SEE SHEET 2

STATE OF TEXAS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

STATE PROJECT NO. C988-1-25

FM 623 BEE COUNTY

 NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY =
 3,200.00 FT.=
 0.606 MI.

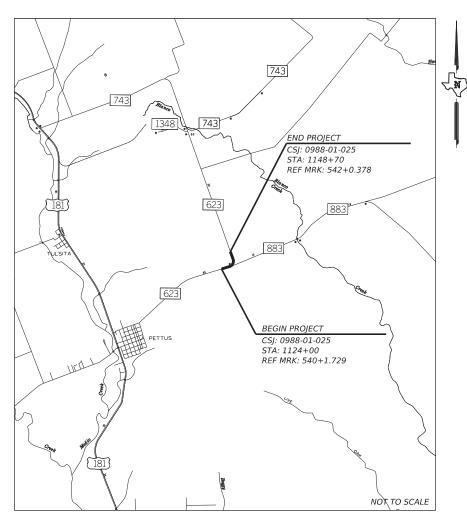
 NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE =
 0.00 FT.=
 0.000 MI.

 NET LENGTH OF PROJECT =
 3,200.00 FT.=
 0.606 MI.

LIMITS: FROM 0.5 MI N OF FM 883 TO 0.5 MI S OF FM 883

FOR THE WIDENING AND REALIGNING OF EXISTING FM ROAD TO ADD RIGHT AND LEFT TURN BAYS

CONSISTING OF GRADING, BASE, STRUCTURES, SURFACING, SIGNING, AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS



EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: STA 99+40.80 (EX) = STA 1099+39.00 (A) STA 146+05.30 (EX) = STA 1148+70.00 (A) STA 1136+35.19 (A) = STA 834+35.11 (B) RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

 CONT
 SECT
 JOB
 HIGHWAY

 0988
 01
 025
 FM 623

 DIST
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO.

 CRP
 BEE
 1

FM 623

DESIGN SPEED = 55 MPH

4R DESIGN GUIDELINES MAJOR COLLECTOR

A.D.T. (2021) = 360 A.D.T. (2041) = 504 PERCENT TRUCKS IN ADT = 53.9

FM 883

DESIGN SPEED = 70 MPH

4R DESIGN GUIDELINES MAJOR COLLECTOR

A.D.T. (2022) = 275 A.D.T. (2042) = 385 PERCENT TRUCKS IN ADT = 20.2

NO TDLR INSPECTION REQUIRED

CONSTRUCTION SPEED ZONE REQUESTED

Texas Department of Transportation
©Tx00T 2024

8/7/2024

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:
DocuSigned by:

Paula Sales-Evans, P.E.

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED FOR LETTING:
Docusigned by:
Michael 1. Walsh

Michael J. Walsh Jr., P.E.

8/8/2024

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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY A ** "HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Victoria L Humandez, P.E.

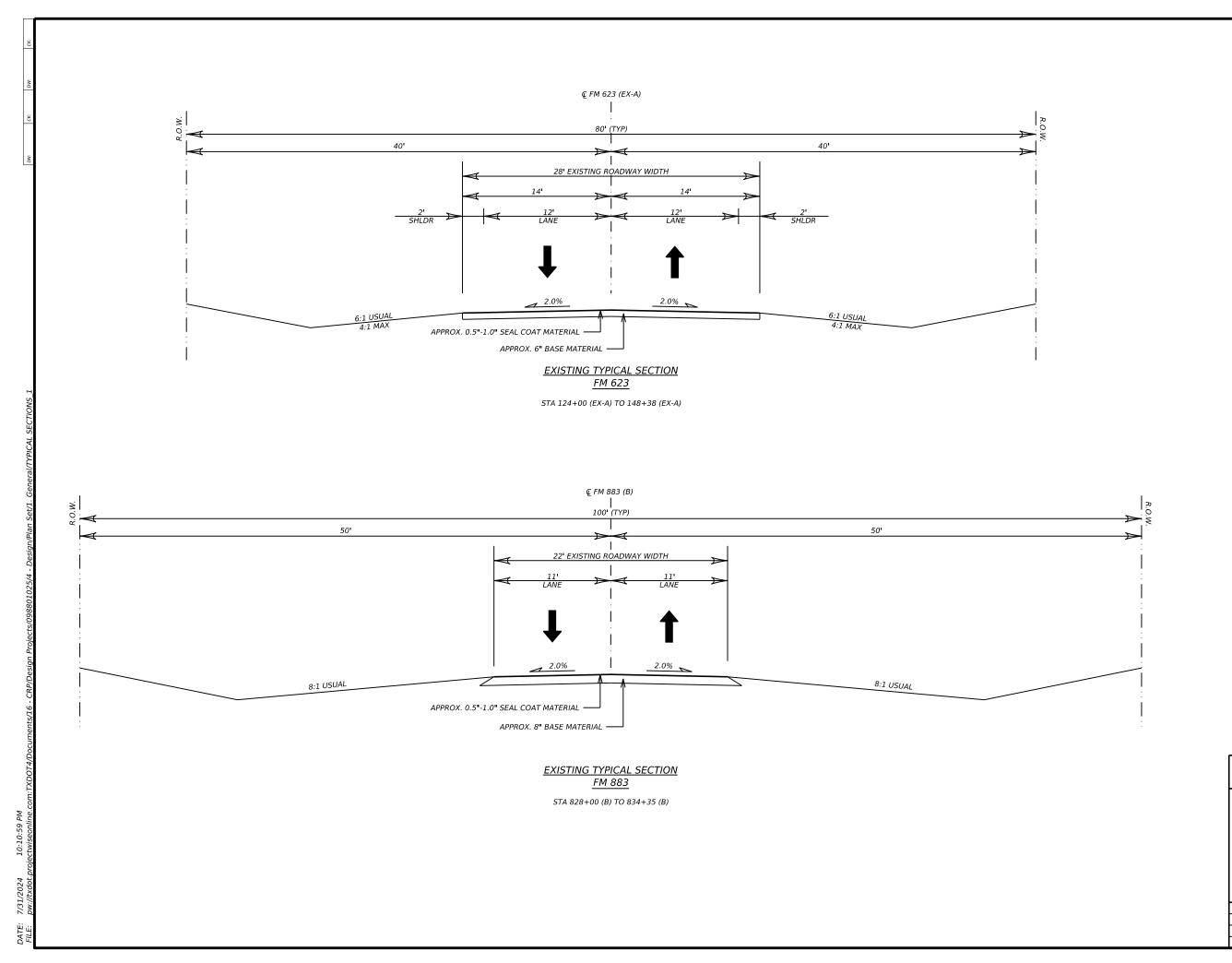
08/02/2024



FM 623

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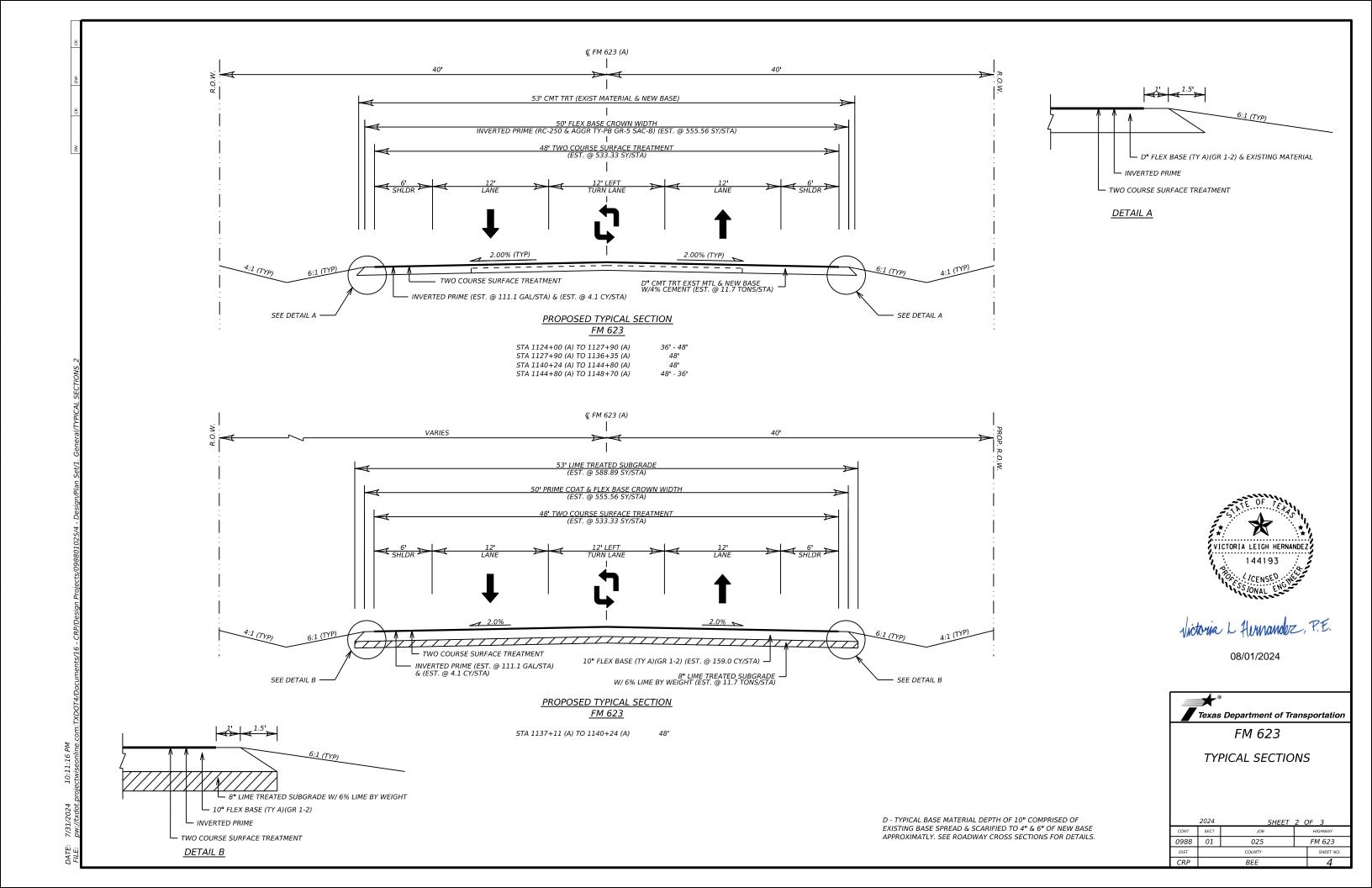
Victoria L Humandez, P.E.

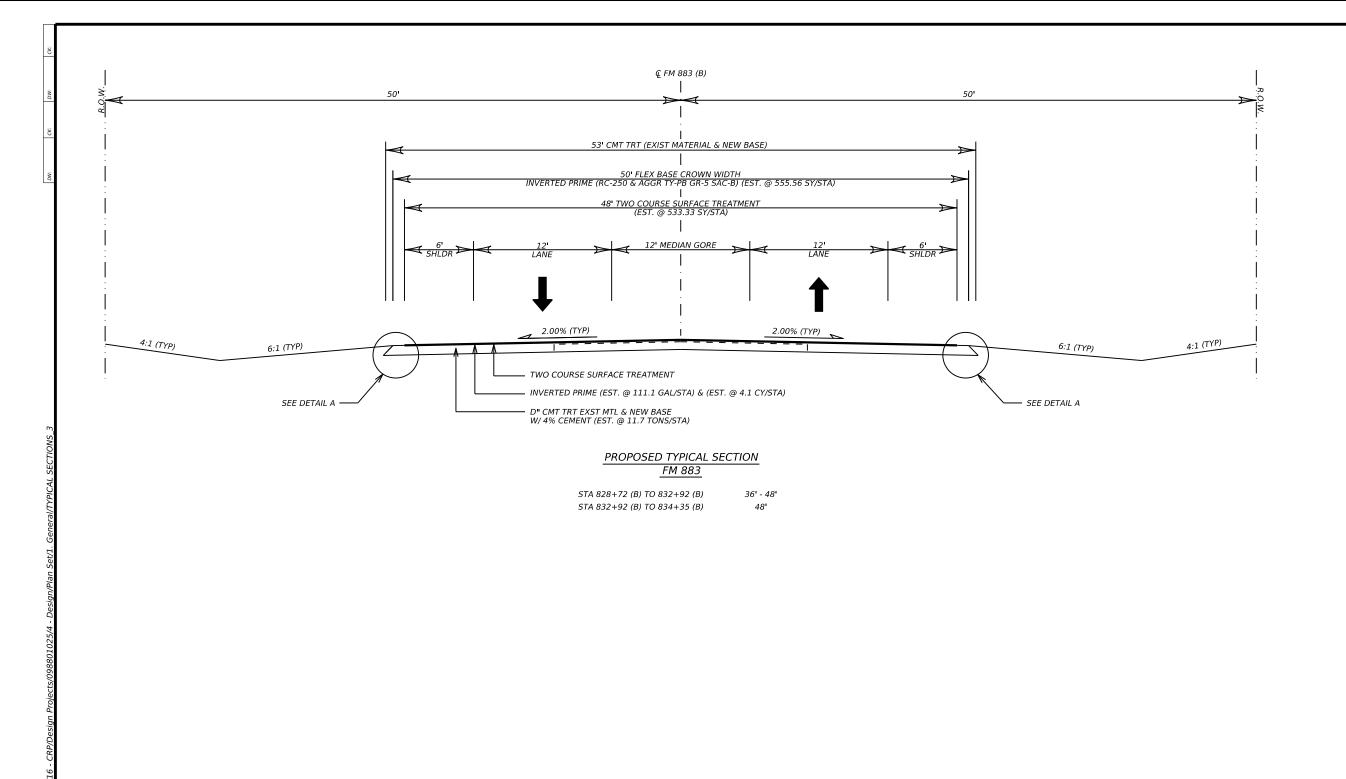
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TYPICAL SECTIONS

	OF 3				
CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHW		
0988	01	025	025		
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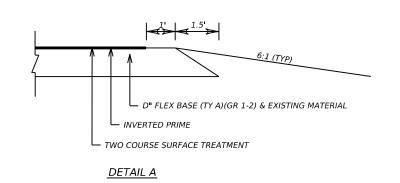
Victoria L Humandez, P.E.

08/01/2024



TYPICAL SECTIONS

	3 OF 3					
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
0988	01	025	FM 623			
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
CRP		BEE	5			



D - TYPICAL BASE MATERIAL DEPTH OF 10" COMPRISED OF EXISTING BASE SPREAD & SCARIFIED TO 4" & 6" OF NEW BASE APPROXIMATLY. SEE ROADWAY CROSS SECTIONS FOR DETAILS.

Highway: FM 623

GENERAL NOTES:

Find, for your information and convenience, tools such as forms, software, materials, and various other information provided by the Department at https://www.txdot.gov/business.html. Please note that these tools are updated periodically, and your attention is directed to the latest edition.

In the event of a called evacuation, emergencies, impending adverse weather or as directed, do not perform any work without written authorization. The District reserves the right to suspend all work in support of evacuations or emergencies occurring from other parts of the state. Any work performed, other than work directed by the Department, is unauthorized work in accordance with Item 5.

Sweep, clean and remove any construction waste, surplus materials or debris from the roadway and right of way at the end of each day unless otherwise approved. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Asphalt application season will be established in accordance with Item 316.4.4 Adverse Weather Conditions or as directed by the Engineer.

Cut existing pavement using a saw or other approved method to ensure a neat transverse and/or longitudinal line to assure a smooth tie-in with new pavement. Cut to a minimum depth of the final lift thickness. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Promptly pick up and properly dispose of paper and other materials used for pavement joints.

All pavement markings shall be in accordance with the latest edition of Texas MUTCD.

In an effort to control the broomrape plant, clean all soil moving equipment with high-pressure water at an approved site before removing the equipment from the project.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Nick Novosad, P.E. Nick.Novosad@txdot.gov
Roberto Jimenez, P.E. Roberto.A.Jimenez@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

General Notes Sheet A

County: Bee Control: 0988-01-025

Highway: FM 623

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

ITEM 2

It is recommended that prospective bidders examine the specified work locations with the Engineer to view the nature of the work, the need for close coordination with the various utilities, traffic control considerations, and other factors influencing the prosecution of the work.

ITEM 5

Field verify all dimensions and notify Engineer prior to initiating any work.

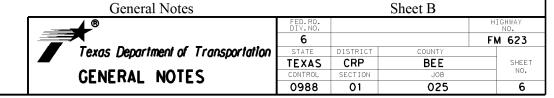
Verify the locations of utilities, underground or overhead, shown within the limits of the right-of-way. Adhere to OSHA Standards when working within the vicinity of overhead power lines. Coordinate with the utility companies and notify the Engineer of any possible conflicts. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items

The 811 call services for a utility location does not include TxDOT facilities. Provide notification to the District Traffic Signal Shop by email at CRP_Utility_Locate@txdot.gov or call 361-739-6044 when planning, drilling, or excavating in areas where existing TxDOT underground utilities exist. Visual evidence of TxDOT underground utilities in the area include illumination poles, ground boxes, flashing beacons, traffic signals, etc. This notification must be provided 48 hours in advance of performing the work, but no earlier than 72 business hours before the work will commence. Drilled shaft locations or excavation areas must be staked prior to the notification so that the underground utilities can be located in relationship to the proposed work

Notify the Engineer immediately of utility conflicts in accordance with Item 5.6. Refer to Item 4.5 for consideration of differing site conditions.

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Item 5.9.1, "Method A".

This project was developed using 3D design software and tools. A proposed 3D model of the project In Extensible Markup Language (XML) and 3d PDF format is available upon request. These models are specifically intended to aid the contractor in preparing bids and in the use of



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automated machine guidance equipment for the project construction. If discrepancies are found, numerical dimensions in the cross-sections and plan sheets govern over the 3D model.

ITEM 6

Inspection at Precast Concrete Fabrication Plants is as follows: TxDOT's Materials and Pavements Section will inspect any precast units at commercial fabrication yards and staging areas. The Area Engineer will inspect all other precast units.

For Department-furnished material, contact the Engineer or his designated representative to request material a minimum of one workday prior to pick up. Load material with contract personnel. Materials are to be stored in a safe location outside TXDOT property or right-of-way, {unless otherwise approved.} Use material furnished by the Department only on the project(s) intended. Return any unused material as soon as possible.

ITEM 7

The work performed for Item 7.2.4, "Public Safety and Convenience" will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

When working at street, farm-to-market, state highway, and county road intersections, schedule work to minimize intersection closures. During nonworking hours, all public road intersections will be open to the traveling public.

The total disturbed area for this project is 7.36 acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and Contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off ROW. When the total area disturbed for all projects in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer.

Establish uniform perennial vegetative coverage with a density of at least 70% of the native background vegetative cover to achieve final stabilization.

Comply with the Texas Aggregate Quarry and Pit Safety Act for waste areas or material source areas resulting from this project.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

General Notes Sheet C

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ITEM 8

Prepare the progress schedule using the Critical Path Method (CPM). Submit (2) two 11" x 17" hard copies and an electronic file of the original or updated progress schedule. Submit the original progress schedule seven (7) days before the Preconstruction Conference.

Asphalt application season will be considered to be May 1 to Sept 30, except as established in Item 316.4.4 Adverse Weather Conditions or as directed by the Engineer.

Submit an updated progress schedule as directed to show proposed major changes, changes affecting compliance with the contract requirements, or changes affecting the critical path/controlling item of work.

Working days will be computed and charge in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4, "Standard Workweek".

Work above traffic is not allowed.

ITEM 9

Monthly progress payments will be made for items of work completed by the 28th day of each month. Any work completed after the 28th will be included for payment in the subsequent monthly progress estimate.

Submit signed request for compensation of material-on-hand (MOH), including any requests from subcontractors, suppliers, or fabricators for MOH, at least two (2) working days prior to the end of the month on the Departments approved forms.

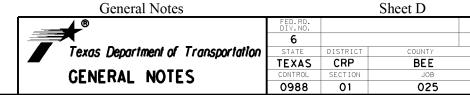
ITEM 100

Coordinate all right of way preparation activities with the project's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) and Environmental Permit Issues, and Commitments Sheet (EPIC) or as approved.

Prune trees and shrubs as directed. Use accepted pruning practices in accordance with Item 192 and as defined by the National Arborist Association. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 110

For earth cuts, manipulate and compact subgrade in accordance with Item 132.3.4.2, "Compaction Methods, Density and Moisture Control".



FM 623

6A

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ITEM 132

Use embankment material with a plasticity index (PI) ranging from 10 to 40. Blend or treat approved materials to achieve the desired PI and pulverize the material so that 100% passes the 3-inch sieve. Retest materials as borrow sources change or when the material changes significantly. Notify the Engineer of the proposed material sources and of changes to material sources. The Engineer may sample and test project materials at any time before compaction throughout the duration of the project to assure specification compliance. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Obtain approval to incorporate existing salvaged asphaltic surface and flexible base materials in the surface layer. If approved, incorporate existing materials no larger than 2 inches in the surface layer. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

The estimated quantities for embankments adjacent to culverts and bridges were calculated using the average-end-area method.

ITEM 134

Backfill pavement edges with reclaimable asphalt material (R.A.P.).

Use backfill material with a plasticity index (PI) ranging from 10 to 40. Notify the Engineer of the proposed material sources and of changes to material sources. The Engineer may sample and test project materials at any time before compaction throughout the duration of the project to assure specification compliance.

If Contractor elects to use R.A.P. material for backfill pavement edges, the R.A.P. material must pass a 2" sieve. All material not passing sieve will be removed and disposed of properly. This shall be considered subsidiary to Item 134.

Windrow the existing topsoil and grass along the edge of the grading operations or as directed. After grading operations are completed, spread the topsoil and grass uniformly on all slopes and ditch lines. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Manipulate and compact backfill material in accordance with Item 132.3.4.1, "Ordinary Compaction". The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Apply SS-1 at a rate of application of 0.15 gallon per square yard. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

General Notes Sheet E

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ITEM 164

Restore and seed areas not shown in the plans disturbed by the Contractor's operations. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Notify the Engineer of the unavailability of any seed mix. Make changes to the seed mix as approved.

Use a tacking agent of 50% SS-1 and 50% water and apply the agent at a rate of 0.10 gal/sy or as directed. A biodegradable tacking agent may be used in lieu of the SS-1 tacking agent in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations when approved. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 166

Furnish and apply slow-release nitrogen fertilizer with a rate of 60 pounds of nitrogen per acre.

ITEM 168

Distribute water to only those areas shown in the plans or as directed. Excessive overspray will not be permitted.

Water all areas of the project to be seeded or sodded every two (2) days for 90 days or as directed. Apply water in a manner to ensure adequate moisture but not to erode the soil in-place. During periods of adequate moisture, mechanical watering may not be required as approved. Upon final stabilization, the Engineer may require to continue watering as specified for a period not to exceed 30 days.

The Basis of Estimate below establishes the approximate quantity of water required to complete the 90-day watering cycle:

Rate Water (Gal/Acre/Day) Area (Acre) Total Gallons (Min) 0.25 inch/week 1961 1 88,245

ITEM 247

For Table 1, "Material Requirements" a minimum plasticity index (PI) of 4 is required for Ty A Gr 1-2 Flex Base.

When requested, stake with blue tops, at 100-foot intervals, the lines and grade shown in the plans.

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ITEM 275

Cement and/or asphalt stabilized base may be encountered in the existing pavement structure. Pulverize or scarify the existing material after shaping so that 100% passes a 2-1/2 inch sieve.

Use a mechanical mixer to mix the cement with the existing base material.

The three (3) day curing period is waived for roadways required to be opened to traffic the same day.

ITEM 302

Provide aggregates with a minimum surface aggregate classification (SAC) of "B" unless otherwise shown. The SAC for sources on the Department's Aggregate Quality Monitoring Program (AQMP) is listed in the Department's Bituminous Rated Source Quality Catalogue (BRSQC). SAC requirements apply to aggregates used on all final roadway surfaces, including shoulders.

ITEM 310

Use RC-250 at a rate of 0.20 gallons per square yard or as directed.

Use SS-1 at the rate of 0.15 gallons per square yard per inch or as directed. Use a mixture of 5% SS-1 and 95% water and work the mixture into the top 2 inches of the flexible base surface. The water will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

A minimum prime coat curing period shall be determined by the Engineer during the preconstruction meeting. This curing period may be revised by the Engineer throughout the duration of the project pending weather and observed performance.

ITEM 314

Reference the General Note for Item 310, "Prime Coat" for mixture and rates of application.

ITEM 316

Do not place surface treatment on exposed concrete structures unless directed.

Furnish a distributor equipped with a working hand hose.

General Notes Sheet G

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Material rates shown are for estimating purposes only. Adjust actual rates based on the material used, the existing condition and type of roadway surface, and as approved.

When using asphalt emulsion, a minimum 24-hour curing period is required before placing any subsequent asphalt courses.

Remove vegetation and blade pavement edges prior to surfacing operations. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Broom and clean sealed sections of roadway and all adjacent paved surfaces, including the gutter line, of any surplus aggregate before opening to traffic or as directed.

A vacuum sweeper will be required for this project. This shall be considered subsidiary to Item 316. Vacuum sweeper must perform a test strip before use.

ITEM 320

Provide the type of windrow pick-up equipment for approval prior to beginning paving operations.

Use of motor grader will not be permitted unless approved.

ITEM 400

Use cement-stabilized backfill for culvert and storm drains located beneath the pavement structure.

ITEM 421

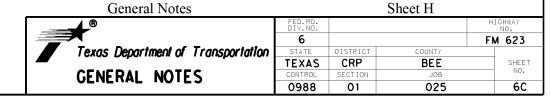
The Engineer will provide strength-testing equipment for acceptance testing.

Furnish curing facilities adequately sized for this project as approved.

Furnish test molds for cylindrical concrete specimens measuring four (4") inches in diameter by eight (8") inches in length.

ITEM 462

Use cold-applied, plastic asphalt sewer joint compound for all joints. Provide sandproof tape for all pipe placed in cohesionless backfill material as approved, or provide gaskets that conform to Item 464.2.7.3.



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Cement stabilized backfill is not considered cohesionless for this item.

The work performed for concrete collars will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 464

The work performed for concrete collars will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 467

The flowline of the safety end treatment shall match the flowline of the culvert.

The work performed for concrete collars will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 496

Contractor shall provide a demolition plan to engineer for approval.

The structure(s) to be removed have surface coatings which may contain hazardous materials. Provide for the safety and health of employees and abide by all OSHA Standards and Regulations.

Coordinate and identify the locations where the structure(s) will be cut at least 30 days prior to the demolition of the structure(s). If the surface coatings contain hazardous materials, the Department will arrange by separate Contract for the removal of a 4 inch wide strip around bearing attachments, at the anchor bolts, and as approved. Provide traffic control for the paint removal operations. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Notify the Engineer no later than 30 calendar days prior to the demolition of the structure(s) for coordination with the Texas Department of State Health Services.

Provide for approval a method of removal to prevent any materials from falling into water or traffic. The method used and work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

General Notes Sheet I

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ITEM 500

"Materials on Hand" payments are not considered when determining partial payments.

ITEM 502

Furnish additional barricades, signs, and traffic handling as directed. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Traffic control for daytime lane closures shall be in accordance with applicable standards. Traffic control shall include temporary rumble strips in accordance with WZ (RS)-22.

When advanced warning flashing arrow panels are specified, furnish one (1) standby unit in good condition at the job site for immediate use.

Attach stop/slow paddle to a staff with a minimum length of 6 feet to the bottom of the sign.

The use of a pilot vehicle in conjunction with flaggers will be permitted. If used, provide positive and unrestricted communication between the driver of the pilot vehicle and the flaggers. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items

Contractors attention is directed to a construction speed zone, signage is subsidiary to Item 502.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

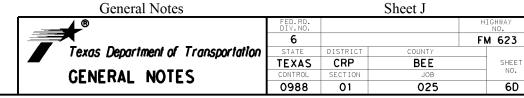
All items marked as optional on all traffic control standards shall be required unless otherwise approved by an Engineer.

Trail vehicle shall be required on all mobile traffic control operations.

ITEM 503

Furnish the portable changeable message signs displaying the correct message at least seven (7) days prior to beginning work or as directed.

The Contractor's Responsible Person (CRP) will maintain full control of messages at all times.



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The Engineer will provide the sign message text to use at each sign.

A minimum of 3 PCMS will be required. However, additional units may be necessary depending on the work in progress.

Standby time will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Portable changeable message signs may be moved, and message changed at any time as deemed necessary by the Engineer. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 503.

Portable changeable message signs paid by the each apply to the full contract, regardless of the sub CSJs.

ITEM 504

No field office will be required for this project.

ITEM 505

A minimum of 2 TMAS will be required. However, additional units may be necessary depending on the work in progress.

Provide manufacturer's curb weight or certified scales weight ticket to the Engineer for approval.

ITEM 506

Designate in writing a Contractor Responsible Person (CRP) for implementing, maintaining, and reviewing environmental requirements.

ITEM 530

If conditions warrant, driveway locations, widths, or lengths may be adjusted as directed.

ITEM 636

All sign wraps are subsidiary to Item 636.

Field verify vertical clearance as directed by the online Texas Department of Transportation manual, "Sign Guidelines and Applications Manual" chapter 6 section 3. The Engineer's approval will be required prior to fabrication.

General Notes Sheet K

County: Bee Control: 0988-01-025

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Furnish new sign supports when replacing overhead signs. This will be subsidiary to pertinent items.

Disassemble, deliver and neatly stack salvageable materials as directed by the Engineer. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items

ITEM 644

Use crash worthy supports as shown on the BC sheets, the CWZTCD, or as directed for signs relocated using temporary supports. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

All slip bases and hardware including but not limited to nuts, bolts, screws and washers will be galvanized. All sign and housing components will be galvanized. Slip bases shall be clamp-style.

Disassemble, deliver and neatly stack salvageable materials as directed by the engineer. The work performed will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

ITEM 658

Furnish round delineators and object markers.

ITEM 662

Use temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs at the beginning and end of no passing zones as shown on the TCP (7-1)-13 for seal coats and WZ(STPM)-23 for hot mix overlays.

ITEM 666

Establish and mark the location of existing standard pavement markings including but not limited to edge lines, transitions, passing and no passing zones, gore areas, etc.



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UNIT WEIGHT E	ESTIMATES
EXISTING SUBGRADE	110 LBS/CF
ITEM 260 – LIME TRT (SUBGRADE)(8")(6% B	Y WT) 110 LBS/CF
ITEM 247 – FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TYA GR 1-2)(F	
ITEM 275 – CEMENT TRT (EXIST MATL & NE	
COMPACTION RE	<u>QUIREMENTS</u>
ITEM 132 – EMBANKMENT (FNL)(DC)(TY C)	
PLASTICITY INDEX	
PLASTICITY INDEX	
DENSITY	AS SHOWN ON TABLE 2 OF ITEM 132
LIFTS	ALL
COMPACTION REQUIREME	NTS FOR BASE COURSE
ITEM 247 - FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TYA GR 1-2)(F	
DENSITYLIFTS	100% MIN
ITEM 275 - CEMENT TRT (EXIST MATL & NEV	
DENSITY	95% MIN
LIFTS	ALL
INVEDTED DDI	IME COAT
ASPHALT TYPE	RC-250
AVERAGE ASPHALT RATE (GAL/SY)	0.2
AGGREGATE TYPE	
AGGREGATE GRADE	
AGGREGATE RATE (CY/SY)	
(
SURFACE TREAT	MENT DATA
1 ST COURSE	A CRIA (CRC A)
ASPHALT TYPE	ASPH (CRS-2)
ASPHALT RATE (GAL/SY)	
AVERAGE ASPHALT RATE (GAL/SY)	
AGGREGATE TYPE	
AGGREGATE CRADE	
AGGREGATE GRADE	UK-3 UK 35 SAC B

General Notes

Sheet M

County: Bee Control: 0988-01-025

Highway: FM 623

2 ND COURSE	
ASPHALT TYPE	ASPH (AC-15P, HFRS-2P OR CRS-2P)
ASPHALT RATE (GAL/SY)	0.28 – 0.36
AVERAGE ASPHALT RATE (GAL/SY)	0.32
AGGREGATE RATE (CY/SY)	1/110
AGGREGATE TYPE	PB
AGGREGATE GRADE	GR-4 OR 4S SAC B

General Notes Sheet N



FED.RD. DIV.NO.			HIGHWAY NO.
6			FM 623
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	
TEXAS	CRP	BEE	SHEET
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
0988	01	025	6F

Estimate & Quantity Sheet



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0988-01-025

DISTRICT Corpus Christi **HIGHWAY** FM 623

COUNTY Bee

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	0988-01	-025		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00176	929	1	
		CC	DUNTY	Bee	1	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 62	23	1	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	100-7001	PREPARING ROW	AC	1.400		1.400	
İ	104-7007	REMOV CONC (RIPRAP)	CY	1.000		1.000	
İ	106-7002	OBLITERATING ABANDONED ROAD	SY	1,940.000		1,940.000	
İ	110-7001	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	CY	3,163.000		3,163.000	
Ì	132-7006	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(TY C)	CY	2,319.000		2,319.000	
Ī	161-7002	COMPOST MANUF TOPSOIL (4")	SY	15,467.000		15,467.000	
Ī	164-7010	DRILL SEED (PERM_RURAL_CLAY)	SY	15,467.000		15,467.000	
Ī	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	284.000		284.000	
Ī	247-7259	FL BS (RDWY DEL)(TY A GR 1-2)(FNAL POS)	CY	2,924.000		2,924.000	
Ī	251-7054	REWORK BS MTL (TY C)(10")(DENS CONT)	SY	7,853.000		7,853.000	
Ī	260-7005	LIME (COM OR QK)(SLURRY)	TON	37.000		37.000	
Ī	260-7020	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	SY	1,843.000		1,843.000	
Ī	275-7001	CEMENT	TON	296.000		296.000	
Ī	275-7008	CEMENT TRT (EXIST MATL & NEW BASE)(10")	SY	14,333.000		14,333.000	
Ī	310-7006	PRIME COAT (RC-250)	GAL	3,128.000		3,128.000	
Ī	316-7011	ASPH (CRS-2)	GAL	5,841.000		5,841.000	
Ī	316-7070	ASPH(AC-15P, HFRS-2P OR CRS-2P)	GAL	4,796.000		4,796.000	
Ī	316-7209	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-3 OR 3S)(SAC-B)	CY	180.000		180.000	
Ī	316-7212	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-4S OR 4)(SAC-B)	CY	139.000		139.000	
Ī	316-7214	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-5)(SAC-B)	CY	119.000		119.000	
	400-7006	CUT & RESTORING PAV	SY	38.000		38.000	
	400-7010	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	10.000		10.000	
	401-7001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	1.620		1.620	
	464-7003	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	LF	324.000		324.000	
	467-7306	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (4: 1) (C)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	467-7307	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (C)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	467-7308	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-7004	REMOV STR (SET)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-7007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	40.000		40.000	
	496-7008	REMOV STR (BOX CULVERT)	LF	37.000		37.000	
[500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
[502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	6.000		6.000	
[503-7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	288.000		288.000	
[505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	87.000		87.000	
	505-7003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	18.000		18.000	
	506-7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	320.000		320.000	
	506-7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	320.000		320.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Corpus Christi	Bee	0988-01-025	7

Estimate & Quantity Sheet



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0988-01-025

DISTRICT Corpus Christi **HIGHWAY** FM 623

COUNTY Bee

		CONTROL SECTION	0988-0	1-025			
		PROJ	ECT ID	A0017	6929	1	
		CC	OUNTY	Be	e	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	FM 6	523	1	1114712
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	530-7005	INTERSECTIONS (SURF TREAT)	SY	396.000		396.000	
	644-7025	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	EA	13.000		13.000	
	644-7028	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA	9.000		9.000	
	644-7031	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-7073	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	31.000		31.000	
	658-7056	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC)GND	EA	6.000		6.000	
	662-7038	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	1,368.000		1,368.000	
	662-7114	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	608.000		608.000	
	666-7017	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(090MIL)	LF	468.000		468.000	
	666-7023	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	200.000		200.000	
	666-7410	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	5,843.000		5,843.000	
	666-7422	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	9,020.000		9,020.000	
	668-7089	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(24")(SLD)	LF	41.000		41.000	
	668-7091	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(ARROW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	668-7103	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(WORD)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	668-7125	PREFAB PM TY C (Y)(12")(SLD)	LF	153.000		153.000	
	672-7002	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	10.000		10.000	
	672-7004	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	452.000		452.000	
	08	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON-PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (NON- PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Corpus Christi	Bee	0988-01-025	7A

	FM 623 ROADWAY QUANTITIES												
							100	247	251	260	260	275	275
							7001	7259	7054	7005	7020	7001	7008
	L	OCATIO	N		LENGTH	SURF AREA	PREPARING	FL BS (RDWY DEL)	REWORK BS MTL	LIME	LIME TRT	CEMENT	CEMENT TRT
						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ROW	(TYA GR1-2)	(TY C)(10")	(COM OR QK)	(SUBGRADE)		(EXIST MATL &
								(FNAL POS)	(DENS CONT)	(SLURRY)	(8")		NEW BASE)(10")
STA		ТО	STA		FT	5Y	AC	CY	SY	TON	SY	TON	SY
1124+00	(A)	TO	1127+90	(A)	390	1820		329	1214			41	1972
1127+90	(A)	то	1136+35	(A)	845	4507	0.2	842	2629			99	4836
1137+11	(A)	ТО	1140+24	(A)	313	1669	0.9	498		37	1843		
1140+24	(A)	ТО	1144+80	(A)	456	2432	0.2	471	1419			54	2610
1144+80	(A)	ТО	1148+70	(A)	390	1820		329	1214			41	1972
828+72	(B)	TO	832+92	(B)	420	1960		318	1027			44	2124
832+92	(B)	ТО	834+35	(B)	143	763	0.1	137	350			17	819
	CSJ 0989-014-025 TOTALS:							2924	7853	37	1843	296	14333

	FM 623 ROADWAY QUANTITIES												
							310	316	316	316	316	316	
							7006	7011	7070	7209	7212	7214	
	L	OCATIO	N		LENGTH	SURF AREA	PRIME COAT	ASPH	ASPH(AC-15P,	AGGR (TY-PB,	AGGR (TY-PB,	AGGR	
						,	(RC-250)	(CRS-2)	HFRS-2P OR	GR-3 OR 3S)	GR-4 OR 4S)	(TY-PB, GR-5)	
									CRS-2P)	(SAC-B)	(SAC-B)	(SAC-B)	
STA		ТО	STA		FT	SY	GAL	GAL	GAL	CY	CY	CY	
1124+00	(A)	TO	1127+90	(A)	390	1820	382	710	583	22	17	15	
1127+90	(A)	TO	1136+35	(A)	845	4507	939	1758	1443	54	41	35	
1137+11	(A)	ТО	1140+24	(A)	313	1669	348	651	535	20	16	13	
1140+24	(A)	ТО	1144+80	(A)	456	2432	507	949	779	29	23	19	
1144+80	(A)	TO	1148+70	(A)	390	1820	382	710	583	22	17	15	
828+72	(B)	ТО	832+92	(B)	420	1960	411	765	628	24	18	16	
832+92	(B)	ТО	834+35	(B)	143	763	159	298	245	9	7	6	
				CSJ	0989-014-0	25 TOTALS:	3128	5841	4796	180	139	119	



FM 623

ROADWAY QUANTITIES SUMMARY

	2024	SHEET	1 C	OF 1		
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0988	01	025	FM 623			
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
CRP		BEE	8			

STATION	ALIGNMENT	EXCAVATION	EMBANKMENT	CUMULATIVE EXCAVATION	CUMULATIVE EMBANKMEN
		CY	CY	CY	CY
1124+00.00	(A)	0	0	0	0
1125+00.00	(A)	20.852	10.266	20.852	10.266
1126+00.00	(A)	38.725	27.936	59.577	38.202
1127+00.00	(A)	34.242	44.15	93.819	82.352
1127+43.68	(A)	32.546	49.592	126.365	131.944
1128+00.00	(A)	30.359	56.607	156.724	188.551
1129+00.00	(A)	29.533	71.488	186.257	260.039
1130+00.00	(A)	36.443	92.357	222.7	352.396
1131+00.00	(A)	35.284	135.077	257.984	487.473
1132+00.00	(A)	105.444	167.845	363.428	655.318
1133+00.00	(A)	213.905	169.665	<i>577.333</i>	824.983
1134+00.00	(A)	155.572	128.452	732.905	953.435
1135+00.00	(A)	58.187	87.633	791.092	1041.068
1136+00.00	(A)	89.202	90.802	880.294	1131.87
1137+00.00	(A)	170.494	60.311	1050.788	1192.181
1137+42.03	(A)	229.324	41.097	1280.112	1233.278
1138+00.00	(A)	310.48	14.59	1590.592	1247.868
1139+00.00	(A)	393.939	0	1984.531	1247.868
1140+00.00	(A)	338.206	0.154	2322.737	1248.022
1141+00.00	(A)	168.147	65.296	2490.884	1313.318
1142+00.00	(A)	31.65	116.401	2522.534	1429.719
1143+00.00	(A)	25.387	84.002	2547.921	1513.721
1144+00.00	(A)	24.824	64.202	2572.745	1577.923
1145+00.00	(A)	21.139	60.568	2593.884	1638.491
1146+00.00	(A)	22.586	49.8	2616.47	1688.291
1147+00.00	(A)	21.198	43.818	2637.668	1732.109
1148+00.00	(A)	20.718	36	2658.386	1768.109
1148+70.00	(A)	8.333	9.012	2666.719	1777.121

STATION	ALIGNMENT	EXCAVATION	EMBANKMENT	CUMULATIVE EXCAVATION	CUMULATIVE EMBANKMENT
		CY	CY	CY	CY
828+72.00	(B)	0	0	0	0
829+00.00	(B)	5.87	6.879	5.87	6.879
830+00.00	(B)	41.732	81.461	47.602	88.34
831+00.00	(B)	57.517	97.328	105.119	185.668
832+00.00	(B)	73.454	79.621	178.573	265.289
833+00.00	(B)	63.371	91.221	241.944	356.51
834+00.00	(B)	157.102	124.749	399.046	481.259
834+34.19	(B)	96.734	58.796	495.78	540.055

					110	132
			7001	7006		
		LOCATION			EXCAV	EMBANK
					(ROADWAY)	(FNL)(DC)
						(TY C)
<i>S</i> 7	ΓΑ	ТО	ST	ΓΑ	CY	CY
1124+00	(A)	ТО	1148+70	(A)	2667	1778
828+72	(B)	ТО	496	541		
		CSJ	0989-014-02	25 TOTALS:	3163	2319



Victoria L Humandez, P.E.

08/01/2024



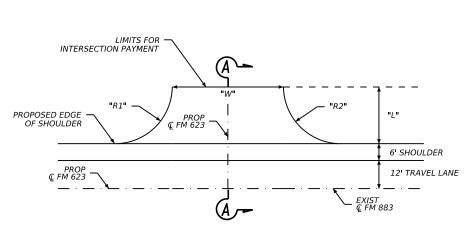
EARTHWORK QUANTITY SUMMARY

	2024	SHEET	1 (OF 1		
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0988	01	025		FM 623		
DIST		SHEET NO.				
	255					

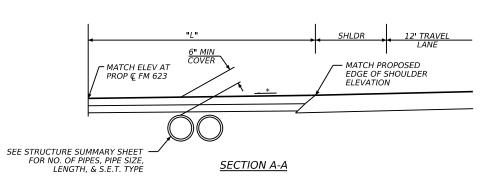
	C. HOUSE
7/31/2024 10:12:43 PM	
7/31/2024	A - 1 - 1 - 1
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	FM 623 INTERSECTION SUMMARY																										
																		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	530
														7005													
STATION	W	L	R1	R2	ASPH(AC-15P, HFRS-2P OR CRS-2P)	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-4 OR 4S)(SAC-B)	ASPH (CRS-2)	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-3 OR 3S)(SAC-B)	PRIME COAT (RC-250)	AGGR (TY-PB, GR-5)(SAC-B)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYA GR1-2)(FNAL POS)	LIME (COM OR QK)(SLURRY)	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (8")	INTERSECTIONS (SURF TREAT)													
	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	GAL	CY	GAL	CY	GAL	CY	CY	TON	SY	(SY)													
1136+59	48	53	50	50	127	4	154	5	79	3	114	8	423	396													
	0988-01-025 TOTALS:							396																			

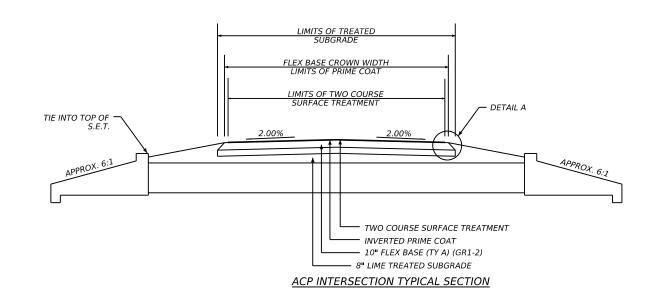
*ITEMS PAID SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 530. FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY.

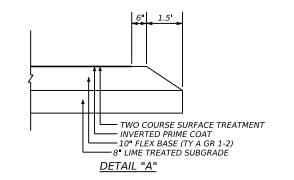


INTERSECTION PLAN VIEW



* SEE PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS FOR GRADE







Victoria L Humandez, P.E.

08/01/2024



INTERSECTION SUMMARY & DETAILS

	2024	SHEET	1 (OF 1
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0988	01	025		FM 623
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
CRP		BEE		10

APPROX. STATION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION REMOVE SM RD SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SUPRAM RD SN SN SN SN SN SN SN SN SN SN SN SN SN					FM 62.	S SUMMARY OF SIGNS TO BE REMOVED					
APPROX. STATION							644				
STATION							7073				
STATION											
STATION											
Supermont Supe						DESCRIPTION					
1 133+00							SUP&AM				
1 133+00											
1 133+00											
133+00							EA				
M6-4 SARROW-DUAL LIEFT & RICHTY - SAUX. SIGN >	01	1.33+00	LT	(FX)							
134+00											
134+00	02	133+50	RT	(EX)			1				
M6-1L							_				
04	03	134+00	LT	(EX)							
05											
06											
136+30											
136+70							+				
137+50											
138+45											
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	09	137+50	RI	(EX)			1				
D10-7aT							┨ .				
11	10	10 138+45 LI	LI	(EX)			\dashv				
1123+80											
12	11	1123+80	RT	(A)							
13	10	1126.14		(4)			1				
14 1128+05 RT (A) D1-1 BERCLAIR < ARROW-VERTICAL STRGHT> 1 15 1130+80 RT (A) W1-8L < CHEVRON RIGHT> 1 16 1130+85 LT (A) M3-4 WEST <auxiliary sign=""> 1 17 1131+50 RT (A) M1-6F < FM SHIELD> FARM ROAD (623) 1 18 1131+75 RT (A) M1-6F < FM SHIELD> FARM ROAD (883) 1 19 1133+28 LT (A) R1-1 STOP 1 20 1133+28 RT (A) R1-2-1T WEIGHT LIMIT (GROSS 58420 LBS) 1 21 1134+20 RT (A) R12-1T WEIGHT LIMIT (GROSS 58420 LBS) 1 22 1135+59 RT (A) R12-1T WEIGHT LIMIT (GROSS 58420 LBS) 1 21 1134+20 RT (A) R1-6F < FM SHIELD> FARM ROAD (883) 1 22 1135+59 RT (A) D2-1 BECALIR 16</auxiliary>	_										
15											
1130+85											
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15	1130+60	KI	(A)			1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16	1130+85	LT	(A)			1				
1131+50											
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17	1 1131+50 RT (A) 		1+50 RT (A)			1				
19 1133+28 LT (A) R1-1 STOP 1 20 1133+28 RT (A) R12-1T WEIGHT LIMIT (GROSS 58420 LBS) 1 21 1134+20 RT (A) M1-6F SEAST SHAUXILIARY SIGN> 1 21 1135+59 RT (A) M1-6F SFM SHIELD> FARM ROAD (883) 1 22 1135+59 RT (A) D2-1 BERCLAIR 16 1 23 1141+65 RT (A) W1-8L SCHEVRON RIGHT> 1 24 1142+35 RT (A) W1-8L SCHEVRON RIGHT> 1 25 1143+42 RT (A) W1-8L SCHEVRON RIGHT> 1 26 1145+56 RT (A) M3-2 EAST EAST AUXILIARY SIGN> 1 27 1147+95 RT (A) R2-1 SPEED LIMIT (60) 1 1 28 1149+00 LT (A) W1-2R(L) SYMBOL-HORIZ CURVE RIGHT 1 29 829+20 LT (B) M2-1 JCT JCT AUXILIARY SIGN> 1 30 833+00 LT (B) W3-	18	1131+75	RT	(Δ)			1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	_										
21 1134+20 RT (A) M1-6F <fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (883) 1 22 1135+59 RT (A) D2-1 BERCLAIR 16 1 23 1141+65 RT (A) W1-8L <chevron right=""> 1 24 1142+35 RT (A) W1-8L <chevron right=""> 1 25 1143+42 RT (A) W1-8L <chevron right=""> 1 26 1145+56 RT (A) M3-2 EAST EAST AUXILIARY SIGN> 1 27 1147+95 RT (A) R2-1 SPEED LIMIT (60) 1 28 1149+00 LT (A) W1-2R(L) SYMBOL-HORIZ CURVE RIGHT 1 29 829+20 LT (B) M2-1 JCT<auxiliary sign=""> 1 30 833+00 LT (B) W3-1 STOP SIGN AHEAD 1 31 834+00 RT (B) R2-1 SPEED LIMIT (55) 1</auxiliary></chevron></chevron></chevron></fm>				(- 9			_				
D10-7aT	21	1134+20	RT	(A)			\dashv $_{1}$				
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$, ,	D10-7aT						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22	1135+59	RT	(A)	D2-1	BERCLAIR 16	1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	_										
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24						1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25	1143+42	RT		W1-8L	<chevron right=""></chevron>	1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.5	1145:55			M3-2	EAST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	_				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26	1145+56	RT	(A)			\exists				
28 1149+00 LT (A) W13-1P (30) MPH < ADVISORY SPEED PLAQUE> 1 29 829+20 LT (B) M2-1 JCT < AUXILIARY SIGN> 1 30 833+00 LT (B) W3-1 STOP SIGN AHEAD 1 31 834+00 RT (B) R2-1 SPEED LIMIT (55) 1	27	1147+95	RT	(A)	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT (60)	1				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20	1140 00	1.7	(4)	W1-2R(L)	SYMBOL-HORIZ CURVE RIGHT	7				
29 829+20 LT (B) M1-6F <fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623) 1 30 833+00 LT (B) W3-1 STOP SIGN AHEAD 1 31 834+00 RT (B) R2-1 SPEED LIMIT (55) 1</fm>	_∠8	1149+00	LI	(A)	W13-1P	7 1					
M1-6F <fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623) </fm>	20	020 20	17	(D)	M2-1	JCT <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>					
31 834+00 RT (B) R2-1 SPEED LIMIT (55) 1	29	029+20	LI	(B)	M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	1				
	30	833+00	LT	(B)	W3-1	STOP SIGN AHEAD	1				
CSJ 0988-01-025 TOTALS: 31	31	834+00	RT	(B)	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT (55)	1				
						CSJ 0988-01-025 TOTAL	S: 31				

	FM 623 REMOVAL QUANTITIES								
					104	106	496	496	496
					7007	7002	7004	7007	7008
	L	OCATIO	N		REMOV CONC	OBLITERATING	REMOV STR	REMOV STR	REMOV STR
					(RIPRAP)	ABANDONED	(SET)	(PIPE)	(BOX CULVERT)
						ROAD		*	**
STA		TO	STA		CY	SY	EA	LF	LF
1124+00	(A)	TO	1148+36	(A)	1		2		37
828+73	73 (B) TO 834+35 (B)					40			
132+15	132+15 (EX) TO 138+15 (EX)				1940				
•	_	CSJ 09	989-014-025	TOTALS:	1	1940	2	40	37

^{*} EXISTING STRUCTURE 1 ~ 18" x 40' PIPE



REMOVAL SUMMARY SHEET

	2024	SHEET	SHEET 1 OF 1			
CONT	SECT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY				
0988	01 025 FM 623			FM 623		
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
CDD		DEE	11			

^{**} EXISTING STRUCTURE 1 ~ 4' x 2' x 37' BOX CULVERT

07/28	pw:\\
)ATE:	FILE:

	FM 623 DRAINAGE QUANTITIES										
			400 400 401 464			464	467	467	467		
			7006	7010	7001	7003	7306	7307	7308		
LOCATION	24	DRADACED CTRUCTURE	CUT &	CEM STABIL	FLOWABLE	RC PIPE	SET (TY II)	SET (TY II)	SET (TY II)		
LOCATIO	JIV	PROPOSED STRUCTURE	RESTORING PAV	BKFL	BACKFILL	(CL III) (18 IN)	(18 IN) (RCP)	(18 IN) (RCP)	(18 IN) (RCP)		
							(4:1) (C)	(6:1) (C)	(6:1) (P)		
			SY	CY	CY	LF	EA	EA	EA		
1131+50	(A)	3 ~ 18" x 60' RCP w/ SETs	28	3	1.62	180	3	3			
1136+78.55	(A)	1 ~ 18" x 84' RCP w/ SETs		1		84			2		
832+75	(B)	1 ~ 18" x 60' RCP w/ SETs	10	6		60	1	1			
		CSJ 0988-01-025 TOTALS:	38	10	1.62	324	4	4	2		



FM 623

DRAINAGE SUMMARY SHEET

	2024	SHEET	SHEET 1 OF 1					
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
0988	01	025		FM 623				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
CRP		BEE		12				

FM 623 SMALL	FM 623 SMALL SIGN MOUNTING SUMMARY (CSJ 0988-01-025)								
	644	644	644						
	7025	7028	7031						
SUMMARY SHEET	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U)						
	EA	EA	EA						
1	13	9	1						
CSJ 0988-01-025 TOTALS:	13	9	1						

Texas Department of Transportation

FM 623

SIGN MOUNTING SUMMARY

	2024	SHEET	1 (OF 1		
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0988	01	025		FM 623		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
CRP			13			

					12	3	SM RI) SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	XX (X-XXXX)	00100
					<u>۳</u>	ALUMINUM (TYPE G)			<u> </u>			BRIDGE
PLAN					₹	<u> </u>						CLEARAN
SHEET	SIGN	SIGN			≥	_	POST TYPE	POSTS			ITING DESIGNATION	SIGNS
NO.	NO.	NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	₹	₹	FDD - Fiberaless		UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED		(See Note
					₹	₹	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall	l	1	D - "Dia'a"	BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	Note
					₹	₹	10BWG = 10 BWG	1 or 2	SB=Slipbase-Bolt	T = "T"	Channel	TY = TY
					FLAT	EXAL	S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel	 U = "U"	EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	TY N
						û			WP=Wedge Plastic		Pane I s	TY S
1	1	W2-2L	SYMBOL - SIDE ROAD AHEAD LEFT	30 x 30	х		S80	1	SA	Т		
1	2	M2-1	JCT <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	21 x 15	x		S80	1	SA	P		
-		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (883)</fm>	24 x 24	X		500		- CA			
1	3 4	D1-1 D2-1	(PETTUS) <up arrow=""> (BERCLAIR) (16)</up>	66 x 18 78 x 18	X X		S80 S80	1	SA SA	T T		
1	5	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT (65)	30 x 36	$\frac{\lambda}{x}$		580	1	SA SA	P		
1	6	R12-1T	WEIGHT LIMIT/GROSS (58420) LBS	24 x 36	X		580	1	SA	P		
2	7	M3-4	WEST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	24 x 12	x		580	1	SA	P		
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	24 x 24	х							
		D10-7aT	<3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER> (538)	3 x 10	X	_		<u> </u>				
		D10-7aT	<3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER> (538)	3 x 10	X							
2	8	M3-2	EAST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	24 x 12	X	\vdash	580	1	SA	P		-
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	24 x 24	X							
2	9	M6-1 M3-2	<arrow -="" horiz.="" strght=""> <auxiliary sign=""> EAST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary></auxiliary></arrow>	21 x 15 24 x 12	X		S80	1	SA	U		1
	9	M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (883)</fm>	24 x 12	X		360		JA	0		
		M6-1	<pre><arrow -="" horiz.="" strght=""> <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary></arrow></pre>	21 x 15	x							
		M3-4	WEST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	24 x 12	x							
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	24 x 24	х							
		M6-1	<arrow -="" horiz.="" strght=""> <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary></arrow>	21 x 15	х							
2	10	R1-1	STOP	36 x 36	x		580	1	SA	T		
		W4-4P	CROSS TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP (PLAQUE)	24 x 12	x							
2	11	M3-2	EAST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	24 x 12	x		<i>S</i> 80	1	SA	P		
_	12	M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	24 x 24	X		C00	,	C4	P		
2 2	12 13	R2-1 D1-1	SPEED LIMIT (65) BERCLAIR <left arrow=""></left>	30 x 36 78 x 18	<u>х</u>	_	580 580	1 1	SA SA	T		
2	14	W3-1	SYMBOL - STOP AHEAD	30 x 30	×		580	1	SA	, T		
3	15	M3-2	EAST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	24 x 12	x		580	1	SA	P		
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (883)</fm>	24 x 24	X							
		M6-1	<arrow -="" horiz.="" strght=""> <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary></arrow>	21 x 15	х							
3	16	M2-1	JCT <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	21 x 15	x		580	1	SA	P		
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	24 x 24	X							
3	17	W2-4	SYMBOL - TEE INTERSECTION AHEAD	30 x 30	x		580	1	SA	T		
<i>3</i>	18 19	W2-2R	SYMBOL - SIDE ROAD AHEAD RIGHT	30 x 30	X		S80 S80	1	SA SA	T P		
2	20	R2-1 M2-1	SPEED LIMIT (55) ICT <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	30 x 36 21 x 15	X X	_	580 580	1	SA SA	P		
	20	M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	24 x 24	$\frac{x}{x}$	1	300	-	35	'		
2	21	M3-2	EAST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	24 x 12	x		580	1	SA	P		
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (883)</fm>	24 x 24	х							
2	22	M3-2	EAST <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary>	24 x 12	х		580	1	SA	P		
		M1-6F	<fm shield=""> FARM ROAD (623)</fm>	24 x 24	X							
		M6-1	<arrow -="" horiz.="" strght=""> <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary></arrow>	21 x 15	X							
		D10-7aT D10-7aT	<3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER> (542) <3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER> (542)	3 x 10 3 x 10	X							
2	23	W1-7T	<pre><3 DIGIT VERTICAL NUMBER > (342) <bi-directional arrw="" chevrons="" lrg="" w=""></bi-directional></pre>	96 x 36	X		580	1	SA	T		
\neg				1	 	Т						
					\bot							
					+	\vdash		<u> </u>				-
				1	+	\vdash						
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				1								
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ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS							
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness						
Less than 7.5	0.080"						
7.5 to 15	0.100"						
Greater than 15	0.125"						

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0988	01	025		FM	623
6		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
•		CRP		BEE			14

	FM 623 SURFACE DETAIL SUMMARY																
					658	662	662	666	666	666	666	668	668	668	668	672	672
					7056	7038	7114	7017	7023	7410	7422	7089	7091	7103	7125	7002	7004
SHEET NO.	L	OCATIC	DΝ		INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC) GND	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB) TY Y-2	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8" (DOT)(090MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8" (SLD)(090MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6* (SLD)(090MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)6" (SLD)(100MIL)	PREFAB PM TY C (W) (24•)(SLD)	PREFAB PM TY C (W) (ARROW)	PREFAB PM TY C (W) (WORD)	PREFAB PM TY C (Y) (12")(SLD)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
	STA	TO	STA		EA	LF	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	LF	EA	EA
7	1112+00 (A)	TO	1122+00	(A)													
1	1122+00 (A)	TO	1132+00	(A)				137		1600	2676		1	1			134
	1132+00 (A)	TO	1138+00	(A)	4			104	200	1063	1020	41	2	2		10	51
2	1138+00 (A)	ТО	1148+00	(A)				227		2000	2940		1	1			147
	828+75 (B)	то	834+35	(B)	2					1040	2104				153		106
-	1148+00 (A)	ТО	1158+00	(A)						140	280						14
3	818+75 (B)	ТО	828+75	(B)													
	•	CSJ 0	988-01-025 7	OTALS:	6	1368	608	468	200	5843	9020	41	4	4	153	10	452



FM 623

SURFACE DETAILS SUMMARY SHEET

	2024	SHEET	SHEET 1 OF 1					
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
0988	01	025		FM 623				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
CRP		BEE		15				

	FM 623 SW3P SUMMARY											
						161 164		168	506	506		
						7002	7010	7001	7039	7041		
SHEET		L	OCATIO	N		COMPOST MANUF	DRILL SEED	VEGETATIVE	TEMP SEDMT	TEMP SEDMT		
						TOPSOIL (4")	(PERM_RURAL_	WATERING	CONT FENCE	CONT FENCE		
							CLAY)		(INSTALL)	(REMOVE)		
	STA		ТО	STA		SY	SY	TGL	LF	LF		
1	1123+50	(A)	ТО	1141+00	(A)	9353	9353	171	240	240		
2	1141+00	(A)	TO	1153+00	(A)	3072	3072	<i>57</i>				
2	821+50	-50 (B) TC		TO 833+50 (B)		3042	3042	56	80	80		
			CSJ 0	988-01-025 T	OTALS:	15467	15467	284	320	320		



FM 623

SW3P SUMMARY SHEET

		2024	SHEET	1 C	OF 1	
ı	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
ı	0988	01	025		FM 623	
ı	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	CRP		BEE		16	

GENERAL NOTES FOR SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- ALL BEGINNING AND ENDING BARRICADES AND SIGNS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION
- ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL CONFORM WITH THE BC STANDARD SHEETS, TCP SHEETS, AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".
- CW20-1D, G20-2A & EITHER G20-1bL or G20-lbR SIGNS WILL BE REQUIRED AT ALL PUBLIC ROADS, AND INTERSECTIONS WITHIN LIMITS. IG20-2AI SIGNS MAY BE MOUNTED ON BACK OF CW20-ID, SEE BC(2)-21.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE FOR SAFE AND CONVENIENT INGRESS AND EGRESS TO ABUTTING PROPERTY, HIGHWAY, PUBLIC ROAD, AND STREET CROSSING FOR ALL VEHICLES. IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN ALL CROSSINGS IN A SAFE AND PASSABLE CONDITION
- REFER TO THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARD SHEETS FOR REQUIRED SPACING OF SIGNS
- THE CONTRACTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO FURNISH ADDITIONAL BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND WARNING LIGHTS TO MAINTAIN TRAFFIC AND PROMOTE MOTORISTS SAFETY. ANY SUCH ADDITIONAL SIGNS AND BARRICADES SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- 7. ALL SIGNS SHALL BE NEW OR FRESHLY PAINTED AND KEPT CLEAN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- ALL TRAFFIC BARRELS & EDGE LINE CHANNELIZERS SHALL BE USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND SHALL HAVE A 7 PRISMATIC REFLECTOR UNIT, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- SIGNS, PAVEMENT MARKINGS, CHANNELIZING DEVICES, AND OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH INTENDED TRAVEL PATHS THROUGH THE PROJECT AREA SHALL BE REMOVED
- 10. CONSTRUCT THE ROADWAY WIDENING IN SEGMENTS AS NOTED IN THE PHASE NARRATIVE AND ON TCP $\textit{SHEETS. FLEX BASE WIDENING SHALL BE COMPLETED ON ONE SIDE AT A TIME, UNLESS THERE IS PRIOR$ APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER. DO NOT PROCEED TO THE NEXT ROADWAY SEGMENT WITHOUT APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A PILOT CAR AND QUALIFIED FLAGGERS EQUIPPED WITH TWO-WAY COMMUNICATION TO HANDLE TRAFFIC THROUGH THE WORK AREAS. ALL SIGNS, EQUIPMENT, LABOR, AND INCIDENTALS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- PRIOR TO THE END OF WORK EACH DAY, THE ROADWAY MUST BE REOPENED TO TWO WAY TWO LANE TRAFFIC WITHIN THE ENTIRE PROJECT LIMITS, UNLESS A PORTABLE TRAFFIC SIGNAL IS IN PLACE. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL ANY SECTION OF THE ROADWAY BE RESTRICTED TO ONE LANE WITHOUT QUALIFIED FLAGGERS PRESENT AT BOTH ENDS OF THE LANE CLOSURE, EQUIPPED WITH TWO-WAY COMMUNICATION DEVICES TO PROVIDE SAFE TRAFFIC CONTROL.
- 13. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN NO LONGER NEEDED. WHEN WORK IS SUSPENDED FOR SHORT TIME PERIOD, ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS THAT ARE NO LONGER APPROPRIATE SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE PROJECT AREA.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MARKING THE LOCATION OF ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL STRIPING AND PERMANENT STRIPING AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER
- 15. SHORT TERM FLEXIBLE REFLECTIVE ROADWAY TABS SHALL BE USED TO DELINEATE THE CENTERLINE AND TURNING LANES FOR A MAXIMUM OF 14 DAYS. PERMANENT STRIPING SHALL THEN BE PLACED.
 PERMANENT STRIPING SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WILL ALL APPLICABLE STANDARDS. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD BE AWARE, DEPENDING ON THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, THE STRIPING CREW MAY HAVE SEVERAL MOVE-INS. ALL SHORT TERM FLEXIBLE REFLECTIVE ROADWAY TABS SHALL BE REPLACED AS NEEDED WITHIN THAT 14 DAY PERIOD AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT AN ALTERNATE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AND/OR AN ALTERNATE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, IN ADVANCE AND IN WRITING, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. REFER TO ITEM 502.2 - CONSTRUCTION.
- IN AREAS WHERE ROADWAY IS BEING WORKED ADJACENT TO UNWORKED ROADWAY, A 150' LONG TRANSITION WILL BE MADE TO ACCOUNT FOR ANY VERTICAL DROP OFFS OR CHANGES IN CROSS SLOPE. THE MATERIAL USED SHALL BE FLEX BASE OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE MATERIAL AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

UNEVEN LANES

- ANY VERTICAL OR NEAR VERTICAL LONGITUDINAL FACE EXCEEDING ONE INCHES IN HEIGHT IN THE PAVEMENT SURFACE- OPEN TO TRAFFIC AT THE END OF THE WORKDAY SHALL BE SLOPED A MINIMUM OF 3:1. TRANSVERSE FACES THAT ARE PRESENT AT THE END OF THE WORKDAY SHALL BE TAPERED IN A MANNER ACCEPTABLE TO THE ENGINEER.
- SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ADVANCE TO THE CONDITION AND REPEATED EVERY 1 MILE. SIGNS INSTALLED ALONG THE UNEVEN LANE CONDITION SHOULD BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH THE "NEXT XX MILES" MILES SIGN (CW21-16) OR ADVISORY SPEED SIGN (SCW13-1). SEE WZ(UL)-13 FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- UNEVEN LANE SIGNS (CWB-11) SHALL BE ERECTED ON BOTH ENDS ON THE AREA WHERE THERE IS A DIFFERENCE IN ELEVATION BETWEEN ADJACENT LANES GREATER THAN ONE INCH.

PAVEMENT DROP-OFF

- MAXIMUM ELEVATION DROP-OFF ON PAVEMENT EDGE SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE INCH WHEN TRAFFIC IS ALLOWED ADJACENT TO THE DROP-OFF. THE SLOPE MUST BE COMPACTED MATERIAL CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING VEHICLES. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE
- SIGNING FOR PAVEMENT DROP-OFF (CW8-9a) SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN ADVANCE OF THE CONDITION AND REPEATED EVERY 1 MILE. SIGNS INSTALLED ALONG THE PAVEMENT EDGE SHOULD BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH THE 'NEXT XX MILES' SIGN (CW21-16) OR ADVISORY SPEED SIGN (CW13-1).

GENERAL SUGGESTED SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- INSTALL PROJECT LIMIT AND ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS, BC, TCP, AND WZ STANDARDS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- PLACE AND MAINTAIN SW3P DEVICES AS SHOWN IN THE SW3P LAYOUTS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER
- FOLLOW PHASE NARRATIVE APPROPRIATE FOR WORK AS DESCRIBED ON THIS SHEET AND AS SHOWN ON THE TCP TYPICAL SHEETS.

PHASE 1

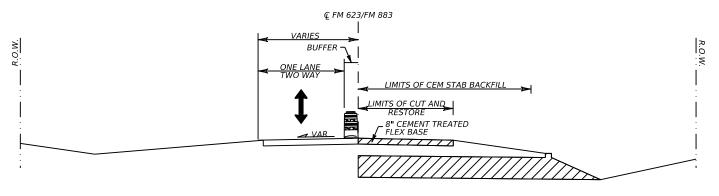
- PREPARE ROW, BLADE EXISTING TOPSOIL INTO NEAT WINDROWS AT RIGHT OF WAY LINE. KEEP CLEAN AND DO NOT CONTAMINATE WITH CEMENT TREATED CLIPPINGS, ETC. TOPSOIL TO BE REDISTRIBUTED ACROSS EMBANKMENT TO HELP REESTABLISH VEGETATION.
- CONSTRUCT FM623 (A) FROM STA 1136+59 (A) TO 1140+24 (A) UP TO INVERTED PRIME IN ACCORDANCE WITH TYPICAL SECTIONS, PLAN & PROFILE SHEETS, AND CULVERT LAYOUT SHEET

PHASE 2

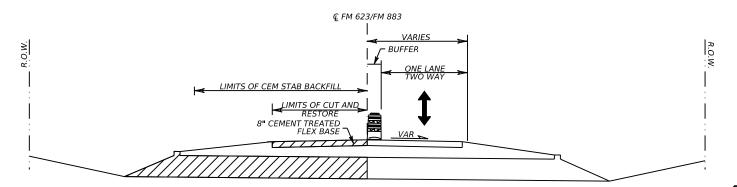
RECONSTRUCT CULVERTS IN HALF WIDTHS USING TCP(2-2b)-18. OPEN ROADWAY TO UNRESTRICTED THRU TRAFFIC AT THE END OF EACH DAY.

LOCATIONS

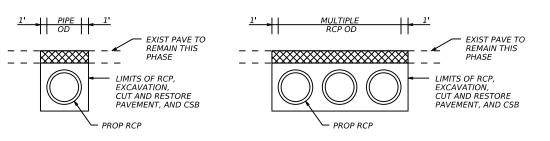
CULVERT A - STA 1131+50 (A) CULVERT C - STA 832+75 (B)



PHASE 2A



PHASE 2B





- CEMENT TREATED FLEX BASE (8") (TY A)(GR 1-2)



SURFACE WIDTH

SHOULDER-UP DETAIL

08/01/2024

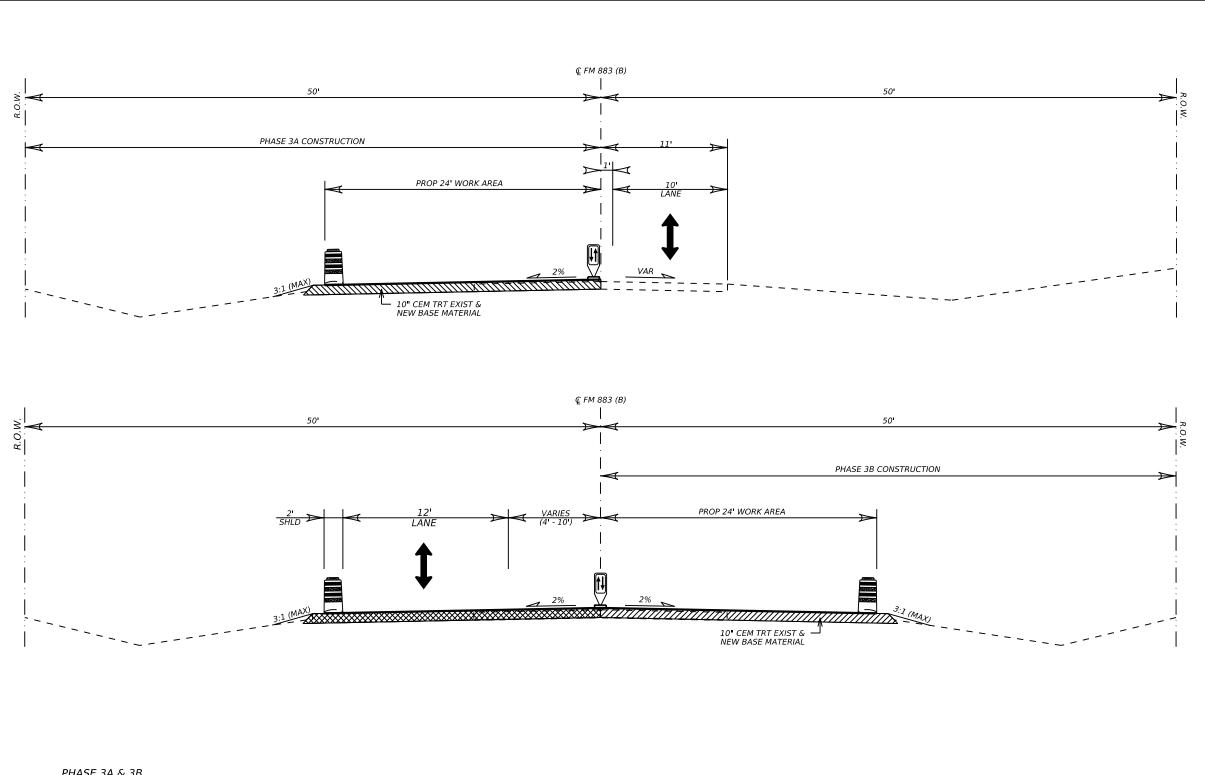


FM 623

SUGGESTED SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

	2024	SHEET	1 ()F 3
ONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
988	01	025		FM 623
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
RP.		BEE	17	





LEGEND

ONE LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC



AREA OF CONSTRUCTION



NOTES

- 1. CONSTRUCTION SHALL NOT EXCEED ON (1) MILE IN LENGTH.
 - THE ROADWAY SHALL BE WORKED IN HALF WIDTHS WHILE UTILIZING APPROPRIATE TCP STANDARDS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO TCP (2-2)-18, & WZ (RS)-16. AN APPROPRIATE ROADWAY LENGTH SHALL BE WORKED SO THAT AT THE END OF EACH DAY, BOTH HALVES OF THE ROADWAY SHALL BE OPEN TO TRAFFIC AND HAVE NO VERTICAL DROP OFFS.
- TWO LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC OPERATION TO BE USED AT THE END OF DAILY OPERATION. OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS SHALL BE PLACED ALONG CENTERLINE.
 DROP OFF SHALL NOT EXCEED 2". SEE
 SHOULDER-UP DETAIL.
 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS SHALL BE
- USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH APPLICABLE TCP



08/01/2024

Texas Department of Transportation

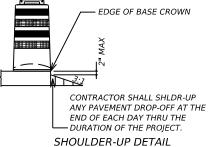
FM 623

SUGGESTED SEQUENCE OF **CONSTRUCTION**

	2024	SHEET	2 (OF 3	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0988	01	025	FM 623		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
CRP		BEE		18	

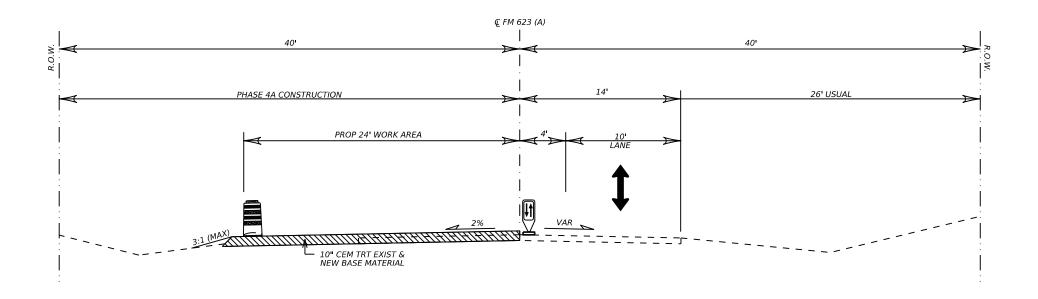
PHASE 3A & 3B

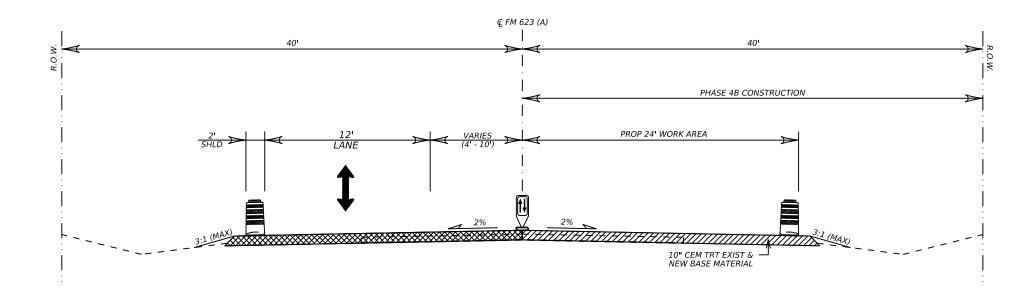
- USING TCP(2-2b)-18 FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL, SACRIFY EXISTING ROADWAY AND DISTRIBUTE EXISTING BASE
- HAUL IN, PLACE NEW FLEX BASE, SPREAD TO PROPOSED PAVEMENT LIMITS, CEMENT TREAT NEW AND EXIST MATERIAL, AND SHAPE WITH 2% CROSS SLOPE ON ONE SIDE OF THE ROADWAY BEFORE MOVING TO THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE ROAD FOR A LENGTH NOT TO EXCEED 1 (ONE) MILE.
- COMPACT AND FINISH SECTION TO CARRY TRAFFIC AT THE END OF EACH DAYS OPERATION. PROVIDE A SMOOTH AND TRAVERSABLE TRANSITION CONSTRUCTED ROADWAY TO EXISTING ROADWAY (SEE TAPER DETAIL).
- PLACE INVERTED PRIME NO MORE THAN 5 DAYS AFTER CEMENT TREATMENT, PRIOR TO CONTINUING THE NEXT SECTION OF THE ROADWAY.
- 5. PLACE OTLD DIVIDERS AT THE END OF EACH DAYS OPERATIONS. (SEE BC(9)-21).
- OPEN ROADWAY TO UNRESTRICTED THRU TRAFFIC AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.



MATERIAL AND LABOR WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247

CROSS SLOPE AND VERTICAL TRANSITION TAPER DETAIL





<u>PHASE 4A & 4B</u>

- USING TCP(2-2b)-18 FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL, SACRIFY EXISTING ROADWAY AND DISTRIBUTE EXISTING BASE MIXTURE TO PROPOSED WIDTH.
- HAUL IN, PLACE NEW FLEX BASE, SPREAD TO PROPOSED PAVEMENT LIMITS, CEMENT TREAT NEW AND EXIST MATERIAL, AND SHAPE WITH 2% CROSS SLOPE ON ONE SIDE OF THE ROADWAY BEFORE MOVING TO THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE ROAD FOR A LENGTH NOT TO EXCEED 1 (ONE) MILE.
- COMPACT AND FINISH SECTION TO CARRY TRAFFIC AT THE END OF EACH DAYS OPERATION. PROVIDE A SMOOTH AND TRAVERSABLE TRANSITION CONSTRUCTED ROADWAY TO EXISTING ROADWAY (SEE TAPER DETAIL).
- PLACE INVERTED PRIME NO MORE THAN 5 DAYS AFTER CEMENT TREATMENT, PRIOR TO CONTINUING
- PLACE OTLD DIVIDERS AT THE END OF EACH DAYS OPERATIONS. (SEE BC(9)-21).
- OPEN ROADWAY TO UNRESTRICTED THRU TRAFFIC AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.

PHASE 5

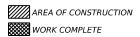
- PLACE THE FIRST SURFACE TREATMENT NO LATER THEN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS AFTER PLACEMENT OF INVERTED PRIME, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- PLACE NON-REMOVABLE WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKERS TO DELINEATE CENTERLINE IF FINAL SURFACE TREATMENT IS NOT PLACED WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS.

PHASE 6

- PLACE FINAL SURFACE TREATMENT AND DELINEATE CENTERLINE USING WORKZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- PLACE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND PAVEMENT MARKERS USING TCP(3-1)-13 & TCP(3-3)-14.
- OBLITERATE ABANDONED ROADWAY. EVENLY REDISTRIBUTE WINDROWED TOPSOIL, STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS, REGRADE DITCHES, AND ESTABLISH VEGETATION.
- INSTALL NEW SIGNS, DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS.

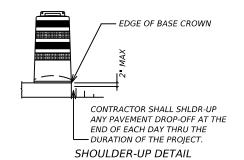


ONE LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC



NOTES

- CONSTRUCTION SHALL NOT EXCEED ON (1) MILE IN LENGTH.
- THE ROADWAY SHALL BE WORKED IN HALF WIDTHS WHILE UTILIZING APPROPRIATE TCP STANDARDS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO TCP (2-2)-18, & WZ (RS)-16. AN APPROPRIATE ROADWAY LENGTH SHALL BE WORKED SO THAT AT THE END OF EACH DAY, BOTH HALVES OF THE ROADWAY SHALL BE OPEN TO TRAFFIC AND HAVE NO VERTICAL DROP OFFS.
- TWO LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC OPERATION TO BE USED AT THE END OF DAILY OPERATION. OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS SHALL BE PLACED ALONG CENTERLINE.
- DROP OFF SHALL NOT EXCEED 2". SEE SHOULDER-UP DETAIL.
- PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS SHALL BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH APPLICABLE TCP STANDARDS.



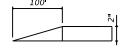


08/01/2024



SUGGESTED SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

2024 SHEET			3 (OF 3	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0988	01	025	FM 623		
DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
CRP	BEE			10	



CROSS SLOPE AND VERTICAL TRANSITION TAPER DETAIL

MATERIAL AND LABOR WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 247

PREFORM FINAL SITE CLEAN UP, REMOVE SW3P DEVICES, AND REMOVE PROJECT LIMIT/ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS.

- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion address of compages results or damages resulting from its use. (01055/4 - Design/Plan Set/2, TCP/Standards/BC (1)-21 HRRU BC (12)-21, and

ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

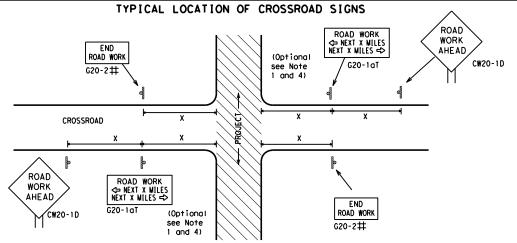
devices

Barricade or

channelizina

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices



- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' -1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

onventional

48" x 48"

36" × 36'

48" x 48"

SPACING

Expressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
48" × 48"	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
48" × 48"	50	400
	55	500 ²
	60	600 ²
	65	700 ²
48" × 48"	70	800 ²
	75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²
	*	* 3

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS * * R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK R20-3T * * WORK G20-10T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow ➾ \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

★ ★G20-9TP

¥ ¥R20-5T

X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT

SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

× + G20-5T

* *G20-6T

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

ROAD

WORK

√2 MILE

CW20-1E

ZONE

TRAFFI

FINES

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END |

WORK ZONE G20-26T * *

G20-10

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 \Rightarrow

R20-3T

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND					
⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices				
4	Sign				
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

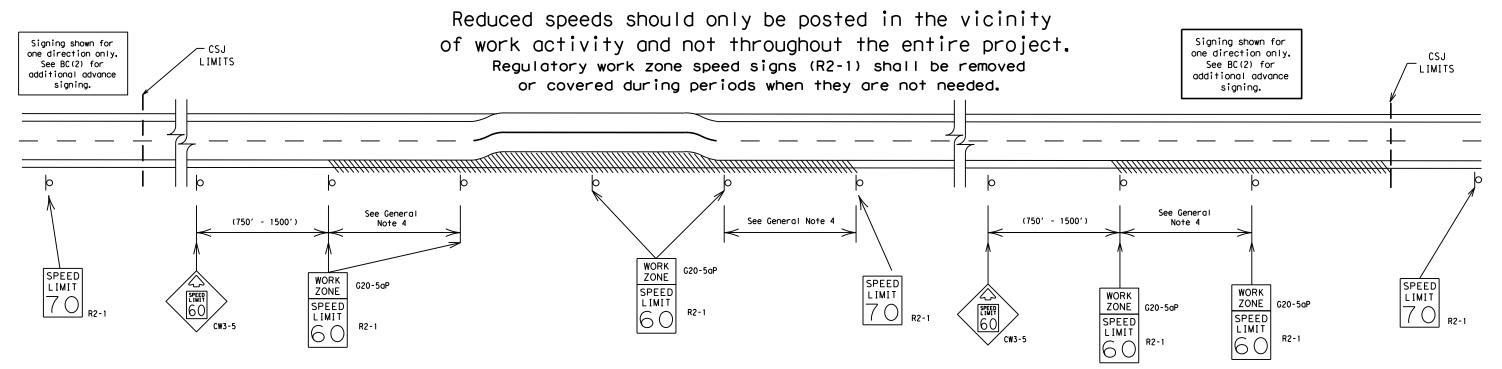
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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7-13	5-21	CRP		BEE			21

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

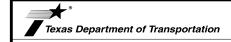
- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

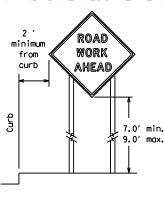
Traffic Safety Division Standard

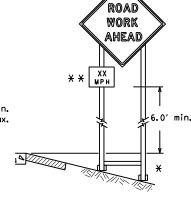
BC(3)-21

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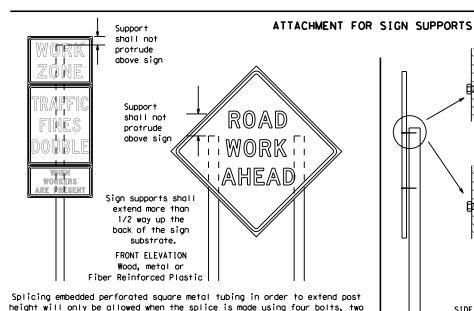
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- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - * * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports Nails shall NOT be allowed.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

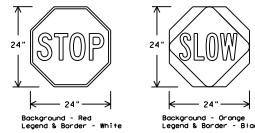
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.

3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

SIGN LETTERS 1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY
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7-13	5-21	CRP		REF			23

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

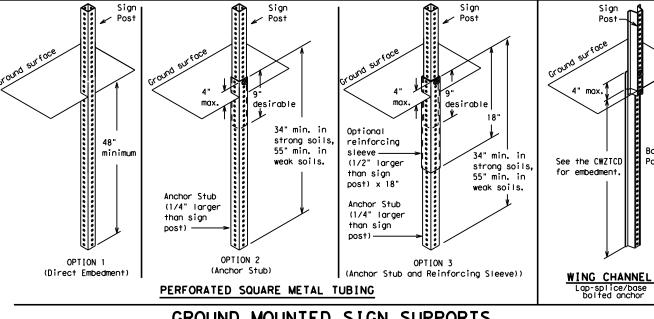
weld starts here

¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of * Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face sign face 2x6 4x4 block block 72" Length of skids may Top be increased for wood additional stability. post for sign Top 2x4 x 40" 30" height 24" 2x4 brace for sign requirement height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requiremen or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

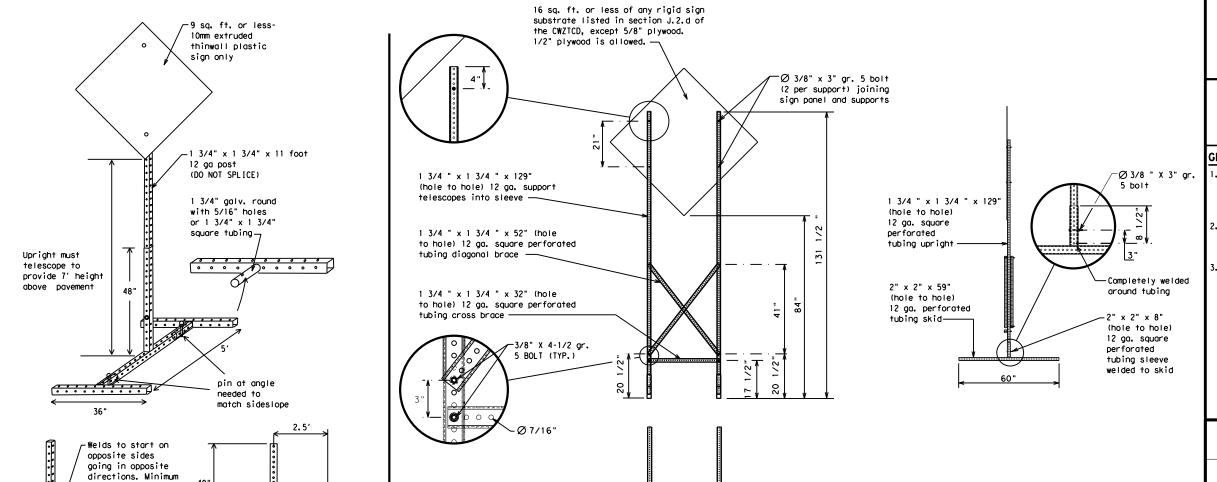
12 ga. upright

SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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7-13	5-21	CRP		BEE			24

32'

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

warranty of any the conversion ts use.

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit romp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			1
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SERV RD
East	F	Service Road	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SLIP
Emergency	EMER .	Slippery	S
Emergency Vehicle		South	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	SPD SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING		11171
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Time Minutes Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HWT		
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN WED
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit West	M. TIWII
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED		
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		/Effect on Travel _ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
•	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
se 2.	STAY IN LANE	*	* *	See Application Guidel	ines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



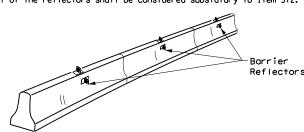
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H)	GHWAY
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7-13	5-21	CRP	CRP BEE				25

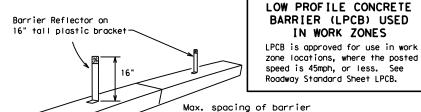
100

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

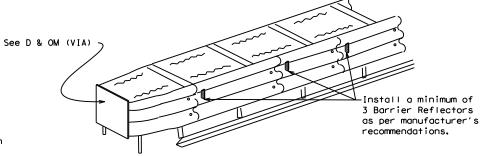
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



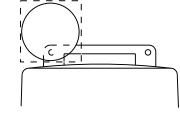
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

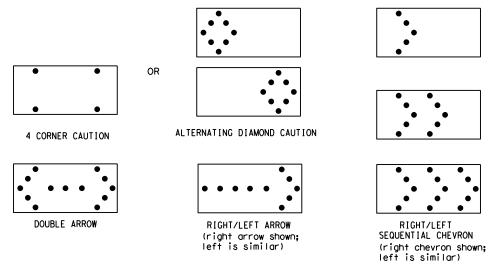
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

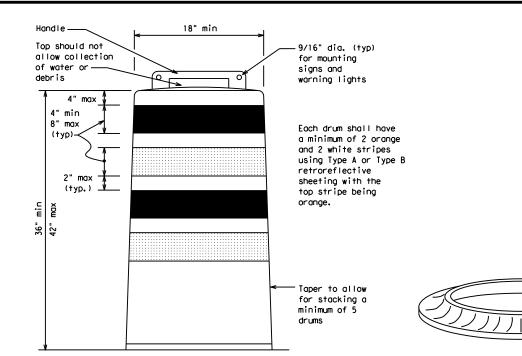
 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

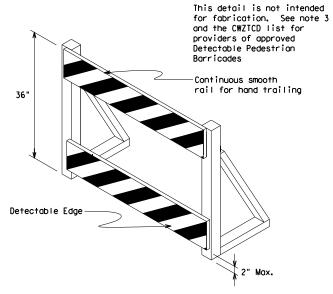
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond puts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

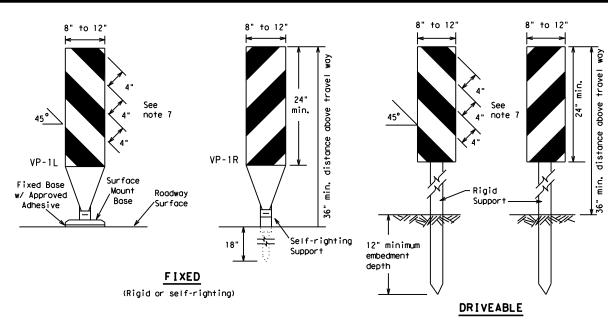


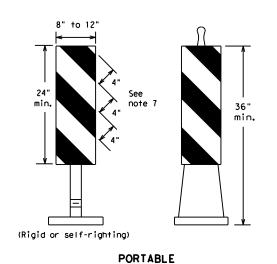
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

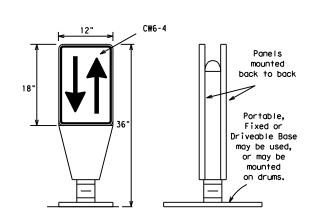
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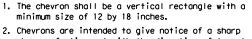
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

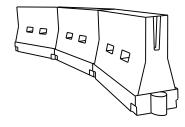


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X**			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	6001	50°	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55°	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

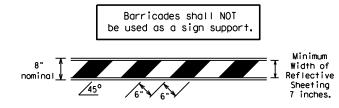
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

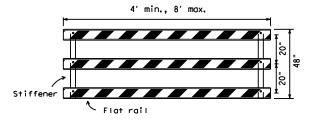
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- . Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 7. Worthing trights shall not be installed on barricades.
 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting.
 Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

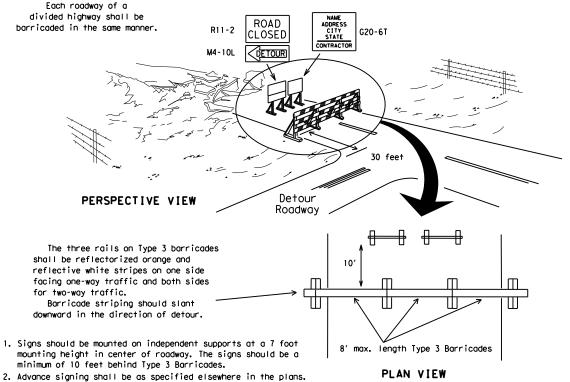


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

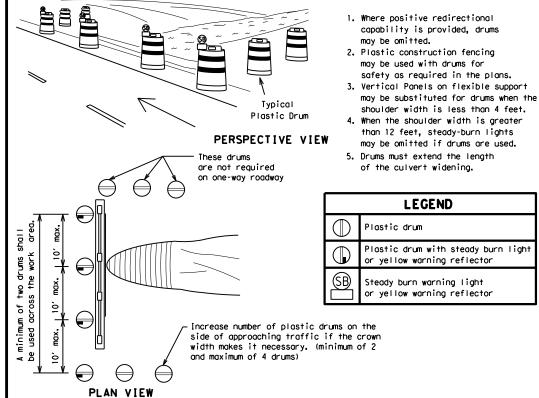


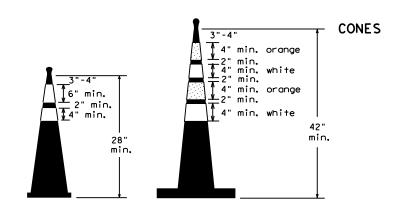
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

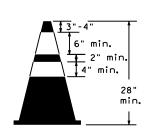


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

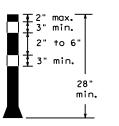




Two-Piece cones

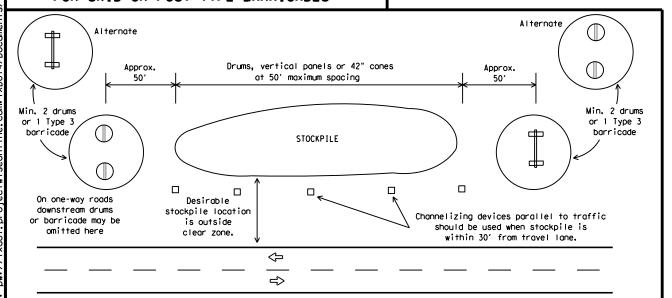


One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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warranty of any the conversion its use.

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

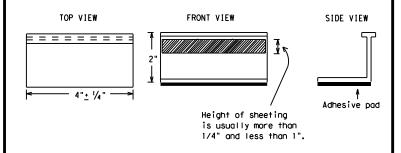
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety

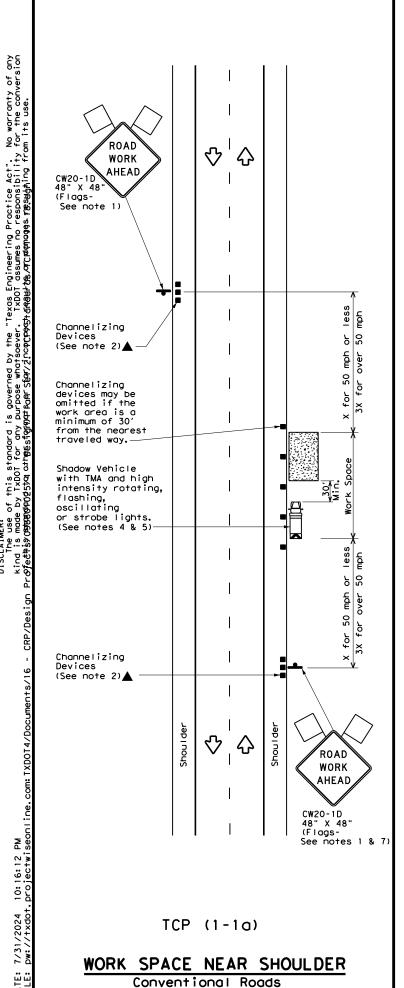
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

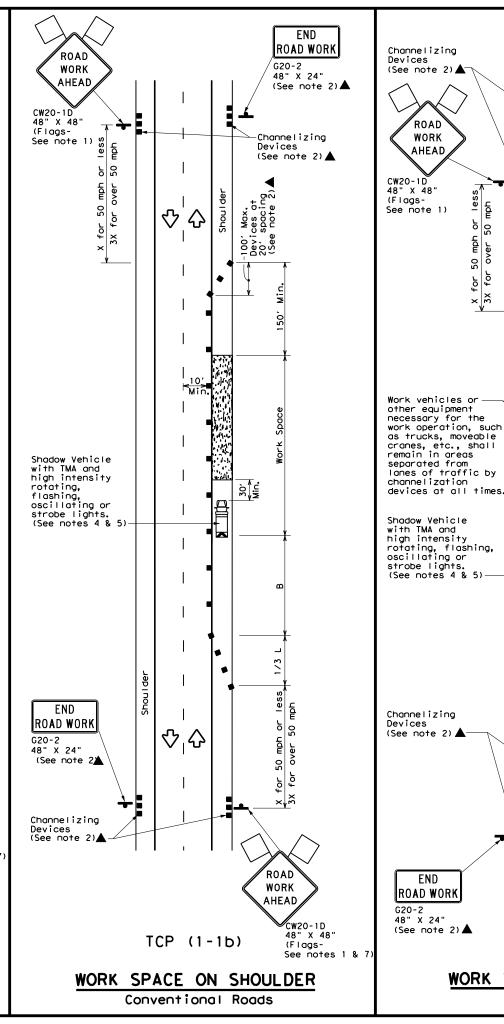
BC(11)-21

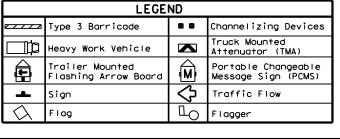
	· -	- •				
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY
REVISIONS -98 9-07 5-21	0988	01	025		FM	623
-98 9-07 5-21 -02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-02 8-14	CRP		BEE			30

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type Y buttons Type II-A-A 000/100// DOUBLE PAVEMENT NO-PASSING REFLECTOR 17FD PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons RAISED EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAVEMENT White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTORIZED (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING,) White 30"<u>+</u> 3' 30"+/-3" Type I-C or II-A-A 0 Q 0 9 0 RAISED **CENTER** PAVEMENT | 5' | 5' | MARKERS √Type W or Y buttons LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES RAISED п _ ‡8 п П 1-2" _ MARKERS **AUXILIARY** Type I-C or II-C-OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5′ <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED **PAVEMENT MARKERS** If raised pavement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines **SHEET 12 OF 12** Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-21 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 JOB HIGHWAY FM 623 0988 01 025 1-97 9-07 5-21

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14







Posted Speed	Speed		Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	6	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

END

ROAD WORK

 \triangle

 \Diamond

G20-2

48" X 24"

(See note 2)▲

Inactive

work vehicle

(See Note 3)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-See notes 1 & 7)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

END

- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
√ √											

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

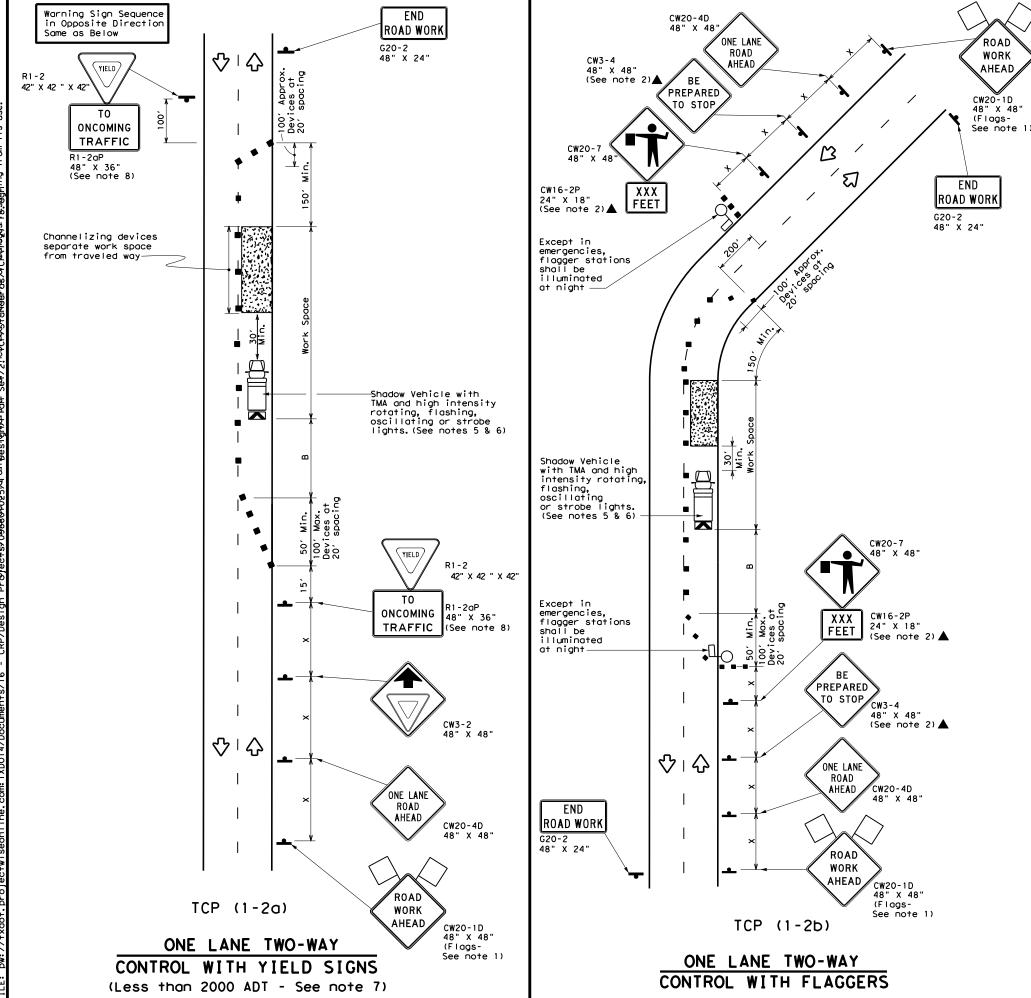
TCP(1-1)-18

ILE: tcp1-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS 1-94 4-98	0988	01	025		F١	1 623
1-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	CRP		BEE			32

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

TCP (1-1c)

分



	LEGEND										
ſ		Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices							
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
	þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
	\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger							

Posted Speed	peed		Minimum esirab er Lend **	le	Spaci: Channe	uggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′	200'
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		7001	7701	8401	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	1	1									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

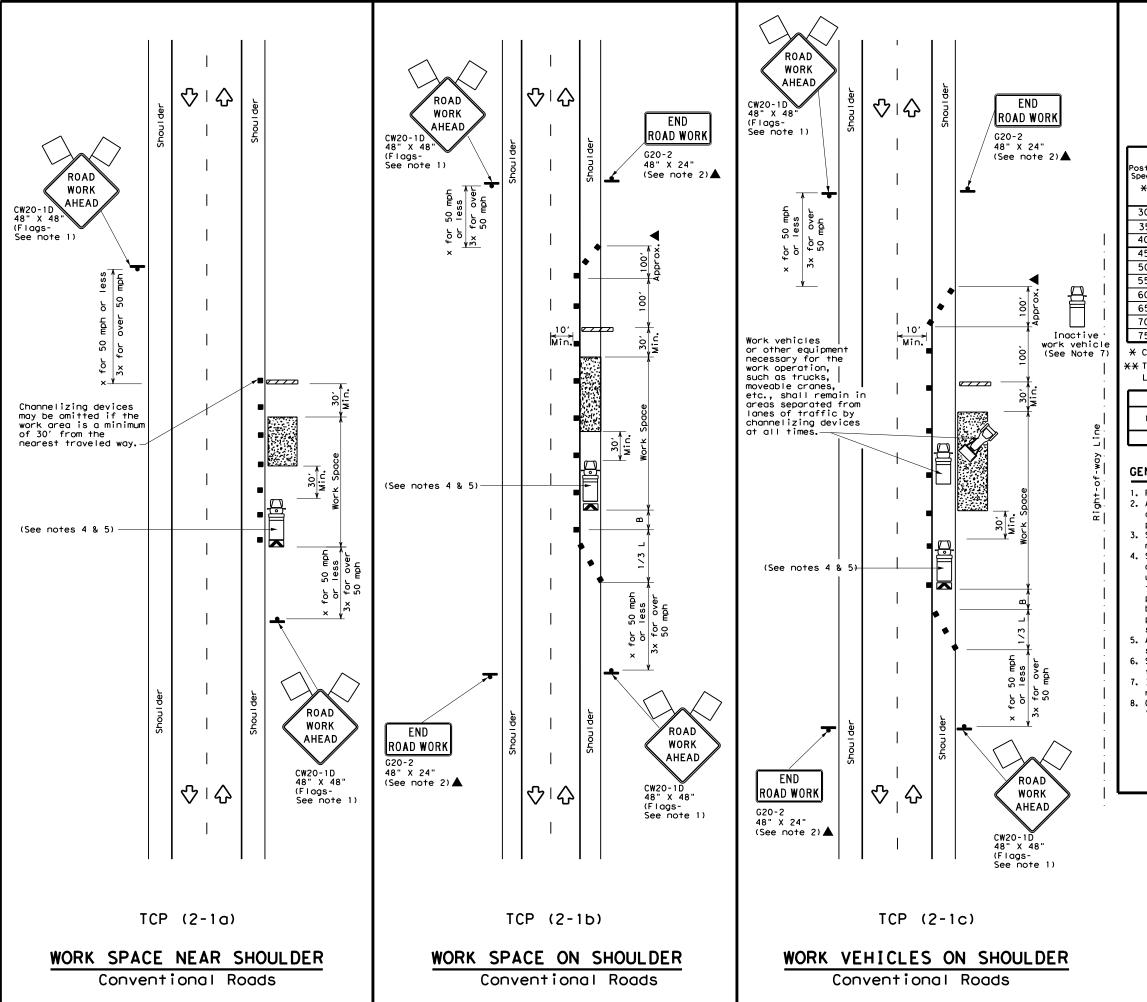


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-90 4-98 REVISIONS	0988	01	025		FM 623
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	CRP		BEE		33



	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	ГO	Flagger								

								•
Posted Speed	peed		Minimur esirab er Lend <del>X X</del>	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓							

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
   See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- See ICP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

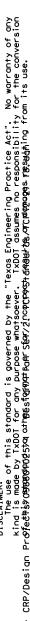
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

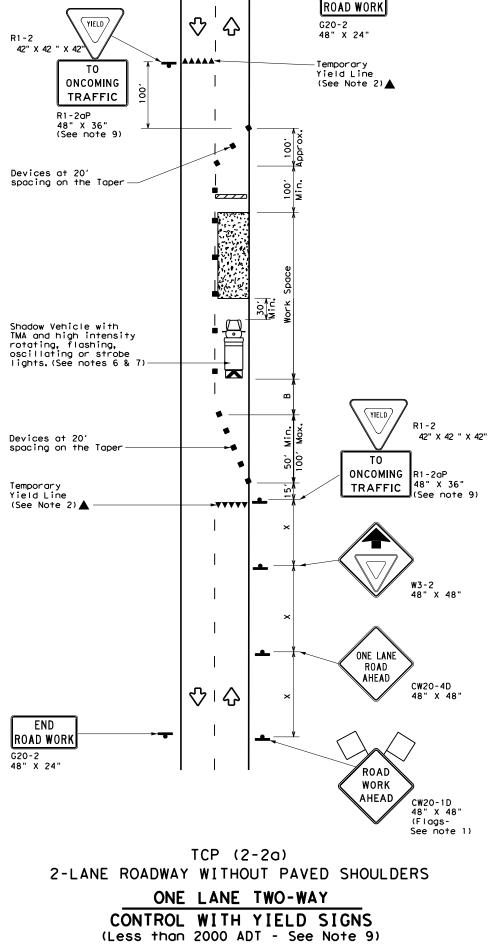
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

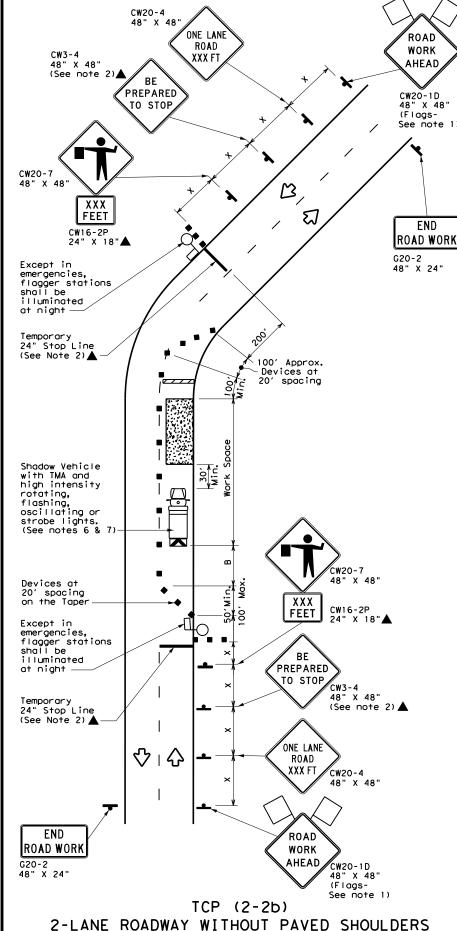
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TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0988	01	025		F١	623
3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	CRP		BEE			34



Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction



END



ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(X	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
<b>+</b>	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	**		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	. ws ²	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS 60	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	1551	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	3201	195′	360'
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	400'	240'	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	645'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1	1					

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FI" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

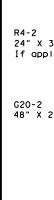


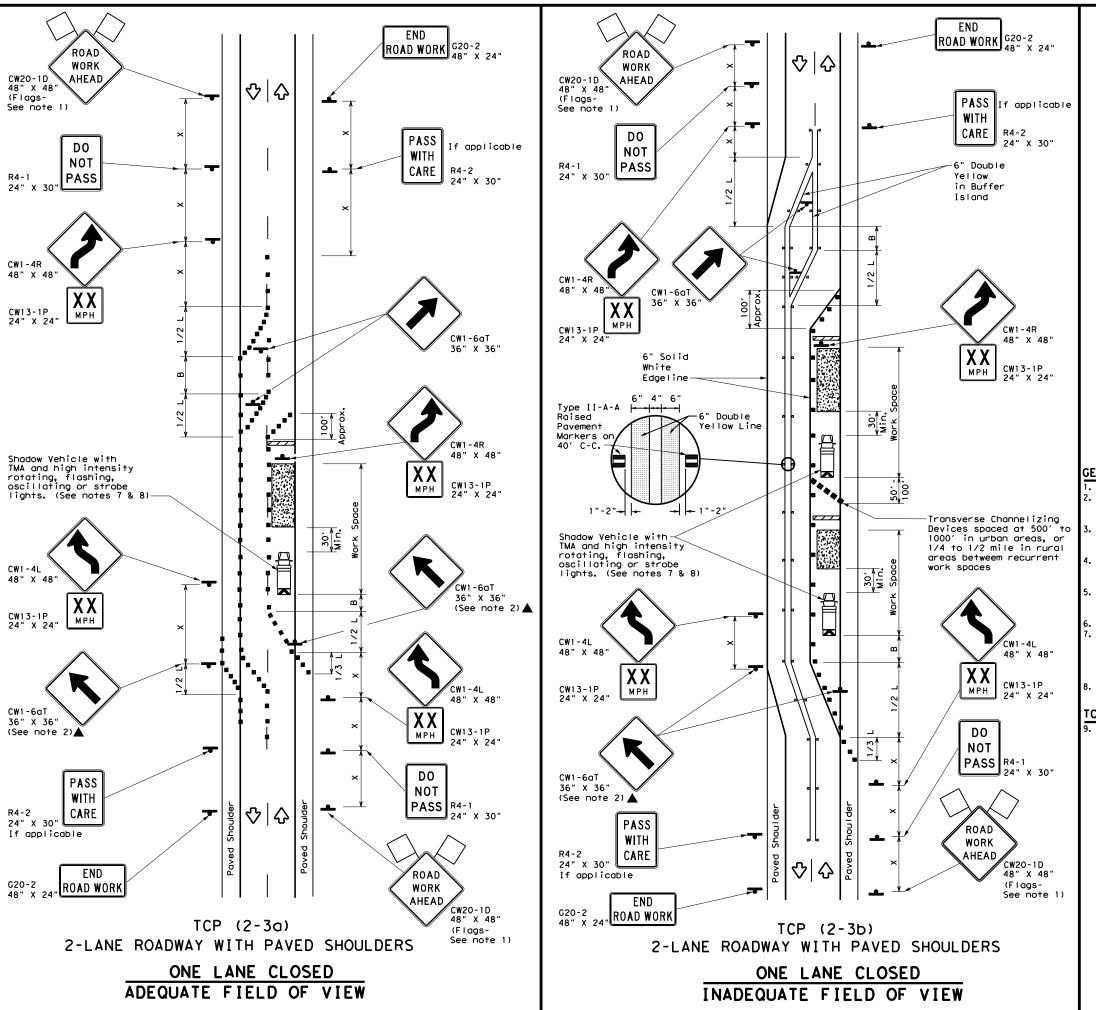
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE:	tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
(C) TxD(	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95	REVISIONS 3-03	0988	01	025	F	M 623
1-97	2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98	2-18	CRP		BEE		35





LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA					
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	* *			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90'
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	b	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	5501	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - W 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	1301	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY				
			√	√				

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned $30\ \text{to}\ 100\ \text{feet}$ in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



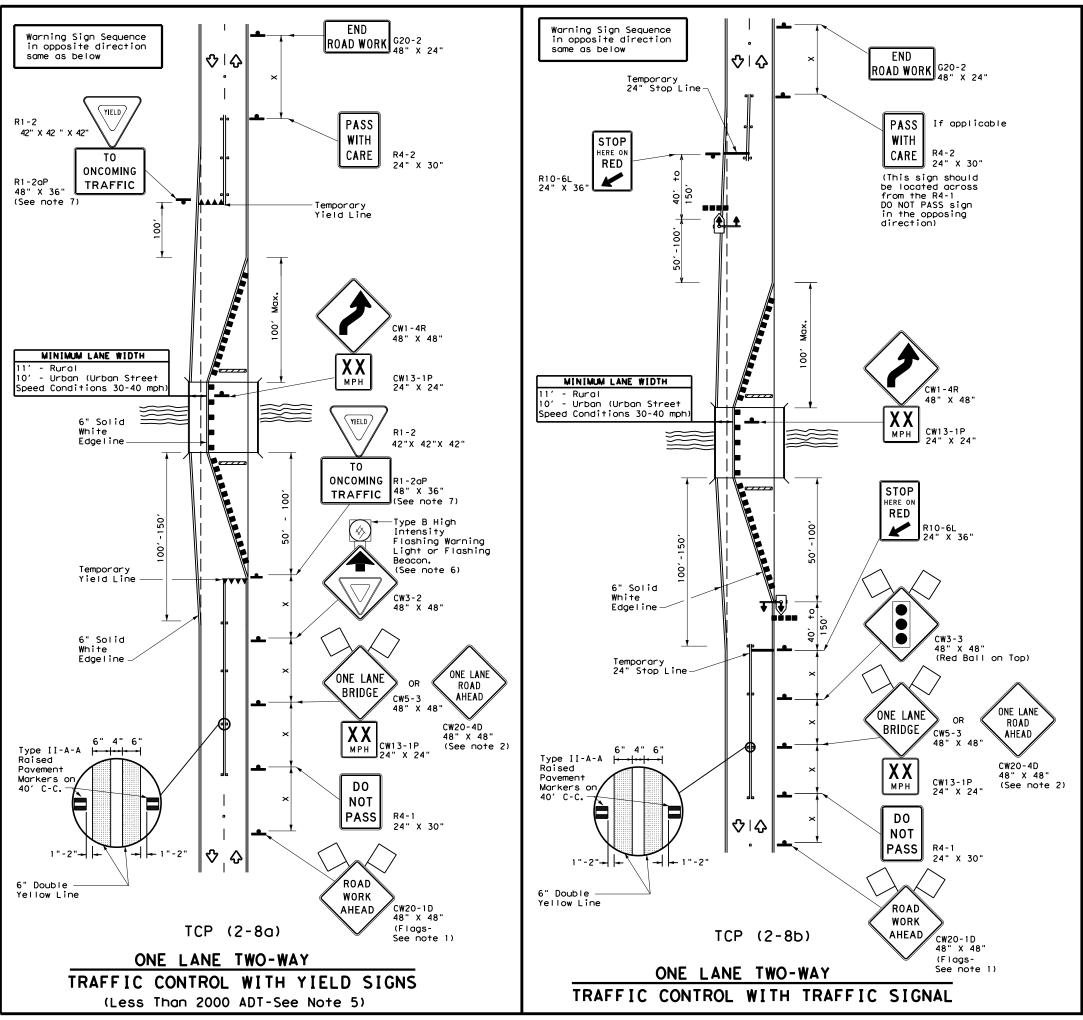
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TCP (2-3) -23

FILE:	tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT	April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18		0988	01	025		FM 623
	03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	12	CRP		BEE		36





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							
••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA	₩	Temporary or Portable Traffic Signal							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend <del>X X</del>	le	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	12' On a On a Distance "B"		J 10 1 G 110 G		
30	. <u>ws²</u>	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	120′	90'	2001
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35'	70′	160′	120′	250'
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40,	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600'	50'	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L - W 5	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	7151	7801	65`	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′	820′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	1 1										

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Plaque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore pavement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline. In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

### TCP (2-8a)

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphasis.
- The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

### TCP (2-8b

- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).

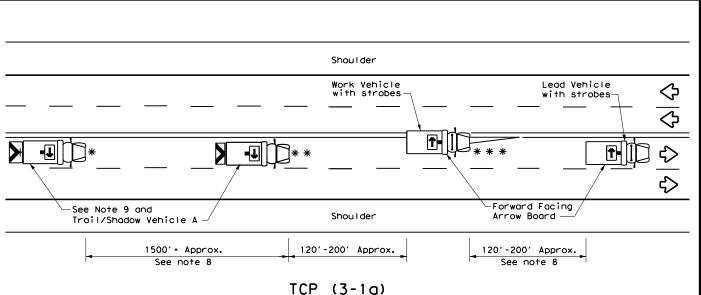


Traffic Safety Division Standard

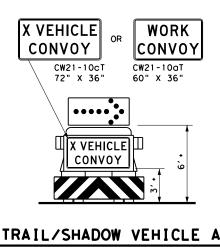
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

TCP(2-8)-23

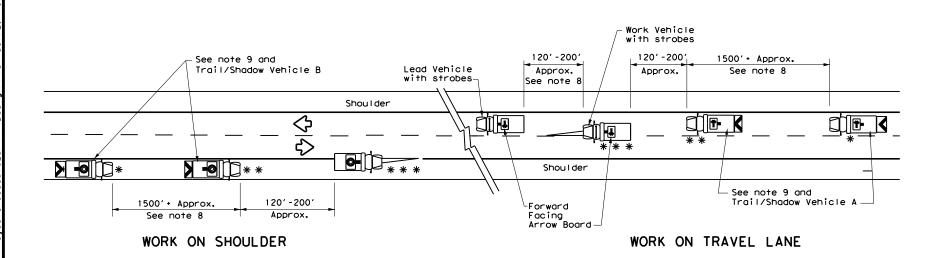
ILE: tcp2-8-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
C)TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-85 4-98 2-18	0988	01	025	F	FM 623	
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-12	CRP		BEE		37	



# UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

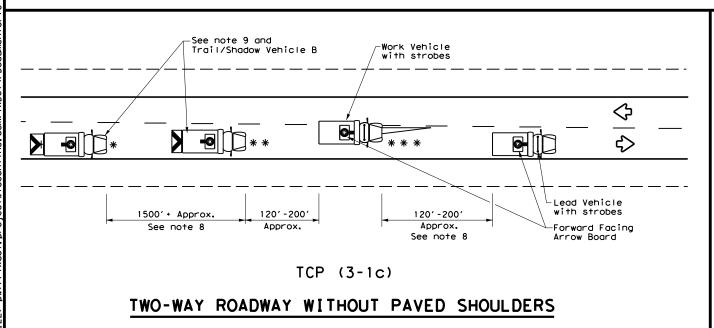


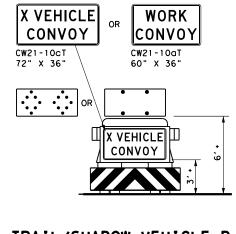
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

TCP (3-1b)





# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

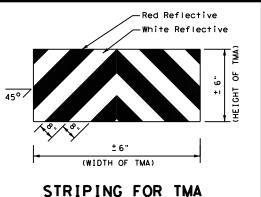
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAT							
* * *	Work Vehicle		RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>#</b>	Double Arrow						
♦	Traffic Flow	P	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

### GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





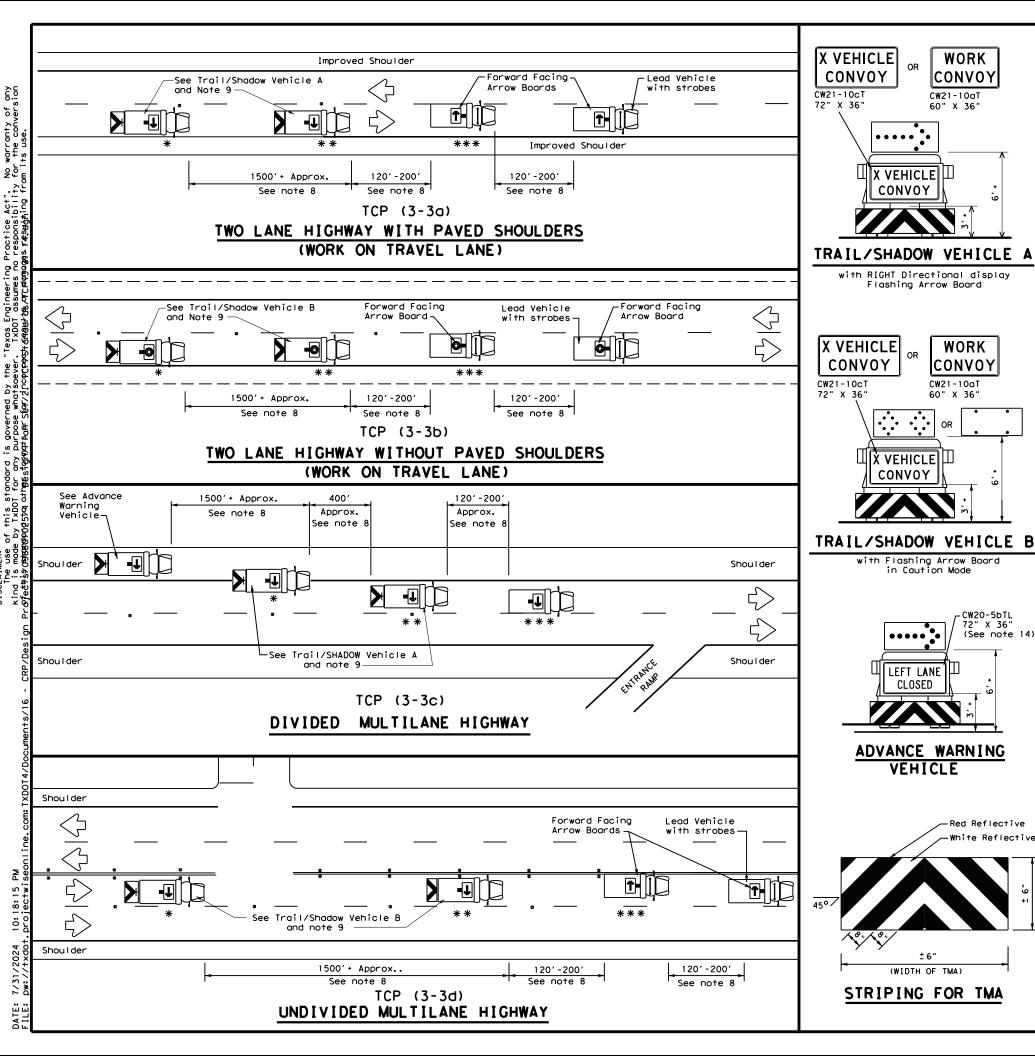
# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

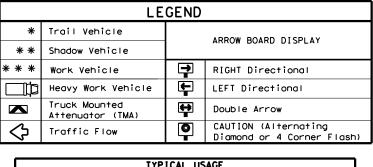
TCP (3-1)-13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13		0988	01	025		FM 623	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97		CRP		BEE			38

175





TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CW21-10aT

X VEHICLE|Ш

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or spacing between WORK vehicles and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

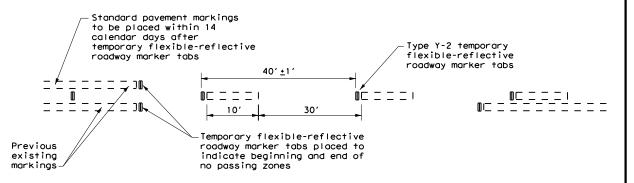


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ **REMOVAL** TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0988	01	025		FM 623	
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	CRP	BEE				39

No warranty of any for the conversion



### TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

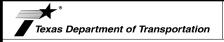
Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

	TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓	<b>√</b>

### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS **FOR** SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

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C TxDOT	March 1991	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
		0988	01	025		FN	A 623
4-92 4-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-13		CRP		BEE			40

		Minim Taper	um Desi Length			ested Maximum ing of Device	Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer
Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′-75′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40		2651	295′	320′	401	80′ -100′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′-125′	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′-140′	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120' -150'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′ -165′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′-175′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′ -185′	900′	540′

FM 623 SHEET NO.

- maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger or a queue of stopped vehicles.

FM 623

TCP(S-2c)

CREW

AHEAD,

Stopping Sight					
Dist	ance				
Posted					
Speed	Distance				
(mph)	(ft)				
20	115				
25	155				
30	200				
35	250				
40	305				
45	360				
50	425				
55	495				
60	570				
65	645				
70	730				
75	820				
80 910					

Flag Type III Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Work Vehicle Survey Rodman Instrument Person ☐_{○ Flagger} Sion Post Minimum Desirable Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device 10' 11' 12' On a On a On the Confront Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset Offset O Min. Sign Spacing Space "B" Distance 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60' -75' 120' 90' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70'-90' 160' 120' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90'-110' 320' 195′ 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125' 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500' 295' 60 L=WS | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' - 150' 600' 350' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165 410' 7001 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' -175' 8001 475' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900' 540'

X-X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L*Length of Taper (FT.) W*Width of Offset (FT.) S*Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

LEGEND .

 $\label{eq:mobile} \mbox{MOBILE - work that moves continously or intermittently}$ 

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows.
- 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure.
- 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

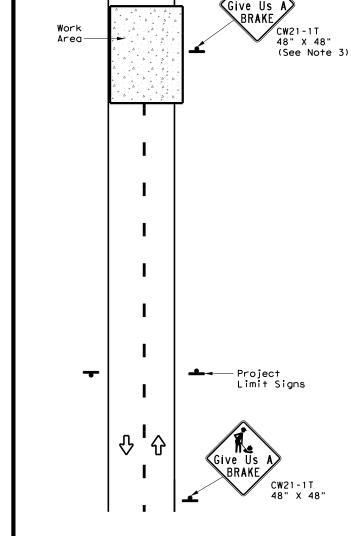
TCP(S-2c)-10

© TxDOT January 2010	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	0988	01 025			FM	623	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET		
	CRP	BEE				43	

介Ⅰ介

Work

DIVIDED HIGHWAY



UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY

SIGNS ARE SHOWN FOR ONE DIRECTION OF TRAVEL

¥ 192" X 96"

(Optional - See Note 7)

CW21-1T 48" X 48"

(See Note 3)

* When the optional larger WORKING FOR YOU GIVE US A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" x 96" sign is required, the locations shall be noted elsewhere in the plans.

	SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS										
BACKGROUND COLOR	SIGN DESIGNATION	SIGN	SIGN DIMENSIONS	REFLECTIVE SHEETING	SQ FT	GAL VA STRUC ST		_	DRILLED Shaft		
COLOR			DIMENSIONS	3.1.2.1.140		Size	(L	F)	24" DIA. (LF)		
0range	G20-7T	Give Us A	96" X 48"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	32	•	•	•	<b>A</b>		
0range	G20-7T	Working For You Give Us A	192" X 96"	Type B _{FL} or C _{FL}	128	W8×18	16	17	12		

▲ See Note 6 Below

LEGEND					
•	Sign				
4	Large Sign				
Ŷ	Traffic Flow				

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
PLYWOOD SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7100
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	COLOR USAGE SHEETING MATERI			
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL}		
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	NON-REFLECTIVE ACRYLIC FILM		

### GENERAL NOTES

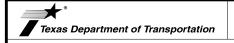
- 1. See BC and SMD sheets for additional sign support details.
- 2. Sign locations shall be approved by the Engineer.
- For projects more than two miles in length, Give Us a BRAKE signs should be repeated halfway through the project. The Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) may be used for this purpose.
- 4. Work zone speed limits are sometimes used in conjunction with GIVE US A BRAKE signing. See BC(3) for location and spacing of construction speed zone signing when required.
- Give Us a Brake (CW21-1T) signs and supports shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling."
- 6. The 96" X 48" Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) may use a 1/2" or 5/8" plywood substrate or 0.125" aluminum sheeting substrate and may be supported by two 4" x 6" wood posts with drilled holes for breakaway as per BC(5) and will be subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. The Working For You Give Us A BRAKE (G20-7T) 192" X 96" sign shall be paid for under the following specification items:

Item 636 - Aluminum Signs

Item 647 - Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies.

Item 416 - Drilled Shaft Foundations

8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.

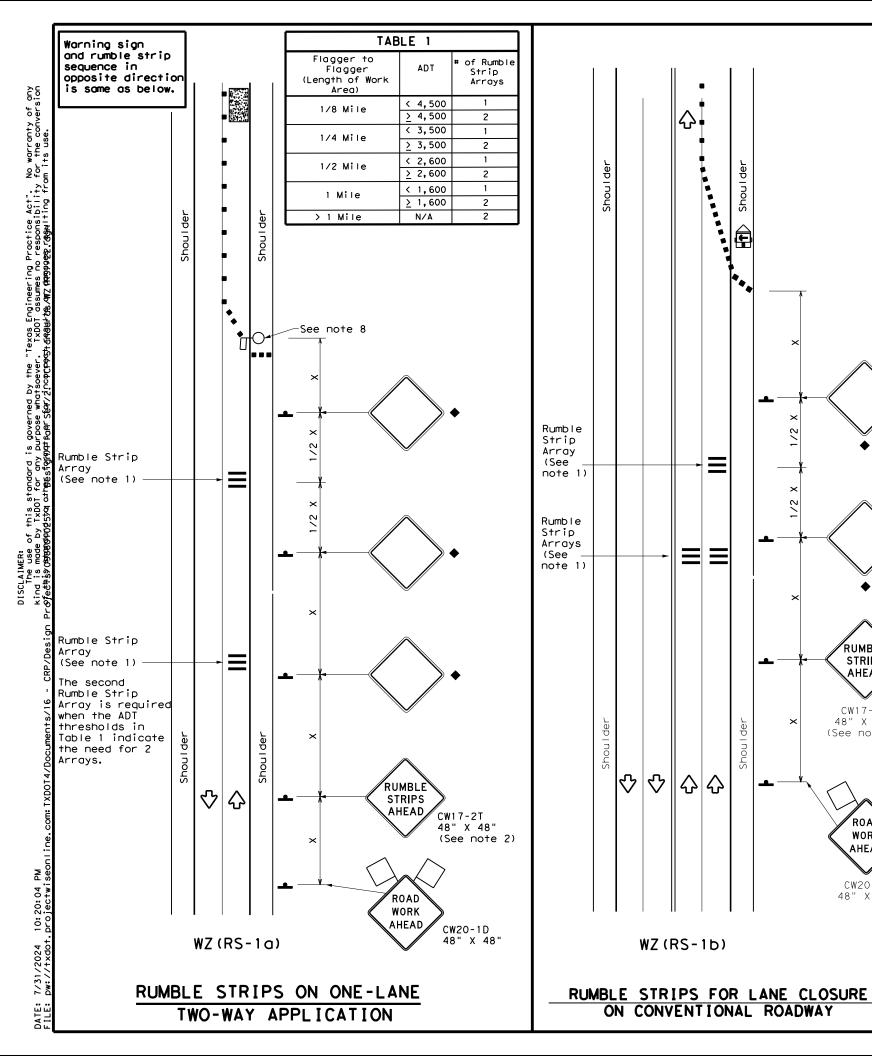


Traffic Operations Division Standard

WORK ZONE
"GIVE US A BRAKE"
SIGNS

WZ (BRK) - 13

FILE:	ILE: wzbrk-13.dgn			ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C TxDOT	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0988	01	025		FM	623	
6-96 5-98 7-13		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
8-96 3-0	3	CRP		BEE			44	



### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.

RUMBLE

STRIPS

AHEAD

CW17-2T

48" X 48"

(See note 2)

ROAD

WORK

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
+	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable ormula Taper Lengths **			Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′	
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50`	100′	4001	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	5001	295′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60`	120'	600'	350′	
65		6501	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	<b>√</b>	✓						

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array						
≤ 40 MPH	10′						
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′						
= 60 MPH	20′						
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35′+						

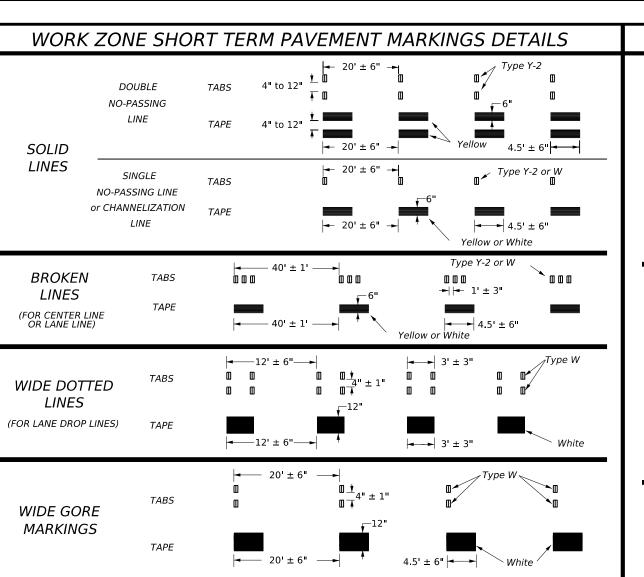
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0988	01	025		FM	623
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-10	CRP		BEE			45



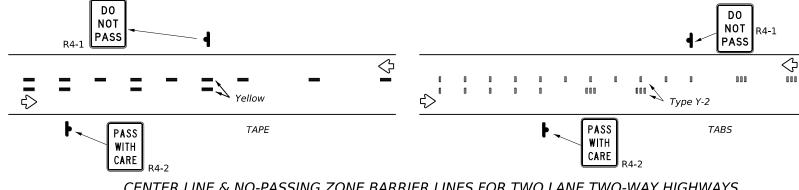
### NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then bé placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

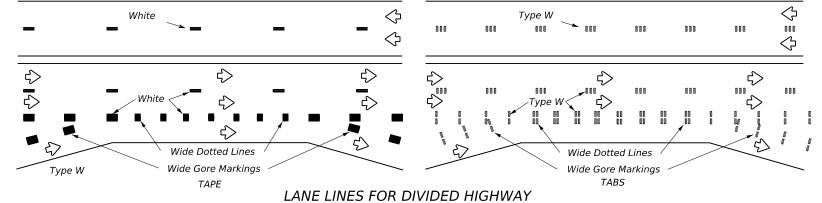
### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

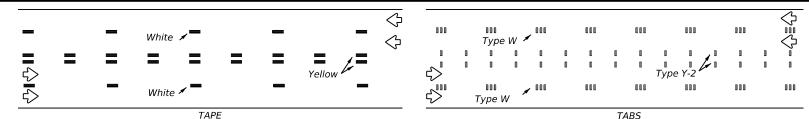
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

### WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

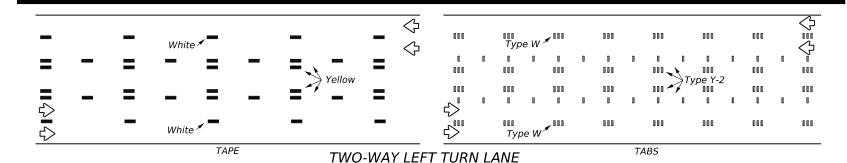


### CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

# PAVEMENT MARKINGS

**WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** 

*WZ(STPM)-23* 

FILE: wzstpm-23.dgn			DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
(C) TxD	©TxDOT February 2023		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
		REVISIONS	0988	01	025		FΜ	623
4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-03			CRP		BEE			46

### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8240 TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8241 DMS-8300 SIGN FACE MATERIALS

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1				
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices			
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11			
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.				
② >3 1 D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11			
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D 12"	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".				
Notched Wedge Joint					

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	∢ 36"
Freeways/ex divided	kpressways, roadways	48" ×	48"

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (UL) -13

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0988	01	025		F	M 623
8-95 2-98	3 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		CRP		BEE			47

# No warranty of any for the conversion

### FM 623 PROJECT CONTROL

NAD 83 (2011) Epoch 2010.00, TX South Central Zone (4204), US Survey Feet, Surface Adjustment Factor 1.00008

POINT NAME	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION
AD623P01	13418043.23	2360043.587	369.31	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
AD623P02	13418369.78	2361078.171	387.01	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
AD623P03	13418767.94	2362340.613	380.01	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
AD623P04	13420885.93	2362228.829	358.74	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
AD623P05	13421404.71	2362044.633	359.74	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
AD623P06	13424002.93	2361125.165	397.24	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
AD883P01	13418936.66	2363053.174	376.98	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
AD883P02	13419393.66	2364288.462	373.51	SET 5/8" REBAR W/ ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTROL MARK"
T1	13417888.76	2359590.056	383.99	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
T2	13418266.09	2360796.084	385.09	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
T4	13419424.6	2362763.35	382.56	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
T5	13419095.53	2363471.71	380.39	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
Т6	13419784.2	2365093.366	385.56	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
T7	13420293.87	2366237.751	379.17	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
Т9	13421640.82	2361997.68	364.56	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
T10	13423123.02	2361459.82	395.36	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
T11	13424349.93	2361036.864	402.18	PAINTED AERIAL PANEL W/ MAG NAIL SET IN THE CENTER
MIDLAND	13417546.65	2358672.411	396.94	3' STAINLESS STEEL SECTIONAL RODS DRIVEN TO REFUSAL W/ BRASS CAP STAMPED "MIDLAND"
ZOIL	13419230.41	2363687.656	379.34	3' STAINLESS STEEL SECTIONAL RODS DRIVEN TO REFUSAL W/ BRASS CAP STAMPED "ZOIL"
KA623B	13423961.75	2361144.79	398.75	4" BRONZE DISK SET IN HEADWALL STAMPED "KA623B"
KA623A	13420978.23	2362194.258	361.04	4" BRONZE DISK SET IN HEADWALL STAMPED "KA623A"
KA883A	13421262.17	2368422.139	321.04	4" BRONZE DISK SET IN HEADWALL STAMPED "KA883A"



08/01/2024



FM 623

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET

	SHEET	1 (	OF 1			
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0988	01	025		FM 623		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
CRP		BEE		48		

### HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT LIST FOR PROP FM623 CENTERLINE (A)

Alignment Name: FM623_CL Alignment Description: FM 623 PROPOSED ALIGNMENT Alignment Style: Alignment\Baseline

	Station	Northing	Easting
Element: Linear			
POT ( POT )	1099+39.00 R1	13417831.8490	2359422.1370
PI ( PI )	1124+00.00 R1	13418563.2570	2361771.9376
Tangential Direction:	N72°42'37.88"E		
Tangential Length: 24	160.9999		
Element: Linear			
PI ( PI )	1124+00.00 R1	13418563.2570	2361771.9376
PI ( PI )	1136+35.19 R1	13418932.5490	2362950.6330
Tangential Direction:	N72°36'14.14"E		
Tangential Length: 12	235.1921		
Element: Linear			
PI(PI)	1136+35.19 R1	13418932.5490	2362950.6330
POT ( POT )	1166+64.70 R1	13421788.0450 2	361938.6850
Tangential Direction:	N19°30'49.02"W		
Tangential Length: 30	029.5043		

### HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT LIST FOR EXIST FM623 CENTERLINE (EX-A)

Alignment Name: FM623 CL_Ext

Tangential Length: 11023.4482

Alignment Description: FM 623 EXISTING ALIGNMENT
Alignment Style: Linear\Existing\Geometry\E_Road_Centerline

	Station	Northing	Easting
Element: Linear POT ( POT )	99+40.80 R1	13417831.8494	2359422.1367
PC ( PC )	130+41.37 R1	13417651.6494	2362382.6578
Tangential Direction: N72°4		13416/33.1731	2302302.0370
Tangential Length: 3100.56			
rangendar Length. 3100.30	701		
Element: Circular			
PC ( PC )	130+41.37 R1	13418753.1731	2362382.6578
PI ( PI )	136+37.09 R1	13418930.1892	2362951.4694
CC (CC)		13419300.2918	2362212.3927
PT ( PT )	139+63.71 R1	13419491.6915	2362752.4808
Radius: 573.0000			
Delta: 92°13'38.29" Left			
Degree of Curvature (Arc):	09°59'57.35"		
Length: 922.3410			
Tangent: 595.7191			
Chord: 825.9409			
Middle Ordinate: 175.7791			
External: 253.5654			
Back Tangent Direction: N7			
Back Radial Direction: S17°			
Chord Direction: N26°36'00			
Ahead Radial Direction: N7			
Ahead Tangent Direction: N	I19°30'49.01"W		
Element: Linear			
PT (PT)	139+63.71 R1	13419491.6915	2362752.4808
POT (POT)	249+87.16 R1	13429881.9764	2359070.3091
Tangential Direction: N19°3			200007010001

### HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT LIST FOR EXIST FM883 CENTERLINE (B)

Alignment Name: FM883_EXIST Alignment Description: FM 883 EXISTING ALIGNMENT Alignment Style: Alignment\Baseline

	Station	Northing	Easting
Element: Linear POT ( POT ) PC ( PC ) Tangential Direction: S66 Tangential Length: 1475.		13420051.0780 3419452.3870	2365708.9230 2364360.2940
Element: Circular PC ( PC ) PI ( PI ) CC ( CC ) PT ( PT ) Radius: 11459.3000 Delta: 06°32'30.27" Right Degree of Curvature (Arc) Length: 1308.3646 Tangent: 654.8939 Chord: 1307.6541 Middle Ordinate: 18.6677 External: 18.6982 Back Tangent Direction: SBack Radial Direction: N2 Chord Direction: 569°19'5 Ahead Radial Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tangent Direction: NA Ahead Tan	: 00°29'59.98" :66°03'44.20"W 3°56'15.80"W !9.33"W 17°23'45.53"W	13419452.3899 13419186.6710 13429926.0413 13418990.8748	2364360.3005 2363761.7360 2359710.7649 2363136.7961
Element: Linear PT ( ERCl2 ) PC ( PC ) Tangential Direction: S72' Tangential Length: 387.1;		13418990.8770 13418875.1226	2363136.8030 2362767.3411
Element: Circular PC (PC) PI (PI) CC (CC) PT (PT) Radius: 599.3957 Delta: 19°37'53.88" Right Degree of Curvature (Arc) Length: 205.3749 Tangent: 103.7040 Chord: 204.3718 Middle Ordinate: 8.7746 External: 8.9050 Back Tangent Direction: S Back Radial Direction: N1 Chord Direction: S82°25'1 Ahead Radial Direction: N Ahead Tangent Direction: N	: 09°33'32.13" 	13418875.1226 13418844.1177 13419447.1024 13418848.1630	2362767.3411 2362668.3804 2362588.1367 2362564.7554



08/01/2024



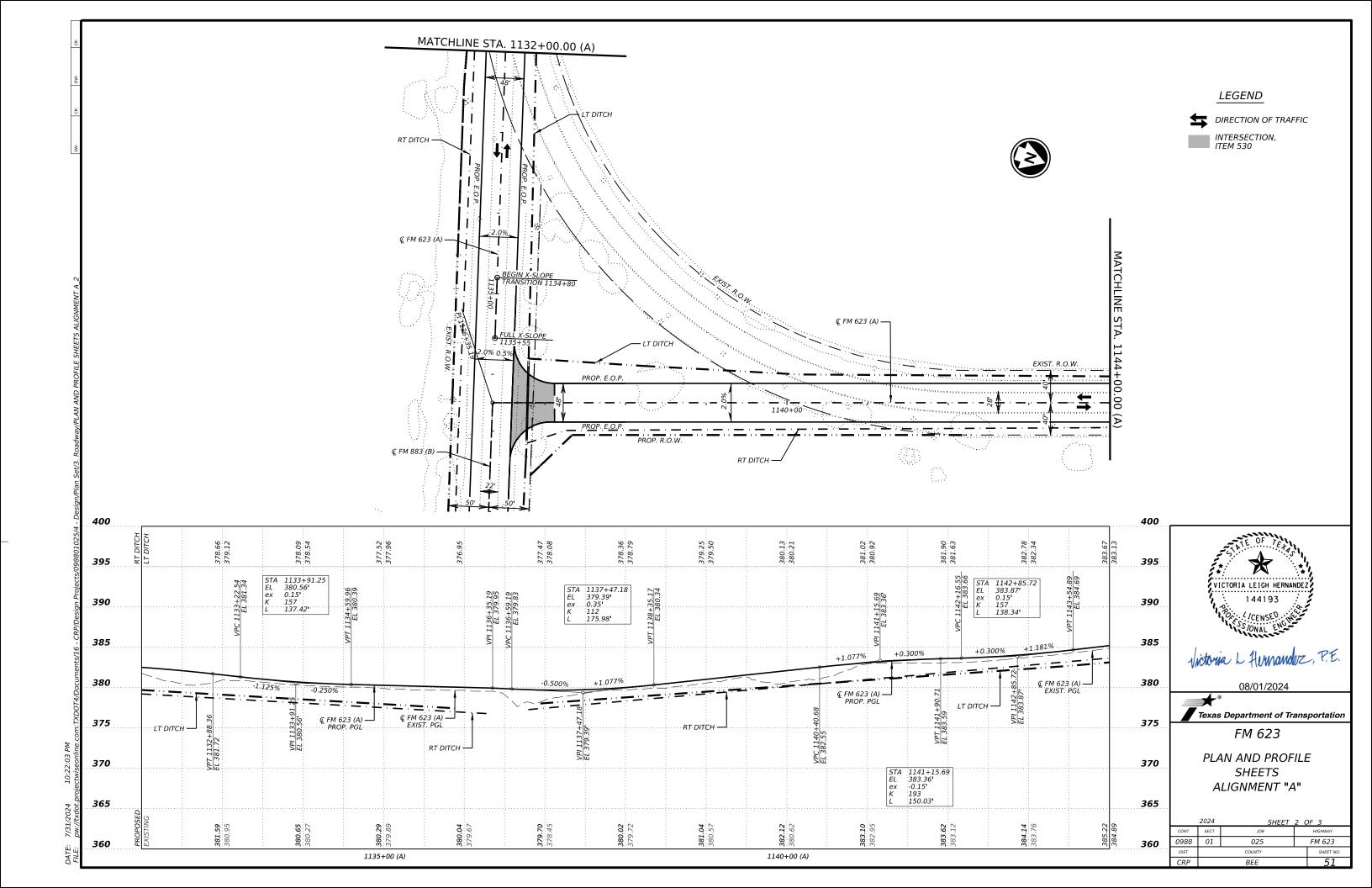
FM 623

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

	2024	SHEET	1 C	OF 1
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0988	01	025		FM 623
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
CRP		BEE		49

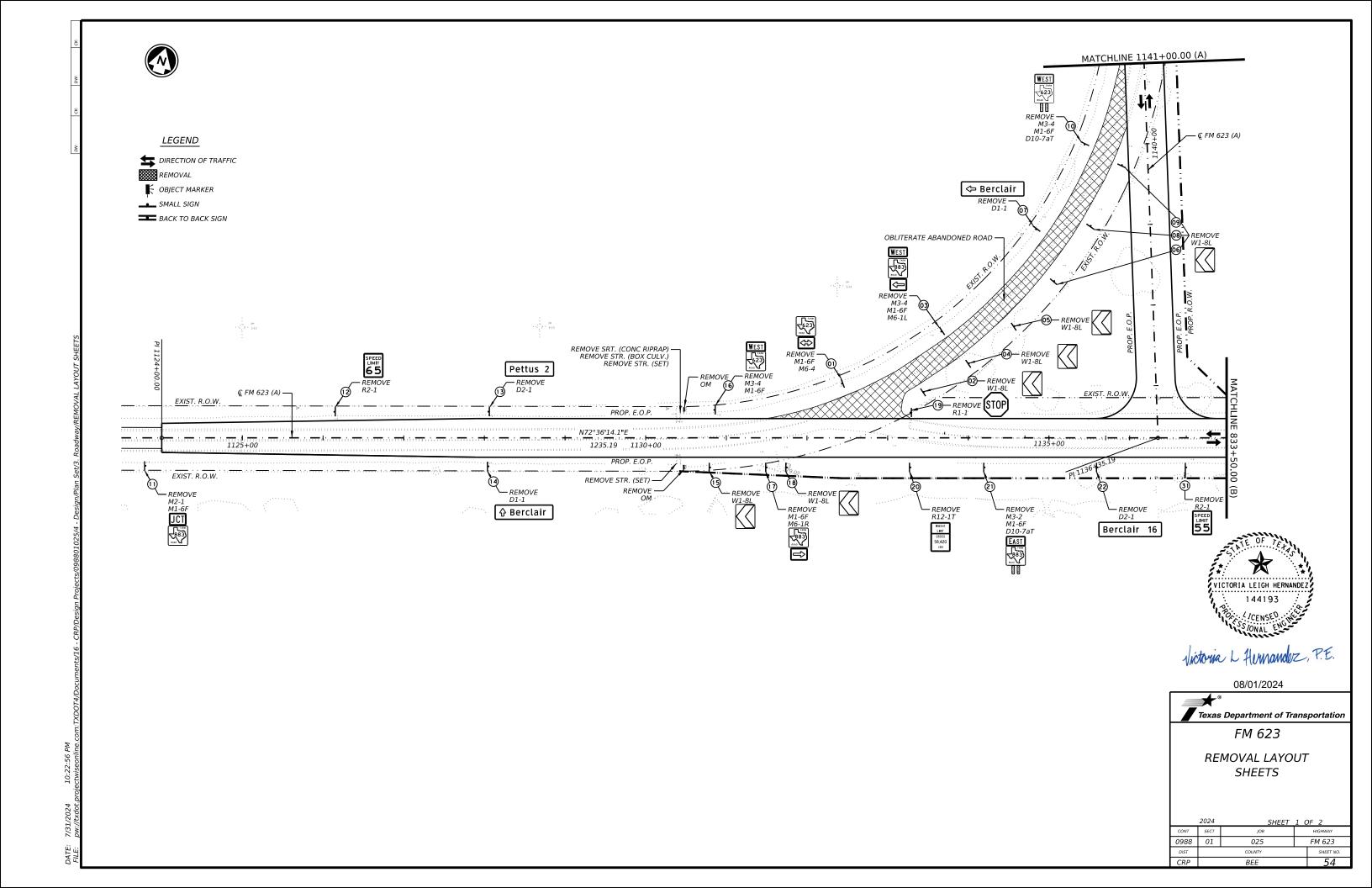


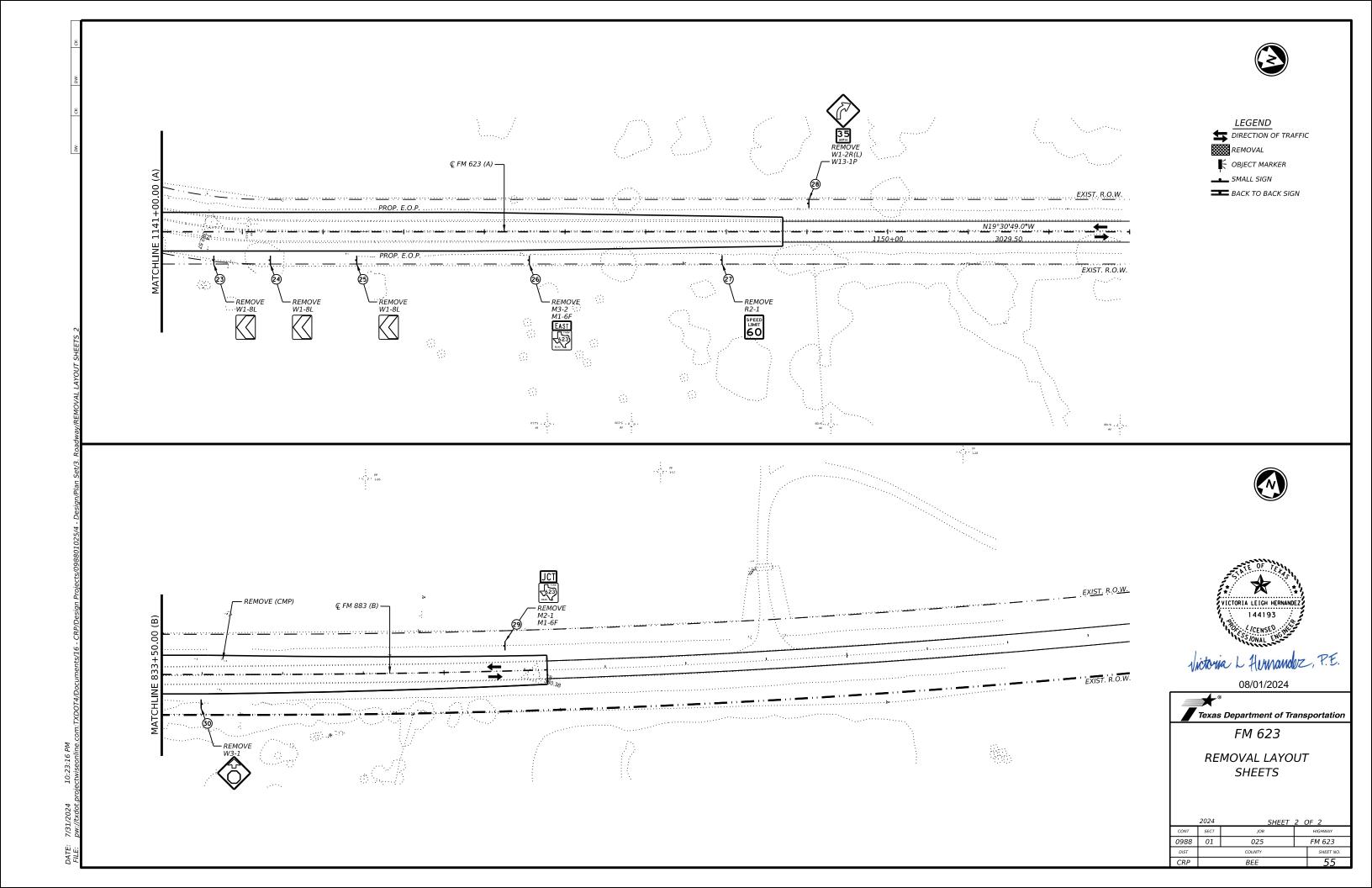
LEGEND **DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC** € FM 623 (A) — LT DITCH — – END TAPER LT STA 1127+90 - BEGIN TAPER LT STA 1124+00 EXIST. R.O.W EXIST. R.O.W. - END TAPER RT STA 1127+90 BEGIN TAPER RT -STA 1124+00 - RT DITCH 0 405 405 383.80 384.83 383.23 383.58 382.66 382.82 382.09 381.52 380.95 381.28 380.38 379.80 380.26 400 400 STA 1125+66.72 EL 383.92' ex 0.37' K 362 L 327.73' STA 1129+47.77 EL 382.72' ex 0.08' K 157 L 99.21' VPI 1124+00.00 EL:385.95 VICTORIA LEIGH HERNANDEZ 144193 395 395 VPT 1127+30.59 EL 383.40 PC 1128+98.16 EL 382.87 VPI 1131+44.36 EL 383.34 390 390 Victoria L Humandez, P.E. 385 385 08/01/2024 VPC 1124+02.86 EL 385.92 +0.317% Texas Department of Transportation 380 380 VPI 1125+66. EL 383.92 FM 623 © FM 623 (A) — PROP. PGL LT DITCH — PLAN AND PROFILE VPC 1130+00... EL 382.88 € FM 623 (A) -EXIST. PGL 375 375 STA 1131+44.36 EL 383.34' ex -0.52' K 200 L 288.00' RT DITCH SHEETS ALIGNMENT "A" 370 370 **385.95 384.86** 384.85 **384.05** 383.92 **383.51** 383.21 **383.18** 382.68 **88** 0988 025 FM 623 365 365 SHEET NO. 1120+00 (A) 1125+00 (A) 1130+00 (A)

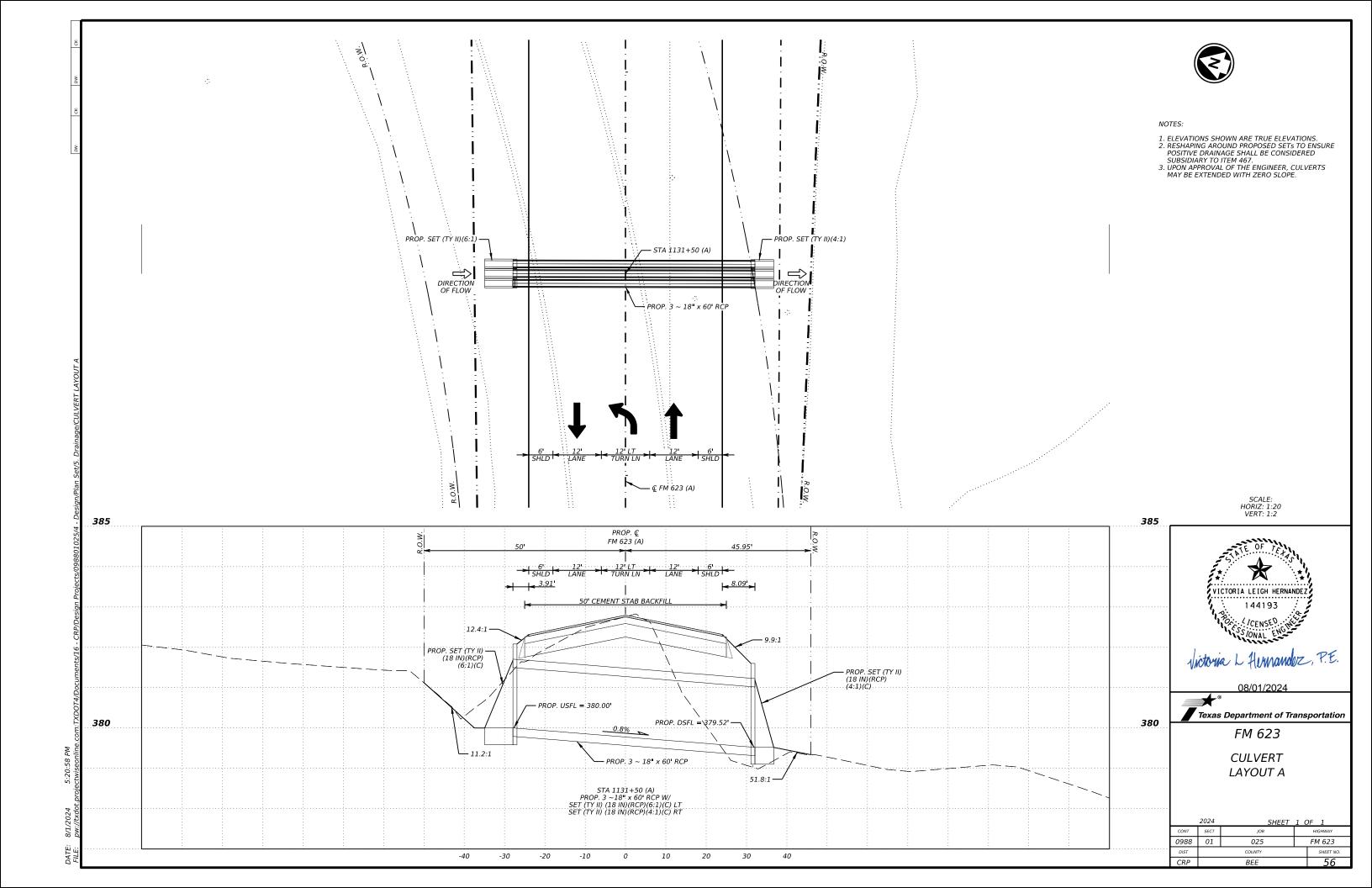


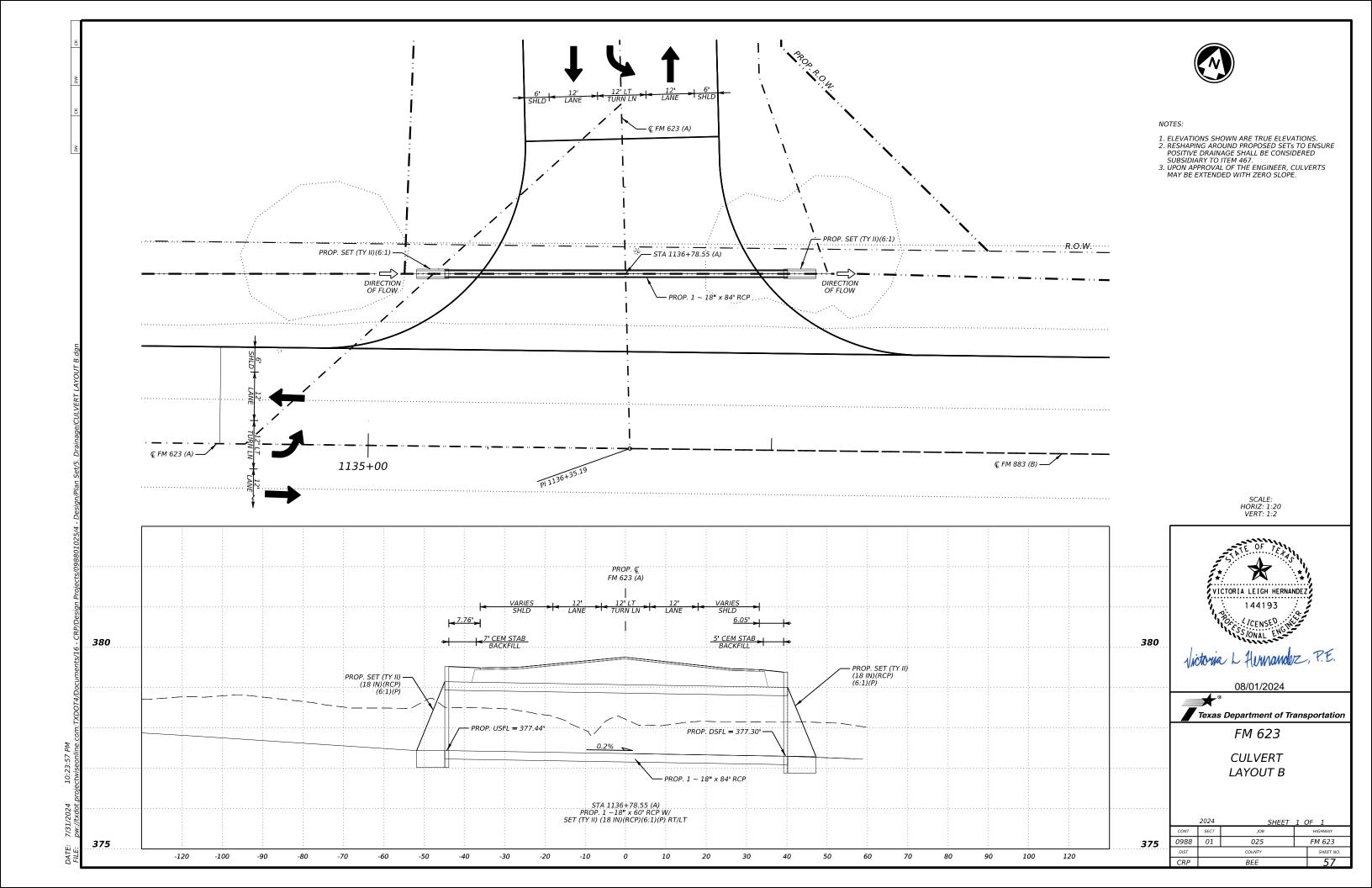
LEGEND DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC 1144+00.00 (A) LT DITCH N19°30'49.0'W 3029.50 MATCHLINE – END TAPER RT STA 1148+19 395 395 385.16 385.08 384.48 385.33 385.13 390 390 +1.181% 385 385 1146+68.85 EL 388.40 - Ç FM 623 (A) PROP. PGL © FM 623 (A) — EXIST. PGL 380 Victoria L Humandez, P.E. ∟ _{RT DITCH} 375 375 08/01/2024 STA 1146+68.85 EL 388.40' ex -1.20' K 116 L 334.30' Texas Department of Transportation 370 370 FM 623 PLAN AND PROFILE 365 365 SHEETS ALIGNMENT "A" 360 360 **387.17** 386.51 **387.08** 386.85 386.13 386.19 385.57 0988 025 FM 623 355 355 1145+00 (A) 1150+00 (A) 1155+00 (A)

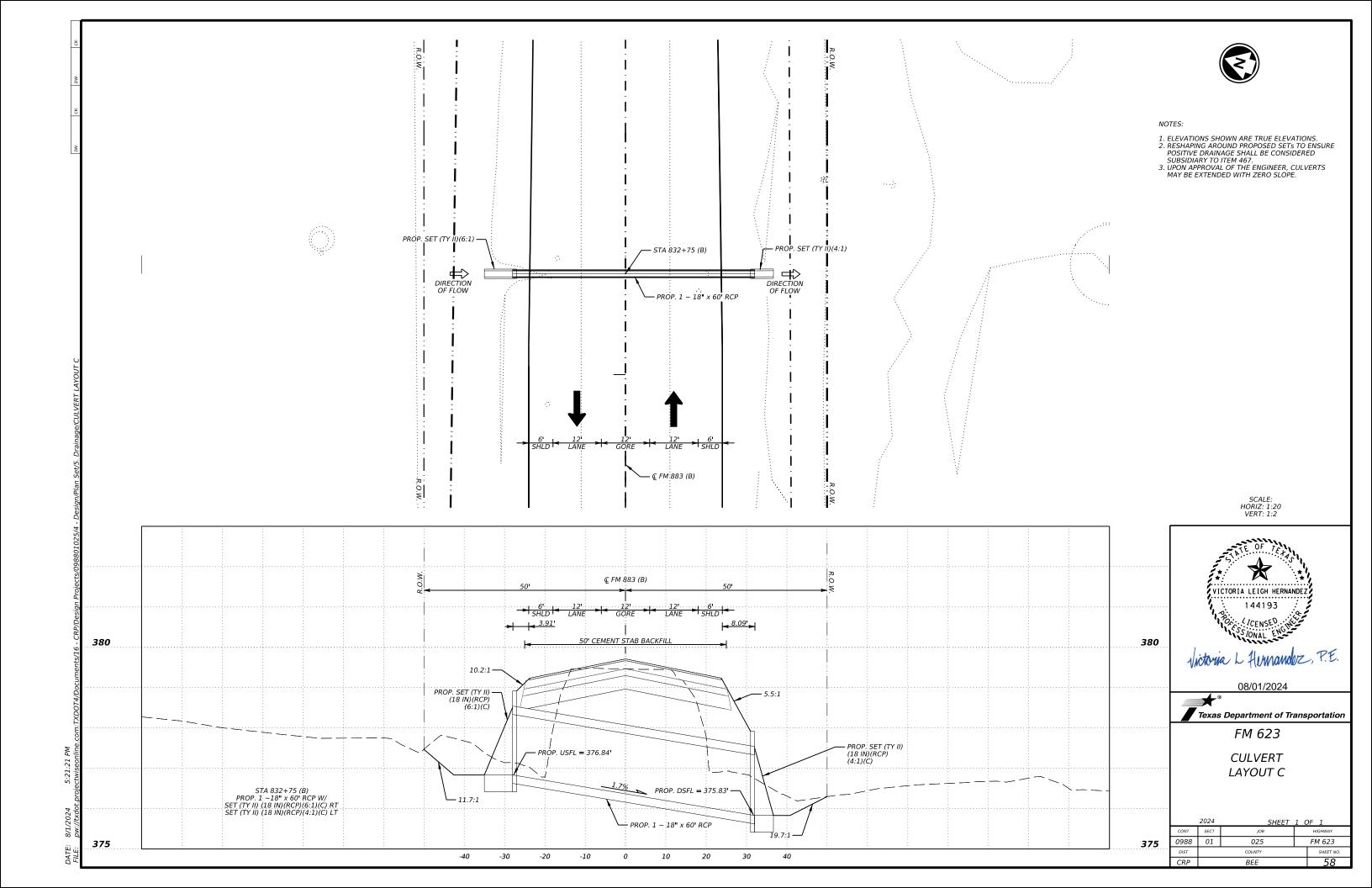
LEGEND DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC - END TAPER LT STA 832+93 BEGIN TAPER LT STA 828+72 830+00. BEGIN TAPER RT -STA 828+72 RT DITCH - END TAPER RT' STA 832+93 4 © FM 623 (A) 395 395 377.08 376.20 378.03 377.71 377.19 377.39 376.69 376.93 375.98 377.31 376.55 390 390 STA 833+68.04 EL 379.78' ex 0.03' K 700 L 120.95' VPI 828+73.00 EL 380.45 /PI 829+74.76 EL 380.32 STA 831+17.69 61 21 379.59 EL 379.59 ex 0.08 K 181 L 106.35 VICTORIA LEIGH HERNANDEZ /PC 833+07.56 EL 379.74 /PT 834+28.51 EL 379.94 144193 385 385 - MATCH ELEV PROP © FM 623 (A) -0.131% -0.131% 380 380 Victoria L Humandez, P.E. +0.077% VPI 833+68 0 EL 379.78 375 375 08/01/2024 VPC 829+27.92 EL 380.38 VPT 830+21.60 EL 380.08 © FM 883 (B) -PROP. PGL € FM 883 (B) — EXIST. PGL Texas Department of Transportation RT DITCH — 370 *370* LT DITCH -FM 623 PLAN AND PROFILE 365 365 STA 829+74.76 EL 380.32' ex -0.04' K 247 L 93.69' SHEETS ALIGNMENT "B" 360 360 380.45 380.42 380.35 **379.73** 379.59 379.87 379.58 379.95 0988 025 FM 623 355 355 SHEET NO. 825+00 (B) 830+00 (B)

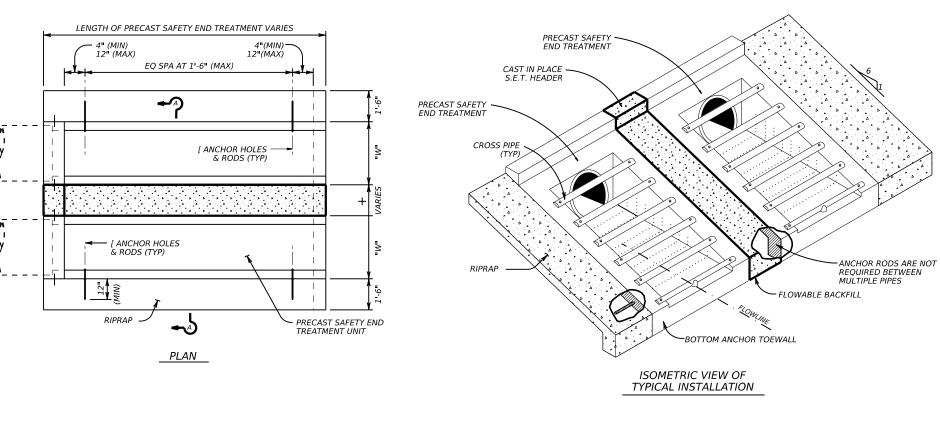


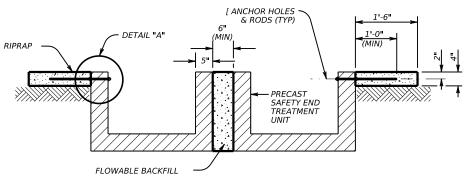












MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION SECTION A-A

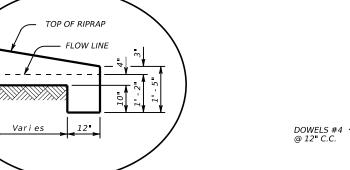
PIPE I.D.	PIPE WALL "B" THICKNESS	"D"	MAXIMUM SLOPE		LEN	EL DRAINAGE)  MINIMUM  LENGTH  OF UNIT	
IN	IN	IN	RUN	RISE	FT	IN	CY
12	2.00	17.0	6	1	4	9	0.16
15	2.25	20.5	6	1	6	5	0.23
18	2.50	24.0	6	1	8	0	0.31
24	3.00	31.0	6	1	11	3	0.50
30	3.50	38.5	6	1	14	8	0.75
36	4.00	45.5	6	1	17	11	1.01
42	4.50	52.5	6	1	21	2	1.32

PIPE	PIPE	BLE BACKFILL FC	MAXIMUM MINIMUM			IMUM	FLOWABL
I.D.	WALL "B" THICKNESS	*	SL	OPE	LEN OF U	IGTH JNIT	BACKFILL
IN	IN	IN	RUN	RISE	FT	IN	CY
			3	1	2	11	0.10
12	2	17	4	1	3	6	0.12
			6	1	4	9	0.16
			3	1	3	8	0.14
15	2.25	20.5	4	1	4	7	0.17
			6	1	6	5	0.23
			3	1	4	6	0.18
18	2.5	24	4	1	5	8	0.23
			6	1	8	0	0.31
			3	1	6	2	0.28
24	3	31	4	1	7	10	0.36
			6	1	11	3	0.50
			3	1	7	10	0.41
30	3.5	38.5	4	1	10	1	0.52
			6	1	14	8	0.75
			3	1	9	5	0.55
36	4	45.5	4	1	12	3	0.70
			6	1	17	11	1.01
			3	1	11	1	0.71
42	4.5	52.5	4	1	14	5	0.91
			6	1	21	2	1.32

- ★ Dimension "D" is based on ASTM C-76, Class III, Wall "B" thickness. If any other wall thickness is used, dimension "D" must be adjusted accordingly.
- + TY B CONCRETE MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF FLOWABLE BACKFILL



08/01/2024



RIPRAP DOWEL DETAIL NO.1

-HEADWALL

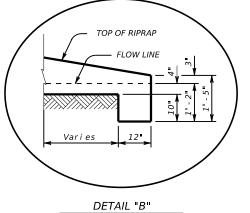
NOT TO SCALE

Texas Department of Transportation
FM 623

FLOWABLE BACKFILL **DETAILS** 

	2024	SHEET	1 (	OF 1
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0988	01	025		FM 623
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
CRP		BEE		59

	LIMITS OF RIPRAP (TO BE INCLUDED WITH S.E.T. FOR PAYMENT)  LIMITS OF RIPRAP (TO BE INCLUDED WITH S.E.T. FOR PAYMENT)
i	TOP FACE OF SAFETY END TREATMENT AND TOP FACE OF RIPRAP
	LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

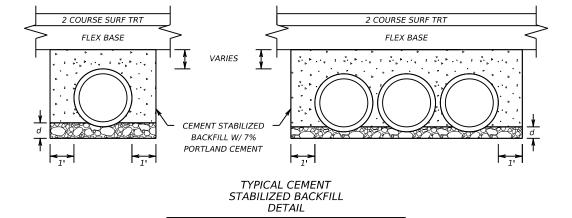


NOT TO SCALE

D or S	d
<b>∠</b> 27"	3"
30" to 60"	4"
≥ 66"	6"

- D INSIDE DIAMETER OF PIPE
- S BOX CULVERT SPAN LENGTH
- d MIN. BEDDING MATERIAL BELOW PIPE/BOX







Victoria L Humandez, P.E.

08/01/2024

### <u>NOTES</u>

- 1. FOR PAYMENT OF CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL REFER TO DRAINAGE SUMMARY SHEET - ITEM 400 CEM STABIL BKFL.
- 2. PAVEMENT STRUCTURE QUANTITIES ARE PAID UNDER ROADWAY ITEMS. FOR DEPTHS REFER TO PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. THE LENGTH LIMITS FOR CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL SHALL EXTEND 1' BEYOND THE PAVEMENT EDGE.
- 4. ANY EXCAVATION WIDTH EXCEEDING THE LIMITS SHOWN SHALL BE BACKFILLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SHEET.
- 5. FOR CUT AND RESTORE, PAVEMENT STRUCTURE QUANTITIES SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 400-7006 CUT & RESTORE PAV.
- 6. BEDDING SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEMS 462 & 464.
- 7. ANY LABOR, EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION EXCEEDING THE WIDTHS SHOWN ARE SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.



BACKFILL DETAILS

	2024	SHEET	1 (	OF 1
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0988	01	025		FM 623
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.

Unit length varies

Safety pipe runner length (Measured along slope)

> Safety pipe runners (if required)

Pocket is to be formed to fit

O.D. of pipe support post if safety pipe runners are used

Top face of safety end treatment

-Safety pipe runner (if required)

**PLAN VIEW** 

(Showing spigot end connection.)

LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

(Showing spigot end connection.)

bolt and nut with washer

Flowline

□ ¾" galvanized steel bolts

with washers and inserts

☐ Pipe support post (post to be same diameter as safety pipe runner and

fitted in a formed pocket)

**END DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION** 

(If required)

OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

Pipe wall

thickness (Min)

0" to 6' 12" - 24" RCP 4" to 8' 30" - 42" RCP

step slope

Pipe wall thickness (Min'

Pipe support cradle

Safety

pipe runner

3/4" Threaded

# LENGTHS AND REQUIRED SAFETY PIPE RUNNER SIZES

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size						
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.				
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"				
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"				
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"				
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"				

- 1 Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 2 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- (3) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments
- 4 Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.

# MAX SAFETY PIPE RUNNER

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size						
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.				
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"				
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"				
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"				
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"				

- with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap be considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment."

l							Single	Pipe	Multiple	Pipe
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	Min O.D. at Tapered End	Min Reinf Requirements (sq. in. / ft. of pipe)	Slope	Minimum Length of Unit	Skew	Pipe Runners Required	Skew	Pipe Runners Required
					3:1	2' - 0"				
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	2' - 8"	≤ 45°	No	≤ 45°	No
					6:1	4' - 0"				
					3:1	2' - 10"				
 15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	3' - 9"	≤ 45°	No	≤ 45°	No
					6:1	5' - 8"				
					3:1	3' - 8"				
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	4' - 10"	≤ 45°	No	≤ 45°	No
					6:1	7' - 3"				
					3:1	5' - 3"			≤ 30°	No
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	7' - 0"	≤ 45°	No	> 30°	Yes
					6:1	10' - 6"			- 00	163
					3:1	6' - 3"	≤ 15°	No	≤ 15°	No
30"	3 ½"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	4:1	8' - 2"	> 15°	Yes	> 15°	Yes
					6:1	12' - 1"	- 10	103	- 10	103
					3:1	7' - 10"	= 0°	No		
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	4:1	10' - 4"	> 0°	Yes	≥ 0 °	Yes
					6:1	15' - 4"	- 0	103		
					3:1	9' - 6"				
42"	4 1/2"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	4:1	12' - 6"	≥ 0°	Yes	≥ 0 °	Yes
					6:1	18' - 7"				

REQUIREMENTS FOR

**CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS** 

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:
Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (CRP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End

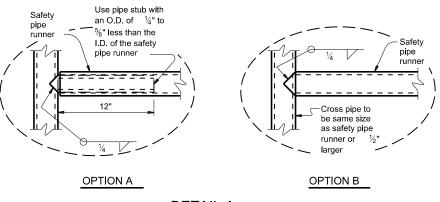
When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe.

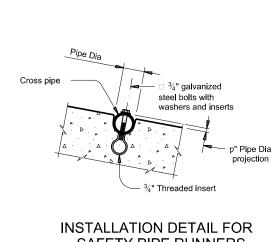
Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material.

Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of loading, unloading, and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.



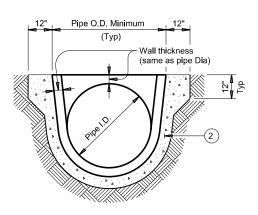
### **DETAIL A**



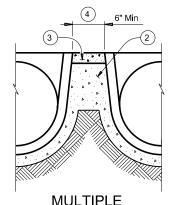
2'-0"

Min

SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS (If required)



**SECTION A-A** 



MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION

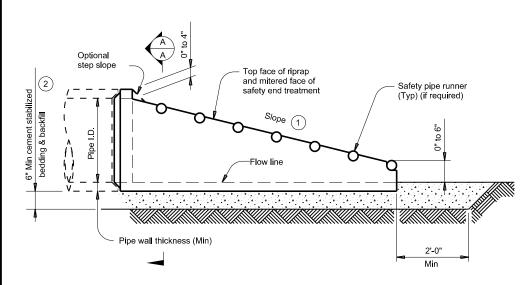


PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

PSE ⁻	T-RC
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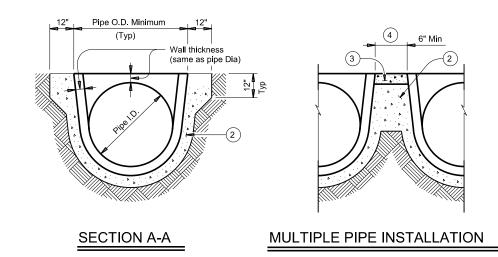
PSET-RC.dgn		DN: RLV	DN: RLW		KLR	DW:	JTR	ск: GAF
TxDOT February 2020		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS		0988	01	01 025		FM 623		
		DIST			COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		CBB			DEE			61

(Showing spigot end connection.)

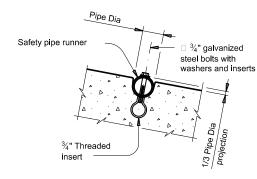


### LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

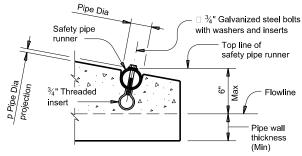


- 1 Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 2 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment. backfill as directed by Engineer.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- 4 Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between . safety end treatments.
- (5) Safety pipe runners are required for multiple pipe culverts with more than two pipes.

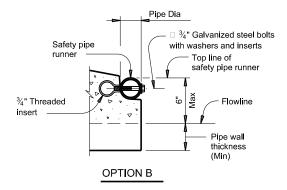


### INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



### OPTION A



### **END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION** OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

### REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

			Min O.D.	Min Reinf Requirements		Min	Pipe R Require		Required P	ipe Runner	Sizes
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	at Tapered End	(sq. in. per ft. of Pipe)	Max Slope	Length of Unit	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia	O.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	4' - 0"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068
15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	5' - 8"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	7' - 3"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	10' - 6"	No	(5)	3" STD	3.500"	3.068
30"	3 ½"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	6:1	12' - 1"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	6:1	15' - 4"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026
42"	4 1/2"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	6:1	18' - 7"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe.

Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for

compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material.

Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of

loading, unloading and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,



## PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

**PSET-RP** 

FILE: PSET-F	ILE: PSET-RP.dgn		٧	ск: KLR Dw:		JTR	ск: GAF	
<b>C</b> TXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0988	01	01 025		FI	M 623	
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		CRP		BEE			62	

10:25:26

Naminal	PSET-SC	and PSET-	-SP Standa	ards	PSET-RC and PSET-RP Standards					
Nominal Culvert (Pipe) I.D.			Side Slope			Side Slope				
	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1		
12"	23.0"	0.1	0.2	0.2	16.0"	0.1	0.1	0.2		
15"	26.5"	0.2	0.2	0.3	19.5"	0.1	0.2	0.2		
18"	30.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3	23.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3		
24"	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5	30.0"	0.2	0.3	0.4		
30"	44.5"	0.3	0.4	0.6	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5		
36"	51.5"	0.4	0.5	0.7	44.0"	0.3	0.4	0.6		
42"	58.5"	0.5	0.6	0.8	51.0"	0.4	0.5	0.7		

- (1) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." When riprap is cast integrally with the precast safety end treatment, this dimension is 1'-0" minimum.
- 2 1#2" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A threaded anchor rod with 2 nuts and 2 washers. Galvanize all components in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Repair galvanizing that is damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.
- 3 3#4" through holes in walls of safety end treatment for riprap anchor rods may be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry) type drilling equipment or may be formed. Do not use percussive (star) type drilling equipment. If holes are drilled, patch spalls in the inside face of the wall exceeding 1#2" from the holes.
- Provide riprap toe wall when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans or when field conditions require a toe wall.
- (5) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe culvert. For multiple pipe culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are based on the minimum unit lengths shown on the Precast Saftey End Treatment (SET) standard sheets.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. The anchor rods shown are always required.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."

Refer to PSET-SC or PSET-SP standard sheets for details of square safety end treatments not shown. Refer to PSET-RC or PSET-RP standard sheets for details of round safety end treatments not shown.

For precast units with integrally cast riprap, substitute reinforcing steel in the amount on 0.26 in./ft. minimum for the threaded anchor rods shown. When requested, submit sealed engineering drawings for approval prior to construction. Shop drawings will not be required. Note that a proprietary precast unit with integral riprap is available from L&R Precast Concrete Works, Inc. (956) 583-6293 or www.lrprecast.com. Payment for riprap and toewalls is included in the price bid for each safety end treatment.

These riprap details are only applicable when notes that require placement of riprap with precast safety end treatments are shown elsewhere in the plans.

Precast units with integrally cast riprap are permitted unless noted otherwise on the plans.

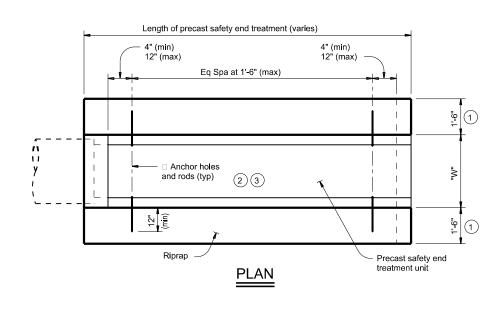


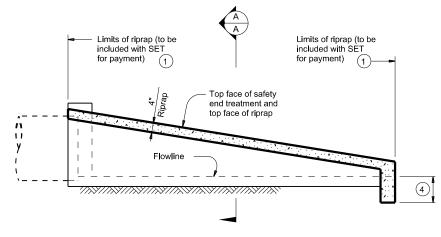
Bridge Division Standard

PRECAST SAFETY END
TREATMENT
TYPE II
RIPRAP DETAILS

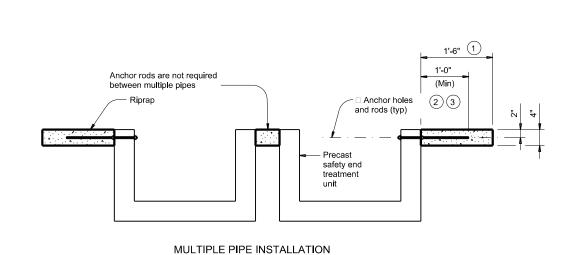
PSET-RR

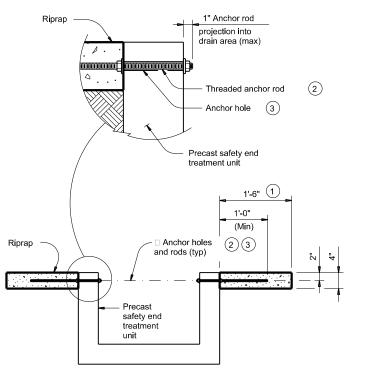
FILE:		DN: GAF		ck: TxDOT Dw:		JRP	С	k: GA	F
<b>©</b> TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB I			HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS		01	025 I			-м е	M 623	
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.			).
		CRP	BFF					63	



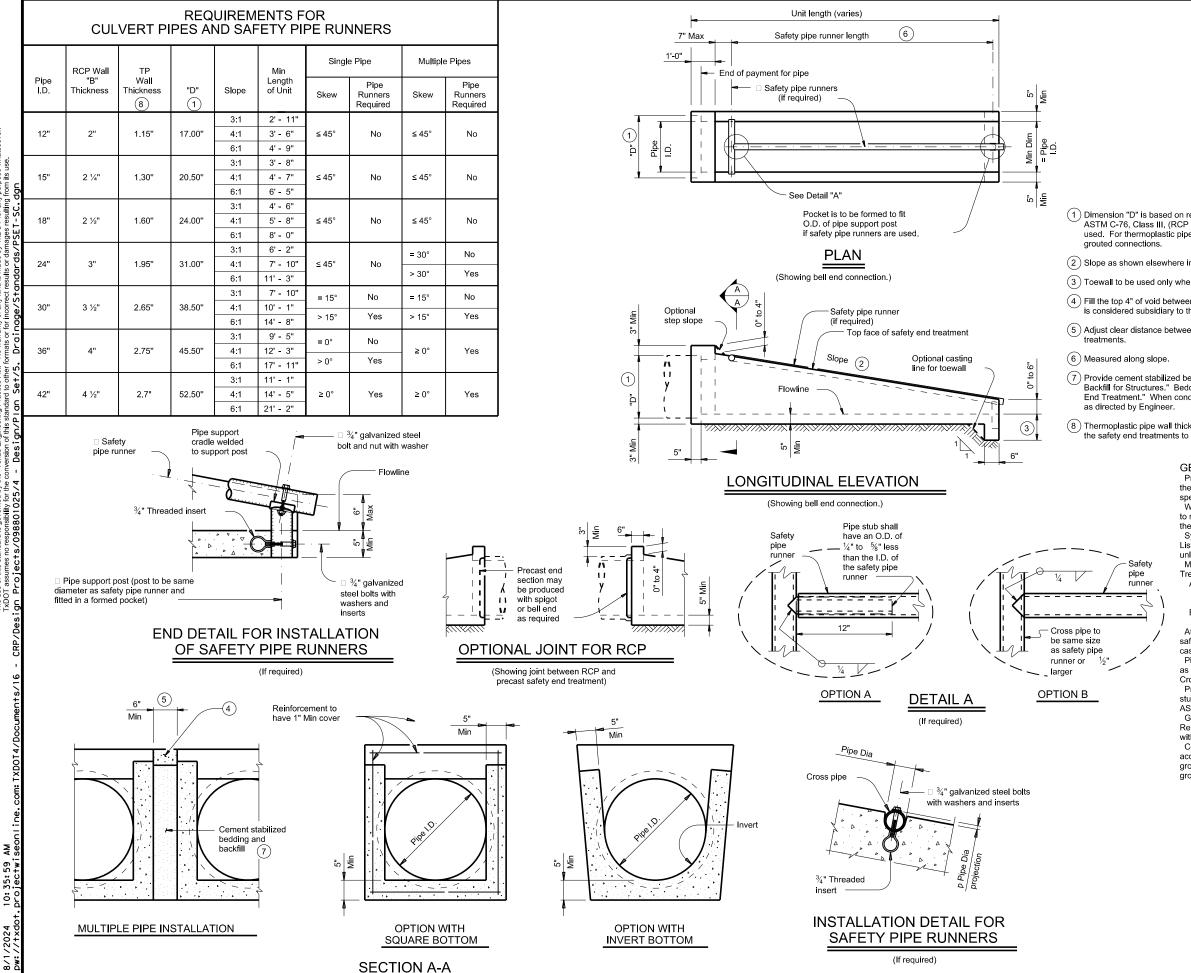


LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION





SINGLE PIPE INSTALLATION



### SAFETY PIPE RUNNER **DIMENSIONS**

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size							
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.					
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"					
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"					
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"					
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"					

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for
- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (3) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end
- Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill
- (8) Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End

- Treatment" except as noted below: A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40)
- or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" D12 x D12 or 5"x5" D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR). B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete

(fc = 3,600 psi). At the option and expense of the Contractor, the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1. "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

**PSET-SC** 

FILE:		DN: RLW		ck: KLR dw:		JTR	CK:	GAF
<b>C</b> TXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 12-21: Added 42* TP		0988	01	025		F	M 62	3
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
		CRP		BEE			6	4

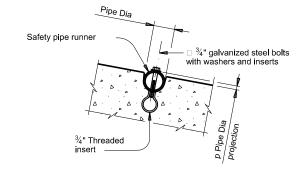
Safety Pipe Runners (if required)

1'-0"

Optional

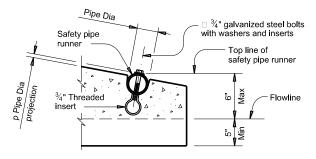
step slope

10: 40: 04

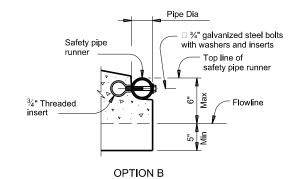


### INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

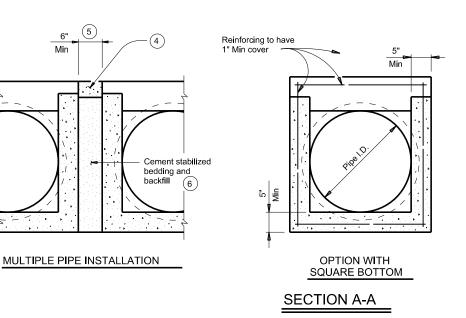


### OPTION A



### **END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION** OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



Unit length (varies)

Eq Spa at 24" Max

**PLAN** 

(Showing bell end connection.)

Safety pipe runner

(Typ) (if required)

LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

(Showing bell end connection.)

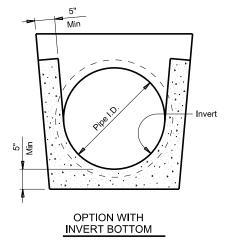
Flowline

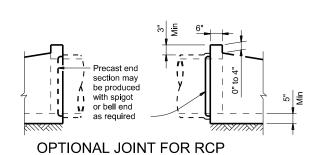
Top face of safety end treatment

□ Safetv

pipe runner

Optional casting line for toewall





(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment.)

### REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

Dina RCP		RCP TP Wall			Min	Pipe Ru Requ		Required Pipe Runner Size		
Pipe I.D.	De Well "P" Thickness "P" Clans Will	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	O.D.	I.D.				
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 ½"	2.7"	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- ig(3ig) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- (4) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- (6) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- 7 Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below:

A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" - D12 x D12 or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).

B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (fc = 3,600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



### PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

**PSET-SP** 

E:	DN: RLW		ck: KLR dw:		JTR	ск: GAF	
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY	
REVISIONS 12-21: Added 42" TP	0988	01	025		FM 623		
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	CRP	BEE			65		

#### SIDE ELEVATION OF CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

Limits of riprap (to be

Top of riprap

Trimmed edge of pipe culvert

Bottom Anchor

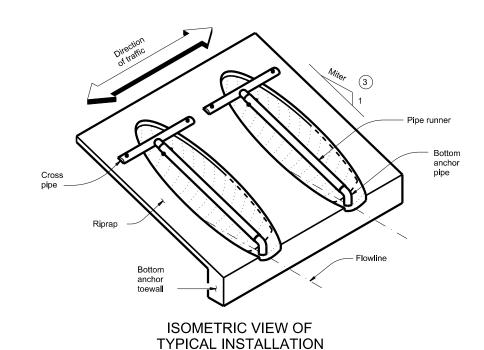
Toewall Details

included with SÈT

for payment)

of pipe

(Showing reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. Details of corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar. Pipe runners not shown for clarity)



(Showing installation with no skew.)

Pipe Runner Length 3:1 Side Slope Pipe Culvert Cross Pipe Nominal Length 0° Skew 15° Skew 30° Skew 45° Skew 0° Skew 15° Skew 30° Skew 45° Skew 0° Skew 15° Skew 30° Skew 45° Skew N/A 12' - 9" 3' - 5" N/A N/A N/A 5' - 10" N/A N/A N/A 8' - 1 N/A N/A 24" 14' - 11" 27" 1' - 8' 3' - 8" N/A N/A 5' - 5" 6' - 11" N/A N/A 7' - 7' 9' - 7' N/A N/A 11' - 11" 30" 1' - 10' 3' - 11" N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 13' - 8" 17' - 0" 6' - 4" 8' - 0" 8' - 9' 11' - 0" 1' - 11' 4' - 2" 10' - 0" 12' - 5" 13' - 9" 15' - 5" 19' - 2" 33" 6' - 2" 6' - 5' 7' - 3" 9' - 1" 8' - 6" 8' - 10" 13' - 3" 36" 2' - 1" 4' - 5" 6' - 11" 7' - 3" 8' - 2" 10' - 2" 9' - 6" 9' - 11" 11' - 2" 13' - 10" 14' - 9" 15' - 3" 17' - 2" 21' - 3" 42" 2' - 4" 4' - 11" 8' - 6" 8' - 10" 9' - 11" 12' - 4" 11' - 7" 12' - 0" 13' - 6" 16' - 8" 17' - 9" 18' - 5" 20' - 8" 25' - 7" 48" 2' - 7" 5' - 5" 10' - 1" 10' - 5" 11' - 9" N/A 13' - 7" 14' - 2" 15' - 10" N/A 20' - 9" 21' - 6" 24' - 2" N/A 54" 3' - 0" 5' - 11" N/A N/A 15' - 8" 16' - 3" N/A N/A 23' - 10" 24' - 8" N/A N/A 11' - 8" 17' - 9" 26' - 10" N/A 60" 3' - 3" 6' - 5" 13' - 3" N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

#### TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITERS 0° Skew 15° Skew Slope Skew Skew 4.243:1 3:1 3:1 3.106:1 3.464:1 4:1 4:1 4.141.1 4.619:1 5.657:1 6:1 6:1 6.212:1 6.928:1 8.485:1

	WHERE PIPE F E NOT REQUIRE		DARD PIP IPE RUNN			
Nominal Culvert I.D.	Single Pipe Culvert	Multiple Pipe Culverts	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.	Max F Runner I
12" thru 21"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 45°	2" STD	2.375"	2.067"	N/
24"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 30°	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	10' -
27"	Skews thru 30°	Skews thru 15°	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	19' -
30"	Skews thru 15°	Skews thru 15°	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	34' -
33"	Skews thru 15°	Always required				
36"	Normal (no skew)	Always required	1			
42" thru 60"	Always required	Always required	1			

#### 3:1 Side Slope 4:1 Side Slope 6:1 Side Slope Nominal Culvert I.D. 0° Skew 15° Skew 30° Skew 45° Skew 0° Skew 30° Skew 45° Skew 0° Skew 15° Skew 30° Skew 45° Skew 15° Skew 12" 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.7 15" 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.9 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.8 18" 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 8.0 8.0 0.8 0.9 1.0 21" 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 8.0 0.9 0.9 0.9 1.0 1.2 24" 0.6 0.7 0.7 8.0 8.0 0.8 0.8 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.3 27" 0.7 0.7 8.0 0.9 8.0 0.9 0.9 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.4 30" 8.0 0.8 0.8 0.9 0.9 0.9 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.6 33" 8.0 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.7 36" 1.8 0.9 0.9 0.9 1 1 1 1 11 12 14 14 1.5 16 42" 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.8 2.1

1.4

1.6

N/A

1.5

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

ESTIMATED CONCRETE RIPRAP QUANTITIES (CY)

1 Provide pipe runner of the size shown in the tables. Provide cross pipe of the same size as the pipe runner. Provide cross pipe stub out and bottom anchor pipe of the next smaller size pipe as shown in the Standard Pipe Sizes and Max Pipe Runner Lengths table.

48"

54"

60"

1.1

1.3

1.4

1.1

1.3

N/A

1.2

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

1.4

1.6

1.7

2 This standard allows for the placement of only one pipe runner across each culvert pipe opening. In order to limit the clear opening to be traversed by an errant vehicle, the following conditions must be met:

For 60" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 0°. For 54" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 15°. For 48" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 30°. For all culvert pipe sizes 42" and less, the skew must

If the above conditions cannot be met, the designer should consider using a safety end treatment with flared wings. For further information, refer to the TxDOT Roadway Design Manual.

- 3 Miter = slope of mitered end of pipe culvert.
- 4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only.

SHEET 1 OF 2

1.9

2.1

N/A

2.1

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A



Texas Department of Transportation

SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

(5)

1.9

2.1

2.3

Max Pipe Runner Length

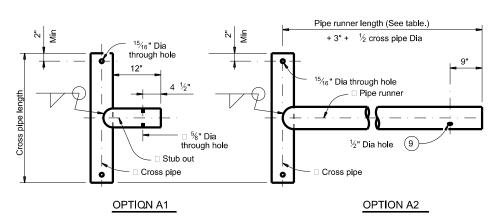
N/A

10' - 0"

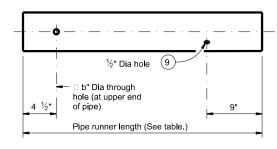
19' - 8"

34' - 2"

FILE: SETP-C	D.dgn	DN: GAF	: -	ск: САТ	DW:	JRP	ск: GAF
<b>C</b> TXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0988	01	025		FM	623
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		CRP		REE			66

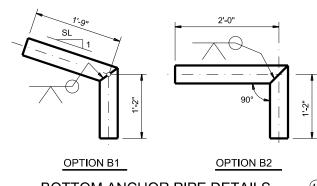


#### CROSS PIPE AND CONNECTIONS DETAILS



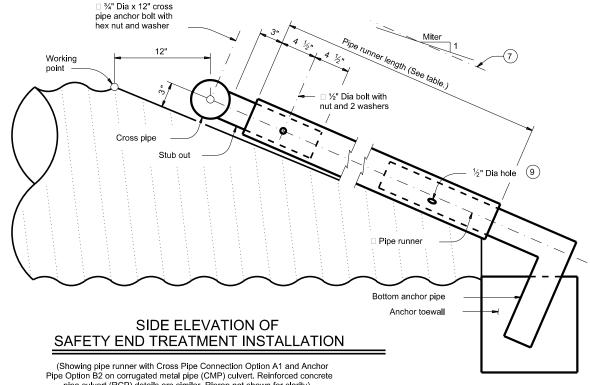
NOTE: The separate pipe runner shown is required when Cross Pipe Connection Option A1 is used.

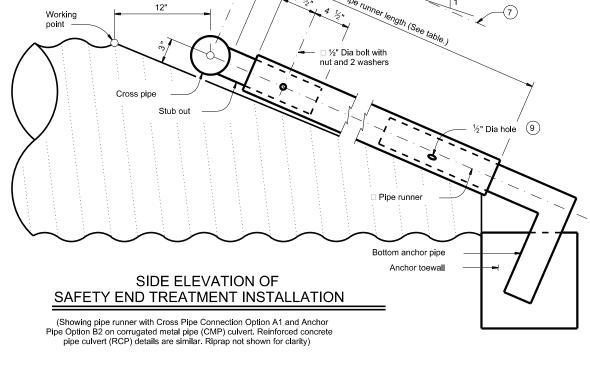
#### PIPE RUNNER DETAILS

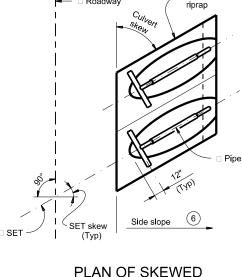


**BOTTOM ANCHOR PIPE DETAILS** 

- (4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (6) Recommended values of side slope are 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1. All quantities, calculations, and dimensions shown herein are based on these recommended values. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 7 Note that actual slope of pipe runner may vary slightly from side slope of riprap and trimmed culvert pipe edge.
- 8 Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- 9 After installation, inspect the ½" hole to ensure that the lap of the pipe runner with the bottom anchor pipe is adequate.
- 10 At fabricator's option, a heat bend to a smooth 5" radius or a manufactured elbow (of the same material as the runner) may be substituted for the mitered and welded joint in the bottom anchor pipe.

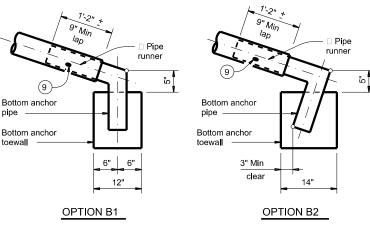






Limits of

PLAN OF SKEWED **INSTALLATION** 



#### **BOTTOM ANCHOR TOEWALL DETAILS**

(Culvert and riprap not shown for clarity.)

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners, cross pipes, and anchor pipes conforming to the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication.

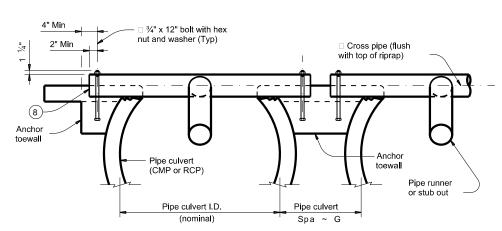
Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the

openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners.

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the price bid for each safety end treatment.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."



SHOWING CROSS PIPE AND ANCHOR TOEWALL

Tangent to widest portion of pipe culvert (Typ) Pipe culvert

Limits of riprap (to be included with SET

for payment)

SHOWING TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT AND RIPRAP

#### **SECTION A-A**





#### SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS

TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

						_		
SETP-C	CD.dgn	DN: GAI	-	ck: CAT	DW:	JRP	CK:	GAF
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		CRP		BEE			6	7

#### CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes	
12"	0.6	0' - 9"	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9"			
15"	0.7	0' - 11"	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"			
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10"	2' - 8"	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std	
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.500" O.D.)	
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6"	3' - 7"			
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10"	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts		
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" O.D.)	
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8"	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.D.)	
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	4' - 9"	5' - 1"	All mine and cente	4" Std	
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	5' - 5"	5' - 10"	All pipe culverts	(4.500" O.D.)	
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0"	6' - 7"			
54"	2.0	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	6' - 9"	7' - 6"			
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std	
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11"	7' - 10"	8' - 9"		(5.563" O.D.)	
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4"			

- 1 The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2 Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete"
Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel
reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53
(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52.
Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.
Galvanize all steel components, excent concrete reinforcing at

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



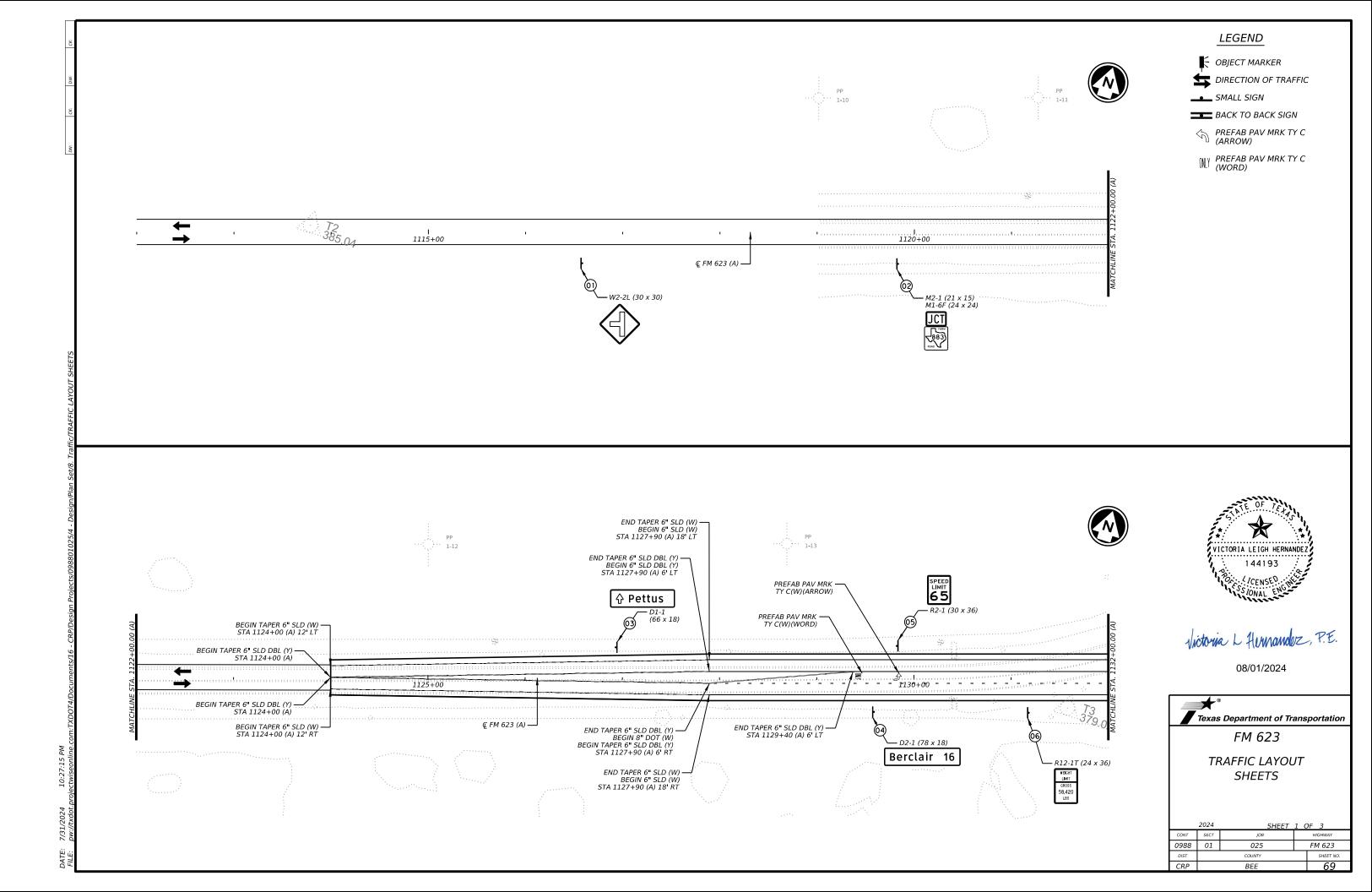
Bridge Division Standard

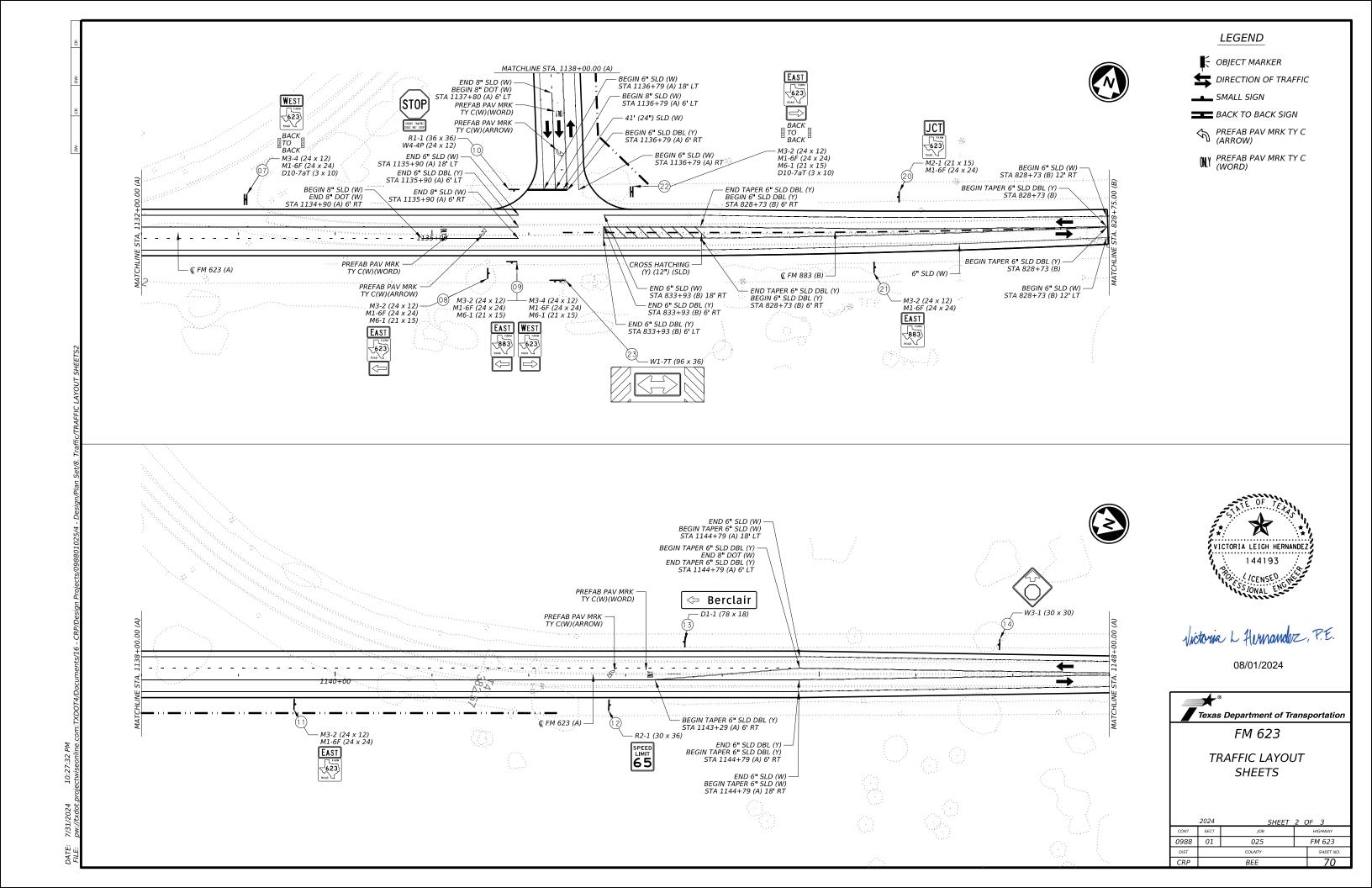
(2)

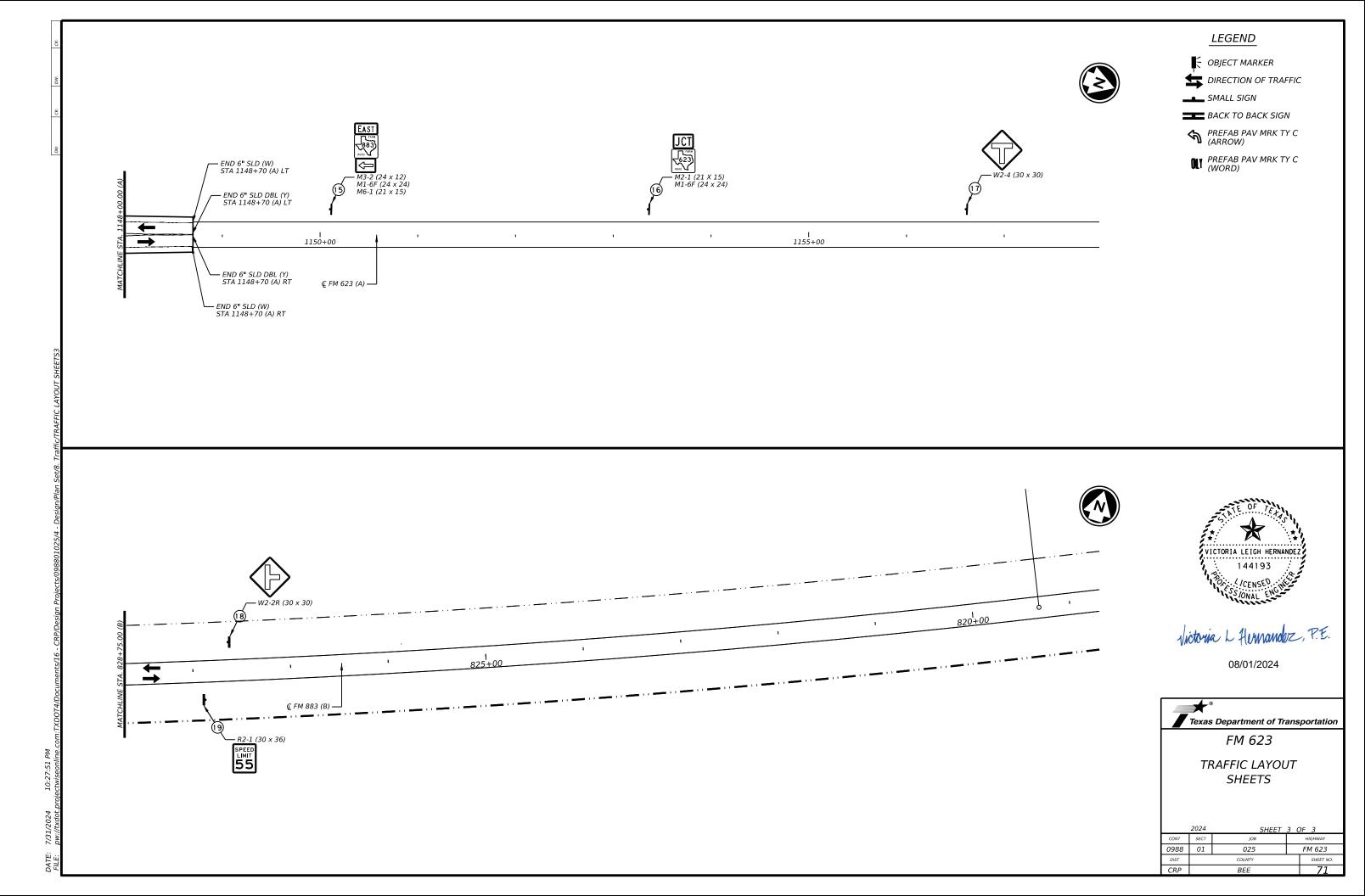
SAFETY END TREATMENT
FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA
PIPE CULVERTS
TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

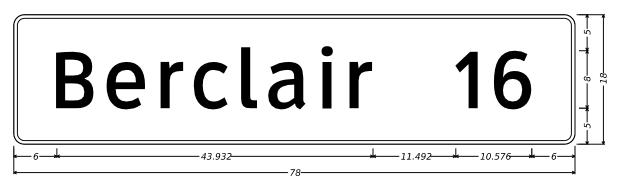
SETP-PD

FILE: SETP-PD.dgn	DN: GAF		ck: CAT	DW:	JRP	ск: GAF
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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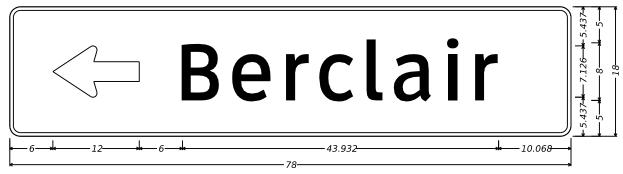




D2-1 8in;

1.500" Radius, 0.500" Border, White on Green;

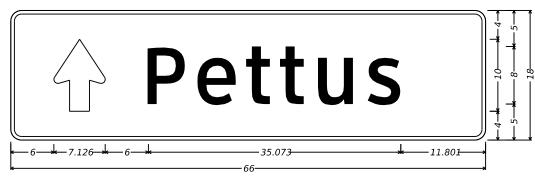
"Berclair", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "16", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



D1-1 8in LT;

1.500" Radius, 0.500" Border, White on Green;

Standard Arrow Custom 12.000" X 7.126" 180°; "Berclair", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



D1-1 8in UP;

1.500" Radius, 0.500" Border, White on Green;

Standard Arrow Custom 10.000" X 7.126" 90°; "Pettus", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

**5 3 8** 

0.856 1.288 0.856 •0.85 1.3 0.858 1.412 1.412 0.794

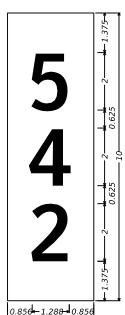
D10-7aT 3in;

No border, White on Green;

"5", ClearviewHwy-4-W;

"3", ClearviewHwy-4-W;

"8", ClearviewHwy-4-W;



D10-7aT 3in;

No border, White on Green;

"5", ClearviewHwy-4-W;

"4", ClearviewHwy-4-W;
"2", ClearviewHwy-4-W;

VICTORIA LEIGH HERNANDEZ

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Victoria L Humandez, P.E.

08/01/2024



FM 623

SMALL SIGN DETAILS

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CRP		BEE		72

#### SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

#### SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

#### Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT)) SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3). (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) IF REQUIRED

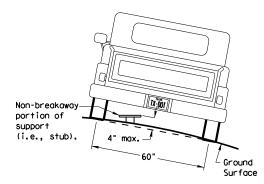
1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

### REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

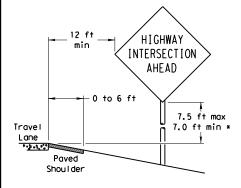
7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

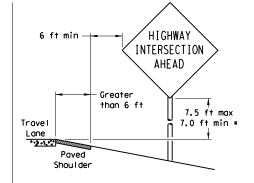
#### SIGN LOCATION

#### **PAVED SHOULDERS**



#### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

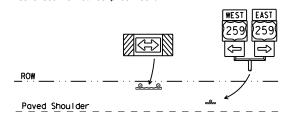
T-INTERSECTION

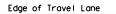
12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

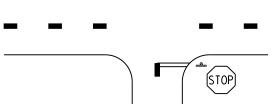
7.0 ft min *





Travel

Lane



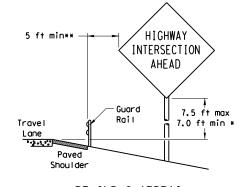
- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

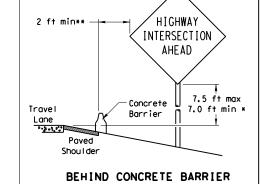
See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

#### BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$ 

Maximum

Travel

Lane

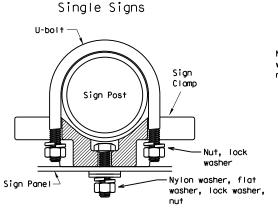
factors.

possible

#### TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

## Back-to-Back Signs Nylon washer, flat washer. lock washer -Sign Panel Sign Post Clamp ackslash Sign Panel Clamo Bolt Nylon washer, flat washer, lock washer, - Sian Bolt

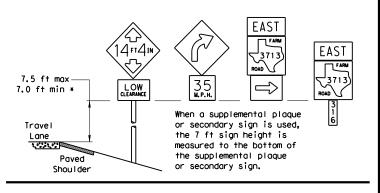
diameter

circle

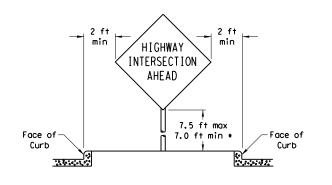
Acceptable

	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

#### SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



#### CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



#### Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

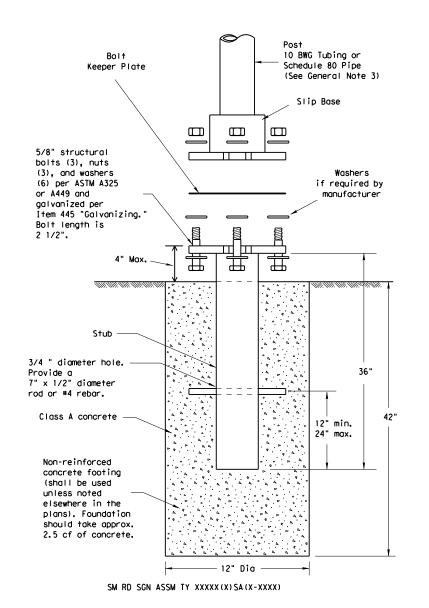


#### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

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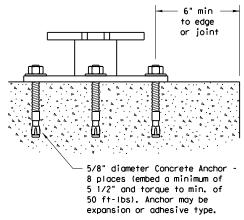
#### TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer_list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

#### Support

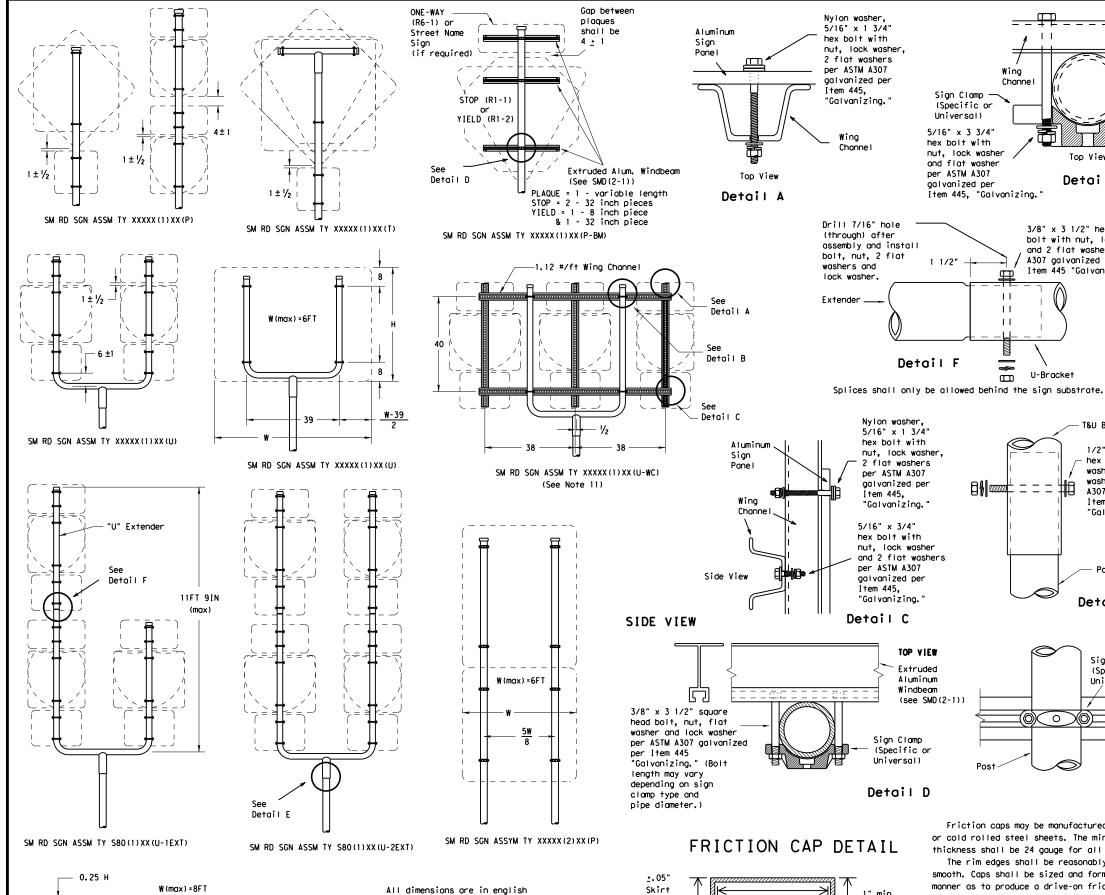
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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		CRP		BEE			74



unless detailed otherwise.

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

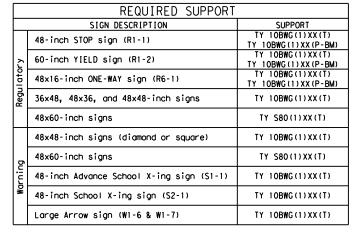
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





#### SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

0

Wing

11

1.1

1.1

8

Channe

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

A307 galvanized per

U-Bracket

Item 445 "Galvanizing."

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445,

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

(Specific or

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

washer and 2 flat

washers per ASTM

A307 galvanized per

Detail B

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>+</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

Variation

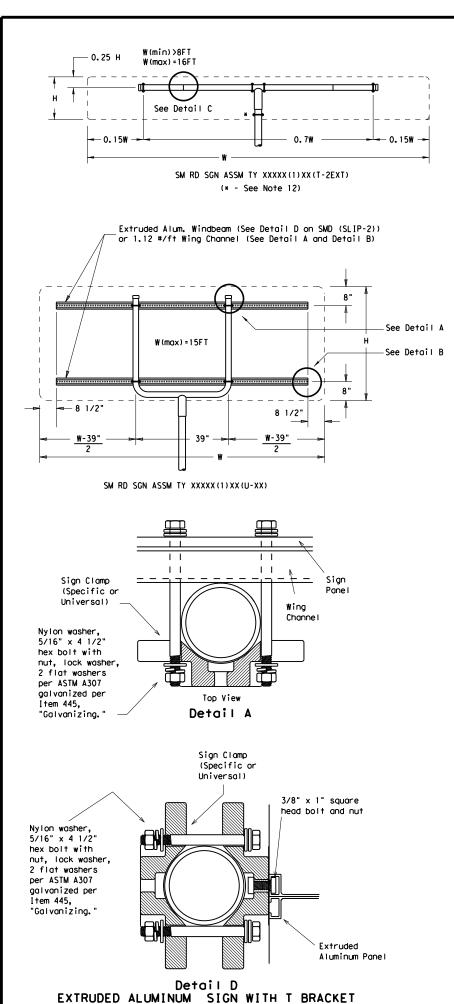
Depth

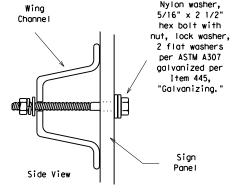
Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

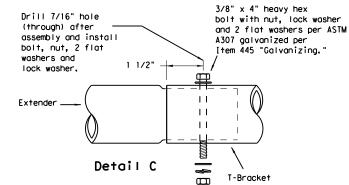
Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.







Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

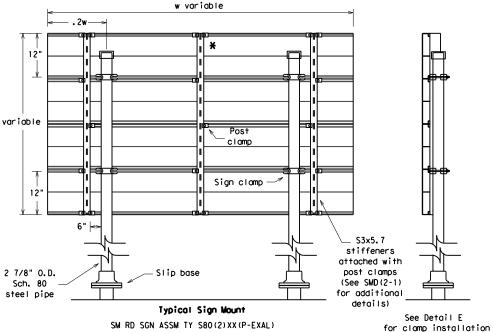
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

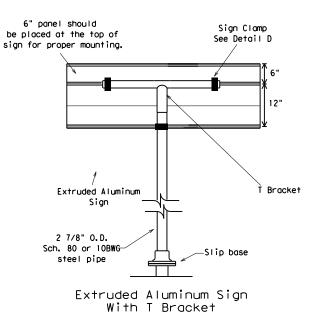
per Item 445.

"Galvanizina.

Detail E



* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.



24" or greater

Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- greater height.

  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut
  off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel
  (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the
  sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized
  coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12.Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

REQUIRED SUPPORT					
SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	SIGN DESCRIPTION  48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)  60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)  48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)  36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs  48x60-inch signs  48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)  48x60-inch signs  48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)  48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)				



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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		CRP		BEE			76

## REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING			



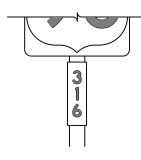




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

## REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING			
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

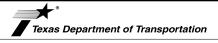
- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

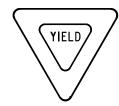
TSR(3)-13

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C TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY
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12-03 7-1	3	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		CRP		BEE			77

## REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

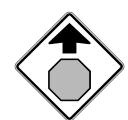




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

#### REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

#### REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

## TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

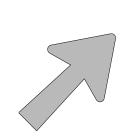
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)TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	GHWAY
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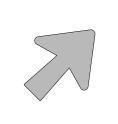
#### ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

#### SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)



Type A

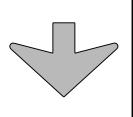


Type B

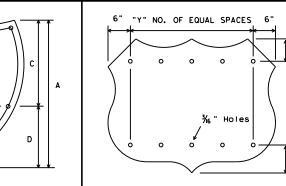


E-3



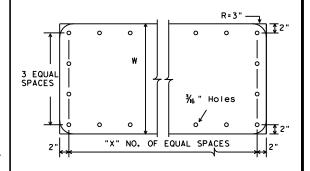


Down Arrow



U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5



STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

#### TYPE LETTER SIZE USE A-I 10.67" U/L and 10" Caps Single A-2 13.33" U/L and 12" Caps Lane A-3 16" & 20" U/L B-I 10.67" U/L and 10" Caps Multiple B-2 13.33" U/L and 12" Caps Lane Exits B-3 16" & 20" U/L

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.	
E-3	E5-laT	
E-4	E5-IbT	

#### NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/

# EXIT ONLY PANEL

INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

15

20

11/2

13/4

21

28

‰" Ho∣es

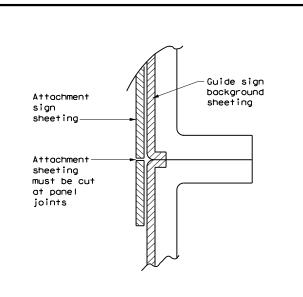
36

48

%" dia.

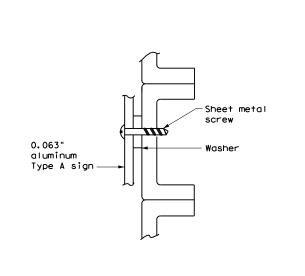
## MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE

# ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

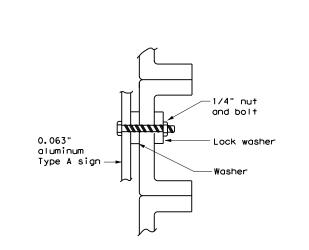


DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT

- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



SCREW ATTACHMENT



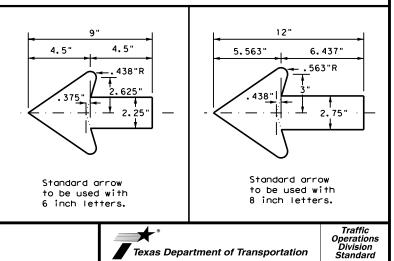
NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

#### NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

## ARROW DETAILS

for Destination Signs (Type D)



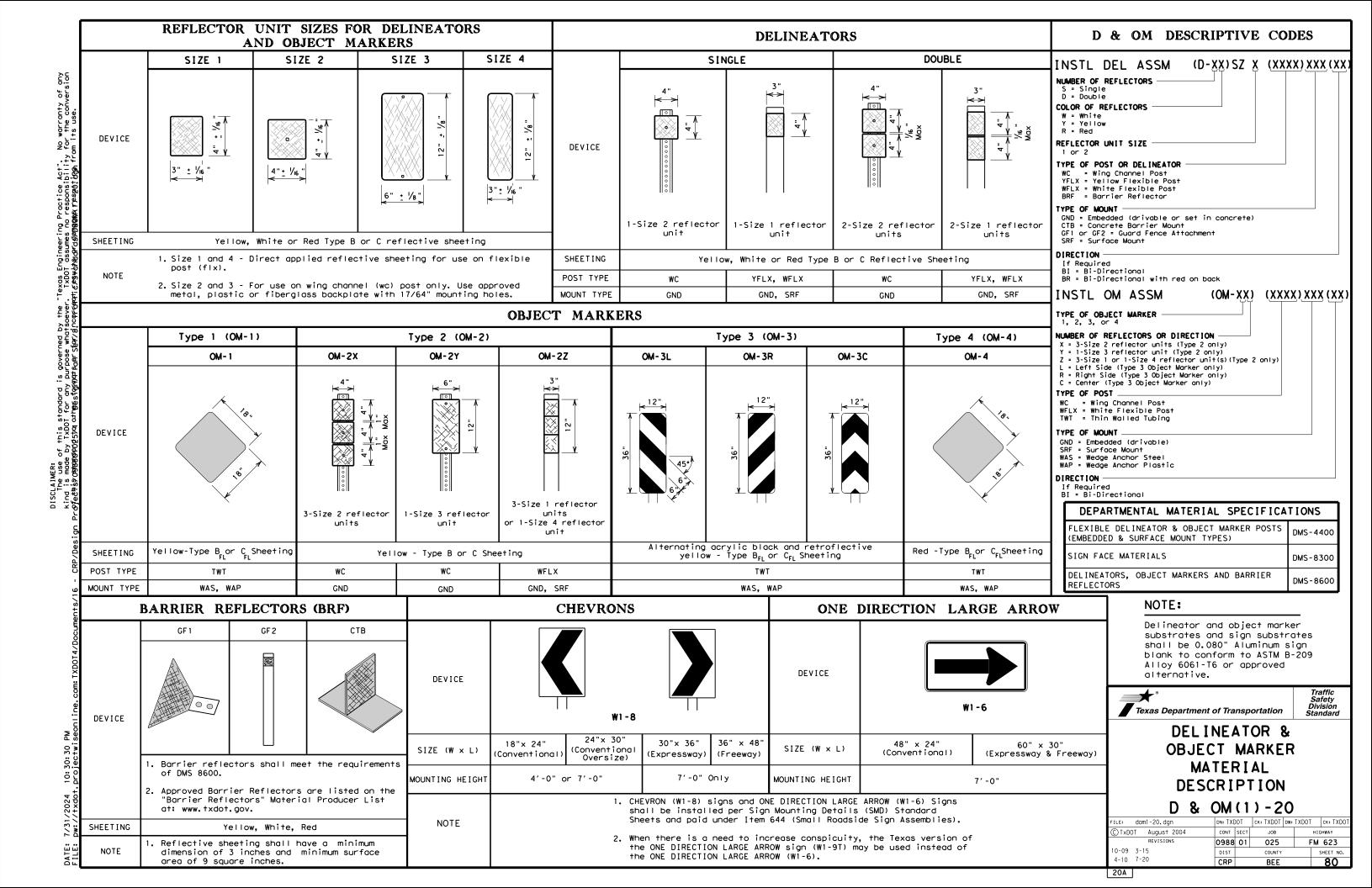
# TYPICAL SIGN

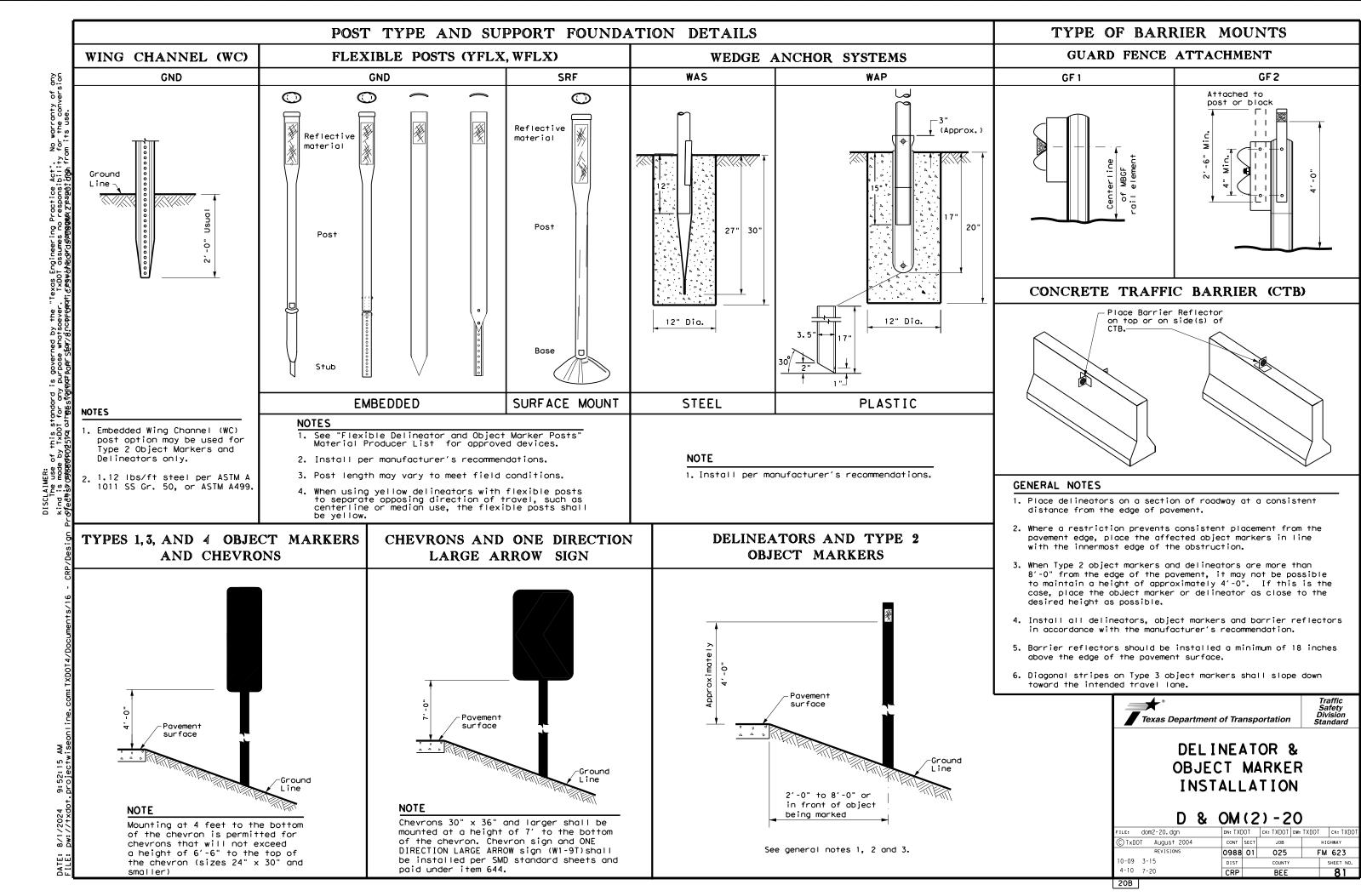
Texas Department of Transportation

TSR(5)-13

REQUIREMENTS

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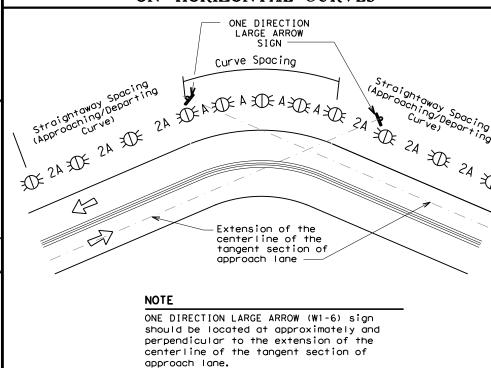




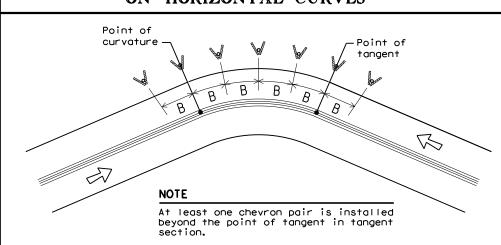
## MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed			
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)		
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs		
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>		
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons		

## SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



## SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET				
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve	
		Α	2A	В	
1	5730	225	450		
2	2865	160	320		
3	1910	130	260	200	
4	1433	110	220	160	
5	1146	100	200	160	
6	955	90	180	160	
7	819	85	170	160	
8	716	75	150	160	
9	637	75	150	120	
10	573	70	140	120	
11	521	65	130	120	
12	478	60	120	120	
13	441	60	120	120	
14	409	55	110	80	
15	382	55	110	80	
16	358	55	110	80	
19	302	50	100	80	
23	249	40	80	80	
29	198	35	70	40	
38	151	30	60	40	
57	101	20	40	40	

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND SPACING
------------	-----	--------	--------	-------------	-------------

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING	
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets	
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table	
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents  Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)	
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)	
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet	
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators	
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max	
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)	
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provide by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)	
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)	
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail  Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge		Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end	
		See D & OM (5)	
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)	
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)	
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet	

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND						
<b>₩</b>	Bi-directional Delineator					
$\mathbb{R}$	Delineator					
4	Sign					



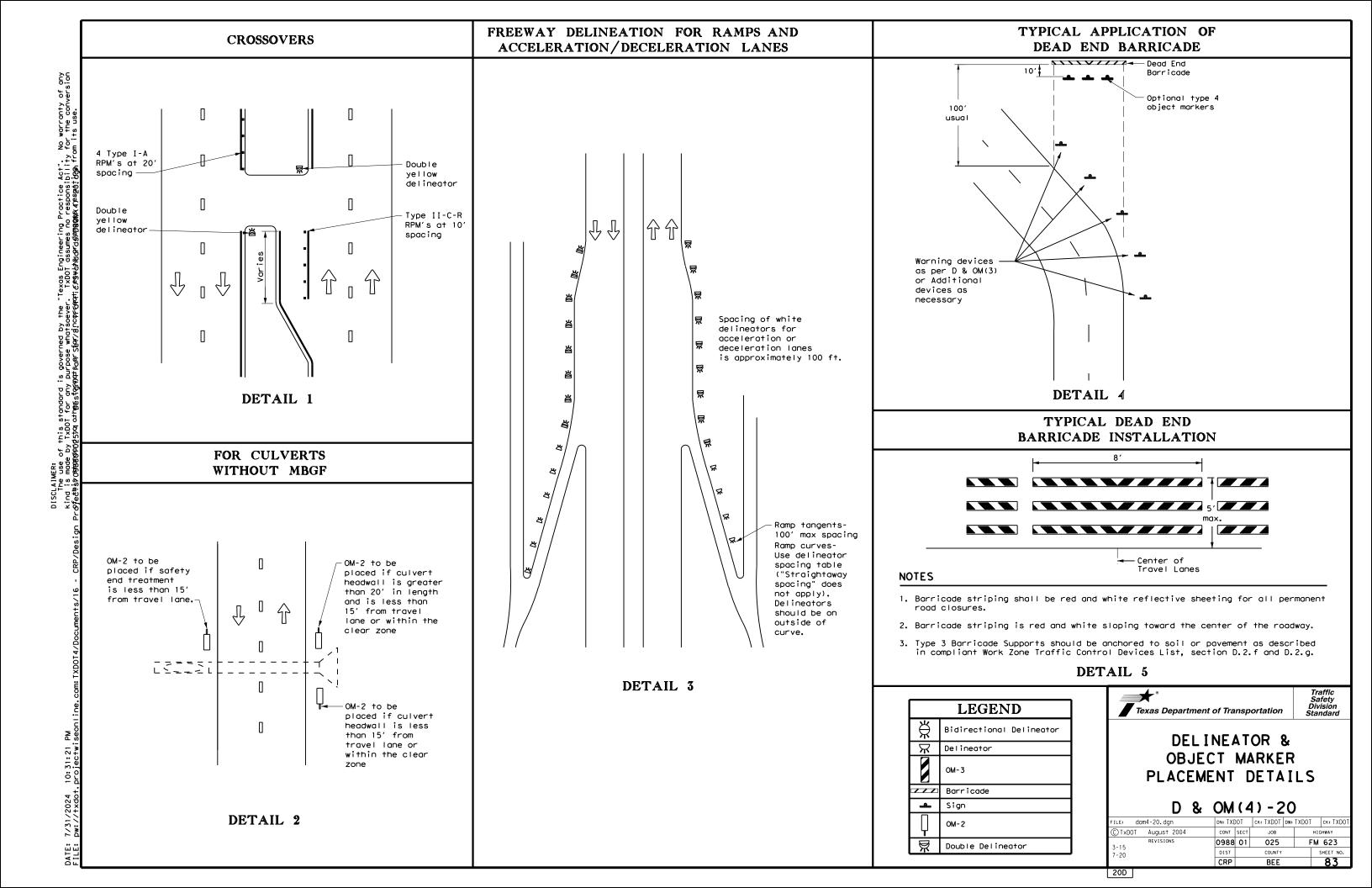
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

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C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	CHWAY
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3-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
8-15 7-20	CRP		BEE			82

200

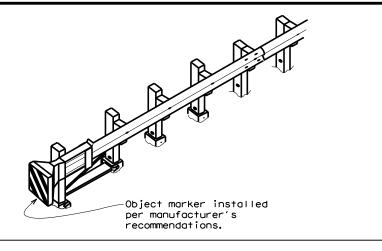
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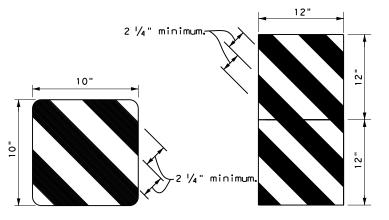


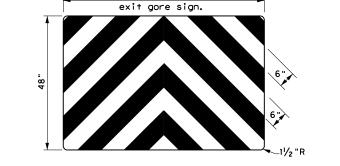
#### TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /₩ 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional bidirectional One barrier $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart $\mathbf{R}$ $\mathbf{x}$ apart $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW <u>↓</u> ѫ ヌ 土 Edge Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\Re$ **MBGF** $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Traffic Safety Division Standard **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Shoul Bidirectional Delineator DELINEATOR & $\mathbf{x}$ Delineator See Note See Note 1 **OBJECT MARKER** PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End © TxDOT August 2015 JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front FM 623 0988 01 025 the terminal end. of the terminal end. raffic Flow 84

20E

SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any nd is made by ixDOI for any purpose whatsoever. IxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion ethis/OBJBBOQQQSYQ atUBEsfqAqFAGAFSEA7/BjrOPFGARIE-ESWARGAABOARSSPARISPSDQIEGA from its use.







Variable to match width of

**EXIT** 

444

BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)

OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT 2

#### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of  $2\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

D 0. 0.	٠. ٠	• •	• • •		
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TX[	TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0988	01	025	F	M 623
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	CRP		BEE		85

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

this standary TxDOT for

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

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 $\Diamond$ 

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➾

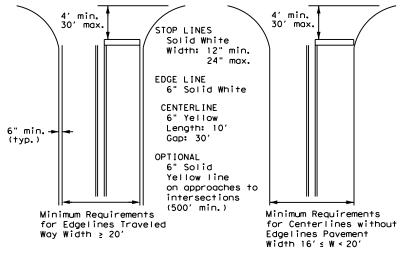
shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

ف

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

#### GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



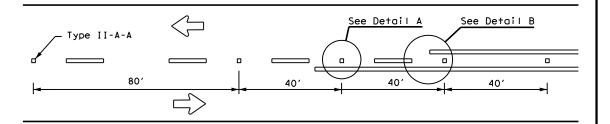
#### TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(1) - 22

		•			
E: pm1-22,dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0988	01	025		FM 623
95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
00 2-12	CRP		BEE		86

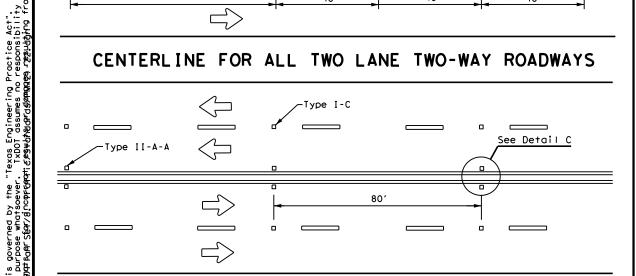
#### REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

of 45 MPH or less.

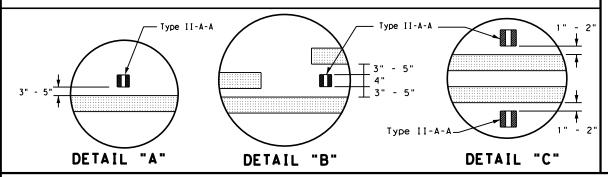


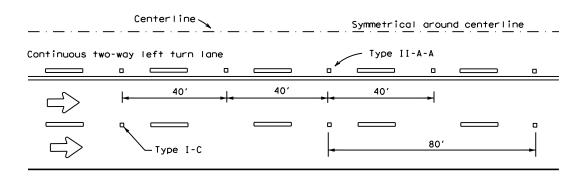
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#### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

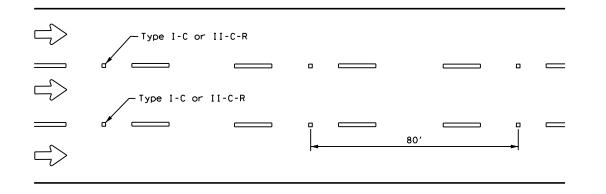


#### CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS





#### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



#### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

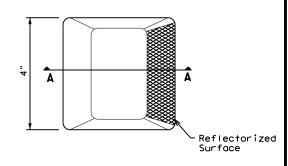
#### CENTER OR EDGE LINE (see note 1) 10' BROKEN LANE LINE -300 to 500 mil in height 18"± 1" A quick field check for the thickness of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters. REFLECTORIZED PROFILE 51/2"± 1/2 PATTERN DETAIL 2 to 3"—► NOTES USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS 1. Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be specified in the plans. 6" EDGE LINE, 6" CENTERLINE OR 6" LANE LINE 2. Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit

#### GENERAL NOTES

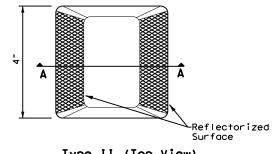
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements, the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians, and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

l	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
l	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
l	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
ı	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
ı	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
ı	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
I	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

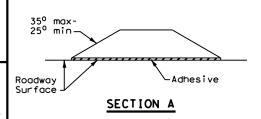
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0988	01	025		FM	623
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	CRP		BEE			87

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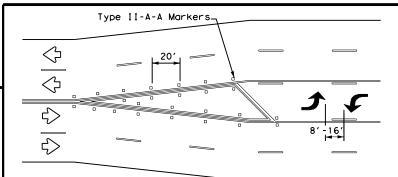
δ¢.

AIMER: The use of this standard is governed is made by TXDOI for any purpose who is a retendandsta athgestgript balt SEGY.

#### NOTES

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)						
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f+)				
30 MPH	460	, <u>ws²</u>				
35 MPH	565	L= WS				
40 MPH	670	00				
45 MPH	775					
50 MPH	885					
55 MPH	990					
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS				
65 MPH	1,200					
70 MPH	1,250					
75 MPH	1,350					



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

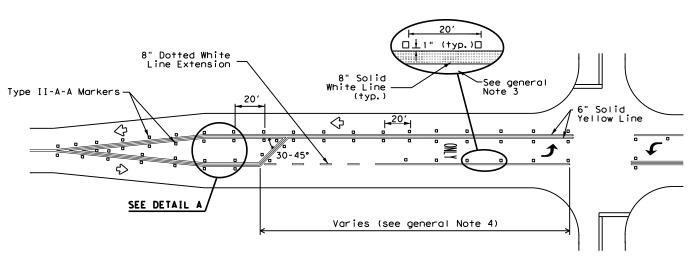
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

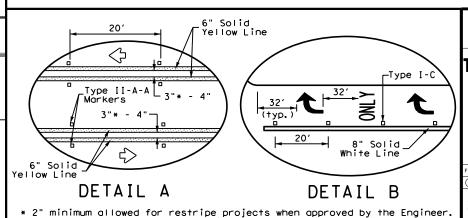
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



#### TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS





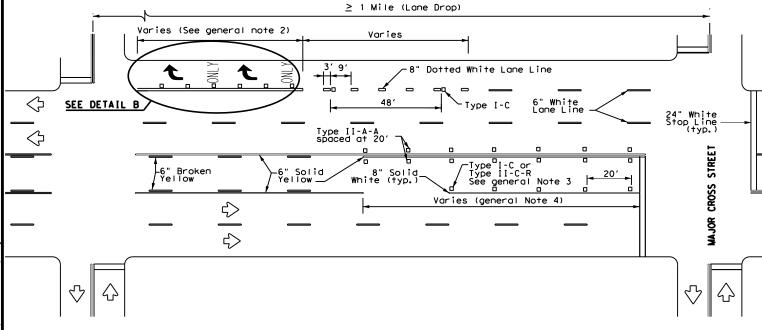
Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES, RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-22

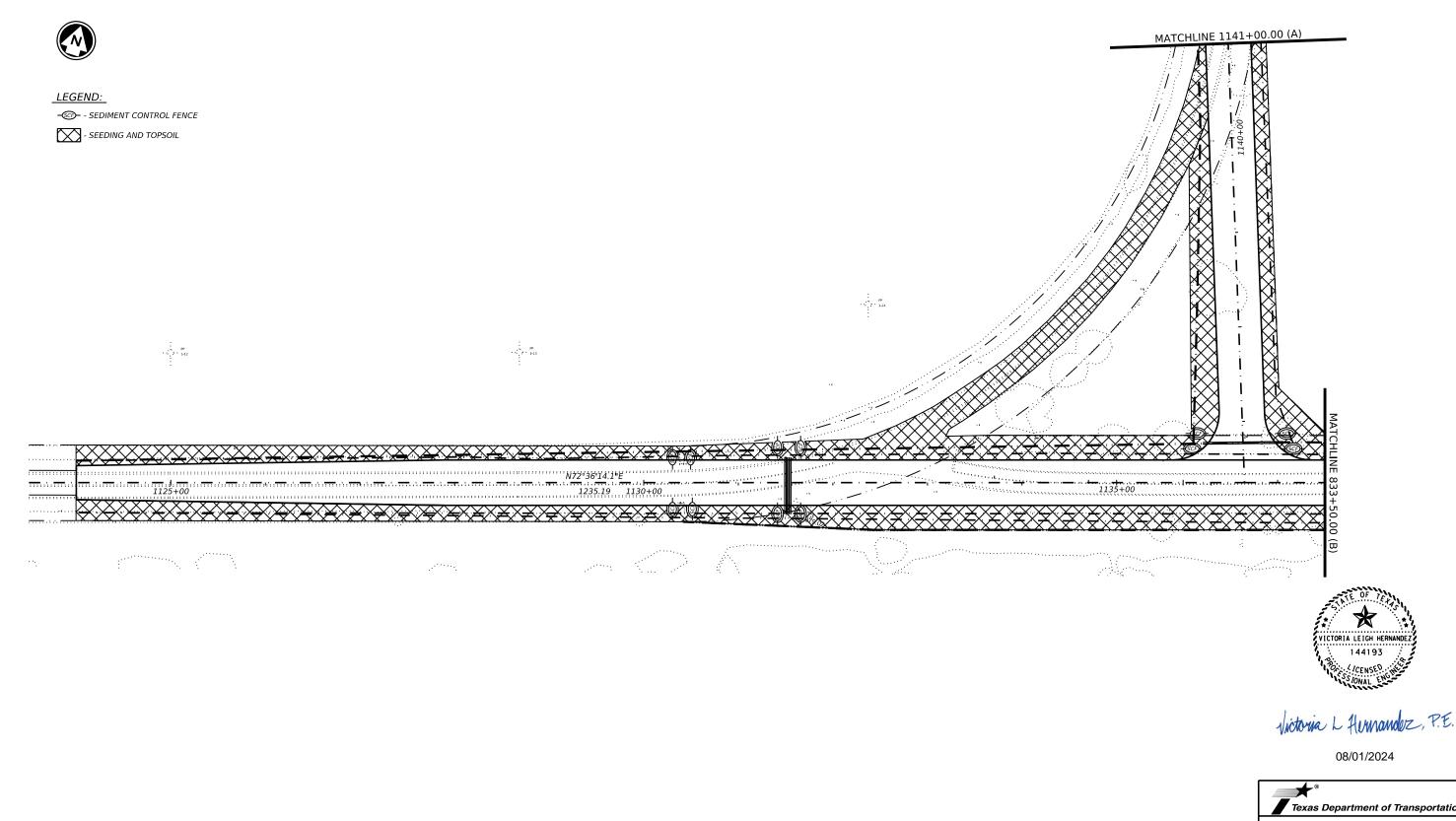
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TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 2-12	CRP		BEE		88
2C					

# Varies (See general Note 2) SEE DETAIL B 6" White Lane Line 6" Solid Yellow Line 6" White Lane Line

#### TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

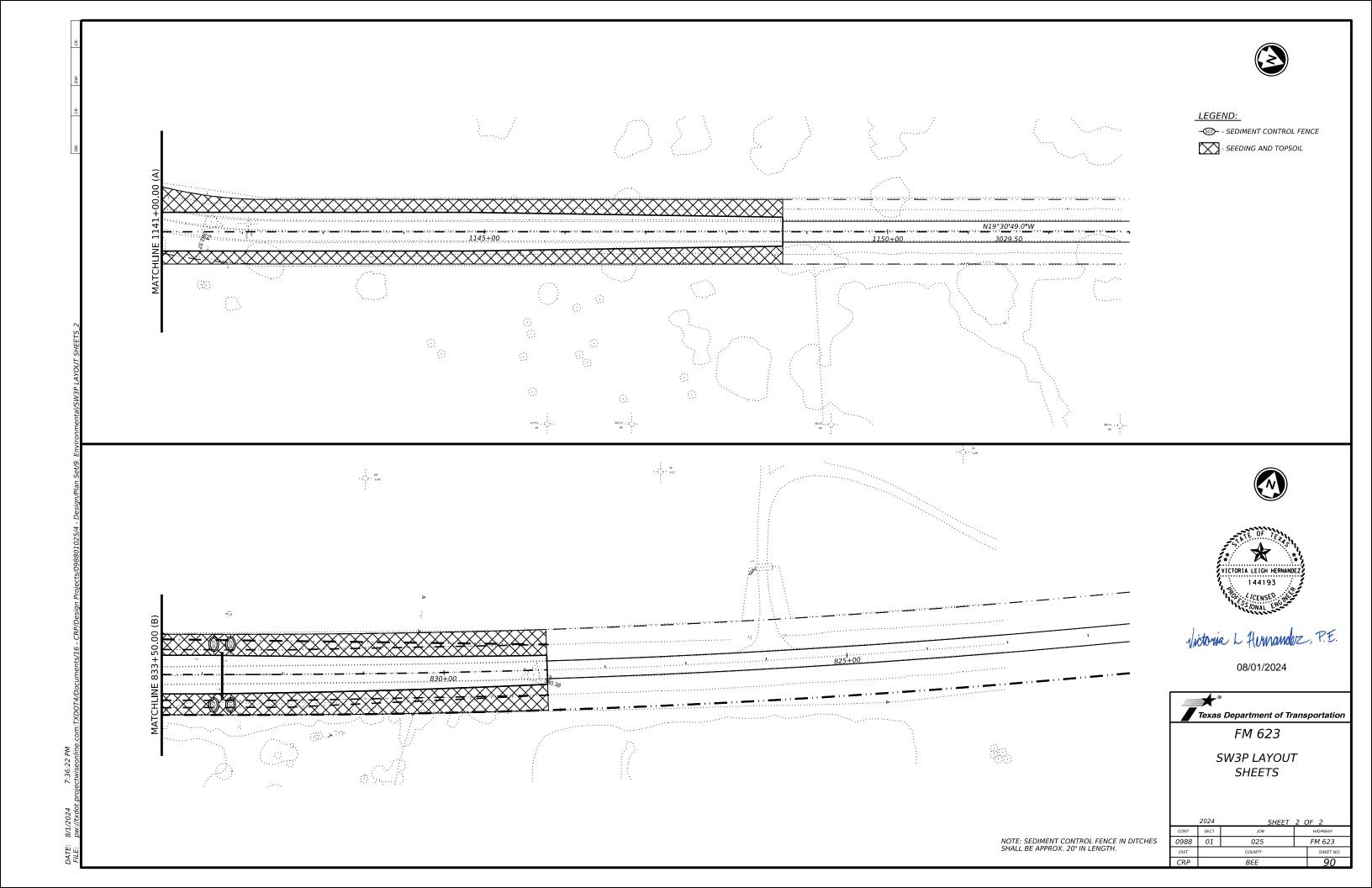


Texas Department of Transportation

FM 623

SW3P LAYOUT SHEETS

NOTE: SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE IN DITCHES SHALL BE APPROX. 20' IN LENGTH.



#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with soil disturbing activity and for projects that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0988-01-025

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: 0.5 MILES NORTH OF FM883

To: 0.5 MILES SOUTH OF FM883

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 28.6366709 (N) .(Long)-97.7744830 (W)

END: (Lat) 28.6440758 (N) ,(Long) -97.7733539 (W)

#### 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 7.36

#### 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 7.36

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

WIDENING & REALIGNING OF EXIST. FM ROAD TO ADD RIGHT & LEFT TURN BAYS CONSISTING OF GRADING, BASE, STRUCT., SURFACING, SIGNING, & PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

A Excava		
widen	Description	Soil Type
X Remov	AREA COMPOSED OF 51 PERCENT	WEESATCHE SANDY CLAY LOAM 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
X Install   X Install ( □ Install (	AREA COMPOSED OF 34 PERCENT	PARRITA-OLMOS 0 ASSOCIATION 1 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES
X Place f	AREA COMPOSED OF 15 PERCENT	WEESATCHE FINE SANDY LOAM 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
X Blade v		
X Achiev		
erosic		
□ Other:		
Othory		
☐ Other:		
□ Other:		
.1		

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: X PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs	planned	for	construction
---------	---------	-----	--------------

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- X Mobilization
- X Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- X Remove existing pavement
- X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Place flex base
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			
_			

Other			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- X Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities.

□ Other:			
□ Other:			

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

**Tributaries** 

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

**Classified Waterbody** 

Mission River Above Tidal (2002)

#### * Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- 🛚 Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

-			
☐ Other:			
•			

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

	🛚 Maintain	SWP3	records	for 3	year
--	------------	------	---------	-------	------

Other.			
☐ Other:			
□ Other:			
•			

#### 1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

MS4 Entity					
N/A					

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO.				SHEET NO.
					91
STATE		STATE DIST.	C	COUNTY	
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CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY I	٧0.
098	8	01	025	FM 6	23

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

#### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:					
T/P					
🛛 🗆 Protection of Existing Vegetation					
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones					
□ □ Soil Retention Blankets					
□ □ Geotextiles					
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching					
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments					
☐ ☐ Temporary Seeding					
□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding					
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams					
<ul><li>□ Vertical Tracking</li><li>□ Interceptor Swale</li></ul>					
□ □ Riprap					
□ □ Diversion Dike					
□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain					
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control					
□ □ Paved Flumes					
□ □ Other:					
□ □ Other:					
Other:					
- Other.					
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:					
T/P					
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs					
□ □ Dewatering Controls					
□ □ Inlet Protection					
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams					
□ □ Sandbag Berms					
X □ Sediment Control Fence					
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit					
☐ ☐ Floating Turbidity Barrier					
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones					
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips					
□ □ Other:					
□ Other:					
□ Other:					
□ Other:					
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets					

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

Т	1	Р

Sediment Trap
☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
Sedimentation Basin
Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
<ul> <li>Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area</li> </ul>
☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
☐ Available area/Site geometry
☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
□ Public safety
□ Other:

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stat	ioning		
Туре	From	То		
	PROJECT LIMITS			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- X Stabilized construction exit X Daily street sweeping

•		_			
□ Other:					

☐ Other:	

_	•						
_							
	Other:						

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control

Other:

X Sanitary Facilities

☐ Other:			
_			
□ Other:			
_			

□ Other:			

Other:			
-			

#### 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing					
Туре	From To					

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

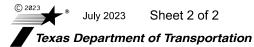
#### 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3

When dewatering activities are present, a daily inspection will be conducted once per day during those activities and documented in accordance with CGP and TxDOT requirements.

**2.10 MAINTENANCE:** Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)**



* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

PROJECT NO. 92 CRP FXAS

CONT. SECT. 025 7988 01 FM 623

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. ☐ No Action Required Required Action ያ ያ 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 kind rect 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer. 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ. EPA or other inspectors, 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS. WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s): ☐ No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to. location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS X Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips Temporary Vegetation ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems ☐ Mulch ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Extended Detention Basin ☐ Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike ■ Wet Basin Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks

Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches

Sediment Basins

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action No Action Required Action No. 4. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. ■ No Action Required Required Action 1. Minimize the amount of vegetation cleared. Removal of native vegetation, particularly mature native trees and shrubs should be avoided to the greatest extent practicable. V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. ☐ No Action Required X Required Action Action No. 1. SEE SHEET 2 If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS Best Management Practice

#### VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors

of all product spills.

* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation

## ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

FILE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO	ck: RG	DW: VP		ck: AR
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	0988	01	025	FM		623
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	CRP		BEE		ļ	93

Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act Notice of Termination

Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan PCN: Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location TCFQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

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#### Amphibians

- Be advised of the potential occurrence of the black-spotted newt in the
  project area. This species prefers warm shallow watered areas with vegetative
  cover such as arroyos, canals, ditches, or even shallow depressions. During
  dry seasons, the newt lays dormant underground. Ensure that SW3Pand 401 BMPs
  are implemented and maintained during construction. Avoid harming this species
  if encountered.
- 2. Be advised of the potential occurrence of sheep frog in the project area. This species prefers subterranean burrows, such as those of pack rats. They will also burrow under fallen tree limbs. Although this species will remain in its burrow for most of the year, they may emerge with heavy rains in the late summer season. Breeding takes place in August and September. Minimize disturbance to downed woody debris. Ensure that SM3P and 401 BMPs are implemented and maintained during construction. Avoid harming this species if encountered.
- 3. Be advised of the potential occurrence of South Texas siren in the project area. This species prefers warm shallow waters with vegetative cover such as ponds, ditches, and swamps. This is a nocturnal species that burrows during the day. Ensure that SWPPP and 401 BMPs are implemented and maintained during construction. Avoid harming this species if encountered.
- 4. Be advised of the potential occurrence of the Strecker's chorus frog in the project area. This species prefers sandy substrates and can be found in wooded floodplains and flats, prairies, cultivated fields and marshes. Ensure that SW3P and 401 BMPs are implemented and maintained during construction. Avoid harming this species if encountered.
- 5. Minimize impacts to wetland, temporary and permanent open water features, including depressions, and riverine habitats. Maintain hydrologic regime and connections between wetlands and other aquatic features. Use barrier fencing to direct animal movements away from construction activities and areas of potential wildlife-vehicle collisions in construction areas directly adjacent, or that may directly impact, potential habitat for the target species.
- 6. Consider applying hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas where feasible. If hydromulching and/or hydroseeding are not feasible due to site conditions, using erosion control blankets or mats that contain no netting, or only contain loosely woven natural fiber netting is preferred. Plastic netting should be avoided to the extent practicable.
- 7. Project Specific Locations (PSLs) proposed within state-owned ROW should be located in uplands away from aquatic features. When work is directly adjacent to the water, minimize impacts to shoreline basking sites (e.g., downed trees, sand bars, exposed bedrock) and overwinter sites (e.g., brush and debris piles, crawfish burrows), where feasible. Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing downed trees, rotting stumps, and leaf litter, which may be refugia for terrestrial amphibians, where feasible.

#### Birds

- 8. The Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) states that it is unlawful to pursue, hunt, take, kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, or egg in part or in whole, without a federal permit. This project does not have a federal permit; therefore, in accordance with this regulation, the Contractor will avoid disturbing, destroying, removing, or relocating migratory birds and active nests found in trees, culverts, bridges, on the ground, etc. Typical breeding season occurs from March through August: therefore, tree trimming and other vegetation clearing activities that may disturb breeding birds should be done in the non-breeding season (September-February), when possible. If work must be performed during the breeding season, the Contractor shall have a qualified biologist conduct a survey of the right of way to determine if bird nests are present. In the event that active nests are encountered on-site during construction, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and measures shall be taken to avoid disturbance of these birds, their occupied nest, eggs, and/or young, in accordance with the MBTA. Phasina of work during construction may be necessary to stay in compliance with the MBTA. The Contractor can discuss other preventative measures with the Project Engineer and/or District Environmental Staff.
- 9. Prior to construction, perform daytime surveys for nests including under bridges and in culverts to determine if they are active before removal. Nests that are active should not be disturbed. Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season. Avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable. Prevent the establishment of active nests during the nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair. Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.

#### Insects

1. Be advised of the potential occurrence of Monarch Butterfly in the project area. This species can inhabit a variety of habitats including native prairies, pastures, open woodlands and savannas, desert scrub, roadsides, and other habitats with abundant nectar plants, including urbanized areas. Although adults may be present year-round, they are primarily observed between March and November (Caterpillars; April and September). Common host plants in Texas are milkweeds, milkweed vines, climbing milkweed, swallowworts, and Anglepod.

#### Reptiles

- 11. Be advised of the potential occurrence of slender glass lizard in the project area. This species prefers sandy soil and relatively dry microhabitats, usually associated with grassy areas such as open grassland, prairie, woodland edge, open woodland, oak savannas, longleaf pine flatwoods, scrubby areas, fallow fields, areas near streams and ponds and roadways. Avoid harming this species if encountered.
- 12. Due to the increased activity (mating) of reptiles during the spring, construction activities like clearing or grading should attempt to be scheduled outside of the spring (April May) season. It is also encouraged to conduct ground disturbing activities before October to prevent disturbing reptiles that become less active and may be using burrows in the project area.
- 13. Apply hydromulching and/or hydroseeding in areas for soil stabilization and/or revegetation of disturbed areas where feasible. If hydormulching and/or hydroseeding are not feasible due to site conditions, utilize erosion control blankets or mots that contain no netting or contain loosely woven natural fiber netting is preferred. Plastic netting should be avoided to the extent practicable.
- 14. If reptiles ore found on project site allow species to safely leave the project area. Avoid or minimize disturbing or removing downed trees, rotting stumps, and leaf litter where feasible.
- 15. Minimize the use of equipment in streams and riparian areas during construction. When possible, equipment access should be from banks, bridge decks, or barges. When temporary stream crossings are unavoidable, remove stream crossing once they are no longer needed and stabilize banks and soil around the crossings.
- 16. Rubbish found near bridges on TxDOT ROW should be removed and disposed of properly to minimize the risk of pollution. Rubbish does not include brush piles or snags.

#### Plants

- 17. Minimize the amount of vegetation cleared. Removal of native vegetation, particularly mature native trees and shrubs should be avoided to the greatest extent practicable. Wherever practicable, impacted vegetation should be replaced with in-kind on-site replacement/restoration of native vegetation. The use of seed mix that contains seeds from only locally adapted native species is recommended.
- 18. Avoid vegetation clearing activities during the general bird nesting season, March through August, to minimize adverse impacts to birds.

#### 0ther

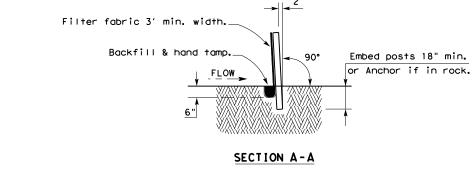
19. Do not attempt to handle or catch any of these species. Report all sightings and/or impacts to the TxDOT-Corpus Christ District Environmental Section.



Design Division Standard

# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS FPIC

LE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO	ck: RG	DW:	VP	ck: AR
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-2011 (DS)	0988	01	025		FM	623
07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	CRP		BEE		C	14



#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

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Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

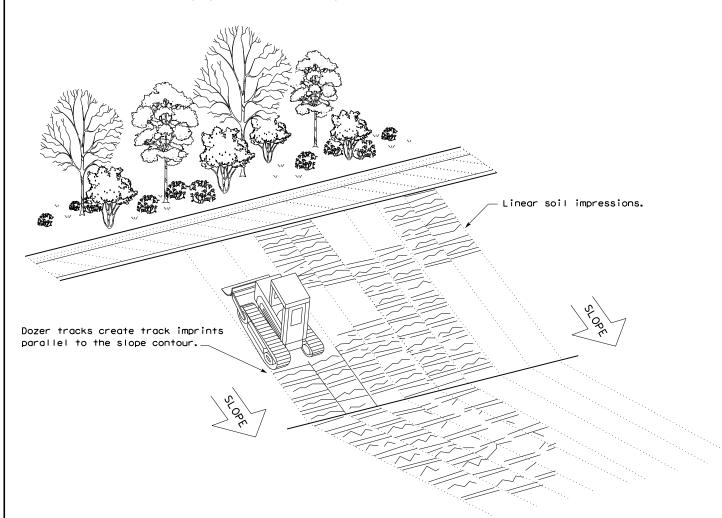
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

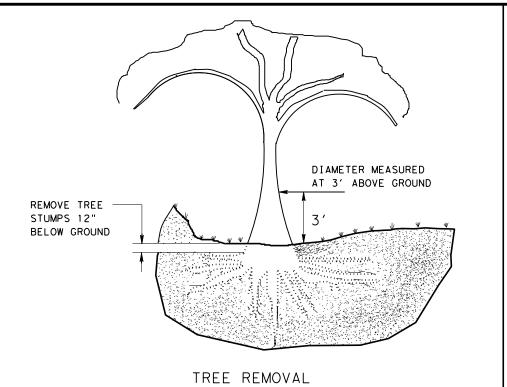


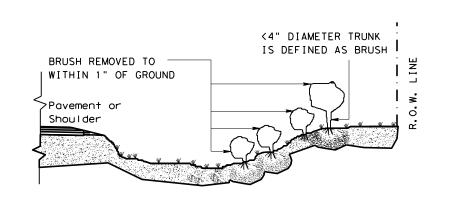
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

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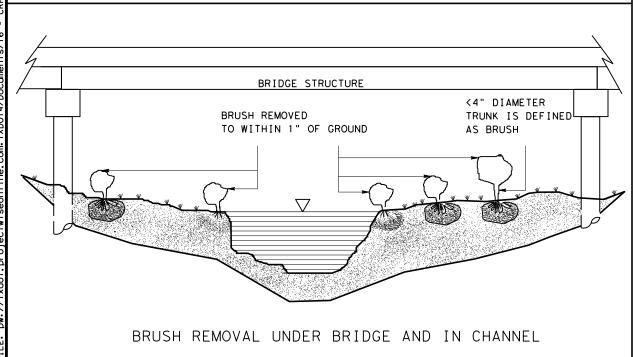
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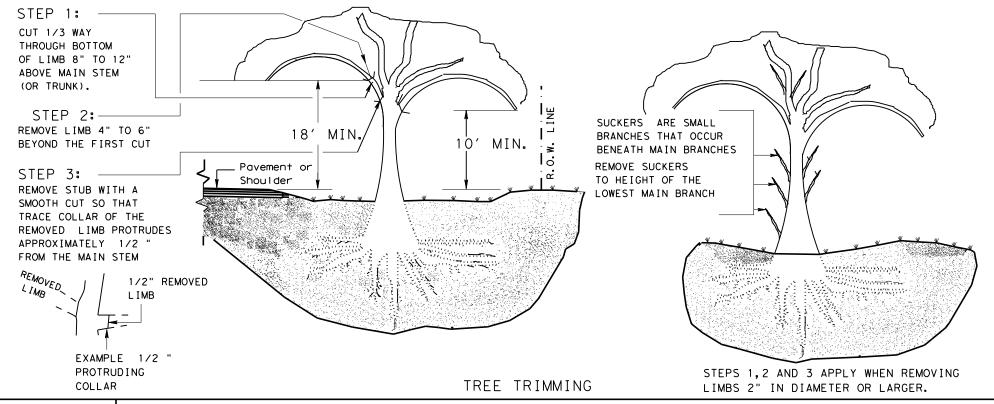
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BRUSH REMOVAL





#### GENERAL NOTES:

#### TREE TRIMMING

- 1. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 2. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

  TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE
  - 3' ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

TABLE 1										
TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT										
RANGE FOR PAY ITEMS										
	TRUNK [	IAMETER *	TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE							
		UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO	IS GREATER	UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO						
PAY ITEM	ITAN	OR EQUAL TO	I HAIN	OR EQUAL TO						
752 6005	4	12	12 1/2	37 1/2						
752 6006	12	18	37 1/2	56 1/2						
752 6007	18	24	56 1/2	75 1/2						
752 6008	24	30	75 1/2	94						
752 6009	30	36	94	113						
752 6010	36	42	113	132						
752 6011	42	48	132	151						
752 6012	48	60	151	188 1/2						
752 6013	60	72	188 1/2	226						
752 6019	72	84	226	264						
	84	GREATER THAN 84	264	NOT APPLICABLE						

*SEE GENERAL NOTE #3.

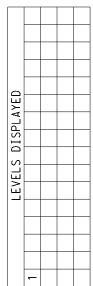


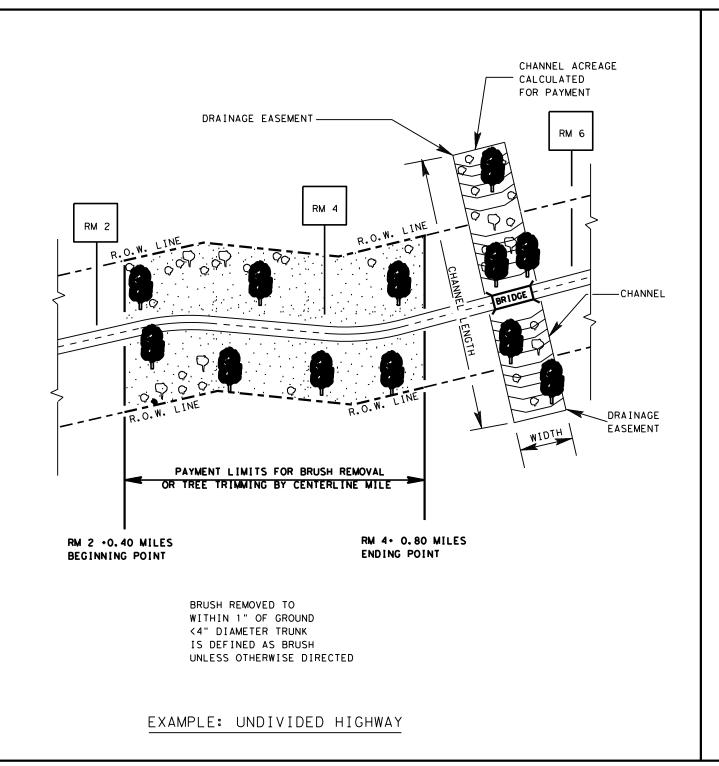
TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(1)

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ℂT×DOT MARCH 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0988	01	025		FM 623		
vised table 1 to 2014 Specification	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	CRP		BEE			96	

this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Praction of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. IMER
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No warra
assumes n Act" N TxDOT as





CHANNEL ACREAGE RM 120 CALCULATED FOR PAYMENT RM 116 DRAINAGE EASEMENT CHANNEL FRONTAGE ROAD-BRIDGE BRIDGE MEDIAN FRONTAGE ROAD -¢ ^{QQ} 000 RM 11  $\Diamond$ **EASEMENT** PAYMENT LIMITS FOR BRUSH REMOVAL OR TREE TRIMMING BY THE CENTERLINE MILE BRUSH REMOVED TO RM 116 . 0.40 MILES RM 118 • 1.50 MILES WITHIN 1" OF GROUND ENDING POINT BEGINNING POINT <4" DIAMETER TRUNK IS DEFINED AS BRUSH UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED

EXAMPLE: DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH FRONTAGE ROADS

GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

- 1. PAYMENT BY THE CENTERLINE MILE IS MADE TO THE NEAREST 1/100 (0.01) MILE.
- 2. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MARKERS (RM).
- 3. PAY ITEMS BY THE CENTERLINE MILE INCLUDE ALL TREE TRIMMING OR BRUSH REMOVAL IN THE RIGHT OF WAY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGHWAY. FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS, THE MEDIAN IS INCLUDED. FOR HIGHWAYS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS, THE AREAS BETWEEN THE FRONTAGE ROADS AND MAIN LANES, AND THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FRONTAGE ROADS ARE INCLUDED.
- 4. BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING UNDER BRIDGES, IN AND ALONG CHANNELS AND EASEMENTS ARE PAID FOR BY THE ACRE FOR AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS.



Maintenance Division Standard Plans

LE: TR	RB-15(2).DGN	DRAWN: JEO MODIFIED:		CHECKED: DM:LJB		DW: -		CK: -		NEG NO.:		
(C)	TxDOT APRIL 2	015	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION			FEDERAL	AID PRO	JECT	•	SHI	EET
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VISED:	9/24/2004	LJB	COUNTY					CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGH	HWAY
VISED:	APRIL 2015	JEO	BEE					0988	01	025	FΜ	623