# STATE OF TEXAS

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NO. NO.	MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.				
1	A00207554				
COUNTY		DISTRICT	STATE		
RRIS etc.	МО	ATL	TEXAS		
HIGHWAY NO.	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL		

SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

# PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

CONSISTING OF BRIDGE PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

PROJECT NO.: A00207554 HIGHWAY: US 67 etc.

LIMITS OF WORK: VARIOUS LOCATIONS WITHIN THE ATLANTA DISTRICT

SEE SHEET 3 FOR LOCATION MAP

FINAL	PLANS
-------	-------

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

LETTING DAT	TE:
DATE CONTR	ACTOR BEGAN WORK:
ATE WORK	WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:
INAL CONTR	RACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR	P:
	R ADDRESS:

THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONTRACT.

DATE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

### WARNING SIGNS

CONSTRUCTION SIGNS AND BARRICADE PLACEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, AS SHOWN ON THE BC STANDARDS AND AS SPECIFIED HEREIN OR AS DIRECTED.

8/5/2024 ABOOUSI GIORALE VI ING: Rebussal Wills, 7 E DISTRICT ENGINEER, ATL -23686C08B28F4A0...

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT:

EXCEPTIONS: N/A EQUATIONS: N/A RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A

C) 2024 BY TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

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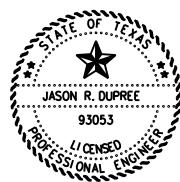
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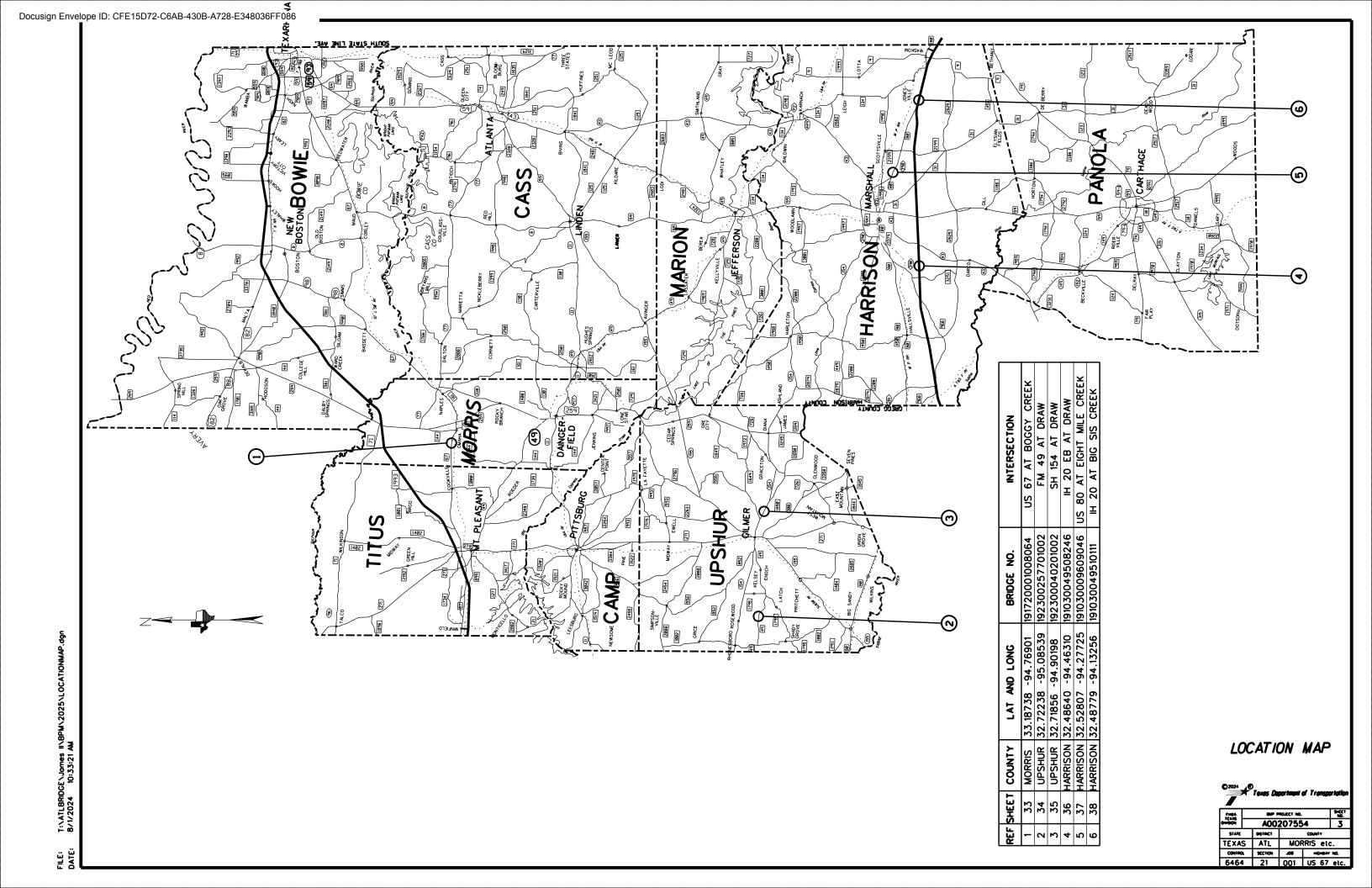
INDEX OF SHEETS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY A .. HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT. DocuSigned by:

-E5D49892601541C..

8/5/2024

© 2024 NO Teags Department of Transportation MMICHAEC PROJECT NO. A00207554 STATE OSTRCT TEXAS ATL MORRIS etc. CONTROL SECTION JOB INCOMPAY NO. 6464 21 001 US 67 etc.



Project Number: A00207554 Sheet 4

County: Morris, etc. Control: 6464-21-001

Highway: US0067, etc.

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

# General:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Jason Dupree, P.E. Jason.Dupree@txdot.gov

Charlotte Aslin Charlotte. Aslin @txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Questions regarding the plans and/or the project after the contract has been awarded should be referred to the Managing Supervisor:

Wendy Starkes, P.E. Mt. Pleasant Area Engineer 2210 W. Ferguson Mt. Pleasant, TX 75455 903-570-5129

This project consists of performing Bridge Preventative Maintenance at various locations in the Atlanta District. This project covers the following 3 counties: Harrison, Morris, and Upshur.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts.

Prior to beginning operations, the Department will arrange a preconstruction conference between representatives of the Department and the Contractor. In this meeting, the representatives from all parties will discuss the contract, proposed procedures and the plans for performing the work

Project Number: A00207554 Sheet 4

County: Morris, etc. Control: 6464-21-001

Highway: US0067, etc.

while providing safe passage of traffic at all times. Specifications, unusual conditions, and other pertinent items regarding the work will also be discussed.

Use care to avoid disturbing the existing roadway surface other than the areas covered in the scope of this contract. Repair any damages caused by Contractor operations. If damage is not corrected, costs associated with the Department making the repairs (including labor and materials) will be deducted from any payment due the Contractor.

Dispose of all waste material in accordance with all state and federal laws. For waste material disposed of on private property, ensure the material is not visible from a highway. Acquire and furnish to the Department, copies of written agreements between the Contractor and property owner prior to disposal.

Limit the use of the roadway for the hauling of material to legal loads.

Keep the traveled surfaces used in hauling operations free of dirt or other materials.

Clean dirt, grass and any debris off the roadway and shoulder prior to each construction activity. Haul any residue off the project and dispose of as noted. The cost associated with this work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Do not park personal vehicles of employees within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being used for the construction procedures. If approved by the Department, employees may park on the right-of-way at sites where the contractor has his office or equipment and materials storage yard.

Department-approved safety hats and safety vests will be worn by all workers and visitors when:

Workers are outside of vehicles at all outdoor worksites. This includes those who occasionally visit worksites either on the highway surface or right-of-way.

Working in areas where there is a danger of head injury from impact, from falling or flying objects, or from electrical shock or burns.

Non-compliance with this requirement will be grounds for suspension of work.

The Contractor is responsible for notifying the utility companies when plans call for work to be accomplished in the general vicinity of any underground utilities located on State right-of-way.

All areas where existing topsoil is disturbed by construction operations will be repaired to satisfaction using topsoil. This topsoil and placement will be subsidiary to the various contract items and will not be paid for directly.

Forward copies of all correspondence between any resource agencies as listed in Item 7 or Special Provisions thereto.

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Highway: US0067, etc.

The SWP3 for this project will be as directed.

# **Item 2: Instructions to Bidders**

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal. Views plans on-line or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov.state.tx./business/plansonline/plansonline.htm.

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm.

# **Item 5: Control of the Work**

Attention is directed to the presence of underground utilities owned by the Department (irrigation, signal and illumination) on the Right-of-Way on this project. Call for locations at the TxDOT Signal Shop (903-799-1360).

# **Item 8: Prosecution and Progress**

Time charges will be in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 "Standard Workweek".

Provide Project Schedules meeting the requirements of Article 8.5.5.1 "Bar Chart".

Unless otherwise directed, prosecute the work continuously to completion of the contract.

Supply an adequate size crew experienced in the type of work described within these specifications and capable of performing the work in a safe and timely manner. Furnish all equipment, tools, and machinery for the proper prosecution of the work. Equipment, tools, and machinery will be on the work site in good operating condition and have all manufacturers' safety features in proper working condition prior to beginning work and remain in place during the prosecution of the work. All equipment, tools, and machinery will be capable of maintaining a continuous work schedule for the satisfactory completion of the project.

Unless otherwise approved, work will not begin before daylight and all operations will stop in sufficient time to have signs removed from the road before dark.

# Item 132: Embankment

Attention is directed to the fact this item will be used to cover foundations from ground level to the three inch minimum level below the top of foundations.

Test borrow sources and furnish results to the Engineer.

Remove deleterious material, organic matter and sediment, etc., from all ponds, lakes, sloughs, channels and existing roadway ditches prior to placement of embankment. This work will be subsidiary to this item.

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# **Item 420: Concrete Substructures**

Chamfer or tool exposed edges or joints of concrete as directed.

# **Item 429: Concrete Structure Repair**

Concrete structure repairs to abutments, bent caps, columns, bridge components and culvert walls will be between 1" & 6" in depth to repair spalling. Remove damaged concrete to sound material and replace with concrete and/or grouted. Replace any reinforcing steel that is damaged during repair operations. Reference the concrete Repair Manual for concrete structure repair.

# Item 432: Riprap

Provide expansion joint material with an area equal to the area of contact between the two surfaces. The Engineer will visually inspect the joint material for approval.

# Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Install temporary rumble strips in accordance with WZ(RS) wherever short duration or short term stationary lane closures are in place and workers are present.

Maintenance of driveways and intersections will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Maintain access to abutting property at all times using approved materials and methods. Work required to maintain ingress and egress within the limits of this project will not be paid for directly, but is subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Restrict the movement of equipment across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum.

Use strobe lights or rotating beacons on all motorized equipment, operating on or adjacent to the road surface.

Existing traffic signs which provide conflicting information to the driver during various stages will be covered until such time that a conflict no longer exists.

Furnish and install all signs, barricades, and other incidentals necessary for proper traffic control, in accordance with Part VI of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, or as directed. All warning signs must be factory made and in satisfactory condition.

Use Portable Changeable Message Signs as required by the applicable TCP or as directed. Requirements for PCMS and payment will be handled in accordance with Item 503.

Comply with TCP standards included in these plans. If there is a situation not covered by these standards, then comply with the applicable TCP sheets that are available on the web at: <a href="http://www.txdot.gov/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/toc.htm">http://www.txdot.gov/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/toc.htm</a>

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

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Highway: US0067, etc.

When necessary, provide flagmen properly attired in a white hard hat, approved safety vest and stop/slow paddle. Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Have at least one employee with a local address and telephone number on call nights and weekends (or any other time that work is not in progress) for maintenance of signs and barricades. Notify in writing the name, address, and telephone number of this employee or these employees.

Ensure equipment and materials are a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the edge of the travel lane during non-working hours.

Provide flaggers at the ends of work areas and at all other points of conflict with roadway machinery and roadway traffic when and as directed.

Item 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

The SWP3 for this project will be as directed.

General Notes Sheet E

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#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

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Texas Department of Transportation

Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The lypical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

CW1-4

CW13-1P

Borricode or

devices

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK \* \*G20-9TP \* \*R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* \*R20-5aTP ROAD WORK ← NEXT X NALES \* \*G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTL  $\Diamond$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY ➾ 1 Block - City G20-16TR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \* 80. BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T FINES \* \* R20-5T IDOUBLE \* \* R20-5oTP ROAD WORK

G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

onventional

48" × 48"

Sign

Number

or Series

CW204

CW21

CW22

**CW23** 

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7, CW8,

CW9, CW11,

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

Posted Sign xpressway/ Speed Spacing Freeway Feet MPH Apprx.) 30 120 48" × 48" 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 36" x 36" 481 x 48" 55 500 <sup>2</sup> 60 600 <sup>2</sup> 65 700 <sup>2</sup> 70 800 <sup>2</sup> 48t x 48' 900 <sup>2</sup> 75 1000 2 80

**SPACING** 

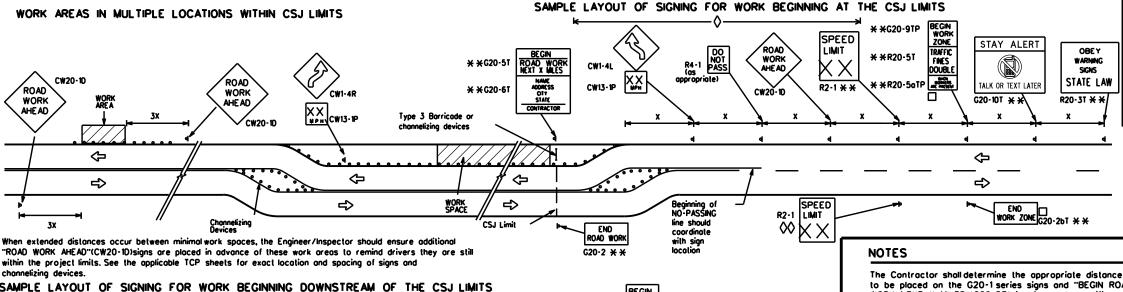
- # For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.

48" × 48"

- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Slandard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



\* \*G20-9TP

X XR20-5T

¥ ¥R20-5aTP

SPEED

-CSJ Limit

LIMIT

BEGIN ROAD WOR NEXT X MILES

\* \*G20-5T

\* \*G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

ROAD

WORK

りっ MILE

CW2Ŏ-1E

ROAD

WORK

CW20-10

ZONE

FINES

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

RAFFIC

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

G20-10T

OBEY

SKINS

STATE LAW

➾

END G20-2bT \*\*

R20-3T

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the " $\ddot{\text{X}}$ " and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

**LEGEND** Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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ROAD

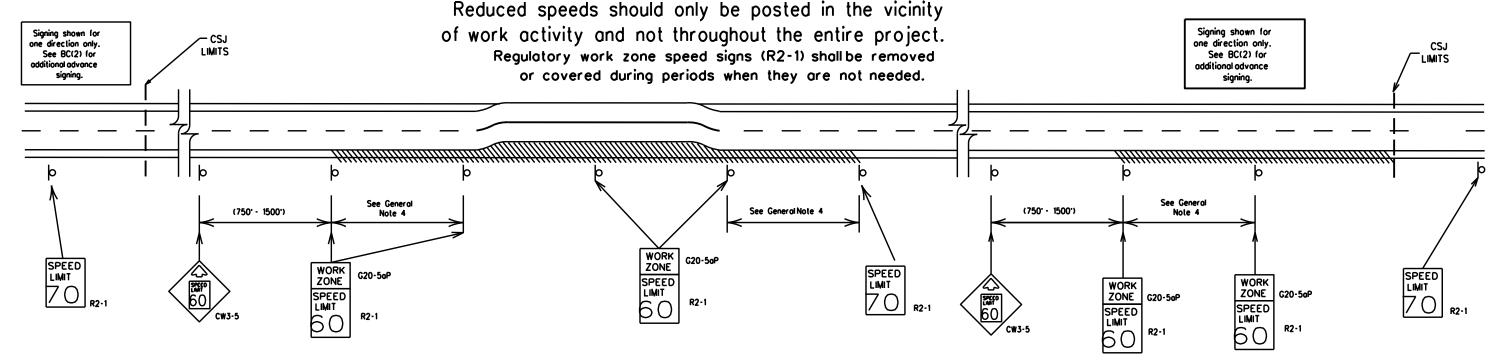
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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged povement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
  - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form \*1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.



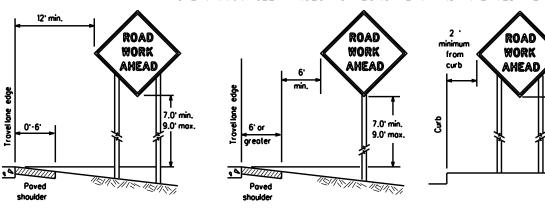


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

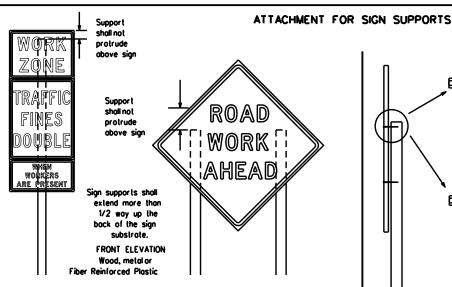
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-13	5-21	ATL		MORRIS (	etc.		8
-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	REVISIONS	6464	21	001		US	67 etc.
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# TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. lemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two SIDE ELEVATION obove and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or monufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

.6.0° min کیلے

XX MPH

x x

7.0' min,

9.0' max.

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

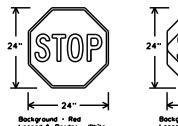
# of at least the same gauge material. STOP/SLOW PADDLES

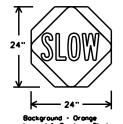
1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





Bockground - Orange Legend & Border - Block

SHEETING REC	UIREMENTS	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction

Wood

- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic controldevice that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Controctor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Controctor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

# <u> DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualon Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daylime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SICN MOUNTING HEIGHT.

  1. The bollom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the poved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

  2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
  3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

# SIZE OF SIGNS

l. The Controctor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

# SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the spice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

  2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- . Burlao shall NOT be used to cover sians.
- i. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

  Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as lire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- bollost on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and monifoctured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

  Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sion supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

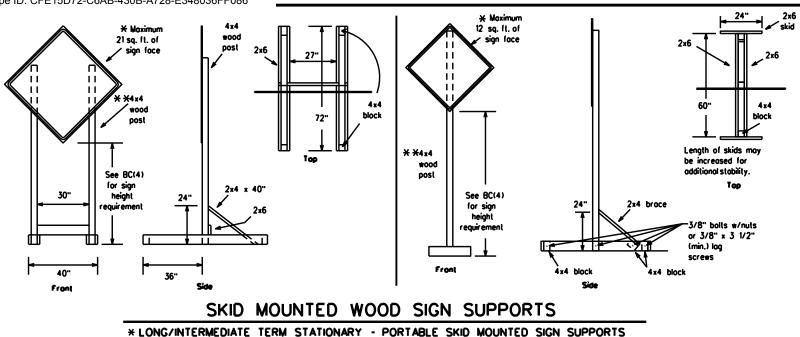
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES**

BC(4)-21

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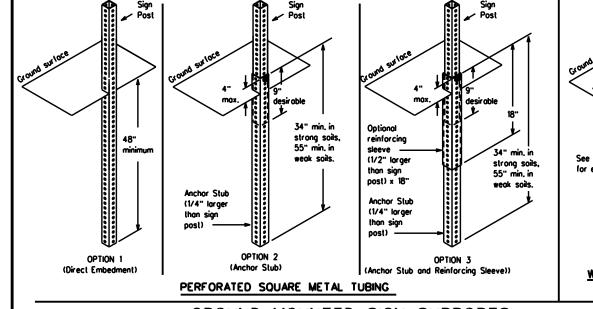


weld starts here



2" 1

SINGLE LEG BASE



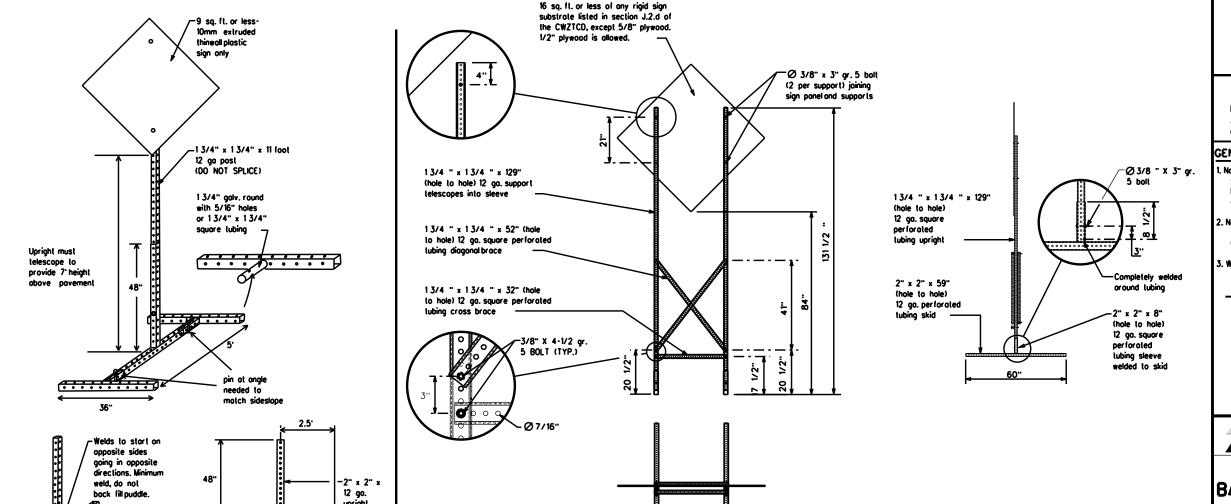
# Sign Post Ground saturate 4" max. Base Post for embedment. WING CHANNEL Log-splice/base bolled anchor

# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



32'

# WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(11)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

## GENERAL NOTES

- Noils may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
   This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
  - f x See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - \*\* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	-WAY
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ATL	ı	MORRIS (	etc.		10

SKID MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE S	TEEL TUBING	SIGN SUPPORTS
× LONG/IN	TERMEDIATE TERM STA	ATIONARY - PORTA	ABLE SKID MOUNTED	SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnig Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message: i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message. 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbrevialed, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.

  16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than
- left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	CCS RD	Major MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
		Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
Eost	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Materia		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Venicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
<u>it is </u>	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	1	1 11 411.
Maintenance	MAINT	J	

Roadway designation . IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Conditi	on List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC	CONST TRAFFIC

CLOSED OPEN XXXX FT DAYTIME CENTER LOOSE UNEVEN LANE LANE GRAVEL LANES **CLOSURES** XXXX FT CLOSED XXXX FT I-XX SOUTH **DETOUR** ROUGH NIGHT LANE EXIT X MILE ROAD

CLOSURES **CLOSED** XXXX FT **VARIOUS EXIT XXX ROADWORK ROADWORK** LANES CLOSED NEXT CLOSED X MILE SH XXXX FRI-SUN RIGHT LN EXIT **BUMP** US XXX CLOSED TO BE XXXX FT EXIT

CLOSED X MILES MALL X LANES TRAFFIC DRIVEWAY CLOSED SIGNAL SHIF T TUE - FRI CLOSED XXXX FT

XXXXXXX BLVD \* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2. CLOSED

# APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List". 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phose selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases. and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced w days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

ion to Take/Eff Li	fect on Trovel ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X A
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-> XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		x x Se	ee Application Guidelines No	te 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate. 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can
- be interchanged as appropriate. 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
  9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

LANES

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

# SHEET 6 OF 12

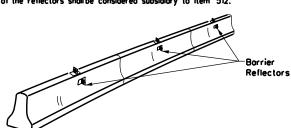


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	6464	21	001		US	67 etc.	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	ATL	)	MORRIS (	etc.		11	
100								

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

  An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

Warning reflector may be round

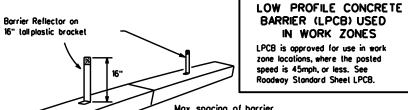
or square.Must have a yellow

30 square inches

reflective surface area of at least

drum adjacent to the travelway.

- 8. Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

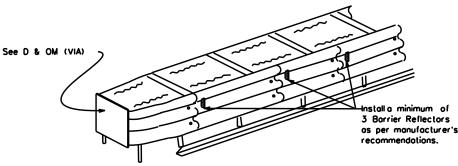


LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



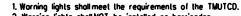
# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# **END TREATMENTS FOR** CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

# WARNING LIGHTS



2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.

- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hozardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.

  3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the laper to the end of the merging laper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Á, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

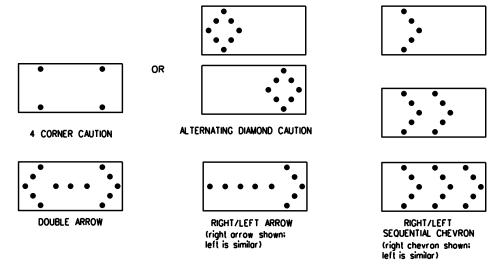
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The worning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 5. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
   The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
   The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
   Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel. to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
^	48 + 06	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with outomatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

## TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- I. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).

  2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

  5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as opproved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CW7TCD)
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

# GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Boses shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the bose.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, arange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material. 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs. 10.0rum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

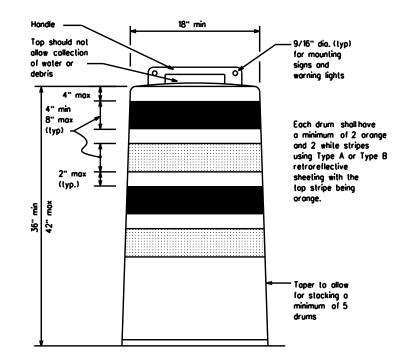
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retrorellectivity requirements of Deportmental Materials

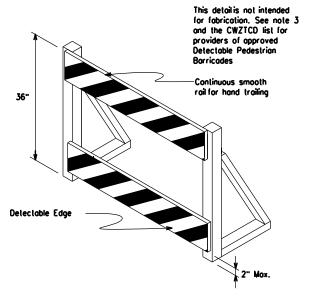
  Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B
  reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

#### **BALLAST**

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballost may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavemen surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for bollost on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.

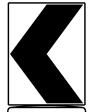






#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade...
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down lowerds travel way

12" x 24"

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange  $_{\rm L}$  sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging topers or on shifting topers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

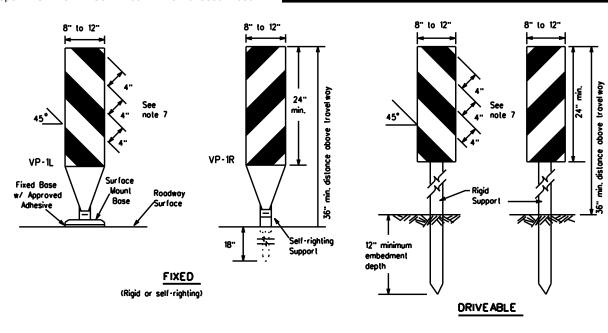


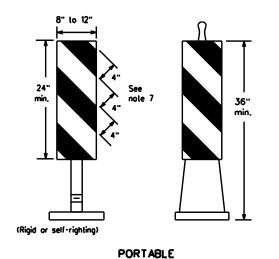
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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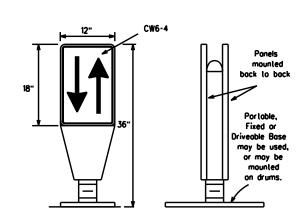


1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

- 2. VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daylime and nightlime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lone roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

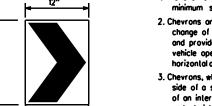
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective moterial on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs ploced between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C confirming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used?

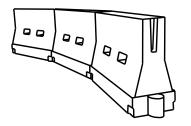
36"

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spocing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone oreos where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good larget value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travelianes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daylime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- 3. Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a laper in a low speed urban area, the laper shall be delineated and the laper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top I the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths x x			Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	. <u>ws²</u>	150'	165'	180'	30,	60.		
35	L- WS	205'	225'	245	35'	70'		
40	80	265	295	320	40'	80.		
45		450'	495'	540	45'	90,		
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'		
55	L-WS	550'	605'	660	55'	110 <sup>-</sup>		
60	L-113	600,	660	720	60.	120'		
65		650	715'	780	65'	130'		
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770	840'	70 <sup>.</sup>	140'		
75		750'	825'	900.	75 <sup>.</sup>	150 <sup>-</sup>		
80		800.	880.	960'	80.	160'		

Succested Maximum

L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



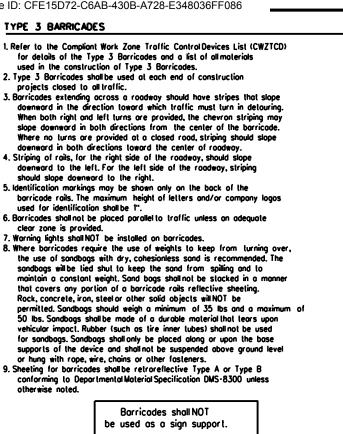
Traffic Safety Division Standard

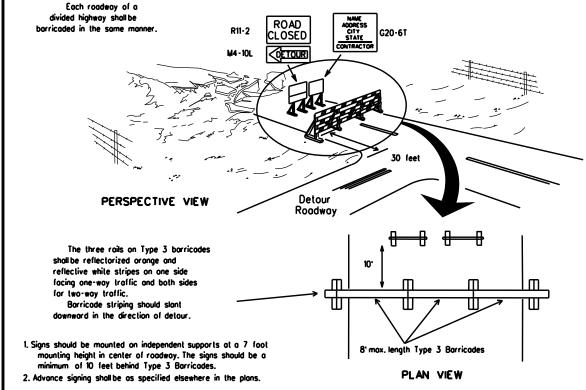
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

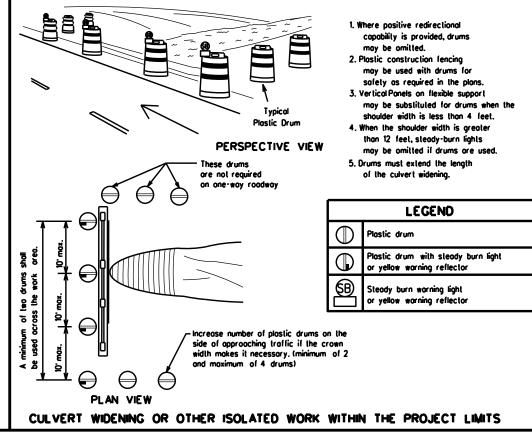
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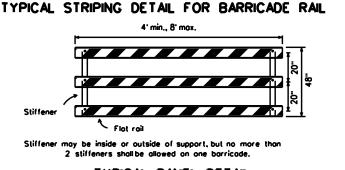
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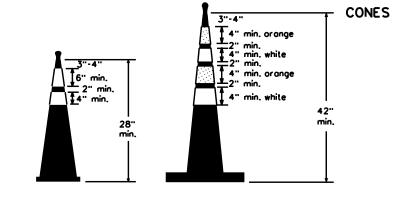


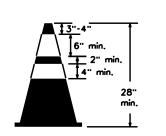


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION









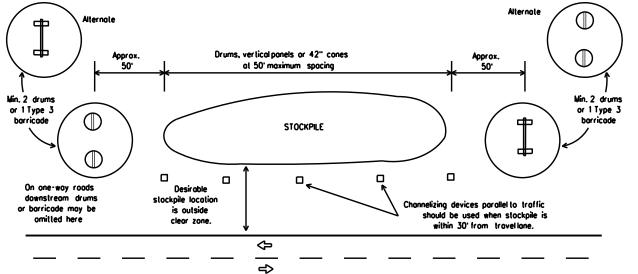
2" to 6" 3" min.

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

**Tubular Marker** 





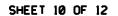
TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

Width of

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a sma outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

# BC(10)-21

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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	HIGHWAY
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9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	3.71	ATL		MORRIS (	etc.	,	15

# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in occordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Morkings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

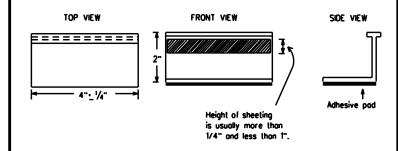
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- 6. Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in occordance with Item 677. "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for quidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pod for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (Iwo amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web oddress shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

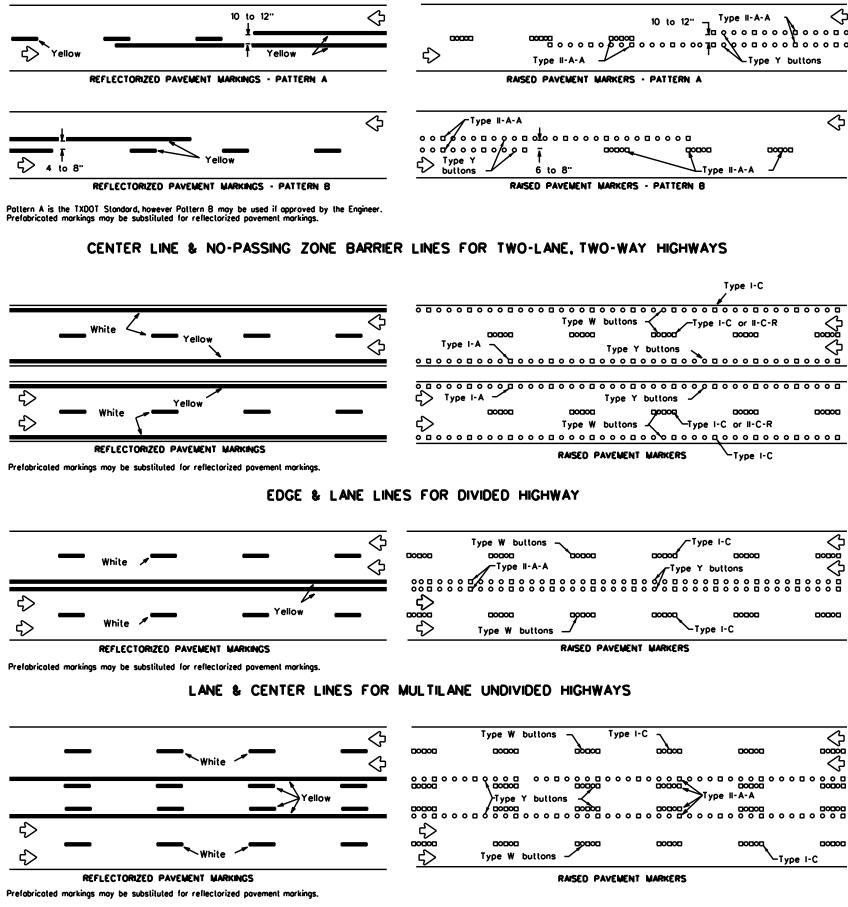
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Division Standard

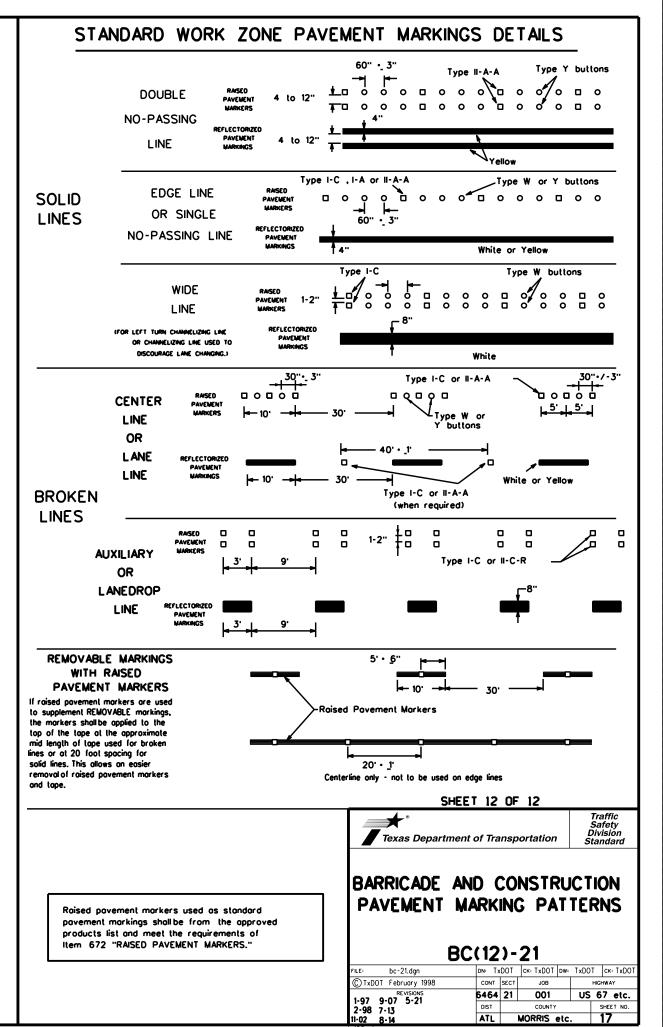
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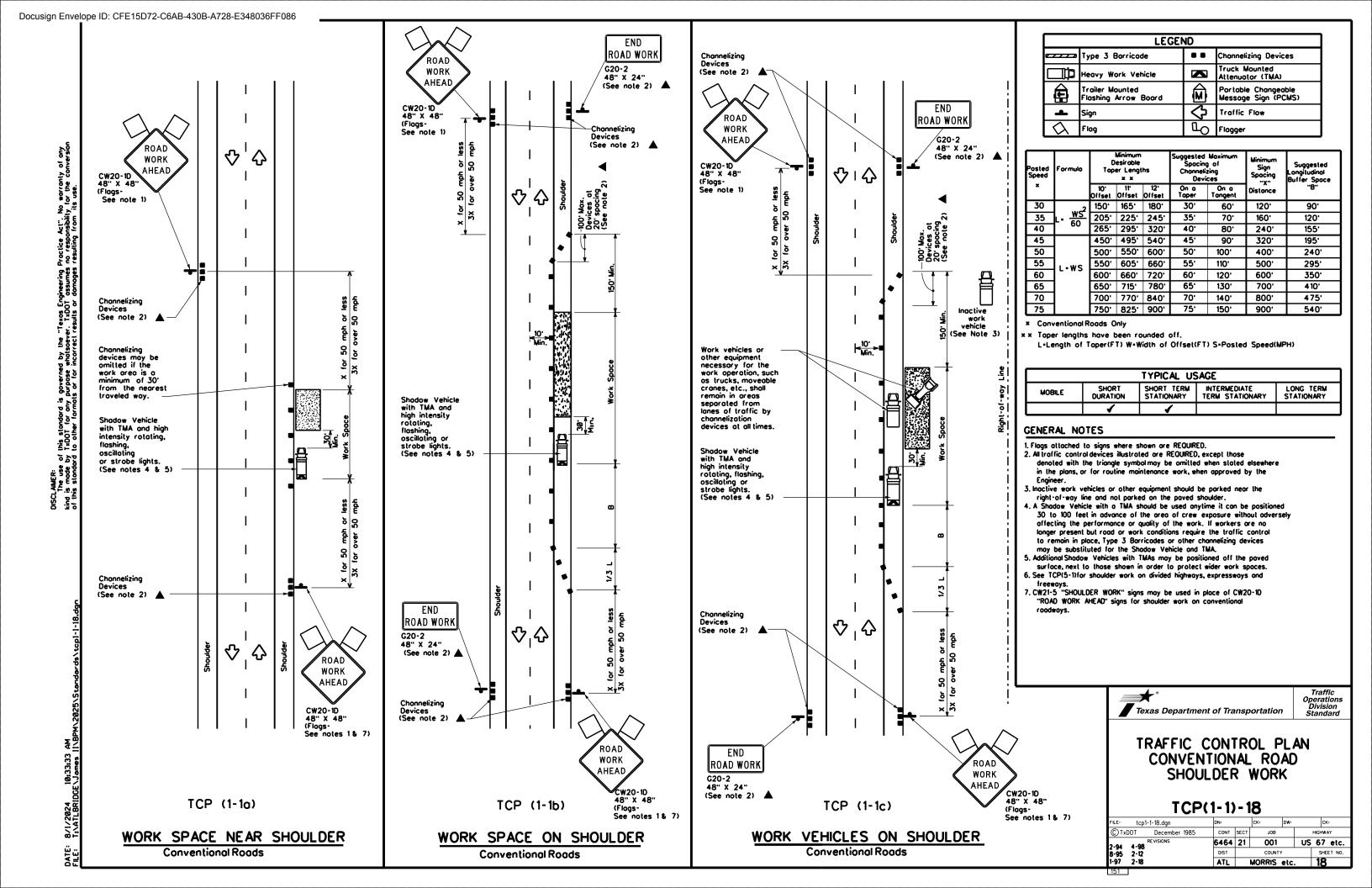
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© TxDOT February 1998	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY				HIGHWAY		
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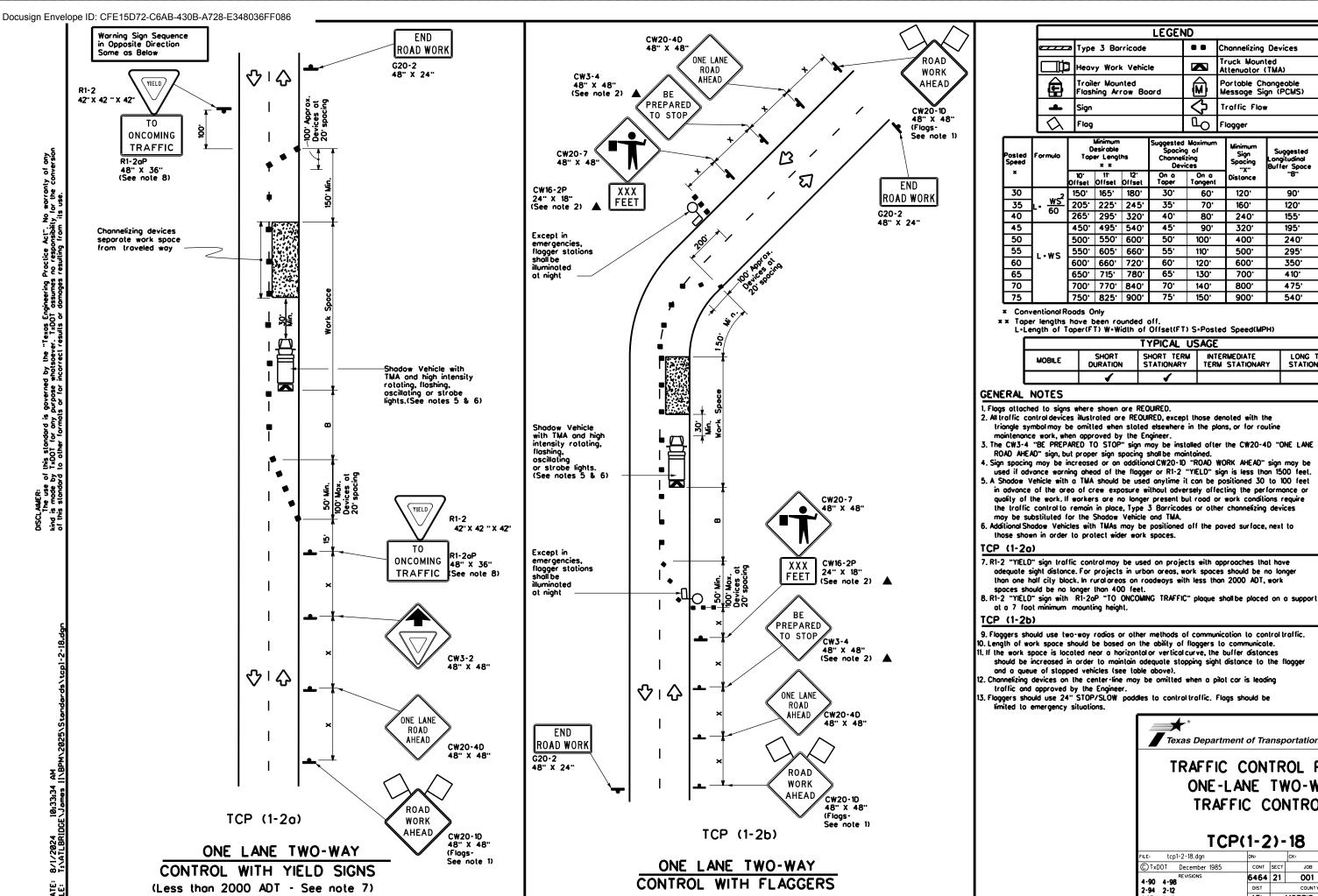
# PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Type II-A-A Type II-A-A 000'000000000 Type Y bullons Type W buttons 00000 Type I-A ➾ Type I-A



TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE







Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Traffic Flow Flagger

Posted Formula	0	Minimum Jesiroble Jer Leng Leng		Spacin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10° Offset	11" Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150	165'	180	30.	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	90.	200'
35	L. ws²	205	225	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250
40	1 ∾	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240 <sup>-</sup>	155'	305
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'	360
50	1	500	550	600.	50'	100	400	240'	425'
55	l.ws	550 <sup>.</sup>	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>-</sup>	295 <sup>-</sup>	495 <sup>.</sup>
60	] - " " 3	600·	660	720	60.	120'	600.	350	570 <sup>.</sup>
65		650'	715'	780	65'	130	700	4 10°	645
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'	730 <sup>-</sup>
75		750	825	900.	75'	150	900.	540'	820

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						

- triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine
- . Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices
- adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work
- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagge
- . Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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€ TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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2-94 2-12	DIST	COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-18	ATL		MORRIS (	etc.	19

INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

	LEGEND									
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	Ą	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger							

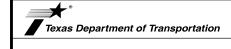
Posted Formula		0	Minimum Jesirable er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60'	120'	90.	
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160	120'	
40	] 🖭	265	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	
45		450	495	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'	
50		500	550	600.	50 <sup>.</sup>	100'	400'	240'	
55	l.ws	550	605'	660.	55'	110 <sup>-</sup>	500 <sup>-</sup>	295'	
60	] - " 3	600 <sup>.</sup>	660.	720	60.	120'	600,	350'	
65		650'	715 <sup>-</sup>	780 <sup>-</sup>	65'	130'	700'	410'	
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'	
75		750'	825	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	900·	540'	

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1 1									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This lighter device spocing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



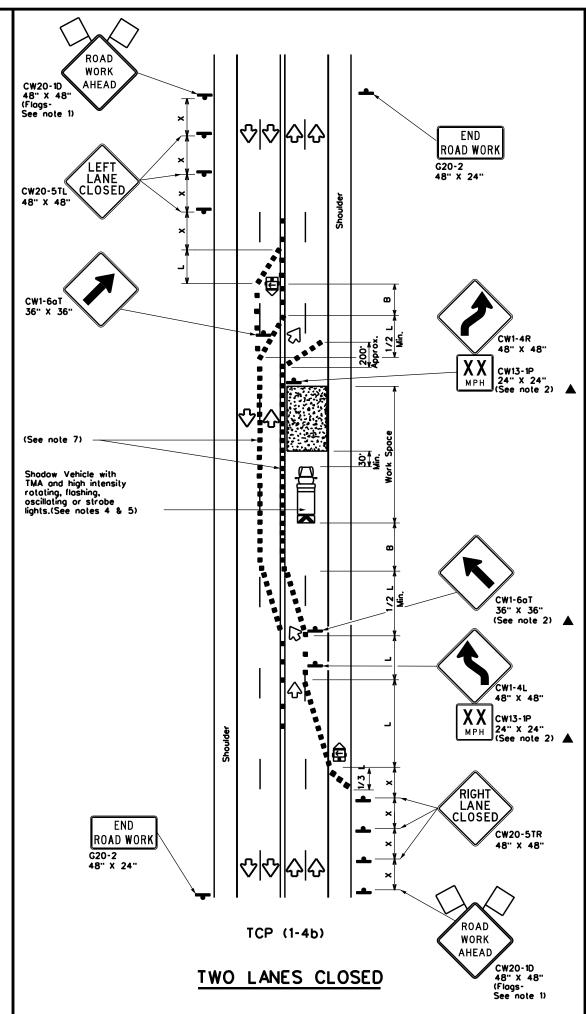
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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8-95					COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
1-97	2-18		ATL	1	MORRIS	etc.		20

ROAD WORK WORK G20-2 48" X 24" AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) for 50 mph or less 3x for over 50 mph . Mij. Shodow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights.(See notes 4 & 5) 自 2 CW20-5TR  $|\nabla|$ ROAD END WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) TCP (1-4a) ONE LANE CLOSED



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	J P	Flagger							

Posted Formula Speed		0	Minimum Jesiroble er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacin Channeli Dev	g of	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10" Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150'	165'	180	30,	60'	120'	90.
35	L. WS	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	] 80	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240 <sup>.</sup>	155'
45		450	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-ws	550	605'	660	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	]	600 <sup>.</sup>	660.	720	60.	120'	600.	350
65		650'	715'	780	65'	130'	700	410'
70		<b>400</b> .	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750	825	900,	75'	150'	900,	540'

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- xx Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				

# GENERAL NOTES

- Flogs attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

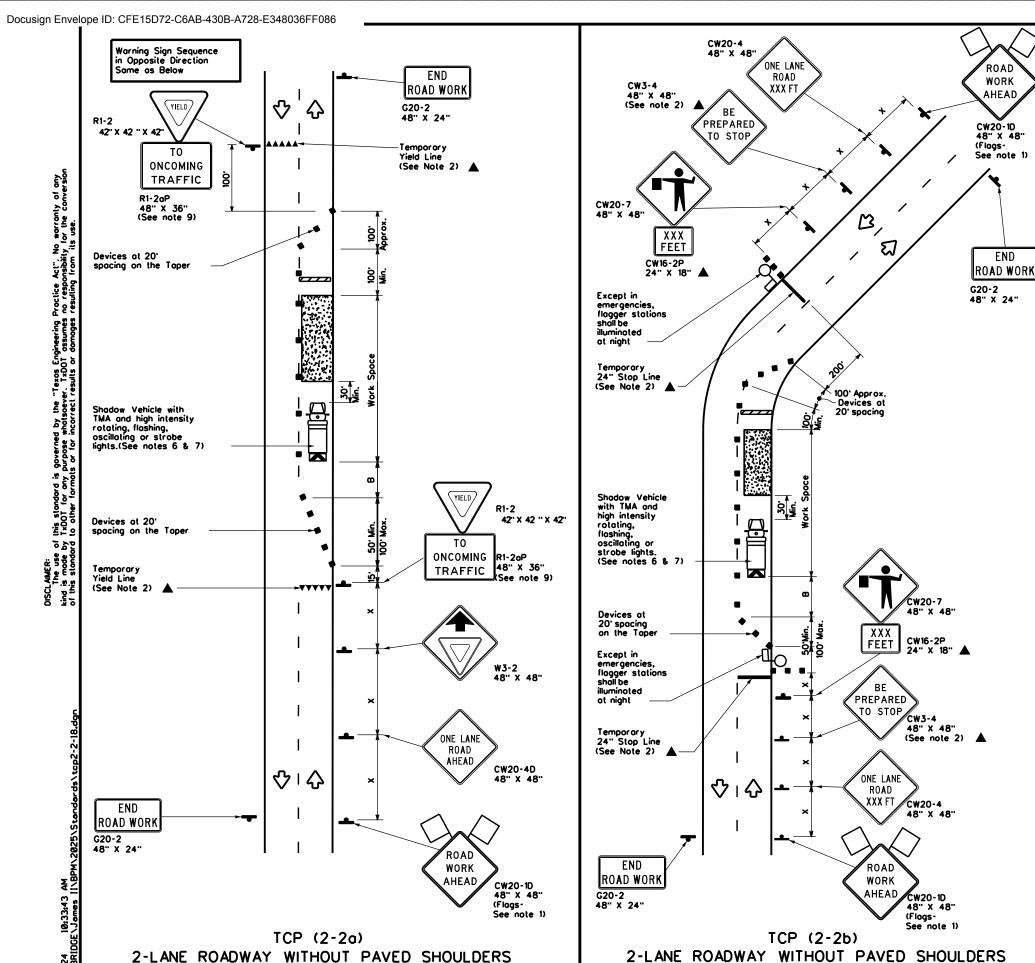


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE **CONVENTIONAL ROADS** 

TCP(1-4)-18

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© TxD0	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
2-94	REVISIONS 2-94 4-98		21	001		US 67 etc.	
8-95				COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
1-97	2-18	ATL	1	MORRIS	etc.		21



ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)

2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

**LEGEND** Type 3 Barricade • • Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow  $\overline{\Delta}$ Flagger

Posted Formula Speed	_ 0	Minimum Jesirable er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacin Channel Dev	g of	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
×		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8	
30	2	150 <sup>-</sup>	165	180	30.	60'	120'	90.	200.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250 <sup>-</sup>
40	1 80	265'	295'	320	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'	360
50		500	550.	600	50.	100	400	240 <sup>.</sup>	425'
55	l.ws	550	605'	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>-</sup>	295'	495'
60	] - " 3	600.	660	720	60'	120'	600.	350 <sup>-</sup>	570'
65		650	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		<b>700</b> .	770'	840'	70'	140'	800.	475'	730'
75		750'	825	<b>300</b> .	75'	150'	900.	540'	820'

- Conventional Roads Only
- $x \times T$ oper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1						

# GENERAL NOTES

- l. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- . Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the poved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roodways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

  9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum.
- mounting height.

# TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

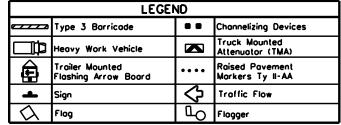


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

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C TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	6464	21	001	US	67 etc.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ATL	ı	MORRIS	etc.	23



Posted Formulo Speed		Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths x x			Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10" Offset	11 <sup>-</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60,	120'	<b>90</b> .
35	L. ws²	205'	225 <sup>.</sup>	245	35'	70'	160	120'
40	] 👸	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450 <sup>-</sup>	495	540	45'	90.	320.	195 <sup>-</sup>
50		500.	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L.ws	550 <sup>-</sup>	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>.</sup>	295'
60	] - " " ]	600,	660'	720'	60,	120'	600 <sup>.</sup>	350
65		650'	715 <sup>-</sup>	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700°	770	840	70 <sup>.</sup>	140'	800.	475'
75		750 <sup>-</sup>	825	900.	75'	150'	900,	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	TCP(2-3b)ONLY								
			1	1					

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing povemen markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should
- be positioned at end of traffic queue.

  The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- . Conflicting povement morking shall be removed for long term projects. . A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# CP (2-3a)

). Conflicting povement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FILE:	tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT	April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
12-85 4-	REVISIONS 98 2-18	6464	21	001	US	67 etc.
	03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-	12	ATL		MORRIS	etc.	24

TCP(2-3)-23

See note 1) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE CLOSED ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE CLOSED INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

ROAD WORK

AHEAD

X for 50 MPH or less 3X for over 50 MPH

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6)

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2

48" X 24"

 $| \circlearrowleft | \circlearrowleft | \circlearrowleft | \Leftrightarrow | \Leftrightarrow |$ 

ROAD WORK

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

XXX FT

CW16-3aP

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

30" X 12" (See note 4)

G20-2 48" X 24"

100 Approx.

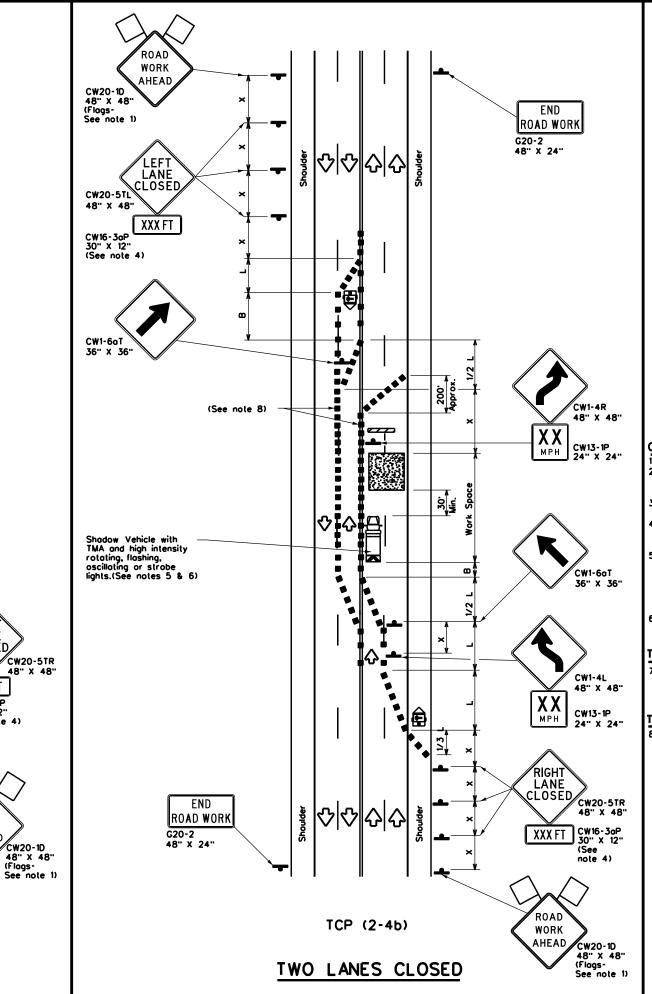
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TCP (2-4<sub>0</sub>)

ONE LANE CLOSED



	LEGEND											
•	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)									
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)									
	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow									
$\Box$	Flog	S	Flagger									

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths * *			Suggested Spacing Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
<b>*</b>		10° Offset	11 <sup>-</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180	30'	60.	120'	<b>30</b> .
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 80	265'	295'	320.	40'	80.	240 <sup>.</sup>	155'
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50	1	500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	] - " -	600.	660.	720	60,	120 <sup>-</sup>	600.	350'
65		650'	715'	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130 <sup>-</sup>	700 <sup>.</sup>	4 10 <sup>-</sup>
70		700	770	840	70'	140	800.	475'
75		750	825'	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	900,	540'

- **▼** Conventional Roads Only
- **\*** \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1	1					

# GENERAL NOTES

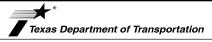
- l. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. The downstream toper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- . For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spocing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	HWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	6464	21	001		US 6	7 etc.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ATL	1	MORRIS	etc.		25

 $| \mathcal{O} | \mathcal{O} |$ 

4

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

\$ 18. § \$

<u>5</u>

CLOSED

ROAD

WORK

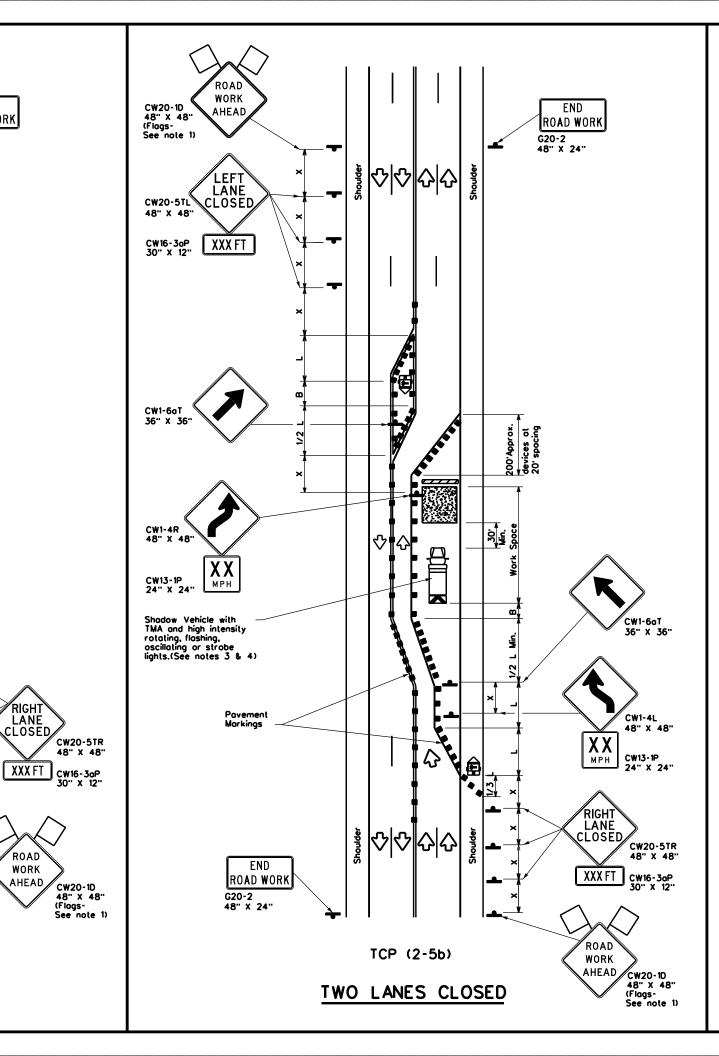
AHEAD

 $|\diamondsuit|\diamondsuit|\diamondsuit|\diamondsuit|$ 

TCP (2-5a)

ONE LANE CLOSED

WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) X for 50 MPH or less 3X for over 50 MPH TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights.
(See notes 3 & 4 Povement Markings END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24"



	LEGEND									
•	Type 3 Borricade									
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lenglhs x x		Suggested Spacin Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	150'	165	180	30.	60'	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120 <sup>-</sup>
40	1 80	265'	295'	320	40'	80,	240'	155'
45		450°	495	540	45'	90.	320	195'
50		500 <sup>.</sup>	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	l.ws	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>-</sup>	295 <sup>.</sup>
60	] - " -	<b>600</b> .	660	720	60.	120'	600.	350 <sup>.</sup>
65		650 <sup>-</sup>	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700'	770'	840	70'	140'	800.	475 <sup>.</sup>
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825'	900.	75'	150'	900,	540'

- × Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
			1	<b>√</b>				

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

  2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 5. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

# TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging

# TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.

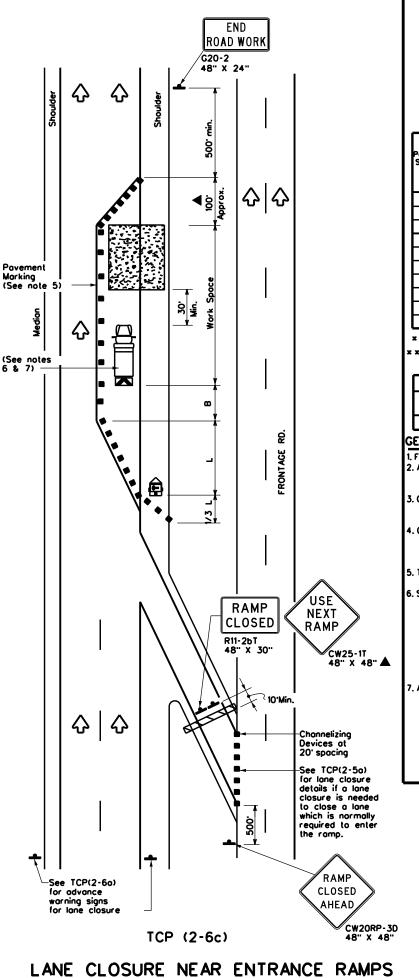


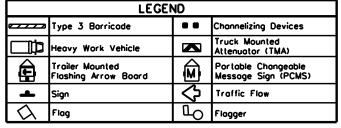
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

TCP(2-5)-18

FILE:	2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:		
© TxDOT December 1985		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
8-95	2-12	REVISIONS	6464	21	001		US	67 etc.	
1-97	3-03		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
4-98	2-18		ATL		MORRIS	etc.		26	





Posted Speed	peed		Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths x x			Maximum g of izing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>a</sup> Offset	12 <sup>.</sup> Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	B
30	2	150	165	180	30.	60'	120 <sup>-</sup>	90·
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35.	70'	160'	120'
40	1 80	265'	295	320'	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90,	320'	195'
50		500	550.	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L.ws	550'	605	660.	55.	110	500	295'
60	] - " " "	<b>600</b> .	660,	720	60.	120'	600.	350
65		650	715	780	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475°
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'

- Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			1	1				

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

  All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lones may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of povement markings may be omitted on Intermediate stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

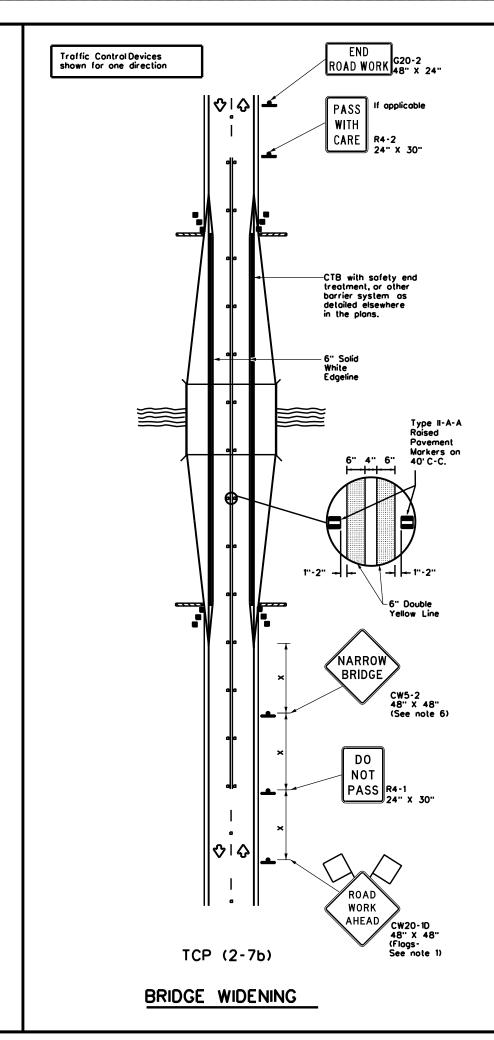
Texas Department of Transportation

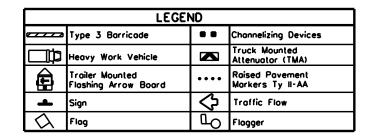
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

FILE:	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:		
© TxD0T	December 198	85	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	-WAY
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS		6464	21	001	U	S 6	7 etc.
8-95 2-12			DIST			SHEET NO.		
1-97 2-	18		ATL		MORRIS	etc.		27





Posted Formula		0	Minimum Jesiroble Jer Lengl		Spacin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	B
30	2	150'	165	180	30.	60,	120 <sup>-</sup>	90 <sup>.</sup>
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	] 80	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240 <sup>-</sup>	155'
45		450'	495'	540	45 <sup>.</sup>	90.	320'	195 <sup>-</sup>
50		200.	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-ws	550'	605	660.	55'	110'	500 <sup>.</sup>	295'
60	] - " 3	600,	660'	720'	60,	120'	600.	350 <sup>.</sup>
65		650'	715'	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770	840	70 <sup>.</sup>	140°	800.	475'
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- **\*** \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			1	1				

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the

# TCP (2-7a)

- 3. Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline throughout project.
- 4. Roadway diversion design requirements should be based on posted speed limit or prevailing speed.

  5. New povement surface should be extended across existing roadway
- edge to a point where existing povement markings left in place during project do not conflict with construction area pavement marking.

# TCP (2-7b)

6. The CW5-2 "Narrow Bridge" sign may be omitted if lane and shoulder widths are maintained.

Texas Department of Transportation

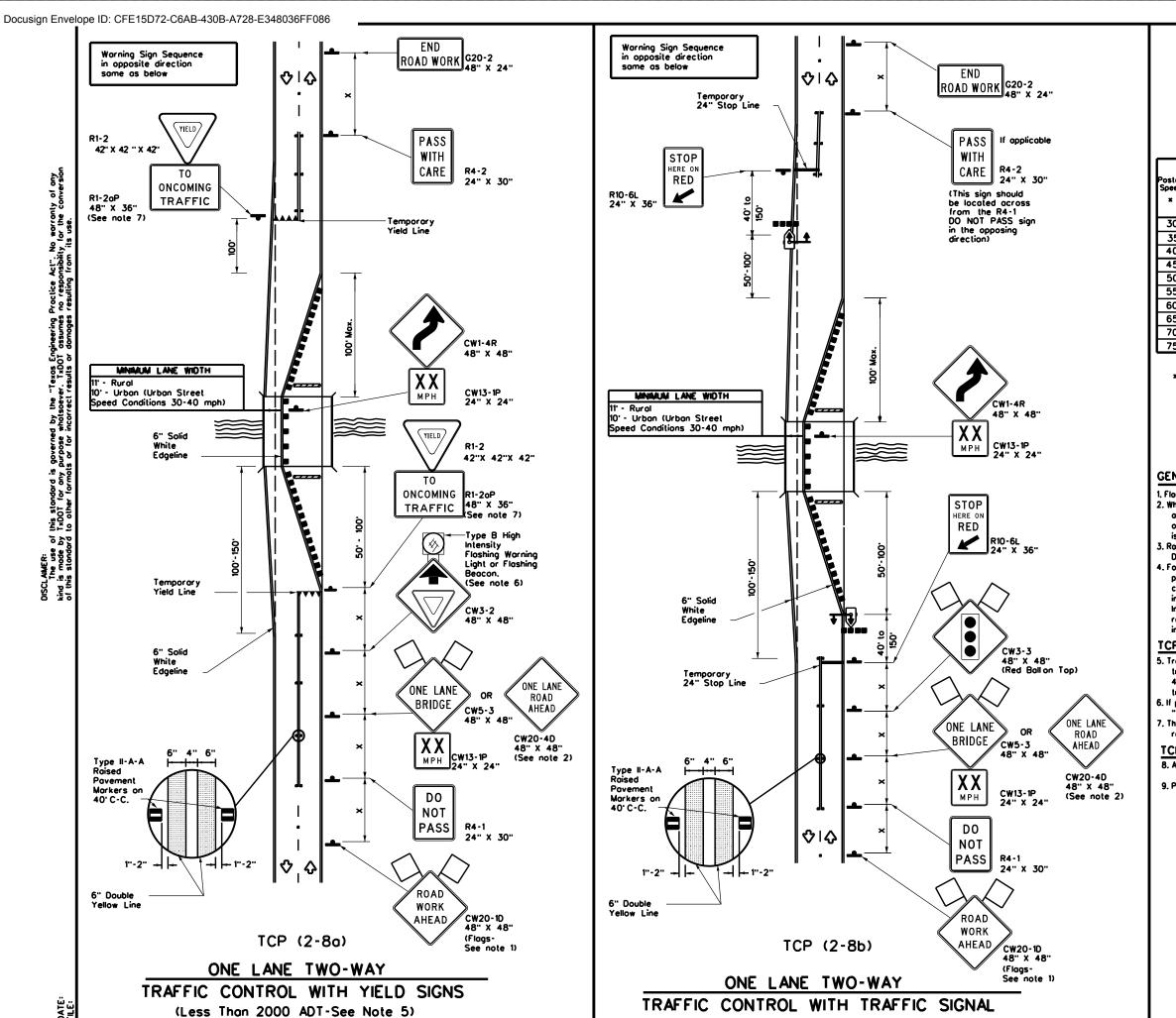
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **DIVERSIONS AND** NARROW BRIDGES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TCP(2-7)-23

FILE: tcp2-7-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18	6464	21	001	US	67 etc.	
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-12	ATL	N	<b>MORRIS</b>	etc.	28	

167



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
Q	Flag	σ٥	Flogger							
••••	Raised Pavement Morkers Ty II-AA	+	Temporary or Portable Traffic Signal							

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum lesirable er Lengl x x		Suggested Maximum Spocing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spocing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"	o.stoee
30	2	150	165'	180	30'	60.	120'	<b>9</b> 0.	200'
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	] **	265	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'	305'
45		450 <sup>.</sup>	495'	540	45'	90.	320 <sup>.</sup>	195'	360.
50	1	500	550	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'	425
55	l.ws	550	605	660.	55'	110'	500	295'	495 <sup>.</sup>
60	- " 3	600 <sup>.</sup>	660.	720 <sup>.</sup>	60,	120'	600 <sup>.</sup>	350'	570 <sup>.</sup>
65	]	650 <sup>.</sup>	715'	780	65'	130'	700 <sup>.</sup>	410'	645 <sup>-</sup>
70	]	700	770	840	70 <sup>.</sup>	140	800.	475'	730'
75		750 <sup>.</sup>	825	900.	75 <sup>.</sup>	150'	900.	540'	820 <sup>.</sup>

- **≖** Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
			<b>√</b>	1					

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Ploque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- . For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore povement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

# TCP (2-8a)

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- 6. If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphosis.
  7. The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other
- regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (2-8b)

- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Complian Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 9. Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).

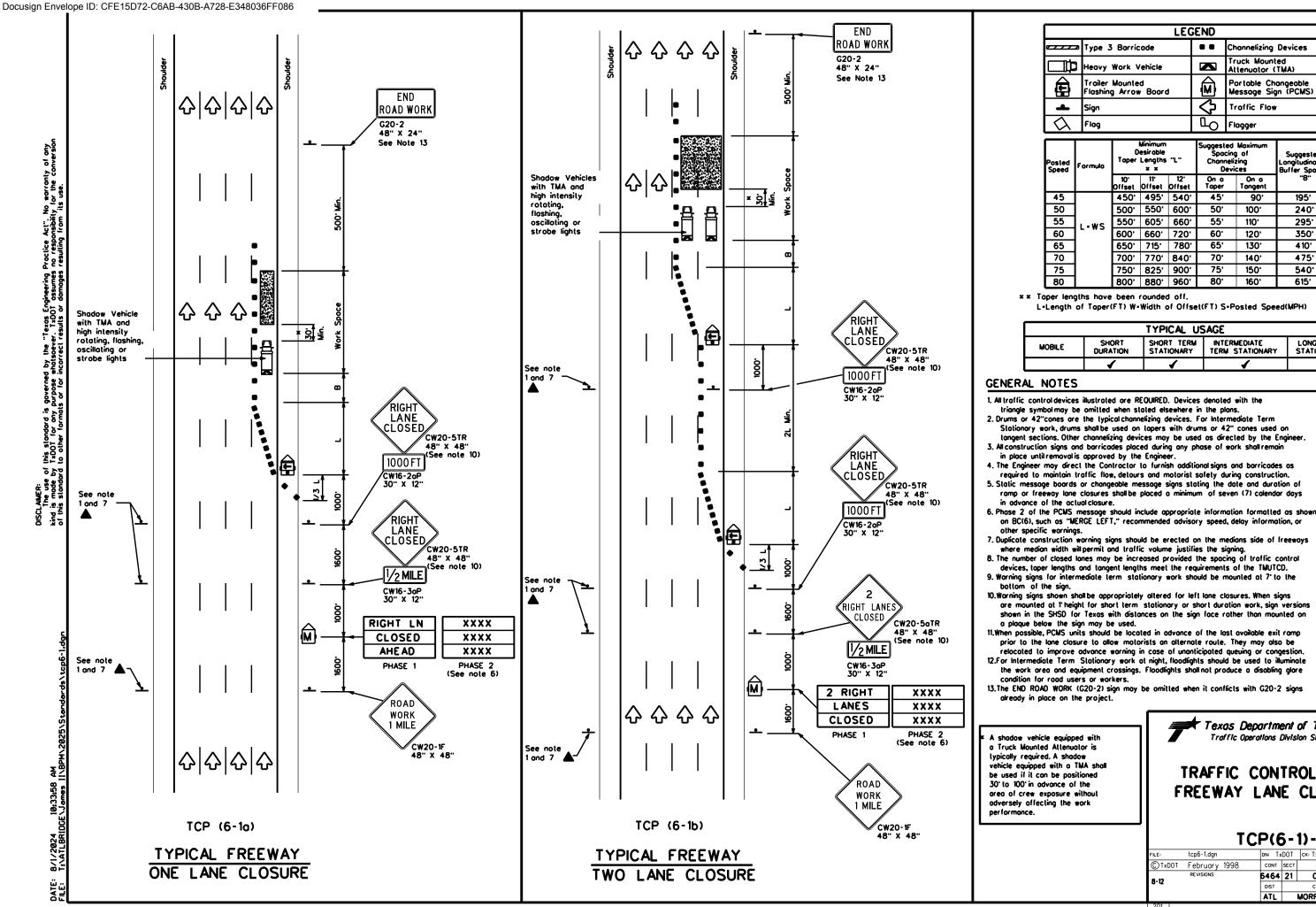


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

TCP(2-8)-23

FILE: tcp2-8-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18	6464	21	001 U		67 etc.	
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-12	ATL	ı	MORRIS	etc.	29	



Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Traffic Flow Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Toper Lengths "L" Channelizing Longi  x x Devices Buffe		Spacing of Channelizing		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	B
45		450	495'	540'	45'	90,	195'
50	1	500	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55	L-ws	550	605	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	] - " -	600	660.	720	60.	120	350'
65		650'	715'	780	65'	130	410'
70	]	700	770.	840	70'	140'	475'
75		750	825'	900.	75'	150 <sup>-</sup>	540'
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1	1	1							

- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term
- Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer
- 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain
- 4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days
- on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or
- 7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways
- 8. The number of closed lones may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, toper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the
- 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1 height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be
- 12.For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: 1			k: TxDOT			
© TxD0T	February 1998	CONT	ONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY				/AY	
8-12	REVISIONS	6464	21	001		US	67	elc.
0.12		DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
		ATL	)	MORRIS (	etc.	,	3(	)

1.AMER: The use of this standard is governed by the is made by 1xDOT for any purpose whatsoev his standard to other formats or for incorrect

AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a from the nearest traveled way. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. ROAD AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48' TCP (ATL-110) TYPICAL UNDIVIDED OR FLUSH MEDIAN WORK NEAR SHOULDER

Shoulder	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Shoulder	Sports Area (Area	Shoulder
		Depressed Median		
Channelizing devices may be omitted if the work area is a minimum of 30' from the nearest traveled way.  Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, lossillating or strobe lights.	   \forall \f		\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}	Work Space
oscillating or strobe lights.				x for 50 mph or less w
		Median		

TCP (ATL-11b)

TYPICAL DEPRESSED MEDIAN

WORK NEAR SHOULDER

LEGEND •• Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Ê Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Q Flag Drum

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum esirable er Lengt x x		Suggested Spacin Channeli Dev	g of	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150 <sup>.</sup>	165 <sup>-</sup>	180	30.	60,	120 <sup>-</sup>	90.
35	L. ws²	205'	225	245	35'	70'	160	120'
40	] 👸	265'	295	320'	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540	45'	90.	320	195'
50		500	550	600.	50'	100	400'	240'
55	L.ws	550	605'	660.	55'	110.	500	295'
60	] - " -	600 <sup>.</sup>	660'	720	60.	120'	600 <sup>.</sup>	350
65		650	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700	770'	840	70'	140'	800.	475
75		750 <sup>-</sup>	825	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'

- ■ Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	1	1	1	1				

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daylime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during night time operations.
- 5. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
  6. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 7. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- When signs are mounted at 1 height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSO for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- <sup>‡</sup> A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Atlenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

ROAD WORK AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

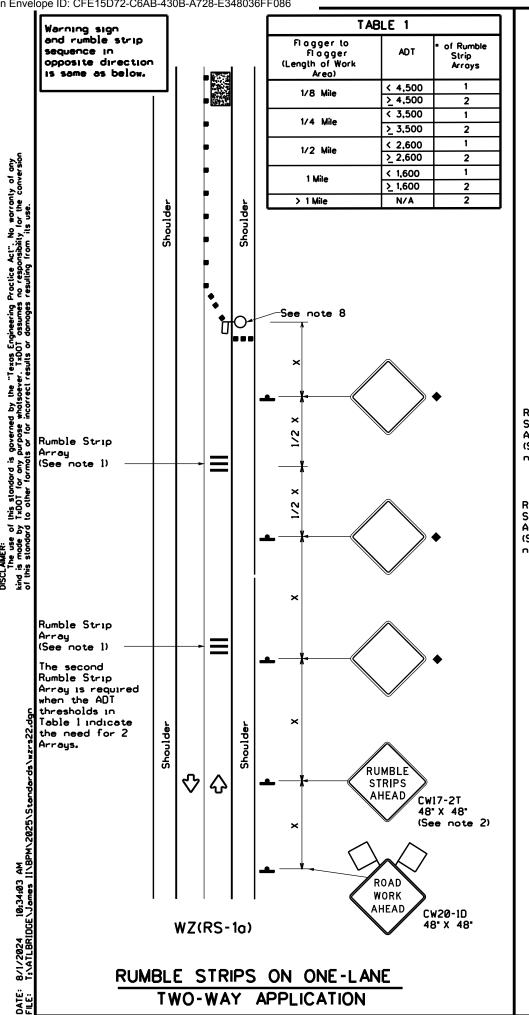
If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.

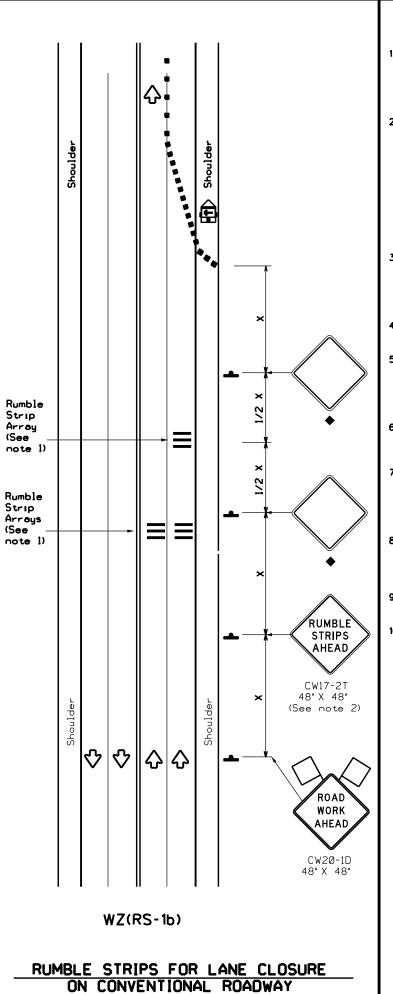


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK NEAR SHOULDER

TCP (ATL-11)-14

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			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
			ATL		MORRIS	etc.		31





- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10.Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
ŀ	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Fl agger						

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum lesiroble er Lengl x x		Suggested Spacine Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spocing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150'	165'	180	30.	60,	120'	<b>90</b> .
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 👯	265	295'	320'	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450°	495'	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50		500'	550	600.	50.	100	400	240'
55	l.ws	550	605	660	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	] - " " 3	<b>600</b> .	660	720 <sup>.</sup>	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	600.	350
65	]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700 <sup>.</sup>	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750	825	900.	75 <sup>.</sup>	150'	900·	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TEI DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	1	<b>√</b>							

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP.TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

ſ	TABLE 2								
	Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array							
	< 40 MPH	10 <sup>-</sup>							
	> 40 MPH & <_55 MPH	15′							
Ī	= 60 MPH	20'							
ſ	≥ 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35'+							

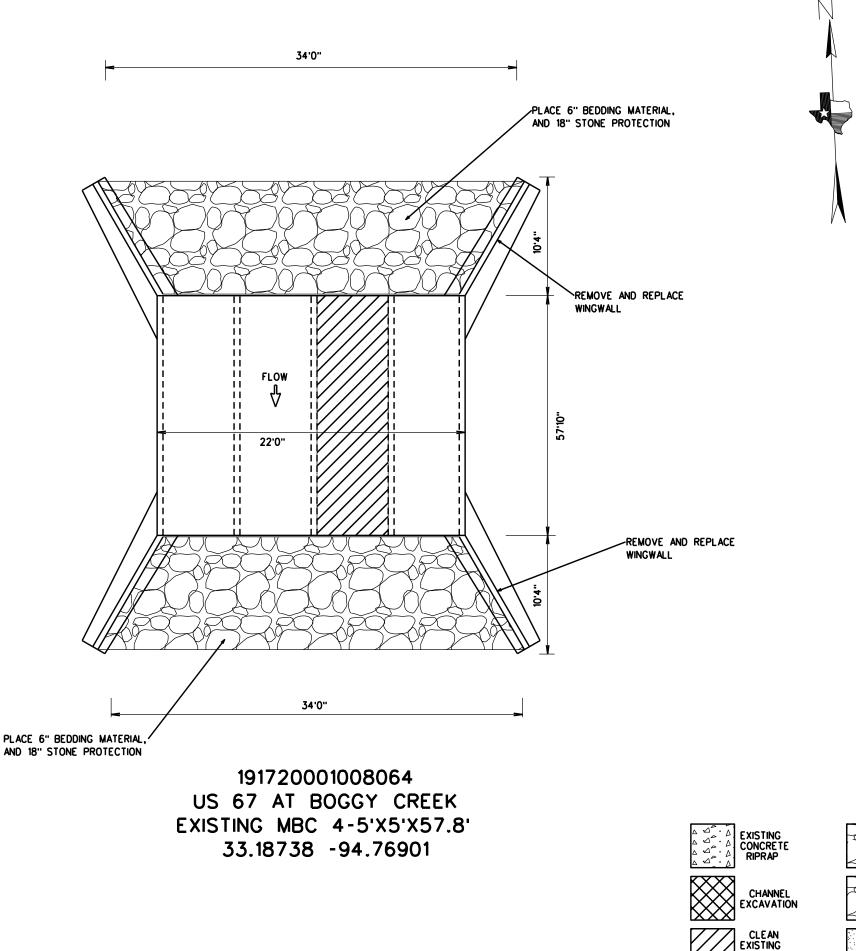


TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS)-22

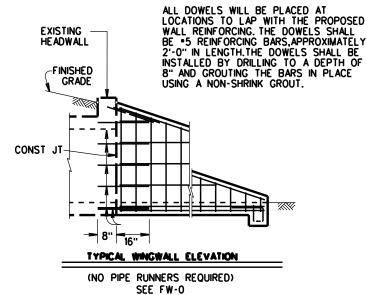
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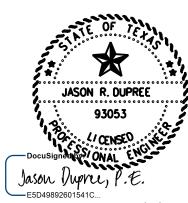


# SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES REQUIRED

ITEM	DESC CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL
0104	7028	REMOVE CONC (WINGWALL)	CY	5
0132	7001	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY A)	CY	28
0403	7001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	280
0429	7007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	10
0432	7043	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	43
0432	7050	BEDDING MATERIAL (6 IN)	CY	11
0466	7148	WINGWALL (FW-0)(HW=6 FT)	EA	2
0480	7002	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	CY	11
0502	7004	BARRICADES, SIGNS, TRAFFIC HANDLING	EA	1
0503	7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	20
6185	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20

- 1. EXACT LIMITS OF STONE PROTECTION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 2. EXACT LIMITS OF CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 3. EXISTING UTILITIES IN CHANNEL MAY BE PRESENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING ANY UTILITIES THAT THEY DESTROY.
- 4. REMOVE ALL SILT FROM INSIDE CULVERT BARRELS.
- 5. CHANNEL AND CULVERT MATERIALS THAT ARE REMOVED ARE TO BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY AND IS CONSIDERED THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. REPAIR CONCRETE WALLS, WINGWALLS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL FOR CONCRETE CHAPTER 2.
- 7. REMOVE AND REPLACE EAST WING WALLS, MATCH EXISTING WING WALLS.





8/5/2024

**STRUCTURE** 191720001008064 LAYOUT REFERENCE I

EXISTING RIPRAP MATERIAL





INSPECTOR NOTES:

REFERENCE FUAW ID: ID •589567

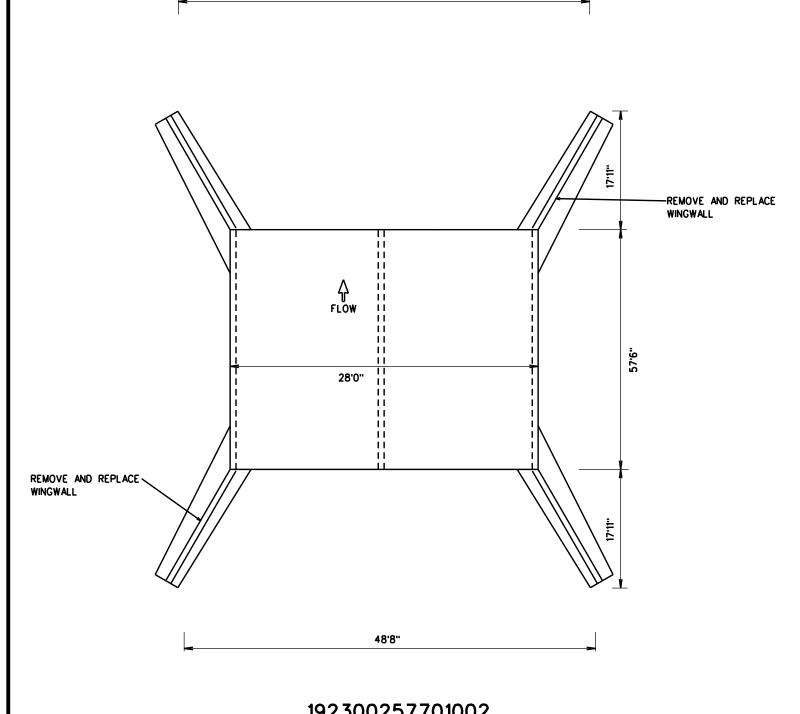
BEDDING MATERIAL

THIS WORK HAS A FUAW IN ASSETWISE, CONTACT THE LOCAL MAINTENANCE SECTION WHEN WORK IS COMPLETED.

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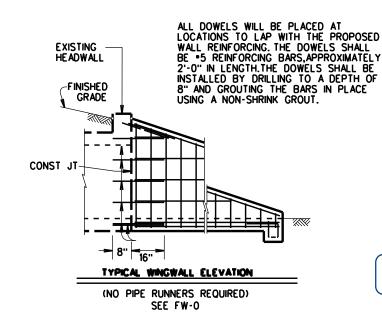
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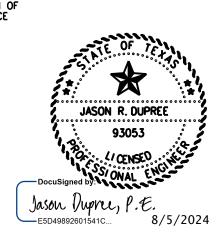
192300257701002 FM 49 AT DRAW **EXISTING MBC 2-9'X9'X57.5'** 32.72238 -95.08539

# SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES REQUIRED

ITEM	DESC CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL
0104	7028	REMOVE CONC (WINGWALL)	CY	12
0132	7001	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY A)	CY	24
0403	7001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	280
0429	7007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	10
0466	7166	WINGWALL (FW-S)(HW=10 FT)	EΑ	2
0502	7004	BARRICADES, SIGNS, TRAFFIC HANDLING	EΑ	1
0503	7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	20
0505	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20

- 1. EXACT LIMITS OF STONE PROTECTION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 2. EXACT LIMITS OF CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 3. EXISTING UTILITIES IN CHANNEL MAY BE PRESENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING ANY UTILITIES THAT THEY DESTROY.
- 4. REMOVE ALL SILT FROM INSIDE CULVERT BARRELS.
- 5. CHANNEL AND CULVERT MATERIALS THAT ARE REMOVED ARE TO BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY AND IS CONSIDERED THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. REPAIR CONCRETE WALLS, WINGWALLS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL FOR CONCRETE CHAPTER 2.
- 7. REMOVE AND REPLACE NORTH EAST AND SOUTH WEST WING WALLS, MATCH EXISTING WING WALLS.





**STRUCTURE** 192300257701002 LAYOUT REFERENCE 2



**EXISTING** 

CONCRETE

CHANNEL

EXCAVATION

CLEAN EXISTING



NEW STONE PROTECTION



EXISTING RIPRAP MATERIAL



INSPECTOR NOTES:

ID •684156

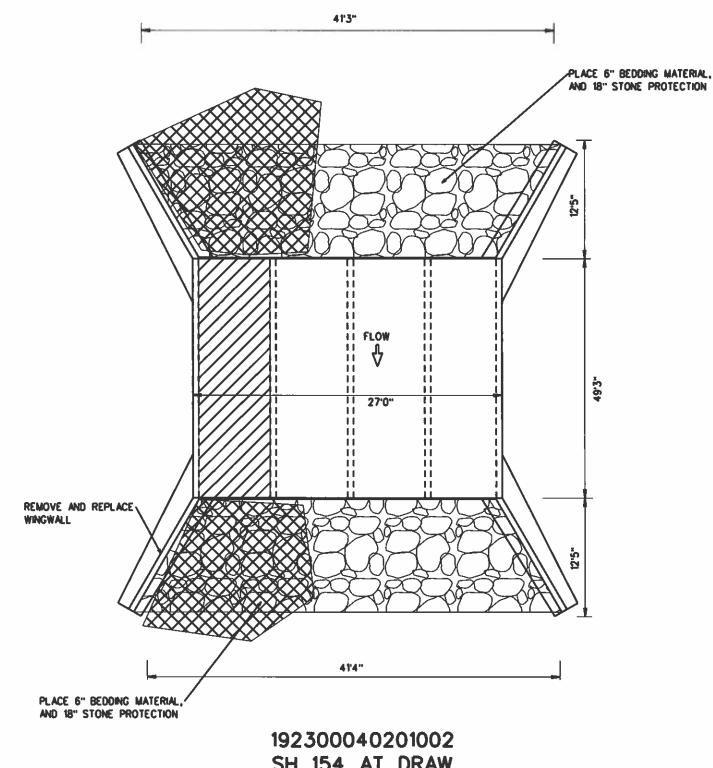
THIS WORK HAS A FUAW IN ASSETWISE, CONTACT THE LOCAL MAINTENANCE SECTION WHEN WORK IS COMPLETED. REFERENCE FUAW ID:

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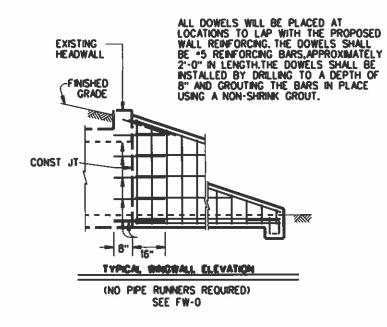
SH 154 AT DRAW **EXISTING MBC 4-6'X6'X27.0'** 32.71856 -94.90198



# SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES REQUIRED

ITEM	DESC CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL
0104	7028	REMOVE CONC (WINGWALL)	CY	3
0110	7002	EXCAV (CHANNEL)	CY	33
0132	7001	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY A)	CY	15
0403	7001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	140
0429	7007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	30
0432	7043	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	65
0432	7050	BEDDING MATERIAL (6 IN)	CY	17
0466	7149	WINGWALL (FW-0)(HW-7 FT)	EΑ	1
0480	7002	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	CY	33
0502	7004	BARRICADES, SIGNS, TRAFFIC HANDLING	EA	1
0503	7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	10
0505	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	10

- 1. EXACT LIMITS OF STONE PROTECTION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 2. EXACT LIMITS OF CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 3. EXISTING UTILITIES IN CHANNEL MAY BE PRESENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING ANY UTILITIES THAT THEY DESTROY.
- 4. REMOVE ALL SILT FROM INSIDE CULVERT BARRELS.
- 5. CHANNEL AND CULVERT MATERIALS THAT ARE REMOVED ARE TO BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY AND IS CONSIDERED THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. REPAIR CONCRETE WALLS, WINGWALLS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL FOR CONCRETE CHAPTER 2.
- 7. REMOVE AND REPLACE SOUTH WEST WING WALL, MATCH EXISTING WING WALLS.





STRUCTURE 192300040201002 LAYOUT REFERENCE 3



EXISTING CONCRETE RIPRAP

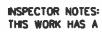


NEW STONE PROTECTION

EXISTING RIPRAP







THIS WORK HAS A FUAW IN ASSETWISE, CONTACT THE LOCAL MAINTENANCE SECTION WHEN WORK IS COMPLETED. REFERENCE FUAW ID:



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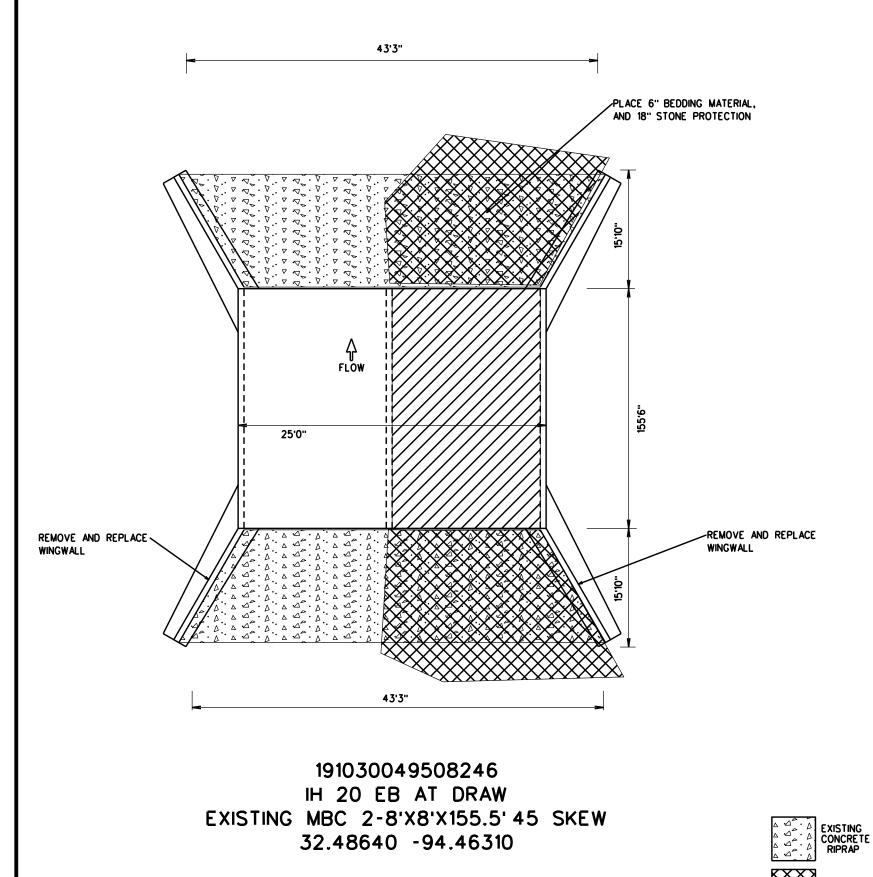
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CLEAN EXISTING CULVERT

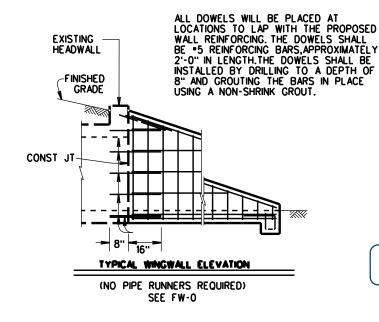


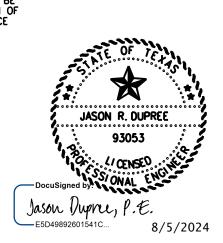


# SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES REQUIRED

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ITEN	DESC CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL
0104	7028	REMOVE CONC (WINGWALL)	CY	10
0110	7002	EXCAV (CHANNEL)	CY	80
0132	7001	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY A)	CY	24
0403	7001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	280
0429	7007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	20
0466	7165	WINGWALL (FW-S)(HW=9 FT)	EA	2
0480	7002	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	CY	120
0502	7004	BARRICADES, SIGNS, TRAFFIC HANDLING	EA	1
0503	7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	20
0505	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20

- 1. EXACT LIMITS OF STONE PROTECTION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 2. EXACT LIMITS OF CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 3. EXISTING UTILITIES IN CHANNEL MAY BE PRESENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING ANY UTILITIES THAT THEY DESTROY.
- 4. REMOVE ALL SILT FROM INSIDE CULVERT BARRELS.
- 5. CHANNEL AND CULVERT MATERIALS THAT ARE REMOVED ARE TO BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY AND IS CONSIDERED THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. REPAIR CONCRETE WALLS, WINGWALLS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL FOR CONCRETE CHAPTER 2.
- 7. PLACE FLOWABLE BACKFILL UNDER THE NORTH AND SOUTH TOE WALL OF BOX CULVERT.
- 8. REMOVE AND REPLACE SOUTH WING WALLS, MATCH EXISTING WING WALLS.





**STRUCTURE** 191030049508246 LAYOUT REFERENCE 4

EXISTING RIPRAP MATERIAL

CHANNEL

EXCAVATION

CLEAN EXISTING

NEW STONE PROTECTION

> **BEDDING** MATERIAL

INSPECTOR NOTES: THIS WORK HAS A FUAW IN ASSETWISE, CONTACT THE LOCAL MAINTENANCE SECTION WHEN WORK IS COMPLETED. REFERENCE FUAW ID:

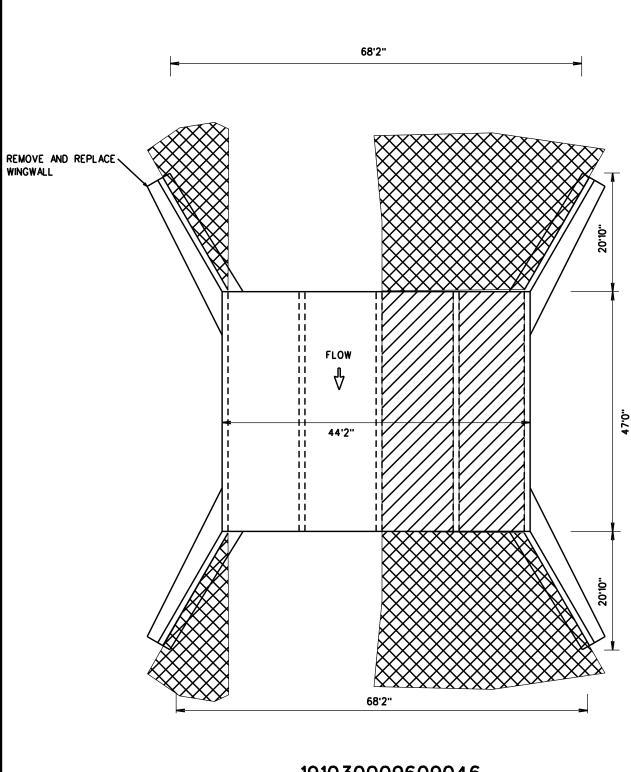
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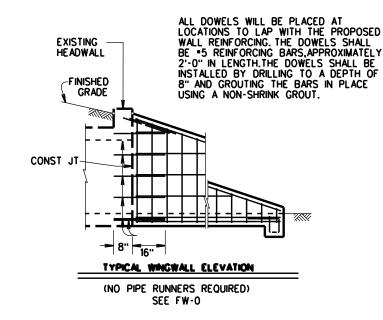


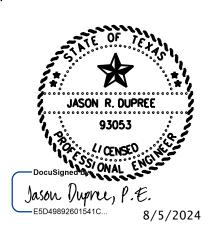
191030009609046 US 80 AT EIGHT MILE CREEK EXISTING MBC 4-10'X10'X47' 32.52807 -94.27725



TOTAL
7
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15
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10
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10
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- 1. EXACT LIMITS OF CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD. EXISTING ROCK RIP RAP NOT TO BE REMOVED.
- 2. EXISTING UTILITIES IN CHANNEL MAY BE PRESENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING ANY UTILITIES THAT THEY DESTROY.
- 3. REMOVE ALL SILT FROM INSIDE CULVERT BARRELS.
- 4. CHANNEL AND CULVERT MATERIALS THAT ARE REMOVED ARE TO BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY AND IS CONSIDERED THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 5. REPAIR CONCRETE WALLS, WINGWALLS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL FOR CONCRETE CHAPTER 2.
- 6. REMOVE AND REPLACE NORTH WEST WING WALL, MATCH EXISTING WING WALLS.





**STRUCTURE** 191030009609046 LAYOUT REFERENCE 5



EXISTING CONCRETE RIPRAP

CLEAN EXISTING



CHANNEL EXCAVATION



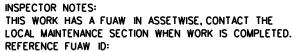


EXISTING RIPRAP MATERIAL

**BEDDING** MATERIAL





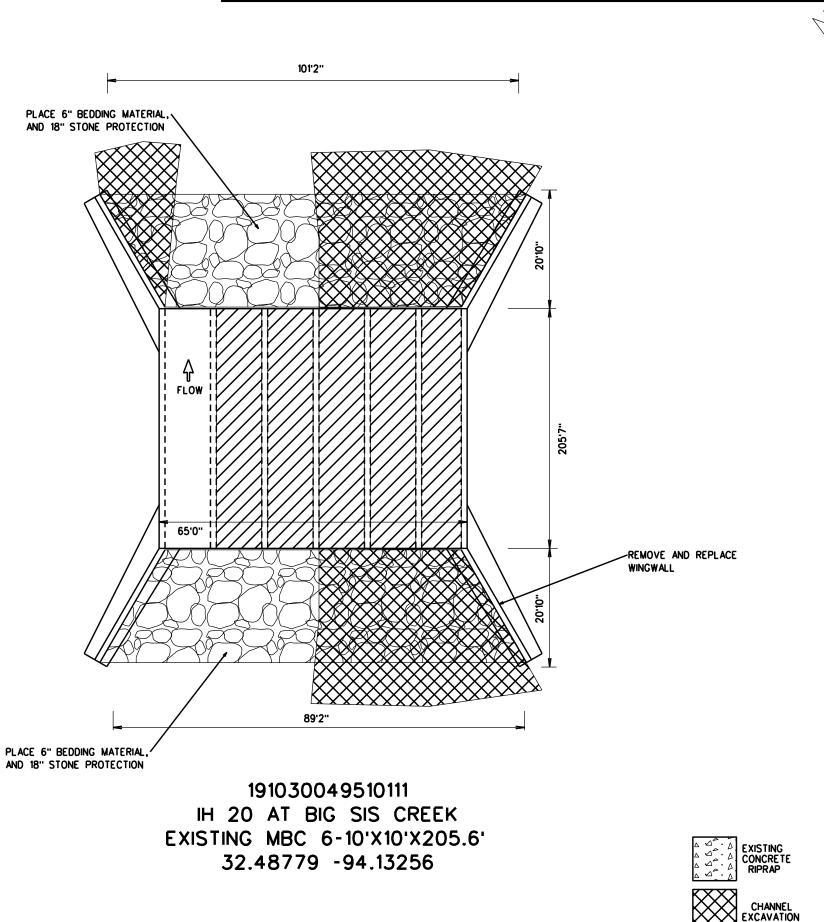


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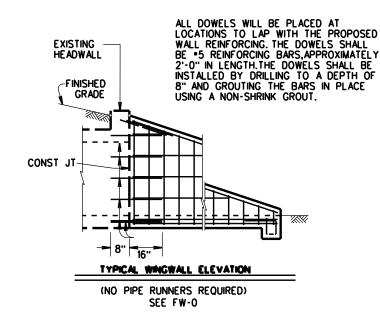
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# SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES REQUIRED

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	ITEM	DESC CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL
	0104	7028	REMOVE CONC (WINGWALL)	CY	8
	0110	7002	EXCAV (CHANNEL)	CY	780
	0132	7001	EMBANK (FNL)(OC)(TY A)	CY	15
	0403	7001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	140
	0429	7007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	120
	0432	7043	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	240
\	0432	7050	BEDDING MATERIAL (6 IN)	CY	60
	0466	7153	WINGWALL (FW-0)(HW=11 FT)	EΑ	1
	0480	7002	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	CY	1127
	0502	7004	BARRICADES, SIGNS, TRAFFIC HANDLING	EΑ	1
	0503	7001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	20
	0505	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	20

- 1. EXACT LIMITS OF STONE PROTECTION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 2. EXACT LIMITS OF CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.
- 3. EXISTING UTILITIES IN CHANNEL MAY BE PRESENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING ANY UTILITIES THAT THEY DESTROY.
- 4. REMOVE ALL SILT FROM INSIDE CULVERT BARRELS.
- 5. CHANNEL AND CULVERT MATERIALS THAT ARE REMOVED ARE TO BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY AND IS CONSIDERED THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. REPAIR CONCRETE WALLS, WINGWALLS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCRETE REPAIR MANUAL FOR CONCRETE CHAPTER 2.
- 7. PLACE FLOWABLE BACKFILL UNDER THE NORTH AND SOUTH TOE WALL OF BOX CULVERT.
- 8. REMOVE AND REPLACE SOUTH EAST WING WALL, MATCH EXISTING WING WALLS.





**STRUCTURE** 191030049510111 LAYOUT REFERENCE 6







CLEAN EXISTING

NEW STONE PROTECTION

INSPECTOR NOTES: THIS WORK HAS A FUAW IN ASSETWISE, CONTACT THE LOCAL MAINTENANCE SECTION WHEN WORK IS COMPLETED. REFERENCE FUAW ID:

ID •522172 **BEDDING** MATERIAL ID •522185

ID •687450

NOT TO SCALE

©2024 P. Teans D.	epariment of	Transportation
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French TERAS		BAP PROJECT NO. NO.							
NISON		A00	A00207554 38						
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6464		21	001	elc.					

Wingwall toewall

SECTION A-A

by the

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING STEEL (Wings for one structure end) Estimated Dimensions Variable Reinforcing Quantities per ft of wing length (2~wings)(3 Bars J2 Bars J1 Maximun Wingwall W Height Spa Spa (Lb/Ft) (CY/Ft, #4 0.248 3'-0" #4 1'-0" #4 37.07 0.261 #4 #4 37.74 3'-6" 1'-0" 0.273 4'-0" 2'-5" 1'-0" 9" 1'-0" #4 38.41 0.285 4'-6" 3'-2" 1'-6" 1'-0" #4 1'-0" #4 1'-0" 41.75 0.330 5'-0" 1'-0" #4 #4 45.09 0.343 3'-2 1'-6" 1'-0" 1'-0' 45.75 5'-6" 1'-6" 1'-0" #4 #4 0 355 3'-2' 1'-0" 1'-0' 0.367 6'-0" 3'-2' 1'-6" 1'-0" #4 1'-0" #4 46.42 52.77 7'-0" 3'-8" 1'-9" 1'-3" #4 1'-0" #4 0414 8'-0" 4'-2" 2'-0" 1'-6" 8" #5 1'-0" #4 60.19 0.486 9'-0" 4'-8" 2'-3" 1'-9" 8" #4 6" #4 81.49 0.535 2'-6" 2'-0" #4 97.25 0.584 5'-8" 2'-9" 2'-3" 6" #5 133.65 0.634 12'-0" 6'-2" 3'-0" 2'-6" 6" #5 162.29 0.721 6'-8" 3'-3" 2'-9" 11" 6" #5 178.80 0.856 13'-0" 1'-0" 6" #5 14'-0" 3'-6" 3'-0" #8 6" 216.78 15'-0" 7'-8" 4'-0" 3'-0" 1'-1" #9 6" #6 283.06 8'-2" #9 4'-6" 3'-0" 6" #6 297.02 16'-0" Finished grade (roadway slope) Conforms to slope

# TABLE OF WINGWALL REINFORCING (2~wings)

	. –		
Bar	Size	No.	Spa
D	#5	~	1'-0"
Ε	#4	~	1'-0"
F	#4	~	1'-0"
G	#6	4	~
М	#4	4	~
Р	#4	~	1'-0"
R	#5	6	~
V	#4	~	1'-0"

# TABLE OF ESTIMATED CULVERT TOEWALL QUANTITIES

QUAIVITIES						
Bar	Size	No.	Spa			
L	#4	~	1'-6"			
Q	#4	1	~			
Reinf	(Lb/Ft)		2.45			
Conc	(CY/Ft)		0.037			

# WING DIMENSION FORMULAS:

(All values are in feet.)

 $HW = H + T + C - 0.250^{\circ}$ A = (Hw - 0.333') (SL)

 $B = (A) \text{ tangent } (30^{\circ})$  $Lw = (A) \div cosine (30^\circ)$ 

For cast-in-place culverts: Ltw = (N)(S) + (N + 1)(U)

For precast culverts: Ltw = (N) (2U + S) + (N - 1) (0.5')

Total wingwall area (two wings  $\sim$  SF) = (Hw + 0.333') (Lw)

= Height of wingwall

SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal:1 vertical)
Lw = Length of wingwall

Ltw = Culvert toewall length

= Number of culvert spans

See applicable box culvert standard sheet for H. S. T. and U values.

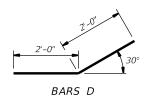
Length of wings

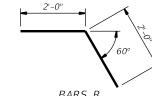
based on SL:1 slope along

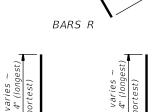
this line.

PLAN

(Showing dimensions.)

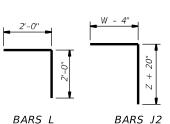








BARS J1 BARS V



BARS L

- 1 Extend Bars P 3'-0" minimum into bottom slab of
- (2) Adjust as necessary to maintain 1 1#2" clear cover and 4" minimum between bars
- ig(3ig)Quantities shown are based on an average wing height for two wings (one structure end). To determine total quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values
- (4) Recommended values of side slope are: 2:1, 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1.
- (5) When shown elsewhere on the plans, construct 5" deep concrete riprap. Payment for riprap is as required by Item 432, "Riprap." Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, provide a 6" wide by 1'-6" deep reinforced concrete toewall along all edges of the riprap adjacent to natural ground; reinforce the toewall by extending typical riprap reinforcing into the toewall; and extend construction joints or grooved joints oriented in the direction of ow across the full distance of the riprap at intervals of approximately 20' When such riprap is provided, the culvert toewall shown in SECTION B-B will not be required.
- (6) At Contractor's option, culvert toewall may be ended ush with wingwall toewall. Adjust reinforcing as needed.
- 7 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (8) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above nished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs ush with nished grade.

Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

# MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

In riprap concrete synthetic bers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing unless noted otherwise.

# GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations.

When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed by the Engineer. See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for

additional dimensions and information. The quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are

Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

for Contractor's information only.

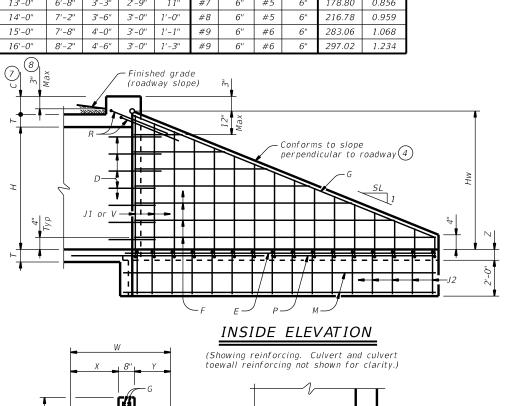
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise

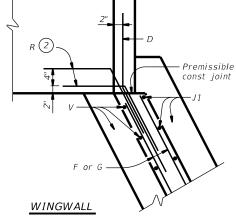


CONCRETE WINGWALLS WITH FLARED WINGS FOR 0° SKEW BOX CULVERTS

FW-0

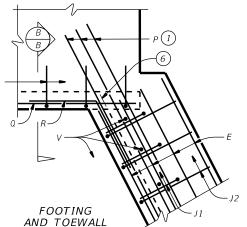
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©T×D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB	$\top$	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	6464	21	001	$\Box$	US 6	7 etc.
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ATI		MORRIS	etc		30

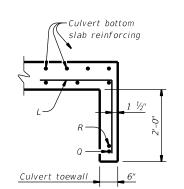




CORNER DETAILS (Culvert and culvert toewall

reinforcing not shown for clarity.)





See Corner Details

SECTION B-B (5)

Construction ioint

Wingwall toewall \_

SECTION A-A

WINGWALL

CORNER DETAILS

(Culvert and culvert toewall reinforcing not shown for clarity.)

by the the con

# TABLE OF WINGWALL REINFORCING

	(2~WIIIgS)						
Bar	Size	No.	Spa				
DL	#5	~	1'-0"				
DS	#5	~	1'-0"				
Ε	#4	~	1'-0"				
F	#4	~	1'-0"				
G	#6	4	~				
М	#4	4	~				
P	#4	~	1'-0"				
RS	#5	3	1				
RL	#5	3	1				
V	#4	~	1'-0"				
	E OF I						

QUANTITIES

No.

2.45

0.037

**FOOTING** AND TOEWALL

Size

#4

Reinf (Lb/Ft)

Conc (CY/Ft)

# WING DIMENSION FORMULAS: (All values are in feet.) $Hw = H + T + C - 0.250^{\circ}$ A = (Hw - 0.333')(SL) $B = (A) [tangent (\theta + 15^\circ)]$ $Lw = (A) \div [cosine (\theta + 15^\circ)]$ For cast-in-place culverts: $Ltw = [(N) (S) + (N + 1) (U)] + cosine \theta$ For precast culverts: $Ltw = [(N)(2U + S) + (N - 1)(0.5')] \div cosine \theta$ Total wingwall area (two wings $\sim$ SF) = 0.5 (Hw + 0.333') (Lw + A)

 $Hw = Height \ of \ wingwall$ 

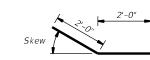
SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal:1 vertical)
A = Length of short wingwalls

= Length of long wingwall = Culvert toewall length

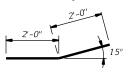
= Number of culvert spans

= Culvert skew

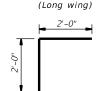
See applicable box culvert standard sheet for H, S, T, and U values.



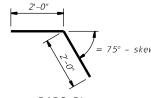
BARS DS (Short wing)

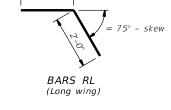


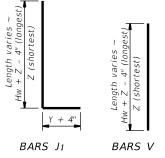
BARS DL

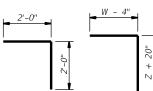


BARS RS (Short wing)

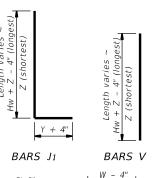








BARS L



BARS J2

- 1 Extend Bars P 3'-0" minimum into bottom slab of box culvert.
- (2) Adjust as necessary to maintain 1 1#2" clear cover and 4" minimum between bars.
- (3) Quantities shown are based on an average wing height for two wings (one structure end). To determine total quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values by  $0.5 \times (A + Lw)$ .
- (4) Recommended values of side slope are: 2:1, 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1.
- (5) When shown elsewhere on the plans, construct 5" deep concrete riprap. Payment for riprap is as required by Item 432, "Riprap." Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, provide a 6" wide by 1'-6" deep reinforced concrete toewall along all edges of the riprap adjacent to natural ground; reinforce the toewall by extending typical riprap reinforcing into the toewall; and extend construction joints or grooved joints oriented in the direction of ow across the full distance of the riprap at intervals of approximately 20'. When such riprap is provided, the culvert toewall shown in SECTION B-B will not be required.
- (6) At Contractor's option, culvert toewall may be ended ush with wingwall toewall. Adjust reinforcing as needed.
- (7) Applicable values of skew are: 15°, 30°, and 45°.
- (8) Typical wingwall angle for all skews.
- (9) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (10) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above nished grade.

  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs ush with nished grade.

Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

In riprap concrete, synthetic bers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

# GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Speci cations.

When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed by the Engineer. See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet

for additional dimensions and information.

The quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are for Contractor's information only.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

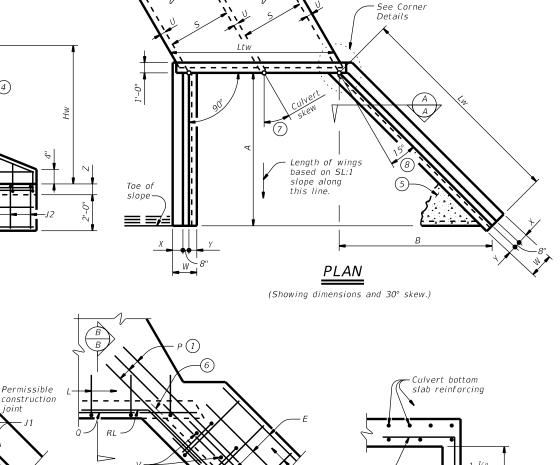


CONCRETE WINGWALLS WITH FLARED WINGS FOR SKEWED BOX CULVERTS

FW-S

Bridge Division

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		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		ΔTI		MORRIS	etc	40



Culvert toewall

SECTION B-B 5

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シャンカー・カートレッション・コンタ カン・	of this	of this standard to other formats or for	to other	r format	5 Or f	or in	r incorr

NOTES:  $Skew = 0^\circ \ on \ SW-0, \ FW-0, \ SETB-CD, \ SETB-SW-0, \ and \ SETB-FW-0 \ standard \ sheets; \\ 30^\circ \ maximum \ for \ safety \ end \ treatment$ 

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

• Side slope at culvert for ared or straight wingwalls.

Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.Slope must be 3:1 or atter for safety end treatments.

T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.

U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet

Description of

Box Culvert

No. Spans ~

Span X Height

MBC 4-5'X5'X57.8'

MBC 2-9'X9'X57.5'

MBC 4-6'X6'X27.0'

MBC 2-8'X8'X155.5'

MBC 4-10'X10'X47.0'

MBC 6-10'X10'X205.6'

Applicable

Box

Culvert

Standard

4

Fill

Height

6'

10.

7.

11'

11'

11'

Applicable

Wingwall

or End

Treatment

Standard

FW0-20

FWS-20

FW0-20

FWS-20

FW0-20

FW0-20

Angle

(0°,15°,

45°)

O

45

0

45

0

0

Slope

or Channel

Slope Ratio

(SL:1)

Culvert

Top Slab

Thickness

(In)

C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

Hw = Height of wingwall

Culvert Station and/or Creek Name

followed by applicable end

(Lt, Rt or Both)

US 67 AT BOGGY CREEK

FM 49 AT DRAW

SH 154 AT DRAW

IH 20 EB AT DRAW

US 80 AT EIGHT MILE CREEK

IH 20 AT BIG SIS CREEK

A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)

B = 0 set of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)

Lw = Length of longest wingwall.

Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only)
Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.

Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.

Estimated

Curb

Height

(Ft)

Height

Wingwall

(Ft)

Curb to

End of

Wingwall

(Ft)

0 set

of End of

Wingwall

(Ft)

Length of

Lonaest

Wingwall

(Ft)

Culvert

Toewall

Length

(Ft)

Culvert

Wall

Thickness

(In)

- Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only. For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- 3 Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- ARegardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a di erent type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments to the dimensions and quantities shown.

# SPECIAL NOTE:

Riprap

Apron

(CY)

Anchor

Toewall

Length

(Ft)

Class C

(Curb)

(CY)

Class

Area

(SF)

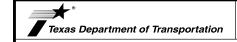
Conc

(Wingwall)

(CY)

This sheet is a supplement to the box culvert standards. It is to be lled out by the culvert speci er and provides dimensions for the construction of the box culvert wingwalls and safety end treatments

An Excel 2010 spreadsheet to assist in completing this table can be downloaded from the Bridge Standards (English) web page on the TxDOT web site. The completed sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by a licensed Professional Engineer.



Bridge Division Standard

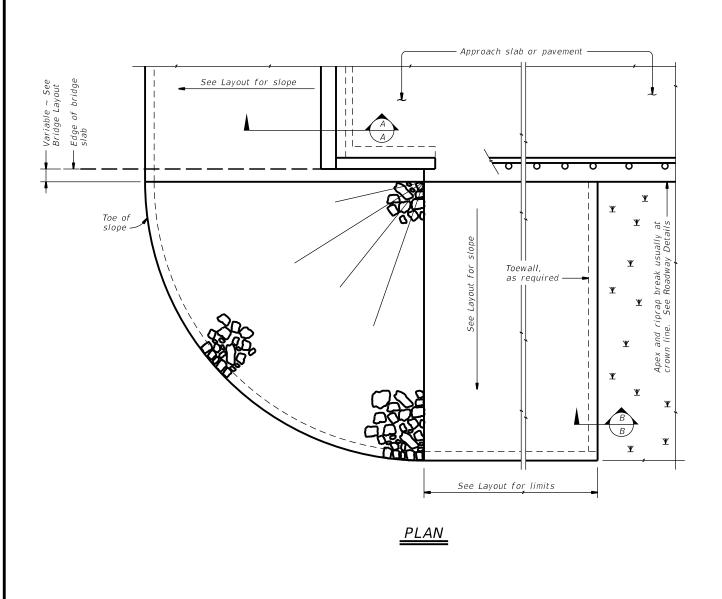
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BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT
WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

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MORRIS etc.

ATL

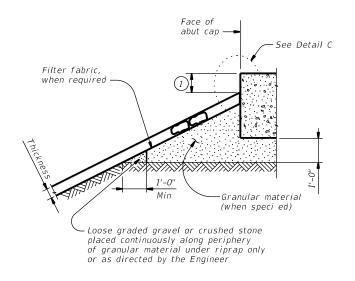


See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

ELEVATION

**Y** 

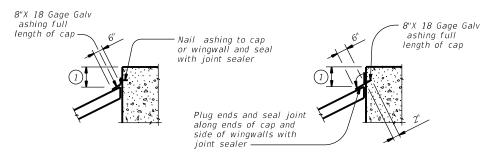
tra c rail



# Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Thickness Protection SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

# SECTION A-A AT CAP



# CAP OPTION A

CAP OPTION B

# DETAIL C

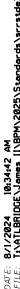
# GENERAL NOTES:

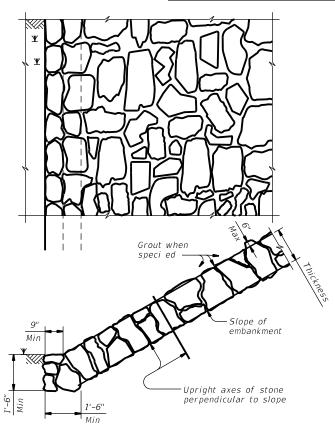
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap speci ed.
See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.







# FIGURE 1 ~ TYPE R STONE RIPRAP

dry or grouted

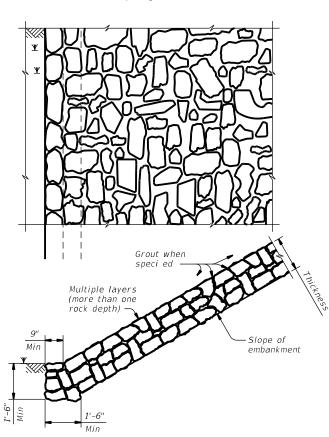


FIGURE 4 ~ COMMON STONE RIPRAP

dry or grouted

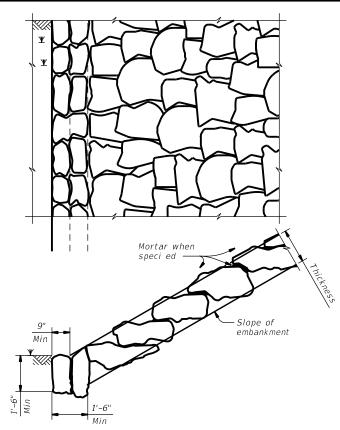


FIGURE 2 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP

dry or mortared

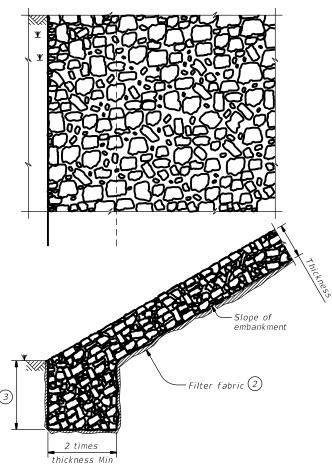


FIGURE 5 ~ PROTECTION STONE RIPRAP

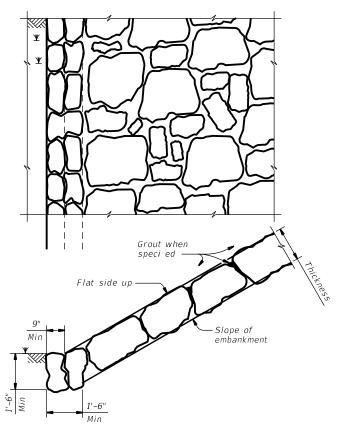


FIGURE 3 ~ TYPE F STONE RIPRAP

grouted

- (2) Provide bedding material instead of Iter fabric if shown elsewhere in plans. See Layout for thickness of bedding material.
- (3) Minimum toe depth is the larger of the maximum scour depth or 2 times the riprap thickness.





CONE DIDDAD

STONE RIPRAP

SRR

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	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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©TxD0T January 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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TOTAL PROJECT AREA: N/A

TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED: \_

NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS: M/A

ANTICIPATED EFFECT OF STORM WATER ON THREATENED

AND ENDANGERED SPECIES AND WILDLIFE HABITAT:

PLEASE REFER TO EPIC SHEET

EXISTING CONDITION OF SOIL & VEGETATIVE

COVER AND % OF EXISTING VEGETATIVE COVER: THE EXISTING SOIL IS SANDY CLAY AND

COVERAGE IS EXCELLENT WITH 100% COVERAGE

WITH NATIVE GRASSES AND VARIOUS TREES

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e ID: CFE15D72-C6AB-430B-A728-E348036FF086	
SITE DESCRIPTION	EROSION AND SE
PROJECT LIMITS:AT VARIOUS BRIDGES WITHIN THE ATLANTA DISTRICT.	SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES:
	TEMPORARY SEEDING PERMANENT PLANTING, SODDING, OR SEEDING MULCHING
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE MAINTENANCE CONSISTING OF CONCRETE STRUCTURE REPAIR.	SOIL RETENTION BLANKET  X BUFFER ZONES
WINGWALL REPAIR, AND STONE PROTECTION	PRESERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES  SLOPE TEXTURING
	OTHER: EROSION CONTROL AND STABILIZATION MEASURES MUST BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY IN
	PORTIONS OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY CEASED AND WILL NOT RESUME FOR A PERIOD EXCEEDING 14 CALENDAR DAYS.
	STABILIZATION MEASURES THAT PROVIDE A PROTECTIVE COVER MUST BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY IN PORTIONS OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE PERMANENTLY CEASED.
	STRUCTURAL PRACTICES:
	SILT FENCES HAY BALES
	ROCK BERMS DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER DIKES
	DIVERSION, INTERCEPTOR, OR PERIMETER SWALES
MAJOR SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES:	DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS PAVED FLUMES
STRUCTURE REPAIRS	ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT
	CHANNEL LINERS SEDIMENT TRAPS
	STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP  * FILTER DAMS
	CURBS AND GUTTERS
	STORM SEWERS VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES EROSION CONTROL LOGS
	OTHER:
	VIII

PAVED FLUMES     ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     CHANNEL LINERS     SEDIMENT TRAPS	
DIVERSION DIKE AND SWALE COMBINATIONS     PAVED FLUMES     ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     CHANNEL LINERS     SEDIMENT TRAPS	
PAVED FLUMES     ROCK BEDDING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     TIMBER MATTING AT CONSTRUCTION EXIT     CHANNEL LINERS     SEDIMENT TRAPS	
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STORM INLET SEDIMENT TRAP	
FILTER DAMS	
CURBS AND GUTTERS STORM SEWERS	
VELOCITY CONTROL DEVICES	
EROSION CONTROL LOGS	
HED.	
HER:	
IVE - SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION (STORM WATER MANAGEN	(ENT) ACTIVITIES:
THE ORDER OF ACTIVITIES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:	
INCTALL TEMPODADY CEDIMENT CONTROLS AS SUCHE OF PLANS OF	
	R AS DIRECTED.
I.INSTALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS AS SHOWN ON PLANS OF 2.PERFORM SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.	
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2.PERFORM SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. 3.REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS WHEN WORK IS COMPLET	E AND THE D TPWD.

# ROSION AND SEDIMEI

ТНІ	ER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS:
	ENANCE: ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER
	IF MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY,IT WILL BE DONE PRIOR TO THE NEXT RAIN EVENT IF FEASIBLE
	IF MAINTENANCE PRIOR TO THE NEXT ANTICIPATED STORM EVENT IS IMPRACTICABLE.THE
	REASON SHALL BE DOCUMENTED IN THE SWP3 AND MANTENANCE MUST BE SCHEDULED AND
	ACCOMPLISHED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT HAVE BEEN
	INTENTIONALLY DISABLED.RUN-OVER.REMOVED OR OTHERWISE RENDERED INEFFECTIVE MUST BE
	REPLACED OR CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERY.
	REFER TO APPLICABLE TPDES GENERAL PERMIT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
CT	C MATERIALS. MO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MAT'I WILL BE RURIED ON SITE DISPOSAL OF WASTE
ST	E MATERIALS: <u>NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MAT'LWILL BE BURIED ON SITE. DISPOSAL OF WASTE</u>
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CONCRETE TRUCK WASHOUT AREAS: THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTAIN WASH WATER FROM CONCRETE TRUCKS AS DETAILED IN THE GENERAL PERMIT. SPECIFIC LOCATIONS WILL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.

REMARKS: DISPOSAL AREAS, STOCKPILES, AND HAUL ROADS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE AND CONTROL THE AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT THAT MAY ENTER RECEIVING WATERS. DISPOSAL AREAS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN ANY WETLAND, WATERBODY OR STREAMBED. CONSTRUCTION STAGING AREAS AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE AREAS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE THE RUNOFF OF POLLUTANTS.

ALL WATERWAYS SHALL BE CLEARED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL OF TEMPORARY EMBANKMENT. TEMPORARY BRIDGES, MATTING FALSEWORK, PILING, DEBRIS OR OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS PLACED DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS THAT ARE NOT A PART OF THE FINISHED WORK.

NOTES: THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT ALL SUBCONTRACTORS ARE AWARE OF AND COMPLY WITH ALL COMPONENTS OF THE SWP3.

# REVISION HISTORY 1/ 07 ADDED EROSION CONTROL LOGS & REMOVED PIPE SLOPE

- 10/ 07 REMOVED
- INSPECTION TYPE
  02/ 08 ADDED MS4 OPERATORS SLOPE TEXTURING SEDIMENTATION BASIN CONCRETE TRUCK WASH OUT MODIFIED MAINT NOTE

GENERAL PERMIT ISSUED FEBRUARY 19, 2013

08 MODIFIED SHEET FOR PROJECTS < ONE ACRE MODIFIED SHEET TO INCORPORATE CHANGES IN TXDOT STORM WATER

Texas Department of Transportation

**POLLUTION PREVENTION** PLAN (SWP3)

(Less than one acre)

FILE:	sw3p.std	DN:		CK:		DW:	CK:		NEG:		]
ORIG DATE:			DIST	FED REG			PROJECT			SHEET	l
	REVISIONS		ATL	6	A00207554		44	1			
			COUNTY			CONTROL	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	1	
			МС	RRIS	et	c.	6464	21	00\$	67 e	tс

	I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PR	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER A	CT SECTION 402	II. CUL <u>TURAL RESOURCES</u>	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES			
	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.  List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project.			Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.	General (applies to all projects):  Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.			
	They may need to be notified pr	-	ct.	No Action Required	Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for			
ctice Act". No warranty of any responsibility for the conversion suling from its use.	No Action Required Required Action  Action No.  1. This project is considered a maintenance activity and is exempt from the requirements of TPDES TXR 150000.  Commitment No.  1. Refer to the SWP3 Plan Sheet, BMPs, and Detail. It will address sweeping, chemical storage, sanitary waste, and all other management practices.			1. 2. 3. 4. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES	products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.  Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.  In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.  Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:  Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)  Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.  Undesirable smells or odors			
s Engineering Pro DOT ossumes no s or domoges res				Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.  Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances  Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?  Yes  No  If "No", then no further action is required.			
ver. Txt	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER  ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404			No Action Required	If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.  Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?			
metry:  use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering in made by TxDOT for any purpose wholsoever, TxDOT assumes standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages	water bodies, rivers, creeks, str. The Contractor must adhere to the following permit(s):  No Permit Required Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN wetlands affected)  Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Individual 404 Permit Require	not Required (less than 1/10th ac Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3	ssociated with	1. 2. 3. 4.  V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES	Yes No  If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.  If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.  In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.  Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:			
kind is of this		the US permit applies to, location actices planned to control erosion, s		AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.   No Action Required  Required Action  Action No.	☐ Required Action  Action No.  1.			
s\EPIC.dgn		gh water marks of any areas requi of the US requiring the use of a r dge Layouts.	•	1. 2.	VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES  (includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)  No Action Required  Required Action  Action No.			
IM \BPM\2025\Stenderd	Best Management Practices:  Erosion  Temporary Vegetation Blankets/Matting Mulch	Sedimentation Silt Fence Rock Berm Triangular Filter Dike	Post-Construction TSS  Vegetative Filter Strips Retention/Irrigation Systems Extended Detention Basin	If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.	1. 2. 3. Design Division Standard			
DATE: 8/1/2024 10:34:45 AM FILE: T:\ATLBRIDGE\Jomes II\BPM\2025\	Sodding Interceptor Swale Diversion Dike Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Sond Bag Berm Straw Bale Dike Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sediment Basins	Constructed Wetlands Wet Basin Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches Sand Filter Systems Grassy Swales	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS  BMP: Best Management Practice SPC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure CCP: Construction General Permit SWBP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PON: Pre-Construction Notification PSL: Project Specific Location PON: Project Specific Location PON: Memorandum of Agreement TOCO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality NOU: Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System NSA: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: Texas Porks and Wildlife Department NBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TXDOT: Texas Department of Transportation NOT: Notice of Termination T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species NMP: Notionwide Permit USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	EPIC			