## INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION TITLE SHEET 2 INDEX OF SHEETS

FINAL PLANS PROJECT LETTING DATE: CONTRACTOR: DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED AND ACCEPTED: FINAL CONTRACTOR COST:

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. BR 2023 (744) CR 154 (BETTY LOGAN CREEK) COLEMAN COUNTY

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACING BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

LIMITS: ON CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CREEK

206

<u>|585|</u>

CR140

BURKET

COUNT VUNTY

COLEMAN BROWN C

BR 2023(710), ETC. STATE DISTRICT TEXAS BWD COLEMAN, ETC. HIGHWAY NO. CONTROL SECTION 0923 08 028, ETC. CR 108, ETC

DESIGN SPEED: MEETS OR EXCEEDS EXISTING ADT (2017) = 39ADT (2022) = 36RURAL LOCAL

LENGTH OF PROJECT

ROADWAY	=	389.5	FΤ	=	0.074	MI.
BRIDGE	=	43.5	FT	=	0.008	MI.
TOTAL	=	433.0	FT	=	0.082	MI.

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1) - 21 THRU BC (12) - 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES"

7/26/2024 CONCURRENCE: -DocuSigned by: Billy D Bledson -4112FCF55989的7NTY JUDGE



SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

07/16/2024

CONSULTANT ENGINEER

7/30/2024 RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

77D1创7控码的R DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: L

7/31/2024

Gregory W. Cedillo, P.E. —58E2D01C26B344F... DISTRICT ENGINEER

VOLUME 2

CONTRACT CSJ: 0923-08-028



HUITT HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC. 5430 LBJ FREEMAY, SUITE 1500, EXAST SEASO TEAMS 75240-2601 Firm No. F-761

BEGIN PROJECT STA 12+66.00 CSJ: 0923-08-035 END PROJECT

STA 16+99.00 CSJ: 0923-08-035

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023).

EQUATIONS: NONE **EXCEPTIONS: NONE** RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

CR142 84 THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND CONTRACT. COLEMANT 283 AREA ENGINEER, P.E. DATE

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

luch

SIGNATURE

07/30/2024

DATE



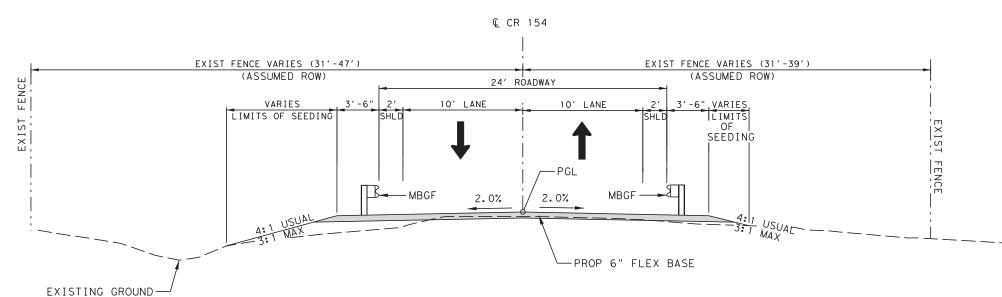
NO. DATE REVISION HUITT HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC.
5430 LBJ FREEMAY,
ZOLLARS DALLAS, TEMS 75240-2601
FIRM NO. F-761



# **INDEX OF SHEETS** CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 1 OF 1											
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER								
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CR 154								
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY								
TEXAS	BWD		COLEMAN								
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	)B	SHEET NO.							
0923	08	03	35	2							

# EXISTING CR 154 APPROACH ROADWAY



PROPOSED CR 154 APPROACH ROADWAY

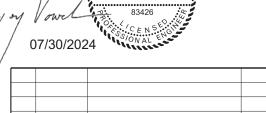
FROM STA 13+86.00 TO STA 14+98.00 FROM STA 15+41.50 TO STA 16+49.00

PROPOSED BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT STA 14+98.00 TO STA 15+41.50

TRANSITION FROM EXISTING WIDTH TO PROPOSED WIDTH FROM STA 12+66.00 TO STA 13+86.00 FROM STA 16+49.00 TO STA 16+99.00

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
247	7178	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A GR 4)(FINAL POS)	CY	233

FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYD) (GR-3) (FINAL POS) EST. @ 57.2 CY/STA (TOTAL 131.3 CY)
ADDITIONAL FLEX BASE EST. @ 21.5 CY TOTAL FROM TRANSITIONS AND 25.2 CY FROM CR 158 INTERSECTION



NO. DATE REVISION APPRO
HUITT SATION SATIONARY, INC.
5430 IBJ FREEMAT,
ZOLLARS FIRM NO. F.-761



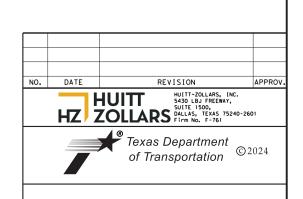
# TYPICAL SECTIONS CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

HEET 1	OF 1						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CR 154				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	BWD	COLEMAN					
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	ОВ	SHEET NO.			
0923	08	03	3				

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS - CR 154									
	100	496							
	7002	7009							
LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)							
	STA	EA							
CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CREEK	4.5	1							
PROJECT TOTAL	4.5	1							

	SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE ITEMS - CR 154											
	110	400	403	432	450	462	466					
	7002	7010	7001	7041	7008	7024	7178					
LOCATION	EXCAV (CHANNEL)	CEM STABIL BKFL	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(12 IN)	RAIL (TY T223)	CONC BOX CULV (8 FT X 7 FT)	WINGWALL (PW - 1) (HW=8 FT)					
	СҮ	CY	SF	СҮ	LF	LF	EA					
CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CREEK	220	128	280	54	146	130	2					
PROJECT TOTAL	220	128	280	54	146	130	2					

	SUMMARY OF SW3P ITEMS - CR 154										
	164	164	164	168	169	506	506	506	506		
	7001	7005	7006	7001	7022	7002	7011	7039	7041		
LOCATION	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL_SAND)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_COOL)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOILRET BLKT (SL_STEEP_CLAY_LONG_SP RY)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)		
	SY	SY	SY	TGL	SY	LF	LF	LF	LF		
CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CREEK	1,988	994	994	42	1,988	40	40	944	944		
PROJECT TOTAL	1,988	994	994	42	1,988	40	40	944	944		



# QUANTITY SUMMARY CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 1 OF 1										
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER							
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CR 154							
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY								
TEXAS	BWD		COLEMAN							
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	ЭВ	SHEET NO.						
0923	08	03	6							

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

														CR	ASH CUSHI	ON			
	700	PLAN SHEET			TEGT	DIRECTION OF	FOUNDAT	TION PAD	BACKUP SUPPORT	Г		AVAILABLE SITE			MOVE /	RESET	L L R	R	s s
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	NUMBER	LOCATION	STA	TEST LEVEL	TRAFFIC (UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS	DESCRIPTION	WIDTH	HEIGHT	LENGTH	INSTALL	REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N W N	w	N W
1	1	25	NB CR 154	15+57.83	TL-2	UNI	N/A	6"				17′	1						
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												TOTALS	1						
LECEN																			

LEGEND: L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W=WIDE

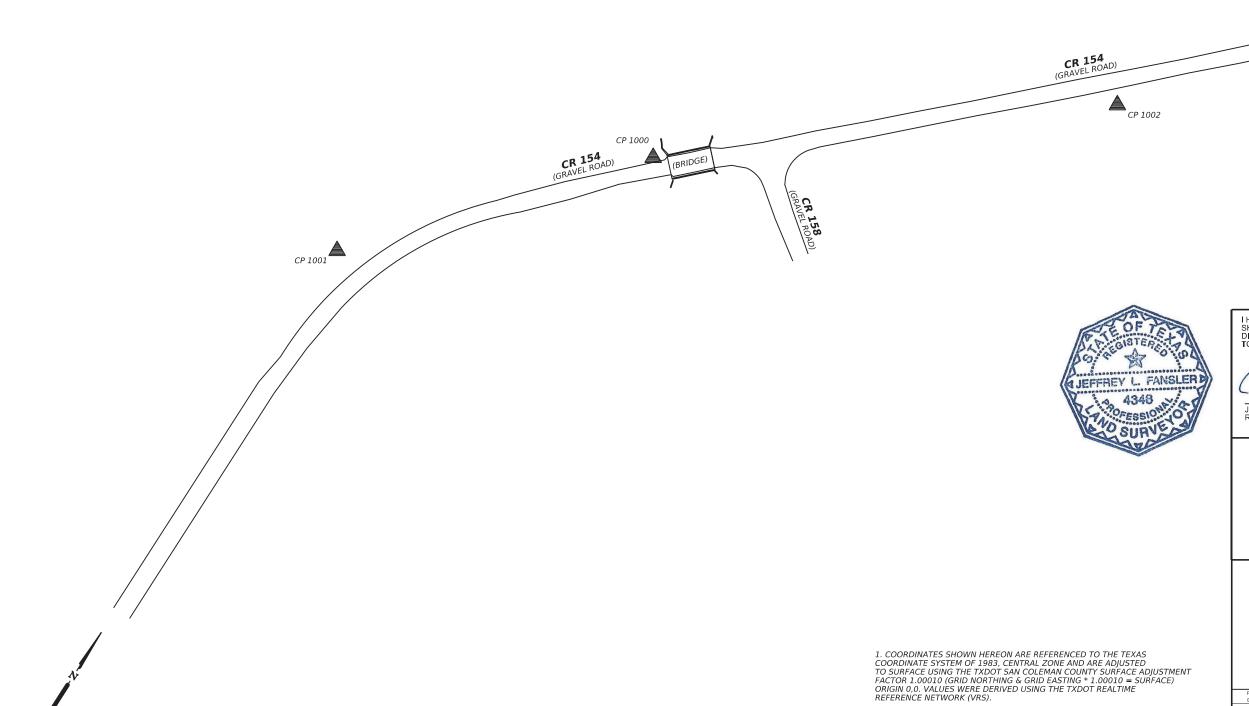
FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE. USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION.

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm

# CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET

DN: T×DOT		CK:		CK:		
CONT	SE	СТ	JOB	HIGHWAY		
10NS 0923 08 DIST		8	035	CR	154	
		COUNTY				
BWD	CC		DLEMAN			
FEDERAL AID PROJECT					T NO.	
SEE T	SEE TITLE SHEET				7	
	CONT 0923 DIST BWD FEDERA	CONT SE 0923 0 DIST BWD FEDERAL A	CONT SECT 0923 08 DIST C BWD CC FEDERAL AID	CONT SECT JOB 0923 08 035 DIST COUNTY BWD COLEMAN FEDERAL AID PROJECT	CONT SECT JOB HIG 0923 08 035 CR DIST COUNTY BWD COLEMAN FEDERAL AID PROJECT SHEE	

CONTROL POINT	SURFACE COORDINATES		GRID COORDINATES		LATITUDE (N)	LONGITUDE (W)	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION	
NUMBER	NORTHING	EASTING	NORTHING	EASTING	LATITODE (N)	LONGITODE (W)	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION	
1000	10,672,606.88 2,611,992.86 10,671,539.73 2,611,731.69		2,611,731.69	31°56'31.44559 <b>"</b>	99°19'02.71096"	1586.92	3-1/4" TxDOT ALUMINUM DISK SET		
1001	10,672,347.25	2,611,768.06	10,671,280.13	2,611,506.91	31°56'28.89714 <b>"</b>	99°19'05.34691"	1591.72	3-1/4" TxDOT ALUMINUM DISK SET	
1002	10,672,914.44	2,612,370.36	10,671,847.25	2,612,109.15	31°56'34.45447 <b>"</b>	99°18'58.29813"	1586.60	3-1/4" TxDOT ALUMINUM DISK SET	



HORIZONTAL SCALE IN FEET

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE CONTROL INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON WAS ESTABLISHED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISIONAND IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

2024-05-22

**#**CobbFendley

2801 Network Boulevard, Suite 800 Frisco, Texas 75034 972.335.3214 | Fax 972.335.3202 www.cobbfendley.com TBPELS Land Surveying Firm No. 10046700



Brownwood District

CR 154 **CONTROL INDEX** SHEET

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6			154					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY						
TEXAS	BWD	COLEMAN						
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO						
0923	08	035 8						

2. VERTICAL IS BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88) GEOID 12B. VALUES WERE DERIVED FROM UTILIZING THE TXDOT REALTIME REFERENCE NETWORK (VRS).

3. FIELD SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED IN AUGUST OF 2023.

COORDINATE ZONE: GRID COORDINATES TEXAS CENTRAL NAD83/2011 ADJUSTMENT N: 10,671,539.73 E: 2,611,731.69 ELEV.: 1586.92' LAT.: 31°56'31.44559" LONG.: -99°19'02.71096"

COORDINATE ZONE:

NAD83/2011 ADJUSTMENT

LAT.: 31°56'34.45447" LONG.: -99°18'58.29813"

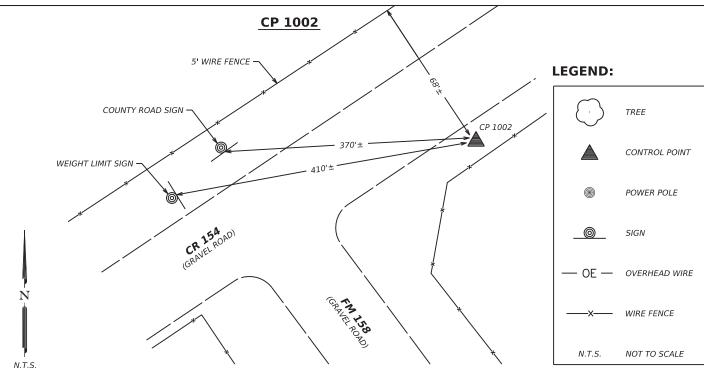
TEXAS CENTRAL

3-1/4" ALUMINUM DISK W/ REBAR SET FLUSH WITH NATURAL GROUND ON THE NORTH SIDE OF CR 154 AND  $\pm 0.02$  MILES SOUTHWEST OF INTERSECTION OF CR 154 & FM 158.  $\pm 79.0^{\circ}$  WEST OF A WEIGHT LIMIT SIGN.  $\pm 15.0^{\circ}$  NORTHWEST OF THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF A BRIDGE HEADWALL.  $\pm 27.0^{\circ}$  NORTHWEST OF A WEIGHT LIMIT SIGN. ± 10.14 MILES NORTHEAST OF COLEMAN

3-1/4" ALUMINUM DISK W/ REBAR SET FLUSH WITH NATURAL GROUND

NORTHEAST OF COLEMAN.

ON THE NORTH SIDE OF CR 154 AND  $\pm 0.07$  MILES SOUTHWEST OF INTERSECTION OF CR 154 & FM 158.  $\pm 68.0^{\circ}$  SOUTHEAST OF A WIRE FENCE.  $\pm 410.0^{\circ}$  NORTHEAST OF A WEIGHT LIMIT SIGN.  $\pm 370.0^{\circ}$  EAST OF A COUNTY ROAD SIGN.  $\pm 10.14$  MILES



**LEGEND:** FENCE CORNER -WEIGHT LIMIT SIGN -TREE CP 1001 CONTROL POINT POWER POLE SIGN **CR 154** PAVEL ROAD) OE — OVERHEAD WIRE —X—— WIRE FENCE NOT TO SCALE N.T.S. 3-1/4" ALUMINUM DISK W/ REBAR SET FLUSH WITH NATURAL GROUND ON THE NORTH SIDE OF CR 154 AND ±0.09 MILES SOUTHWEST OF INTERSECTION OF CR 154 & FM 158. ±25.0' SOUTHEAST OF A FENCE CORNER. ±339.0' WEST OF A WEIGHT LIMIT SIGN. ±82.0' NORTHWEST OF A 12" TREE. ± 10.14 MILES COORDINATE ZONE: GRID COORDINATES TEXAS CENTRAL NAD83/2011 ADJUSTMENT N: 10,671,280.13 E: 2,611,506.91 ELEV.: 1591.72'

**CP 1001** 



I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE CONTROL INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON WAS ESTABLISHED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISIONAND IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

**#** CobbFendley

2801 Network Boulevard, Suite 800 Frisco, Texas 75034 972.335.3214 | Fax 972.335.3202 www.cobbfendlev.com TBPELS Land Surveying Firm No. 10046700



Texas Department of Transportation ©\$YR\$ Brownwood District

CR 154 **HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL** 

PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER DIV. NO S.H. LOOP 12 6 STATE DISTRICT COLINTY **TEXAS** DAL DALLAS SHEET NO. 0581 02 \$J\$ 9

1. COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, CENTRAL ZONE AND ARE ADJUSTED TO SURFACE USING THE TXDOT SAN COLEMAN COUNTY SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR 1.00010 (GRID NORTHING & GRID EASTING \* 1.00010 = SURFACE) ORIGIN 0,0. VALUES WERE DERIVED USING THE TXDOT REALTIME REFERENCE NETWORK (VRS).

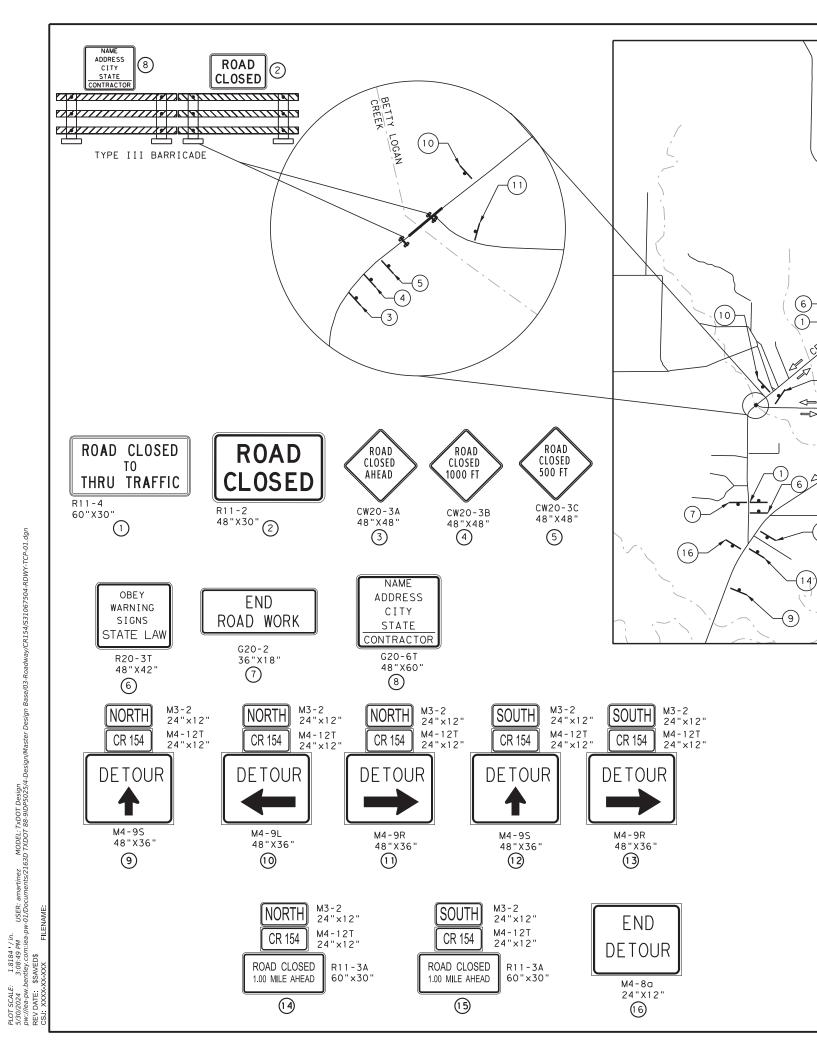
2. VERTICAL IS BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88) GEOID 12B. VALUES WERE DERIVED FROM UTILIZING THE TXDOT REALTIME REFERENCE NETWORK (VRS)

3. FIELD SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED IN AUGUST OF 2023.

LAT.: 31°56'28.89714" LONG.: -99°19'05.34691"

GRID COORDINATES

N: 10,671,847.25 E: 2,612,109.15 ELEV.: 1586.60'



LEGEND

2806

TCP SIGN

TYPE III BARRICADE

TRAFFIC FLOW

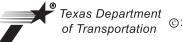
DETOUR LENGTH 1.6 MILES ADT: 36





DATE REVISION NO. HUITT~ZOLLARS, INC 5430 LBJ FREEWAY, HUITT

HZ ZOLLARS SUITE 1500,
DALLAS, TEXAS 75240-2601



## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 1 OF 2
FED. RD.
DIV. NO. PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER SEE TITLE SHEET CR 154 STATE DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS BWD**COLEMAN** 0923 08 035

GENERAL NOTES:

DETOUR

SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

CR 160

OTHER SIGNS AS DETAILED IN THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND IN THE TMUTCD MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER IN ORDER TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFE PASSAGE OF TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PROJECT. PAYMENT FOR ALL SUCH SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE CONSIDER SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING".

PROVIDE ACCESS TO AND FROM DRIVEWAYS AND ALL ADJACENT PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES.

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL SEQUENCE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK TO THE AREA ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION, WHICH GENERALLY CONFORMS TO THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE:

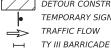
- 1. INSTALL PROJECT LIMIT SIGNING AND BARRICADES AND SW3P PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER WORK.
- 2. ALL ROAD CLOSURE SIGNING SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO ANY ACTIVITIES WHICH WILL PROHIBIT THROUGH TRAFFIC AND SHALL BE PLACED MORE THAN 24 HOURS PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITY.
- 3. COMPLETE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4. THE ROADWAY SHALL BE OPEN TO THROUGH TRAFFIC AS SOON AS DETERMINED PRACTICAL BY THE ENGINEER.

  5. COMPLETE ALL OTHER WORK AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.





#### LEGEND



DETOUR CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN TRAFFIC FLOW



REVISION

HUITT HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC.
5430 LBJ FREEMAY,
ZOLLARS DALLAS, TEMS 75240-2601
FIRM NO. F-761





# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 2 OF 2 PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER SEE TITLE SHEET CR 154 COUNTY **TEXAS** BWDCOLEMAN 11

GENERAL NOTES:

SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

OTHER SIGNS AS DETAILED IN THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND IN THE MUTCD MAY BE USED AS REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER IN ORDER TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFE PASSAGE OF TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PROJECT. PAYMENT FOR ALL SUCH SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."

PROVIDE ACCESS TO AND FROM DRIVEWAYS AND ALL ADJACENT PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES.

TRAFFIC CONTROL SEQUENCE:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK TO THE AREA ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION, WHICH GENERALLY CONFORMS TO THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE:

- INSTALL PROJECT LIMIT SIGNING AND BARRICADES AND SW3P PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER WORK.
- 2. INSTALL TCP DEVICES AND CLOSE THRU TRAFFIC, ALLOW TRAFFIC TO CR 158.
- COMPLETE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BRIDGE AND PORTIONS OF APPROACHES ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4. COMPLETE REMAINING PORTIONS OF APPROACHES ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- CONTRACTOR TO ALLOW AT LEAST 1-LANE OF TRAFFIC TO PASS CR 158 AT ALL TIMES WITH AID FROM FLAGGER.
- 6. AT END OF EACH WORK DAY, CONTRACTOR TO RETURN INTERSECTION TO 2-WAY TRAFFIC OPERATIONS.
- 7. REMOVE CLOSED TRAFFIC CONTROL AND SHIFT TRAFFIC TO FINAL CONFIGURATION AS SOON AS DETERMINED PRACTICAL BY THE ENGINEER.
- 8. COMPLETE ALL OTHER WORK AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

# 3:09:32 PM ,bentlev.com:iea-pw-01/Documents/2163D TXDOT 88-9IDP5025

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

		•				
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ск: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxD01</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxD01	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
-03 7-13	0923	08	035		С	R 154
-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-10 5-21	BWD	COLEMAN				12

ROAD

3:09:32 , hentley

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

devices

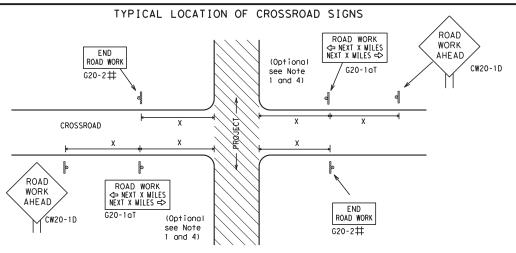
B

Barricade or

channelizing

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices



- $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE **X X** G20-9TP **X X** R20-5T FINES DOUBL XX R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES END \* \* G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => Limit WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* BEGIN WORK \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5TFINES DOUBLE XX R20-5aTP WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING  $^{\text{I,5,6}}$ 

#### SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

Posted Speed	Sign△ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 2
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>

SPACING

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS **X X** G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 PASS appropriate ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING \* \* G20-5 AHEAD NEXT X MILE DOUBL F SIGNS CW20-1D ROAD R20-5aTP MEN ARE PRESENT STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK CW20-1D R20-3T X X WORK G20-10T \* \* AHEAD lхх AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or MPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\langle \neg$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ $\leq$ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of — NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes | \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 \* \* NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

★ ★G20-9TP

¥ ¥R20-5T

 $\times$   $\times$  R20-5aTP

SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limit

R2-1

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

**X X** G20-5T

X XG20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

ROAD

WORK

¹/₂ MILE

CW20-1E

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END

WORK ZONE G20-26T \*

G20-10

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

R20-3

ZONE

TRAFFIC

FINES

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at  $\Diamond \Diamond$ the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
ш	Type 3 Barricade						
000	Channelizing Devices						
•	Sign						
Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division

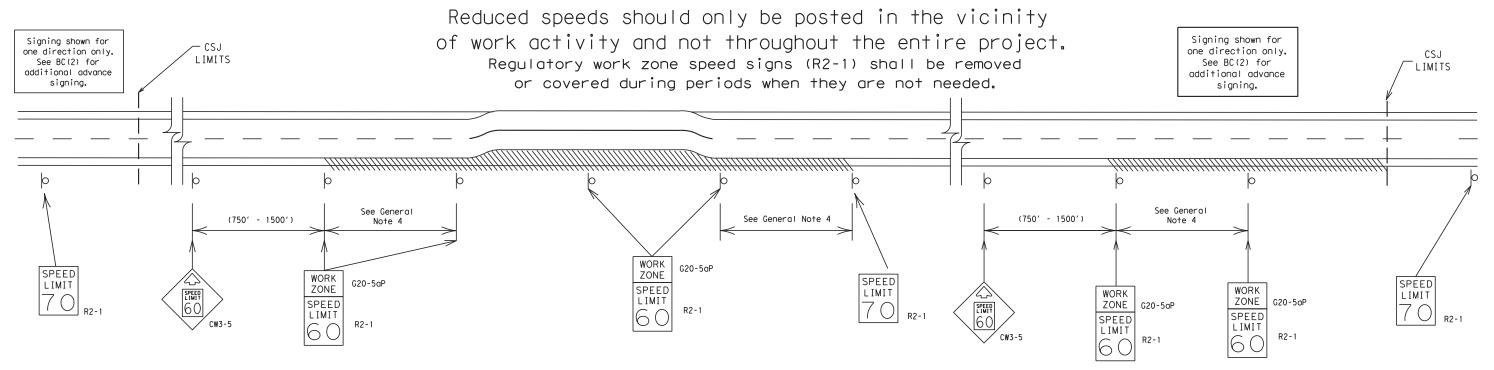
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

0.2 to 1 mile

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

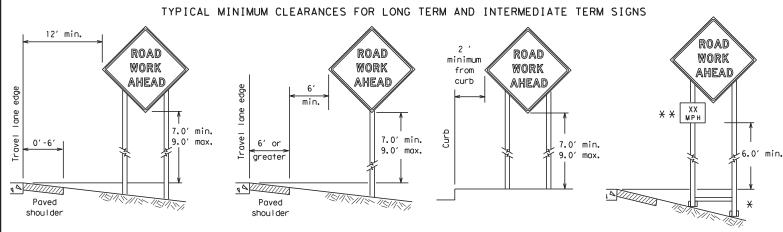


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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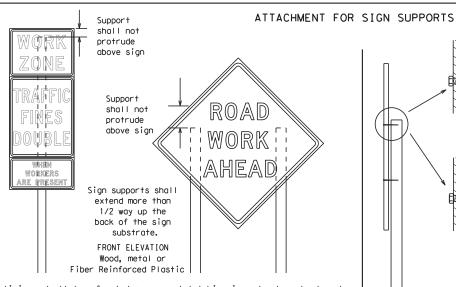


\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

OR

SIDE ELEVATION

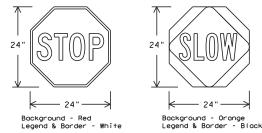
Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

## STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
   STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call
  attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations,
  show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points
  of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or
  cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same,
  if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without
  construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- 3. When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- . If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- 6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
  work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
  Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
  regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- the ground.
  3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
  appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
  the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
  intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
  5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.
  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
  Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
  Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
  7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



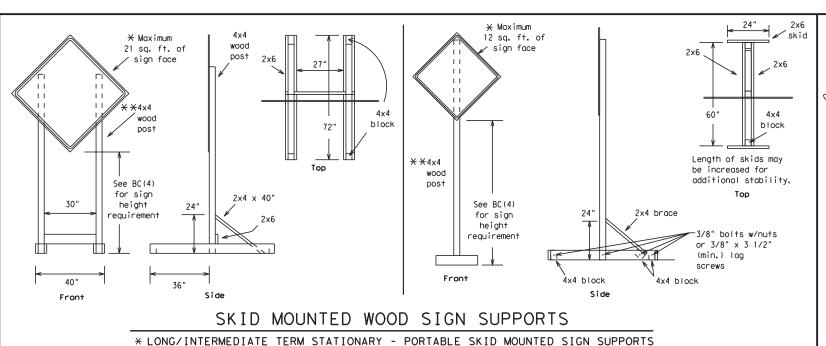
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

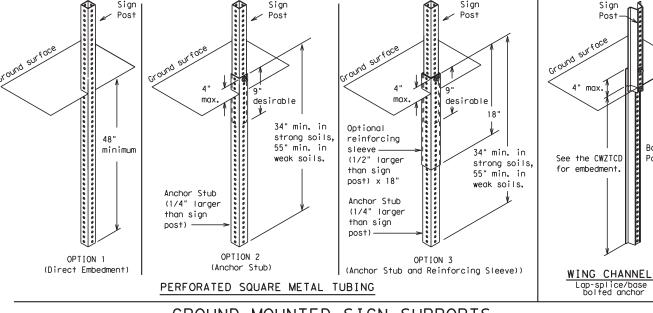
Traffic Safety Division

BC(4)-21

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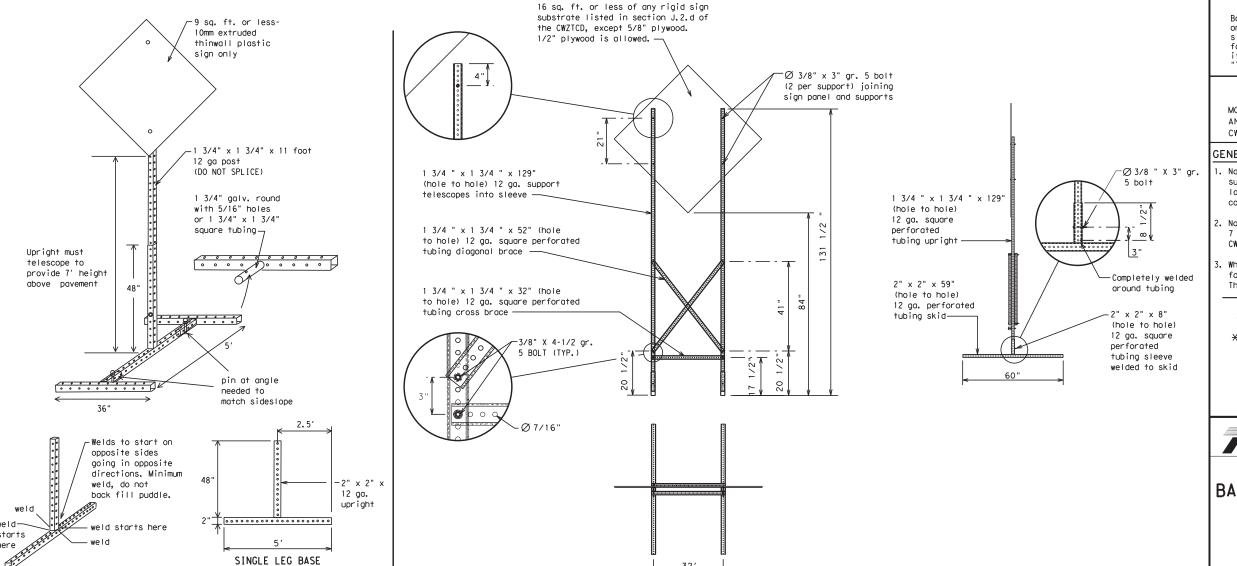






## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



## WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - \* See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- \* \* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC(5) - 21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO. "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE		SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E		SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD		TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

USE

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

IIS XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USF

US XXX N

WATCH

**TRUCKS** 

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USF

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

PREPARE

TO

STOP

END

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases.

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

# LANE

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

ΔΤ

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

IIS XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TO

XXXXXXX

US XXX

ΤO

FM XXXX

- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

\* \* Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

MAY XX

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

TO

XX PM

NEXT

TUE

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX PM-

XX AM

Warning

List

SPEED

LIMIT

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

ADVISORY

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

IANF

EXIT

USF

CAUTION

DRIVE

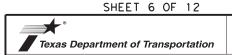
SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

\* X See Application Guidelines Note 6.



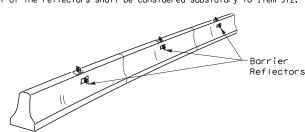
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6) - 21

.E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW:		TxDOT CK: TxDO				
)TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CR	154		
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	BWD	COLEMAN				17		

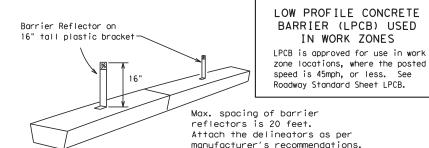
3:09:36 /.bentley

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

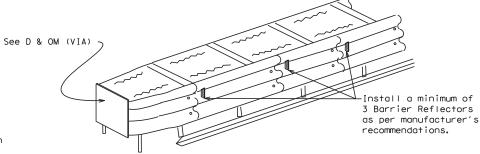


#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



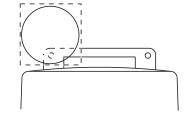
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

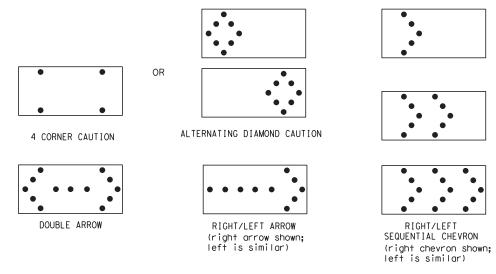
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

## WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
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		RWD	COLEMAN				1.8

101

#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWYTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

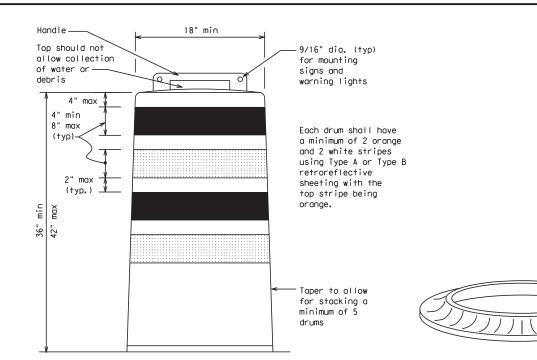
  8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

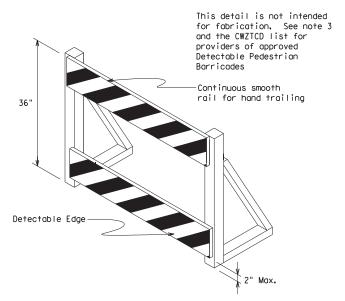
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  ${\sf B_{FL}}$  or Type  ${\sf C_{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

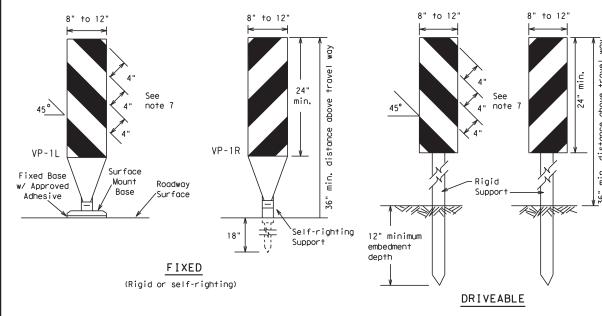


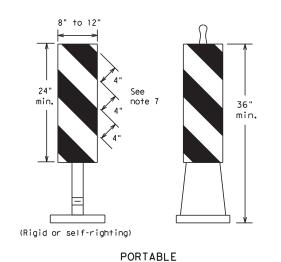
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

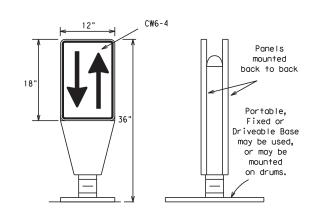
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-03 8-14	0923	08	035		CR	154
-03 8-14 -07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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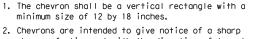
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
   See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

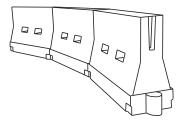


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>E</sub> or Type C<sub>E</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# CHEVRONS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- $\hbox{4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers. } \\$
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
  work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
  roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum   Spacing of   Channelizing   Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

\*\*X\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

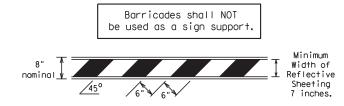
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

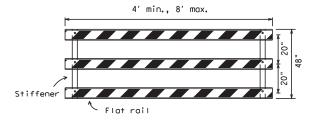
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

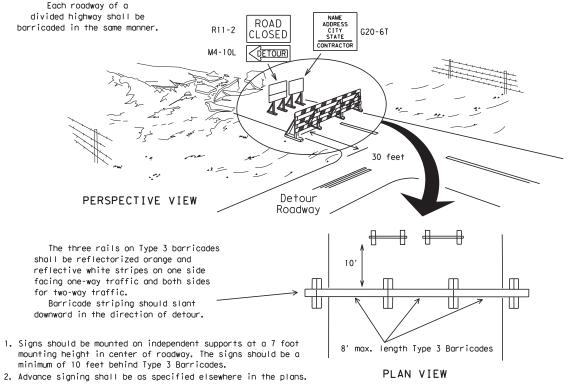


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

#### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light A minimum of two drums : be used across the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector  $\left( -\right)$ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

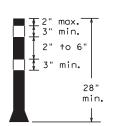
CONES \_ 4" min. orange =2" min.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}$  min. 4" min. orange \_2" min. 2" min. \\ 4" min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28' min.

Two-Piece cones

₹ 2" min. 4" min.

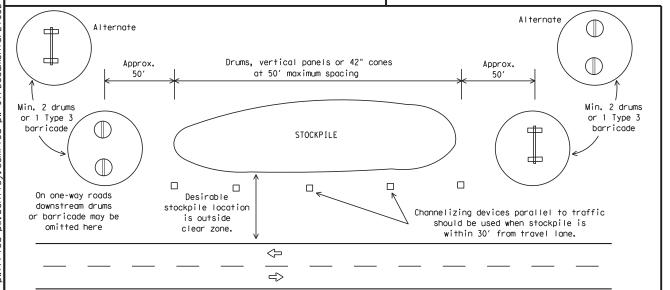
PLAN VIEW

One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0923	08	035		CR 154	
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	BWD	COLEMAN				21

#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

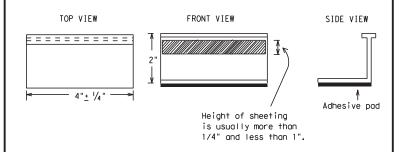
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as:
  YELLOW (two omber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
  WHITE (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

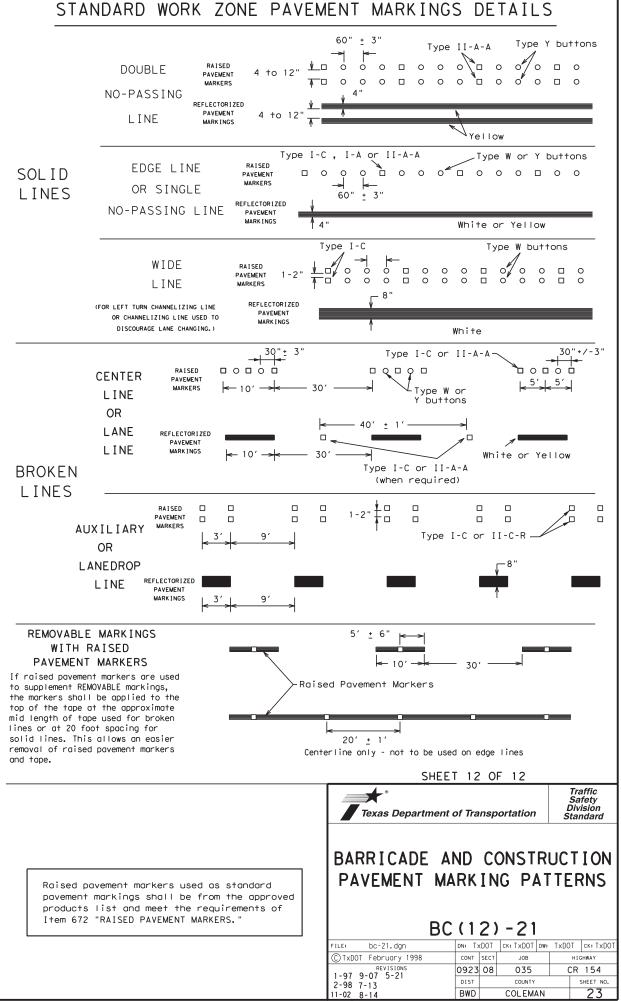
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(11)-21

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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© TxDOT February 1998	CONT SECT JOB		н	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 2-98 9-07 5-21	0923	08	035		CF	R 154
2-98 9-07 5-21 1-02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
11-02 8-14	BWD		COLEMA	١N		22

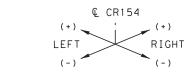
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# CR 154 - HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

\* Alignment name: CR154

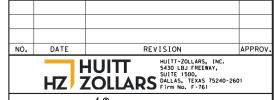
Element:	Linnar	STATION	NORTHING	EASTING
	POT( ) PC( ) ngential Direction: Tangential Length:	10+00.00 R1 10+59.32 R1 N04°16′48.14″E 59.32	10672187.35 10672246.50	2611782.97 2611787.40
	Circular  PC( ) PI( ) PI( ) CC( ) PT( Radius: Delta: Of Curvature(Arc): Length: Tangent: Chord: Middle Ordinate: External: Tangent Direction: Radial Direction:	10+59.32 R1 12+18.09 R1 13+62.47 R1 413.00 42°03′19.75" Rigi 13°52′23.05" 303.14 158.77 296.39 27.50 29.47 NO4°16′48.14"E S85°43′11.86"E	10672246.50 10672404.82 10672215.68 10672514.44	2611787.40 2611799.25 2612199.25 2611914.10
	Chord Direction: Radial Direction: Tangent Direction:	N25° 18′28.01″E S43° 39′52.12″E N46° 20′07.88″E		
Element:	Linear PT( ) POT( ) ngential Direction: Tangential Length:	13+62.47 R1 21+02.01 R1 N46°20'07.88"E 739.55	10672514.44 10673025.05	2611914.10 2612449.08



## CROSS SLOPE SIGN CONVENTION

	CROSS SLOPE TABLE							
GT4T(0.1)	SLOF	PE (%)						
STATION	STATION LEFT R		DESCRIPTION					
12+66	+5.2	-5.2	MATCH EXISTING / FULL SUPER					
13+50	+5.2	-5.2	END SUPER / BEGIN TRANS					
14+79	-2.0	-2.0	END TRANS / BEGIN NORMAL CROWN					
16+99	-2.0	-2.0	NORMAL CROWN / MATCH EXISTING					

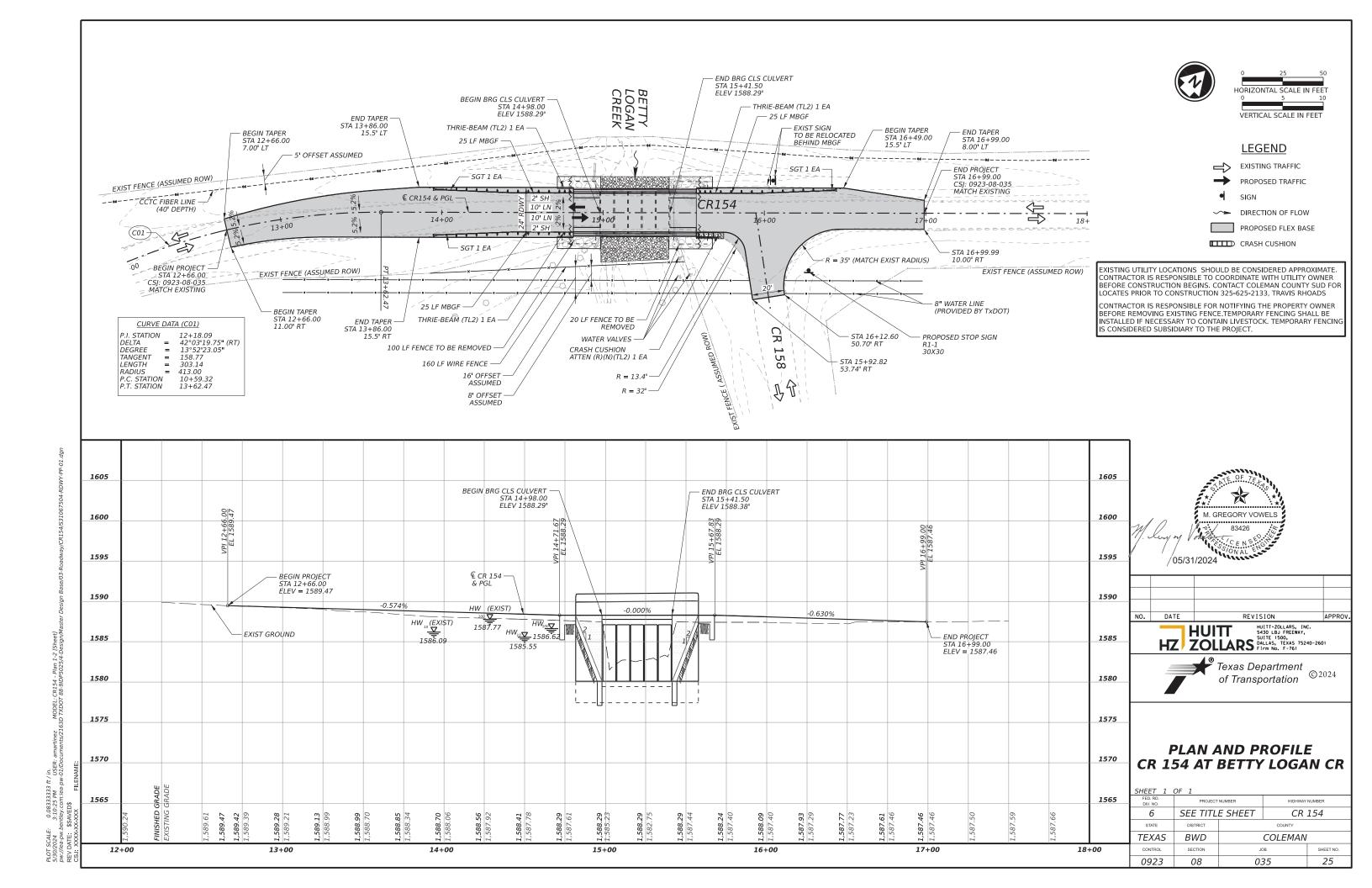






# HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

HEET 1	OF 1						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	154				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	BWD	COLEMAN					
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.			
0923	08	03	24				

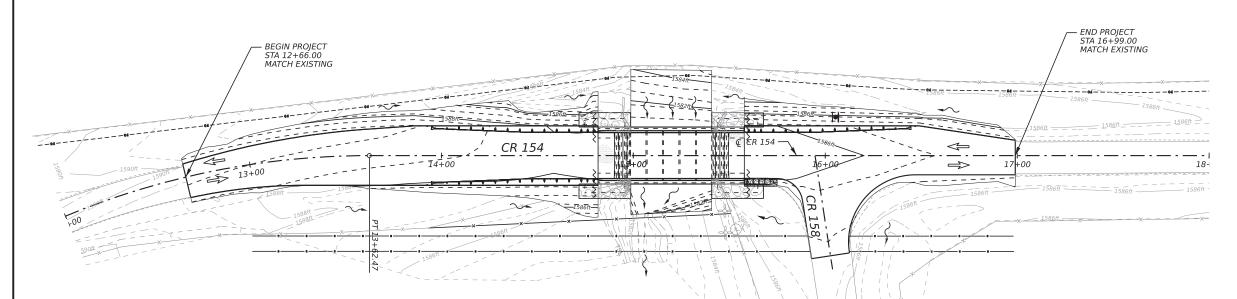






## <u>LEGEND</u>

EXISTING CONTOUR - MAJOR EXISTING CONTOUR - MINOR PROPOSED CONTOUR - MAJOR PROPOSED CONTOUR - MINOR DIRECTION OF FLOW





NO.	DATE	REV	ISION	APPROV.			
HUITT SAND LIBJ FREEMAY, SUCLARS, INC. SAND LIBJ FREEMAY, ZOLLARS DALLAS, FERNA 75240-2601 Firm No. F-761							

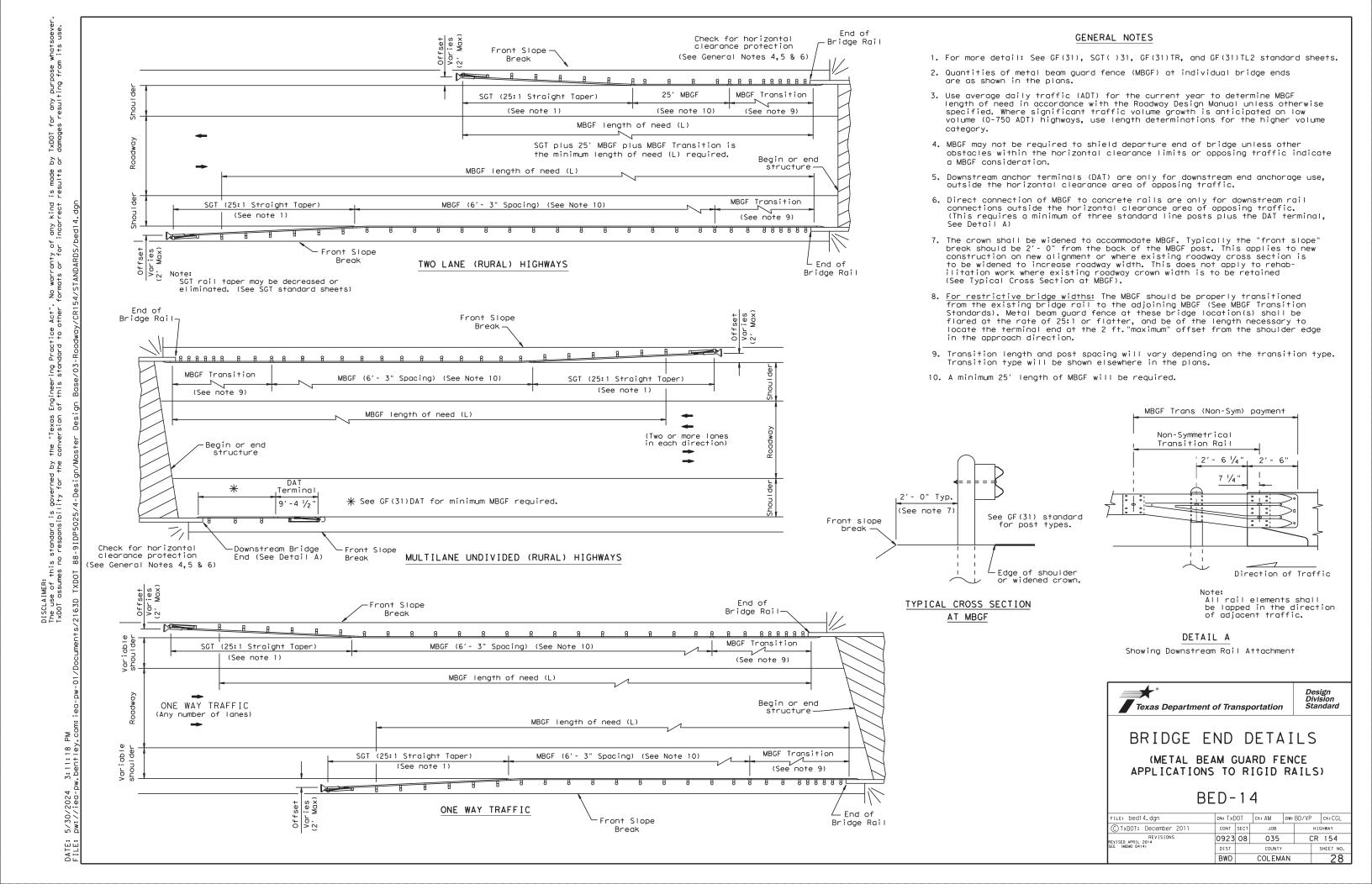


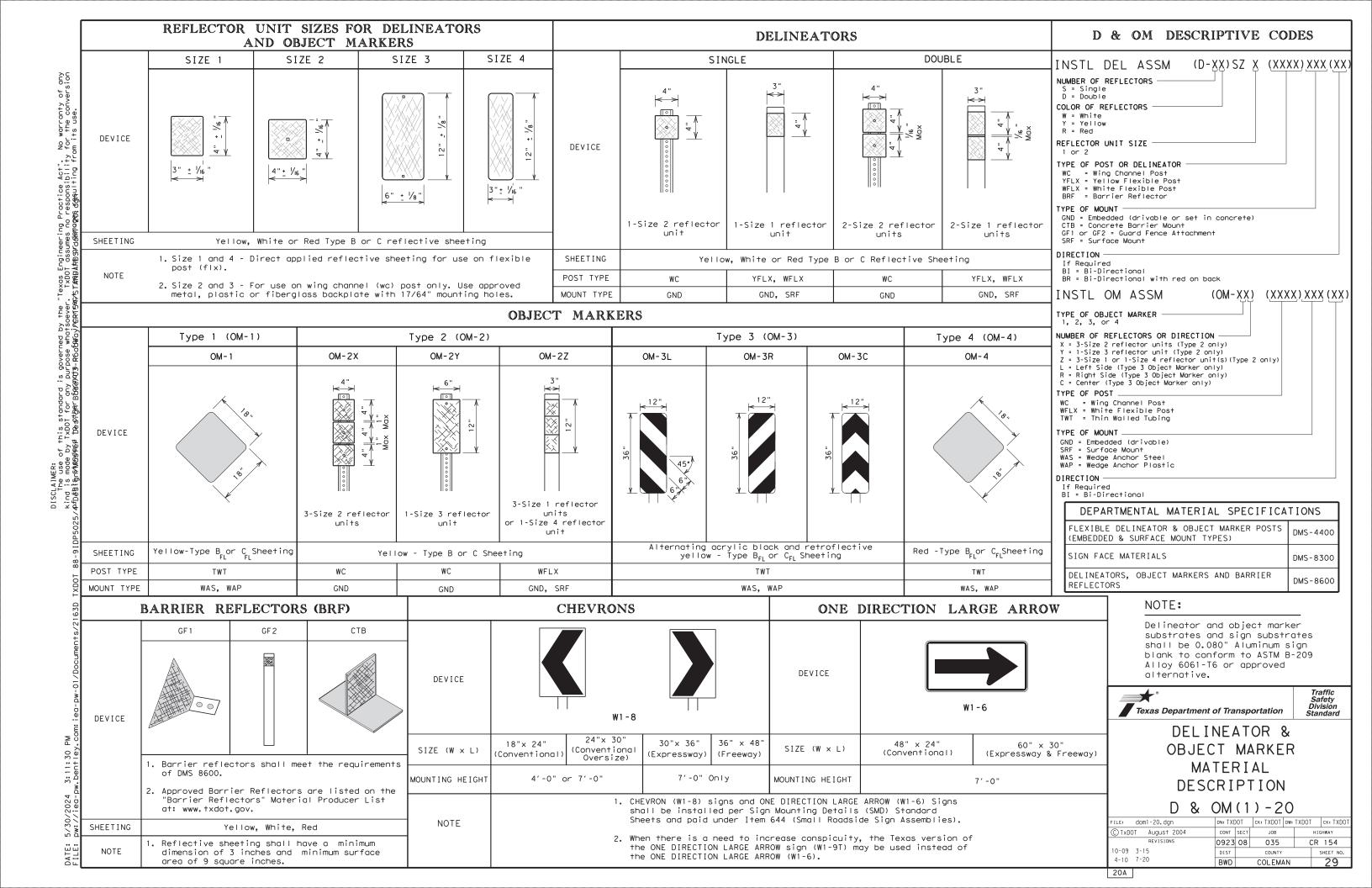
# **CONTOUR LAYOUT** CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

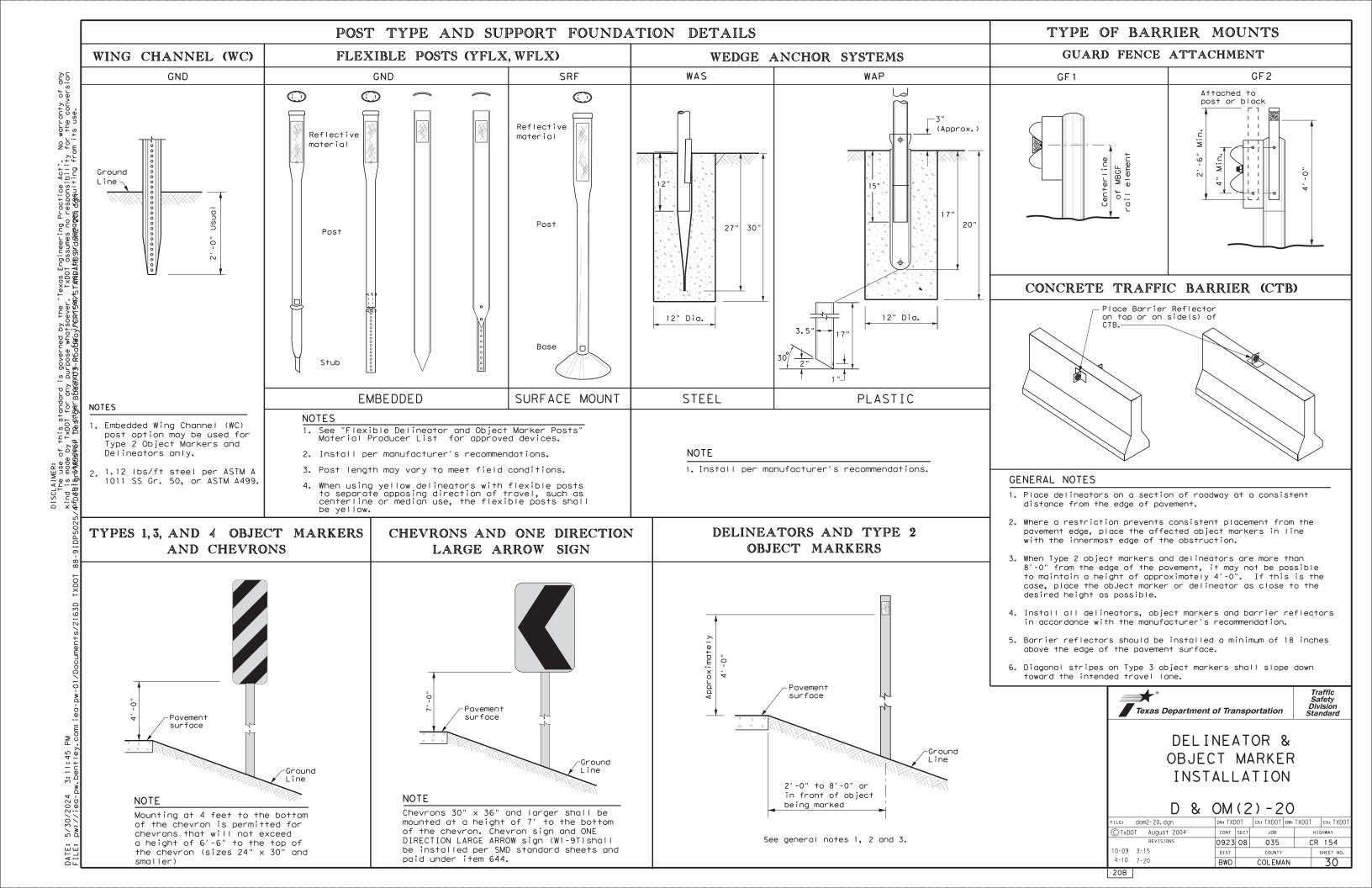
SHEET 1	OF 1					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CR 154			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TEXAS	BWD	COLEMAN				
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO				
0923	08	035 26				



SHEET 1	OF 1					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6	SEE TITLE SHEET CR 154					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TEXAS	TEXAS BWD COLEMAN					
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO.				
0923	08	035 27				







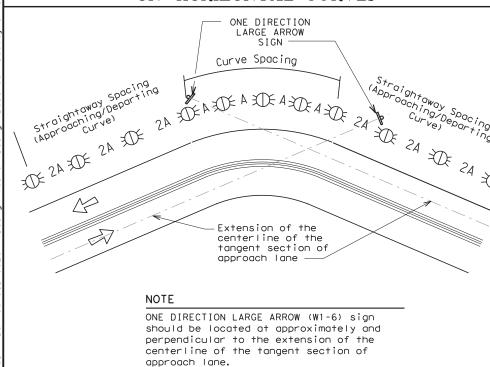
# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	<ul> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>				
25 MPH & more	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction         Large Arrow sign where             geometric conditions or             roadside obstacles prevent     </li> </ul>	• RPMs and Chevrons				

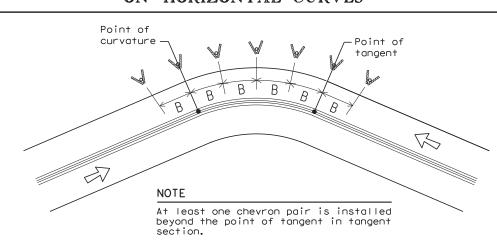
# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

the installation of

chevrons



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in
(IVII 117	Cui vc	311 419111444	Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end  See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

#### NOTES

Crossovers

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Double yellow delineators and RPMs

Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND						
∺	Bi-directional Delineator					
	Delineator					
•	Sign					



See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

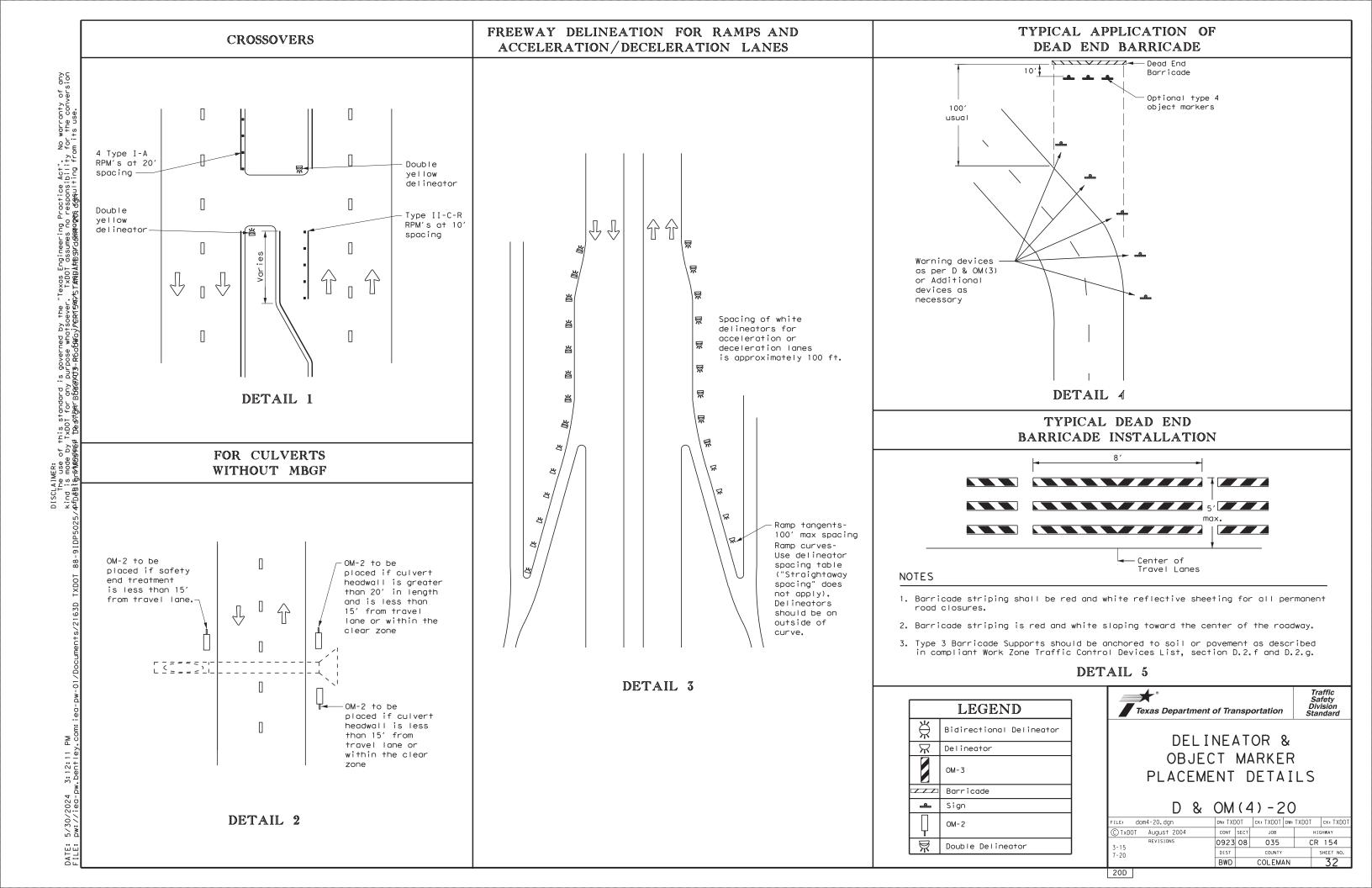
100 feet

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

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#### TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion A²D&Bi§n۶MAG94EG De૭t1gAr B&@AGJ®-Rod&Maj⊅@RT5AQYSTÆMBAR®9Yd&AFBGQ©§ d@AUIting from its use. See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW /<del>\</del> delineators spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW delineators bidirectional Type D-SW delineators bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall Steel or concrete-П be placed Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. The others $\stackrel{\ }{\bowtie}$ -Steel or concrete will have Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors or delineators reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but П 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ reflectors or delineators Equal spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not П but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ $\mathbf{x}$ 3 total. $\not \boxminus$ D-SW delineators MBGF П spaced 25' apart $\pi$ $\stackrel{\,\,\,}{\mathbb{R}}$ Type D-SW $\forall$ Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\Re$ MBGF X $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ LEGEND 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\ }{\bowtie}$ Bidirectional Delineato DELINEATOR & $\overline{\mathsf{x}}$ Delineator See Note See Note 1 OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer IIF: dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End C)TxDOT August 2015 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front the terminal end. of the terminal end. Traffic Flow 20E

出

出

出 3- Type D-SW

delineators

spaced 25'

apart

One barrier

be placed

each OM-3.

The others

will have

reflector shall

directly behind

equal spacing

bidirectional

white barrier

reflectors

3- Type

delineators

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

HIGHWAY

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spaced 25'

D-SW

apart

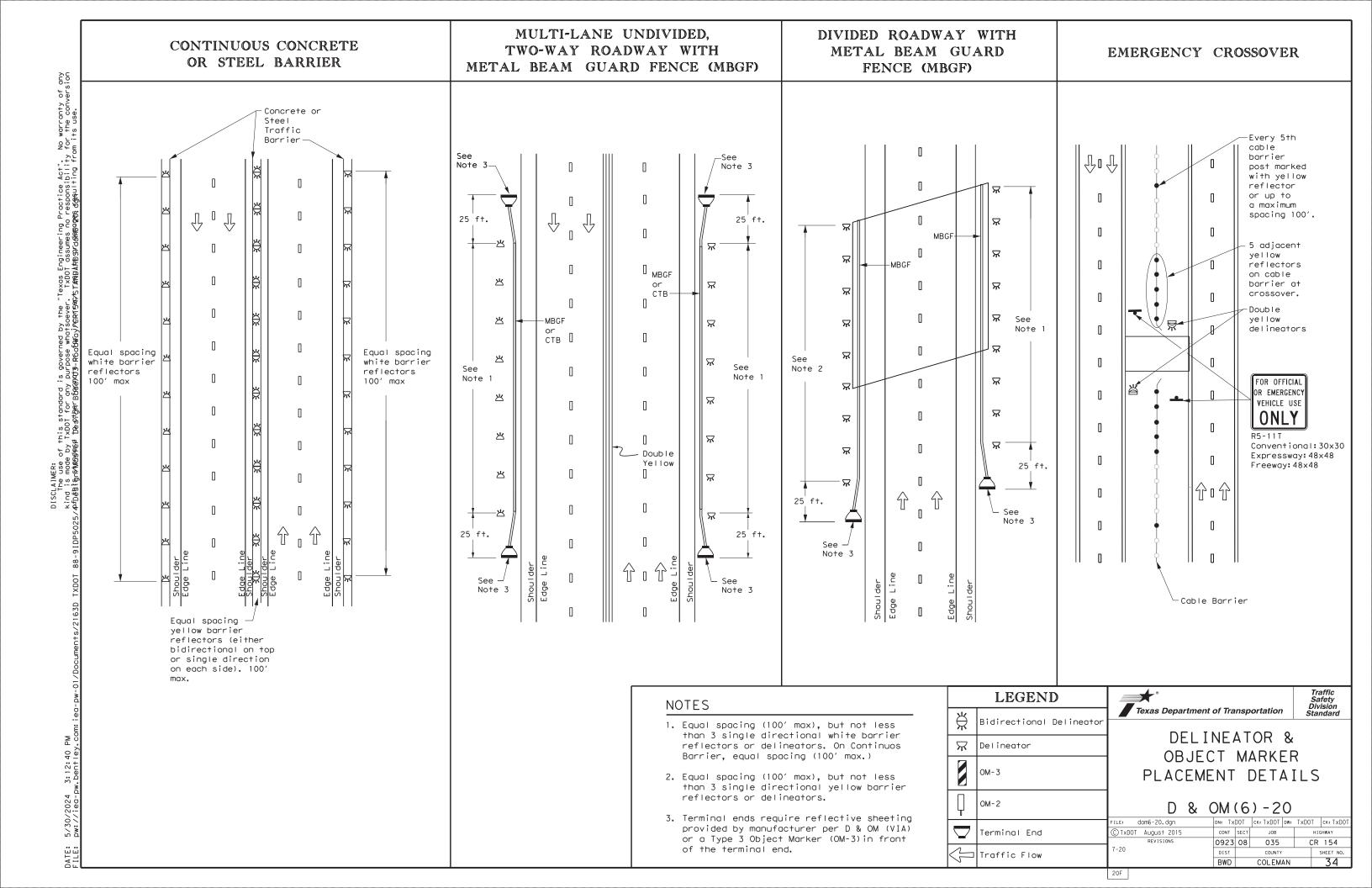
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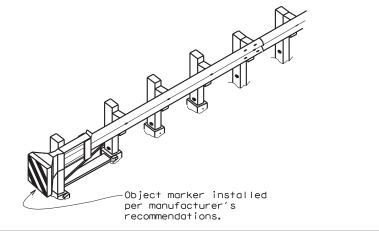
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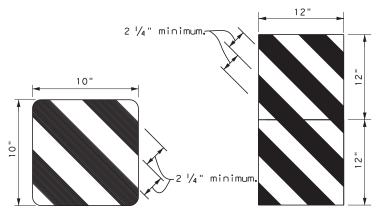
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(100' max), but

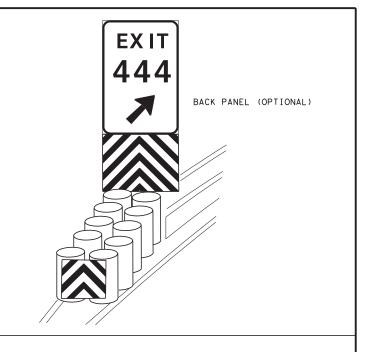
not less than 3

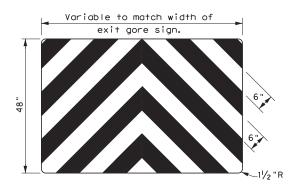






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2





#### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of  $2\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



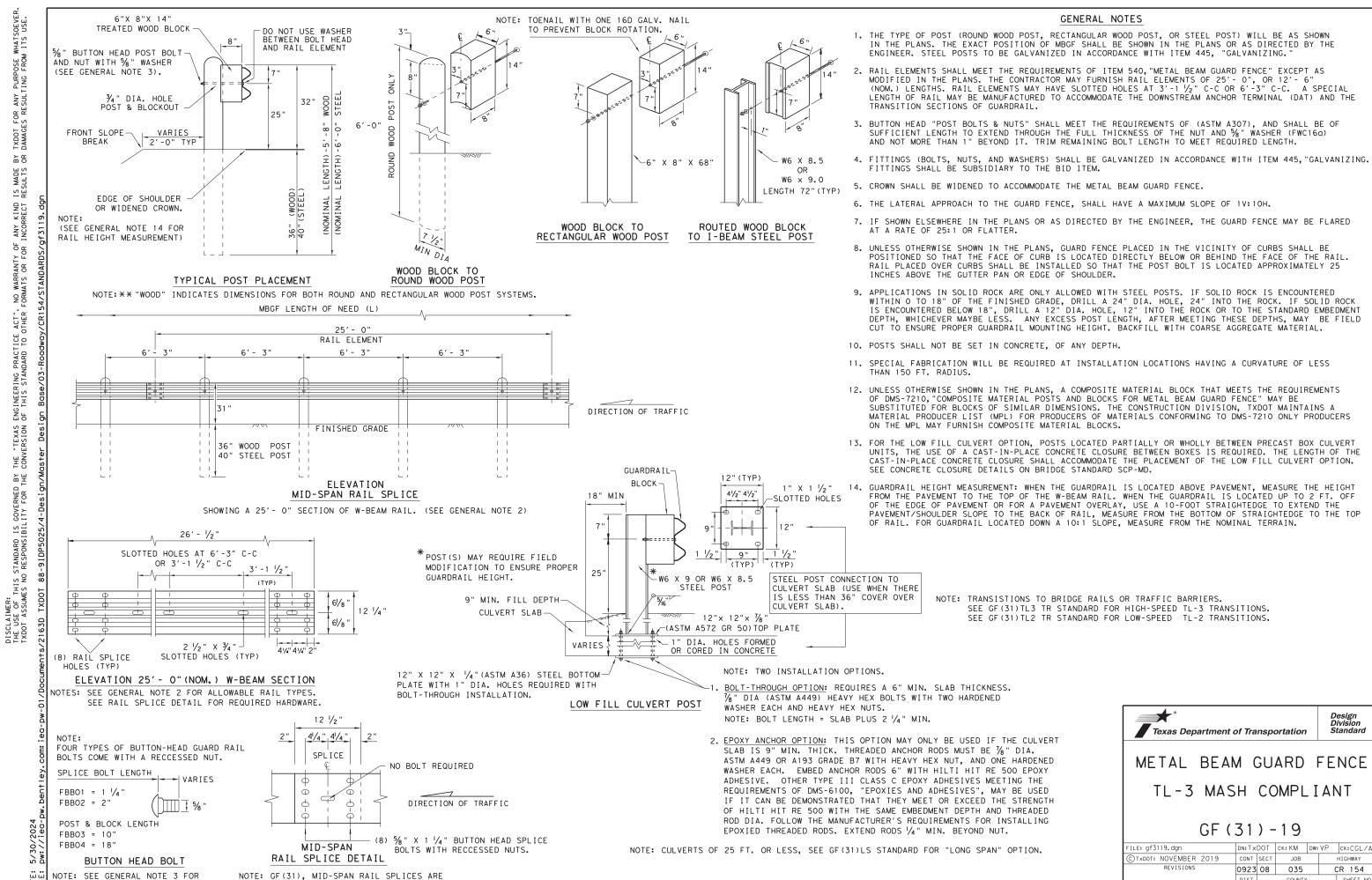
Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[	)OT	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT	
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SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF TRANSITIONS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET.
- 2. RAIL ELEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT
- 3. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING." FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION OF
- BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 3/4" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT, MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 9. REFER TO GF(31)STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 10. FOR ROUND WOOD POSTS SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM

LOW-SPEED TRANSITION



METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-2 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL2-19

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CGL/AC ILE: gf31trt1219,dgn TxDOT: NOVEMBER 2019 CONT SECT JOB 0923 08 035 CR 154 COLEMAN

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- 7. COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- 9. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	%" X 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	3/4" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	5/8" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2)MGAL	48
18	2001840	5/8" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	5/8" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR.2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	% " X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR.5)GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BWD		COLEMA	ΔN		38

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432)263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720

- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.

- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE

- A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

NUMBERS MS3000 W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga. SF1303 C 1 POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE) MTPHP1A MTPHP1B UHP2A POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9) HP2B E750 S760 F770 MS785 P621 CBSP-14 N 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2") G12025 2 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6") G1203A P675 Q 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0") G1209 B5160104A W0516 N0516 d | 25 | %" Dia. x 1 1/4" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2) B580122 B580904A W050 N050 B340854A  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia. x 8  $\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX BOLT (GRD A449) N030 N100 W100 m 8 1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER SB12A N012A 8 | 1 1/16 " O.D. × 1/16 " I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS | WO12A CT-100S1 B581002 E3151

Texas Department of Transportation

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

Design Division Standard

DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK: CL JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS 035 CR 154 0923 08 SHEET NO BWD COLEMAN 39

\* NOTE: GUARDRAIL PANELS 2 & 3 (ITEM C) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH ONE 25'-0" GUARDRAIL PANEL (ITEM D). NOTE: THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE GUARDRAIL PANELS FOR (MODIFIED PANEL 4) END OF LENGTH OF NEED PANEL 4 MODIFIED PANEL 1 TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM MODIFIED PANEL 2 PANEL 3 9'-4 1/2" 12'-6" (b, (2d), e, f) 12'-6" 12'-6" -3′ 1½ <del>" -| -</del> 3′ 1½ "-(a, d, f) -(H)STRUT FIELDSIDE FACE GR PANEL -(B2) GR PANEL ←C) GR PANEL POST 3 PLAN VIEW -(Q) BY OR LENGTH OF NEED COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS (ITEM F) MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH (ITEM G) WOOD BLOCKOUTS. BGR PANEL IS MADE RESULTS NOTE: CONFIRM ALL POST OFFSET'S AS SHOWN ON THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE. POST 2 POST END PAYMENT FOR SGT DO NOT BOLT MODIFIED (PANEL 4) TO WOOD POST TRAFFIC-SIDE VIEW OFFSET DISTANCE 3 TO POST 2 = 8 3 TO POST 1 = 6 BEGIN STANDARD 31 MBGF TRAFFIC FLOW GRABBER HARDWARE RAIL SPLICE HARDWARE LAP GUARDRAIL SPLICES IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW GRABBER TEETH LOCKED ONTO FRONT (h, (2i), e, f (8) \%" X 1 1/4" GR BOLTS SANTY OF OF THE MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL YIELDING POST HARDWARE WITH 5/8" GR HEX NUTS WOOD BREAKAWAY (1)  $\frac{5}{8}$ "× 10" GR BOLT NO BOLTS IN WITH %" GR HEX NUT REAR TWO HOLES -(c, f) (c, f) POST(J) IMPACT A HEAD NO WARR (b, f) (b, f) -(b, f) -(b**,** f) RF ID CHIP ITEM QTY ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER CĂBLE @-YIELDING E POST POST HE I GHT -(I,m)¾" X 3" GR5 LAG SCREWS FINISHED GRADE └(H)STRUT 1/2 " YIELDING (g, (2i), j, k BEARING ALTERNATIVE ITEMS POST PLATE HOLES AT 41' NOTE: | DEPTH | (TYP 8-2) b, (2d), e, f HARDWARE SEE PLAN VIEW THE "TEXAS E POST POST 8 POST 7 POST 6 POST 5 POST 4 POST 3 POST 2 STRUT POST ELEVATION VIEW ITEM (E) (YIELDING POST 8 THRU 2) ARE MODIFIED W6X8.5 STEEL POST WITH FOUR 1/2" YIELDING HOLES, TWO HOLES PER FLANGE. POST DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS COVERNED BY TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TRAFFIC SIDE VIEW 5 1/2" X 7 1/2" X 50" WOOD BREAKAWAY POST WOOD STRIKE BLOCK (K)-FIELD SIDE 6" X 8" X 14' W6X8.5 I-BEAM POST TRAFFIC WITH YEILDING HOLES COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT STRIKE PLATE (L) NO BOLTS IN SIDE 17" GUARDRAIL N-MODIFIED B-REINFORCEMENT REAR TWO HOLES RAIL 1 M PLATE I TEM (F) E I TEM S REFLECTIVE SHEETING PROVIDED BY COMPANY SGET (A)-√N GUARDRAII GRABBER IMPACT HEAD SEE (GENERAL NOTE 3) (h, (2i), J, K) (1) 5/8" X 10" GR BOL BEARING (O) -(Q)BCT CABLE (1) 5/8" GR NUT BEARING O HSTRUT PLATE PIPE SLEEVE (2) 1/2 (6h)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " X 1  $\frac{1}{4}$ " BOLTS STRUT (H)-MAXIMUM TUBE HEIGHT (b, (2d), e, f) YEILDING HOLE (12i)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " FLAT WASHER (6j)  $\frac{1}{2}$ " LOCK WASHER 3" X 3" X 80" 5/8" × 10" GR BOLT 5/8" FLAT WASHER POST LENGTH ABOVE GROUND 1/4" THICKNESS YEILDING -FINISHED 5/8" HEX NUT (1) %" LOCK WASHER (1) %" GR NUT (6k) POST GRADE E TUBE TUBE LENGTH NOTE: TWO FLAT WASHERS EMBED DEPTH PER BOLT, ONE EACH SIDE OF PANEL. POST 2 STRUT POST 6" X 8" X 72"
3/6" THICKNESS (I)-SIDE VIEW REINFORCEMENT PLATE SIDE VIEW POST 1 FIELD SIDE VIEW POST 1 POST 8 - POST 3 (TYP) FRONT END VIEW WITH GUARDRAIL GRABBER 50' APPROACH GRADING SPECIAL NOTE: APPROX 5'-10" SGET MAXIMUM (OFFSET), HORIZONTAL FLARE STANDARD OVER THE FIRST 50 FEET = 1 FOOT. EDGE OF PAVEMENT APPROACH GRADING -2'-0" MAX. (1V: 10H OR FLATTER) RAIL OFFSET NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN) THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SGET TERMINAL SYSTEM AND IS NOT INTENDED APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS TO REPLACE THE MANUFACTURER'S ASSEMBLY MANUAL

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.



Texas Department of Transportation

SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

	_	_	_	_	_	
LE: sgt153120, dgn	DN: T×	ОТ	CK: KM	DW:VP		CK: VP
TxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		F	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CR 154	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BWD		COLEMA	١N		40

16' - 6" ield weld joints Twisted stay -Twisted stay Gate opening -Conc.bases-aate Anchor plates-min area or end posts 24" All concrete 1'- 6" min x 15 sa.in. and weight brace blocks 3' - 0" deep not less than 0.67 Lb. 2'- 0" square x 1'- 6" deep SECTION GALVANIZED BARBED WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS Note: BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

16' - 6" 16' - 6" 16' - 6" ield weld joints No.10 ga. galv. top & bottom line wires Gate opening No.12 ½ ga. Conc.bases-aate galv. line wires # & vertical stays or end posts -All concrete 1'- 6" min x Anchor plates-min area brace blocks 3'- 0" deep 2'- 0" square 15 sq.in. and weight x 1'- 6" deep not less than 0.67 Lb.

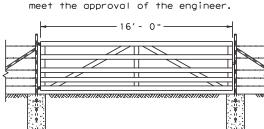
TYPE "C" FENCE (See General Note 8) For Steel pipe and T-Post requirements. (See General Notes 6 & 7)

#### SECTION GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH METAL POSTS

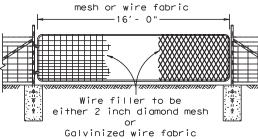
BRACING DETAIL USED AT ENDS AND GATES

TYPE "D" FENCE (See General Note 8)

Metal gate shall consist of 5 panels not less than 4'- 4" high and shall be aluminum or galvanized metal and of



## good quality. Gate and hardware shall

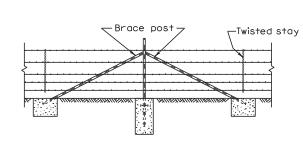


Min. no. 11 gauge

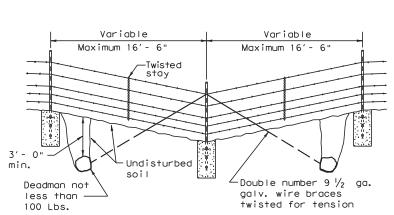
## No. $9 \frac{1}{2}$ ga.galv.wire Twisted Stays 42" long, equally spaced

DETAIL TYPE 3 GATE

#### DETAIL TYPE 1 GATE

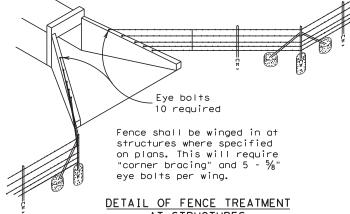


CORNER OR PULL POST ASSEMBLY

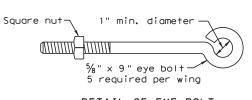


DETAIL OF FENCE SAG

with stays placed not more than 6 inches apart DETAIL TYPE 2 GATE







Twisted stay

DETAIL OF STAY (Barbed Wire Fence:

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Any high point which interferes with the placing of wire mesh shall be excavated to provide a 2 inch clearance.
- 2. Latches for Type 1 and Type 2 gates shall be good commercial quality and design latch of the spring. fork or chain type. All latches shall be suitable to the gate and shall be approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Hinges for Type 2 gates shall be a commercial design approved by the Engineer suitable for post and gate.
- 4. Concrete shall be of the design and consistency approved by the Engineer and shall contain not less than 4 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete footings are to be crowned at the top to shed water.
- 5. Steel anchor plates shall be of a design and thickness sufficient to prevent turning of the post in firm soil.
- 6. Steel pipe end posts, corner and pull posts shall be a minimum of 2" Std. pipe (2.375" 0.D., 0.154" wall thickness) with a  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " Std. pipe brace (1.660" 0.D., 0.140" wall thickness), with a 2"x2"x1/4" angle, or other as approved by the Engineer. Fasteners for securing barbed wire or woven wire fence to metal posts shall be a minimum of 11 gauge galvanized steel wire. Tubular posts shall be fitted with water malleable iron caps.
- 7. If Steel pipe is used for posts and braces, use standard pipe in accordance with ASTM A 53, Class B or A 501. For T-Posts use steel that meets ASTM A 702. Metal line posts shall be not less than 6'-6" in length and shall weigh not less than (1.33 lbs./lin.ft.). These Items shall be in accordance with Item 552, "Wire Fence.
- 8. Barbed Wire shall be in accordance with ASTM A 121, Class 1 Design designation 12-2-4-1 4R or 12-2-5-1 4R, or as approved by the Engineer.

Woven Wire Fence (Type D) shall be in accordance with ASTM A 116, Class 1 No. 12-1/2 Grade 60 (See Table 1 ASTM A 116) to the height and design shown on the plans, or as approved by the Engineer.

9. The location of gates and corner posts will be as indicated elsewhere in these plans.



Design Division Standard

BARBED WIRE AND WOVEN WIRE FENCE

(STEEL POSTS)

WF (2) -10

FILE: wf210.dgn	DN: Tx[	)OT	ск: АМ	DW:	۷P	С	K:
© TxDOT 1996	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CR 154		154
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO		EET NO.	
	BWD		COLEMA	١N			41

DETAIL OF EYE BOLT

For steel placement in concrete foundations.

(See manufacturer's product manual)

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For specific information regarding installation and technical guidance of the system, contact: Lindsay Transportation Solutions - Barrier Systems, Inc. at (707) 374-6800. 180 River Road, Rio Vista, CA 94571
- 2. For bi-directional traffic, appropriate transition panels will be required.
- 3. Additional details for the backup support option, transition options and foundation option will be shown on the manufacturer's shop drawings furnished to the Engineer.
- 4. Concrete shall be class "S" with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.
- 5. Maximum permissible cross-slope is 8%.
- 6. The installation area should be free from curbs, elevated objects, or depressions.
- 7. The TAU-II-R system should be approximately parallel with the barrier or center of merging barriers.
- 8. Refer to Universal TAU-II-R configuration chart for specific systems configuration number and location of each type of energy absorbing element.
- 9. 30-inch (30") model shown, also available in 36-inch (36") configuration.

E	BILL	OF MATERIAL			
PRODUCT CODE	QTY	DESCRIPTION			
B030704	1	Front Support			
B030703	TBD	Mid Support			
TBD	1	Backstop Assembly (See Table)			
TBD	1	Front Cable Anchor			
TBD	1	Nose Assembly			
B010202	TBD	Sliding Panel			
B010659	2	End Panel			
K001003	1	Slider Assembly Kit			
BSI-1202006-KT	TBD	TAU-II-R Slider Kit			
BSI-1107131-KT	TBD	TAU-II-R EAE Mounting Hw Kit			
BSI-1012069-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 1			
BSI-1012070-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 2			
BSI-1012071-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 3			
BSI-1110009-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 3N			
TBD	TBD	Cable Assembly			
K001004	TBD	Cable Guide Kit			
K001005	2	Front Support Leg Kit			
B010651	4	Pipe Panel Mount			
TBD	1	Anchoring Package			

(TBD) = To Be Determined, depending on Backup Type and System Length.

(See manufacturer's product manual for details)

LOW MAINTENANCE



LTS-BARRIER SYSTEMS CRASH CUSHION (R-NARROW)

TAU-II-R(N)-16

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP ILE: tauiirn16.dgn C)TxDOT: January 2013 CONT SECT HIGHWAY REVISIONS EVISED 06,2013 (VP) 0923 08 035 CR 154 EVISED 03,2016 (VP) BWD COLEMAN

TAU-II-R	TAU-II-R (NARROW) SYSTEM				
BACKSTOP	TL-2	TL-3	70 mph		
РСВ	13'-7"	27′-10"	30′-7"		
Flush Mount	14'-0"	28'-3"	31′-0"		
Compact	15'-3"	29′-6"	32′-3"		

Backup and Transition types are shown elsewhere on the plans, (i.e. Attenuator location details or in the general notes).

Element

Identifying Decal

Note: System lengths are ± 2"

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: WORK AREA PROTECTION, CORP. AT (800) 327-4417, OR (630) 377-9100.
- 2. FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC, APPROPRIATE TRANSITION PANELS WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 3. ADDITIONAL DETAILS FOR THE TRANSITION OPTION AND FOUNDATION OPTION WILL BE SHOWN ON THE MANUFACTURER'S SHOP DRAWINGS FURNISHED TO THE ENGINEER.
- 4. CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "S" WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 PSI.
- 5. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 6. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 7. THE SCI100GM & SCI70GM SYSTEMS SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER OR CENTERLINE OF MERGING BARRIERS.

FOR ATTACHMENT AND TRANSITIONS TO OTHER SHAPES, BARRIERS, RAILINGS AND BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOWS ARE AVAILABLE.

(SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL)

NOTE:

REAR

24 1/2"

MINIMUM CLEARANCE

FOR PANELS TO SLIDE

SIDE PANELS CAN TRAVEL 30" BEYOND THE LAST TERMINAL BRACE AT THE REAR OF THE CUSHION. ALL OBJECTS THAT MAY INTERFERE WITH THIS MOTION CAN AFFECT PERFORMANCE OF AND MAY CAUSE UNDUE DAMAGE TO THE CRASH CUSHION.

FOUNDATION OPTIONS						
6" REINFORCED CONCRETE (5 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)						
8" UNREINFORCED CONCRETE (5 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)						
3" MIN. ASPHALT OVER 3" MIN. CONCRETE (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBED.)						
6" ASPHALT OVER 6" COMPACT SUBBASE (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBED.)						
8" MINIMUM ASPHALT (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)						

FOR STEEL PLACEMENT IN CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS, SEE MANUFACTURER'S

TRANSITION OPTIONS
CONCRETE VERTICAL WALL
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIERS
GUARDRAIL (W-BEAM)
GUARDRAIL (THRIE-BEAM)

TRANSITION TYPES ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON THE PLANS (I.E. ATTENUATOR LOCATION DETAILS OR IN THE GENERAL NOTES).

FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSITION PANEL AND END SHOE DETAILS, SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL.



WORK AREA PROTECTION CORP (SMART-NARROW)

SMTC(N) - 16

FILE: smtcn16.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck: KM	DW: VP	ck:VP
©⊺xDOT: February 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS REVISED 06. 2013 (VP)	0923	08	035 CR		CR 154
REVISED 08, 2013 (VP)	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BWD		COLEMA	ΛN	43

LOW MAINTENANCE

Engineering Practice Act". of this standard to other "Texas F the conv this standard is governed by les no responsibility for the

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is made results

AREA = 2.086 SQ MI MEAN ANNUAL PRECIPITATION = 28 IN SLOPE = 0.006686 FT/FT OMEGA = 0.071 OMEGAEM REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS RETURN INTERVAL 2-YR 5-YR 10-YR 25-YR 50-YR 100-YR 200-YR 250-YR 500-YR 20% 10% 4% 2% 1% 0.50% PROBABILITY | P = 0.5 | P = 0.2 | P = 0.1 | P = 0.04 | P = 0.02 | P = 0.01 | P = 0.005 | P = 0.004 | P = 0.002 c = 1.398 | 1.308 | 1.203 | 1.140 | 1.105 | 1.071 | 1.034 | 1.021 | 0.988 d = 0.270 0.372 0.403 0.446 0.476 0.507 0.531 0.541 0.569 e = 0.776 0.885 0.918 0.945 0.961 0.969 0.975 0.977 0.976 a = 50.980 16.62 13.62 11.79 11.17 10.82 10.61 10.56 10.40 b = | -50.300 | -15.320 | -11.970 | -9.819 | -8.997 -8.448 -8.058 -7.943 -7.605 LAMBDA = | -0.0058 | -0.0215 | -0.0289 | -0.0374 | -0.0424 | -0.0467 | -0.0504 | -0.0516 | -0.0554 ESTIMATED PEAK DISCHARGE, CFS RETURN INTERVAL 2-YR 5-YR 10-YR 25-YR 50-YR 100-YR 200-YR 250-YR 500-YR Q, = 243 486 678 964 1206 1490 1803 DRAÍNAGE ÁREA 2.1 SQ. MI. FLOWS WERE COMPUTED USING OMEGA EM REGRESSION METHOD PER TXDOT HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL. 2. CONTOURS ARE SHOWN AT 1' INTERVALS AND WERE PREPARED USING TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEM (TNRIS) LIDAR DATA FROM 2018 (RESOLUTION 70cm) ZACHARY STEINKUHLER 05/31/2024 REVISION HUITT SA30 LBJ FREEWAY,

ZOLLARS OALLAS, IEXAS 75240-2601 Texas Department of Transportation DRAINAGE AREA MAP CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR -STRUCTURE LOCATION SHEET 1 OF 1
FED. RD.
DIV. NO. HIGHWAY NUMBER SEE TITLE SHEET CR 154 COUNTY TEXAS BWDCOLEMAN 0923 08 035 44

135.60 Culv Vel DS (ft/s)

1585.75 Culv Inv El Up (ft)

1585.43 Culv Inv El Dn (ft)

1585.69 Culv Frctn Ls (ft)

1585.18 Culv Exit Loss (ft)

0.25 Q Weir (cfs) 1583.28 Weir Sta Lft (ft)

1585.75 Weir Sta Rgt (ft)

Outlet Weir Submerg

1585.55 Weir Max Depth (ft)

1585.55 Weir Avg Depth (ft)

1.86 Weir Flow Area (sq ft)

2.07 Min El Weir Flow (ft)

0.06 Culv Entr Loss (ft)

Q Culv Group (cfs)

# Barrels

Q Barrel (cfs)

E.G. US. (ft)

W.S. US. (ft)

E.G. DS (ft)

W.S. DS (ft) Delta EG (ft)

Delta WS (ft)

Culvert Control

Culv WS Inlet (ft)

Culv WS Outlet (ft)

Culv Nml Depth (ft)

Culv Crt Depth (ft)

E.G. IC (ft) E.G. OC (ft)

F	RS: 1013	PL	AN: PR_CONDITIO
.00	Culv Full Len (ft)		
5	Culv Vel US (ft/s)		3.07

3.00

1580.02

1579.90

0.01

0.00

0.06

1587.33

	Culv Full Len (ft)	1490.00	Q Culv Group (cfs)
5.65	Culv Vel US (ft/s)	5	# Barrels
5.54	Culv Vel DS (ft/s)	298.00	Q Barrel (cfs)
1580.02	Culv Inv El Up (ft)	1587.31	E.G. US. (ft)
1579.90	Culv Inv El Dn (ft)	1587.02	W.S. US. (ft)
0.02	Culv Frctn Ls (ft)	1587.10	E.G. DS (ft)
0.00	Culv Exit Loss (ft)	1586.03	W.S. DS (ft)
0.20	Culv Entr Loss (ft)	0.22	Delta EG (ft)
	Q Weir (cfs)	0.99	Delta WS (ft)
	Weir Sta Lft (ft)	1585.63	E.G. IC (ft)
	Weir Sta Rgt (ft)	1587.31	E.G. OC (ft)
	Weir Submerg	Outlet	Culvert Control
	Weir Max Depth (ft)	1586.62	Culv WS Inlet (ft)
	Weir Avg Depth (ft)	1586.62	Culv WS Outlet (ft)
	Weir Flow Area (sq ft)	3.25	Culv Nml Depth (ft)
1587.33	Min El Weir Flow (ft)	3.51	Culv Crt Depth (ft)

PROFILE: 100 YR

RS: 1013

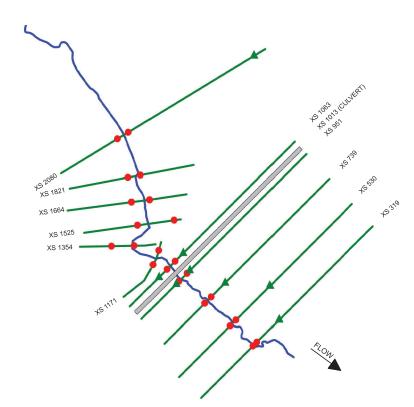
CULV GROUP: #1-5

PLAN: PR\_CONDITION

RIVER: BETTY LOGAN CREEK

REACH: BETTY LOGAN CREEK

Reach Reach 1	River Sta			Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
Reach 1		Profile	Plan	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	110000 // 011
	2080	10yr	Existing	678.00	1586.81	1591.47	(1-)	1591.47	0.000186	0.99	1271.28	1043.33	0.1
Reach 1	2080	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1586.81	1591.47		1591.47	0.000186	0.99	1271.28	1043.33	0.1
Reach 1	2080	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1586.81	1592.45		1592.46	0.000158	1.06	2370.38	1227.25	0.1
Reach 1	2080	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1586.81	1592.45		1592.46	0.000158	1.06	2370.38	1227.25	0.1
Reach 1	1821	10yr	Existing	678.00	1585.67	1591.44		1591.45	0.000054	0.71	1492.93	590.52	0.0
Reach 1	1821	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1585.67	1591.44		1591.45	0.000054	0.71	1492.93	590.52	0.0
Reach 1	1821	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1585.67	1592.42		1592.43	0.000100	1.06	2097.14	642.86	0.0
Reach 1	1821	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1585.67	1592.42		1592.43	0.000100	1.06	2097.14	642.86	0.0
D 1.1	1001	40		070.00	4505.04	4504.44		1501.11	0.000040	0.70	4740.75	500.00	
Reach 1	1664	10yr	Existing	678.00	1585.84	1591.44		1591.44	0.000013	0.76	1710.75	520.69	0.0
Reach 1	1664	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1585.84	1591.44		1591.44	0.000013	0.76	1710.75	520.69	0.0
Reach 1	1664	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1585.84	1592.40		1592.42	0.000032	1.34	2228.58	554.90	0.1
Reach 1	1664	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1585.84	1592.40		1592.42	0.000032	1.34	2228.58	554.90	0.1
Reach 1	1525	10yr	Existing	678.00	1585.03	1591.44		1591.44	0.000004	0.47	1749.56	407.29	0.0
Reach 1	1525	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1585.03	1591.44		1591.44	0.000004	0.47	1749.56	407.29	0.0
Reach 1	1525	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1585.03	1592.40		1592.41	0.000010	0.88	2163.02	453.93	0.0
Reach 1	1525	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1585.03	1592.40		1592.41	0.000010	0.88	2163.02	453.93	0.0
Reach 1	1345	10yr	Existing	678.00	1589.60	1591.03		1591.40	0.016389	4.89	138.75	133.09	0.0
Reach 1	1345	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1589.60	1591.03		1591.40	0.016389	4.89	138.75	133.09	0.8
Reach 1	1345	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1589.60	1591.67	1591.57	1592.34	0.016145	6.57	228.85	149.69	0.9
Reach 1	1345	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1589.60	1591.67	1591.57	1592.34	0.016145	6.57	228.85	149.69	0.9
Reach 1	1171	10yr	Existing	678.00	1585.66	1587.43	1587.43	1588.13	0.021401	6.70	101.25	73.76	1.0
Reach 1	1171	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1585.66	1587.43	1587.43	1588.13	0.021401	6.70	101.25	73.76	1.0
Reach 1	1171	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1585.66	1588.48	1588.48	1589.43	0.016995	7.89	196.51	113.18	0.9
Reach 1	1171	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1585.66	1588.48	1588.48	1589.43	0.016995	7.89	196.51	113.18	0.0
Danah 4	4000	40	Fuinting.	670.00	4500.04	4500 50	4504.00	4500.00	0.004052	0.74	202.00	440 44	
Reach 1 Reach 1	1063 1063	10yr	PROPOSED PROPOSED	678.00 678.00	1582.61 1582.61	1586.52 1585.43	1584.82 1584.82	1586.62 1585.75	0.001953 0.008629	2.71 4.78	283.08 151.21	446.11 181.53	0.0
Reach 1	1063	10yr 100yr	Existing	1490.00	1582.61	1585.43	1585.97	1585.75	0.008029	4.76	699.90	718.60	0.0
Reach 1	1063	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1582.61	1587.77	1585.97	1587.94	0.002368	4.06	361.56	530.01	0.5
Reach 1	1013			Culvert									
Reach 1	961	10yr	Existing	678.00	1581.24	1585.18	1584.72	1585.69	0.007616	5.72	118.53	68.73	0.
Reach 1	961	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1581.24	1585.18	1584.72	1585.69	0.007616	5.72	118.53	68.73	0.
Reach 1	961	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1581.24	1586.21	1586.21	1586.69	0.005662	6.21	364.30	410.60	0.
Reach 1	961	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1581.24	1586.03	1586.03	1587.10	0.011281	8.37	186.38	353.68	0.
Reach 1	739	10yr	Existing	678.00	1580.09	1583.63	1583.63	1583.92	0.007745	5.25	203.54	289.77	0.
Reach 1	739	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1580.09	1583.63	1583.63	1583.92	0.007745	5.25	203.54	289.77	0.
Reach 1	739	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1580.09	1584.21	1584.05	1584.52	0.007123	5.76	389.46	345.11	0.
Reach 1	739	100yr	PROPOSED	1490.00	1580.09	1584.21	1584.05	1584.52	0.007125	5.76	389.41	345.09	0.
Reach 1	530	10yr	Existing	678.00	1579.67	1582.65		1582.74	0.003272	2.96	289.60	336.14	0.
Reach 1	530	10yr	PROPOSED	678.00	1579.67	1582.65		1582.74	0.003272	2.96	289.60	336.14	0.
AGAGII I													
Reach 1	530	100yr	Existing	1490.00	1579.67	1583.26		1583.40	0.003809	4.09	529.65	444.00	0.





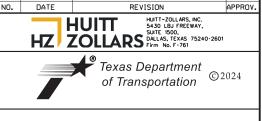




NO.

#### NOTES:

- 1. WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS COMPUTED USING HEC-RAS VERSION 6.4.1.
- 2. THE TAILWATER WAS DETERMINED USING NORMAL DEPTH COMPUTATION WITH A SLOPE OF 0.0027 FT/FT.
- 3. THIS CROSSING IS LOCATED IN AN UNMAPPED FEMA DESIGNATED ZONE.
- 4. FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR COORDINATION WAS MADE IN MAY 2024.
- 5. THE PROPOSED BRIDGE LENGTH IS 43.5-FT USING 5 8'  $\times$  7' BOX CULVERTS
- 6. PROPOSED BRIDGE 10 YEAR DISCHARGE: 678 CFS TOP OF CULVERT ELEVATION = 1587.02 FT FREEBOARD = 1.30 FT PERCENT OF FLOW OVERTOPPING ROAD = 0.0%
- 7. PROPOSED BRIDGE 100 YEAR DISCHARGE: 1490 CFS TOP OF CULVERT ELEVATION = 1587.02 FT FREEBOARD = 0.15 FT PERCENT OF FLOW OVERTOPPING ROAD = 0.0%



#### HYDRAULIC DATA CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 1 OF 2								
FED. RD. DIV. NO. PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER								
6 SEE TITLE SHEET CR 154								
STATE DISTRICT COUNTY								
TEXAS BWD COLEMAN								
CONTROL SECTION JOB SHEET NO.								
0923 08 035 45								

Reach 1 319

Reach 1 319

319

319

10vr

100yr

100yr

Reach 1

Reach 1

Existing

Existing

PROPOSED

PROPOSED

678.00

678.00

1490.00

1579.11

1579.11

1579.11

1579.11

1582.04

1582.04

1582.62

1582.62

1581.58

1581.57

1581.95

1581.95

1582.11

1582.11

1582.72

1582.72

0.002701

0.002700

0.002701

0.002701

2.99

2.99

3.68

361.86

361.78

640.03

640.11

596.16

595.28

770.88

770.26

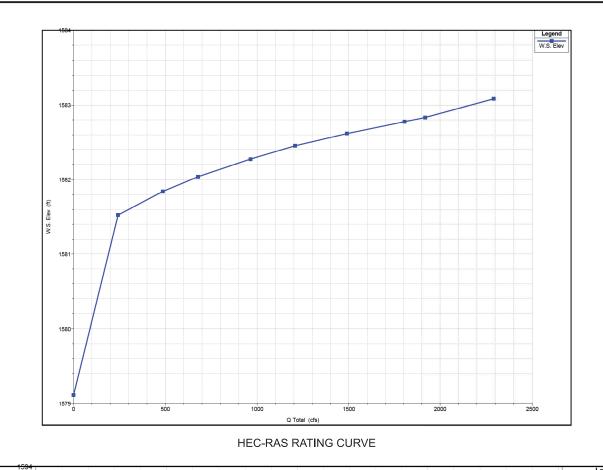
0.42

0.42

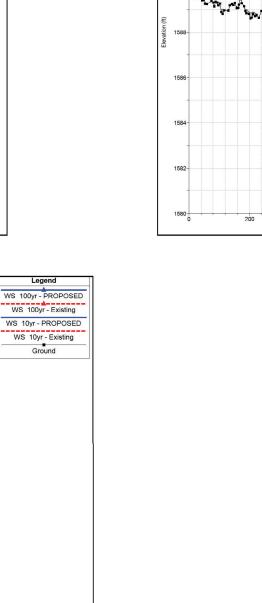
0.44

0.44





500



WS 100yr - Existing

WS 10yr - Existing Ground

1500

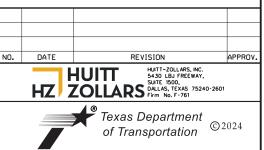
1000 Main Channel Distance (ft)

HEC-RAS PROFILE OUTPUT



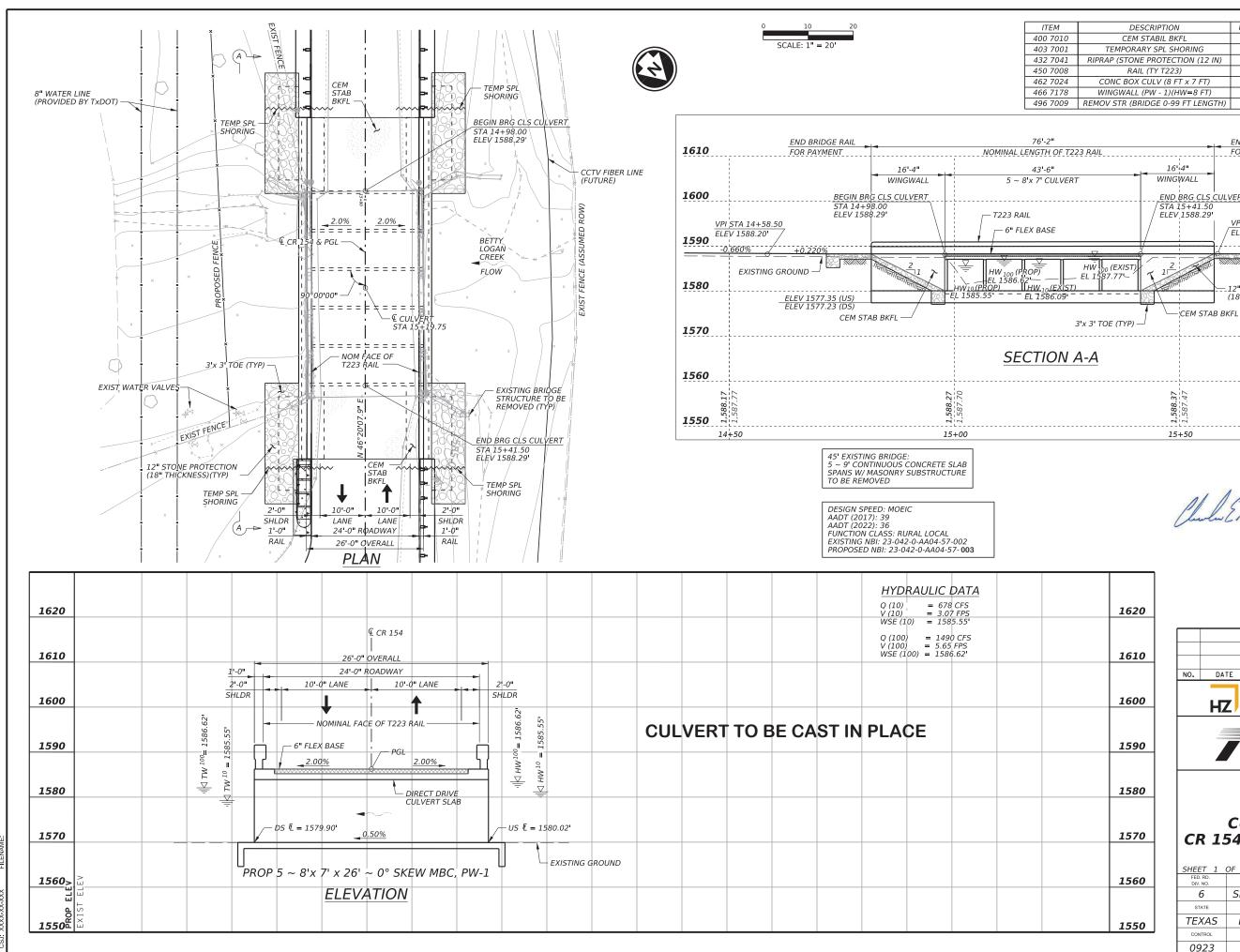
HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION OUTPUT





## HYDRAULIC DATA CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 2	OF 2				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CR 154		
STATE	DISTRICT				
TEXAS	BWD		COLEMAN		
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	)B	SHEET NO.	
0923	08	03	35	46	



CHARLES E. QUADE

QUANTITY

128

280

54

146

130

1610

1600

1580

1570

**1560** 

1550

\_\_\_€ CR 154 & PGL **1590** | -0.682%

UNIT

CY

SF

CY

1 F

EA

FOR PAYMENT

/ ELEV 1588.42'

12" STONE PROTECTION (18" THICKNESS)(TYP)

DATE REVISION NO. HUITT HUITT-ZOLLARS, INC.
5430 LBJ FREEMAY,
ZOLLARS DALLAS, TEMS 75240-2601
FIRM NO. F-761



Texas Department of Transportation

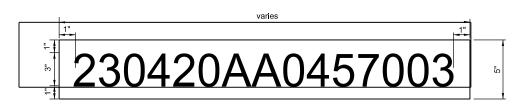
## **CULVERT LAYOUT** CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 1	OF 1			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY	NUMBER
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	CR	154
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	BWD		COLEMAN	
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	)B	SHEET NO.
0923	08	03	35	47

#### **KEYED NOTES**

(1)

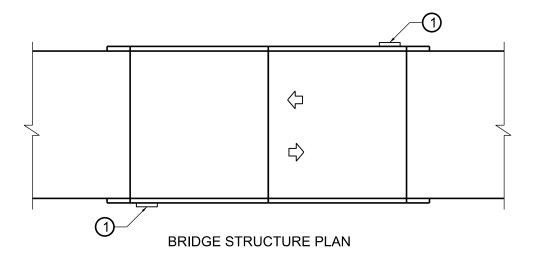
Proposed painted bridge identification number.

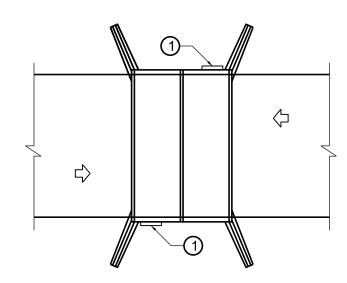


BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER DETAILS

## **GENERAL NOTES**

- Obtain approval of proposed materials and work methods before commencing work.
- Paints shall be waterproof, weather resistant, and quick drying when used on concrete without smearing, smudging or rippling.
- Metal stencil set shall have 3 in. interlocking characters, shall include numbers, letters and dashes, and shall have font as approved. C H Hanson stencil set model 10153 or equal.
- Painted bridge identification numbers shall have white background with black letters. Borders shall be 1 in. minimum. Mask to prevent overspray.
- 5. For bridge structures, apply painted bridge identification numbers on both sides of structure, except for parallel structures which are only separated by an expansion joint. Apply to each outside edge of concrete deck close to abutment on the upstream traffic side unless otherwise approved.
- For culvert structures, apply painted bridge identification numbers on both sides of structure. Apply to each headwall adjacent to wingwall on the upstream traffic side unless otherwise approved.
- The Engineer will provide guidance in cases where painted bridge identification numbers cannot be installed in standard locations.
- 3. Unless identified in the contract as bid items, painted bridge identification numbers will not be measured and paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract. Submit digital photographs of each new painted bridge identification number to the bridge inspection coordinator. Include the following information visible within the digital photographs: date, latitude, longitude, and direction.









CR 154 BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER



CONT	SECT	JOB		H1GHWAY
0923	08	035	C	R 154
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
23		COLEMAN		47A

										_						1			
Culvert Station and/or Creek Name followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both)	Description of Box Culvert No. Spans ~	Max Fill Height	Applicable Box Culvert Standard	Applicable Wingwall or End Treatment Standard	Skew Angle (0°,15°, 30° or	Side Slope or Channel Slope Ratio	T Culvert Top Slab Thickness	U Culvert Wall Thickness	C Estimated Curb Height	Hw 1 Height of Wingwall	Curb to End of Wingwall	B O set of End of Wingwall	Lw Length of Longest Wingwall	Ltw Culvert Toewall Length	Atw Anchor Toewall Length	Riprap Apron	Class 2 "C" Conc (Curb)	Class 3 "C" Conc (Wingwall)	Area
	Span X Height	(Ft)			45°)	(SL:1)	(In)	(In)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(CY)	(CY)	(CY)	(SF)
CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CREEK (BOTH)	5 ~ 8' x 7'	1'	MC-8-13	PW-1	0	2:1	8"	7"	0.75'	8.417'	N/A	N/A	16.833'	43.500'	N/A	0.0	2.4	42.0	566
																			$\vdash$
																			$\vdash$
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																		$\vdash$	$\vdash$
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Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

- Side slope at culvert for ared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
  Slope must be 3:1 or atter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

- A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- B=0 set of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- Lw = Length of longest wingwall.
- Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only)
Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.

Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

- (1) Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.
- 2 Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only. For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- (3) Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- 4) Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a different type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments to the dimensions and quantities shown.

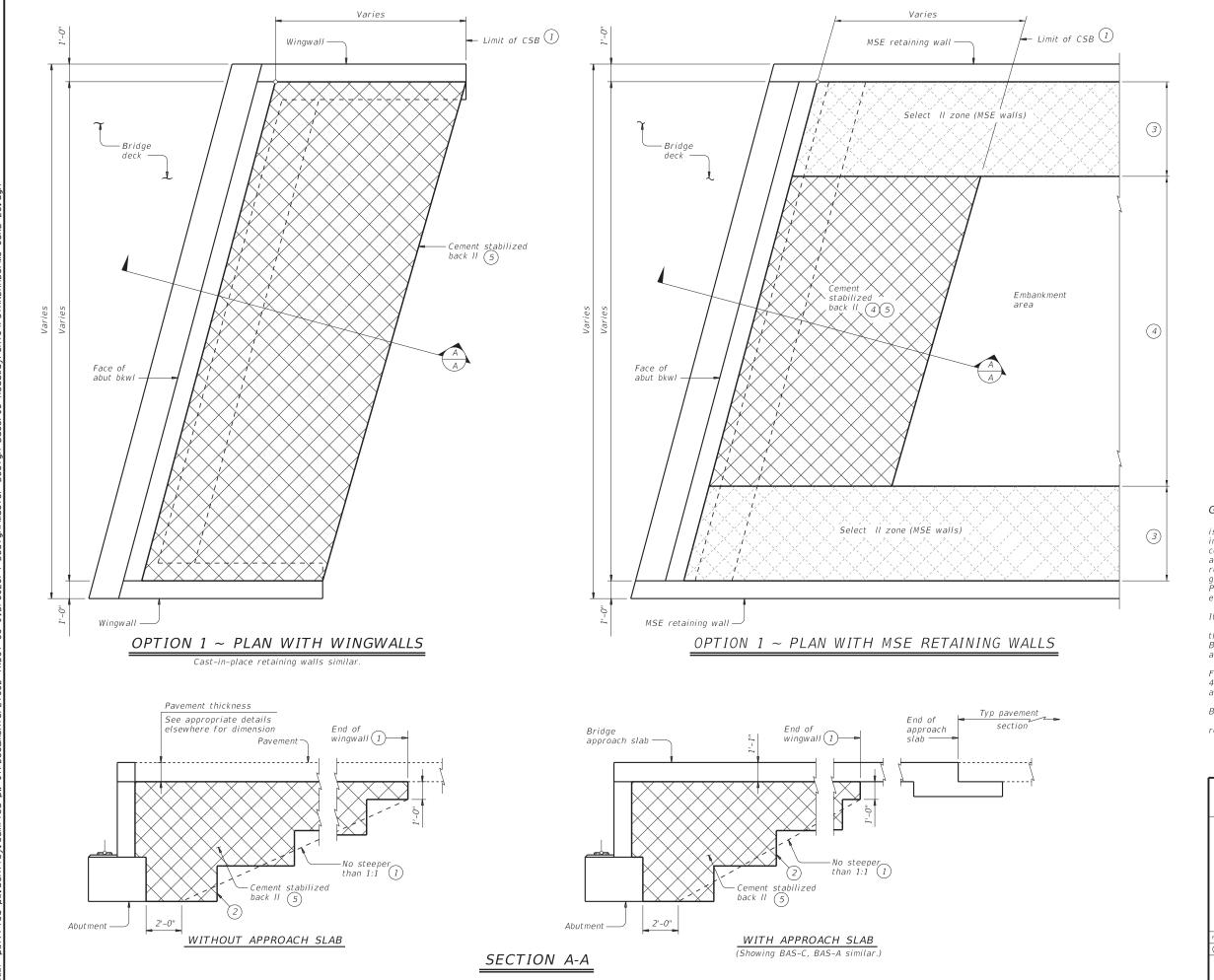




BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

**BCS** 

ILE:		DN: TXE	DOT.	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0T	ск: TxD0T
)T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		НІ	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CR	154
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		BWD		COLEM	ΔN		48



1 Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Back II is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of back II.

2) Bench back II as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

(3) Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select II zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

4 When distance between select II zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select II may be substituted for cement stabilized back II with approval from the Engineer.

5 If shown in the plans, owable back II can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized back II with the following constraints:

constraints:
a). If owable back II is to be placed over MSE back II, then a Iter fabric will be placed over the MSE back II prior to placement of the owable II; and b). Place owable II in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each

b). Place owable II in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each successive lift when the previous lift has sti ened/hardened (i.e. has lost its owability).

#### GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring plasticity index (PI) controlled embankment II or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment II with a PI greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are de ned as high plasticity clays or expansive clays.

Construct abutment back II in accordance with Item 400, "Excavation and Back II for Structures".

Provide Cement Stabilized Back II (CSB) meeting

Provide Cement Stabilized Back II (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Back II for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Back II meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Back II", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. These details do not apply when Concrete Block

These details do not apply when Concrete Bl retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

#### SHEET 1 OF 2

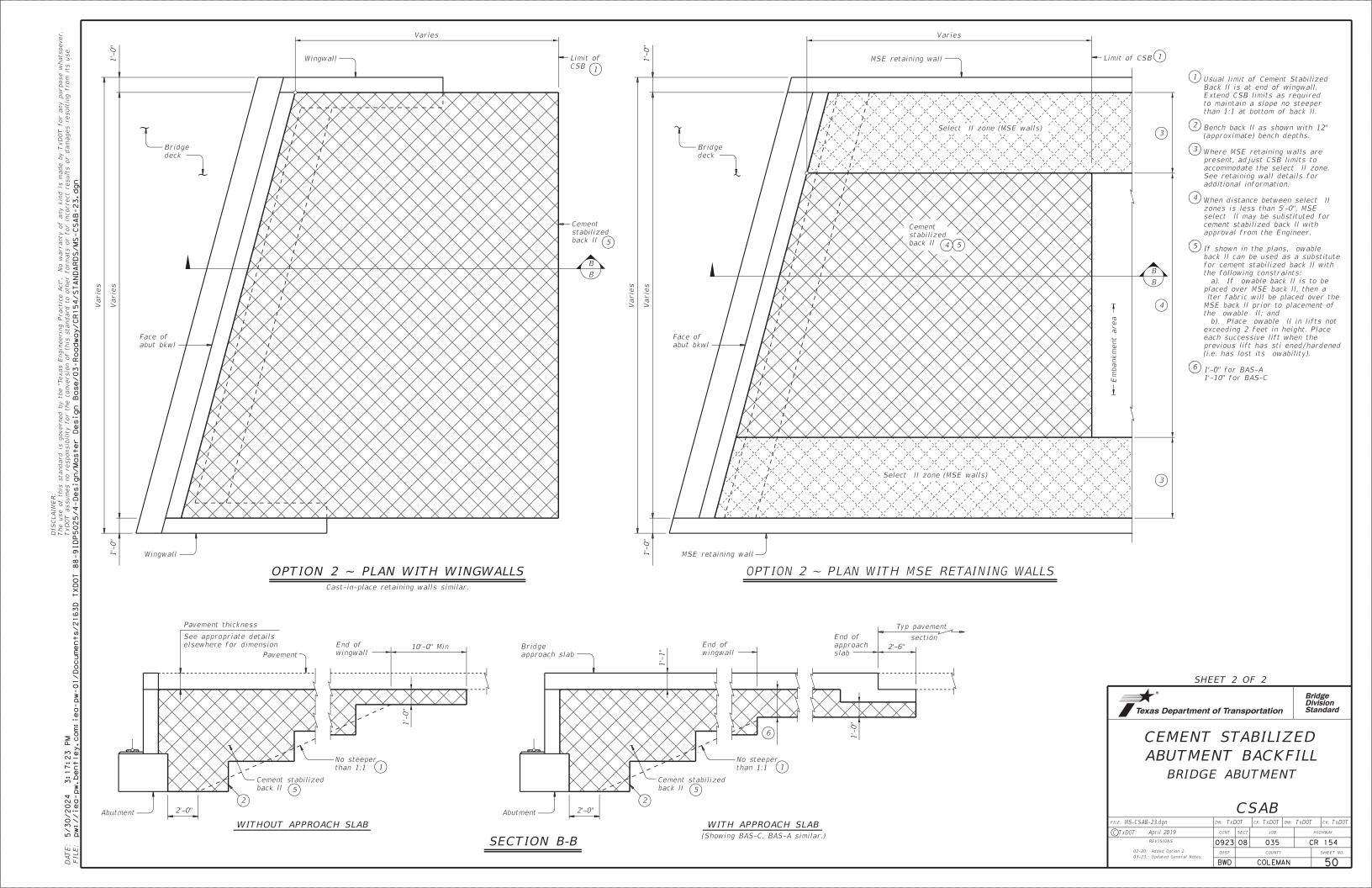


CEMENT STABILIZED

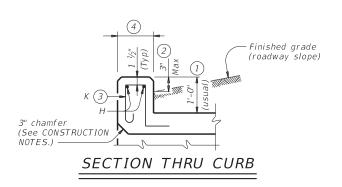
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

CSAB

FILE: MS-CSAB-23.dgn	DN: TxE	OT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CF	154
02-20: Added Option 2. 03-23: Updated General Notes.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
55 25. Spouled delief at Hotes.	BWD		COLEM	۸N		49



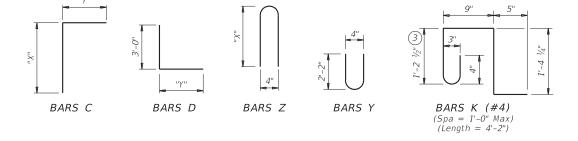
Length of box -Bars F2 Bars F2-(Top & bottom) Bars F2 ~ Equal Spacing (Typ) Permissible Bars D joint (Typ) -Bars H Bars B (Top) Bars F (Bottom) (Typ) Bars E (Top) (Tvp) -Construction joint (Typ) (Bottom) Bars M Bars C ∽Bars F1 (Bottom) BOTTOM SLAB TOP SLAB



TYPICAL SECTION

	TABLE O DIMENS	
Н	"X"	"Y"
3'-0"	3'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
4'-0"	4'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
5'-0"	5'-6 ½"	5'-1"
6'-0"	6'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
7'-0"	7'-6 ½"	5'-1"
8'-0"	8'-6 ½"	5'-1"

PART PLANS



- (1) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (2) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above nished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs ush with nished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (3) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- (4) 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet is referred

The Contractor may replace Bars B, C, D, E, F1, F2, M, Y, and/or Z with deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064. The area of required reinforcement may be reduced by the ratio of 60 ksi / 70 ksi. Spacing of WWR is limited to 4" Min and 18" Max. When required, provide lap splices in the WWR of the same length required for the equivalent bar size, rounded up for wire sizes between conventional bar sizes. The lap length required for WWR is never less than the lap length required for uncoated #4 bars.

Example conversion: Replacing No. 6 Gr 60 at 6" Spacing with WWR Required WWR =  $(0.44 \text{ sq. in. per } 0.5 \text{ ft.}) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) / 70 \text{ ksi}) = 0.755 \text{ sq. in. per } ft.$  If D30.6 wire is used to meet the 0.755 sq. in. per ft. requirement in this example, the required spacing =  $(0.306 \text{ sq. in.}) / (0.755 \text{ sq. in. per } ft.) \times (12 \text{ in. per } ft.) = 4.86$ " Max spacing. Required lap length for the provided D30.6 wire is 2'-1" (the same inimum lap length required for uncoated #5 bars, as listed under MATERIAL NOTES).

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab 3" at the entrance.

Optionally, raise construction joints shown at the ow line by a maximum of 6". If this option is taken, Bars M may be cut o or raised, Bars C and D may be reversed, and Bars Y and Z may be reversed.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for culvert barrel and curb, with the following exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of:

· culverts with overlay,

culverts with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or
 culverts with the top slab as the nal riding surface.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min
Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-1" Min

• Uncoated or galvanized ~ #6 = 2'-6" Min

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations for the range of II\_heights shown.

See the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place Miscellaneous Detail (MC-MD) standard sheet for details pertaining to skewed ends, angle sections, and lengthening.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE 8'-0" SPAN 0' TO 13' FILL MC-8-13

FILE: CD-MC	813-20.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: T.	xD0T	ck: TxD0T
©T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0923	08	035	5	С	R 154
		DIST		COUNT	Υ		SHEET NO.
		BWD		COLE	AAN.		5.1

The L	use of this star	ndard is	governed by	th,	e "Texas Er	Engineering Practice Act." No warranty	ring Pra	ctice A	t." No	warrai	ity of a	ny kino	y of any kind is made by	de by	XDOT 1	for any purpose whatsoever.
0/2024 3:17:40 PM	'xDOT assumes no responsibi	responsil.	oility fo	r the co	wers	ion of this	is standar	d to ot	o other for	ormats or	r for incorrect results or	correct	result	s or d	mages	resulting from its use.
//iea-pw.bentley.com:iea-pw-01/Documents/2163D TXDOT 88-9IDP502?	25/4-Design/Master Design Base/03-Roadway/CR	Master	· Desi	gn Ba	se/03-	Roadwa	Jy/CR1	CR154/STANDARDS/CD-MC813-20.dgn	ANDAR	DS/CI	-MC8	3-20	o, dgn			
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			CTION NSION	S									BILI	.S OF	REINF	ORCIN	G STEE	L (Fo	or Box	x Leng	gth =	40 f	eet)										Ql	JANT1	TIES	
1 0		<i>D1172</i>			E	Bars B				Bars	C & D	1		I	Bars E		Bars F1 ~	#4	Bar	s F2 ~	#4	Bars	M ~ #	4		Bars Y	& Z ~	#4	Bar: 4 ~	s H #4	Bars	K Per of	Foot Barrel	Curk	,   -	Total
	5	Н	T	U	Size Size Spa	Length	Wt	No.	Spa	Bars Length	s C Wt	Bars Length	No	Size	Length	Wt No	o. ed Lengt	h Wt	No.	Length	Wt	No.	Length	Wt No	Spa	Bars Length		Bars Z ength   N	Length	n Wt	No. V	Vt Conc (CY)	Renf (Lb)	Conc R (CY) (	enf Con Lb) (CY,	
	? 8' -	0" 3' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	17' - 6''	4,258	108 #	£6 9"	8' - 8''	1,406	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 12' - 9"	3,102 1.	?   18"   39' - 9	" 319	56 18	39' - 9''	1,487	108 9"	3' - 0''	216 54	4 9"	" 4' - 7"	165 7	' - 3" 2	262   17' - 6''	47	38 10	06 1.071	313.5	1.3 1	53 44.2	2 12,693
	3 8' -	0" 3' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	26' - 1"	6,347	108 #	£6 9''	8' - 8''	1,406	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 21' - 4"	5,191 18	3 18" 39' - 9	" 478	80 18	39' - 9"	2,124	108 9"	3' - 0''	216 10	8 9"	" 4' - 7"	331 7	' - 3"	523   26' - 1''	70	56 15	6 1.560	448.5	1.9 2	26 64	3 18,167
	1 8' -	0" 3' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	34' - 8"	8,435	108 #	£6 9"	8' - 8''	1,406	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 29' - 11''	7,279 2	1 18" 39' - 9	" 637	104 18	39' - 9''	2,762	108 9"	3' - 0"	216 16	2 9"	" 4' - 7"	496 7	' - 3"	785   34' - 8''	93	72 20	00 2.048	583.5	2.6 2	93 84.	5 23,634
	5 8' -	0" 3' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	43' - 3"	10,524	108 #	£6 9"	8' - 8''	1,406	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 38' - 6"	9,368 30	)   18"   39' - 9	797	128 18	39' - 9"	3,399	108 9"	3' - 0"	216 21	6 9"	" 4' - 7"	661 7	' - 3" 1,0	046   43' - 3''	116	90 25	51 2.537	718.6	3.2 3	67 104.	7 29,109
ج	5 8' -	0" 3' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	51' - 10	" 12,612	108 #	£6 9"	8' - 8''	1,406	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 47' - 1''	11,457 30	5   18"   39' - 9	956	152 18	39' - 9"	4,036	108 9"	3' - 0"	216 27	0 9"	" 4' - 7"	827 7	' - 3" 1,3	308   51' - 10	D'' 138	106 29	3.026	853.6	3.8 4	33 124.	9 34,576
ĕΓ	? 8' -	0" 4' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	17' - 6''	4,258	108 #	£6 9"	9' - 8''	1,568	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 12' - 9"	3,102 1.	? 18" 39' - 9	" 319	56 18	39' - 9"	1,487	108 9"	4' - 0''	289 54	4 9"	" 4' - 7"	165 9	' - 3" 3	334   17' - 6''	47	38 10	06 1.136	321.2	1.3 1	53 46.8	8 13,000
50	3 8' -	0" 4' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	26' - 1"	6,347	108 #	£6 9"	9' - 8''	1,568	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 21' - 4"	5,191 18	3   18"   39' - 9	" 478	80 18	39' - 9''	2,124	108 9"	4' - 0''	289 10	8 9"	" 4' - 7"	331 9	' - 3"       6	667   26' - 1''	70	56 15	6 1.646	458.0	1.9 2	26 67.8	8 18,546
<u>.</u>	1 8' -	0" 4' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	34' - 8"	8,435	108 #	£6 9"	9' - 8''	1,568	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 29' - 11''	7,279 2	1 18" 39' - 9	" 637	104 18	39' - 9''	2,762	108 9"	4' - 0''	289 16	2 9"	" 4' - 7"	496 9	' - 3" 1,0	001   34' - 8''	93	72 20	00 2.156	594.8	2.6 2	93 88.8	8 24,085
စ္မွိြ	5 8' -	0" 4' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	43' - 3"	10,524	108 #	£6 9"	9' - 8''	1,568	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 38' - 6''	9,368 30	)   18"   39' - 9	797	128 18	39' - 9''	3,399	108 9"	4' - 0''	289 21	6 9"	" 4' - 7"	661 9	' - 3" 1,3	335   43' - 3''	116	90 25	51 2.667	731.7	3.2 3	67 109.	9 29,633
	5 8' -	0" 4' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	51' - 10	" 12,612	108 #	£6 9"	9' - 8''	1,568	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 47' - 1''	11,457 30	5   18"   39' - 9	" 956	152 18	39' - 9''	4,036	108 9"	4' - 0''	289 27	0 9"	" 4' - 7"	827 9	' - 3" 1,6	668 51' - 10	)'' 1 <i>38</i>	106 29	95 3.177	868.5	3.8 4	33 130.	9 35,171
$\mathbb{S}\Gamma$	? 8' -	0" 5' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	17' - 6''	4,258	108 #	£6 9"	10' - 8"	1,730	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 12' - 9"	3,102 1.	?   18"   39' - 9	" 319	62 18	39' - 9''	1,646	108 9"	5' - 0''	361 54	4 9"	" 4' - 7"	165 11	' - 3"	406   17' - 6''	47	38 10	06 1.201	332.8	1.3 1	53 49.4	4 13,465
8	3 8' -	0" 5' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	26' - 1''	6,347	108 #	£6 9"	10' - 8''	1,730	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 21' - 4"	5,191 18	3   18"   39' - 9	" 478	88 18	39' - 9''	2,337	108 9"	5' - 0''	361 10	8 9"	" 4' - 7"	331 11	' - 3" 8	812   26' - 1''	70	56 15	6 1.733	472.8	1.9 2	26 71	3 19,138
∮[	1 8' -	0" 5' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	34' - 8"	8,435	108 #	£6 9''	10' - 8''	1,730	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 29' - 11''	7,279 2	1 18" 39' - 9	" 637	114 18	39' - 9''	3,027	108 9"	5' - 0''	361 16	2 9"	" 4' - 7"	496 11	' - 3" 1,2	217   34' - 8''	93	72 20	00 2.264	612.7	2.6 2	93 93.	1 24,800
₽	5 8' -	0" 5' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	43' - 3"	10,524	108 #	£6 9''	10' - 8''	1,730	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 38' - 6"	9,368 30	18" 39' - 9	797	140 18	39' - 9''	3,717	108 9"	5' - 0''	361 21	6 9"	" 4' - 7"	661 11	' - 3'' 1,6	623 43' - 3''	116	90 25	51 2.796	752.7	3.2 3	67 115.	1 30,473
\$\_	5 8' -	0" 5' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	51' - 10	" 12,612	108 #	£6 9"	10' - 8''	1,730	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 47' - 1''	11,457 30	5   18"   39' - 9	956	166 18	39' - 9''	4,408	108 9"	5' - 0''	361 27	0 9"	" 4' - 7"	827 11	' - 3" 2,0	029 51' - 10	D'' 138	106 29	5 3.328	892.6	3.8 4	33 137.0	0 36,138
<u>``</u>	? 8' -	0" 6' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	17' - 6''	4,258	108 #	£6 9"	11' - 8''	1,893	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 12' - 9"	3,102 1.	? 18" 39' - 9	" 319	68 18	39' - 9''	1,806	108 9"	6' - 0''	433 54	4 9"	" 4' - 7"	165 13	' - 3''	478   17' - 6''	47	38 10	06 1.265	344.5	1.3 1	53 51.5	9 13,932
ξ[_	3 8' -	0" 6' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	26' - 1''	6,347	108 #	£6 9"	11' - 8''	1,893	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 21' - 4"	5,191 18	3   18"   39' - 9	" 478	96 18	39' - 9''	2,549	108 9"	6' - 0''	433 10	8 9"	" 4' - 7"	331 13	' - 3''	956   26' - 1''	70	56 15	6 1.819	487.6	1.9 2	26 74.	7 19,729
9	1 8' -	0" 6' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	34' - 8''	8,435	108 #	£6 9"	11' - 8''	1,893	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 29' - 11''	7,279 2	1 18" 39' - 9	" 637	124 18	39' - 9''	3,293	108 9"	6' - 0''	433 16	2 9"	" 4' - 7"	496 13	' - 3'' 1,4	434   34' - 8''	93	72 20	0 2.372	630.6	2.6 2	93 97.	5 25,518
ġ[	5 8' -	0" 6' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	43' - 3"	10,524	108 #	£6 9"	11' - 8''	1,893	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 38' - 6"	9,368 30	)   18"   39' - 9	797	152 18	39' - 9''	4,036	108 9"	6' - 0''	433 21	6 9"	" 4' - 7"	661 13	' - 3'' 1,9	912 43' - 3''	116	90 25	1 2.926	773.7	3.2 3	67 120	3 31,316
8	5 8' -	0" 6' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	51' - 10	" 12,612	108 #	t6 9"	11' - 8"	1,893	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 47' - 1"	11,457 30	5   18"   39' - 9	956	180 18	39' - 9"	4,780	108 9"	6' - 0''	433 27	0 9"	" 4' - 7"	827 13	' - 3" 2,3	390   51' - 10	)'' 1 <i>38</i>	106 29	95 3.479	916.8	3.8 4	33 143.0	0 37,106
	? 8' -	0" 7' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	17' - 6"	4,258	108 #	£6 9"	12' - 8''	2,055	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	12' - 9"	3,102 1.	? 18" 39' - 9	" 319	68 18	39' - 9"	1,806	108 9"	7' - 0''	505 54	4 9"	" 4' - 7"	165 15	' - 3" 5	550   17' - 6''	47	38 10	06 1.330	352.1	1.3 1	53 54.	5 14,238
) se	3 8' -	0" 7' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	26' - 1"	6,347	108 #	±6 9"	12' - 8''	2,055	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 21' - 4"	5,191 18	3 18" 39' - 9	" 478	96 18	39' - 9"	2,549	108 9"	7' - 0''	505 10	8 9"	" 4' - 7"	331 15	' - 3" 1,	100   26' - 1''	70	56 15	6 1.905	497.0	1.9 2	26 78.	1 20,107
Bä	1 8' -	0" 7' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	34' - 8"	8,435	108 #	±6 9"	12' - 8''	2,055	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 29' - 11''	7,279 2	1 18" 39' - 9	" 637	124 18	39' - 9"	3,293	108 9"	7' - 0''	505 16	2 9"	" 4' - 7"	496 15	' - 3" 1,6	650   34' - 8''	93	72 20	00 2.480	641.9	2.6 2	93 101.8	8 25,968
5	5 8' -	0" 7' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	43' - 3"	10,524	108 #	±6 9"	12' - 8''	2,055	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 38' - 6"	9,368 30	)   18"   39' - 9	" 797	152 18	39' - 9"	4,036	108 9"	7' - 0''	505 21	6 9"	" 4' - 7"	661 15	' - 3" 2,2	200   43' - 3''	116	90 25	3.056	786.8	3.2 3	67 125.	5 31,838
· S	5 8' -	0" 7' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	51' - 10	" 12,612	108 #	±6 9"	12' - 8''	2,055	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 47' - 1''	11,457 30	5   18"   39' - 9	" 956	180 18	39' - 9"	4,780	108 9"	7' - 0''	505 27	0 9"	" 4' - 7"	827 15	' - 3" 2,7	750 51' - 10	)'' 1 <i>38</i>	106 29	95 3.631	931.7	3.8 4	33 149.	1 37,700
ےاے	? 8' -	0" 8' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	17' - 6"	4,258	108 #	ŧ6 9"	13' - 8''	2,217	8' - 2"	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 12' - 9''	3,102 1.	? 18" 39' - 9	" 319	74 18	39' - 9''	1,965	108 9"	8' - 0''	577 54	4 9"	" 4' - 7"	165 17	' - 3" (	622   17' - 6''	47	38 10	06 1.395	363.8	1.3 1	53 57.	1 14,703
e l	3 8' -	0" 8' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	26' - 1''	6,347	108 #	£6 9"	13' - 8"	2,217	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 21' - 4"	5,191 18	3 18" 39' - 9	" 478	104 18	39' - 9"	2,762	108 9"	8' - 0''	577 10	8 9"	" 4' - 7"	331 17	' - 3" 1,2	244   26' - 1''	70	56 15	6 1.992	511.8	1.9 2	26 81.6	6 20,698
ds†	1 8' -	0" 8' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	34' - 8"	8,435	108 #	£6 9"	13' - 8"	2,217	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 29' - 11''	7,279 2	1 18" 39' - 9	" 637	134 18	39' - 9"	3,558	108 9"	8' - 0''	577 16	2 9"	" 4' - 7"	496 17	' - 3" 1,8	867   34' - 8''	93	72 20	00 2.588	659.8	2.6 2	93 106.	1 26,684
≥ٍ[	5 8' -	0" 8' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	43' - 3"	10,524	108 #	£6 9"	13' - 8"	2,217	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	' 38' - 6"	9,368 30	)   18"   39' - 9	797	164 18	39' - 9''	4,355	108 9"	8' - 0''	577 21	6 9"	" 4' - 7"	661 17	' - 3"   2,4	489   43' - 3''	116	90 25	3.185	807.8	3.2 3	67 130.6	6 32,680
.jg	5 8' -	0" 8' -	0" 8"	7"	162 #6 6"	51' - 10	" 12,612	108 #	£6 9"	13' - 8"	2,217	8' - 2''	1,325 16.	2 #6 6	47' - 1''	11,457 30	5   18"   39' - 9	956	194 18	39' - 9''	5,151	108 9"	8' - 0''	577 27	0 9"	" 4' - 7"	827 17	' - 3"   3,.	111 51' - 10	)" 1 <i>38</i>	106 29	95 3.782	955.8	3.8 4	33 155.	1 38,666

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS

CAST-IN-PLACE

8'-0" SPAN

0' TO 13' FILL

MC-8-13

LE: CD-MC	813-20.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: T.	xD0T	ck: TxD0T
)T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0923	08	035	5	CR	154
		DIST		COUNT	Υ		SHEET NO.
		RWD		COLE	AAN.		52

PLAN OF SKEWED ENDS ~ OVER 30° TO 45°

Bars F2 (5) angle section (2)--Bars F1 ~ top slab Bars F2 ~ bottom slab (5) Bars E ~ top 8 and bottom slab Bars E ~ top (8) Bars B ~ top and bottom slab and bottom slab. Bars C ~ top slab Bars D ~ bottom slab Bars F1 ~ top slab Bars F2 ~ bottom slab (5 PLAN OF ANGLE SECTION ~ PLAN OF ANGLE SECTION ~

Limits of

OVER 15° TO 30°

Length of extension

Existing box culvert

LENGTHENING DETAIL (1)

1) For skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of II, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the

For non-skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of II and for skewed or non-skewed culverts with a II depth of 2'-0" or greater, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the extension. Alternatively, if the box is non-skewed, embed #6 anchor bars with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive into the existing walls, top and bottom slab at 1'-6" center-to-center spacing. Minimum embedment depth is 8". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 26.4 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests."

Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed.

Break back wings and apron as necessary to install the extension. Clean and extend the exposed wingwall and apron reinforcing into the extension. When lengthening existing box culverts with dimensions di erent than current standard dimensions, form horizontal and vertical transitions as directed by the Engineer, Match bottom slabs to maintain an uninterrupted ow line. Field bend existing and new reinforcing into transitions and maintain speci ed cover requirements. For top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the nal riding surface, adjust the "H" dimension to provide a smooth riding

- When the spacing between Bars B or Bars E becomes less than half of the normal spacing, cut bars to avoid con ict.
- (3) The length of Bars B and Bars E will vary in the skewed end sections.
- (4) [One half of overall width] x [tangent of the skew angle]

(5) Place Bars F1 and F2 continuously through the angle section. Bend Bars F1 and F2 to remain parallel to the walls of the box culvert.

(6) When necessary to avoid con ict in acute corners, shorten the slab extension leg of Bars C and Bars D to a minimum of 1'-6" for skews of 30° thru 45°.

OVER 30° TO 45°

Limits of

- (7) At the Contractor's option, for skews of 15° or less, place Bars B, C, D, and E parallel to the skewed end while maintaining spacing along centerline of box. Increase lengths of Bars B and Bars E shown on the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (MC) standard sheets to accommodate the skew.
- (8) Extend Bars E as shown on the MC standard sheet for direct tra c culverts.

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

When required, lap Bars H 1'-8" for uncoated or galvanized bars. Provide a minimum of 1 1/2" clear cover.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel, if required elsewhere in the plans. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) with these exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the nal riding surface.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations. Refer to Multiple Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (MC) standard sheets for details of straight sections of culvert.

For skewed sections and angle sections, refer to Multiple Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (MC) standard sheets for slab and wall dimensions, bar sizes,

maximum bar spacing, and any other details not shown.

For skewed ends with curbs, adjust length of Bars H, number of Bars K, curb concrete volume, and reinforcing steel weight by dividing the values shown on the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (MC) standard sheets by the cosine of the skew angle.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

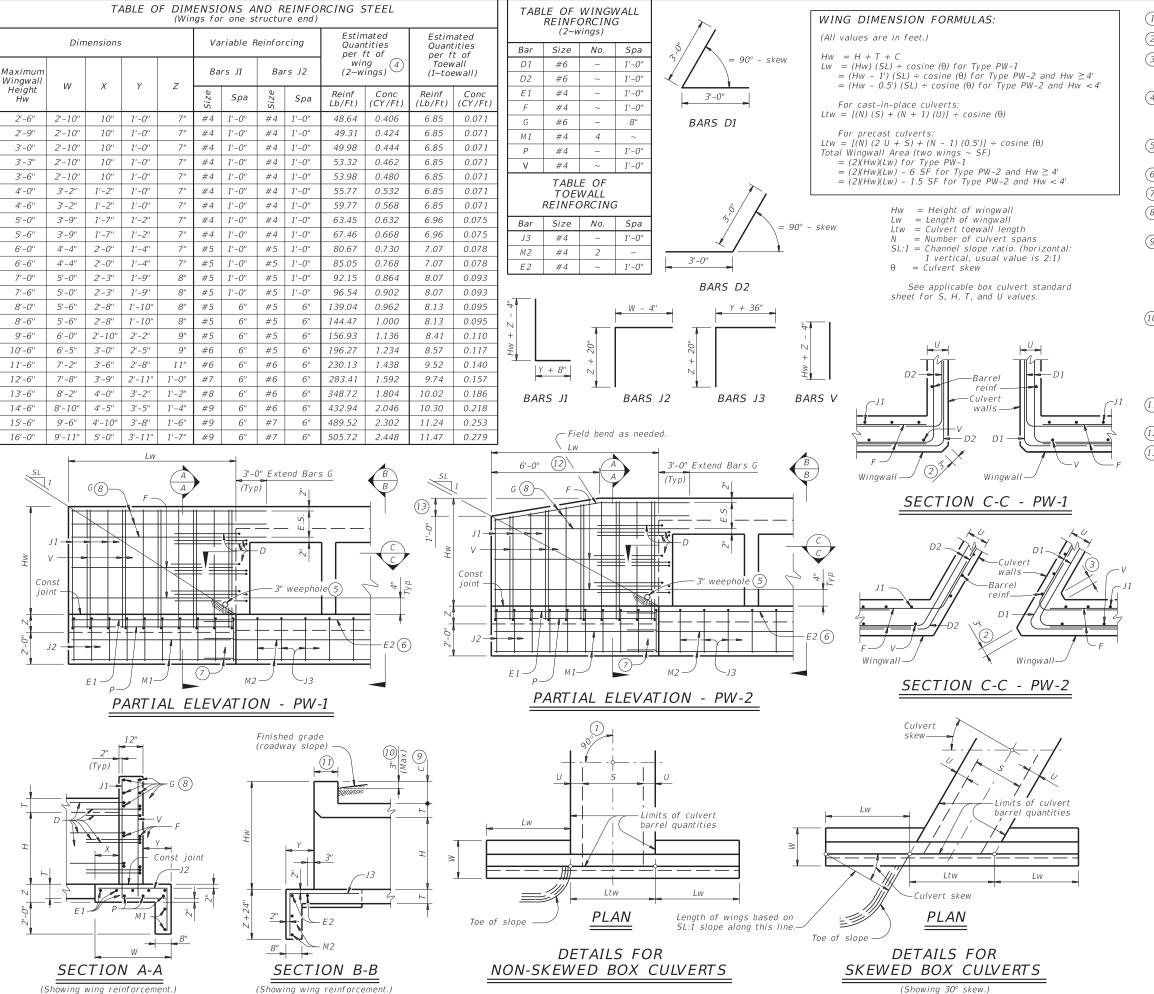
#### HL93 LOADING



MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

MC-MD

LE: CD-MC-MD-20.dgn	DN: TXE	OT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BWD		COLEM	ΔN		53



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- $(1) Skew = 0^{\circ}$
- 2) At discharge end, chamfer may be 3/4" minimum.
- 3 For 15° skew ~ 1" For 30° skew ~ 2" For 45° skew ~ 3"
- (4) Quantities shown are for two Type PW-1 wings. Adjust concrete volume for Type PW-2 wings. To determine estimated quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values by Lw. Quantities shown do not include weight of Bars D.
- $\bigcirc$  Provide weepholes for Hw = 5'-0" and greater. Fill around weepholes with coarse gravel.
- (6) Extend Bars E2 1'-6" minimum into the wingwall footing.
- (7) Lap Bars M1 1'-6" minimum with Bars M2.
- (8) Place Bars G as shown, equally spaced at 8" maximum. Provide at least two pairs of Bars G per wing.
- 9 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631L5 bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631L5 Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631L5.
- $\widehat{\text{(10)}}$  For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above nished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs ush with nished grade.

Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

- (1) 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.
- (12) 3'-0'' for Hw < 4'.
- (13) 6" for Hw < 4'.

#### DESIGNER NOTES:

Type PW-1 can be used for all applications and must be used if railing is to be mounted to the wingwall. Type PW-2 can only be used for applications without a railing mounted to the wingwall.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi).
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations.

Depth of toewalls for wingwalls and culverts may be reduced or eliminated when founded on solid rock, when directed by the Engineer.

See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for wingwall type and additional dimensions and information. Quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are for the Contractor's information only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.



Standard

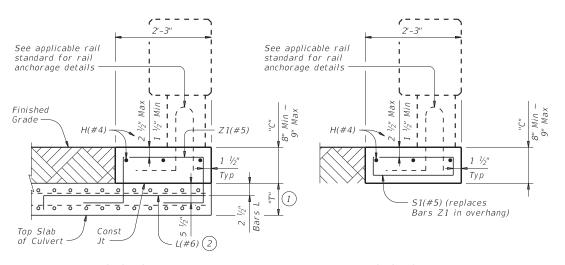
Bridge Division

CONCRETE WINGWALLS
WITH PARALLEL WINGS FOR
BOX CULVERTS
TYPES PW-1 AND PW-2

PW

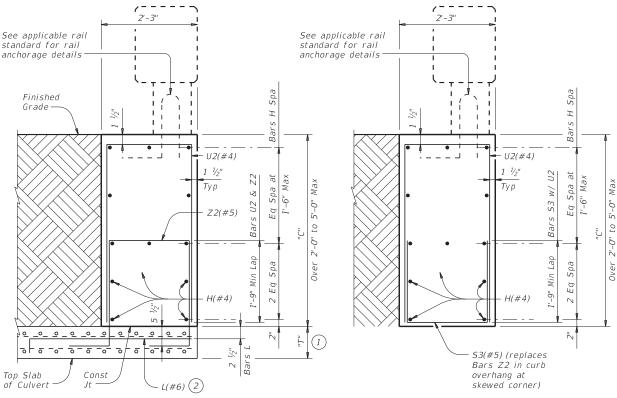
: CD-PW-	-20.dgn	DN: GAF		CK: CAT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxD0T
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		F	IIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0923	08	035	5	CR 154	
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
		RWD		COLE	MΔN		54

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#### SECTION A-A SECTION B-B TYPE 1 CURB

Used for curbs from 8" to 9" (Showing "C" = 9"). Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard.



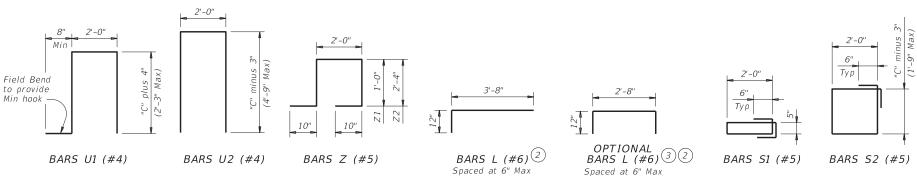
SECTION B-B

standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard

TYPE 3 CURB

SECTION A-A

## Used for curbs over 2'-0'' to 5'-0'' (Showing "C" = 4'-0''). Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on



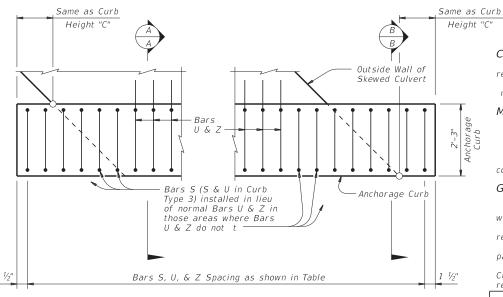
## See annlicable rail See applicable rail standard for rail standard for rail anchorage details anchorage details Finished Grade -Тур S2(#5) (replaces Bars U1 & Z1 in curb overhang at Top Slab skewed corner) of Culvert

### SECTION A-A

## TYPE 2 CURB

Used for curbs over 9" to 2'-0" (Showing "C" = 2'-0"). Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard.

SECTION B-B



## TYPICAL CURB PLAN

Showing typical installation on skewed culvert. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard.

BARS S3 (#5)

#### TABLE OF REINFORCING SPACING

Curb Height "C"	Section Type	Bars S, U, & Z Spa
8" to 9"	1	12"
Over 9" to 2'-0"	2	9"
Over 2'-0" to 3'-0"	3	7"
Over 3'-0" to 5'-0"	3	5"

#### TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES 4

Curb Height "C"	Section Type	Reinf Steel (Lb/LF)	Class "C" Concrete (CY/LF)
8"	1	21.5	0.056
9"	1	21.5	0.063
1'-0"	2	29.7	0.083
1'-6"	2	30.6	0.125
2'-0"	2	31.5	0.167
3'-0"	3	44.6	0.250
4'-0"	3	56.8	0.333
5'-0"	3	60.0	0.417

- (1) "T" is equal to the culvert top slab thickness. For Precast Boxes with slabs less than 8" thick, see SCP-MD Standard for additional details.
- (2) Tilt Bars L hook as necessary to maintain cover.
- (3) Optional Bars L are to be used only for Precast Box Culverts with 3'-0" closure pours.
- 4 Quantities shown are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are per Linear Foot of curb length. The values for each section type in table can be interpolated for intermediate values of Curb Height, "C".

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

When using this anchorage curb, omit normal culvert curb reinforcing bars K and H shown on the culvert standard sheets. For vehicle safety, the top of the curb must be ush with the nished grade.

MATERIAL NOTES: Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized  $\sim \#4 = 1'-11''$ Provide Class "C" concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Class "C" (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations. The rail anchorage curb details have su cient strength for use with all standard rail types.

See appropriate rail standard for approved design speed restrictions, notes and details not shown.

This anchorage curb is considered part of the Box Culvert for

These details are for use with curbs that are 8" to 5'-0" tall only. Curb heights that are less than or greater than those shown will require special design.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

#### SHEET 1 OF 2

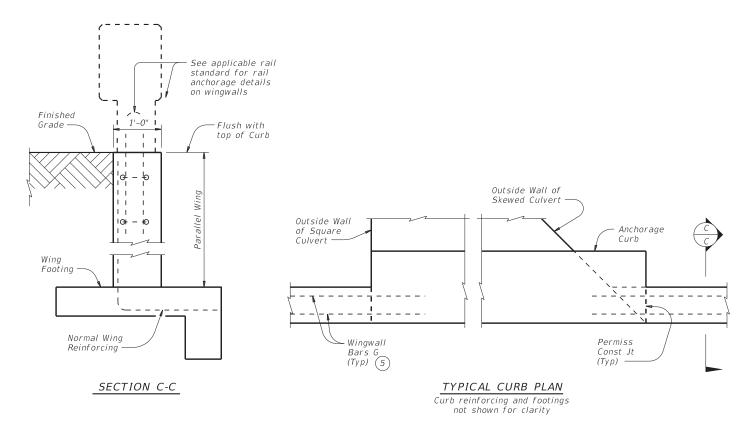


Bridge Division

RAIL ANCHORAGE CURB BOX CULVERT RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS (CURBS 8" TO 5'-0" TALL ONLY)

#### RAC

ILE: CD-RAC-20.dgn	DN: GA	\F	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	CK: GAF	
OTxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		,	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0923	08	035 CR		R 154		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO	).	
	RWD	COLEMAI				55	



### INSTALLATION AT PARALLEL CULVERT WINGWALLS

See culvert wingwall standard for bars and details not shown.

(5) Bars G (#5), as identi ed on the PARALLEL WINGS PW standard sheet, must extend 1'-6" into the Anchorage Curb similar to that shown for a normal culvert curb.

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

RAIL ANCHORAGE CURB

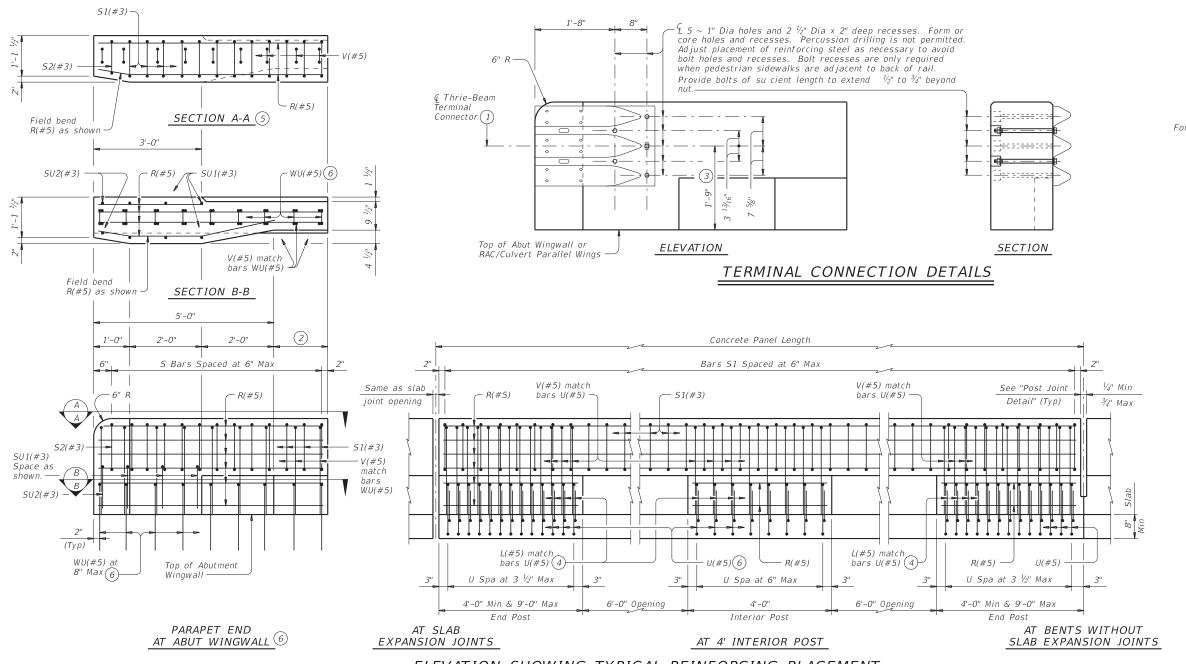
BOX CULVERT

RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS

(CURBS 8" TO 5'-0" TALL ONLY)

RAC

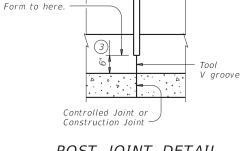
			, ,,	10					
FILE: CD-RAC-20.dgn	E	on: GA	F	ck: TxD0T	DW: TXDOT CK:		K: GAF		
	20	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	(WAY	
REVISIONS		0923	08	035		С	R	154	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	BWD		COLEM	ΔN			56		



### ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar

- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- ② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



1/4" Min

¾" Max

0 pening

#### POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

SHEET 2 OF 3



Bridge Division Standard

TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

LE: RL-T22	23–19.dgn		DN: TXE	OT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	CK: AES
)T x D0T	September	2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS		0923	08	035		CR 154	
			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
			RWD		COLEM	ΔΝ		58

2'-5"

BARS L (#5)

1'-3 1/2" 1'-0" 1'-0" ¾" Chamfer Nominal ¾" Chamfer Nominal Face of Rail Face of Rail (Tvp) (Typ) -51(#3) 51(#3) Const Jt (Typ) (Typ) Top of Slab Bars L, U and V Pos 13 L(#5) (4) Typical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5)(6) AT POST AT OPENING

ELEVATION AT ABUTMENT WINGWALL

Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

(2)

Face of

Abut Bkwl -

1'-0"

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.
Chamfer all exposed corners.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

ON BRIDGE SLAB

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are

epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0" Epoxy coated  $\sim #5 = 3'-0''$ 

#### GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modi cation for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modi cations.
Shop drawings are not required for this rail

Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

## SHEET 3 OF 3



TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

Bridge Division

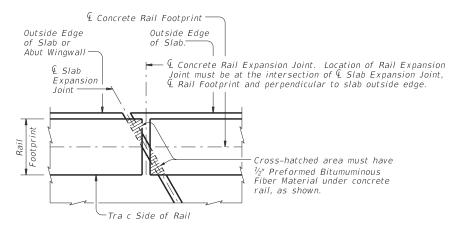
Standard

LE: RL-T2.	23–19.dgn		DN: TXE	OT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	CK: AES
)T x D0T	September	2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	HWAY
	REVISIONS		0923	08	035		CR 154	
			DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
			BWD		COL FM/	ΔN		59

## SECTIONS THRU RAIL

Sections on box culverts similar

- (2) Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- 7) When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on tra c side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars con ict.
- 8 Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcina.
- At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to 2'-5 1/4" above the roadway surface without overlay.



## PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

ON BRIDGE SLAB

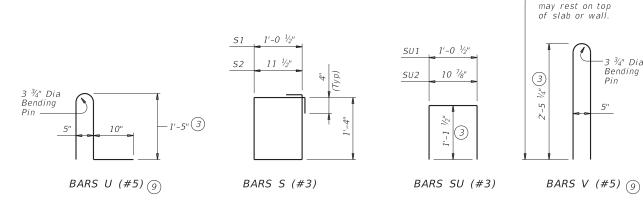
Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.

3/4" Dia Bending

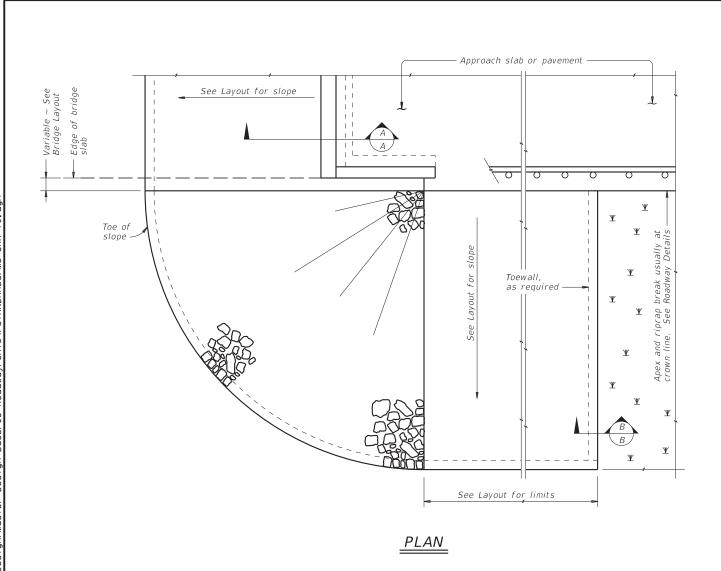
BARS WU (#5)

Pin

-Installed bar



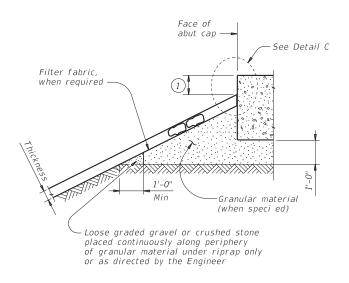


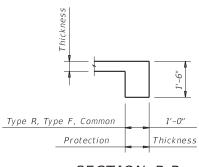


See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

ELEVATION

tra c rail

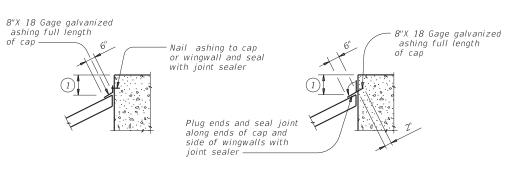




## SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

## SECTION A-A AT CAP



#### CAP OPTION A

#### CAP OPTION B

## DETAIL C

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap speci ed.
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

## SHEET 1 OF 2



## STONE RIPRAP

SRR								
E: MS-SRR-19.dgn	DN: AE	5	ck: JGD	DW:	BWH	CK: AES		
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CR 154			
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
	BWD	COLEMAN 60				60		

11.	Cultural	Resources

---

(Addresses any special circumstances associated with cultural resources, such as archeological or historic sites.) (Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.; cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.)

Required Action

Action No. Station (Rt/Lt) Commitment

---

#### IV. Vegetation Resources

(Addresses any special circumstances associated with vegetation, such as large trees to be avoided, or mitigation that will occur as part of the project.)

☐ No Action Required

Action No. Station (Rt/Lt)

Avoid non-mow locations for stockpiles and equipment parking/storage.

Project Limits Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements

Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping. and tree/brush removal commitments.

V. Federal Listed, Proposed, Threatened, Endangered Species, Critical Habitat. State Listed Species, Candidate Species, and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)

(Addresses any special habitat that may need to be avoided, lists any threatened or endangered species where habitat was observed and might be impacted within the project area, and lists any precautions such as nesting seasons for migratory birds.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

Species Potentially within Project Area & Description Hobitat Description

The contractor should be aware that there could be various species in the project area including the Texas Horned Lizard and the Texas Tortoise. Avoid placing Project Specific Locations (PSLs) in areas with harvester ants. If there are large nests observed in trees to be removed contact District Environmental Coordinator prior to cutting down. Other species may also be in the area and harm to any species should be avoided. Contact the District Environmental Coordinator. Andrew Chisholm (325) 643-0442 with any questions.

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, or egg in part or in whole, without a federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and regulations. Migration patterns would not be affected by the proposed project. The contractor will remove all old migratory bird nests from any structure where work would be done from September 1 through the end of February. In addition, the contractor will be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests between March 1 and August 31, per the Environmental Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPIC) plans. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young shall be avoided.

#### VI. Hazardous Material or Contamination Issues

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

(Addresses any previously identified high risk sites associated with hazardous materials that may be encountered during construction.)

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS. in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contractor will follow all applicable storage and management requirements for liquid oil products, liquid petroleum products, and other chemical liquids as per 40 CFR 112 (a.k.a. SPCC) and/or TCEQ Construction General Permit for storm water management.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)

Trash piles, drums, canisters, barrels, etc.

Undesirable smells/odors

Underground storage tanks

Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on-site \_\_\_\_\_\_

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structure not including box culverts)?

□ No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing an aspestos assessment/inspection. Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes



If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled abatement and/or demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Bridges on this project may contain Lead-Containing Paint (LCP) or other items that contain Lead. The location of (LCP) is identified in the General Notes, Item 6.10.1.2 in the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications shall be utilized for this project.

#### VII. Other Environmental Issues

(Addresses any other environmental issues that may not have been covered in other sections.)

Required Action

Action No.

Station (Rt/Lt)

Commitment

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BMP: Best Management Practice
CCP: Construction General Permit
DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services
FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency
FHWA: Federal Highway Administration
MOA: Memorandum of Agreement
MOU: Memorandum of Agreement
MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System
MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act
NOI: Notice of Intent
NOI: Notice of Intent
NOI: Notice of Iremination
NWP: Nationwide Permit
SPCC: SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
TXDOI: Texas Department of Transportation
TRE: Threatened and Endangered Species
USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers
USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Texas Department of Transportation BROWNWOOD DISTRICT

**\$ROADWAY NAME\$** 

**ENVIRONMENTAL** 

PERMITS. ISSUES.

AND COMMITMENTS

(EPIC)

JOB 0923 08 CR 154 035 SHEET NO COLEMAN 62

Category III (Post-Construction ISS Control)

Constructed Wetlands

Sand Filter Systems

Sedimentation Chambers

Vegetation-Lined Ditches

Mulch filter Berms and Socks

Wet Basins

Retention/Irrigation

Grassy Swales

Extended Detention Basin

Vegetative Filter Strips

Erosion Control Compost

Compost Filter Berms and Socks

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

FEDERAL AID PROJECT 0923-08-035 NO. BR 2023 (744) **1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:** From: AT BETTY LOGAN CREEK

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 30°56'29.8"N .(Long) 99°19'04.4"W 99°19'00.8"W END: (Lat) 31°56'32.8"N ,(Long) 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 0.78

## 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.78 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACING BRIDGE AND APPROACHES.

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
FR10 CLAY LOAM 0 TO 1% SLOPE	14+60 TO 16+99; 100% CLAY, OCCASSIONALLY FLOODED
LEERAY CLAY, 1 TO 3% SLOPES	12+66 to 14+60; 100% CLAY
	1

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

☐ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs, The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- ⋈ Install sediment and erosion controls
- Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- ⋈ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- ☐ Install proposed pavement per plans
- ⋈ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- □ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- ⋈ Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- ⊠ Revegetation of unpaved areas
- ⋈ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- ⋈ Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- activities
- ☒ Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- ☒ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- ☑ Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Utner: _			
Other:			

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
BETTY LOGAN CREEK, HAY CREEK, JIM NED CREEK (1418B)	LAKE BROWN WOOD (1418)
	NO TMDLs OR PLANS WERE IDENTIFIED
* Add (*) for impaired waterhodies	with pollutant in ()

· Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:			
•			

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

□ Other:				
□ Other				

## STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.			
6	SEE TITLE SHEET				
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
TEXAS		BWD	COLEMAN		
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		
0923	?	08	035 CR 154		54

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this

SWP3 or the CGP.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
<ul> <li>□ Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> <li>□ Soil Retention Blankets</li> <li>□ Geotextiles</li> <li>□ Mulching/ Hydromulching</li> <li>□ Soil Surface Treatments</li> <li>☒ Temporary Seeding</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding</li> <li>Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>□ Vertical Tracking</li> <li>□ Interceptor Swale</li> <li>□ X Riprap</li> <li>□ Riprap</li> </ul>
□ □ Diversion Dike
☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control □ □ Paved Flumes
Other:
□ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Dewatering Controls
□ Inlet Protection
□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
<ul><li>☑ Sediment Control Fence</li><li>☐ Stabilized Construction Exit</li></ul>
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
·
Other:
Other:
Other:
□ □ Other:
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Type	Stat	ioning
Type	From	То
ROCK RIPRAP	14+98	15+42

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- ⋈ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- ⋈ Haul roads dampened for dust control
- ⋈ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- Stabilized construction exit
- Daily street sweeping

Other:	

Other:			
Other:			

Other:			

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- Chemical Management
- Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- Debris and Trash Management
- □ Dust Control
- Sanitary Facilities

Other:		
лпег		

Other:			

Other:			

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Typo	Stationing					
Туре	From	То				

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

#### 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### 2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



PROJECT NO. 64 6 SEE TITLE SHEET STATE TEXAS

COLEMAN BWD SECT. HIGHWAY NO. 08 035 0923 CR 154





#### <u>LEGEND</u>

— SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE ROCK FILTER DAM TRAFFIC FLOW DIRECTION OF FLOW



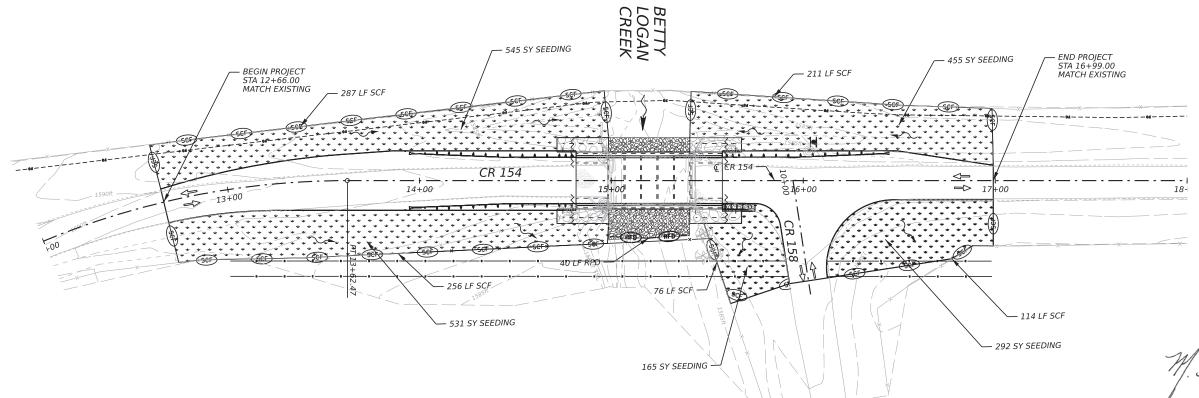


REVISION

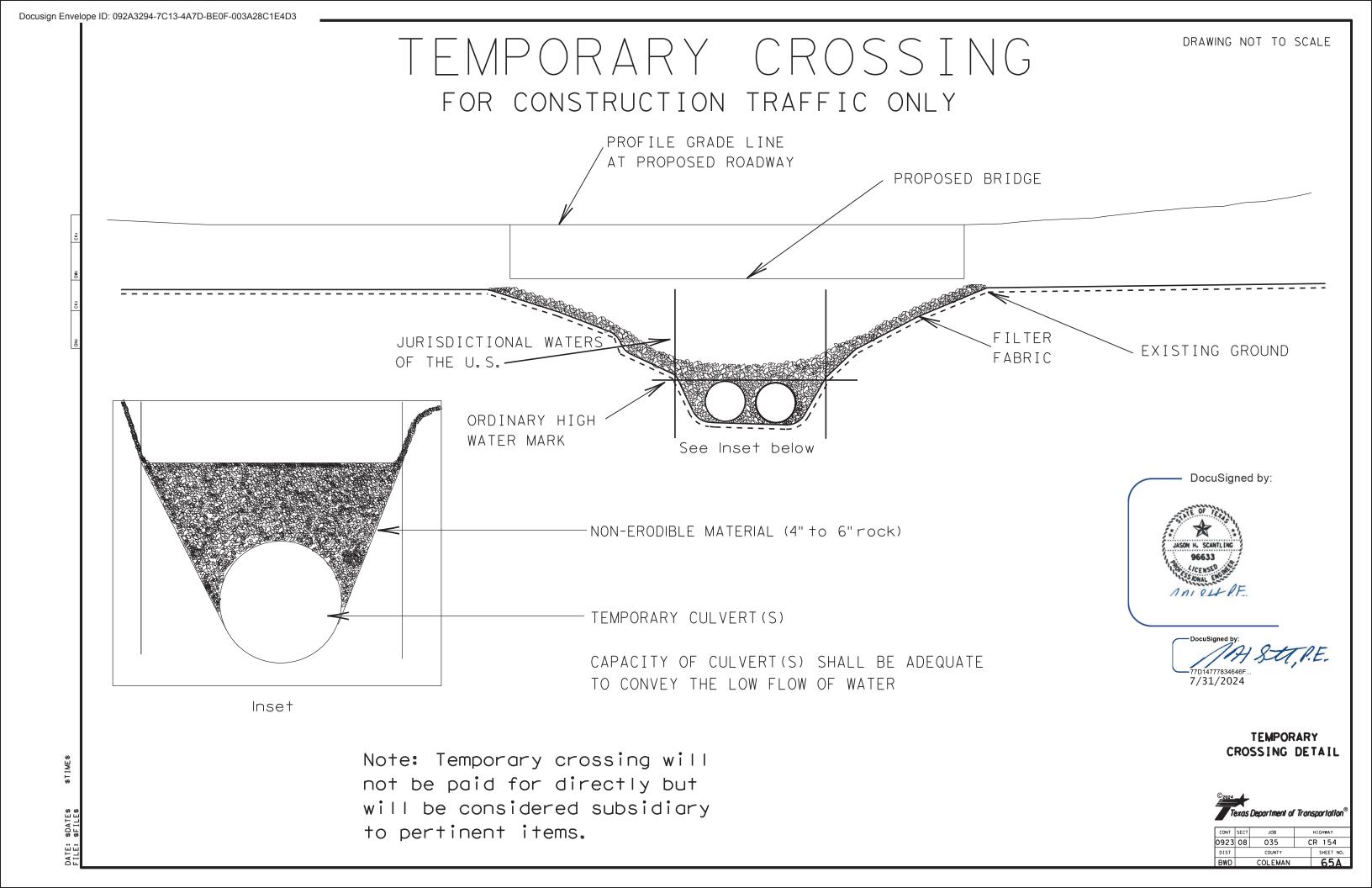


## SW3P LAYOUT CR 154 AT BETTY LOGAN CR

SHEET 1	OF 1							
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER							
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET CR 154						
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY						
TEXAS	BWD	COLEMAN						
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	SHEET NO.					
0923	08	035 65						



IT	ITEM DESCRIPTION		UNIT	QUANTITY
164	7001	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	SY	1988
164	7005	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	994
164	7006	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	994
168	7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	42
169	7022	SOIL RET BLKT (SL_STEEP_CLAY_LONG_SPRY)	SY	1988
506	7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	944
506	7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	Ŀ	944
506	7002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	ь	40
506	7011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	40



# or Anchor if in rock. SECTION A-A

#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

#### LEGEND

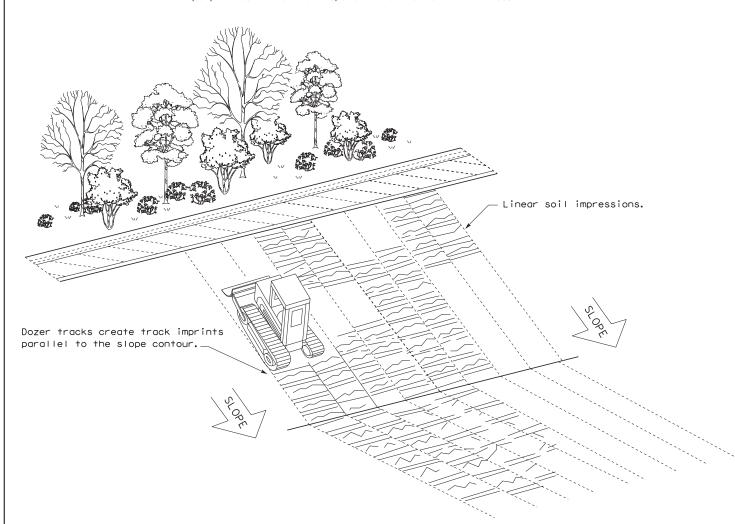
Sediment Control Fence

Embed posts 18" min.



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

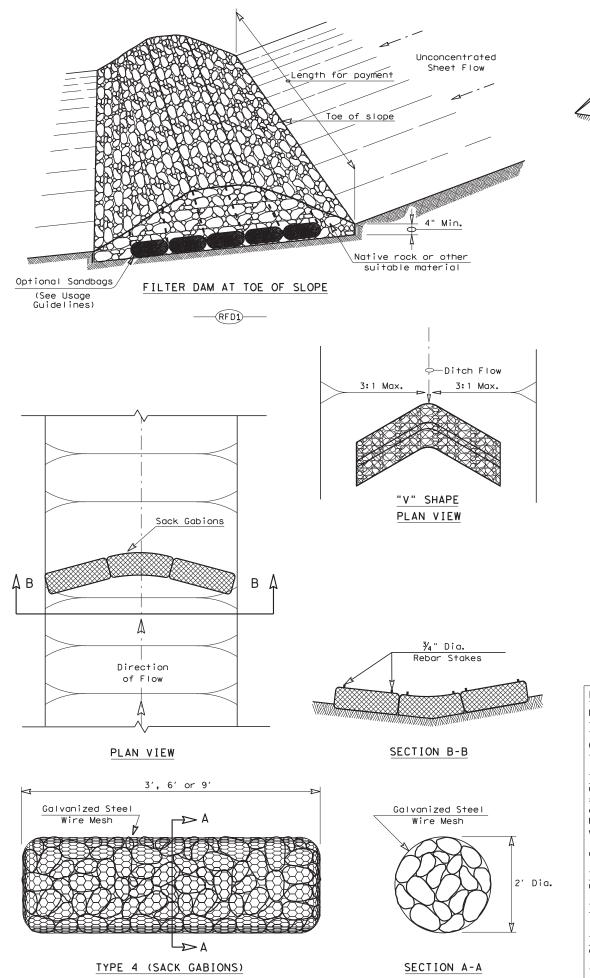
EC(1)-16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT	CK: KM	DW: \	: VP DN/CK: LS		
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CR 154		
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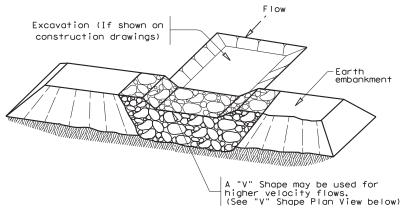
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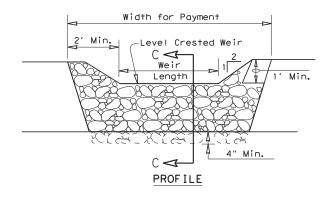
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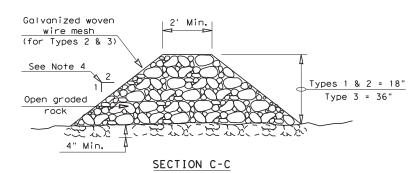
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#### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

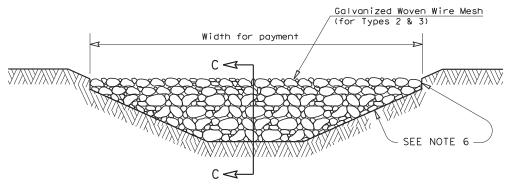
Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  $\mbox{\rm CPM/FT}^2$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



#### FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

#### 

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified.

  The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND





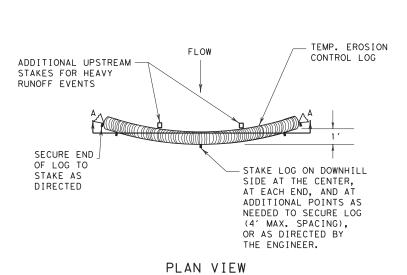
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

E: ec216	DN: TxDOT		CK: KM DW:		۷P	DN/CK: LS	
xDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0923	08	035		CR 154		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BWD	COLEMAN				67	



STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

R.O.W.

SIDE AT THE CENTER.

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

#### FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADIT

UNDER EROSION

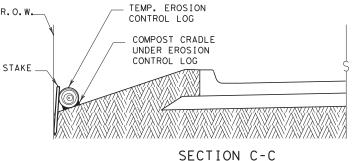
CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG

#### STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

## PLAN VIEW

## TEMP. EROSION R.O.W. CONTROL LOG COMPOST CRADIF UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG STAKE



## EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



## SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

MIN



#### LEGEND

CL-D - EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION-

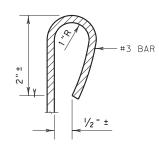
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- —(cl-boc)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY (CL-ROW
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL-SSL
- CL-DI - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi) $\!-$  erosion control log at curb & grate inlet



SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL-BOC

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

#### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED. 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

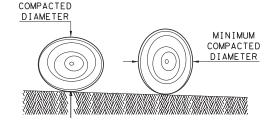
2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

ENGINEER.

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- 7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.



MINIMUM

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

ILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ск: КМ	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		GHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	08 035		CR 154		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	RWD	COLEMAN				68

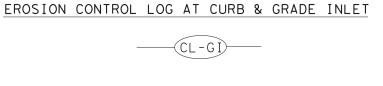
SECURE ENDO OF LOG TO STAKE AS

DIRECTED

TEMP. EROSION

FLOW

CONTROL LOG



TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

MIN.

SANDBAG

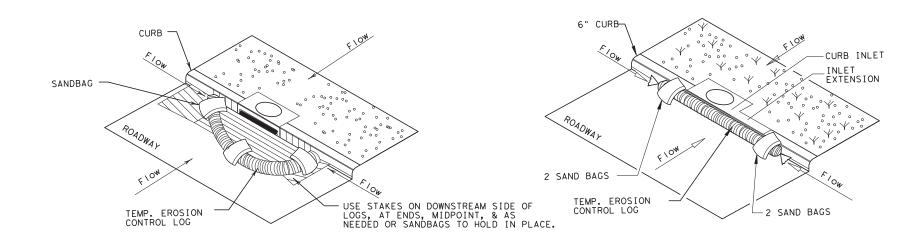
OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG

— FLOW

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

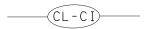
CURB AND GRATE INLET -STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)



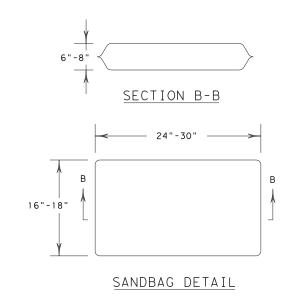
#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

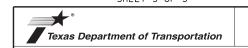




NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



SHEET 3 OF 3



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16

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© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0923	08 035		CF	154			
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
	BWD	D COLEMAN			70			