SEE SHEET 2 FOR "INDEX OF SHEETS"

# STATE OF TEXAS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIV.NO.		PHO)	ECT NO.		NO.		
6		C 1266		1			
STATE		STATE DIST.	OUNTY				
TEXA.	S	YKM	FAYETTE				
CONT.	CONT. SECT. JOB HIGH				HWAY NO.		
126	5	0.1	000	EM	056		

CONTRACTOR:	
DATE OF LETTING:	
DATE WORK BEGAN:	
DATE WORK COMPLETED:	
DATE WORK ACCEPTED:	

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

#### FM 956

**FAYETTE COUNTY** 

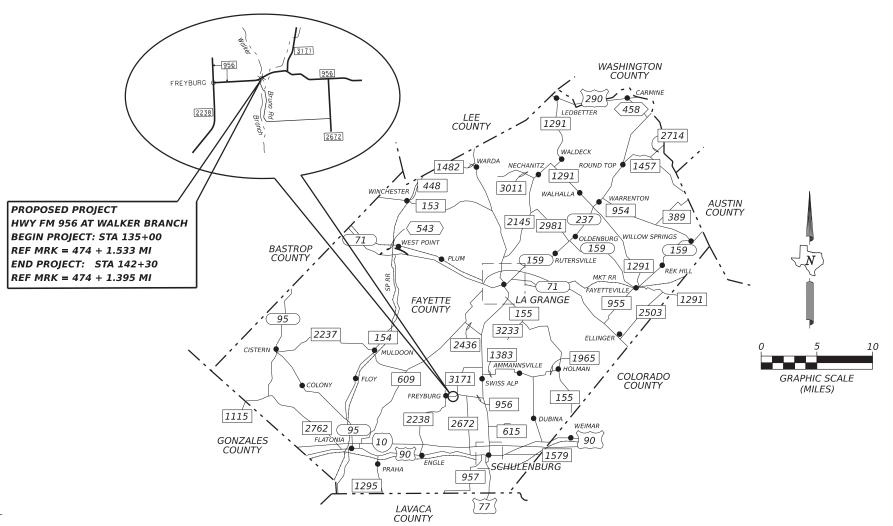
CSJ: 1266-01-008 PROJECT NO.: C 1266-1-8

LIMITS: AT WALKER BRANCH (STR# 1266-01-001)

HWY FUNCTIONAL CLASS: RURAL MINOR COLLECTOR DESIGN SPEED: 50 MPH ADT: 184 VPD (2022) 313 VPD (2042)

#### PROJECT LENGTH

ROADWAY = 692.73 FT = 0.131 MIBRIDGES = 37.27 FT = 0.007 MITOTAL = 730.00 FT = 0.138 MI



WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS, CONTRACT AND LISTED FIELD CHANGES.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CONSTRUCTION WORK

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

FAYETTE COUNTY
YOAKUM DISTRICT

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 2023). EXCEPTIONS: NONE

EQUATIONS: NONE

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING

DocuSigned by:

Jeffery Vinklasek, P.E.

C5D9721712F24F0...

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETTING

DocuSigned by:

Martin C. Horst, PE

894AD332139E48D...

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING

AMANDA ANDERLE

amanda anderle Fling, P. E.

DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
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SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION GENERAL TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS 2 3 TYPICAL SECTIONS GENERAL NOTES 10-11 ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET QUANTITY SUMMARIES 12 13 MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARIES AND DETAILS SIGN SUMMARY AND DETAIL TRAFFIC CONTROL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARD SHEETS 16-27 BC(1-12)-21 28 TCP(2-1)-18 29 TCP(2-2)-18 30 TCP(3-1)-13 31 TCP(3-3)-14 32 TCP(7-1)-13 33-40 TCP(SC-1-8)-22 41 WZ(RS)-22 42 WZ(STPM)-23 43 WZ(UL)-13 ROADWAY 44 PLAN AND PROFILE 45 HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA STANDARD SHEETS 47 GF(31)-19 48 SGT(12S)31-18 49 SGT(15)31-20

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION DRAINAGE DRAINAGE AREA MAP AND HYDROLOGIC DATA 51-52 WALKER BRANCH HYDRAULIC DATA 53-54 WALKER BRANCH CULVERT LAYOUT STANDARD SHEETS 55 BCS 56 SCP-10 57 SCP-MD 58 FW-S

59-60

61-62

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SRR

TYPE T631

T631-CM

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION TRAFFIC STANDARD SHEETS 64 D & OM(1)-20 65 D & OM(2)-20 66 D & OM(3)-20 67 D & OM(5)-20 68 D & OM(VIA)-20 69 PM(1)-22 70 PM(2)-22 SMD(GEN)-08 71 72 SMD(SLIP-1)-08 73 SMD(SLIP-2)-08 74 SMD(SLIP-3)-08 75 SMD(TWT)-08 76 TSR(3)-13 77 TSR(4)-13 78 RS(2)-23 79 RS(4)-23

	ENVIRONMENTAL
80 81-82 83	SWP3 LAYOUT AND SUMMARY TXDOT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN(SWP3) ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

STANDARD SHEETS EC(1)-16 84 85 EC(2)-16



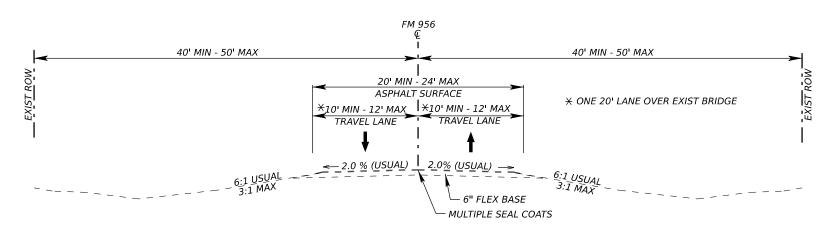
07/03/2024

# **INDEX OF SHEETS**

**★**Texas Department of Transportation © 2023 BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED SHEET 1 OF 1

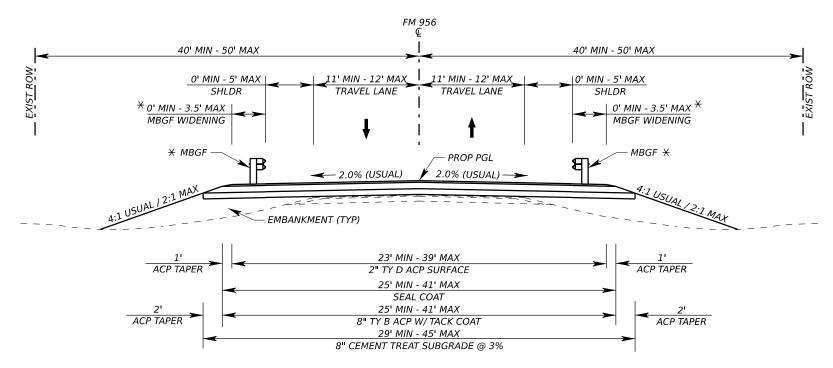
	).RD. '.NO.	PROJECT NO.					
(	6						
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
1266	01	008	FM 956				
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	2				

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



# FM 956 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION STA 135+00 TO STA 142+30

NOTE: EXISTING BRIDGE FROM STA 138+52 TO STA 138+84.67



# FM 956 PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION

STA 135+00 TO STA 138+52 STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27 ① STA 138+89.27 TO STA 142+30

NOTE: PROPOSED BRIDGE FROM STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27.

① NO CEMENT TREATED SUBGRADE OVER PROPOSED BRIDGE FROM STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27.

★ SEE "PLAN AND PROFILE" SHEET FOR MBGF LIMITS.



# TYPICAL SECTIONS

SCALE: 1" = 10'



	O.RD. /.NO.	PROJECT	NO.
	6		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
1266	01	008	FM 956
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	3

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

#### **GENERAL:**

The Contractor is to take note that the working days will be charged as shown in the plans and not as a "Standard Workweek." See Item 8 below for details.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Covey Morrow IV Chase Hermes Chase.Hermes@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Remove and dispose of existing raised pavement markers as directed. All work involved in the removal and disposal of these markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items involved.

Do not work on the roadway before sunrise or after sunset unless otherwise approved.

Leave all intersecting roadways, side streets, and entrances open during construction unless otherwise approved. Should there be a request to restrict access for such reasons as parallel culvert replacement, reconstruction, etc., approval will be required 48 hours in advance and the contractor will be required to coordinate satisfactorily with any affected property owners.

Project Number: Sheet: 4

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

Unless otherwise approved, maintain a minimum safety clearance from the edge of the travelway for material stockpiled in proximity of traffic lanes based on the current average traffic count of the particular highway as follows:

$$0 - 1500 = 16$$
 feet  
Over  $1500 = 30$  feet

In the event the above requirements cannot be met, make arrangements to stockpile material off the right of way.

Provide temporary pipe drains or culverts and take such other measures as directed to provide for continued drainage from all abutting property, the right of way and the roadway during construction operations. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

The Department will provide the cylinder testing machine for this project. Deliver the test specimens to the engineer's curing facilities as directed.

Do not clean out concrete trucks within the right of way.

#### ITEM 2: INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

The Contractor is to take note that this project is based off of A+B bid contracting (see Item 2 Article 11.5.3). Incentive/Disincentive provisions will apply to this project as per Special Provision to Item 8 (008---006) for both substantial completion of work and any milestone work. See notes under Item 8 below for the number of working days for the substantial completion of the project and any additional details.

#### **ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html</a> for clarification on material categorization.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

#### ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that discharge of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States (U.S.) including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for construction, will require specific approval of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The Department will obtain the appropriate permit(s), Nationwide or Individual, when necessary as dictated by the proposed actions for the project and its potential to affect USACE jurisdictional areas. The Contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in charge of construction. The Department will hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit. If the Contractor cannot work within the limits of this permit(s), then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for changes or amendments to the conditions of the existing permit(s) as originally obtained by the Department.

Particular importance is stressed on the fact that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the proposed work. The Contractor shall maintain near normal flow of any jurisdictional waters of the U.S. at all times during construction. If the Contractor needs further explanation of the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the TXDOT Yoakum District Environmental Coordinator.

If the Contractor elects to work on a structure when the stream is flowing, near normal flow shall be maintained by a method approved by the Engineer. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If the contractor proposes work beyond the TxDOT obtained permit limitations, the contractor is responsible for additional costs, delays, and obtaining new or revised permits prior to construction.

Project Number: Sheet: 5

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

#### **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

Contract working days (including A+B substantial completion work) will be computed and charged as described in this paragraph per. 2024 spec 8.3.1.6 other. Working days will be charged Monday through Saturday, excluding national or state holidays, if weather or other conditions permit the performance of the principal unit of work underway, as determined by the Engineer, for a continuous period of at least 7 hr. between 7:00 A.M. and 6:00 P.M. The Contractor has the option of working on state holidays. Provide sufficient advance notice to the Engineer when scheduling work on state holidays. Work on Sundays and national holidays will not be permitted without written permission of the Engineer. If work requiring an Inspector to be present is performed on a Sunday or holiday, and weather or other conditions permit the performance of work for 7 hr. between 7:00 A.M. and 6:00 P.M., a working day will be charged.

#### **A+B Bidding**

The maximum number of days that will be accepted as a responsive bid for substantial completion shall be <u>50</u> working days.

Time charges for the purpose of credits/penalties related to A+B bidding will be computed and charged as specified in the plans. See Item 8 notes for details.

Substantial completion is defined as when FM 956 is open to traffic in the final lane configuration and final pavement markings have been placed.

The daily road user cost liquidated damages for substantial completion of the project is <u>\$1775</u> per day, which will be assessed/penalized per day if the project is not completed within the number of days bid for substantial completion.

The Contractor will receive a credit in the amount of \$1775 per day for substantially completing the project in less than the number of days bid. The maximum number of days for computing the incentive credit is 10 days. The maximum amount of incentive is \$17,750

The number of working days for project completion and final cleanup will be an additional <u>5</u> working days after the substantial complete date of this project. The normal liquidated damage rate based on contract administration costs will be assessed if the project is not completed within this timeframe.

The Department will supply bidders, upon written request, one electronic copy of the time determination schedule. The time determination schedule provided is for informational use only and is not intended for bidding or construction purposes.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

The Department will not adjust the number of days for the project and milestones, if any, due to differences in opinion regarding any assumptions made in the preparation of the schedule or for errors, omissions, or discrepancies found in the time determination schedule.

Provide progress schedule as a Bar Chart.

The 90 day delayed convenience start special provision is for allowing the contractor additional time for mobilizing crews and equipment to start this project.

#### ITEM 100: PREPARING RIGHT-OF-WAY

Dispose of trees from the right-of-way within 24 hours of removal.

Treat cuts on trees designated for preservation in accordance with Item 100, "Preparing Right of Way".

#### **ITEM 110: EXCAVATION**

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately two inches immediately before grading operations begin within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed, and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. All topsoil excavation and the work involved in replacing the topsoil will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the pertinent items.

#### ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

Furnish Type C embankment consisting of suitable earth material such as loam, clay or other such material that will form a stable embankment and has a plasticity index of at least 15 but not more than 40. Requirements may vary for material excavated under Item 110, "Excavation", as directed.

Removal/Reworking of existing pavement is included in the excavation and embankment items.

Project Number: Sheet: 6

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

#### ITEM 302: AGGREGATES FOR SURFACE TREATMENTS

Furnish Type PE and Type E aggregate consisting of crushed slag, crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Furnish precoated aggregate that has a residual bitumen coating target value of 1.0% by weight.

#### **ITEM 316: SEAL COAT**

As approved use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application rate shown in the plans is an average between an Asphalt Cement and an Emulsion. The type of asphalt and application rate to be used will be as directed. The approximate application rate for Asphalt Cement with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.32 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.27 Gal/SY. The approximate application rate for an Emulsion with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.48 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.40 Gal/SY.

Use two paper widths covering a minimum of five feet at the beginning of each shot to construct a straight transverse joint and to prevent overlapping of the asphalt.

#### ITEM 320: EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Provide a material transfer device capable of transferring mix from the haul trucks to the paver. Monitor its loading such that no damage is done to the existing pavement structures if a material transfer vehicle is used.

Securely attach a waterproof tarpaulin to the top of all trucks hauling ACP, to prevent air flow across the mix, for the duration of all ACP operations.

#### ITEM 341: DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

Tie HMACP tapers to a vertical transition joint created by the milling operation at the beginning and ending transitions and at all exceptions, or as directed. Provide a temporary HMACP taper at vertical joints until overlay operations begin. Milling and HMACP work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Mixture designs, using the PG binder originally specified and without additives, failing to meet the requirements of Table 10 will require the addition of a minimum 1.0% of Type A hydrated lime based on dry weight of the total aggregate.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

Do not add additional quantity of RAP to stockpiles tested and approved. If additional RAP is added to a stockpile, a new design and trial batch will be required prior to placement on the roadway.

The extracted aggregate from contractor-owned RAP shall have a minimum of 85% two crushed faces when tested in accordance with TEX-460-A, Part I.

Limit uneven pavement to two days production with the requirement that all longitudinal joints adjacent to a travelway are constructed with a joint maker providing a maximum one inch vertical edge (1/2" desirable) with an adjacent 6:1 taper.

#### ITEM 400: EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

Flexible base (Ty D) may be used for cement stabilized backfill aggregate, as approved.

#### **ITEM 432: RIPRAP**

Place 1/2 inch expansion joint material between the two concrete areas or structures where riprap is placed against other concrete such as concrete pavement and structures unless otherwise shown on the plans or as directed. This work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the pertinent items.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed, riprap will be 5" deep and reinforced; reinforced toewalls 6" wide and 12" deep will be placed around the perimeter of each location.

The dimension as shown in the stone protection bid item description is the stone size as described in the specification. The required thickness will be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### ITEM 462: CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS AND DRAINS

Use precast concrete boxes on this project.

When using precast boxes, cast-in-place 1'-8" of the precast box at the connection to the existing structure, as directed.

For payment purposes, the culvert extension quantities are measured from the outside edge of the existing culvert headwall and do not include any necessary breakback into the existing culvert. Alternatives to the breakback including doweling may be allowed or directed dependent on related standard sheets (skew/fill depth) and other applicable general notes. All work related to breakback and alternative construction methods is subsidiary to pertinent items.

Project Number: Sheet: 7

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

Removing and disposing of portions of existing structures including wingwalls, headwalls, safety end treatments, etc. is subsidiary to the proposed culvert extension, proposed end treatment, or remove structure (small)(large)(box culvert)(pipe) items.

#### **ITEM 496: REMOVING STRUCTURES**

Material removed under this item will not be deemed salvageable.

The removal of the existing concrete riprap or stone riprap protecting the existing bridge, is subsidiary to Item 496 Removing Structures, except as shown in the plans.

The removal of multiple culvert barrels at one drainage location will be paid as a single structure by the each.

#### ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Use WZ(RS)-22 in conjunction with TCP(2-2).

Use TCP(2-2b) for one-lane, two-way traffic control.

When using TCP(2-2b), a pilot car is required to lead traffic through the work space with or without channelizing devices on the center line unless otherwise approved.

When using TCP(2-2b), channelizing devices may be omitted during base, subgrade and seal coat operations unless otherwise directed. Flaggers will be required at public intersections when channelizing devices are omitted.

When using TCP(2-2b), arrow boards, displaying the caution mode, may be used to enhance the flagger stations. If used, place the arrow board in advance of the flagger station a distance of  $\frac{1}{2}X$ , the sign spacing distance shown on BC(2). Use arrow boards as shown on BC(7).

When using TCP(2-2b), the temporary 24" stop line and the CW16-2P plaques may be omitted.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

When using TCP(2-2b), an additional "Road Work Ahead" and "Be Prepared To Stop" signs will be required on each end of the lane closure unless otherwise approved.

Provide trail and lead vehicles when using TCP(3-1) or TCP(3-3).

Utilize TCP(3-3) for sweeping operations or for installing and removing tabs or raised pavement markers.

Provide suitable warning lights mounted high enough to be visible from all directions on all construction equipment, including pilot vehicles, and operate warning lights when the equipment is within the right of way. Equip other equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with emergency flashers and use emergency flashers while within the work area.

No additional payment will be made for relocating existing sign assemblies to temporary mounts.

Signs warning of temporary conditions, such as "NO CENTER LINE," "LOOSE GRAVEL," etc., shall only be displayed when conditions are present. Remove or completely cover signs that do not apply to the roadway conditions. These signs may be installed prior to beginning work but shall remain completely covered until the signs are applicable.

#### ITEM 503: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Provide Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for the duration of the project. Locations and messages or other miscellaneous uses of PCMS, shall be as approved or directed by the Engineer.

#### ITEM 504: FIELD OFFICE AND LABORATORY

Provide a Type D structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the engineer's exclusive use. Equip the structure with a 240 volt electrical entrance service. The service will consist of a minimum of four 120 volt circuits with 20 amp breakers and at most two grounded convenience outlets per circuit and provisions for a minimum of two 220 volt ovens. Space heaters for heating the structure are unacceptable. Portable structures will be support blocked for stability and will be tied down.

# ITEM 505: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

The TMA/TA used for installation/removal of traffic control for a work area will be subsidiary to the TMA/TA used to perform the work.

Project Number: Sheet: 8

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

# ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

1. See SWP3 plan sheet for total disturbed acreage.

- 2. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the contract, and contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within one (1) mile of the project limits, for the contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges.
- 3. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans.
- 4. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any contractor PSLs for construction activities on or off right-of-way (ROW).
- 5. When the total disturbed area for all projects in the contract and PSLs within one (1) mile of the project limits exceeds five (5) acres, provide a copy of the contractor NOI.
- 6. Provide a signed sketch detailing the location of any contractor's PSLs on ROW or within one (1) mile of the project.

#### ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish and install only one type of timber post at each location.

Furnish Type II rail elements at all locations.

# ITEMS 540 & 544: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE AND GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

No exposed bridge rail ends or guard fence ends will be allowed after normal working hours. Complete all work at each location during the normal working day.

#### ITEM 644: SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN SUPPORTS AND ASSEMBLIES

Use Class B concrete for all small roadside sign assembly concrete footings.

The exact location of the foundations to be placed will be determined in the field by the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet J General Notes Sheet J

County: FAYETTE Control: 1266-01-008

Highway: FM 956

Replace the signs with reference markers to the exact station from which they were removed.

Drill the holes in the signs carefully as to not damage the reflective sheeting of the signs.

Install the wedge anchor system in a concrete footing 42" in depth and 12" in diameter. Foundation should take approximately 2.7 cubic feet of concrete.

Slip bases with set screws/bolts will not be allowed.

#### ITEM 666: REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Provide Type I pavement markings in accordance with this item. The requirements of this item are supplemented with the following provision: Place Type I pavement markings with a ribbongun application. All other provisions remain in effect.

General Notes Sheet K



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 1266-01-008

**DISTRICT** Yoakum **HIGHWAY** FM 956

**COUNTY** Fayette

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	1266-01			
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00130	816		TOTAL
		CO	DUNTY	Fayet	te	TOTAL EST.	
		HIG	HWAY	FM 95			FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-7002	PREPARING ROW	STA	1.000		1.000	
	110-7001	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	CY	856.000		856.000	
	132-7005	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY C)	CY	425.000		425.000	
	150-7002	BLADING	HR	20.000		20.000	
	164-7001	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL_SAND)	SY	2,682.000		2,682.000	
	164-7005	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM)	SY	671.000		671.000	
	164-7006	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_COOL)	SY	671.000		671.000	
	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	22.600		22.600	
	275-7001	CEMENT	TON	31.000		31.000	
	275-7017	CEMENT TREAT (SUBGRADE) (8")	SY	3,222.000		3,222.000	
	316-7232	AGGR (TY-PE, GR-4)(SAC-B)	CY	24.000		24.000	
	316-7264	ASPH (AC 20-5TR OR AC-20XP OR CRS-2P	GAL	1,036.000		1,036.000	
	341-7001	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22	TON	1,408.000		1,408.000	
	341-7050	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-B PG70-22	TON	327.000		327.000	
	341-7082	TACK COAT	GAL	320.000		320.000	
	400-7010	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	92.000		92.000	
	402-7001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	54.000		54.000	
	403-7001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	396.000		396.000	
	432-7002	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CY	31.700		31.700	
	432-7043	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	100.000		100.000	
	450-7020	RAIL (TY T631)	LF	74.540		74.540	
	462-7037	CONC BOX CULV (10 FT X 9 FT)	LF	105.600		105.600	
	466-7166	WINGWALL (FW - S) (HW=10 FT)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-7001	REMOV STR (BOX CULVERT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3.000		3.000	
	503-7002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	4.000		4.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	4.000		4.000	
	506-7001	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	40.000		40.000	
	506-7011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	40.000		40.000	
	506-7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	1,420.000		1,420.000	
	506-7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	1,420.000		1,420.000	
	540-7001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	575.460		575.460	
	544-7001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	644-7005	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T-2EXT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-7073	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	3.000		3.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Fayette	1266-01-008	10



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 1266-01-008

**DISTRICT** Yoakum **HIGHWAY** FM 956

**COUNTY** Fayette

		cc	UNTY	Faye	tte	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 9	)56		111012
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	658-7019	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	658-7078	REMOVE DELIN & OBJECT MARKER ASSMS	EA	16.000		16.000	
	666-7266	RE PROFILE PM TY I(W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,460.000		1,460.000	
	666-7270	RE PROFILE PM TY I(Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,460.000		1,460.000	
	672-7004	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	19.000		19.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Fayette	1266-01-008	11

# **ROADWAY SUMMARY**

							ITEN	1 275			ITEM 3	316			ITEM	341			ITEM 341
ROADWAY	/ WIDTH				CEMEN	IT TREAT			SEAL	L COAT	ASPH	AGGR	TY B	ACP			TY D	ACP	D-GR HMA
KOADWAT	VVIDITI	LOCA	ATION		l WI	DTH		CEMENT	l W	IDTH	(AC 20-5TR	(TY - PE	WIE		D-GR HMA		WI	DTH	TY - D
				LENGTH			CEMENT	TREAT			OR AC-20XP	GR - 4			TY - B	TACK			SAC-B
BEGIN	END				BEGIN	END	106#/CF	SUBGRADE	BEGIN	END	OR CRS-2P)	SAC-B)	BEGIN	END	PG64-22	COAT	BEGIN	END	PG70-22
WIDTH	WIDTH	BEGIN	END		WIDTH	WIDTH	3%	(8")	WIDTH	WIDTH	0.34 GAL/SY	1 CY/130 SY	WIDTH	WIDTH	(8")	0.10 GAL/SY	WIDTH	WIDTH	(2")
FT	FT	STA	STA	FT	FT	FT	TON	SY	FT	FT	GAL	CY	FT	FT	TON	GAL	FT	FT	TON
23.0	35.7	135+00	136+10	110.0	29.0	41.7	4.1	432.1	25.0	37.7	130.3	2.9	27.0	39.7	179.3	40.8	24.0	36.7	40.8
35.7	39.0	136+10	136+96	86.0	41.7	45.0	4.0	414.2	37.7	41.0	127.8	2.9	39.7	43.0	173.9	39.5	36.7	40.0	40.3
39.0	39.0	136+96	138+52	156.0	45.0	45.0	7.4	780.0	41.0	41.0	241.6	5.5	43.0	43.0	327.9	74.5	40.0	40.0	76.3
32.0	32.0	① 138+52	138+89.27 ①	37.27			0.0	0.0	32.0	32.0	45.1	1.0	32.0	32.0	58.3	13.3	32.0	32.0	14.6
39.0	39.0	138+89.27	140+45	155.73	45.0	45.0	7.4	778.7	41.0	41.0	241.2	5.5	43.0	43.0	327.4	74.4	40.0	40.0	76.1
39.0	36.6	140+45	141+30	85.0	45.0	42.6	3.9	413.7	41.0	38.6	127.8	2.9	43.0	40.6	173.7	39.5	40.0	37.6	40.3
36.6	24.0	141+30	142+30	100.0	42.6	30.0	3.8	403.3	38.6	26.0	122.0	2.8	40.6	28.0	167.7	38.1	37.6	25.0	38.3
			то	TALS			31	3222			1036	24			1408	320			327

① NOTE: PROPOSED BRIDGE FROM STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27.

# MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY

	ITEM 150		ITEM 164		ITEM 166	ITEM 168	
		BROADCAST	BROADCAST	BROADCAST	*	VEGETATIVE	
		SEED	SEED	SEED	FERTILIZER	WATERING	
LOCATION	BLADING	(PERM)	(TEMP)	(TEMP)		(13.6 MG/AC	REMARKS
	(EST)	(RURAL)	(WARM)	(COOL)	500 LBS/AC	x 3 CYCLES)	
		(SANDY)					
	HR	SY	SY	SY	TON	TGL	
STA 135+00 TO STA 138+52 LT & RT		1582	396	396	0.08	13.33	
STA 138+89.27 TO STA 142+30 LT & RT		1100	275	275	0.06	9.27	
PROJECT LIMITS	20						AS APPROVED OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
TOTALS	20	2682	671	671	0.14	22.60	

<sup>\*</sup> FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

# PAVEMENT MARKING SUMMARY

			1.17414171	110 50	-11-12-41-1
		ITEM	666	ITEM 672	
		RE PROFILE	RE PROFILE		
		PM	PM	REFL PAV	
DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TY I(W)6"	TY I(Y)6"	MRKR	REMARKS
		(SLD)	(SLD)	TY II-A-A	
		(090MIL)	(090MIL)		
		LF	LF	EA	
EDGELINES	730	1460			
DOUBLE NO PASS	730		1460	19	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A = $1 EA/40 LF$
TOTALS		1460	1460	19	

# **EARTHWORK SUMMARY**

	End Area Volume Report						
	ITEI	И 110		ITEN	1 132		
BASELINE	EXCA	VATION	CUMULATIVE	EMBAN	IKMENT	CUMULATIVE	
STATION	AREA	VOLUME	VOLUME	AREA	VOLUME	VOLUME	
	(SF)	(CY)	(CY)	(SF)	(CY)	(CY)	
13500.000 R1	29.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
13550.000 R1	29.1	53.8	53.8	1.3	1.2	1.2	
13600.000 R1	30.3	54.9	108.8	6.8	7.5	8.7	
13650.000 R1	31.1	56.8	165.6	9.5	15.1	23.8	
13700.000 R1	43.1	68.7	234.3	5.0	13.4	<i>37.3</i>	
13750.000 R1	64.8	99.9	334.2	4.5	8.8	46.0	
13800.000 R1	64.4	119.7	453.9	12.6	15.8	61.8	
13850.000 R1	15.3	73.8	527.7	108.4	112.0	173.9	
13900.000 R1	14.3	27.3	555.0	25.7	124.2	298.0	
13950.000 R1	34.6	45.3	600.3	9.8	32.8	330.9	
14000.000 R1	34.1	63.6	663.9	6.7	15.3	346.1	
14050.000 R1	12.0	42.7	706.6	17.4	22.3	368.4	
14100.000 R1	16.7	26.6	733.2	12.7	27.9	396.3	
14150.000 R1	22.0	35.9	769.1	<i>8.7</i>	19.8	416.1	
14200.000 R1	35.9	<i>53.7</i>	822.8	0.4	8.4	424.5	
14250.000 R1	0.0	33.3	856.1	0.0	0.4	424.8	
TOTALS		856			425		

# RIPRAP SUMMARY

	ITEM 432	
LOCATION	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	REMARKS
	CY	
STA 138+84 TO STA 139+20 RT	7.5	DITCH FLUME
TOTALS	8	

NOTE: SEE "PLAN AND PROFILE" AND "MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARIES AND DETAILS" SHEETS FOR MORE INFORMATION.

# TRAFFIC CONTROL SUMMARY

	ITEM 503	ITEM :	505					
	PORTABLE	TMA	TMA					
DESCRIPTION	CHANGEABLE	(STATIONARY)	(MOBILE	REMARKS				
	MESSAGE		OPERATION)					
	SIGN	(EST)	(EST)					
	EA	DAY	DAY					
PROJECT DURATION	2	4	4	AS APPROVED OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.				
TOTALS	2	4	4					

# PREP ROW SUMMARY

	ITEM 100
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW
	STA
STA 138+20 TO STA 139+20	1
TOTALS	1

# **QUANTITY SUMMARIES**

# Texas Department of Transportation © 2023 BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ALL RIGHTS R		RESERVED	SHEET 1 OF 1
	.RD. .NO.	PROJECT	NO.
(	5		
	SECT.	IOB	HIGHWAY NO.

	.RD. .NO.	PROJECT NO.					
(	5						
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
1266	01	008	FM 956				
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
EXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	12				

<sup>\*</sup>WIDTH INCLUDES 1/2 OF TAPER WERE APPLICABLE.

# STRUCTURE SUMMARY

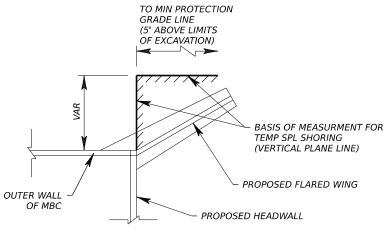
		ITEN	1 400	ITEM 402	ITEM 403	ITEM	432	ITEM 462	ITEM 466	ITEM 496	
		1				2	RIPRAP	CONC BOX			
		CEM	STRUCT	TRENCH	TEMPORARY	RIPRAP	(STONE	CULVERT	WINGWALL	REMOVE	
LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	STABIL	EXCAV	EXCAVATION	SPL	(CONC)	PROTECTION)		(FW-S)	STR	REMARKS
		BKFL	*	PROTECTION	SHORING	(5 IN)	(18 IN)	10' X 9'	(HW=10 FT)	(BOX CULVERT)	
							(EST)				
		CY	CY	LF	SF	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA	
STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27	EXIST 3 - 10' x 9' x 21.30' CONCRETE BOX CULVERT W/ HEADWALLS & FLARED WINGWALLS LT & RT. REMOVE EXIST STRUCTURE. PROP 3 - 10' x 9' x 34.00' NORMAL (35.20' ALONG 15° SKEW) PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT W/ HEADWALLS & FLARED WINGWALLS (FW-S)(HW=10 FT) LT & RT USING BCS, SCP-10, SCP-MD & FW-S.	92	106	54	396	23.7	100	105.6	2	1	WALKER BRANCH BRIDGE CLASS BOX CULVERT STA 138+52.00 TO STA 138+89.27 NBI#: 13-076-0-1266-01-002
	TOTALS	92	106	54	396	23.7	100	105.6	2	1	

**★** FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

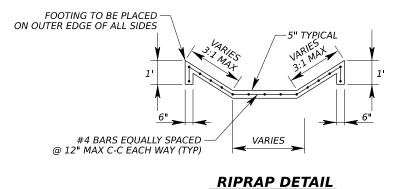
- 1) CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL FOR ENTIRE LENGTH OF STUCTURE.
- (2) INCLUDES 5" CONCRETE RIPRAP QUANTITY FOR CONCRETE APRON AS SHOWN ON FW-S.

## BRIDGE RAIL, MBGF, END TREATMENT, & DELINEATOR SUMMARY

	ITEM 450	ITEM 540	ITEM 544	ITEM	658			
			GUARDRAIL	INSTL DEL	REMOVE			
	RAIL	MTL W-BEAM	END	ASSM(D-SW)	DELIN &			
LOCATION	(TY T631)	GD FEN	TREATMENT	SZ 1(BRF)	OBJECT	REMARKS		
		(TIM POST)	(INSTALL)	GF2(BI)	MARKER			
					ASSMS			
	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA			
STA 137+02 TO STA 138+52 LT		100	1	3	3			
STA 136+14.27 TO STA 138+52 RT		187.73	1	5	3	WALKER BRANCH		
STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27 LT & RT WALKER BRANCH	74.54			4	4	BRIDGE CLASS BOX CULVERT STA 138+52.00 TO STA 138+89.27 NBI#: 13-076-0-1266-01-002		
STA 138+89.27 TO STA 141+27 LT		187.73	1	5	3	NBI#. 15 070 0 1200 01 002		
STA 138+89.27 TO STA 140+39.27		100	1	3	3			
TOTALS	74.54	575.46	4	20	16			







(NOT TO SCALE)



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MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARIES

AND DETAILS

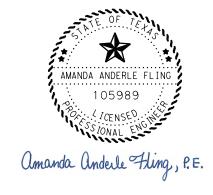
amanda anderle Fling, P.E.

07/03/2024

	O.RD. '.NO.	PROJECT NO.				
(	6					
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
1266	01	008	FM 956			
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	13			

PLAN VIEW (NOT TO SCALE)

D1-1 8in LT; 1.50" Radius, 0.50" Border, White on Green; Standard Arrow Custom 12.00" X 7.13" 180[]; "BRUNO ROAD", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



07/03/2024

# SIGN SUMMARY AND DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

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	NO.	PROJECT NO.			
(	5				
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
1266	01	008	FM 956		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	14		

SHEET 1 OF 1

07/03/2024

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

🃂 Texas Department of Transportation

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01 008 FM 956 STATE DIST. COUNTY TEXAS YKM FAYETTE

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES

BC(1)-21

AND REQUIREMENTS

			•				
E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[	OT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
-03 -	REVISIONS 7-13	1266	01	008		F١	√ 956
	3-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-10	5-21	YKM		FAYET	ΓE		16

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a
- with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This
- information shall be shown in the plans. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

WORK AREAS IN AULTIDLE LOCATIONS WITHIN OS LITHITS

CW13-1P XX

Channelizing Devices

- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

WORK

1/2 MILE

CW20-1E

\* \*G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

WORK

AHFAD

CW20-1D

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE $\times \times G20-9TP$ **X X** R20-5T FINES DOLIBL X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES END \* + G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\langle \neg$ INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' -- Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES ⇒ 801 WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T WORK $\times$ $\times$ G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T $\times$ $\times$ R20-5T FINES DOUBLE XX R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices. such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

STATE LAW

 $\triangleleft$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

VORK ZONE G20-2bT ★ ★

R20-3

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

onventional

48" x 48"

Expressway/

Freeway

48" × 48'

	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
1	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 <sup>2</sup>
	60	600 <sup>2</sup>
	65	700 <sup>2</sup>
	70	800 <sup>2</sup>
	75	900 <sup>2</sup>
	80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
J	*	* 3

SPACING

CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 36" × 36" 48" × 48" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, 48" x 48' CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

CW201 CW21

CW22

or Series

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per IMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

, I W	ORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	5 22 2 5.	A	5 W W 200 E 1 W 1 V 5	
	ROAD CW20-1D WORK AREA WORK AHEAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D CW20-1D CW20-1D CW20-1D	X X G20-5T    BEGIN   ROAD WORK   NEXT X MILES	R4-1 PASS ROAD WORK AHEAD	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	AW 5
					_
þ Þ	Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE  CSJ Limit PEND ROAD WORK	Beginning of NO-PASSING R2-1 LIMIT coordinate	END G20-2bT X X	-
"ROAI with chan	extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I o WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas on the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locati delizing devices. TEE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAN	s to remind drivers they are still G20-2 ** ion and spacing of signs and	with sign location	NOTES  The Contractor shall determine the approprion to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and	
	ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD	BEGIN X **G20-91P ZON    BEGIN   SPEED   X **G20-91P ZON   TRAFF   SPEED   TRA	STAY ALERT OBEY WARNING	WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each sy This distance shall replace the "X" and shall to the nearest whole mile with the approve No decimals shall be used.	pecif hall t

-CSJ Limit

R2-1

CONTRACTOR

XX R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-101

e distance BEGIN ROAD fic project. be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- $\star\star$  CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Ι	Type 3 Barricade
0	Channelizing Devices
4	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2) - 21

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\$TIME\$ 7/3/ CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

devices

B

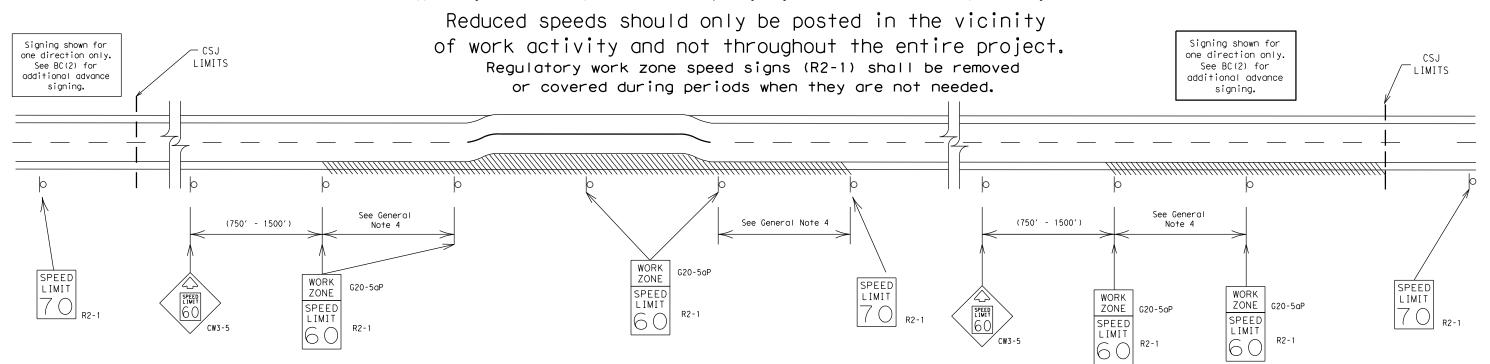
Barricade or

channelizing

# 2024 \$TIN

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

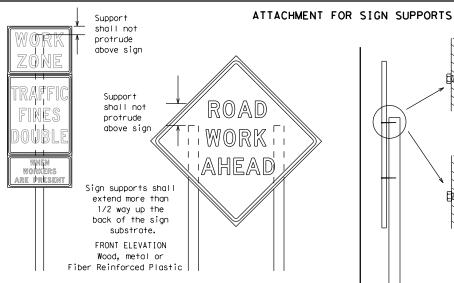
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#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb ahead min. XX MPH 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 0'-6' 9.0 max. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0′ min. 9.0' max. greater 14/1/1/11/1/ Paved Paved shou I der shou I der

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



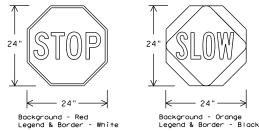
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

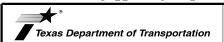
- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
   The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbaas should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

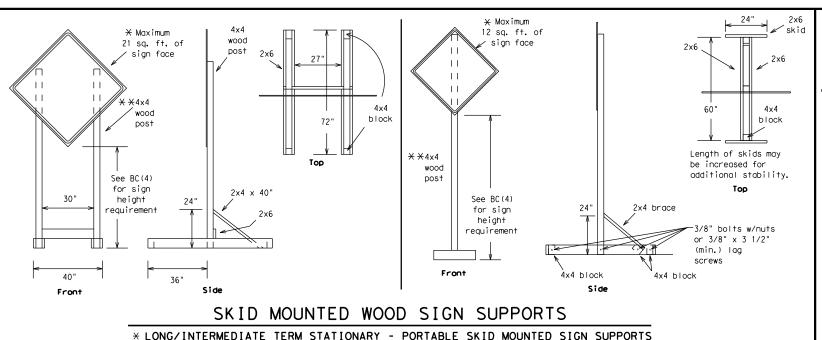
BC(4) - 21

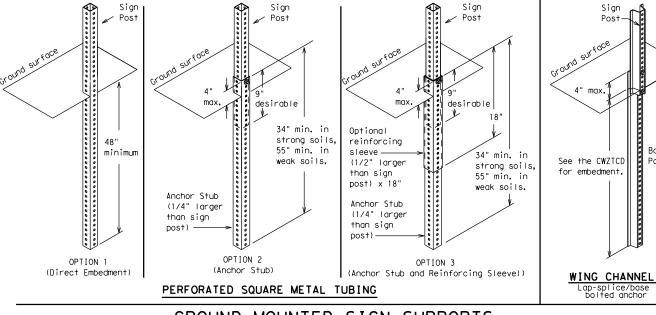
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going in opposite directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

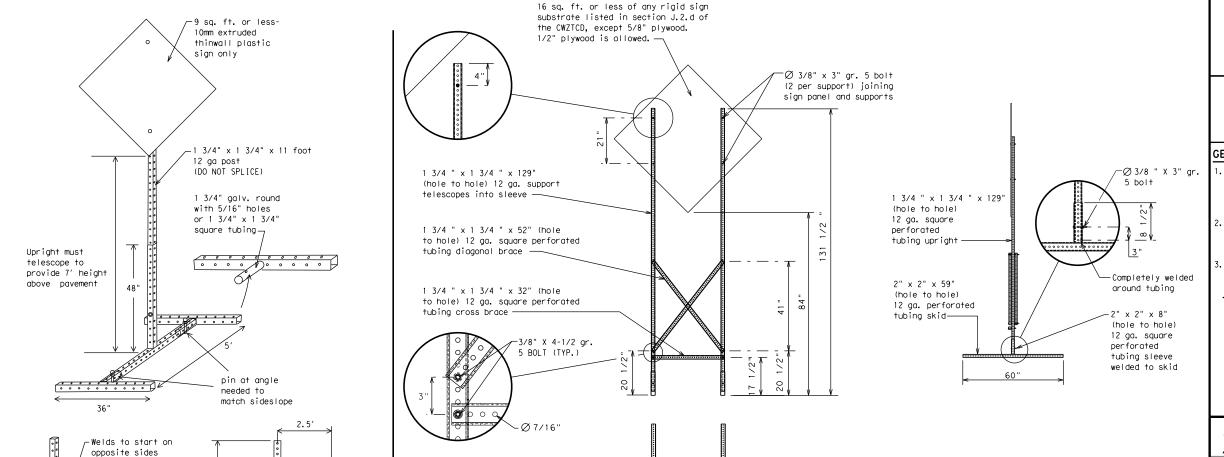
weld, do not





# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32′

# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

#### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- \* \* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC(5) - 21

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7-13	5-21	YKM	FAYETTE			20

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

# \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga.

upright

SINGLE LEG BASE

# \$TIME\$ 7/3/

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP.
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

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Lower Level LWR LEVEL WILL Not WONT			Will Not	WONT
Maintenance MAINT				

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Ef		Location List	Warni Lis		
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEE LIMI XX M	T XX AM-	
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIM SPEE XX MI	ID XX	М
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIM SPEE XX MI	D MONDAY	
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISO SPEE XX MI	D MAY XX	
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGH LANI EXI	E XX PM -	
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUT I		
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIV SAFEI		
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIV WITI CARI	H TUE	
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM	
STAY IN LANE *		×	** See Application	Guidelines Note 6.	

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

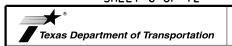
#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

## SHEET 6 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE

Traffic Safety

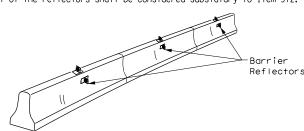
BC(6)-21

MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
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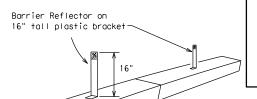
\$TIME\$

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

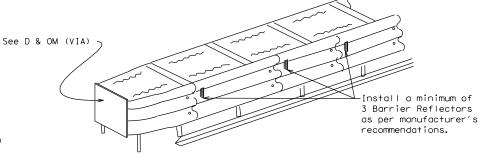
LPCB is approved for use in work

zone locations, where the posted

speed is 45mph, or less. See

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



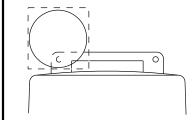
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Worning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

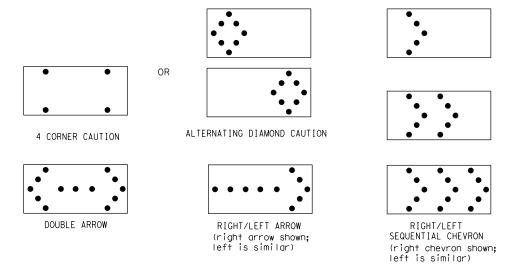
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

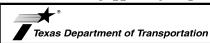
WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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9-07 7-13	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AKM		FAVETTE			22

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#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

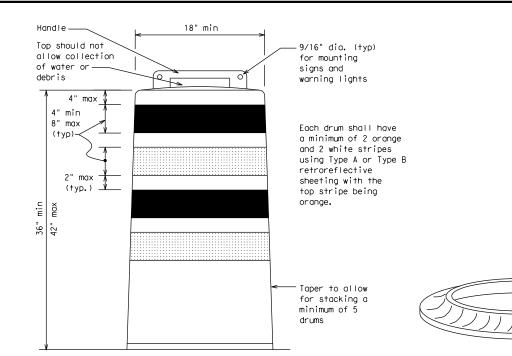
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
  10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

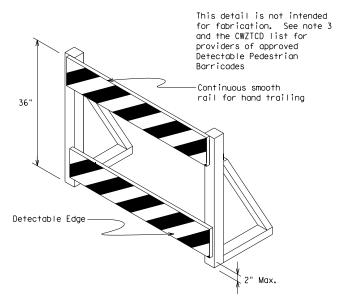
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

# SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

 Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.

- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $\rm B_{FL}$  or Type  $\rm C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



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Traffic Safety

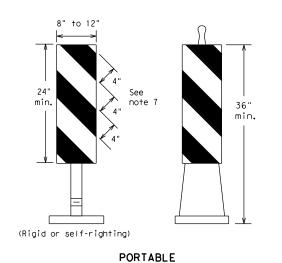
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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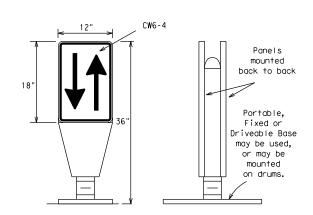
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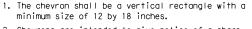
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

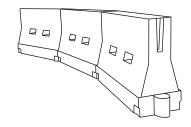


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BF1 or Type CF1 conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## CHEVRONS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′		
45		4501	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′		
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

## SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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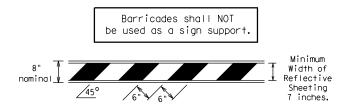
# Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

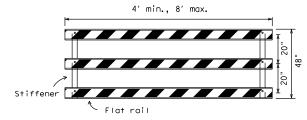
- used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.

  2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction
- projects closed to all traffic.

  3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

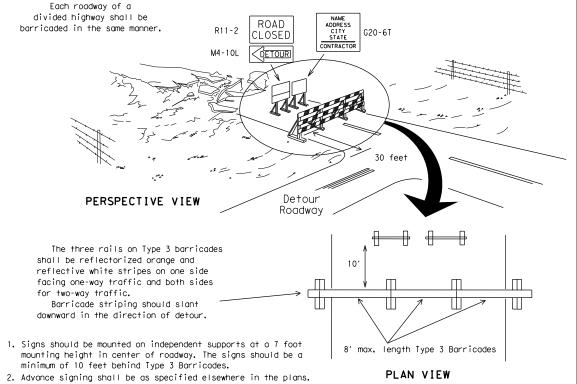


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

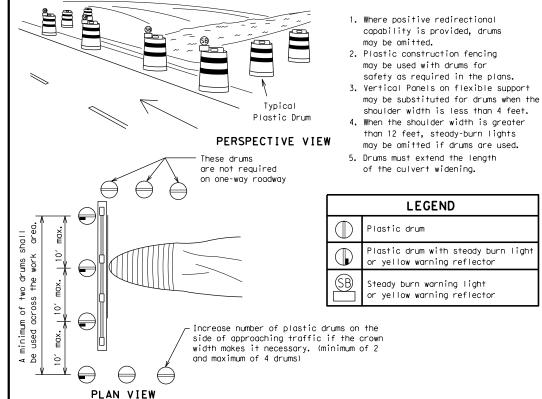


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. white

6" min. 2" min. 4" min.

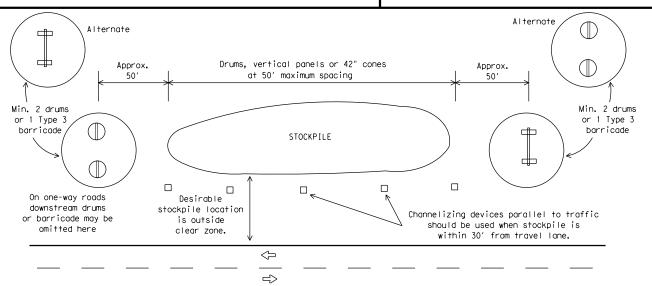
2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker

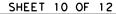


TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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## WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

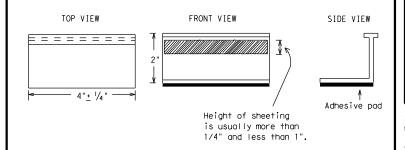
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markinas and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

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Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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11-02 8-14	YKM		FAYET	ΓE		26				

#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An `Yellow RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A $\langle \rangle$ 00000000000000 Type Y 4 to 8" Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons--Type I-C or II-C-R Yellow Type I-A-Type Y buttons Type I-A Type Y buttons 5 Yellow White Type W buttons→ └Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY -Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 White A ∕Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 6/0000000000000000000 ₹> 4> 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons -Type I-Cполог ПОПОП ПОПОП попоп ПОПОП Type II-A-A -Type Y buttons-\$TIME\$ 0 0 0 0 0 4> 7/3/2024 &F11 F\$ Type W buttons-LTvbe I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

#### Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ′o 🗆 DOUBLE PAVEMENT <u>\_</u>\_ MARKERS NO-PASSING REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT LINE MARKINGS Type W or Y buttons Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60' REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAVEMENT Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE MARKERS REFLECTOR 1 ZED (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING.) 30"<u>+</u> 3' 30"+/-3 Type I-C or II-A-A RAISED CENTER PAVEMENT MARKERS Type W or LINE Y buttons OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES RAISED П П ‡= П П 1 - 2 PAVEMENT П MARKERS AUXILIARY Type I-C or II-C-OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ ± 6" WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS If raised payement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines SHEET 12 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-21 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO © TxDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 1266 01 800 FM 956

1-97 9-07 5-21

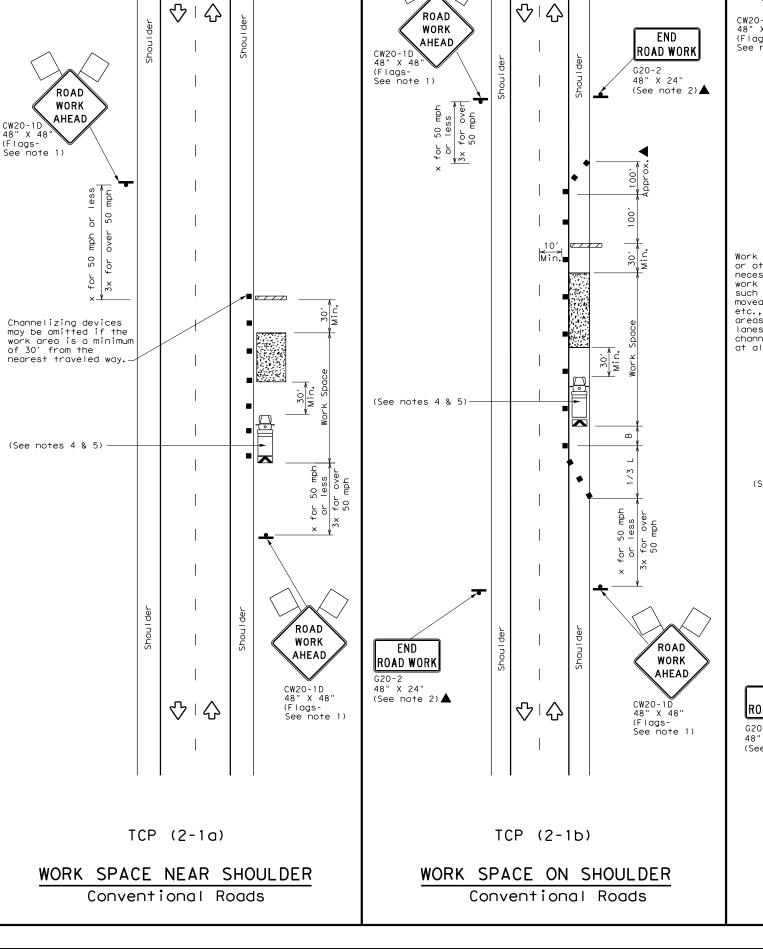
FAYETTE

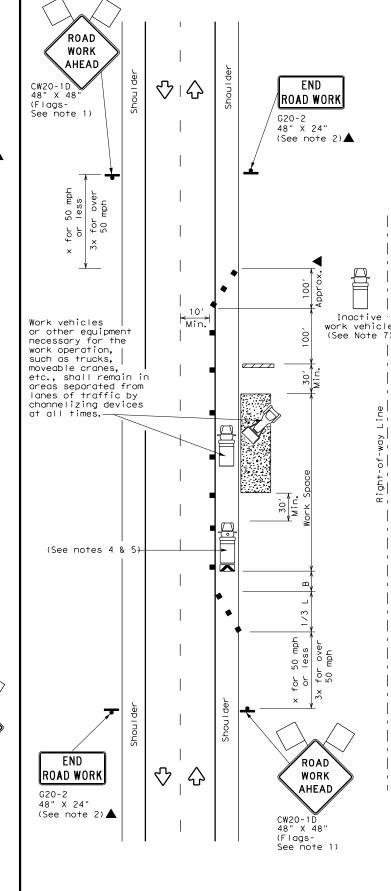
27

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-





TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) railer Mounted Tashing Arrow Board  $\diamondsuit$ Traffic Flow LO  $\Diamond$ Flag Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable				d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space				
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"				
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′				
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′				
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′				
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′				
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′				
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′				
60	- " -	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′				
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′				
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′				
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′				

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

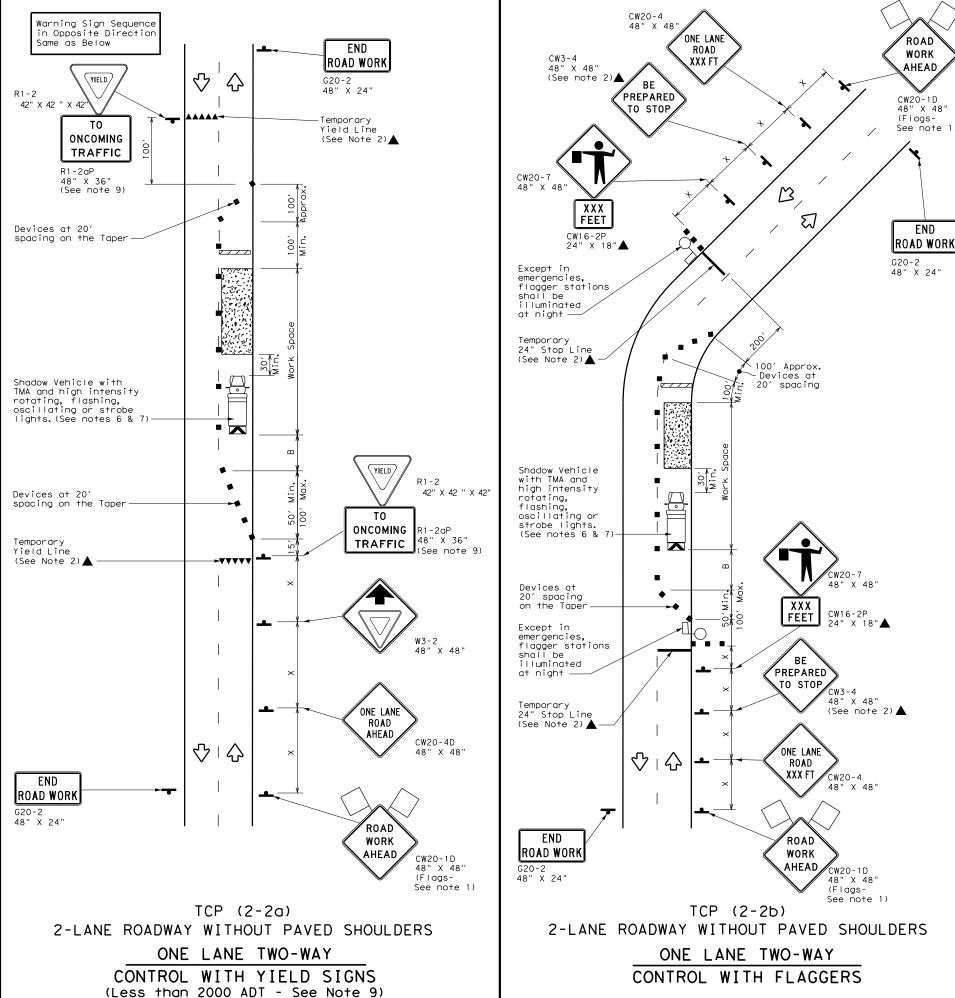
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

	_			-		
ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	1266	01	008		FI	M 956
2-94 4-98 3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	YKM		FAYET	TE		28



LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger							

Speed	,		Minimur esirab er Len <del>X</del> <del>X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance		
*		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"			
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′		
35		2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′		
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′		
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′		
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	645′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′		

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

 $L = Length \ of \ Taper(FT) \ \ W = Width \ of \ Offset(FT) \ \ S = Posted \ Speed(MPH)$ 

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	_/				

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-2a)

8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

 The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

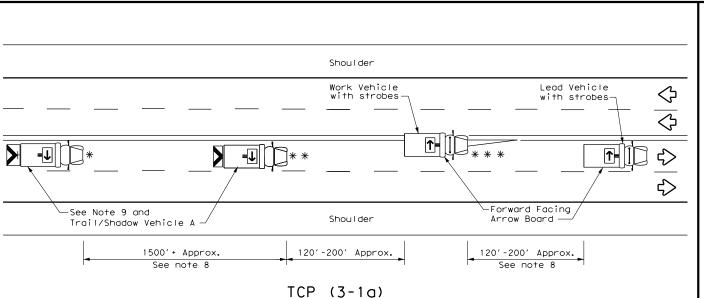


Traffic Operations Division Standard

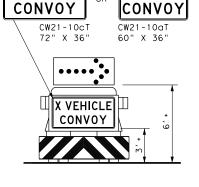
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	1266	01	800	F	FM 956
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	YKM	FAYETTE			29



UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

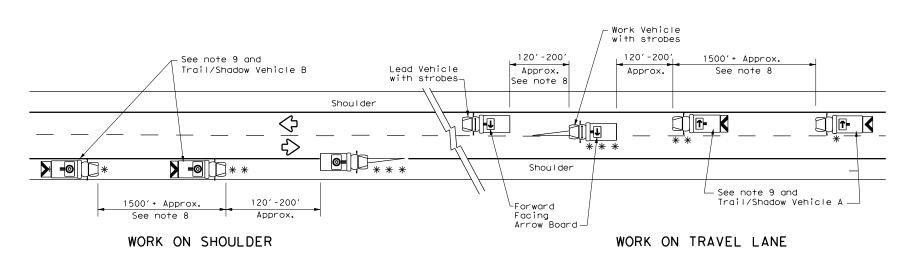


WORK

X VEHICLE

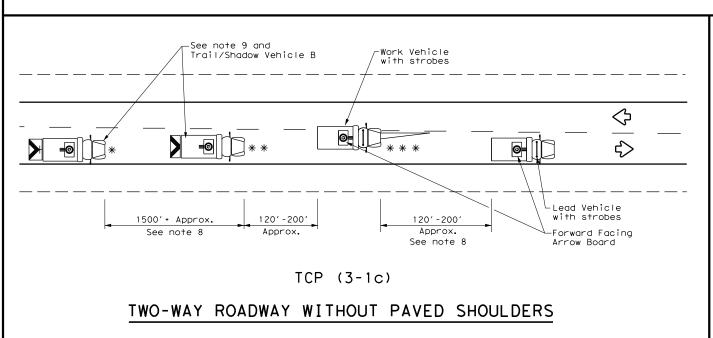
# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

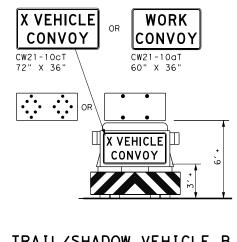
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

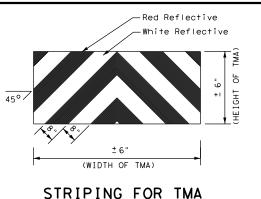
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>—</b>	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow						
⟨Ÿ	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



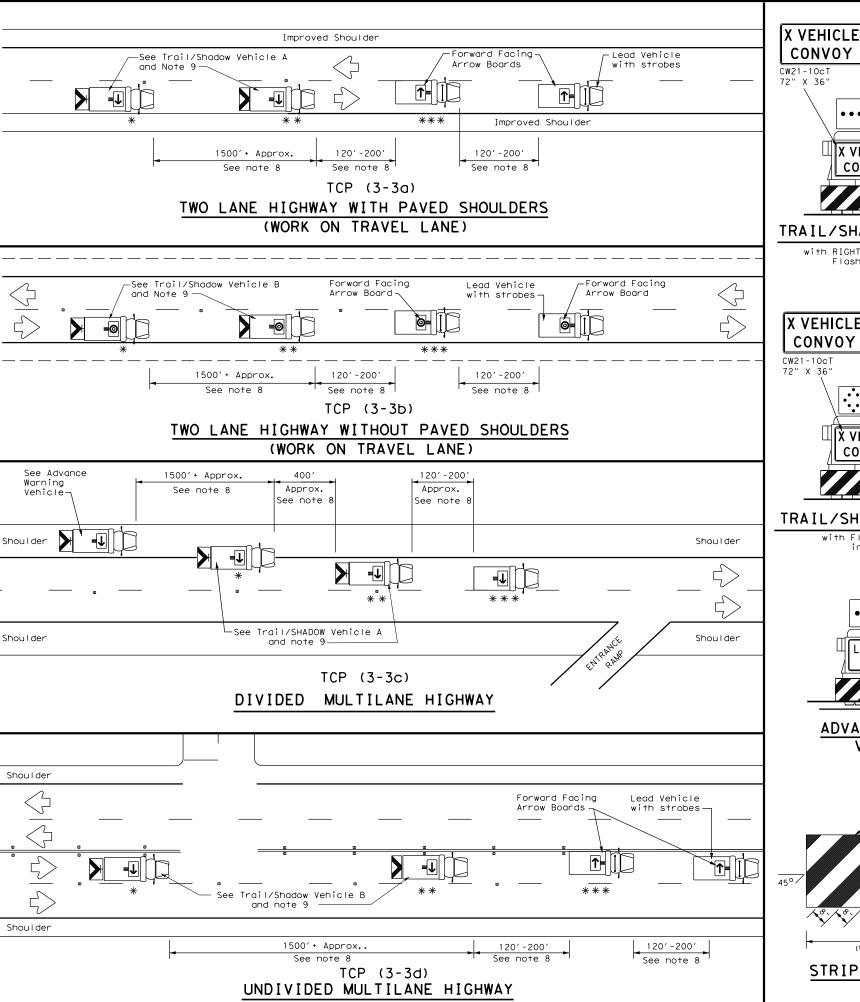


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

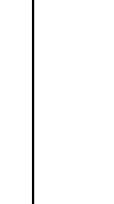
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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	1266	01	008		FM	956
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

WORK

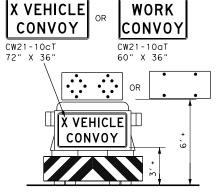
CONVOY

CW21-10aT

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

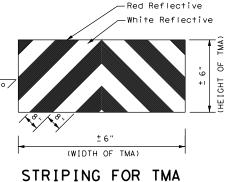


## TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY				
* *	Shadow Vehicle					
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>_</b>	LEFT Directional			
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>=</b>	Double Arrow			
♦	Traffic Flow	<b>©</b>	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)			

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

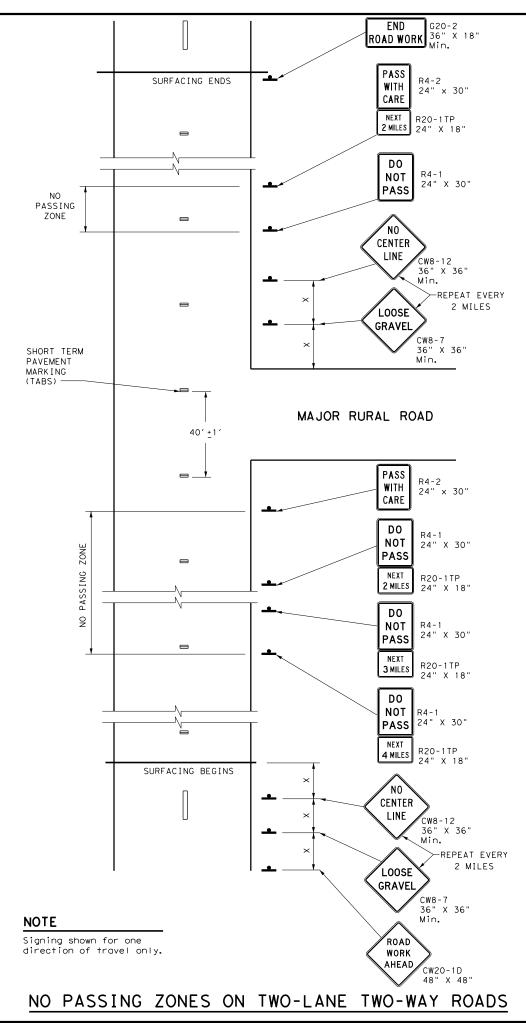
  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes
- first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WŎRK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

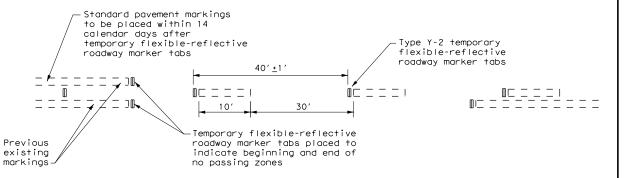


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	1266	01	008		FM	956
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	YKM	FAYETTE				31





## TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

#### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- A. Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- 3. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept,
  - the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

#### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- . Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE		SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
			✓	✓		

#### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

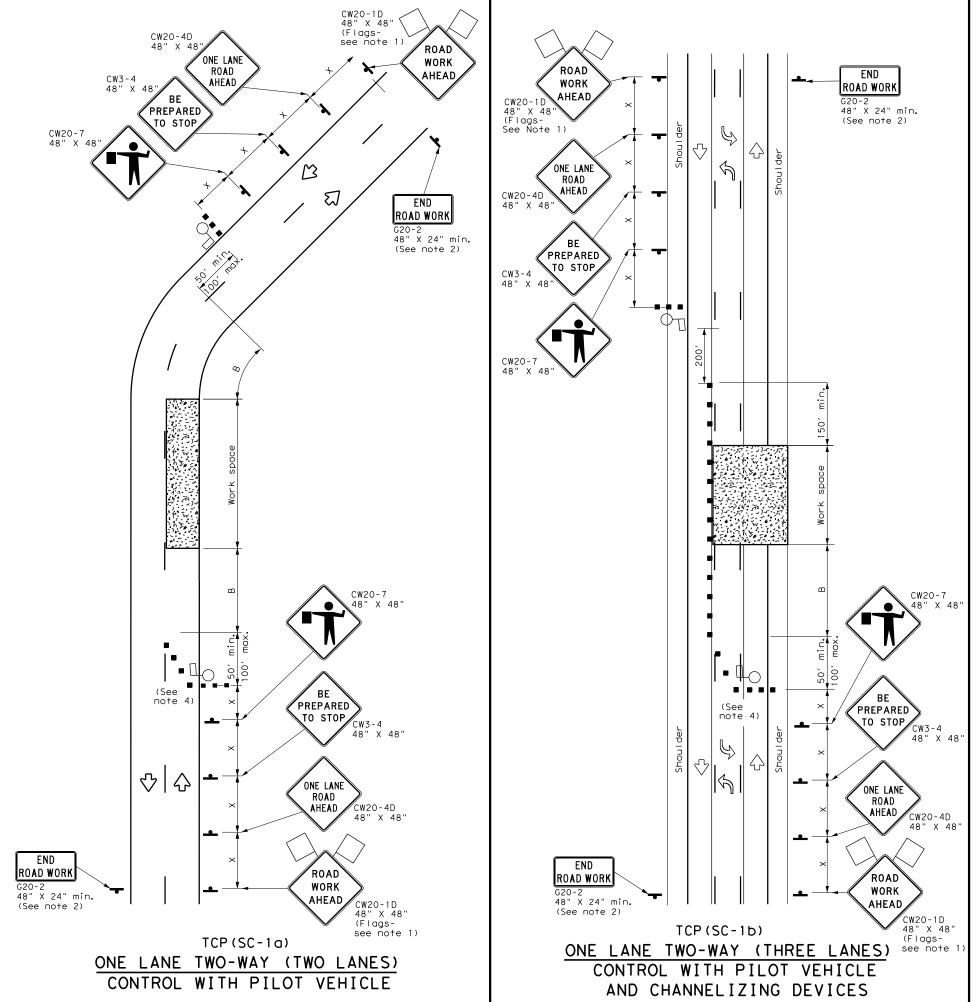


Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

FILE:	tcp7-1.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxD0</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB			ΗIG	HWAY
REVISIONS		1266	01	008 F		F	FM 956	
4-92 4-98		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		HEET NO.
1-97 7-13		YKM	FAYETTE				32	



[	LEGEND							
ſ		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
	•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
	$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len *X *X	le	Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance "X"	"B"	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times for traffic control coordination.
- 5. Flaggers should use 24" STOP (CW20-8) / SLOW (CW20-8aT) paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 7. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personnel (flaggers) at the intersection.
- 8. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 9. The pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone. The pilot car shall have an identification name displayed and PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

#### TCP (SC-1a)

 Channelizing devices on the centerline are not required when a pilot car is leading traffic, unless directed by the Engineer. SHEET 1 OF 8

Traffic Safety Division Standard

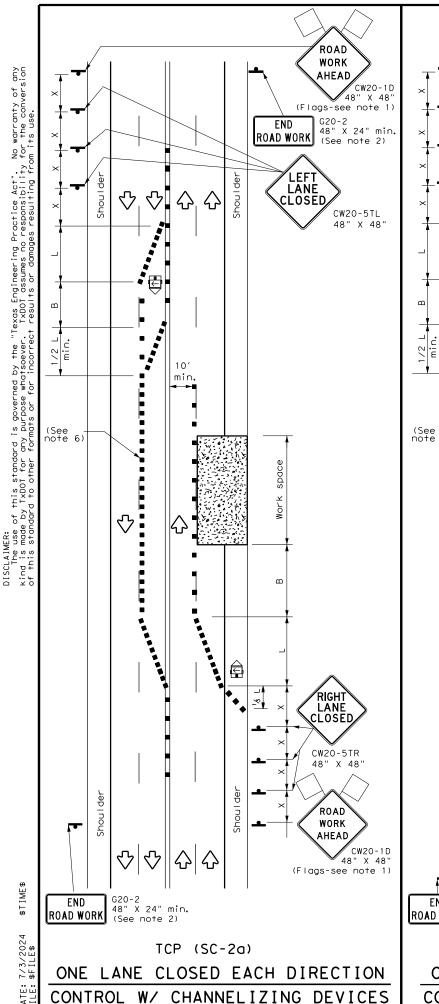
Texas Department of Transportation

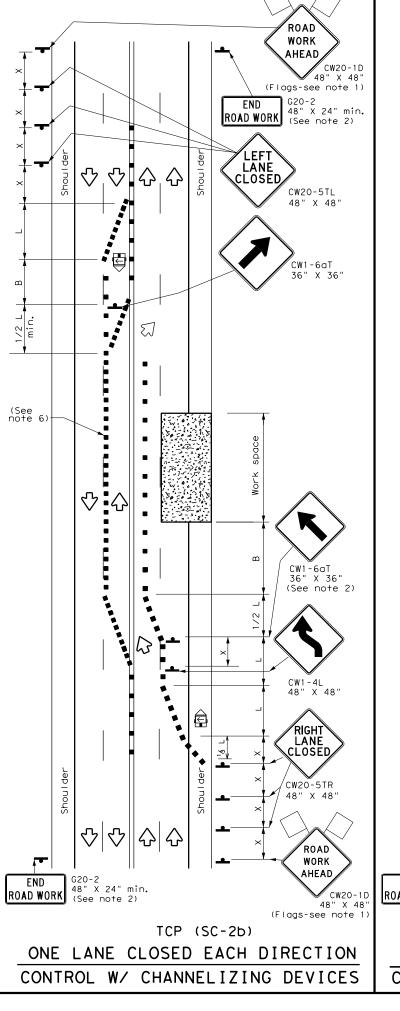
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS ONE-LANE TWO-WAY

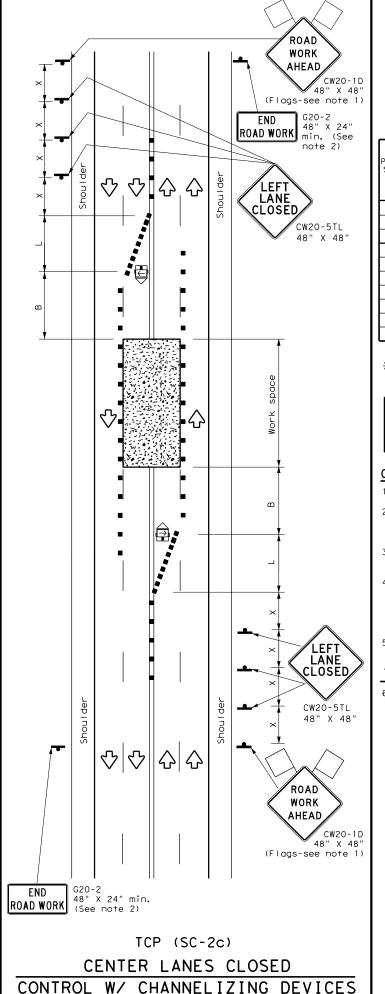
TCP(SC-1)-22

ILE: tcpsc-1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		ck:
CTxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS 4-21	1266	01	008		FM	956
10-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		FAYET	TF		77

217







LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices			
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow			
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger			

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths XX			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500°	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT)
- S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. The ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personnel (flaggers) at the intersection.
- 5. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

#### TCP (SC-2a) and (SC-2b)

- 6. Channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic shall be spaced on tapers at:
  - a.) 20 feet;
  - b.) 15 feet when posted speeds are 35 mph or slower; or
  - c.) at 1/2(S) for tangent sections.
- This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

#### SHEET 2 OF 8

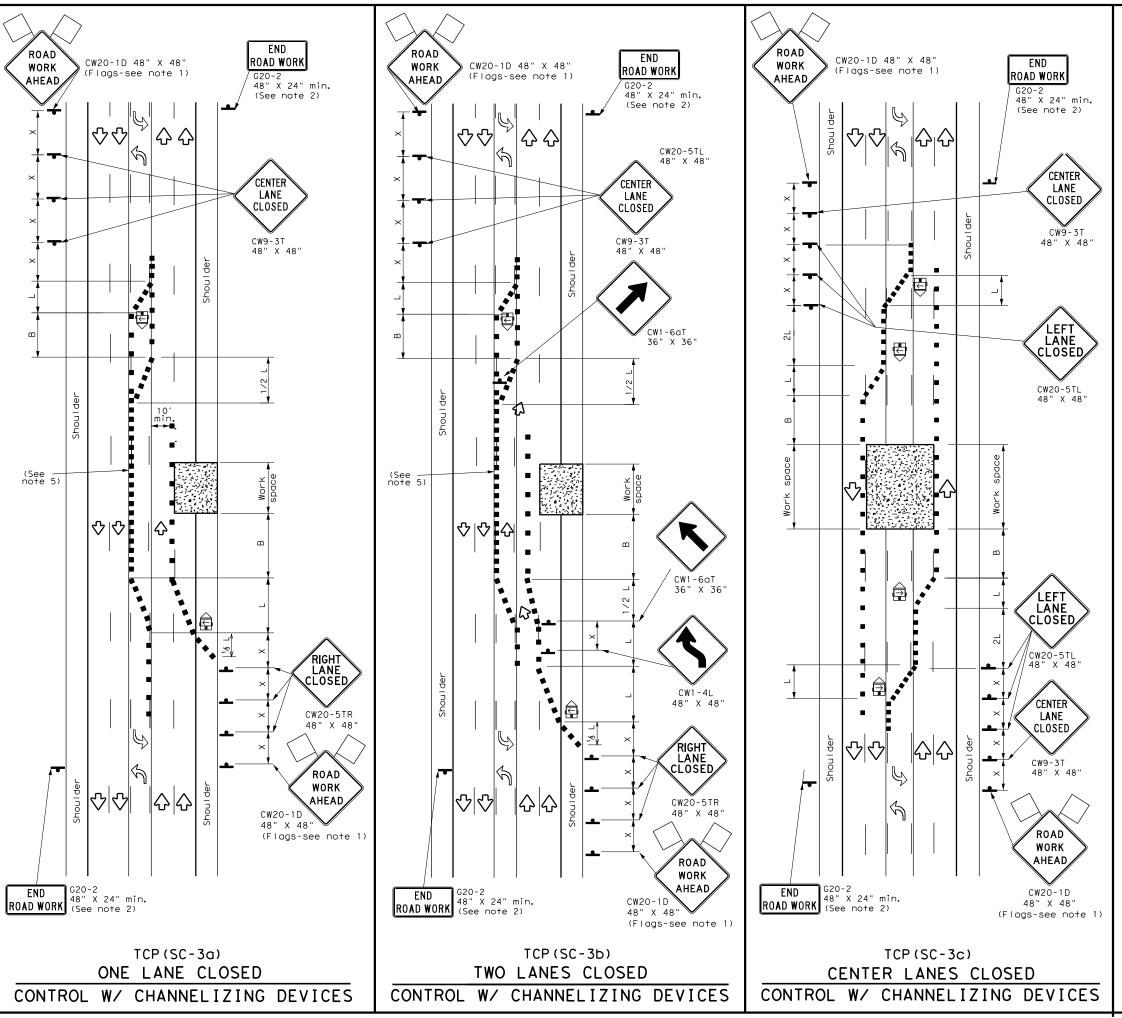


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEALCOAT OPERATIONS MULTILANE ROADS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

(UNDIVIDED) TCP(SC-2)-22

FILE:	tcpsc-2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		нІ	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FΜ	956
4-21		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10-22		YKM		FAYET	ΓE		34



	LEGEND							
ZZZZ	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12′ Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT)

S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TO STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIO						
	✓	✓				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personal (flaggers) at the intersection.
- 4. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

#### TCP (SC-3a) and (SC-3b)

- 5. Channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic shall be spaced on tapers at: a.) 20 feet;

  - b.) 15 feet when posted speeds are 35 mph or slower; or c.) at 1/2(S) for tangent sections.

This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

SHEET 3 OF 8

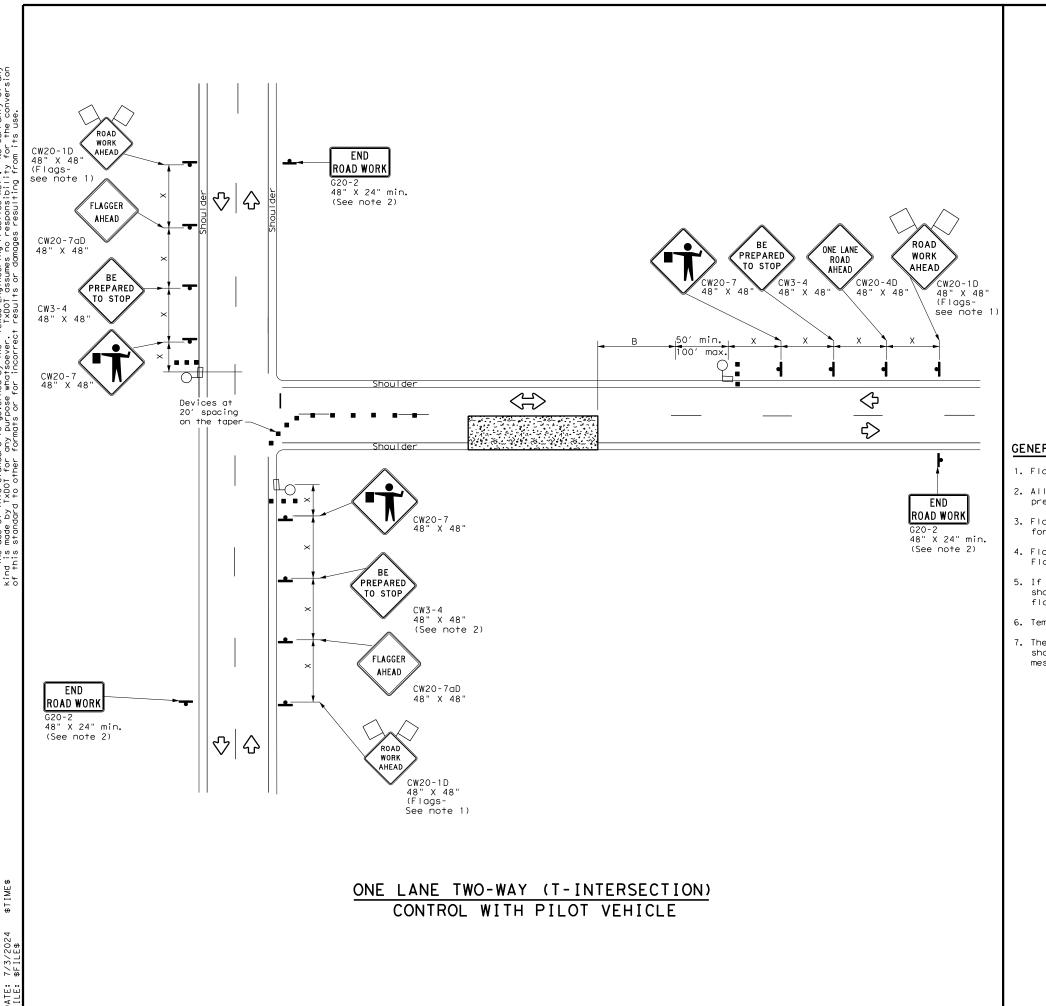


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS MULTILANE ROADS (W/ CENTER LEFT TURN LANE)

TCP (SC-3) -22

FILE: tcpsc-3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
©TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	1266	01	800	F	M 956
4-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
10-22	YKM		FAYET	TE	35



LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger					

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"	
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35		205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40		265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45	L=WS	450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times for traffic control coordination.
- 4. Flaggers should use 24" STOP (CW20-8) / SLOW (CW20-8aT) paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.
- 5. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 6. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 7. The pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone. The pilot car shall have an identification name displayed and PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

SHEET 4 OF 8

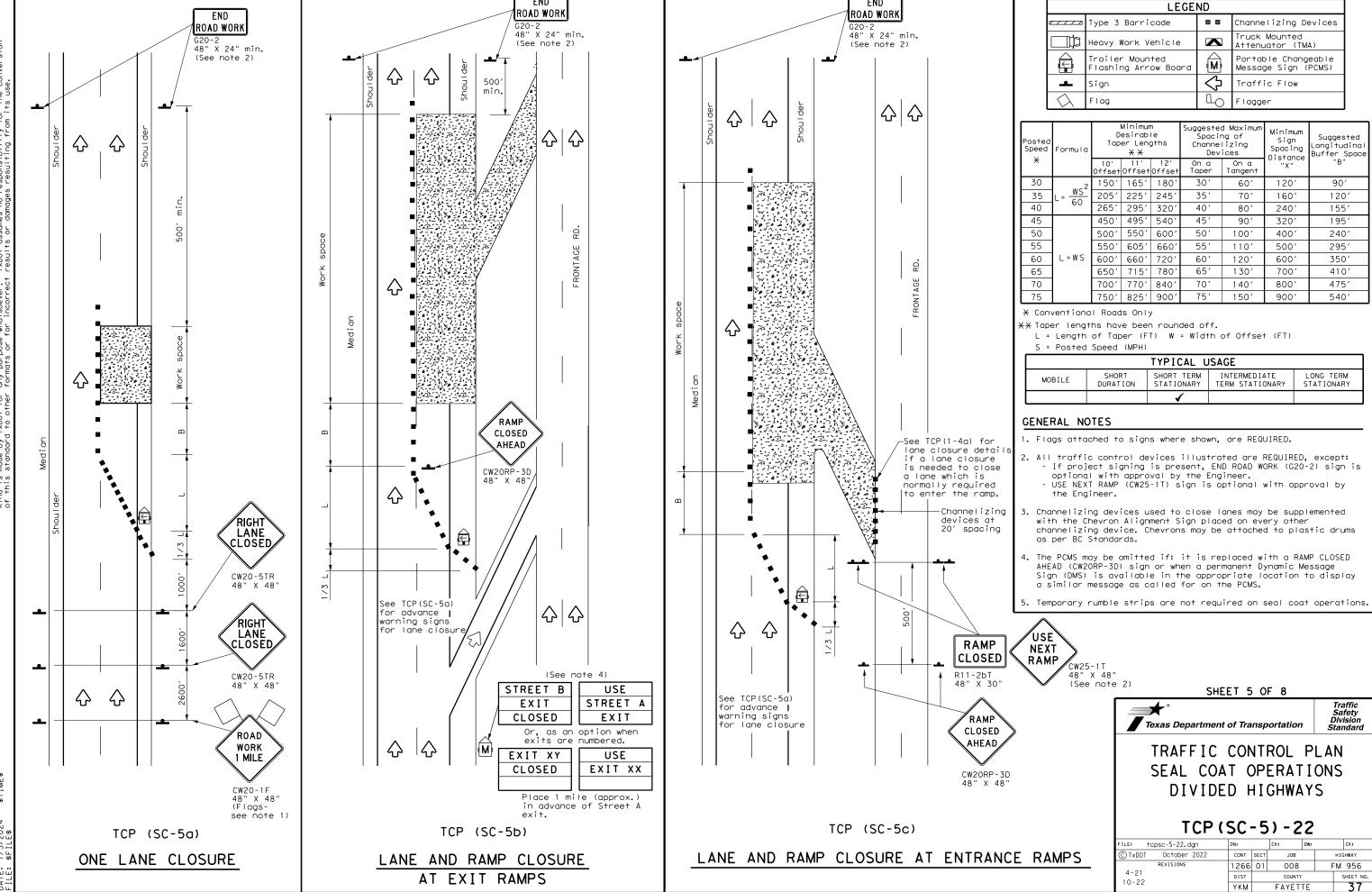


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS NEAR INTERSECTION

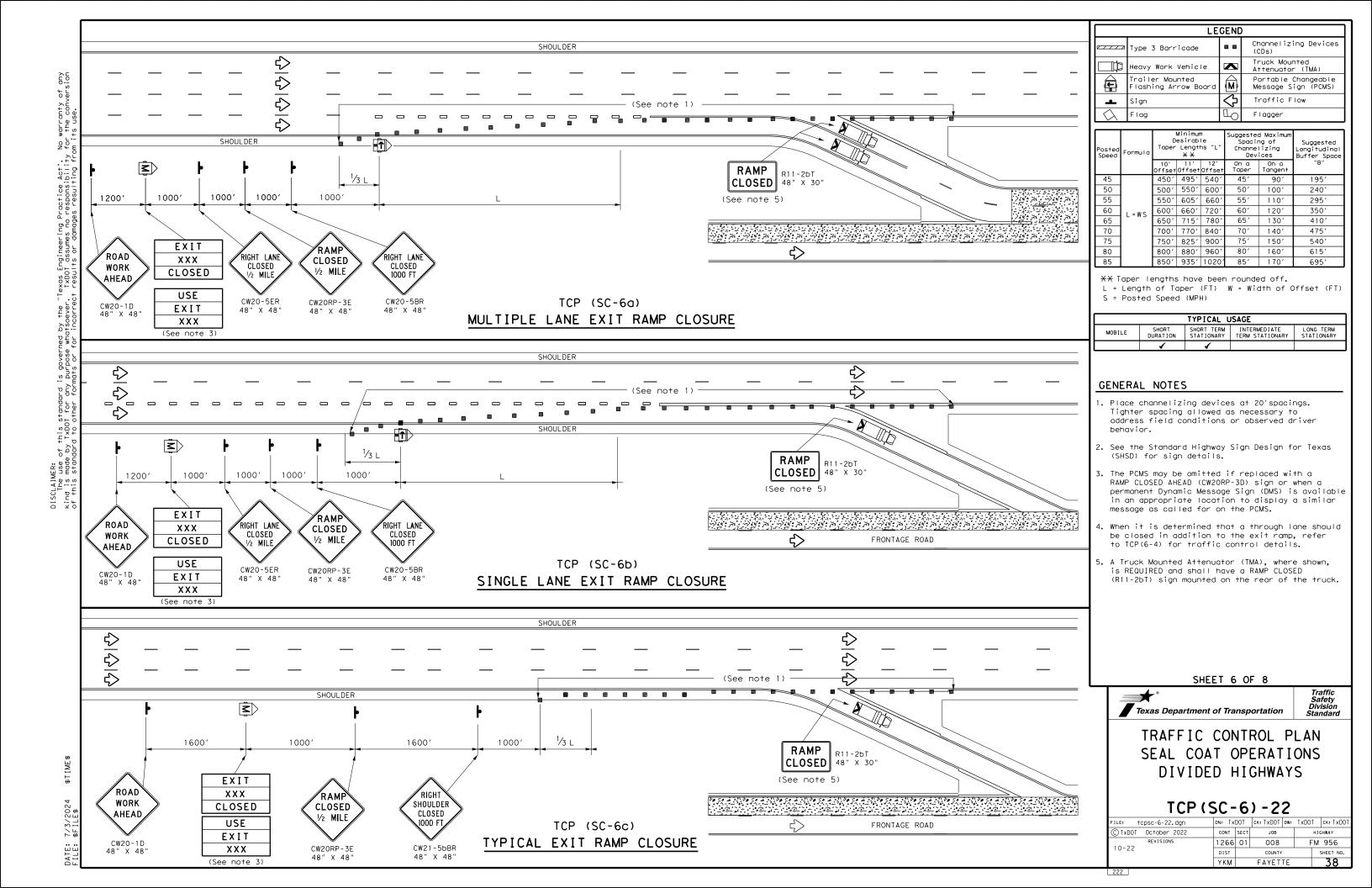
TCP (SC-4) -22

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© TxDOT	0ctober	2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
	REVISIONS		1266	01	800		FM	956
4-21 10-22			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10-22			YKM		FAYET	TE		36



END

END

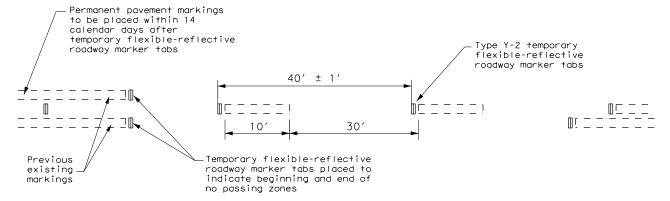


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Texas Engineeri TxDOT assumes

7/3/

## TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS



### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS

- Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs with protective cover unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the protective cover over the reflective strip
- 2. Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with a yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadway volumes exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of these devices should be planned for.
- 4. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low- beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 4.
- 6. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 7. Tabs shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.

### NOTES:

TOP VIEW

— 4"+ ¼" <del>──></del>

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed
- 2. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped, place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are NOT acceptable.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch, unless otherwise noted.

SIDE VIEW

Adhesive pad

### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

Height of sheeting

is usually more than

1/4" and less than 1".

TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE

ROADWAY MARKER TABS

FRONT VIEW

DMSs referenced above may be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov

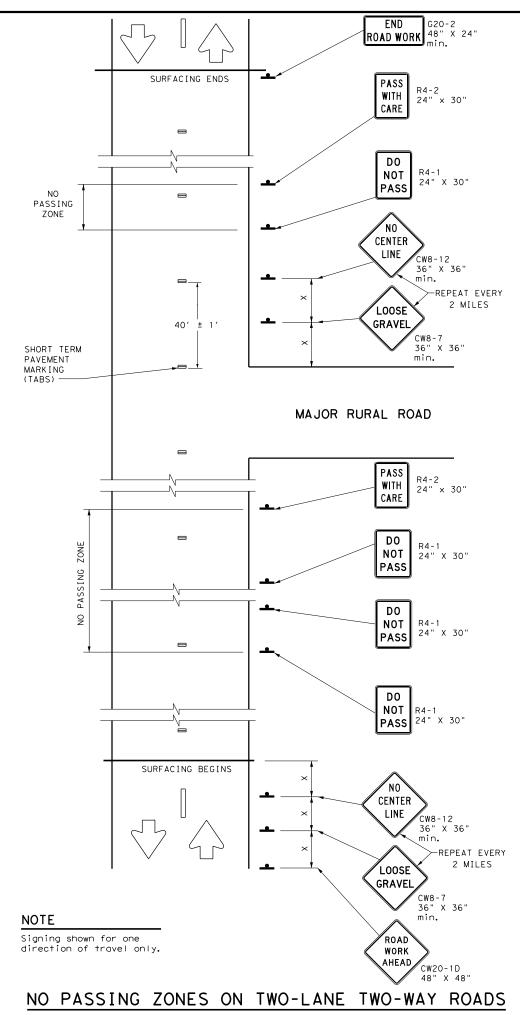


Texas Department of Transportation

# Traffic Safety Division Standard **TEMPORARY** PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

TCP(SC-7)-22

FILE:	tcpsc-7-22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
4.04	REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM	956
4-21 10-22		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10-22		VKM		FAYET	ΓF		<b>30</b>



### DO NOT PASS (R4-1) SIGN and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel, except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibitd over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is a considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshields and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one day of operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are

### NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) SIGN

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation between lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markinas.
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings (low volume roads may not have an existing center line), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately two mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections, and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.

### LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) SIGN

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately two miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible, the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed:
  - a.) In the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) sign and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign; and
  - b.) One "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near

LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE sign placements will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing Distance "X"
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

### GENERAL NOTES

- Surfacing operations that cover or obliterate existing pavement markings must first have the passing zones clearly marked with tabs as well as having any of the traffic control devices detailed on this sheet furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Short Duration / Short Term Stationary Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways should be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 8



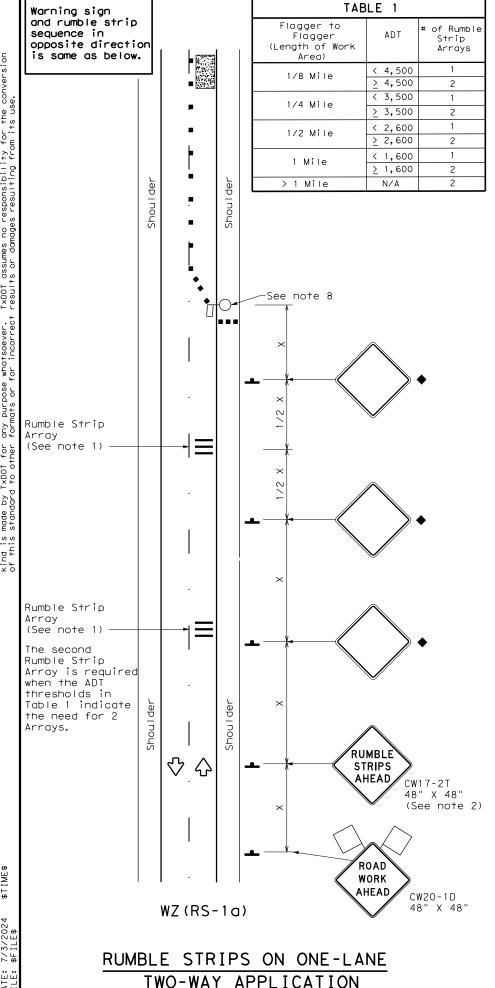
Texas Department of Transportation

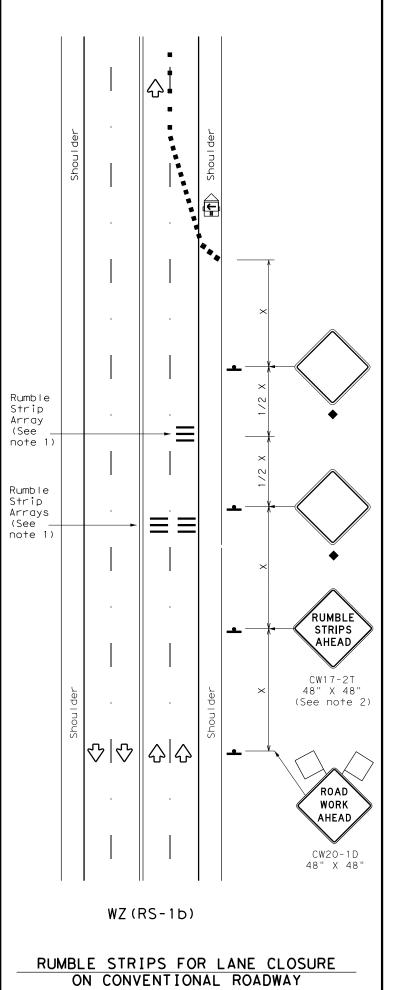
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

TCP(SC-8)-22

			_	_	_		
ILE:	tcpsc-8-22.dgn	DN: To	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) T×DOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM	956
4-21 10-22		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10-22		YKM		FAYET	ΓE		40





### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves. loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	L <sub>O</sub>	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L #13	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900`	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- $\fint XX$  Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	✓					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
<u>≤</u> 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
≥ 65 MPH	<del>*</del> 35′+					



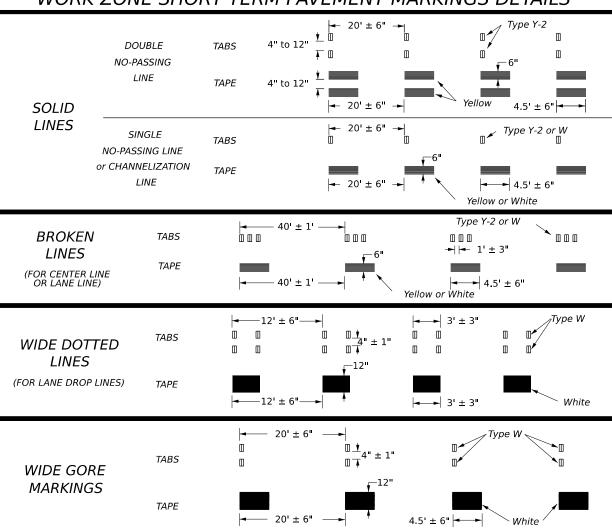
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS) - 22

E: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS	1266	01	800		FM 956	
-14 1-22 -16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-18	YKM	FAYETTE				41





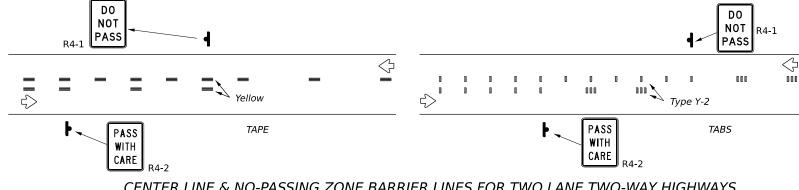
### **NOTES:**

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No seament of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent payement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

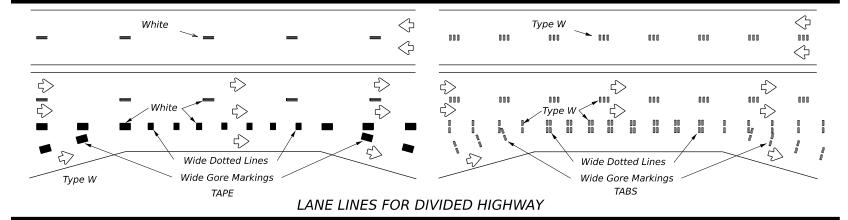
### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

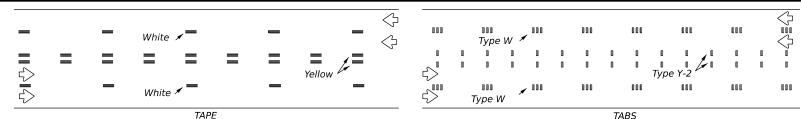
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

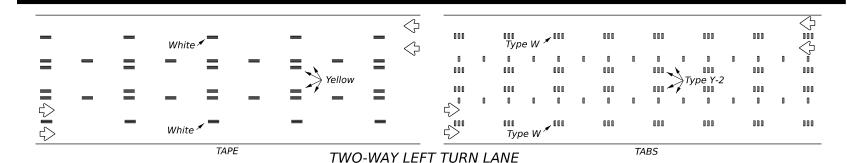


# CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





# LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

# Texas Department of Transportation

FILE:

**WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** 

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200

### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

# PAVEMENT MARKINGS

	WZ(STPM)-23							
wz	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			
Г	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG		
	REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM		

C TxDOT M 956 4-92 1-97 3-03 2-23 YKM FΔYFTTI

NO` CENTER

CW8-12

UNEVEN LANES

\*See Table 1

UNEVEN LANES

TWO LANE CONVENTIONAL ROAD

Area where Edge

Condition exists

"X" distance

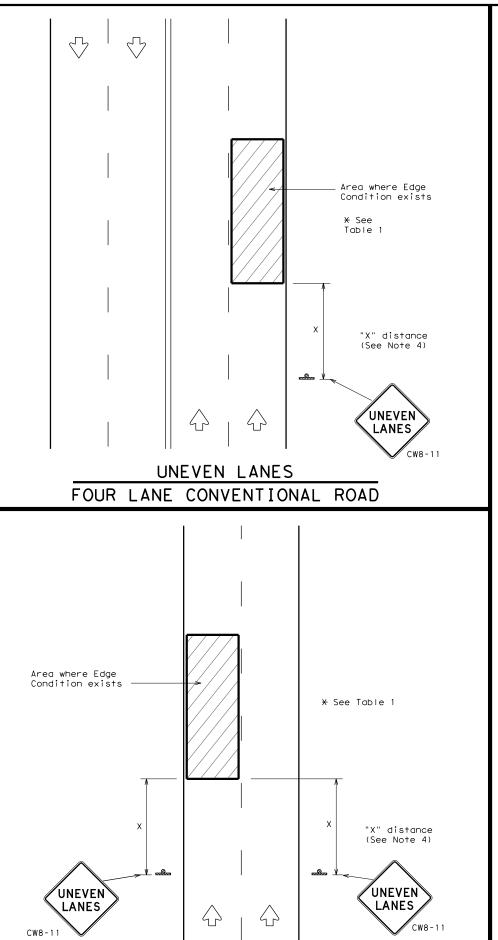
(See Note 4)

\*See Table 1

UNEVEN

LANES

CW8-11



UNEVEN LANES

DIVIDED ROADWAY

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241					
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300					

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1					
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices				
①	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11				
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.					
② >3 1 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11				
0" to 3/4" D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".					

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM WARNII	NG SIGN SIZE
Conventional roads	36" x 36"
Freeways/expressway divided roadways	s, 48" × 48"

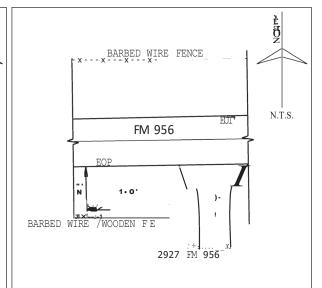


# SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Traffic Operations

WZ(UL) - 13

	***	• •	_ ′		•		
LE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: To	kDOT.	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
) TxDOT	TxDOT April 1992 c		SECT	JOB		,	HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	1266	01	008		F	M 956
-95 2-98		DIST	COUNTY		DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 3-03	3	YKM		FAYET	ΓE		43



NORTHING - 13,831,079.33 EASTING - 2,619,355.10 ELEVATION - 345.02

DESCRIPTION - TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP SET 25.3'
NORTH OF FM 956, APPROXIMATELY 550' (EAST) OF
THE EAST END OF A 9X10 MSC@ WALKER BRANCH
CROSSING. 49.5' WEST OF A POWER POLE.

NORTHING - 13,830,449.62 EASTING - 2,618,117.89 ELEVATION - 360.10

DESCRIPTION - TXDOT ALUMINUM CAP SET 25'
SOUTH OF PM 956, APPROXIMATELY 400' (WEST) OF
THE INTERSECTION OF BRUNO ROAD AND PM 956.
70' WEST OF A FENCE CORNER BY A DRIVEWAY.

NOTES:

### HORIZONTAL DATUM

- 1. COORDINATES AND DISTANCES **ARE IN** U.S. SURVEY FEET. COORDINATE VALUES ARE SURFACE VALUES DERIVED **BY A** GRID TO SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00013.
- 2. CONTROL FOR THIS PROJECT IS BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE 142041, NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 INAD 831 2011 ADJUSTMENT.
- 3. BEARING SOURCE AND HORIZONTAL CONTROL WAS ESTABLISHED BY REAL TIME KINEMATIC <RTKI VRS-GPS/GNSS <RTKNETI 2011. REFERENCE STATIONS IVRSI:

YRS ID: PRS14795127501

YRS ID: PRS347846798141

YRS ID: SAN ANTONIO TXA

### VERTICAL DATUM

- 4. ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 1988 <NAVD 881, GEOID MODEL 12B <CONUSI.
- S. ELEVATIONS WERE ESTABLISHED THROUGH DIFFERENTIAL DIGITAL LEVELING METHODS AND CONVENTIONAL LEVELING METHODS.

DATE ESTABLISHED: 09/16/2019



DAME	DIZ	DDII	
DATE	Bĭ	KEV.	REVISION



(210) 349-3273 (PH)
TBPE FIRM REGISTRATION #F-483 /TBPLS FIRM REGISTRATION #100423-00
(210) 349-4395 (FAX) http://www.pozcam.com.

IC) 2021

rTexas

Department of Transportation

FM 956

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL

	DIV.O,O.	PROJE	SHEEP.	
	SDIVS			45
	STATE	DIST.	О	OI.J,ITY
RL	TEXAS	YOAKUI,4	FA	YETTE
	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY0.
VJ4t;4	1266	01	008	FI/4 956
	RL V/4t/4	RL TEXAS CONT.	SDIVS STATE DIST.  RL TEXAS YOAKUJA CONT. SECT.	SDIVS   STATE   DIST.   CONT.   SECT.   JOB

# PROPOSED FM 956 ALIGNMENT

Alignment Name: FM 956
Alignment Description: Walker Branch
Alignment Style: Alignment\Baseline

	Station	Northing	Easting
Element: Linear			
POT	134+00.00 R1	13830996.75	2619283.77
PC	141+54.70 R1	13830629.85	2618624.26
Tangential Direction:	S60° 54'43.61"W		
Tangential Length:	<i>754.70</i>		
Element: Circular			
PC	141+54.70 R1	13830629.85	2618624.26
PI	144+25.53 R1	13830498.18	<i>2618387.58</i>
CC		13831631.24	2618067.17
PT	146+86.60 R1	13830486.40	2618117.01
Radius:	1145.92		
Delta:	26° 35'43.11"	Right	
Degree of Curvature (Arc):	<i>05° 00'00.00"</i>		
Length:	531.91		
Tangent:	270.83		
Chord:	<i>527.14</i>		
Middle Ordinate:	30.72		
External:	31.57		
Back Tangent Direction:	S60° 54'43.61"W		
Back Radial Direction:	N29° 05'16.39"W		
Chord Direction:	S74° 12'35.16"W		
Ahead Radial Direction:	N02° 29'33.28"W		
Ahead Tangent Direction:	S87° 30'26.72"W		
Element: Linear			
PT	146+86.60 R1	13830486.40	2618117.01
POT	149+87.17 R1	13830473.33	2617816.72
Tangential Direction:	S87° 30′26.72″W		
Tangential Length:	300.57		



# HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA



			SHEET TOT I		
	.RD. .NO.	PROJECT NO.			
$\epsilon$	ĵ				
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
1266	01	008	FM 956		
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	46		



FBBO4 = 18'

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

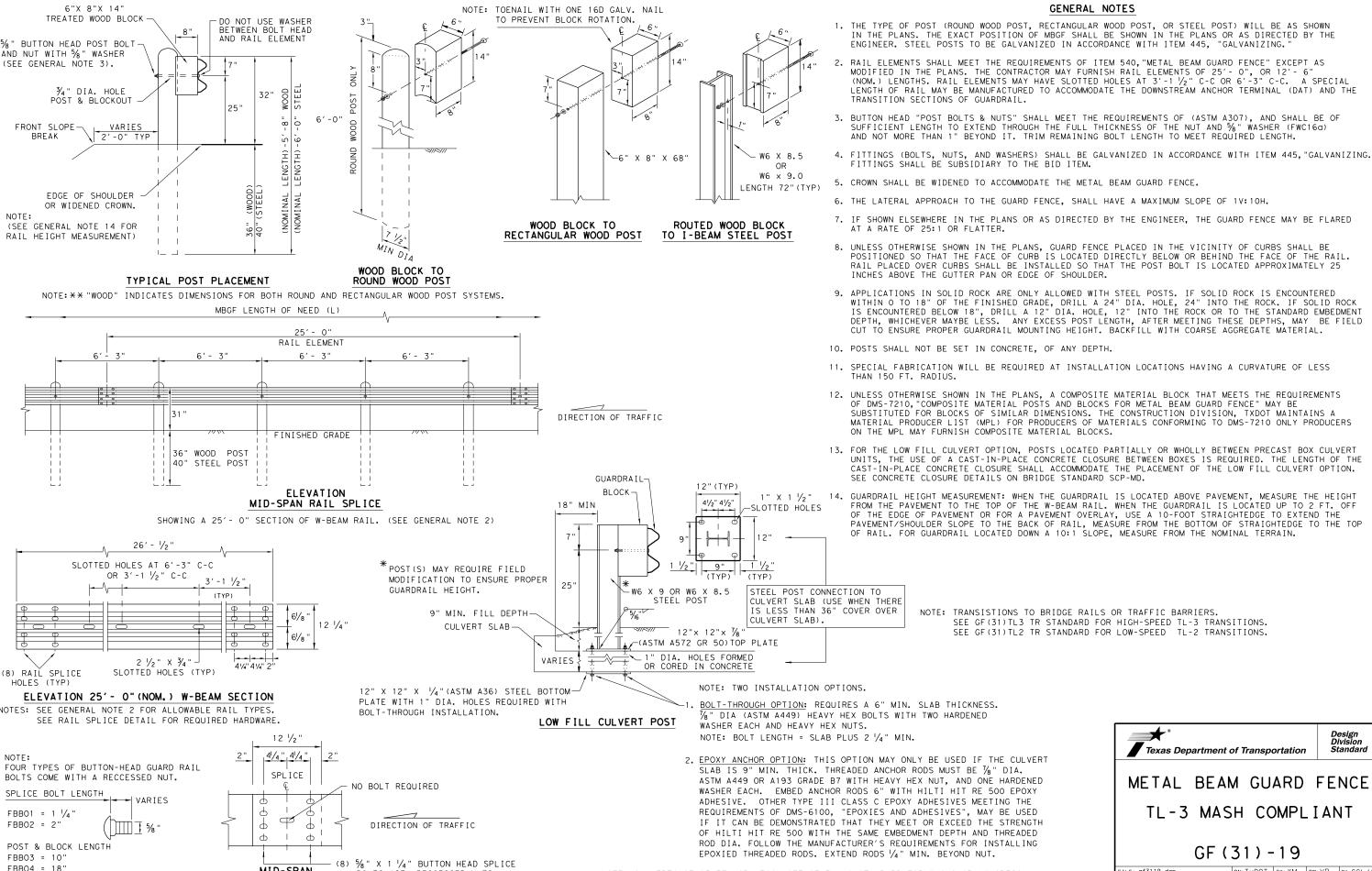
MID-SPAN

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

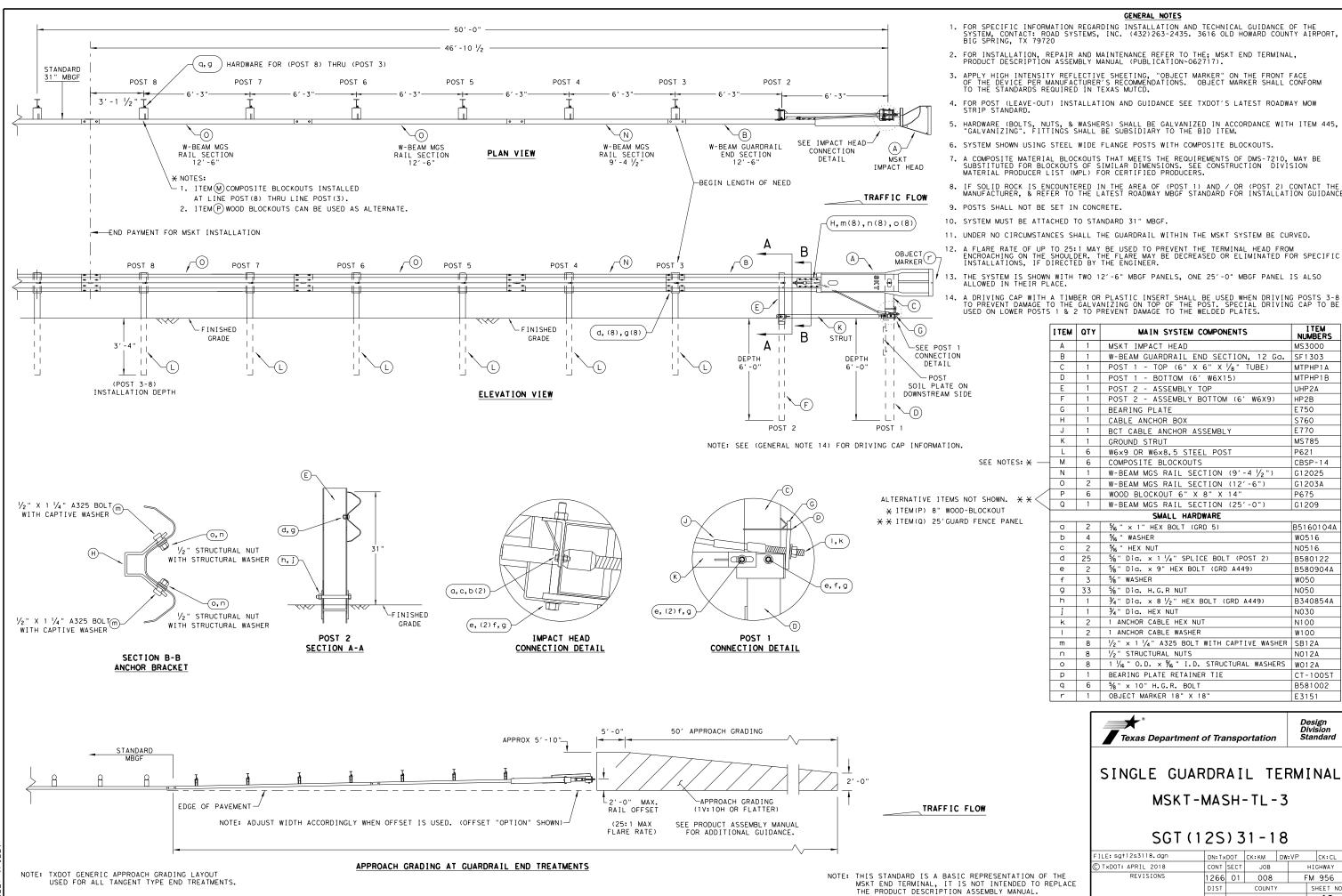
BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.



NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/A CONT SECT JOB TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 HIGHWAY 1266 01 008 FM 956 FAYETTI





I TEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

P621

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025

G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050 B340854

N030

N100

W100

N012A

CT-100S

B581002

Design Division Standard

CK:CL

SHEET NO

48

HIGHWAY

FM 956

JOB

008

COUNTY

FAYETTE

E3151

B580122

B580904A

B5160104A

LENGTH OF NEED

PANEL 1

MODIFIED

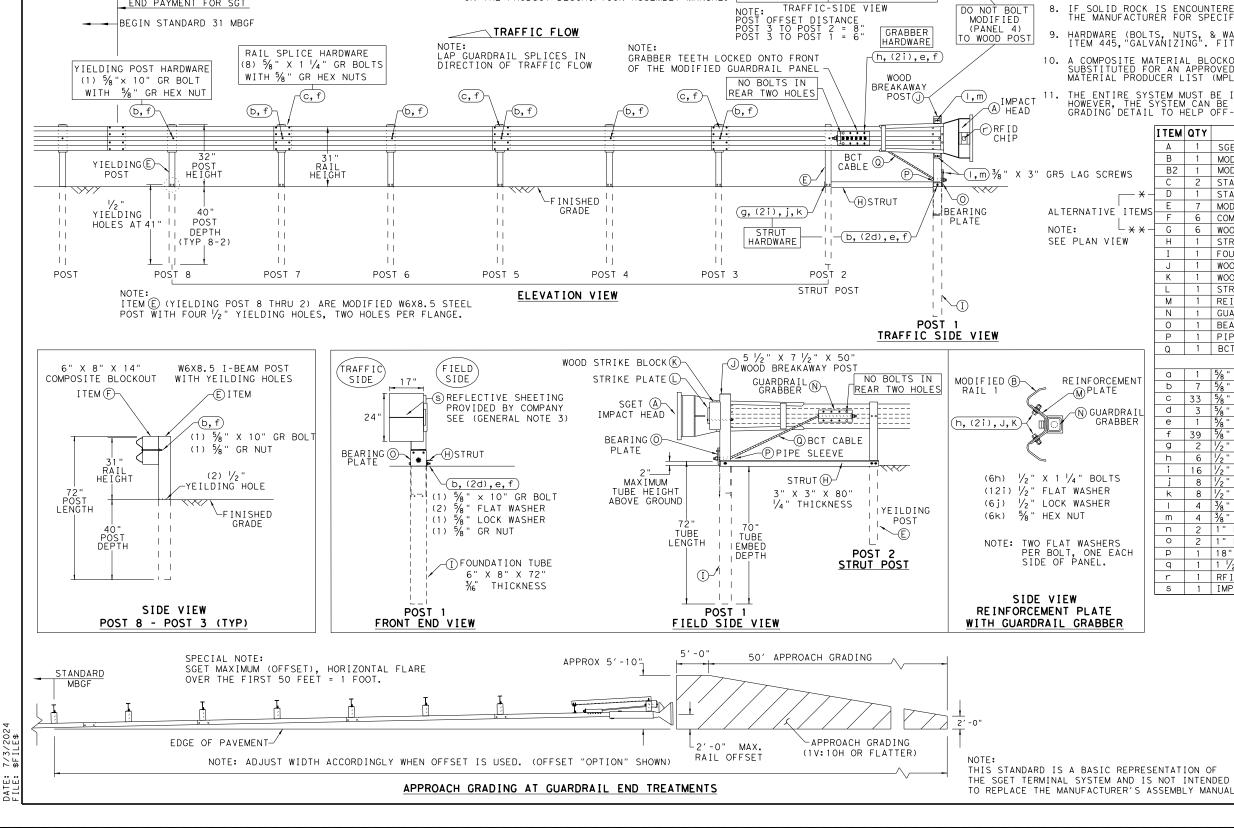
-(B2) GR PANEL

COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS (ITEM F) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH (ITEM G) WOOD BLOCKOUTS.

9'-4 1/2'

END PAYMENT FOR SGT

→ BEGIN STANDARD 31 MBGF



\* NOTE: GUARDRAIL PANELS 2 & 3 (ITEM C) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH ONE 25'-0" GUARDRAIL PANEL (ITEM D).

-C GR PANEL

PANEL 3

12'-6"

NOTE: CONFIRM ALL POST OFFSET'S AS SHOWN ON THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL

←C) GR PANEL

PLAN VIEW

TRAFFIC FLOW

FIELDSIDE FACE

LENGTH OF NEED

POST 3

PANEL 2

12'-6"

NOTE: THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE GUARDRAIL PANELS FOR (MODIFIED PANEL 4)

-(B)GR PANEL

MODIFIED

POST 2

TRAFFIC-SIDE VIEW

(a, d, f)

POST

GRABBER

-(H)STRUT

12'-6"

(b, (2d), e, f)

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 6. (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.





SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

FILE: sg+153120.dgn	DN: Tx	тоот	CK:KM DW:VP		CK:KM DW:VP CK		CK: VP
C TxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1266	01	1 008		FM 956		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	YKM		FAYET	ГΕ		49	

# DRAINAGE AREA MAP

### WALKER BRANCH

1,655 ACRES (2.59 SQ MI) 77 2.627 HRS 0.60 IN 94.57 MIN

DRAINAGE AREA CURVE NUMBER TIME OF CONCENTRATION INITIAL ABSTRACTION

LAG TIME 3,744 CFS

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY(USGS) QUADRANGLE MAPS WERE USED TO DETERMINE THE DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY AND THE WATER COURSE SLOPES.

PEAK DISCHARGE WAS DETERMINED USING THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS HYDROLOGIC MODELING SYSTEM (HEC-HMS) SOFTWARE VERSION 4.10 USING NOAA ATLAS 14 RAINFALL DATA. A COMPARISON WAS MADE USING OMEGA EM REGRESSION EQUATIONS.



07/03/2024

# **DRAINAGE AREA MAP** AND HYDROLOGIC DATA



GRAPHIC SCALE (FT)

Texas Department of Transportation
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ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
SHEET 1 OF 1

SHEET 1 OF 1

	.RD. .NO.	PROJECT NO.		
$\epsilon$	5			
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
1266	01	008	FM 956	
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	50	

### WALKER BRANCH HYDRAULIC DATA

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Plan	E.G. Elev (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	Frctn Loss (ft)	C & E Loss (ft)	Q left (cfs)	Q Channe (cfs)	I Q Right (cfs)	Top Width (ft)	Q Total (cfs)	Vel Chan (ft/s)
Reach1	2081	10Yr	Exist	342.82	342.10	342.10	2.17	0.03	238.03	1198.15	543.82	282.57	1980	8.47
Reach1	2081	10Yr	Prop	342.82	342.10	342.10	1.55	0.00		1198.15	543.82	282.57	1980	8.47
Reach1	2081	100Yr	Exist	343.89	343.22	342.91	1.58	0.04			1454.67	356.44	3744	9.07
Reach1	2081	100Yr	Prop	343.84	342.91	342.91	1.24	0.09		1793.88		343.72	3744	10.43
Reach1	1635	10Yr	Exist	340.49	339.86	338.89				1980.00		103.40	1980	6.36
Reach1	1635	10Yr	Prop	340.35	339.60	338.89				1980.00		97.23	1980	6.95
Reach1	1635	100Yr	Exist	342.26	341.74	340.51			211.58	3369.91	162.52	380.90	3744	6.07
Reach1	1635	100Yr	Prop	342.36	341.73	340.47			83.97	3595.65	64.38	379.70	3744	6.48
Reach 1	1578 Br U	10Yr	Exist	340.50	339.86								1980	7.71
Reach 1	1578 Br U	10Yr	Prop	340.36	339.60								1980	7.78
Reach 1	1578 Br U	100Yr	Exist	342.27	341.74								3744	9.60
Reach 1	1578 Br U	100Yr	Prop	342.37	341.73								3744	10.15
Reach 1	1578 Br D	10Yr	Exist	340.06	339.22								1980	7.59
Reach 1	1578 Br D	10Yr	Prop	340.06	339.22								1980	7.36
Reach 1	1578 Br D	100Yr	Exist	341.40	340.23								3744	9.60
Reach 1	1578 Br D	100Yr	Prop	341.40	340.23								3744	10.15
Reach1	1533	10Yr	Exist	340.06	339.22	339.06	0.94	0.04	149.85	1830.15		154.11	1980	7.61
Reach1	1533	10Yr	Prop	340.06	339.22	339.06	0.94	0.04	149.85	1830.15		154.11	1980	7.61
Reach1	1533	100Yr	Exist	341.40	340.23	340.23	1.02	0.09	549.46	3194.55		220.60	3744	9.23
Reach1	1533	100Yr	Prop	341.40	340.23	340.23	1.02	0.09	549.46	3194.55		220.60	3744	9.23
Reach1	1284	10Yr	Exist	339.08	338.37		1.71	0.03	560.25	1398.18	21.57	179.09	1980	7.73
Reach1	1284	10Yr	Prop	339.08	338.37		1.71	0.03	560.25	1398.18	21.57	179.09	1980	7.73
Reach1	1284	100Yr	Exist	340.26	339.39	339.39	1.48	0.00	1484.01	2123.74	136.25	453.42	3744	9.18
Reach1	1284	100Yr	Prop	340.26	339.39	339.39	1.48	0.00	1484.01	2123.74	136.25	453.42	3744	9.18

# CROSS SECTION LOCATIONS

NOT TO SCALE

- 1. HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS PERFORMED USING THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS HEC-RAS RIVER ANALYSIS SYSTEM VERSION 6.3.1 (SEPTEMBER 2022).
- 2. RIVER STATIONS ARE IN FEET.
- 3. TAILWATER ELEVATIONS WERE DETERMINED BY A NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION USING A DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL BED SLOPE OF 0.0040 FT/FT.
- 4. THE PROJECT SITE IS LOCATED IN A ZONE A AREA ON THE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (PANEL NO. 48149C0425C DATED OCTOBER 17, 2006) OF FAYETTE COUNTY, TEXAS.
- 5. NOTIFICATION OF THE FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR WAS DONE DECEMBER 10, 2023.

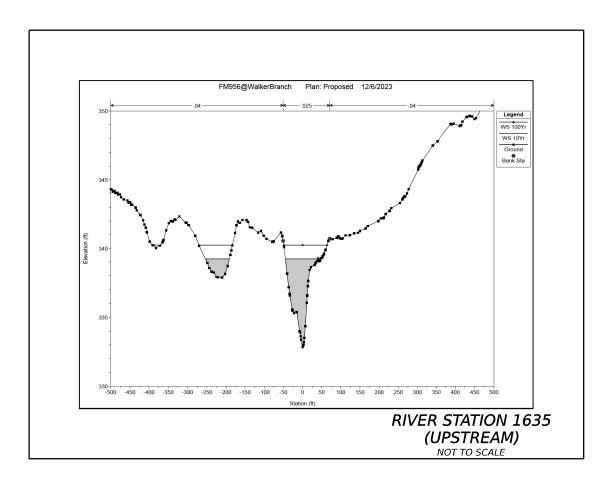


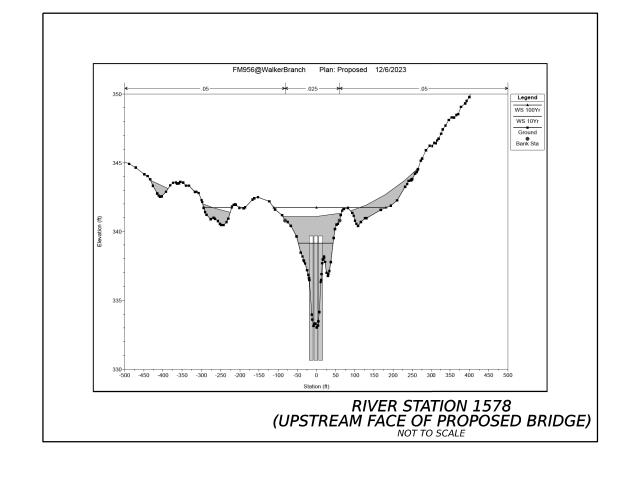
# WALKER BRANCH HYDRAULIC DATA

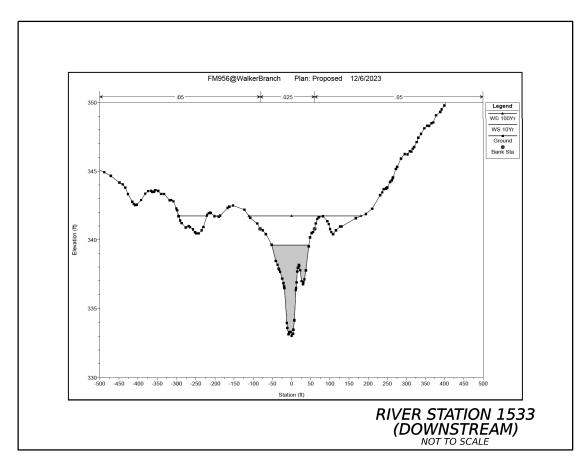
Texas Department of Transportation
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ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
SHEET 1 OF 2

SHEET 1 OF 2

FED.RD. PROJECT NO.			NO.
(	5		
CONT.	SECT.	JOВ	HIGHWAY NO.
1266	01	008	FM 956
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	51









07/03/2024

# WALKER BRANCH HYDRAULIC DATA



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А	LL RIGHTS	SHEET 2 OF 2	
	).RD. '.NO.	PROJECT	NO.
(	6		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
1266	01	008	FM 956
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	52

HEC-RAS MODEL (VERSION 6.3.1, SEPTEMBER 2022)
WAS USED FOR HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS OF EXISTING
CONDITIONS AND DESIGN OF PROPOSED STRUCTURE.

LIMITS OF RIPRAP

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND ELEVATIONS IN THE FIELD.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE ALL UTILITIES AND INFORM ENGINEER, IN WRITING, OF ANY CONFLICTS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

EXIST 3 - 10' X 9' X 21.30' CONCRETE BOX CULVERT W/ HEADWALLS & FLARED WINGWALLS LT & RT. REMOVE EXIST STRUCTURE. PROP 3 - 10' X 9' X 34.00' NORMAL (35.20' ALONG 15° SKEW) PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT W/ HEADWALLS & FLARED WINGWALLS (FW-S)(HW=10 FT) LT & RT USING BCS, SCP-10, SCP-MD, & FW-S.

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	N.RD. NO.	PROJECT	NO.
(	5		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
1266	01	008	FM 956
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
EXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	53



07/03/2024

# **WALKER BRANCH CULVERT LAYOUT**

*SCALE:* 1" = 10'

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SHEET 2 OF 2

DIV	.NO.	PROJECT NO.					
(	5						
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
1266	01	008	FM 956				
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	54				

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND ELEVATIONS IN THE FIELD.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE ALL UTILITIES AND INFORM ENGINEER, IN WRITING, OF ANY CONFLICTS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

٨		_	

Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

Culvert Station and/or Creek Name

followed by applicable end

(Lt, Rt or Both)

STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27 (Lt)

STA 138+52 TO STA 138+89.27 (Rt)

- Side slope at culvert for ared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
- Slope must be 3:1 or atter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.

Description of

Box Culvert

No. Spans ~

3 ~10'x 9'

3 ~10'x 9'

Span X Height

Applicable

Вох

Culvert

Standard

(4)

SCP-10

SCP-10

Fill

Height

(Ft)

1'

1

Applicable

Wingwall

or End

Treatment

Standard

FW-S

FW-S

Angle

(0°,15°,

30° or

45°)

15°

15°

U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet

C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)

B = 0 set of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)

Lw = Length of longest wingwall.

Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only)
Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt. Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

1) Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.

Estimated

Curb

Height

(Ft)

0.700

0.300

Height

Wingwall

(Ft)

10.292'

9.875

Culvert

Top Slab

(In)

10"

10"

Culvert

Thickness

(In)

10"

10"

Slope

or Channel

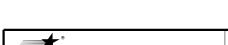
Slope Ratio

(SL:1)

2:1

2:1

- 2 Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only. For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is
- 4 Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a di erent type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments to the dimensions and quantities shown.



Texas Department of Transportation

This sheet is a supplement to the box culvert standards. It is to be lled out

dimensions for the construction of the box

An Excel 2010 spreadsheet to assist in completing this table can be downloaded

from the Bridge Standards (English) web

a licensed Professional Engineer.

page on the TxDOT web site. The completed

sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by

culvert wingwalls and safety end treatments

by the culvert speci er and provides

SPECIAL NOTE:

©T×D0T

BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

Class 3

Conc

(Wingwall)

(CY)

13.6

12.0

Total

Wingwai

Area

(SF)

228

210

Riprap

Apron

(CY)

12.0

11.7

(Curb)

(CY)

1.0

0.4

Anchor

Toewali

Length

(Ft)

N/A

N/A

Length of

Longest

(Ft)

22.998'

22.036

Culvert

Toewall

(Ft)

N/A

N/A

BCS

bcsstde1-20.dgn	DN: TxD	OT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T		
February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н.	GHWAY		
REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM 956			
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	YKM		FAYET	TE		55		

Curb to

End of

Wingwall

(Ft)

19.917

19.083

0 set

of End of

(Ft)

11.499'

11.018'

considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.

(3) Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.

07/03/2024

amanda anderle Fling, P.E.

AMANDA ANDERLE FLINO

\$TIME\$

7/3/2024

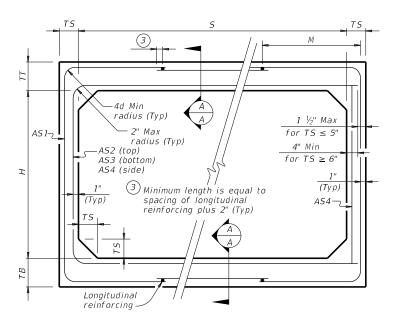
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						ВС	X DA	TA						
		N DIME			Fill	M		RE	INFORCI	NG (sq.	in. / ft.	, 2		1 Lift
S (ft.)	H (ft.)	TT (in.)	TB (in.)	TS (in.)	Height (ft.)	(Min) (in.)	AS1	AS2	A53	A54	AS5	AS7	AS8	Weigh:
10	4	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.33	0.34	0.27	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	16.5
10	4	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.38	0.35	0.30	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
10	4	10	10	10	3 - 5	53	0.31	0.28	0.27	0.24	_	-	-	16.5
10	4	10	10	10	10	52	0.36	0.32	0.33	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
10	4	10	10	10	15	52	0.47	0.42	0.43	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
10	4	10	10	10	20	52	0.61	0.54	0.55	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
10	4	10	10	10	25	52	0.75	0.67	0.68	0.24	-	-	-	16.5
10	5	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.30	0.36	0.30	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	17.5
10	5	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.35	0.39	0.34	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
10	5	10	10	10	3 - 5	52	0.28	0.31	0.30	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
10	5	10	10	10	10	52	0.33	0.35	0.36	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
10	5	10	10	10	15	47	0.42	0.46	0.47	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
10	5	10	10	10	20	47	0.55	0.59	0.61	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
10	5	10	10	10	25	47	0.68	0.73	0.75	0.24	-	-	-	17.5
10	6	10	10	10	< 2	_	0.28	0.38	0.33	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	18.5
10	6	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
10	6	10	10	10	3 - 5	53	0.26	0.34	0.33	0.24	_	_	_	18.5
10	6	10	10	10	10	52	0.30	0.38	0.39	0.24	_	_	-	18.5
10	6	10	10	10	15	47	0.39	0.49	0.51	0.24	-	_	-	18.5
10	6	10	10	10	20	47	0.50	0.63	0.65	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
10	6	10	10	10	25	47	0.61	0.78	0.80	0.24	-	-	-	18.5
10	7	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.25	0.40	0.36	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	19.5
10	7	10	10	10	2 < 3	58	0.30	0.45	0.40	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
10	7	10	10	10	3 - 5	58	0.24	0.36	0.35	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
10	7	10	10	10	10	52	0.28	0.40	0.42	0.24	-	-	-	19.5
10	7	10	10	10 10	15 20	47 47	0.36 0.46	0.52	0.54	0.24	_	_	_	19.5 19.5
10	7	10	10	10	25	47	0.46	0.82	0.85	0.24	_	_	_	19.5
10		10	10	10	23	47	0.50	0.02	0.03	0.24	_	_	_	19.5
10	8	10	10	10	< 2	-	0.24	0.41	0.38	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	20.5
10	8	10	10	10	2 < 3	64	0.27	0.47	0.43	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
10	8	10	10	10	3 - 5	58	0.24	0.38	0.38	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
10	8	10	10	10	10	52	0.26	0.42	0.44	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
10	8	10	10	10	15	47	0.34	0.54	0.57	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
10	8	10	10	10	20	47	0.43	0.69	0.72	0.24	-	-	-	20.5
10	9	10	10	10	< 2	_	0.24	0.42	0.41	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	21.5
10	9	10	10	10	2 < 3	70	0.26	0.50	0.46	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
10	9	10	10	10	3 - 5	64	0.24	0.40	0.40	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
10	9	10	10	10	10	58	0.25	0.43	0.46	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
10	9	10	10	10	15	52	0.32	0.56	0.59	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
10	9	10	10	10	20	47	0.40	0.71	0.75	0.24	-	-	-	21.5
10	10	10	10	10	< 2	_	0.24	0.44	0.44	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	22.5
10	10	10	10	10	2 < 3	- 79	0.24	0.44	0.44	0.24	-	-	-	22.5
10	10	10	10	10	3 - 5	79	0.23	0.32	0.48	0.24	_	_	_	22.5
10	10	10	10	10	10	64	0.24	0.44	0.48	0.24	_	_	_	22.5
10	10				1.5		0.20	0.77	0.70	0.2.1	-			-2.5

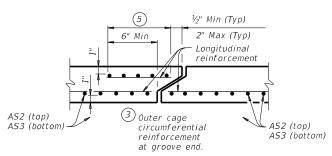
reinforcement per linear foot of box length. AS5 is minimum required area of reinforcement per linear foot of box width.



CORNER OPTION "A"

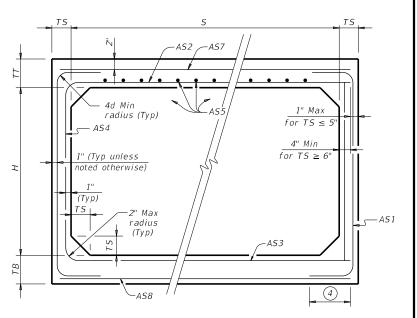
CORNER OPTION "B"

# FILL HEIGHT 2 FT AND GREATER



# SECTION A-A

(Showing top and bottom slab joint reinforcement.)



CORNER OPTION "A"

CORNER OPTION "B"

## FILL HEIGHT LESS THAN 2 FT

4 Length is equal to spacing of longitudinal reinforcing plus 2". (10" Min) (Typ)

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide 0.03 sq. in./ft. minimum longitudinal reinforcement at each face in slabs and walls. This minimum requirement may be met by the transverse wires when wire mesh

reínforcement is used. Provide Class H concrete (f`c = 5,000 psi).

## GENERAL NOTES:

Designs shown conform to ASTM C1577. Refer to ASTM C1577 for information or details not shown.

See Box Culverts Precast Miscellaneous Details (SCP-MD)

standard sheet for details and notes not shown. In lieu of furnishing the designs shown on this sheet, the contractor may furnish an alternate design that is equal to or exceeds the box design for the design II height in the table. Submit shop plans for alternate designs in accordance with Item "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication)".

### HL93 LOADING



SINGLE BOX CULVERTS

**PRECAST** 10'-0" SPAN

SCP-10

			_	<i>,</i> C <i>i</i>	10		
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©T×D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
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10

10

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2 AS1 thru AS4, AS7 and AS8 are minimum required areas of

15

52

52

0.30

0.38

0.57

0.73

0.61

0.77

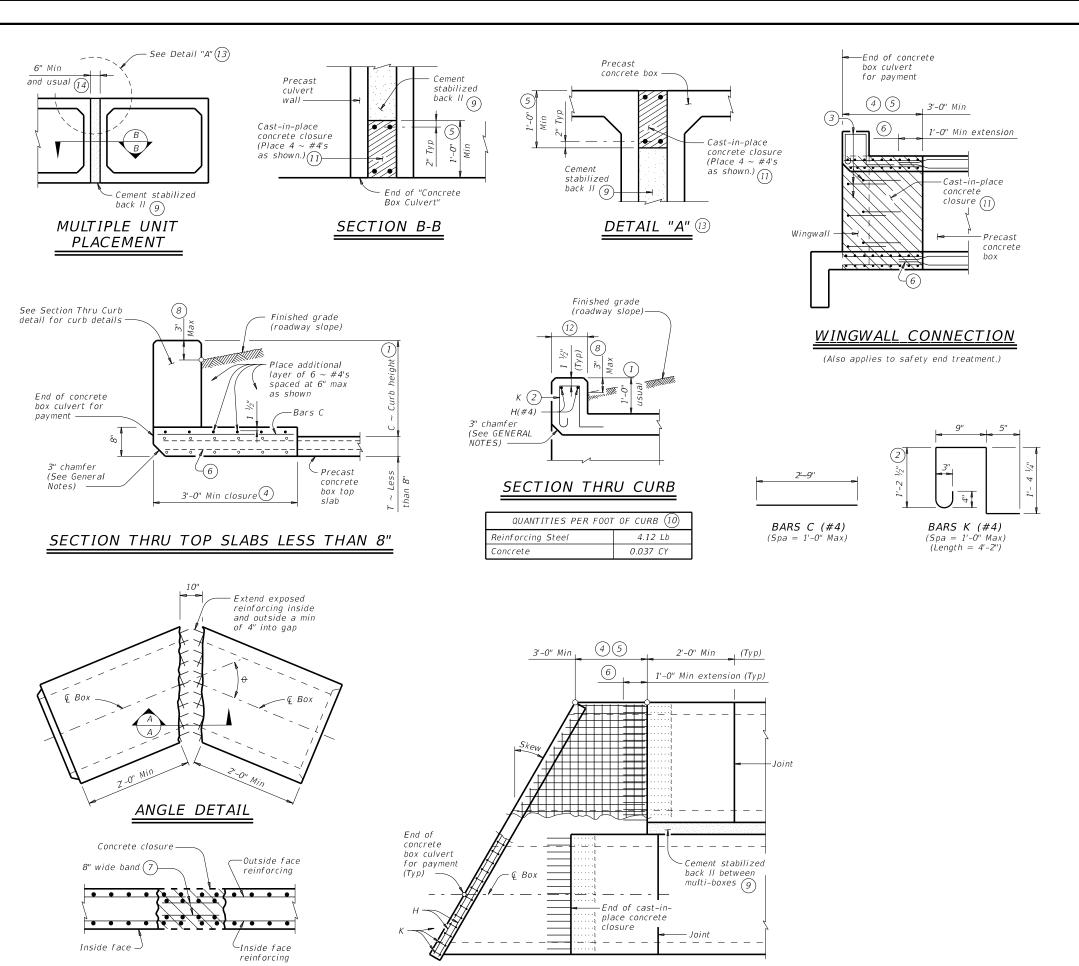
0.24

22.5

22.5



SECTION A-A



PLAN OF SKEWED ENDS (Showing multi-box placement.)

- 1 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail, bicycle rail, or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (2) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- 3 Extend curb, wingwall, or safety end treatment reinforcing into concrete closure. Bend or trim, as necessary, any reinforcing that does not t into closure area.
- Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place concrete closure. Break back boxes in the eld or cast boxes short. Provide bands of reinforcing in the closure that are the same size and spacing as in the precast box section. Provide #4 longitudinal reinforcement spaced at 12 inches Max within the closure. Except where shown otherwise, construct the cast-in-place closure ush with the inside and outside faces of the precast box section.
- (5) For multiple unit placements, adjust the length of the closure for the interior walls as necessary. Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place closure in the top slab, bottom slab, and exterior wall. See Section B-B detail when interior walls are cast full length.
- $\stackrel{\hbox{\Large }}{(6)}$  Extend precast box reinforcing a minimum of 1'-0" into concrete closure (Typ).
- 7 Place bands of reinforcing matching the inside and outside face reinforcing in the gaps of the top and bottom slabs. Place a band matching the outside face reinforcing of the wall in the gaps of the walls (placed in the outside face only). Tack weld the bands to the exposed reinforcing at each point of contact.
- 8 For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above nished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs ush with nished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (9) Cement stabilized back II between boxes is considered part of the box culvert
- 10 All curb concrete and reinforcing is considered part of the box culvert for payment.
- (11) Any additional concrete and reinforcing required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert for payment.
- 12 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans
- (13) For multiple unit placement with overlay, with 1 to 2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the nal riding surface, provide wall closure as shown in Detail "A".
- This dimension may be increased with approval of the Engineer to allow the precast boxes to be tunneled or jacked in accordance with Item 476, "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box". No payment will be made for any additional material in the gap between adjacent boxes.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide ASTM A1064 welded wire reinforcement. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for the closures.

Provide cement stabilized back II meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Back II for Structures."

Any additional concrete required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert.

Reinforcing bars dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations. Refer to the Single Box Culverts Precast (SCP) standard sheets for details and

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab closure 3 inches at culvert closure ends.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

### HL93 LOADING



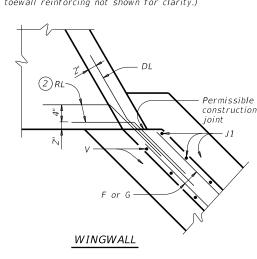
**BOX CULVERTS PRECAST** MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SCP-MD

Bridge Division Standard

			_		-			
E:	SCPMDSTS-20.dgn	DN: GAF		ck: LMW	ow: B	NH/TxD	OT :	ck: GAF
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		IWAY
	REVISIONS	1266	01	008	3	F	М	956
		DIST		COUNTY			5	HEET NO.
		YKM	FAYETTE					57

# INSIDE ELEVATION (Showing reinforcing, Culvert and culvert toewall reinforcing not shown for clarity.)



CORNER DETAILS

(Culvert and culvert toewall reinforcing not shown for clarity.)

## 1'-0" #4 4 #6 Μ #4 4 #4 1'-0" RS #5 RL#5 3 #4 TABLE OF ESTIMATED CULVERT TOEWALL QUANTITIES Bar Size No. Spa #4 1'-6" #4 Q Reinf (Lb/Ft) 2.45 Conc (CY/Ft) 0.037

TABLE OF WINGWALL

REINFORCING

### (2~wings) WING DIMENSION FORMULAS: Size No. Spa (All values are in feet.) #5 Hw = H + T + C - 0.250#5 1'-0" = (Hw - 0.333')(SL) $B = (A) [tanget (\theta + 15^\circ)]$ #4 1'-0" $Lw = (A) \div [cosine (\theta + 15^\circ)]$ For cast-in-place culverts: $Ltw = [(N) (S) + (N + 1) (U)] \div cosine \theta$ For precast culverts: Ltw = $\dot{[}(N)(2U + S) + (N - 1)(0.5')] \div cosine \theta$ = Height of wingwall

Toe of

**FOOTING** 

AND TOEWALL

slope

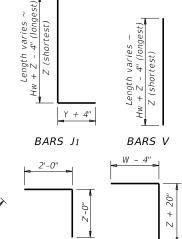
SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal:1 vertical)
A = Length of short wingwalls

= Length of long wingwall = Culvert toewall length = Number of culvert spans = Culvert skew See applicable box culvert standard sheet for H, S, T, and U values.

DL DS Total wingwall area (two wings  $\sim SF$ ) = 0.5 (Hw + 0.333') (Lw + A)

BARS DS (Short wina) BARS DL (Long wing) 2'-0" BARS RS (Short wing)

BARS RL (Long wing)



BARS L BARS J2

Culvert bottom slab reinforcing Culvert toewall

See Corner

Details

Lenath of winas

PLAN

(Showing dimensions and 30° skew.)

based on SL:1

slope along

this line.

SECTION B-B 5

 $\stackrel{ ext{\scriptsize (1)}}{ ext{\scriptsize Extend Bars P 3'-0"}}$  minimum into bottom slab of box culvert.

2) Adjust as necessary to maintain 1 1#2" clear cover and 4" minimum between bars.

 $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigcirc}{3}$  Quantities shown are based on an average wing height for two wings (one structure end). To determine total quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values by  $0.5 \times (A + Lw)$ .

4 Recommended values of side slope are: 2:1, 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1.

(5) When shown elsewhere on the plans, construct "S" deep concrete riprap. Payment for riprap is as required by Item 432, "Riprap". Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, provide a 6" wide by 1'-6" deep reinforced concrete toewall along all edges of the riprap adjacent to natural ground; reinforce the toewall by extending typical riprap reinforcing into the toewall; and extend construction joints or grooved joints oriented in the direction of ow across the full distance of the riprap at intervals of approximately 20'. When such riprap is provided, the culvert toewall shown in SECTION B-B will not be required.

6 At Contractor's option, culvert toewall may be ended ush with wingwall toewall. Adjust reinforcing as needed.

(7) Applicable values of skew are: 15°, 30°, and 45°.

8 Typical wingwall angle for all skews.

9 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.

(10) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:

• For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above nished grade.

• For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs ush

with nished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

In riprap concrete, synthetic bers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations.

When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed by the Engineer. See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet

for additional dimensions and information.

The quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are for Contractor's information only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.



CONCRETE WINGWALLS WITH FLARED WINGS FOR SKEWED BOX CULVERTS

FW-S

3:	fw-sstde-20.dgn	DN: GAF		CK: CAT	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY	
	REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM 956		
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		YKM		FAYETTE			58	

(Typ)

Construction ioint

Wingwall toewall

SECTION A-A

- A - J

· Variable ~ See Bridge Layout

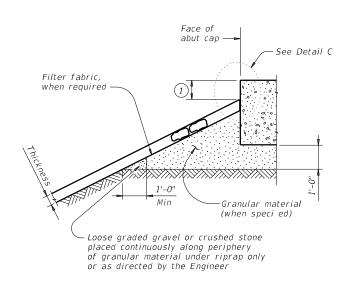
Edge slab

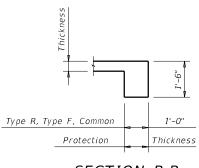
Toe of

slope

See Layout for slope

7/3/2024 \$F11 F\$

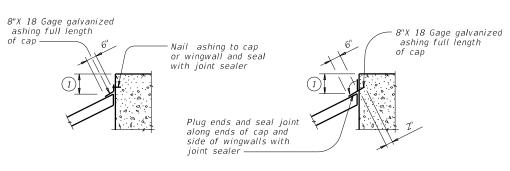




# SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

# SECTION A-A AT CAP



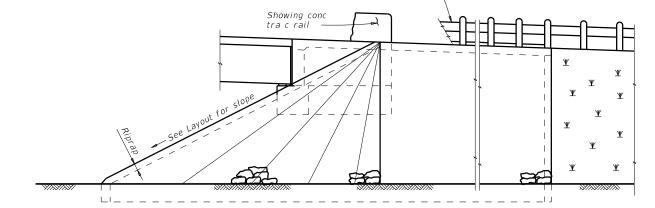
### CAP OPTION A

### CAP OPTION B

# DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap speci ed.
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.



See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

ELEVATION

<u>PLAN</u>

Approach slab or pavement

Toewall,

See Layout for limits

as required

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.



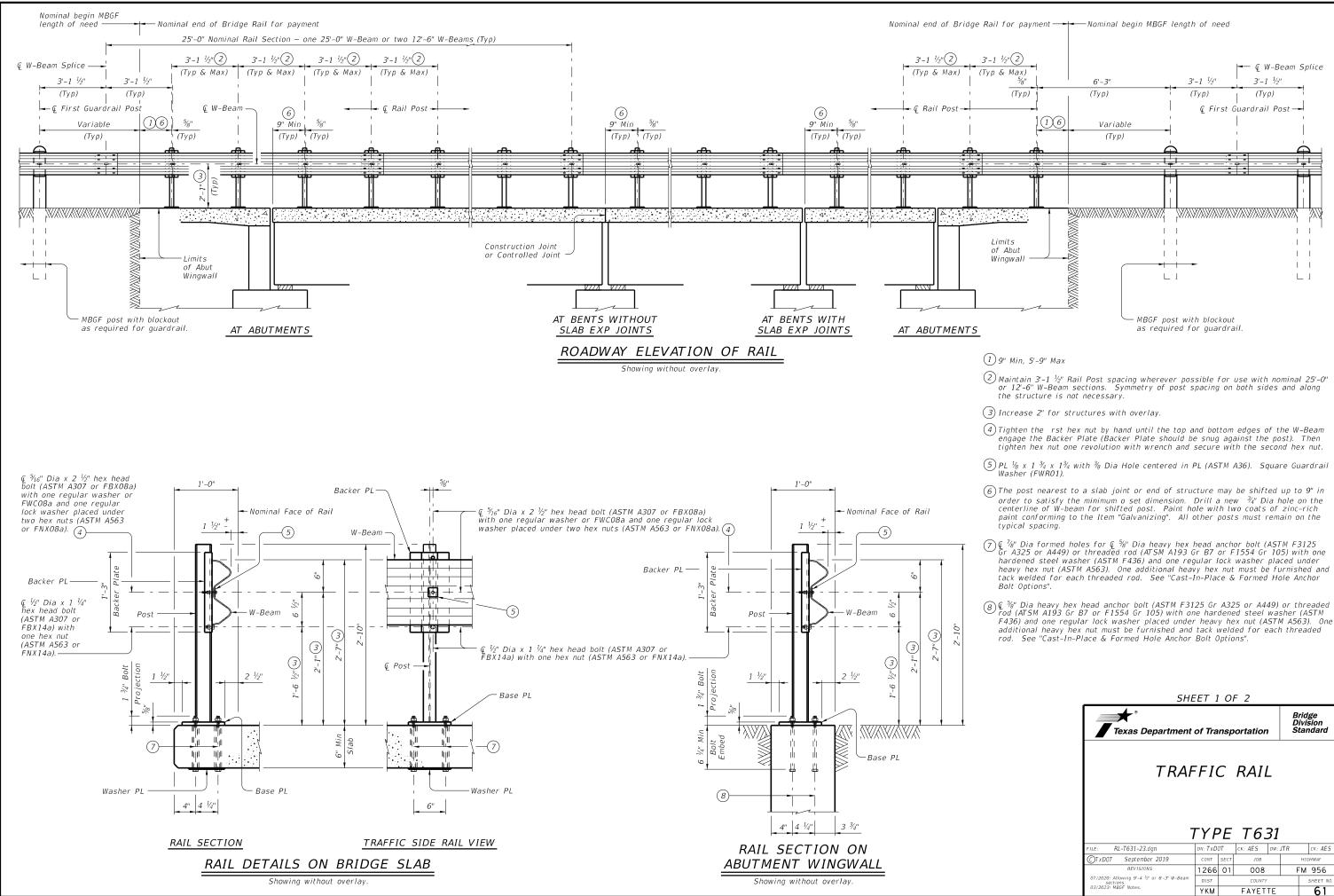


# STONE RIPRAP

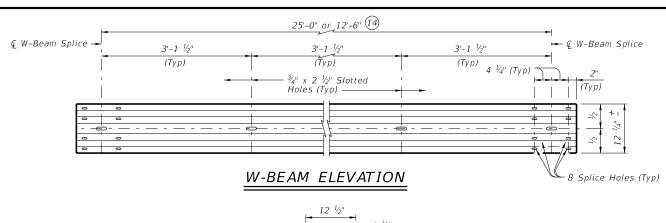
			SF	R		
FILE: srrstde1-19.dgn	DN: AES		ck: JGD	DW: [	BWH	CK: AES
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	1266	01	800		F	M 956
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		FAYET	TE		59

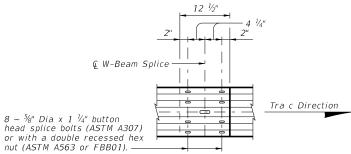




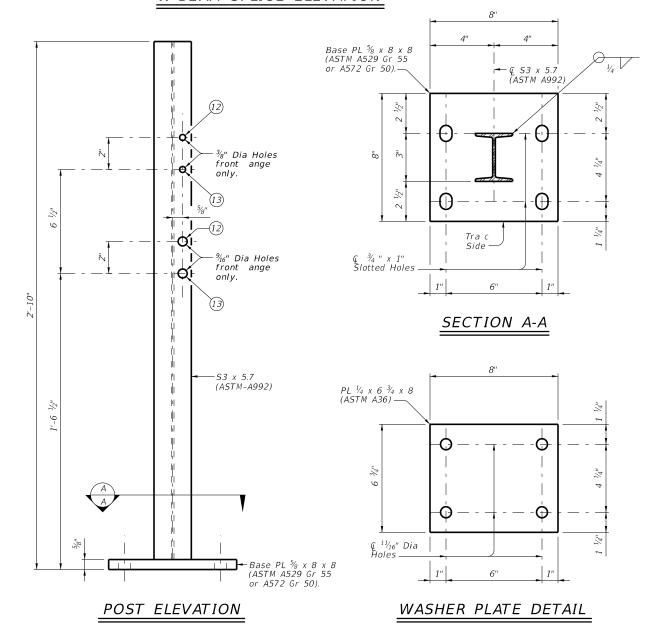








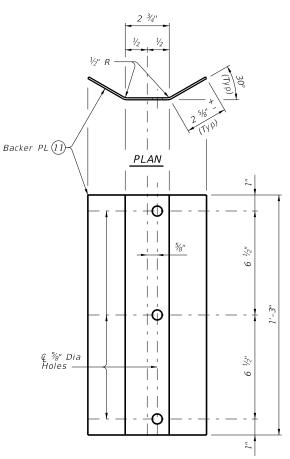
# W-BEAM SPLICE ELEVATION



 $\ ^{\circ}$  %" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolt (ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449) or threaded rod (ATSM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). One additional heavy hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each threaded rod. Tack Weld Flush or

# CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS 10

- (9) See "Rail Details On Bridge Slab" and/or "Rail Section On Abutment Wingwall"
- (10) See "Material Notes" for anchor bolt information.
- (1) Backer PL  $\frac{1}{8}$  x 8 x 1'-3" (ASTM A1011 CS or SS Gr 33, or A1008 CS or SS Gr 33 (11 Gage acceptable)).
- (12) Used for structures with overlay.
- (13) Used for structures without overlay.
- (14) At the nominal end of the bridge rail for payment, one 9'-4  $\frac{1}{2}$ " or 6'-3" W-beam section is permitted in order to achieve the required W-Beam splice location on the MBGF.



### MBGF AND END TREATMENT NOTES:

This tra c railing must be anchored by metal beam guard fence (MBGF) and guard fence end treatments. Determine MBGF length of need in accordance with the Roadway Design Manual, unless otherwise speci ed. The minimum MBGF length of need required for anchoring the railing is 25' of MBGF plus the appropriate end treatment installed tangent to the primary roadway

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail post must be plumb unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Post must be perpendicular to adjacent roadway grade. Use epoxy mortar under post base plates if gaps larger than  $V_{16}$ " exist. Fully anchored quardrail must be attached to each end of rail.

A metal beam guard fence transition is not used with this rail.

At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor system. See "Material Notes". Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests".

Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing

It is recommended to show a Rail Layout with rail posts and W-beam splices. Fabricator must submit erection drawings to the Engineer for approval.

Round or chamfer exposed edges of rail post and backer plate to approximately  $\frac{1}{16}$  by grinding. Shop drawings are not required for this rail.

# MATERIAL NOTES: Galvanize all steel components.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be 5%" Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchorage system must be  $\frac{5}{8}$ " Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is  $4\,\,^3\!4''$ . Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approva prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing,"

W-beam must meet the requirements of Item 540, "Metal Beam Guard Fence" except as modi ed in the plans. The Contractor may furnish rail elements of 25'-0" or 12'-6" (Nominal) lengths and a single rail element of 9'-4  $\frac{1}{2}$ " or 6'-3" (Nominal) length. W-Beam must have slotted holes at 3'-1 1/2

Some part numbers from the "Task Force 13" Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware have been furnished for quick reference.

GENERALing NOTES Sen successfully evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This railing can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater. This rail is designed to de ect approximately 4' to 4'-6" as it

contains and redirects the errant vehicle. This rail may not be installed on top of or behind curbs that project above 'nished grade, on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement, on retaining walls, or on grade separations and

Repairs to impact-damaged post and base plate unit are not permitted. Replace all impact-damaged posts with a new post and base plate unit.

Average weight of railing with no overlay: 20 plf total.

### SHEET 2 OF 2



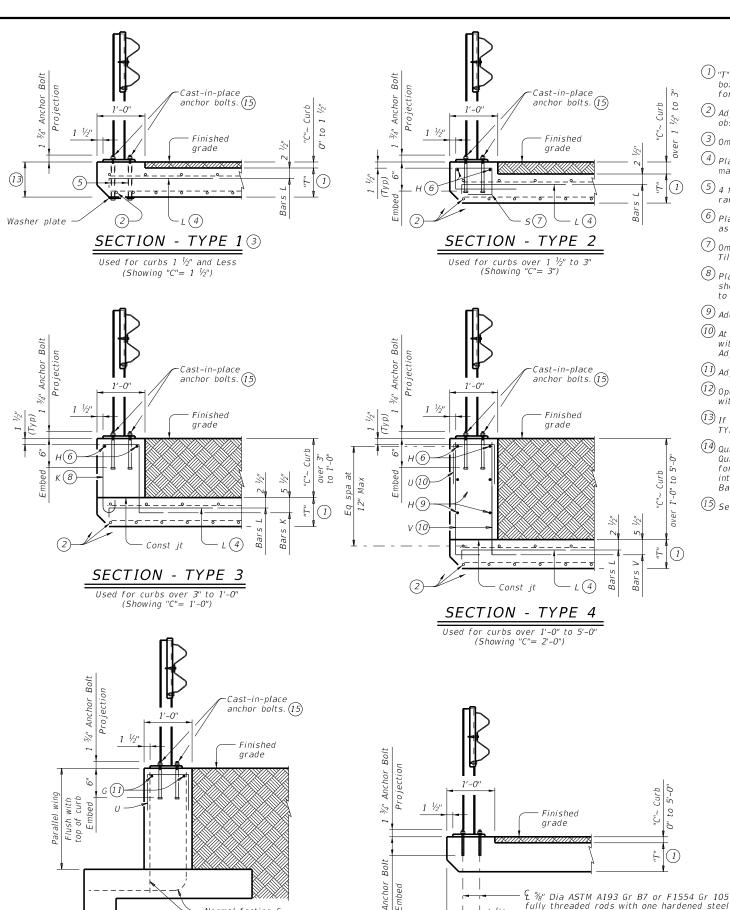
TRAFFIC RAIL

**TYPE T631** 

-		_		_			
FILE: RL-T631-23.dgn	DN: TxD	OT	CK: AES	DW: J	TR	ck: AES	
©TxD0T September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		1	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1266	01	800			M 956	
07/2020: Allowing 9'-4 ½" or 6'-3" W-Beam sections.	DIST	DIST COUN			JNTY SHEET NO.		
03/2023: MBGF Notes	YKM		FAYET	ΤE		62	

ELEVATION BACKER PLATE





Normal footing &

wall reinforcina

TYPICAL SECTION THRU PARALLEL WINGWALL (15)

# OPTIONAL ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE

Optional adhesive anchor may replace cast-in-place anchor bolts for Type 1 thru Type 4 and on Typical Section Thru Parallel Wingwalls. Reinforcement for optional adhesive anchorage matches details shown for Type 1 thru Type 4 and on Typical Section Thru Parallel Wingwalls.

washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer

placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for anchor installation.

1 "T" is equal to the culvert top slab thickness. For precast boxes with slabs less than 8" thick, see SCP-MD standard for additional details

(2) Adjust normal culvert slab bars as necessary to clear

(3) Omit normal culvert curb Bars K and H.

(4) Place Bars L as shown. Tilt hook as necessary to maintain cover.

(5) 4 formed holes for anchor bolts at each rail post. See rail standard for information not shown.

(6) Place normal culvert curb Bars H (#4) as shown. Adjust as necessary to clear obstructions.

7) Omit normal culvert curb Bars K. Place Bars S as shown. Tilt Bars S as necessary to maintain cover.

8 Place normal culvert curb Bars K spaced at 12" Max as shown. Tilt Bars K as necessary to maintain cover. Refer to box culvert details sheets for Bars K details.

Additional Bars H (#4) as required to maintain 12" Max spa.

(10) At TYPE 4 mountings, replace normal culvert curb Bars K with one Bar U and two Bars V as shown spaced at 12" Max. Adjust length of Bars V as necessary to maintain clear cover.

(11) Adjust parallel wing Bars G to positions shown.

(2) Optional Bars L are to be used only for precast box culverts with 3'-0" closure pour.

[13] If "T" plus "C" is greater than 8", provide reinforcement per TYPE 1 mounting and anchor bolts per TYPE 2 mounting.

(14) Quantities shown are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are per linear foot of curb length. The values for each section type in table can be interpolated for intermediate values of curb height, "C". Quantity includes Bars K (when applicable).

(15) See "Cast-In-Place & Formed Hole Anchor Bolt Options."

threaded rod (ATSM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105)

with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and

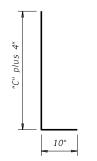
one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex

nut (ASTM A563). One

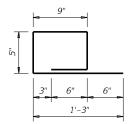
threaded rod.

additional heavy hex nut must be furnished and tack welded for each

Gr A325 or A449) or

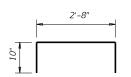


BARS V (#5) (10) Spaced at 12" Max



BARS S (#4) (7) Spaced at 12" Max

BARS L (#5) (4)(12) Spaced at 12" Max



OPTIONAL BARS L (#5) 412

Spaced at 12" Max



BARS U (#4) (10) Spaced at 12" Max

BOX CULVERT MOUNTING DETAILS FOR TYPE T631LS & T631 RAILS (CURBS 5' TALL AND LESS ONLY) T631-CM

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		YKM		FAYET	TE		6.3	П

Weld Flush or CAST-IN-PLACE & FORMED HOLE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

Applies to T631LS and T631 tra c rails

## CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

For vehicle safety, nished grade must be ush with top of curb. Adjust reinforcing as necessary to provide  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " cover. At the Contractor's option, anchor bolts may be an adhesive anchor

TABLE OF ESTIMATED CURB QUANTITIES (14)

(CY/LF)

0.005

0.009

0.019

0.037

0.056

0.074

0.093

0.111

0.130

0 148

0.167

0.185

Steel

(Lb/LF,

4.7

8.4

8.9

8.9

14.3

15.4

17.7

18.8

21.2

22.2

24.6

25.6

Section

4

4

4

4

Height

6"

1'-0"

1'-6"

2'-0"

2'-6"

3'-0"

3'-6"

4'-0"

4'-6'

5'-0"

. Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3. "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide concrete for curb of the same Class and strength as the box culvert top slab.

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere.

Anchor bolts for base plate must be  $\frac{5}{8}$ " Dia ASTM F3125 Gr A325 or A449 bolts (or ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 threaded rods with one tack welded heavy hex nut each) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.

Optional adhesive anchor system must be  $\frac{5}{8}$ " Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4 3/4". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approva prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing."

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design

See T631LS or T631 rail standard for approved speed

restrictions, notes and details not shown.

The curb is considered as part of the box culvert for payment. These details are for use with curbs that are 5'-0" tall and less only. Curb heights that are less than or greater than those shown will require special design.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

The use of the T631LS rail is restricted to speeds of 45 mph or less.



FAYETTE

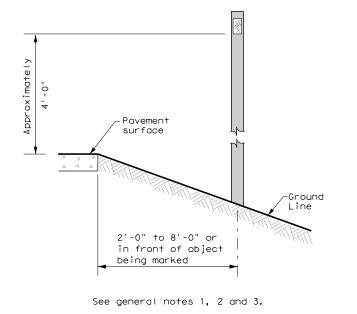
# DELINEATORS AND TYPE 2 OBJECT MARKERS

WAP

12" Dia.

PLASTIC

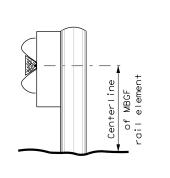
(Approx.)



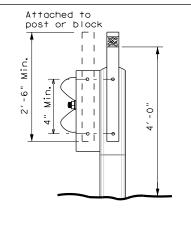
# TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS

### GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT

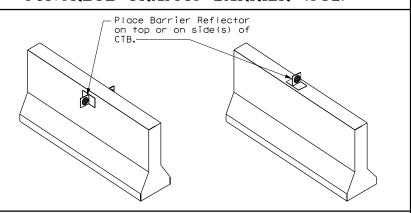
GF2



GF 1



## CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)



### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement.
- 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction.
- 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible.
- 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface.
- 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.



OBJECT MARKER INSTALLATION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

D & OM(2) - 20

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C TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
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10-09 3-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-10 7-20	YKM		FAYET	E		65

-Ground Line Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom of the chevron is permitted for chevrons that will not exceed a height of 6'-6" to the top of the chevron (sizes  $24" \times 30"$  and

Pavemensurface

> Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of  $7^\prime$  to the bottom of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall be installed per SMD standard sheets and paid under item 644.

-Ground

Line

-Pavement

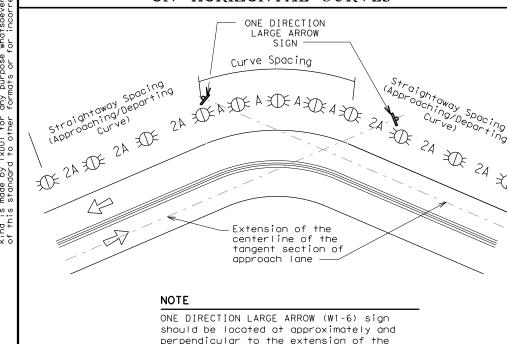
surface

is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any propose whatsoever. Ixplo assumes no responsibility for the conversion

# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Turn Posted Speed (30 MPH or less)		Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons				

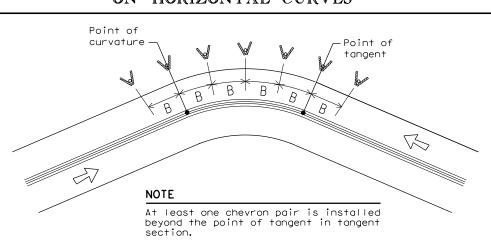
# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET							
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve				
		Α	2A	В				
1	5730	225	450					
2	2865	160	320					
3	1910	130	260	200				
4	1433	110	220	160				
5	1146	100	200	160				
6	955	90	180	160				
7	819	85	170	160				
8	716	75	150	160				
9	637	75	150	120				
10	573	70	140	120				
1 1	521	65	130	120				
12	478	60	120	120				
13	441	60	120	120				
14	409	55	110	80				
15	382	55	110	80				
16	358	55	110	80				
19	302	50	100	80				
23	249	40	80	80				
29	198	35	70	40				
38	151	30	60	40				
57	101	20	40	40				

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Chevron Spacina Advisory Spacing Spacing in Speed in in Straightaway (MPH) Curve Curve 2×A 130 200 65 260 110 220 160 55 100 200 160 50 85 170 160 45 75 150 120 40 70 140 120 35 120 60 120 30 55 110 80 25 50 100 80 40 80 80 20

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

70

40

35

# DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100′ max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
		See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

# NOTES

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND						
X)X	Bi-directional Delineator					
K	Delineator					
4	Sign					

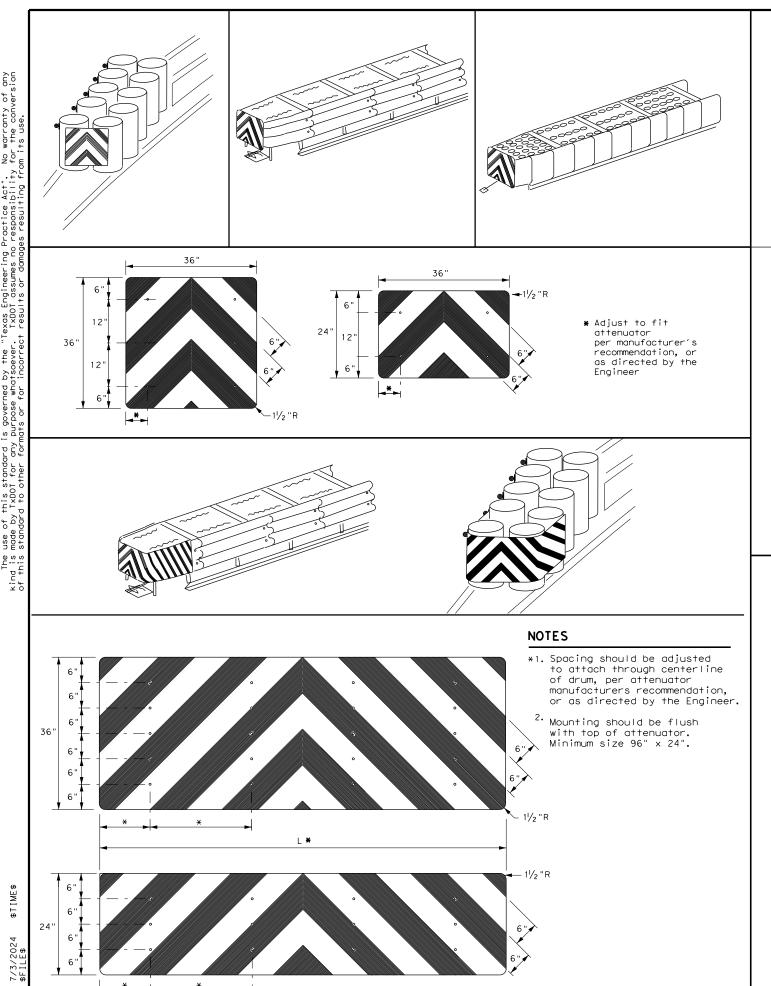


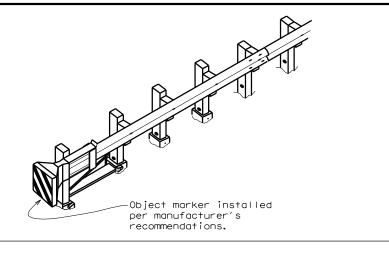
Traffic Safety Division Standard

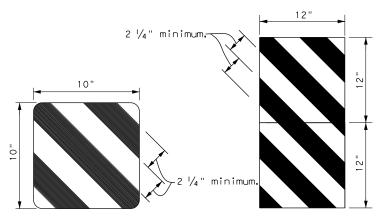
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

E: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	OOT	ck: TXDOT Dw: TXDOT		DOT	ck: TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM	956
15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		s	HEET NO.
15 7-20	YKM		FAYET	ГЕ		66

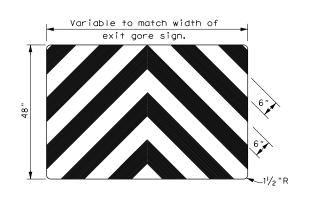






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2

**EXIT** 444 BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)



### NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

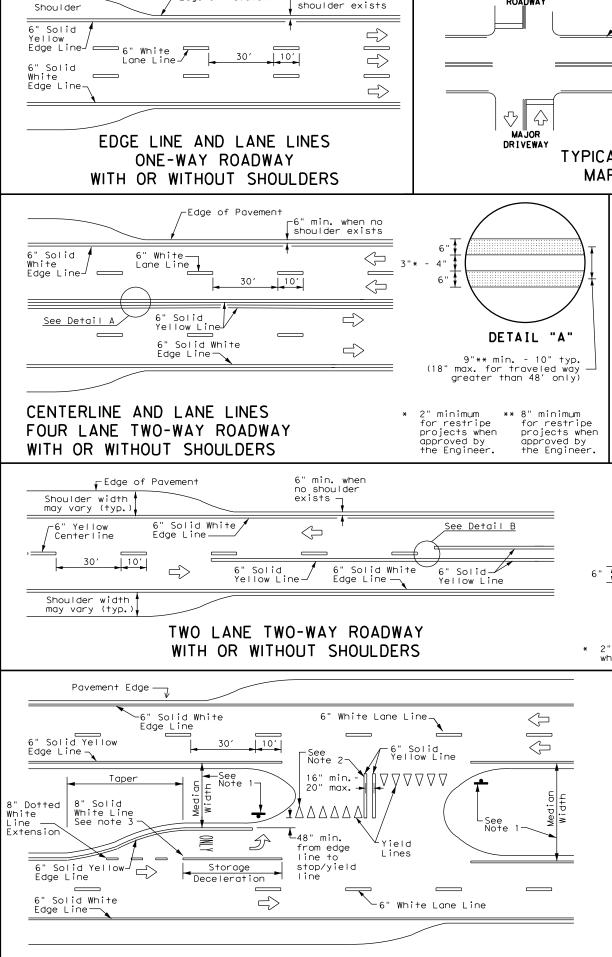


Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS** 

D & OM(VIA) - 20

D & 0.	<b>v</b> · · ·	<b>v</b> <u>t</u>	,,,	_		
FILE:domyig20.dgn	DN: TX	OT	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FI	vi 956
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	YKM		FAYET1	ГΕ		68



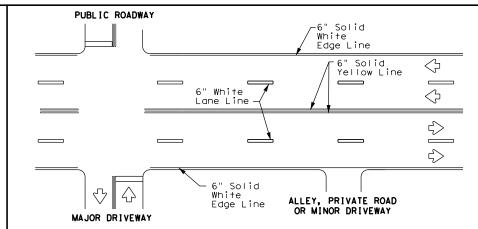
FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

-6" min. when no

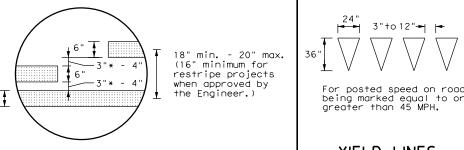
-Edge of Pavement

# 6" Solid White ROADWAY 6" Solid Yellow Line Edge Line $\Diamond$ <> Solid ALLEY, PRIVATE ROAD Edge Line

# TYPICAL TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



# TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



DETAIL "B" \* 2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

1. Where divided highways are

separated by median widths at

the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median

openings shall be signed as

NOTES

# 3" to 12"→ | For posted speed on road

# YIELD LINES



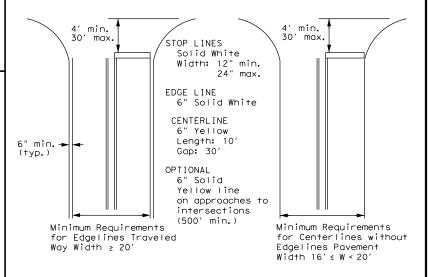
For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

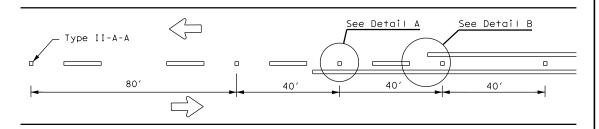


TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

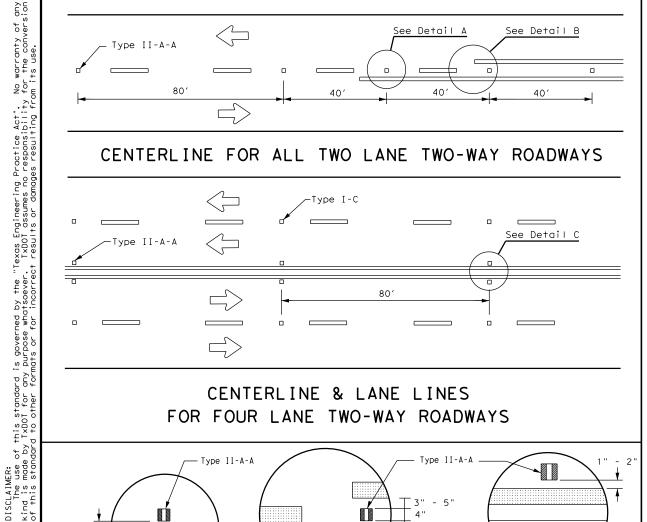
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

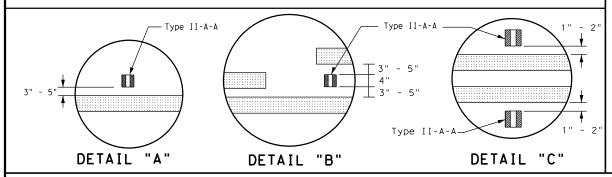
E: pm1-22.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:			CK:		
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	SHWAY	
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	1266	01	008		FM	FM 956	
-16 8-00 8-20 -95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
-00 2-12	YKM	FAYETTE				69	



## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

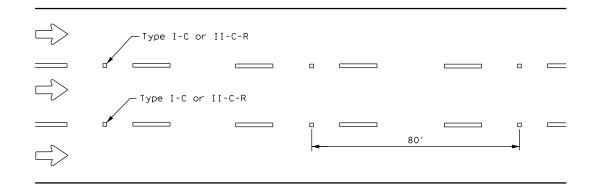


# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



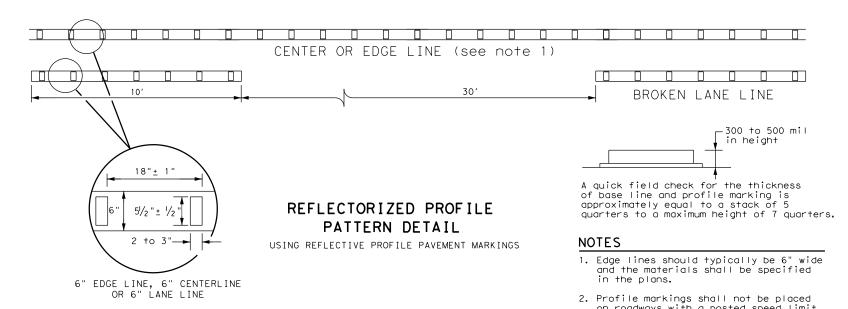
# Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Type II-A-A Continuous two-way left turn lane Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

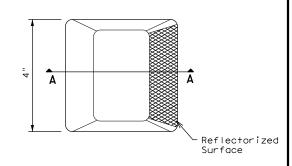


### GENERAL NOTES

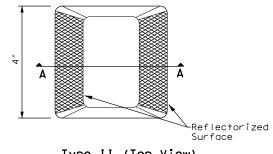
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- 3. Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

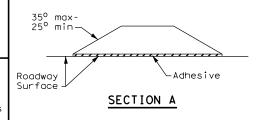
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

LE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -77 8-00 6-20	1266	01	800	F	M 956
-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 2-12	YKM		FAYET	ΤE	70

on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

# SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

### Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

### Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- WS = Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))

- T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

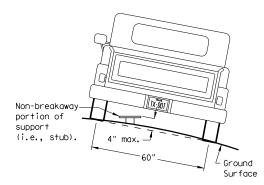
- 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
- BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

diameter

circle /

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

# REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

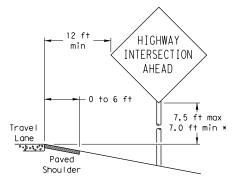
diameter

Not Acceptable

circle

Not Acceptable

PAVED SHOULDERS



### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

### HIGHWAY 6 ft min -INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min Lane Paved Shoul der

SIGN LOCATION

### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

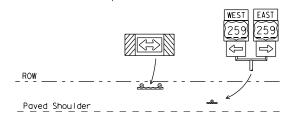
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min -

**←** 6 ft min —

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*



Edge of Travel Lane

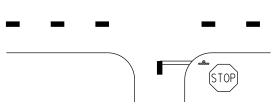
Travel

Lane

0.20.400

Paved

Shoul der



- \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

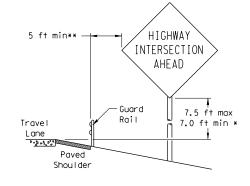
The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

## Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

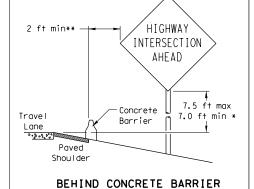
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY		IGHWAY	
	1266	01	800	008		√ 956
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM FAYETTE			71		

# BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



\*\*Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

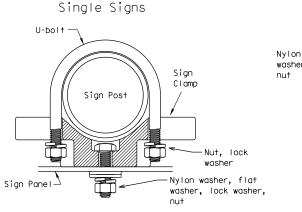
# TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

diameter

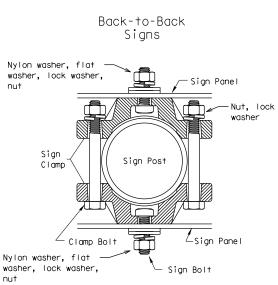
circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp the universal clamp.



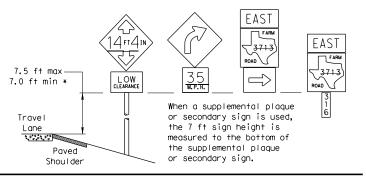
diameter

circle

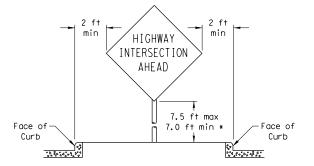
Acceptable

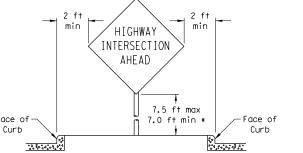
	Approximate Bolt Length					
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				

# SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

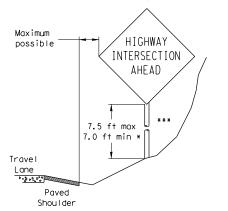


### CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND









Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

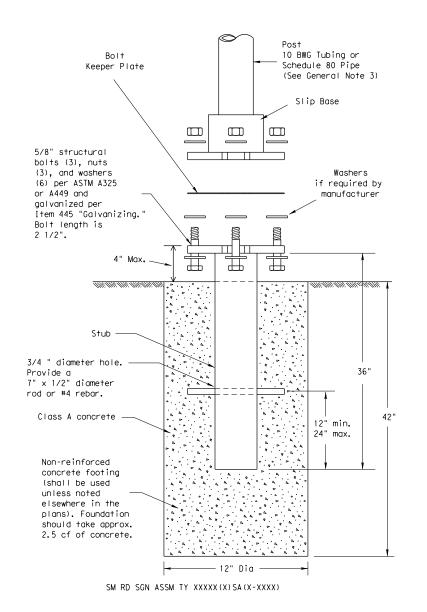
\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



SMD (GEN) -08

©TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
· 08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	1266	01	008		-M 956	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	YKM		FAYET1	ΓE	71	

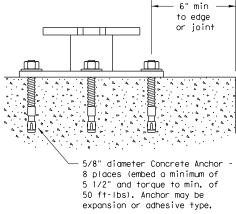
# TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

## CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor. when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter) 0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub.
- Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground. 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

### Support

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



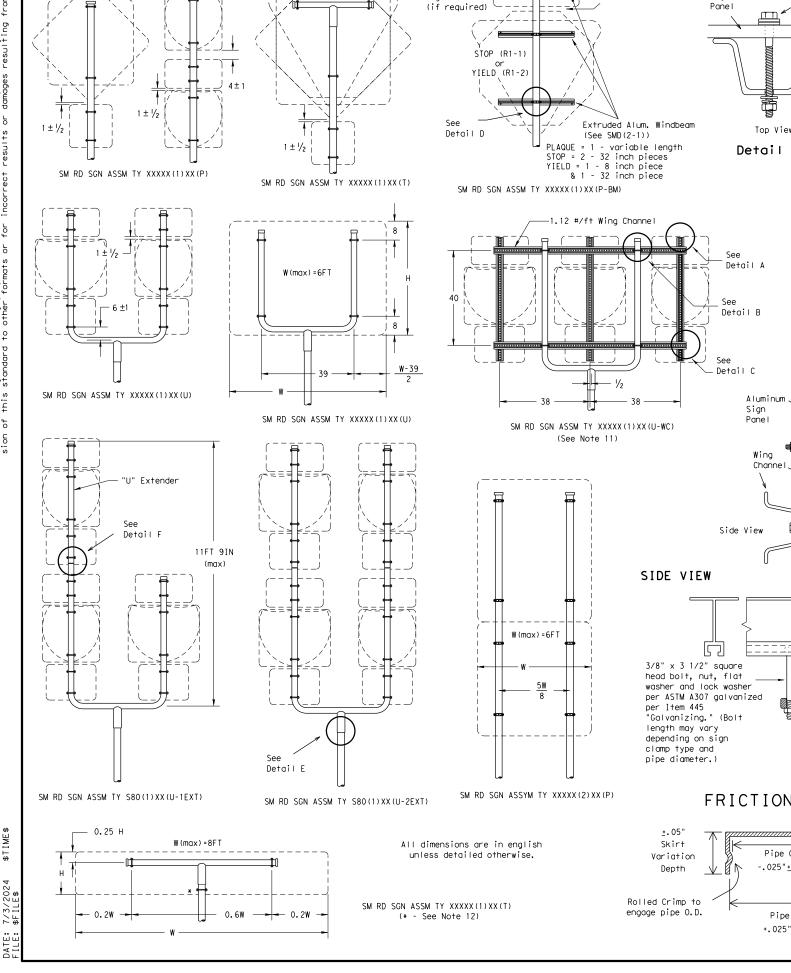
# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXE	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
0-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY	
	1266	01	008		FM 956		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	YKM		FAYETT	ГΕ		72	







ONF-WAY

Sian

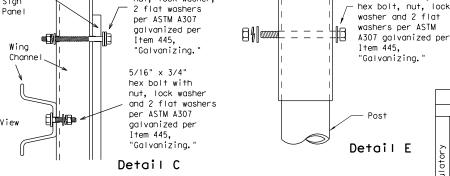
(R6-1) or

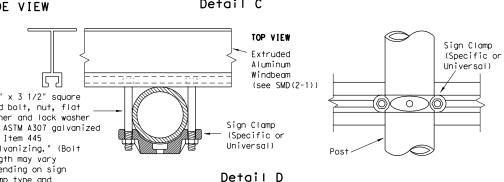
Street Name

Nylon washer, 5/16" x 1 3/4" Aluminum hex bolt with Sign nut, lock washer, 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 Wina galvanized per Channe I Item 445. Sign Clamp "Galvanizing. (Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" hex bolt with nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Top View Detail B galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing. Detail A

> Drill 7/16" hole 3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex (through) after bolt with nut, lock washer assembly and install and 2 flat washers per ASTM bolt, nut, 2 flat A307 galvanized per 1 1/2" washers and Item 445 "Galvanizing. lock washer. 1.1 Extender \_\_\_\_ 1.1 1.1 Detail F U-Bracket

Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.





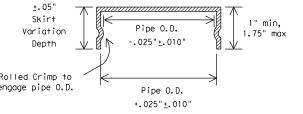
Nylon washer,

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

nut, lock washer,

## FRICTION CAP DETAIL



Gap between

plaques

shall be

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

T&U Bracket

1/2" x 4" heavy

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.
- Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

  4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly' connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle.

  8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11 Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION SUPPORT						
ry	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
Warning	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					

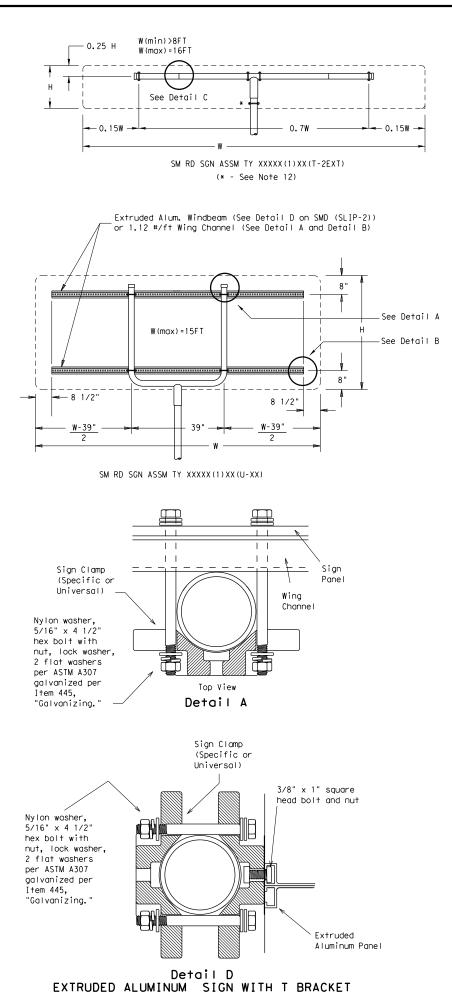


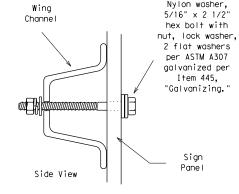
## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	ЮТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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	YKM		FAYET	ГΕ		7.3

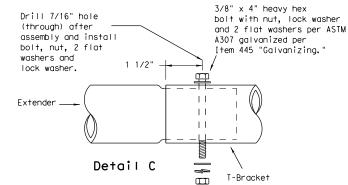




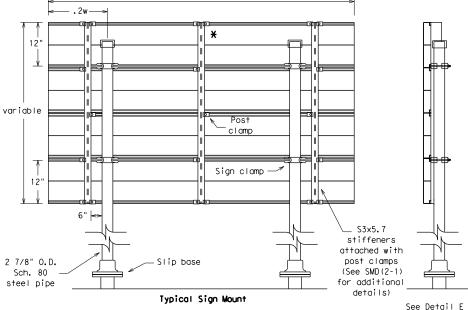


Detail B

w variable

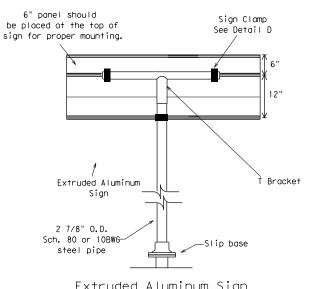


Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

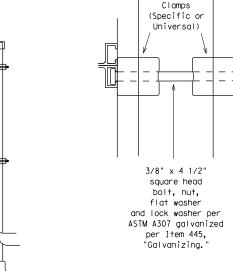


SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

\* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

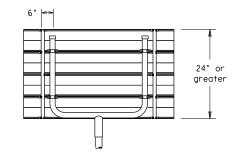


Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket



Sign

Detail E



for clamp installation

Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details

See Detail E for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.
- Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
  4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly' connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12.Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
2	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
2	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				

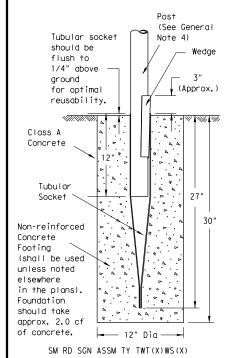


## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
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	1266	01	008		FM	956
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## Wedge Anchor Steel System



## Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System

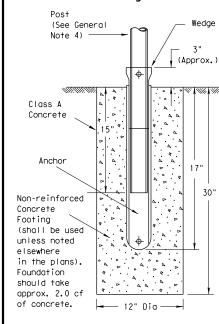
Friction Cap

or Plug. See

detail on SMD

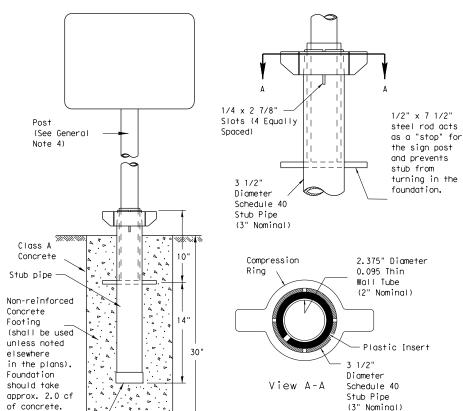
SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)

(Slip-2)

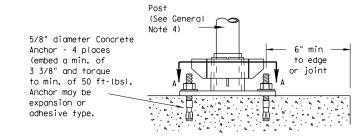


SMD RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)WP(X)

# Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post



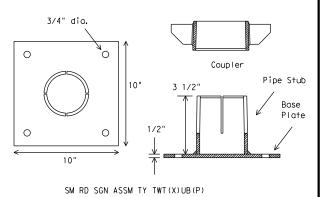
Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.



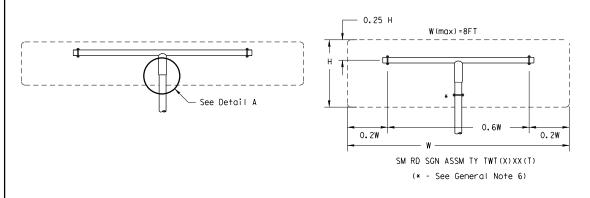
Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

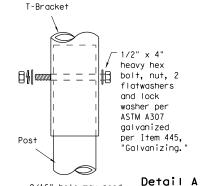
Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives."

Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



#### Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### GENERAL NOTE

- The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.

  3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is:
- http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm

  4. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:
  13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)
  - 0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099"
Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381"
Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

#### WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer.
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

#### UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other depris.
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod.
- Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.
- 8. Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD(TWT)-08

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# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING			



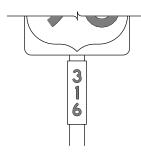




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING			
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

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REVISIONS		1266	01	008		FM	956
12-03 7-	13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		YKM		FAYET	ГΕ		76

## REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









#### REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

## REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

## REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

	SHEETING RE	QUIREMENTS
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

#### REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

	SHEETING REQU	IREMENTS
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



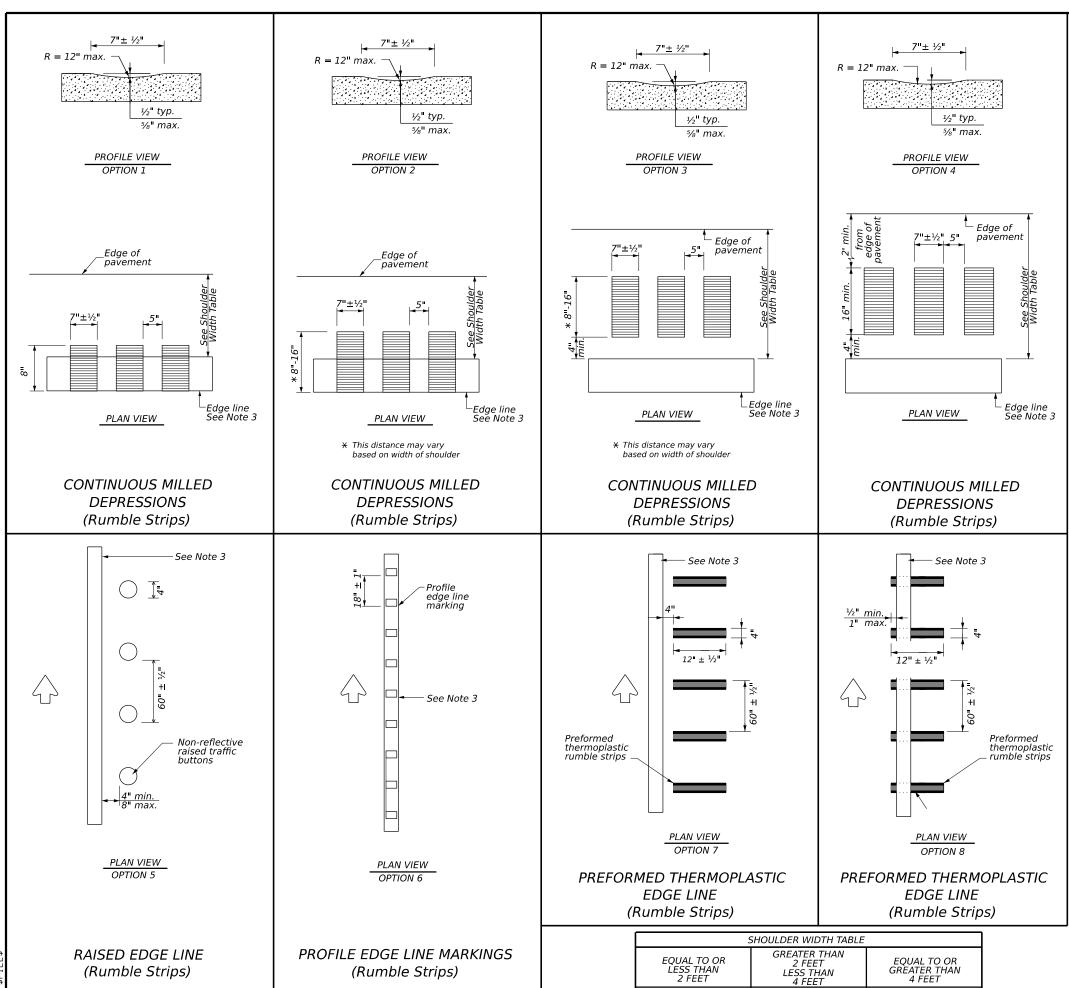


## TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

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Option 1, 5, 6 or 8

Option 1, 2, 3 5, 6 or 7 Option 2, 4, 5 6 or 7

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- 5. Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 6. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

#### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

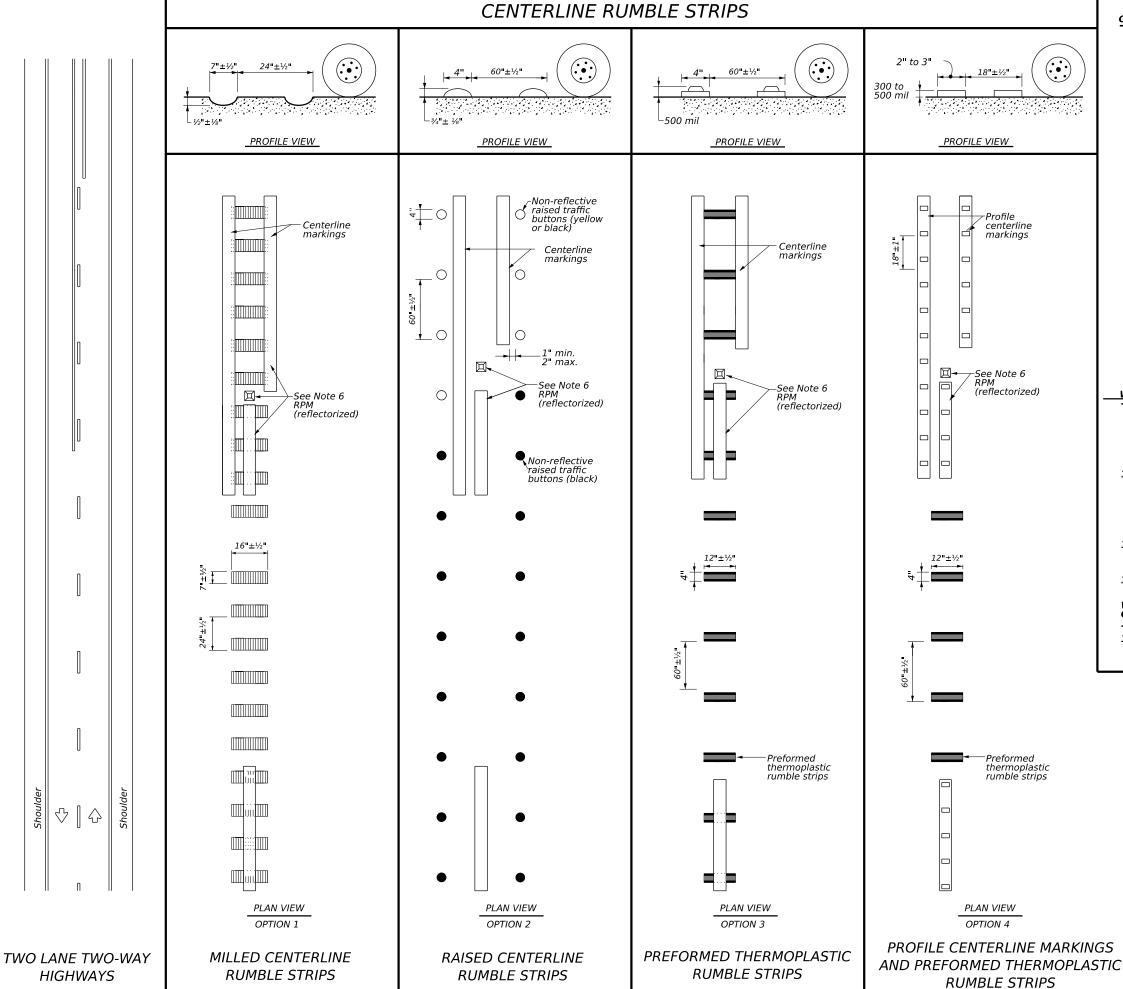
- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 10. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

#### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



RS(2)-23



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile markings.
- Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

#### WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

13. See standard sheet RS(2).

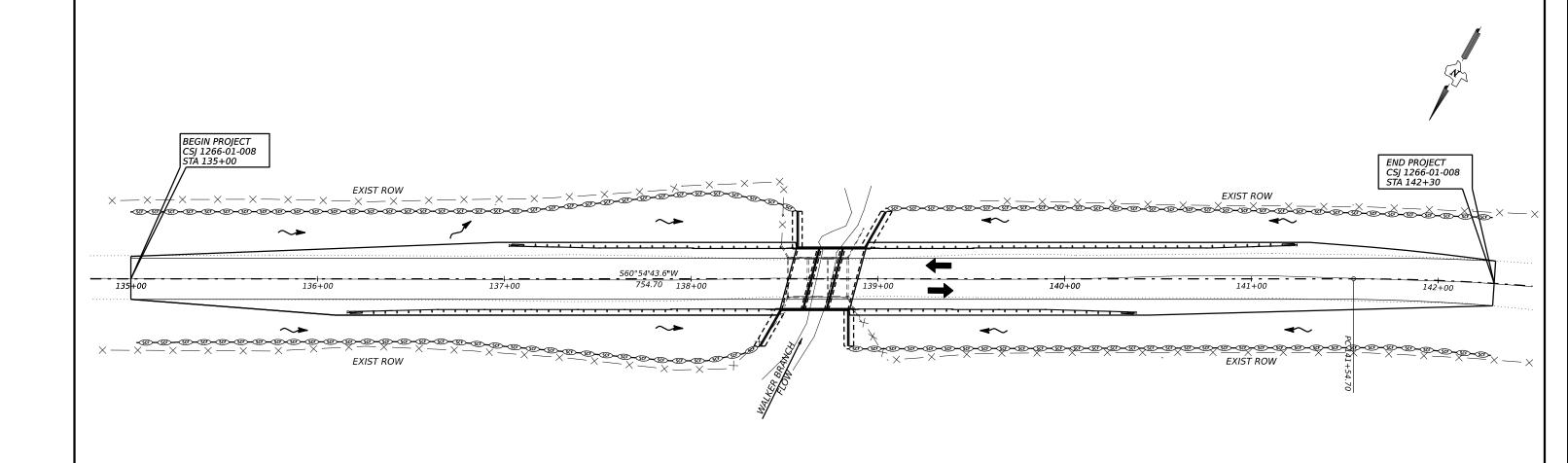


Traffic Safety Division Standard

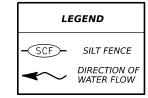
CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS RS(4)-23

FILE:	rs(4)-23.dgn	DN: TX	DOT.	CK: TXDOT DW:	TxD0	OT CK:TXDOT
©TxDOT	January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS		1266	01	800		FM 956
10-13 1-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		YKM		FAYETTE		79





	ITEM 506					
LOCATION	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1) LF	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE) LF	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL) LF	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)		
LEFT SIDE			690	690		
RIGHT SIDE			680	680		
AS APPROVED OR DIRECTED	40	40	50	50		
TOTALS	40	40	1420	1420		



## **SWP3 LAYOUT AND SUMMARY**

AMANDA ANDERLE FLIN

amanda anderle Fling, P.E.

07/03/2024

SCALE: 1" = 50'

Texas Department of Transportation
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	N.RD. NO.	PROJECT	NO.
(	5		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
1266	01	008	FM 956
STATE	DIST.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	YKM	FAYETTE	80

NOTES:
1. INSTALL BMP'S TO CORRESPOND WITH SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
ADDITIONAL BMP'S MAY BE ADDED TO CORRESPOND WITH CONSTRUCTION
ACTIVITIES AS APPROVED OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER

2. ACTUAL BMP LOCATIONS AND LENGTHS MAY VARY TO MEET FIELD CONDITIONS, AS APPROVED OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with soil disturbing activity and for projects that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

1266-01-008

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: AT WALKER BRANCH

(STR# 1266-01-001)

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 29°45'31.74"N ,(Long) 96°57'00.47"W

END: (Lat) 29°45'28.37"N ,(Long) 96°57'07.78"W

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): \_\_\_

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 1.2

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES.

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Bosque Sandy Clay Loam Occasionally Flooded	100% Sandy Clay Loam Moderately Well Drained Very High Rate of Run-off
Hallettsville Fine Sandy Loam 1 to 3 Percent Slope	Sandy Clay & Sandy Clay Loam Moderately Well Drained Medium Rate of Run-off
Pursley Clay Loam Frequently Flooded	Loam, Clay Loam & Silty Clay Loam Well Drained Low Rate of Run-off

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: X PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- X Mobilization
- X Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- X Remove existing pavement
- X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- X Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- ☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- X Install proposed pavement per plans
- X Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- X Place flex base
- X Rework slopes, grade ditches
- X Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- X Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

□ Other:		
☐ Other:		

Other:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- X Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities.

□ Other:			
□ Other:			

### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
Walker Branch, West Navidad River (1605A)	Navidad River (1605) No Impairment
	No impairment
* A d d /*) for increasing d	

### ' Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres) X Post Construction Site Notice
- ☐ Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

•			
□ Other:			

## □ Other:

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

M Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 year
Othor

Utilei.		
☐ Other:		
□ Other:		
•		

#### 1,14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

MS4 Entity

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



\* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO. $\begin{pmatrix} SHEET \\ NO. \end{pmatrix}$				
6							
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	3	YKM	FAYETTE				
CONT		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
1266		01	008	FM 956			

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:					
T/P					
<ul> <li>□ Protection of Existing Vegetation</li> <li>□ Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> <li>□ Soil Retention Blankets</li> <li>□ Geotextiles</li> </ul>					
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching					
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments					
X □ Temporary Seeding					
□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding					
☐ ☐ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs					
X ☐ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams					
□ Vertical Tracking					
☐ Interceptor Swale					
□ □ Riprap					
□ □ Diversion Dike					
□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain					
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control					
□ □ Paved Flumes					
Other:					
Other:					
Other:					
□ □ Other:					
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:					
T/P					
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs					
□ □ Dewatering Controls					
□ □ Inlet Protection					
X □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams					
□ □ Sandbag Berms					
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit					
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier					
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones					
□ Vegetated Filter Strips					
□ Other:					
□ □ Other:					
□ □ Other:					

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

_		_
т	1	D

□ □ Sediment Trap

	<ul> <li>□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area</li> <li>□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained</li> </ul>
Χ	Sedimentation Basin
	X Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
	□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
	□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
	☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
	□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
	☐ Available area/Site geometry
	☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
	☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
	□ Public safety
	□ Other:

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		
SEEDING	135+00	142+30		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily ☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control

X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin

☐ Stabilized construction exit Daily street sweeping

□ Other:

□ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

□ Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

X Chemical Management

X Concrete and Materials Waste Management

X Debris and Trash Management

X Dust Control

X Sanitary Facilities

□ Other:

□ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

□ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

□ Other:

#### 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing				
Туре	From	То			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

X Fire hydrant flushings

X Irrigation drainage

X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)

X Potable water sources

X Springs

X Uncontaminated groundwater

X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust

X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

**2.9 INSPECTIONS:** All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

When dewatering activities are present, a daily inspection will be conducted once per day during those activities and documented in accordance with CGP and TxDOT requirements.

**2.10 MAINTENANCE:** Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

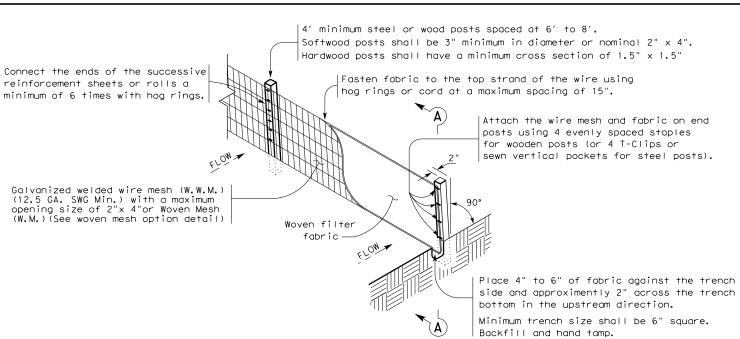


Texas Department of Transportation

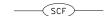
FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
6							
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS	3	YKM	FAYETTE				
CONT		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
1266		01	008	FM 956			

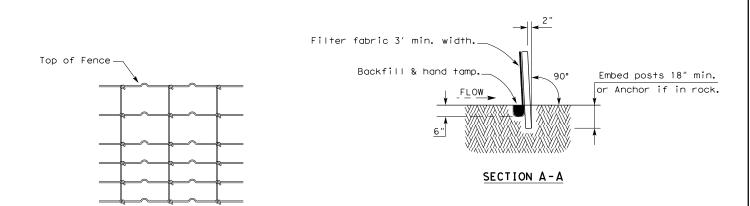
I. STORMWATER POLLU	JTION PREVENTION		III. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES			
Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit is required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. If applicable list MS4 operator that may receive discharges from this project. MS4 operator should be notified prior to construction activities.		red for projects with 1 or more t protect for erosion and list MS4 operator that may receive	artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event potentially contaminated materials are observed, such as dead or distressed vegetation, trash disposal areas, drums, canisters, barrels, leaching or seepage of substances, unusual smells or odors, or stained soil, cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.			
Prevent stormwater pollut. Permit TXR 150000.	1	•	No Additional Comments	Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? Yes No			
1	nd revise when necessary to	control pollution or as required by		Are results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)? Yes No			
Post Construction Site No	tice (CSN) with SW3P infor d TCEQ, EPA, or other insp	rmation on or near the site,		TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 14 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.  The Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or			
When Contractor project s		ease disturbed soil area to 5 acres		demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.			
MS4 Operator(s):	ment (1401) to Telle and I	Engineer.	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES				
No Additional C	omments		Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, and 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping and tree/brush removal.	No Additional Comments			
II. WORK IN OR NEAR ST	TREAMS, WATERBODIE	CS AND WETLANDS	No Additional Comments				
excavating or other work in w Contractor must adhere to all	rater bodies, rivers, creeks, stoof the terms and general con	is required for filling, dredging, treams, wetlands or wet areas. The iditions associated with the the plans is required, contact the		VII. GENERAL NOTES			
No USACE Permit Requir	ed						
		permit was not issued by USACE,	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE	The contractor's attention is directed to the fact that discharges of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States, including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for			
Work is authorized by the Pre-Construction Notificat is included in the plan set.	USACE under a Nationwide ion (PCN). The project spec	ific permit issued by the USACE	SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS  If any of the listed species below are observed, cease work in the area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately.	construction, will require specific approval of the USACE under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.			
Work is authorized by the permit issued by the USAC	USACE under a Individual I CE is included in the plan set	Permit (IP). The project specific t.	The work may not remove active nests (from bridges, structures, or vegetation adjacent to the roadway, etc.) during nesting season (February 15 to October 1). If removal of	TxDOT will obtain the appropriate permit(s), Nationwide or Individual, when necessary as dictated by the proposed actions for the project and it's potential to affect USACE jurisdictional areas. The contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in			
Work would be authorized USACE or Nationwide Per	by the USACE. The project mit will be provided to the control of t	t specific permit issued by the	structures or vegetation is necessary during the nesting season, the Contractor shall conduct a bird survey no more than 3 days in advance of the clearing/demolish start date. All bird surveys shall be conducted by a Field Biologist and adhere to the	charge of construction. TxDOT will hold the contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit. If the contractor cannot work within the limits of the permit(s), then it becomes the contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need			
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Permit is required for projects that involve the construction or modification (including changes to lighting) of a bridge or causeway across a water body determined to be navigable by the United States Coast Guard (USCG) under Section 9 of the Rivers and Harbors Act. If additional work not represented in the plans is required, contact the Engineer immediately.		g) of a bridge or causeway across a es Coast Guard (USCG) under	guidance document "Avoiding Migratory Birds and Handling Potential Violations"	for changes or amendments to the conditions of the exiting permit(s) as originally obtained by the department.  Particular importance is stressed on the fact that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the United States, including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the			
No United States Coast Gu	•	Required		proposed work. The contractor shall maintain near normal flow of any jurisdictional waters of the United States at all times during construction. If the contractor needs further explanation of			
United States Coast Guard	(USCG) Permit			the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the Yoakum			
United States Coast Guard	(USCG) Exemption			District Environmental Coordinator.			
	Best Management Practi	ices		TxDOT Yoakum District			
Erosion	Sedimentation	<b>Post Construction TSS</b>		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,			
<u></u>	X Silt Fence	➤ Vegetative Filter Strips		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS			
Vegetation Lined Ditches		☐ Vegetation Lined Ditches					
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Grassy Swales		EPIC FM 956 AT WALKER BRANCH			
No Additional Co	omments		Field Biologist, Ornithologist – a field biologist is defined as an individual qualified to perform field investigations, presence/absence surveys and habitat surveys for protected avian species or species of concern. A mandatory bachelor's degree in biology or a related science is required. At a minimum, the Field Biologist, Ornithologist, shall have completed and reported a minimum of three presence/absence and habitat surveys for protected avian species in the past five years. A minimum of three projects must have been conducted in Texas. Surveys shall have been performed for documentation of species in accordance with a protocol approved by USFWS or TPWD, or following generally accepted methodologies.	FILE: EPIC Sheet.dgn			





#### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

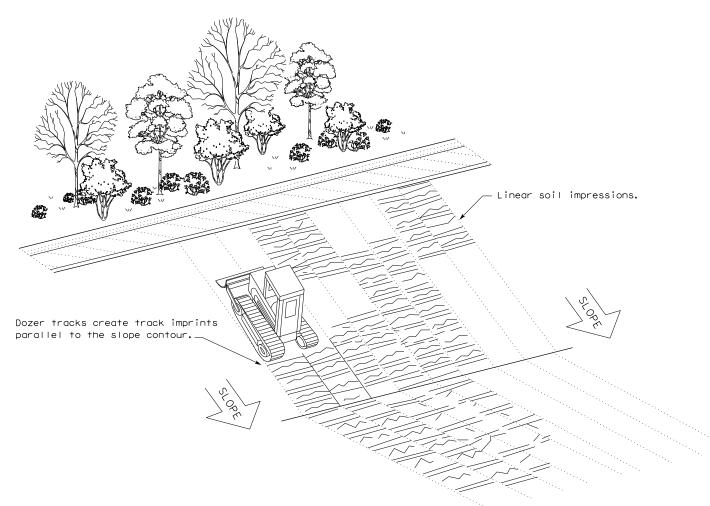
#### LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

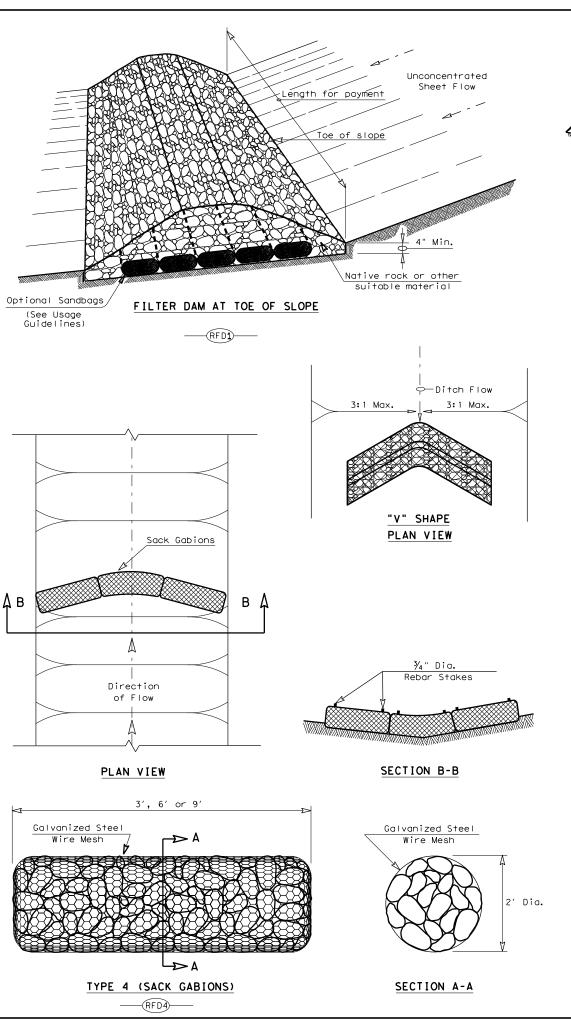


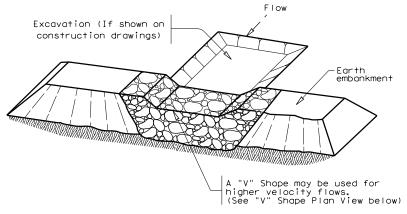
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT	T CK: KM DW: VP		VP	DN/CK: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM 956	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	YKM		FAYET	ΓF		84

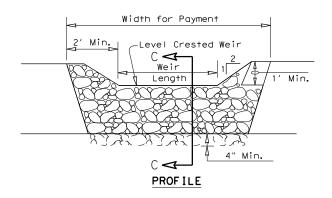


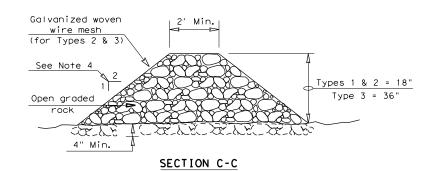




#### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT $^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

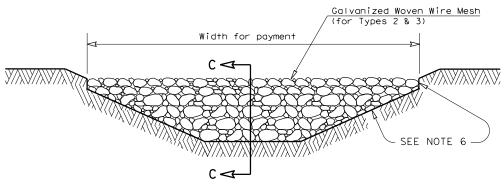
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

 $\frac{\text{Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate):}}{\text{in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.}}$ 

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



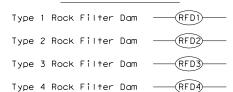
#### FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

### 

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- 4. Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND





Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

ILE: ec216	DN: TxD	DOT CK: KM DW: VF		VP DN/CK: LS		
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	1266	01	008		FM 956	
	DIST		COUNTY SH		SHEET NO.	
	YKM		FAYET	ΓF		25