GENERAL

- 1 TITLE SHEET
- 2-3 GENERAL NOTES
- 4 ESTIMATE & QUANTITY
- 5 QUANTITY SUMMARY

TREE & BRUSH REMOVAL

6 TRB-15(1) ## 7 TRB-15(2)

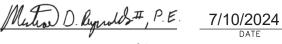
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS

- ## 8 BC (1)-21 ## 9 BC (2)-21 ## 10 BC (3)-21 ## 11 BC (4)-21 ## 12 BC (5)-21 ## 13 BC (6)-21 ## 14 BC (7) 21
- ## 14 BC (7)-21 ## 15 BC (8)-21 ## 16 BC (9)-21
- ## 17 BC (10)-21 ## 18 BC (11)-21
- ## 19 BC (12)-21 ## 20 TCP (1-1)-18
- ## 21 TCP (1-2)-18 ## 22 TCP (1-5)-18
- ## 23 TCP (2-6)-18 ## 24 WZ (RS)-22

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

25 EPIC

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY THE SYMBOL ## HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT





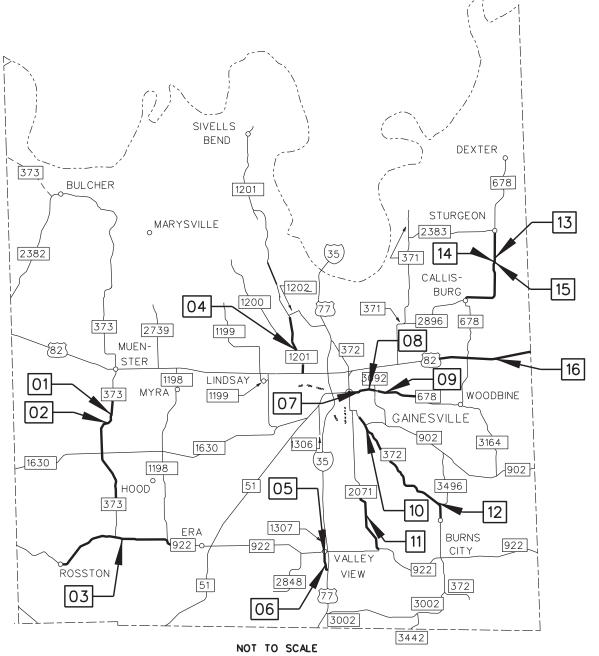
SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NO.: RMC 646523001
CONTROL SECTION JOB: 6465-23-001
COOKE COUNTY
US 82, ETC.

FOR THE ROUTINE MAINTENANCE WORK CONSISTING OF TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL



NO EXCEPTIONS
NO EQUATIONS

See sheet 5 for Quatity Summary of work at each location.

NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

© 2024 by Texas Department of Transportation; all rights reserved.

| | | PRC | JECT NO. | | SHEET NO. | | |
|-------|-------|------------|----------|--------|--------------|--|--|
| | RN | VIC | 64652 | 3001 | 1 | | |
| STATE | DIST. | | | COUNTY | | | |
| TEXAS | WFS | | | COOKE | | | |
| CONT. | SECT. | | JOB | HIGH | WAY NO. | | |
| 6465 | 23 | | 001 | US 8: | 2. ETC. | | |

CONTRACTOR NAME:

CONTRACTOR ADDRESS:

LETTING DATE:

DATE WORK BEGAN:

DATE WORK COMPLETED:

DATE OF ACCEPTANCE:





SUBMITTED FOR LETTING 07/10/2024

Metro D. Lyndos#, P.E.

MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING 07/11/2024

DI MRL , P. E.

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING 07/11/2024

Michael Bum P.E.

DISTRICT ENGINEER

Project Number: RMC 646523001

County: Cooke

Highway: US 82, ETC.

GENERAL NOTES

General Requirements

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Colby Shelton, P.E.: <u>Colby.Shelton@txdot.gov</u>

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

This project will not require the use of limit signs for these references

Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Dispose of all vegetative matter and any other materials removed from State Right of Way in accordance with applicable environmental laws, rules, regulations and requirements.

The Contractor's responsible person as described in item 7.2.6.1 must respond within 45 minutes of being notified.

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

Contract Time - The number of working days for this project shall be 32 days.

For this project, contract time will be computed as described in Item 8 based on a Standard Workweek. (8.3.14)

Contractor shall begin work within 7 days after the authorization date to begin work in accordance with item 8.1.

Item 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The Traffic Control Plan (TCP) for this project includes the plans, the Texas Manual on Traffic Control Devices, Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets, Standard TCP Sheets, and as otherwise required by the Engineer.

The Contractor's person responsible for TCP compliance is available by local telephone 24 hours a day and must respond to traffic control needs within 45 minutes of being notified.

Work will not be permitted without adequate traffic control devices in place. Work will only be permitted on one side of the roadway at any time.

Work vehicles within 30 feet of the traveled way shall have strobe lights or rotating beacons in use.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment at all times while outside of vehicles and equipment on the project. Only workers actively engaged in the operation of a chainsaw, chipper, or similar device shall be exempt from wearing safety vests. Non-compliance with any of these requirements shall be grounds for suspension of work.

Contractor shall not set up traffic control at multiple locations. All work and traffic control operations shall be complete prior to advancing to next location unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Provide adequate flagging on side roads to ensure that traffic flow is not compromised during one way traffic control operations.

During one way traffic control operations, provide a "Queue time" of no longer than 10 (ten) minutes during work operations.

Repair barricades within 48 hours after barricade report has been delivered to the Contractor. Failure to comply will cease all work until barricades are repaired to the satisfaction of the Department. Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

Failure to make necessary corrections to Traffic Control items based on barricade inspections will be cause for withholding the monthly estimate until such corrections are made.

Remove from the roadway and store in a central location approved by the Engineer all temporary traffic control devices, such as cones, barrels, portable signs, vertical panels, etc., which will not be used within 24 hours. This includes removal of temporary traffic control devices from the roadway over the weekend.

Project Number: RMC 646523001

County: Cooke

Highway: US 82, ETC.

Perform all construction work in daylight hours unless the engineer approves nighttime work in writing. Do not allow any construction equipment to be placed on the roadway until 30 minutes after sunrise and ensure that all construction equipment is removed from the roadway 30 minutes before sunset. Sunrise and sunset times will be as determined by NOAA at the following website https://gml.noaa.gov/grad/solcalc/sunrise.html

Item 752: Tree and Brush Removal

Contractor shall remain compliant with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA). Conduct clearing activities outside of the nesting season (approximately October 1 through February 14).

The Contractor shall be responsible for contacting all utility companies and locating all underground utilities prior to stump grinding and/or other excavating. The Contractor shall use care when working near these utilities so as not to damage them.

Complete at least 1.00 mile of tree trimming, brush and tree removal per day.

Trimming shall be performed to leave a neat and uniform appearance. Quantities shown are for both sides of the roadway.

The equipment used to trim limbs and remove brush shall be approved by the Engineer. A boom axe will not be allowed when trimming limbs. The Contractor shall remove all existing limbs and small trees on the ground within the limits of brush removal.

Trees to be removed should be marked by the State with a red, white or orange "X", painted on the trunk or will be removed as directed in the field by the Engineer.

Dispose of debris within 48 hr. of cutting, off the right of way, in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations unless otherwise approved.

Grind all limbs and protruding roots. Grind all stumps to a depth of 12 inches below the ground level. Backfill any resulting holes to the level of the surrounding ground. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, stumps on back slope cannot be ground; trees shall be cut flush with surrounding ground line.

Remove trees in increments when working near overhead utility lines and private property. Any damage to utilities and/or private property caused by improper tree removal shall be repaired at the expense of the contractor.

Pick up and remove all trees and limbs felled from right-of-way on the same day, unless otherwise approved.

Contractor will be allowed to mulch and leave material on Right-of-Way at locations approved by the Engineer. The mulch size and quantity shall be approved by the Engineer prior to performing this work.

Dispose of all vegetative matter and any other materials removed from State Rights-of-Way in accordance with applicable environmental laws, rules, regulations and requirements in the contract.

The Contractor will be required to furnish materials and make repairs to the existing roadway and right-of-way, including rutting, at any location damaged by the Contractor's operations. This work shall be done in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer and will be considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Removal of brush, limbs, debris, and trees less than 4 inches in diameter are considered brush and will be subsidiary to Item 752. Any removal of trees over 4 inches in diameter performed without authorization from the Engineer will be done at the expense of the contractor.

Item 6185 – TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

This item will be measured by the DAY for each TMA/TA set up and operational on the worksite.

Truck mounted attenuators will be required as shown in the traffic control plan. If a TMA used on this project has been modified, repaired or any alterations have been made since it was manufactured, the contractor is required to provide certification from the manufacturer that the TMA will perform as designed.

Submit make and model of TMA(s) to be used on the project and manufacturer's recommendations for proper use of equipment.

Control: 6465-23-001



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6465-23-001

DISTRICT Wichita FallsHIGHWAY US0082

COUNTY Cooke

| | | CONTROL SECTION | N JOB | 6465-2 | 3-001 | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--|--------|--------|-------|------------|----------------|--|
| | | PROJI | ECT ID | A0020 | 8032 | | | |
| | | CC | YTNUC | Coo | ke | TOTAL EST. | TOTAL FINAL | |
| | | HIG | HWAY | USO | 082 | | | |
| ALT | BID CODE | DESCRIPTION | UNIT | EST. | FINAL | | | |
| | 500-6001 | MOBILIZATION | LS | 1.000 | | 1.000 | | |
| | 502-6001 | BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING | МО | 2.000 | | 2.000 | | |
| | 752-6003 | TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL | MI | 2.342 | | 2.342 | | |
| | 752-6005 | TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA) | EA | 3.000 | | 3.000 | | |
| | 752-6006 | TREE REMOVAL (12" - 18" DIA) | EA | 1.000 | | 1.000 | | |
| | 752-6007 | TREE REMOVAL (18" - 24" DIA) | EA | 9.000 | | 9.000 | | |
| | 752-6008 | TREE REMOVAL (24" - 30" DIA) | EA | 1.000 | | 1.000 | | |
| | 752-6009 | TREE REMOVAL (30" - 36" DIA) | EA | 2.000 | | 2.000 | | |
| | 752-6010 | TREE REMOVAL (36" - 42" DIA) | EA | 1.000 | | 1.000 | | |
| | 752-6011 TREE REMOVAL (42" - 48" DIA) | | EA | 1.000 | | 1.000 | | |
| | 6185-6002 | TMA (STATIONARY) | DAY | 32.000 | | 32.000 | | |



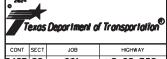
| DISTRICT | DISTRICT COUNTY | | SHEET |
|---------------|-----------------|-------------|-------|
| Wichita Falls | Cooke | 6465-23-001 | 4 |

| | les | |
|----------|---------------|--|
| | Ē | |
| | e\DG | |
| | ile, | |
| | ç | |
| | Design File | |
| | ster | |
| | Α | |
| | Design | |
| | Ö | |
| | 4 | |
| | - Cooke\4 | |
| | | |
| | Trimming | |
| | ě | |
| | Į, | |
| | 465-23-001 Tr | |
| | 5-2 | |
| | 646 | |
| | cts\646 | |
| | o je | |
| | Ÿ | |
| Σ | Ce | |
| 8 | 90 | |
| ខ្លួ | Sint | |
| 7 | ž | |
| 4 | *\WFSMAINT | |
| 110/2024 | FSM | |
| 91// :: | 3.5 | |
| : | Ë | |
| = | Ü | |

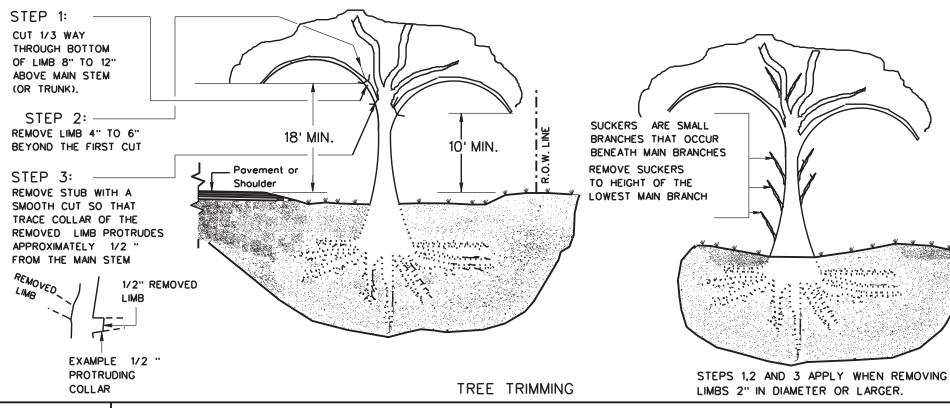
| | | | | | SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------|------------|--|------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | | | 752 | 752 | 752 | 752 | 752 | 752 | 752 | 752 |
| | | | | | | 6003 | 6005 | 6006 | 6007 | 6008 | 6009 | 6010 | 6011 |
| LOCATION | COUNTY | ROADWAY | (LOCATION DESCRIPTION | REFERENCE MARKERS | REFERENCE MARKERS GPS COORDINATES | TREE | TREE | TREE | TREE | TREE | TREE | TREE | TREE |
| | | | | NET ENERGE WIN WINCENS | S. S SS | TRIMMING / BRUSH | REMOVAL (4" - 12" DIA) | | | REMOVAL (24" | | | |
| | | | | | | MI | EA | - 18" DIA) EA | - 24" DIA) EA | - 30" DIA) EA | - 36" DIA) | - 42" DIA) | - 48" DIA) |
| 1 | COOKE | FM 373 | Detuce on County Dd 210 9, County Dd 200 | 214-1 442 TO 216-1 241 | 22 (07005 07 202002 +0 22 (10005 07 2025(0 | 0.201 | EA | EA | EA | EA | EA | EA | EA |
| <u> </u> | COOKE | | Between County Rd 310 & County Rd 360 | | 33.607995, -97.382983 to 33.610885, -97.382569 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | COOKE | FM 373 | Between County Rd 310 & County Rd 360 | | 33.603378, -97.386279 to 33.605157, -97.383760 | 0.095 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | COOKE | FM 922 | 335.00 LF East of Intersection FM 373 | 554+1.270 TO 554+1.327 | 33.504833, -97.381356 to 33.504558, -97.380426 | 0.076 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | COOKE | FM 1201 NB | At FM 1201 & FM 1200 Split | 208+0.421 | 33.662281, -97.187752 | | | | 6 | 1 | | | |
| 5 | COOKE | FM 1307 | Between FM 922 & Fifth St. | 216+1.636 TO 568+0.238 | 33.483665, -97.165266 to 33.488199, -97.165247 | 0.284 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | COOKE | FM 1307 | Between Easy st. & Spring Creek Estate | 218+0.213 TO 218+0.074 | 33.475410, -97.164159 to 33.477415, -97.164065 | 0.161 | | | | | | | |
| 7 | COOKE | FM 678 WB | 2,040.00 LF East of Willow Way | 564+0.784 TO 564+1.152 | 33.625766, -97.119913 to 33.626415, -97.113579 | 0.386 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 8 | COOKE | FM 678 EB | 1,350.00 LF East of Wheeler Creek Bridge | 564+0.898 TO 564+1.151 | 33.625778, -97.117924 to 33.626444, -97.113610 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | COOKE | FM 678 EB | 2,100.00 LF East of Intersection FM 3092 | 564+1.948 TO 566+0.051 | 33.623541, -97.100294 | 0.066 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | COOKE | FM 372 SB | Between FM 902 & County Rd 220 | 210+2.012 TO 212+0.472 | 33.594055, -97.117108 to 33.588577, -97.111423 | 0.549 | 2 | | | | | | |
| 11 | COOKE | FM 2071 NB | Between County Rd 228 & County Rd 275 | 216+0.283 TO 216+0.100 | 33.520666, -97.120510 to 33.523311, -97.120658 | 0.178 | | | | | | | |
| 12 | COOKE | FM 372 SB | Between County Rd 223 & FM 3496 | 218+0.729 TO 218+0.859 | 33.527245, -97.044973 to 33.525797, -97.043625 | 0.213 | | | | | | | |
| 13 | COOKE | FM 678 SB | 605.00 LF North of County Rd 113 | 580+1.638 TO 580+1.719 | 33.732797, -96.976890 | 0.081 | | | | | | | |
| 14 | COOKE | FM 678 NB | 470.00 LF North of County Rd 113 | 580+1.614 TO 580+1.637 | 33.732448, -96.976904 | 0.024 | | | | | | | |
| 15 | COOKE | FM 678 NB | 175.00 LF North of County Rd 113 | 580+1.555 TO 580+1.584 | 33.731631, -96.977182 | 0.028 | | | | | | | |
| 16 | COOKE | US 82 EB | 1.60 Miles East of FM 678 Overpass | 618+1.469 TO 618+1.554 | 33.648758, -96.982053 to 33.648971, -96.980606 | | | 1 | 3 | | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | PROJE | ECT TOTALS | | 2.342 | 3 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |

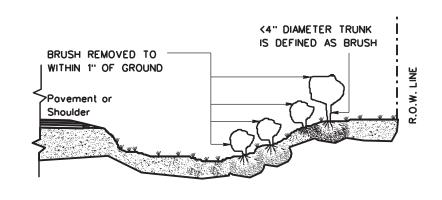
• QUANTITIES FOR TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE REMOVAL EXIST WITHIN THE REFERENCE MARKERS SHOWN. QUANTITIES MAY BE IN SMALL SECTIONS AND SEPARATE LOCATIONS THROUGHOUT THE REFERENCE MARKER RANGE AND SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO WORK BEING PERFORMED.

> US 82, ETC. QUANTITY SUMMARY

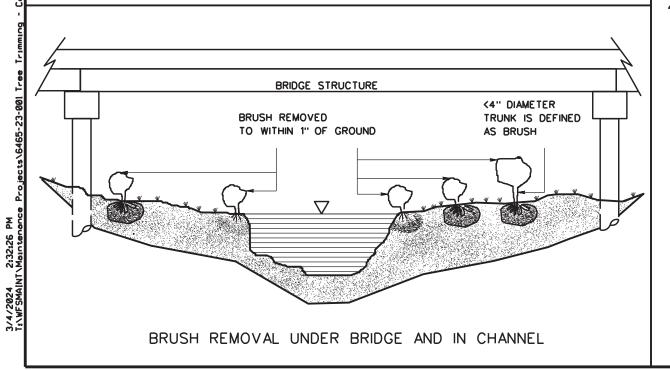


| CONT | SECT | JOB | | HIGHWAY |
|------|------|--------|----|-----------|
| 6465 | 23 | 001 | US | 82, ETC. |
| DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| WEG | | COURE | | |





BRUSH REMOVAL



GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING

- 1. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 2. TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE 3' ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

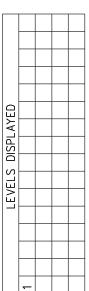
| TABLE 1 TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| I K | REE TRUNK SIZI | | | NT | | | | | |
| | RANGE FOR PAY ITEMS | | | | | | | | |
| | TRUNK (| DIAMETER * | TRUNK CIRC | UMFERENCE | | | | | |
| | LOWER LIMIT | UPPER LIMIT | LOWER LIMIT | UPPER LIMIT | | | | | |
| | IS GREATER | S LESS THAN | IS GREATER | S LESS THAN | | | | | |
| PAY ITEM | THAN | OR EQUAL TO | THAN | OR EQUAL TO | | | | | |
| 752 6005 | 4 | 12 | 12 1/2 | 37 1/2 | | | | | |
| 752 6006 | 12 | 18 | 37 1/2 | 56 1/2 | | | | | |
| 752 6007 | 18 | 24 | 56 1/2 | 75 1/2 | | | | | |
| 752 6008 | 24 | 30 | 75 1/2 | 94 | | | | | |
| 752 6009 | 30 | 36 | 94 | 113 | | | | | |
| 752 6010 | 36 | 42 | 113 | 132 | | | | | |
| 752 6011 | 42 | 48 | 132 | 151 | | | | | |
| 752 6012 | 48 | 60 | 151 | 188 1/2 | | | | | |
| 752 6013 | 60 | 72 | 188 1/2 | 226 | | | | | |
| 752 6019 | 72 | 84 | 226 | 264 | | | | | |
| | | GREATER | | NOT | | | | | |
| | 84 | THAN 84 | 264 | APPLICABLE | | | | | |

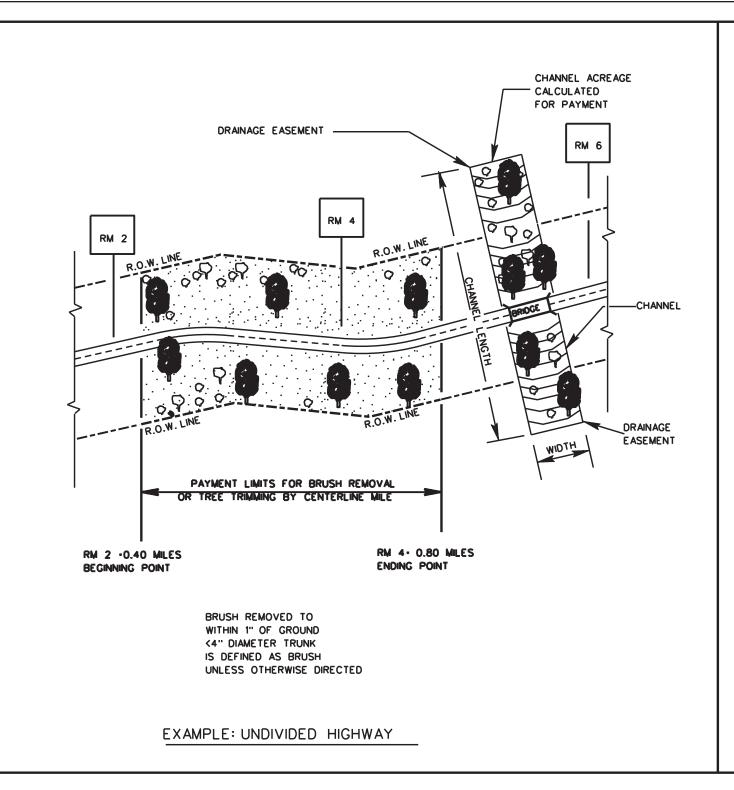
•SEE GENERAL NOTE *3.

| Texas Department | Maintenance Division Texas Department of Transportation Maintenance Division Standard | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------|--------|------|----|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL TRB-15(1) SHEET 1 OF 2 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FILE: | DN:JEO | | CK:LJB | DW:J | EO | CK: | | | | | |
| © TxDOT MARCH 2015 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | | HIGHWAY | | | | | |
| REVISIONS | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US | 82, ETC |) . | | | | |
| Revised table 1 to 2014 Specification | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO | ١. | | | | |

COOKE

LUPAT PARAMORA,





CHANNEL ACREAGE RM 120 CALCULATED FOR PAYMENT RM 116 DRAINAGE EASEMENT CHANNEL FRONTAGE ROAD--FRONTAGE ROAD -0001 000 \Diamond DRAINAGE **EASEMENT** PAYMENT LIMITS FOR BRUSH REMOVAL OR TREE TRIMMING BY THE CENTERLINE MILE BRUSH REMOVED TO RM 118 . 1.50 MILES RM 116 . 0.40 MILES WITHIN 1" OF GROUND BEGINNING POINT ENDING POINT <4" DIAMETER TRUNK IS DEFINED AS BRUSH UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED EXAMPLE: DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH FRONTAGE ROADS

GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

- 1. PAYMENT BY THE CENTERLINE MILE IS MADE TO THE NEAREST 1/100 (0.01) MILE.
- 2. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MARKERS (RM).
- 3. PAY ITEMS BY THE CENTERLINE MILE INCLUDE ALL TREE TRIMMING OR BRUSH REMOVAL IN THE RIGHT OF WAY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGHWAY. FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS, THE MEDIAN IS INCLUDED. FOR HIGHWAYS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS, THE AREAS BETWEEN THE FRONTAGE ROADS AND MAIN LANES, AND THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FRONTAGE ROADS ARE INCLUDED.
- 4. BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING UNDER BRIDGES, IN AND ALONG CHANNELS AND EASEMENTS ARE PAID FOR BY THE ACRE FOR AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS.



Maintenance Division Standard Plans

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(2)

| | | | | | .012 | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------|------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|---------|-----------|---------|----------|--------|------|
| NOT | TO SCALE | | | | | | | | SH | HEET | 2 OF | 2 |
| FILE: | TRB-15(2).DGN | | DRAWN: | | CHECKED: DM:L | .JB | DW:- | CK:- | | NEG NO.: | | |
| | C TxDOT APRIL | 2015 | | STATE DISTRICT | FEDERAL REGION | | FEDERAL | AID PROJE | СТ | • | SHEE | Т |
| REVISE | 5/13/2004 | | LJB | WFS | | | | | | | 7 | |
| REVISE | 9/24/2004 | | LJB | | COUN | ITY | | CONTROL | SECTION | JOB | HIGHWA | NΥ |
| REVISE | : APRIL 2015 | | JE0 | | coo | KE | | 6465 | 23 | 0010 | S 82. | , ЕТ |

2:32:26 PM \Maintenance Projects\6465-23-001 Tree

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



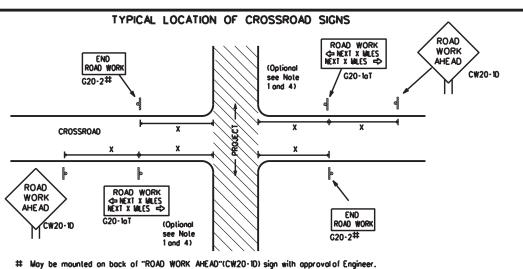
Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

| | · | | - • | _ | | | | | |
|---------|---------------|----|-------|------|-----------|-----|-------|------|-----------|
| FILE: | bc-21.dgn | DI | v: Tx | DOT | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ſ | ck: TxDO1 |
| © TxDOT | November 2002 | (| CONT | SECT | JOB | | 1 | HIGH | WAY |
| 4-03 | 7-13 | 6- | 465 | 23 | 001 | | US | 82 | , ETC. |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | ſ | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SH | EET NO. |
| 5-10 | 5-21 | ٧ | /FS | | COOKE | | | - 8 | 3 |

2:32:27 \Mainter



- (See note 2 below)
- 1. The lypical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroods. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCO Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Bosed on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other oppropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-10T) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK * *G20-9TP * *R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * *R20-50TP ROAD WORK ← NEXT X MILES * *G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTL \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow G20-16TR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-26T * * 80. BEGIN G20-5T WORK * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * * R20-5oTP ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the rood at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

Posted Sign Speed Spacing Feet MPH Apprx.) 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ²

SPACING

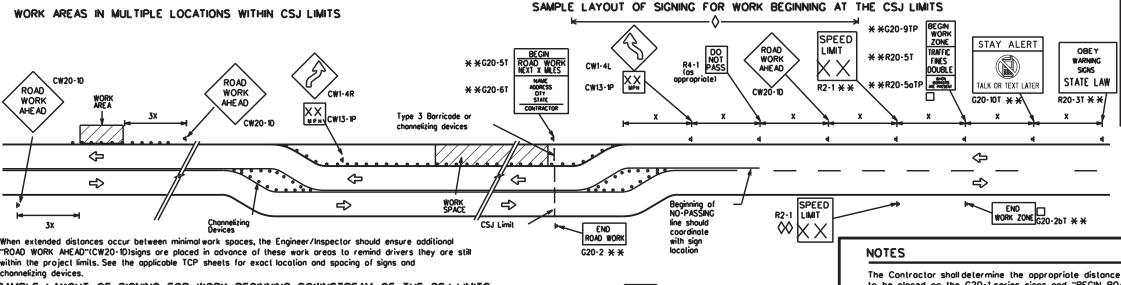
1000 2

Sign onventional xpressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 48" x 48" 48" x 48" CW22 **CW23** CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 36" x 36" 48" x 48" CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" × 48" 48† × 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12 80

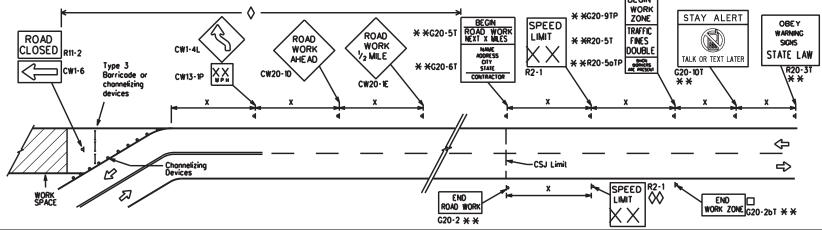
- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a port of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- * * CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

| | LEGEND |
|-----|---|
| I | Type 3 Barricade |
| 000 | Channelizing Devices |
| - | Sign |
| x | See Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements. |

SHEET 2 OF 12



División

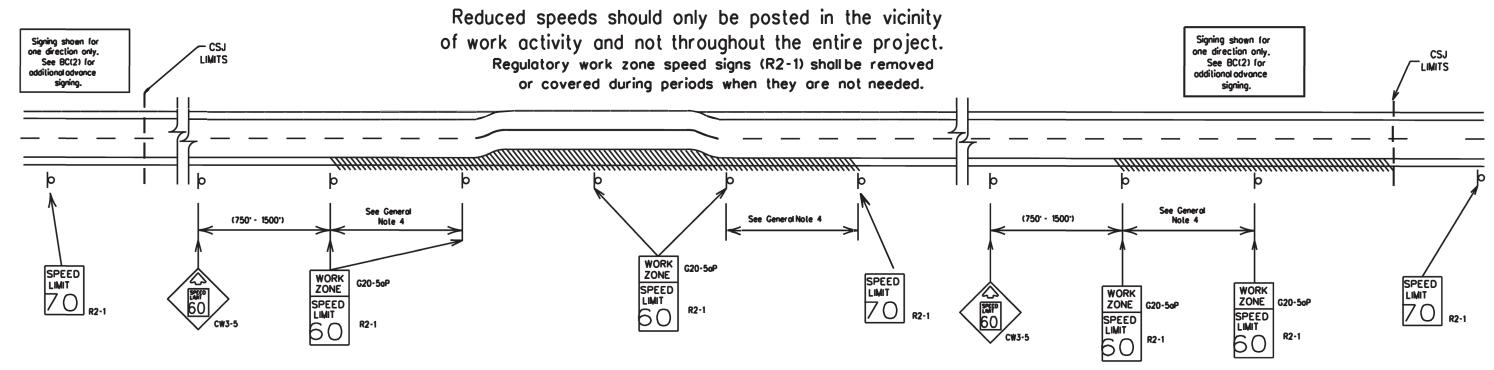
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

| ILE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: Tx | :DOT | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT | |
|----------|---------------|--------|------|-----------|-----|---------|-----------|--|
| C) TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HIGHWAY | | |
| | REVISIONS | 6465 | 23 | 23 001 | | | 82, ETC. | |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. | |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 9 | |
| 0.0 | | | | | | | | |

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in occordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grode
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

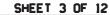
SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Low enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) rodar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form *1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





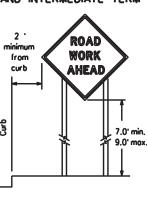
Traffic Safety Division Standard

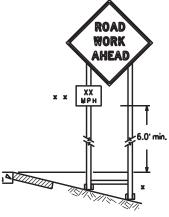
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

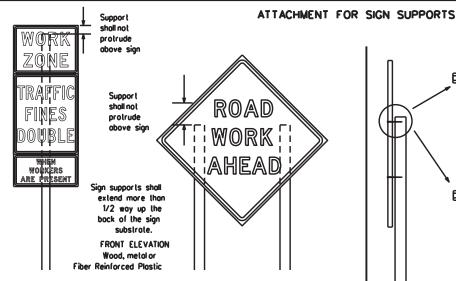
| : | bc-21.dgn | DN: TxDOT | | ск: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ск: ТхDОТ | |
|--------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------|---------|-----------|--|
| TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT JOB | | | HIGHWAY | | |
| REVISIONS | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US 8 | 2, ETC. | | |
| 9-07 7-13 | 8-14 5-21 | DIST | DIST COUNTY | | | | SHEET NO. | |
| را-، | J-Z1 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 10 | |

exos Engineering P TxDOT ossumes : sults or domoges :





- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Solice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

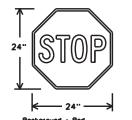
> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

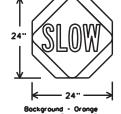
STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".
- 2. STOP/SLOW poddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW poddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.

WHITE

BLACK





TYPE B OR C SHEETING

ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

USAGE

LEGEND & BORDER

LEGEND & BORDER

BACKGROUND

BACKGROUND

Background - Orange Legend & Border - Black SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT) COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL TYPE B OR C SHEETING RED TYPE B. OR C. SHEETING ORANGE

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on croshworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- I permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic controldevice that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricodes shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Controctor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for lemporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or domaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u> DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manualan Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SICN MOUNTING HEIGHT.

 1. The bollom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the poved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the povement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
 3. Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide. fostened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the spice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. 5. Burlao shall NOT be used to cover sians.
- 6. Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impoct. Rubber (such as lire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber bollosts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and monufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbaas shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

 Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sion supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

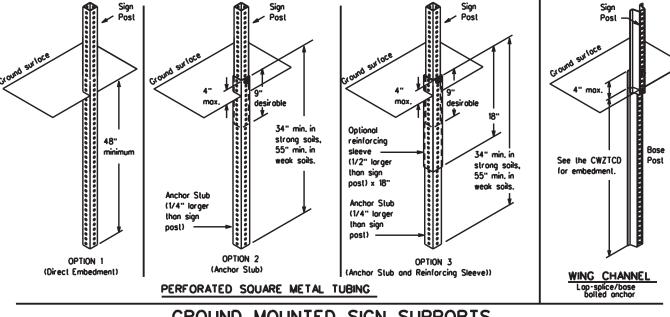


Traffic Safety División

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

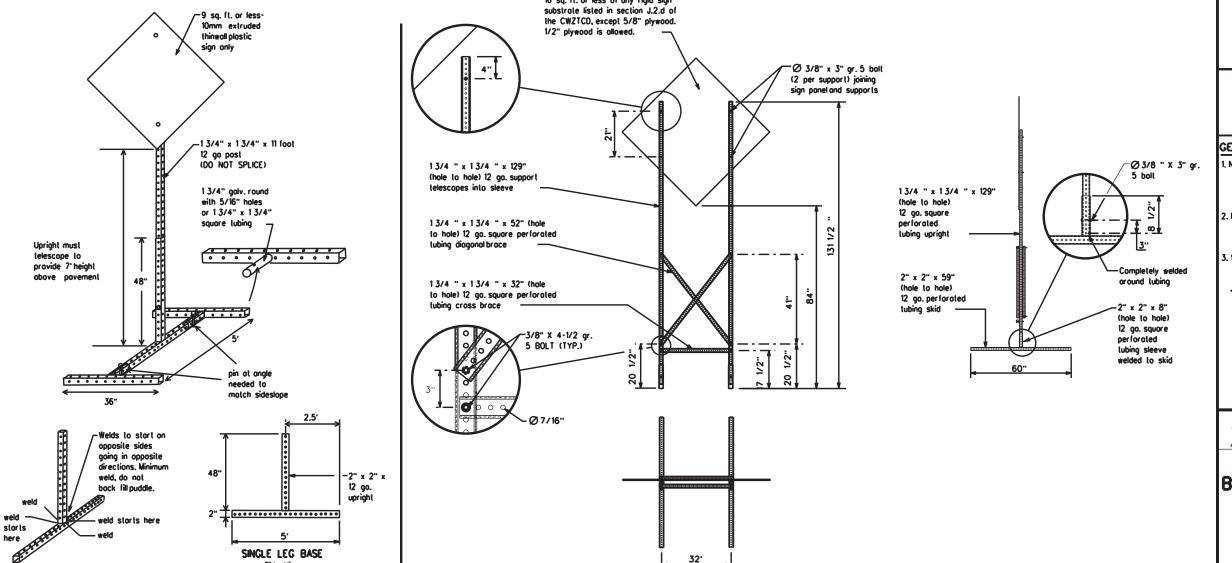
BC(4)-21

| .E: | bc-21.dgn | DN: Tx | :DOT | ck: TxDOT | UW: | TxD0 | CK: TxDOT |
|-------|---------------|--------|------|-----------|-----|-------------|-----------|
| TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | | HIGHWAY |
| | | 6465 | 23 | 23 001 | | US 82, ETC. | |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 11 |
| 0.0 | | | | | | | |



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square foologe shall adhere to the manufacturer's recomm Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary on the SMD Standard Sneets may be used as tempor sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(11)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- . When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Durotion."
 - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

| ILE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: Tx | DOT | ск: ТхDОТ | DW: | TxD0 | T CK: TxDOT |
|----------|---------------|--------|-----------|-----------|-----|------|-------------|
| C) TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | | HIGHWAY |
| | | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US | 82, ETC. |
| | B-14 | DIST | ST COUNTY | | | | SHEET NO. |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | WFS | COOKE | | | | 12 |

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnigh Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message: i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Donger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phroses that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phroses not on this list should not be abbrevialed, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.

 16. Each line of lext should be centered on the message board rather than
- left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bors is appropriate.

| | | 1 | |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION | WORD OR PHRASE | ABBREVIATION |
| Access Rood | CCS RD | Najor MAJ | |
| Alternate | ALT | Miles | MI |
| Avenue | AVE | Miles Per Hour | MPH |
| Best Route | BEST RTE | Minor | MNR |
| Boulevard | BLVD | Monday | MON |
| Bridge | BRDG | Normal | NORM |
| Cannot | CANT | North | N |
| Center | CTR | Northbound | (route) N |
| Construction | CONST AHD | Parking | PKING |
| Ahead | CONST AND | Road | RD |
| CROSSING | XING | Right Lane | RT LN |
| Detour Route | DETOUR RTE | Saturday | SAT |
| Do Not | DONT | Service Road | SERV RD |
| East | E | Shoulder | SHLDR |
| Eastbound | (route) E | Slippery | SLIP |
| Emergency | EMER | South | S |
| Emergency Vehicle | EMER VEH | Southbound | (route) S |
| Entrance, Enter | ENT | Speed | SPD |
| Express Lone | EXP LN | Street | ST |
| Expressway | EXPWY | Sunday | SUN |
| XXXX Feet | XXXX FT | Telephone | PHONE |
| Fog Ahead | FOG AHD | Temporary | TEMP |
| Freeway | FRWY, FWY | Thursday | THURS |
| Freeway Blocked | FWY BLKD | To Downtown | TO DWNTN |
| Friday | FRI | Traffic | TRAF |
| Hazardous Driving | | Trovelers | TRVLRS |
| Hazardous Material | HAZMAT | Tuesday | TUES |
| High-Occupancy | HOV | Time Minutes | TIME MIN |
| Vehicle | HWY | Upper Level | UPR LEVEL |
| Highway | ··• | Vehicles (s) | VEH, VEHS |
| Hour (s) | HR, HRS | Warning | WARN |
| Information | INFO | Wednesday | WED |
| it is | ITS | Weight Limit | WT LIMIT |
| Junction | JCT | West | W |
| Left | LFT | Westbound | (route) W |
| Left Lane | LFT LN | Wet Pavement | WET PVMT |
| Lone Closed | LN CLOSED | Will Not | WONT |
| Lower Level | LWR LEVEL |] | IMONI |
| Maintenance | MAINT | 1 | |

Roadway designation . IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

3/4/2024 2:32:28 T:\WFSMAINT\Mainter

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

| Closure List | Other Condit | ion List |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED | ROADWORK XXX FT | ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT |
| SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT | FLAGGER XXXX FT | LANE NARROWS XXXX FT |
| RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT | RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT | TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE |
| RIGHT X LANES OPEN | MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT | CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT |
| DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES | LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT | UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT |
| I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED | DETOUR X MILE | ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT |
| EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE | ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX | ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN |
| RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED | BUMP XXXX FT | US XXX EXIT X MILES |
| X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI | TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT | LANES SHIFT |
| | FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT X LANES OPEN DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED X MILE RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED X LANES CLOSED | FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT RIGHT X LANES OPEN DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED X MILE ROADWORK XXX FT RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT DETOUR X MILE ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED X LANES CLOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL |

BLVD * LANES SHIFT in Phose 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phose 2. CLOSED

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List". 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phose selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases. and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced w days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

| action to Take/Effect on Travel List | Location List | Warning List | * * AdvanceNotice List |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| MERGE FORM X LINES RIGHT | AT FM XXXX | SPEED LIMIT XX MPH | TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM |
| DETOUR NEXT X EXITS USE XXXXXX RD EXIT | BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING | MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH | APR XX- XX X PM-X AM |
| USE EXIT I-XX NORTH | NEXT X MILES | MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH | BEGINS MONDAY |
| STAY ON US XXX SOUTH USE I-XX E TO I-XX N | PAST US XXX EXIT | ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH | BEGINS MAY XX |
| TRUCKS USE US XXX N WATCH FOR TRUCKS | XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX | RIGHT LANE EXIT | MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM |
| WATCH EXPECT DELAYS TRUCKS | US XXX TO FM XXXX | USE CAUTION | NEXT FRI-SUN |
| EXPECT PREPARE TO STOP | | DRIVE SAFELY | XX AM TO XX PM |
| REDUCE END SHOULDER USE | | DRIVE WITH CARE | NEXT TUE AUG XX |
| USE WATCH FOR ROUTES WORKERS | | | TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM |
| STAY IN LANE * | ×× Sc | ee Application Guidelines No | te 6. |

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roodway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" obove.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- for, or replace that sign.

4. A full motrix PCMS may be used to simulate a floshing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flosh rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12

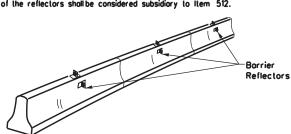


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

| FILE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: TxDOT | | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT |
|--------|---------------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----------|
| ©TxD0T | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | н | IGHWAY |
| | REVISIONS | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US | B2, ETC. |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. | |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 13 |
| 100 | | | | | | | |

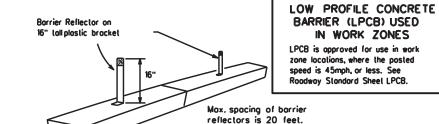
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

 An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the borrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier
- reflectors will be required on top of the CTB. 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope borriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

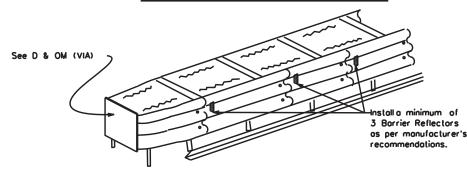
Attach the delineators as per

manufacturer's recommendations

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

Roodway Standard Sheet LPCB.

IN WORK ZONES



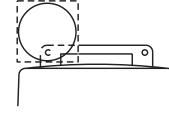
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travelway.



Warning reflector may be round or square.Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "S8".

 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for defineation and shall not be used in a series.

 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for defineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging toper in order to identify the desired vehicle polh. The role of floshing for each light shall be 65 floshes per minute, plus or minus 10 floshes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours on lone changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Á, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

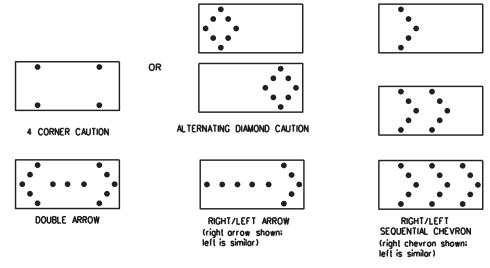
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be copoble of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum Iomp "on time" shallbe approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
 The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard: however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
 Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panet.

| to bottom t | puliei. | | |
|-------------|---------------|---|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| DEALIBE | A 40 A - 10 A | 1 | |

| | REQUIREMENTS | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE | MINIMUM SIZE | MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS | MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE | | | | | | | | | |
| В | 30 × 60 | 13 | 3/4 mile | | | | | | | | | |
| С | 48 × 96 | 15 | 1 mile | | | | | | | | | |

ATTENTION Floshing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with outomatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT (acilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for
- Assessing Sofety Hordware (MASH).

 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

| ILE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: TxDOT | | ск: ТхDОТ | DW: | TxDOT | ск: ТхDОТ |
|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| C) TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT SECT JOB | | HIC | HIGHWAY | | |
| | REVISIONS 8-14 5-21 | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US 8 | 2, ETC. |
| 9-07 7-13 | | DIST | DIST COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. | |
| | | WFS | | COOKE | | | 14 |



- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as
- the primary channelizing device.

 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in langent sections by vertical penets, or 42" two piece cones. In langent sections, one piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Orums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

cones in proper position and location.

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plostic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "bose" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or oir turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plostic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plostic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

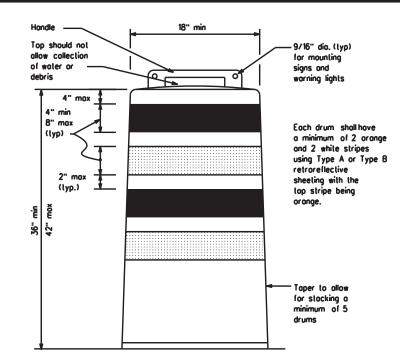
 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.0rum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

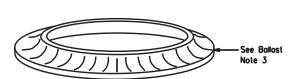
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

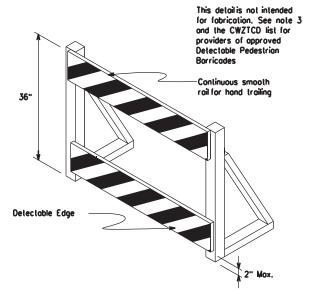
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall othere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povernent surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollost shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
 Built-in bollost can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballost on drums approved for this type of ballost on the CWZTCD list.
- The bollost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.







DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrion Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rais as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"

Vertical Panel

mount with diagonals
sloping down lowards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with arange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (lext or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

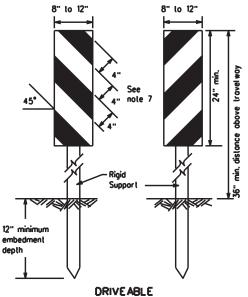
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

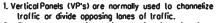
BC(8)-21

| | • • • | _ | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| : bc-21.dgn | DN: Tx | :DOT | ск: ТхDОТ | DW: | TxDOT | ск: TxDOT |
| TxDOT November 2002 | CONT | CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY | | GHWAY | | |
| REVISIONS -03 8-14 | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US 8 | B2, ETC. |
| ·03 8-14 ·07 5-21 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. | |
| -13 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 15 |

/2024 2:32:29 WFSMAINT\Mainte

8" to 12" 8" to 12" VP-1R VP-1L Fixed Bose w/ Approved /Surface ⇉ FIXED (Rigid or self-righting)



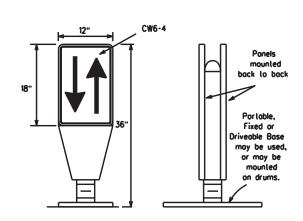


- 2. VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daylime and nightlime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lone roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective moterial on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

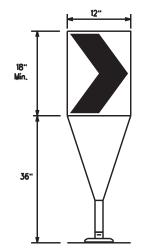
36"



PORTABLE

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spocing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs ploced between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C confirming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



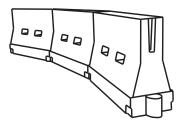
Fixed Bose w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Bose, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spocing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good larget value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travellanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for borricode rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize rood users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) croshworthiness requirements based on roodway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water bollosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daylime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- 3. Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a laper in a low speed urban area, the laper shall be delineated and the laper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top I the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

| Posted Speed | Formula | 0 | Minimum esiroble er Lengl × × | | Suggested Spocing Channeli Devi | g of zing |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|--|---------------|--|------------------|
| | | 10° Offset | 11 [.] Offset | 12' Offset | On a Toper | On a Tangent |
| 30 | 2 | 150' | 165' | 180' | 30' | 60. |
| 35 | L- <u>ws²</u> | 205' | 225' | 245 | 35' | 70' |
| 40 | 80 | 265 | 295' | 320 | 40' | 80' |
| 45 | | 450' | 495' | 540' | 45' | 90. |
| 50 |] | 200. | 550 | 600. | 50' | 100' |
| 55 | L-WS | 550' | 605' | 660 | 55' | 110 ⁻ |
| 60 | - " 3 | 600, | 660 | 720 | 60. | 120' |
| 65 |] | 650 | 715' | 780' | 65' | 130' |
| 70 |] | 700' | 770' | 840' | 70' | 140' |
| 75 |] | 750' | 825' | 900. | 75' | 150' |
| 80 | | 800' | 880. | 960' | 80. | 160' |

* * Toper lengths have been rounded off L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

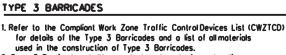


Traffic Safety Division Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

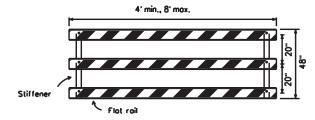
| | | • • • | _ | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|--------|------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|--|
| ILE: | bc-21.dgn | DN: Tx | DOT | ск: ТхDОТ | DW: | TxDOT | ск: TxDOT | |
| C) TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HIC | SHWAY | |
| | | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US 8 | 2, ETC. | |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. | |
| 7-13 | 5-21 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 16 | |



- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roodway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roodway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricodes shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

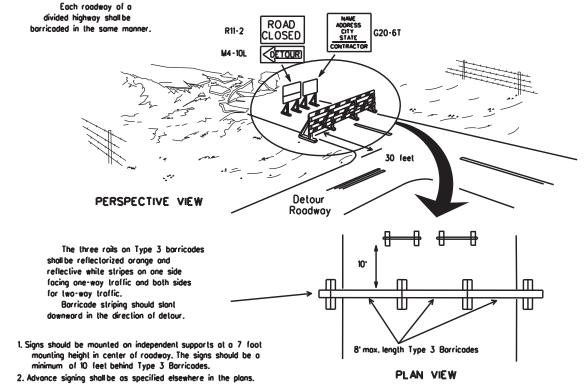


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

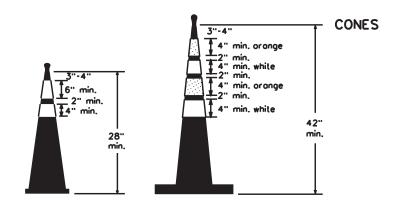
TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional copobility is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencina may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway **LEGEND** Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector drums work Steady burn warning light or yellow worning reflector um of t Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



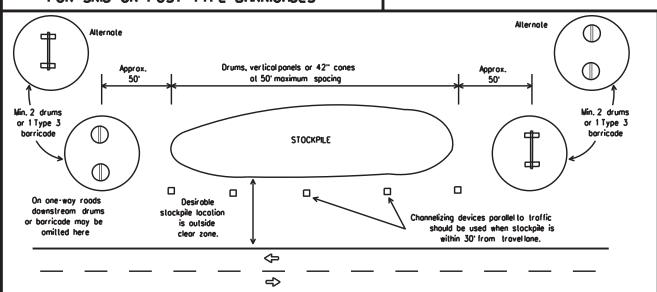
\$\frac{1}{5}\cdot\frac{1}{6}\cdot\text{min.}} \\ \frac{1}{4}\cdot\text{min.}} \\ \frac{1}{4}\cdot\text{min.}} \\ \frac{2}{1}\cdot\text{min.}} \\ \frac{1}{1}\cdot\text{min.}} \\ \frac{1}\cdot\text{min.}} \\ \frac{1}{1}\cdot\text{min.}} \\ \frac{1}{1}\cdot

2" mox. 3" min. 2" to 6" 3" min. 28" min.

Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballost, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and lubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

| | | | | | | | | ı |
|-------|---------------|--------|------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|---|
| 7-13 | 5-21 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 17 | |
| 9-07 | 8-14 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. | |
| | | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US 8 | 32, ETC. | |
| TxDOT | November 2002 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | н | GHWAY | |
| .E: | bc-21.dgn | DN: Tx | :DOT | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ск: TxDOT | |
| | | | | | | | | |

104

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Controctor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where possing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the potterns on BC(12).
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

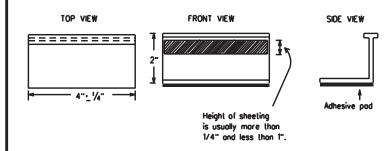
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification them 652

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Povement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion
 or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway
 shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roodway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised povement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Block-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - 8. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Roised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemorks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pod for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

| DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS | |
|---|----------|
| PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) | DMS-4200 |
| TRAFFIC BUTTONS | DMS-4300 |
| EPOXY AND ADHESIVES | DMS-6100 |
| BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS | DMS-6130 |
| PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8240 |
| TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS | DMS-8241 |
| TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS | DMS-8242 |

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

| 50 | | _ | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|
| FILE: bc-21.dgn | DN: Tx | :DOT | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ск: ТхDОТ |
| © TxDOT February 1998 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | н | CHWAY |
| REVISIONS 2-98 9-07 5-21 | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US 8 | 32, ETC. |
| 2·98 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. |
| 11-02 8-14 | WFS | | COOKE | | | 18 |

111-

.Type W or Y buttons

Type W buttons

30"•/-3"

Traffic Safety Division Standard

-| |-

|- 2, -|- 2, -|

White or Yellow

0

BC(12)-21

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO

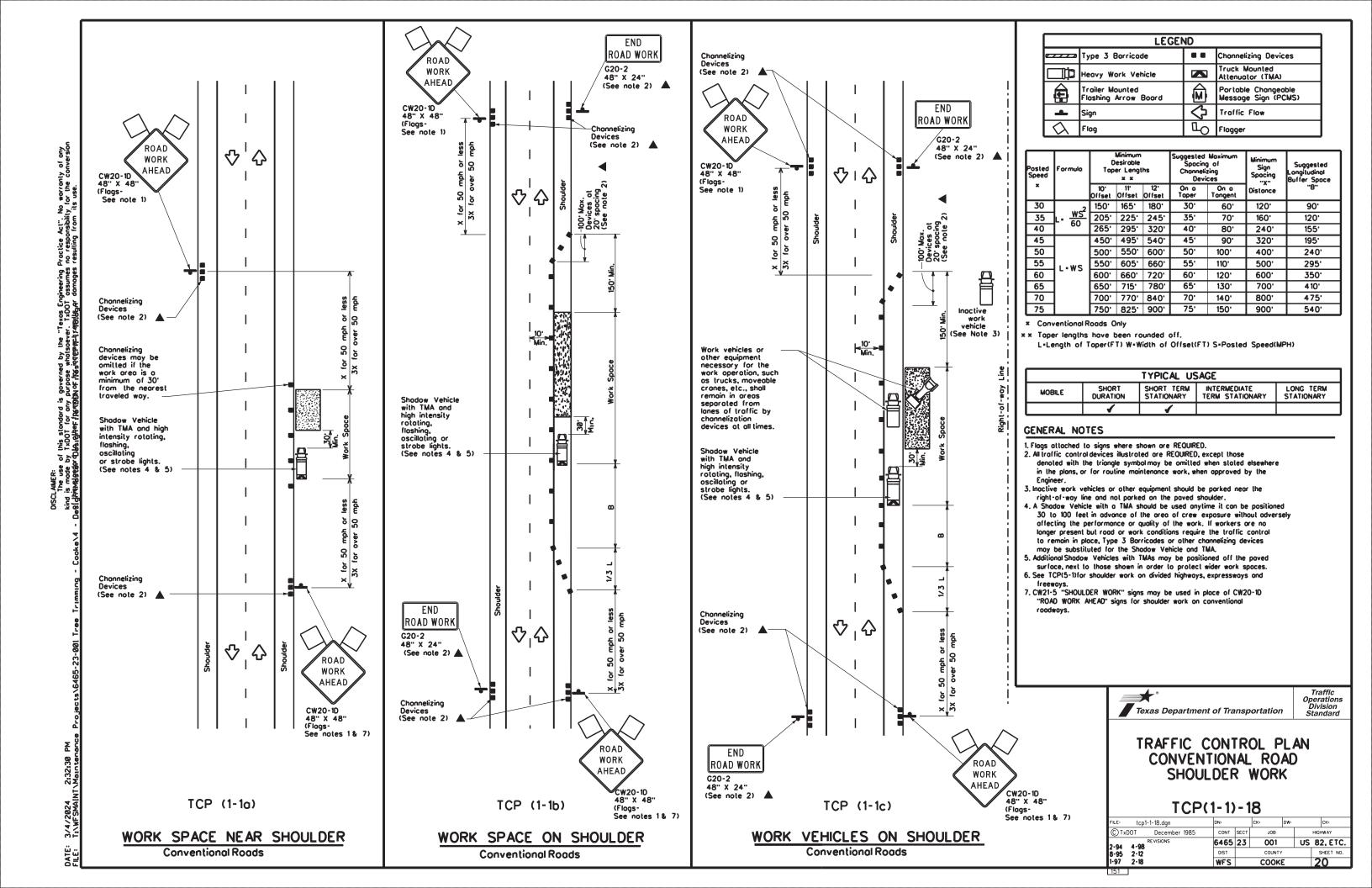
6465 23 001 US 82, ETC.

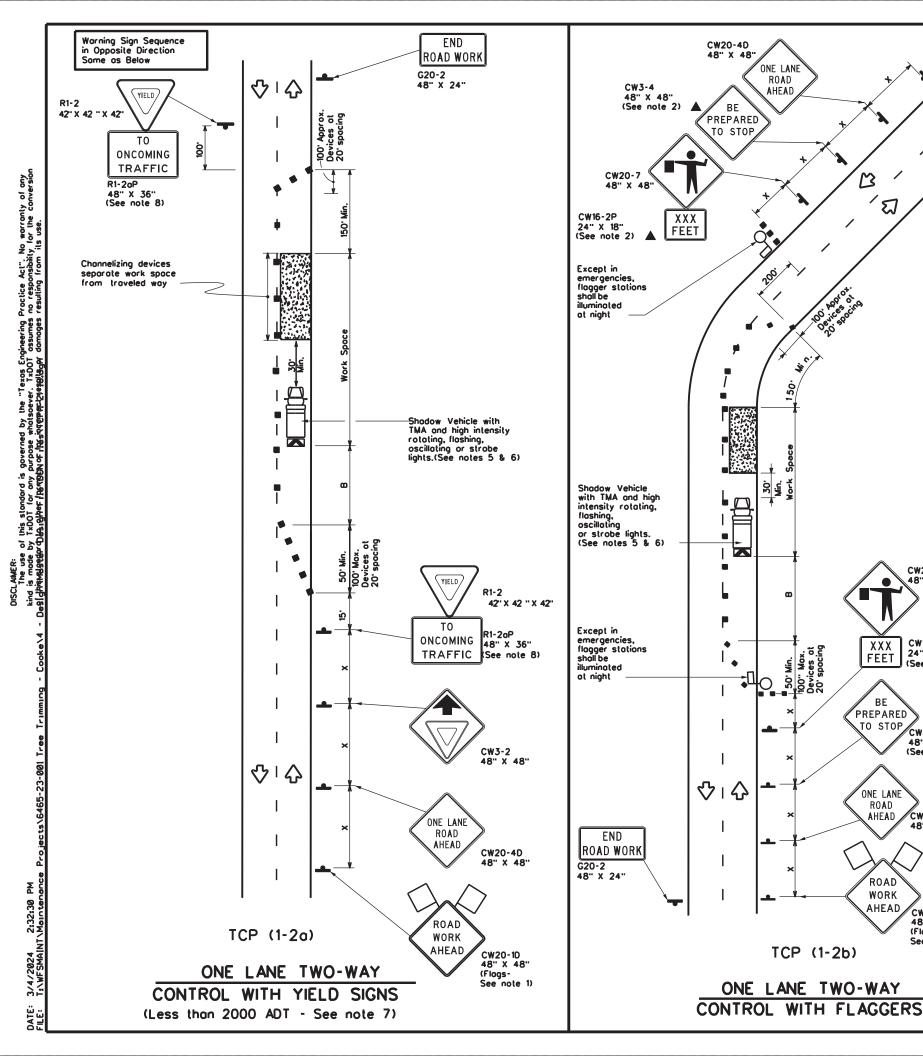
JOB

COOKE

White

lexas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any . TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion souls or damages resuling from its use.





| | LEGEND | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| • | Type 3 Borricode | • • | Channelizing Devices | | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | | | | | |
| £ | Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board | (M | Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) | | | | | |
| - | Sign | Ŷ | Traffic Flow | | | | | |
| \Diamond | Flag | ПO | Flagger | | | | | |

| Speed | Formula | Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths * * | | Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices | | Minimum Sign Spocing "x" | Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B" | Stopping Sight Distance | |
|-------|-----------|--|---------------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------|
| * | | 10° Offset | 11 ⁻ Offset | 12° Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | Distance | "8" | |
| 30 | 2 | 150 [.] | 165' | 180 | 30. | 60. | 120' | 90. | 200' |
| 35 | L. ws² | 205 | 225 | 245 | 35' | 70' | 160' | 120' | 250' |
| 40 |] ** | 265 | 295' | 320 | 40' | 80. | 240' | 155 ⁻ | 305' |
| 45 | | 450' | 495 | 540' | 45' | 90, | 320' | 195' | 360 |
| 50 |] | 500' | 550 | 600. | 50' | 100 | 400 | 240 ⁻ | 425' |
| 55 | L-ws | 550 | 605 | 660 | 55' | 110' | 500 [.] | 295 ⁻ | 495 |
| 60 |] - " " 3 | 600. | 660' | 720 | 60. | 120' | 600. | 350 | 570 [.] |
| 65 | 1 | 650 ⁻ | 715' | 780 | 65' | 130 | 700 | 410' | 645' |
| 70 |] | 700 | 770 | 840' | 70' | 140' | 800. | 475' | 730 ⁻ |
| 75 | 1 | 750' | 825 | 900. | 75' | 150' | 900 . | 540' | 820 ⁻ |

- × Conventional Roads Only
- ** Toper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT DURATION | SHORT TERM STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM STATIONARY | | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

W

CW20-7

24" X 18"

(See note 2)

(See note 2)

CW20-4D 48" X 48"

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flogs-

See note 1

XXX FEET

BE

PREPARED TO STOP CW3-4

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

ROAD WORK

AHEAD

48" X 48"

(Flags-See note 1)

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spocing shall be maintained.
- J. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2₀)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- B. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- D. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. II. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances
- should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagge and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- . Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 5. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW poddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

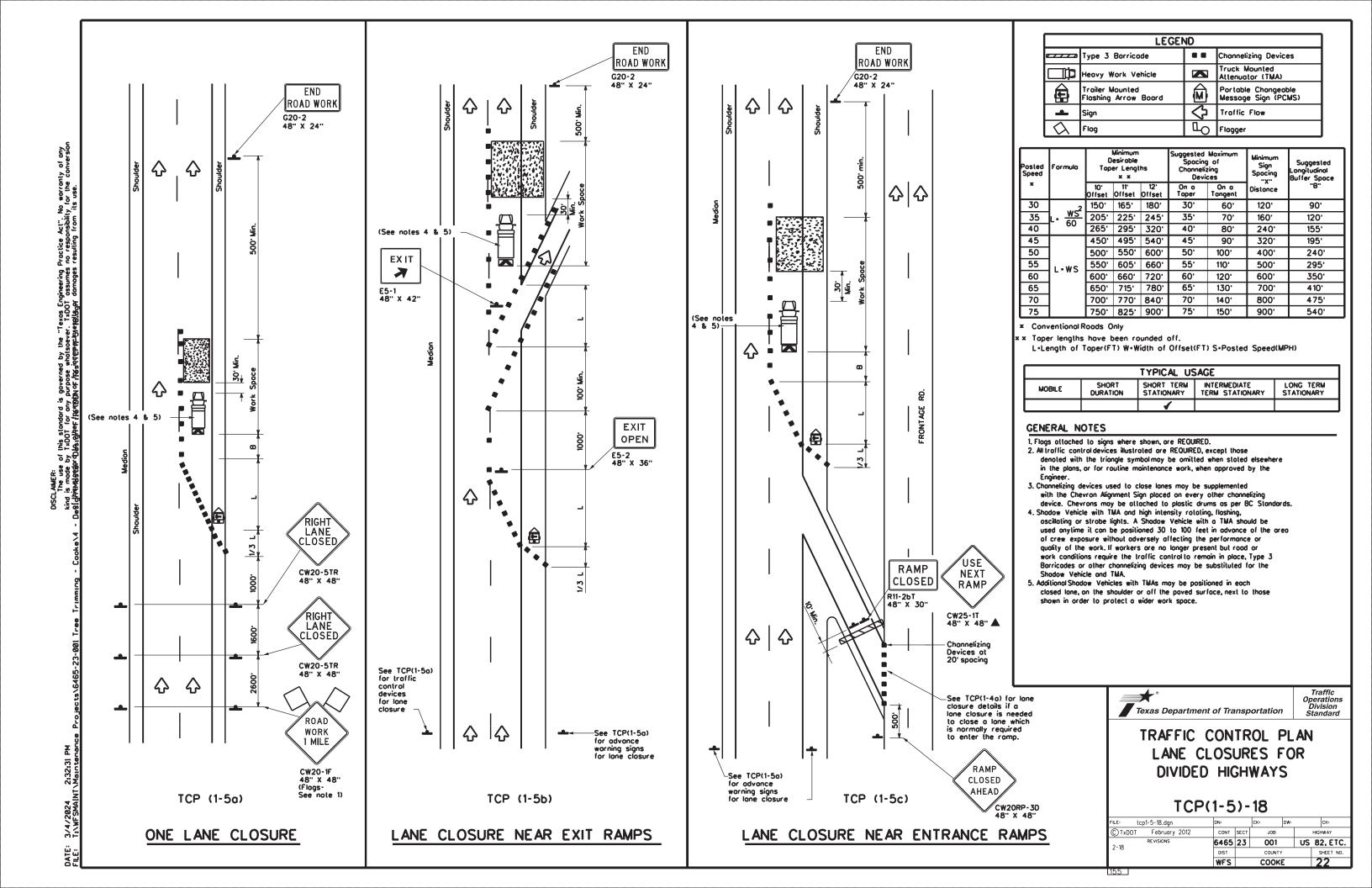


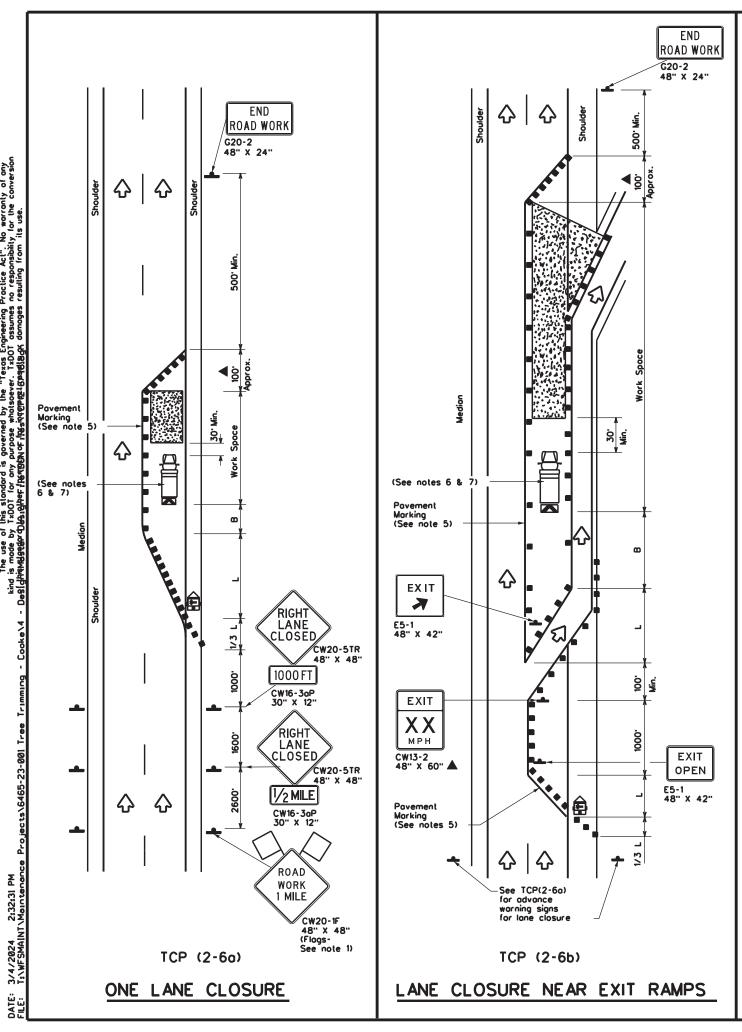
Traffic Operations Division Standard

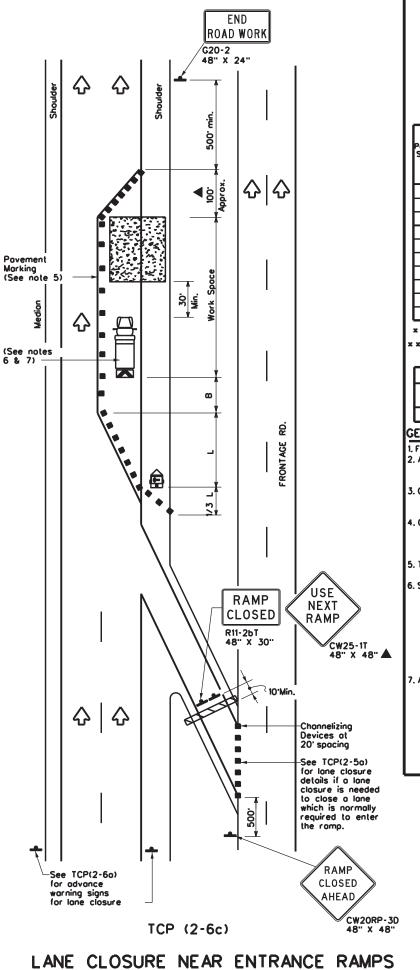
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

| FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn | DN: | | CK: | DW: | CK: |
|------------------------|------|------|--------|-----|-----------|
| © TxDOT December 1985 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HIGHWAY |
| REVISIONS 4-90 4-98 | 6465 | 23 | 001 | US | 82, ETC. |
| 2-94 2-12 | DIST | | COUNTY | | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 2-18 | WFS | | COOK | Ε | 21 |







| | LEGEND | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| • | Type 3 Barricade | •• | Channelizing Devices | | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | | | | | |
| E | Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board | M | Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) | | | | | |
| - | Sign | ♦ | Traffic Flow | | | | | |
| | Flog | Ф | Flogger | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Posted Speed | Formula | x x | | | Suggested Spacine Channeli Devi | g of zing | Minimum Sign Spacing | Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|--|-----------------|----------------------------|---|
| _ * | | 10° Offset | 11" Offset | 12° Offset | On a Taper | On a Tangent | Distance | 8 |
| 30 | 2 | 150 | 165' | 180 | 30. | 60' | 120 ⁻ | 90. |
| 35 | L. <u>ws²</u> | 205' | 225' | 245' | 35' | 70' | 160' | 120' |
| 40 | 80 | 265' | 295' | 320' | 40' | 80. | 240' | 155' |
| 45 | | 450' | 495 | 540' | 45' | 90. | 320' | 195' |
| 50 |] | 500' | 550 | 600. | 50' | 100 | 400' | 240' |
| 55 | L-WS | 550' | 605 | 660. | 55' | 110' | 500 [.] | 295' |
| 60 | - " - | 600· | 660 | 720 | 60' | 120' | 600. | 350' |
| 65 |] | 650' | 715 | 780' | 65' | 130' | 700' | 410' |
| 70 |] | 700' | 770' | 840 | 70' | 140' | 800. | 475° |
| 75 | | 750 | 825 ⁻ | 900. | 75' | 150' | 900. | 540' |

- **x** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT DURATION | SHORT TERM STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM STATIONARY | | | |
| | | | √ | √ | | | |

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, floshing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shodow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

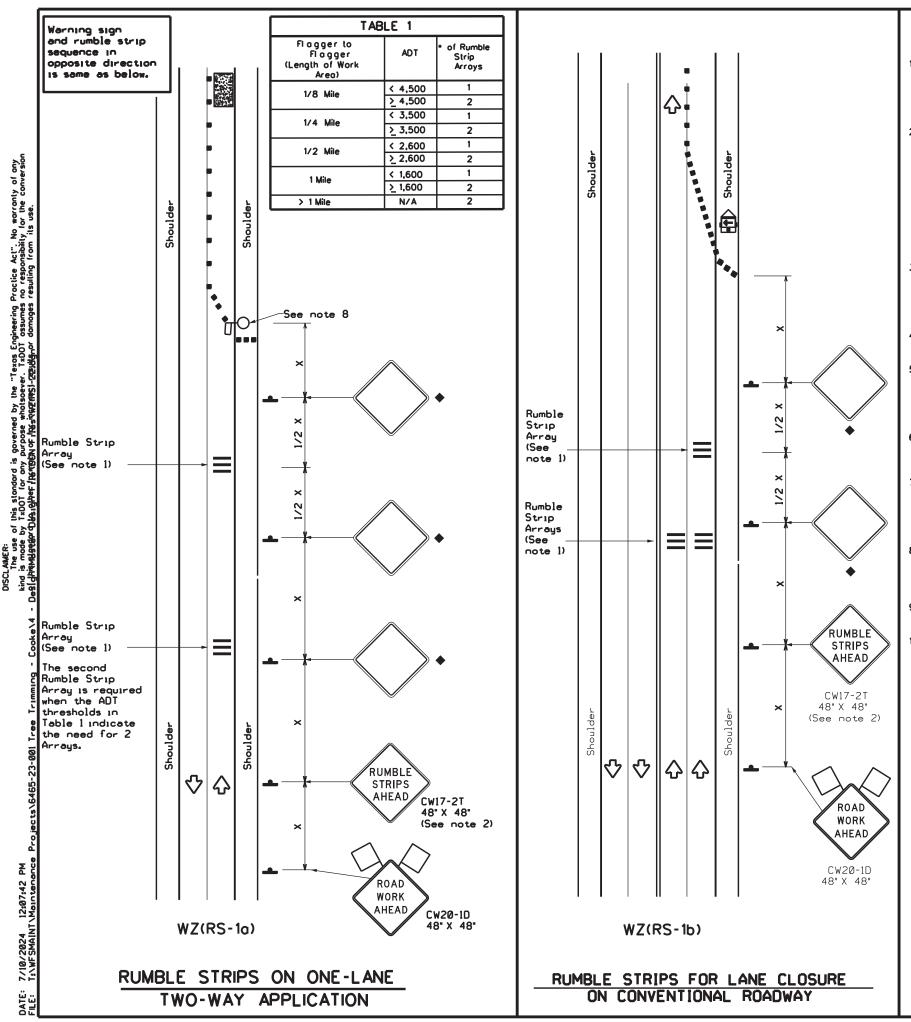
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

| FILE: | tcp2-6-18.dgn | | DN: | | CK: | DW: | | ck: |
|-----------|----------------|-----|------|------|--------|-----|------|-----------|
| rice. | tcpz-o-ib.ugii | | DIA. | | CK. | UW. | | CK. |
| © TxD0T | December 19 | 985 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | HIGH | YAWH |
| 2-94 4-9 | REVISIONS | | 6465 | 23 | 001 | U | JS 8 | 2, ETC. |
| 8-95 2-12 | | | DIST | | COUNTY | | 9 | SHEET NO. |
| 1-97 2-18 | } | | WFS | | COOK | Ε | | 23 |
| 100 | | | | | | | | |



GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted povements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lone two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10.Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

| LEGEND | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Type 3 Barricade | •• | Channelizing Devices | | | | |
| | Heavy Work Vehicle | | Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) | | | | |
| Ê | Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel | | Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) | | | | |
| 1 | Sign | ₽ | Traffic Flow | | | | |
| \Diamond | Flag | Ф | Fl a gger | | | | |

| Posted Formula Speed | | Desirable Taper Lengths * * | | Suggested Spacing Channeli Devi | g of zing | Minimum Sign Spocing "X" | Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space | |
|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| | | 10° Offset | 11 [.] Offset | 12" Offset | On a Toper | On a Tangent | Distance | "B" |
| 30 | 2 | 150° | 165' | 180' | 30. | 60, | 120' | 90. |
| 35 | L. <u>ws²</u> | 205 | 225' | 245' | 35' | 70' | 160' | 120' |
| 40 | 80 | 265' | 295 | 320 | 40' | 80. | 240' | 155' |
| 45 | | 450 | 495' | 540' | 45' | 90. | 320' | 195' |
| 50 | | 500 | 550 | 600. | 50' | 100 | 400 | 240 ⁻ |
| 55 | L·WS | 550 | 605 | 660 | 55' | 110' | 500' | 295' |
| 60 | | 600 . | 660 | 720 | 60' | 120 ⁻ | 600 [.] | 350' |
| 65 | | 650 | 715' | 780' | 65' | 130' | 700' | 410' |
| 70 | | 700 | 770 [.] | 840' | 70' | 140' | 800. | 475' |
| 75 | | 750 [.] | 825 ⁻ | 900. | 75 [.] | 150' | 900. | 540 [.] |

- × Conventional Roads Only
- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

| TYPICAL USAGE | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| MOBILE | SHORT DURATION | SHORT TERM STATIONARY | INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY | LONG TERM STATIONARY | | | |
| | 1 | √ | | | | | |

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP.TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

| TABLE 2 | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Speed | Approximate distance between strips in an array | | | | | | |
| < 40 MPH | 10 [,] | | | | | | |
| > 40 MPH & <_55 MPH | 15' | | | | | | |
| = 60 MPH | 20 [,] | | | | | | |
| ≥ 65 MPH | * 35'+ | | | | | | |



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ(RS)-22

| LE: wzrs22.dgn | DN: Tx[| TOC | ck: TxDOT | DW: | TxDOT | ck: TxDOT |
|---------------------|---------|------|-----------|-----|-------|-----------|
| TxDOT November 2012 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | | HIGHWAY |
| | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US | 82, ETC. |
| 2-14 1-22 4-16 | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. |
| 4-10 | WFS | | COOK | _ | | 24 |

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162. 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. Required Action No Action Required 1. 2. V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. ☐ No Action Required Required Action Action No. Bird BMPs: Migratory birds may arrive in the project area to breed during construction of the proposed project. Per the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), measures would be taken to avoid disturbing or killing of migratory birds. Prior to construction, perform daytime surveys for nests including under bridges and in culverts to determine if they are active before removal. Nests that are active should not be disturbed. Do not disturb, destroy, or remove active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season, March through August. Avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable. Prevent the establishment of active nests prior to nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair. Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, eggs, young, or active nests without a permit. Bat BMP: In all instances, avoid harm or death to bats. If bats are encountered during construction stop work in the area and contact district environmental coordinator (Nellie Bennett) at 940 720 7733. Bats should only be handled as a last resort and after communication with TPWD. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS BMP: Best Monogement Proctice Spill Prevention Control and Counterneasure Construction General Permit Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location MOA: Memor andum of Agreement TOFO: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

Threatened and Endangered Species

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Memor andum of Under standing

MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act

Nationwide Permit

NWP: Notionwide Permit NO: Notice of Intent

Notice of Termination

Municipal Separate Starmater Sever System TPVD:

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.

Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS. in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, conister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the osbestos inspection positive (is osbestos present)?

□ No ☐ Yes

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

□ No Action Required

Required Action

1. If sheen or other contamination is visible in the waters of the U.S., or on the project site, the site shall be immediately cleaned up in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

- 1. Keep noise to a minimum. Reduce idling of vehicles and equipment.
- 2. Maintain project site. Minimize dust and airborne particles to the maximum extent practical.
- 3. Collect sanitary waste in accordance with local regulations by a sanitary waste collector. Portable units shall not be placed in or near a waterway or drainage area
- 4. Collect all waste materials, trash, and debris from the construction site daily and deposit into a metal dumpster having a secure cover.
- 5. TxDOT EMS Policy Statement (English & Spanish) should be displayed at the construction site.



ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

FPIC

| E: epic.dgn | DN: TxDOT | | ск: RG | G Dw: VP | | ck: AR |
|--|-----------|------|--------|----------|----|-----------|
| TxDOT: February 2015 | CONT | SECT | JOB | | н | HIGHWAY |
| RE VISIONS 12-2011 (DS) | 6465 | 23 | 001 | | US | 82, ETC. |
| 07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. | DIST | | COUNTY | | | SHEET NO. |
| 23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. | WFS | | COOKE | | | 25 |