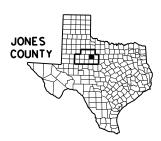
SEE SHEET 2

VOLUME II



STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NO. F 2B24(277), ETC.

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = 7,983.20 ft = 1.512 mi NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 0.00 ft = 0.000 mi NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 7,983.20 ft = 1.512 mi

US 83, ETC. JONES COUNTY, ETC.

LIMITS: NEAR PR 343 TO FM 600 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: WIDEN NON-FREEWAY CONSISTING OF: WIDEN AND REHABILITATE ROADWAY

STONEWALL COUNTY HASKELL COUNTY ISTAMFORD 1661 1835 HAML IN 1661 **JONES** COUNTY LUEDER 180 ANSON 1812 HAWLE 2660 2833 1082 NOT TO SCALE TAYLOR COUNTY Landfill Elm Ćreek 3034 Rd.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023).

NOT TO SCALE

BEGIN PROJECT

CSJ: 3068-01-015 REF MRK: 414+0.068 mi.

MILE POINT: 0.780

STA: 53+50.00 ft.

EXCEPTIONS: N/A EQUATIONS: N/A RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A DESIGN SPEED = N/A

CURRENT A.D.T. (2025) = 1,375 vpd PROJECTED A.D.T. (2045) = 1,975 vpd FUNCTIONAL CLASS = MAJOR COLLECTOR

EXISTING NBI# : N/A PROPOSED NBI# : N/A

PROJECT NO. F 2B24(277), ETC. DISTRICT COUNTY STATE TEXAS ABL JONES, ETC. CONTROL SECTION HIGHWAY NO. 0033 05 089, ETC. US 83, ETC.

FINAL PLANS

JULY 2024 LETTING DATE:

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:_

DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED: _____

DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$___

CONTRACTOR:

CERTIFICATION FOR FINAL PLANS

THIS PROJECT WAS BUILT ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THESE FINAL PLANS REFLECT THE WORK DONE AND THE QUANTITIES SHOWN THEREON AND ON THE FINAL ESTIMATE ARE FINAL QUANTITIES.

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

THE DISTRICT TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE HAS REVIEWED THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR THIS PROJECT AND IT IS IN COMPLIENCE WITH CURRENT -DERASEGREG GONTROL STANDARDS.

Michael Wittie, P.E.

5/6/2024

_62ACOMMITATOEE5 CHAIRMAN

Texas Department of Transportation

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END PROJECT CSJ: 3068-01-015 REF MRK: 416+0.023 mi. MILE POINT: 2.218 STA: 133+33.20 ft.

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: 5/6/2024

Peter Reviani

_9BcRENTERGNDARERIANI, P.E. TXDOT PROJECT MANAGER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 5/6/2024

Scott Q -2576AGOFTDHE4DDARROW, P.E. CENTRAL DESIGN ENGINEER RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 5/6/2024

BRYCE M. TURENTINE AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 5/6/2024

Michael Haithcock

-575/MICHAELAA. HAITHCOCK, P.E. DIRECTOR OF T P & D

APPROVED FOR LETTING: 5/6/2024

OF6FTHOMASTO ALLBRITTON. P.E. DISTRICT ENGINEER

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TxDOT STANDARDS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET WITH A "#" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Peter Renan;

4/29/2004

DATE

INDEX OF SHEETS



FHWA VISION	PF	ROJECT NO	нІ	GHWAY NO.	
6	SEE	US	83, ETC.		
STATE			SHEET NO.		
EXAS		JONES, I	ETC.		
STRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JO	В	2
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.	

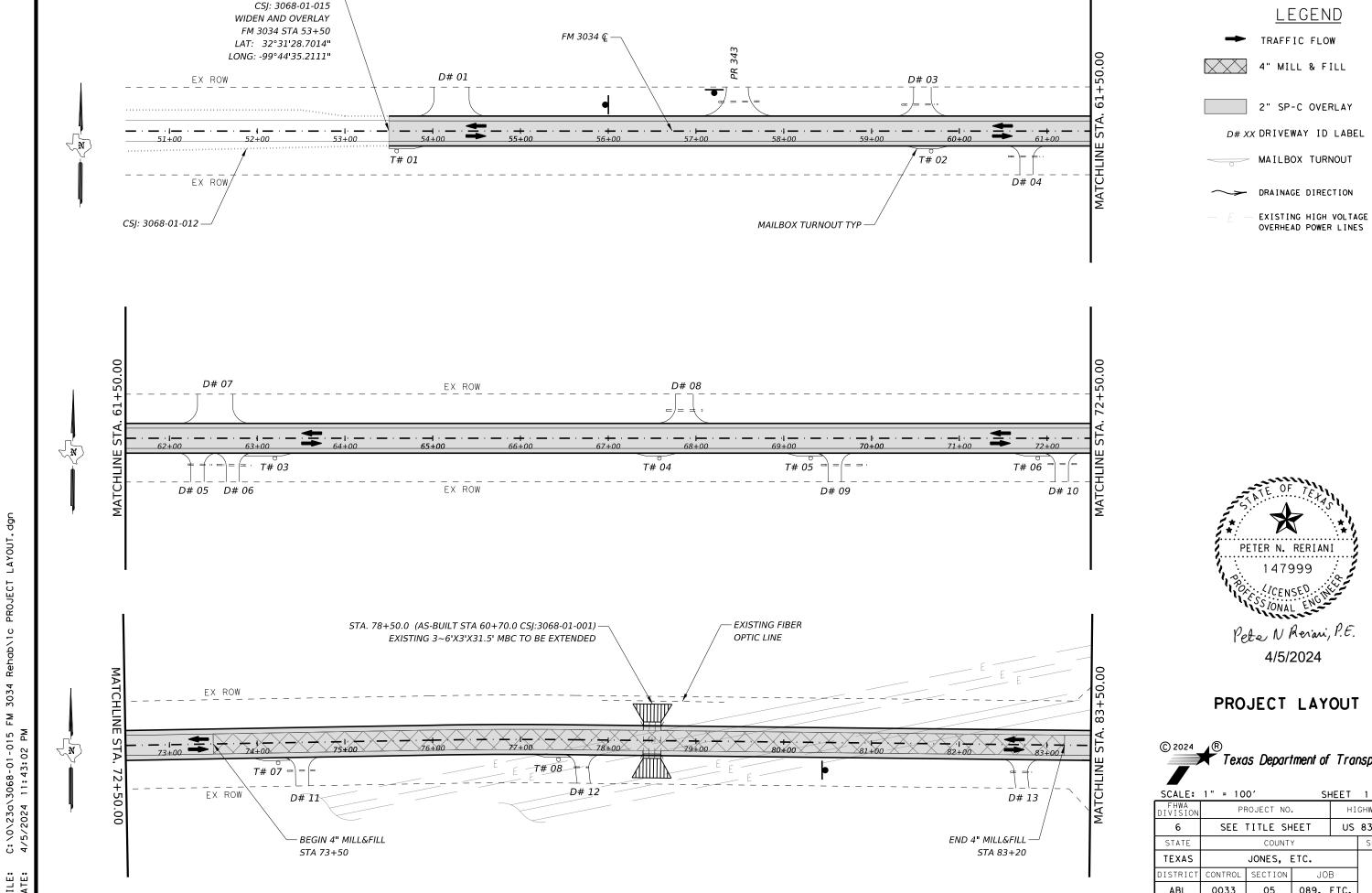
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57-59

60

SETB-FW-0

SETBR

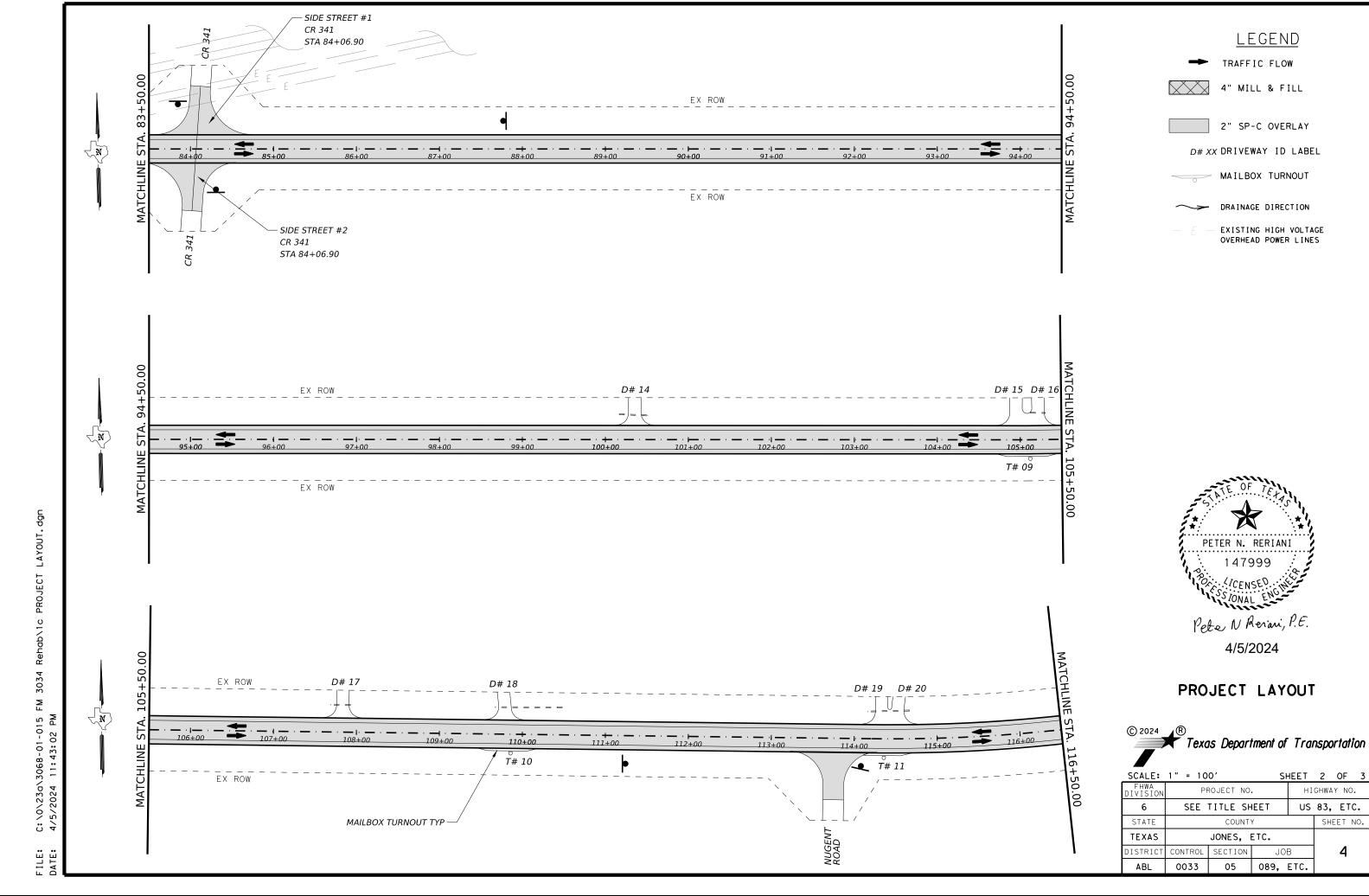


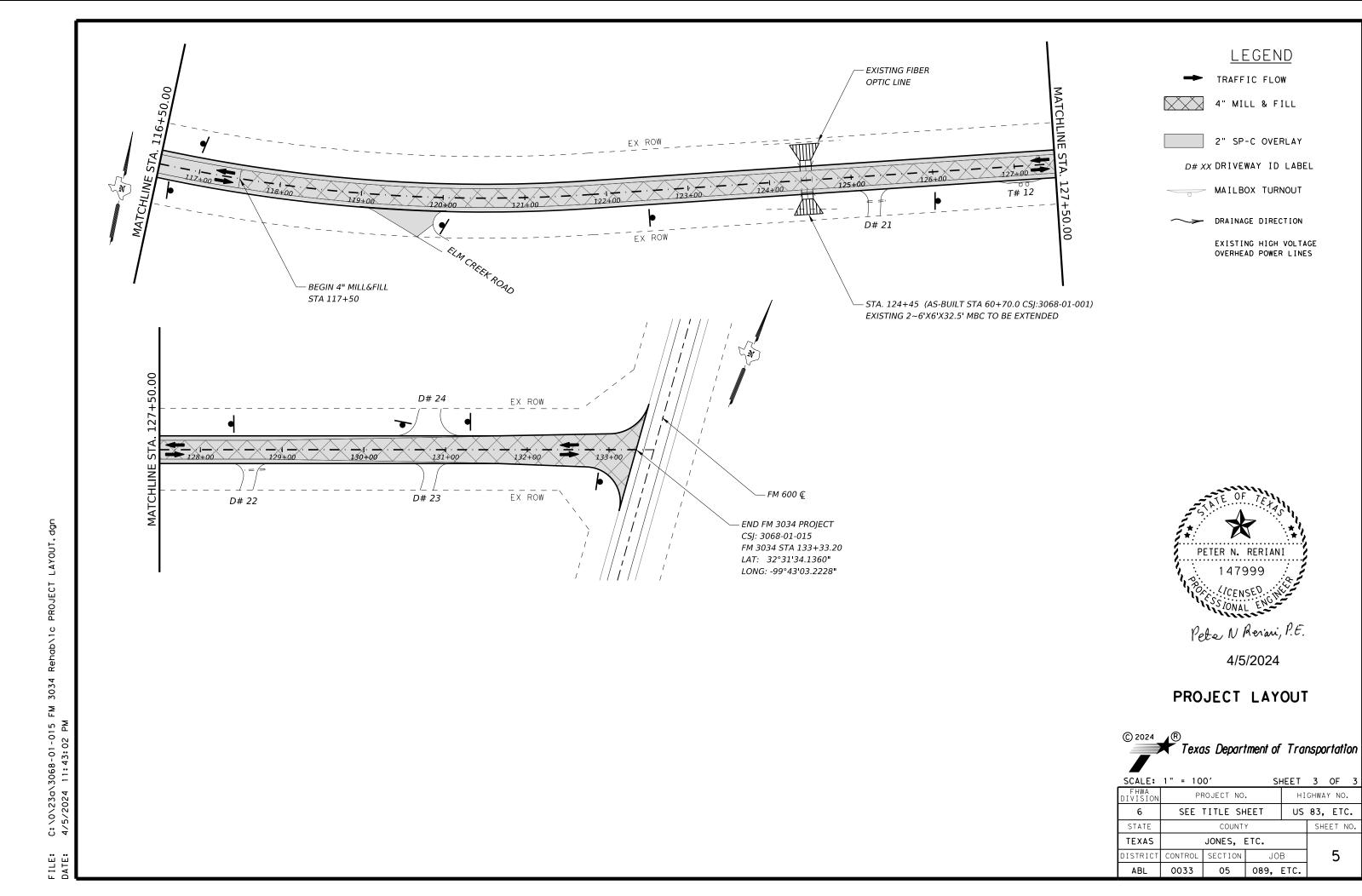
BEGIN FM 3034 PROJECT

OVERHEAD POWER LINES

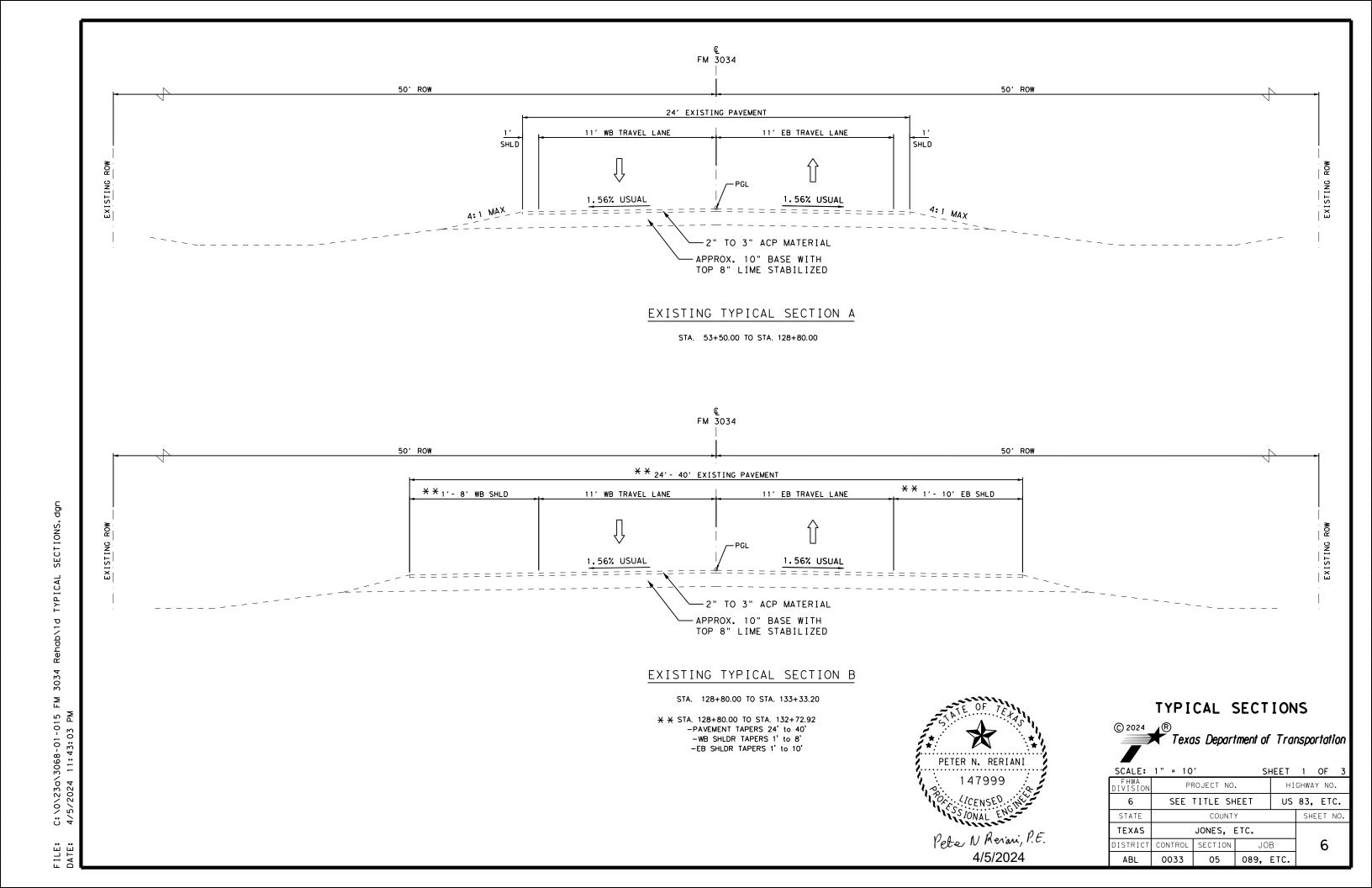


_							
SCALE:	1" = 10	0′	SI	HEET	1	OF	3
FHWA DIVISION	PF	нІ	HIGHWAY NO				
6	SEE	83,	ETC	•			
STATE			SHEET NO				
TEXAS							
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JO	В	7 3		
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.			

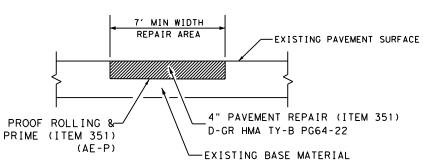




SHEET NO.



€ FM 3034



PAVEMENT SPOT REPAIR DETAIL (ITEM 351)

LOCATIONS AND SIZE OF SPOT REPAIRS TO BE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER. REMOVAL OF EXISTING MATERIAL, DENSE GRADE HOT MIX OR BETTER AS APPROVED BE THE ENGINEER, PROOF ROLLING, AND PRIME SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT BID PRICE FOR ITEM 351.

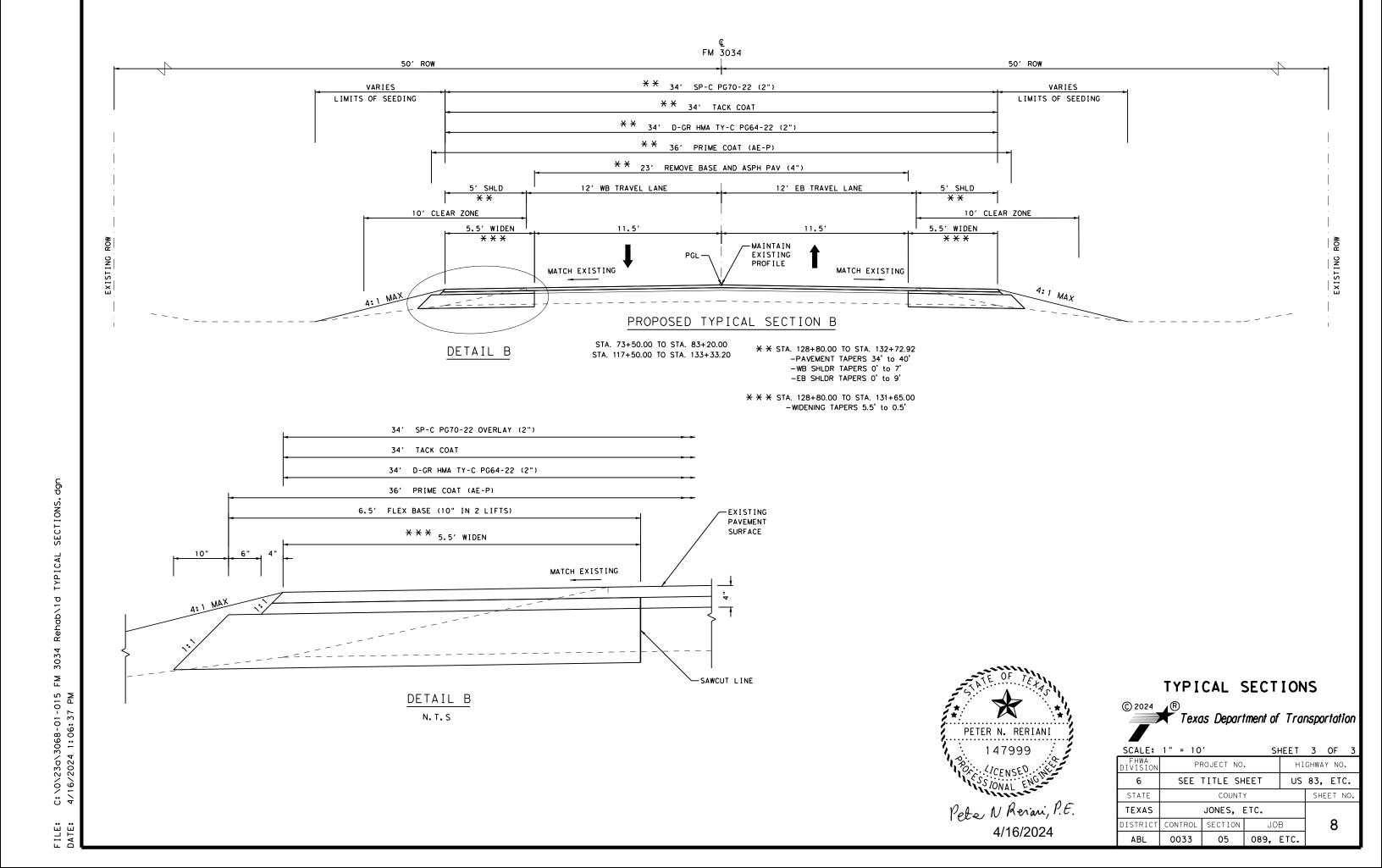
VARIES



TYPICAL SECTIONS

Texas Department of Transportation

_								
CALE:	1" = 10	,	SI	HEET	2	OF	3	
FHWA [VISION	PF	ΗI	GHWA	Y NO	•			
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	US	83,	ETO	: .	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	EET N	10.	
TEXAS		JONES, I	ETC.					
ISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JO	В	⊺ 7			
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.				



5034	
C: \0\Z3a\3068-01-015 FM	4/5/2024 11:43:03 PM
:	4

	SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS												
	512	512	512	545	545	545	662	662	666	666	677	6185	6185
	6013	6025	6037	6003	6005	6019	6098	6111	6208	6210	6001	6002	6005
LOCATION	PORT CTB (DES SOURCE) (SGL SLP) (TY 1)	PORT CTB (MOVE) (SGL SLP) (TY 1)	PORT CTB (STKPL) (SGL SLP) (TY 1)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (MOVE & RESET)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (REMOVE)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL) (S)(N)(TL3)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (BRK)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (SLD)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	LF	EA	LF	LF	LF	DAY	DAY
PHASE 1 STEP 1	420	420		4		4	3480				3480	32	
PHASE 1 STEP 2	240		660		4		3480					32	
PHASE 2 &3								248				25	
PHASE 4								778	1190	10014		5	
PHASE 5												4	12
PROJECT TOTALS	660	420	660	4	4	4	6960	1026	1190	10014	3480	98	12

SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE ITEMS										
	403	432	462	462	467	467	496			
	6001	6002	6054	6057	6212	6227	6005			
LOCATION	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	CONC BOX CULV (6 FT X 3 FT) (EXTEND)	CONC BOX CULV (6 FT X 6 FT) (EXTEND)	SET (TY I) (S= 6 FT)(HW= 4 FT) (4:1) (C)	SET (TY I) (S= 6 FT)(HW= 7 FT) (3:1) (C)	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)			
	SF	CY	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA			
CLUVEDT AT CTA 70.FO		4.4	20				2			
CULVERT AT STA 78+50		11	30		6		2			
CULVERT AT STA 124+45	256	12		26		4	2			
PROJECT TOTALS	256	23	30	26	6	4	4			

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS									
	164	164	164	168	506	506			
	6009	6011	6036	6001	6038	6039			
LOCATION	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CON FENCE (REMOVE)			
	SY	SY	AC	MG	LF	LF			
STA 53+50 TO STA 133+33.20	10856	10856	4.49	183	360	360			
PROJECT TOTALS	10856	10856	4.49	183	360	360			

QUANTITY SUMMARY



NO SCAL	.E		SI	HEET	1	OF 3		
FHWA DIVISION	PF	. HIGHWAY NO.						
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	US	83,	ETC.		
STATE		COUNT		SHE	ET NO.			
TEXAS		JONES, I	ETC.					
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JO	В	9			
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.				

								SUMMAR	Y OF PAV	EMENT SU	IRFACE AF	REAS							
		105-607		-6074	247-	6053	351-	6013	354-	6021	30	76	3077 (SURFACE 2")		3077		310		
FM 3034 LOCATION	FM 3034 STATION			REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (4")		FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TYD GR1-2) (FNAL POS)		FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (4")				D-GR HMA TY-C PG64-22		SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22		TACK COAT		PRIME COAT (AE-P)	
TYPICAL SECTION	FROM	то	LENGTH	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	VOL (CY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)	WIDTH (LF)	AREA (SY)
PROPOSED TYP SEC - A	53+50.00	73+50.00	2000		-	13	802		-		-	11	2,444	34	7,556	34	7,556	13	2,889
PROPOSED TYP SEC - B		83+20.00	970	23	2,479	13	389		-		-	23	2,479	34	3,664	34	3,664	36	3,880
PROPOSED TYP SEC - A		117+50.00	3430		-	13	1,376		-		-	11	4,192	34	12,958	34	12,958	13	4,954
PROPOSED TYP SEC - B	117+50.00	128+80.00	1130	23	2,888	13	453		-		-	23	2,888	34	4,269	34	4,269	36	4,520
PROPOSED TYP SEC - B	128+80.00	131+65.00	285	28	887	8	70		-		-	28	887	34	1,077	34	1,077	36	1,140
PROPOSED TYP SEC - B	131+65.00	133+33.20	168.2	34	635		-		-		-	34	635	34	635	34	635	34	635
ADDITIONAL AREA AT FM 600	131+65.00	133+33.20	VARIES		188								188		188		188		188
MISCELLANEOUS	VARIOUS L	OCATIONS			-		201		-		767		444		1,329		1,477		296
PAVEMENT REPAIRS	VARIOUS L	OCATIONS						VARIES	2,670										
	CSJ 3068-01-015 TOTALS:			7,077		3,293		2,670		767		14,157		31,676		31,824		18,502	

SUMMARY OF DRIVEWAYS AND TURNOUTS									
	530-6024	560-6025							
DRIVEWAY/TURNOUT TYPE	TURNOUTS (RAP)	RELOCATE EXISTING MAILBOX							
52, . 666	SY	EA							
TURNOUT (TYPE A)	-	2							
TURNOUT (TYPE B)	130	11							
DRIVEWAYS (TYPE B)	313	-							
PROJECT TOTALS:	443	13							

BASIS OF ESTIMATE											
	CSJ 3068-01-015 TOTALS:										
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		AREA	AREA RATE		UNIT					
310-6005	PRIME COAT (AE-P)		18,502	0.20 GAL/SY	3,701	GAL					
3076-6015	D-GR HMA TY-C PG64-22		14,157	220 LB/SY/2000	1,558	TON					
3077-6023	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-B PG70-22	SURFACE (2")	RFACE (2") 31,676 220 LB/SY/2000		3,485	TON					
3077-6075	TACK COAT	·	31,824	0.10 GAL/SY	3,183	GAL					

QUANTITY SUMMARY



_									
NO SCAL	.E		SH	HEET	2	OF	3		
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	HIGHWAY NO.					
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	US 83, ET					
STATE		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO				
TEXAS		JONES, I	ETC.						
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В	□ 10				
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.					

	SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK							
	CSJ 3068-01-015 T	OTALS:						
LOCATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	132-6002 EMBANKMEN (FINAL) (DENS CONT (TY A)						
STATION	СУ	СУ						
53+50.00	16	7						
54+00.00	44	16						
55+00.00	39	25						
56+00.00	33	25						
57+00.00	39	23						
58+00.00	52	21						
59+00.00	48	20						
60+00.00	33	28						
61+00.00	28	33						
62+00.00	34	24						
63+00.00	39	24						
64+00.00	37	31						
65+00.00	36	31						
66+00.00	34	32						
67+00.00	35	29						
68+00.00	37	27						
69+00.00	37	22						
70+00.00	35	23						
71+00.00	35	22						
72+00.00	37	24						
73+00.00	40	26						
74+00.00	45	16						
75+00.00	45	15						
76+00.00	43	15						
77+00.00	37	30						
78+00.00	29	62						
79+00.00	31	57						
80+00.00	35	39						
81+00.00	37	35						
82+00.00	37	28						
83+00.00	38	16						
84+00.00	42	10						
85+00.00	39	18						
86+00.00 87+00.00	21	32						
	32	40 39						
88+00.00 89+00.00	32	36						
90+00.00	31	42						
91+00.00	32	41						
92+00.00	35	34						
93+00.00	43	30						
94+00.00	44	27						
95+00.00	37	26						
96+00.00	34	30						
97+00.00	34	33						
98+00.00	34	35						
99+00.00	34	37						
100+00.00	32	37						
SUBTOTAL	1,717	1,366						

	SUMMARY OF E	ARTHWORK
	CSJ 3068-01-015 T	OTALS:
	110-6001	132-6002
LOCATION	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY A)
STATION	СҮ	СҮ
LOCATION		
101+00.00	31	34
102+00.00	34	30
103+00.00	36	32
104+00.00	39	19
105+00.00	38	20
106+00.00	33	40
107+00.00	34	32
108+00.00	34	26
109+00.00	40	17
110+00.00	42	16
111+00.00	34	32
112+00.00	35	25
113+00.00	45	15
114+00.00	47	13
115+00.00	37	17
116+00.00	38	17
117+00.00	42	15
118+00.00	42	20
119+00.00	43	18
120+00.00	42	20
121+00.00	40	30
122+00.00	39	37
123+00.00	33	62
124+00.00	37	48
125+00.00	45	12
126+00.00	49	12
127+00.00	49	11
	46	15
	46	22
	51	15
	38	3
	25	3
	0	0
SUBTOTAL	1,265	728
	CSJ 3068-01-015 T	OTALS:
TOTAL	2,982	2,094

			SUMMARY OF PA	VEMENT MARKIN	G ITEMS	
	658	666	666	666	668	672
	6047	6309	6318	6321	6076	6009
LOCATION	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC) GND	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W) 6" (SLD)(100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 6" (BRK)(100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 6" (SLD)(100MIL)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
200,1110,11	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA
STA 53+50 TO STA 133+33.20	4	15584	1190	10014	30	186
DRIVEWAYS					90	
PROJECT TOTALS	4	15584	1190	10014	120	186

	SUMMARY OF SIG	GNING ITEMS	
	644	644	644
	6001	6030	6076
LOCATION	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM
200,111011	EA	EA	EA
STA 53+50 TO STA 133+33.20	16	1	15
PROJECT TOTALS	16	1	15

QUANTITY SUMMARY

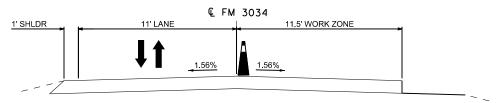


NO SCAL	.Ε		HEET	3	OF	3				
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO	•	ΗI	GHWA	Y NC				
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	US	83,	ΕT	С.			
STATE		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.					
TEXAS		JONES, ETC.								
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION JOB			11					
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.						

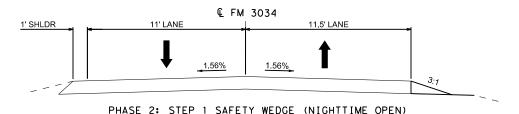
SEQUENCE OF WORK

- PHASE 1: WIDEN CULVERTS
- STEP 1: CULVERT WORK ON EB SIDE
 - A. PLACE SIGNS AND BARRICADES.
 - B. INSTALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES
 - C. PLACE PORTABLE CTB & CRASH CUSHIONS ON EB SIDE AS SHOWN ON PCTB LAYOUT, TCP (2-2)-18 AND TCP (2-3)-23
 - D. COMPLETE CULVERT EXTENSIONS AND SETS ON EB SIDE
- STEP 2: CULVERT WORK ON WB SIDE
 - A. SWITCH PORTABLE CTB & CRASH CUSHIONS TO WB SIDE AS SHOWN ON PCTB LAYOUT, TCP (2-2)-18 AND TCP (2-3)-23
 - B. ADJUST SIGNS AND WZ STRIPING FOR TRAFFIC SWITCH
 - C. COMPLETE CULVERT EXTENSIONS AND SETS ON WB SIDE
 - D. REMOVE PORTABLE CTB & CRASH CUSHIONS
- PHASE 2: CONSTRUCT EB SHOULDERS UTILIZING
 TCP(2-2)-18 WITH DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
- STEP 1: CONSTRUCT SUBGRADE
 - A. SAWCUT EXISTING PAVEMENT AND COMPLETE EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT WORK.
 - B. INSTALL A 3:1 SAFETY WEGDE PRIOR TO OPENING TO TRAFFIC AT NIGHT
- STEP 2: CONSTRUCT FLEX BASE
 - A. CONSTRUCT FLEX BASE
 - B. INSTALL SAFETY WEGDE PRIOR TO OPENING TO TRAFFIC AT NIGHT
- STEP 3: PLACE 2" D-GR HMA ON EB SHOULDERS
- PHASE 3: CONSTRUCT WB SHOULDERS, SPOT REPAIRS,
 MILL 4" AND PLACE 2" D-GR HMA UTILIZING
 TCP(2-2)-18 FOR DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
- STEP 1 THRU STEP 3:

 REPEAT SAME SEQUENCE AS FOR PHASE 2 ABOVE
- STEP 4: SPOT REPAIRS, MILL 4" FULL WIDTH AND PLACE 2" D-GR HMA FULL WIDTH
 - A. COMPLETE ANY REQUIRED SPOT REPAIRS ON EXISTING PAYEMENT
 - B. MILL 4" FULL WIDTH AND PLACE 2" D-GR HMA FULL WIDTH EACH DAY
- PHASE 4: FINAL LIFT AND DRIVEWAY WORK UTILIZING TCP(1-2)-18 FOR DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
- STEP 1: PLACE TACK COAT AND 2" SP-C FINAL LIFT ON EB SIDE
 - A. PLACE TACK COAT
 - B. COMPLETE 2" SP-C FINAL LIFT
 - C. COMPLETE EMBANKMENT WORK
- STEP 2: PLACE TACK COAT AND 2" SP-C FINAL LIFT ON EB SIDE
 REPEAT SAME SEQUENCE AS FOR PHASE 2 ABOVE
- STEP 3: COMPLETE DRIVEWAYS WORK
- PHASE 5: FINALIZE THE PROJECT
 INSTALL SIGNS AND PERMANENT PAVEMENT MARKING



PHASE 2: STEP 1 CONSTRUCT SUBGRADE (DAYTIME CLOSURE)



© FM 3034

11'SHLDR

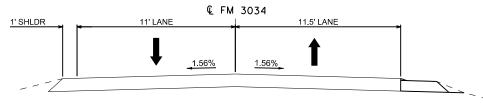
11'LANE

11.5'WORK ZONE

1.56%

1.56%

PHASE 2: STEP 2 CONSTRUCT FLEXBASE (DAYTIME CLOSURE)



PHASE 2: STEP 2 FLEXBASE CONSTRUCTION (NIGHTTIME OPEN)

GENERAL NOTES

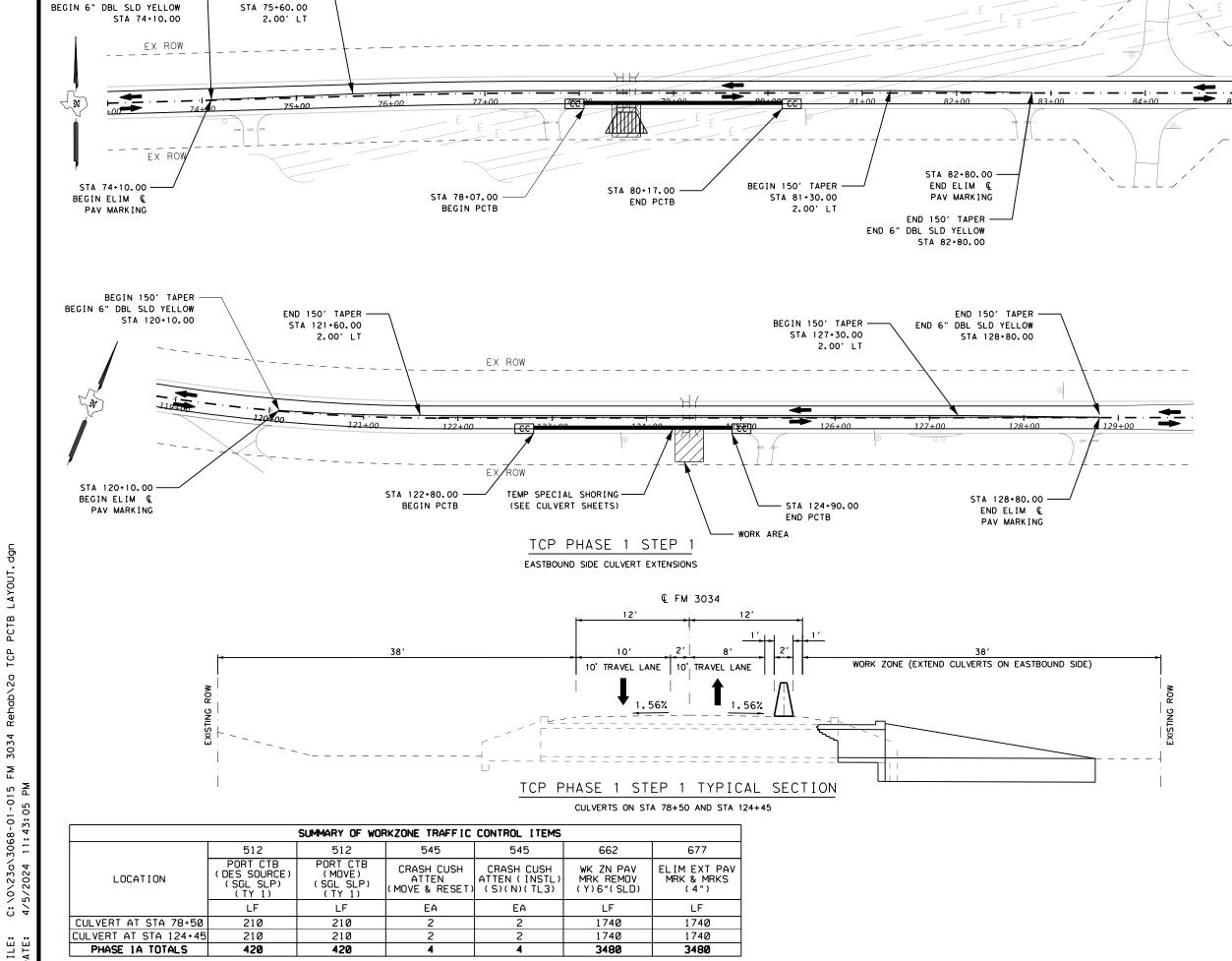
- THE CONTACTOR MAY MODIFY THIS SEQUENCE OF WORK AND TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AS LONG AS THE REVISIONS, SIGNED AND SEALED BY A PROFFESIONAL ENGINEER, ARE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. TRAFFIC MUST BE HANDLED THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING A SAFE PASSAGE FOR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC WITH MINIMAL INCONVENIENCE TO THE PUBLIC, AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ACCESS AT ALL TIMES TO ALL ADJOINING SIDE STREETS, PROPERTIES AND MAILBOXES DURING CONSTRUCTION UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM WORK ONLY DURING THE DAYTIME. BOTH LANES OF TRAFFIC SHALL REMAIN OPEN TO TRAFFIC DURING NIGHT TIME. THE CONTRACTOR WILL ONLY BE ALLOWED TO PERFORM WORK ON ONE SIDE OF THE ROAD AT A TIME UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.



TCP NARRATIVE



SCALE:	NTS		HEET	1	OF	1					
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO.		ΗI	HIGHWAY NO.						
6	SEE	US	S 83, ETC.								
STATE		SHEET NO.									
TEXAS		JONES, ETC.									
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	В		12					
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.							



LEGEND

TRAFFIC FLOW

WORK AREA

CRASH CUSHION

CHANNELIZING DEVICE

EXISTING HIGH VOLTAGE OVERHEAD POWER LINES

NOTE: USE TCP(2-1)-18 AND TCP(2-2)-18 FOR SIGNS, SIGN SPACING AND OTHER DETAILS NOT SHOWN



Pete N Reiani, P.E. 4/5/2024

TCP PCTB LAYOUT

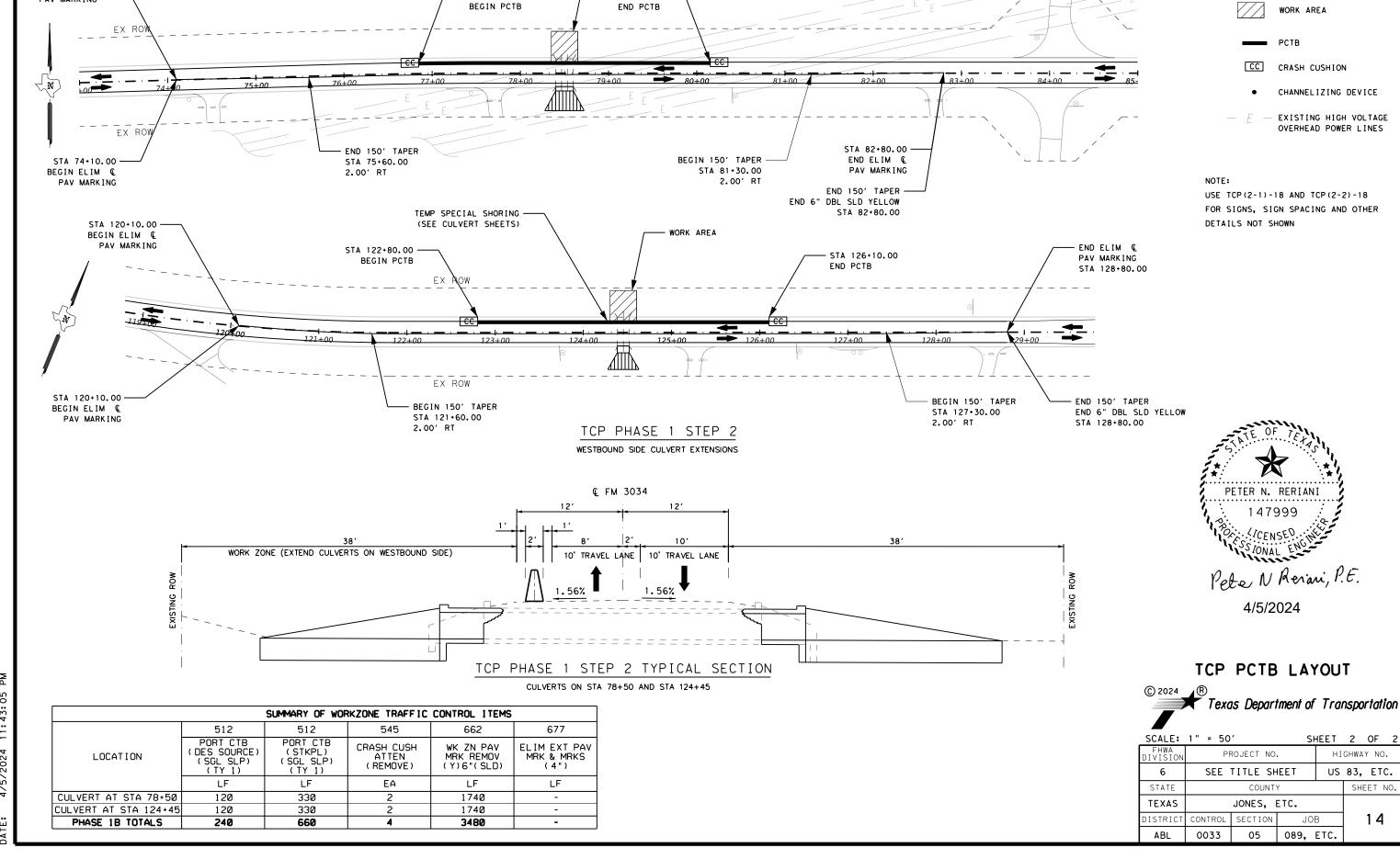


SCALE:	1" = 50	,	SI	HEET	1	OF	2
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		нІ	GHWA	Y NO.	
6	SEE	TITLE SH	HEET	US	ETC	:	
STATE		COUNT	Y		SH	EET N	10.
TEXAS		JONES,	ETC.				
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JO	В		13	
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.			

BEGIN 150' TAPER -

BEGIN 6" DBL SLD YELLOW

END 150' TAPER



WORK AREA

STA 80+10.00 -

STA 76+80.00

LEGEND

TRAFFIC FLOW

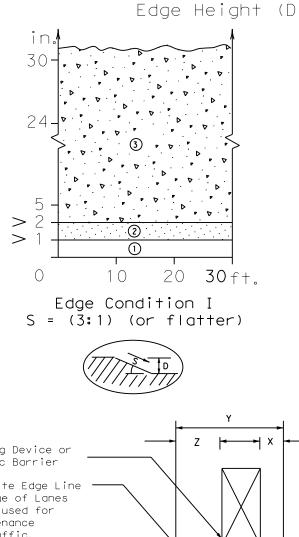
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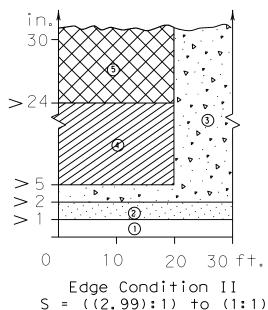
PAV MARKING

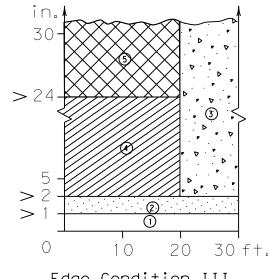
BEGIN ELIM &

DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

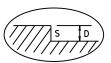
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

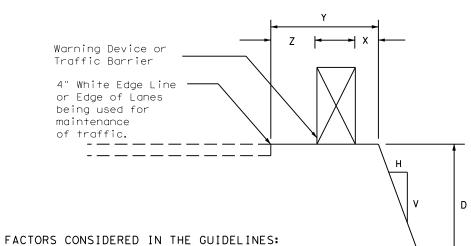






Edge Condition III S is steeper than (1:1)





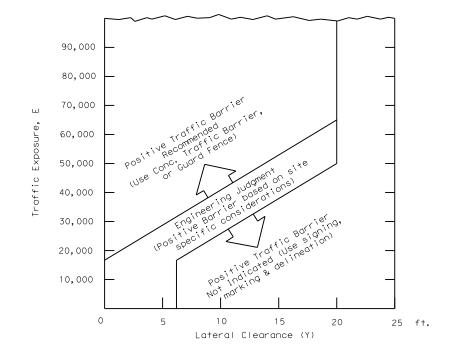
- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- 2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

Treatment Types Guidelines: (1) No treatment CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs. CW 8-9a Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels. CW8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge slope to that of the profered Edge Condition I. Check indications (Figure-1) for possitive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone-4 may be used after consideration of other applicable factors.

Edge Condition Notes:

- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 (XXX)



- 1. $E = ADT \times T$ Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- 3. An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's



4/5/2024



Traffic Safety Division Standard

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		PLAN			OF OF		BACKUP SUPP	ORT		AVAILABLE			MOVE /	RESET	L	L F	R R	S	s		
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	STA	TEST LEVEL	TRAFFIC (UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS	DESCRIPTION	WIDTH	HE I GHT	SITE LENGTH	INSTALL	REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N	w	N W	N I	w
1	PH1 STEP1	13	RIGHT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	78+07	TL-3	BI	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′	1							х	
2	PH1 STEP1	13	RIGHT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	80+17	TL-3	ВІ	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′	1							Х	
3	PH1 STEP1	13	RIGHT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	122+80	TL-3	BI	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′	1							x	
4	PH1 STEP1	13	RIGHT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	124+90	TL-3	BI	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′	1							Х	
5	PH1 STEP2	14	LEFT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	76+80	TL-3	BI	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′		1	1	1		\perp		X	\dashv
	PH1 STEP2		LEFT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	80+10	TL-3	BI	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′		1	1	2		+	+	X	\dashv
	PH1 STEP2		LEFT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	122+80	TL-3	BI	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′		1	1	3		_	+	X	\dashv
	PH1 STEP2		LEFT EDGE OF PAVEMENT	126+10	TL-3	BI	ASPH	2"-3"	SSCB	24"	42"	40′		1	1	4		+	+	X	\dashv
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LEGEND: L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W=WIDE

FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE. USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION. http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm



CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Safety Division Standard

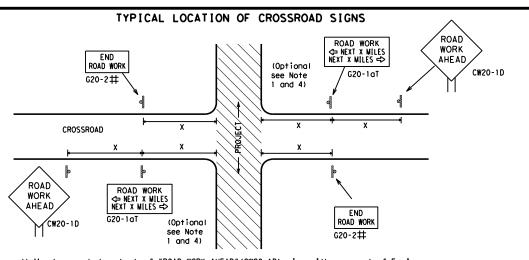
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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11:43:07





 \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP BINEM BORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

onventional

48" x 48"

36" × 36'

48" x 48"

Expressway/

Freeway

48" × 48'

48" x 48'

48" × 48'

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600²
65	700 ²
70	800 ²
75	900 ²
80	1000 ²
*	* 3
	MPH 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80

SPACING

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS € ★ R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1++ ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T * * AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow ➾ \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bt * * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK then extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFI × + G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT * *G20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices -CSJ Limi Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END LIMIT END | ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T * * G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Ι	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
۴	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



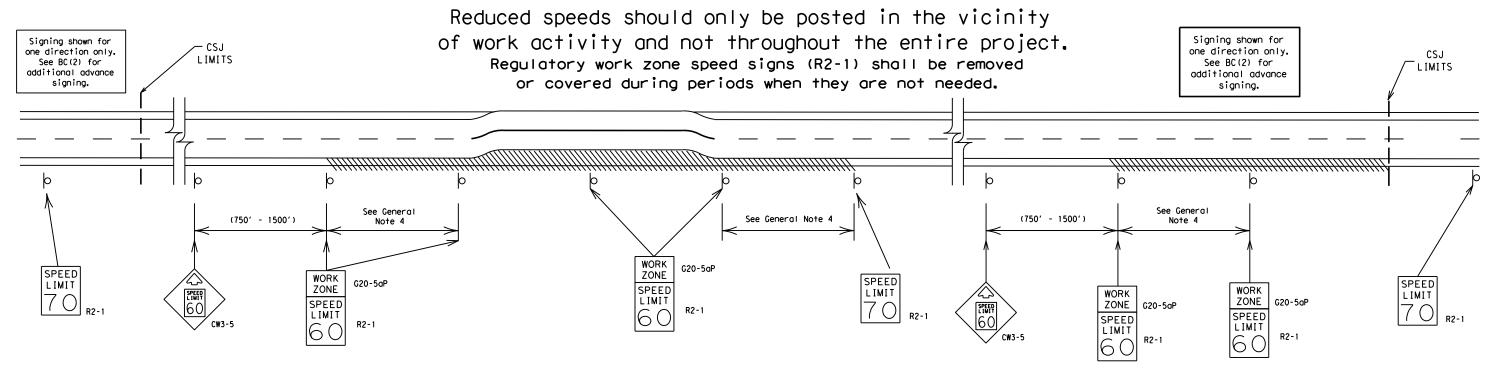
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	ABL	,	JONES,	ETO			18	

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered.

(See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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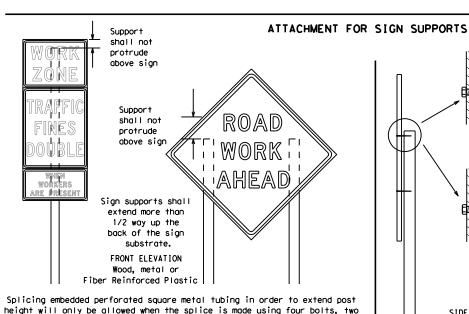
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

7.0' min.

9.0' max.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



7.0' min.

9.0' max.

6' or

greater

Paved

shoul de

procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

sign supports

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

6.0' min.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

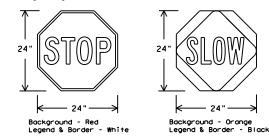
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)	
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

7.0' min.

9.0' max.

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

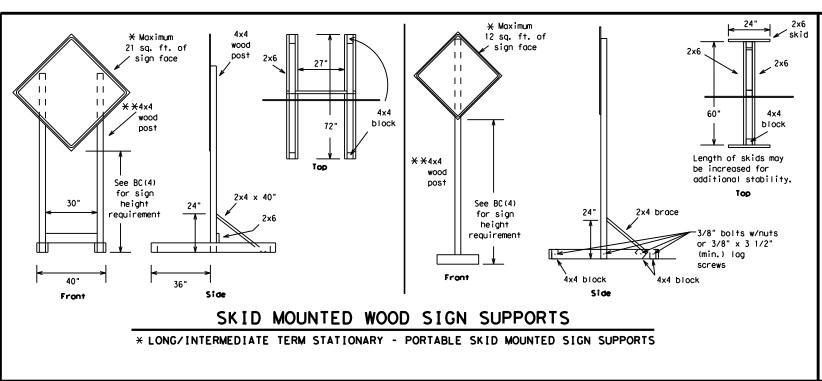


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21

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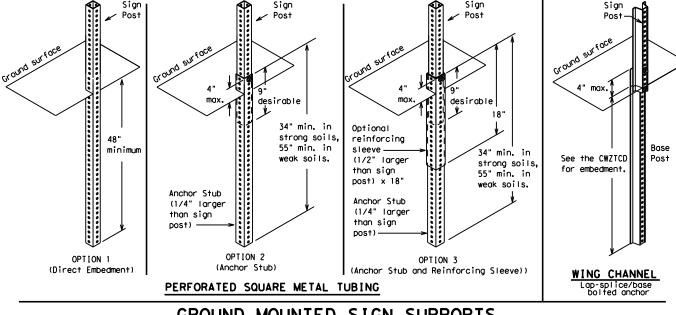


upright

2"

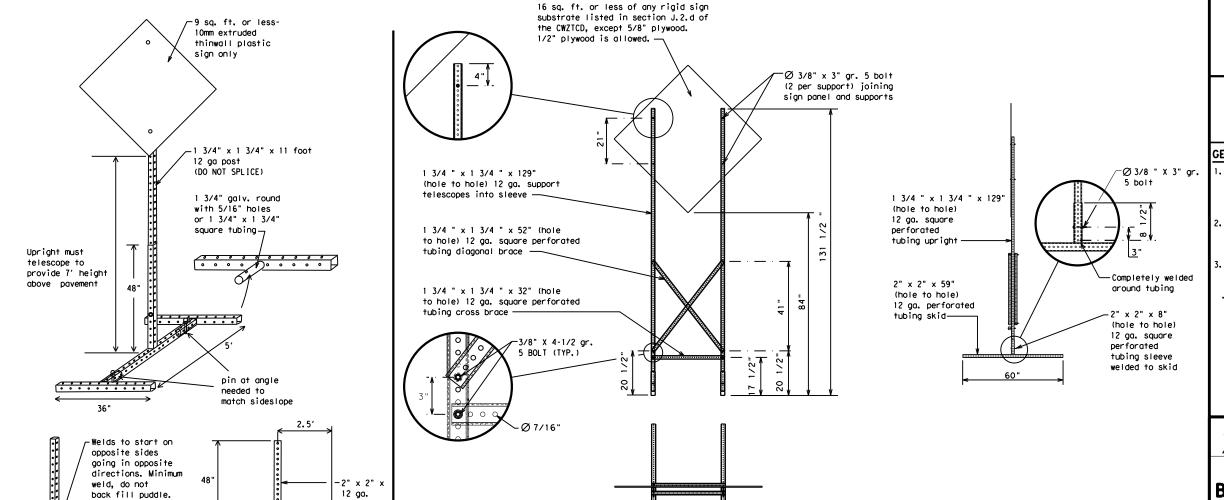
SINGLE LEG BASE

weld starts here



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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9-07		DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ABL	,	JONES,	ETC			21

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W LIMIT
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WEI PVMI
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	TITLI NOT	IMONI
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

MERGE

RIGHT

DETOUR

X EXITS

USE

EXIT XXX

STAY ON

US XXX

SOUTH

TRUCKS

USF

US XXX N

WATCH

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

REDUCE

SPEED

XXX FT

USE

OTHER

ROUTES

STAY

Action to Take/Effect on Travel

List

FORM

X LINES

RIGHT

USE

XXXXX

RD EXIT

USE EXIT

I-XX

NORTH

USE

I-XX F

TO I-XX N

WATCH

FOR

TRUCKS

EXPECT

DELAYS

PREPARE

TO

STOP

END

SHOULDER

USE

WATCH

FOR

WORKERS

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
	CLOSED SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT X LANES OPEN DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED X LANES CLOSED	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT X LANES OPEN DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED X MILE RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT DETOUR X MILE ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED X LANES CLOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

LANE

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Location

List

ΔΤ

FM XXXX

BEFORE

RAILROAD

CROSSING

NEXT

MILES

PAST

IIS XXX

EXIT

XXXXXXX

TO

XXXXXXX

IIS XXX

TΩ

FM XXXX

- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

* * Advance

Notice List

TUE-FRI

XX AM-

X PM

APR XX-

X PM-X AM

BEGINS

MONDAY

BEGINS

ΜΔΥ ΧΧ

MAY X-X

XX PM -

XX AM

NFXT

FRI-SUN

XX AM

XX PM

NEXT

TUE

AUG XX

TONIGHT

XX PM-

XX AM

Warning

List

SPEED

LIMIT

XX MPH

MAXIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

MINIMUM

SPEED

XX MPH

ADVISORY

SPEED

XX MPH

RIGHT

IANF

EXIT

LISE

CAUTION

DRIVE

SAFELY

DRIVE

WITH

CARE

* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

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Warning reflector may be round

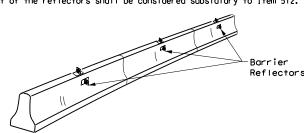
or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

30 square inches

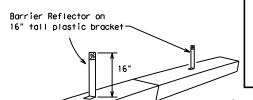
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



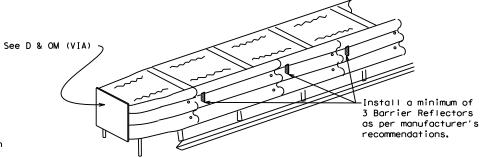
IN WORK ZONES LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

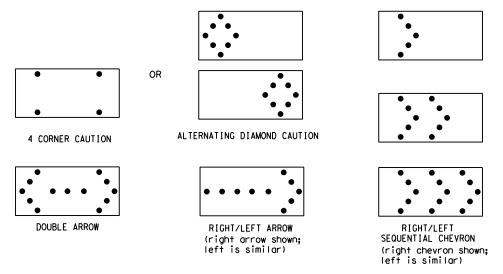
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	R	EQUIREMENTS	
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device.

 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent
- sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.

 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred
- channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

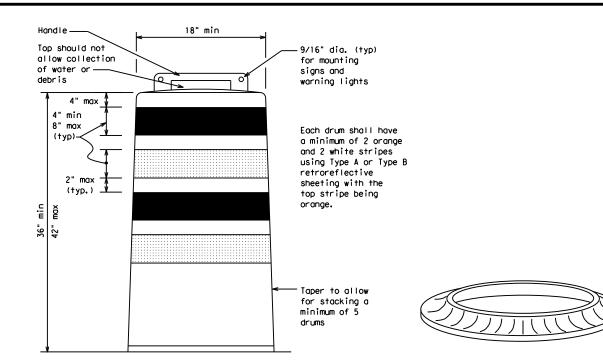
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

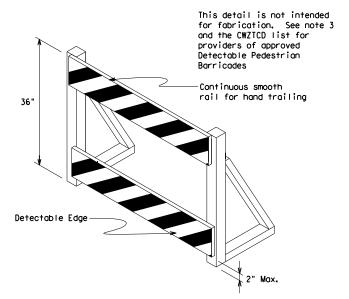
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or shorp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond puts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



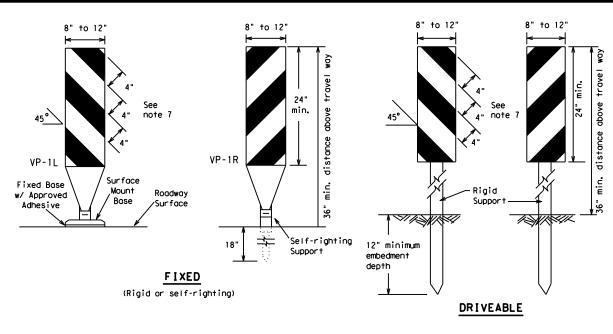
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

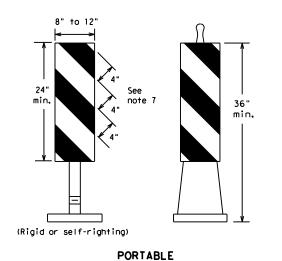
Traffic Safety

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

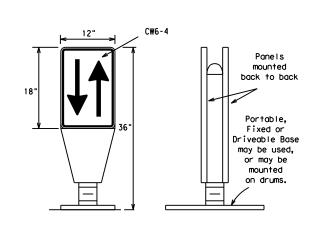
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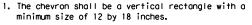
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

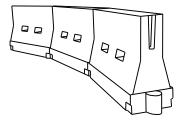


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′		
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40'	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′		
60		600'	660′	7201	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

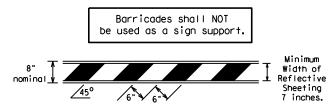
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

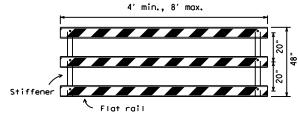
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

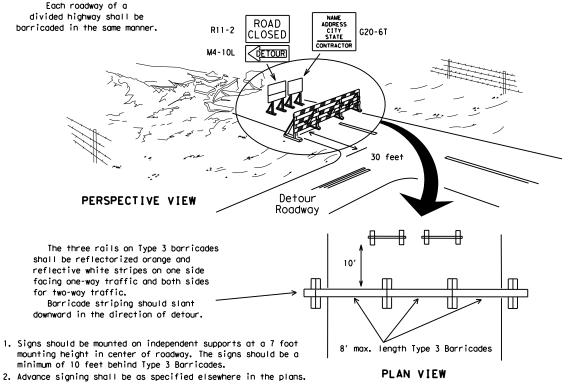


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

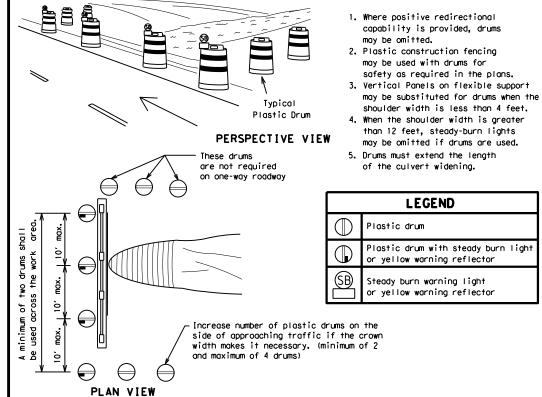
Desirable

On one-way roads



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

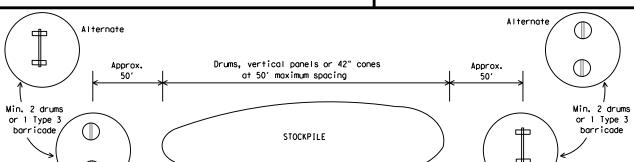
4" min. white

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



downstream drums stockpile location or barricade may be omitted here is outside clear zone.

Channelizing devices parallel to traffic should be used when stockpile is within 30' from travel lane.

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

➾

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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7-13	5-21	ABL	·	JONES,	ETO			26

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

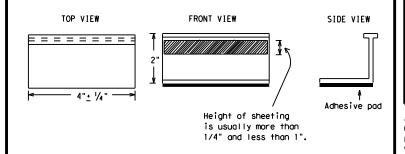
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

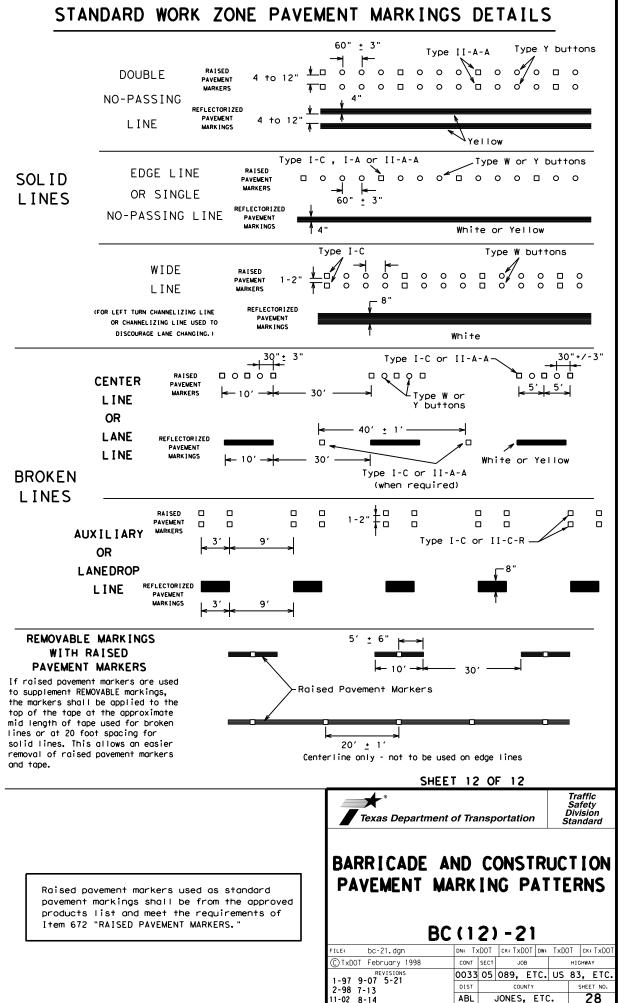
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

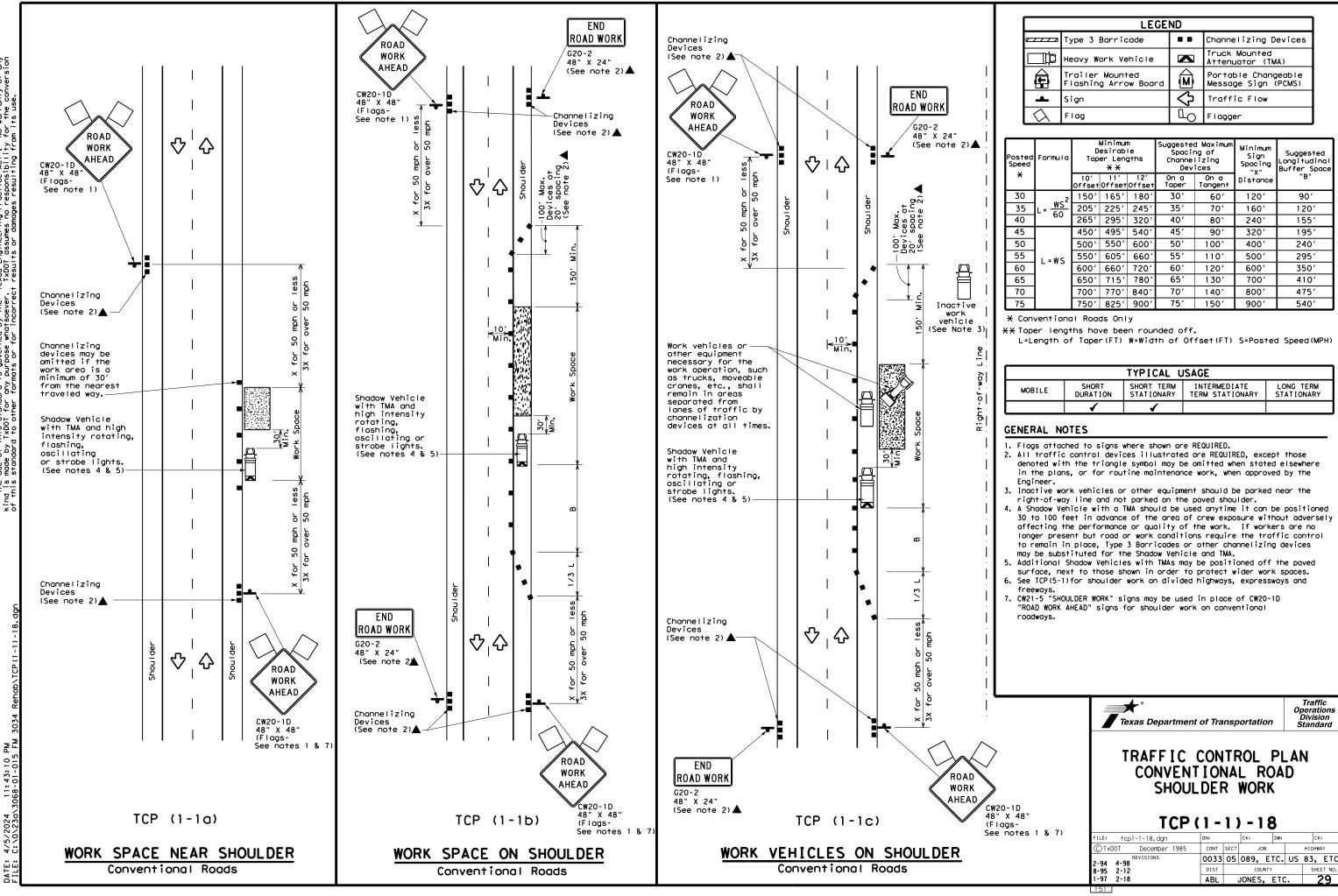
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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 ➪ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE







Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction

T0

ONCOMING TRAFFIC

Same as Below

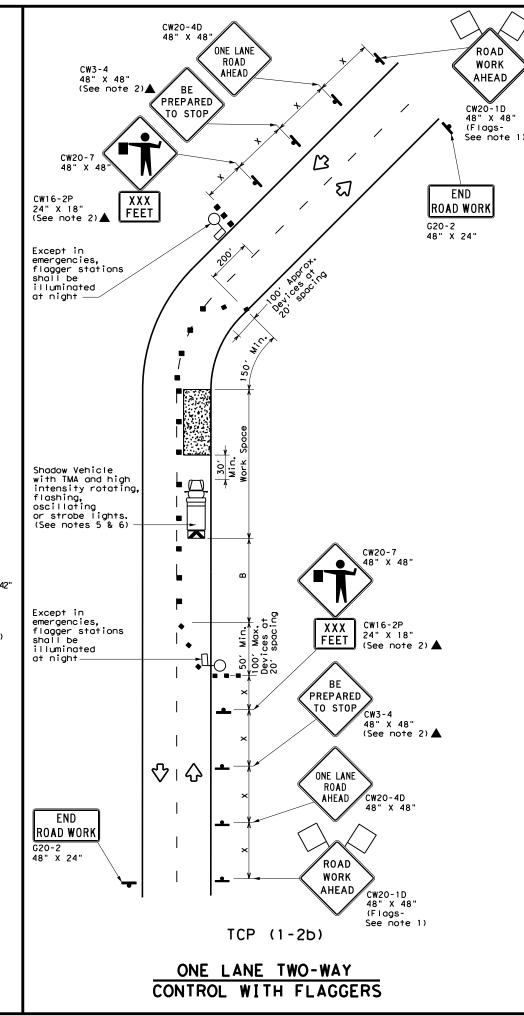
42" X 42 " X 42

♡□↔

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"



		LEGE	ND	
I		Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow
	\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	**			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	ws²	1501	1651	1801	30'	60′	1201	90′	2001
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	3201	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	4001	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660'	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	8401	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1							

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2, All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with "R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

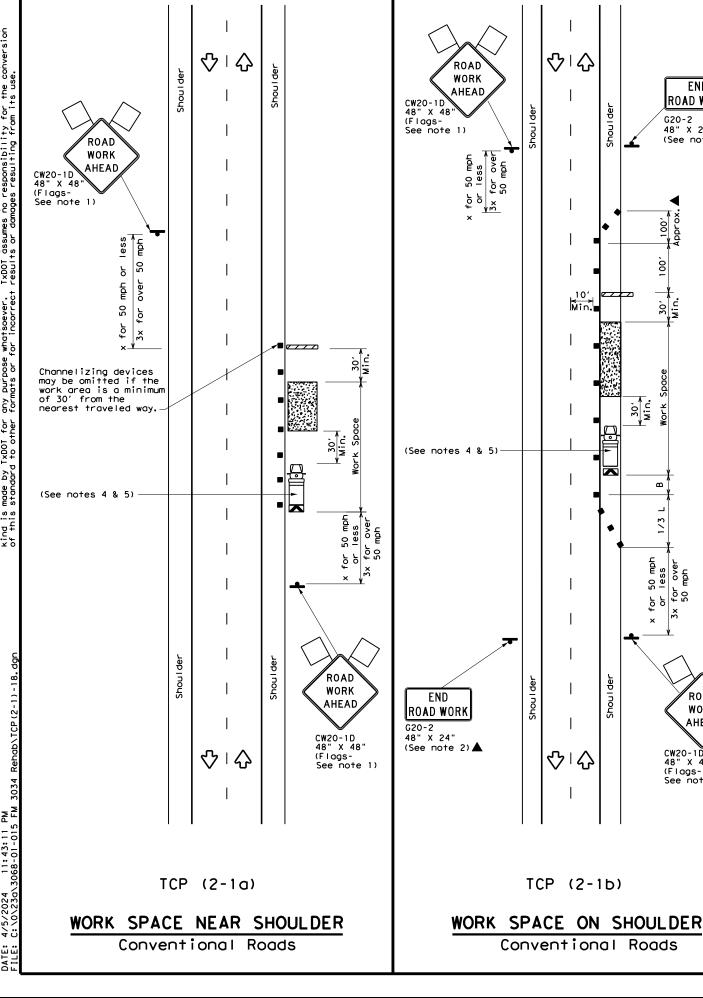


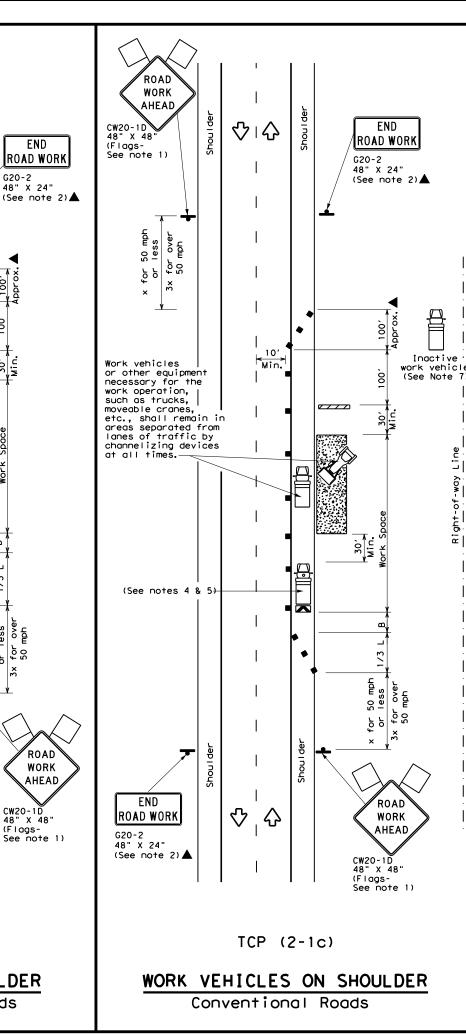
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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2-94 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET	SHEET NO.	
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LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board M Traffic Flow Sign \bigcirc Flagger

	<u> </u>									
Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirable		Desirable Taper Lengths			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,		
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120'		
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′		
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′		
50		500'	5501	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′		
60	- " -	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	900'	540'		

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1	1			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

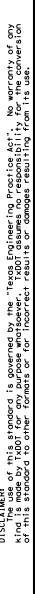
Texas Department of Transportation

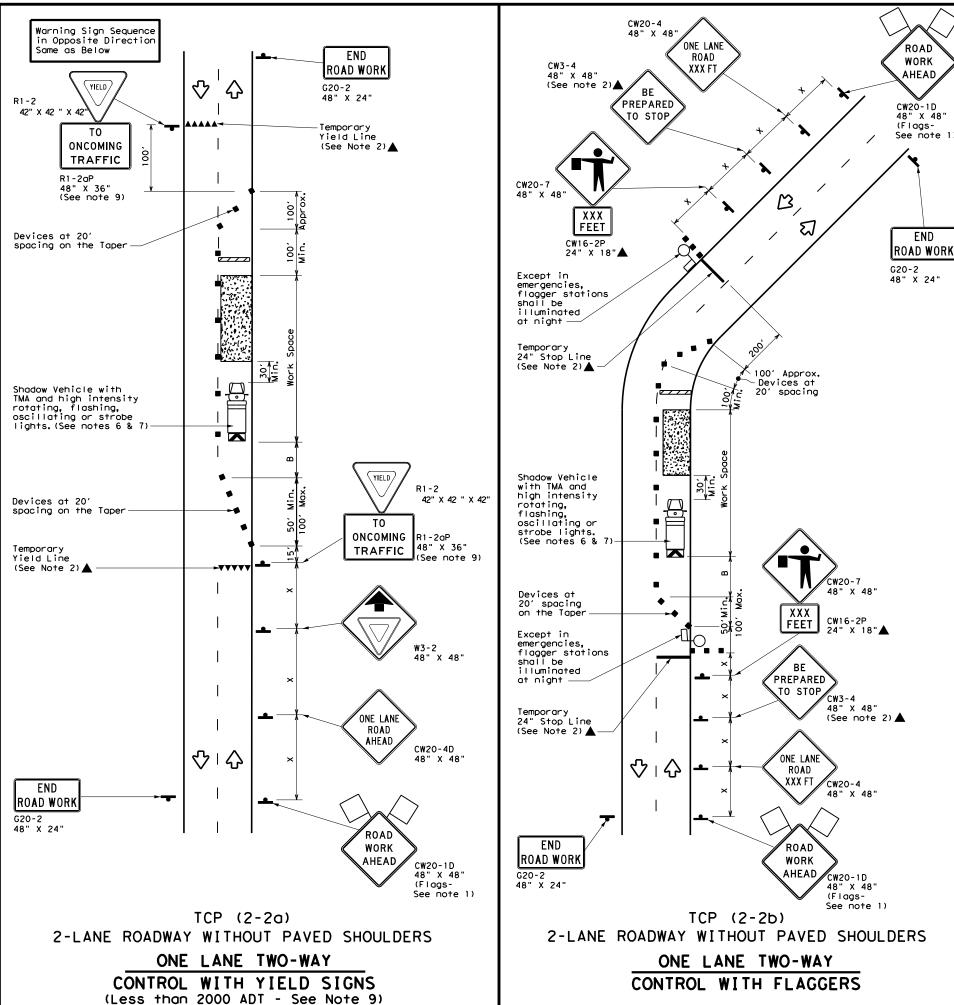
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.
1-97 2-18	ABL		JONES,	ETC.		<u>31</u>





	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS ²	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	2001
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	1551	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	3201	195′	360′
50		5001	550′	600′	50′	100'	400'	240'	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60		600′	660′	720′	60'	120′	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′	8201

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1						

## GENERAL NOTES

END

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

## TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

## TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

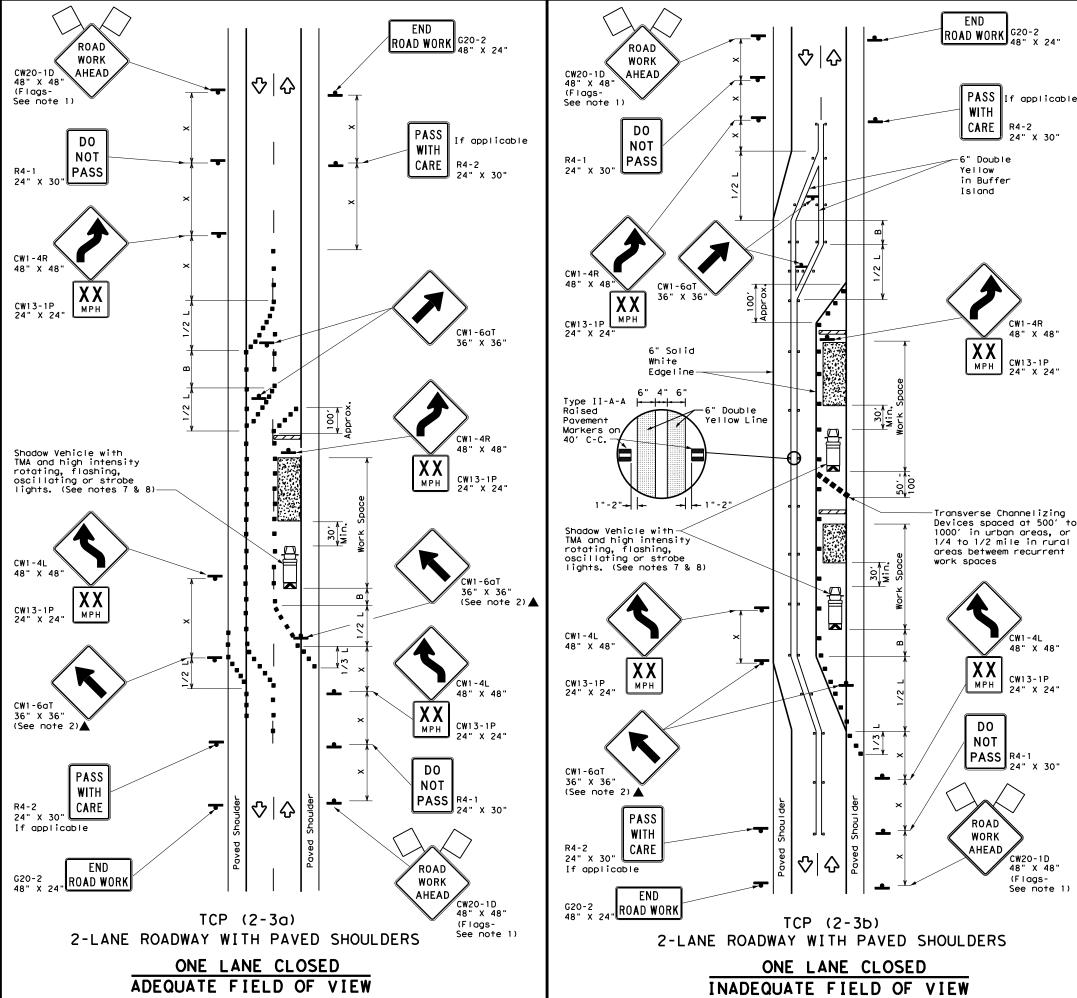


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0033	05	089, E	rc. us	83, ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ABL	,	JONES,	ETC.	32



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA						
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	8	265′	295′	3201	40 <i>°</i>	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550'	6001	50 <i>°</i>	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	_ "5	600'	660′	7201	60`	1201	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
				TCP (2-3b) ONL Y					
			√	✓					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
 The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- . The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- 7. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

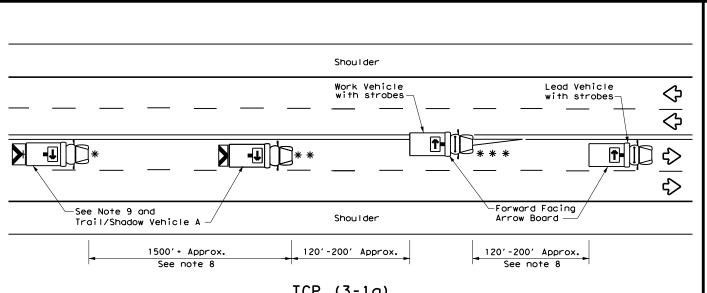


Traffic Safety Division Standard

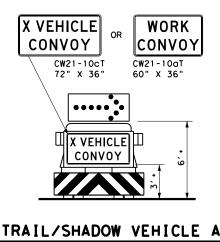
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP (2-3) -23

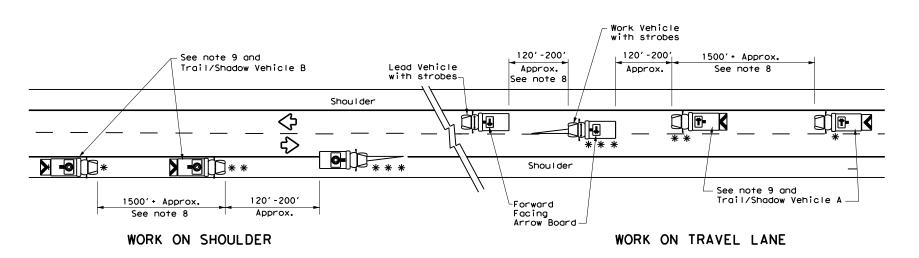
FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18						
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-12						33



TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

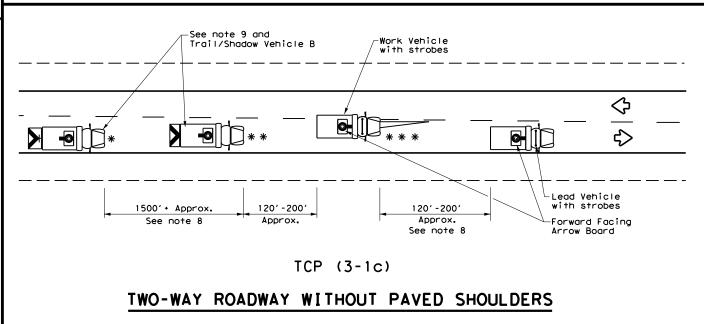


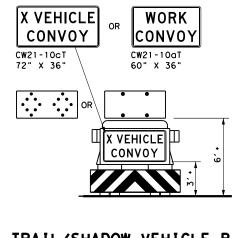
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

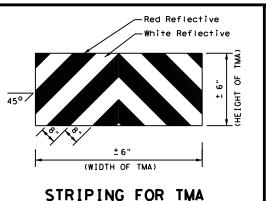
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOW BOADD DISDLAY				
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* * *	Work Vehicle	₽	RIGHT Directional				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	T	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	*	Double Arrow				
♦	Traffic Flow	0-	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LFAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



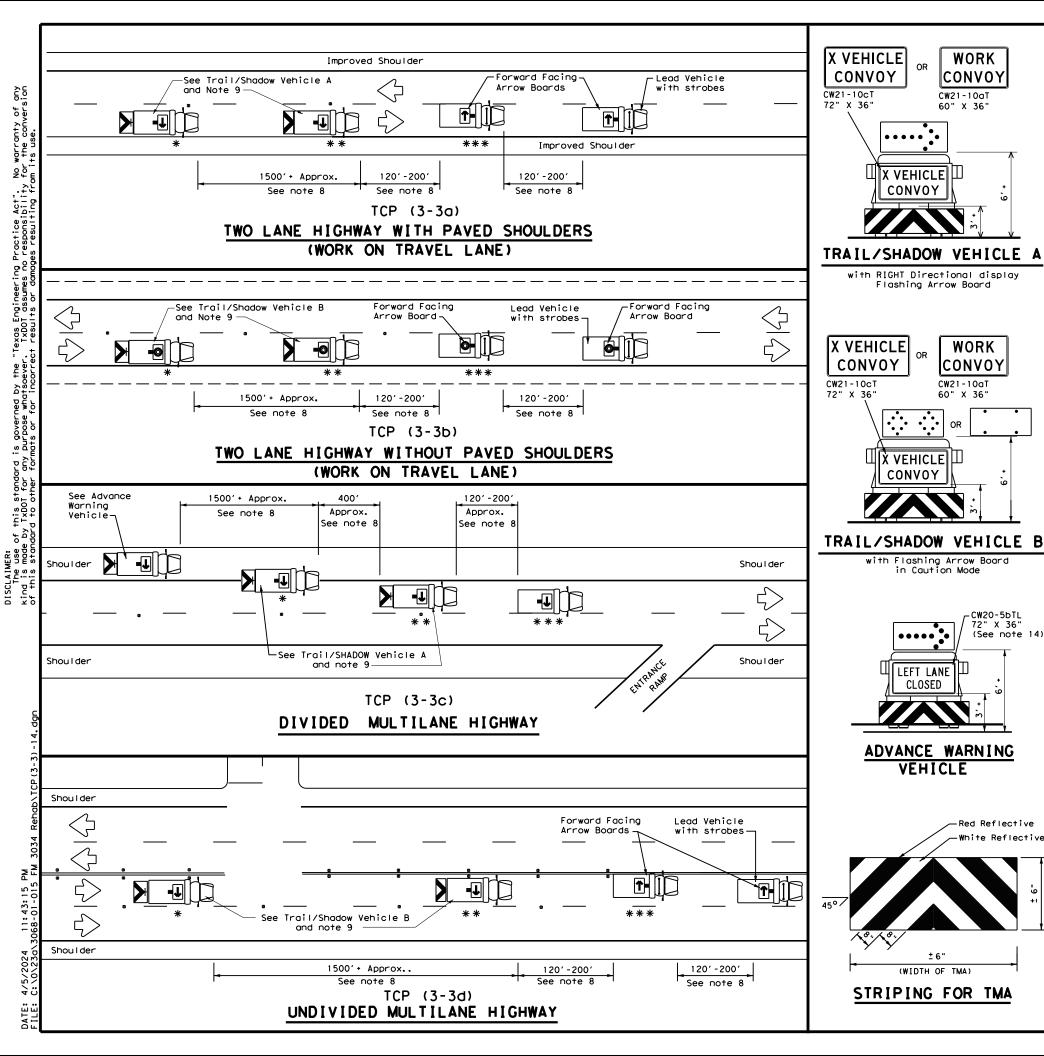


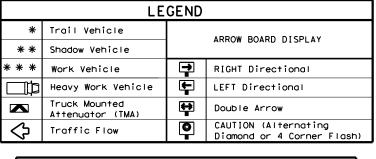
Traffic Operations Division Standard TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-1)-13

1-97		ABL	,	JONES,	ET(Ç.,		34
8-95 7-1		DIST		COUNT	Y		SH	HEET NO.
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS	0033	05	089, E	TC.	US	83,	ETC.
C) TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
ILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDO	DW:	TxDC)T (ck: TxDOT





TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

Flashing Arrow Board

X VEHICLE|Ш

in Caution Mode

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

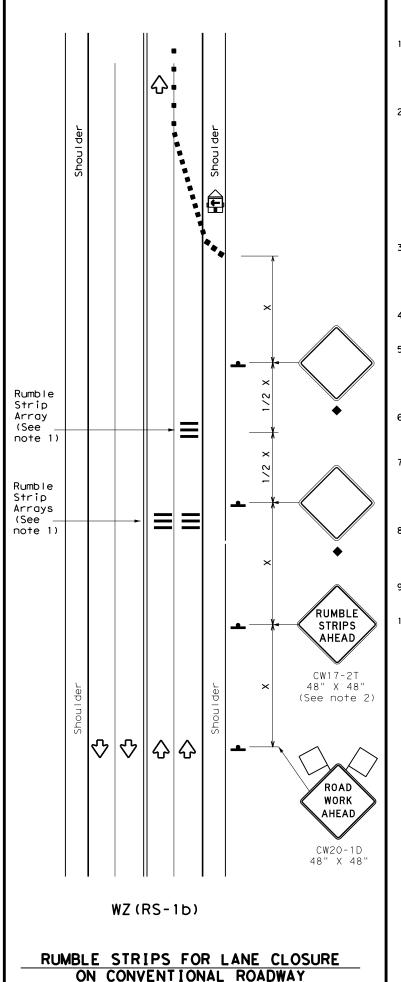
 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

				_			
FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: TxDOT DW:		TxDC)T CH	: TxDOT
©TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	T JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0033	05	089, E	rc.	US	83,	ETC.
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
1-97 7-14	ABL	,	`.	35			



GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 3. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	₩	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	
*		10' 11' 12' Offset Offset Offset		On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance			
30	ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	4001	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	5001	295′	
60	_ "5	600'	660′	7201	60`	120'	600′	350′	
65		6501	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	✓	✓							

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2							
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array						
<u><</u> 40 MPH	10′						
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′						
= 60 MPH	20′						
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+						

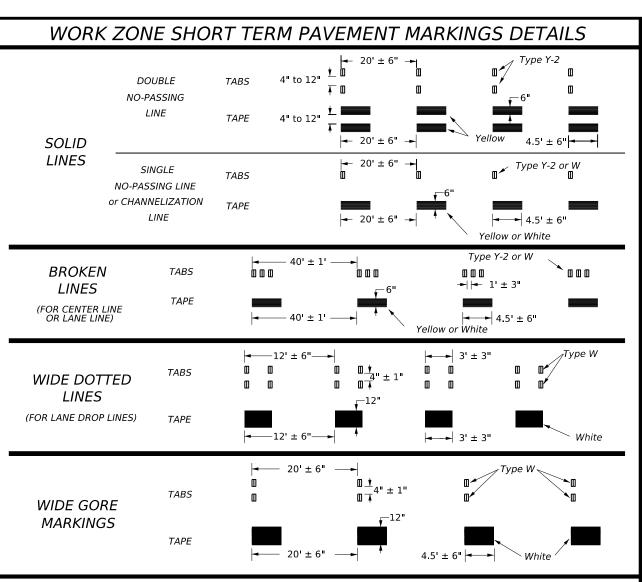
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

FILE: WZTS	22.dgn	DN: TxDC		DOT)OT ck: T>		DW:	TxDOT		ck: TxD(
	mber 2012	CONT		SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		,		
	SIONS	003	33	05	089,	Ε.	TC.	US	83	,	ETC.
2-14 1-22 4-16	1-22	DIS	T		C	YTAUC			s	HEE1	NO.
4-16		AB	L	JONES, ETC.				36			



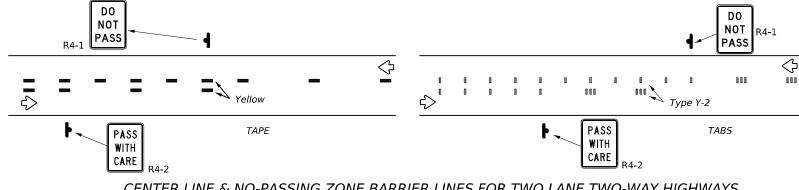
NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then bé placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

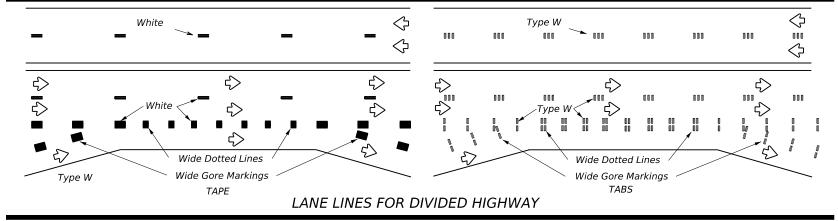
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

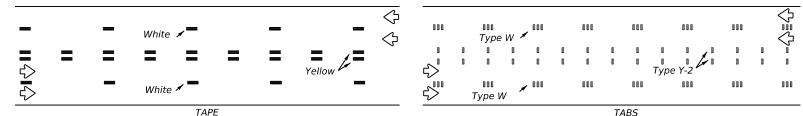
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

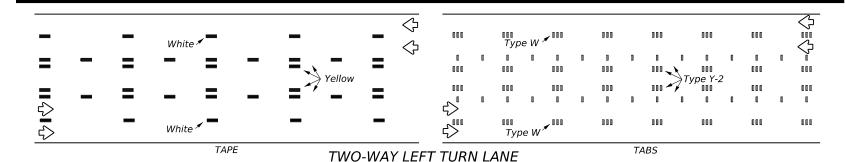


CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

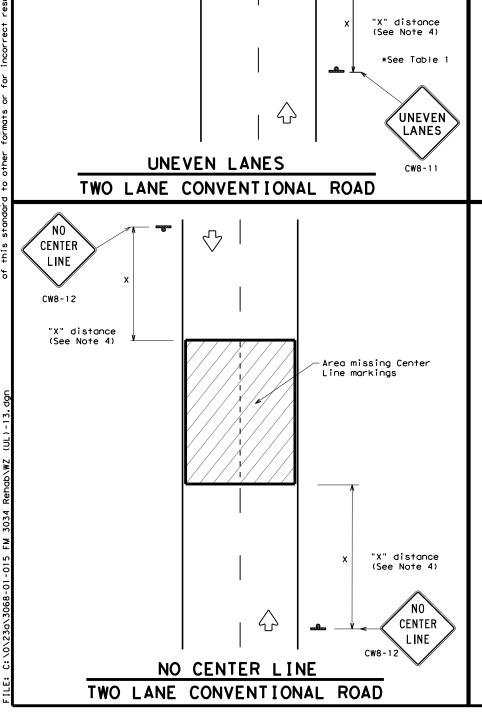
http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

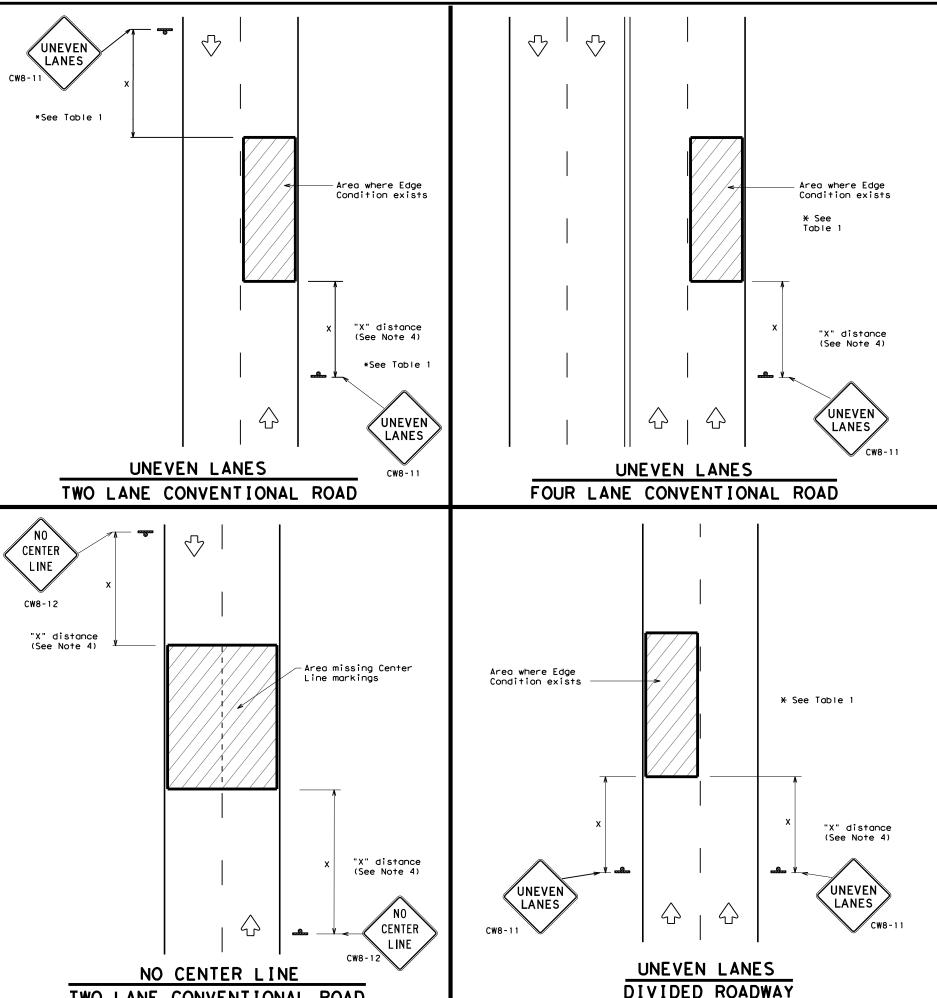
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	WZ	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
©TxDOT February 2023		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
		REVISIONS		05	089, ETC. US		83, ETC.	
4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
3-03	_ ==		ABL		JONES, E	TC.	37	

No warranty of any for the conversion





DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241				
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300				

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: C₩8-11					
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3 1 D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D 12"	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM WARNING	SIGN SIZE
Conventional roads	36" × 36"
Freeways/expressways, divided roadways	48" × 48"

Texas Department of Transportation

SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

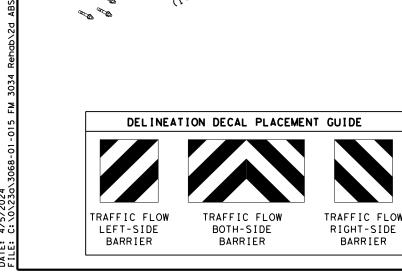
Traffic Operations Division Standard

WZ (UL) -13

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDO</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>) TC</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDO	DW:	TxDO) TC	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0033	05	089, E	TC.	US	83,	ETC.
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST		COUNT	Y		SH	HEET NO.
1-97 3-03		ABL	,	JONES,	ETO	.		38

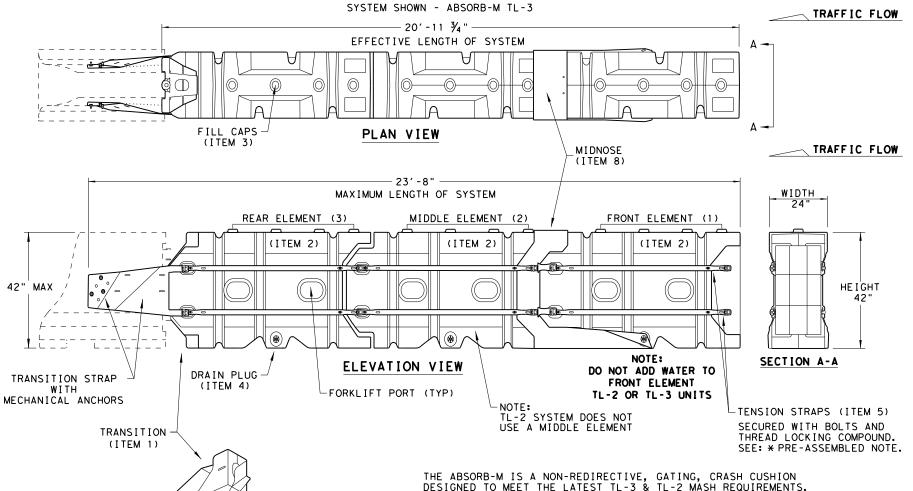
MECHANICAL

ANCHORS (ITEM 13)



PINS

(ITEM 12)



THE ABSORB-M IS A NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING, CRASH CUSHION DESIGNED TO MEET THE LATEST TL-3 & TL-2 MASH REQUIREMENTS.

THE SYSTEM IS DESIGNED TO ACCOMMODATE A VARIETY OF F-SHAPE AND SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIERS. CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR GUIDANCE REGARDING OTHER ALLOWABLE SHAPES.

TEST LEVEL	NUMBER OF ELEMENTS	EFFECTIVE LENGTH	MAXIMUM LENGTH
TL-2	2	14' - 7 3/4"	17'- 4"
TL-3	3	20' - 11 ¾"	23' - 8"

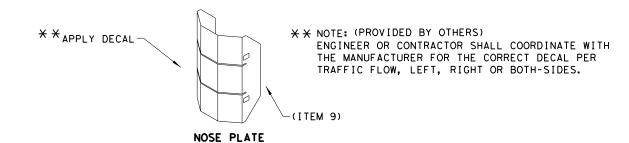
CROSS SLOPES OF UP TO 8% (OR 1:12 SLOPE) CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH STANDARD HARDWARE SHOWN WITHIN THE INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL. FOR SLOPES WITH EXCESS OF 8% (OR 1:12) CONTACT, LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800. 180 RIVER ROAD, RIO VISTA, CA 94571
- 2. THE ABSORB-M SYSTEM IS ONLY APPROVED FOR USE IN (TEMPORARY WORK ZONE) LOCATIONS.
- 3. THE ABSORB-M IS A WATER FILLED NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO A FOUNDATION AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF CONCRETE. ASPHALT, OR ANY SURFACE CAPABLE OF BEARING THE WEIGHT OF THE SYSTEM.
- 4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 5. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 6. THE ABSORB-M SHOULD BE LOCATED APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER.
- 7. THE USE OF THE ABSORB-M IS RESTRICTED TO A BARRIER HEIGHT OF UP TO 42 INCHES.
- 8. DO NOT ADD WATER TO FRONT ELEMENT (TL-2 OR TL-3 UNIT).

	BILI	_ OF MATERIALS	(BOM) ABSORB-M TL-3 & TL-2 SYSTEMS	QTY	QTY
	ITEM #	PART NUMBER	PART DESCRIPTION	TL-2 SYSTEM	TL-3 SYSTEM
	1	BSI-1809036-00	TRANSITION- (GALV)	1	1
[ا	2	BSI-1808002-00	PRE-ASSEMBLED ABSORBING (ELEMENTS)	2	3
	3	BSI-4004598	FILL CAPS	8	12
	4	BSI-4004599	DRAIN PLUGS	2	3
	5	BSI-1809053-00	TENSION STRAP-(GALV)	8	12
	6	BSI-2001998	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 1/2 GR5 PLT	8	12
ᄓ	7	BSI-2001999	C-SCR FH 3/8-16 X 1 GR5 PLT	8	12
	8	BSI-1809035-00	MIDNOSE - (GALV)	1	1
Ī	9	BSI-1808014-00	NOSE PLATE	1	1
	10	BSI-1809037-00	TRANSITION STRAP (LEFT-HAND) - (GALV)	1	1
Ī	11	BSI-1809038-00	TRANSITION STRAP (RIGHT-HAND) - (GALV)	1	1
Ī	12	BSI-1808005-00	PIN ASSEMBLY	8	10
Ī	13	BSI-2002001	ANC MECH 5/8-11X5 (GALV)	6	6
Ī	14	ABSORB-M	INSTALLATION AND INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL	1	1

*COMPONENTS PRE-ASSEMBLED WITH ELEMENT ASSEMBLY



APPLY A HIGH REFLECTIVE DECAL TO THE NOSE PLATE. DELINEATION DECAL ORIENTATION IS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MUTCD FOR (TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES). DECALS ARE AVAILABLE FOR TRAFFIC FLOW ON THE LEFT-SIDE, BOTH -SIDES AND RIGHT-SIDE.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

THE ABSORB-M, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE

Texas Department of Transportation

LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS CRASH CUSHION

(MASH TL-3 & TL-2) TEMPORARY - WORK ZONE

ABSORB (M) - 19

FILE: absorbm19 DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK: C) TxDOT: JULY 2019 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0033 05 089, ETC. US 83, ETC. JONES. ETC.

SACRIFICIAL



000

27"

SECTION A-A

MODULE LENGTH - 6′ **- 3¾** ". PLAN VIEW

- SYSTEM LENGTH - (TL-3 - 25-3")-NON WATER FILLED PRIMARY MODULE WATER FILLED SECONDARY MODULES 45-%"

ELEVATION VIEW

NUMBER OF TEST LEVEL SYSTEM LENGTH SECONDARY MODULES TRAFFIC FLOW ON TRAFFIC FLOW ON RIGHT-SIDE OF LEFT-SIDE OF TL-3 25' 3"

TRAFFIC FLOW ON

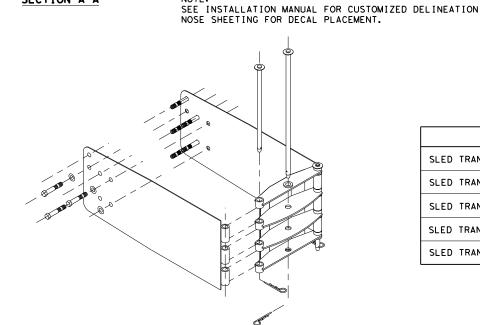
BOTH SIDES OF







ROTATED NOSE SHEETING PANEL DELINEATION 90 DEGREES



TRANSITION OPTIONS
SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT)
SLED TRANSITION TO STEEL TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)
SLED TRANSITION TO PLASTIC TRAFFIC BARRIER (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION)
SLED TRANSITION TO W-BEAM OR THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL (CONTACT MFGR FOR PROPER TRANSITION
SLED TRANSITION TO CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENT

SLED TRANSITION COMPONENTS FOR ATTACHMENT TO CMB

SEE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SLED, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. REFER TO THE INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ASSEMBLY AND MODULE ORIENTATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, CONTACT TRAFFIX, INC. AT (949) 361-5663.
- 2. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A MASH APPROVED TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) CRASH CUSHION APPROVED FOR USE IN TEMPORARY WORK ZONES. THE SLED SYSTEM IS A NON-REDIRECTIVE, GATING CRASH CUSHION THAT DOES NOT NEED TO BE ATTACHED TO THE GROUND AND CAN BE INSTALLED ON CONCRETE, ASPHALT, GRAVEL OR COMPACTED SOIL.
- 3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS SLOPE IS 8° (DEGREES) (14%).
- 4. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 5. THE SLED SYSTEM CAN BE ATTACHED TO:
 - CONCRETE BARRIER, TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT, 45" MAXIMUM HEIGHT
 - STEEL BARRIER

45-%

- . PLASTIC BARRIER CONCRETE BRIDGE ABUTMENTS
- W-BEAM GUARD RAIL
- THRIE BEAM GUARD RAIL

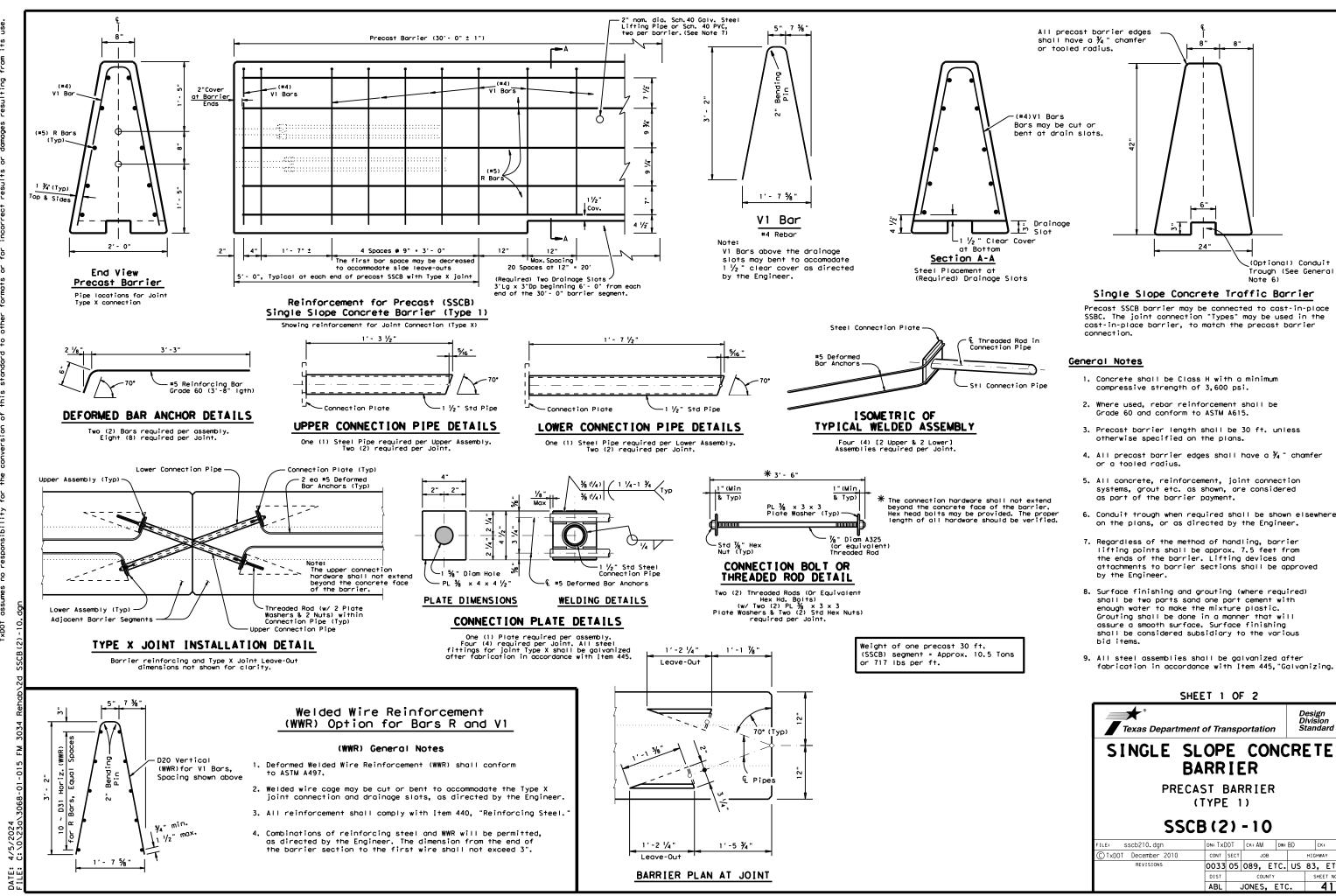
BILL OF MATERIAL					
PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY: TL-3			
45131	TRANSITION FRAME, GALVANIZED	1			
45150	TRANSITION PANEL, GALVANIZED	2			
45147-CP	TRANSITION SHORT DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	2			
45148-CP	TRANSITION LONG DROP PIN W/ KEEPER PIN, GALVANIZED	1			
45050	ANCHOR BOLTS	9			
12060	WASHER, 3/4" ID X 2" OD	9			
45044-Y	SLED YELLOW WATER FILLED MODULE	3			
45044-YH	SLED YELLOW "NO FILL" MODULE	1			
45044-S	CIS (CONTAINMENT IMPACT SLED), GALVANIZED	1			
45043-CP	T-PIN W/ KEEPER PIN	4			
18009-B-I	FILL CAP W/ "DRIVE BY" FLOAT INDICATOR	3			
45033-RC-B	DRAIN PLUG	3			
45032-DPT	DRAIN PLUG REMOVAL TOOL	1			



SLED CRASH CUSHION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT (TEMPORARY, WORK ZONE)

SLED-19

FILE: Sled19.dgn	DN: Tx[TOO	ck: KM	DW:	VP		CK:
C TxDOT: DECEMBER 2019	CONT	SECT	JO	В		HIGH	YAW
REVISIONS	0033	05	089,	ETC.	US	83	, ETC.
	DIST		COU	NTY		SI	HEET NO.
	ΔRI	.1	ONES.	. FT(• .		40



(Optional) Conduit

Trough (See General

SHEET 1 OF 2

BARRIER

PRECAST BARRIER

SSCB(2)-10

sscb210.dgn

DN: TxDOT CK: AM DW: BD

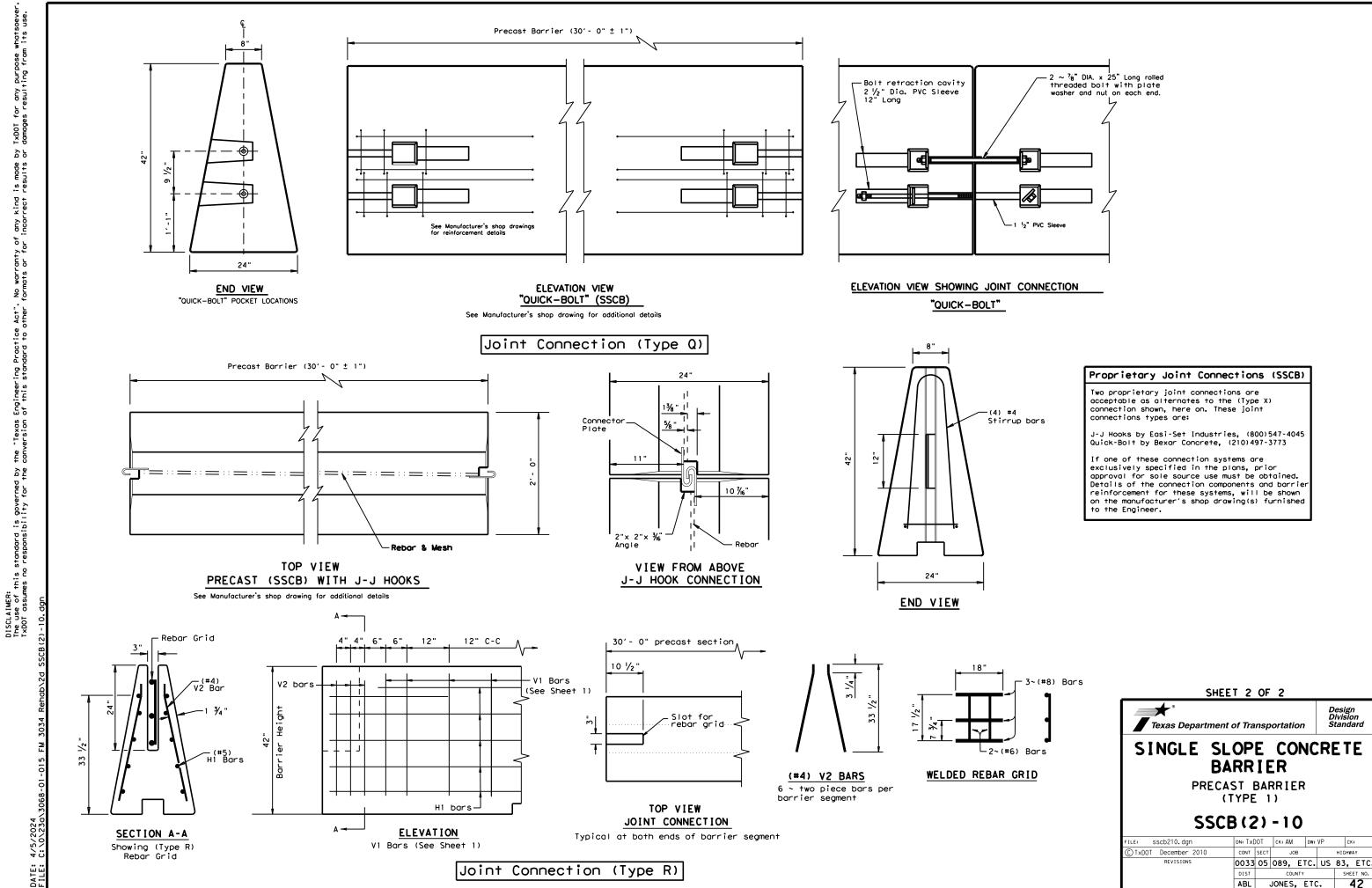
0033 05 089, ETC. US 83, ETC

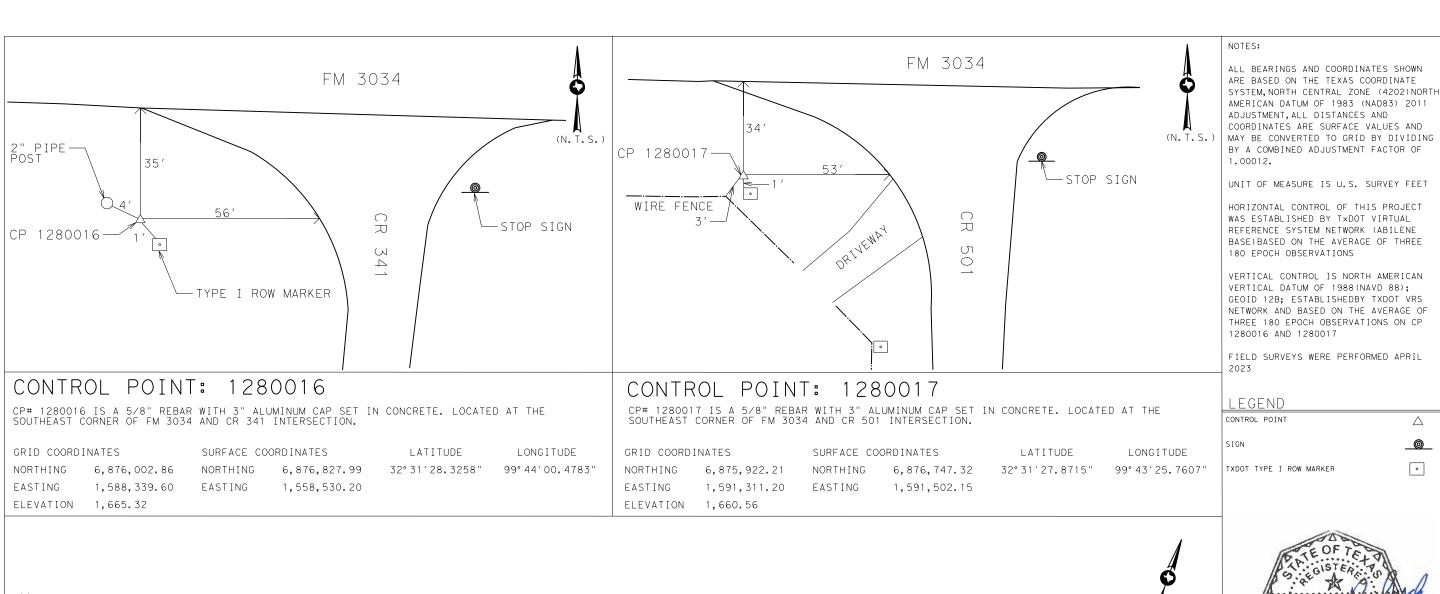
JONES, ETC.

CONT SECT JOB

(TYPE 1)

Şβ Engineering Practice Act". of this standard to other 5 the ξē this standard is govenes no responsibility





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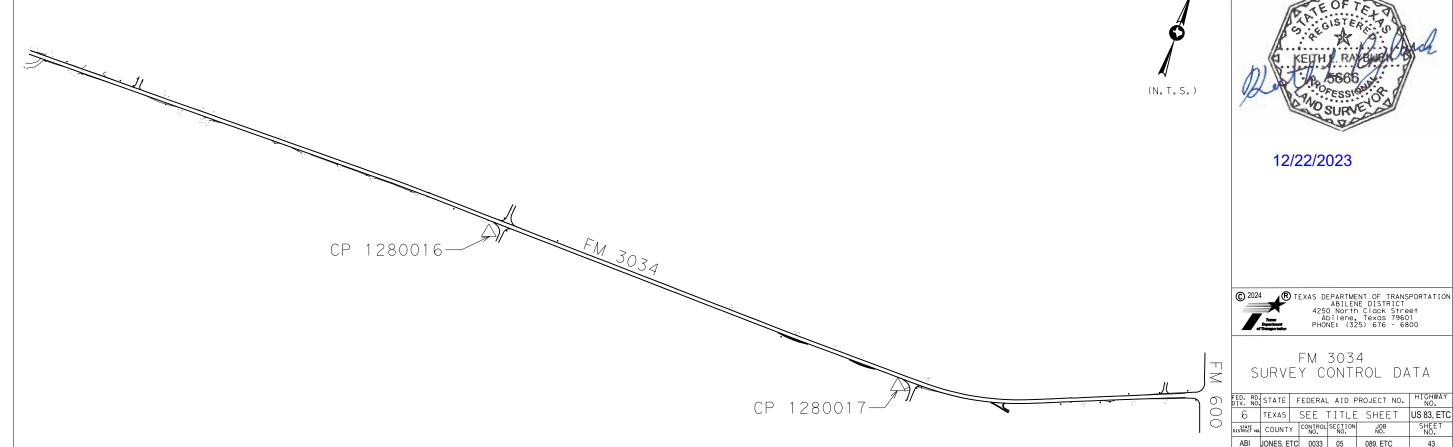
12/22/2023

R TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
ABILENE DISTRICT
4250 North Clock Street
Abilene, Texas 79601
PHONE: (325) 676 - 6800

JOB NO.

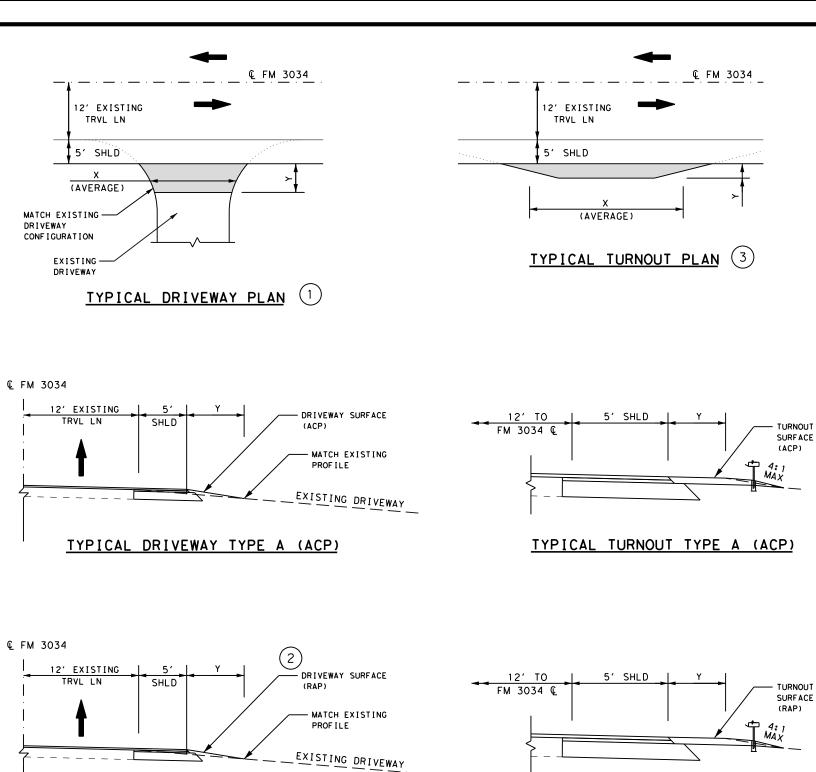
089, ETC

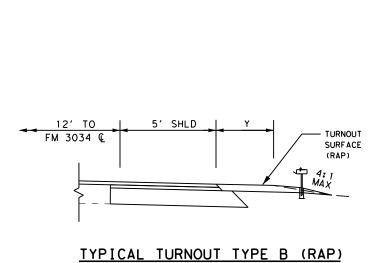
FM 3034











	PROJECT TOTALS:
TE OF TE	**************************************
PETER N. RERI ∴ 147999	IANI
Pete N Reia	
Pete N Reia 4/10/202	

DRIVEWAY AND TURNOUT DETAILS

TURNOUT

COMMERCIAL

PRIVATE ROAD

COMMERCIAL

TURNOUT

RESIDENTIAL

RESIDENTIAL

RESIDENTIAL

COMMERCIAL

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RESIDENTIAL

SHT STATION LT/RT

53+59.0

54+21.5

57+47.0

59+58.0

59+68.0

60+76.5

62+32.0

62+71.0

62+52.0

63+14.0

67+58.0

67+87.0

69+31.0

69+58.0

71+90.0

72+17.0

74+24.0

74+50.5

77+44.0

77+70.0

82+70.0

84+06.9

84+06.9

100+35.0

104+95.0

105+21.0

4 105+12.0 RT

109+78.0

109+86

125+29.0

127+10.0

4 107+83.0

4 113+75.57

4 114+36.0

4 114+33.0

4 114+52.0

5 128+62.0

5 130+83.0

5 130+74.0

3

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ELM CREEK RD | 4 | 119+51.78 |

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T# 10

D# 19

D# 21

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Y (LF)

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6	19	-	-	-	-
6	41	-	-	-	-
3	-	16	1	-	-
3	-	13	2	-	-
6	27	-	-	-	-
3	-	11	1	-	-
6	19	-	-	-	-
3	-	11	1	-	-
6	-	-	-	19	-
3	-	11	1	-	-
6	-	-	-	19	-
3	-	11	1	-	-
6	-	-	-	19	-
6	19	-	-	-	-
6	-	-	-	242	-
6	-	-	-	242	-
6	19	-	-	-	-
6	-	-	-	18	-
6	-	-	-	18	-
3	-	-	1	-	22
6	-	-	-	19	-
6	-	-	-	19	-
3	-	-	1	-	21
6	-	-	-	223	-
3		17	1	-	-
6	16	-	-	-	-
6	16	-	-	-	-
6	-	-	-	161	-
6	-	-	-	19	-
3	-	15	1	-	-
6	19	-	-	-	-
6	19	-	-	-	-
6	-	-		38	-
	313	130	13	1138	43

530

SY

72

27

530

TURNOUTS (RAP)

13

560

3077

44

19

19

3077

SY

DRIVEWAY DETAILS

Texas Department of Transportation

SCALE: NTS

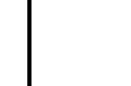
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		ΗI	GHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	US	83, ETC.
STATE		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.
TEXAS		JONES,	ETC.		
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JO	В	44
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.	

NOTES:

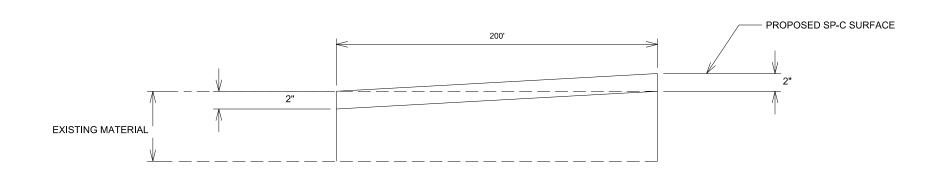
1 PROVIDE ACCESS TO ALL DRIVEWAYS AND INTERSECTIONS DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION

TYPICAL DRIVEWAY TYPE B (RAP)

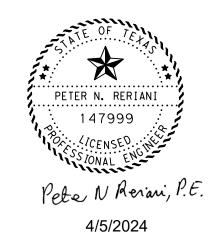
- (2) DRIVEWAY TYPE B WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 530-6024
- (3) REFER TO MAILBOX TURNOUT STANDARDS FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN



EM 3034



FULL WIDTH OF ROAD AT TRANSITIONS LIMIT TO 200' AWAY, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER



MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS



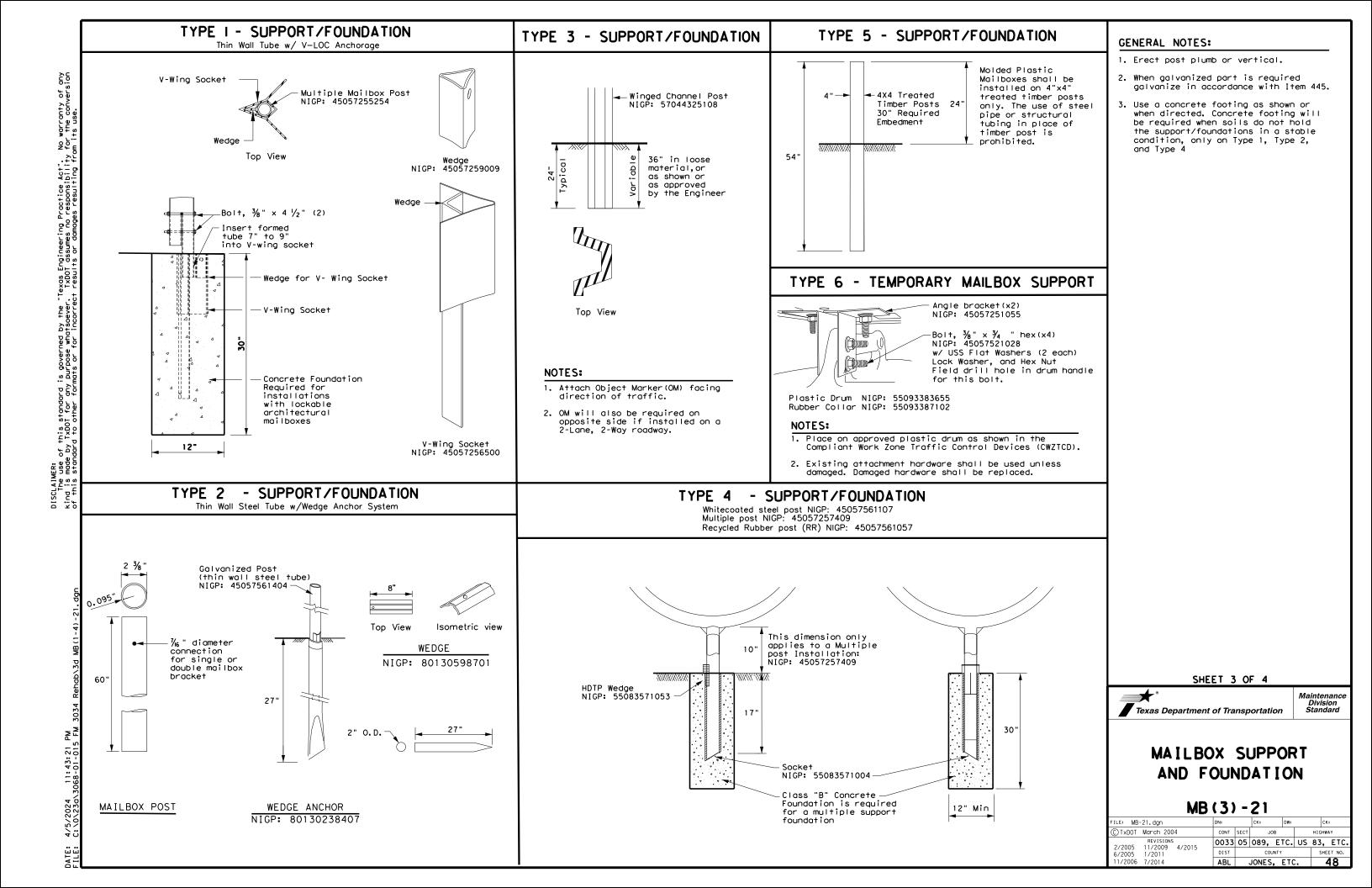
SCAL	F:	NTS
JUME		111 3

SCALE:	NIS				
FHWA DIVISION	PF	GHWAY NO.			
6	SEE	US	83, ETC.		
STATE			SHEET NO.		
TEXAS		JONES, I	ETC.		
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JO	В	45
ΔRI	0033	05	089.	FTC.	

TYPE 4 - MULTIPLE

MAILBOX SIZES

TYPE I - MULTIPLE



TYPE	TYPE I	TYPE 2	TYPE 3		TYPE 4		TYPE 5	TYPE 6
Configuration	Multiple	Single or Double	Single or Double	Single	Double	Multiple	Single	Single
Mailbox Size NIGP #	Outside Position: S or M Inside Position: S, M, L, XL, or L	Single: S, M, L, XL, or LA Double: SS, SM, MM	Single: S, M, L, or XL Double: SS, SM, MM	S, M, L, XL, or LA	SS, SM, or MM	Outside Position: S or M Inside Position: S, M, L, or XL	Molded Plastic	S, or I
Mailbox Post NIGP #	45057255254 (Galvanized Multiple)	45057561404 (Thin Walled Gavanize)	57044325108 (Wing Channel Post)	45057561107 (Thin walled white powder coated) 45057561057 (Recycled Rubber Post: S or M only)	45057561107 (Thin Walled White Powder Coated)	45057257409 (White Powder Coated Multiple)	4x4 Timber	Construc Barre
Post and Mailbox Hardware NIGP #	45057259009 (Wedge) 45057256500 (V-Wing Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057258001 (Part A Angle Bracket x2) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/LA x2 45057250263 (L-Bracket for XL x4)	80130598701 (Wedge) 80130238407 (Wedge Anchor) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252343 (Double MB Bracket) 45057252350 (S. Mailbox Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/LA x2) 45057250263 (L-Bracket forXL x4)	45057541653 (Type 3 Double Mailbox Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057258001 (Part A Angle Bracket) 45057258027 (Part B Angle Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL x2) 45057250263 (L—Bracket for XL x4)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057252350 (Single Mailbox Bracket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/LA x2) 45057250263 (L-Bracket for XL x4)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252343 (Double Mount Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket x2)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252350 (Single Mount Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL x2) 45057250263 (L-Bracket for XL x4)	None	45057251 Angle Bro (×2)
Foundation Used	Class B Concrete (Required for LA Mailboxes)	Class B Concrete (Required for LA Mailboxes)	None	Class B Concrete (not used with recycled rubber post, required for LA Mailboxes)	Class B Concrete (not required)	Class B Concrete	None	None
	<u></u>					CCT MARKERS AND CONFORMABLE SHEETIN]
						4"x4" (3 Needed) for Type 3 Wing Chann		-
`						6"x12" (1 needed) for Type 3 Wing Chann		-
					80149872006 12" Conform	mable Reflective Yellow Sheeting for Flexib	le Posts	J
					NOTES:			
.	45057050007	15057050747			1. Type 2 object marke	r in accordance with Traffic Enq rs & Object Markers.	ineerin	ng
	45057250263	NIGP: 45057252343	NIGP: 45057252350	NIGP: 45057258001		•	ın he	
	-Bracket x4 for _ sized mailboxes	Double Mailbox Bracket For Type 2 and Type 4	Single Mailbox Bracket For Type 2 single and for	Part "A" Angle Bracket For Type 1 multi (2 per mailbox)	attached to mailbo	ptacle for newspaper delivery co x posts if the receptacle does r nt a hazard to traffic or delive	ot touc	:h
		double mount	Type 4 single and multi mount	and Type 3 single and double	mail, extend beyon	d the front of the mailbox, or of the publication title.	lisplay	i ie
Ту	2: 45057251055 ype 6 Angle Bracket 2 per mailbox)	NIGP: 45057252251 Mailbox Bracket For Type 1 multi and	NIGP: 45057253002 Bracket Extension Use 1 for a medium Mailbox	NIGP: 45057258027 Part "B" Angle Bracket For Type 3 single	Type of Mailb S = Single D = Double M = Multipl MP = Molded Type of Post	e Plastic Channel Post	X)	
		any double mount (use 2)	Use 2 for a Large Mailbox	and double	TWW = Thin Wo	ra Rubber Illed White Tubing Illed Galvanized Tubing		
NIOD	0.00170506704	O O	0 0 0		Type of Found Ty 1 = V-Loc Ty 2 = Wedge A Ty 3 = Winged	nchor Steel System Channel post nchor Plastic System	J	
	P: 80130598701 ledge for Type 2	NIGP: 45057250255 Plate Washer for Architecural and XL Mailboxes	NIGP: 45057541653 Type 3 double mailbox bracket	NIGP: 55083571053 Type 4 Mailbox Wedge	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	SHEET 4 OF	4	Maintena
						Texas Department of Transp		Division Standar

NIGP: 45057259009

Wedge for Type 1 V-wing Socket

NIGP: 55083571004

Type 4 Mailbox Socket

NIGP: 80130238407

Type 2 Wedge Anchor

NIGP: 45057256500 V-wing Socket for Type 1 Foundation

NIGP PARTS LIST

AND COMPATIBILITY

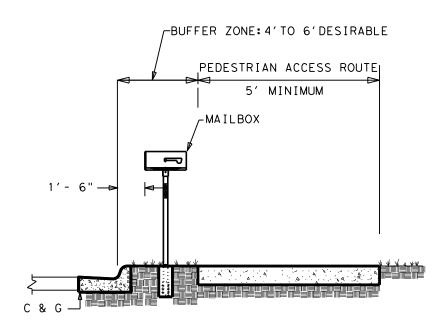
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ILE: MB-	21.dgn		DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxD	OT	DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	March 2004	1	CONT	SECT	JC	В			HIGH	YAWI
2/2005	REVISIONS 11/2009	4/2015	0033	05	089,	ΕT	c.	US	83,	ETC.
6/2005	1/2011	4/2013	DIST		cou	INTY			SI	HEET NO.
11/2006	7/2014		ABL		JONES	, [ETC			49

JONES, ETC.

STATE ROAD 300 FT PREFERRED, 70 FT MIN. 200 FT PREFERRED, 150 FT MIN. MAILBOX PLACEMENT AT RURAL LOCATIONS THROUGH HIGHWAY SPEEDS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 55 MPH

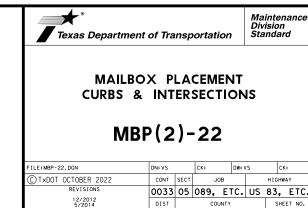
CURB AND GUTTER MAILBOX INSTALLATION



NOTES

- 1. A NON-TRAVERSABLE SURFACE MUST BE INSTALLED NEAR THE MAILBOX (NATURAL VEGETATION OR OTHER) IN THE BUFFER ZONE. ALTERNATIVELY, A BASE WITH A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 2.5 INCHES MAY BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE EDGE OF THE MAILBOX DOES NOT EXTEND OUT MORE THAN 4 INCHES HORIZONTALLY BEYOND THE BASE.
- 2. THE SIDEWALK WIDTH MAY BE REDUCED TO 4 FOOT FOR SHORT DISTANCES AROUND THE MAILBOX IF NEEDED.
- 3. MAINTAIN A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET BETWEEN OBSTRUCTIONS IN THE PEDESTRIAN ACCESS ROUTE.

SHEET 2 OF 2



ABL JONES, ETC.

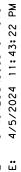
1650

432

462

467

496



ESTIMATED QUANTITIES ~ CULVERT AT STA 124+45 ITEM UNIT QUANTITY 403 TEMPORARY SPL SHORING SF 256 432 RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN) CY 11.4 462 CONC BOX CULV (6 FT X 6 FT) (EXTEND) LF 26 SET (TY I)(S= 6 FT)(HW= 7 FT)(3:1)(C) EΑ 4 REMOV STR (WINGWALL) EΑ 2

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES ~ CULVERT AT STA 78+50

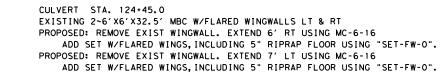
ITEM

RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)

CONC BOX CULV (6 FT X 3 FT) (EXTEND)

SET (TY I) (S= 6 FT) (HW= 4 FT) (4:1) (C)

REMOV STR (WINGWALL)



1658.61

ADD SET W/FLARED WINGS, INCLUDING 5" RIPRAP FLOOR USING "SET-FW-O".

ADD SET W/FLARED WINGS, INCLUDING 5" RIPRAP FLOOR USING "SET-FW-O".

EXISTING 3~6'X3'X31.5' MBC W/FLARED WINGWALLS LT & RT

PROPOSED : REMOVE EXIST WINGWALL. EXTEND 4' LT USING MC-6-16

PROPOSED : REMOVE EXIST WINGWALL. EXTEND 6' RT USING MC-6-16

30

1680 1680 ્દ FM∶3034 50' APPRX ROW 50' APPRX ROW 19.7 21.8' 12' TRAVEL LANE 12' TRAVEL LANE 1670 1670 SHLDR SHLDR FM 3034 WB FM 3034 EB 10' CLR ZONE 1.37% 1.37% 0.72% 0.72% PROPOSED --PROPOSED SET-FW-0 1660 1660 4'EXT 6'EXŤ ELE∀. 1658.82

CULVERT STA. 78+50.0

-10

UNIT QUANTITY

10.2

30

6

CY

EΑ

NOTES:

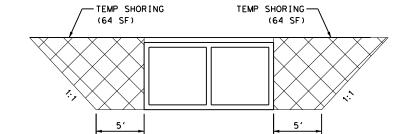
- 1. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE BEGINNING ANY TYPE OF WORK.
- 2. EXISTING STRUCTURE FLOWLINES MAY VARY FROM PLANS. PROPOSED SAFETY END TREATMENT MAY BE ADJUSTED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

GENERAL:

50

1650

1. BASED ON HISTORICAL INFORMATION AND MINOR NATURE OF WORK ON THE CULVERTS, NO HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS WAS DONE FOR BOTH CULVERTS.



TEMPORARY SPL SHORING FOR CULVERT AT STA 106+65

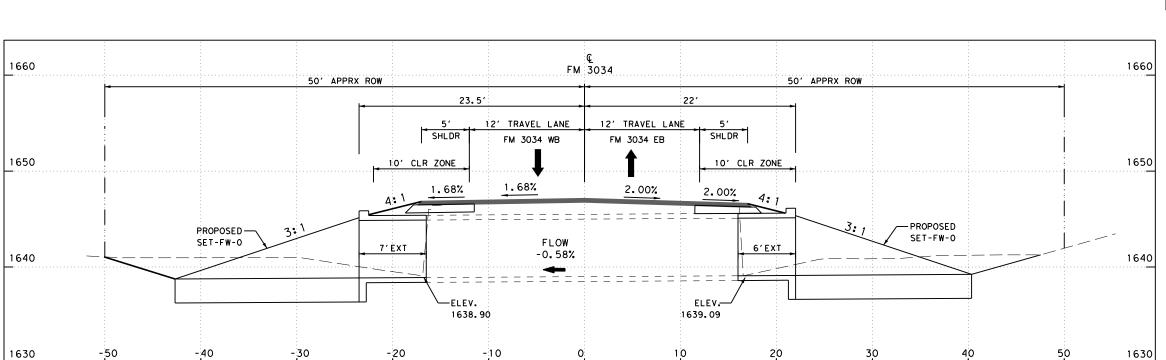


4/5/2024

CULVERT CROSS SECTIONS

Texas Department of Transportation

_					
SCALE:	1" = 10	' HORI,	1" =	: 5′ ۱	VERT
FHWA DIVISION	PF	ROJECT NO		нІ	GHWAY NO.
6	SEE	TITLE SH	IEET	US	83, ETC.
STATE		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.
TEXAS		JONES, I	ETC.		
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	В	52	
ΔBI	0033	05	089.	FTC.	



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С

Height

Wingwall

(Ft)

3.875

6.750

Curb to

End of

Wingwall

(Ft)

14.167

19.250

Offset

of End of

Wingwall

(Ft)

8.179

11.114

Length of

Longest

Wingwall

(Ft)

24.537

22.228

Culvert

Toewall

Length

(Ft)

N/A

N/A

Anchor

Toewall

Length

(Ft)

35.525

34.811

Estimated

Curb

Height

(Ft)

0.375

0.250

Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets;

30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

Culvert Station and/or Creek Name

78+50.00 (Both)

124+45.00 (Both)

followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both)

- · Side slope at culvert for flared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
 Slope must be 3:1 or flatter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

Description of

Box Culvert

No. Spans ~

Span X Height

3 ~ 6' X 3'

2 ~ 6' X 6'

Applicable

Box Culvert

Standard

4

MC-6-16

MC-6-16

Fill

Heiaht

(Ft)

1.4

1.4

Applicable

Wingwall

or End

Treatment

Standard

SETB-FW-0

SETB-FW-0

Angle

(0°,15°,

30° or

45°)

0

0

Slope

or Channel

Slope Ratio

(SL:1)

4:1

3:1

Culvert

Top Slab

Thickness

(In)

9"

9"

Culvert

Wall

Thickness

(ln)

7"

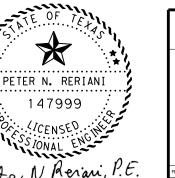
7"

- A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- B = Offset of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- Lw = Length of longest wingwall.
- Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only) Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt. Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

- 1 Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.
- (2) Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only. For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- 3 Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.

4 Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a different type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments the dimensions and quantities shown.



O.F

4/5/2024

BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

BCS

Bridge Division Standard

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT bcsstde1-20.dgn C)TxDOT February 2020 JOB 0033 05 089, ETC. US 83, ETC. JONES. ETC.

Texas Department of Transportation

Class

Conc

(Curb)

(CY)

0.6

0.2

Apron

(CY)

10.2

11.4

Class

Conc

(Wingwall)

(CY)

14.4

23.2

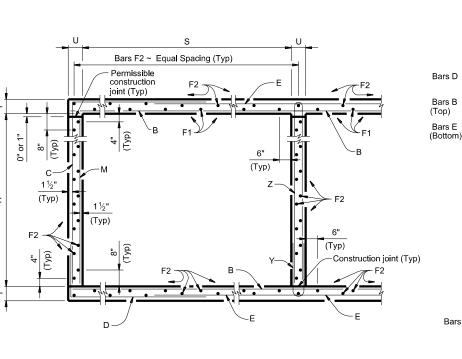
Total

Area

(SF)

N/A

N/A



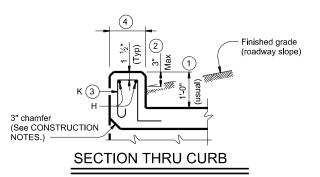
Length of box Bars F2 Bars F2 (Top & bottom) - Bars E (Top) (Bottom) - Bars M Bars C -Bars F1 (Bottom)

PART PLANS

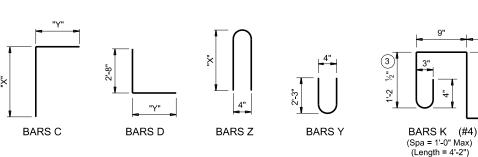
TOP SLAB

BOTTOM SLAB

TABLE OF BAR DIMENSIONS 2'-0" 2'-7 1/2" 4'-1" 3'-0" 3'-7 1/2" 4'-1" 4'-0" 4'-7 1/2" 4'-1" 5'-0" 5'-7 1/2" 4'-1" 6'-0" 6'-7 1/2" 4'-1"



TYPICAL SECTION



- 1 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- 2 For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:

For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.

For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

- (3) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to naintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- 4 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet is referred

The Contractor may replace Bars B, C, D, E, F1, F2, M, Y, and/or Z with deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064. The area of required reinforcement may be reduced by the ratio of 60 ksi / 70 ksi. Spacing of WWR is limited to 4" Min and 18" Max. When required, provide lap splices in the WWR of the same length required for the equivalent bar size, rounded up for wire sizes between conventional bar sizes. The lap length required for WWR is never less than the lap length required for uncoated #4 bars.

Example conversion: Replacing No. 6 Gr 60 at 6" Spacing with WWR Required WWR = $(0.44 \text{ sq. in. per } 0.5 \text{ ft.}) \times (60 \text{ ksi} / 70 \text{ ksi}) = 0.755 \text{ sq. in. per } \text{ft.}$ If D30.6 wire is used to meet the 0.755 sq. in. per ft. requirement in this example, the required spacing = $(0.306 \text{ sq. in.}) / (0.755 \text{ sq. in. per } \text{ft.}) \times (12 \text{ in. per } \text{ft.}) = 4.86$ " Max spacing. Required lap length for the provided D30.6 wire is 2-1" (the same minimum lap length required for uncoated #5 bars, as listed under MATERIAL NOTES).

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms.

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab 3" at the entrance.

Optionally, raise construction joints shown at the flow line by a maximum of 6". If this option is taken, Bars M may be cut off or raised, Bars C and D may be reversed, and Bars Y and Z may be reversed.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Class C concrete (fc = 3,600 psi) for culvert barrel and curb, with the following exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of:

culverts with overlay, culverts with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or

· culverts with the top slab as the final riding surface.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min

· Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-1" Min

· Uncoated or galvanized ~ #6 = 2'-6" Min

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications for the range of fill heights shown.

See the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place Miscellaneous Detail (MC-MD) standard sheet for details pertaining to skewed ends, angle sections, and lengthening.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.





MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS **CAST-IN-PLACE** 6'-0" SPAN 0' TO 16' FILL

MC-6-16

			0					
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CTxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWA'	Y
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	DIST		COUN	TY			SHEE	T NO.
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SPAN		SECTI IMENS												ВІ	BILLS OF REINFORCING STEEL (For Box Length = 40 feet)															QUANTITIES										
ER OF		IIVILINO				Ва	rs B				Bars C	. & D				Bar	s E		Bars	F1 ~ #4		Ва	ars F2 ~	 -	Bar	s M ~ #4			Bars Y 8		! 		Bars ⊦ 4 ~ #4	1	Bars K	Per F of Ba	oot	Curb	Total	
MB						a a			4	מ ע	Bars	С	Bars	D	0	a			ത				. m		"			6	Bars	Υ	Bars Z					Conc	Renf	Conc Renf	Conc R	enf
≥	S	Н	'	U	No.	Spa	Length	Wt	No.	Spa	Length	Wt	Length	Wt	No. S	Sp	Length	VVt	No. eds	Length	VVt	No.	යි Leng	th VVt	No. 6	Length	Wt	No. တိ	Length	Wt	Length	Wt	Length	VVt	No. Wt	(CY)		(CY) (Lb)		Lb)
2	6' - 0"	2' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	13' - 6"	2,190	108 #5	5 9"	6' - 8"	751	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	10' - 2"	1,649	10 18"	39' - 9"	266	44 ′	18" 39' -	9" 1,168	108 9'	' 2' - 0"	144	54 9"	4' - 9"	171	5' - 5"	195	13' - 6"	36	30 84	0.894	182.4	1.0 120	36.8 7,	,414
3	6' - 0"	2' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	20' - 1"	3,258	108 #5	5 9"	6' - 8"	751	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	16' - 9"	2,717	15 18"	39' - 9"	398	63	18" 39' -	9" 1,673	108 9'	' 2' - 0"	144	108 9"	4' - 9"	343	5' - 5"	391	20' - 1"	54	44 122	1.302	260.9	1.5 176	53.6 10,	,611
4	6' - 0"	2' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	26' - 8"	4,326	108 #5	5 9"	6' - 8"	751	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	23' - 4"	3,785	20 18"	39' - 9"	531	82	18" 39' -	9" 2,177	108 9'	' 2' - 0"	144	162 9"	4' - 9"	514	5' - 5"	586	26' - 8"	71	56 156	1.711	339.4	2.0 227	70.4 13,	,801
5	6' - 0"	2' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	33' - 3"	5,394	108 #5	5 9"	6' - 8"	751	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	29' - 11"	4,853	25 18"	39' - 9"	664	101	18" 39' -	9" 2,682	108 9'	' 2' - 0"	144	216 9"	4' - 9"	685	5' - 5"	782	33' - 3"	89	70 195	2.120	417.9	2.5 284	87.3 16,	,999
6	6' - 0"	2' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	39' - 10"	6,462	108 #5	5 9"	6' - 8"	751	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	36' - 6"	5,921	30 18"	39' - 9"	797	120 ′	18" 39' -	9" 3,186	108 9'	' 2' - 0"	144	270 9"	4' - 9"	857	5' - 5"	977	39' - 10"	106	82 228	2.529	496.4	3.0 334	104.1 20,	,189
2	6' - 0"	3' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	13' - 6"	2,190	108 #5	5 9"	7' - 8"	864	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	10' - 2"	1,649	10 18"	39' - 9"	266	50	18" 39' -	9" 1,328	108 9'	' 3' - 0"	216	54 9"	4' - 9"	171	7' - 5"	268	13' - 6"	36	30 84	0.958	192.8	1.0 120	39.3 7,	,832
3	6' - 0"	3' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	20' - 1"	3,258	108 #5	5 9"	7' - 8"	864	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	16' - 9"	2,717	15 18"	39' - 9"	398	71 ′	18" 39' -	9" 1,885	108 9'	' 3' - 0"	216	108 9"	4' - 9"	343	7' - 5"	535	20' - 1"	54	44 122	1.389	274.4	1.5 176	57.1 11,	152
4	6' - 0"	3' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	26' - 8"	4,326	108 #5	5 9"	7' - 8"	864	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	23' - 4"	3,785	20 18"	39' - 9"	531	92	18" 39' -	9" 2,443	108 9'	' 3' - 0"	216	162 9"	4' - 9"	514	7' - 5"	803	26' - 8"	71	56 156	1.819	356.1	2.0 227	74.7 14,	469
5	6' - 0"	3' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	33' - 3"	5,394	108 #5	5 9"	7' - 8"	864	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	29' - 11"	4,853	25 18"	39' - 9"	664	113	18" 39' -	9" 3,000	108 9'	' 3' - 0"	216	216 9"	4' - 9"	685	7' - 5"	1,070	33' - 3"	89	70 195	2.250	437.7	2.5 284	92.5 17,	790
6	6' - 0"	3' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	39' - 10"	6,462	108 #5	5 9"	7' - 8"	864	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	36' - 6"	5,921	30 18"	39' - 9"	797	134	18" 39' -	9" 3,558	108 9'	' 3' - 0"	216	270 9"	4' - 9"	857	7' - 5"	1,338	39' - 10"	106	82 228	2.681	519.3	3.0 334	110.2 21,	107
2	6' - 0"	4' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	13' - 6"	2,190	108 #5	5 9"	8' - 8"	976	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	10' - 2"	1,649	10 18"	39' - 9"	266	50 ′	18" 39' -	9" 1,328	108 9'	' 4' - 0"	289	54 9"	4' - 9"	171	9' - 5"	340	13' - 6"	36	30 84	1.023	199.2	1.0 120	41.9 8,	,089
3	6' - 0"	4' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	20' - 1"	3,258	108 #5	5 9"	8' - 8"	976	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	16' - 9"	2,717	15 18"	39' - 9"	398	71 ′	18" 39' -	9" 1,885	108 9'	' 4' - 0"	289	108 9"	4' - 9"	343	9' - 5"	679	20' - 1"	54	44 122	1.475	282.6	1.5 176	60.5 11,	481
4	6' - 0"	4' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	26' - 8"	4,326	108 #5	5 9"	8' - 8"	976	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	23' - 4"	3,785	20 18"	39' - 9"	531	92	18" 39' -	9" 2,443	108 9'	' 4' - 0"	289	162 9"	4' - 9"	514	9' - 5"	1,019	26' - 8"	71	56 156	1.927	366.1	2.0 227	79.1 14,	870
5	6' - 0"	4' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	33' - 3"	5,394	108 #5	5 9"	8' - 8"	976	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	29' - 11"	4,853	25 18"	39' - 9"	664	113	18" 39' -	9" 3,000	108 9'	' 4' - 0"	289	216 9"	4' - 9"	685	9' - 5"	1,359	33' - 3"	89	70 195	2.380	449.5	2.5 284	97.7 18,	264
6	6' - 0"	4' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	39' - 10"	6,462	108 #5	5 9"	8' - 8"	976	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	36' - 6"	5,921	30 18"	39' - 9"	797	134	18" 39' -	9" 3,558	108 9'	' 4' - 0"	289	270 9"	4' - 9"	857	9' - 5"	1,698	39' - 10"	106	82 228	2.832	533.0	3.0 334	116.2 21,	652
2	6' - 0"	5' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	13' - 6"	2,190	108 #5	5 9"	9' - 8"	1,089	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	10' - 2"	1,649	10 18"	39' - 9"	266	56	18" 39' -	9" 1,487	108 9'	' 5' - 0"	361	54 9"	4' - 9"	171	11' - 5"	412	13' - 6"	36	30 84	1.088	209.6	1.0 120	44.5 8,	,505
3	6' - 0"	5' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	20' - 1"	3,258	108 #5	5 9"	9' - 8"	1,089	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	16' - 9"	2,717	15 18"	39' - 9"	398	79	18" 39' -	9" 2,098	108 9'	' 5' - 0"	361	108 9"	4' - 9"	343	11' - 5"	824	20' - 1"	54	44 122	1.562	296.2	1.5 176	64.0 12,	024
4	6' - 0"	5' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	26' - 8"	4,326	108 #5	5 9"	9' - 8"	1,089	6' - 9"		108 #6	-		3,785	20 18"	39' - 9"				9" 2,708	100	' 5' - 0"		162 9"	4' - 9"	514	11' - 5"	1,235	26' - 8"	71	56 156	2.035	382.7	2.0 227	83.4 15,	536
5	6' - 0"	5' - 0"	9"	7"			33' - 3"	-,	108 #5	5 9"	9' - 8"	1,089	6' - 9"		-		29' - 11"		25 18"	39' - 9"		_				' 5' - 0"		216 9"			11' - 5"						469.3	2.5 284	102.8 19,	
6	6' - 0"		9"	7"			39' - 10"	-,	108 #5			1,089	6' - 9"		108 #6			_	30 18"							' 5' - 0"		270 9"			11' - 5"				82 228			3.0 334	122.3 22,	570
2	6' - 0"		9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	13' - 6"	2,190	108 #5	5 9"	10' - 8"	1,202	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	10' - 2"	1,649	10 18"	39' - 9"	266	62 ′	18" 39' -	9" 1,646	108 9'	' 6' - 0"		54 9"		171	13' - 5"	484	13' - 6"				220.0	1.0 120	47.1 8,	
3	6' - 0"	6' - 0"	9"	7"		6 9"						1,202	6' - 9"		108 #6			2,717		39' - 9"				9" 2,310	1111	' 6' - 0"			4' - 9"		13' - 5"		20' - 1"				309.7	1.5 176	67.4 12,	
4	6' - 0"	6' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	26' - 8"	4,326	108 #5	5 9"	10' - 8"	1,202	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	23' - 4"	3,785	20 18"	39' - 9"						' 6' - 0"		162 9"	4' - 9"	514	13' - 5"	1,452	26' - 8"	71	56 156	2.144	399.4	2.0 227	87.7 16,	204
5	6' - 0"	6' - 0"	9"	7"			33' - 3"						6' - 9"						25 18"							' 6' - 0"		216 9"			13' - 5"		33' - 3"					2.5 284	108.0 19,	849
6	6' - 0"	6' - 0"	9"	7"	108 #	6 9"	39' - 10"	6,462	108 #5	5 9"	10' - 8"	1,202	6' - 9"	760	108 #6	9"	36' - 6"	5,921	30 18"	39' - 9"	797	162	18" 39' -	9" 4,302	108 9'	' 6' - 0"	433	270 9"	4' - 9"	857	13' - 5"	2,420	39' - 10"	106	82 228	3.134	578.9	3.0 334	128.3 23,	488
1																																								1

BILLS OF REINFORCING STEEL (For Box Length = 40 feet)

HL93 LOADING SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS

CAST-IN-PLACE 6'-0" SPAN 0' TO 16' FILL

MC-6-16

QUANTITIES

LE: mc616ste-20.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: Tx	v: TxDOT		ск: ТхDО	T
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TOP SLAB

BOTTOM SLAB

PLAN OF SKEWED ENDS ~ OVER 30° TO 45°

Limits of skewed

Bars E ~ top and bottom slab Bars B ~ top and bottom slab Bars C ~ top slab Bars D ~ bottom slab Bars F1 ~ top slab Bars F2 ~ bottom slab PLAN OF ANGLE SECTION ~

OVER 30° TO 45°

- Limits of

angle

Denote the Bars F1 and F2 continuously through the angle section.

Bend Bars F1 and F2 to remain parallel to the walls of the box culvert.

Bars F2 (5)

- (6) When necessary to avoid conflict in acute corners, shorten the slab extension leg of Bars C and Bars D to a minimum of 1'-6" for skews of 30° thru 45°.
- (7) At the Contractor's option, for skews of 15° or less, place Bars B, C, D, and E parallel to the skewed end while maintaining spacing along centerline of box. Increase lengths of Bars B and Bars E shown on the Multiple Box Culverts
- 8 Extend Bars E as shown on the MC standard sheet for direct traffic culverts.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms. When required, lap Bars H 1'-8" for uncoated or galvanized bars. Provide a minimum of 1 ½" clear cover.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel, if required elsewhere in the plans. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) with these exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Refer to Multiple Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (MC) standard sheets for details of straight sections of culvert.

For skewed sections and angle sections, refer to Multiple Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (MC) standard sheets for slab and wall dimensions, bar sizes,

maximum bar spacing, and any other details not shown.

For skewed ends with curbs, adjust length of Bars H, number of Bars K, curb concrete volume, and reinforcing steel weight by dividing the values shown on the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (MC) standard sheets by the cosine of the skew angle.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise





MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS **CAST-IN-PLACE** MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

MC-MD

	-							
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Length of extension Existing box culvert

Limits of

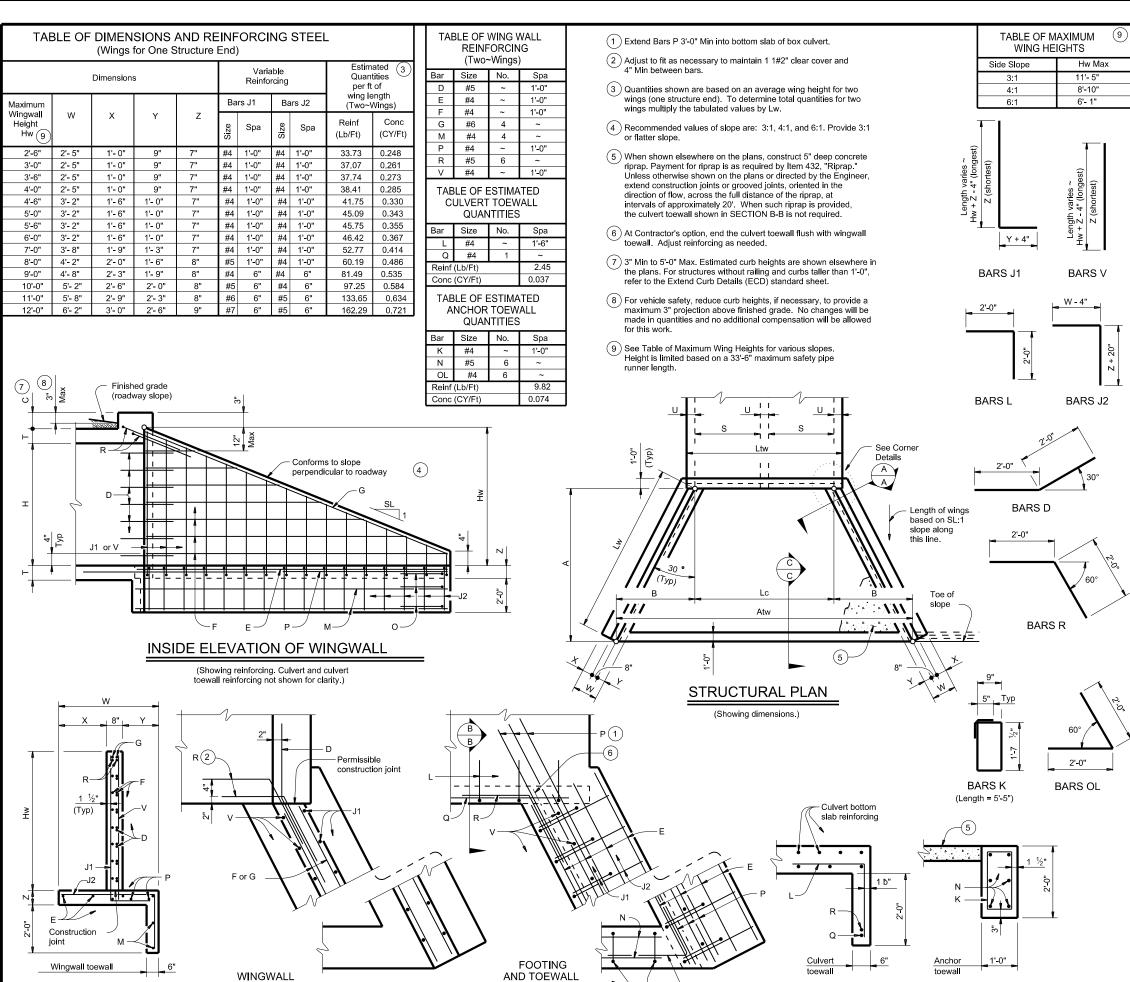
angle

section

-Bars F1 ~ top slab

LENGTHENING DETAIL

SECTION A-A



SECTION B-B 5

SECTION C-C

CORNER DETAILS

(Culvert and culvert toewall reinforcing not shown for clarity.)

WING DIMENSION CALCULATIONS:

Hw = H + T + C - 0.250' 9 A = (Hw - 0.333') (SL)

B = (A) (tan (30°)) $Lw = (A) \div cos (30^{\circ}))$

For cast-in-place culverts:

Ltw = (N)(S) + (N + 1)(U)For precast culverts:

Ltw = (N) (2U + S) + (N - 1) (0.500')

Lc = (Ltw) - (2U)

Atw = (Lc) + (2B)

Total Wingwall Area (two wings ~ SF) = (Hw + 0.333') (Lw)

Hw = Height of wingwall (feet)

Atw = Anchor toewall length (feet) Lw = Length of wingwall (feet) N = Number of culvert barrels

SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal: 1 vertical)

Ltw = Culvert toewall length (feet) Lc = Culvert curb between wings (feet)

See applicable box culvert standard for H, S, T, and U values. See Table of Maximum Wall Heights for limits on Hw.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans. Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise

Provide Class "C" concrete (f c = 3,600 psi).

Adjust reinforcing as necessary to provide a minimum clear cover of 1 Provide pipe runners and anchor pipes meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Provide ASTM A36 steel plates.

Galvanize all steel components, except reinforcing unless required elsewhere in the plans, after fabrication.

Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the Item 445, "Galvanizing."

For optional adhesive anchors, install adhesive anchorages in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions including hole size, drilling equipment and method, hole cleaning equipment and method, mixing and dispensing adhesive, and anchor insertion. Do not alter the manufacturer's mixing nozzle or dispenser. Provide anchorage rods that are clean and free of grease, oil, or any other foreign material. Demonstrate hole cleaning method to the Engineer for approval and continue the approved process for all anchorage locations. Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests." Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed.

GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. The safety end treatments shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse

the openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners. Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of

Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed

by the Engineer. All bolts, nuts, washers, brackets, angles, and pipe runners are

considered parts of the safety end treatment for payment.
The quantities for pipe runners, reinforcing steel, and concrete,

resulting from the formulas given herein are for Contractor's

See the Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for additional dimensions and information.

> Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. einforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.





SAFETY END TREATMENT WITH FLARED WINGS

FOR 0° SKEW BOX CULVERTS TYPE I ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETB-FW-0

1/2".

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ANCHOR PIPE DETAILS

11:43:26

PIPE RUNNER DETAILS

MAXIMUM PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS AND REQUIRED PIPE RUNNER SIZES

Maximum Pipe Runner		equired Pipe Runner Size		Required Anchor Pipe Size					
Length (Pc or Pw)	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.			
9'-4"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	2" STD	2.375"	2.067"			
19'-0"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"			
33'-6"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"			

- (10) If pipe runner length (Pw) is 1'-9" or less replace the normal pipe runner and anchor pipe with a single non-sliding pipe runner. See Non-Sliding Pipe Runner Details for additional
- (11) At Contractor's option, 7/8" diameter hole may be formed or
- (12) After installation of pipe runner, use the b" inspection hole to ensure that the lap of the anchor pipe with the pipe runner is adequate.
- (13) At Contractor's option, an adhesive anchor may be used. Provide 34" Dia adhesive anchors that meet the requirements of ASTM A307 Gr A fully threaded rods. Embed threaded rods into curb, wingwalls, and toewall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum embedment depth is 5 b". Provide anchor adhesive able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 20 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use.

PIPE RUNNER DIMENSION CALCULATIONS:

Wn = (2.000) (Dn) - (0.416')

= (D1) (K2) - (0.563')

= (A) (K1) - (1.688')

Wn = Distance from working point to centerline anchor bolt measured along bottom inside face of wing (feet)

Dn = Distance from working point to centerline pipe runner measured along outside face

Pw = Wingwall pipe runner length (feet)

6.1 ~ 1.014 ~ 1.756 n = Wing pipe runner number

sliding pipe runners, to the required pipe diameters as shown in the table. UPPER AND LOWER BRACKET DETAILS

Note: Match upper and lower brackets, except for the brackets used with non-

 □ b" Dia through hole (oriented 90° Trim pipe 5° Typ (10° for non-sliding pipes with O.D. greater □ b"x 2" slotted 4 b" than 3 ½") through hole Non-sliding pipe runner length 3'-3" or less

☐ 15/16" Dia holes

SIDE VIEW

Note: Pipe size is the same as required for curb pipe runner. Adjust the corresponding lower bracket accordingly

NON-SLIDING PIPE RUNNER DETAILS

Pipe O.D. + 1/4"

ELEVATION

SECTION E-E

(Showing installed bracket.)

□ ½" Dia bolt with

nut and 2 washers

 $rac{1}{2}$ Pipe

O.D. - 3/8"

15/16" Dia holes

SIDE VIEW

ELEVATION

(Showing installed bracket normal

► □ 15/16" Dia holes

to wall. Pipe not shown for clarity.)

Pipe O.D. + 1/4"

ELEVATION

Top of

wingwall

Wingwall

anchor bolts

∃ b" Dia

 $\frac{3}{8}$ (Typ)

bolt with nut

and 2 washers

Clip inside corner of stiffeners 5"

Install 3/4" anchor bolt in hole

Other bolt hole is intended for use on the opposite hand wingwall.

Wing pipe

runner or

non-sliding

pipe runner

Wingwall

bracket

Inside face

of wingwall

Note: Match wingwall bracket to the upper curb bracket size.

WINGWALL BRACKET DETAILS

(Typ)

nearest to the culvert curb

½ Pipe O.D. +

PL ¾ (Typ)

15/16" Dia Holes

3/4" Dia x 10" bolt

with nut, standard

washer, and 1 ~

3" plate washer

(note bolt

orientation)

□ %" Dia hole

¹½" Dia

SHEET 2 OF 3



SAFETY END TREATMENT WITH FLARED WINGS

FOR 0° SKEW BOX CULVERTS TYPE I ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

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cored drilled. Percussion drilling is not permitted. Adjust placement of reinforcing steel as necessary to avoid bolt holes.

Pwn = (Dn) (K2) - (2.063')

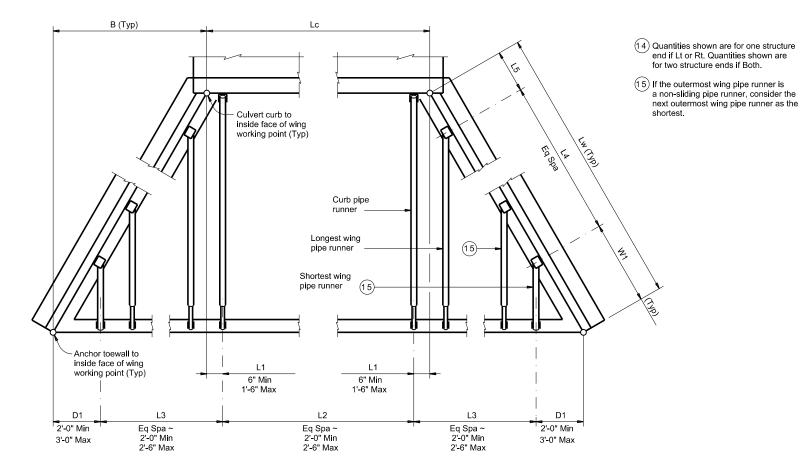
Pw1 Non-Sliding Pipe Runner (If required)

of anchor toewall (feet)

Pc = Curb pipe runner length (feet)
K = Constant values for use in formulas

Slope SL:1 K1 K2 3.1 ~ 1.054 ~ 1.826 4.1 ~ 1.031 ~ 1.785

Culvert Station and/or Creek name	Lc	L1		L2		D1		L3		W1		L4		L5	Rı	b Pipe unner (Pc)	Longest Wing Pipe Runner	Shortest Wing Pipe Runner	Non-S l iding Wing Pipe Runner	Curb, Wi Non-Sliding F	ng, and/or Pipe Runners		" Anchor Pipe
followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both) (4)	(Ft)	(Ft)	No. Spa	Spa at (Ft)	Overa ll Length (Ft)	(Ft)	No. Spa	Spa at (Ft)	Overall Length (Ft)	(Ft)	No. Spa	Spa at (Ft)	Overall Length (Ft)	(Ft)	No.	Length (Ft)	(Pw)	(Pw)	(if applicable) (Ft)	Size (3",4" or 5")	Total 14 Length (Ft)	Size (2",3" or 4")	Total 14 Length (Ft)
78+50 (BOTH)	19.167	0.900	7	2.481	17.367	2.000	3	2.360	7.079	3.583	2	4.719	9. 439	3.336	8	12.917	9, 938	5.729	3,000	4"	281.333	3"	72.000
124+45 (BOTH)	12.583	1.300	4	2.496	9.983	2.500	4	2.478	9.914	4.583	3	4.957	14.871	2.774	5	18.604	16.083	2.500	N/A	4"	334.708	3"	78.000
							ı				I			l					ĺ	1		1	l ,



PIPE RUNNER LAYOUT



4/5/2024

SHEET 3 OF 3

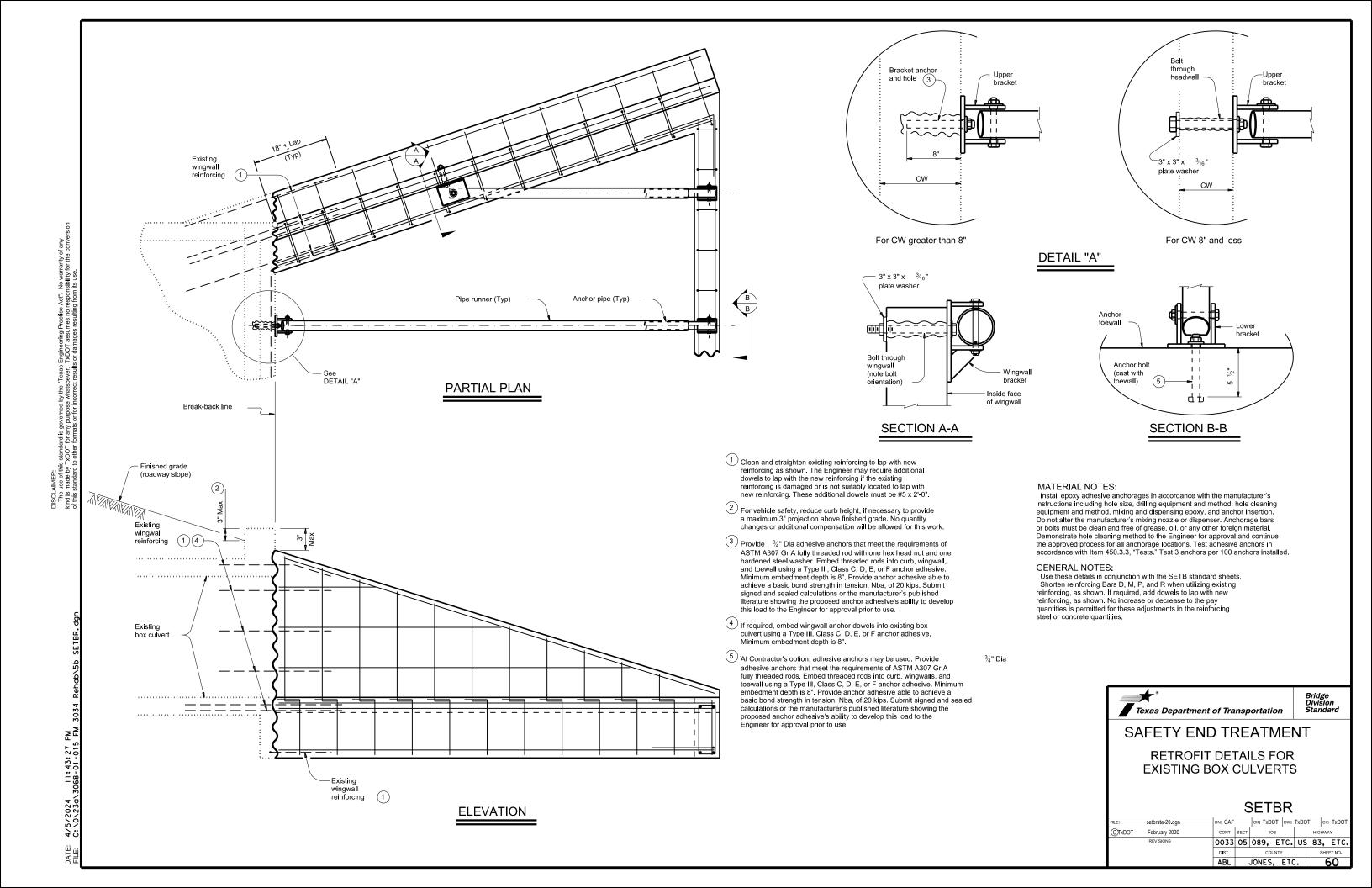


Texas Department of Transportation

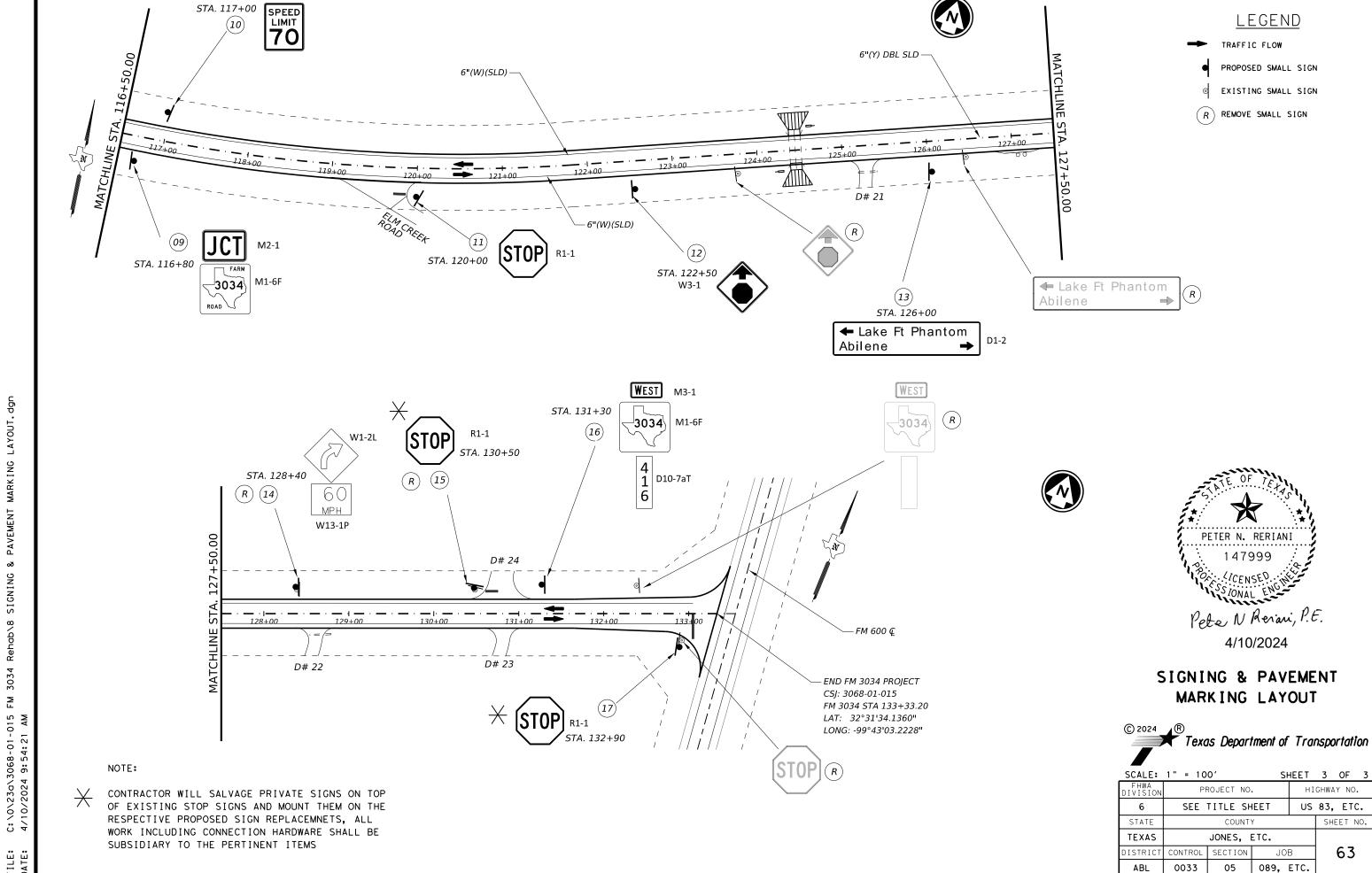
SAFETY END TREATMENT WITH FLARED WINGS FOR 0° SKEW BOX CULVERTS TYPE I ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETB-FW-0

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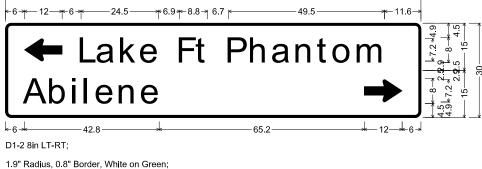
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R2-1

İ				SUMMARY	OF SI	ΜA	L	LSIG	NS					
ĺ						E A)	Ē G)	SM R	SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx (x-xxxx</u>)	BR I DGE MOUNT	
any s ion	PLAN					(TYPE	(TYP	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	I MOUN	ITING DESIGNATION	CLEARANCE SIGNS	
ring Practice Act". No warranty of any nes no responsibility for the conversion damages resulting fram its use.	SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	AT ALUMINUM	. ALUMINUM	FRP = Fibergloss TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	1 or 2	UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED		(See Note 2) TY = TYPE	
ractice Act responsibil s resulting	60	01	W11-10L		36" x 36"	Х		10BWG	1	SA	P			ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS
Texas Engineering P TXDOT assumes no of results or damage	60	02	R1-1	STOP	36" x 36"	X		10BWG	1	SA	P			Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"
by the 'atsoever, incorrec	60	03	D20-2T	CO RD 341	24" x 24"	Х		10BWG	1	SA	P			The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at
ard is governed any purpose wh formats or for	61	04	R1-1	STOP	36" x 36"	X		10BWG	1	SA	P			the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/
of this stando by TxDOT for idand to other	61	05	R1-1	STOP	36" x 36"	X		10BWG	1	SA	P			NOTE: 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to
DISCLAIMER: The use kind is made of this star	61	06	D20-2T	CO RD 341	24" x 24"	Х		10BWG	1	SA	P			avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
NS. dgn			W1-2L		30" x 30"	Х								For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see
OF SMALL SIG	61	07	W13-1P	60 MPH	24" x 24"	X		10BWG	1	SA	P			Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).
Hab\8 SUMMARY	61	08	R1-1	STOP	36" x 36"	X		10BWG	1	SA	P			
M FM 3034 Re			M2-1	JCT	21" x 15"	Х								Traffic Operations Division Standard
1 11:43:30 PM	62	09	M1-6F	3034 ROAD	24" x 24"	X		10BWG	1	SA	P			SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
DATE: 4/5/2024 FILE: C:\0\23a\	62	10	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 70	30" x 36"	X		10BWG	1	SA	P			SOSS

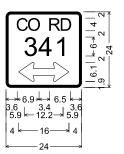
			SUMMARY		(TYPE A)	SM RI			XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x-xxxx)	BRIDGE MOUNT	
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	AT ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS	UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel	PREFABRICATED P = "Plain" T = "T"	TING DESIGNATION 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	CLEARANCE SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N	
62	11	R1-1	STOP	36" x 36"	X X	10BWG	1	WP=Wedge Plastic	P	Panels	TY S	ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS
62	12	W3-1		36" x 36"	X	10BWG	1	SA	P			Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"
62	13	D1-2	← Lake Ft Phantom Abilene →	132"x 30"	X	\$80	1	SA	Т			The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at
62	14	W1-2L		30" x 30"	X	10BWG	1	SA	P			the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/
		W13-1P	60 MPH	24" x 24"	X							NOTE: 1. Sign supports shall be located as sh on the plans, except that the Engine may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary t
62	15	R1-1	STOP	36" x 36"	X	10BWG	1	SA	P			secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unles otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engin will verify all sign support location
62	16	M3-1	WEST	24" x 12"	X	10BWG	1	SA	P			 For installation of bridge mount clearings, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sassembly (BMCS) Standard Sheet. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside
		M1-6F	3034	24" x 24"	X							Signs Generaľ Notes & Details SMD(GEI
		D10-7aT	1 6	3" ×10"								
62	17	R1-1	STOP	36" x 36"	X	10BWG	1	SA	Р			Texas Department of Transportation
												SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
												SOSS



Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 180°; "Lake Ft Phantom", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

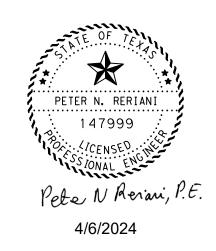
1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

"Abilene", ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 0°;



"341", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

D20-2T_24x24; 1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; "CO RD", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

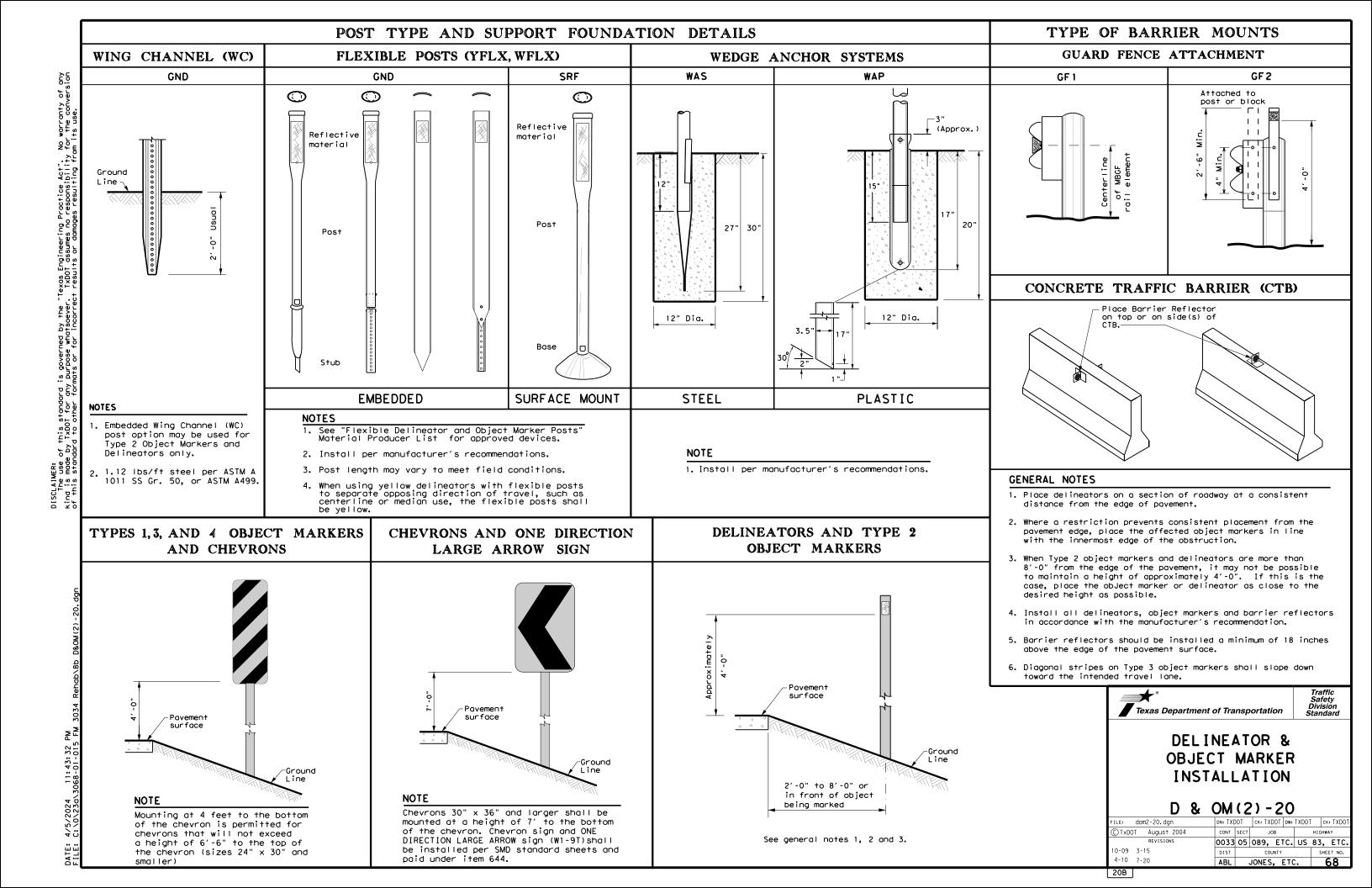


SIGN DETAILS



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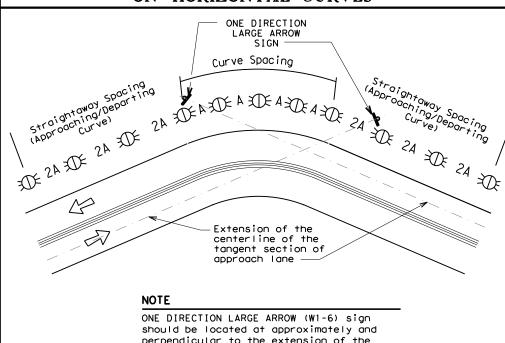
SCLAIMER: The use of this standard nd is made by TxDOT for any this standard to other for

MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advis	ory Speed
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs
15 MPH & 20 MPH	 RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign 	 RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

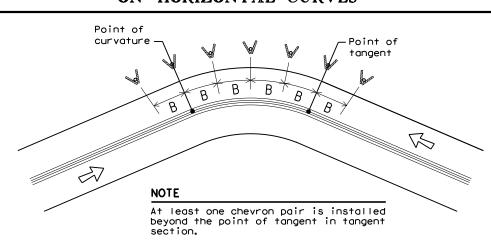
chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Accoloration/Docoloration	Double delineatore (see Dotail 7	100 Cast (Cas Data'l 7 as D 0 OH (4))

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

Acceleration/Deceleration Double delineators (see Detail 3 100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)) on D&OM(4)) Single red delineators on both sides 50 feet

Truck Escape Ramp

Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each Bridge Rail (steel or direction concrete) and Metal

lanes each direction Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) Barrier reflectors matching Equal spacing 100' max or Steel Traffic Barrier the color of the edge line

Single Delineators when multiple

Reflectors matching the color Every 5th cable barrier post (up to Cable Barrier of the edge line 100'max)

Divided highway - Object marker on Requires reflective sheeting provided approach end by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or Guard Rail Terminus/Impact a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in

Undivided 2-lane highways front of the terminal end Object marker on approach and See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6) departure end

Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) Bridges with no Approach See D & OM(5) at end of rail and 3 single

delineators approaching rail Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per Type 2 and Type 3 Object Reduced Width Approaches to D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object

Markers (OM-3) and 3 single Bridge Rail Marker (OM-3) in front of the delineators approaching bridge terminal end See D & OM (5)

Culverts without MBGF Type 2 Object Markers See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

Double yellow delineators and RPMs See Detail 1 on D & OM (4) Crossovers

Pavement Narrowing Single delineators adjacent (lane merge) on to affected lane for full 100 feet Freeways/Expressway length of transition

NOTES

Beam Guard Fence

Rail

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND				
XX	Bi-directional Delineator			
K	Delineator			
♣ Sign				



Equal spacing (100'max) but

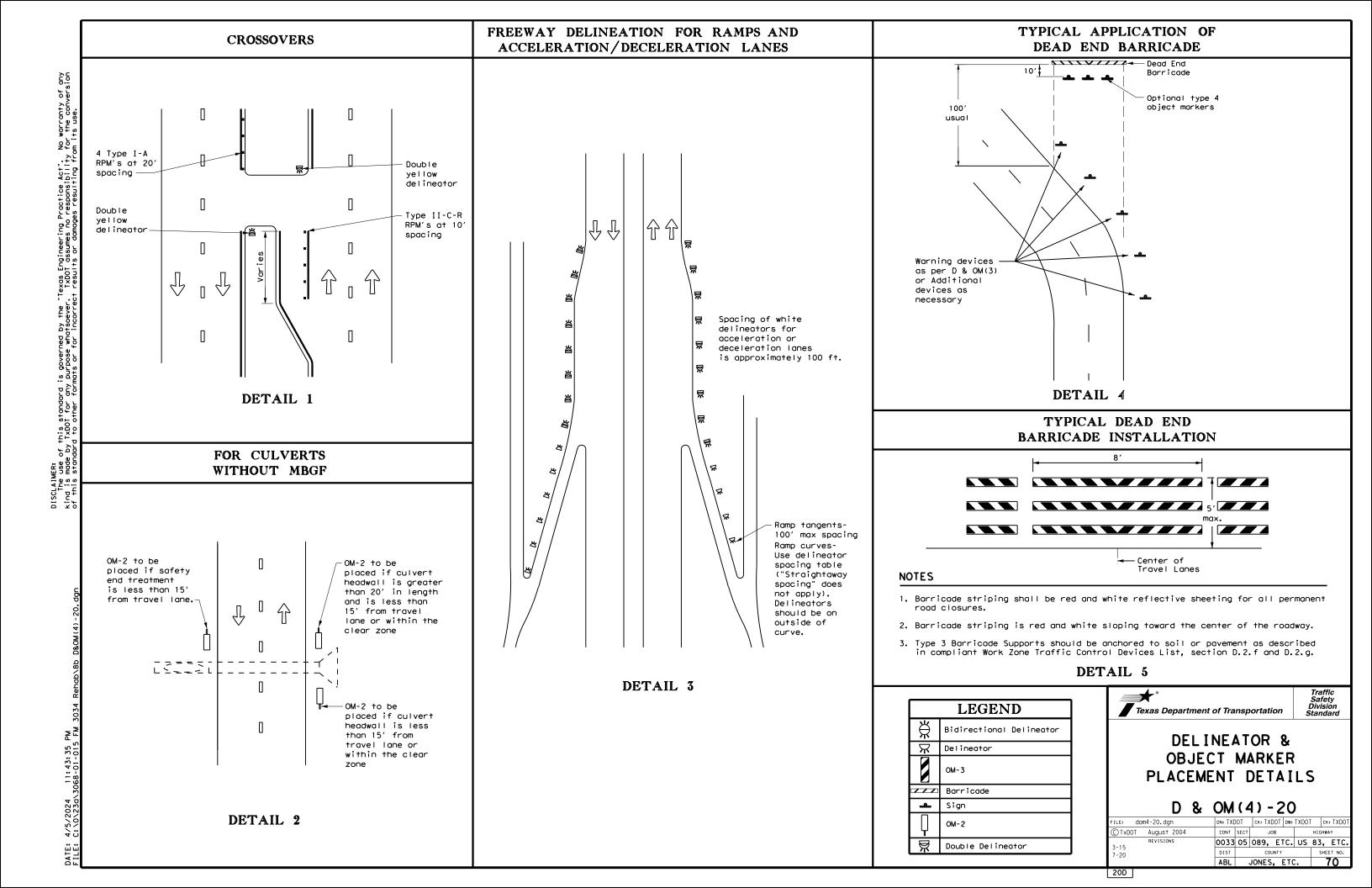
not less than 3 delineators

Traffic Safety Division Standard **DELINEATOR &**

OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

FILE: dom3-20.dgn		T00	CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT		ck: TXDOT
© TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	IWAY
	0033	05	089, E	TC.	US 8	83,	ETC.
3-15 8-15 8-15 7-20	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
8-15 7-20	ABL	·	JONES,	ЕТС.			69



Shou I der

6" Solid

Edge Line-

6" Solid

Edge Line-

6" Solid White

Edge Line-

See Detail A

Shoulder width may vary (typ.)

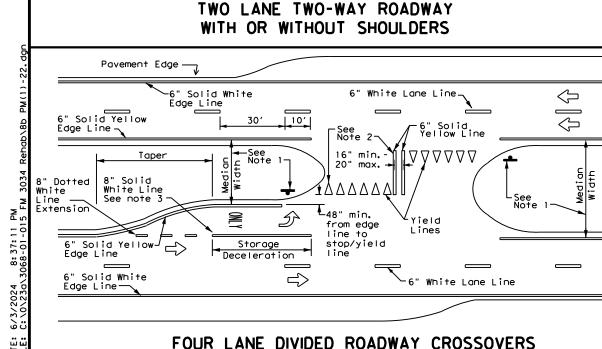
r6" Yellow Centerline

30'

Shoulder width may vary (typ.)

White

Yellow



Solid

-6" min. when no

shoulder exists

r6" min. when no shoulder exists

[_10′]

10′

 \Rightarrow

 \Rightarrow

 $\overline{}$

 \Rightarrow

 \Diamond

6" Solid White

Edge Line

 \Rightarrow

 \Rightarrow

6" min. when no shoulder

exists

 $\langle \neg$

6"

* 2" minimum

for restripe

approved by

projects when

the Engineer.

See Detail B

6" Solid-

Yellow Line

DETAIL "A"

** 8" minimum

projects when

approved by

the Engineer.

9"** min. - 10" typ. max. for traveled way

greater than 48' only)

-Edge of Pavement

EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES

ONE-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-Edge of Pavement

white F Lane Line F

Lane Line

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES

FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

√Edge of Pavement

[_10′]

Solid

Yellow Line

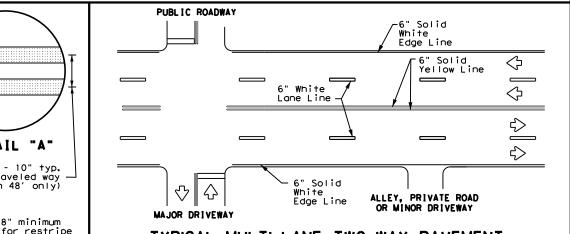
6" Solid White

6" Solid White Edge Line

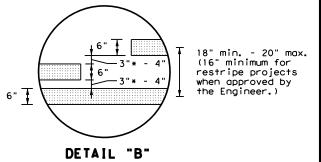
 \Rightarrow

──6" Whițe

6" Solid White ROADWAY 6" Solid Yellow Line Edge Line $\langle \rangle$ ₹> Solid ♡▮♢ ALLEY. PRIVATE ROAD Edge Line OR MINOR DRIVEWAY MA.JOR DRIVEWAY TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



TYPICAL MULTI-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

NOTES

1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections.

Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

3" to 12"→ |←

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

YIELD LINES

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

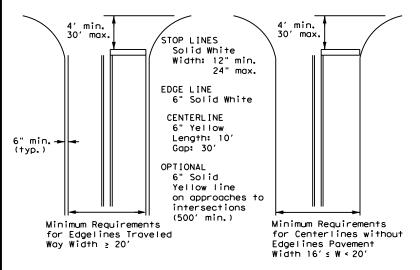
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

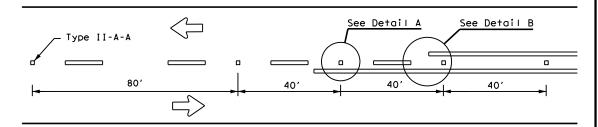
Texas Department of Transportation



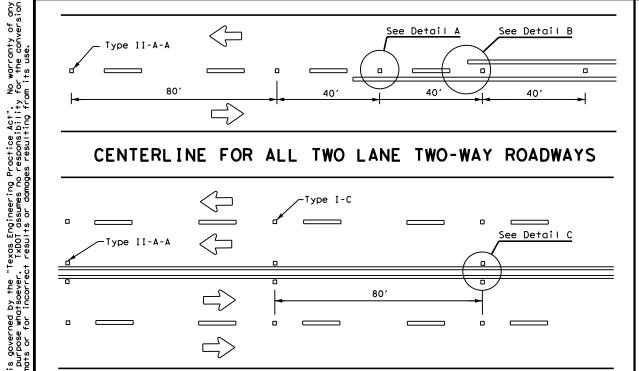
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1)-22

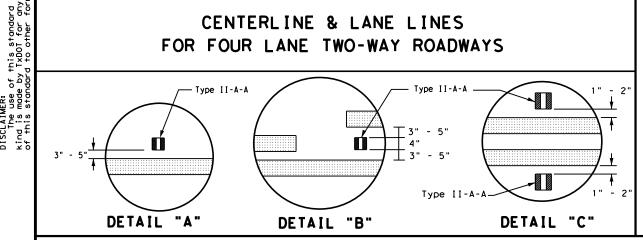
E: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:				K:
TxDOT December 2022	DOT December 2022 CONT SECT JOB		JOB	HIGH		WAY	
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0033	05	089, E	TC.	US	83,	ETC.
-95 3-03 12-22	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
-00 2-12	ABL	JONES, ETC.			71		



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



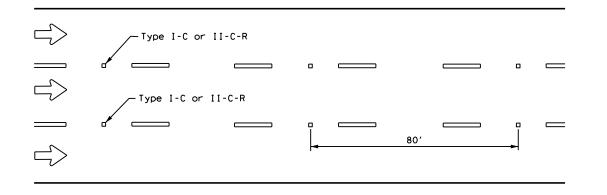
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



OR 6" LANE LINE

Centerline -Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

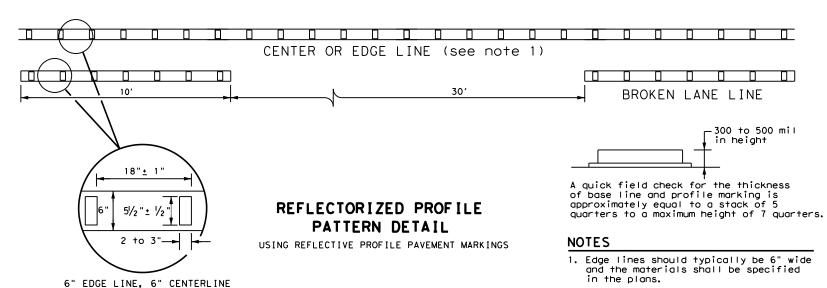


LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

2. Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

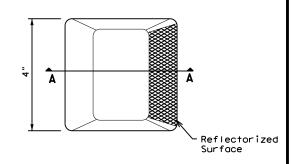


GENERAL NOTES

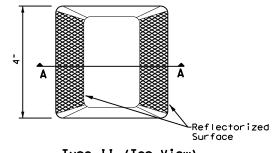
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

ı	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
ı	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
ı	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
ı	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
ı	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
ı	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

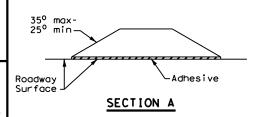
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE

Traffic Safety Division Standard

MARKINGS PM(2) - 22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn		DN:		CK: DW:		CK:	
CTxDOT December 2022		SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0033	05	089,	ETC.	US	83,	ETC.
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST	COUNTY			SHI	SHEET NO.	
5-00 2-12	ABL	,	JONES,	ET(: .		72

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

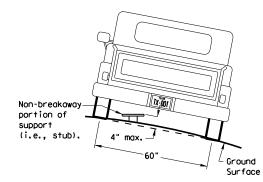
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) IF REQUIRED

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

> 7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

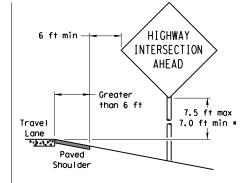
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS

HIGHWAY min INTERSECTION AHEAD 0 to 6 ft 7,5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min : Lane Paved Shoul der

LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

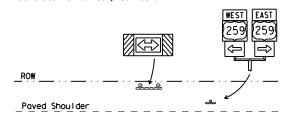
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

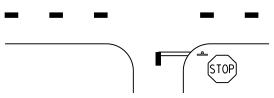
7.0 ft min *



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



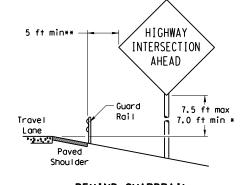
- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

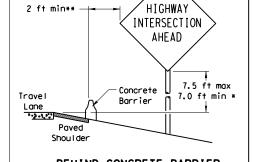
See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$

Maximum

Travel

Lane

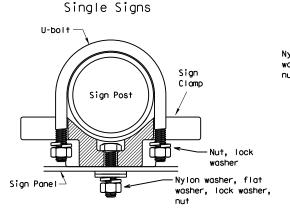
factors.

possible

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



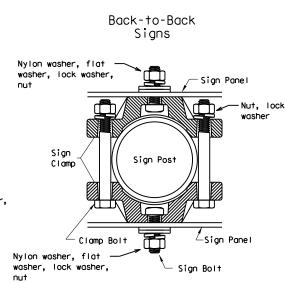
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



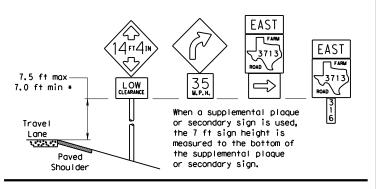
Acceptable

diameter

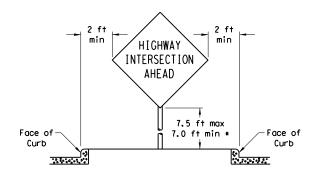
circle

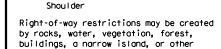
	Approximate Bolt Length				
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp			
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"			
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"			
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"			

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND





In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

© TxD0	T July 2002	DN: TX	тот	CK: TXE	DOT D	W: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JO	ОВ		HIGH	HWAY
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		DIST		COL	JNTY		Si	HEET NO.
		ABL	,	JONES	, ET	rc.		73

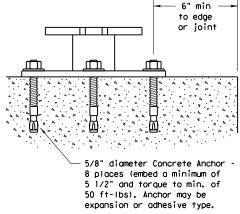
10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base \Box Ш 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter) 0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895" Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



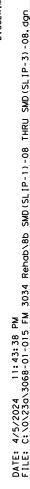
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

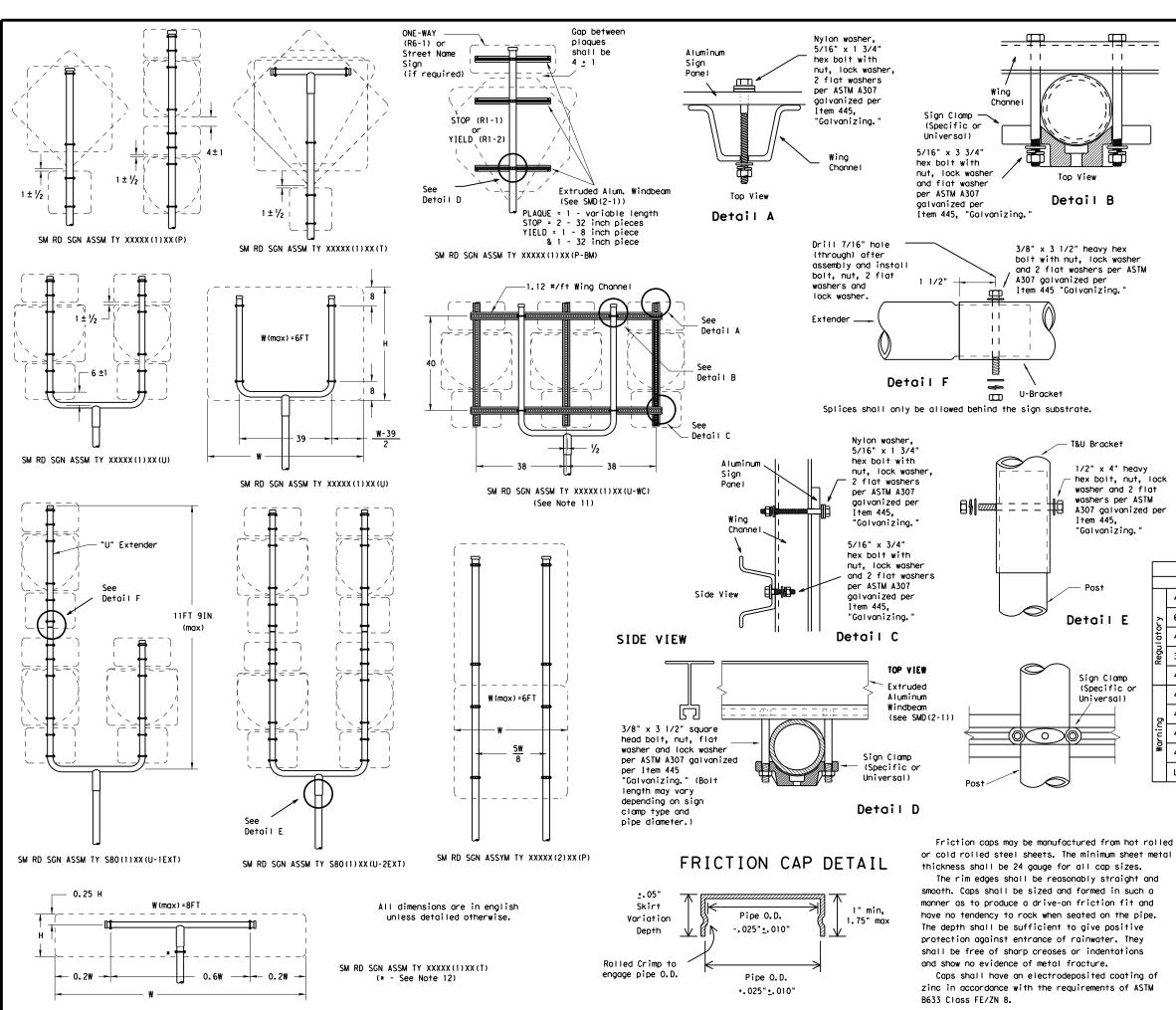
SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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GENERAL NOTES:

Wing

11

1.1

1.1

8

Channe

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

A307 galvanized per

U-Bracket

Item 445 "Galvanizing."

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445.

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

0

(Specific or

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

washer and 2 flat

washers per ASTM

A307 galvanized per

Detail B

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.

Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

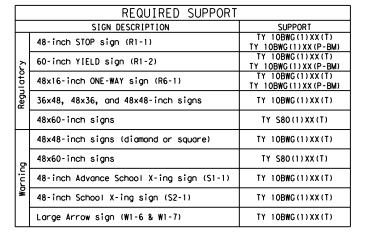
9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sian is viewed from the front,) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

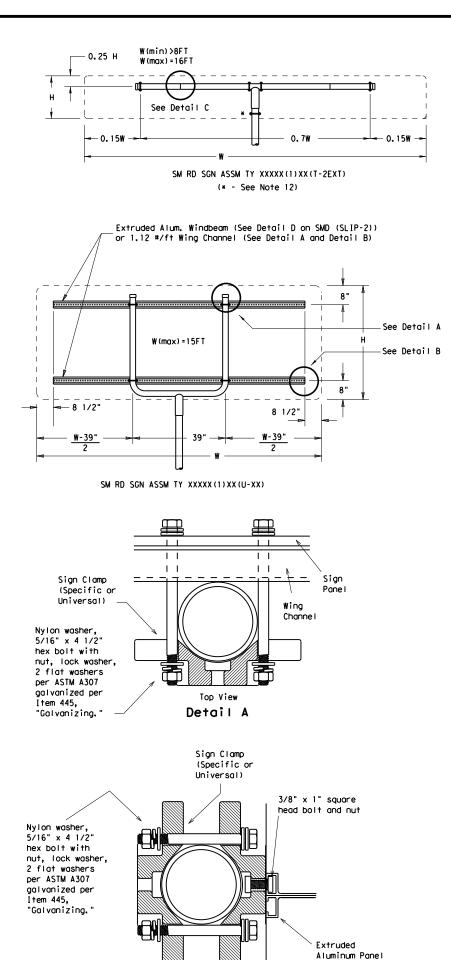




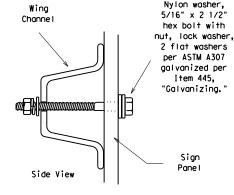
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SLIP-2) -08

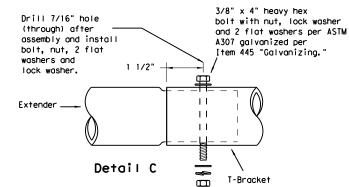
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		DIST		COUNT	′		9	SHEET NO.
		ABL	,	JONES,	ET(: .		75



EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

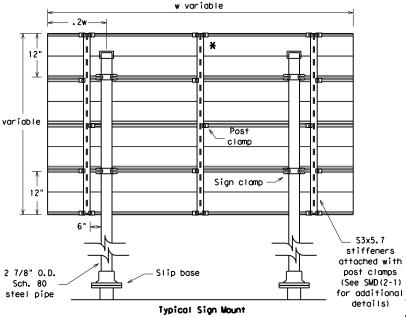
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

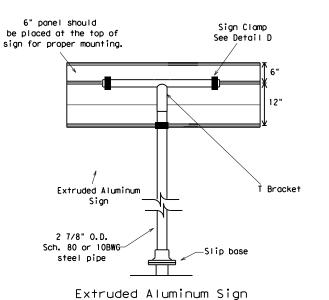
per Item 445.

"Galvanizina.

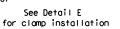
Detail E

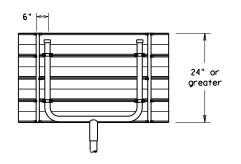


SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL) f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.



With T Bracket





Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
•	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



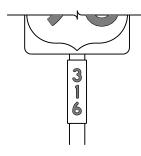




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS		
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness	
Less than 7.5	0.080	
7.5 to 15	0.100	
Greater than 15	0.125	

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

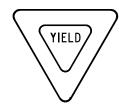
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REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





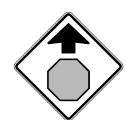




REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

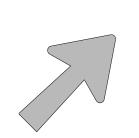
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

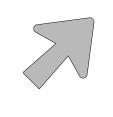
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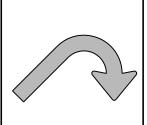
SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)



Type A

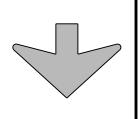


Type B

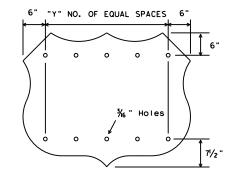


E-3





Down Arrow



JTE MARKERS

%6" Holes	SPACES % "Holes % "X" NO. OF EQUAL SPACES
U.S. ROUTE MARKERS	STATE ROUTE MARKER

TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-I	10 . 67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
B-I	10 . 67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.	
E-3	E5-laT	
E-4	E5-lbT	

NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

% " dia. — 6" Holes
EXIT ONLY PANEL

INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

15 20 13/4

21

28

11/2

% "Holes

36

48

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5

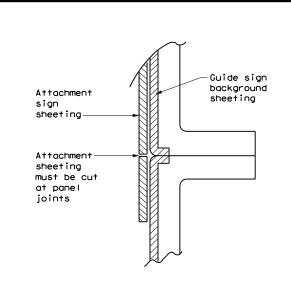
No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

ARROW DETAILS

for Destination Signs (Type D)

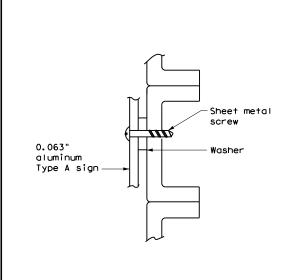
MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE

("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

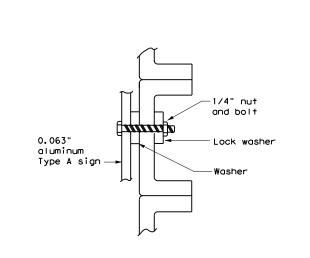


DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT

- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



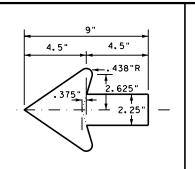
SCREW ATTACHMENT



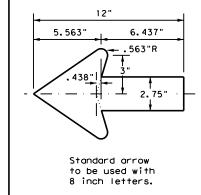


NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".



Standard arrow to be used with 6 inch letters.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Texas Department of Transportation

TSR(5)-13

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		ABL		JONES,	, ETC	•		79

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

3068-01-015

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: Near PR 343

To: FM 600

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 32°31'28.7014", (Long) -99°44'35.2111 END: (Lat) 32°31'34.1360", (Long) -99°43'03.2228"

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 19.2

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.2

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Rehabilitation of Existing Road consisting of Rehabilitate Roadway, extend culverts

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description	X Grading
Rotan clay loam, 0 to 1% slopes	35% Sand, 33% Silt, 32% Clay, Well Drained, Medium Runoff, Class 1	X Excavat wideni □ Remove
Abilene clay loam, 1 to 3% slopes	35% Sand, 33% Silt, 32% Clay, Well Drained,Medium Runoff, Class 1	□ Remove X Install p
Sagerton clay loam, moist, 0 to 1% slopes	36% Sand, 35% Silt, 29% Clay, Well Drained,Low Runoff, Class 1	
Sagerton clay loam, moist, 0 to 3% slopes	36% Sand, 35% Silt, 29% Clay, Well Drained, Medium Runoff, Class 1	□ Rework
Spur loam, moist, 0 to 1% slopes	45% Sand, 34% Silt, 21% Clay, Well Drained, Negligible Runoff, None	X Revege ☐ Achieve
Spur soils, broken	39% Sand, 37% Silt, 23% Clay, Well Drained, Negligible Runoff, Class 1	erosior
Weymouth clay loam, moist, 1 to 3% slopes	35% Sand, 34% Silt, 31% Clay, Well Drained, High Runoff, Class 1	Other:
	al .	

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: X PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

X PSLs	determined	l during	construction

	X	Nο	PSLs	planned	for	cons	truct	tion
--	---	----	-------------	---------	-----	------	-------	------

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

□ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

X Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

□ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

□ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail X Install proposed pavement per plans

X Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

X Place flex base

☐ Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

X Revegetation of unpaved areas

☐ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			

Other:		

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- X Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

□ Other: ₋			
Other:			
_			

Other:			

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
Elm Creek	*Clear Fork Brazos River (1232); Impaired for bacteria
NO TMDLs or I-PLANS	WERE IDENTIFIED
+ A /+\ C	'(I I ((' /)

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in	()	
--	----	--

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

☐ Other:		

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

Other:

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

☐ Other:			



STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



* July 2023

Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.		
		SEE TITLE SHEET			80		
STATE		STATE DIST.		COUNTY			
TEXA:	5		JONES, ETC.				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		0.		
003	3	05	089,	ETC.	US	83,	ETC.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
 □ X Protection of Existing Vegetation □ X Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Soil Retention Blankets □ Geotextiles
□ Mulching/ Hydromulching
□ Soil Surface Treatments
X □ Temporary Seeding
☐ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
☐ ☐ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking
☐ ☐ Interceptor Swale
□ □ Riprap
□ □ Diversion Dike
□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes
□ Other:
□ □ Other:
<u> </u>
□ □ Other:
<u> </u>
□ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
□ Other: □ Other: □ T / P
□ Other: □ Other: □ T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls
□ □ Other: □ □ Other: □ □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X □ Sediment Control Fence
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ Floating Turbidity Barrier X Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ Floating Turbidity Barrier X Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ Floating Turbidity Barrier X Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Vegetated Filter Strips □ Other: □ Other:
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ Floating Turbidity Barrier X Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Vegetated Filter Strips □ Other: □ Other:
□ Other: □ Other: □ Other: 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms X Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ Floating Turbidity Barrier X Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Vegetated Filter Strips □ Other: □ Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

From	То
eets/ SWP3	Layout S
	neets/ SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

☐ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control
X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
☐ Stabilized construction exit
☐ Daily street sweeping
□ Other:

Other:			
Other:	•		

~		
Other:		

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Pete N Kerani, P.E. 4/6/2024

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

□ Chemical Management
☐ Concrete and Materials Waste Management
☐ Debris and Trash Management
☐ Dust Control
□ Sanitary Facilities
□ Other:
□ Other:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

□ Other:

☐ Other:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Туре	Stationing					
	From	То				

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ⋉ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

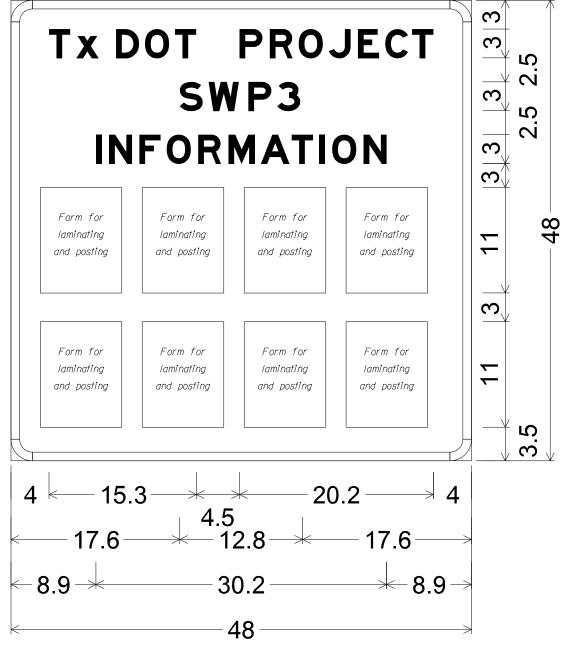
2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.							
		SEE TITLE SHEET							
STATE		STATE DIST.		COUNTY					
TEXAS	5		JONES, ETC.						
CONT.		SECT.	J	OB	HIGHWAY N		NO.		
003	3	05	089,	ETC.	US	83,	ETC.		



2.3" Radius, 0.9" Border, White on Blue; [TxDOT PROJECT] E Mod; [SWP3] E Mod; [INFORMATION] E Mod;

The Forms needed for laminating and posting to the SWP3 Notification Board will be provided by the Engineer. The total number of forms may vary. Notification Boards are to be constructed from Plywood, $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch thick, in accordance with TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)-7100. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The sign will be placed at a location within the right-of-way but outside the clear zone as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to other items.



SWP3 NOTIFICATION BOARD DETAIL



NO SCAL	.Ε	SI	HEET	1	OF 1			
FHWA DIVISION	PF	PROJECT NO.			HIGHWAY N			
6	SEE TITLE SHEET U				83, ETC.			
STATE			SHI	EET NO.				
TEXAS	JONES, ETC.							
DISTRICT	CONTROL	SECTION	JOI	JOB 82				
ABL	0033	05	089,	ETC.				

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION	PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER	R ACT SECTION 402
required for projects with	er Discharge Permit or Cons 1 or more acres disturbed t for erosion and sedimenta	soil. Projects with
	may receive discharges from ed prior to construction ac	=
1. No Action Required	□ Required Action	
Action No.		
Prevent stormwater polli accordance with TPDES P	ution by controlling erosio ermit TXR 150000	n and sedimentation
Comply with the SW3P and required by the Enginee	d revise when necessary to r.	control pollution or
	Notice (CSN) with SW3P info the public and TCEQ, EPA o	
	specific locations (PSL's) , submit NOI to TCEQ and th	
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STRE ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	•	NETLANDS CLEAN W
	filling, dredging, excavateks, streams, wetlands or w	-
The Contractor must adher the following permit(s):	e to all of the terms and o	conditions associated
☐ No Permit Required		
I =	PCN not Required (less tha	n 1/10th acre waters
☐ Nationwide Permit 14 -	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2	acre, 1/3 in tidal
☐ Individual 404 Permit	Required	
☐ Other Nationwide Permi	t Required: NWP#	
	ers of the US permit applic Practices planned to contro	
1,		
2.		
3.		
4.		
	nary high water marks of any ers of the US requiring the Bridge Layouts.	•
Best Management Practi	ces:	
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Constructi
☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter
	Rock Berm	 ☐ Retention/Irrigati
Mulch	 ☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention
☐ Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlan
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin
Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	☐ Erosion Control Co
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	☐ Mulch Filter Berm

mi t any i th soil ATER any with waters) oject ation on TSS Strips on Systems Basin ds ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ☐ Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action No Action Required Action No. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. ☐ No Action Required Required Action Action No. V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. Required Action ☐ No Action Required Action No. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFQ: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

*	
Texas Department of Transportation	

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

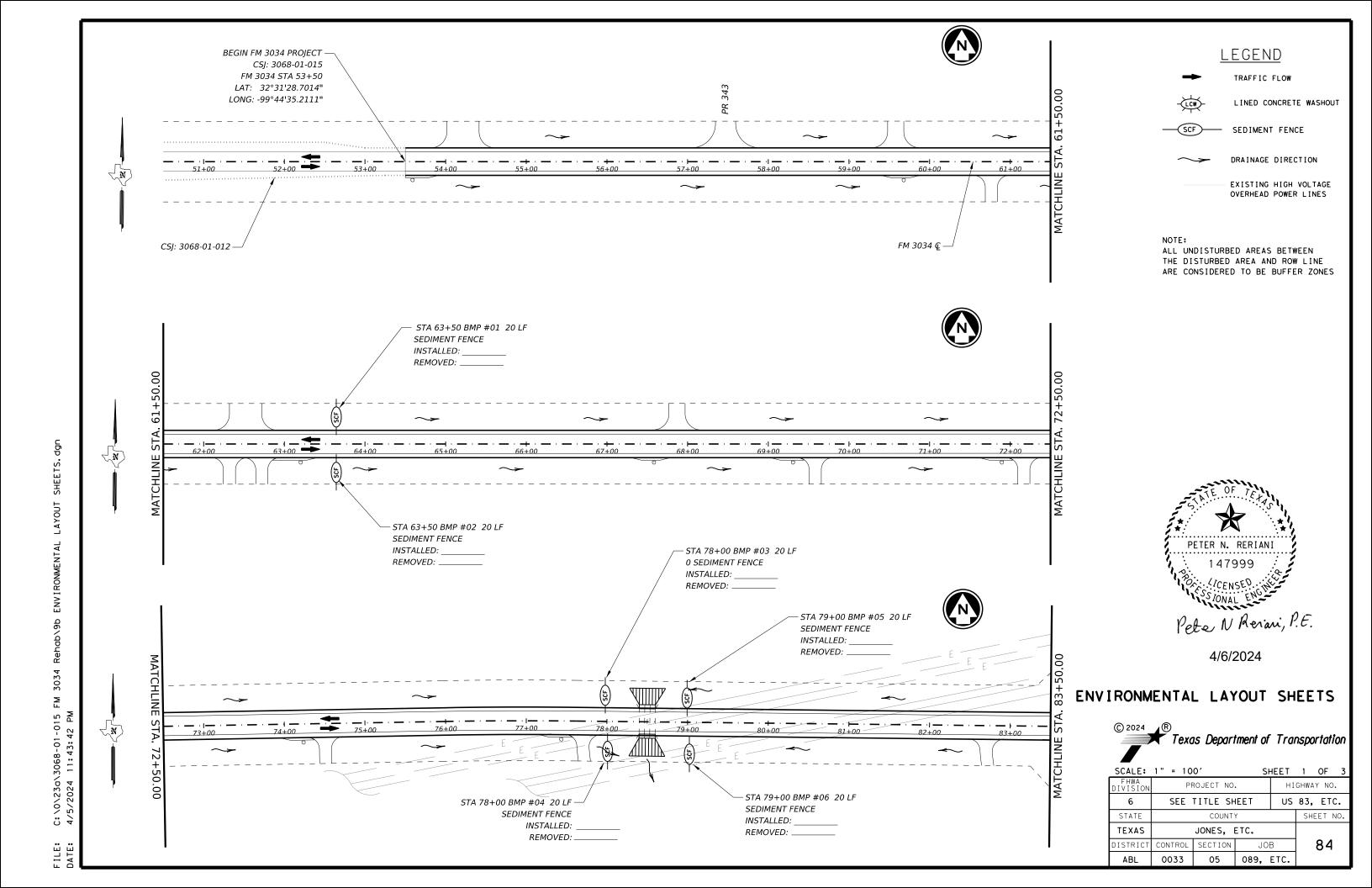
EPIC

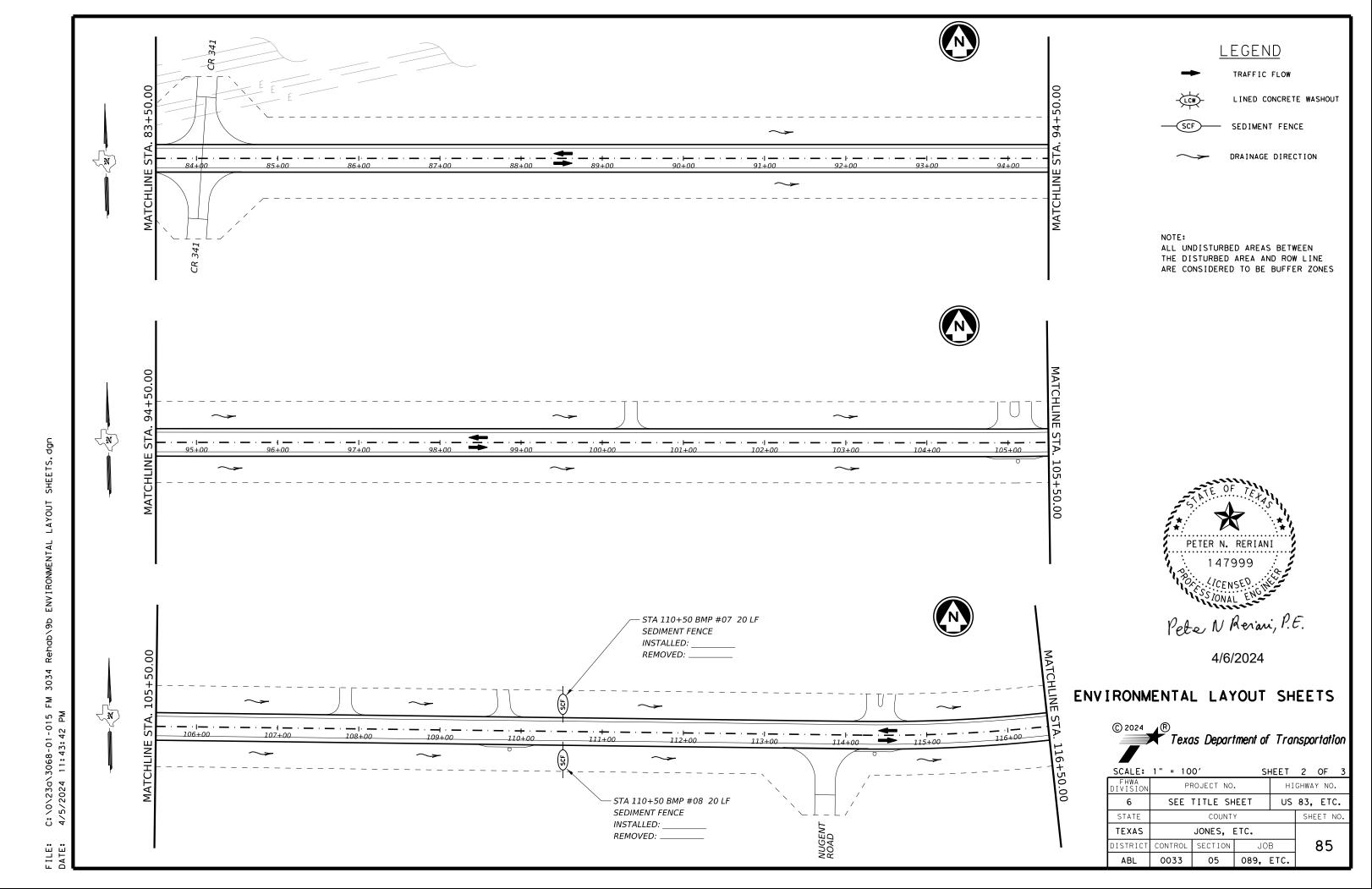
FILE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[TOC	ck: RG	DW:	DW: VP		ck: AR	
© TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS)	0033	05	089, E	TC.	US	83	, ETC.	
05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	JONES, ETC.				SHEET NO.		
01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	ABL				С.		83	

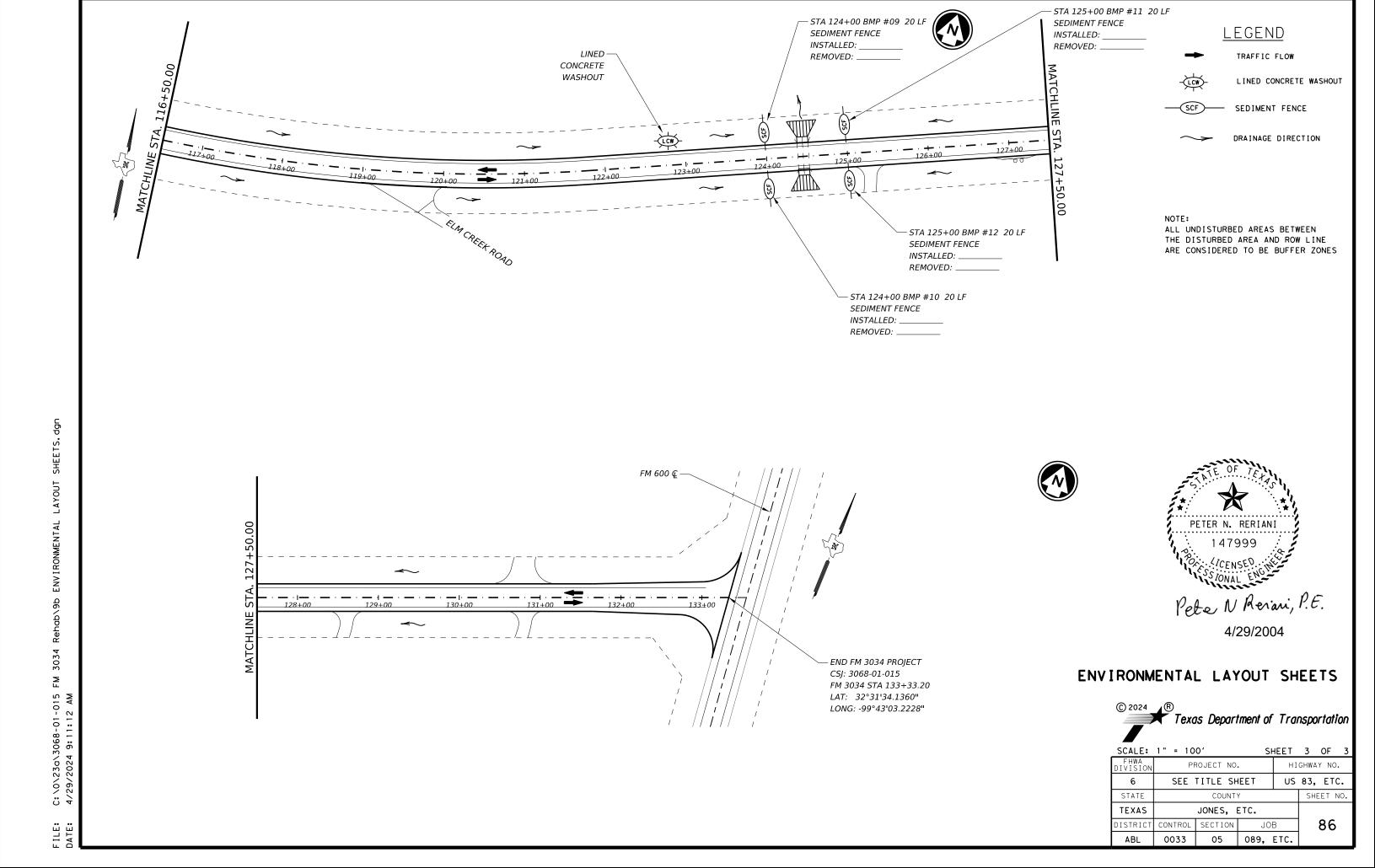
Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

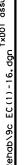
Memorandum of Understanding

Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System

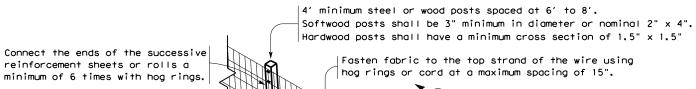












Woven filter

fabric-

Attach the wire mesh and fabric on end posts using 4 evenly spaced staples for wooden posts (or 4 T-Clips or

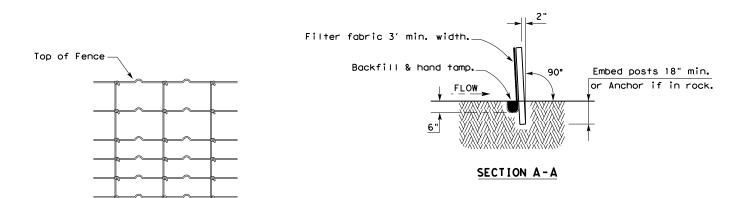
Galvanized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.) (See woven mesh option detail) sewn vertical pockets for steel posts).

Place 4" to 6" of fabric against the trench side and approximently 2" across the trench bottom in the upstream direction.

Minimum trench size shall be 6" square. Backfill and hand tamp.

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

(SCF)



HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

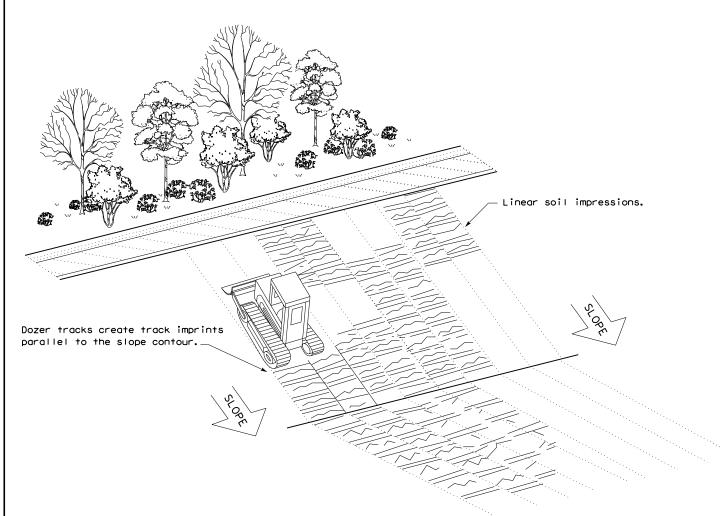
LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

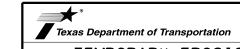


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

FILE: eC116	DN: I XU	01	CK: KM DW: \		Ab DN/ck: F2		K: LS	
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0033	05	089,	ETC.	US	83,	ETC.	
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	ABL	JONES. ETC.				87		