

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
6	BR 2023 (578) ETC	1
STATE	STATE DIST.	COUNTY
TEXAS	23	STEPHENS
CONT. SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.
092322	025, ETC	LIVE OAK, ETC

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. BR 2023(028)

Shelton Avenue
Stephens County

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT
CONSISTING OF REPLACING BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

LIMITS: ON Shelton Avenue at Gonzales Draw

DESIGN SPEED = 30 MPH
ADT (2013) = 759
ADT (2035) = 1063
LOCAL

LENGTH OF PROJECT

ROADWAY	= 108.66 FT	= 0.021 MI
BRIDGE	= 26.34 FT	= 0.005 MI
TOTAL	= 135.00 FT	= 0.026 MI

INDEX OF SHEETS

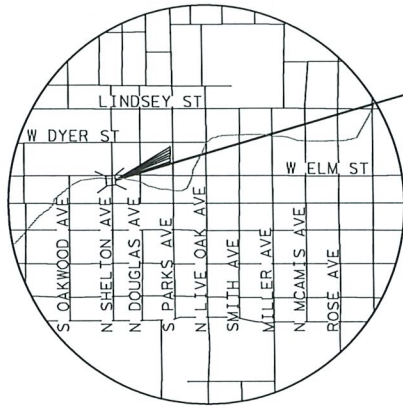
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX OF SHEETS

FINAL PLANS

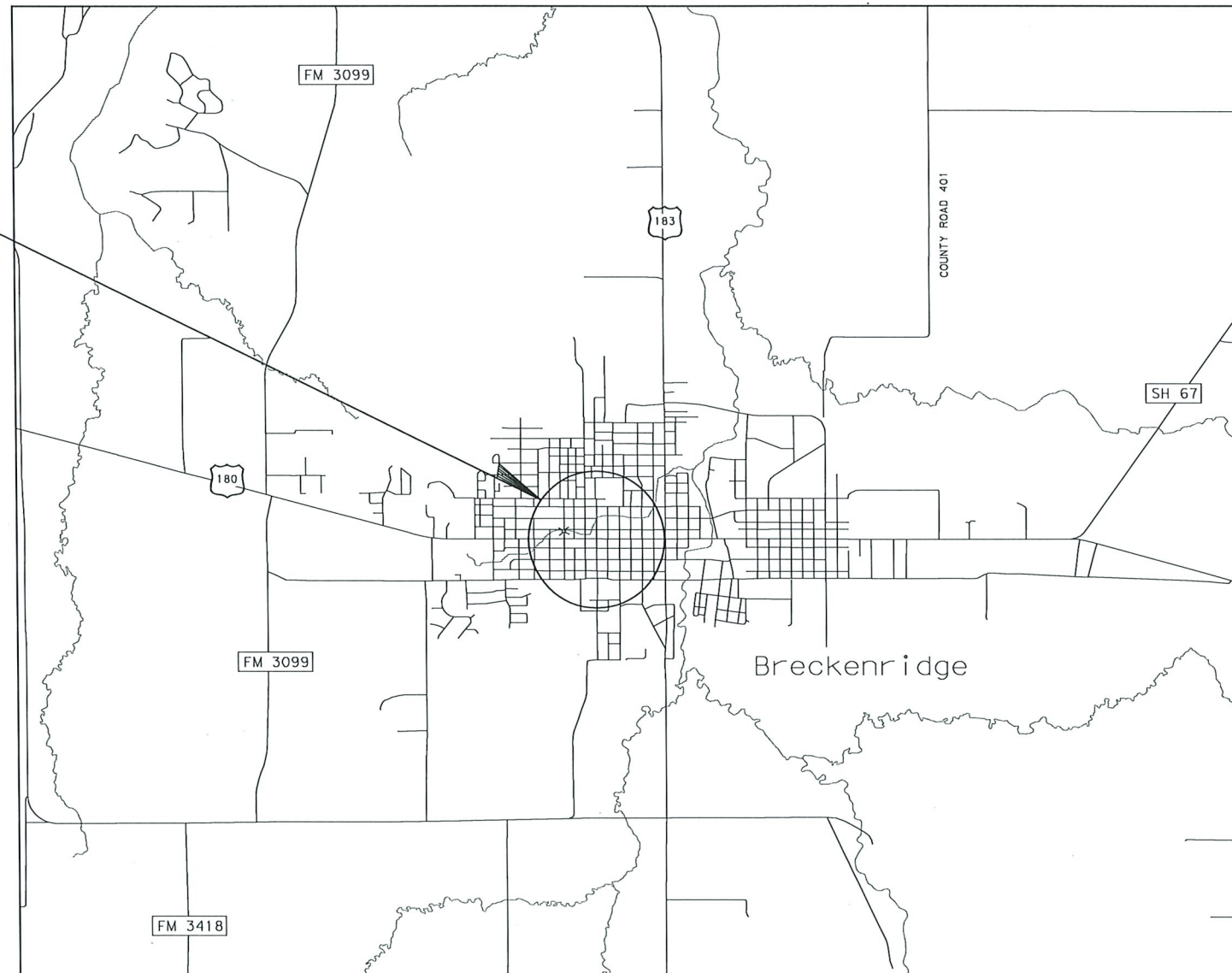
PROJECT LETTING DATE:
CONTRACTOR:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED AND ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST:



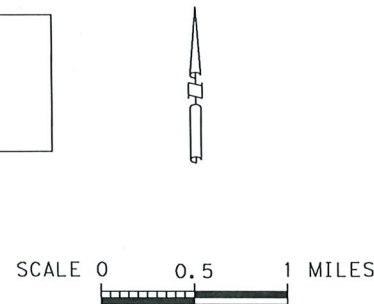
George E. Tillett
11/1/2022



BEG PROJECT
STA 10+05
CSJ: 0923-22-027
END PROJECT
STA 11+40
CSJ: 0923-22-027



VOLUME II
CONTRACT 0923-22-025



THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND CONTRACT.

AREA ENGINEER, P.E. _____ DATE _____

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, JULY, 2022).

EQUATIONS: NONE
EXCEPTIONS: NONE
NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS - NONE ELIMINATED

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 21 THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

11/04/2022

CONCURRENCE:

[Signature]
MAYOR, CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE



11/29/2022

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by:
MA Stt, P.E.
77D1477834646E...
DISTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

11/29/2022

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by:
MA Stt, P.E.
77D1477834646E...
DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

11/29/2022

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by:
Elias H. Rueti
BB9FD402431A4A3...
DISTRICT ENGINEER

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43	PIPE PENETRATION DETAIL		

* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.


SIGNATURE

11/1/2022
DATE



NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



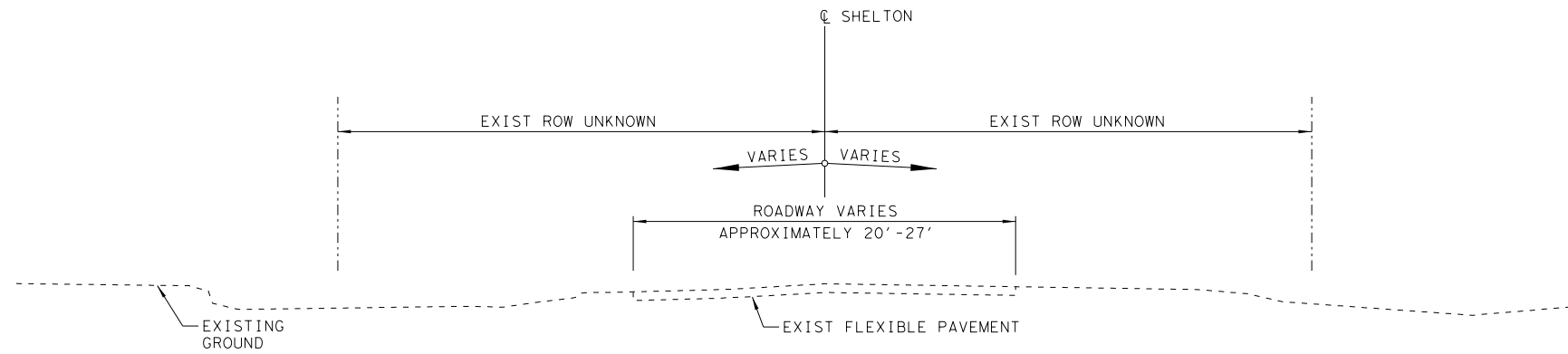
SHELTON AVE AT
GONZALES DRAW

INDEX OF SHEETS

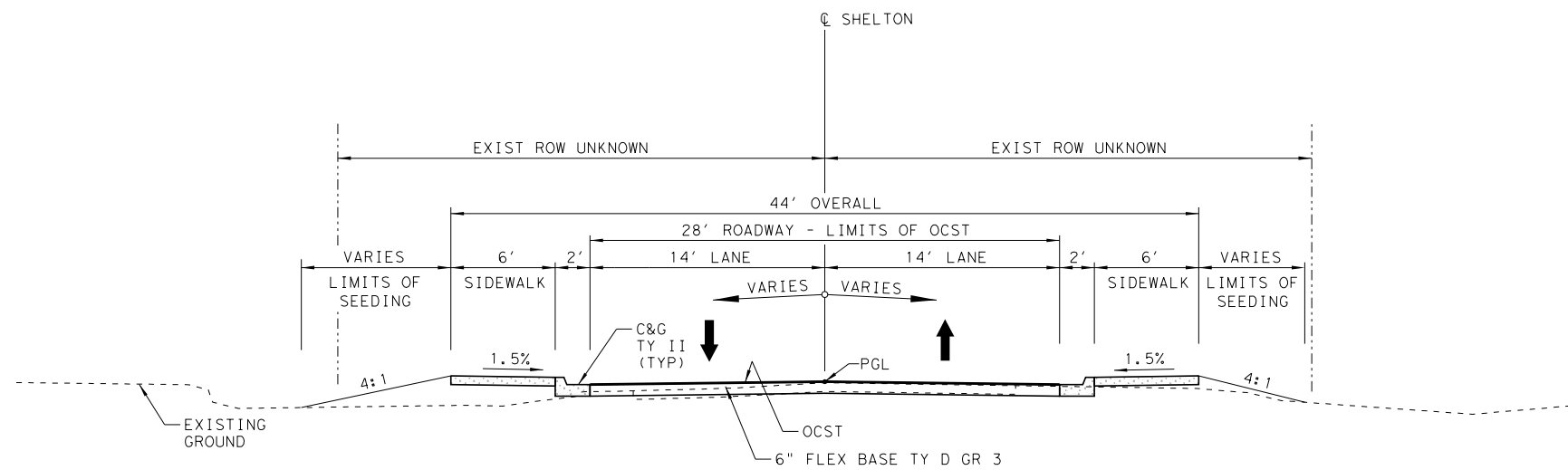
SHEET 1 OF 1

FED. RD. DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS		2

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EXISTING SHELTON APPROACH ROADWAY



PROPOSED SHELTON APPROACH ROADWAY

FROM STA 10+45.00 TO STA 11+40.00

PROPOSED BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT STA 10+60.83 TO STA 10+87.17

TRANSITION FROM EXISTING TO PROPOSED WIDTH STA 10+05.00 TO STA 10+45.00

SEE HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA & INTERSECTION LAYOUT FOR CROSS SLOPE INFORMATION

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE						

**LIVE OAK AVE AT
GONZALES DRAW**

TYPICAL SECTIONS

\$SN#OF#				
FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	025, ETC.	LIVE OAK, ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS		\$SN\$

ROADWAY SUMMARY

110-6001	132-6005	247-6055	442-6007	464-6007	529-6008	531-6002	531-6005	531-6010	658-6014
EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY C)	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY D GR 3) (FNAL POS)	STR STEEL (MISC NON - BRIDGE)	RC PIPE (CL III) (30 IN)	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	CONC SIDEWALKS (5")	CURB RAMPS (TY 2)	CURB RAMPS (TY 7)	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW) SZ (BRF) CTB (BI)
CY	CY	CY	LB	LF	LF	SY	EA	EA	EA
101	122	88	96	20	168	83	2	2	6

TABLE OF SURFACE AREAS

ITEM	AREA (SY)
ONE COURSE SURFACE TREATMENT (OCST)	525
FLEX BASE (TRANSITION)	114
FLEX BASE (CURB AND GUTTER SECTION)	411



EROSION CONTROL SUMMARY

164-6025	164-6029	164-6031	SUBSIDIARY	168-6001	169-6002	506-6038	506-6039	506-6053	506-6011
CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (URBAN) (SANDY)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE WATERING	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY B)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2) (6:1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)
SY	SY	SY	TON	MG	SY	LF	LF	LF	LF
70	35	35	0.003	1.6	70	185	185	35	35

REMOVAL SUMMARY

100-6002	104-6029	104-6044	496-6009	644-6076
PREPARING ROW	REMOVING CONC (CURB OR CURB & GUTTER)	REMOVING CONC (FLUME)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP &AM
STA	LF	SY	EA	EA
1.4	23	35	1	3

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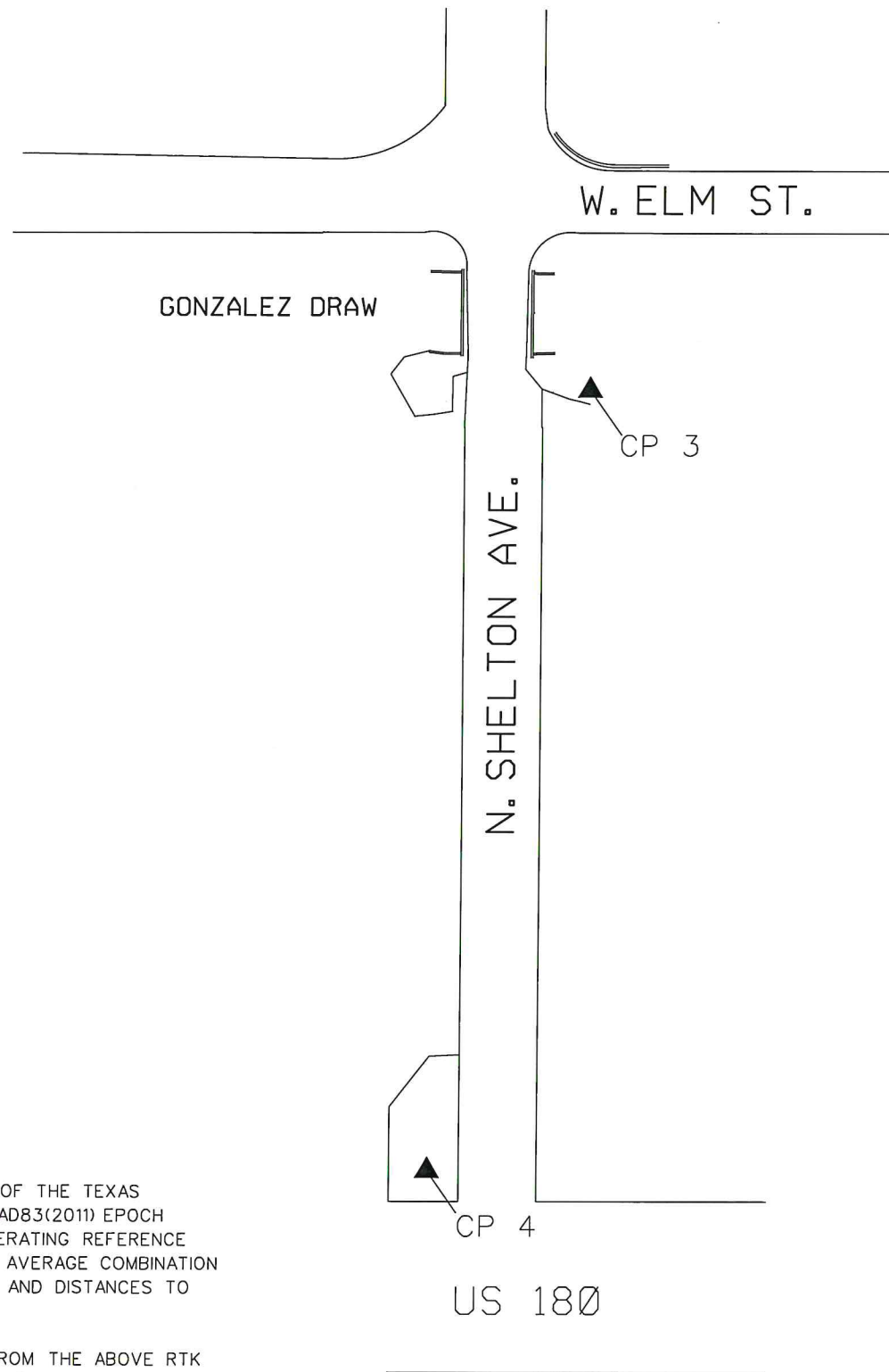
NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE						
 TEXAS TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS, INC. Firm # F-19397									
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SHELTON AVE AT GONZALES DRAW QUANTITY SUMMARIES									
SHEET 1 OF 1									
FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.					
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.					
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS		6					



GRAPHIC SCALE



1" = 50'



NOTES:

1. BEARINGS OF LINES SHOWN HEREON REFER TO GRID NORTH OF THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983 (NORTH CENTRAL ZONE 4202; NAD83(2011) EPOCH 2010) AS DERIVED LOCALLY FROM TXDOT'S CONTINUOUSLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATIONS (CORS) VIA REAL TIME KINEMATIC (RTK) METHODS. AN AVERAGE COMBINATION FACTOR OF 1.00012 WAS USED TO SCALE GRID COORDINATES AND DISTANCES TO SURFACE. ALL COORDINATES SHOWN ARE SURFACE.

2. THE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE NAVD88 AND WERE DERIVED FROM THE ABOVE RTK OBSERVATIONS. ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHTS WERE CALCULATED BY APPLYING THE GEOID12B MODEL TO THE ELLIPSOID HEIGHTS.

3. FIELD SURVEYS WERE CONDUCTED BY TEAGUE NALL & PERKINS, INC., FEBRUARY 2022

POINT	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION
CP 3	6,959,101.83	1,841,1634.60	1,196.90	5/8" Iron rod with aluminum cap set 90 feet South of edge pavement W. Elm St., being 29 feet East of edge of pavement N. Shelton Ave., & being 7 feet North of wood fence.
CP 4	6,958,900.79	1,841,579.03	1201.35	5/8" Iron rod with aluminum cap set in the NW Quadrant of US 180 and N. Shelton Ave. being 10 feet West of edge pavement N. Shelton Ave., 10 North of edge pavement US 180.

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



Timothy A. Frost
02/22/2022

TEXAS TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS, INC. Firm # F-19397

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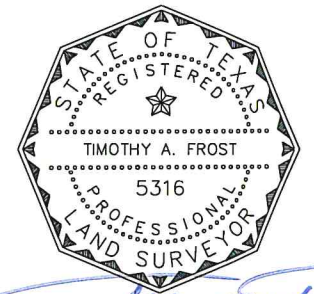
SHELTON AVE @ GONZALEZ DRAW

SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET

FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	7	

\$SCRIPT\$
 \$USERS\$
 \$TIMES\$
 \$FILES\$
 \$DATES\$

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATA SHOWN HEREON WAS DETERMINED BY A FIELD SURVEY IN FEBRUARY 2022 UTILIZING THE TxDOT RTK NETWORK AND IS CORRECTLY SHOWN HEREON.



Timothy A. Frost

02/22/2022

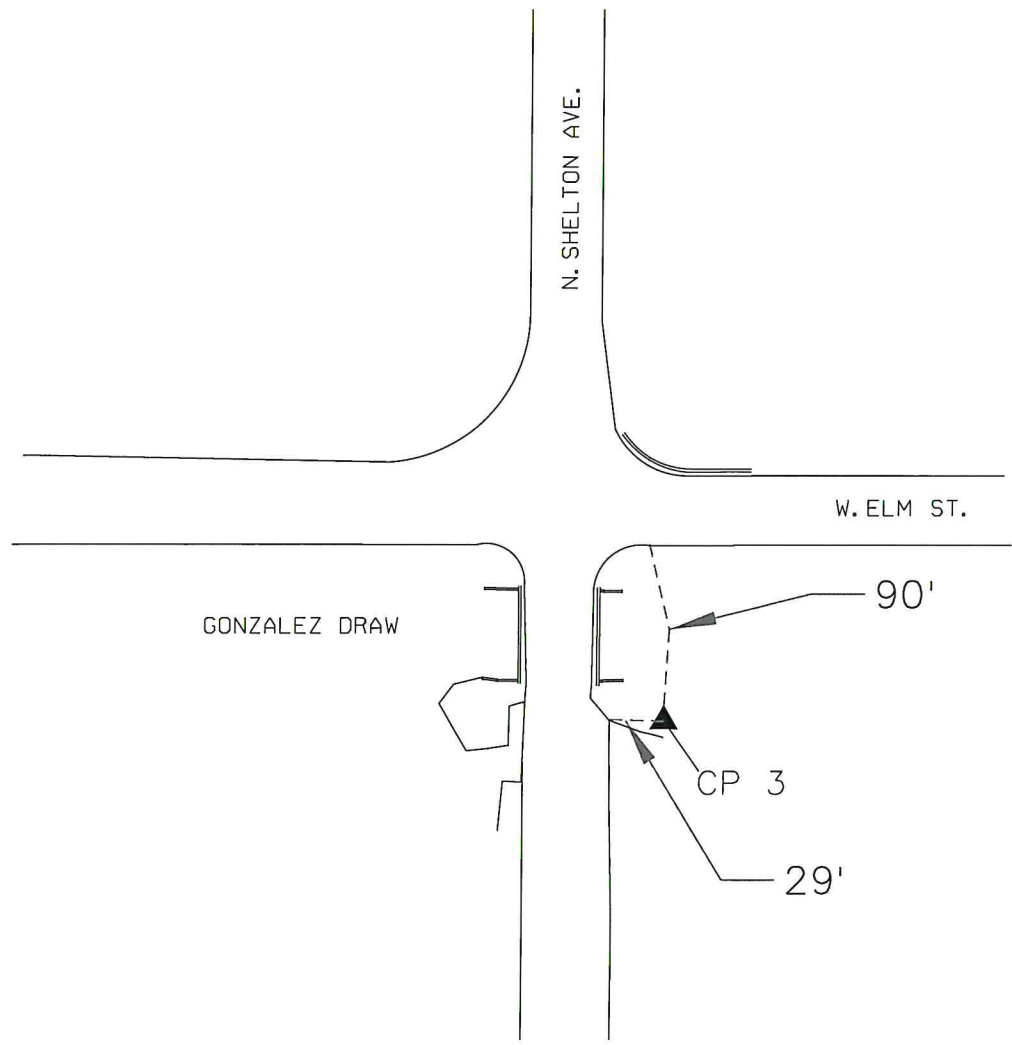
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SHELTON AVE @
GONZALEZ DRAW

PRIMARY HORIZONTAL
AND VERTICAL CONTROL

FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	8	

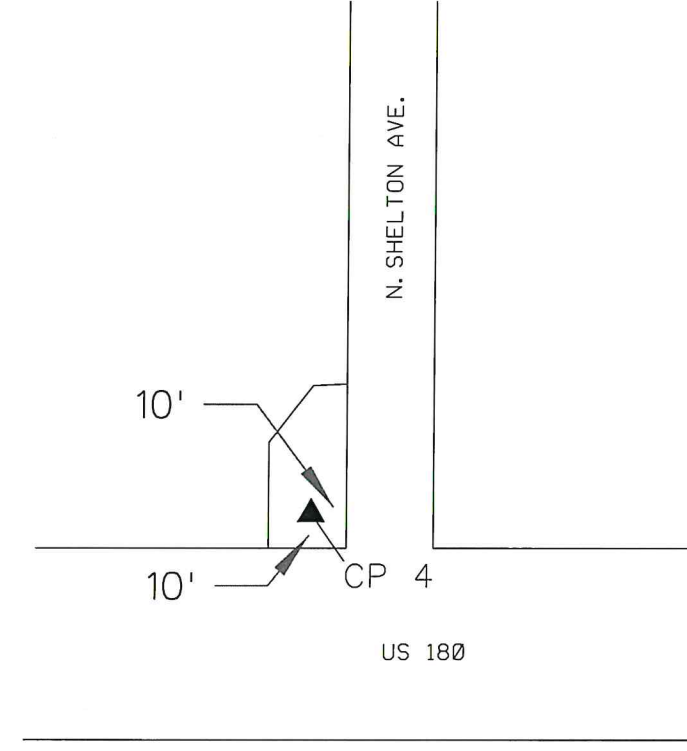


\$SCRIPTS
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 \$TIMES
 \$FILES \$DATES

CONTROL POINT NO. 3
APPROXIMATE LOCATION

5/8" IRON ROD WITH ALUMINUM CAP 90 FEET SOUTH OF EDGE PAVEMENT W. ELM ST., BEING 29 FEET EAST OF EDGE PAVEMENT N. SHELTON AVE. & BEING 7 FEET NORTH OF WOOD FENCE.

US SURVEY FEET
 NAVD 88 ELEVATION - 1,196.90'
 DATE SET: FEBRUARY 22, 2022
 MONUMENT: 5/8" IRON ROD WITH ALUM CAP
 STEPHENS COUNTY SCALE FACTOR: 1.00012
 SURFACE COORDS
 NORTHING: 6,959,101.83
 EASTING: 1,841,634.60
 GRID COORDS
 NORTHING: 6,958,266.84
 EASTING: 1,841,413.63

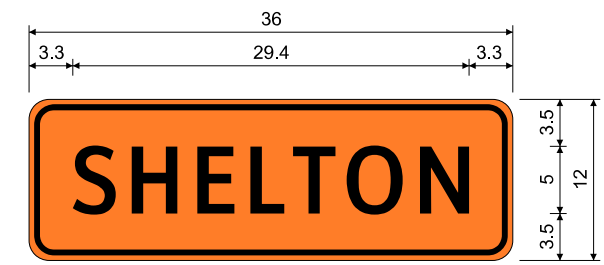
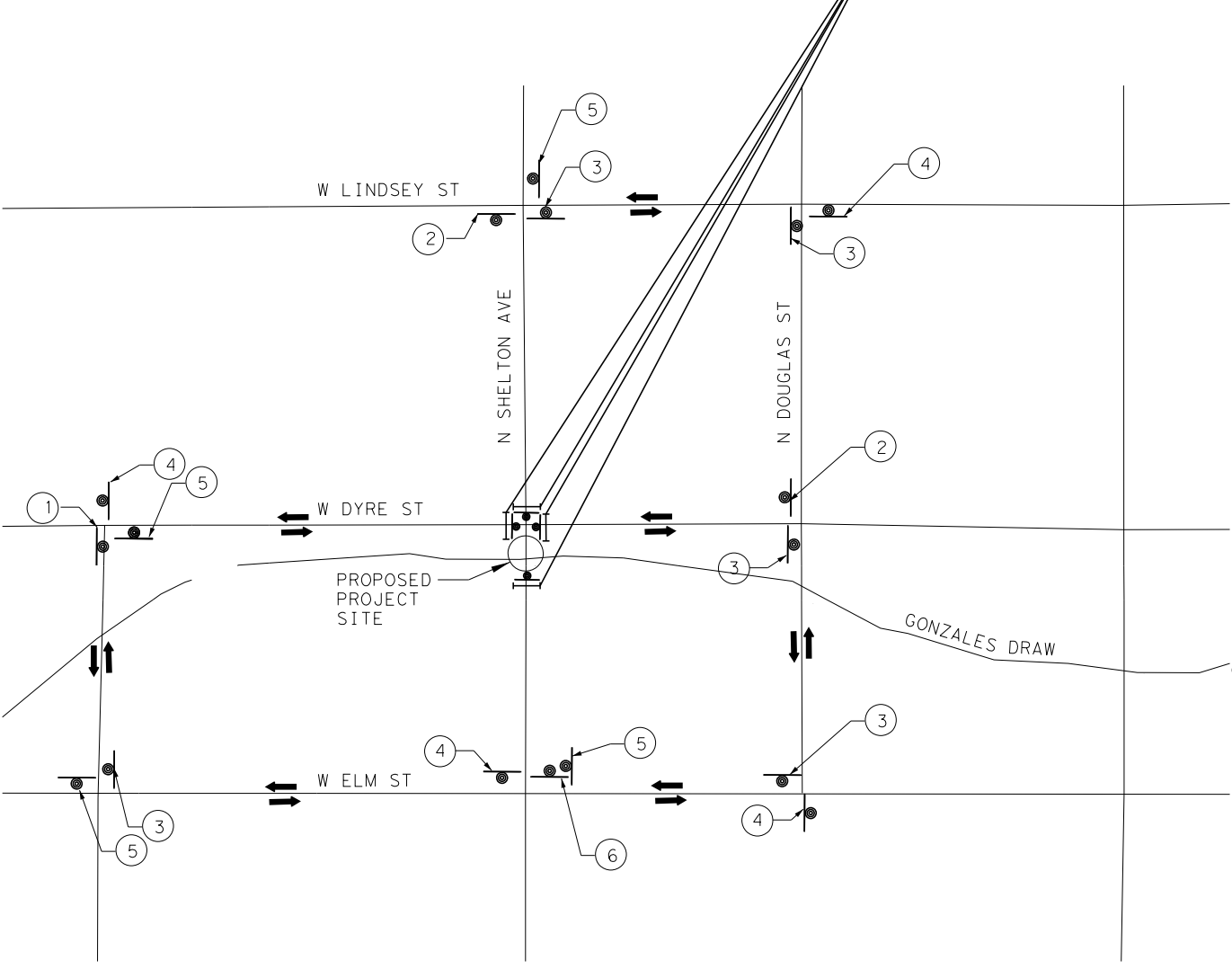
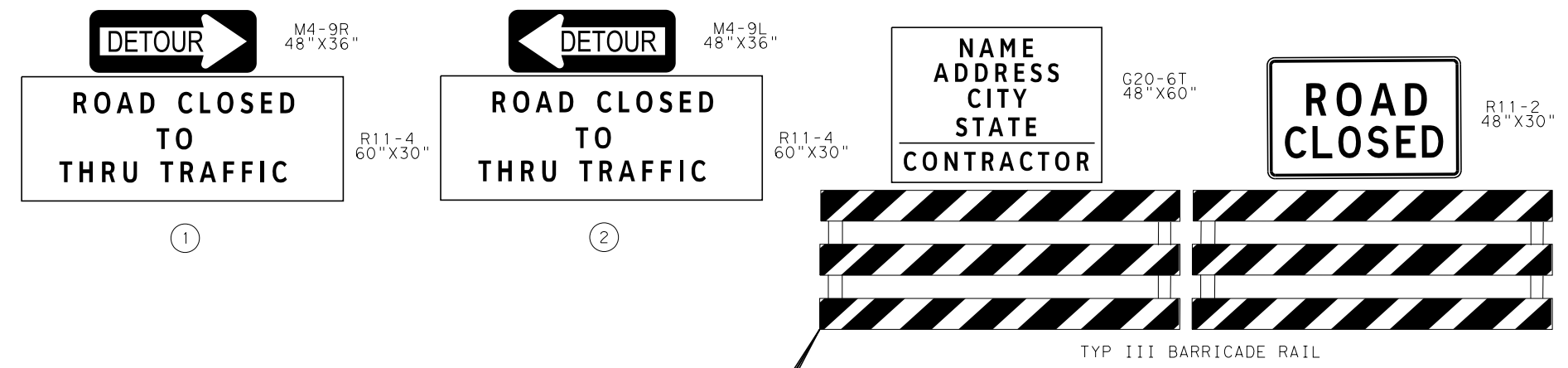


CONTROL POINT NO. 4
APPROXIMATE LOCATION

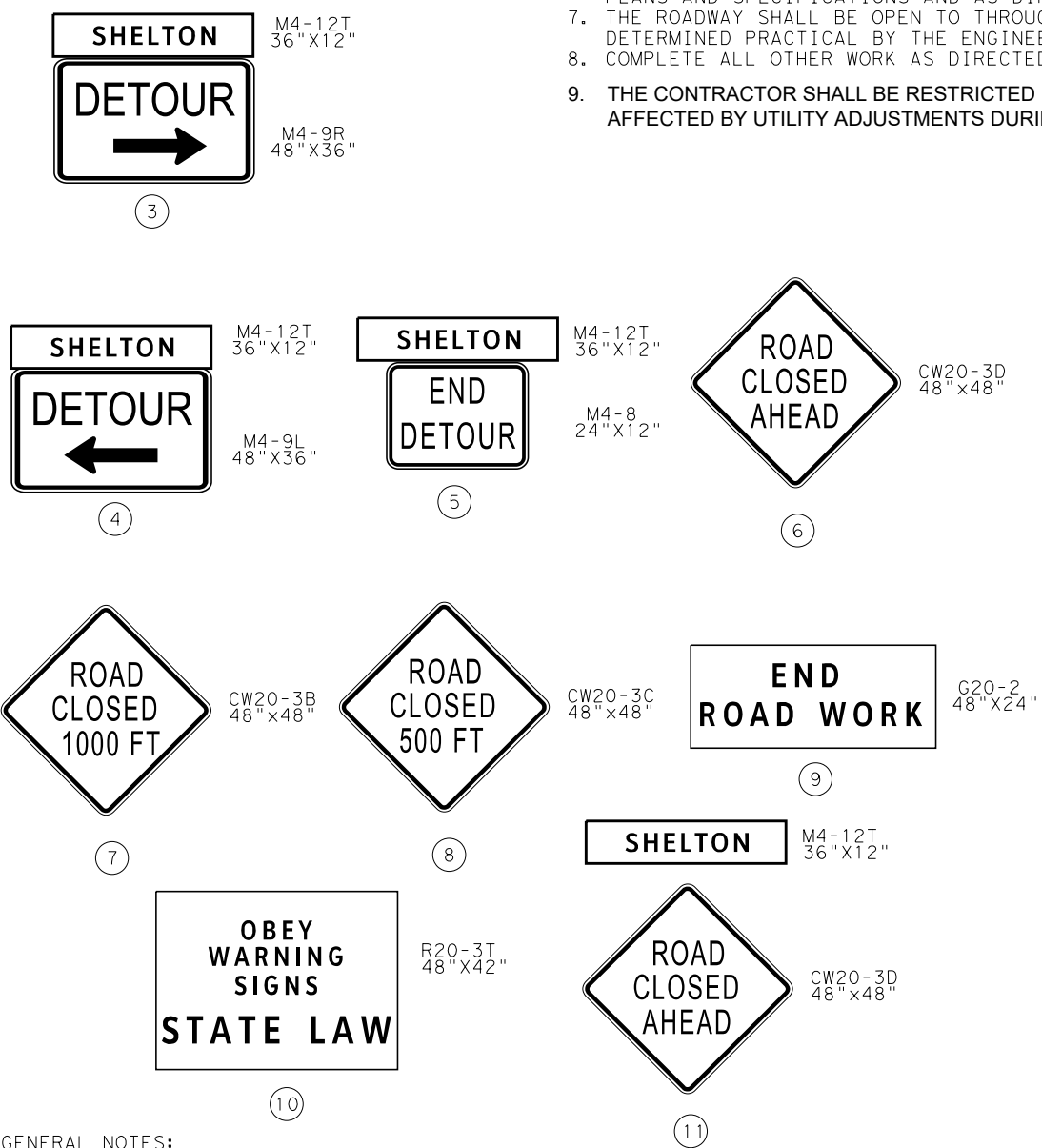
5/8" IRON ROD WITH ALUMINUM CAP IN NORTHWEST QUADRANT OF US 180 AND N. SHELTON AVE. 10 FEET WEST OF EDGE PAVEMENT N. SHELTON AVE AND 10 FEET NORTH OF EDGE PAVEMENT US 180.

US SURVEY FEET
 NAVD 88 ELEVATION - 1,201.35'
 DATE SET: FEBRUARY 22, 2022
 MONUMENT: 5/8" IRON ROD WITH ALUM CAP
 STEPHENS COUNTY SCALE FACTOR: 1.00012
 SURFACE COORDS
 NORTHING: 6,958,900.79
 EASTING: 1,841,579.03
 GRID COORDS
 NORTHING: 6,958,065.82
 EASTING: 1,841,358.07

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 12/7/2022
 JamesBrooks
 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pex



Id: M4-12T
 1.5 Radius, 0.438 Border, Black on Orange
 [SHELTON] 5CV-3W



GENERAL NOTES:
 SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 OTHER SIGNS AS DETIALED IN THE BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND IN THE MUTCD MAY BE USED AS REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER IN ORDER TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFE PASSAGE OF TRAFFIC THROUGH THE PROJECT ONCE BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE. PAYMENT FOR ALL SUCH SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502 " BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
 PROVIDE ACCESS TO AND FROM DRIVEWAYS AND ALL ADJACENT PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES.

TRAFFIC CONTROL SEQUENCE
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A DETAILED SCHEDULE OF WORK TO THE AREA ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION, WHICH GENERALLY CONFORMS TO THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE:

1. INSTALL PROJECT LIMIT SIGNING AND BARRICADES AND SW3P PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER WORK.
2. ALL ROAD CLOSURE SIGNING SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO ANY ACTIVITIES WHICH WILL PROHIBIT THROUGH TRAFFIC AND SHALL BE PLACED MORE THAN 24 HOURS PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITY.
3. COMMENCE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
4. ONCE THE EXISTING BRIDGE IS REMOVED AND TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION IS IN PLACE, COORDINATE THE UTILITY COMPANY ADJUSTMENTS.
5. DURING UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS CONTINUE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, SUBGRADE PREP, PAVEMENT AND WINGWALL PLACEMENT.
6. ONCE UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS ARE COMPLETE, COMPLETE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
7. THE ROADWAY SHALL BE OPEN TO THROUGH TRAFFIC AS SOON AS DETERMINED PRACTICAL BY THE ENGINEER.
8. COMPLETE ALL OTHER WORK AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESTRICTED FROM WORKING IN AREAS AFFECTED BY UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS DURING THE ADJUSTMENT PERIOD.

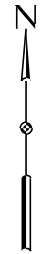
LEGEND	
	SIGN
	TY III BARRICADES
DETOUR LENGTH 0.5 MILES ADT: 50	

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



SHELTON AVE AT GONZALES DRAW
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	10	



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 DATE: 11/1/2022 1:15
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bentley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/06 Standards/02 TCP/BC-21.dgn

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS) "
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS



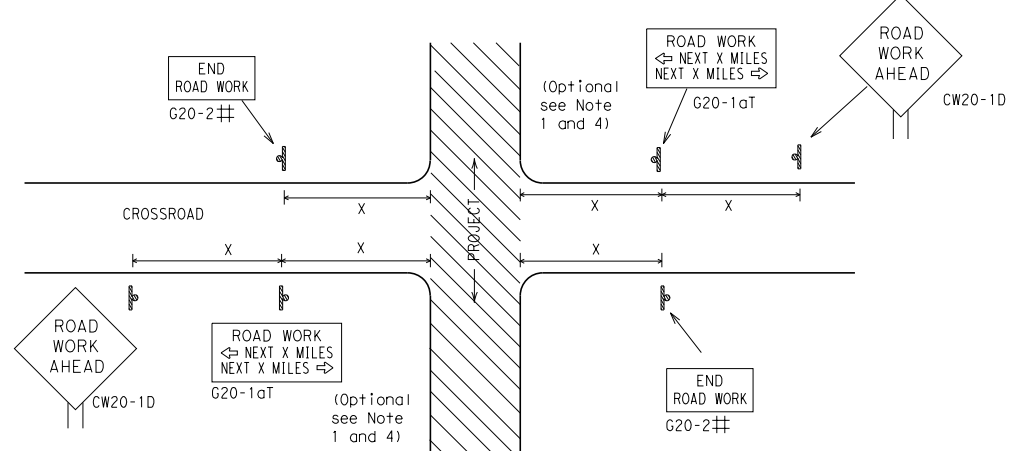
**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS**

BC (1) - 21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS		0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE				
4-03	7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
9-07	8-14	BWD	STEPHENS	11					
5-10	5-21								

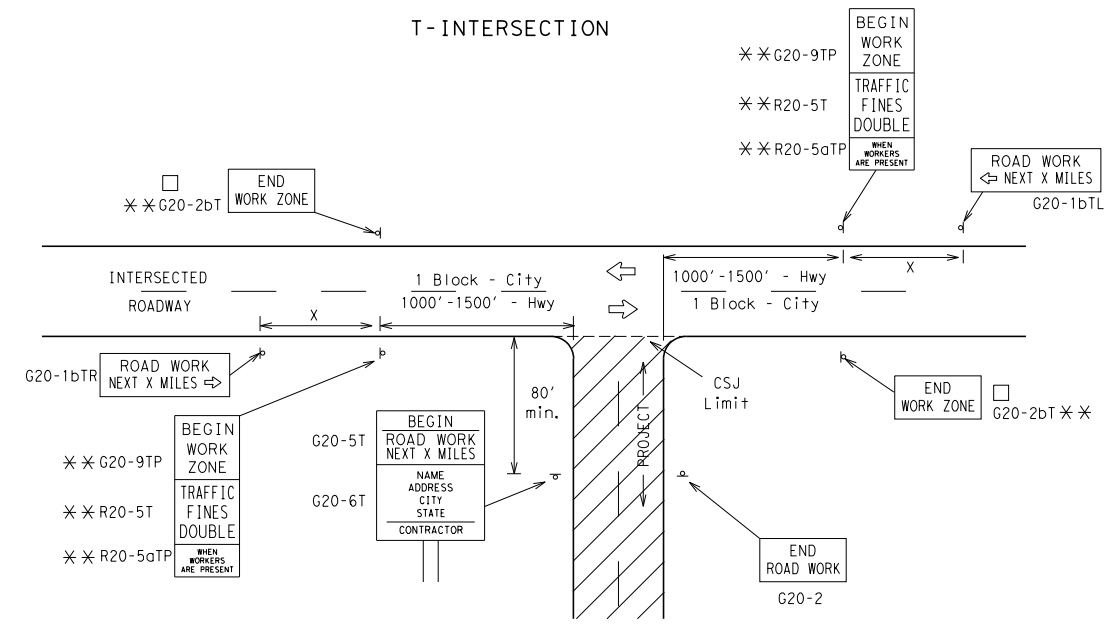
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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
 - The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
 - Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
 - The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
 - Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
 - When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR) signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING^{1,5,6}

Sign Number or Series	SIZE		SPACING	
	Conventional Road	Expressway/Freeway	Posted Speed MPH	Sign Spacing "X" Feet (Apprx.)
CW20 ⁴	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	30	120
CW21			35	160
CW22			40	240
CW23			45	320
CW25			50	400
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" x 36"	48" x 48"	55	500 ²
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	60	600 ²
			65	700 ²
			70	800 ²
			80	1000 ²
*			*	* ³

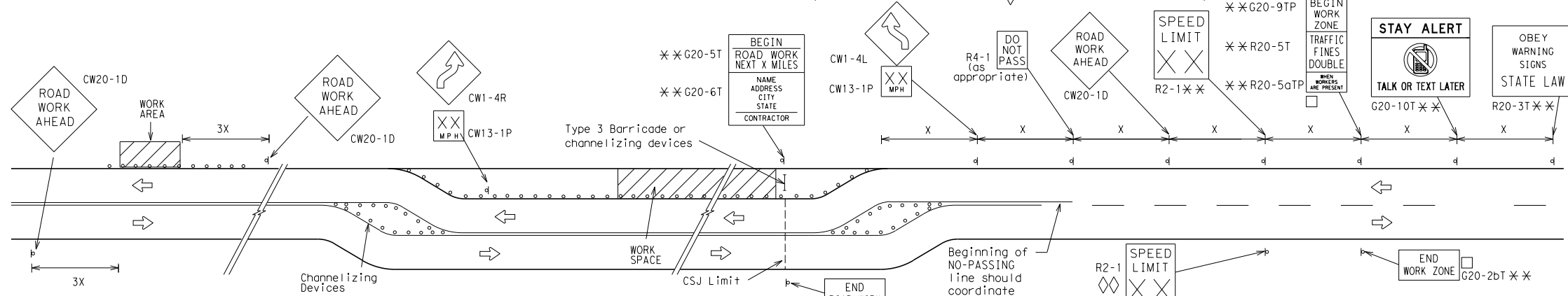
* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

△ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

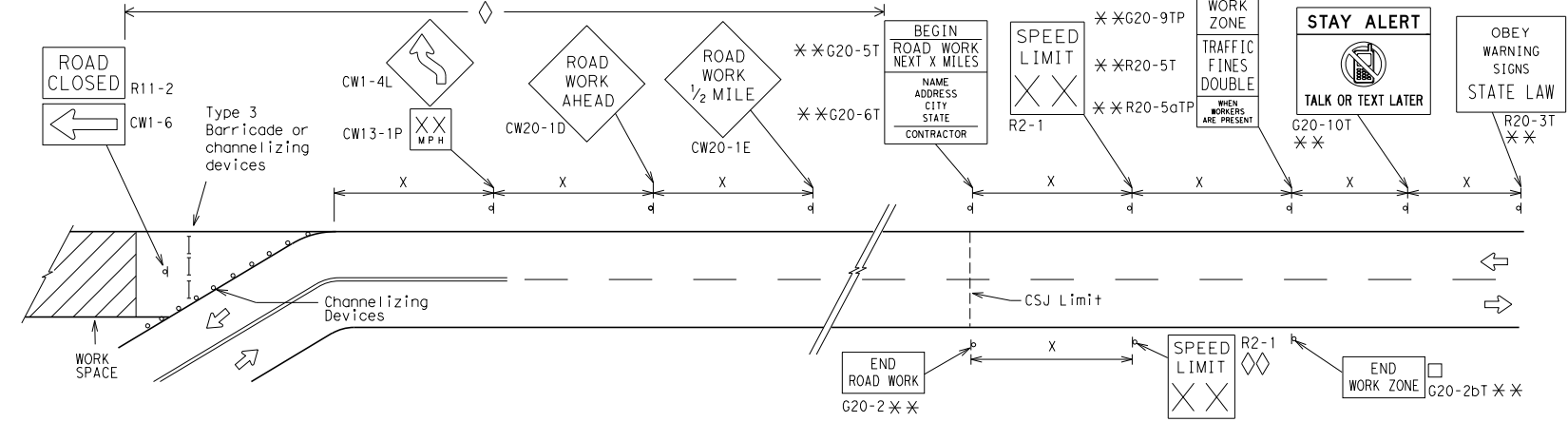
- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS



When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



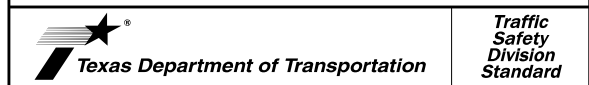
NOTES

- The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.
- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND

—	Type 3 Barricade
○ ○ ○	Channelizing Devices
■	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

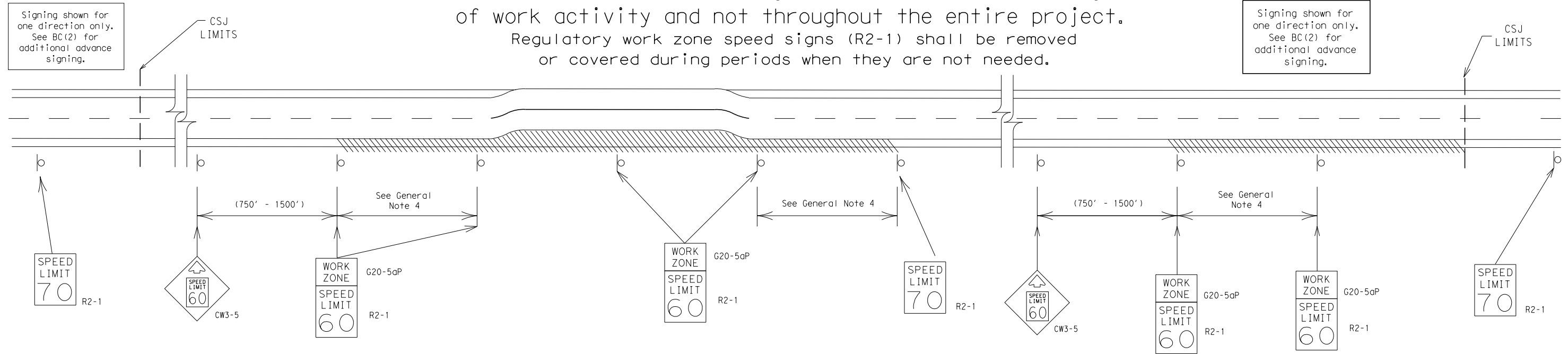
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© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	BWD	STEPHENS	12	

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- rough road or damaged pavement surface
- substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- construction detours
- grade
- width
- other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater	0.2 to 2 miles
35 mph and less	0.2 to 1 mile
- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 - Law enforcement.
 - Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

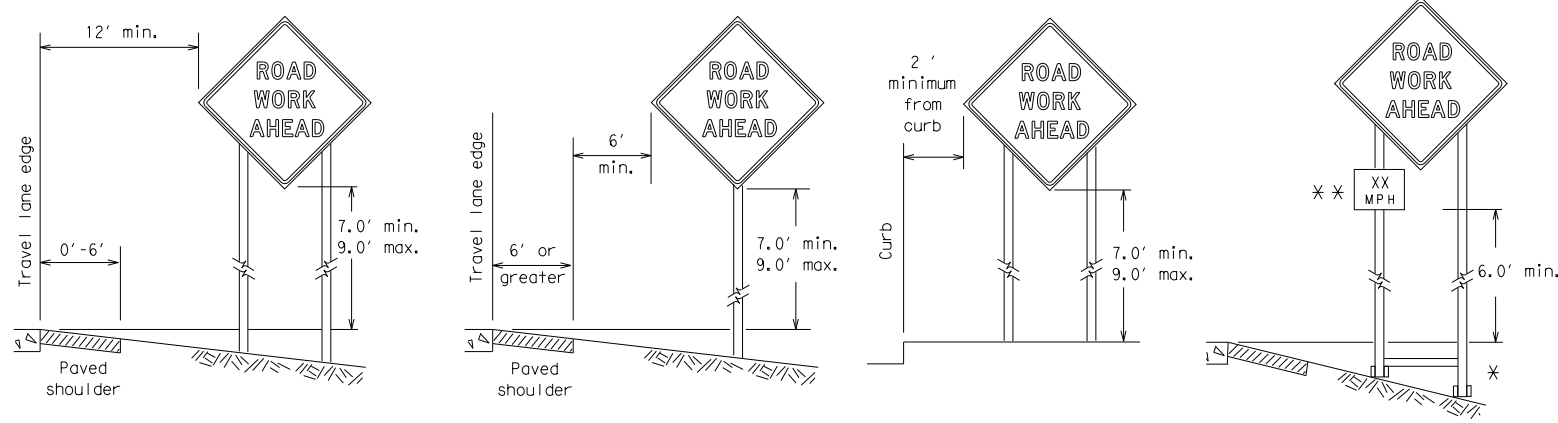
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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
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9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
7-13	5-21	BWD	STEPHENS	13					

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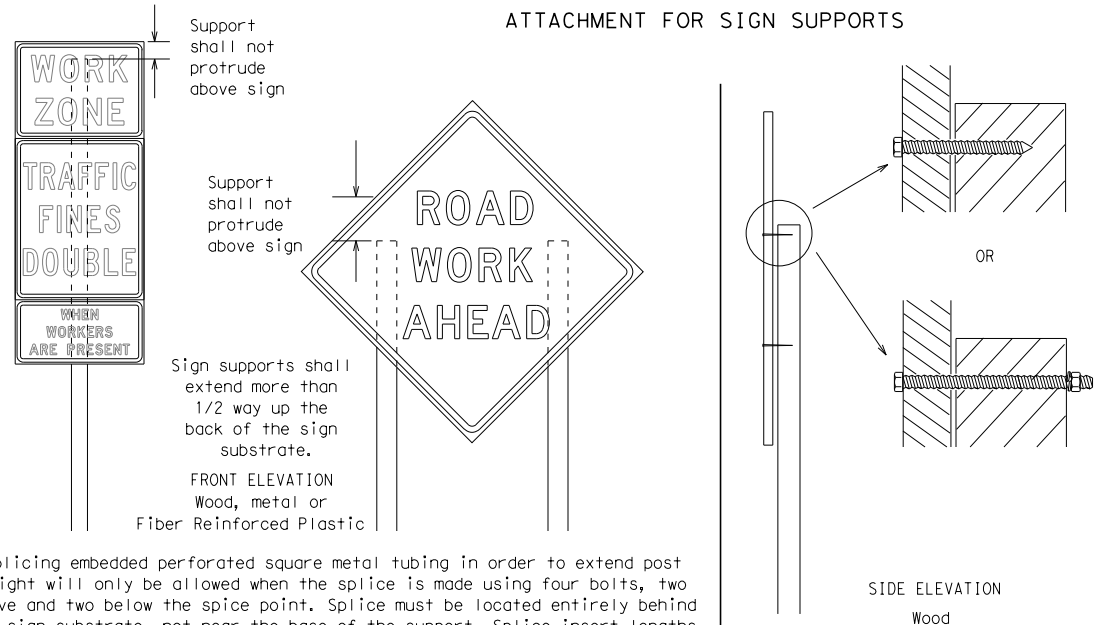
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

** When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS



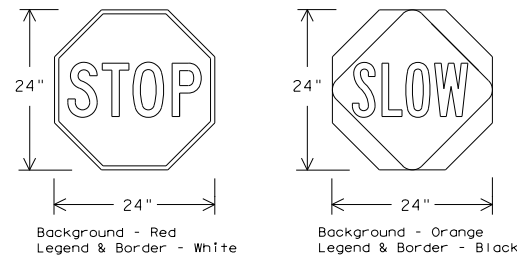
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the splice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectORIZED when used at night.
3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)		
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
3. When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
5. If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRs standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - d. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - e. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as fire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

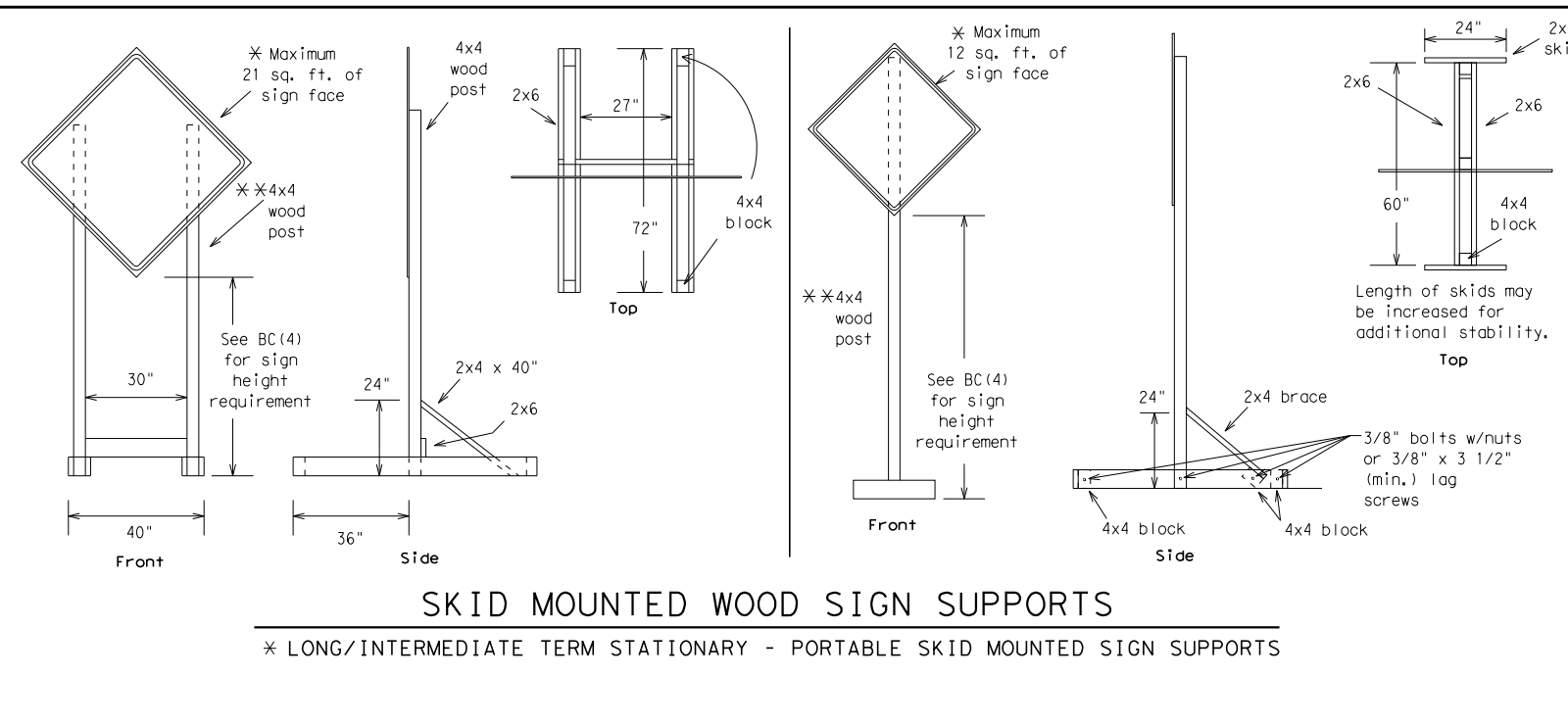
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) - 21

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7-13	5-21	BWD	STEPHENS	14

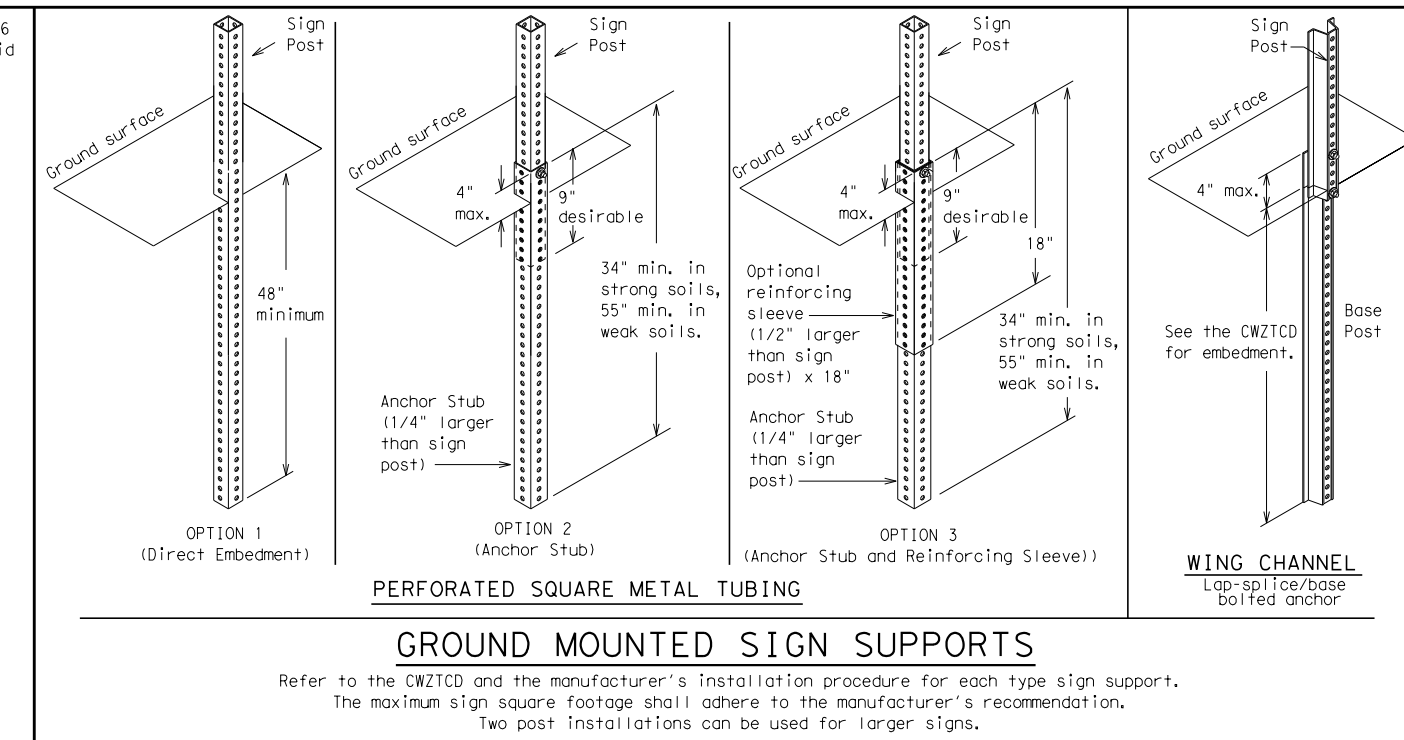
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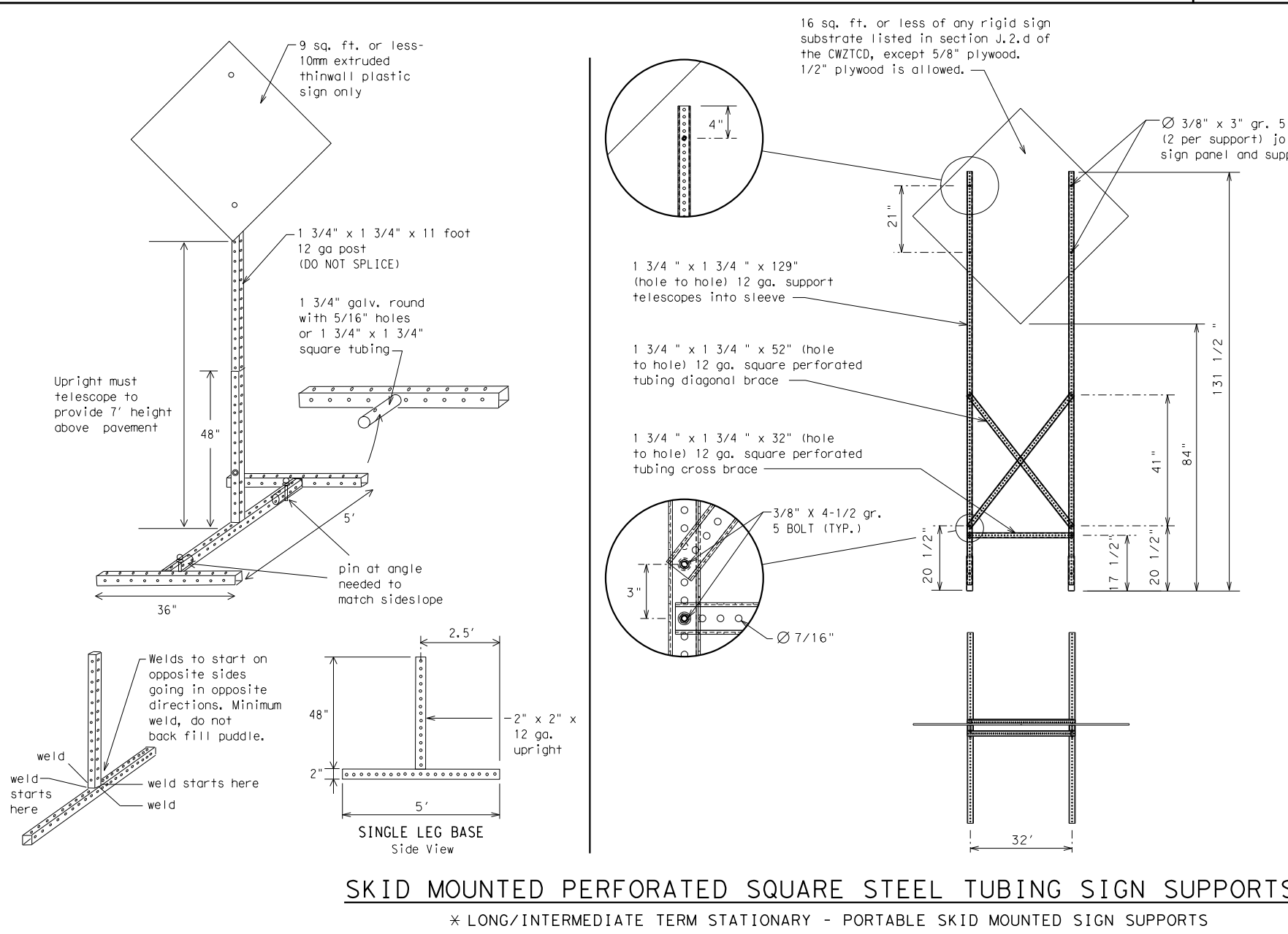
SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS
 Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS
 MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
 - No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
 - When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- * See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) - 21

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7-13	5-21	BWD	STEPHENS	15					

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED
CENTER LANE CLOSED
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED
EXIT CLOSED
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED

Other Condition List

FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT
RIGHT X LANES OPEN
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI
ROADWORK XXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX
BUMP XXXX FT
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT
ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
US XXX EXIT X MILES
LANES SHIFT *

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List

MERGE RIGHT
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS
USE EXIT XXX
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH
TRUCKS USE US XXX N
WATCH FOR TRUCKS
EXPECT DELAYS
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT
USE OTHER ROUTES
STAY IN LANE *

Location List

AT FM XXXX
BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING
NEXT X MILES
PAST US XXX EXIT
XXXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX
US XXX TO FM XXXX

Warning List

SPEED LIMIT XX MPH
MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH
MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH
ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH
RIGHT LANE EXIT
USE CAUTION
DRIVE SAFELY
DRIVE WITH CARE

** Advance Notice List

TUE-FRI XX AM-X PM
APR XX-XX X PM-X AM
BEGINS MONDAY
BEGINS MAY XX
MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
NEXT FRI-SUN
XX AM TO XX PM
NEXT TUE AUG XX
TONIGHT XX PM-XX AM

** See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

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WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Travelers	TRVLR
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Highway	HWY	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Information	INFO	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
It Is	ITS	Warning	WARN
Junction	JCT	Wednesday	WED
Left	LFT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left Lane	LFT LN	West	W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Westbound	(route) W
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Maintenance	MAINT	Will Not	WONT

Roadway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

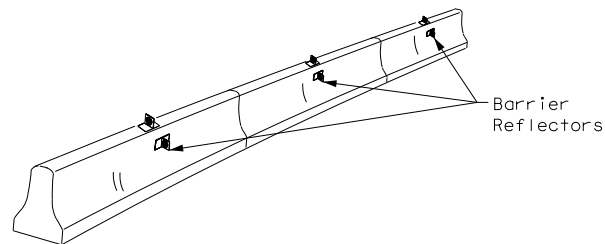
BC (6) - 21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
7-13 5-21	BWD	STEPHENS	16	

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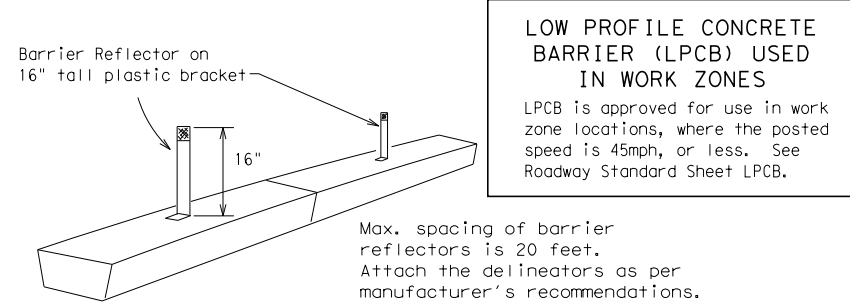
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 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bentley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA 1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/06 Standards/02 TCP/BC-21.dgn

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



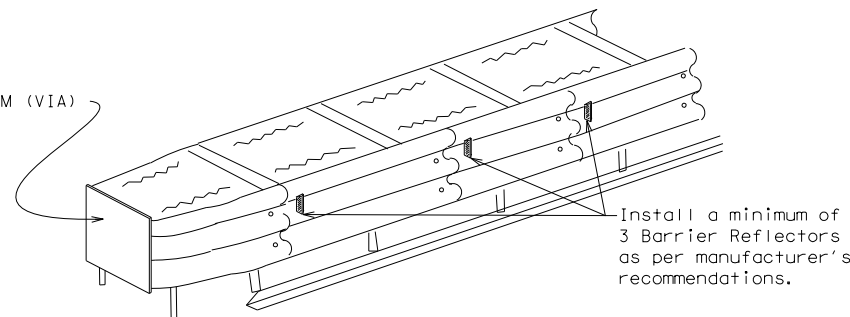
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES
 LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES
 End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the appropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

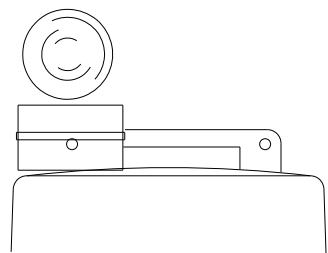
- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

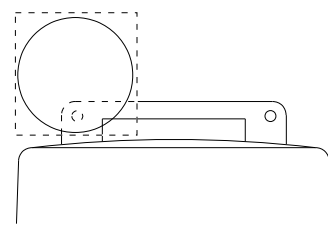
- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CWZTCD.
- The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.



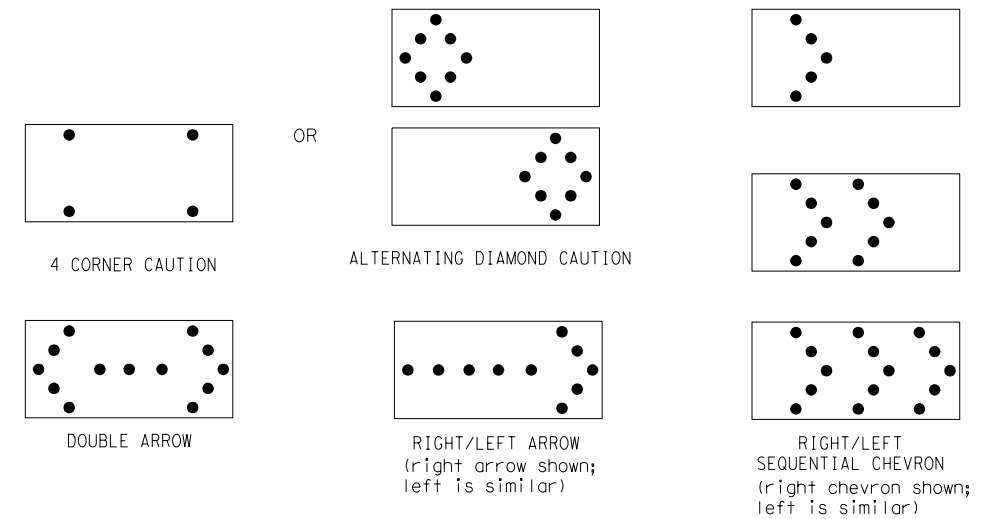
Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
- A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS			
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
B	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile
C	48 x 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION
 Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC (7) - 21

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REVISIONS		0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE				
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

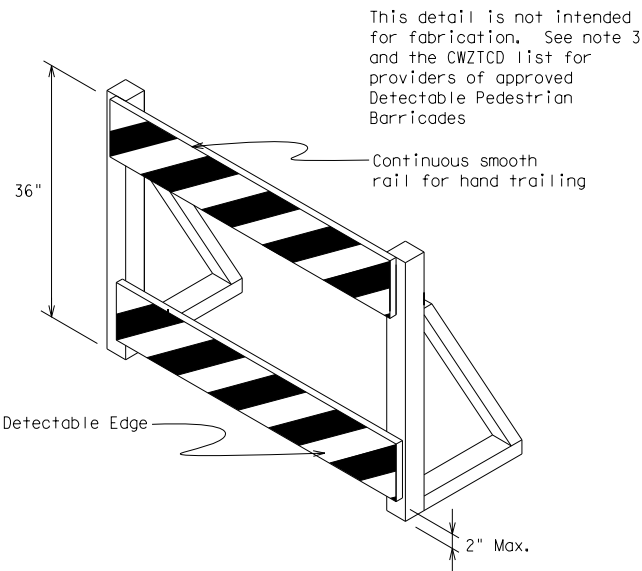
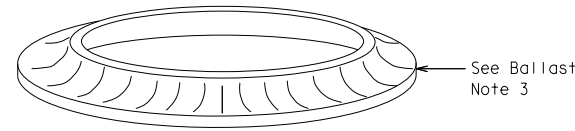
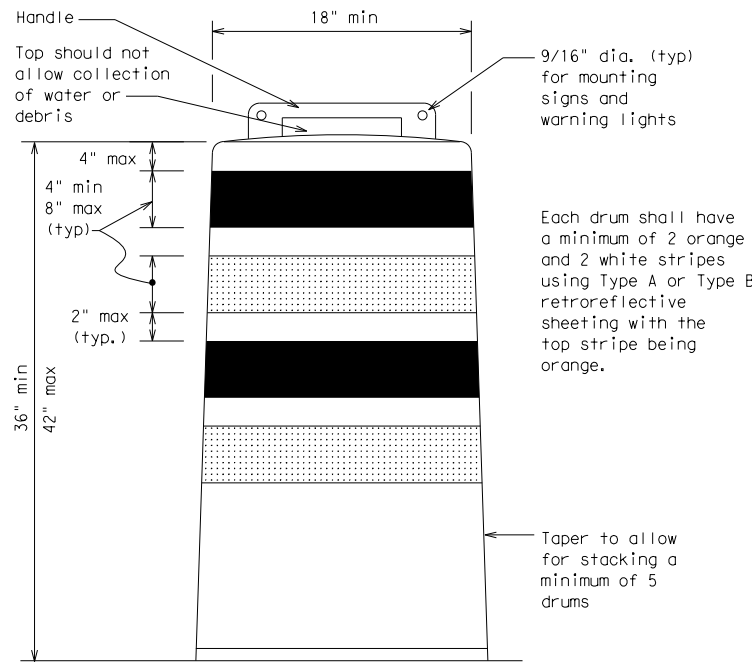
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

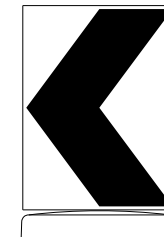
BALLAST

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

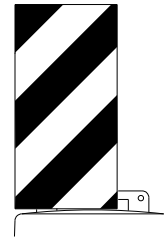


DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign
substrates shall NOT be used on
plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



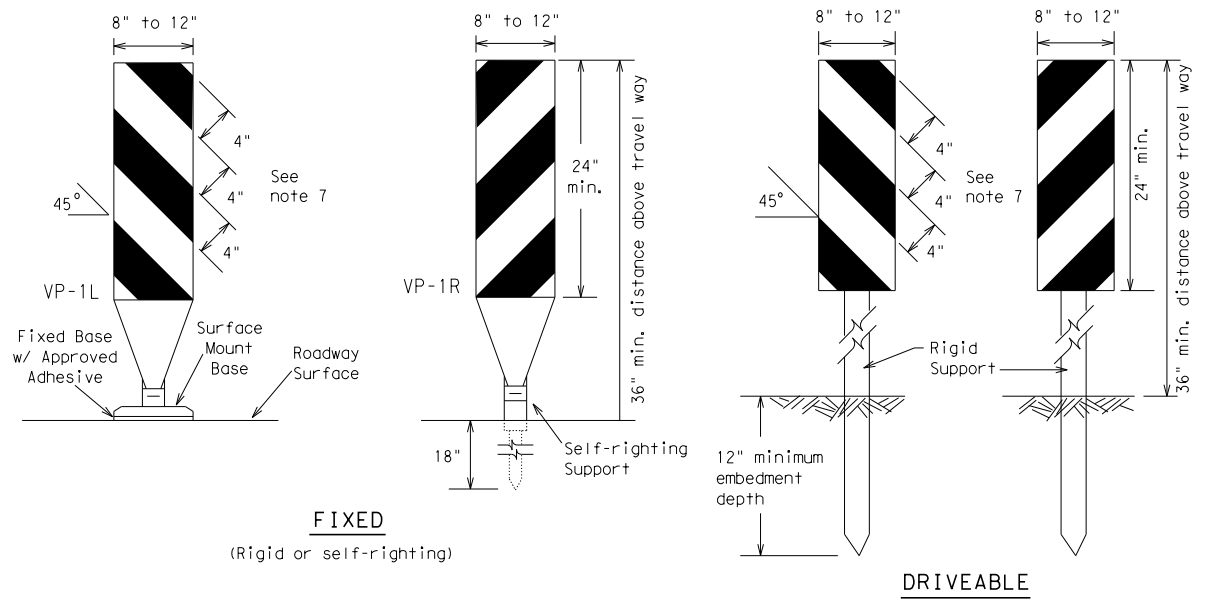
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (8) - 21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS		0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE				
4-03	8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
9-07	5-21	BWD	STEPHENS	18					
7-13									
102									

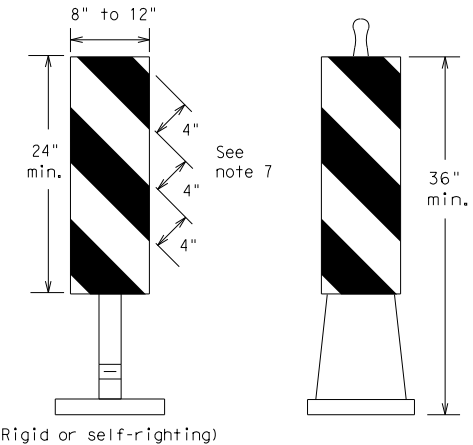
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FIXED
(Rigid or self-righting)

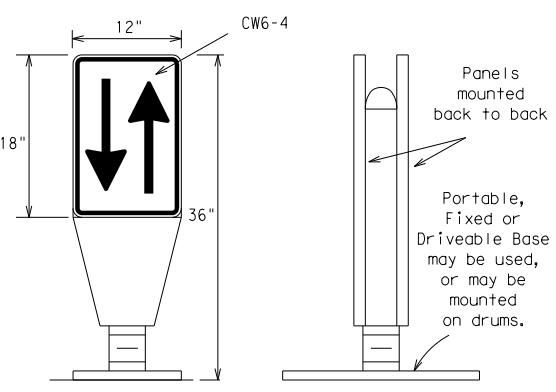
DRIVEABLE



PORTABLE

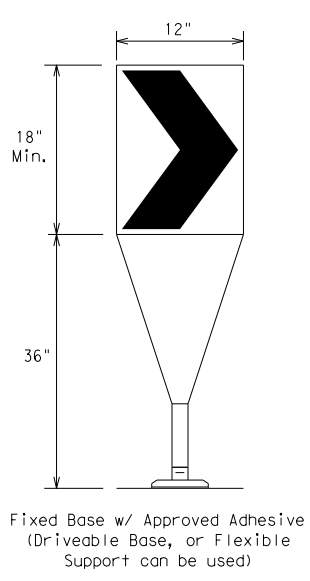
VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.



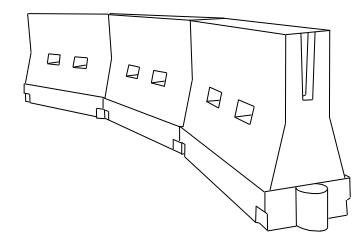
OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.



- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	L = WS ² / 60	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'
45	L = WS	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'

*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
 S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) - 21

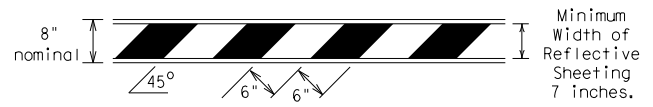
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© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
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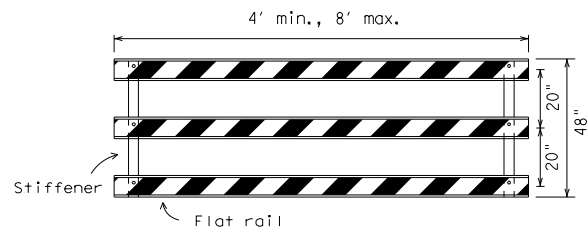
TYPE 3 BARRICADES

1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.



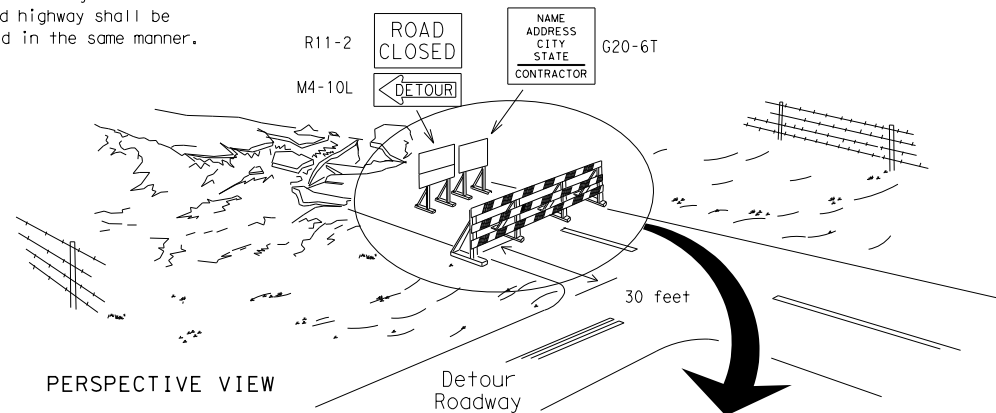
TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

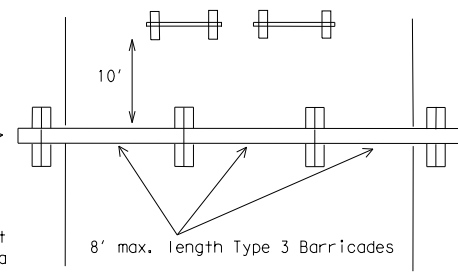
Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

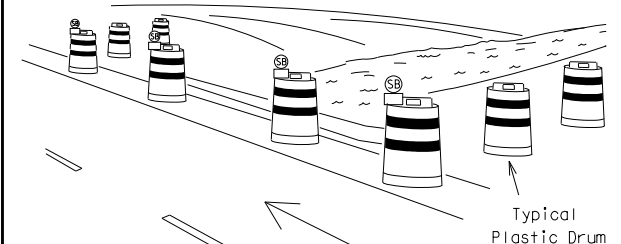
The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides for two-way traffic. Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour.

1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

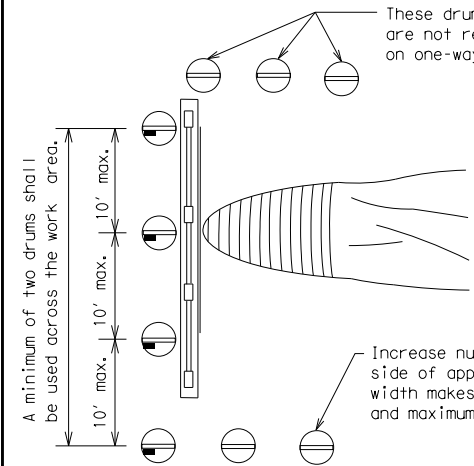


PLAN VIEW

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

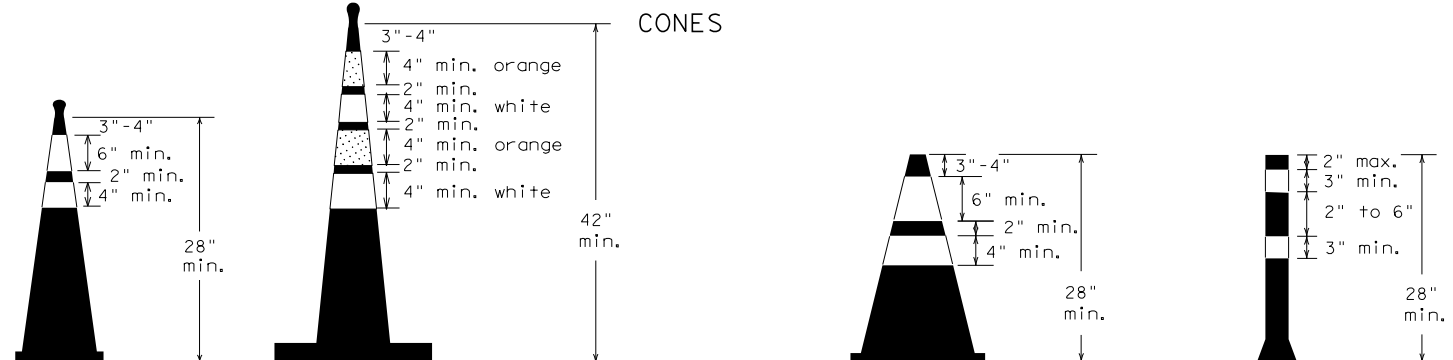


PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Where positive redirection capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

LEGEND	
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector



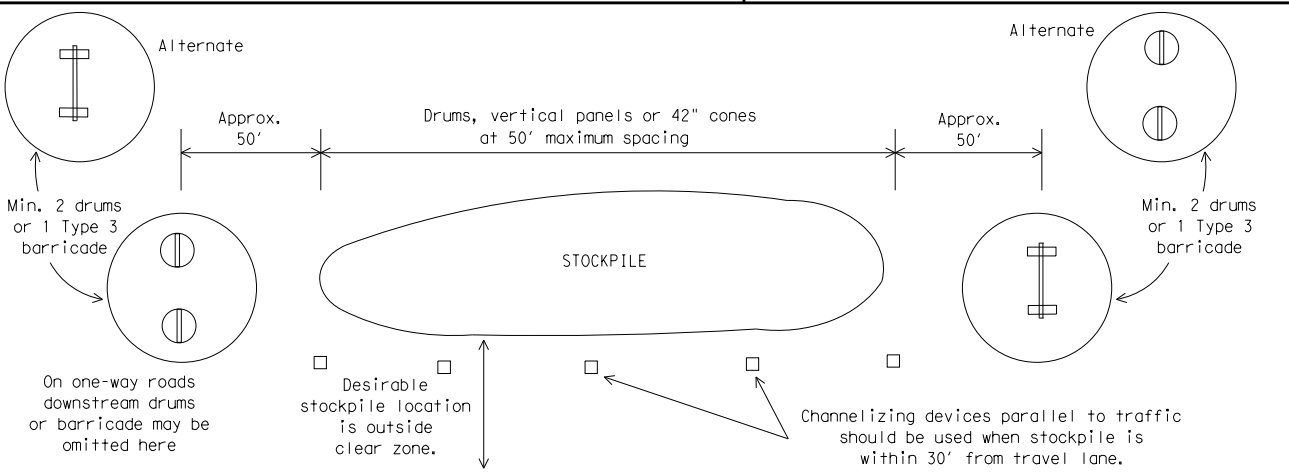
Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.
 42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (10) - 21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

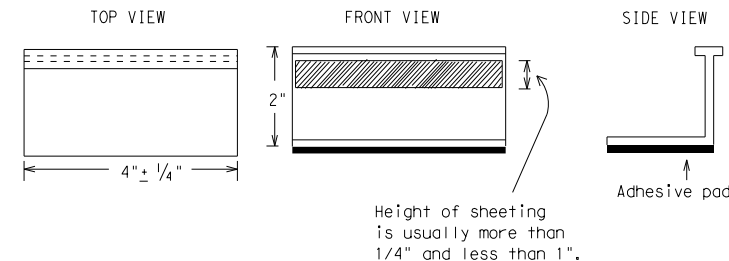
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



**STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER
TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE**

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
 YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
 WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



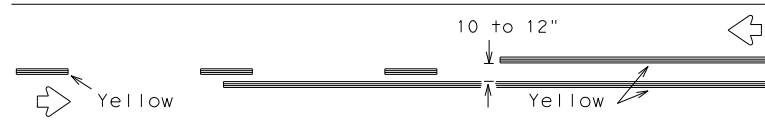
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11) - 21

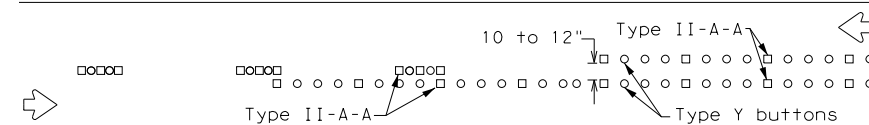
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11-02	8-14		BWD	STEPHENS
				SHEET NO. 21

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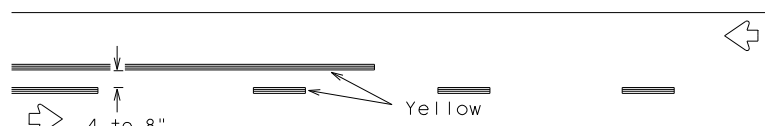
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



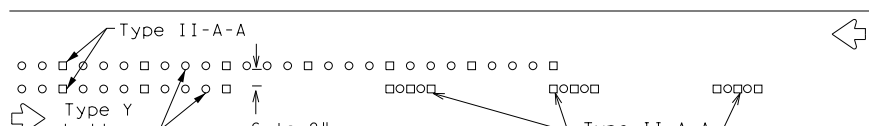
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A



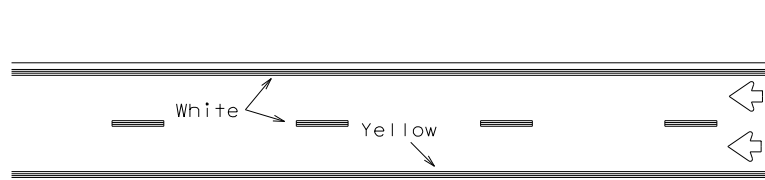
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B

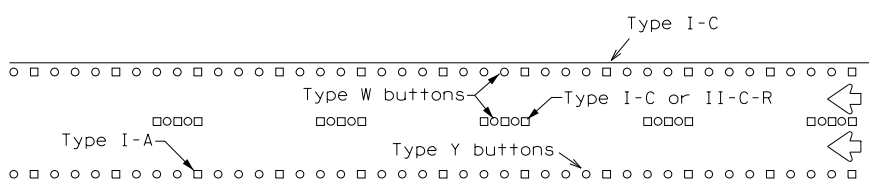
Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



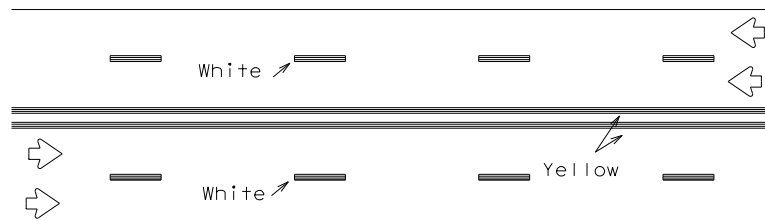
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.



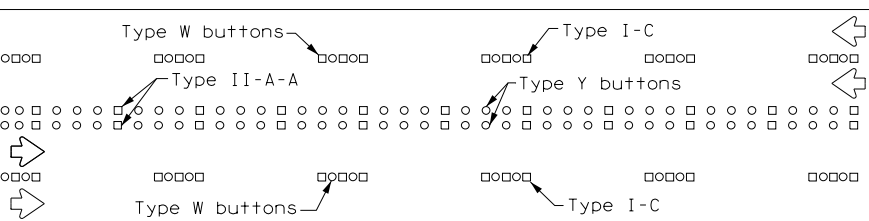
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



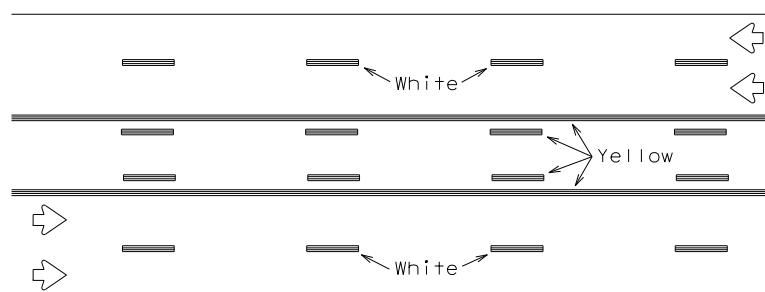
REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.



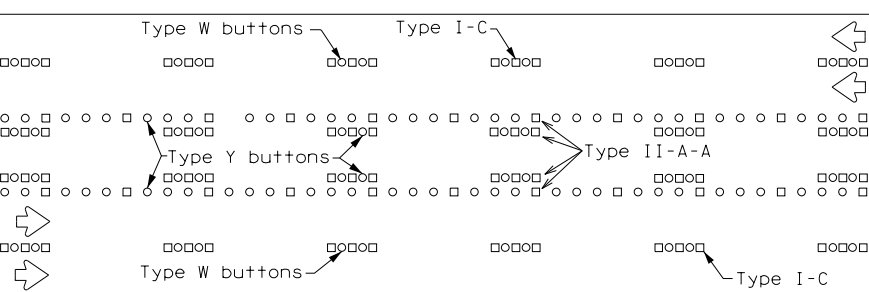
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

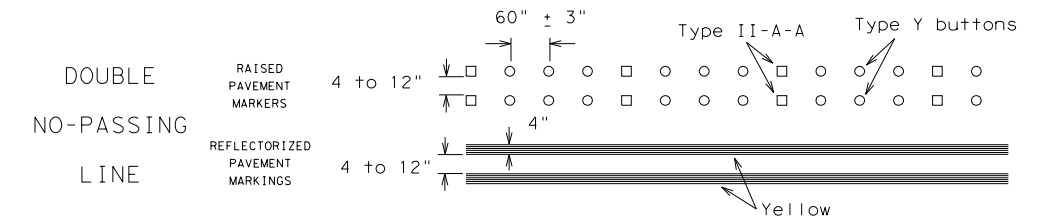
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.



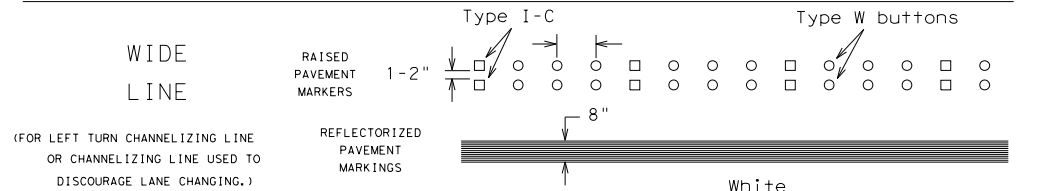
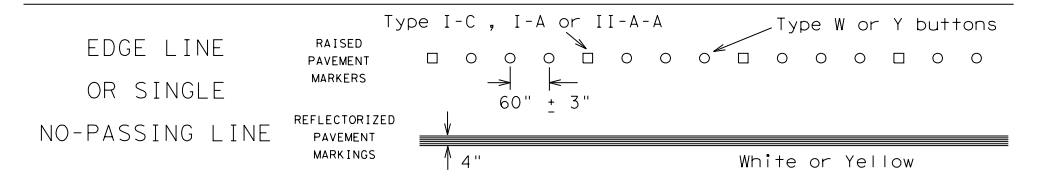
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

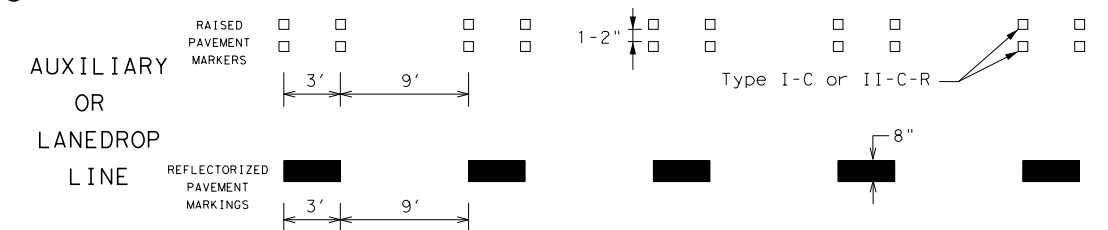
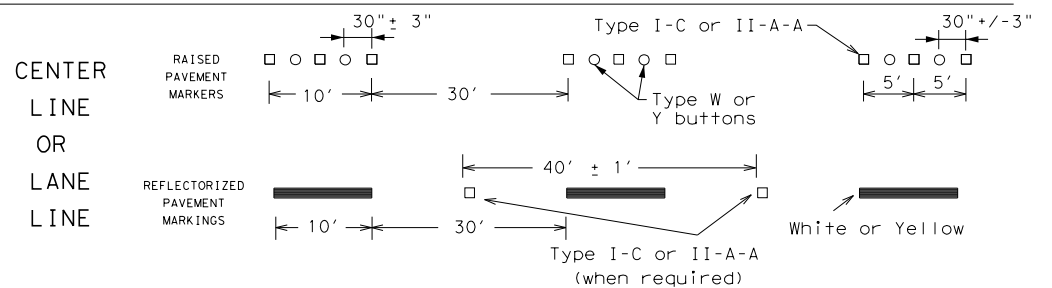
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



SOLID LINES

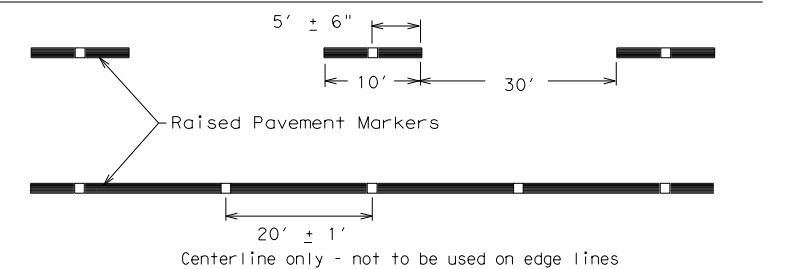


BROKEN LINES



REMOVABLE MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier removal of raised pavement markers and tape.



SHEET 12 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC (12) - 21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
1-97 9-07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
2-98 7-13	BWD	STEPHENS	22	
11-02 8-14				

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FILE: pw://tts-pw_bentley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and Avenues/06_Standards/02_TCP/BC-21.dgn

Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS."

SHELTON

BEGINNING CHAIN SHEL DESCRIPTION

POINT SHEL01 X 1,841,609.4030 Y 6,959,048.9380 STA 10+00.00
 COURSE FROM SHEL01 TO PC SHEL1 N 2° 43' 40.64" W DIST 43.5730

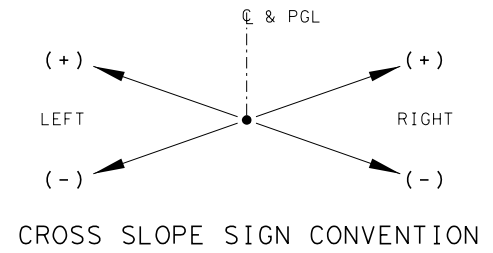
CURVE DATA

CURVE SHEL1
 P. I. STATION = 10+51.42 X 1,841,606.9556 Y 6,959,100.3034
 DELTA = 2° 59' 53.00" (RT)
 DEGREE = 19° 05' 54.94"
 TANGENT = 7.8507
 LENGTH = 15.6978
 RADIUS = 300.0000
 EXTERNAL = 0.1027
 LONG CHORD = 15.6960
 MID. ORD. = 0.1027
 P. C. STATION = 10+43.57 X 1,841,607.3292 Y 6,959,092.4616
 P. T. STATION = 10+59.27 X 1,841,606.9926 Y 6,959,108.1540
 C. C. = X 1,841,906.9892 Y 6,959,106.7397
 BACK = N 2° 43' 40.64" W
 AHEAD = N 0° 16' 12.36" E
 CHORD BEAR = N 1° 13' 44.14" W

COURSE FROM PT SHEL1 TO SHEL02 N 0° 16' 12.36" E DIST 99.0327

POINT SHEL02 X 1,841,607.4594 Y 6,959,207.1856 STA 11+58.30

ENDING CHAIN SHEL DESCRIPTION



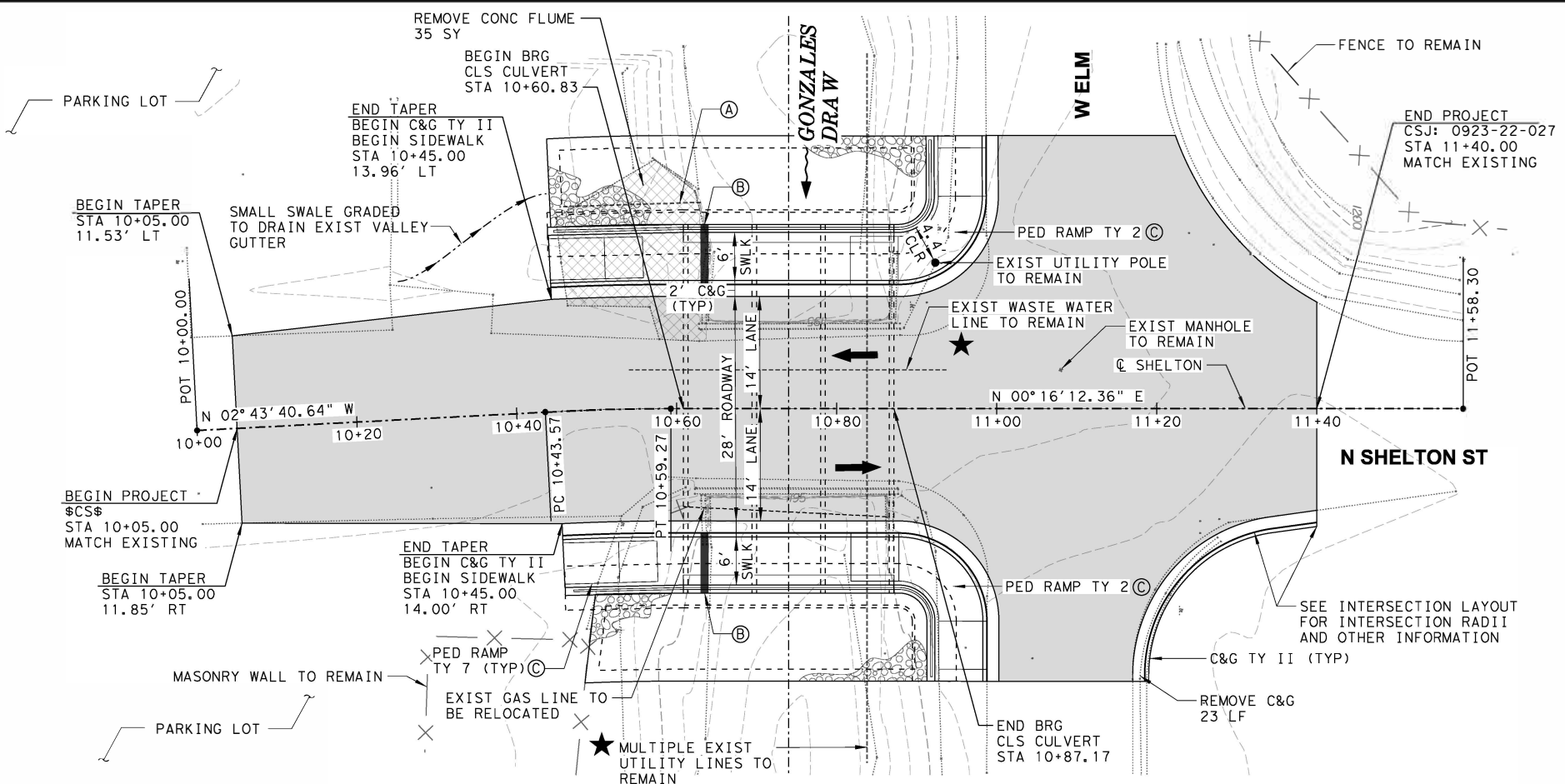
CROSS SLOPE TABLE			
STATION	SLOPE (%)		DESCRIPTION
	LEFT	RIGHT	
10+05	-4.0	-5.5	MATCH EXISTING
11+00	-0.9	-4.9	INTERSECTION WARPING
11+20	+0.6	-3.7	INTERSECTION WARPING
11+40	+2.4	-2.0	MATCH EXISTING

* SEE INTERSECTION LAYOUT FOR ADDITIONAL CROSS SLOPE INFORMATION

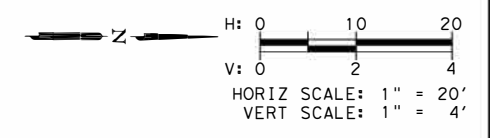
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 11/1/2022 1:15
 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pen
 JamesBrooks

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
		Firm # F-19397	
SHELTON AVE AT GONZALES DRAW HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA			
SHEET 1 OF 1			
FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.
6	0923	22	027
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	23

PW:/tts-pw-bentley.com:/Documents/0223.004 WA 1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/01 Plan Sheets/04 Roadway/Shelton_RDW_PP-01.dgn
 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pen
 JamesBrooks
 11/1/2022 1:16



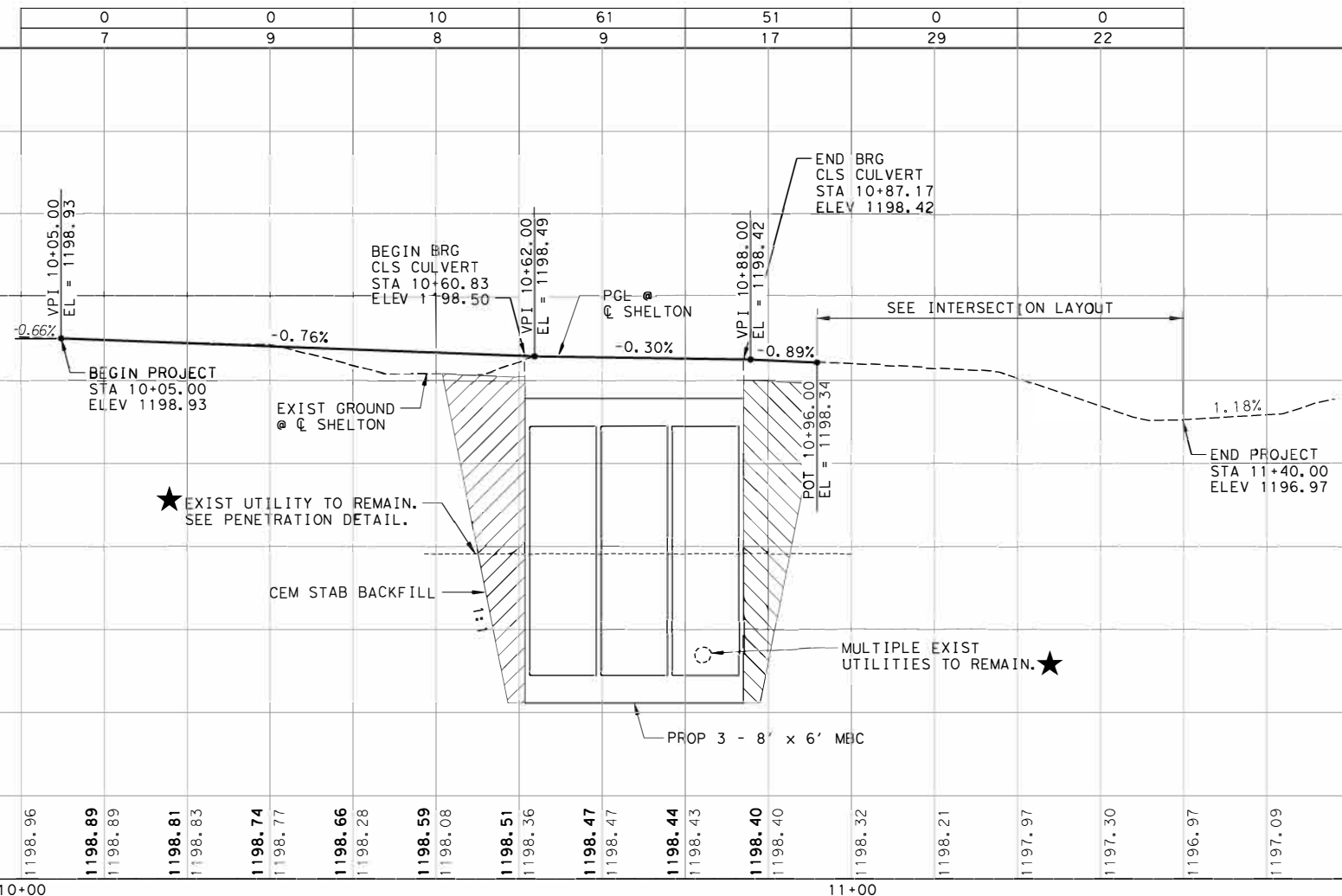
- (A) REMOVE AND REPLACE LAST 20 LF OF EXIST 30" RCP. MITER PIPE END TO CHANNEL SLOPE.
- (B) C&G SIDEWALK DRAIN SLOT STA 10+63.50. SEE MISC ROADWAY DETAILS FOR INFO.
- (C) SEE PED-18 FOR PEDESTRIAN RAMP MAXIMUM GRADES AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS.



LEGEND

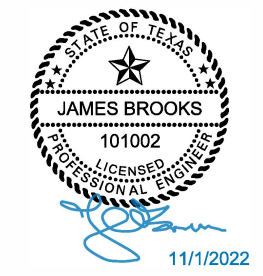
- x-x-x- EXISTING WALL/FENCE
- ➔ TRAFFIC DIRECTION
- #### HORIZONTAL CURVE ID
- OCST ON 6" FLEX BASE TY B GR 3

★ APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN. UTILITIES HAVE NOT BEEN SURVEYED AND SHALL BE FIELD LOCATED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.



EST	UNIT	DESCRIPTION
122	CY	EMBANK (FINAL) (ORD COM) (TY C)
101	CY	EXCAV (RDWY)

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE

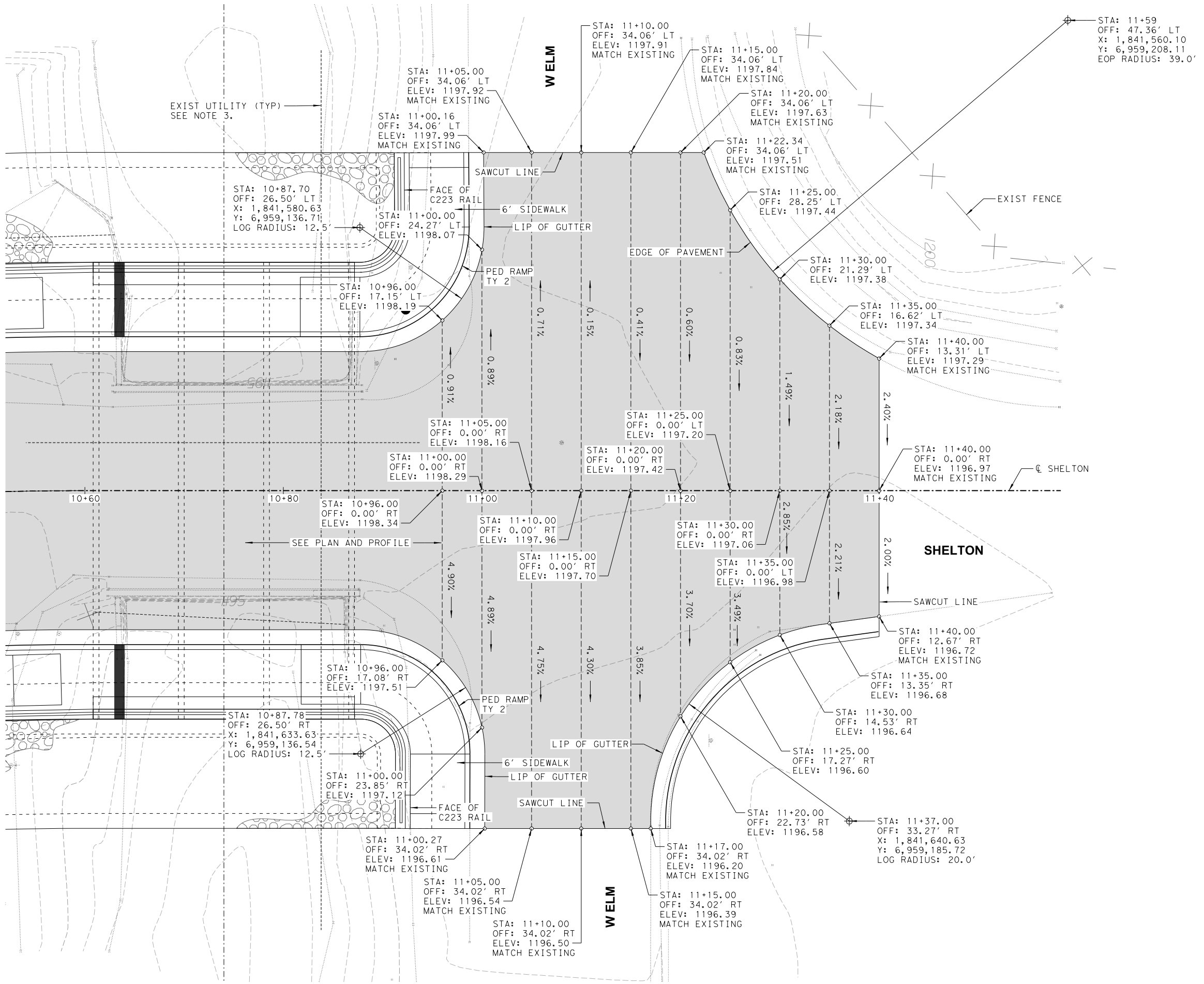


SHELTON AVE AT GONZALES DRAW
PLAN AND PROFILE

SHEET 1 OF 1

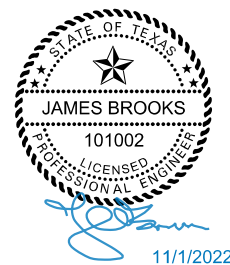
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6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	24	

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 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pcn
 JamesBrooks
 11/1/2022 1:16



- NOTES:
1. TOP OF PAVEMENT ELEVATIONS GIVEN AT CROWN LINE, EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR LIP OF GUTTER (LOG).
 2. TIE IN ELEVATIONS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED APPROXIMATE. MATCH EXISTING PAVEMENT SURFACE.
 3. SEE PLAN AND PROFILE FOR UTILITY NOTES.

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE

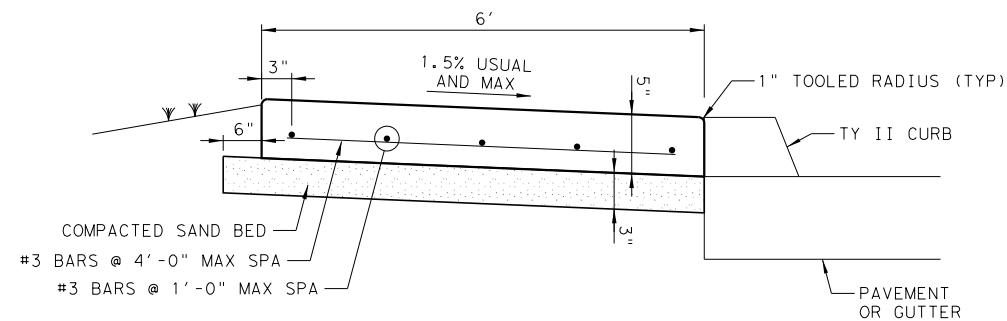


**SHELTON AVE AT
 GONZALES DRAW
 INTERSECTION LAYOUT**

SHEET 1 OF 1

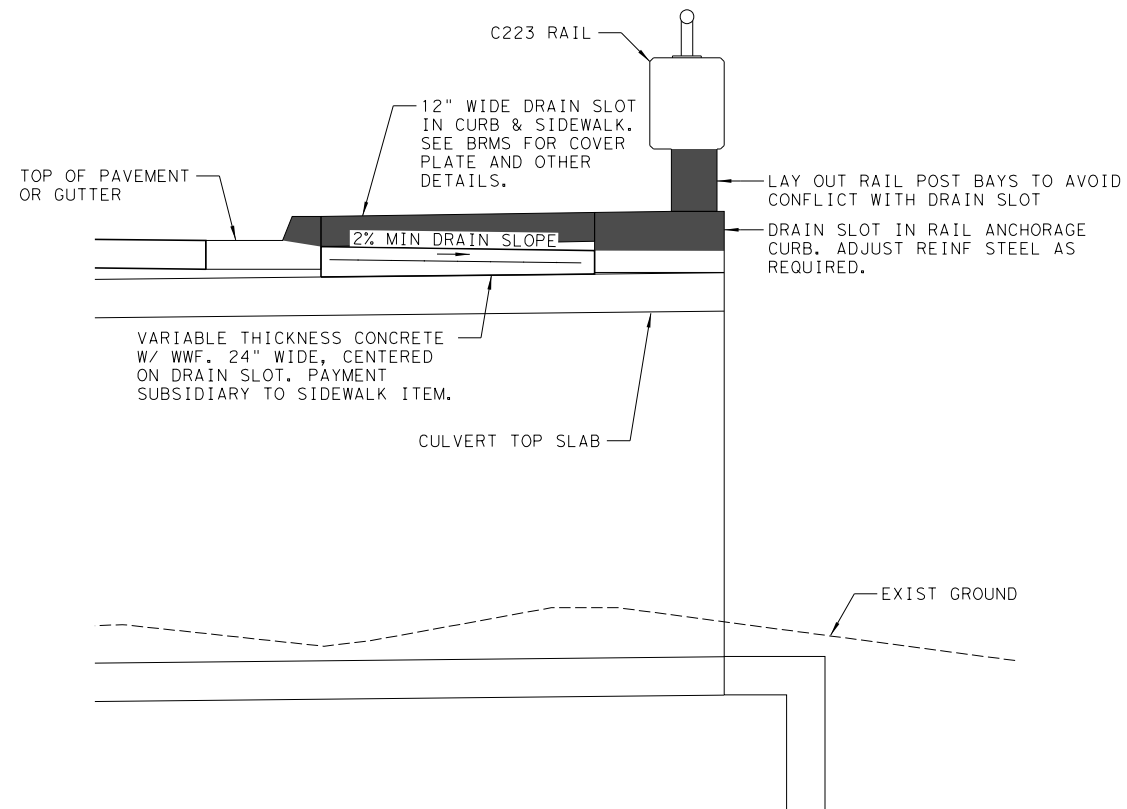
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6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	25	

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 11/1/2022
 JamesBrooks



PROPOSED SIDEWALK SECTION

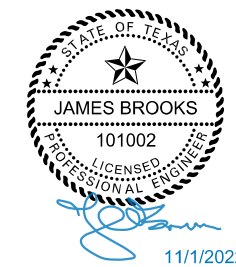
NOT TO SCALE



SIDEWALK DRAIN SLOT SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



**SHELTON AVE AT
 GONZALES DRAW**

**MISCELLANEOUS ROADWAY
 DETAILS**

SHEET 1 OF 1

FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS		26

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 FILE: \\tts-pw_bentley.com\tts-pw_bentley.com\Documents\0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and A Business and Safety Products of the Texas Department of Transportation

REFLECTOR UNIT SIZES FOR DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS					DELINEATORS				D & OM DESCRIPTIVE CODES		
DEVICE	SIZE 1	SIZE 2	SIZE 3	SIZE 4	DEVICE	SINGLE		DOUBLE		INSTL DEL ASSM (D-XX)SZ X (XXXX)XXX (XX) NUMBER OF REFLECTORS S = Single D = Double COLOR OF REFLECTORS W = White Y = Yellow R = Red REFLECTOR UNIT SIZE 1 or 2 TYPE OF POST OR DELINEATOR WC = Wing Channel Post YFLX = Yellow Flexible Post WFLX = White Flexible Post BRF = Barrier Reflector TYPE OF MOUNT GND = Embedded (drivable or set in concrete) CTB = Concrete Barrier Mount GF1 or GF2 = Guard Fence Attachment SRF = Surface Mount DIRECTION If Required BI = Bi-Directional BR = Bi-Directional with red on back	
											SHEETING Yellow, White or Red Type B or C reflective sheeting NOTE 1. Size 1 and 4 - Direct applied reflective sheeting for use on flexible post (flx). 2. Size 2 and 3 - For use on wing channel (wc) post only. Use approved metal, plastic or fiberglass backplate with 17/64" mounting holes.
SHEETING Yellow, White or Red Type B or C reflective sheeting					SHEETING Yellow, White or Red Type B or C Reflective Sheeting					INSTL OM ASSM (OM-XX) (XXXX)XXX (XX) TYPE OF OBJECT MARKER 1, 2, 3, or 4 NUMBER OF REFLECTORS OR DIRECTION X = 3-Size 2 reflector unit (Type 2 only) Y = 1-Size 3 reflector unit (Type 2 only) Z = 3-Size 1 or 1-Size 4 reflector unit(s) (Type 2 only) L = Left Side (Type 3 Object Marker only) R = Right Side (Type 3 Object Marker only) C = Center (Type 3 Object Marker only) TYPE OF POST WC = Wing Channel Post WFLX = White Flexible Post TWT = Thin Walled Tubing TYPE OF MOUNT GND = Embedded (drivable) SRF = Surface Mount WAS = Wedge Anchor Steel WAP = Wedge Anchor Plastic DIRECTION If Required BI = Bi-Directional	

OBJECT MARKERS											
DEVICE	Type 1 (OM-1)		Type 2 (OM-2)			Type 3 (OM-3)			Type 4 (OM-4)		
	OM-1	OM-2X	OM-2Y	OM-2Z	OM-3L	OM-3R	OM-3C	OM-4			
									SHEETING Yellow-Type B _{FL} or C _{FL} Sheeting POST TYPE TWT MOUNT TYPE WAS, WAP		
SHEETING Yellow-Type B _{FL} or C _{FL} Sheeting		SHEETING Yellow - Type B or C Sheeting			SHEETING Alternating acrylic black and retroreflective yellow - Type B _{FL} or C _{FL} Sheeting			SHEETING Red -Type B _{FL} or C _{FL} Sheeting		DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS FLEXIBLE DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER POSTS (EMBEDDED & SURFACE MOUNT TYPES) DMS-4400 SIGN FACE MATERIALS DMS-8300 DELINEATORS, OBJECT MARKERS AND BARRIER REFLECTORS DMS-8600	
POST TYPE TWT		POST TYPE WC	POST TYPE WC	POST TYPE WFLX	POST TYPE TWT			POST TYPE TWT		NOTE: Delineator and object marker substrates and sign substrates shall be 0.080" Aluminum sign blank to conform to ASTM B-209 Alloy 6061-T6 or approved alternative.	
MOUNT TYPE WAS, WAP		MOUNT TYPE GND	MOUNT TYPE GND	MOUNT TYPE GND, SRF	MOUNT TYPE WAS, WAP			MOUNT TYPE WAS, WAP		Traffic Safety Division Standard	

BARRIER REFLECTORS (BRF)				CHEVRONS				ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW			
DEVICE	GF1	GF2	CTB	DEVICE	W1-8				DEVICE	W1-6	
								SIZE (W x L) 18" x 24" (Conventional) 24" x 30" (Conventional Oversize) 30" x 36" (Expressway) 36" x 48" (Freeway)		SIZE (W x L) 48" x 24" (Conventional) 60" x 30" (Expressway & Freeway)	
SHEETING Yellow, White, Red NOTE 1. Barrier reflectors shall meet the requirements of DMS 8600. 2. Approved Barrier Reflectors are listed on the "Barrier Reflectors" Material Producer List at: www.txdot.gov.				MOUNTING HEIGHT 4'-0" or 7'-0" 7'-0" Only				MOUNTING HEIGHT 7'-0"		NOTE: 1. CHEVRON (W1-8) signs and ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6) Signs shall be installed per Sign Mounting Details (SMD) Standard Sheets and paid under Item 644 (Small Roadside Sign Assemblies). 2. When there is a need to increase conspicuity, the Texas version of the ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) may be used instead of the ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6).	
SHEETING Yellow, White, Red				SHEETING Yellow, White, Red				SHEETING Yellow, White, Red		DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER MATERIAL DESCRIPTION D & OM(1)-20	
NOTE 1. Reflective sheeting shall have a minimum dimension of 3 inches and minimum surface area of 9 square inches.				NOTE 1. Reflective sheeting shall have a minimum dimension of 3 inches and minimum surface area of 9 square inches.				NOTE 1. Reflective sheeting shall have a minimum dimension of 3 inches and minimum surface area of 9 square inches.		REVISIONS 0923 22 027 SHELTON AVE 10-09 3-15 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. 4-10 7-20 BWD STEPHENS 27	

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 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bent1ey.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and FV files/objects/0223.004 WA.1.dgn

POST TYPE AND SUPPORT FOUNDATION DETAILS				TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS		
WING CHANNEL (WC)	FLEXIBLE POSTS (YFLX, WFLX)		WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEMS		GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT	
GND	GND	SRF	WAS	WAP	GF 1	
NOTES 1. Embedded Wing Channel (WC) post option may be used for Type 2 Object Markers and Delineators only. 2. 1.12 lbs/ft steel per ASTM A 1011 SS Gr. 50, or ASTM A499.			NOTE 1. Install per manufacturer's recommendations.		GENERAL NOTES 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement. 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction. 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible. 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface. 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.	
TYPES 1, 3, AND 4 OBJECT MARKERS AND CHEVRONS	CHEVRONS AND ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW SIGN		DELINEATORS AND TYPE 2 OBJECT MARKERS			
NOTE Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom of the chevron is permitted for chevrons that will not exceed a height of 6'-6" to the top of the chevron (sizes 24" x 30" and smaller)	NOTE Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of 7' to the bottom of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall be installed per SMD standard sheets and paid under item 644.		See general notes 1, 2 and 3.			

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER INSTALLATION

D & OM(2)-20

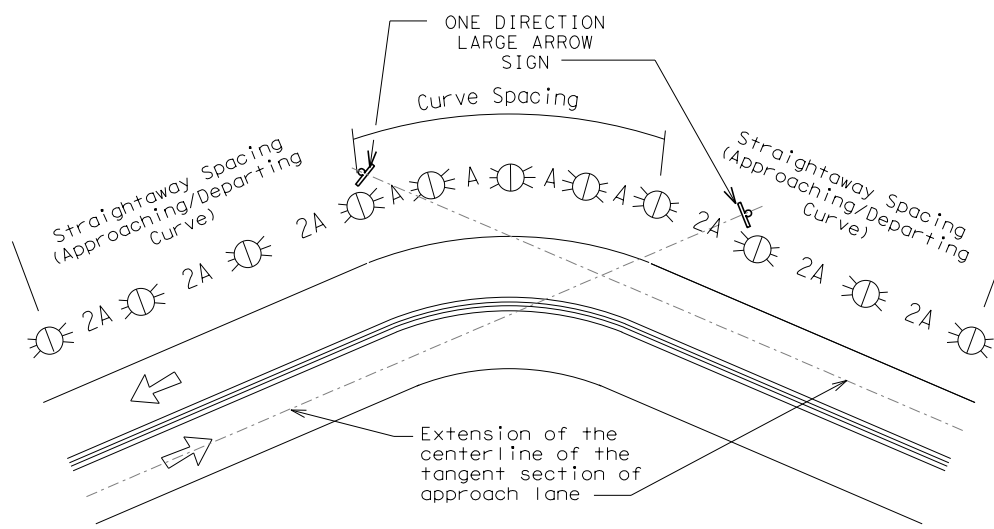
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© TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
10-09 3-15	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-10 7-20	BWD	STEPHENS	28	

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MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed is less than Posted Speed	Curve Advisory Speed	
	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)
5 MPH & 10 MPH	● RPMs	● RPMs
15 MPH & 20 MPH	● RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	● RPMs and Chevrons; or ● RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.
25 MPH & more	● RPMs and Chevrons; or ● RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons	● RPMs and Chevrons

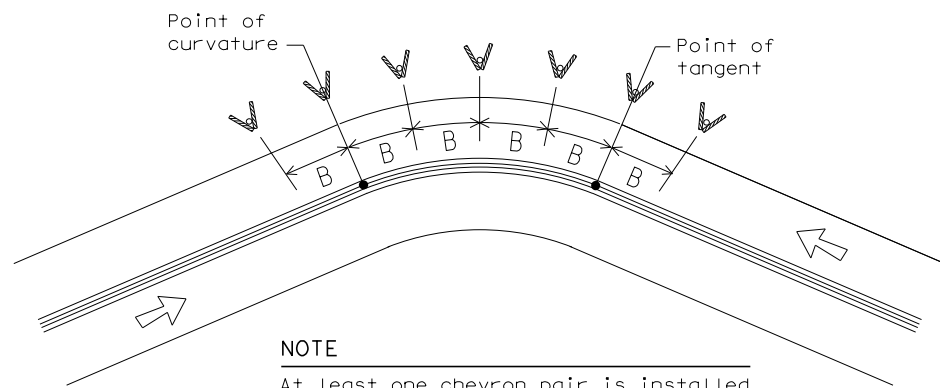
SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



NOTE

ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6) sign should be located at approximately and perpendicular to the extension of the centerline of the tangent section of approach lane.

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



NOTE

At least one chevron pair is installed beyond the point of tangent in tangent section.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN				
Degree of Curve	FEET			
	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		A	2A	B
1	5730	225	450	—
2	2865	160	320	—
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN			
Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	A	2xA	B
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp. Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete) and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100' max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100' max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

NOTES

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND	
	Bi-directional Delineator
	Delineator
	Sign

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) -20

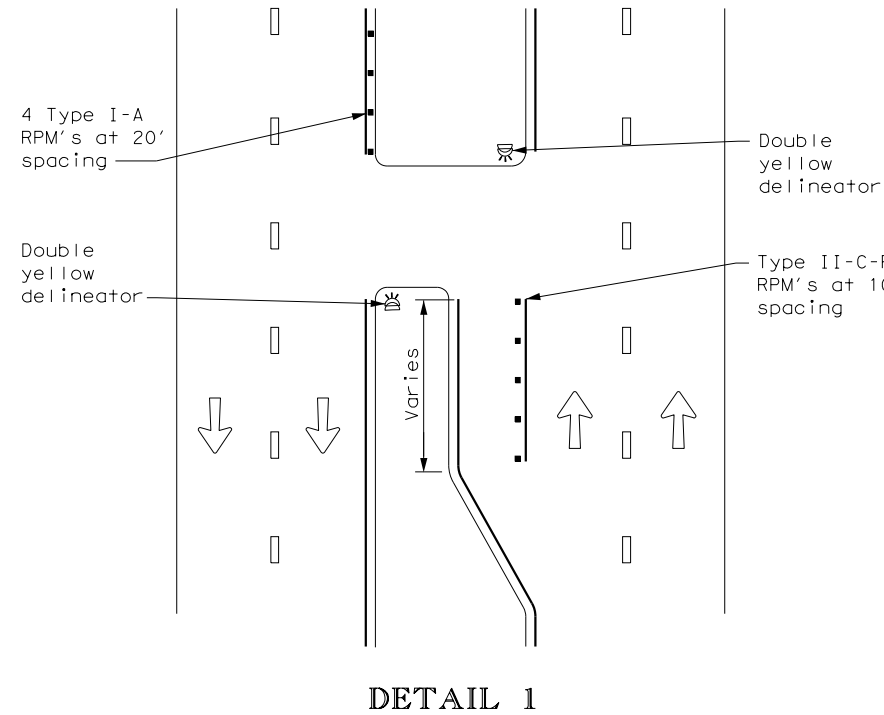
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© TXDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS				
3-15 8-15	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
8-15 7-20	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	BWD	STEPHENS	29	

20C

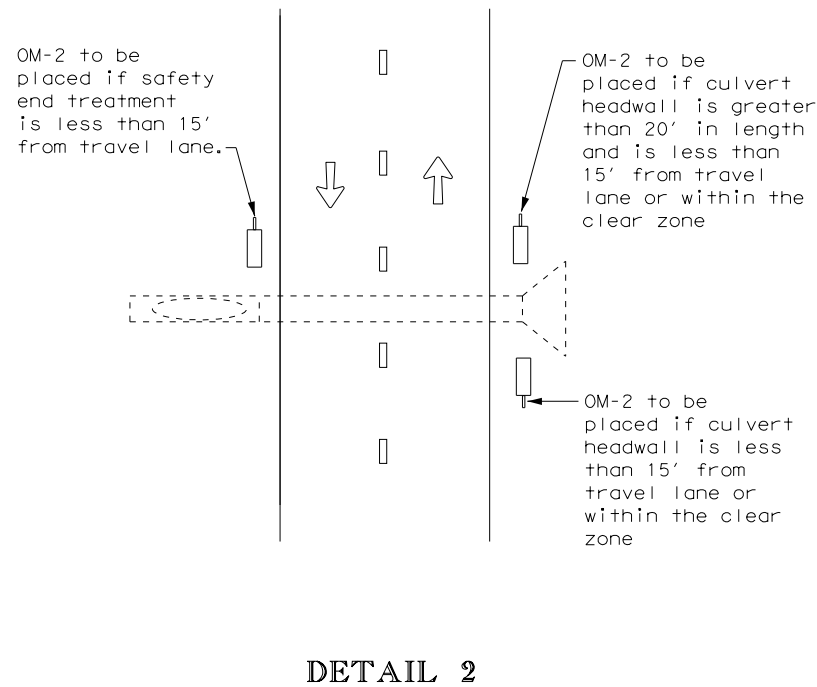
DISCLAIMER:
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DATE: 11/1/2022 1:16
FILE: \\ttc-pw-bent\ey.com\tts-pw-01\Documents\0223-004 WA.1 - CR FM and A Business\06140408\06140408.dgn

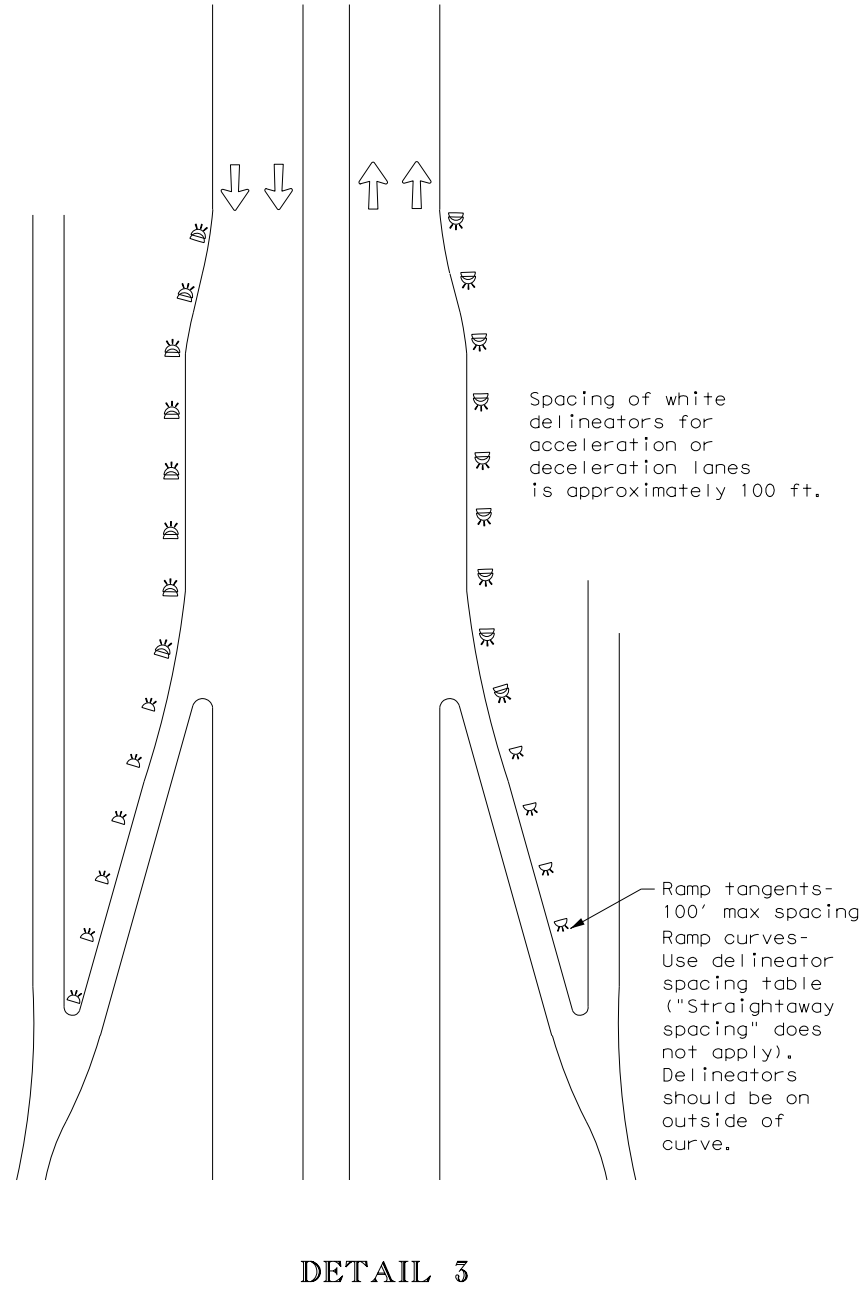
CROSSOVERS



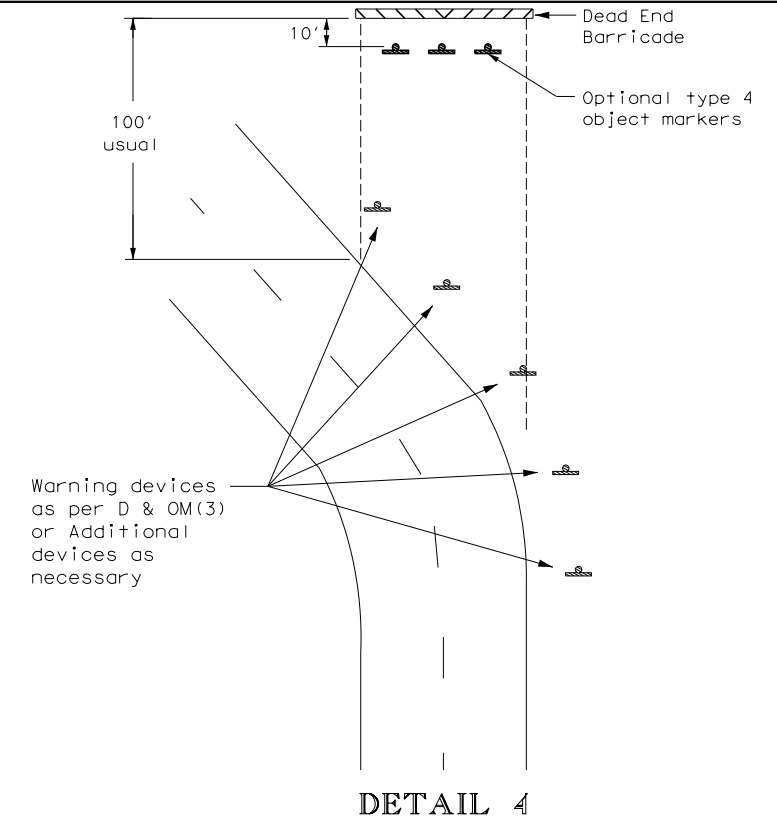
FOR CULVERTS WITHOUT MBGF



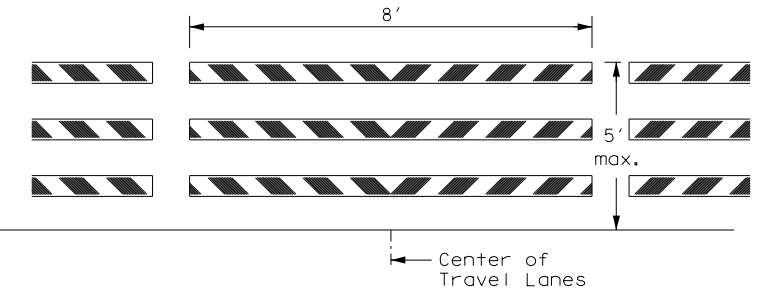
FREEWAY DELINEATION FOR RAMPS AND ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES



TYPICAL APPLICATION OF DEAD END BARRICADE



TYPICAL DEAD END BARRICADE INSTALLATION



NOTES

- Barricade striping shall be red and white reflective sheeting for all permanent road closures.
- Barricade striping is red and white sloping toward the center of the roadway.
- Type 3 Barricade Supports should be anchored to soil or pavement as described in compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List, section D.2.f and D.2.g.

LEGEND	
	Bidirectional Delineator
	Delineator
	OM-3
	Barricade
	Sign
	OM-2
	Double Delineator

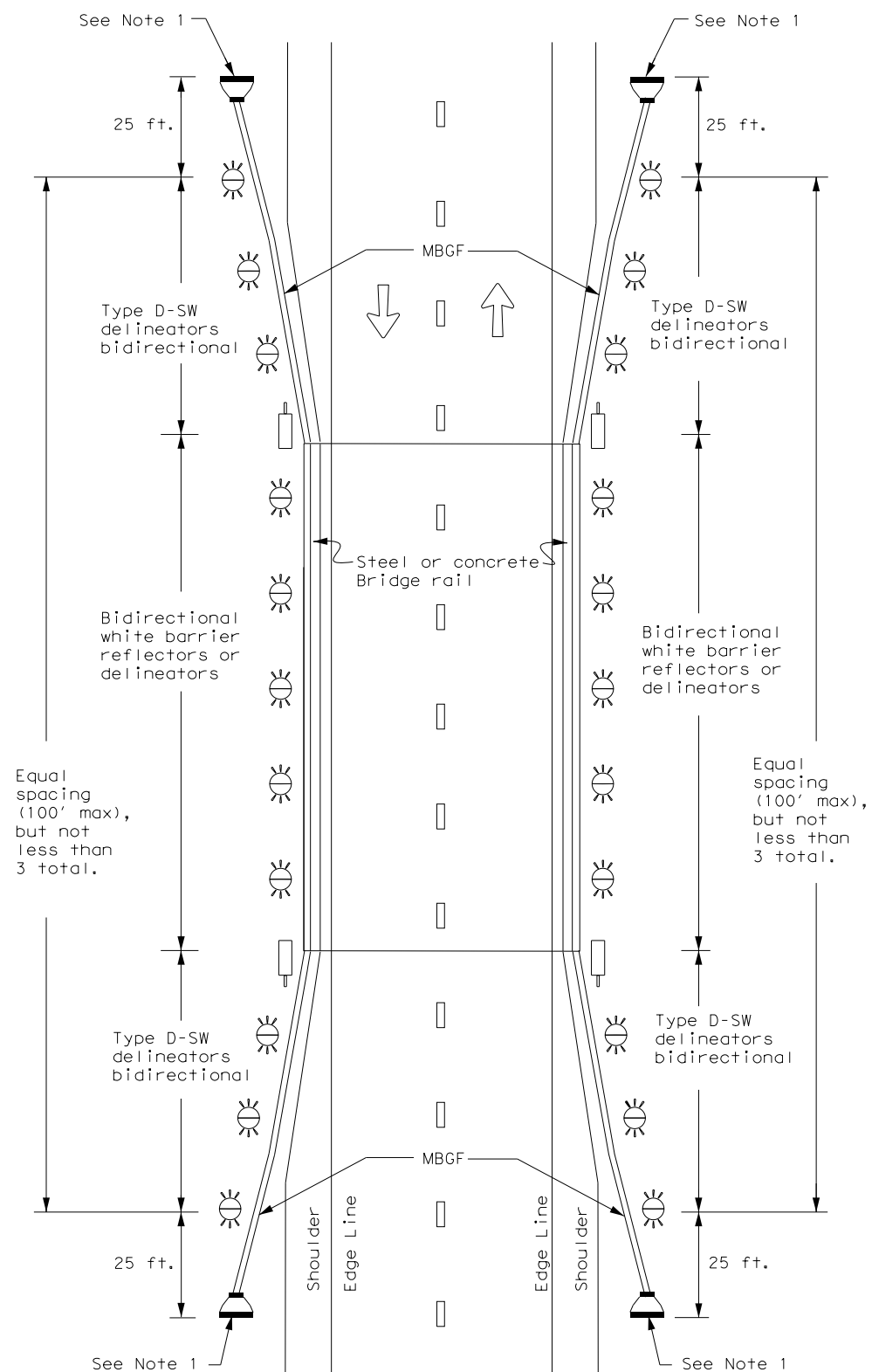
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS
D & OM(4) -20

FILE: dcm4-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DN: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
© TXDOT August 2004		CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS		0923	22	027
3-15	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
7-20	BWD	STEPHENS	30	

20D

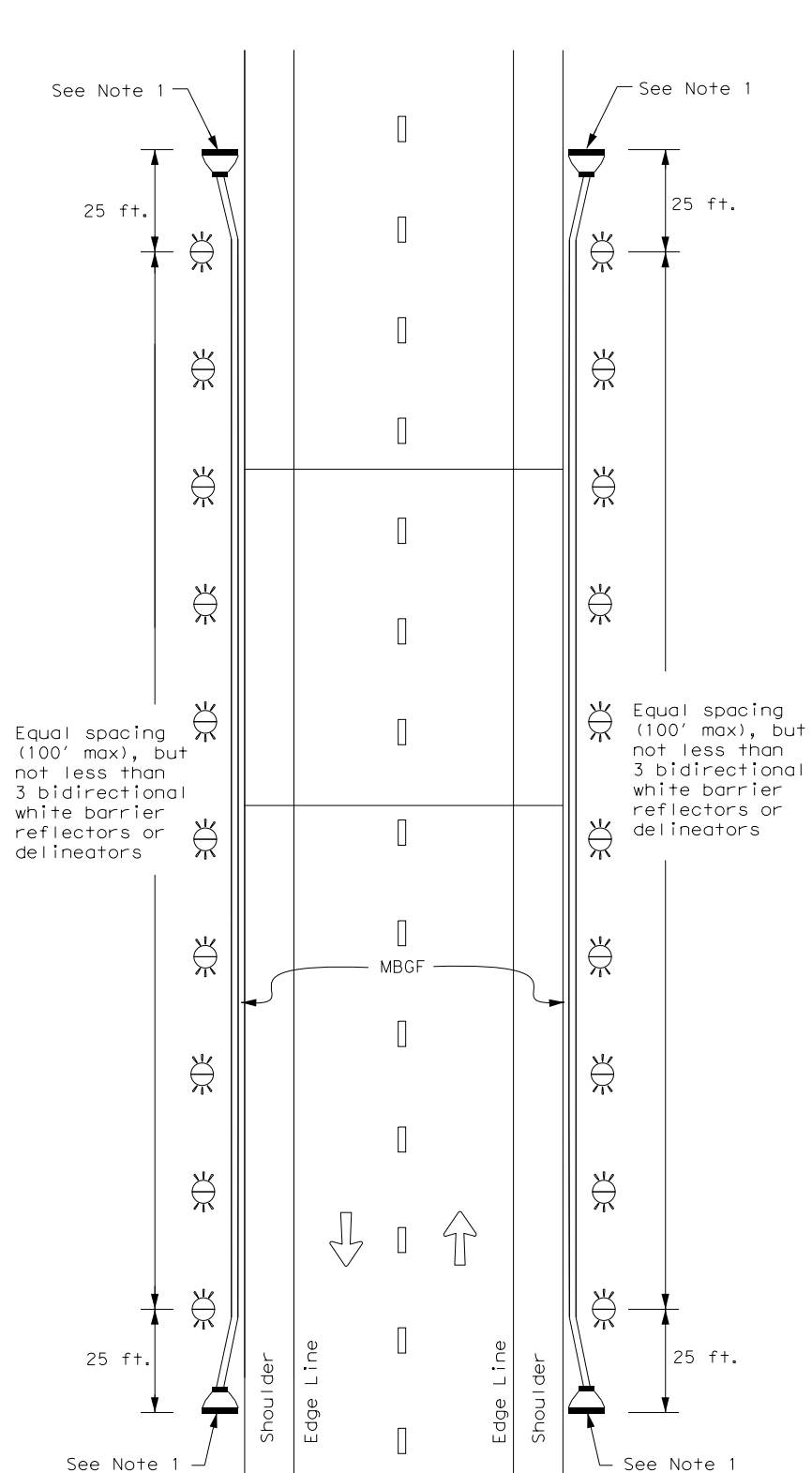
TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL



NOTE:

1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end.

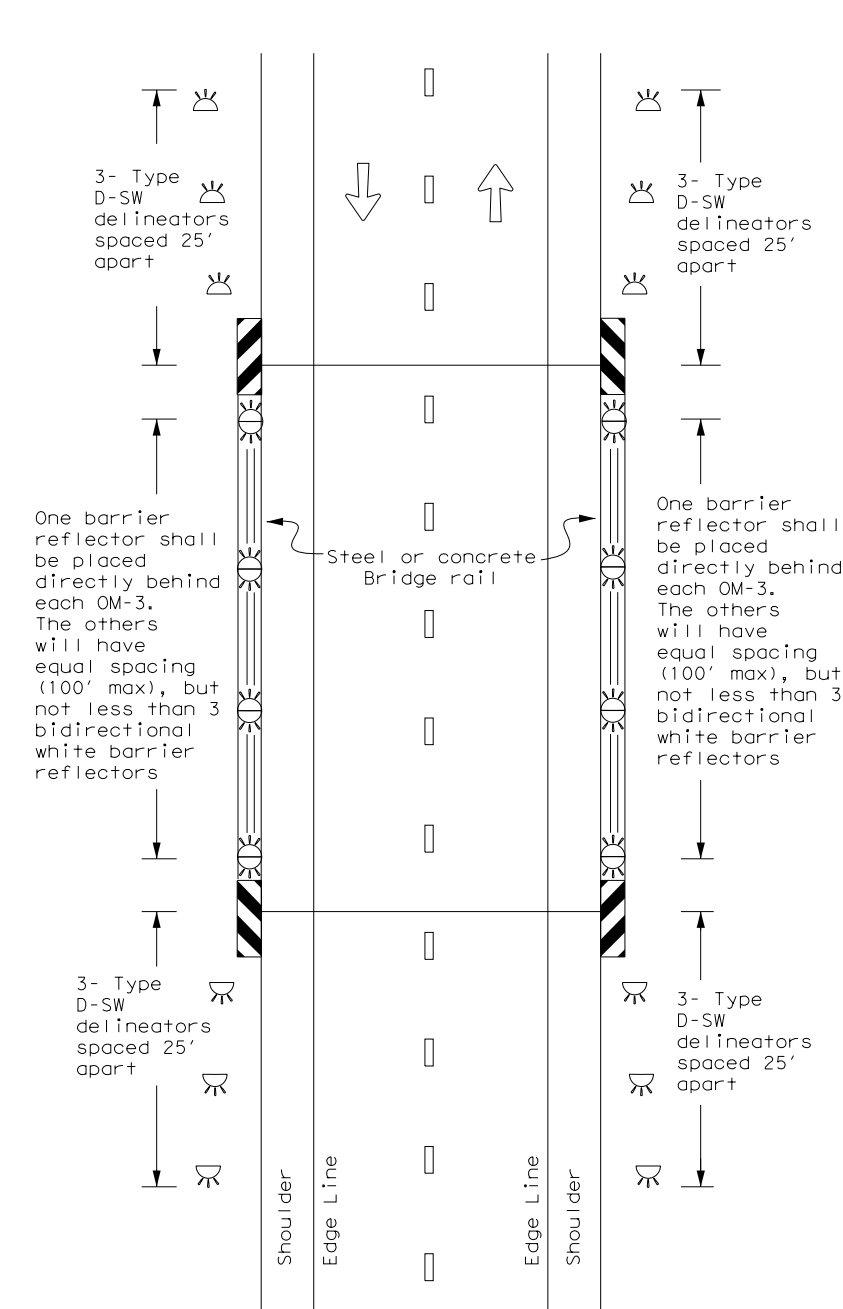
TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF)



NOTE:

1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end.

TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL

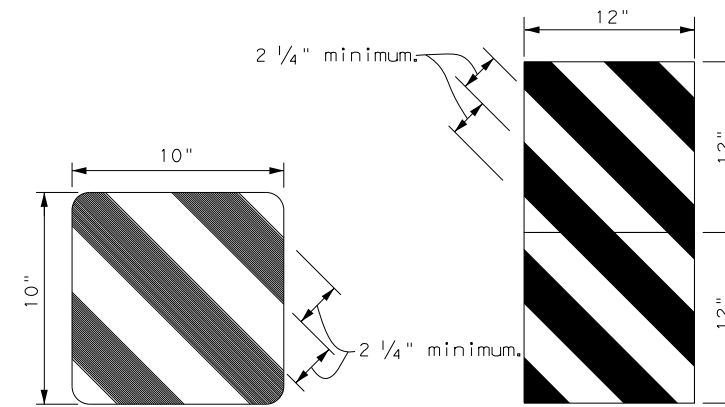
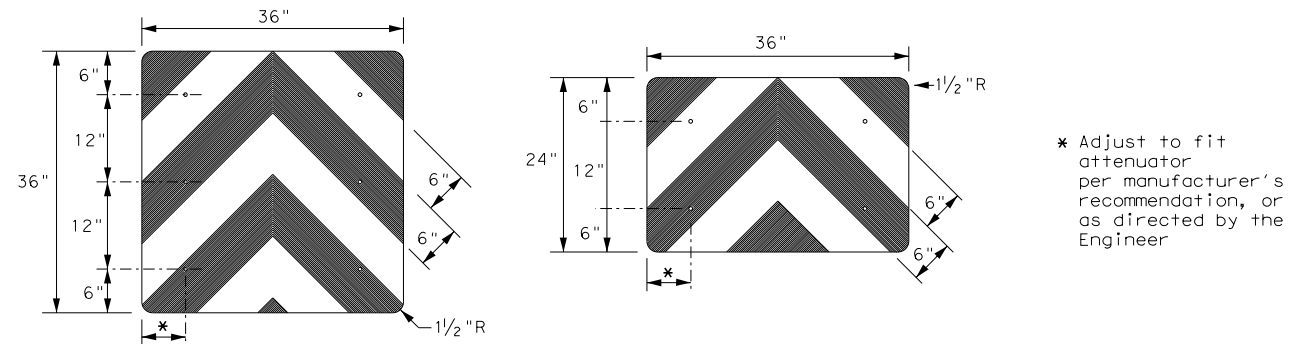
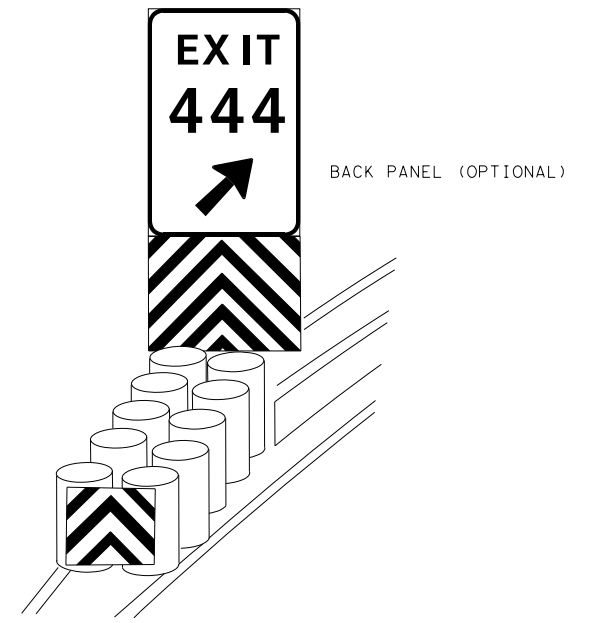
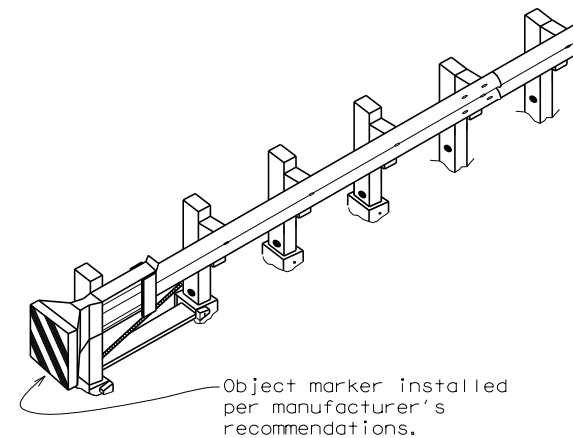
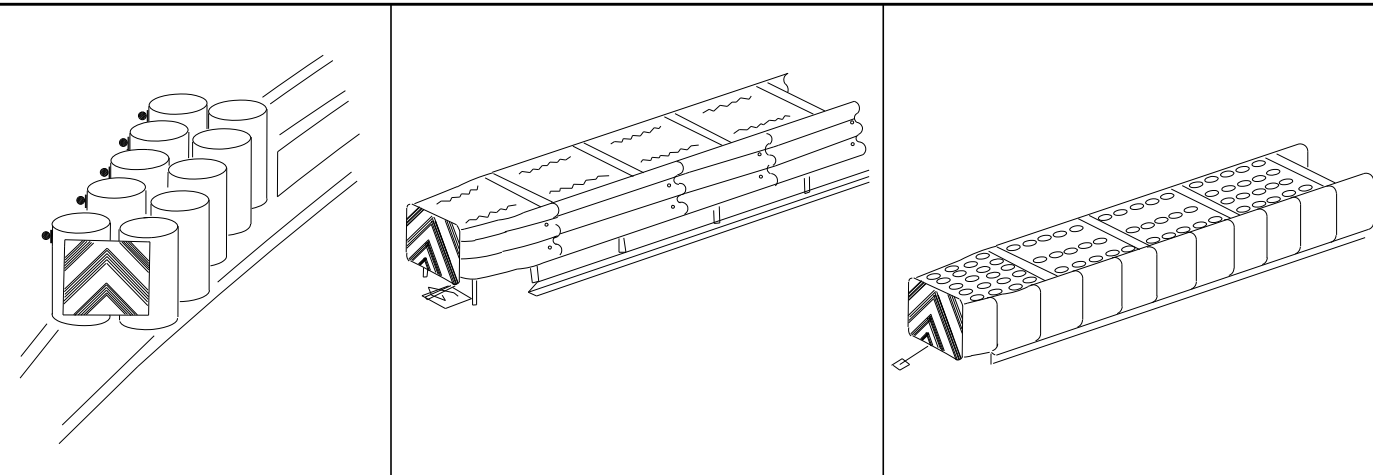


LEGEND			Texas Department of Transportation		Traffic Safety Division Standard
	Bidirectional Delineator				
	Delineator				
	OM-3				
	OM-2				
	Terminal End				
	Traffic Flow				

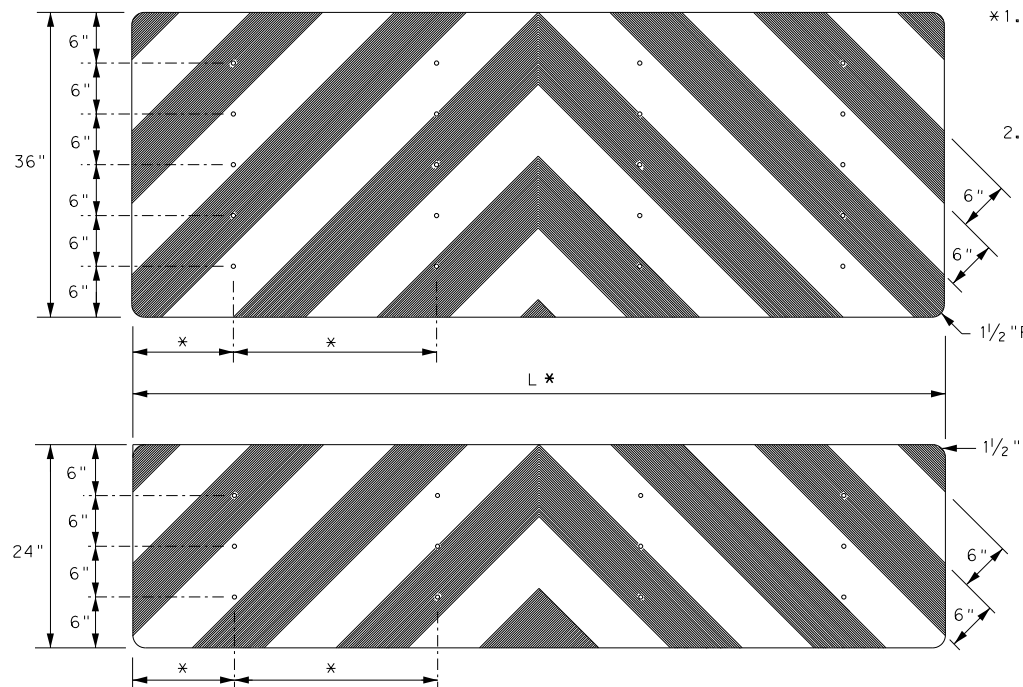
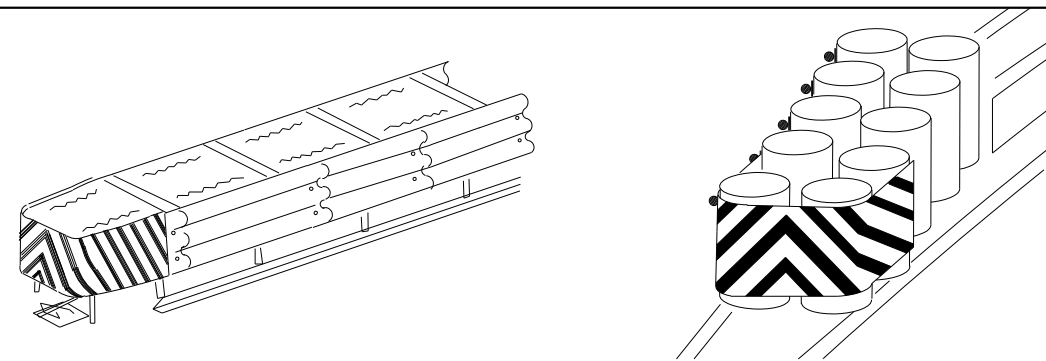
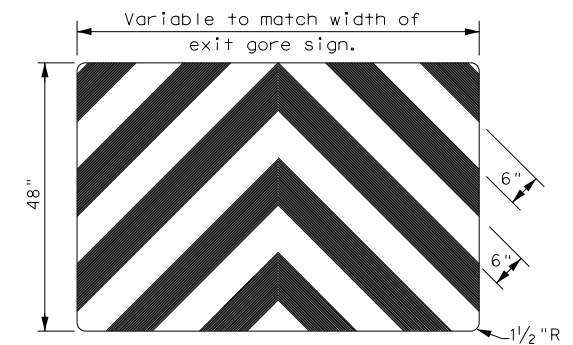
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS					
D & OM(5) - 20					
FILE: dom5-20.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	
© TxDOT August 2015		CONT: 0923	SECT: 22	JOB: 027	HIGHWAY: SHELTON AVE
7-20		REVISIONS		DIST: COUNTY	SHEET NO.
		BWD		STEPHENS	31

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DATE: 11/1/2022 1:16
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bentley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and AV Business/0223.004 WA.1.dwg



OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT²



NOTES

1. Spacing should be adjusted to attach through centerline of drum, per attenuator manufacturer's recommendation, or as directed by the Engineer.
2. Mounting should be flush with top of attenuator. Minimum size 96" x 24".

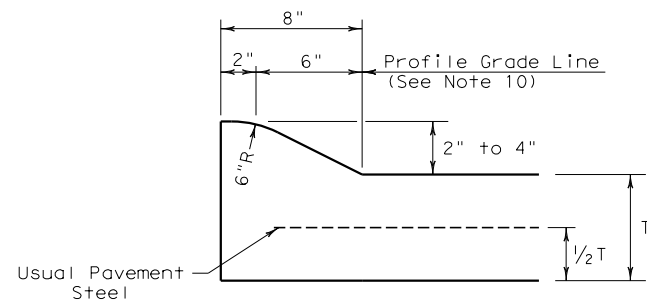
NOTES

1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2 1/4".
4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.

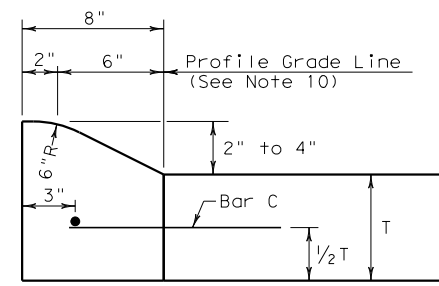
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT ATTENUATORS D & OM(VIA) - 20			
FILE: domvia20.dgn	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DN: TxDOT
© TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS		0923 22	027 SHELTON AVE
4-92 8-04	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
8-95 3-15	BWD	STEPHENS	32
4-98 7-20			
20G			

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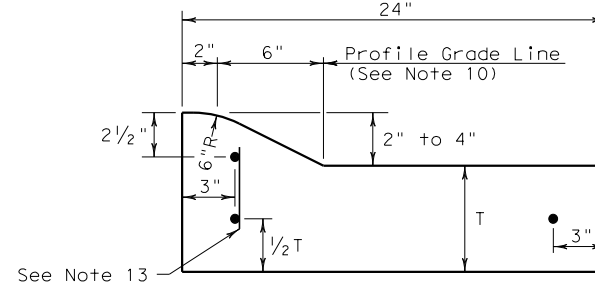
DATE: 11/1/2022
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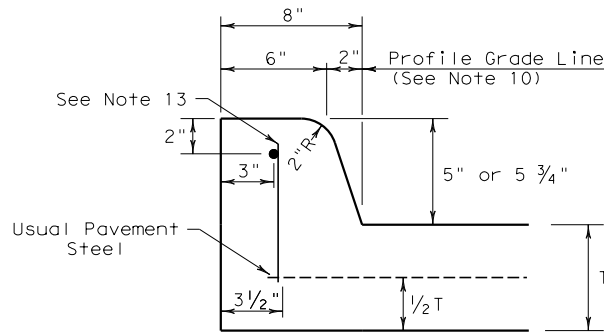
TYPE I CURB (MONOLITHIC)
 2" - 4" HEIGHT



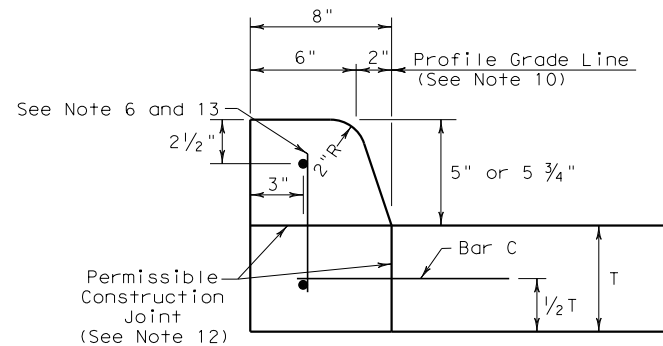
TYPE I CURB
 2" - 4" HEIGHT



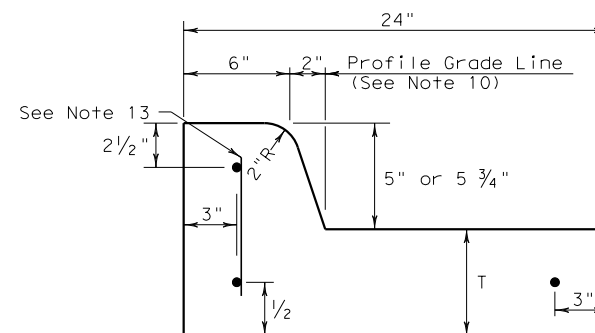
TYPE I CURB AND GUTTER
 2" - 4" HEIGHT



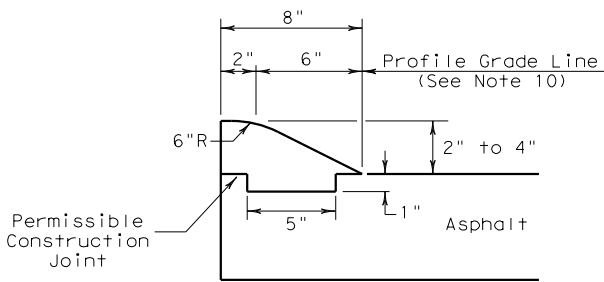
TYPE II CURB (MONOLITHIC)
 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT



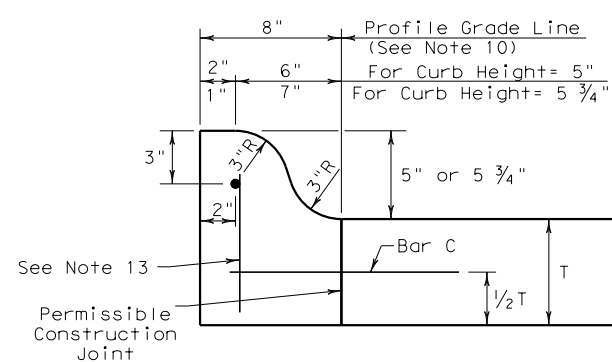
TYPE II CURB
 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT



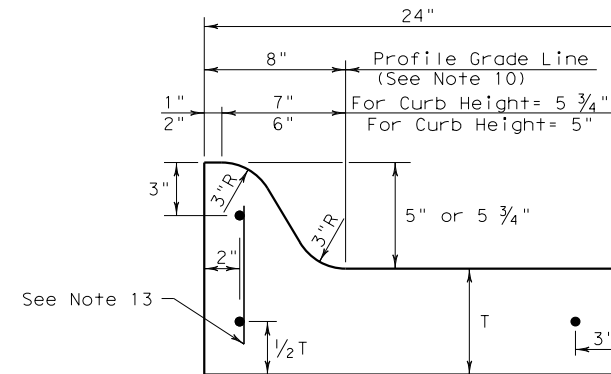
TYPE II CURB AND GUTTER
 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT



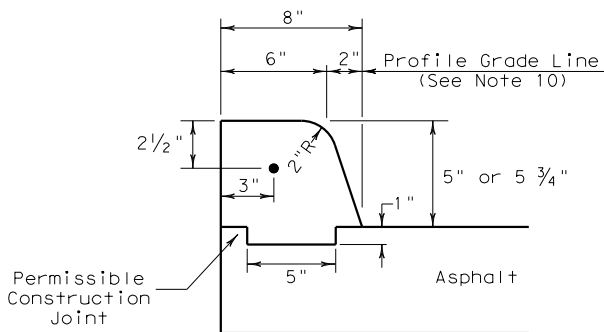
TYPE III CURB (KEYED)
 2" - 4" HEIGHT



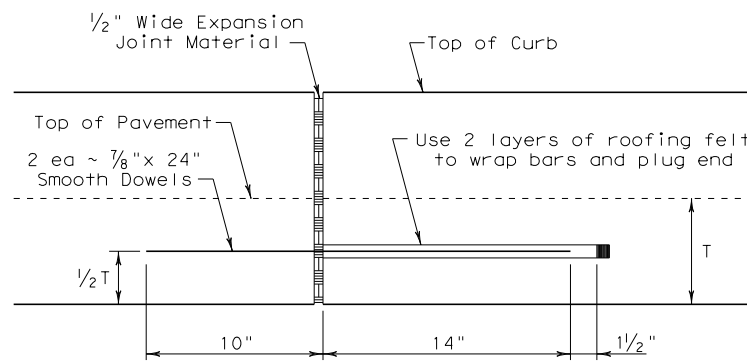
TYPE IIa CURB
 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT



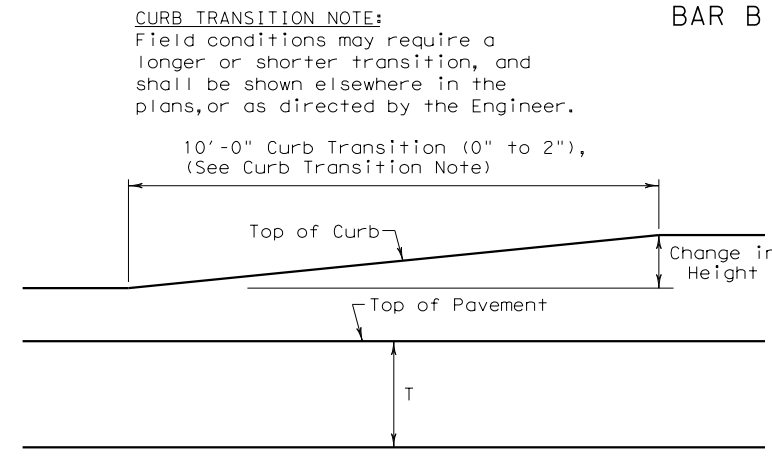
TYPE IIa CURB AND GUTTER
 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT



TYPE IV CURB (KEYED)
 5" - 5 3/4" HEIGHT



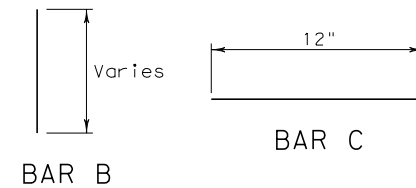
EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL



CURB TRANSITION
 Note: To be paid for as Highest Curb

GENERAL NOTES

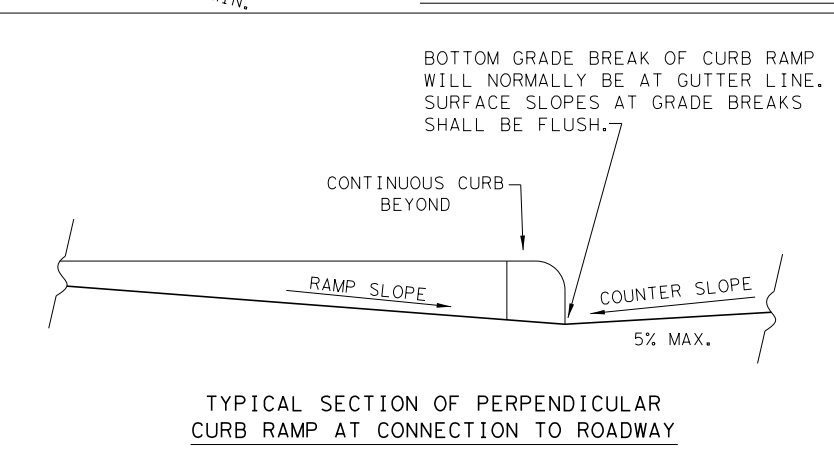
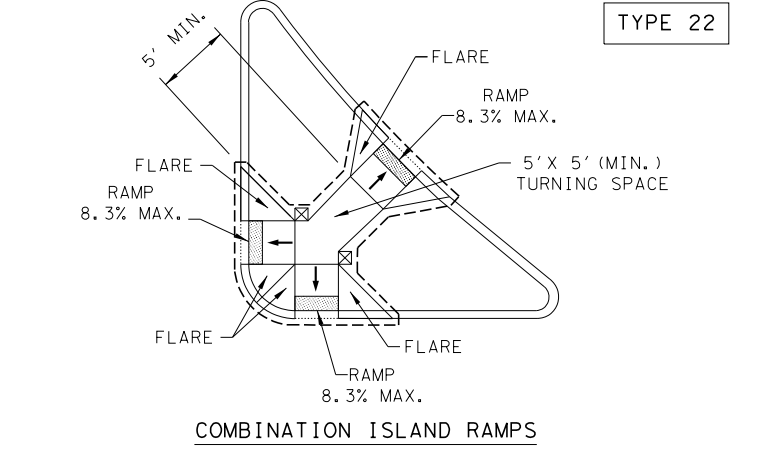
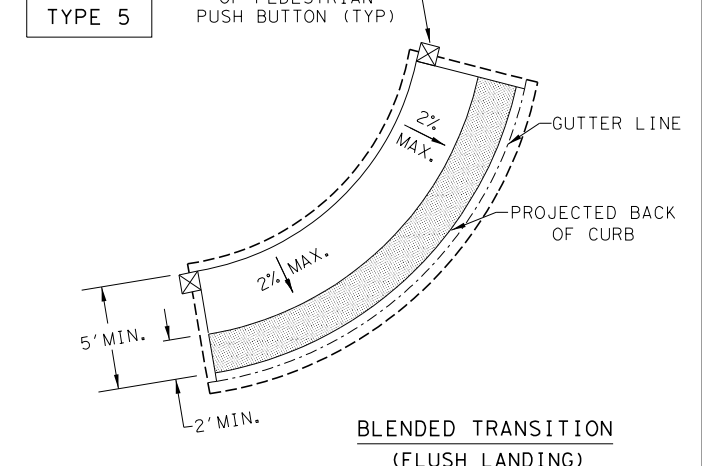
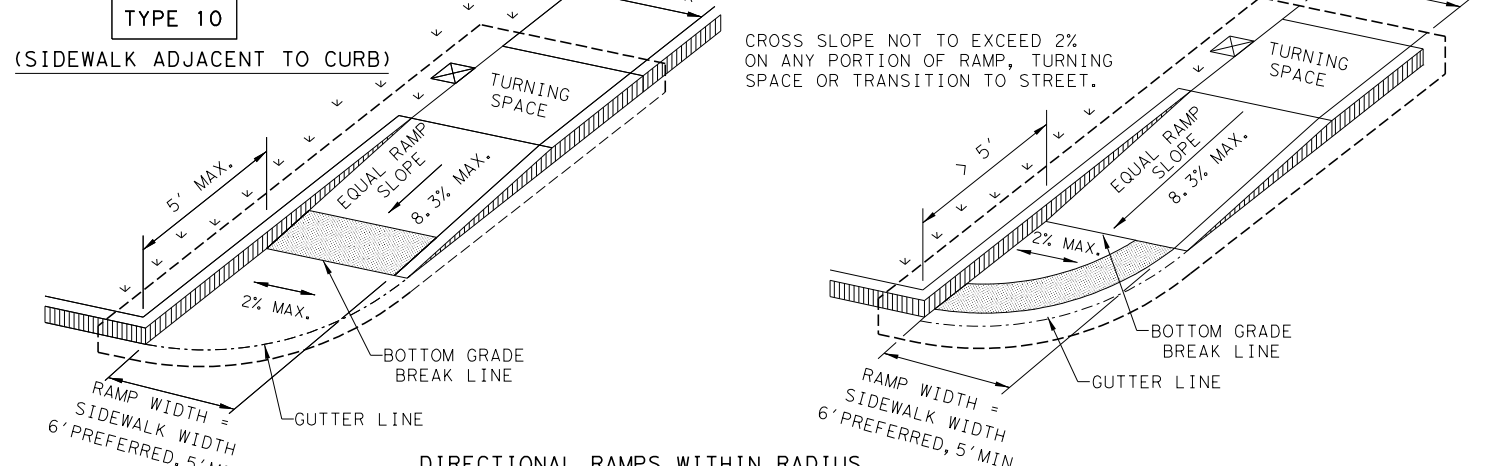
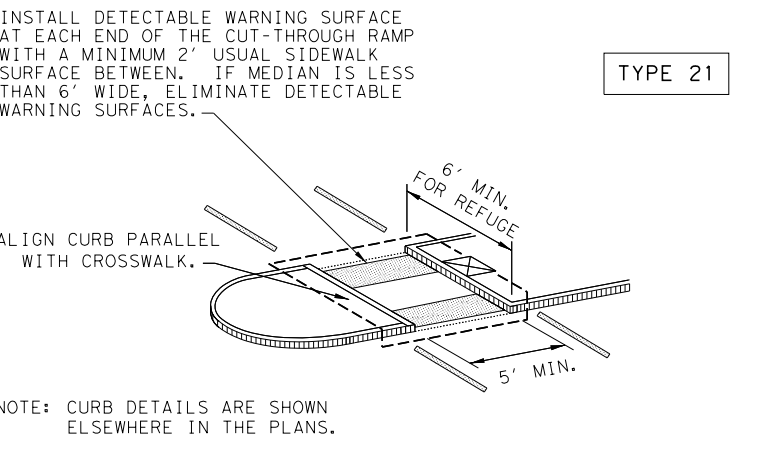
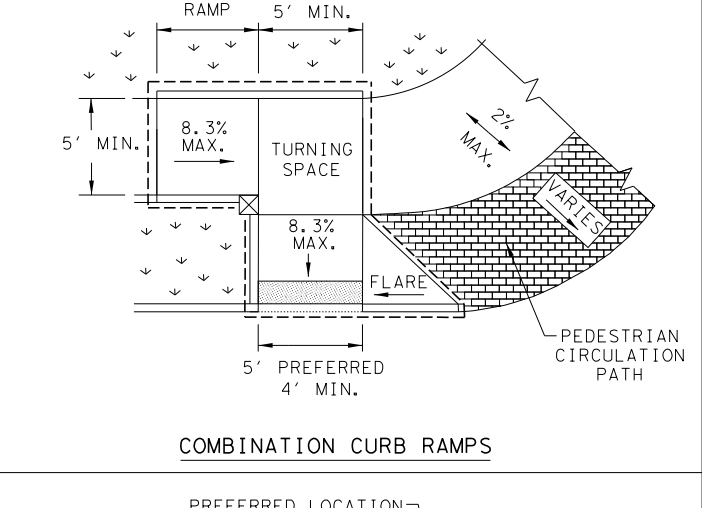
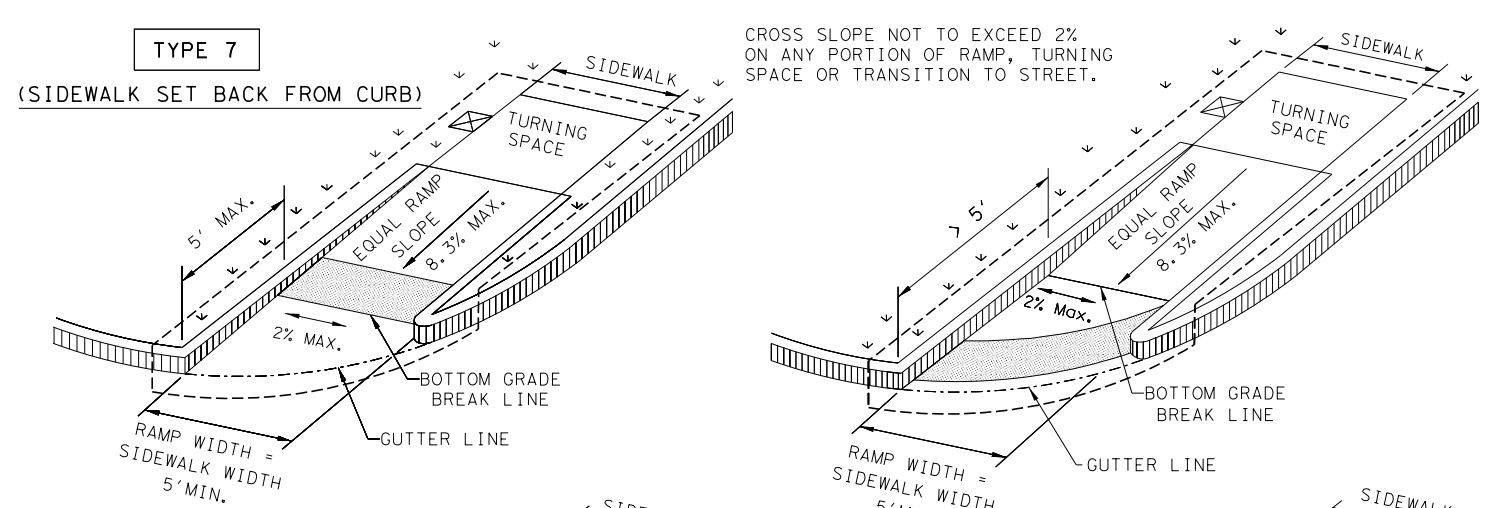
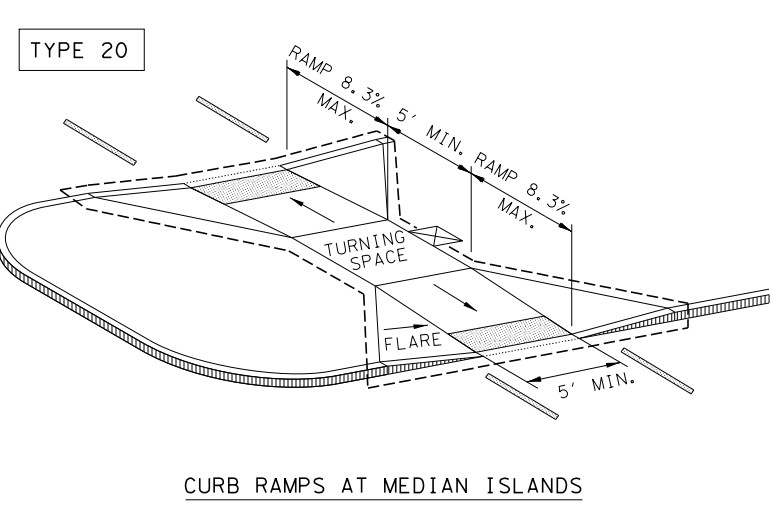
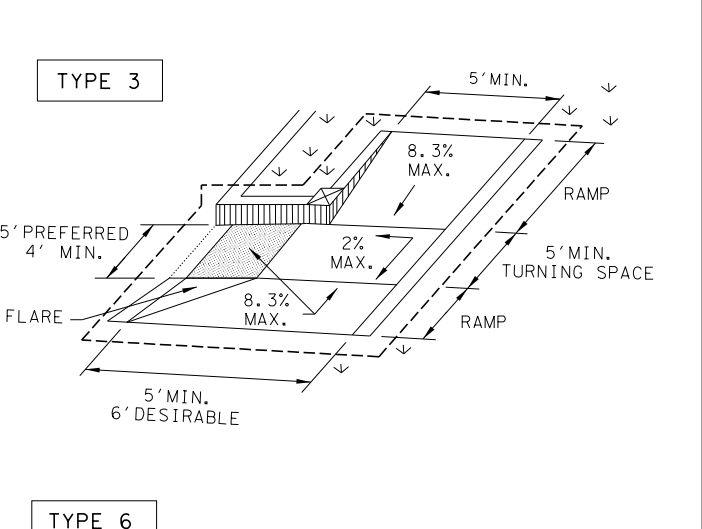
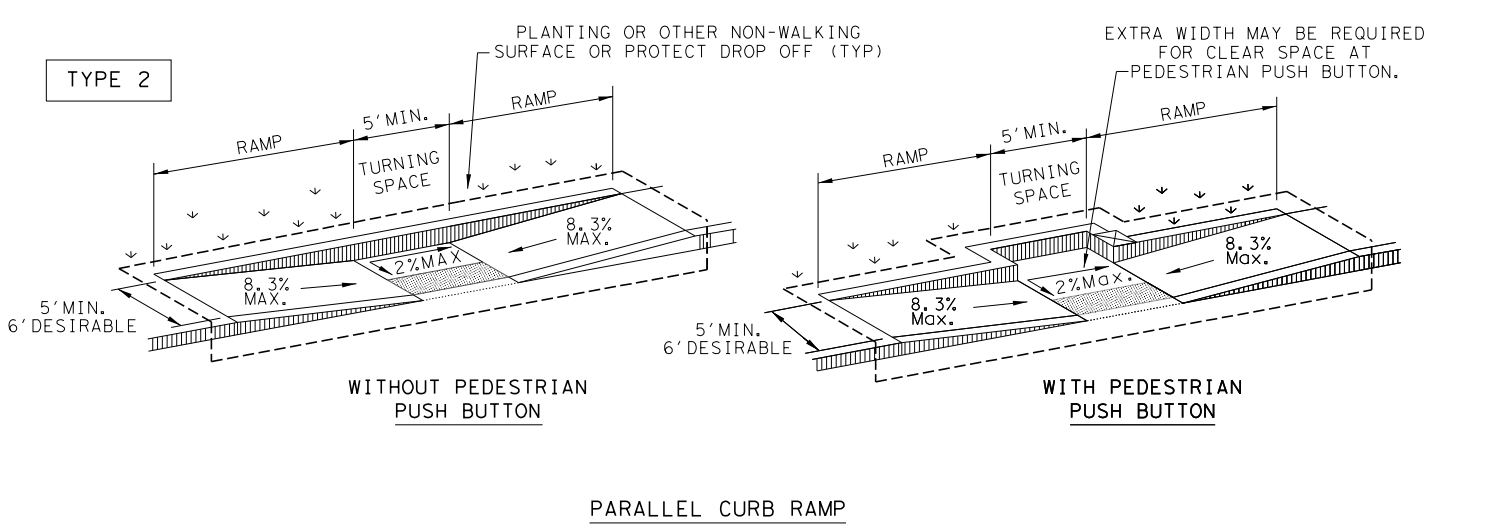
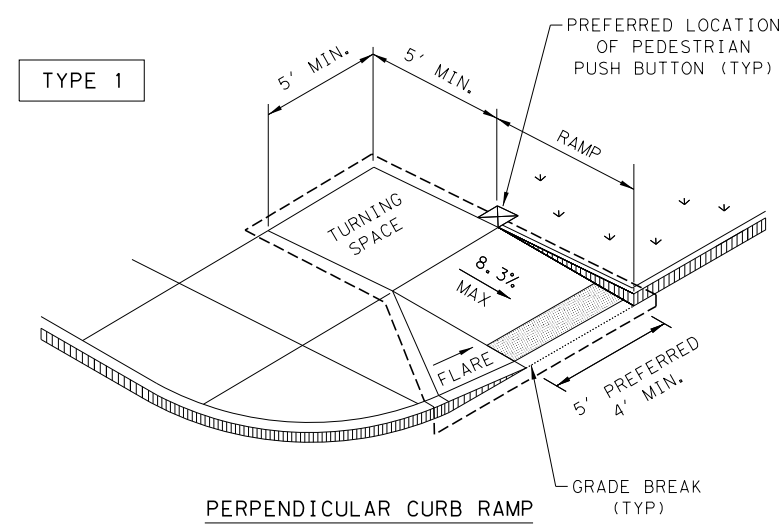
- All materials and construction shall be in accordance with Item 529, "Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined Curb and Gutter."
- Concrete shall be Class A.
- When reinforcing bars are used, they shall be No.4 unless otherwise shown. The use of fiber reinforced concrete in lieu of reinforcing steel is acceptable. Use fibers meeting the requirements of DMS 4550, "Fibers for Concrete," and dose fibers in accordance with Material Producers List (MPL) "Fibers for Class A and B Concrete Applications."
- Round exposed sharp edges with a rounding tool, to a minimum radius of 1/4 inch.
- All existing curbs and driveways to be removed shall be sawed or removed at existing joints.
- Where concrete curb is to be placed on existing concrete pavement, Bar B may be drilled and grouted in place, or may be inserted into fresh concrete.
- Expansion and contraction joints shall be constructed to match pavement joints in all curbs and curb and gutter adjacent to jointed concrete pavement. Where placement of curb or curb and gutter is not adjacent to concrete pavement, expansion joints shall be provided at structures, curb returns at streets, and at locations directed by The Engineer.
- Vertical and horizontal dowel bars and transverse reinforcing bars shall be placed at four feet C-C.
- Dimension 'T' shown is the thickness of concrete pavement. When curb is installed adjacent to flexible pavement dimension 'T' is 8" maximum.
- Usual profile grade line. Refer to typical sections and plan-profile sheets for exact locations.
- One-half inch expansion joint material shall be provided where curb or curb and gutter is adjacent to sidewalk or riprap.
- When horizontal permissible construction joints are used, the longitudinal pavement steel shall be placed in accordance with pavement details shown elsewhere in the plans. Reinforcing steel for curb section shall then conform to that required for concrete curb.
- Bar B placement as needed (typically at four ft. C-C) to support curb reinforcing steel during concrete placement.



CURB TRANSITION NOTE:
 Field conditions may require a longer or shorter transition, and shall be shown elsewhere in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.

				Design Division Standard	
<h2>CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER</h2>					
<h3>CCCG-22</h3>					
FILE: cccg21.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: AN	DW: CS	CK: KM	
© TxDOT: JUNE 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	BWD	STEPHENS		33	

DATE: 11/1/2022
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bentf ley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/06 Standards/08 Bridges/PED-18.dgn
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NOTES / LEGEND:
 SEE GENERAL NOTES ON SHEET 2 OF 4 FOR MORE INFORMATION.

DENOTES PLANTING OR NON-WALKING SURFACE NOT PART OF PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION PATH.

DENOTES PREFERRED LOCATION OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON IF APPLICABLE.

Detectable Warning Surface

Gutter Line

Grade Break

Ramp Limits of Payment

SHEET 1 OF 4

Design Division Standard

PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

PED-18

FILE: ped18	DN: TxDOT	DW: VP	CK: KM	CK: PK & JG
© TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
REVISED 08, 2005	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
REVISED 06, 2012	BWD	STEPHENS	34	
REVISED 01, 2018				

DATE: 11/1/2022
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GENERAL NOTES

CURB RAMP

1. Install a curb ramp or blended transition at each pedestrian street crossing.
2. All slopes shown are maximum allowable. Cross slopes of 1.5% and lesser running should be used. Adjust curb ramp length or grade of approach sidewalks as directed.
3. Maximum allowable cross slope on sidewalk and curb ramp surfaces is 2%.
4. The minimum sidewalk width is 5'. Where the sidewalk is adjacent to the back of curb, a 6' sidewalk width is desirable. Where a 5' sidewalk cannot be provided due to site constraints, sidewalk width may be reduced to 4' for short distances. 5' x 5' passing areas at intervals not to exceed 200' are required.
5. Turning Spaces shall be 5' x 5' minimum. Cross slope shall be maximum 2%.
6. Clear space at the bottom of curb ramps shall be a minimum of 4' x 4' wholly contained within the crosswalk and wholly outside the parallel vehicular travel path.
7. Provide flared sides where the pedestrian circulation path crosses the curb ramp. Flared sides shall be sloped at 10% maximum, measured parallel to the curb. Returned curbs may be used only where pedestrians would not normally walk across the ramp, either because the adjacent surface is planted, substantially obstructed, or otherwise protected.
8. Additional information on curb ramp location, design, light reflective value and texture may be found in the latest draft of the Proposed Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right of Way (PROWAG) as published by the U.S. Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board).
9. To serve as a pedestrian refuge area, the median should be a minimum of 6' wide, measured from back of curbs. Medians should be designed to provide accessible passage over or through them.
10. Small channelization islands, which do not provide a minimum 5' x 5' landing at the top of curb ramps, shall be cut through level with the surface of the street.
11. Crosswalk dimensions, crosswalk markings and stop bar locations shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans. At intersections where crosswalk markings are not required, curb ramps shall align with theoretical crosswalks unless otherwise directed.
12. Provide curb ramps to connect the pedestrian access route at each pedestrian street crossing. Handrails are not required on curb ramps.
13. Curb ramps and landings shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item 531 "Sidewalks".
14. Place concrete at a minimum depth of 5" for ramps, flares and landings, unless otherwise directed.
15. Furnish and install No. 3 reinforcing steel bars at 18" o.c. both ways, unless otherwise directed.
16. Provide a smooth transition where the curb ramps connect to the street.
17. Curbs shown on sheet 1 within the limits of payment are considered part of the curb ramp for payment, whether it is concrete curb, gutter, or combined curb and gutter.
18. Existing features that comply with applicable standards may remain in place unless otherwise shown on the plans.

DETECTABLE WARNING MATERIAL

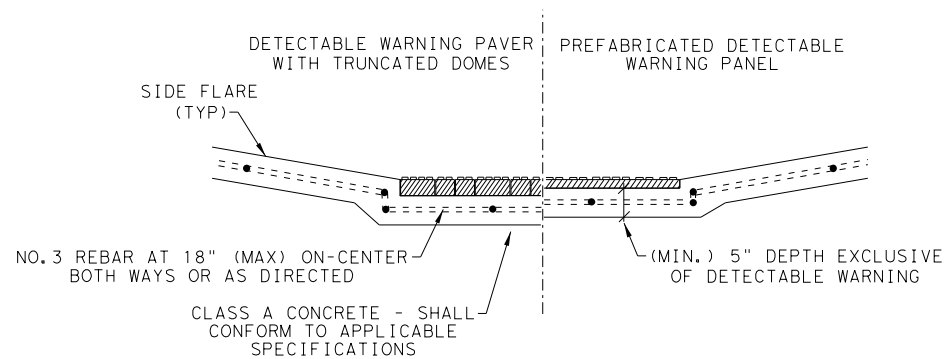
19. Curb ramps must contain a detectable warning surface that consists of raised truncated domes complying with PROWAG. The surface must contrast visually with adjoining surfaces, including side flares. Furnish and install an approved cast-in-place dark brown or dark red detectable warning surface material adjacent to uncolored concrete, unless specified elsewhere in the plans.
20. Detectable Warning Materials must meet TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4350 and be listed on the Material Producer List. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
21. Detectable warning surfaces must be firm, stable and slip resistant.
22. Detectable warning surfaces shall be a minimum of 24 inches in depth in the direction of pedestrian travel, and extend the full width of the curb ramp or landing where the pedestrian access route enters the street.
23. Detectable warning surfaces shall be located so that the edge nearest the curb line is at the back of curb and neither end of that edge is greater than 5 feet from the back of curb. Detectable warning surfaces may be curved along the corner radius.
24. Shaded areas on Sheet 1 of 4 indicate the approximate location for the detectable warning surface for each curb ramp type.

DETECTABLE WARNING PAVERS (IF USED)

25. Furnish detectable warning paver units meeting all requirements of ASTM C-936, C-33. Lay in a two by two unit basket weave pattern or as directed.
26. Lay full-size units first followed by closure units consisting of at least 25 percent (25%) of a full unit. Cut detectable warning paver units using a power saw.

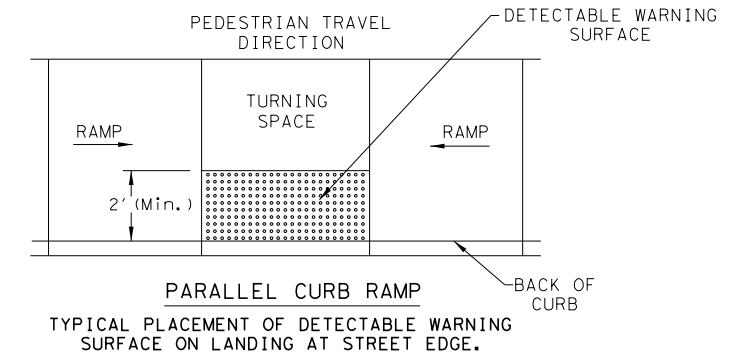
SIDEWALKS

27. Provide clear ground space at operable parts, including pedestrian push buttons. Operable parts shall be placed within unobstructed reach range specified in PROWAG section R406.
28. Place traffic signal or illumination poles, ground boxes, controller boxes, signs, drainage facilities and other items so as not to obstruct the pedestrian access route or clear ground space.
29. Street grades and cross slopes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
30. Changes in level greater than 1/4 inch are not permitted.
31. The least possible grade should be used to maximize accessibility. The running slope of sidewalks and crosswalks within the public right of way may follow the grade of the parallel roadway. Where a continuous grade greater than five percent (5%) must be provided, handrails may be desirable to improve accessibility. Handrails may also be needed to protect pedestrians from potentially hazardous conditions. If provided, handrails shall comply with PROWAG R409.
32. Handrail extensions shall not protrude into the usable landing area or into intersecting pedestrian routes.
33. Driveways and turnouts shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item "Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts". Sidewalks shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item, "Sidewalks".
34. Sidewalk details are shown elsewhere in the plans.

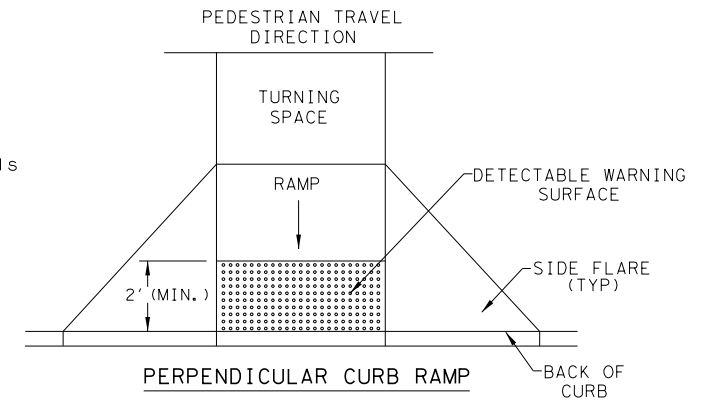


**SECTION VIEW DETAIL
CURB RAMP AT DETECTIBLE WARNINGS**

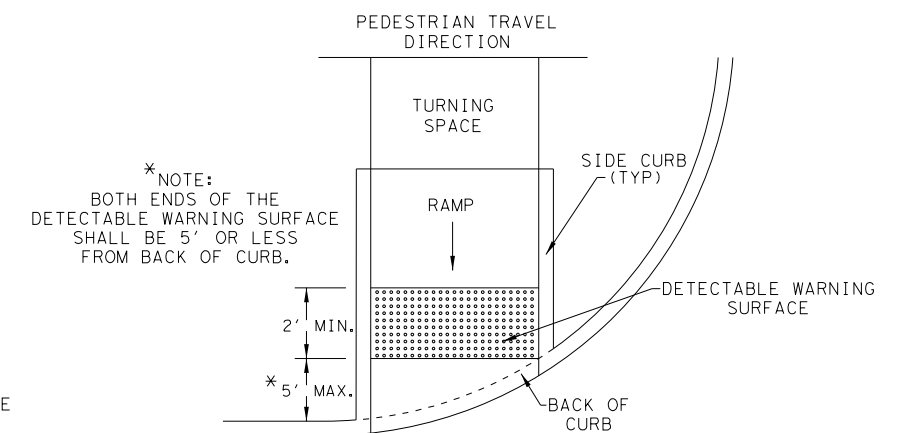
DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DETAILS



**PARALLEL CURB RAMP
TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE ON LANDING AT STREET EDGE.**



**PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMP
TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE ON SLOPING RAMP RUN.**



* NOTE:
BOTH ENDS OF THE
DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE
SHALL BE 5' OR LESS
FROM BACK OF CURB.

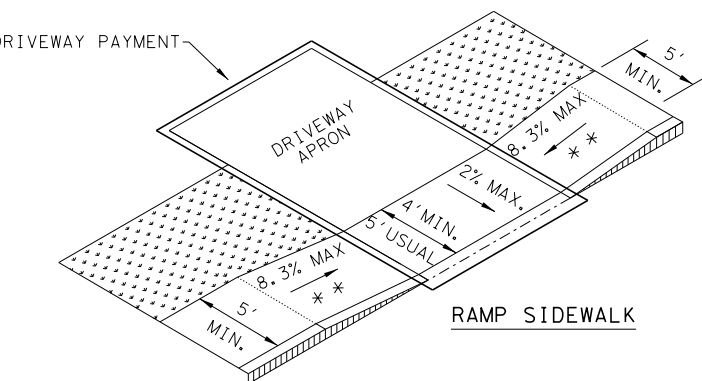
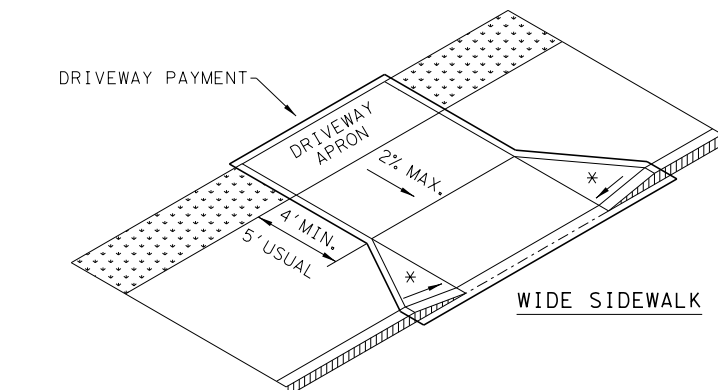
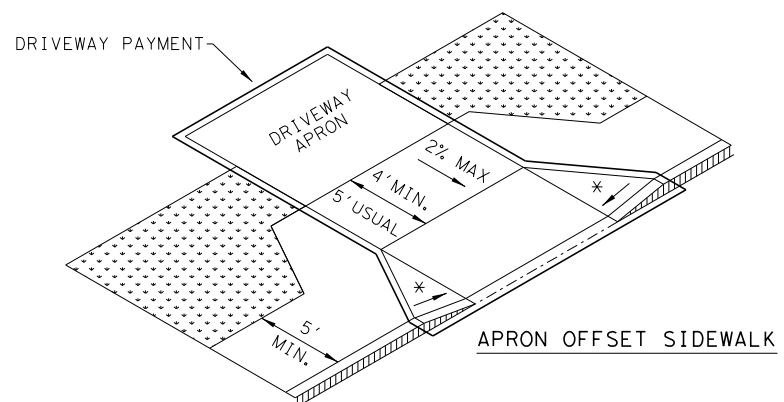
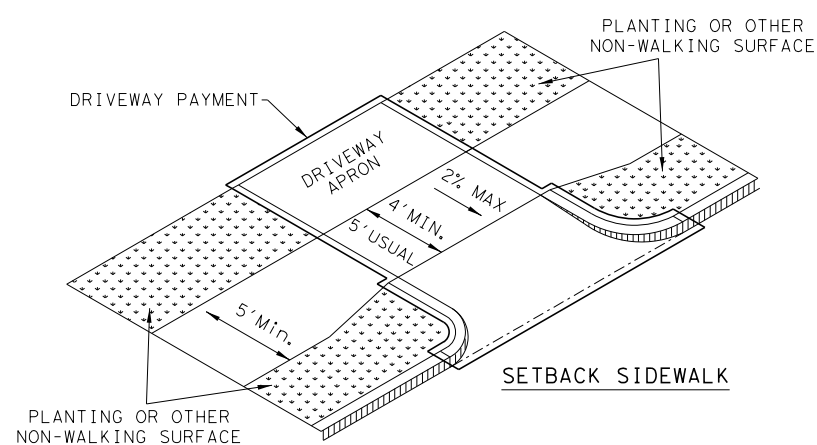
**DIRECTIONAL CURB RAMP
TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE ON SLOPING RAMP RUN.**

SHEET 2 OF 4

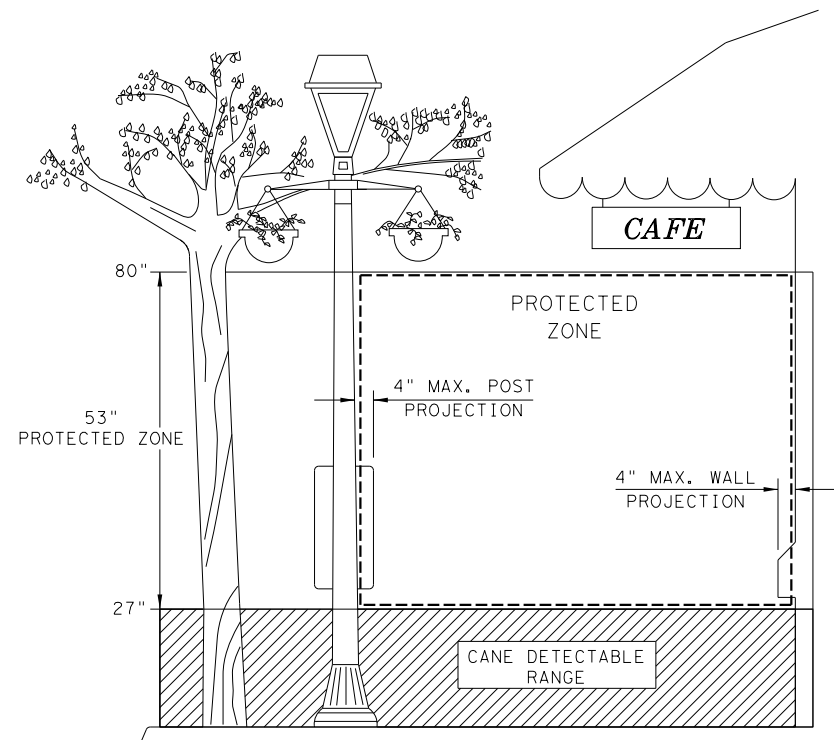
		Design Division Standard	
<h1>PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES</h1> <h2>CURB RAMPS</h2> <h3>PED-18</h3>			
FILE: ped18	DN: TxDOT	DW: VP	CK: KM
© TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0923	22	027
REVISED 08, 2005	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
REVISED 06, 2012	BWD	STEPHENS	35
REVISED 01, 2018			

DATE: 11/1/2022
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bentf ley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/06 Standards/08 Bridges/PED-18.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

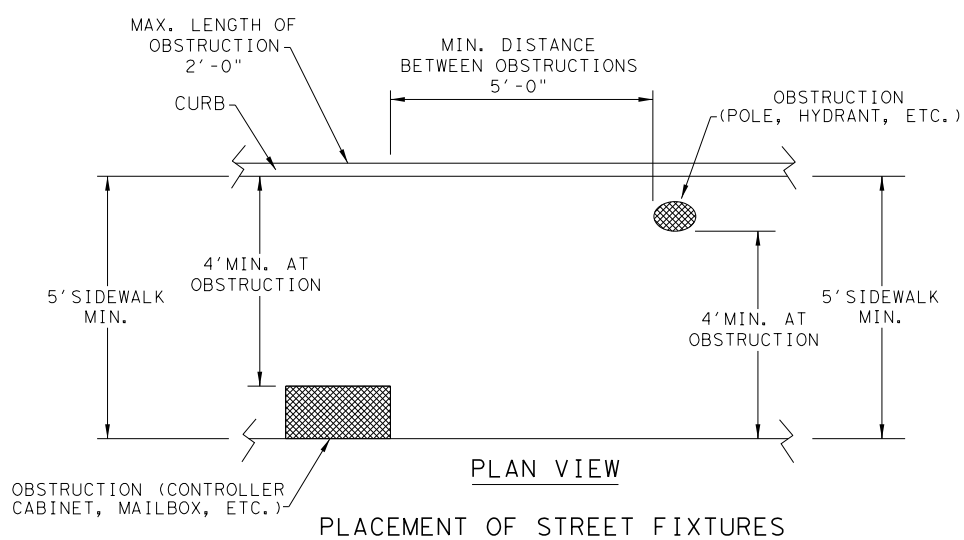
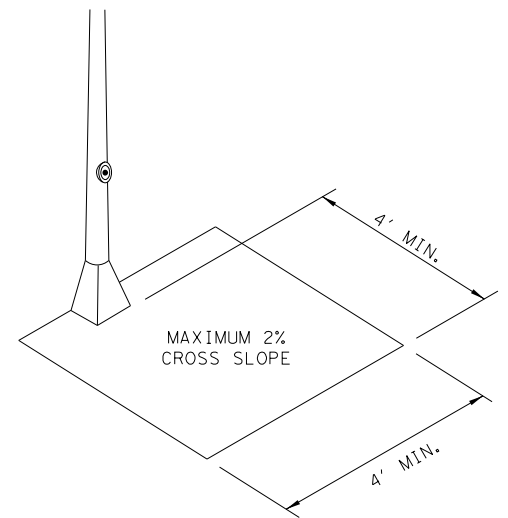
SIDEWALK TREATMENT AT DRIVEWAYS



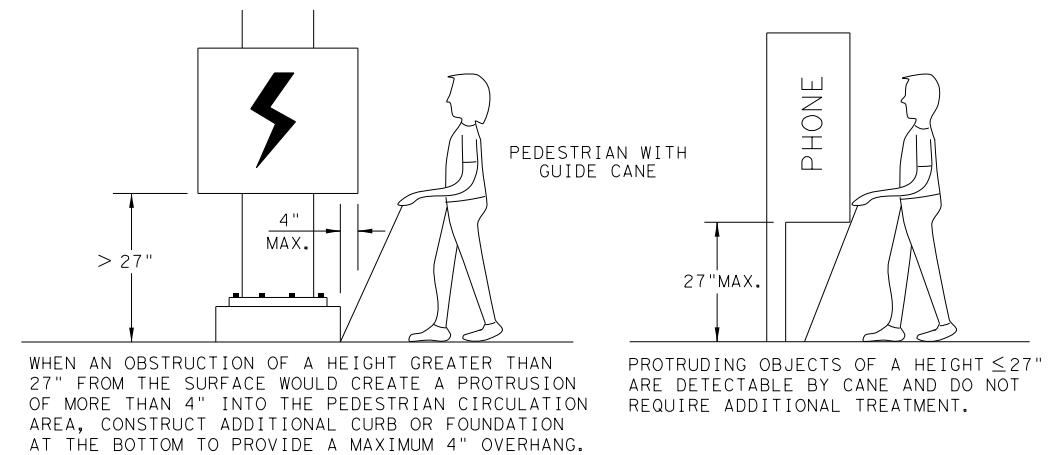
NOTES:
 * WHERE DRIVEWAYS CROSS THE PEDESTRIAN ROUTE, SIDES SHALL BE FLARED AT 10% MAX SLOPE.
 * * IF CURB HEIGHT IS GREATER THAN 6 INCHES, USE GRADE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 5%. HANDRAIL AND DETECTABLE WARNING ARE NOT REQUIRED.



NOTE: IN PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, MAXIMUM 4" PROJECTION FOR POST OR WALL MOUNTED OBJECTS BETWEEN 27" AND 80" ABOVE THE SURFACE.



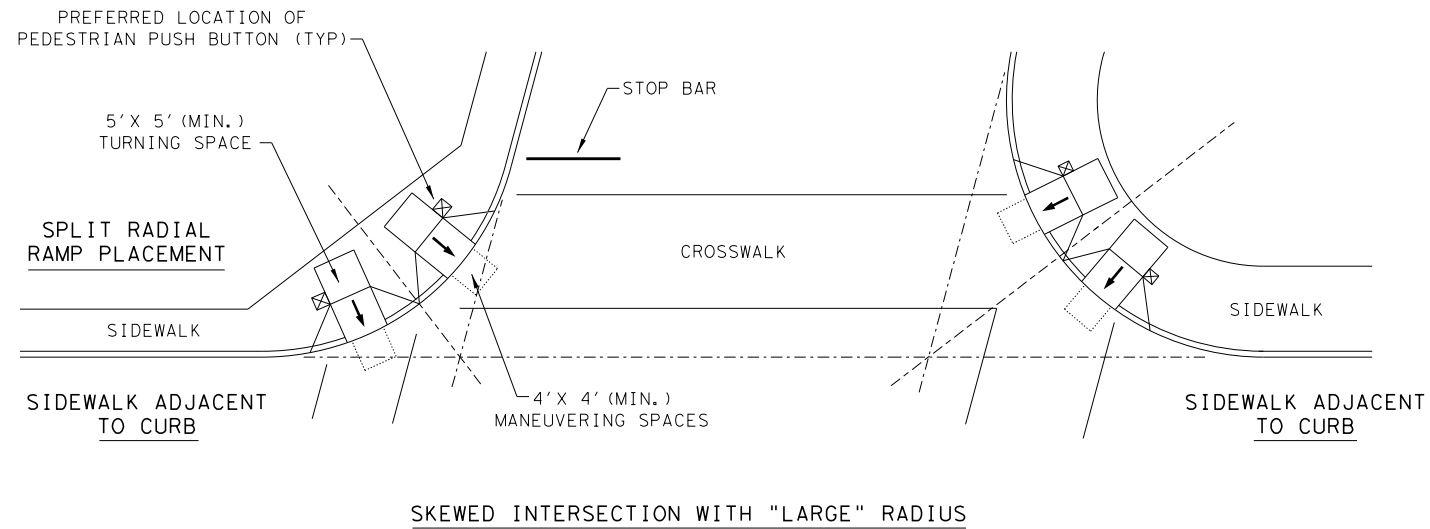
NOTE: ITEMS NOT INTENDED FOR PUBLIC USE. MINIMUM 4' X 4' CLEAR GROUND SPACE REQUIRED AT PUBLIC USE FIXTURES.



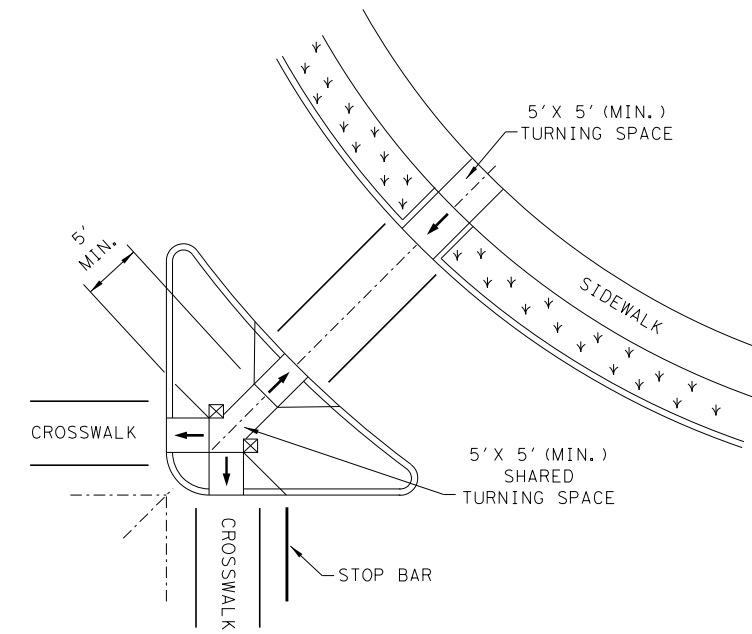
DETECTION BARRIER FOR VERTICAL CLEARANCE < 80"

		Design Division Standard	
PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS PED-18			
FILE: ped18	DN: TxDOT	DW: VP	CK: KM
© TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT: 0923	SECT: 22	JOB: 027
REVISIONS REVISED 08, 2005 REVISED 06, 2012 REVISED 01, 2018		SHELTON AVE COUNTY: STEPHENS SHEET NO.: 36	

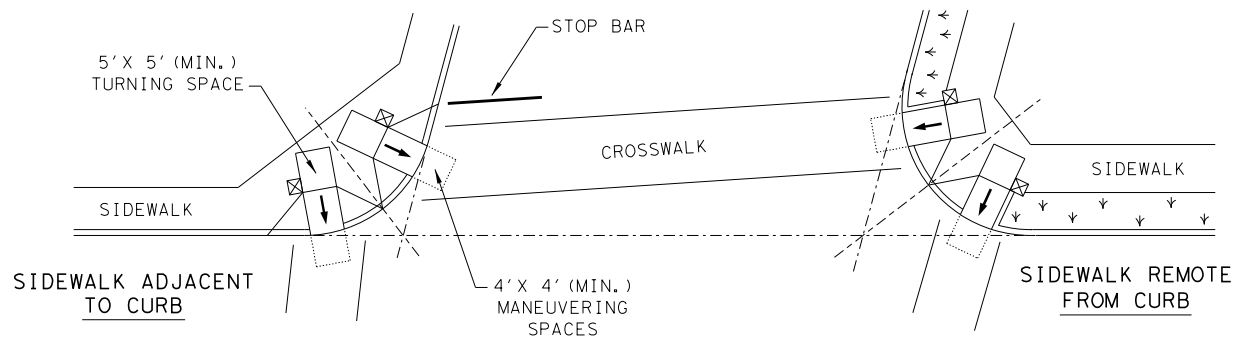
TYPICAL CROSSING LAYOUTS
SEE SHEET 1 OF 4 FOR DETAILS AND DIMENSIONS



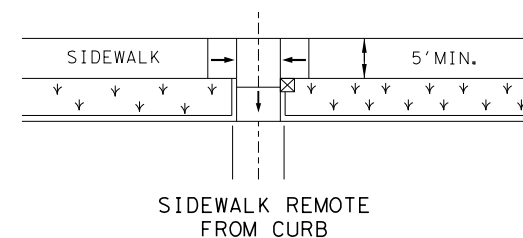
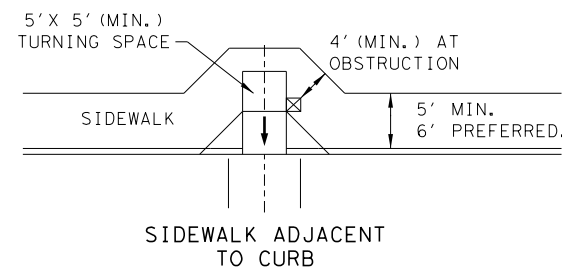
SKewed INTERSECTION WITH "LARGE" RADIUS



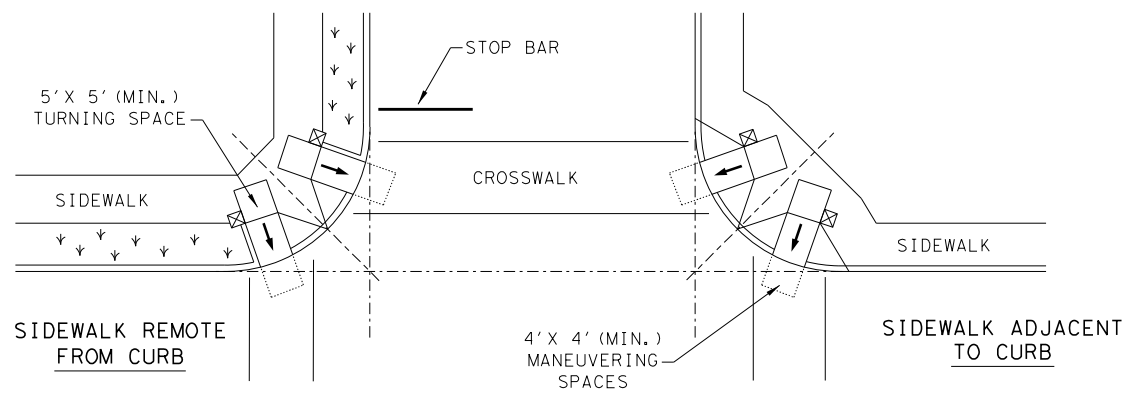
AT INTERSECTION W/FREE RIGHT TURN & ISLAND



SKewed INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



MID-BLOCK PLACEMENT PERPENDICULAR RAMPS



NORMAL INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS

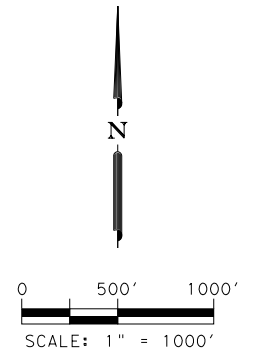
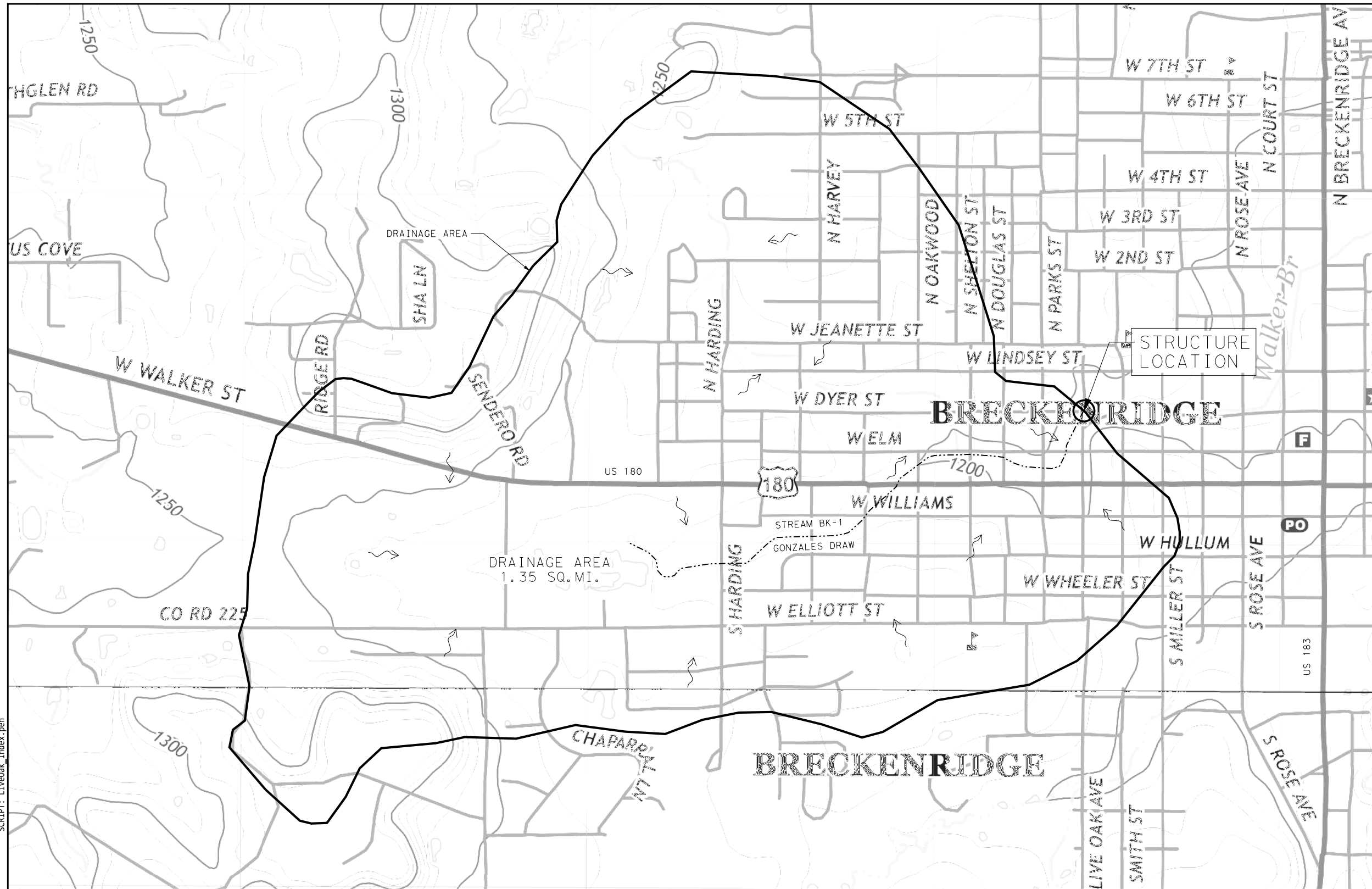
LEGEND:

- SHOWS DOWNWARD SLOPE.
- DENOTES PREFERRED LOCATION OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON (IF APPLICABLE).
- DENOTES PLANTING OR NON-WALKING SURFACE NOT PART OF PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION PATH.

		Design Division Standard	
PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES			
CURB RAMPS			
PED-18			
FILE: ped18	DN: TxDOT	DW: VP	CK: KM
© TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CON: 0923	SECT: 22	JOB: 027
REVISIONS	DIST: BWD	COUNTY: STEPHENS	SHEET NO.: 37
REVISED 08, 2005			
REVISED 06, 2012			
REVISED 01, 2018			

DATE: 11/1/2022
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bentley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/06 Standards/08 Bridges/PED-18.dgn
 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

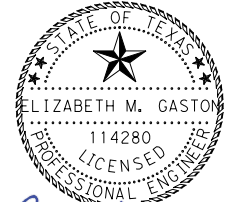
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 SCRIPT: LiveOak_Index.pen
 tchang
 10/31/2022 9:48



LEGEND
 ——— DRAINAGE BOUNDARY
 - - - - WATERCOURSE

- NOTES:**
1. THE CROSSING IS LOCATED IN A FEMA FLOODPLAIN ZONE AE, AS IDENTIFIED ON FIRM PANEL 48429C0095C EFFECTIVE DATE 1-2-1991.
 2. THE FEMA EFFECTIVE FIS FLOWS WERE USED FOR THE HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS.
 3. FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR COORDINATION ON OCTOBER 20, 2022.

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



E. Gaston
 10/31/2022
 FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-230



TEXAS TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS, INC.
 Firm # F-19397



LIVE OAK AVE AT GONZALES DRAW
DRAINAGE AREA MAP

SHEET 1 OF 1

DA ID	AREA (ACRES)	AREA (SQ MI)	Tc (HR)	LAG TIME (HR)	LAG TIME (MIN)	BASE RCN	USED RCN	% IMPERVIOUS %	INITIAL ABSTR (IN)
LIVE OAK	864.2	1.35	1.40	0.84	50.40	83	73	0.5	0.726

NRCS METHOD MODELED IN HEC-HMS VERSION 4.3.
 PRECIPITATION DATA FOR SH 16 DERIVED FROM "NOAA ATLAS 14, VOLUME 11, VERSION 2 CRESSON, LAT: 32.7500°
 LONG: -98.4336° FROM THE NOAA PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY SERVER.
 SOILS DATA OBTAINED FROM NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY UTILITY.
 LAND USE DATA OBTAINED FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAMMETRY.
 THE BASE RCN WAS ADJUSTED BASED ON THE LOWER BOUND EQUIVALENT TO THE CURVE NUMBER FOR AMC I, A CURVE NUMBER OF 60,
 OR THE RECOMMENDED REDUCTION FROM TxDOT HYDRAULIC MANUAL, FIGURE 4-22, WHICHEVER IS HIGHER.

FREQ (YR)	PRECIP (IN)	NRCS FLOW (CFS)	FIS FLOWS (CFS)
2	3.4	409	870*
5	4.3	668	1300*
10	5.1	909	1660
25	6.4	1266	2220*
50	7.3	1548	2640
100	8.4	1850	3060
500	11.5	2656	4100

* ONLY THE 10-, 50-, 100-, AND 500-YR FLOWS ARE INCLUDED IN THE FIS. FLOWS FOR THE REMAINING FREQUENCIES WERE INTERPOLATED.

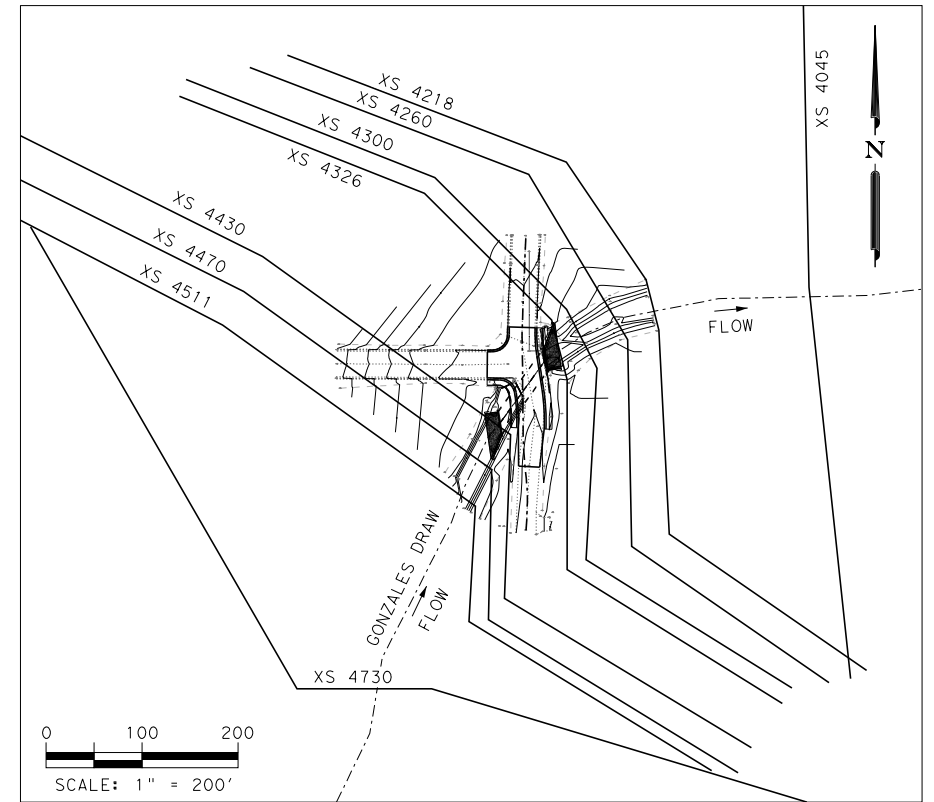
FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	025, ETC.	LIVE OAK, ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	38	

P:\tts-pw-bentley.com\tts-pw-01\Documents\0223-004 WA 1 - CR FM and Avenues\06 Cadd\01 Plan Sheets\06 Drainage\LIVEOAK_DRN_HDS-01.dgn
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 10/31/2022 9:51

PLAN: PROP V7	RIVER-1	REACH-1 RS: 4373	CULV GROUP: CULVERT #1	PROFILE: 2 YR
Q CULV GROUP (CFS)	644.96	CULV FULL LEN (FT)	83.00	
# BARRELS	2.00	CULV VEL US (FT/S)	8.06	
Q BARREL (CFS)	322.48	CULV VEL DS (FT/S)	8.06	
E.G. US. (FT)	1193.84	CULV INV EL UP (FT)	1186.29	
W.S. US. (FT)	1193.77	CULV INV EL DN (FT)	1186.21	
E.G. DS (FT)	1192.88	CULV FRCTN LS (FT)	0.23	
W.S. DS (FT)	1192.10	CULV EXIT LOSS (FT)	0.23	
DELTA EG (FT)	0.97	CULV ENTR LOSS (FT)	0.51	
DELTA WS (FT)	1.68	Q WEIR (CFS)	225.04	
E.G. IC (FT)	1193.61	WEIR STA LFT (FT)	1508.75	
E.G. OC (FT)	1193.84	WEIR STA RGT (FT)	1815.47	
CULVERT CONTROL	Outlet	WEIR SUBMERG	0.00	
CULV WS INLET (FT)	1191.29	WEIR MAX DEPTH (FT)	1.07	
CULV WS OUTLET (FT)	1191.21	WEIR AVG DEPTH (FT)	0.46	
CULV NML DEPTH (FT)		WEIR FLOW AREA (SQ FT)	109.89	
CULV NML DEPTH (FT)	3.70	WEIR FLOW AREA (SQ FT)	1192.78	

PLAN: PROP V7	RIVER-1	REACH-1 RS: 4373	CULV GROUP: CULVERT #1	PROFILE: 100 YR
Q CULV GROUP (CFS)	184.49	CULV FULL LEN (FT)	83.00	
# BARRELS	2.00	CULV VEL US (FT/S)	2.31	
Q BARREL (CFS)	92.25	CULV VEL DS (FT/S)	2.31	
E.G. US. (FT)	1195.70	CULV INV EL UP (FT)	1186.29	
W.S. US. (FT)	1195.57	CULV INV EL DN (FT)	1186.21	
E.G. DS (FT)	1195.64	CULV FRCTN LS (FT)	0.02	
W.S. DS (FT)	1194.74	CULV EXIT LOSS (FT)	0.00	
DELTA EG (FT)	0.06	CULV ENTR LOSS (FT)	0.04	
DELTA WS (FT)	0.83	Q WEIR (CFS)	2875.51	
E.G. IC (FT)	1195.66	WEIR STA LFT (FT)	1476.95	
E.G. OC (FT)	1195.70	WEIR STA RGT (FT)	1977.37	
CULVERT CONTROL	Outlet	WEIR SUBMERG	0.81	
CULV WS INLET (FT)	1191.29	WEIR MAX DEPTH (FT)	2.91	
CULV WS OUTLET (FT)	1191.21	WEIR AVG DEPTH (FT)	1.71	
CULV NML DEPTH (FT)		WEIR FLOW AREA (SQ FT)	856.81	
CULV NML DEPTH (FT)	1.60	WEIR FLOW AREA (SQ FT)	1192.78	

HEC-RAS RIVER: RIVER-1 REACH: REACH-1													
REACH	RIVER STA	PROFILE	PLAN	Q TOTAL (CFS)	MIN CH EL (FT)	W.S. ELEV (FT)	CRIT W.S. (FT)	E.G. ELEV (FT)	E.G. SLOPE (FT/FT)	VEL CHNL (FT/S)	FLOW AREA (SQ FT)	TOP WIDTH (FT)	FROUDE # CHL
REACH-1	4730	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.50	1193.92		1194.06	0.000856	3.22	364.87	263.02	0.25
REACH-1	4730	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.50	1193.95		1194.09	0.000828	3.18	374.25	272.51	0.24
REACH-1	4730	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.50	1195.93		1196.13	0.001203	4.73	1247.71	524.99	0.31
REACH-1	4730	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.50	1195.84		1196.06	0.001321	4.91	1200.51	522.85	0.32
REACH-1	4511	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.50	1193.81		1193.87	0.000705	2.54	525.46	294.59	0.21
REACH-1	4511	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.50	1193.85		1193.91	0.000670	2.50	537.67	300.83	0.21
REACH-1	4511	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.50	1195.71		1195.86	0.001225	4.27	1247.27	446.74	0.30
REACH-1	4511	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.50	1195.62		1195.77	0.001226	4.23	1208.16	439.43	0.30
REACH-1	4470	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.40	1193.74		1193.84	0.000916	3.20	490.01	362.70	0.25
REACH-1	4470	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.40	1193.79		1193.88	0.000859	3.12	507.24	374.40	0.24
REACH-1	4470	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.40	1195.70		1195.82	0.001035	4.22	1451.90	588.15	0.28
REACH-1	4470	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.40	1195.60		1195.73	0.001144	4.39	1394.66	579.93	0.29
REACH-1	4430	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.30	1193.73	1191.69	1193.80	0.000740	2.80	549.17	377.15	0.22
REACH-1	4430	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.30	1193.77	1191.90	1193.85	0.000693	2.73	567.39	386.33	0.22
REACH-1	4430	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.30	1195.67	1193.91	1195.79	0.000967	4.01	1516.33	586.51	0.27
REACH-1	4430	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.30	1195.57	1193.90	1195.69	0.001075	4.19	1457.34	579.31	0.29
REACH-1	4373												
REACH-1	4326	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.22	1192.10	1191.61	1192.88	0.009643	7.10	123.88	49.47	0.74
REACH-1	4326	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.22	1192.10	1191.61	1192.88	0.009643	7.10	123.88	49.47	0.74
REACH-1	4326	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.22	1194.74	1194.74	1195.64	0.006377	8.92	599.85	366.75	0.68
REACH-1	4326	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.22	1194.74	1194.74	1195.64	0.006377	8.92	599.85	366.75	0.68
REACH-1	4300	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.20	1191.63	1191.17	1192.56	0.011818	7.73	112.79	44.63	0.82
REACH-1	4300	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.20	1191.62	1191.17	1192.56	0.011903	7.76	112.43	44.36	0.82
REACH-1	4300	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.20	1194.93		1195.25	0.002636	5.84	927.91	418.94	0.44
REACH-1	4300	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.20	1194.93		1195.25	0.002636	5.84	927.91	418.94	0.44
REACH-1	4260	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.17	1191.41		1192.08	0.008691	6.55	132.88	49.93	0.71
REACH-1	4260	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.17	1191.40		1192.07	0.008792	6.58	132.26	49.78	0.71
REACH-1	4260	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.17	1194.14	1194.14	1195.03	0.006733	8.25	551.28	367.11	0.68
REACH-1	4260	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.17	1194.14	1194.14	1195.03	0.006733	8.25	551.28	367.11	0.68
REACH-1	4218	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1186.14	1191.05		1191.73	0.007723	6.62	131.32	43.94	0.68
REACH-1	4218	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1186.14	1191.05		1191.73	0.007723	6.62	131.32	43.94	0.68
REACH-1	4218	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1186.14	1193.76		1194.44	0.005161	7.74	639.69	335.37	0.61
REACH-1	4218	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1186.14	1193.76		1194.44	0.005161	7.74	639.69	335.37	0.61
REACH-1	4045	2 YR	CORREFF V4	870	1183.30	1190.77	1188.46	1191.01	0.001891	4.24	294.29	245.49	0.35
REACH-1	4045	2 YR	PROP V7	870	1183.30	1190.77	1188.46	1191.01	0.001891	4.24	294.29	245.49	0.35
REACH-1	4045	100 YR	CORREFF V4	3060	1183.30	1193.78	1191.73	1193.94	0.001009	4.36	1169.10	315.31	0.28
REACH-1	4045	100 YR	PROP V7	3060	1183.30	1193.78	1191.73	1193.94	0.001009	4.36	1169.10	315.31	0.28



NOTES:

1. A FEMA EFFECTIVE MODEL WAS RECEIVED IN HEC-2 FORMAT ON 3-25-22 FOR STREAM BK-1, WITH CASE NUMBER/ STUDY ID: 480578-19810930. THIS MODEL WAS TRUNCATED AND CONVERTED TO HEC-RAS 5.0.7. TO CREATE THE CORRECTED EFFECTIVE AND PROPOSED MODELS.
2. THE TAILWATER WAS KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATION FROM THE FEMA EFFECTIVE MODEL AT CROSS SECTION 3915.
3. THIS CROSSING IS LOCATED IN A MAPPED FEMA FLOOD ZONE AE, 100-YR FLOODPLAIN WITH BASE ELEVATIONS DETERMINED AND FLOODWAY ESTABLISHED.
4. FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR COORDINATION ON OCTOBER 20, 2022.
5. THE PROPOSED CULVERT IS 2-8'x5' CAST IN PLACE BOXES.
6. PROPOSED CULVERT 2 YEAR DISCHARGE: 870 CFS
MIN ROAD ELEV = 1192.75 FT
FREEBOARD = 0.00 FT
PERCENT OF FLOW OVERTOPPING ROAD = 25.87%
7. PROPOSED CULVERT 100 YEAR DISCHARGE: 3,060 CFS
MIN ROAD ELEV = 1192.75 FT
FREEBOARD = 0.00 FT
PERCENT OF FLOW OVERTOPPING ROAD = 93.97%

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE

E. Gaston
10/31/2022
FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-230

TEXAS TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS, INC.
Firm # F-19397

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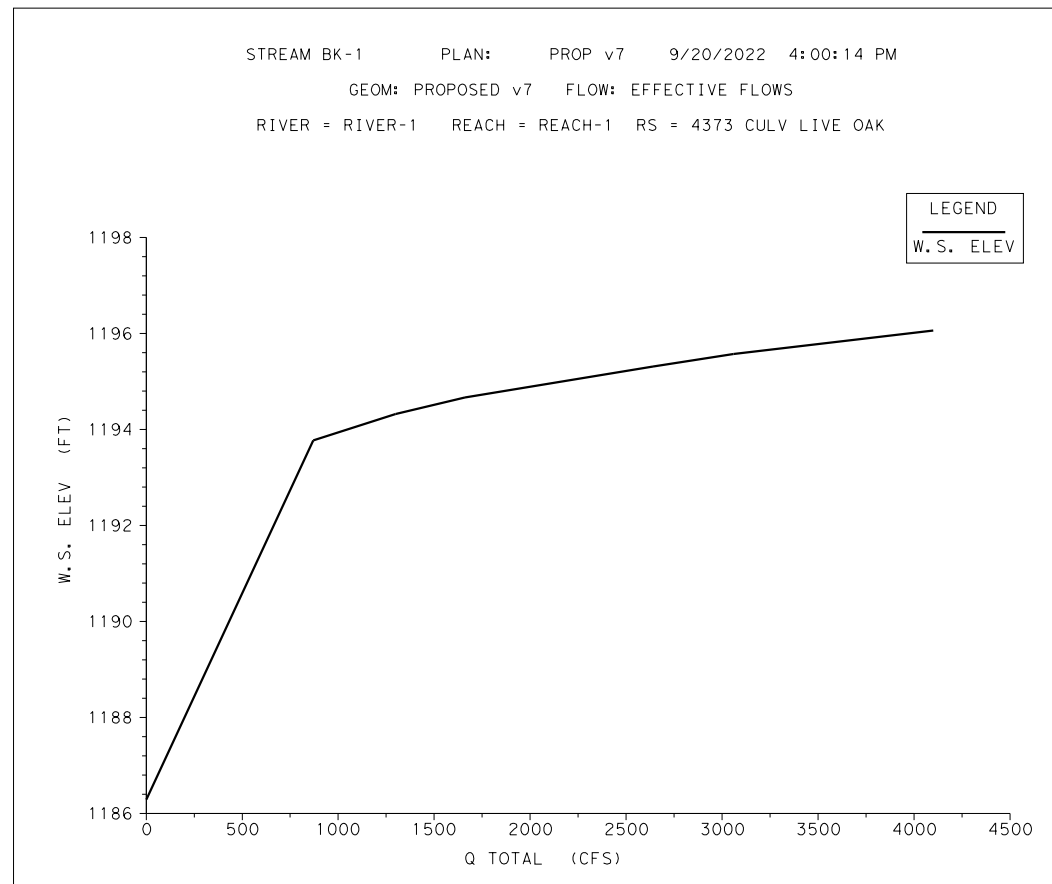
LIVE OAK AVE AT GONZALES DRAW

HYDRAULIC DATA

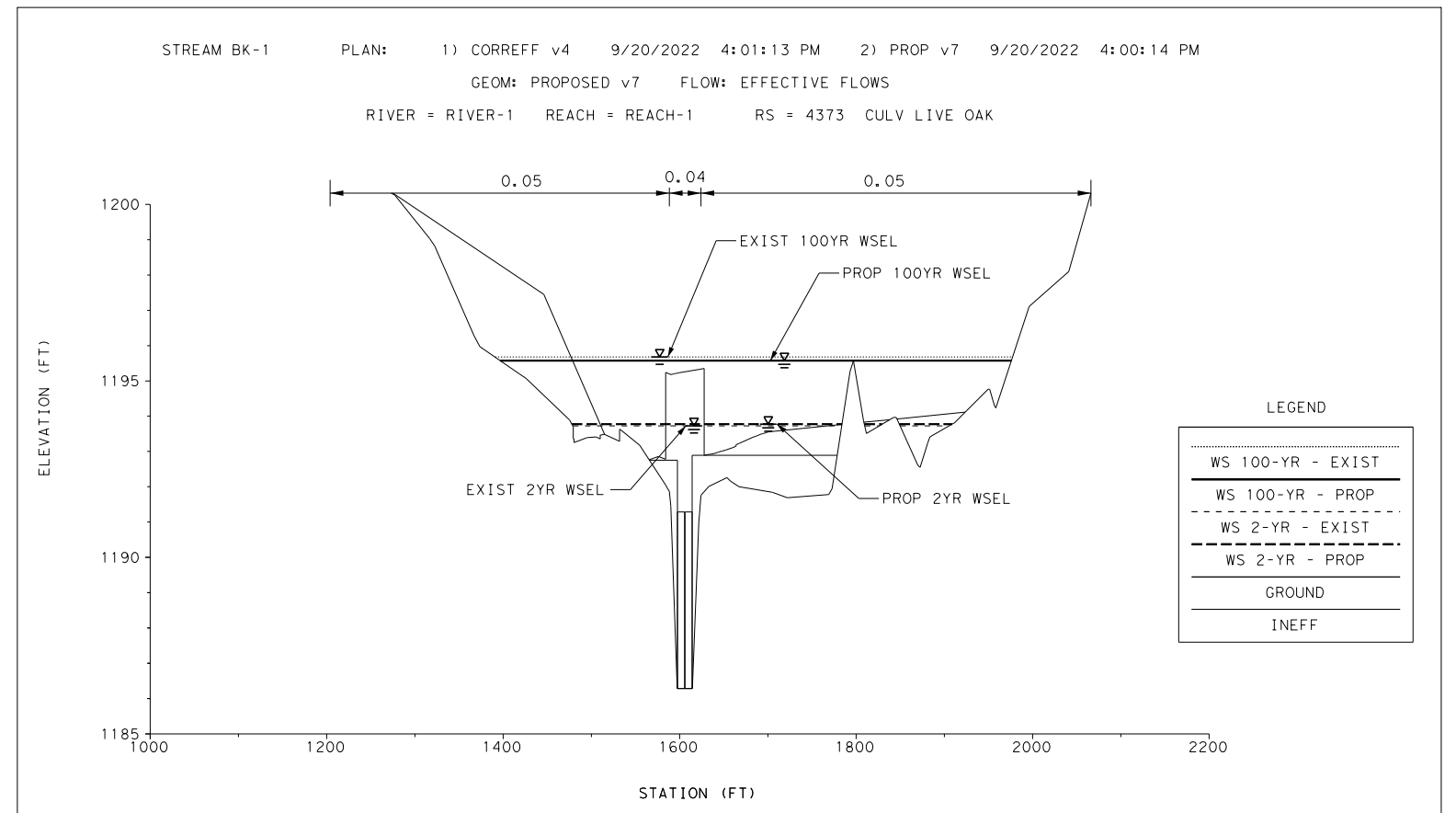
SHEET 1 OF 2

FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	025, ETC.	LIVE OAK, ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	39	

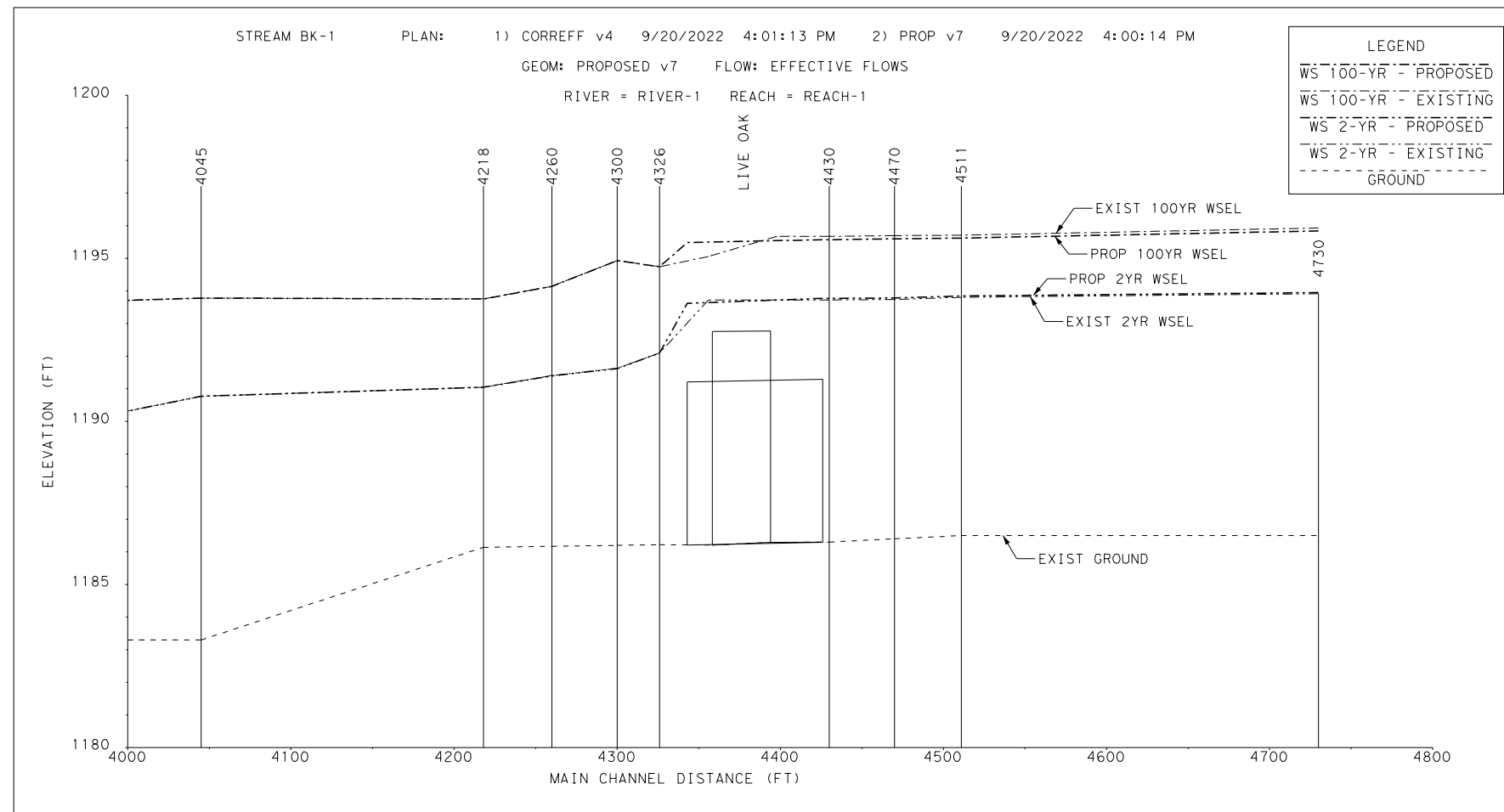
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 10/31/2022 9:52



HEC-RAS RATING CURVE



HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION OUTPUT



HEC-RAS PROFILE OUTPUT

NOTES:

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- THE TAILWATER WAS KNOWN WATER SURFACE ELEVATION FROM THE FEMA EFFECTIVE MODEL AT CROSS SECTION 3915.
- THIS CROSSING IS LOCATED IN A MAPPED FEMA FLOOD ZONE AE, 100-YR FLOODPLAIN WITH BASE ELEVATIONS DETERMINED AND FLOODWAY ESTABLISHED.
- FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR COORDINATION ON OCTOBER 20, 2022.
- THE PROPOSED CULVERT IS 2-8'x5' CAST IN PLACE BOXES.
- PROPOSED CULVERT 2 YEAR DISCHARGE: 870 CFS
 MIN ROAD ELEV = 1192.75 FT
 FREEBOARD = 0.00 FT
 PERCENT OF FLOW OVERTOPPING ROAD = 25.87%
- PROPOSED CULVERT 100 YEAR DISCHARGE: 3,060 CFS
 MIN ROAD ELEV = 1192.75 FT
 FREEBOARD = 0.00 FT
 PERCENT OF FLOW OVERTOPPING ROAD = 93.97%

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE

E. Gaston
 10/31/2022
 FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-230

Firm # F-19397

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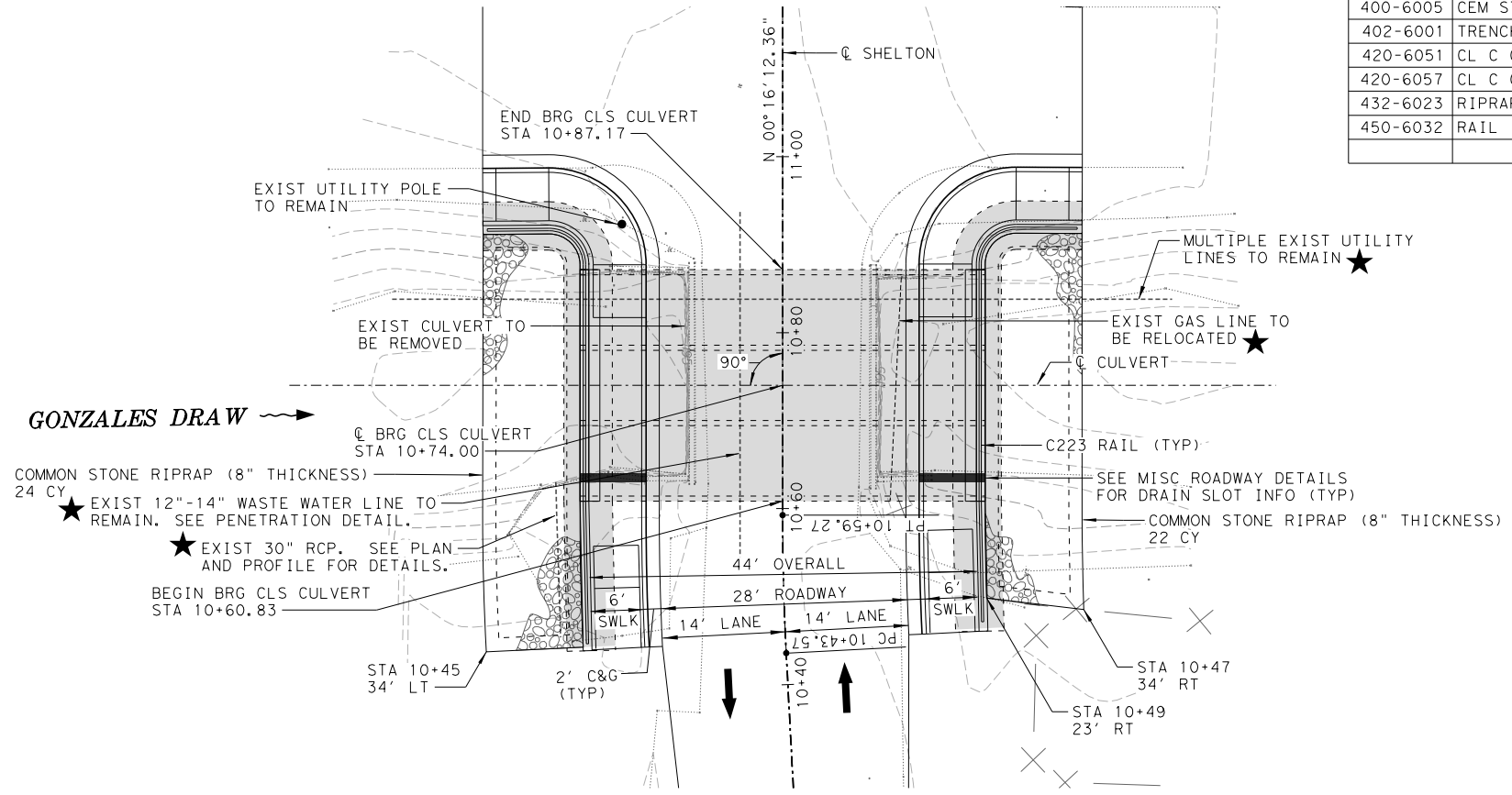
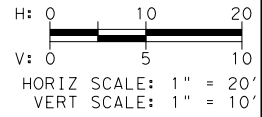
LIVE OAK AVE AT GONZALES DRAW

HYDRAULIC DATA

SHEET 2 OF 2

FED. RD DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	025, ETC.	LIVE OAK, ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET No.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	40	

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	162
402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	25
420-6051	CL C CONC (CULV)	CY	83.7
420-6057	CL C CONC (WINGWALLS)	CY	29.2
432-6023	RIPRAP (STONE COMMON) (DRY) (8 IN)	CY	46
450-6032	RAIL (TY C223)	LF	115



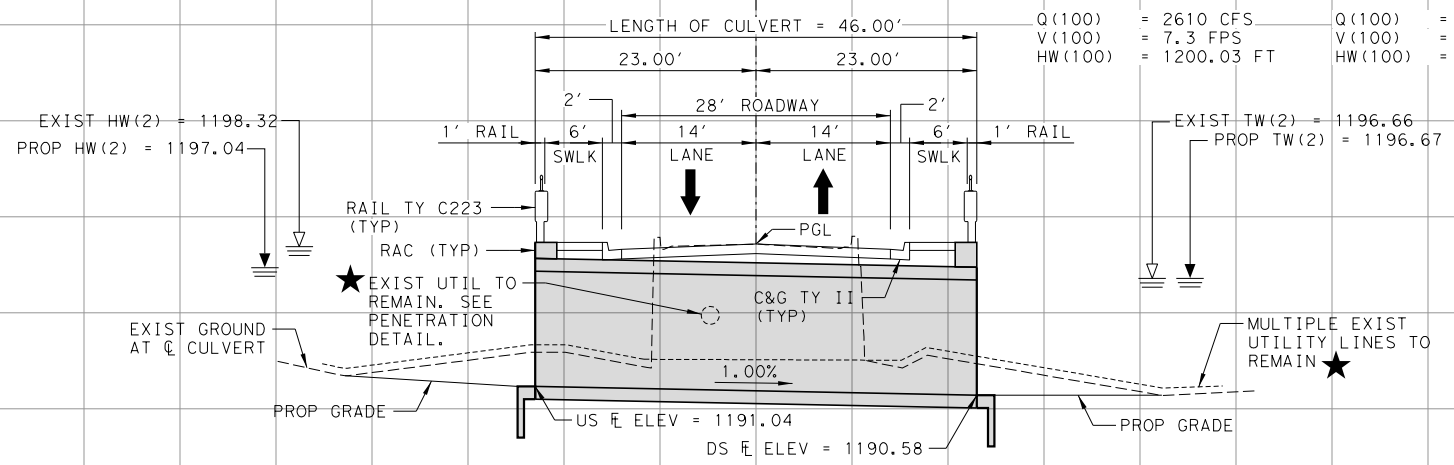
PLAN

PRECAST CULVERT NOT ALLOWED

EXIST NBI: 23-215-0-B004-50-001
PROP NBI: 23-215-0-B004-50-002

HYDRAULIC DATA

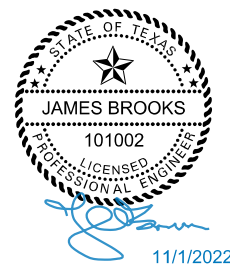
EXISTING:	PROPOSED:
Q(2) = 800 CFS	Q(2) = 800 CFS
V(2) = 7.3 FPS	V(2) = 5.6 FPS
HW(2) = 1198.32 FT	HW(2) = 1197.04 FT
Q(100) = 2610 CFS	Q(100) = 2610 CFS
V(100) = 7.3 FPS	V(100) = 8.5 FPS
HW(100) = 1200.03 FT	HW(100) = 1199.92 FT



ELEVATION

LENGTH OF CULVERT = 46.00'
 23.00' 23.00'
 28' ROADWAY
 14' LANE 14' LANE
 2' SWLK 2' SWLK
 1' RAIL 1' RAIL
 RAIL TY C223 (TYP)
 RAC (TYP)
 C&G TY II (TYP)
 PGL
 1.00%
 US ELEV = 1191.04
 DS ELEV = 1190.58
 CULVERT STA 10+74.00
 PROP: 3 - 8' x 6' x 46.00' MBC USING MC-8-13, MC-MD, RAC, WINGWALL DETAILS (LT & RT)

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



SHELTON AVE AT GONZALES DRAW

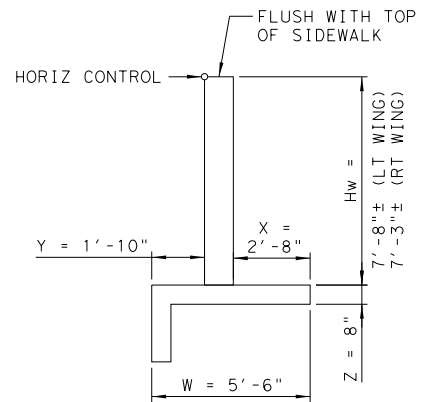
CULVERT LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 1

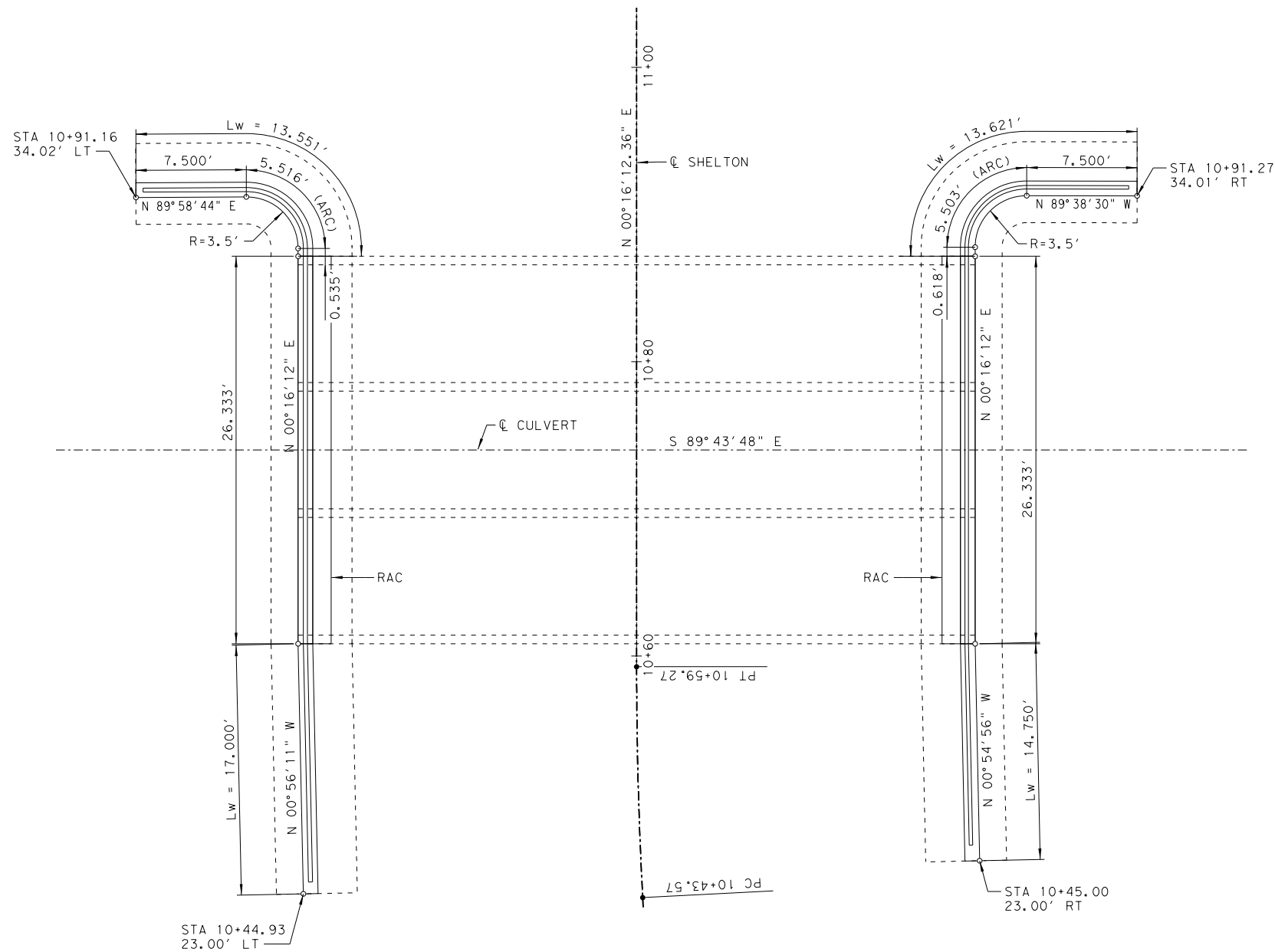
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6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS	41	

pm://tts-pw-bentley.com:tts-pw-01/Documents/0223-004 WA 1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/01 Plan Sheets/08 Bridges/Shelton_BRG_CULVERT-01.dgn
 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pen
 JamesBrooks
 11/1/2022

pw:/fts-pw-bentley.com:fts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA 1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/01 Plan Sheets/08 Bridges/08 Shelton_BRG_Wingwall-01.dgn
 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pen
 JamesBrooks
 11/1/2022 1:24



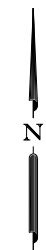
WINGWALL SECTION



WINGWALL PLAN

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE ALONG OUTSIDE FACE OF WINGWALL STEM.
2. SEE STANDARD "PW" FOR REINFORCEMENT DETAILS.
3. USE TYPE PW-1 WINGWALL.
4. BAR SPACINGS ARE ALONG ϕ 12" WINGWALL STEM.
5. INSIDE BARS F & G RADIUS = 4'-4"
6. OUTSIDE BARS F & G RADIUS = 3'-8"
7. ALIGN BARS J PERPENDICULAR TO ϕ 12" HEADWALL STEM.



NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



James Brooks
11/1/2022



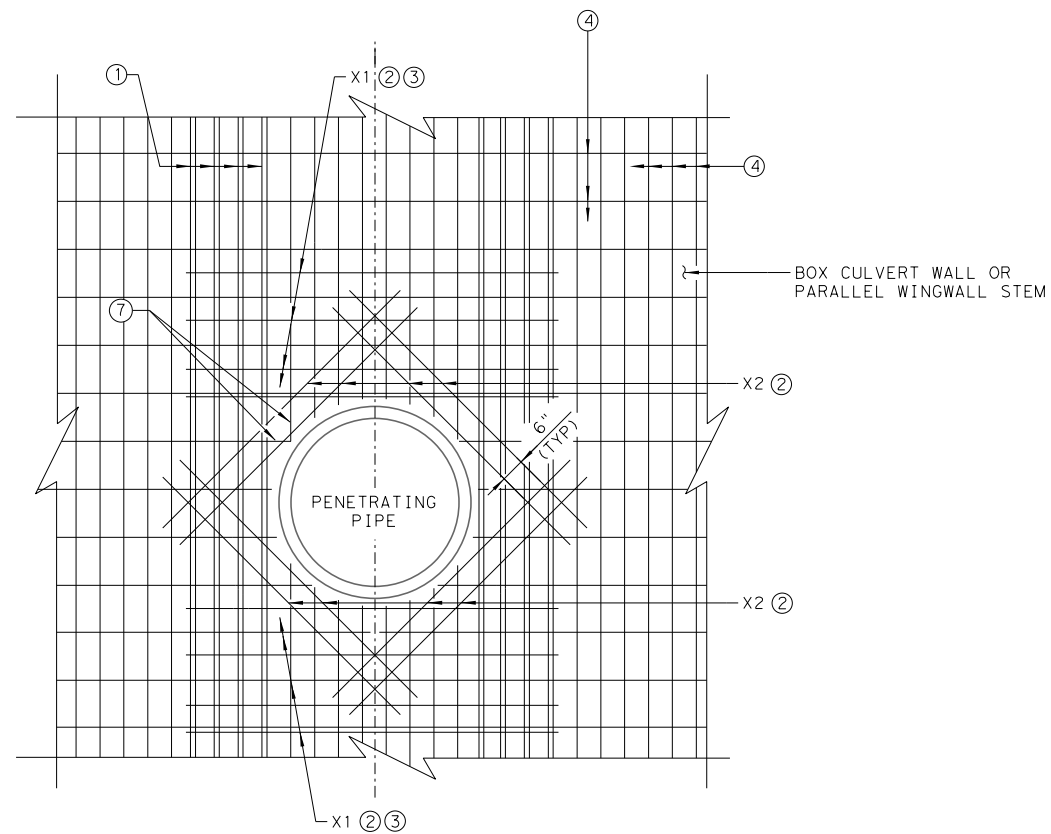
**SHELTON AVE AT
 GONZALES DRAW**

WINGWALL DETAILS

SHEET 1 OF 1

FED. RD. DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS		42

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 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pen
 11/1/2022 1:24
 JamesBrooks




PIPE PENETRATION DETAIL


- ① BUNDLE ADDITIONAL VERTICAL REINFORCING TO MATCH SIZE AND SPACING OF ORIGINAL.
- ② PROVIDE 3" CLEAR SPACING BETWEEN PENETRATING PIPE AND BARS X.
- ③ SPACE BARS X1 MIDWAY BETWEEN ROWS OF ORIGINAL STRUCTURE HORIZONTAL REINFORCING.
- ④ ORIGINAL STRUCTURE REINFORCING
- ⑤ CUT ORIGINAL STRUCTURE REINFORCING AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE 2" END CLEAR COVER.
- ⑥ PROVIDE GRADE 60 REINFORCING STEEL.
- ⑦ PROVIDE BARS X IN BOTH FRONT AND BACK MATS OF STRUCTURE MEMBER REINFORCING.

TABLE OF REINFORCING ⑥ ⑦

BAR	COUNT	SIZE	MIN. LENGTH
X1	16	#6	PIPE DIA. + 4' - 6"
X2	16	#6	PIPE DIA. + 3' - 6"


NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE





TEXAS TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS, INC.

Firm # F-19397



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SHELTON AVE AT GONZALES DRAW

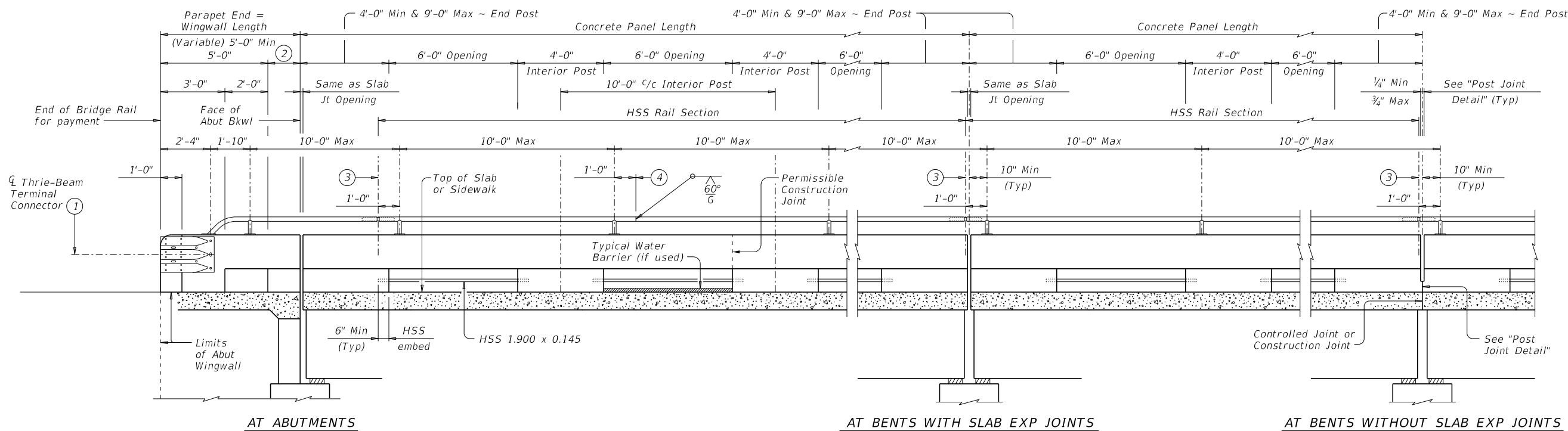
PIPE PENETRATION DETAIL

SHEET 1 OF 1

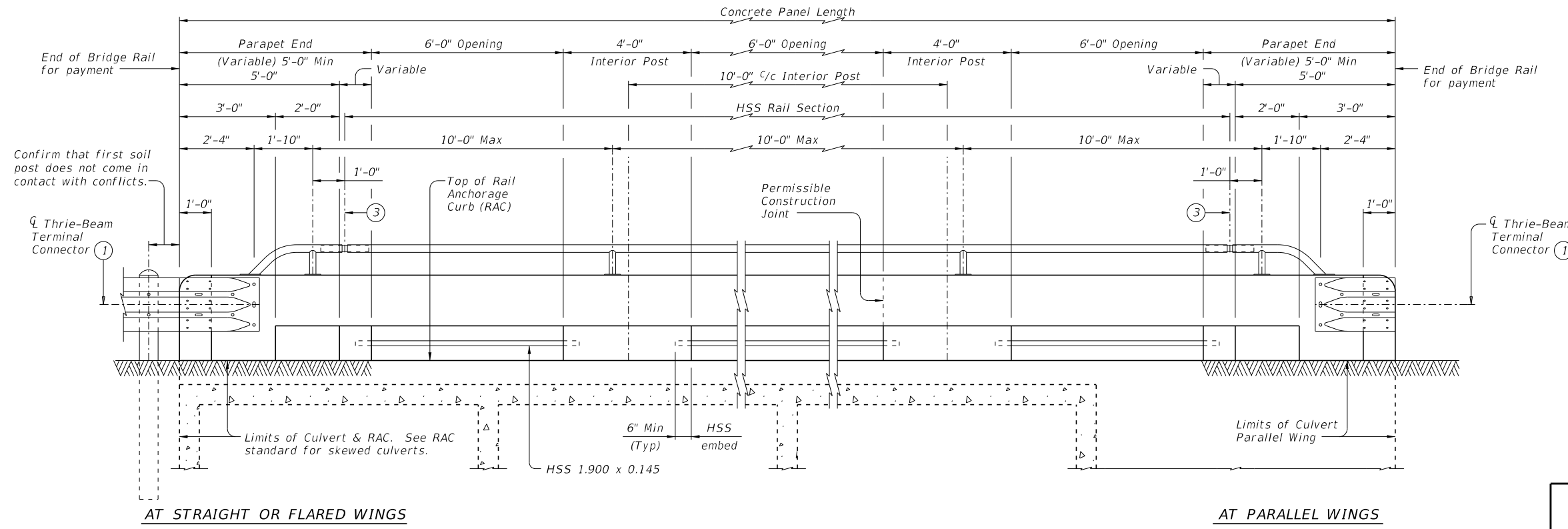
FED. RD. DIV. No.	CONTROL No.	SECTION No.	JOB No.	HIGHWAY No.
6	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS		43

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DATE: 11/1/2022 1:24
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bent1 ley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and Avenues/06-11-2022/0923-22-027-001.dwg



ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL ON BRIDGE
 (Showing without raised sidewalk)



ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL ON BOX CULVERTS

Showing 0° skew culvert. Skewed culverts similar. See RAC standard for details not shown. Vertical joints in concrete rail are not required, unless shown elsewhere.

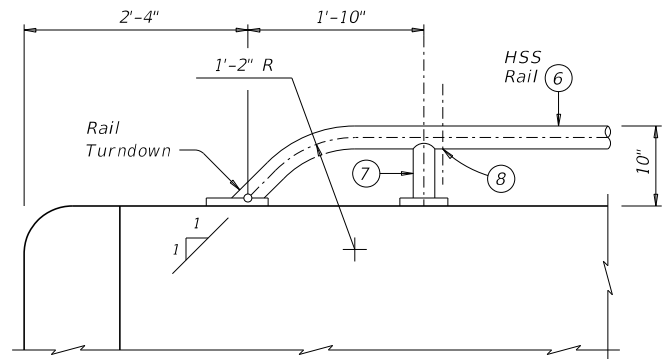
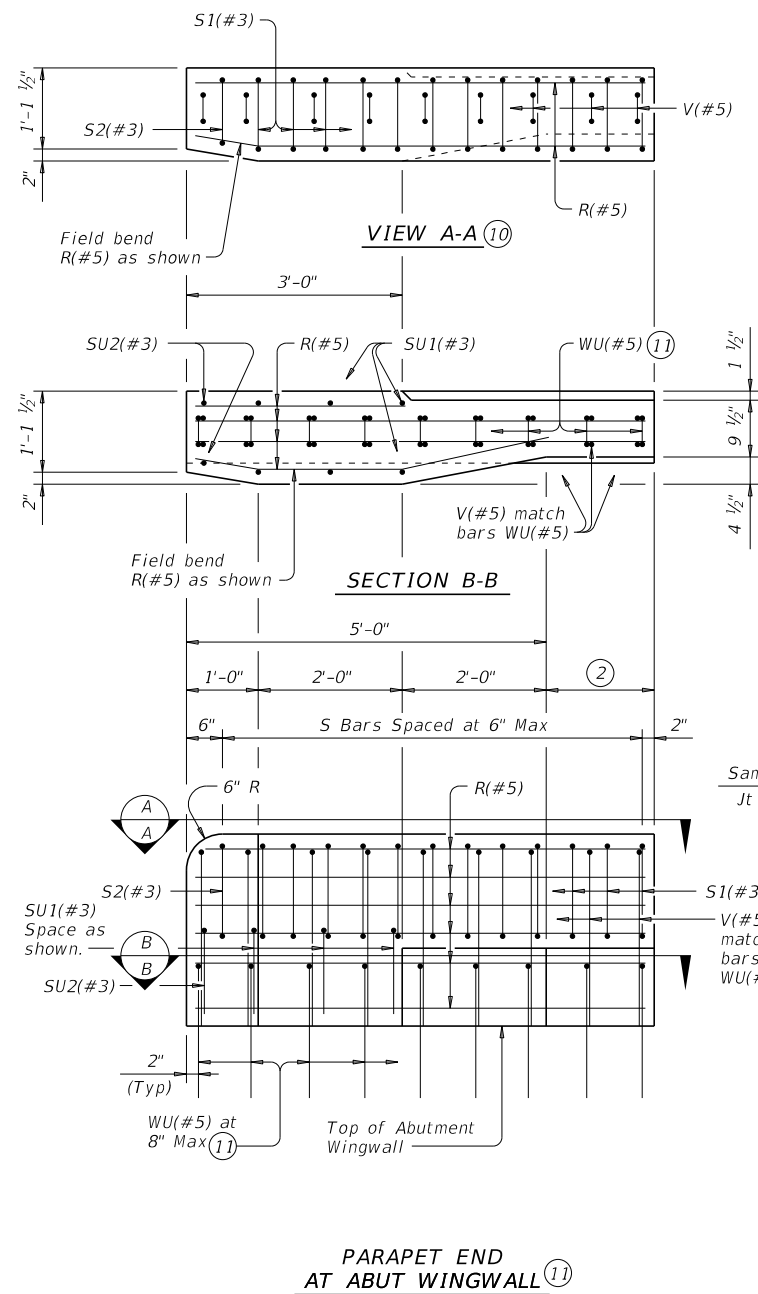
- ① Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- ② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Splice Jt or Exp Jt
- ④ One shop splice per HSS rail section is permitted with minimum 85 percent penetration. The weld may be square groove or single vee groove. Grind smooth.

SHEET 1 OF 4

		Bridge Division Standard	
COMBINATION RAIL			
TYPE C223			
FILE: r1std019-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT September 2019	CONT: 0923	SECT: 22	JOB: 027
REVISIONS		SHELTON AVE	
DIST: BWD	COUNTY: STEPHENS	SHEET NO. 44	

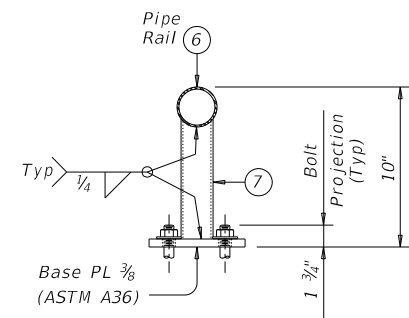
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or the accuracy of the information resulting from its use.

DATE: 11/1/2022 1:24
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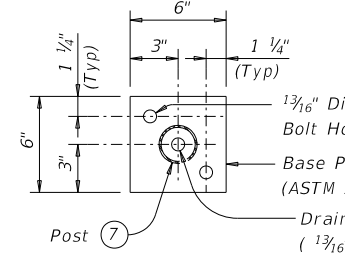


Note that at least two anchor points (as shown) are required for the Bridge Rail on the Abutment Wingwall. Longer Wingwalls may require more than two Rail anchorages.

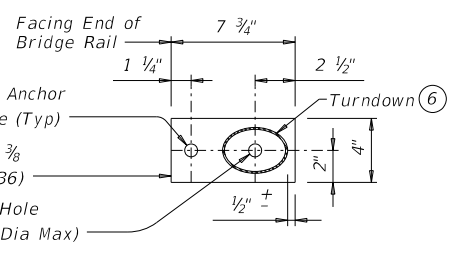
HSS RAIL TERMINAL DETAIL



TRANSVERSE SECTION

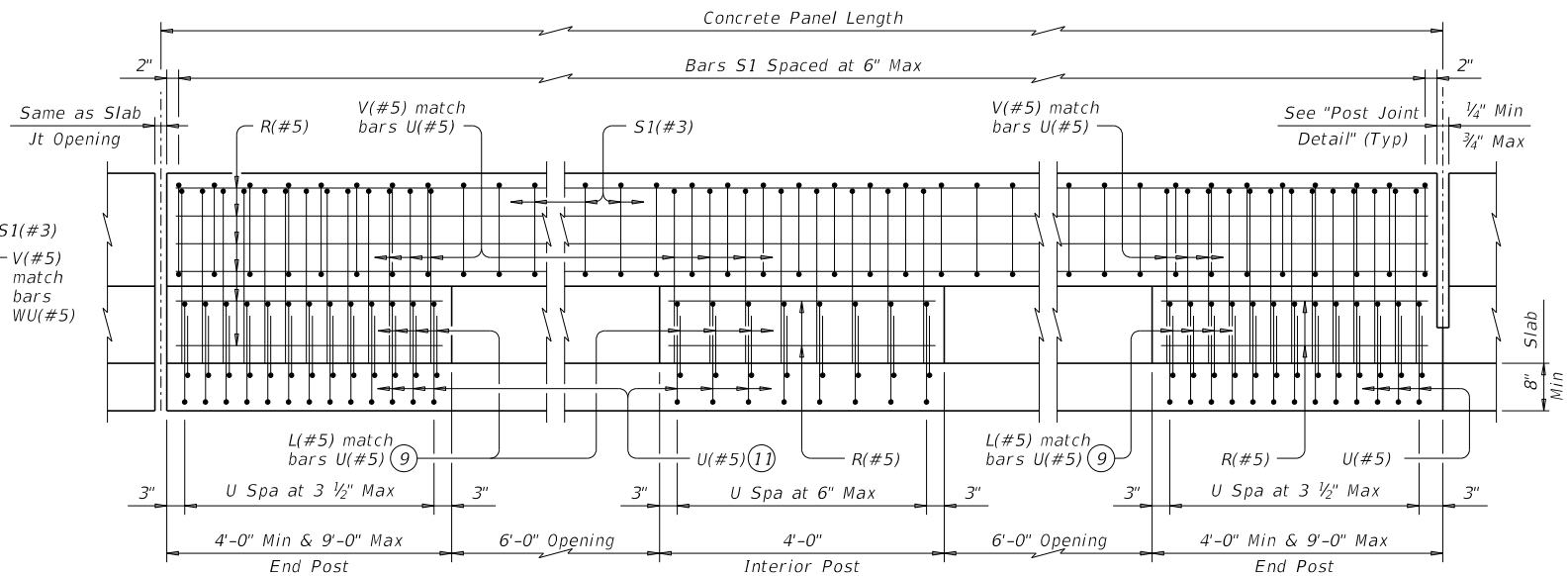


POST BASE PLATE PLAN



RAIL TURNDOWN BASE PLATE PLAN

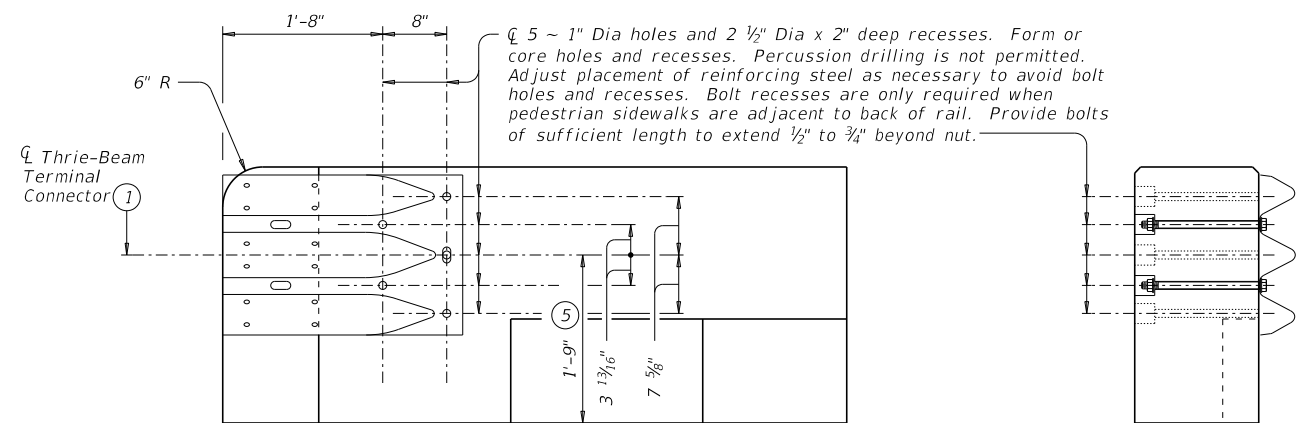
HSS RAIL DETAILS



ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING PLACEMENT

Showing rail on slab and without raised sidewalk. Rail on box culvert similar. HSS not shown for clarity.

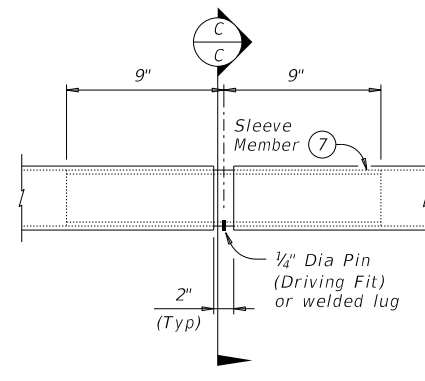
- (1) Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- (2) Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- (5) Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- (6) HSS 2.875 x 0.203
- (7) HSS 2.375 x 0.154
- (8) 3/8" Dia Hole in bottom of HSS rail (Minimum 1 hole between posts ~ Typ)
- (9) Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- (10) Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- (11) Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.



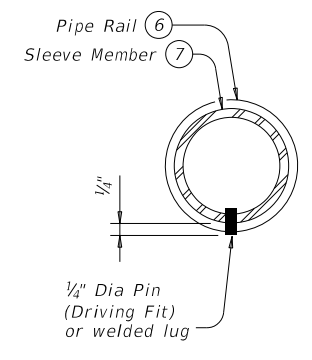
ELEVATION

SECTION

TERMINAL CONNECTION DETAILS



AT SPLICE OR EXP JTS



SECTION C-C

PIPE SPLICE DETAILS

SHEET 2 OF 4



COMBINATION RAIL

TYPE C223

FILE: r1std019-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR	CK: AES
©TxDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	BWD	STEPHENS	45	

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for any errors or omissions resulting from its use.

DATE: 11/1/2022 1:24
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bent1ey.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR.FM and A.Venegas/06.06.2022/0923.004.dgn

RAIL DATA FOR HORIZONTAL CURVES			
	RADIUS TO FACE OF RAIL	MAX CHORD LENGTH	CONSTRUCT OR FABRICATE
HSS Rail	Over 2800'	29'-0"	Straight rail sections
	Over 1400' thru 2800'	14'-6"	To required radius or to chords shown
	Over 700' thru 1400'	7'-3"	
	Thru 700'	Zero	To required radius

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Face of rail, posts and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. HSS rail posts and opening end faces must be perpendicular to top of adjacent concrete parapet grade. Use epoxy mortar under HSS rail post base plates if gaps larger than 1/16" exist.
 Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.
 HSS rail sections must not include less than two posts, and no more than four (except at Abutments).
 Round or chamfer exposed edges of HSS rail and HSS rail posts to approximately 1/16" by grinding.
 Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.
 At the Contractor's option anchor bolts may be cast with the parapet. See "Material Notes". Chamfer all exposed corners.

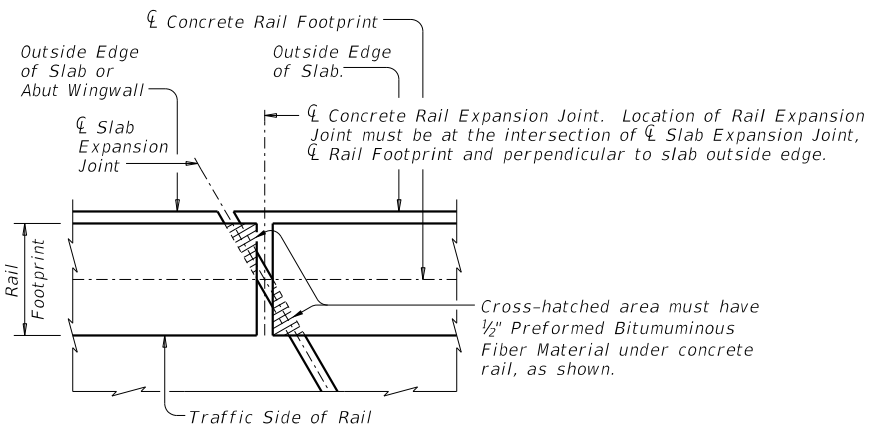
MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.
 Provide ASTM A1085, A500 Gr B or A53 Gr B for all HSS.
 Galvanize all metal components of steel rail system. Apply additional coatings when shown elsewhere on the plans. When plans require paint over galvanizing, follow the requirements for painting galvanized steel in Item 445, "Galvanizing" and when field painting, Item 446, "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel". Sleeve members and anchor bolts must receive galvanization prior to installation and only field paint after installation unless directed otherwise by Engineer.
 Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise.
 Anchor bolts must be 3/8" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A fully threaded rods with one hex nut and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) each. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rods into parapet wall with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 3". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 5 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing".
 Optional cast-in-place anchor bolts must be 3/8" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A bolts (or threaded rods with one tack welded hex nut each) with one hex nut and one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) at each bolt. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements.
 Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
 Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-0"
 Epoxy coated ~ #5 = 3'-0"

GENERAL NOTES:

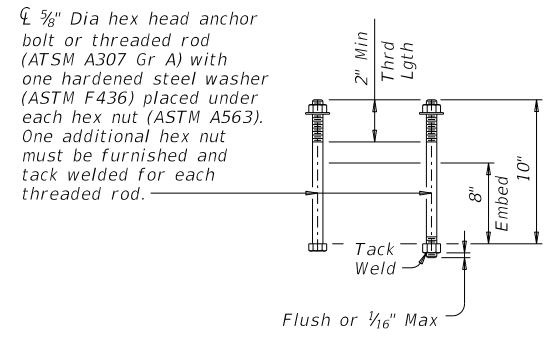
This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.
 Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement. Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications.
 Submit erection drawings showing panel lengths, HSS rail post spacing, and anchor bolt setting to the Engineer for approval.
 Average weight of railing with no overlay:
 370 plf total
 358 plf (Conc)
 12 plf (Steel)

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



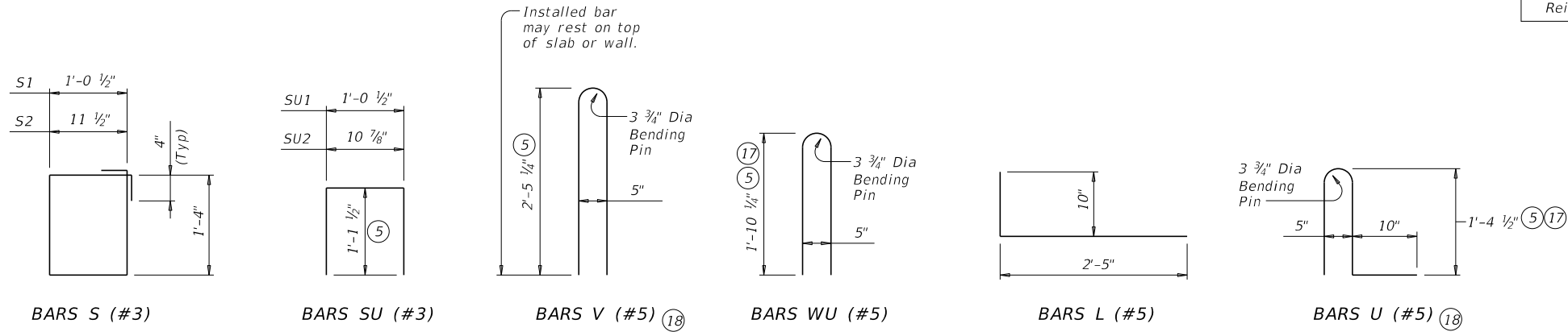
PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.



CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHOR BOLT OPTIONS

- ⑤ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- ⑩ See "Material Notes" for anchor bolt information.
- ⑰ For raised sidewalks, add sidewalk height to total bar height. Use sidewalk height at rail's location.
- ⑱ At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to 2'-5 1/4" above the roadway/sidewalk surface without overlay.



		Bridge Division Standard	
<h1>COMBINATION RAIL</h1>			
<h2>TYPE C223</h2>			
FILE: r1std019-19.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
CON: 0923	SECT: 22	JOB: 027	HIGHWAY: SHELTON AVE
DIST: BWD		COUNTY: STEPHENS	SHEET NO: 47

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DATE: 11/1/2022 1:24
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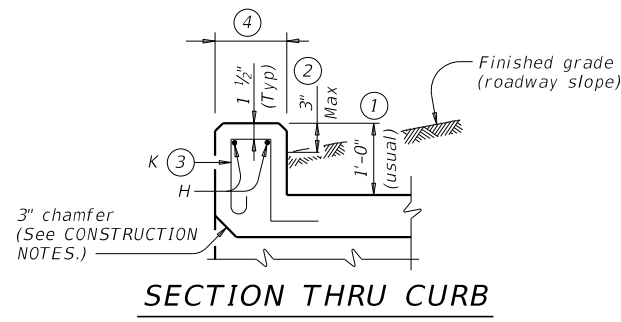
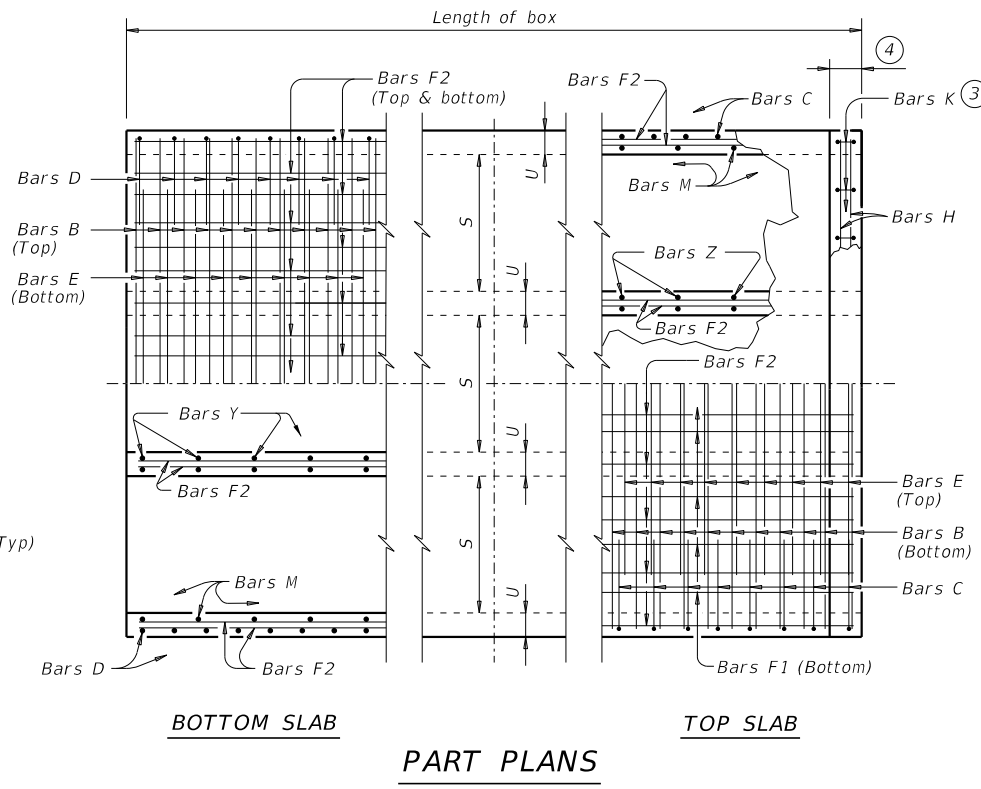
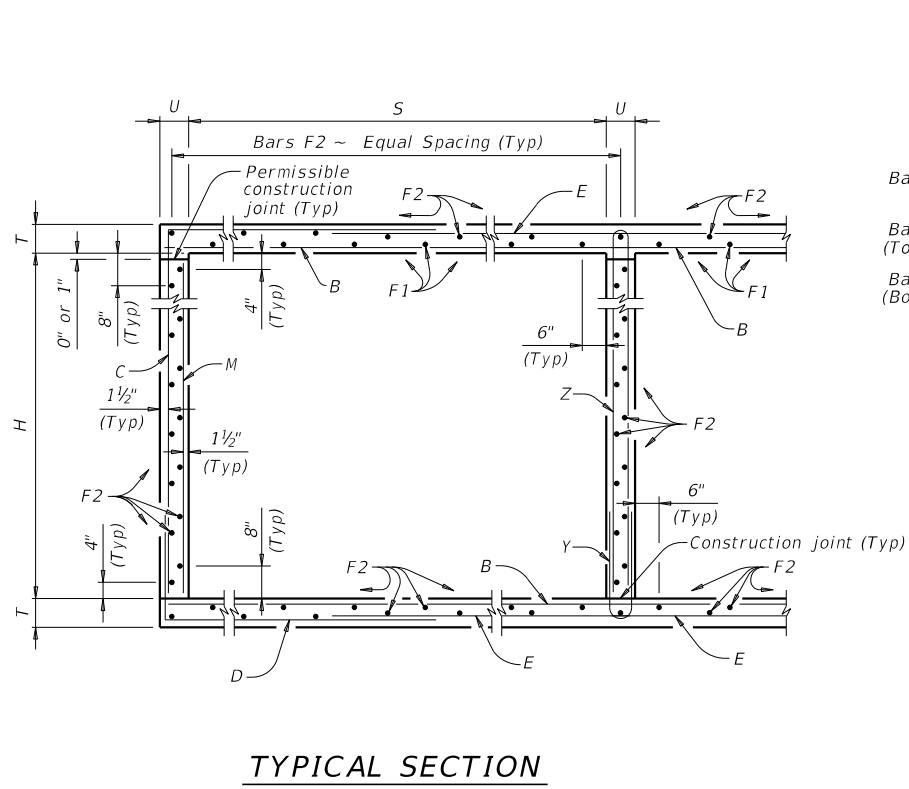
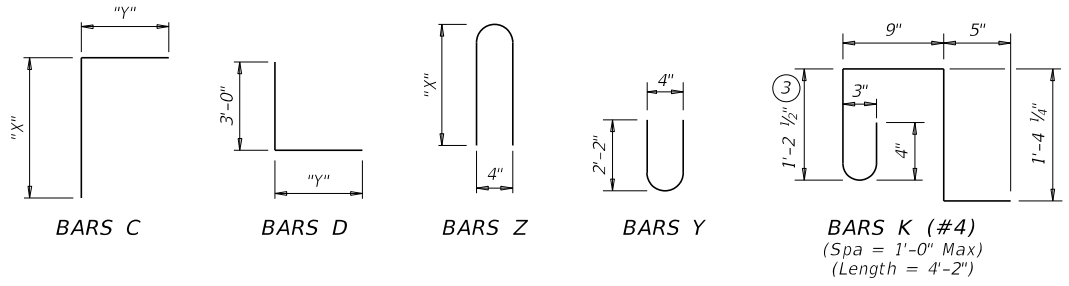


TABLE OF BAR DIMENSIONS		
H	"X"	"Y"
3'-0"	3'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
4'-0"	4'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
5'-0"	5'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
6'-0"	6'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
7'-0"	7'-6 1/2"	5'-1"
8'-0"	8'-6 1/2"	5'-1"



- 1 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- 2 For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
 - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
 - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- 3 For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- 4 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor may replace Bars B, C, D, E, F1, F2, M, Y, and/or Z with deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064. The area of required reinforcement may be reduced by the ratio of 60 ksi / 70 ksi. Spacing of WWR is limited to 4" Min and 18" Max. When required, provide lap splices in the WWR of the same length required for the equivalent bar size, rounded up for wire sizes between conventional bar sizes. The lap length required for WWR is never less than the lap length required for uncoated #4 bars.

Example conversion: Replacing No. 6 Gr 60 at 6" Spacing with WWR
 Required WWR = (0.44 sq. in. per 0.5 ft.) x (60 ksi / 70 ksi) = 0.755 sq. in. per ft.
 If D30.6 wire is used to meet the 0.755 sq. in. per ft. requirement in this example, the required spacing = (0.306 sq. in.) / (0.755 sq. in. per ft.) x (12 in. per ft.) = 4.86" Max spacing. Required lap length for the provided D30.6 wire is 2'-1" (the same minimum lap length required for uncoated #5 bars, as listed under MATERIAL NOTES).

- CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**
- Do not use permanent forms.
 - Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab 3" at the entrance.
 - Optionally, raise construction joints shown at the flow line by a maximum of 6". If this option is taken, Bars M may be cut off or raised, Bars C and D may be reversed, and Bars Y and Z may be reversed.
- MATERIAL NOTES:**
- Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 - Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.
 - Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for culvert barrel and curb, with the following exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of:
 - culverts with overlay,
 - culverts with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or
 - culverts with the top slab as the final riding surface.
 - Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
 - Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min
 - Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-1" Min
 - Uncoated or galvanized ~ #6 = 2'-6" Min

- GENERAL NOTES:**
- Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications for the range of fill heights shown.
 - See the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place Miscellaneous Detail (MC-MD) standard sheet for details pertaining to skewed ends, angle sections, and lengthening.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

HL93 LOADING SHEET 1 OF 2

Bridge Division Standard

MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE

8'-0" SPAN 0' TO 13' FILL

MC-8-13

FILE: mc813ste-20.dgn	DN: TBE	CK: BMP	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
BWD	STEPHENS		48	

BILLS OF REINFORCING STEEL (For Box Length = 40 feet)

QUANTITIES

Main data table with columns for SECTION DIMENSIONS (S, H, T, U), NUMBER OF SPANS, Bars B, Bars C & D, Bars E, Bars F1 ~ #4, Bars F2 ~ #4, Bars M ~ #4, Bars Y & Z ~ #4, Bars H 4 ~ #4, Bars K, and Per Foot of Barrel, Curb, Total. Rows list various reinforcement details for different span configurations.

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DATE: 11/11/2022 1:24
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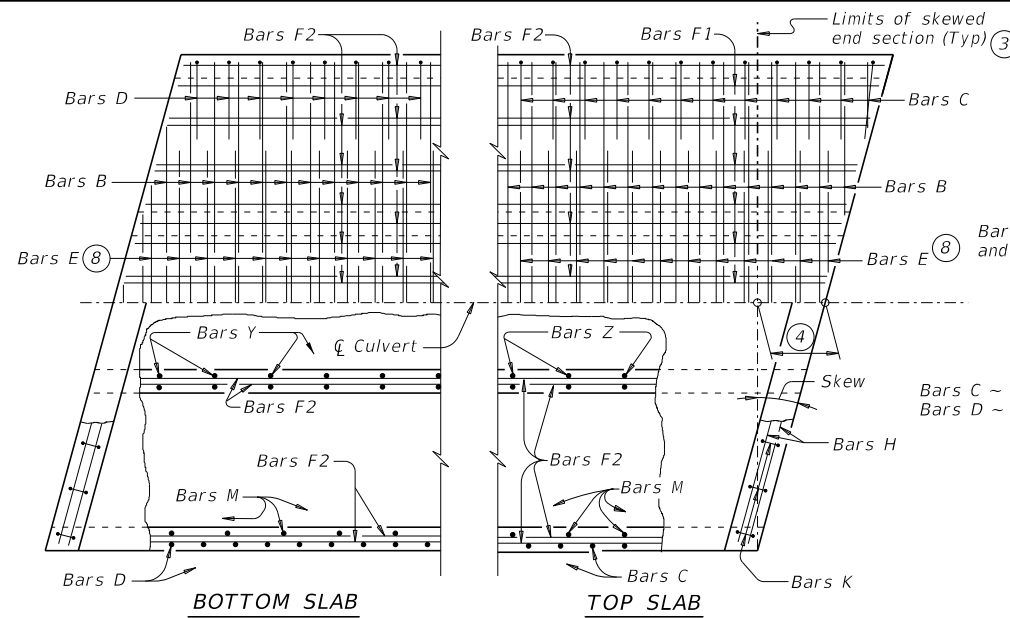
MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS
CAST-IN-PLACE
8'-0" SPAN
0' TO 13' FILL

MC-8-13

Metadata table with columns: FILE (mc813ste-20.dgn), DN (TBE), CK (BMP), DW (TXDOT), CK (TXDOT), CONT (0923), SECT (22), JOB (027), HIGHWAY (SHELTON AVE), COUNTY (STEPHENS), SHEET NO. (49).

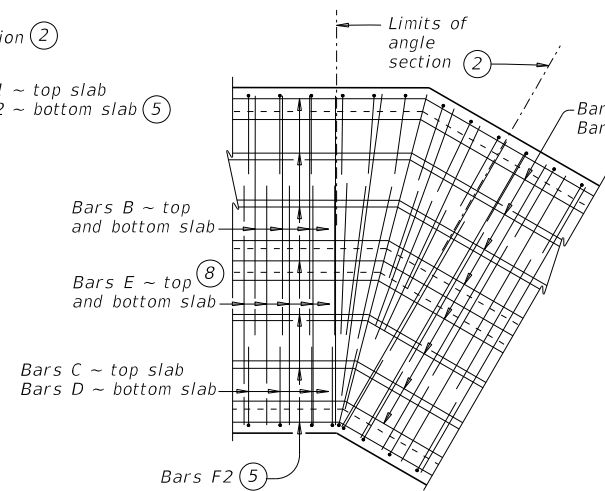
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for any errors or omissions resulting from its use.

DATE: 11/1/2022 1:24
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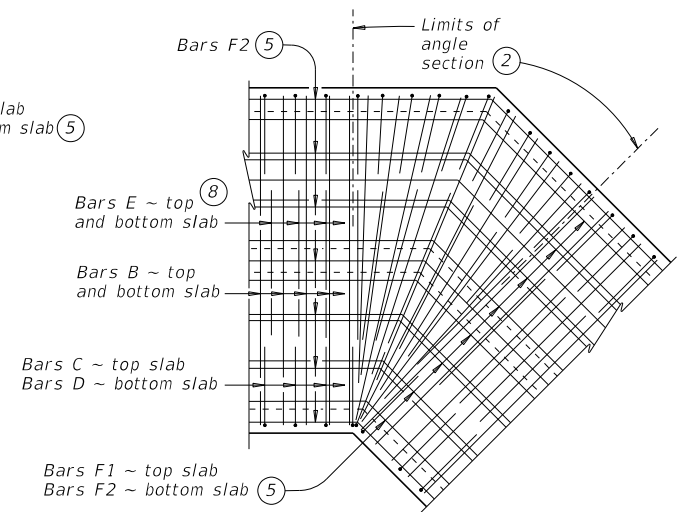


PLAN OF SKEWED ENDS ~ FROM 0° TO 15°

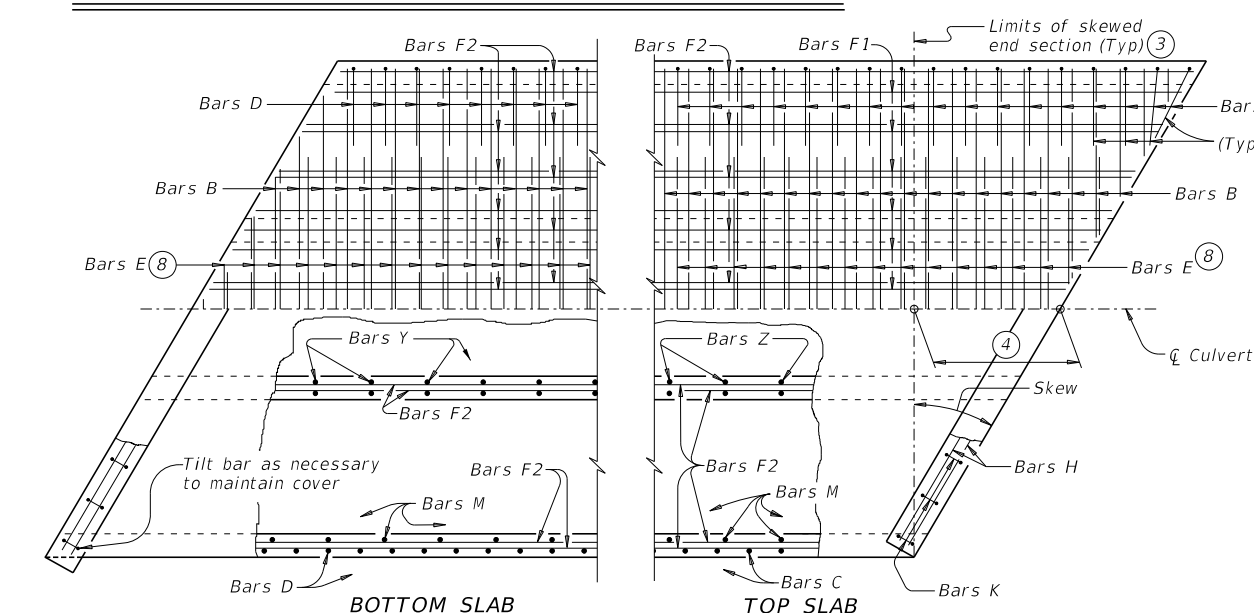
PLAN OF ANGLE SECTION ~ FROM 0° TO 15°



PLAN OF ANGLE SECTION ~ OVER 15° TO 30°



PLAN OF ANGLE SECTION ~ OVER 30° TO 45°



PLAN OF SKEWED ENDS ~ OVER 15° TO 30°

- ① For skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the extension.
 For non-skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill and for skewed or non-skewed culverts with a fill depth of 2'-0" or greater, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the extension. Alternatively, if the box is non-skewed, embed #6 anchor bars with a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive into the existing walls, top and bottom slab at 1'-6" center-to-center spacing. Minimum embedment depth is 8". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, N_{ba}, of 26.4 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests." Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed.
 Break back wings and apron as necessary to install the extension. Clean and extend the exposed wingwall and apron reinforcing into the extension. When lengthening existing box culverts with dimensions different than current standard dimensions, form horizontal and vertical transitions as directed by the Engineer. Match bottom slabs to maintain an uninterrupted flow line. Field bend existing and new reinforcing into transitions and maintain specified cover requirements. For top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, adjust the "H" dimension to provide a smooth riding surface.
- ② When the spacing between Bars B or Bars E becomes less than half of the normal spacing, cut bars to avoid conflict.
- ③ The length of Bars B and Bars E will vary in the skewed end sections.
- ④ $[0.5 \times \text{overall width}] \times [\text{tangent of the skew angle}]$
- ⑤ Place Bars F1 and F2 continuously through the angle section. Bend Bars F1 and F2 to remain parallel to the walls of the box culvert.
- ⑥ When necessary to avoid conflict in acute corners, shorten the slab extension leg of Bars C and Bars D to a minimum of 1'-6" for skews of 30° thru 45°.
- ⑦ At the Contractor's option, for skews of 15° or less, place Bars B, C, D, and E parallel to the skewed end while maintaining spacing along centerline of box. Increase lengths of Bars B and Bars E shown on the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (MC) standard sheets to accommodate the skew.
- ⑧ Extend Bars E as shown on the MC standard sheet for direct traffic culverts.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms.
 When required, lap Bars H 1'-8" for uncoated or galvanized bars.
 Provide a minimum of 1 1/2" clear cover.

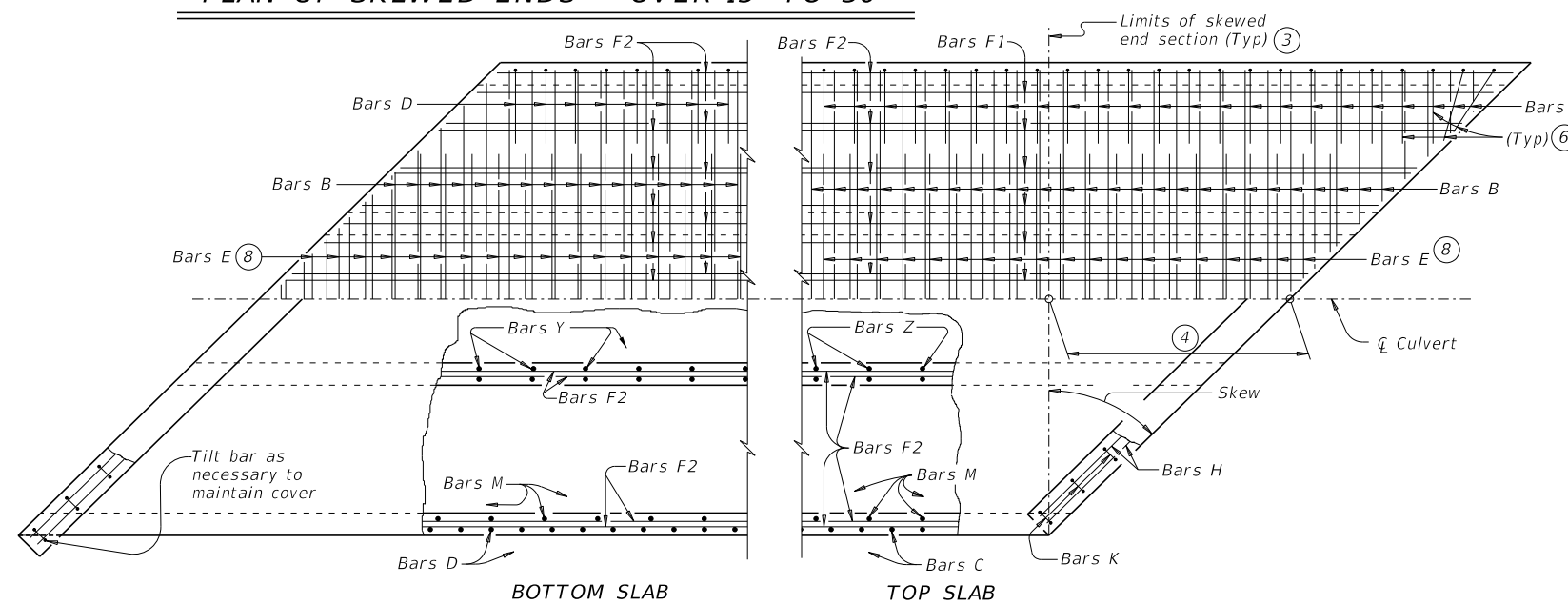
MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Provide galvanized reinforcing steel, if required elsewhere in the plans.
 Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) with these exceptions:
 provide Class 5 concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface.

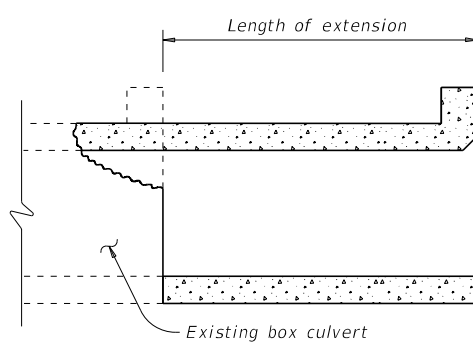
GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
 Refer to Multiple Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (MC) standard sheets for details of straight sections of culvert.
 For skewed sections and angle sections, refer to Multiple Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (MC) standard sheets for slab and wall dimensions, bar sizes, maximum bar spacing, and any other details not shown.
 For skewed ends with curbs, adjust length of Bars H, number of Bars K, curb concrete volume, and reinforcing steel weight by dividing the values shown on the Multiple Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (MC) standard sheets by the cosine of the skew angle.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



PLAN OF SKEWED ENDS ~ OVER 30° TO 45°



LENGTHENING DETAIL

HL93 LOADING



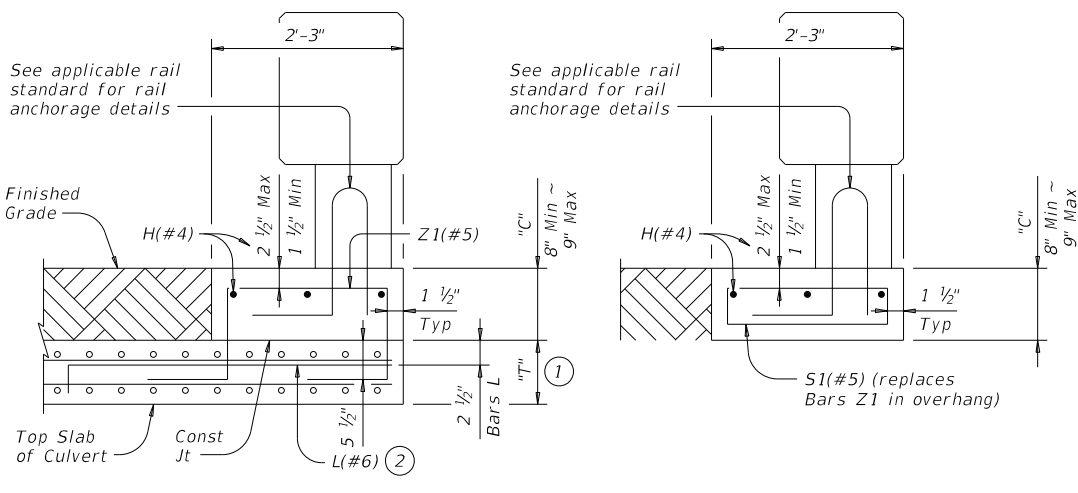
**MULTIPLE BOX CULVERTS
 CAST-IN-PLACE
 MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS**

MC-MD

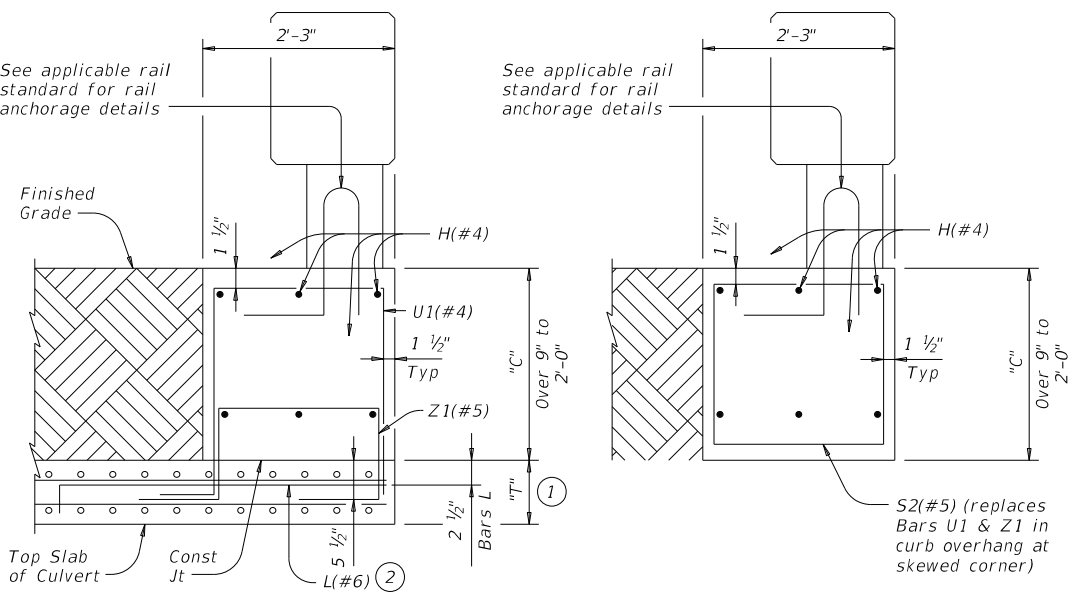
FILE: mc-mdste-20.dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	BWD	STEPHENS	50	

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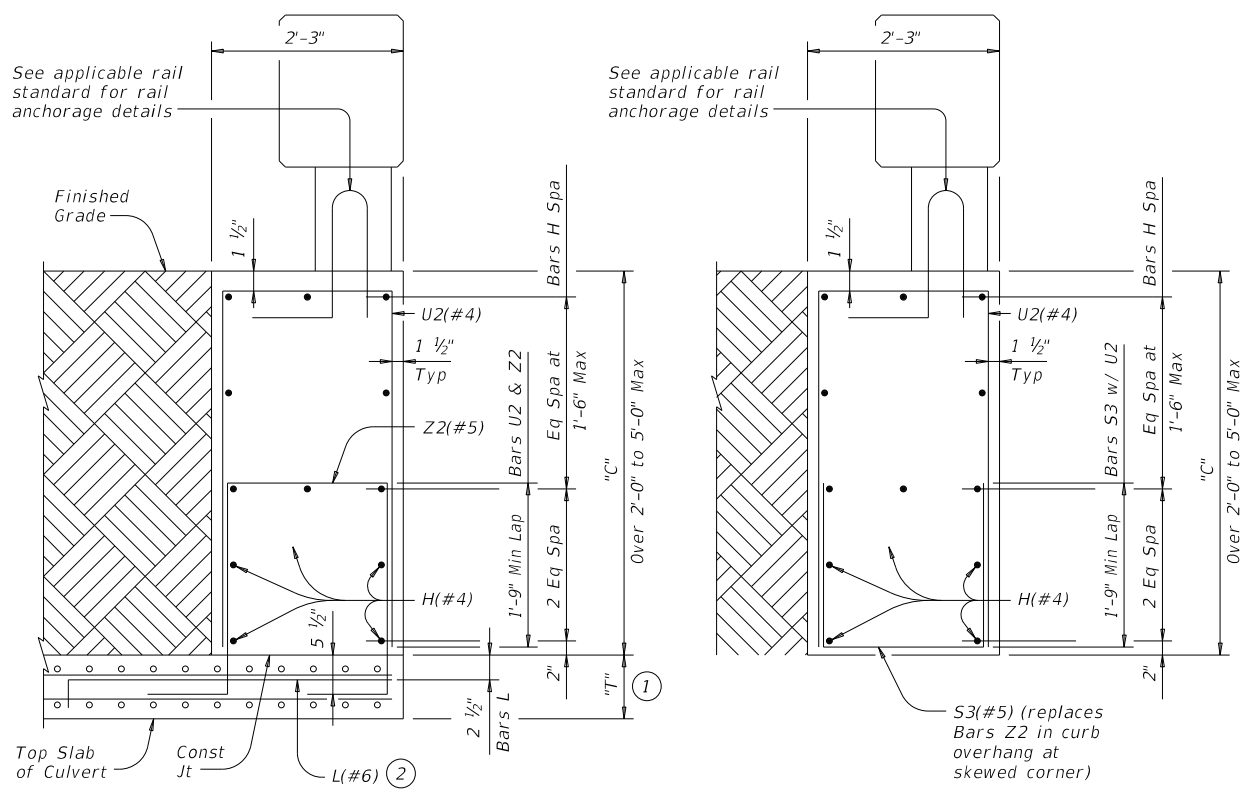
DATE: 11/1/2022 1:24
 FILE: pw://tts-pw-bent/ey.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and A V en/2023/06/16/20230616_105135038.ctb



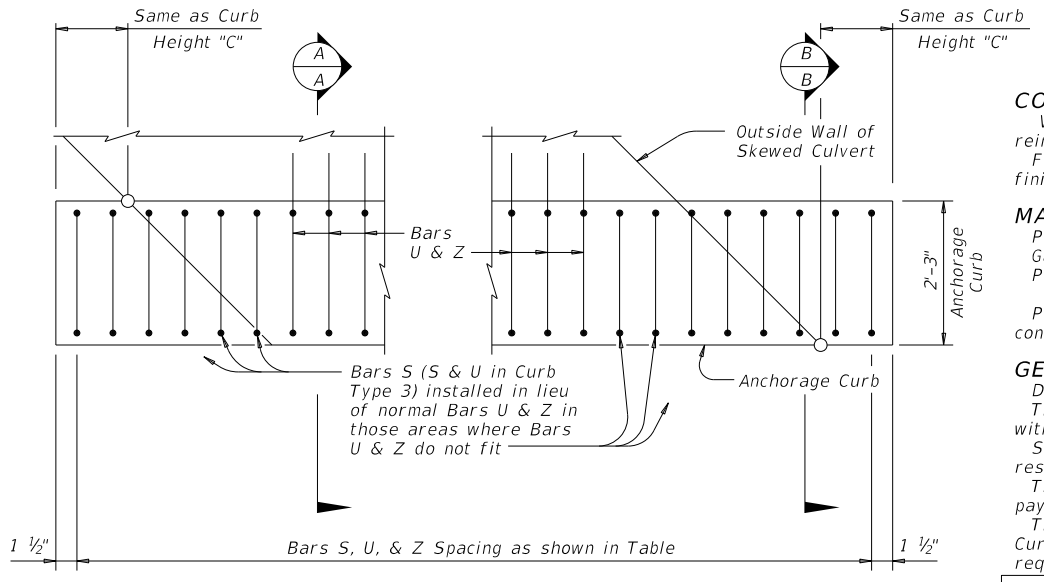
SECTION A-A **SECTION B-B**
TYPE 1 CURB
 Used for curbs from 8" to 9" (Showing "C" = 9"). Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard.



SECTION A-A **SECTION B-B**
TYPE 2 CURB
 Used for curbs over 9" to 2'-0" (Showing "C" = 2'-0"). Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard.



SECTION A-A **SECTION B-B**
TYPE 3 CURB
 Used for curbs over 2'-0" to 5'-0" (Showing "C" = 4'-0"). Showing T223 Rail, other rails similar. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard.



TYPICAL CURB PLAN
 Showing typical installation on skewed culvert. (Bars L(#5) on T223 and C223 Rails are not used for this structure). Bars RH(#5) required on standards T80HT, T80SS and T224 are not required when used with the RAC standard.

TABLE OF REINFORCING SPACING		
Curb Height "C"	Section Type	Bars S, U, & Z Spa
8" to 9"	1	12"
Over 9" to 2'-0"	2	9"
Over 2'-0" to 3'-0"	3	7"
Over 3'-0" to 5'-0"	3	5"

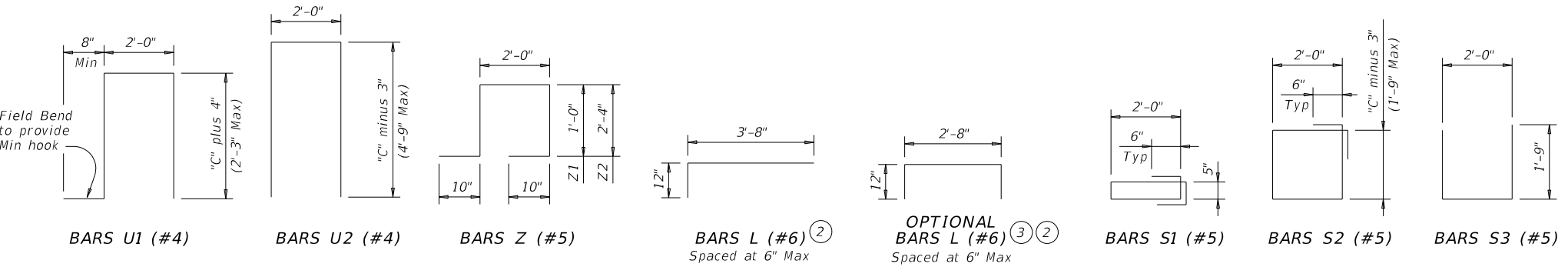
TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES ④			
Curb Height "C"	Section Type	Reinf Steel (Lb/LF)	Class "C" Concrete (CY/LF)
8"	1	21.5	0.056
9"	1	21.5	0.063
1'-0"	2	29.7	0.083
1'-6"	2	30.6	0.125
2'-0"	2	31.5	0.167
3'-0"	3	44.6	0.250
4'-0"	3	56.8	0.333
5'-0"	3	60.0	0.417

- ① "T" is equal to the culvert top slab thickness. For Precast Boxes with slabs less than 8" thick, see SCP-MD Standard for additional details.
- ② Tilt Bars L hook as necessary to maintain cover.
- ③ Optional Bars L are to be used only for Precast Box Culverts with 3'-0" closure pours.
- ④ Quantities shown are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are per Linear Foot of curb length. The values for each section type in table can be interpolated for intermediate values of Curb Height, "C".

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
 When using this anchorage curb, omit normal culvert curb reinforcing bars K and H shown on the culvert standard sheets. For vehicle safety, the top of the curb must be flush with the finished grade.

MATERIAL NOTES:
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize all reinforcing steel if required elsewhere. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:
 Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-11"
 Provide Class "C" concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Class "C" (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

GENERAL NOTES:
 Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. The rail anchorage curb details have sufficient strength for use with all standard rail types. See appropriate rail standard for approved design speed restrictions, notes and details not shown. This anchorage curb is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment. These details are for use with curbs that are 8" to 5'-0" tall only. Curb heights that are less than or greater than those shown will require special design.
 Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



SHEET 1 OF 2

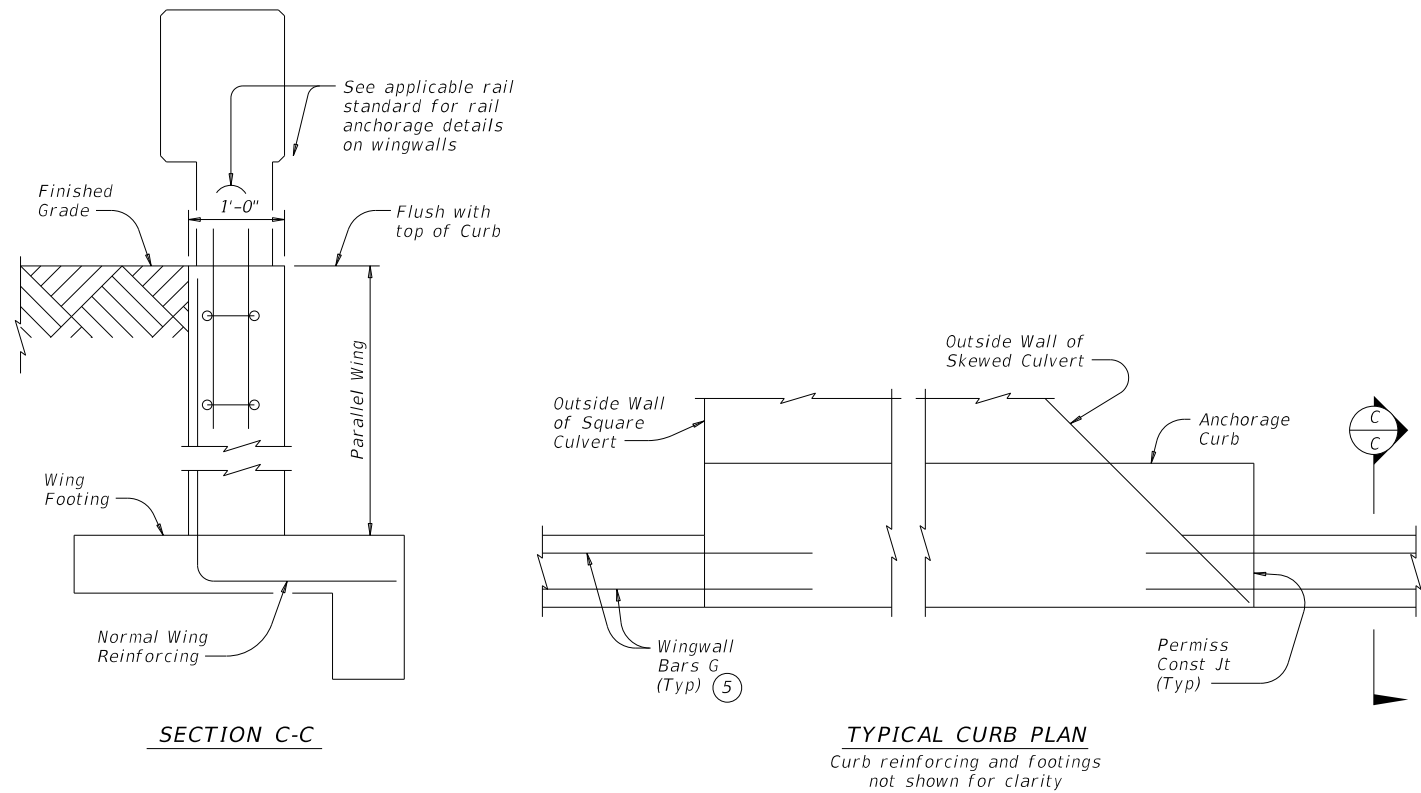
**RAIL ANCHORAGE CURB
 BOX CULVERT
 RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS
 (CURBS 8" TO 5'-0" TALL ONLY)**

RAC

FILE: racste01-20.dgn	DN: GAF	CK: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	CK: GAF
©TxDOT February 2020 REVISIONS	CONT SECT	JOB HIGHWAY		
	0923 22	027	SHELTON AVE	
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	BWD	STEPHENS	51	

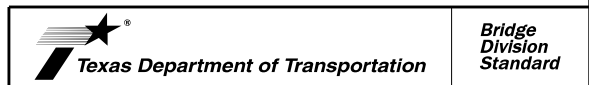
DISCLAIMER:
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 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bent ley.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and A V e n u e s / 0 6



INSTALLATION AT PARALLEL CULVERT WINGWALLS
 See culvert wingwall standard for bars and details not shown.

⑤ Bars G (#5), as identified on the PARALLEL WINGS PW standard sheet, must extend 1'-6" into the Anchorage Curb similar to that shown for a normal culvert curb.



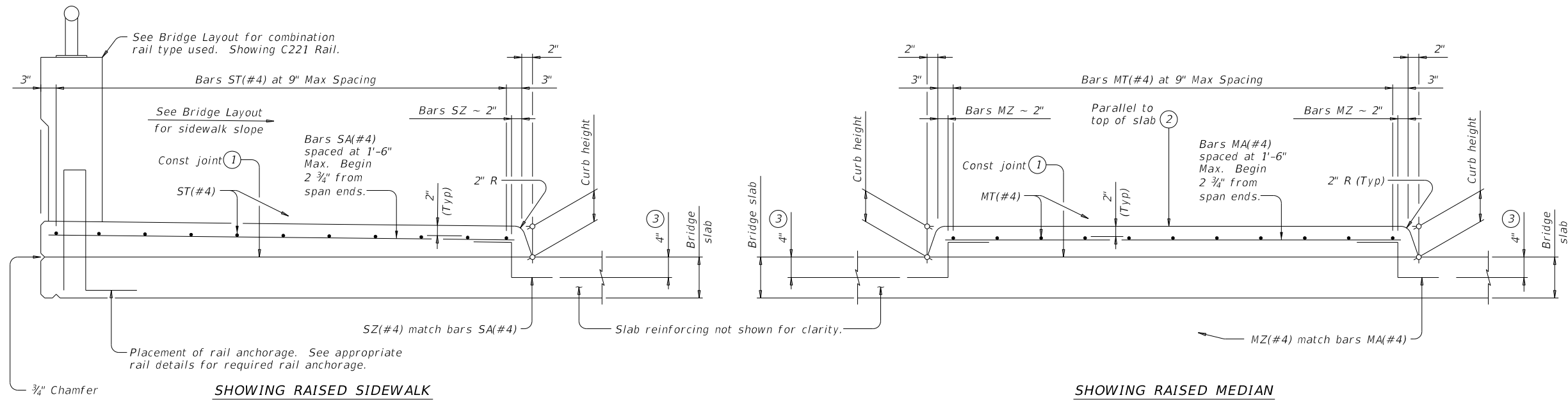
**RAIL ANCHORAGE CURB
 BOX CULVERT
 RAIL MOUNTING DETAILS
 (CURBS 8" TO 5'-0" TALL ONLY)**

RAC

FILE: racste01-20.dgn	DN: GAF	ck: TxDOT	DW: TxDOT	ck: GAF
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	BWD	STEPHENS	52	

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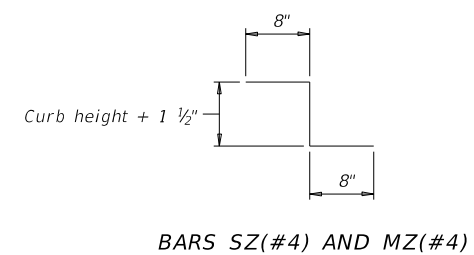
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TYPICAL TRANSVERSE SECTIONS

See Span Details for dimensions not shown.

- ① Provide broom finish to top of bridge slab where raised sidewalk or raised median area is defined.
- ② Unless noted otherwise on the span details.
- ③ Bars may rest on top of PCPs.



BARS SZ(#4) AND MZ(#4)

APPROVED SLIP RESISTANT PLATE	
Product	Manufacturer Website
Algrip™, Steel	www.algrip.com
Mebac® #3, Steel	www.harscoikg.com
SlipNOT® Grade 2, Steel	www.slipnot.com

Provide drain cover plates fabricated with a product from this list. No exceptions are permitted.

MATERIAL NOTES:

- Provide the same concrete required for the bridge deck, Class S or Class S (HPC) concrete.
- Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting ASTM A1064 of equivalent size and spacing may be substituted for bars SA, ST, MA, and MT.
- Provide epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcement if bridge deck reinforcement is required to be epoxy coated or galvanized.
- Provide hot-dip galvanize slip resistant steel plate after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Chamfer or round edges approximately 1/16" prior to galvanizing.

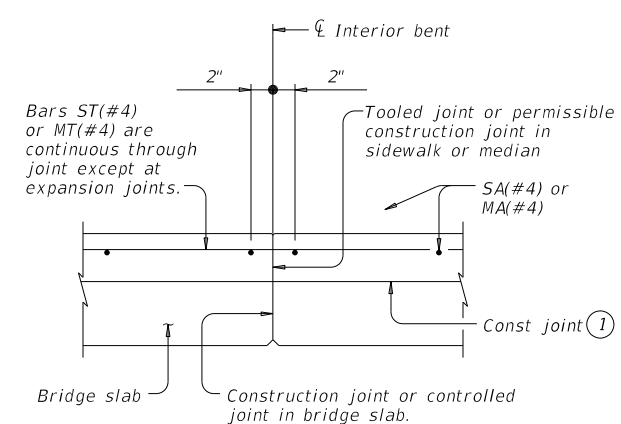
GENERAL NOTES:

- Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
- Provide the following bar or wire lap lengths when required:
 Uncoated, 1'-7" Min
 Coated, 2'-5" Min
- Submittal and approval of drain cover plate shop drawings is not required if fabrication is accordance with these details.
- Raised sidewalks will be paid under Item 422 by the SF of Bridge Sidewalk or Bridge Sidewalk (HPC). Raised medians will be paid under Item 422 by the SF of Bridge Median or Bridge Median (HPC).
- Payment for drain cover plates will be by the pound of "Structural Steel (Misc Non-Bridge)" as per Item 442, "Metal for Structures". Weight of one drain cover plate is 48 plf.

DESIGNER NOTES:

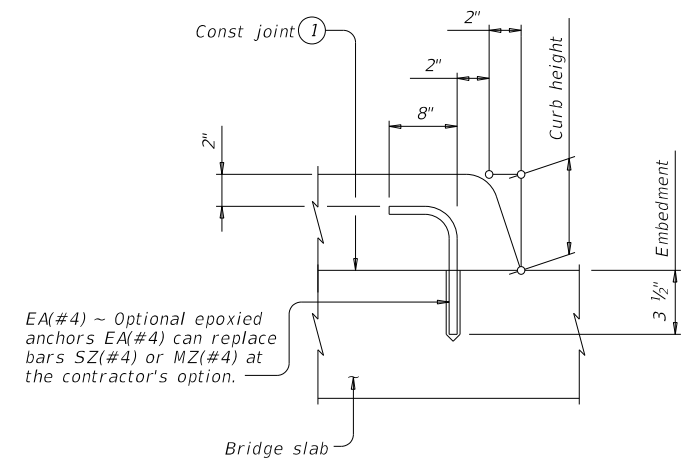
- These details do not apply for longitudinal grades exceeding 5 percent.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.



LONGITUDINAL SECTION AT INTERIOR BENT

At bents with expansion joints, provide an open joint in the sidewalk/median matching the deck's joint width.



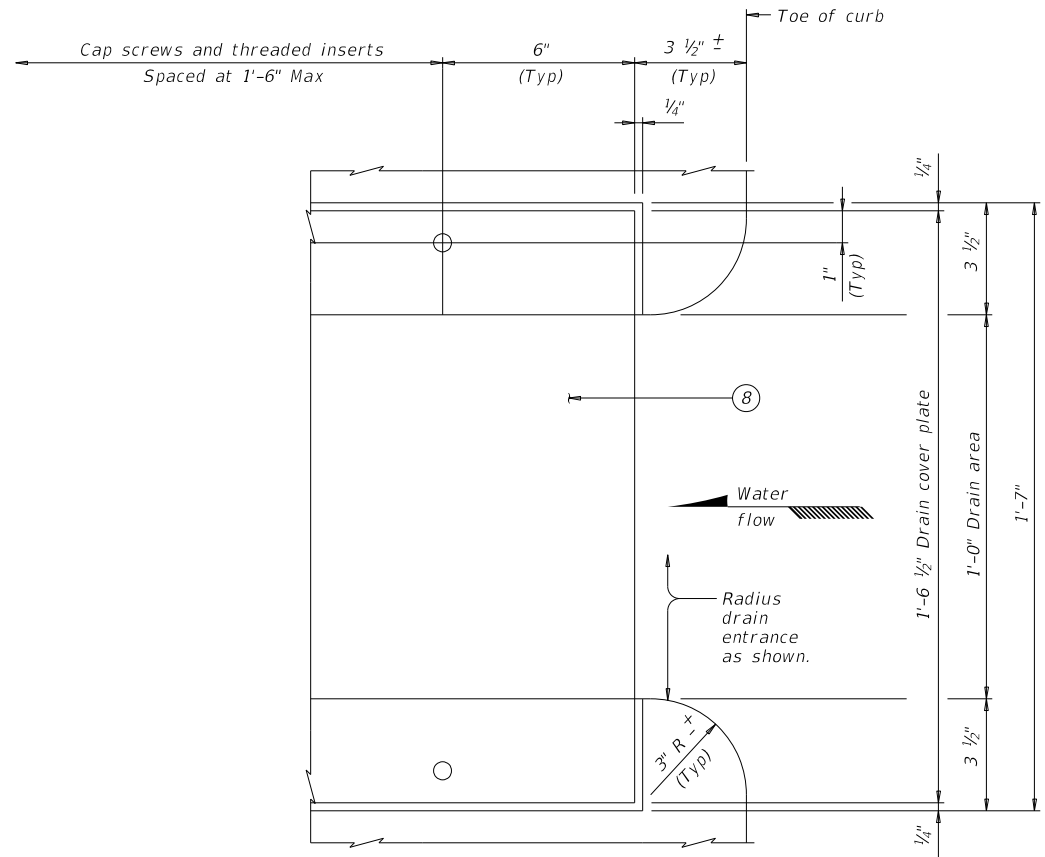
OPTIONAL EPOXY ANCHORS

Embed EA(#4) bar into concrete with a Type III (Class C, D, E, or F) epoxy meeting the requirements of DMS-6100, "Epoxyes and Adhesives". Follow manufacturer's directions for installing the epoxied anchor bars.

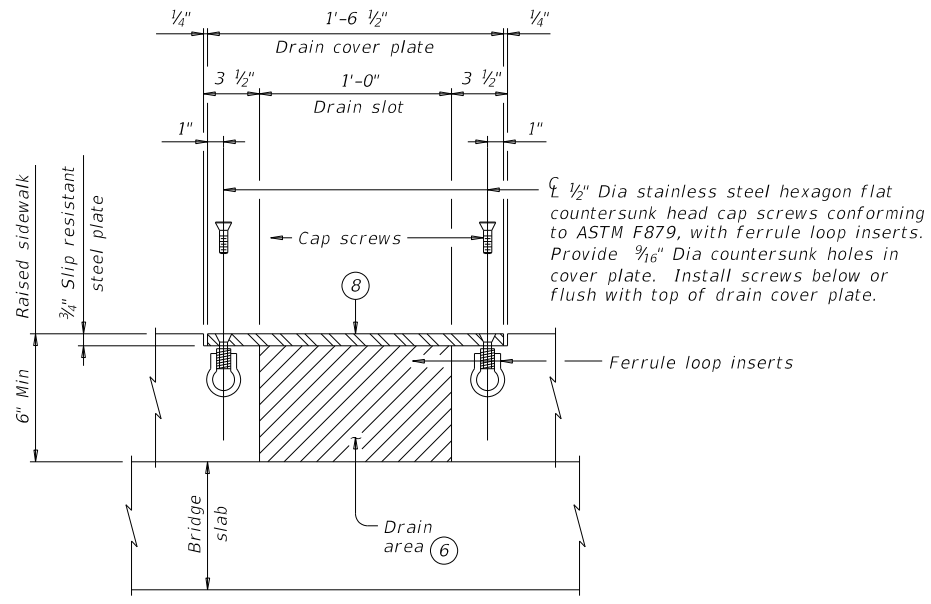
		Bridge Division Standard	
BRIDGE RAISED SIDEWALK AND MEDIAN DETAILS			
BRSM			
FILE: brsmste1-19.dgn	DN: JMH	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS	0923	22	027
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD	STEPHENS		53

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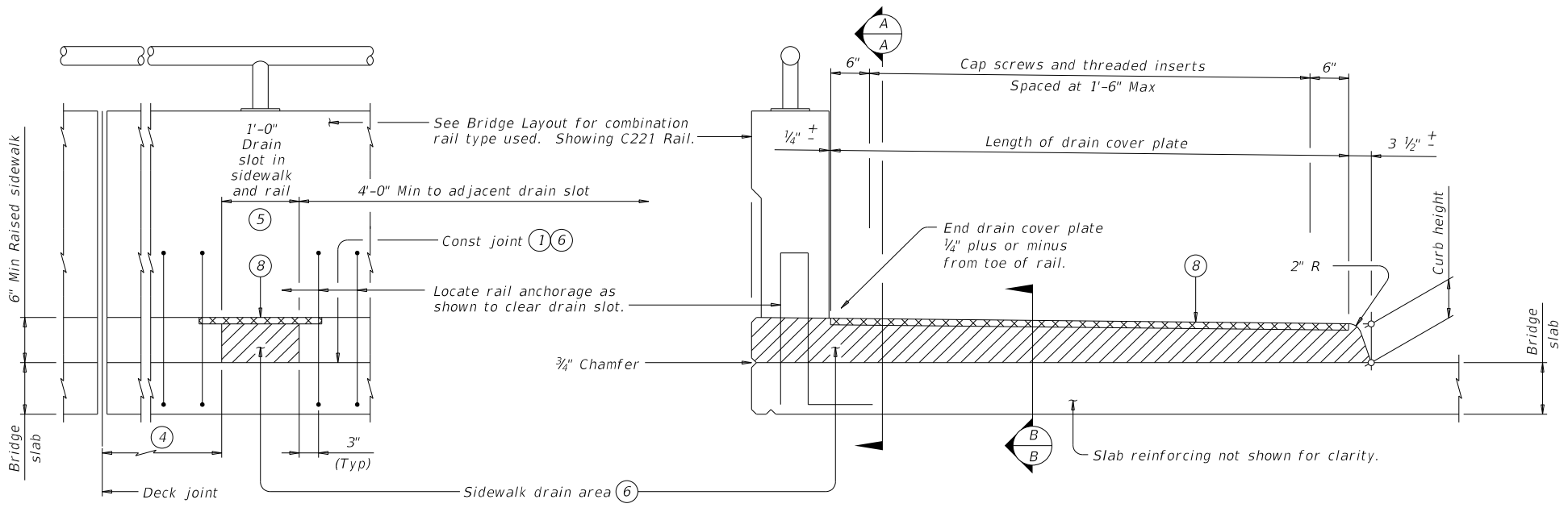


PARTIAL PLAN CURB DRAIN



SECTION B-B
 Reinforcing not shown for clarity.

- ① Provide broom finish to top of bridge slab where raised sidewalk or raised median area is defined.
- ④ 3'-0" Min at deck expansion joints, deck construction joints or controlled joints, rail intermediate wall joints or from face of substructure.
- ⑤ For rail Type C1W, center drain slots between posts.
- ⑥ Steel trowel top surface of bridge deck in drain locations.
- ⑦ Provide sidewalk drains where shown elsewhere on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Do not place drains over railroad tracks, lower roadways, or sidewalks. Place drain and cover plate perpendicular to toe of rail.
- ⑧ Drain cover plate (PL 3/4 x 18 1/2 slip resistant steel plate). Install flush with top of sidewalk.

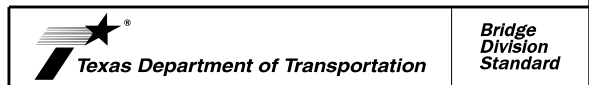


SECTION A-A

SHOWING RAISED SIDEWALK WITH DRAIN SLOT

OPTIONAL DRAIN DETAILS ⑦

SHEET 2 OF 2



BRIDGE RAISED SIDEWALK AND MEDIAN DETAILS

BRSM

FILE: brsmste1-19.dgn	DN: JMH	CK: TxDOT	DW: JTR	CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
BWD	STEPHENS		54	

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DATE: 11/1/2022 1:25
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bent1ey.com/tts-01/0223-004 WA 1 - CR FM and AVent1ey.ctb

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING STEEL
(Wings for one structure end)

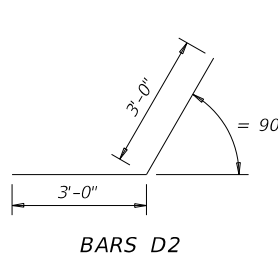
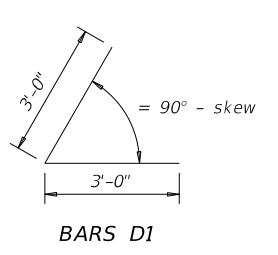
Maximum Wingwall Height Hw	Dimensions				Variable Reinforcing				Estimated Quantities per ft of wing (2-wings) ④	Estimated Quantities per ft of Toewall (1-toewall)		
	W	X	Y	Z	Bars J1		Bars J2					
					Size	Spa	Size	Spa				
2'-6"	2'-10"	10"	1'-0"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	48.64	0.406	6.85	0.071
2'-9"	2'-10"	10"	1'-0"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	49.31	0.424	6.85	0.071
3'-0"	2'-10"	10"	1'-0"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	49.98	0.444	6.85	0.071
3'-3"	2'-10"	10"	1'-0"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	53.32	0.462	6.85	0.071
3'-6"	2'-10"	10"	1'-0"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	53.98	0.480	6.85	0.071
4'-0"	3'-2"	1'-2"	1'-0"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	55.77	0.532	6.85	0.071
4'-6"	3'-2"	1'-2"	1'-0"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	59.77	0.568	6.85	0.071
5'-0"	3'-9"	1'-7"	1'-2"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	63.45	0.632	6.96	0.075
5'-6"	3'-9"	1'-7"	1'-2"	7"	#4	1'-0"	#4	1'-0"	67.46	0.668	6.96	0.075
6'-0"	4'-4"	2'-0"	1'-4"	7"	#5	1'-0"	#5	1'-0"	80.67	0.730	7.07	0.078
6'-6"	4'-4"	2'-0"	1'-4"	7"	#5	1'-0"	#5	1'-0"	85.05	0.768	7.07	0.078
7'-0"	5'-0"	2'-3"	1'-9"	8"	#5	1'-0"	#5	1'-0"	92.15	0.864	8.07	0.093
7'-6"	5'-0"	2'-3"	1'-9"	8"	#5	1'-0"	#5	1'-0"	96.54	0.902	8.07	0.093
8'-0"	5'-6"	2'-8"	1'-10"	8"	#5	6"	#5	6"	139.04	0.962	8.13	0.095
8'-6"	5'-6"	2'-8"	1'-10"	8"	#5	6"	#5	6"	144.47	1.000	8.13	0.095
9'-6"	6'-0"	2'-10"	2'-2"	9"	#5	6"	#5	6"	156.93	1.136	8.41	0.110
10'-6"	6'-5"	3'-0"	2'-5"	9"	#6	6"	#5	6"	196.27	1.234	8.57	0.117
11'-6"	7'-2"	3'-6"	2'-8"	11"	#6	6"	#6	6"	230.13	1.438	9.52	0.140
12'-6"	7'-8"	3'-9"	2'-11"	1'-0"	#7	6"	#6	6"	283.41	1.592	9.74	0.157
13'-6"	8'-2"	4'-0"	3'-2"	1'-2"	#8	6"	#6	6"	348.72	1.804	10.02	0.186
14'-6"	8'-10"	4'-5"	3'-5"	1'-4"	#9	6"	#6	6"	432.94	2.046	10.30	0.218
15'-6"	9'-6"	4'-10"	3'-8"	1'-6"	#9	6"	#7	6"	489.52	2.302	11.24	0.253
16'-0"	9'-11"	5'-0"	3'-11"	1'-7"	#9	6"	#7	6"	505.72	2.448	11.47	0.279

TABLE OF WINGWALL REINFORCING (2-wings)

Bar	Size	No.	Spa
D1	#6	~	1'-0"
D2	#6	~	1'-0"
E1	#4	~	1'-0"
F	#4	~	1'-0"
G	#6	~	8"
M1	#4	4	~
P	#4	~	1'-0"
V	#4	~	1'-0"

TABLE OF TOEWALL REINFORCING

Bar	Size	No.	Spa
J3	#4	~	1'-0"
M2	#4	2	~
E2	#4	~	1'-0"



WING DIMENSION FORMULAS:
(All values are in feet.)

$Hw = H + T + C$
 $Lw = (Hw)(SL) \div \cosine(\theta)$ for Type PW-1
 $Lw = (Hw - 1')(SL) \div \cosine(\theta)$ for Type PW-2 and $Hw \ge 4'$
 $Lw = (Hw - 0.5')(SL) \div \cosine(\theta)$ for Type PW-2 and $Hw < 4'$

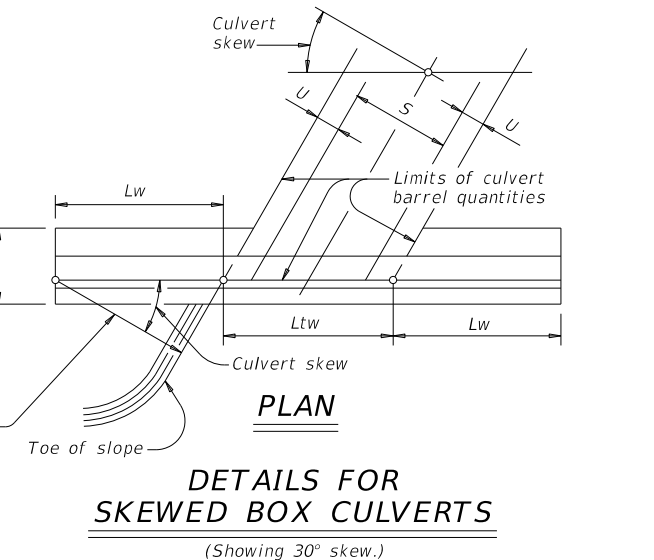
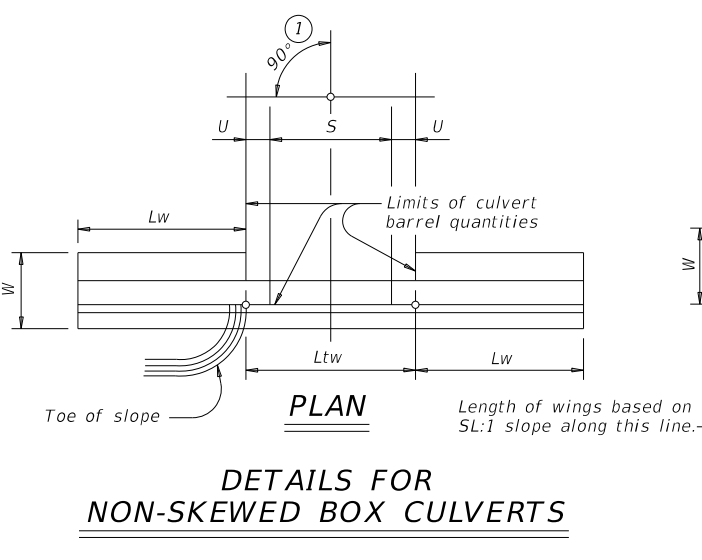
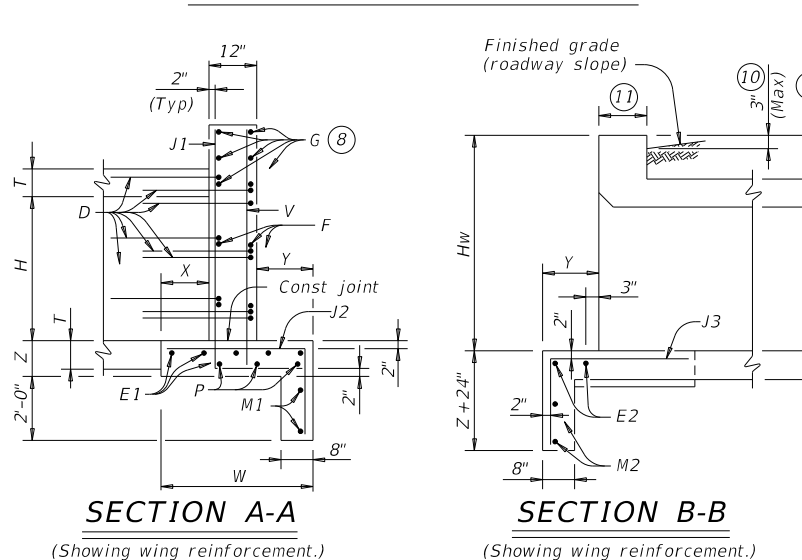
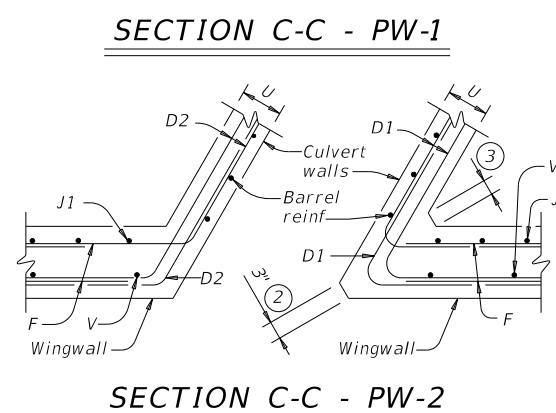
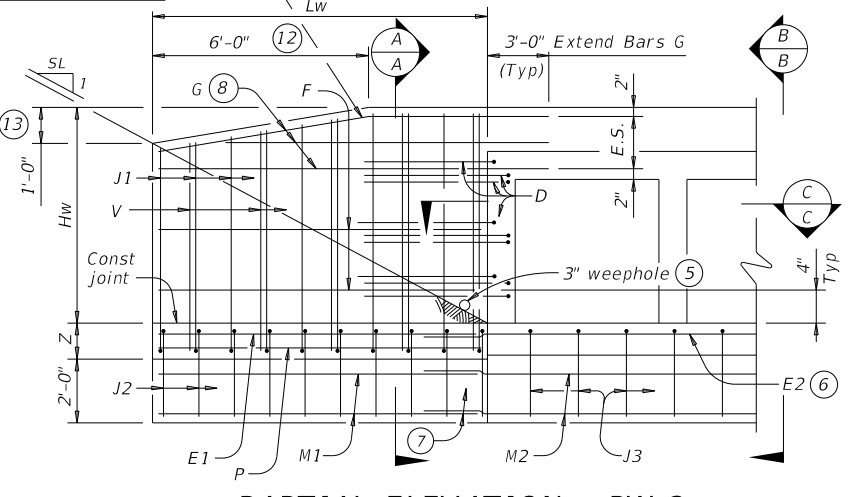
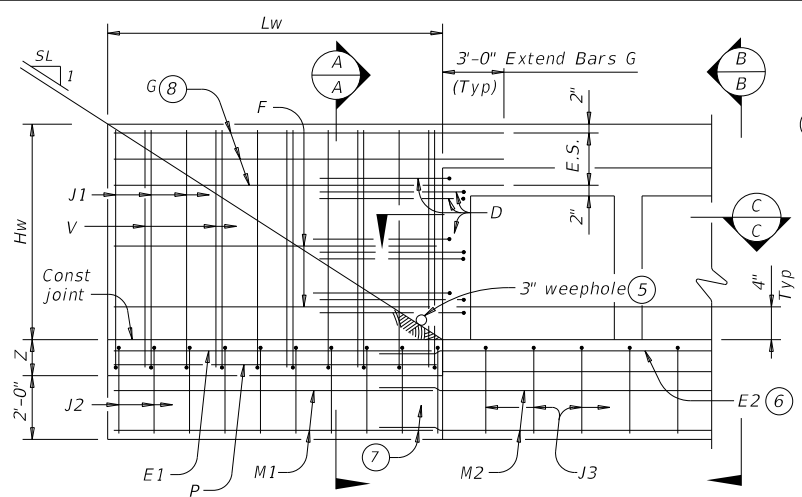
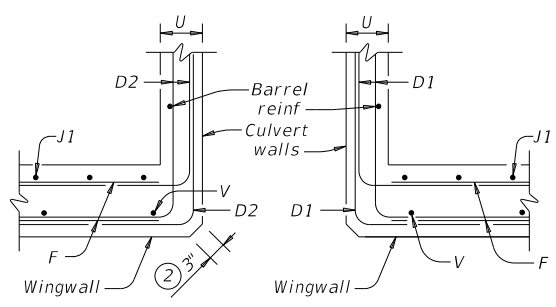
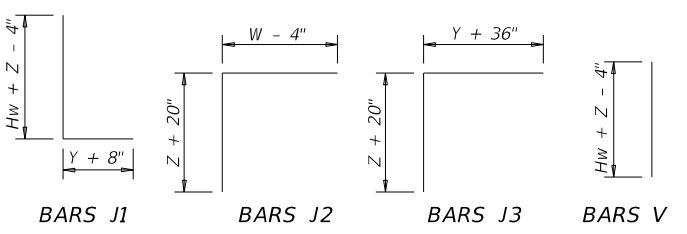
For cast-in-place culverts:
 $Ltw = [(N)(S) + (N + 1)(U)] \div \cosine(\theta)$

For precast culverts:
 $Ltw = [(N)(2U + S) + (N - 1)(0.5')] \div \cosine(\theta)$
 Total Wingwall Area (two wings ~ SF)
 $= (2)(Hw)(Lw)$ for Type PW-1
 $= (2)(Hw)(Lw) - 6 SF$ for Type PW-2 and $Hw \ge 4'$
 $= (2)(Hw)(Lw) - 1.5 SF$ for Type PW-2 and $Hw < 4'$

Hw = Height of wingwall
 Lw = Length of wingwall
 Ltw = Culvert toewall length
 N = Number of culvert spans
 $SL:1$ = Channel slope ratio, (horizontal: 1 vertical, usual value is 2:1)
 θ = Culvert skew

See applicable box culvert standard sheet for S, H, T, and U values.

- Skew = 0°
- At discharge end, chamfer may be 3/4" minimum.
- For 15° skew ~ 1"
For 30° skew ~ 2"
For 45° skew ~ 3"
- Quantities shown are for two Type PW-1 wings. Adjust concrete volume for Type PW-2 wings. To determine estimated quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values by Lw. Quantities shown do not include weight of Bars D.
- Provide weepholes for Hw = 5'-0" and greater. Fill around weepholes with coarse gravel.
- Extend Bars E2 1'-6" minimum into the wingwall footing.
- Lap Bars M1 1'-6" minimum with Bars M2.
- Place Bars G as shown, equally spaced at 8" maximum. Provide at least two pairs of Bars G per wing.
- 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
 - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
 - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.
 Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.
- 3'-0" for Hw < 4'.
- 6" for Hw < 4'.



DESIGNER NOTES:
 Type PW-1 can be used for all applications and must be used if railing is to be mounted to the wingwall. Type PW-2 can only be used for applications without a railing mounted to the wingwall.

MATERIAL NOTES:
 Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi).
 Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.
 Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

GENERAL NOTES:
 Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
 Depth of toewalls for wingwalls and culverts may be reduced or eliminated when founded on solid rock, when directed by the Engineer.
 See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for wingwall type and additional dimensions and information.
 Quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are for the Contractor's information only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.
 Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

		Bridge Division Standard	
CONCRETE WINGWALLS WITH PARALLEL WINGS FOR BOX CULVERTS TYPES PW-1 AND PW-2			
PW			
FILE: pwstde01-20.dgn	DN: GAF	CK: CAT	DW: TxDOT
REV: 0923	SECT: 22	JOB: 027	HIGHWAY: SHELTON AVE
DIST: BWD	COUNTY: STEPHENS	SHEET NO.: 55	

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of units or for any errors or omissions resulting from its use.

DATE: 11/1/2022 1:25
 FILE: pw://tts-pw_bent1ey.com/tts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA.1 - CR FM and Avenues/06-11-2022/06-11-2022.dwg

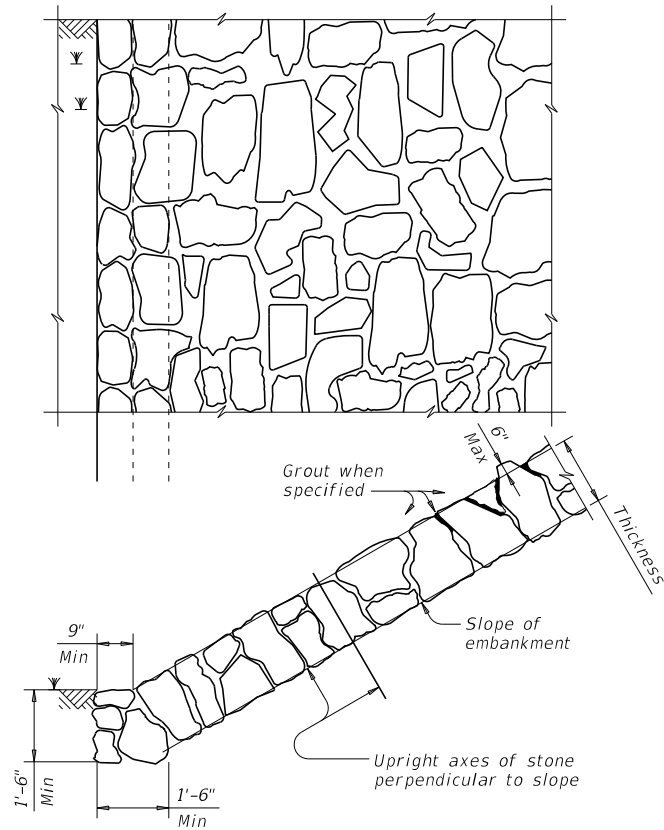


FIGURE 1 ~ TYPE R STONE RIPRAP
dry or grouted

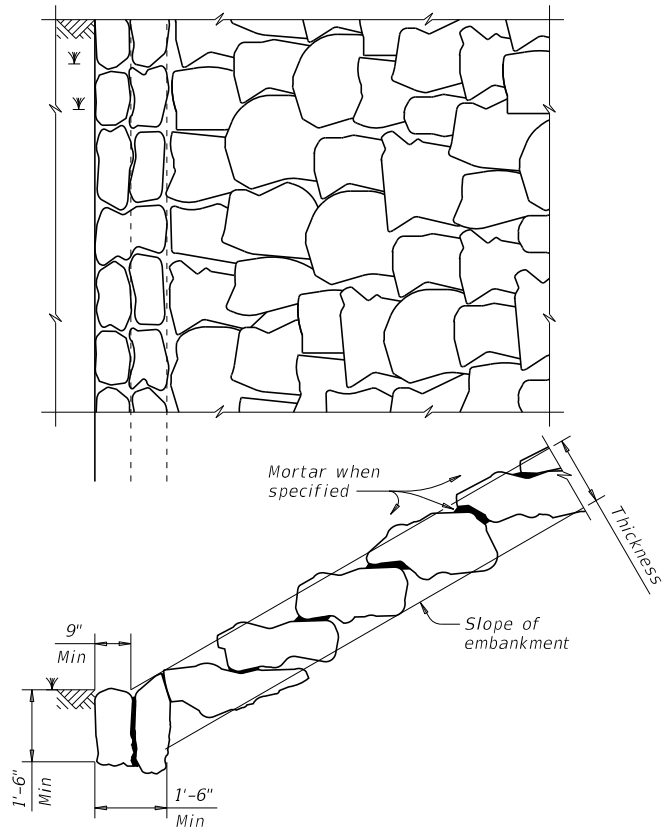


FIGURE 2 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP
dry or mortared

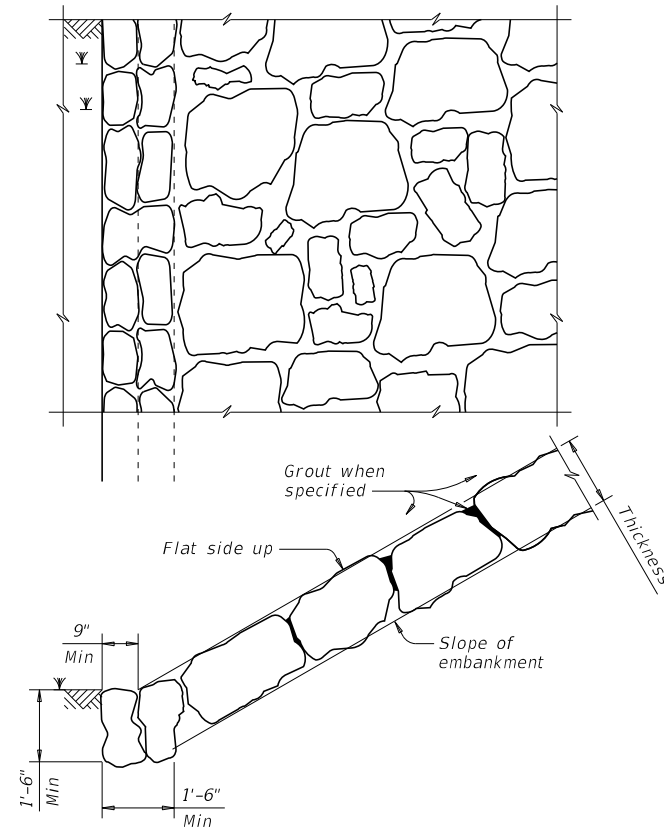


FIGURE 3 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP
grouted

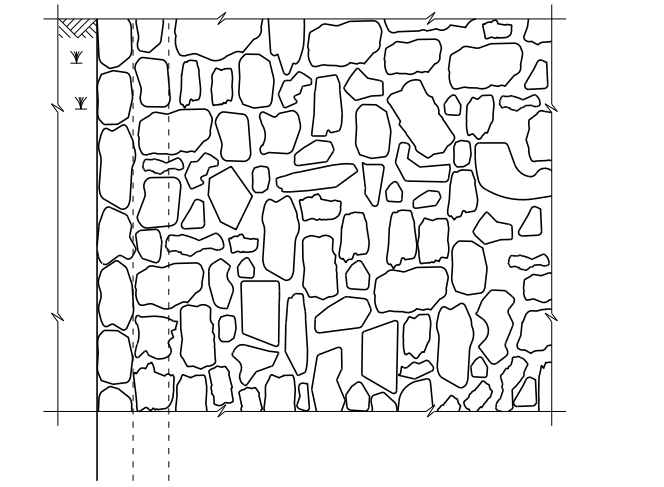


FIGURE 4 ~ COMMON STONE RIPRAP
dry or grouted

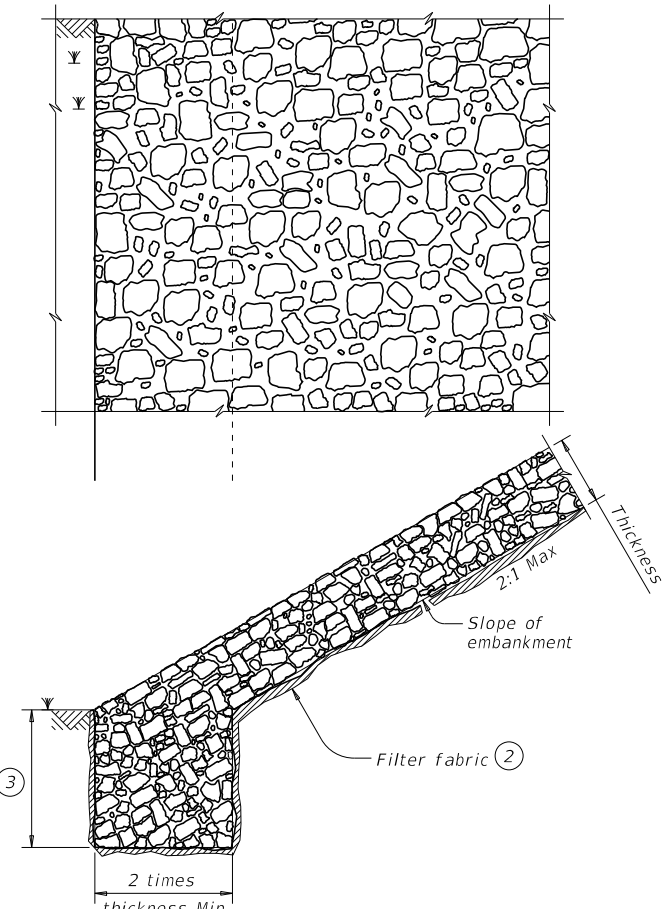
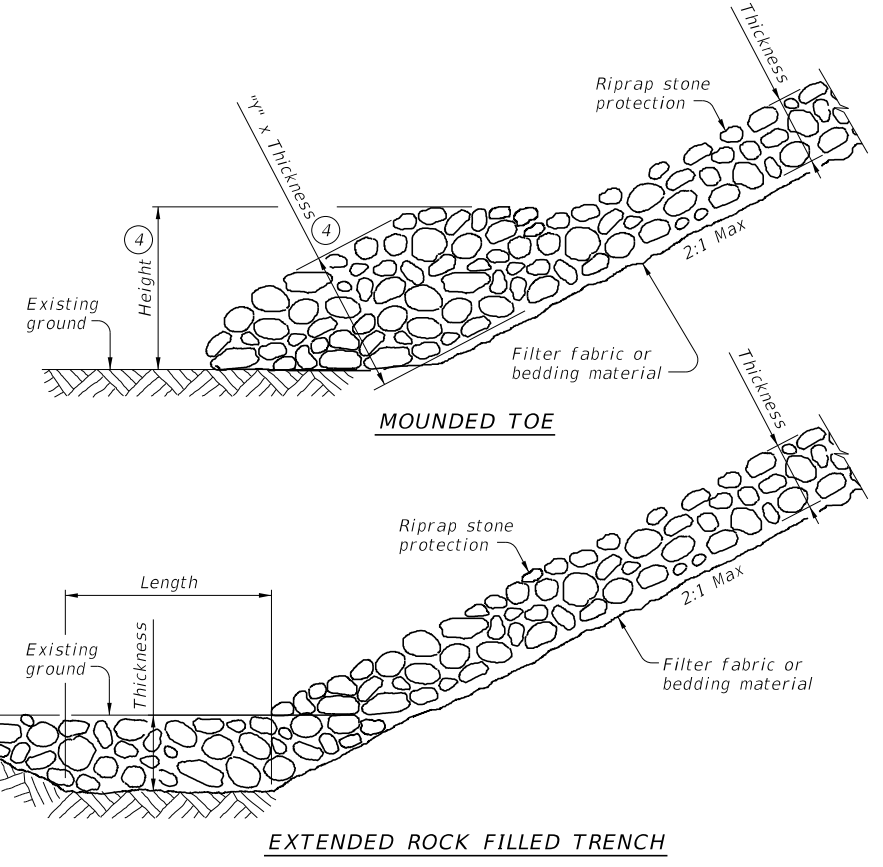


FIGURE 5 ~ PROTECTION STONE RIPRAP

- ② Provide bedding material instead of filter fabric if shown elsewhere in plans. See Layout for thickness of bedding material.
- ③ Minimum toe depth is the larger of the maximum scour depth or 2 times the riprap thickness.
- ④ "Y" and Height need to be defined. See layout or detail sheet for values if this option is used.
- ⑤ List Stone Protection as size (XX inch) and thickness (YY inch) on the layout.
Example: Riprap (Stone Protection) XX inch, Thickness = YY inch.



PROTECTION STONE RIPRAP TOE OPTIONS ⑤

SHEET 2 OF 2



STONE RIPRAP

SRR

FILE: srrstde1-19.dgn	DN: AES	CK: JGD	DW: BWH	CK: AES
©TxDOT April 2019 REVISIONS	CONT 0923	SECT 22	JOB 027	HIGHWAY SHELTON AVE
	DIST BWD	COUNTY STEPHENS	SHEET NO. 57	

During the planning phase of project development the following environmental permits, issues, and commitments have been developed during coordination with resource agencies, local governmental entities, and the general public. Any change orders and/or deviations from the final design must be reported to the Engineer prior to the commencement of construction activities, as additional environmental clearances may be required.

I. Clean Water Act, Sec. 402 Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

(Addresses CGP and MS4 Storm Water requirements for the project.)
(In the event that the Contractor implements a PSL on or within one mile of the project, a Site Notice and/or a NOI will apply.)

No Action Required Required Action

Action No. 1 Commitment No. 1
The project disturbs less than one acre of surface area. The contractor is responsible for the PSL as defined in the Standard Specifications for construction and Maintenance of Highways, Street, and Bridges (2014 Edition, Section 7.7.6, Page 42). The total disturbed acreage is the combined acreage to be disturbed on the project and the contractor's PSL.
Refer to the SW3P Plan Sheet, BMPs and Detail. It will address sweeping, chemical storage, sanitary waste, and all other management practices.

The EPIC must be updated if the disturbed area increases to one or more acres during the course of construction (refer to following sections). It may become necessary to post MS4 operators that receives discharge from the a site notice and/or NOI for the project and/ or PSL. project: -N/A-

II. Clean Water Act, Section 401 and 404 Compliance

(Addresses Nationwide Permits, Individual Permits, and Wetlands.)
(Filling, dredging, or excavating in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands, or wet area is prohibited unless specified in the USACE permit and approved by the Engineer.)
(When temporary fills implemented, only stated TxDOT standards will be used unless written authorization for an alternative is obtained from the Engineer. No equipment is allowed in any stream channel below the Ordinary High Water Mark except on temporary stream crossings or drill pads.)

No Action Required 404 Permit and 401 Certification Required

Permit	Required Action	Waters of the US	App. Plan Sheet(s)
NWP #14	Adher to permit and general/regional conditions	Gonzales Draw	See Bridge Layout

Best Management Practices for applicable 401 General Conditions:

General Condition 12 - Categories I and II BMPs required

Category I (Erosion Control)

- Temporary Vegetation
- Mulch
- Interceptor Swale
- Erosion Control Compost
- Compost Filter Berms and Socks
- Blankets, Matting
- Sod
- Diversion Dike
- Mulch Filter Berms and Socks
- Compost Blankets

Category II (Sedimentation Control)

- Sand Bag Berm
- Silt Fence
- Triangular Filter Dike
- Stone Outlet Sediment Traps
- Erosion Control Compost
- Compost Filter Berms and Socks
- Rock Berm
- Hay Bale Dike
- Brush Berms
- Sediment Basins
- Mulch Filter Berms and Socks

General Condition 25 - Category III BMPs required

Category III (Post-Construction TSS Control)

- Retention/Irrigation
- Extended Detention Basin
- Vegetative Filter Strips
- Grassy Swales
- Erosion Control Compost
- Compost Filter Berms and Socks
- Constructed Wetlands
- Wet Basins
- Vegetation-Lined Ditches
- Sand Filter Systems
- Mulch filter Berms and Socks
- Sedimentation Chambers

III. Cultural Resources

(Addresses any special circumstances associated with cultural resources, such as archeological or historic sites.)
(Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.)

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.	Station (Rt/Lt)	Commitment
1.	---	---

IV. Vegetation Resources

(Addresses any special circumstances associated with vegetation, such as large trees to be avoided, or mitigation that will occur as part of the project.)

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.	Station (Rt/Lt)	Commitment
1.	All	Avoid non-mow locations for stockpiles and equipment parking/storage.
2.	Project Limits	Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

V. Federal Listed, Proposed, Threatened, Endangered Species, Critical Habitat, State Listed Species, Candidate Species, and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)

(Addresses any special habitat that may need to be avoided, lists any threatened or endangered species where habitat was observed and might be impacted within the project area, and lists any precautions such as nesting seasons for migratory birds.)

No Action Required Required Action

Species Potentially within Project Area & Description Habitat Description

The contractor should be aware that there could be various species in the project area and to not cause harm to any species encountered.

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, or egg in part or in whole, without a federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and regulations. Migration patterns would not be affected by the proposed project. The contractor will remove all old migratory bird nests from any structure where work would be done from September 1 through the end of February. In addition, the contractor will be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests between March 1 and August 31, per the Environmental Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPIC) plans. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young shall be avoided.

VI. Hazardous Material or Contamination Issues

(Addresses any previously identified high risk sites associated with hazardous materials that may be encountered during construction.)

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contractor will follow all applicable storage and management requirements for liquid oil products, liquid petroleum products, and other chemical liquids as per 40 CFR 112 (a.k.a. SPCC) and/or TCEQ Construction General Permit for storm water management.

- Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:
Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
Trash piles, drums, canisters, barrels, etc.
Undesirable smells/odors
Underground storage tanks
Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances
Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on-site

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structure not including box culverts)?

Yes No

If "No", then no further action is required.
If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing an asbestos assessment/inspection. Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

Yes No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled abatement and/or demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Bridges on this project may contain Lead-Containing Paint (LCP) or other items that contain lead. The location of (LCP) is identified in the General Notes. Item 6.10.1.2 in the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications shall be utilized for this project.

VII. Other Environmental Issues

(Addresses any other environmental issues that may not have been covered in other sections.)

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.	Station (Rt/Lt)	Commitment
1.	---	---

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- BMP: Best Management Practice
- CGP: Construction General Permit
- DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services
- FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency
- FHWA: Federal Highway Administration
- MOA: Memorandum of Agreement
- MOU: Memorandum of Understanding
- MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System
- MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act
- NOI: Notice of Intent
- NOT: Notice of Termination
- NWP: Nationwide Permit
- SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure
- SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
- PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
- PSL: Project Specific Location
- TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
- TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
- TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
- TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation
- T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species
- USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers
- USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

LIVE OAK STREET ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES, AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

©2022 Texas Department of Transportation BROWNWOOD DISTRICT			
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE.
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
BWD	STEPHENS	58	

SITE DESCRIPTION

PROJECT LIMITS:

CSJ CSJ: 0923-22-027 Shelton Ave at Gonzales Draw
 Latitude = 32.756173°
 Longitude = -98.913512°

LOCATION MAPS:

Refer to title sheet for project location map.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

CSJ CSJ: 0923-22-027
 For the construction of: Replacement of bridge
 consisting of: Replace bridge and approaches

MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:

The major soil disturbing activities for this project will consist of preparation of R.O.W., removing existing structure, excavation work, embankment work for the construction of the bridge and roadway, and placement and removal of erosion controls.

TOTAL PROJECT AREA: 0.19 AC

TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED: 0.19 AC

EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER:

CSJ CSJ: 0923-22-027
 Surrounding land is used for agriculture and 95% of the R.O.W. vegetative cover is predominantly comprised of various native grasses and wild flowers.

NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

Runoff from project flows into Gonzales Draw.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:

MAINTENANCE: All erosion controls will be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it will be made at the earliest possible date, but no later than seven (7) calendar days after the ground has dried sufficiently to prevent further damage from equipment. The areas around creeks and drainage ways shall have priority over other areas on the project site.

INSPECTION: An inspection will be performed by a TxDOT inspector at least once every seven (7) calendar days. An inspection and maintenance report will be made per each inspection. Stormwater controls will be modified as directed by the Engineer based on these reports.

WASTE MATERIALS: Any waste materials generated during construction will be disposed of in accordance with existing federal, state, and local laws.

HAZARDOUS WASTE (INCLUDING SPILL REPORTING): At a minimum, any products in the following categories are considered to be hazardous: Fuels, Lubricating products, Asphalt products, or Concrete curing compounds and any additives. In the event of a spill which may be hazardous, clean-up will be done in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

SANITARY WASTE: Sanitary waste from portable units will be collected by a licensed sanitary waste management contractor.

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING AND DUST CONTROL:
 DUST CONTROL (OFF SITE) AS NEEDED - PER ENGINEER
 HAUL ROADS DAMPENED FOR DUST CONTROL
 LOADED HAUL TRUCKS TO BE COVERED WITH TARPAULIN
 EXCESS DIRT ON ROAD REMOVED DAILY
 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

REMARKS: Disposal areas, stockpiles, and haul roads shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize and control the amount of sediment that may enter receiving waters. Disposal areas shall not be located in any wetland, water body or stream bed. Construction staging area and vehicle maintenance area shall be constructed by the contractor in a manner to minimize the runoff pollutants. All waterways shall be cleared as soon as practicable of temporary embankment, temporary bridges, matting, false work, piling, debris or other obstructions placed during construction operations that are not a part of the finished work.

For off R.O.W. facilities the contractor shall comply with TCEQ requirements.

The contractor is responsible for ensuring that all subcontractors are aware of and comply with all components of the SW3P per Item 506.

Furnish one SW3P permit posting sign and sign support as detailed on the SW3P Sheet. Install this sign in a location selected by the Engineer. The sign and support should be removed upon completion of the project and is the property of the Contractor. The purchase of the sign and support, installation, relocation(s) if determined necessary by the Engineer and removal at project end shall be subsidiary to Item 506.

Sedimentation Basins - Since the area disturbed is less than 10 acres per drainage area; a sedimentation basin is not required.

Best Management Practices:

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| Erosion | Sedimentation | Post-Construction TSS |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temporary Vegetation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Silt Fence | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vegetative Filter Strips |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Blankets/Matting | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock Berm | <input type="checkbox"/> Retention/Irrigation Systems |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mulch | <input type="checkbox"/> Triangular Filter Dike | <input type="checkbox"/> Extended Detention Basin |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sodding | <input type="checkbox"/> Sand Bag Berm | <input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Wetlands |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Interceptor Swale | <input type="checkbox"/> Straw Bale Dike | <input type="checkbox"/> Wet Basin |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Diversion Dike | <input type="checkbox"/> Brush Berms | <input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost | <input type="checkbox"/> Erosion Control Compost | <input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks | <input type="checkbox"/> Mulch Filter Berm and Socks | <input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks | <input type="checkbox"/> Compost Filter Berm and Socks | <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetation Lined Ditches |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Stone Outlet Sediment Traps | <input type="checkbox"/> Sand Filter Systems |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Basins | |

NARRATIVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEMENT) ACTIVITIES:

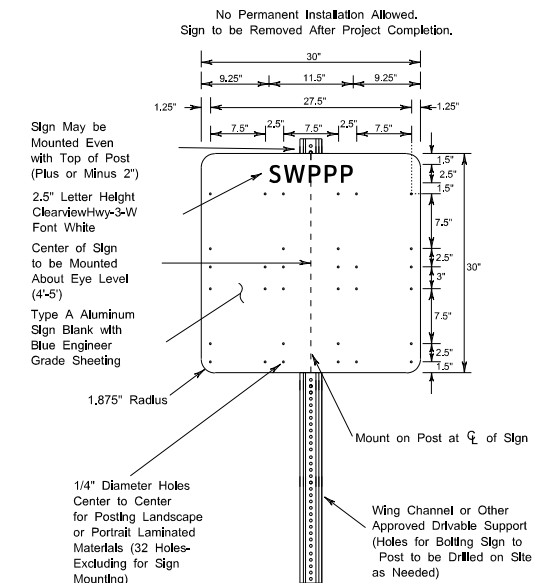
The order of activities will be as follows:

1. Preserve existing vegetative cover as much as possible.
2. Install temporary sediment control fencing and other items as shown on plans prior to any soil disturbing activities.
3. Perform bridge work, roadway work, and perform any necessary excavation, embankment and grading, temporary seeding, and signage.
4. Place permanent seeding as shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

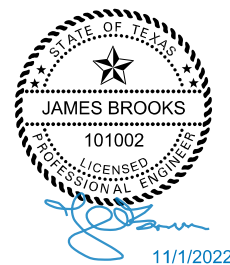
STORM WATER MANAGEMENT:

Storm water will be carried by side road ditches which will empty into the various natural runoff channels.

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN PERMIT POSTING



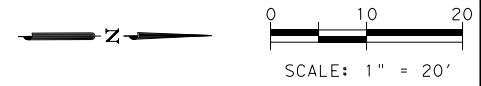
Texas Department of Transportation
 Brownwood District Office
 2495 Highway 183 North
 Brownwood Texas, 76802



**SHELTON AVE
 BROWNWOOD DIST.
 STORM WATER
 POLLUTION
 PREVENTION PLAN**

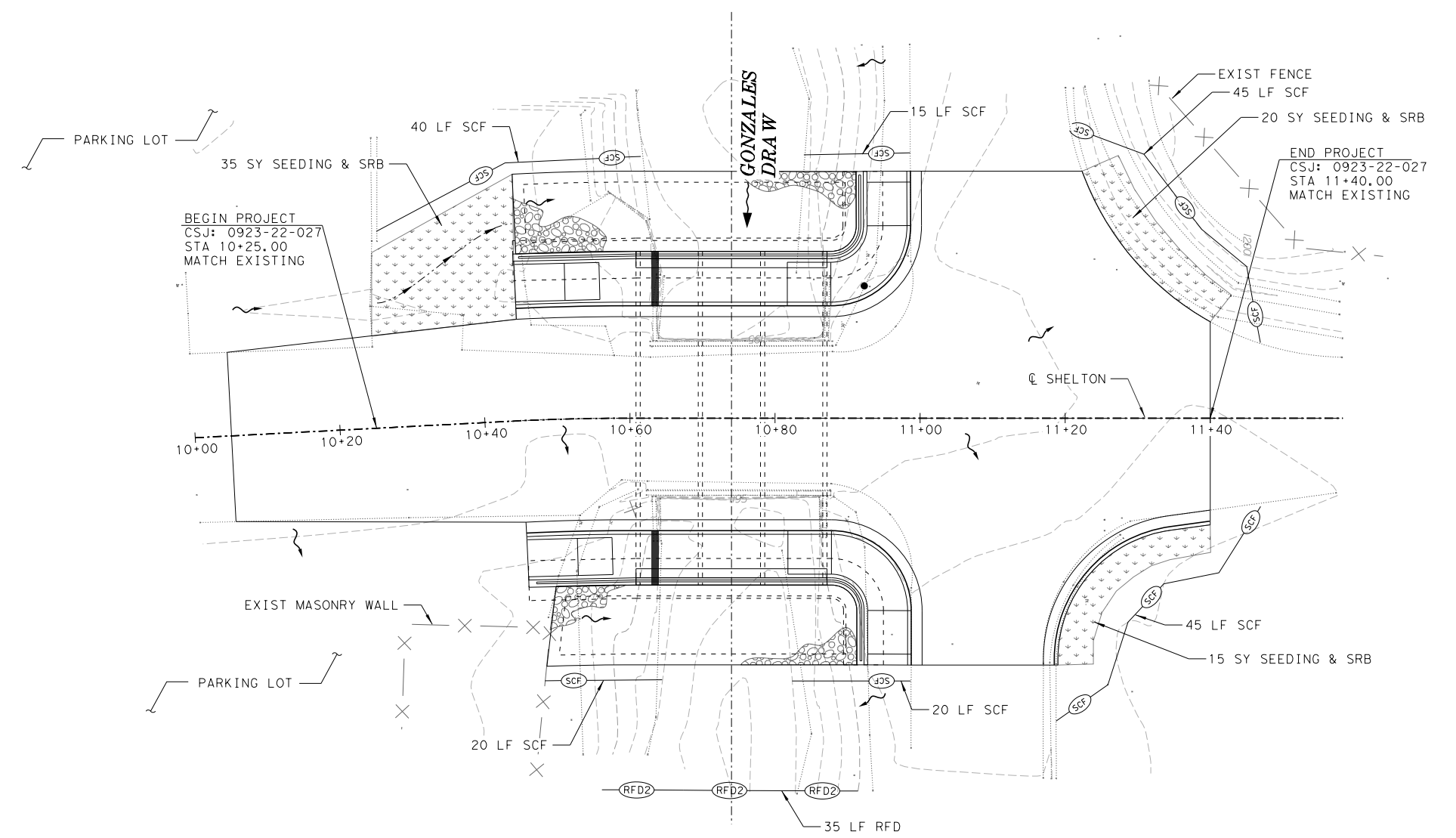
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
BWD	STEPHENS	59	

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LEGEND

	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
	ROCK FILTER DAM (TYPE 2)
	DIRECTION OF FLOW
	SEEDING AND SOIL RETENTION BLANKET (CL 1) (TY B)



p:\tts-pw-bentley.com\tts-pw-01\Documents\0223-004 WA 1 - CR FM and Avenues\06 Cadd\01 Plan Sheets\10 Environmental\Shelton_SW3P_LAYOUT-01.dgn
 11/1/2022 1:25
 SCRIPT: Shelton_Index.pen
 JamesBrooks

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
164-6025	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (PERM) (URBAN) (SANDY)	SY	70
164-6029	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	35
164-6031	CELL FBR MLCH SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	35
SUBSIDIARY	FERTILIZER	TON	0.003
168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	1.6
169-6002	SOIL RETENTION BLANKETS (CL 1) (TY B)	SY	70
506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	185
506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	185
506-6053	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2) (6:1)	LF	35
506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	35

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE

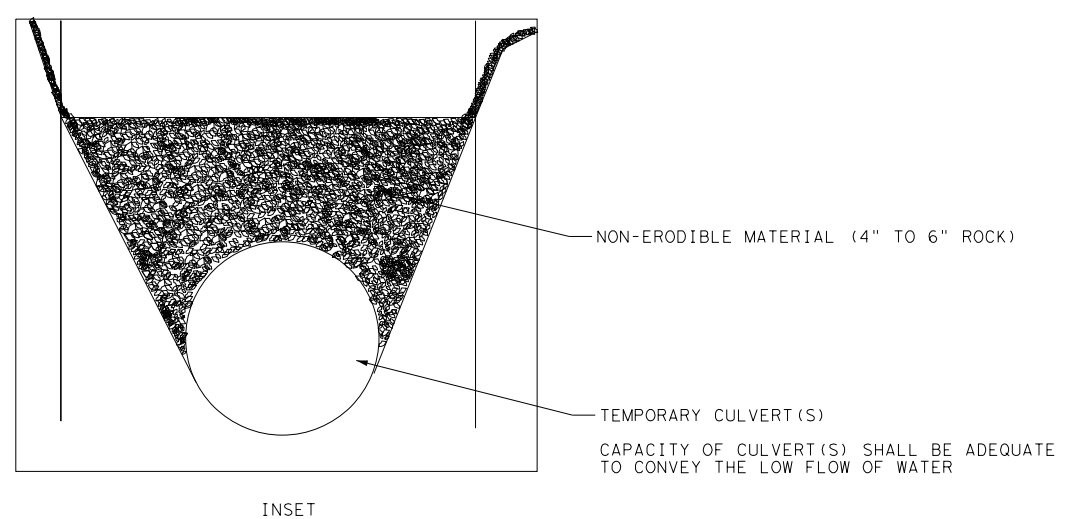
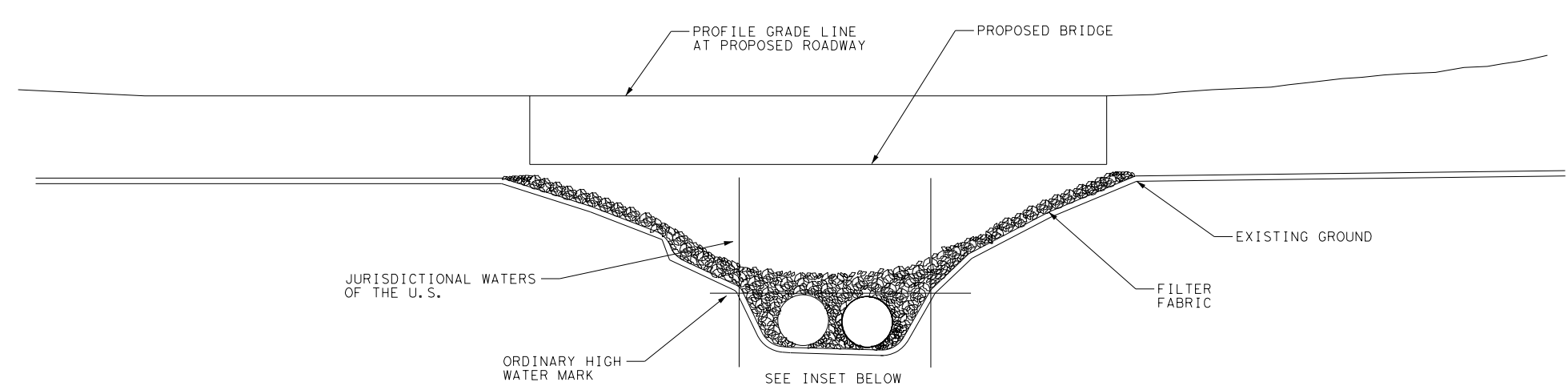
**SHELTON AVE AT
GONZALES DRAW**

SW3P LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 1

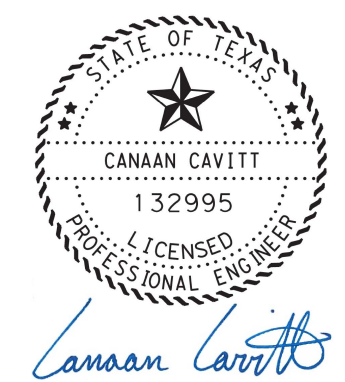
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STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		SHEET No.
TEXAS	BWD	STEPHENS		60

DATE: 11/1/2022 1:25
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NOTE:
 TEMPORARY CROSSING WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.

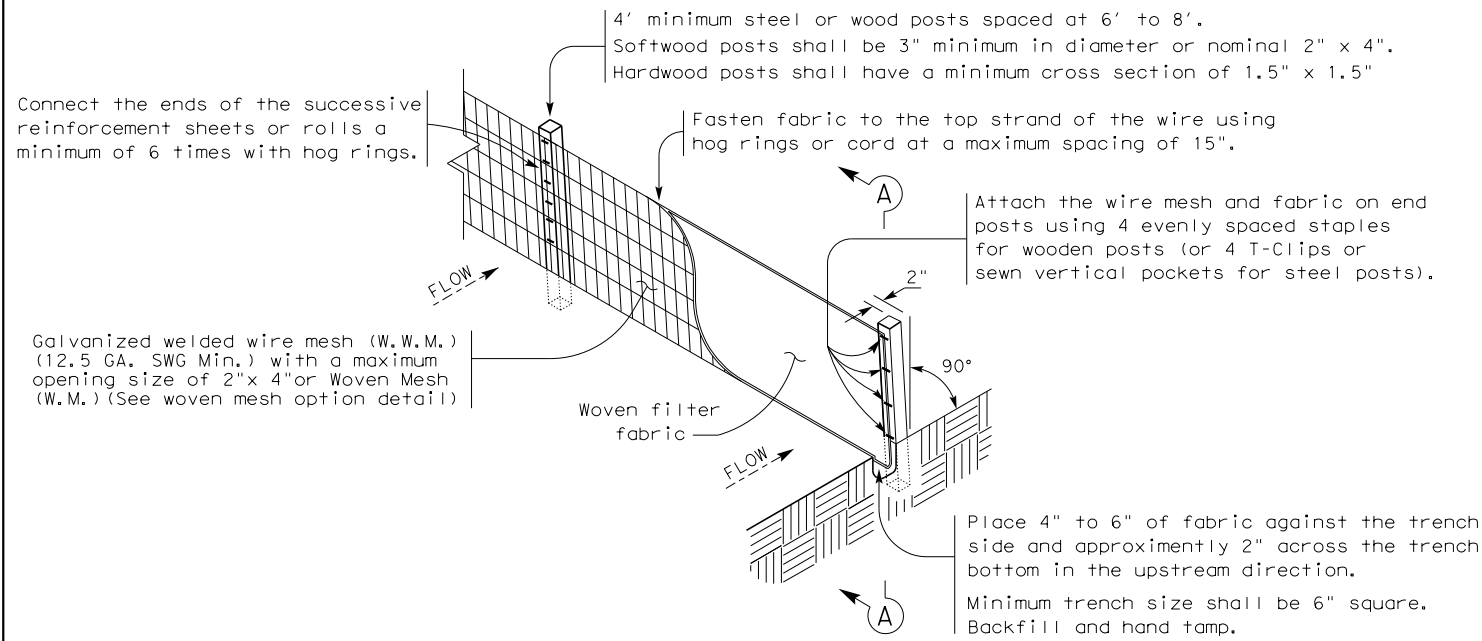
TEMPORARY CROSSING
 NOT TO SCALE



12/12/2022

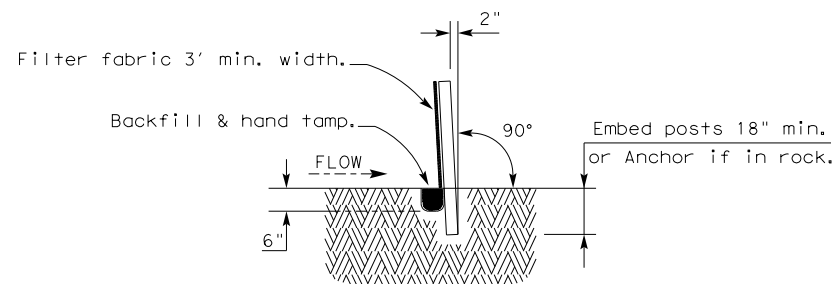
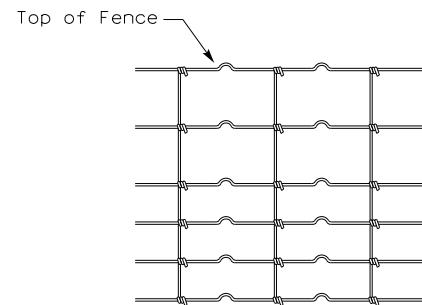
			
SHELTON AVE AT GONZALES DRAW TEMPORARY CROSSING DETAIL			
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BWD	STEPHENS		61

11/04/2022 10:41:11 AM
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 DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.



TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

SCF



SECTION A-A

HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

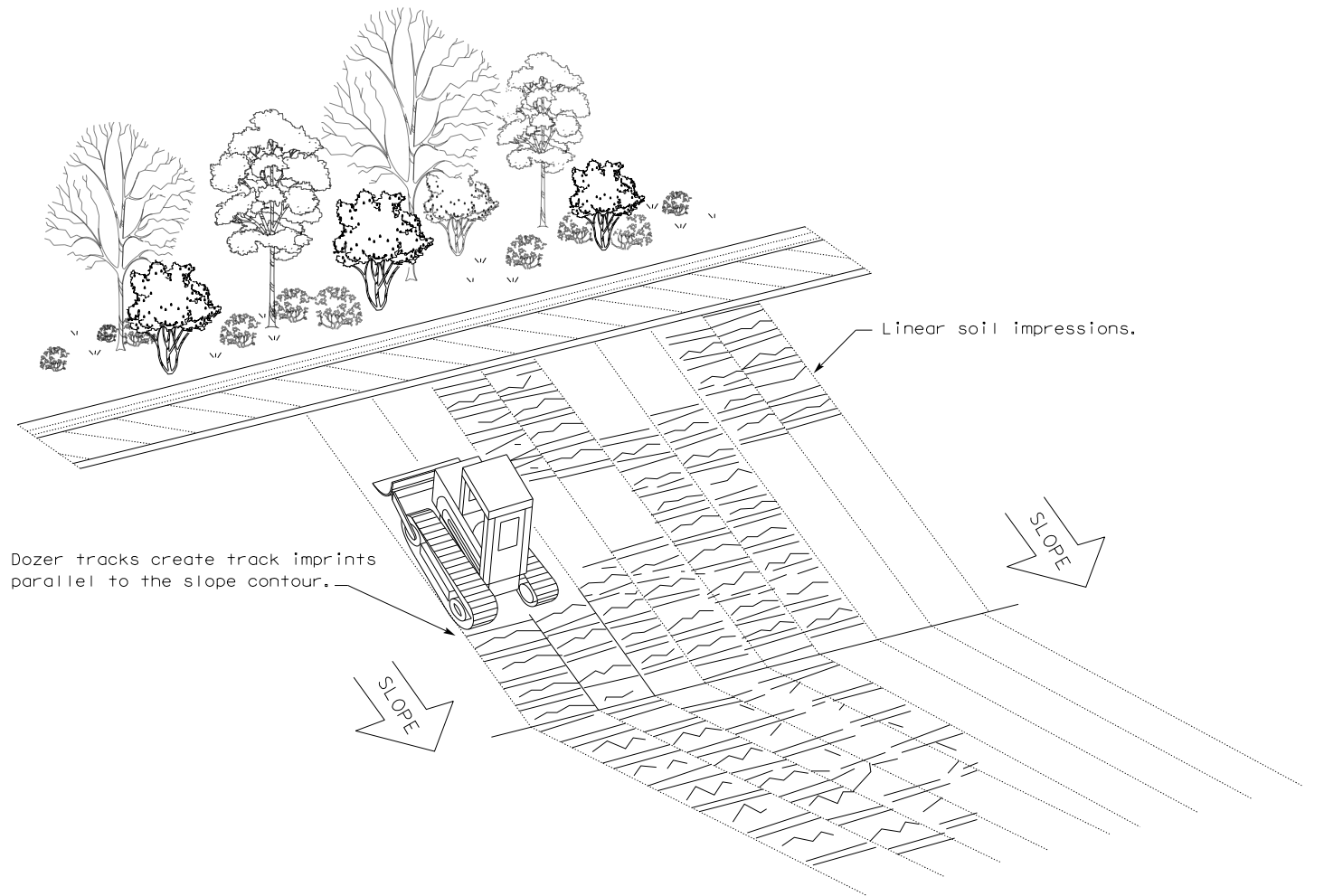
LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

SCF

GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- Install continuous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

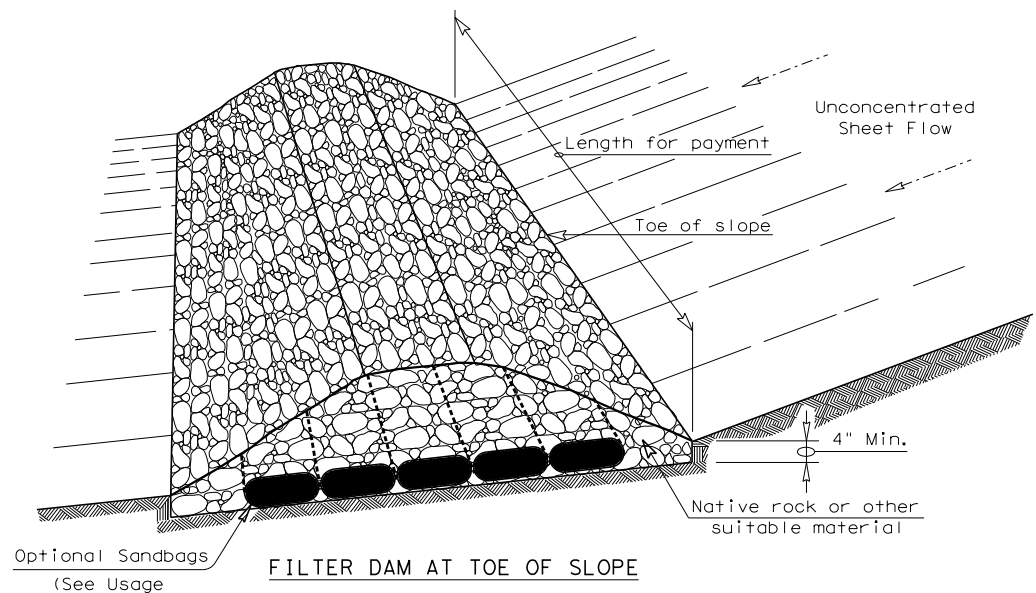


TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING EC(1)-16

FILE: ec116	DN: TxDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP	DN/CK: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0923	22	027	SHELTON AVE
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	BWD	STEPHENS	62	

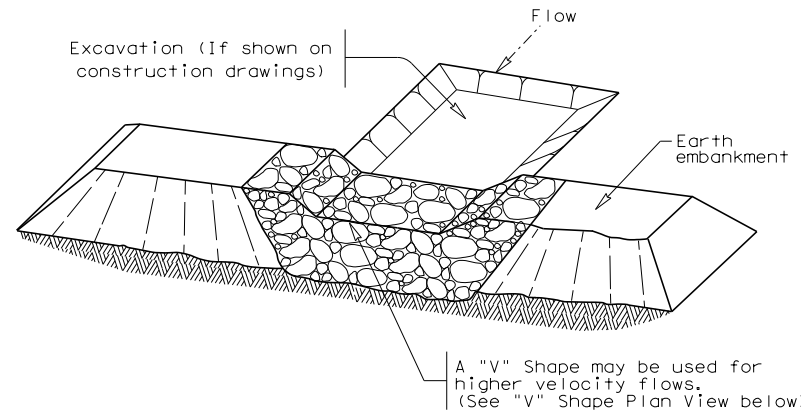
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DATE: 11/1/2022
 FILE: pw://fts-pw.bentley.com/fts-pw-01/Documents/0223.004 WA 1 - CR FM and Avenues/06 Cadd/06 Standards/10 Environmental/EC(2)-16.dgn



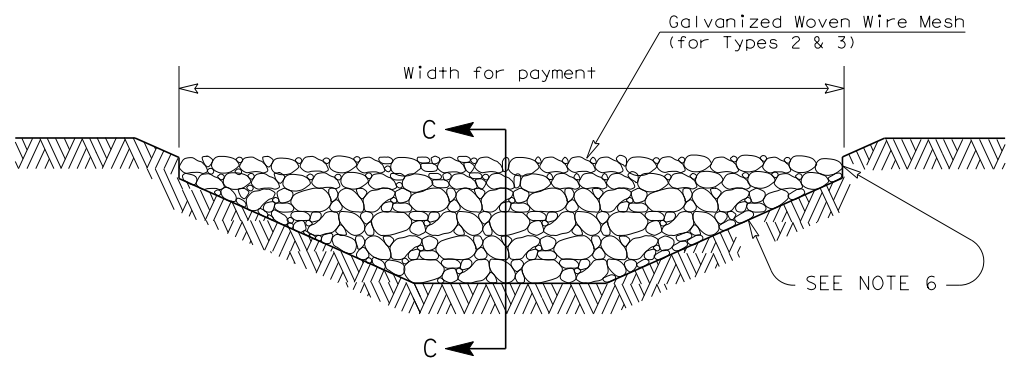
FILTER DAM AT TOE OF SLOPE

RFD1



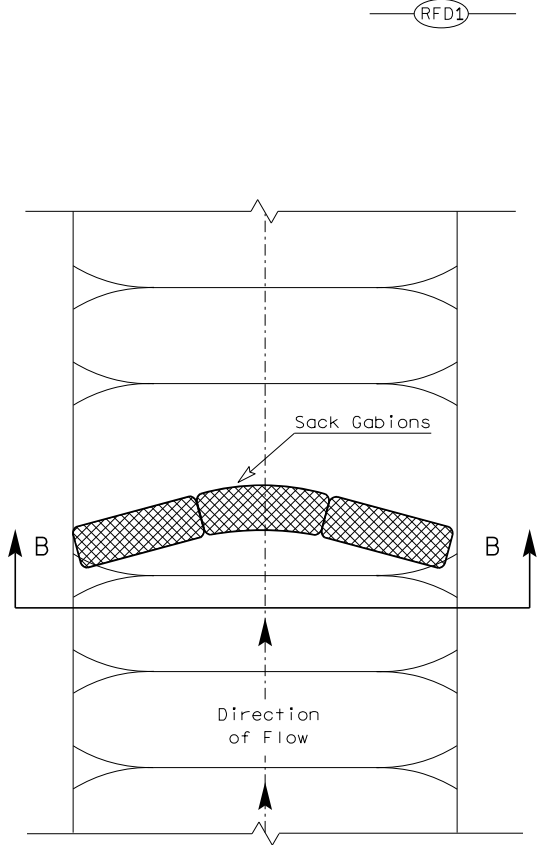
FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP

RFD1 OR RFD2

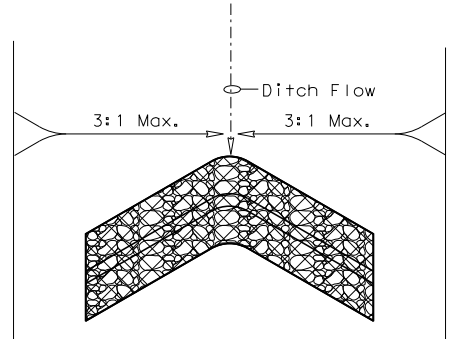


FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

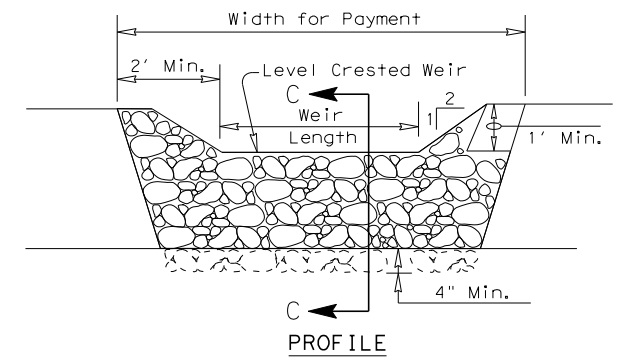
RFD1 OR RFD2 OR RFD3



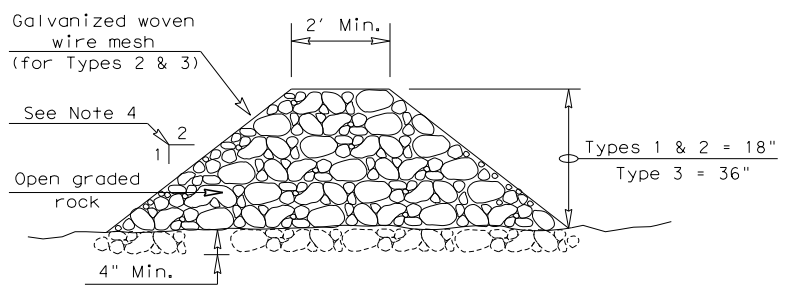
PLAN VIEW



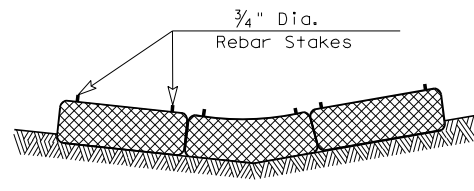
"V" SHAPE PLAN VIEW



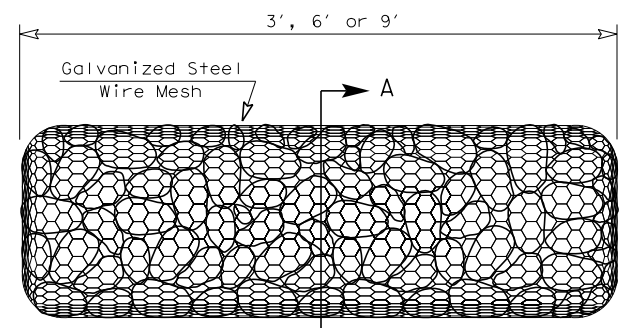
PROFILE



SECTION C-C

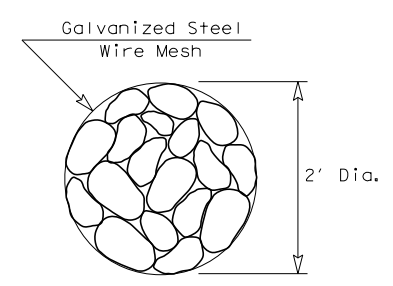


SECTION B-B



TYPE 4 (SACK GABIONS)

RFD4



SECTION A-A

ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT² of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximately 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.

GENERAL NOTES

1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
4. Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with 3/4" dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 1/2" x 3 1/4".
10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

PLAN SHEET LEGEND

- Type 1 Rock Filter Dam — RFD1 —
- Type 2 Rock Filter Dam — RFD2 —
- Type 3 Rock Filter Dam — RFD3 —
- Type 4 Rock Filter Dam — RFD4 —

		Design Division Standard	
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES ROCK FILTER DAMS EC (2) - 16			
FILE: ec216	DN: TxDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT: 0923	SECT: 22	JOB: 027
REVISIONS		DIST: BWD	COUNTY: STEPHENS
		SHEET NO. 63	