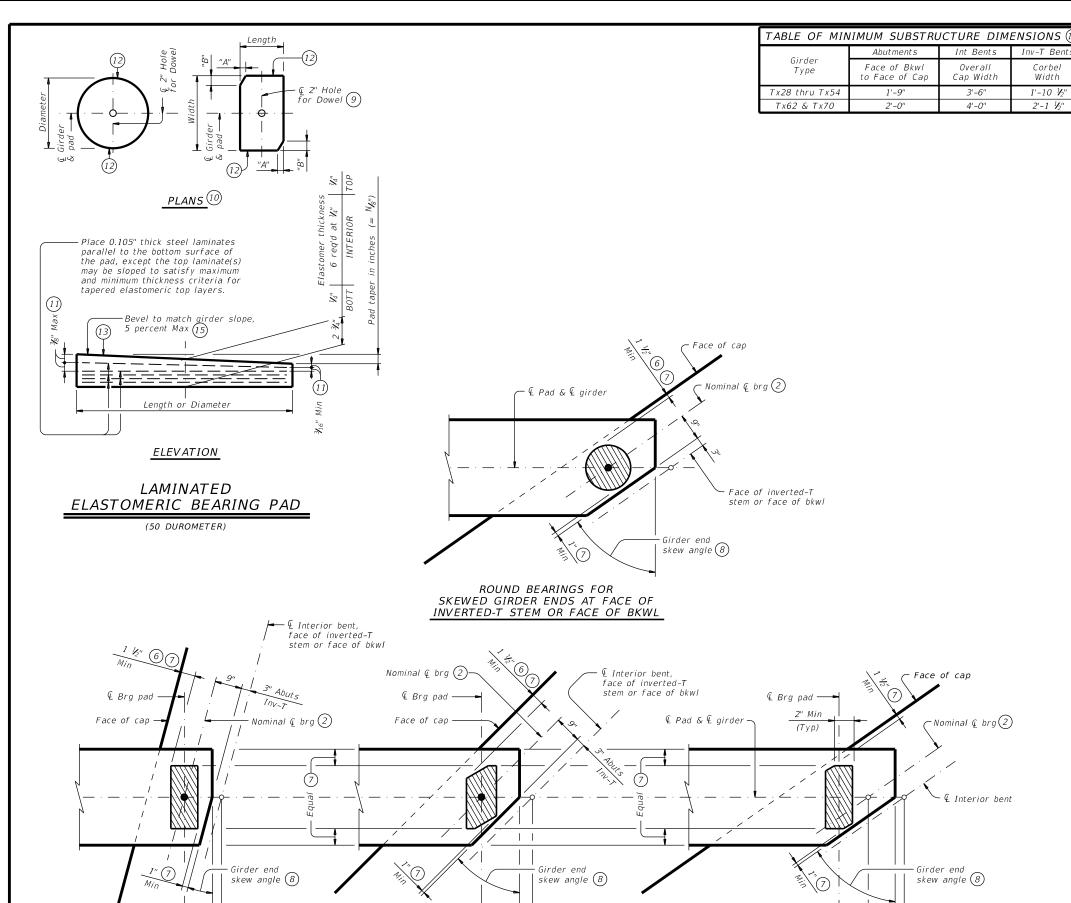
CK: JMH DW: JTR CK: TAR

SH 220

146

Bridge Division Standard

147



BEARING PAD PLACEMENT DIAGRAMS

Varies with girder

end skew angle

SKEWED GIRDER ENDS

AT CONVENTIONAL

(NO GIRDER DOWELS)

INTERIOR BENTS (16)

TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS Girder End Pad Clip Pad Size Bent Girder Туре Skew Angle Dimensions Type Type Lgth x Wdth Range G-1-"N" 0° thru 21° 8" x 21' Tx28,Tx34, G-2-"N" 21°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" ABUTMENTS. INVERTED-T G-3-"N"30°+ thru 45° 9" x 21" 4 1/2" 4 1/2 & Tx54 45°+ thru 60° 15" Dia TRANSITION 9" x 21" G-5-"N" 0° thru 21° BENTS Tx62 G-6-"N" 21°+ thru 30° 9" x 21" 1 1/2" BACKWALLS G-7-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 10" x 21" 4 1/3" Tx70 45°+ thru 60° 10" x 21" 7 1/4" CONVENTIONAL Tx40,Tx46INTERIOR & Tx54 G-1-"N" 8" x 21" 0° thru 60° *BENTS* Tx62 & Tx70 G-5-"N" 9" x 21" 0° thru 60° G-1-"N" 0° thru 18° 8" x 21" CONVENTIONAL Tx28,Tx34, INTERIOR G-2-"N" 18°+ thru 30° 8" x 21" Tx40,Tx46 BENTS G-9-"N" 30°+ thru 45° 8" x 21" WITH& Tx54 SKEWED G-10-"N" 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21" GIRDER G-5-"N" 0° thru 18° 9" x 21' Tx62 G-5-"N" 18°+ thru 30° 9" x 21' (GIRDER CONFLICTS) G-11-"N"30°+ thru 45° 9" x 21" 1 1/3" Tx70 (16) 45°+ thru 60° 9" x 21"

- 2) For purposes of computing bearing seat elevations, nominal centerline of bearing must be defined as shown. The actual center of bearing pad may
- 6 3" for inverted-T.
- 7) Place centerline pad as near nominal centerline bearing as possible between
- (8) Girder end skew angle is equal to 90° minus the girder angle except at some conflicting girders.
- (9) Provide 2" dia hole only at locations required. See Substructure details
- (10) See Table of Bearing Pad Dimensions for dimensions.
- (11) Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered lavers.
- (12) Locate Permanent Mark here.
- (13) Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in $\frac{1}{2}$ " increments) in this mark.

Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for $\frac{1}{8}$ " taper) N=2, (for ¼" taper)

Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan girder slope by more than $\begin{pmatrix} 0.0625'' \end{pmatrix}$ \ \ \ \IN/\IN.

- 14 Substructure dimensions must satisfy the minimums provided to accommodate the elastomeric bearings shown on this standard.
- (15) See sheet 3 of 3 for beveled plate use when slopes exceed 5 percent.
- (16) If girder end is skewed for a girder conflict at an interior bent and a beveled sole plate is required, use bearing type for abutments at this location. Location of bearing centerline is to be set as for abutments in this case.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 3



ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND GIRDER END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGEB

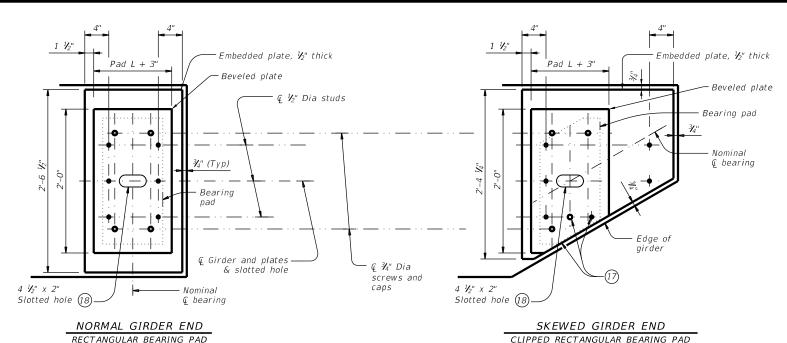
AEE CTxD0T August 2017 0467 020. FTC. SH 220 148

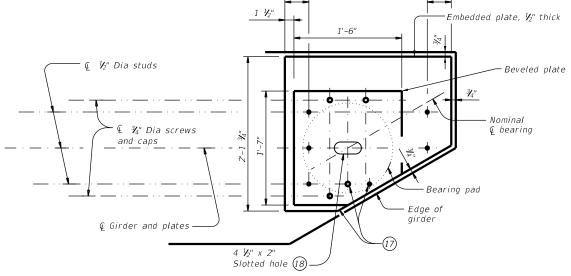
Int bents

SKEWED GIRDER ENDS

AT INT BENTS, FACE OF

INVERTED-T STEM OR FACE OF BKWL

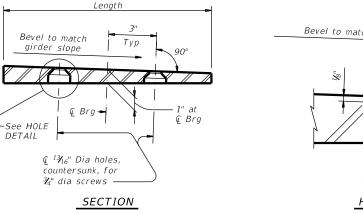


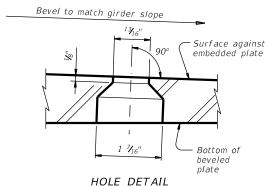


SKEWED GIRDER END

15" DIA BEARING PAD

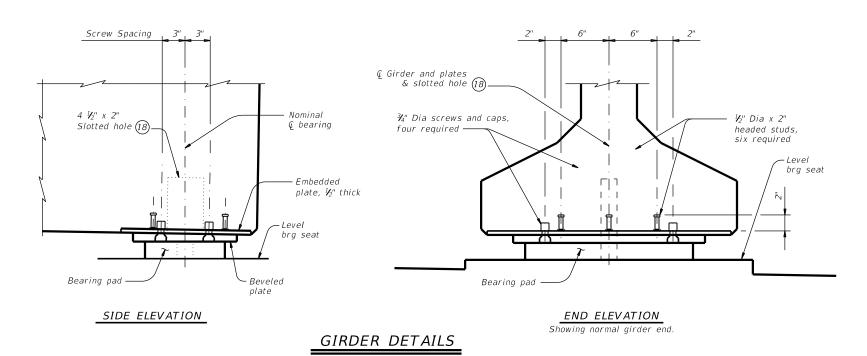
PLAN VIEW OF SOLE PLATE DETAILS





- (1) Cut beveled and embedded plates to match girder end skew. Adjust location of screw and stud as shown when necessary.
- (18) Slotted hole is required at doweled girder

BEVELED PLATE DETAILS



SOLE PLATE NOTES:

Provide constant thickness elastomeric bearings with beveled and embedded steel sole plates in accordance with these details when the girder slope exceeds 5 percent or if otherwise required in the plans. Provide for all girders in the span.

On the shop drawings, dimension sole plates to the nearest N_6 " based on required thickness at centerline of bearing and slope of girder. Thickness tolerance variation from the approved shop drawings is N_6 "+/-, except variation from a plane parallel to the theoretical top surface can not exceed N_6 " total. Bearing surface tolerances listed in Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates.

Item 424 apply to embedded and beveled plates. Steel plate must conform to ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50, or A709 Gr 36 or Gr 50. Hot dip galvanize both the embedded plate and beveled sole plate after fabrication. Seal weld caps to embedded plate before galvanizing.

When determining if relocation of screw holes and studs are necessary for skewed girder ends, minimum clearance from screw or stud centerline to plate edge is 1.25".

Tap threads in the embedded plate only. Drill and tap prior to galvanizing.

○TxD0T August 2017

 $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia screws must be electroplated, socket flat head countersunk cap screws conforming to ASTM F835. Electroplating must conform to ASTM B633, SC 2, Type 1. Provide screws long enough to maintain a $\frac{3}{4}$ " minimum embedment into the embedded plate and galvanized cap. Provide galvanized steel caps (16 ga Min) with a nominal 1" inside diameter and deep enough to accommodate the screws, but not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ " deep or deeper than 1".

Install beveled sole plates prior to shipping girders. Installed screw heads must not protrude below the bottom of the beveled plate.

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 3 OF 3

Bridge Division Standard

ELASTOMERIC BEARING

AND GIRDER END DETAILS

PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGEB

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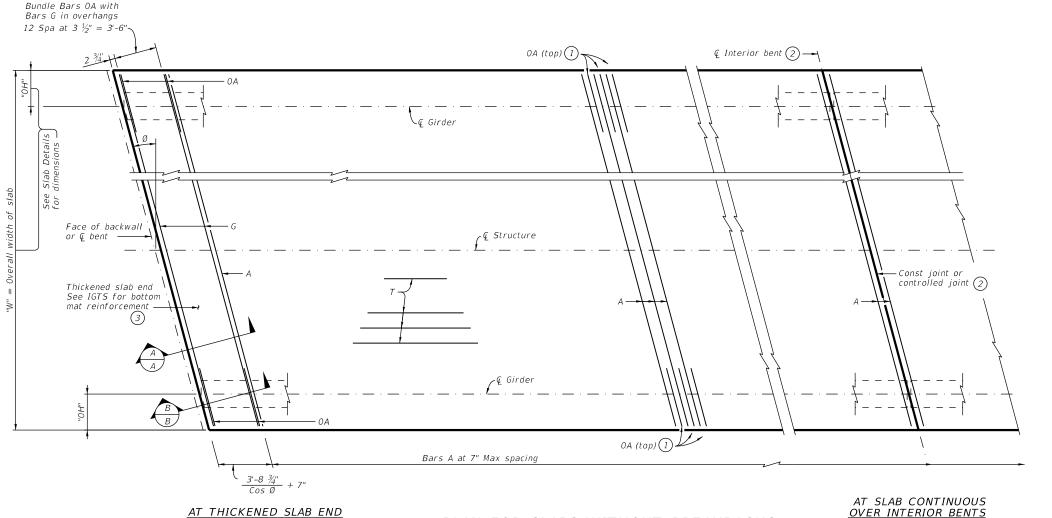
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020. FTC.

SH 220

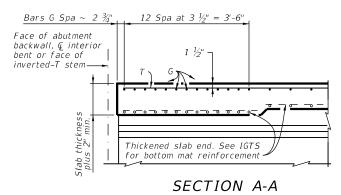
149

DATE: FILE:

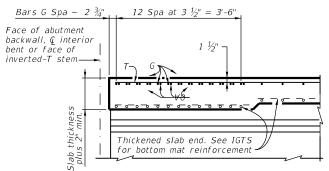


PLAN FOR SLABS WITHOUT BREAKBACKS Showing top mat reinforcement only.

OVER INTERIOR BENTS

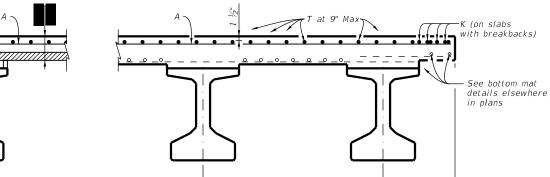


Showing Thickened Slab End with PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.



SECTION B-B

Showing Thickened Slab End with PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.



PARTIAL TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

Girder Spacing

See Slab Design Table

Panel (Typ)

SECTION OF THICKENED SLAB END

3.500' Max

Showing PCP Option 1. Option 2 similar.

Girder Spacing

See Slab Design Table

- 1) Place Bars OA midway between Bars A at overhang.
- (2) Bars are continuous through joint.
- 3 Thickened slab end dimensioned perpendicular to face of bkwl, centerline interior bent or face of inverted-T stem.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

GFRP SLAB TOP MAT REINFORCEMENT PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER **SPANS**

IGFRP

ti .	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T		
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY		
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC	SH	SH 220			
0-19: Updated to latest design specification.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	FTW	ERATH				150		

See bottom mat details elsewhere in plans

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TXDOT for TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages res



- 1) Place Bars OA midway between Bars A at overhang.
- (2) Bars are continuous through joint.
- 3 Thickened slab end dimensioned perpendicular to face of bkwl, centerline interior bent or face of inverted-T stem.
- (4) Tie Bars AA to bottom of Bars G in this location.
- (5) A = ("0H" + 2.333' "B") x Tan Ø

-Const joint or controlled joint (2)

> AT SLAB CONTINUOUS OVER INTERIOR BENTS

- $6 C = \frac{3.729'}{Cos \emptyset} + "A" + Bar A spacing$
- (7) Only required on slabs with breakbacks.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications and AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Guide Specifications for GFRP-Reinforced Concrete, 2nd Edition. These details are restricted to Prestressed Concrete I-Girder spans with an 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ " slab and up to a 10'-0"

girder spacing.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details and PCP Standard (if prestressed concrete panels are used).

This standard provides Glass Fiber Reinforced Polymer (GFRP) reinforcement details for the top mat of slab reinforcement. The bottom mat reinforcement and other slab details are as shown elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor has the option to provide GFRP reinforcement, in accordance with the details shown, when epoxy-coated steel bars are specified for the deck slab. The Contractor may provide an alternate GFRP slab design with calculations signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

noted otherwise.
Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide GFRP bars, conforming to ASTM D7957/7957M, except provide a minimum modulus of elasticity of 7,500

Provide Grade 60 steel bars for all bottom mat reinforcement as shown elsewhere in plans. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: #5 GFRP bar = 2'-9"

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



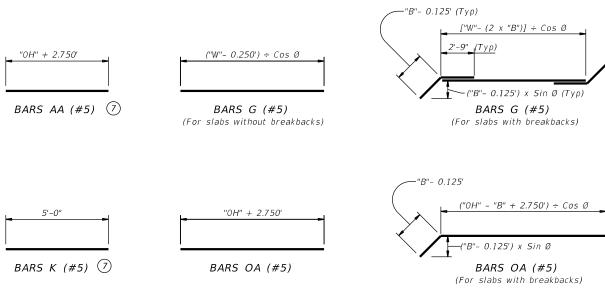
Bridge Division tion Standard

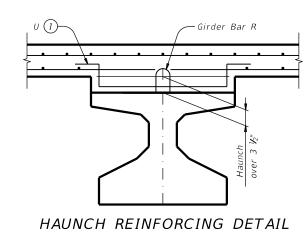
GFRP SLAB TOP MAT
REINFORCEMENT
PRESTRESSED CONC I-GIRDER

SPANS

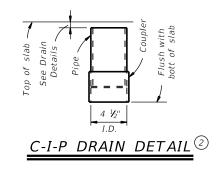
IGFRP

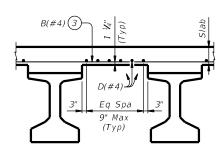
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0-19: Updated to latest design specification.	DIST	ST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
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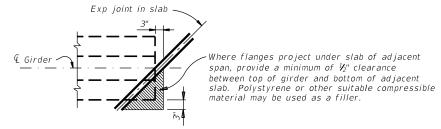


Top flange · Haunch plus 2" Min, 5" Max BARS U (#4)

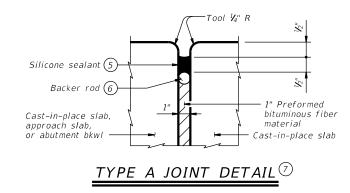




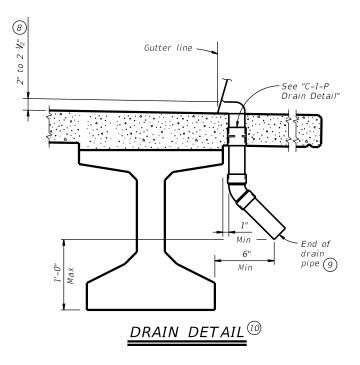
TYPICAL PART TRANSVERSE SLAB SECTION WITHOUT PCP



TREATMENT AT GIRDER END FOR SKEWED SPANS



- (1) Space Bars U with girder Bars R in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 $larksigma_2$ ".
- 2 Roughen outside of PVC with coarse rasp or equal to ensure bond with cast-in-place concrete.
- $rac{3}{3}$ Bars B(#4) spaced at 9" Max with 2" end cover. Overhang option, Contractor's may end alternating bars B(#4) at centerline outside girder.
- Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7" Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$
- (5) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- $\stackrel{ullet}{(6)}$ 1 V_4 " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- ${rac{\circ}{\circ}}$ The maximum distance between Type A expansion joints is 100'. See Bridge Layout for location
- 8) Drain entrance formed in rail or sidewalk.
- Water may not be discharged onto girders.
- All drain pipe and fittings to be 4" diameter (Sch 40) PVC. See Item 481 "Pipe for Drains" for pipe, connections and solvent welding. Bend reinforcing steel to clear PVC 1". Drain length and location is as directed by the Engineer. Drains are not permitted over roadways or railways, or within 10'-0" of bent caps. Degrease outside of exposed PVC, apply acrylic water base primer, then coat with same surface finishing material as used for outside girder face. Variations of the above designs, as required for the type of rail used and its location on the structure, may be installed with the approval and direction of the Engineer.



GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Payment for Type A joint will be as per Item 454, "Bridge Expansion Joints." All other items (reinforcing steel, drains, etc.) shown on this sheet are subsidiary to other bid items.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DECK FORMWORK NOTES:

Overhang bracket hangers are limited to a safe working load of 3,600 lbs, applied to and along the axis of a coil rod at 45 degrees from vertical, regardless of higher loads permitted by hanger manufacturers. Do not place a hanger less than 12" from girder end. Space hangers accordingly.

SHEET 1 OF 2

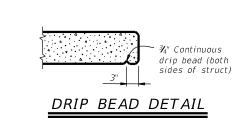


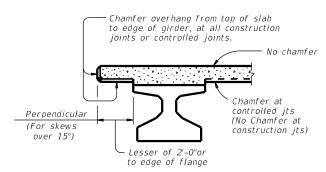
MISCELLANEOUS SLAB DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

IGMS

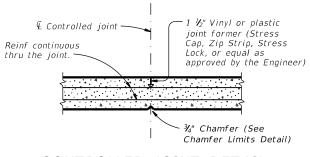
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-19: Modified Note 7. Type A now a pay item.	DIST	NST COUNTY					SHEET NO.	
	FTW			152				

Girder





CHAMFER LIMITS DETAIL (15)



CONTROLLED JOINT DETAIL

(Saw-cutting is not allowed)

SHOWING EXPANSION JOINTS

−£ Expansion joint (11)−

Y (13)

Const jt

See elsewhere for additional

reinforcement not shown.

W (14)

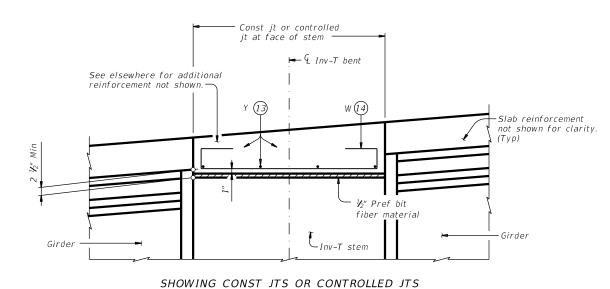
Dowel DD ~ $(#11) \times 1'-6''$

-Slab reinforcement

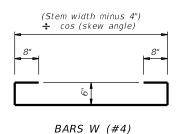
(Typ)

Girder

not shown for clarity.



REINFORCEMENT OVER INV-T BENTS



- 11) See Layout for joint type.
- ${rac{1}{12}}$ Dowels DD (#11) spaced at 5 Ft Max. See Inv-T bents for quantity and location.
- 3 Space Bars Y (#4) at 12" Max. Use 2" end cover. Number of Bars Y must satisfy spacing limit. Place parallel to bent.
- 14 Space Bars W at 12" Max (3" from end of cap). Tilt if necessary to maintain cover requirements. Place parallel to longitudinal slab
- 15 See Span details for type of joint and joint locations.



MISCELLANEOUS

SLAB DETAILS

PRESTR CONCRETE I-GIRDERS

Bridge Division Standard

Texas Depar

		1	D	ESIGNI	ED GIR		SING ST	PANIDS			ESSED RAND	CONC	CRETE	DESIGN	OPTIOI DESIGN	VAL DESIG		1010	LO	AD R. FACT	AT ING ORS
STRUCTURE	SPAN NO.	GIRDER NO.	GIRDER TYPE	NON- STD	TOTAL		STRGTH		"e" END		TERN	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP	LOAD COMP STRESS	LOAD TENSILE STRESS	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT	DISTR FAC	LOAD IBUTION CTOR	STRE		SERVICE III
				STRAND PATTERN	NO.	(in)	fpu (ksi)	(in)	(in)	NO.	TO END (in)	(1) f'ci (ksi)	STRGTH f'c (ksi)	(TOP ℚ) (SERVICE I) fct(ksi)	(BOTT ©) (SERVICE III) fcb(ksi)	CAPACITY (STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	2) Shear	Inv	0pr	Inv
SH 220 at Little Duffau Creek	1 2 3	1-6 1-6 1-6	Tx28 Tx28 Tx28		20 20 20	0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270 270	9.88 9.88 9.88	6.28 6.28 6.28	4 4 4	22.5 22.5 22.5 22.5	5.000 5.000 5.000	6.000 6.000 6.000	2.367 2.367 2.367	-3.113 -3.113 -3.113	2440 2440 2440	0.655 0.655 0.655	0.814 0.814 0.814	1.50 1.50 1.50	1.93 1.93 1.93	1.17 1.16 1.16
SH 220 at Duffau Creek	1 2 3	1-6 1-6 1-6	Tx28 Tx28 Tx28		22 24 22	0.6 0.6 0.6	270 270 270	9.75 9.65 9.75	6.48 6.31 6.48	4 4 4	22.5 24.5 22.5	4.400 5.200 4.400	6.800 7.200 6.800	2.437 2.853 2.437	-3.173 -3.660 -3.173	2466 2798 2466	0.655 0.640 0.655	0.814 0.814 0.814	1.68 1.58 1.68	2.18 2.05 2.18	1.40 1.25 1.40

AMY HARRINGTON CAUSEY LICENSED. SS JONAL ENGLIS 7/12/2024 Amy Harrington Causey For Little Duffau Ck Only. JAMES ROBERT TRAVIS 149203 G F E D C B A A B C D E F G SSIONAL ENGLIS 13 Spa at 2" *TYPE Tx62 & Tx70* 07/12/2024 For Duffau Ck Only

NON	I-STANDARD STRAND PATTERNS
PATTERN	STRAND ARRANGEMENT AT € OF GIRDER

1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension = $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

DESIGN NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to

AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.
Optional designs for girders 120 feet or longer must have a calculated residual camber equal to or greater than that of the

Prestress losses for the designed girders have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel bars.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of

Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4. Full-length debonded strands are only permitted in positions marked $\underline{\pmb{\Delta}}$. Double wrap full-length debonded strands in outer most position of each

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed girder or an approved optional design. All optional design submittals must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

Seal cracks in girder ends exceeding 0.005" in width as directed by the Engineer. The fabricator is permitted to decrease the spacing of Bars R and S by providing additional bars to help limit crack width provided the decreased spacing results in no less than 1" clear between bars. The fabricator must take an approved corrective action if cracks greater than 0.005" form on a repetitive

DEPRESSED STRAND DESIGNS:

Locate strands for the designed girder as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5", then row "6.5", etc., beginning each row in the "A" position and working outward until the required number of strands is reached. All strands in the "A" position must be depressed, maintaining the 2" spacing so that, at the girder ends, the upper two strands are in the position shown in the table.

To complete this sheet input the girder designs in the table and the relative humidity under Design Notes. In all cases, remove this block. This sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered Professional

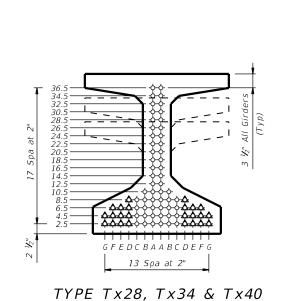
HL93 LOADING

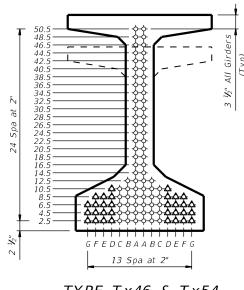


PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDER DESIGNS (NON-STANDARD SPANS)

IGND

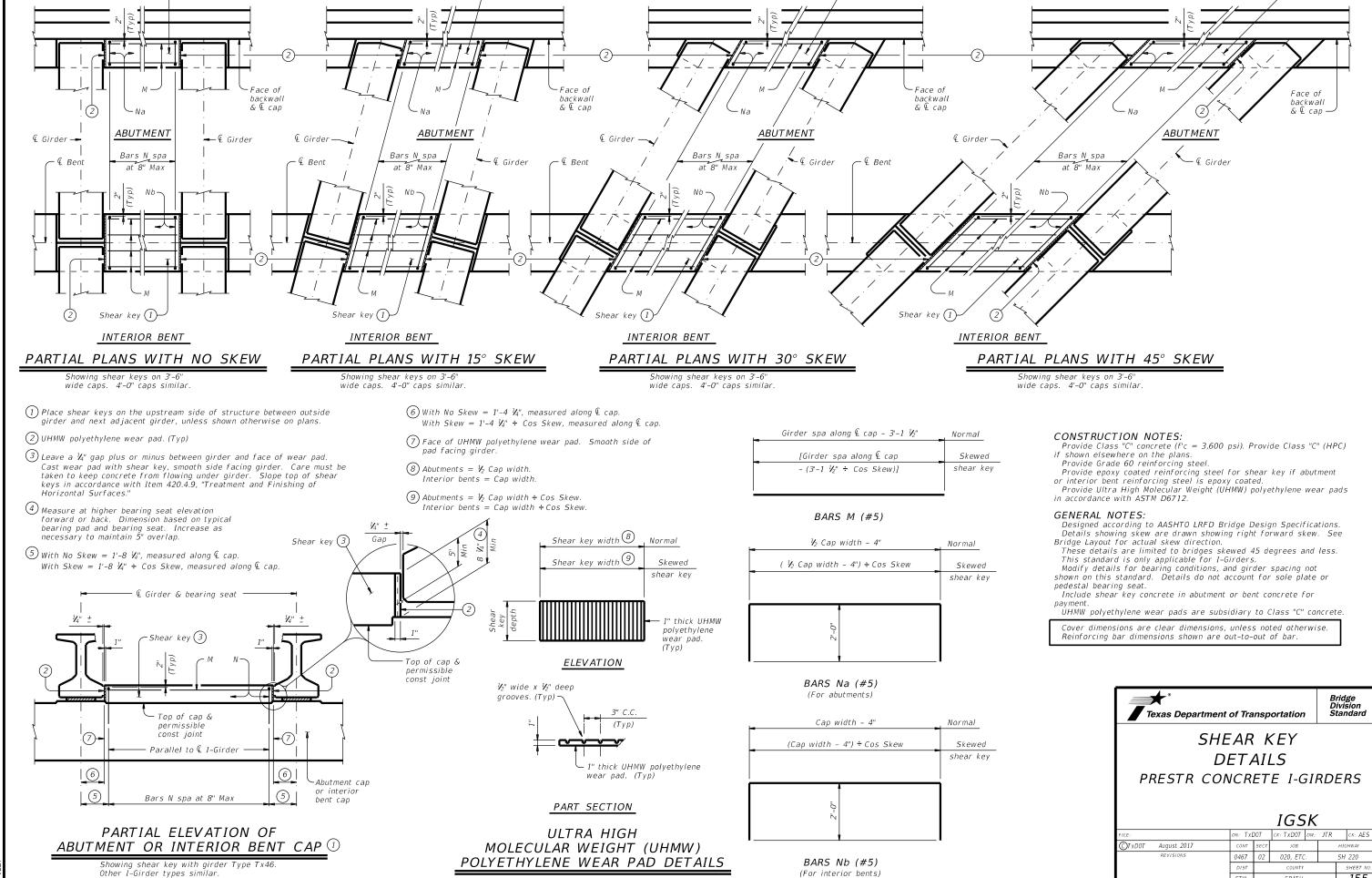
LE: igndsts1-22.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	EFC		ck: TAR
TxDOT August 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG.	HWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC			SH	220
10-19: Modified for depressed strands only. 3-22: Added Load Rating.	DIST		COUNTY			-	SHEET NO.
3-22. Added Edda Nating.	FTW		ERATH				154





TYPE Tx46 & Tx54

Shear key (1)



Shear key (1)

Shear key (1)

Shear key (1)-

Face of

backwall

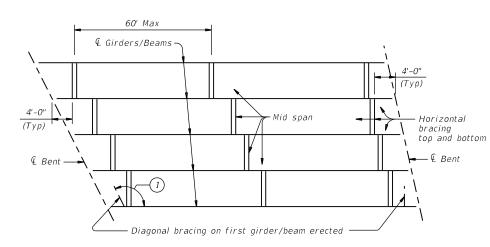
Bridge Division Standard

SH 220

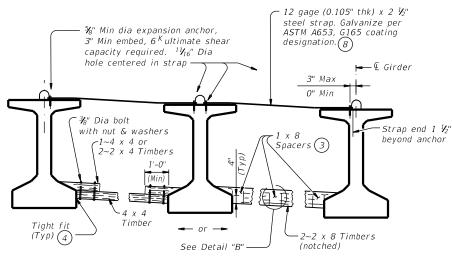
155

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020. FTC.

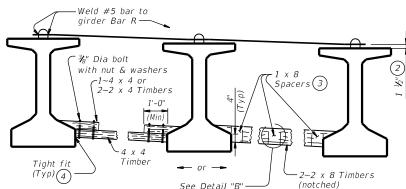


ERECTION BRACING



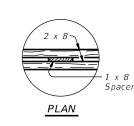
FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 1

(This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)

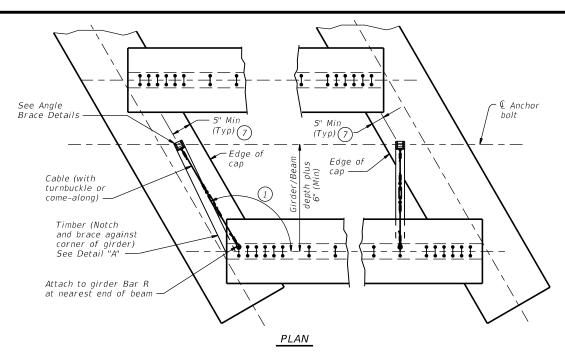


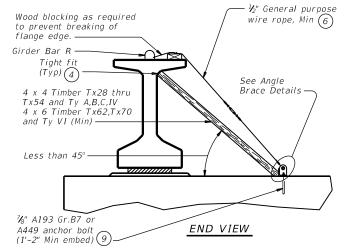
FOR ERECTION BRACING, OPTION 2

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS (5)



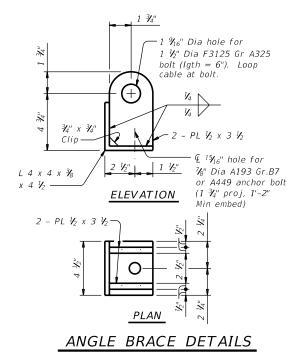
DETAIL "B"





DIAGONAL BRACING DETAILS (5)

(To be used on both ends of the first girder/beam erected in the span in each phase.)



HAULING & ERECTION:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the possible lateral instability of prestressed concrete girders and beams over 130' long, especially during hauling and erection. The use of the following methods to improve stability is encouraged: Locate lifting devices at the maximum practical distance from girder ends; use external lateral stiffening devices during hauling and erection; lift with vertical lines using two machines; and take care in handling to minimize inertial and impact forces.

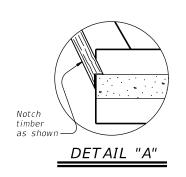
ERECTION BRACING:

Erection bracing details shown are considered the minimum for fulfilling the bracing requirements of Item 425.

Required erection bracing must be placed immediately after erection of each girder and remain in place until additional bracing as required for slab placement is in place. This standard is needed in all cases to meet requirements for Slab Placement Bracing.

PHASED CONSTRUCTION:

Place erection and slab placement bracing for all girders in a phase as shown in these details. For phases after first, also place erection and slab placement bracing between outer girder of completed phase and adjacent girder of current phase. When the phase construction joint is between girders, top bracing can be omitted.



- If angle shown exceeds 120 degrees, move diagonal brace to other side of girder/beam and place square to girder/beam. This may prevent exterior girder from being erected first.
- 2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R (See Sheet 2 of 2).
- (3) Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- 4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 6 All hardware used with cable must be able to develop a minimum 25 kips breaking strength. Use thimbles at all loops in cable. Install cable clamps with saddles bearing against the live end and U-bolts bearing aginst the dead end.
- (7) It is acceptable to tie anchor bolts to cap reinforcement.
- (8) Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- (9) Anchor bolt may be drilled and epoxied in place. Provide 25k minimum pullout. Core drill hole.

SHEET 1 OF 2



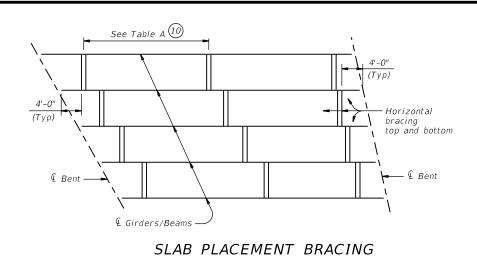
Bridge Division Standard

MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

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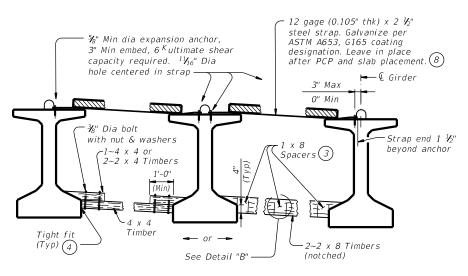
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OPTION 1-RI	GID BRACING (ST	EEL STRAP)
	Maximum Bra	acing Spacing
Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0" (11)	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)
Tx28	$\mathcal{V}_{\!\!4}$ points	${}^{1\!$
Tx34	V_4 points	V_4 points
Tx40	V_4 points	${}^{\!$
Tx46	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	$ u_{\!\!\!8}$ points
Tx54	V₄ points	½ points
Tx62	V_4 points	V_8 points
Tx70	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	∜a points
Α	V_8 points	V_8 points
В	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle B}$ points	∜ ₈ points
С	$\mathcal{V}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle{\mathcal{B}}}$ points	⅓ points
IV	$\mathcal{V}_{\!\!4}$ points	⅓ points
VI	V₄ points	½ points

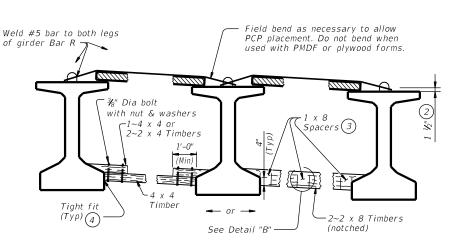
ı	OPTION 2-FLEX	IBLE BRACING (NO	D. 5 OVER PCP)
1		Maximum Bra	acing Spacing
	Girder or Beam Type	Slab Overhang less than 4'-0"	Slab Overhang 4'-0" and greater (11)
1	T x 28	V_4 points	${\it V_8}$ points
1	Tx34	√₄ points	V_8 points
1	T x 40	V_4 points	V_8 points
1	T x 46	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	V_8 points
1	Tx54	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 4}$ points	V_8 points
	Tx62	$V_{\!\!4}$ points	$V_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \partial}$ points
1	Tx70	¼ points	⅓ points
1	Α	2.0 ft	1.5 ft
1	В	3.0 ft	2.0 ft
1	С	4.5 ft	2.0 ft
	IV	V₄ points	4.0 ft
1	VI	¼ points	4.0 ft

TABLE A



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 1 - RIGID

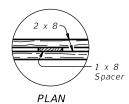
(Showing slab formed with PCP. This option is not allowed when slab is formed with PMDF or plywood.)



FOR SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING, OPTION 2 - FLEXIBLE

(Showing slab formed with PCP.)

HORIZONTAL BRACING DETAILS 5



DETAIL "B"

- (2) Place and weld #5 bars as shown during erection. If forming deck with prestressed panels, bars can be temporarily removed, one at a time, during panel erection. Re-install bar prior to additional panel erection. Bars can rest on panels and be bent down and welded to girder Bars R.
- (3) Clear distance between spacers must not exceed 3'. Nail together with 16d nails.
- 4 Use wedges as necessary to obtain tight fit. Nail wedges to timbers.
- (5) Pressure treated landscape timbers can not be used.
- 8) Prior to installing, field bend strap to lay flush on both girders' top flange and slope between flange tips.
- $\stackrel{\hbox{\scriptsize (1)}}{}$ Bracing spacing (V_4 and V_6 points) measured between first and last typical brace location.
- (1) Measure slab overhang from centerline of girder or beam. When overhang varies in span, determine bracing spacing based on largest overhang.

SLAB PLACEMENT BRACING:

The details for slab placement bracing are considered minimum for fulfilling the requirements of Specification Items 422 and 425.

Required slab placement bracing must remain in place until slab concrete has attained a compressive strength of 3000 psi.

GENERAL NOTES:

Bracing details for spans longer than 150' are not provided. The Contractor must submit proposed bracing details for such conditions to the Engineer for approval prior to erection.

Systems equal to or better than those shown may be used provided details of such systems are submitted to and approved by the Engineer prior to erection.

Use of these systems or details does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the adequacy of the bracing and the safety of the structure.

Removal of bracing for short periods of time to align girders and beams is permissible.

All turn-buckles, come-alongs, anchors and other connections must be capable of developing the full strength of the cable

Furnish anchor bolts and nuts in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

SHEET 2 OF 2

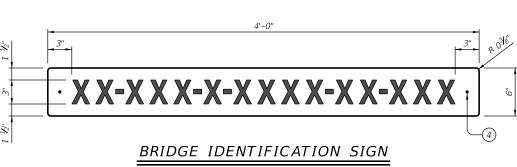


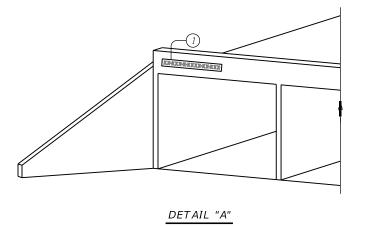
Bridge Division Standard

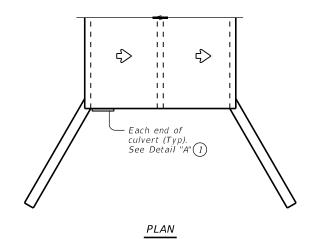
MINIMUM ERECTION AND BRACING REQUIREMENTS PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-GIRDERS AND I-BEAMS

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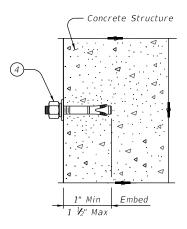
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BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT SIGN PLACEMENT



ANCHOR DETAIL

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS									
Usage	Color	Sign Face Material							
Background	White	Type B or C Sheeting							
Letters and Symbols	Black	Type B or C Sheeting							

1) Bridge identification sign location

2) Alternate sign placement location for exterior concrete beams.

(3) If adjacent bridges are less than 2 feet apart, these signs may be omitted.

4 ½" Diameter stainless steel expansion anchor with hex nut, washer, and spring-lock washer.

SIGN NOTES:

Standard sign designs can be found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD).

Use the Clearview Alphabet CV-2W for the letters and symbols.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide lateral spacing between letters and numerals conforming with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not Provide aluminum sign blanks with a minimum thickness of

0.080" that meet the requirements of DMS-7110.

Provide sign face materials that meet the requirements of DMS-8300 and the sheeting requirements shown in the table. Provide V_{a}^{μ} diameter stainless steel expansion anchors with one hex head nut, one flat washer, and one helical

spring-lock washer each. Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that

are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). Provide anchor products that have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number. The approval status must be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.

Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environments, provide both stainless steel anchor bodies and expansion wedges.

GENERAL NOTES:

Prior to hole drilling, locate rebar to ensure clearing of existing reinforcement and/or strands.

Prior to installation, obtain approval of sign locations from the Engineer. Avoid placement of sign over travel lanes and pedestrian walkways. Submit proposed installation method to Engineer prior to beginning work. Install anchors as shown on plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions.

Do not install anchors sections of members under tension. For new construction, the signs and anchors are subsidiary to the bridge. For installations on existing structures, the signs and anchors are paid under Item 442, "Metal for Structures." Each sign weighs 28 lbs.



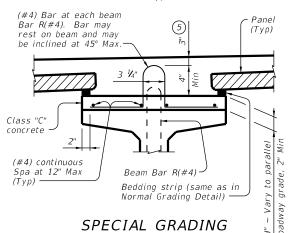
NBIS BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION SIGN STANDARD

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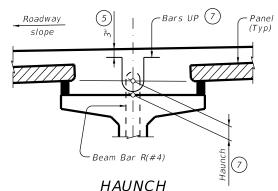
NORMAL GRADING DETAIL (3)

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders (Other beam types similar)



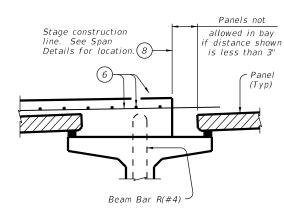
CONCRETE BEAMS Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)

DETAIL FOR



REINFORCING DETAIL

Showing prestressed concrete I-girders. (Other beam types similar)



BARS UP (#4) (7)

TABLE OF BEDDING STRIP

DIMENSIONS

1/3

1/3

1/2"

1/2"

1/2"

1/3"

1/3

1/2"

1/3

WIDTH

1" (Min

1 1/4"

1 1/2"

1 3/4"

2 1/4"

2 1/2

2 3/4"

HEIGHT(4)

Мах

2 1/2"

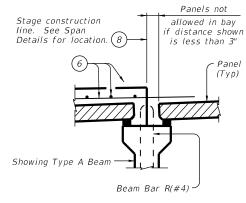
3 1/2"

4"

4 1/2" (.

5"

5 1/2" (2



PRESTR CONC I-GIRDERS

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS

STAGE CONSTRUCTION LIMITATIONS

(Other beam types similar)

(2) Allowed for prestressed concrete I-girders, not allowed on other beam types.

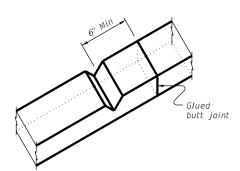
(3) To reduce the quantity of cast-in-place concrete, bedding strip thickness may be increased in $\c Y_4$ " increments. Bedding strips must be comprised of one layer. Bond bedding strips to the beams with an adhesive compatible with bedding strips. Bedding strips over 2.5" high may need to be bonded to panels. The same thickness strip must be used under any one panel edge and the maximum change in thickness between adjacent panels is V_4 ". Alternatively, bedding strips may be cut to grade. Panels may be supported by an alternate method, using a commercial product, if approved by the Engineer of Bridge Design, Bridge Division. If bedding strips exceed 6" high for I-Girders, 4" high for all other beam types, use Special Grading Detail for Concrete Beams or submit an alternate method to the Bridge Division for approval.

- (4) Height must not exceed twice the width.
- (5) Provide clear cover as indicated unless otherwise shown on Span Details.
- (6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- ig(7ig) Space Bars UP(#4) with Beam Bars R(#4) in all areas where measured haunch exceeds 3 ½" with I-girders, and 3" for all other beam types. Epoxy coating for Bars UP is not required
- (8) Do not locate construction joints on top of a panel.
- 9 Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx u deep, in the top of the bedding strips at u o.c..

Seal joint between panels when gap exceeds 1/4" with polyurethane sealant or expanding foam sealer 0" - 1" Max Make seal flush with top of panel Allowable Gap

PANEL JOINTS

(Panel reinforcing not shown for clarity. The gap cannot be considered as a panel fabrication tolerance. Adjust panel placement to minimize joint openings.)



BEDDING STRIP DETAIL 9

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Erected panels must bear uniformly on bedding strips of extruded polystyrene placed along top flange edges. Placing panels to minimize joint openings is recommended.

If additional blocking is needed, special grading details for supporting the panels and extra reinforcing between beam and slab will be considered subsidiary to deck construction.

Bars U, shown on PCP-FAB, may be bent over or cut off if necessary.

Care must be taken to ensure proper cleaning of

construction debris and consolidation of concrete material under the edges of the panels. Bedding strips must be placed at beam flange edges so that adequate space is provided for the mortar to flow a minimum of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " under the panels as the slab concrete is placed.

To allow the proper amount of mortar to flow between beam and panel, the minimum vertical opening must be at least V_2 ". Roadway cross-slope reduces the opening available for entry of the mortar. Bedding strips varying in thickness across the beam are therefore required.

For clear span between U-beams less than or equal to 18", see Permissible Slab Forming Detail on Miscellaneous Slab Detail sheets, UBMS.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel in the cast-in-place slab. See Table of Reinforcing Steel for size and spacing of reinforcement.

If the top and bottom layer of reinforcing steel is shown on the Span Details to be epoxy coated, then the D, E, P, & Z bars must be epoxy coated.

Provide bar Laps, where required, as follows. Uncoated $\sim #4 = 1'-7$ Epoxy Coated ~ #4 = 2'-5"

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Panel placement may follow either Option 1 or Option 2 except Option 1 must be used if the skew exceeds 45 degrees.

Use of Prestressed Concrete Panels is not permitted for horizontally curved steel plate or tub girders. See Span Details for other possible restrictions on their use.

These details are to be used in conjunction with the Span Details, PCP-FAB and other applicable standard drawings.

When panel support (bedding strips) deviates from what is shown herein, provide details signed and sealed by a professional Engineer.

Any additional reinforcement or concrete required on this standard is considered subsidiary to the bid Item "Reinforced Concrete Slab".

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 1 OF 4

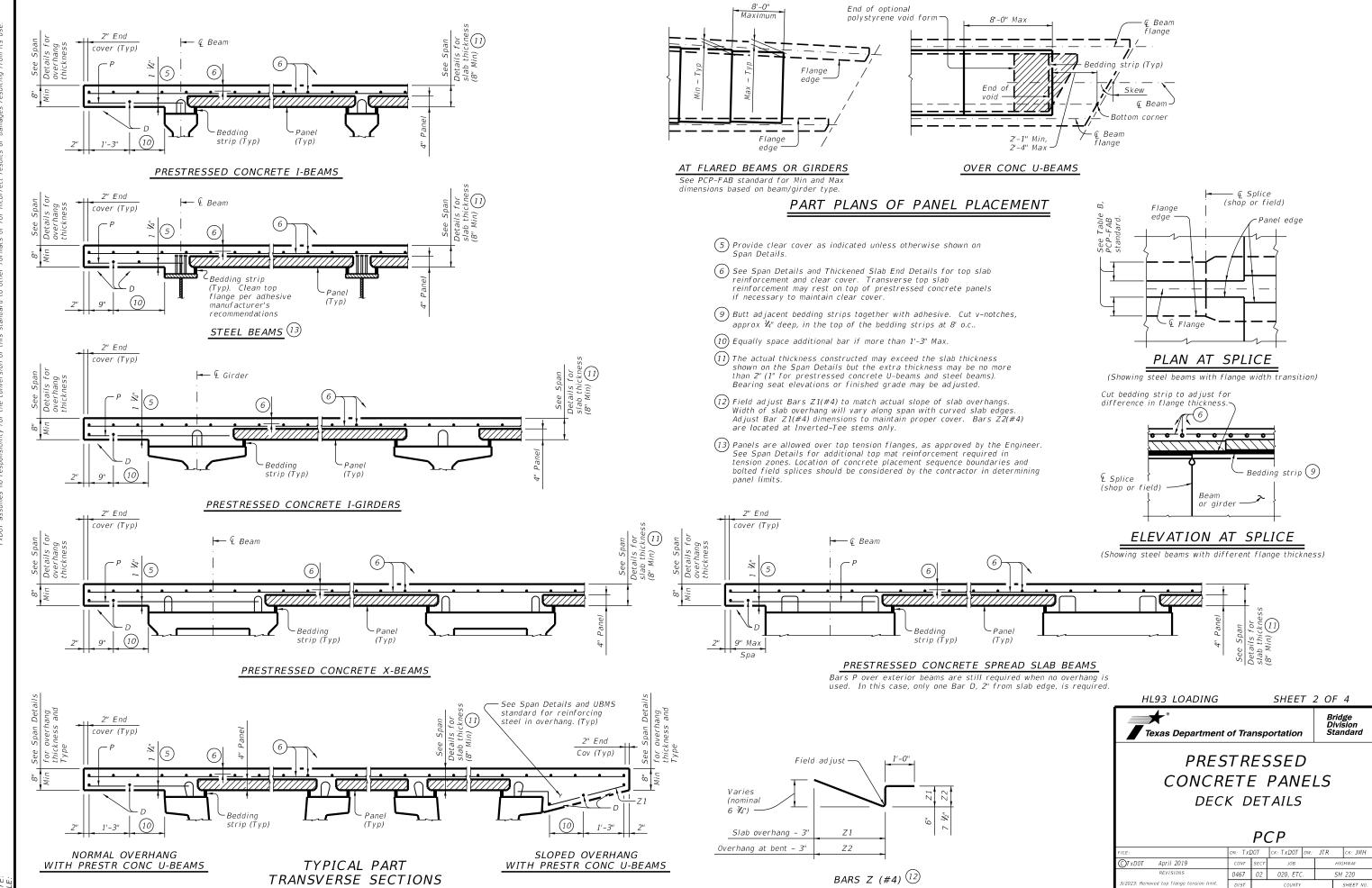


Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

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& Bent-

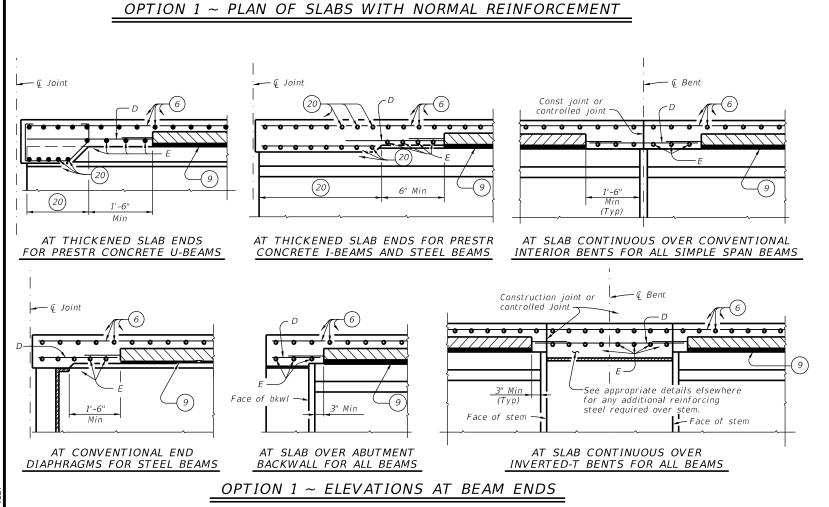
Prestressed Concrete

Panel ~ (Typ)

Place one bar E parallel to edge of slab

AT ALL SPAN ENDS UNLESS

NOTED OTHERWISE



INTERIOR

BENTS

P or Z (19)

controlled ioint (See Span Details)

€ Bent See appropriate details -P or Z(19) controlled joint elsewhere in plans for (See Span flared reinforcing. Details) Bar E full width of bridge-(Typ) width of bridge Prestressed concrete panel (Typ) Showing thickened slab end. For Showing thickened slab reinforcing steel, see appropriate steel, see appropriate details elsewhere in plans. AT ALL SPAN **ENDS UNLESS** INTERIOR **THICKENED** NOTED OTHERWISE **BENTS** END SLABS OPTION 1 ~ PLAN OF SLABS WITH SKEWED REINFORCEMENT

- (6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to maintain clear cover.
- 9 Butt adjacent bedding strips together with adhesive. Cut v-notches, approx V_0 " deep, in the top of the bedding strips at 8" o.c.
- (14) Max Spacing as listed unless otherwise shown.

Beam

end. For reinforcing

details elsewhere in

Beam

THICKENED

END SLABS

- 15) At connection with cast-in-place slab, extend longitudinal panel reinforcement. See PCP-FAB for details.
- (16) Maintain one Bar E(#4) parallel to panel ends (Typ).
- (17) Bars E(#4) not continuous over beam flanges must overlap beam flange 6" Min.
- (18) Add flared Bars E(#4) (Min Spa = 6", Max Spa = 12") as required at panel ends.
- (19) Where possible, Bars E(#4) may be extended into overhangs to replace Bars P(#4). Bars Z(#4) are required for sloped overhangs with U-Beams.
- (20) See appropriate thickened slab end details for reinforcing and limits of thickened slab end.

TABLE OF REINFORCING STEEL 14 SIZE #4 #4 UP #4 #4

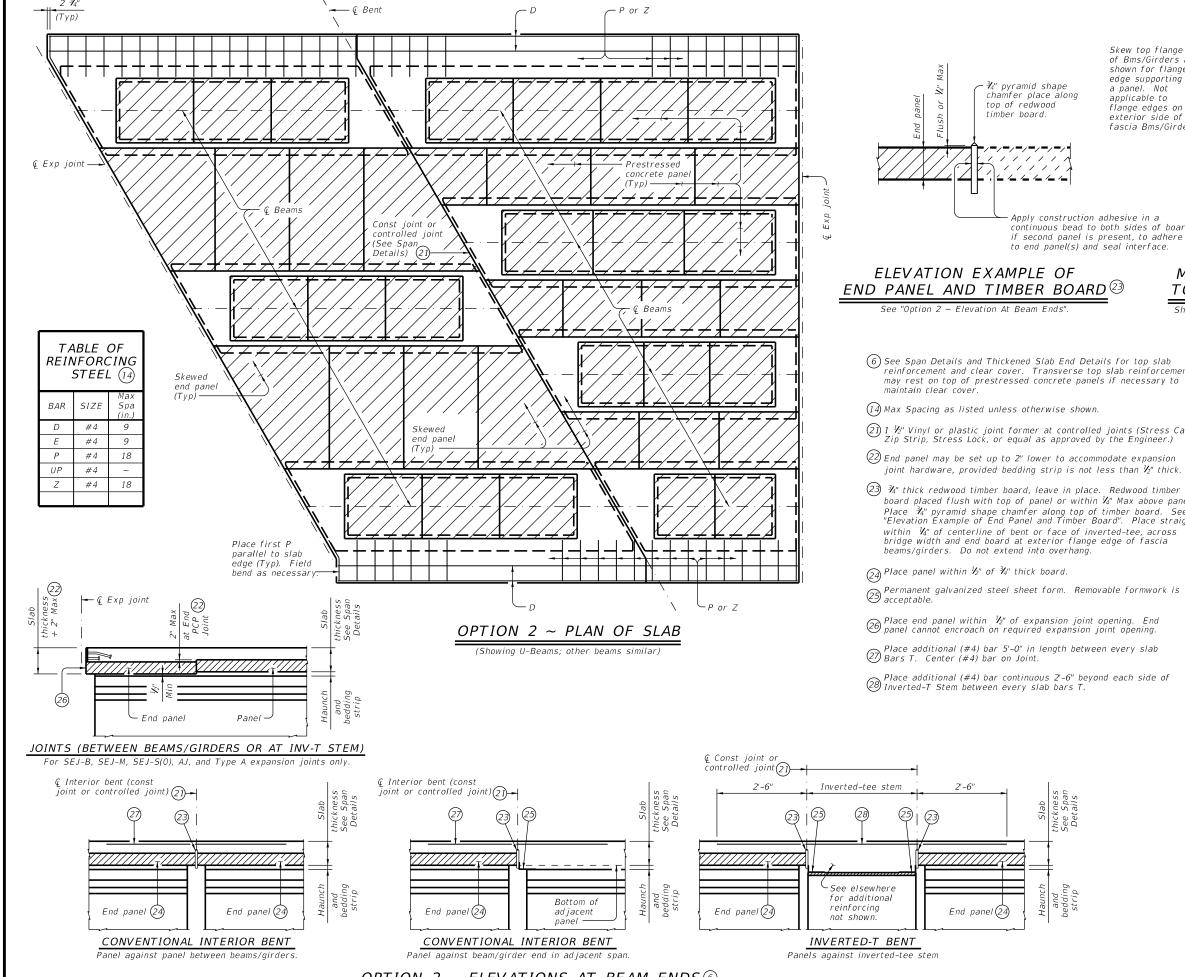
HL93 LOADING SHEET 3 OF 4



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DECK DETAILS



Skew ton flange of Bms/Girders as shown for flange Face of Web edge supporting a panel. Not applicable to flange edges on exterior side of fascia Bms/Girders. Face of Web Interior Bent, Face Apply construction adhesive in a of Abut Bkwl or Face continuous bead to both sides of board, of Inverted-T Stem

END PANEL AND TIMBER BOARD ऄ

OPTION 2 ~ SHOWING MODIFICATION TO BEAM/GIRDER TOP FLANGE FOR SKEWS OVER 5°

Showing I-Beam/I-Girder, U-Beams and Steel Beams similar

- (6) See Span Details and Thickened Slab End Details for top slab reinforcement and clear cover. Transverse top slab reinforcement may rest on top of prestressed concrete panels if necessary to
- ② 1 ½" Vinyl or plastic joint former at controlled joints (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)
- (22) End panel may be set up to 2" lower to accommodate expansion joint hardware, provided bedding strip is not less than ${\cal V}_2$ " thick.
- (23) \mathcal{U} thick redwood timber board, leave in place. Redwood timber board placed flush with top of panel or within V_4 " Max above panel. Place ¾" pyramid shape chamfer along top of timber board. See "Elevation Example of End Panel and Timber Board". Place straight, within 1/4" of centerline of bent or face of inverted-tee, across bridge width and end board at exterior flange edge of fascia
- Permanent galvanized steel sheet form. Removable formwork is acceptable.
- Place end panel within $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{$\mathcal{V}$}}}$ of expansion joint opening. End panel cannot encroach on required expansion joint opening.
- Place additional (#4) bar 5'-0" in length between every slab
- Place additional (#4) bar continuous 2'-6" beyond each side of Inverted-T Stem between every slab bars T.

SPECIAL OPTION 2 CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Bottom Flange

When Option 2 is chosen bottom mat of thickened end slab reinforcing is not required. Use the same top mat as shown on the Thickened Slab End Details sheet.

Placing panels adjacent to expansion joints and bent centerlines prior to completing interior panel placement is recommended. Saw cutting panels to fit is acceptable when approved by the Engineer. Minimum distance from a saw cut edge to a panel strand is 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ". Do not extend the longitudinal panel reinforcement into the cast-in-place slab.

Top flanges of beams and girders on skewed bridges must be modified as shown on this drawing. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating this modification with the beam fabricator prior to submitting shop drawings for approval.

Fabricator may optionally skew the whole end. When electing to skew whole end, girder end details and bearing type at conventional interior bent must be changed to use condition at abutment. Fabricator must coordinate change in bearing type, bearing centerline location, and dowel location with Engineer and Contractor. Show appropriate changes on girder and bearing shop drawings.

Bending of anchor studs of expansion joints shown on

standards AJ, SEJ-B, SEJ-M, and SEJ-S(0) is permissible if necessary to clear top of end panels. The Contractor is responsible for coordinating modifications with the joint fabricator. Submit shop drawings for approval when modifications to expansion joint hardware are

Bedding strips under skewed end panels must conform to the requirements of Item 422 except their minimum compressive strength must be 60 psi.

Provide Bars AA, G, K and OA from standard IGTS in the slab.

> HL93 LOADING SHEET 4 OF 4



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANELS DECK DETAILS

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OPTION 2 ~ ELEVATIONS AT BEAM ENDS 6



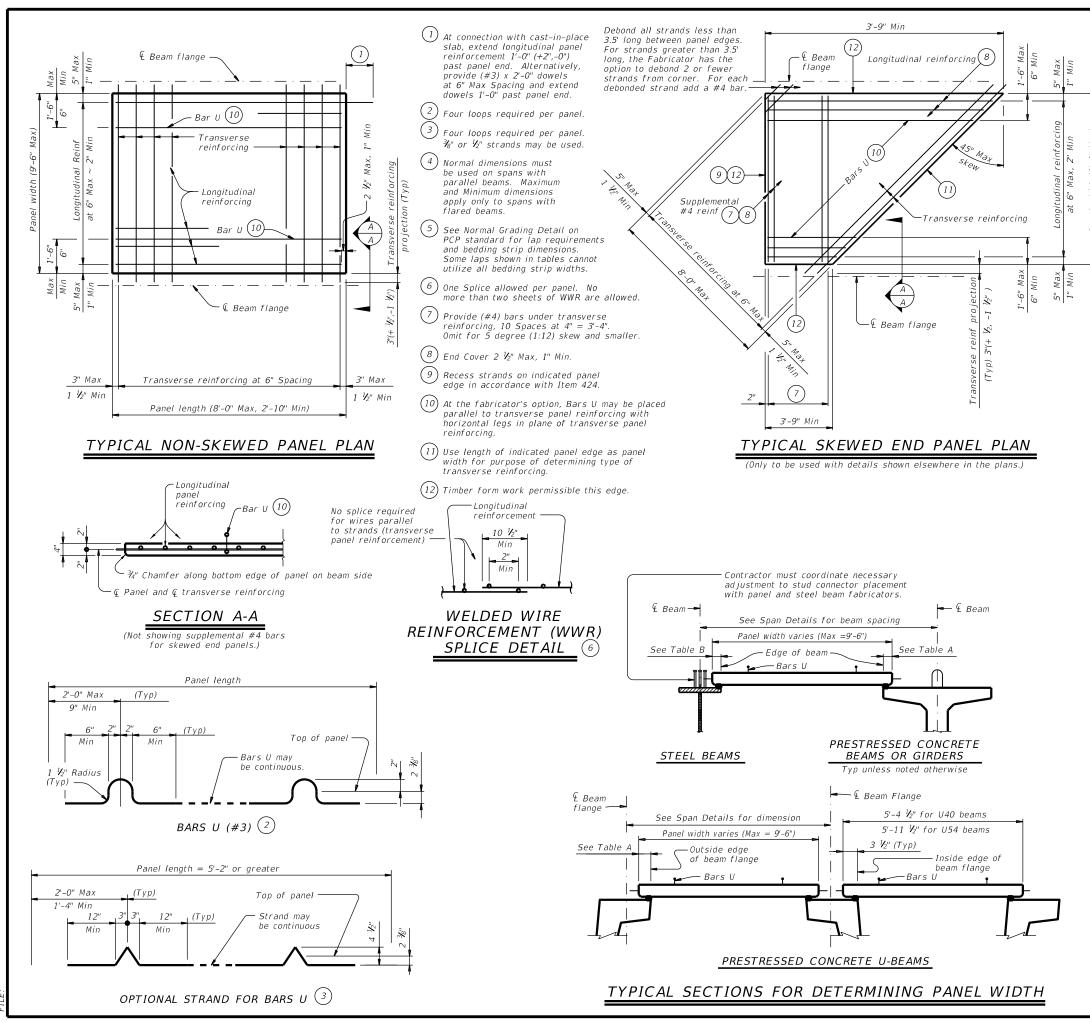


	TABLE	: A (1)(5)	TA	BLE B	4)(5	5)
Beam Type	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)	Top Flange Width	Normal (In.)	Min (In.)	Max (In.)
А	3	2 1/2	3 ½	11" to 12"	2 ¾	2 1/2	2 3/4
В	3	2 1/2	3 ½	Over 12" to 15"	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
С	4	3	4 ½	Over 15" to 18"	4	3	4 3/4
IV	6	4	7 ½	Over 18"	5	3 1/2	6 1/4
VI	6 ½	4 ½"	8 ½				
U40 - 54	5 ½	5 ½	7				
Tx28-70	6	5	7 ½				
XB20 - 40	4	3	4 ½				
XSB12 - 15	4	3	4 ½				

GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete for panels. Release strength f'ci=3,500 psi. Minimum 28 day strength f'c=5,000 psi.

Provide ¼" chamfer along bottom edge of panel on beam side. Do not use epoxy-coated reinforcing steel bar or strand in panels.

Remove laitance from top panel surface. Finish top of panel to a roughness between a No. 6 and No. 9 concrete surface profile, inclusive, as specified by the International Concrete Repair

Institute (ICRI).

Shop drawings for the fabrication of panels will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard

A panel layout which identifies location of each panel must be developed by the Fabricator. Permanently mark each panel in accordance with the panel layout. A copy of the layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

TRANSVERSE PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

For panel widths over 5', use ${\cal H}''$ or ${\cal V}''$ Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kips per strand.

For panel widths over 3'-6" up to and including 5', use $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia (270k) prestressing strands with a tension of 14.4 kip per strand. Optionally, (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars may be used in lieu of prestressed strands. For panel widths up to 3'-6", use (#4) Grade 60 reinforcing bars (prestressed strands alone are not allowed).

Place transverse panel reinforcement at panel centroid and space at 6" Max.

LONGITUDINAL PANEL REINFORCEMENT:

Any of the following options may be used for longitudinal panel reinforcement:

- 1. (#3) Grade 60 reinforcing steel at 6" Max Spacing. No splices allowed.
- 2. ¾" Dia prestressing strands at 4 ½" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 3. V_2 " Dia prestressing strands at 6" Max Spacing (unstressed). No splices allowed.
- 4. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) providing 0.22 sq in per foot of panel width. Wires larger than D11 not permitted. Provide transverse wires to ensure proper handling of reinforcing. One splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail.

splice per panel is allowed. See WWR Splice Detail.

No combination of longitudinal reinforcement options in a panel is allowed.

Place longitudinal panel reinforcement above or below transverse panel reinforcement. Must be placed above transverse panel reinforcement for skewed end panels with supplemental (#4) reinforcement.

HL93 LOADING



_ CRETE

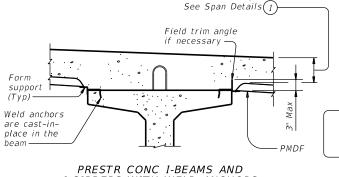
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE PANEL FABRICATION DETAILS

PCP-FAB

LE:	DN: TXI	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	CK: AES	
TXDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		F	IIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC.		9	SH 220	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	FTW		ERATH			164	

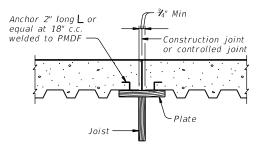
Position hangers flush with edge of beam -Field trim angle if lock necessary 1" Max (Typ) -Form PMDF-(Typ)

PRESTR CONC I-BEAMS AND I-GIRDERS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS



Slab thickness.





Note: In spans where PMD forms are used, timber forms must be used at construction joints. Adequate provision must be made to support edge of metal form and to provide anchorage of metal form to slab concrete where joined to wood forms.

TYP LONGITUDINAL SLAB SECTION

Slab thickness

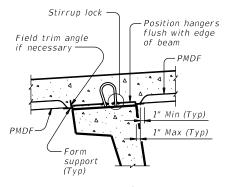
See Span Details (1)

SECTION THRU CONSTRUCTION JOINT

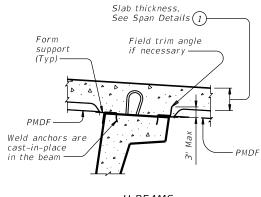
FOR PRESTR CONC U-BEAM AND STEEL GIRDER BRIDGES:

Unless shown elsewhere in the plans, size, spacing, and orientation of bottom mat of slab reinforcement must match the top mat of reinforcing shown on the span details except all bottom mat bars are to be #5. Bottom mat reinforcement nd additional concrete is subsidiary to Item 422 "Concrete Superstructures." FOR PRESTR CONC TX-GIRDER BRIDGES:

See Miscellaneous Slab Details, Prestr Concrete I-Girders (IGMS) standard sheet for bottom mat reinforcing.



U-BEAMS WITH STIRRUP LOCKS



U-BEAMS WITH WELD ANCHORS

(4'-0" Max Spa) -

STEEL BEAMS

AT TENSION FLANGES (2)

Support

(Typ)

Slab thickness

-Intermittent

angle (Typ)

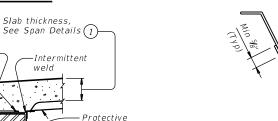
-PMDF

Cut 2" wide tabs at

8'-0" Max centers and field bend for

wind hold down

weld



1 Slab thickness minus %" if corrugations match reinforcing bars.

SIDE LAP DETAILS

Place concrete in direction of lap(3)—

Welding of form supports to tension flanges will not be permitted. Other methods of providing wind hold down resistance for PMDF in tension flange zones will be considered. At least one layer of sheet metal must be provided between the flange and the weld joint.

3 The direction of concrete placement will be such that the upper layer of the form overlap is loaded first.

(4) See Span details for cover requirements.

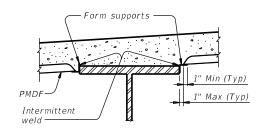
GENERAL NOTES: Steel for Permanent Metal Deck Forms (PMDF) and support angles shall conform to ASTM A653, structural steel (SS), with coating designation G165. Steel must have a minimum yield strength of 33 ksi. Minimum thickness of PMDF is 20 gage

and that of support angles and protective angles is 12 gage.
Submit two copies of forming plans for PMDF to the Engineer These plans must show all essential details of proposed form sheets, closures, fasteners, supports, connectors, special conditions and size and location of welds. These plans must clearly show areas of tension flanges for steel beams and provisions for protecting the tension flanges from welding notch effects by inclusion of separating sheet metal or other positive method. These plans must be designed, signed, and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Department approval of these plans is not required, but the Department reserves the right to require modifications to the plans. The Contractor is responsible for the adequacy of these plans

The details and notes shown on this standard are to be used

as a guide in preparation of the forming plans.

All material, labor, tools and incidentals necessary to form a bridge deck with Permanent Metal Deck Forms is considered subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".



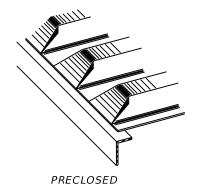
STEEL BEAMS AT COMPRESSION FLANGES

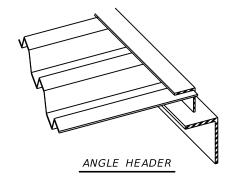
TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTIONS

Terminate weld ½"

from edge of

protective angle





NOTE: This type is to be used for skewed ends only.

TYPES OF END CLOSURES

DESIGN NOTES:
As a minimum, PMDF and support angles must be designed for the dead load of the form, reinforcement and concrete plus 50 psf for construction loads. Flexural stresses due to these design loads must not exceed 75 percent of the yield strength of the steel. Allowable

stress for weld metal must be 12,400 psi.
Maximum deflection under the weight of forms reinforcement and concrete or 120 psf, whichever is greater, shall not exceed the following:

> 1/180 of the form design span, but not more than 0.50", for design spans of 10'

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for design spans greater

1/240 of the form design span, but not more than 0.75", for all design spans of railroad overpass bridge spans fully or partially over railroad right-of-way, and for all bridge spans of railroad underpass structures.

The form design span must not be less than the clear distance between beam flanges, measured parallel to the form flutes, minus 2".

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Form sheets must not be permitted to rest directly on the top of beam flanges. Form sheets must be securely fastened to form supports and must have a minimum bearing length of one inch at each end. Form supports must be placed in direct contact with beam flanges.

All attachments must be made by permissible welds, screws, bolts, clips or other means shown on the forming plans. All sheet metal assembly screws must be installed with torque-limiting devices to prevent stripping. Only welds or bolts must be used to support vertical loads.

Welding and welds must be in accordance with the provisions of Item 448, "Structural Field Welding", pertaining to fillet welds. All welds must be made by a qualified welder

in accordance with Item 448. All permanently exposed form metal, where the galvanized coating has been damaged, must be thoroughly cleaned and repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Minor heat discoloration in areas of welds need not be touched up.

Flutes must line up uniformly across the entire width of the structure where main reinforcing steel is located in the flute.

Construction joints will not be permitted unless shown on the plans. The location of and forming details for any construction joint used must be shown on the forming plans. Forms below a construction joint must be removed after curing of the slab.
A sequence for uniform vibration of concrete

must be approved by the Engineer prior to concrete placement. Attention must be given to prevent damage to the forms, yet provide proper vibration to prevent voids or honeycomb in the flutes and at headers and/or construction joints.

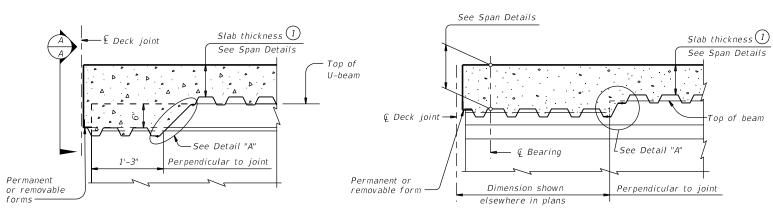
SHEET 1 OF 2



PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

DMDE

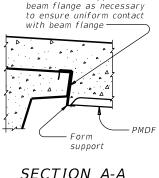
PMDF							
ILE:	DN: TXL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
OTxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY	
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC		SH	220	
02-20: Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
2-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	FTW	FRATH				165	



AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR U-BEAMS

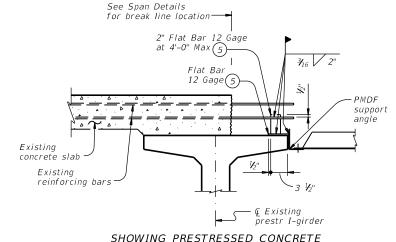
AT THICKENED SLAB END FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND STEEL BEAMS

Showing I-beam block-out. No block-out for I-girders or steel beams.

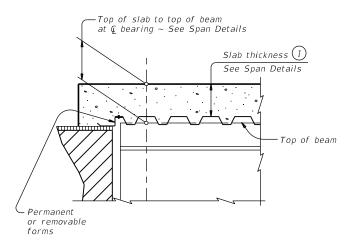


Secure form support to

SECTION A-A



SHOWING PRESTRESSED CONCRETE I-BEAMS, I-GIRDERS AND U-BEAMS

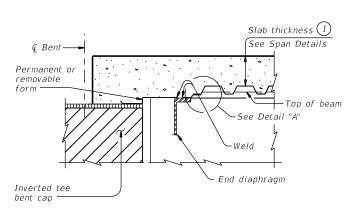


AT SLAB OVER ABUTMENT BACKWALL OR INVERTED-T STEM FOR CONCRETE BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END

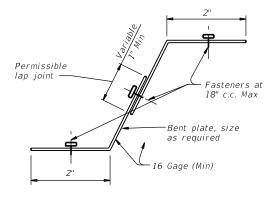
Slab thickness (1)

See Span Details

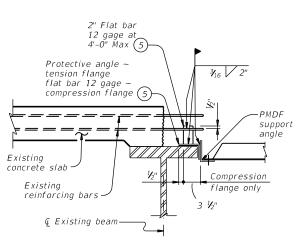
−Top of slab to top of beam at © bearing ~ See Span Details



AT SLAB OVER INVERTED-T STEM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END



DETAIL "A"



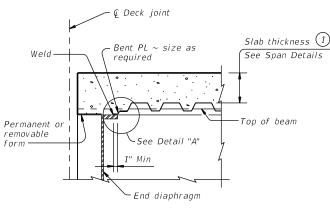
SHOWING STEEL BEAMS

WIDENING DETAILS

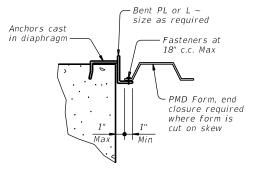
-Top of beam removable

AT CONCRETE END DIAPHRAGM FOR PRESTRESSED I-BEAMS AND STEEL BEAMS

`_End diaphragm



AT END DIAPHRAGM FOR STEEL BEAMS WITHOUT THICKENED SLAB END



DETAIL "B"

- 1) Slab thickness minus %" if corrugations match reinforcing bars
- 5 Minimum yield stress of 12 gage bars shall be 40 ksi



Bridge Division Standard

PERMANENT METAL DECK FORMS

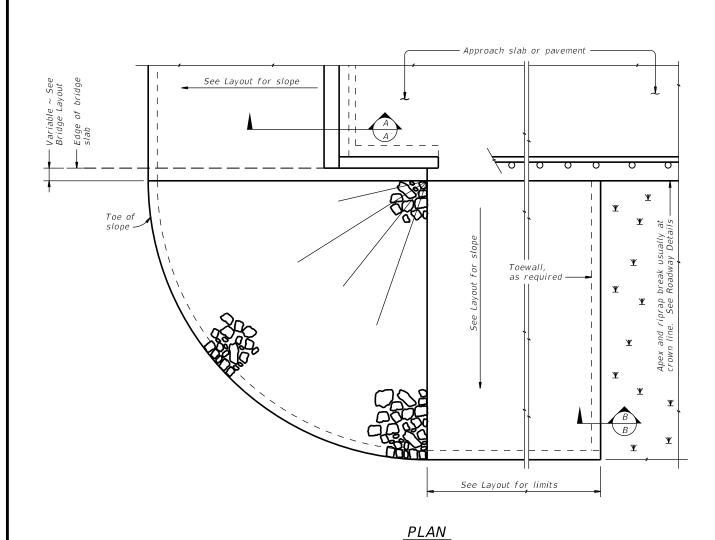
PMDF

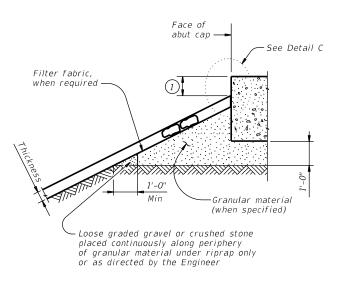
FILE:	DN: TXL	DOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		ню	iHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC	. SH 220		
02-20: Modified box note by adding steel beams/girders and subsidiary.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
12-21: Updated max deflection for RR.	FTW		ERATH			166

DETAILS AT ENDS OF BEAMS

Permanent or removable

@ Deck joint



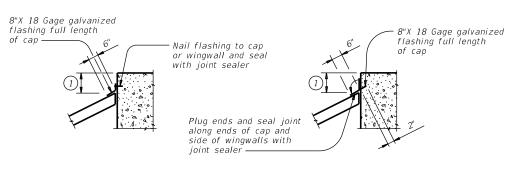


Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness Protection

SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

SECTION A-A AT CAP



CAP OPTION A

CAP OPTION B

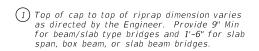
DETAIL C

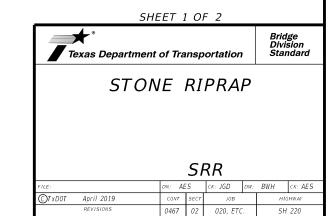
GENERAL NOTES:

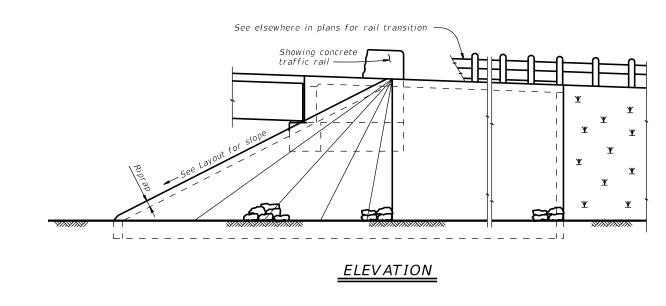
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

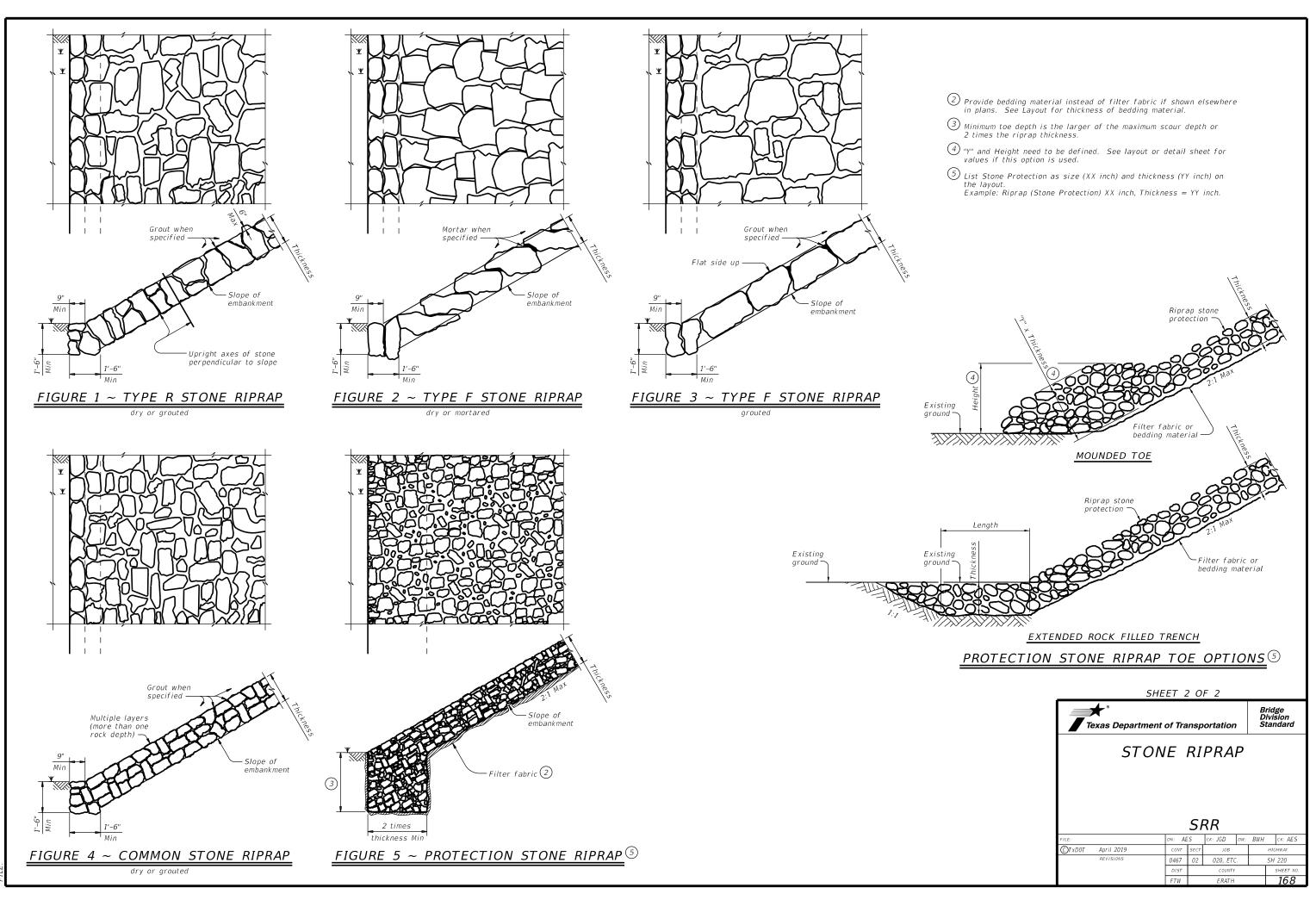
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

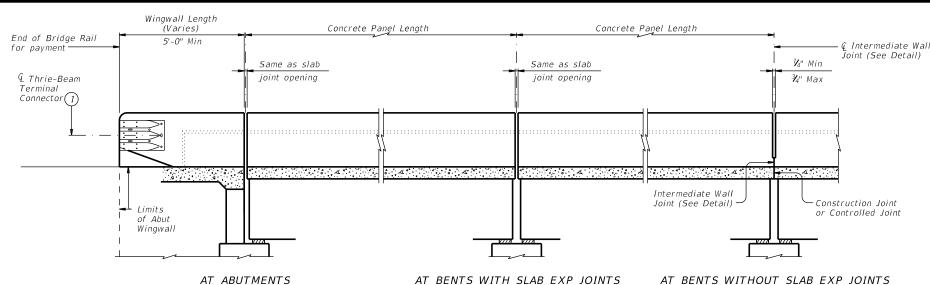
shoulder drains.











Opening Form to here. Tool V groove Construction Joint or Controlled Joint

INTERMEDIATE WALL JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

AT BENTS WITH SLAB EXP JOINTS ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL

AT BENTS WITHOUT SLAB EXP JOINTS

Bars S Spa ~ 2" 6" Max Spa 6" Max Spa **½**" Min Same as Slab R(#4) S(#4) R(#4) Joint Opening **¾**" Max Field bend reinforcing as necessar to maintain 1" cover at taper -WU(#4) -£ Intermediate Wall -U(#4) at 6" Max (Typ) Joint (See Detail) at 6" Max Top of Abut (Typ)

£ Concrete Rail Footprint

Traffic Side of Rail

PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

Outside Edge

of Slab.

Outside Edge

Abut Wingwall

€ Slab Expansion

Joint

of Slab or

ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

Concrete Rail Expansion Joint. Location of Rail Expansion Joint must be at the intersection of © Slab Expansion Joint,

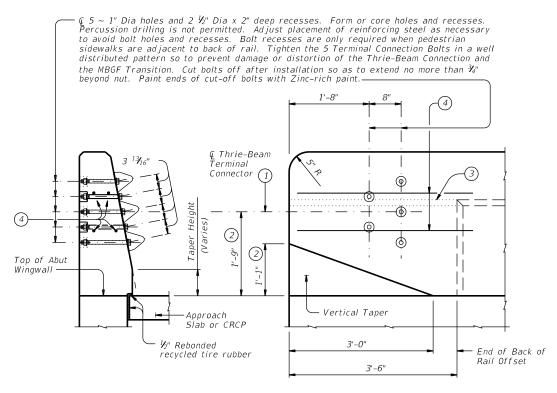
4 Rail Footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.

Cross-hatched area must have

½" Preformed Bituminous Fiber Material under concrete

1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence." Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.

- Back of rail offset may, with Engineer's approval, be continued to the end of the railing.
- (4) Place 4 additional Bars R(#4) 3'-8" in length inside Bars S(#4) and centered 2'-0" from end of rail



SECTION

ELEVATION

TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS

Texas Department of Transportation TRAFFIC RAIL SINGLE SLOPE

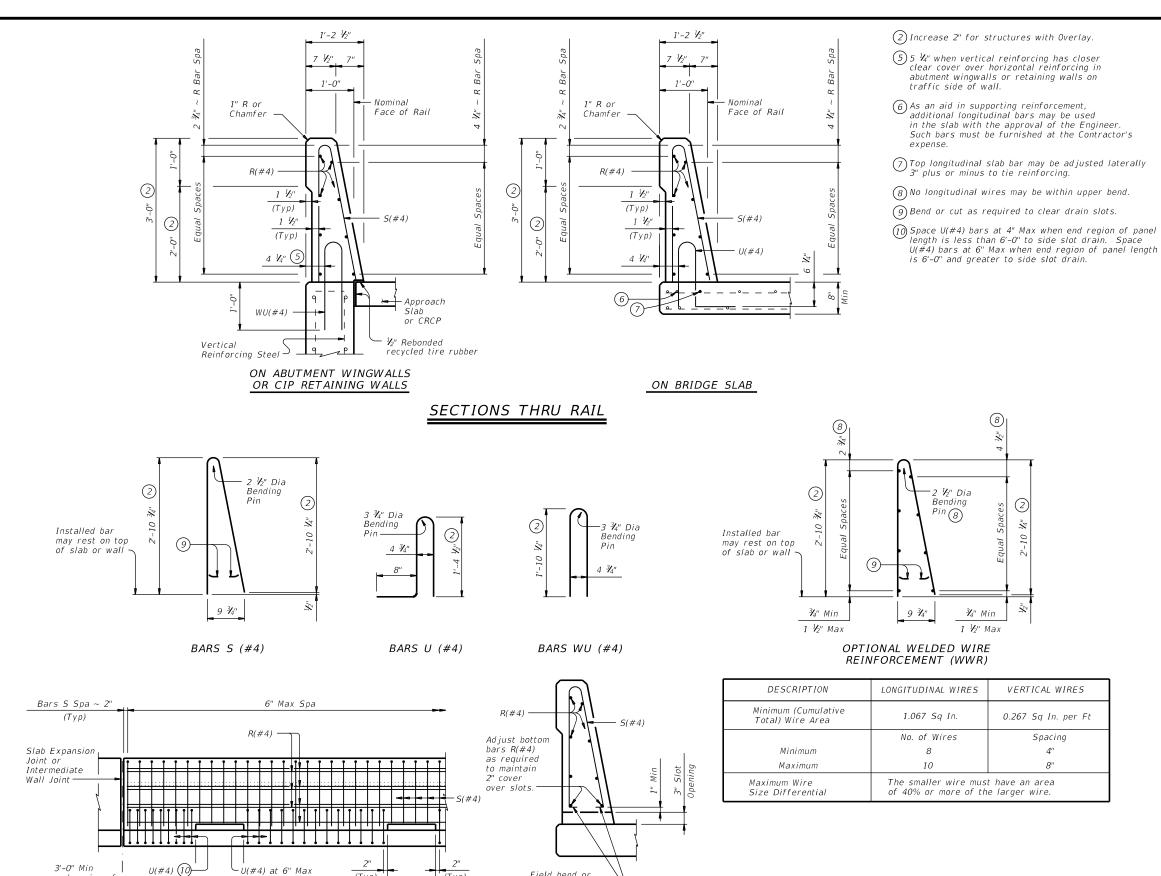
TYPE SSTR ON: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: JTR CK: TXDO

○TxDOT September 2019 0467 020. FTC. SH 220 ERATH 169

SHEET 1 OF 2

2 Increase 2" for structures with Overlay.

when Terminal Connections are required.



Field bend or

cut bars S(#4) as

required at slots.

SECTION THRU OPTIONAL SIDE SLOT DRAIN

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

This railing may be constructed by the slipform process when approved by the Engineer, with equipment approved by the Engineer. Provide sensor control for both line and grade. Tack welding to provide bracing for slipform operations is acceptable. Welding may be performed at a minimum spacing of 3 ft between the cage and the anchorage. It is permissible to weld to bars U, WU and S at any location on the cage. If increased bracing is needed provide additional anchorage devices and weld in the upper two thirds of the cage. Paint welded areas on epoxy coated and/or galvanized reinforcing with an organic zinc rich paint in accordance with Item 445 "Galvanizing".

If rail is slipformed, apply an heavy epoxy bead 1" behind toe of traffic side of rail to concrete deck just prior to slip forming. Provide a $\frac{3}{8}$ " width x $\frac{1}{4}$ " tall heavy epoxy bead with Type III, Class C or a Type V epoxy.

The back of railing must be vertical unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars

are epoxy coated or galvanized. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064)

of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U and WU unless noted otherwise. Deformed WWR (ASTM A1064) may be substituted for Bars R and S, as shown. Combinations of reinforcing steel and WWR or configurations of WWR other than shown are permitted if conditions in the table are satisfied. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing bars.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: $Uncoated or galvanized \sim #4 = 1'-7"$

Epoxy coated $\sim #4 = 2'-5''$

GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-4 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated quard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated quard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.

Shop drawings will not be required for this rail. Average weight of railing with no overlay is 376 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

SHEET 2 OF 2



TRAFFIC RAIL SINGLE SLOPE

TYPE SSTR

					_		•	•
E:		DN: TXL	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT		DW:	JTR		ск: ТхДОТ
TxD0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0467	02	020, ETC	020, ETC.		SH 220	
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
		FTW		ERATH				170

Slot

6'-0" Min

(Typ)

Slot

Note: Side Slot Drains may be used where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Drains should not be placed over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. When this rail is used as a separator between a roadway surface and a sidewalk surface, side drain slots will not be permitted.

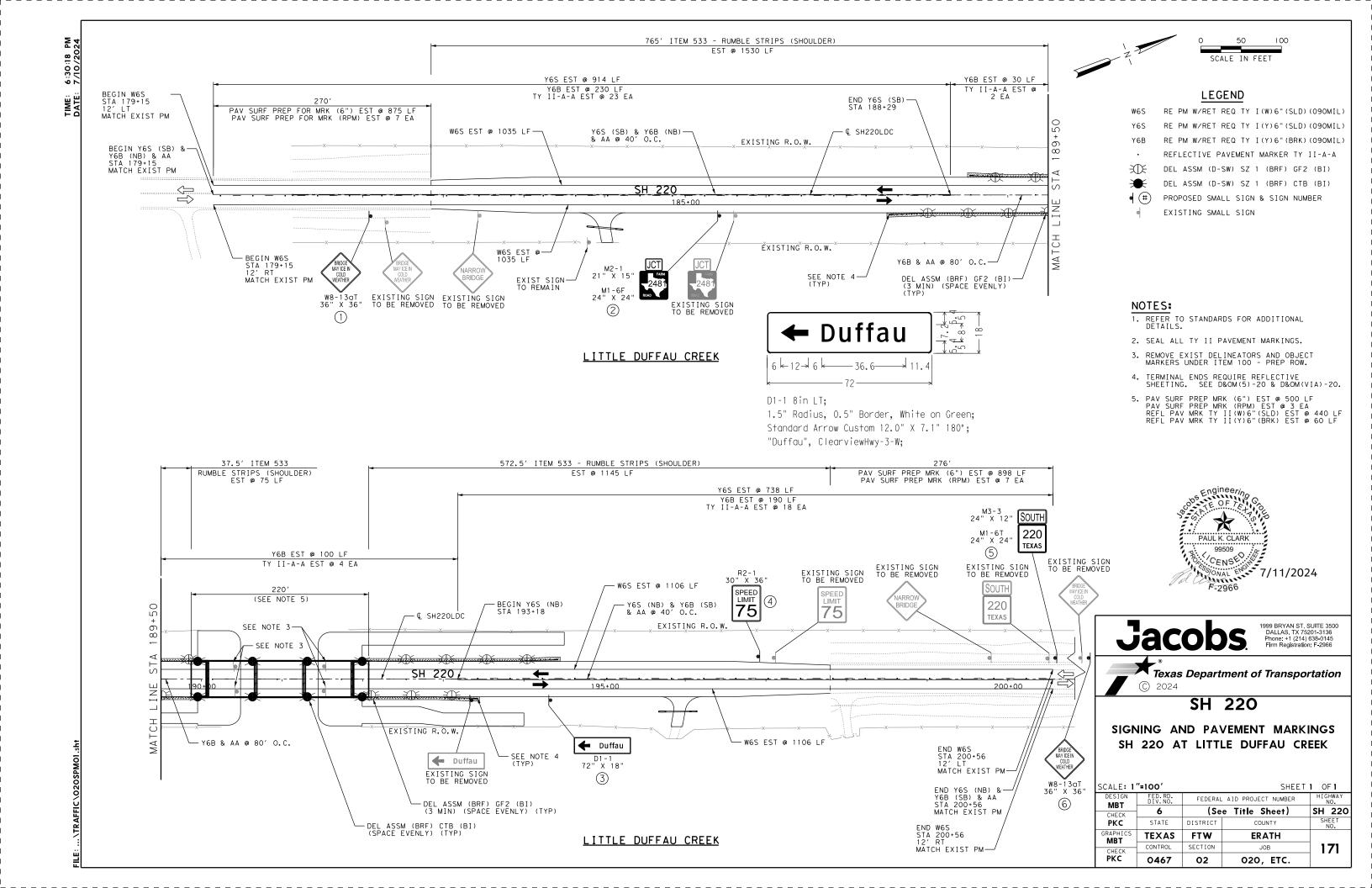
DESCRIPTION	LONGITUDINAL WIRES	VERTICAL WIRES			
Minimum (Cumulative Total) Wire Area	1.067 Sq In.	0.267 Sq In. per Ft			
	No. of Wires	Spacing			
Minimum	8	4"			
Maximum	10	8"			
Maximum Wire Size Differential	The smaller wire must have an area of 40% or more of the larger wire.				

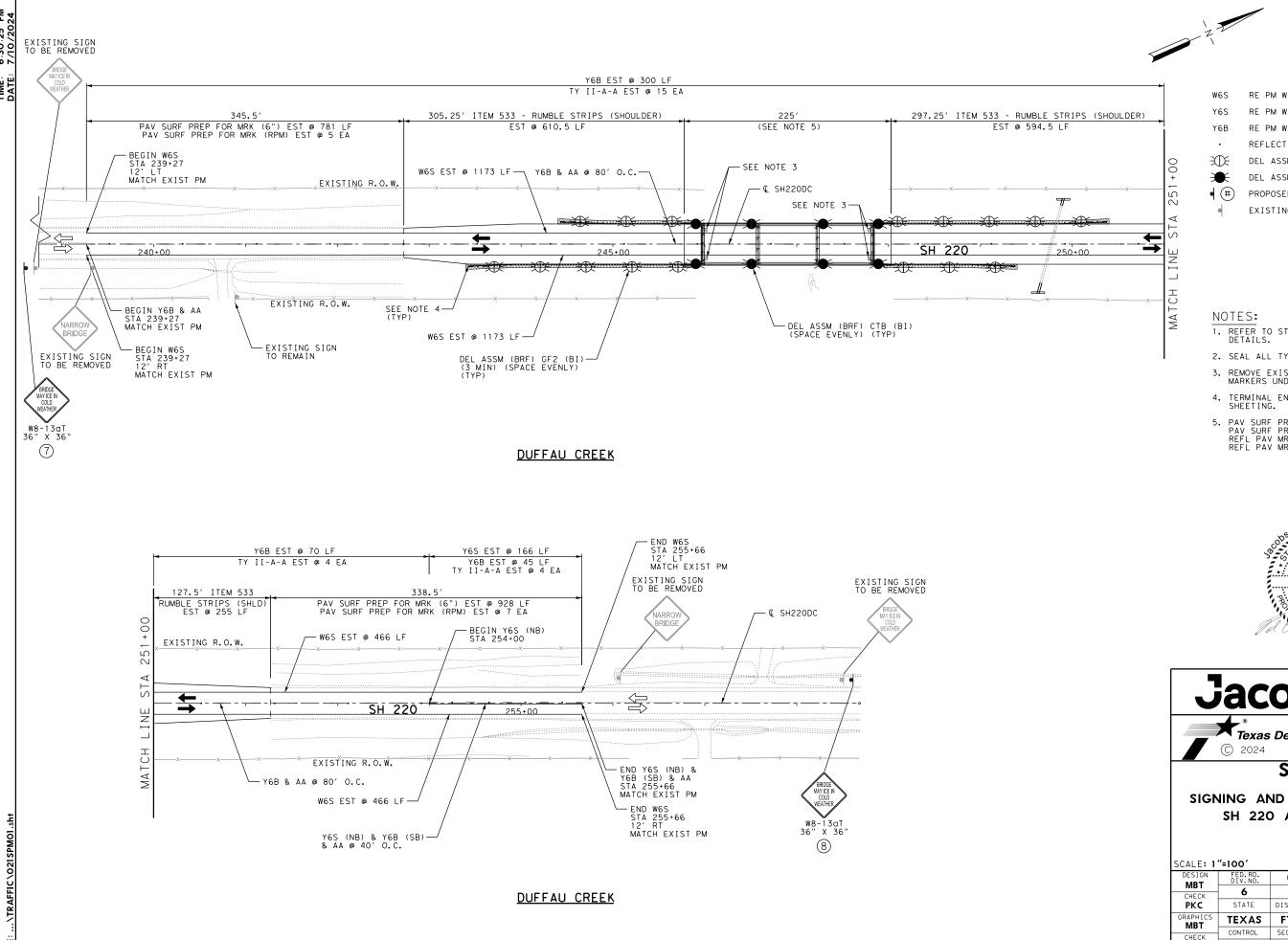
end region of

panel length

with side

slot drains







LEGEND

RE PM W/RET REQ TY I(W)6"(SLD)(090MIL) RE PM W/RET REQ TY I(Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL) RE PM W/RET REQ TY I(Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL) REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKER TY II-A-A DEL ASSM (D-SW) SZ 1 (BRF) GF2 (BI) DEL ASSM (D-SW) SZ 1 (BRF) CTB (BI)

PROPOSED SMALL SIGN & SIGN NUMBER EXISTING SMALL SIGN

- 1. REFER TO STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 2. SEAL ALL TY II PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 3. REMOVE EXIST DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS UNDER ITEM 100 PREP ROW.
- 4. TERMINAL ENDS REQUIRE REFLECTIVE SHEETING. SEE D&OM(5)-20 & D&OM(VIA)-20.
- 5. PAV SURF PREP MRK (6") EST @ 500 LF PAV SURF PREP MRK (RPM) EST @ 3 EA REFL PAV MRK TY II(W)6"(SLD) EST @ 450 LF REFL PAV MRK TY II(Y)6"(BRK) EST @ 50 LF





1999 BRYAN ST, SUITE 3500 DALLAS, TX 75201-3136 Phone: +1 (214) 638-0145 Firm Registration: F-2966

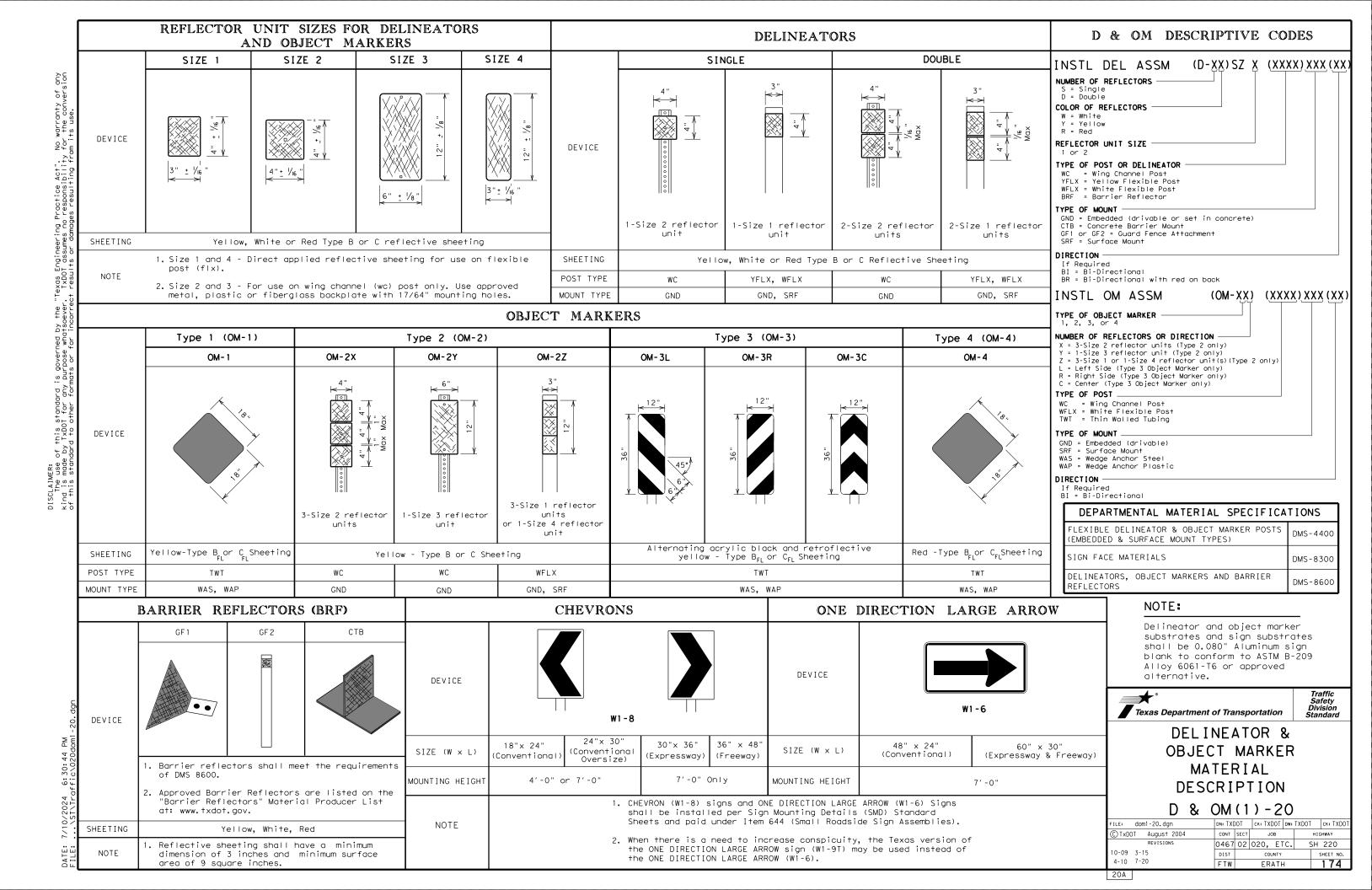


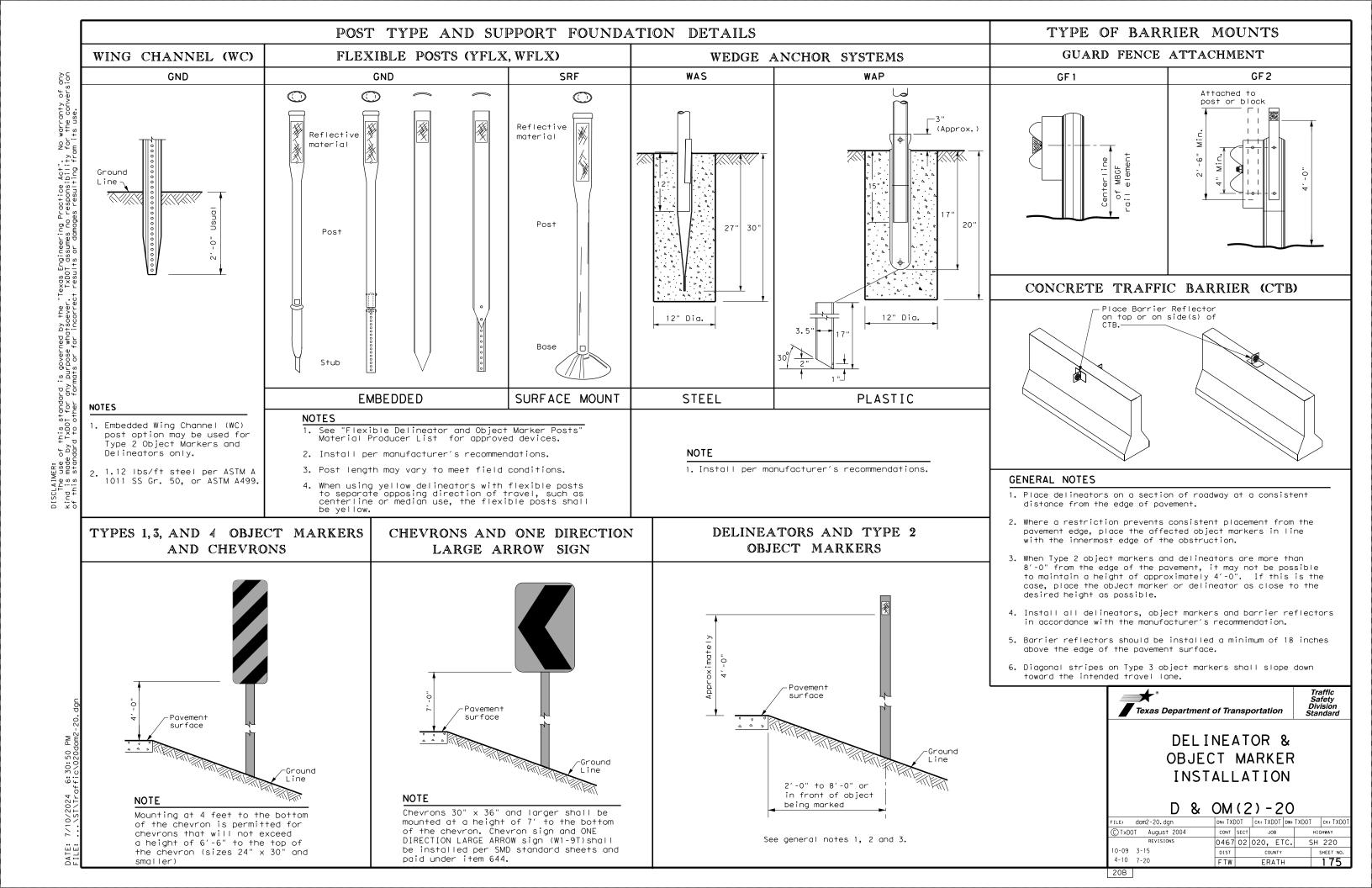
SH 220

SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

SCALE: 1"=100' SHEET 1 OF 1								
DESIGN MBT	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	FEDERAL	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER					
CHECK	6	(Se	(See Title Sheet)					
PKC	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
GRAPHICS MBT	TEXAS	FTW	ERATH					
CHECK	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	172				
PKC	0467	02	020, ETC.] -				

				OF SI		SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX (X) XX (X-XXXX) BRIDG MOUN			BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE			
PLAN HEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	AT ALUMINUM	POST TYPE FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS 1 or 2	UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED	ITING DESIGNATION 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	-
171	1	W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY DE IN OOLD WEATHER	36" × 36"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р			
			WEATHER									ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS
171	2	M2-1 M1-6F	JCT ZABA 2481	21" x 15" 24" x 24"	x	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			Square Feet Minimum Thicknet Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100"
171	3	D1 - 1	← Duffau	72" × 18"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			Greater than 15 0.125"
171	4	R2-1		30" × 36"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/
171	5	M3-3	SPEED LIMIT 75	24" × 12"	x	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			NOTE:
		M1 - 6T	SOUTH 220 TEXAS	24" × 24"								1. Sign supports shall be located as s on the plans, except that the Engin may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary
171	6	W8-13aT	BRDGE MAY EN COLD WEATHER	36" × 36"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unle otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engi will verify all sign support locati
172	7	W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY KE IN COLD WEATHER	36" × 36"	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			 For installation of bridge mount cl signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
172	8	W8-130T		36" × 36"	x	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			 For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadsid Signs General Notes & Details SMD(G
			BRDGE MAY KE IN COLD WEATHER									
												Texas Department of Transportation SH 220
												SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
												SOSS
												4-16 8-16 REVISIONS O467 O2 O20, ETC. SIDIST COUNTY FTW ERATH

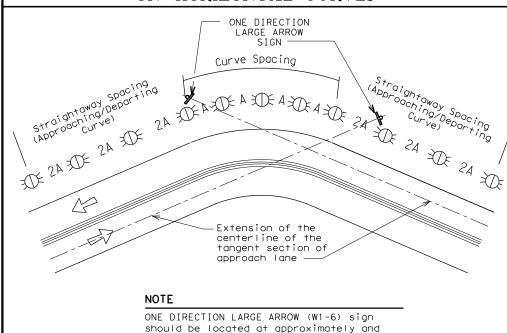




MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	 RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign 	 RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons. 				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons				

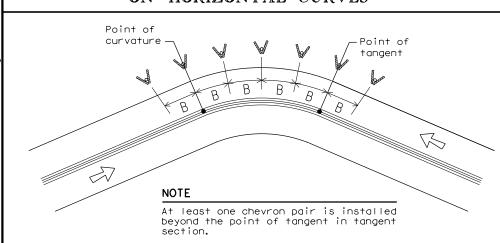
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

perpendicular to the extension of the centerline of the tangent section of



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET						
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve			
		А	2A	В			
1	5730	225	450				
2	2865	160	320				
3	1910	130	260	200			
4	1433	110	220	160			
5	1146	100	200	160			
6	955	90	180	160			
7	819	85	170	160			
8	716	75	150	160			
9	637	75	150	120			
10	573	70	140	120			
1 1	521	65	130	120			
12	478	60	120	120			
13	441	60	120	120			
14	409	55	110	80			
15	382	55	110	80			
16	358	55	110	80			
19	302	50	100	80			
23	249	40	80	80			
29	198	35	70	40			
38	151	30	60	40			
57	101	20	40	40			

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Chevron Spacina Advisory Spacina Spacing in Speed in Straightaway (MPH) Curve Curve 2×A 130 200 65 260 110 220 160 55 100 200 160 50 85 170 160 75 150 120 45 40 70 140 120 35 120 120 60 30 55 110 80 25 50 100 80 40 80 80 20 35 70 40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING			
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets			
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table			
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)			
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))			

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

Truck Escape Ramp Single red delineators on both sides Bi-Directional Delineators when

undivided with one lane each Bridge Rail (steel or direction Equal spacing (100'max) but concrete) and Metal not less than 3 delineators Single Delineators when multiple Beam Guard Fence lanes each direction

Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) Barrier reflectors matching Equal spacing 100' max or Steel Traffic Barrier the color of the edge line Reflectors matching the color Every 5th cable barrier post (up to

Cable Barrier of the edge line 100'max) Divided highway - Object marker on Requires reflective sheeting provided

approach end by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or Guard Rail Terminus/Impact a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in Head front of the terminal end Undivided 2-lane highways -Object marker on approach and

See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6) departure end Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) Bridges with no Approach

at end of rail and 3 single

delineators approaching rail Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per Reduced Width Approaches to Type 2 and Type 3 Object D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object

Bridge Rail Markers (OM-3) and 3 single Marker (OM-3) in front of the delineators approaching bridge terminal end See D & OM (5)

Culverts without MBGF Type 2 Object Markers See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

Double yellow delineators and RPMs See Detail 1 on D & OM (4) Crossovers Pavement Narrowing Single delineators adjacent

(lane merge) on to affected lane for full 100 feet Freeways/Expressway Length of transition

NOTES

Rail

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND						
X)X	Bi-directional Delineator					
K	Delineator					
4	Sign					

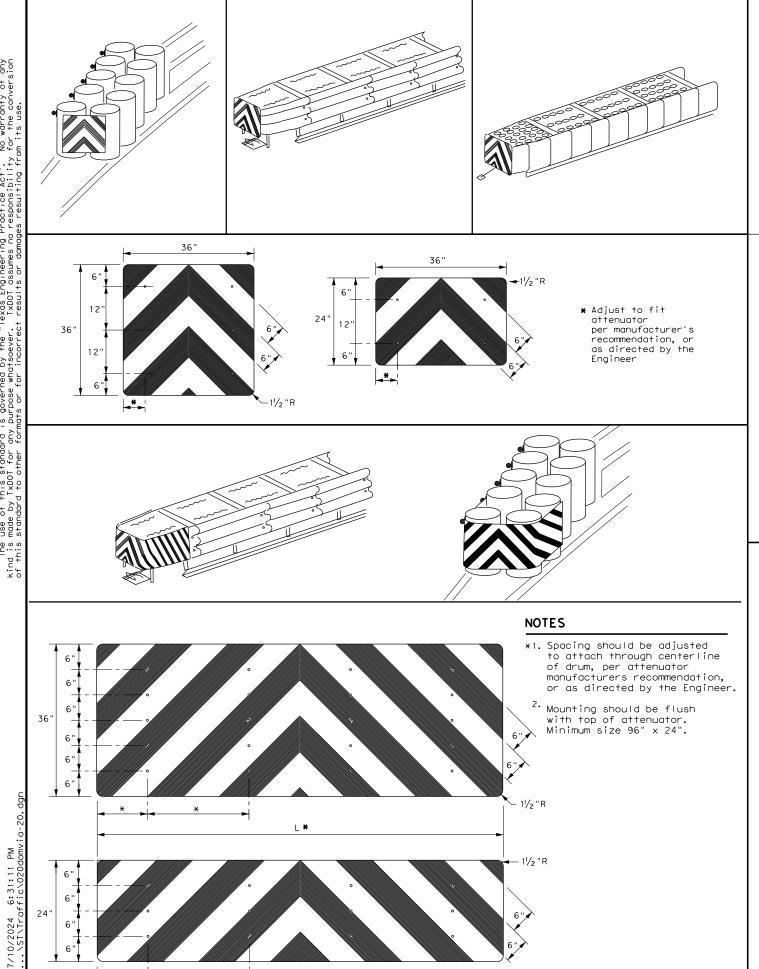


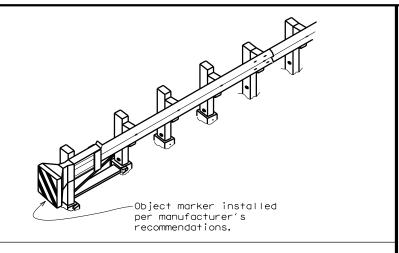
See D & OM(5)

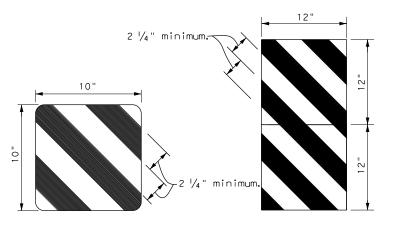
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

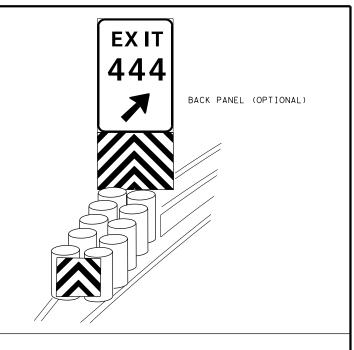
'			-	-	
ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDO	T CK: TXDOT
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
	0467	02	020, E1	rc.	SH 220
3-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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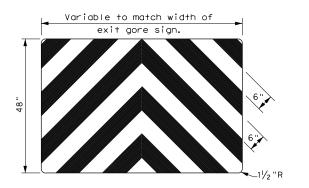






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS**

D & OM(VIA) - 20

D & 0.	٠. ،	• •	, , ,			
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© TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0467	02	020, ET	C.	SH 220	
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 7-20	FTW	W ERATH			178	

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- WS = Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))

- T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

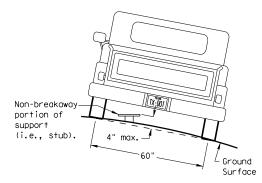
- 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

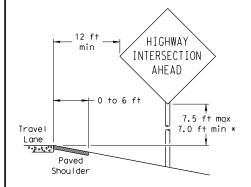
diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

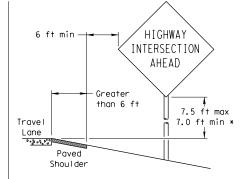
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

Shou I der When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should

be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place

Paved

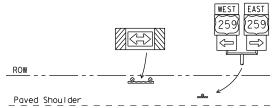
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

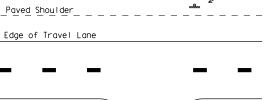
7.0 ft min *



Travel

Lane

as close to ROW as practical.





* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:

(1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

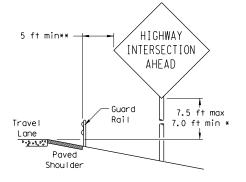
The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

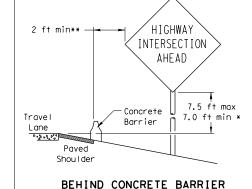
The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Maximum

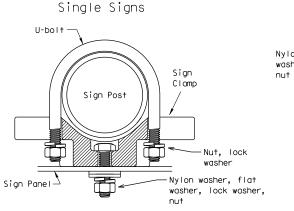
possible

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

7 ft.

diameter

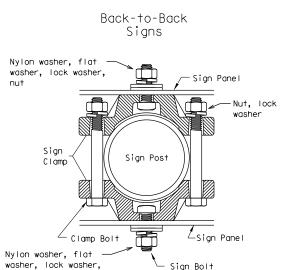
circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



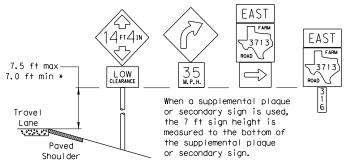
diameter

circle

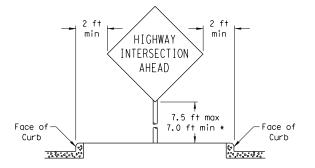
Acceptable

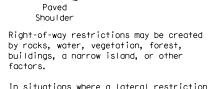
	Approximate Bolt Length					
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



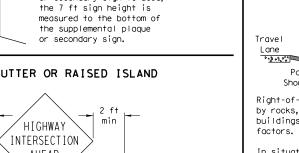


7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

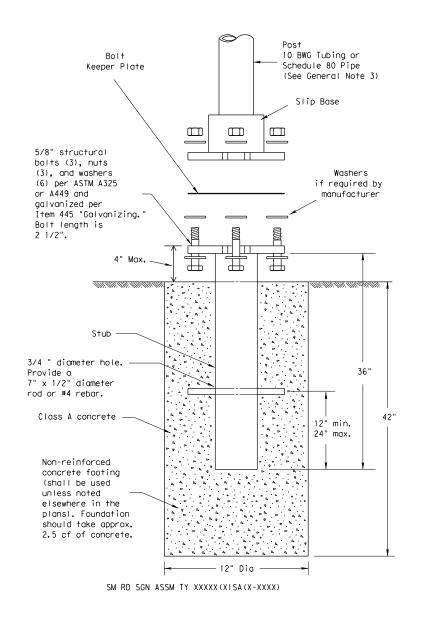


Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SMD (GEN) -08

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	FTW	ERATH				179

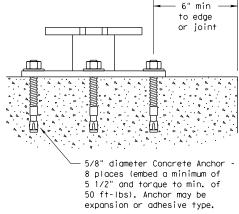
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

Support

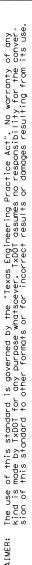
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



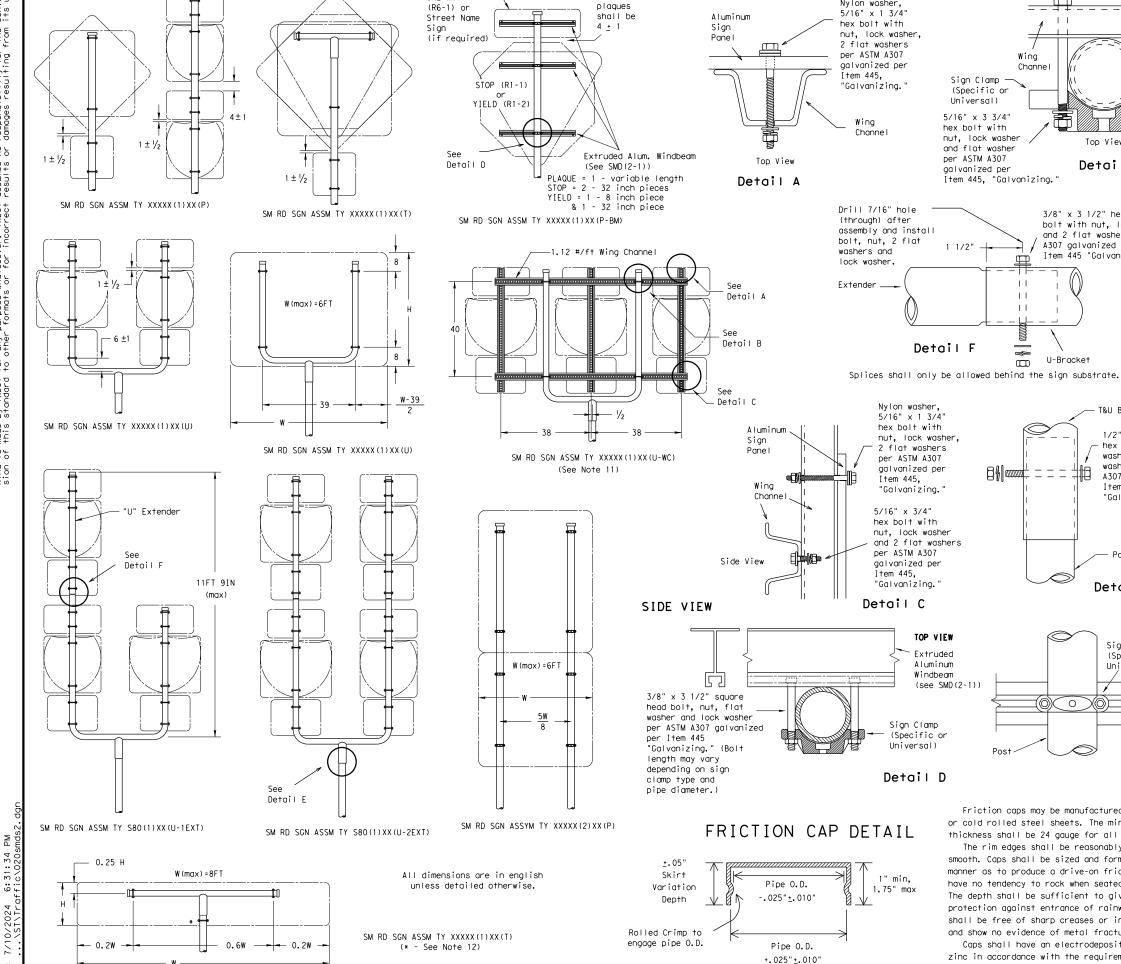
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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	FTW		ER.	АТН		180







ONF-WAY

Gap between

Nylon washer.

Wing

Sign Clamp

Universal)

5/16" x 3 3/4"

hex bolt with

and flat washer

per ASTM A307

aalvanized per

1 1/2"

Item 445, "Galvanizing.

1.1

 \perp

U-Bracket

nut. lock washer

(Specific or

Channe

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

A307 galvanized per

Item 445 "Galvanizing.

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445,

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

A307 galvanized per

washer and 2 flat

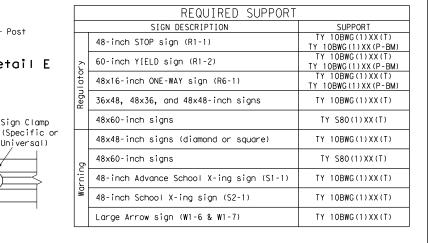
washers per ASTM

Detail B

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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	FTW		ERAT	Н		181

B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a

manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and

have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe.

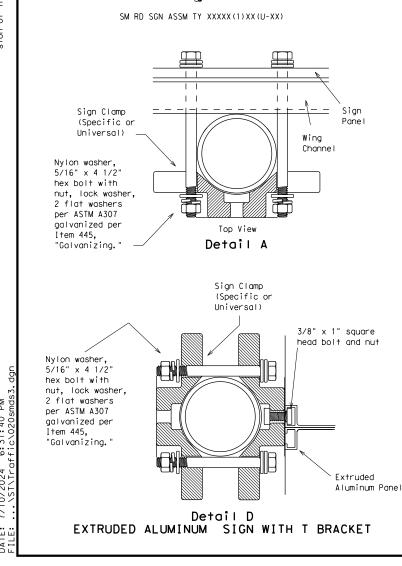
The depth shall be sufficient to give positive

protection against entrance of rainwater. They

0

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and



W(min)>8FT

W (max) = 16F1

See Detail C

W (max) = 15FT

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T-2EXT)

(* - See Note 12)

-

8 1/2"

W-39"

See Detail A

-See Detail B

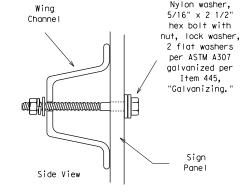
Extruded Alum. Windbeam (See Detail D on SMD (SLIP-2))

or 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (See Detail A and Detail B)

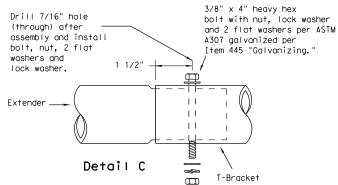
0.25 H

-0.15W

- 8 1/2"



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

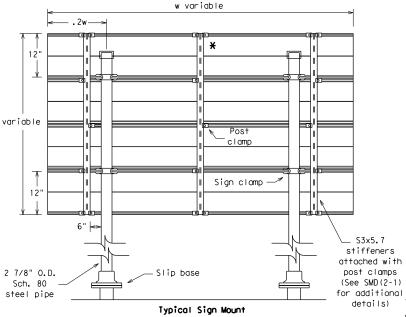
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

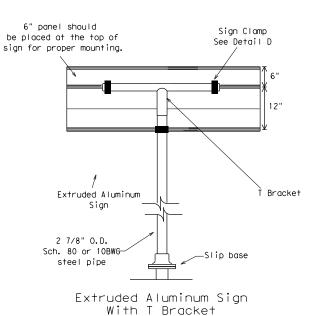
"Galvanizina.

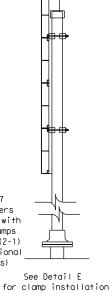
Detail E



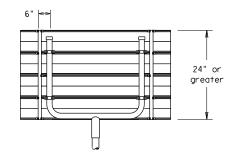
SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.









Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut
- off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post
- for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

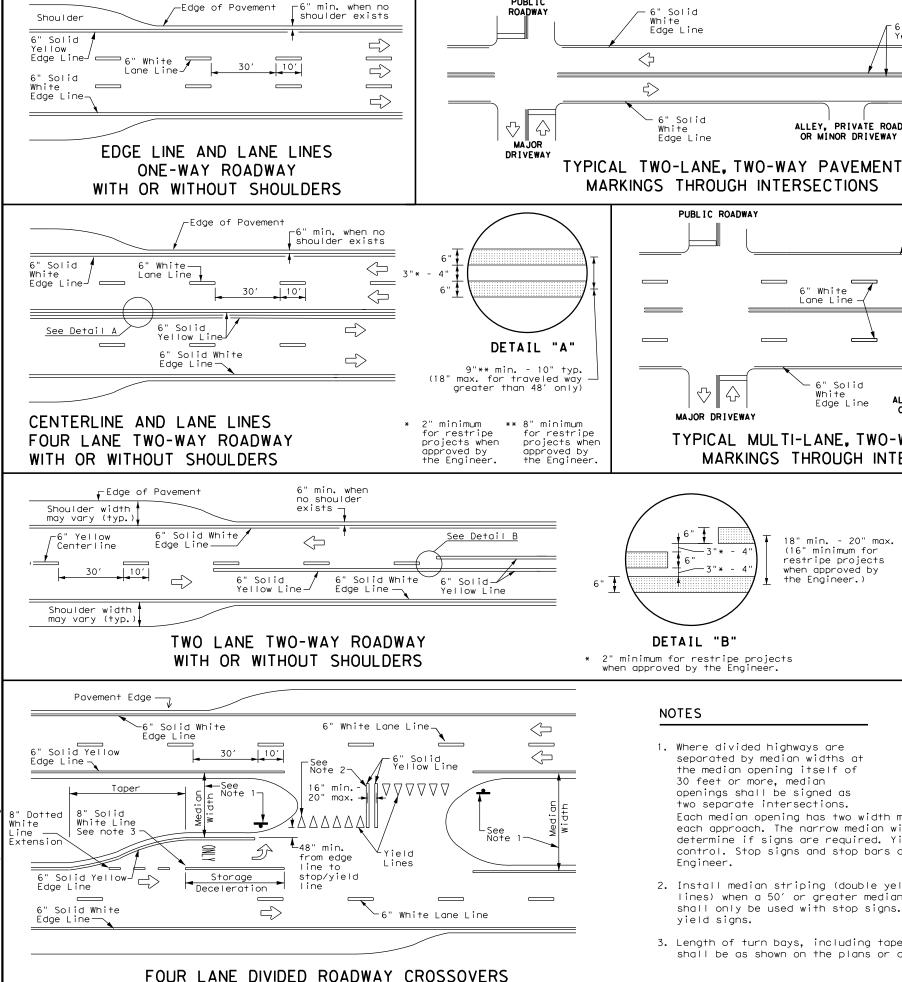
	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
)	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SLIP-3) -08

€ TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDO	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOE	3	н	I GHWAY
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	FTW		ERA	.TH		182

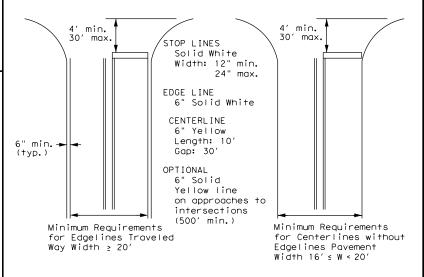


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

Texas Department of Transportation

TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

· · ·						
E: pm1-22,dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0467	02	020, E	ETC.	SH	220
95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUN	ГҮ		SHEET NO.
00 2-12	FTW		ERA.	ТН		183

2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield yield signs.

control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the

Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for

each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to

determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection

6" Solid

ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD

OR MINOR DRIVEWAY

6" White Lane Line

Solid

TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT

MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS

18" min. - 20" max.

(16" minimum for

the Engineer.)

restripe projects when approved by

Edge Line

Yellow Line

-6" Solid White

Edge Line

ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD

OR MINOR DRIVEWAY

6" Solid Yellow Line

 \Diamond

 \triangleleft

5>

<>

3" to 12"→ |

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

YIELD LINES

12" 3"+o12"→ | ← 18" ▼ ∇ ∇ ∇ ∇ ∇ ∇

For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

6" Solid White

Edge Line

Solid

PUBLIC ROADWAY

 \bigcirc

MAJOR DRIVEWAY

— 3"×

DETAIL "B"

NOTES

Engineer.

1. Where divided highways are

separated by median widths at

the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median

openings shall be signed as

two separate intersections.

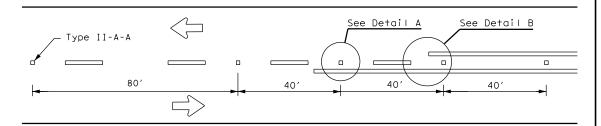
Edge Line

White

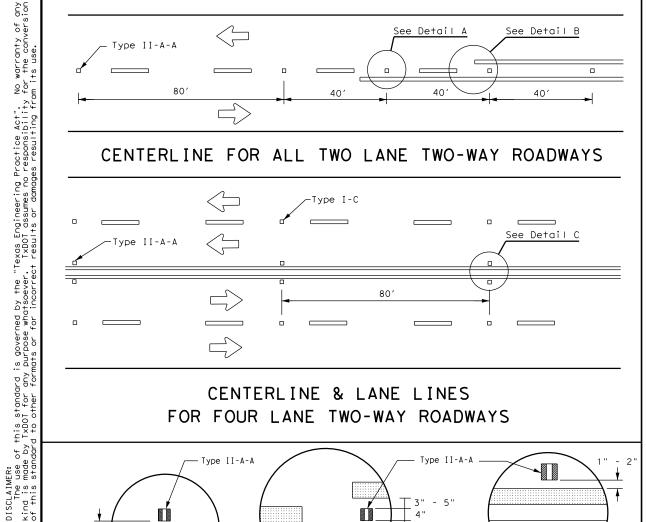
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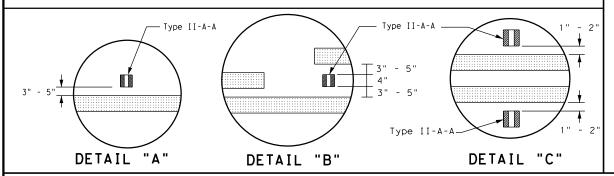
- lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

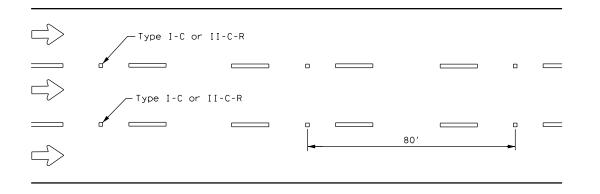


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 80′ Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

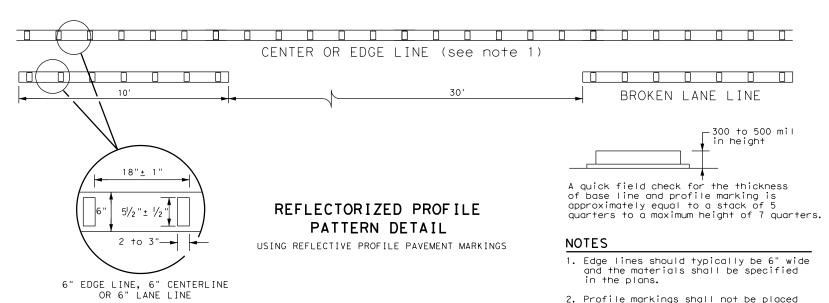


LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

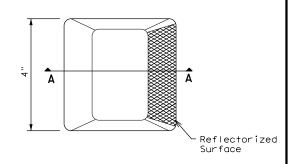


GENERAL NOTES

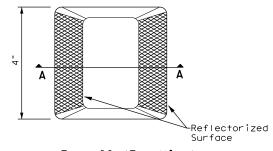
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	NS
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKER	S DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKIN	GS DMS-8240

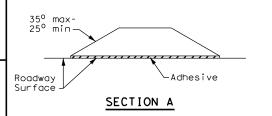
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



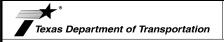
Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



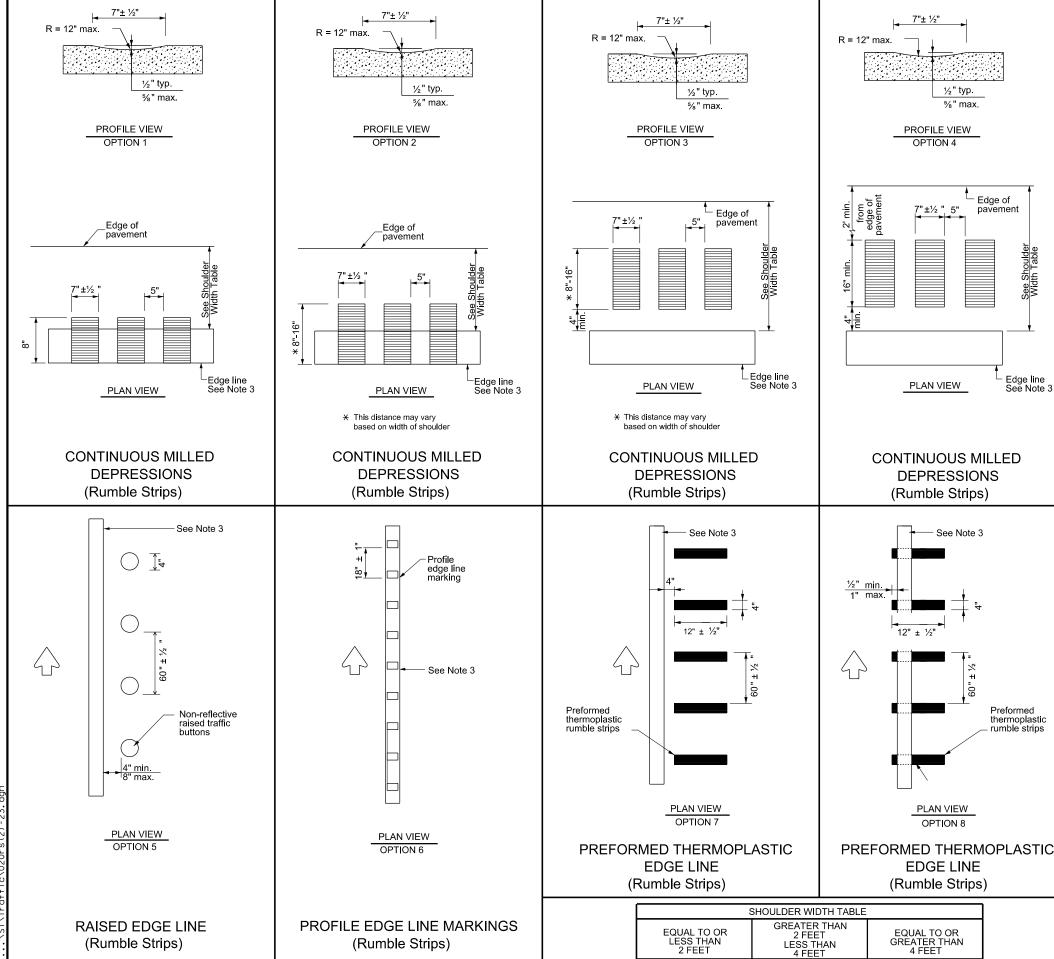
POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS**

PM(2) - 22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FILE: pm2-22.dgn CTxDOT December 2022 HIGHWAY REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20 0467 02 020, ETC. SH 220 4-92 2-10 12-22 5-00 2-12

184



Option 1, 5, 6 or 8 Option 2, 4, 5 6 or 7

Option 1, 2, 3 5, 6 or 7

GENERAL NOTES

- Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing
 of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile
 markings.
- See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 10. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS
ON UNDIVIDED
OR
TWO LANE HIGHWAYS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RS(2)-23

91

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept in the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ): 0467-02-020, ETC.

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

SH 220 AT LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK & SH 220 AT DUFFAU CREEK

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

CSJ 0467-02-020 (SH 220 at Little Duffau Creek):

BEGIN: (Lat) 32.0322552, (Long) -98.0102860

END: (Lat) 32.0318277, (Long) -98.0104845

CSJ 0467-02-021 (SH 220 at Duffau Creek):

BEGIN: (Lat) 32.0320034, (Long) -98.0103524

END: (Lat) 32.0320034, (Long) -98.0103524

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 6.99

CSJ 0467-02-020 (SH 220 at Little Duffau Creek): 4.39 Acres

CSJ 0467-02-021 (SH 220 at Duffau Creek): 2.63 Acres

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 6.99

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Replace bridge and approaches

Grading and replacing bridge approach pavement

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Sand	Clayey to clayey with gravel
Clay	Sandy lean
Limestone	

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

□ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting X PSLs determined during construction

□ No PSLs planned for construction

Type	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- X Mobilization
- X Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- X Remove existing pavement
- X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- X Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- X Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- X Install proposed pavement per plans
- X Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- X Place flex base
- X Rework slopes, grade ditches
- X Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- X Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures
- X Other: Replace bridge, install riprap

□ Other:		
☐ Other:		

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

☐ Other:			
☐ Other:	_		
Othor:			

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
Upper Duffau Creek	Subwatershed
Duffau Creek North Bosque River	Watershed
North Bosque	Subbasin
Brazos River	
Gulf of Mexico	

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

□ Other:			
 □ Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

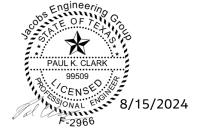
X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

Maintain SWP3 records for 3 year
□ Oth and

Other.	-
Other:	_
	_
Other:	
_	

1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:

MS4 Entity
None



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.		
6		(See Title Sheet)			186	
STATE		STATE DIST.		(COUNTY	
TEXA	S	FTW		Εf	RATH	
CONT.		SECT.	JI	ОВ	HIGHWAY	NO.
0467	7	02	020,	ETC.	SH 22	20

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

SWP3 or the CGP.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
 □ Protection of Existing Vegetation □ Vegetated Buffer Zones X □ Soil Retention Blankets □ Geotextiles
□ Mulching/ Hydromulching□ Soil Surface Treatments
X □ Temporary Seeding□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking □ □ Interceptor Swale □ □ Riprap
□ □ Diversion Dike
 □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ Embankment for Erosion Control □ Paved Flumes □ Other:
□ □ Other:
☐ ☐ Other:
United Stricts
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs□ Dewatering Controls
□ Inlet ProtectionX □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ Sandbag Berms
X
X ☐ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ □ Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

Т	1	Р

□ □ Sediment Trap

for e	lated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm ach acre of disturbed area cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ □ Sedimer	ntation Basin
🛽 Not re	equired (<10 acres disturbed)
□ Requ	red (>10 acres) and implemented.
	alculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm or each acre of disturbed area
□ 3,0	600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ Requ	red (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
□ A v	railable area/Site geometry
□ Si	te slope/Drainage patterns
□ Si	te soils/Geotechnical factors
□ Pu	ıblic safety
□ Ot	her:

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing			
туре	From	То		
Seeding	181+85.00 242+72.50	197+80.00 252+27.50		
	I	<u>l</u>		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

X Excess dirt/mud on r	oad removed daily
☐ Haul roads dampene	ed for dust control
☐ Loaded haul trucks t	o be covered with tarpaulin
X Stabilized construction	on ex i t
□ Other:	
Other:	
Other:	
Other:	
2.5 POLLUTION PRE	EVENTION MEASURES:
X Chemical Manageme	ent
X Concrete and Materi	ials Waste Management
X Debris and Trash Ma	anagement
X Dust Control	
□ Other:	

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Other:

Other:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Statio	ning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ⋉ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.



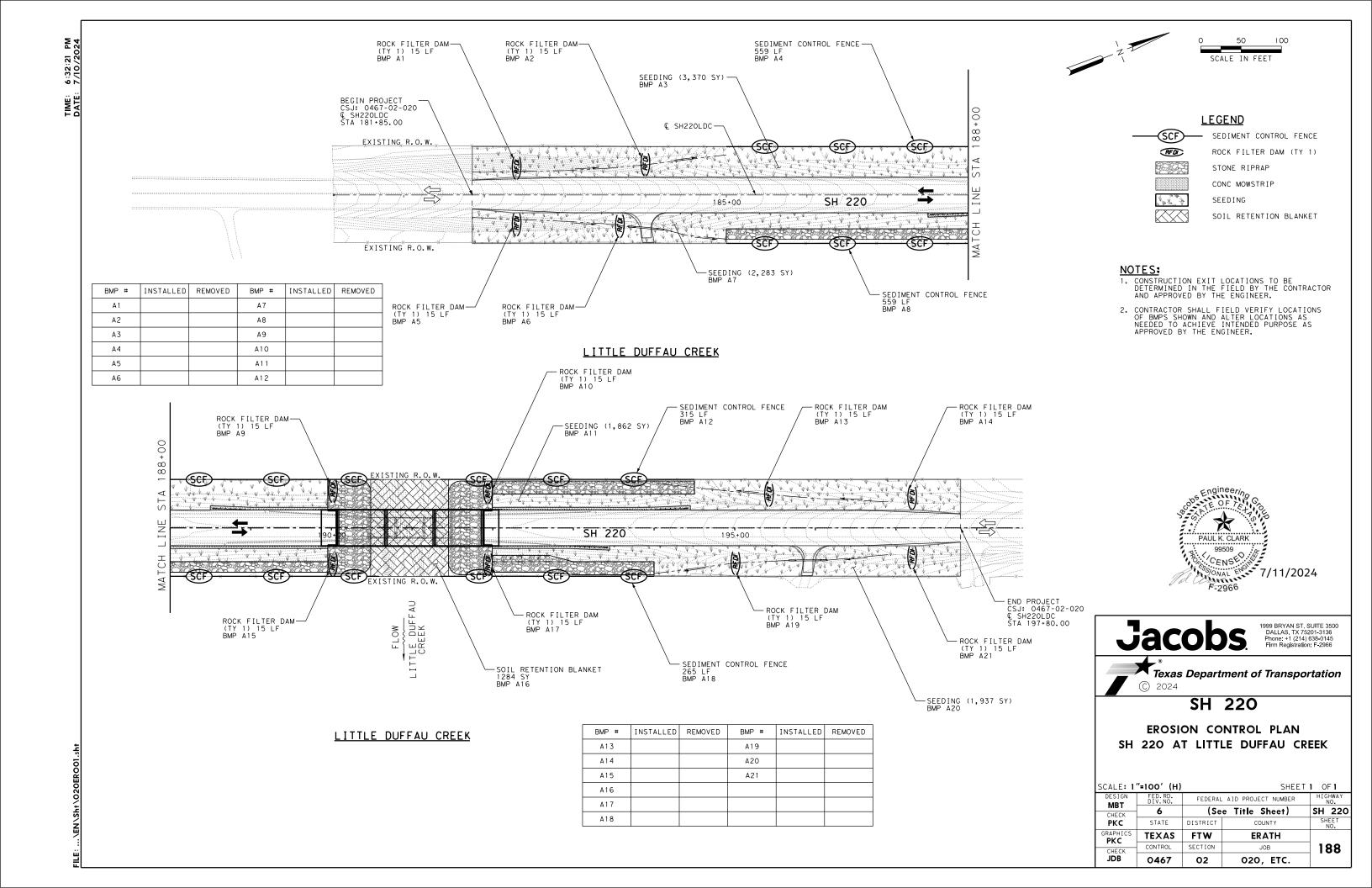
STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

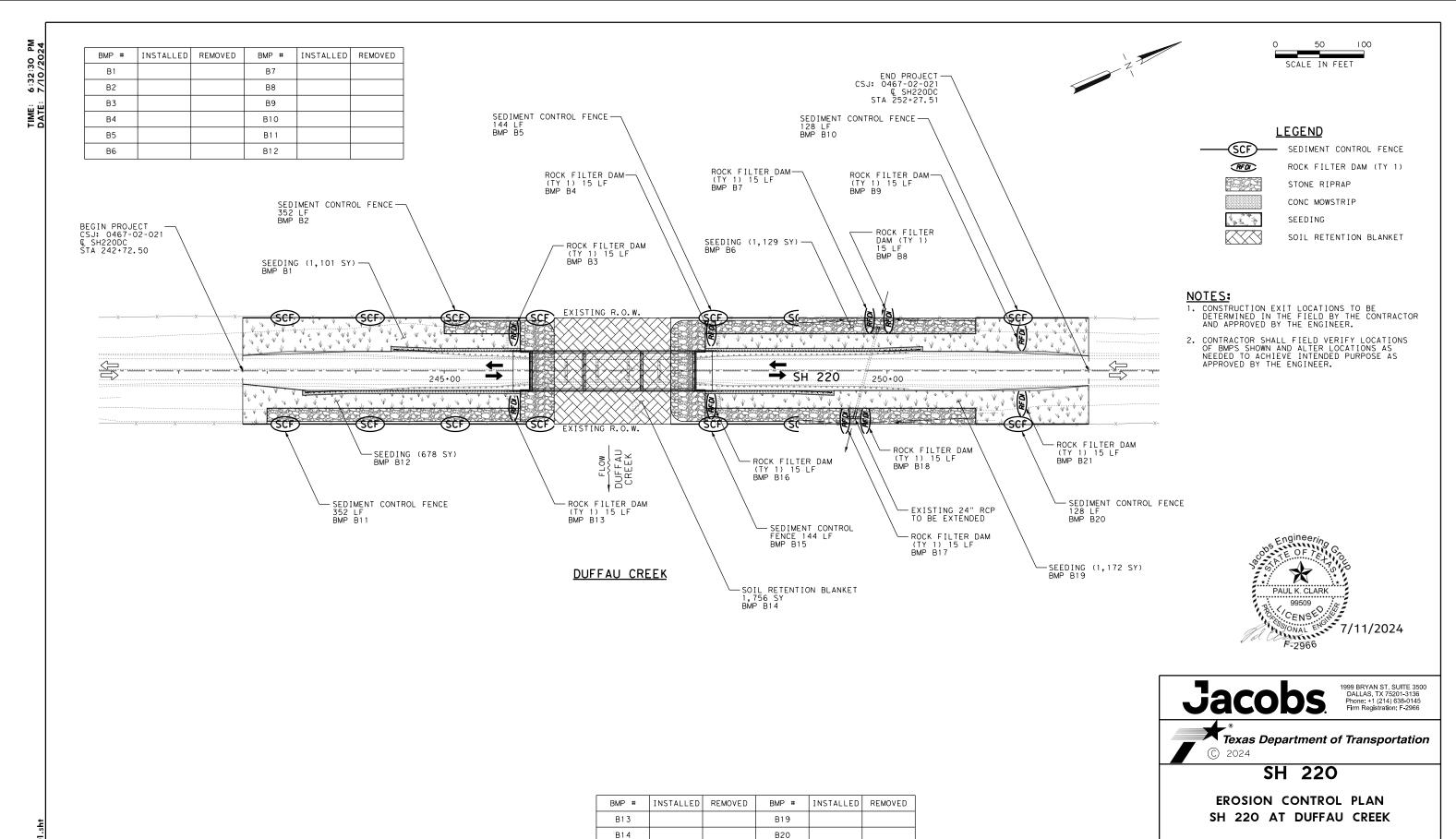


Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.						
6		(See Title Sheet)						
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXA	S	FTW	ERATH					
CONT.	CONT. SECT. JOB HIGHWA		HIGHWAY	NO.				
0467 02 020.		020. FT	С.	SH 22	20			





B21

B15

B16

B17

B18

SCALE: 1"=100' (H) SHEET 1 OF 1 FEDERAL AID PROJECT NUMBER MBT (See Title Sheet) SH 220 6 CHECK PKC STATE DISTRICT COUNTY GRAPHI **TEXAS** FTW **ERATH** PKC CONTROL SECTION JOB 189

02

020, ETC.

CHECK **JDB**

0467

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24	T\SW3P\0
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<u> </u>	:

Ι.	STORMWATER POLLUTION P	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	III.	CULTURAL R
	required for projects with	- Discharge Permit or Constr 1 or more acres disturbed so for erosion and sedimentati	il. Projects with any		Refer to TxD0 archeological archeological
		ay receive discharges from t d prior to construction acti			work in the i
	1. The Storm Water Manageme the City	nt Plan covers all the incor	porated urbanized areas of		
	□ No. 4-11 Port 14	V Danisad Aakina		IV.	VEGETATION Preserve nati
		X Required Action			Contractor mu 164, 192, 193
		tion by controlling erosion rmit TXR 150000	and sedimentation in		invasive spec
	2. Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer	revise when necessary to co	ontrol pollution or		X No Acti
		otice (CSN) with SW3P inform the public and TCEQ, EPA or		٧.	FEDERAL LI CRITICAL H AND MIGRAT
	· · ·	specific locations (PSL's) i submit NOI to TCEQ and the			
II.		AMS, WATERBODIES AND WE	TLANDS CLEAN WATER		☐ No Acti
	ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	-	or other work in any		Action No.
	water bodies, rivers, cree	filling, dredging, excavatir eks, streams, wetlands or we e to all of the terms and cor	t areas.		1. The follo Warbler, black-cap skunk, ho Western b Hall's pr
	No Permit Required X Nationwide Permit 14 -	PCN not Required (less than	1/10th gara waters or		to protec
	wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - Individual 404 Permit R Other Nationwide Permit Required Actions: List wate	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 c equired Required: NWP# ers of the US permit applies Practices planned to control	to, location in project		2. Contracto Practices Transport https://f a. Section b. Section c. Section d. Section e. Section f. Section g. Section h. Section j. Section
	3.				3. Any remov
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		ary high water marks of any or ers of the US requiring the o Bridge Layouts.		ki bi	ecial note: 1 II, capture, c rd, nest, your
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	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS		rk would be do uld be prepare
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	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin		
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands		
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Basin		Best Management I
	☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Brush Berms ☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	DSHS:	Construction General Texas Department
	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOA:	Federal Highway A Memorandum of Ag
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks				Memorandum of Un Municipal Separa
	supplies the same and soone	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sediment Basins	Sand Filter Systems Grassy Swales	MBTA: NOT: NWP:	Migratory Bird Ti Notice of Termin Nationwide Permi Notice of Intent
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III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

Required Action X No Action Required

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162. 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

Required Action X No Action Required

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

X Required Action ☐ No Action Required

- 1. The following species could occur in the project area: Golden-cheeked Warbler, Monarch Butterfly, Strecker's chorus frog, Woodhouse's toad, black-capped vireo, American bumblebee, Eastern red bat, Eastern spotted skunk, hoary bat, swamp rabbit, slender glass lizard, Texas garter snake, Western box turtle. Western massasauga. Comanche Peak prairie clover. and Hall's prairie clover. Follow the BMPs and Special Notes listed below to protect these species.
- 2. Contractor to implement the following BMPs from "Beneficial Management Practices: Avoiding, Minimizing, and Mitigating Impacts of Transportation Projects on State Natural Resources" available at https://ftp.txdot.gov/pub/txdot-info/env/toolkit/300-01-bmp.pdf.
- a. Section 2.4.4 Insect Pollinator BMP
- b. Section 2.5.1 Small Mammal BMP
- c. Section 2.2.1 Bird BMP
- d. Section 1.4 Water Quality BMP e. Section 1.5 Stream Crossing BMP
- f. Section 1.6 Dewatering BMP
- g. Section 1.2 Vegetation BMP
- h. Section 2.6.1 Aquatic Amphibian and Reptile BMP
- i. Section 2.6.2 Terrestrial Amphibian and Reptile BMP
- j. Section 2.5.3 Bat BMP
- 3. Any removal of woody vegetation habitat will be phased such that it occurs outside of the breeding season of the Golden-cheeked Warbler (therefore, between September 15 and March 1) to minimize effects to individual birds.

Special note: The Migratory Bird Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell trade or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather or egg in part or in while, without a federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and regulations. The contractor would remove all old migratory bird nests from any structure where work would be done from October 1 to February 15. In addition, the contractor would be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nest(s) between February 15 to October 1. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on site during construction, efforts to avoid adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs and/or young would be observed.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
S:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
Δ:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
Δ:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transportation
:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species
	Nationwide Permit	LISACE+	IIS Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- st Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No X Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

No AWAITING TXDOT CONFIRMATION

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

X No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	
1.	

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

LITTLE DUFFAU CREEK



ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

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ı.	STORMWATER POLLUTION P	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	III.	CULTURAL R
	required for projects with	Discharge Permit or Constr or more acres disturbed so for erosion and sedimentati	il. Projects with any		Refer to TxD0 archeological archeological
		ay receive discharges from t d prior to construction acti			work in the i
	1. The Storm Water Manageme the City	nt Plan covers all the incor	porated urbanized areas of		
	☐ No Action Required	X Required Action		IV.	VEGETATION Preserve nat
	Action No.				Contractor mu 164, 192, 193
		tion by controlling erosion	and sedimentation in		invasive spec
	Comply with the SW3P and required by the Engineer	revise when necessary to co	ntrol pollution or		X No Acti
		otice (CSN) with SW3P inform the public and TCEQ, EPA or		٧.	FEDERAL LI CRITICAL H AND MIGRAT
		specific locations (PSL's) i submit NOI to TCEQ and the			AND MIGRAI
II.	WORK IN OR NEAR STREA	MS, WATERBODIES AND WE	TLANDS CLEAN WATER		No Acti
	USACE Permit required for	filling, dredging, excavatirks, streams, wetlands or we			1. The followarbler,
	The Contractor must adhere the following permit(s): No Permit Required	to all of the terms and cor	nditions associated with		black-cap skunk, ho Western b Hall's pr to protec
	wetlands affected)	·			2. Contracto Practices Transport https://f a. Section b. Section c. Section
		ers of the US permit applies ractices planned to control			d. Section e. Section f. Section g. Section h. Section i. Section j. Section
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		ary high water marks of any overs of the US requiring the UB Bridge Layouts.		ki bi	pecial note: 1
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	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS		ork would be do ould be prepare
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	X Blankets/Matting	X Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems		te during cons tive nests, eq
	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin		
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	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOA: MOU:	Memorandum of Agi Memorandum of Uni Municipal Separa
	Compost Filter Berm and Socks				Municipal Separa Migratory Bird Ti
		Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sediment Basins	Sand Filter Systems Grassy Swales	NOT: NWP: NOI:	Notice of Termin Nationwide Permi Notice of Intent

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Action No.	
1.	

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

DUFFAU CREEK

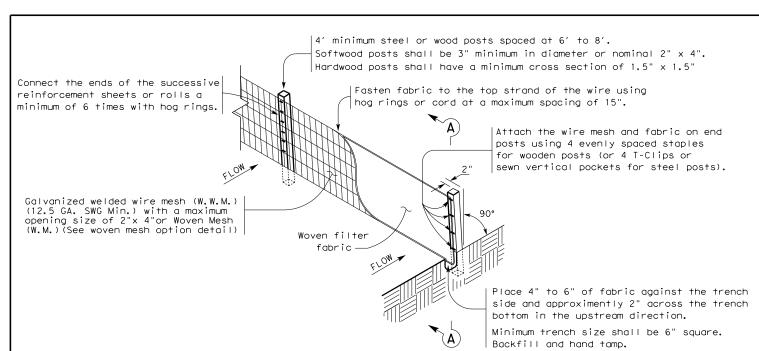


ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

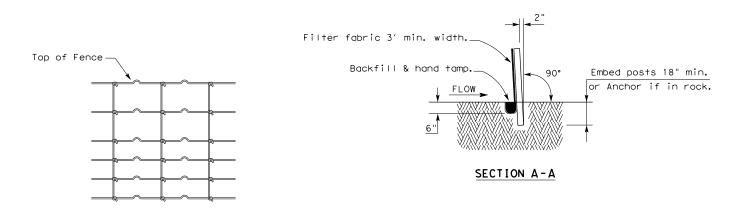
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TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

_____(SCF)____



HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 ${\sf GPM/FT}^2$. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

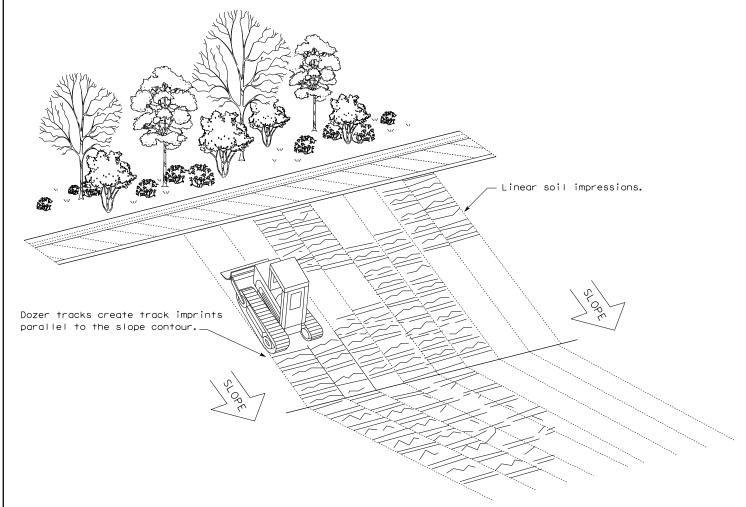
LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence



GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

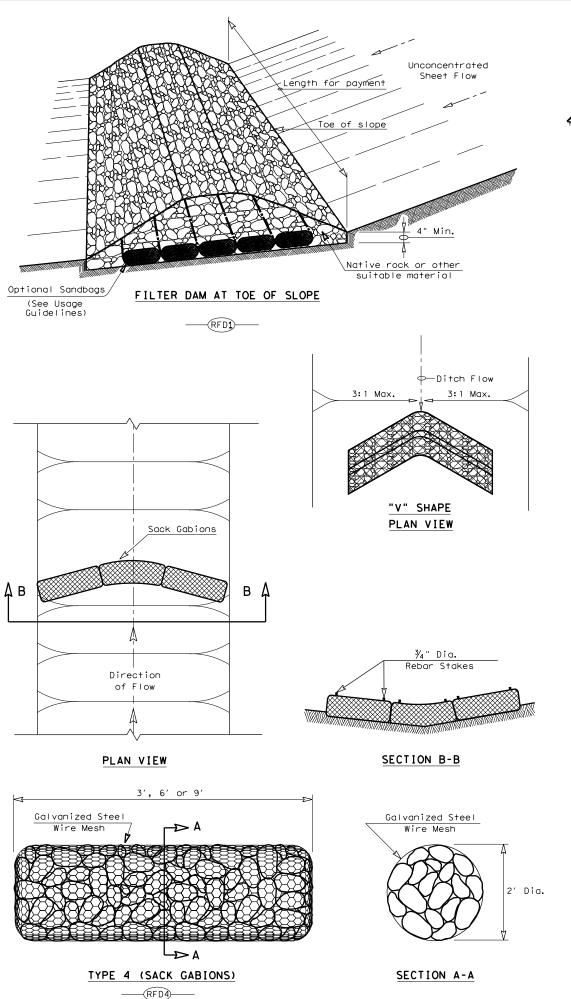


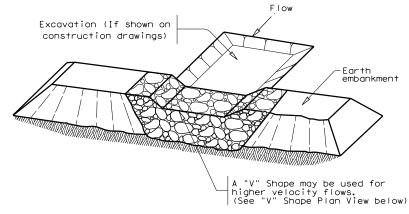
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

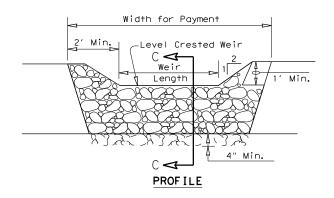
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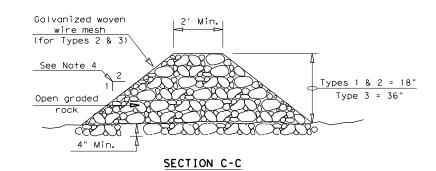




FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

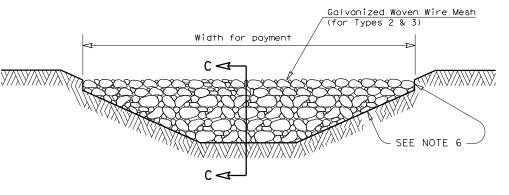
Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 $\mbox{CPM/FT}^2$ of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified.

 The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

PLAN SHEET LEGEND





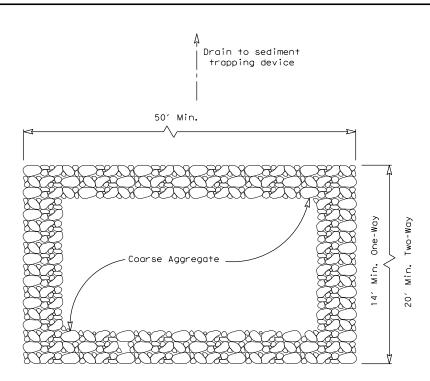
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

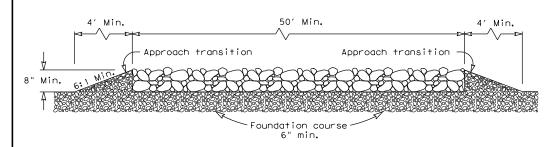
ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

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	FTW					193



PLAN VIEW



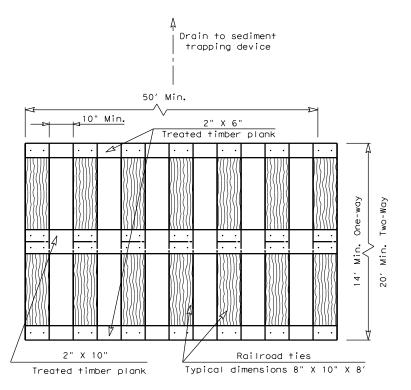
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

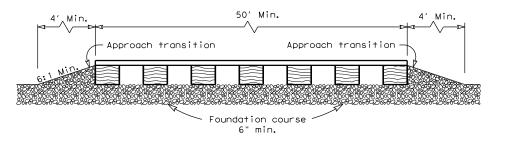
ROCK CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 1)

- 1. The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50^{\prime} .
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- 3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other materialas approved by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- 6. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified
- 7. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the engineer.



PLAN VIEW



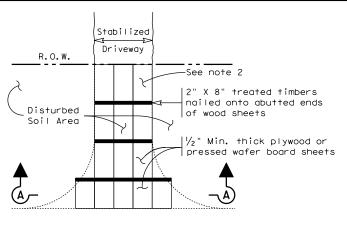
ELEVATION VIEW

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (LONG TERM)

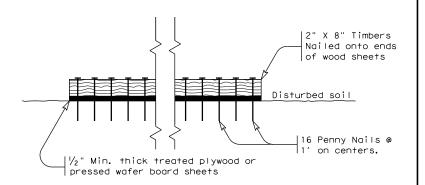
GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 2)

- The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with $1/2\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{x}$ 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.
- 8. Construct exits with a width of at least 14 ft. for one-way and 20 ft. for two-way traffic for the full width of the exit, or as directed by the



Paved Roadway

PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3) SHORT TERM

GENERAL NOTES (TYPE 3)

- The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

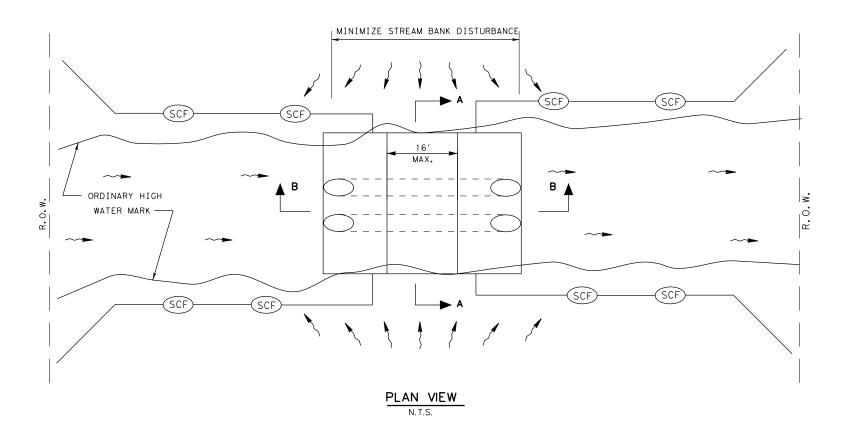


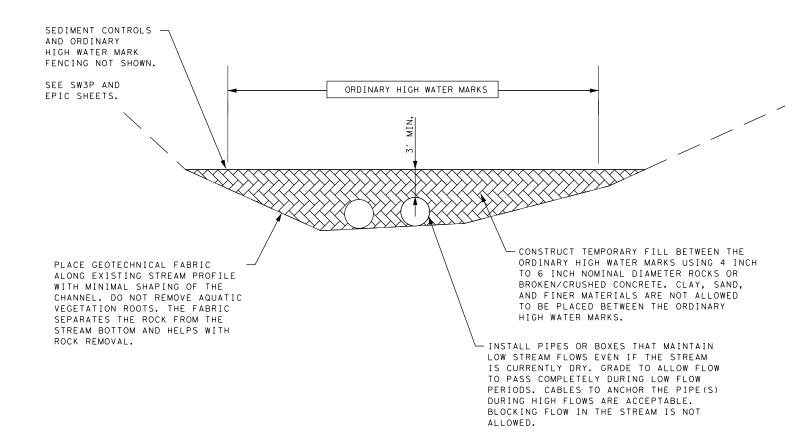
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
CONSTRUCTION EXITS

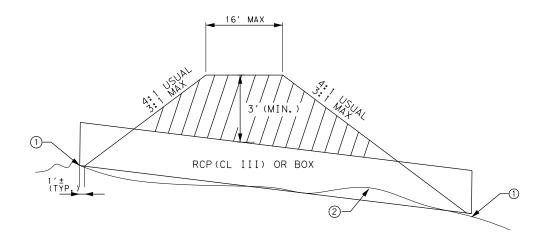
EC(3)-16

LE: ec316	DN: Tx[TO	ck: KM	Di	v: VP	DN/CK: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JC	В		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS	0467	02	020,	ETC	. S	H 220
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	FTW FRATH			194		





SECTION A-A



- (1) MATCH EXISTING STREAM BED ELEVATION. MULTIPLE PIPES MAY HAVE DIFFERENT PROFILES.
- CROSSING LOCATION TO BE SELECTED SO THAT PIPES PROVIDE POSITIVE DRAINAGE WITH MINIMAL DISTURBANCE OF THE STREAM BED.

SECTION B-B

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THIS DETAIL IS TO BE USED AT ANY LOCATIONS WHERE A TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING IS NEEDED. A STREAM CROSSING IS ANY LOCATION WHERE CONCENTRATED FLOWING WATER OCCURS OR IS EXPECTED TO OCCUR FOLLOWING A RAIN EVENT. TEMPORARY CROSSINGS ARE NOT PERMITTED TO IMPOUND WATER BY BLOCKING A NATURAL WATERCOURSE.
- WATERCOURSE.

 2. THE CONTRACTOR WILL SUBMIT, IN WRITING AND ACCOMPANIED BY APPROPRIATE DRAWINGS, THE TYPE AND LOCATION OF EACH PROPOSED TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING. THE SUBMITAL WILL SHOW, IN DETAIL, THE PROPOSED WORK SEQUENCE AND THE MATERIALS TO BE USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE CROSSING. THE SUBMITAL WILL BE EVALUATED BY THE TXDOT DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY COORDINATOR AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

 3. USE REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (CLASS III) OR PRECAST BOX CULVERTS UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED. DO NOT USE CORRUGATED METAL PIPE.

 4. TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS WILL BE PERMITTED ONLY WHEN NECESSARY AS
- 4. TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS WILL BE PERMITTED ONLY WHEN NECESSARY AS
 DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER. TXDOT WILL EVALUATE ACCESS FROM BOTH SIDES OF
 THE BRIDGE OR CULVERT AND ALSO EVALUATE THE CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED DEMOLITION
- THE BRIDGE OR CULVERT AND ALSO EVALUATE THE CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED DEMOLITIC AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES.

 5. ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARKS ARE ESTABLISHED BY THE FLUCTUATIONS OF WATER IN THE STREAM AND ARE INDICATED BY PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS SUCH AS A CLEAR NATURAL LINE IMPRESSED ON THE BANK, SHELVING, CHANGES IN THE SOIL CHARACTER, ABSENCE OF TERRESTRIAL VEGETATION, PRESENCE OF LITTER OR DEBRIS, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE MEANS THAT CONSIDER THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SURROUNDING
- 6. DO NOT PUSH OR MOVE SOIL FROM ABOVE OR OUTSIDE THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARKS TO BELOW OR INSIDE THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARKS. NON-COMPLIANT WORK WILL BE REMOVED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 7. DAMAGE TO ANY TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING WILL BE REPAIRED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 8. REMOVE ANY TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
 9. EXCEPT FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE, THE MATERIALS AND LABOR REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION OF TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS.





Fort Worth District Standard

TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING DETAIL TSCD-FTW

GINAL	DRAWING: 05/2019	tscdftw.dgn	PROJECT NO.				
ATE	REVI	SIONS	(See Title Sheet) 1				
2019	NEW STANDARD		STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY		
			TEXAS	FTW			
			CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
			0467	02	020,ETC.	SH 220	

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