STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SEE SHEET 2
FOR INDEX OF SHEETS
AND SHEET 3 AND 4 FOR
PROJECT LOCATION MAP

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

CSJ 0186-02-032 DESIGN SPEED: 70 MPH CSJ 0185-03-033 DESIGN SPEED: 70 MPH

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NUMBER: STP 2B24(387)HES

US 190, ETC.
MILAM COUNTY, ETC.

TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT = 3,336.98 FT= 0.632 MILES, ETC.

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INSTALL LEFT AND RIGHT TURN LANE, REPLACE CULVERT, ETC.

FINAL PLANS

CONTRACTOR:

LETTING DATE:

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:

DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:

DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:

FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

LOCATION	HIGHWAY	CONTROL	LIMITS	IMITS 2022/2042 ADT		MARKERS	TOTAL LENGTH	BRIDGE LENGTH	RDWY LENGTH
NO.	THGITW/	NO.		2022/2042 ADT	BEGIN	END	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)
1	US 190	0185-03-033	US 190 AT FM 845	8,813/15,335	RM 620+0.240 MI (12.807 MP)	RM 620+0.872 MI (13.439 MP)	3,336.98	0.00	3,336.98
2	SH 36	0186-02-032	SH 36 AT FM 1363	7,925/14,107	RM 532+1.070 MI (3.024 MP)	RM 532+1.745 MI (3.700 MP)	3,569.28	0.00	3,569.28



TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION®

SUBMITTED 7/2/2024
FOR LETTING:
DocuSigned by:
1E2F3895183F4F3...AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED 7/2/2024
FOR LETTING:
Docusigned by:

Jeff Miles

589D3E0B31 PARTRICT DESIGN ENGINEER

APPROVED
FOR LETTING:
Docusigned by:

Clad Bolive
60E5537715D24ENSTRICT ENGINEER

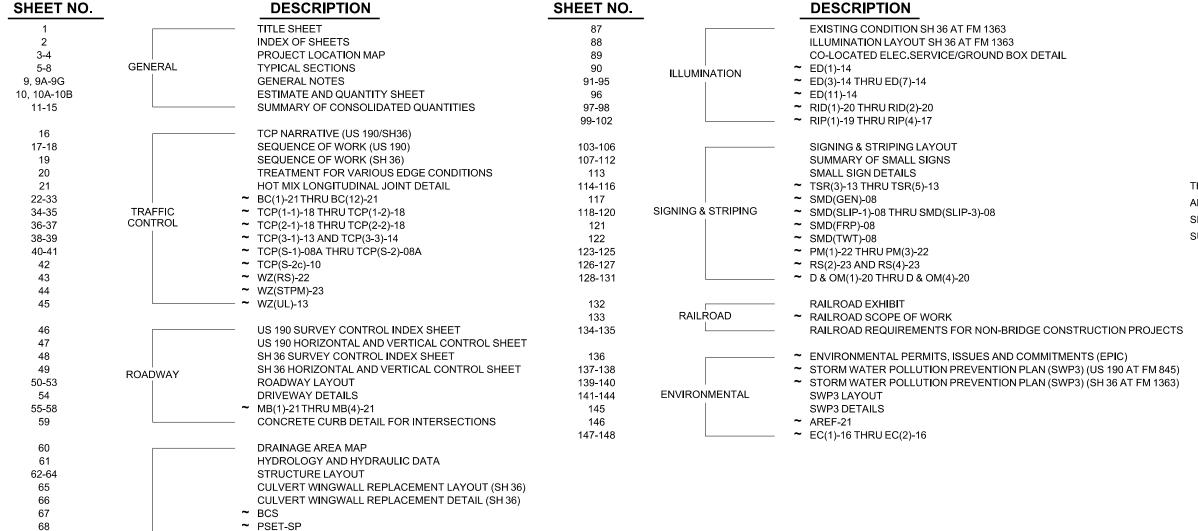
NO EXCEPTIONS NO EQUATIONS 1 RAILROAD CROSSING (0185-03-033)

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT:

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023)

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INDEX OF SHEETS



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE WITH (~), STATE STANDARD HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME, OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION, AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



06/28/2024



INDEX OF SHEETS

PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER	
		US 190	D,ETC.
DISTRICT	COUNTY		
BRY	MILAM, ETC.		
SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.
03	033, ETC.		2
	DISTRICT BRY SECTION	BRY I	US 190 DISTRICT COUNTY BRY MILAM, ETC. SECTION JOB

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70

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74-75 76

77

78-79

80-81

82

83

84

85

DRAINAGE

~ PSET-RP ~ SETP-PD

~ PSET-RR

~ PSET-SC

~ PSET-RC ~ SETP-CD

~ CH-PW-0

~ SCC-3&4

~ SCC-5&6

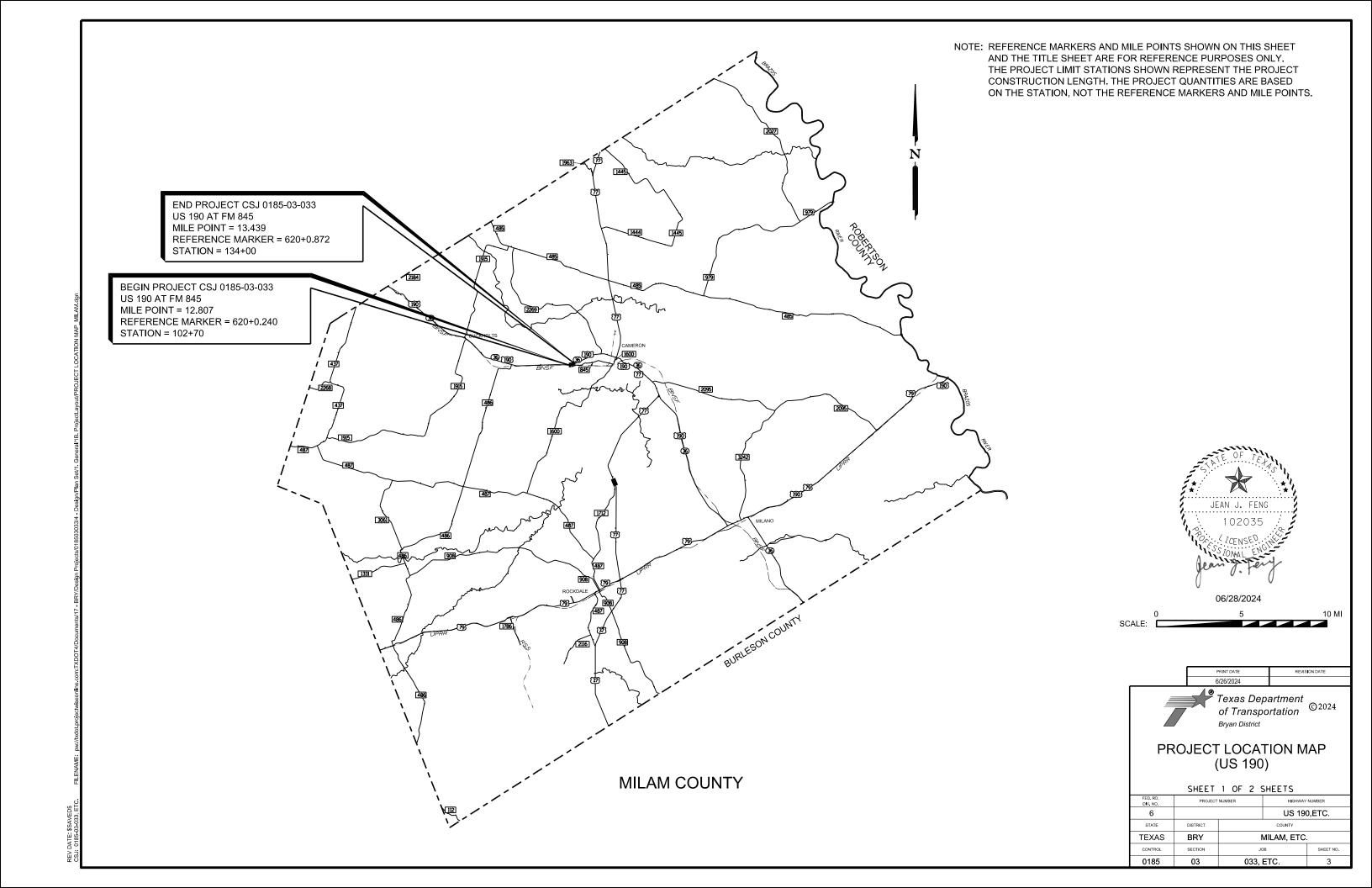
~ SCC-MD

~ SCP-MD

~ PW

~ SCP-3 ~ SCP-6

~ SW-0





06/28/2024



Texas Department of Transportation

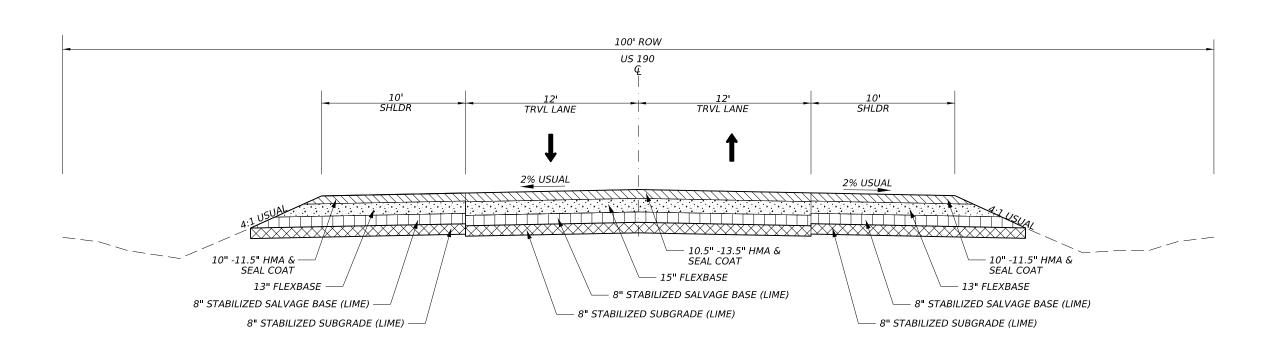
Bryan District

6/26/2024

PROJECT LOCATION MAP (SH 36)

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

SHEET Z OF Z SHEETS						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6			US 190	D,ETC.		
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
EXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.				
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	ОВ	SHEET NO.		
0185	03	033,	ETC.	4		



EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION STA 102+70 TO STA 134+00

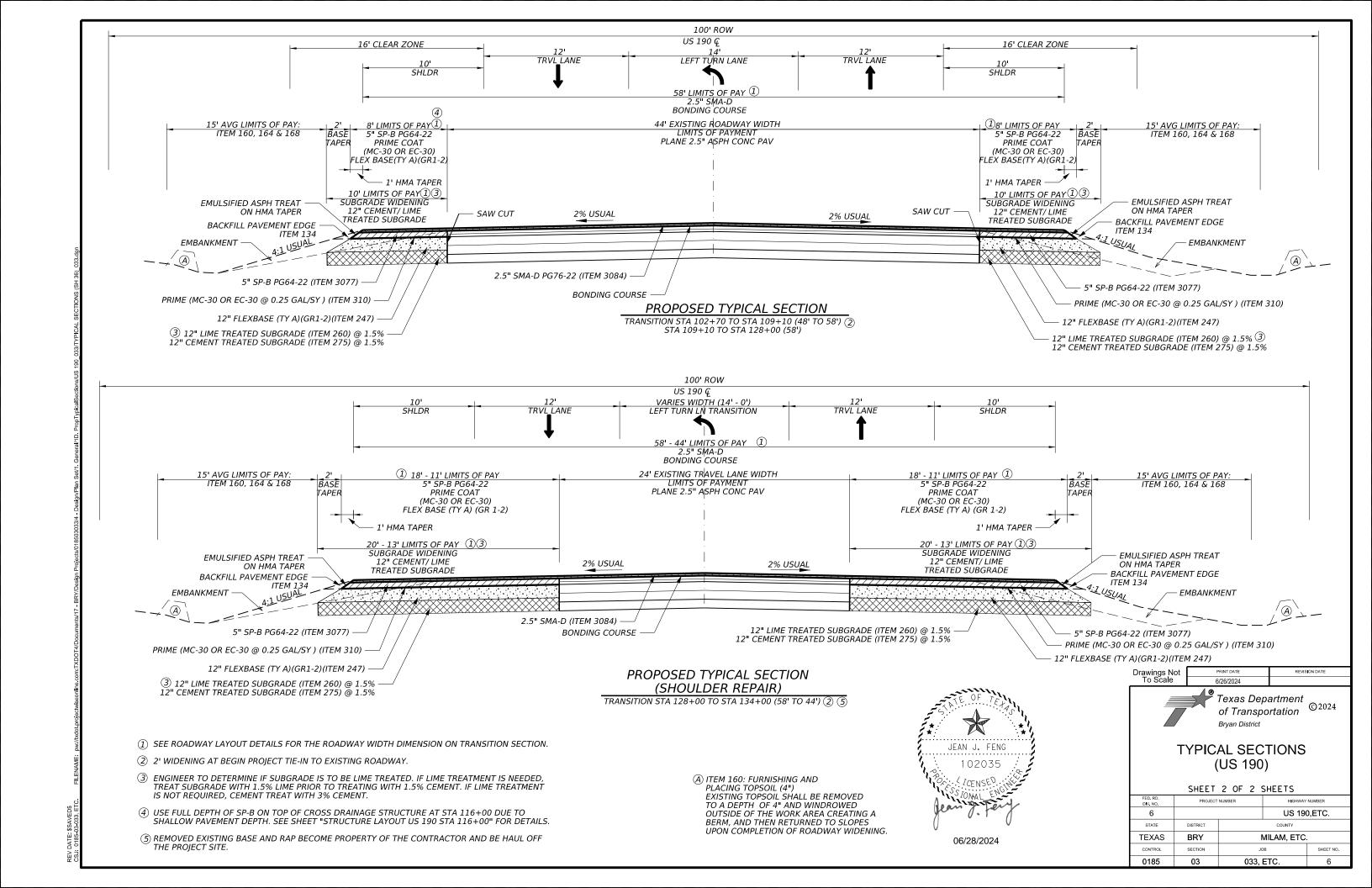


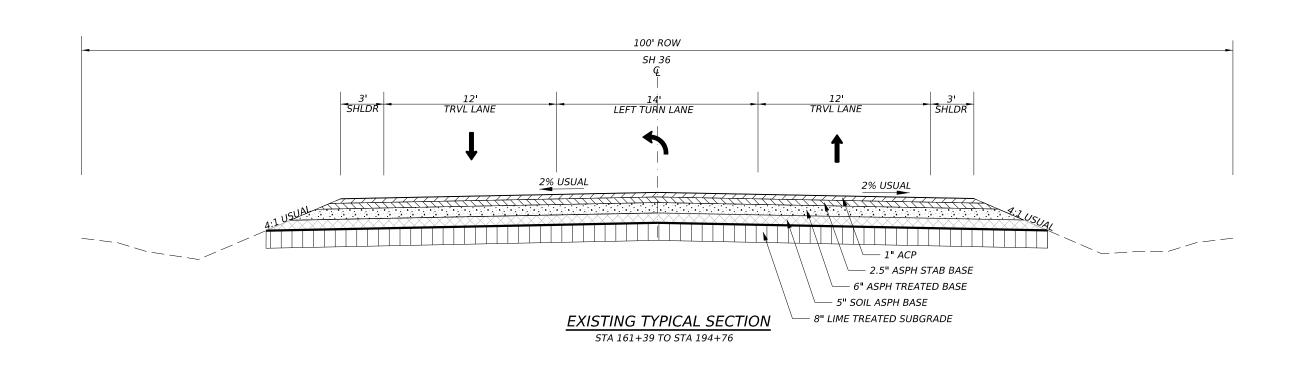
Drawings Not To Scale	PRINT DATE 6/26/2024	REVISION DATE
	Texas Depa of Transpo Bryan District	artment rtation © ²⁰²⁴

TYPICAL SECTIONS (US 190)

	SHEET	1	OF	2	SHEETS
PROJECT NUMBER					HIGH

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6		US 190,ETC.			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB		SHEET NO.	
0185	03	033.	5		







06/28/2024

Drawings Not To Scale

PRINT DATE
6/26/2024

Texas Department
of Transportation
Bryan District

PRINT DATE
REVISION DATE

REVISION DATE

REVISION DATE

REVISION DATE

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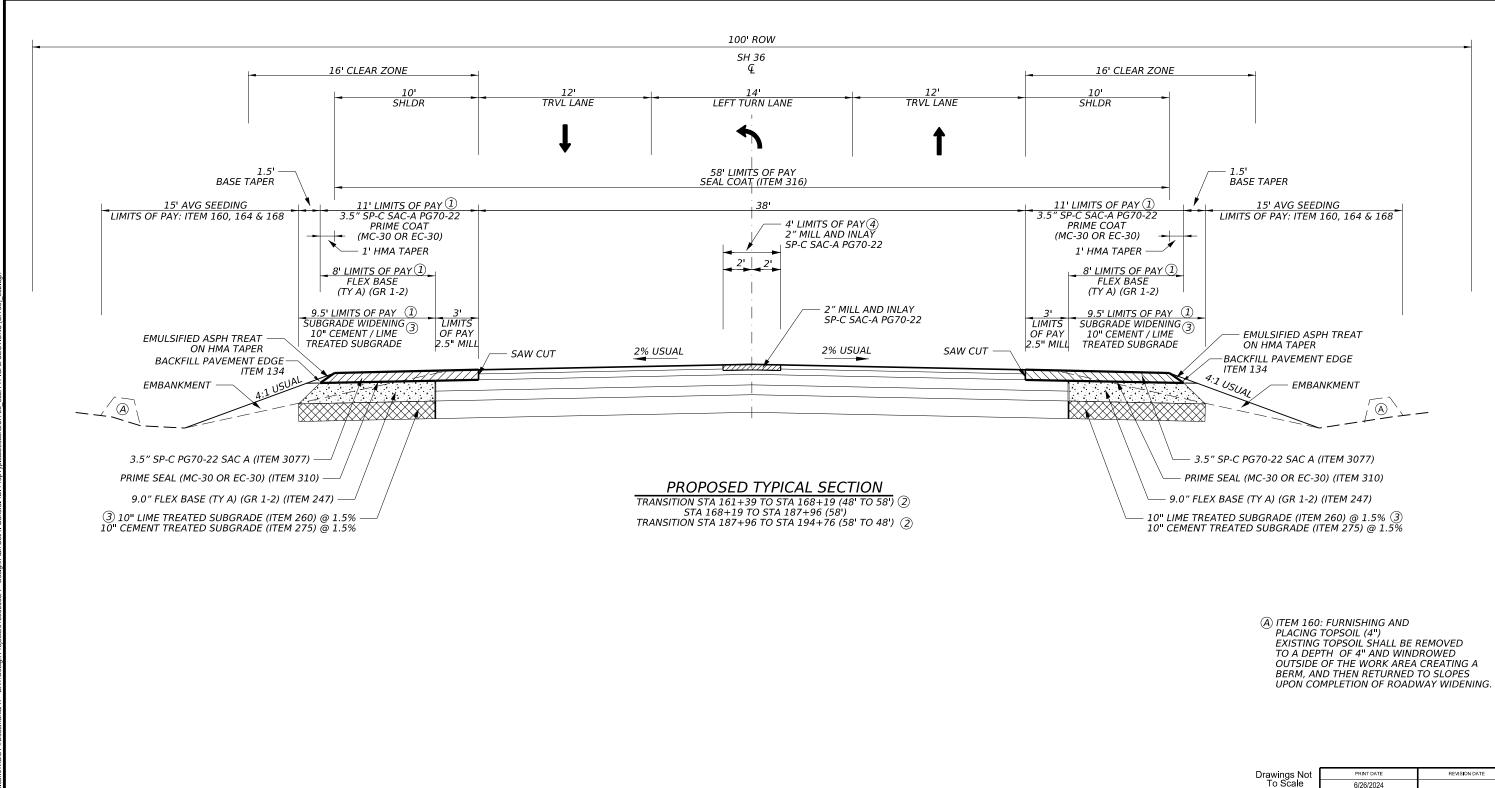
REVISION DATE

OF Transportation

TYPICAL SECTIONS (SH 36)

SHEET 1 OF 2 SHEETS

	SHEET	I OF Z .	סחבבוס			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY	Y NUMBER		
6			US 190	D,ETC.		
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
ΓEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.				
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	ов	SHEET NO.		
0185	03	033,	ETC.	7		



① SEE ROADWAY LAYOUT DETAILS FOR THE ROADWAY WIDTH DIMENSION ON TRANSITION SECTION.

2 2' WIDENING AT BEGIN AND END PROJECT TIE-IN TO EXISTING ROADWAY (STA 161+39 AND STA 194+76).

4 TO ELIMINATE RUMBLE STRIP AT THE CENTER LINE, STA 161+36 TO 168+19.



06/28/2024

Drawings Not To Scale	PRINT DATE	REVISION DATE
To Scale	6/26/2024	
	Texas Depa of Transpo Bryan District	artment rtation ^{©2024}

TYPICAL SECTIONS (SH 36)

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NUMBER		HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6			US 190	D,ETC.	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY			
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.			
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	В	SHEET NO.	
0185	03	033,	ETC.	8	

V DATE: \$SAVED\$

Sheet: 9

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE								
ITEM	(US 190 & FM 845, 0185-03-033) ITEM DESCRIPTION COURSE RATE AMOUNT QUANTITY								
168	Vegetative Watering		10 GAL/SY	4,838 SY	48 MG				
260- 6012	Lime (HYD, COM or SLRY) or QK(DRY)(SUBGRADE) (12")(1.5%)		0.0074 TON/SY	7,467 SY	55 TON				
275- 6001	Cement (12")(1.5%)		0.0074 TON/SY	7,467 SY	55 TON				
310- 6028	Asphalt (MC 30 or EC-30)	Prime	0.20 GAL/SY	6,075 SY	1,215 GAL				
3077- 6001	SP Mixes SP-B PG 64-22	5"	550 LB/SY	6,075 SY	1,671 TON				
3077- 6001	SP Mixes SP-B PG 64-22	4"	440 LB/SY	333 SY	73 TON				
3077- 6001	SP Mixes SP-B PG 64-22	2.5"	275 LB/SY	933 SY	128 TON				
3080- 6025	Stone-Mtrx-Asph SMA-D PG 76-22	2.5"	275 LB/SY	19,349 SY	2,660 TON				
3084- 6001	Bonding Course	1 ST	0.10 GAL/SY	19,349 SY	1,935 GAL				

BASIS OF ESTIMATE (US 190 & FM 845, 0185-03-033) * for contractor's information only						
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	COURSE	RATE	AMOUNT	QUANTITY	
314*	Emulsified Asph Treat		0.15 GAL/SY	1,924 SY	289 GAL	
166*	Fertilizer **		60 LBS/AC	1.186 AC	0.0356 TON	
530*	Stone-Mtrx-Asph SMA- D PG 76-22		275 LB/SY	1,228 SY	169 TON	
530*	Bonding Course		0.10 GAL/ SY	1,228 SY	123 GAL	

Note: Rates are for estimating purposes only. Actual Rates will be determined in the field.

Sheet: 9

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE (SH 36 & FM 1363, 0186-02-032)							
ITEM	TEM DESCRIPTION COURSE RATE AMOUNT QUANTITY							
168	Vegetative Watering		10 GAL/SY	5,561 SY	56 MG			
260- 6012	Lime (HYD, COM or SLRY) or QK(DRY)(SUBGRADE) (10")(1.5%)		0.0062 TON/SY	6,290 SY	39 TON			
275- 6001	Cement (10")(1.5%)		0.0062 TON/SY	6,290 SY	39 TON			
310- 6028	Asphalt (MC 30 or EC-30)	Prime	0.20 GAL/SY	7,401 SY	1,480 GAL			
316- 6017	AC-20-5TR	1st	0.38 GAL/SY	20,749 SY	7,885 GAL			
316- 6404	TY-PB GR-4 OR GR-4 SAC-A	1st	1 CY/125 SY	20,749 SY	166 CY			
3077- 6022	SP Mixes SP-C SAC-A PG 70-22	3.5"	385 LB/SY	7,401 SY	1,425 TON			
3077- 6022	SP Mixes SP-C SAC-A PG 70-22	2"	220 LB/SY	302 SY	33 TON			

	BASIS OF ESTIMATE (SH 36 & FM 1363, 0186-02-032) * for contractor's information only													
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	COURSE	RATE	AMOUNT	QUANTITY									
314*	Emulsified Asph Treat		0.15 GAL/SY	997 SY	149 GAL									
166*	FERTILIZER **		60 LBS/AC	1.149 AC	0.0345 TON									
530*	SP-MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG 70-22		220 LB/SY	2,273 SY	250 TON									
530*	Bonding Course		0.10 GAL/ SY	2,273 SY	227 GAL									

Note: Rates are for estimating purposes only. Actual Rates will be determined in the field.

General Notes Sheet A 2024 General Notes Sheet B

^{**} Tonnage represents Nitrogen content only.

^{**} Tonnage represents Nitrogen content only.

Sheet: 9A

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

GENERAL:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s): James Kreamer, P.E., A.E., <u>James.Kreamer@txdot.gov</u>
Rene Pequeno, P.E., A.A.E., <u>Rene.Pequeno@txdot.gov</u>

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors
All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Wiring coding will be done in accordance with the NEC (National Electrical Code).

Send eligible shop plan submittals with PDF attachments directly to the reviewing office.

ITEM 5 "CONTROL OF THE WORK"

Prior to letting, earthwork construction cross-section data is available at the Area Engineer's office in *Brenham* for inspection by prospective bidders. In addition, bidders may request electronic earthwork construction cross-section data by sending an email to: *James.Kreamer* @txdot.gov.

Earthwork files will be provided by email or by using TxDOT's FTP Service. These cross-sections are for non-construction purposes only, and it is the responsibility of the prospective bidder to validate the data for this project.

After letting, the Engineer will provide final earthwork construction cross-section data necessary for the contractor to establish and control the work.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

Sheet: 9A

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

ITEM 6 "CONTROL OF MATERIALS"

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

ITEM 7 "LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES"

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the growing season. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer one week in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the limits of the project. Clean the right of way to such a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

SH 36 is on a hurricane evacuation route. Furnish at the pre-construction meeting a written plan outlining procedures to suspend work, secure the job site and safely handle traffic through and across the project in the event of a hurricane evacuation.

During the hurricane season (June 1 through November 30), do not close any travel lanes except when the Contractor can demonstrate that he can provide labor, equipment, material, work plan, and quality of work to satisfactorily return all lanes to an open, all-weather travel surface within three days of receiving written or verbal notice but no later than 3 days prior to hurricane landfall. Construction of temporary lanes to an all-weather surface will be paid in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

In addition to lane closures, cease work 3 days prior to hurricane landfall on or near the roadway that adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Prohibit the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles from entering or exiting the stream of traffic including material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

In the event of the declaration of a hurricane watch, warning, other severe weather warning or national or state emergency that requires the roadways in the vicinity be used as evacuation routes, cease all work that requires the Contractor's, sub-contractors' or material suppliers'

General Notes Sheet C 2024 General Notes Sheet D

Sheet: 9B

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

vehicles to enter the stream of traffic on these primary or secondary evacuation routes. This work includes material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment.

The following roadways are recognized evacuation routes in the Bryan District:

Primary Evacuation Routes: IH 45, US 290, SH 6, SH 36.

Secondary Evacuation Routes: US 79, US 84, SH 7, SH 30, SH 21, SH 105.

Other routes may be designated.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

FOR BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY;

It is the Contractor's responsibility to contact, five working days before any work is performed, the RR at the contact information listed below to determine if fiber optic or other type of cable is buried in the general location where work is to be performed. In the event such cable is present, the Contractor then calls the owner of the fiber optic or cable line to determine its exact location. The State shall indemnify and hold harmless the Railroad against any cost or claims arising out of damage to any cable, but only to the extent such damage is caused by negligence of the State and/or its Contractor.

For 24/7 support of all requests for fiber optic locates along BNSF rights of way:

email: tim.huya@bnsf.com

Call Center Phone: 1-877-315-0513

HOUSTON TOAD (FOR SH 36 0186-02-032)

This project is subject to the following restrictions/requirements due to the possible presence of the endangered Houston Toad (*Anaxyrus= Bufo houstonensis*). Please note the below conditions for the project:

General Voluntary Conservation Measures

As part of the preconstruction conference, TxDOT environmental staff will meet with the construction contractor and staff to explain the rationale for the conservation measures, the proper implementation of those measures, and the consequences to the project from failing to ensure full compliance with the measures. The importance of immediately reporting any toad sightings and proper on-site waste management to reduce the potential of attracting Houston toad's predators such as raccoons will be presented.

Sheet: 9B

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

Proposed locations for Project Specific Locations (PSLs) such as staging areas, equipment storage, contractor parking, or fill material borrow sites must be approved by District environmental staff before the contractor may move into the selected site.

All work adjacent to suitable Houston toad habitat will be conducted during daylight hours from one hour after sunrise to one hour before sunset. Suitable Houston toad habitat has been defined along the entire eastern edge of the project area between stations as follows:

STA 161+39 TO STA 194+76

If any species of toad is found in the project area during construction, construction activities will be immediately suspended (Within 300 feet radius of the location), a photograph will be taken and sent to TxDOT environmental staff, and construction activities will remain suspended until identification can be confirmed. If TxDOT environmental staff are unable to properly identify the species, work will remain suspended until a Service permitted 10(a)(1)(A) Houston toad biologist confirms the species is not a Houston toad. If the species in the project area is confirmed to be a Houston toad, work would remain suspended until guidance is received from the Service.

No trees with a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 4 inches or greater will be removed from areas within 200 feet of suitable Houston toad habitat, or from the riparian area of water features in suitable Houston toad habitat.

If limited trimming of canopy tree branches is necessary to facilitate equipment access within the ROW, all trimmed branches will be removed and disposed of outside of the ROW daily. Trimmed branch disposal areas will not be in suitable Houston toad habitat cannot be placed within 200 feet of any suitable Houston toad habitat. In the event there is no practical alternative to placement of a PSL beyond 200 feet of suitable Houston toad habitat, that PSL and the methods for managing ingress and egress from that PSL must be approved in writing by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

If work is projected to occur within suitable Houston toad habitat January 1, 2025 – June 30, 2025, the following must take place for work to occur:

No work will occur within the project area where suitable Houston toad habitat (Service 2020b) is adjacent to the project ROW during the Houston toad breeding season (January 1- June 30) unless the project area has been separated from adjacent suitable habitat by the installation of Amphibian and Reptile Exclusion Fence (AREF). AREF would be installed prior to the beginning of Houston toad breeding season (January 1). To impede Houston toads from entering the project area and to direct toads away from those areas AREF will be placed. AREF will be clearly marked to distinguish it from sediment control fence placed for stormwater management.

The AREF will be inspected and maintained daily from January 1 to June 30 in areas adjacent to suitable Houston toad habitat, and weekly during the remainder of the year, or after a storm event to ensure the exclusion of Houston toad. A 24-hour work stoppage would occur following a

2024 General Notes Sheet E 2024 General Notes Sheet F

Sheet: 9C

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

cumulative rain event of 2 inches or more within the previous 48 hours as shown on National Weather Service's cumulative precipitation website (https://water.weather.gov/precip/). Rain gauge(s) located on-site at area(s) of construction would be used to determine rainfall amounts and confirm two inches of rainfall within 48 hours.

If the integrity of AREF is compromised by natural or construction related impacts, work in the area will stop until the AREF is restored to original design specifications. The project area must be inspected by a Service 10(a)(1)(A) permitted biologist to ensure no Houston toads entered the project area prior to work resuming.

Following the completion of construction, disturbed areas would be smoothed to avoid the creation of undesirable breeding sites within the ROW. Permanent seeding for erosion control abide by the seed mixture described in ITEM 164 of these General Notes.

Pre-project mowing within existing and maintained TxDOT ROW will only be performed during the Houston toad non-breeding season (July 1-December 31).

A TxDOT construction inspector will be on site regularly to ensure that the conservation measures are being implemented and followed.

ITEM 8 "PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS"

At the end of each work day, remove all grade differentials transverse to centerline.

At the end of each work day, provide 100 foot minimum grade tapers longitudinal to the centerline to transition differences in the profile grade line or roadway grade.

By noon of each Wednesday, provide the Engineer a written outline of the daily work schedule for the following week. Include in the outline the times and places for proposed traffic control changes, lane and shoulder closures, and moving operations or other operations that affect traffic on the roadway. Unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer, prosecute the work on this project in accordance with the following sequence of work:

- 1) Set-up Signs and Barricades.
- 2) Install temporary sediment control devices as shown on the SWP3.
- 3) Follow SEQUENCE OF WORK, phase I through phase III.
- 4) Final Cleanup

Some of these operations may be performed simultaneously.

Prepare Progress Schedule Bar Chart.

Work in the travel lanes (including lane closures) is not allowed from 7:00 AM to 8:30 AM Monday through Friday for both US 190 and SH 36.

2024 General Notes Sheet G

Sheet: 9C

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

Work is allowed to be performed during the nighttime.

Work that interferes with traffic is required to be performed during off-peak hours, 7 pm until 6 am.

Equipment and material may be pre-staged at approved locations.

The 90 day convenience delayed start allowed after authorization under SP008-056 is for Contractor mobilization.

ITEM 100 "PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY"

During burn bans obtain written approval from the Commissioners Court prior to burning brush.

Prevent ashes from burned vegetation to be transported into any stream.

If burning is not allowed, all trees and brush will be disposed of by shredding, logging or other methods approved by the Engineer. Create a windrow, stockpile, or topdress biomass on disturbed areas along the project at locations approved by necessary permits and the Engineer.

ITEM 132 "EMBANKMENT"

Provide Embankment material for areas <u>within the limits of the Pavement Structure</u> that meet one of the following requirements:

- Sources outside the ROW provide material with a plasticity index between 10 and 25 and with less than 30% silt.
- Sources within the ROW provide material with a plasticity index between 10 and 25 and with less than 30% silt.

Provide Embankment material for areas <u>outside the limits of the Pavement Structure with a plasticity index between 10 and 35.</u>

ITEM 134 "BACKFILLING PAVEMENT EDGES"

Furnish Type A or B material meeting one of the following requirements:

Item 247, Type D Grade 3;

Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) with 95% of the RAP passing the 2 inch sieve.

Place emulsified asphalt (SS-1, CSS-1, or as approved by the Engineer) at an application rate of 0.15 gal/SY.

2024 General Notes Sheet H

Sheet: 9D

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

ITEM 160 "TOPSOIL"

All slopes requiring topsoil will be tracked immediately upon final grading to prevent erosion per standard sheet EC(1)-16. Tracking slopes to prevent erosion will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items.

Topsoil may be obtained from the right of way at sites of proposed excavation and embankment.

ITEM 162 "SODDING FOR EROSION CONTROL"

Furnish and place block Bermuda sod.

ITEM 164 "SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL"

Use Austin district seed mix for rural sandy soil.

ITEM 166 "FERTILIZER"

Fertilize all areas of project that are being seeded or sodded.

ITEM 168 "VEGETATIVE WATERING"

Vegetative watering is required for all areas of the project that are being seeded or sodded.

ITEM 247 "FLEXIBLE BASE"

Place flexible base in equal lifts of 4 to 8 in. in depth unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

ITEM 301 "ASPHALT ANTISTRIPPING AGENT"

When the Contractor adds lime as an anti-stripping agent (or an equivalent anti-stripping agent) the lime or equivalent shall be added to the asphaltic concrete in the methods specified in this item unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. If an alternate method is proposed, the Engineer's approval will be based on test method Tex-242-F performed on the asphaltic concrete produced through the plant.

Sheet: 9D

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

ITEM 310 "PRIME COAT"

Cure MC 30 for 7 days before placing subsequent surface courses unless otherwise directed by the engineer.

ITEM 320 "EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT"

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, provide a Material Transfer Device with remixing capabilities as specified in Item 320.2.3.3 Placement and Compaction Equipment for all asphaltic concrete pavement.

ITEM 354 "PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT"

The contractor will take ownership of the reclaimed asphalt material from US 190.

TxDOT will keep possession of the reclaimed asphalt material from SH 36 to be stockpiled at 1.5 miles south of SH 36 and FM 976 intersection, just past the state park.

Existing raised pavement markers in the proposed work area are to be removed prior to planning operations. This item will be considered subsidiary.

Construct a fine milling pattern by adjusting the speed of the drum and the machine, as approved by the Engineer.

ITEM 416 "DRILLED SHAFT FOUNDATIONS"

Stake foundation locations and have them approved by the Engineer before installation.

The Contractor shall place roadway luminaire pole foundations a minimum of 16 feet away from the edge of the through lane and no more than 26 feet away, unless approved by the Engineer. Location shall be far enough away from overhead structures, such as bridges, to ensure the light is not occluded. Location shall not place any part of the luminaire pole, arm, or head within 10 feet of non-insulated power lines. The locations shall be at least 4 feet lateral offset from the bottom of the flow line of drainage, unless approved by the Engineer to be placed in a concrete flume.

Notify the Engineer 48 hours prior to forming and placing concrete in any unit for any of the following: Electrical Service Pole, Luminaire Pole, ITS Pole, Signal Pole and Controller Foundations. Do not place concrete without an Inspector present. Failure to inform the Engineer and provide adequate time to arrive on the job site may result in removing and replacing the foundation at the Contractor's expense.

General Notes Sheet I 2024 General Notes Sheet J

Sheet: 9E

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

ITEM 464 "REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE"

Seal joints using cold applied plastic asphalt sewer compound or cold applied preformed plastic gaskets. When cohesionless material is used for backfill, wrap the joints prior to backfilling with sand proof tape following the manufacturer's recommendations or with an equivalent material and method.

ITEM 467 "SAFETY END TREATMENTS"

All Type II SET's shall have riprap aprons as shown on the plans. Riprap aprons are considered subsidiary to Type II SET's.

ITEM 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING"

Where shown on applicable TCP standards, channelizing devices on the centerline are required at all times; including when a pilot vehicle is used to lead traffic. Mount a G20-4 sign at a conspicuous location on the rear of the vehicle. Traffic delays caused by one-lane, two-way traffic control, will not be allowed to exceed 5 minutes unless approved by the Engineer.

One way traffic control operations are required when placing centerline profile markings on all two-lane roadways, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Work area is limited to a maximum of 2 miles for this work.

During one-way operations, station flaggers at all county roads and any other locations, such as private businesses, that may have traffic entering the work area.

Prior to beginning pulverization operations, place an approved channelizing device along both sides of the travelway the entire length of the operation in accordance with the BC standards. Do not remove the channelizing devices until permanent edge striping is placed.

Removal of ground mounted temporary signs and supports as specified on standard sheet BC(5), shall include the immediate backfilling of support holes with Type B embankment material and the compaction of the backfill material.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Sheet: 9E

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed by the Engineer. Complete the weekly tracking form provided by the department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided.

Provide construction fencing as approved at all work locations to protect pedestrian or bicycle traffic. This material and its placement will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

Use all shadow vehicles with TMA's that are shown in the appropriate TCP standards. This work is subsidiary to Item 502.

ITEM 560 "MAILBOX ASSEMBLIES"

Notify the postmaster prior to installation for approval of type and temporary and permanent locations.

Retain and re-use newspaper holders removed or relocated during construction for placement on new mailbox assemblies in accordance with mailbox standard sheets.

ITEM 585 "RIDE QUALITY FOR PAVEMENT SURFACES"

Pay adjustment schedule 3 will be used to evaluate ride quality of the travel lanes in accordance with Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces."

ITEM 628 "ELECTRICAL SERVICES"

Prior to installing the electrical service at the designated location detailed in the plans the Contractor is to:

- 1. Contact the power company to obtain a meter can
- 2. Verify any requirements by the power company
- 3. Verify there is the correct type of transformer at the location to provide power to the new electrical service.

The power company is stated in the plans on the electrical service data sheet. For the installation of new electrical services, the Engineer shall setup the account. For the replacement of existing electrical services, TxDOT will provide the Contractor with the necessary information to temporarily disconnect and reconnect power to the existing TxDOT account.

Ensure that the electrical service is constructed by the manufacturer in accordance with the plans. The laminated plans in the service should include the design of the service by the manufacture and the constructed layout with schedule of materials.

2024 General Notes Sheet K 2024 General Notes Sheet L

Sheet: 9F

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

ITEM 644 "SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN ASSEMBLIES"

Salvage and deliver all aluminum sign faces to the local TxDOT maintenance office.

ITEM 662 "WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS"

Paint and beads may be used for non-removable work zone pavement markings.

All striping limits must be approved by the Engineer before striping operations may begin.

ITEM 666 "REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS"

Unless authorized by the Engineer, the Contractor will not place the pavement markings on the resurfaced roadway until it has cured for 3 days.

All striping limits must be approved by the Engineer before striping operations may begin.

ITEM 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS"

Use flexible bituminous adhesive for applications on all pavement types.

ITEM 678 "PAVEMENT SURFACE PREPARATION FOR MARKINGS"

It is not anticipated that pavement surface preparation for markings will be needed. If the Engineer determines that it is needed, payment for work will be determined in accordance with Article 9.7 "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

ITEM 3077 "SUPERPAVE MIXTURES"

Hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry or an equivalent anti-stripping agent may be used. If hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry is used up to 1.0 percent may be added. If an equivalent anti-stripping agent is used, add according to manufacturers recommendations. Provide hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry in accordance with DMS-6350, "Lime and Lime Slurry". Add hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry, or an equivalent anti-stripping agent in accordance with Section 301.4.2.

Apply tack coat through a distributor spray bar in accordance with Section 316.3.1. Distributor. If residual from emulsion tack is not tacky, then the Engineer can require the use of PG binder.

Sheet: 9F

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

RAS is not permitted.

ITEM 3080 "STONE MATRIX ASPHALT"

Use aggregate that meets the SAC requirement of class A.

Hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry or an equivalent anti-stripping agent may be used. If hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry is used up to 1.0 percent may be added. If an equivalent anti-stripping agent is used, add according to manufacturers recommendations. Provide hydrated lime or commercial lime slurry in accordance with DMS-6350, "Lime and Lime Slurry". Add hydrated lime, commercial lime slurry, or an equivalent anti-stripping agent in accordance with Section 301.4.2.

Apply tack coat through a distributor spray bar in accordance with Section 316.3.1. Distributor. If residual from emulsion tack is not tacky, then the Engineer can require the use of PG binder.

No RAS allowed in surface courses or thin level-up courses.

Blending will not be permitted.

ITEM 6001 "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN"

Furnish, install, and operate up to 4 Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for this project. The signs can be used both on the project and within a ten (10) mile radius of the project. Locations, messages, and durations of use will be specified by the Engineer. The primary uses will be to inform the public of special events, lane and road closures, and changes in traffic control. Signs will be paid for only when used as directed by the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet M 2024 General Notes Sheet N

Sheet: 9G

Highway: US 190, ETC. Control: 0185-03-033, ETC.

County: MILAM, ETC.

ITEM 6185 "TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)"

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan (TCP) for this project,

Provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP (1-1)-18 as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

Provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP (1-2)-18 as detailed on General Note 5 of this standard sheet.

Provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP (2-1)-18 as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

Provide one (1) shadow vehicle with TMA for TCP (2-2)-18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet.

Provide two (2) (shadow and trail) vehicles with TMA for TCP (3-1)-13 as detailed on General Note 3 of this standard sheet.

Provide two (2) (shadow and trail) vehicles with TMA for TCP (3-3)-14 as detailed on General Note 3 of this standard sheet.

Provide one (1) shadow vehicles with TMA for TCP (S-1)-08 as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet.

Provide one (1) shadow vehicles with TMA for TCP (S-2)-08A as detailed on General Note 10 of this standard sheet.

Therefore, 10 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

One Hundred Eighty (186) TMA days are provided in the project estimate for stationary operations.

Four (4) TMA days are provided in the project estimate for mobile operations.

2024 General Notes Sheet O





Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0185-03-033

DISTRICT Bryan HIGHWAY SH 36, US 190

COUNTY Burleson, Milam

Report Created On: Jun 26, 2024 3:20:13 PM

		CONTROL SECTI	ON JOB	0185-03	3-033	0185-0	03-036	0186-02	2-032	_	
		PRO	JECT ID	A00184	1356	A002	09280	A00184	359		
		C	OUNTY	Mila	m	Mil	lam	Burles	ion	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HI	GHWAY	US 19	90	US	190	SH 3	6		TINAL
L T	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	2.000				1.000		3.000	
	104-6017	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	SY	210.000						210.000	
	104-6028	REMOVING CONC (MISC)	SY	27.000						27.000	
	105-6015	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (8"-10")	SY					234.000		234.000	
	105-6029	REMOVE STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (24")	SY	1,333.000						1,333.000	
	112-6001	SUBGRADE WIDENING (ORD COMP)	STA	31.300				33.370		64.670	
	132-6005	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	CY	70.000				80.000		150.000	
	134-6004	BACKFILL (TY A OR B)	STA	31.300				33.370		64.670	
	160-6003	FURNISHING AND PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	SY	4,838.000				5,561.000		10,399.000	
	164-6001	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (SANDY)	SY	4,838.000				5,561.000		10,399.000	
	164-6071	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	SY	4,838.000				5,561.000		10,399.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	48.000				56.000		104.000	
	247-6219	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY A GR 1-2)(9")	SY					5,177.000		5,177.000	
	247-6233	FL BS (CMP IN PLACE)(TY A GR 1-2)(12")	SY	6,075.000						6,075.000	
	260-6009	LIME TRT (EXST MATL)(10")	SY					6,290.000		6,290.000	
	260-6012	LIME(HYD,COM OR QK)(SLRY)OR QK(DRY)	TON	55.000				39.000		94.000	
	260-6084	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE)(12")	SY	7,467.000						7,467.000	
	275-6001	CEMENT	TON	55.000				39.000		94.000	
	275-6063	CEMENT TREAT (SUBGRADE)(10")	SY					6,290.000		6,290.000	
	275-6080	CEMENT TREAT (SUBGRADE)(12")	SY	7,467.000						7,467.000	
	310-6028	PRIME COAT (MC-30 OR EC-30)	GAL	1,215.000				1,480.000		2,695.000	
	316-6017	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	GAL					7,885.000		7,885.000	
	316-6404	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 SAC-A)	CY					166.000		166.000	
	354-6045	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (2")	SY					302.000		302.000	
	354-6057	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (4")	SY	333.000						333.000	
	354-6064	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (2 1/2")	SY	14,902.000						14,902.000	
	354-6065	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (3 1/2")	SY					2,224.000		2,224.000	
	402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	5.000						5.000	
	416-6029	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	LF					32.000		32.000	
	420-6051	CL C CONC (CULV)	CY					4.800		4.800	
	432-6009	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B) (4")	CY	2.000				1.400		3.400	
	462-6095	CONC BOX CULV (6 FT X 2 FT) (EXTEND)	LF	11.000						11.000	
	464-6003	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	LF	192.000				144.000		336.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF	48.000			1			48.000	
	466-6192	WINGWALL (PW - 2) (HW=3 FT)	EA	2.000			1			2.000	
	466-6196	WINGWALL (PW - 2) (HW=7 FT)	EA					1.000		1.000	
	466-6197	WINGWALL (PW - 2) (HW=8 FT)	EA					1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Milam	0185-03-033	10



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0185-03-033

DISTRICT Bryan HIGHWAY SH 36, US 190 **COUNTY** Burleson, Milam

Report Created On: Jun 26, 2024 3:20:13 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0185-03-033	3	0185-0	03-036	0186-02	2-032	_	
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00184356		A0020	09280	A00184	1359		
		CC	OUNTY	Milam		Mil	am	Burle	son	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 190		US	190	SH 3	36		TINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST. F	INAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	466-6206	WINGWALL (SW - 0) (HW=3 FT)	EA					3.000		3.000	
	467-6363	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	16.000				8.000		24.000	
	467-6389	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (3: 1) (P)	EA	2.000						2.000	
	467-6390	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (4: 1) (C)	EA	2.000						2.000	
	496-6004	REMOV STR (SET)	EA	5.000						5.000	
	496-6005	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)	EA	2.000				5.000		7.000	
	496-6007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	24.000						24.000	
	496-6016	REMOV STR (PIPE)	EA	7.000				6.000		13.000	
	496-6091	REMOV STR (CURB)	EA	2.000						2.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.600				0.400		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	13.000						13.000	
	506-6002	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 2)	LF	240.000				320.000		560.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	240.000				320.000		560.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	2,265.000				2,100.000		4,365.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	2,265.000				2,100.000		4,365.000	
	529-6032	CONCRETE GUTTER (MODIFIED)	LF	230.000				461.000		691.000	
	530-6002	INTERSECTIONS (ACP)	SY	514.000				1,226.000		1,740.000	
	530-6004	DRIVEWAYS (CONC)	SY	192.000						192.000	
	530-6005	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SY	714.000				1,047.000		1,761.000	
	533-6001	RUMBLE STRIPS (SHOULDER)	LF	6,526.000				7,474.000		14,000.000	
	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	6,526.000				7,474.000		14,000.000	
	560-6001	MAILBOX INSTALL-S (TWG-POST) TY 1	EA	6.000						6.000	
	560-6002	MAILBOX INSTALL-D (TWG-POST) TY 1	EA	1.000						1.000	
	610-6214	IN RD IL (TY SA) 40T-8 (250W EQ) LED	EA					4.000		4.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF					400.000		400.000	
	618-6024	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2") (BORE)	LF					433.000		433.000	
	620-6008	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	LF					2,544.000		2,544.000	
	624-6010	GROUND BOX TY D (162922)W/APRON	EA					6.000		6.000	
	628-6145	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)SP(O)	EA					1.000		1.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)						9.000		19.000	
	644-6030	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA					2.000		2.000	
	644-6033	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000				4.000		5.000	
	644-6037	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U-WC)	EA	2.000						2.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	15.000				15.000		30.000	
	658-6101			4.000				4.000		8.000	
	662-6012	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)8"(SLD)	LF	780.000				1,540.000		2,320.000	
	662-6035	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(BRK)	LF	30.000				80.000		110.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Milam	0185-03-033	10A



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0185-03-033

DISTRICT Bryan HIGHWAY SH 36, US 190 **COUNTY** Burleson, Milam

Report Created On: Jun 26, 2024 3:20:13 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0185-03	3-033	0185-03	3-036	0186-02	2-032		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00184	4356	A00209	9280	A00184	4359		
		C	YTNUC	Mila	m	Mila	m	Burle	son	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	US 1	90	US 1	90	SH 3	36		TINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	662-6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	8,454.000				9,384.000		17,838.000	
	662-6050	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (REFL) TY II-A-A	EA	130.000						130.000	
	662-6067	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	10,246.000						10,246.000	
	662-6098	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	10,246.000						10,246.000	
	662-6109	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY W	EA	413.000				77.000		490.000	
	662-6110	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y	EA	39.000				520.000		559.000	
	666-6035	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	780.000				1,540.000		2,320.000	
	666-6047	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	20.000				300.000		320.000	
	666-6053	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(090MIL)	EA	2.000				4.000		6.000	
	666-6077	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(090MIL)	EA	2.000				4.000		6.000	
	666-6101	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)36"(YLD TRI)(090MIL)	EA					5.000		5.000	
	666-6308	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	5,800.000				7,972.000		13,772.000	
	666-6317	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	30.000				80.000		110.000	
	666-6320			8,454.000				9,384.000		17,838.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	39.000				77.000		116.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	413.000				470.000		883.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	3,126.000						3,126.000	
	685-6003	REMOVE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA					2.000		2.000	
	685-6004	INSTL RDSD FLSH BCN ASSM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA					2.000		2.000	
	3077-6001	SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22	TON	1,872.000						1,872.000	
	3077-6022	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG70-22	TON					1,458.000		1,458.000	
	3080-6025	STONE-MTRX-ASPH SMA-D PG76-22	TON	2,660.000						2,660.000	
	3080-6029	TACK COAT	GAL			1.000				1.000	
	3084-6001	BONDING COURSE	GAL	1,935.000						1,935.000	
	5116-6001	AMPHIBIAN/REPTILE EXCLUSION FENCE INST	LF					2,994.000		2,994.000	
	5116-6002	AMPHIBIAN/REPTILE EXCLUSION FENCE REM	LF					2,994.000		2,994.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	4.000						4.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	186.000						186.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	4.000						4.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000						1.000	
		LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000						1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000						1.000	
		RAILROAD FLAGGING: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000						1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Bryan	Milam	0185-03-033	10B

					S	UMMARY	OF ROAI	DWAY (TITNAUÇ	IES										
				ITEN	И 105	ITEM 112	ITEM 134		ITEM 247			ITEM 26	60	ITEM	И 275	ITE	√l 310		ITEM 316	
				6015	6029	6001	6004		6219	6233		6009	6084	6063	6080		6028		6017	6064
COMMENTS	STA ⁻	ΓΙΟΝ	LENGTH	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (8"-10")	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (24")	SUBGRADE WIDENING (ORD COMP)	BACKFILL (TY A OR B)	WIDTH	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A GR 1-2) (9")	FL BS (CMP IN PLACE) (TY A GR 1-2) (12")	WIDTH	LIME TRT (EXST MATL) (10")	LIME TRT (SUBGRADE) (12")	CEMENT TREAT (SUBGRADE) (10")	CEMENT TREAT (SUBGRADE) (12")	WIDTH	PRIME COAT (MC-30 OR EC-30)	WIDTH	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	AGGR (TY-PD GR-3 OR TY-PL GR-3)
	FROM	TO	FT		SY	STA	STA	FT	SY	SY	FT			SY	SY	FT	SY	FT	SY	SY
TRANS (LT TURN LN)	102+70	109+10	640			6.40	6.40	AVG 11		782	AVG 15		1,067		1,067	AVG 11	782			
TYP SECTION (LT TURN LN)	109+10	128+00	1,890			18.90	18.90	16		3,360	20		4,200		4,200	16	3,360			
TRANS (LT TURN LN) & SHLDER REPAIR						6.00	6.00	AVG 29		1,933	AVG 33		2,200		2,200	AVG 29	1,933		1	
SHLDER REPAIR TCP PHASE II A (4"	128+00	134+00	600																1	
SHLDER REPAIR TCP PHASE II A & III B					1,333														1	
FM 845 INTERSECTION																				
CSJ 0185-03-033 (US 190)		3,130	0	1,333	31.30	31.30		0	6,075		0	7,467	0	7,467		6,075		0	0
TRANS (LT TURN LN)	161+39	168+19	680			6.80	6.80	AVG 11	831		AVG 14	1,058		1,058		AVG 17	1,284	AVG 53	4,004	4,004
TYP SECTION (LT TURN LN)	168+19	187+96	1,977			19.77	19.77	16	3,515		19	4,174		4,174		22	4,833	58	12,741	12,741
TRANS (LT TURN LN)	187+96	194+76	680			6.80	6.80	AVG 11	831		AVG 14	1,058		1,058		AVG 17	1,284	AVG 53	4,004	4,004
FM 1363 INTERSECTION				234										·						
CSJ 0186-02-032 (SH 36)		3,337	234	0	33.37	33.37		5,177	0		6,290	0	6,290	0		7,401		20,749	20,749
PROJECT TOTAL	AL:			234	1,333	64.67	64,67		5,177	6,075		6,290	7,467	6,290	7,467		13,476		20,749	20,749
① REFER TO "BASIS OF ESTIMATE" FOR																				

② SEE SHEET "CONCRETE CURB DETAIL FOR INTERSECTION" FOR DETAILS.
③ 4' STRIP OF 2" MILL AND INLAY FROM STATION 161+39 TO STATION 168+00, TO ELIMINATE CENTER LINE RUMBLE STRIP.

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY QUANTITIES (CONT'D)

						ITEN	Л 354			ITEM 496	ITEM 529				ITEM 3	3077				ITEM	13080	ITEM	/I 3084
					6064	6065	6057		6045	6091	6032		6	001			6	022			6025		6001
COMMENTS	STA ⁻	TION	LENGTH	WIDTH	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (2 1/2")	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (3 1/2")	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (4")	WIDTH	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (2")(3)	REMOV STR (CURB)	CONCRETE GUTTER (MODIFIED)	MIDTH	SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22 (5")	SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22 (4")	SP MIXES SP-B PG64-22 (2.5")	WIDTH	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG70-22 (3.5") (1)	WIDTH	SP MIXES SP-C SAC-A PG70-22 (2") 1 3	WIDTH	STONE- MTRX- ASPH SMA-D PG76-22 (2.5") (1)	WIDTH	BONDING COURSE
	FROM	TO	FT	FT	SY	SY	SY	FT	SY	EA	LF	FT	SY	SY	SY		SY		SY	FT	SY	FT	SY
TRANS (LT TURN LN)	102+70	109+10	640	44	3,129							AVG 11	782							AVG 53	3,769	AVG 53	3,769
TYP SECTION (LT TURN LN)	109+10	128+00	1,890	44	9,240							16	3,360							58	12,180	58	12,180
TRANS (LT TURN LN) & SHLDER REPAIR				24	1,600							AVG 29	1,933							AVG 51	3,400	AVG 51	3,400
SHLDËR REPAIR TCP PHASE II A (4"	128+00	134+00	600	5			333					5		333									
SHLDER REPAIR TCP PHASE II A & III B				14	933							14			933								
FM 845 INTERSECTION										2	230												
CSJ 0185-03-033 (US 190)			3,130		14,902	0	333		0	2	230		6,075	333	933		0				19,349		19,349
TRANS (LT TURN LN)	161+39	168+19	680	6		453		4	302							AVG 17	1,284	4	302				
TYP SECTION (LT TURN LN)	168+19	187+96	1,977	6		1,318										22	4,833						
TRANS (LT TURN LN)	187+96	194+76	680	6		453										AVG 17	1,284						
FM 1363 INTERSECTION											461												
CSJ 0186-02-032 (SH 36)			3,337		0	2,224	0		302	0	461		0	0	0		7,401		302		0		0
PROJECT TOTA	L:				14,902	2,224	333		302	2	691		6,075	333	933		7,401		302		19,349		19,349

1 REFER TO "BASIS OF ESTIMATE" FOR APPLICATION RATES AND QUANTITIES.
2 SEE SHEET "CONCRETE CURB DETAIL FOR INTERSECTION" FOR DETAILS.

3 4' STRIP OF 2" MILL AND INLAY FROM STATION 161+39 TO STATION 168+00, TO ELIMINATE CENTER LINE RUMBLE STRIP.

Texas Department of Transportation ©2024

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED QUANTITIES

SHEET 1 OF 5 SHEETS

	JIILLI	1 01 3 31	ILLIJ	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY	NUMBER
6			US 190	D,ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	BRY	1	MILAM, ETC.	
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	ОВ	SHEET NO.
0185	03	033,	ETC.	11

6004

(CONC)

192

192

6005

62

65

127

61

64

64

64

95

51

61

714

DRIVEWAYS DRIVEWAYS INTERSECTION

6002

514

514

6017

REMOVING

CONC (DRIVEWAYS)

(RADII)

FT

10 15

15 15

30 30

15 | 15

85 25

15 15

15 15

15 | 15

15 5

15 15

15 | 15

20 20

D (LENGTH) (WIDTH)

35

35

36

32

28

98

34

34

27

32

29

32

FT

14

14

21

14

17

30

14

14

28

40

14

14

PROPOSED PIPE

18"X 26' RCP

18"X 26' RCP

18" X 28' RCP

18" X 30' RCP

18" X 26' RCP

24" X 53' RCP

18" X 24' RCP

18" X 24' RCP

10

10

6

11

EXISTING

MATERIAL

DIRT

DIRT

GRAVEL

DIRT

ASPHALT

DIRT

DIRT

GRAVEL

CONCRETE

DIRT

DIRT

CSJ 0185-03-033 TOTAL:

ITEM 464 ITEM 467

6363

(18 IN) (RCP)

(6: 1)(Ý)

2

2

16

6003

RC PIPE (CL III) (18 IN)

26

26

28

30

26

24

192

ITEM 496

6016

REMOV

(PIPE)

7

REMARKS

RESIDENTIAL/MAKE DRV 90^ TO RDWY

RESIDENTIAL

CR 217

RESIDENTIAL

RESIDENTIAL

FM 845

RESIDENTIAL

RESIDENTIAL

FM 1486

COMM / ADD 4' JT EA SIDE

RESIDENTIAL

RESIDENTIAL

6004

REMOV

(SET)

	DW NO.	STATIO	ON	EXIST PIPE
	1-1	103+03	LT	18"X20' RCP
	1-2	104+47	LT	18"X18' RCP
	1-3	111+83	RT	30"X42' RCP W/SETS
	1-4	113+06	LT	18" X 20' RCP
	1-5	114+72	LT	18" X 30' CMP
	1-6	115+00	RT	
	1-7	116+46	LT	
	1-8	117+68	LT	18" X 20' RCP
"	1-9	121+62	RT	NONE
Ě	1-10	123+26	RT	18" X 45' RCP
JAN	1-11	123+77	LT	18" X 22' RCP
D D	2-1	125+04	LT	18" X 22' RCP W/SETS
DATE				
SSUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED QUANTITES	1 SEE SHE	ET "DRIVE	EWAY	DETAILS".
%SUMM				

SUMMARY OF DRIVEWAYS (0186-02-032)

210

210

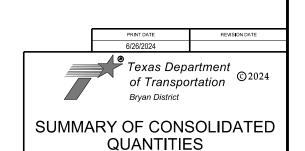
										ITEM 104	,	ITEM 530		ITEM 464	ITEM 467	ITEN	1 496	
										6017	6004	6005	6002	6003	6363	6004	6016	
DW NO.	STATION	EXIST PIPE	EXISTING MATERIAL	PROPOSED PIPE	D	(LENGTH)	(WIDTH)	R1/ (RA	DII)	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	(CONC)	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	INTERSECTION (ACP)	RC PIPE (CL III) (18 IN)	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1)(P)	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (PIPE)	REMARKS
					FT	FT	FT	F	Т	SY	SY	SY	SY	LF	EA	EA	EA	
1-1	167+77 RT	NONE	ASPHALT			49	14	15	15			87						PASTURE
1-2	167+97 LT	NONE	ASPHALT			38	19	15	15			91						PASTURE
1-3	178+07 RT	NONE	ASPHALT			173	28	95	100				1226					FM 1363
1-4	178+30 LT	NONE	ASPHALT			69	22	40	45			317						CR 328
1-5	180+17 LT	NONE	ASPHALT			32	14	15	15			61						PASTURE
2-1	181+43 LT	12"X50' CMP	ASPHALT	REMOVE													1	PAST / REMOV PER MAINT OFFICE
2-2	182+07 LT	12"X42' CMP	ASPHALT	18"X 42' RCP	17	34	21	15	15			90		42	2		1	PASTURE
2-3	182+71 LT	12"X45' CMP	ASPHALT	REMOVE													1	PAST / REMOV PER MAINT OFFICE
2-4	184+12 LT	18"X24' CMP	ASPHALT	18"X22' RCP	17	34	14	35	35			111		22	2		1	PASTURE
2-5	187+33 LT	18"X42' CMP	ASPHALT	18"X42' RCP	23	34	25	35	35			153		42	2		1	TXDOT STOCKPILE YARD
2-6	190+60 LT	18"X44' CMP	ASPHALT	18"X44' RCP	28	38	30	15	15			137		38	2		1	PASTURE
	·		CSJ 0186-02-032 T	OTAL:						0	0	1,047	1,226	144	8	0	6	
	•		PROJECT TOTA	ALS:		•	•		,	210	192	1,761	1,740	336	24	1	13	

1 SEE SHEET "DRIVEWAY DETAILS".

SUMMARY OF MAILBOX TURNOUTS & INSTALLATIONS

		MAILDOX		IALLATION
			ITEM 560 MAIL	BOX INSTALL
		NUMBER	6001	6002
STATION	LT/RT	OF MAILBOXES	MAILBOX INSTALL-S (TWG-POST) TY 1	MAILBOX INSTALL-D (TWG-POST) TY 1
			EA	EA
US	190, 0185-03-	033		
103+40	LT	1	1	
112+90	LT	1	1	
114+50	LT	1	1	
116+25	LT	1	1	
117+80	LT	1	1	
122+00	RT	1	1	
125+30	LT	2		1
TOTAL	. US 190, 0185-	03-033:	6	1
A CALVACE	- AND DELL	CE ANY NEW	CDARED DELIVERY D	OVEC

1 SALVAGE AND REUSE ANY NEWSPAPER DELIVERY BOXES



SHEET 2 OF 5 SHEETS

	SHEET	2 OF 5	SHEE 12						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER							
6		US 190,ETC.							
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY							
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.							
CONTROL	SECTION	Ji	SHEET NO.						
0185	03	033,	12						

EV DATE: \$SAVED\$

0

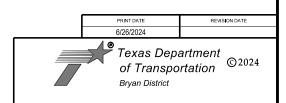
DRAINAGE ITEM SUMMARY

		ITEM 100	ITEM 104	ITEM 132	ITEM 402	ITEM 432	ITEM 462	ITEM 464		ITEN	Л 467		ITEN	Л 467		ITEM 496		ITEM 658
		6002	6028	6005	6001	6009	6095	6005	6192	6196	6197	6206	6389	6390	6004	6005	6007	6101
STR. NO.	LOCATION	PREPARING ROW	REMOVING CONC (MISC)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (ORD COMP) (TY C)	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B) (4 IN)	CONC BOX CULV (6FT X 2FT) (EXTEND)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24 IN)	WINGWALL (PW-2) (HW=3FT)	WINGWALL (PW-2) (HW=7FT)	WINGWALL (PW-2) (HW=8FT)	WINGWALL (SW - 0) (HW=3FT)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (3:1) (C)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (4:1) (C)	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (WING WALL)	REMOV STR (PIPE)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z) (WFLX) SURF) SRF
		STA	SY	CY	LF	CY	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	EA
3	STA 105+83	1		40			11		2							2		2
4	STA 116+00	1	27	30	5	2		48					2	2	4		24	2
CSJ 01	85-03-033 (US 190)	2	27	70	5	2	11	48	2	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	24	4
91	H 36 INTERSECTION									1	<u> </u>	3		1	<u> </u>	3		3
2	STA 164+97	1		80						1	1	3				2		1
		4	0			_	0	0	0		1	3		_			0	1
C210	186-02-032 (SH 36)	1	0	80	U	U	U	U	U	1	1	3	0	l O	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	4
PRO	DJECT TOTALS:	3	27	150	5	2	11	48	2	1	1	3	2	2	4	7	24	8

SUMMARY OF SWP3 QUANTITIES

				ITEM 160	ITEN	1164	ITEM 168		ITEN	1 506		ITEM	5116
				6003	6001	6071	6001	6002	6011	6038	6039	6001	6002
SW3P LAYOUT	BEGIN STA	END STA	STA (FT) AND (PERM) (TEMP) WATERING DAMS DAMS (RURAL) (WARM	T) AND	FILTER	TEMP SEDMT CONT	TEMP SEDMT CONT		N REPTILE ON FENCE				
NO.				PLACING TOPSOIL (4")	(RURAL) (SANDY)	(WARM OR COOL)			(REMOVE)	FENCE (INSTALL)	FENCE (REMOVE)	INST	REM
				SY	SY	SY	SY	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF
US 1	90 AT FM	845											
1	102+70	124+00	2130	3,550	3,550	3,550	3,550	160	160	480	480		
2	124+00	131+73	773	1,288	1,288	1,288	1,288	80	80	1,785	1,785		
TOTA	L 0185-03	-033		4,838	4,838	4,838	4,838	240	240	2,265	2,265		
SH 3	6 AT FM 1	363											
1	161+39	181+00	1961	3,268	3,268	3,268	3,268	220	220	890	890	1729	1729
2	181+00	194+76	1376	2,293	2,293	2,293	2,293	100	100	1,210	1,210	1265	1265
TOTA	L 0186-02	-032		5,561	5,561	5,561	5,561	320	320	2,100	2,100	2,994	2,994
PRO	JECT TOTA	ALS:		10,399	10,399	10,399	10,399	560	560	4,365	4,365	2,994	2,994

1 FOR CONTRACTORS INFORMATION ONLY. SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR RATES AND QUANTITIES



SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED QUANTITIES

SHEET 3 OF 5 SHEETS

	J.ILL.	3 0, 3	J. ILL 1 J						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER							
6			US 190	D,ETC.					
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY						
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.							
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	ОВ	SHEET NO.					
0185	03	033,	ETC.	13					

ILLUMINATION SUMMARY (SH 36 AT FM 1363)

	SCHEDULE OF SIGNAL CONDUIT, CONDUCTORS, AND ASSEMBLIES												
		ITEM 416	ITEM 432	ITEM 610	ITEM 618		/I 618		ΙΤ	EM 620	ITEM 624		
		6029	6009	6214 6023 6024 6		6008	6010						
RUN NUMBER /LABEL	LENGTH	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B) (4")	IN RD IL (TY SA) 40T-8 (250W EQ) LED	(TY SA) 40T-8 (SCHD 40) (SCHD 40) ((250W EQ) (2") (2")			(SCHD 40) (2") (BORE)		C CONDR NO 8) ULATED	GROUND BOX TY D (162922) W/APRON		
		LF	LF	EA	EA	LF	EA	LF	EA	LF	LF		
1	182				1	182			3	546			
2	230						1	230	3	720			
3	87						1	87	3	246			
4	75				1	75			3	255			
5	5				1	5			3	15			
6	116						1	116	3	348			
7	132				1	132			3	396			
8	6				1	6			3	18			
LP1		8	0.35	1									
LP2		8	0.35	1									
LP3		8	0.35	1									
LP4		8	0.35	1									
GB1											1		
GB2											1		
GB3											1		
GB4											1		
GB5											1		
GB6											1		
TOTAL CSJ	: 0186-02-032	32	1.4	4		400		433		2544	6		

II I UMINATION SUMMARY (SH 36 AT FM 1363) 0186-	ハク_ハマク

		ILLU	ELE		SERVICE DAT		<u> </u>						
	ITEM 628-6145												
ELEC SERVICE DATA	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION (SEE ED (5)-14)	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE (RMC)	SERVICE CONDUCTORS NO./SIZE	SAFETY SWITCH AMPS	MAIN DISCONNECT CKT. BRK. POLE/AMP	TWO-POLE CONTRACTOR AMPS	PANELBD. /LOADCENTER AMP RATING	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CKT./BRD POLE/AMPS	BRANCH CIRCUIT AMPS	K/A LOAD		
SP1	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060 (N/S) SS (E) SP (O)	2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60	40	100	SPARE SPARE LIGHTING SPARE	1P/30 1P/30 2P/20 2P/20	N/A N/A 1 N/A	0.2		

- * THE 240 VAC BRANCH CIRCUITS SHALL OPERATE THROUGH THE TWO-POOLE LIGHTING CONTACTOR, AND THE 911 ADDRESS SHALL BE MARKED ON THE INSIDE OF THE ELECTRICAL SERVICE DOOR.
- * 911ADDRESS 6340 STATE HIGHWAY 36 N CALDWELL TX 77836
- * CONTRACTOR SHALL VERFIY WITH POWER COMPANY (BLUEBONNET) THE LOCATION OF THE SERVICE, THE TRANSFORMER, ANY INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS, AND OBTAIN THE APPROPRIATE METER ENCLOSURE TO INSTALL ON THE NEW SERVICE POLE.



SHEET 4 OF 5 SHEETS

	SHEEL	4 UF 3	SHEE I S						
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER							
6		US 190,ETC.							
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY							
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.							
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	ОВ	SHEET NO.					
0185	03	033, ETC. 14							

SHMMARY	OF PAVEMENT	MARKINGS AND MARKERS
SUMMANI	OFFAVLIVILIVI	MARKINGS AND MARKERS

				•	DOMINANI	OF PAVE	AIT IA I IAIL	AINMINGS	AND MAI	INLING									
			ITEM 533	ITEM 533	ITEN	A 662		ITEM 662					ITEN	A 666				ITEN	1672
			6001	6002	6109	6110	6012	6035	6037	6308	6317	6320	6035	6047	6053	6077	6101	6009	6007
			RUMBLE	RUMBLE	WK ZN PAV M	IRK SHT TERM	WK ZN P	AV MRK NON-	REMOVE	RE PI	/ W/RET RE	Q TY I		REF	L PAV MRK	TYI		REFL PA	V MRKR
DESCRI STAT		LENGTH	STRIPS (SHOULDER)	STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	(TAB) TY W	(TAB) TY Y	(W) 8" (SLD)	(Y) 6" (BRK)	(Y) 6" (SLD)	(W) 6" (SLD) (90 MIL)	(Y) 6" (BRK) (90 MIL)	(Y) 6" (SLD) (90 MIL)	(W) 8" (90 MIL)	(W) 24" (90 MIL)	(W) (ARROW) (90 MIL)	(W) (WORD) (90 MIL)	(W) (YLD TRI) (90 MIL)	TY II-A-A	TY I-C
		FT	LF	LF	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF
US 190 A	T FM 845																		
SHEET 1 OF 2	100+70 - 112+00	1130	2260	2260	174				3,480	1,860		3,480						174	
SHEET 1 OF 2	112+00 - 124+00	1200	2400	2400	85	39	780	30	1,894	2,400	30	1,894	780	20	2	2		85	39
SHEET 2 OF 2	124+00 - 133+33	933	1866	1866	154				3,080	1,540		3,080						154	
TOTAL 018	85-03-033		6,526	6,526	413	39	780	30	8,454	5,800	30	8,454	780	20	2	2		413	39
								•											
SH 36 AT	FM 1363																		
SHEET 1 OF 2	159+39 - 169+00	961	1922	1922		172			3,440	1,920		3,440						172	
SHEET 1 OF 2	169+00 - 181+00	1200	2400	2400	52	120	1,040		2,400	2,900		2,400	1,040	300	3	3	5	120	52
SHEET 2 OF 2	181+00 - 193+00	1200	2400	2400	25	190	500	80	2,792	2,400	80	2,792	500		1	1		140	25
SHEET 2 OF 2	193+00 - 196+76	376	752	752		38			752	752		752						38	
TOTAL 018	86-02-032		7,474	7,474	77	520	1,540	80	9,384	7,972	80	9,384	1,540	300	4	4	5	470	77
PROJ	JECT TOTALS:		14,000	14,000	490	559	2,320	110	17,838	13,772	110	17,838	2,320	320	6	6	5	883	116

SUMMARY OF WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

SUMMART OF WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS											
			677	ITEM 662							
			6001	6067	6098	6050					
			ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS	WK ZN PAV N	MRK REMOVE	REFL PAV MRKR (REFL)					
DESCRIPTION STATION		LENGTH	(4")	(W) 6" (SLD)	(Y) 6" (SLD)	TY II-A-A					
		FT	LF	LF	LF	EA					
TCP FOR REWORKING 10'S	SHOULDERS										
PHASE 2B TCP	124+52 - 140+15	1563	3,126	3,126	3,126	40					
PHASE 2C TCP	121+30 - 138+05	1675		3,350	3,350	42					
MOVE TRAFFIC TO ORIGINAL LANES	121+30 - 140+15	1885		3,770	3,770	48					
TOTAL 0185-03-033			3,126	10,246	10,246	130					

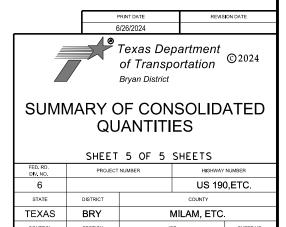
SUMMARY OF PCMS AND TMA'S

SUMMARY OF PCIMS AND TIMAS										
	ITEM 6001	ITEM 6185								
	6002	6002	6005							
PROJECT LOCATION	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)							
	EA	DAY	DAY							
US 190 (0185-03-033)	2	113	2							
SH 36 (0186-02-032)	2	73	2							
TOTAL PROJECT	4	186	4							

ALL QUANTITES WLL BE SHOWN IN THE US 190 (033) CONTROL / ESTIMATE

SUMMARY OF SIGN ITEMS

			SOMINALL	OF SIGN ITE	ITEM 644				
						ITEM 685	ITEM 685		
			6001	6030	6033	6037	6076	6003	6004
SIGN DESCRIPTION			IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG(1) SA (P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG(1) SA (T)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY S80(1) SA (U)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY S80(1) SA (U-WC)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	REMOVE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	INSTALL RDSD FLASH BCN ASSM (SOLAR PDWD)
	STA START	STA END	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
US 190 AT FM 845									
SIGNING & STRIPING SHEET 1 OF 2	100+70	124+00	9		1	2	14		
SIGNING & STRIPING SHEET 2 OF 2	124+00	133+33	1				1		
TOTAL CONTROL (0185-03-033)			10		1	2	15	0	0
SH 36 AT FM 1363									
SIGNING & STRIPING SHEET 1 OF 2	159+39	181+00	7	1	4		12	1	1
SIGNING & STRIPING SHEET 2 OF 2	181+00	196+76	2	1			3	1	1
TOTAL CONTROL (0186-02-032)			9	2	4		15	2	2
TOTAL PROJECT:			19	2	5	2	30	2	2



033, ETC.

0185

15

SEQUENCE OF WORK (US 190)

GENERAL:

- 1) PLACE ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS AND BARRICADES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN SET AND TXDOT STANDARDS.
- 2) PLACE TEMPORARY SWP3 DEVICES AS SHOWN IN PLANS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER WORK.
- 3) PREPARE ROW.
- 4) AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY, MOVE ALL ADVANCED SIGNING AND BARRICADES FOR PHASE I AND PHASE III FROM THE TRAVEL LANES TO THE SHOULDER TO ALLOW THE USE OF EXISTING LANES.
 5) MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS ACCESS TO ABUTTING PROPERTIES DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION.

PHASE I: CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND DRIVEWAY PIPES

EXTEND / REPLACE CULVERT, REPLACE SET, USING STANDARD TCP AS REQUIRED. PLACE BACKFILL MATERIAL. PLACE SWP3 DEVICES.

PHASE II: SHOULDER REPAIR / WIDENING

PHASE II A:

MILL AND INLAY 4" OF 5' SHOULDER RT, FOR TRAFFIC SHIFTING IN PHASE II B.

PHASE II B: SHOULDER REPAIR / WIDENING LT WINDROW 4" TOPSOIL TOWARDS ROW, FOR LATER USE. SAW CUT AND REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT. SUBGRADE WIDENING. 12" LIME/ CEMENT TREATE SUBGRADE PLACE 12" FLEXBASE (TY A)(GR1-2) PLACE PRIME (MC-30 OR EC-30) PLACE 5" SP-B INTERMEDIATE LAYER AND 2.5" SP-B SACRIFICIAL LAYER AS SHOWN IN TCP TYPICAL SECTONS.

PHASE II C: SHOULDER REPAIR / WIDENING RT WINDROW 4" TOPSOIL TOWARDS ROW, FOR LATER USE. SAW CUT AND REMOVE EXISTING PAVEMENT. WIDEN EXISTING SUBGRADE 12" LIME/ CEMENT TREAT SUBGRADE. PLACE 12" FLEXBASE (TY A)(GR1-2) PLACE PRIME (MC-30 OR EC-30). PLACE 5" SP-B INTERMEDIATE LAYER AND 2.5" SP-B SACRIFICIAL LAYER AS SHOWN IN TCP TYPICAL SECTONS.

PHASE III ROADWAY

PHASE III A ROADWAY WIDENING WINDROW 4" TOPSOIL TOWARDS ROW, FOR LATER USE. SAW CUT AT EDGE OF EXISTING PAVEMENT. SUBGRADE WIDENING. 12" LIME/ CEMENT TREAT SUBGRADE. PLACE 12" FLEXIBLE BASE WITH PRIME SEAL. PLACE 4" HMA WITH BONDING COURSE / 3.5" HMA.

PHASE III B ROADWAY MILL & INLAY MILLING 2.5" EXISTING ROADWAY PAVEMENT; PLACE BONDING COURSE: PLACE 2.5" SMA-D ACCROSS ENTIRE ROADWAY WIDTH; BACKFILL PAVEMENT EDGE: PLACE PERMANENT PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS.

PHASE IV: INTERSECTION AND DRIVEWAYS

SEQUENCE OF WORK (SH 36)

GENERAL:

- 1) PLACE ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS AND BARRICADES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN SET AND TXDOT STANDARDS.
- 2) PLACE TEMPORARY SWP3 DEVICES AS SHOWN IN PLANS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER WORK.
- 3) PREPARE ROW.
- 4) AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY, MOVE ALL ADVANCED SIGNING AND BARRICADES FROM THE TRAVEL LANES TO THE SHOULDER TO ALLOW THE USE OF EXISTING LANES.
- MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS ACCESS TO ABUTTING PROPERTIES DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION.

PHASE I: CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND DRIVEWAY PIPES

EXTEND CULVERT. REPLACE SET. USING STANDARD TCP AS REQUIRED. PLACE BACKFILL MATERIAL. PLACE SWP3 DEVICES.

PHASE II ROADWAY

PHASE II A ROADWAY WIDENING WINDROW 4" TOPSOIL TOWARDS ROW. FOR LATER USE. SAW CUT AT EDGE OF EXISTING PAVEMENT. SUBGRADE WIDENING. 10" LIME/ CEMENT TREAT SUBGRADE. PLACE 9" FLEXIBLE BASE WITH PRIME SEAL. PLACE 4" HMA WITH BONDING COURSE / 3.5" HMA.

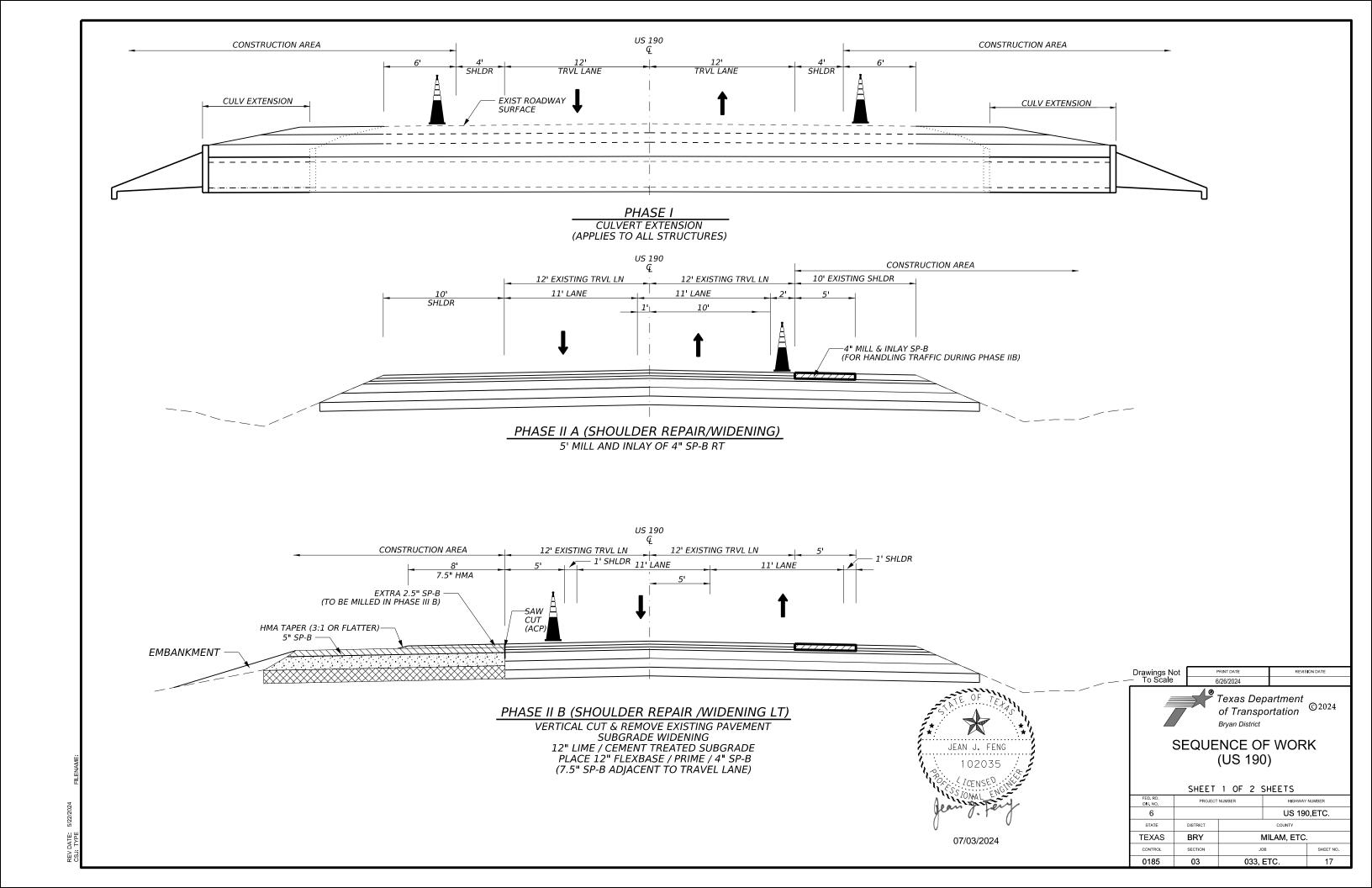
PHASE III: INTERSECTION AND DRIVEWAYS

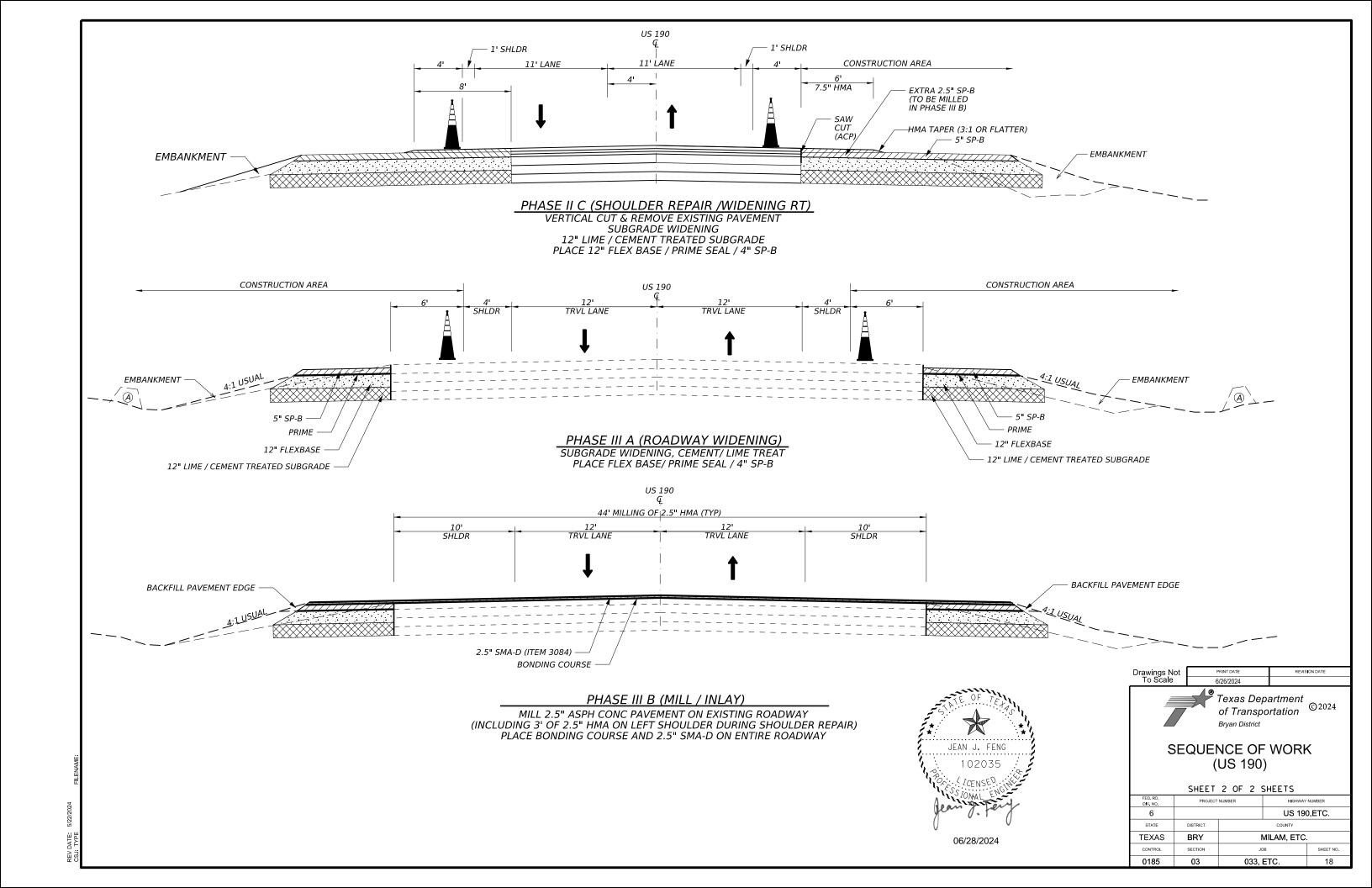


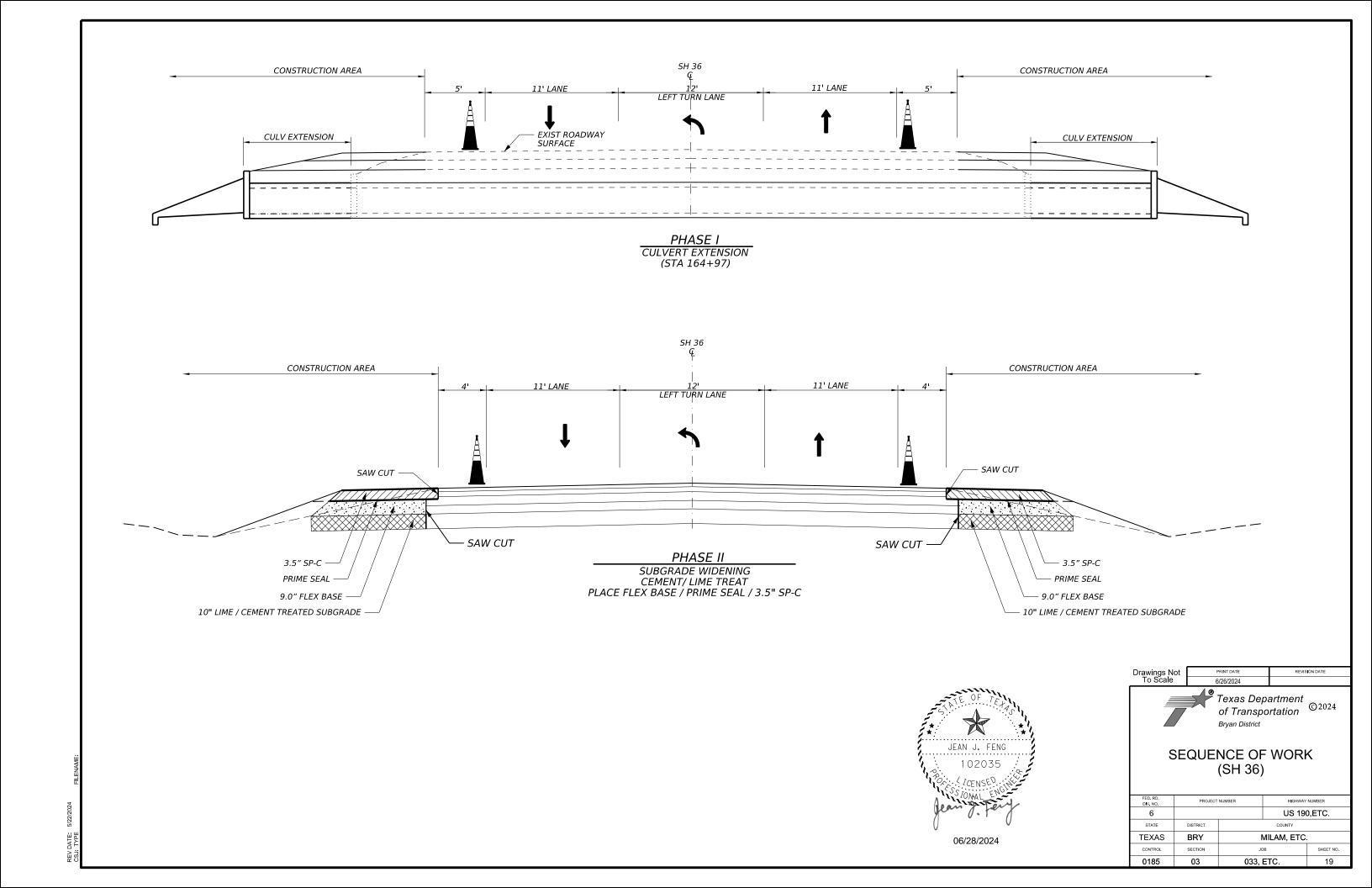
Drawings Not To Scale Texas Department ©2024 of Transportation Brvan District

> TCP NARRATIVE (US 190 AND SH 36)

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6			US 19	90,ETC.				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY						
EXAS	BRY	ľ	VILAM, ETC					
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	В	SHEET NO.				
0185	03	033,	16					

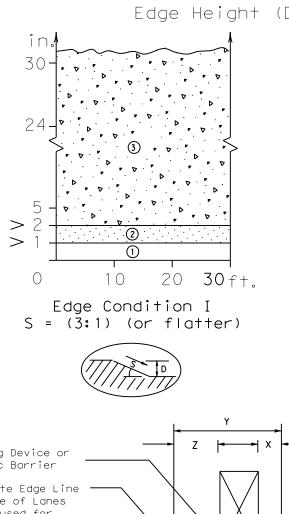


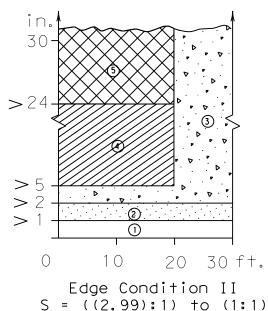


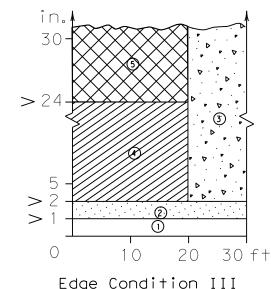


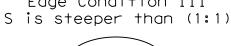
DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

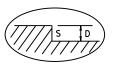
Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet

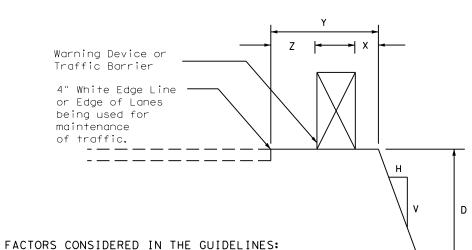




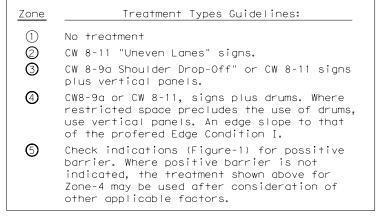








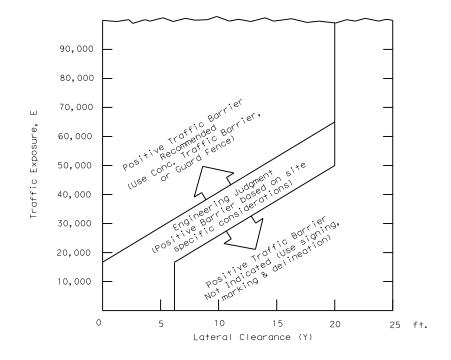
- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.



Edge Condition Notes:

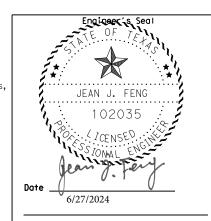
- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 ()



- E = ADT x T Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2. Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within the clear zone.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's and line manuals.

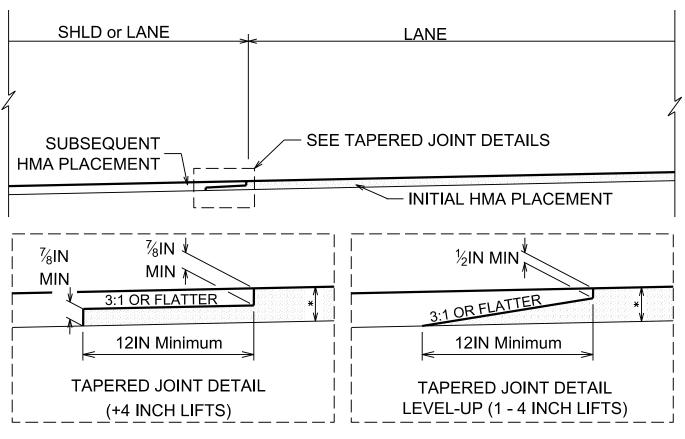




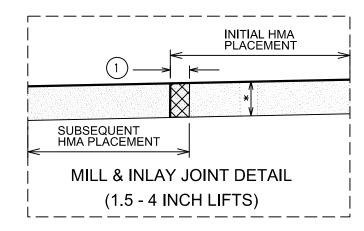
TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

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MILL AND INLAY NOTES:

LONGITUDINAL JOINTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY FIRST MILLING OUT THE EXISTING PAVEMENT IN EITHER THE TRAVEL LANE OR SHOULDER AND PLACING AN INITIAL RUN OF HMA.

SUBSEQUENT MILLING SHALL CUT INTO INITIAL HMA PLACEMENT TO A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF 1 INCH MINIMUM - 3 INCH MAXIMUM (2 INCH TYPICAL).

PLACE TACK COAT / BONDING COURSE ON THE VERTICAL INTERFACE OF THE FRESHLY MILLED HOT MIX PRIOR TO SUBSEQUENT PLACEMENT(S) OF HMA.

Texas Department © 2024

Bryan District Standard

HOT MIX

LONGITUDINAL JOINT DETAILS

RD. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER			
6			O,ETC.			
TATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
XAS	BRY	ľ	MILAM, ETC			
NTROL	SECTION	JC	SHEET NO.			
185	03	033,	21			
XAS	BRY	Jo	MILAM, ETC			

- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

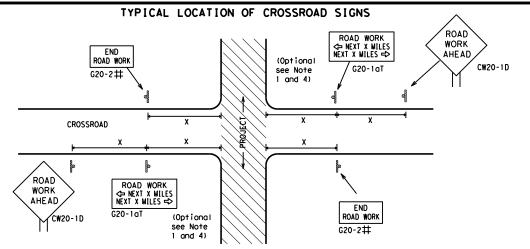


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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9-07 8-14		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion agong to any purpose of incorrect regults, or damages resulting from its use. 003033.4 - Design/Plan Set/8. Traffic/8H, Traffic/Standards/BC(X)-21, dan



- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE X X G20-9TP **X X** R20-5T FINES DOURL X R20-5aTP BORKERS ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => 801 WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T | FINES IDOUBLE ★ ★ R20-5aTP ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

SPACING

vay/ iy		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
18"		30	120
		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
18"		50	400
.0		55	500 ²
		60	600 ²
		65	700 ²
18"		70	800 ²
		75	900 ²
		80	1000 ²
	'	*	* 3

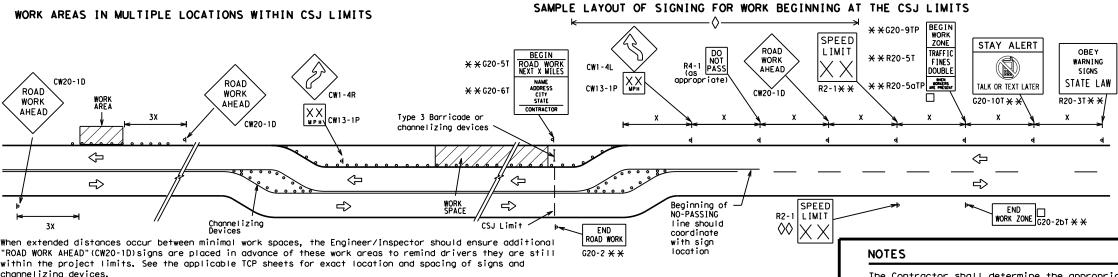
Sign onventional Expressw Number Freewo or Series CW204 CW21 48" × 4 CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, 48" x 48 CW7. CW8. 36" × 36" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5. CW6. 48" x 48" 48" x 4 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

🗙 For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

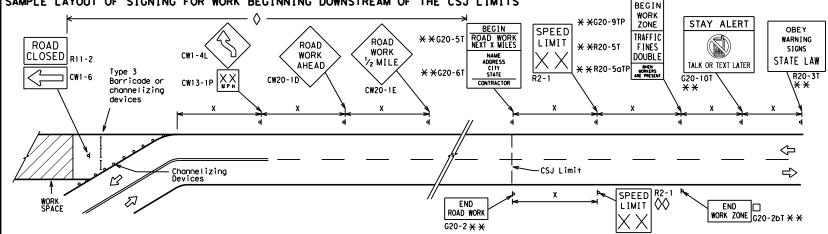
 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND							
П	⊢⊢ Туре 3 Barricade							
000	Channelizing Devices							
-	Sign							
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

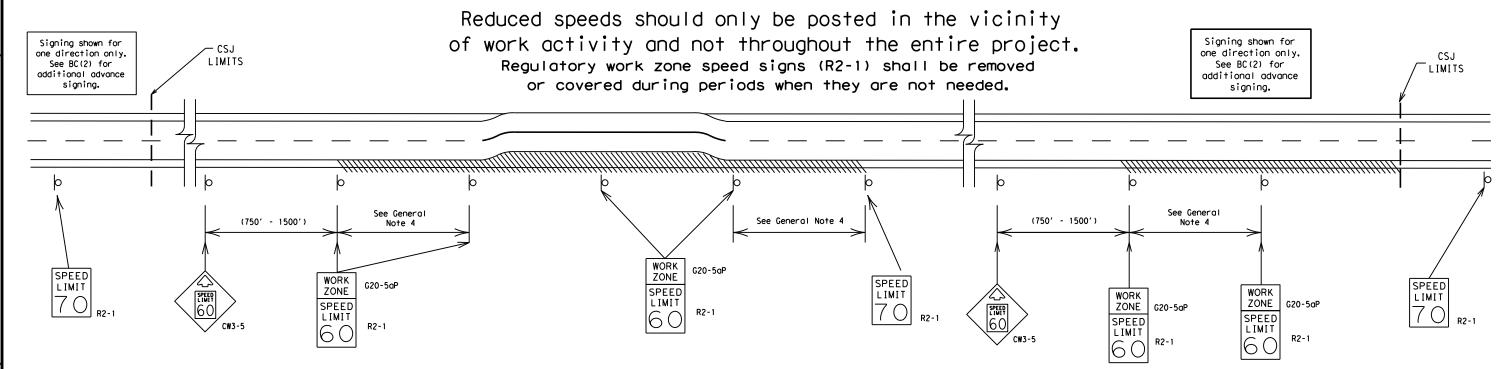
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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	REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E1	rc.	US	190	,ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	BRY	N	IILAM, I	ETC.			23

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

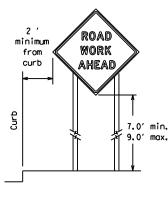
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

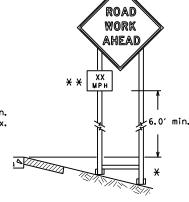
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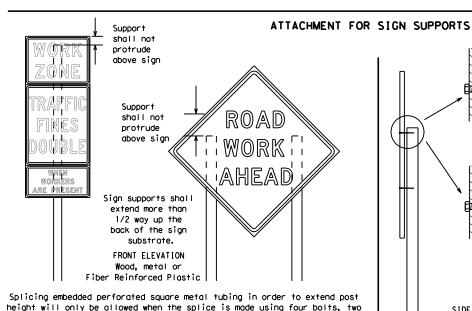
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* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

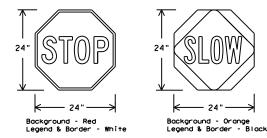
will be by bolts and nuts

sign supports

above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside Signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

 - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4) - 21

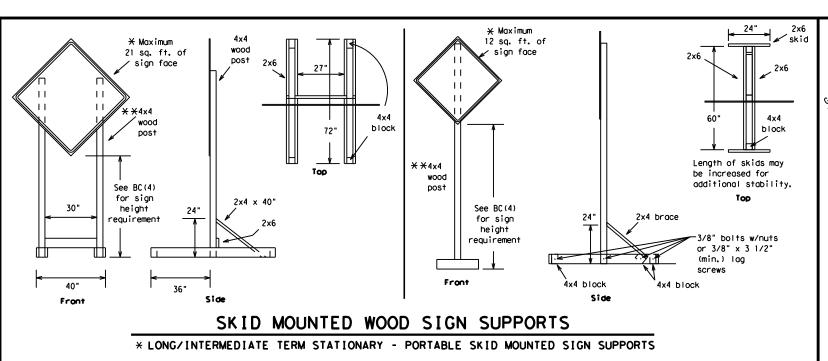
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98

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

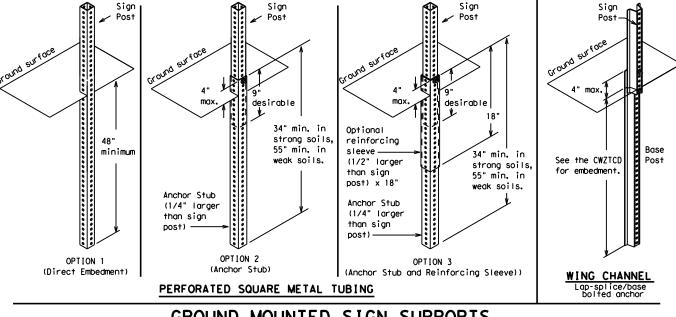


-2" × 2"

12 ga. upright

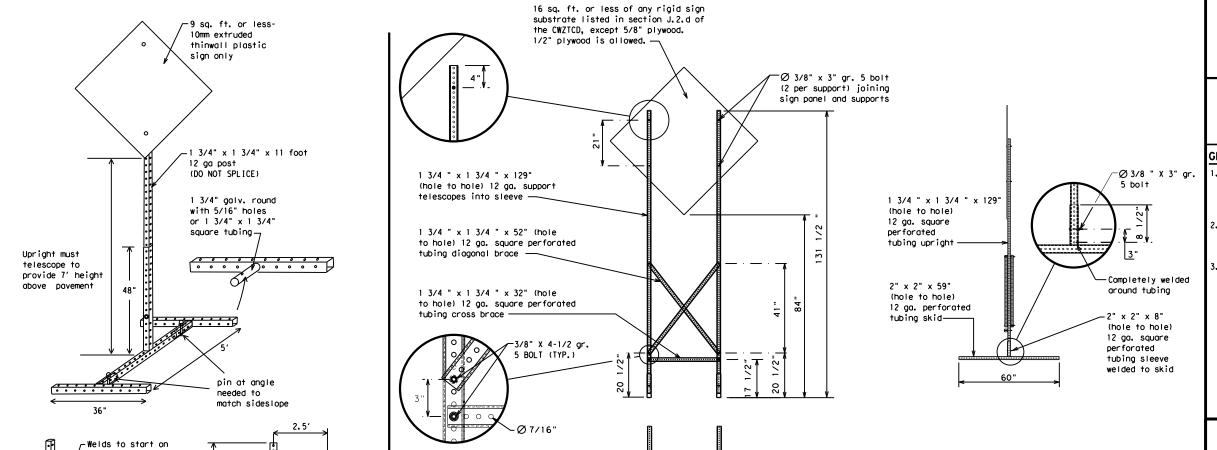
SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - * See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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7-13	5-21	BRY	N	ILAM,	ETO	:.		26

SKID MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN	<u>SUPPORTS</u>	
						•	

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP.
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	AL T	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WTLIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	w
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		1
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		e/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOUL DER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
2.	STAY IN LANE] _*	* * See	Application Guidelin	nes Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. At. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

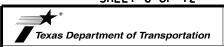
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign,
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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I	© TxDOT November 2002		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
I		REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	19	0, ET	С.
ı	9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	7-13		BRY	N	IILAM,	ETO	`.		27	

Type C Warning Light or

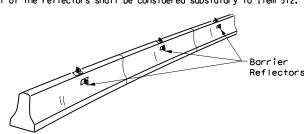
Warning reflector may be round

or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

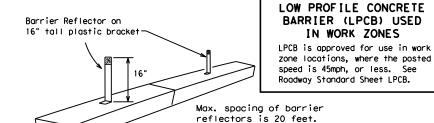
30 square inches

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-auglified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



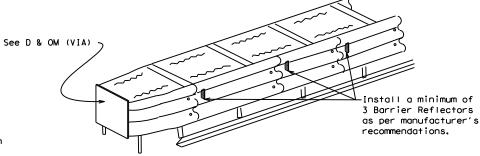
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



manufacturer's recommendations. LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.

8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

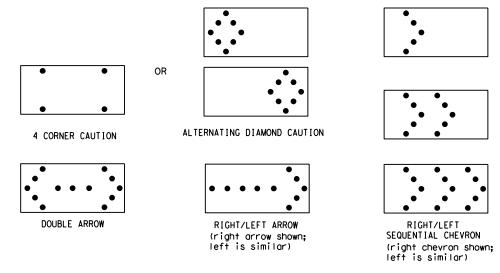
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging toper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

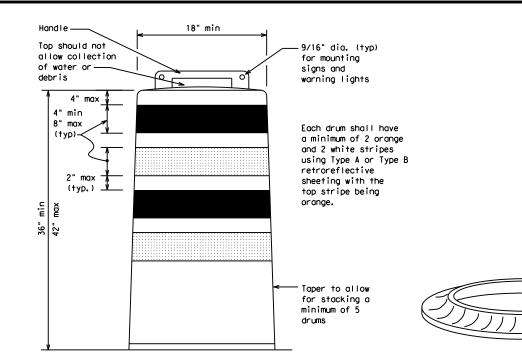
 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

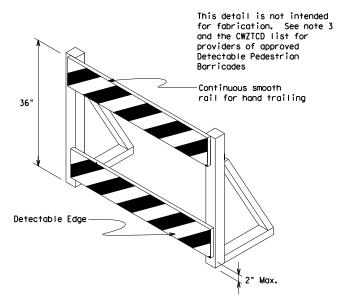
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

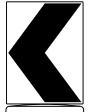
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs, and 50 lbs, Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

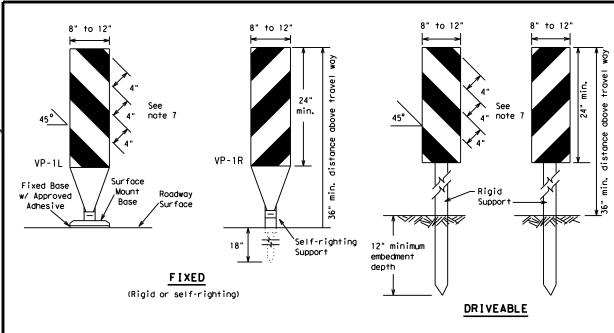


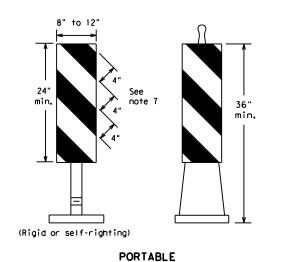
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

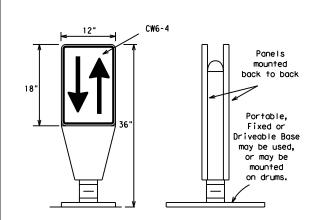
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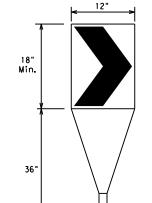
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



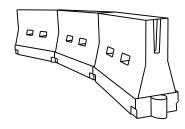
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40'	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55′	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	
80		800'	880′	960′	80′	160′	

**X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



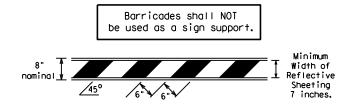
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

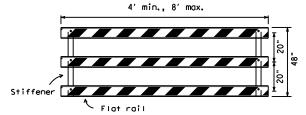
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- TYPE 3 BARRICADES
- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

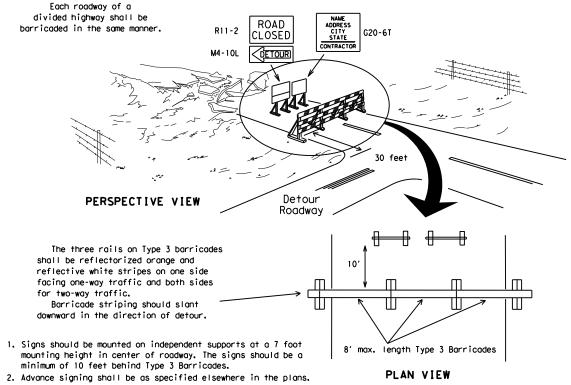


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



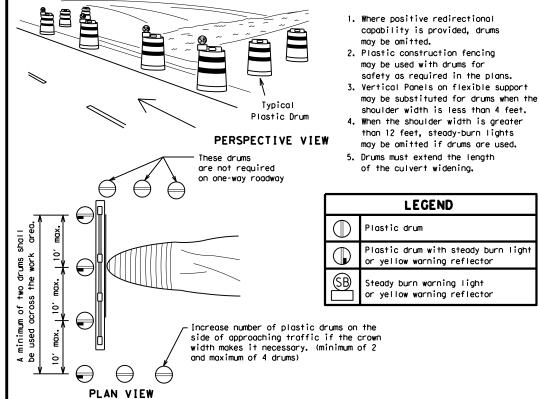
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

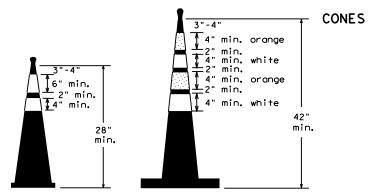
TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones





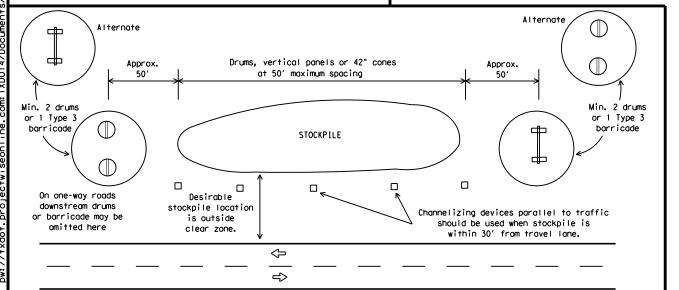
 2" min. 4" min.

2" to 6

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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C) T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY	
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET N	١٥.
7-13	5-21	BRY	N	IILAM,	ETC	: .		31	

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans,
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

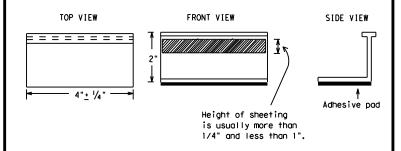
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement morkings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

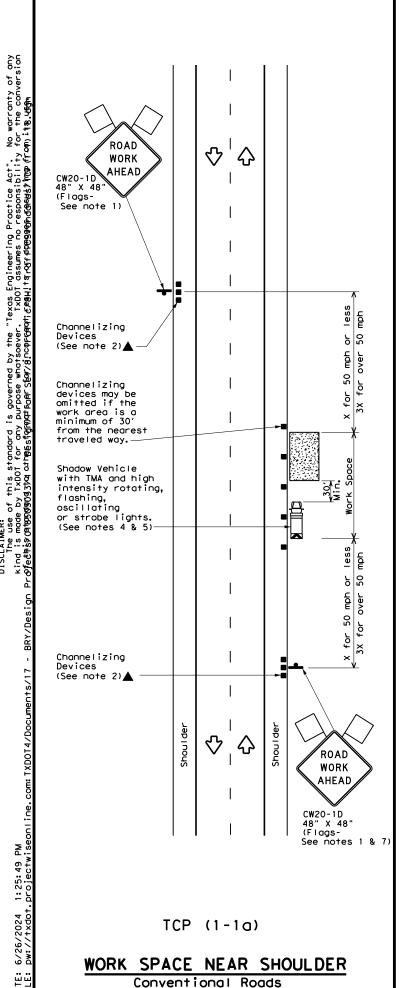
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

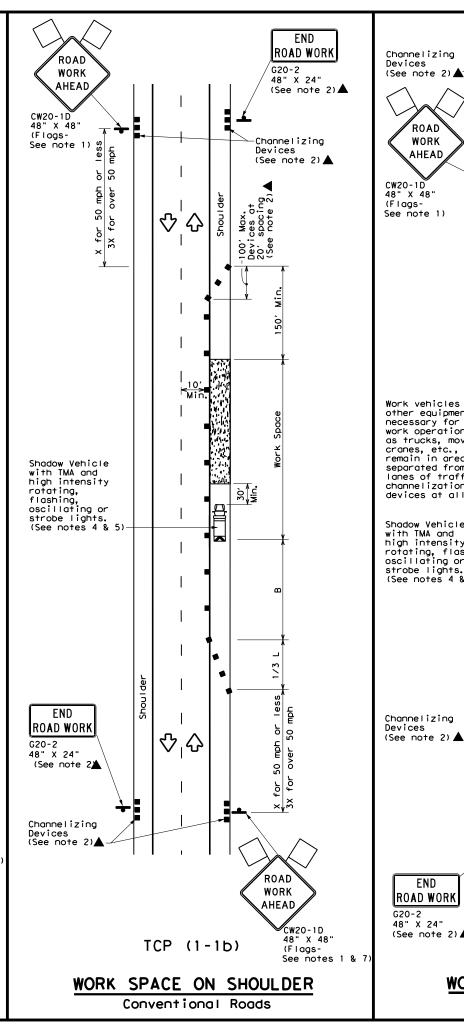
BC(11)-21

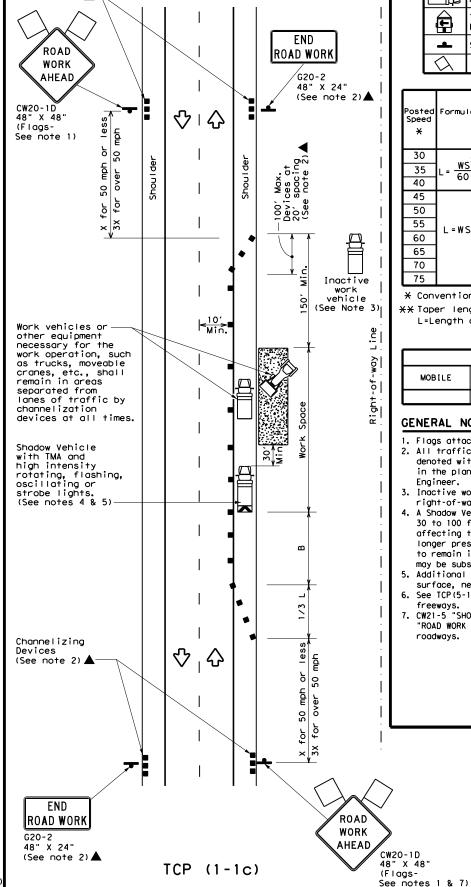
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-02 8-14	BRY	N	/ILAM,	ETC	· .	32

105

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 0 0 DOUBLE NO-PASSING REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C , I-A or II-A-A .Type W or Y buttons EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAVEMENT White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTORIZED (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING.) White 30"<u>+</u> 3" 30"+/-3 Type I-C or II-A-A 0 Q 0 9 0 RAISED CENTER PAVEMENT MARKERS -Type W or LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES RAISED П _ ‡= п 1-2" MARKERS AUXILIARY Type I-C or II-C-OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5' <u>*</u> 6" WITH RAISED **PAVEMENT MARKERS** If raised payement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines SHEET 12 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-21 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO C)TxDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 BRY MILAM, ETC.







WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	* * *			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	2951	320′	40'	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	<b>√</b>	✓							

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

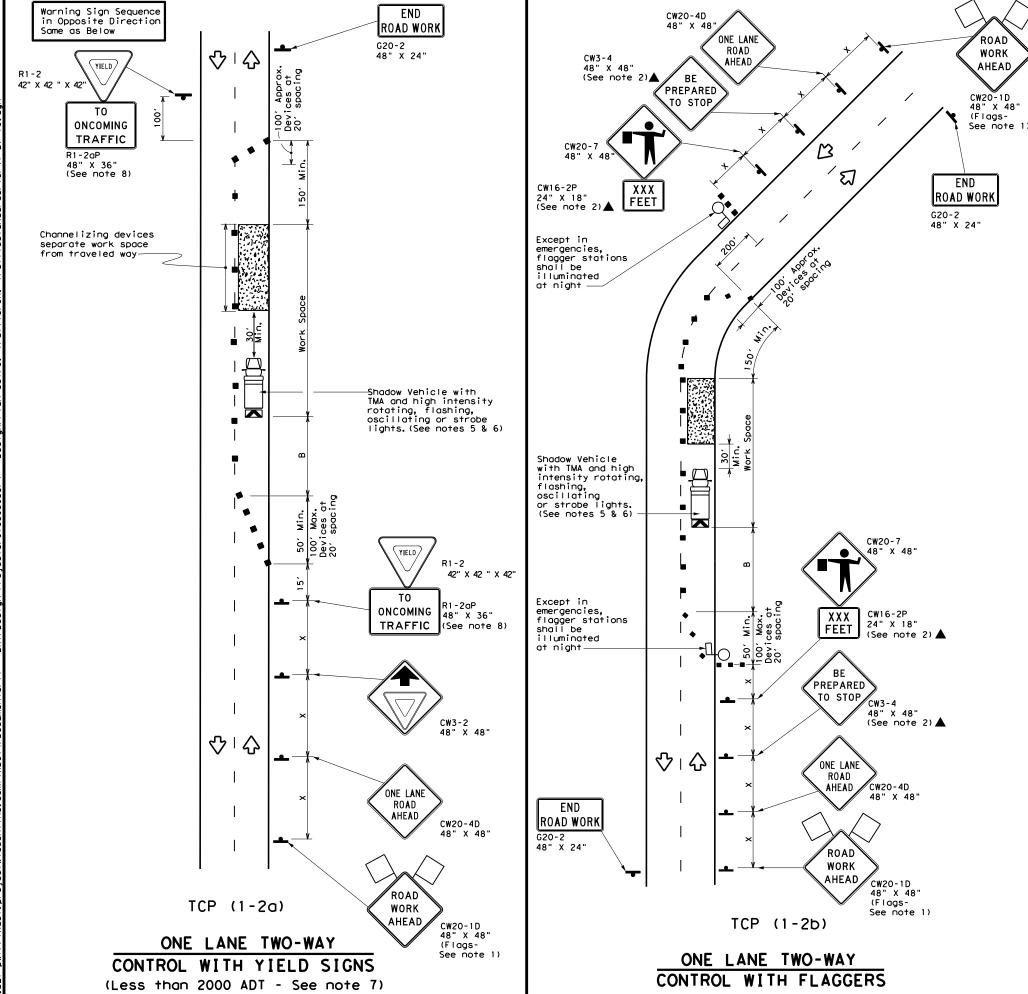
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-18

tcp1-1-18.dgn © T×DOT December 1985 HIGHWAY 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC BRY MILAM, ETC.



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	Ц	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacing of		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"			
30	WS ²	150'	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′	2001		
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'	2501		
40	80	265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′		
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′		
50		500'	550'	600′	50′	100'	400′	240'	425′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′		
60	- 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′		
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′	645′		
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′		

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
	1	√				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-ID "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- Ri-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances
- should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be
- Flagger's should use 24" SIOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should the limited to emergency situations.

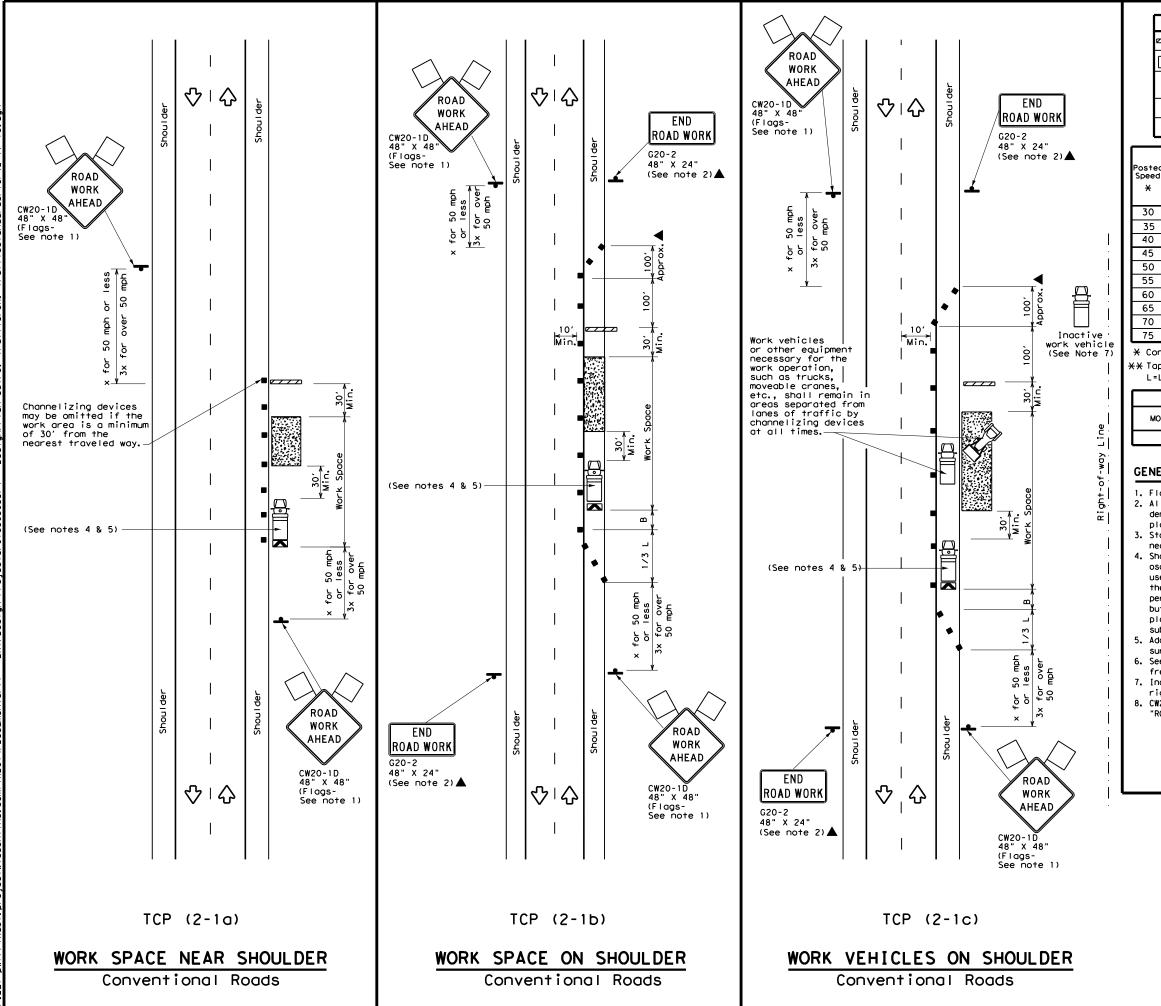


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:		DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-90 4-98 REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E	rc. us	190, ETC.
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BRY	N	MILAM,	ETC.	35



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	, M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	<b>₩</b>	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ū ₀	Flagger						
	Minimum S	uggested l							

Posted Speed	Minimum Desirable Formula Taper Lengths **		Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	5401	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	" " "	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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C)TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190, ETC.
2-94 4-96 8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	BRY	N	ΛΙLAM,	ETC		36

Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction

ONCOMING TRAFFIC R1-2aP 48" X 36" (See note 9)

Devices at 20' spacing on the Taper

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe

Devices at 20' spacing on the Taper

Temporary Yield Line

(See Note 2)▲

END

ROAD WORK

lights. (See notes 6 & 7)

R1-2

42" X 42 "

 $\triangle$ 

↔

END

ROAD WORK

-Temporary Yield Line (See Note 2)▲

42" X 42 " X 42"

(See note 9)

48" X 48"

CW20-4D

48" X 48"

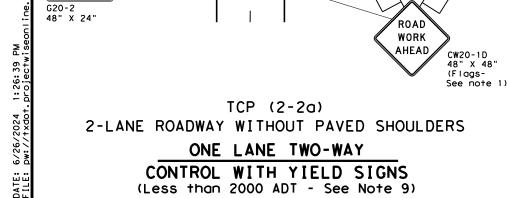
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ONE LANE

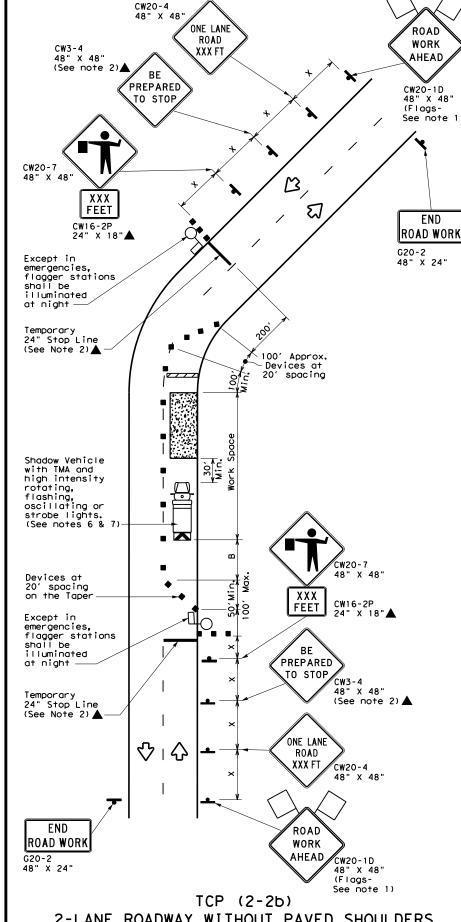
AHEAD

ONCOMING R1-2aP TRAFFIC 48" X 36" (See pote

G20-2 48" X 24"



♡ | む



2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS

ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND									
		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>(</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
Į	$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

									~		
Speed	Formula		oper Lengths Channelizing Space		Desirable Spac Taper Lengths Chann		Spacing of Channelizing		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance "B"				
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′	200'		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160'	120′	250'		
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	305′		
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	3201	1951	360′		
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	100′	4001	240′	425'		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′		
60	]	6001	660′	720′	60′	120'	600,	350'	570′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	645′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	730′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′	820'		

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

## TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

  9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum
- mounting height.

## TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



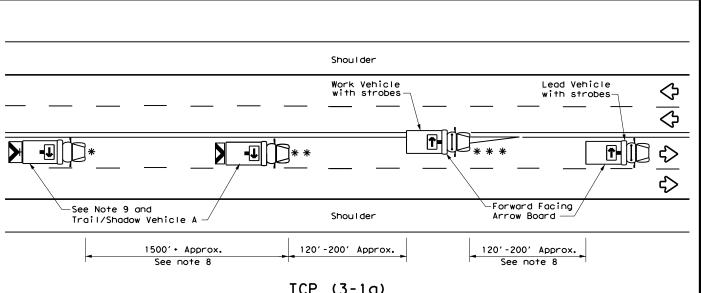
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:		CK:	
©TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	0185	03	033, E	TC. U	S 190,ETC.
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	BRY	N	ΛΙLAM,	ETC.	37

*



See note 9 and

WORK ON SHOULDER

1500' + Approx.

See note 8

Trail/Shadow Vehicle B

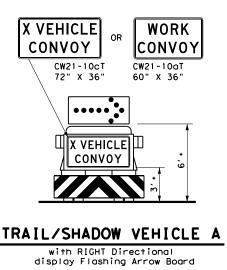
₹>

120'-200'

# TCP (3-1a) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY

Shou I der

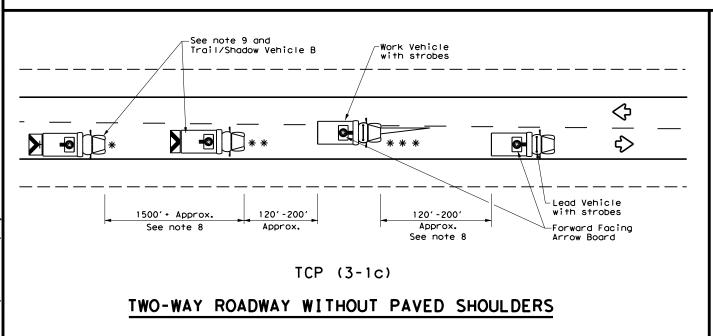
***

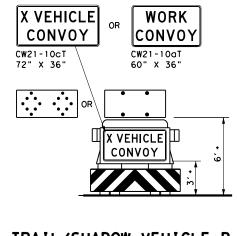


Work Vehicle with strobes 120'-200' 120' -200' 1500' + Approx. Lead Vehicle with strobes-Approx. Approx. See note 8 See note 8 Shoulder See note 9 and Trail/Shadow Vehicle -Forward Facing Arrow Board WORK ON TRAVEL LANE

TCP (3-1b)

# TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

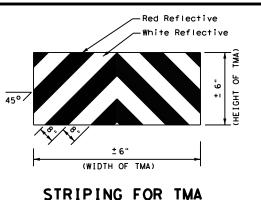
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND								
*									
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>-</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b>#</b>	Double Arrow						
♡	Traffic Flow	<b>•</b>	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)						

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
1									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

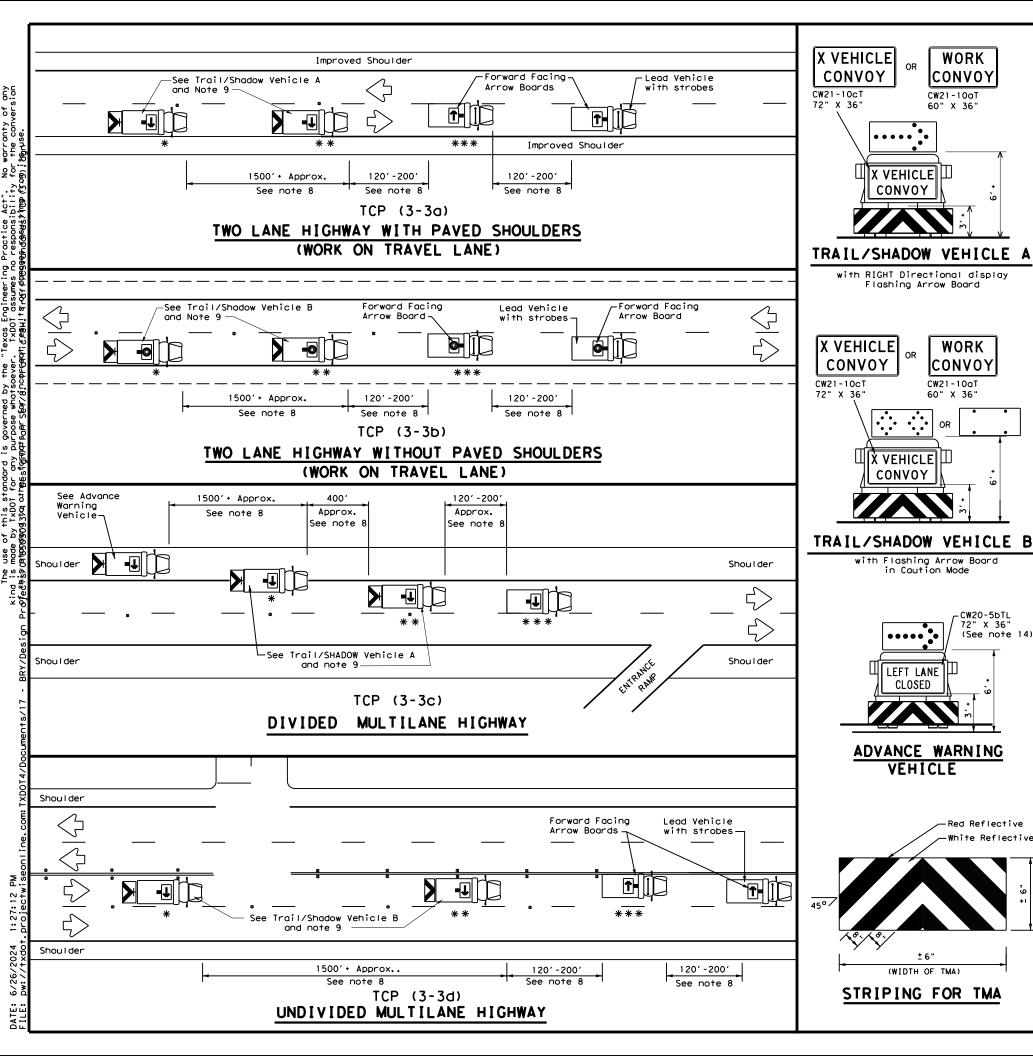


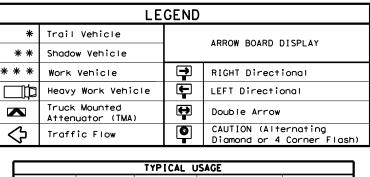


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-1)-13

FILE:	FILE: tcp3-1.dgn		N: TxDOT   CK: TxDOT   DW:		)T Dw:	: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT December 1985		CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
2-04 4 6	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	19	O,ETC.
2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13		DIST		COUN	TY		s	HEET NO.
1-97		BRY	, N	/ILAM,	ETO	<b>:</b> .		38





TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

#### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

X VEHICLE

in Caution Mode

••••

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36" (See note 14)

Red Reflective

CONVOY

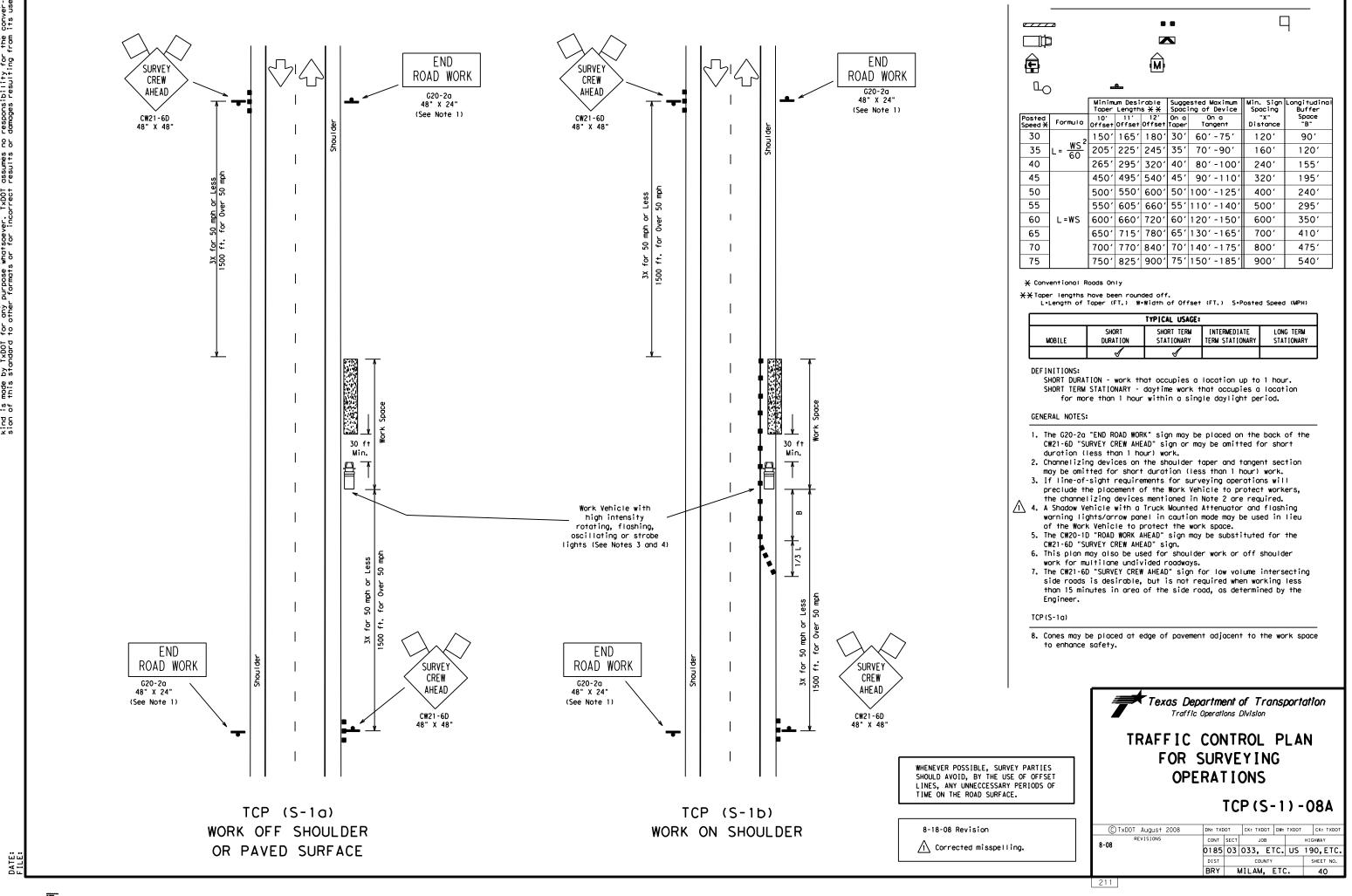
- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer
- will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

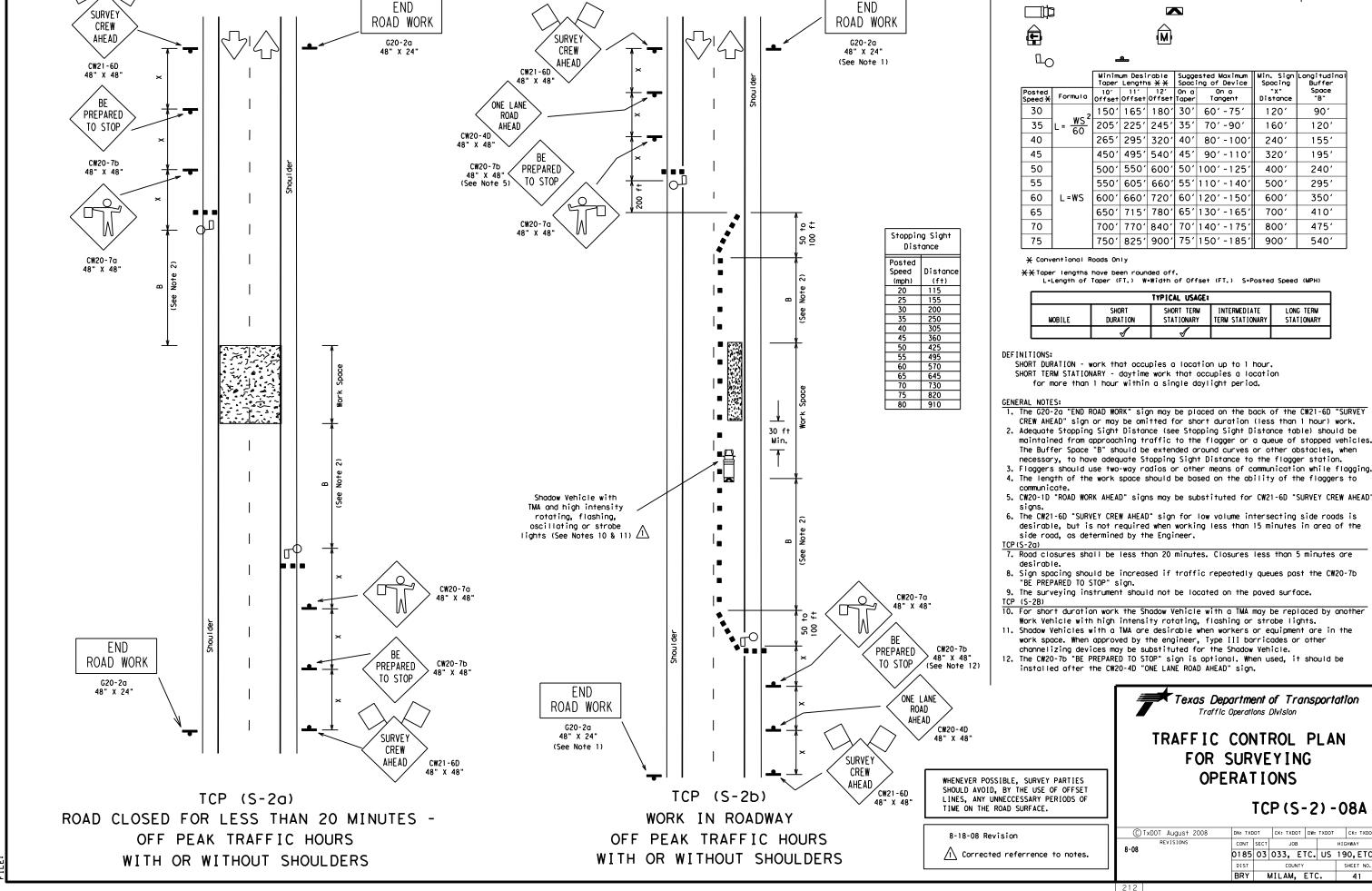


Traffic Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE:	tcp3-3.dgr	1	DN:	TxDOT	-	ck: TxD	OT	DW:	TxD0	T	CK:	T×DOT
© T×DOT	September	1987	CONT	SEC	ī	JO	В			HIG	HWAY	
2-94 4-9	REVISIONS		018	5 03	0	33,	E٦	ГC.	US	19	0, E	ETC.
8-95 7-1			DIST			cou	NTY			9	SHEET	NO.
1-97 7-1	4		BRY	'	M)	ILAM,	, 1	ETC	<b>.</b>		39	)

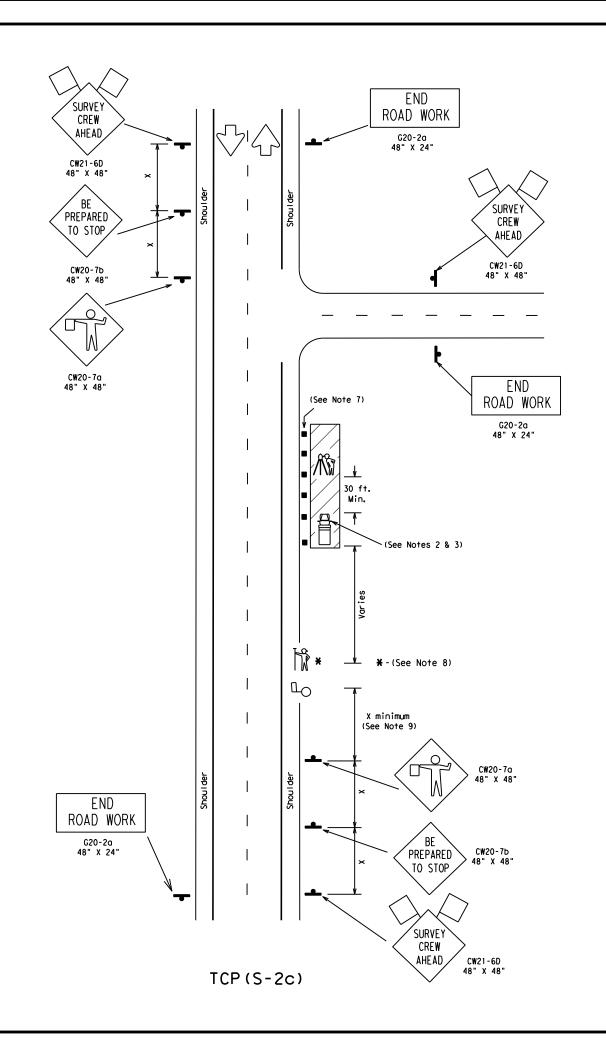




TCP(S-2)-08A

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO
CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190,ETC





Stopping Sight Distance								
Posted								
Speed	Distance							
(mph)	(ft)							
20	115							
25	155							
30	200							
35	250							
40	305							
45	360							
50	425							
55	495							
60	570							
65	645							
70	730							
75	820							
80	910							
	•	•						

ГO Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths <del>X</del> <del>X</del> Suggested Maximum Spacing of Device Min. Sign Longitudina Spacing Buffer Formula 10' 11' 12' On a On a Tangent Space "B" Distance 30 150' 165' 180' 30' 60' -75' 1201 90' 35 205' 225' 245' 35' 70' -90' 160' 120' 265' 295' 320' 40' 80' -100' 40 240' 1551 45 450' 495' 540' 45' 90' -110' 320' 1951 50 500' 550' 600' 50' 100' -125' 400' 240' 55 550' 605' 660' 55' 110' -140' 500' 2951 60 L=WS | 600' | 660' | 720' | 60' | 120' - 150' 600' 3501 65 650' 715' 780' 65' 130' -165' 410' 700′ 70 700' 770' 840' 70' 140' - 175' 8001 475' 75 750' 825' 900' 75' 150' -185' 900' 540' ★ Conventional Roads Only

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L*Length of Taper (FT.) W**Width of Offset (FT.) S*Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE:										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf MOBILE} & - {\bf work} & {\bf that} & {\bf moves} & {\bf continously} & {\bf or} & {\bf intermittently} \\ \end{tabular}$ 

(stopping up to approximately 15 minutes).

SHORT DURATION - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.

SHORT TERM STATIONARY - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The G20-2a "END ROAD WORK" sign may be placed on the back of the CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign or may be omitted for short duration (less than 1 hour) work.
- 2. Work Vehicle with high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights should be used to protect work space.
- 3. When approved by the engineer, Type III barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Heavy Work Vehicle.
- 4. CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs may be substituted for CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" SIGNS.
- 5. The CW21-6D "SURVEY CREW AHEAD" sign for low volume intersecting side roads may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 6. The Surveying Instrument shall not be located on the paved surface.
- 7. Cones at edge of pavement adjacent to instrument person may be omitted when approved by the Engineer.
- 8. Rodman may only enter roadway when accompanied by flagger and as traffic allows.
- 9. The distance between the advance warning signs and the work should not exceed a
- 10. Flaggers and Survey Crew should use two-way radios or other means of communication.
- 11. Survey Crew and Flaggers shall wear high-visibility apparel meeting the ANSI 107-2007 standard performance for Class 2 or Class 3 risk exposure.
- 12. Additional traffic control devices may be required to address local site
- 13. Stopping Sight Distance shall be maintained from approaching traffic to the flagger. See "Stopping Sight Distance" table.

SURVEY PARTIES SHOULD AVOID ANY UNNECCESSARY PERIODS OF TIME ON THE ROAD SURFACE.

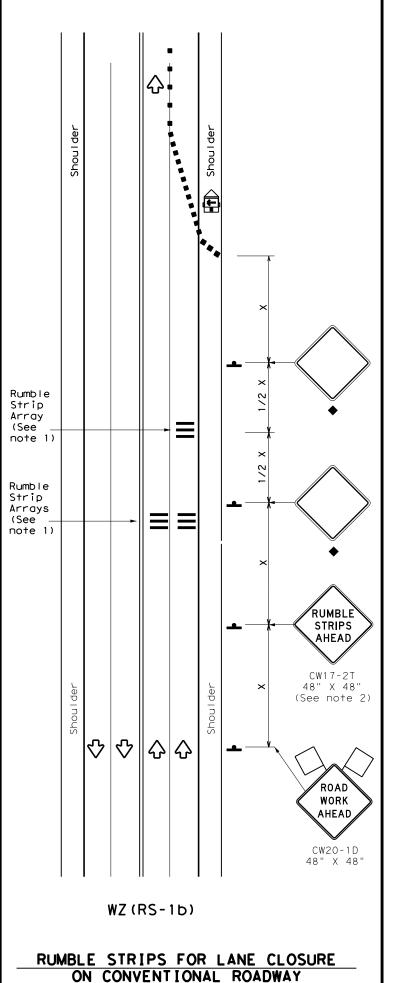
This TCP is to cover two lane rural type roadways as determined by the Engineer. All other type roadways will be covered by other established Survey TCP'S.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR SURVEYING **OPERATIONS**

TCP(S-2c)-10

TxDOT January 2010	DN: TX	TOO	CK: TXE	OT DW	: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGHWAY
	0185	03	033,	ETC	. US	190, ETC.
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY	l N	MILAM	. ET	c.	42



## **GENERAL NOTES**

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 3. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable prmula Taper Lengths **			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	_ <u>ws²</u>	1501	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′	
45		4501	495′	5401	45′	90′	3201	195′	
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100'	400′	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′ 140′		800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900,	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
  S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY								
	✓	<b>√</b>										

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2								
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array							
≤ 40 MPH	10′							
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15′							
= 60 MPH	20′							
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35′+							

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

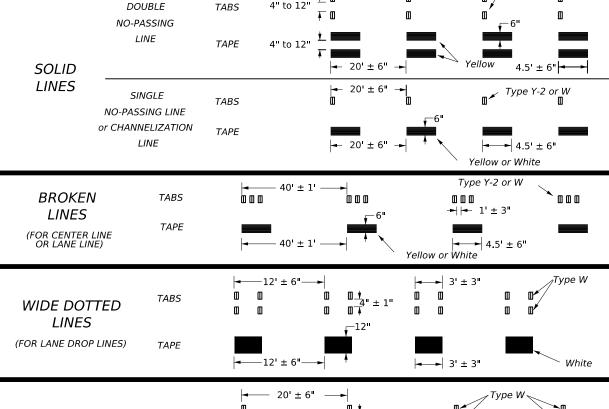
WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	CK: TXDOT
CTxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190,ETC.
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	BRY	N.	ΛΙLAM,	ETC	<b>`.</b>	43

11

1117

# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS 4" to 12' DOUBLE TABS NO-PASSING



#### NOTES:

WIDE GORE

**MARKINGS** 

1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.

2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.

**TABS** 

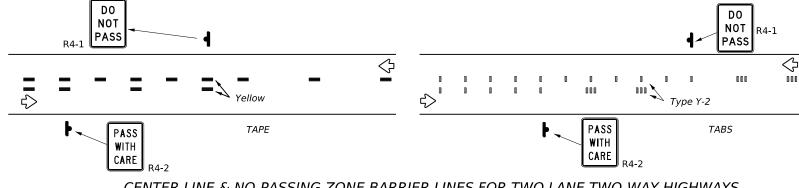
TAPE

- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No seament of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent payement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer, DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6)
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

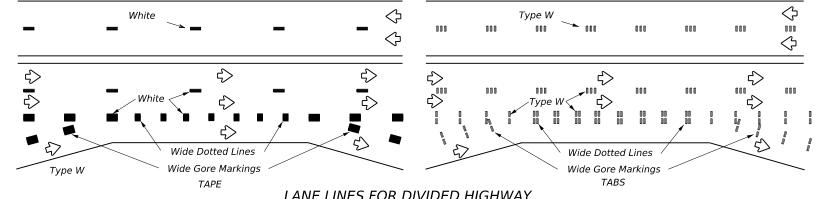
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements

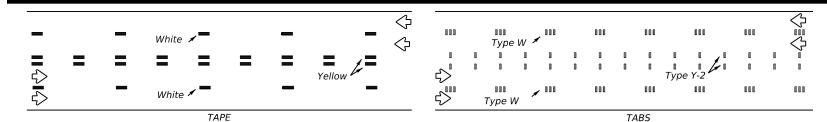
# WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS



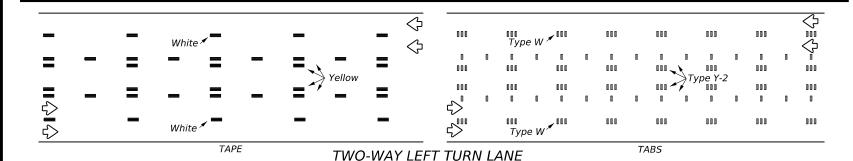
## CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



## LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



## LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

# **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE: WZ	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033, ET	c.	US 19	90,ETC.
4-92 7-13 1-97 2-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-03		BRY		MILAM, E	TC.		44

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241				
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300				

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

## GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1						
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices				
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11				
7/// 🛧 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.					
② >3 1	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11				
3 0" to 3/4" 7 D	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".					
Notched Wedge Joint						

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING. OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM WARNING	SIGN SIZE
Conventional roads	36" × 36"
Freeways/expressways, divided roadways	48" × 48"

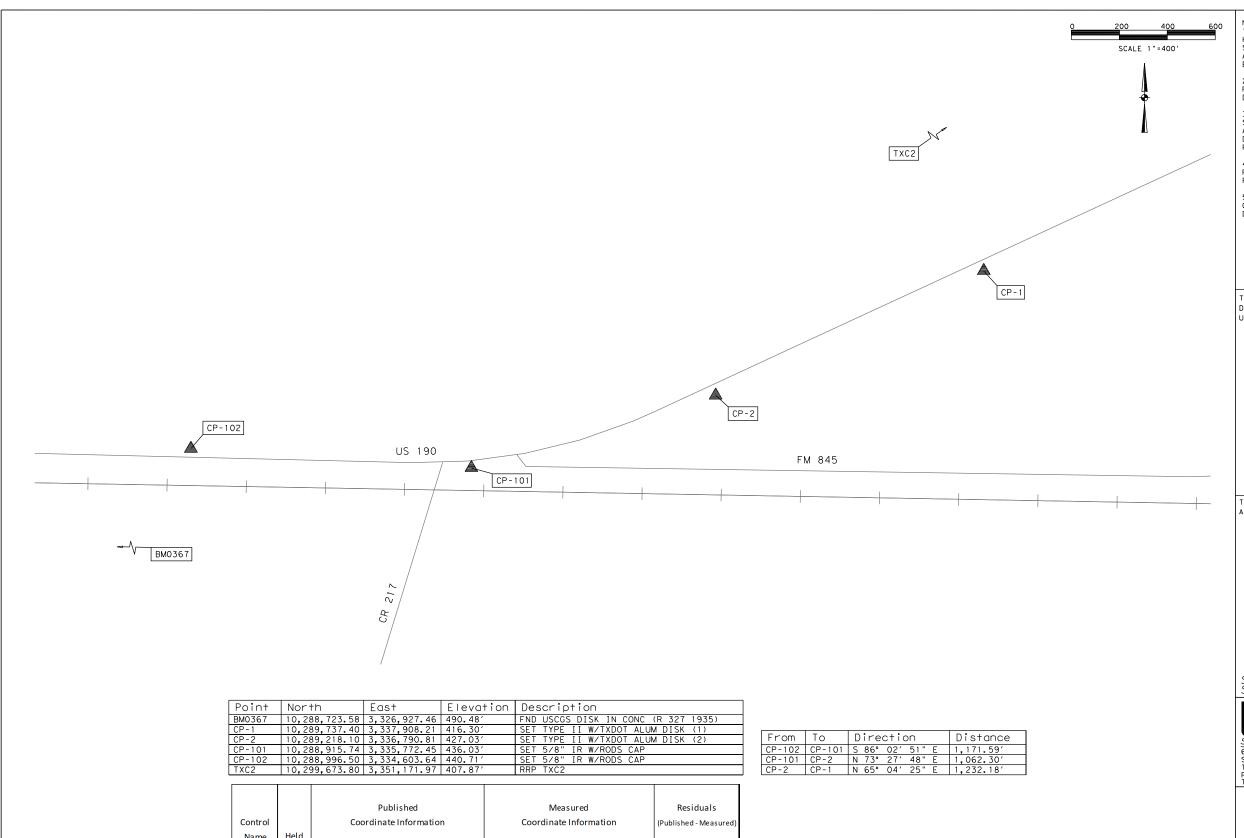
SIGNING FOR UNEVEN LANES

Texas Department of Transportation

**WZ (UL) - 13** 

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	kD0T	ck: TxD	TO	DW:	TxDC	T	ск: 1	TxD0T
© T×DOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JO	В			ΗIG	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ET(	c.	US	19	0, E	TC.
8-95 2-98		DIST		cou	NTY			5	HEET	NO.
1-97 3-03		BRY	, N	/ILAM	, E	TC			45	5

TWO LANE CONVENTIONAL ROAD



Elev. North East Elev.

3,326,927.46 490.48 -10.6 105.5 -0.18

East

Notes:

BM0367

TXC2

North

10,288,713

10,299,673.80

1. Measured values are established with redundant GPS VRS observations constrained to CORS TXC2, an applied project surface adjustment factor for Milam County of 1.00012, and are based on NAD83 (2011), TXC (4203), NAVD88 (Geoid 18).

490.3 10,288,723.58

El ev.

3,327,033

3,351,171.97 407.87

2. NGS Monument BM0367 is of Secondary Vertical Order, Class zero; published values are based on NAD83(1986 Adj), NAVD88 (VERTCON); The horizontal coordinates were determined with handheld GPS.

1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES SHOWN
HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE
SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) (2011 ADJ.; EPOCH 2010.00).

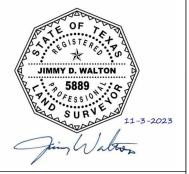
2. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) (GEOID 18).

3. COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE U.S. SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN SURFACE VALUES, AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR MILAM COUNTY OF 1.00012.

4. HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS MEASURED FROM TXDOT RRP TXC2 DURING MARCH 2023.

5. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON SAID REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS, ADJUSTED WITH DIGITAL LEVELING.

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE
DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



THIS SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E

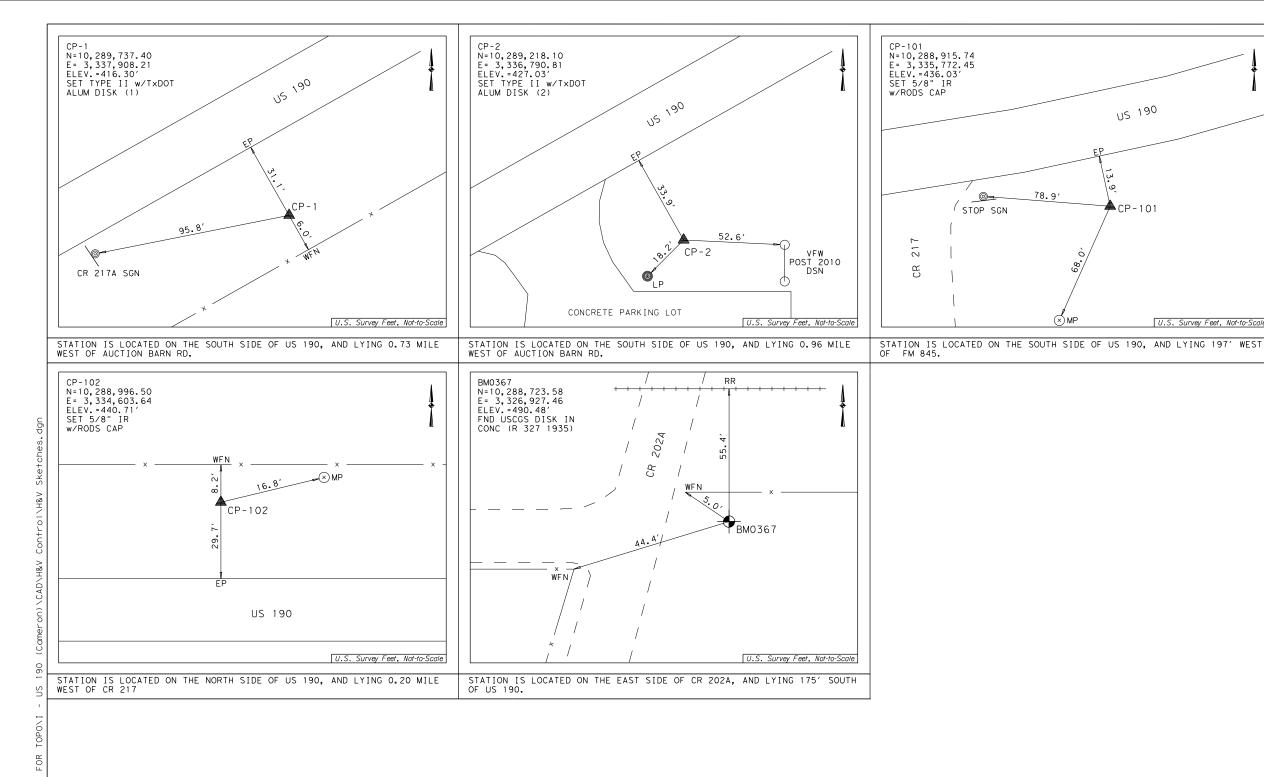
Sheet I of I Survey Date: MARCH, 2023





SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET

FEDER	SHEET NO.					
S	46					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	DISTRI	COUNTY			
6	TEXAS	BRY	MILAM			
STATE DIST.NO.	CONTROL	SECTION JOB		SECTION JOB		HIGHWAY
1 7	0185	03 033		US 190		



US 190

U.S. Survey Feet, Not-to-Scale

78.9'

STOP SGN

NOTES:
1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES SHOWN
HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE
SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH
AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NADB3) (2011 ADJ.; EPOCH 2010.00).

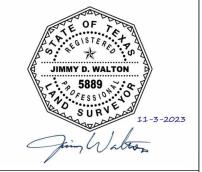
2. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) (GEOID 18).

3, COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE U.S. SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN SURFACE VALUES, AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR MILAM COUNTY OF 1.00012.

4. HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS MEASURED FROM TXDOT RRP TXC2 DURING MARCH 2023.

5. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON SAID REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS, ADJUSTED WITH DIGITAL LEVELING.

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE
DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



THIS SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E

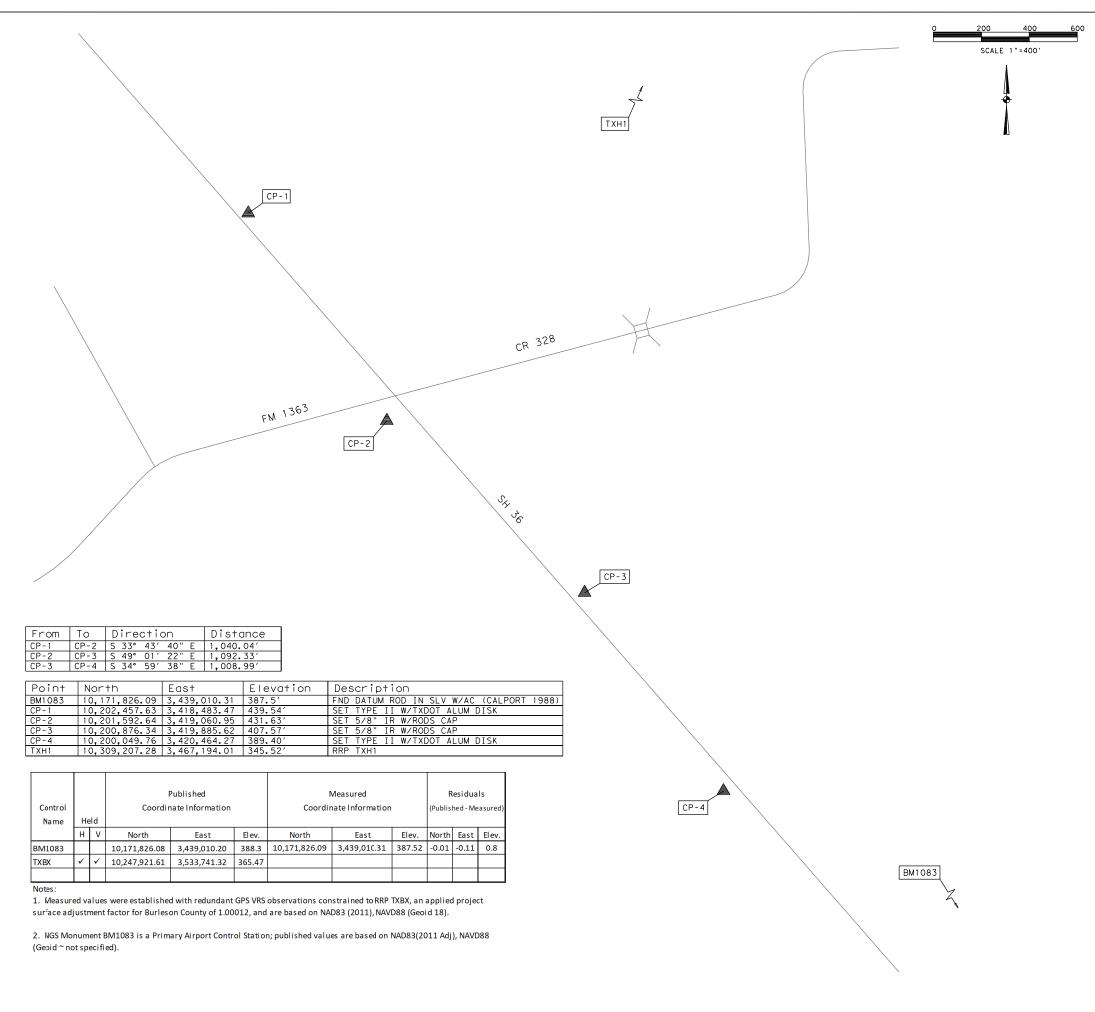
Sheet I of I Survey Date: MARCH, 2023





US 190 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.					
SEE COVER SHEET 47					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	DISTRI	COUNTY		
6	TEXAS	BRY	MILAM		
STATE DIST.NO.	CONTROL	SECTION JOB		HIGHWAY	
17	0185	03	033	US 190	



NOTES:

1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES SHOWN
HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE
SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH
AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) (2011 ADJ.;
EPOCH 2010.00).

2. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) (GEOID 18).

3. COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE U.S. SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN SURFACE VALUES, AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR BURLESON COUNTY OF 1.00012.

4. HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS MEASURED FROM TXDOT RRP TXH1 DURING MARCH 2023.

5. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON SAID REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS, ADJUSTED WITH DIGITAL LEVELING.

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



THIS SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E

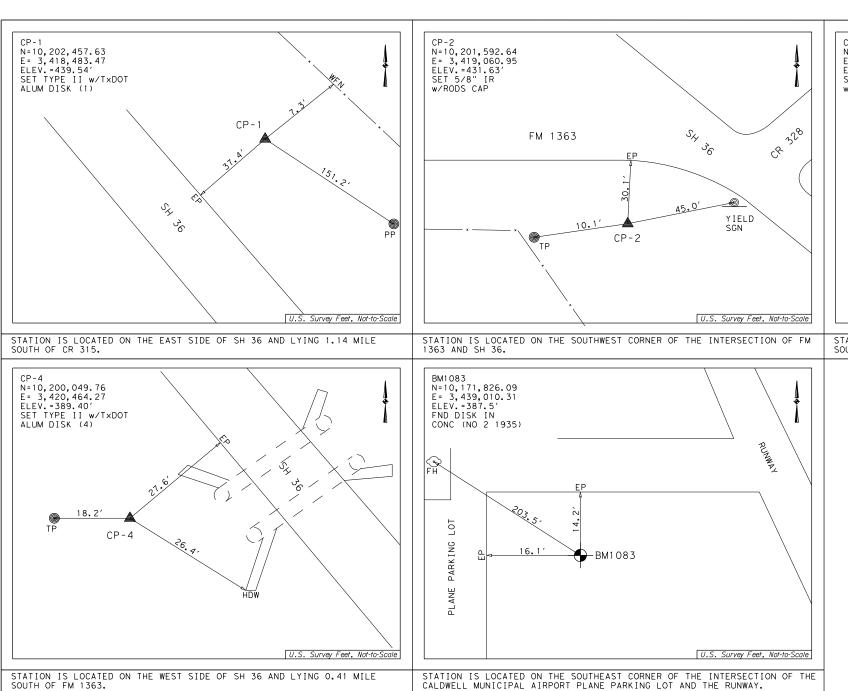
Sheet I of I Survey Date: MARCH, 2023

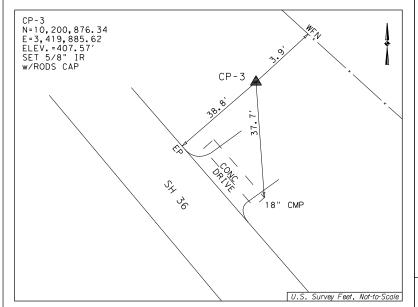




SH 36 SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET

FEDER	SHEET NO.					
S	48					
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	DISTRI	COUNTY			
6	TEXAS	BRY	BURLESON			
STATE DIST.NO.	CONTROL	SECTION JOB		SECTION JOB		HIGHWAY
1 7	0186	02 032		SH 36		



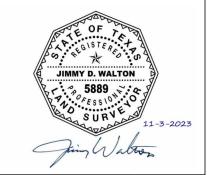


STATION IS LOCATED ON THE EAST SIDE OF SH 36 AND LYING 0.21 MILE SOUTH OF FM 1363.

#### NOTES:

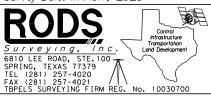
- NOTES:
  1. ALL BEARINGS AND COORDINATES SHOWN
  HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE
  SYSTEM, CENTRAL ZONE (4203), NORTH
  AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) (2011 ADJ.;
  EPOCH 2010.00).
- 2. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD88) (GEOID 18).
- 3, COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE U.S. SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN SURFACE VALUES, AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID VALUES BY DIVIDING BY THE SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR BURLESON COUNTY OF 1.00012.
- 4. HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS MEASURED FROM TXDOT RRP TXH1 DURING MARCH 2023.
- 5. ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON SAID REDUNDANT GPS RTN OBSERVATIONS, ADJUSTED WITH DIGITAL LEVELING.

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



THIS SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THIS PS&E

Sheet I of I Survey Date: MARCH, 2023

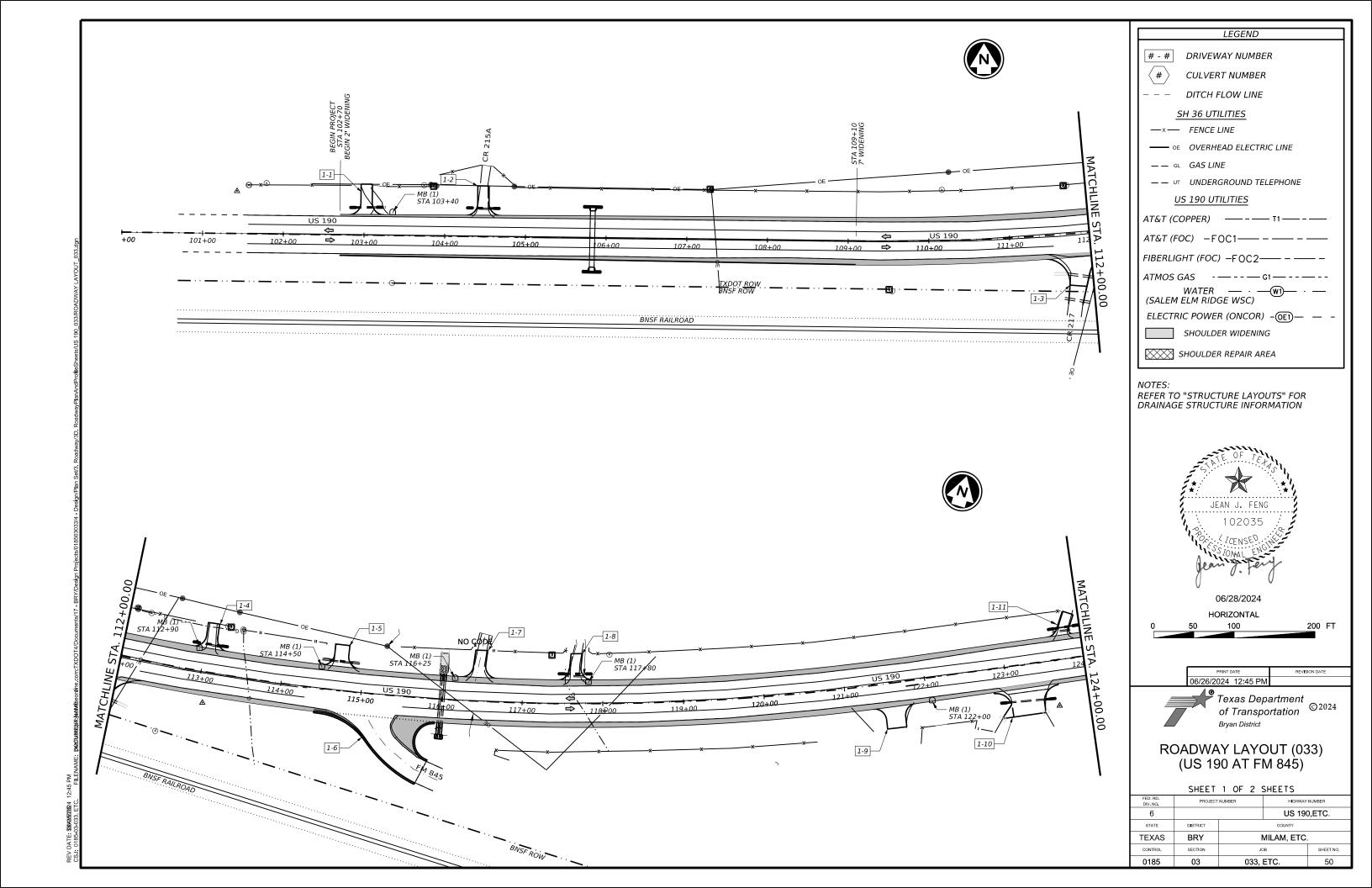


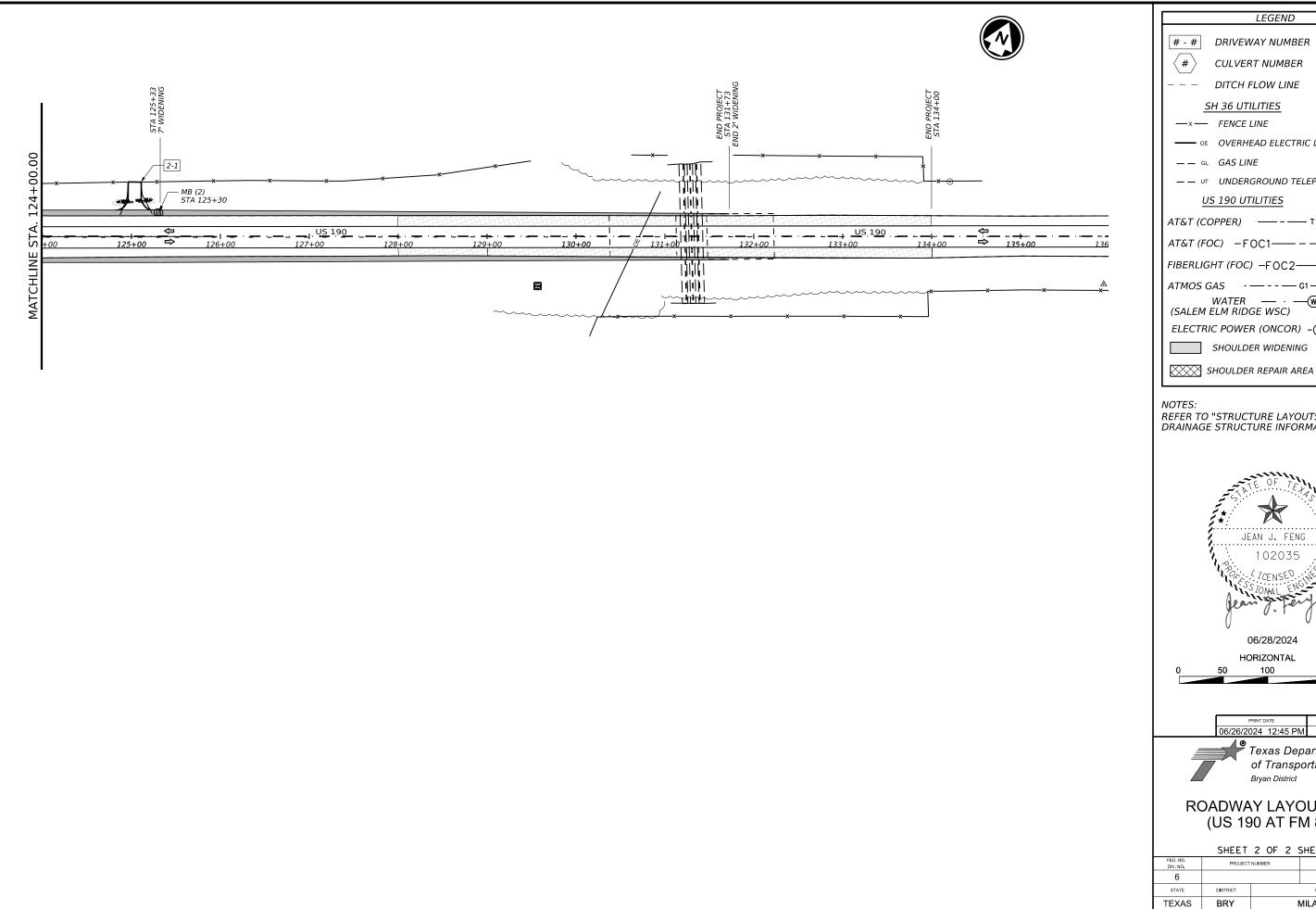


SH 36 HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.					
S	49				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	DISTRI	COUNTY		
6	TEXAS	BRY	BURLESON		
STATE DIST.NO.	CONTROL	SECTION JOB		HIGHWAY	
1 7	0186	02	032	SH 36	







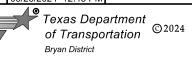
LEGEND # - # DRIVEWAY NUMBER CULVERT NUMBER DITCH FLOW LINE SH 36 UTILITIES —×— FENCE LINE OE OVERHEAD ELECTRIC LINE — — GL GAS LINE — — ∪T UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE US 190 UTILITIES AT&T (COPPER) ------- T1-AT&T (FOC) -FOC1-FIBERLIGHT (FOC) -FOC2-*ATMOS GAS* - — - - — G1 — - - — - -WATER — · — W1-(SALEM ELM RIDGE WSC) ELECTRIC POWER (ONCOR) -OE1— SHOULDER WIDENING

REFER TO "STRUCTURE LAYOUTS" FOR DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INFORMATION



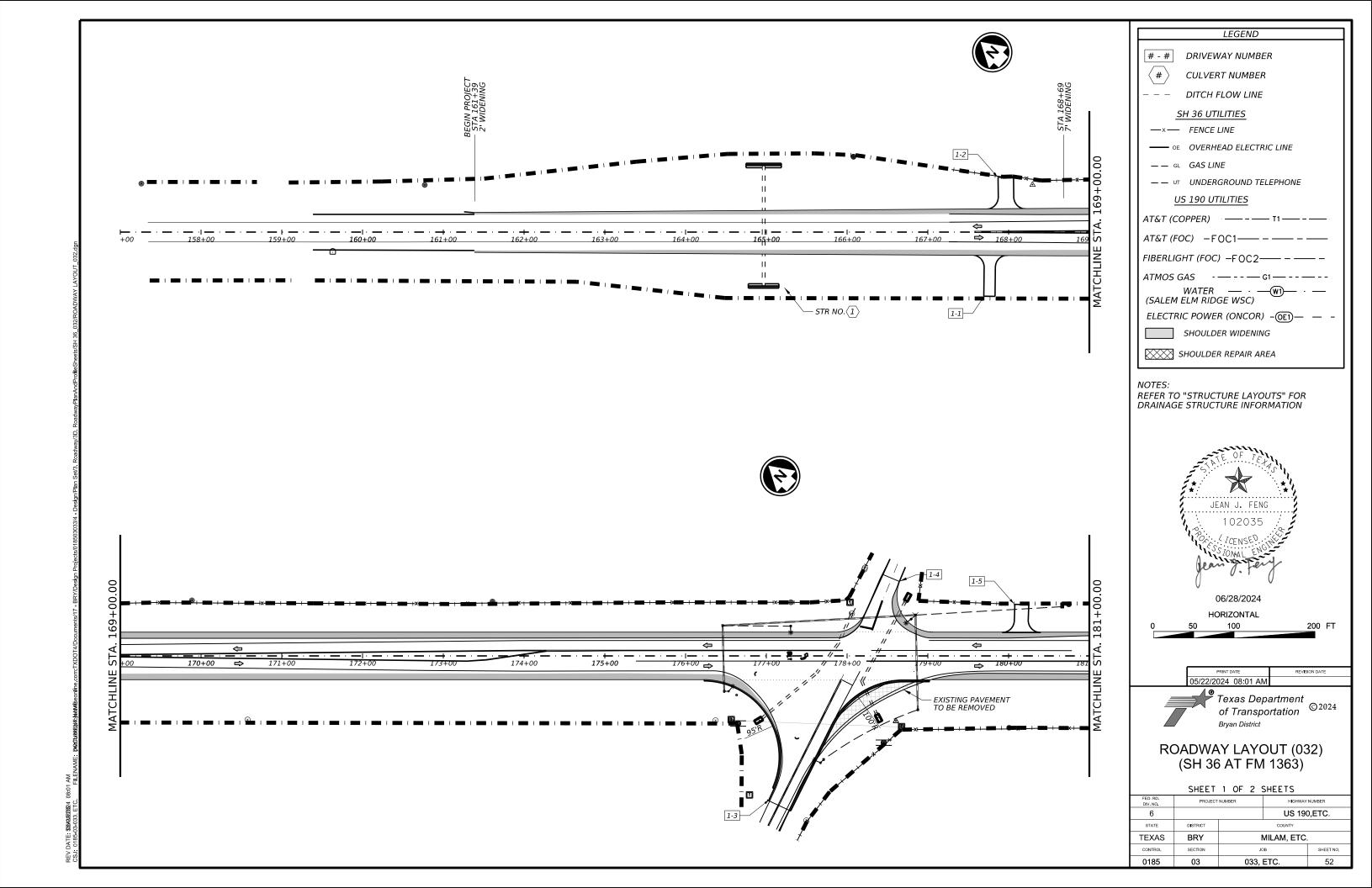
06/28/2024 HORIZONTAL 200 FT

06/26/2024 12:45 PM



**ROADWAY LAYOUT (033)** (US 190 AT FM 845)

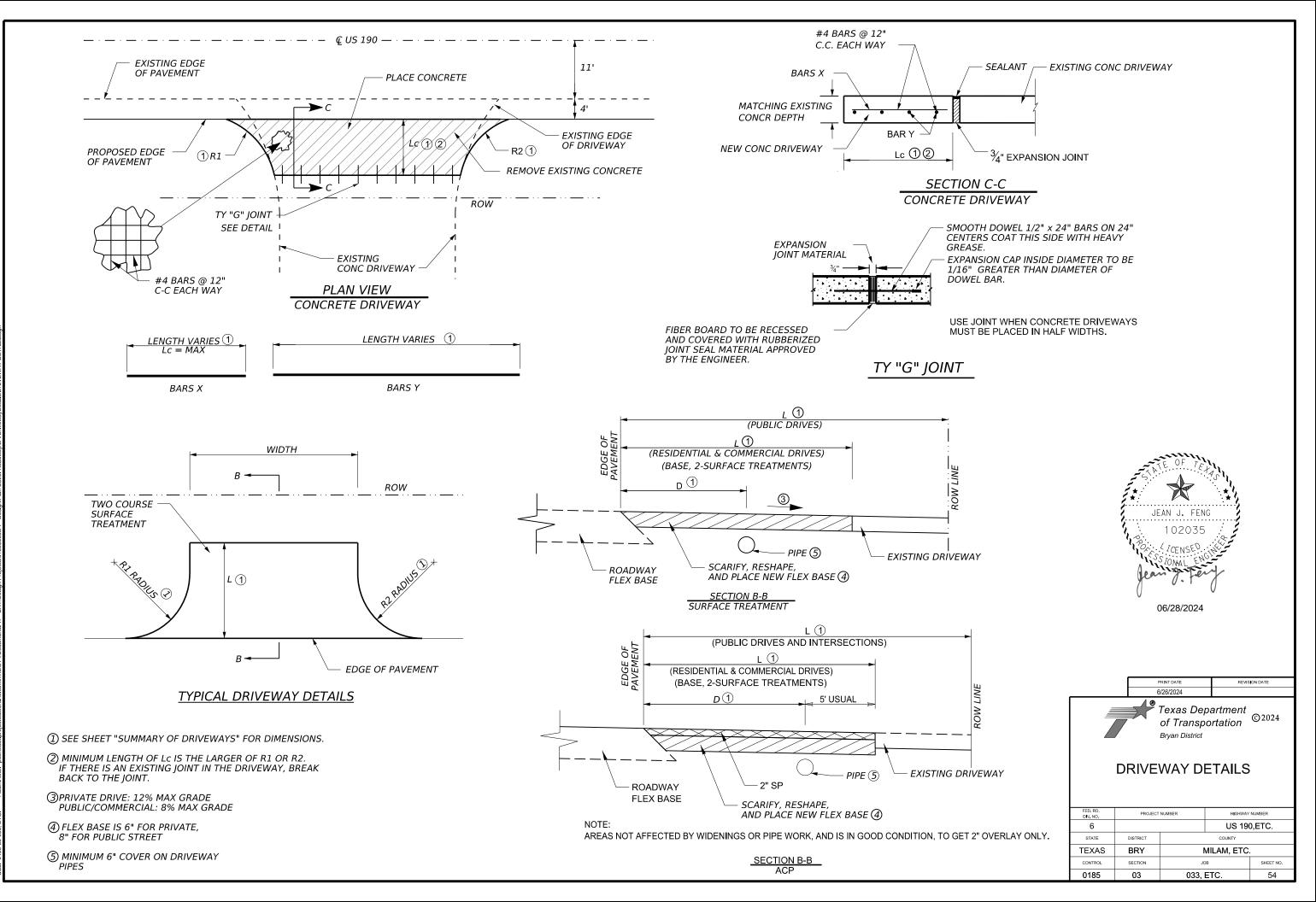
	SHEET	2 OF 2	SHEETS	
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER		
6			US 19	0,ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
EXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.		
CONTROL	SECTION		JOB	SHEET NO.
0185	03	03:	51	
·				•



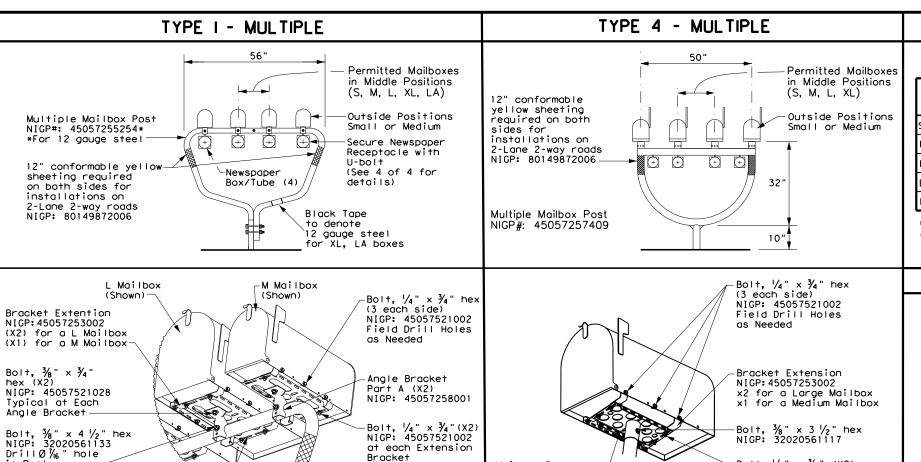
200 FT

HIGHWAY NUMBER

033, ETC.



REV DATE: \$SAVED\$



Bracket

## MAILBOX SIZES

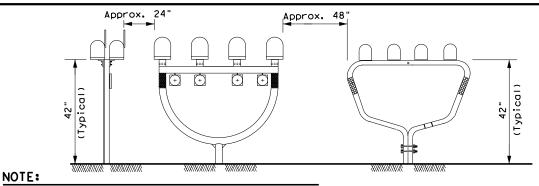
MAILBOX	TYPIC	MAX **		
SIZE	LENGTH	WIDTH	HE I GHT	WEIGHT
SMALL	19 ½"	6"	7"	6 LBS
MEDIUM	22 ½" *	8" *	11 ½"*	8 LBS
LARGE	23 ½"	11 ½"	13 ½"	11 LBS
EXTRA LARGE	18"	14"	12"	13 LBS
LOCKABLE	18"	11 ½"	15"	23 LBS

- * See Note 1.
- ** Excluding Molded Plastic on 4 X 4 Post

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- Dimensions shown (length, width, and height) are typical, not maximums. However, anytime a medium size mailbox is mounted on a single/ double mount or on the outside position on a multi mount, the dimensions shown are maximums.
- Mailboxes shall be made of light weight sheet metal or light weight plastic. Heavy steel, cast iron or decorative mailboxes shall not be used on the state highway system.

# TYPICAL INSTALLATION MEASUREMENTS



9482

X~5.25" min; Y~5.75" min

Mailbox installations in sidewalk areas shall be in accordance with the latest TxDOT Design Standard sheets PED-Pedestrian Facilities Curb Ramps.

Preferred placement

to 8

of Emergency

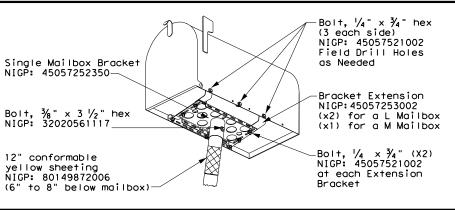
J 9482

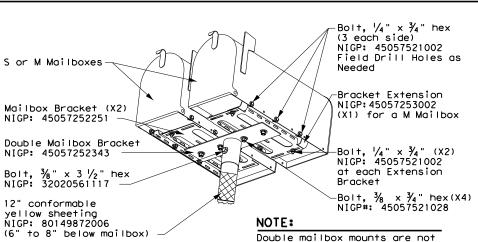
Location Number

# TYPE 2 and 4 - SINGLE/DOUBLE

Mailbox Bracket

NIGP: 4505725225





allowed with a type 4 multiple

mailbox installation

#### Mailbox Bracket (3 each side) NIGP#: 45057252251 NIGP: 45057521002 Field Drill Holes Angle Bracket Part B as Needed NIGP#: 45057258027 Bracket Extension

TYPE 3 - SINGLE/DOUBLE

Angle Bracket Part A NIGP#: 45057258001 Bolt, % " x 3 " (X2) NIGP: 32020743004—

Mailbox Bracket NIGP: 45057252350-

Object Market Type 2 required on both sides for installations on 2-Lane 2-way roads
(6" to 8" below mailbox)-

2-Lane 2-way roads)

(6" to 8" below mailbox)-

Bolt,  $\frac{1}{4}$ " ×  $\frac{3}{4}$ " hex NIGP: 45057253002 x2 for a L Mailbox

Bolt, ¼" x ¾" (X2) NIGP: 45057521002

at each Extension

Bracket

x1 for a M Mailbox -Bolt, ¼" × ¾" (X2) NIGP: 45057521002 at each Extension Bracket

Bolt,  $\frac{3}{8}$ " x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " hex (X2) NIGP: 45057521028 Typical at Each Angle Bracket

S or M mailboxes--Bo∣t, ¼" × ¾" hex (3 eách side) NIGP: 45057521002 Field Drill Holes as Needed Bracket Extension NIGP: 45057253002 ***** x1 for a M Mailbox -Bo∣+, ¼" × ¾" (X2) NIGP: 45057521002 Angle Bracket Part B NIGP#: 45057258027 at each Extension Bracket Type 3 Double Mailbox Bracket Boit,  $\frac{3}{8}$  x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " hex (X4) NIGP: 45057521028 NIGP#: 45057541653 -Angle Bracket Part A Mailbox Bracket (x2) NIĞP#: 45057258001 NIGP#: 45057252251 Object Market Type 2 -Bolt, 5/6" x 3" (X2) NIGP: 32020743004 (required on both sides for installations on

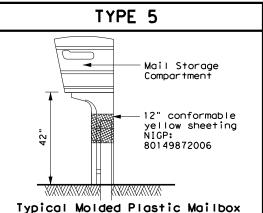
# PLACEMENT OF EMERGENCY LOCATION NUMBER

#### NOTES:

- 1. Location numbers are provided by homeowner. Minimum size 1" height.
- 2. Location number is typically placed on the mailbox in a contrasting color.
- Black numbers may be placed on the Type 2 object marker if the numbers cannot be placed on the
- Alternatively, a green or blue plate with white numbers attached may be mounted below the object marker. Other contrasting color configuration, as approved, may be used.
- 5. See 3 of 4 for Foundation details.
- 6. See 4 of 4 for Hardware details.

## SHEET 1 OF 4

Maintenance Division Standard



6" to 8'

Object Marker

Sheeting

Type 2 (with or without emergency

location number),

or 12" Conformable

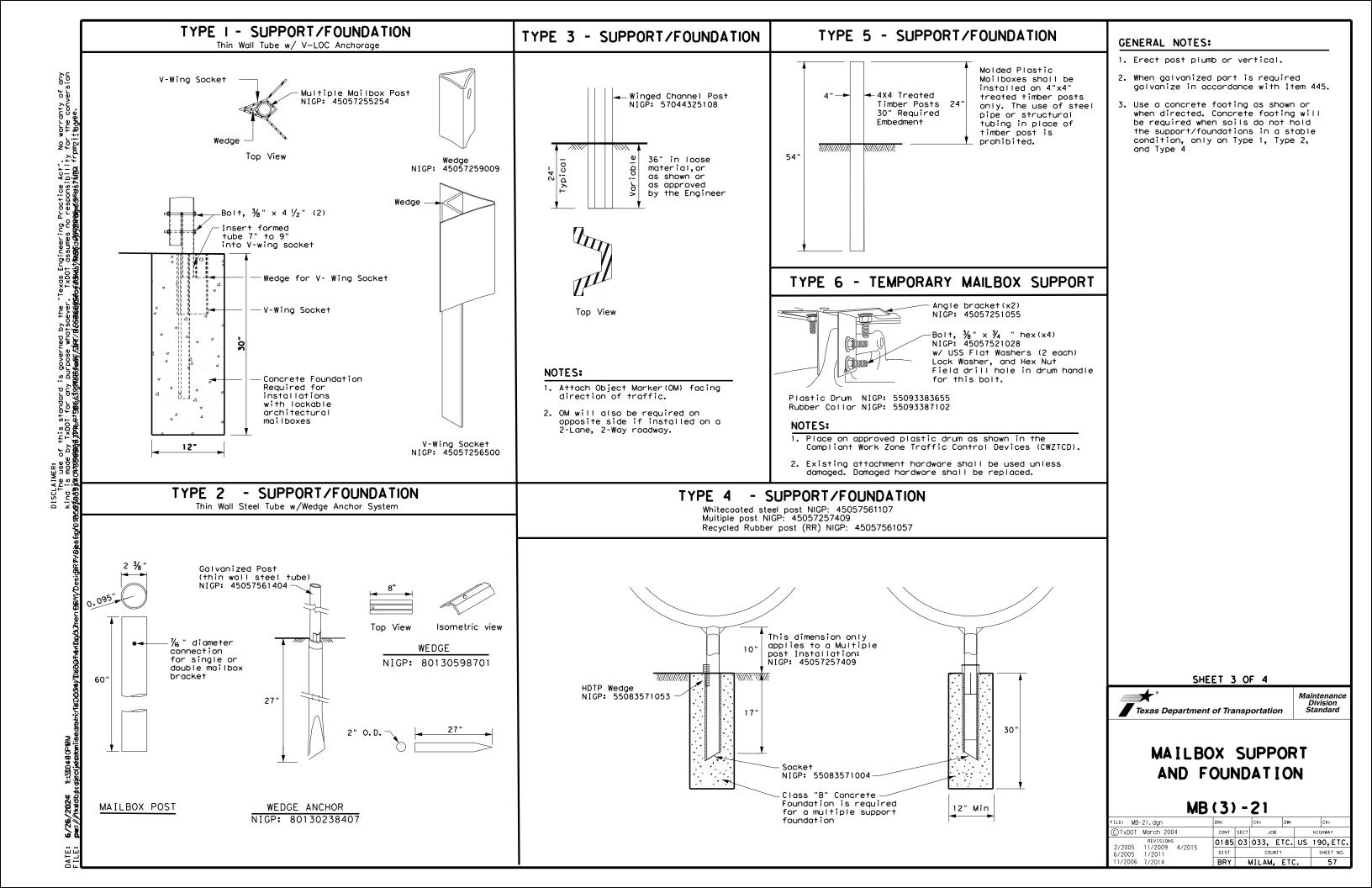


# MAILBOX MOUNTING AND ASSEMBLY

MB(1)-21

, –			_			
FILE: MB-21.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDO	DW:	TxDO	T ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT March 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			H]GHWAY
REVISIONS 2/2005 11/2009 4/2015	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190, ETC.
6/2005 1/2011	DIST		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.
11/2006 7/2014	BRY	l N	ILAM.	ETO	·	55

BRY MILAM, ETC.



TYPE	TYPE I	TYPE 2	TYPE 3		TYPE 4		TYPE 5	TYPE 6
Configuration	Multiple	Single or Double	Single or Double	Single	Double	Multiple	Single	Single
Mailbox Size NIGP #	Outside Position: S or M Inside Position: S, M, L, XL, or LA	Single: S, M, L, XL, or LA Double: SS, SM, MM	Single: S, M, L, or XL Double: SS, SM, MM	S, M, L, XL, or LA	SS, SM, or MM	Outside Position: S or M Inside Position: S, M, L, or XL	Molded Plastic	S, or M
Mailbox Post NIGP #	45057255254 (Galvanized Multiple)	45057561404 (Thin Walled Gavanize)	57044325108 (Wing Channel Post)	45057561107 (Thin walled white powder coated) 45057561057 (Recycled Rubber Post: S or M only)	45057561107 (Thin Walled White Powder Coated)	45057257409 (White Powder Coated Multiple)	4x4 Timber	Constructio Barrel
Post and Mailbox Hardware NIGP #	45057259009 (Wedge) 45057256500 (V-Wing Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057258001 (Part A Angle Bracket x2) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/LA x2) 45057250263 (L-Bracket for XL x4)	80130598701 (Wedge) 80130238407 (Wedge Anchor) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252343 (Double MB Bracket) 45057252350 (S. Mailbox Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/LA x2) 45057250263 (L-Bracket forXL x4)	45057541653 (Type 3 Double Mailbox Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057258001 (Part A Angle Bracket) 45057258027 (Part B Angle Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL x2) 45057250263 (L—Bracket for XL x4)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057252350 (Single Mailbox Bracket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL/LA ×2) 45057250263 (L—Bracket for XL ×4)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252343 (Double Mount Bracket) 45057252251 (Mailbox Bracket x2)	55083571053 (Wedge) 55083571004 (Socket) 45057253002 (Bracket Extension) 45057252350 (Single Mount Bracket) 45057250255 (Plate Washer for XL x2) 45057250263 (L—Bracket for XL x4)	None	4505725105 Angle Brack (×2)
Foundation Used	Class B Concrete (Required for LA Mailboxes)	Class B Concrete (Required for LA Mailboxes)	None	Class B Concrete (not used with recycled rubber post, required for LA Mailboxes)	Class B Concrete (not required)	Class B Concrete	None	None
L	_—Bracket ×4 for	NIGP: 45057252343  Double Mailbox Bracket	NIGP: 45057252350 Single Mailbox Bracket	NIGP: 45057258001 Part "A" Angle Bracket	55008311759 Type 2 OM 55008312906 Type 2 OM 80149872006 12" Conform  NOTES:  1. Type 2 object marker Standard Delineato	CCT MARKERS AND CONFORMABLE SHEETIN  4"x4" (3 Needed) for Type 3 Wing Chann 6"x12" (1 needed) for Type 3 Wing Chann nable Reflective Yellow Sheeting for Flexib  r in accordance with Traffic Engres & Object Markers.  ptacle for newspaper delivery cox x posts if the receptacle does no	el Post nel Post le Posts gineerin	
X	(L sized mailboxes	For Type 2 and Type 4 double mount	For Type 2 single and for Type 4 single and multi mount	For Type 1 multi (2 per mailbox) and Type 3 single and double	the mailbox, prese mail. extend beyon	nt a hazard to traffic or delived the front of the mailbox, or of the publication title.	ery of t display	he
			000000000000000000000000000000000000000		BID CO  Type of Mailb S = Single D = Double M = Multiple			
T	P: 45057251055 Type 6 Angle Bracket (2 per mailbox)	NIGP: 45057252251  Mailbox Bracket For Type 1 multi and any double mount (use 2)	NIGP: 45057253002  Bracket Extension Use 1 for a medium Mailbox Use 2 for a Large Mailbox	NIGP: 45057258027 Part "B" Angle Bracket For Type 3 single and double		Channel Post		
		O O NIGP: 45057250255	NIGP: 45057541653	NIGP: 55083571053	TIM = Timber Type of Found Ty 1 = V-Loc Ty 2 = Wedge A Ty 3 = Winged	ation ————————————————————————————————————		
v		Plate Washer for Architecural and XL Mailboxes	Type 3 double mailbox bracket	Type 4 Mailbox Wedge		SHEET 4 OF  Texas Department of Transpo		Maintenand Division Standard

NIGP: 45057259009

Wedge for Type 1 V-wing Socket

NIGP: 55083571004

Type 4 Mailbox Socket

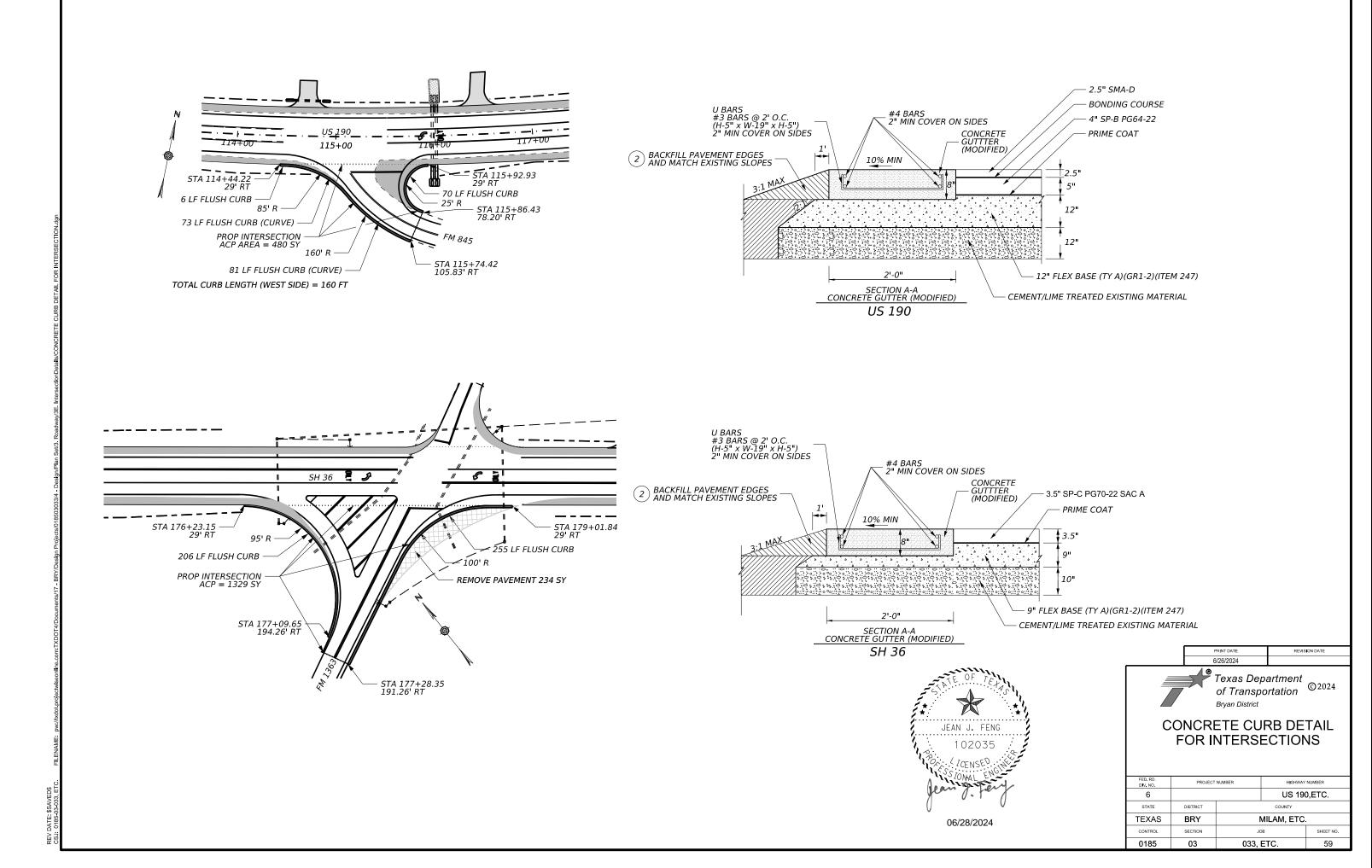
NIGP: 80130238407

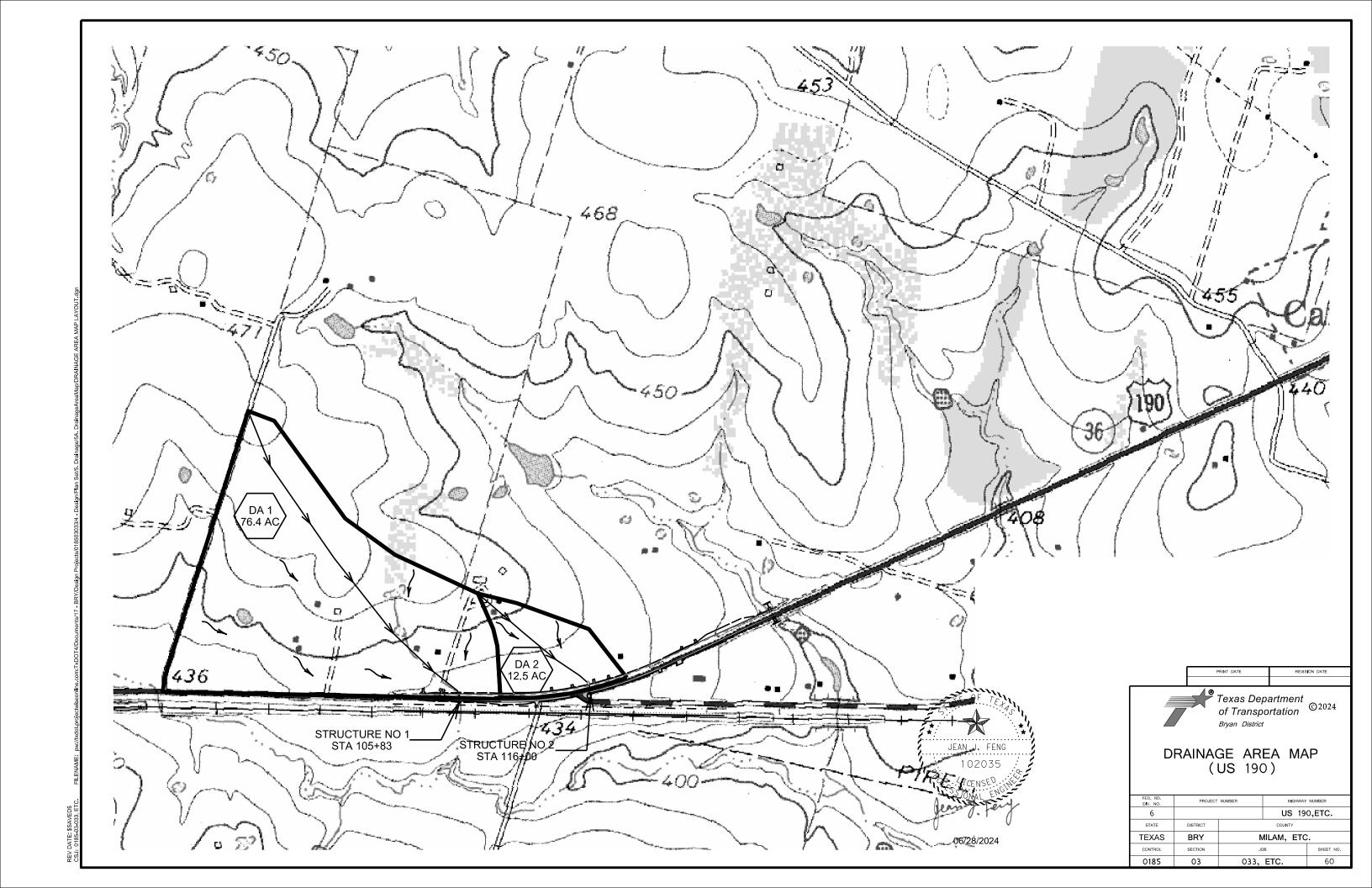
Type 2 Wedge Anchor

NIGP: 45057256500 V-wing Socket for Type 1 Foundation NIGP PARTS LIST

MB (4) -21

ILE: MB-	21.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxD(	)T Dw:	TxD0	T CK: TXDOT
C) TxDOT	March 2004	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGHWAY
2/2005	REVISIONS 11/2009 4/2015	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190,ETC.
6/2005	1/2011	DIST		cour	NTY		SHEET NO.
11/2006	7/2014	BRY	l N	ΛΙLAM,	ET(		58





# HYDROLOGIC DATA (RATIONAL METHOD) (US 190)

			JEGGIG DA	17 (1771)	ONAL METH	<i>35</i> ) (35 135)		
		Drair	nage Area	-		,	_	_
	STRUCTURE STATION	Α	C	I _C	l ₂₅	I ₁₀₀	Q ₂₅	Q ₁₀₀
	017111011	(ac)	C	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)
	STA 105+83	76.4	0.38	38	4.34	5.32	126	154
	STA 116+00	12.5	0.39	18	6.43	9.72	31	47

WHERE: A = DRAINAGE AREA (AC)

T = TIME OF CONCENTRATION (HR)

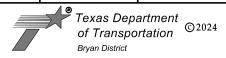
Q = T-YEAR DISCHARGE (CFS)

P = T-YEAR TOTAL DESIGN RAINFALL (INCH)

### HYDRAULIC DATA (HY-8) (US 190)

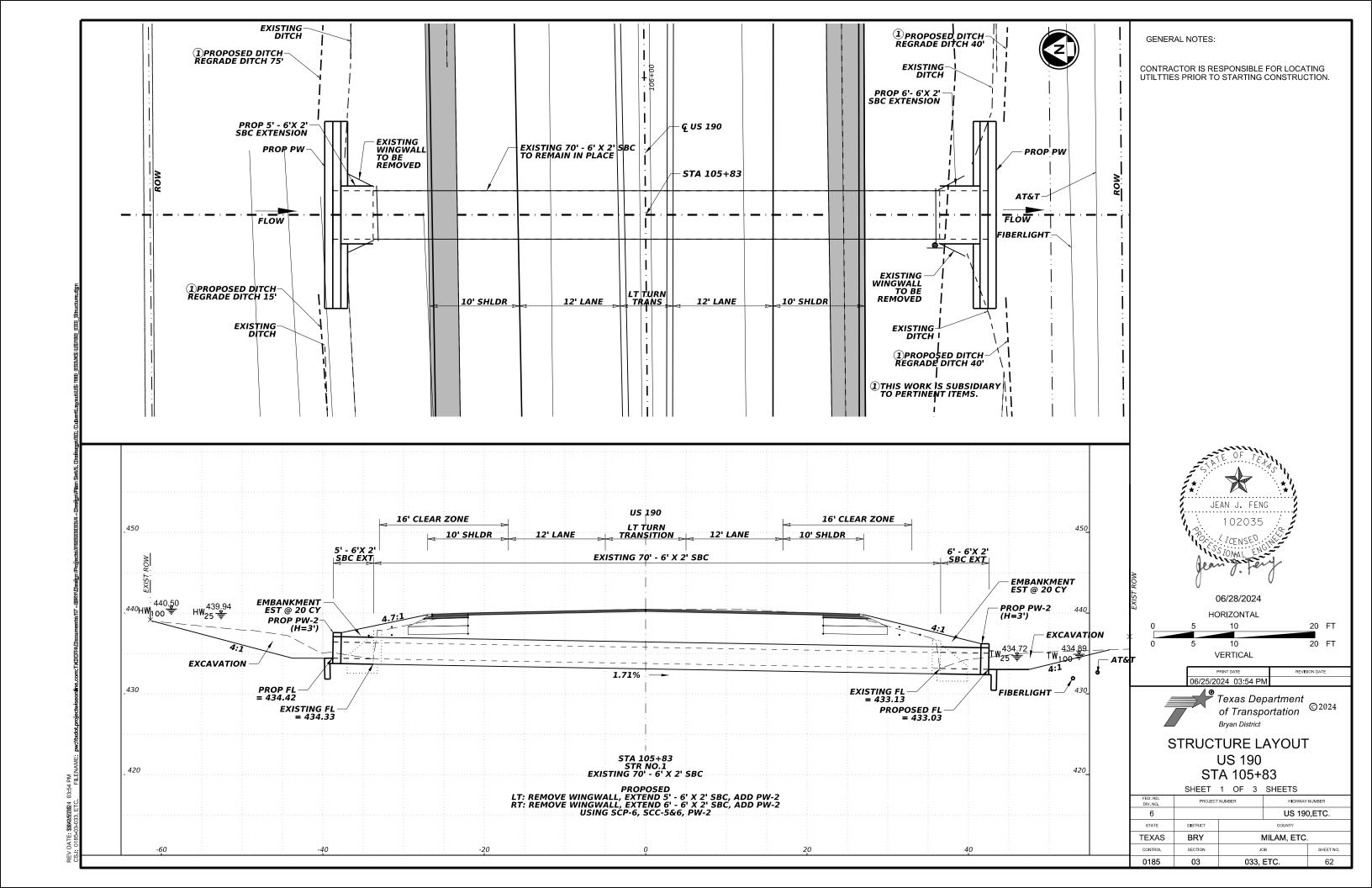
_								1111010	CLIODA	177 (111 0	(03 190)								
						CI	JLV	D.S. CF	IANNEL			FREQ = 25	YR				FREQ = 100	YR	
		STRUCTURE STATION	STRUCTURE DESCRIPTION	ALLOWABLE ELEV	LENGTH	SLOPE	Manning	SLOPE	Manning	Q	HW	TW	NORMAL DEPTH	OUTLET VEL	ο	HW	TW	NORMAL DEPTH	OUTLET VEL
					(FT)	(%)	"n"	(%)	"n"	(CFS)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT/S)	(CFS)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT/S)
	EXIST	STA 105+83	6' X 2' SBC	440.4	70	1.71	0.012	1.8	0.060	126	439.85	434.72	1.35	13.20	154	440.5	434.89	1.42	13.61
	PROP	31A 105+65	0 A 2 3BC	440.4	81	1.71	0.012	1.0	0.000	120	439.94	434.72	1.35	13.43	134	440.50	434.89	1.41	13.77
	EXIST	STA 116+00	2-24" RCP	436.0	65	0.82	0.012	1.5	0.060	31	432.84	431.14	1.23	7.53	47	434.07	431.40	1.78	8.17
	PROP	317 110+00	2-24 RGP	430.0	77	0.82	0.012	1.5	0.000	31	432.87	431.14	1.24	7.52	47	434.10	431.40	2.00	8.17

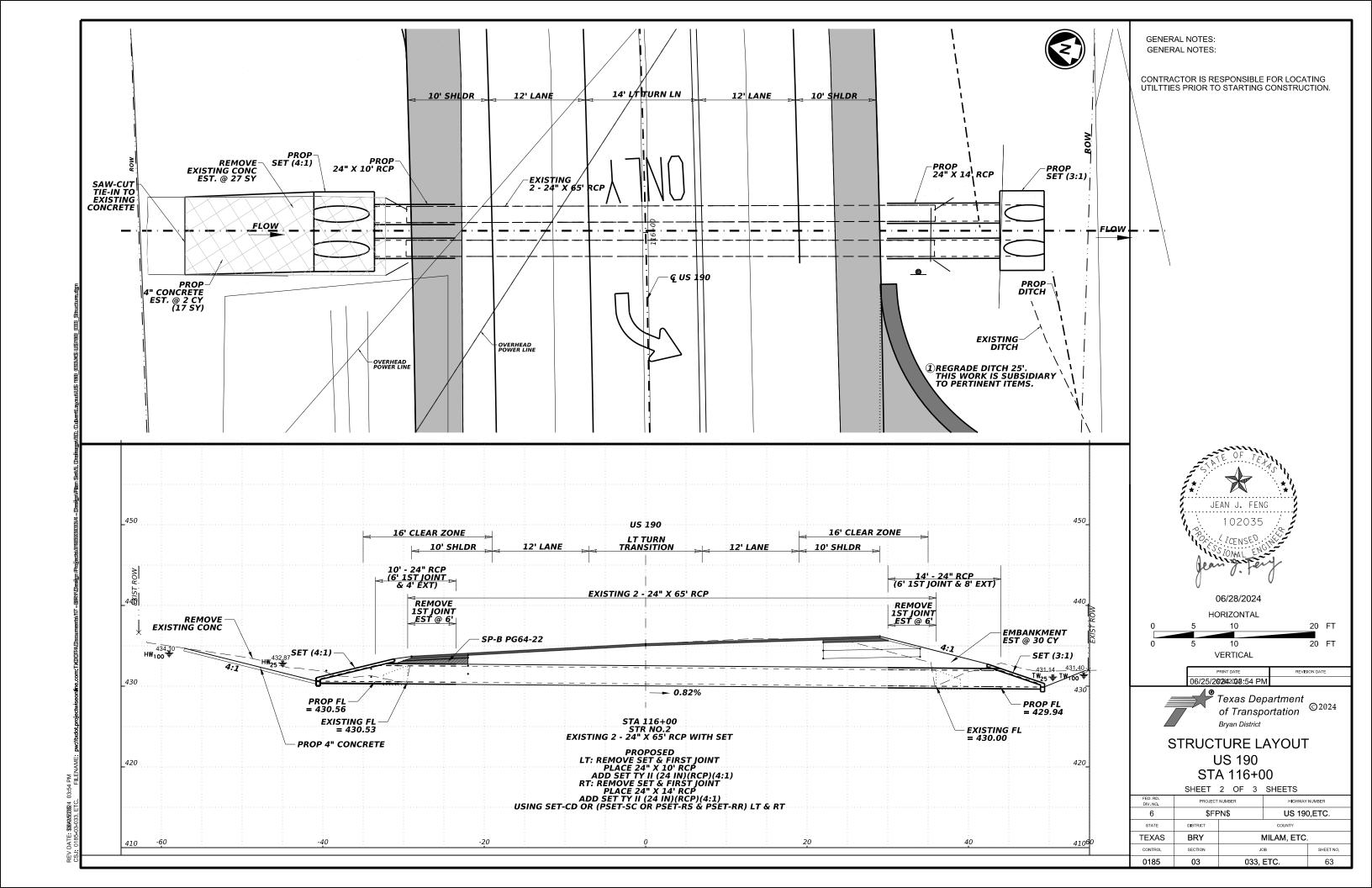


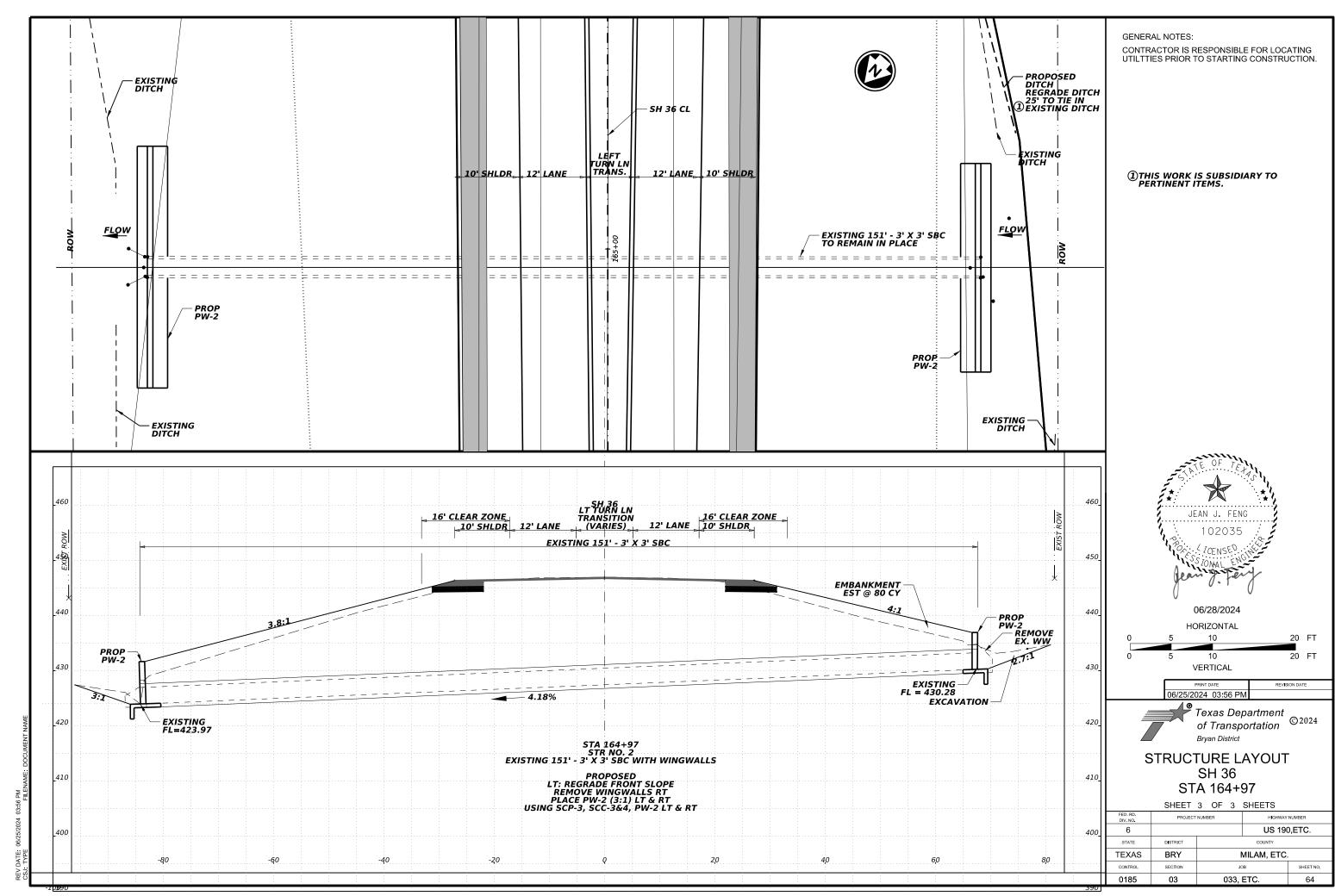


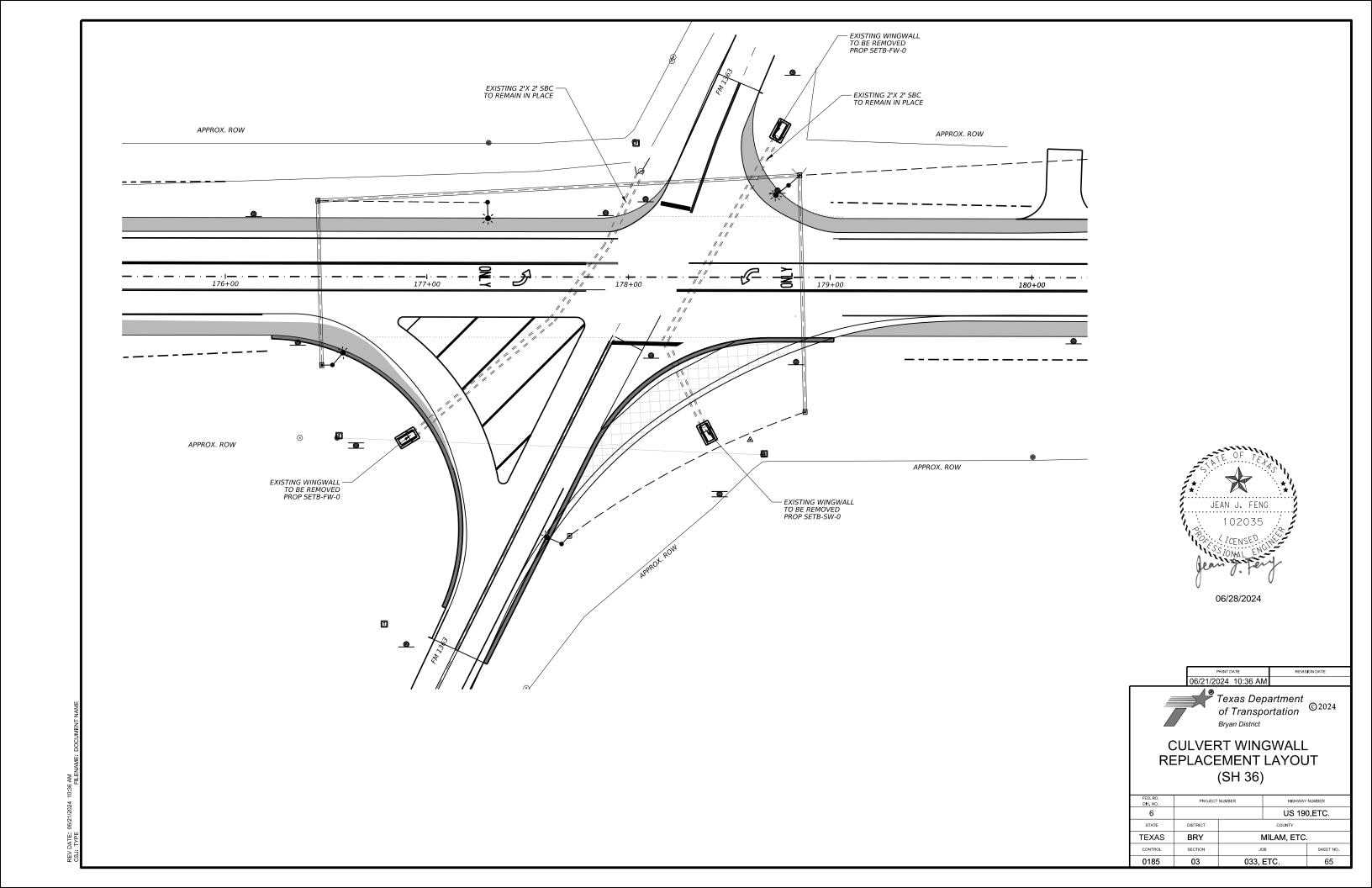
HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA (US 190)

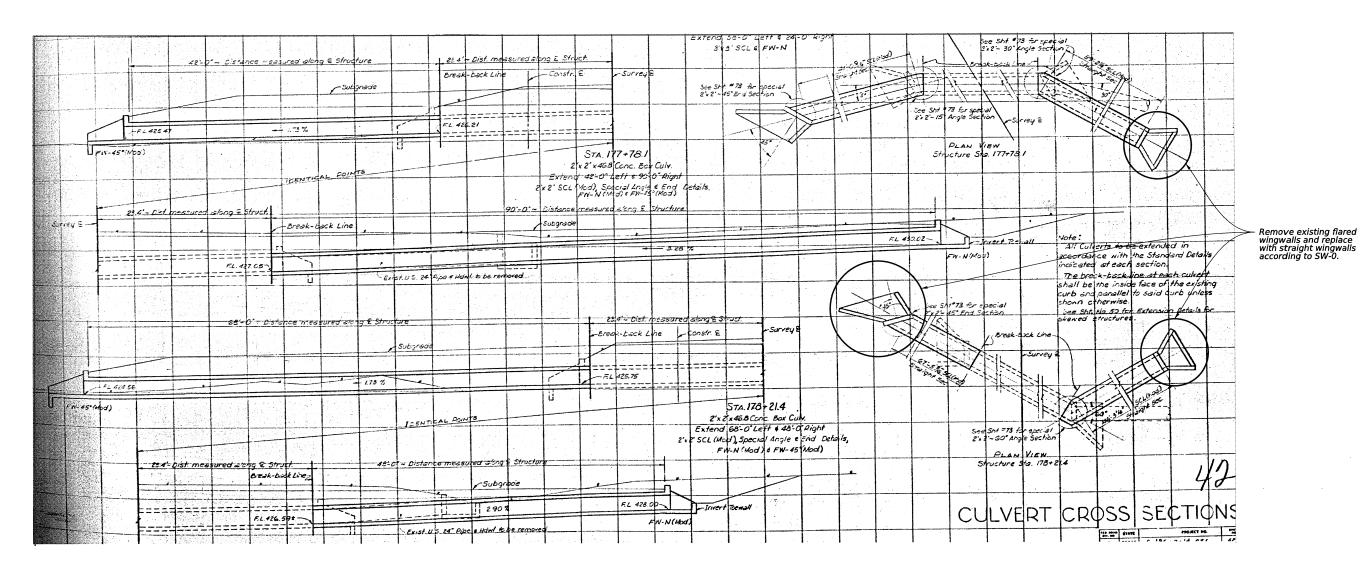
ED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY	NUMBER		
6			US 19	O,ETC.		
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY			
EXAS	BRY		MILAM, ETC.			
ONTROL	SECTION		SHEET NO.			
0185	03	033, ETC. 61				





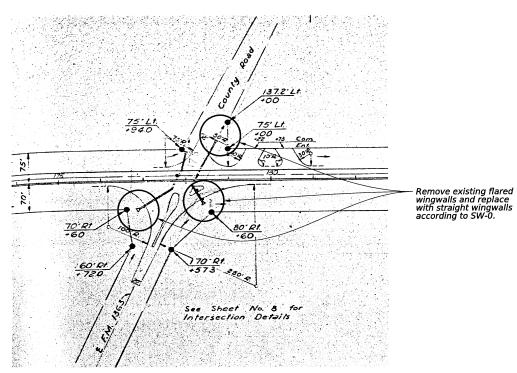






(1) BID CODE | DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | 0420 6051 | CL C CONC (CULV) | 4.8 CY

Quantity is for three culvert wingwalls. Quantity is assuming 3:1 side slopes. Adjust quantity based on actual side slopes according to SW-0 standard. Field verify before ordering materials.



### GENERAL NOTES:

Remove existing flared wingwalls and breakback culvert two feet without damaging existing reinforcement. Clean and straighten existing reinforcement to overlay with new straight wingwall reinforcement. Replace with straight wingwalls according to the standard "SW-0" Straight Wings for 0 Deg Skew.



05/21/2024

	PRINT DATE 4/2024	REVISION DATE
1	Texas Depa of Transpo Bryan District	artment rtation © ²⁰²⁴

## CULVERT WINGWALL REPLACEMENT

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NU	MBER HIGH	WAY NUMBER
6		US 1	190, ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ET	ſC.
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	SHEET NO.
0185	03	033, ETC.	66

			1	1	1	ı	1	I	ı		ı	1	1		1				
Culvert Station and/or Creek Name followed by applicable end	Description of Box Culvert	Max Fill	Applicable Box	Applicable Wingwall	Skew Angle	Side Slope	T Culvert	U Culvert	C Estimated	Hw (1) Height	A Curb to	B Offset	Lw Length of	Ltw Culvert	Atw Anchor	Riprap Apron	Class (2) "C"	) Class (3) "C"	Total Wingwall
(Lt, Ŕt or Both)		Height	Culvert Standard	or End	(0°,15°,	or Channel Slope Ratio	Top Slab Thickness	Wall Thickness	Curb	of Wingung!	End of	of End of Wingwall	Longest	Toewall	Toewall	,	Conc	Conc	Area
	No. Spans ~		Standard (4)	Treatment Standard	30° or	Stope Ratio	Tillckness		Height	Wingwall	Wingwall	Wingwaii	Wingwall	Length	Length		(Curb)	(Wingwall)	1 1
	Span X Height	(Ft)	<u> </u>		45°)	(SL:1)	(In)	(In)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(Ft)	(CY)	(CY)	(CY)	(SF)
Sta 105+83 (US 190 ) (Lt)	1 ~ 6'x 2'	4'	SCP-6	PW - 2	0°	3:1	7"	7"	0.500'	3.083'	N/A	N/A	7.750'	7.167'	N/A	0.0	0.1	4.0	46
Sta 105+83 (US 190 ) (Lt)	1 ~ 6'x 2'	4'	SCC - 5&6	PW - 2	0 °	3:1	8"	7 "	0.500'	3.167'	N/A	N/A	8.000'	7.167'	N/A	0.0	0.1	4.1	49
Sta 105+83 (US 190 ) (Rt)	1 ~ 6'x 2'	4'	SCP - 6	PW - 2	0°	3:1	7"	7 "	0.500'	3.083'	N/A	N/A	7.750'	7.167'	N/A	0.0	0.1	4.0	46
Sta 105+83 (US 190 ) (Rt)	1 ~ 6'x 2'	4'	SCC - 5&6	SETB-CD	0°	3:1	8"	7 "	0.500'	2.917'	N/A	N/A	7.750'	N/A	7.167'	0.0	0.1	1.9	N/A
STA 164+97 (SH 36) (Lt)	1 ~ 3'x 3'	15'	SCC - 3&4	PW - 2	0°	3:1	8"	7"	4.000'	7.667'	N/A	N/A	20.000'	4.167'	N/A	0.0	0.6	19.4	301
STA 164+97 (SH 36) (Lt)	1 ~ 3'x 3'	15'	SCP - 3	PW - 2	0 °	3:1	4 "	4"	4.000'	7.333'	N/A	N/A	19.000'	3.667'	N/A	0.0	0.5	17.3	273
STA 164+97 (SH 36) (Rt)	1 ~ 3'x 3'	15'	SCC - 3&4	PW - 2	0 °	3:1	8"	7"	3.000'	6.667'	N/A	N/A	17.000'	4.167'	N/A	0.0	0.5	14.9	221
STA 164+97 (SH 36) (Rt)	1 ~ 3'x 3'	15'	SCP - 3	PW - 2	0 °	3:1	4 "	4"	3.000'	6.333'	N/A	N/A	16.000'	3.667'	N/A	0.0	0.4	12.4	197
																		!	
SH 36 Intersection at FM 1363 (Rt)	1 ~ 2'x 2'	3 ′	Non-Stndrd	SW - 0	0°	3:1	6 "	6 "	0.500'	2.750'	N/A	N/A	7.250'	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.1	1.9	22
SH 36 Intersection at FM 1363 (Both)	1 ~ 'x 2'	3 '	Non-Stndrd	SW - 0	0 °	3:1	6"	6"	0.500'	2.750'	N/A	N/A	7 . 250 '	N/A	N/A	0.2	0.2	3.8	44
																		ļ	
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			1		1										1				

Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

- Side slope at culvert for flared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
  Slope must be 3:1 or flatter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

- A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- B = Offset of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- Lw = Length of longest wingwall.
- Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only) Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.

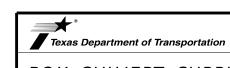
Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

- (1) Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.
- 2 Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only. For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- (3) Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- 4) Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a different type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contestions responsibility to make the necessary and just offents the dimensions and quantities shown

JEAN J. FENG

06/28/2024

102035



This sheet is a supplement to the box culvert standards. It is to be filled out

dimensions for the construction of the box

An Excel 2010 spreadsheet to assist in completing this table can be downloaded

page on the TxDOT web site. The completed

sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by

from the Bridge Standards (English) web

a licensed Professional Engineer.

culvert wingwalls and safety end treatments

by the culvert specifier and provides

SPECIAL NOTE:

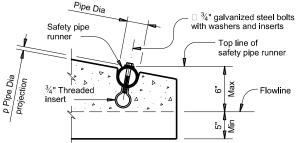
BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

RCS

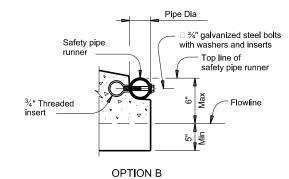
			D	د ر				
FILE: CD-BC:	S-20.dgn	DN: TxL	OT.	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TxD0T		ck: TxD0
©TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	₹WAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033		US	19	O, ETC
		DIST		COUNTY			5	HEET NO.
		BRYAN		MILAM. F	ETC	_		67

Pipe Dia Safety pipe runner 3/4" galvanized steel bolts 3/4" Threaded

### INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

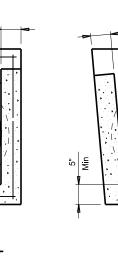


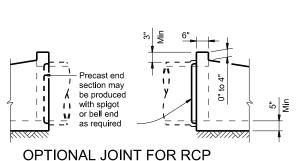
### OPTION A



### **END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION** OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)





(1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76,

Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic

"D"

17.00"

20.50

24.00"

31.00"

38.50"

45.50"

52.50"

- pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections. (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (3) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.

TP Wall

Thickness

1.15"

1.30"

1.60"

1.95"

2.65"

2.75"

2.7"

Wall "B"

Thickness

2 1/4"

2 1/2"

3 ½"

4 1/2"

I.D.

12"

15"

18"

30"

36"

42"

- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- (6) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- (7) Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

REQUIREMENTS FOR

Length

4' - 9'

6' - 5"

8' - 0"

14' - 8"

17' - 11

21' - 2"

Required Pipe

O.D.

3.500

3.500

3.500

3.500"

4.500"

4.500"

4.500"

I.D.

3.068"

3.068

3.068

3.068

4.026"

4.026"

4.026"

Nominal

Dia. 3" STD

3" STD

3" STD

3" STD

4" STD

4" STD

4" STD

Multiple

Pipe

Yes, for

2 pipes

> 2 pipes

2 pipes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Pipe

No

Yes

Yes

**CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS** 

Slope

6:1

6:1

6:1

6:1

6:1

6:1

6:1

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete

unless noted otherwise Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below:

A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" - D12 x D12 or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).

B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi)

At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment

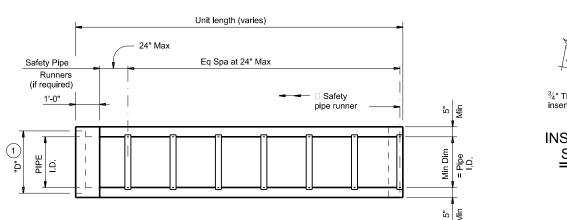


PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT

TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

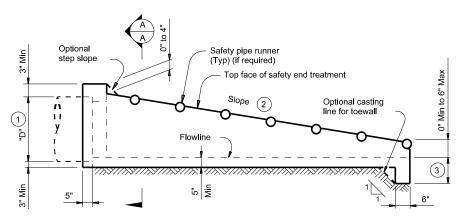
**PSET-SP** 

LE: CD-PSET-SP-21.dgn	DN: RLV	1	ск: KLR	DW:	JTR	CK:	GAF	
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOI	В	HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS 12-21: Added 42" TP	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190, l	ETC.	
	DIST		cou	INTY	SHEET NO.			
	BRY	N.	ATI AM	FT(	,	66		



**PLAN** 

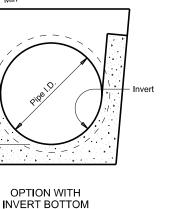
(Showing bell end connection.)



LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION (Showing bell end connection.)

5 Reinforcing to have Min Min Cement stabilized bedding and backfill MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION **OPTION WITH** 

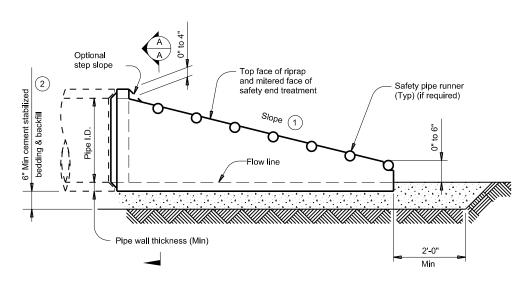
SQUARE BOTTOM SECTION A-A



(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment.)

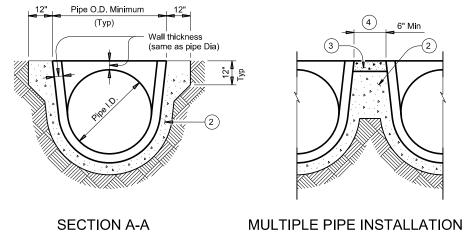
### PLAN VIEW - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

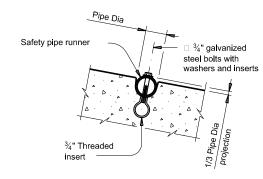


### LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

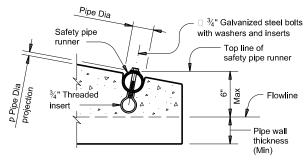


- 1 Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (2) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment. backfill as directed by Engineer.
- (3) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment "
- 4 Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between . safetv end treatments.
- (5) Safety pipe runners are required for multiple pipe culverts with more than two pipes.

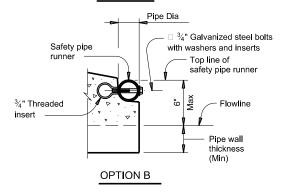


### INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



### OPTION A



### **END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION** OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

### REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

				Min Reinf Requirements		Min	Pipe R Require		Required P	ipe Runner	Sizes
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	at Tapered End	(sq. in. per ft. of Pipe)	Max Slope	Length of Unit	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia	O.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	4' - 0"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	5' - 8"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	7' - 3"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	10' - 6"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	6:1	12' - 1"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	6:1	15' - 4"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 ½"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	6:1	18' - 7"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

MATERIAL NOTES: Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe.
Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for

compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint

compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material.

Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of loading, unloading and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,

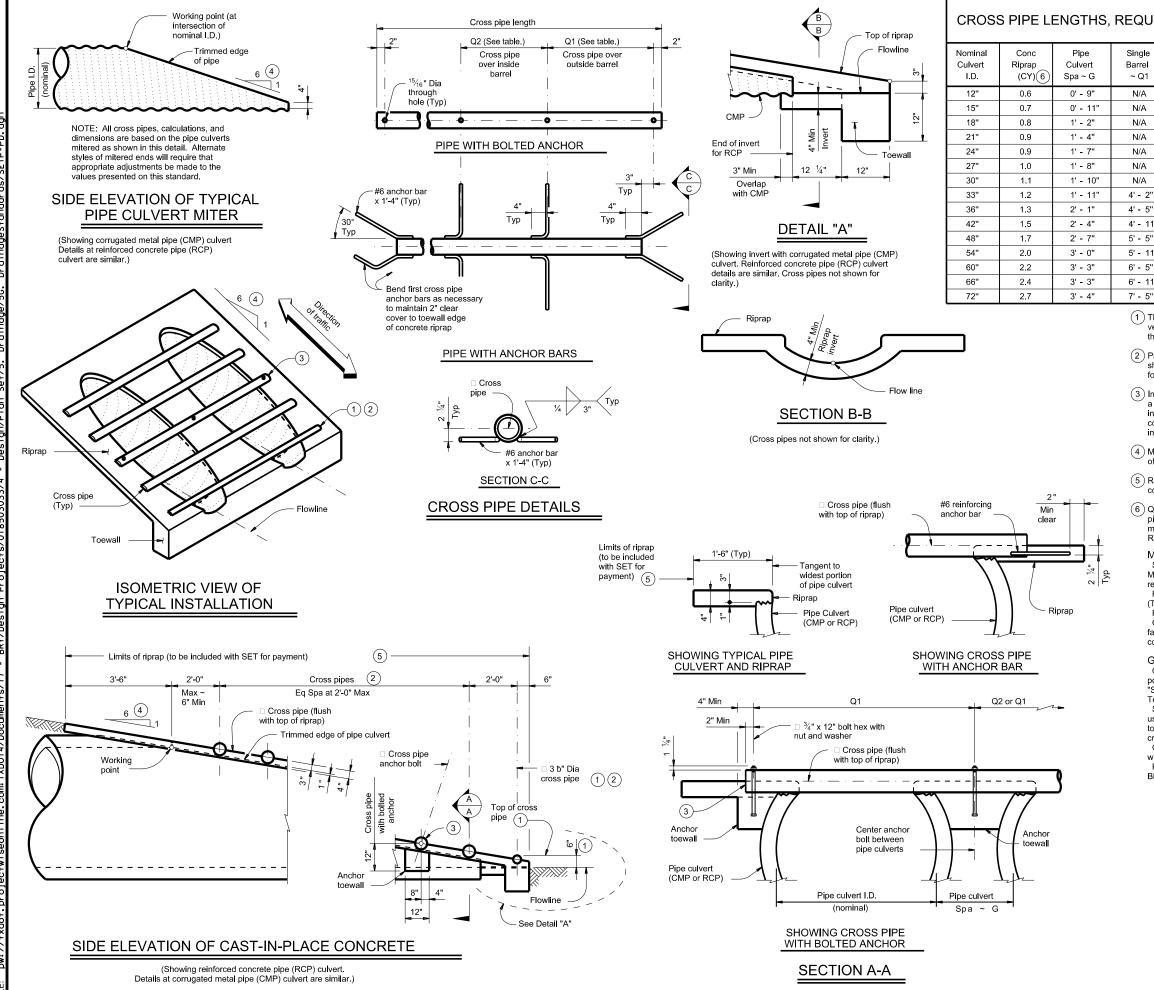


### PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

DQET_DD

			Г.	ンレー	-1/	Г			
LE: PSET-RI	P.dgn	DN: RLV	٧	ck: KLF	DW	: JTR	ск: GAF		
CTXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC	. US	190, ETC.		
				COL	JNTY		SHEET NO.		
		BRY		MI AM	FT	<u></u>	69		

1:33:32 P



### CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9"	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9"		
15"	0.7	0' - 11"	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10"	2' - 8"	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.500" O.D.)
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6"	3' - 7"		
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10"	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts	
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" O.D.)
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8"	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.D.)
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	4' - 9"	5' - 1"	All pipe pulsente	4" Std
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	5' - 5"	5' - 10"	All pipe culverts	(4.500" O.D.)
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0"	6' - 7"		
54"	2.0	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	6' - 9"	7' - 6"		
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11"	7' - 10"	8' - 9"		(5.563" O.D.)
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4"		

- 1 The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- (2) Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- (4) Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (6) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price

Bid for each Safety End Treatment



SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETP-PD

(2)

CD-SETP-PD-20.dgn	DN: GAF	:	ck: CAT	DW:	JRP	ск	: GAF
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB HIGHW				
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Naminal	PSET-SC	and PSET-	-SP Standa	ards	PSET-RC and PSET-RP Standards							
Nominal Culvert	Side Slope					Side Slope						
(Pipe) I.D.	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	6:1				
12"	23.0"	0.1	0.2	0.2	16.0"	0.1	0.1	0.2				
15"	26.5"	0.2	0.2	0.3	19.5"	0.1	0.2	0.2				
18"	30.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3	23.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3				
24"	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5	30.0"	0.2	0.3	0.4				
30"	44.5"	0.3	0.4	0.6	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5				
36"	51.5"	0.4	0.5	0.7	44.0"	0.3	0.4	0.6				
42"	58.5"	0.5	0.6	0.8	51.0"	0.4	0.5	0.7				

- (1) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." When riprap is cast integrally with the precast safety end treatment, this dimension is 1'-0" minimum.
- 2 1#2" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A threaded anchor rod with 2 nuts and 2 washers. Galvanize all components in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Repair galvanizing that is damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.
- 3 3#4" through holes in walls of safety end treatment for riprap anchor rods may be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry) type drilling equipment or may be formed. Do not use percussive (star) type drilling equipment. If holes are drilled, patch spalls in the inside face of the wall exceeding 1#2" from the holes.
- Provide riprap toe wall when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans or when field conditions require a toe wall.
- (5) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe culvert. For multiple pipe culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are based on the minimum unit lengths shown on the Precast Saftey End Treatment (SET) standard sheets.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. The anchor rods shown are always required.

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

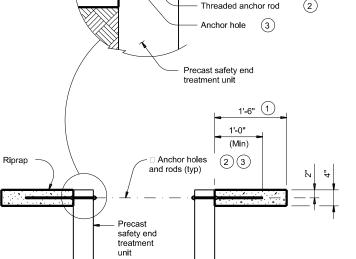
Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."

Refer to PSET-SC or PSET-SP standard sheets for details of square safety end treatments not shown. Refer to PSET-RC or PSET-RP standard sheets for details of round safety end treatments not shown.

For precast units with integrally cast riprap, substitute reinforcing steel in the amount on 0.26 in./ft. minimum for the threaded anchor rods shown. When requested, submit sealed engineering drawings for approval prior to construction. Shop drawings will not be required. Note that a proprietary precast unit with integral riprap is available from L&R Precast Concrete Works, Inc. (956) 583-6293 or www.lrprecast.com. Payment for riprap and toewalls is included in the price bid for each safety end

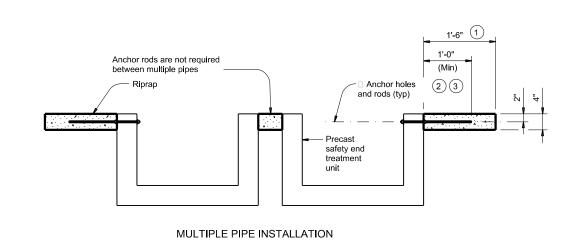
These riprap details are only applicable when notes that require placement of riprap with precast safety end treatments are shown elsewhere in the plans.

Precast units with integrally cast riprap are permitted unless noted otherwise on the plans.



SINGLE PIPE INSTALLATION

Length of precast safety end treatment (varies) 12" (max) 12" (max) Eq Spa at 1'-6" (max) Anchor holes and rods (typ) 23 Riprap **PLAN** Limits of riprap (to be Limits of riprap (to be included with SET included with SET for payment) (1) for payment) Top face of safety end treatment and top face of riprap LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION



SECTION A-A

Precast safety end treatment unit

PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II

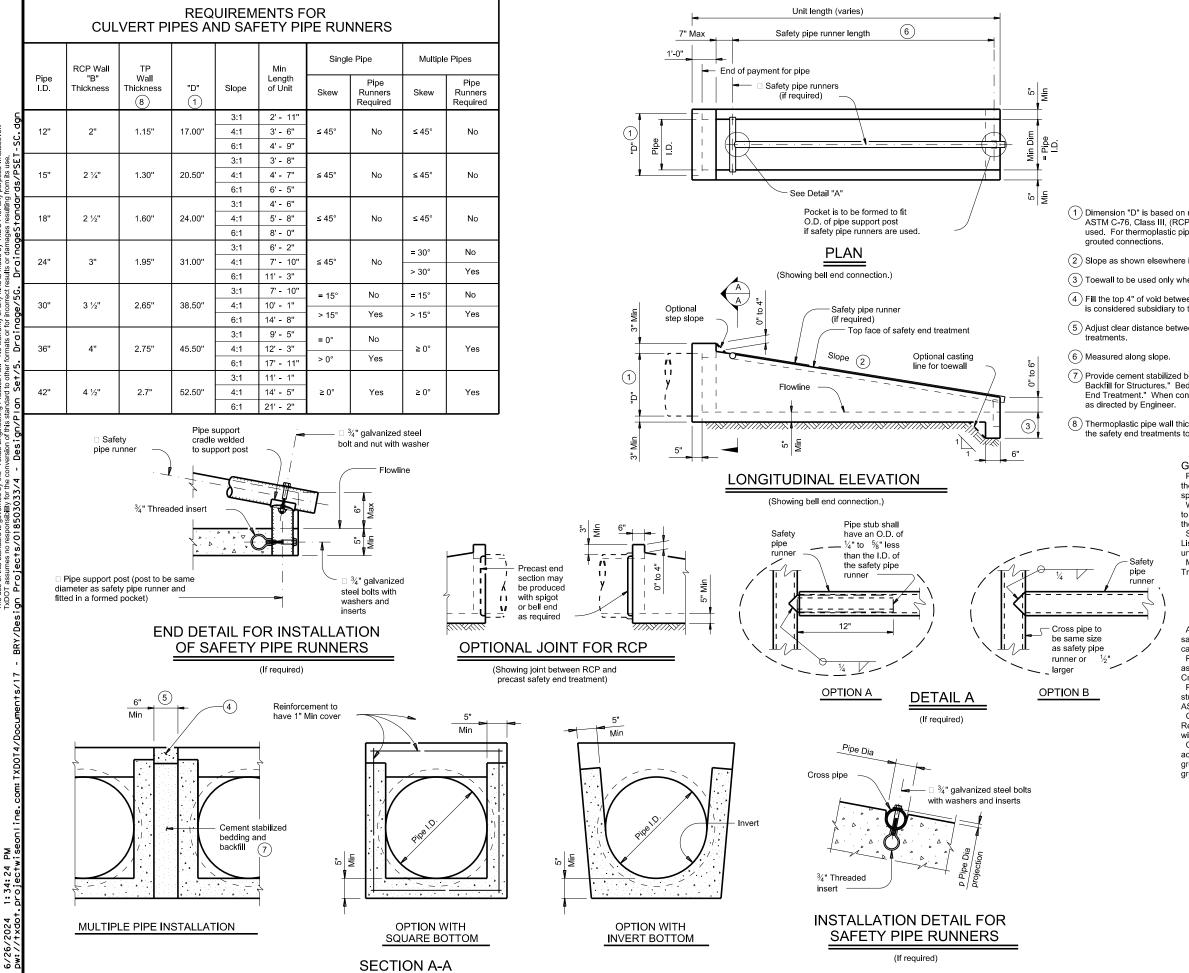
Texas Department of Transportation

RIPRAP DETAILS

**PSET-RR** 

DN: GAF CK: TXDOT DW: JRP CK: GAF ILE: PSET-RR.dgn C)TxDOT February 2020 JOB HIGHWAY 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC BRY MILAM, ETC.

1" Anchor rod Riprap projection into drain area (max) Threaded anchor rod



## SAFETY PIPE RUNNER DIMENSIONS

Max Safety	Required	Pipe Runner S	Size
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"

- Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (3) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments
- 7 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End

- Treatment" except as noted below:

  A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40)
- or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" D12 x D12 or 5"x5" D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor, the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



PRECAST SAFETY END
TREATMENT
TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

**PSET-SC** 

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CTXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGHV	/AY	
12-21: Added	REVISIONS 142" TP	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190	, E1	C.
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### LENGTHS AND REQUIRED SAFETY PIPE RUNNER SIZES

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size						
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.				
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"				
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"				
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"				
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"				

- 1 Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 2 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer
- (3) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap be considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment."
- 4 Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.

## MAX SAFETY PIPE RUNNER

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size						
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.				
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"				
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"				
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"				
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"				

## O.D. of pipe support post if safety pipe runners are used

**PLAN VIEW** (Showing spigot end connection.)

Pocket is to be formed to fit

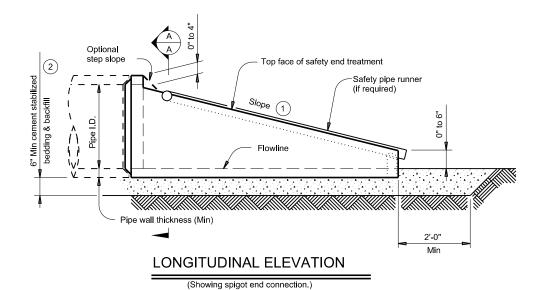
See Detail "A'

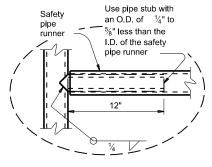
Unit length varies

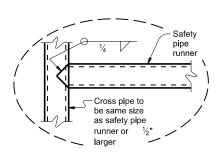
Safety pipe runner length (Measured along slope)

> Safety pipe runners (if required)

0" to 6' 12" - 24" RCP 4" to 8" 30" - 42" RCP



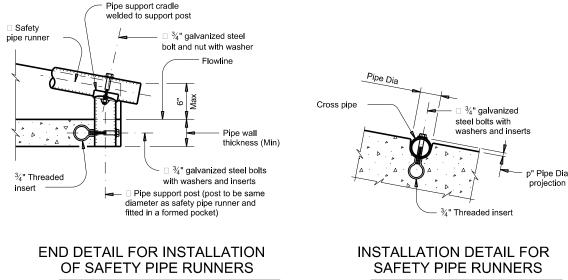




OPTION A

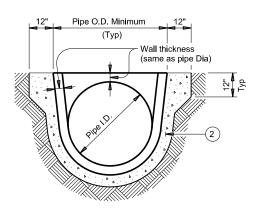
OPTION B

### **DETAIL A**

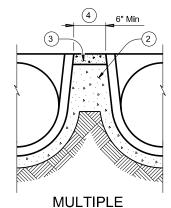


(If required)

(If required)



**SECTION A-A** 



PIPE INSTALLATION

### REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

							Single	Pipe	Multiple	Pipe
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	Min O.D. at Tapered End	Min Reinf Requirements (sq. in. / ft. of pipe)	Slope	Minimum Length of Unit	Skew	Pipe Runners Required	Skew	Pipe Runners Required
					3:1	2' - 0"				
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	2' - 8"	≤ 45°	No	≤ 45°	No
					6:1	4' - 0"				
					3:1	2' - 10"				
15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	3' - 9"	≤ 45°	No	≤ 45°	No
					6:1	5' - 8"				
					3:1	3' - 8"				
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	4' - 10"	≤ 45°	No	≤ 45°	No
					6:1	7' - 3"				
					3:1	5' - 3"			≤ 30°	No
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	4:1	7' - 0"	≤ 45°	No	> 30°	V
					6:1	10' - 6"			- 30	Yes
					3:1	6' - 3"	≤ 15°	No	≤ 15°	No
30"	3 ½"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	4:1	8' - 2"	> 15°	Yes	> 15°	Yes
					6:1	12' - 1"	> 15	res	> 15"	res
					3:1	7' - 10"	= 0°	No		
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	4:1	10' - 4"	> 0°	Yes	≥ 0 °	Yes
					6:1	15' - 4"	70	res		
					3:1	9' - 6"				
42"	4 ½"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	4:1	12' - 6"	≥ 0 °	Yes	≥ 0°	Yes
					6:1	18' - 7"				

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:
Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (CRP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe.

Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material.

Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of loading, unloading, and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.



PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

PSET-RC

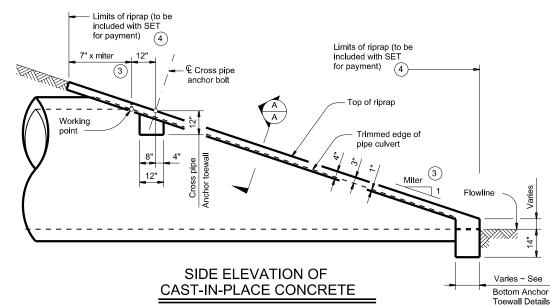
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©TxD0T	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY			
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		BRY	BRY MILAM, ETC.				73		

Working point (at nominal I.D.) of pipe

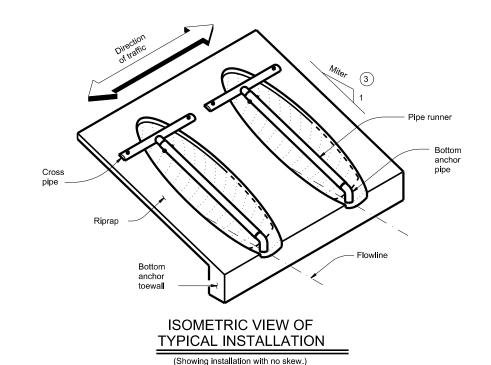
NOTE: All pipe runners, calculations, and dimensions are based on the pipe culverts mitered as shown in this detail. Alternate styles of mitered ends will require that appropriate adjustments be made to the values presented on this standard.

### SIDE ELEVATION OF TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITER

(Showing corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert. Details of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert are similar.)



(Showing reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. Details of corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar. Pipe runners not shown for clarity)



24"         1' - 7"         3' - 5"         N/A         N/A         N/A         5' - 10"         N/A															
Normal Culvert I.D.   Spa G   Clength   O° Skew   15° Skew   30° Skew   45° Skew   0° Skew   15° Skew   30° Skew   45° Skew   45° Skew   30° Skew   45° Skew   45° Skew   50°					Pipe Runner Length										
Culvert I.D.         Spa~G         Length         0° Skew         15° Skew         30° Skew         45° Skew         0° Skew         15° Skew         30° Skew         45° Skew         45° Skew         30° Skew         45° Skew         45° Skew         45° Skew <t< td=""><td>Nominal</td><td colspan="3"></td><td colspan="3">3:1 Side Slope</td><td></td><td>4:1 Side</td><td>Slope</td><td></td><td></td><td>6:1 Side</td><td>Slope</td><td></td></t<>	Nominal				3:1 Side Slope				4:1 Side	Slope			6:1 Side	Slope	
27"         1' - 8"         3' - 8"         N/A         N/A         5' - 5"         6' - 11"         N/A         N/A         7' - 7"         9' - 7"         N/A         N/A         11' - 11"         14' - 1           30"         1' - 10"         3' - 11"         N/A         N/A         6' - 4"         8' - 0"         N/A         N/A         8' - 9"         11' - 0"         N/A         N/A         13' - 8"         17' - 0           33"         1' - 11"         4' - 2"         6' - 2"         6' - 5"         7' - 3"         9' - 1"         8' - 6"         8' - 10"         10' - 0"         12' - 5"         13' - 3"         13' - 9"         15' - 5"         19' - 2"           36"         2' - 1"         4' - 5"         6' - 11"         7' - 3"         8' - 2"         10' - 2"         9' - 6"         9' - 11"         11' - 2"         13' - 10"         14' - 9"         15' - 3"         17' - 2"         21' - 3           42"         2' - 4"         4' - 11"         8' - 6"         8' - 10"         9' - 11"         12' - 0"         13' - 6"         16' - 8"         17' - 9"         18' - 5"         20' - 8"         25' - 7				0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
30"     1'-10"     3'-11"     N/A     N/A     6'-4"     8'-0"     N/A     N/A     8'-9"     11'-0"     N/A     N/A     13'-8"     17'-0       33"     1'-11"     4'-2"     6'-2"     6'-5"     7'-3"     9'-1"     8'-6"     8'-10"     10'-0"     12'-5"     13'-3"     13'-9"     15'-5"     19'-2       36"     2'-1"     4'-5"     6'-11"     7'-3"     8'-2"     10'-2"     9'-6"     9'-11"     11'-2"     13'-10"     14'-9"     15'-3"     17'-2"     21'-3       42"     2'-4"     4'-11"     8'-6"     8'-10"     9'-11"     12'-4"     11'-7"     12'-0"     13'-6"     16'-8"     17'-9"     18'-5"     20'-8"     25'-7	24"	1' - 7"	3' - 5"	N/A	N/A	N/A	5' - 10"	N/A	N/A	N/A	8' - 1"	N/A	N/A	N/A	12' - 9"
33"     1'-11"     4'-2"     6'-2"     6'-5"     7'-3"     9'-1"     8'-6"     8'-10"     10'-0"     12'-5"     13'-3"     13'-9"     15'-5"     19'-2       36"     2'-1"     4'-5"     6'-11"     7'-3"     8'-2"     10'-2"     9'-6"     9'-11"     11'-2"     13'-10"     14'-9"     15'-3"     17'-2"     21'-3       42"     2'-4"     4'-11"     8'-6"     8'-10"     9'-11"     12'-4"     11'-7"     12'-0"     13'-6"     16'-8"     17'-9"     18'-5"     20'-8"     25'-7	27"	1' - 8"	3' - 8"	N/A	N/A	5' - 5"	6' - 11"	N/A	N/A	7' - 7"	9' - 7"	N/A	N/A	11' - 11"	14' - 11"
36"     2' - 1"     4' - 5"     6' - 11"     7' - 3"     8' - 2"     10' - 2"     9' - 6"     9' - 11"     11' - 2"     13' - 10"     14' - 9"     15' - 3"     17' - 2"     21' - 3       42"     2' - 4"     4' - 11"     8' - 6"     8' - 10"     9' - 11"     12' - 4"     11' - 7"     12' - 0"     13' - 6"     16' - 8"     17' - 9"     18' - 5"     20' - 8"     25' - 7	30"	1' - 10"	3' - 11"	N/A	N/A	6' - 4"	8' - 0"	N/A	N/A	8' - 9"	11' - 0"	N/A	N/A	13' - 8"	17' - 0"
42" 2'-4" 4'-11" 8'-6" 8'-10" 9'-11" 12'-4" 11'-7" 12'-0" 13'-6" 16'-8" 17'-9" 18'-5" 20'-8" 25'-7	33"	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	6' - 2"	6' - 5"	7' - 3"	9' - 1"	8' - 6"	8' - 10"	10' - 0"	12' - 5"	13' - 3"	13' - 9"	15' - 5"	19' - 2"
	36"	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	6' - 11"	7' - 3"	8' - 2"	10' - 2"	9' - 6"	9' - 11"	11' - 2"	13' - 10"	14' - 9"	15' - 3"	17' - 2"	21' - 3"
48" 2'-7" 5'-5" 10'-1" 10'-5" 11'-9" N/A 13'-7" 14'-2" 15'-10" N/A 20'-9" 21'-6" 24'-2" N/A	42"	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	8' - 6"	8' - 10"	9' - 11"	12' - 4"	11' - 7"	12' - 0"	13' - 6"	16' - 8"	17' - 9"	18' - 5"	20' - 8"	25' - 7"
	48"	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	10' - 1"	10' - 5"	11' - 9"	N/A	13' - 7"	14' - 2"	15' - 10"	N/A	20' - 9"	21' - 6"	24' - 2"	N/A
54" 3' - 0" 5' - 11" 11' - 8" 12' - 1" N/A N/A 15' - 8" 16' - 3" N/A N/A 23' - 10" 24' - 8" N/A N/A	54"	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	11' - 8"	12' - 1"	N/A	N/A	15' - 8"	16' - 3"	N/A	N/A	23' - 10"	24' - 8"	N/A	N/A
60" 3'-3" 6'-5" 13'-3" N/A N/A N/A 17'-9" N/A N/A N/A 26'-10" N/A N/A N/A	60"	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	13' - 3"	N/A	N/A	N/A	17' - 9"	N/A	N/A	N/A	26' - 10"	N/A	N/A	N/A

42" thru 60"

TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITERS  3									
Side Slope	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew					
3:1	3:1	3.106:1	3.464:1	4.243:1					
4:1	4:1	4 141 1	4.619.1	5.657:1					
6:1	6:1	6.212:1	6.928:1	8.485:1					

	WHERE PIPE F NOT REQUIRE		11	DARD PIP IPE RUNI		
Nominal Culvert I.D.	Single Pipe Culvert	Multiple Pipe Culverts	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.	Max F Runner L
12" thru 21"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 45°	2" STD	2.375"	2.067"	N/
24"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 30°	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	10' -
27"	Skews thru 30°	Skews thru 15°	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	19' -
30"	Skews thru 15°	Skews thru 15°	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	34' -
33"	Skews thru 15°	Always required				
36"	Normal (no skew)	Always required				

Always required

			ESTI	MATED C	ONCRETE	RIPRAP	QUANTIT	TES (CY)	5				
Nominal 3:1 Side Slope						4:1 Side Slope				6:1 Side Slope			
Culvert I.D.	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	
12"	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	
15"	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	
18"	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	
21"	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	
24"	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	
27"	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	
30"	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6	
33"	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	
36"	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	
42"	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.1	
48"	1.1	1.1	1.2	N/A	1.4	1.4	1.5	N/A	1.9	1.9	2.1	N/A	
54"	1.3	1.3	N/A	N/A	1.6	1.6	N/A	N/A	2.1	2.1	N/A	N/A	

N/A

N/A

Always required

1 Provide pipe runner of the size shown in the tables. Provide cross pipe of the same size as the pipe runner. Provide cross pipe stub out and bottom anchor pipe of the next smaller size pipe as shown in the Standard Pipe Sizes and Max Pipe Runner Lengths table.

60"

1.4

N/A

N/A

N/A

1.7

2 This standard allows for the placement of only one pipe runner across each culvert pipe opening. In order to limit the clear opening to be traversed by an errant vehicle, the following conditions must be met:

For 60" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 0°. For 54" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 15°. For 48" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 30°. For all culvert pipe sizes 42" and less, the skew must

If the above conditions cannot be met, the designer should consider using a safety end treatment with flared wings. For further information, refer to the TxDOT Roadway Design Manual.

- 3 Miter = slope of mitered end of pipe culvert.
- Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (CVP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only.

SHEET 1 OF 2

N/A



N/A

2.3

Texas Department of Transportation

SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA

PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

Max Pipe Runner Length

N/A

10' - 0"

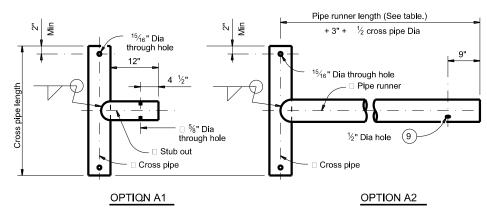
19' - 8"

34' - 2"

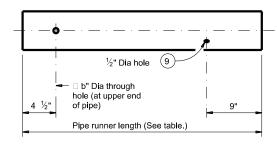
N/A

N/A

ILE: CD-SETF	LE: CD-SETP-CD-20.dgn			ck: CAT dw:		JRP		CK:	GAF	
C)TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT		JOB			HIGH	WAY	,
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033	3, E	TC.	US	190	ο, Ι	ETC.
		DIST			COUNTY	,		SHEET NO.		T NO.
		BRY	N.	ATT A	ΔM	FTC	•		7	4

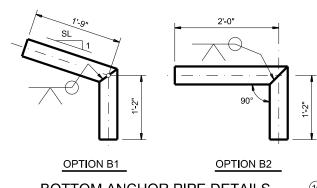


### CROSS PIPE AND CONNECTIONS DETAILS



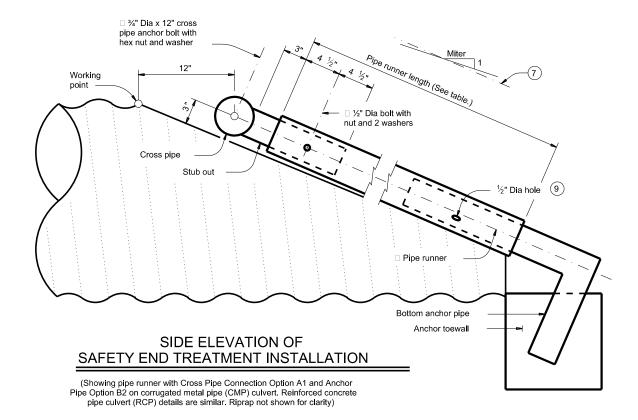
NOTE: The separate pipe runner shown is required when Cross Pipe Connection Option A1 is used.

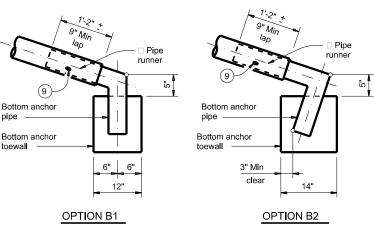
### PIPE RUNNER DETAILS



**BOTTOM ANCHOR PIPE DETAILS** 

- Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (6) Recommended values of side slope are 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1. All quantities, calculations, and dimensions shown herein are based on these recommended values. Slope of 3.1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 7 Note that actual slope of pipe runner may vary slightly from side slope of riprap and trimmed culvert pipe edge.
- 8 Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- 9 After installation, inspect the ½" hole to ensure that the lap of the pipe runner with the bottom anchor pipe is adequate.
- (10) At fabricator's option, a heat bend to a smooth 5" radius or a manufactured elbow (of the same material as the runner) may be substituted for the mitered and welded joint in the bottom anchor pipe.





### **BOTTOM ANCHOR TOEWALL DETAILS**

(Culvert and riprap not shown for clarity.)

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners, cross pipes, and anchor pipes conforming to the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication.

Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

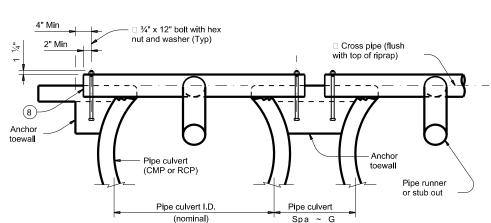
### GENERAL NOTES:

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside

Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.
Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners.

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the price bid for each safety end treatment.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."



SHOWING TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT AND RIPRAP

Limits of riprap (to be included with SET

Tangent to widest portion

of pipe culvert

Pipe culvert

for payment)

(Typ)

Limits of

riprap

Roadway

PLAN OF SKEWED

**INSTALLATION** 

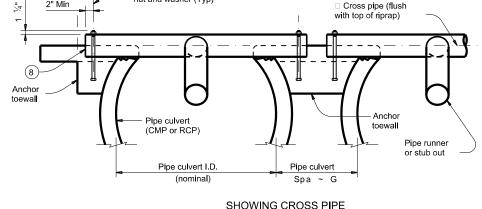




FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

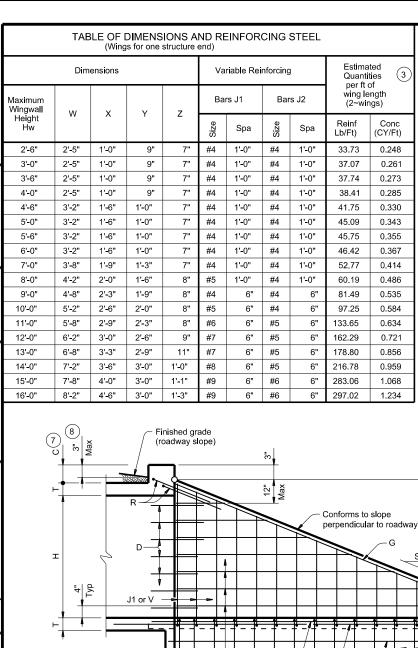
SETP-CD

CD-SETP-CD-20.dgn DN: GAF			ck: CAT dw: JRP				CK:	GAF	
TxDOT February 2020	CONT SECT JOB				HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS	0185 03		033	, E	TC. US		19	٥,	ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.			
	BRY	MILAM, ETC.			: <b>.</b>		7	'5	



SHOWING CROSS PIPE AND ANCHOR TOEWALL

**SECTION A-A** 



REINFORCING (2~wings)								
Bar Size No. Spa								
D	#5	~	1'-0"					
E	#4	~	1'-0"					
F	#4	~	1'-0"					
G	#6	4	~					
M #4 4 ~								
P #4 ~ 1'-0"								
R	#5	6	~					
٧	#4	~	1'-0"					
TABLE OF ESTIMATED								

TABLE OF WINGWALL

М	#4	4	١				
Р	#4	~	1'-0"				
R	#5	6	~				
V	#4	?	1'-0"				
TABLE OF ESTIMATED CULVERT TOEWALL QUANTITIES							
Bar	Size	No.	Spa				
L	#4	~	1'-6"				
Q	#4	1	~				

2.45

0.037

Reinf (Lb/Ft)

Conc (CY/Ft)

 $R^{(2)}$ 

**CORNER DETAILS** 

### WING DIMENSION FORMULAS: (All values are in feet.)

Hw = H + T + C - 0.250 Lw = (Hw - 0.333') (SL
For cast-in-place cul

Ltw = (N)(S) + (N + 1)(U)

For precast culverts: Ltw = (N) (2U + S) + (N - 1) (0.5')

Total Wingwall Area (two wings  $\sim$  SF) = (Hw + 0.333') (Lw)

Hw = Height of wingwall

SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal:1 vertical)

Lw = Length of wingwall Ltw = Culvert toewall length

N = Number of culvert spans

See Corner

Details.

Lenath of winas

Toe of

slope

= = = *-*-

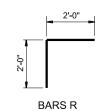
based on SL:1 slope along

this line.

See applicable box culvert standard sheet for H, S, T, and U values.

**PLAN** 

(Showing dimensions.)

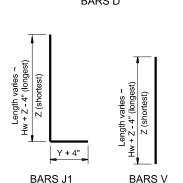


4'-0"

BARS D

2'-0"

BARS L BARS J2



 Culvert bottom slab reinforcing

SECTION B-B

- 1 Extend Bars P 3'-0" minimum into bottom slab of
- 2 Adjust as necessary to maintain 1 1#2" clear cover and 4" minimum between bars.
- 3 Quantities shown are based on an average wing height for two wings (one structure end). To determine total quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values
- (4) Recommended values of side slope are: 2:1, 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1.
- (5) When shown elsewhere on the plans, construct 5" deep concrete riprap. Payment for riprap is as required by Item 432, "Riprap." Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer provide a 6" wide by 1'-6" deep reinforced concrete toewall along all edges of the riprap adjacent to natural ground; reinforce the toewall by extending typical riprap reinforcing into the toewall; and extend construction joints or grooved joints oriented in the direction of flow across the full distance of the riprap at intervals of approximately 20'. When such riprap is provided, the culvert toewall shown in SECTION B-B will not be required.
- (6) At Contractor's option, culvert toewall may be ended flush with wingwall toewall. Adjust reinforcing
- (7) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (8) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade

Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (fc=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

In riprap concrete, synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing unless noted

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed by the Engineer.
See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet

for additional dimensions and information.

The quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are for Contractor's information only.

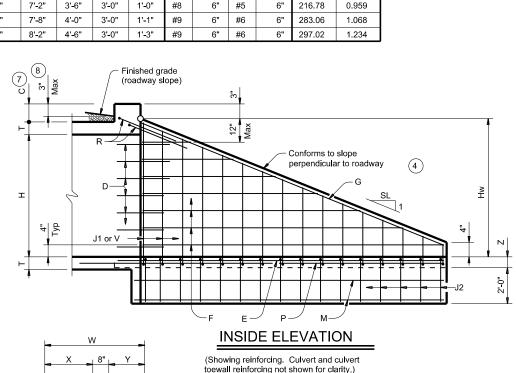
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.



**CONCRETE WINGWALLS** WITH STRAIGHT WINGS FOR 0° SKEW BOX CULVERTS

SW-0

FILE: CD-SW	0-20.dgn	DN: GAF		ск: СА	T DW	: TxDOT		ск: TxDOT
<b>C</b> TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	J	ОВ		HIGH	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC	. US	19	O,ETC.
		DIST		CC	UNTY		8	HEET NO.
		BRY	N	MILAN	1, ET	с.		76



Permissible

const joint

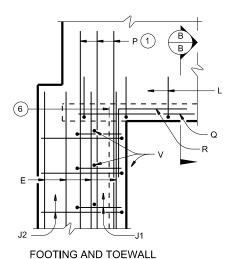
WINGWALL

(Typ)

Wingwall toewall

**SECTION A-A** 

1:35:16 projectw



Culvert toewall

### TABLE OF VARIABLE DIMENSIONS AND QUANTITIES FOR ONE HEADWALL

$\overline{}$	ישוו	QOANTIII			IL HEADW	///	
4)	Pipe	Values for	One Pipe		Values To for Each A		I
Slope	Dia of Pi  (D)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)
	12"	9' - 0"	122	1.1	1' - 9"	15	0.2
	15"	10' - 3"	136	1.3	2' - 2"	16	0.2
	18"	11' - 6"	163	1.5	2' - 8"	19	0.3
	21"	12' - 9"	200	1.8	3' - 1"	31	0.4

(5)

	ols	Dia of (D)	W	(Lbs)	(A)	W	(Lbs)	(2)
ς		12"	9' - 0"	122	1.1	1' - 9"	15	0.2
. dgn		15"	10' - 3"	136	1.3	2' - 2"	16	0.2
PW-0.		18"	11' - 6"	163	1.5	2' - 8"	19	0.3
		21"	12' - 9"	200	1.8	3' - 1"	31	0.4
ds/CH		24"	14' - 0"	217	2.1	3' - 7"	34	0.4
ds,		27"	15' - 3"	254	2.4	3' - 11"	37	0.5
ģ		30"	16' - 6"	272	2.7	4' - 4"	40	0.6
Ğ	2:1	33"	17' - 9"	314	3.1	4' - 8"	43	0.6
eS+		36"	19' - 0"	371	3.9	5' - 1"	46	0.8
nageStandar		42"	21' - 6"	442	4.9	5' - 10"	52	1.0
		400	0.00	=00		a		

andar		30"	16' - 6"	272	2.7	4' - 4"	40	0.6
ons or damages resulting. DrainageStandar	2:1	33"	17' - 9"	314	3.1	4' - 8"	43	0.6
5 t		36"	19' - 0"	371	3.9	5' - 1"	46	0.8
		42"	21' - 6"	442	4.9	5' - 10"	52	1.0
		48"	25' - 0"	569	6.4	6' - 7"	59	1.3
ge/5G. Drai		54"	27' - 6"	701	7.5	7' - 6"	82	1.6
<u>.</u>		60"	30' - 0"	794	8.8	8' - 3"	90	1.8
75		66"	32' - 6"	894	10.2	8' - 9"	96	2.0
inage/56.		72"	35' - 0"	1,055	11.7	9' - 4"	103	2.3
		12"	13' - 0"	175	1.6	1' - 9"	14	0.2
Dro		15"	14' - 9"	193	1.9	2' - 2"	17	0.2
5.		18"	16' - 6"	228	2.2	2' - 8"	19	0.3

18' - 3" 299 2.6 3' - 1" 31 0.4 24" 323 3.0 3' - 7" 33 0.4 371 3.5 37 0.5 30" 23' - 6" 415 4.0 40 0.5 33" 469 4.6 0.6 25' - 3" 4' - 8" 43 36" 556 5.7 46 0.8 27' - 0" 5' - 1"

42" 675 52 1.0 7.1 5' - 10" 30' - 6" 48" 837 6' - 7" 1.3 35' - 6" 9.2 59 54" 1,015 11.0 84 1.6 39' - 0" 7' - 6" 60" 42' - 6" 1,171 12.9 8' - 3" 91 1.8 66" 46' - 0" 1,298 14.9 8' - 9" 98 2.0 1,561 17.1 103 2.3

229 2.0 15 0.2 17 19' - 3" 266 2.4 2' - 2" 0.2 19 0.3 21' - 6" 308 2.9 2' - 8" 31 382 3' - 1" 0.3 23' - 9" 3.5 430 34 24' 3.9 3' - 7" 0.4 26' - 0" 486 37 28' - 3" 4.7 3' - 11" 30' 30' - 6" 539 5.2 4' - 4" 40

0.5 0.6 33" 32' - 9" 603 6.0 4' - 8" 42 0.6 35' - 0" 738 7.5 47 8.0 42" 39' - 6" 881 9.3 52 1.0 1,102 48" 46' - 0" 12.1 6' - 7" 61 1.3 1,364 54" 14.4 84 1.6 50' - 6" 7' - 6" 60" 1.547 16.9 1.8 91 55' - 0" 8' - 3" 66" 1,741 19.5 59' - 6" 98 2.0 8' - 9" 2 077 102 2.3 64' - 0" 22 4 9' - 4" 25' - 0" 336 3.0 1' - 9" 14 0.2 384 3.6 17 0.2

4.2

5.1

5.8

6.9

3' - 1"

3' - 7"

3' - 11"

19

31

34

37

0.3

0.4

0.4

0.5

452

581

644

737

21"

24"

27"

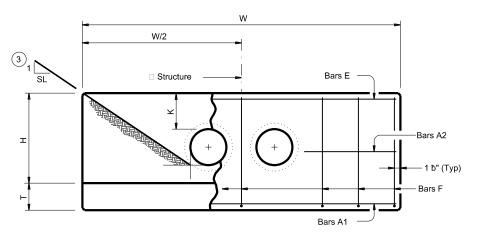
34' - 9"

38' - 0"

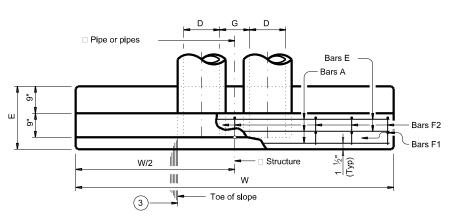
41' - 3"

se		30"	44' - 6"	807	7.7	4' - 4"	39	0.6
ectwi	6:1	33"	47' - 9"	912	8.9	4' - 8"	44	0.6
		36"	51' - 0"	1,108	11.0	5' - 1"	48	0.8
proj		42"	57' - 6"	1,318	13.7	5' - 10"	54	1.0
		48"	67' - 0"	1,682	17.9	6' - 7"	59	1.3
8		54"	73' - 6"	2,072	21.3	7' - 6"	83	1.6
//TXGOT.		60"	80' - 0"	2,351	24.9	8' - 3"	89	1.8
`		66"	86' - 6"	26/3	28.0	8' - Q"	96	2.0

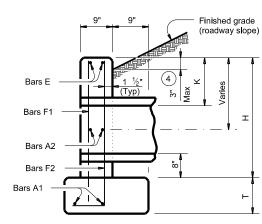
2.0 3,121 33.1 72" 93' - 0" 9' - 4" 101 2.3



### **ELEVATION**



### PLAN OF NON-SKEWED PIPES



**SECTION AT CENTER OF PIPE** 

### **TABLE OF CONSTANT DIMENSIONS**

Dia of Pipe (D)	G	K (5)	Н	Т	E
12"	0' - 9"	1' - 0"	2' - 8"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
15"	0' - 11"	1' - 0"	2' - 11"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
18"	1' - 2"	1' - 0"	3' - 2"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
21"	1' - 4"	1' - 0"	3' - 5"	0' - 9"	2' - 0"
24"	1' - 7"	1' - 0"	3' - 8"	0' - 9"	2' - 0"
27"	1' - 8"	1' - 0"	3' - 11"	0' - 9"	2' - 3"
30"	1' - 10"	1' - 0"	4' - 2"	0' - 9"	2' - 3"
33"	1' - 11"	1' - 0"	4' - 5"	0' - 9"	2' - 6"
36"	2' - 1"	1' - 0"	4' - 8"	1' - 0"	2' - 6"
42"	2' - 4"	1' - 0"	5' - 2"	1' - 0"	2' - 9"
48"	2' - 7"	1' - 3"	5' - 11"	1' - 0"	3' - 0"
54"	3' - 0"	1' - 3"	6' - 5"	1' - 0"	3' - 3"
60"	3' - 3"	1' - 3"	6' - 11"	1' - 0"	3' - 6"
66"	3' - 3"	1' - 3"	7' - 5"	1' - 0"	3' - 9"
72"	3' - 4"	1' - 3"	7' - 11"	1' - 0"	4' - 0"

### 6 TABLE OF REINFORCING STEEL

Bar	Size	Spa	No.
A1	#5	~	2
A2	#5	1' - 6"	~
Е	#5	~	2
F	#5	1' - 0"	~

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class C concrete (fc = 3,600 psi).

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Do not mount bridge rails of any type directly to

these culvert headwalls.

This standard may not be used for wall heights, H, exceeding the values shown.

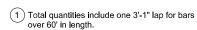
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. einforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.



**CONCRETE HEADWALLS** WITH PARALLEL WINGS FOR NON-SKEWED PIPE CULVERTS

CH-PW-0

			0.		٧,	' '	,			
ILE: CH-PW	-0.dgn	DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: Т	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT		ск: TxD	ОТ
<b>C</b> TXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT		JOB			HIG	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033	, E	TC.	US	19	0, ET	c.
		DIST			COUNTY	,			SHEET NO	
		BRY	N	<b>VILA</b>	м,	ETO	<b>:</b> .		77	

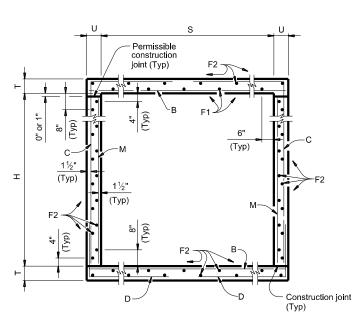


- (2) Quantities shown are for concrete pipe and will increase slightly for metal pipe installations.
- (3) Indicated slope is perpendicular to centerline pipe or pipes.
- For vehicle safety, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet these requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (5) Dimensions shown are usual and maximum.

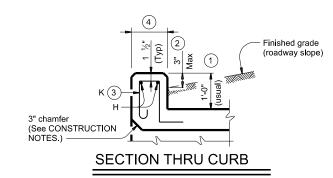
E - 12"

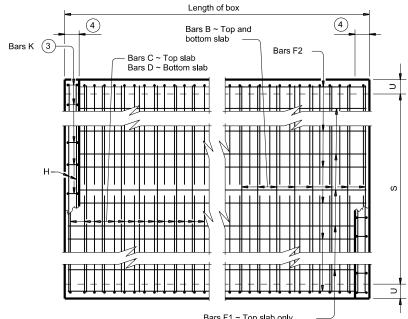
BARS F2

(6) Quantities shown are for one structure end only

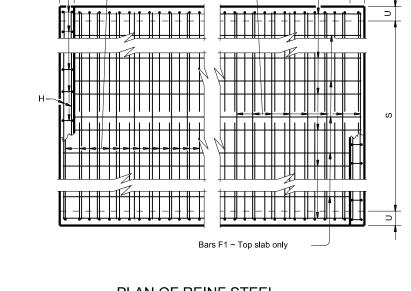


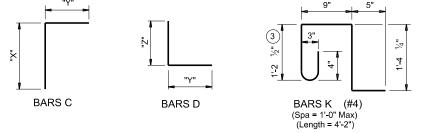
### TYPICAL SECTION





### PLAN OF REINF STEEL





- (1) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- 2 For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.

    Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (3) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- (4) 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor may replace Bars B, C, D, E, F1, F2, M, Y, and/or Z with deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064. The area of required reinforcement may be reduced by the ratio of 60 ksi / 70 ksi. Spacing of WWR is limited to 4" Min and 18" Max. When required, provide lap splices in the WWR of the same length required for the equivalent bar size, rounded up for wire sizes between conventional bar sizes. The lap length required for WWR is never less than the lap length required for uncoated #4 bars.

Example conversion: Replacing No. 6 Gr 60 at 6" Spacing with WWR. Required WWR =  $(0.44 \text{ sq. in. per } 0.5 \text{ ft.}) \times (60 \text{ ksi} / 70 \text{ ksi}) = 0.755 \text{ sq. in. per ft.}$  If D30.6 wire is used to meet the 0.755 sq. in. per ft. requirement in this example, the required spacing =  $(0.306 \text{ sq. in.}) / (0.755 \text{ sq. in. per ft.}) \times (12 \text{ in. per ft.}) = 4.86"$ Max spacing. Required lap length for the provided D30.6 wire is 2'-1" (the same minimum lap length required for uncoated #5 bars, as listed under MATERIAL NOTES).

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms. Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab 3" at the entrance.

Optionally, raise construction joints shown at the flow line by a maximum of 6". If this option is taken, Bars M may be cut off or raised, Bars C and D may be reversed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Class C concrete (fc = 3,600 psi) for culvert barrel and curb, with the following exceptions: provide Class S concrete (fc = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of:

culverts with overlay,

culverts with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or culverts with the top slab as the final riding surface.

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows: · Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-1" Min

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications for the range of fill heights shown.

See the Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place Miscellaneous Detail (SCC-MD) standard sheet for details pertaining to skewed ends, angle sections, and lengthening.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.





SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE 0' TO 30' FILL

SCC-3 & 4

FILE: SCC-3&4.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: Tx	DOT		ск: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	0185	03	033, E	ETC.	US	19	0,ETC.
04/2021 Updated X values.	DIST		COUN	TY			SHEET NO.
	BRY		MII AM.	FTC			78

	SECT DIMENS			(5) <b>±</b>											BIL	LS OF	REIN	IFOF	RCIN	IG STE	EL (Fo	r Box L	ength =	= 40 f	eet)														Ql	JANT	ITIE	6	
	DIMENS	SIUNS					Bars E	3					Bai	rs C						Ва	rs D				Bar	s M ~ #4			ars F1 ~ #4 at 18" Spa			ars F2 ~ #4 at 18" Spa		Bars 4 ~ #4	H 1	Bars	3 K	Per F of Bar	oot rrel	Cur	rb	Tota	al
S	н	Т	U		No.	Size	Spa	ength	Weight	No.	Size	Spa	Length	Weight	"X"	"Y"	No.	Size	Spa	Length	Weight	"Y"	" Z "	No.	Spa	Length	Weight	No.	Length	Wt	No.	Length	Weight	Length	Wt	No.	Wt	Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)	Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)	Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)
'3' - 0	2' - 0"	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9	9" 3	3' - 11"	441	108	#4	9"	5' - 4"	385	2' - 6"	2' - 10"	108	#4	9"	5' - 1"	367	2' - 10"	2' - 3"	108	9"	2' - 0"	144	3	39' - 9"	80	19	39' - 9"	505	3' - 11"	10	10	28	0.292	48.1	0.3	38	12.0	1,960
3' - 0'	3' - 0"	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9	9" 3	3' - 11"	441	108	#4	9"	6' - 4"	457	3' - 6"	2' - 10"	108	#4	9"	5' - 1"	367	2' - 10"	2' - 3"	108	9"	3' - 0"	216	3	39' - 9"	80	23	39' - 9"	611	3' - 11"	10	10	28	0.335	54.3	0.3	38	13.7	2,210
4' - 0'	2' - 0"	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9	9" 4	4' - 11"	554	162	#4	6"	5' - 8"	613	2' - 6"	3' - 2"	162	#4	6"	5' - 5"	586	3' - 2"	2' - 3"	108	9"	2' - 0"	144	3	39' - 9"	80	21	39' - 9"	558	4' - 11"	13	12	33	0.342	63.4	0.4	46	14.1	2,581
3 4' - 0'	3' - 0"	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9	9" 4	4' - 11"	554	162	#4	6"	6' - 8"	721	3' - 6"	3' - 2"	162	#4	6"	5' - 5"	586	3' - 2"	2' - 3"	108	9"	3' - 0"	216	3	39' - 9"	80	25	39' - 9"	664	4' - 11"	13	12	33	0.385	70.5	0.4	46	15.8	2,867
4' - 0'	4' - 0"	8"	7"	30'	108	#5 9	9" 4	4' - 11"	554	162	#4	6"	7' - 8"	830	4' - 6"	3' - 2"	162	#4	6"	5' - 5"	586	3' - 2"	2' - 3"	108	9"	4' - 0"	289	3	39' - 9"	80	25	39' - 9"	664	4' - 11"	13	12	33	0.428	75.1	0.4	46	17.5	3,049

HL93 LOADING

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

Bridge Division Standard

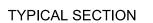
SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE 0' TO 30' FILL

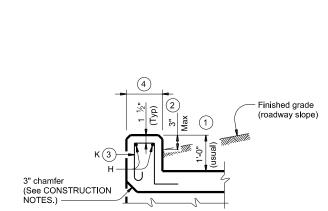
SCC-3 & 4

:: SCC-3&4.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: T	kDOT .		ck: TxDOT
TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JO	В		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	19	O, ETC.
2021 Updated X values.	DIST		COL	JNTY			SHEET NO.
	BRY	1	MILAM,	, ET	<b>.</b>		79

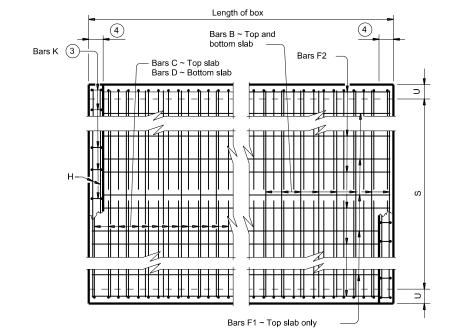
⁵ For direct traffic culverts (fill height ≤ 2 ft.), identify the required box size and select the option with the minimum fill height.

- Permissible joint (Typ) F2 0" or 1" 1½" I (Typ) Construction joint (Typ)

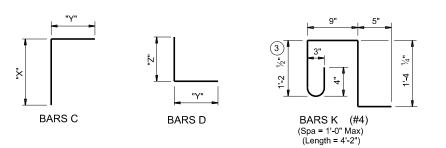




**SECTION THRU CURB** 



### PLAN OF REINF STEEL



- (1) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0", refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (2) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met: For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.

    Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (3) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- 4 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Rail Anchorage Curb (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.

The Contractor may replace Bars B, C, D, E, F1, F2, M, Y, and/or Z with deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting the requirements of ASTM A1064. The area of required reinforcement may be reduced by the ratio of 60 ksi / 70 ksi. Spacing of WWR is limited to 4" Min and 18" Max. When required, provide lap splices in the WWR of the same length required for the equivalent bar size, rounded up for wire sizes between conventional bar sizes. The lap length required for WWR is never less than the lap length required for uncoated #4 bars.

Example conversion: Replacing No. 6 Gr 60 at 6" Spacing with WWR. Required WWR = (0.44 sq. in. per 0.5 ft.) x (60 ksi / 70 ksi) = 0.755 sq. in. per ft. If D30.6 wire is used to meet the 0.755 sq. in. per ft. requirement in this example, the required spacing = (0.306 sq. in.) / (0.755 sq. in. per ft.) x (12 in. per ft.) = 4.86" Max spacing. Required lap length for the provided D30.6 wire is 2-1" (the same minimum lap length required for uncoated #5 bars, as listed under MATERIAL NOTES).

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not use permanent forms.

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab 3" at the entrance.

Optionally, raise construction joints shown at the flow line by a maximum of 6". If this option is taken, Bars M may be cut off or raised, Bars C and D may be reversed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

- Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

  Provide Class C concrete (fc = 3,600 psi) for culvert barrel and curb, with the following exceptions: provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of:
- culverts with overlay,
- culverts with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or
- culverts with the top slab as the final riding surface. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized ~ #4 = 1'-8" Min Uncoated or galvanized ~ #5 = 2'-1" Min

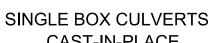
- Uncoated or galvanized ~ #6 = 2'-6" Min

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications for the range of

See the Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place Miscellaneous Detail (SCC-MD) standard sheet for details pertaining to skewed ends, angle sections, and lengthening.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.





Texas Department of Transportation

CAST-IN-PLACE 0' TO 30' FILL

SCC-5 & 6

FILE: SCC5&6.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: TxDOT		ск: TxDOT	
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	0185	03	033, I	ETC.	US	190,ETC.	
04/2021 Updated X values.	DIST		COUN		SHEET NO.		
	BDV		MALIAM	ET/	20		

No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever.	rmats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	Drainne/56 DrainneStandards/
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice.	TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to of	ents/17 - BRY/Design Projects/018503033/4 - Design/Plon Set/5. [

	SEC	CTION			(5)  -			BILLS OF REINFORCING STEEL (For Box Length = 40 feet)											QUANTITIES																							
		ENSIC			#IGHT		Ва	rs B					Ва	rs C						Ba	rs D				Bars	M ~ #4			rs F1 ~ #4 t 18" Spa			ars F2 ~ # at 18" Sp		Bars 4 ~ #4		Bars K		Foot arrel	Cui	.rb	Total	ı
S		Н	Т	U	FILL	No.	Size	Length	Weight	No.	Size	Spa	Length	Weight	"X"	"Y"	No.	Size	Spa	Length	Weight	"Y"	"Z"	No	Spa	Length	Weight	No.	Length	Wt	No.	Length	Weight	Length	Wt	No. V	/t Conc (CY)	Reinf (Lb)				Reinf (Lb)
5' - 0"	' 2'	' - 0"	8"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	6' - 3"	704	2' - 6"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 5"	723	3' - 9"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	2' - 0"	144	4	39' - 9"	106	22	39' - 9"	584	5' - 11"	' 16	14 3	9 0.391	80.5	0.5	55 1	16.1	3,276
5' - 0"	' 2'	' - 0"	9"	7"	30'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	6' - 4"	713	2' - 7"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 6"	732	3' - 9"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	2' - 0"	144	4	39' - 9"	106	22	39' - 9"	584	5' - 11"	' 16	14 3	9 0.429	81.0	0.5	55 1	17.6	3,294
5' - 0"	' 3'	' - 0"	8"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	7' - 3"	817	3' - 6"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 5"	723	3' - 9"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	3' - 0"	216	4	39' - 9"	106	26	39' - 9"	690	5' - 11"	' 16	14 3	9 0.434	87.8	0.5	55 1	17.8	3,567
5' - 0"	' 3'	' - 0"	9"	7"	30'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	7' - 4"	826	3' - 7"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 6"	732	3' - 9"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	3' - 0"	216	4	39' - 9"	106	26	39' - 9"	690	5' - 11"	' 16	14 3	9 0.472	88.3	0.5	55 1	19.3	3,585
5' - 0"	' 4'	' - 0"	8"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	8' - 3"	929	4' - 6"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 5"	723	3' - 9"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	4' - 0"	289	4	39' - 9"	106	26	39' - 9"	690	5' - 11"	16	14 3	9 0.477	92.4	0.5	55 1	19.5	3,752
5' - 0"	' 4'	' - 0"	9"	7"	30'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	8' - 4"	939	4' - 7"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 6"	732	3' - 9"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	4' - 0"	289	4	39' - 9"	106	26	39' - 9"	690	5' - 11"	' 16	14 3	9 0.515	92.9	0.5	55 2	21.1	3,771
5' - 0"	5'	' - 0"	8"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	9' - 3"	1,042	5' - 6"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 5"	723	3' - 9"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	5' - 0"	361	4	39' - 9"	106	30	39' - 9"	797	5' - 11"	' 16	14 3	9 0.521	99.7	0.5	55 2	21.3	4,044
5' - 0"	5'	' - 0"	9"	7"	30'	108	#6 9"	5' - 11	" 960	108	#5	9"	9' - 4"	1,051	5' - 7"	3' - 9"	108	#5	9"	6' - 6"	732	3' - 9"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	5' - 0"	361	4	39' - 9"	106	30	39' - 9"	797	5' - 11"	' 16	14 3	9 0.559	100.2	0.5	55 2	22.8	4,062
6' - 0"	' 2'	' - 0"	8"	7"	20'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	108	#5	9"	6' - 7"	742	2' - 6"	4' - 1"	108	#5	9"	6' - 9"	760	4' - 1"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	2' - 0"	144	5	39' - 9"	133	25	39' - 9"	664	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.440	89.1	0.5	63 1	18.1	3,628
6' - 0"	' 2'	' - 0"	9"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	162	#5	6"	6' - 8"	1,126	2' - 7"	4' - 1"	162	#5	6"	6' - 10"	1,155	4' - 1"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	2' - 0"	144	5	39' - 9"	133	25	39' - 9"	664	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.485	108.6	0.5	63 1	19.9	4,407
6' - 0"	' 2'	' - 0"	10"	8"	30'	108	#6 9"	7' - 1"	1,149	162	#5	6"	6' - 10"	1,155	2' - 8"	4' - 2"	162	#5	6"	7' - 0"	1,183	4' - 2"	2' - 10"	82	12"	2' - 0"	110	5	39' - 9"	133	25	39' - 9"	664	7' - 1"	19	18 5	0.551	109.9	0.5	69 2	22.6	4,463
6' - 0"	' 3'	' - 0"	8"	7"	20'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	108	#5	9"	7' - 7"	854	3' - 6"	4' - 1"	108	#5	9"	6' - 9"	760	4' - 1"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	3' - 0"	216	5	39' - 9"	133	29	39' - 9"	770	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.484	96.4	0.5	63 1	19.9	3,918
6' - 0"	' 3'	' - 0"	9"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	162	#5	6"	7' - 8"	1,295	3' - 7"	4' - 1"	162	#5	6"	6' - 10"	1,155	4' - 1"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	3' - 0"	216	5	39' - 9"	133	29	39' - 9"	770	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.528	117.3	0.5	63 2	21.6	4,754
6' - 0"	' 3'	' - 0"	10"	8"	30'	108	#6 9"	7' - 1"	1,149	162	#5	6"	7' - 10"	1,324	3' - 8"	4' - 2"	162	#5	6"	7' - 0"	1,183	4' - 2"	2' - 10"	82	12"	3' - 0"	164	5	39' - 9"	133	29	39' - 9"	770	7' - 1"	19	18 5	0.601	118.1	0.5	69 2	24.6	4,792
6' - 0"	' 4'	' - 0"	8"	7"	20'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	108	#5	9"	8' - 7"	967	4' - 6"	4' - 1"	108	#5	9"	6' - 9"	760	4' - 1"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	4' - 0"	289	5	39' - 9"	133	29	39' - 9"	770	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.527	101.0	0.5	63 2	21.6	4,104
6' - 0"	' 4'	' - 0"	9"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	162	#5	6"	8' - 8"	1,464	4' - 7"	4' - 1"	162	#5	6"	6' - 10"	1,155	4' - 1"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	4' - 0"	289	5	39' - 9"	133	29	39' - 9"	770	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.571	123.3	0.5	63 2	23.4	4,996
6' - 0"	4'	' - 0"	10"	8"	30'	108	#6 9"	7' - 1"	1,149	162	#5	6"	8' - 10"	1,493	4' - 8"	4' - 2"	162	#5	6"	7' - 0"	1,183	4' - 2"	2' - 10"	82	! 12"	4' - 0"	219	5	39' - 9"	133	29	39' - 9"	770	7' - 1"	19	18 5	0.650	123.7	0.5	69 2	26.5	5,016
6' - 0"	5'	' - 0"	8"	7"	20'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	108	#5	9"	9' - 7"	1,080	5' - 6"	4' - 1"	108	#5	9"	6' - 9"	760	4' - 1"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	5' - 0"	361	5	39' - 9"	133	33	39' - 9"	876	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.570	108.3	0.5	63 2	23.3	4,395
6' - 0"	5'	' - 0"	9"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	162	#5	6"	9' - 8"	1,633	5' - 7"	4' - 1"	162	#5	6"	6' - 10"	1,155	4' - 1"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	5' - 0"	361	5	39' - 9"	133	33	39' - 9"	876	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.614	132.0	0.5	63 2	25.1	5,343
6' - 0"	5'	' - 0"	10"	8"	30'	108	#6 9"	7' - 1"	1,149	162	#5	6"	9' - 10"	1,661	5' - 8"	4' - 2"	162	#5	6"	7' - 0"	1,183	4' - 2"	2' - 10"	82	12"	5' - 0"	274	5	39' - 9"	133	33	39' - 9"	876	7' - 1"	19	18 5	0.700	131.9	0.5	69 2	28.5	5,345
6' - 0"	6'	' - 0"	8"	7"	20'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	108	#5	9"	10' - 7"	1,192	6' - 6"	4' - 1"	108	#5	9"	6' - 9"	760	4' - 1"	2' - 8"	108	3 9"	6' - 0"	433	5	39' - 9"	133	37	39' - 9"	982	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.613	115.6	0.5	63 2	25.0	4,685
6' - 0"	6'	' - 0"	9"	7"	26'	108	#6 9"	6' - 11	" 1,122	162	#5	6"	10' - 8"	1,802	6' - 7"	4' - 1"	162	#5	6"	6' - 10"	1,155	4' - 1"	2' - 9"	108	3 9"	6' - 0"	433	5	39' - 9"	133	37	39' - 9"	982	6' - 11"	' 18	16 4	5 0.657	140.7	0.5	63 2	26.8	5,690
6' - 0"	6'	' - 0"	10"	8"	30'	108	#6 9"	7' - 1"	1,149	162	#5	6"	10' - 10"	1,830	6' - 8"	4' - 2"	162	#5	6"	7' - 0"	1,183	4' - 2"	2' - 10"	82	! 12"	6' - 0"	329	5	39' - 9"	133	37	39' - 9"	982	7' - 1"	19	18 5	0.749	140.2	0.5	69 3	30.5	5,675

(5) For direct traffic culverts (fill height ≤ 2 ft.), identify the required box size and select the option with the minimum fill height.



SHEET 2 OF 2

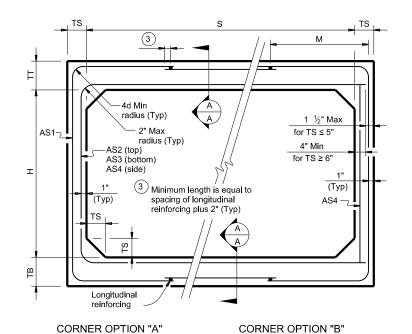
Texas Department of Transportation

SINGLE BOX CULVERTS CAST-IN-PLACE 0' TO 30' FILL

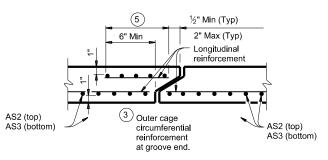
SCC-5 & 6

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FILE: SCC5&6.dgn	DN: TBE		ск: ВМР	DW: T	DOT		ск: TxDOT
CTxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E	ETC.	US	19	O, ETC.
04/2021 Updated X values.	DIST		COUN	TY			SHEET NO.
	BRY	1	MILAM,	ETO	<b>:</b> .		81

BOX DATA														
	SECTIO	N DIMEN	ISIONS		Fill	м		RE	INFORCI	NG (sq. ir	n. / ft.)	2		1 Lift
S (ft.)	H (ft.)	TT (in.)	TB (in.)	TS (in.)	Height (ft.)	(Min)	AS1	AS2	AS3	AS4	AS5	AS7	AS8	Weight (tons)
3	2	7	6	4	< 2	-	0.17	0.25	0.16	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.14	3.3
3	2	4	4	4	2 < 3	31	0.13	0.19	0.18	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	2	4	4	4	3 - 5	31	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	2	4	4	4	10	31	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	2	4	4	4	15	31	0.10	0.13	0.13	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	2	4	4	4	20	31	0.11	0.17	0.17	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	2	4	4	4	25	31	0.14	0.21	0.21	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	2	4	4	4	30	31	0.17	0.25	0.25	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	2	4	4	4	35	31	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.10	-	-	-	2.4
3	3	7	6	4	< 2	-	0.17	0.27	0.17	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.14	3.7
3	3	4	4	4	2 < 3	31	0.10	0.22	0.21	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
3	3	4	4	4	3 - 5	31	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
3	3	4	4	4	10	31	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
3	3	4	4	4	15	31	0.10	0.14	0.15	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
3	3	4	4	4	20	31	0.10	0.18	0.19	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
3	3	4	4	4	25	31	0.10	0.23	0.23	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
3	3	4	4	4	30	31	0.12	0.27	0.28	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
3	3	4	4	4	35	31	0.14	0.32	0.32	0.10	-	-	-	2.8
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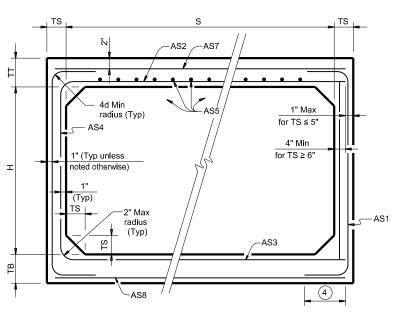


### FILL HEIGHT 2 FT AND GREATER



### SECTION A-A

(Showing top and bottom slab joint reinforcement.)



CORNER OPTION "A"

CORNER OPTION "B"

### FILL HEIGHT LESS THAN 2 FT

Length is equal to spacing of longitudinal reinforcing plus 2". (10" Min) (Typ)

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide 0.03 sq. in./ft. minimum longitudinal reinforcement at each face in slabs and walls. This minimum requirement may be met by the transverse wires when wire mesh reinforcement is used.
Provide Class H concrete (f c = 5,000 psi).

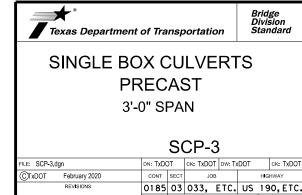
### GENERAL NOTES:

Designs shown conform to ASTM C1577. Refer to ASTM C1577 for information or details not shown.

See Box Culverts Precast Miscellaneous Details (SCP-MD) standard sheet for details and notes not shown.

In lieu of furnishing the designs shown on this sheet, the contractor may furnish an alternate design that is equal to or exceeds the box design for the design fill height in the table. Submit shop plans for alternate designs in accordance with Item "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication)."

### HL93 LOADING



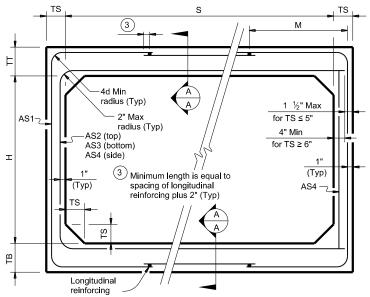
BRY MILAM, ETC.

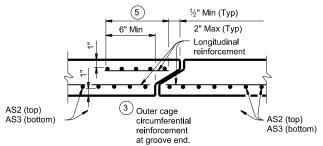
1 For box length = 8'-0"

(2) AS1 thru AS4, AS7 and AS8 are minimum required areas of reinforcement per linear foot of box length. AS5 is minimum required area of reinforcement per linear foot of box width.

<b>BOX DATA</b>	В	OX	DA.	TΑ
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						T									
		SECTIO	N DIMEN	SIONS		Fill	м		RE	INFORCI	NG (sq. ir	n. / ft.)	2		Lift
	S (ft.)	H (ft.)	TT (in.)	TB (in.)	TS (in.)	Height (ft.)	(Min) (in.)	AS1	AS2	AS3	AS4	AS5	AS7	AS8	Weight (tons)
	6	2	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.23	0.27	0.19	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	7.2
_	6	2	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.25	0.21	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
8	6	2	7	7	7	3 - 5	43	0.20	0.17	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
ن و	6	2	7	7	7	10	39	0.20	0.17	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
s use	6	2	7	7	7	15	39	0.26	0.20	0.20	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
om it	6	2	7	7	7	20	39	0.34	0.26	0.26	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
19 19	6	2	7	7	7	25	39	0.43	0.32	0.32	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
ssulti	6	2	7	7	7	30	39	0.52	0.38	0.39	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
ssults or damages resulting from its use.  DrainageStandards/SCP-6, dan															
amac O O	6	3	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.20	0.31	0.22	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	7.9
ە رە 1.	6	3	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.21	0.24	0.19	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
Sults P	6	3	7	7	7	3 - 5	39	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
i i i i i		3	7	7	7	10	39	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
orre	6	3	7	7	7	15	38	0.22	0.24	0.24	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
i i	6	3	7	7	7	20	38	0.28	0.31	0.31	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
ە بەر	6	3	7	7	7	25	38	0.35	0.38	0.39	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
ormats or for incorrect re Drainage/56.		3	7	7	7	30	38	0.42	0.46	0.46	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
ersion of this standard to other finesion/Plon Set/5.	6	4	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.19	0.34	0.25	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	8.6
to ot	6	4	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.19	0.27	0.21	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
dard □	6	4	7	7	7	3 - 5	39	0.17	0.21	0.19	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
stan P I o	6	4	7	7	7	10	39	0.17	0.20	0.21	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
il i	6	4	7	7	7	15	38	0.18	0.27	0.27	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
on of s	6	4	7	7	7	20	38	0.24	0.34	0.35	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
versi De		4	7	7	7	25	38	0.29	0.43	0.42	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use, on Projects/018503033/4 - Desian/Plan Set/5. Drainaae/5G. DrainaaeStandards/SCP·		4	7	7	7	30	38	0.35	0.51	0.52	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
for t	6	5	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.19	0.37	0.28	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	9.3
ibility 030	6	5	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.17	0.30	0.24	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
suod 185	6	5	7	7	7	3-5	43	0.17	0.23	0.21	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
o res	6	5	7	7	7	10	39	0.17	0.22	0.23	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
es n. C+s	6	5	7	7	7	15	38	0.17	0.28	0.29	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
ssum s	6	5	7	7	7	20	38	0.20	0.37	0.38	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
∑as Pro	6	5	7	7	7	25	38	0.25	0.45	0.46	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
2 8	6	5	7	7	7	30	38	0.30	0.54	0.55	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the clesion Projects/018503033/4															
	h h	6	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.19	0.38	0.30	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	10
- BRY/	6	6	7	7	7	2 < 3	52	0.17	0.32	0.26	0.17	-	-	-	9.6
1		6	7	7	7	3 - 5	52	0.17	0.24	0.22	0.17	-	-	-	9.6
17	6	6	7	7	7	10	43	0.17	0.23	0.24	0.17	-	-	-	9.6
\s	6	6	7	7	7	15	39	0.17	0.29	0.31	0.17	-	-	-	9.6
//Documents/17	6	6	7	7	7	20	39	0.18	0.38	0.39	0.17	-	-	-	9.6
Ę	6	6	7	7	7	25	38	0.23	0.46	0.48	0.17	-	-	-	9.6
Doc	6	6	7	7	7	30	38	0.27	0.55	0.57	0.17	-	-	-	9.6
	•	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	l	I I





### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide 0.03 sq. in./ft. minimum longitudinal reinforcement at each face in slabs and walls. This minimum requirement may be met by the transverse wires when wire mesh reinforcement is used.

FILL HEIGHT LESS THAN 2 FT

Length is equal to spacing of longitudinal reinforcing plus 2". (10" Min) (Typ)

Provide Class H concrete (f`c = 5,000 psi).

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

_AS7

AS5

1" Max

for TS ≤ 5"

4" Min

for TS ≥ 6"

CORNER OPTION "B"

4

—AS1

-AS2

radius (Typ)

-2" Max

radius (Typ)

" (Typ unless

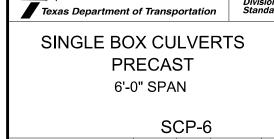
(Typ)

CORNER OPTION "A"

standard sheet for details and notes not shown.

In lieu of furnishing the designs shown on this sheet, the contractor may furnish an alternate design that is equal to or exceeds the box design for the design fill height in the table. Submit shop plans for alternate designs in accordance with Item "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication)."

### HL93 LOADING



DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDOT ILE: SCP-6.dgn C)TxDOT February 2020 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC. BRY MILAM, ETC.

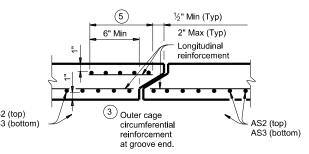
CORNER OPTION "A"

CORNER OPTION "B"

### SECTION A-A

(Showing top and bottom slab joint reinforcement.)

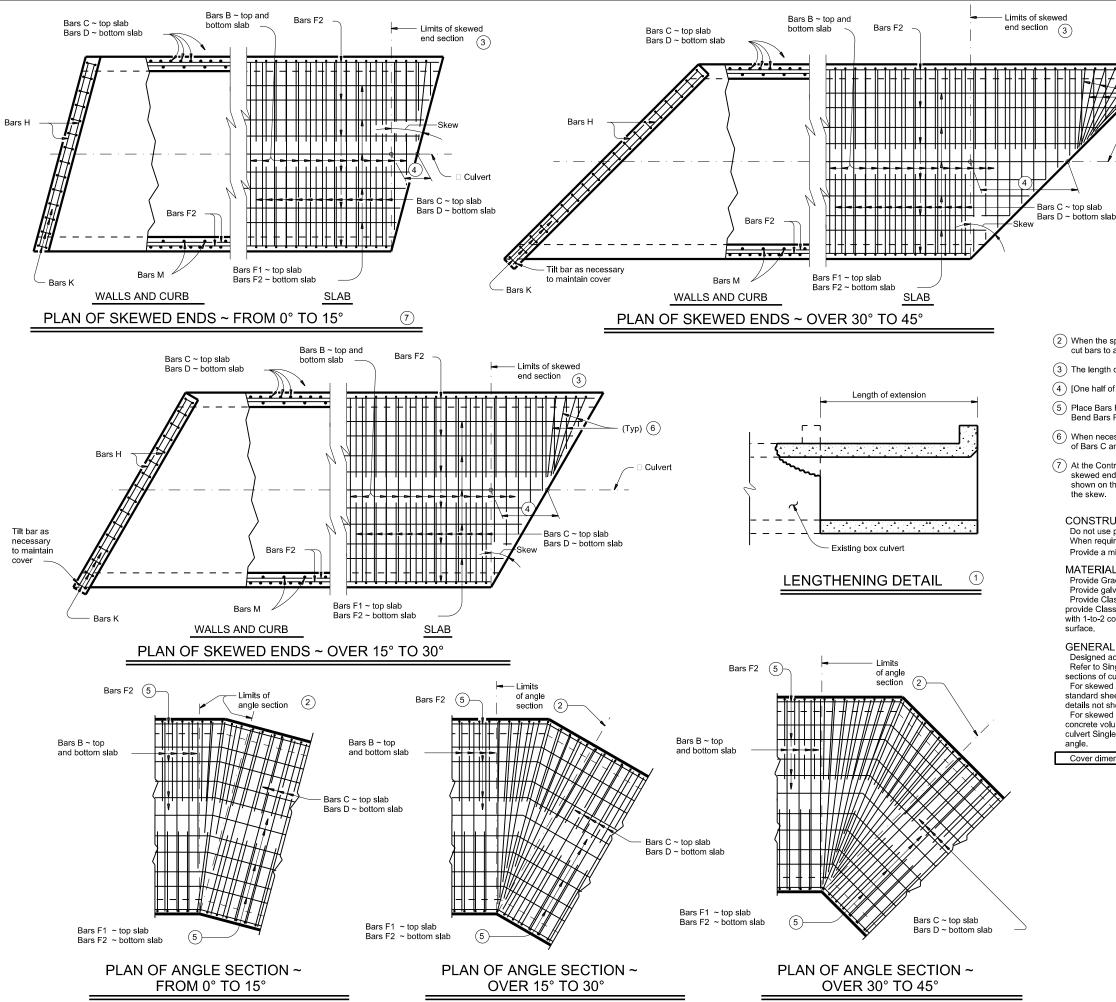
## FILL HEIGHT 2 FT AND GREATER



Designs shown conform to ASTM C1577. Refer to ASTM C1577 for information or details not shown. See Box Culverts Precast Miscellaneous Details (SCP-MD)

1 For box length = 8'-0"

(2) AS1 thru AS4, AS7 and AS8 are minimum required areas of reinforcement per linear foot of box length. AS5 is minimum required area of reinforcement per linear foot of box width.



1) For skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the extension.

For non-skewed box culverts with less than 2'-0" of fill and for skewed or non-skewed culverts with a fill depth of 2'-0" or greater, break back the top slab to provide a 1'-10" minimum lap of the existing longitudinal bars with the longitudinal bars in the extension. Alternatively, if the box is non-skewed, embed #6 anchor bars with a Type III, C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive into the existing walls, top and bottom slab at 1'-6" center-to-center spacing. Minimum embedment depth is 8". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a basic bond strength in tension, Nba, of 26.4 kips. Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing, Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3,

"Tests." Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Break back wings and apron as necessary to install the extension. Clean and extend the exposed wingwall and apron reinforcing into the extension. When lengthening existing box culverts with dimensions different than current standard dimensions, form horizontal and vertical transitions as directed by the Engineer. Match bottom slabs to maintain an uninterrupted flow line. Field bend existing and new reinforcing into transitions and maintain specified cover requirements. For top slabs of culverts with overlay, with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, adjust the "H" dimension to provide a smooth riding surface.

- 2) When the spacing between Bars B becomes less than half of the normal spacing cut bars to avoid conflict.
- (3) The length of Bars B vary in the skewed end sections.
- (4) [One half of overall width] x [tangent of the skew angle]
- 5 Place Bars F1 and F2 continuously through the angle section. Bend Bars F1 and F2 to remain parallel to the walls of the box culvert.
- 6 When necessary to avoid conflict in acute corners, shorten the slab extension leg of Bars C and Bars D to a minimum of 1'-6" for skews of 30° thru 45°.
- (7) At the Contractor's option, for skews of 15° or less, place Bars B, C, and D parallel to the skewed end while maintaining spacing along centerline of box. Increase lengths of Bars B shown on the Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (SCC) standards sheets to accommodate

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

When required, lap Bars H 1'-8" for uncoated or galvanized bars.

½" clear cover.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide galvanized reinforcing steel, if required elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Class C concrete (fc = 3,600 psi) with these exceptions:

provide Class S concrete (fc = 4,000 psi) for top slabs of culverts with overlay,

with 1-to-2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Refer to Single Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (SCC) standard sheets for details of straight sections of culvert.

For skewed sections and angle sections, refer to Single Box Culverts Cast-in-Place (SCC) standard sheets for slab and wall dimensions, bar sizes, maximum bar spacing, and any other details not shown

For skewed ends with curbs, adjust length of Bars H, number of Bars K, curb concrete volume, and reinforcing steel weight by dividing the values shown on the culvert Single Box Culverts Cast-In-Place (SCC) standard sheets by the cosine of the skew

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

HL93 LOADING

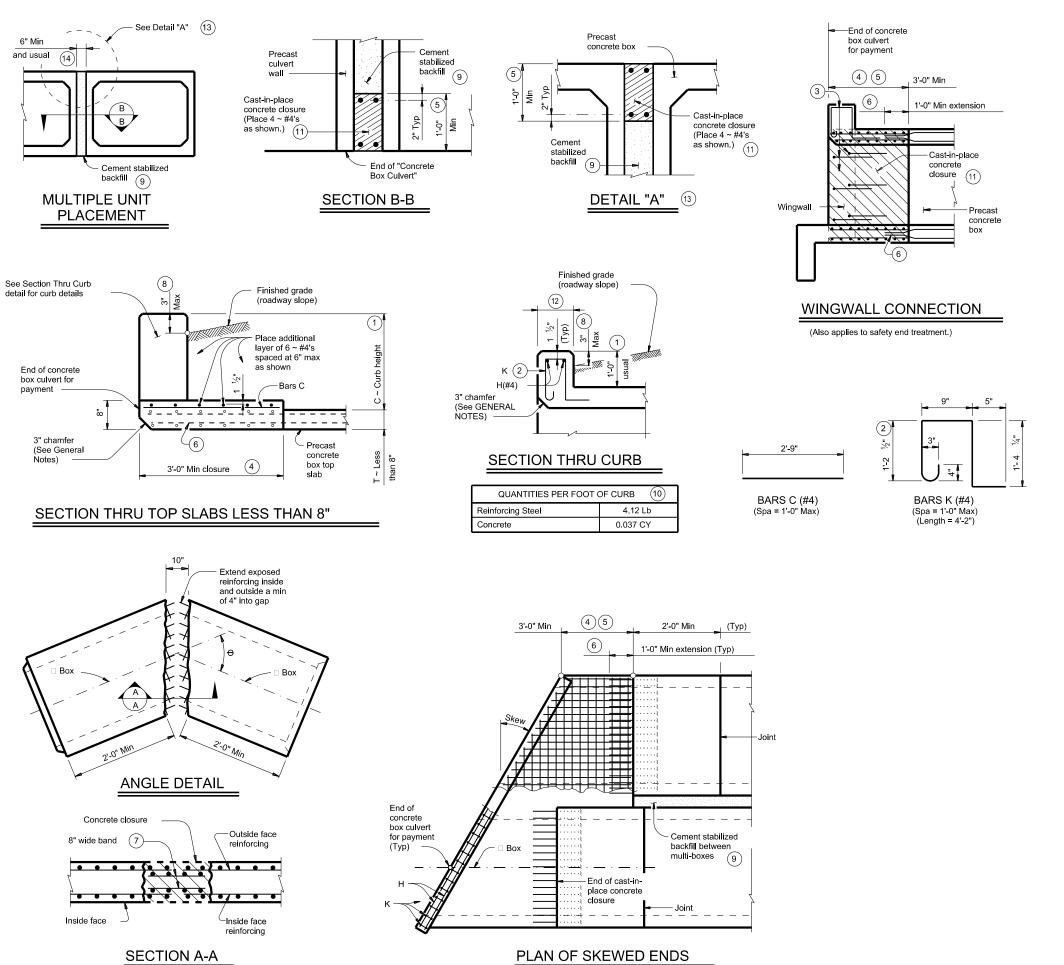


SINGLE BOX CULVERTS

CAST-IN-PLACE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SCC-MD

SCC-MD.dgn		DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: ТхD	:wd TC	TxDOT		CK:	TxDOT
TxDOT February	2020	CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGH	WAY	
REVISION	ıs	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	19	0,	ETC.
		DIST		COL	JNTY		(a)	HEE.	T NO.
		BRY	N	MILAM	, ET	C.		84	4



(Showing multi-box placement.)

- (1) 0" Min to 5'-0" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail, bicycle rail, or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (2) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- 3 Extend curb, wingwall, or safety end treatment reinforcing into concrete closure. Bend or trim, as necessary, any reinforcing that does not fit into closure area.
- 4 Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place concrete closure. Break back boxes in the field or cast boxes short. Provide bands of reinforcing in the closure that are the same size and spacing as in the precast box section. Provide #4 longitudinal reinforcement spaced at 12 inches Max within the closure. Except where shown otherwise, construct the cast-in-place closure flush with the inside and outside faces of the precast box section.
- (5) For multiple unit placements, adjust the length of the closure for the interior walls as necessary. Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place closure in the top slab, bottom slab, and exterior wall. See Section B-B detail when interior walls are cast full length.
- (6) Extend precast box reinforcing a minimum of 1'-0" into concrete closure (Typ).
- Place bands of reinforcing matching the inside and outside face reinforcing in the gaps of the top and bottom slabs. Place a band matching the outside face reinforcing of the wall in the gaps of the walls (placed in the outside face only). Tack weld the bands to the exposed reinforcing at each point of contact.
- For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
   For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.

    Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- Cement stabilized backfill between boxes is considered part of the box culvert for payment.
- (10) All curb concrete and reinforcing is considered part of the box culvert for payment.
- (11) Any additional concrete and reinforcing required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert for payment.
- 11-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans.
- For multiple unit placement with overlay, with 1 to 2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, provide wall closure as shown in Detail "A"
- (4) This dimension may be increased with approval of the Engineer to allow the precast boxes to be tunneled or jacked in accordance with Item 476, "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box." No payment will be made for any additional material in the

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide ASTM A1064 welded wire reinforcement.

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for the closures.

Provide cement stabilized backfill meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures."

Any additional concrete required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Refer to the Single Box Culverts Precast (SCP) standard sheets for details and

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab closure 3 inches at culvert closure ends.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bars dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

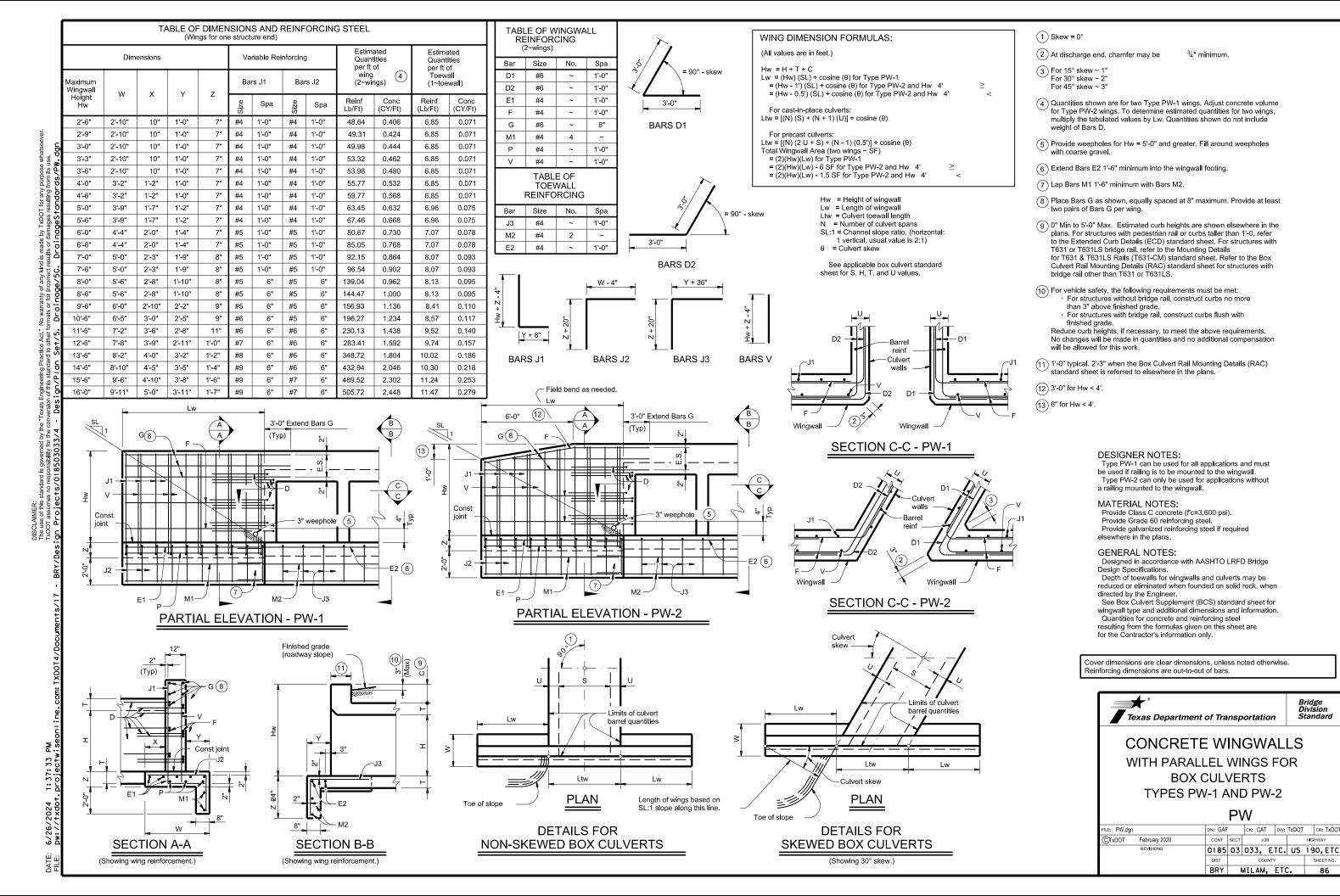
### HL93 LOADING

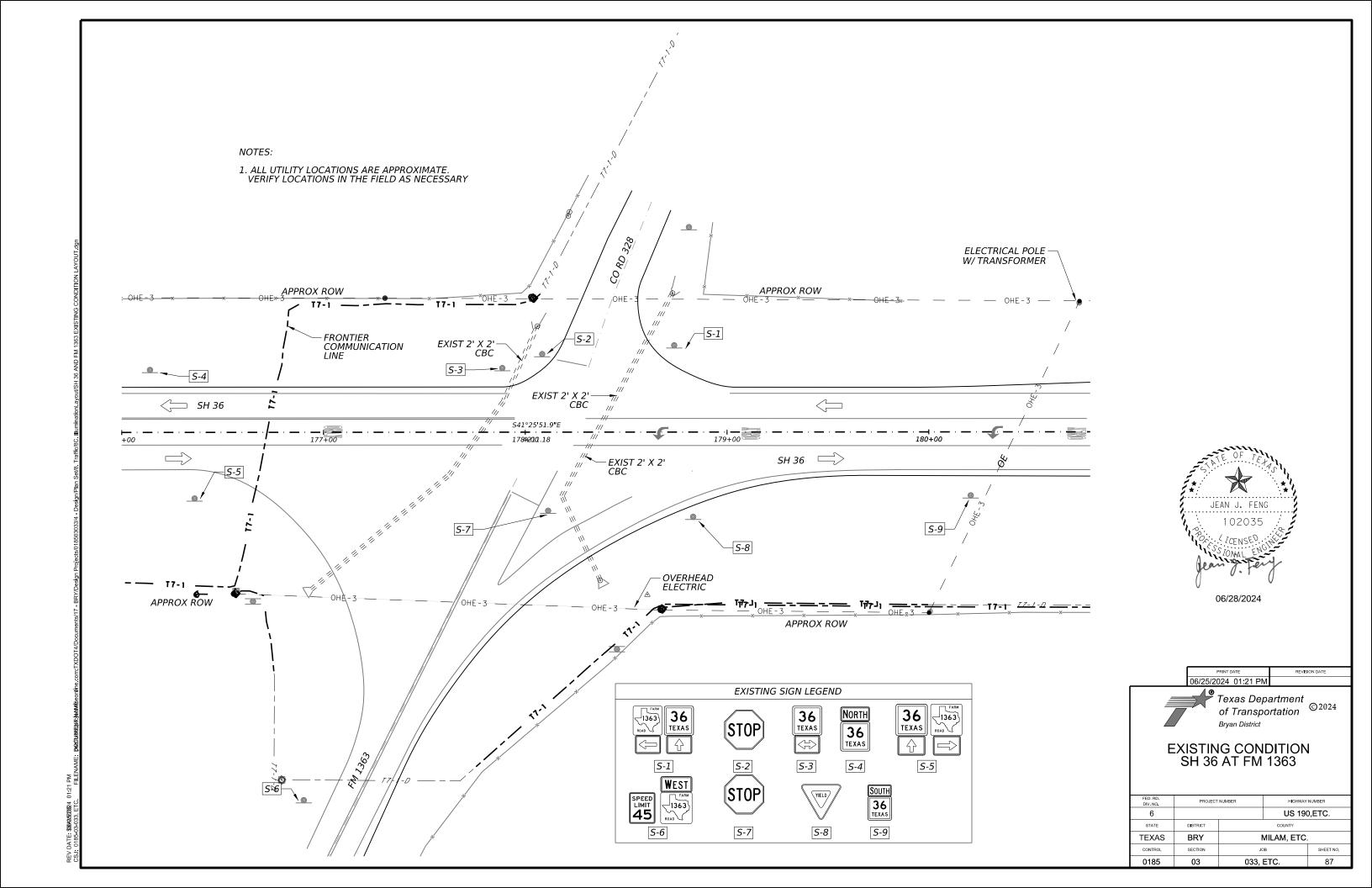


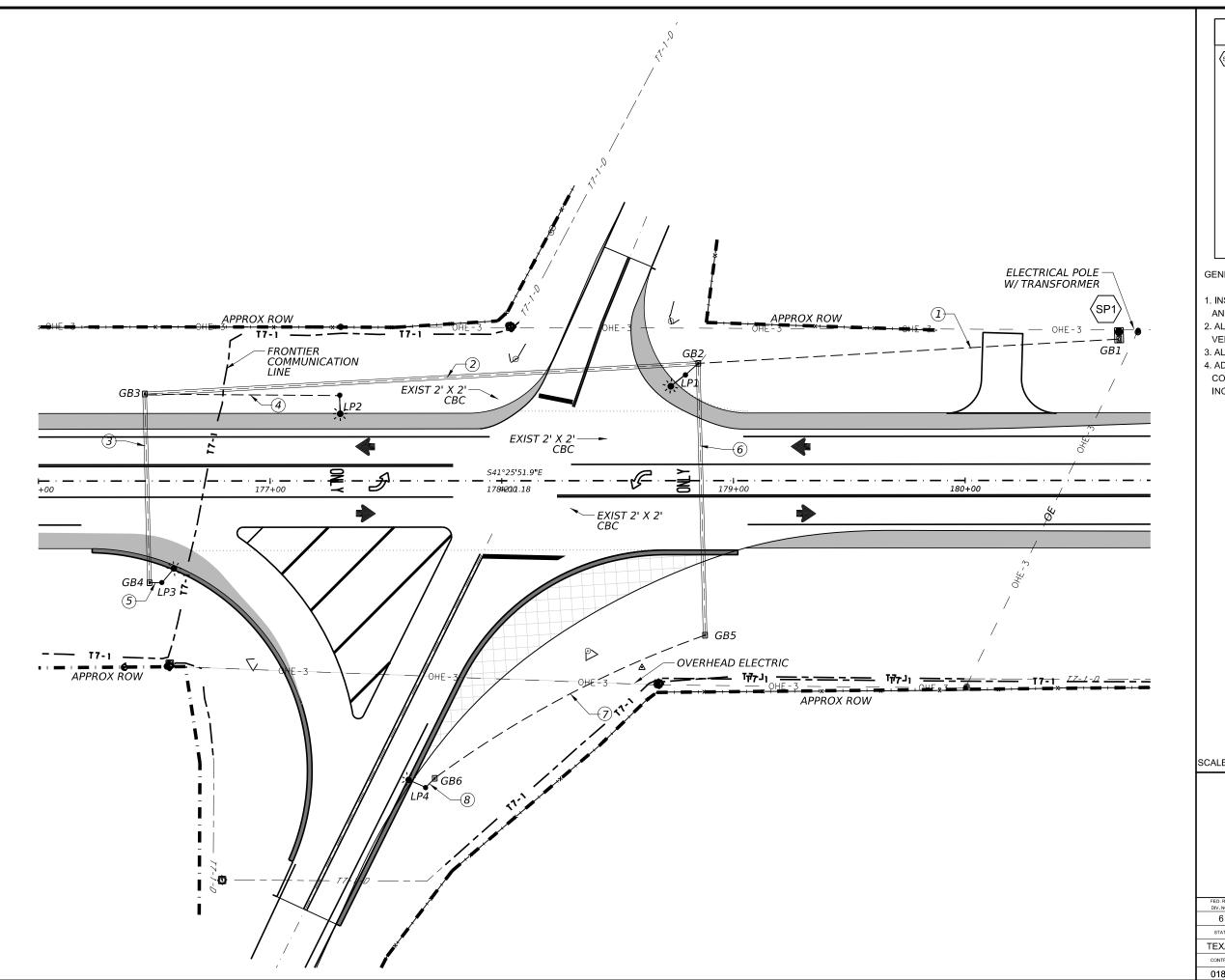
# BOX CULVERTS PRECAST MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SCP-MD

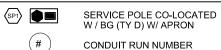
		_				
FILE: SCP-MD.dgn	DN: GAF		ск: LMW	DW: B\	NH/TxD0	OT CK: GAF
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190, ETC.
	DIST		COUN	ITY		SHEET NO.
	BRY	ı	MILAM,	ETO	<b>:.</b>	85











PROP LIGHT POLE

PROP BORE (CONDUIT)

PROP TRENCH (CONDUIT)

GROUND BOX (TY D) W/APRON

.P1 LUMINARE POLE LABEL

GROUND BOX LABEL

TRAFFIC FLOW DIRECTION

OE EXIST. OVERHEAD ELECTRIC

### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. INSTALL 4 LUMINAIRES, CONDUIT, GROUNDBOXES, AND NEW ELECTRICAL SERVICE.
- 2. ALL UTILITY LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE. VERIFY LOCATIONS IN THE FIELD AS NECESSARY.
- 3. ALL RIGHT-OF-WAY LINES ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 4. ADDITIONAL APRON FOR GROUND BOX CO-LOCATED WITH ELECTRICAL SERVICE IS INCIDENTIAL TO THE BID ITEM.



LE 1" = 40' RRINT DATE 06/25/2024 01:40 PM



ILLUMINATION LAYOUT SH 36 AT FM 1363

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY	NUMBER
6			US 190	),ETC.
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	BRY	ľ	VILAM, ETC.	
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	В	SHEET NO.
0185	03	033,	ETC.	88

### APRON FOR GROUND BOX CO-LOCATED WITH ELECTRICAL SERVICE

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

Ground box apron requirements based on ED(4)-14.

Foundation requirements based on ED(7)-14.

Per Item 624, the cost of the apron is subsidiary to the item. The additional apron around the foundation of the electrical service will be subsidiary to Item 628.



06/28/2024

PRINT DATE	REVISION DATE
 6/26/2024	
Texas Depo of Transpo Bryan District	artment rtation © ²⁰²⁴

### CO-LOCATED ELEC. SERVICE/ GROUND BOX DETAIL

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6			US 190	D,ETC.				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY						
TEXAS	BRY	ľ	MILAM, ETC.	•				
CONTROL	SECTION	JC	В	SHEET NO.				
0185	03	033,	ETC.	89				

### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

### CONDUIT

- A. MATERIALS
- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in, and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft, of the enclosure or within 18 in, of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



## ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

ED(1)-14

E:	ed1-14.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:				CK:			
T×DOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB				HIGHWAY		HWAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033, ETC.		US 190		O,ETC.		
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET N		HEET NO.		
		BRY	N	/ILAM,	ETO	<b>:</b> .		90		

## ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

### C. TEMPORARY WIRING

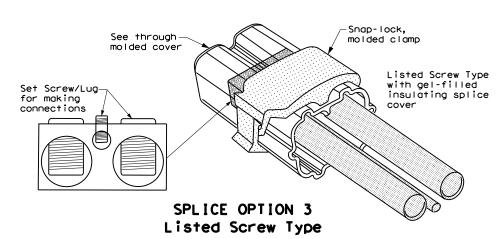
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NEC.

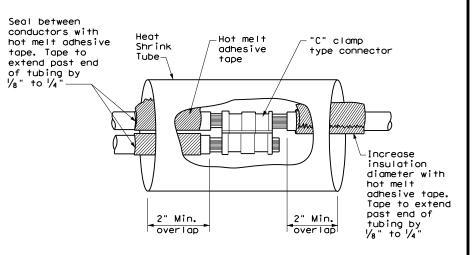
### GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

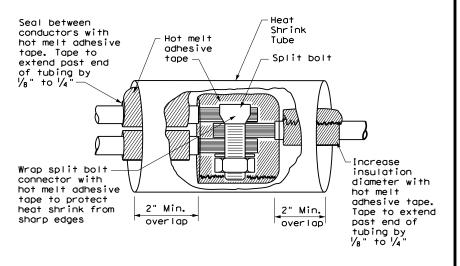
### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

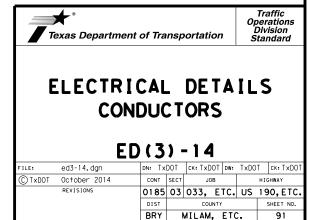


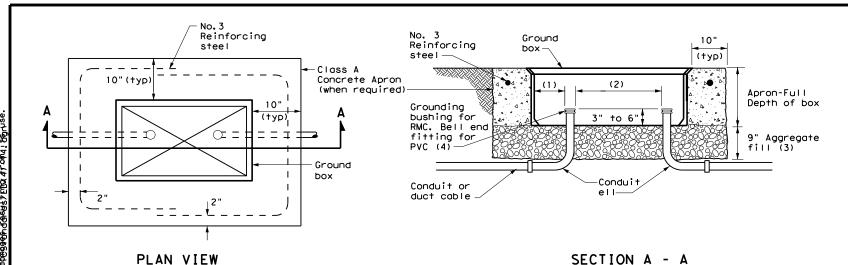


### SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2
Split Bolt Type



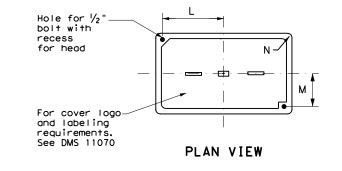


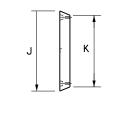
### APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

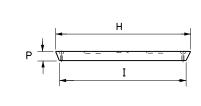
GROU	GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS							
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)							
А	12 X 23 X 11							
В	12 X 23 X 22							
С	16 X 29 X 11							
D	16 X 29 X 22							
Е	12 X 23 X 17							

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS								
TYPE			DIMEN	ISIONS	(INCH	ES)		
1175	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 ½	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2





END

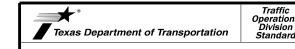


SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

## GROUND BOXES A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



## ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES

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### **ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES**

- 1.Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- 3. Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 0. Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 1. Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 12. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13. For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15. Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

### SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

### MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

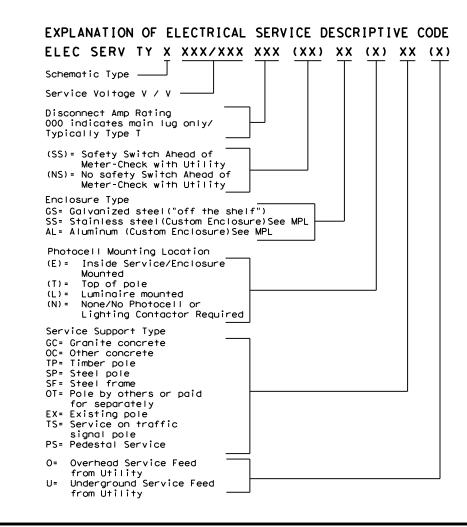
- 1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

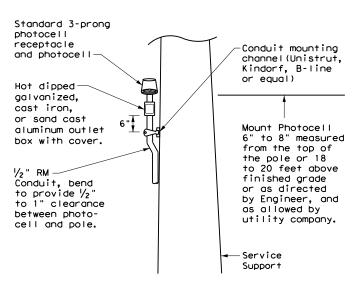
### PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1.Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

	* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Conductors	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(O)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
									-	-		
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (N) SP (O)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

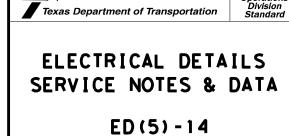
- * Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- ** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National Electrical Code.



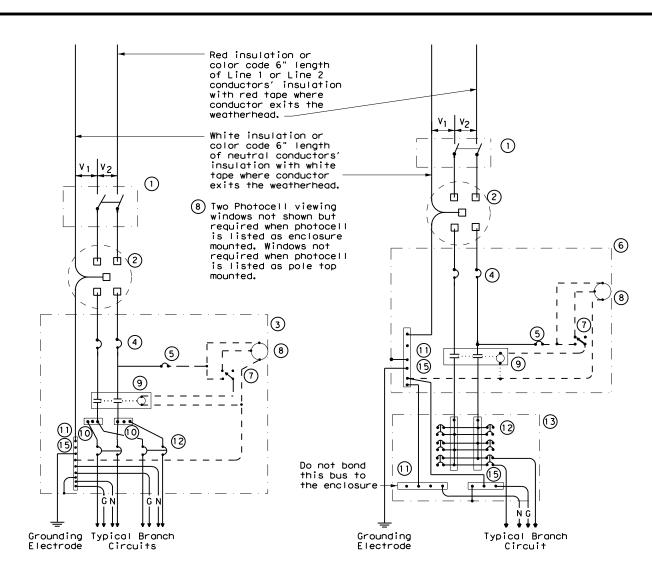


### TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.

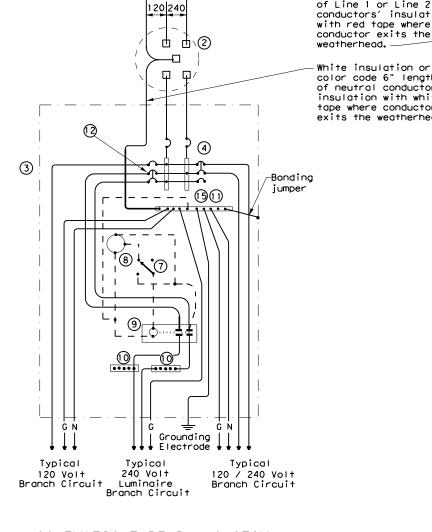


Operation.



SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

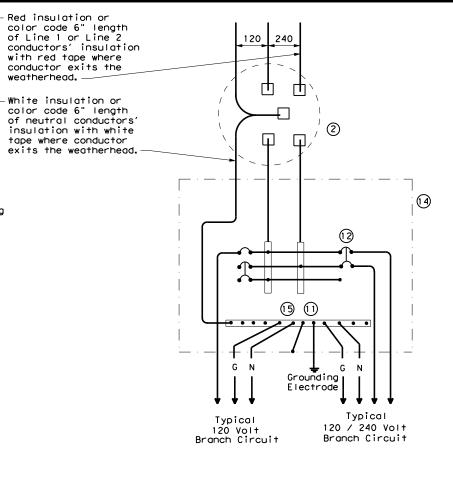
SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE



SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

	WIRING LEGEND
	Power Wiring
	Control Wiring
—N—	Neutral Conductor
— G—	Equipment grounding conductor-always required
— G—	

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus



### SCHEMATIC TYPE T

### 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations

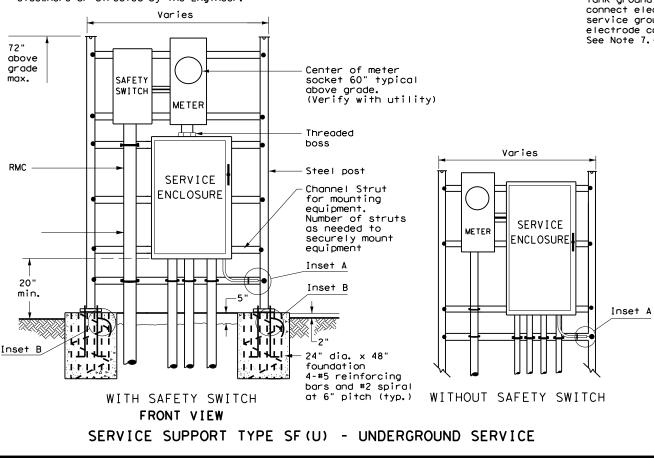
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

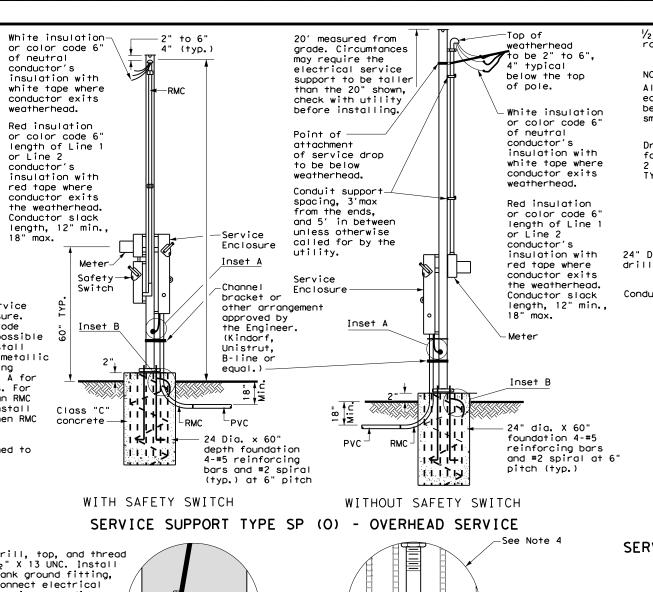
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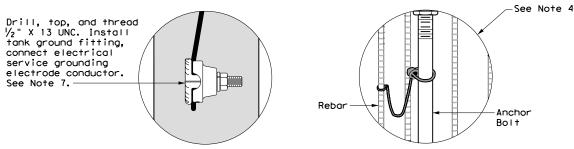
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SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF) 1. Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or 1  $\frac{5}{8}$  in. wide by 1 in. up to 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.

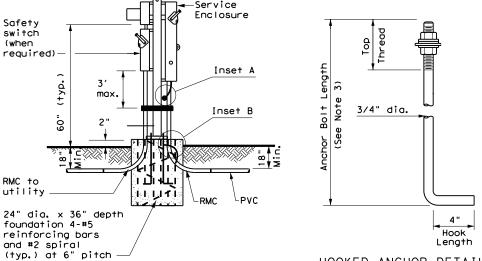
- 2. Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in, x 18 in, x 4 in, (dia, x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. x  $\frac{5}{6}$  in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with  $3 \frac{1}{4}$  in. to  $3 \frac{1}{2}$  in. of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.
- 4. Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5. Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of
- 7.Drill and tap steel poles and frames for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8. If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.
- 9. Provide ¼" 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all non-conductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections wrench tiaht.
- 10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.
- 11. Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.







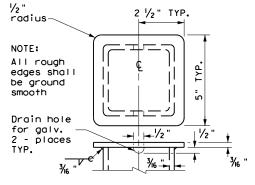
FRONT VIEW INSET B INSET A



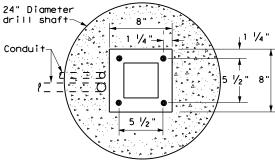
SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

WITH SAFETY SWITCH

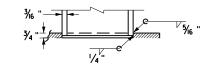
TOP VIEW Texas Department of Transportation HOOKED ANCHOR DETAIL CTxDOT October 2014



### POLE TOP PLATE

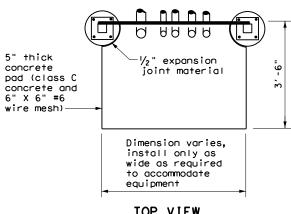


BASE PLATE DETAIL

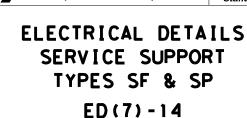


BOTTOM OF POLE

### SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF & SP



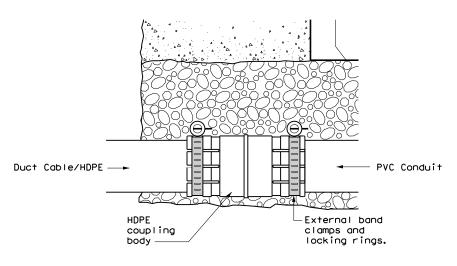
SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)



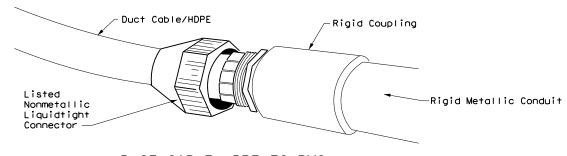
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### DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

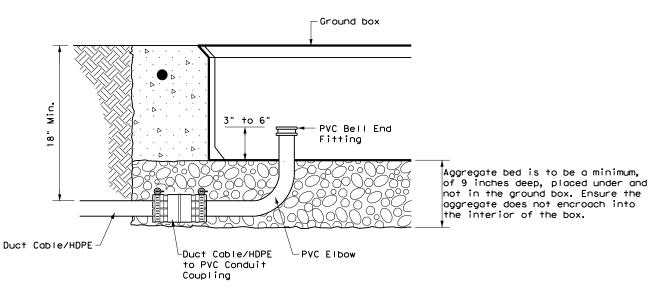
- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
  "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
  Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
  Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in. diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in. duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- 7. Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings; connected with listed tie-wrap fittings; connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings; connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings; or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



### DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC

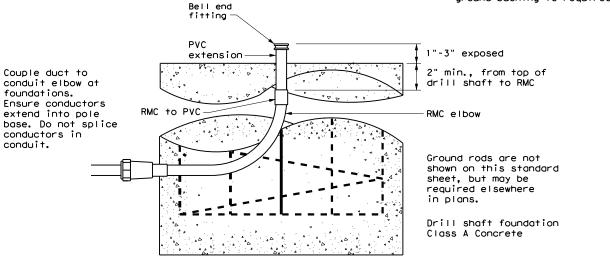


DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO RMC

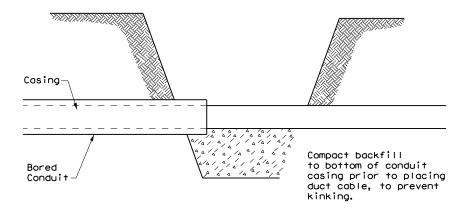


### DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

When the upper end of an RMC EII does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



### DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION







# DUCT CABLE/ HDPE CONDUIT

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### ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY NOTES

- Details apply to roadway lighting installations bid or referenced under Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies."
  Provide, furnish, and install all other materials not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper
  construction. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the State
  such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The locations of poles and fixtures may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC),TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association, Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection.
- 4. Provide Roadway Illumination Light Fixtures as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11010, Item 610, and as shown on the Material Producers List (MPL) for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies.
- 5. Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with Roadway Illumination Poles (RIP) standards and Item 610. Poles fabricated according to RIP standards do not require shop drawing submittals.
  - a. Alternate designs to RIP standards or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" on the TxDOT web site.
  - b. Limitations on use of the RIP standard: The RIP standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of the surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 6th Edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, provide poles meeting the following requirements:
    - i. Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal on the TxDOT web site), submit to the Engineer for approval fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles, sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
    - ii. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Provide light poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies with a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the 6th edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. Structurally test all transformer bases to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Submit certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished with the shop drawings. Show breakaway base model number, manufacturer's name, and logo on shop drawings. Include on manufacturer's shop drawings the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- 6. For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide and install double-pole breakaway fuse holders as specified by DMS-11040. Breakaway fuse holders are listed on the MPL for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses for breakaway connectors in light poles, or inside the light fixture for underpass luminaires. In each pole, connect luminaires to the breakaway connector with continuous stranded 12 AWG copper conductors as listed on the MPL. Bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground lug in the transformer base or hand hole.
- 7. Tighten anchor bolts for shoe base, concrete traffic barrier base, and bridge mount roadway illumination poles, in accordance with Item 449.
- 8. Install T-Base with following procedure:
  - a. Anchor Bolt Tightening.
    - i. Coat the threads of the anchor bolts with electrically conductive lubricant.
    - ii. Place the T-base over the anchor bolts. Foundation must be level and flat. The maximum permissible gap under any one corner of the t-base is 1/8" before nuts are tightened.
    - iii.Coat the bearing surfaces of the nuts and washers with electrically conductive lubricant. Install (1) 1/2" hold down washer, (1) lock washer, and (1) nut on each anchor bolt. Turn the nuts onto the bolts so that each is hand-tight against the washer.
    - iv. Using a torque wrench, tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. Uniform contact is required between the foundation and the T-base in the corner regions of the T-base, and all corner gaps must be closed after applying torque. If a gap still exists after torquing to 150 ft-Ibs, continue torquing each bolt incrementally until gap is closed or maximum allowable torque of 250 ft. pound is reached, whichever comes first. If 250 ft-Ibs is not enough to close the gap the foundation must be leveled. Gaps along the straight sides of the T-bases and the foundation are permissible. Ensure that no high point of contact occurs between the straight sides of the T-base and the foundation.
    - v. Check top of T-base for level. If not level then foundation must be leveled.
  - b. Top Bolt Procedure
    - i. Erect pole over T-base with crane. Coat bolts, nuts, washers, and lock washers with electrically conductive lubricant.

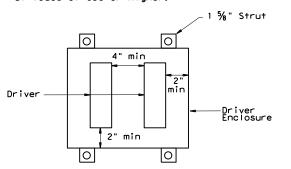
- ii. Install bolts and 1/2" connecting washers from the inside of the T-base, thread up through the pole base. Install flat washers, lock washers and nuts snug tight according to Item 447, "Structural Bolting."
- iii. Tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. using a torque wrench.
- c. Level and Plumb
  - Ensure pole is plumb and mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway according to plans to within 5 degrees.
- 9. Construct luminaire pole foundations in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," and TxDOT standard sheet RID(2).
- 10. Provide and install underpass luminaires in accordance with Item 610, DMS-11010, and TxDOT standard sheet RID(3). Typical luminaire size for underpass luminaires is 150W HPS or 150W EQ LED.
- 11. Mount luminaires on arms level as shown by the luminaire level indicator.
- 12. Orient luminaires perpendicular to the roadway intended to be lit unless otherwise shown on the plans.

### Wiring Diagram Notes:

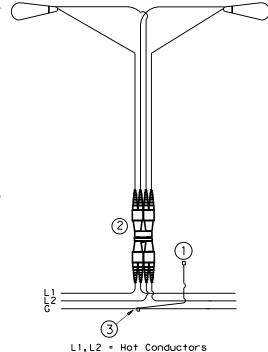
- 1 Use 1/2 in.-13 UNC threaded, copper or tin-plated copper, pole bonding connector, sized appropriately for conductors, bonded to T-base, or use ground lug in handhole as available.
- Use pre-qualified two-pole breakaway connectors for all luminaire pole installations. For luminaires fed by a circuit with a neutral conductor, use double pole breakaway connectors with the neutral side unfused and marked white.
- (3) Split Bolt or other connector.

### Decorative LED Lighting Notes:

- LED Drivers in Remote Outdoor enclosures (for drivers that do not include an enclosure as part of a factory assembly):
  - a. Provide NEMA 3R outdoor enclosure or as approved.
  - b. Install enclosure at least 12" above ground or other horizontal surface. Mount vertically or on ceiling, and avoid direct sun where possible.
  - Install drivers with at least 2 inches of space from enclosure walls.
  - d. For multiple drivers in an enclosure, provide at least 4 inches side to side and 1 inch end to end from other drivers or electronic equipment
  - e. For drivers mounted on back wall of enclosure, mount enclosure on 1 5/8" strut or other standoff to dissipate heat, or mount driver to side of the enclosure or to the metal cover.
  - f. Provide remote drivers with a maximum of 100 watts
  - g. Provide drivers with documentation of 100,000 hr lifetime at Tcase of 65C or higher.



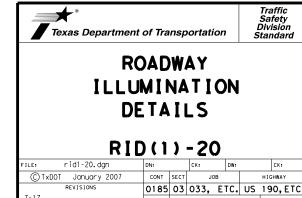
Driver Spacing In Remote Enclosure



G = Grounding Conductor

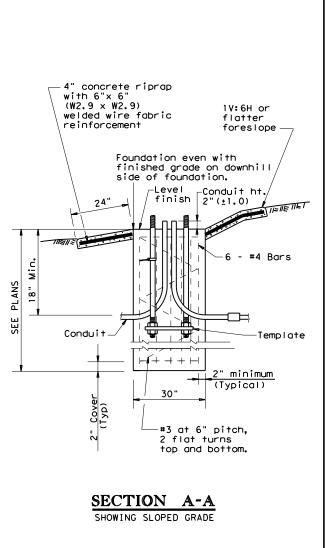
TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM

LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 480V ON 240/480 VOLT SERVICE OR LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 240V FOR 120/240 VOLT SERVICE.

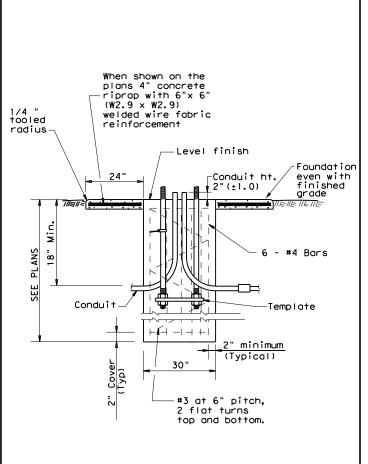


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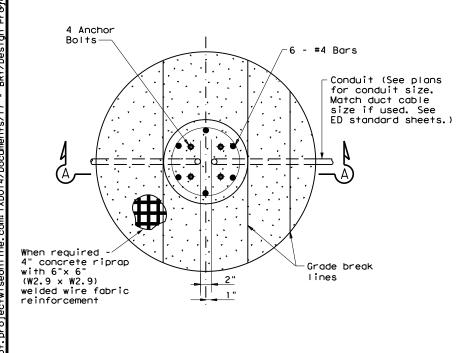


SECT	ION .	<u>A-A</u>
SHOWING	CONSTANT	GRADE

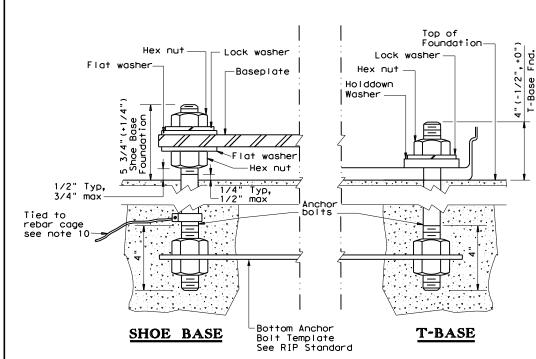
### TABLE 1 ANCHOR BOLTS **ANCHOR** BOLT CIRCLE MOUNTING BOL T T-Base SIZE Shoe Base 1in.x <40 ft. 13 in. 14 in. 30in. 1 ¼in. × 30in 40-50 ft. 15 in. 17 1/4 in

TABLE 2							
RECOMMENDED FOUNDATION LENGTHS (See note 1)							
MOUNT ING HE I GHT	TEXAS CONE PENETROMETER N Blows/ft						
HE I GHT	10	15	40				
<u>&lt;</u> 20 ft.	6′	6′	6′				
>20 ft. to 30 ft.	8′	6′	6′				
>30 ft. to 40 ft.	8′	8′	6′				
>40 ft. to 50 ft.	10′	8,	6′				

TABLE 3						
PAY QUANTITY OF RIPRAP PER FOUNDATION (Install only when shown on the plans)						
Foundation Diameter	RIPRAP DIAMETER	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B)				
30 in.	78 in.	0.35 CY				



FOUNDATION DETAIL



ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. "Recommended Foundation Lengths" table is for information purposes only. Foundation lengths shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Foundations will be paid for under Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations." unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 2. Erect roadway illumination assembly poles plumb and true. Form and level the top 6" of the foundation so the pole will be plumb. Use leveling nuts to plumb shoe base poles. Do not use shims or leveling nuts under transformer bases. Do not grout between baseplate and the foundation.
- 3. Ensure Class 2A and 2B fit for anchor bolts and nuts. Tap and chase nuts after galvanizing. Anchor bolt body with rolled threads need not be full
- 4. Use appropriate class of concrete as specified in Items 416 and 432. Concrete for riprap may be upgraded to Class C at no extra cost to the Department.
- 5. Place riprap around the foundation when called for elsewhere in the plans. Riprap will be paid for under Item 432.
- 6. Locate breakaway roadway illumination assemblies as shown in the placement table, unless otherwise dimensioned on the plans. Protect non-breakaway illumination assemblies from vehicular impact (i.e. 2.5 ft. behind guard rail or mounted on traffic barrier), or located outside the clear zone, except that 2.5 ft. from curb face is minimum desired for light poles on city streets, 45 mph or less. See Roadway Design Manual for further information.
- 7. Use 4 hold down and 4 connecting washers on transformer base poles as recommended by the manufacturer and supplied with base.
- 8. Install a minimum of 2 conduits in each foundation. See lighting layout sheets for locations of foundations with more than 2 conduits. Cap unused conduits in foundations on both ends.
- 9. Conduit location in foundations is critical for breakaway devices. Place conduits 2 in, apart on centerline as shown.
- Bond anchor bolt to rebar cage with #6 bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. The bonded steel in the foundation creates a concrete encased grounding electrode which replaces the ground rod.
- Grade earthwork around T-base foundations even with the finished grade as shown in Section A-A to ensure proper function of the breakaway device. Use riprap on T-base foundations that are located on sloped grades, and as shown on the plans for level grades.

### TABLE 4 BREAKAWAY POLE PLACEMENT (See note 6) ROADWAY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION ** POLE OFFSET (DISTANCE TO FACE OF TRANSFORMER BASE) Freeway Mainlanes 15 ft. (minimum and (roadway with full control of access) typical) from lane edge All curbed, 45 mph 2.5 ft. minimum (15 ft. or less design speed desirable) from curb face 10 ft. minimum*(15 ft. desirable) from lane edge All others

- * or as close to ROW line as is practical
- ** provide 2/5 of the luminaire mounting height behind the pole for "falling area" to prevent encroachment on the other travel lanes. See design guidelines.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS (RDWY ILLUM FOUNDATIONS) RID(2)-20

FILE: rid2-20.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:
© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 1-11	0185	03	033, E	ETC.	US	19	O,ETC.
7-17	DIST		COUN.	ГҮ		9	HEET NO.
12-20	BRY	N	/ILAM,	ETO	:.		98

		SHIPPI	NG PARTS LIST - P	OLES AND L	UMINAIRE	ARMS			
Nominal	Shoe Base		T-Base			CSB/SSCB Mounted			
Mounting Ht.	Designation	0	Designation		0	Des	0		
(ft)	Pole A1 A2 Luminaire	Quantity	Pole A1 A2	Luminaire	Quantity	Pole	A1 A2 Luminaire	Quantity	
20	(Type SA 20 S - 4) (150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T - 4)	(150W EQ) LED					
	(Type SA 20 S - 4 - 4) (150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T - 4 - 4)	(150W EQ) LED					
30	(Type SA 30 S - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -	- 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -	- 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -	- 8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 30 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S -	- 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		
40	(Type SA 40 S - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 4 - 4) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 8 - 8) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 10) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 10) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 10 - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 12) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 12) (250W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 40 S - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 40 T - 12 - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S -	- 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED		
50	(Type SA 50 S - 4) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	- 4) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 4 - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	- 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 8) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	- 8) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 8 - 8) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 8 - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	- 8 - 8) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 10) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	- 10) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 10 - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S -	- 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 12) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S ·	- 12) (400W EQ) LED		
	(Type SA 50 S - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED		(Type SA 50 T - 12 - 12)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED		

OTHER							
	Quantity						
Pole	Designation Pole A1 A2 Luminaire						

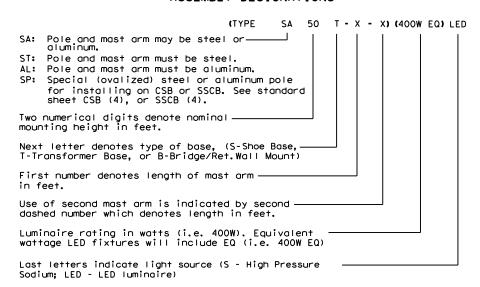
### GENERAL NOTES:

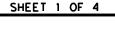
- 1. All work, materials and services not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction shall be performed, furnished and installed by the Contractor. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment or installation will be considered justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the Department such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The location of poles and fixtures are diagrammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Standard Steel Pole Designs. Steel poles fabricated in accordance with the details and dimensions shown herein, shall be considered standard designs. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations for standard designs is not required.
- 4. Optional Steel Pole Designs. Multi-sided steel poles may be allowed as optional designs, if steel poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
  - a. Shop Drawings. Optional designs require submission of shop drawings and design calculations bearing the seal of an engineer licensed in the State of Texas, in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." The Department may elect to pre-approve some shop drawings for optionally designed poles. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations is not required for structures fabricated in accordance with the details of shop drawings on the pre-approved list maintained by the TxDOT Traffic Operations Division. Any deviation from the pre-approved shop drawings will require submission of shop drawings of the complete assembly and design calculations as described above.
  - dssembly did design Catalitations as desirabled above.

    b. Structural Support Design for Luminaires. Lighting support structures shall be designed for a 25 year design life in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. All poles shall be designed for 110 mph 3-second gust wind speeds. The Gust Factor, G, and Wind Importance Factor, Ir, shall be applied as per the AASHTO Specifications assuming a 25-year design life. The design wind pressure for hurricane wind velocities greater than 100 mph shall not be less than the design wind pressure using 100 mph with the non-hurricane Wind Importance Factor, Ir, value. For transformer base poles, fabricator shall include transformer base and connecting hardware in design calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases shall have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished shall be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings shall show breakaway base model number, and manufacturer's name and logo. Manufacturer's shop drawings shall include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
  - c. Mast Arm Attachments. All poles and attachments shall be structurally designed to support two 12-foot mast arms and luminaires. Poles shall be supplied with mast arm combinations as shown in the plans. All
  - mast arms shall be designed for a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet. d. Anchor Bolt Assembly. Anchor bolt assemblies for optionally designed poles shall be the same as those shown herein.
- 5. Aluminum Pole Designs. Aluminum pole designs may be allowed, if aluminum poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
  - a. Meet all of the requirements stated above for optional steel pole designs and the following:
    - 1. Aluminum poles shall be fabricated in accordance with "Structural Welding Code-Aluminum" AWS D1.2. Aluminum pole designs shall use the same anchor bolt assembly and be subject to the same geometric restraints and other requirements for steel poles specified herein.
       Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer.

    - Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer. Pole components shall be constructed using the following material:
      Shaft: ASTM B221 or B241 Alloy 6063-T6, ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H34, ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.
      Base Flange: ASTM B26 Alloy 356.0-T6 or ASTM B108 Alloy 356.0-T6 (Yield strength test required).
      Most Arms: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.
      Most Arms: ASTM B241 Alloy 6061-T6 or AINO 6063-T6.
      Pole Cap: ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H32 or ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6.
      Bolts: Stainless Steel AISI 300 series. Bolts threading into aluminum threads shall be treated with anti-seize compound, Never-Seez Compound, Permatex 133K or equal.
- 6. Special Designs. Poles with architectural treatments shall meet the requirements shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 7. Luminaire Mounting Height. Actual luminaire mounting height shall be the nominal mounting height given on RIP(2) for all pole-arm combinations except for poles with 4 ft. luminaire arms, which shall be 3'-0" lower than the nominal height, unless otherwise shown or directed.

### EXPLANATION OF ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY DESIGNATIONS





Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

> ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES

> > RIP(1) - 19

FILE: rip-19.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190,ETC.	
7-17 12-19	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
12-19	BRY	, N	/ILAM,	ETC	<b>:.</b>	99	

	SHOE BASE POLE							
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)			
20.00	7.00	4.90	15.00	0.1196	7.1			
30.00	7.50	4.00	25.00	0.1196	13.2			
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.36-3.24	26.00-34.00	0.1196	20.7			
40.00	8.50	3.60	35.00	0.1196	20.7			
50.00	10.50	4.20	45.00	0.1196	30.3			

# See Pole Top Detail, 1 Simplex Arm Connection 60% of (LP-3 Thickness See Transformer Base Baseplate Detail, Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Details, Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail,

# TRANSFORMER BASE POLE

TRANSFORMER BASE POLE							
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)		
20.00	7.00	5,11	13.50	0.1196	7.1		
30.00	7.50	4.21	23.50	0.1196	13.2		
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.57-3.45	24.50-32.50	0.1196	20.7		
40.00	8.50	3.81	33.50	0.1196	20.7		
50.00	10.00	3.91	43.50	0.1196	30.3		

# Rise 1 Simplex Arm Connection Seam Weld located 45° from mast arm axis 60% of Thickness See Handhole Detail, Sheet 3 of 4 Max. 5' -0" 7' -6" 0val Sect See Concrete Traffic Barrier , 9 Base Baseplate Detail. Sheet 4 of 4 See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, Sheet 4 of 4

See Pole

Top Detail,

# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE (CSB/SSCB)  Lumingire Rose Top Pole Design Moment						
Luminaire Mountina	Base 2	Top	Length	Pole	Design (K-1	
Height	(10)	(in)	(f†)	(in)	About & of Rail	Perp. to Rail
28.00	9.00	5.78	23.00	0.1196	10.3	13.2
38.00	9.00	4.38	33.00	0.1196	16.6	20.8
48.00	10.50	4.48	43.00	0.1345	25.1	30.5
	Mounting Height (Nominal) (ft) 28.00	Mounting Height (Nominal) (ft) Diameter (in) 28.00 9.00 38.00 9.00	Mounting Height (Nominal) (ft)  28.00  9.00  5.78  38.00  9.00  4.38	Mounting Height (Nominal) (ft)  28.00 9.00 5.78 23.00  38.00 9.00 4.38 33.00	Mounting Height (Nominal) (ft) Diameter (in) Diameter (in) Length (ft) Thickness (in) 28.00 9.00 5.78 23.00 0.1196 38.00 9.00 4.38 33.00 0.1196	Mounting Height (Nominal) (ft)   Diameter (in)   Diameter (in)   Length (ft)   Thickness (in)   About (of Rail)

## GENERAL NOTES:

- I. Designs conform to AASHTO Standard Specifications pesigns conform to AASHIO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. Design 3-Second Gust Wind Speed equals 110 mph with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 0.80 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 25 year recurrence interval. Design moments listed in tables assume base of pole is 25' above natural ground level.
- Structures are designed to support two 12' luminaire most arms and luminaires. Most arms are designed to support a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet.
- Fabrication shall be in accordance with the Specifications and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Do not submit shop drawings for roadway illumination pole assemblies fabricated in accordance with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of these sheets and the Specifications. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

- 4. For mounting heights between values shown in the tables, use base diameter and thickness values for
- 5. Unless otherwise noted, all steel parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445. "Galvanizing."
- 6. Steel poles shall be fabricated in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." Longitudinal seam welds for pole sections shall have 60% minimum penetration. All welding shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code-Steel.
- 7. Two-section poles joined by circumferential welds will not be permitted, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Poles may be fabricated in two sections and fieldassembled by the lap-joint method. The two sections shall telescope together with a lap length of not less than 1-1/2 times the shaft diameter at the lap joint.
- Alternate material equal to or better than material specified may be substituted with the approval of the
- Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts, when erecting shoe base poles and concrete traffic barrier base poles, in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts.

- 10. All poles, except Transformer Base Poles, shall have hand holes with reinforcing frames and covers. For ground mounted shoe base poles, hand holes shall be placed 90 degrees to mast arm unless otherwise noted on the plans. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with one luminaire arm, hand holes shall be located 180 degrees from luminaire arm. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with two luminaire arms, all hand holes shall be on the same side of the barrier. For poles mounted on a bridge lighting bracket or a retaining wall lighting bracket, hand hole shall be on traffic side of the pole, at a height that will clear the barrier.
- 11. The finished pole shall have a smooth, uniform finish free of pits, blisters, or other defects. Scratched, chipped, and other damaged galvanized areas on poles and mast arms shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445,
- 12. Pole length is based on a 5'-6" luminaire arm rise. 4 ft.

  luminaire arms have a 2'-6" rise. A pole with 4 ft. luminaire arms will have an actual mounting height 3'-0" less than the nominal mounting height. Increasing the pole length to meet the nominal mounting height is allowed, but unnecessary unless otherwise directed by the engineer.
- 13. Erect transformer base poles in accordance with sheet RID(1).

MATERIAL DATA							
COMPONENT	ASTM DESIGNATION	MIN. YIELD (ksi)					
Pole Shaft (0.14"/ft. Taper)	A572 Gr 50, A595 Gr A, A1011 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2 ③, or A1008 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2	50					
Base Plate and Handhole Frame	A572 Gr.50, or A36	36					
T-Base Connecting Bolts	F3125 Gr A325	92					
Anchor Bolts	F1554 Gr 55, A193-B7 or A321	55 105					
Anchor Bolt Templates	A36	36					
Heavy Hex (H.H.) Nuts	A194 Gr 2H, or A563 Gr DH						
Flat Washers	F436						

# NOTES:

- 1)2'-6" rise for 4 ft. luminaire arms.
- ② Before ovalized as shown on Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate details,
- (3) A1011 SS Gr 50 may be used instead of HSLAS, provided the material meets the elongation requirements for HSLAS.

#### POLE ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE DIMENSION TOLERANCE Shaft length I.D. of outside piece +1/8", -1/16" of slip fitting pieces O.D. of inside piece +1/32", -1/8" of slip fitting pieces Shaft diameter: other +3/16" Out of "round" 1/4" Straightness of shaft ±1/4" in 10 ft Twist in multi-sided shaft 4° in 50 ft Perpendicular to baseplate 1/8" in 24" Pole centered on baseplate Location of Attachments ±1/4" ±1/16" Bolt hole spacing

SHEET 2 OF 4



ROADWAY ILLUMINATION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(2) - 19

**POLES** 

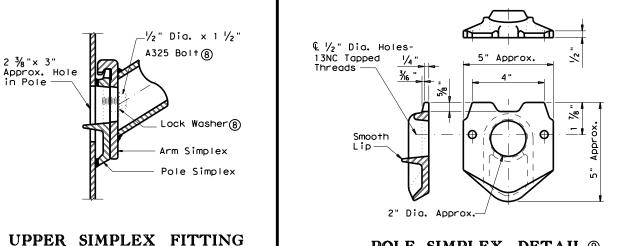
ı	FILE: rip-19.dgn		ON: CK:		DW:	DW:		CK:
ı	© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOE	В		HIG	HWAY
ı	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	19	O,ETC.
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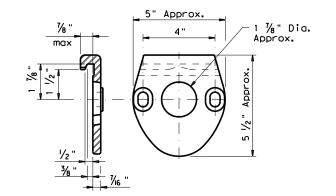
## LUMINAIRE ARM

LUMINAIR	E ARM DIM	ENSIONS
Nominal Arm Length	Arm Length	Rise
4′-0"	3′-6"	2′-6"
6′-0"	5′-6"	5′-6"
8′-0"	7′-6"	5′-6"
10′-0"	9′-6"	5′-6"
12′-0"	11′-6"	5′-6"

ARM ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE					
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE				
Arm Length	±1"				
Arm Rise	±1"				
Deviation from flat	1/8" in 12"				
Spacing between holes	±1/32"				



## POLE SIMPLEX DETAIL 9



ARM SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

# ASTM A27 Gr 65-35 or Gr 70-36, A148 Gr 80-50, A576 Gr 1021 (5), or A36 Pole or Arm Simplex ASTM A53 Gr A or B,A500 Gr B, A501, A 1008 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6, or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6 Arm Pipes Arm Struts and Gusset Plates ④ ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50 (6), or A588 Misc. ASTM designations as noted

NOTES:

designation.

4 Any of the materials listed for plates may be used

where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM

(5) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.

6 A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F materials may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

(7) Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.

8 Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers

shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans.

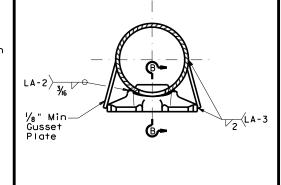
Proposed deviations in arm simplex dimensions or materials must be submitted to the Department for approval.

(10) A welded handhole frame is permissible. Maximum

MATERIALS

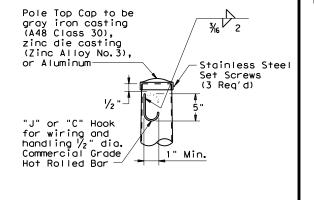
of two (2) CJP weld splices is allowed.

# 1/8" Min Gusset Plate 1/8" Mir Gusset Plate **ELEVATION**



SECTION C-C

## SIMPLEX ATTACHMENT DETAIL



POLE TOP

(Gusset not shown for clarity)

LOWER SIMPLEX FITTING

(Gusset not shown for clarity)

SECTION B-B

Lip

LA-3

Тур

1/2" Dia. x 1 1/2"

-Lock Washer®

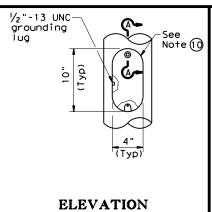
 $\sqrt{2}$  LA-3

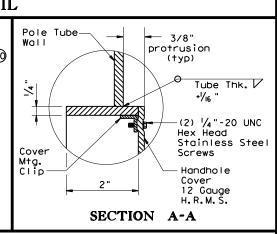
Тур

Gusset Plate

A325 Bolt(8)

Arm Simplex Pole Simplex





SHEET 3 OF 4



# ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(3) - 19

FILE: rip-19.dgn		DN:		CK: DW:		CK:
© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190,ETC.
7-17 12-19	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
12 13	BRY	N	/ILAM,	ETC		101

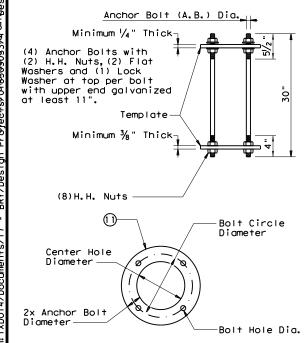
**HANDHOLE** 

SIDE

exas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any IXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion i&P8HitarOff#QPBG948hd@Rels/PMp@fram)its.U4gm

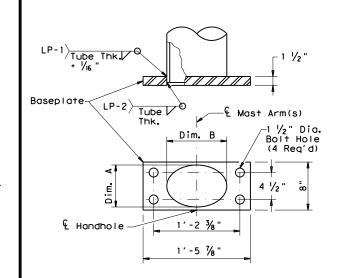
# **BASEPLATE**

SHO	DE BASE	BASEF	PLATE 1	ABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/2 "
50′	15"	15"	1 1/2 "	1 1/2"



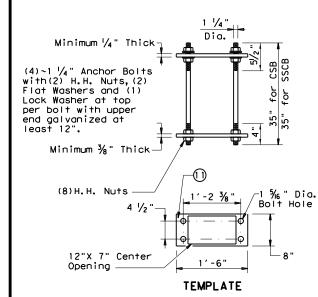
# SHOE BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

SHOE BA	SE A	NCHOR B	OLT ASSEM	MBLY TABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20′-39′	1 "	13"	11"	1 1/16 "
40′ -50′	1 1/4"	15"	12 ½"	1 5/6"



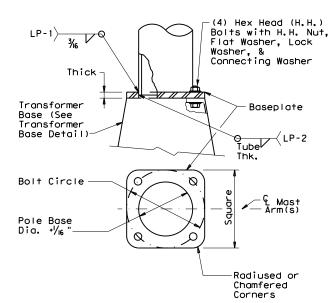
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE							
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (noming)	POLE DIA.	DIM. A	DIM. B				
28' - 38'	9"	7"± 1/4"	10"± ¼"				
48′	10 ½"	7"± 1/4"	13"± ¼"				



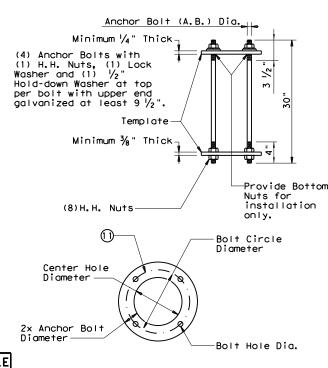
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

TRANSFORM	ER BA	SE ANCHO	OR BOLT AS	SEMBLY TABL
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	1"	14"	12"	1 1/16 "
40'- 50'	1 1/4"	17 1/4"	14 ¾"	1 % "



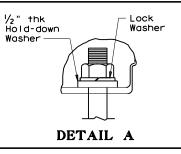
# TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE

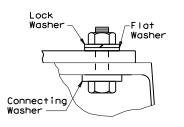
	TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE													
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (noming)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	CONNECTING BOLT DIA.	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER	TRANSFOMER BASE TYPE								
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1"	1 1/4"	Α								
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В								
50′	15"	15"	1 ½"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В								



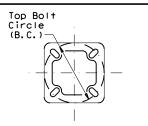
TRANSFORMER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

#### TRANSFORMER BASE TABLE TOP B.C. TYPE 13" 14" 17 1/4 15"

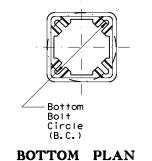








#### TOP PLAN



#### the table, use the values in the table for the larger mounting height. 2. All breakaway bases shall meet the breakaway requirements of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto, and shall have been tested by FHWA-approved methods. All bases shall have been structurally tested to resist 150% of

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

the design moment.

3. Transformer bases shall be cast from aluminum, ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6, or other material approved by the Engineer. Four Hex Head (H.H.) bolts with four H.H. nuts, four lock washers, four flat washers, and connecting and hold-down washers as recommended by the manufacturer, galvanized to ASTM A153 Class C or D, or B695 Class 50, shall be provided with each transformer base for connecting the pole. Bolts shall be ASTM A325 or approved equal. Nuts shall be ASTM A563 grade DH galvanized.

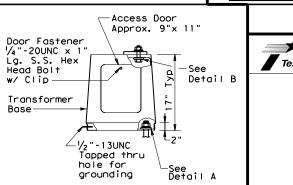
1. For mounting heights between those shown in

- 4. Bases shall be stamped, incised or by other approved permanent means, marked to show fabricator's name or logo, and model number. Such information shall be placed in a readily seen location, inside or outside the base, but shall not be placed on the door.
- 5. Doors for transformer bases shall be made of plastic, fiberglass or other non-metallic material approved by the Engineer and shall be attached with stainless steel screws or bolts. Transformer bases shall be cleaned by grit blast cleaning after heat treatment. Certification by the manufacturer of heat treatment shall be furnished with transformer bases. The certification shall show the metal alloy and temper and that the base meets those requirements, chemical and physical. The certification shall also show the material ASTM specification. Transformer bases shall be cast with a removable tab bar for material testing. Some bars may have been removed by the manufacturer for testing.

#### NOTES:

- (1) Anchor Bolt Templates do not need to be aalvanized.
- (12) Pole diameter before ovalized.

ANCHOR BOLT FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE							
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE						
Length	± ½"						
Threaded length	± ½"						
Galvanized length (if required)	- 1/4"						



**ELEVATION** 

TRANSFORMER BASE **DETAILS** 



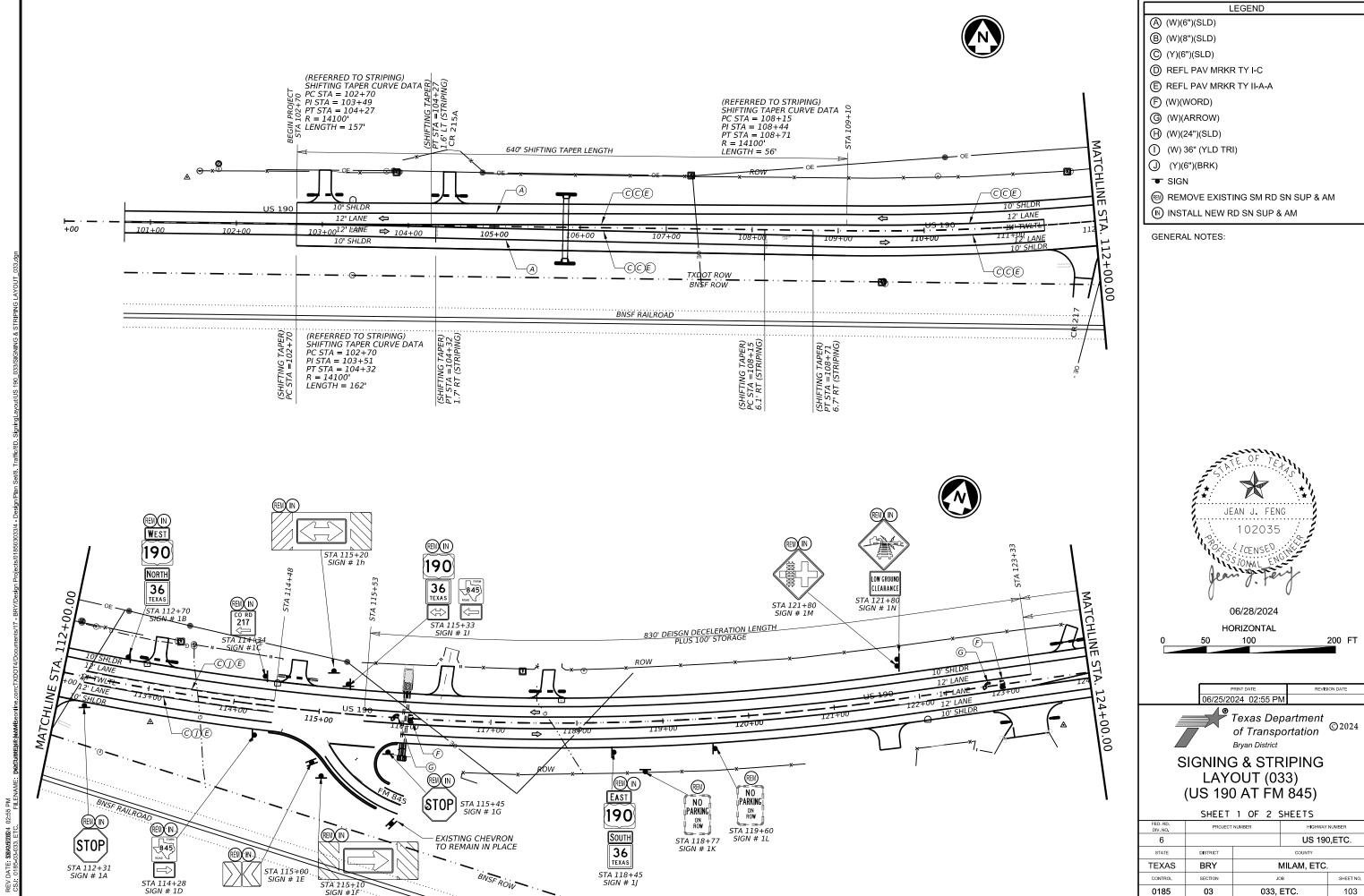


# ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

RIP(4) - 19

FILE: rip-19.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:
© TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	19	O,ETC.
7-17 12-19	DIST	COUNTY					HEET NO.
12 13	BRY	N	ΛΙLAM,	ETO	<b>.</b>		102

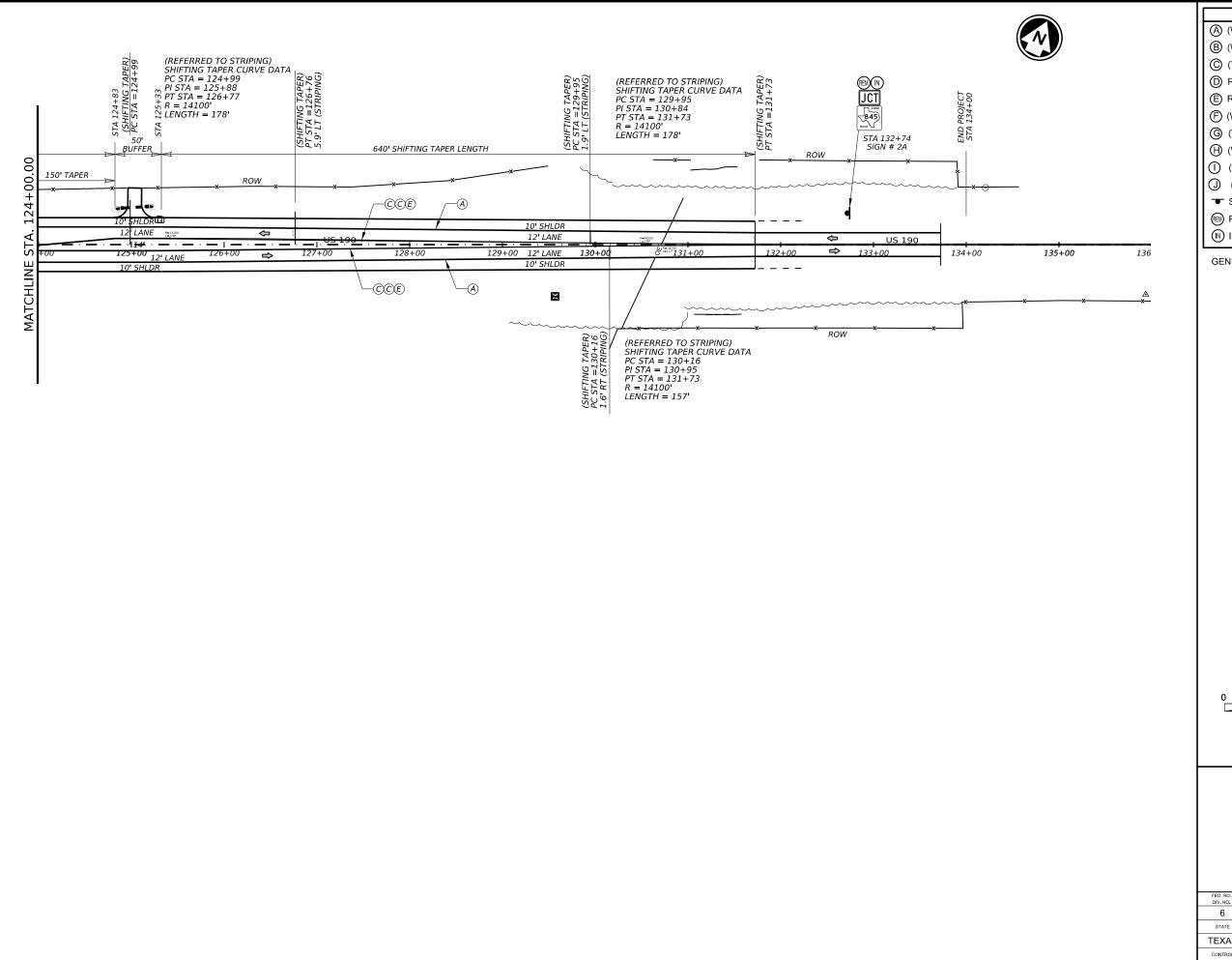
73D





**SIGNING & STRIPING** 

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6			US 190,ETC.				
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY				
TEXAS	BRY	ı	MILAM, ETC.				
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	DB .	SHEET NO.			
0185	03	033,	ETC.	103			



LEGEND

- (W)(6")(SLD)
- B (W)(8")(SLD)
- (Y)(6")(SLD)
- REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C
- (E) REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
- (W)(WORD)
- (W)(ARROW)
- (W)(24")(SLD)
- (W) 36" (YLD TRI)
- (Y)(6")(BRK)
- SIGN
- REMOVE EXISTING SM RD SN SUP & AM
- (N) INSTALL NEW RD SN SUP & AM

GENERAL NOTES:



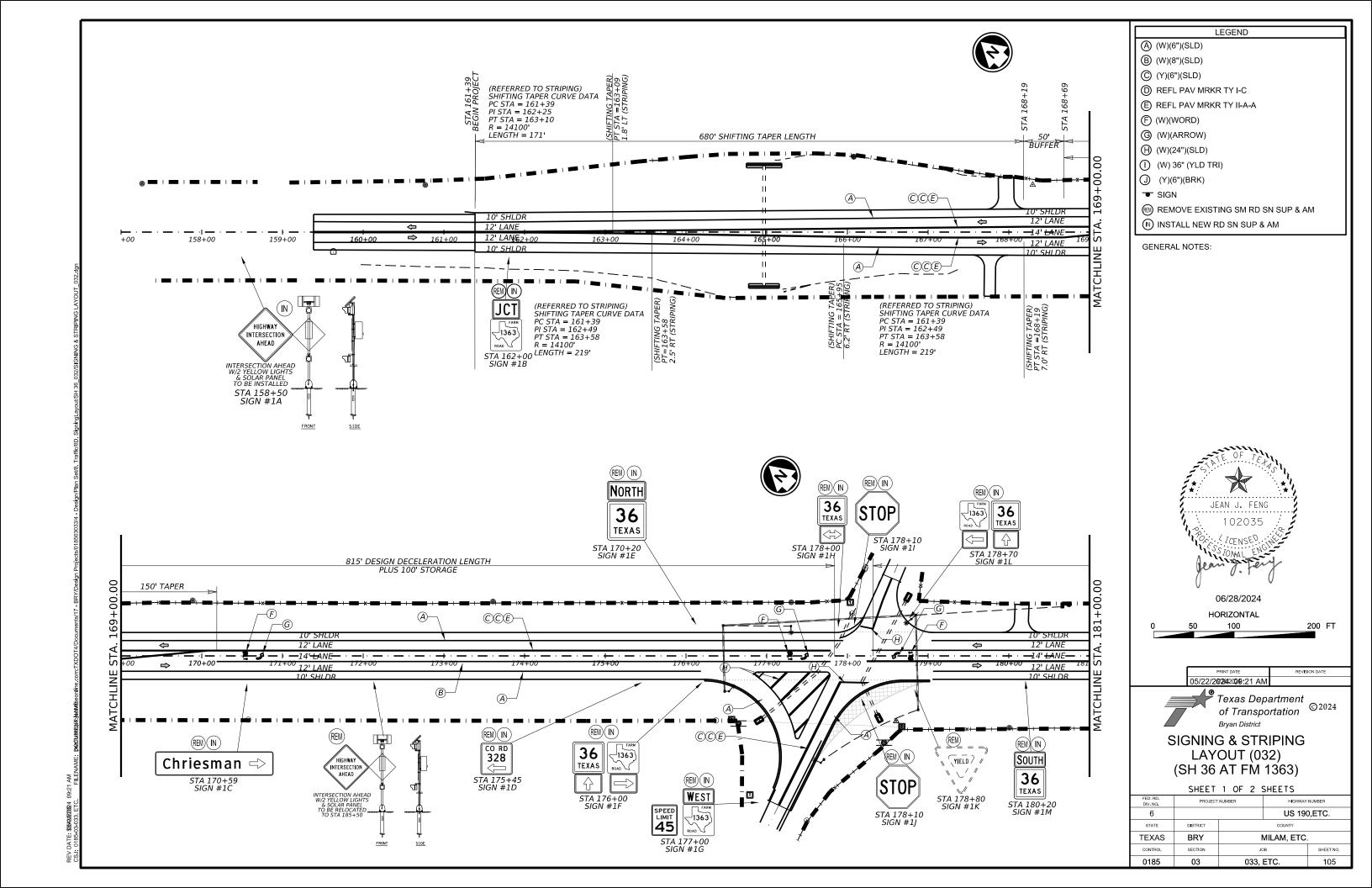
Texas Department of Transportation ©2024 Bryan District

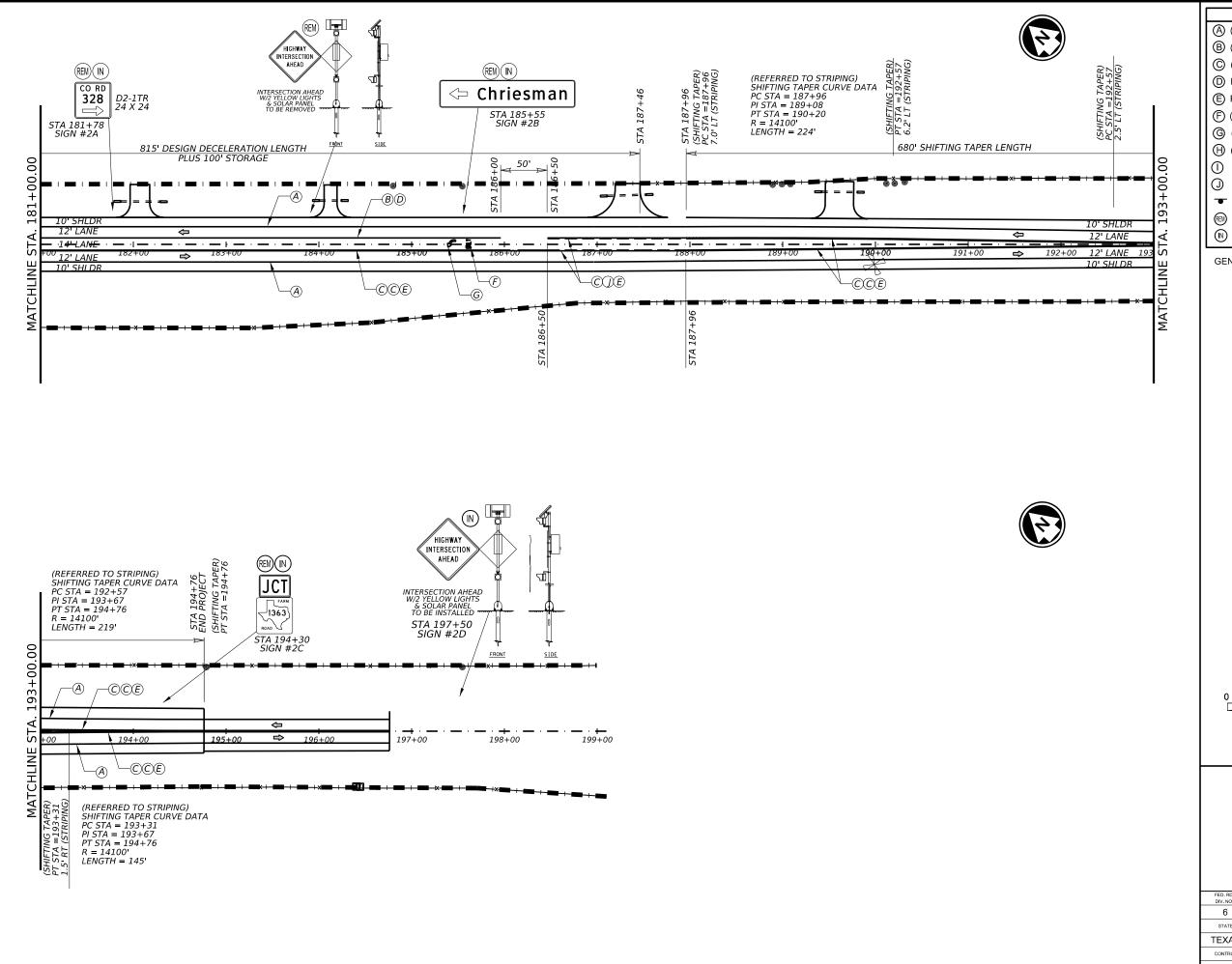
**SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (033)** (US 190 AT FM 845)

06/25/2024 02:55 PM

SHEET 2 OF 2 SHEETS

	SHEET	2 UF 2 .	SHEELS					
O. RD. V. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER					
6			US 190,ETC.					
TATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY					
XAS	BRY		MILAM, ETC.					
NTROL	SECTION	Jo	DВ	SHEET NO.				
185	03	033,	ETC.	104				





LEGEND

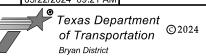
(A) (W)(6")(SLD)
(B) (W)(8")(SLD)
(C) (Y)(6")(SLD)
(D) REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C
(E) REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
(F) (W)(WORD)
(G) (W)(ARROW)
(H) (W)(24")(SLD)
(T) (W) 36" (YLD TRI)
(T) (Y)(6")(BRK)

SIGN
(E) REMOVE EXISTING SM RD SN SUP & AM
(N) INSTALL NEW RD SN SUP & AM

GENERAL NOTES:



PRINT DATE REVISION DATE
05/22/2024 09:21 AM



SIGNING & STRIPING LAYOUT (032) (SH 36 AT FM 1363)

	SHEET	2 OF	2	SHEETS			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER		HIGHWAY	NUMBER		
6				US 190	),ETC.		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	BRY			MILAM, ETC.			
CONTROL	SECTION		J	ОВ	SHEET NO.		
0185	03	(	033,	ETC.	106		

					YPE A)	YPE G)	SM R	SGN	ASSM TY XX	(XXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u> )	BR I DGE MOUNT
PLAN					£	£	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	MOUN	ITING DESIGNATION	CLEARAN SIGNS
SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN Nomenclature	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE A)	EXAL ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80			PREFABRICATED	1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	(See Note: TY = TY TY N TY S
1	1 A	R1-1	STOP	36 X 36	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
1	1B	M3-4 M1-4	WEST 190	24 X 12 30 X 24	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
		M3-1 M1-6T-2	NORTH 36	24 X 12 24 X 24								
1	1 C	D20-1	CO RD 217	24 X 24	•		1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
1	1 D	M1 - 6F	FARM 845	24 X 24	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M6-1		21 X 15								
1	1E	W1-8R W1-8R		18 X 24 18 X 24	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
1	1 F	W1 - 7T		96 X 36	1		\$80	1	SA	U	WC	
1	115	R1-1	STOP STOP	36 X 36	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
1	1 H	W1 - 7T		96 X 36			\$80	1	SA	U	wc	

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080"

7.5 to 15 0.100"

Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

### NOTE:

- . Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- 5. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

(US 190 AT FM 845, 0185-03-033) SHEET 1 OF 6 SHEETS

SOSS

ILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxD	OT Dw	r: TxDO	T	ck: Tx	(DOT
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, , ,		BRY	N	ΛΙLAM,	, E1	rc.		107	

			SUMMARY		_	_	1			XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> ( <u>x</u> - <u>xxxx</u> )	BRIDGE
					7.0	7 PE						MOUNT CLEARAN
PLAN HEET	SIGN	SIGN			5	=	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE		TING DESIGNATION	SIGN
NO.	NO.	NOMENCL A TURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUN	EXAL ALUMINUM (TYPE G)	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	1 or 2	UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic		IEXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	TY = T
1	1 I	M1 - 4	190	30 X 24	1		S80	1	SA	U		
		M1-6T	36 TEXAS	24 X 24								
		M6 - 4		21 X 15								
		M1 - 6F	845 ROAD	24 X 24								
		M6 - 1		21 X 15								
1	1 J	M3-2	EAST	24 X 12	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M1 - 4	190	30 X 24								
		M3-3	SOUTH	24 X 12								
		M1-6T	36 TEXAS	24 X 24								
1	1 K		NO PARKING ON ROW SIGN TO BE REMOVED									
1	1L		NO PARKING ON ROW SIGN TO BE REMOVED									
1	1 M	W10-2		36 X 36	1		1 O B W G	1	SA	P		

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.080"

7.5 to 15 0.100"

Greater than 15 0.125"

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- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

(US 190 AT FM 845, 0185-03-033) SHEET 2 OF 6 SHEETS

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© TxD0T	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JO	В		HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US '	190,ETC
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					(¥	G	SM RI	D SGN	N ASSM TY XX	XXXX (X)	$\overline{XX}$ $(\overline{X} - \overline{XXXX})$	BRID
					17 PE	. ALUMINUM (TYPE G)						MOUN CLEARA
PLAN SHEET	SIGN	SIGN			3	<b>≥</b>	POST TYPE	POSTS			ITING DESIGNATION	SIG
NO.	NO.	NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	₹	<u>N</u>	FRP = Fiberglass		UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt		1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam	(Se Note
					]		TWT = Thin-Wall	1 or 2	SA=Slipbase-Conc	P = "Plain"	WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	
					_		10BWG = 10 BWG	-	SB=Slipbase-Bolt	T = "T"	Channe I	TY = 1
					FLA	EXAL	S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	U = "U"	EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	TY I
1	1 N	W10-5		36 X 36	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
			LOW GROUND									
		W10-5P	CLEARANCE	30 X 24								
						$\vdash$		$\vdash$				
2	2A	M2 - 1	JCT	24 X 21	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
			845									
		M1 - 6F	ROAD	24 X 24	1							
									<u> </u>			
									<del> </del>			

ALUMINUM SIGN B	LANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080"
7.5 to 15	0.100"
Greater than 15	0.125"

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Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

(US 190 AT FM 845, 0185-03-033) SHEET 3 OF 6 SHEETS

SOSS

FILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxD0	T DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxDO
C TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033, I	ETC.	US	19	O,ETC
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0 10		BRY	1	WILAM,	ET(			109

-		<del>                                     </del>	SUMMARY	OF SN						/////	VV /V VVV	
					(TYPE A)	(PE G)	SM RI	J SGN	ASSM TY XX	(XXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u> )	BRIDGE MOUNT
LAN					£	٤	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	MOUN	ITING DESIGNATION	CLEARANCE SIGNS
IEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUN	AL UMINUN	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80			PREFABRICATED	1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	(See Note 2) TY = TYP( TY N TY S
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 A	W2-1aT	HIGHWAY INTERSECTION AHEAD	48 X 48	A			SOLAR	POWERED ROADSIDE	FLASHING BE	ACON ASSEMBLY	
	1 B	M2 - 1	JCT FARM	21 X 15	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M1 - 6F	1363	24 X 24								
1	1 C	D1 - 1	Chriesman ⇒	90 X 18	1		1 O B W G	1	SA	Т		
	1 D	D20-1TL	CO RD 328	24 X 24	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
	1 E	M3-1	NORTH	21 X 12	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M1-6T-2	36 TEXAS	24 X 24								
1	1 F	M1-6T-2	36 TEXAS	24 X 24	1		\$80	1	SA	U		
		M6-3		21 X 15								
		M1 - 6F	1363 ROAD	24 X 24								
		M6 - 1		21 X 15								
					$\ \cdot\ $	-						

# ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

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- 5. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

(SH 36 AT FM 1363, 0186-02-032) SHEET 4 OF 6 SHEETS

SOSS

FILE:	sums16.dgn	DN:	Tχ	DOT	CK:	TxDC	)T	DW:	TxD0	T	ck: TxD0	
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4-16 8-16		DIS	T	COUNTY						SHEET NO.		
0 10		BR	Υ	ı	ΜIL	AM,		ETC			110	

PLAN SHEET SIGN NO. SIGN NOMENCLATURE  1 1G R2-1  M3-4  M1-6F  1 1H  M6-3	SPEED LIMIT 45  WEST TARM 1363 ROAD	24 X 24  24 X 12  24 X 24	FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE A)	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG	POSTS  1 or 2		PREFABRICATED  P = "Plain" T = "T"	NTING DESIGNATION  DESIGNATION  DEST or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel  EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	TY = TYP
SIGN NO. SIGN NOMENCLATURE  1 1G R2-1  M3-4  M1-6F	SPEED LIMIT 45	24 X 24 24 X 12	FLAT ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	1 or 2	UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	PREFABRICATED  P = "Ploin"  T = "T"  U = "U"	DIEXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	SIGNS (See Note 2)  TY = TYPE TY N
1 1G R2-1  M3-4  M1-6F	SPEED LIMIT 45	24 X 24 24 X 12	FLAT	TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80		UB=Universal Bolt SA=Slipbase-Conc SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	P = "Plain" T = "T" U = "U"	BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	Note 2)  TY = TYPE  TY N
1 1G R2-1  M3-4  M1-6F	WEST 1363	24 X 12	1	\$80	1	SA	U		
M3-4  M1-6F	WEST 1363								
M1-6F		24 X 24							
M1-6T-2									
M1-6T-2	36								
1 1 H M6 - 3	TEXAS	24 X 24 21 X 15	1	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
1 1I R1-1	STOP	36 X 36	4	1 OBWC	1	SA	P		
1 1J R1-1	STOP	36 X 36	1	1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
									<b>†</b>

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS					
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.080"				
7.5 to 15	0.100"				
Greater than 15	0.125"				

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

## NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- . For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

(SH 36 AT FM 1363, 0186-02-032) SHEET 5 OF 6 SHEETS

SOSS

FILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: IX	DOT	ck: TxD0	I DW:	TXDO	I	ck: [xD0
C TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	19	O, ETC
4-16 8-16		DIST		COUN	TY		s	HEET NO.
0 10		BRY	<b>N</b>	MILAM.	ETO	• .		111

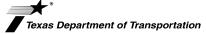
			SUMMARY		_	G			I ASSM TY X	XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u> )	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANCE
PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN Nomenclature	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM	EXAL ALUMINUM (T	POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	POSTS		PREFABRICATED	ITING DESIGNATION  1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	SIGNS (See Note 2)  TY = TYPE  TY N TY S
1	1L	M1 - 6F	1363 ROAD	24 X 24	1		\$80	1	SA	U		
		M6 - 1		21 X 15								
		M1 - 6F	1363 ROAD	24 X 24								
		M6-3		21 X 15								
		M3 - 3	SOUTH	21 X 12	<u>+</u>							
1	1 M	M1-6T-2	36 TEXAS	24 X 24	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
2	2A	D2-1TR	328	24 X 24	•		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
2	2B	D1 - 1	<pre>← Chriesman</pre>	90 X 18	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
2	2C	M2 - 1	JCT	21 X 15	1		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		M1 - 6F	1363 ROAD	24 X 24								
2	2D	W2-1aT	HIGHWAY INTERSECTION AHEAD	48 X 48	A			SOLAR	POWERED ROADSIDE	FLASHING BE	ACON ASSEMBLY	

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS					
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.080"				
7.5 to 15	0.100"				
Greater than 15	0.125"				

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

- Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

(SH 36 AT FM 1363, 0186-02-032) SHEET 6 OF 6 SHEETS

SOSS

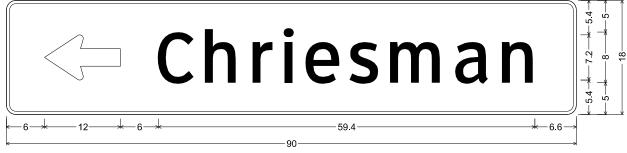
FILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: T>	DOT	ck: TxD0	T DW:	T×DO	T CK:	TxD0
C TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB			H I GHWA	Y
4.46	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190,	ETC
4-16 8-16		DIST		COUN	TY		SHEE	T NO.
0 10		BRY	1	WILAM,	ET(		11	2

D1-1 8in RT;

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green;

"Chriesman", ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 0°;

SIGN 2C, STA 185+55

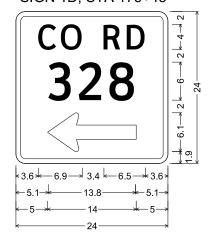


D1-1 8in LT

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green;

Standard Arrow Custom 12.0" X 7.1" 180°; "Chriesman", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

SIGN 1D, STA 175+45



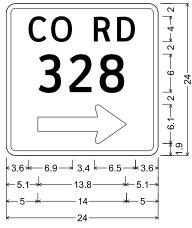
D20-1TL_24x24,

1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; "CO RD", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"328", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

Standard Arrow Custom 14.0" X 6.1" 180°;

SIGN 2A, STA 181+78



D20-1TR_24x24;

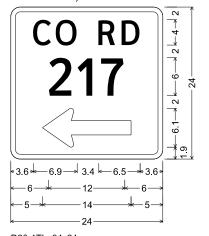
1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

"CO RD", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"328", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

Standard Arrow Custom 14.0" X 6.1" 0°;

SIGN 1C, STA 114+34



D20-1TL_24x24; 1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; "CO RD", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"217", ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 14.0" X 6.1" 180°;



06/28/2024



	•			<i>'</i>			
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6			US 19	O,ETC.			
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
EXAS	BRY						
CONTROL	SECTION	JO	SHEET NO.				
0185	03	033,	ETC.	113			

EV DATE: \$SAVED\$
SJ: 0185-03-033, ETC. FIL

# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SH	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING						
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM						
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING						



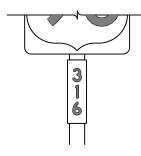




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SH	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING						
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPE	ECIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

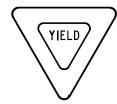
tsr3-13.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDOT

© T×DOT	October	2003	CONT	SECT	JC	В			HIGH	HIGHWAY	
		0185	03	033,	ETO	С.	US	190	,ETC.		
12-03 7-13 9-08		DIST		COL	JNTY			SH	EET NO.		
9-08			BRY	N	MILAM	, E	TC.			114	

# REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

	SHEETING REC	UIREMENTS
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING

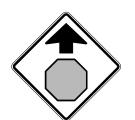




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

# REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND FLOURESCENT YELLOW		TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

# REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

FILE:	tsr4-13.dgn	DN: 1)	KDOT	CK: LXD	OI DW:	LXDO	OI CK: IX	
© T×DOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOE	В		HIGHWAY	
10 03 7 1	REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190,E	TC.
12-03 7-1 9-08	3	DIST		cour	YTY		SHEET	NO.
		BRY	N	ΛΙLAM.	ETC	<b>`.</b>	115	5

warranty of any r the conversion <u>\$†</u>8g448e.

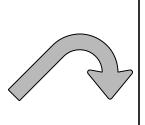
# ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

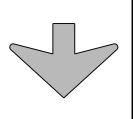
# SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)



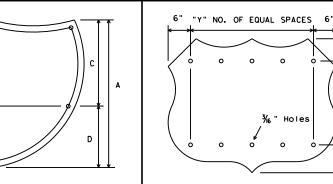






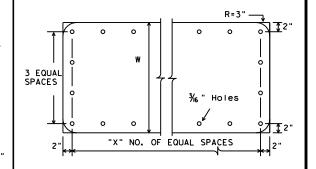


Down Arrow



U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	"Y"	
24×24	2	
30×24	3	
36×36	3	
45×36	4	
48×48	4	
60×48	5	



STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

TYPE

A-I

A-2

A-3

B-I

B-2

B-3

CODE

E-3

E-4



LETTER SIZE

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L

USED ON SIGN NO.

E5-laT

E5-lbT

Type B

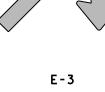
USE

Single

Lane

Multiple

Lane Exits



# NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/

# %" dia. EXIT ONLY PANEL

INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

15

20

11/2

13/4

21

28

% "Holes

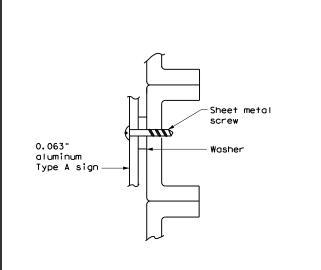
36

# MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

# Guide sign background Attachment sheeting sign sheeting-Attachment sheeting must be cut at panel ioints



- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



SCREW ATTACHMENT

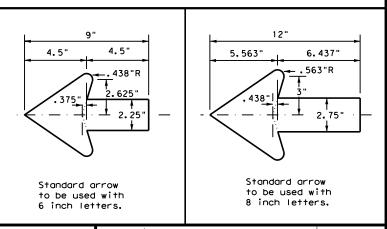
# 1/4" nut and bolt 0.063" Lock washer aluminum Type A sign Washer

#### NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

#### NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

# ARROW DETAILS for Destination Signs (Type D)



# TYPICAL SIGN

Texas Department of Transportation

# TSR(5)-13

REQUIREMENTS

FILE:	tsr5-13.dgn	DN: To	kD0T	ck: TxD	WD TC	TxD0	T ck: TxDOT	
© T×DOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOE	3		HIGHWAY	
		0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190,ETC.	
12-03 7 9-08	7-13	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
9-00		BRY	N.	IILAM,	ETC	<b>:.</b>	116	

## SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

# SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

## Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

- WS = Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT))
- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab, "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

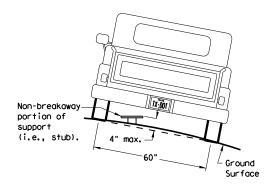
- 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

# EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

# REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

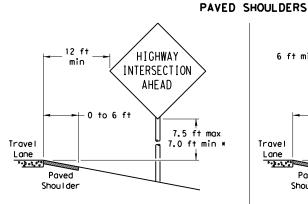
7 ft.

diameter

Not Acceptable

circle

Not Acceptable



#### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

#### HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min * Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I dei

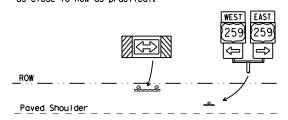
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min -

7.5 ft max

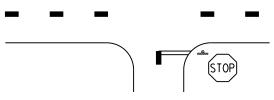
7.0 ft min *





Travel

Lane



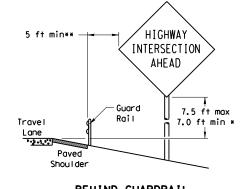
- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

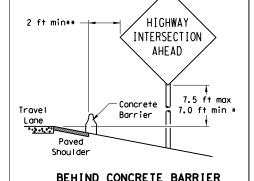
See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

# BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

Maximum

possible

Travel

Lane

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible.)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

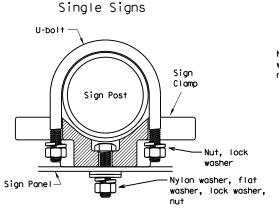
AHEAD

# TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

7 ft.

diameter

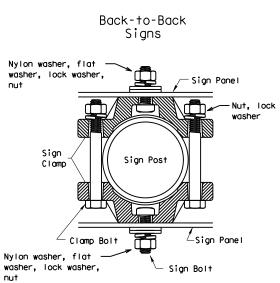
circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



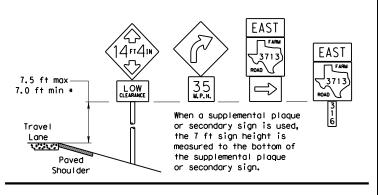
diameter

circle

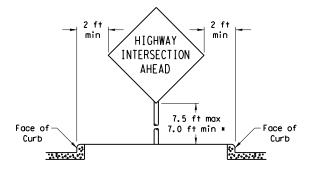
Acceptable

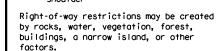
D: D:	Approximate Bolt Length					
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp				
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"				
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"				
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"				

#### SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



# CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND





In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

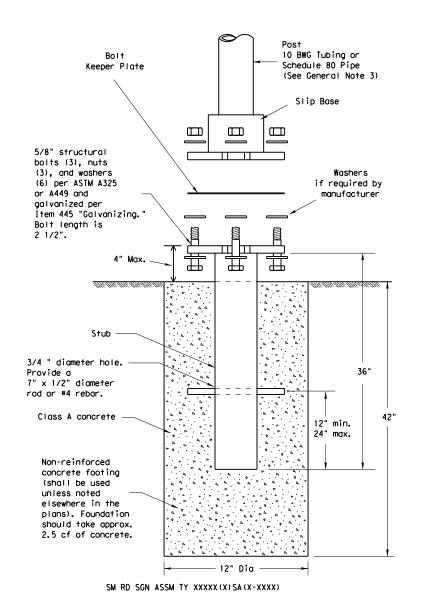


# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

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9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JO	В		HIGHWAY
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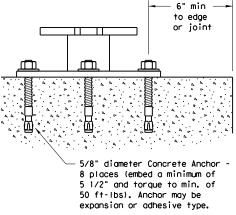
## TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, boits and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor. when installed in 4000 psi normal weight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: 10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"
Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

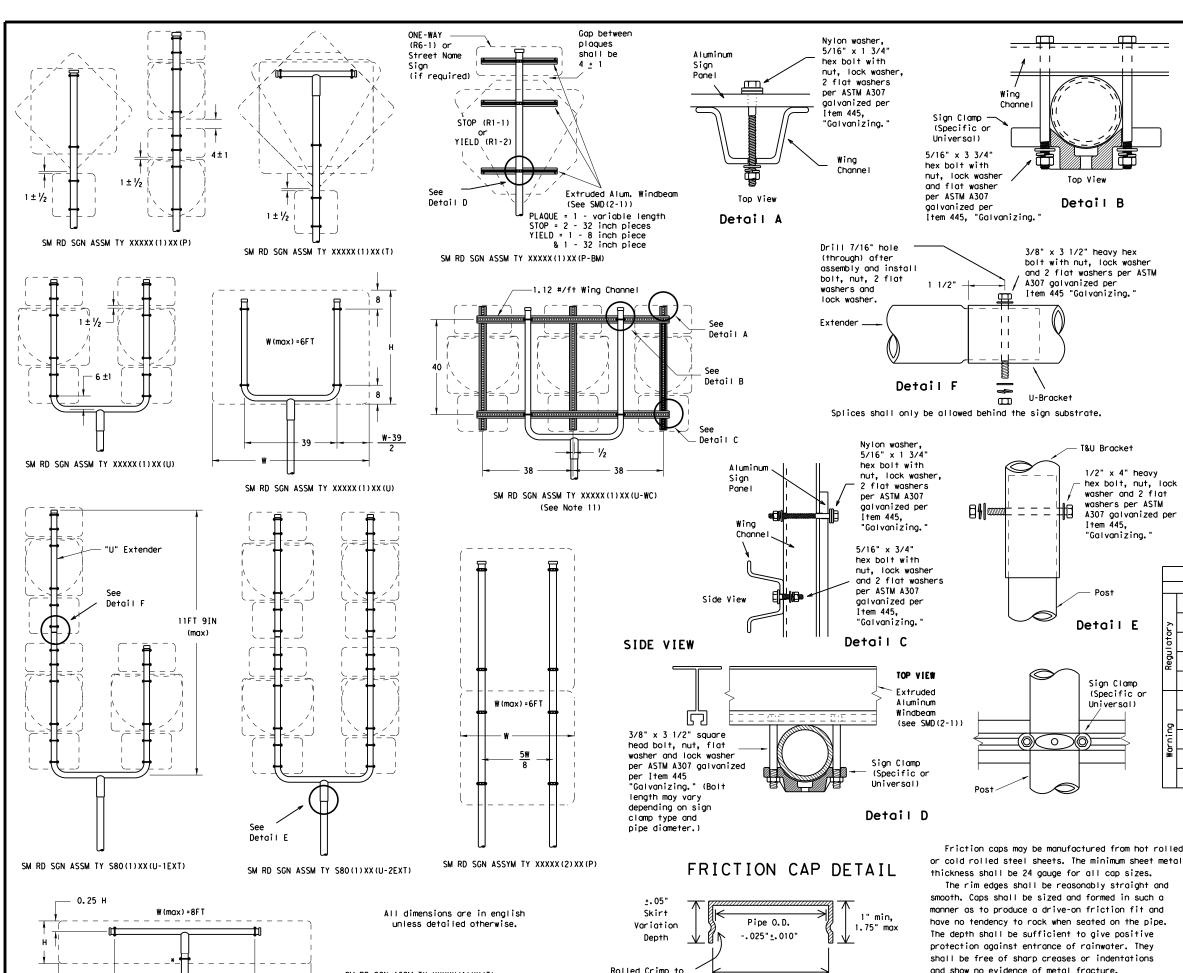
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

GENERAL NOTES:

1.1

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

Item 445 "Galvanizing."

A307 galvanized per

U-Bracket

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445.

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

(Specific or

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

washer and 2 flat

washers per ASTM

A307 galvanized per

Detail B

Wina

1.1

1.1

1.1

8

Channel

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

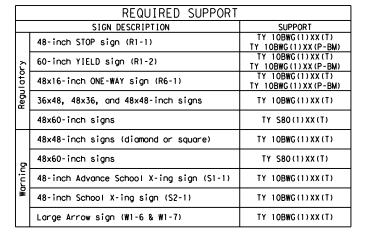
 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JC	В		HIGHWAY		
		0185	03	033,	ETC.	US	190, ETC.		
		DIST		cou	NTY		SHEET NO.		
		BRY	N	MILAM	, ET	Ξ.	119		

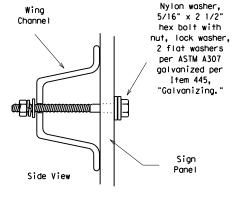
Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

0

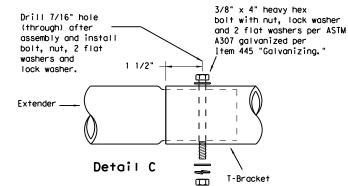
Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and

W(min)>8FT



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

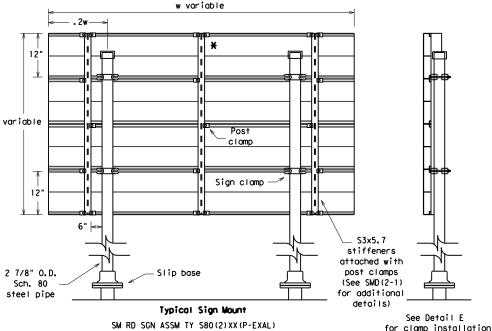
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

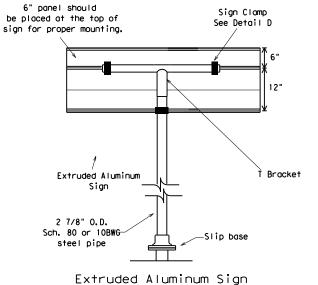
per Item 445.

"Galvanizina.

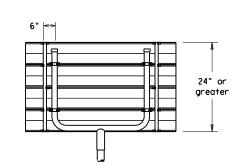
Detail E



* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.



With T Bracket



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
۱,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
regulator	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
חלביו	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
5	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
שתוחש	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
-	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

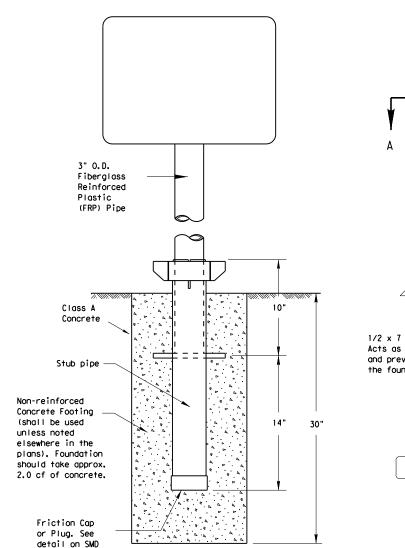
# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

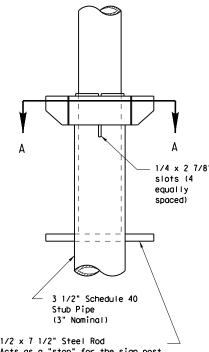
SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	0185	03	033, E	rc.	US	190,ETC.	
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	BRY	M	IILAM,	ETC		120	

(Slip-2)

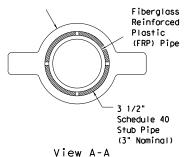
# Universal Anchor System with Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Post





1/2 x 7 1/2" Steel Rod Acts as a "stop" for the sign post and prevents stub from turning in the foundation.

Compression Ring



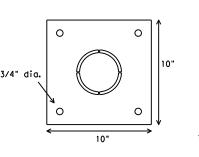
SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UA(P)

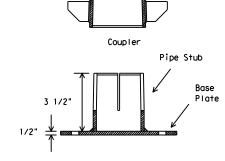
# 6" min to edge or joint

5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min, of 3 3/8" and torque to min, of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.

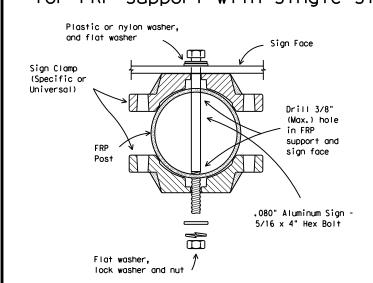
## **BOLT-DOWN DETAILS**



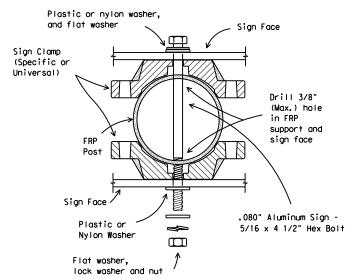


SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UB(P)

# Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Single Sign



# Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Back-to-Back Signs



#### GENERAL NOTES

- FRP sign supports for a single type sign support may be used for signs up to and including 16 square feet. Dual post installation may be used for signs up to and including 32 square feet.
- 2. All nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

#### FRP POST REQUIREMENTS

- Materials shall conform to the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-4410 and will be furnished in a yellow or gray color as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Thickness of FRP sign support is 0.125" + 0.031", 0.0".
- FRP sign supports are prequalified by the Traffic Operations Division. Prequalification procedures are obtained by writing:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division 125 East 11th Street

Austin, Texas 78701-2483

#### UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert base post in foundation hale to depths shown and fill hale with concrete. Cut base post from bottom and ensure a minimum of 18" embedment if installed in solid rock.
- 4. Level and plumb the base post with coupler using a torpedo level and let concrete set a minimum of 4 days, unless otherwise directed by Engineer. Bottom of base post slots shall be above the concrete footing.
- 5. Attach sign to FRP post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on the steel rod.
- 7. Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- 8. Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of coupler.

#### BOLT DOWN SIGN SUPPORT

- 1. Position base plate with coupler on existing concrete.
- 2. Drill holes into concrete and insert the  $5/\bar{8}"$  diameter bolts with wedge anchors, and tighten nuts.
- 3. Attach sign to FRP post.
- 4. Insert bottom of sign post into pipe stub.
- Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of coupler.

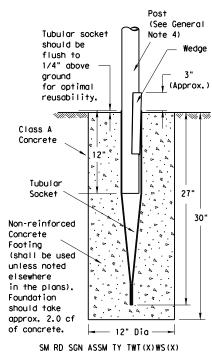


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM WITH FRP POST

SMD (FRP) -08

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		0185 03 033, ETC.				US	190,ETC.			
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		BRY	1	MILAM	, E	TC	· ·		12	21

# Wedge Anchor Steel System



# Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System

Non-reinforced

(shall be used

unless noted

in the plans).

approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

detail on SMD

-12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)

Concrete

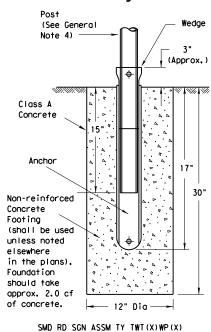
Footing

elsewhere

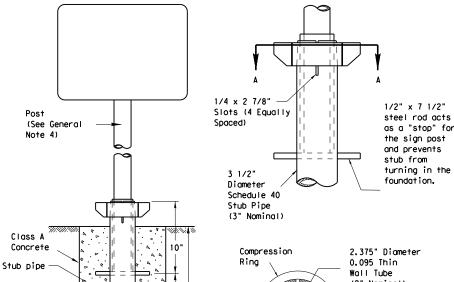
Foundation

should take

of concrete.



# Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post

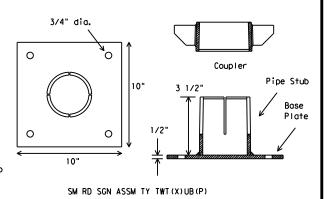


(2" Nominal) 3 1/2" Diameter View A-A Schedule 40 Stub Pipe

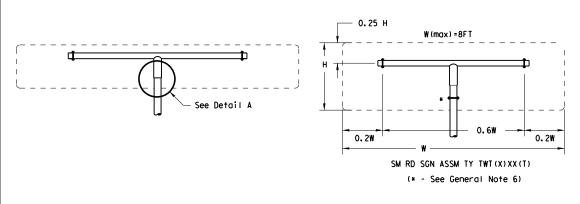
Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

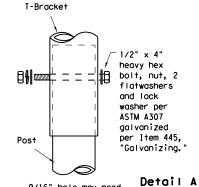
(See General Note 4) 5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min. of to edge 3 3/8" and torque to min. of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



#### Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- 2. The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated I-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is:
- http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications: 13 BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)

0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381" Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 6. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- 7. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall
- 8. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

#### WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole, Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- 4. Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer..
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- 7. Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

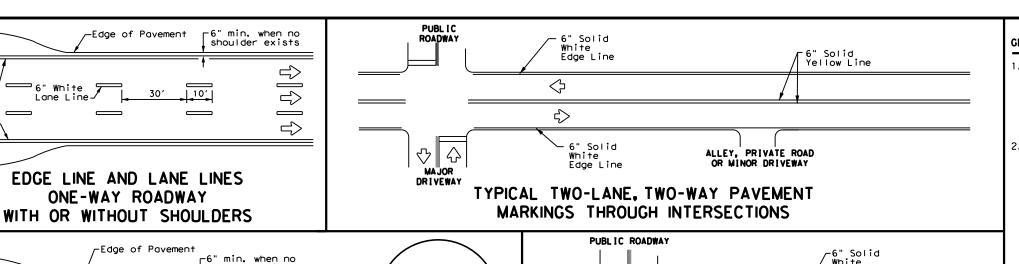
#### UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

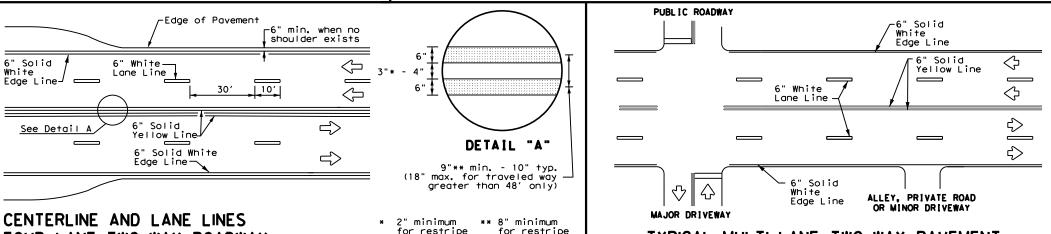
- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below around level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris-
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod.
- 7. Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.
- 8. Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD (TWT) - 08

	_		_			
© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXI	OT	CK: TXE	DOT DW	: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JC	ЭВ		HIGHWAY
	0185	03	033,	ETC	. US	190, ETC.
	DIST		COL	JNTY		SHEET NO.
	BRY	1	MILAM	, ET	c.	122





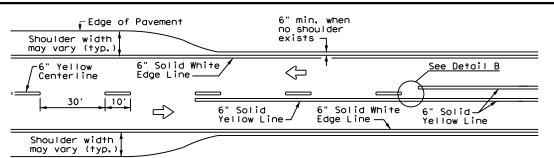
projects when

approved by

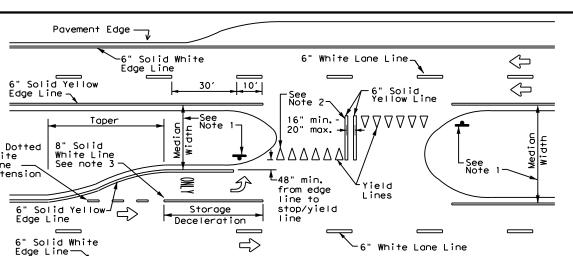
the Engineer.

projects when

approved by the Engineer.







FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

# 18" min. - 20" max. (16" minimum for 6" restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.)

TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT

MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS

DETAIL "B" 2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

#### NOTES

1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections.

Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

3" to 12"→ |

posted speed on road

being marked equal to or

YIELD LINES

For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

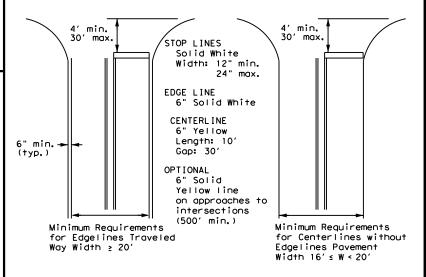
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths.

Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

# GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



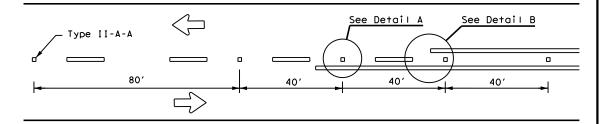
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

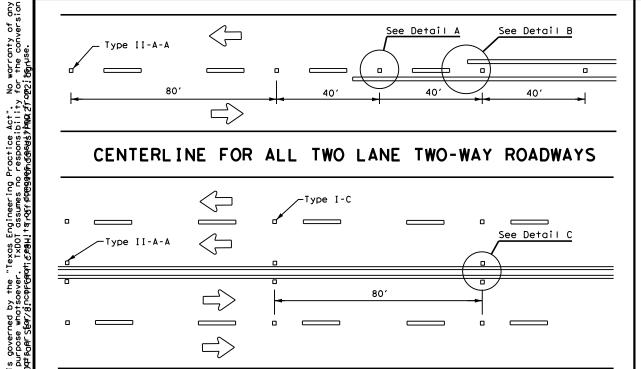
PM(1)-22

ILE: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 11-78 8-00 6-20	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190, ETC.
8-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	BRY	N.	ΛΙLAM,	ETC		123

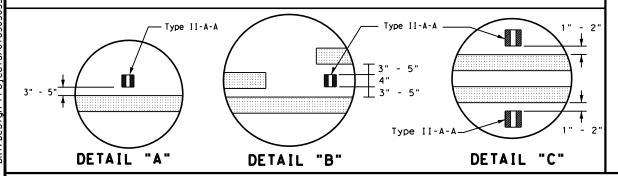
# REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

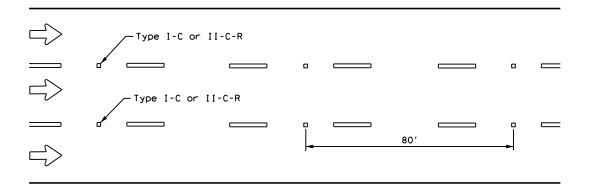


# CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



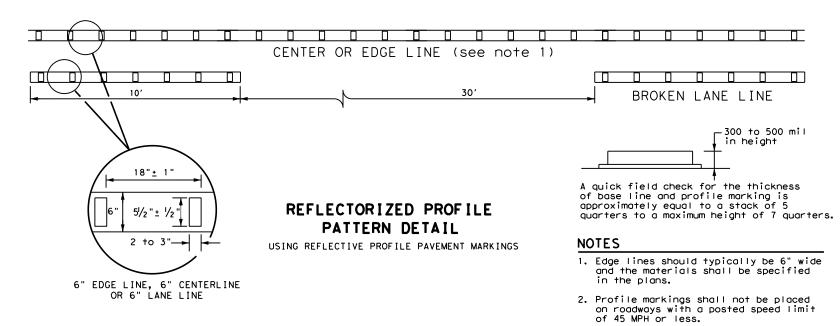
# Centerline < Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane 801 Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

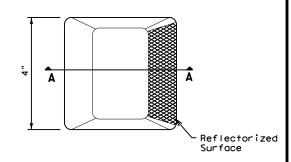


## GENERAL NOTES

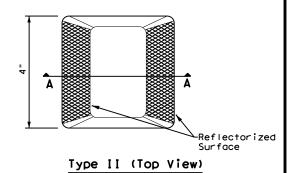
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
Ш	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Adhesive Roadway Surface SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190, ETC.
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	BRY	N.	ΛΙLAM,	ETC	<b>`.</b>	124

Varies (See general note 2)

➪

SEE DETAIL

 $\Diamond$ 

For S

of this standard is governed by TxBOT for any purpose who NBBO83ta othBEsfematRaArSEAV

# NOTES

- Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

" White top Line (typ.)

 $\Diamond$ 

	ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)					
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f+)				
30 MPH	460	wc2				
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$				
40 MPH	670	00				
45 MPH	775					
50 MPH	885					
55 MPH	990					
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS				
65 MPH	1,200					
70 MPH	1,250					
75 MPH	1,350					

Type II-A-A Markers.  $\diamondsuit$ 201  $\triangleleft$ ➪

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn boy is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

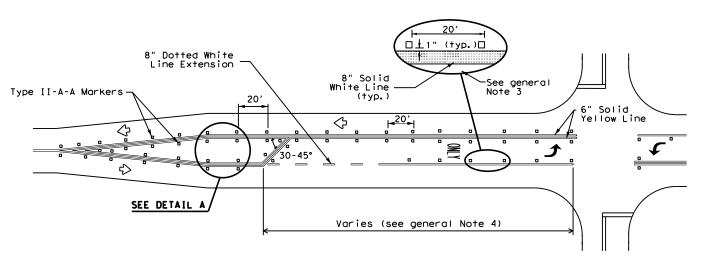
# TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

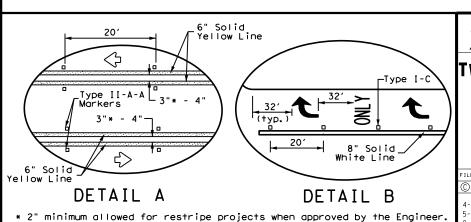
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



# TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

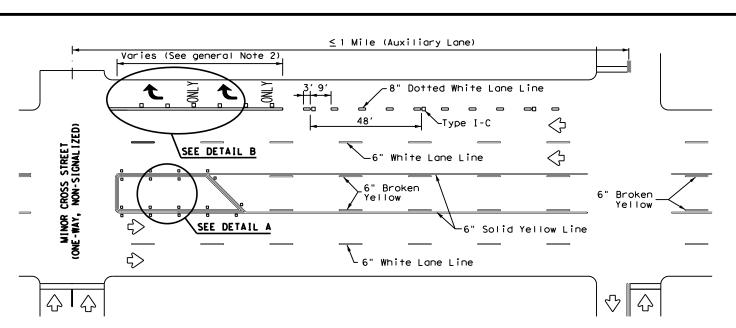




# TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

	_	_					
ı	FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
	© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	190, ETC.
	5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNT	Υ		SHEET NO.
	8-00 2-12	BRY	l N	/ILAM,	ETO	<b>:</b> .	125
	220						



TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE

Varies

8" Solid White (typ.)

TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

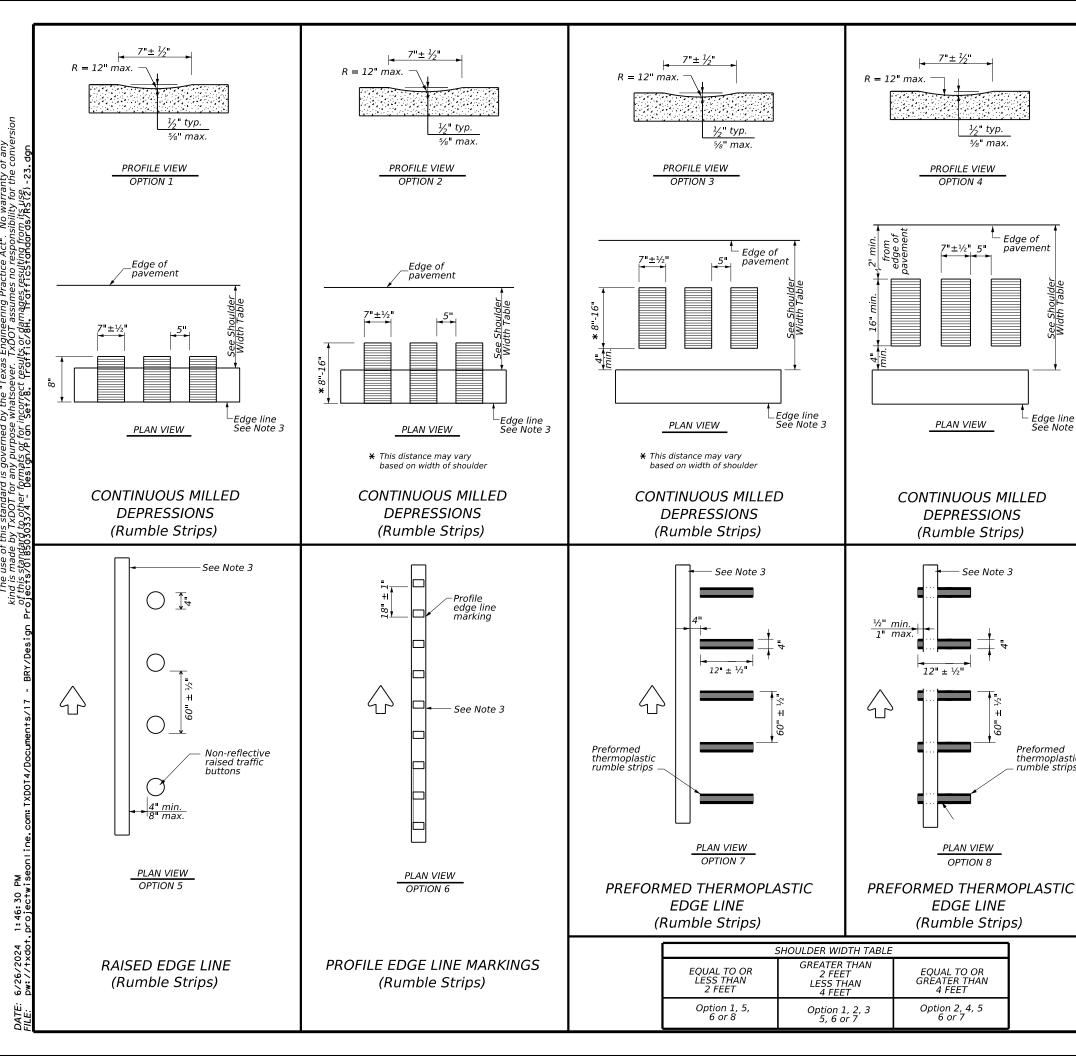
Type II-A-A spaced at 20

≥ 1 Mile (Lane Drop)

Dotted White Lane Line

-Type I-C or Type II-C-R See general Note 3

Varies (general Note 4)



#### **GENERAL NOTES**

 ldash  Edge of

Edge line See Note 3

Preformed thermoplastic

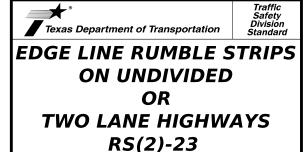
- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile
- 4. See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- 5. Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 6. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

#### WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 10. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

#### WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Nonreflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- 15. Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



FILE: rs(2)-23.dgn		DN: TX	(DOT	CK: TXDOT DW:	TxD0	T ck:TxD0T
© TxDOT	January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 10-13 1-23		0185	03	033, ETC.	US	190,ETC.
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		BRY		MILAM, ETC.		126

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS 24"±1/2" 18"±½" PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW PROFILE VIEW Non-reflective raised traffic <u>4</u> centerline markings Centerline or black) markings Centerline Centerline markings markings O 60"±1/2" 10 -See Note 6 RPM -See Note 6 RPM (reflectorized) □-⊢See Note 6 RPM (reflectorized) 0 (reflectorized) (reflectorized) Non-reflective buttons (black) 16"±1/2" -Preformed -Preformed thermonlastic thermoplastic rumble strips ♡ | 0 PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW PLAN VIEW OPTION 4 OPTION 1 OPTION 2 OPTION 3 PROFILE CENTERLINE MARKINGS MILLED CENTERLINE PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC TWO LANE TWO-WAY RAISED CENTERLINE AND PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC **RUMBLE STRIPS HIGHWAYS RUMBLE STRIPS RUMBLE STRIPS RUMBLE STRIPS** 

#### GENERAL NOTES

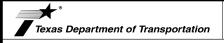
- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile markings.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

#### WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

# WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

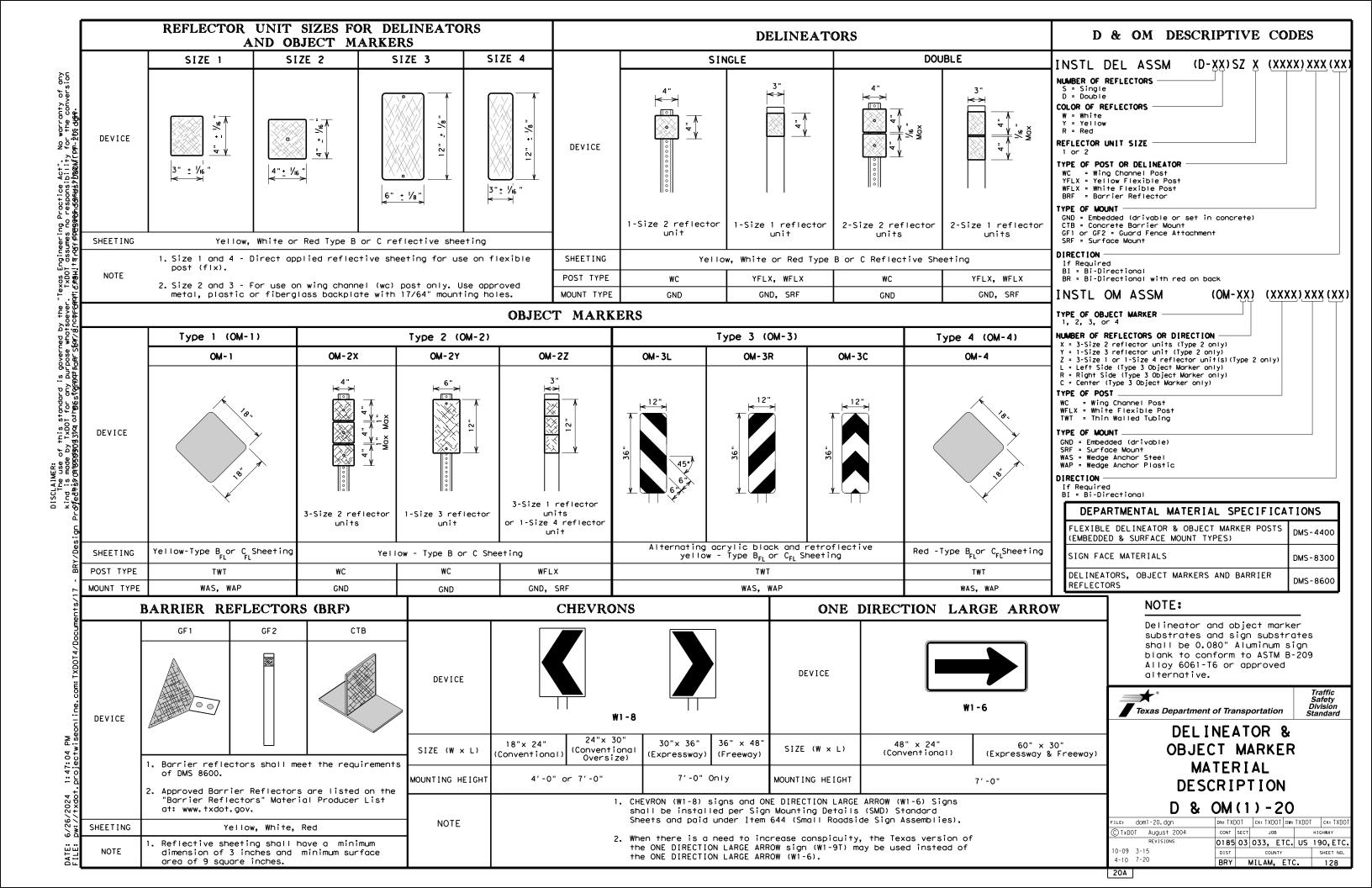
13. See standard sheet RS(2).

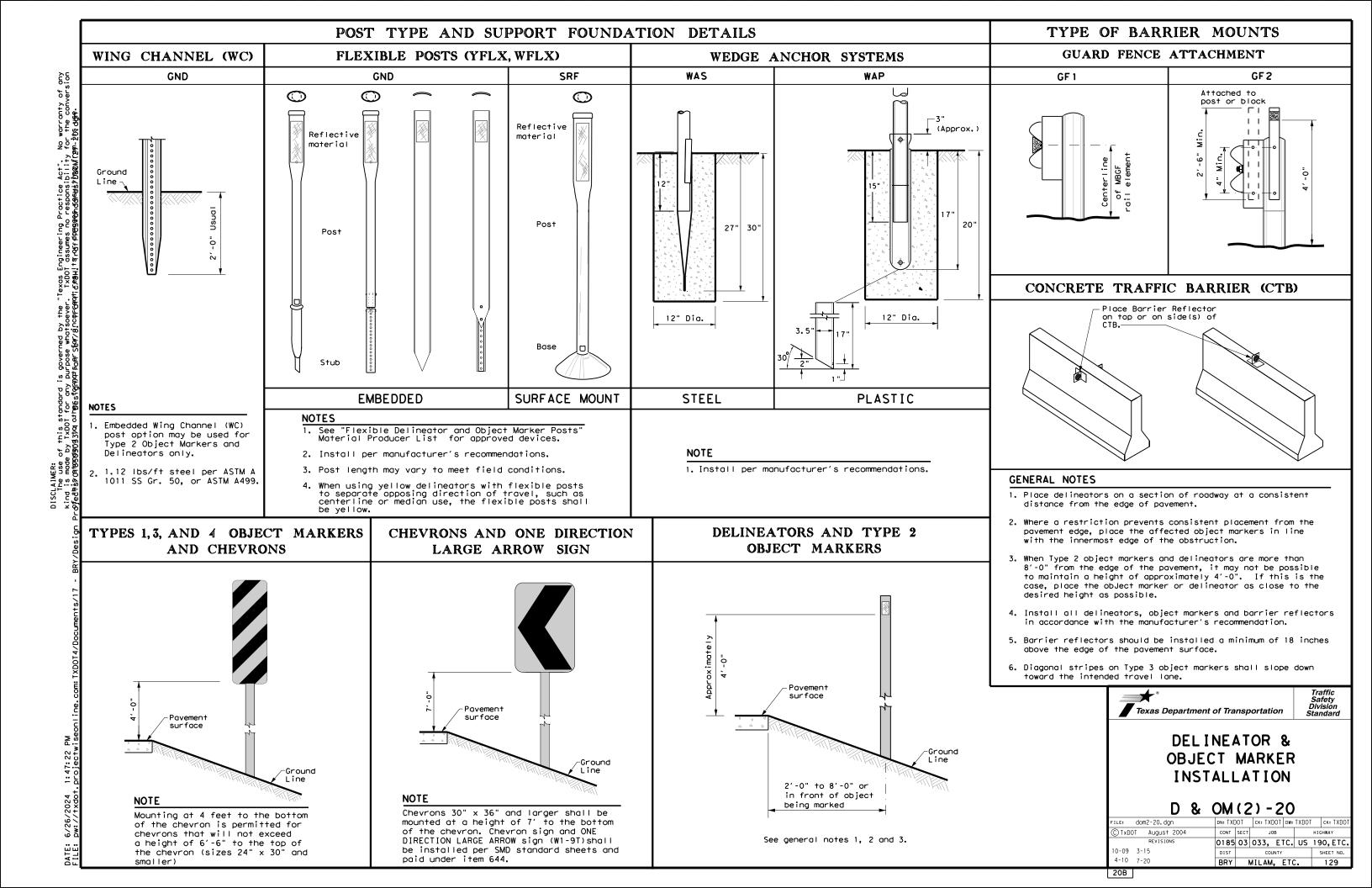


Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS RS(4)-23

FILE: r	s(4)-23.dgn	DN: TX	DOT	ск: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ск:TxD0T
© ⊤xdot	January 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0185	03	033, ETC	ς.	US 19	90,ETC.
10-13 1-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		BBY		MILAM E	TC		127

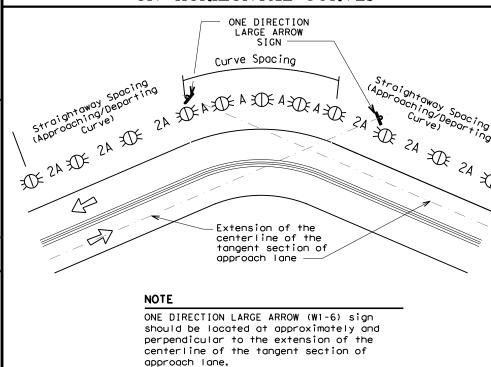




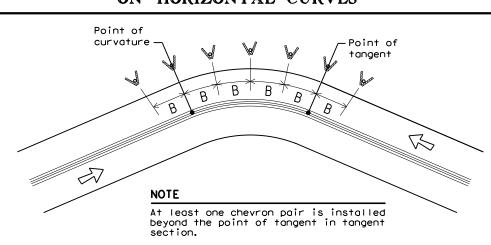
# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	● RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons			

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET					
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve		
		Α	2A	В		
1	5730	225	450			
2	2865	160	320			
3	1910	130	260	200		
4	1433	110	220	160		
5	1146	100	200	160		
6	955	90	180	160		
7	819	85	170	160		
8	716	75	150	160		
9	637	75	150	120		
10	573	70	140	120		
11	521	65	130	120		
12	478	60	120	120		
13	441	60	120	120		
14	409	55	110	80		
15	382	55	110	80		
16	358	55	110	80		
19	302	50	100	80		
23	249	40	80	80		
29	198	35	70	40		
38	151	30	60	40		
57	101	20	40	40		

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

## DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

NHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

# DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rai∣ Terminus/Impac† Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See D & OM (5)  See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full lenath of transition	100 feet

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

	LEGEND
XIX	Bi-directional Delineator
X	Delineator
4	Sign



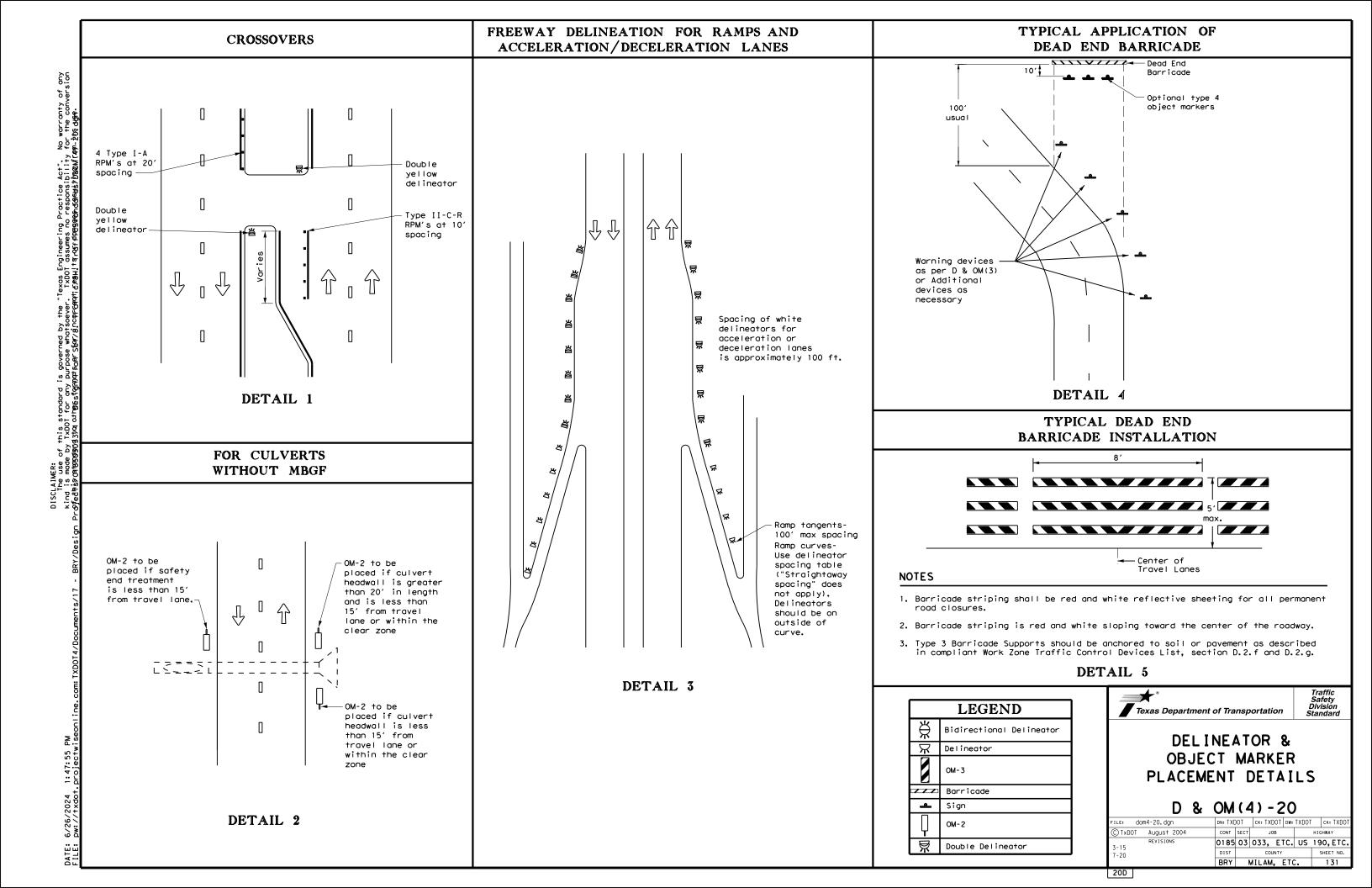
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER

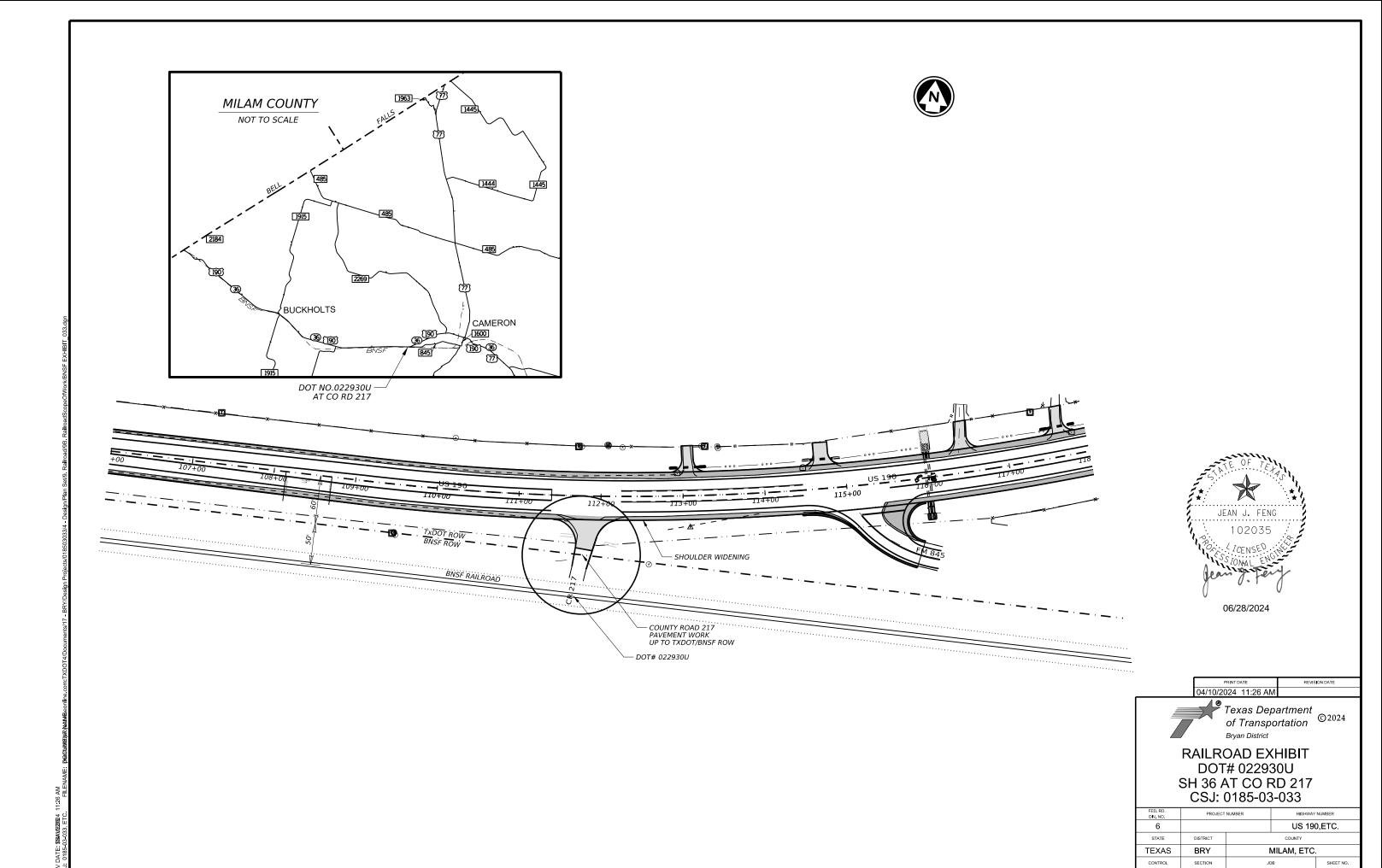
Traffic Safety Division Standard

D & OM(3) - 20

PLACEMENT DETAILS

3	DN: TX[	OOT	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT		ck: TXDOT
C TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
	0185	03	033, E	TC.	US	19	O,ETC.
3-15 8-15 8-15 7-20	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET NO.
8-15 7-20	BRY	N.	IILAM,	ETC	<b>:.</b>		130





0185

033, ETC.

RR Company C RR Company C RR MP: 190.5 RR Subdivision City: Cameron	
RR Company C RR MP: 190.5 RR Subdivision City: Cameron	
RR MP: 190.5 RR Subdivision City: Cameron	Owning Track at Crossing: BNSF Railroad
RR Subdivision	
City: Cameron	
	ossing: 0185-03-033
Latitude: 30.8	
Longitude: -9	
Scope of Work	s, including any TCP, to be performed by State Contractor:
The work on 1 TxDOT/BNSF	TxDOT Right Of Way consists of 6' shoulder widening and paving at CO RD 217 up to ROW.
Scope of Work	to be performed by Railroad Company:
II. FLAGG	ING & INSPECTION
No. of Dave of	Railroad Flagging Expected: 1
	t, night or weekend flagging is:
// Evnoctod	
☑ Expected ☐ Not Expect.	ad
·	ed
□ Not Expect	ed ces will be provided by:
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□ Not Expect Flagging servi □ Railroad Co needed or, □ Outside Pa Contractor mu requires a 30- to their own ne by Contractor.	ces will be provided by: company: 1) Txdot will pay flagging invoices. Flagging Agreement with railroad will be 2) Permitted crossing. Railroad company to provide flagging. rty: Contractor will pay flagging invoices to be reimbursed by TxDOT set incorporate flaggers into anticipated construction schedule. The Railroad day notice if their flaggers are to be utilized. If Contractor falls behind schedule degligence and is not ready for scheduled flaggers, any flagging charges will be paid
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III. CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE P	PERFORMED BY THE RAILROAD
☐ Required.	
☑ Not Required	
Railroad Point of Contact:	
	performed by the Railroad Company. TxDOT mu road Company prior to the work being performe
V. RAILROAD INSURANCE REQUIR	REMENTS
The Contractor shall confirm the insurance are subject to change without notice.	requirements with the Railroad as the insurar
	ficates of insurance must be issued by the connection of the conne
	n the same right of way, or when several Railro
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ot Required equired. Contact Information for Construction Inspection:		1
CONSTRUCTION WORK TO BE PERFORMED BY THE RA	AILROAD	

#### DAD INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

Escalated Limits				
Type of Insurance	Amount of Coverage (Minimum)			
Workers Compensation	\$500,000 / \$500,000 / \$500,000			
Commercial General Liability	\$2,000,000 / \$4,000,000			
Business Automobile	\$2,000,000			

Railroad Protective Liabilit	y Limits
<ul><li>✓ Not Required</li><li>☐ Non - Bridge/Typical Maintenance Projects.</li></ul>	\$2,000,000 / \$6,000,000
Includes repairs to overpass/underpass and culvert structures	
☐ Bridge Structure Projects. Includes new construction or replacement of overpass/ underpass structures	\$5,000,000 / \$10,000,000
□ Other:	

#### V. CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT OF ENTRY (CROE)

✓ Not Required
☐ Required: UPRR Maintenance Consent Letter. TxDOT to assist
$\ \square$ Required: TxDOT to assist in obtaining the UPRR CROE
☐ Required: Contractor to obtain
☐ BNSF:
☐ CPKCR https://jllrpg.360works.com/fmi/webd/rpo_web_kcs.fmp12

To view previously approved CROE templates agreed upon between the State and Railroad, see: https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/railroad-highway-crossing/sample-right-of-entryagreements.html

Approved CROE templates are not to be modified by the Contractor.

Contractor shall not operate within Railroad Right of Way without an executed Construction & Maintenance Agreement between the State and the Railroad and an executed CROE between the Contractor and the Railroad if required on project.

#### VI. RAILROAD COORDINATION MEETING

A Railroad Coordination Meeting is required. See item 5, Article 8.1, of the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets and Bridges Manual for more details.

#### **VII. RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION**

A. Complete the Railroad's course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety," and maintain registration prior to working on the Railroad's property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

UPRR, BNSF, CPKCR will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other Railroads. Refer to each Railroad's specific contractor right of entry for training information.

Know and follow the Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY  ${\sf REQUIREMENTS}\ regarding\ clothing,\ personal\ protective\ equipment,\ and\ general\ safety\ requirements.$ 

#### **VIII. SUBCONTRACTORS**

Contractor shall not subcontract work without written consent of TxDOT. Subcontractors are subject to the same insurance requirements as the Prime Contractor.

#### IX. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

In Case of Railroad Emergency Call: BNSF Railroad	
Railroad Emergency Line at: (800)-832-5452	
Location: DOT 022930U	
RR Milepost: 190.540	
Subdivision: Galveston	

**RRD Review Only** Initials: KS

Date: 10-04-2023

Texas Department of Transportation

Division

# **RAILROAD SCOPE OF WORK**

PROJECT SPECIFIC DETAILS

FILE: TT-SCOP	e-of-work.pdf	DN: Tx	DOT	CK: DW:		CK:
© TxDOT	June 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0/0000	REVISIONS	0210	02	029	US 77,ETC.	
6/2023		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		BRY		MILAM, ETC.		133

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### DESCRIPTION

This project includes construction work within the right of way and/or properties of the Railroad and adjacent to its tracks, wire lines and other facilities. These sheets describe the minimum special requirements for coordination with the Railroad when working upon, over or under Railroad Right of Way or when impacting current or future Railroad operations. Coordinate with the Railroad while performing the work outlined herein, and afford the same cooperation with the Railroad as with TxDOI. Complete all submittals and work in accordance with TxDOT Standard Specifications, Railroad Guidelines and AREMA recommendations as modified by these minimum special requirements or as directed in writing by the Railroad

For purposes of this project, the Railroad Designated Representative is the person or persons designated by the Railroad Manager of Industry and Public Projects to handle specific tasks related to the project.

#### 1.02 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION / CLARIFICATION

Submit Requests for Information ("RFI") involving work within any Railroad Right of Way to the TxDOT Engineer. The TxDOT Engineer will submit the RFI to the Railroad Designated Representative for review and approval for RFI's corresponding to work within Railroad Right of Way. Allow six (6) weeks total time for review and approval, which includes four (4) weeks for review and approval by the Railroad.

#### 1.03 PLANS / SPECIFICATIONS

TxDOT has received written Railroad approval of the plans and specifications for this project. Any revisions or changes in the plans after award of the Contract must have the approval of TxDOT and the Railroad.

#### PART 2 - UTILITIES AND FIBER OPTIC

Construct all utility installations in accordance with current AREMA recommendations, Railroad, TxDOT and owning utility specifications and requirements. Railroad general guidelines can be found on the Railroad website or by contacting the Railroad Designated Representative.

#### PART 3 - CONSTRUCTION

#### GENERAL

- A. Perform all work in compliance with all applicable Railroad, Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and TxDOT rules and regulations. Arrange and conduct work in a manner that does not endanger or interfere with the safe operation of the tracks and property of the Railroad and the traffic moving on such tracks, or the wires, signals and other property of the Railroad, its tenants or licensees, at or in the vicinity of the Work. The safe operation of railroad train movements takes precedence over any work to be performed by the Contractor The Contractor is responsible for train delay cost and lost revenue claims due to any delays or interruption of train operations resulting from Contractor's construction or other activities.
- B. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational tracks will only be allowed if absolutely necessary and the Railroad's Designated Representative grants approval. Construction activities within 15 feet of the operational track(s) preferably allow the tracks to stay operational. In such cases, coordination and approval by the Railroad Track Manager is required with regard to schedule, flagging, and slow orders. See Sections 3.07 and 3.08 for additional information.
- C. Provide track protection for all work equipment (including rubber tired equipment) operating within 25 feet from nearest rail. When not in use, keep Contractor machinery and materials at least 50 feet from the Railroad's nearest track.
- D. Vehicular crossings of railroad track are allowed only at existing crossings, or haul road crossings developed with Railroad approval.
- E. The Contractor is also advised that new railroad facilities within the project may be built by the Railroad. If applicable, these facilities are delineated in the plans. Be aware of the limits of responsibilities and coordinate efforts with the Railroad and TxDOT.
- F. Railroad requirements do not allow work within 50 feet of track centers when a train passes the work site and all personnel must clear the area within 50 feet of the track centerline and secure all equipment. Additional allowances may be pursued as outlined in 3.02 and 3.03.
- G. All permanent clearances shall be verified before project closing.

#### 3. 02 RAILROAD OPERATIONS

- A. Trains and/or equipment are expected on any track, at any in either direction. Become familiar with the train schedules in this location and structure bid assuming intermittent track windows in this period, as defined in Paragraph B that follows.
- B. All railroad tracks within and adjacent to the contract site are active, and rail traffic over these facilities shall be maintained throughout the Project. Activities may include both through moves and switching moves to local customers. railroad traffic and operations will occur continuously throughout the day and night on these tracks and shall be maintained at all times as defined herein. Coordinate and schedule the work so that construction activities do not interfere with railroad operations.
- C. Coordinate work windows with TxDOT and the Railroad's Designated Representative. Types of work windows include Conditional Work Windows and Absolute Work Windows, as defined below:
  - Conditional Work Window: A Conditional Work Window is a period of time that railroad operations have priority over construction activities. When construction activities may occur on and/or adjacent to the railroad tracks within 25 feet of the nearest track, a railroad flag person will be required. At the direction of the railroad flag person, upon approach of a train, and when trains are present on the tracks, the tracks must be cleared (i.e., no construction equipment, materials or personnel within 25 feet, or as directed by the Railroad Designated Representative, from the tracks). Conditional Work Windows are available for the Project.
  - 2. Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of Absolute Work Window: An Absolute Work Window is a period of time that construction activities are given priority over railroad operations. During this time frame, the designated railroad track(s) will be inactive for train movements and may be fouled by the Contractor. At the end of an Absolute Work Window, the railroad tracks and/or signals must be completely operational for train operations and all Railroad, Public Utilities Commission (PUC) and FRA requirements, codes and regulations for operational tracks must be satisfied. In the situation where the operating tracks and/or signals have been affected, the Railroad will perform inspections of the work prior to placing that track back into service. Railroad flag persons will be required for construction activities requiring an Absolute Work Window. Absolute Work Windows will not generally be granted. Any request will require a detailed explanation for Railroad review.

#### 3.03 RIGHT OF ENTRY, ADVANCE NOTICE AND WORK STOPPAGES

- A. Do not perform any work within Railroad Right of Way without a valid executed Right of Entry Agreement if required on this project.
- B. Give advance notice to the Railroad as required in the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" before commencing work in connection with construction upon or over Railroad Right of Way and observe the Railroad's rules and regulations with respect thereto.
- C. Perform all work upon Railroad Right of Way in a manner to avoid interference with or endanger the operations of the Railroad.
  Whenever work may affect the operations or safety of trains, submit the work method to the Railroad Designated Representative for approval. Approval does not relieve the Contractor from liability. Do not commence any work which requires flagging service or inspection service until the flagging protection required by the Railroad is available at the job site. See Section 3.15 for railroad flagging requirements.
- D. Make requests in writing for both Absolute and Conditional Work Windows, at least 30 days in advance of any work. Include in the written request:
  - Exactly what the work entails.
- The days and hours that work will be performed. The exact location of work, and proximity to the tracks.
- The type of window requested and the amount of time requested.
- The designated contact person.

Provide a written confirmation notice to the Railroad at least 48 hours before commencing work in connection with approved work windows when work is within 25 feet of nearest rail. Perform all work in accordance with previously approved work plans.

E. Make provisions to protect operations and property of the Railroad should a condition arising from, or in connection with the work, require immediate and unusual action. If in the judgment of the Railroad Designated Representative such provisions are insufficient, the Railroad Designated Representative may require or provide such provisions as deemed necessary. In any event, such provisions shall be at the Contractor's expense and without cost to the Railroad or TxDOT. The Railroad or TxDOT shall have the right to order the Contractor to temporarily cease operations in the event of an emergency or, if in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, the Contractor's operations could endanger railroad operations. In the event of such an order, immediately notify TxDOT of the order.

#### INSURANCE 3.04

Do not begin work upon or over Railroad Right of Way until furnishing the Railroad with the insurance policies, binders, certificates and endorsements required by the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement", and until the Railroad Designated Representative has advised TxDOT that such insurance is in accordance with the Agreement.

#### RAILROAD SAFETY ORIENTATION

A. Complete the railroad course "Orientation for Contractor's Safety".and maintain current registration prior to working on railroad property. This course is required to be completed annually by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel working on site.

"UPRR,BNSF,KCS/TEXMEX will not accept on-track safety training certificates from other railroads. Refer to Railroad specific contractor right of entry for training information.

Know and follow the "Contractor's Right of Entry Agreement" EXHIBIT D, MINIMUM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS regarding clothing, personal protective equipment, and general safety requirements.

#### COOPERATION 3.06

The Railroad will cooperate with Contractor so that work may be conducted in an efficient manner, and will cooperate with Contractor in enabling use of Railroad Right of Way in performing the work.

#### MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION CLEARANCES FOR FALSEWORK AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

Abide by the following minimum temporary clearances during the course of construction: A. 15' - 0" (BNSF) (UPRR) and 14'-0" (KCS) horizontal from

centerline of track B. 22' (KCS) and 21' - 6" (UPRR & BNSF) vertically above top of rail.

For construction clearance less than listed above, obtain local

Railroad Operating Unit review and approval.

#### APPROVAL OF REDUCED CLEARANCES

- A. Maintain minimum track clearances during construction as specified in Section 3.07.
- B. Submit any proposed infringement on the specified minimum clearances to the Railroad Designated Representative through TxDOT at least 30 days in advance of the work. Do not proceed with such infringement without written approval by the Railroad Designated Representative.
- C. Do not commence work involving an approved infringement without receiving written assurance from the Railroad Designated Representative that arrangements have been made for any necessary flagging service.

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

# RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO C)TxDOT October 2018 CONT SECT JOB 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC BRYAN MILAM, ETC. 134

#### 3.09 MAINTENANCE OF RAILROAD FACILITIES

- A. Maintain all ditches and drainage structures free of silt or other obstructions resulting from Contractor's operations. Repair eroded areas and any other damage within Railroad Right of Way and repair any other damage to the property of the Railroad, or its tenants.
- B. Perform all such maintenance and repair of damages due to the Contractors's operations at Contractor's expense.
- C. Submit a proposed method of erosion control for review by the Railroad prior to beginning any grading on the project site. Comply with all applicable local, state and federal regulations when developing and implementing such erosion control.

#### 3.10 SITE INSPECTIONS BY RAILROAD'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE

- A. In addition to the office reviews of construction submittals, site inspections may be performed by the Railroad Designated Representative at significant points during construction, including the following if applicable:

  - Pre-construction meetings.
     Pile driving/drilling of caissons or drilled shafts.
     Reinforcement and concrete placement for railroad bridge substructure and/or superstructure.
  - Erection of precast concrete or steel bridge superstructure.
  - 5. Placement of waterproofing (prior to placing ballast on bridge deck).
  - 6. Completion of the bridge structure.
- B. Site inspection is not limited to the milestone events listed above. Site visits to check progress of the work may be performed at any time throughout the construction as deemed necessary by the Railroad.
- C. Provide a detailed construction schedule, including the proposed temporary horizontal and vertical clearances and construction sequence for all work to TxDOT for submittal to the Railroad Designated Representative for review prior to commencement of work. the anticipated dates when the above listed events will occur. Update this schedule for the above listed events as necessary and each month at a minimum to allow the Railroad to schedule site inspections.

#### 3.11 RAILROAD REPRESENTATIVES

Railroad representatives, conductors, flag person or watch person will be provided by the Railroad at expense of TxDOT to protect Railroad facilities, property and movements of its trains or engines. In general, the Railroad will furnish such personnel or other protective services as follows:

- A. When any part of any equipment is standing or being operated within 25 feet, measured horizontally, from nearest rail of any track on which trains may operate, or when any object is off the ground and any dimension thereof could extend inside the 25 foot limit, or when any erection or construction activities are in progress within such limits, regardless of elevation above or below track.
- B. For any excavation below elevation of track subgrade if, in the opinion the Railroad Designated Representative, track or other railroad facilities may be subject to settlement or movement.
- C. During any clearing, grubbing, excavation or grading in proximity to railroad facilities, which, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, may endanger railroad facilities or operations.
- D. During any Contractor's operations when, in the opinion of the Railroad Designated Representative, railroad facilities, including, but not limited to, tracks, buildings, signals, wire lines, or pipe lines, may be endangered.
- E. Arrange with the Railroad Designated Representative to provide the adequate number of flag persons to accomplish the work.

#### 3.12 COMMUNICATIONS AND SIGNAL LINES

If required, the Railroad will rearrange its communications and signal lines, its grade crossing warning devices, train signals and tracks, and facilities that are in use and maintained by the Railroad's forces in connection with its operation at expense of TxDOT. This work by the Railroad will be done by its own forces and it is not a part of the Work water that Contract Work under this Contract.

#### 3.13 TRAFFIC CONTROL

Coordinate any operations that control traffic across or around railroad facilities with the Railroad Designated Representative.

#### 3.14 CONSTRUCTION EXCAVATIONS AND BORING ACTIVITIES UNDER TRACK

- A. Take special precaution and care in connection with excavating and shoring. Excavations for construction of footings, piers, columns, walls or other facilities that require shoring shall comply with requirements of TxDOT, OSHA, AREMA and Railroad "Guidelines for Temporary Shoring".
- B. The project plans indicate whether there are fiber optic lines or other such telecommunications systems that require consideration. Regardless, contact the necessary call center to determine if such cable systems are present:

UPRR 1-800-336-9193 7:00 AM to 9:00 PM CST Monday-Friday except holidays, staffed 24 hrs/day for emergencies 48 hrs notice required

BNSF 1-800-533-2891 24 hour number 5 working days notice required

KCS 1-800-344-8377 Texas One Call, a 24 hour number 48 hrs notice required, excluding weekends and holidays

If a telecommunications system is buried anywhere on or near railroad property, coordinate with TxDOT, the Railroad and the Telecommunication Company(ies) to arrange for relocation or protective measures prior to beginning work on or near railroad property. Refer to the project General Notes for additional information.

C. Projects involving a boring or jack and bore operation under track such as drainage pipes or culverts and utilities require an installation plan reviewed and approved by the Railroad and TxDOT prior to proceeding with such construction. A railroad inspector and contractor assisted monitoring of ground and track movement is required to maintain safe passage of rail traffic. Stop installation and do not allow passage of trains if movements in excess of  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch vertical or horizontal is detected in the tracks. Immediately repair the damage to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad before proceeding.

#### 3.15 RAILROAD FLAGGING

Per the Right of Entry Agreement for flagging, notify the Railroad Representative at least 10 working days in advance of Contractor's work and at least 30 working days in advance of any Contractor's work in which any person or equipment will be within 25 feet of nearest rail or as specified in the Contractor Right of Entry (CROE).

#### 3.16 CLEANING OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

When work is complete, remove all tools, implements, and other materials brought into Railroad Right of Way and leave the right of Way in a clean and presentable condition to the satisfaction of TxDOT and the Railroad.

SHEET 2 OF 2



RAILROAD REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO C)TxDOT October 2018 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC. March 2020 BRYAN MILAM, ETC. 135

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Item 7.7.1 Cultural Resources, in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer.

Required Action

No Action Required

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES

Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.

Required Action

No Action Required

Action No.

1. Tree removal to be done in accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (see Section V)

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items:

160 Topsoil

730 Roadside Mowing

161 Compost

751 Landscape Maintenance

162 Sodding for Erosion Control

752 Tree and Brush Removal

164 Seeding for Erosion Control

166 Fertilizer

168 Vegetative Watering

169 Soil Retention Blankets

170 Irrigation System

180 Wildflower Seeding

192 Landscape Planting

193 Landscape Establishment

506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

Required Action

No Action Required

1. See Item 7. General Notes for Houston Toad.

2. Do not kill snakes or other animals!

3. Do not destroy nests on structures within the project limits.

Temporarily prevent the building of nests on any structures that require work within the project limits during the construction timeframe.

This can be accomplished by application of bird repellant gel, netting, or removal by hand every 3-4 days.

The nesting/breeding season for migratory birds is March 1 - September 1.

Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), it is unlawful by any means or manner, to pursue, hunt, take, capture, [or] kill any migratory birds except as permitted by regulation (16 U.S.C. 703-704). Neither the statute nor its implementing regulations (Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 10, 13, 21) exempt unintentional take of migratory birds. The unauthorized take (e.g. killing, capturing, or collecting) of migratory birds is a strict liability criminal offense that does not require knowledge or specific intent on the part of the offender. Even when engaged in an otherwise lawful activity for which the intent is not the killing of migratory birds, a violation

- 4. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area to verify the presence or absence of wildlife.
- 5. BMPs for T and E species will be discussed at the preconstruction meeting.

The Bryan District Environmental Section can be contacted at (979) 778-9766 to assist with the removal of wildlife that will not leave on their own with gentle persuasion.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items 7.7.6 Project Specific Locations

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS. in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the Engineerimmediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product

Contact the Engineer if any of the follwing are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors

* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

Yes No.

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notifiy DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discoverd on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Required Action

No Action Required

Action No.

1. The Clean Water Act, in part, requires that any spill of oil that could enter a waterway, as defined by the Act, and that violates applicable water quality standards or causes a film or sheen on water require reporting to the TCEQ and local authorities.

Contact the Bryan District Environmental Section at 979-778-9766.

If potentially hazardous material and/or contaminated media (i.e. soil, groudwater, surface water, sediment, building materials) are unexpectedly encountered during construction, immediately cease work in the vicinity and contact the Engineer.

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 6.10 Hazardous Materials 7.12 Responsibility for Hazardous Materials

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Required Action

No Action Required

02/12/2015

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Texas Department

of Transportation

Refer to 2014 TxDOT Standard Specification Items: 7.7.6 Project Specific Locations 751 Landscape Maintenance

Contacts:

Mr. John D. Moravec Environmental Coordinator Texas Department of Transportation Bryan District 2591 N. Earl Rudder Freeway Bryan, TX 77803 Phone: (979) 778-9766

e-mail: John.Moravec@txdot.gov

Fax: (979) 778-9702

**ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS.** ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)

Brvan District

PROJECT NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER DIV. NO. US 190.ETC. 6 STATE COLINTY DISTRICT **TEXAS** BRY MILAM, ETC. 0185 03 033. ETC 136

7.7.6 Project Specific Locations

506 Temporary Erosion. Sedimentation and Environmental Controls

506.4.3.4 Restricted Activities and Required Precautions

496 Removing Structures

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

CSJ 0185-03-033

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: 0.1 Mi. W of FM 845

To: 0.3 Mi. E of FM 845

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 30.8483961 ,(Long) -97.0264119

END: (Lat) 30.8502233 ,(Long) -97.0161802

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):

#### 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 2.70

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Intersection Improvements with Right and/or Left Turn Lanes

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description	wide
НоВ	Houston Black Clay	X Remo
TIOB	1 to 3% slopes	□ Remo
T A	Tinn Clay, 0 to 1% slopes	□ Install  X Install
TnA	frequently flooded	□ Install
		X Place
		∥ X Rewor
		X Blade
		X Reveg
		X Achiev
		erosio
		Other:
		□ Other:
		— Unier.
		□ Other:

### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting X PSLs determined during construction

_	-	_										
П	Ν	lo	P.	SI 9	s n	lann	ed	for	cor	stri	iction	h

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- X Mobilization
- X Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina
- X Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- ☐ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- ☐ Install proposed pavement per plans
- X Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- X Place flex base
- X Rework slopes, grade ditches
- X Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- X Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:				
-				

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- ☐ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

Other:

☐ Other: _		 
☐ Other:		 

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

l	Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
	Cross drainage structures collect into (unnamed creeks) and flows approx. 1 mile into Little River and then flows 29 miles into the Brazos River	Brazos River Segment 1213
1	+ A     /+\ f	'() H ( (' /)

# Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- □ Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- ☐ Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- M Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

Other:

🔏 iviaii ilaii i	SVVFS	1600102	101	o years
□ Other				•

☐ Other:			

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Day To Day Operational Control
- Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

Other: _____

- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs
- □ Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

X Maintain SWP	3 records	for (	3 years
----------------	-----------	-------	---------

☐ Other:			
<del>_</del>			
Othor			

#### 1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

N/A	

**MS4 Entity** 

# STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (US 190 CSJ 0185-03-033)



PROJECT NO. 137

STATE		STATE DIST.	C	COUNTY	
TEXAS	Ô	BRYAN	MILA	M, ETC.	
CONT.		SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY I	٧0.
0185	5	03	033, ETC.	US 190,I	ΞΤC

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
<ul> <li>□ Protection of Existing Vegetation</li> <li>□ Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> <li>□ Soil Retention Blankets</li> <li>□ Geotextiles</li> <li>□ Mulching/ Hydromulching</li> <li>□ Soil Surface Treatments</li> <li>X □ Temporary Seeding</li> <li>□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding</li> <li>□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>X □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>X □ Vertical Tracking</li> <li>□ Interceptor Swale</li> <li>□ Riprap</li> <li>□ Diversion Dike</li> <li>□ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>□ Embankment for Erosion Control</li> </ul>
□ □ Paved Flumes □ □ Other:
□ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
<ul> <li>□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>□ Dewatering Controls</li> <li>□ Inlet Protection</li> <li>✗ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>□ Sandbag Berms</li> <li>✗ □ Sediment Control Fence</li> </ul>
<ul><li>□ Stabilized Construction Exit</li><li>□ Floating Turbidity Barrier</li></ul>
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

□ □ Other: _____

□ Other: _____

□ Other: _____

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ Other:

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

т	•	п
	•	_

□ □ Sediment Trap

<ul> <li>□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area</li> <li>□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained</li> </ul>
□ Sedimentation Basin
□ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
☐ Available area/Site geometry
☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
□ Public safety
□ Other:

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing	
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- ☐ Stabilized construction exit Daily street sweeping

Daily street sweeping	
Other:	

□ Other:		
<b>□</b> Ouici.		

# □ Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management

□ Other:

- X Dust Control
- X Sanitary Facilities

□ Other			
Other			

Other:			

#### 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Statio	oning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

X Fire hydrant flushings

X Irrigation drainage

X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)

X Potable water sources

X Springs

X Uncontaminated groundwater

X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust

X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

# 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

When dewatering activities are present, a daily inspection will be conducted once per day during those activities and documented in accordance with CGP and TxDOT requirements.

**2.10 MAINTENANCE:** Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (US 190 CSJ 0185-03-033)

* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

PROJECT NO. 138 STATE TEXAS MILAM, ETC. BRYAN CONT. SECT. HIGHWAY NO. 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC.

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

CSJ 0186-02-032

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: 0.1 Mi N of FM 1363

To: 0.3 Mi S of FM 1363

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

(Long) -96.7696166 BEGIN: (Lat) 30.6052140

END: (Lat) 30.5976339 (Long) -96.7623761

# 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 10.10

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 3.1

### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Intersection Improvements with Right and / or Left Turn Lanes

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
BeC	Benchley loam, 3 to 5% slopes
LeB	Lexton sandy clay loam, 1 to 3 % slopes
LuB	Luling clay, 1 to 3 % slopes

### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

X PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

X Mobilization

X Install sediment and erosion controls

X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

Remove existing pavement

X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening

X Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install proposed pavement per plans
- X Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- □ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- X Place flex base

Other:

- X Rework slopes, grade ditches
- X Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- X Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			
-			

Other:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- ☐ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other: _			
 □ Other: _			
☐ Other:			 

### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

	Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
	Cross drainage structures collect into Thompson Creek and flows approx. 4 miles into Davidson Creek and then flows another 24 miles to the Yegua Creek and then another 10 miles to the Brazos River.	Brazos River Segment 1211
ı		

# * Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- □ Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- ☐ Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

Other:

- ☐ Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other:		

l -			
☐ Other:			

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- X Day To Day Operational Control
- Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- X Install, maintain and modify BMPs
- Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other:

Other:

☐ Other:			

#### 1,14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

o
N/A

MS4 Entity

# STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (SH 36 CSJ 0186-02-032)



* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.				
					139	
STATE		STATE DIST.	С	OUNTY		
TEXA:	S	BRYAN	MILAM, ETC.			
CONT.		SECT.	J0B	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		
018	5	03	033, ETC.	US 190,	ETC.	

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
<ul> <li>□ Protection of Existing Vegetation</li> <li>□ Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> <li>□ Soil Retention Blankets</li> <li>□ Geotextiles</li> <li>□ Mulching/ Hydromulching</li> <li>□ Soil Surface Treatments</li> <li>X □ Temporary Seeding</li> <li>□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding</li> <li>□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>X □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Vertical Tracking</li> <li>Interceptor Swale</li> <li>Riprap</li> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs: T / P
<ul> <li>□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>□ Dewatering Controls</li> <li>□ Inlet Protection</li> <li>X □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>□ Sandbag Berms</li> <li>X □ Sediment Control Fence</li> <li>□ Stabilized Construction Exit</li> <li>□ Floating Turbidity Barrier</li> </ul>
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

□ Other:

□ Other: _____

□ Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Other:

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

_		_
т	•	D
	•	г

□ □ Sediment Trap

<ul> <li>□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area</li> <li>□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained</li> </ul>
□ Sedimentation Basin
□ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
☐ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
□ Available area/Site geometry
☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
□ Public safety
□ Other:

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Туре	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- ☐ Stabilized construction exit Daily street sweening

□ Daily 3th	eet sweeping	
☐ Other: _		

□ Other:		

Other:		

# □ Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control
- X Sanitary Facilities

□ Other:			
☐ Other:		•	•

□ Othor:		

☐ Other:			

#### 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Tune	Statio	ning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

# 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

When dewatering activities are present, a daily inspection will be conducted once per day during those activities and documented in accordance with CGP and TxDOT requirements.

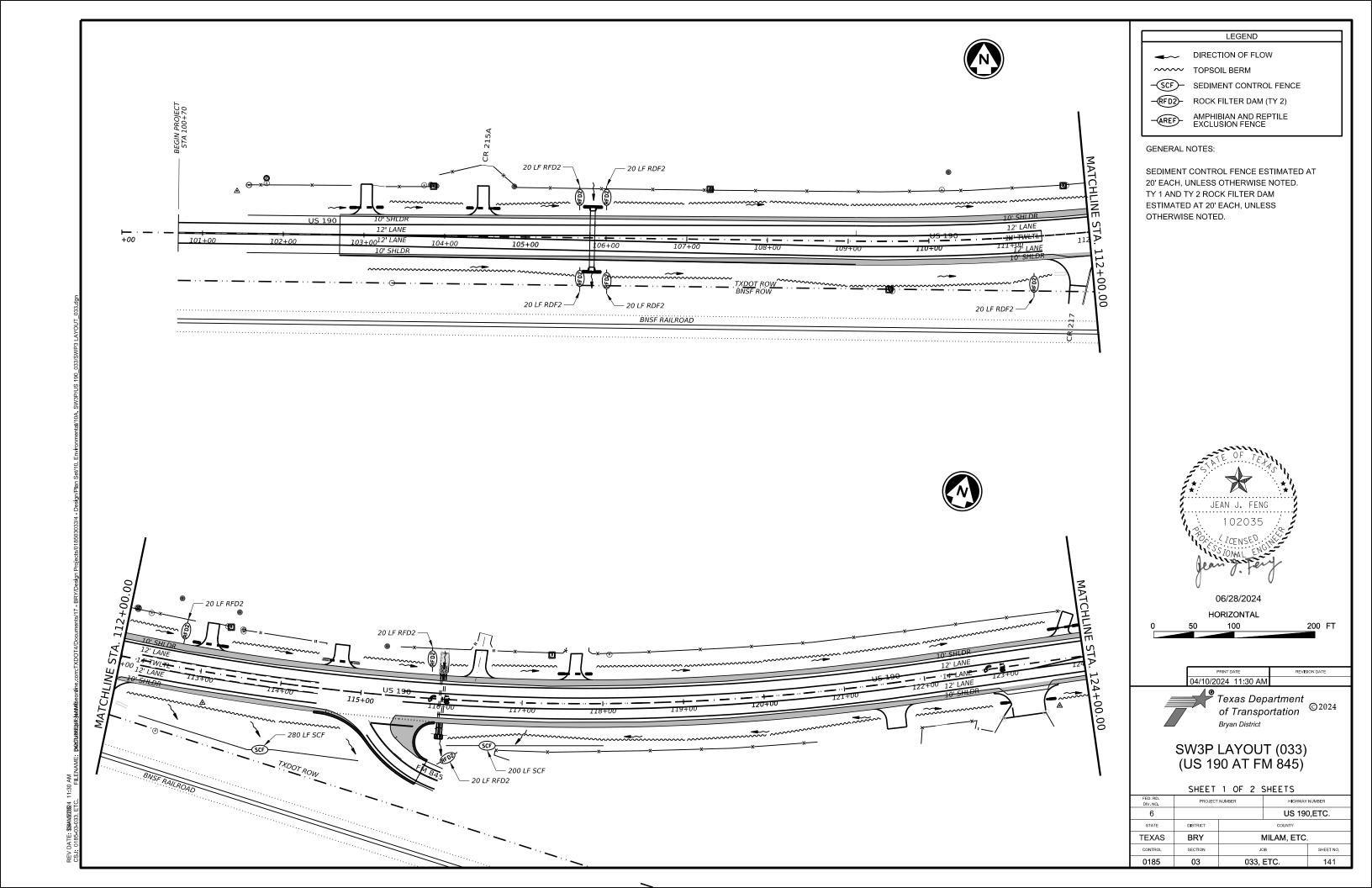
**2.10 MAINTENANCE:** Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

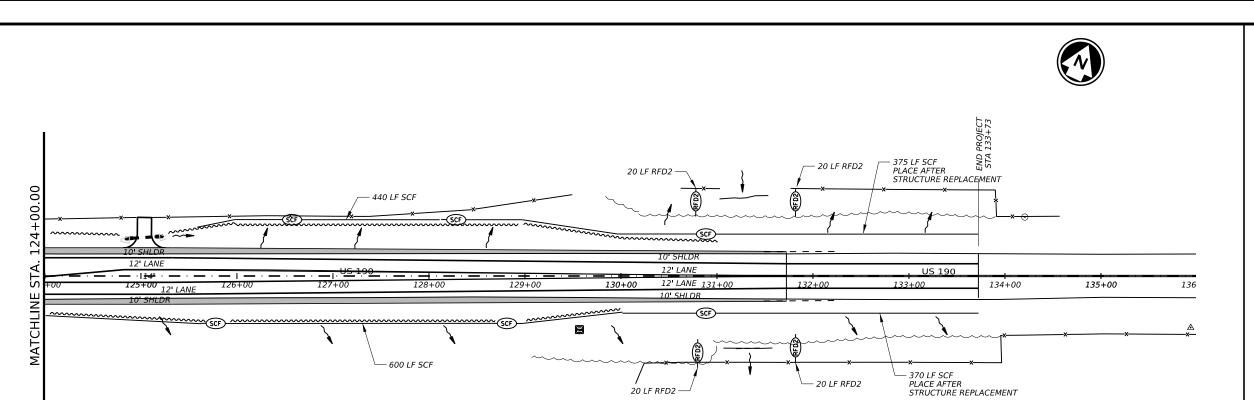
# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (SH 36 CSJ 0186-02-032)

* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

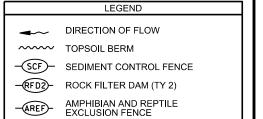
Texas Department of Transportation

PROJECT NO. 140 STATE DIST. STATE TEXAS MILAM, ETC. BRYAN CONT. SECT. HIGHWAY NO. 0185 03 033, ETC. US 190, ETC.





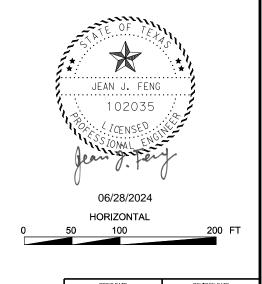
20 LF RFD2 -



#### GENERAL NOTES:

-AREF-

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE ESTIMATED AT 20' EACH, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. TY 1 AND TY 2 ROCK FILTER DAM ESTIMATED AT 20' EACH, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.



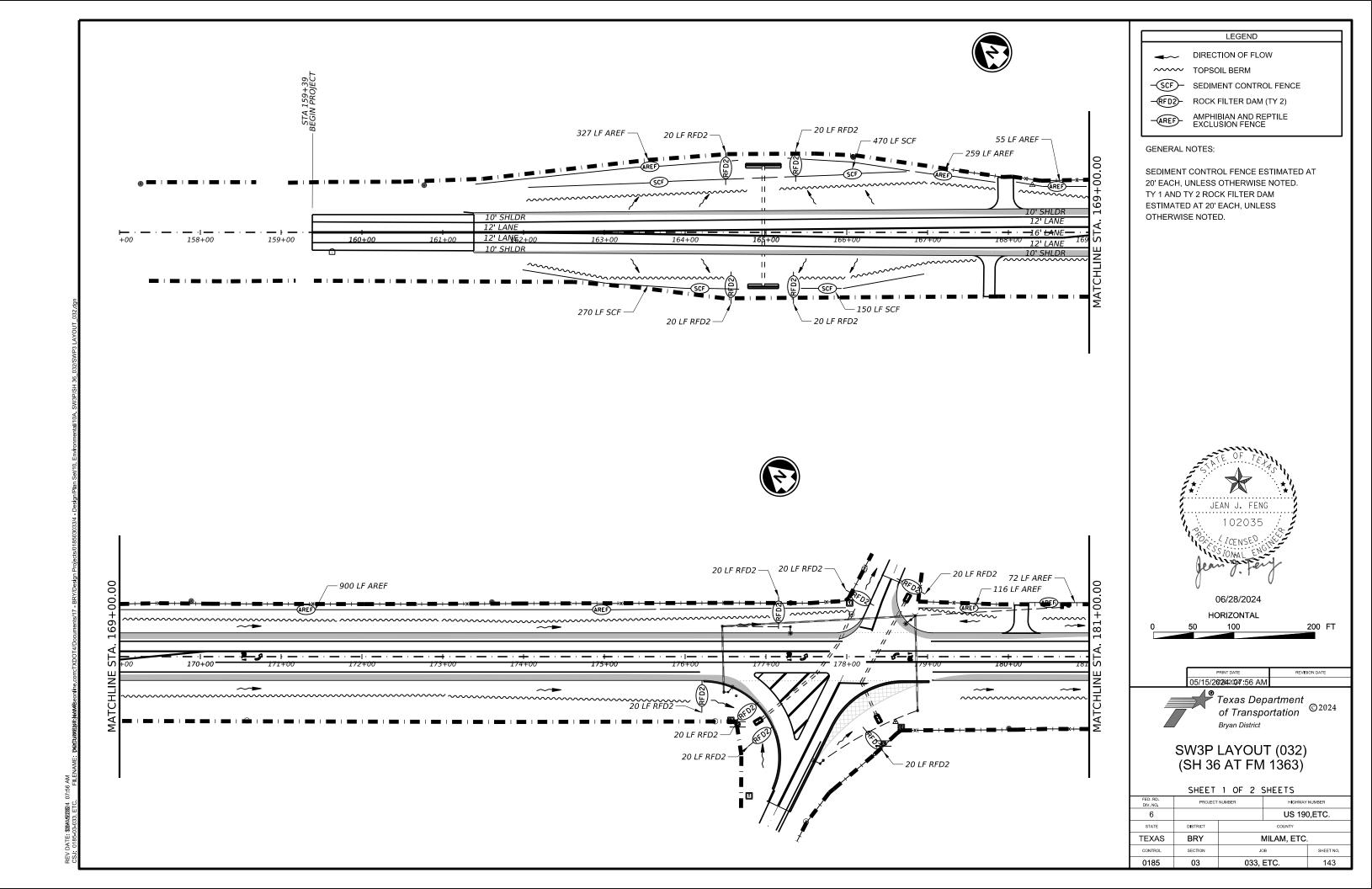
04/10/2024 11:30 AM Texas Department of Transportation ©2024

Bryan District

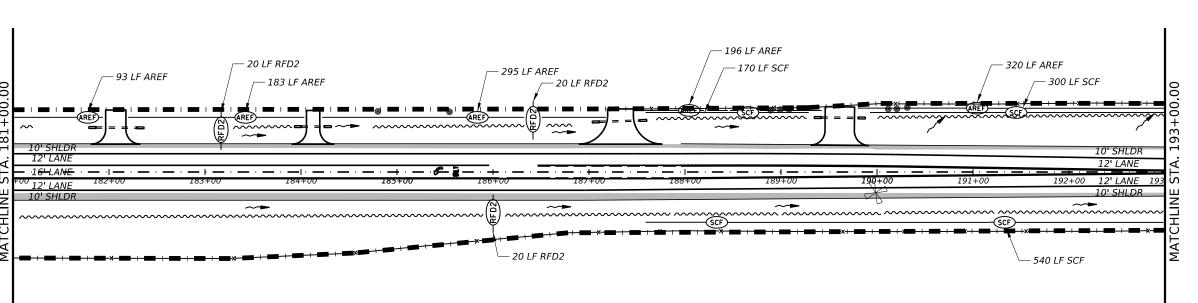
SW3P LAYOUT (033) (US 190 AT FM 845)

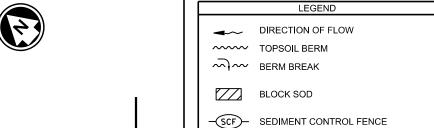
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FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6		US 190,ETC.					
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.					
CONTROL	SECTION		SHEET NO.				
0185	03	033, ETC. 142					







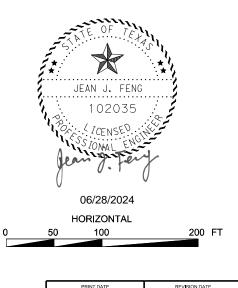


#### GENERAL NOTES:

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE ESTIMATED AT 20' EACH, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. TY 1 AND TY 2 ROCK FILTER DAM ESTIMATED AT 20' EACH, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

RFD2- ROCK FILTER DAM (TY 2)

SEE TYPICAL SECTION FOR LIMITS OF SEEDING.



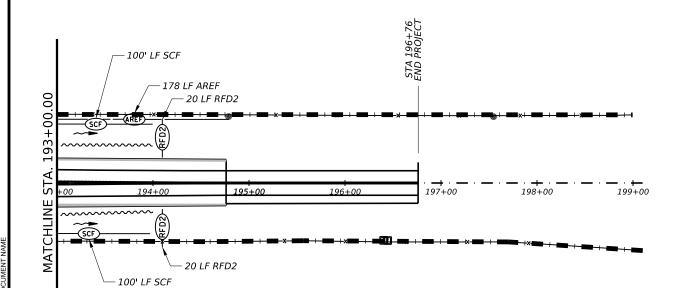
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Bryan District

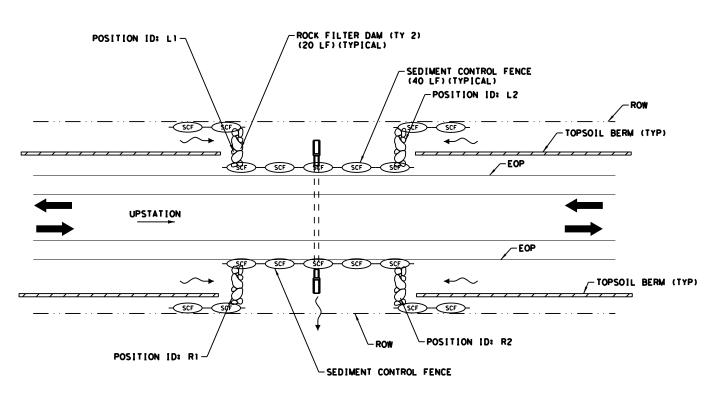
SW3P LAYOUT (032) (SH 36 AT FM 1363)

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	2HEE I	2 OF 2	SHEE 12				
FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER	JMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER				
6			US 190,ETC.				
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY					
TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.					
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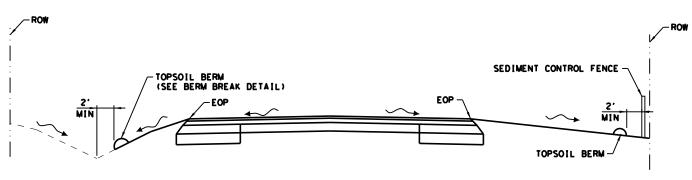


# SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE AT OFF-SITE FLOW

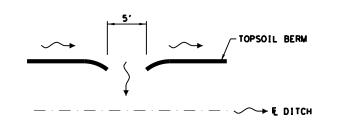


# SW3P DEVICES AT CULVERTS

1. PLACE EACH END OF THE ROCK FILTER DAM SUFFICIENTLY HIGH TO PREVENT FLOW AROUND EITHER END OF THE DAM



SECTION A-A



PLAN VIEW

# BERM BREAK DETAIL

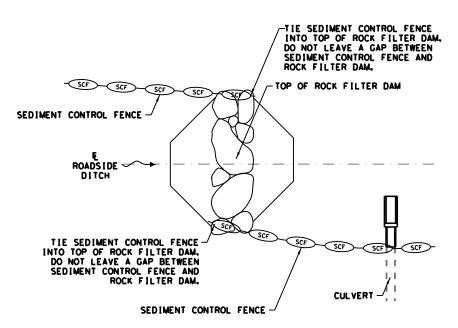
- 1. SHAPE THE BERM BREAK TO DIRECT FLOW TO THE ROADSIDE DITCH.
- 2. BREAK BERM SO THAT MAX FLOW LENGTH ALONG THE BERM IS LESS THAN 1000'.
- 3. BREAK BERM IN THE LOW AREAS WHERE FLOW MAY OVERTOP THE BERM.
- 4. DO NOT BREAK BERM ON HILLTOPS OR WHERE RUNOFF AND SEDIMENT FLOW DIRECTLY OFF THE ROW.

## NOTES

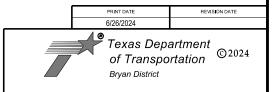
- TOPSOIL BERM SHALL BE LOCATED THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF PROJECT (BOTH SIDES). WHERE THE SOIL DISTURBANCE EXTENDS TO THE ROW, THE TOPSOIL BERM WILL BE PLACED AT THE ROW.
- 2. LOCATIONS OF SWP3 DEVICES WILL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. SEE "SWP3 SUMMARY" ON "QUANTITY SUMMARIES" SHEETS FOR LOCATION AND QUANTITIES OF SWP3 DEVICES.



06/28/2024

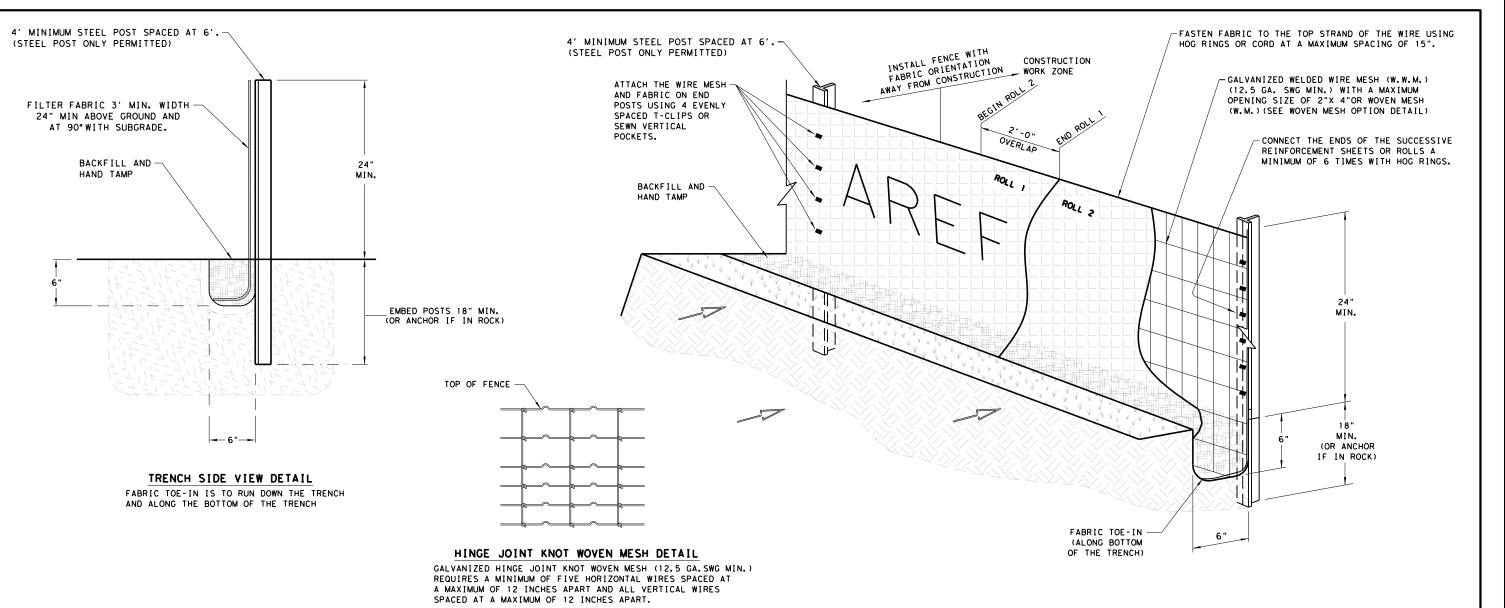


SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE - ROCK FILTER DAM TIE-IN



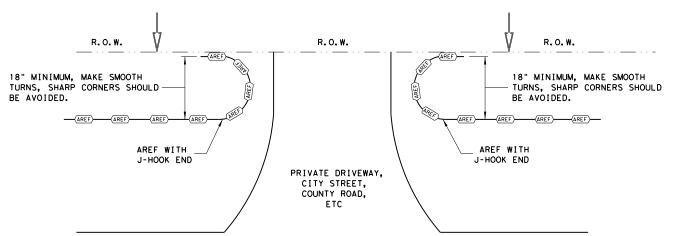
## **SWP3 DETAILS**

ı							
	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT	NUMBER HIGHWAY NUMBER				
	6			US 190	O,ETC.		
	STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY				
	TEXAS	BRY	MILAM, ETC.				
	CONTROL	SECTION	JC	ов	SHEET NO.		
	0185	03	033,	ETC.	145		



#### GENERAL NOTES

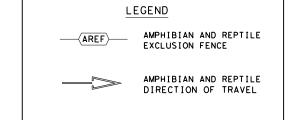
- 1. REMOVE ALL ROOTS AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS FROM THE TRENCH BEFORE FABRIC PLACEMENT.
- AMPHIBIAN AND REPTILE EXCLUSION FENCE MUST BE CHECKED DAILY, INCLUDING DAYS DURING RAINFALL SHUTDOWN PERIODS.
- ANY DAMAGE TO FENCE, INCLUDING SMALL HOLES, MUST BE REPAIRED THE DAY IT IS OBSERVED BEFORE DARK.
- 4. SMALL HOLES (WITH THE ENGINEER'S DISCRETION) MAY BE REPAIRED WITH TAPE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, SECTIONS OF FENCE WHERE THE DAMAGE IS DEEMED DETRIMENTAL TO THE FENCE WILL BE REPLACED RATHER THAN REPAIRED.
- 6. A MINIMUM OF 2' SHOULD BE OVERLAPPED WHEN JOINING FABRIC SECTIONS.
- 7. PAINT "AREF" OR "TEF" ON THE FABRIC IN BRIGHT COLOR EVERY 50' AND AT BREAKS.
- 8. REMOVE SEDIMENT, VEGETATION, OR OTHER DEBRIS TO MAINTAIN THE 24" AREF CLEARANCE.
- 9. FOR PAYMENT AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR AREF, SEE SPEC. 5116 (AMPHIBIAN AND REPTILE EXCLUSION FENCE).



### J-HOOK END OF FENCE DETAIL (TOP VIEW)

TRENCH IS TO STAY 6 IN DEEP AND 6 IN WIDE WITH FABRIC TOE-IN TO MATCH TRENCH DETAIL.

J-HOOK APPLIES AT DRIVEWAY BREAKS, ROADWAY BREAKS, AND AT ANY LOCATION AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

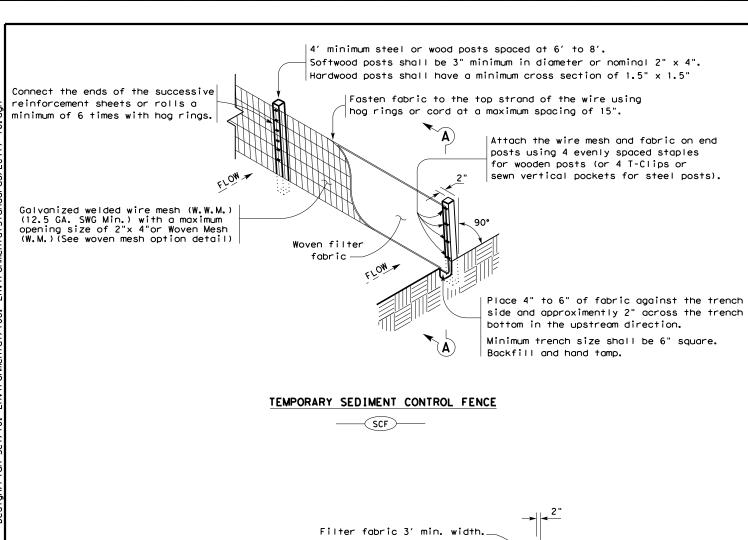


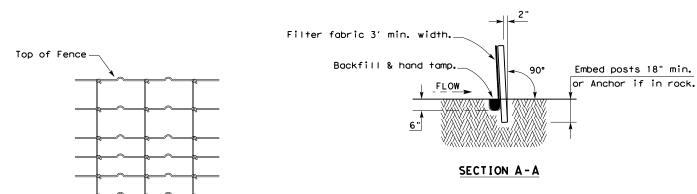


AMPHIBIAN AND REPTILE
EXCLUSION FENCE

# AREF-21

, , , , ,		_	-			
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TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2021	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	BRY		MILAM, E	TC.		146





#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

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made sults

any kind incorrect

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

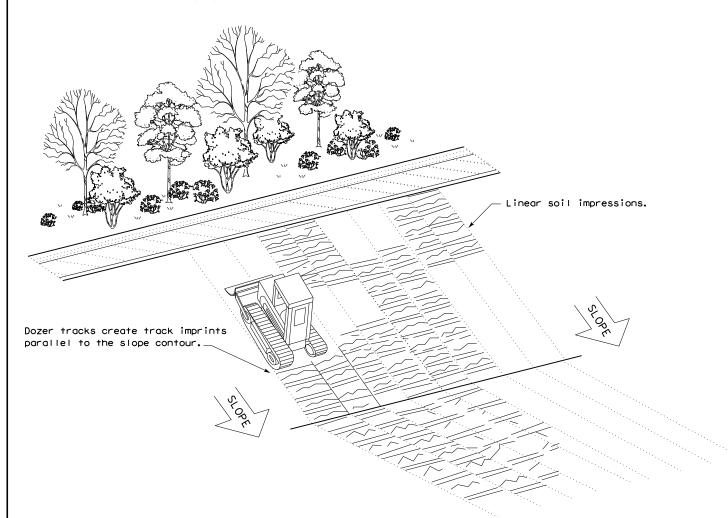
A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

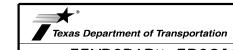
#### LEGEND

**GENERAL NOTES** 

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

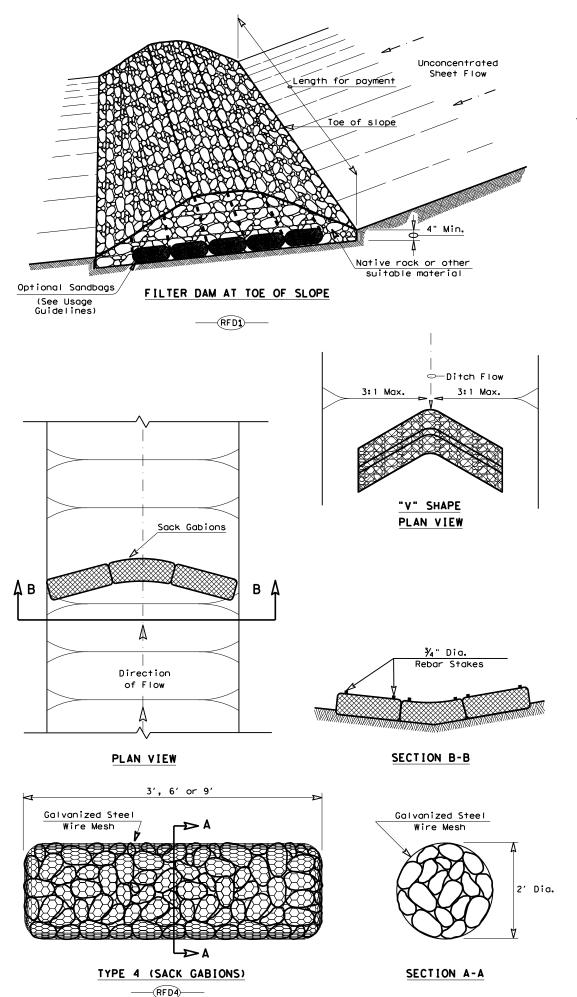


TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1) - 16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT.	ck: KM DW: VP		DN/CK: LS		
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
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Sediment Control Fence —(SCF)—

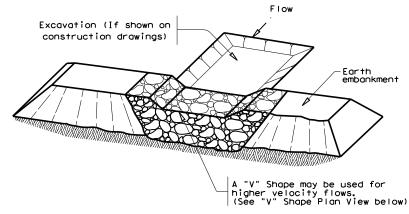


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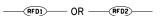
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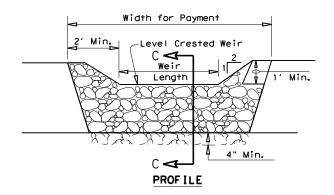
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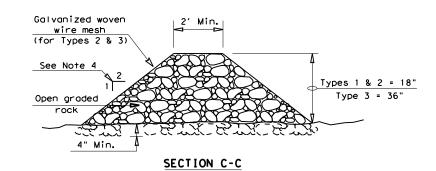
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#### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

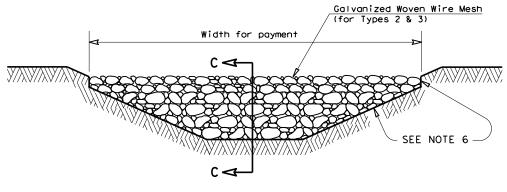
Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT  2  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



#### FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

_____RFD1 ____ OR _____RFD2 ____ OR _____RFD3 ____

#### GENERAL NOTES

- If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation Control".
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 ½" x 3 ½"
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam RFD1

Type 2 Rock Filter Dam RFD2

Type 3 Rock Filter Dam RFD3

Type 4 Rock Filter Dam RFD4



Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

ILE: ec216	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM Dw: VP		DN/CK: LS		
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0185	03	033,	ΕT	c.	US	190,ETC.
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	BRY	N	ILAM,	, E	ETC	<b>:</b> .	148