SEE SHEET 2

FOR INDEX OF SHEETS AND SHEET 3 FOR

PROJECT LOCATION MAP

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

C 204-7-56 US 79 6 STATE TEXAS BRY MILAM SECTION 0204 07 056

DESIGN SPEED: 55 MPH (US 79)

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

STATE PROJECT NUMBER: C 204-7-56

US 79 **MILAM COUNTY**

US 79 = 2,500.00 FT = 0.473 MILES

FINAL PLANS

CONTRACTOR:

LETTING DATE:

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:

DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:

DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS **CONSISTING OF RIGHT AND LEFT TURN LANES**

(LOCATION	HIGHWAY	CONTROL	LIMITS	2022 / 2042 ADT	STA	TION	REFERENCE	MARKERS	TOTAL LENGTH	BRIDGE LENGTH	RDWY LENGTH	
ı	NO.	111011111111	NO.		2022 / 2042 AD I	2022 / 2042 AD I	FROM	ТО	BEGIN	END	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)
	1	US 79	0204-07-056	AT US 190	6,650 / 9,310	40+00.00	65+00.00	RM 512+0.726 MI (0.726 MI)	RM 512+0.253 MI (0.253 MI)	2,500.00	0.0	2,500.00	



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION®

7/30/2024 SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: -589D3E0B31F A STRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

7/30/2024 RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: -1E2F3895183F4F3... AREA ENGINEER

APPROVED 7/31/2024 FOR LETTING: Chad Bohne -60E5537715D24EAISTRICT ENGINEER

NO EXCEPTIONS NO EQUATIONS NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, SEPTEMBER 1, 2024, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS (000--005)



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109 - 112 EXISTING UTILITY PLAN THIS STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A "##" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

2024.06.04 12:59:51-05'00'

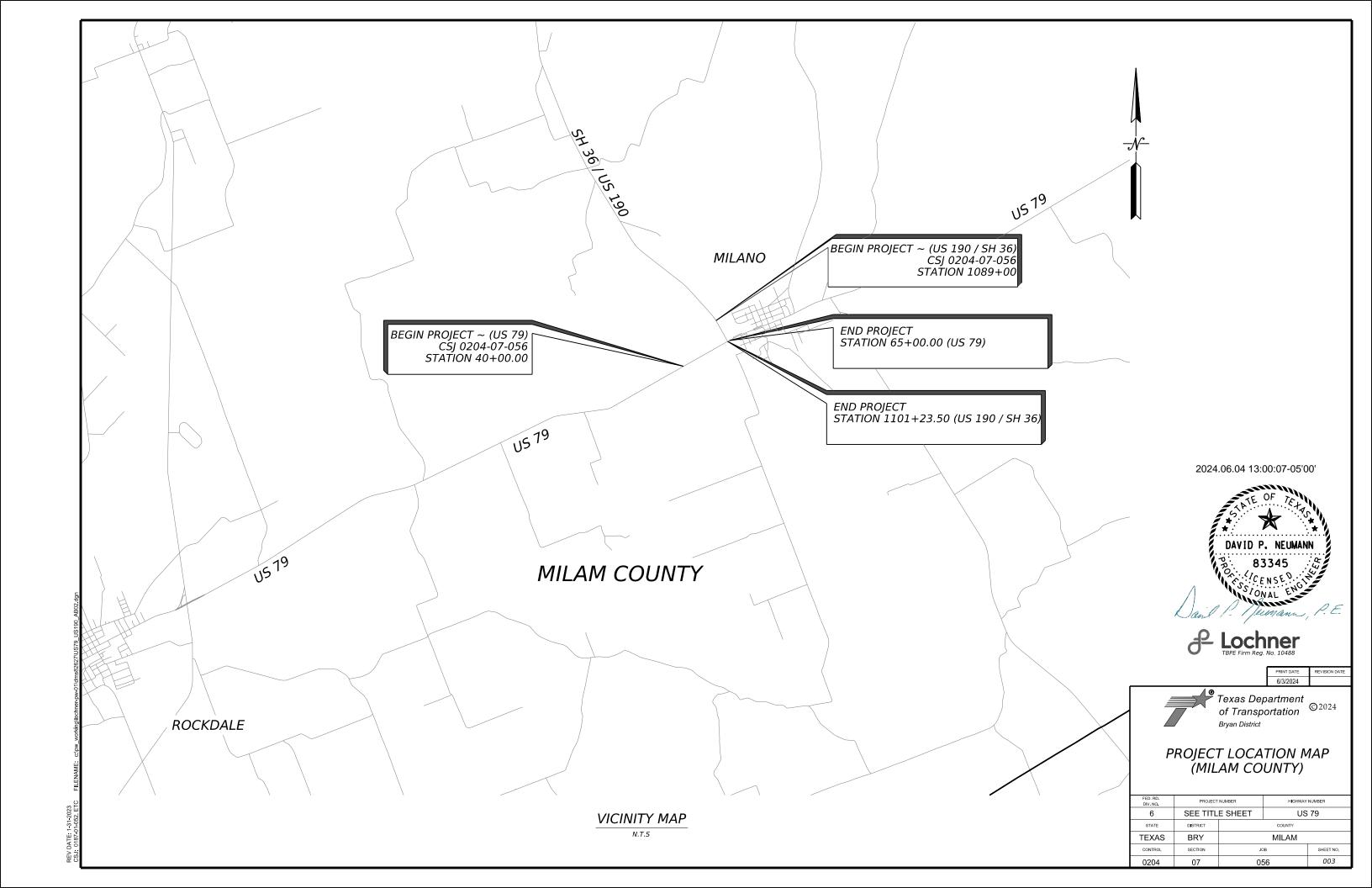


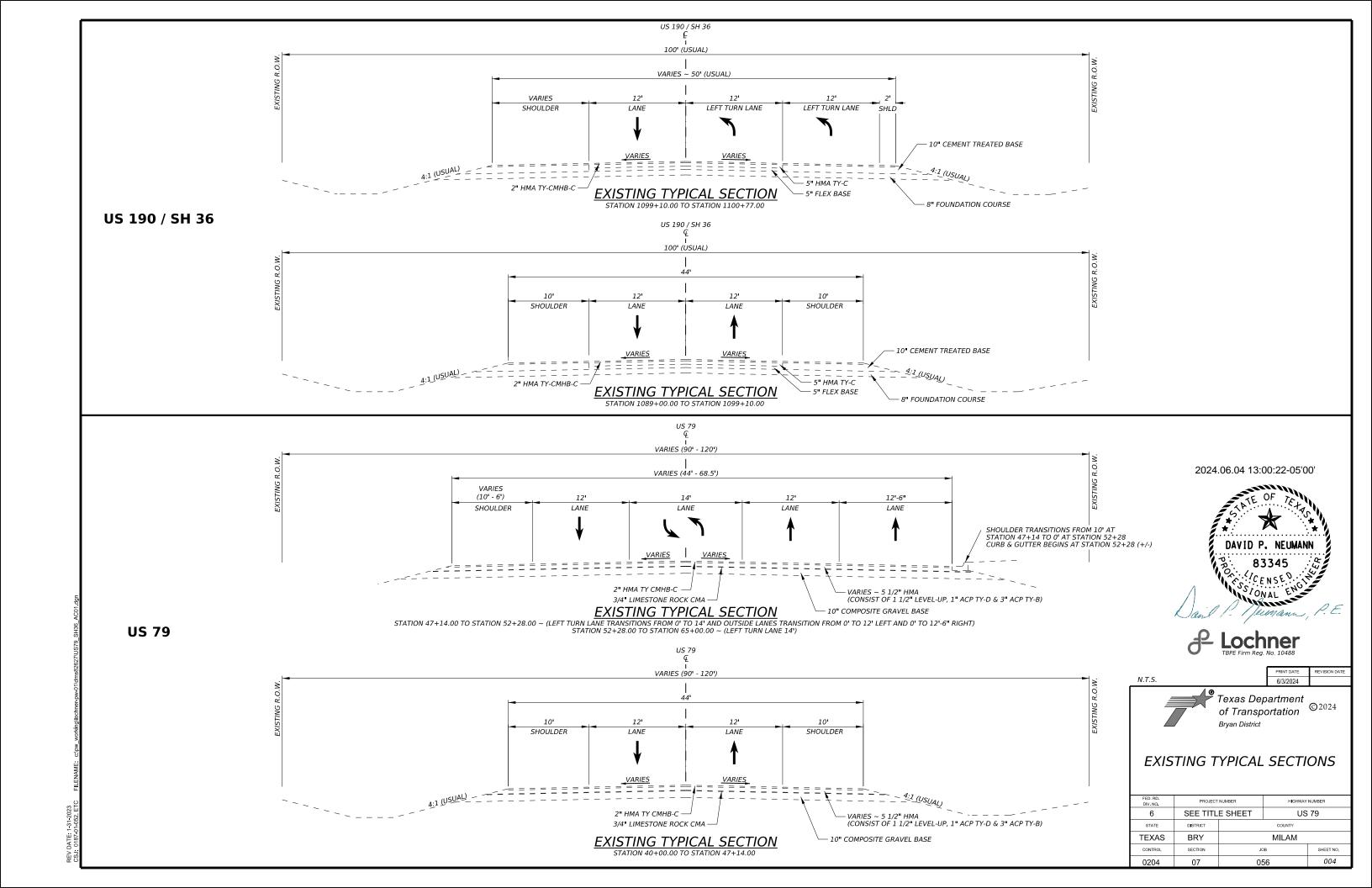


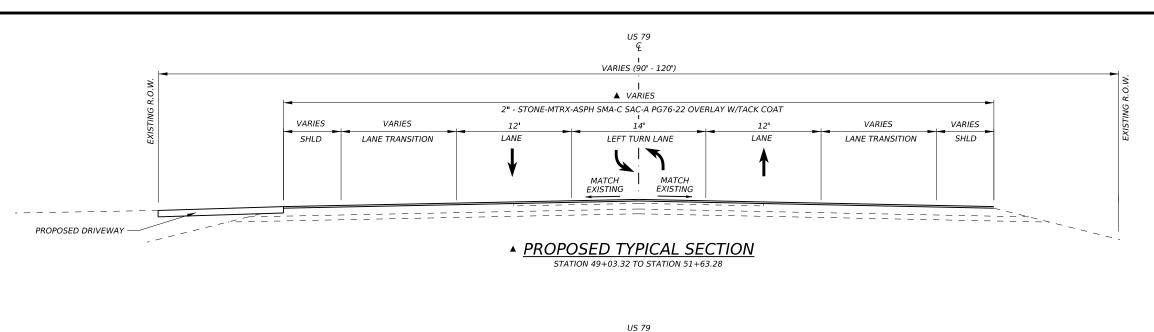


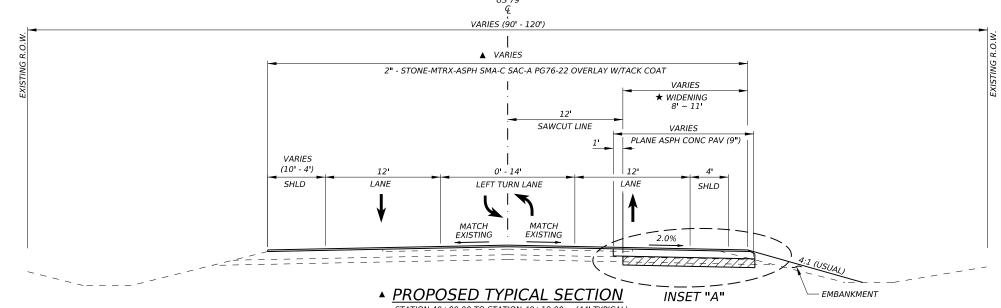
INDEX OF SHEETS

ED. RD. IV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
EXAS	BRY	MILAM		
ONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
204	07	056		002







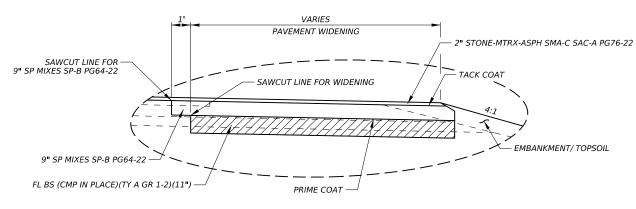


STATION 40+00.00 TO STATION 40+19.00 ~ (44' TYPICAL)
STATION 40+19 TO STATION 42+12.00 ~ (GORE AREA)(OVERALL WIDTH VARIES 44' - 46')
STATION 42+12.00 TO STATION 49+03.32 ~ (LEFT TURN LANE ~ 46' TYPICAL)

WIDENING RIGHT

★ (WIDENING RT. BEGINS AT STATION 40+18.98)

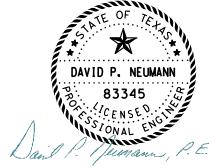
STATION 40+18.98 TO STATION $41+29.20 \sim (SAWCUT\ LINE\ 12'\ RT.)$ - WIDENING 8'STATION 41+29.20 TO STATION $42+11.91 \sim (SAWCUT\ LINE\ 12'\ RT.)$ - WIDENING TRANSITIONS FROM 8' TO 11'STATION 42+11.91 TO STATION $49+03.32 \sim (SAWCUT\ LINE\ 12'\ RT.)$ - WIDENING 11'



INSET "A"

(INSET ILLUSTRATES WIDENING ON RIGHT (EAST BOUND) SIDE)

2024.06.04 13:01:04-05'00'





N.T.S. SDATES

Texas Department

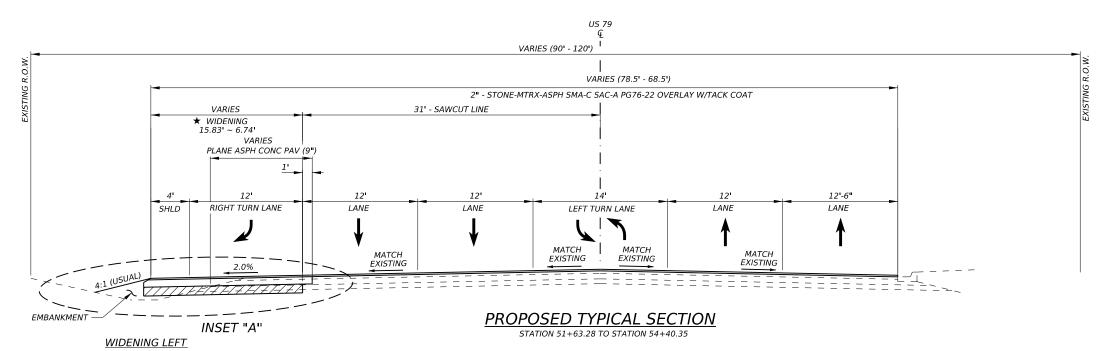
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PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS (US 79)

SHEET 1 OF 4

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0204	07	056		005	



★ STATION 51+63.28 TO STATION 54+40.35 ~ (SAWCUT LINE 31' LT.)
(15.83' WIDENING FROM STATION 51+63.51 TO STATION 53+63.52.
TRANSITION WIDENING FROM 15.83' TO 6.74' FROM STATION 53+63.52 TO STATION 54+40.35)

DAVID P. NEUMANN

8: 83345

SONAL ENGL

PLEMANN

P. E.

PRINT DATE REVISION DATE 6/3/2024



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS (US 79)

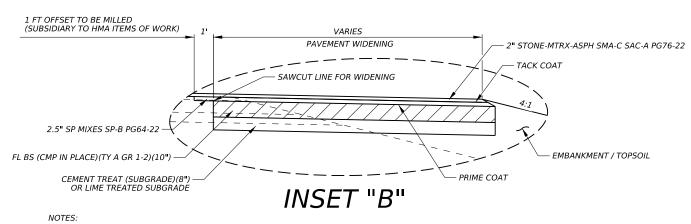
		SHEET 2 OF 4	
PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER	
SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79	
DISTRICT	COUNTY		

О	SEE TITLE SHEET		0579	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
EXAS	BRY		MILAM	
ONTROL	SECTION	Jo	DB .	SHEET NO.
204	07	0	56	006

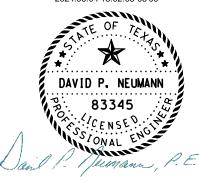
★ (WIDENING RT. BEGINS AT STATION 1089+49.31)

STATION 1089+49.31 TO STATION 1090+49.02 ~ (SAWCUT LINE 21' RT.) - WIDENING TRANSITIONS FROM 4' TO 6.64'

STATION 1090+49.02 TO STATION 1092+49.31 ~ (SAWCUT LINE 21' RT.) - WIDENING TRANSITIONS FROM 6.64' TO 13.65'



LIME TREATMENT IS IN THE EVENT THE SUBGRADE PI IS HIGHER THAN EXPECTED. THIS WOULD BE USED IN LIEU OF THE CEMENT TREATED SUBGRADE. TREATMENT TO BE CONFIRMED WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. 2024.06.04 13:02:05-05'00'



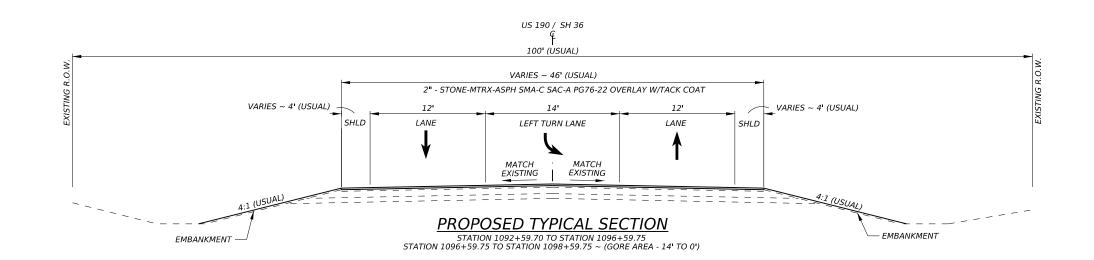
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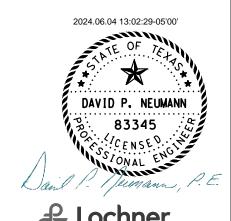


PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS (US 190 / SH 36)

SHEET 3 OF 4

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0204	07	056		007	





N.T.S.

PRINT DATE REVISION DATE 6/3/2024



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS (US 190 / SH 36)

SHEET 4 OF 4

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0204	07	056		008	

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Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE								
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	COURSE	RATE	AMOUNT	QUANTITY				
168	Vegetative Watering		10 GAL/SY	5,790 SY	57.9 TGL				
275	Cement Treat (Subgrade)(8")	N/A	3% BY WEIGHT	274 SY	3.2 TON				
310	Asphalt (MC-30 OR EC-30)	Prime	0.20 GAL/SY	1,855 SY	371 GAL				
344	SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22	2.5"	275 LB/SY	335 SY	46 TON				
344	SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22	9"	990 LB/SY	1,567 SY	776 TON				
346	STONE-MTRX-ASPH SMA-C SAC-A PG76-22	2"	220 LB/SY	24,840 SY	2,733 TON				
346	TACK COAT	Tack	0.10 GAL/SY	24,840 SY	2,484 GAL				

BASIS OF ESTIMATE							
	* for contractor's information only						
ITEM DESCRIPTION		COURSE	RATE	AMOUNT	QUANTITY		
166*	FERTILIZER **	N/A	60 LB/AC	1.20 AC	0.03 TON		

Note: Rates are for estimating purposes only. Actual Rates will be determined in the field.

GENERAL:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s): James Kreamer, P.E., A.E., <u>James.Kreamer@txdot.gov</u>
Rene Pequeno, P.E., A.A.E., <u>Rene.Pequeno@txdot.gov</u>

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Send eligible shop plan submittals with PDF attachments directly to the reviewing office.

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Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

ITEM 5 "CONTROL OF THE WORK"

Prior to letting, earthwork construction cross-section data is available at the Area Engineer's office in *Brenham* for inspection by prospective bidders. In addition, bidders may request electronic earthwork construction cross-section data by sending an email to: James.Kreamer@txdot.gov.

Earthwork files will be provided by email or by using TxDOT's FTP Service. These cross-sections are for non-construction purposes only, and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate the data for this project.

After letting, the Engineer will provide final earthwork construction cross-section data necessary for the contractor to establish and control the work.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design.. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

ITEM 7 "LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES"

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the growing season. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer one week in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the limits of the project. Clean the right of way to such a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

In accordance with Item 7.2.5, Contractor equipment equipped with blue warning lights shall be wired so that operation of blue lights is independent of any other lights.

This project is on a hurricane evacuation route. Furnish at the pre-construction meeting a written plan outlining procedures to suspend work, secure the job site and safely handle traffic through and across the project in the event of a hurricane evacuation.

During the hurricane season (June 1 through November 30), do not close any travel lanes except when the Contractor can demonstrate that he can provide labor, equipment, material, work plan, and quality of work to satisfactorily return all lanes to an open, all-weather travel surface within three days of receiving written or verbal notice but no later than 3 days prior to hurricane landfall. Construction of temporary lanes to an all-weather surface will be paid in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

General Notes Sheet A 2024 General Notes Sheet B

^{**} Tonnage represents Nitrogen content only.

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Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

In addition to lane closures, cease work 3 days prior to hurricane landfall on or near the roadway that adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Prohibit the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles from entering or exiting the stream of traffic including material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

In the event of the declaration of a hurricane watch, warning, other severe weather warning or national or state emergency that requires the roadways in the vicinity be used as evacuation routes, cease all work that requires the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles to enter the stream of traffic on these primary or secondary evacuation routes. This work includes material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment.

The following roadways are recognized evacuation routes in the Bryan District:

Primary Evacuation Routes: IH 45, US 290, SH 6, SH 36.

Secondary Evacuation Routes: US 79, US 84, SH 7, SH 30, SH 21, SH 105.

Other routes may be designated.

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- Day before and day of Texas A&M home football games
- Texas A&M graduation
- Texas A&M Family Weekend

The Engineer may decide to restrict construction operations or lane closures on these key dates and/or special events.

ITEM 8 "PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS"

At the end of each work day, remove all grade differentials transverse to centerline.

At the end of each work day, provide 100 foot minimum grade tapers longitudinal to the centerline to transition differences in the profile grade line or roadway grade.

By noon of each Wednesday, provide the Engineer a written outline of the daily work schedule for the following week. Include in the outline the times and places for proposed traffic control changes, lane and shoulder closures, and moving operations or other operations that affect traffic on the roadway. Unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer, prosecute the work on this project in accordance with the following sequence of work:

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County: Milam

1) Set advance signing and barricades. The use of TMAs are required when the Contractor is operating equipment within the roadway and out to the clear zone. The Contractor may use lay enforcement through a force account when necessary.

- 2) Move traffic according to TCP Phases
- 3) Construct widening as shown and install required drainage items as shown in the plans.
- 4) Overlay project as shown.

 The Contractor will ensure that all soil disturbed during the construction is returned to its original grading and excess materials are removed, such as concrete items, etc.
- 5) Final cleanup.

Some of these operations may be performed simultaneously.

Prepare Progress Schedule Bar Chart.

Work is allowed to be performed during the nighttime.

Equipment and material may be pre-staged at approved locations.

The 90 day convenience delayed start allowed after authorization under SP008-005 is for Contractor mobilization.

ITEM 100 "PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY"

During burn bans obtain written approval from the Commissioners Court prior to burning brush.

Prevent ashes from burned vegetation to be transported into any stream.

If burning is not allowed, all trees and brush will be disposed of by shredding, logging or other methods approved by the Engineer. Create a windrow, stockpile, or topdress biomass on disturbed areas along the project at locations approved by necessary permits and the Engineer.

ITEM 132 "EMBANKMENT"

Provide Embankment material for areas <u>within the limits of the Pavement Structure</u> that meet one of the following requirements:

- Sources outside the ROW provide material with a plasticity index between 10 and 25 and with less than 30% silt.
- Sources within the ROW provide material with a plasticity index between 10 and 25 and with less than 30% silt.

Provide Embankment material for areas <u>outside the limits of the Pavement Structure</u> with a plasticity index between 10 and 35.

General Notes Sheet C 2024 General Notes Sheet D

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Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

ITEM 134 "BACKFILLING PAVEMENT EDGES"

Furnish Type A or B material meeting one of the following requirements:

Item 247, Type D Grade 3;

Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) with 95% of the RAP passing the 2 inch sieve.

Place emulsified asphalt (SS-1, CSS-1, or as approved by the Engineer) at an application rate of 0.15 gal/SY.

ITEM 160 "TOPSOIL"

All slopes requiring topsoil will be tracked immediately upon final grading to prevent erosion per standard sheet EC(1)-16. Tracking slopes to prevent erosion will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Topsoil may be obtained from the right of way at sites of proposed excavation and embankment.

ITEM 166 "FERTILIZER"

Fertilize all areas of project that are being seeded or sodded.

ITEM 168 "VEGETATIVE WATERING"

Vegetative watering is required for all areas of the project that are being seeded or sodded.

ITEM 216 "PROOF ROLLING"

Proof rolling is shown in the plans for use by the Engineer at their discretion to direct contractor to test areas of possible soft subgrade.

ITEM 247 "FLEXIBLE BASE"

2024

Place flexible base in equal lifts of 4 to 8 in. in depth unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

ITEM 301 "ASPHALT ANTISTRIPPING AGENT"

When the Contractor adds lime as an anti-stripping agent (or an equivalent anti-stripping agent) the lime or equivalent shall be added to the asphaltic concrete in the methods specified in this

General Notes

2024

Sheet E

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Sheet F

Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

item unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. If an alternate method is proposed, the Engineer's approval will be based on test method Tex-242-F performed on the asphaltic concrete produced through the plant.

ITEM 310 "PRIME COAT"

Cure MC 30 for 7 days before placing subsequent surface courses unless otherwise directed by the engineer. EC-30 may be used in place of MC-30 with approval from the Engineer.

ITEM 316 "SEAL COAT"

When placing surface treatment on base material, prepare surface by sweeping or other approved methods. Before applying bituminous material, lightly sprinkle the surface with water. When directed, sweep the surface after sprinkling with water. Do not apply bituminous material when water is puddling on the surface.

Sweep excess aggregate no sooner than 2 hours after rolling or as directed.

Vehicles used to haul aggregate from the stockpile to the chip spreader will not be overloaded. Any damage to the roadway caused by the vehicles will be repaired by the Contractor at his expense and subsequent loads will be reduced so as not to cause further damage.

Transverse variance rates shall be used as directed. The nozzles outside the wheel paths will output up to 20% more asphalt by volume than the nozzles over the wheel paths.

The Contractor may be required to furnish and set string line to insure straight and uniform alignment as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor may use other methods subject to approval of the Engineer.

Cure surface treatments placed with a cutback asphalt binder for 21 days before placing subsequent surface courses unless otherwise directed by the engineer.

Air and surface temperature for asphalt material application will be in accordance with the specification and the manufacturer's recommendation. However, the engineer may limit the use of an asphalt material due to the time of year.

ITEM 320 "EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT"

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, provide a Material Transfer Device with remixing capabilities as specified in Item 320.2.3.3 Placement and Compaction Equipment for all asphaltic concrete pavement.

General Notes

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Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

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ITEM 344 "SUPERPAVE MIXTURES"

Hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry or an equivalent anti-stripping agent may be used. If hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry is used up to 1.0 percent may be added. If an equivalent anti-stripping agent is used, add according to manufacturers recommendations. Provide hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry in accordance with DMS-6350, "Lime and Lime Slurry". Add hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry, or an equivalent anti-stripping agent in accordance with Section 301.4.2.

Apply tack coat through a distributor spray bar in accordance with Section 316.3.1. Distributor. If residual from emulsion tack is not tacky, then the Engineer can require the use of PG binder.

RAS is not permitted.

ITEM 346 "STONE MATRIX ASPHALT"

Use aggregate that meets the SAC requirement of class A.

Hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry or an equivalent anti-stripping agent may be used. If hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry is used up to 1.0 percent may be added. If an equivalent anti-stripping agent is used, add according to manufacturer's recommendations. Provide hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry in accordance with DMS-6350, "Lime and Lime Slurry". Add hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry, or an equivalent anti-stripping agent in accordance with Section 301.4.2.

Apply tack coat through a distributor spray bar in accordance with Section 316.3.1. Distributor. If residual from emulsion tack is not tacky, then the Engineer can require the use of PG binder.

No RAS allowed in surface courses or thin level-up courses.

Blending will not be permitted.

ITEM 354 "PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT"

Existing raised pavement markers in the proposed work area are to be removed prior to planing operations. This item will be considered subsidiary.

Construct a fine milling pattern by adjusting the speed of the drum and the machine, as approved by the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet G 2024 General Notes Sheet H

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Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

TxDOT will retain all RAP except what is needed in the hot mix and for backfilling pavement edges in the project. Use for backfilling pavement edges on projects when approved by the Engineer. Reclaimed asphalt material to be stockpiled at the Cameron Maintenance Office.

ITEM 464 "REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE"

Seal joints using cold applied plastic asphalt sewer compound or cold applied preformed plastic gaskets. When cohesionless material is used for backfill, wrap the joints prior to backfilling with sand proof tape following the manufacturer's recommendations or with an equivalent material and method.

ITEM 467 "SAFETY END TREATMENTS"

All Type II SET's shall have riprap aprons as shown on the plans. Riprap aprons are considered subsidiary to Type II SET's.

ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING"

Where shown on applicable TCP standards, channelizing devices on the centerline are required at all times; including when a pilot vehicle is used to lead traffic. Mount a G20-4 sign at a conspicuous location on the rear of the vehicle. Traffic delays caused by one-lane, two-way traffic control, will not be allowed to exceed 5 minutes unless approved by the Engineer.

One way traffic control operations are required when placing centerline profile markings on all two-lane roadways, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Work area is limited to a maximum of 2 miles for this work.

During one-way operations, station flaggers at all county roads and any other locations, such as private businesses, that may have traffic entering the work area.

Prior to beginning pulverization operations, place an approved channelizing device along both sides of the travelway the entire length of the operation in accordance with the BC standards. Do not remove the channelizing devices until permanent edge striping is placed.

Place "Pavement Ends" (CW8-3), "Slow Down On Wet Road" (CW8-5a), "No Centerline Stripe", and "Loose Gravel" signs before pulverization of the existing pavement.

Removal of ground mounted temporary signs and supports as specified on standard sheet BC(5), shall include the immediate backfilling of support holes with Type B embankment material and the compaction of the backfill material.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic

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Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed by the Engineer. Complete the weekly tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided. Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

Cancel law enforcement personnel when the event is canceled. Cancellation, minimums or "show up" fees will not be paid when cancellation is made 12 hours prior to beginning of the event. Failure to cancel within 12 hours will not be cause for payment for cancellation, minimums, or "show up" time. Payment of actual "show up" time to the event site due to cancellation will be on a case-by-case basis at a maximum of 2 hours per officer.

Provide construction fencing as approved at all work locations to protect pedestrian or bicycle traffic. This material and its placement will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

ITEM 503 "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN"

Furnish, install, and operate up to 3 Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for this project. The signs can be used both on the project and within a ten (10) mile radius of the project. Locations, messages, and durations of use will be specified by the Engineer. The primary uses will be to inform the public of special events, lane and road closures, and changes in traffic control. Signs will be paid for only when used as directed by the Engineer.

ITEM 504 "FIELD OFFICE AND LABORATORY"

Furnish a Type D Structure (Asphalt Mix Control Laboratory).

Sheet: 9D

Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

ITEM 505 "TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)"

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan (TCP) for this project,

provide one (1) shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP(2-1)-18 as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP(2-2)-18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP(2-3)-23 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet.

provide one (1) shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP(2-4)-18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet.

provide two (2) (shadow and trail) vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP(3-1)-13 as detailed on General Note 3 of this standard sheet.

provide two (2) (shadow and trail) vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP(3-3)-14 as detailed on General Note 3 of this standard sheet.

provide two (2) shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP(3-4)-13 as detailed on General Note 2 of this standard sheet.

Therefore, 10 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

Forty-eight (48) TMA days are provided in the project estimate for stationary operations. Thirty (30) TMA hours are provided in the project estimate for mobile operations.

ITEM 529 "CONCRETE CURB, GUTTER, AND COMBINED CURB AND GUTTER"

Provide steel reinforcement in all concrete curb, gutter, and combined curb and gutter in accordance with the plans and specifications. Use synthetic fiber in lieu of steel reinforcing when approved in writing by the Engineer.

Sheet: 9E

Highway: US 79 Control: 0204-07-056

County: Milam

ITEM 585 "RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES"

Pay adjustment schedule 2 will be used to evaluate ride quality of the travel lanes in accordance with Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces."

ITEM 644 "SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES"

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

ITEM 662 "WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS"

Paint and beads may be used for non-removable work zone pavement markings.

All striping limits must be approved by the Engineer before striping operations may begin.

ITEM 666 "REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS"

Unless authorized by the Engineer, the Contractor will not place the pavement markings on the resurfaced roadway until it has cured for 3 days.

All striping limits must be approved by the Engineer before striping operations may begin.

ITEM 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS"

Use flexible bituminous adhesive for applications on all pavement types.

ITEM 678 "PAVEMENT SURFACE PREPARATION FOR MARKINGS"

It is not anticipated that pavement surface preparation for markings will be needed. If the Engineer determines that it is needed, payment for work will be determined in accordance with Article 9.7 "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

2024 General Notes Sheet K





Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0204-07-056

DISTRICT Bryan US 79

COUNTY Milam

	CONTROL SECTION JOB		0204-07	-056			
	PROJECT ID		A00187	468			
	со		OUNTY	Milar	n	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
	HIGHWAY		US 7	9		FINAL	
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	100-7002	PREPARING ROW	STA	6.000		6.000	
	100-7003	PREP ROW (TREE REMOVE) (0"-12" DIA)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	104-7017	REMOV CONC (CURB & GUTTER)	LF	30.000		30.000	
	110-7001	EXCAV (ROADWAY)	CY	976.000		976.000	
	132-7006	EMBANK (FNL)(DC)(TY C)	CY	96.000		96.000	
	134-7004	BACKFILL (TY A OR B)	STA	27.300		27.300	
	160-7002	FURN & PLACE TOPSOIL (4")	SY	5,790.000		5,790.000	
	164-7001	BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL_SAND)	SY	5,790.000		5,790.000	
	164-7013	DRILL SEED (TEMP_WARM)	SY	2,895.000		2,895.000	
	164-7014	DRILL SEED (TEMP_COOL)	SY	2,895.000		2,895.000	
	168-7001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	TGL	57.900		57.900	
	216-7001	PROOF ROLLING	HR	2.000		2.000	
	247-7090	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY A GR 1-2) (10")	SY	274.000		274.000	
	247-7339	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY A GR 1-2) (11")	SY	1,578.000		1,578.000	
	260-7001	LIME (COM OR QK)(SLURRY) OR QK(DRY)	TON	4.900		4.900	
	260-7007	LIME TRT (EXIST MATL)(8")	SY	274.000		274.000	
	275-7001	CEMENT	TON	3.200		3.200	
	275-7003	CEMENT TRT (EXIST MATL)(8")	SY	274.000		274.000	
	310-7004	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	371.000		371.000	
	344-7001	SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22	TON	822.000		822.000	
	346-7001	STONE-MTRX-ASPH SMA-C SAC-A PG76-22	TON	2,733.000		2,733.000	
	346-7028	TACK COAT	GAL	2,484.000		2,484.000	
	354-7032	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	852.000		852.000	
	354-7058	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(9")	SY	4,006.000		4,006.000	
	480-7001	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	EA	4.000		4.000	
	500-7001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-7001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		4.000	
	503-7002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	3.000		3.000	
	505-7001	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	48.000		48.000	
	505-7002	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	30.000		30.000	
	506-7002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	88.000		88.000	
	506-7011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	88.000		88.000	
	506-7039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	463.000		463.000	
	506-7041	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	463.000		463.000	
	529-7009	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	30.000		30.000	
	530-7006	DRIVEWAYS (CONC)	SY	728.000		728.000	
	533-7001	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (SHLDR)	LF	3,916.000		3,916.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Milam	0204-07-056	10



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0204-07-056

DISTRICT Bryan US 79

COUNTY Milam

Report Created On: Jul 30, 2024 3:13:37 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ом јов	0204-07	-056		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00187	468		
		C	COUNTY Milam		n	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		ніс	HWAY	US 7	9		TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	533-7002	MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPH) (CENTERLINE)	LF	1,123.000		1,123.000	
•	644-7001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	644-7004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-7028	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	644-7073	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	23.000		23.000	
	658-7058	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(WFLX)GND	EA	12.000		12.000	
	662-7068	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	3,718.000		3,718.000	
	662-7072	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	LF	200.000		200.000	
	662-7082	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	662-7092	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(WORD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	662-7109	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD W/MRKR)	LF	4,410.000		4,410.000	
	662-7112	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	303.000		303.000	
	662-7114	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	699.000		699.000	
	666-7017	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(090MIL)	LF	79.000		79.000	
	666-7023	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	996.000		996.000	
	666-7035	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	106.000		106.000	
	666-7089	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)36"(YLD TRI)(090MIL)	EA	14.000		14.000	
	666-7289	TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	570.000		570.000	
	666-7292	TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	6,536.000		6,536.000	
	666-7301	TY I HIGH PERF PM (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	910.000		910.000	
	666-7304	TY I HIGH PERF PM (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	8,518.000		8,518.000	
	668-7091	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(ARROW)	EA	12.000		12.000	
	668-7100	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(LN REDUCT ARROW)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	668-7103	PREFAB PM TY C (W)(WORD)	EA	12.000		12.000	
	672-7002	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	86.000		86.000	
	672-7004	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	350.000		350.000	
	677-7001	ELIM EXT PM & MRKS (4")	LF	4,753.000		4,753.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Milam	0204-07-056	10A

SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL

LOCATION	0662-7068 WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	0662-7072 WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	0662-7082 WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(ARROW)	0662-7092 WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)(WORD)	0662-7109 WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6" (SLD W/MRKR)	0662-7112 WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W		0677-7001 ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4") ⊖	0503-7002 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	0505-7001 TMA (STATIONARY)	0505-7002 TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	LF	EA	DAY	HR
US 79	3718	200	2	2	4410	249	539	4753	2	24	15
US 190 / SH 36	0	0	0	0	0	54	160	0	1	24	15
PROJECT TOTALS:	3718	200	2	2	4410	303	699	4753	3	48	30

[●] NOTE: ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS ARE FOR PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION.

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY

SUMMART OF RO	ADWAT						SEE NOTE (1)			SEE NOTE (2)		
LOCATION	0100-7002 PREPARING ROW	0100-7003 PREP ROW (TREE REMOVE) (0"-12" DIA)	0104-7017 REMOVING CONC (CURB & GUTTER)	0110-7001 EXCAV (ROADWAY)	0132-7006 EMBANK (FNL)(DC) (TY C)	0134-7004 BACKFILL (TY A OR B)	0216-7001 PROOF ROLLING	0247-7090 FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A GR1-2) (10")	0247-7339 FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A GR1-2) (11")	0260-7001 LIME (COM OR QK) (SLURRY) OR QK(DRY)	0260-7007 LIME TRT (EXIST MATL) (8")	0275-7001 CEMENT
	STA	EA	LF	CY	CY	STA	HR	SY	SY	TON	SY	TON
US 79	6	6	30	788	68	10.8	1	0	1578	0	0	0
US 190 / SH 36	0	0	0	188	28	16.5	1	274	0	4.9	274	3.2
PROJECT TOTALS:	6	6	30	976	96	27.3	2	274	1578	4.9	274	3.2

NOTES

(1) PROOF ROLLING ITEM OF WORK ADDED FOR USE BY ENGINEER AT THEIR DISCRETION TO DIRECT CONTRACTOR TO TEST AREAS OF POSSIBLE SOFT SUBGRADE.

(2) LIME TREATMENT IS IN THE EVENT THE SUBGRADE PI IS HIGHER THAN EXPECTED. THIS WOULD BE USED IN LIEU OF THE CEMENT TREATED SUBGRADE. TREATMENT TO BE CONFIRMED WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY (CONTINUED)

LOCATION	0275-7003 CEMENT TRT (EXIST MATL)(8")	0310-7004 PRIME COAT (MC-30)	0344-7001 SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22	0346-7001 STONE-MTRX-ASPH SMA-C SAC-A PG76-22	0346-7028 TACK COAT	0354-7032 PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	0354-7058 PLANE ASPH CONC PAV(9")	0529-7009 CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)
LOCATION	SY	GAL	TON	TON	GAL	SY	SY	LF
US 79	0	316	776	1786	1623	607	4006	30
US 190 / SH 36	274	55	46	947	861	245	0	0
PROJECT TOTALS:	274	371	822	2733	2484	852	4006	30

SUMMARY OF DRAINAGE

JOHNAKI OI DIK	AIIVAGE
LOCATION	0480-7001 CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS
	EA
US 79	2
US 190 / SH 36	2
PROJECT TOTALS:	4



Texas Department ©2024

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

Bryan District

SHEET 1 OI

			эпсі	E1 1 OF 2			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US	US 79			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
EXAS	BRY	MILAM					
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO.					
0204	07	056 011					

SUMMARY OF DRIVEWAY ITEMS

LOCATION			WIDTH	LENGTH	RAD	iius	0530-7006 DRIVEWAYS (CONC)	RESIDENTIAL / COMMERCIAL	COMMENTS
	STATION	DRV #	FT	FT	R1	R2	SY		
US 79									
PLAN & PROFILE NO. 3	50+81.17, LT.	DRV-3-1	45	20.9	100	60	421	COMMERCIAL	
US 190 / SH 36									
PLAN & PROFILE NO. 7	1093+06.29, RT.	DRV-7-1	45	37.8	35	35	307	COMMERCIAL	
·	·				PROJECT	TOTALS:	728		

NOTE: DRIVEWAYS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE R.O.W. TO TIE-IN AS DIRECTED. REFER TO DRIVEWAY DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

SUMMARY OF SIGNS

SUMMANT OF S	IGNS			
LOCATION	0644-7001 IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	0644-7004 IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	0644-7028 IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	0644-7073 REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM
	EA	EA	EA	EA
US 79				
SHEET 1 OF 8	2	0	0	1
SHEET 2 OF 8	4	1	0	3
SHEET 3 OF 8	3	0	0	5
SHEET 4 OF 8	4	0	1	5
SHEET 5 OF 8	1	0	0	1
US 190 / SH 36				
SHEET 6 OF 8	0	1	0	1
SHEET 7 OF 8	1	0	1	2
SHEET 8 OF 8	5	0	0	5
PROJECT TOTALS:	20	2	2	23

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL (SW3P)

SOMMEN OF ENGSTO	771 007177	02 (3113)	/						
LOCATION	0160-7002 FURN & PLACE TOPSOIL (4")	0164-7001 BROADCAST SEED (PERM_RURAL_SAND)	0164-7013 BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_WARM)	0164-7014 BROADCAST SEED (TEMP_COOL)	0168-7001 VEGETATIVE WATERING	0506-7002 ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL)(TY 2)	0506-7011 ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	0506-7039 TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	0506-7041 TEMP SEDMT CON FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	SY	TGL	LF	LF	LF	LF
US 79									
SHEET 1 OF 6	482	482	241	241	4.8				
SHEET 2 OF 6	2606	2606	1303	1303	26.0	16	16	82	82
SHEET 3 OF 6	1296	1296	648	648	12.9	56	56	190	190
SHEET 4 OF 6	246	246	123	123	2.6			145	145
US 190 / SH 36									
SHEET 5 OF 6	530	530	265	265	5.3			46	46
SHEET 6 OF 6	630	630	315	315	6.3	16	16		
PROJECT TOTALS:	5790	5790	2895	2895	57.9	88	88	463	463

SUMMARY OF DELINEATOR AND PAVEMENT MARKERS / RUMBLE STRIPS

LOCATION	▲ 0533-7001 MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (SHOULDER)	■ 0533-7002 MILL RUMBLE STRIPS (ASPHALT) (CENTERLINE)	0658-7058 INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(WFLX) GND	0666-7017 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8"(DOT)(090MIL)	0666-7023 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8"(SLD)(090MIL)	0666-7035 REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24"(SLD)(090MIL)	0666-7089 REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)36" (YLD TRI)(090MIL)	0666-7289 TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL)
	LF	LF	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF
US 79								
SHEET 1 OF 8	200	181						
SHEET 2 OF 8	1200	424	2	13				
SHEET 3 OF 8	830		4		136			110
SHEET 4 OF 8	163			36	312	82		160
SHEET 5 OF 8								300
US 190 / SH 36								
SHEET 6 OF 8	400	200	2		50			
SHEET 7 OF 8	986	318	2	30	350			
SHEET 8 OF 8	137		2		148	24	14	
PROJECT TOTALS:	3916	1123	12	79	996	106	14	570

- OPTION 3 RUMBLE STRIPS WILL BE USED OR AS DIRECTED
- ▲ OPTION 7 RUMBLE STRIPS WILL BE USED OR AS DIRECTED

SUMMARY OF DELINEATOR AND PAVEMENT MARKERS / RUMBLE STRIPS

LOCATION	0666-7292 TY I HIGH PERF PM (W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	0666-7301 TY I HIGH PERF PM (Y)6"(BRK)(090MII)		668-7091 PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW)	668-7100 PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)	668-7103 PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD)	0672-7002 REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	0672-7004 REFL PAV MRKI TY II-A-A
LOCATION	(, 6 (322) (636)2)	(1) (2111) (0201112)	(1)0 (022)(030) 112)		(LN REDUCT ÁRROW)			.,,,,,,
	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
US 79								
SHEET 1 OF 8	200		400					17
SHEET 2 OF 8	1200	200	1626	2				62
SHEET 3 OF 8	929	300	1200	2	1	1	12	30
SHEET 4 OF 8	298	110	894	2		5	30	37
SHEET 5 OF 8	500	300	1200				16	60
US 190 / SH 36								
SHEET 6 OF 8	400		480			1	3	24
SHEET 7 OF 8	1086		1644	4		3	18	82
SHEET 8 OF 8	1923		1074	2		2	7	38
PROJECT TOTALS:	6536	910	8518	12	1	12	86	350



\$DATE\$

Department

Texas Department of Transportation

Bryan District

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SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

SHEET 2 OF 2

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US 79		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0204	07	056		012	

GENERAL

- A. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES WILL CONFORM WITH THE TEXAS "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS" (TMUTCD), AND WILL BE MAINTAINED AS DIRECTED. ADDITIONAL GUIDELINES FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE FOUND IN THE TMUTCD.
- B. TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA'S) WILL BE REQUIRED AT ALL APPROACH WORK AREAS.
- C. INSTALL ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITHE THE STANDARD BC SHEETS AND AS DIRECTED.
- D. ADDITIONAL SIGNS, BARRICADES OR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THE SAFE MOVEMENT OF TRAFFIC THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT. SEE GENERAL NOTES FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- E. WORK SITES SHOULD BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO ENSURE THAT TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES ARE OPERATING EFFECTIVELY AND THAT ALL DEVICES USED ARE CLEARLY VISIBLE, CLEAN AND IN GOOD REPAIR.
- F. THE ENGINEER MAY DIRECT THE CONTRACTOR TO VARY THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF SIGNS, BARRICADES AND CHANNELIZING DEVICES FROM THOSE INDICATED ON THE PLANS IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN SAFE AND UNINTERRUPTED FLOW OF TRAFFIC, PARTICULARLY IN THOSE AREAS OF IMMEDIATE WORK.
- G. NO EQUIPMENT WILL REMAIN IN A POSITION OVERNIGHT OR ANY OTHER NON-WORK PERIODS THAT WILL ENDANGER THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.
- H. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES AND IN ALL WEATHER CONDITIONS. DRIVEWAYS WILL BE PLACED ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND AS DIRECTED. TEMPORARY DRIVEWAYS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE CONTRACTOR HAS DISTURBED OR ALTERED THE EXISTING DRIVEWAYS
- I. ANY REQUEST TO ALTER THE SEQUENCE OF OPERATION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR WRITTEN APPROVAL.
- J. THE ENGINEER WILL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO ANY LANE CLOSURE. PROVIDE TWO (2) WEEK NOTICE TO THE ENGINEER OF ANY PLANNED LANE CLOSURES TO ALLOW COORDINATION. THE PROJECT ENGINEER MUST APPROVE ALL CLOSURES PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.
- K. THE CONTRACTOR WILL MAINTAIN PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN PROJECT LIMITS AND COVER SIGNS NOT IN USE. THIS WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING".

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION:

THE CONTRACTORS OPERATION WILL BE SUCH THAT THE SAFETY OF THE TRAVELING PUBLIC WILL BE OF PRIME IMPORTANCE. THE SEQUENCES AS SHOWN CAN OVERLAP, AS NECESSARY, AND WHEN APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

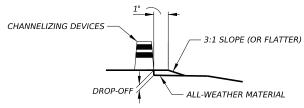
THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION WILL GENERALLY CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE:

PHASE 1

- 1) SET PROJECT BARRICADES, TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TMUTCD AND GENERAL NOTES.
- 2) INSTALL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP) AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN OR AS DIRECTED.
- 3) EXISTING SIGNS THAT CONFLICT WITH THE PAVEMENT WIDENING WILL BE MOVED AND PLACED ON SKIDS FOR TEMPORARY USE AS DIRECTED.
- 4) CONSTRUCT WIDENING ON US 190 / SH 36 FROM STATION 1089+49.31 TO STATION 1092+49.31, RIGHT. CONSTRUCT WIDENING ON US 79 FROM STATION 51+63.28 TO STATION 54+40.34, LEFT.
- ELIMINATE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS NEEDED AND PLACE WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SHIFT TRAFFIC AS SHOWN IN THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN.
 AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S OPERATION, PLACE ALL WEATHER MATERIAL ALONG PAVEMENT EDGE DROP-OFF AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL ON THIS SHEET.
- 5) ONCE PHASE 1 WORK IS COMPLETE ADJUST WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SWITCH TRAFFIC FOR PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION.

PHASE 2

- 1) CONSTRUCT PAVEMENT WIDENING ON US 79 FROM STATION 40+18.98 TO STATION 49+03.32, RIGHT.
 - AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S OPERATION, PLACE ALL WEATHER MATERIAL ALONG PAVEMENT EDGE DROP-OFF AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL ON THIS SHEET.
- 2) ONCE PAVEMENT WIDENING IS COMPLETE, PERFORM HMA OVERLAY AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO TCP(2-2) FOR DAILY LANE CLOSURES.
 - PAVING OPERATIONS WILL END SO THAT THE DISTANCE OF UNEVEN LANES IS MINIMAL PRIOR TO THE END OF EACH DAYS WORK. WORK ZONE TABS WILL BE USED ON FINAL PAVING OPERATIONS UNTIL PERMANENT STRIPING CAN BE PLACED, AS DIRECTED.
- 3) COMPLETE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SIGNS.
- 4) COMPLETE ALL OTHER WORK AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND AS DIRECTED. UPON COMPLETION, PERFORM FINAL PROJECT CLEAN-UP. REMOVE EROSION CONTROLS (BMP) WHEN DIRECTED.



PAVEMENT EDGE DROP-OFF DETAIL

- 1. LESS THAN 2 INCHES: CW 8-11 SIGNS ARE REQUIRED.
- 2. GREATER THAN 2 INCHES: CHANNELIZATION DEVICES AND EITHER CW 8-9a OR CW 8-11 SIGNS ARE REQUIRED.
- 3. THE SAFETY SLOPE WILL BE CONSTRUCTED WITH AN ALL-WEATHER MATERIAL SUCH AS RAP, WHICH IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DEBRIS AND LARGE ROCKS.
- 4. FOR CHANNELING DEVICE PLACEMENT AND SPACING FOR ALL PHASES, REFER TO THE TCP STANDARDS.

DAVID P. NEUMANN

8. 83345

CENSE

ONAL ENGINEER

DAVID P. NEUMANN

B. 83345

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PRINT DATE REVISION DATE

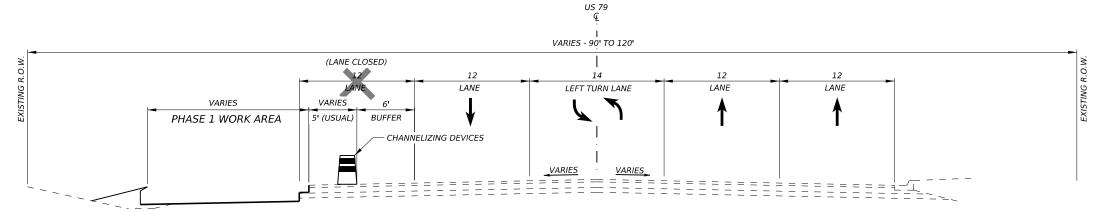
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TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

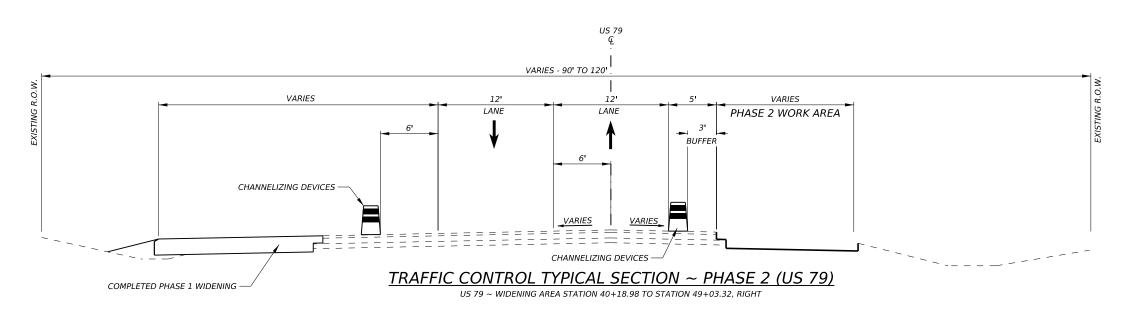
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6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	SHEET NO.		
0204	07	05	013		

US 190 / SH 36 \sim WIDENING AREA STATION 1089+49.31 TO STATION 1092+49.31, RIGHT

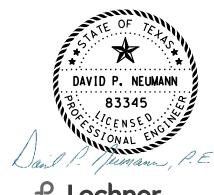


TRAFFIC CONTROL TYPICAL SECTION ~ PHASE 1 (US 79)

US 79 ~ WIDENING AREA STATION 51+63.28 TO STATION 54+40.35, LEFT



2024.06.04 13:03:04-05'00'





TRAFFIC CONTROL SECTIONS

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	79		
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CONTROL	SECTION	JC)B	SHEET NO.	
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NOTES:

1. ALL STATIONS ARE BASELINE STATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

LEGEND

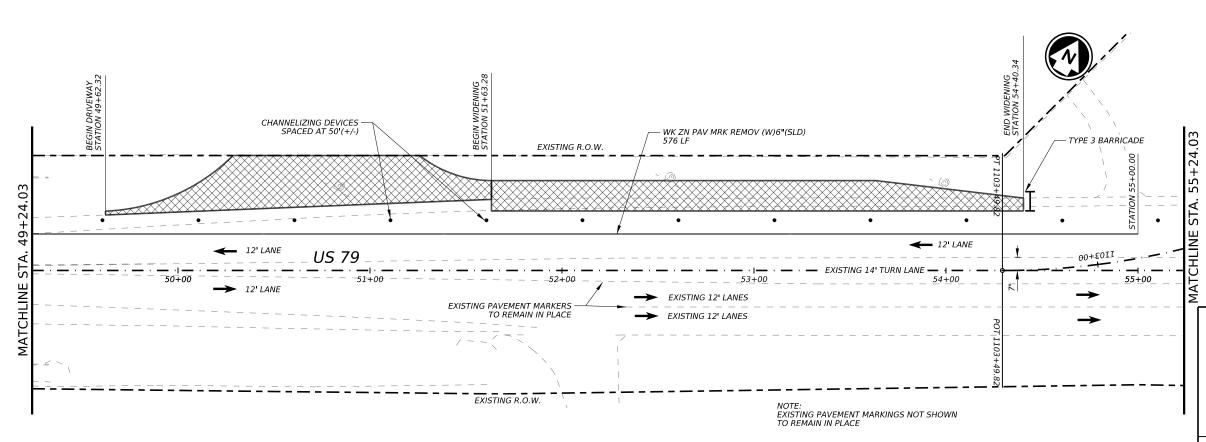
WORK AREA

COMPLETED WORK AREA

DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS

EXISTING R.O.W.

CHANNELIZING DEVICES



EXISTING R.O.W.

NOTE:

EXISTING STRIPING TO REMAIN IN PLACE

US 79

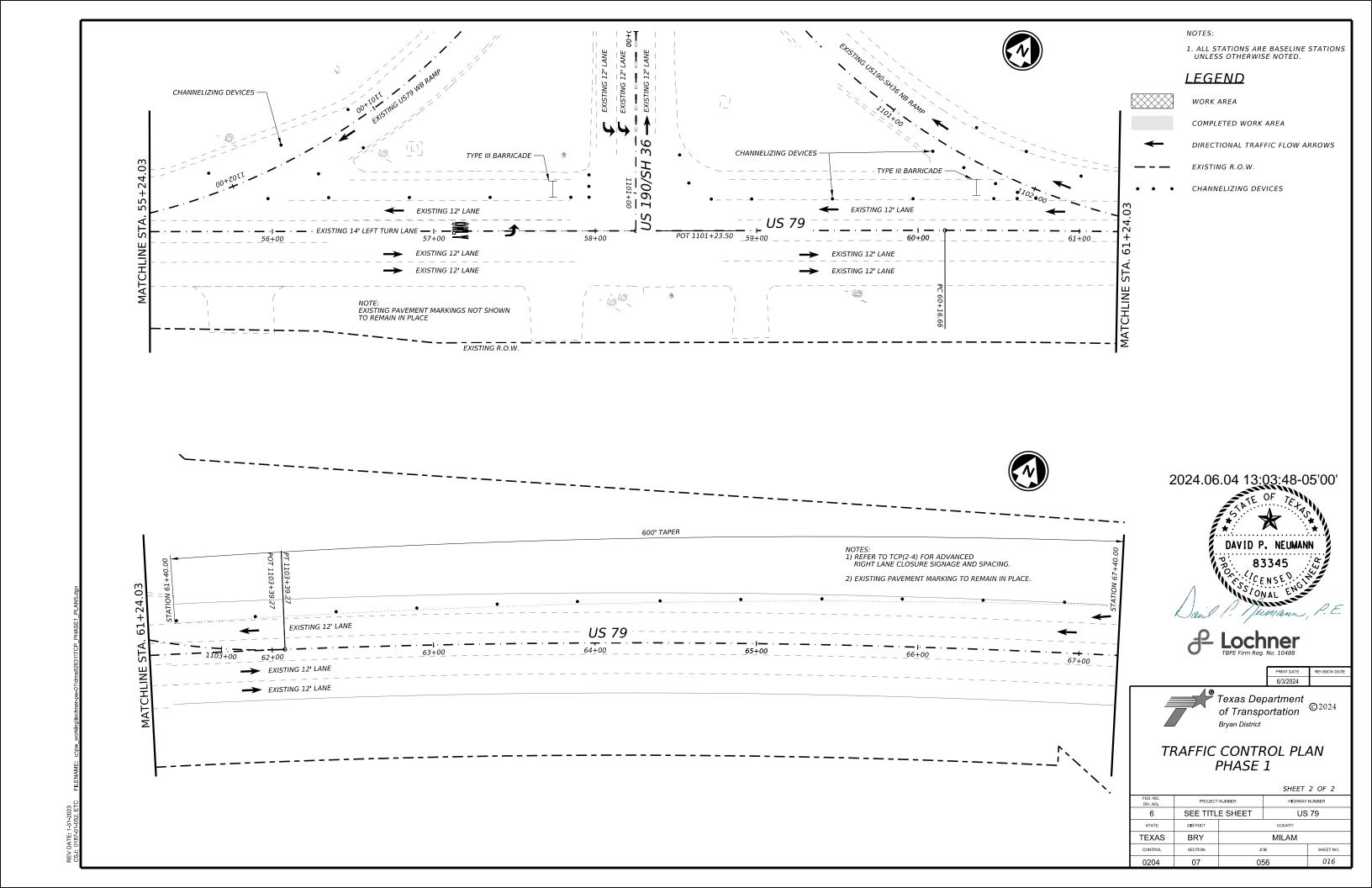
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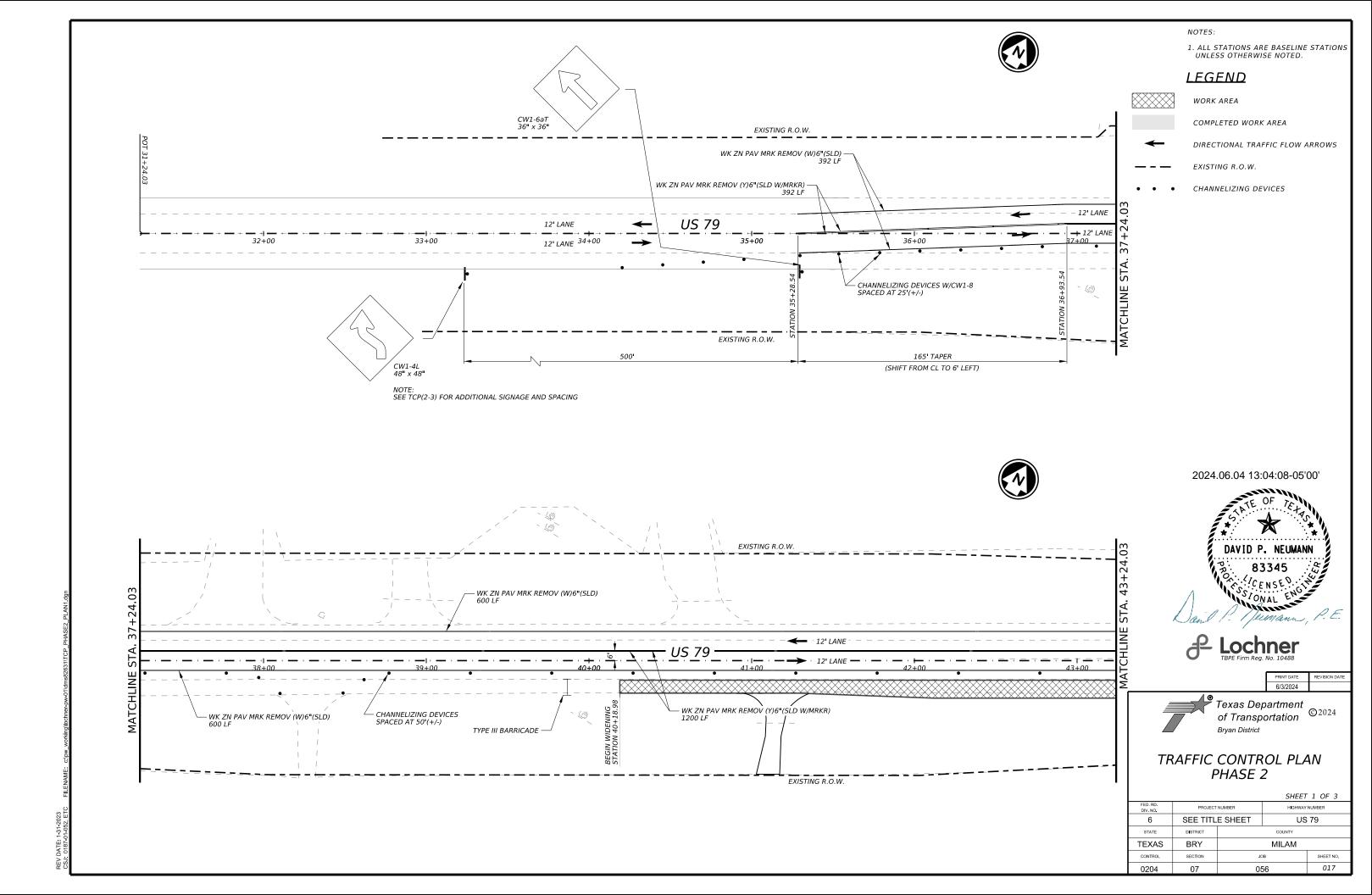
Texas Department ©2024 of Transportation Bryan District

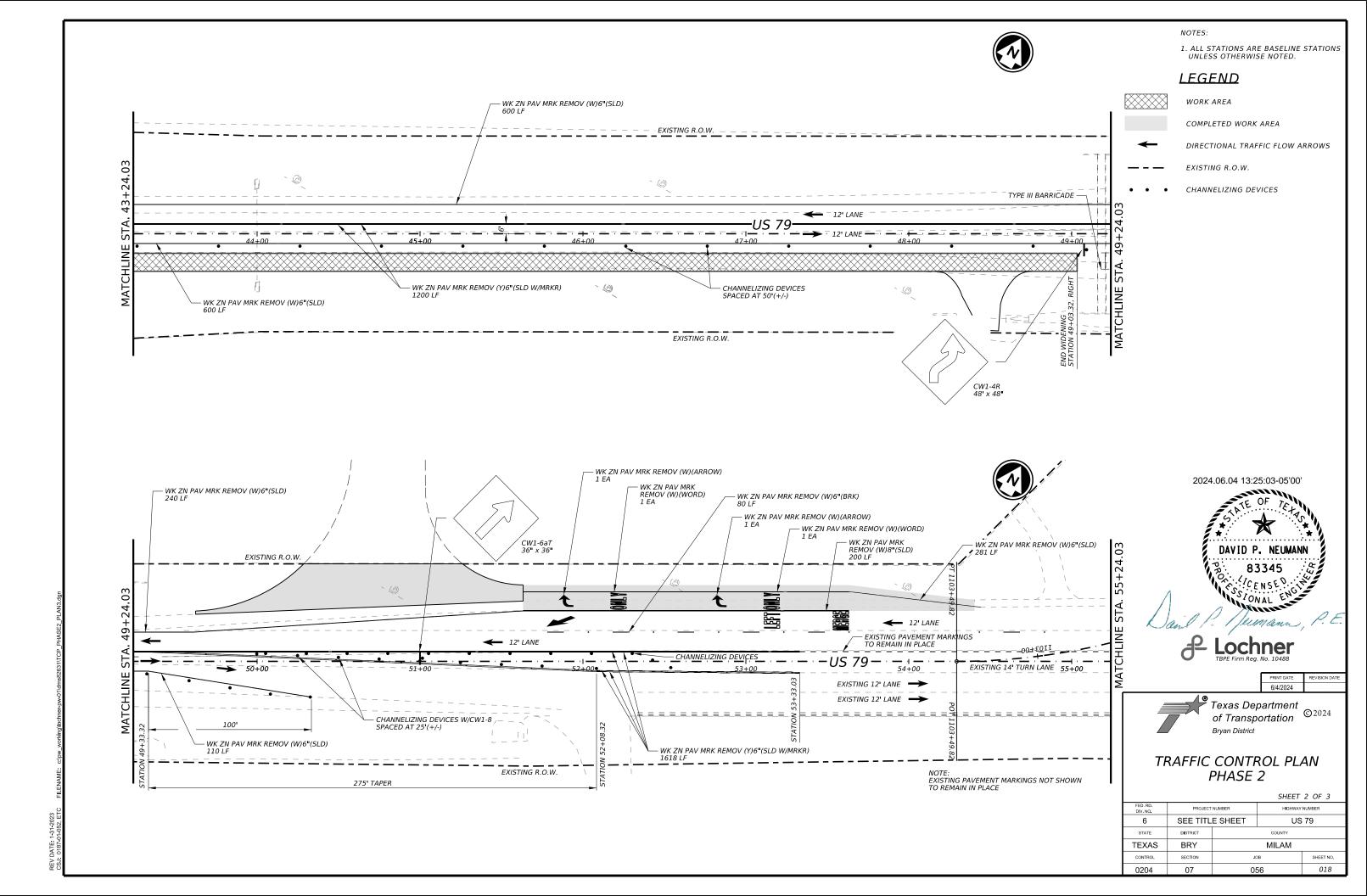
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE 1

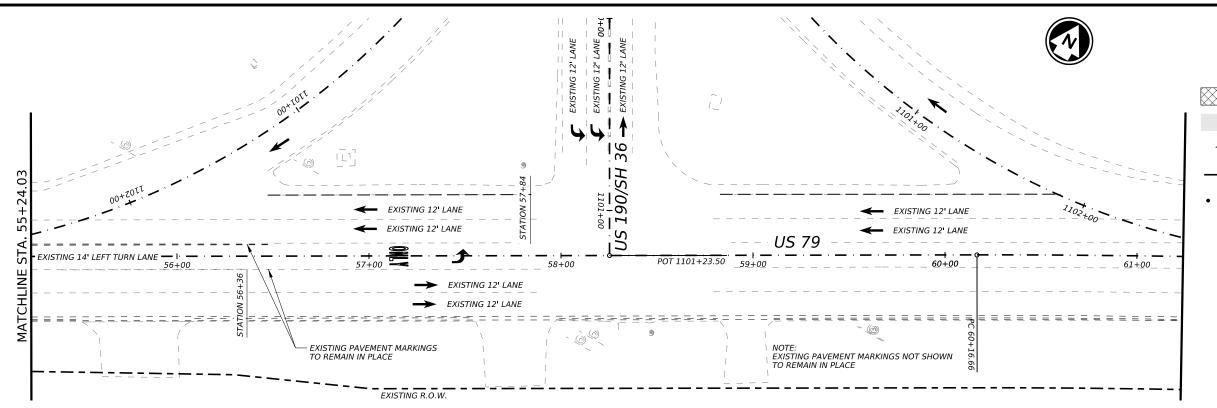
SHEET 1 OF 2

PROJECT NUMBER SEE TITLE SHEET US 79 **TEXAS** MILAM









NOTES

1. ALL STATIONS ARE BASELINE STATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

LEGEND

WORK AREA

COMPLETED WORK AREA

DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS

EXISTING R.O.W.

CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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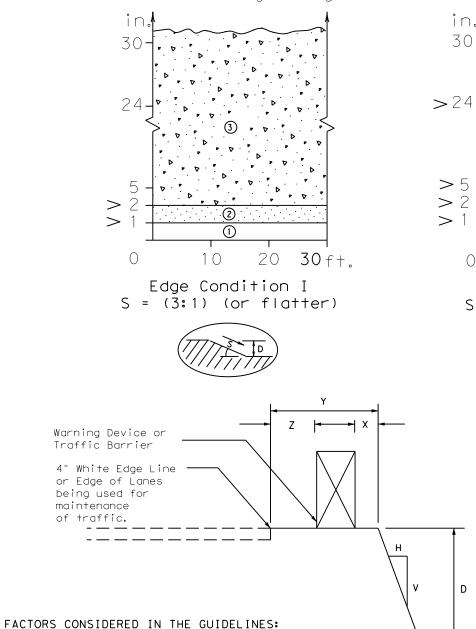
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE 2

SHEET 3 OF

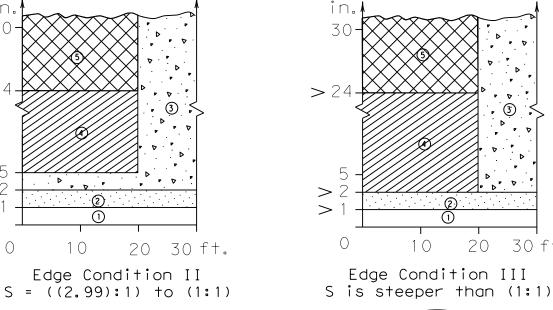
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FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
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CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
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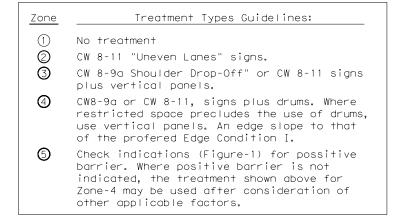
DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet



- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- 2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

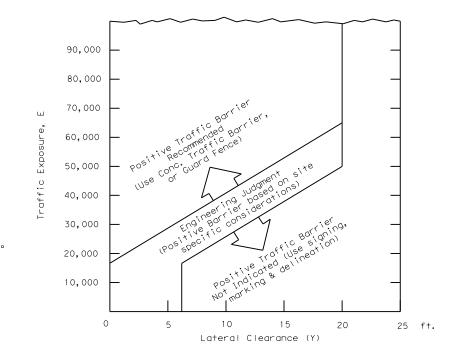




Edge Condition Notes:

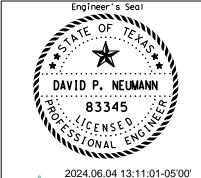
- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 (XXX)



- 1. $E = ADT \times \overline{}$ Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- 3. An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's





TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

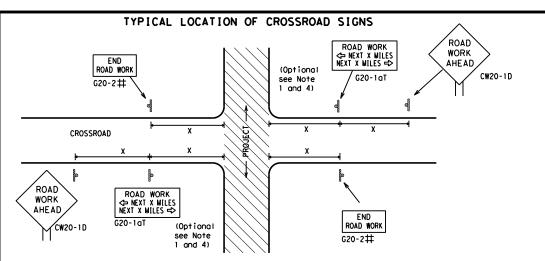


Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

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- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

CW13-1P XX

Channelizing Devices

ROAD

WORK

AHFAD

CW20-1D

6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE X X G20-9TP **X X** R20-5T FINES DOURL X R20-5aTP BORKERS ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X WILES END * * G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTI \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' -1 Block - City - Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => 801 WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE END ROAD WORK ★ ★ R20-5aTP G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

BEGIN

ZONE

TRAFFI

FINES

SPEED R2:1

LIMIT

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

R20-3

★ ★G20-9TP

X XR20-5T

X R20-5aTP BORKERS ARE PRESENT

SPEED

-CSJ Limit

LIMI1

R2-1

BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES

ADDRESS CITY STATE CONTRACTOR

× × G20-5T

* *G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 X X

ROAD

WORK

/2 MILE

CW2O-1E

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

SPACING

ray/ Iy		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
8"		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
		30	120
		35	160
	40	240	
8"		45	320
		50	400
•		55	500 ²
	60	600 ²	
		65	700 ²
8"		70	800 ²
		75	900 ²
	80	1000 ²	
	'	*	* 3

- Sign onventional Expressw Number Freewa or Series CW201 CW21 48" × 4 CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, 48" x 4 CW7. CW8. 36" × 36" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5. CW6. 48" x 48" 48" x 4 CW8-3, CW10, CW12
- imes For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS * *G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFF10 **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5 ROAD WORK CW1 - 4L AHEAD Doubi F SIGNS CW20-1D € X R20-5aTP MENTERS ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X X ROAD X X G20-6 WORK WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T X X AHEAD CONTRACTOR AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT * * R2-1 LIMIT line should 3X $\Diamond X \times X$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location **NOTES** G20-2 * * within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD

WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double
- struction and operations.
- 1D) sign ne Traffic
- nit sign at

LEGEND						
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices					
4	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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X		if workers are present.
4 4 —————	* *	CSJ limit signing is required for highway const maintenance work, with the exception of mobile $\frac{1}{2}$
- 少	◊	Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1 and other signs or devices as called for on the Control Plan.
ID G20-2bt * *	$\Diamond \Diamond$	Contractor will install a regulatory speed limithe end of the work zone.

ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

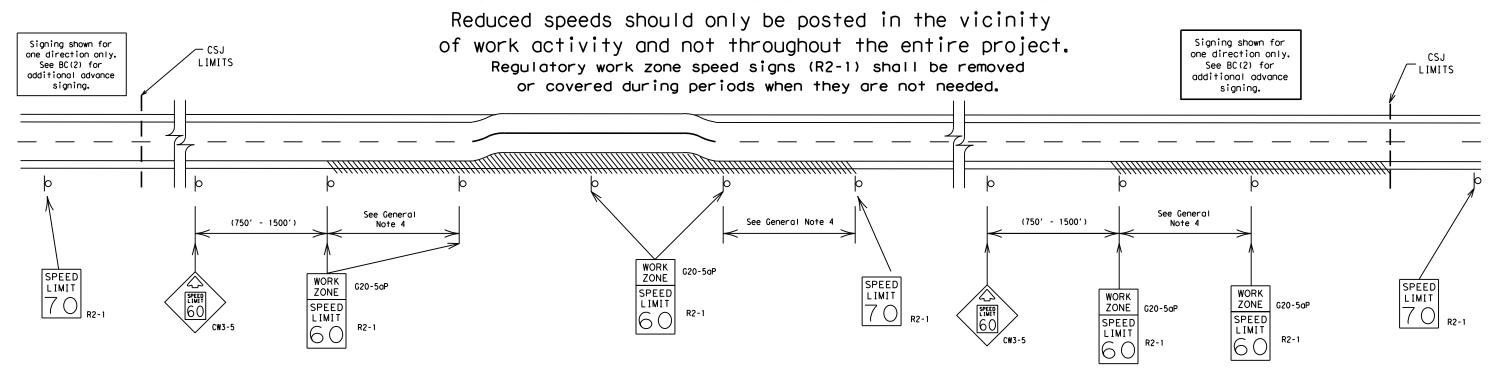
devices

Barricade or

channelizina

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(3)-21

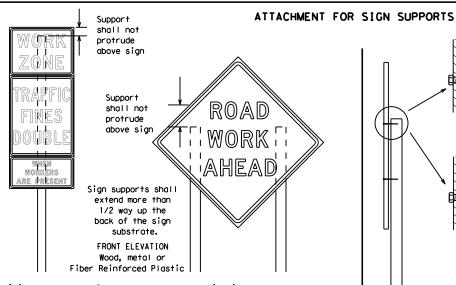
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ATE:

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. (ROAD) ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 0′-6′ 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. 9.0' max. greater Paved Paved shou I der shoul der

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be

extended or repaired

by splicing or

other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

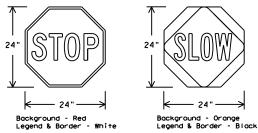
procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

sign supports

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4) - 21

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SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View

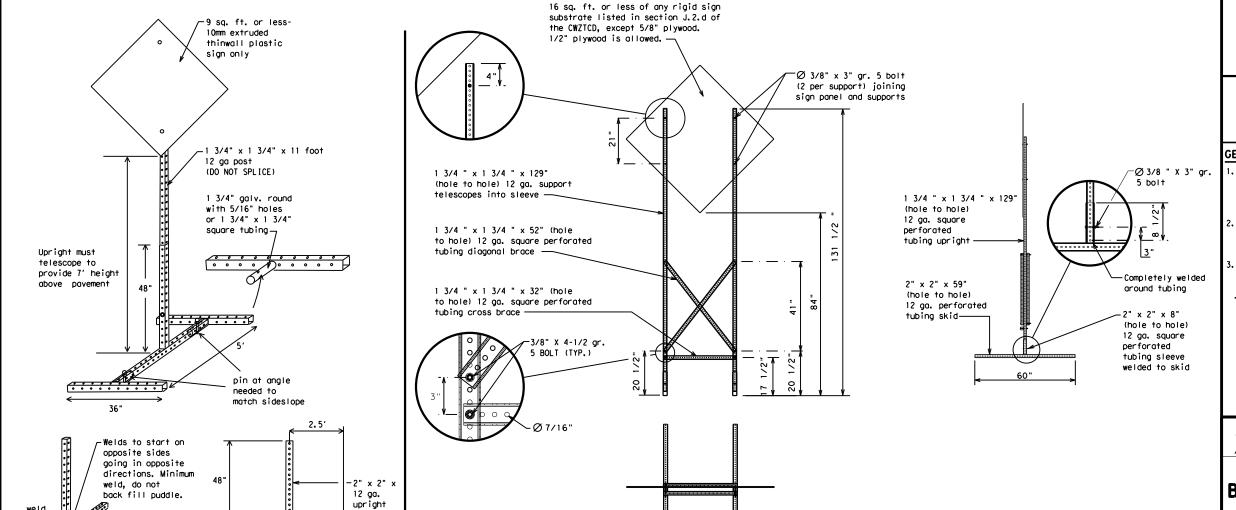
weld starts here

Post ∕ Post Post Post max. desirable desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimu sleeve -34" min. in (1/2" larger See the CWZTCD strona soils for embedment. than sian 55" min, in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) WING CHANNEL PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
 This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - $\pmb{\times}$ $\,$ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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<u>SKID MOUNTED</u>	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	<u>SUPPORTS</u>	

32'

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP.
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXPWY	Street	ST
Expressway XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
		Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		1
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

koaa/Lane/Ram	np Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Actio		e/E	ffect on Trave t	el	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
Е	USE XIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE IS XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
	STAY IN LANE	×			*	X See Ap	oplication Guide	elines I	Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. At. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

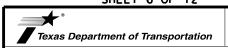
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

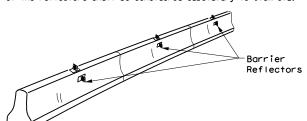


Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

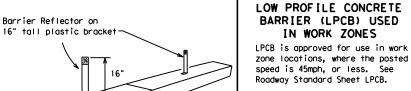
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CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

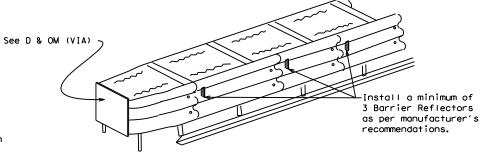
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacina of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



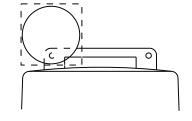
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning lights menufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

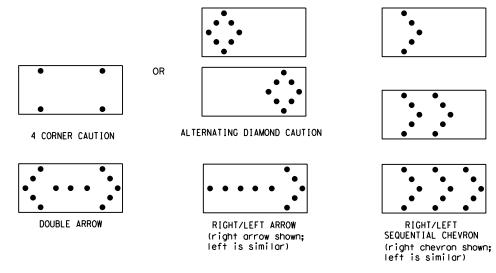
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging toper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

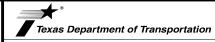
Traffic Safety Division Standard

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

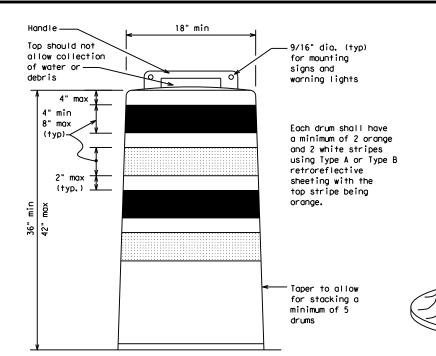
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

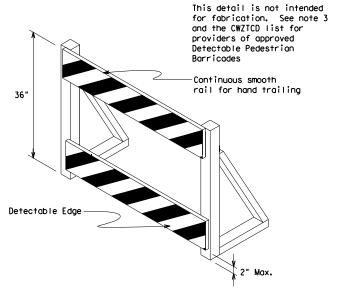
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

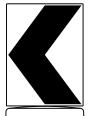
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

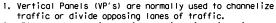
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36"



Rigid

8" to 12

1811

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

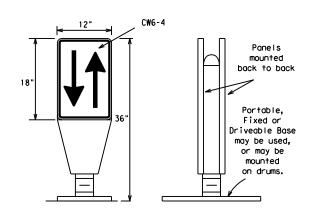
(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

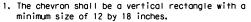


PORTABLE

(Rigid or self-righting)

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

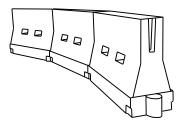


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	2951	320′	40'	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		5001	5501	600'	50'	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	
75		750′	750' 825' 900'		75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

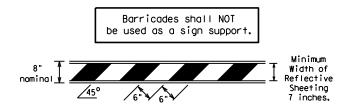
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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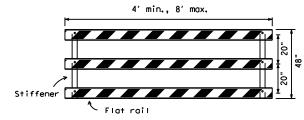
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downword to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downword to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

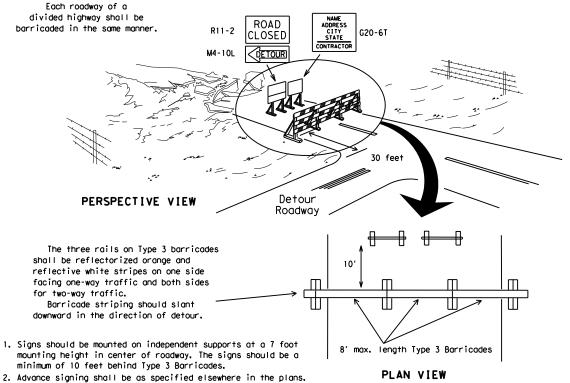


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



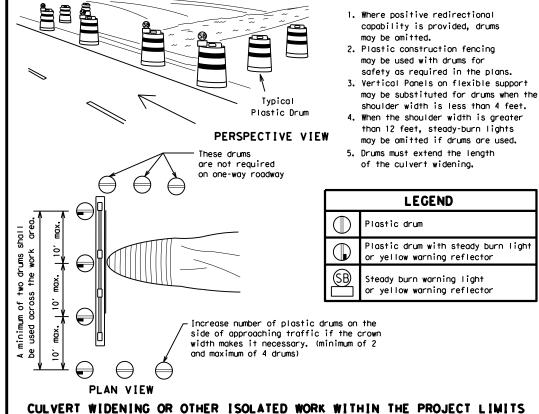
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



3"-4"

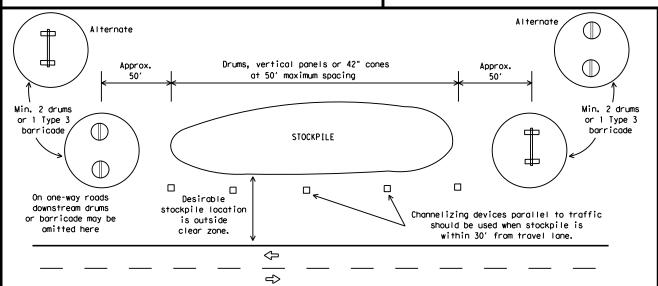
4" min. orange
2" min.
4" min. white

14" min. orange
2" min.
4" min. orange
2" min.
4" min. orange

6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 2" mox. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

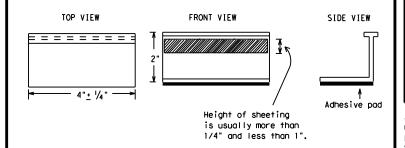
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



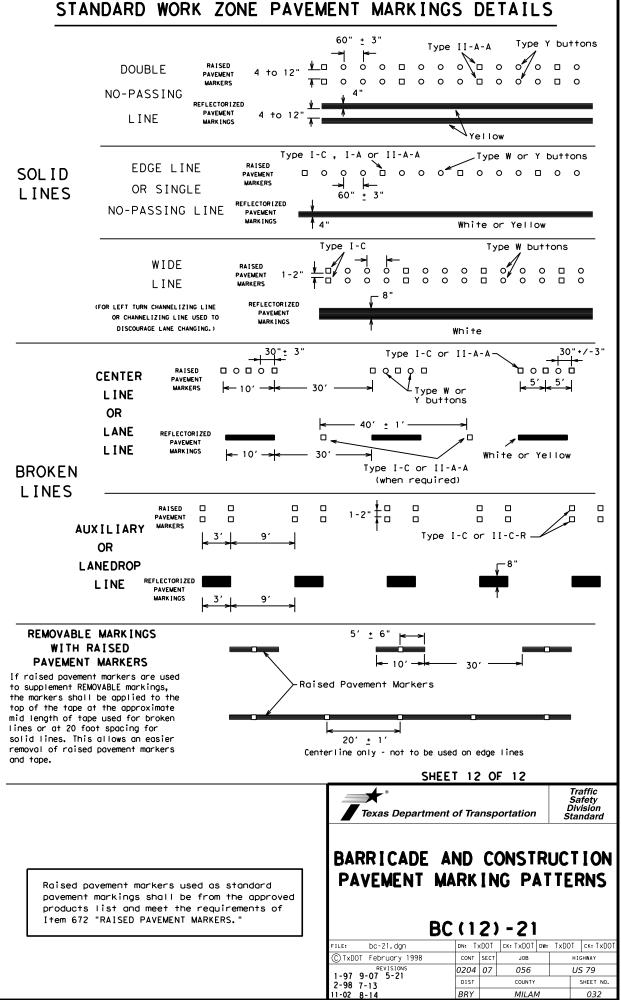
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

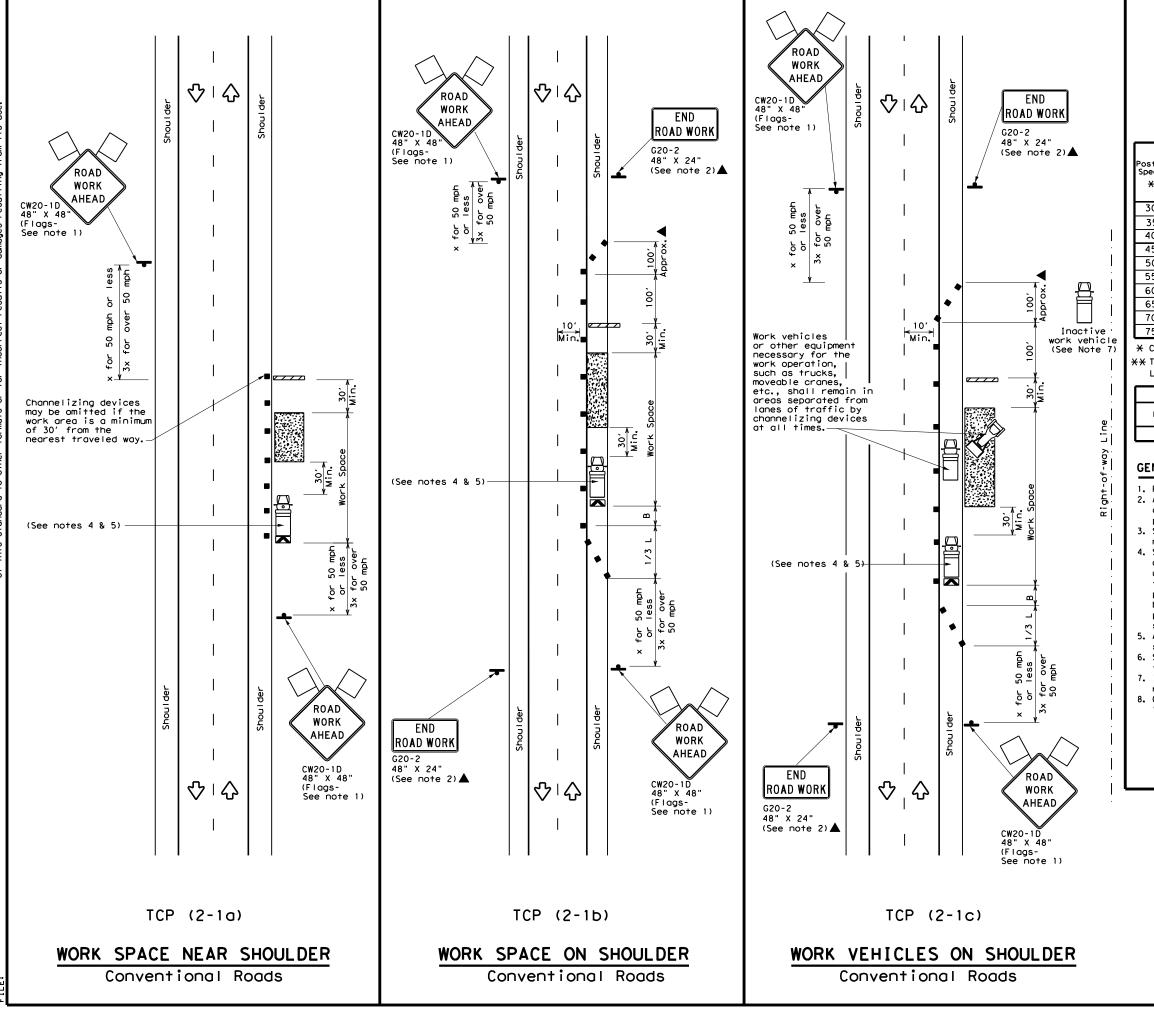
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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A <> Yellow RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> 000000000000 Type Y 4 to 8" ➾ Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer-Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 0000 Type I-A-Type Y buttons Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 ∽Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> Yellow _____ 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons -Type I-C-0000 00000 Type II-A-A Type Y buttons-0 0 0 ➪ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-LTvpe I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



BRY



	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger								
	Minimum Suo	nested N	Max imum								

_	V \					, , ,,		
Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>  WS</u> 2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	2451	35′	701	160′	120′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1	✓	✓	✓						

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

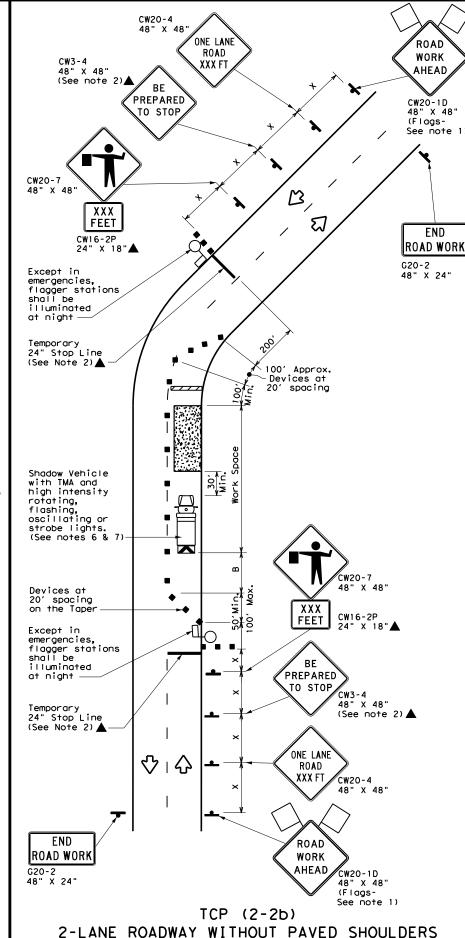
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS

(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	Д	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′	200'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225'	245'	35′	701	160'	120'	250'
40	60	265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	5501	600'	50′	100′	4001	240′	425'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645'
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum
- mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

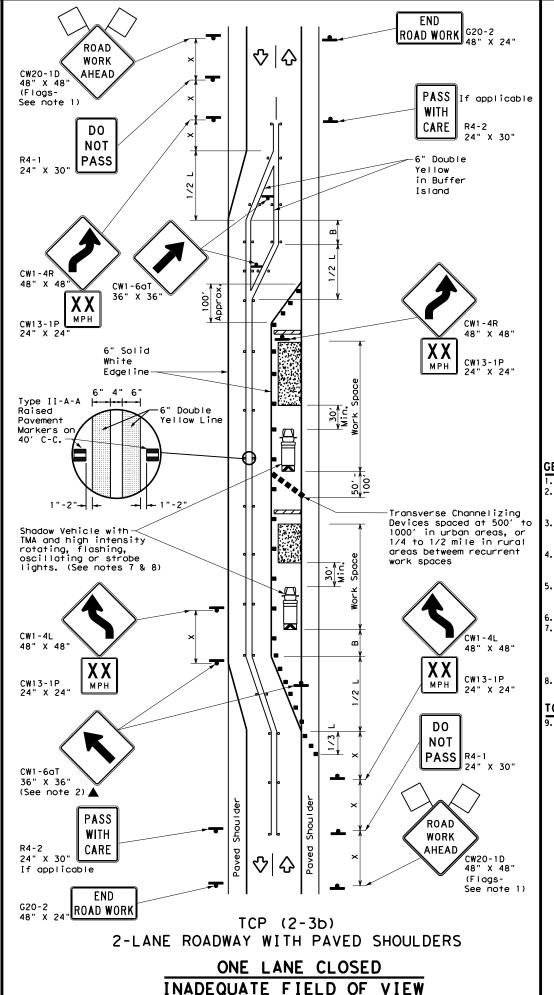


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0204	07	056		US 79
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BRY		MILAI	И	034



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA							
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	peed		Desirable Taper Lengths ***			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS ²	2051	225′	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55'	110′	500′	295′
60	- " -	600′	6601	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY			
_			✓	1			

#### GENERAL NOTES

Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- 4. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
- The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- . Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Venicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(5) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO-LANE ROADS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TCP(2-3)-23

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© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
1-97 2-12	BRY	BRY MILAM			035

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	Ц	Flagger						

	\wedge	. 09				, i ragge	•'	
Posted Speed X	Desirable Taper Lengths ed **X**		Spacii Channe Dev	lizing ices	Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"		
, ,		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	
30	<u> ws</u>	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	"	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	3201	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	l _{L = WS}	550'	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60] - ""	600′	660′	720′	60′	1201	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
		✓	✓			

GENERAL NOTES

CW13-1P 24" X 24'

CW1-6aT

36" X 36'

48" X 48'

CW13-1P

24" X 24"

CW20-5TR 48" X 48

CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

note 4)

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 4. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP (2-4) -18

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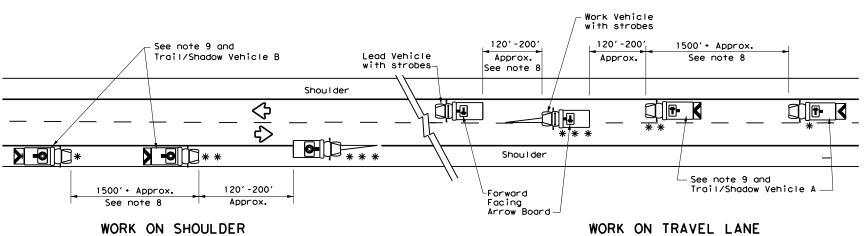
X VEHICLE WORK CONVOY CONVOY CW21-10cT CW21-10aT 72" X 36" 60" X 36" •••••• X VEHICLE CONVOY TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

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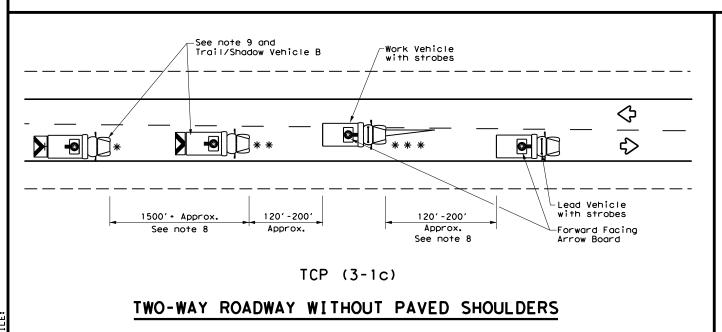
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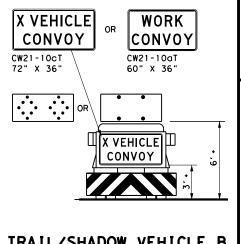
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

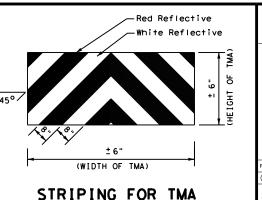
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle	*	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	#	Double Arrow					
♡	Traffic Flow	© =	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
1						

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

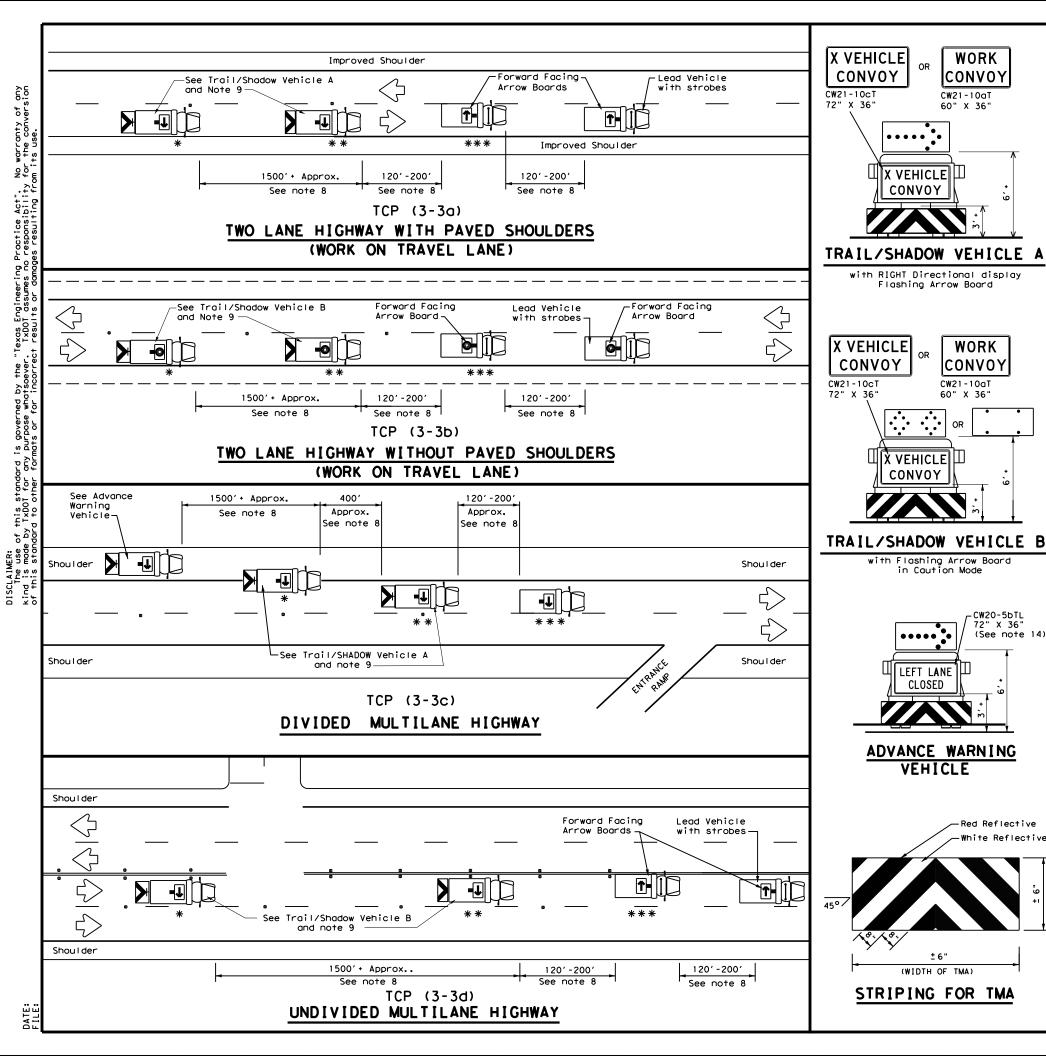


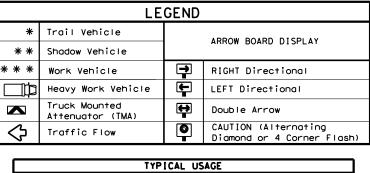


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

		_	_		_	
FILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T	xDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW: Tx[OOT CK: TXDOT
C TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98		0204	07	056		US 79
8-95 7-1	••	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97		BRY		MILAN	1	037





TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

Flashing Arrow Board

X VEHICLE

in Caution Mode

••••

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36" (See note 14)

Red Reflective

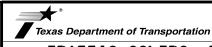
CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer
- will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

		•	•				
FILE:	tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	kDOT.	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		НI	GHWAY
REVISIONS		0204	07	056		U:	5 79
	2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
1-97 7-1	1-97 7-14			MILAN	1		038

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	₽	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	F	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		Double Arrow						
Ŷ	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices						

Speed	Formula	* *			Channelizing Sp Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L= WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80'	240′	1551
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

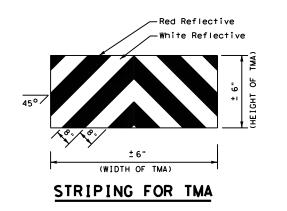
- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.





TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR
ISOLATED WORK AREAS
UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

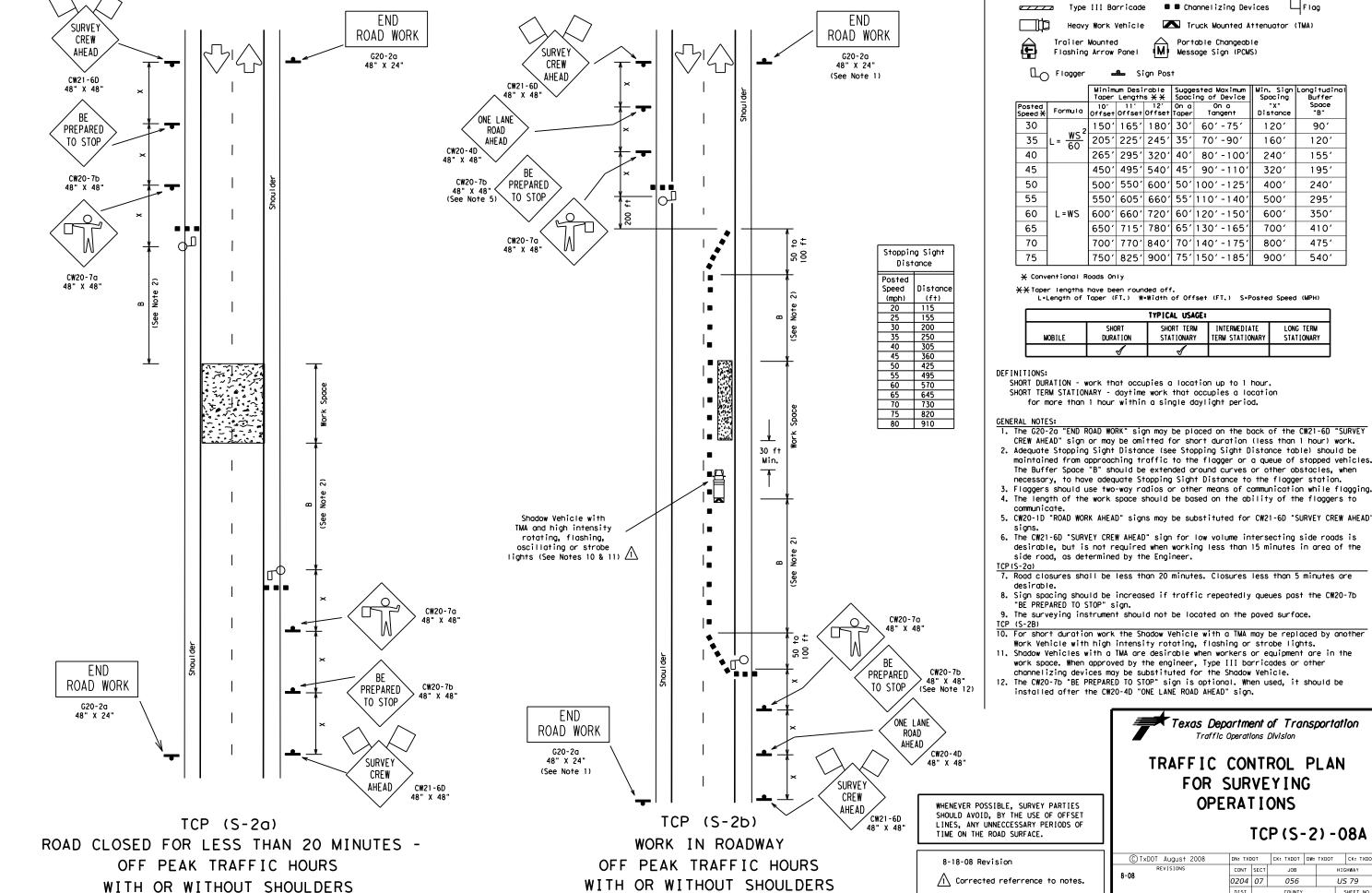
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP (3-4) -13

LE:	tcp3-4.dgn	DN: To	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>T×DOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
) T×DOT	July, 2013	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS		0204 07		056		US 79	
		DIST	DIST COUNTY		•		SHEET NO.
		BRY		MILAN	И		039

178

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO SHEET NO



LEGEND Flag ■ Channelizing Devices Type III Barricade Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable
Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel Flagger

			∍m Desi Length			sted Maximum ing of Device	Min. Sign Spacing	Longitudinal Buffer
Posted Speed X	Formula	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X" Distance	Space "B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	301	60′-75′	120′	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	2451	35′	70′-90′	160′	120′
40	00	265′	295′	320′	401	80′-100′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′-110′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600′	50′	100'-125'	400′	240′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110'-140'	500′	295′
60	L=WS	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'-150'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′-165′	700′	410'
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140'-175'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′-185′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Adequate Stopping Sight Distance (see Stopping Sight Distance table) should be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger or a queue of stopped vehicles. The Buffer Space "B" should be extended around curves or other obstacles, when necessary, to have adequate Stopping Sight Distance to the flagger station.
- 4. The length of the work space should be based on the ability of the flaggers to
- 5. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD"
- 6. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads is desirable, but is not required when working less than 15 minutes in area of the
- side road, as determined by the Engineer.

- 7. Road closures shall be less than 20 minutes. Closures less than 5 minutes are
- 8. Sign spacing should be increased if traffic repeatedly queues past the CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign.
- 9. The surveying instrument should not be located on the paved surface.
- 10. For short duration work the Shadow Vehicle with a TMA may be replaced by another Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing or strobe lights.
- 11. Shadow Vehicles with a TMA are desirable when workers or equipment are in the work space. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other
- channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle.

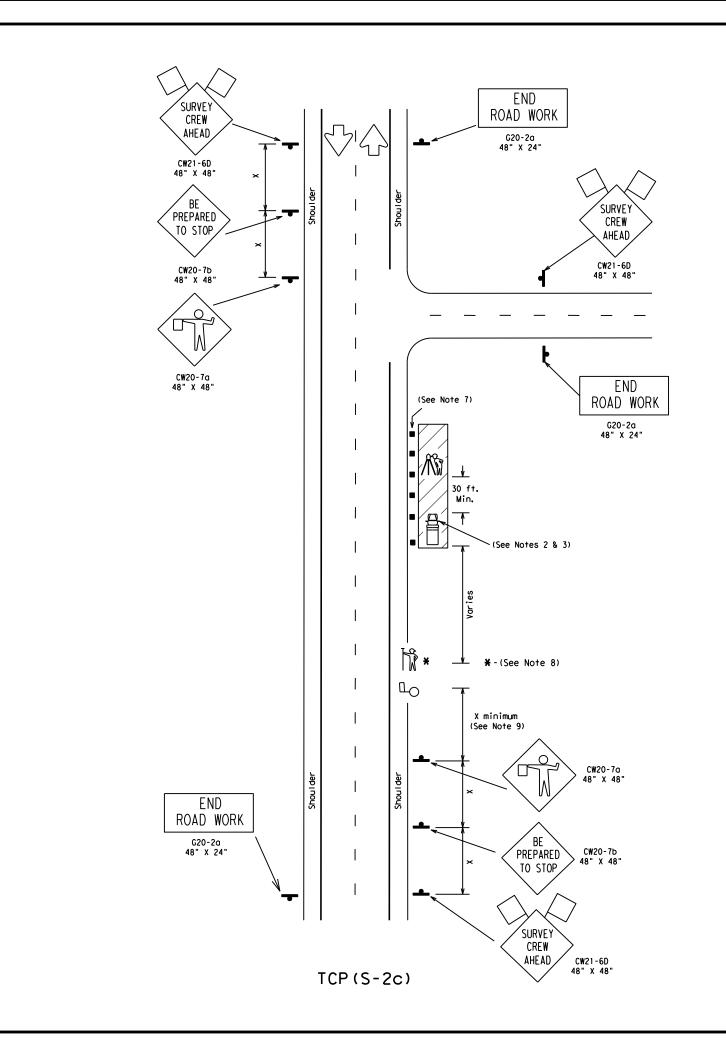
 12. The CW20-7b "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign is optional. When used, it should be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2)-08A

C TxDOT August 2008	DN: TXD	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
.08	0204	07	056 US 79		5 79	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		ΜΙΙ ΔΙ	и		041



Stopping Sight							
DIST	ance	l					
Posted							
Speed	Distance						
(mph)	(ft)						
20	115						
25	155						
30	200						
35	250						
40	305						
45	360						
50	425						
55	495						
60	570						
65	645						
70	730						
75	820						
80	910	l					

LEGEND . Flag Type III Barricade ■ Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Work Vehicle Survey Rodman Instrument Person ∐_{O Flagger} Sign Post Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device Min. Sign Longitudina Spacing Buffer Space "B" Distance 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60' -75' 1201 90' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70' -90' 160' 120' 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100' 40 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' -110' 320' 1951 50 |5001|5501|6001|501|1001-1251 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500' 2951 60 L=WS | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' - 150' 600' 3501 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165' 410' 700′ 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' - 175' 8001 475' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900' 540'

★ Conventional Roads Only

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L**Length of Taper (FT.) W**Width of Offset (FT.) S**Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:										
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM MOBILE DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1	1								

MOBILE - work that moves continously or intermittently

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows.
- 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure.
- 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2c)-10

xDOT January 2010	DN: TXE	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	0204	07	056		US	5 79
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		MILAN	И		042

(C) T:

公

WZ (RS-1a)

RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE

TWO-WAY APPLICATION

Arrays.

Warning sign

TABLE 1

< 4,500

4,500

< 3,500

> 3,500

< 2,600

2,600

< 1,600

<u>></u> 1,600

N/A

RUMBLE

AHEAD,

ROAD

WORK AHEAD CW17-2T

48" X 48"

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

(See note 2)

Flagger

(Length of Work Area)

1/8 Mile

1/4 Mile

1/2 Mile

1 Mile

> 1 Mile

-See note 8

of Rumble

Arrays

2

2

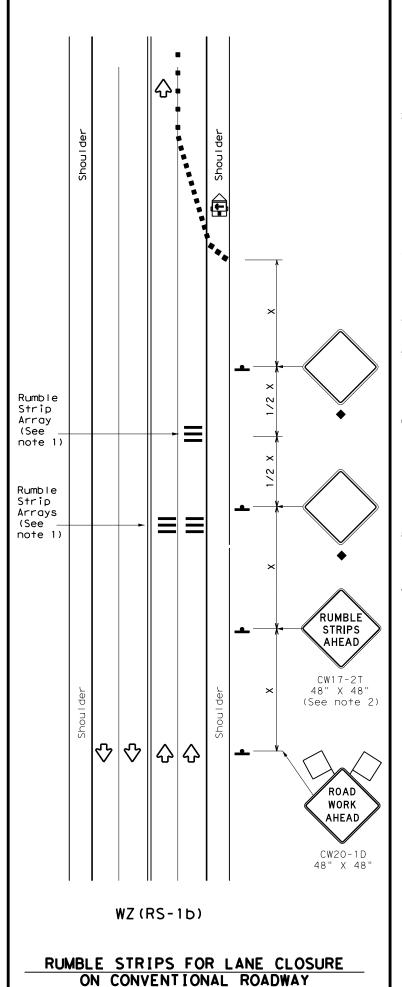
2

1

2

2

Strip



GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- B. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger							

Speed	•		Desirable Taper Lengths X X			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	WS ²	1501	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	8	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	5401	45′	90′	3201	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L #3	600′	660′	720′	60`	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	8401	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900,	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	✓	1		_				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
≤ 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+					

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ(RS)-22

ILE:	wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© T×DOT	November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0204	07	056		US	5 79
2-14 4-16	1-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-10		BRY		MILAI	И		043
117							

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS 4" to 12' DOUBLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE TAPE **SOLID** → 20' ± 6" 4.5' ± 6" LINES 20' ± 6" Type Y-2 or W SINGLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE or CHANNELIZATION TAPE LINE Yellow or White Type Y-2 or W **BROKEN** TABS $\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}$ LINES TAPE (FOR CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE) Yellow or White **--**12' ± 6" **TABS WIDE DOTTED** LINES (FOR LANE DROP LINES) **TAPE** White 20' ± 6" TABS WIDE GORE **MARKINGS** TAPE 20' ± 6"

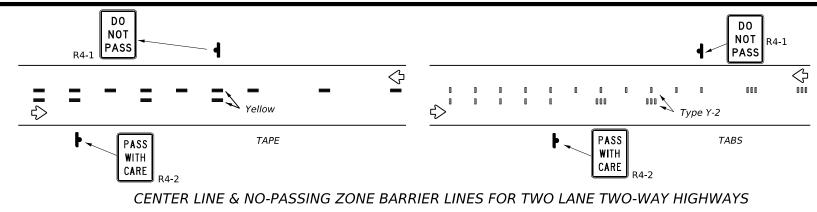
NOTES:

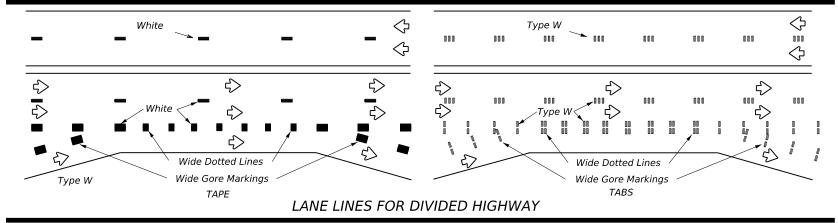
- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days, Permanent payement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

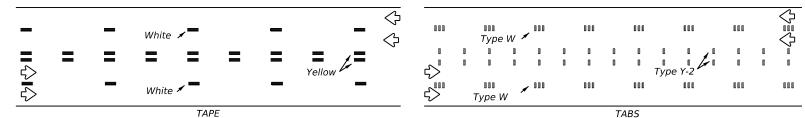
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

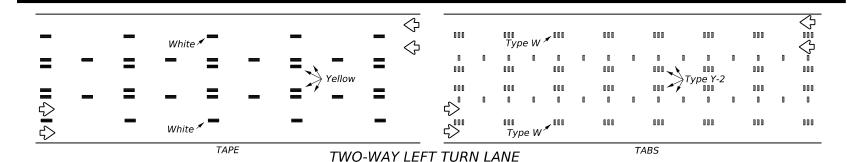
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS







LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

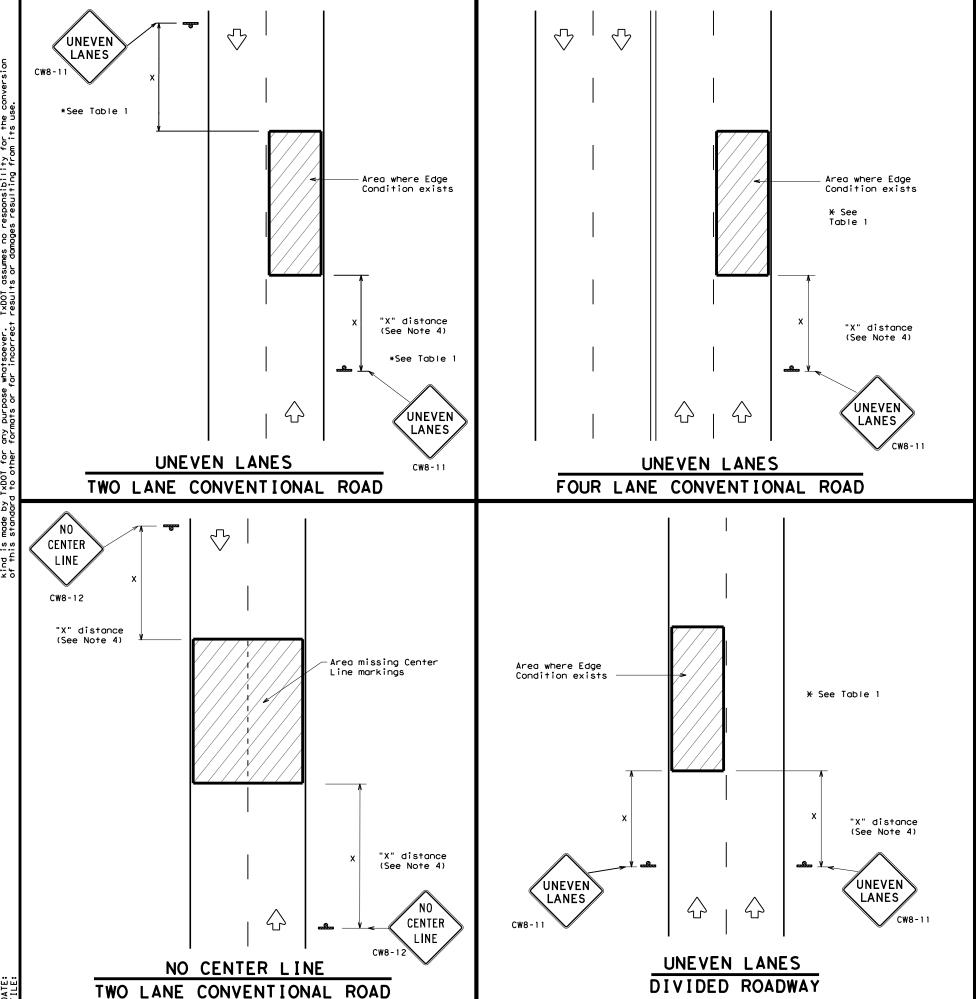
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	WZ:	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
©TxD	ОТ	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
		REVISIONS	0204	07	056		US	79
4-92 1-97	7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-03			BRY		MILAI	И		044



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices					
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7/// T D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3 1	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".						
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING. OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM WARNING	G SIGN SIZE
Conventional roads	36" × 36"
Freeways/expressways, divided roadways	48" × 48"

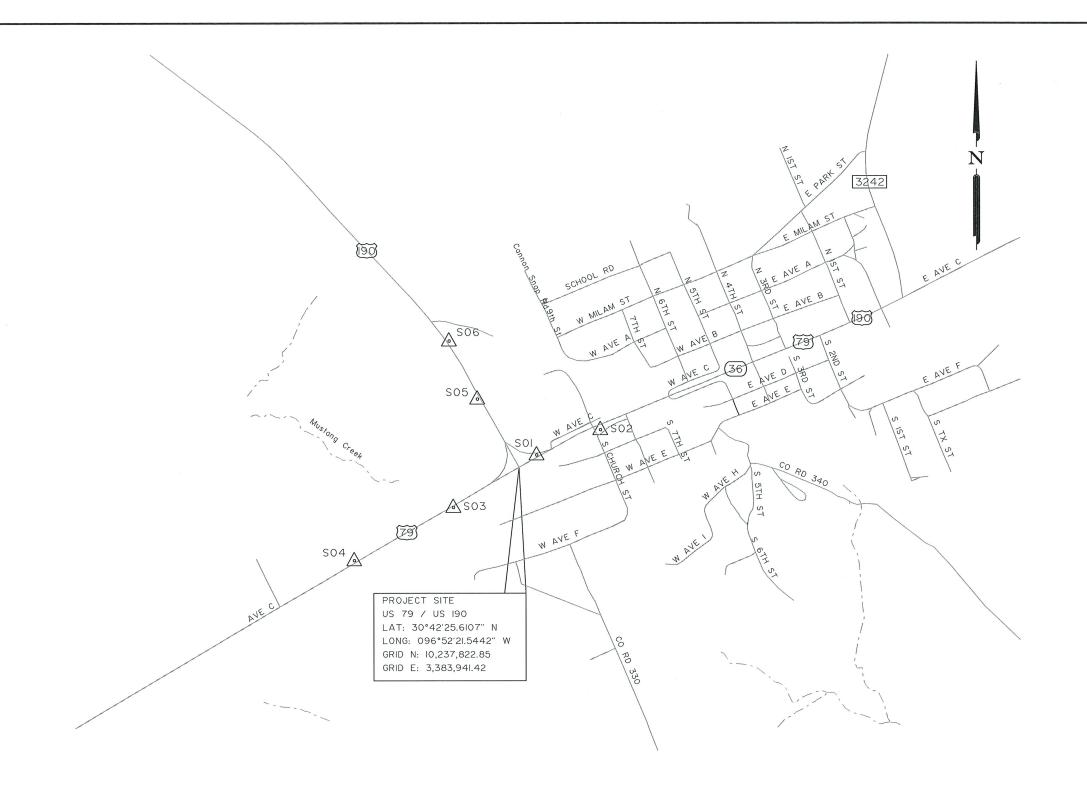
SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Texas Department of Transportation

WZ (UL) - 13

Traffic Operations

	•••						
LE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T:	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
) TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		ни	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0204	07	056		US	5 79
-95 2-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97 3-03		BRY		MILAN	И		045



NOTES:

I. ALL BEARINGS ARE REFERENCED TO THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE (INAD83, 2011 ADJUSTMENT, EPOCH 2010.00), ESTABLISHED BY TXDOT RTN, HELD HORIZONTAL MONUMENT "CAMERON BASE STATION".

2. ALL DISTANCES AND COORDINATES ARE IN US SURVEY FEET DISPLAYED IN SURFACE VALUES WITH THE TXDOT SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.000120.

3. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) USING GEOIDZB. ESTABLISHED BY TXDOT RTN, HELD VERTICAL MONUMENT "CAMERON BASE STATION".

THE SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E



THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUNDER MY SUPERVISION IN MARCH 2023.

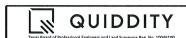
TRAVERSE TABLE

	THE TENDE THEEL							
FROM	ТО	BEARING	DISTANCE					
SOI	S02	N 69°53'25" E	787.00'					
SOI	S03	S 55°21'12" W	1,257.62'					
S03	S04	S 66°14'06" W	1,064.20'					
SOI	S05	N 45°01′51″ W	846.50'					
S05	S06	N 22°06'09" W	730.15'					

POINT INFO TABLE

	TOTAL NIL O TABLE							
POINT No.	LATITUDE (N)	LONGITUDE (W)	GRID NORTHING	GRID EASTING	SURFACE NORTHING	SURFACE EASTING	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION
SOI	30°42'26.5889"	096°52'20.2446"	10,237,925.15	3,384,051.73	10,239,153.70	3,384,457.82	499.69'	CP 3.25" TACC IN DIRT
S02	30°42'29.038I"	096°52'II.6872"	10,238,195.71	3,384,790.67	10,239,424.29	3,385,196.84	518.11'	CP 3.25" TACC IN PAVEMENT
\$03	30°42'19.8343"	096°52'32.3442"	10,237,210.26	3,383,017.24	10,238,438.73	3,383,423.21	477.40'	CP 3.25" TACC IN DIRT
S04	30°42'15.8912"	096°52'43.6473"	10,236,781.45	3,382,043.39	10,238,009.87	3,382,449.24	482.69'	CP 3.25" TACC IN DIRT
S05	30°42'32.69l4"	096°52'26.888I"	10,238,523.33	3,383,452.92	10,239,751.95	3,383,858.93	490.39	CP 3.25" TACC IN DIRT
S06	30°42'39.4683"	096°52'29.7926"	10,239,199.74	3,383,178.22	10,240,428.45	3,383,584.20	497.03	CP 3.25" TACC IN DIRT

IIxI7 - SCALE: I" = NOT TO SCALE 22x34 - SCALE: I" = NOT TO SCALE

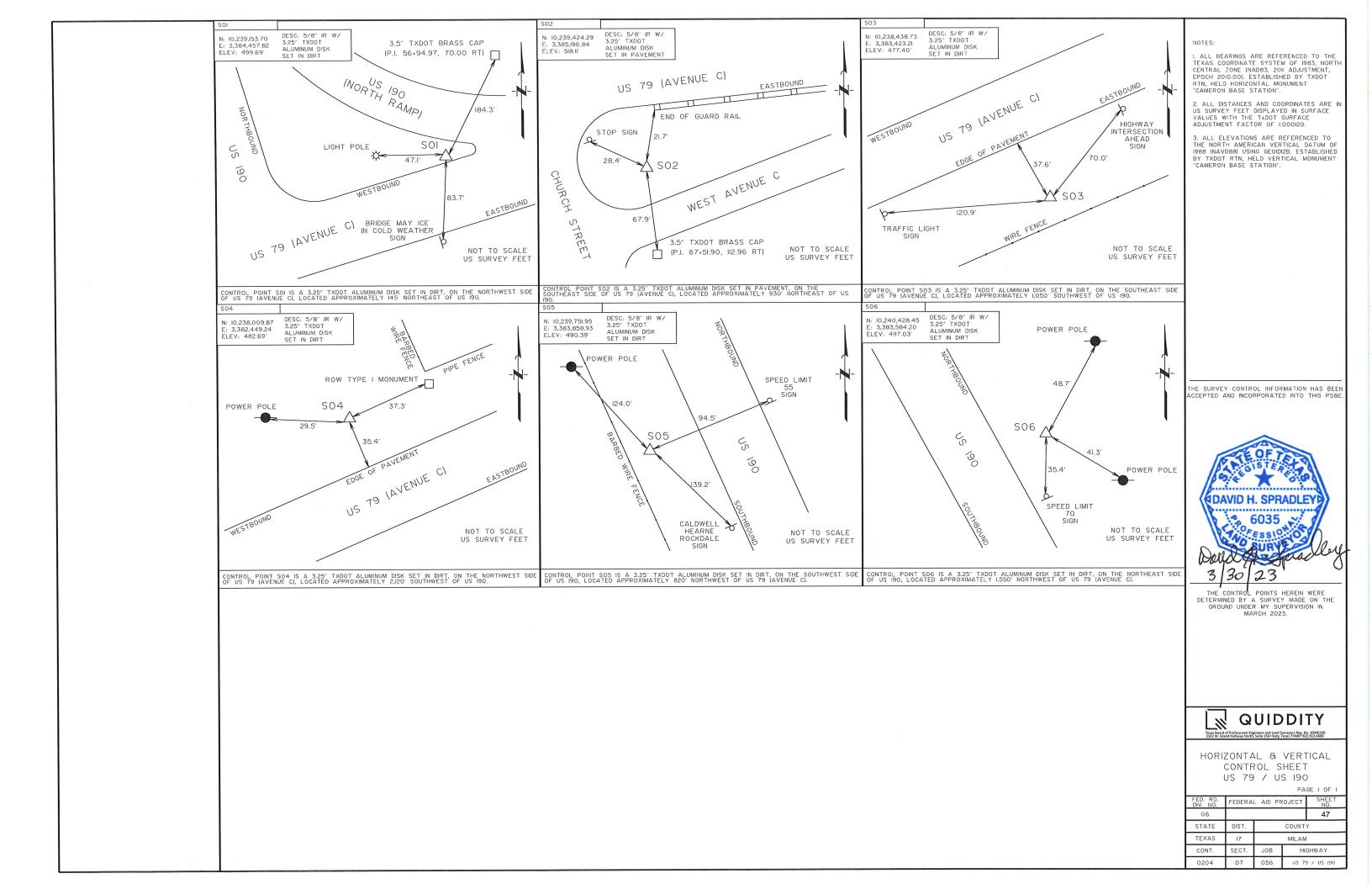


SURVEY

CONTROL INDEX SHEET
US 79 / US 190

S 79 / US 190 PAGE

FEDERAL AID PROJECT SHEET NO.				
			46	
DIST.		COUNT	Υ	
17		MILAN	1	
SECT.	JOB	HI	GHWAY	
07	056	US 79	/ US 190	
	DIST.	DIST. I7 SECT. JOB	DIST. COUNT 17 MILAM SECT. JOB HI	



US 79 HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

Alignment Name: BL CL-US79 Alignment Description: Alignment Style: Alignment\Baseline Śtation Northina Eastina Element: Linear PC () 60+16.660 R1 10237684.112 3382000.480 PC () 60+16.660 R1 10239132.721 3384504.242 Tangential Direction: N59.947°E Tangential Length: 2892.627 Element: Circular
PC () 60+16.660 R1 10239132.721 3384504.242
PI () 64+10.629 R1 10239133.018 3384845.248
CC () 10234173.387 3387373.579 CC () 10234173.387 3387373.579 PT () 68+03.360 R1 10239478.783 3385210.051 Radius: 5729.580 Delta: 7.867° Right Degree of Curvature (Arc): 1.000° Length: 786.700 Tangent: 393.969 Chord: 786.082 Middle Ordinate: 13.497 External: 13.529 Back Tangent Direction: N59.947°E Back Radial Direction: S30.053°E Chord Direction: N63.881°E Ahead Radial Direction: S22.186°E Ahead Tangent Direction: N67.814°E Element: Linear Element: Linear PT () 68+03.360 R1 10239478.783 3385210.051 POT () 70+66.796 R1 10239578.259 3385453.983 Tangential Direction: N67.814°E Tangential Length: 263.436

US 79 / US 190 (SH 36) WEST RAMP HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

Alignment Name: RAMP CL-WEST Alignment Description: Alignment Style: Alignment\Ramp Station

Element: Circular () 1097+27.600 R1 () 1101+23.497 R1 () () 1103+49.823 R1 396.511 Radius: Delta: 89.911°
Degree of Curvature (Arc): 14.450° Length: 622.223

Tangent: 395.897 Chord: 560.316 Middle Ordinate: 115.918 External: 163.806 Back Tangent Direction: 529.964°F Back Radial Direction: \$29.964 E Back Radial Direction: \$60.036 W Chord Direction: \$14.992 W Ahead Radial Direction: N30.053 W Ahead Tangent Direction: \$59.947 W

US 190 / SH 36 HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

Alignment Name: IR CL-SH36/US191 Alignment Description: Alignment Style: Alignment\Intersecting Road Station Northing Eastina Element: Linear POT () 1077+22.060 R1 10241023.991 PC () 1081+30.214 R1 10240724.027 3383007.827 3383284.614 Tangential Direction: S42.699°E Tangential Length: 408.154 Element: Circular PC () 1081+30.214 R1 10240724.027 PC ()
PI ()
CC ()
PT ()
Radius: 3383284.614 1084+49.907 R1 10240489.074 10238781.286 3383501.412 3381179.197 () 1087+66.967 R1 10240212.110 Radius: 2864.790
Delta: 12.735° Right
Degree of Curvature (Arc): 2.000° 636.753 Tangent: 319.694 Chord: 635.443 Middle Ordinate: 17.673 External: 17.783 Back Tangent Direction: Back Radial Direction: S47.301°W Chord Direction: S36.331°E Ahead Radial Direction: S60.036°W Ahead Tangent Direction: S29.964°E Element: Linear Element: Linear PT () 1087+66.967 R1 10240212.110 POT () 1101+23.500 R1 10239036.889 Tangential Direction: S29.964°E Tangential Length: 1356.533 3383661.084 3384338.607

US 79 / US 190 (SH 36) EAST RAMP HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

Alignment Name: RAMP CL-EAST Alignment Description: Alignment Style: Alignment\Ramp Station

Element: Circular PC () 1097+31.160 R1 PI () 1101+13.923 R1 CC () PT () 1103+39.273 R1 1103+39.273 R1 395.143 Radius: Delta: 88.176° Degree of Curvature (Arc): 14.500° Length: 608.113

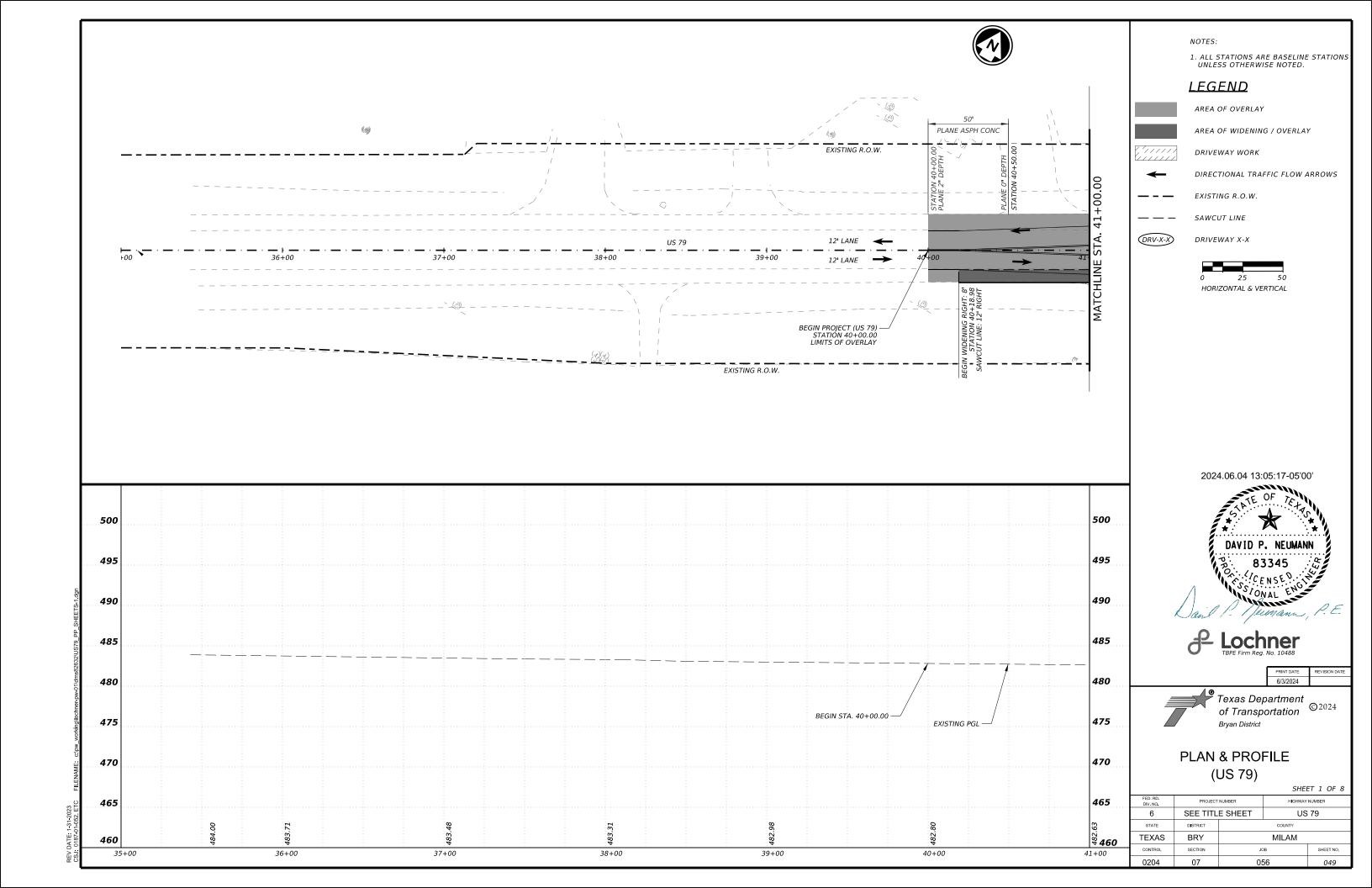
Tangent: 382.763 Chord: 549.854 Middle Ordinate: 111.324 External: 154.989 Back Tangent Direction: 529.964°F Back Radial Direction: \$29.964 E
Back Radial Direction: \$60.036 W
Chord Direction: \$74.052 E
Ahead Radial Direction: \$28.140 E
Ahead Tangent Direction: \$61.860 E 2024.06.04 13:05:02-05'00'

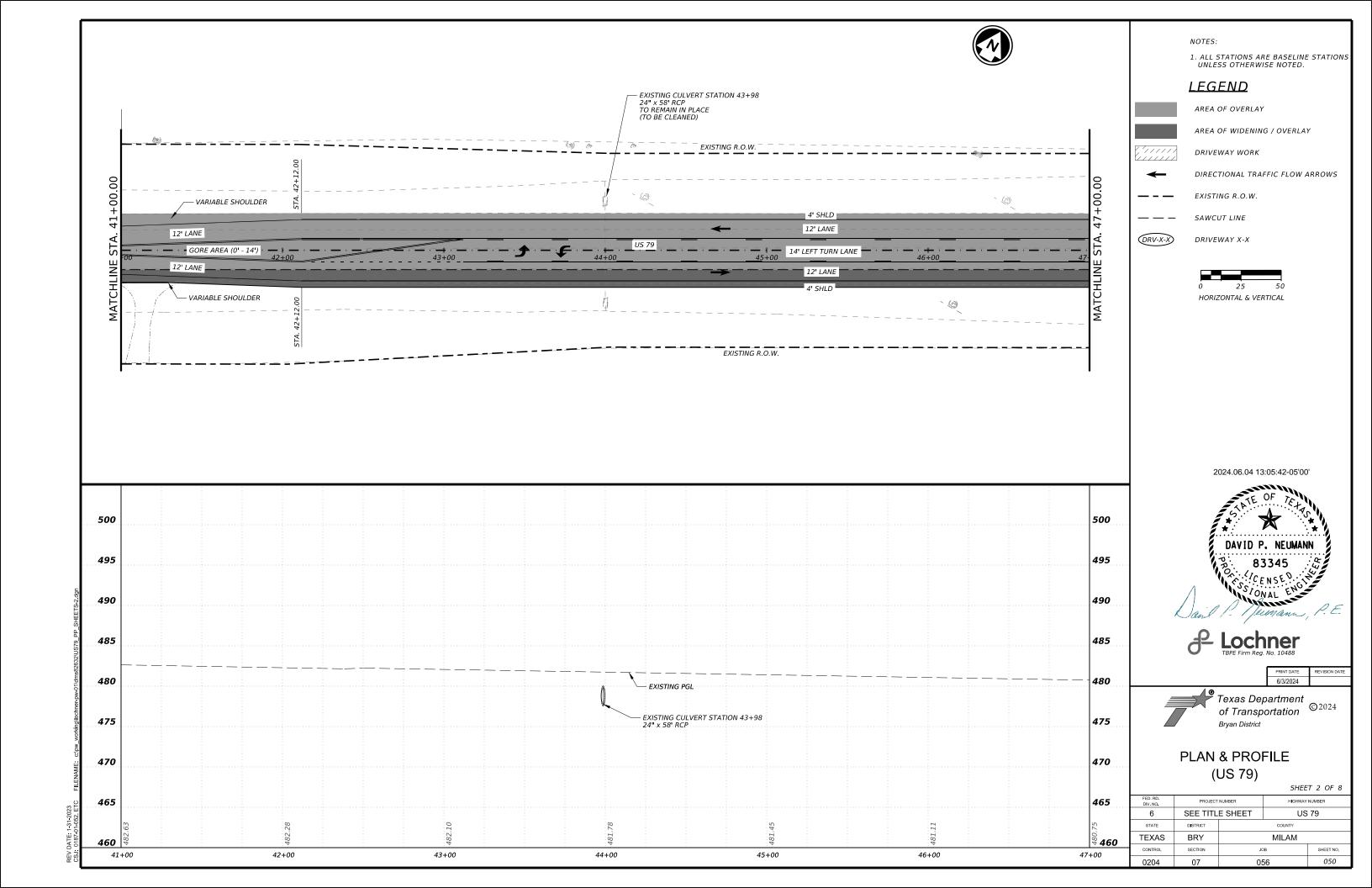


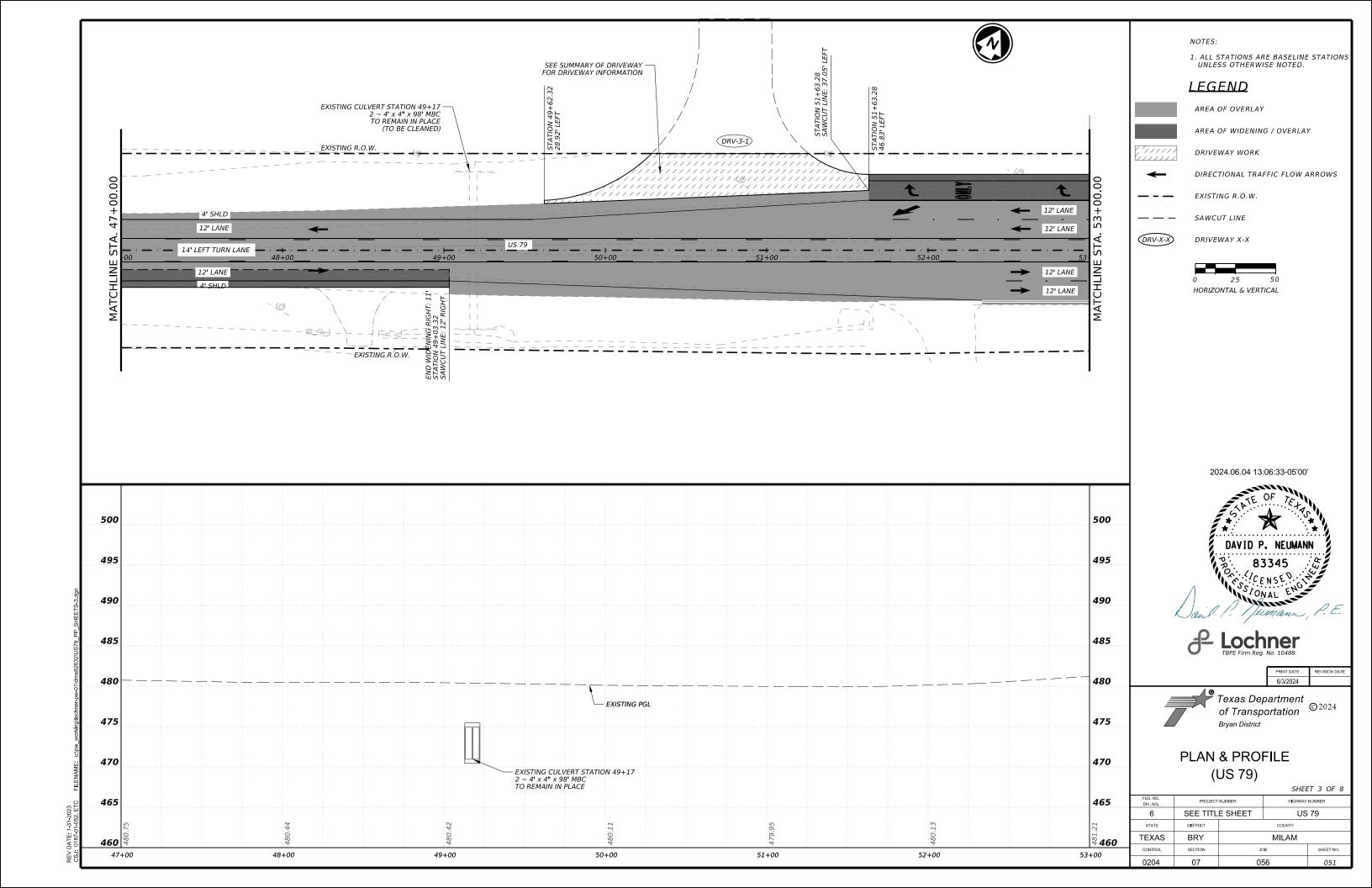


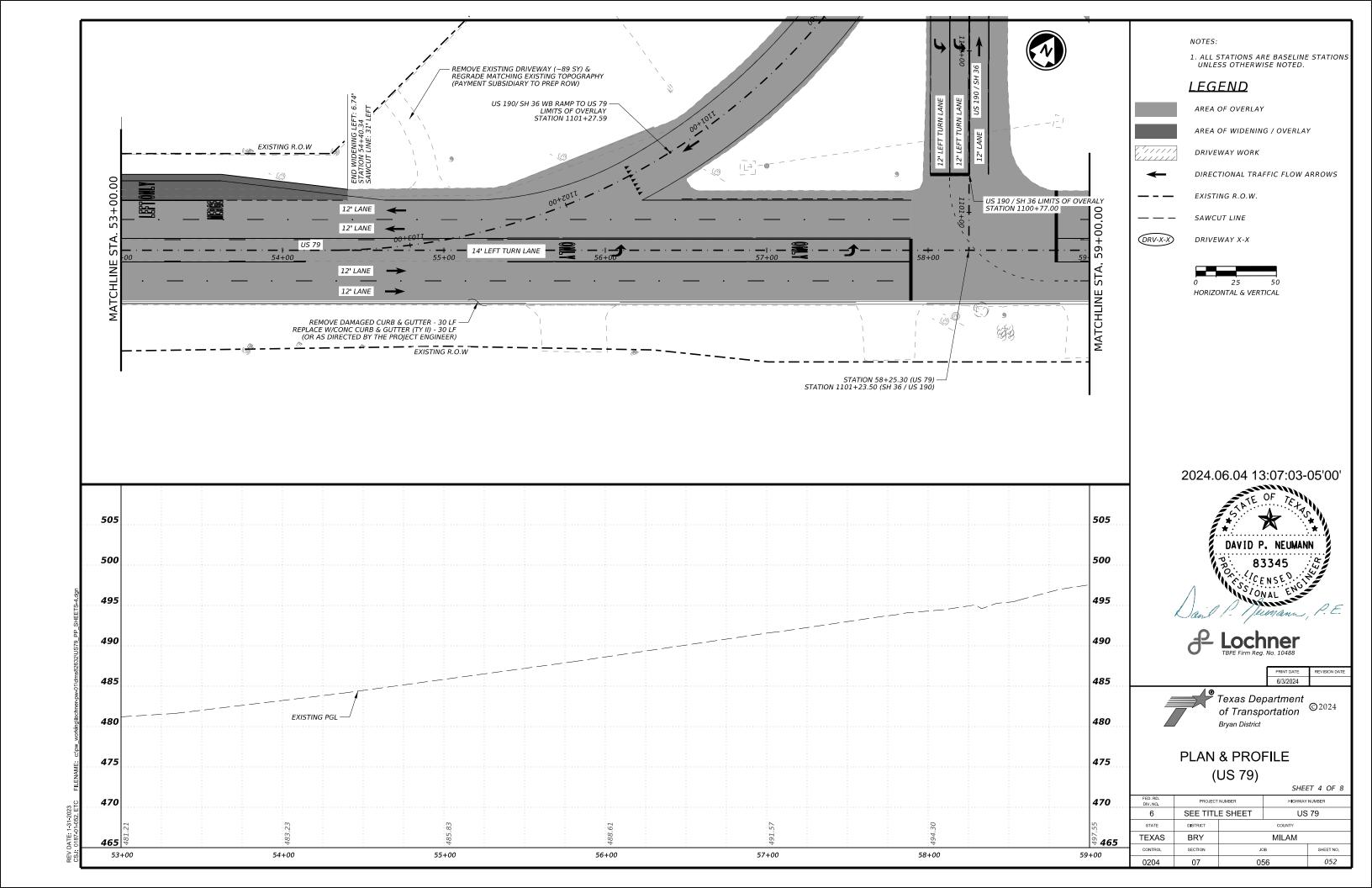
ALIGNMENT DATA

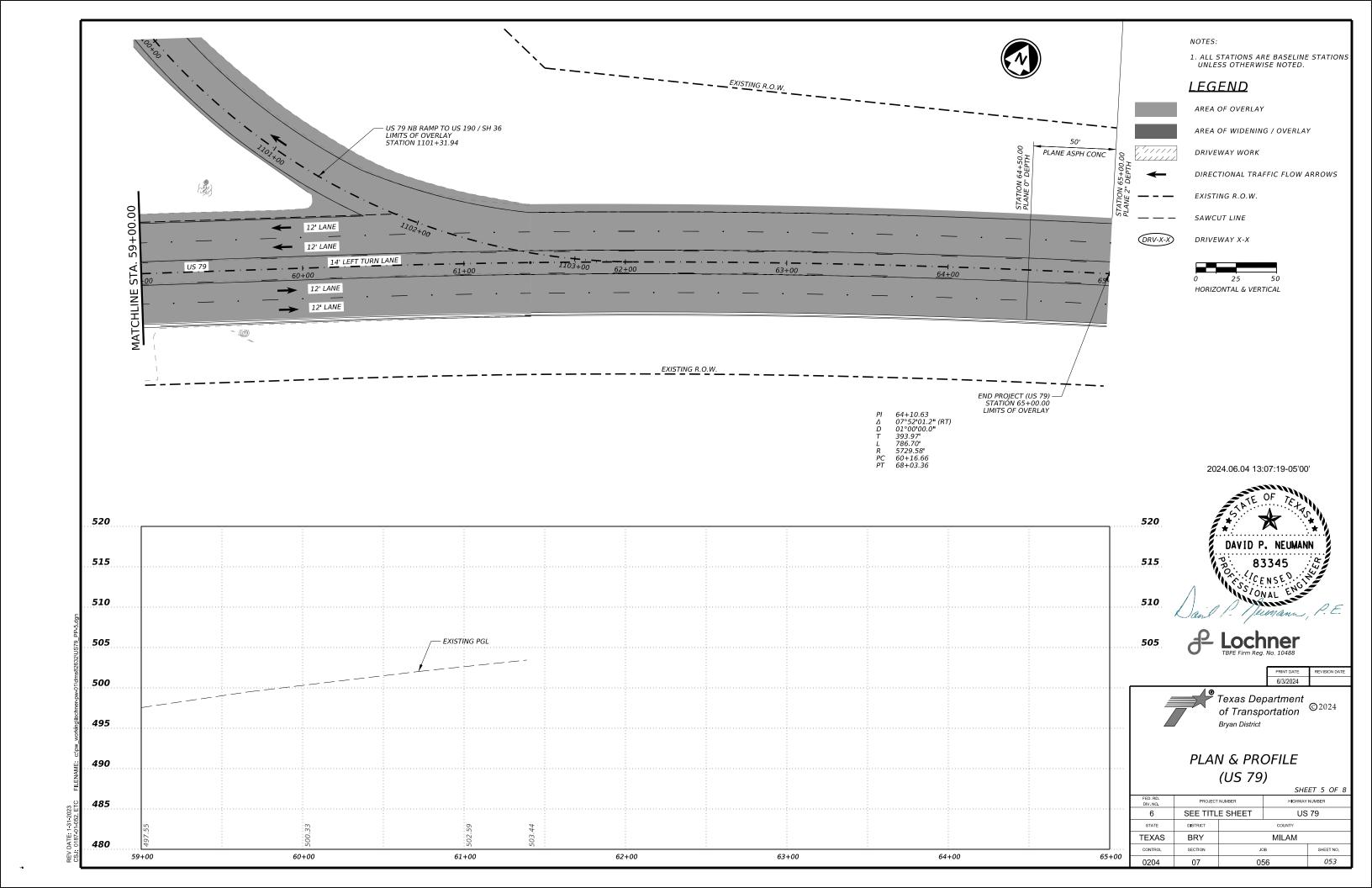
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6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US	79
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TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
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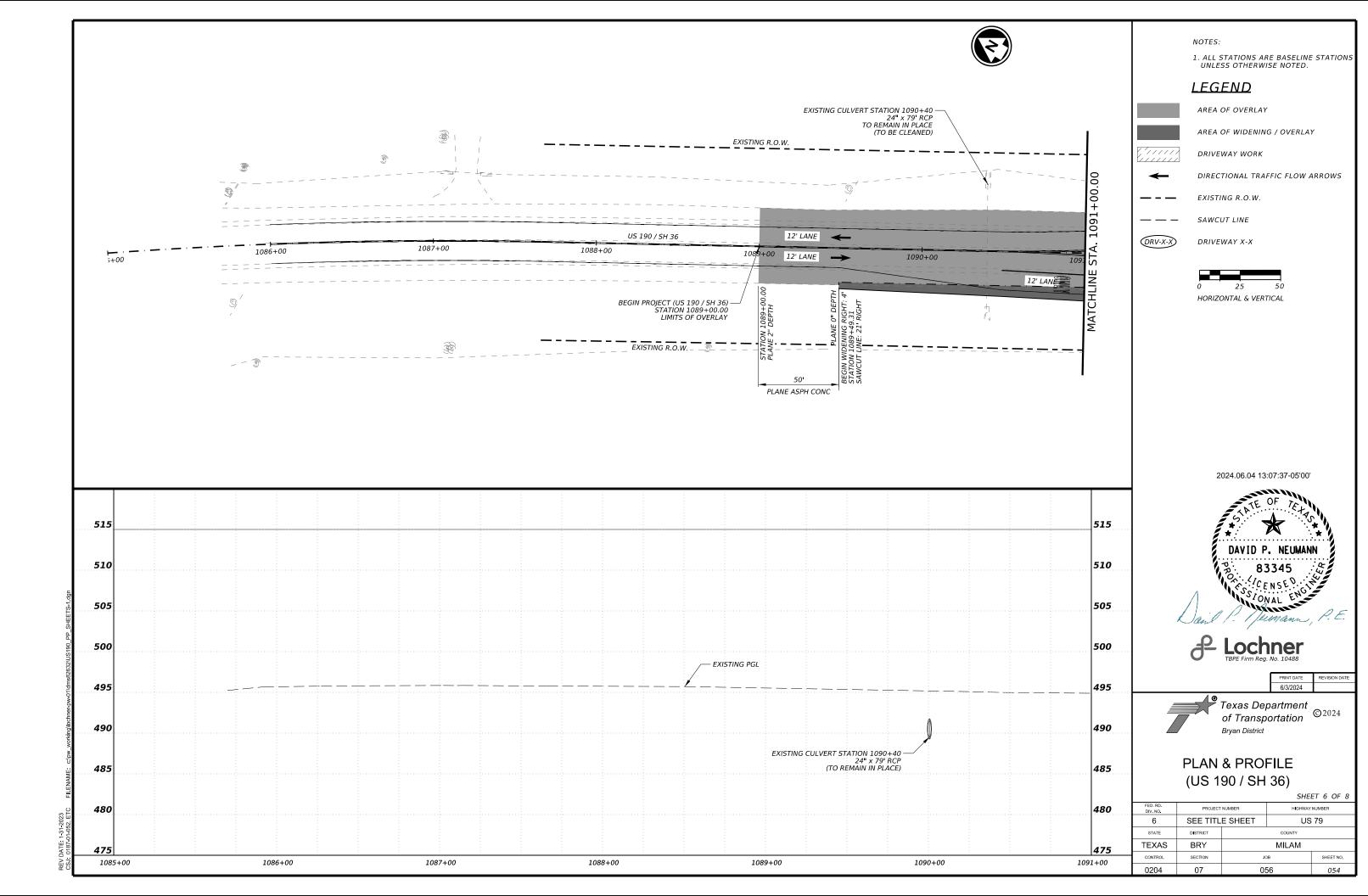


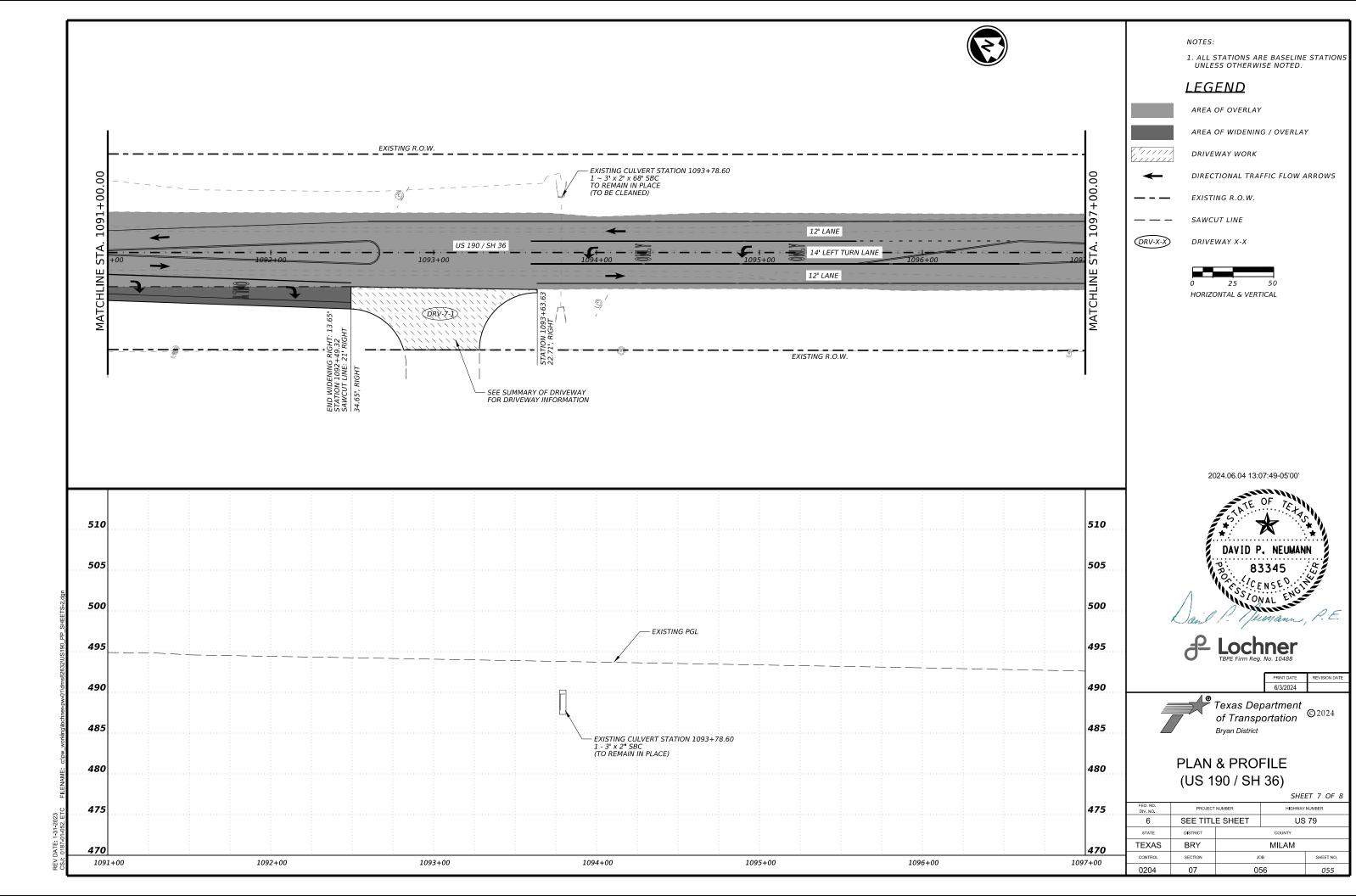


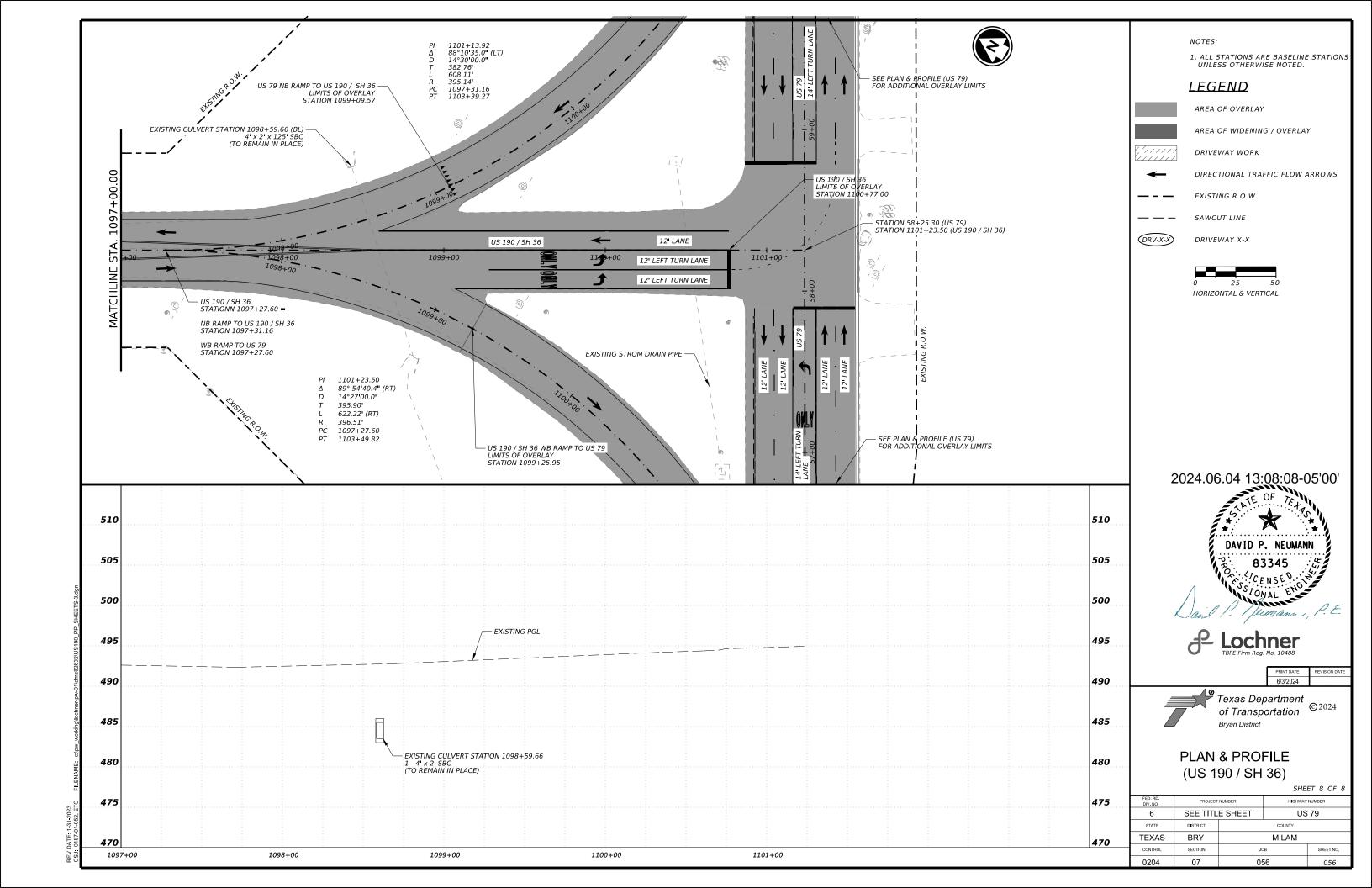


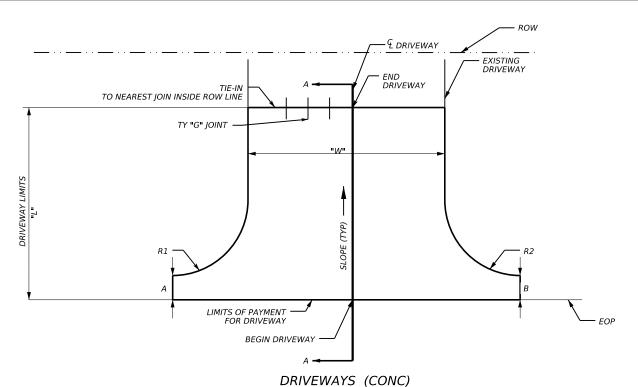






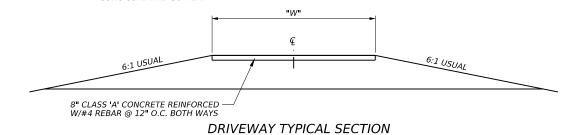


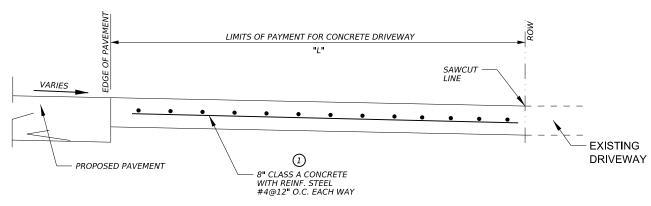




DRIVEWAYS (CONC) WILL CONSIST OF: BLADING AND RESHAPING THE SUBGRADE,
ANY EXTRA EMBANKMENT MATERIAL NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE PROPER SUBGRADE WIDTH, THE
PLACEMENT OF CLASS 'A' CONCRETE AND REMOVAL OF ANY EXISTING CONCRETE AND/OR
CONC CURB AND GUTTER.

DRIVEWAY TYPE	DESIGN
RESIDENTIAL	6" CONCRETE
COMMERCIAL	8" CONCRETE





NOTES:

(1) BARS WILL BE TRIMMED IN THE FIELD TO FIT INTO DRIVEWAY RADIUS.

SECTION A-A

FIBER BOARD TO BE RECESSED
AND COVERED WITH RUBBERIZED
JOINT SEAL MATERIAL APPROVED
BY THE ENGINEER.

SMOOTH DOWEL 1/2" x 24" BARS
ON 24" CENTERS COAT THIS SIDE
WITH HEAVY GREASE.

EXPANSION CAP INSIDE
DIAMETER TO BE 1/16"
GREATER THAN DIAMETER
OF DOWEL BAR.

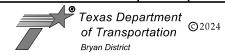
TY "G" JOINT

NOTE: USE JOINT WHEN CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS MUST BE PLACED IN HALF WIDTHS.

2024.06.04 13:08:47-05'00'

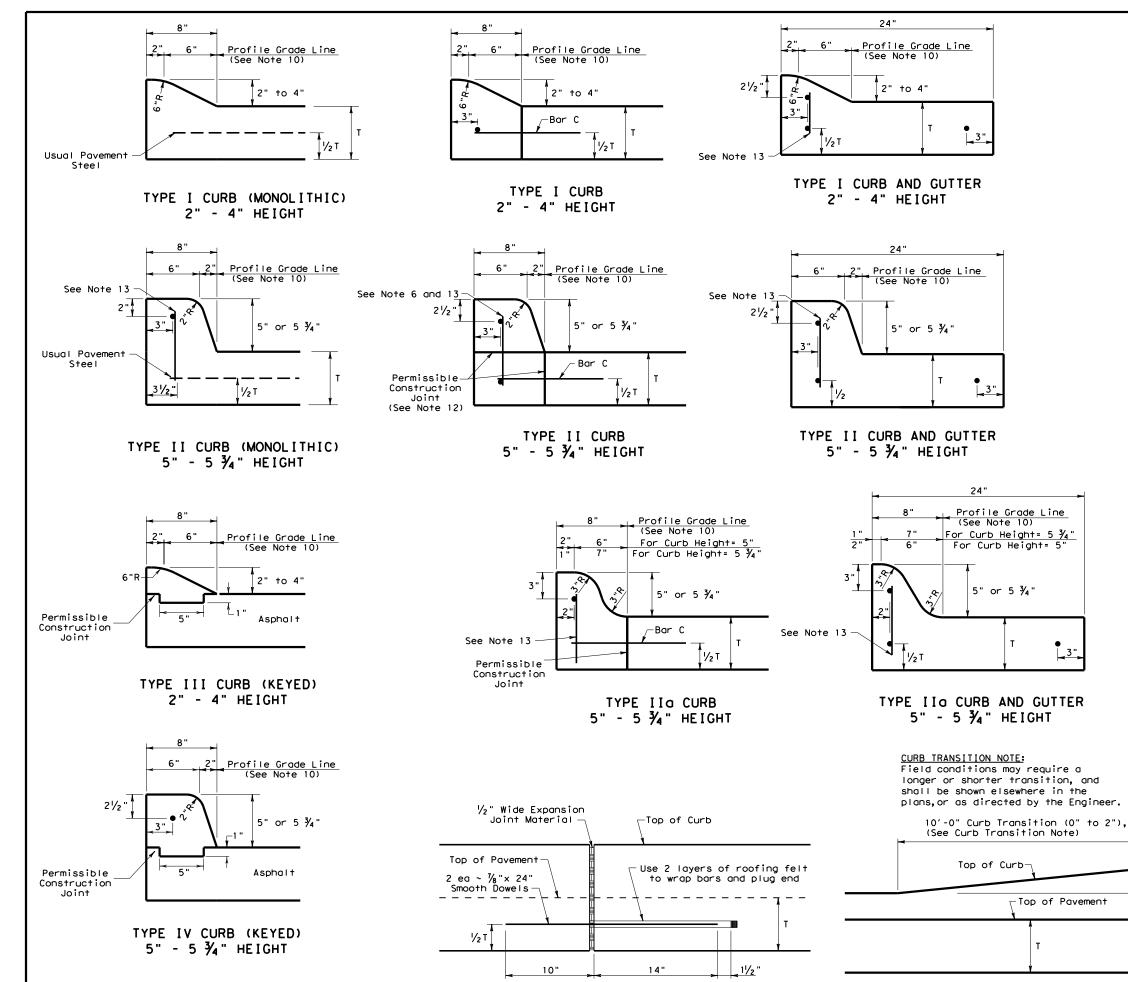


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6/3/2024	



DRIVEWAY DETAILS

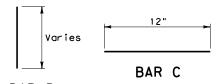
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US 79	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO		SHEET NO.
0204	07	05	56	057



EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES

- All materials and construction shall be in accordance with Item 529, "Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined Curb and Gutter."
- 2. Concrete shall be Class A.
- . When reinforcing bars are used, they shall be No. 4 unless otherwise shown. The use of fiber reinforced concrete in lieu of reinforcing steel is acceptable. Use fibers meeting the requirements of DMS 4550, "Fibers for Concrete," and dose fibers in accordance with Material Producers List (MPL) "Fibers for Class A and B Concrete Applications."
- 4. Round exposed sharp edges with a rounding tool, to a minimum radius of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch.
- All existing curbs and driveways to be removed shall be sawed or removed at existing joints.
- Where concrete curb is to be placed on existing concrete pavement, Bar B may be drilled and grouted in place, or may be inserted into fresh concrete.
- 7. Expansion and contraction joints shall be constructed to match pavement joints in all curbs and curb and gutter adjacent to jointed concrete pavement. Where placement of curb or curb and gutter is not adjacent to concrete pavement, expansion joints shall be provided at structures, curb returns at streets, and at locations directed by The Engineer.
- Vertical and horizontal dowel bars and transverse reinforcing bars shall be placed at four feet C~C.
- Dimension 'T' shown is the thickness of concrete pavement. When curb is installed adjacent to flexible pavement dimension 'T' is 8" maximum.
- Usual profile grade line. Refer to typical sections and plan-profile sheets for exact locations.
- 11. One-half inch expansion joint material shall be provided where curb or curb and gutter is adjacent to sidewalk or riprap.
- 12. When horizontal permissible construction joints are used, the longitudinal pavement steel shall be placed in accordance with pavement details shown elsewhere in the plans. Reinforcing steel for curb section shall then conform to that required for concrete curb.
- 13. Bar B placement as needed (typically at four ft. C-C) to support curb reinforcing steel during concrete placement.



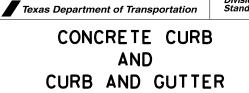
BAR B

Change in

Height

CURB TRANSITION

Note: To be paid for as Highest Curb



CCCG-22

		_			
FILE: cccg21.dgn	DN: TX[OOT	ck: AN	DW: CS	ck: KM
CTxDOT: JUNE 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0204	07	056		US 79
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	BRY		MILAI	И	058

ATE:

NO TAPERED EDGE
REQUIRED

HMAC LAYER

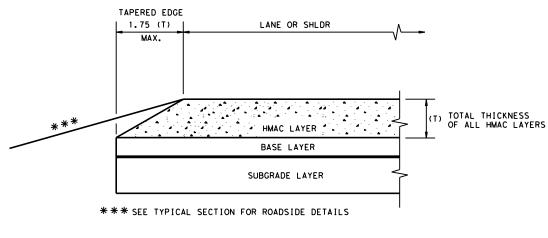
TOTAL THICKNESS
2.5" OR LESS

EXIST. PVMT OR BASE LAYER

SUBGRADE LAYER

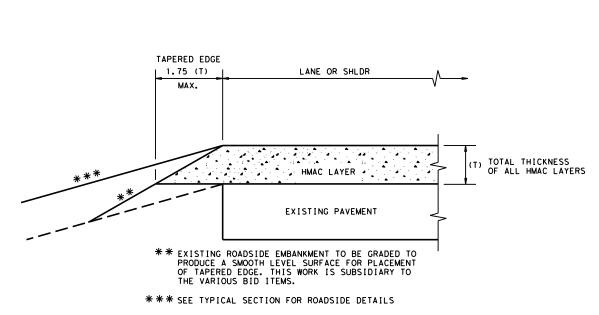
*** SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR ROADSIDE DETAILS

CONDITION - 1 THIN HMAC SURFACES OR HMAC OVERLAY WITH THICKNESS OF 2.5" OR LESS



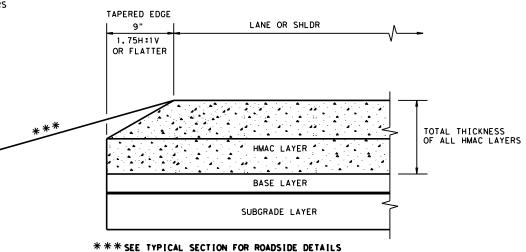
CONDITION - 3

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2

OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS THAN 2.5".
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.



Design Division Standard

TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) -11

FILE: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[)OT	ck: RL	DW: KB		CK:
© TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0204	07	056		US	79
	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
	BRY		MILAN	1		059

* SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR DEPTH AND TYPE OF HMA.

NOTES:

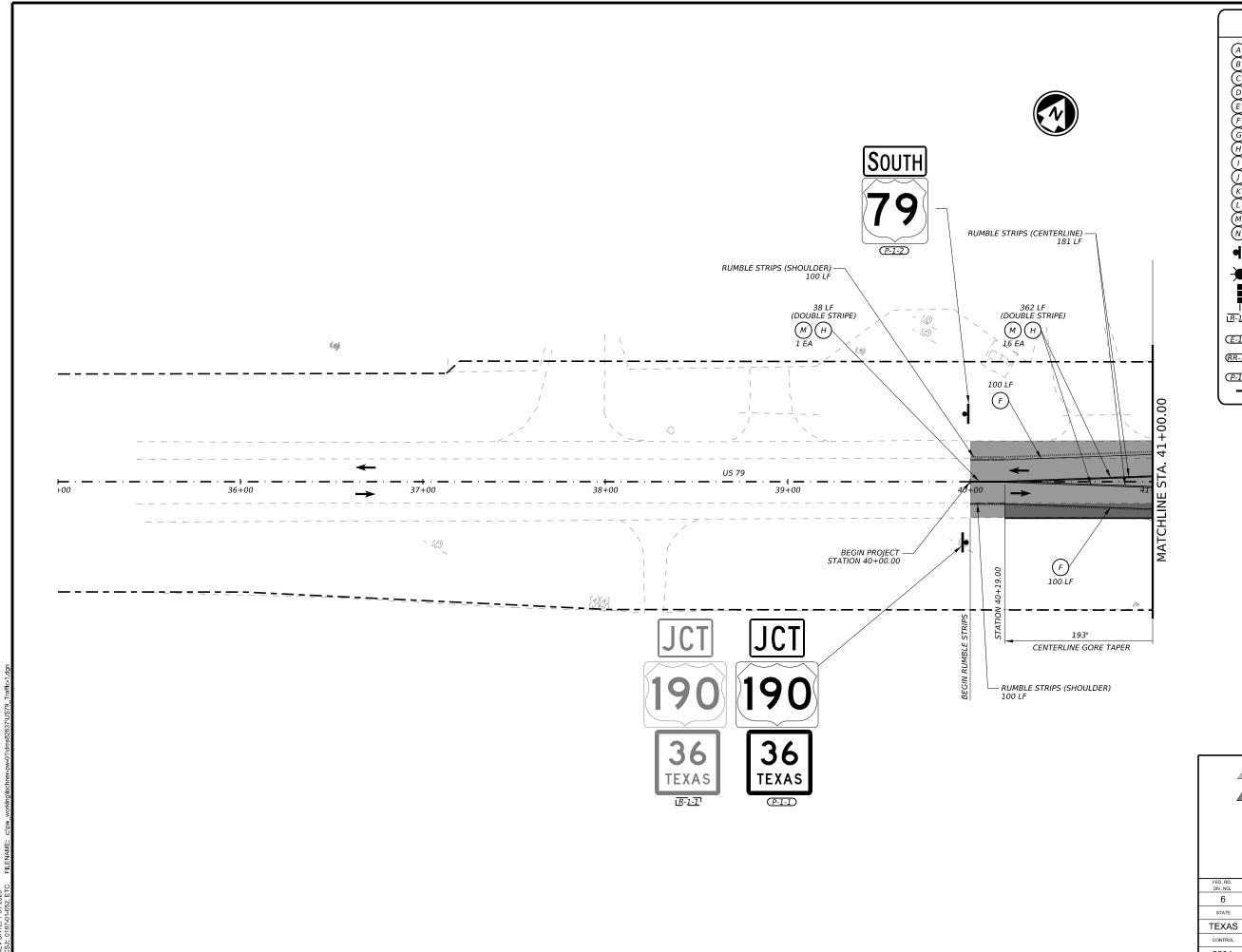
LONGITUDINAL JOINTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY TAPERING THE BITUMINOUS MAT. THE TAPERED PORTION SHALL EXTEND BEYOND THE NORMAL LANE WIDTH. THE TAPERED PORTION OF THE MAT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE USE OF AN APPROVED STRIKE-OFF DEVICE THAT WILL PROVIDE A UNIFORM SLOPE AND WILL NOT RESTRICT THE MAIN SCREED. TACK COAT SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE IN-PLACE TAPER BEFORE THE ADJACENT MAT IS PLACED. FINAL DENSITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ENTIRE PAVEMENT, INCLUDING THE TAPER AREA, WILL REMAIN UNCHANGED. COMPACTION OF THE INITIAL TAPER SECTION WILL BE REQUIRED AS NEAR TO FINAL DENSITY AS POSSIBLE.

RINT DATE REVISION DATE /3/2024



HMA LONGITUDINAL JOINT DETAIL SHEET

ED. RD. IV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	H I GHWAY	NUMBER
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US 79	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
EXAS	BRY	MILAM		
ONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
204	07	056		060





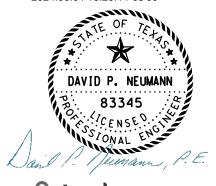
A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(LNDP)(90MIL) (B) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (DOT)(90MIL) (C) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (SLD)(90MIL) (D) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)24 (SLD)(90MIL) (E) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL) G RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL) H) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL) (I) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW) (K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD) (L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A N PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD) SIGN POST BI-DIRECTIONAL DELINEATOR ASSM

OBJECT MARKER TY 2 (OM-2) REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET #
- SIGN #
EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE
- SHEET # - SIGN #

PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN # DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS

2024.06.04 13:20:14-05'00'



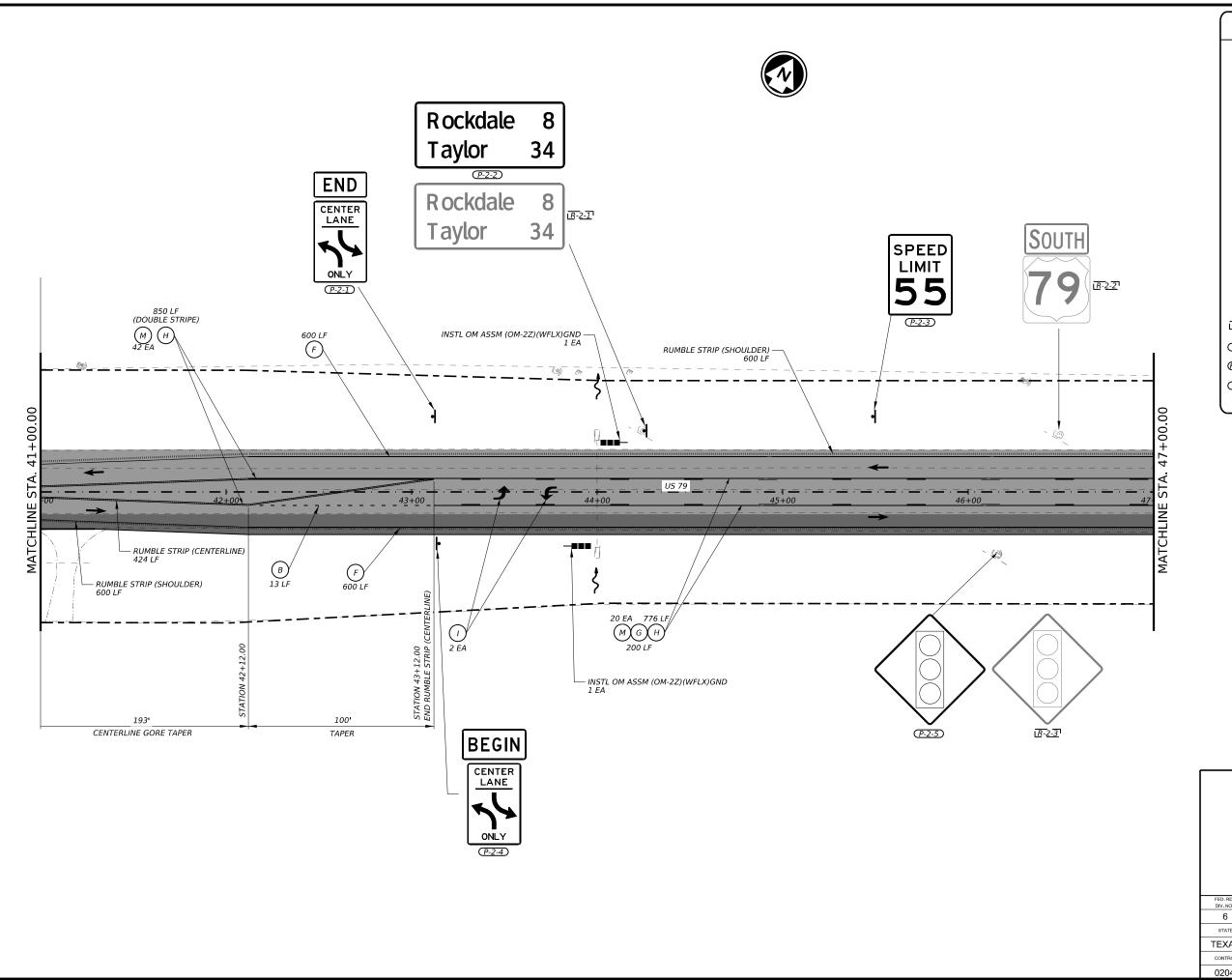
PRINT DATE	REVISION I
6/3/2024	



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SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 79)

			31	EET 1 OF 8
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US 79	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
0204	07	056 0		061



TRAFFIC LEGEND

(A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(LNDP)(90MIL) (G) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL) (H) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL) (I) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW) (J) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW) (K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD)

(L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

N PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD)

SIGN POST

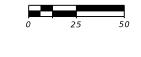
BI-DIRECTIONAL DELINEATOR ASSM OBJECT MARKER TY 2 (OM-2)

REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET #
- SIGN #
EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE
- SHEET # - SIGN #

PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS



2024.06.04 13:19:57-05'00'

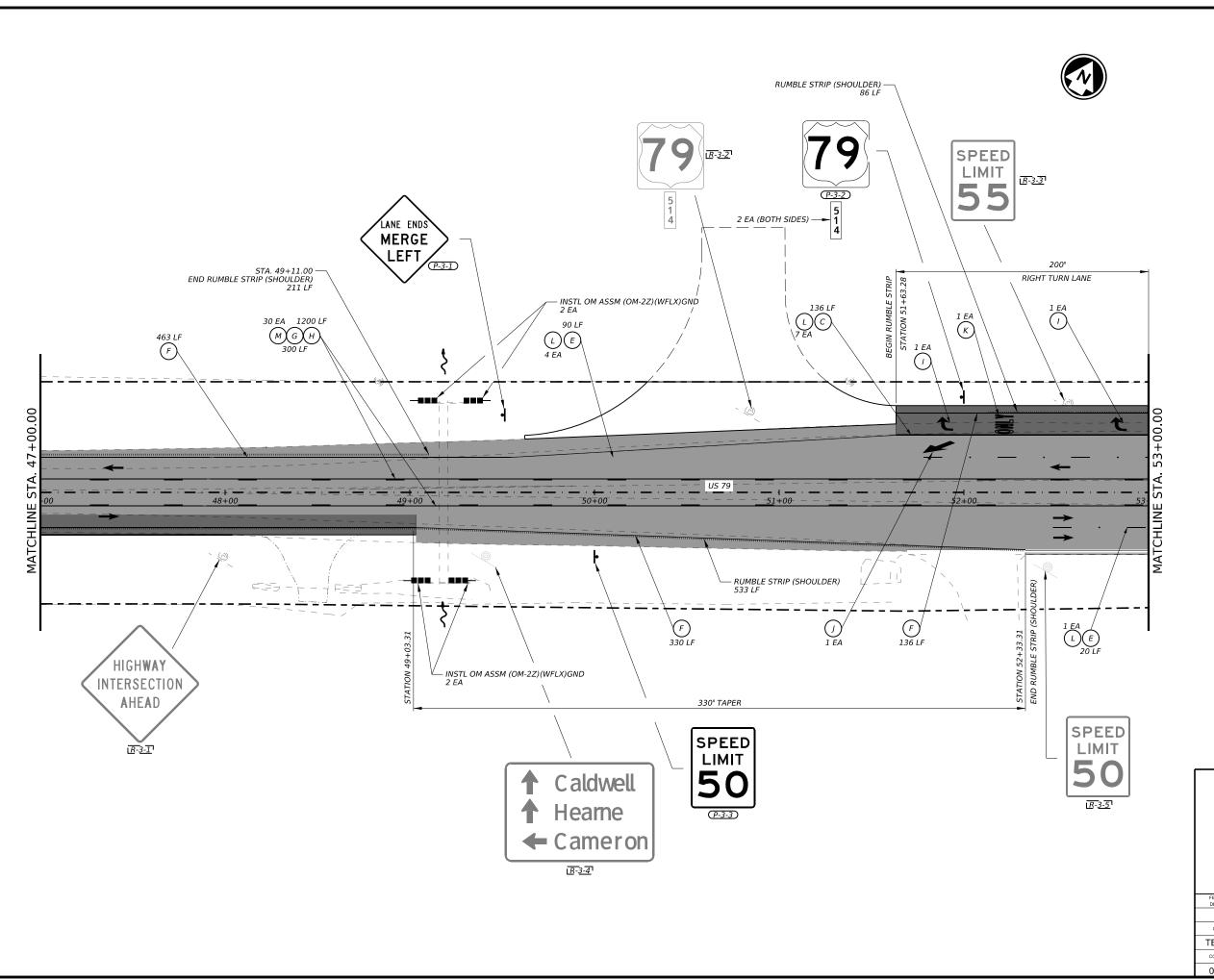




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SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 79)

			SI	HEET 2 OF 8
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US	79
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
0204	07	05	56	062



TRAFFIC LEGEND

(A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(LNDP)(90MIL) B) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8"(DOT)(90MIL) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (SLD)(90MIL)

(D) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)24 (SLD)(90MIL)

(E) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL) (F) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)

G RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL) (H) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)

PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW)

(K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD)

(L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

(N) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD)

SIGN POST

BI-DIRECTIONAL DELINEATOR ASSM

OBJECT MARKER TY 2 (OM-2)

R-1-1 REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

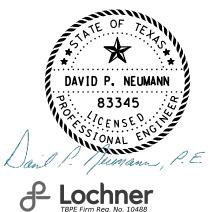
EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET # - SIGN #

EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE
- SHEET # - SIGN # PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS



2024.06.04 13:19:42-05'00'

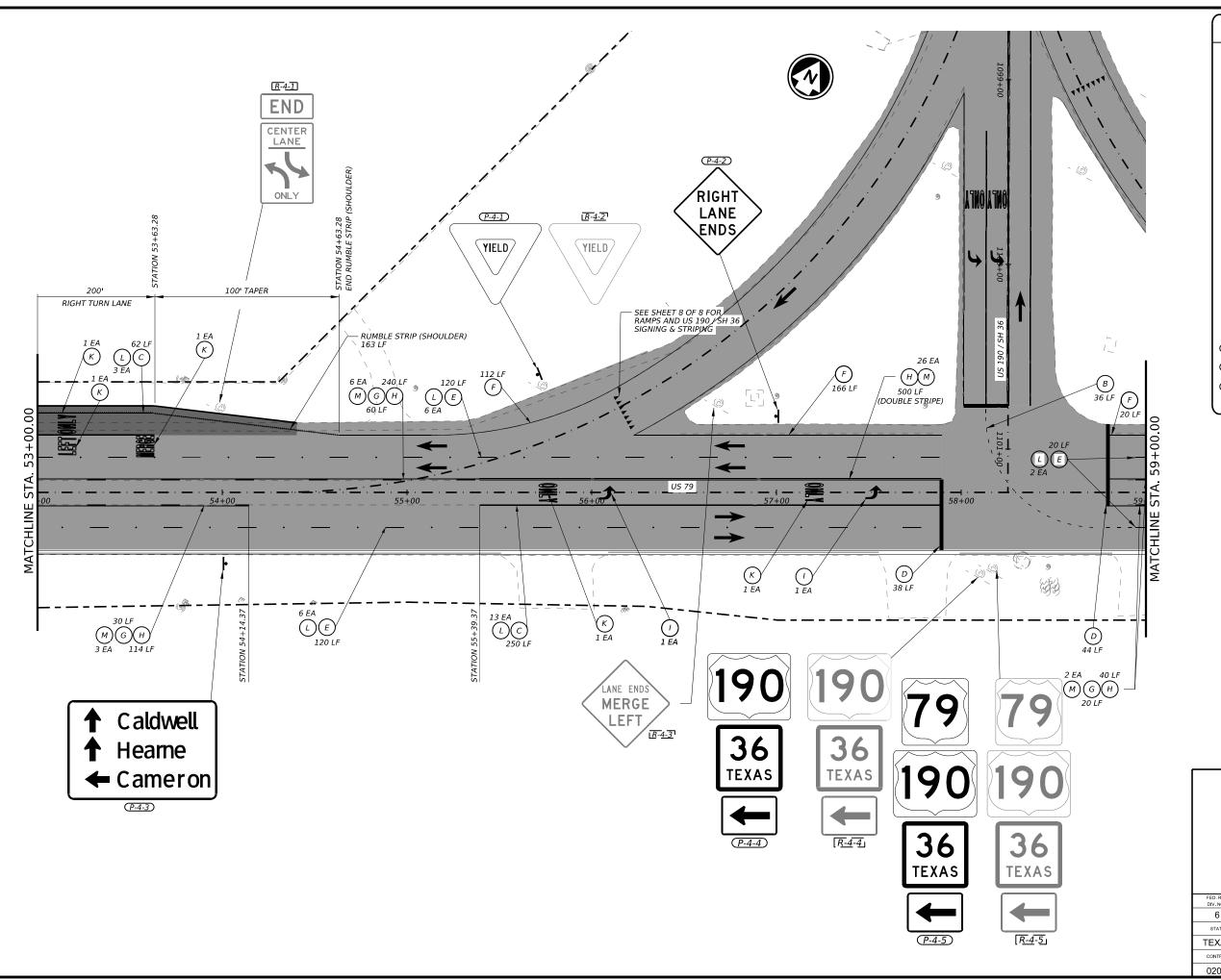


PRINT DATE	REVISION E
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SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 79)

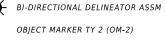
			5	HEET 3 OF 8
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US	79
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET		SHEET NO.
0204	07	05	56	063





- (A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(LNDP)(90MIL) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (DOT)(90MIL)
- REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)24"(SLD)(90MIL)
- RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)
- (H) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL) (I) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW)
- (J) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW)
- (K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD)
- (L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C
- M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
- N PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD)





R-1-1 REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET # - SIGN # EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE

- SHEET # - SIGN # PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN # DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS



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PRINT DATE	REVISION DATE
6/3/2024	

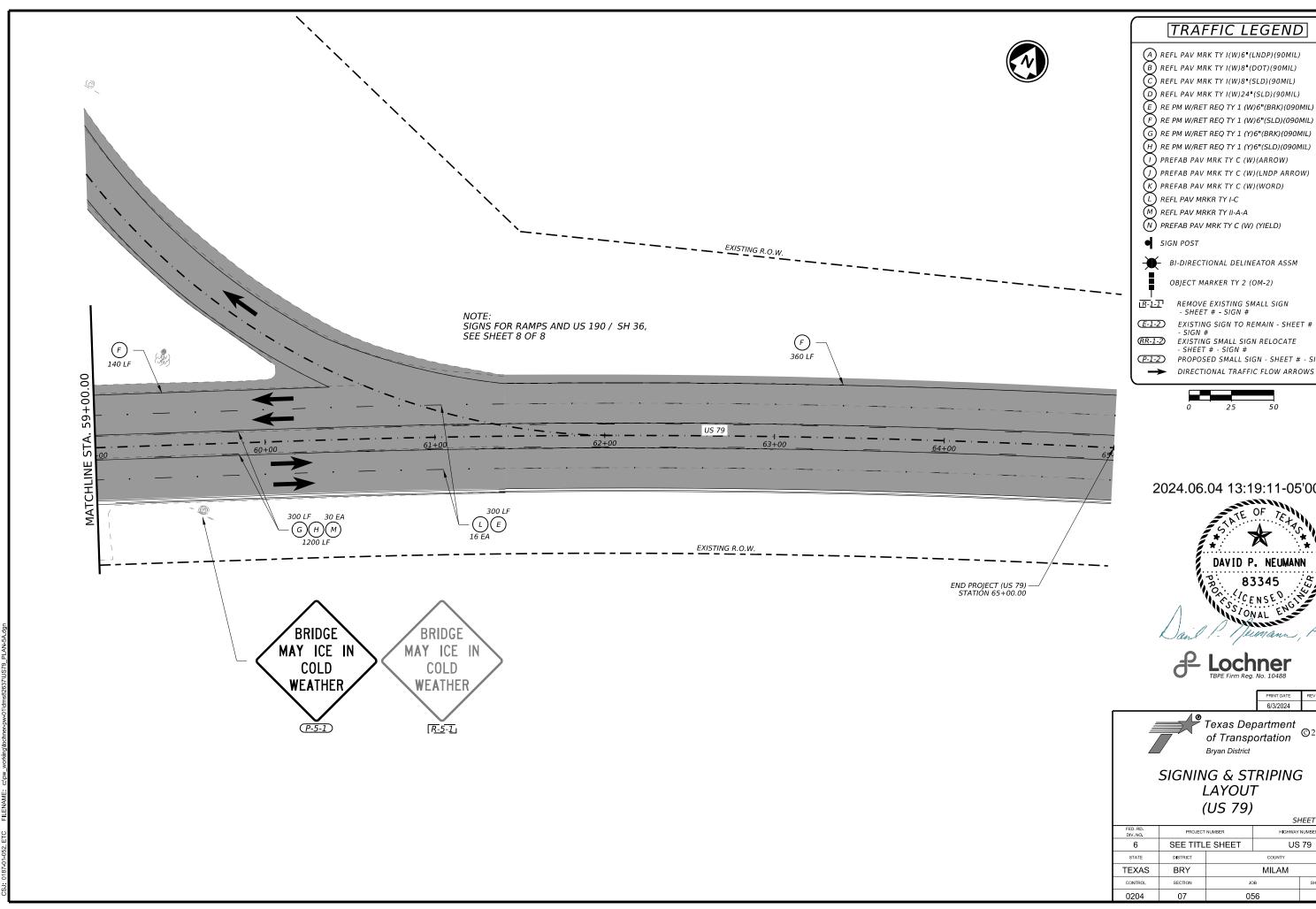


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SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 79)

SHEET 4 OF 8

	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
	6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US 79	
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
	TEXAS	BRY			
	CONTROL	SECTION	Jo	В	SHEET NO.
	0204	07	056		064
		SECTION 07	_{ЈОВ} 056		



TRAFFIC LEGEND

A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6 (LNDP)(90MIL) B) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (DOT)(90MIL)

(C) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8*(SLD)(90MIL) (D) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)24 (SLD)(90MIL)

(E) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (W)6"(BRK)(090MIL)

G RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)

(I) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW)

(J) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW) (K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD)

(L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C

M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

(N) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD)

BI-DIRECTIONAL DELINEATOR ASSM

OBJECT MARKER TY 2 (OM-2)

REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET #
- SIGN #
EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE
- SHEET # - SIGN #

PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN # DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS



2024.06.04 13:19:11-05'00'





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SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 79)

SHEET 5 OF 8

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US 79	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
0204	07	056		065

TRAFFIC LEGEND

A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(LNDP)(90MIL) (B) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (DOT)(90MIL) (C) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (SLD)(90MIL) G RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL) (H) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL) (I) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW) (K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD) (L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A N PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD) SIGN POST BI-DIRECTIONAL DELINEATOR ASSM

OBJECT MARKER TY 2 (OM-2)

REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET #
- SIGN #
EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE
- SHEET # - SIGN #

PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN # DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS



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Lochner
TBPE Firm Reg. No. 10488

PRINT DATE	REVISION
6/3/2024	



SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 190 / SH 36)

	•	-	•	
			Si	HEET 6 OF 8
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
0204	07	056		066

TRAFFIC LEGEND

(A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(LNDP)(90MIL) B) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8 (DOT)(90MIL) (G) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL) (H) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL) (I) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW) (J) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW) (K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD) (L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A N PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD) SIGN POST BI-DIRECTIONAL DELINEATOR ASSM OBJECT MARKER TY 2 (OM-2) REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN # EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET # - SIGN # EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE
- SHEET # - SIGN #

2024.06.04 13:18:40-05'00'

PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS



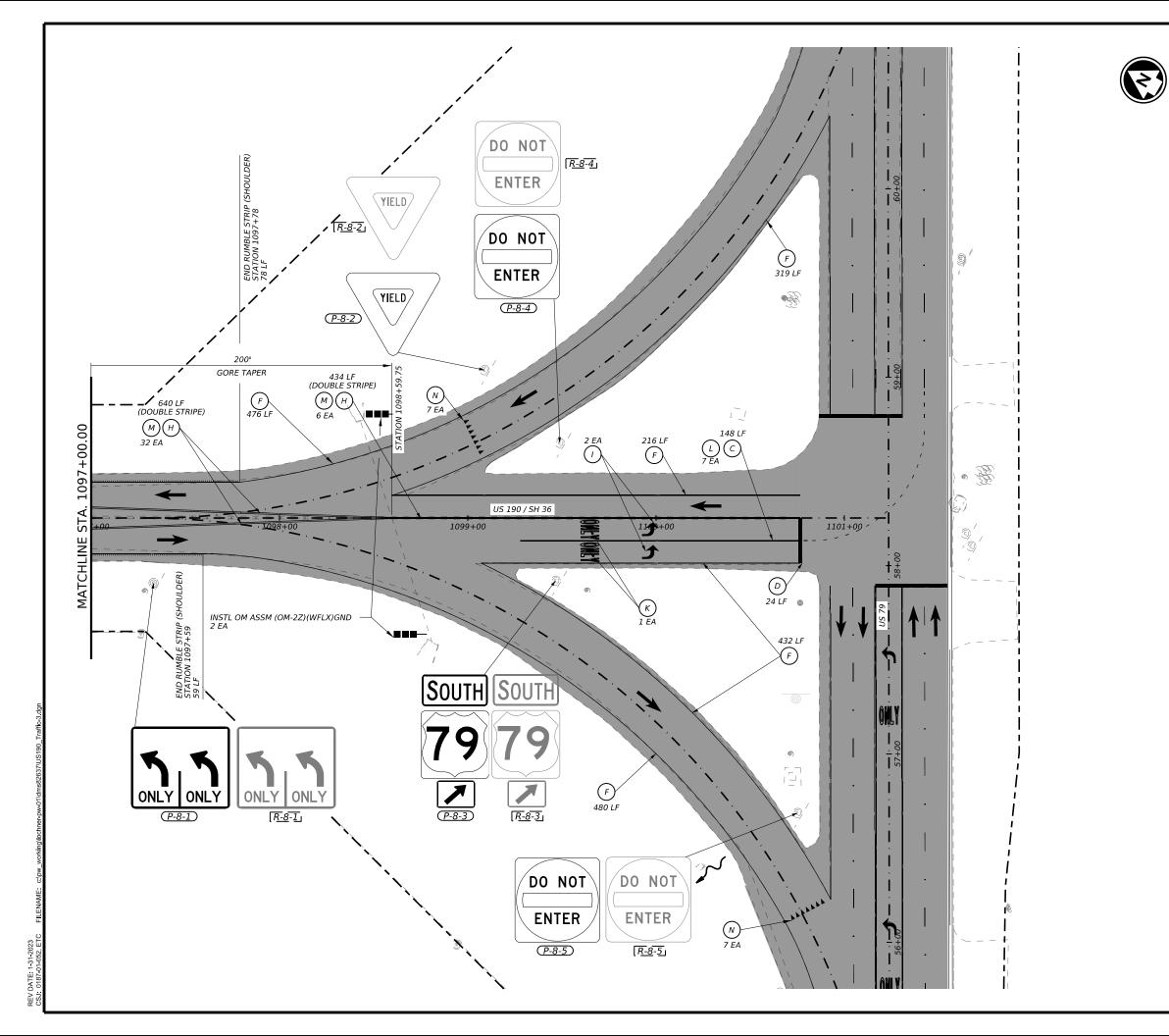
PRINT DATE	REVISION
6/3/2024	



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SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 190 / SH 36)

			S	HEET 7 OF 8			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79				
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY		MILAM				
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	В	SHEET NO.			
0004	07	0.7	-^	0.07			



TRAFFIC LEGEND

(A) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(LNDP)(90MIL) B) REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)8"(DOT)(90MIL)

 \bigcirc RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL) (H) RE PM W/RET REQ TY 1 (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)

(I) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(ARROW) (J) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(LNDP ARROW)

(K) PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W)(WORD)

(L) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C

M REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

N PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (YIELD)

SIGN POST

BI-DIRECTIONAL DELINEATOR ASSM

OBJECT MARKER TY 2 (OM-2)

REMOVE EXISTING SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN #

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN - SHEET #

EXISTING SMALL SIGN RELOCATE - SHEET # - SIGN #

PROPOSED SMALL SIGN - SHEET # - SIGN # DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOW ARROWS



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SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (US 190 / SH 36)

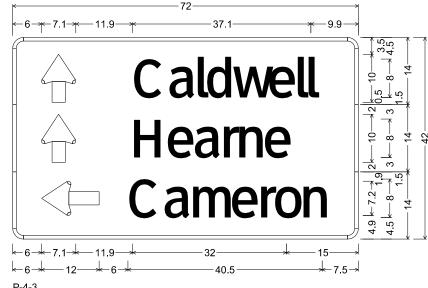
Lochner
TBPE Firm Reg. No. 10488

	,	,		HEET 8 OF 8			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	US 79				
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY		MILAM				
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	DB .	SHEET NO.			
0204	07	0	56	068			

D2-2 8in,

1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; "Rockdale", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "8", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; "Taylor", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "34", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

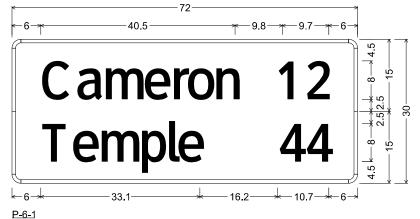


D1-3 8in UP-UP-LT;

2.3" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green, Standard Arrow Custom 10.0" X 7.1" 90°; "Caldwell", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

2.3" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green, Standard Arrow Custom 10.0" X 7.1" 90°; "Hearne", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

2.3" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green, Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 180°; "Cameron", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



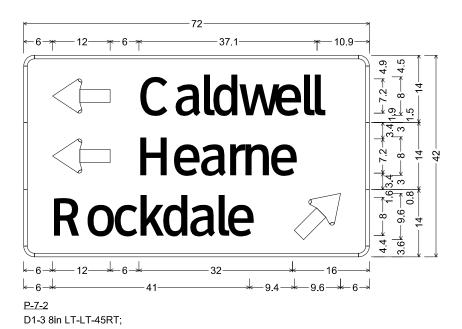
D2-2 8in;

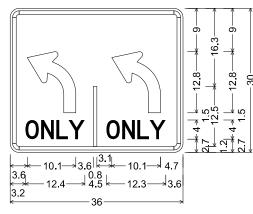
1.9" Radius. 0.8" Border. White on Green:

"Cameron", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "12", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

"Temple", ClearviewHwy-3-W; "44", ClearviewHwy-3-W;





P-8-1

R3-8LL 36x30;

1.9" Radius, 0.8" Border, 0.5" Indent, Black on White;

L ir=4.5, s=2.5, "ONLY", D 50% spacing;

L ir=4.5, s=2.5,

"ONLY", D 50% spacing;



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SMALL SIGN DETAILS

Bryan District

PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER SEE TITLE SHEET US 79 TEXAS BRY 069

2.3" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; "Rockdale", ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 12.3" X 7.1" 45°,

2.3" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 180°,

2.3" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green, Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 180°,

"Caldwell", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"Hearne", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

Di AM					(TYPE A)					<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u>)	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	PREFABRICATED	DESIGNATION DESTINATION DESTI	SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S
			JCT								
OF 8	P-1-1	M2 - 1 M1 - 4	190	21 X 15	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M1 - 6T	36 TEXAS	24 X 24	X						
		M3-3	South	24 X 12	X						
OF 8	P-1-2		79			1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M1 - 4		24 X 24	X						
OF 8	P-2-1	M4-6	CENTER LANE	24 X 12	X	10BWG	1	SA	Р		
		R3-9b	ONLY	24 X 36	X						
OF 8	P-2-2	I -2aT	Rockdale 8 Taylor 34	66 X 30	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
OF 8	P-2-3	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT	30 X 36	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
			55								
		M4 - 1 4	BEGIN	24 X 12	X						
OF 8	P-2-4		CENTER LANE			1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		R3-9b		24 X 36	X						-

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080"

7.5 to 15 0.100"

Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

SHE**SHEET QFOF**55

			SUMMARY	OF SM	(TYPE A)	3				XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u>)	BRIDGE MOUNT	1
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN Nomenclature	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	AL UM I NUM	FR TW 10	POST TYPE P = Fiberglass T = Thin-Wall BWG = 10 BWG 0 = Sch 80	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	PREFABRICATED	ITING DESIGNATION 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	CLEARANCE SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	
2 OF 8	P-2-5	W3-3		36 X 36	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	P			ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickne Less than 7.5 0.080"
													7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"
3 OF 8	P-3-1	W9-2TL	MERGE LEFT	36 X 36	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р			The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/
5 OF 8	P-3-2	M1-4 D10-7aT D10-7aT	79 [5] [1] [4]	24 X 24 3 X 10 3 X 10	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р			NOTE: 1. Sign supports shall be located as son the plans, except that the Engin may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unle otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engiwill verify all sign support locati
3 OF 8	P-3-3	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 50	30 X 36	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	P			2. For installation of bridge mount of signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet. 3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadsid Signs General Notes & Details SMD(G
													Texas Department of Transportation
													SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
													SOSS SHESARE

			SUMMARY	OF SN	JΑN	_L SIG	NS	1				
PLAN					(TYPE A)					XX (X-XXXX)	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE	
SHEET	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM EXAL ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall	POSTS	UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	PREFABRICATE	D 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	
			YIELD									ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS
4 OF 8 F	P-4-1	R1-2		36 X 36 X 36	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"
4 OF 8 F	P-4-2	W9-1R	RIGHT LANE ENDS	36 X 36	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/
4 OF 8 F	P-4-3	I-2aT	↑ Caldwell ↑ Hearne	72 X 42	X	\$80	1	SA	T			NOTE: 1. Sign supports shall be located as sh on the plans, except that the Engine may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary t secure a more desirable location or
		M1 - 4	Cameron 190	30 X 24	X							avoid conflict with utilities. Unles otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engin will verify all sign support locatic 2. For installation of bridge mount cle signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
4 OF 8 F	P-4-4	M1 - 6T M6 - 1	36 TEXAS	24 X 24 21 X 15	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GE
4 OF 8 F	P-4-5	M1 - 4	79 190	24 X 24 30 X 24	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			Texas Department of Transportation
		M1 - 6T M6 - 1	36 TEXAS	24 X 24 21 X 15	X							Texas Department of Transportation SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
5 OF 8 F	P-5-1	W8-13aT	BRIDGE MAY ICE IN COLD WEATHER	36 X 36	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			SOSS SHEBHE

		,	SUMMARY	OF SN		_						
					(TYPE A)	SM R) SGN	ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx (x-xxxx</u>)	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE	
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN Nomenclature	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	PREFABRICATED	DESIGNATION 1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	
OF 8	P-6-1	D2-2	Cameron 12 Temple 44	72 X 30	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Т			ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thicknes
												Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"
OF 8	P-7-1	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 55	30 X 36	X	10BWG	1	SA	P			The Standard Highway Sign Designs
												for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/
OF 8	P-7-2	D1-3	← Caldwell ← Hearne Rockdale ≠	72 X 42	X	\$80	1	SA	T			NOTE: 1. Sign supports shall be located as so on the plans, except that the Engin may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary
												secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unle otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engi will verify all sign support locati
OF 8	P-8-1	R3-8LL	55	36 X 30	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р			 For installation of bridge mount cl signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Assembly (BMCS) Standard Sheet. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes,
			ONLY ONLY									Sign Mounting Details Small Roadsid Signs General Notes & Details SMD(G
OF 8	P-8-2	R1-2	YIELD	36 X 36	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			
												Texas Department of Transportation
OF 8	P-8-3	M3-3	SOUTH	24 X 12	X	1 OBWG	1	SA	P			SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
		M6-2		24 X 24	X							SOSS SHE [5] FILE: SUMS16. dgn DN: TXD0T CK: TXD0T DW: TXD0T CX: TXD0T DW: DW:
				21 X 15	X							C TXDOT May 1987 CONT SECT JOB

					rPE A)	rPE G)	SM R	D SGN	I ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u>)	BR I DO
PLAN SHEET NO.	P-8-4	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (TY	ALU	POST TYPE FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS		PREFABRICATED	BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	CLEAR. SIG
			DO NOT									
OF 8	P-8-4	R5-1		36 X 36	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
			ENTER									
			DO NOT									
OF 8	P-8-5	R5-1	ENTER	36 X 36	Х		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
			LIVILIV									
\exists												
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ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

SHE**SHEET SOOFS**

4-10 7-20

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075

area of 9 square inches.

Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of 7^\prime to the bottom

DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall

be installed per SMD standard sheets and

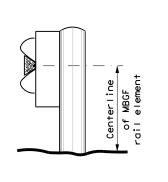
of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE

paid under item 644.

TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS

GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT

GF2 GF 1



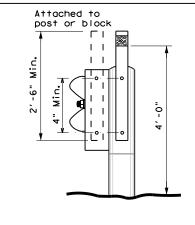
(Approx.)

20"

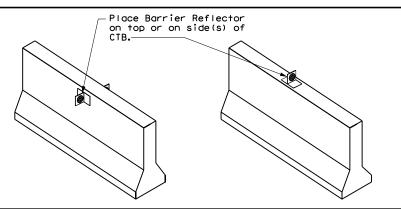
Ground

2'-0" to 8'-0" or in front of object being marked

See general notes 1, 2 and 3.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement.
- 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction.
- 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible.
- 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface.
- 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.



INSTALLATION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

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Line

Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom of the chevron is permitted for

chevrons that will not exceed

smaller)

a height of 6'-6" to the top of

the chevron (sizes $24" \times 30"$ and

bed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any warranty of any warranty of any any social assumes no responsibility for the conversion of t

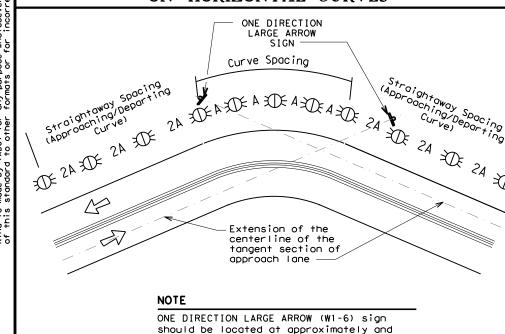
OBJECT MARKER

D & OM(2) - 20

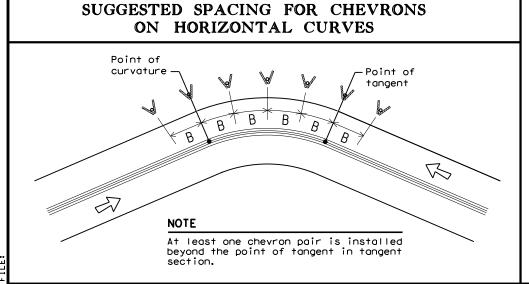
MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advis	ory Speed
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



perpendicular to the extension of the centerline of the tangent section of approach lane.



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING				
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets				
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table				
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)				
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))				
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet				
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators				
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max				
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)				
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)				
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)				
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end				

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

NOTES

Culverts without MBGF

Pavement Narrowing

Freeways/Expressway

(lane merge) on

Crossovers

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.

Double yellow delineators and RPMs

Type 2 Object Markers

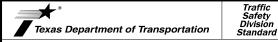
Single delineators adjacent

to affected lane for full

length of transition

3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

	LEGEND
紙	Bi-directional Delineator
X	Delineator
4	Sign



See D & OM (5)

100 feet

See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)

See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)

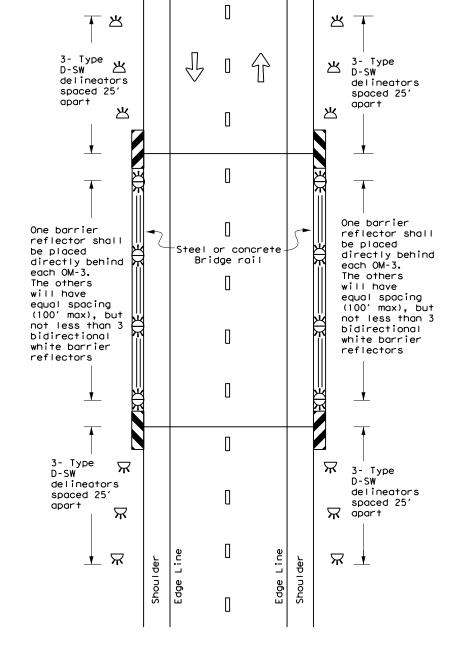
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

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C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by TXD01 for any purpose whatsoever. TXD01 assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW /栄 25 ft. delineators spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart 出 MBGF Type D-SW delineators bidirectional Type D-SW delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall Π be placed directly behind each OM-3. The others $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ -Steel or concrete will have Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type \mathbf{x} $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ D-SW delineators MBGF spaced 25' apart \mathbf{x} $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Type D-SW \mathbf{x} Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\Rightarrow}$ \Re MBGF X $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Bidirectional Delineator \mathbf{R} Delineator See Note 1 NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 1. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front the terminal end. of the terminal end. Traffic Flow

TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL

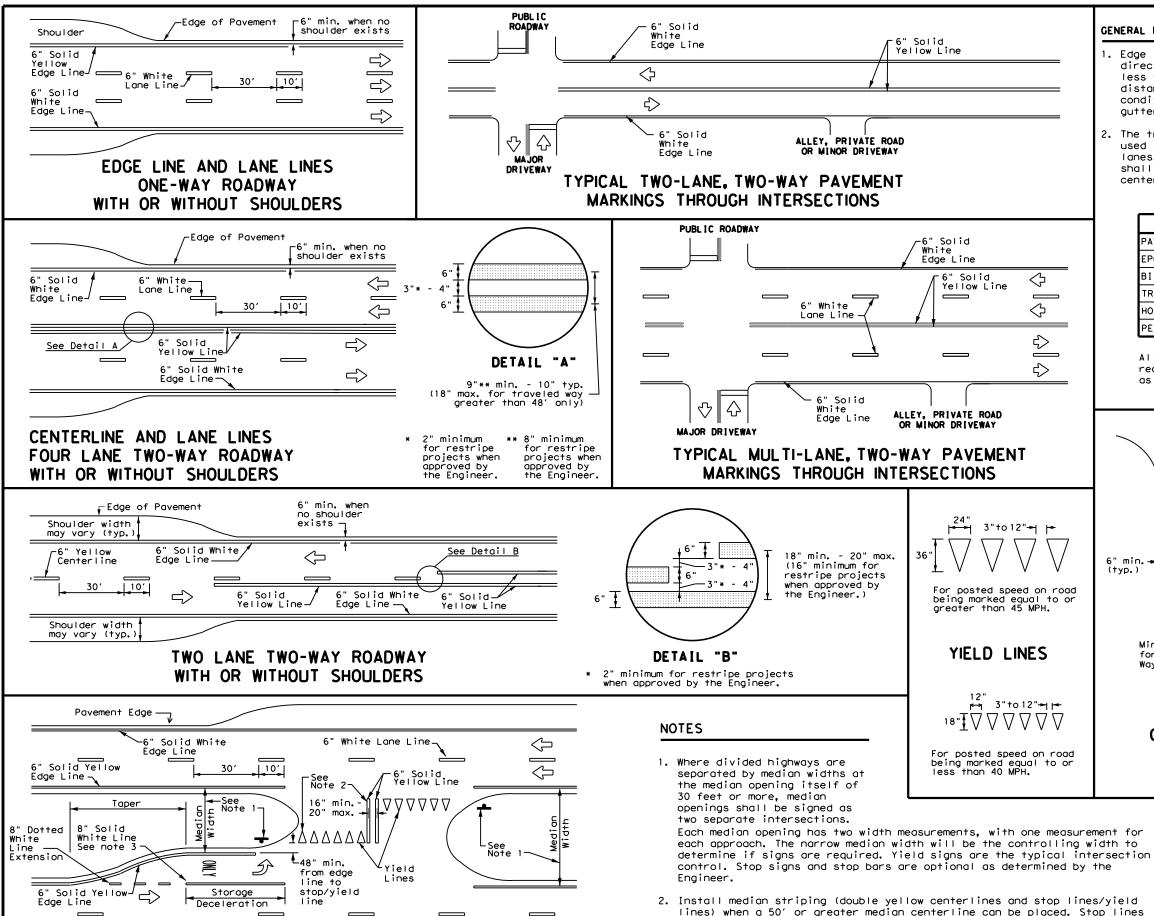


DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

D & OM(5)-20



GENERAL NOTES

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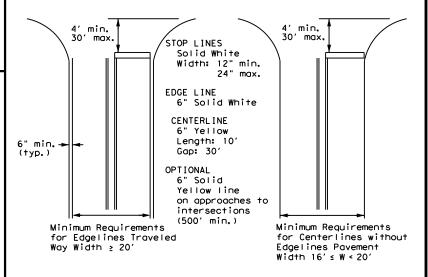
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- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths.

Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(1)-22

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-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
-00 2-12	BRY	MILAM 080				

3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

yield signs.

shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with

6" Solid White

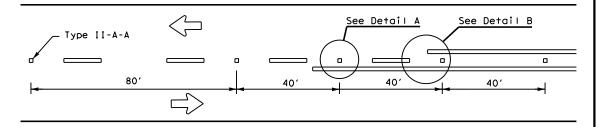
Edge Line —

 \Rightarrow

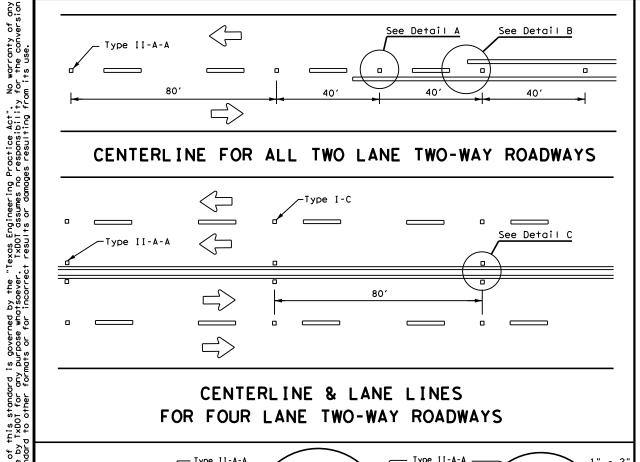
FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

-6" White Lane Line

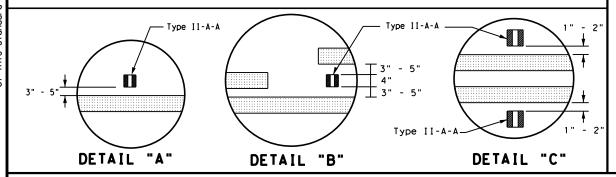
REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

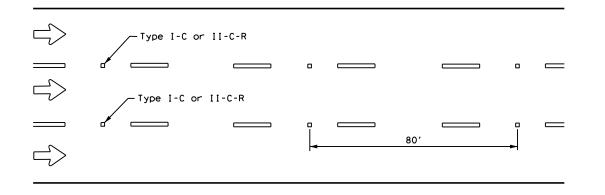


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



Centerline < Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane 801 Type I-C

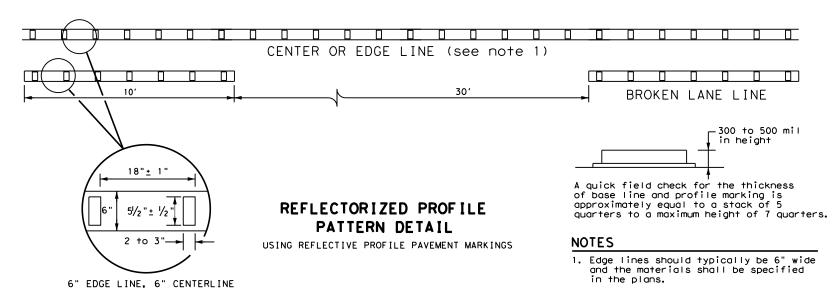
CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

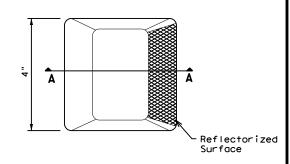


GENERAL NOTES

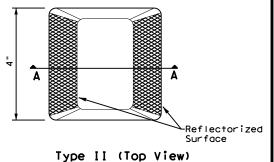
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

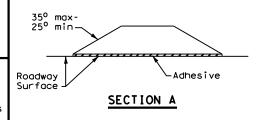
	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
l	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
l	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
l	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
l	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

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© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0204	07	056		US 79
4-77 8-00 6-20	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
5-00 2-12	BRY	MILAM		И	081

OR 6" LANE LINE

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D) D (f+) L (ft) 460 30 MPH ws² 35 MPH 565 60 670 40 MPH 45 MPH 775 50 MPH 885 55 MPH 990 L=WS 60 MPH 1,100 65 MPH 1,200 1,250 70 MPH 1,350 75 MPH

Type II-A-A Markers 20' \$\frac{20'}{100} \quad \quad

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn boy is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

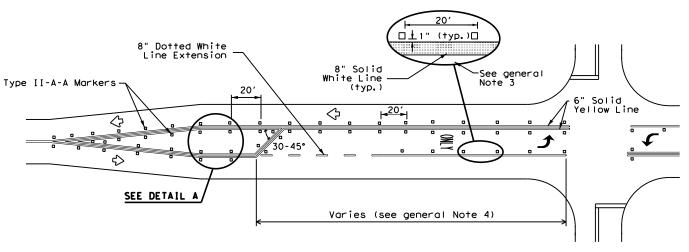
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

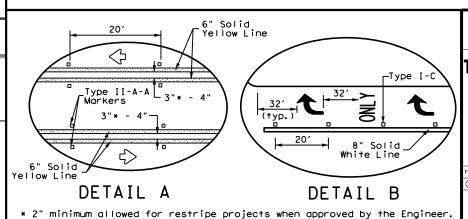
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

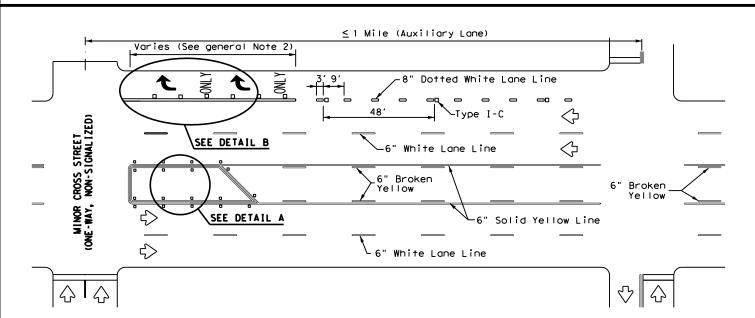




RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS, AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3)-22

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226					

LANE REDUCTION



Lane-Reduction

Arrow

D/4

6" Dotted White Lane Line 7

D/2

. W9-2TL

D/4

MERGE

Paved Shoulder

W9-1R

(Optional)

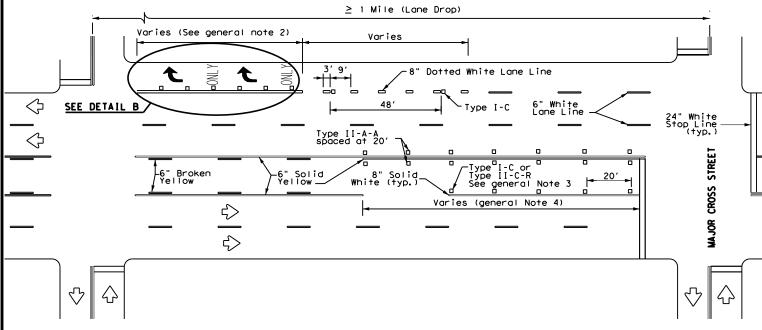
300' -500'

Pavement

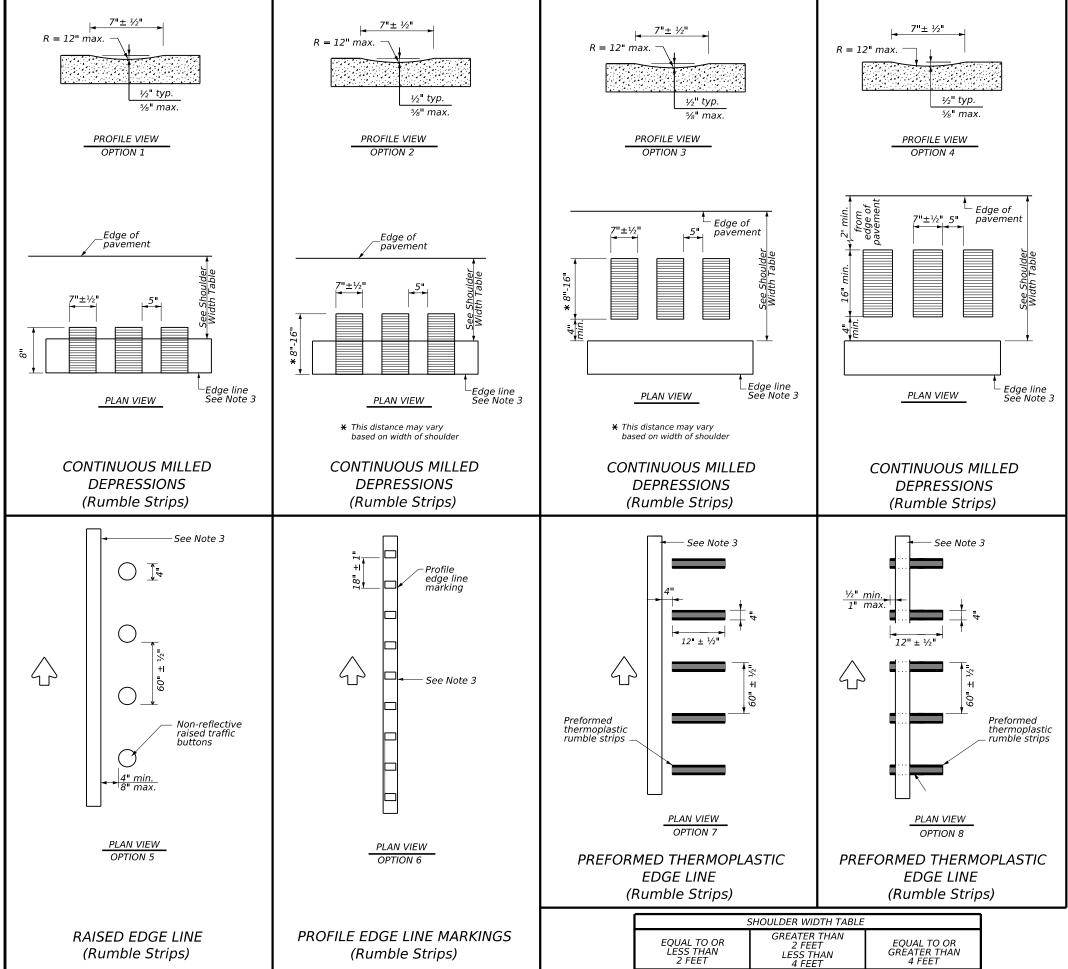
RIGHT

Edge

TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP



Option 1, 5, 6 or 8

Option 1, 2, 3 5, 6 or 7 Option 2, 4, 5 6 or 7

GENERAL NOTES

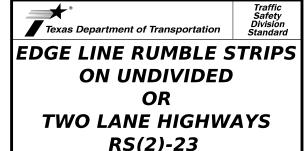
- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- 5. Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 6. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 10. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



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GENERAL NOTES

18**"±1**"

PROFILE VIEW

Profile centerline

markings

See Note 6

PLAN VIEW

OPTION 4

MARKINGS

- RPM (reflectorized)

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on multilane undivided highways.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placedon roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may beused if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and nomore than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossing, intersections ordriveways with high usage of large trucks.
- 6. Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips for normal centerline spacing. For wider medians, specify in the plans the exact placement of the rumble strips. Place the rumble strips under each centerline marking or centered in the middle of the median.

WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. The button will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

12. See standard sheet RS(2).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON MULTILANE **UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS** RS(3)-23

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RUMBLE STRIPS

GENERAL NOTES

18"±½"

centerline markings

(reflectorized)

thermoplastic rumble strips

PLAN VIEW

OPTION 4

PROFILE CENTERLINE MARKINGS

AND PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC

PROFILE VIEW

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridae decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- 6. Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

13. See standard sheet RS(2).



Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON TWO LANE **TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS**

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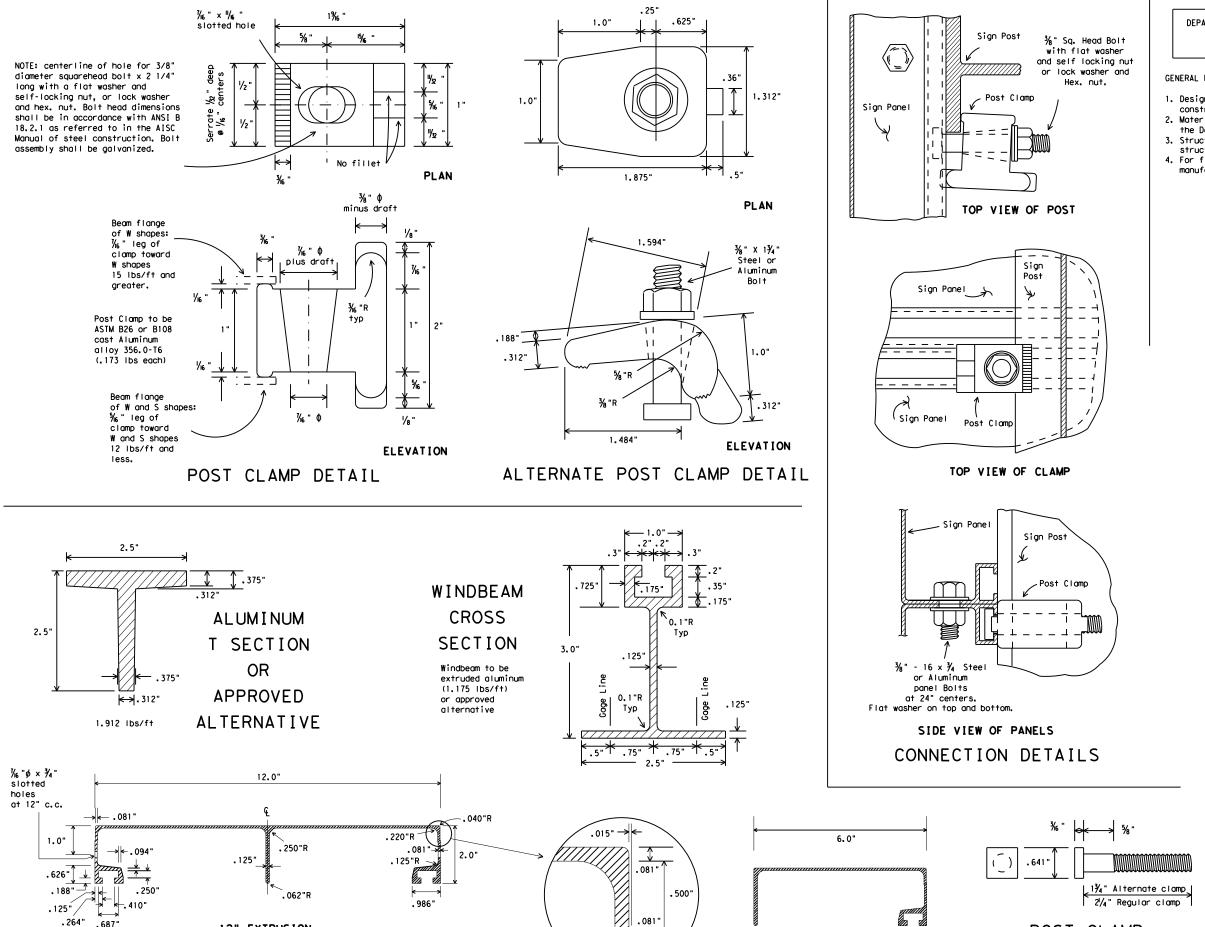
HIGHWAYS RUMBLE STRIPS RUMBLE STRIPS

RUMBLE STRIPS

.687"

12" EXTRUSION

ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL EXTRUSION DETAILS



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

SIGN HARDWARE

DMS-7120

GENERAL NOTES:

- Design conforms with AASHTO Specifications for the design and construction of structural supports for highway signs.
- 2. Materials and fabrication shall conform to the requirements of the Department material specifications.
- Structural steel shall be "low-alloy steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures."
- 4. For fiberglass substrate connection details, see

manufacturer's recommendations.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS-EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS & HARDWARE

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POST CLAMP BOLT DETAIL

6" EXTRUSION

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets) Post Type

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT)) SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab, "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

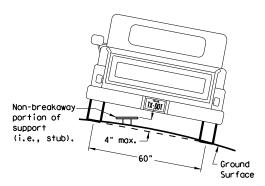
1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Acceptable

diameter

Back-to-Back

Signs

Sign Post

Specific Clamp

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

└ Sign Bolt

Approximate Bolt Length

Universal Clamp

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

4 1/2"

circle

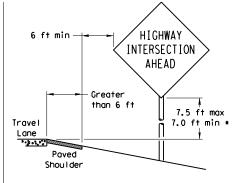
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS

HIGHWAY INTERSECTION AHEAD - 0 to 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min Lane Paved Shou I der

LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I dei

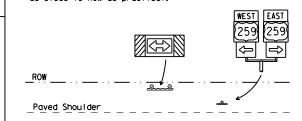
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min -

7.5 ft max

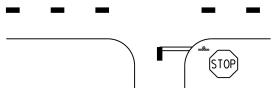
7.0 ft min *



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:

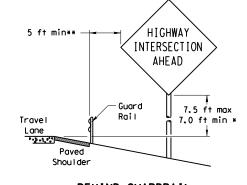
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL

 \Rightarrow

When a supplemental plaque

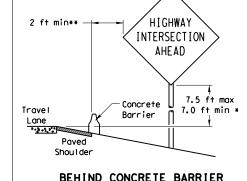
or secondary sign is used,

the 7 ft sign height is

measured to the bottom of

the supplemental plaque

or secondary sign.



**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

Maximum

possible

Travel

Lane

factors.

EAST

(When 6 ft min, is not possible.)

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Clamp

Nylon washer, flat

washer, lock washer,

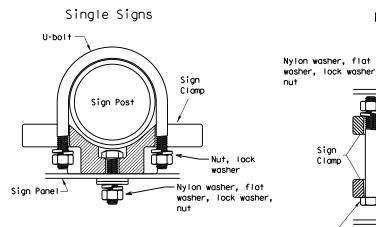
Pipe Diameter

2" nominal

3" nominal

2 1/2" nominal

Clamp Bolt



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

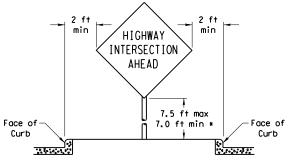
Sign Panel 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min * Travel ∠Sign Pane∣

Paved

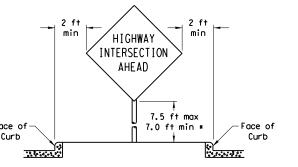
Shoul der

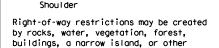
Not Acceptable

CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

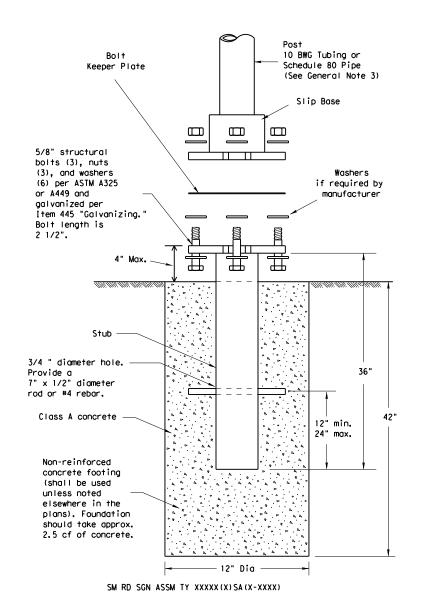


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

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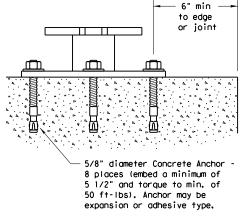
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor. when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"
Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

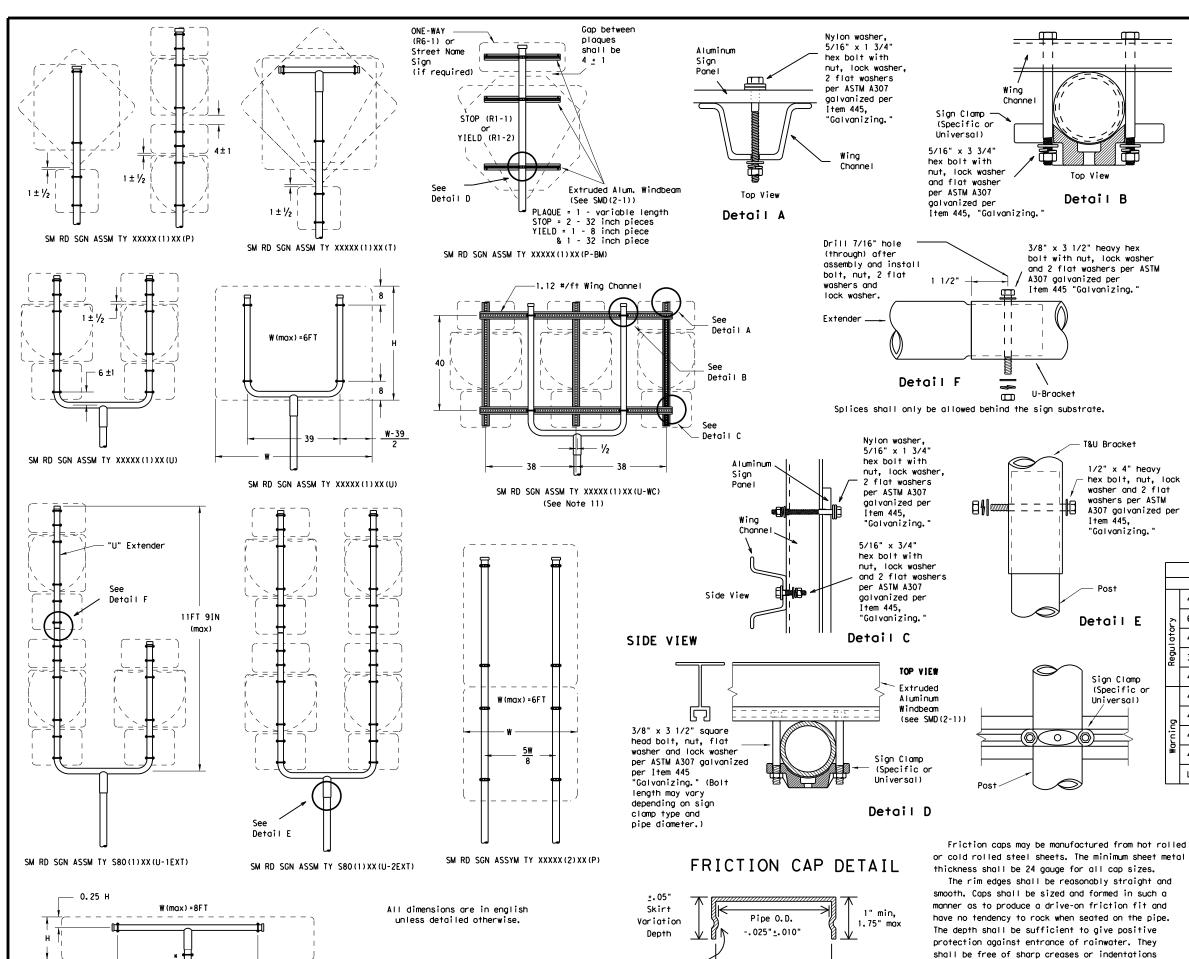
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

GENERAL NOTES:

1.1

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

Item 445 "Galvanizing."

A307 galvanized per

U-Bracket

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445.

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

0

and show no evidence of metal fracture.

B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of

zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

(Specific or

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

washer and 2 flat

washers per ASTM

A307 galvanized per

Detail B

Wina

1.1

1.1

1.1

Channel

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

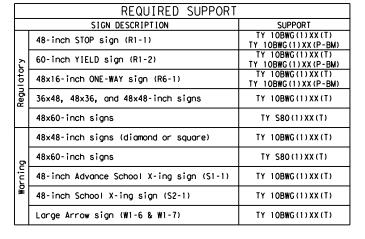
 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

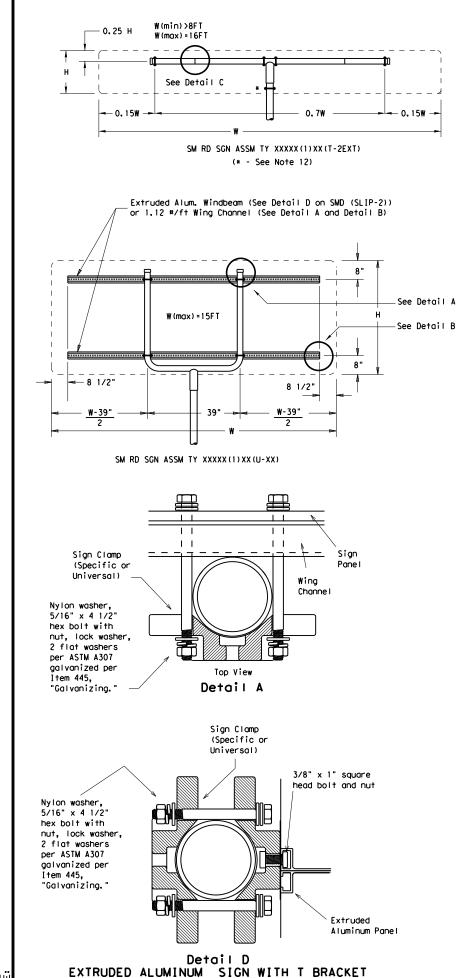


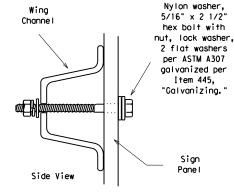


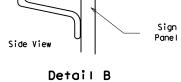
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

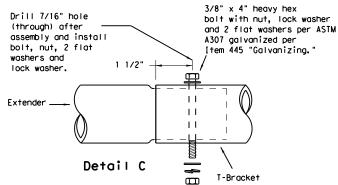
SMD (SLIP-2) -08

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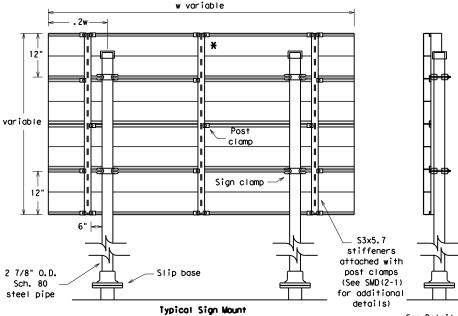


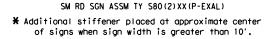


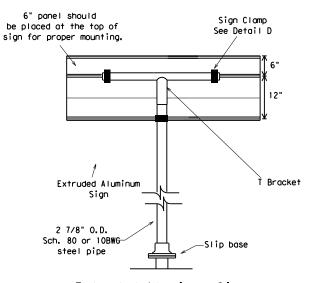




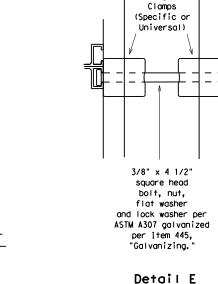
Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.





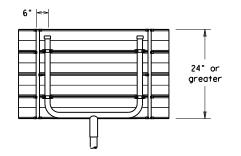


Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket



Sign





Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
٠,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
•	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SLIP-3) -08

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REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



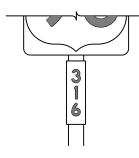




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING			
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

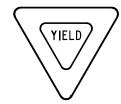
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REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





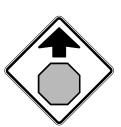




REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

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STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0204-07-056

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: US 79 at SH 36

To: N/A

END: (Lat)

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 30.70710561 ,(Long) -96.87272698

(Long),

40.0

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 13.2

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 1.2

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

N/A

Project consist of constructing pavement widening, which consist of Excavation, Embankment, Grading

along with Temporary and Permanent Seeding.

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Uhland Loam	0 to 1 percent slopes Vegetative cover is in good condition with 90% coverage.

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

x PSLs determined during cons ☐ No PSLs planned for constru				
Type Sheet #s				

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- Mobilization
- Install sediment and erosion controls
- □ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement

- ☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- ☑ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- Rework slopes, grade ditches
- ▼ Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- ▼ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			
•			

Other:			
	ner:	r:	

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- ▼ Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- ▼ Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- ☐ Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities
- ▼ Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- ☐ Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
- ▼ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- ☐ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other:			
☐ Other: _			
☐ Other:			

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Tributaries

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Mustang Creek to Sandy Creek	Stream Segment No. 1213 of the Little River Basin

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- □ Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- ▼ Post Construction Site Notice
- □ Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- □ Perform SWP3 inspections

□ Other: __

- ☑ Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- ☐ Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

Z Maintain OVVI	o robordo foi o youro
☐ Other:	

☐ Other:	

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Classified Waterbody

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- □ Day To Day Operational Control
- Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- x Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- x Install, maintain and modify BMPs
- □ Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

Utner:			
☐ Other:			
Othor:			

1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:

MS4 Entity				
N/A				

Dant P. Nemann, P.E.



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STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

RO. PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. 093

TATE STATE DIST. COUNTY

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:				
T/P				
□ X Protection of Existing Vegetation □ X Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Soil Retention Blankets □ Geotextiles □ Mulching/ Hydromulching □ Soil Surface Treatments ▼ Temporary Seeding ▼ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams ▼ Vertical Tracking □ Interceptor Swale □ Riprap □ Diversion Dike □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ Embankment for Erosion Control				
│ □ □ Paved Flumes │ □ □ Other:				
Other:				
Other:				
□ □ Other:				
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:				
 □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ Dewatering Controls □ Inlet Protection □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams □ Sandbag Berms ▼ Sediment Control Fence □ Stabilized Construction Exit □ Floating Turbidity Barrier 				
□ 🛽 Vegetated Buffer Zones				

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

T/P

□ □ Sediment Trap

	☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
[☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
	Sedimentation Basin
	x Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
	□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
	□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
	☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
[□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
	☐ Available area/Site geometry
	□ Site slope/Drainage patterns
	☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
	□ Public safety
	□ Other:

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Typo	Stationing		
Туре	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- Haul roads dampened for dust control
- Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- □ Stabilized construction exit X Daily street sweeping

☐ Other:			

□ Other:			

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- ▼ Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- □ Debris and Trash Management
- x Dust Control

Other:		
Other:		

□ Other:			

Other:		
Uniter.		

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Туре	Statio	ning
туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- Irrigation drainage
- ▼ Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- ∇ Potable water sources
- Springs
- □ Uncontaminated groundwater
- ☑ Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

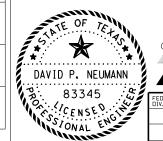
2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

When dewatering activities are present, a daily inspection will be conducted once per day during those activities and documented in accordance with CGP and TxDOT requirements.

2.10 MAINTENANCE:Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

ril P. Nemann, P.E. STORMWATER POLLUTION



Sheet 2 of 2 Texas Department of Transportation

PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. STATE DIST. STATE COUNTY EXAS BRY MILAM SECT. HIGHWAY NO.

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0204

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Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ Other:

□ Other: _____

□ Other:

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

□ □ Other:

http://www.swf.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/Permitting/GeneralPermits.aspx

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 7.7.3 Work in Waters of the United States

7.7.6 Project Specific Locations

496 Removing Structures

506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation and Environmental Controls

506.4.3.4 Restricted Activities and Required Precautions

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Item 7.7.1 Cultural Resources, in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer. No Action Required

Required Action

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.

No Action Required Required Action

Action No.

1)Tree removal to be done in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 730 Roadside Mowing

160 Topsoil 161 Compost

751 Landscape Maintenance 162 Sodding for Erosion Control 752 Tree and Brush Removal

164 Seeding for Erosion Control

166 Fertilizer

168 Vegetative Watering

169 Soil Retention Blankets

170 Irrigation System 180 Wildflower Seeding

192 Landscape Plantina

193 Landscape Establishment

506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation,

and Environmental Controls

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

Required Action

No Action Required

Action No.

1. Do not kill snakes or other animals!

2. Do not destroy nests on structures within the project limits.

Temporarily prevent the building of nests on any structures that require work within the project limits during the construction timeframe.

This can be accomplished by application of bird repellant gel, netting, or removal by hand every 3-4 days.

The nesting/breeding season for migratory birds is March 1 - September 1.

Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), it is unlawful by any means or manner, to pursue, hunt, take, capture, [or] kill any migratory birds except as permitted by regulation (16 U.S.C. 703-704). Neither the statute partits implementing regulations (Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 10, 13, 21) exempt unintentional take of migratory birds. The unauthorized take (e.g. killing, capturing, or collecting) of migratory birds is a strict liability criminal offense that does not require knowledge or specific intent on the part of the offender. Even when engaged in an otherwise lawful activity for which the intent is not the killing of migratory birds, a violation may be committed.

- 3. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area to verify the presence or absence of wildlife.
- 4. BMPs for T and E species will be discussed at the preconstruction meeting.

The Bryan District Environmental Section can be contacted at (979) 778-9766 to assist with the removal of wildlife that will not leave on their own with gentle persuasion.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Item: 7.7.6 Project Specific Locations

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS. in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the Engineerimmediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product

Contact the Engineer if any of the follwing are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.

* Undesirable smells or odors

* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes No.

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notifiy DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discoverd on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Required Action

☐ No Action Required

Action No.

1. The Clean Water Act, in part, requires that any spill of oil that could enter a waterway, as defined by the Act, and that violates applicable water quality standards or causes a film or sheen on water require reporting to the TCEQ and local authorities.

Contact the Bryan District Environmental Section at 979-778-9766.

If potentially hazardous material and/or contaminated media (i.e. soil, groudwater, surface water, sediment, building materials) are unexpectedly encountered during construction, immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 6.10 Hazardous Materials 7.12 Responsibility for Hazardous Materials

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Required Action

Action No.

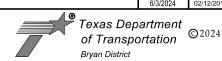
No Action Required

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 7.7.6 Project Specific Locations 751 Landscape Maintenance

Contacts:

Mr. John D. Moravec Environmental Coordinator Texas Department of Transportation Bryan District 2591 N. Earl Rudder Freeway Bryan, TX 77803 Phone: (979) 778-9766

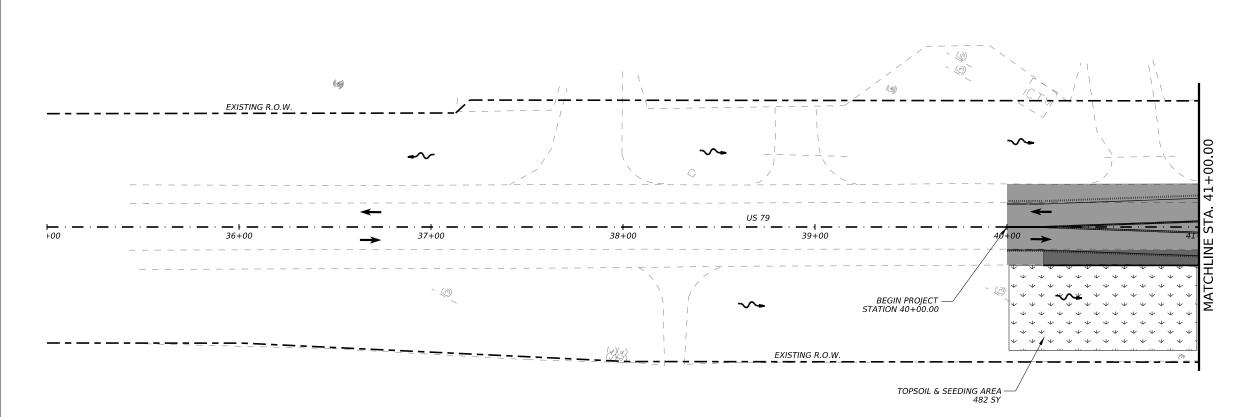
Fax: (979) 778-9702 e-mail: John.Moravec@txdot.gov



ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY	NUMBER
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US	79
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY		MILAM	
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	DB .	SHEET NO.
0204	07	05	56	095





- 1. ALL STATIONS ARE BASELINE STATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2. AREAS NOT SHOWN BY SEEDING OR AREAS CONSIDERED TO BE VEGETATION BUFFERS AND MAY NOT BE DISTURBED UNLESS AS DIRECTED.

EROSION CONTROL QUANTITIES LISTED ARE APPROXIMATE AND MAY NEED TO BE VARIED TO MEET FIELD CONDITIONS.

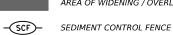
ENV LEGEND



SEEDING AREA



AREA OF OVERLAY



AREA OF WIDENING / OVERLAY



EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT DROP INLET



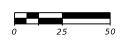
EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT CURB INLET



ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2



DRAINAGE FLOW ARROWS









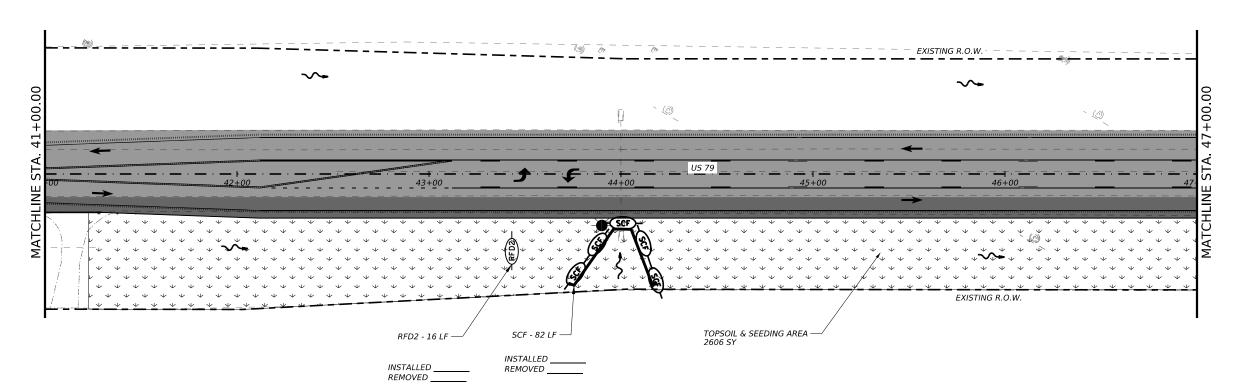
Texas Department of Transportation ©2024 Bryan District

ENVIRONMENTAL LAYOUT (US 79)

SHEET 1 OF 6

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US	79
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	DB .	SHEET NO.
0204	07	0	56	096





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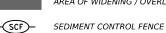
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ENV LEGEND

SEEDING AREA



AREA OF OVERLAY



AREA OF WIDENING / OVERLAY



EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT DROP INLET



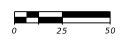
EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT CURB INLET



ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2



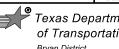
DRAINAGE FLOW ARROWS



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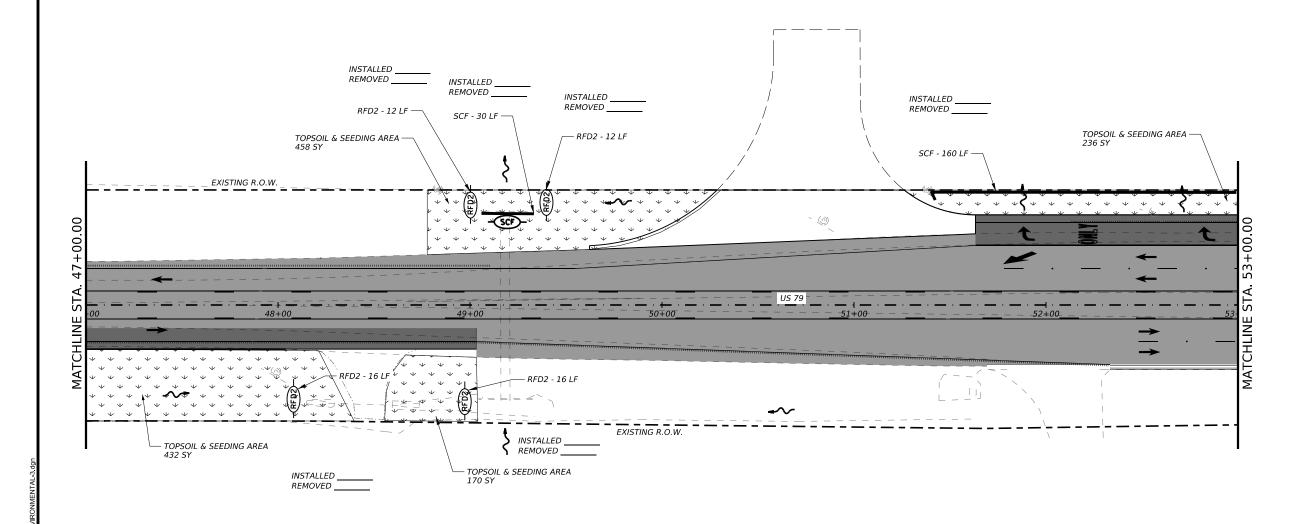
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ENVIRONMENTAL LAYOUT (US 79)

SHEET 2 OF 6

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US	79
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	DB .	SHEET NO.
0204	07	0	56	097

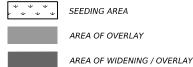




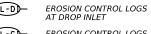
- 1. ALL STATIONS ARE BASELINE STATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
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ENV LEGEND







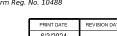


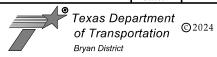




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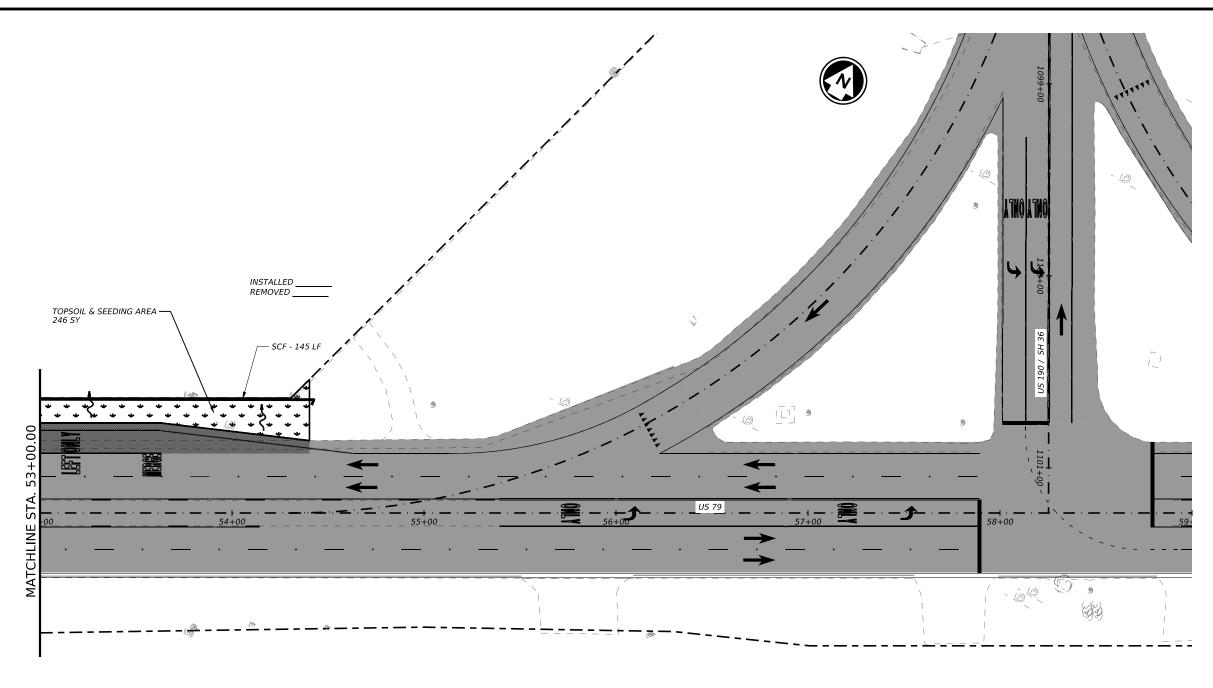






ENVIRONMENTAL LAYOUT (US 79)

	`		SHE	ET 3 OF 6
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		H I GHWAY	NUMBER
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US	79
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	BRY		MILAM	
CONTROL	SECTION	Jo)B	SHEET NO.
0204	07	05	56	098



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EROSION CONTROL QUANTITIES LISTED ARE APPROXIMATE AND MAY NEED TO BE VARIED TO MEET FIELD CONDITIONS.

ENV LEGEND





AREA OF WIDENING / OVERLAY



SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



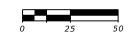
EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT DROP INLET EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT CURB INLET



ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2



DRAINAGE FLOW ARROWS



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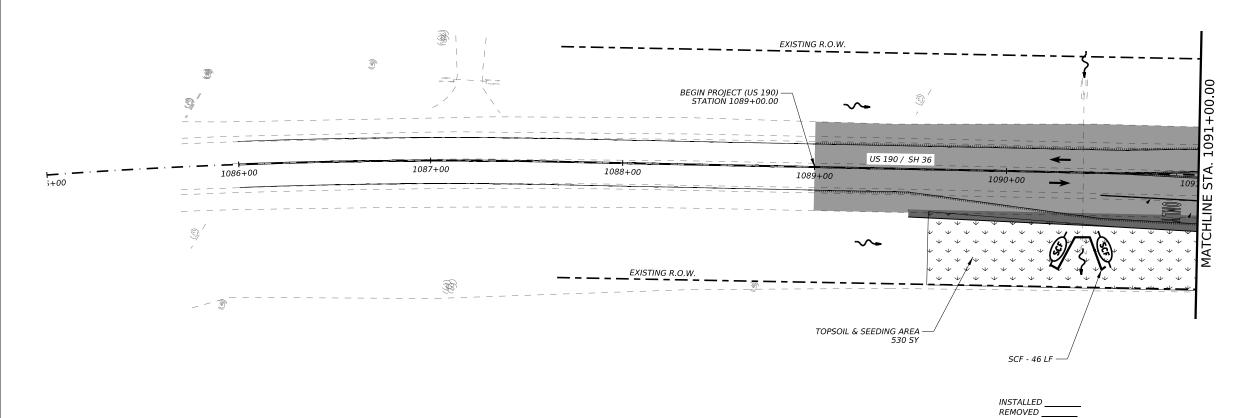


07

ENVIRONMENTAL LAYOUT

(US 79) SHEET 4 OF 6 PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER SEE TITLE SHEET US 79 STATE DISTRICT **TEXAS** BRY MILAM





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ENV LEGEND

SEEDING AREA

AREA OF OVERLAY



AREA OF WIDENING / OVERLAY



SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT DROP INLET EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT CURB INLET



ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2



DRAINAGE FLOW ARROWS



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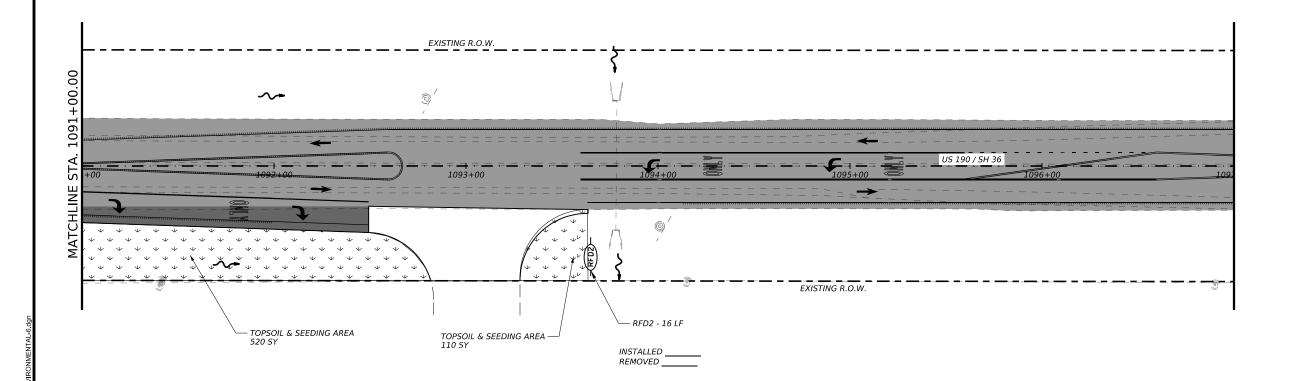


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ENVIRONMENTAL LAYOUT (US 190 / SH 36)

	•	-	•			
			SHE	ET 5 OF 6		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY	NUMBER		
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET US 79				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY		MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB SHEET NO.				
0204	07	05	056 100			





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ENV LEGEND



SEEDING AREA



AREA OF OVERLAY



AREA OF WIDENING / OVERLAY



EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT DROP INLET



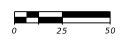
EROSION CONTROL LOGS AT CURB INLET



ROCK FILTER DAM TYPE 2



DRAINAGE FLOW ARROWS



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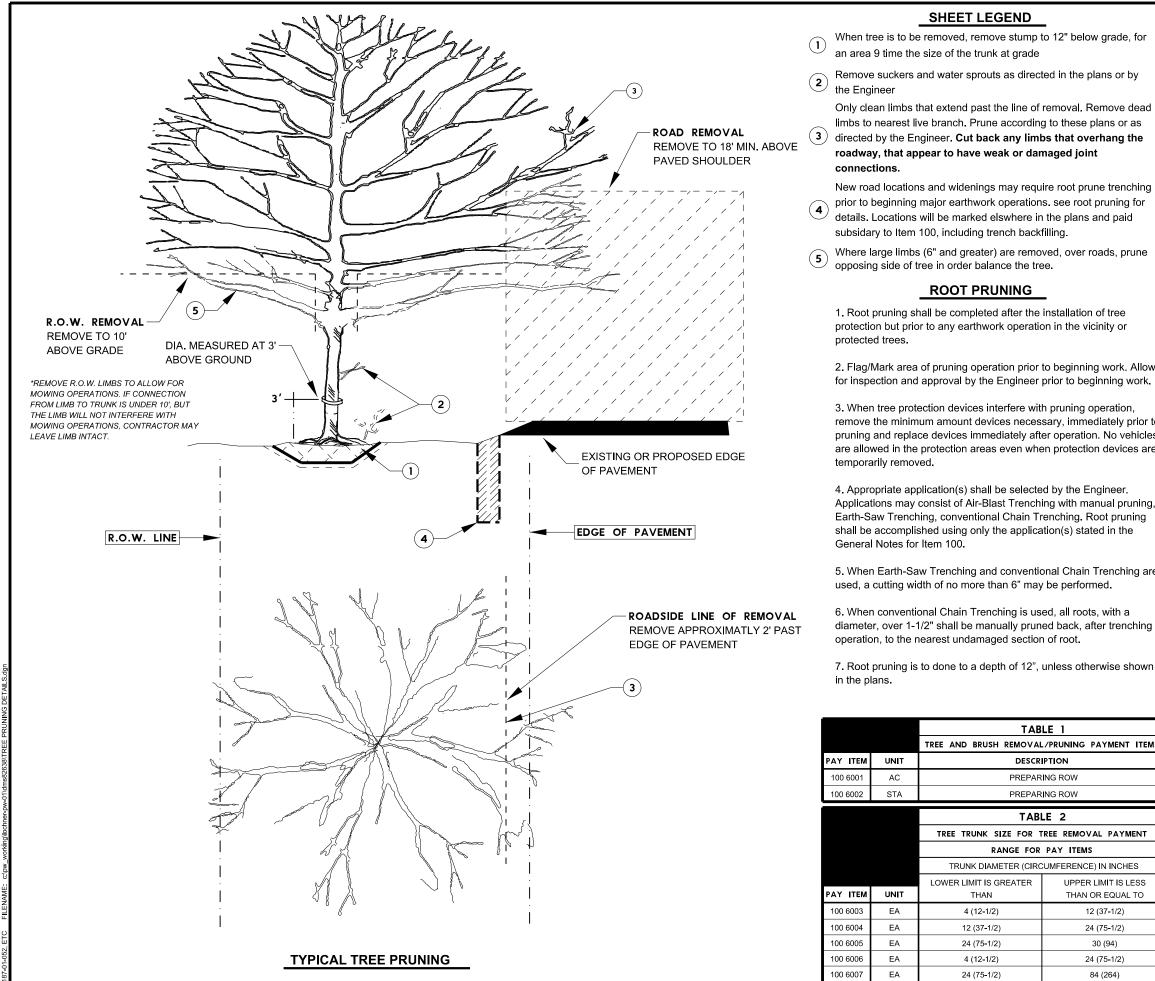
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6/3/2024	



ENVIRONMENTAL LAYOUT (US 190 / SH 36)

	SHEET	6	OF	6
HIG	HWAY NUME	BER		
	US 79			
COUNTY				

DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		E SHEET US	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
EXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	Jo	DB	SHEET NO.
0204	07	0	56	101



SHEET LEGEND

- When tree is to be removed, remove stump to 12" below grade, for an area 9 time the size of the trunk at grade
- Remove suckers and water sprouts as directed in the plans or by the Engineer
- limbs to nearest live branch. Prune according to these plans or as (3) directed by the Engineer. Cut back any limbs that overhang the roadway, that appear to have weak or damaged joint connections.
- New road locations and widenings may require root prune trenching prior to beginning major earthwork operations, see root pruning for details. Locations will be marked elswhere in the plans and paid subsidary to Item 100, including trench backfilling.
- Where large limbs (6" and greater) are removed, over roads, prune opposing side of tree in order balance the tree.

ROOT PRUNING

- 1. Root pruning shall be completed after the installation of tree protection but prior to any earthwork operation in the vicinity or protected trees.
- 2. Flag/Mark area of pruning operation prior to beginning work. Allow for inspection and approval by the Engineer prior to beginning work.
- 3. When tree protection devices interfere with pruning operation, remove the minimum amount devices necessary, immediately prior to pruning and replace devices immediately after operation. No vehicles are allowed in the protection areas even when protection devices are temporarily removed.
- 4. Appropriate application(s) shall be selected by the Engineer. Applications may consist of Air-Blast Trenching with manual pruning, Earth-Saw Trenching, conventional Chain Trenching, Root pruning shall be accomplished using only the application(s) stated in the General Notes for Item 100.
- 5. When Earth-Saw Trenching and conventional Chain Trenching are used, a cutting width of no more than 6" may be performed.
- 6. When conventional Chain Trenching is used, all roots, with a diameter, over 1-1/2" shall be manually pruned back, after trenching operation, to the nearest undamaged section of root.
- 7. Root pruning is to done to a depth of 12", unless otherwise shown in the plans.

		TABLE 1
		TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL/PRUNING PAYMENT ITEMS
PAY ITEM	UNIT	DESCRIPTION
100 6001	AC	PREPARING ROW
100 6002	STA	PREPARING ROW

100 0002	01/1	THEITHINGTION					
TABLE 2 TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT							
RANGE FOR PAY ITEMS							
	TRUNK DIAMETER (CIRCUMFERENCE) IN INCHES						
		LOWER LIMIT IS GREATER	UPPER LIMIT IS LESS				
PAY ITEM	UNIT	THAN	THAN OR EQUAL TO				
100 6003	EA	4 (12-1/2)	12 (37-1/2)				
100 6004	EA	12 (37-1/2)	24 (75-1/2)				
100 6005	EA	24 (75-1/2)	30 (94)				
100 6006	EA	4 (12-1/2)	24 (75-1/2)				
100 6007	EA	24 (75-1/2)	84 (264)				

*SEE SHEET NOTE 4

SHEET NOTES

TREE PRUNING:

- 1. Prune and remove all tree limbs, that are directly above and extending over pavement or bridge surface 18' above pavement surface or bridge deck elevation.
- 2. Prune and remove all tree limbs, above the Right of Way, to a minimum height of 10' above natural grade or other structure elevation, unless otherwise shown in the plans.

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL:

- 3. For trees marked for removal, the diameter of the tree is determined by measurement of the trunk circumfrence at 3' above grade. Trees with trunk diameters of less than 4" are considered Brush. Trees with multiple trunks at the point of measurment are paid for seperatly, except when individual trunk diameters are less than 4" each. Multi-trunk trees with indivual trunk diameters less than 4" each will be paid as Brush.
- 4. Remove all brush to within 1" of ground surface.
- 5. Measuement ranges for Tree Removal are shown in Table 2.
- 6. Pay Items by the centerline mile, include all Tree Trimming and/or Brush Removal in the right of way on both sides of the road. For divided highways, the median is included. For highways with frontage roads, the areas between the frontage roads and main lanes, and the areas outside of the frontage roads are included.
- 7. Perform Tree Pruning and Brush Removal operations in Non-Mowing areas only when directed to do so in the plans.

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL (CHANNEL):

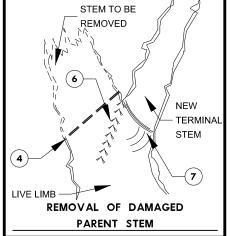
8. Brush Removal and Tree Trimming, in and along channels and easements are paid for by the acre, as Item 100-6001 for areas designated on the plans.

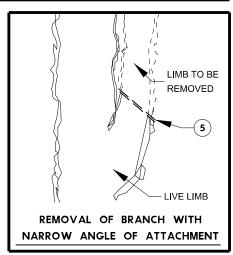


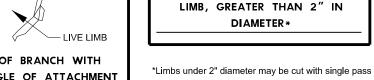
TREE PRUNING & TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL (For Design)

SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS

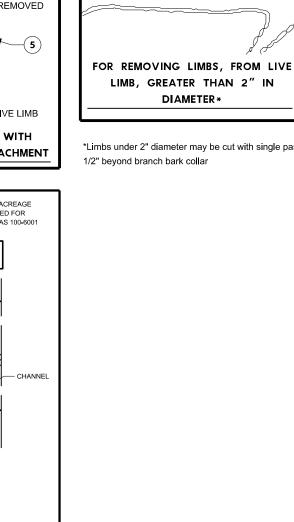
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6	SEE TITL	E SHEET	79		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	SHEET NO.		
0204	07	05	102		







LIVE LIMB



SHEET LEGEND

- FIRST CUT-12" FROM TRUNK OR LIVE LIMB. CUT FROM BOTTOM OF LIMB UP %LIMB DIAMETER.
- SECOND CUT-2" OR MORE AWAY FROM FIRST CUT. CUT FROM TOP OF LIMB 2 SECUND COT-2 C....
 DOWN FULLY THROUGH LIMB.
- FINAL CUT-1/2" FROM BRANCH COLLAR AND BARK RIDGE OR LIVE LIMB. DO NOT FLUSH CUT. IF BRANCH COLLAR OR BARK RIDGE ARE NOT DISCERNABLE AT TRUNK CONNECTIONS, CUT LIMB 1" AWAY FROM TRUNK DOWNWARDS AT 90° FROM THE TOP ANGLE OF LIMB
- CUT TO REDUCE LENGTH OF A PARENT STEM OR BRANCH. MAKE CUT JUST (4) BEYOND NEAREST CONNECTING LIMB. MAKE CUT ANGLE BETWEEN BRANCH BARK RIDGE AND PERPINDICULAR TO REMOVED LIMB.
- NARROW ATTACHMENT ANGLE LIMB REMOVAL. MAKE CUT FROM OUTSIDE OF (5) THE BRANCH TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE PARENT BRANCH. THIS CUT SHOULD BE MADE AFTER THE REMOVAL OF MAJORITY OF REMOVED LIMB WEIGHT.
- (6) BRANCH BARK RIDGE
- (7) BRANCH COLLAR

SHEET NOTES

PREVENTING SPREAD OF DISEASE:

- 1. All care should be taken to prevent the spread of disease and disease carrying vectors for trees and brush.
- 2. Special instructions for disease prevention shall be outlined in the General Notes for Item 100.
- 3. Contractor shall alert the Engineer in the event that diseased material is found on the project site. Additional information and requirements for removal will be given to the Contractor after evaluation by the Engineer.
- 4. Do not use cutting equipment, on healthy trees, that had been previously used on diseased trees and brush, without first properly sanitizing cutting equipment. Sanitizing information will be given in the General Notes or by the

PRUNING STANDARDS:

5. Standards developed using ANSI A300 (PART 1)-2008. Review ANSI document for pruning practices not covered in these sheets.

SAFETY STANDARDS:

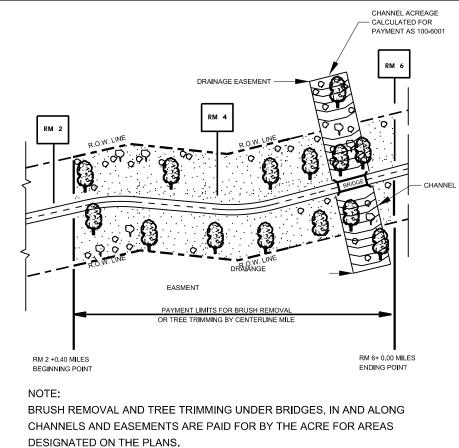
- 6. Contractor shall follow ANSI Document Z133.1 2012: Safety Requirement for Arboriculture Operations.
- 7. Contractor shall comply with related **OSHA** Standards of the Tree Care Industry Section 1910 Subparts D,H,I,K,R,S, and Z



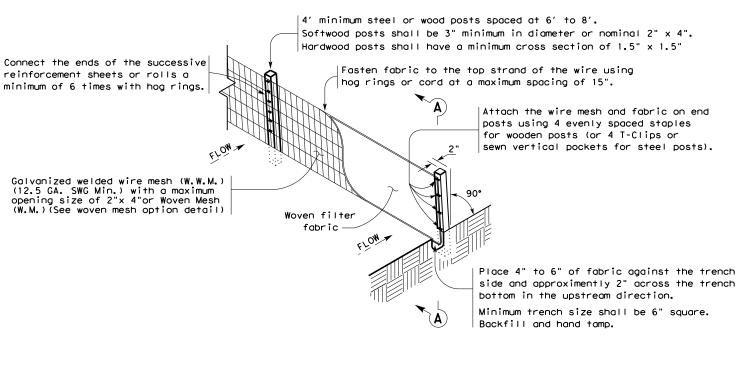
TREE PRUNING & TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL (For Design)

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

	J	_ 0	_ 5		
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6	SEE TITL	SHEET US 79			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	SHEET NO.		
0204	07	05	56	103	



EXAMPLE: UNDIVIDED HIGHWAY



TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



SECTION A-A

HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

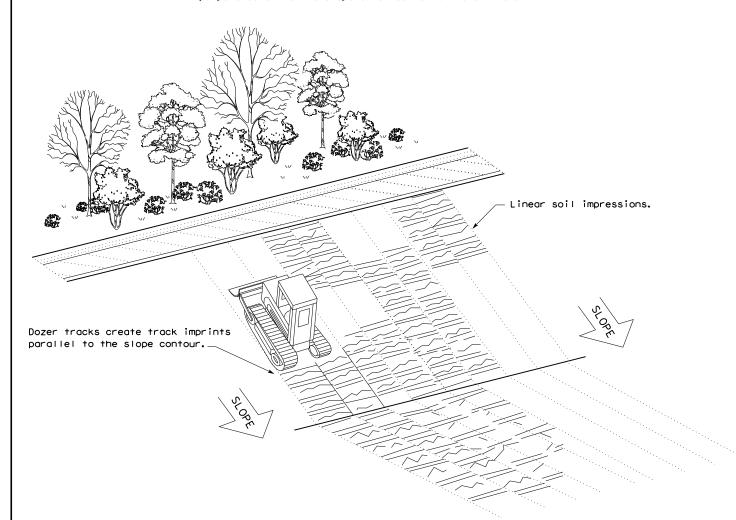
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

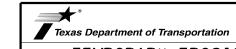
Sediment Control Fence

GENERAL NOTES

- Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



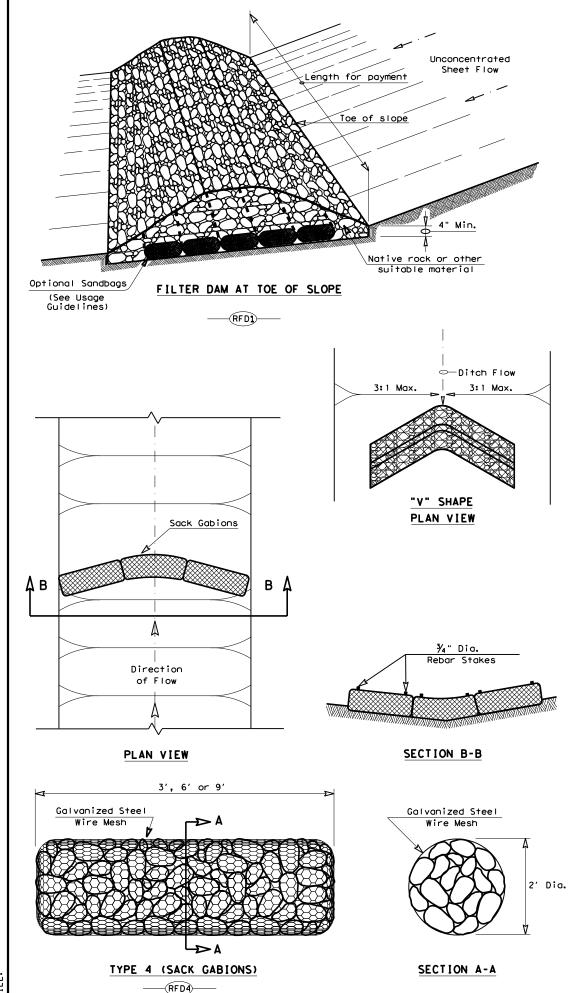
VERTICAL TRACKING

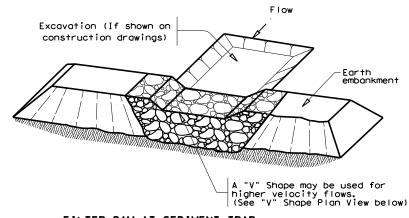


TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

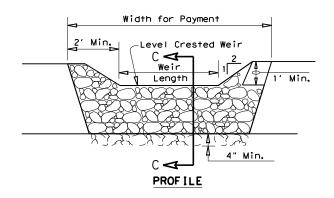
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REVISIONS	0204	07	07 056 county		US 79	
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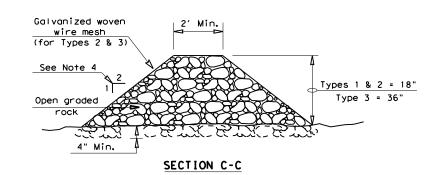




FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

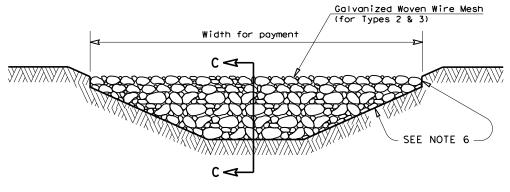
Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 $\mbox{GPM/FI}^2$ of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 ½" x 3 ½"
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

PLAN SHEET LEGEND





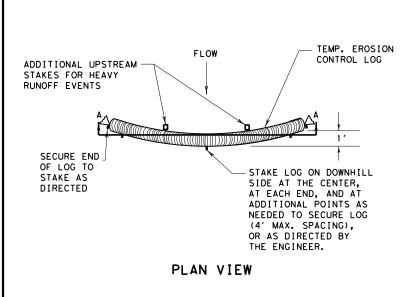
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

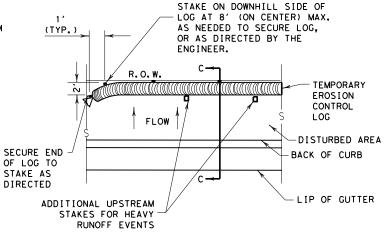
EC(2)-16

FILE: ec216	DN: Tx[DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP		DN/CK: LS		
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0204	07	07 056 county		US 79	
	DIST					
	BRY		MILAN	1	105	

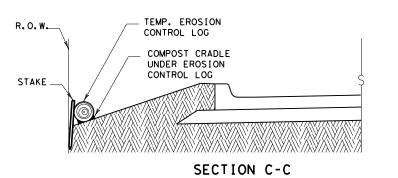


FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW



PLAN VIEW



RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS. USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

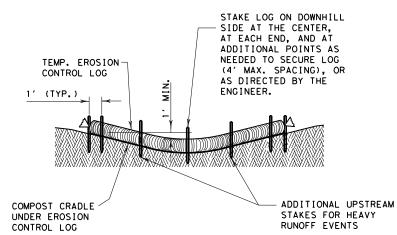
6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.

COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

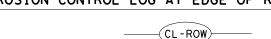


CONTROL LOG R.O.W. COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG ///\///\\///\\///\\\///\\\///\\

TEMP. EROSION

SECTION B-B EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL-BOC)



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

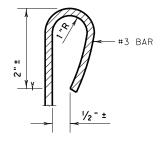


SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM



LEGEND

- CL-D - EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM
- —(cl-boc)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY -(CL-ROW)
- -(CL-SST EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING CL-SSL
- -(cl-di)-- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

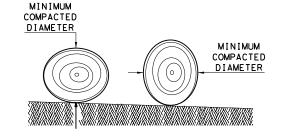
Log Traps: The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.



DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3



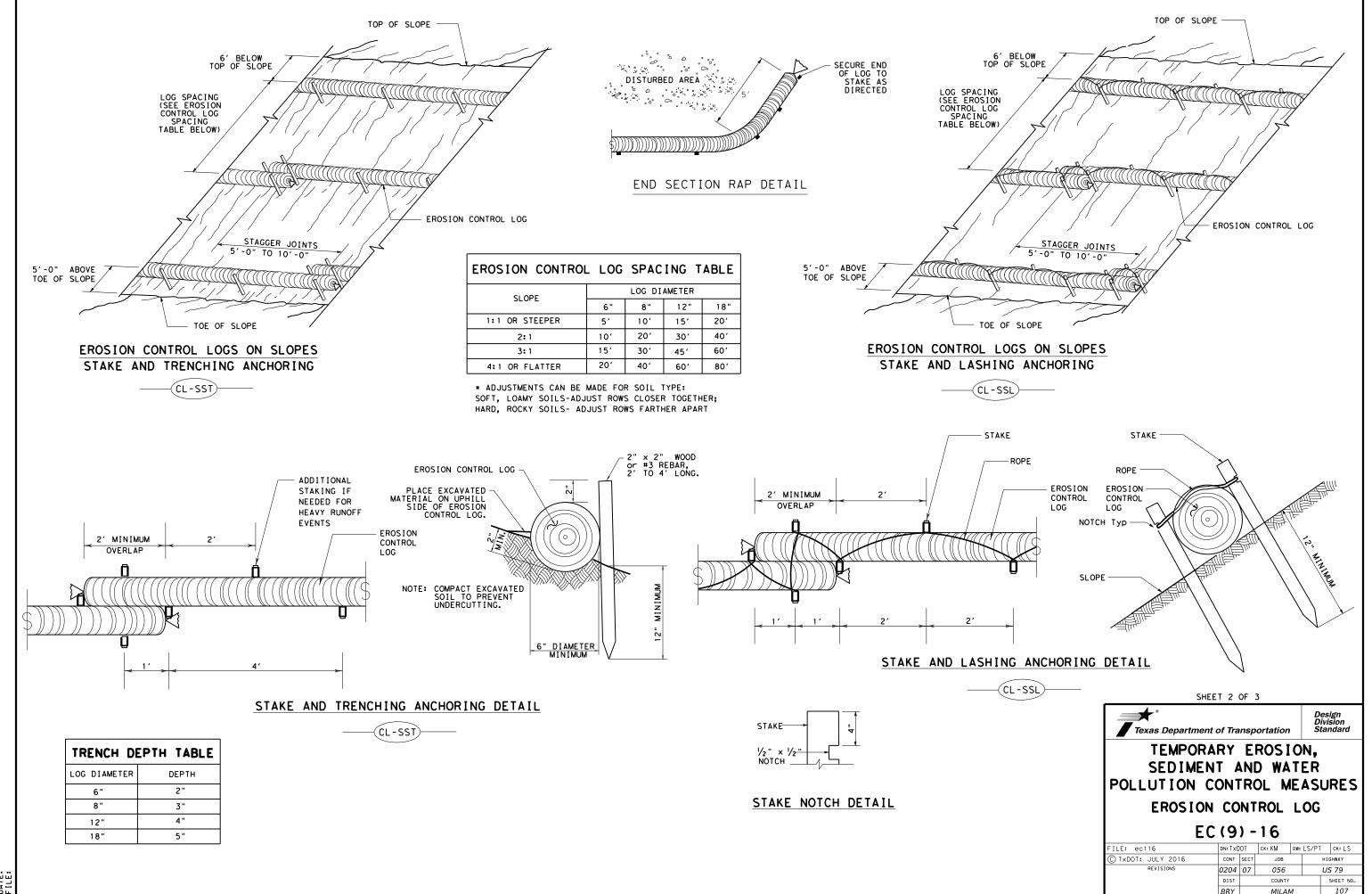
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

ILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS	
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0204	07	056		US 79		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY		MILAN	и		106	



SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS

TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET (CL - G I)

SANDBAG

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

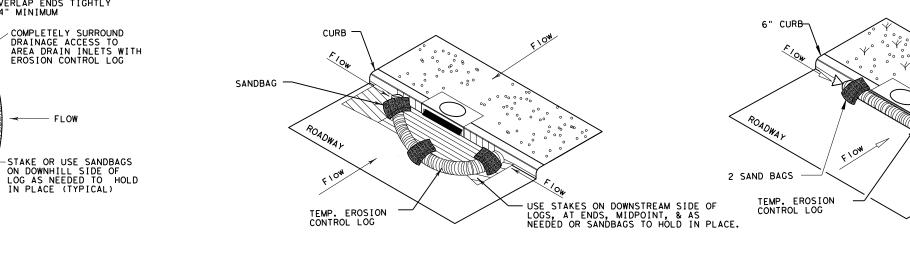
(CL-DI)

CURB AND GRATE INLET

OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

— FLOW

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

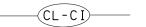


EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

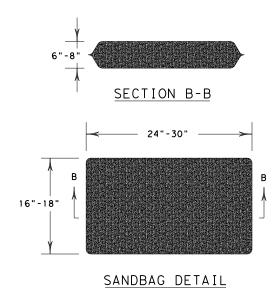
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

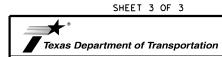
- 2 SAND BAGS





NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



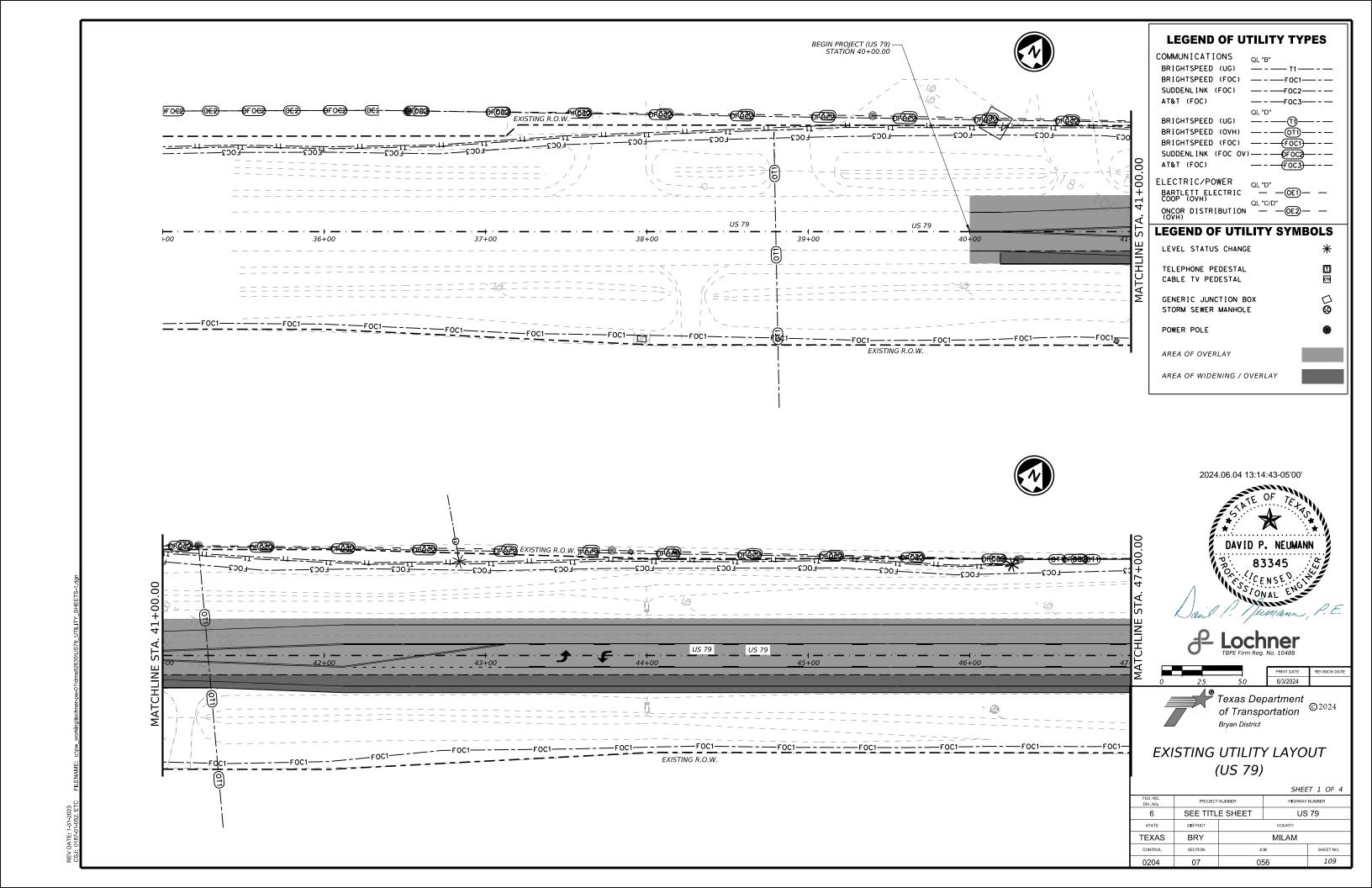


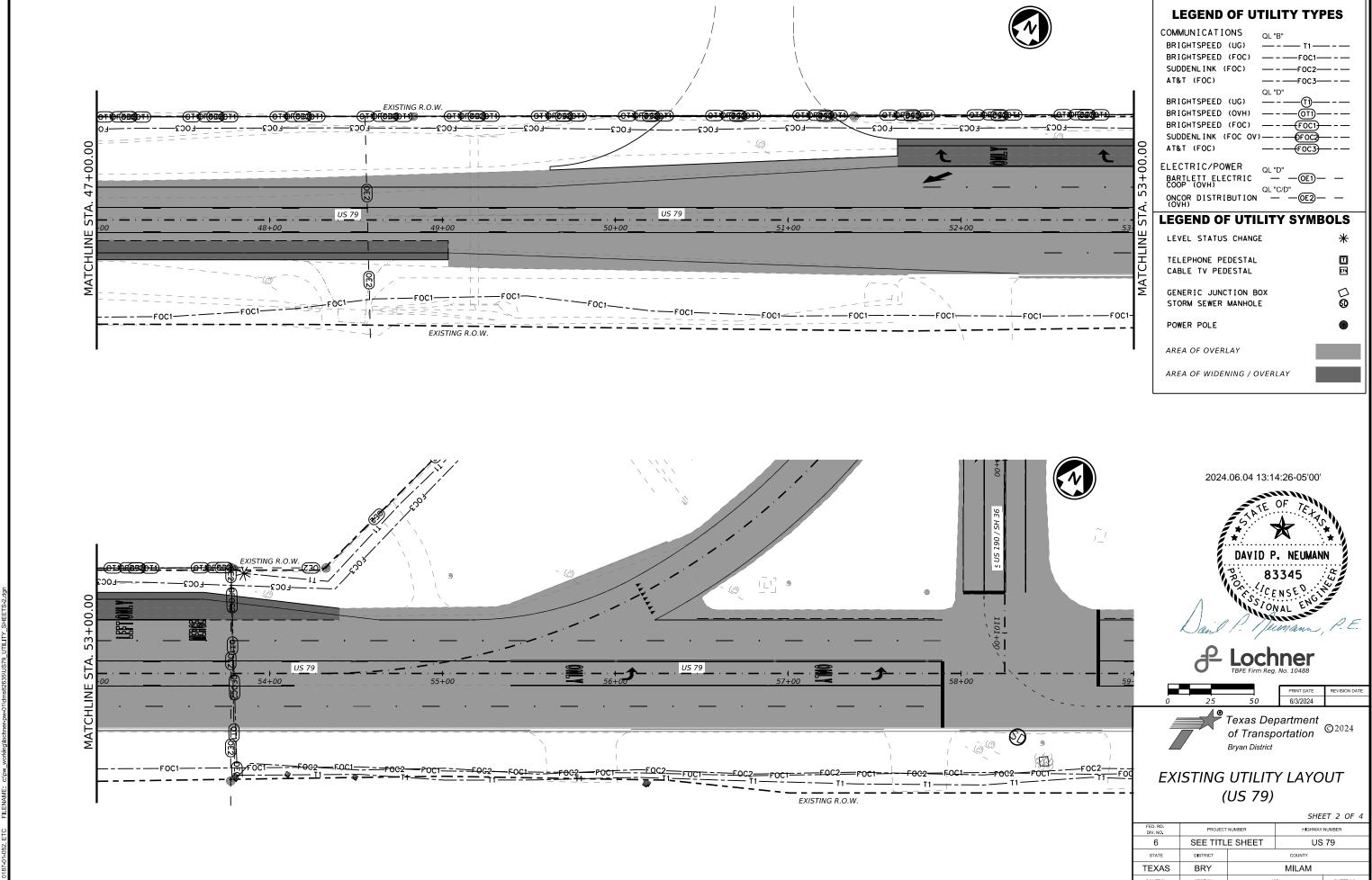
-CURB INLET _INLET EXTENSION

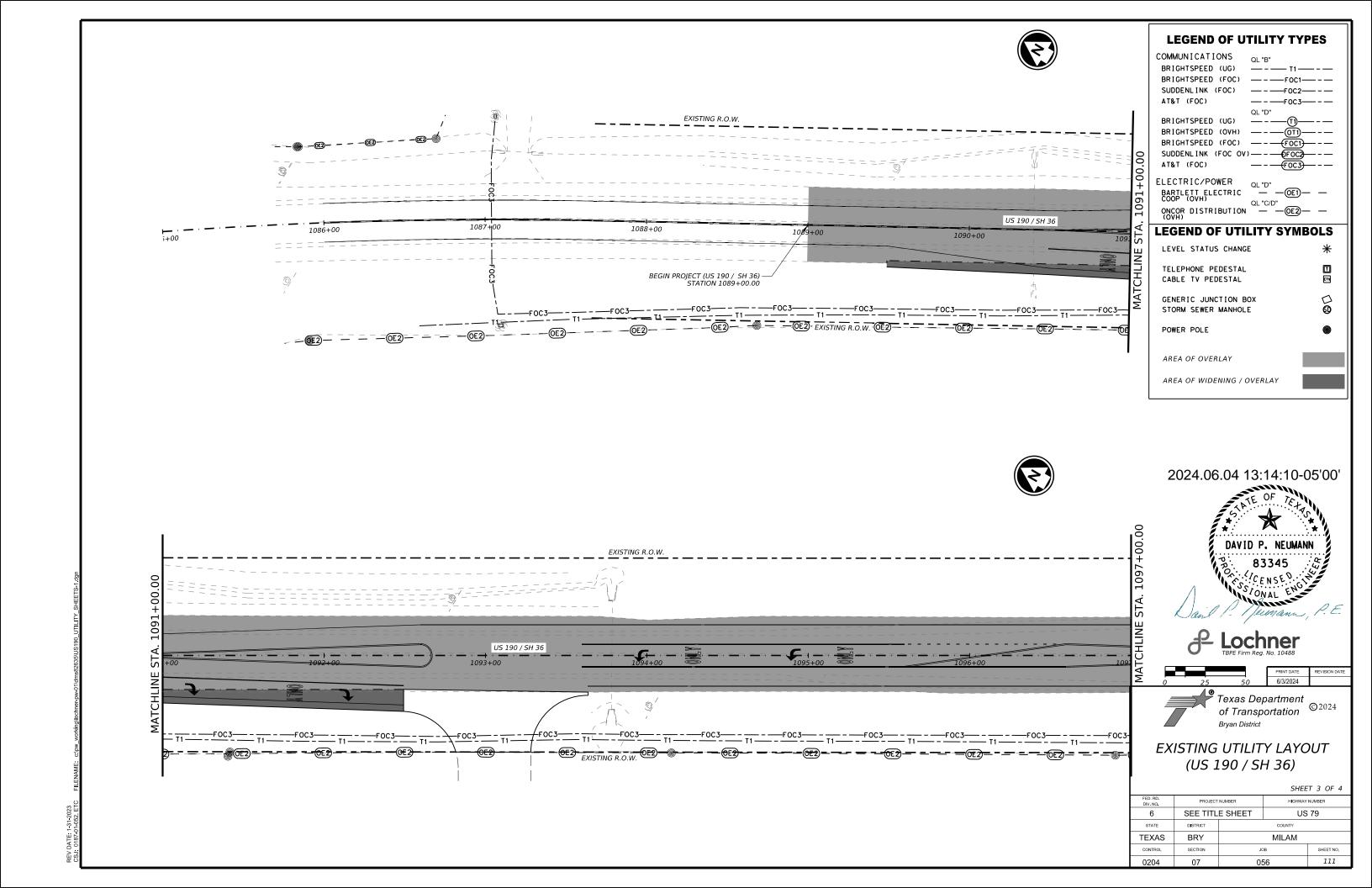
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

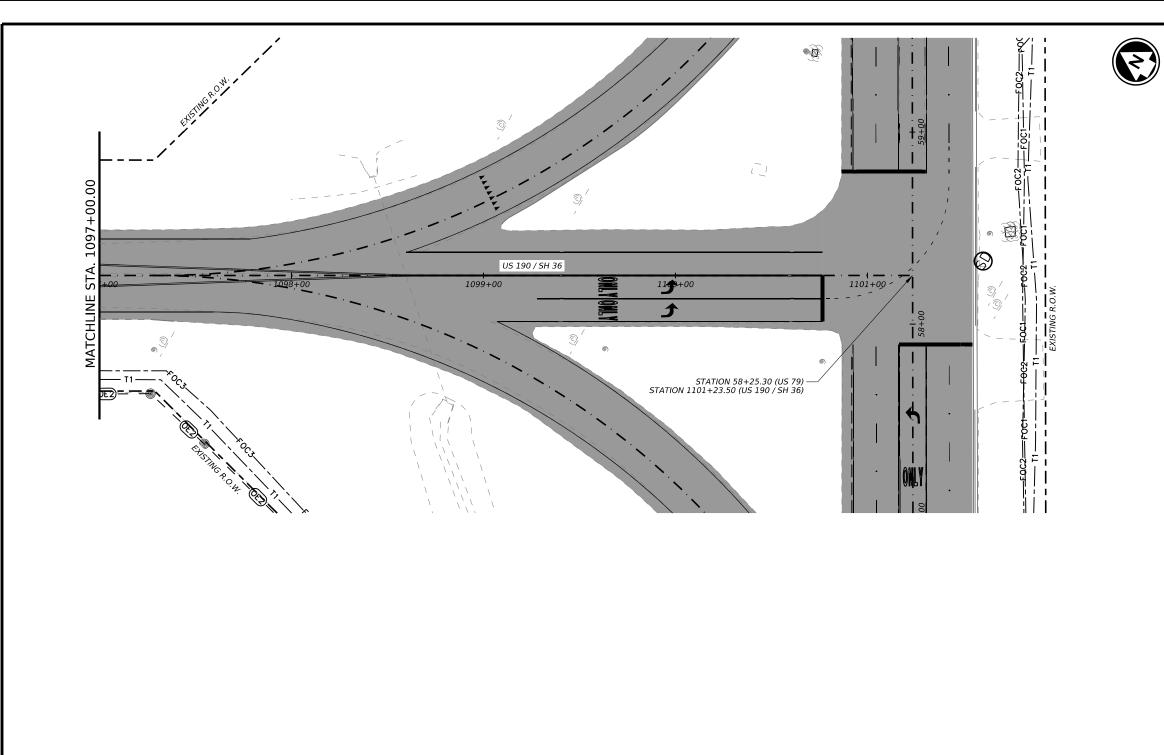
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC	(9) -	16			
FILE: ec916	DN: Tx[OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0204	07	056		U	S 79
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		MILAN	и		108









LEGEND OF UTILITY TYPES

COMMUNICATIONS BRIGHTSPEED (UG) BRIGHTSPEED (FOC) ----FOC1---SUDDENLINK (FOC) —-—FOC2—-— AT&T (FOC) — - — FOC3— - — BRIGHTSPEED (UG) BRIGHTSPEED (OVH) BRIGHTSPEED (FOC) SUDDENLINK (FOC OV) ---AT&T (FOC) ELECTRIC/POWER COOP (OVH)

ONCOR DISTRIBUTION — — OE2 — — **LEGEND OF UTILITY SYMBOLS**

LEVEL STATUS CHANGE

TELEPHONE PEDESTAL CABLE TV PEDESTAL

GENERIC JUNCTION BOX STORM SEWER MANHOLE

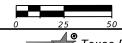
POWER POLE

AREA OF OVERLAY

AREA OF WIDENING / OVERLAY

2024.06.04 13:13:55-05'00'





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EXISTING UTILITY LAYOUT (US 190 / SH 36)

			SHEE	T 4 OF 4
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER	
6	SEE TITLE SHEET		US 79	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY		
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
0204	07	056		112