

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

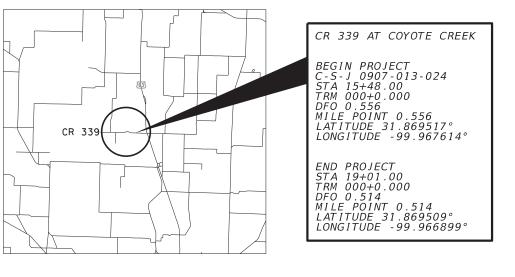
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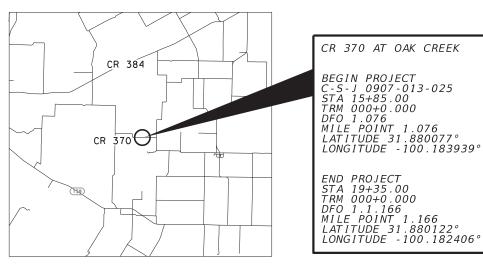
FEDERAL AID PROJECT BR 2024(802)

CR 339, ETC. RUNNELS COUNTY

LIMITS: FROM CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK AND CR 370 AT OAK CREEK

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENTS CONSISTING OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT AND APPROACHES





EXCEPTIONS NONE **EQUATIONS**

NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS NONE

CR 339

FUNCTIONAL CLASS = RURAL TWO-LANE LOCAL TERRAIN = ROLLING DESIGN SPEED = 30 CURRENT ADT (2018) = 17 FUTURE ADT (2042) = 39

CR 370

CR 339

CR 370

CSJ: 0907-13-025

FUNCTIONAL CLASS = RURAL TWO-LANE LOCAL TERRAIN = ROLLING DESIGN SPEED = 30 CURRENT ADT (2018) = 23 FUTURE ADT (2042) = 39

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NUMBER BR 2024(802) JOB 0907 13 024, ETC CR 339, ETC RUNNELS

ROADWAY = 218.0 FT = 0.041 MI BRIDGE = 135.0 FT = 0.026 MI TOTAL = 353.0 FT = 0.067 MI NET LENGTH OF PROJECT CSJ: 0907-13-024

ROADWAY = 230.0 FT = 0.044 MI BRIDGE = 120.0 FT = 0.023 MI TOTAL = 350.0 FT = 0.067 MI NET LENGTH OF PROJECT



SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 8/1/2024

-DocuSigned by:

Mcholas Greenly

-DDF89C6522AF49E... DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 8/1/2024

-DocuSigned by: Capu A. DeWtet M. P.E.

S26185212F51427...

UISTRICT DIRECTOR OF IP&D

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 8/1/2024



BC10B17FA709437... DISCITCE Engineer

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023).

SHEET NO	<u>)</u>	DESCRIPTION	SHEET NO	<u>)</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
		GENERAL			BRIDGE STANDARDS
7		TITLE CUEET		4	40CD 24
1		TITLE SHEET	<i>57</i>		APSB-24
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6		QUANTITY SUMMARY	61		BPSB-24-15
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		TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	66	*	NBIS
			67	*	PSB-5SB12
8		SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION	68	*	PSB-5SB15
9		CR 339 DETOUR LAYOUT	69	*	PSBEB
10		CR 370 DETOUR LAYOUT	70		PSBRA
20			71		PSBSD
		TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS	72		SEJ-M
		TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS			SPSB-24
11 22	4	DC (1) 21 TUBU DC (12) 21	73		
11 - 22		BC (1) - 21 THRU BC (12) - 21	74		SPSB-24-15 (MOD)
23		TCP (1-1) - 18	75 - 76		SRR
24		TCP (2-1) - 18	77 - 79	*	TYPE T223
25	*	WZ (BRK) - 13			
26	*	WZ (RCD) - 13			TRAFFIC STANDARDS
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			81	*	D&OM (2) - 20
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28 - 29		CR 370 CONTROL INDEX SHEET	83	*	D&OM (4) - 20
30		CR 339 CONTROL DETAIL SHEET	84	*	D&OM (5) - 20
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32		HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA SHEET	86	*	
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33		CR 339 REMOVAL LAYOUT			5411 (ID O414454) T41
34		CR 370 REMOVAL LAYOUT			<u>ENVIRONMENTAL</u>
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49 - 52		SOIL BORING LOGS			
53		BRIDGE LAYOUT COYOTE CREEK BRIDGE			
54		BRIDGE SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES AND CAP ELEV COYOTE CREEK BRIDGE			
55		BRIDGE LAYOUT OAK CREEK BRIDGE			
FC		BRIDGE CHAMARY OF CHANTITIES AND CAR ELEV CAR CREEK BRIDGE			

BRIDGE SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES AND CAP ELEV OAK CREEK BRIDGE

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED HERE (*) HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

8/1/24

Michael Vertoff MICHAEL D. VERHOEF, P.E.

100% SUBMITTAL





Texas Department of Transportation

INDEX OF SHEETS

ED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24(802)	CR 3.	39, ETC		
STATE	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.		
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	2		

County: Runnels Sheet: 3

Highway: CR 339, etc. **Control:** 0907-13-024, etc.

GENERAL NOTES

The following Standard Sheets have been modified: SPSB-24-15

Locate the project bulletin board at an approved location within the project limits such as at a field office, staging area, or stockpile, and make accessible to the public at all times. Do not remove the bulletin board from the project until approved. If a construction site notice is required for the project, post a copy at each geographically separated work location.

In those instances where fixed features require, vary the governing slopes indicated in these plans from within the limits to the extent determined.

If Contractor elects to establish a pit within 200 ft. of a public road, construct a barrier or other device in accordance with Natural Resources Code, Chapter 133, and Section 133.041.

Do not use salt water with solids in excess of 10,000 parts per million, as determined by evaporation.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed by the following individual:

Klinton Kuntz, P.E.; email <u>Klinton.Kuntz@txdot.gov</u> and Mitchell Gatlin, P.E.; email <u>Thomas.Gatlin@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

A copy of the 3D model or cross-sections and earthwork data may be obtained by qualified bidders by sending a request to the following set of email addresses:

Klinton Kuntz, P.E. and Mitchell Gatlin, P.E.; emails <u>Klinton.Kuntz @txdot.gov</u> and <u>Thomas.Gatlin@txdot.gov</u>

County: Runnels Sheet: 3

Highway: CR 339, etc. **Control:** 0907-13-024, etc.

Data as provided is for non-construction purposes only and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate this information with the appropriate plans and Specifications.

Item 5, "Control of the Work"

State Highway right of way markers destroyed by the Contractor shall be replaced by a Texas Registered Professional Land Surveyor (RPLS) at no cost to the State. Provide written documentation from the RPLS attesting to the replacement of the right of way markers.

Make suitable advance notification to affected non-participating municipalities regarding Class B underground facilities, call the Department's San Angelo District Traffic Office at telephone number (325) 947-9208 to have the Department's existing traffic signal and illumination utilities located, and call the Department's San Angelo District Maintenance Office at telephone number (325) 947-9322 to have the Department's existing irrigation utilities located.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are

Item 6. "Control of Materials"

the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

When allowed, store materials and equipment in approved areas within the right of way.

Access the work area from the right of way.

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

No significant traffic generator events have been identified.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: Runnels Sheet: 3A

Highway: CR 339, etc. **Control:** 0907-13-024, etc.

Item 8, "Prosecution and Progress"

Submit the sequence of work and estimated progress schedule on paper or as a Portable Document Format (PDF) electronic file compatible with Adobe Systems Incorporated "Acrobat Reader XI". Construction schedules shall be submitted using the "Critical Path Method" per Section 5.5.2

Item 9, "Measurement and Payment"

The progress payment period shall end two working days before the last working day of the month. Deliver invoices to be paid as material on hand on or before the end of the progress payment period.

For projects that include a disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE) goal, provide a conversion rate for units of payment for work subcontracted to DBE if units of payments differ from those shown on the plans.

Item 110, "Excavation"

The Engineer will define unsuitable material.

Item 132, "Embankment"

Furnish Type C material that meets the requirements of the following table:

Cu	G mulative	rading I % Reta	_	oil stants	Bar Linear			
3"	2"	7/8"	3/8"	No. 4	No. 40	L.L. Max	P.I. Max	Shrinkage

Item 247, "Flexible Base"

Stockpile flexible base produced for this project separately from any other stockpiled material and label stockpile with project number, material type, and grade.

Place flexible base in lifts of 8 in. maximum.

Provide 24 hours written notice of intent to begin crushing operations. Materials produced prior to this notice will not be accepted.

Compact using ordinary compaction.

Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures"

If excavating beyond the dimensions shown on the plans, furnish and install cement stabilized backfill in such areas at no cost.

Use Class C bedding.

County: Runnels Sheet: 3A

Highway: CR 339, etc. **Control:** 0907-13-024, etc.

Item 432, "Riprap"

Furnish and install 1/2-in. thick joint filler board conforming to DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" between concrete riprap and adjacent existing concrete, and where directed.

Item 450, "Railing", Item 451, "Retrofit Railing", Item 514, "Permanent Concrete Traffic Barrier"

Furnish and install barrier reflectors on the top of concrete railing.

Obtain approval of drilled holes in existing concrete before placing anchor bars with epoxy.

Construct traffic and combination railings to increased heights to accommodate future overlay.

Existing slab bars are not epoxy coated.

Construct side slot drains at spacing as shown in the plans or as directed.

Item 451, "Retrofit Railing", Item 496, "Removing Structures", Item 542, "Removing Metal Beam Guard Fence"

No rail elements to be removed have metal components coated with lead-containing paint (hazardous materials).

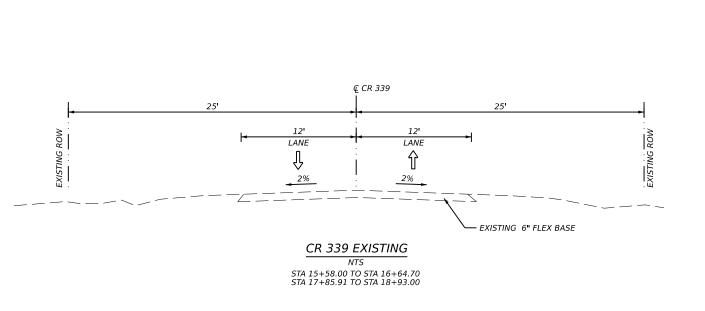
Item 496, "Removing Structures"

This item shall include the complete removal and proper disposal of existing structures, including but not limited to the following: culvert barrels, railing, wingwalls, headwalls, retaining walls, safety end treatments, pipe runners, riprap, deck, overlay, approach slabs, joints, beams, bracing, drains, conduits, pipes, bents, abutments, columns, pilings, footings, web-walls, drilled shafts, reinforcing steel, bridge protective assemblies, clearance signs, etc. Portions of the structure at least 2 ft. below the permanent ground line may be left in place as directed.

Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D



€ CR 339

CR 339 PROPOSED

NTS

STA 15+58.00 TO STA 16+58.00

STA 17+93.00 TO STA 18+93.00

STA 16+58.00 TO STA 17+93.00 SEE NOTE 1

LANE

4" MOW STRIP —

LANE

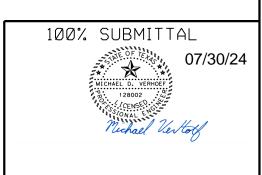
- 4" MOW STRIP

— 6" FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYA GR1-2)



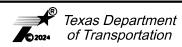
NOTE:

REFER TO BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION.



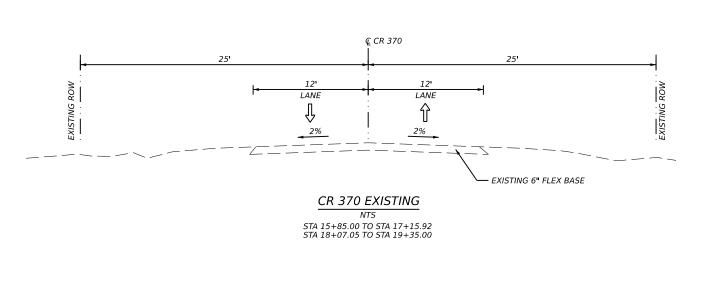
REV. NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

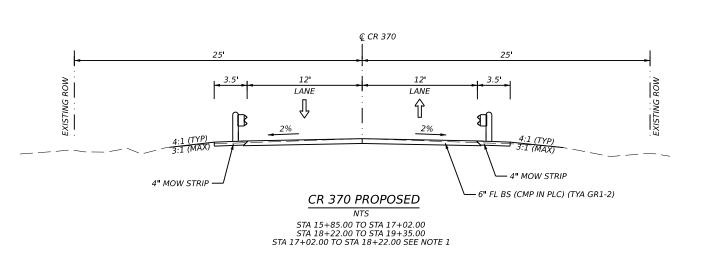




CR 339 TYPICAL SECTIONS

					WAY			
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJE	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24(802)	CR 33	39, ETC			
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.			
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	4			





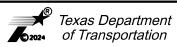
NOTE:

REFER TO BRIDGE LAYOUT FOR BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION.



EV. NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY





CR 370 TYPICAL SECTIONS

					WAY			
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.						
6	TEXAS	BR 20:	24(802)	CR 33	39, ETC			
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.			
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	5			

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS		
	105	496
	7028	7010
LOCATION	RMV (8") TRT/UNTRT BASE & ASPH PAV	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)
	SY	EA
CR 339 CSJ: 0907-13-024	343	1
CR 370 CSJ: 0907-13-025	378	1
PROJECT TOTALS	721	2

SUMMARY OF EROSION CON	TDOL ITEMS	
SOMINARY OF EROSION CON	506	506
	7039	7041
LOCATION	TEMP SDMT TEMP SE N CONT FENCE CONT FE (INSTALL) (REMOV) LF LF 7-13-024 60 60 7-13-025 60 60	
200,111011		(REMOVE)
	TEMP SDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL) LF LF LF	LF
CR 339 CSJ: 0907-13-024	60	60
CR 370 CSJ: 0907-13-025	60	60
PROJECT TOTALS	120	120

SUMMARY OF BRIDGE ITEMS		NBI: 07-200-0	0-4403-39-003	·								
	400	416	420	420	420	422	422	425	450	454	496	4171
	7010	7004	7012	7022	7038	7001	7013	7017	7008	7001	7009	7001
LOCATION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	RAIL (TY T223)	TYPE A JOINT	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA
CR 339 CSJ: 0907-13-024												
2 - ABUTMENTS	27	180	19.0				43		24.0	81		2
3 - BENTS		366		20.7	5.2							
75.00' PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM UNIT 1						1950		369.96	150.0		0.5	
60.00' PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM UNIT 2						1560		294.96	120.0		0.5	
PROJECT TOTALS	27	546	19.0	20.7	5.2	3510	43	664.92	294.0	81	1	2

* THIS ITEM IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 420 - CONCRETE STRUCTURES

SUMMARY OF BRIDGE ITEMS		NBI:	07-200-0-AAC	03-70-003								
	400	416	420	420	420	422	422	425	450	454	496	4171
	7010	7004	7012	7022	7038	7001	7013	7017	7008	7004	7009	7001
LOCATION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	RAIL (TY T223)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ-M)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA
CR 370 CSJ: 0907-13-025												
2 - ABUTMENTS	25	180	17.6				42		24.0	52		2
2 - BENTS		180		13.2	13.6							
120.00' PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM UNIT 1						3120		592.55	240.0		1	
PROJECT TOTALS	25	360	17.6	13.2	13.6	3120	42	592.55	264	52	1	2

* THIS ITEM IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 420 - CONCRETE STRUCTURES

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS PORTABLE TMA LOCATION CHANGEABLE (STATIONARY) MESSAGE SIGN EΑ DAY CR 339 CSJ: 0907-13-024 CR 370 CSJ: 0907-13-025 PROJECT TOTALS 14

100% SUBMITTAL

07/30/24

TBPELS Engheering Firm No. 274
Land Surveying Firm No. 10046700

13430 Northwest Freeway, Ste. 1100
Houston, Texas 77040
713.482.342
www.cobbfendley.com



Texas Department of Transportation

QUANTITY SUMMARY

DIV.NO. PROJECT NO. BR 2024(802) CR 339, ETC TEXAS COUNTY

CONTROL SECTION JOB SHEET NO. NO. NO. NO. O907 13 024, ETC 6 RUNNELS



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0907-13-024

DISTRICT San Angelo **HIGHWAY** CR 339, CR 370 **COUNTY** Runnels

Report Created On: Aug 21, 2024 1:23:12 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0907-13	3-024	0907-13	3-025		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00194	567	A00194	4568]	
		C	OUNTY	Runne	els	Runn	els	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		ніс	HWAY	CR 33	39	CR 3	70		TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	100-7002	PREPARING ROW	STA	4.500		4.500		9.000	
	105-7028	RMV (8") TRT/UNTRT BASE & ASPH PAV	SY	343.000		378.000		721.000	
	110-7001	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	CY	58.000		253.000		311.000	
	132-7006	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(TY C)	CY	60.000		136.000		196.000	
	247-7044	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY A GR 1-2) (6")	SY	385.000		455.000		840.000	
	400-7010	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	27.000		25.000		52.000	
	416-7004	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	546.000		360.000		906.000	
	420-7012	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	19.000		17.600		36.600	
	420-7022	CL C CONC (CAP)	CY	20.700		13.200		33.900	
	420-7038	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	CY	5.200		13.600		18.800	
	422-7001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	3,510.000		3,120.000		6,630.000	
	422-7013	APPROACH SLAB	CY	43.000		42.000		85.000	
	425-7017	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12)	LF	664.920		592.550		1,257.470	
	432-7013	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	20.000		20.000		40.000	
	432-7044	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(21 IN)	CY	78.000		220.000		298.000	
	450-7008	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	294.000		264.000		558.000	
	454-7001	TYPE A JOINT	LF	81.000				81.000	
	454-7004	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - M)	LF			52.000		52.000	
	496-7009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	496-7010	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 100 - 499 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.500		0.500		1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3.000		3.000		6.000	
	503-7002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	7.000		7.000		14.000	
	506-7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	60.000		60.000		120.000	
	506-7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	60.000		60.000		120.000	
	540-7002	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (STEEL POST)	LF	100.000		100.000		200.000	
	540-7005	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	544-7001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT COUNTY		CCSJ	SHEET
San Angelo	Runnels	0907-13-024	

SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARD DRAWINGS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. REFER TO THE DETOUR SIGNING LAYOUT IN THE PLANS.

OTHER SIGNS AS DETAILED IN THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARD DRAWINGS AND IN THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE TMUTCD MAY BE USED AS REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER IN ORDER TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFE PASSAGE OF TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PROJECT. PAYMENT FOR ALL SUCH SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING".

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ACCESS TO AND FROM DRIVEWAYS AND ALL ADJACENT PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES.

CR 339 & CR 370 TRAFFIC CONTROL SEQUENCE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK TO THE AREA ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION. WHICH GENERALLY CONFORMS TO THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE:

- 1. INSTALL PROJECT LIMIT SIGNING AND BARRICADES AND SW3P PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER WORK.
- 2. ALL ROAD CLOSURE SIGNING SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO ANY ACTIVITIES WHICH WILL PROHIBIT THROUGH TRAFFIC AND SHALL BE PLACED MORE THAN 24 HOURS PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITY.
- 3. COMPLETE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- THE ROADWAY SHALL BE OPEN TO THROUGH TRAFFIC AS SOON AS DETERMINED PRACTICAL BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. COMPLETE ALL OTHER WORK AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



REV. NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

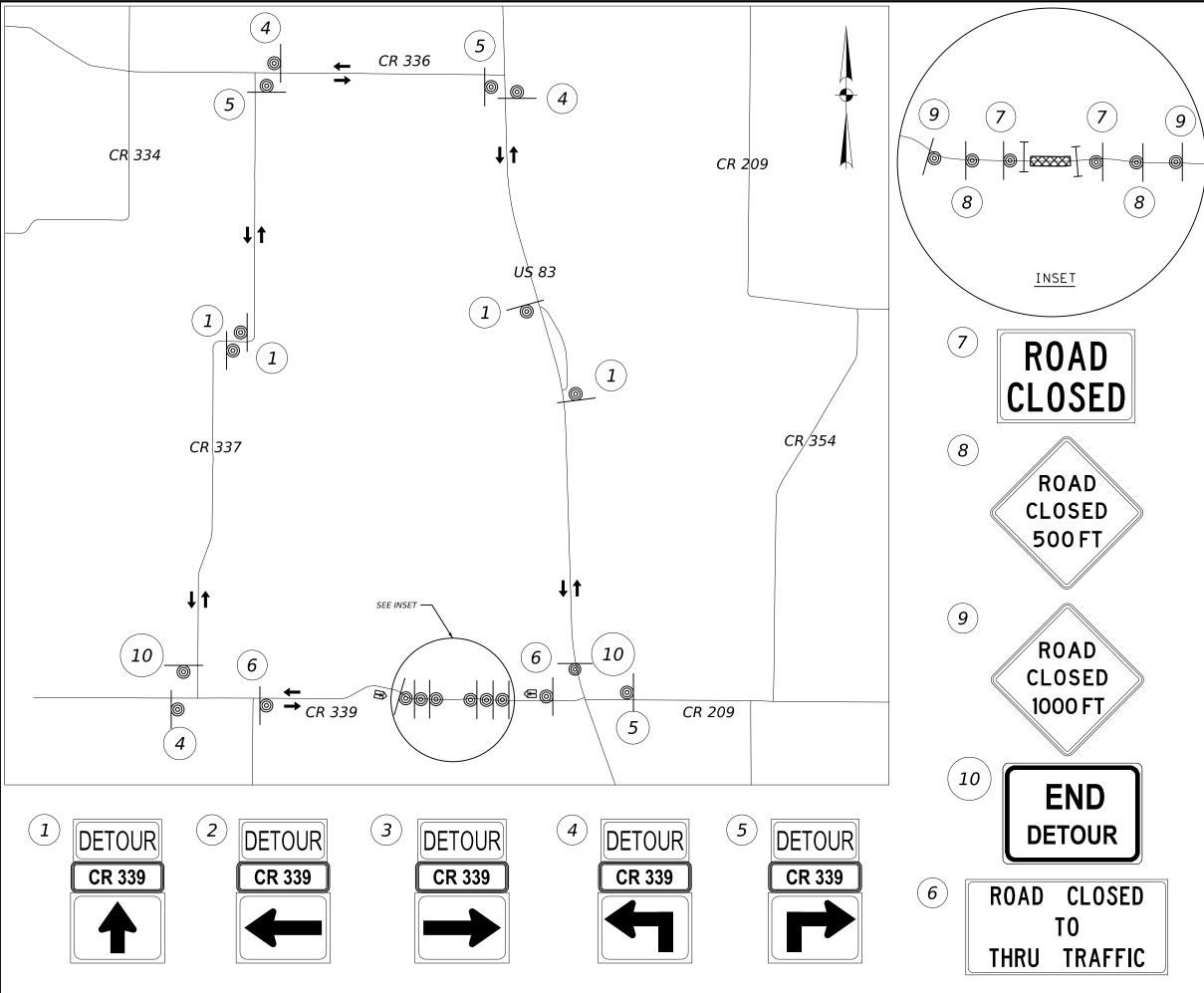




Texas Department of Transportation

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

ED.RD. IV.NO.	STATE	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
6	TEXAS	BR 2024(802) CR			39, ETC		
STATE	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.		
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	8		



LEGEND:

 $\times\!\!\times\!\!\times$

PCMS

DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

TYPE III BARRICADE

CONSTRUCTION ZONE

NOTE:

- PCMS SHALL BE DEPLOYED AT PROJECT LOCATION IN EACH DIRECTION 1 WEEK PRIOR TO ROAD CLOSURE.
 "CR 339 TO BE CLOSED" "BEGINS [DATE] ENDS [DATE]"

 [DATE]"
- 2. REFER TO STANDARD BC(6)-21 FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.

100% SUBMITTAL



0 5001000 2000

TBPELS Engineering Firm No. 274

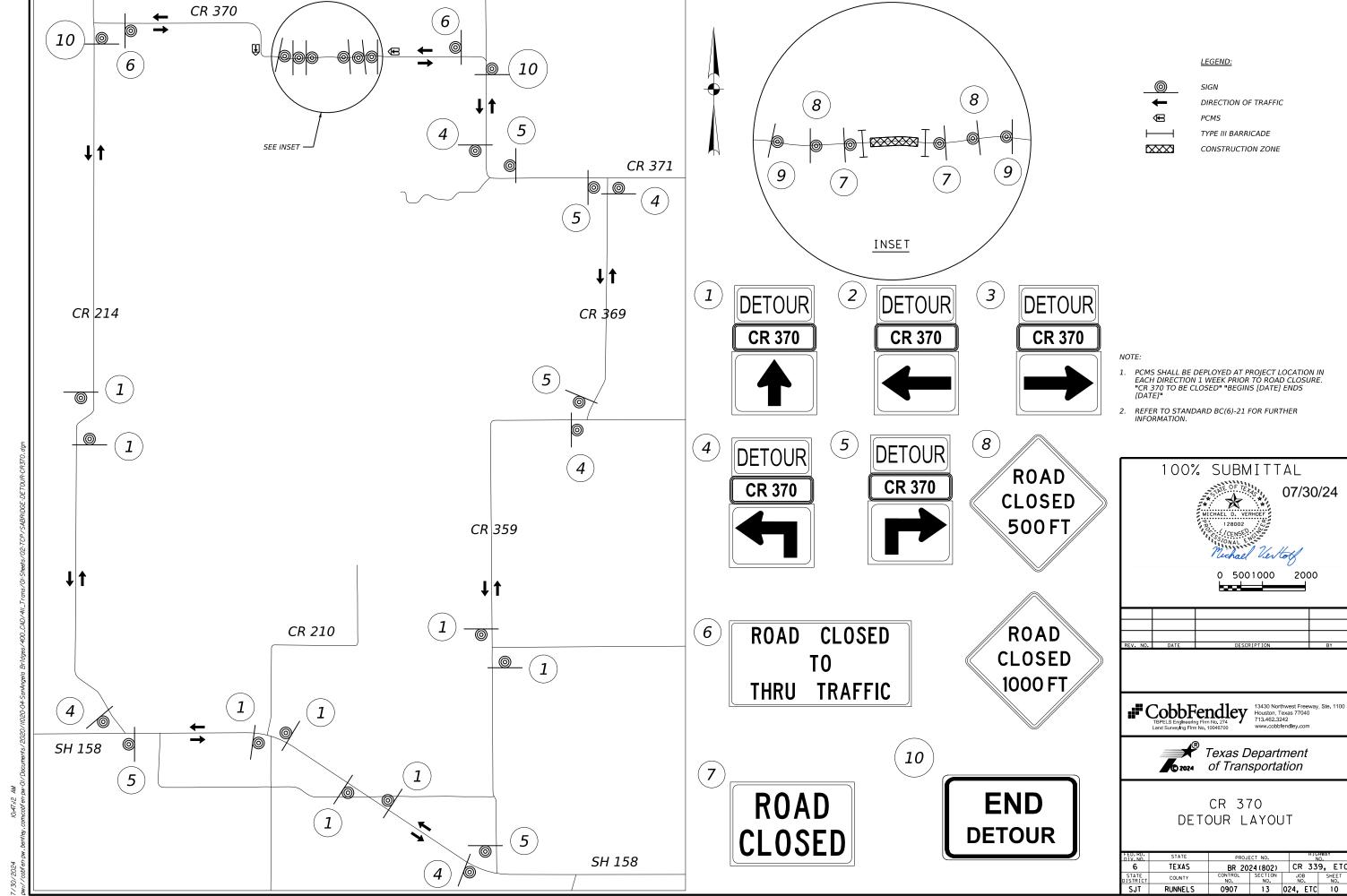
13430 Northwest Freeway, Ste. 1101
Houston, Texas 77040
713.462.3242



Texas Department of Transportation

CR 339 DETOUR LAYOUT

FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY						
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24 (802)	CR				
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JO		SHEET NO.		
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024,	ETC	9		



The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.

of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion and to a pher formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. Des/400_CAD/411_Irans/01-Sheets/02-TCP/>tandards/Dec_21.agn

- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	CT JOB HIGHWAY					
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-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY SHEET NO.					NO.	
-10 5-21	RUNNELS 1					1		

ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

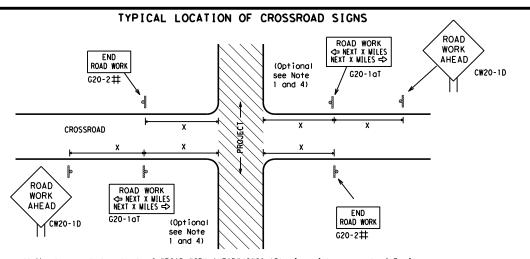
devices

Barricade or

channelizina

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices



- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T **★** ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ¥ × R20-5gTP #MEN #ORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Sign

SPACING

Posted Sign Spacing "x" MPH Feet (Apprx. 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500 2 60 600 2 65 700 2 70 800 2 75 900 2 80 1000 2 * * * * 3				
MPH (Apprx. 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²	//			Spacing
35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			MPH	
40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²	.		30	120
45 320 50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			35	160
50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			40	240
55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			45	320
60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²	.		50	400
65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			55	500 ²
70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			60	600 ²
75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			65	
80 1000 ²			70	
			75	
* *			80	1000 ²
	_	ı	*	* 3

onventional Expressway Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, 48" x 48' CW7. CW8. 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD XX CW20-1D CW13-1P	** G20-51 BEGIN WORK SPEED LIMIT WORK STAY ALERT OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW CW13-1P WPH CW20-1D CW20-1D
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE SPEED LIMIT NO-PASSING R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-2bT * *
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas	to remind drivers they are still G20-2 * * location NOTES
within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location channelizing devices.	on and spacing of signs and The Contractor shall determine the appropria

★ ★G20-9TP

¥ ¥R20-5T

X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT

SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limit

R2-1

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

* *G20-5T

X XG20-6T

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

ROAD

WORK

√2 MILE

CW20-1E

ZONE

FINES

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

DOUBLE

TRAFFIC

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 \Diamond

 \Rightarrow

END G20-2bt *

R20-3T

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-101

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

L	LEGEND									
	I	Type 3 Barricade								
	0	Channelizing Devices								
	þ	Sign								
	х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.								

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

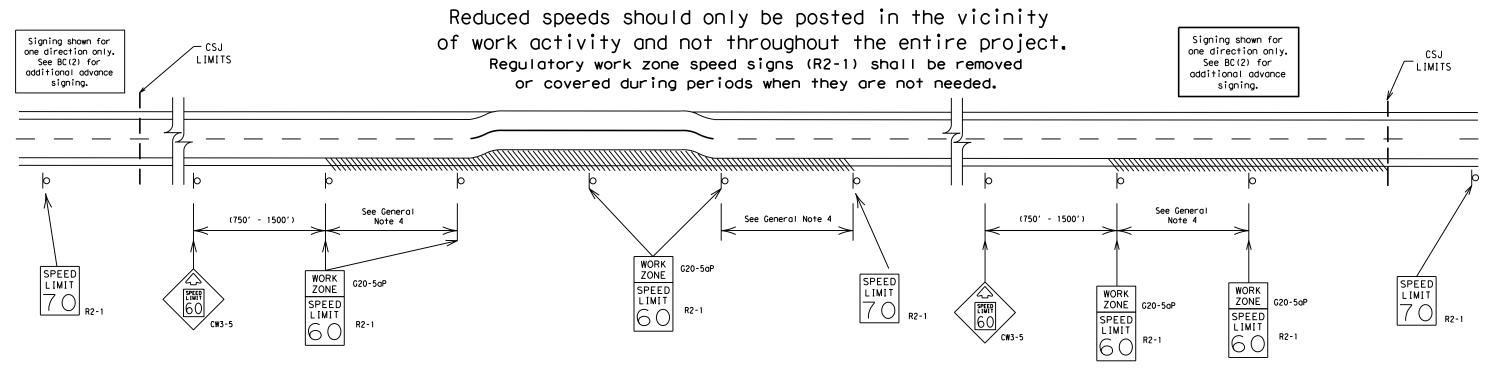
BC(2)-21

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	REVISIONS		13	024, E	TC	CR	33	9,	ETC	
-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY SHEE					HEET	NO.	
-13	5-21	SJT			12					

PROJECT LIMIT

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



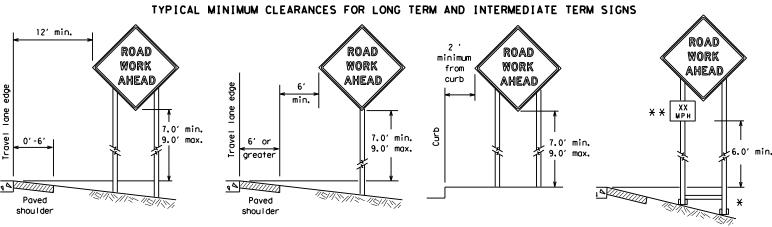
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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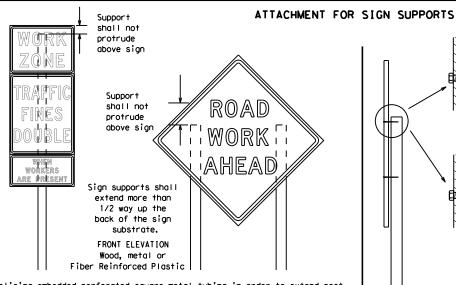


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION
Wood

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be

extended or repaired

by splicing or

other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

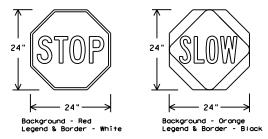
procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
 STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- . Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be l inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
 appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
 Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
 the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
 intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- . Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- The sandbags will be fied shuft to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
 constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sian supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	r SECT JOB			HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0907	13	024,	ETC	CR	33	9,	ETC
0-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY					SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	SJT		RUNN	ELS			1	4



weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of * Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face sign face 2x6 4x4 block block 72" Length of skids may be increased for wood additional stability. post for sign Top 2x4 x 40" height 24" 2x4 brace for sign requirement height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requirement or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

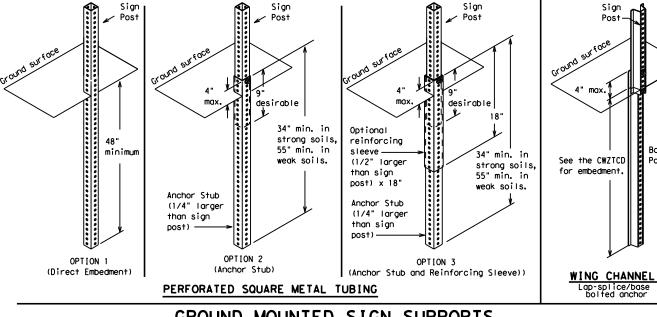
-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

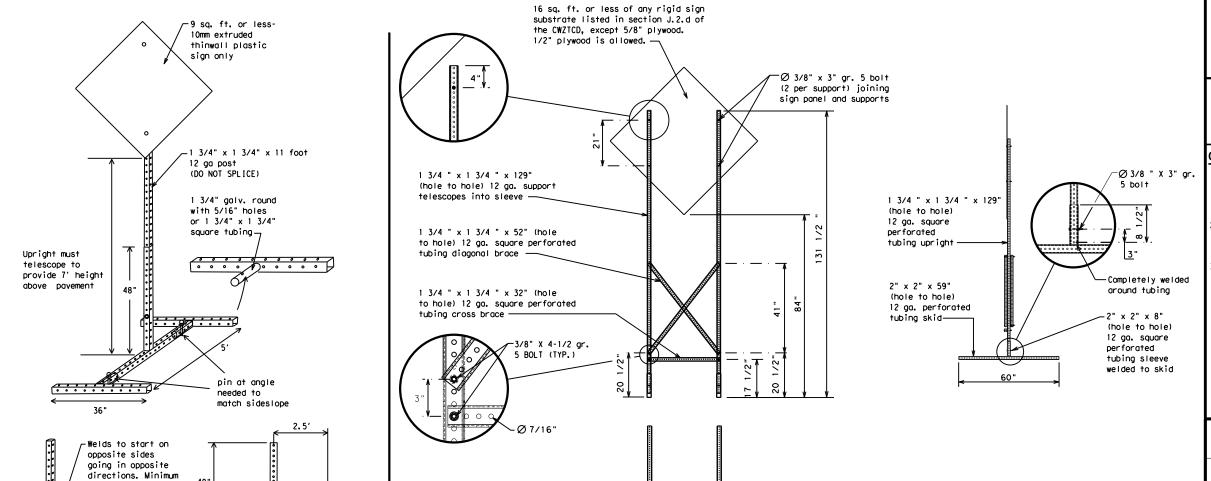
SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT					CK:	TxDOT	
C)TxDOT November 2002		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
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9-07 8-14		DIST	COUNTY					SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	SJT	RUNNELS					15	

<u>SKID</u>	MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	<u>SUPPORTS</u>
	* LONG/INT	ERMEDIATE TERM ST	ATIONARY - F	ORTABLE SE	CID MOUNTED	SIGN SUP	PORTS

32'

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving Hazardous Material	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HUV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)		Warning	WARN
Information	INFO ITS	Wednesday	WED
It Is		Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phas

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	e/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE	*	* * S	See Application Guidelin	es Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

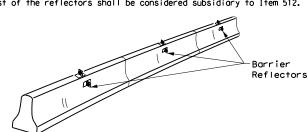


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	9,	ETC
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				s	SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	SJT		RUNNELS			16		6

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CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

drum adjacent to the travel way.

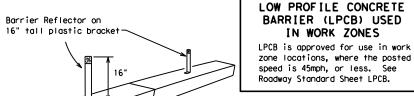
Warning reflector may be round

or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

30 square inches

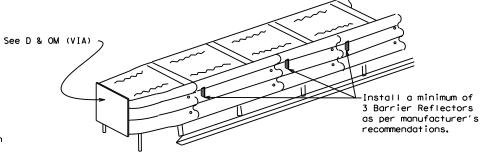
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside. 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

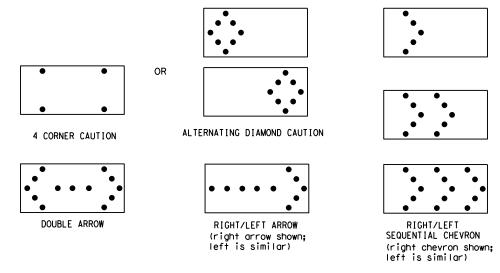
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	R	EQUIREMENTS	
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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	8-14 5-21	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13		SIT	PLIMMET S				17		

GENERAL NOTES 1. For long term sto

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

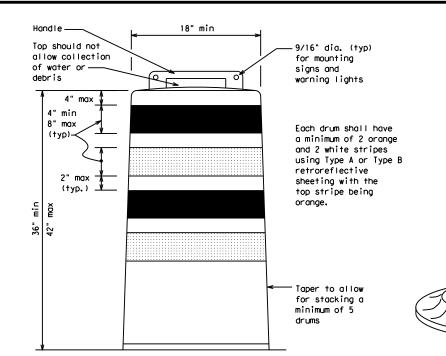
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

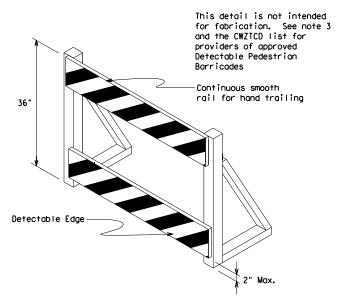
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or shorp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

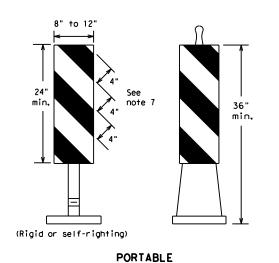


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

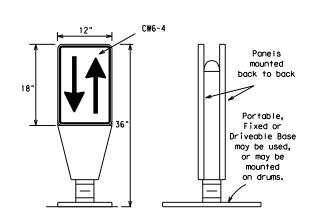
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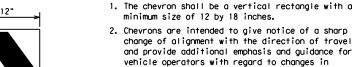
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Selfrighting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.

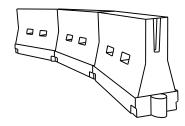
horizontal alignment of the roadway.

- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	Suggester Spacin Channe Dev	ng of Lizing ices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

**X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

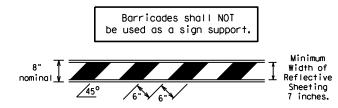
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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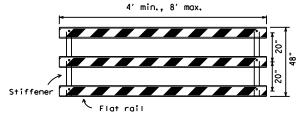
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

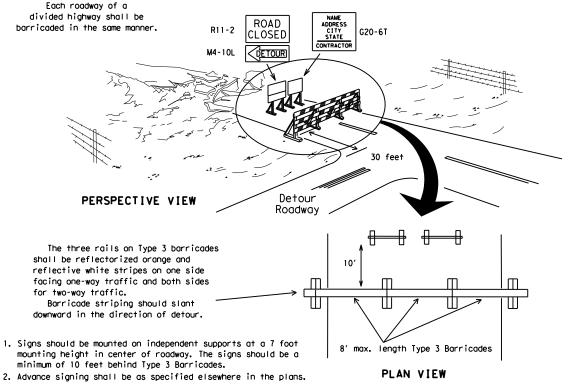


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

CONES 4" min. orange ₹2" min. 1 4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange [6" min. _2" min. 2" min. **1**4 min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

2" min.

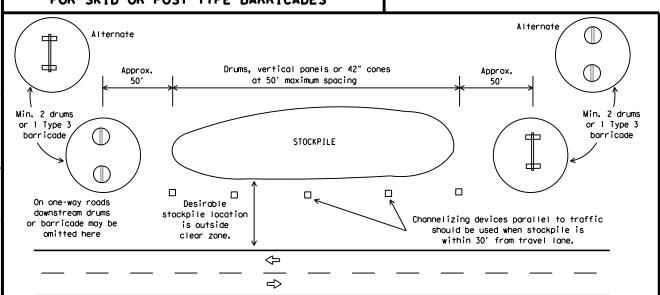
2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans,
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

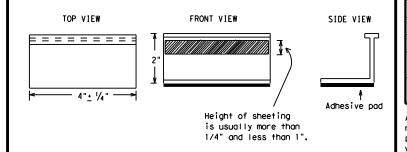
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



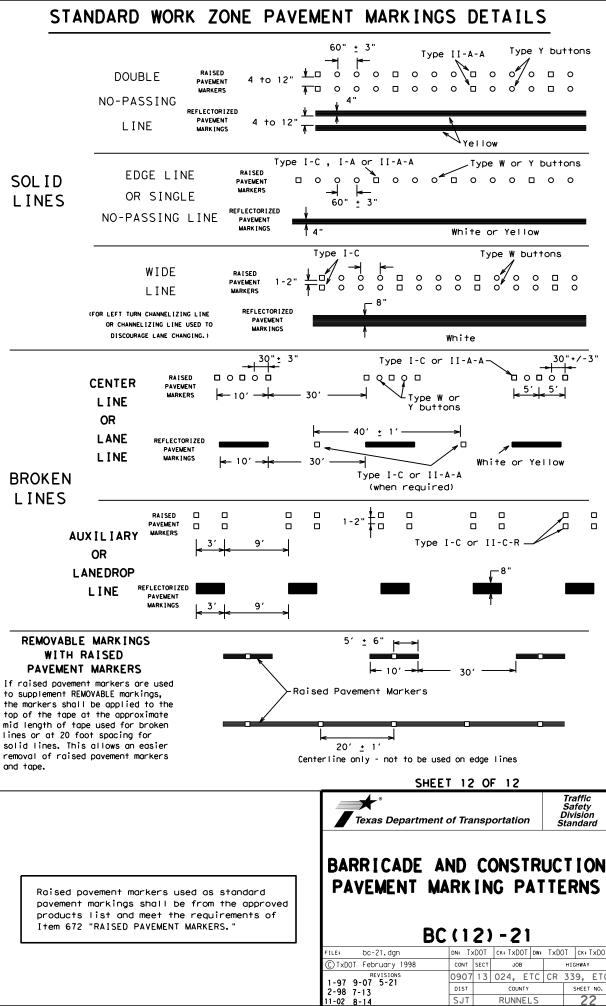
Traffic Safety Division Ortation Standar

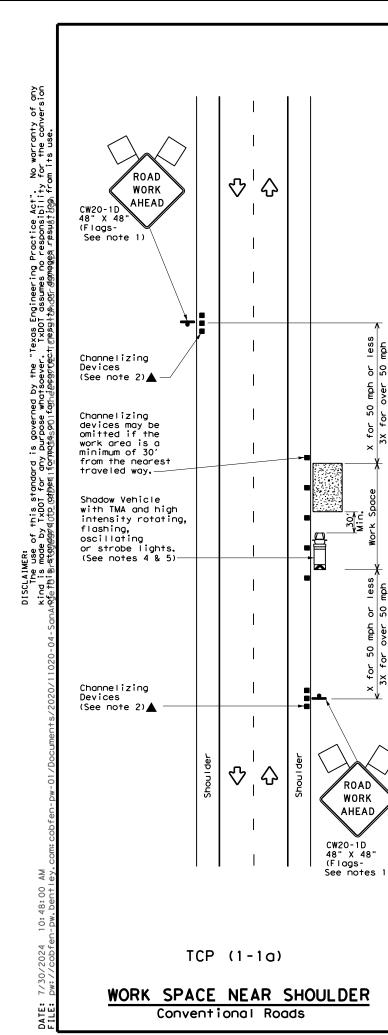
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

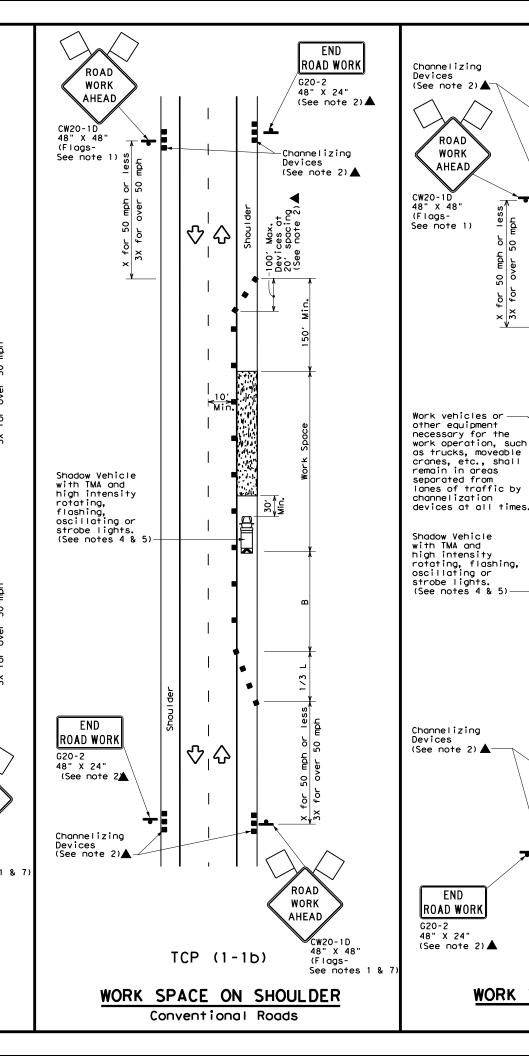
BC(11)-21

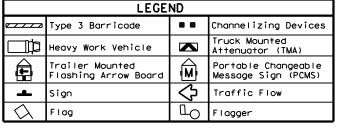
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxD01	DW:	TxDC	T	ск: ТхDОТ
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	YAW
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	e, ETC
02 7-13	DIST COUNTY SH				HEET NO.		
02 8-14	SJT RUNNELS 2					21	

105









Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

END

ROAD WORK

 \triangle

 \Diamond

G20-2

48" X 24"

(See note 2)▲

Inactive

work vehicle

(See Note 3)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-

See notes 1 & 7)

- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
√ √										

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

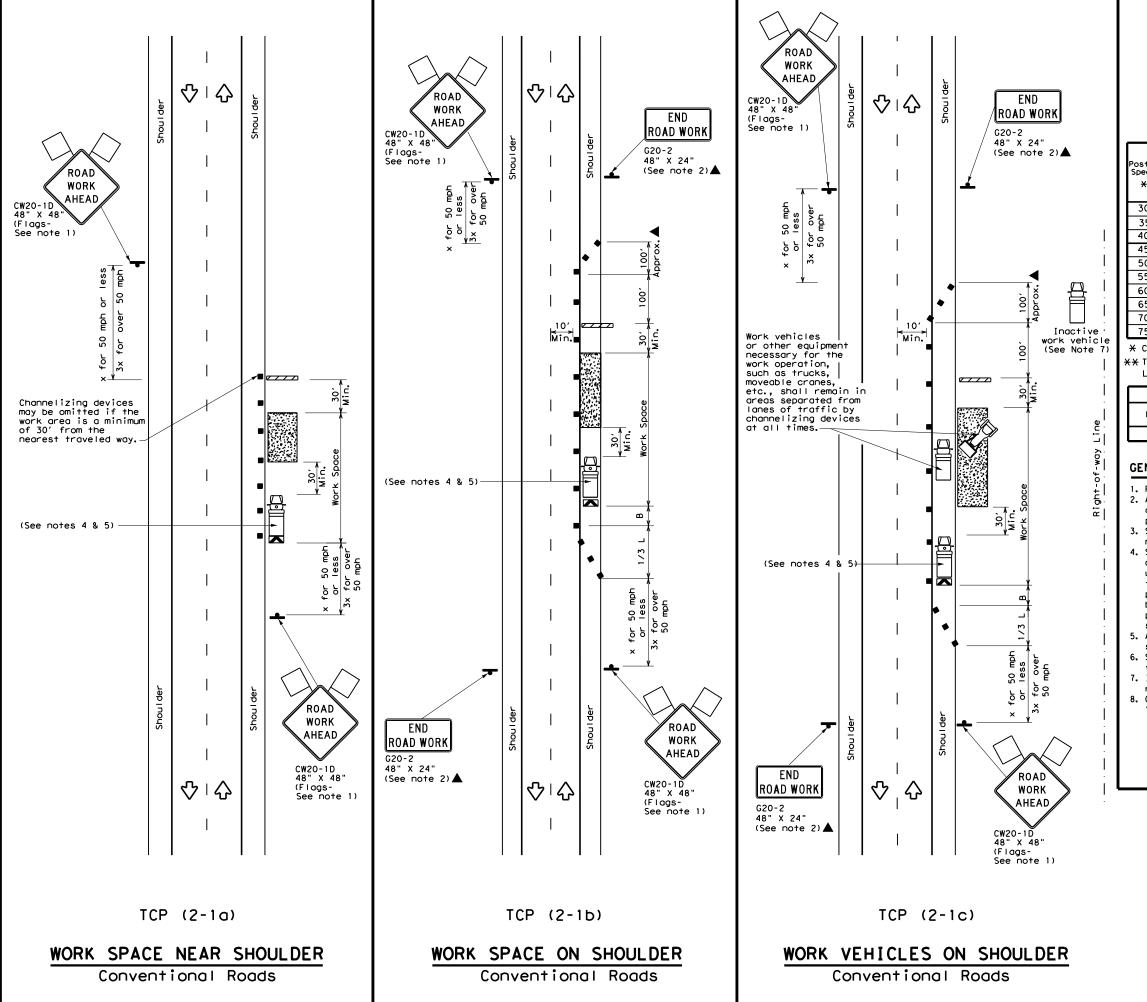
ILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR 3	39,	ETC
3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
1-97 2-18	SJT		RUNNE	LS		2:	3
151							

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

TCP (1-1c)

分





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
Flag G Flagger										
	1111-1									

_	•				•	•		
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' 12' Offset Offset		On a On a Taper Tangent		Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650' 715' 780' 65' 130'		700′	410′			
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	4 4 4									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

	_							
ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:	
C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	9, E	TC
2-94 4-96 3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET N	٥.
1-97 2-18	SJT		RUNNE	LS			24	

SIGNS ARE SHOWN FOR ONE DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

* When the optional larger WORKING FOR YOU GIVE US A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" x 96" sign is required, the locations shall be noted elsewhere in the plans.

	SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS													
BACKGROUND COLOR	SIGN SIGN SIGN REFLECTIVE DESIGNATION SIGN DIMENSIONS SHEETING		SQ FT	GAL VA STRUC S1		_	DRILLED Shaft							
COLOR	DESIGNATION		DIMENSIONS	DIMENSIONS	DIMENSIONS	DIMENSIONS	D1#E:431043	D14F14210142	SHEET THO		Size	(L	F)	24" DIA. (LF)
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	96" X 48"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	32	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>					
Orange	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	192" X 96"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	128	W8×18	16	17	12					

▲ See Note 6 Below

LEGEND						
<b>♣</b> Sign						
4	Large Sign					
ᡧ	Traffic Flow					

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL}
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. See BC and SMD sheets for additional sign support details.
- 2. Sign locations shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be used for this purpose.
- 4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction speed zone signing when required.
- 5. Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."
- 6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two  $4" \times 6"$  wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for under the following specification items:

Item 636 - Aluminum Signs

Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

**WORK ZONE** "GIVE US A BRAKE" SIGNS

WZ (BRK) - 13

					_			
FILE:	wzbrk-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>Т ск:</th><th>TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	Т ск:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWA	Υ
	REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR :	339,	ETC
6-96 5-98 7-13		DIST	COUNTY SHEE			T NO.		
8-96 3-	03	SJT		RUNNEL	S		2	5

## ROAD CLOSURE BEYOND THE INTERSECTION

CW20-3C 48" x 48" See Note 8

CW20-3B

48" x 48" See Note 8

M4-10L 48" x 18'

M4-8 24" x 12"

24" x 24"

M6-1 21" x 15"

M4-8 24" x 12"

24" x 24"

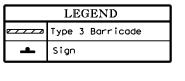
M5-1L 21" x 15"

CW20-2A

M1-6T

M1-6T

Signing for a Numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour



Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the
- 2. Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- 3. Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of
- 4. Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-3a) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- 9. Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

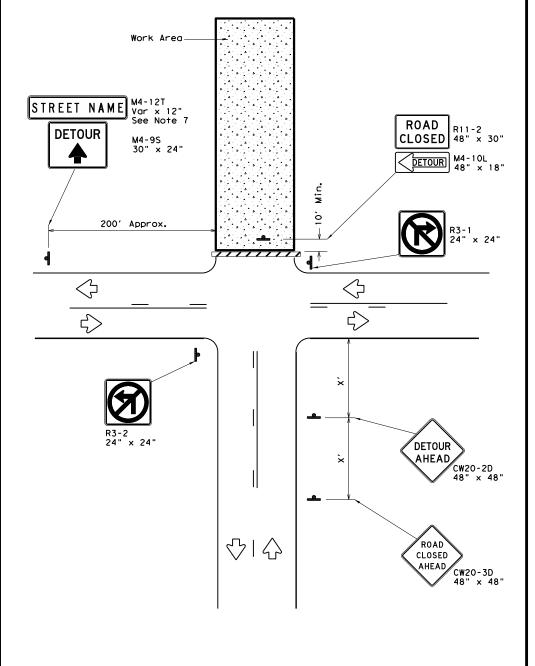


Traffic Operations Division Standard

## **WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE** DETAILS

WZ (RCD) - 13

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FILE:	wzrcd-13.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	)T (	ck: TxDO
© TxDOT	August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB			нІСН	WAY
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1-97 4-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
2-98 3-03		SJT		RUNNEI	_S			26



ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

NO.	TF

C.R. 339 (asphalt) 1. COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, CENTRAL ZONE,

AND ARE BASED ON THE AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983, 2011 ADJUSTMENT (NAD83 2011). THEY ARE SURFACE VALUES DISPLAYED IN US SURVEY FEET AND WERE CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING GRID X & Y COORDINATE VALUES BY THE SHELBY COUNTY SURFACE ADJUSMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012

2. ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) GEOID 12B

3. FIELD SERVICES WERE PERFORMED DURING AUGUST TO OCTOBER 2023, AND JANUARY 2024

											_ Si
Point ID	Grid Northing	Grid Easting	Surface Northing	Surface Easting	Elevation	Latitude (Global)	Longitude (Global)	Mapping Angle	Projection Scale Factor	Combined Scale Factor	2. No
5000	10,643,887.388	2,410,624.273	10,645,164.655	2,410,913.548	1727.09	31°52'10.18619"	99°57'57.58538"	0°11'21.1"	0.999996312	0.999917645	3.
5001	10,643,873.872	2,409,833.464	10,645,151.140	2,410,122.689	1732.50	31°52'10.07823"	99°58'06.75550"	0°11'16.4"	0.999996304	0.999917378	AC

C.R. 339
(asphalt) (BRIDGE)

CP-5000 CP-5001

NO. DATE REVISION APPROV.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE CONTROL INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON WAS ESTABLISHED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISIONAND IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

Jefferey & Ferns

JEFFREY L. FANSLER RPLS NO. 4348

2801 Network Boulevard, Suite 800
Prisco, Texas 75034
Prisco, Texa

DATE 7-29-2024

______®

**©**2023

C.R. 339 CONTROL INDEX SHEET

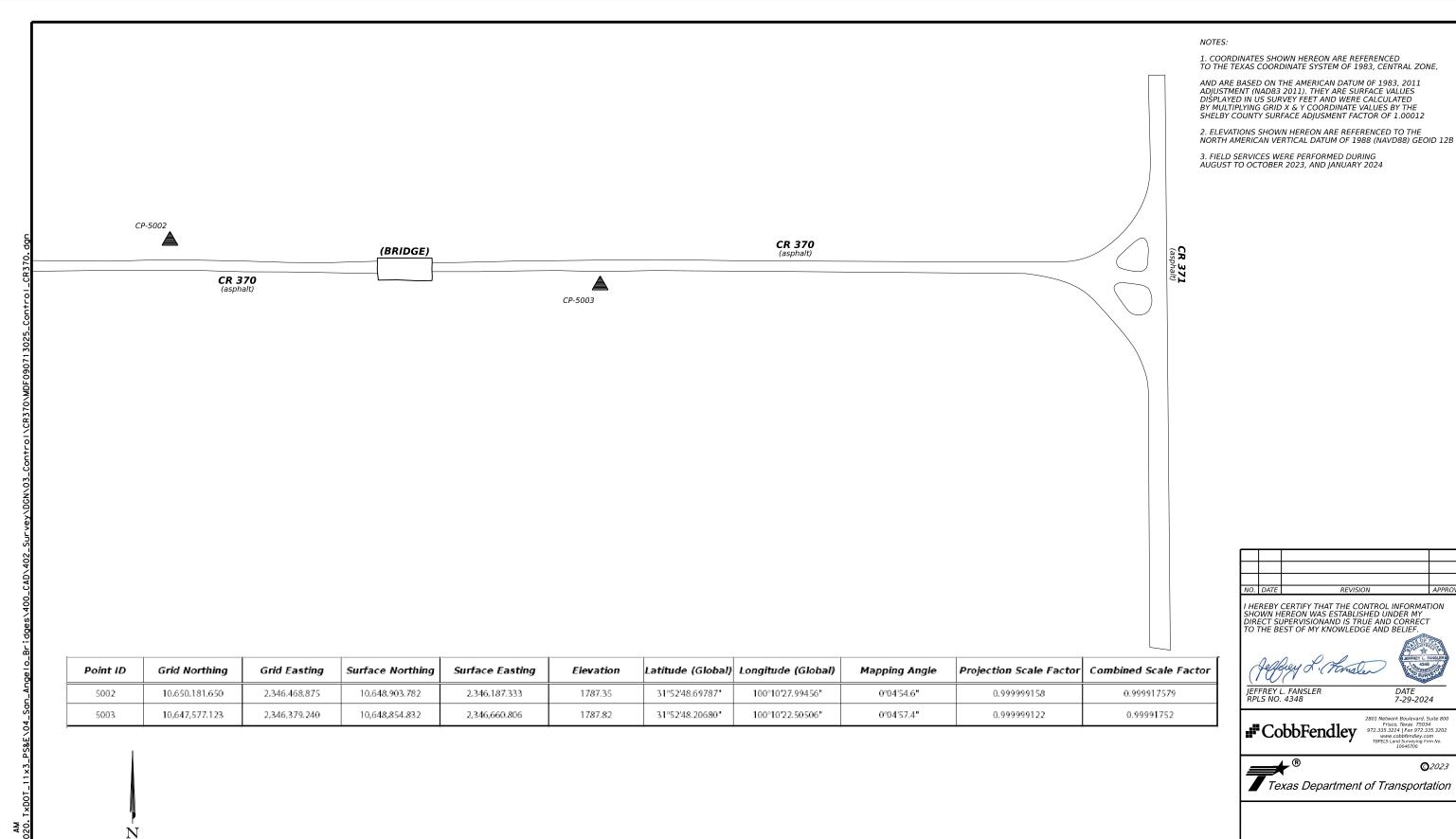
Texas Department of Transportation

FED RD DIV NO. FEDERAL AID PROJECT HIGHWAY
6 C.R. 339
STATE DISTRICT COUNTY SHEET NO.
TEXAS SAN ANGELO RUNNELS
CONTROL SECTION JOB 27
0907 13 024

TE: 5/15/2024 5:06:41 PM

0 100 20

SCALE IN FEET



C.R. 370 CONTROL INDEX SHEET

FED RD DIV NO.	FEDERAL A	HIGHWAY	
6			C.R. 370
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	SAN ANGELO	RUNNELS	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	28
0907	13	025	

DATE 7-29-2024

**©**2023

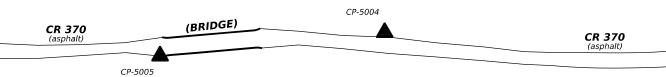
#### NOTES:

1. COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, CENTRAL ZONE,

AND ARE BASED ON THE AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983, 2011 ADJUSTMENT (NAD83 2011). THEY ARE SURFACE VALUES DISPLAYED IN US SURVEY FEET AND WERE CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING GRID X & Y COORDINATE VALUES BY THE SHELBY COUNTY SURFACE ADJUSMENT FACTOR OF 1.00012

2. ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) GEOID 12B

3. FIELD SERVICES WERE PERFORMED DURING AUGUST TO OCTOBER 2023, AND JANUARY 2024



Point ID	Grid Northing	Grid Easting	Surface Northing	Surface Easting	Elevation	Latitude (Global)	Longitude (Global)	Mapping Angle	Projection Scale Factor	Combined Scale Factor
5004	10,647,600.096	2,343,481.124	10,648,877.808	2,343,762.342	1790.99	31°52'48.47429"	100°10'56.11480"	0°04'40.1"	0.999999142	0.999917387
5005	10,647,575.750	2,343,247.150	10,648,853.459	2,343,528.340	1793.73	31°52'48.23651"	100°10'58.82863"	0°04'38.7"	0.999999124	0.999917234

NO.	DATE	REVISION	APPROV.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE CONTROL INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON WAS ESTABLISHED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISIONAND IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

JEFFREY L. FANSLER RPLS NO. 4348

DATE 7-29-2024

# CobbFendley

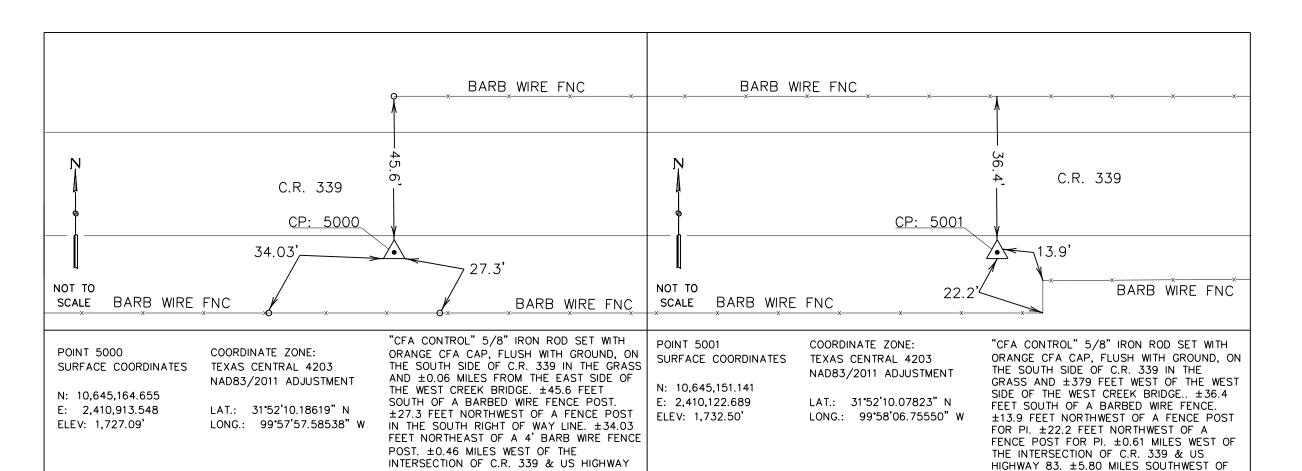
2801 Network Boulevard, Suite 800 Frisco, Texas 75034
972.335.3214 [Fax 972.335.3224]
972.335.3214 [Fax 972.335.320]
www.cobblendley.com
18PELS Land Surveying Firm No.
10/46700



Texas Department of Transportation



FED RD DIV NO.	FEDERAL A	HIGHWAY		
6			C.R. 370	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	SAN ANGELO	RUNNELS		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	1 29	
0907	13	025		

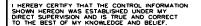


83. ±5.72 MILES SOUTHWEST OF CENTER.

1. COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983. CENTRAL ZONE, AND ARE BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983. 2011 ADJUSTMENT (NADB3 2011). THEY ARE SURFACE VALUES DISPLAYED IN US SURVEY FEET AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO STATE PLANE GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING THOSE SURFACE VALUES BY A SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.000012.

2. ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TXDOT VIRTURAL REFERENCE NETWORK,

3. FIELD SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED DURING OCTOBER 2023



Jeffrey & Finster

JEFFREY L. FANSLE RPLS No. 4348

WINTER.

DATE 7-29-2024

NO. DATE REV

6500 West Freeway, Suite #300 Fort Worth, Texas 76116 817.445.1016 | fax 817.445.1011 www.cobbfendley.com TBPELS Engineering Firm No. 274 TBPELS Land Surveying No. 100467

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Texas Department of Transportation

C.R. 339 CONTROL DETAIL SHEET

		SHEET	2	OF	2
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHV	VAY
0907	13	024		C.R.	339
DIST		COUNTY		SHI	EET NO.
AN ANGELO		RUNNELS			30

NORTON.

DATE 7-29-2024

C.R. 370

TOM GREEN

**TELEPHONE PEDESTAL** 

NORTON

Alignment name: CR39-Align Alignment description: Report Created: Wednesday, May 15, 2024 Time: 9:10:57 AM

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT REPORT

Time: 9:10:57 AM			
	STATION	X	Υ
POT	10+00.00 R1	2409834.380	10645176.387
PC	12+78.03 R1	2410112.288	10645168.039
Tangential Direction:	S88°16'45.59"E		
Tangential Length:	278.03		
PC	12+78.03 R1	2410112.288	10645168.039
PI	14+42.98 R1	2410277.156	10645163.086
CC		2410445.585	10656263.033
PT	16+07.89 R1	2410442.098	10645163.034
Radius:	11100.00		
Delta:	01°42'09.610" Left		
Degree of Curvature(Arc):	00°30'58.241"		
Length:	329.86		
Tangent:	164.94		
Chord:	329.85		
Middle Ordinate:	1.23		
External:	1.23		
Tangent Back Direction:	S88°16'45.59"E		
Radial Direction:	S01°43'14.41"W		
Chord Direction:	S89°07'50.40"E		
Radial Direction:	S00°01'04.80"W		
Tangent Ahead Direction:	589°58'55.20"E		
PT	16+07.89 R1	2410442.098	10645163.034
PC	17+98.24 R1	2410632.446	10645162.974
Tangential Direction:	S89°58'55.20"E		10045102.574
Tangential Length:	190.35		
PC	17+98.24 R1	2410632.446	10645162.974
PI	18+24.24 R1	2410658.443	10645162.966
CC		2410632.635	10645762.974
PT	18+50.20 R1	2410684.343	10645165.206
Radius:	600.00		
Delta:	04°57'42.655 <b>"</b> Left		
Degree of Curvature(Arc):	09°32'57.468"		
Length:	51.96		
Tangent:	26.00		
Chord:	51.94		
Middle Ordinate:	0.56		
External:	0.56		
Tangent Back Direction:	S89°58'55.20"E		
Radial Direction:	500°01'04.80"W		
Chord Direction:	N87°32'13.47"E		
Radial Direction:	S04°56'37.86"E		
Tangent Ahead Direction:	N85°03'22.14"E		
PT	18+50.20 R1	2410684.343	10645165.206
PC	21+04.63 R1	2410937.829	10645187.133
Tangential Direction:	N85°03'22.14"E		
Tangential Length:	254.43		
PC	21+04.63 R1	2410937.829	10645187.133
PI	22+01.07 R1	2411033.906	10645195.444
СС		2410991.260	10644569.440
PT	22+95.97 R1	2411127.969	10645174.180
Radius:	620.00		
Delta:	17°40'55.797" Right		
Degree of Curvature(Arc):	09°14'28.517"		
Length:	191.34		
Tangent:	96.44		
Chord:	190.58		
Middle Ordinate:	7.37		
External:	7.46		
Tangent Back Direction:	N85°03'22.14"E		
Radial Direction:	S04°56'37.86"E		
Chord Direction:	S86°06'09.96"E		
Radial Direction:	S12°44'17.94"W		
Tangent Ahead Direction:	S77°15'42.06"E		
PT	22+95.97 R1	2411127.969	10645174.180
PC	23+29.42 R1	2411160.593	10645166.805

Tangential Direction:	S77°15'42.06 <b>"</b> E		
Tangential Length:	33.45		
PC	23+29.42 R1	2411160.593	10645166.805
PI	23+81.67 R1	2411211.557	10645155.284
CC		2411270.842	10645654.499
PT	24+33.54 R1	2411263.802	10645154.548
Radius:	500.00		
Delta:	11°55'53.769" Left		
Degree of Curvature(Arc):	11°27'32.961"		
Length:	104.12		
Tangent:	52.25		
Chord:	103.93		
Middle Ordinate:	2.71		
External:	2.72		
Tangent Back Direction:	S77°15'42.06"E		
Radial Direction:	S12°44'17.94"W		
Chord Direction:	S83°13'38.94"E		
Radial Direction:	S00°48'24.17"W		
Tangent Ahead Direction:	S89°11'35.83"E		
PT	24+33.54 R1	2411263.802	10645154.548
POT	28+50.00 R1	2411680.217	10645148.685
Tangential Direction:	S89°11'35.83"E		
Tangential Length:	416.46		



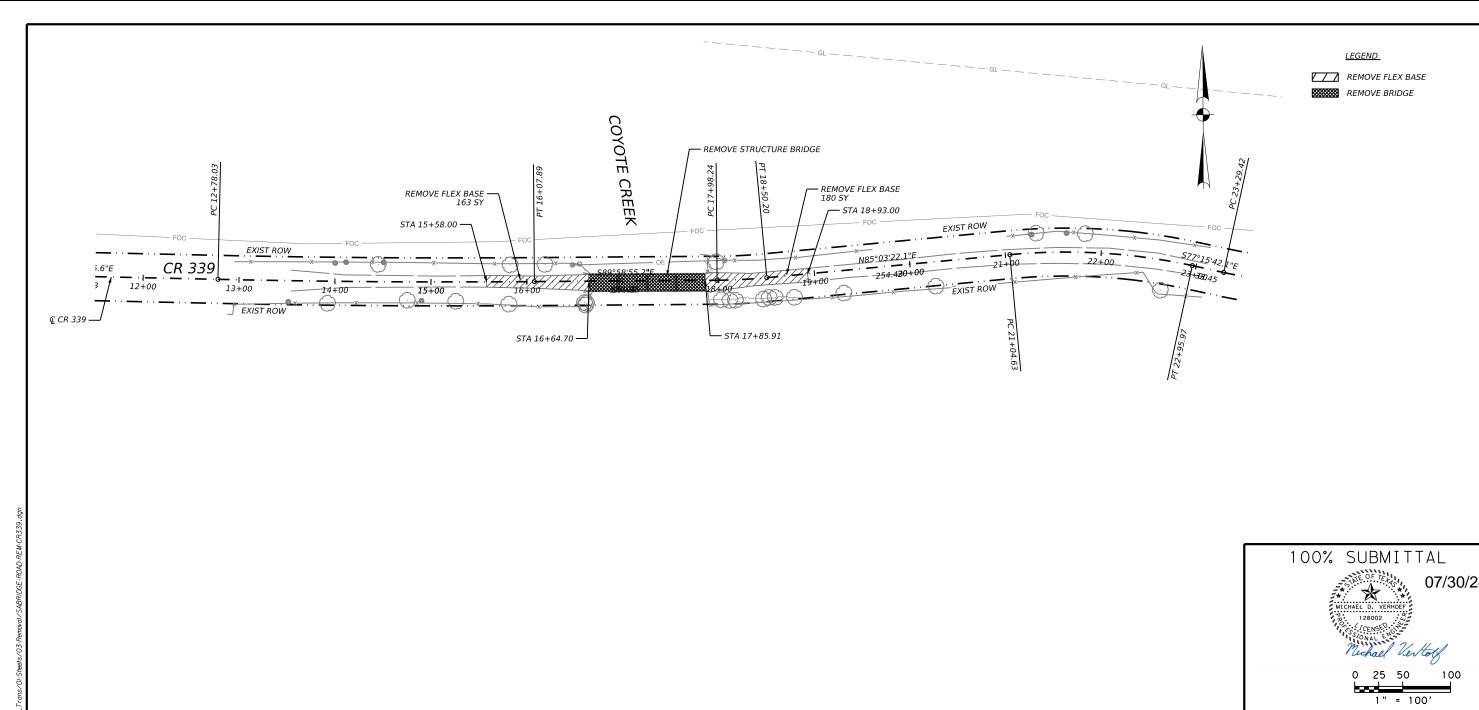


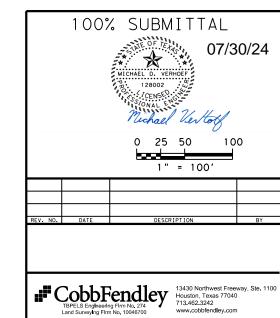


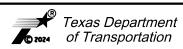
Texas Department of Transportation

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

ED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE			HWAY NO.	
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24(802)	CR 3.	39, ETC
STATE	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	32

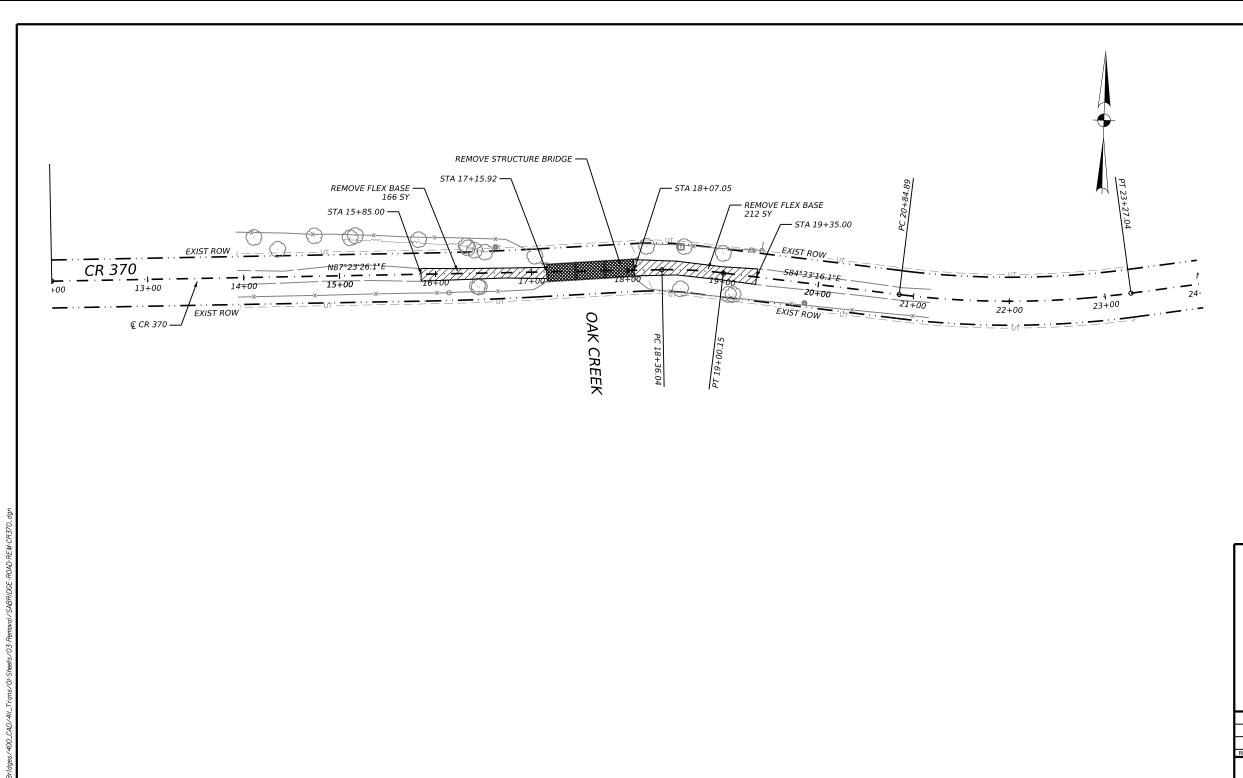


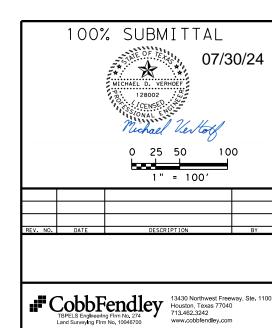




CR 339 REMOVAL LAYOUT

FED.RD.	STATE	PROJ	ECT NO.		HWAY
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24 (802)	CR 33	9, ET
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024. ETC	33





LEGEND

REMOVE FLEX BASE
REMOVE BRIDGE

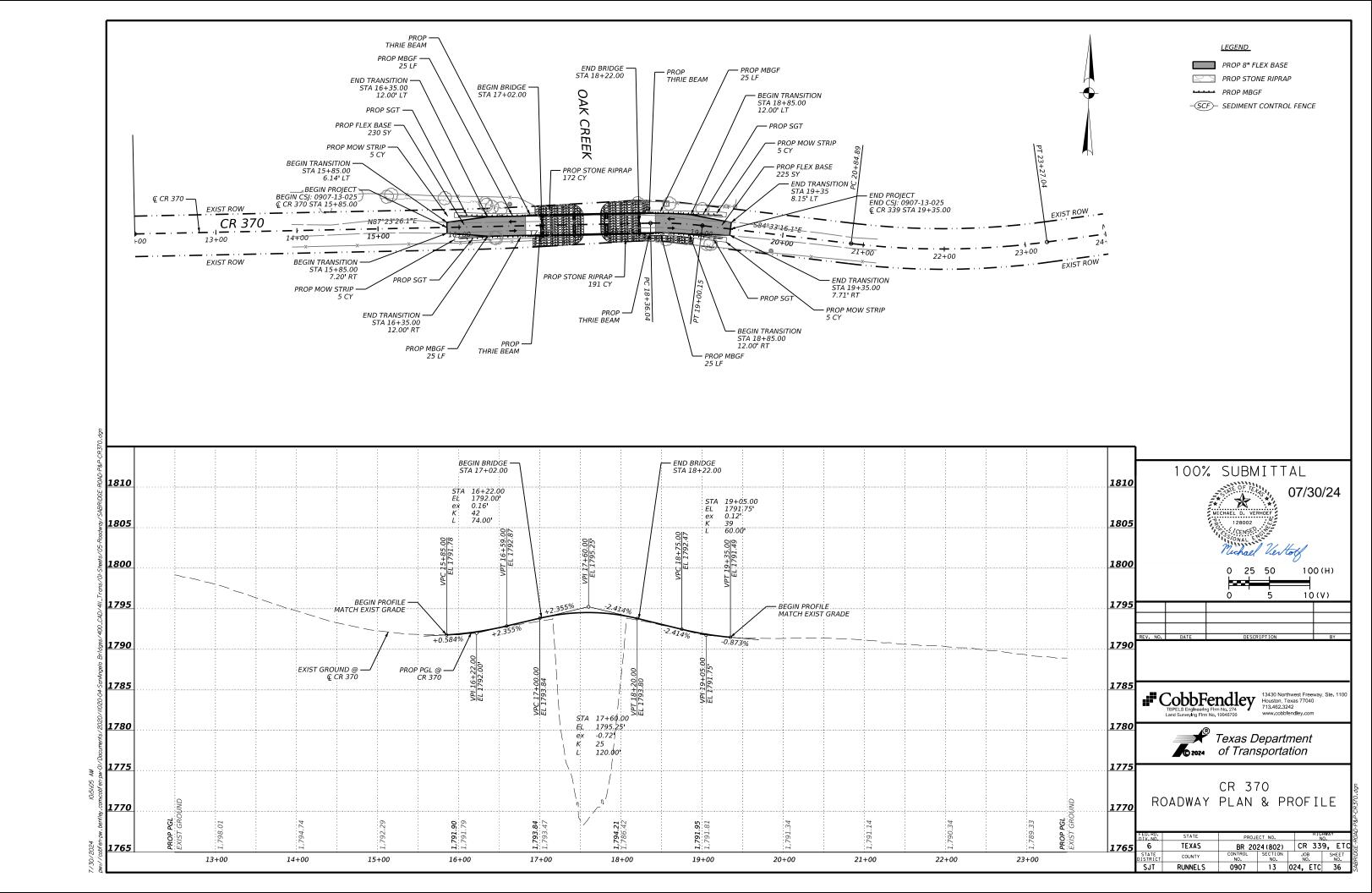
CR 370 REMOVAL LAYOUT

Texas Department of Transportation

FED.RD.	STATE	PROJECT NO.			HIGHWAY NO.	
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24 (802)	CR 33	HWAY NO. 9, ETC	
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.	
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	34	

<u>LEGEND</u> COYOTE CREEK PROP 8" FLEX BASE – END BRIDGE THRIE BEAM STA 17+93.00 PROP STONE RIPRAP - PROP MBGF PROP MBGF - PROP 25 LF PROP MBGF BEGIN BRIDGE -STA 16+58.00 - BEGIN TRANSITION STA 18+43.00 12.00' LT END TRANSITION --SCF - SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE STA 16+08.00 12.00' LT PROP FLEX BASE -— PROP SGT — PROP FLEX BASE PROP SGT - PROP STONE RIPRAP PROP MOW STRIP — PROP MOW STRIP BEGIN TRANSITION -STA 15+48.00 BEGIN PROJECT -_BEGIN CSJ: 0907-13-024 _C CR 339 STA 15+48.00-CR 339 BEGIN TRANSITION 5.46' RT END PROJECT END CSJ: 0907-13-024 & CR 339 STA 19+10.00 13+00 EXIST ROW - END TRANSITION € CR 339 — STA 19+10.00 8.21' RT PROP STONE RIPRAP -44 CY PROP MOW STRIP -5 CY — PROP MOW STRIP PROP SGT -END TRANSITION -STA 16+08.00 - PROP SGT 12.00' RT PROP – THRIE BEAM — BEGIN TRANSITION STA 18+43.00 12.00' RT PROP MBGF 25 LF PROP MBGF - PROP THRIE BEAM 100% SUBMITTAL 1750 STA 16+18.00 EL 1731.75 ex 0.27 K 51 L 104.00 1750 BEGIN BRIDGE — STA 16+58.00 07/30/24 = 18+78.00 EL 1729.33' = END BRIDGE K 41 STA 17+93.00 L 40.00' 1745 1745 VPI 15+48.00 EL 1731.63 VPC 15+66.00 EL 1731.66 VPI 17+30.00 EL 1734.25 VPT 18+98.00 EL 1728.86 VPI 19+01.00 EL 1728.79 1740 1740 25 50 100(H) PROP PGL @ -BEGIN PROFILE 1735 1735 ..MATCH EXIST GRADE . +2.232% 3.321% - END PROFILE MATCH EXIST GRADE +0.177% +2.232% 1730 1730 VPI 16+18.00 EL 1731.75 -2.353% EXIST GROUND @ C CR 339 VPC 16+70.00 EL 1732.91 VPI 18+78.00 EL 1729.33 1725 TBPELS Engineering Firm No. 274

13430 Northwest Freeway, Ste. 1101
Houston, Texas 77040
713.462,3242 1720 Texas Department STA 17+30.00 EL 1734.25' ex -0.83' of Transportation 1715 1715 22 120.00 CR 339 ROADWAY PLAN & PROFILE 1710 1710 BR 2024(802) CR 339, ETC 6 TEXAS 1705 1705 CONTROL SECTION JOB NO. NO. NO. NO. O907 13 024, ETC 35 COUNTY 17+00 13+00 14+00 15+00 16+00 18+00 19+00 20+00 21+00 22+00 23+00 SJT RUNNELS



TXDOT: NOVEMBER 2019

CONT SECT JOB

0907 13 024, ETC CR 339, E

BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

Site conditions may exist where grading is required for the proper installation of metal guard fence and

2'-0"

Approach grading or mow strip may be decreased or eliminated, as directed by the Engineer.

### GENERAL NOTES

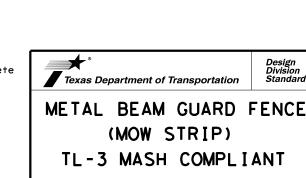
- 1. This mow strip design is for use with metal beam guard fence, guard fence transitions, and guard fence end treatments. See applicable GF(31) MBGF or GF(31) Transition Standard
- 2. Mow strips shall be reinforced concrete with (wire mesh or synthetic fiber), as shown on the plans and will be paid for under the pertinent bid item. Reinforced concrete shall be placed in accordance with Item 432. "Riprap." The use of the synthetic fiber in lieu of steel reinforcing is acceptable, provided the fiber producer is on the Department Material Producer List (MPL), maintained by TxDOT, Construction Division,
- 3. The leave-out behind the post shall be a minimum of 7".
- 4. Only steel (W6 x 8.5 or W6 x 9.0), or  $7 \frac{1}{2}$ " Dia. round wood posts are acceptable for use in the mow strip. See GF(31) Standard for additional details.
- 5. Other curb placement options may be used. Curbs are not considered part of the mow strip and will be paid for under other pertinent bid item.
- 6. Thickness of the mow strip will be 4".

15"

usual

*****Slope to drain

- 7. The limits of payment for reinforced concrete will include leave-outs for the posts.
- 8. The leave-outs shall be filled with a Grout mixture consisting of: 2719 pounds sand, 188 pounds Type 1 or II cement, and 550 pounds of water per cubic yard, with a 28-day compressive strength of approximately 230 psi or less. Provide grout with a consistency that will flow into and completely fill all voids. Due to auger size, larger leave-out dimensions are acceptable from both an impact performance and maintenance repair standpoint (Suggested Maximum leave-out of 20"). Payment for furnishing and placing the grout mixture will be subsidiary to the pay item of riprap mow strip.



GF (31) MS-19									
FILE: gf31ms19.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: KM	DW:	VP	ck:CG	L/AG		
©TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JO	В		HIGHWA	Y		
REVISIONS	0907	13	024,	ETC	CR	339,	ETC		
		COU		SHEE.	T NO.				
	C IT		DUNK	IEI C		- 3	0		

(See General Note 8) Reinforced Concrete Mow Strip Reinforced Concrete

CURB OPTION (3)

CURB OPTION (1)

This option will increase the post embedment throughout the system.

_ min ~

15"

usual

*****Slope to drain

CURB OPTION (2)

min

15"

usual

*****Slope to drain

Mow Strip

Curb shown on top of mow strip

See CCCG ~

Standard for

Curb Types

Curb Types

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1 (888) 323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE: SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT.
- 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER.
- 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOF†S†op SYSTEM BE CURVED.
- 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NOTE: A	THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL
	VARY FROM 3-¾" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
NOTE: B	PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
	PART PN: 5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING)
NOTE: C	W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5)
	GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G
	ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G
	LAP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW.

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

PART	QTY	MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS
620237B	1	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.)
15208A	1	SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH)
15215G	1	SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS
61 G	1	SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25' - 0")
15205A	1	POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 %")
15203G	1	POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 ½")
15000G	1	POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0")
533G	6	POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6'- 0")
4076B	7	BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14")
6777B	7	BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14")
15204A	1	ANCHOR PADDLE
15207G	1	ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA)
15206G	1	ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2" THICK )
15201G	2	ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG)
15202G	1	ANGLE STRUT
		HARDWARE
4902G	1	1" ROUND WASHER F436
3908G	1	1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH
3717G	2	¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325
3701G	4	¾" ROUND WASHER F436
3704G	2	¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
3360G	16	%" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR
3340G	25	%" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR
3500G	7	%" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307
3391G	1	%" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325
4489G	1	%" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325
4372G	4	%" WASHER F436
105285G	2	% " × 2 1/2" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
105286G	1	%6" × 1 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5
3240G	6	% " ROUND WASHER (WIDE)
3245G	3	% " HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
5852B	1	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE: B

Texas Department of Transportation

TRINITY HIGHWAY SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (10S) 31-16

• • • • •								
.E: sgt10s3116	DN: Tx[	OT	ck: KM	DW:	۷P	CK:	MB/VP	
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		Υ	
REVISIONS	0907	13	024,	ETC	CR	339,	ETC	
	DIST	COUNTY SHEE				SHEE	T NO.	
	SJT	RUNNELS 39					)	

### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	% " x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	34" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	% " WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	% " RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

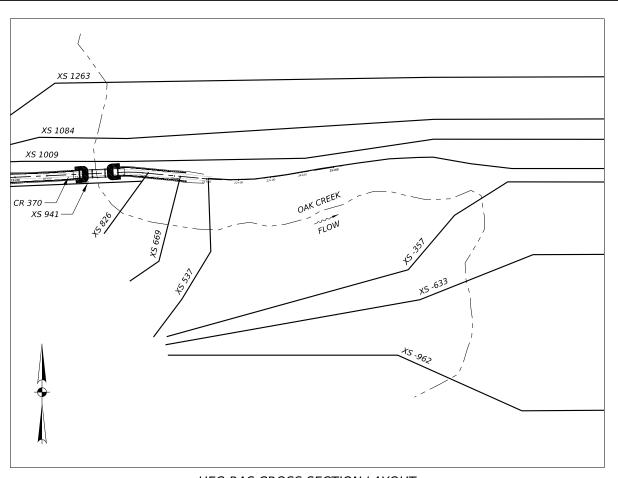
MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT(11S)31-18

ILE: sgt11s3118.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: TxDO				)T	CK: CL		
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0907	13	024,	ETC	CR	339	, ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY				EET NO.	
	SJT	T RUNNELS						





	EXISTING CONDITIONS						PROPOSED CONDITIONS							COMPARISONS			
		25 YEAR	R 100 YEAR					25 YEAR			100 YEAR			25 YEAR		100 YEAR	
STATION	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	STATION	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	PR-EX WSEL	PR - EX VEL	PR-EX WSEL	PR - EX VEL
	(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT/S)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT/S)		(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT/S)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT/S)	(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)
1263	8127	1789.31	3.74	14089	1792.62	4.05	1263	8127	1789.38	3.70	14089	1792.61	4.05	0.07	-0.04	-0.01	0.00
1084	8127	1788.84	5.71	14089	1792.08	6.35	1084	8127	1788.92	5.64	14089	1792.08	6.36	0.08	-0.07	0.00	0.01
1009	8127	1788.49	6.91	14089	1792.37	3.89	1009	8127	1788.69	6.34	14089	1792.36	3.90	0.20	-0.57	-0.01	0.01
979 EXIST BRIDGE						979	979 EXIST BRIDGE										
941	8127	1788.40	6.38	14089	1792.28	4.19	941	8127	1788.48	6.13	14089	1792.28	4.19	0.08	-0.25	0.00	0.00
826	8127	1788.29	6.39	14089	1792.26	4.05	826	8127	1788.29	6.39	14089	1792.26	4.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
669	8127	1787.34	8.94	14089	1792.22	4.56	669	8127	1787.34	8.94	14089	1792.22	4.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
537	8127	1786.83	9.43	14089	1790.69	10.03	537	8127	1786.83	9.43	14089	1790.69	10.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-357	8127	1786.32	4.91	14089	1790.39	5.37	-357	8127	1786.32	4.91	14089	1790.39	5.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-633	8127	1786.08	4.98	14089	1790.14	5.44	-633	8127	1786.08	4.98	14089	1790.14	5.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-962	8127	1785.60	5.79	14089	1789.61	6.29	-962	8127	1785.60	5.79	14089	1789.61	6.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

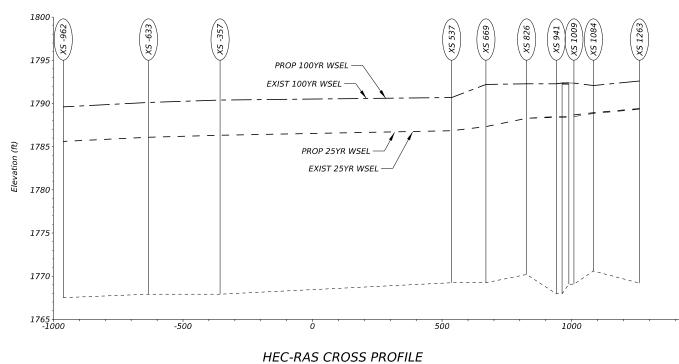
HYDRAULIC DATA: OAK CREEK

		FLOW	FLOW DATA				
		BRIDGE Q (CFS)	OVERFLOW Q (CFS)	BRIDGE VELOCITY (FPS)			
25 YEAR	EXIST	8127.00	0.00	7.18			
23 TEAR	PROP	8127.00	0.00	7.03			
100 YEAR	EXIST	2745.63	11343.37	1.92			
100 TEAR	PROP	3146.35	10942.65	2.02			

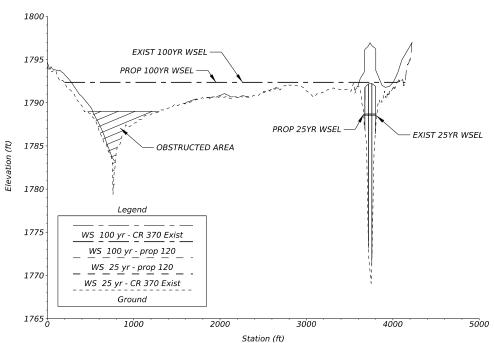
1500

### HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION LAYOUT 1" = 300'

# San Angelo Bridges Plan: 1) CR 370 Exist 3/4/2024 2) prop 120 3/4/2024



San Angelo Bridges Plan: 1) CR 370 Exist 3/4/2024 2) prop 120 3/4/2024



HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION

HYDRAULIC DATA CR 370 AT OAK CREEK

SHEET 2 OF 3 FED.RD. DIV.NO. TEXAS CR 339, ETC 
 CONTROL NO.
 SECTION NO.
 JOB NO.
 SHEET NO.

 0907
 13
 024, ETC
 42
 COUNTY RUNNELS

CobbFendley
TIRPE IS Frontineering Firm No. 274

Texas Department of Transportation

SAN ANGELO BRIDGES

NOTES:

- 1. HEC-RAS 6.4.1 WAS UTILIZED FOR THE HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS OF CR 370 AT OAK CREEK.
- 2. A TAILWATER CONDITION OF NORMAL DEPTH WITH A STREAM SLOPE OF 0.12% WAS USED.
- 3. CR 370 AT OAK CREEK IS LOCATED WITHIN A FEMA UNMAPPED AREA.
- 4. T223 BRIDGE RAIL IS MODELED AS PART OF THE ROADWAY PROFILE.
- 5. SEE "DRAINAGE AND SCOUR REPORT CR 370 AT OAK CREEK" DATED MARCH 2024 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

**100% SUBMITTAL** 

CYNTHIA R. CARLE

AGUIRRE & FIELDS ENGINEERING INNOVATORS TEXAS RESGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-739

PROJECT DATA

Project Title: San Angelo Bridges Project File: SanAngeloBridges.prj Run Date and Time: 3/4/2024 5:04:56 PM

Project in English units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: CR 370 prop 120

Plan File: C:\CR370-339 SanAngelo CF\HEC RAS\CR 370\SanAngeloBridges.p07

Geometry Title: Proposed CR 370 120'

Geometry File: C:\CR370-339 SanAngelo CF\HEC RAS\CR 370\SanAngeloBridges.g07

Flow File : C:\CR370-339_SanAngelo_CF\HEC RAS\CR 370\SanAngeloBridges.f01

Plan Summary Information:

Number of: Cross Sections = 10 Multiple Openings = 1

Culverts = 0 Inline Structures = 0 = 0 Lateral Structures = 0 Bridges

Computational Information

Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01Critical depth calculation tolerance = 0.01 Maximum number of iterations = 20 Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3

Flow tolerance factor = 0.001

Computation Options

Critical depth computed only where necessary

Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only

Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance Computational Flow Regime: Subcritical Flow

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: CR 370 RRE

Flow File : C:\CR370-339 SanAngelo CF\HEC RAS\CR 370\SanAngeloBridges.f01

Flow Data (cfs)

10 yr 50 yr 100 yr 500 yr River Reach River 1 Reach 1 1263 1490 3464 5225 8127 10792 14089 24274

**Boundary Conditions** 

River Reach Profile Upstream Downstream

Normal S = 0.0012River 1 Reach 1 Reach 1 100 yr Normal S = 0.0012River 1

Q Total Min Ch El W.S. Elev Crit W.S. E.G. Elev E.G. Slope Vel Chnl Flow Area Top Width Froude # Chl River Sta Profile Reach (cfs) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft/ft) (ft/s) (sq ft) 1789.38 1782.17 1789.59 512.47 1263 8127.00 1769.21 0.000513 3.70 2444.40 0.23 Reach 1 25 yr Reach 1 1263 100 yr 14089.00 1769.21 1792.61 1784.49 1792.84 0.000387 4.05 4401.32 664.61 0.22 Reach 1 1084 8127.00 1770.61 1788.92 1782.12 1789.42 0.001446 5.64 1440.64 213.94 0.38 1325.93 0.37 1084 100 yr 14089.00 1770.61 1792.08 1785.39 1792.69 0.001196 6.36 2632.11 Reach 1 1009 8127.00 1769.10 1788.69 1780.57 1789.31 0.001025 6.34 1282.00 150.76 0.34 Reach 1 25 vr 3.90 Reach 1 1009 100 yr 14089.00 1769.10 1792.36 1784.25 1792.49 0.000392 8976.69 3876.04 0.21 CR 370 979 Mult Open Reach 1 941 8127.00 1767.95 1788.48 1779.57 1789.07 0.000950 1325.09 0.33 Reach 1 6.13 155.32 25 yr Reach 1 941 100 yr 14089.00 1767.95 1792.28 1783.04 1792.43 0.000301 4.19 9323.73 3522.71 0.19 826 1788.29 1781.26 1788.92 0.001320 6.39 1271.18 143.53 0.38 Reach 1 8127.00 1770.18 Reach 1 826 100 vr 14089.00 1770.18 1792.26 1784.63 1792.41 0.000369 4.05 8650.92 3319.53 0.21 669 1769.25 1781.59 1788.58 0.002524 8.94 908.85 95.03 Reach 1 8127.00 1787.34 0.51 100 yr 1792.38 0.000433 4.56 3138.20 0.22 669 14089.00 1769.25 1792.22 1785.96 8416.34 Reach 1 Reach 1 537 8127.00 1769.25 1786.83 1781.60 1788.21 0.002851 9.43 861.50 90.86 0.54 25 vr Reach 1 537 100 yr 14089.00 1769.25 1790.69 1785.95 1792.16 0.003245 10.03 1796.59 581.73 0.59 1786.32 0.000795 190.86 0.29 -357 8127.00 1767.94 1777.78 1786.69 4.91 1654.14 Reach 1 -357 100 yr 14089.00 1767.94 1790.39 1780.71 1790.82 0.000627 5.37 3010.56 445.39 Reach 1 0.28 -633 1767.93 1786.08 1778.41 1786.46 0.000865 4.98 1630.62 194.93 0.30 Reach 1 -633 100 yr 14089.00 1767.93 1790.14 1781.24 1790.60 0.000981 5.44 2588.49 302.26 0.33 Reach 1 Reach 1 -962 8127.00 1767.51 1785.60 1776.82 1786.12 0.001202 5.79 1404.11 169.51 0.35 Reach 1 -962 100 yr 14089.00 1767.51 1789.61 1780.61 1790.23 0.001202 6.29 2239.60 242.19 0.36

CROSS SECTION RIVER: River 1

Profile Output Table - Standard Table 1

REACH: Reach 1 RS: 1009

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #25 yr

1789.31 Left OB Channel Right OB E.G. Elev (ft) Element Vel Head (ft) 0.62 Wt. n-Val. 0.035 67.90 67.90 W.S. Elev (ft) 1788.69 Reach Len. (ft) 67.90 Crit W.S. (ft) 1780.57 Flow Area (sq ft) 1282.00 E.G. Slope (ft/ft) 0.001025 Area (sq ft) 1318.03 Q Total (cfs) 8127.00 Flow (cfs) 8127.00 Top Width (ft) 150.76 Top Width (ft) 150.76 Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Vel Total (ft/s) 6.34 6.34 19.59 Hydr. Depth (ft) 10.68 Max Chl Dpth (ft) 253830.3 Conv. Total (cfs) 253830.3 Conv. (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft) 67.90 Wetted Per. (ft) 127.29 Min Ch El (ft) 1769.10 Shear (lb/sq ft) 0.64 Alpha 1.00 Stream Power (lb/ft s) 4.09 Frctn Loss (ft) Cum Volume (acre-ft) 0.00 57.72 0.00 C & E Loss (ft) Cum SA (acres) 0.02 6.76 0.02

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #100 yr

E.G. Elev (ft) Vel Head (ft)	1792.49 0.14	Element Wt. n-Val.	Left OB 0.050	Channel 0.035	Right OB 0.050
W.S. Elev (ft)	1792.36	Reach Len. (ft)	67.90	67.90	67.90
Crit W.S. (ft)	1784.25	Flow Area (sq ft)	6718.96	1984.86	272.87
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000392	Area (sq ft)	6718.96	1984.86	272.87
Q Total (cfs)	14089.00	Flow (cfs)	6164.42	7736.44	188.14
Top Width (ft)	3876.04	Top Width (ft)	3452.68	191.20	232.16
Vel Total (ft/s)	1.57	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	0.92	3.90	0.69
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	23.26	Hydr. Depth (ft)	1.95	10.38	1.18
Conv. Total (cfs)	711256.6	Conv. (cfs)	311199.3	390559.4	9498.0
Length Wtd. (ft)	67.90	Wetted Per. (ft)	3453.30	198.92	232.35
Min Ch El (ft)	1769.10	Shear (lb/sq ft)	0.05	0.24	0.03
Alpha	3.54	Stream Power (lb/ft s	0.04	0.95	0.02
Frctn Loss (ft)		Cum Volume (acre-ft)	0.68	88.65	4.39
C & E Loss (ft)		Cum SA (acres)	5.63	8.86	2.19

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.







13430 Northwest Freeway, Ste. 1100 Houston, Texas 77040 713.462.3242

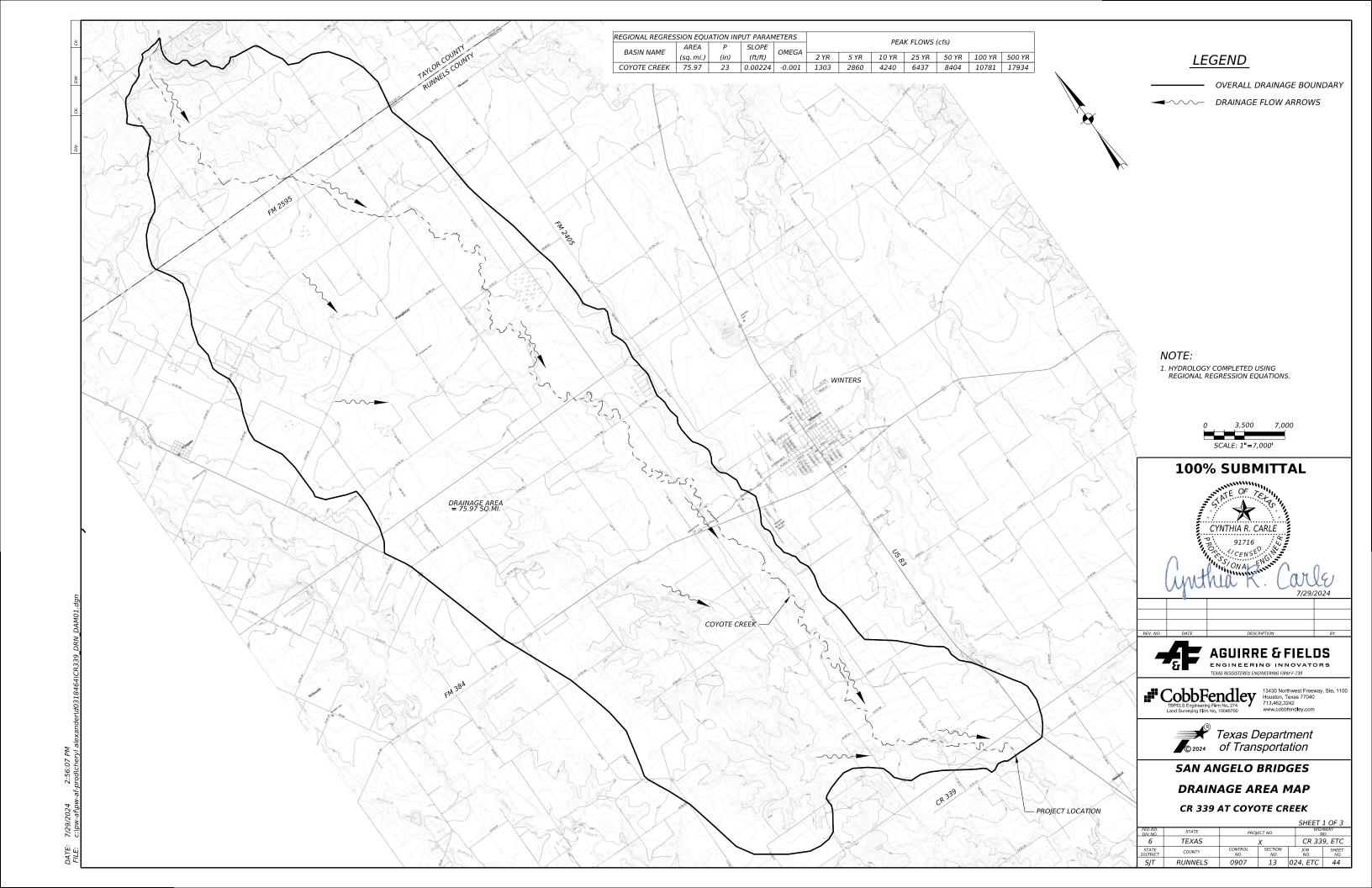
SHEET 3 OF 3

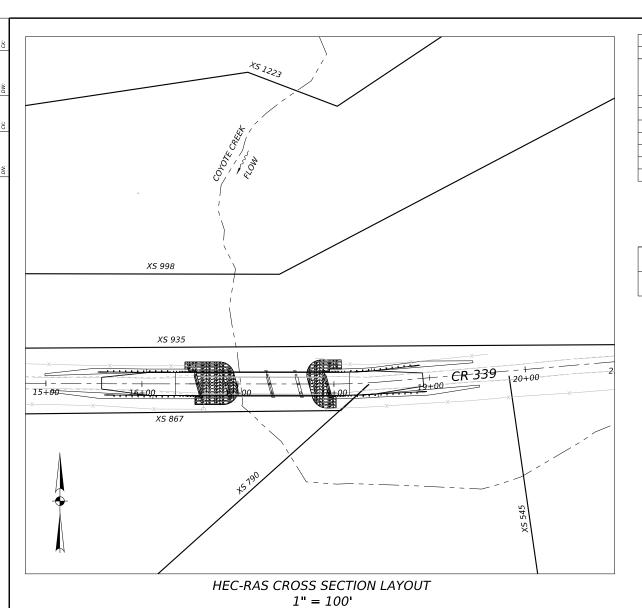


# SAN ANGELO BRIDGES **HEC-RAS COMPUTATIONS**

CR 370 AT OAK CREEK

PROJECT NO TEXAS CR 339, ETC COUNT 0907 13 024, ETC 43 SIT RUNNELS





	HYDRAULIC DATA: COYOTE CREEK																
		EXIS	TING CONDIT	IONS					PROP	OSED CONDI	TIONS			COMPARISONS			
		2 YEAR			100 YEAR				2 YEAR			100 YEAR		2 YEAR		100 YEAR	
STATION	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	STATION	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	Q TOTAL	WSEL	VEL CHNL	PR-EX WSEL	PR - EX VEL	PR-EX WSEL	PR - EX VEL
	(CFS)	(FT)	(FT/S)	(CFS)	(FT)	(FT/S)		(CFS)	(FT)	(FT/S)	(CFS)	(FT)	(FT/S)	(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)	(+/-)
1223	1303	1727.17	5.46	10781	1732.07	9.94	1223	1303	1727.17	5.46	10781	1732.07	9.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
998	1303	1726.82	4.91	10781	1731.66	6.39	998	1303	1726.82	4.91	10781	1731.66	6.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
935	1303	1726.76	4.14	10781	1731.69	4.42	935	1303	1726.77	4.14	10781	1731.69	4.42	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
896			EXISTING	BRIDGE			896			PROPOSEL	BRIDGE						
867	1303	1726.63	4.08	10781	1731.45	5.61	867	1303	1726.63	4.08	10781	1731.45	5.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
790	1303	1726.25	5.19	10781	1731.27	6.25	790	1303	1726.25	5.19	10781	1731.27	6.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
545	1303	1725.74	5.02	10781	1730.62	8.66	545	1303	1725.74	5.02	10781	1730.62	8.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

		FLOW	FLOW DATA				
		BRIDGE Q (CFS)	OVERFLOW Q (CFS)	BRIDGE VELOCITY (FPS)			
2 YFAR	EXIST	1303.00	0.00	4.35			
ZTEAK	PROP	1303.00	0.00	4.34			
100 YEAR	EXIST	2959.58	7821.42	4.02			
100 TEAR	PROP	3258.45	7522.55	3.94			

# CR 339 Plan: 1) existing 3/4/2024 2) PROP CR 339 3/4/2024 PROP CR 339 ROAD PROFILE 1735-PROP 100YR WSEL 1730 EXIST 2YR WSEL 1725-PROP 2YR WSEL -1720-

1000 1500 Station (ft)

HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION

Legend WS 100 yr - existing WS 100 yr - PROP CR 339 WS 2 yr - existing
WS 2 yr - PROP CR 339 Ground

2500

2000

**100% SUBMITTAL** CYNTHIA R. CARLE AGUIRRE & FIELDS ENGINEERING INNOVATORS TEXAS RESGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-739

1. HEC-RAS 6.4.1 WAS UTILIZED FOR THE HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS OF CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK.

2. A TAILWATER CONDITION OF NORMAL DEPTH WITH A STREAM SLOPE OF 0.2% WAS USED.

3. CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK IS LOCATED WITHIN A FEMA UNMAPPED AREA.

4. T223 BRIDGE RAIL IS MODELED AS PART OF THE ROADWAY PROFILE.

5. SEE "DRAINAGE AND SCOUR REPORT CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK" DATED MARCH 2024 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

TBPELS Engineering Firm No. 274



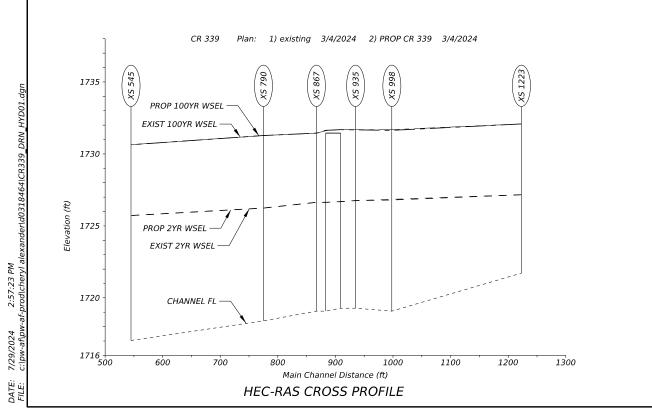
NOTES:

Texas Department
of Transportation

SAN ANGELO BRIDGES HYDRAULIC DATA CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK

SHEET 2 OF 3

ED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJ	ECT NO.		IWAY IO.		
6	TEXAS		Χ	CR 33	CR 339, ETC		
STATE ISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.		
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	45		



HEC-RAS HEC-RAS 6.4.1 June 2023 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center 609 Second Street Davis, California



PROJECT DATA Project Title: CR 339 Project File : CR339.prj

Run Date and Time: 2/28/2024 5:07:43 PM

Project in English units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: EXIST CR 339 Plan File : C:□-1\RAS\CR339.p04

> Geometry Title: existing cr 339 Geometry File: C:□-1\RAS\CR339.g04

Flow Title : CR 339 RRE Flow File : C:□-1\RAS\CR339.f01

Plan Summary Information:

Number of:  $\acute{C}ross\ Sections = 6$  Multiple Openings = 0 Culverts = 0 Inline Structures = 0

= 1 Lateral Structures = 0

Computational Information

Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01 Critical depth calculation tolerance = 0.01 Maximum number of iterations = 20
Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3 Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3Flow tolerance factor = 0.001

Computation Options

Critical depth computed only where necessary Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance Computational Flow Regime: Subcritical Flow

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: CR 339 RRE Flow File :  $C: \square -1 \setminus RAS \setminus CR339.f01$ 

Flow Data (cfs)

River 1

50 yr RS 10 yr 100 yr 500 yr Reach 25 yr River River 1 Reach 1 1223 1*3*03 2860 4240 10781

**Boundary Conditions** 

Reach 1

River Profile Upstream Downstream Reach River 1 Reach 1 *Normal S* = 0.002100 yr Normal S = 0.002 Profile Output Table - Standard Table 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl
Reach 1 Reach 1	1223 1223	2 yr 100 yr	1303.00 10781.00	1721.73 1721.73	1727.17 1732.07	1727.64 1732.07	0.002669 1733.14	5.46 0.003261	238.44 9.94	75.36 2425.23	0.54 1513.54	0.68
Reach 1 Reach 1	998 998	2 yr 100 yr	1303.00 10781.00	1719.08 1719.08	1726.82 1731.66	1727.15 1731.93	0.001545 0.001243	4.91 6.39	354.54 3975.99	166.56 1383.81	0.41 0.41	
Reach 1 Reach 1	935 935	2 yr 100 yr	1303.00 10781.00	1719.29 1719.29	1726.76 1731.69	1723.80 1730.01	1727.03 1731.83	0.001505 0.000565	4.14 4.42	314.77 5576.49	95.97 1789.21	0.40 0.28
Reach 1	896	E	Bridge									
Reach 1 Reach 1	867 867	2 yr 100 yr	1303.00 10781.00	1719.07 1719.07	1726.63 1731.45	1723.62 1730.33	1726.89 1731.70	0.001369 0.000986	4.08 5.61	319.28 4409.53	92.49 1710.85	0.39 0.37
Reach 1 Reach 1	790 790	2 yr 100 yr	1303.00 10781.00	1718.41 1718.41	1726.25 1731.27	1726.67 1731.57	0.002667 0.001439	5.19 6.25	251.10 3906.14	82.53 1591.35	0.52 0.44	
Reach 1 Reach 1	545 545	2 yr 100 yr	1303.00 10781.00	1717.05 1717.05	1725.74 1730.62	1722.71 1730.37	1726.13 1731.23	0.002001 0.002002	5.02 8.66	261.77 3295.56	98.24 1512.92	0.46 0.53

BRIDGE

RIVER: River 1 REACH: Reach 1 RS: 896

BRIDGE OUTPUT Profile #2 yr

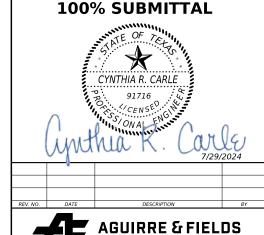
E.G. US. (ft)	1727.03	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	1726.76	E.G. Elev (ft)	1726.97	1726.92
Q Total (cfs)	1303.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	1726.68	1726.65
Q Bridge (cfs)	1303.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	1723.87	1723.67
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	7.39	7.58
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	4.35	4.16
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	299.55	312.85
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chĺ	0.43	0.39
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	981.41	1037.53
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	1727.56	Hydr Depth (ft)	3.23	3.46
Min El Prs (ft)	1730.63	W.P. Total (ft)	110.23	111.30
Delta EG (ft)	0.14	Conv. Total (cfs)	28892.0	30862.2
Delta WS (ft)	0.14	Top Width (ft)	92.80	90.47
BR Open Area (sq ft)	735.37	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.04	0.03
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	4.35	C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	0.01
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft	t) 0.35	0.31
BR Sel Method Er	nergy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	1.50	1.30

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

BRIDGE OUTPUT Profile #100 yr

Q Bridge (cfs) Q Weir (cfs) Weir Sta Lft (ft) Weir Sta Rgt (ft) Weir Submerg	1731.83 1731.69 10781.00 2959.58	Element E.G. Elev (ft) W.S. Elev (ft) Crit W.S. (ft) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Flow Area (sq ft) Froude # chl	Inside BR US 1731.80 1731.67 1730.58 12.38 2.65 4061.43 0.15	Inside BR DS 1731.76 1731.64 1730.62 12.57 2.57 4199.40 0.14
Weir Max Depth (ft) Min El Weir Flow (ft) Min El Prs (ft) Delta EG (ft) Delta WS (ft) BR Open Area (sq ft) BR Open Vel (ft/s) BR Sluice Coef BR Sel Method Er	1727.56 1730.63 0.13 0.25 735.37 4.02	Specif Force (cu ft) Hydr Depth (ft) W.P. Total (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Top Width (ft) Frctn Loss (ft) C & E Loss (ft) Shear Total (lb/sq f Power Total (lb/ft s)	2.98 1643.74 256099.4 1364.02 0.04 0.00 t) 0.27	9411.64 2.92 1720.58 257077.4 1437.75 0.02 0.04 0.27 0.69

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.



ENGINEERING INNOVATORS



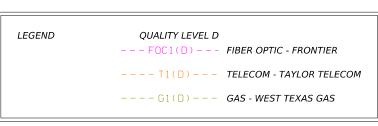


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SAN ANGELO BRIDGES **HEC-RAS COMPUTATIONS** CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK

SHEET 3 OF 3

DIV.NO.	011110	PROJ	^	NO.					
6	TEXAS		Χ	CR 33	CR 339, ETC				
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.				
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	46				



1. ALL SUE LEVEL "C" AND "D" UTILITIES ARE TAKEN FROM RECORDS RESEARCH, VISIBLE SURFACE FEATURES, AND PERSONAL TESTIMONY FROM UTILITY REPRESENTATIVES.

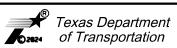
2. DUE TO LIMITATIONS OF ELECTRONIC LOCATING EQUIPMENT, LEVEL "B" UTILITY LINES MAY NOT BE ACCURATE IN CONGESTED AREAS.

3. ALL PIPE SIZES WERE TAKEN FROM UTILITY RECORDS WHERE POSSIBLE.



0 25 50 1" = 100'

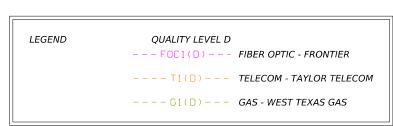




SAN ANGELO BRIDGES EXISTING UTILITY PLANS CR 370

			SI	HEET 1	<b>OF</b> 2	ŝ
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJ	ECT NO.		IWAY IO.	ľ
6	TEXAS		х	CR 3.	39,ETC	Š
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.	,
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024,ETC	47	7,00

1+00 12+00 15+00



NOTES:

1. ALL SUE LEVEL "C" AND "D" UTILITIES ARE TAKEN FROM RECORDS RESEARCH, VISIBLE SURFACE FEATURES, AND PERSONAL TESTIMONY FROM UTILITY REPRESENTATIVES.

2. DUE TO LIMITATIONS OF ELECTRONIC LOCATING EQUIPMENT, LEVEL "B" UTILITY LINES MAY NOT BE ACCURATE IN CONGESTED AREAS.

3. ALL PIPE SIZES WERE TAKEN FROM UTILITY RECORDS WHERE POSSIBLE.



07/30/2024

0 25 50 1" = 100'

EV. NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY





Texas Department of Transportation

SAN ANGELO BRIDGES EXISTING UTILITY PLANS CR 339

TEXAS CR 339,ETC 
 CONTROL NO.
 SECTION NO.
 JOB NO.
 SHEET NO.

 0907
 13
 024,ETC
 48
 COUNTY

WinCore

Version 3.3

# **DRILLING LOG**

Offset

San Angelo Bridge 11/1/2023 Structure Date Station 16+40.92 Grnd. Elev. 1732.07 ft

11.32 RT

	L	Texas Cone		Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	es	
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-			CLAY, Sandy Lean, moist to dry, brown, few Gravel and organics (CL)			11.1	37	22	<b>"</b>	SSS@0.5', N=10, -200=62.3%
1729.6 - 5 -		16 (6) 14 (6)	SAND, Clayey, slightly compact, dry, brown, fine grained, few Gravel, trace gypsum, Gravel seam between 8' to 9' (SC)			3.0	38	22		_SSS@3', N=36, -200=35.0%
-	-					1.4				SSS@6.5', N=42, -200=20.6%
-						1.4				SSS@8', N=6,15,50/5'', -200=19.6%
10 -		50 (5) 50 (2)				1.4				SSS@11.1', N=50/5.75", -200=35.4%
1720.1 - - - 15 -		18 (6) 39 (6)	CLAY, Lean with Sand, very stiff, dry, light brown and gray, trace Gravel (CL)							
-						8.3	45	27		SSS@16.5', N=18,32,50/1.5", -200=80.2%
1713.1 - 20 -		20 (6) 50 (3)	CLAY, Lean, very stiff to hard, dry, dark gray to dark brown,							
- - -			blocky, few Gravel, with Sand below 25' (CL)			10.8	39	22		SSS@21.3', N=31,29,50/2", -200=91.0%
<b>25</b> -		50 (4.5) 50 (3)				10.7	43	20		SSS@25.8', N=39, 50/5" -200=76.1%
- - 1703.1 -			MUDSTONE ware band grow troop							
30 - - -		50 (0.75) 50 (0.75	MUDSTONE, very hard, gray, trace ferrous staining from 40.7' to 46.4' (CH)			8.5	42	23		SSS@30.2', N=50/2.75", -200=99.1%
- 35 - -		50 (0) 50 (0.125)				13.2				SSS@35.1', N=50/4"
- - 40 -		50 (2) 50 (1.5)								

Remarks: LAT: 31.86947, LONG: -99.46750. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 50 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and

Any ground water elevation information provided on this boring log is representative of conditions existing on the day and for the specific location where this information was collected. The actual groundwater elevation may fluctuate due to time, climatic conditions, and/or construction activity.

Driller: Blue Hole Drilling, LLC Logger: FP Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

 $\label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{log$ 

County Runnels

Highway CR 339

0907-13-024

CSJ

# **DRILLING LOG**

WinCore Version 3.3

1 of 2

GW Elev. 1714.87 ft

County Runnels Highway CR 339 CSJ 0907-13-024

Bridge Structure Station 16+40.92 11.32 RT Offset

San Angelo 11/1/2023 Date Grnd. Elev. 1732.07 ft GW Elev. 1714.87 ft

2 of 2

	L	Texas Cone			al Test		Prop			
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-			MUDSTONE, very hard, gray, trace ferrous staining from 40.7' to 46.4' (CH)	W7	W/	6.6	42	24	Yr = -7	SSS@40.7', N=50/4.25", -200=99.4%
45 - - -		50 (3) 50 (0.5)				11.6				SSS@45.5', N=41,50/5.5"
50 - -		50 (0.25) 50 (0.25	)			14.8				SSS@50.2', N=50/2.5"
- 55 - -		50 (0) 50 (0)				9.7	40	18		SSS@55.2', N=50/3.5", -200=98.2%
- 71.9 ⁶⁰ - -		50 (0.25) 50 (0.5)								Boring terminated at 60.2'
- 65 - -										
70 - -										
75 - -										
- - 80 -										

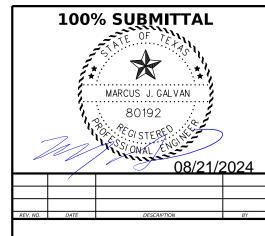
Remarks: LAT: 31.86947, LONG: -99.46750. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 50 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and should be considered approximate.

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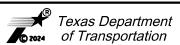
Driller: Blue Hole Drilling, LLC Logger: FP Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

 $\label{logslem} C: \label{logslem} C: \label{logs$ 

### HL-93 LOADING







SAN ANGLEO BRIDGES

**SOIL BORING LOGS** 

			5	HEE! 1	OF 4
FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJI	ECT NO.		IWAY IO.
6	TEXAS	BR 20.	24(802)	CR 33	9, ETC
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	49

Station

Offset

WinCore

Highway CR 339 CSJ 0907-13-024

Structure Bridge 18+02.00 11.17 LT

10/31/2023 Date Grnd. Elev. 1730.68 ft GW Elev. 1711.78 ft

San Angelo

	L			Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	es	
Elev. (ft)	O	Bonotromotor	Strata Description	Lateral Press.	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС			Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
			MUDSTONE, hard to very hard, dark gray	(psi)	(PSI)	11.4	35	16	(pci)	9SS@40.3', N=150/5.25", -200=96.9% Drilling water loss
45		50 (2.5) 50 (0.25)								SSS@45.3', N=50/1.25" No Recovery, Drilling water loss
50 -		50 (1.75) 50 (0.5)				10.0	38	16		SSS@50.4', N=3.75", -200=99.3%
55 -		50 (1.5) 50 (2)				12.7				SSS@55.5', N=50,50/3.25"
60 -		50 (0) 50 (0)								SSS@60.1', N=50/1.25" No Recovery
1665.665		50 (0.125) 50 (0)		_						Boring terminated at 65.1'
70 -										
75 -										

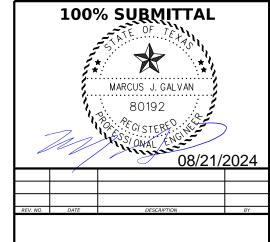
Remarks: LAT: 31.86950, LONG: -99.96673. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TXDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 25 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and

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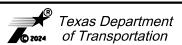
Driller: Blue Hole Drilling, LLC Logger: FP Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

 $\label{logslem} \hbox{$C:\Users\JoshHubbard\Desktop\Report\ Updates\3_CobbFendley_San\ Angelo\Logs\Final\B-2.CLG} \\$ 

HL-93 LOADING







SAN ANGLEO BRIDGES

**SOIL BORING LOGS** 

TEXAS COUNTY

	5	HEET 2	OF 4					
PROJI	ECT NO.		HWAY IO.					
BR 20.	24(802)	CR 33	CR 339, ETC					
CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.					
0907	13	024, ETC	50					

Tau				DR	ILL	ING	LO	G					
Tense Department of Transportation		Cou	inty	Runnels	Hole		B-2					District	San Angelo
WinCore		Higl	hway	CR 339	Structi	ure	Bridge				[	Date	10/31/2023
Version 3.3		CSJ		0907-13-024	Station		18+02.00				(	ind. Elev.	1730.68 ft
					Offset		11.17 LT	-			(	GW Elev.	1711.78 ft
	П	Texas Cone				Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	es		
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer		Strata Description		Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Add	litional Remar
_			fine	D, Clayey, dry, gray to browr grained, few Gravel, Sandy layer between 6' to 8' (SC)				5.2	43	26		SSS@0.5	, N=21, -200=4
			OL.	layer between 6 to 6 (3C)				3.3	26	15		SSS@3'. I	N=15200=40.

	L	T		Triax	ai lest		Prop	pertie	es	
Elev. (ft)	O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-			SAND, Clayey, dry, gray to brown, fine grained, few Gravel, Sandy CL layer between 6' to 8' (SC)		М ,	5.2	43	26	<b>"</b> '	SSS@0.5', N=21, -200=49.9%
-	-		<b>,</b>			3.3	26	15		SSS@3', N=15, -200=40.3%
5 -		12 (6) 14 (6)								
-	-0.0					6.2	40	26		SSS@6.4', N=16, -200=64.5%
- - 10 -		23 (6) 16 (6)								
- 10 - - 718.7						4.2	25	14		SSS@11.5', N=38, -200=18.5%
- 10.7			CLAY, Lean with Sand, hard, dry, brown to gray, blocky, trace to few Gravel (CL)							
15 -		50 (2) 50 (0.25)	iew Graver (GL)			4.2	33	20		SSS@15.4', N=22,50/2'', ,-200=71.8%
-										,
20 -		48 (6) 50 (5.5)								
20 -						11.4	44	21		SSS@21.2', N=61, -200=78.2%
-										
25 - 704.7 -		50 (0.5) 50 (0.75)				10.1				SSS@25.2', N=50/4.25"
-			CLAY, Lean, hard, moist, brown and gray to dark gray (CL)							
30 -		44 (6) 50 (3)								
-						11.3	46	24		SSS@31.1', N=46,42,50/3.5", -200=99.7%
-		50 (6) 50 (4.25)								
<b>35</b> -		00 (0) 00 (4.20)				10.5				SSS@36.2', N=39,48,50/4"
-										
691.7 - 40 -		50 (1.25) 50 (1)	MUDSTONE, hard to very hard, dark							

gray Remarks: LAT: 31.86950, LONG: -99.96673. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TXDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 25 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and

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Driller: Blue Hole Drilling, LLC Logger: FP Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

 $\label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} C: \label{logslemon} \label{log$ 

WinCore

Version 3.3

# **DRILLING LOG**

Station

Offset

Bridge Structure

16+94.49

12.38 RT

San Angelo 11/3/2023 Date Grnd. Elev. 1793.41 ft GW Elev. 1768.91 ft

1 of 2

	Τ.			Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	26	
Elev. (ft)	L O G	Texas Cone Penetrometer	Strata Description		Deviator Stress		LL		Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-	.00.0.000		GRAVEL, Silty with Sand, dense, dry, reddish brown, fine grained, trace organics from 3' to 4', light brown below 6.4' (GM)	(PSI)	(po.)	2.9			(60.)	SSS@0', N=19, -200=41.8% SSS@3', N=2,50/3''
5 -	0.0.0.0.	42 (6) 50 (4.25)				3.3				_ SSS@6.4', N=25, -200=31.2%
1785.4 - 10 -	, ,	24 (6) 33 (6)	CLAY, Sandy Lean, very stiff, moist, reddish brown, trace Gravel (CL)			4.0	27	13		_ SSS@8', N=14, -200=63.6%
1779.4						4.7	29	16		SSS@11.5', N=19, -200=70.4%
15 -		10 (6) 7 (6)	SAND, Silty, loose, moist, reddish brown, fine grained (SM)			1.9	16	3		SSS@16.5', N=6, -200=32.9%
20 =		7 (6) 8 (6)				16.7		2		_SSS@21.5', N=7, -200=44.2%
1769.4 - 25 -		15 (6) 14 (6)	CLAY, Lean, stiff to hard, moist, reddish brown, few Sand (CL)			14.4	37	17		SSS@26.5', N=7,18,50/4.25'', -200=94.1%
30 -		10 (6) 3 (6)				13.3				_SSS@31.5', N=23,50/4"
1761.4 - 35 -		0 (6) 0 (6)	MUDSTONE, soft to hard, reddish brown and gray							
		<i>(</i> )				16.7	51	28		SSS@36.5', N=21,30,50/5.5'', -200=99.1%
40 -	#	50 (1) 50 (2.5)	-							

Remarks: LAT: 31.88027, LONG: -100.18289. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 40 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and

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 $\label{logslem} \hbox{$C:\Users\JoshHubbard\Desktop\Report\ Updates\3_CobbFendley_San\ Angelo\Logs\Final\B-3.CLG} \\$ 

County Runnels

Highway CR 370

0907-13-025

CSJ

# **DRILLING LOG**

WinCore Version 3.3

County Runnels Highway CR 370 CSJ 0907-13-025

Bridge Structure Station 16+94.49 12.38 RT Offset

San Angelo 11/3/2023 Date Grnd. Elev. 1793.41 ft GW Elev. 1768.91 ft

2 of 2

	L	Texas Cone			al Test		Prop			
Elev. (ft)	L O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	ΡI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-			MUDSTONE, soft to hard, reddish brown and gray	(poi)	(20.)	14.2			(100.)	SSS@40.5', N=50/5"
- <b>45</b> - -		50 (2.25) 50 (2.75				14.8	42	20		SSS@45.8', N=30,50/2.75", -200=96.1%
50 - 		4 (6) 7 (6)				14.8				SSS@51.5', N=57
- 55 - - 36.4 -		13 (6) 13 (6)				14.8	44	23		SSS@56.5', N=50/5.5", -200=94.9% Boring terminated at 57.2'
60 - -										
- 65 - -	-									
70 - - -										
- 75 - -	-									
- 80 -										

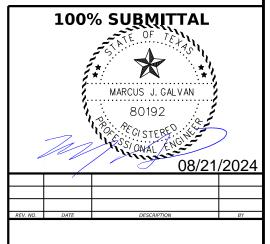
Remarks: LAT: 31.88027, LONG: -100.18289. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 40 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and

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Driller: Blue Hole Drilling, LLC Logger: FP Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

 $\label{logsloss} C: \label{logsloss} C: \label{logsloss} CobbFendley_San\ Angelo\ Logs\ Final\ B-3. CLG$ 

### HL-93 LOADING







SAN ANGLEO BRIDGES

**SOIL BORING LOGS** 

SH	EET	3	OF 4	ı
PROJECT NO.			IWAY O.	
3R 2024(802)	CF	33	9, ETC	

FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJ.	ECT NO.		HIGHWAY NO.			
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24(802)	CR 33	9, ETC			
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.			
SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	51			

WinCore

Version 3.3

# **DRILLING LOG**

Structure

Station

Offset

Bridge

14.32

Triavial Task Duamantias

18+39.72

District	San Angelo
Date	11/2/2023
Grnd. Elev.	1792.47 ft
GW Elev.	1779.97 ft

1 of 2

	L	Texas Cone		Triaxi	al Test		Prop	ertie	s	
Elev. (ft)	O G	Penetrometer	Strata Description	Lateral Press. (psi)	Deviator Stress (psi)	МС	LL	PI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
	.00		GRAVEL, Clayey, dry, reddish brown,			1.2				SSS@0.5', N=43, -200=15.1%
	· .		fine grained (GC)							
1790.			CLAY, Sandy Lean, stiff to very			1.8	20	6		SSS@3', N=23, -200=56.2%
			stiff, dry, reddish brown, trace calcareous nodules between 9'							
5 -		28 (6) 20 (6)	to 14', loose SC below 20' (CL)							
						5.0				SSS@6.4', N=15
							••			000 001 N-45 000-70 001
						4.7	29	16		SSS@8', N=15, -200=78.9%
		11 (6) 28 (6)								
10 -		, , , ,								
						4.1				SSS@11.5', N=18, -200=57.0%
15 -		14 (6) 16 (6)								
						7.4	24	12		SSS@16.5', N=14, -200=64.1%
20 -		10 (6) 7 (6)								
20										
						9.4	32	19		SSS@21.5', N=14, -200=49.1%
1768.5		02 (6) 40 (6)	CLAY, Lean, very stiff, dry to	-						
25 -		23 (6) 19 (6)	moist, reddish brown and gray,							
			blocky, few Sand (CL)			11.3	44	23		SSS@26.5', N=44,50/3",
										-200=89.6%
1763.5										
30 -		50 (3) 50 (1.5)	MUDSTONE, hard, reddish brown and gray							
.			and gray			13.3				SSS@30.7', N=50/5.5"
	-									
	-									
		50 (2) 50 (1)								
35 -		00 (2) 00 (1)				16.1	50	27		SSS@35.5', N=27,50/3.5",
										-200=99.8%
	-111									
40 -	_###	50 (2) 50 (0.25)								

Remarks: LAT: 31.88013, LONG: -100.18256. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 45 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and

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 $\label{logslem} \hbox{$C:\Users\JoshHubbard\Desktop\Report\ Updates\3_CobbFendley_San\ Angelo\Logs\Final\B-4.CLG$} \\$ 

County Runnels

Highway CR 370

0907-13-025

CSJ

# DRILLING LOG

WinCore

Version 3.3

County Runnels Highway CR 370 CSJ 0907-13-025

Structure Bridge Station 18+39.72 Offset 14.32

San Angelo 11/2/2023 Date Grnd. Elev. 1792.47 ft GW Elev. 1779.97 ft

2 of 2

	L	Texas Cone		Triaxial Test		Prop	ertie	es	
Elev. (ft)	O G	B	Strata Description	Lateral Deviator Press. Stress (psi) (psi)	мс	LL	ΡI	Wet Den. (pcf)	Additional Remarks
-			MUDSTONE, hard, reddish brown and gray	(bai) (bai)	14.6	43	24	(pci)	SSS@40.4', N=50/4.75", -200=98.9%
45 - - -		50 (5) 50 (4)			15.0				SSS@46', N=40,50/3.25"
50 - -		50 (3) 50 (1)			_14.1_	43	22		SSS@50.6', N=49,50/2", -200=99.6%
55 - 1736.8		50 (1) 50 (1.5)			15.1				SSS@55.4', N=50/4" Boring terminated at 55.7'
60 - -									
65 - -									
- - <b>70</b> - - -									
- - <b>75</b> - -									
- - 80 -									

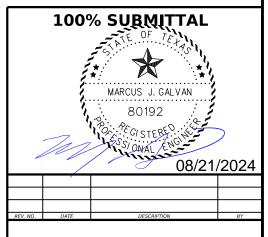
Remarks: LAT: 31.88013, LONG: -100.18256. Drill Rig: CME 75 with TxDOT 170-pound Automatic Hammer; SSS: Split Spoon Sample; Drilling Method: Continuous Flight Auger to 45 feet, Mud Rotarty thereafter. Latitude and Longitude are provided by a handheld GPS and should be considered approximate

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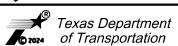
Driller: Blue Hole Drilling, LLC Logger: FP Organization: Foresight PES, LLC

 $\label{logslem} C: \label{logslem} C: \label{logs$ 

### HL-93 LOADING





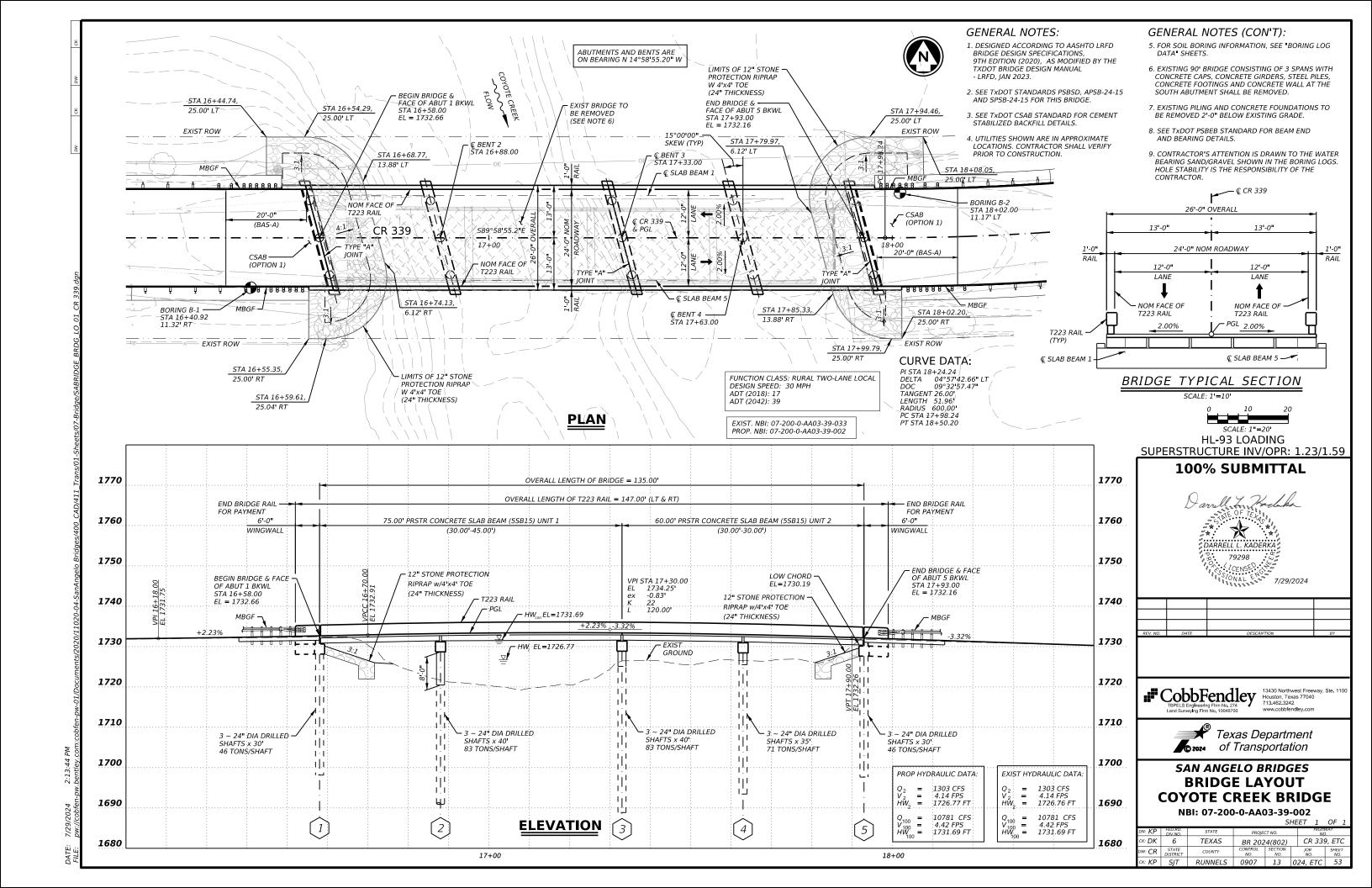


SAN ANGLEO BRIDGES

**SOIL BORING LOGS** 

SHEET 4 OF 4

FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJ	ECT NO.		IWAY IO.
6	TEXAS	BR 20	24(802)	CR 33	9, ETC
STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
SIT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024. ETC	52



SUMMARY OF BRIDGE QUANTITIES												
ITEM	400	416	420	420	420	422	422	425	450	454	496	
DESCRIPTION CODE	7010	7004	7012	7022	7038	7001	7013	7017	7008	7001	7009	"
ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB15)	RAIL (TY T223)	TYPE A JOINT	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA
2 ~ ABUTMENTS	27	180	19.0				43		24.0	81		2
3 ~ BENTS		345		20.7	2.8							
75.00' PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM UNIT 1						1950		369.99	150.0		0.5	
60.00' PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM UNIT 2						1560		295.03	120.0		0.5	
TOTAL	27	525	19.0	20.7	2.8	3510	43	665.01	294.0	81	1	2

* THIS ITEM IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 420 - CONCRETE STRUCTURES

CAP ELEVATIONS											
	STEP#1	STEP#3	STEP #4	STEP#6							
ABUT 1(FWD)	1730.524	1730.734	1730.734	1730.524							
BENT 2 (BK)	1731.092	1731.302	1731.302	1731.092							
BENT 2 (FWD)	1731.029	1731.239	1731.239	1731.029							
BENT 3 (BK)	1731.185	1731.395	1731.395	1731.185							
BENT 3 (FWD)	1731.259	1731.469	1731.469	1731.259							
BENT 4 (BK)	1730.865	1731.075	1731.075	1730.865							
BENT 4 (FWD)	1730.835	1731.045	1731.045	1730.835							
ABUT 5 (BK)	1730.049	1730.259	1730.259	1730.049							

① DRILLED SHAFTS EXTEND TO THE BOTTOM OF THE CAP FOR BENTS 3 AND 4. REFER TO NOTE 5 ON THE COMMON FOUNDATION DETAILS (FD) STANDARD.

② TYPE "A" JOINTS ARE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 422, "CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURES."

# HL-93 LOADING

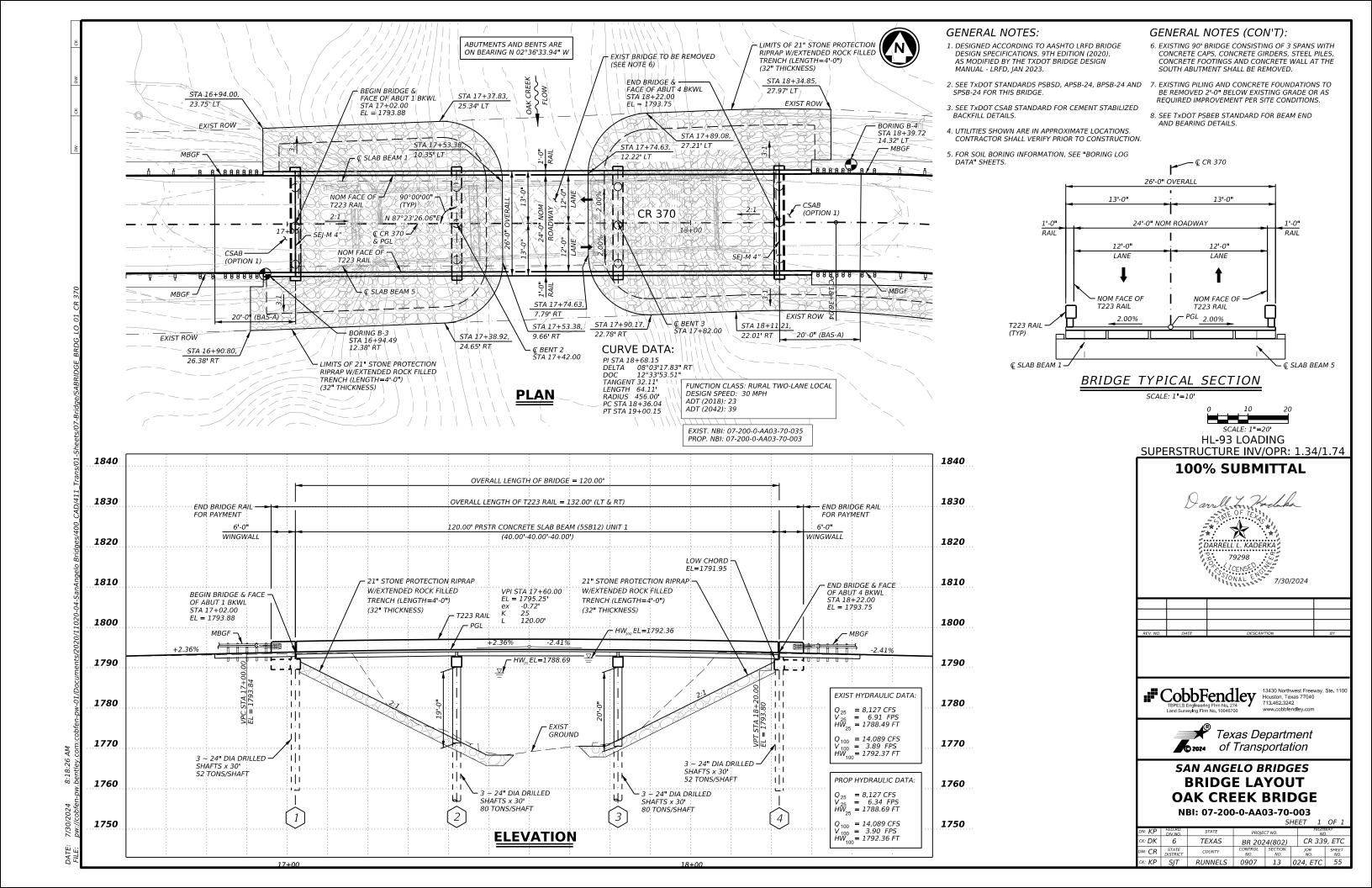






# SAN ANGELO BRIDGES BRIDGE SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES AND CAP ELEV COYOTE CREEK BRIDGE

				51	HEE! I	OF I		
n: KP	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.					
ĸ: DK	6	TEXAS	BR 202	4(802)	CR 33	9, ETC		
w: CR	STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.		
κ: KP	SIT	RUNNELS	0907 13 024. E		024. ETC	54		



			SL	IMMARY (	OF BRIDG	GE QUANT	TITIES					
ITEM	400	416	420	420	420	422	422	425	450	454	496	*
DESCRIPTION CODE	7010	7004	7012	7022	7038	7001	7013	7017	7008	7004	7009	
ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB	APPROACH SLAB	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (5SB12)	RAIL (TY T223)	SEALED EXPANSION JOINT (4 IN) (SEJ - M)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	INSTALL BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA
2 ~ ABUTMENTS	25	180	17.6				42		24.0	52		2
2 ~ BENTS		180		13.2	13.6							
120.00' PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM UNIT 1						3120		592.55	240.0		1	
TOTAL	25	360	17.6	13.2	13.6	3120	42	592.55	264.0	52	1	2

* THIS ITEM IS SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 420 - CONCRETE STRUCTURES

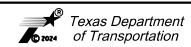
	CAP	ELEVATIO	NS	
	STEP#1	STEP#3	STEP#4	STEP#6
ABUT 1(FWD)	1791.934	1792.144	1792.144	1791.934
BENT 2 (BK)	1792.505	1792.715	1792.715	1792.505
BENT 2 (FWD)	1792.515	1792.725	1792.725	1792.515
BENT 3 (BK)	1792.473	1792.683	1792.683	1792.473
BENT 3 (FWD)	1792.460	1792.670	1792.670	1792.460
ABUT 4 (BK)	1791.805	1792.015	1792.015	1791.805

# HL-93 LOADING



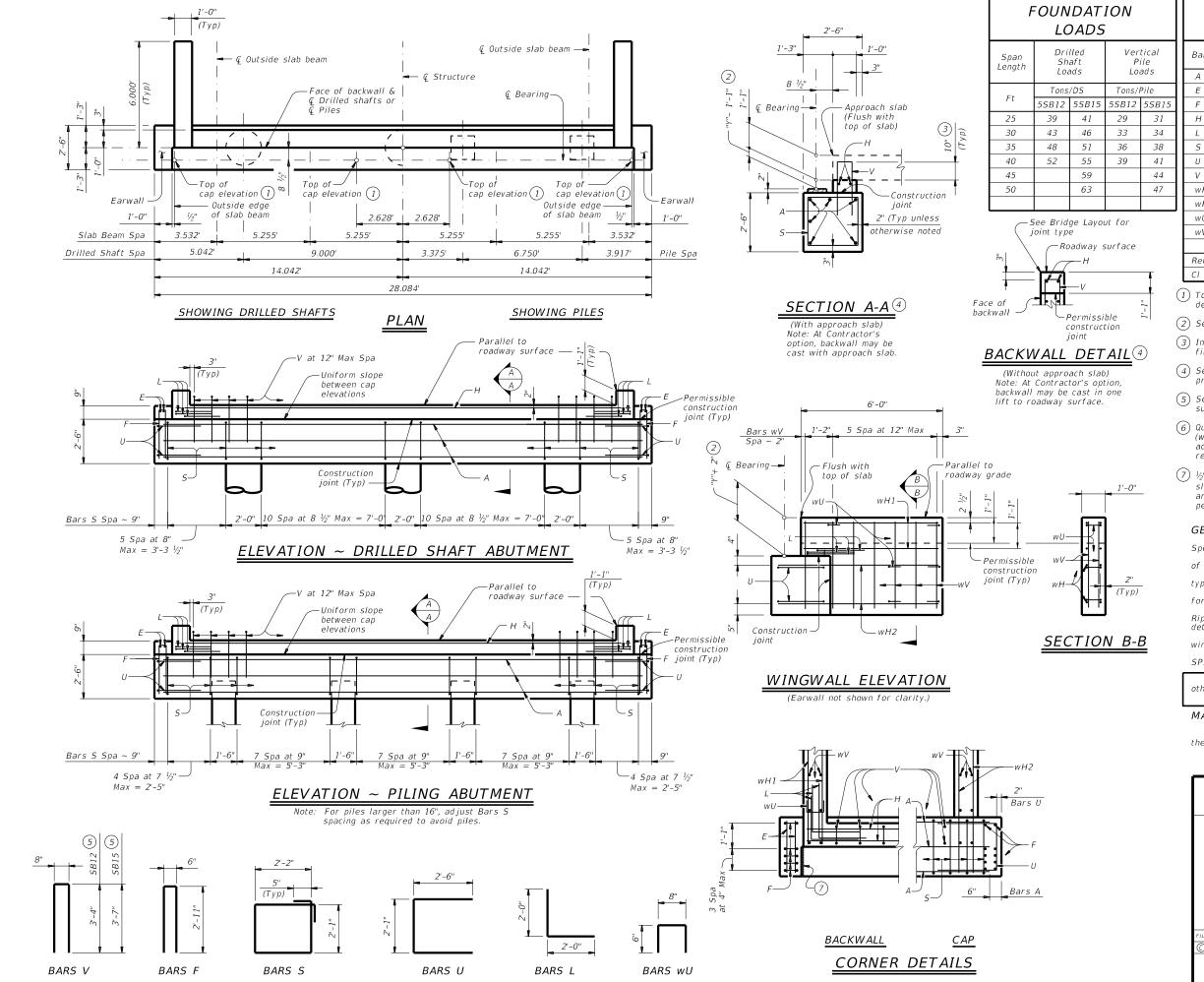
REV. NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY





# SAN ANGELO BRIDGES BRIDGE SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES AND CAP ELEV OAK CREEK BRIDGE

				Si	HEET 1	OF 1	
DN: <b>KP</b>	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PROJEC		NO.		
ск: <b>DK</b>	6	TEXAS	BR 202	24(802)	CR 339	9, ETC	
DW: CR	STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.	
ск: <b>КР</b>	SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024, ETC	56	



# TABLE OF ESTIMATED 6 **QUANTITIES**

· ·											
No	Cizo	Length	(5		Weight	(5)					
NO.	3126	5SB12	5SB15		5SB12	5SB15					
6	#11	27'-1"	27'-1"		863	863					
4	#4	2'-2"	2'-2"		6	6					
10	#4	6'-4"		6'-4"	43	43					
2	#5	25'-8"	2.	5'-8"	54	54					
6	#6	4'-0"	4'-0"		36	36					
34	#4	9'-4"	9'-4"		9'-4"		212	212			
4	#6	7'-1"	7'-1"		7'-1"		43	43			
25	#5	7'-4"	7'-10"		191	204					
8	#6	5'-8"	5'-8"		68	68					
8	#6	6'-11"	6'	-11"	83	83					
12	#4	1'-8"		1'-8"	14	14					
28	#5	3'-10"		4'-1"	112	119					
rcing St	teel		Lb	1,725	1,745						
Conc (Al	but)			CY	8.8	9.2					
	4 10 2 6 34 4 25 8 8 12 28	No. Size  6 #11  4 #4  10 #4  2 #5  6 #6  34 #4  4 #6  25 #5  8 #6  8 #6  12 #4	No.         Size         Length           5SB12         6         #11         27'-1"           4         #4         2'-2"           10         #4         6'-4"           2         #5         25'-8"           6         #6         4'-0"           34         #4         9'-4"           4         #6         7'-1"           25         #5         7'-4"           8         #6         5'-8"           8         #6         6'-11"           12         #4         1'-8"           28         #5         3'-10"	No. Size Length (5)  55B12 558 6 #11 27'-1" 2 4 #4 2'-2" 10 #4 6'-4" 2 #5 25'-8" 2 6 #6 4'-0" 34 #4 9'-4" 4 #6 7'-1" 25 #5 7'-4" 7' 8 #6 5'-8" 8 #6 6'-11" 6 12 #4 1'-8" 28 #5 3'-10"	No. Size 55B12 55B15 6 #11 27'-1" 27'-1" 4 #4 2'-2" 2'-2" 10 #4 6'-4" 6'-4" 2 #5 25'-8" 25'-8" 6 #6 4'-0" 4'-0" 34 #4 9'-4" 9'-4" 4 #6 7'-1" 7'-1" 25 #5 7'-4" 7'-10" 8 #6 5'-8" 5'-8" 8 #6 6'-11" 6'-11" 12 #4 1'-8" 1'-8" 28 #5 3'-10" 4'-1"	No. $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					

- 1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- (2) See Span Details for "Y".
- ③ Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- 4) See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- 5 See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure.
- (6) Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 54 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.
- 7) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Designed for a normal embankment header slope

Designed for a normal embankment header slope of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet. See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation type, size, and length. See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes. See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

details, if applicable.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in

wingwalls.
These abutment details may be used with standard SPSB-24 only.

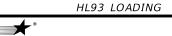
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).
Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

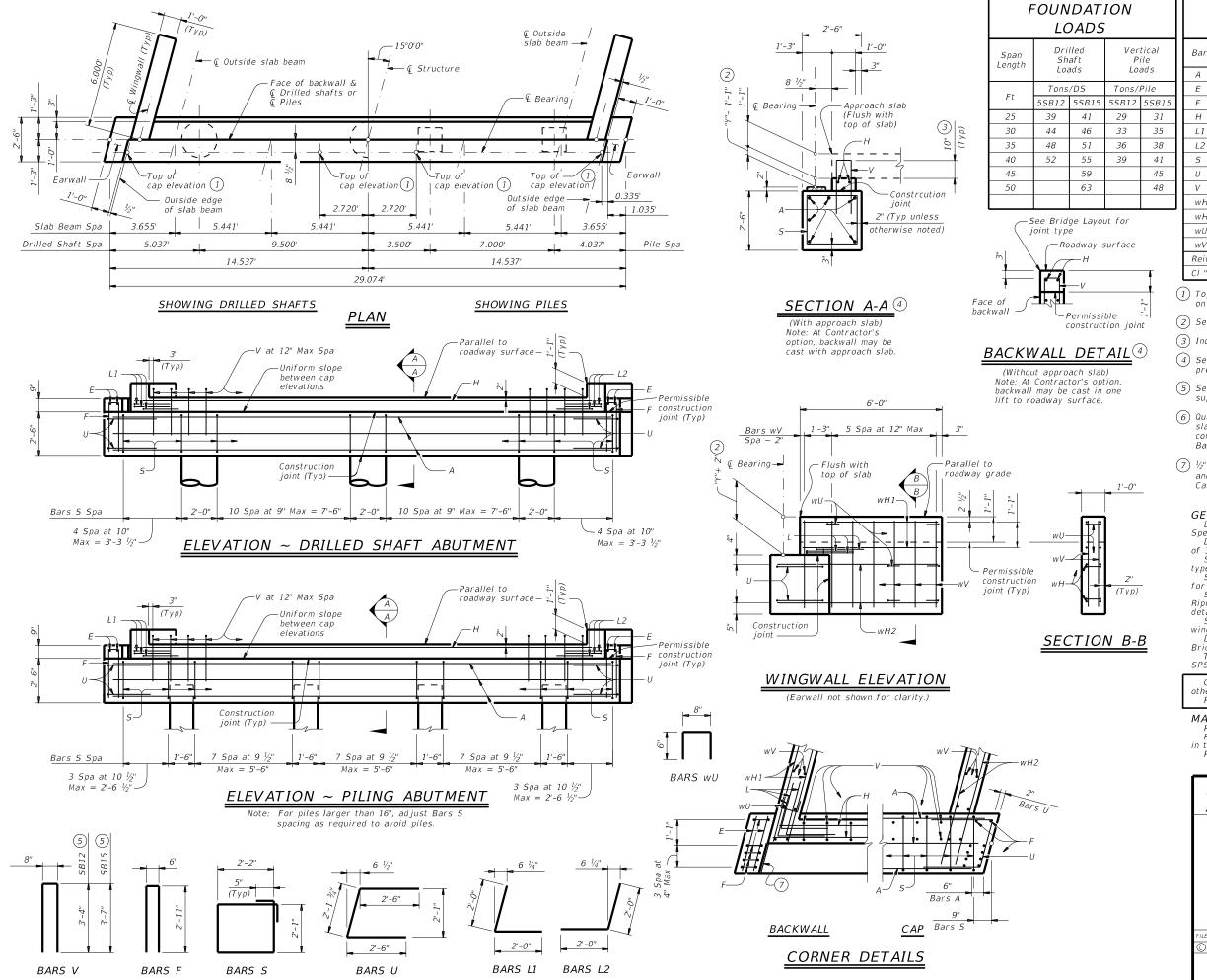


Bridge Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

**ABUTMENTS** PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 24' ROADWAY

APSB-24

					-			
FILE: PSB-APSB2400-17.dgn	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T		K: TxD0T	
CTxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	, ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	SJT			57				



# TABLE OF ESTIMATED 6 **QUANTITIES**

Bar	No.	Size	Length	(5	)	Weight	(5)		
Dal	NO.	3120	5SB12	5SE	315	5SB12	5SB15		
А	6	#11	28'-1"	28'-1"		28'-1"		895	895
Ε	4	#4	2'-3"	2'-3"		6	6		
F	10	#4	6'-4"		6'-4"	43	43		
Н	2	#5	26'-7"	26'-7"		56	56		
L1	3	#6	4'-0"		4'-0"	18	18		
L2	3	#6	4'-0"	4'-0"		18	18		
S	32	#4	9'-4"	9'-4"		9'-4"		200	200
U	4	#6	7'-2"	7'-2"		43	43		
V	26	#5	7'-4"	7'-10"		199	212		
wH1	8	#6	5'-8"		5'-8"	68	68		
wH2	8	#6	6'-11"	6'	-11"	83	83		
wU	12	#4	1'-8"		1'-8"	14	14		
wV	28	#5	3'-10"	4'-1"		112	119		
Reinforcing Steel						1,755	1,775		
CI "C"	Conc (Al	but)			CY	9.1	9.5		
			•						

- (1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- (2) See Span Details for "Y".
- (3) Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- 4) See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is
- (5) See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstrúcturé.
- (6) Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.0 CY Class "C" concrete and 56 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.
- 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

### GENERAL NOTES:

- Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

  Designed for a normal embankment header slope
- of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet. See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation
- type, size, and length.

  See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.
- See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment
- détails, if applicable. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in wingwalls.
  Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See
- Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. These abutment details may be used with standard
- SPSB-24-15 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).
Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. HL93 LOADING



**ABUTMENTS** PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 24' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

APSB-24-15

Bridge Division

FILE: PSB-APSB2415-17.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T		ck: TxDC	
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	Э,	ETC
	DIST COUNTY				5	SHEET NO.		
	S.IT	RUNNELS				5.8		

TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTION

# APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES 4

Reinf steel weight = 8.5 Lbs/SF of Approach Slab

Volume of Appr Slab Conc (CY) =  $0.802W + 0.02W^2$  Tan S

W = Width of Approach Slab (ft)

S = Skew Angle (deg)

- $\bigcirc$  Flare Bars B and D in this region (1'-6" Max Spa, 3" Min Spa). Minimum flared bar length = 2'-6". Bend bars as necessary.
- 2) Provide longitudinal construction joints that align with longitudinal construction joints in the bridge slab with bridges built in stages. Other longitudinal construction joints must receive approval of the Engineer.
- (3) See details elsewhere in plans for shoulder drain location and details.
- 4 For Contractor's information only. Quantities shown are for one approach slab.
- (5) Multiple piece tie bars are acceptable at longitudinal construction joints provided minimum laps shown are achieved.
- 6 See details elsewhere in plans for required cross-slope
- 7 Place in accordance with Item 438.

BAR

**TABLE** 

SIZE

#8

#5

#5

#5

BAR

В

D

- $\fbox{8}$  Provide backer rod that is 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \beg$ when concrete railing projects over the approach slab.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Construct approach slab in accordance with Item 422. Provide Class "S" concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide longitudinal joints as shown on the Longitudinal Saw Cut Joint Detail at lane lines and shoulders when width between longitudinal construction joints or edges of approach slab exceeds 16 feet. Saw cut joints within 24 hours of concrete placement to a depth of  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " and seal in accordance with Item 438. Alternately, provide a controlled joint consisting of 1 ½" vinyl or plastic joint former (Stress Cap, Zip Strip, Stress Lock, or equal as approved by the Engineer.)
Provide rebonded recycled tire rubber joint filler that

meets the requirements of DMS-6310. "Joint Sealants and

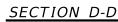
Construct the subgrade or subbase away from the bridge for a minimum distance of 100 feet prior to the approach slab, unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

Compact and finish the subgrade or foundation for the approach slab to the typical cross-section and to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

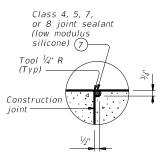
Cure for 4 days using water or membrane curing per Item 422

All details shown herein are subsidiary to bridge approach

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless



backwall



Approach Slab

Top of Slab)

(Flush with

Abutment

Rebonded recycled

ISOLATION JOINT DETAIL

or ČIP retaining

wall

reinforcing =

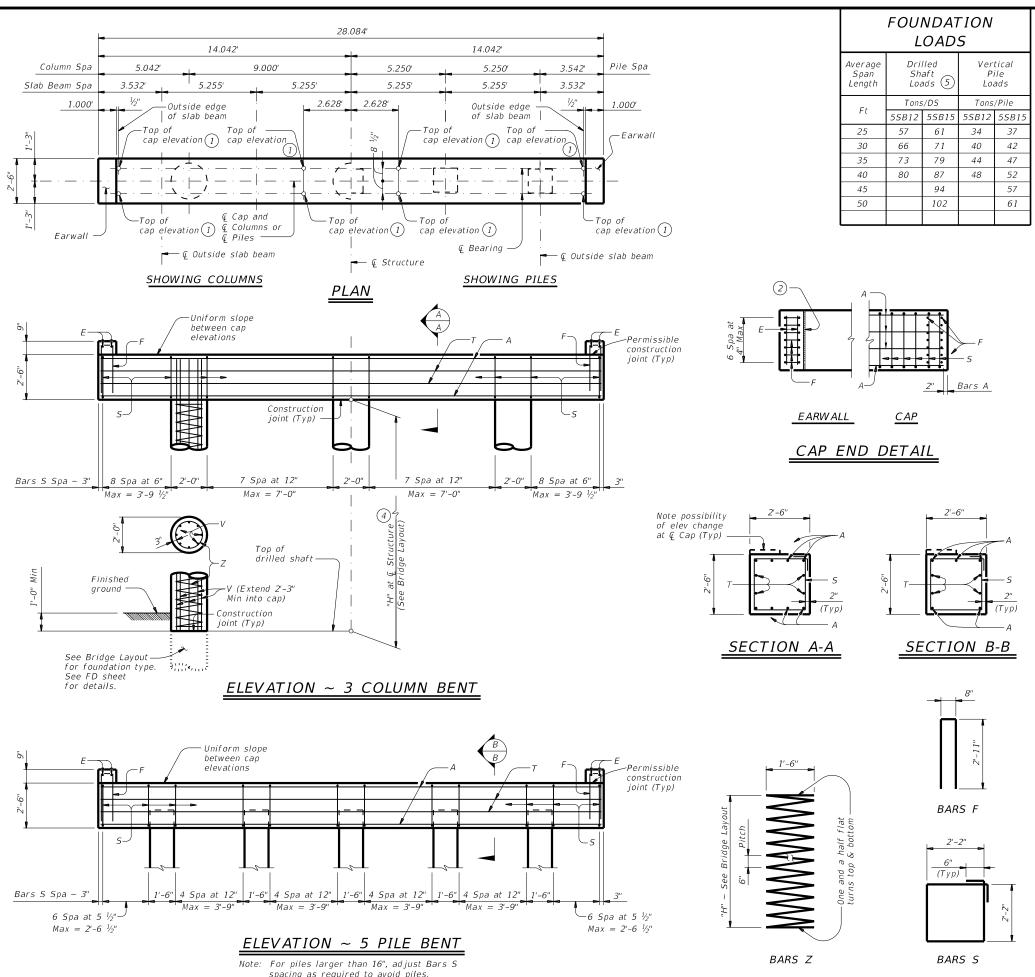
**SEALED** CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAIL



# BRIDGE APPROACH SLAB ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT

BAS-A

FILE: MS-BAS-A-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T		ck: ī	TxD0T
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	/WAY	
REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	∍,	ETO
02-20: Removed stress relieving pad.	DIST		COUNTY			5	HEE	T NO.
	SJT		RUNNE	LS			5	9



# TABLE OF ESTIMATED **QUANTITIES** 3

### 3 COLUMN BENT Size Weight 27'-9" #11 1,180 #4 2'-2" #4 6'-6" 61 14 9'-8" 343 34 #5 #5 27'-9" 116 1,288 24 #7 26'-3" 242'-2" 273 #3 3,267 Reinforcing Steel Lb 6.6 I "C" Conc (Can) CY 8.4 I "C" Conc (Column) CY

- 1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- 2) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)
- (3) Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 24 feet. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0"

Bars Z length, 9'-6" Reinforcing Steel, 60 Lb Class "C" conc (column), 0.35 CY

- 4 This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 24 feet or exposed pile heights exceeding the values shown in the table. In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights or exposed pile heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this standard.
- (5) Foundation Loads based on "H" = 24 feet.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline (6) & When HP14x117 steel piling is specified in the plans, the Contractor has the option of furnishing either HP14x117 or HP16x101 steel piling. \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded up to the next 5-foot increment.

For pile bents supporting unequal spans, the shorter span cannot be less than 80 percent of the longer span.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size, and length. See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all

foundation details and notes. These bent details do not support the use of multi-pile footings shown on the FD standard.

These bent details may be used with standard SPSB-24 only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING



INTERIOR BENTS PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 24' ROADWAY

BPSB-24

ILE: PSB-BPSB2400-17.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0	Т ск	: TxD0T	
🗘 TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			'AY		
REVISIONS	0907	13	024,	ETC	CR	339,	ETC	
	DIST		COUNT	тү	SHEET NO.			
	SJT		RUNNE	ELS	60			

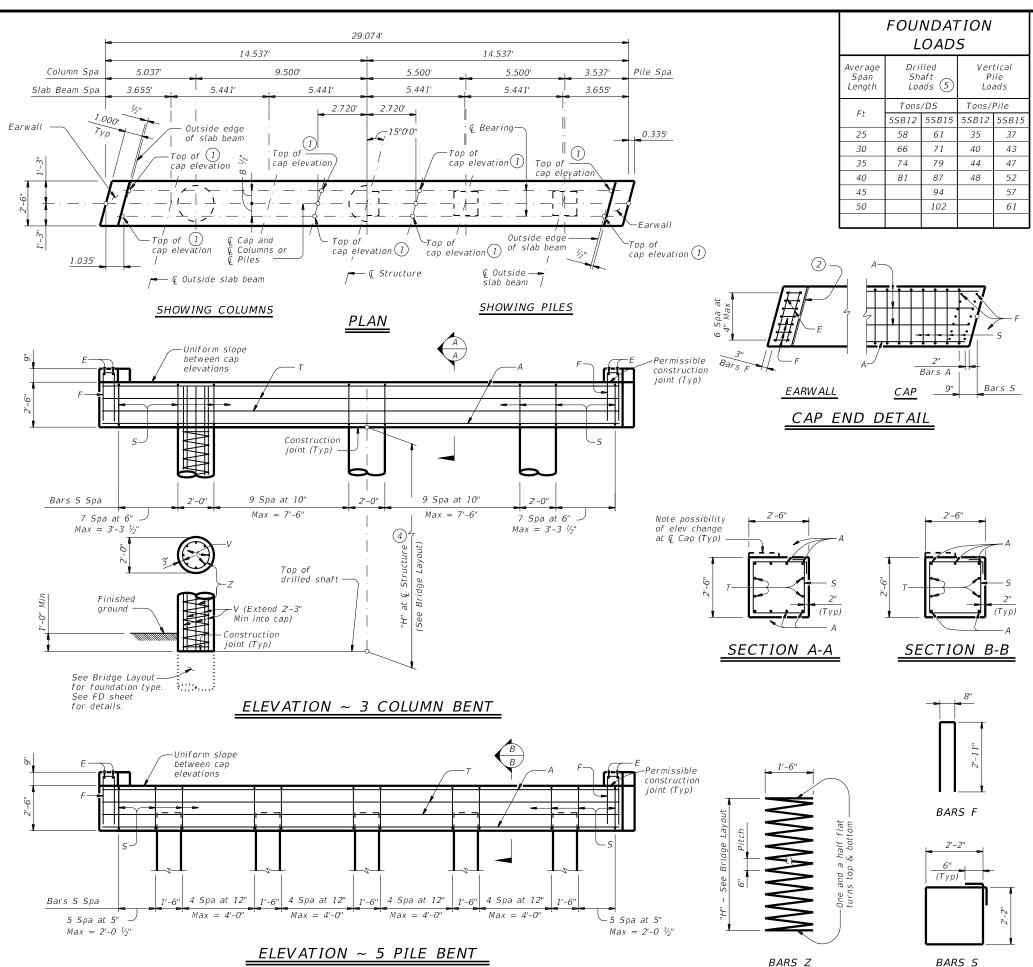
### QUANTITIES 5 PILE BENT Weight No. 737 #11 27'-9" 4 #4

TABLE OF ESTIMATED

6'-6" 61 14 #4 9'-8" 343 34 #5 27'-9" 116 #5 4 1,263 Reinforcing Steel Lb CI "C" Conc (Cap) CY 6.6

TABLE OF MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE EXPOSED PILE HEIGHTS AND PILE LOADS 4

Pile	Туре	Max Ht	Max Load
Concrete	Steel	Ft	Tons/Pile
16" Sq	HP14x73	16	75
18" Sq	HP14x117 6	20	90



Note: For piles larger than 16", adjust Bars S spacing as required to avoid piles

# TABLE OF ESTIMATED **QUANTITIES** 3

### 3 COLUMN BENT Size Length #11 28'-9" 1,222 2'-3" 6 #4 14 #4 6'-4" 61 36 #5 9'-8" 363 4 #5 28'-9" 120 1,288 #7 26'-3" 24 242'-2" 273 #3 Reinforcing Steel 3,333 Lb CY6.9 "C" Conc (Cap) CI "C" Conc (Column) CY8.4

- 1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- 2) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)
- Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 24 feet. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments: Bars V length, 1'-0"

Bars Z length, 9'-6" Reinforcing Steel, 60 Lb Class "C" conc (column), 0.35 CY

- (4) This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 24 feet or exposed pile heights exceeding the values shown in the table. In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights or exposed pile heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this standard.
- (5) Foundation Loads based on "H" = 24 feet.
- 6 When HP14x117 steel piling is specified in the plans, the Contractor has the option of furnishing either HP14x117 or HP16x101 steel piling.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded

be less than 80 percent of the longer span.

See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size, and length.

These bent details do not support the use of multi-pile footings

Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

HL93 LOADING



INTERIOR BENTS PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 24' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

BPSB-24-15

FILE: PSB-BPSB2415-17.dgn	DN: TX	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	г (	ск: Т.	xD0T
	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY	
REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	,	ETC
	DIST		COUNTY			5	HEET	NO.
	SJT		RUNNE	LS			61	1

4 #5 28'-9" 120 1,274 Reinforcing Steel Lb CI "C" Conc (Cap) 6.9 TABLE OF MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE EXPOSED PILE HEIGHTS AND PILE LOADS (4)

TABLE OF ESTIMATED

QUANTITIES

Length

28'-9"

2'-3"

6'-6"

9'-8"

Max Ht | Max Load

16

ons/Pile

75

Weight

764

61

323

5 PILE BENT

Size

#11

#4

#4

#5

14

32

HP14x117 (6 20 90

Steel

HP14x73

Pile Type

oncrete

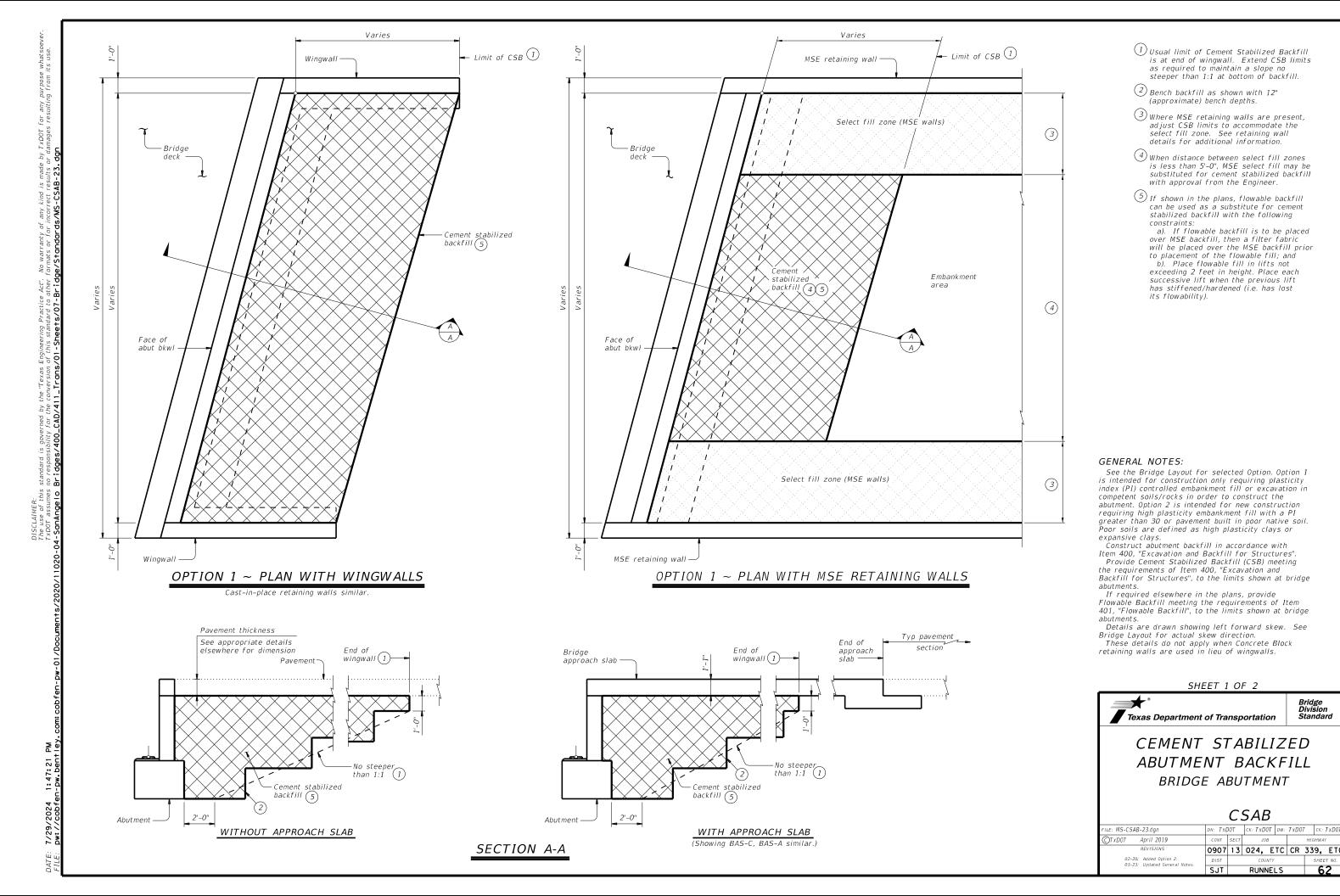
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. up to the next 5-foot increment.

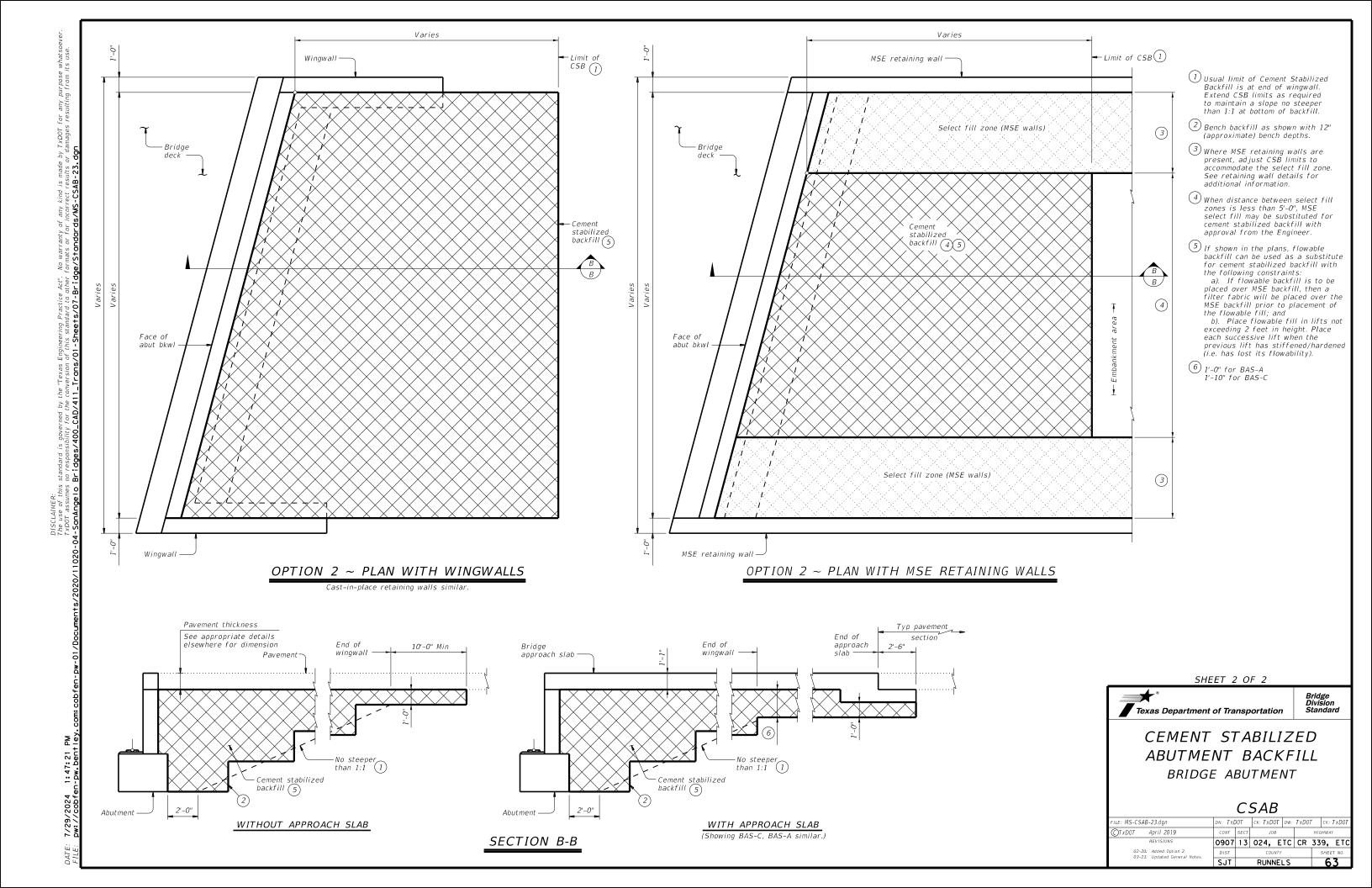
For pile bents supporting unequal spans, the shorter span cannot

See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet for all foundation details and notes.

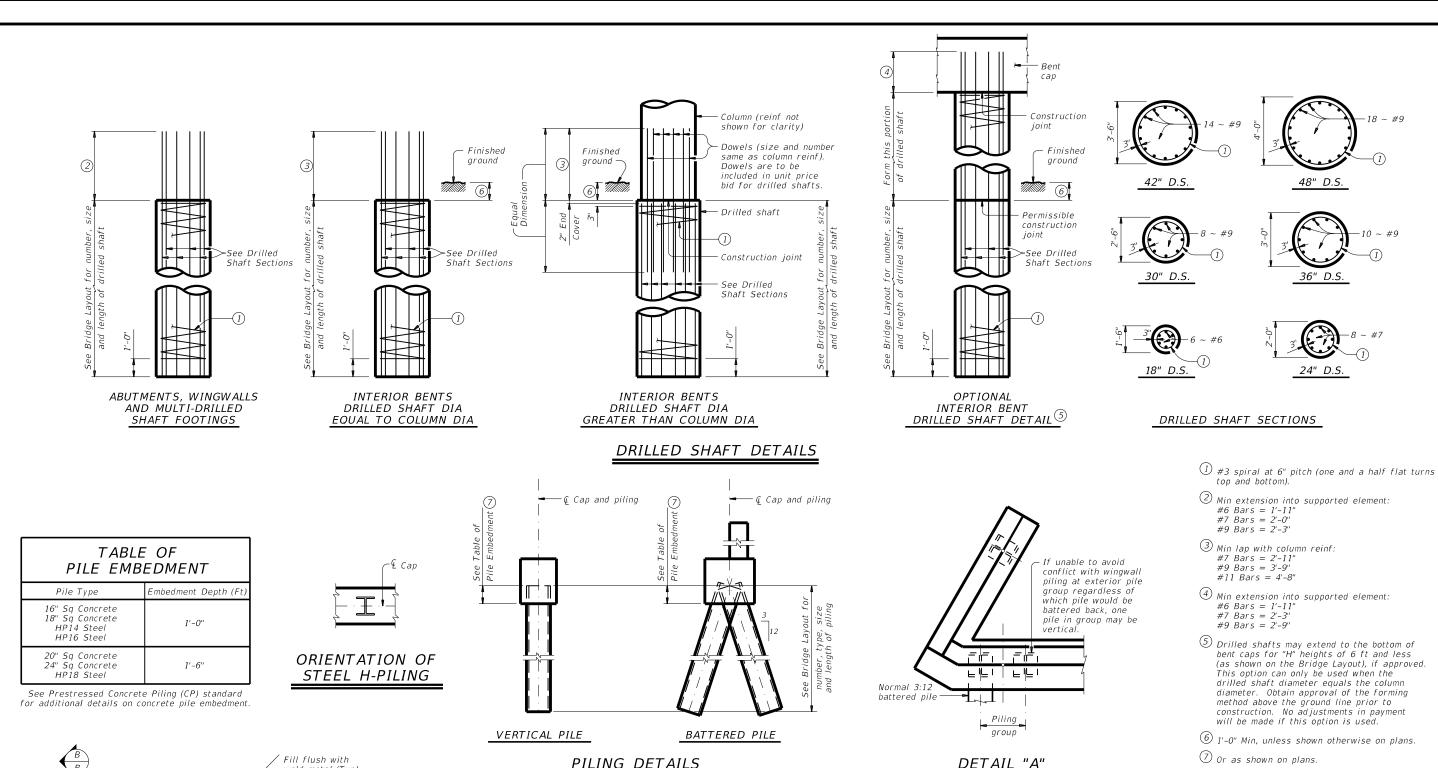
shown on the FD standard.

These bent details may be used with standard SPSB-24-15 only.





ELEVATION

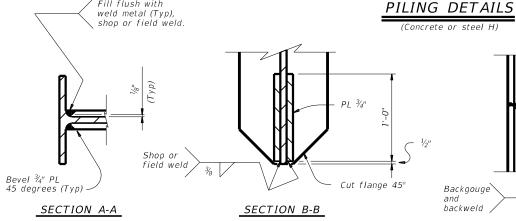


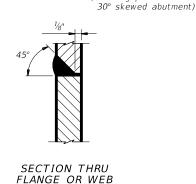


STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT

See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement

is required and for options to the details shown.



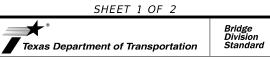


DETAIL "A"

(Showing plan view of a

STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

Use when required



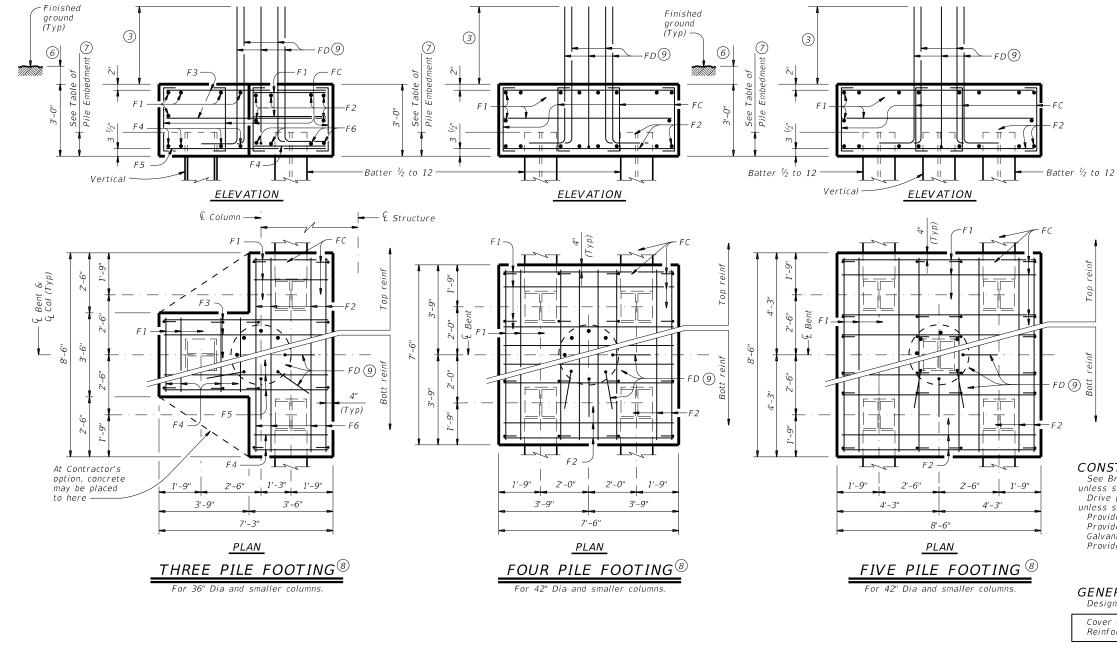
# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

		1 L	,					
FILE: MS-FD-20.dgn	DN: TXL	OOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD07	r (	K: 1	rxD0
CTxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY	
	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	۰,	ΕT
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY	,		51	HEE	T NO.

RUNNELS

64

FΩ



6'-5 1/2"

#7 Bars

BARS FD 9

1'-7" #9 Bars

2'-0" #11 Bars

6"

BARS FC

Min lap with column reinforcing: #7 Bars = 2'-11" #9 Bars = 3'-9" #11 Bars = 4'-8"

7 Or as shown on plans.

6 1'-0" Min, unless shown otherwise on plans.

8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.

Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.

10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

# QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

TABLE OF FOOTING

JU COLUMNS						
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	TING		
Bar	No.	h	Weight			
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	"	23	
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	"	33	
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	1"	28	
F4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86	
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	1"	94	
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	"	111	
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28	
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220	
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623	
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	4.8	
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	「ING		
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight	
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2		96	
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	"	306	
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	"	37	
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220	
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659	
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	6.3	
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	「ING		
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight	
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	"	109	
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	"	444	
FC	24	#4	3'- 6	"	56	
FD [10]	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220	
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829	
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0	

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

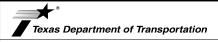
Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns

120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

Bridge Division Standard

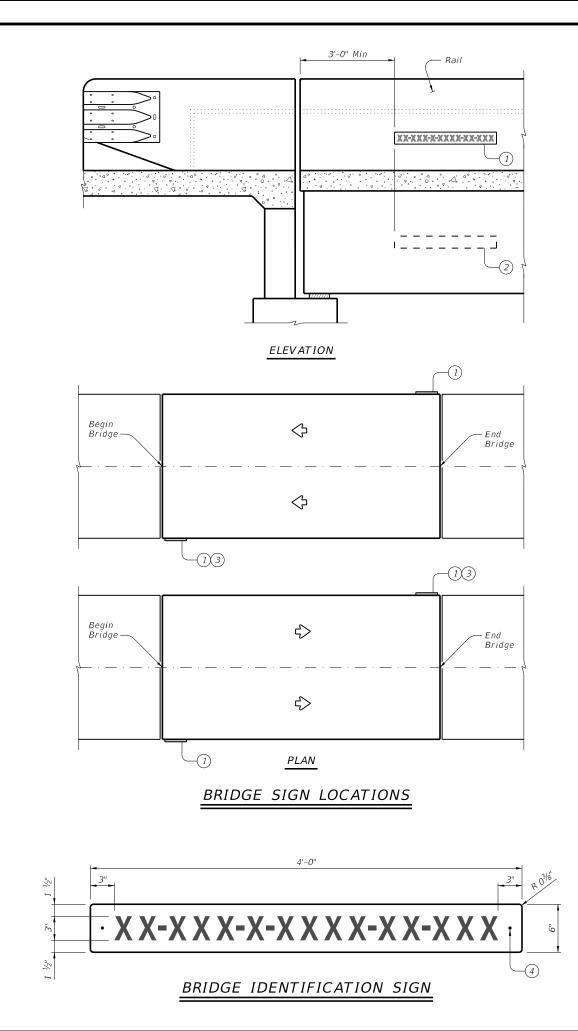
SHEET 2 OF 2

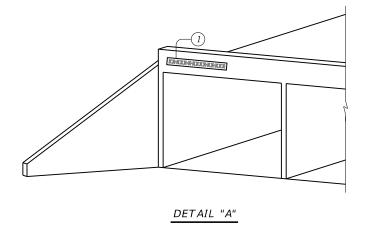


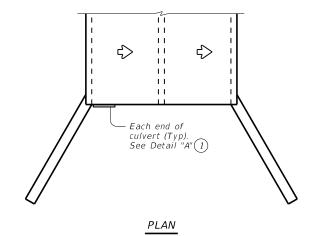
# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

Fυ
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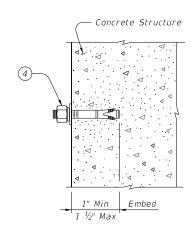
FILE: MS-FD-20.dgn	DN: TX	OOT .	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD07	-	CK:	TxD0T
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	33	9,	ETC
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST	ST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	SJT		RUNNEI	_S			6	5







## BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT SIGN PLACEMENT



ANCHOR DETAIL

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
Usage Color Sign Face Mate						
Background	White	Type B or C Sheeting				
Letters and Symbols	Black	Type B or C Sheeting				

- 1) Bridge identification sign location
- 2) Alternate sign placement location for exterior concrete beams.
- ③ If adjacent bridges are less than 2 feet apart, these signs may be omitted.
- 4 ½" Diameter stainless steel expansion anchor with hex nut, washer, and spring-lock washer.

### SIGN NOTES:

Standard sign designs can be found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD).

Use the Clearview Alphabet CV-2W for the letters and symbols.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide lateral spacing between letters and numerals conforming with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

Provide aluminum sign blanks with a minimum thickness of

0.080" that meet the requirements of DMS-7110.

Provide sign face materials that meet the requirements of DMS-8300 and the sheeting requirements shown in the table.

DMS-8300 and the sheeting requirements shown in the table  $\frac{1}{2}$  Provide  $\frac{1}{4}$  diameter stainless steel expansion anchors with one hex head nut, one flat washer, and one helical spring-lock washer each.

Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). Provide anchor products that have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number. The approval status must be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.

Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environments, provide both stainless steel anchor bodies and expansion wedges.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Prior to hole drilling, locate rebar to ensure clearing of existing reinforcement and/or strands.

Prior to installation, obtain approval of sign locations from the Engineer. Avoid placement of sign over travel lanes and pedestrian walkways. Submit proposed installation method to Engineer prior to beginning work. Install anchors as shown on plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions.

Do not install anchors sections of members under tension. For new construction, the signs and anchors are subsidiary to the bridge. For installations on existing structures, the signs and anchors are paid under Item 442, "Metal for Structures." Each sign weighs 28 lbs.

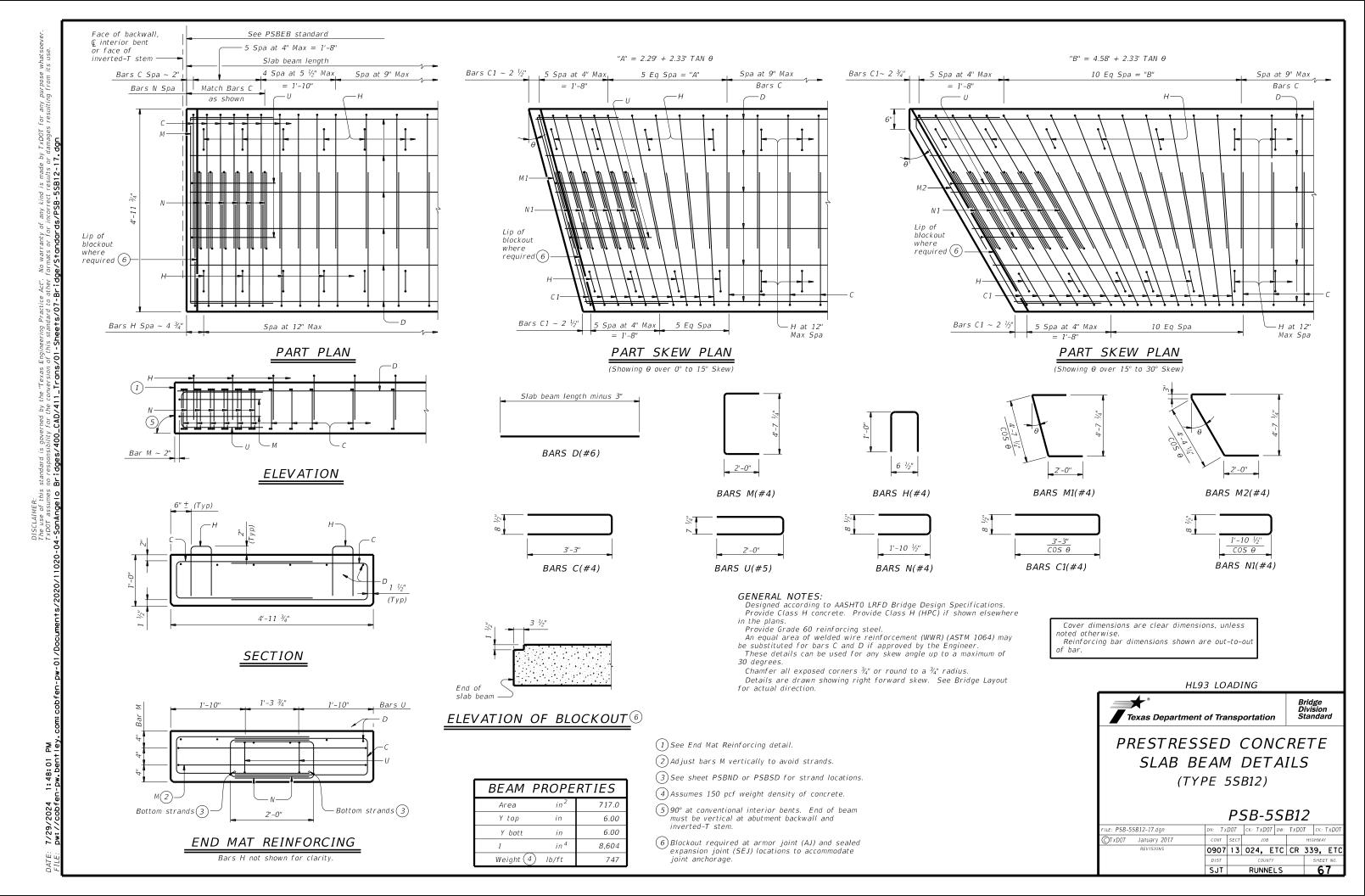


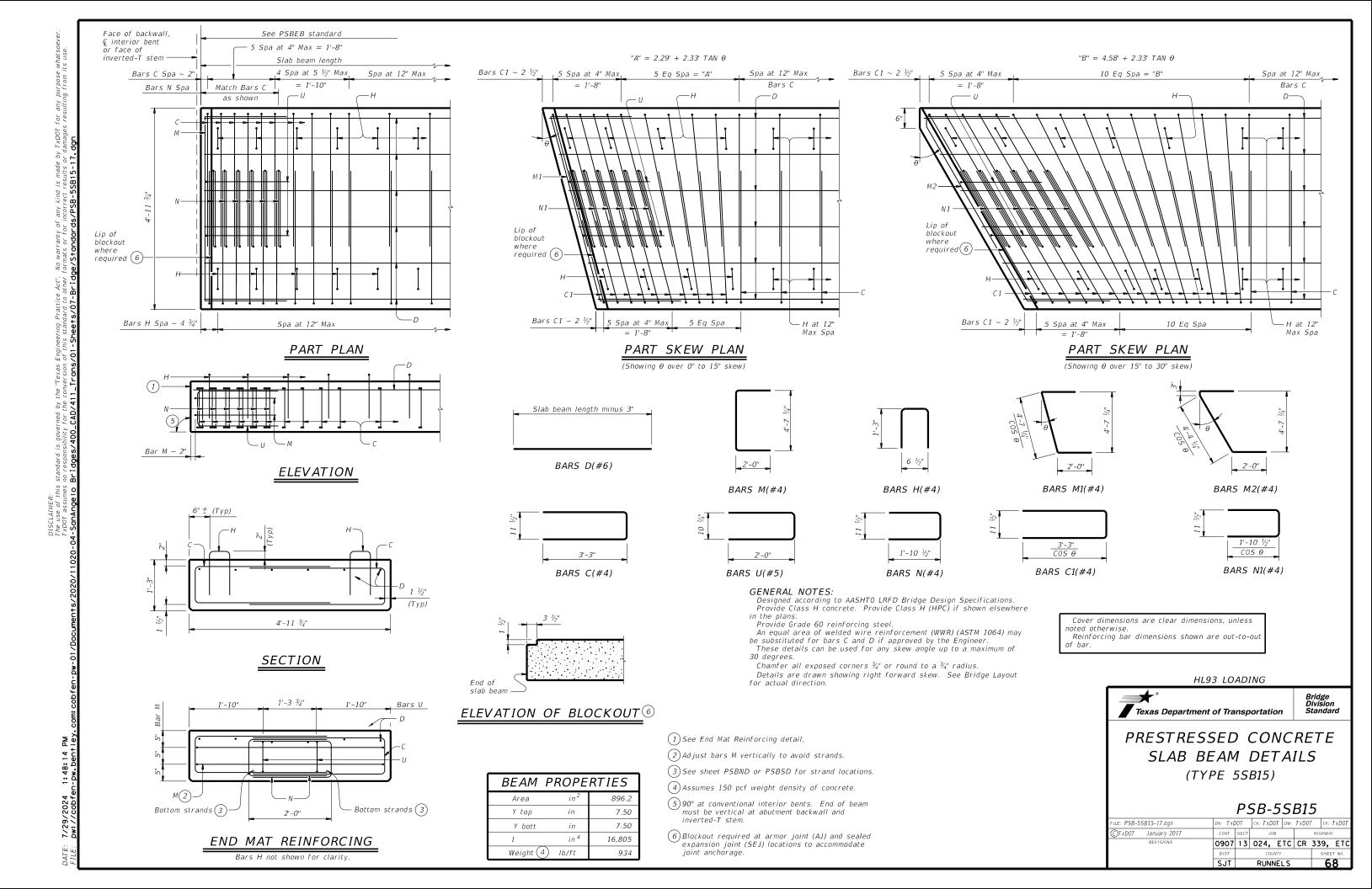
Bridge Division Standard

# NBIS BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION SIGN STANDARD

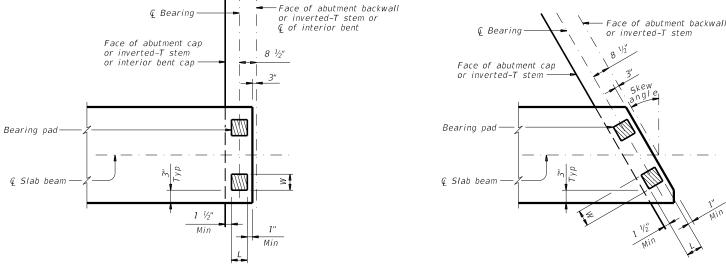
### NBIS

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TxDOT March 2023	CONT	SECT	J0B		CT JOB			HIGHWAY
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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	SJT	RUNNELS				66		









G Slab beam

- Bearing pad

1

TWO-PAD DETAIL PLAN

or at interior bent)

- Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem or interior bent cap

Face of abutment backwall

or inverted-T stem

Place 0.105" thick steel laminates parallel to the bottom surface of the pad, except the top laminate(s) may be sloped to satisfy maximum and minimum thickness criteria for tapered elastomeric top layers.

Bevel to match beam slope

Length = L

ELEVATION

LAMINATED

ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD

or & of interior bent

ONE-PAD DETAIL PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap

or at interior bent)

(At abutment or inverted-T cap

1 1/2" Min

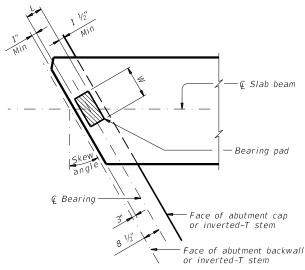
Min

11

Max

### TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)



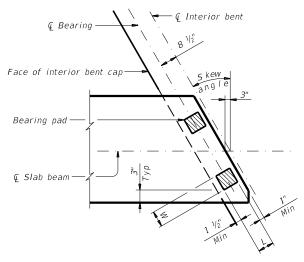
### ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)

## ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD PLACEMENT AND BEAM END DIAGRAMS

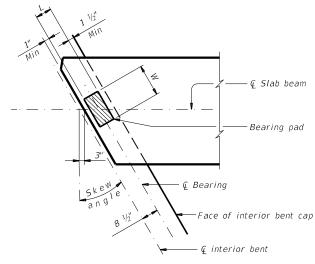
Place one bearing pad at forward station beam end. Place two bearing pads at back station beam end.

- 1 Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered
- 2 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/8" increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for  $\frac{1}{8}$ " taper) N=2, (for  $\frac{1}{4}$ " taper) (etc.) Fabricated pad top surface slope must not
- vary from plan beam slope by more than  $\frac{0.0625"}{\text{Length}} )^{IN/IN}.$
- (3) Locate permanent mark here.



# TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)



ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN (At interior bent)

### TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS (ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

	One-Pa	d (Ty SB1	-"N") (2)	Two-Pa	?-"N") (2)	
ı	W	L	T	W	L	T
	14"	7"	2"	7"	7"	2"

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.

  (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

### GENERAL NOTES:

These details accommodate skew angles up to 30°.

Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

HL93 LOADING

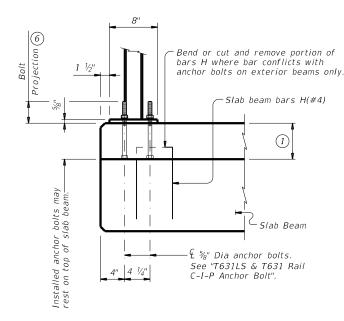


Texas Department of Transportation

ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND BEAM END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

PSRFR

		<u>' -</u>	JUL				
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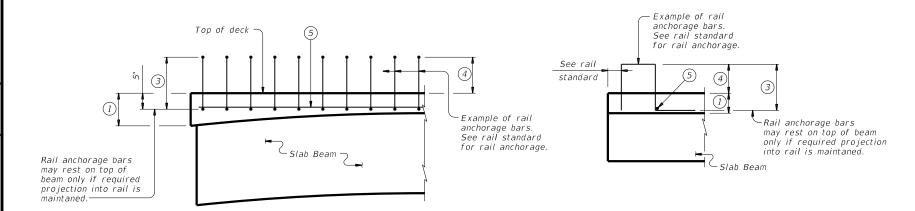


(1) 3/4" Slab Beam  $\not\in \ensuremath{\mbox{\%}}"$  Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for installation.

CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

# T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT 200

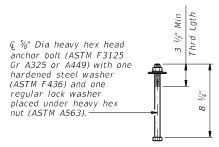


### PART SPAN ELEVATION

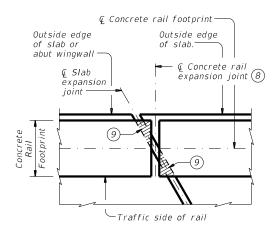
### SECTION

### TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- (1) Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- 2) Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- $rac{3}{3}$  Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1  $rac{1}{4}$ ". Adjust bar length for a
- 4 See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of & slab expansion joint, & rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- 9 Cross-hatched area must have 1/2" preformed bitumuminous fiber material under concrete rail, as shown.

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5%" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4  $\frac{1}{2}$ " minimum.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5%" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4  $\frac{3}{4}$ ". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail

reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges.

See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



Bridge Division Standard

RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS** PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS

**PSBRA** 

03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	DIST		COUNTY			_	EET NO.
REVISIONS	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	, ETC
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TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	obfen-pw-01/Documents/2020/11020-04-SanAngelo Bridges/400_CAD/411_Trans/01-Sheets/07-Bridge/Standards/PSB-PSBSD-21.dgn		

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					ı	DESIG	NED I	BEAMS (	'STRAIG	HT S	STRANDS	5)										OPT ION.	AL DESIG	V			AD RA	
					PRESTRESSING STRANDS												CONC	RETE	DESIGN	DESIGN	REQUIRED	LIVE LOAD			PRS			
STRUCTURE	SPAN LENGTH	BEAM NO.	BEAM TYPE	NON- STD STRAND	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	"e" L	"e" END	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM	NO STR	NUMBER OF STRANDS DEBONDED TO (ft from end)				) <i>S</i>	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH	LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP ()	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT Q)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTRIBUTION FACTOR		STRENGTH I		SERVICE III	
	(ft)			PATTERN		(in)	f pu (ksi)	(in)	(in)		(in)	TOTAL	DE- BONDED	3	6	9	12	15	f'ci (ksi)	f'c (ksi)	(SERVICĒ I) fct (ksi)	(SERVICE III) fcb (ksi)	(STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	0pr	Inv
	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.914	-1.217	448	0.450	0.450	1.40	1.82	1.71
24' ROADWAY	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.292	-1.685	530	0.450	0.450	1.25	1.62	1.29
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.730	-2.219	675	0.450	0.450	1.33	1.73	1.23
D	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.218	-2.796	820	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.74	1.12
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.725	-0.897	551	0.450	0.450	1.77	2.29	2.41
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.020	-1.244	574	0.450	0.450	1.23	1.59	1.45
24' ROADWAY	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.361	-1.640	708	0.450	0.450	1.15	1.49	1.14
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.739	-2.068	864	0.440	0.440	1.32	1.71	1.19
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.179	-2.574	1054	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.73	1.08
	50	ALL	5SB15		24	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	8	2.5	24	8	4	4	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.680	-3.153	1276	0.440	0.440	1.33	1.72	1.11
28' ROADWAY	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.903	-1.184	444	0.430	0.430	1.47	1.91	1.80
SB12 BEAM	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.276	-1.639	508	0.430	0.430	1.32	1.71	1.37
5	35	ALL	5SB12		12	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.708	-2.159	647	0.430	0.430	1.18	1.53	1.02
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.200	-2.744	799	0.430	0.430	1.37	1.78	1.17
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.716	-0.874	529	0.430	0.430	1.85	2.40	2.53
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.007	-1.212	570	0.430	0.430	1.29	1.67	1.53
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.343	-1.598	680	0.430	0.430	1.21	1.57	1.22
-	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.725	-2.032	842	0.430	0.430	1.36	1.76	1.24
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.149	-2.508	1013	0.420	0.420	1.41	1.82	1.16
	50	ALL	5SB15		22	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	6	2.5	22	6	4	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.643	-3.073	1227	0.420	0.420	1.33	1.72	1.01
	25	ALL	4SB12		6	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.904	-1.187	341	0.340	0.340	1.38	1.79	1.67
30' ROADWAY	30	ALL	45B12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.277	-1.646	407	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.37
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	4SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.711	-2.169	518	0.340	0.340	1.24	1.60	1.08
	40	ALL	4SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.205	-2.758	640	0.340	0.340	1.34	1.73	1.11
	25	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.723	-0.888	431	0.350	0.350	1.69	2.19	2.32
	30	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.017	-1.231	438	0.350	0.350	1.16	1.50	1.37
30' ROADWAY	35	ALL	4SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.346	-1.605	545	0.340	0.340	1.21	1.57	1.21
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	4SB15		12	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.729	-2.043	675	0.340	0.340	1.47	1.91	1.38
Ś	45	ALL	4SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	14	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.166	-2.542	823	0.340	0.340	1.33	1.73	1.06
	50	ALL	4SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	4	2.5	18	4	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.665	-3.115	998	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.02

(1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

2 Portion of full HL93.

### **DESIGN NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to

AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

### FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B". Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

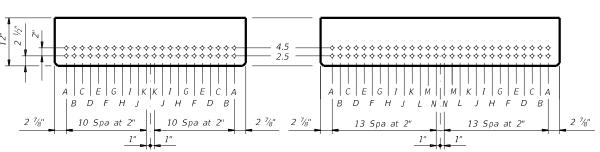
Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.

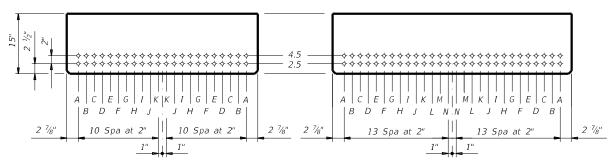
working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.

3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths



# TXDOT 4SB12 SLAB BEAM

# TXDOT 5SB12 SLAB BEAM



### TXDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM

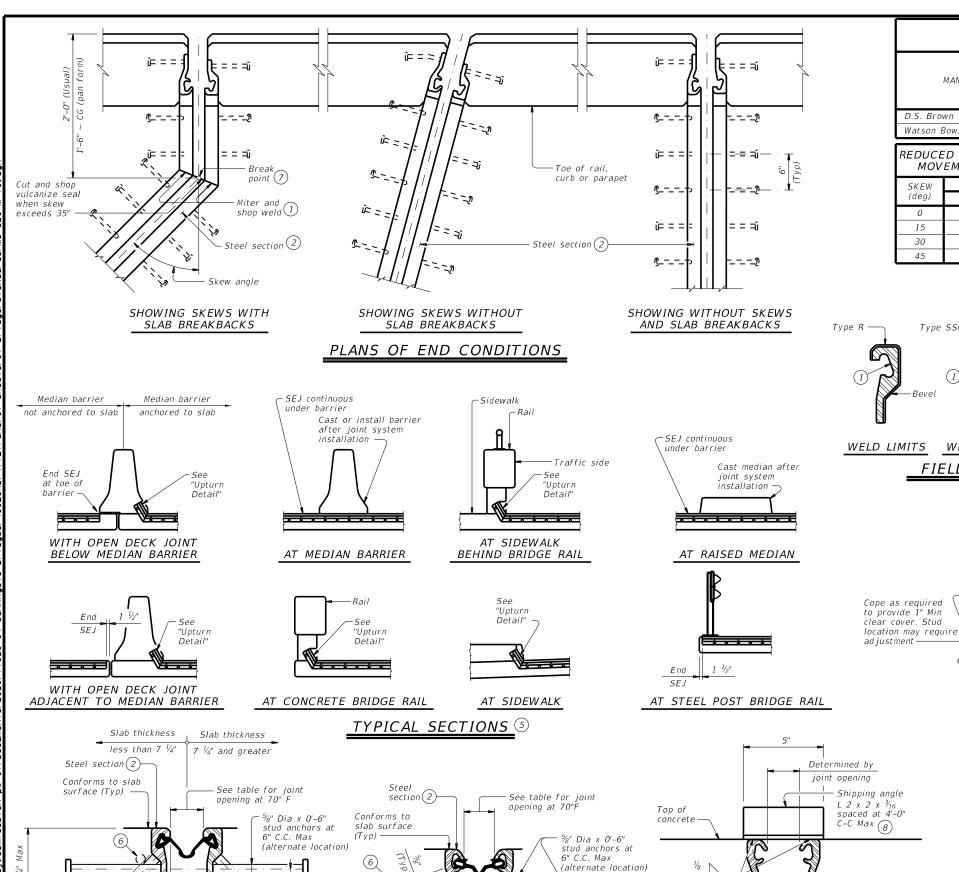
TXDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM

HL93 LOADING



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS (TYPE SB12 OR SB15) 24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY *PSBSD* 

FILE: PSB-PSBSD-21.dgn	DN: SF	RW.	ск: ВМР	DW: SFS			ck: 5	DB
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS 1-21: Added load rating.	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	9,	ETC
	DIST		SHEET NO			NO.		
	SJT				71			



(Typ)

SECTION THRU D.S. BROWN

(A2R-400 OR A2R-XTRA) JOINTS

Bend studs as shown when depth of CIP concrete

SECTION THRU WATSON BOWMAN

ACME (SE-400 OR SE-500) JOINTS

is less than 7  $\frac{1}{4}$ " at joint location

#### TABLE OF SEALED EXPANSION JOINT INFORMATION 5" JOINT STEEL SECTION (2) MANUFACTURER Joint Joint Opening (3 Type Opening ( Type D.S. Brown Type SSCM2 A2R-400 A2R-XTRA Watson Bowman Acme Type R SF-400 SF-500

#### REDUCED LONGITUDINAL MOVEMENT RANGE JOINT SIZE (deg) 4.0" 5.0" 15 4.0" 5.0" 30 3.5" 4.3"

2.8"

WELD LIMITS

FIELD SPLICE DETAIL

UPTURN DETAIL

Type SSCM2

3.5"

#### **DESIGN NOTES:**

REAR VIEW

Toe of sidewalk,

rail or median

barrier

Joints installed on a skew have reduced ability to accommodate Iongitudinal movement. Use table values to determine the correct joint size for skewed installations

For other skews over 25 degrees, calculate reduced movement range by multiplying joint size by cosine

Weld top

and back.

Grind top

smooth

- (1) Remove all burrs which will be in contact with seal prior to making splice.
- $\stackrel{ extstyle (2)}{ extstyle Shape of steel section shown is typical. Variations$ in sections must be approved by the Engineer.
- (3) These openings are also the recommended minimum installation openings.
- (4) Reduce for sidewalk or parapet heights less than 6".
- (5) Other conditions affecting the joint profile should be noted elsewhere.
- (6) Move transverse bars that are in conflict with SEJ studs, in either the bridge slab or approach slab, to rest at the junction of the studs.
- See Span details for location of break point.
- 8 Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

#### FABRICATION NOTES:

Temporarily shop assemble corresponding sections of sealed expansion joints (SEJ), check for fit, and match mark for shipment Secure corresponding sections together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

The seal must be continuous and included in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Ship steel sections in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for staged construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Butt weld all shop and field splices and grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations

in the shop.

Paint the entire steel section with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel", unless required to galvanize when shown in the plans. Provide galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Item 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

Shop drawings for the fabrication of sealed expansion joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details shown on this standard.

#### **CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**

Secure the sealed expansion joint in position and place to the proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for sealed expansion joint.

Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint. Clean and prepare seal cavity for seal installation as per the Manufacturer's installation procedures.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Provide sealed expansion joints in the size and at locations shown on the plans.

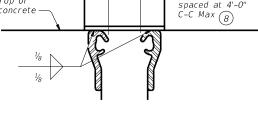
Minimum slab and overhang thickness required for the use of SEJ-M is 6  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".



SEJ-M

MS-SEJ-M-19.dgn	DN: TXE	OOT	CK: TXDC	T DW	: JTR		CK: ,	JMH
xDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGH	/WAY	
REVISIONS	0907	13	024,	ETC	CR	339	Э,	ETC
	DIST		COU	ITY		5	HEE	T NO.
	SJT		RUNN	ELS			7:	2

WITHOUT OVERLAY

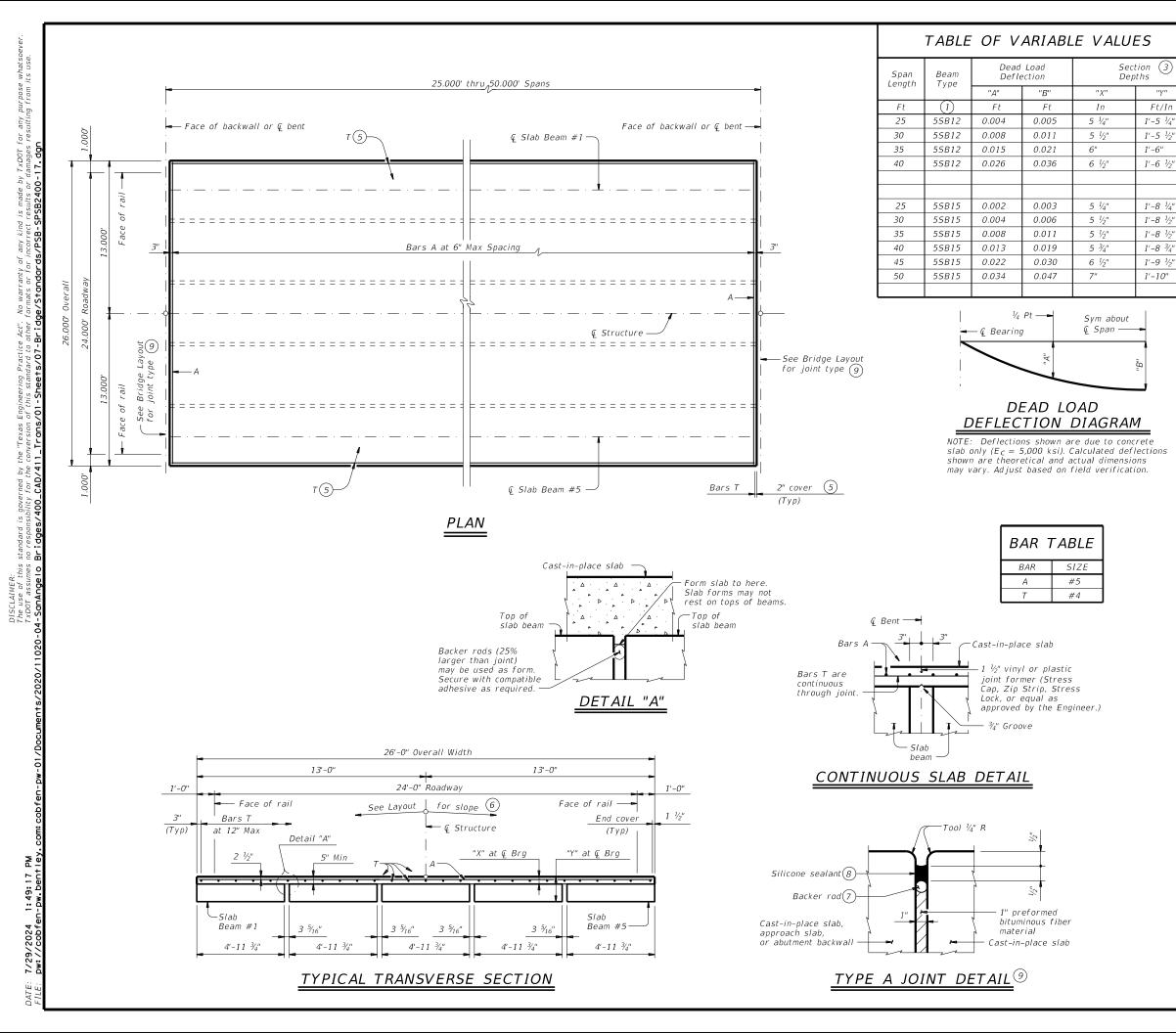


#### SHOWING D.S. BROWN (Ty SSCM2)

(All joints are similar.) (Studs are not shown for clarity.)

#### SHIPPING ANGLE

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.



#### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN	REINF CONCRETE SLAB		PRESTR CO SLAB BEA B12 OR 55	M (1)	TOTAL (2) REINF
LENGTH	(SLAB BEAM)	ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	STEEL
Ft	SF	LF (4)	LF (4)	LF (4)	Lb
25	650	122.50	122.50	122.50	1,820
30	780	147.50	147.50	147.50	2,180
35	910	172.50	172.50	172.50	2,550
40	1,040	197.50	197.50	197.50	2,910
45	1,170	222.50	222.50	222.50	3,280
50	1,300	247.50	247.50	247.50	3,640

- 1) See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and SB15 beams within the same structure.
- (2) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF.
- (3) Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade. The Contractor will adjust these values for any vertical curve.
- 4 Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required
- (5) Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through Joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail".
- (6)This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.
- (7) 1  $\frac{1}{4}$ " backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (8) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type
   A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100
   feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete" Superstructures".

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents. may be formed with the details shown on this sheet.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab.

This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

otherwise.

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi).

Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: Uncoated ~ #4 = 1'-7"

~ #5 = 2'-0"

Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5'$ 

 $\sim #5 = 3'-0'$ Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted

#### HL93 LOADING

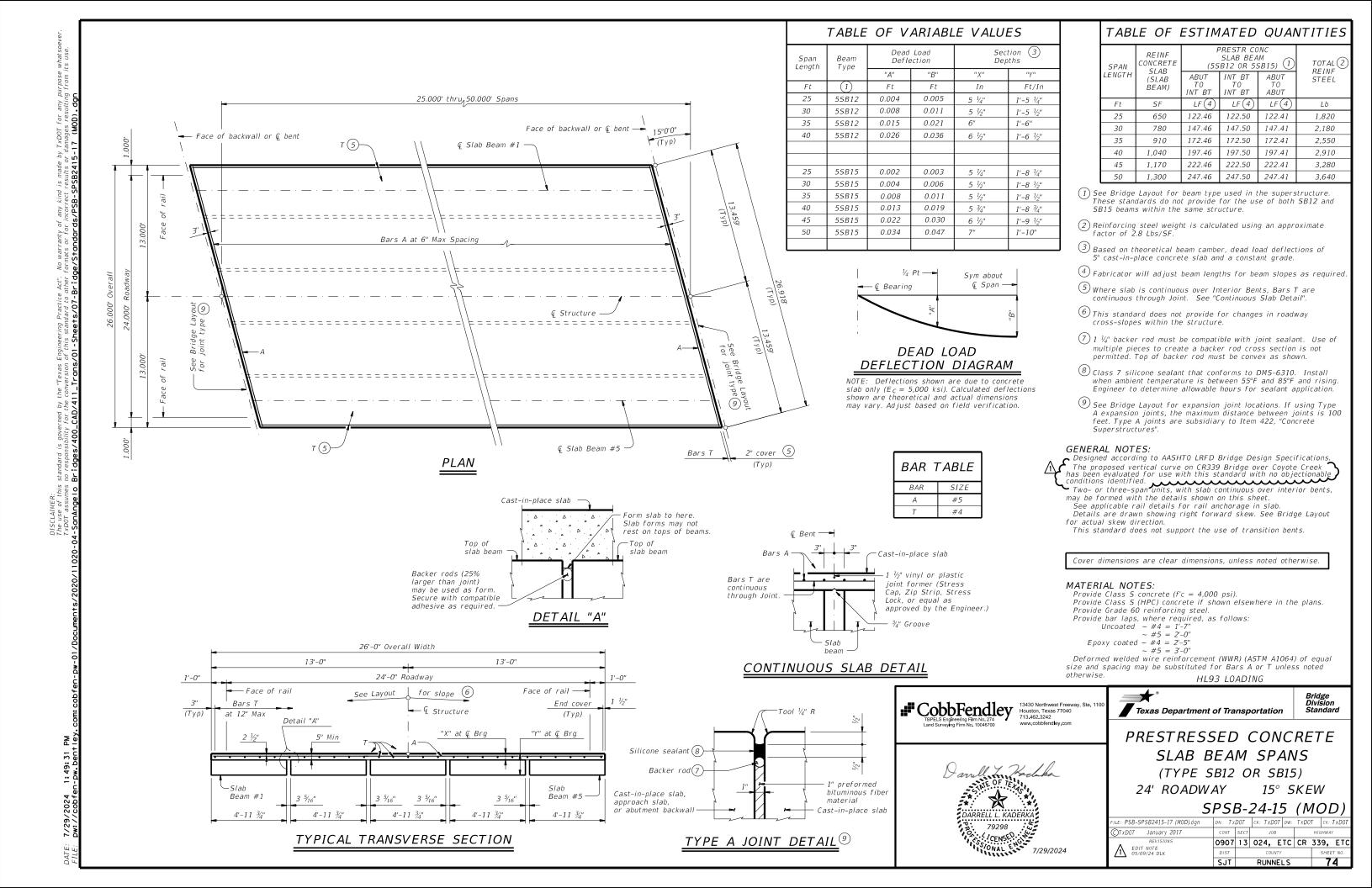


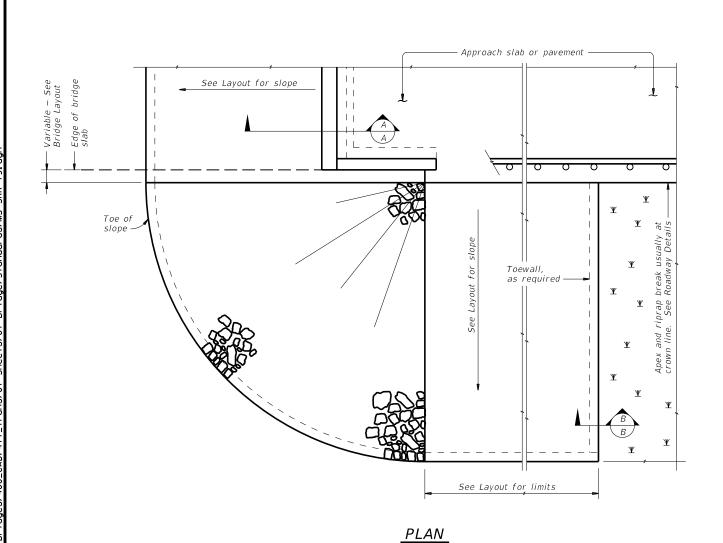
PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM SPANS (TYPE SB12 OR SB15) 24' ROADWAY

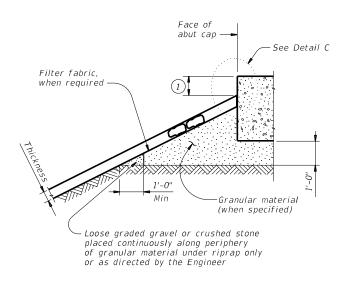
SPSB-24

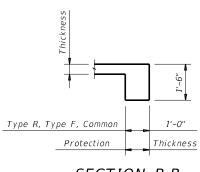
Bridge Division Standard

FILE: PSB-SPSB2400-17.dgn	DN: TX	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	- CK	:TxD0T
◯TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	AY
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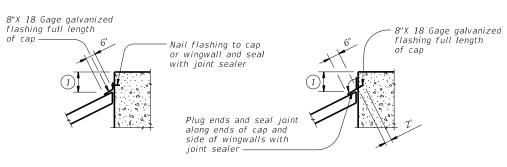




## SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

### SECTION A-A AT CAP



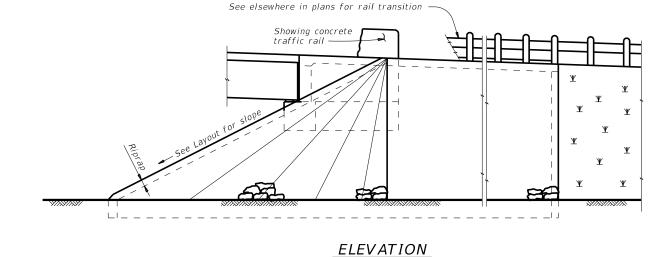
#### CAP OPTION A

#### CAP OPTION B

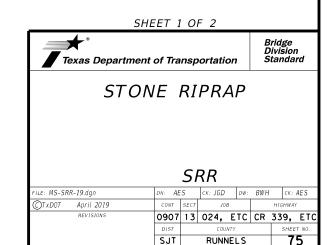
## DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified. See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.



1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.



RUNNELS

SHEET 1 OF 3 Bridge Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation TRAFFIC RAIL TYPE T223

RUNNELS

ON: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: JTR CK: AES ILE: RL-T223-19.dgn C)TxDOT September 2019 0907 13 024, ETC CR 339, ETC

-4'-0" Min & 9'-0" Max ~ End Post

See "Post Joint

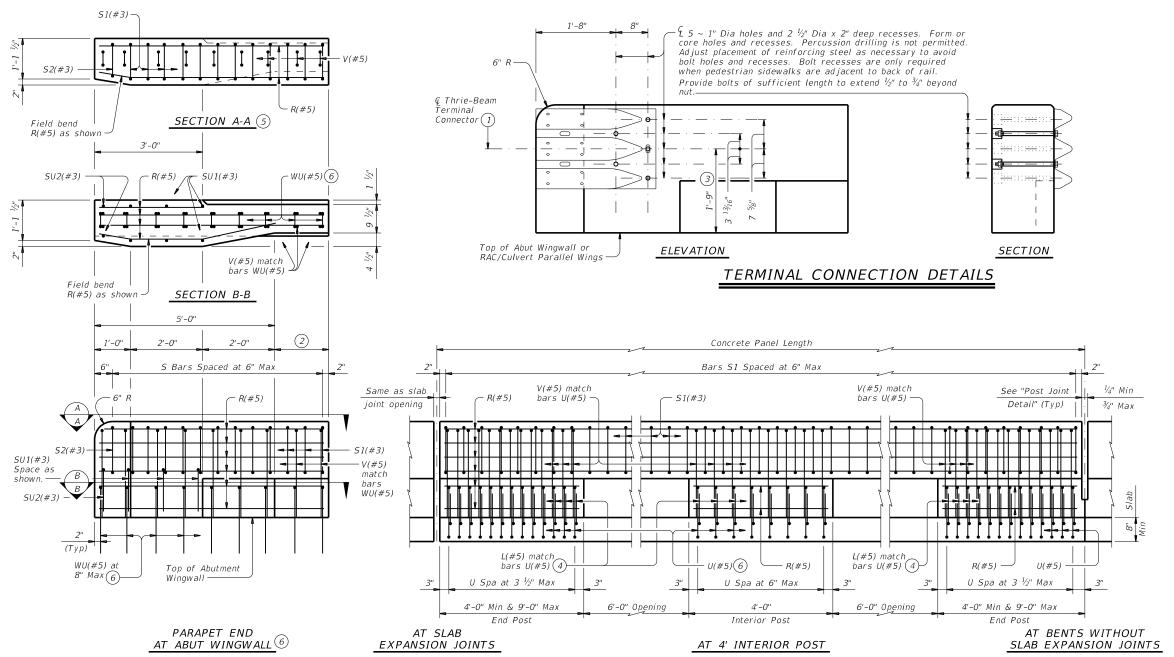
Detail" (Typ)

See "Post

Joint Detail"

1⁄4" Min

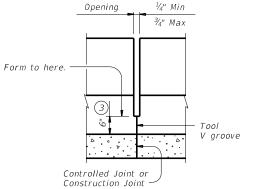
³⁄₄" Max



## ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar

- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- ② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



#### POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.



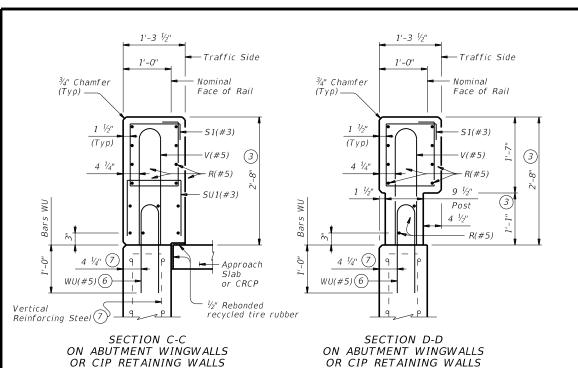


TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

Bridge Division Standard

FILE: RL-T22	?3–19.dgn	DN: TXI	DOT	CK: TxDOT DW: JTR CK: AES		AES			
©TxD0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	(WA)	,
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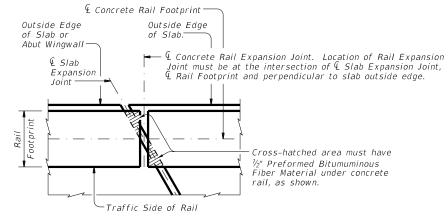


1'-3 1/2" 1'-3 1/2" 1'-0" 1'-0" ¾" Chamfer ¾" Chamfer Nominal Nominal Face of Rail Face of Rail (Typ) -(Typ)S1(#3) S1(#3) Const Jt (3) (Typ) (Typ) Top of Slab Bars L, U and V Pos [3] L(#5) (4) ypical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5)(6) AT POST AT OPENING

SECTIONS THRU RAIL

Sections on box culverts similar

- (2) Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.
- 8 Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcina.
- (9) At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to  $2'-5\frac{1}{4}$ " above the roadway surface without overlay.

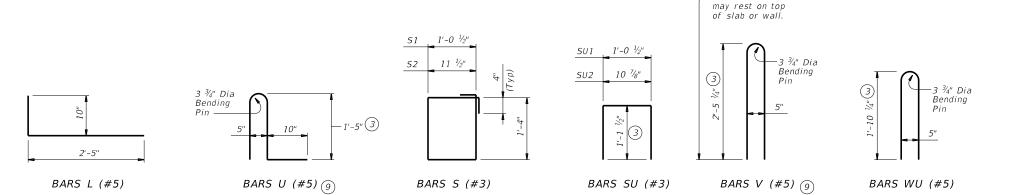


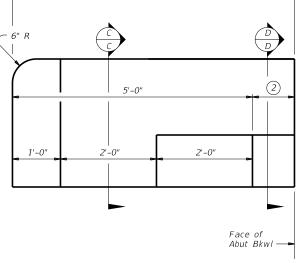
## PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

Installed bar

ON BRIDGE SLAB

Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.





Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

## ELEVATION AT ABUTMENT WINGWALL

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.
Chamfer all exposed corners.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

ON BRIDGE SLAB

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are

epoxy coated or galvanized. Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated  $\sim #5 = 3'-0"$ 

#### GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Shop drawings are not required for this rail. Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.





TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

Bridge Division Standard

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©T x D0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWA	۱Y
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20A

4-10 7-20 **20B** 

paid under item 644.

is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any purpose whatsoever. IXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion nats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

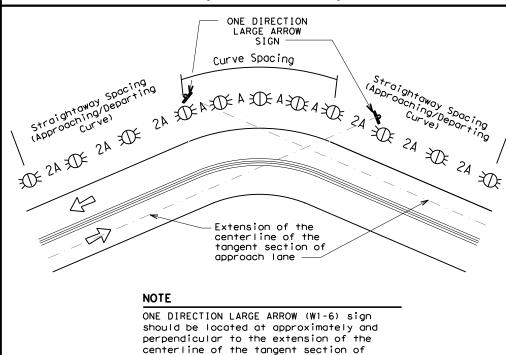
# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advis	ory Speed
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs
15 MPH & 20 MPH	<ul> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>
25 MPH & more	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction         Large Arrow sign where             geometric conditions or             roadside obstacles prevent     </li> </ul>	• RPMs and Chevrons

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

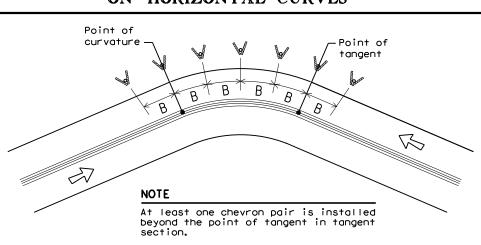
the installation of

chevrons



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3)	Sec. D. 9. OM/5)

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

#### NOTES

Bridges with no Approach

Culverts without MBGF

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

Reduced Width Approaches to

Rail

Bridge Rail

Crossovers

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

at end of rail and 3 single

delineators approaching rail

Type 2 and Type 3 Object

Type 2 Object Markers

Markers (OM-3) and 3 single

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

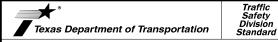
length of transition

delineators approaching bridge

Double yellow delineators and RPMs

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

	LEGEND
<b>XX</b>	Bi-directional Delineator
K	Delineator
4	Sign



See D & OM(5)

terminal end See D & OM (5)

100 feet

Requires reflective sheeting

D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object

Marker (OM-3) in front of the

provided by manufacturer per

See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

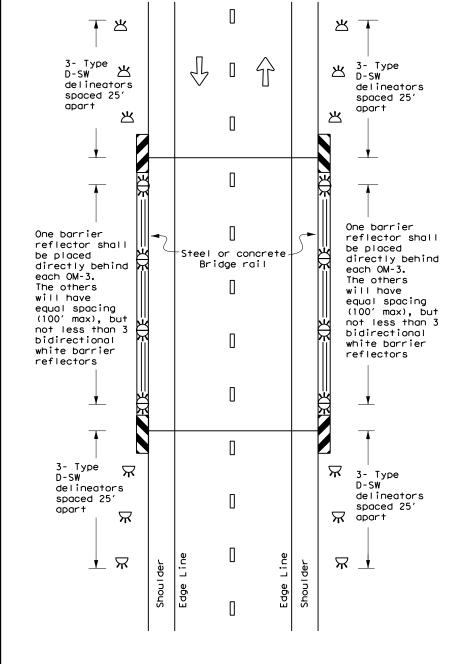
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT		CK:	TXDOT
TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
	0907	13	024, E	TC	CR	339	9,	ETC
1-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET	NO.
1-15 7-20	SJT		RUNNEL	.S			87	2

200

# TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL



# LEGEND directional Delineator DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

© TxDOT August 2015 | CONT | SECT | JOB | HIGHWAY |

REVISIONS | O907 | 13 | O24, ETC | CR | 339, ET |

DIST | COUNTY | SHEET NO.

20E

20F

.188"

.125

. 264"

. 250"

-, 410"

.687"

.125"

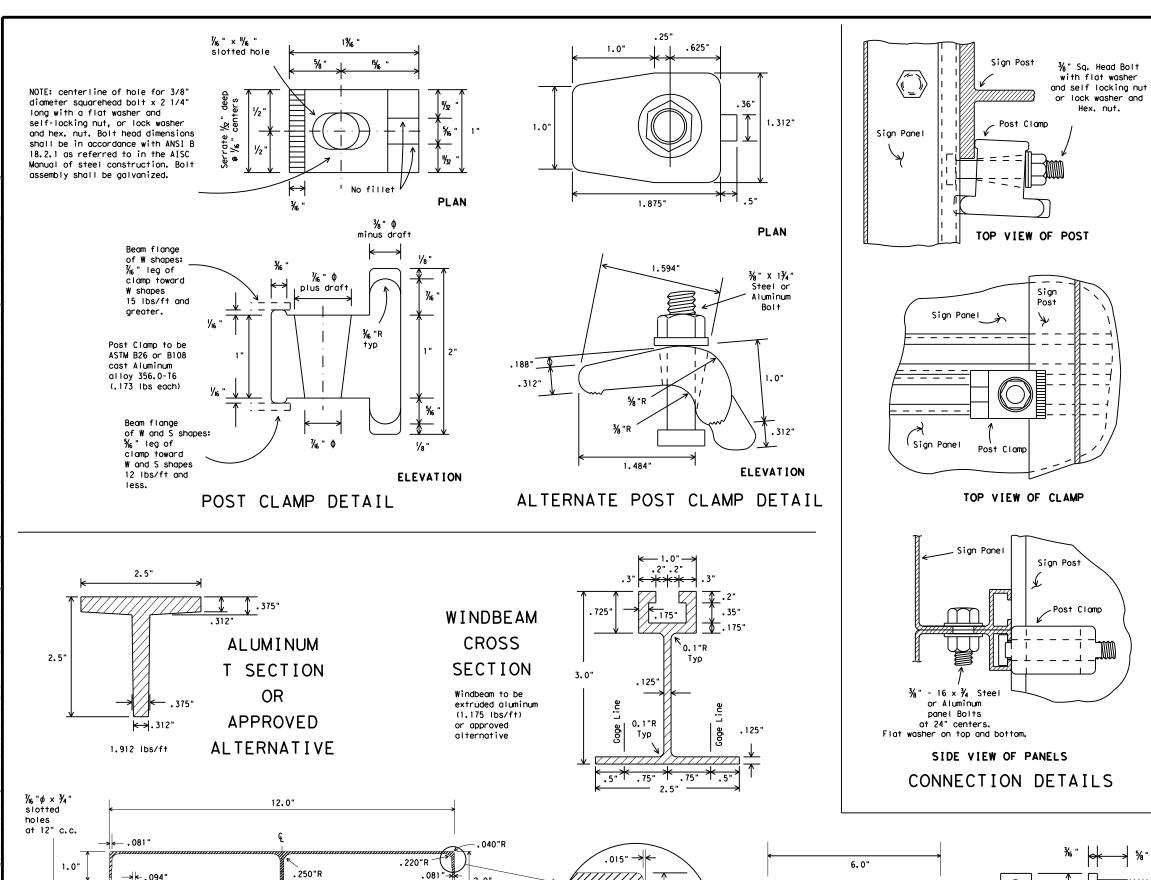
12" EXTRUSION

.062"R

ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL EXTRUSION DETAILS

.125"R

.986"



.081

.500"

6" EXTRUSION

GENERAL NOTES: Design conforms with AASHTO Specifications for the design and construction of structural supports for highway signs.

DMS-7120

- 2. Materials and fabrication shall conform to the requirements of the Department material specifications.
- 3. Structural steel shall be "low-alloy steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures."
- 4. For fiberglass substrate connection details, see manufacturer's recommendations.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

SIGN HARDWARE

21/4" Regular clamp POST CLAMP BOLT DETAIL

_1¾" Alternate clamp_



## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS-EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS & HARDWARE

SMD(2-1)-08

© TxDOT 2001	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW		DW: TXDOT		CK:	TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
	0907	13	024, ETC		CR	33	9,	ETC
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	SJT		RUNN	ELS			8	6

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3 This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.
For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitm (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.
This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).
1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION
1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):  0907-13-024
1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:
From: CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK
То:
1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

## BEGIN: (Lat) 31.873005 .(Long) -99.966704 END: (Lat) 31.873022 (Long) -99.965600 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 1.2269 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 1.0169 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

REPLACE BRIDGE

Soil Type	Description

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: ☐ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

☐ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

□ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

□ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

□ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

□ Place flex base

□ Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

☐ Revegetation of unpaved areas

Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

☐ Other: ___

Other:				

#### 1 10 DOTENTIAL DOLLLITANTS AND SOLIDCES.

	1.10 FOTENTIAL FOLLOTANTS AND SOURCES.
	Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
	☐ Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipmer
	and storage
	□ Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
	☐ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
	☐ Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
	☐ Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
	☐ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
	☐ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
+	□ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
	☐ Discharges from concrete washout activities,
4	runoff from concrete cutting activities, and
	other concrete related activities
	□ Other:
	□ Other:
s	Other:

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
* Add (*) for impaired waterhold	ios with pollutant in ()

#### Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

ther:			

□ Other: _____

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

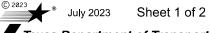
X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

Other.			

□ Other:

STORMWATER POLLUTION
<b>PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)</b>



(Less Than 1 Acre)

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
6			BR 2024(802)		87
STATE		STATE DIST.	(	COUNTY	
TEXA	S	SJT	RL	JNNELS	
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
0907		13	024, ETC	CR 339,	ETC

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

#### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

	EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL
	STABILIZATION BMPs:
	Protection of Existing Vegetation Vegetated Buffer Zones Soil Retention Blankets Geotextiles Mulching/ Hydromulching Soil Surface Treatments Temporary Seeding Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Vertical Tracking
	Interceptor Swale Riprap Diversion Dike Temporary Pipe Slope Drain Embankment for Erosion Control Paved Flumes Other: Other:
	Other:
T/P	Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Dewatering Controls Inlet Protection Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Sandbag Berms Sediment Control Fence Stabilized Construction Exit Floating Turbidity Barrier Vegetated Buffer Zones Vegetated Filter Strips
	Other:
	Other:
ПП	Other:

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections )

Tuna	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:
Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily Haul roads dampened for dust control Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin Stabilized construction exit Daily street sweeping Other:
Other:
Other:
Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

	<ul> <li>□ Chemical Management</li> <li>□ Concrete and Materials Waste Management</li> <li>□ Debris and Trash Management</li> <li>□ Dust Control</li> <li>□ Sanitary Facilities</li> </ul>
	Other:
	□ Other:
_	□ Other:
	□ Other:

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Statio	ning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ⋉ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

#### 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### 2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.	
6			BR 2024(802)		88
STATE		STATE DIST.	(	COUNTY	
TEXAS SJT		SJT	RL	INNELS	
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
0907		13	024, ETC	CR 339,	ETC

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3 This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.
For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitm (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.
This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).
1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION
1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):  0907-13-025
1.2 PROJECT LIMITS: From: CR 370 AT OAK CREEK
To:
1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

(Long) -100.182488

_,(Long) -100.181362

REPLACE BRIDGE

BEGIN: (Lat) 31.883589

END: (Lat) 31.883608

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 1.4515

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 1.2315

Soil Type	Description

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: ☐ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

□ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

■ Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

□ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

☐ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

☐ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

☐ Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

□ Place flex base

☐ Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

☐ Revegetation of unpaved areas

☐ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and

erosion control measures □ Other:

□ Other: _____

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

	☐ Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
	☐ Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipmen
	and storage
	<ul> <li>Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities</li> </ul>
	☐ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
	□ Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
	☐ Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
	☐ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
	☐ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
	□ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
	☐ Discharges from concrete washout activities,
	runoff from concrete cutting activities, and
	other concrete related activities
	□ Other:
	□ Other:
3	Other:

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
* Add (*) for impaired waterbod	lies with pollutant in ()

Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

□ Other: _____

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

Other:	

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.	
6	6		BR 2024(802)		89
STATE STATE COUNTY		COUNTY			
TEXAS SJT		RL	INNELS		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
0907		13	024, ETC	CR 339,	ETC

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

#### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this

	TABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P	
	Protection of Existing Vegetation
	Vegetated Buffer Zones
	Soil Retention Blankets Geotextiles
	Geolexilles Mulching/ Hydromulching
	Soil Surface Treatments
	Temporary Seeding
	Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
	Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
	Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
	Vertical Tracking Interceptor Swale
	Riprap
	Diversion Dike
	Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
	Embankment for Erosion Control
	Paved Flumes
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:
	EDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P	Diadaggadahla Francisco Cartual I and
	Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Dewatering Controls
	Inlet Protection
	Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
	Sandbag Berms
	Sediment Control Fence
	Stabilized Construction Exit
	Floating Turbidity Barrier
	Vegetated Buffer Zones
	Vegetated Filter Strips
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Tura	Statio	ning
Туре	From	То

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:
□ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
□ Haul roads dampened for dust control
□ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
□ Stabilized construction exit
□ Daily street sweeping
□ Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

<ul> <li>□ Chemical Management</li> <li>□ Concrete and Materials Waste Management</li> <li>□ Debris and Trash Management</li> <li>□ Dust Control</li> <li>□ Sanitary Facilities</li> </ul>
□ Other:
□ Other:
Other:
□ Other:

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Statio	ning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

#### 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### 2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
6		BR 2024(802)					
STATE		STATE DIST.	(				
TEXA	S	SJT	RL				
CONT. SECT. JOB HIG		HIGHWAY	NO.				
0907		13	024, ETC	CR 339,	ETC		

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. ☐ No Action Required X Required Action 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or  $\frac{1}{2}$ required by the Engineer. 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ. EPA or other inspectors, έb 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS. WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s): ☐ No Permit Required X Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to. location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. 1. CR 339 AT COYOTE CREEK The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation X Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Mulch Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike ☐ Wet Basin

☐ Brush Berms

Sediment Basins

Erosion Control Compost

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

X No Action Required Post-Construction TSS Retention/Irrigation Systems Extended Detention Basin Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

Action No.

4.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

■ No Action Required

X Required Action

Required Action

Action No.

1. Only remove woody vegetation between October 1 and February 14.

V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required

X Required Action

Action No.

1. MIGRATORY BIRD NESTS: Schedule construction activities as needed to meet the following requirements:

A. Do not remove or destroy any active migratory bird nests (nests containing eggs and/or flightless birds) at any time of year. If there are any active nests, they shall not be removed until the nests become inactive.

B. On/in structures, if there are any active nests, they shall not be removed until all nests become inactive. After inactive nests are removed and/or before nest activity begins, deterrent materials may be applied to the structures to prevent future nest building.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Best Management Practice Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act Notice of Termination Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PCN: Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location TCFQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products

used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.

In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

☐ No Action Required	Required Actio

Action No.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

**EPIC - CR 339** 

LE: epic.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: RG Dw:		: VP		ck: AR	L		
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH		JOB HIGHWAY		HWAY	1
REVISIONS 12-2011 (DS)	0907	13	024, ETC		CR	339, ET		1		
07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	IST COUNTY SHEET				HEET NO.	ı			
23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	SJT	JT RUNNELS 91				1	1			

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Diversion Dike

Erosion Control Compost

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any Item 506. ☐ No Action Required X Required Action ያ ያ accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 kind rect required by the Engineer. ζ, o o έb ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 the following permit(s): ☐ No Permit Required wetlands affected) ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# and post-project TSS. 1. CR 370 AT OAK CREEK permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation X Silt Fence Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Mulch Sodding Sand Bag Berm

disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or  $\frac{1}{2}$ 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ. EPA or other inspectors, 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS. WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with X Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to. location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide Post-Construction TSS ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips Retention/Irrigation Systems Extended Detention Basin Constructed Wetlands ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike ☐ Wet Basin Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems Sediment Basins Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

X No Action Required

Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.

Action No.

4.

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

■ No Action Required

X Required Action

Required Action

Action No.

1. Only remove woody vegetation between October 1 and February 14.

V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required

X Required Action

Action No.

1. MIGRATORY BIRD NESTS: Schedule construction activities as needed to meet the following requirements:

A. Do not remove or destroy any active migratory bird nests (nests containing eggs and/or flightless birds) at any time of year. If there are any active nests, they shall not be removed until the nests become inactive.

B. On/in structures, if there are any active nests, they shall not be removed until all nests become inactive. After inactive nests are removed and/or before nest activity begins, deterrent materials may be applied to the structures to prevent future nest building.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Best Management Practice Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act Notice of Termination Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PCN: Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location TCFQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.

In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action

Action No.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required

Required Action

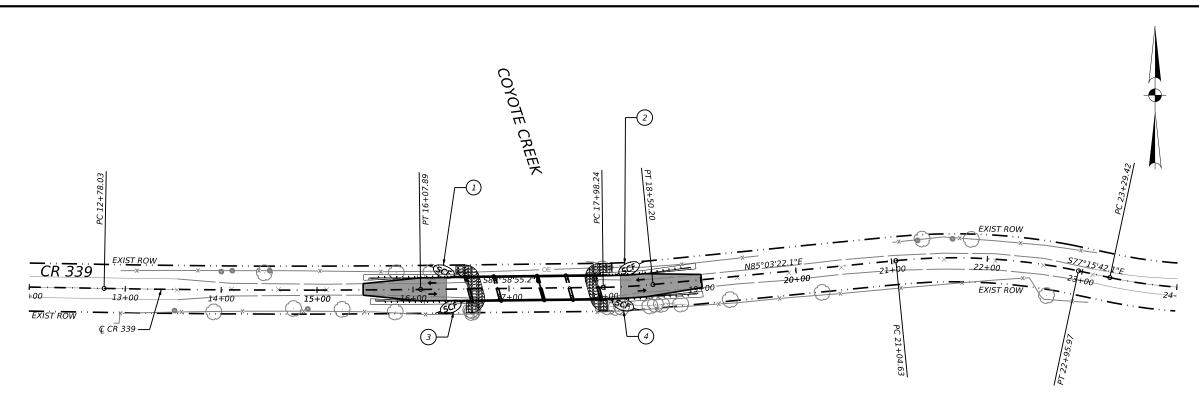
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Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

**EPIC - CR 370** 

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15 LF SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE INSTALLED: REMOVED:



<u>LEGEND</u> PROP 8" FLEX BASE PROP STONE RIPRAP PROP MBGF

-SCF- SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

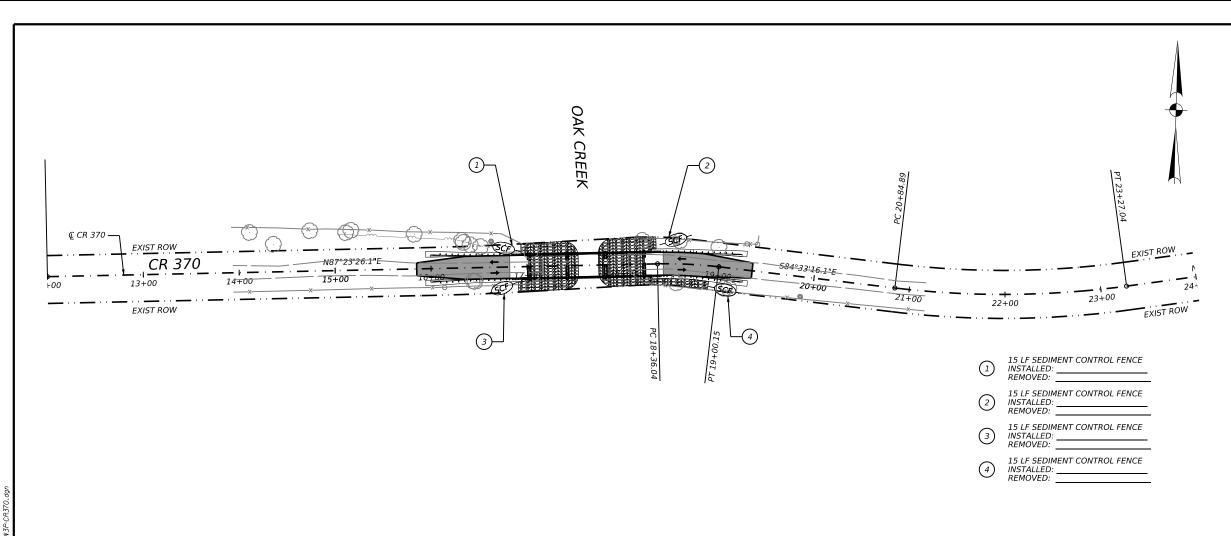




Texas Department of Transportation

CR 339 SW3P LAYOUT

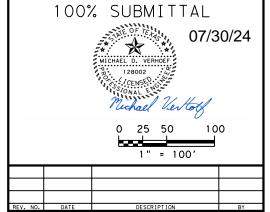
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<u>LEGEND</u> PROP 8" FLEX BASE PROP STONE RIPRAP PROP MBGF

-SCF- SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



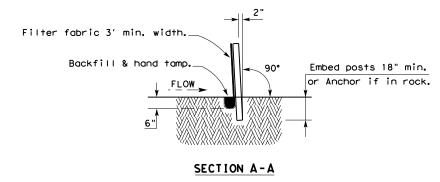




Texas Department of Transportation

CR 370 SW3P LAYOUT

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SJT	RUNNELS	0907	13	024,	ETC	94	VVB



Attach the wire mesh and fabric on end posts using 4 evenly spaced staples for wooden posts (or 4 T-Clips or

sewn vertical pockets for steel posts).

Place 4" to 6" of fabric against the trench side and approximently 2" across the trench

bottom in the upstream direction. Minimum trench size shall be 6" square.

Backfill and hand tamp.

#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

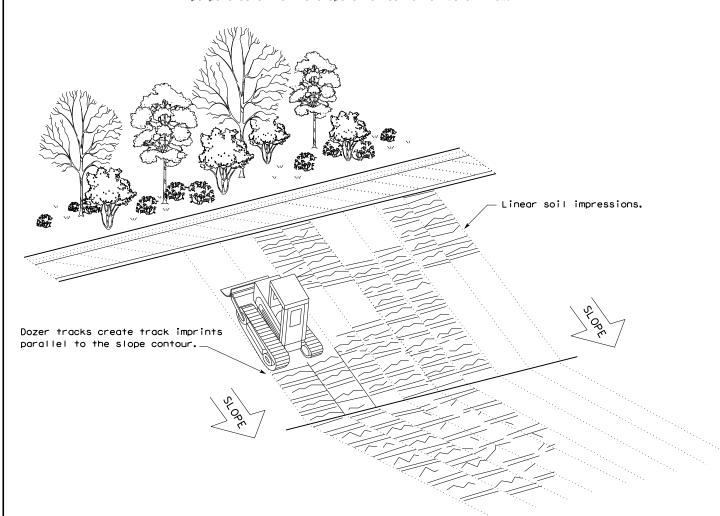
#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence



#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

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