# INDEX OF SHEETS SEE SHEET 2

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

CRACK SEAL

PROJECT NO. : RMC 6471-41-001 HIGHWAY: US 69, ETC.

LIMITS OF WORK : VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN GRAYSON AND FANNIN COUNTIES

SEE LOCATION MAP SHEET 3

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD:

MAINTEMANCE PROJECT NO. RMC 6471 - 41 -001 HECKED GRAYSON, ETC. TEXAS PAR HISHALI NO. CONT. SECT. JOB HECKED 6471 41 001 US 69, ETC.

DESIGN SPEED - VARIES ADT - VARIES
AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL = 0 ACRES

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SIGNS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON TCP STANDARD SHEETS. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS AND THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

NONE

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING Ellen Perry, P.E.
DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

AREA ENGINEER

08/08/ 20 24

APPROVED FOR LETTING

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

J. J. W. P.E. 8/9 20 24 DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

Texas Department of Transportation

R Bloom, P.E. 8-7 20 24

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

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# **INDEX OF SHEETS**

# SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

3

# **GENERAL**

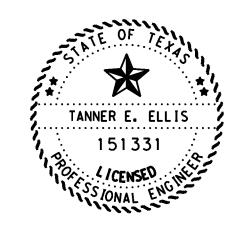
- TITLE SHEET
- 2 INDEX OF SHEETS
  - **LOCATION MAP**
- 4-5 **GENERAL NOTES**
- 6 **ESTIMATE & QUANTITY**
- QUANTITY SUMMARY

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

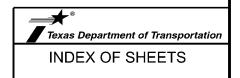
- 8-19 BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21
- 20 TCP(1-1)-18
- 21 TCP(1-2)-18
- > 22 TCP(1-3)-18
- 23 TCP(1-4)-18
- 24 TCP(1-5)-18
- 25 TCP(1-6)-18
- 26 TCP(3-4)-13
- 27 TCP(6-1)-12
- 28 TCP(6-2)-12
- 29 TCP(6-3)-12
- > 30 TCP(6-4)-12
- > 31 TCP(6-5)-12 > 32 TCP(6-8)-14
- > 33 WZ(RS)-22

# **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES**

34 ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

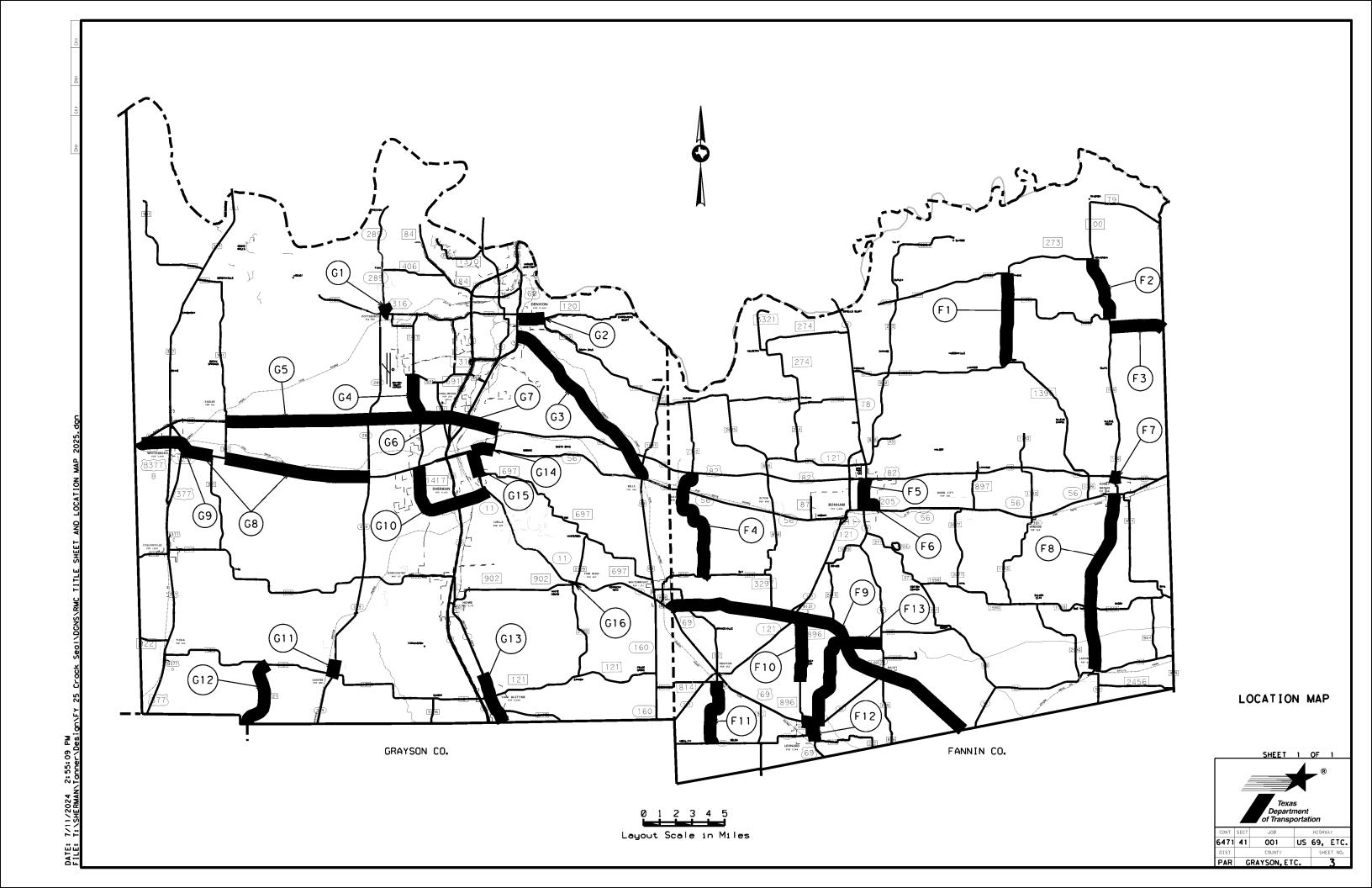






© TxD0T	2025	SHEET 1 OF 1					
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
6471	41	001	US 69, ETC				

GRAYSON,ETC.



Project Number: RMC 647141001

**County:** GRAYSON, ETC. Control: 6471-41-001

Highway: US 69, ETC.

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

**PROJECT DESCRIPTION** The primary intent of this contract is to clean and hot pour crack seal asphaltic pavement surfaces on various roadways in Fannin and Grayson Counties as shown in the plans and defined in these general notes and specifications. The Contractor is expected to make a visual inspection of the project prior to bidding.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Sherman Area Office

Aaron Bloom, P.E. – aaron.bloom@txdot.gov

Melese Norcha, P.E. – melese.norcha@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISOR - All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the following person(s). Payment will be made on a monthly basis for work completed and accepted according to specifications. All payment requests shall be directed to same:

**Fannin County** 

Bonham, Texas 75418

Phone: (903) 583-7566

**Gravson County** 

Jerry Hale, Mnt. Section Supervisor James Alexander, Mnt. Section Supervisor 2405 N. Center St

3904 S U.S. 75

Sherman, Texas 75090 Phone: (903) 892-6529

**Contract Prosecution**: Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and, as such, is separate from other contracts. A contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

**Project Number:** RMC 647141001

County: GRAYSON, ETC. Control: 6471-41-001

Highway: US 69, ETC.

The work performed, equipment used, and materials furnished for a complete project will be paid for directly as indicated elsewhere in the plans and specifications. Payment for completed work will be made upon acceptance of the work by the Department.

Submit plans for all work, the method of repair, and sequence of operations for approval prior to beginning work.

# **ITEM 2: INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**

View plans on-line or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/repro-companies.html

# **ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK**

Upon completion of the work and before final acceptance and final payment is made, clear and remove from the site(s) all surplus and discarded materials and shall leave the entire project in a neat and sightly condition.

# ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS

Furnish all materials for this project in accordance with applicable specifications.

Furnish the state with the manufacturer's recommendation for placing the sealant(s) and label information showing that the material is on the State's Approved Product List.

Class B Rubber Asphalt Crack Sealer is required.

# ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

# **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

Provide a Bar Chart progress schedule for this project.

Time will be computed in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4, Standard Workweek.

The number of working days for this project shall be 50 days.

Working days were determined by using a production rate of 10 lane miles per day.

General Notes General Notes Sheet 4 Project Number: RMC 647141001

County: GRAYSON, ETC. Control: 6471-41-001

Highway: US 69, ETC.

# ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

All flaggers are required to wear a white hard hat while performing flagging operations.

The traffic control plan for this contract consists of the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown in the plans, specification data which may be included in the general notes, applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), traffic control plan sheets included in the plans, standard BC sheets and Item 502 of the Standard Specifications.

Correct all deficiencies within the time frame noted on the Traffic Control Device Inspection Form 599. Failure to make corrections within time frame specified may result in calling a safety time-out and suspension of work until resolved.

Work zones on this project shall be limited to a maximum of approximately 2 miles. Work zones of less than 2 miles may be required if needed to insure a smooth flow of traffic.

Project limit barricades in accordance with BC (2)-21 may be omitted. Traffic control will consist of the devices shown in the TCP sheets.

Perform crack sealing under existing traffic with minimal interference to the operation of the facility by using lane closures. Truck Mounted Attenuators will be required as shown on the Traffic Control Plan for this project. Work vehicles shall be equipped with strobe lights.

An arrow board will be required for lane closures on multilane roadways and divided highways. The use of a pilot car will be required for lane closures on two-way roadways. No more than one lane shall be blocked at any time on any highway.

At no time will equipment be parked on or within two feet of travel lane without proper lane closure set up and in place.

A Safety-Time-Out may be called at any time by the Contractor or Engineer to stop work, evaluate a potential safety hazard or traffic control issues, and correct those issues before work resumes.

The Contractor's personnel shall be dressed in approved safety attire while outside vehicles and/or while performing work on the highway right of way. For daytime and nighttime activity, flaggers shall wear high-visibility safety apparel that meets the Performance Class 2 or 3 requirements of the ANSI/ISEA 107–2004 publication entitled "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel and Headwear".

Project Number: RMC 647141001

County: GRAYSON, ETC. Control: 6471-41-001

Highway: US 69, ETC.

**ITEM 505 – TMA** 

Shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) are required on the traffic control plan and TCP standards for this project. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these traffic control operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

# ITEM 712: CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS AND (ASPHALTIC CONCRETE)

Protect raised pavement markers from damage.

Clean all joints and cracks ¼ inch or greater with air blast cleaning.

Seal all joints and cracks that are ¼ inch or greater.

Crack Sealing will begin on November 1<sup>st</sup> unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Intersections to be cleaned and sealed are included within each project reference number.

Complete all crack sealing at each location before beginning operations at subsequent locations, unless otherwise approved.

Clean roadway of all debris and open to traffic as soon as possible, and no later than the end of the day.

General Notes General Notes Sheet 5



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 6471-41-001

**DISTRICT** Paris **HIGHWAY** US0069

**COUNTY** Grayson

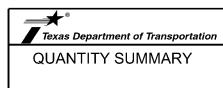
	CONTROL SECTION JOB		6471-4	1-001			
	PROJECT ID		A00211557			_	
		COUNTY		Grayson		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
			HIGHWAY	US0069			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	503-7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	26.000		26.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	50.000		50.000	
	712-7003	JT / CRCK SEAL (HOT - POURED RUBBER)	LMI	480.960		480.960	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Paris	Grayson	6471-41-001	6

	' SUMMARY.dgn
	seal\DGNS\QUANTITY SUMMARY
	FY 25 Crack Seal DG
	\Tanner\Design
1777/77/	T:\SHERMAN\
	FILE:

					RET\	VEEN			712	505	503
					DLI	VLLIN			7003	7001	7001
REF. NO.	ROADWAY	FROM DESCRIPTION	TO DESCRIPTION	NOTES	TRM (MI.)	TRM (MI.)	LENGTH OF ROADWAY (MI.)	NUMBER OF LANES/SHLDR'S OVER 6'	JT / CRCK SEAL (HOT - POURED RUBBER)	TMA (STATIONARY) DAY	PORTABLE CHANGEABL MESSAGE SIGN
				Include turn lanes at FM 120 intersection, not at						DAT	DAT
G1	Spur 316	SH 289	FM 120	SH 289	198-0.03	198+0.67	0.70	2,3	1.64	-	0
G2	FM 120	Houston Ave	FM 1753	Don't include brick sections	604+1.46	606+0.98	1.52	4	6.08	-	0
G3	US 69	Houston Ave	SH 56	Only shoulders from Houston Ave to Bells Dr. Exclude concrete bridge decks. Include turn lanes at SH 56 intersection	196+1.93	208+1.72	11.79	2,4,5	45.56	-	0
G4	FM 1417	FM 691	US 82	Include turn lanes at US 82 WB FR intersection	200+1.72	204+0.39	2.67	5	13.35	-	0
G5	US 82	FM 901	FM 1417	Include ramps at FM 901 and FM 1417. Include only hot mix section of ramps at SH 289 intersection. Include all crossovers and left turn lanes at crossovers. Exclude concrete bridge decks	628+0.00	638+1.89	11.89	1,2,6	75.23	-	16
G6	US 82 EB FR	West FM 1417	East FM 1417	Include ramps except for the two at US 75 interchange. Exclude concrete sections	638+1.91	644+0.73	4.82	1,2,3	10.73	-	4
G7	US 82 WB FR	West FM 1417	East FM 1417	Include ramps except for the two at US 75 interchange. Exclude concrete sections	638+1.91	644+0.73	4.82	1,2,3	10.19	-	4
G8	SH 56	US 82	SH 289	Include parking spaces in downtown Whitesboro. Do not include section between FM 901 North and FM 901 South	576-0.07	590+0.31	14.38	2,3,4,5	51.89	-	0
G9	Spur 129	US 377	SH 56	Include turn lanes at US 377 & SH 56 intersections	576-0.09	576+0.18	0.27	2	0.6	-	0
G10	FM 1417	SH 56	SH 11	Include ramps at SH 56 intersection and turn lanes at SH 11 intersection. Exclude FM 1417 bridge over US 75	206+1.49	214+0.23	6.74	2,3,4,5	26.67	-	0
G11	SH 289	Kerfoot Rd.	Elm St.	Through town in Gunter	220+1.27	222+0.30	1.03	5	5.15	-	0
G12	FS 121	FM 121	Denton CL	Include turn lanes at intersection with FM 121	220-0.06	224+0.43	4.47	4	17.92	-	0
G13	SH 5	Redden Road	Collin CL	Through town in Van Alstyne	220+0.28	224+0.00	3.32	3,4,5	12.38	-	0
G14	SH 56	SH 11	FM 1417		596+1.14	598+0.46	1.31	3,4	4.77	-	0
G15	SH 11	SH 56	FM 697		596-0.04	596+1.55	1.59	3,4	6.23	-	0
G16	FM 902	SH 11	King St	Through downtown Tom Bean. Include parking spaces within TxDOT ROW. Include small section of hot mix where FM 902 begins to travel east-west.	608+1.93	608+1.83	0.10	4	0.42	-	0
			Graysor	n Totals:			71.42		288.81		24
F1	FM 2029	FM 273	FM 1396		196-0.05	200+1.52	5.57	2	11.14	-	0
F2	FM 100	FM 273	FM 2216	Exclude concrete bridge decks	194+1.55	198+1.95	4.40	2	8.64	-	0
F3	FM 2216	FM 100	Lamar CL		636-0.04	640+0.00	4.04	2	8.08	-	0
F4 F5	FM 1752 SH 78	US 82 US 82	FM 898 SH 56	Include parking spaces in downtown Bonham.	206+0.57 206+0.48	214+0.19 208+0.31	7.62 1.83	2,4,5	15.24 7.91	-	0
F6	Loop 205	9th St.	SH 56	Exclude brick sections	620+0.03	620+0.36	0.33	2	0.66	_	0
F7	US 82 EB Ramps		0.3 MI E of FM 100	Include turn lanes at SH 34 intersection	682+1.71	684+0.25	0.50	1,2	0.00	-	2
F8	SH 34	SH 56	FM 64	Exclude concrete bridge decks and new hot mix sections at bridges	240-0.02	250+1.09	11.11	2	15.76	-	0
F9	SH 11	US 69	Hunt CL	Include turn lanes at US 69 intersection	614-0.17	634+0.50	20.67	2,4,5	82.22	-	0
F10	FM 896	Bus SH 121	RM 220	Exclude concrete bridge deck	216-0.04	220+0.00	4.04	2	8.00	-	0
F11	FM 815	Bus US 69	SH 78	Ţ.	220-0.07	224+0.24	4.31	2,3,4	9.18	-	0
F12	US 69	FM 896	FM 272	Include the intersections of FM 896, SH 78 (2), and FM 272	230+0.70	232+0.42	1.72	1,2,3,4,5	7.93	-	0
F13	FM 1553	SH 78 N of Bailey	SH 78 in Leonard	Exclude concrete bridge decks	216-0.02	224+0.39	8.41	2	16.64	-	0
							-4			1	•
			Fannin	Totals:			74.55		192.15		2



DOT 2025 SHEET 1 OF 1

IT SECT JOB HIGH

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

# WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

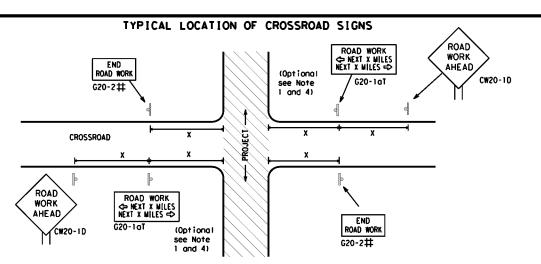


Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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© T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13	6471	41	001		US	69,	ETC.	
	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.	
5-10	5-21	PAR	GI	RAYSON,	ET.	С.		8	



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered port of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-laT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE \* \* G20-9TP \* \* R20-5T FINES DOURI I \* \* R20-5aTP ROAD WORK <>> NEXT X MILES END \* # G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => END G20-2bT \*\* G20-5T WORK \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TDAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE END ROAD WORK **x** x R20-5oTP G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

# SIZE

onventiona

Road

48" x 48

36" x 36

48" x 48"

SPACING

Expressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
48" × 48"	30	120
40 X 40	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
48" × 48"	50	400
70 2 70	55	500 <sup>2</sup>
	60	600 ²
	65	700 <sup>2</sup>
48" × 48"	70	800 <sup>2</sup>
.0 % .0	75	900 <sup>2</sup>
	80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
	*	* 3

- ¥ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- △ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

# GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW204 CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

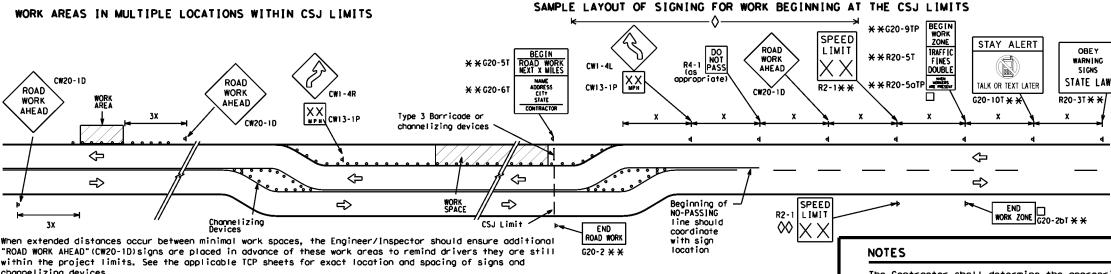
CW3, CW4,

CW5. CW6.

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ZONE STAY ALERT OBEY SPEED ROAD WORK \* \*G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD X XR20-5T SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBL STATE LAW /っ MILE ALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP MEN MICHIERS \* \*G20-6T R20-3T R2-1 CW20-1D G20-10 Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizing devices -CSJ Limi Channelizing Devices ➾ SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END | WORK ZONE G20-25T \* G20-2 \* \*

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND							
Π	Type 3 Barricade							
000	Channelizing Devices							
•	Sign							
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12



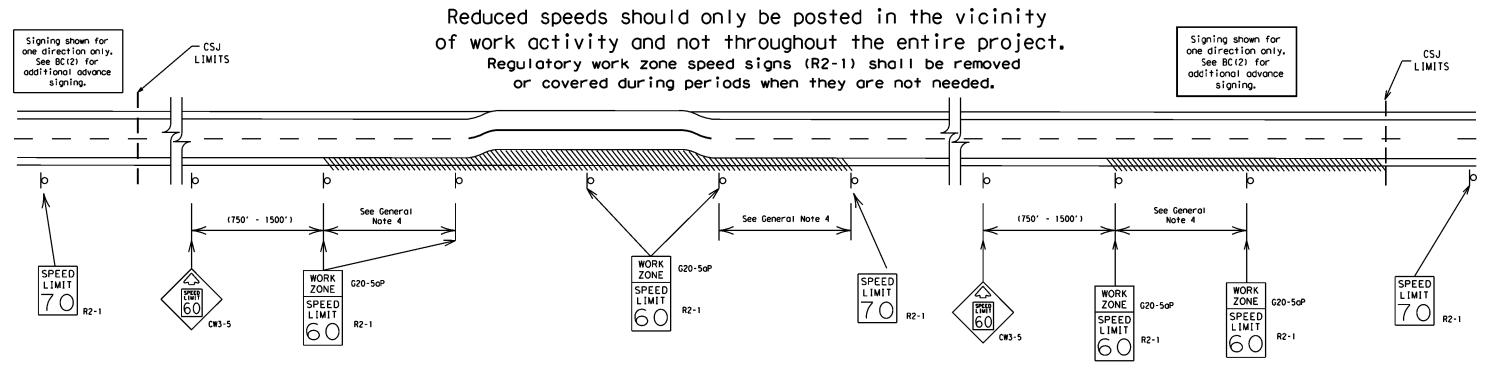
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: 1		T×DC	)T (	ck: TxDOT		
C) T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY.
	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US	69,	ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SH	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.					9

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





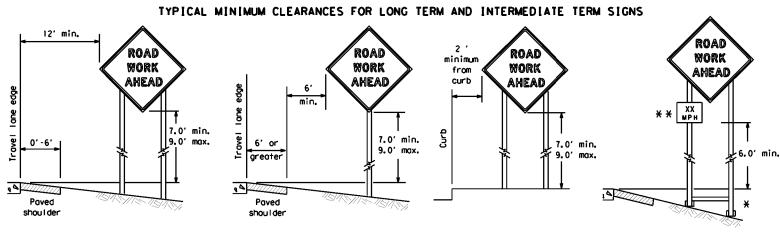
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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		6471	41	001		US	69,	ETC.
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
1-13	3-21	PAR	G	RAYSON,	ET:	С.		10

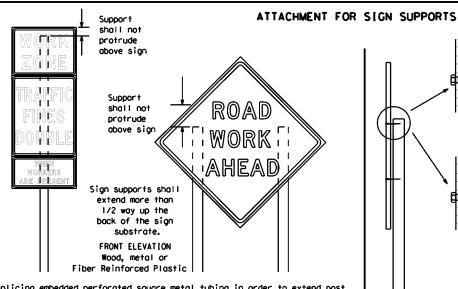
97

DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Te The use of this standard for any purpose whatsoever. of this standard to other formats or for incorrect



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



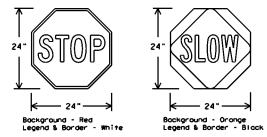
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by ony means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QU[REMEN	IS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets. TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

# <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

# SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6° centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

# SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a

constant weight.

Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted

for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for

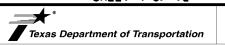
ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZICD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed

along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

7-13	5-21	PAR	CI	RAYSON.	СТ	r		11
	8-14	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
		6471	41	001		US	69,	ETC.
) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			WAY	
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directions. Minimum

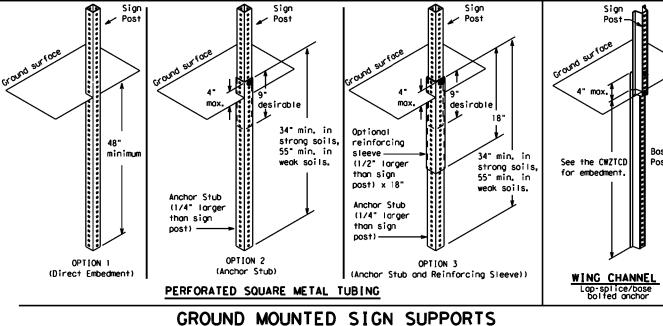
back fill puddle.

weld starts here

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

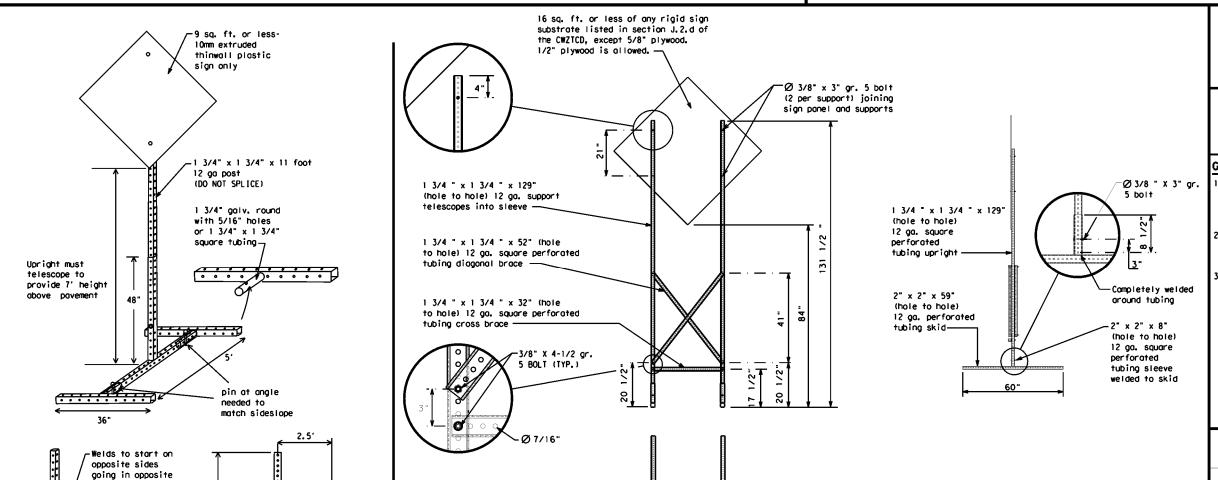
SINGLE LEG BASE



Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

# GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
   This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - \*\* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece, Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC (5) -21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY				
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.			с.		12	•

# SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," FOR. " "AT. " etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	M]
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Norma I	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING		
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane Saturday	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT		SERV RD
East	E	Service Road	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		***	
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lone	EXP LN	Speed	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	-
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	***************************************
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT L[M[T
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
		Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

**TRUCKS** 

USE

US XXX N

WATCH

TRUCKS

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USE

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

LANE

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

**TRUCKS** 

**EXPECT** 

DELAYS

PREPARE

TO

STOP

END

**SHOUL DER** 

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
	ROAD CLOSED  SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT X LANES OPEN  DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES  I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED X MILE  RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED  X LANES CLOSED	ROAD CLOSED  SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT  RIGHT X LANES CLOSURES  I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED X MILE  RIGHT LN NARROWS XXX FT  MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT  LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT  ROADWORK PAST X MILE  RIGHT X BUMP XXXX FT  RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED  X LANES CLOSED  TRAFFIC SIGNAL

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phose Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Rood/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

US XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TΩ

XXXXXXX

US XXX

FM XXXX

- 2. Roadway designations [H, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

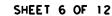
PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

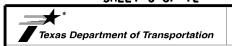
# FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

**BLVD** 

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.





# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE

\* \* Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

MAY XX

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

XX PM

NEXT

TUE

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX PM-

XX AM

Warning

List

**SPEED** 

LIMIT

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

**ADVISORY** 

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

LANE

EXIT

USF

CAUTION

SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

\* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6.

BC(6)-21

MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	YAW	
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7-13	5-21	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.			С.	13		

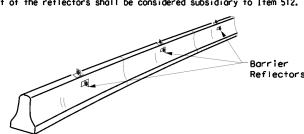
Warning reflector may be round

or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

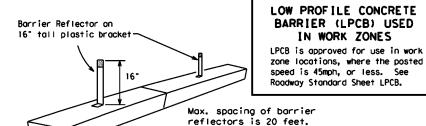
30 square inches

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

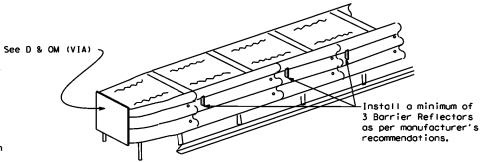


# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the appropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning lights manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

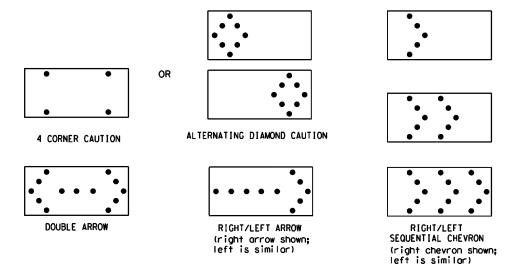
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series,
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in
- order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes. 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

  14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

# TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).
  Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used poytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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# 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.

GENERAL NOTES

- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the
- cones in proper position and location. 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

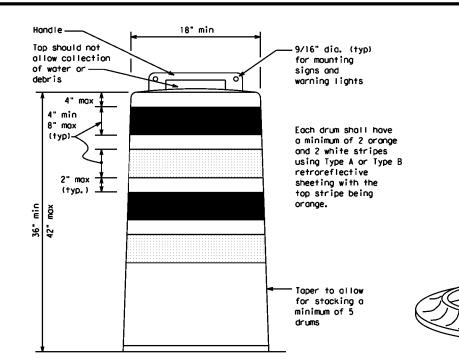
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

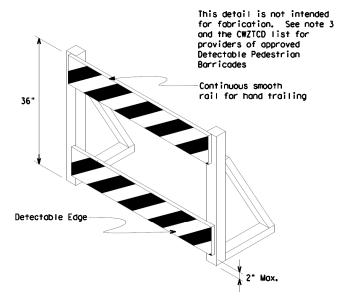
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

# BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.





# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk
- Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.

  2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" naminal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Page mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

# SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

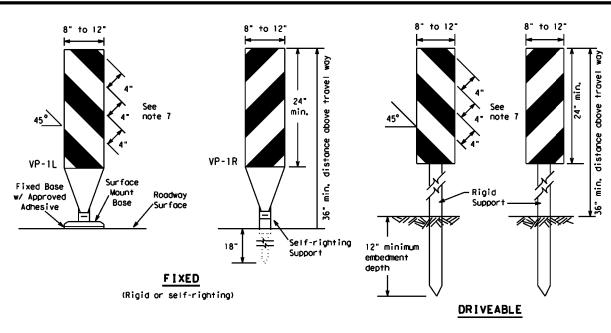


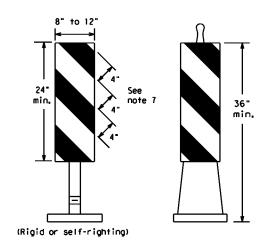
Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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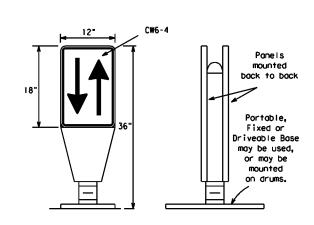


PORTABLE

- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches
- of retroreflective area facing traffic.

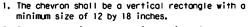
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an achesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}\,\text{or}\,$  Type  $C_{FL}\,\text{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

# OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

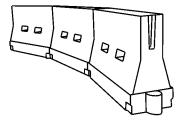


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# CHEVRONS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



# LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

# WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.

  3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

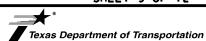
HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	l e	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	O∩ a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′		
35	L = WS2	2051	2251	2451	35′	701		
40	0	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'		
50		5001	550′	6001	50 <i>°</i>	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55°	110'		
60	_ "5	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	7701	840'	70′	140'		
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′		
80		8001	880'	960'	80′	160'		

★★Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



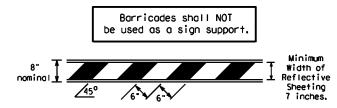
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

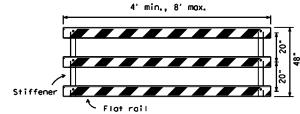
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FILE: bc-21.dgn		DN: To	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DC</td><td>)T</td><td>ск: Тх</td><td>DO.</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DC	)T	ск: Тх	DO.
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY				
	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US	69,	ΕT	c.
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.					16	

# r. Pm r/Design/FY 25 Crack Segi/STANDARDS/bc-21

- TYPE 3 BARRICADES
- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Borricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided,
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impoct. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

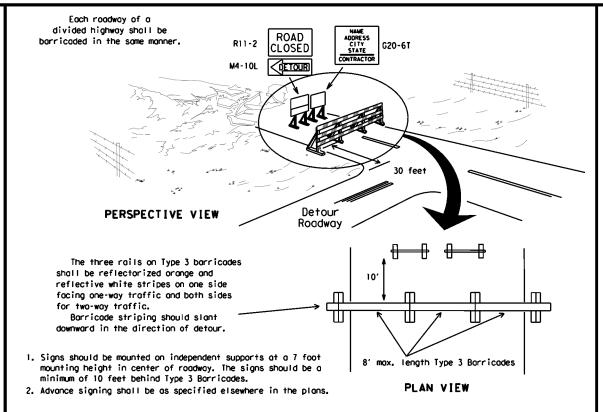


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

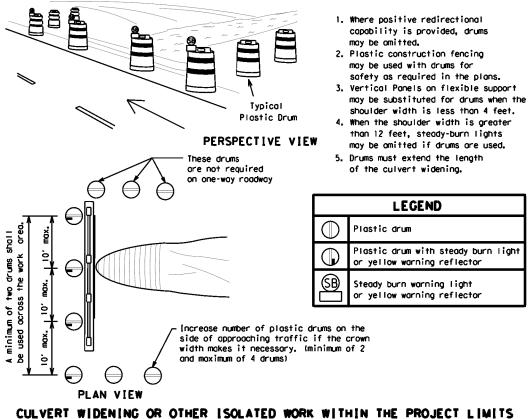


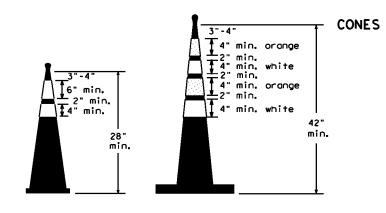
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

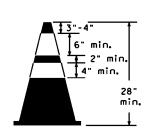


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

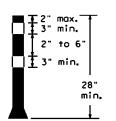




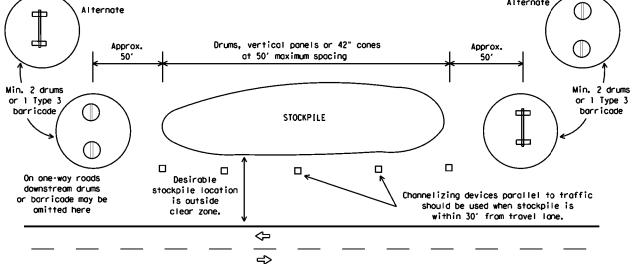
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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C) T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US	69	, ETC.	
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.					17	

# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

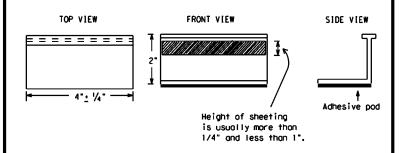
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

# REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- 6. Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- 9. Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for quidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

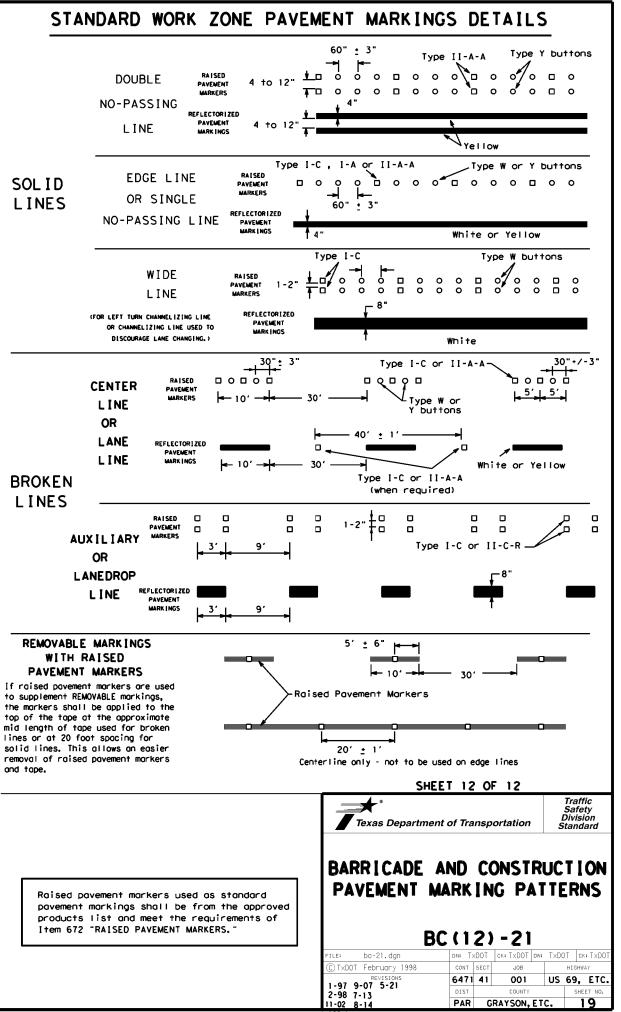
SHEET 11 OF 12

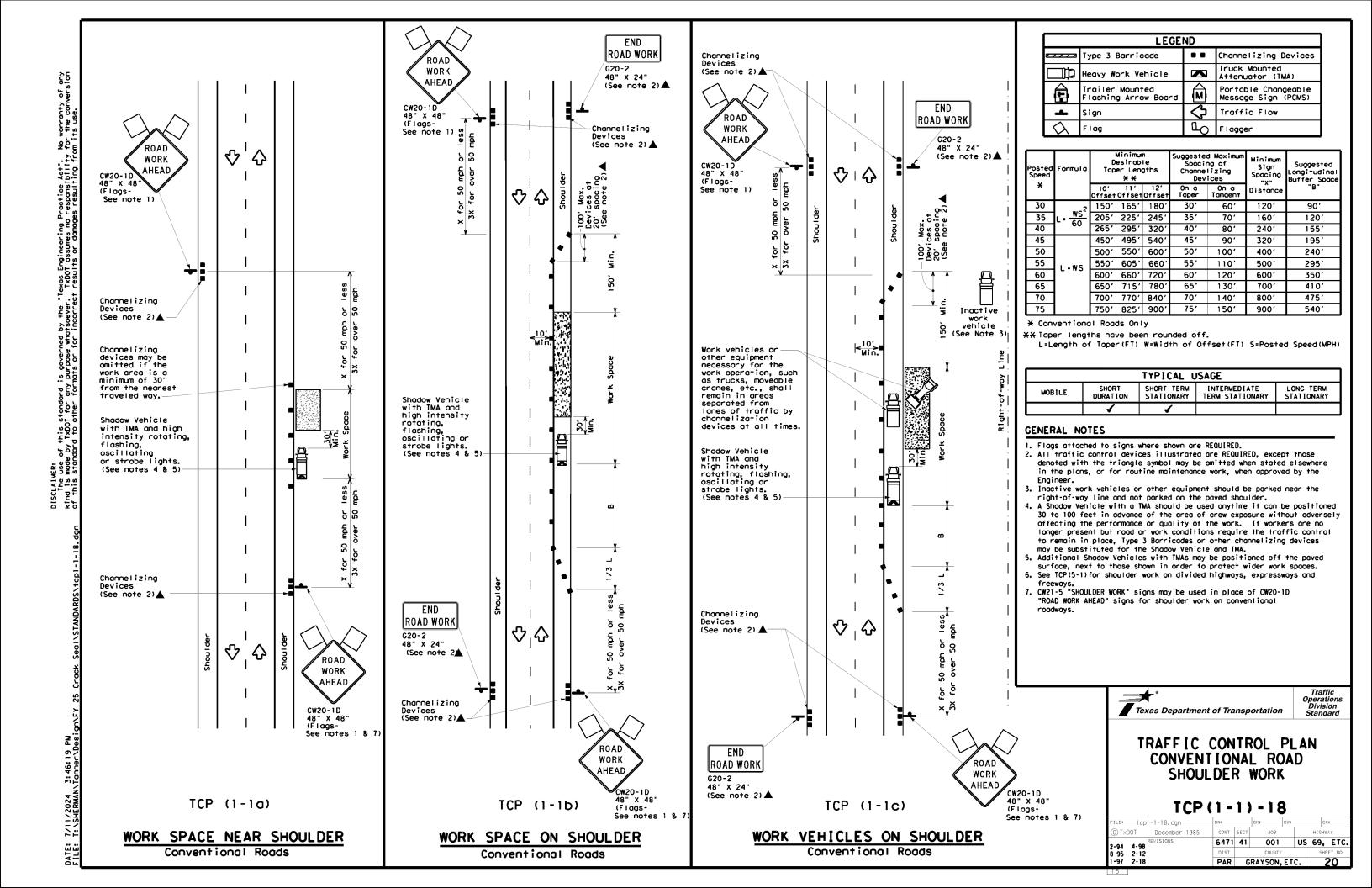


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO bc-21.dgn C)TxDOT February 1998 6471 41 001 US 69, ETC. 2-98 9-07 5-21 1-02 7-13 11-02 8-14 PAR GRAYSON, ETC.





ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)

	$\sim$	1	7			<u>-0                                     </u>	J		
Speed	formula	Desirable Taper Lengths  ***			Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-	
30	2	150'	165'	1801	30'	60'	120'	901	2001
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	2451	35′	70′	160'	120′	250′
40	6	265′	2951	3201	40′	80,	240'	1551	3051
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90'	320'	1951	360'
50		500′	550′	6001	50'	1001	4001	240′	425'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660,	55′	110'	500′	295′	4951
60	1 L = W S	600,	660'	720'	60′	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		6501	7151	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'	645'
70		7001	770'	8401	70′	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540'	820'

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	<b>√</b>	1							

# GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

# TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADI, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with "R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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FILE: top1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
4-90 4-98 REVISIONS	6471	41	001	US	69	, ETC.
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	PAR	G	RAYSON,	ETC.		21

ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ROAD WORK

CW20-4D 48" X 48'

BE

PREPARED

TO STOP

♡□公

48" X 48" (See note 2)▲

XXX

FEET

CW20-7

CW16-2P

24" X 18"

Except in

illuminated at night —

(See note 2)▲

emergencies, flagger stations shall be

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating,

or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6)

flashing, oscillating

Except in

illuminated

END

ROAD WORK

48" X 24"

(Flags-See note 11 at night

emergencies, flagger stations shall be

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

ี่

CW20-7

24" X 18"

48" X 48"

CW20-4D

48" X 48'

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-

See note 1)

(See note 2) ▲

(See note 2) A

XXX FEET

BE PREPARED

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

ROAD WORK

AHEAD

TCP (1-2b)

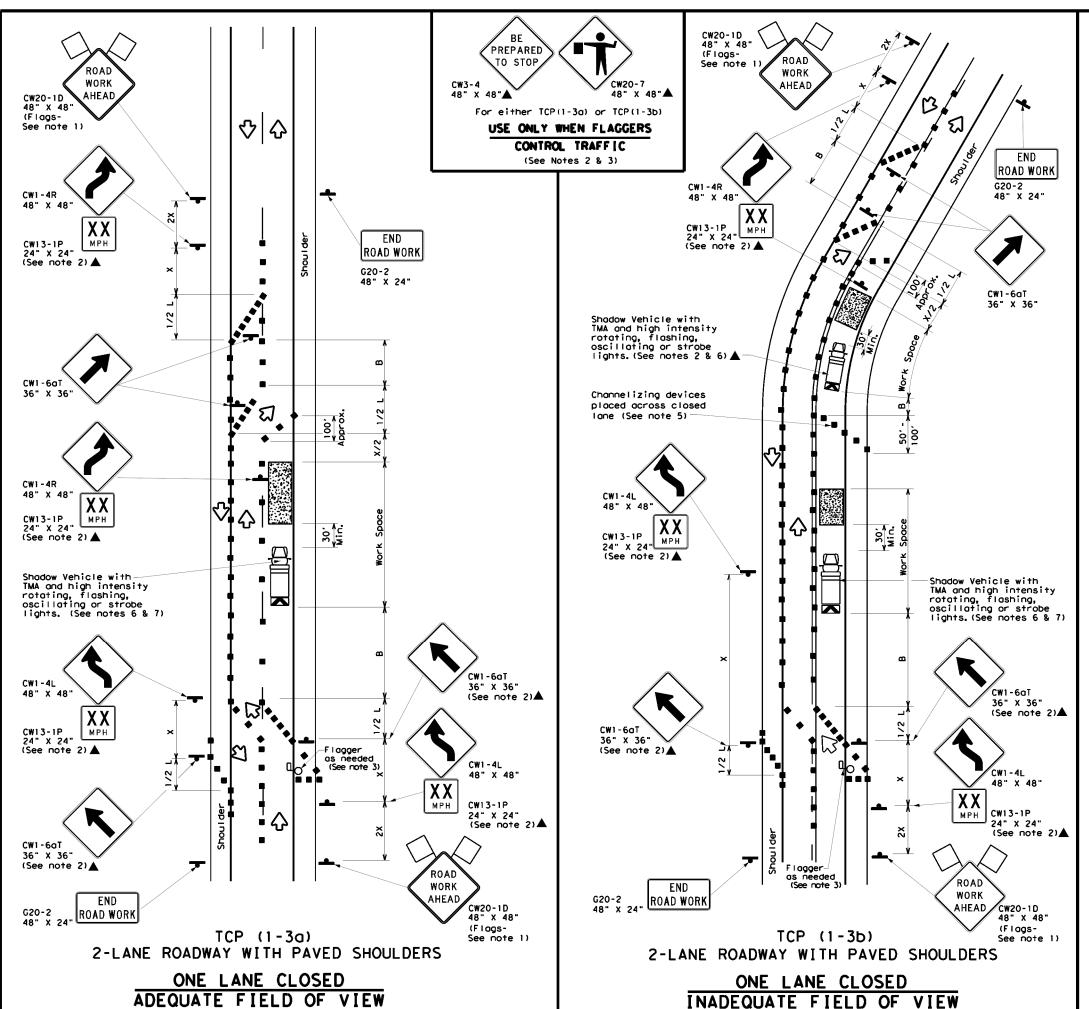
ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

TO STOP CW3-4

END

G20-2 48" X 24"



LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	peed		Minimum esirobl er Lenq **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	1651	1801	30′	60,	120'	90′
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	245′	35′	701	160'	120'
40	6	265′	2951	320′	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		450'	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	5501	600'	50′	100′	4001	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660′	55′	110'	5001	295′
60	L-#3	600,	660'	7201	60'	120'	600'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		7001	7701	840'	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	1501	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

# GENERAL NOTES

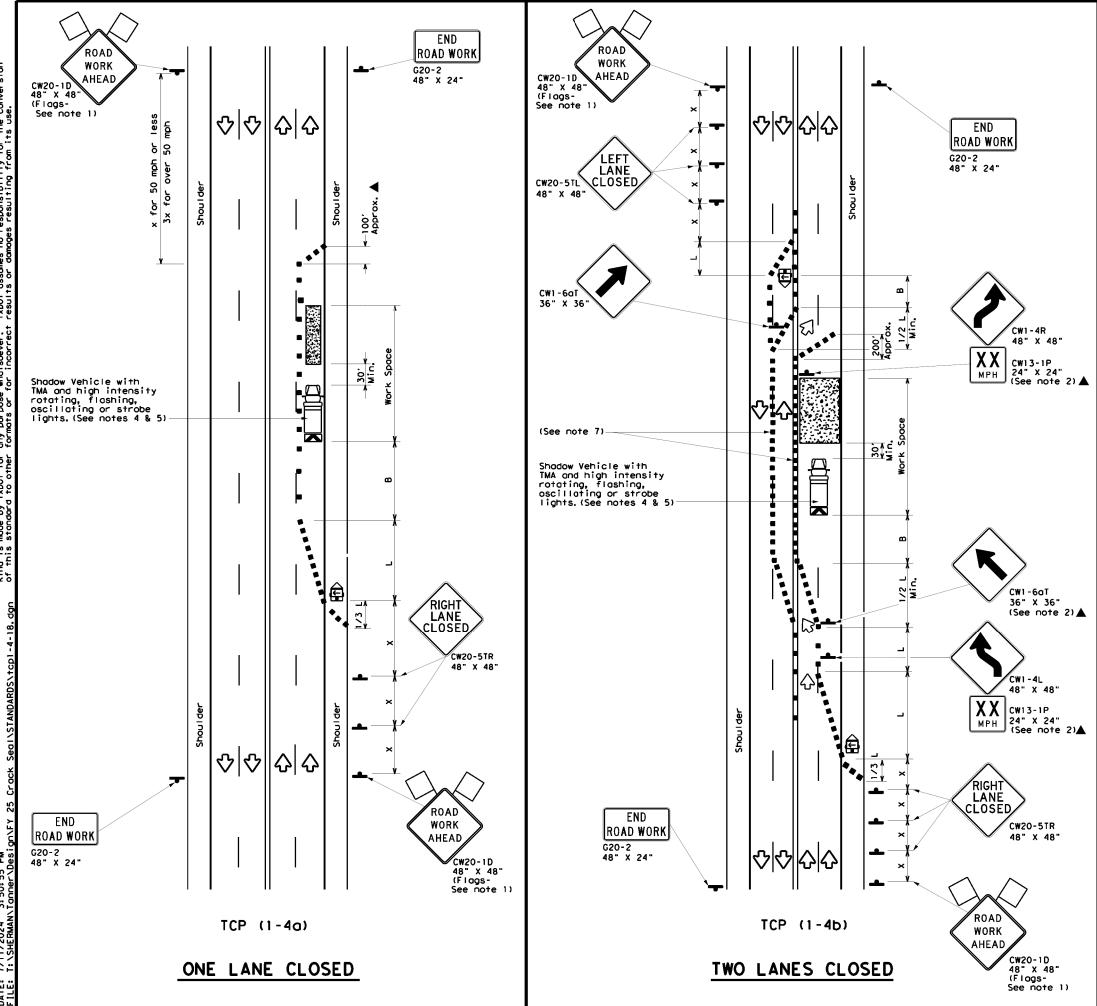
- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved  $\ensuremath{\text{Add}}$
- surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

  8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



TCP (1-3)-18

| CK: | CK: | DW: | CK: | DW: | CK: | CK:



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(N)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
+	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

L	<u> </u>	lag			Щ.	) Flagg		
Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	O∩ a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	1501	165′	180′	30,	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	205'	2251	245′	35′	701	160'	120′
40	8	265'	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90'	320'	1951
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	1001	4001	240′
55	L=WS	5501	6051	6601	55′	110′	5001	295′
60	L - W 5	600'	660'	7201	60,	1201	600,	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	1301	700′	410'
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- ₩ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spocing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(1-4)-18

					_			
FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
© TxD0	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHW.A	Υ
2-94	REVISIONS 4-98	6471	41	001	L	JS 69	Э,	ETC.
	2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEE	ET NO.
1-97	2-18	PAR	G	RAYSON.	ETC.		2	<u>'3</u>

LEGEND									
•	Type 3 Barricade	•	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
+	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger						

	<u> </u>	- I ag			Щ.	) Flagge	er	
_								
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirob er Len **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	301	60'	120'	90,
35	L = WS2	2051	225'	2451	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155'
45		4501	495′	540'	45′	90'	320'	195′
50		5001	550'	600'	50′	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110'	500′	295'
60	L-W3	600'	6601	720'	60′	120'	600'	350'
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	1301	7001	410′
70		7001	770'	8401	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		750'	8251	9001	751	150'	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
		✓									

# **GENERAL NOTES**

USE NEXT

RAMP

CW25-1T 48" X 48"▲

Channelizing Devices at 20' spacing

RAMP

CLOSED AHEAD

RAMP

CLOSED

R11-2bT 48" X 30"

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.



LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(1-5)-18

		•	_		_					
E: †c	op1-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			СК	:	
T×DOT	February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIC	HW.	4Y	
1.0	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US	69	١,	ETC	•
		DIST		COUNTY				SHE	ET NO.	
		PAR	G	RAYSON,	ΕT	с.		2	24	

See TCP(1-4a) for lane closure details if a lane closure is needed to close a lane which is normally required to enter the ramp. CW2ORP-3D 48" X 48"

LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPS

TCP (1-5c)

END Road Work

**쇼 쇼** 

G20-2 48" X 24"

Mork Sp

ROAD WORK

公

(See notes 4 & 5)

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

-See TCP(1-5a) for advance warning signs for lane closure—

 $\Diamond$ 

G20-2 48" X 24"

**EXIT** 

OPEN

E5-2 48" X 36"

WAIT

ON

STOP

(See note 14)

R1-7aT 24" X 30"

flashing,

6 CDs of

10' spacing

ON

R1-8aT 24" X 30

CW20-4D

PREPARED

TO STOP

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

.o. .o.

′ ฆ

STOP

24" X 30" (See note 14)

BE

R1-7aT

CW20-4D

BE

PREPARED

TO STOP

CW3-4

**STOP** 

HERE ON

RED

R10-6 24" X 36" (See note 15)

Shadow Vehicle

flashing,

6 CDs at 10' spacing

with TMA and high intensity rotating,

oscillating or strobe lights.

(See notes 7 & 8)

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

(Flags-

END

**ROAD WORK** 

G20-2 48" X 24"

ON

24" X 30"

6 CDs at 10' spacing

See note 1)

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

νġ,

W

STOP

HERE ON

RED

BE

PREPARED

TO STOP

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

R10-6 24" X 36"

CW3-4 48" X 48"

CW20-4D

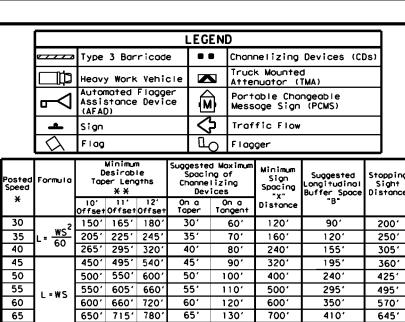
CW20-1D

(Flags-

48" X 48"

See note 1)

(See note 15)



\* Conventional Roads Only

650' 715' 780'

700' 770' 840' 750' 825' 900'

%X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

70'

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

75' 150'

1301

1401

7001

8001

900,

410'

475

5401

645'

7301

8201

# **GENERAL NOTES**

70

ROAD

WORK

**AHEAD** 

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

See note 1)

(Flags-

END

ROAD WORK

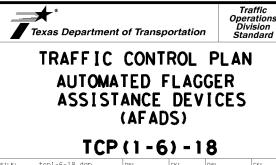
48" X 24"

-6 CDs at 10' spacing

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
- Adequate stopping sight distance must be provided to each AFAD location for approaching traffic. (See table above).
- 4. Each AFAD shall be operated by a qualified/certified flagger. Flaggers operating AFADs shall not leave them unattended while they are in use. 5. One flagger may operate two AFADs only when the flagger has an unobstructed view of
- both AFADs and of the approaching traffic in both directions. 6. When pilot cars are used, a flagger controlling traffic shall be located on each
- approach. AFADs shall not be operated by the pilot car operator. 7. All AFADs shall be equipped with gate arms with an orange or fluorescent red-orange flag attached to the end of the gate arm. The flag shall be a minimum of 16" square.
- 8. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or

other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 10. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 11. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 12. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the AFAD.
- 13. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 14. The R1-7aT "WAIT ON STOP" sign and the R1-8aT "GO ON SLOW" sign shall be installed at the AFAD location on separate supports or they may be fabricated as one 48" x 30" sign. They shall not obscure the face of the STOP/SLOW AFAD.
- 15. The R10-6 "STOP HERE ON RED" arrow sign shall be offset so as not to obscure the lenses of the AFAD.



tcp1-6-18.dgn C) T×DOT February 2012 6471 41 001 US 69, ETC PAR GRAYSON, ETC.

ROAD WORK AHEAD -Shadow Vehicle With Attenuator

and Arrow Board

30,

Min.

Work Space

Min.

♦

➪

♦

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR

OUTSIDE LANE MARKINGS

Work Space

➪ ➾

"x"

(See note 2 and 5)

Work Space

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR

CONTINUOUS LEFT TURN LANE SYMBOL MARKINGS

30,

Min.

"X"

ROAL

WORK

AHEAD

WORK

CW20-1D

Shadow Vehicle \_\_\_ With Attenuator and Arrow Board (See note 2 and 5)

30'

Min.

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR CENTER LANE MARKINGS

Shadow Vehicle With Attenuator and Arrow Board (See note 2 and 5)—

30, Min.

Work Space

➪

"X"

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR

OUTSIDE DUAL LEFT TURN LANE SYMBOL MARKINGS

-Shadow Vehicle With Attenuator

and Arrow Board

(See note 2 and 5)

Ŷ

30'

Min.

TYPICAL TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR

INSIDE LANE MARKINGS

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

ROAD WORK Work Space

Shadow Vehicle With Attenuator

and Arrow Board

30'

Min

Work Space

(See note 2 and 5)

A 4

WORK

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

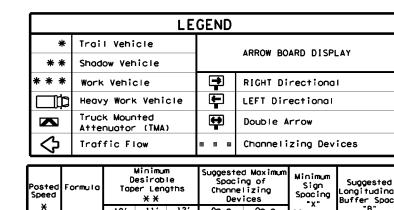
" X "

CW20-1D

ROAD

WORK AHEAD

WORK AHEAD



Posted Speed			Minimum Desirable Oper Lengths **		Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B	
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60,	1201	90′	
35	L= WS2	2051	225'	2451	35′	701	160'	1201	
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	801	240′	1551	
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90'	320'	195′	
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	1001	400′	240'	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	
60	L-,,5	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	600,	350′	
65		6501	715′	780'	65′	130'	700′	410'	
70		7001	7701	8401	70′	140′	800,	475′	
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′	

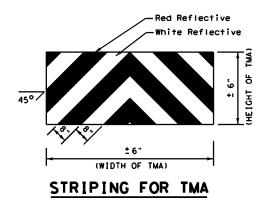
- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

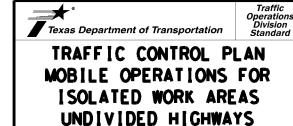
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STAT[ONARY
1				

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design.
  Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- 3. All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 5. Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.

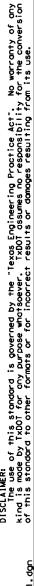


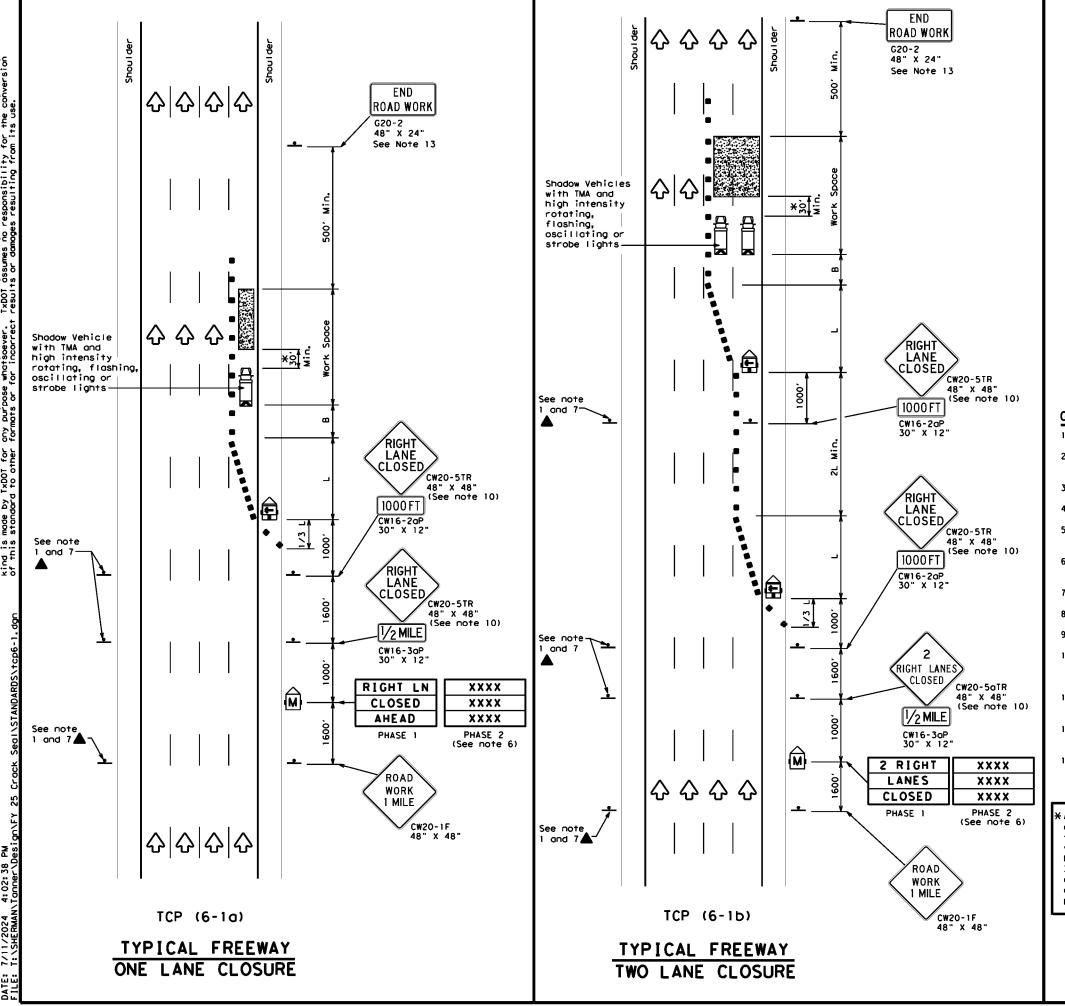


TCP (3-4) - 13

C TxDOT July, 2013 6471 41 001 US 69, ETC. PAR GRAYSON, ETC.

✧  $\Diamond$  $\Diamond$ 





LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	⟨፮	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
ŀ	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ъ	Flagger					

<u>(\) </u>	Flag				ЩО	Flagger	
osted Speed	Formula	**		Spa	ted Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper		"B"
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	901	195′
50		500'	550′	600,	501	1001	240′
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660′	551	110'	295′
60	L - W 3	600'	6601	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	130′	410'
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	1501	540′
80		800,	880'	960′	80,	1601	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1						

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- 6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the
- bottom of the sign. 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

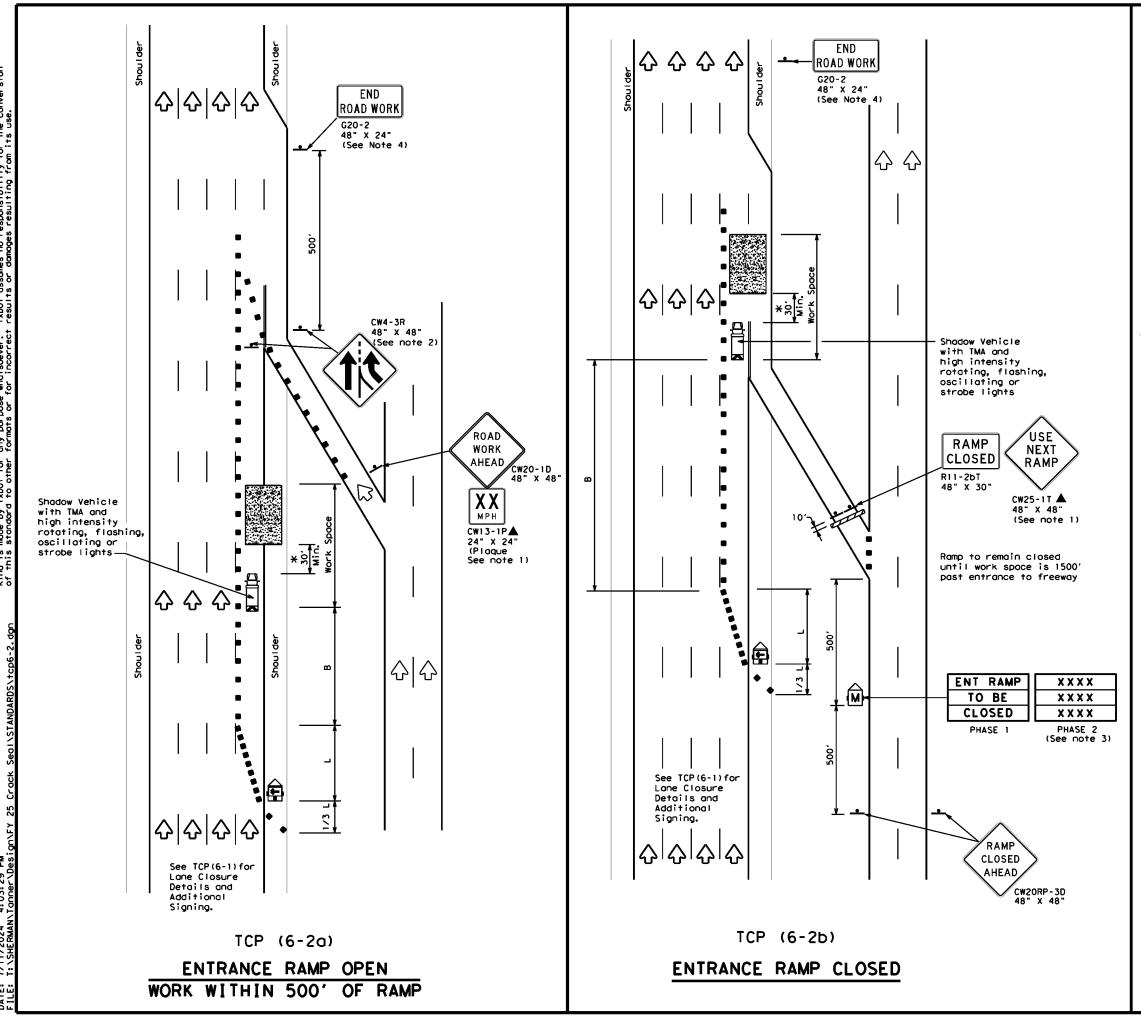
X A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

		PAR	G	RAYSON,	ET.	c.		2	7
0-12		DIST		COUNTY			S	HEET	NO.
8-12	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US	69	, 1	ETC.
© T×DOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×D0	)T	CK:	T×D0
		_ •	_			_			



LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	⟨፮	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
1	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger					

<u>~\</u>							
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacin Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	1951
50		500'	550′	600,	50'	100'	240′
55	L=WS	5501	605′	660'	55′	110′	295′
60	L - W 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	410′
70		700'	770'	840'	701	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	960′	80'	160′	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1	1					

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign
- between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.

  3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
  4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) -12

			_					
FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	СК	: TxDOT
© TxD0T	February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		AY
	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US 69	Э,	ETC.
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
4-98 8-1	2	PAR	G	RAYSON.	ET	С.	7	28

TCP (6-4a) EXIT RAMP CLOSED TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP

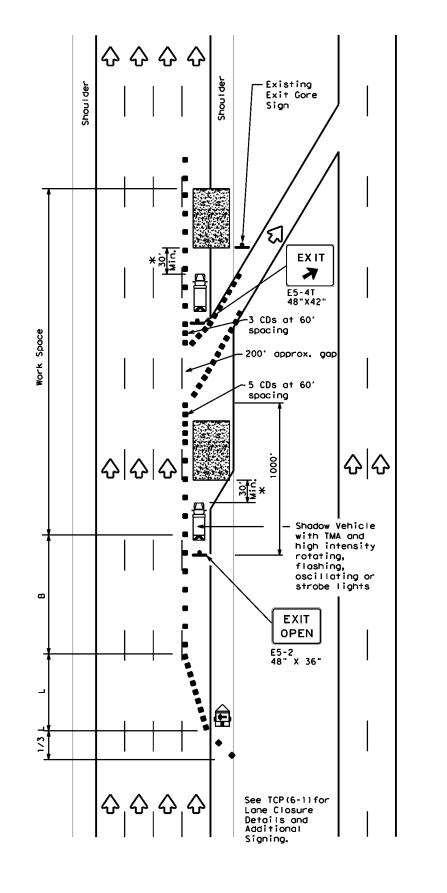
EXIT XX

CLOSED

Place 1 mile (approx.) in advance of closed ramp.

USE

EXIT XY



TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	N	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
ED>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>S</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
۱	Sign	٩	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	ď	Flagger					
The state of the s								

$\sim$	Flag				<u>-10-</u>	ragger	
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			Spacii Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	495′	540'	451	90′	1951
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	5501	605′	660'	55′	110'	2951
60	L - W.5	600'	660′	720'	60,	120'	350′
65		6501	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'	540′
80		8001	880'	960′	80′	160′	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1	1	

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{$\star$}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{$A}}}$  shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

			•	_			_		
FILE:	tcp6-4.dgn		DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ск: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DO</td><td>T c</td><td>κ: T×DOT</td></dot<>	ск: TxDOT	DW:	T×DO	T c	κ: T×DOT
© TxDOT	Feburary	1994	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
	REVISIONS		6471	41	001		US	69,	ETC.
1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.	
		PAR	G	RAYSON,	ΕT	c.		30	

LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
<b>⊦</b>	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger				
	•						

Posted   Formula   Toper Lengths "L"   Channelizing   Longit   Buffer	
Desirable   Spacing of Channelizing   Specific	
Offset Offset Offset Taper Tangent	Space
45 450' 405' 540' 45' 00' 10	3-
45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' 19	5'
50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100' 24	0,
55 L=WS 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' 29	5'
60 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 35	0,
65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 41	0,
70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 47	5′
75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 54	0,
80 800' 880' 960' 80' 160' 61	5′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			

# GENERAL NOTES

Shadow Vehicles

with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights

Existing Exit Gore Sign

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
  - If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5) -12

			•	•	_	_		
FILE:	top6-5.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DOT</td><td>СК</td><td>: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	СК	: TxDOT
© T×DOT	Feburary 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHW.	ΑY
	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US 6	9,	ETC.
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-	-12	PAR	G	RAYSON,	ΕT	c.		31

TCP (6-5b)

<u>\*</u>‡ ≳ ⊊

**EXIT** 

K

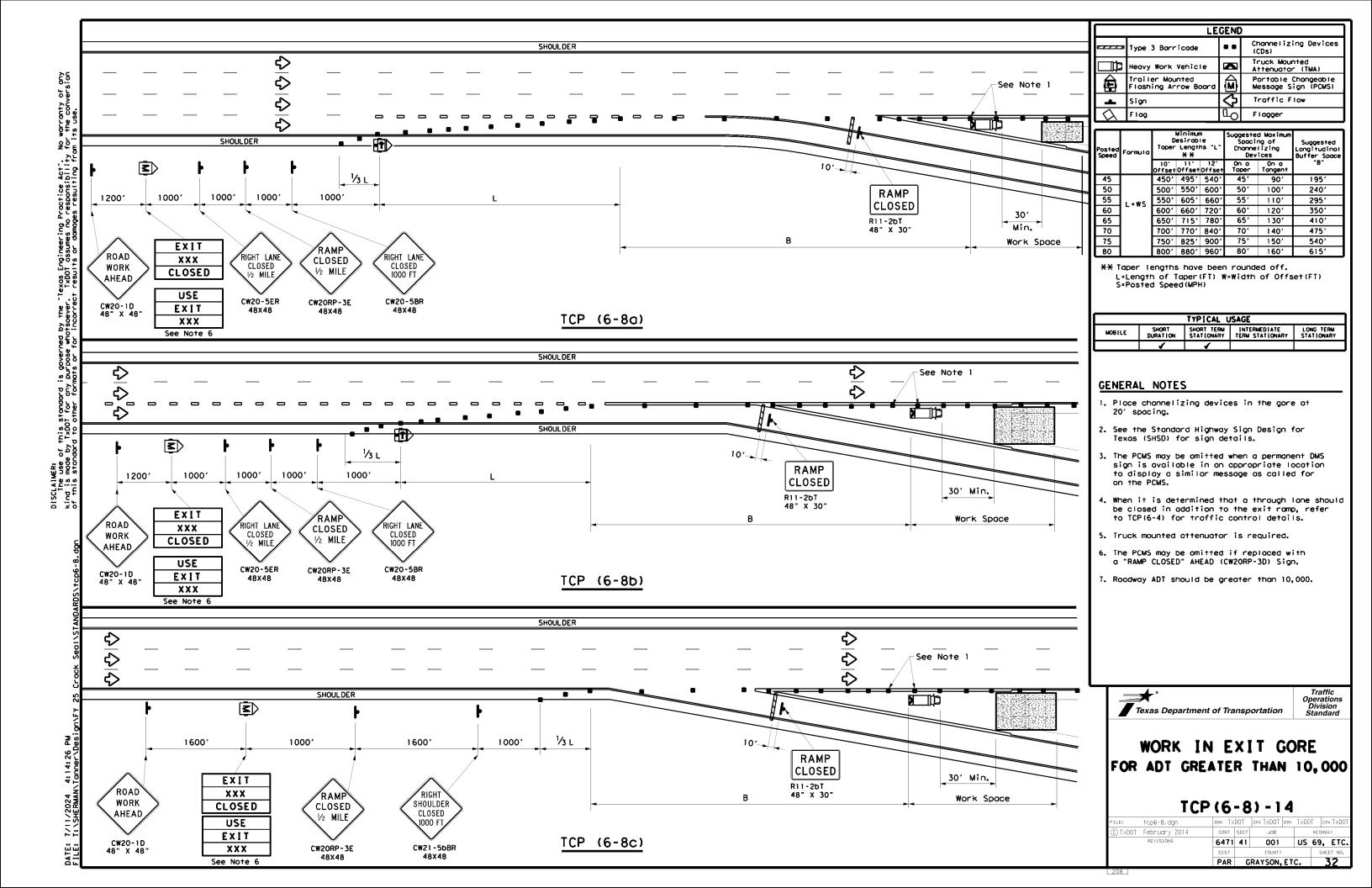
EXIT OPEN

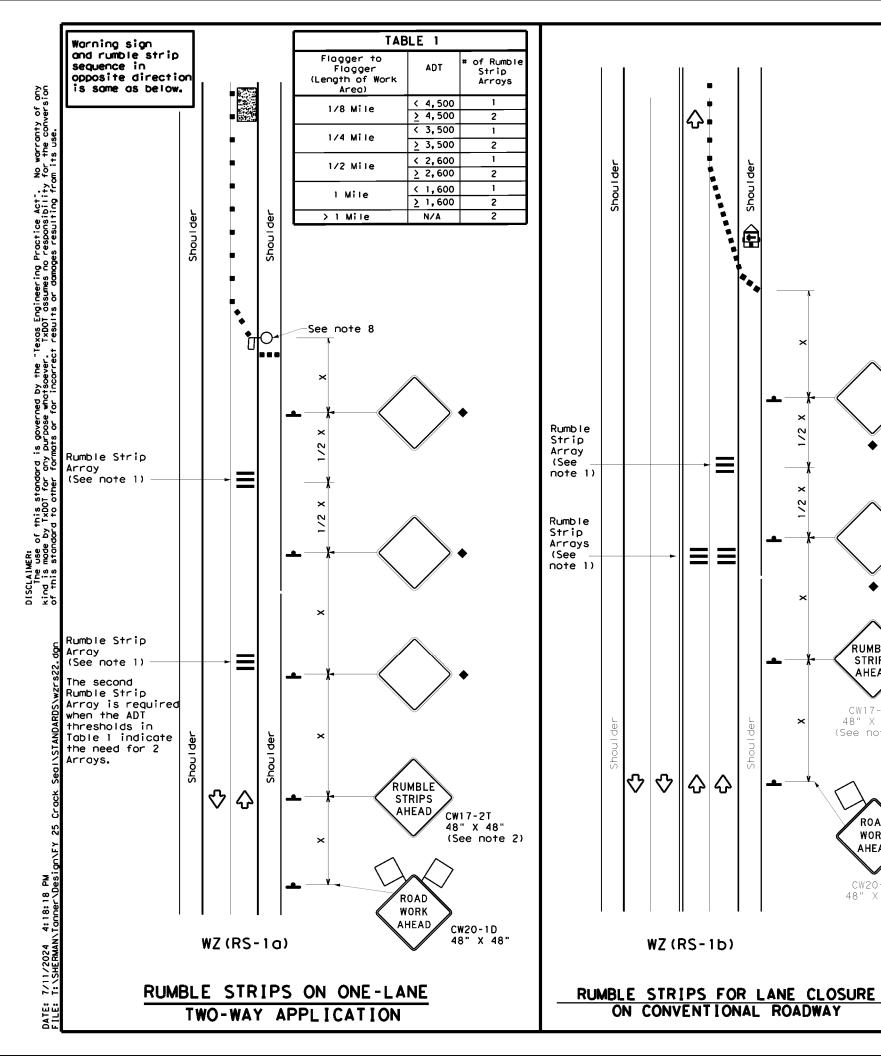
E5-2 48" X 36"

See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure Details and Additional Signing.

E5-4T 48"X42"

[쇼|쇼]





# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.

RUMBLE

STRIPS

**AHEAD** 

CW17-2T

48" X 48"

(See note 2)

ROAD

WORK

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND								
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Toper Lengths   Channel   Zing   Devices   Devices   Distance   Spacing   No.									
10' offset offset offset   12' on a Tangent   Distance   18'	Speed	ted Formula Taper Lengths ed **		Spacir Channe	ng of Tizing	Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
35 L = WS 205' 225' 245' 35' 70' 160' 120' 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' 240' 155' 45 45' 50' 550' 600' 50' 100' 400' 240' 550' 600' 660' 55' 110' 500' 295' 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 600' 350' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 410' 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	×								"В"
40	30	2	150′	165	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′
40	35		2051	2251	245	35′	70'	160'	120'
50	40	80	2651	2951	320'	40′	801	240'	1551
55	45		450'	495′	5401	45′	901	3201	1951
60 60 660' 720' 60' 120' 600' 350' 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 410' 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	50	'	5001	550′	6001	50′	1001	4001	240′
60 60' 660' 720' 60' 120' 600' 350' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 700' 410' 70 770' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	55	_ws	5501	605′	6601	55′	110'	5001	295′
70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' 800' 475'	60	- " -	6001	6601	720'	60′	1201	600'	350′
	65	'	6501	7151	7801	65′	130'	700'	410′
750' 825' 900' 75' 150' 900' 540'	70	<u> </u>	7001	770'	8401	70′	140′	800'	475'
130 023 300 13 130 300 3.0	75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
≤ 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20'				
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	* 35′+				



# TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) -22									
FILE:	wzrs22.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ск: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	CK	: T×DOT	
© TxD0T	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	6471	41	001		US 6	9,	ETC.	
2-14 4-16	1-22	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		PAR	GRAYSON, ETC.				- 3	33	

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

Sediment Bosins

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- \* Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

$\boxtimes$	No Action	Required	Required	Actio

Action No.

# VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation

# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

LE: epic.dgn	DN: TX[	)OT	ck: RG	DW:	/: VP CK: AR		G AR
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		AY
REVISIONS 12-2011 (DS)	6471	41	001		US	69,	ETC.
07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	PAR	G	RAYSON,	ΕT	с.	34	

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species

Notice of Termination

Nationwide Permit NOI: Notice of Intent

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service