INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	SUPPLEMENTAL INDEX OF SHEETS

DEPA

STATE		TEXAS	
ARTMENT	OF TH	RANSPORTATION	

BPM 6471-00-001 JOB US 271, ETC. 001 SMITH, ETC.

FINAL PLANS

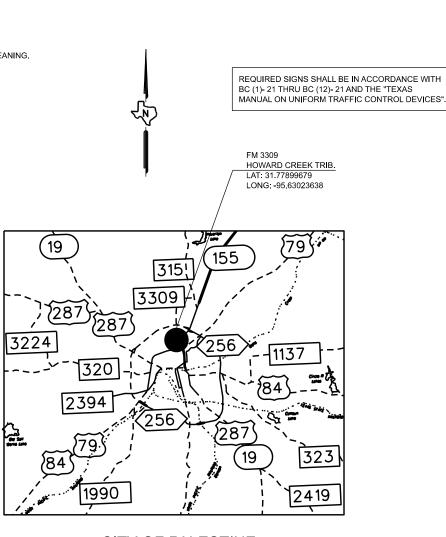
PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

US 271, ETC. SMITH COUNTY, ETC.

LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE TYLER DISTRICT

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE.

CONSISTING OF PILE ENCASEMENTS, SCOUR COUNTERMEASURES, AND JOINT CLEANING.



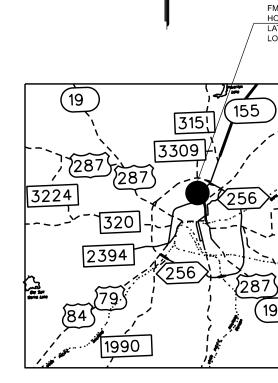
LETTING DATE: .

CONTRACTOR:

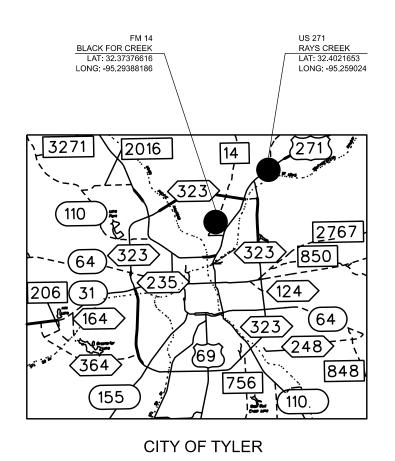
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$_

DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED: __



CITY OF PALESTINE



1252 1252 CITY OF LONGVIEW RABBIT CREEK LAT: 32.38854841 LONG: -94.60359404

> EXCEPTIONS: NONE **EQUATIONS: NONE**



F9E41C... MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

8/5/2024 7DA7E3C1A4D2... DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

GENERAL

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33 FM 14 BLACK FORK CREEK PLAN & PROFILE

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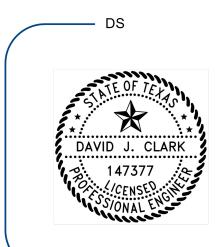
CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS 40 PILE ENCASEMENT DETAILS

41 MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

BRIDGE STANDARDS

42 CRR 43-44 SRR

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The Standard Sheets specifically identified with "##" above have been issued by me and are applicable to this project.

8/7/2024

Date

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 1 6471 00 001 SH 271, ETC. DIST

SMITH, ETC

Texas Department of Transportation

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individuals:

Paul Schneider, P.E. <u>Paul.Schneider@txdot.gov</u>
Travis Singleton, P.E. <u>Travis.Singleton@txdot.gov</u>

For Q&A on Proposals navigate to:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project and click on the link in the window that pops up to view the Q&A.

All relevant project documentation including Contract Time Determinations and cross-sections will still be posted to the districts FTP website.

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/Tyler%20District/Construction%20Projects

ITEM 4. SCOPE OF WORK

During final clean up, remove all foreign material that has accumulated at bridge abutments and bent caps as approved. All work and equipment involved in the removal of this material is subsidiary to the bid items of the Contract.

Preserve the integrity of all right of way monuments within project limits. Right of way monuments damaged or destroyed during construction must be replaced by a registered professional land surveyor (RPLS), at the Contractor's expense.

ITEM 5. CONTROL OF THE WORK

If utility lines need adjustments during construction operations, modify operations and continue the work in a manner that will allow others to make the utility adjustments. Additional working time may be allowed for delays caused by these utility adjustments.

Restrict movement of construction equipment and haul trucks to paved surfaces. Do not cross the median with equipment and haul trucks unless specifically authorized. Use entrance and exit ramps to enter and exit the freeway mainlanes.

Project Number: BPM 6471-00-001 Sheet 3

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

ITEM 6. CONTROL OF MATERIALS

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the Contractor must submit an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the link below:

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html

ITEM 7. LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Do not initiate activities in a project specific location (PSL) associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) permit area that has not been previously evaluated by the COE as part of the permit review of this project. Such activities include haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow pits, and disposal sites. "Associated," defined here, means "materials are delivered to or from the PSL." The permit area includes all waters of the U.S. or associated wetlands affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for this work. The Contractor is responsible for all consultations with the COE regarding activities (including PSL) that have not been previously evaluated by the COE. Provide the Department with a copy of all consultations or approvals from the COE before initiating activities.

Proceed with activities in PSL that do not affect a COE permit area if Contractor determines that the PSL is non-jurisdictional or proper COE clearances have been obtained in jurisdictional areas or have been previously evaluated by the COE as part of the permit review of this project. The Contractor is responsible for documenting his determination that his activities do not affect a COE permit area. Maintain copies of determination for review by the Department or any regulatory agency.

Concrete truck drivers and concrete pump operators are required to wash out only in designated areas specifically constructed for eliminating run-off. Dispose of materials in accordance with federal, state, and local requirements.

Placement of any fill material within the channel is not allowed. A temporary crossing must clear span from channel bank to channel bank.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

Maintain positive drainage for permanent and temporary work for the duration of the project. The Contractor will be responsible for any items associated with the temporary or interim drainage and all related maintenance. This work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

The total disturbed area for this project is 1.660 acres. The disturbed area in this project and the Contractor Project Specific Locations (PSL's) within 1 mile of the project limits for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any Contractor PSL for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed for all projects in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceed 5 acres, before disturbance, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW and within 1 mile of the project limits to the Engineer and to any local government that operates a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MSSS).

Total disturbed area at each location is as follows:

US 271 Ray Creek = 0.337 acres FM 14 Black Fork Creek = 0.275 acres SH 31 Rabbit Creek = 0.904 acres FM 3309 Howard Creek = 0.144 acres

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- Lane closures will not be allowed Friday thru Sunday of Canton's First Monday Weekend in Van Zandt County.
- Lane closures will not be permitted before 8:00 A.M. or after 4:00 P.M. unless otherwise directed.

Unless otherwise approved, lane closures for minor or major construction operations will not be allowed on Good Friday, Easter weekend, Memorial Day, Memorial Day weekend, July 4th, Labor Day, Labor Day weekend, Thanksgiving Day thru Sunday, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, New Year's Eve, New Year's Day, or on any other high traffic days or holidays as determined.

ITEM 8. PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Fifty (50) working days have been allocated for this contract which is for approximately four (4) months.

Work will not be allowed on Sunday and will require a minimum of 48 hours prior notice from the Contractor to work on Saturdays on this project.

Project Number: BPM 6471-00-001 Sheet 3

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

ITEM 9. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

In accordance with Article 9.1., "Measurement of Quantities," furnish the tare and maximum gross weights as well as the volume capacity of all vehicles, trucks, truck-tractors, trailers, semi-trailers, or combination of such vehicles used to deliver materials for this Contract. Also, furnish calculations supporting these weights and capacities. Provide all measurements required for pay a minimum of 2 days before the trucks are used.

ITEM 100. PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY

ITEM 100-6018 PREPARING ROW (OPT 1) will include the removal and disposal of all trees, brush, debris, and driftwood within the channel and or around the wingwalls as directed by the Engineer. This item will be paid for by the station specified in the plans for each location.

Perform work as necessary off the right of way on temporary or drainage easements and at those locations where improvements have been taken or partially taken by right of way acquisition. Review these locations with the Area Engineer. The cost of this work will be included in the unit price bid for this Item.

Burning will not be permitted within the right of way.

Do not use a forestry type mulcher for grinding. Tub grinders will be allowed.

A boom axe will not be allowed to trim trees.

Remove or stockpile remaining trees and brush at the end of the day. Barricade the stockpile in accordance with Item 502. Remove stockpiles weekly.

ITEM 104. REMOVING CONCRETE

Blasting will not be permitted on this project.

ITEMS 110 & 132. EXCAVATION & EMBANKMENT

When excavation is required to adjust stream flow lines at culvert ends, flatten the side slopes of channels and the backslopes of parallel ditches to the maximum extent possible within the existing right of way and channel easements.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

ITEM 132. EMBANKMENT

Furnish Type C embankment consisting of suitable earth material (rock, loam, clay, or other approved materials) that will form a stable embankment. Within the proposed roadbed, the top 2 ft. of embankment material should have a plasticity index between 6 and 18.

Test borrow sources and furnish results to the Engineer for select embankment, the Engineer will then run confirmation testing.

ITEM 164. SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

The rates, types of seed, asphalt, and locations for the broadcast seed items will be determined if temporary erosion control is needed.

The seeding areas are considered highly erodible land per Section 164.2.4.

Place topsoil before temporary seeding unless otherwise directed.

Do not use Bahiagrass.

Use additional temporary seeding if permanent seeding is placed outside the optimum growing season shown for this Item as directed.

Provide a Bonded Fiber Matrix that meets the current requirements of the Approved Products List for Item 169, "Soil Retention Blanket, Class 1, Type D, Spray Type Blanket," for both permanent and temporary seeding. Install according to manufacturer's recommendations based on a slope steeper than 3:1 with sandy soils. This Item will be paid for under Item 164.

ITEM 166. FERTILIZER

Place fertilizer at the rate of 1 lb. per 9 sq. yd. on areas prepared for seeding.

ITEM 168. VEGETATIVE WATERING

Apply water to all newly placed sod or seeded areas the same day of installation. Maintain the sod or seeded areas in a sufficiently watered condition. Do not allow sod or seeded areas to dry out so that water stress is evident.

ITEM 401. FLOWABLE BACKFILL

Use an accelerator that produces a set time in 4 hours. Provide a rheofill or equivalent air entrainment to ensure flowability. Anchor pipes to ensure no movement or displacement by the flowable fill. Furnish paper type cylinder test molds.

Project Number: BPM 6471-00-001 Sheet 3

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

ITEM 403. TEMPORARY SPECIAL SHORING

Use mats during placement and removal of temporary special shoring to avoid damage to the pavement structure.

Do not allow shoring to project more than 4-in above natural ground elevation unless otherwise approved.

ITEM 421. HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

The Engineer will provide strength-testing equipment.

Provide the Engineer with a mixture design report using Department-provided software in accordance with Section 421.4.1., "Classification of Concrete Mix Designs," of the standard specifications. Include in the report the producer's plant, all materials sources, and a unique identification number for the design.

Air is not required on concrete cast-in-place elements on this project. If the Contractor proposes the use of an existing concrete design containing air, the Engineer must approve the design in writing before placement. If used, air testing will be performed in accordance with the specifications.

ITEMS 429. CONCRETE STRUCTURE REPAIR

On the bridges where concrete structure repair is required, an asbestos-containing coating may be present. Abate the asbestos-containing coating as necessary to complete the concrete structure repair work. Abatement of asbestos-containing coatings is subsidiary to Item 429.

ITEM 432. RIPRAP

Locations and quantities may be varied as directed by the Engineer to accommodate field conditions.

ITEM 502. BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The traffic control plan for this Contract consists of: the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown on the plans; specification data, which may be included in the general notes; applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD); traffic control plan sheets included on the plans; standard BC sheets; Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List, and Item 502 of the standard specifications.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

Use ground-mounted sign mounts with two posts for all temporary work zone signs unless otherwise directed.

Inspect and correct deficiencies each day throughout the duration of the Contract. In accordance with Article 502.4., "Payment," no payment will be made for the month if the Contractor fails to provide or properly maintain signs and devices in compliance with Contract requirements. Temporary warning signs that are visible when conditions do not apply will be considered improper maintenance of signs.

Provide at least one employee on call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) for maintenance of signs and traffic control devices. This employee must have an address and telephone number near the project, as approved.

Notify the Engineer in writing of the name, address, and telephone number of this employee. The Engineer will furnish this information to local law enforcement officials.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 30 minutes.

Sign all roads intersecting the project in accordance with current BC standards.

Refer to the traffic control plan sheets for traffic handling through the work area. Contractor may vary the signing arrangement and spacing as necessary to fit field conditions; however, any proposed changes in the traffic control plan must be approved before implementation.

High-visibility safety apparel is required for workers in accordance with the General Notes on current BC standards.

Place and maintain signs, channelizing devices, and flaggers to direct and route traffic at any location and for any period of time as may be required or directed.

When operations require a lane closure, provide cones, vertical panels, drums, signs, flaggers, and flashing arrow panels as necessary to route traffic around the closed lane as shown on the plans and as directed. Lane closures will be limited to one specific lane as directed.

Maintain existing roadside signs within this project's limits during this Contract. In order to accommodate the grading or other operations, temporarily relocate these signs in accordance with the TMUTCD as directed. Use ground-mounted sign mounts with two posts for all relocated signs unless otherwise directed. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502.

Project Number: BPM 6471-00-001 Sheet 3

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Provide truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) as shown on the appropriate traffic control plan sheets. Provide a letter certifying that all TMA used on this project meet NCHRP 350 or AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) requirements.

Regulate all construction activities and equipment to minimize inconvenience to the traveling public. At points where it is necessary for trucks to stop, load, or unload, provide warning signs and flaggers to protect the traveling public.

The pavement must be entirely open to traffic each night. Remove or clearly barricade all material stockpiles, equipment left overnight, or any obstruction within the right of way as approved.

When excavation is required next to a travel lane carrying traffic and widening is not completed by the end of the day's operation, place sufficient backfill against the edge of the travel lane in order to provide a 3:1 slope, unless otherwise permitted on the plans. Provide backfill containing a durable crushed stone type of flexible base or other materials as approved. When work resumes on this excavated area, carefully remove and dispose of the backfill material. Materials and labor for this work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to the various bid items of the Contract.

Prior to beginning work, the Contractor and Engineer must agree on the allowable length of lane closure.

Restrict movement of construction equipment and haul trucks to all paved surfaces. Do not allow construction equipment and haul trucks to cross the median unless specifically authorized. Use entrance and exit ramps for ingress and egress to the mainlanes.

All work required by these general notes, except as provided for by Item 502, will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to Item 502 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

ITEM 505. TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

Shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) are required on the traffic control plan and TCP standards for this project. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these traffic control operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. Additional truck mounted attenuators (TMAs) may be required as deemed necessary by the Engineer.

The TMA/TA used for installation/removal of traffic control for a work area will be subsidiary to the TMA/TA used to perform the work.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

County: Smith, Etc. Control: 6471-00-001

Highway: US 271, Etc.

ITEM 506. TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Remove dirt, silt, rocks, debris, and other foreign matter that accumulates in all structures due to project erosion and Contractor's operations. Keep stream channels open at all times. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to this Item.

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7.

For temporary sediment control fence, use steel posts with a minimum weight of 1.25 lb./ft.

ITEM 658. DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER ASSEMBLIES

Accept ownership of unsalvageable delineator and object marker assemblies and remove from the right of way.

ITEM 7010. MAINTENANCE SPEED LIMIT SIGNING

Maintenance speed limit sings will be paid for by the each for each location in the plans on this project.

General Notes Sheet I





Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6471-00-001

DISTRICT Tyler **HIGHWAY** US0271

COUNTY Smith

		CONTROL SECTIO	N JOB	6471-0	0-001		
		PROJE	CT ID	A0021	1442	1	
		CC	UNTY	Smi	th	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US02	271	1	TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	100-7017	PREPARING ROW(OPT 1)	STA	8.500		8.500	
	104-7006	REMOV CONC (RIPRAP)	SY	40.000		40.000	
	110-7002	EXCAV (CHANNEL)	CY	381.000		381.000	
	132-7005	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY C)	CY	100.000		100.000	
	164-7073	BOND FBR MTRX SEED (PERM)(RURAL)(SAND)	SY	1,200.000		1,200.000	
	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	13.200		13.200	
	401-7001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	5.000		5.000	
	420-7060	CL C CONC (PILE ENCASEMENT)	CY	15.000		15.000	
	429-7008	CONC STR REPR(RAPID VERT AND OVERHEAD)	SF	2.000		2.000	
	432-7002	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CY	12.000		12.000	
	432-7045	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(24 IN)	CY	382.000		382.000	
	438-7001	CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINTS	LF	64.000		64.000	
	480-7001	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	EA	1.000		1.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		4.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20.000		20.000	
İ	506-7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	100.000		100.000	
İ	506-7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	100.000		100.000	
İ	780-7002	CNC CRACK REPAIR (DISCRETE)(INJECT)	LF	42.000		42.000	
	7010-7001	MAINTENANCE SPEED LIMIT SIGNING	EA	4.000		4.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Tyler	Smith. Etc.	6471-00-001	4

ſ		BASIS OF ES	TIMAT	E			
	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	RATES	UNITS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT
①[166	FERTILIZER	1 LB./9 SY	1,200.0	SY	0.067	TON
	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	11 GAL/ SY	1,200.0	SY	13.2	TGL
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION				1	LS
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING				4	MO
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)				20	DAY
	7010-7001	MAINTENANCE SPEED LIMIT SIGNING				4	EA

① THIS ITEM WILL NOT BE PAID DIRECTLY AND SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT BID ITEMS.

			F	ROADWAY	SUMMAR	RY			
				ITEM 104	ITEM 110	ITEM 132	ITEM 401		ITEM 432
				7006	7002	7005	7001	7002	7045
				REMOVING	EXCAVATION	EMBANKMENT	FLOWABLE	RIPRAP	RIPRAP
STRUCTURE	DO A DWAY	CROSSING	TRM	CONC	(CHANNEL)	(FINAL)	BACKFILL	(CONC)	(STONE PROTECTION)
SIRUCTURE	ROADWAY	CROSSING	1 KWI	(RIPRAP)		(ORD COMP)		(5 IN)	(24 IN)
						(TY C)			
				SY	CY	CY	CY	CY	CY
10-212-0165-01-027	US 271	RAY CREEK	322+1.906		89	30	2	3	118
10-212-0492-01-022	FM 14	BLACK FORK CREEK	296+1.669	40	67	70	3	9	100
10-093-0424-02-024	SH 31	RABBIT CREEK	722+0.910						164
10-001-0890-05-015	FM 3309	HOWARD CREEK TRIB.	330+1.930		225				
	TO	ΓAL		40	381	100	5	12	382



QUANTITY SUMMARY SHEET

© TxDOT			S	HEET 1 OF 2
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6471	00	001	Ű	S 271, ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
10		SMITH FTC		5

				BRIDGE SUMMA	ARY			
				ITEM 420	ITEM 429	ITEM 438	ITEM 480	ITEM 780
				7060	7008	7001	7001	7002
				CL C	CONC STR	CLEANING	CLEAN	CNC CRACK
STRUCTURE	ROADWAY	CROSSING	TRM	(CONC)	REPAIR	AND	EXISTING	REPAIR
SIRUCIURE	KUADWAI	CROSSING	1 KW	(PILE ENCASEMENT)	(VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SEALING	CULVERTS	(DISCRETE)
						EXISTING		(INJECTION)
						JOINTS		
				CY	SF	LF	EA	LF
10-212-0165-01-027	US 271	RAY CREEK	322+1.906		2			2
10-212-0492-01-022	FM 14	BLACK FORK CREEK	296+1.669			64		
10-093-0424-02-024	SH 31	RABBIT CREEK	722+0.910	15				40
10-001-0890-05-015	FM 3309	HOWARD CREEK TRIB.	330+1.930				1	
	TO	TAL		15	2	64	1	42

		ENVI	RONMI	ENTAL SUM	IMARY			
				ITEM 100	ITEM 164	ITEM 168	ITE	M 506
				7017	7073	7001	7039	7041
				PREPARING	BOND FBR	VEGETATIVE	TEMP	TEMP
STRUCTURE	ROADWAY	CROSSING	TRM	ROW	MTRX SEED	WATERING	SEDMT	SEDMT
SIRUCIURE	KOADWAI	CROSSING	1 KWI	(OPT 1)	(PERM)		CONT	CONT
					(RURAL)		FENCE	FENCE
					(SANDY)	_	(INSTALL)	(REMOVE)
				STA	SY	② SY	LF	LF
10-212-0165-01-027	US 271	RAY CREEK	322+1.906	1.5	250	250		
10-212-0492-01-022	FM 14	BLACK FORK CREEK	296+1.669	3				
10-093-0424-02-024	SH 31	RABBIT CREEK	722+0.910	3	400	400	100	100
10-001-0890-05-015	FM 3309	HOWARD CREEK TRIB.	330+1.930	1	550	550		
	TOT	TAL		8.5	1,200	1,200	100	100

② THIS ITEM IS ALSO INCLUDED ON THE BASIS OF ESTIMATE.



QUANTITY SUMMARY SHEET

© TxDOT	-		S	HEET 2 OF 2
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6471	00	001	US	S 271, ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
10		SMITH FTC		6

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



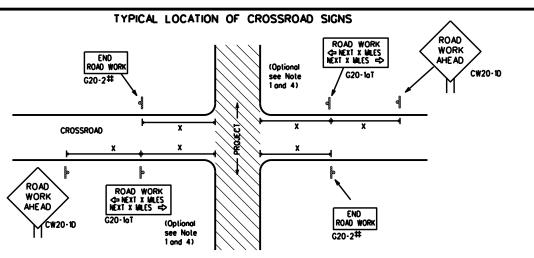
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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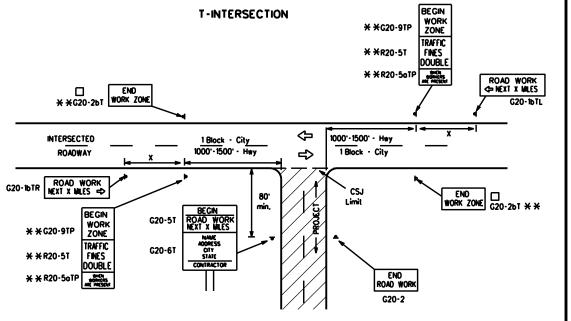
- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The lypical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Bosed on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

CW1-4

CW13-1P

Type 3 Borricode or

devices



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

¥ ¥R20-5aTP

-CSJ Limit

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-10T

1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

STATE LAW

➾

END G20-2bT **

R20-3T

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

SPACING

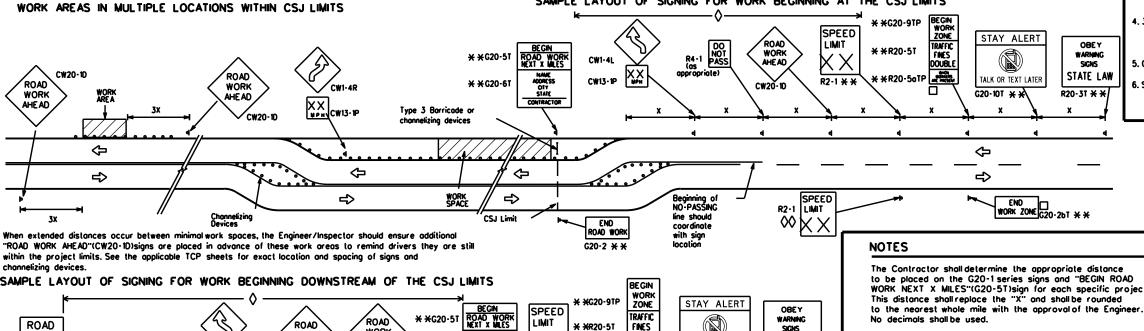
	SIZE	
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	6" × 36" 48'	× 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	8" × 48" 48'	' × 48"

Posted Speed	Sign * Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600 ²
65	700 ²
70	800 ²
75	900 ²
80	1000 2
*	* 3

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Slandard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



WORK

りっ MILE

CW2Ŏ-1E

* *G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

WORK

CW20-10

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project.

☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.

- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
OOO Channelizing Devices						
þ	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

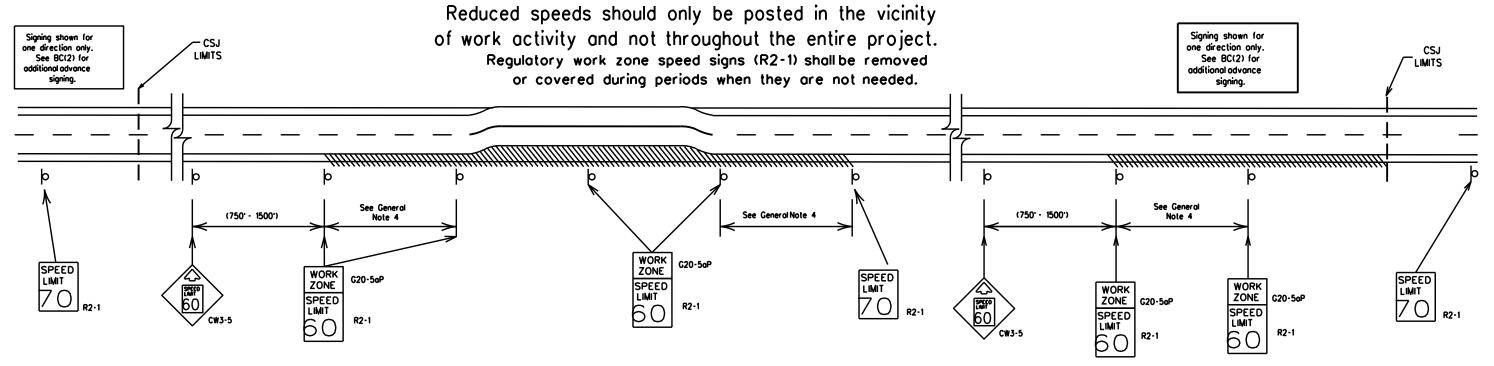
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CLOSED R11-2

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form *1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.



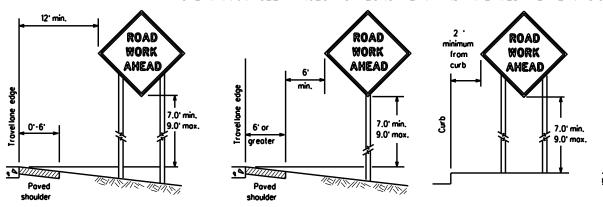


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

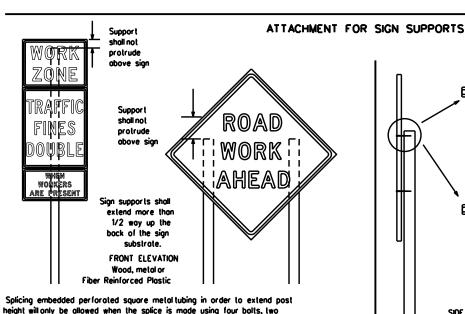
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. lemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or monufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

.6.0° min کیلے

XX MPH

x x

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

of at least the same gauge material. STOP/SLOW PADDLES

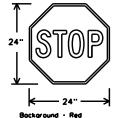
1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".

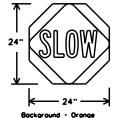
obove and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





Bockground - Orange Legend & Border - Block

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT) **USAGE** COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL BACKGROUND RED TYPE B OR C SHEETING TYPE B. OR C. SHEETING BACKGROUND ORANGE LEGEND & BORDER WHITE TYPE B OR C SHEETING BLACK ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM LEGEND & BORDER

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction

Wood

- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Controctor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets. TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic controldevice that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Controctor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>QURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualan Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT.

 1. The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feel above
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

l. The Controctor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the spice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
 - for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- . Burlao shall NOT be used to cover sians.
- i. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as lire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- bollost on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

 Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sion supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



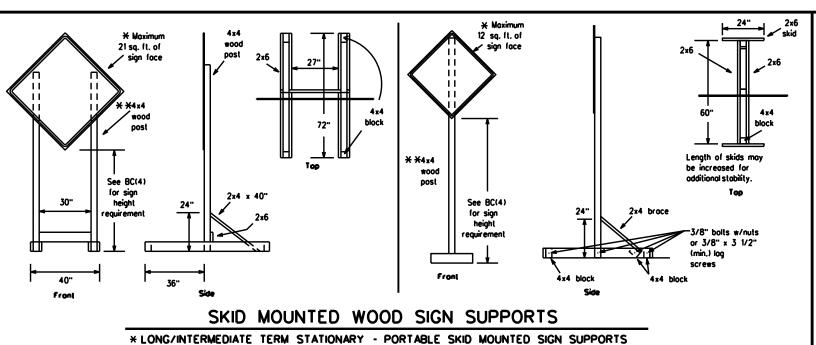
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

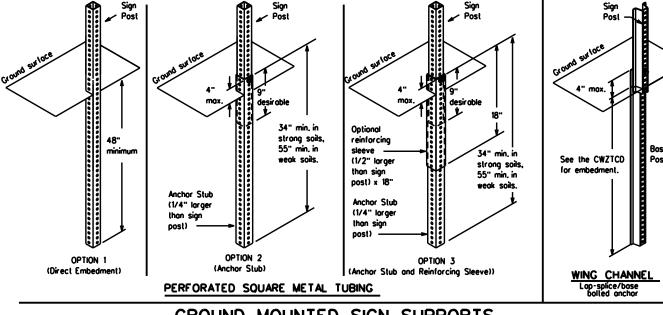
TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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SINGLE LEG BASE

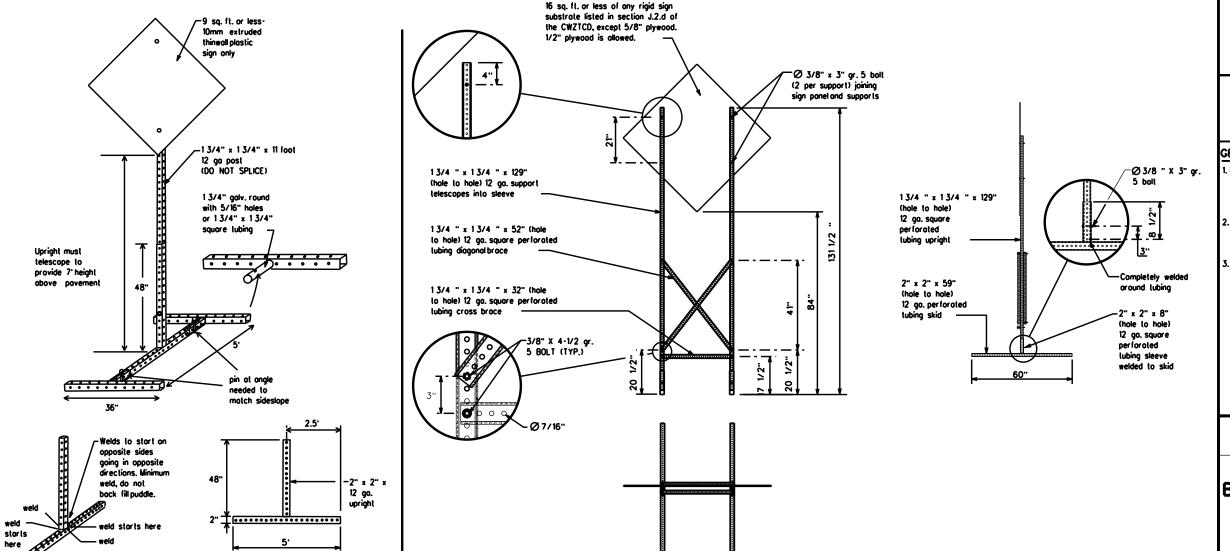


GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCO and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(11)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
 This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
 - * See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(5)-21

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7-13	5-21	10	•	SMITH, E	TC.			11

SKID	MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	SUPPORTS	

32'

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

DATE

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnigl Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message: i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.

 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than
- left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood A	CCS RD	Major MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	ΜI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
Eost	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	IST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
lazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	l HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
it is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lone	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lone Closed Lower Level	LN CLOSED LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT

Roadway designation . IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

oad/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Condit	ion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phose selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced w days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effec List		Location List	Warning List	* * AdvanceNotice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		× × See	: Application Guidelines No	te 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

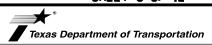
some size arrow.

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- for, or replace that sign. 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a floshing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flosh rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12

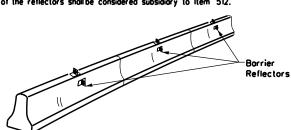


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

© TxDOT November 2002 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 9-07 8-14 6471 00 001 SH 271, ETC. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. 10 SMITH, ETC. 12	FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	T c	k: TxDOT
9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHW	/AY
Sist Court Size No.		REVISIONS	6471	00	001		SH	271	, ETC.
7-13 5-21 10 SMITH, ETC. 12		•	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
	7-13	5-21	10		SMITH, E	TC.			12

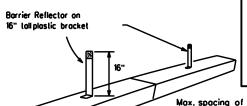
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

 An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

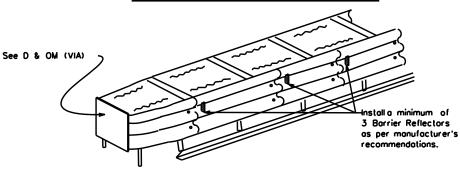


LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES

LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



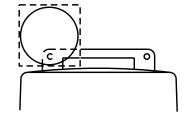
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travelway.



Warning reflector may be round or square.Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hozardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.

 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the laper to the end of the merging laper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Á, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

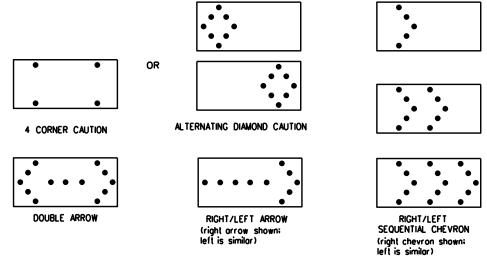
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 5. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
 The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
 Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.
- to boltom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE					
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile					
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile					

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- I. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).

 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
		6471	00	001		SH 2	71, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	10		SMITH F	TC		13

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as
 the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones os approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

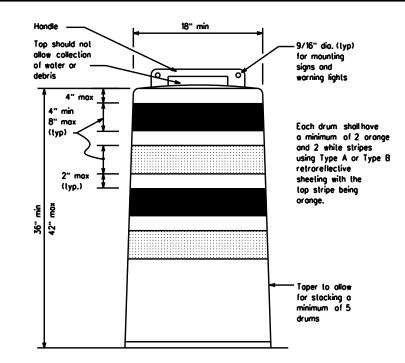
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or oir turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, arange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

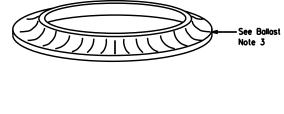
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

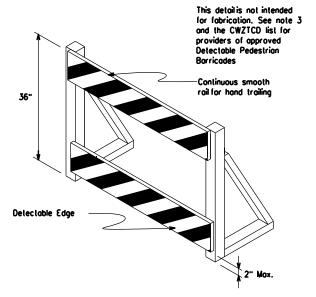
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retrareflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above poverment surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollost shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
 Built-in bollost can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The bollost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrions, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.







DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrion Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rais as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or shorp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"

Vertical Panel

mount with diagonals
sloping down lowards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plostic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (lext or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

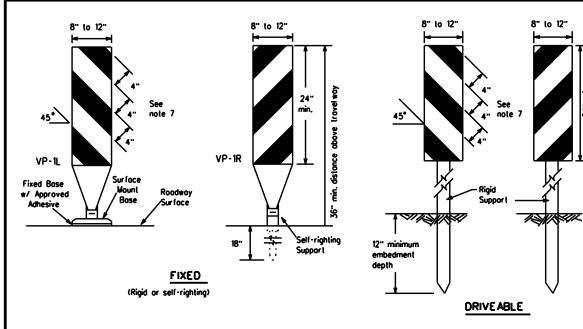


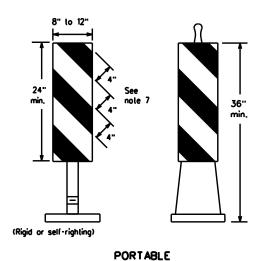
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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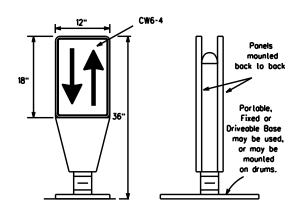




 Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

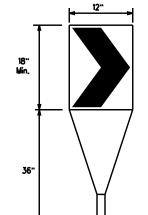
- 2. VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daylime and nightlime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lone roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeling for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lone Dividers (OTLD) are defineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement coused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spocing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C configming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



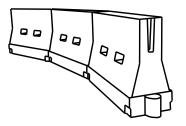
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the for side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Aype C configring to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be labricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface.
 Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveoble bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travellones.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water bollosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- Water bollosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.

 Water bollosted systems used as barriers should be used for a second loss are asset to be used.

 Water bollosted systems used to be used.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirable er Lengl x x	ihs	Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	. <u>ws²</u>	150'	165'	180'	30,	60.		
35	L- WS	205'	225'	245	35'	70'		
40	80	265	295	320	40'	80.		
45		450'	495'	540	45'	90,		
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'		
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660	55'	110 ⁻		
60	L-113	600,	660	720	60.	120'		
65		650	715'	780	65'	130'		
70		700 [.]	770	840'	70 [.]	140'		
75		750'	825'	900.	75 [.]	150 ⁻		
80		800.	880.	960'	80.	160'		

Suggested Maximum

Traffic Safety Division Standard

* * Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF

CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND

MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

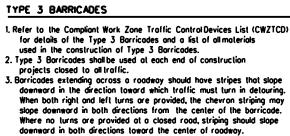


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

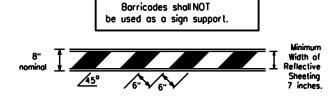
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CHANNELIZING DEVICES

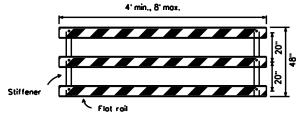
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- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Borricodes shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be lied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stocked in a manne that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that lears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

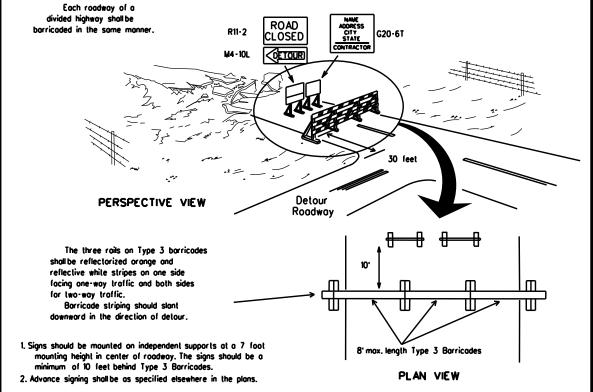


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

drums work minimum of two di igoplus

PLAN VIEW

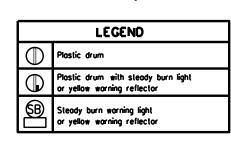
1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums

may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencina may be used with drums for

safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the

shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Increase number of plastic drums on the

side of approaching traffic if the crown

and maximum of 4 drums)

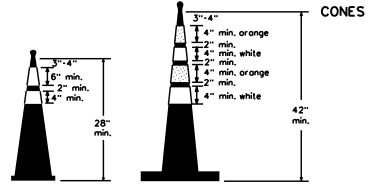
width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2

Plastic Drum

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

These drums are not required

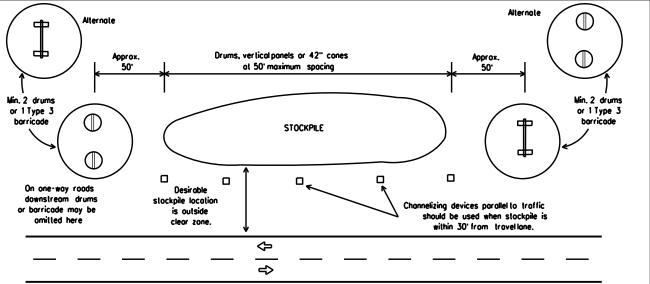
on one-way roadway



2" to 6" 3" min.

One-Piece cones **Tubular Marker**

Two-Piece cones



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a sma outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.

 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.

7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12	•
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in occordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

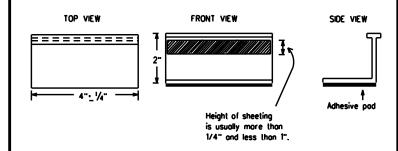
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- 6. Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in occordance with Item 677. "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (Iwo amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web oddress shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

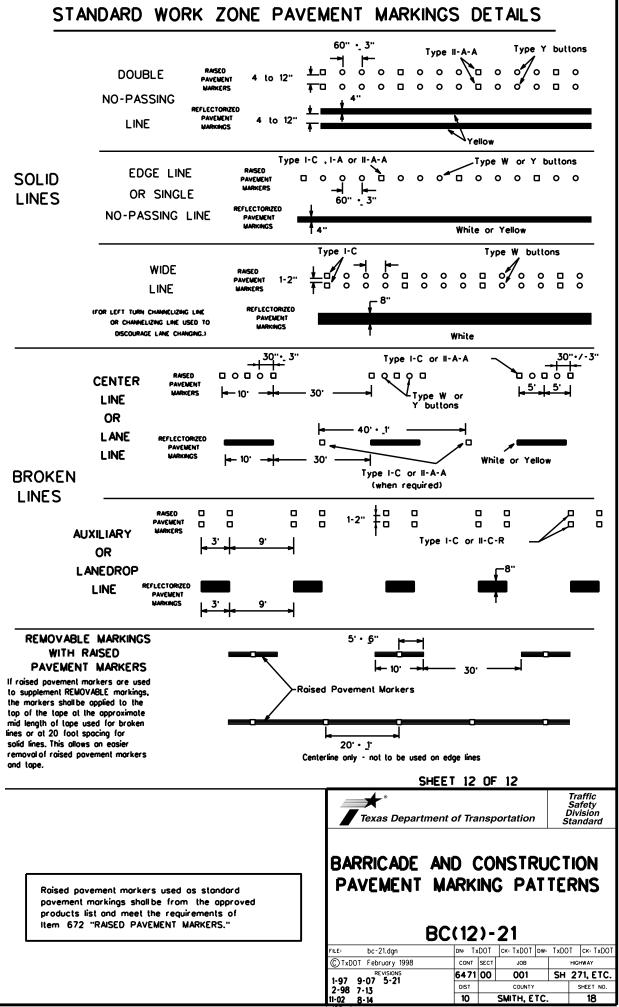
Division Standard

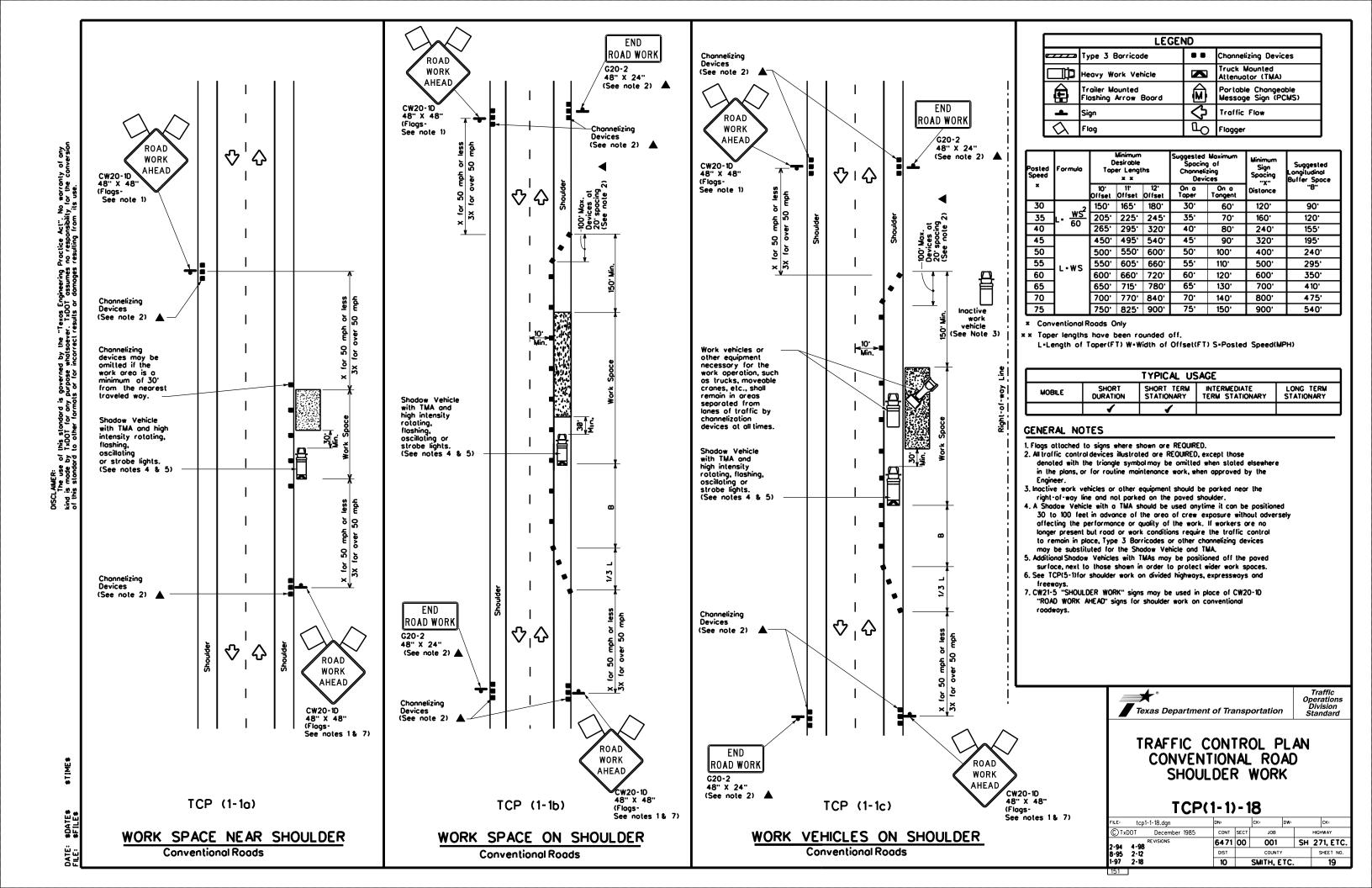
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

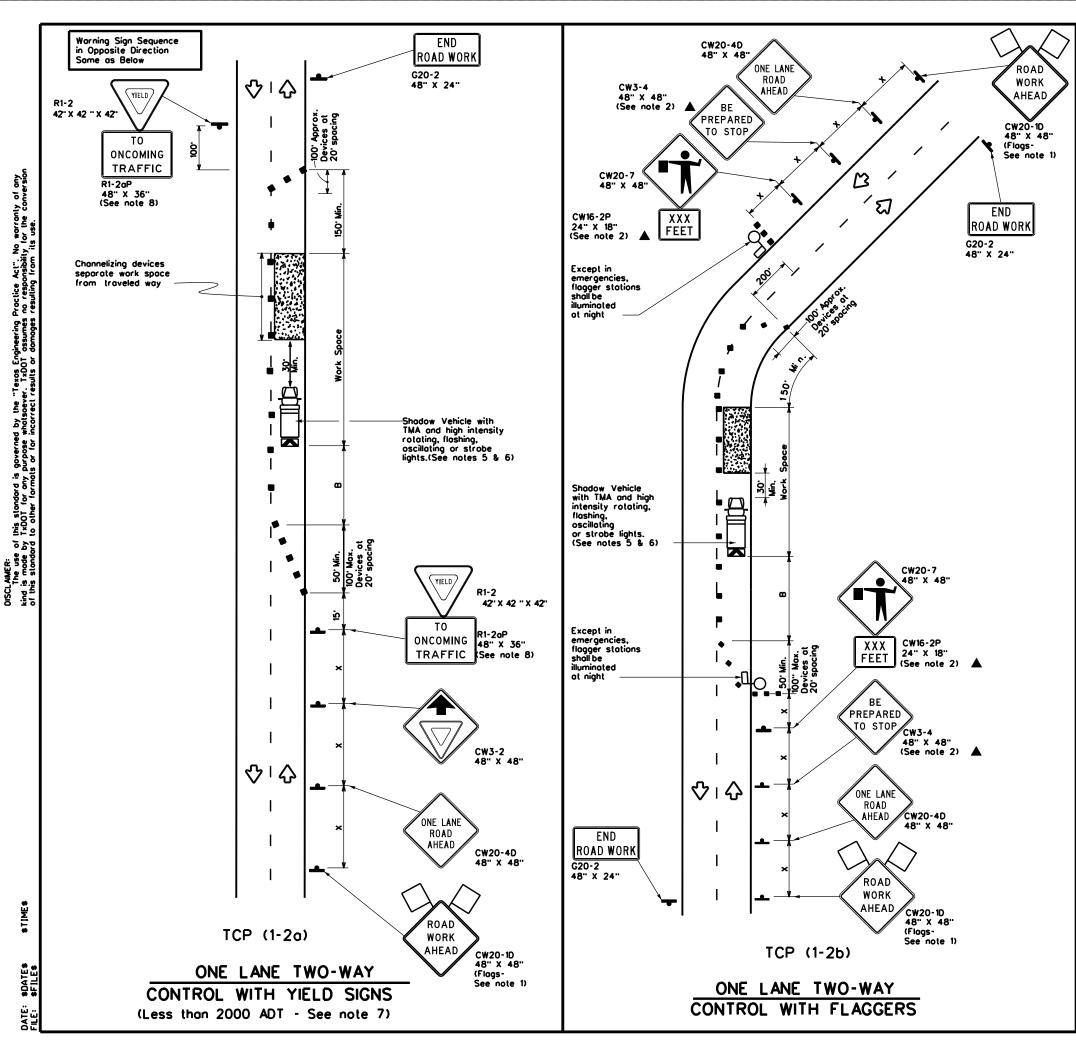
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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A ₹>` Type II-A-A -Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A 000'000000000 Type Y bullons € 4 to 8" REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons •••••• 00000 Type I-A Type Y buttons <u>oʻnoonnoojnoonnoonnoonnoojnoonnoon</u> ➾ ➾ Type I-A Type Y buttons 00000 Type W bultons Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type W buttons Type I-C 00000 മാമാവ് Type II-A-A Type Y bullons ♦ ➾ œœ ⟨> 00000 Type W buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS **₩** Type W buttons 00000 туре 0 0 0 ➪ ➪ 00000 00000 <> Type W buttons ~Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prelabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE







	LEGEND									
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Type 3 Borricode	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	(Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow							
\bigcirc	Flag	3	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Jesiroble er Leng x x		Spacin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150	165	180	30.	60.	120'	90 .	200'
35	L. ws²	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120 ⁻	250 ⁻
40	**	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240 ⁻	155'	305
45		450	495'	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'	360'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100	400	240 [.]	425'
55	l.ws	550 [.]	605'	660.	55'	110'	500	295 [.]	495'
60] - " - "	600 '	660'	720	60.	120'	600.	350	570 [.]
65]	650'	715'	780	65'	130	700	410	645'
70]	700 [.]	770'	840	70'	140'	800.	475'	730 ⁻
75	1	750	825	900.	75'	150	900.	540'	820

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- . Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- B. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
-). Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. II. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances
- should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagge and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- . Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer. 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW poddles to control traffic. Flags should be
- limited to emergency situations.

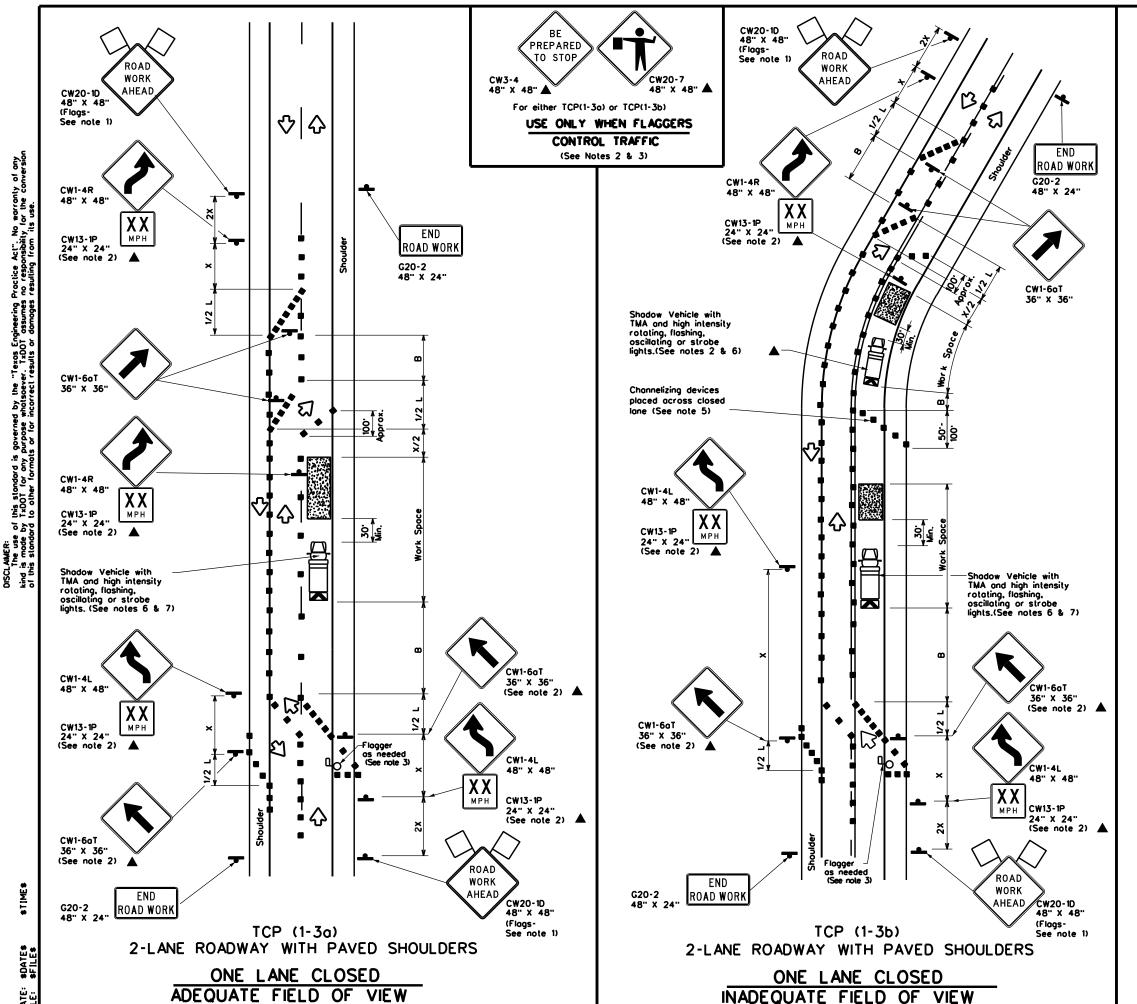


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

ILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-90 4-98	6471	00	001	SH	271, ETC.
2·94 2·12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	10		SMITH, E	TC.	20



LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	•	Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
(1)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow				
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable mula Taper Lengths x x		Spocin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	L. WS ²	150'	165'	180	30.	60.	120'	90 .
35		205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120 ⁻
40	80	265	295	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90.	320'	195¹
50		500 [.]	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550 [.]	605	660.	55'	110'	500·	295'
60] - " -	600 [.]	660.	720	60.	120 ⁻	600.	350
65]	650 ⁻	715	780 ⁻	65'	130'	700 [.]	410'
70		700 [.]	770'	840'	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750 ⁻	825	300 .	75'	150'	900.	540 [.]

- Conventional Roads Only
- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off.
 L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1 1									

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roodway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
 Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20°, or 15° if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



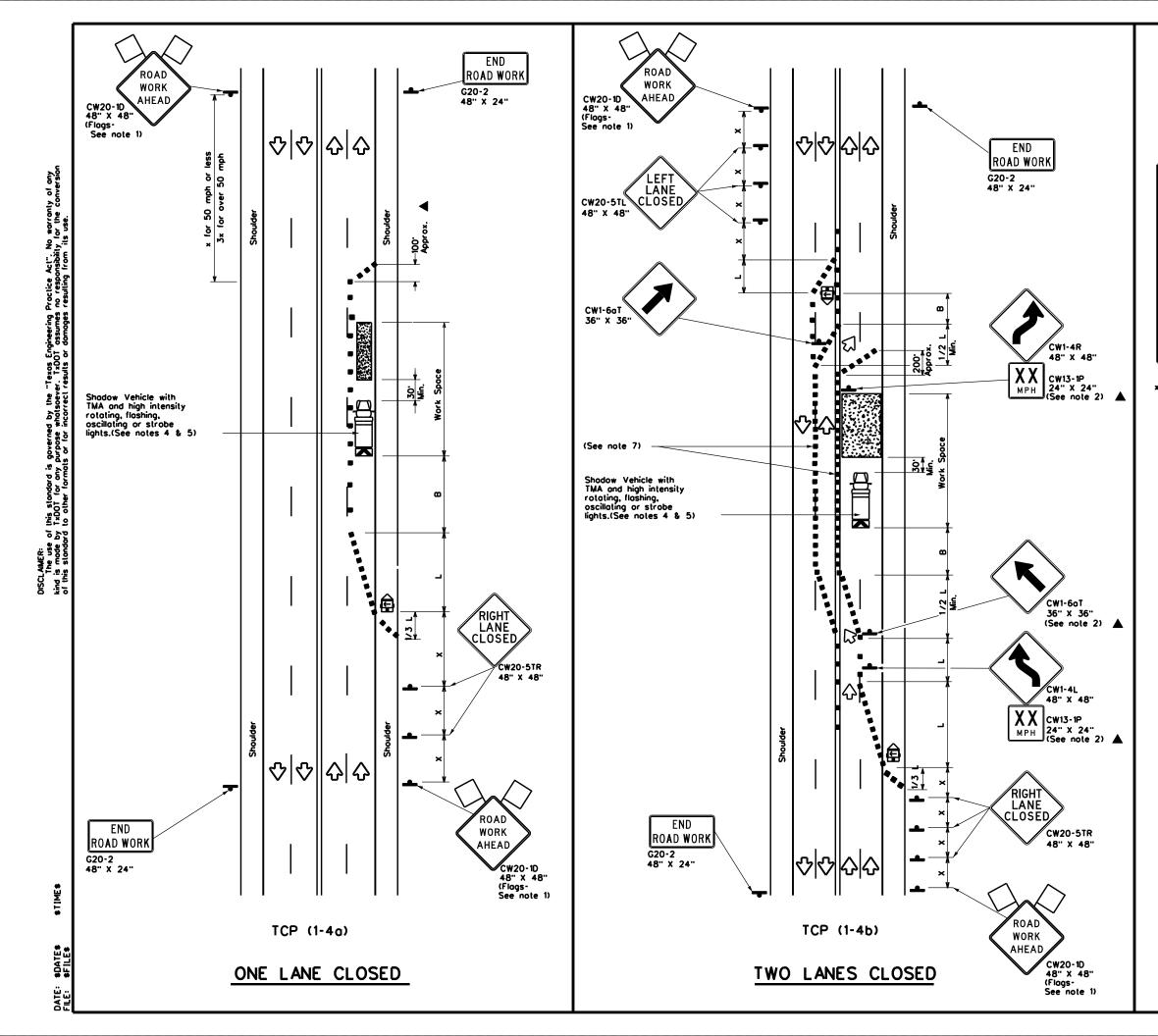
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

FILE:	tcp1-	3-18.dgn	DN:		ск:	DW:		CK:
© TxE	OT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	HIGHWAY
2.04	4-98 R	EVISIONS	6471	00	001		SH :	271, ETC.
2·94 8·95	2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97	2-18		10		SMITH, E	TC.		21

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	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\bigcirc$	Flog	Ф	Flagger						

_	• •							
Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Suggested Spacing Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10" Offset	11 [.] Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	L. <u>WS²</u>	150'	165'	180	30,	60'	120'	90.
35		205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155 ⁻
45		450'	495	540	45'	90.	320 ⁻	195 [.]
50	]	500.	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605'	660	55'	110'	500	295'
60	- " -	<b>600</b> ,	660.	720	60'	120'	600,	350'
65	]	650 ⁻	715 [.]	780	65'	130'	700	410'
70	]	700 [.]	770 [.]	840	70'	140 ⁻	800.	475'
75		750'	825'	900,	75'	150 ⁻	900,	540 ⁻

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- xx Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL US	SAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

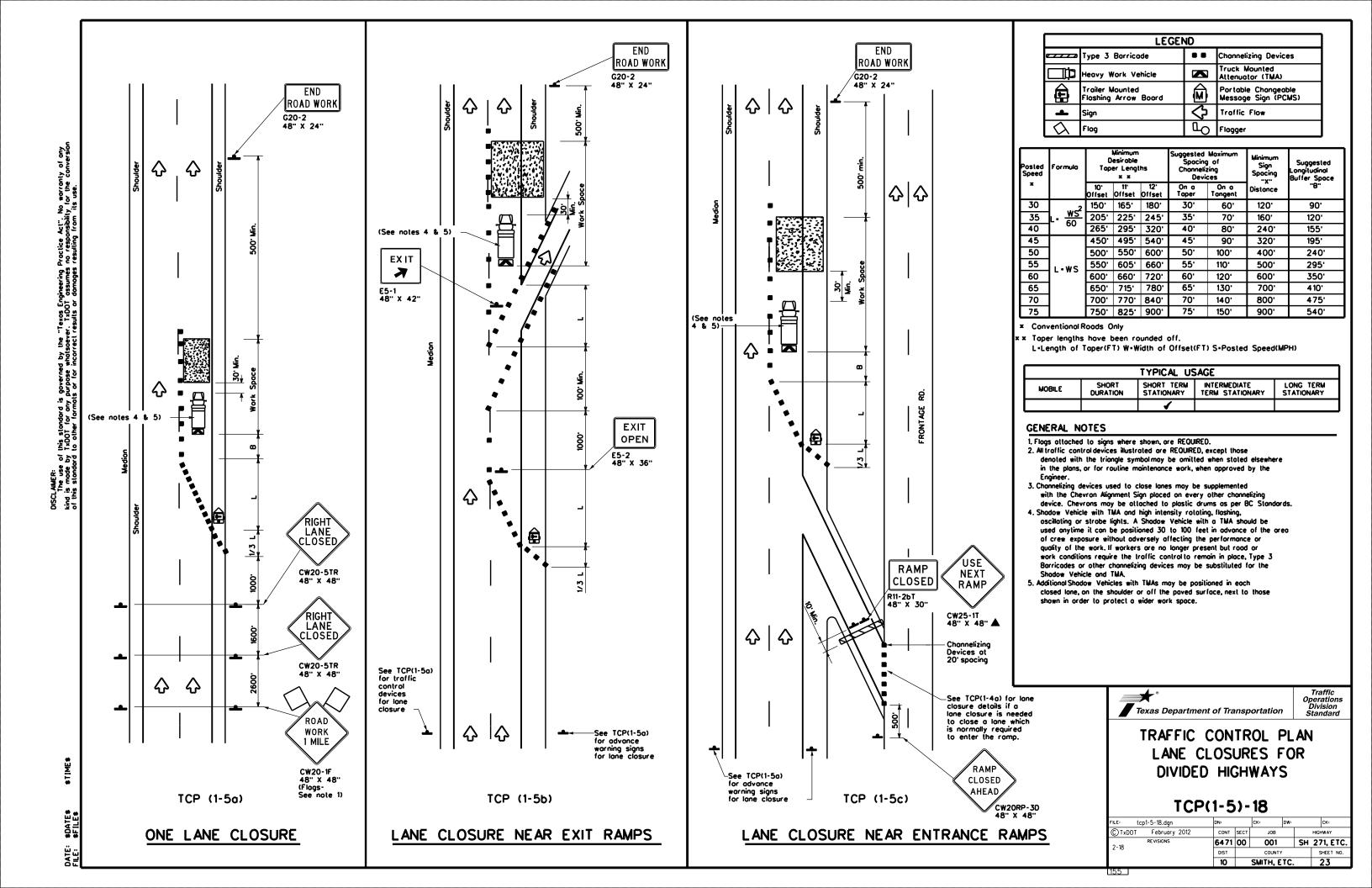


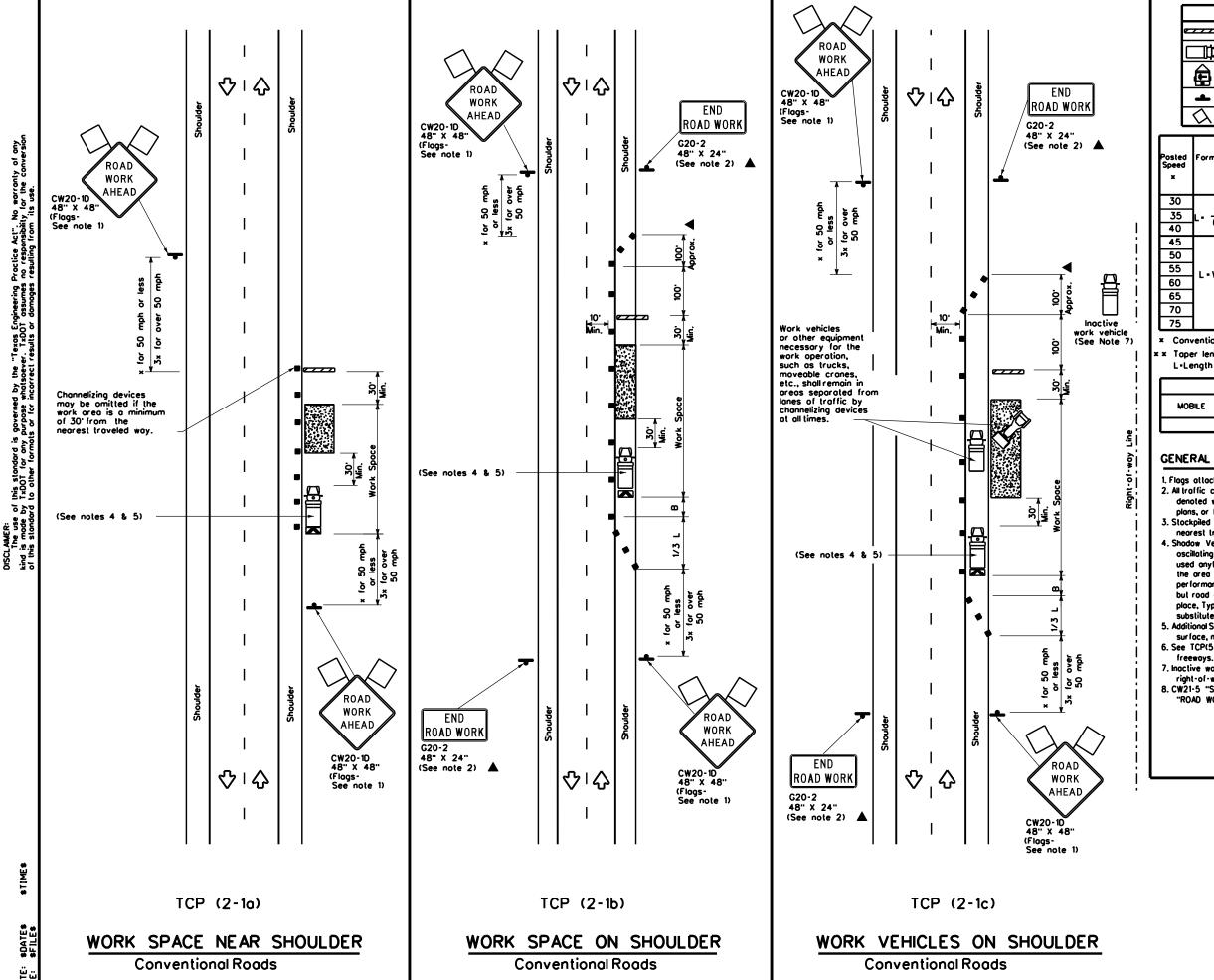
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE: tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	YAW
2-94 4-98 REVISIONS	6471	00	001	;	SH 27	71, ETC.
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		9	HEET NO.
1-97 2-18	10		SMITH, E	TC.		22





	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							
$\Diamond$	Flog	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum Jesirable er Lengt x x	lhs	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spocing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10 [.] Offset	11 [.] Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	B
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60.	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 80	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450 [.]	495'	540	45'	90.	320	195'
50	1	500.	550'	600.	50.	100'	400'	240'
55	L.ws	550	605	660	55'	110'	500	295 ⁻
60	] - " " 3	600,	660	720'	60.	120'	600.	350'
65	1	650'	715'	780	65'	130'	700 [.]	410'
70	]	700°	770·	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750 ⁻	825'	900.	75 [.]	150'	<b>300</b> ,	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- Toper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL US	SAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	<b>√</b>	1	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- Shockpied internations to provide a second records traveled way.
   Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of used anytime it can be positioned. the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-10
  "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

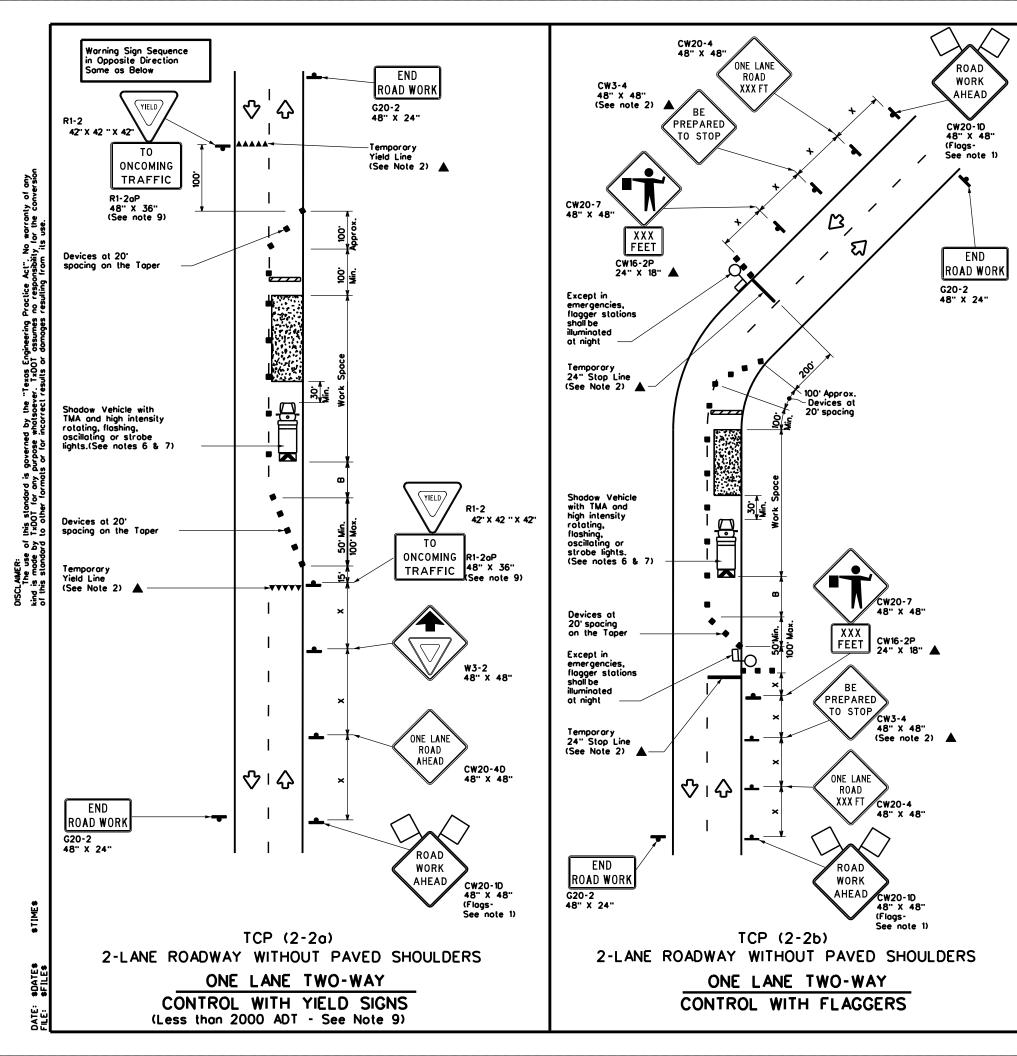
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

								Ta
:	tcp2-1-18.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT	December	1985	CONT	SECT	JOB	Т	н	GHWAY
REVISIONS		6471	00	001		SH 2	71, ETC.	
	)4 4-98  5 2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7 2-	18		10		SMITH, E	TC.		24



**LEGEND** Type 3 Barricade • • Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board 4 Traffic Flow  $\overline{\Delta}$ Flogger

Posted Formula Speed		Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths x x			Suggested Maximum Spocing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150	165	180'	30.	60'	120'	90,	200.
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	80	265'	295'	320	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'	360,
50		500	550.	600	50.	100	400'	240'	425 ⁻
55	L-WS	550	605'	660.	55.	110'	500	295 [.]	495'
60	L-W3	600.	660.	720'	60,	120'	600.	350 ⁻	570 ⁻
65		650	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800.	475'	730'
75		750'	825	900.	75'	150	<b>300</b> .	540 [.]	820'

- **▼** Conventional Roads Only
- $x \times T$  aper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					

# GENERAL NOTES

- l. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- . Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the poved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2oP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum.
- mounting height.

# TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situlations.

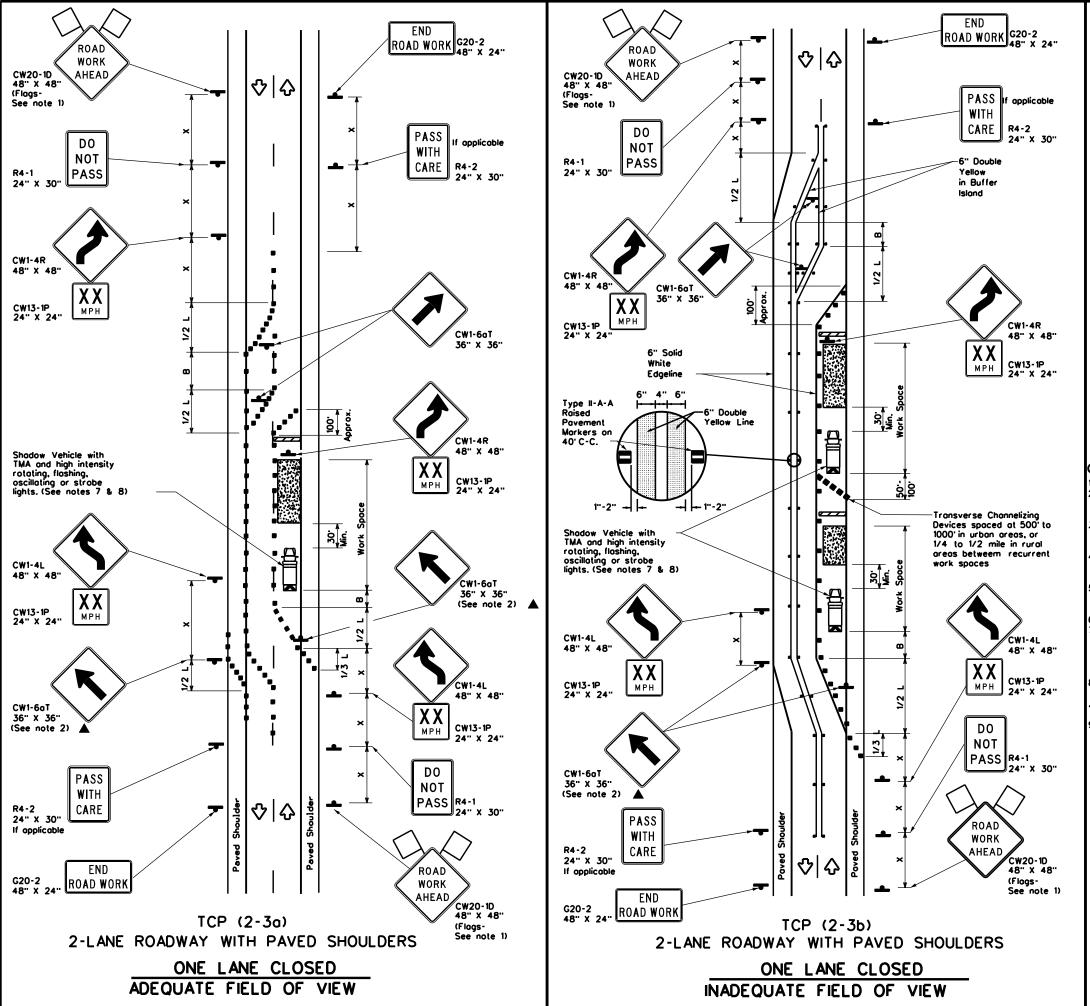


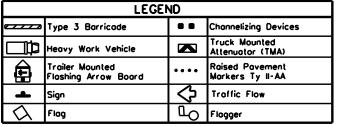
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

FILE:	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
(C) TxDC	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03 1-97 2-12		6471	00	001	SH	271, ETC.
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98	2-18	10		SMITH, E	TC.	25





Posted Formule Speed		Desirable lula Taper Lengths x x			Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10" Offset	11 [.] Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60,	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225 ⁻	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265	295'	320'	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90.	320 [.]	195'
50	1	200,	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500 [.]	295'
60	- " -	600.	660	720'	60.	120'	600 [.]	350
65	]	650	715'	780	65 [.]	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700'	770	840	70'	140 ⁻	800.	475'
75		750'	825'	900.	75'	150 ⁻	900,	540'

- × Conventional Roads Only
- * * Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
				TCP(2-3b)ONLY			

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing povement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
- be positioned at end of traffic queue.

  5. The R4-1"DO NOT PASS," R4-2" PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- 5. Conflicting povement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- 7. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- 3. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-3₀)

Oconflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



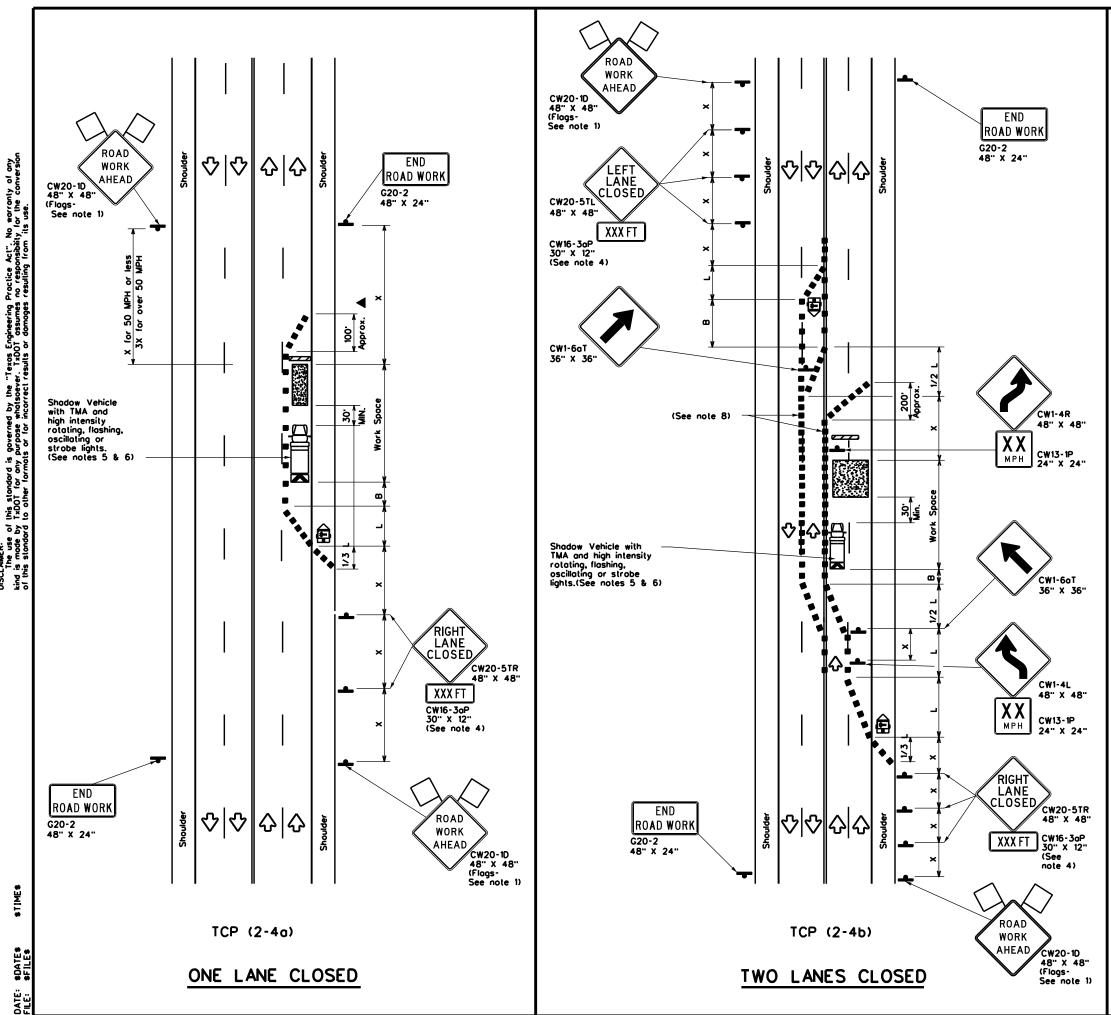
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP(2-3)-23

FILE:	tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	ck:
© TxDOT	April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
12-85 4-	6471	00 001		SH	1 271, ETC.	
	98 2-18 03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-	12	10		SMITH, E	TC.	26

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	LEGEND							
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
口草	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger					

	<u> </u>	.og				, i logger		
Posted Speed	Formula		Minimum Jesiroble er Lengl x x		Spacing Channeli	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10 [.] Offset	11 [.] Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	"8"
30	2	150	165'	180'	30'	60.	120'	<b>90</b> .
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240 ⁻	155 ⁻
45		450°	495	540	45'	90.	320 ⁻	195 ⁻
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	L-W3	600,	660.	720	60 [.]	120'	600.	350'
65		650	715'	780	65 [.]	130'	700	410'
70		700	770.	840	70'	140	800.	475'
75		750 [.]	825'	900	75'	150'	900.	540 [.]

- Conventional Roads Only
- x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- I. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Borricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20° or 15° if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This lighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



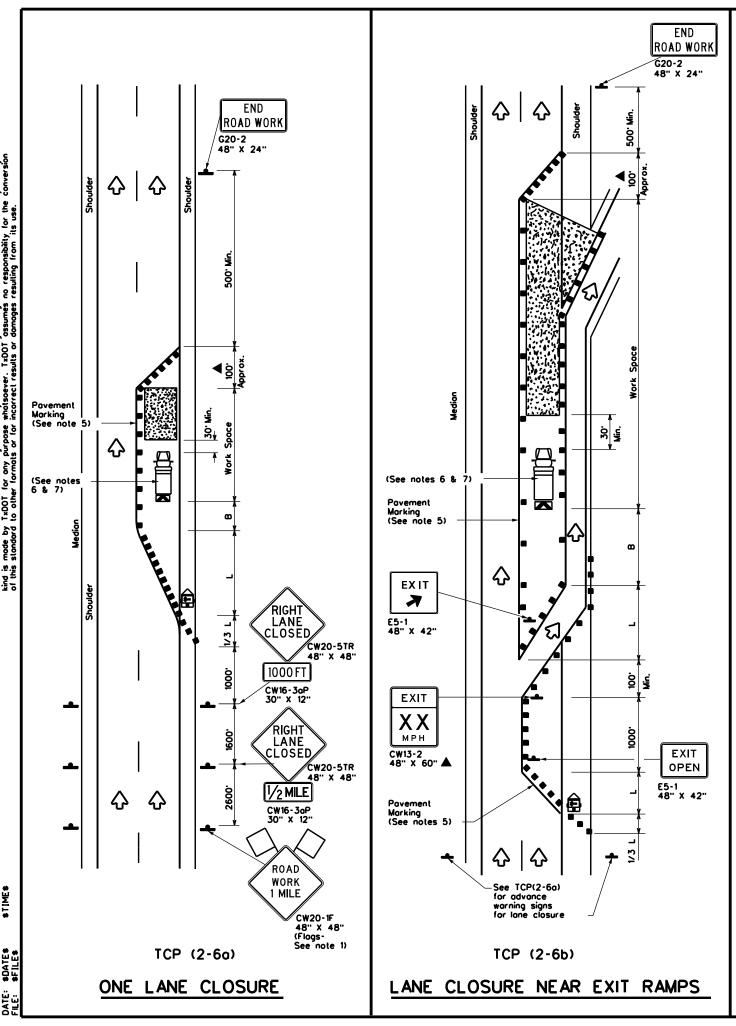
Traffic Operations Division Standard

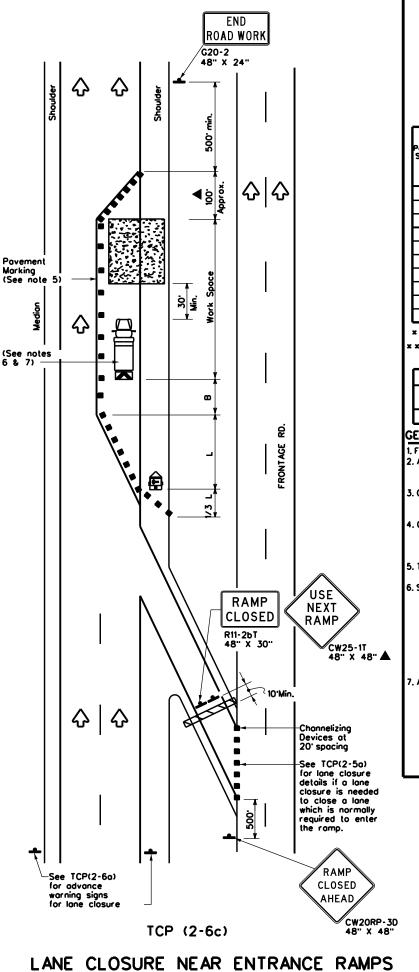
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
€ TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	6471	00	001	SH	271, ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	10		SMITH, E	TC.	27

164





LEGEND								
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	⟨⊇	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble		Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of izing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 ^a Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150 ⁻	165	180	30.	60'	120 ⁻	<b>30</b> .
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245	35.	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'
50	]	500	550	600·	50'	100'	400'	240 [.]
55	L-WS	550	605	660.	55 [.]	110	500 [.]	295 ⁻
60	] - " -	600.	660	720	60'	120'	600 [,]	350 [.]
65	1	650 [.]	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700'	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475 [.]
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	<b>300</b> .	540'

- Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
			✓	<b>√</b>	

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

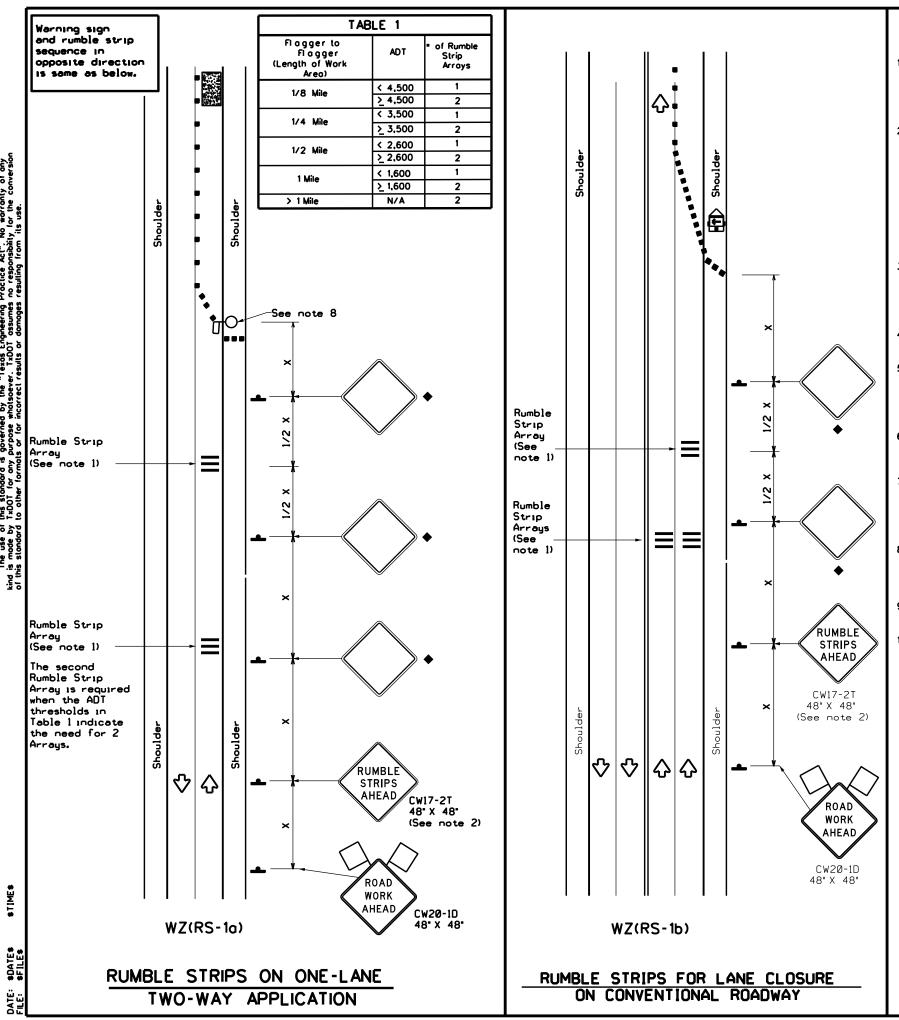
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

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C TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98	REVISIONS	6471	00	001	SH	271, ETC.
3-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	}	10		SMITH, E	TC.	28



- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lone at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lone two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND					
<del></del>	Type 3 Barricade	•	Channelizing Devices		
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		
<b>þ</b>	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow		
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ъ	Fl a gger		

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum lesiroble er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacine Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spocing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10° Offset	11 [.] Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60,	120'	<b>90</b> .
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80,	240'	155'
45		450°	495'	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50	1	500'	550	600.	50.	100	400 ⁻	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	- " -	600 [.]	660.	720 [.]	60'	120 ⁻	600.	350
65	]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700 [.]	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750	825	900·	75 [.]	150'	900·	540°

- × Conventional Roads Only
- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP,TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
< 40 MPH	10 [,]				
> 40 MPH & <_55 MPH	15'				
= 60 MPH	20 [,]				
≥ 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35'+				



TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

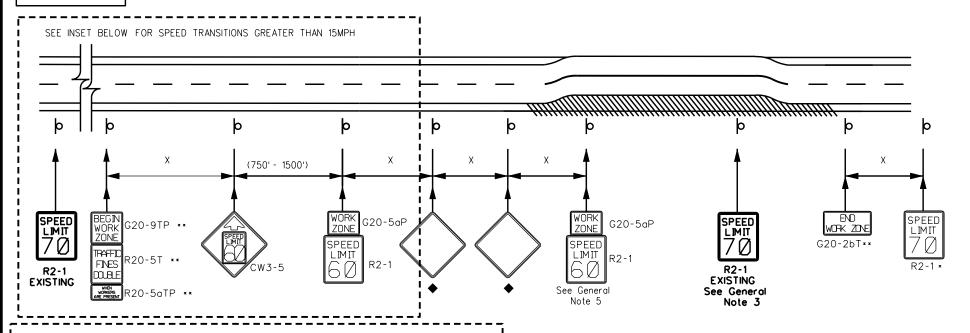
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TxDOT	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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14 16	1-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
Ю		10		SMITH, E	TC.		29

117

Signing shown for one direction only.

Remove all temporary speed limit signs and concealments of permanent speed limit signs when the maintenance activity has been completed and equipment has been removed from the activity site.



G20-5aP

LIMIT

# GENERAL NOTES

- Roll up signs may be used for short term, short duration or mobile operations.
- 3. Cover all permanent speed limit signs within the work area that conflict with the temporary reduced speed limit. Advisory speed plaques on warning signs within the work area are not required by law to be covered.
- 4. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- a. 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles b. 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- 6. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Turning signs from view or laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- zone speed limits shall only be posted as approved for each highway maintenance activity work zone.

- 1. Signs may be skid mounted for long term or intermediate term work durations.
- 2. Reduced speeds shall only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire maintenance work area.
- 5. Frequency of maintenance work zone speed limit signs should be:
- 8. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Maintenance work
- 9. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory maintenance speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204M available from TRF.

uggested Maximum

Spacing of Channelizing

Minimum

Spacing

Distance

120'

160'

240'

320'

400'

500'

600'

700'

800

900'

150'

75'

Suggested

ongitudinal luffer Space

90'

120'

155'

195

240'

2951

350'

410'

475'

540'

## Devices ffset Offset Offset 30' .30 150' 165' 180' 60 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70' 40 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' 550' 600' 50 50' 500' 100' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' = W S 60 600' 660' 720' 60' 120' 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140'

Speed

75

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

750' 825' 900'

Desirable

Taper Lengths

# DURATION OF WORK

- 1. As defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6.
- 2. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the

sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements. a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.

- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lastingmore than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

# SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/ Intermediate-term sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square mtal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message in not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlight at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

# SIGN DETAILS

Sign Number	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway			
G20-2bT	36''x18''	48''x24''			
G20-5aP	24''×18''	36"x24"			
G20-9TP	24"×24"	36''x30''			
R20-5T	24''×30''	36''x36''			
R20-5aTP	24''x12''	36''x18''			
CW3-5	36''x36''	48''x48''			
R2-1	24''×30''	36''x48''			

SHEET 1 OF 2

SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard MAINTENANCE WORK ZONE

mntwzsl.dgn © TxDOT November 2021 JOB HIGHWAY 6471 00 SH 271, ETC 001 SMITH, ETC.

# Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs and sign spacing requirements may vary depending on the TCP,TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.

ALTERNATE SIGNING FOR TRANSITION OF SPEED

(750' - 1500')

1000'

R2-1

SPEEI LIMIT

ZONES GREATER THAN 15MPH DROP IN SPEED

320-9TP **

20-5T **

R20-5aTP **

* At the end of the maintenance work zone

** Signs should not be installed for mobile

after the temporary zone ends.

place a sign indicating the speed limit

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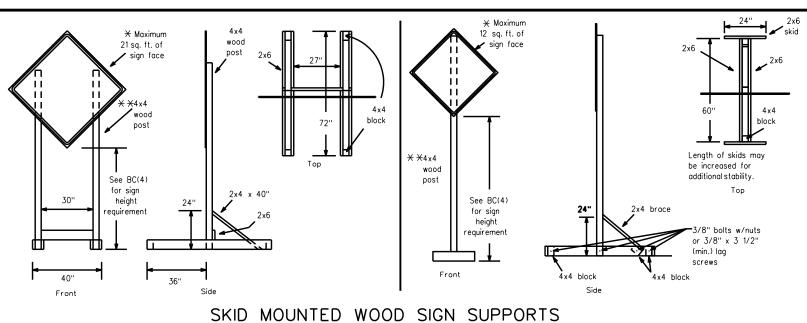
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**WAE** 

R2-1

EXISTING

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*LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

SINGLE LEG BASE

Sign Post 34" min. in Optional 48" strong soils, reinforcina 55" min. in sleeve weak soils. (1/2" larger strong soils, than sign 55" min. in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

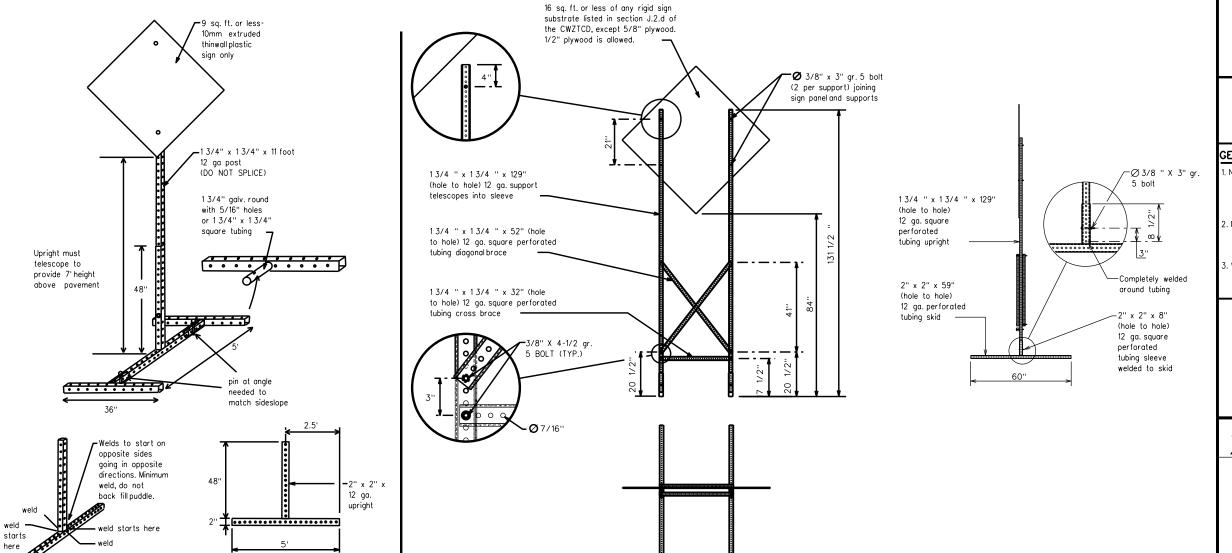
# See the CWZTCD for embedment. Base Post Eap-splice/base bolled anchor

# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

# GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a
   7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the
   CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
   This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - igstar See sheet 1 for definition of "Work Duration."
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- $\hfill \Box$  See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 2 OF 2



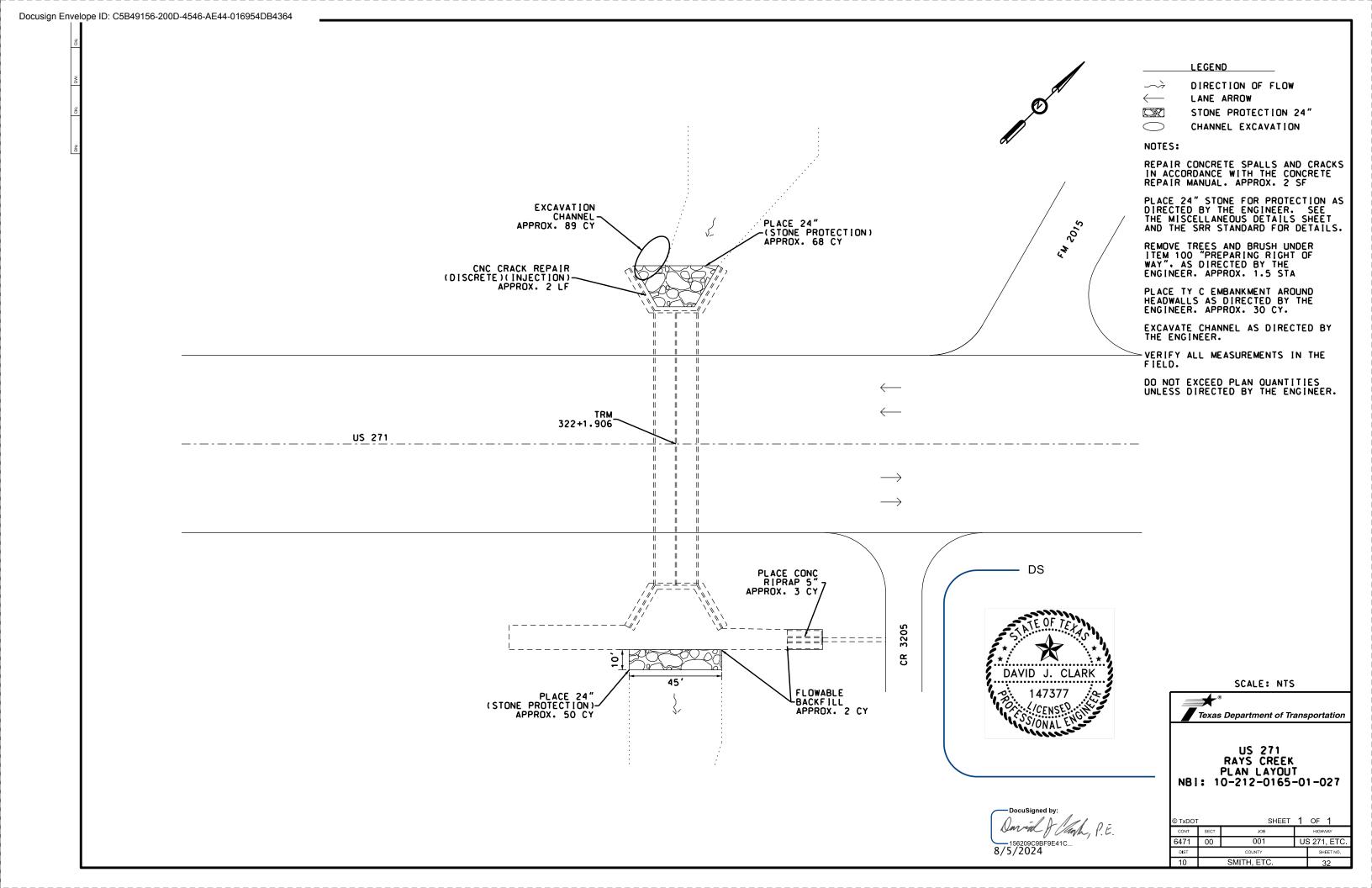
Traffic Safety Division Standard

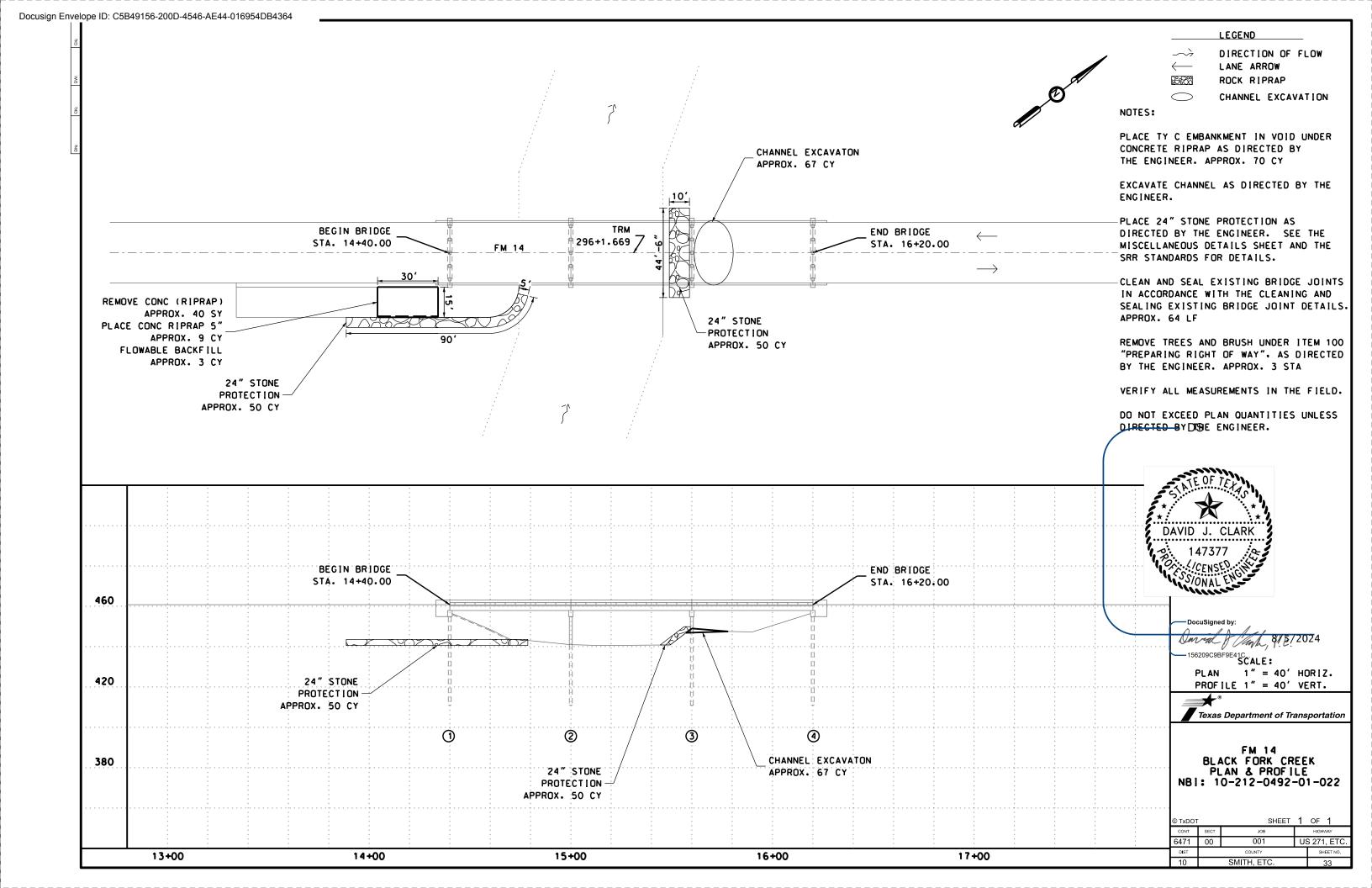
# MAINTENANCE WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

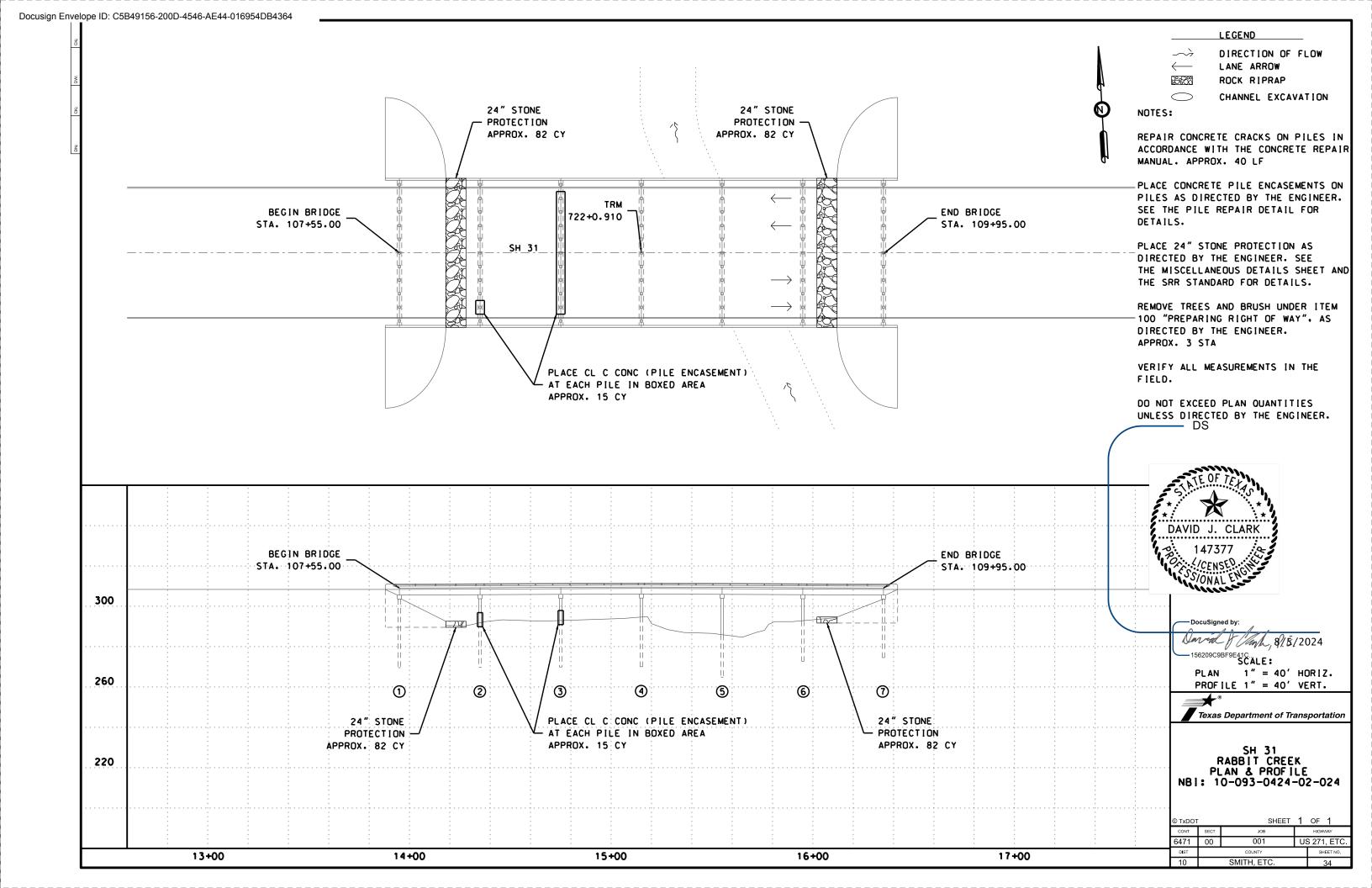
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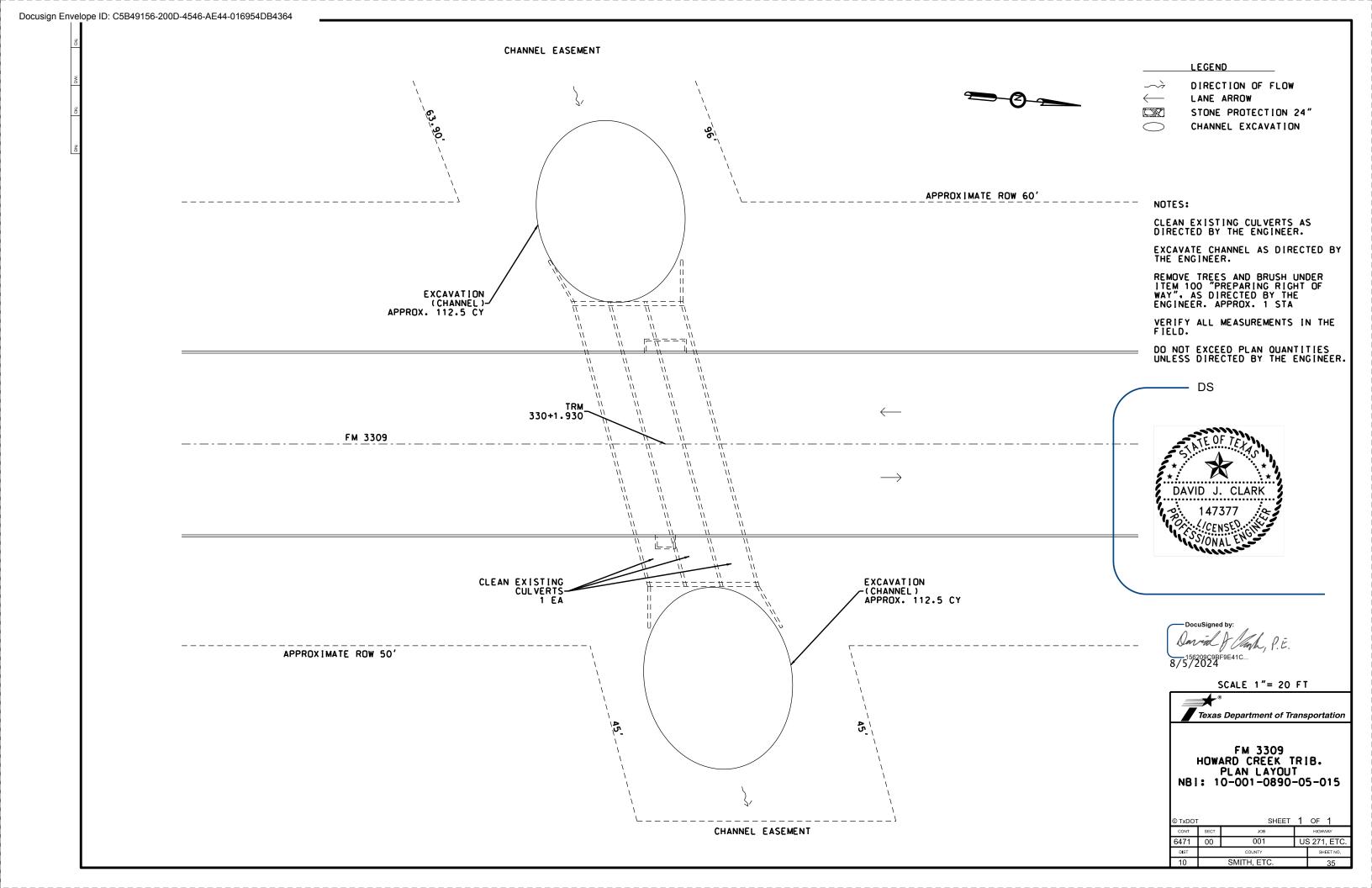
SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

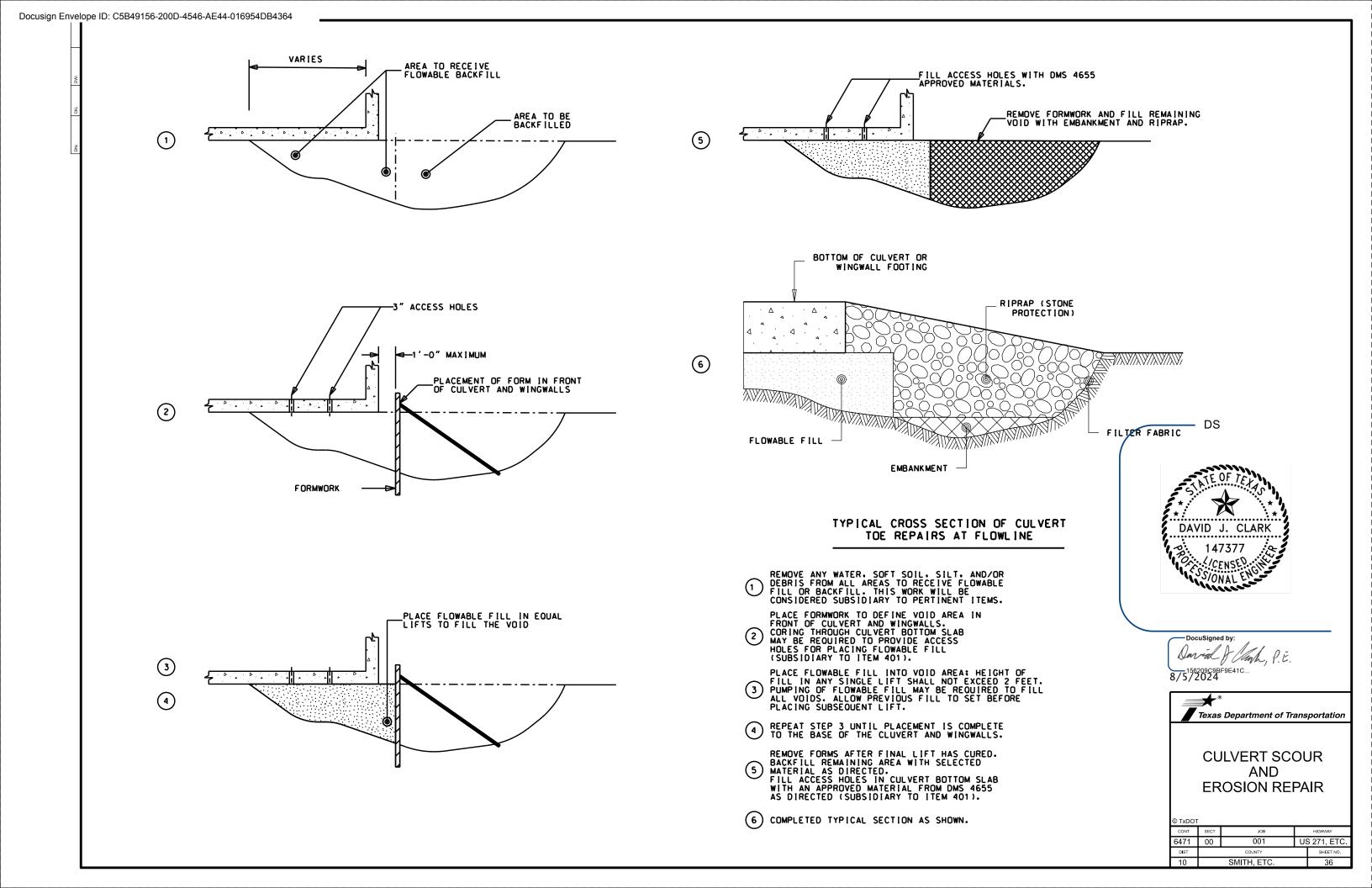
* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



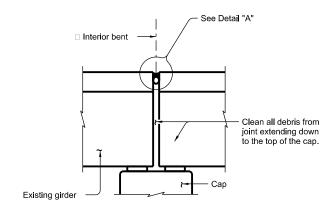






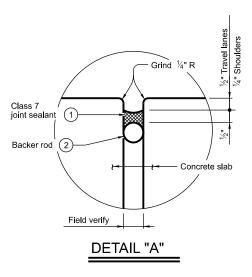


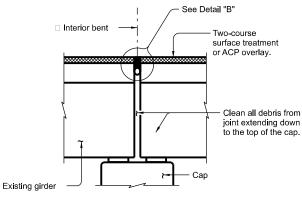




#### JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL

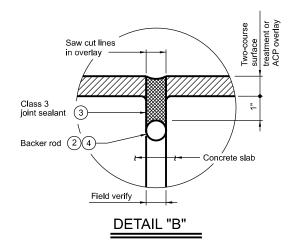
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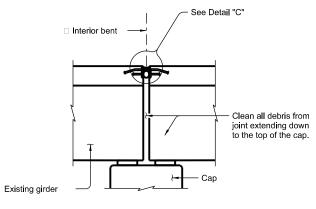




## JOINT W/ HOT-POURED RUBBER SEAL

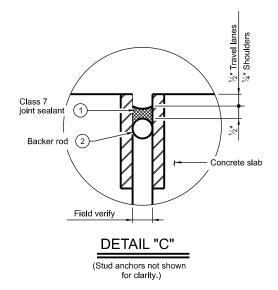
(Used with ACP overlay)





#### ARMOR JOINT

(Used without ACP overlay)



## PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL:

- Clean joint opening of all existing expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 4) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant.

  Recess seal ½" below top of concrete in travel lanes and ½" below top of concrete in shoulders.

## PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINT WITH HOT-POURED RUBBER SEAL:

- 1) Saw cut through the asphalt at the centerline of joint. Make multiple saw cuts to create a ½" minimum joint opening or match the existing joint opening. Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, bituminous materials, dirt, grease and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 4) Seal the joint opening with a Class 3 joint sealant. Seal flush to the top of the asphaltic concrete payement.

## PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING ARMOR JOINTS:

- Remove existing seal, if present. Clean joint opening of all dirt and other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Abrasive blast clean existing steel surface where silicone seal is to be placed.
- Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 5) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal  $\frac{1}{2}$ " below top of concrete in travel lanes and  $\frac{1}{2}$ " below top of concrete in shoulders.

- Use Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers." Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- Provide backer rod 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (3) Use Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers". Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- (4) Backer rod must be compatible with the hot poured rubber sealant and rated for a minimum of 400°F.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting asphalt overlay, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints" and measured by the linear foot.

Obtain approval for all tools, equipment, materials and techniques proposed to clean and seal the joint.

Provide Class 3 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in asphalt overlay. Provide Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in concrete.

Extend sealant up into rail or curb 3 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 joint sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 joint sealant compatible with the Class 7 joint sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with Manufacturer's specifications.

DS



Docusigned by:

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8/5/2024

SHEET 1 OF 3

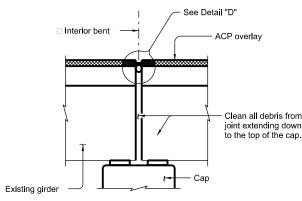
Bridge Division



## CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS

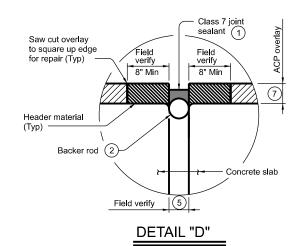
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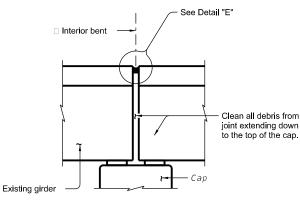
#### **HEADER JOINT** WITH SILICONE SEAL

(Used with ACP overlay)



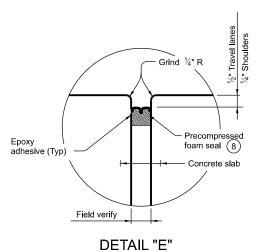
#### PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING HEADER JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL AND HEADER JOINT REPAIR

- 1) Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 2) Saw cut and remove damaged portions of existing header material to neat lines. Repair deck joint spalls greater than 2" deep in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement." Shallower spalls may be filled with header
- 3) Clean the voided region of all materials that could inhibit the bond between header material and concrete or steel.
- 4) Form the joint opening to the required width and place header material to fill voided region. Repair header material in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement."
- 5) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of header material. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 6) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal ½" below top of header in travel lanes and  $\frac{1}{4}$ " below top of header in shoulders.



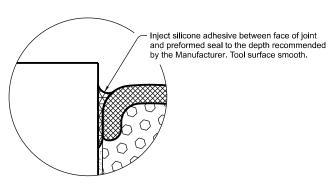
#### JOINT WITH PRECOMPRESSED FOAM AND SILICONE SEAL

(Used without ACP overlay)



#### PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING JOINT WITH PRECOMPRESSED FOAM AND SILICONE SEAL

- 1) Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, pan girder spans, or box beam spans, fill void below proposed seal with extruded polystyrene foam.
- 2) Correctly size joint seal based on field measurement and in accordance with Manufacturer's specifications. Multiple seal widths may be required. Ensure proper seal is selected for each joint.
- 3) Abrasive blast clean existing joint surfaces where seal is to be applied.
- 4) Wipe down joint surfaces to remove contaminants.
- 5) Mask areas adjacent to joint opening sufficiently to keep epoxy off deck surface
- 6) Apply epoxy to joint opening side surfaces.
- 7) While epoxy is still tacky, remove shrink wrap from seal and install in joint opening.
- 8) Recess top of joint seal ½" in travel lanes and  $\frac{1}{4}$ " in shoulders.
- 9) Inject silicone adhesive along top interface of seal with joint side surface according to Manufacturer's recommendations. Tool to spread adhesive as necessary. See Silicone Injection detail.



#### SILICONE INJECTION

- Use Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers." Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 2 Provide backer rod 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (5) Match existing joint opening or set at a minimum: a. 1" at 70°F when the distance between

  - joints is 150 ft or less b. 2" at 70°F when the distance between
  - joints is greater than 150 ft.
  - c. As directed by the Engineer.
- (6) Cleaning and sealing existing header joints does not necessitate replacement of existing header material. If replacement of header material is necessary, as determined by the Engineer, use header material in accordance with DMS-6140. "Polymer Concrete for Bridge Joint Systems." Match the thickness of the header material with the thickness of the overlay as shown in the plans, but do not exceed 3". Place header material flush with roadway surface. Do not cantilever header material over the joint opening. Repair of header material will be paid for in accordance with Item 785-6006, "Bridge Joint Repair (Header)."
- (7) Maximum thickness is 4" unless directed by the Engineer.
- 8 See table of Approved Precompressed Foam Seal Manufacturers on Sheet 3 of 3.





SHEET 2 OF 3



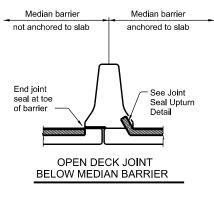
Bridge Division

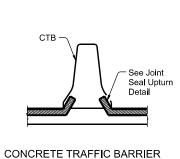
**CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS** 

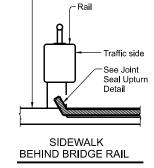
FILE:		DN: TxE	OT	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ	
©TxD0T	February 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6471	00	001		SH 271, ETC		
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		10		SMITH, E	TC.		38	

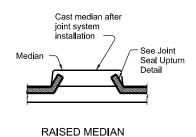
#### APPROVED PRECOMPRESSED FOAM SEAL MANUFACTURERS

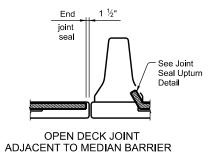
MANUFACTURER	SEAL TYPE
Watson Bowman Acme	Wabo FS
SSI	Silspec SES
Sealtite	Sealtite 50N
EMSEAL	BEJS
TuffTex	RepJoint PF-UV

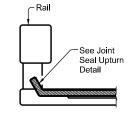






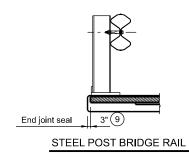






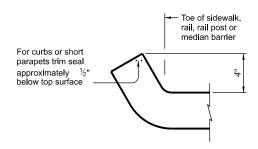
CONCRETE BRIDGE RAIL





### JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

9 1 ½" for precompressed foam and silicone seal



JOINT SEAL UPTURN DETAIL



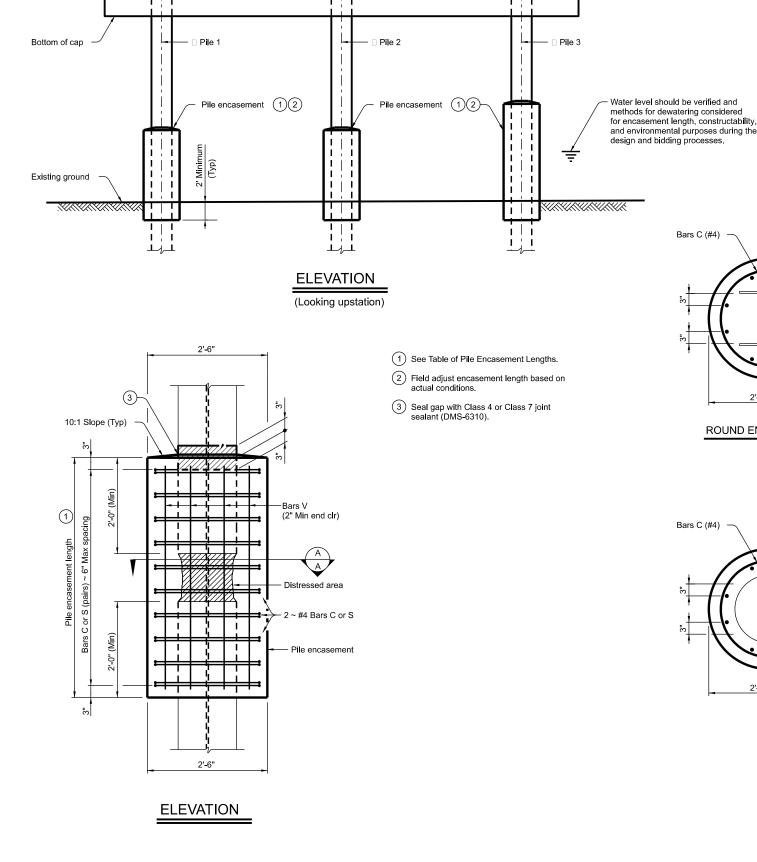
SHEET 3 OF 3

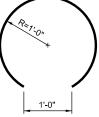


Bridge Division

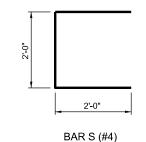
### **CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS**

FILE;		DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
©TxD0T	February 2024	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6471	00	001		SH 271, ETC.	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		10		SMITH, E	TC.		39

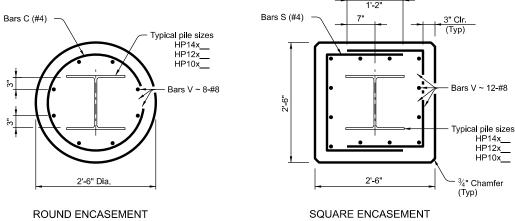




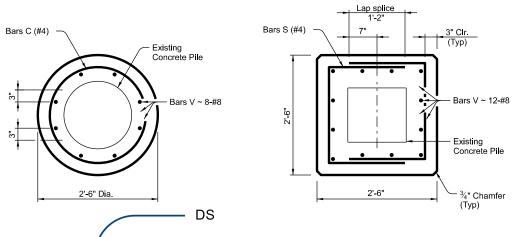
BAR C (#4)



Arrange Bar C pairs to provide 1'-0" opening on opposite faces:



**SECTION A-A** 





## TABLE OF PILE ENCASEMENT LENGTHS Length of Pile Bent Total 1.45 13.05

#### PILE ENCASEMENT PROCEDURE:

- 1) Verify channel line elevations and report to the Engineer for possible
- 2) Submit a concrete mix design and procedures for casting the encasements for approval.

14.50

- 3) Clean mud, grease, loose rust, and paint off the section of H-piling to be encased with hand tools and high pressure water.
- 4) Place and secure the steel reinforcement and install formwork.
- 5) Place the concrete in the encasement per approved procedures and in accordance with Item 420, "Concrete Substructures."
- 6) Leave forms in-place for at least 48 hours.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Verify dimensions for steel H-piling encasements and ground elevations. Pile Encasement Length may be adjusted by the Engineer based on actual channel and ground line elevations.

Existing conditions may be under water. Contractor is responsible for dewatering. Payment for dewatering is subsidiary to Item 420, "Concrete Substructures." The Contractor may submit a plan that adequately demonstrates the ability to perform the repairs without dewatering to the Engineer for approval. If approved, dewatering may be waived.

Obtain approval for the mix design and the construction procedures before

beginning work.

If underwater placement is approved, concrete mix should be designed for underwater placement and may require the use of anti-washout admixtures. Provide concrete for the H-piling encasement capable of attaining an average concrete compressive strength of 3,000 psi within 24 hours and consisting of coarse aggregate grades not greater than No. 5 (3/4"). Provide a concrete mix with 2 gallons of corrosion inhibitor per CY.

Pile encasement will be paid for per the unit bid price for each linear foot of

encasement, per Item 420, "Concrete Substructures." Payment for collars is subsidiary to Item 420, "Concrete Substructures."

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Texas Department of Transportation

Bridge Division

#### PILE ENCASEMENT **DETAILS**

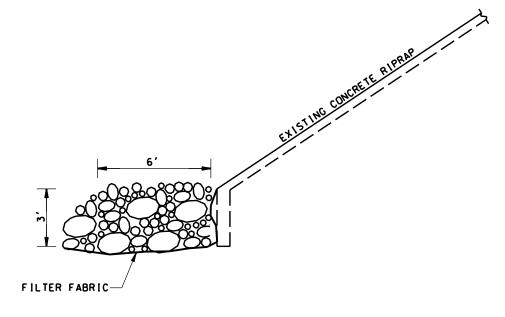
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	REVISIONS	6471	00	001		SH 271, ETC		1, ETC.
		DIST		COUNTY			5	SHEET NO.
		10		SMITH F	TC			40

2'-6" FOR RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18")
3'-0" FOR RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(24")

FILTER FABRIC

### STONE PROTECTION DETAIL

FILTER FABRIC IS REQUIRED WHERE STONE PROTECTION IS PLACED.



## STONE PROTECTION AROUND CONCRETE APRON

CONTRACTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO EXCAVATE EXISTING EMBANKMENT TO ACCOMODATE FOR FEILD CONDITIONS WHEN PLACING STONE PROTECTION AROUND THE TOE OF EXISTING CONCRETE APRON. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY AND WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 432 "RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)".



DS

DocuSigned by:

Doval J Mash, P. E.

8/5/2024

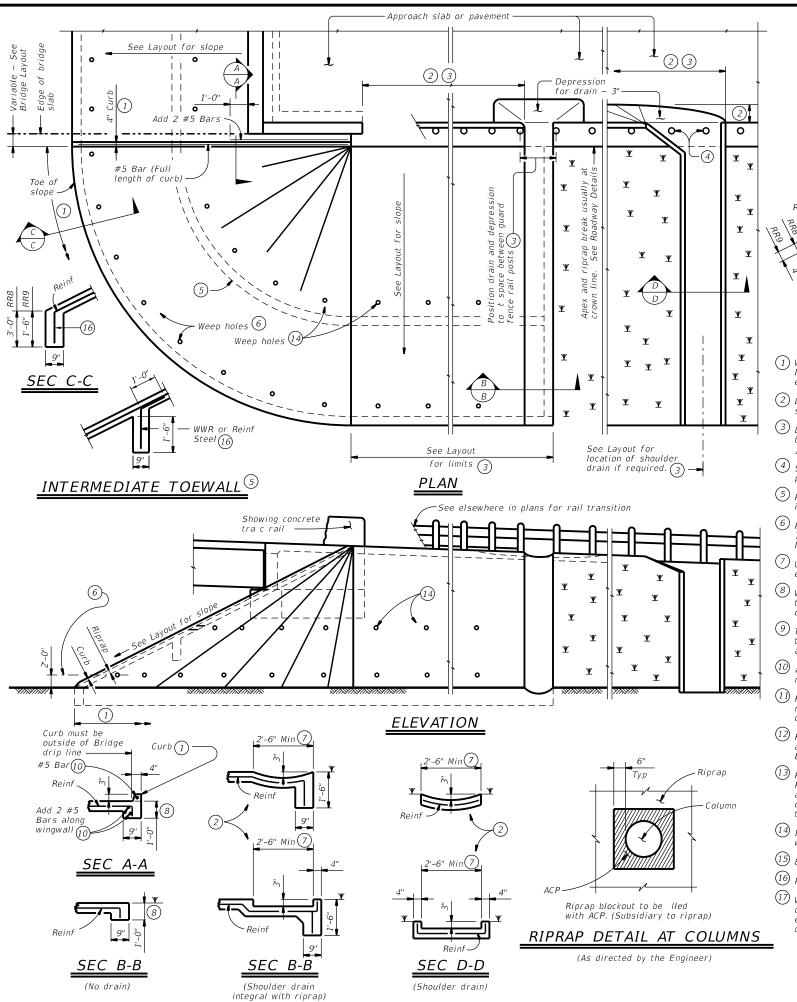


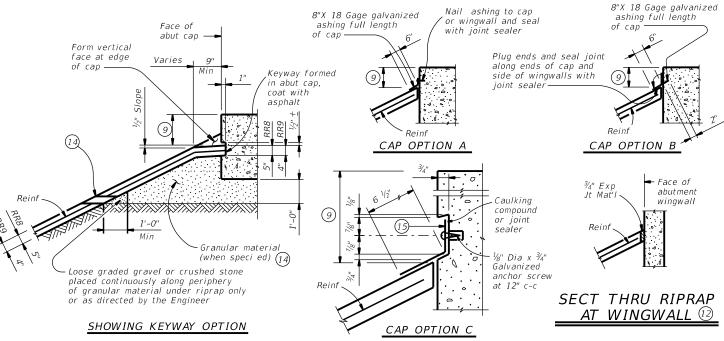
MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

TxDOT

ı	© IXDOI				
ı	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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ı	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
ı	10		SMITH, ETC.		41





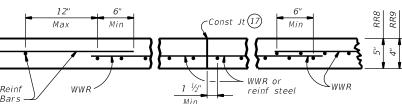


(1) When riprap is shown extended around header on layout, extend slab and toewall as shown and eliminate 4" curb.

# SECTIONS THRU RIPRAP AT CAP (1)

- (2) Limits and con guration of drains and depressions are as shown elsewhere in plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- (3) Location of shoulder drain must consider limitations imposed by rail transition. Do not locate shoulder drains at expansion joints between approach slab and concrete pavement.
- 4 See details elsewhere in plans for installation of guard fence posts through concrete riprap.
- (5) Provide intermediate toewall only when designated elsewhere in the plans or included in the speci cations.
- 6 Provide lower level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by 1 CF packet of gravel and galvanized hardware cloth at all locations unless directed by the Engineer to eliminate.
- (7) Use wider or other drain con gurations if shown elsewhere in plans or if directed by the Engineer.
- (8) Wall extension may be reduced or modi ed if approved by the Engineer. Increase wall extension to 1'-6" whenever the optional intermediate toewall is called for in the plans.
- Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Should be 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.
- (10) #5 bars shown are required even when synthetic ber reinforcing option is selected.
- $\stackrel{ ext{\scriptsize (1)}}{ ext{\scriptsize (1)}}$  Provide sealing option for joint between the face of cap and riprap as designated by the Engineer or as shown elsewhere
- 12) Flashing (shown in Cap Option A) may be used at wingwall in addition to Exp Jt Mat'l if shown on plans or directed by the
- Provide #3 reinforcing bars at 18" Spa c-c. Provide Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) as 6x6-D2.9xD2.9 or D3xD3. Combinations of WWR and reinforcing bars may be used if both are permitted. Use lap splices of a minimum 6 inches, measured from the transverse wire of WWR, and the ends of reinforcing bars.
- [14] If granular material is speci ed, provide upper level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by galvanized hardware cloth.
- (15) 8" x 18 Gage Galv Sheet Metal
- (16) Provide WWR or #3 bars, with 1'-0" extension into slope.
- (17) WWR or reinforcing steel is continuous through riprap construction joints. Provide WWR or reinforcing steel that extends 1'-1" minimum into adjacent riprap on each side of construction joint even if synthetic reinforcing ber is utilized.

FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY: 5" of RR8 = 0.015 CY/SF4" of RR9 = 0.012 CY/SF #3 Reinf at 18" c-c = 0.501 Lbs/SF 6x6-D3xD3 = 0.408 Lbs/SF



REINFORCEMENT DETAILS 13

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" concrete (f'c = 2,000 psi) unless noted elsewhere

n plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting

ASTM A1064, unless otherwise shown.

Provide reinforcing bars, deformed WWR, or any suitable combination of both types for riprap reinforcing, unless speci ed elsewhere in the

Optionally synthetic bers may be used if approved by the Engineer Provide synthetic bers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete. Install construction joints or grooved joints extending the full slant slope height at intervals of approximately 20 feet unless otherwise

directed by the Engineer.

Hardware cloth, loose grade stone behind weep holes, ashing, or other sealing material are subsidiary to the bid item "Riprap".

See Layout for limits of riprap.

RR8 is to be used on stream crossings. RR9 is to be used on other embankments.

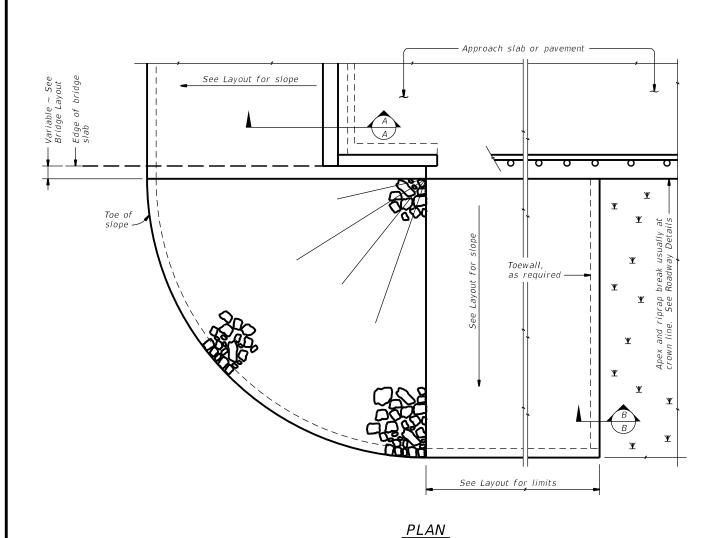


Bridge Division Standard

CONCRETE RIPRAP AND SHOULDER DRAINS EMBANKMENTS AT BRIDGE ENDS (TYPES RR8 & RR9)

**CRR** 

		DN: TXE	OT	ск: ТхD0Т	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
xD0T	April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6470	00	001		SH 2	71, ETC.
		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
		10		CMITH E	TC		42

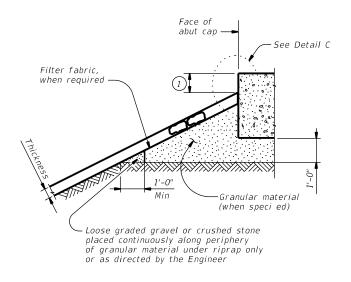


See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

ELEVATION

**Y** 

tra c rail

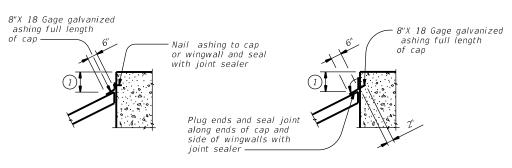


# Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness Protection

### SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

#### SECTION A-A AT CAP



#### CAP OPTION A

#### CAP OPTION B

#### DETAIL C

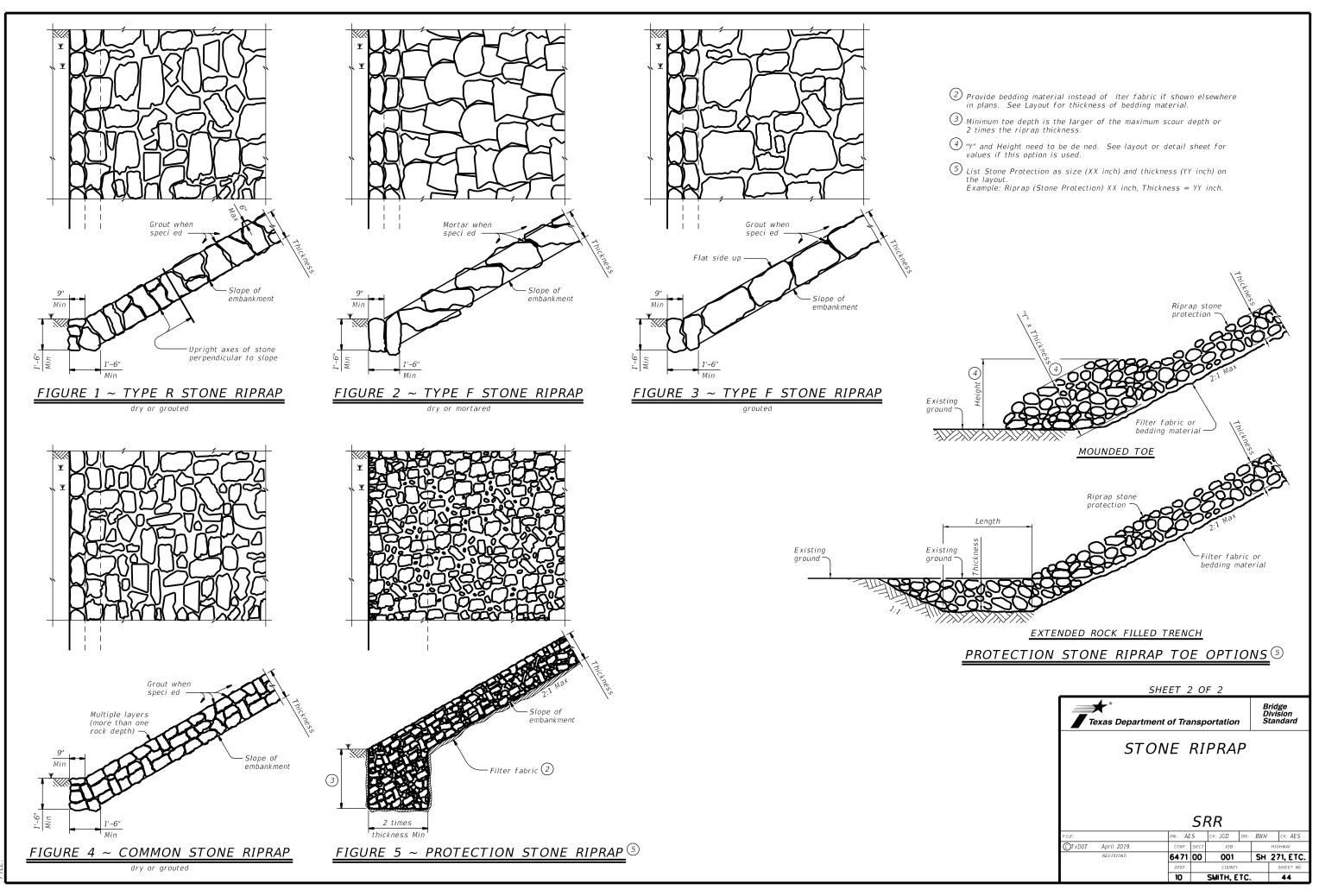
#### GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap speci ed.
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

## 1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.





I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PR	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER A	CT SECTION 402	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES		VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR	CONTAMINATION ISSUES
TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater	Discharge Permit or Construction (	General Permit			General (applies to all projects):	
	nore acres disturbed soil. Projects rosion and sedimentation in accord	•	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specification archeological artifacts are found during		1	on Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with
Item 506.	rosion and sealmentation in accord	ance with	archeological artifacts (bones, burnt ro	ck, flint, pottery, etc.) cease	•	ofety meetings prior to beginning construction and zards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are
List MS4 Operator(s) that may r	receive discharges from this proje	ect.	work in the immediate area and conto	ct the Engineer immediately.	1 .	pment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
They may need to be notified p			No Action Required	Required Action	I	ty Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products
1.			M 40 Veriou Kedoneo	Ledones verion	1	de, but are not limited to the following categories: ls, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing
			Action No.			ected storage, off bare ground and covered, for
2.					1'	pintain product labelling as required by the Act.
☐ No Action Required	Required Action		'-		1	e spillresponse materials, as indicated in the MSDS. o mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,
Action No.			2.			es, and contact the District Spill Coordinator
	by controlling erosion and sediment	ation in	3.		immediately. The Contractor shall be r of all product spills.	esponsible for the proper containment and cleanup
accordance with TPDES Pern			3.		or an product spins.	
2 Comply with the SW3P and re	evise when necessary to controlpo	Mution or	4.		Contact the Engineer if any of the formula Dead or distressed vegetation	
required by the Engineer.	evise when necessary to control po				<ul> <li>Trash piles, drums, canister, ba</li> </ul>	
3 Post Construction Site Notice	(CSN) with SW3P information on o	v 000	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES		<ul> <li>Undesirable smells or odors</li> <li>Evidence of leaching or seepace</li> </ul>	e of substances
	public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspe		Preserve native vegetation to the ex	•		dge class structure rehabilitation or
4 When Controller are included	:ific locations (PSL's) increase distu	what as	164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in or	on Specification Requirements Specs 162, der to comply with requirements for	replacements (bridge class struc	tures not including box culverts)?
	ubmit NOI to TCEQ and the Enginee		invasive species, beneficial landscaping,	• • •	X Yes ☐ No	
	-				If "No", then no further action is	
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAM		ANDS CLEAN WATER	No Action Required	Required Action		ole for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.
ACT SECTIONS 401 AND	404		Action No.		•	inspection positive (is asbestos present)?
■ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ng, dredging, excavating or other wo	ork in any	Action No.		☐ Yes 🖾 No	
water bodies, rivers, creeks, str	·	anninted with	1.		1	n a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with
the following permit(s):	o all of the terms and conditions a	ssociated with				nt/mitigation procedures, and perform management fication form to DSHS must be postmorked at least
<b>,</b> .			2.		15 working days prior to schedul	
No Permit Required			3.		If "No", then TxDOT is still require	ed to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any
I =	N not Required (less than 1/10th ac	ere waters or			scheduled demolition.	• • • •
wetlands affected)	The required tiess than it loth ac	i.e woters or	4.		1	responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement
☐ Noticewide Permit 14 - PCN	N Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3	in tidal maters)			I .	careful coordination between the Engineer and niminize construction delays and subsequent claims.
Individual 404 Permit Require	-	iii (looi woter 57	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED TH		Any other evidence indicating pos	sible hazardous materials or contamination discovered
Other Nationwide Permit Require				REATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES. ED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES		contamination Issues Specific to this Project:
Other Nationwide Permit Rec	quired: NWP= <u>3(A)</u>		AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	5. 20.23, 0.40.52 5. 20.25	No Action Required	Required Action
Required Actions: List waters of	the US permit applies to, location	in project			-	
and check Best Management Pro	actices planned to control erosion,	- ·	☐ No Action Required	Required Action	Action No.	
and post-project TSS.			☐ No Action Required	M. Kednieg Action	1,	
1,			Action No.		2.	
			1 In accordance with the Miract	asi. Bisd Ast TuDOT would take asi.		
2.			reasonable and practicable me birds, around nesting birds, th	ory Bird Act, TxDQT would take any earners to avoid impacts to migratory eir nests, or their young.	3.	
3.			2.	, cong.	VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL IS	SUES
4			3.		(includes regional issues such	as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)
<del></del>			<b>J</b> .		No Action Required	Required Action
•	igh water marks of any areas requ of the US requiring the use of a l	-	4.		-	_ ,
permit can be found on the Brid		HOTIONWICE			Action No.	
-			If any of the listed species are observed,	cease work in the immediate area.	1.	
Best Management Practices:	:		do not disturb species or habitat and con	tact the Engineer immediately. The	2.	
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	work may not remove active nests from nesting season of the birds associated wi			
▼ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegetalive Filler Strips	are discovered, cease work in the immedi		3.	Design Division
☐ Blankets/Malling	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems	Engineer immediately.			Texas Department of Transportation Standard
	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Bosin				
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wellands			1	ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Bosin	=	BBRE VIATIONS		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	BMP: Best Monogement Proctice CGP: Construction General Permit	SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SWSP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan		1.000207.110 001111111111111111111111111111111
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Servi			EPIC
☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement	TCEC: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality		
Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	▼ Vegetation Lined Ditches	MOU: Memor andum of Understanding M64: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer Sy	TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System stem TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	<b>"</b>	FILE: epic.dgn
	Stone Outlet Sediment Trops	Sand Filter Systems	MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOT: Notice of Termination	TxDDT: Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species		© TxDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY  12-12-2011 (05) REVISIONS 6471 00 001 SH 271, ETC
	Sediment Bosins	Grossy Swales	NWP: Notionwide Permit	USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers		05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
			NO: Notice of Intent	USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service		01-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TO ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. 10 SMITH, ETC. 45

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with soil disturbing activity and for projects that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

6471-00-001

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: SEE TITLE SHEET

To: SEE TITLE SHEET

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES: SEE TITLE SHEET

BEGIN: (Lat) _,(Long)_

END: (Lat) (Long),

#### 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 2.400

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 1.660

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

PERFORM ROUTINE PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE CONSISTING OF GRADING, CONCRETE REPAIR, PILE ENCASEMENTS, AND EROSION CONTROL.

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
SAND	EXISTING TOP SOIL
CLAY	EXISTING TOP SOIL
IRON ORE	EXISTING IRON ORE SUBGRADE

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs	planned	for	construct	ion
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Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- ▼ Mobilization
- ▼ Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- ☐ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- X Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- ☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- ☐ Install proposed pavement per plans
- ★ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- □ Place flex base
- ★ Rework slopes, grade ditches
- ☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- ★ Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			

Other:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- ▼ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- Construction debris and waste from various construction
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities.

Othor:			

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

	Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
	BLACK PRAIRIE CR. 0606A	NECHES RIVER 0606
	HOWARD CREEK WELLS CREEK HURRICANE CREEK	NECHES RIVER 0604
	RABBIT CREEK 0505D	SABINE RIVER 0505
)	RAY CREEK HARRIS CREEK 0506A	SABINE RIVER 0506

#### * Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

Other:

- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- 🛚 Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

☐ Other:			
•			

□ Other:

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

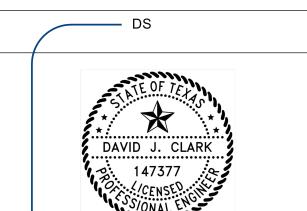
- M Day To Day Operational Control
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years □ Other:

☐ Other:			
•			

1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:** 

 • · = · · · · · ·

MS4 Entity



8/5/209C9BF9E41C..

STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** 



Sheet 1 of 2

SHEET NO. PROJECT NO. 46 6 BPM 6471-00-001 STATE TEXAS 10 SMITH, ETC.

CONT. SECT. HIGHWAY NO. 00 6471 001 US 271, ETC.

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

#### 2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:

_	-	_
Т	1	Р

X	X	Protection of Existing Vegetation
П	П	Vegetated Buffer Zones

□ □ Soil Retention	Blanket

□ Geotextiles

**MAINTENANCE** 

		Mulching/	Hydromulchi	in
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□ □ Soil Surface Treatments □ □ Temporary Seeding

	•	,	U		
X	Perman	ent Pla	antina. S	Soddina (	or Seeding

		Biodegradable	Erosion	Control	Logs
--	--	---------------	---------	---------	------

□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams

	vertical	Trackir	ıg

- □ □ Interceptor Swale
- Riprap □ Riprap□ Diversion Dike

□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain

	Embankment for Erosion Control
_	D 1 E1

□ □ Paved Flumes □ □ Other:

Other:	
O41	

Other:	
Other:	

#### 2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:

#### T/P

□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs

□ □ Dewatering Controls

□ □ Inlet Protection □ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams

□ □ Sandbag Berms

X ☐ Sediment Control Fence □ □ Stabilized Construction Exit

□ Floating Turbidity Barrier

□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones □ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

□ □ Other:_____

□ □ Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

#### T/P

Sediment Trap  □ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area  □ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
Sedimentation Basin
□ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
□ Available area/Site geometry

□ Other:

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

□ Public safetv

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns

□ Site soils/Geotechnical factors

Type	Stationing				
Туре	From	То			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

☒ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily

Haul roads dampened for dust control

■ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin

☐ Stabilized construction exit Daily street sweeping

□ Other:

□ Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

□ Other:

□ Chemical Management

▼ Concrete and Materials Waste Management

□ Debris and Trash Management

□ Dust Control

▼ Sanitary Facilities

□ Other: _____

□ Other: _____

□ Other: _____

□ Other:

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		
Defer to the Environmental Lev	Ob t- / OM/DO !			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

X Fire hydrant flushings

X Irrigation drainage

X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)

X Potable water sources

X Springs

X Uncontaminated groundwater

X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust

X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

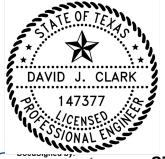
Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

#### 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

When dewatering activities are present, a daily inspection will be conducted once per day during those activities and documented in accordance with CGP and TxDOT requirements.

**2.10 MAINTENANCE:** Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.



STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** 



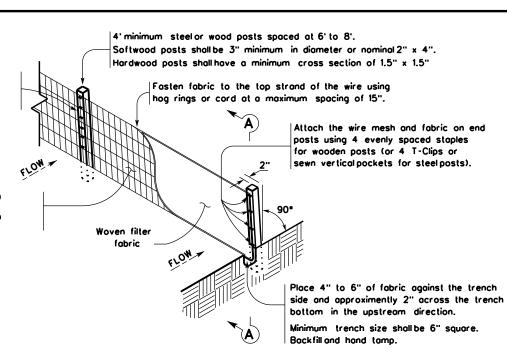
Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.					
6		BPM 6471-00-001					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS		10	SMITH, ETC.				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
6471		00	001	US 271, ETC.			

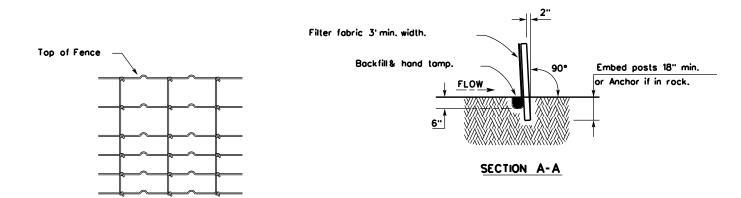
Connect the ends of the successive reinforcement sheets or rolls a minimum of 6 times with hog rings.

Galvanized welded wire mesh (W.W.M.) (12.5 GA. SWG Min.) with a maximum opening size of 2"x 4"or Woven Mesh (W.M.)(See woven mesh option detail)



#### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

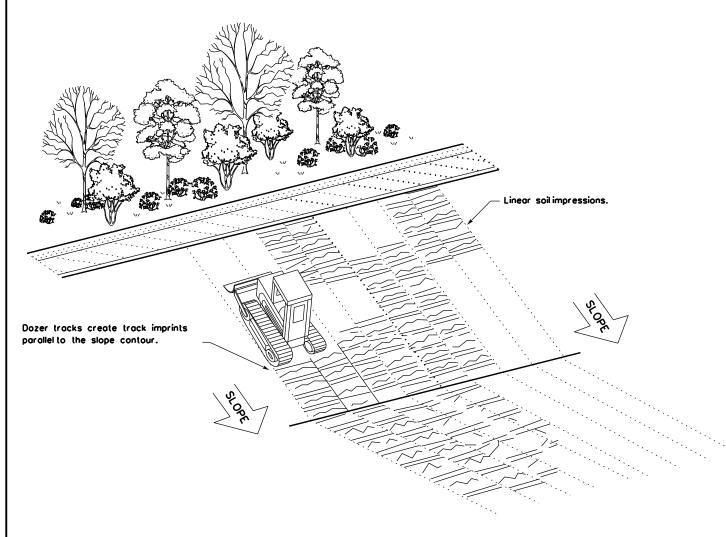
#### **LEGEND**

Sediment Control Fence



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- Provide equipment with a track undercorriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

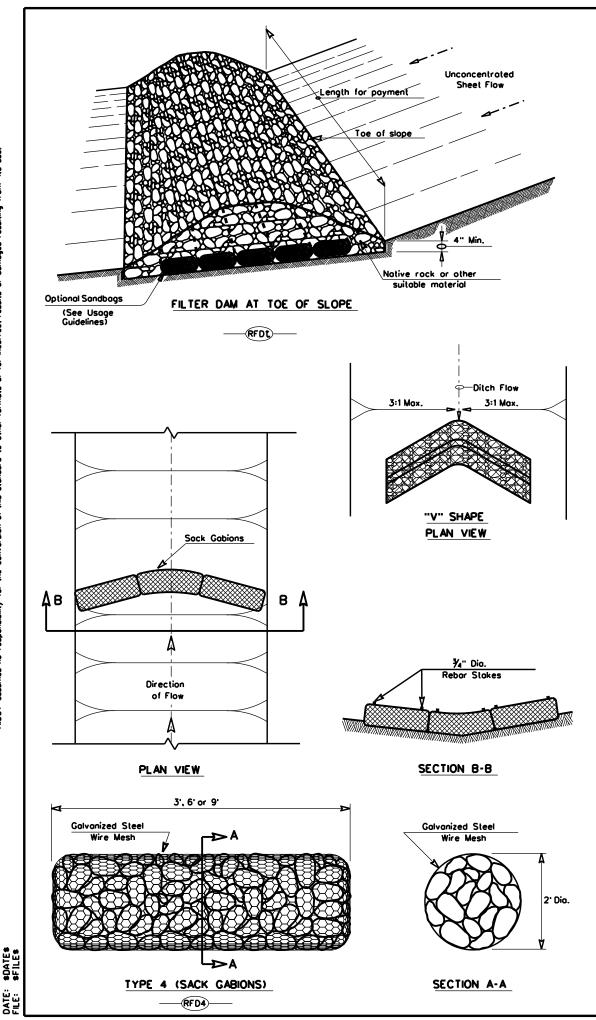


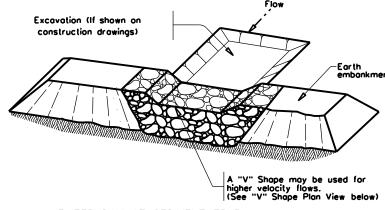
TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

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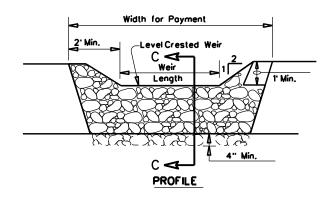


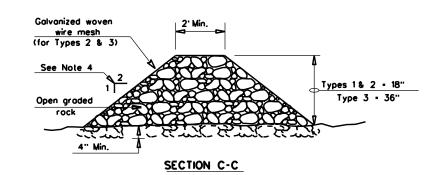




#### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT² of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

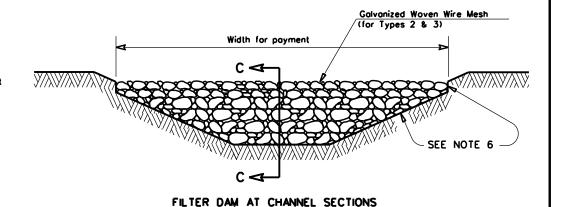
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



### 

**GENERAL NOTES** 

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- 4. Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1 between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trop for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam -(RFD1)--RFD2)-Type 2 Rock Filter Dam RFD3 Type 3 Rock Filter Dam ——RFD4 Type 4 Rock Filter Dam



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

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