# STATE OF TEXAS

DEDARTMENT	OF	TRANSPORTATION
DEPARIMENI	Ur	IKANSPUKIAIIUI

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GRAPHICS FILE		MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.				
Title-MNT	.dgn	RMC 6460-96-001				1
CHECKED	STATE		STATE COUNTY			
	TEXAS	TEXAS		Tay		
CHECKED	CONT.	CONT.		JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
	6460	)	96	001	IH20.e	tc.

## PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

See sheet No.2 for Index

### TYPE OF WORK:

CRACK SEALING

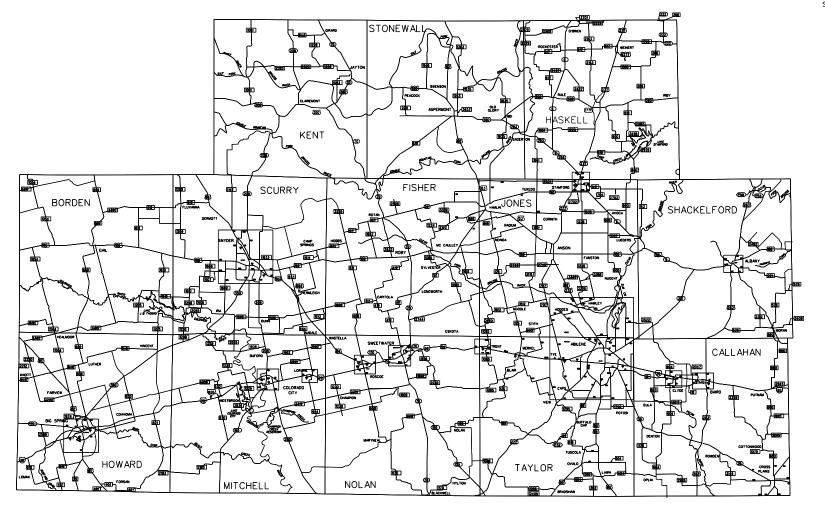
PROJECT NO.: RMC 6460-96-001

HIGHWAY: IH20,etc.

LIMITS OF WORK : Various Locations in the Abilene District

## Date Work was Completed: Date Work Accepted: Final Contract Cost: \$ Contractor: CERTIFICATION FOR FINAL PLANS: Project was built according to the plans and specifications. These final plans reflect the work done and the quantities shown thereon and on the final estimate are final quantities.

Area Engineer



EXCEPTIONS: N/A EQUATIONS: N/A RAILROAD: N/A

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### TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

Cal Hays, P.E.

FINAL PLANS:

Date Contractor Began Work:

6/26/2024

Cal W. Hays, P.E. District Maintenance Engineer Date

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

Soul M Morman P.

6/26/2024 Date

Director of Maintenance

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

6/26/2024

The FFFF & C3704:30 Allbritton, P.E. District Engineer

Date



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

## INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.		DESCRIPTION
1		TITLE SHEET
2		INDEX OF SHEETS
3-4		GENERAL NOTES
5-6		SUMMARY OF WORK LOCATIONS
7		ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET
		TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS
8-19	#	BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21
20-24	#	TCP(1-1)-18 THRU TCP(1-5)-18
25-29	#	TCP(6-1)-12 THRU TCP(6-5)-12

## • TXDOT STANDARD SHEETS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



6/25/2024

Date





FHWA DIVISION		PROJECT NO	•	SHEET NO.			
6	F	RMC 6460-96-	001	2			
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	ABL	Ta	ylor,etc.				
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY				
6460	96	001	IH20,et	c.			

**Control:** 6460-96-001 **County:** Taylor, etc. **Highway:** IH 20, etc.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

#### Item 3, "Instructions to Bidders"

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

#### Item 3, "Award and Execution of Contract"

Working days are based on a production rate of <u>25</u> lane miles completed per day.

#### Item 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities"

Provide access to all businesses and residences with minimum disruption and as directed. Materials, labor, and maintenance for these temporary accesses is considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

#### Item 8, "Prosecution and Progress"

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process and/or execute all contracts at the same time.

The intent of this project is for the work to be accomplished and/or completed from November 1, 2024 to February 28, 2025, with the latest start being **December 17, 2024**.

Liquidated Damages as stated in Special Provision 000-1243 will be assessed if work is not completed within the specified number of working days.

Working day will be charged in accordance with Item 8.3.1.1, "Five-Day Workweek".

#### Item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling"

Lane closures will be no longer than two (2) miles or no more than a 12 minute queue time for the traveling public.

All crack sealing operations will be performed within a lane closure utilizing the appropriate TCP included in the plans. Mobile operations will not be allowed.

General Notes Sheet A

Project Number: RMC 6460-96-001

**Control:** 6460-96-001 **County:** Taylor, etc. Highway: IH 20, etc.

Additional signs, barricades and traffic handling may be necessary to complete the work shown herein and will be provided by the contractor as required and will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Provide separate attenuators for each work area within a common lane closure as approved or directed by the Engineer.

In sections where traffic is restricted to one lane, two-way traffic, flaggers stationed at each end of that section will control operations with two-way communication devices.

Pilot car will be required for one-way traffic control, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer

The Contractor's person responsible for TCP compliance is available by local telephone and has a response time within 45 minutes.

Work will not be allowed on both sides of the road at the same time.

Equip all work vehicles within 30 feet of the traveled way with a functioning amber strobe light or rotating beacon visible from all directions.

Replace all damaged traffic control devices immediately. Remove any damaged traffic control devices from the project within 24 hours.

## Item 712, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints and Cracks (Asphalt Concrete)"

All cracks greater than or equal to 1/16" in width are required to be sealed.

All joints and cracks must be cleaned manually with an employee using an air compressor and wand walking in front of the crack seal crew.

Cover sealed areas on all public driveways and intersections with fine aggregate meeting the gradation requirement for Grade 5 aggregate in accordance with Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments" and allow traffic to cross as soon as work is complete.

Provide and use a hot applied sealant meeting the requirements for Class B sealers in Table 15, "Rubber-Asphalt Crack Sealer" in Item 300, "Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions".

Routing of joints and cracks is not required.

Crack seal any shoulder less than 6 feet wide that is adjacent to a lane being crack sealed, in addition to those shoulders listed in the plans.

General Notes Sheet B

Department of Transportation

Project Number: RMC 6460-96-001

Control: 6460-96-001 County: Taylor, etc. Highway: IH 20, etc.

If quantities remain after completion of these roadways, other highways at various locations may be included as contract quantities allow. Quantities or materials not used in a maintenance section can be carried over for use in another maintenance section.

Item 6185, "Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)"

tem 0185, Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Traner Attenuator									
BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR STATIONARY TMAs									
		TMA (Stat	ionary)						
Phase	Standard	Required	Additional	TOTAL					
Crack Seal	TCP (1-1)-18	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (1-2)-18	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (1-3a)-18	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (1-3b)-18	2	0	2					
Crack Seal	TCP (1-4)-18	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (1-5)-18	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-1a)-12	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-1b)-12	2	0	2					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-2)-12	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-3)-12	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-4a)-12	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-4b)-12	2	0	2					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-5a)-12	1	0	1					
Crack Seal	TCP (6-5b)-12	2	0	2					

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project. The Contractor must get approval from the Engineer for any changes in the number of TMA as shown in the plans.

General Notes Sheet C

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Texas Department of Transportation

GENERAL NOTES

AREA OFFICE	PROJECT LOCATION ID	COUNTY	HWY	FROM DESCRIPTION	FROM DESCRIPTION TO DESCRIPTION		NUMBER THRU LANES	Shoulders > 6'	Total Lane Miles
Abilene	CAL01	CALLAHAN	US283	BI 20	Shackelford Co. line	8.301	2	2	33.20
Abilene	CAL02	CALLAHAN	IH20 FR's	1.2 mi W of FM2047 (MM 305)	0.4 mi E of Gun Rd (MM 307)	2.025	4.000	0	8
Abilene	CAL03	CALLAHAN	FM604	0.45 mi N of FM3217 (MM302)	1.3 mi S of FM3217 (MM 304)	1.722	2.000	0	3
Abilene	JON01	JONES	US83	23rd St in Anson	0.1 mi S of CR382 in Anson	0.294	4.000	2	2
Abilene	JON02	JONES	US83	0.1 mi S of CR382 in Anson	0.1 mi S of CR366 N of Hawley	9.248	4.000	2	55
Abilene	JON03	JONES	FM600	US 180	FM 1082	18.784	2.000	2	75
Abilene	JON04	JONES	FM2746	FM 126	FM 707	11.440	2.000	0	23
Abilene	SHA01	SHACKELFORD	US283	Throckmorton CL	US0180	17.671	2.000	2	71
Abilene	SHA02	SHACKELFORD	SH6	Jones CL	US180	2.140	2.000	2	9
Abilene	SHA03	SHACKELFORD	SH6	US0180 (Courthouse in Albany)	S. Pecan Street	0.132	4.000	0	1
Abilene	SHA04	SHACKELFORD	SH351	0.4 mi S of US180	US180	9.135	2.000	0	18
Abilene	SHA05	SHACKELFORD	US180	Lacy Drive	Baird Street	0.218	3.000	2	1
Abilene	SHA06	SHACKELFORD	US180	0.1 mi E of US283	Hill Street	1.481	4.000	2	9
Abilene	SHA07	SHACKELFORD	US180	Baird Street	0.1 mi E of US283	0.211	4.000	0	1
Abilene	TAY01	TAYLOR	FM614	US83	CR144	6.045	2.000	0	12
Abilene	TAY02	TAYLOR	FM1086	US277	FM2405	9.120	2.000	0	18
Abilene	TAY03	TAYLOR	FM1086	US277	CR209	2.190	2.000	0	4
Abilene	TAY04	TAYLOR	SL322	IH20	US83/84	6.784	4.000	2	41
Abilene	TAY06	TAYLOR	US83 WFR	FM707	Vaughn Camp	1.994	2.000	0	4
Abilene	TAY07	TAYLOR	US83	FM 604	Runnels CL	5.128	2.000	2	21
Abilene	TAY09	TAYLOR	US83 EFR	FM707	Vaughn Camp	0.773	2.000	0	2
Abilene	TAY10	TAYLOR	US83 EFR	FM707	Vaughn Camp	0.363	2.000	0	1
Abilene	TAY11	TAYLOR	FM707	US 277	Jones CL	10.480	2.000	0	21
Big Spring	BOR01	BORDEN	FM1584	Dawson C/L	Howard C/L	8.776	2.000	0	18
Big Spring	HOW02	HOWARD	FM821	IH20	FM2183	13.492	2.000	0	27
Big Spring	HOW03	HOWARD	FM846	US87	Martin CL	6.132	2.000	0	12
Big Spring	HOW04	HOWARD	FM846	FM669	FM1205	15.757	2.000	0	32
Big Spring	MIT01	MITCHELL	BI-20K	IH20 SFR W of Loraine	IH20 SFR E of Loraine	1.633	2.000	2	7
Big Spring	MIT02	MITCHELL	FM670	0.75 mi N of IH20	BI 20-H in Westbrook	0.750	2.000	0	2
Big Spring	MIT03	MITCHELL	FM670	IH20 SFR	SH 163	8.516	2.000	0	17
Big Spring	MIT04	MITCHELL	SH208	Scurry County Line	BU 208-B	8.002	2.000	2	32
Big Spring	NOL01	NOLAN	BI 20-M	IH20 connectors W of Sweetwater	Near Gillespie St in Sweetwater	5.894	4.000	2	35
Big Spring	NOL02	NOLAN	BI 20-M	IH20 W of Sweetwater WB	W Broadway Street	0.471	1.000	2	1
Big Spring	NOL03	NOLAN	BI 20-M	IH20 W of Sweetwater EB	W Broadway Street	0.579	2	2	2.32
					•		SUB-TO	TAL PAGE 1	616.50
					*Number of chau				

\*Number of shoulders greater than 6' wide to be paid for as a lane mile

SUMMARY OF LOCATIONS
Sheet 1 of 2



	FHWA DIVISION		PROJECT NO.						
	6	F	RMC 6460-96-001						
	STATE	DISTRICT							
Ð	TEXAS	ABL	Та	ylor,etc.					
	CONTROL	/ NO.							
	6460	96	001	c.					

<sup>\*\*</sup>For contractor's information only, actual measurements and lane configurations to be verified in the field.

AREA OFFICE	PROJECT LOCATION ID	COUNTY	HWY	FROM DESCRIPTION	FROM DESCRIPTION TO DESCRIPTION		NUMBER THRU LANES	Shoulders > 6'	Total Lane Miles
Snyder	FIS01	FISHER	FM1657	FM611	US180	5.808	2	0	11.62
Snyder	FIS02	FISHER	FM2832	FM611	US180	5.944	2	0	11.89
Snyder	FIS03	FISHER	FM668	0.1 mi E of CR279	FM57	0.898	2	0	1.80
Snyder	FIS04	FISHER	FM668	FM57	Jones Co. Line	0.691	2	0	1.38
Snyder	FIS05	FISHER	FM419	US180	FM611	13.965	2	0	27.93
Snyder	FIS06	FISHER	FM1614	FM611	Scurry Co. Line	3.950	2	0	7.90
Snyder	FIS07	FISHER	FM3339	SH92	FM2142	3.994	2	0	7.99
Snyder	FIS08	FISHER	FM1812	US180	Jones Co. Line	7.388	2	0	14.78
Snyder	HAS01	HASKELL	FM2279	FM617	Knox County Line	9.058	2	0	18.12
Snyder	HAS02	HASKELL	FM1661	SH6	Jones County Line	12.496	2	0	24.99
Snyder	HAS03	HASKELL	FM2229	SH6	FM2279	8.993	2	0	17.99
Snyder	HAS04	HASKELL	FM1225	SH6	US277	7.896	2	0	15.79
Snyder	HAS05	HASKELL	FM600	US380	FM618	8.953	2	2	35.81
Snyder	KEN01	KENT	SH70	Fisher Co. Line	US380/SH70 Intersection	16.730	2	2	66.92
Snyder	KEN03	KENT	FM1228	SH70/FM1228 Intersection	CR116	11.451	2	0	22.90
Snyder	SCU01	SCURRY	FM1607	FM1606	FM1609	2.958	2	0	5.92
Snyder	SCU02	SCURRY	FM1607	FM1609	US180	4.633	4	0	18.53
Snyder	SCU03	SCURRY	FM1269	US180	Garza C/L	10.226	2	0	20.45
Snyder	SCU04	SCURRY	FM1605	SH350	US180	1.967	4	0	7.87
Snyder	SCU05	SCURRY	FM1609	US180	SH350	9.891	2	0	19.78
Snyder	SCU06	SCURRY	BU 84-G	US84 N of Snyder	SH208 (College Ave)	4.936	4	0	19.74
Snyder	SCU07	SCURRY	BU 84-G	SH208 (Colorado City Highway)	US84 S of Snyder	1.622	2	2	6.49
Snyder	SCU08	SCURRY	FM1610	FM1606	BORDEN C/L	7.027	2	0	14.05
Snyder	SCU09	SCURRY	FM1611	SH208	US84	3.220	2	0	6.44
Snyder	SCU10	SCURRY	US180	BORDEN CO/L	SNYDER CITY LIMIT	13.884	4	0	55.54
Snyder	STO01	STONEWALL	US83	N Aspermont city limits	S Aspermont city limits	1.440	2	2	5.76
Snyder	STO05	STONEWALL	FM1263	CR215	US83 in Aspermont	8.798	2	0	17.60
					·			TAL PAGE 2 TAL PAGE 1 TOTAL	485.96 616.50 1102.47





	FHWA DIVISION		PROJECT NO.						
	6	F	RMC 6460-96-001 6						
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY						
®	TEXAS	ABL	Таз	ylor,etc.					
)	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.					
	6460	96	001	c.					

<sup>\*</sup>Number of shoulders greater than 6' wide to be paid for as a lane mile \*\*For contractor's information only, actual measurements and lane configurations to be verified in the field.



## **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6460-96-001

**DISTRICT** Abilene **HIGHWAY** IH0020

**COUNTY** Taylor

		CONTROL SECTION	OL SECTION JOB 6460-96-001				
	PROJECT ID A00205959						
	COUNTY Taylor				TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL	
	HIGHWAY IH0020						
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3.000		3.000	
	712-6008	JT / CRCK SEAL (RUBBER - ASPHALT)	LMI	1,102.470		1,102.470	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	90.000		90.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Abilene	Taylor	6460-96-001	7

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary worning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travellanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

## THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

**SHEET 1 OF 12** 

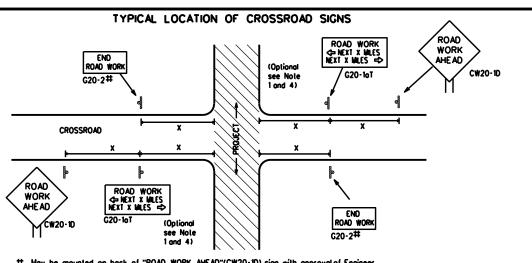


Texas Department of Transportation

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
4-03 7-13	6460	96	001		IH20	,etc.
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10 5-21	08		Taylor,etc.			8
05						



- May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-ID) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroods (see Note 4 under "TypicalConstruction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroods. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Bosed on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGCER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in

the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK **\* \***G20-9TP \* \*R20-5T FINES DOUBLE \* \*R20-50TP ROAD WORK \* \*G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTL $\Diamond$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY ➾ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MLES => 80. WORK ZONE G20-26T \*\* BEGIN G20-5T WORK \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFIC G20-6T \* \*R20-5T FINES DOUBLE END ROAD WORK \* \* R20-5oTP G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Borricodes for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

#### TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

#### SIZE

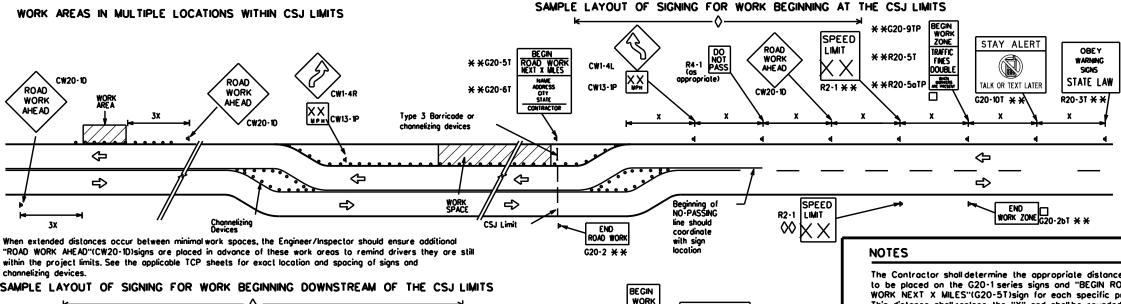
#### Posted Sign Speed Spacing Feet MPH Apprx.) 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500<sup>2</sup> 60 600 <sup>2</sup> 65 700 <sup>2</sup> 70 800 <sup>2</sup> 75 900 <sup>2</sup> 1000 <sup>2</sup> 80

SPACING

- Sign Conventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 CW22 48" × 48" 48" × 48" **CW23** CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 36" × 36" 481 x 48" CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48t x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12
- # For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



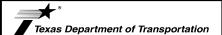
\* \*G20-9TP ZONE STAY ALERT OBEY BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES SPEED RAFFIC \* \*G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD XR20-5T FINES SICNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 CW1-41 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW AHE AD 、/₂ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER \* \*R20-5aTP \* \*G20-6T R20-3T G20-10T CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW2Ö-1E devices -CSJ Limit ➾ SPEED R2:1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END C20-26T \*\* G20-2 \* \*

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- ☐ The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
I	Type 3 Barricade					
OOO Channelizing Devices						
ŀ	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

#### SHEET 2 OF 12



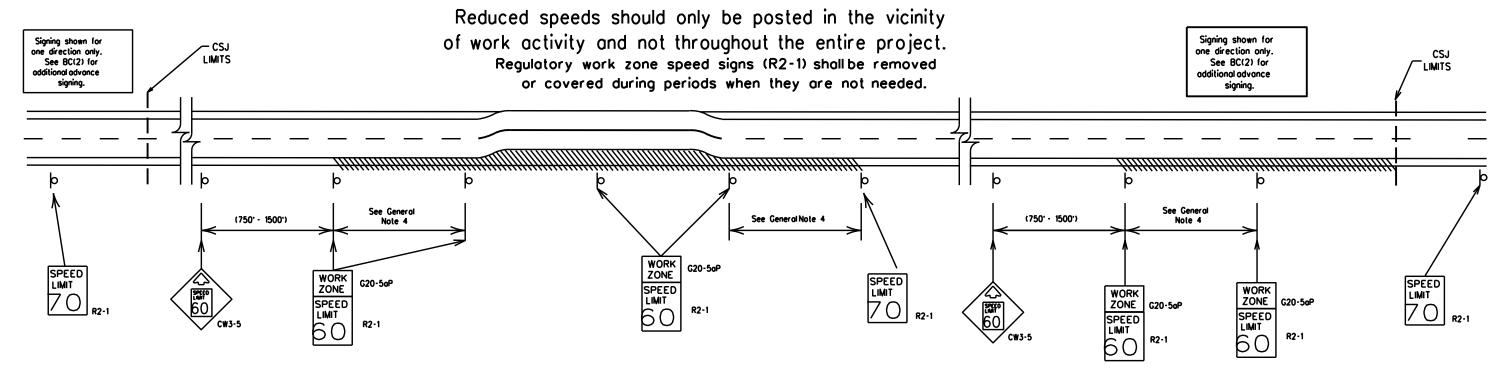
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

## BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		HIG	GHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6460	96	001		IH20	etc.
9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21		DIST	COUNTY SHEET			SHEET NO.	
		08		Taylor,etc. 9			9

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

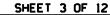
#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of traveland are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
  - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
- - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form \*1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.



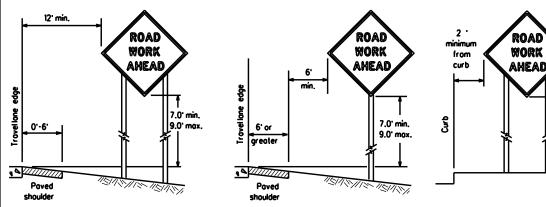


## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

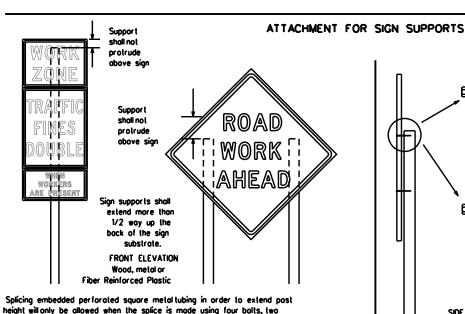
BC(3)-21

TxD0T         November         2002         CONT         SECT         JOB         HIGHWAY           P-07         8-14         6460         96         001         IH20,etc.           P-7-13         5-21         DIST         COUNTY         SHEET NO.           08         Toylor,etc.         10	;	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW:		TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	TxDOT	November 2002	CONT SECT JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY		
7.13 5-21 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.				96	001		IH20,etc.	
7-13 3-21 08 Taylor,etc. 10		•	DIST	ST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	/-13	J.71	08	Taylor,etc.			10	

#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



- \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
  - x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

7.0' min.

9.0' max.

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

.6.0 min

XX MPH

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

of at least the same gauge material.

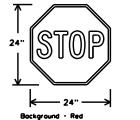
1. STOP/SLOW poddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24".

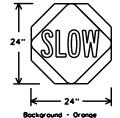
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

- 2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.





Bockground - Red Legend & Border - White

Bockground - Orange Legend & Border - Bloc

SHEETING REC	UIREMENTS	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BL ACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on croshworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- f permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in occordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or domaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- . The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nightlime work losting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT
  1. The bollom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shallbe at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.

  2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the povement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground.
  3. Long-term/intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- While sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type G, , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

  2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opoque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opoque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- . Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 5. Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.

#### Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.

  The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

  Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

  Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballosts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- rubber ballost or portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.

  Sondbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteness. Sandbags shall be placed
- olong the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

  Sondbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

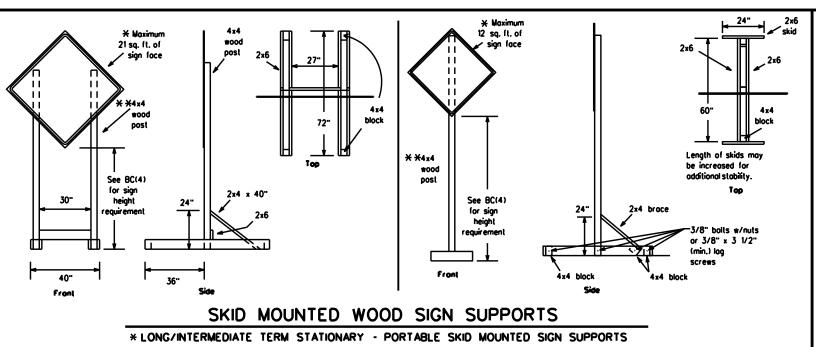


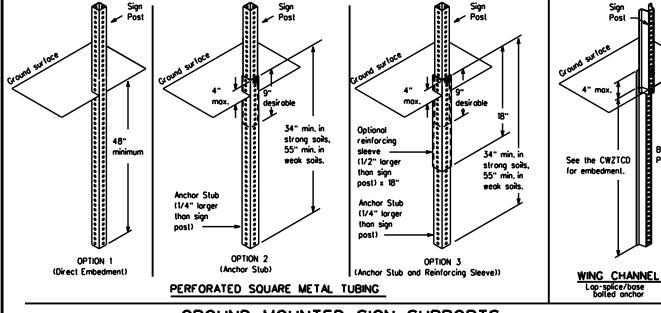
División Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES**

BC(4)-21

E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGI	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6460	96	001		IH20	etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	08		Taylor,etc.			11



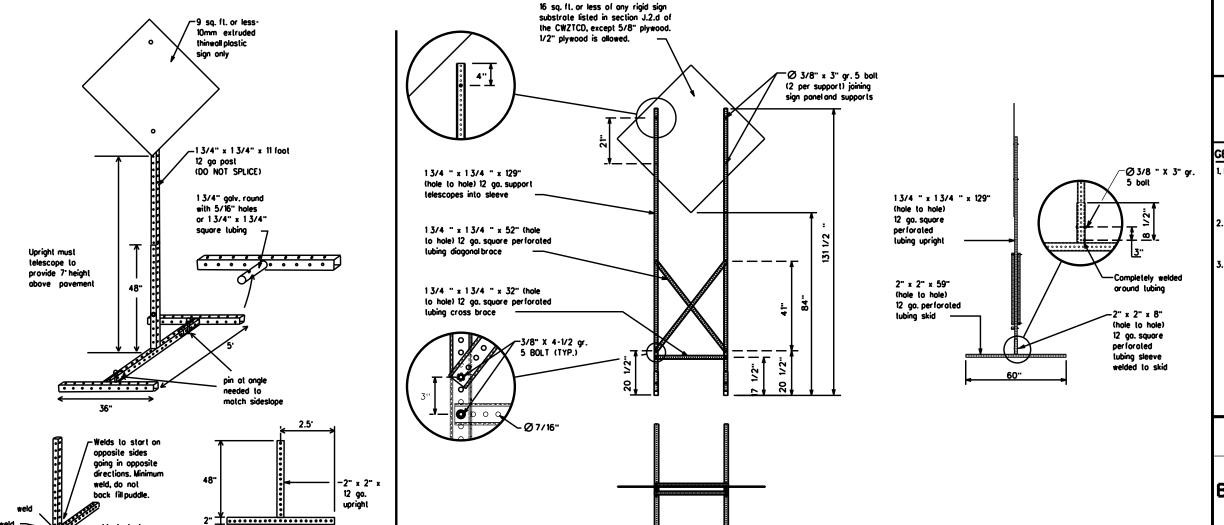


## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



### WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steeland plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Noils may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" log screws must be used on every joint for final
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
   This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
  - \* See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(5)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6460	96	001		ŀ	120,	etc.
9-07 8-14		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	08		Taylor,etc.				12

	SKID	MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	SUPPORTS	
--	------	---------	------------	--------	-------	--------	------	----------	--

32.

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

storts

SINGLE LEG BASE

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," elc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP.
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midni Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flosh" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phroses that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed logether. Words or phroses not on this list should not be abbrevialed, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.

  16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than
- left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

		,	
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	CCS RD	Major MAJ	<b>†</b>
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route		Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E (souto) 5	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lone	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expresswoy	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Troffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HO HOC	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lone	LFT LN	Wet Povement	WET PVMT
Lone Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	1	
Maintenance	MAINT	J	

designation - IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

### Phase 1: Condition Lists

oad/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Condit	ion List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANES SHIF T

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location
- is not included in the first phose selected. 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		×× See	Application Guidelines No	te 6.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
  9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



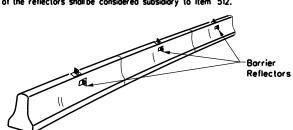
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	6460	96	001		IH20,	etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	5-21	08		Taylor,etc.			13

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiory to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.
   An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional)while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

Warning reflector may be round

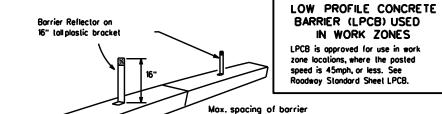
or square.Must have a yellow

30 square inches

reflective surface area of at least

drum adjacent to the travelway.

- Povement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tobs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope borriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

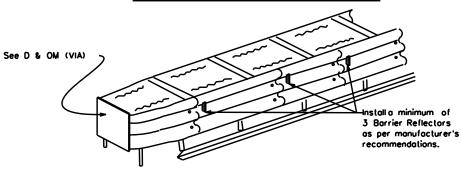


reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



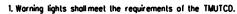
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparopriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

## WARNING LIGHTS



2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.

- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Floshing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous orea. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "S8".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the lotest ITE Purchase Specifications for Floshing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential floshing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive floshing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the laper to the end of the merging laper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of floshing for each light shall be 65 floshes per minute, plus or minus 10 floshes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travellane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type Å, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

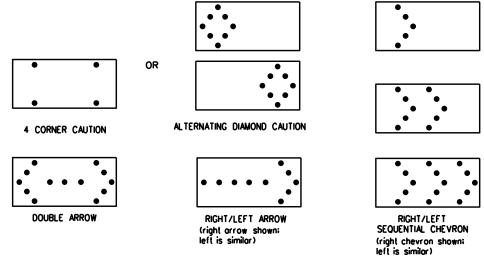
- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.

  9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travellanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Floshing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Floshing Arrow Board shall be copoble of minimum 50 percent aimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The floshing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 floshes per minute.

   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the floshing arrow and equal

- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
   The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
   The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
   A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
   A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
   Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.
- to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM Size	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
8	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- I. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Sofety Hordwore (MASH).

  2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- in the plans.

  5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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	REVISIONS	6460	96	001		IH2	:0,etc.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	08	Taylor.etc.				14

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

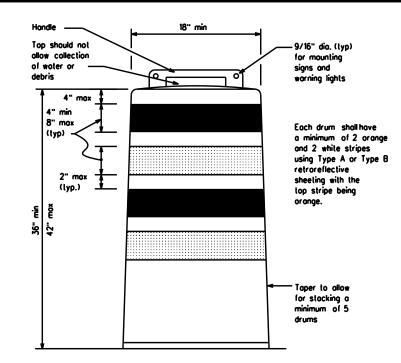
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sian.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
  9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

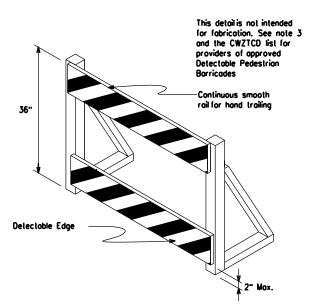
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall othere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to obrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### **BALLAST**

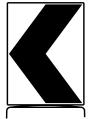
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stocking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollost shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built-in bollost can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrion Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrior movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rais as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or shorp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down lowards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plostic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging lapers or on shifting lapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

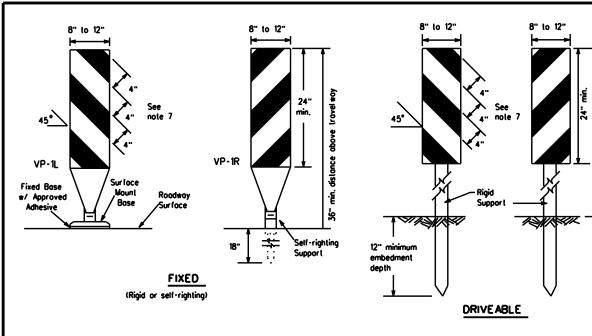


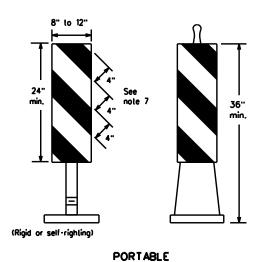
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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TxDOT November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY					
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-13	08		Taylor,etc.			15				



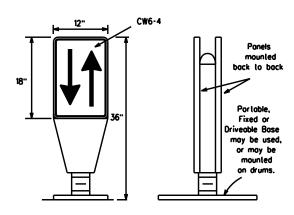


1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

- 2. VP's may be used in daylime or nightlime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and night lime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective arange and reflective white and should always slope downward loward the travellane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retrorellective area facing traffic.

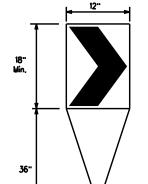
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

## VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an odhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spocing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Fype C configuring to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



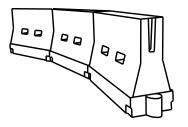
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C configrming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on topers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## **CHEVRONS**

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform . Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travelianes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeling meeting the requirements for borricode rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water bollasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective defineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water bollosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a laper in a low speed urban area, the laper shall be delineated and the laper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballosted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top If the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

<u>ws²</u>	150	11' Offset 165'	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
		165	400.		rungent
	005:		180	30'	60,
60	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
- 60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80.
	450'	495	540	45'	90.
	500	550	600.	50'	100
.ws	550	605'	660'	55'	110'
	600'	660.	720'	60,	120'
	650	715'	780	65'	130'
	700	770'	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>
	750	825'	900,	75'	150'
	800.	880.	960'	80'	160'
	•WS	700° 750°	600' 660' 650' 715' 700' 770' 750' 825'	600' 660' 720' 650' 715' 780' 700' 770' 840' 750' 825' 900'	600' 660' 720' 60' 650' 715' 780' 65' 700' 770' 840' 70' 750' 825' 900' 75'

L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

Traffic Safety

División Standard

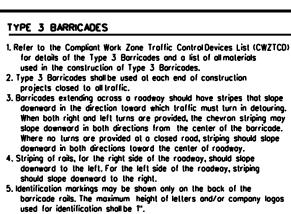


Texas Department of Transportation

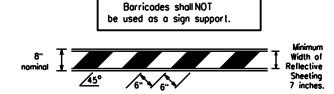
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

RC(Q)-21

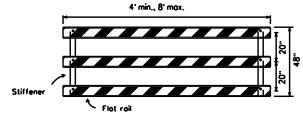
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C) TxDOT	November 2002	со	NT	SECT	JOB		H	IIGHWAY	
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- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricodes shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

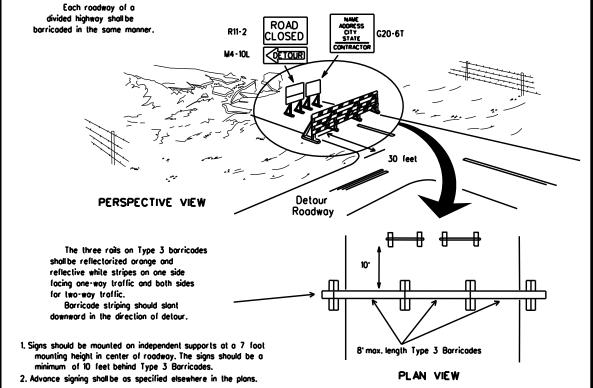


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

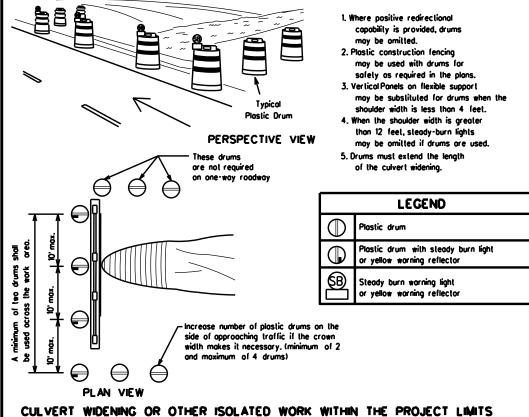


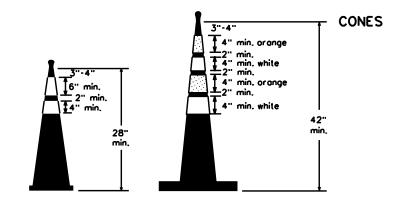
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

## TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

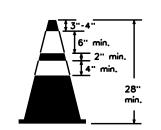


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

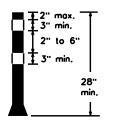




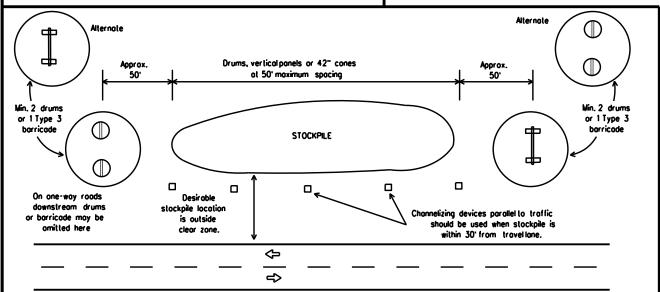
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballost, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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	5-21	08		Taylor,etc.			17			

DATE

#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental povement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Povement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where possing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where possing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised povement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

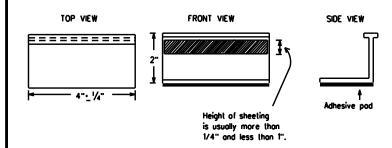
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone povement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The morkings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings (ailing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion
  or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway
  shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detaurs in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detaur route.
- Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roodway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blost cleoning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-pointing of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tope may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tobs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic povement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Roised povement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised povement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pod for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised povement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

División Standard



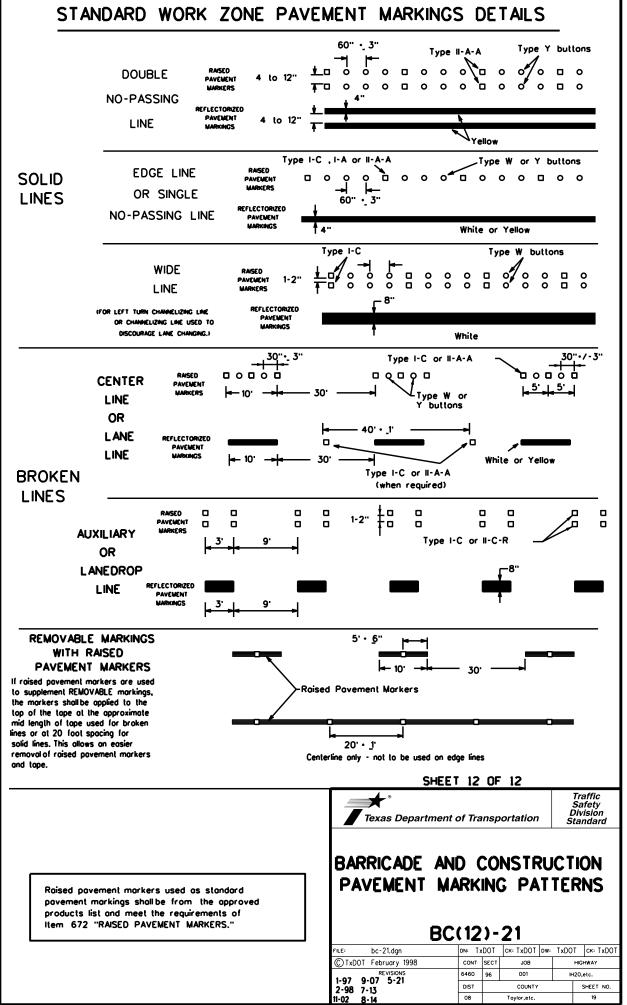
Texas Department of Transportation

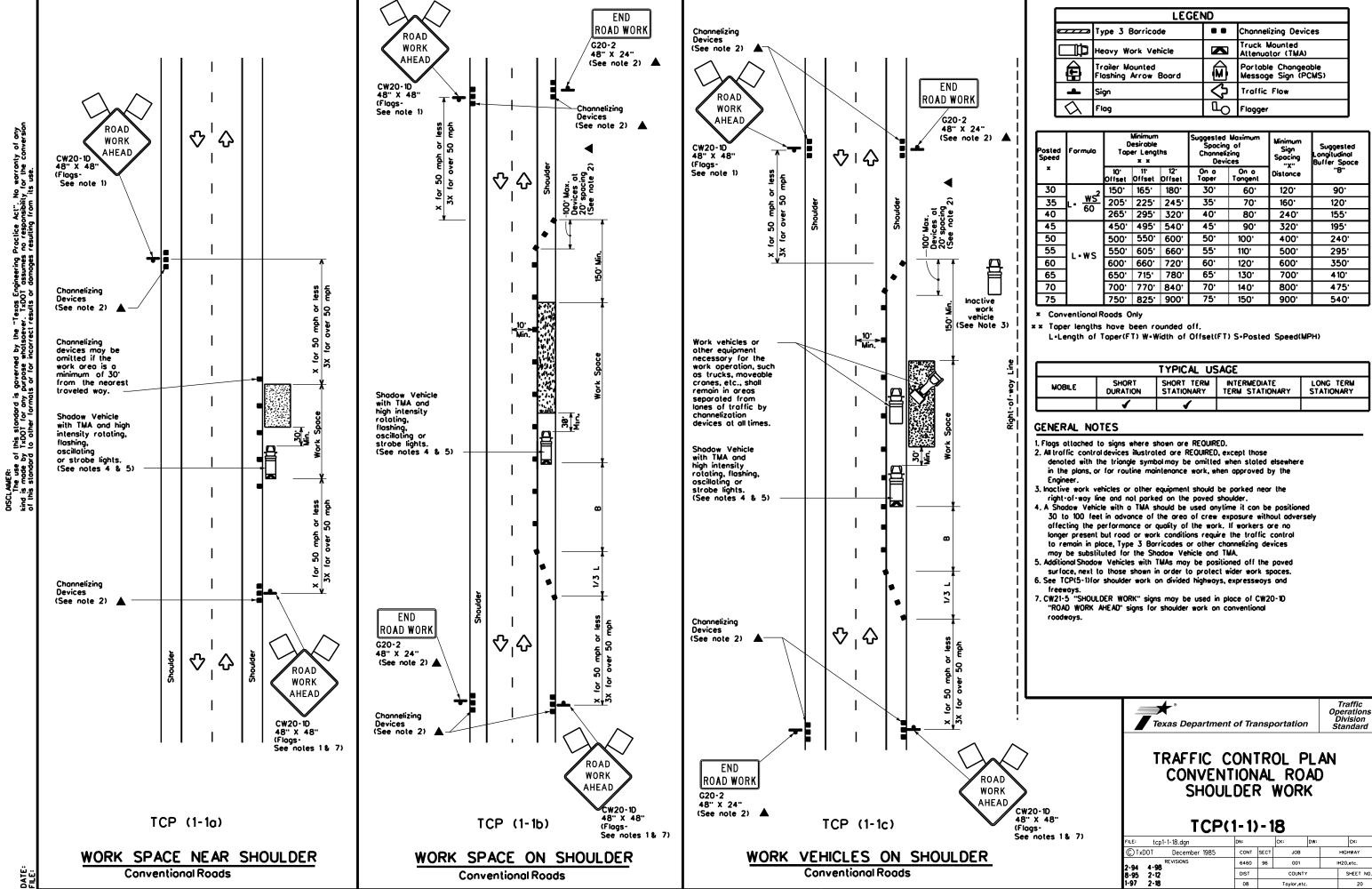
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

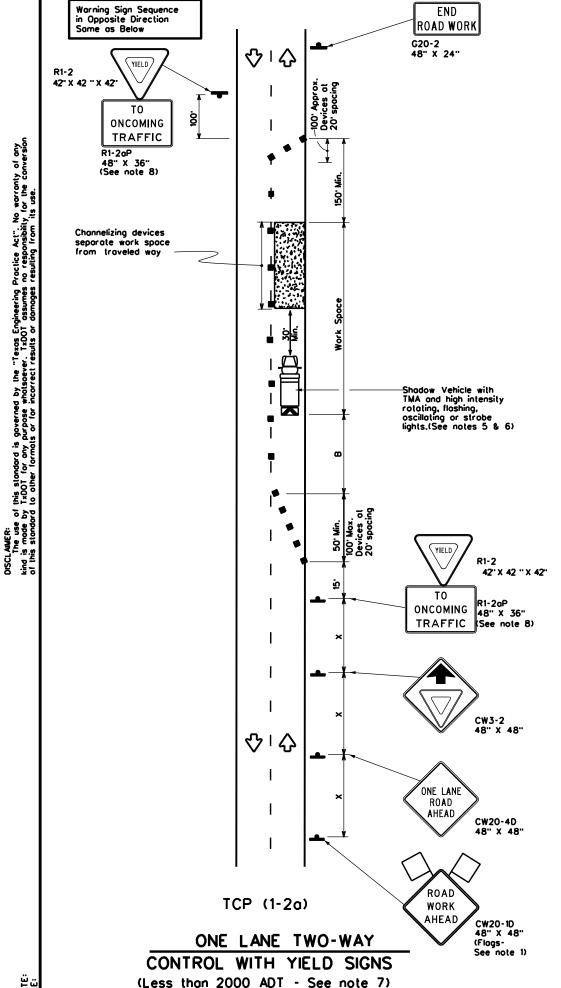
BC(11)-21

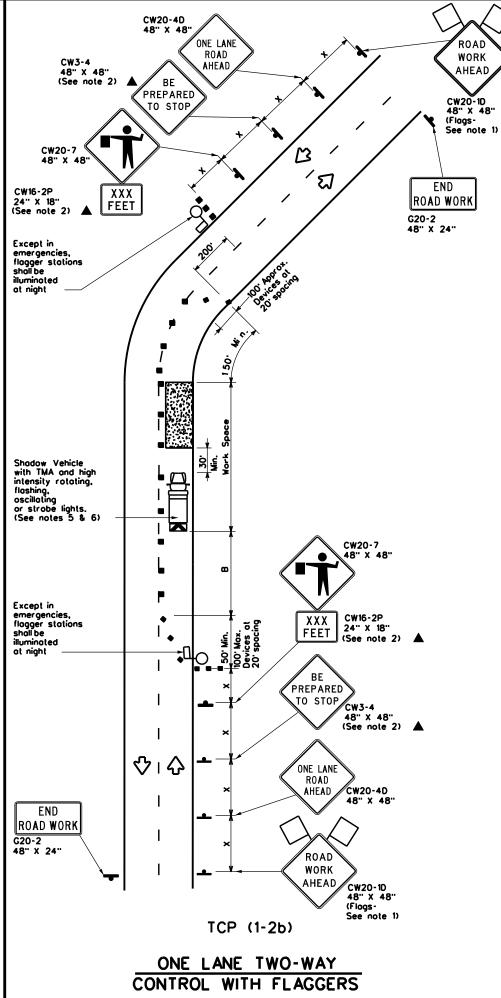
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#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A ₹>` `Yellow Type II-A-A -Type Y bultons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A -Type II-A-A 000'000000000 Type Y buttons 4 10 8" REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons 00000 Type I-A Type Y buttons ➾ Type I-A ➪⋝ Type Y buttons Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons 00000 20000 മാമാവ് 00000 Type II-A-A Type Y bullons ♦ ➪ 00000 Type W buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS **₩** Type W buttons -Type 0 0 0 ➪ ➾ 00000 00000 ₹> Type W bullons LType I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prelabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized povement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE









	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\triangle$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble			Spacin Channel		Minimum Sign Spocing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>-</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30	2	150°	165	180	30.	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	90.	200'	
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245	35'	70 <sup>.</sup>	160 <sup>-</sup>	120 <sup>-</sup>	250 <sup>-</sup>	
40	1 👸	265'	295	320	40'	80.	240'	155'	305'	
45		450°	495	540'	45'	90.	320'	195'	360.	
50		500	550	600.	50.	100	400	240'	425'	
55	L.ws	550'	605'	660,	55'	110'	500 <sup>-</sup>	295'	495	
60	] - " " "	<b>600</b> .	660.	720	60,	120'	600.	350	570 <sup>.</sup>	
65		650	715	780 <sup>-</sup>	65'	130'	700'	410'	645	
70		<b>700</b> .	770'	840	70'	140	800.	475'	730	
75	1	750'	825 <sup>-</sup>	900.	75'	150	900.	540	820	

- **▼** Conventional Roads Only
- \* \* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	1	1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- I. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7, R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- B. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- ). Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- II. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagge and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- . Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- . Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



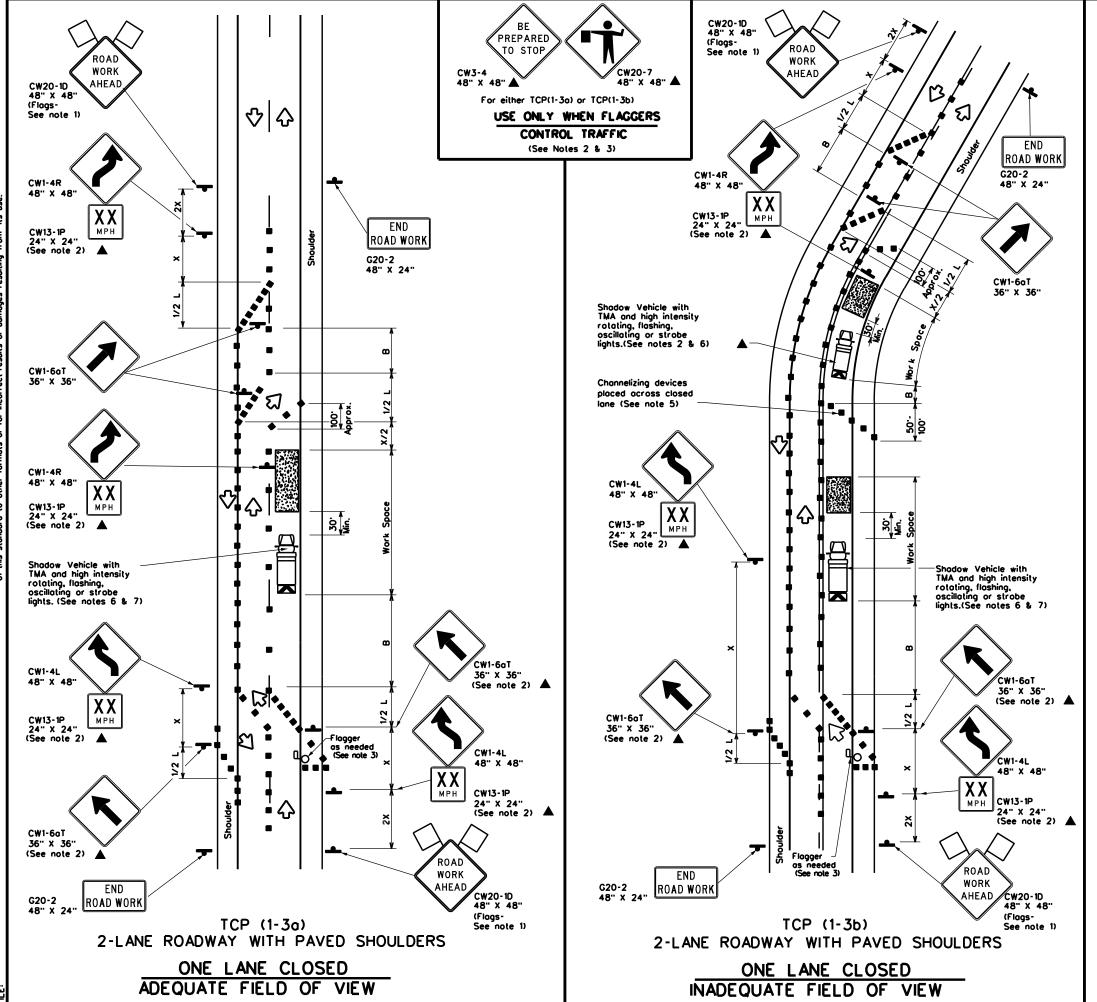
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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1-97 2-18	08		Taylor,etc.		21





	Type 3 Barricade	•	Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
<b>(13)</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
<b>þ</b>	Sign	<b>₽</b>	Traffic Flow
$\Diamond$	Flag	9	Flogger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desiroble Formula Toper Lengths x x		Spacin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>-</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30,	60.	120'	90.
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	**	265	295'	320	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450°	495'	540'	45'	90.	320'	195 <sup>-</sup>
50		500 <sup>.</sup>	550	600.	50.	100'	400'	240'
55	l.ws	550	605	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	] - " -	600	660.	720	60.	120 <sup>-</sup>	600.	350
65	]	650'	715 <sup>-</sup>	780	65'	130'	700'	410'
70	]	700·	770	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	800.	475'
75		750'	825'	900.	75'	150'	900.	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- x x Toper lengths have been rounded off.
  L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY								
	1 1										

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic valume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
   Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the poved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20°, or 15° if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



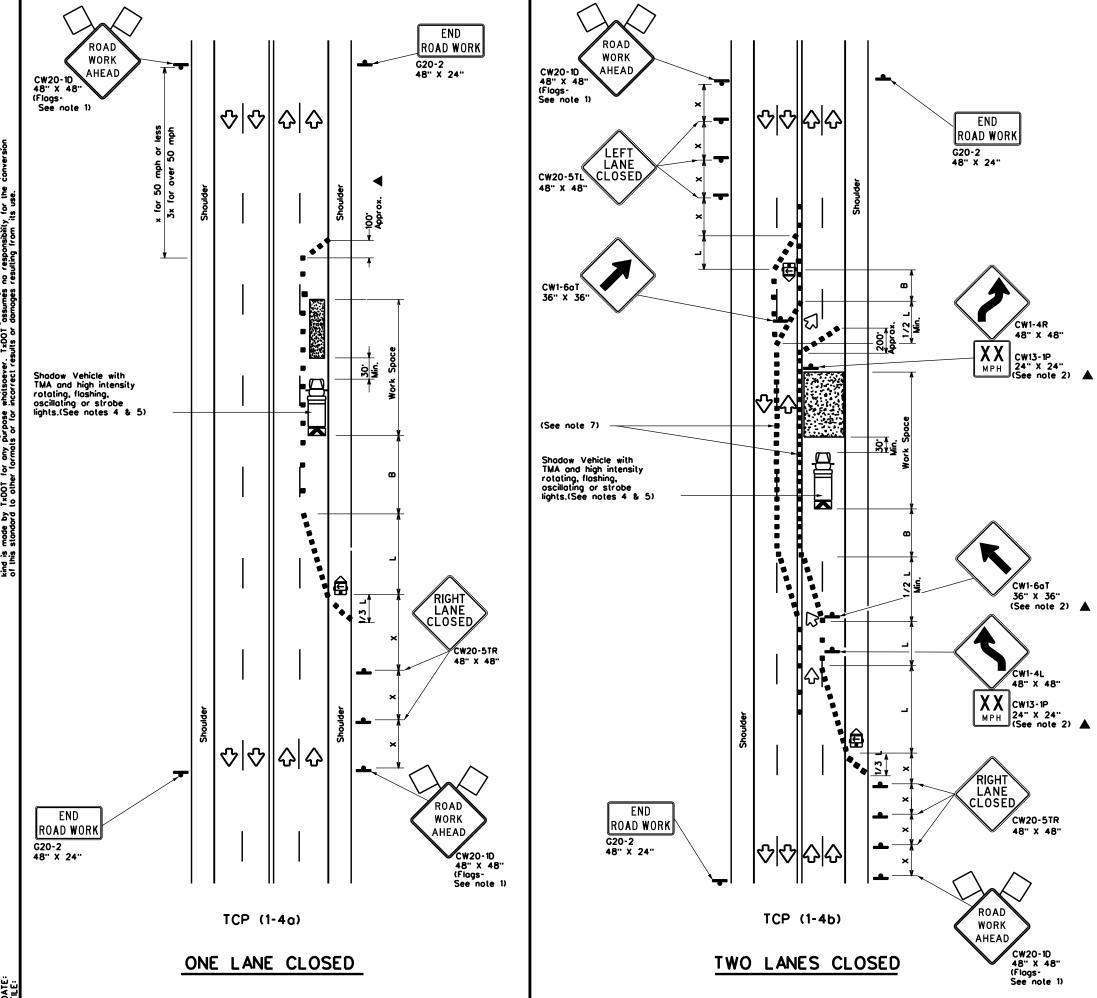
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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٦.	REVISIONS 2-94 4-98			96	001		IH20	etc.
2· 8·			DIST		COUNTY		•	SHEET NO.
1-9	97 2-	18	08		Taylor,etc.			22

153



LEGEND								
Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
Flag	Ф	Flagger						
	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign						

Posted Speed			Spacin Channel		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
×		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12" Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	8
30	2	150'	165'	180	30'	60.	120'	90.
35	L• <u>ws²</u>	205	225'	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 80	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450'	495	540	45'	90.	320'	195'
50		500	550.	600.	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	l.ws	550	605'	660	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	] - " " 3	600,	660'	720 <sup>.</sup>	60.	120'	600.	350 <sup>.</sup>
65		650'	715'	780	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770	840	70'	140'	800.	475'
75		750 <sup>-</sup>	825	900.	75'	150'	<b>900</b> .	540'

MOBILE

x Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE SHORT TERM STATIONARY INTERMEDIATE
TERM STATIONARY SHORT DURATION

## GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans,
- or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spocing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

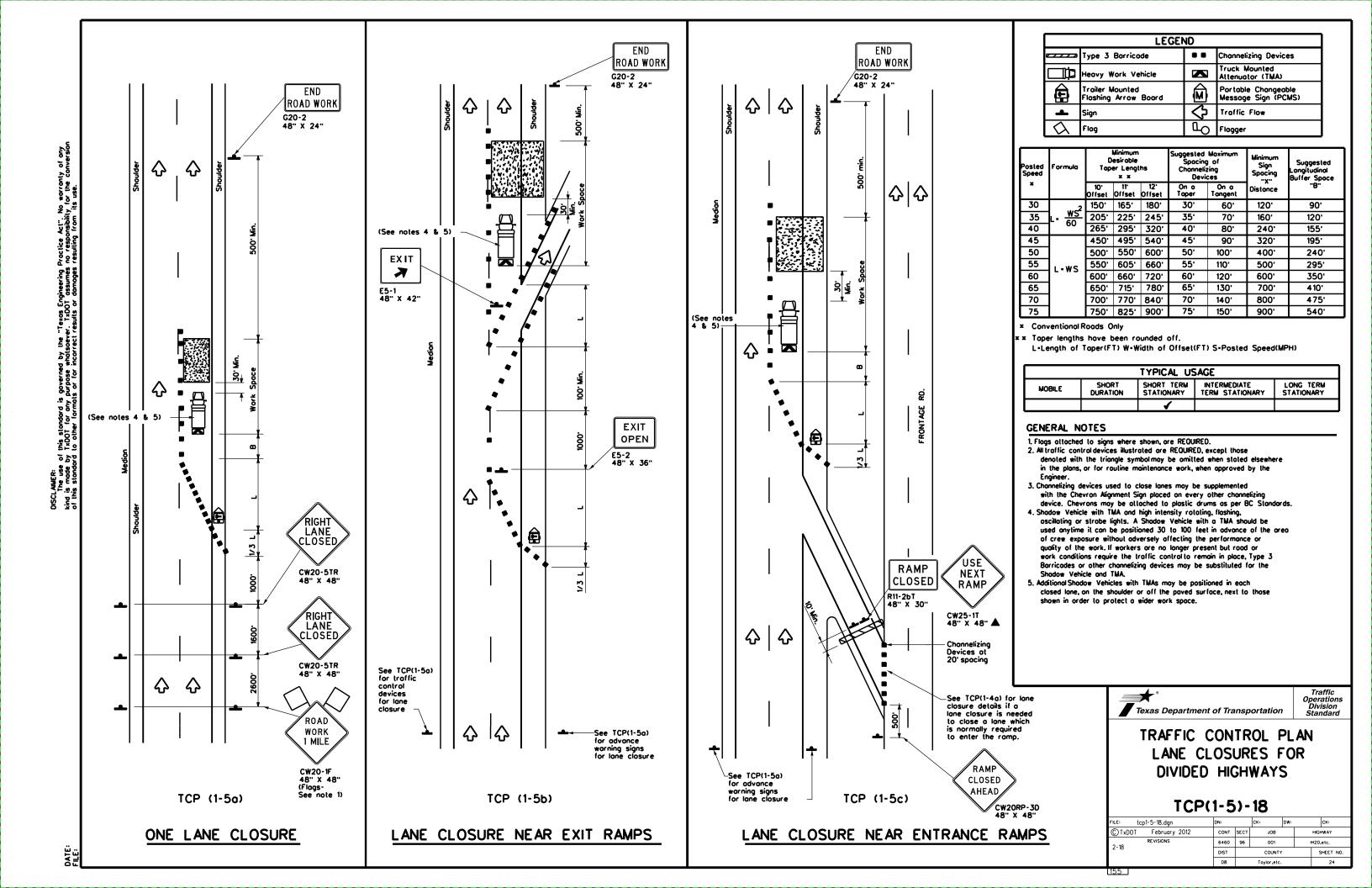


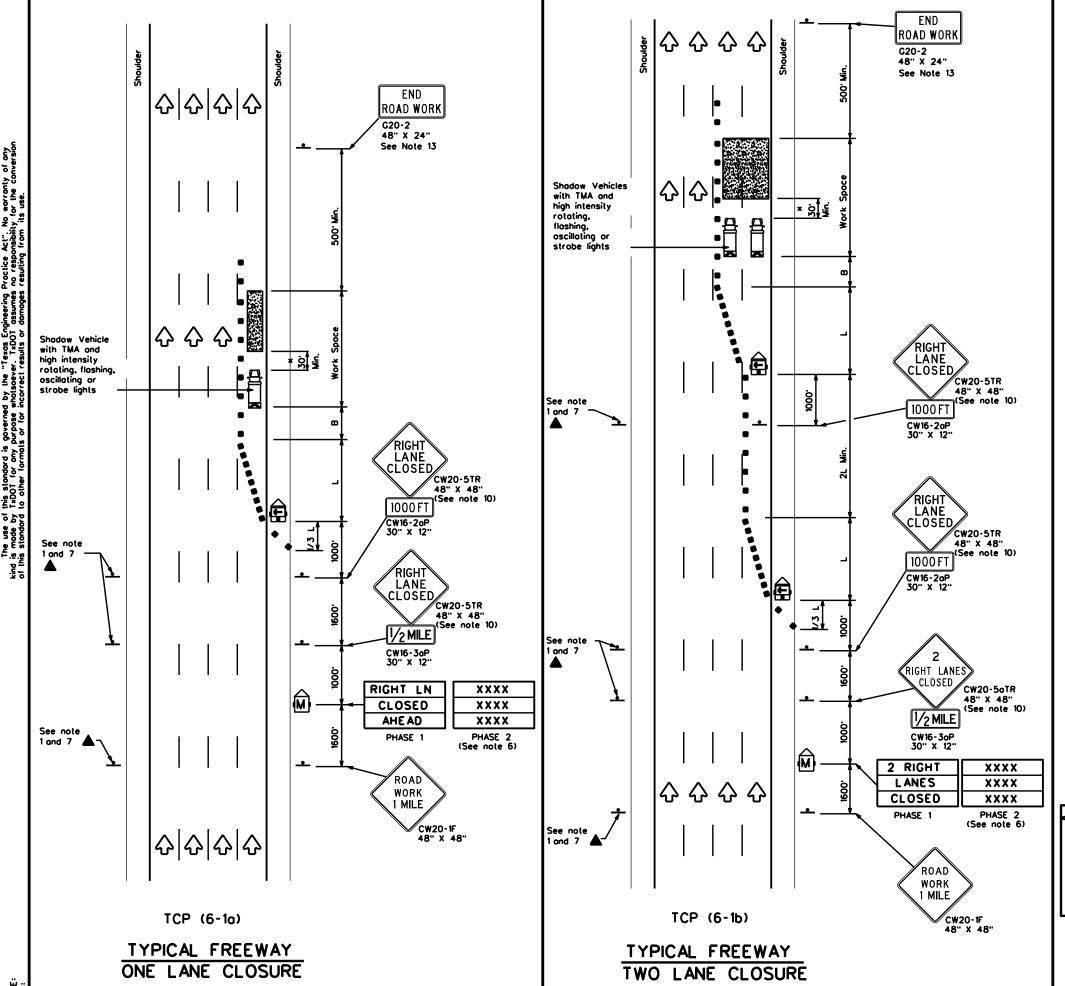
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE **CONVENTIONAL ROADS** 

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		ск:	DW:	CK:
© TxD0T	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS	6460	96	001		IH20,etc.
8-95 2-		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-1	8	08		Taylor,etc		23





Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flag

Traffic Flow

Flagger

$\sim$	V(   1.09								
_	T	_	Minimum		C		1		
Posted Speed	Desirable Toper Lengths "L"		Spoo	ed Maximum ing of elizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space				
		10 <sup>.</sup> Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"8"		
45		450	495'	540	45'	90.	195'		
50		500 <sup>-</sup>	550	600.	50.	100	240 <sup>.</sup>		
55	L-WS	550	605	660'	55'	110'	295'		
60	] - " 3	600.	660	720'	60,	120'	350		
65		650	715'	780 <sup>.</sup>	65 <sup>.</sup>	130'	4 10'		
70	]	700	770.	840	70.	140'	475'		
75		750	825	900.	75'	150'	540'		
80		800.	880.	960'	80.	160'	615'		

x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TER DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	1	1	1							

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated ore REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones ore the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on langent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- Duplicote construction worning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lones may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.

  9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the bottom of the sign.
- 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lone closures. When signs are mounted at 1 height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- a plaque below the sign may be used.

  11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

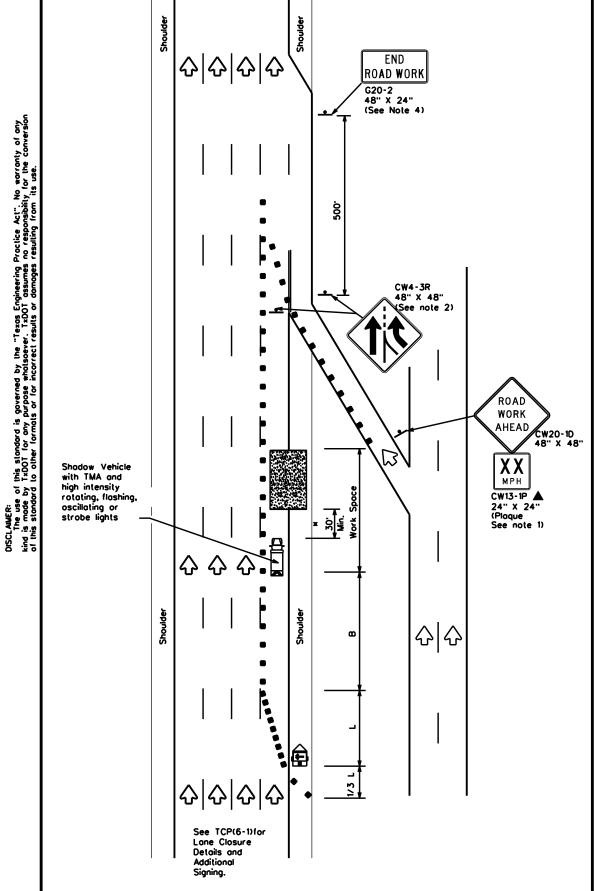
A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Atlenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

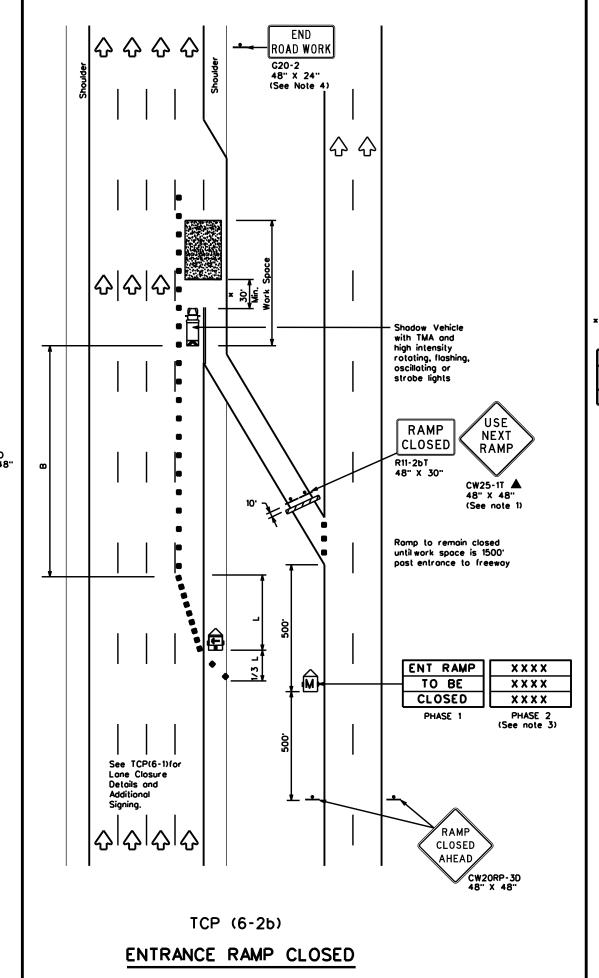
ILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDO	Т
C) TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS		6460	96	001		IF	IH20,etc.		
B-12		DIST		COUNTY			SI	HEET NO.	
		08		Taylor,etc.				25	



TCP (6-2a)

WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP

**ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN** 



LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ê	Trailer Mounted Floshing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	<b>₽</b>	Troffic Flow						
Q	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble Toper Lengths "L"		Spocin Channel		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12° Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"8"
45		450'	495	540'	45	90.	195'
50		200.	550	600.	50'	100'	240'
55	l.ws	550 <sup>-</sup>	605	660.	55'	110'	295'
60	- " 3	<b>600</b> .	660.	720'	60,	120'	350'
65	1	650	715'	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130'	4 10'
70	]	700	770'	840	70'	140 <sup>-</sup>	475'
75	]	750 <sup>.</sup>	825	900.	75'	150'	540'
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'

×× Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	1 1 1								

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign
- between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.

  3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.

  4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- x A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

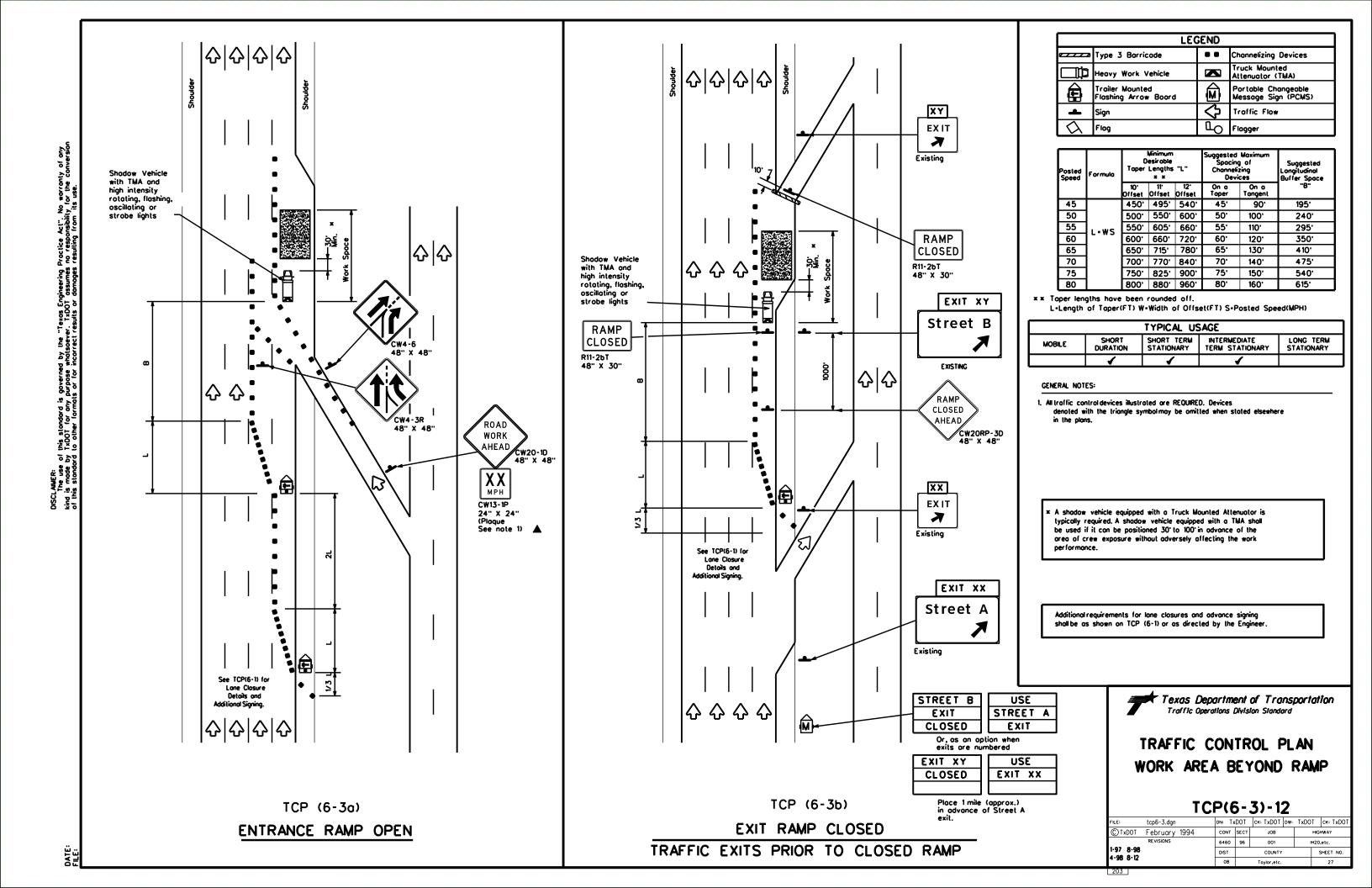
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

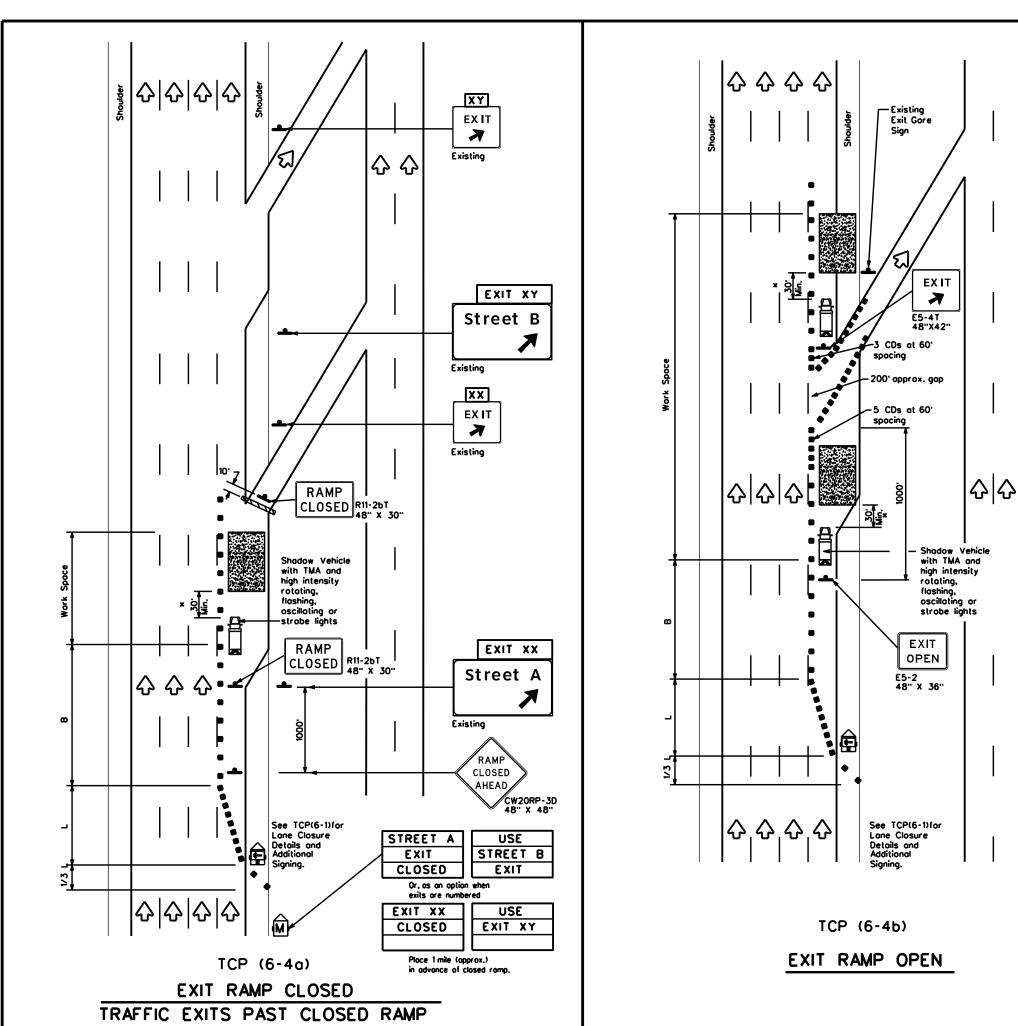


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP(6-2)-12

FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn	DN: Tx	:DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1994		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6460	96	001		IH20	etc.
1-97 8-98		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-1	2	08	Taylor,etc.			26	





	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices (CDs)					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>(</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>S</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
۱	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
Q	Flag	S	Flogger					

* 1								
Posted Formula		Minimum Desiroble Toper Lengths "L" x x			Suggeste Spoci Channe	d Maximum ng of elizing vices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10° Offset	11 <sup>-</sup> Offset	12 <sup>.</sup> Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
45		450°	495	540	45'	90,	195'	
50		500	550	600.	50'	100'	240'	
55	l.ws	550	605	660.	55'	110	295'	
60	- " 3	600.	660.	720'	60.	120'	350 <sup>-</sup>	
65		650	715 <sup>-</sup>	780 <sup>.</sup>	65'	130'	4 10'	
70	]	700	770'	840	70'	140'	475'	
75	]	750 <sup>.</sup>	825	900.	75'	150'	540 <sup>-</sup>	
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160'	615'	
	-	_		•	-	•	-	

x x Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L-Length of Toper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1	1			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices
   denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere
  in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.
  - A shodow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shodow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30 to 100 in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work neglarance.

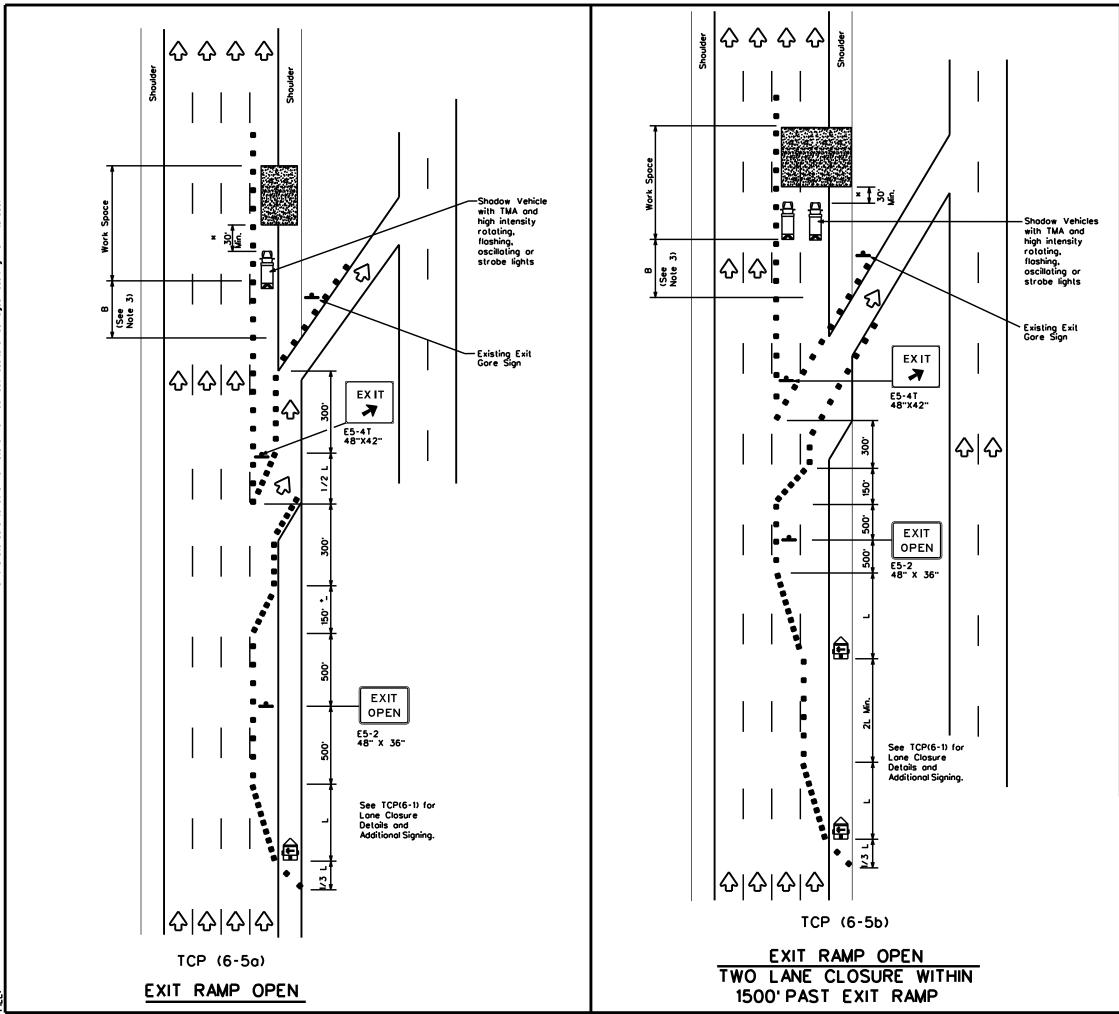
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-4)-12

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	REVISIONS	6460	96	001			001
1-97 8-98		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8-12		08		Taylor,etc.			28



LEGEND							
<del></del>	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	€	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
ŀ	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow				
Q	Flag	3	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Desiroble Toper Lengths "L" × ×		Spocir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10° Offset	11 <sup>.</sup> Offset	12 <sup>.</sup> Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	B
45		450	495	540	45'	90.	195'
50		200,	550.	600.	50'	100'	240'
55	l.ws	550 <sup>-</sup>	605 <sup>-</sup>	660.	55'	110'	295'
60	] - " " 3	<b>600</b> .	660.	720	60.	120'	350'
65		650 <sup>.</sup>	715'	780	65'	130	410'
70	]	700	770'	840	70.	140 <sup>-</sup>	475'
75	1	750 <sup>.</sup>	825'	900.	75'	150'	540'
80		800.	880.	960	80.	160	615'

Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	<b>√</b>	1			

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- 3. If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing
  - A Shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer



## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-5)-12

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©TxDOT Feburary 1998		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		6460	96	001	001 II		
		DIST	T COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		08	Taylor,etc.			29	