SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

> FM 1009 LIBERTY COUNTY CSJ: 0601-04-013

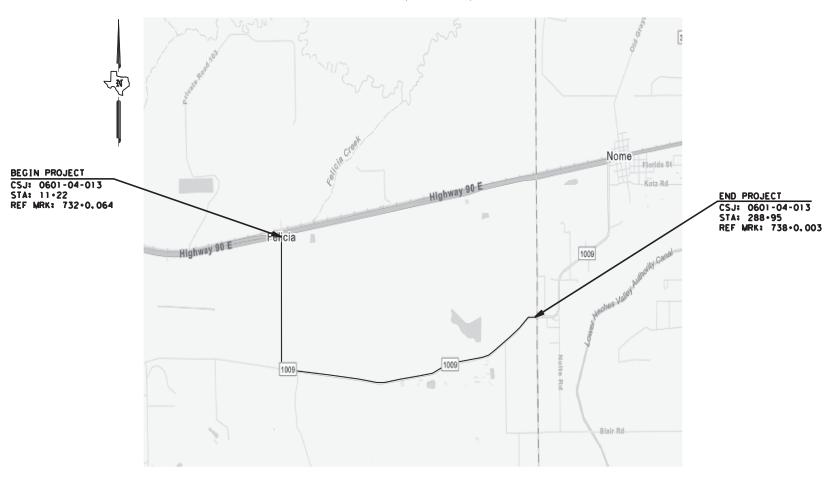
> > PROJECT NO. C 601-4-13

NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = 28,209.32FT.= 5.254 MI. NET LENGTH OF BRIDGE = 31.68FT.= 0.006 MI.
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 28,240.00FT.= 5.260 MI.

LIMITS: US 90 TO JEFFERSON COUNTY LINE

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF REHABILITATION PROJECT

CONSISTING OF WIDENING, STRIP SEAL, AND OVERLAY



EXCEPTIONS: NONE RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 21 THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS. SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR ALL STATE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (SP000-008)

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C 601-4-13 JOB FM 1009 060104 013 LIBERTY

> DESIGN CRITERIA = PM A.D.T (2022)= 188 A.D.T (2042)= 263

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR

Texas Department of Transportation

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING: -DocuSigned by:

5/27/2024

N ENGINEER -50238C8D55F5470..

5/28/2024 RECOMMENDED FOR I FITTING:
DocuSigned by:

lisa Collins

R OF TRANSPORTATION

50607079370240E...D DEVELOPMENT

5/28/2024

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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A "**" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

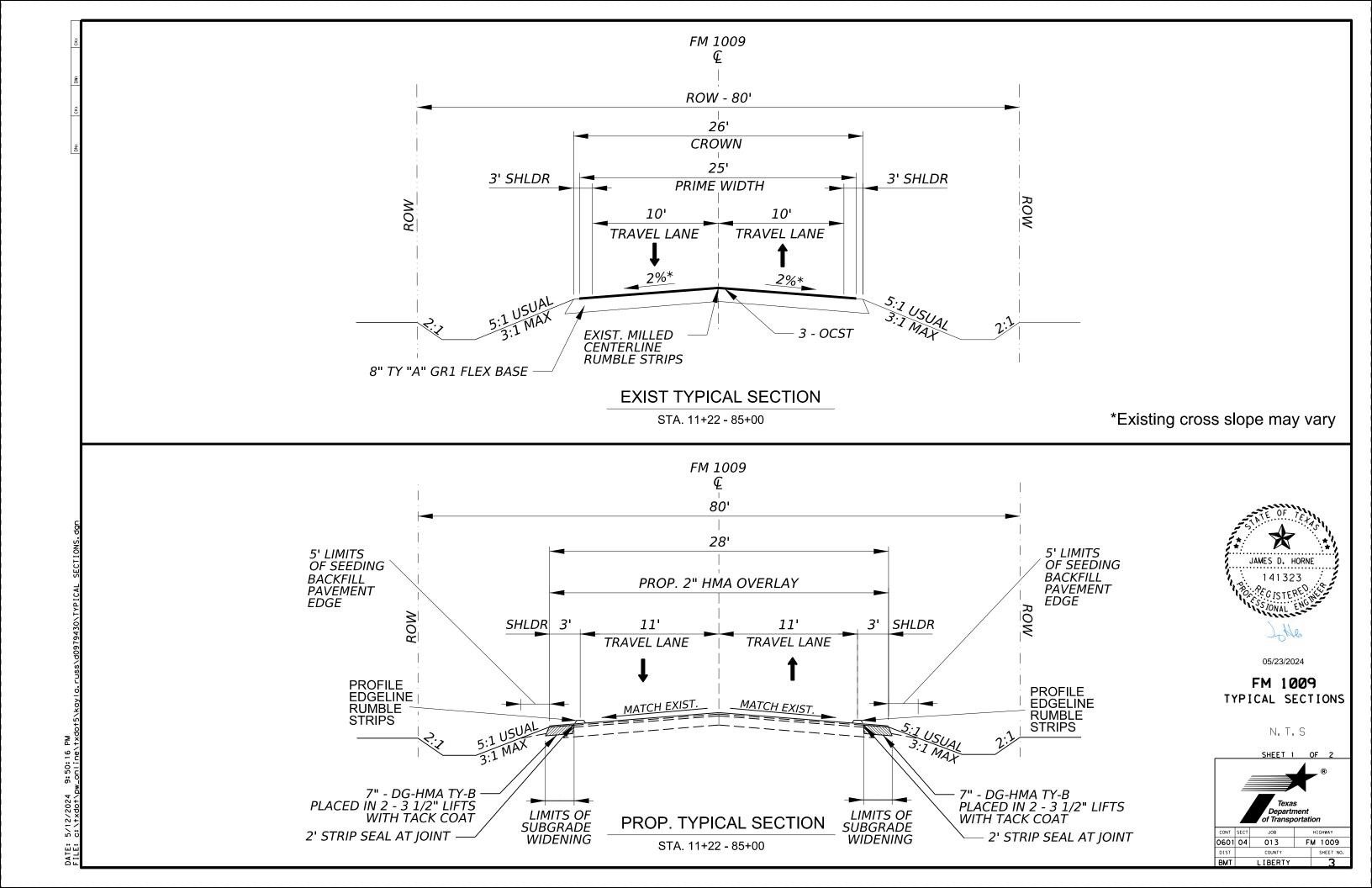
05/23/2024 DATE

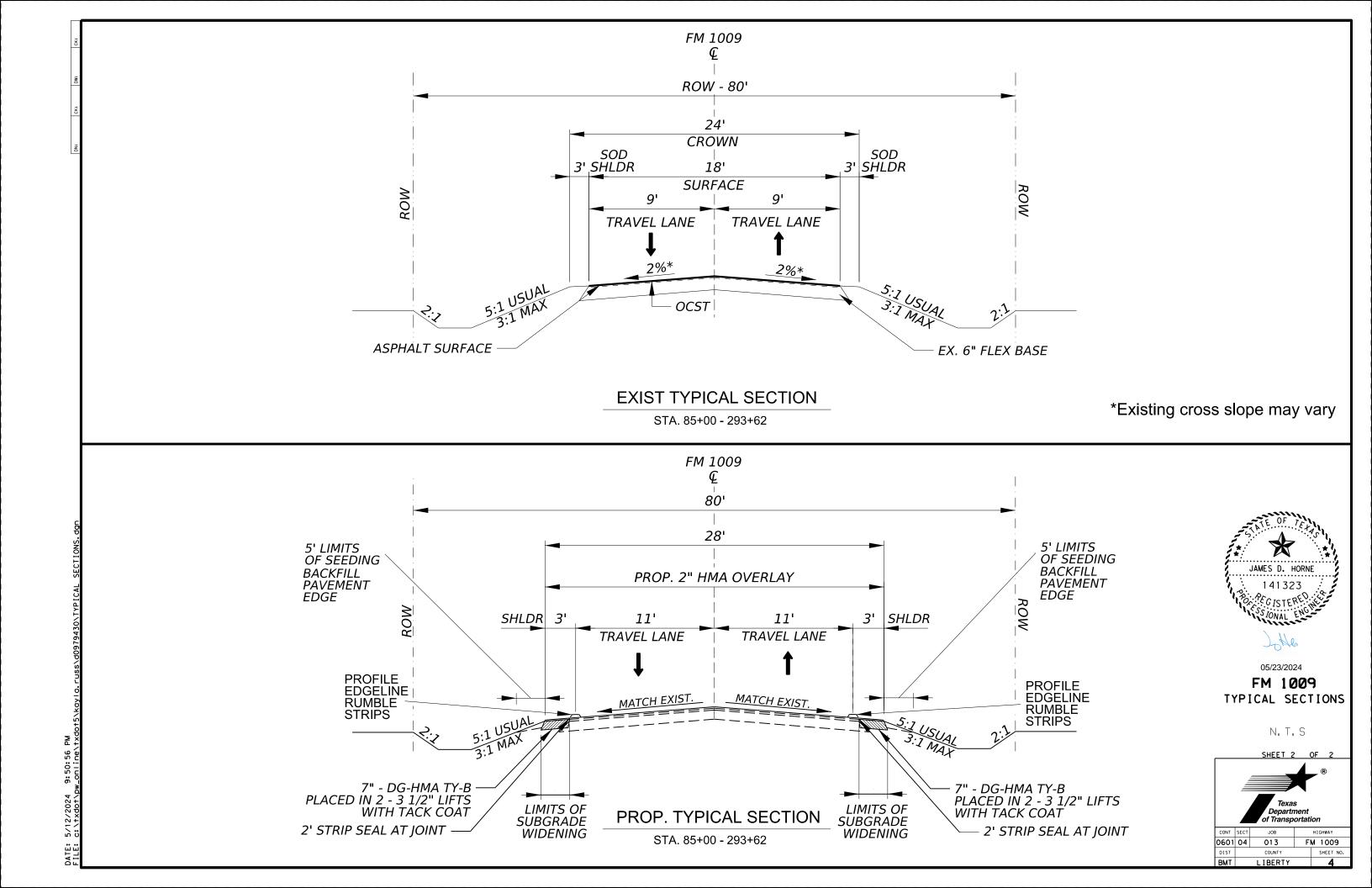
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FH#A TEXAS		FEDERAL A	NO.							
VISION		C 60	2							
STATE		DISTRICT		COUNTY						
ΤX	BMT LIBERTY			IBERTY						
CONTRO	CONTROL SECTION		NTROL SECTION		ONTROL SE		JOB	H] GHWAY	NO.	
060	1	04	013	FM 10	209					





Highway: FM 1009 Control: 0601-04-013

GENERAL NOTES:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Name Roberto Rodriguez, P.E.

Email Roberto.M.Rodriguez@txdot.gov

Name Nyemb Nyemb, P.E.

Email Nyemb.Nyemb@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

NOTICE

Assume full responsibility for the preservation of all sod, shrubbery, and trees at the site during construction. Carefully preserve and replace, in their original position, all sod and shrubbery removed. Replace all Contractor damaged sod or shrubbery at the Contractor's own expense.

Maintain adequate drainage throughout the limits of the project during all construction phases. Provide a weekly a list of equipment, including idle equipment, used on the project each week.

Item 000 Utilities

Consider the locations of utilities depicted on the plans as approximate and employ responsible care to avoid damaging or accommodate utility facilities. Depending upon scope and magnitude of planned construction activities, advanced field confirmation by the utility owner or operator may be prudent. Where possible, protect and preserve permanent signs, markers, and designations of underground facilities. If utility damage (breaks, leaks, nicks, dents, gouges, etc.) occurs, contact the utility facility owner or operator immediately. In the event utility lines needing unforeseen adjustments are encountered during construction operations, alter operations, and continue to prosecute the contract in such a manner that will allow utility adjustments to be made by others.

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Item 4 Scope of Work

Remove all vegetation from pavement edges, intersections and driveways before planing or ACP operations. This work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

It is the contractor's responsibility to field verify all drainage structure's shown in the plans.

It is the contractor's responsibility to mark the location of all existing striping and place proposed striping back in the same location or as shown in the plans.

Item 5 Control of the Work

Station the project before commencing work. Mark the stations every 100 feet. Maintain stationing throughout the duration of the project. Remove the station markings at the completion of the project. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Verify all horizontal and vertical control, approach grades to structures and driveways before beginning work. Notify the Engineer immediately if discrepancies are discovered.

Furnish, to the Engineer, a list of the final centerline elevations based on the alignment stationing shown on the plans.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impact to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

Item 6 Control of Materials

Flammable/combustible materials must be stored at a designated location as approved.

Do not store flammable/combustible materials under or adjacent to Bridge class structures. Daily removal of these materials will be considered incidental work.

Mixing of materials, storing of materials, storing of equipment, or repairing of equipment on top of concrete pavement or bridge decks will not be permitted unless specifically authorized.

Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Furnish all materials, labor and incidentals required to provide for traffic across the highway and for temporary ingress and egress to private property in accordance with article 7.2.4 of the standard specifications at no additional cost to the state. Always maintain ingress and egress to the adjacent property. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

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The Contractor will be completely responsible for the immediate removal of any material that gets upon any vehicle as a result of their operation.

State contract mowers will mow the right of way during the growing season. The Contractor will be notified by the Engineer one week in advance of the anticipated time when mowers will be in the limits of the project. Clean the right of way to such a condition that allows the mowing contractors to safely mow.

Personal vehicles of the contractor's employees will not be parked within the right of way at any time including any section closed to public traffic unless the vehicle is being used for construction procedures. However, the Contractor's employees may park on the right of way at sites where the contractor has their office, equipment, and materials storage yard.

The Contractor will be familiar with the right of way map and the location of all the right of way monumentation. Care will be taken by the Contractor and its subcontractors to protect and avoid disturbance to the right of way monumentation. Any monument disturbed by the Contractor will be repaired and/or replaced to the satisfaction of the Engineer. This work will be corrected at the contractor's expense.

No significant traffic generator events have been identified in the project limits.

Item 8 Prosecution and Progress

Compute and charge working days in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek.

Notify the Engineer 72 hours in advance of any temporary or permanent lane, ramp or connector affected by closures, detours, or restrictions to lane widths, alterations to vertical clearances or modifications to alignment/radii. Any other modification to the roadway that may adversely affect the mobility of oversized/overweight trucks will require 5 business day advance written notice to the Engineer.

Maintain one lane open to traffic during construction, unless otherwise approved.

Schedule work so that all travel lanes are open during non-working hours, nights and weekends, unless otherwise approved.

The Contractor will be expected to schedule this work so that the base placement operations will follow the subgrade work as closely as practical in order to reduce the hazard to the traveling public and prevent undue delay from wet weather.

All edges must be backfilled by the end of the day with a 3:1 or flatter slope. No drop offs will be left overnight.

Submit a work schedule to the Engineer at the preconstruction meeting indicating completion dates for each location, and the number of crews required for the completion of the contract within the contract time period. If at any time during the contract the work progress is behind the initial schedule, submit documentation indicating how the project will be accelerated to ensure project completion in the remaining contract time.

Provide a sequence of work with an estimated project schedule to the Engineer at the preconstruction meeting. By noon of each Wednesday, provide the Engineer a written outline

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of the proposed work schedule for the following week. This outline will also list the times and places for any proposed traffic control changes.

Monthly critical path method (CPM) updates are a very important aspect of managing the progress of this project. CPM planning schedule software will be required on this project as stipulated in the special provisions to the plans. An updated electronic schedule will be provided to the Engineer by the tenth day of each month. The Engineer may withhold the monthly estimate if the schedule update has not been received.

Work will not be permitted when impending bad weather or low temperatures may impair the quality of work.

SP008-056 (90-day delay) has been added to this project for contractor convenience.

HURRICANE

In the event of the declaration of a hurricane watch, warning, other severe weather warning or national or state emergency that requires the roadways in the vicinity be used as evacuation routes, cease all work that requires the Contractor's, subcontractors' or material suppliers' vehicles to enter the stream of traffic on these primary or secondary evacuation routes. This work includes material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. In addition to lane closures, cease work 3 days before hurricane landfall on or near the roadway that adversely impacts the flow of traffic and reduces the capacity of the highway during an evacuation. Prohibit the Contractor's, sub-Contractors' or material suppliers' vehicles from entering or exiting the stream of traffic including material hauling and delivery, and mobilization or demobilization of equipment. When directed, this prohibition will include a reasonable time period for the evacuees to return to their point of origin.

Item 112 Subgrade Widening

Remove excess material daily unless otherwise directed. Fill all excavated areas by the end of the workday.

Provide a clean vertical edge by milling or saw cutting full depth. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Subgrade widening will be used to excavate material from earth shoulders and to correct minor deficiencies, such as adding embankment on high sides of horizontal curves.

No buildup of material that impedes drainage from the roadway will be allowed.

Item 132 Embankment

Compaction method specified as ordinary compaction.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to advise the Engineer of the location of the material source enough in advance to avoid delay due to testing requirements.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

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Item 134 Backfilling Pavement Edges

If temporary stockpiles are placed in the right of way, upon approval of the Engineer, delineation of the stockpile must follow the details shown on the BC (10) standard. Use RAP salvaged from within the project limits to the maximum extent possible. Size RAP so that all material passes the two-inch sieve. Use RAP that does not contain deleterious material such as clay or organic material.

Embankment quantity by station includes both sides of the roadway. No deduction in payment will be made when in the opinion of the Engineer only one side of a roadbed section requires backfilling.

As base is placed, backfill the pavement edges daily so that no drop-off conditions exist. Type A or B material will meet one of the following requirements:

Item 132, Embankment Type C will conform to the following specification requirements:

- 1. Liquid Limit 40 maximum
- 2. Plasticity Index 25 maximum, 8 minimum
- 3. A cohesionless sand will not be permitted

Use material from subgrade widening for backfilling pavement edges.

Item 164 Seeding for Erosion Control

Final grading and stabilization (seeding) will be achieved as soon as possible and not scheduled only for the end of the project. Final grading and stabilization should be initiated as the overall work progresses.

Multiple mobilizations of the seeding crews will be expected to comply with the Construction General Permit of the Texas Pollution Elimination Discharge System requirements for re- vegetating disturbed soils.

Item 168 Vegetative Watering

Equip water trucks with sprinkler systems capable of covering the entire area to be seeded or sodded from the roadway.

Water all newly placed sod or seeded areas the same day of installation. Thereafter, maintain the sod or seeded areas in a well-watered condition and at no time allow the areas to dry to the condition that water stress is evident.

Mechanical watering may not be required during periods of adequate moisture as determined.

Furnish and apply water at a rate of 1.4 gallons per square yard per cycle with 6 cycles or as directed on the plans.

Comply with stabilization requirements for 70% grass coverage; uniform vegetative coverage is required. During this period, meter and operate water equipment under pumping pressure capable of delivering the required quantities of water necessary.

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Highway: FM 1009 Control: 0601-04-013

For Permanent seeding each cycle will be executed weekly for 12 weeks, unless directed otherwise. For Temporary seeding each cycle will be executed weekly for 6 weeks, unless directed otherwise.

Provide a logbook showing daily water usage and receipts of water applied, in addition to metering the water equipment.

Item 351 Flexible Pavement Structure Repair

The repair areas will require full depth saw-cut when milling is not used. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Provide Flexible Pavement Repair with material meeting the requirements of Item 3076, Type B (PG 64-22). Place Hot Mix with a constant longitudinal surface grade and tie in flush with the existing surface at each end and both sides of the repair area.

Unless otherwise directed, place new ASB with maximum 5" lifts. The minimum patch sizes will be 6' in width and 10' in length. Match the existing cross slope in the repair areas, unless directed otherwise.

All repair locations must be filled the same day they are excavated. No open cut areas will be allowed overnight.

All excavated materials will be removed from the project daily. Ordinary compaction will be used on this project. Seal the perimeter of the repair areas with hot poured rubber in accordance with Item 712. Consider this work to be subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

Item 354 Planing and Texturing Pavement

Where the underlying flexible base is exposed during the planing operation, prime this area with an asphalt at a rate as directed and patch with an approved HMA material, at the end of the day's operation in which it occurs. These items of work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 354.

Complete planing operations in adjacent lanes and shoulders to the same point at the end of each day. Cut the existing shoulder pavement to allow for drainage owater away from travel lanes which have been planed. This work will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Item 466 Headwalls and Wingwalls

Precast headwall will be allowed except in location where pipe spacing does not meet the requirements for precast. Cast in place headwall will locations are noted in the plans

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

Highway: FM 1009 Control: 0601-04-013

Item 467 Safety End Treatment

At driveway locations where the contract requires modifying pipe installations, provide a 6:1 maximum embankment slope from the edge of the driveway to the top of the SET.

Grading required for shaping driveways and side road turnouts, including embankment for pipe culverts at these access locations, will be considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Item 502 Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Construct all work zone signs, sign supports, and barricades from material other than wood unless approved otherwise. Metal posts, if used, are to be galvanized. Aluminum signs, if used, will meet the following minimum thickness requirements:

Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080 inches
7.5 to 15	0.100 inches
Greater than 15	0.125 inches

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be used for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

The Contractor Force Account "SW3P Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be used in the event that such controls in addition to those specified in the plans become necessary. The SW3P for this project will consist of the use of any temporary erosion control measures deemed necessary and as specified under this Item. This work will be paid for in accordance with Article 4.4., "Changes in the Work.

The Contractor is prohibited from removing grass vegetation throughout the entire project limits and then ceasing construction for long periods, typically over three weeks. The Contractor schedule will be developed based on staged vegetation removal, limiting disturbed soil to no more than 25 percent at one time, unless otherwise approved. Should the Contractor not be able to adequately control sediment and erosion for areas disturbed, the Department will substantially reduce the size of areas that the Contractor may disturb soil.

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Highway: FM 1009 Control: 0601-04-013

Should the project be evaluated to have sediment control problems as a result of the Contractor disturbing excessive amounts of soil, the Contractor will be required to immediately re-vegetate (seed and water) those disturbed areas at no cost to the Department.

Item 585 Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces

Use Surface Test Type B pay adjustment schedule 3 to evaluate ride quality of the travel lanes in accordance with Item 585, "Ride Quality for Pavement Surfaces."

Item 644 Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

Erect Reference Marker signs at the same station as they were located before removal.

The contractor will refer to the Sign Crew Field Book for installation of all signs.

A strip of retroreflective material wrapped around a sign support to omni-directionally identify the support as an object adjacent to the roadway is required.

The omni-directionally retroreflective wrap will be approximately 12 inches in height, visible in all directions and should be placed approximately 4 feet above the edge of the roadway. The color of the wrap should be yellow, except for the YIELD and STOP sign posts which should be red.

Item 666 Retroreflectorized Pavement Markings

Furnish Type II drop-on glass beads.

Item 3076 Dens Graded Hot Mix Asphalt

Prepare Mix Designs and QC testing using the Superpave Gyratory compactor.

For narrow widenings, six feet (6') or less, place the DG-HMA Base Course with a widener, such that the outside edge of the widening closely follows the alignment of the inside edge, resulting in a uniform outside edge. Do not place the DG-HMA Base Course using a Motor Grader, Skid Steer, Front End Loader, Bull Dozer, or paving machine that is too large for the operation.

Furnish non-tracking tack coat meeting the requirements of SP 3096.

Provide a separate Laboratory space, building or testing area, large enough to accommodate TxDOT equipment and testing on site at the Hot Mix Plant near or within the area of Contractor's testing equipment. The contractor will provide the SGC" Superpave Gyratory Compactor" and TGC "Texas Gyratory Compactor". All other equipment must be provided by TxDOT. TxDOT will be responsible for maintaining state provided equipment. The Contractor will provide TxDOT with the Calibration paperwork on the shared equipment that they provide.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

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Provide an all-weather parking area for the sole use of at least 2 State-owned vehicles. Situate the parking area near the Laboratory area at an acceptable location. Maintain the parking area until the project is completed and restore the area to a condition acceptable to the Engineer upon project completion.

Laboratory area shall have a roof, floor, doors, and screened windows. Ensure the floor is strong enough to support testing equipment and has an impervious floor covering. Ensure that the Laboratory area is tied down, weatherproof, piped for water and fuel, and electrically wired by personnel meeting the requirements of Article 7.18., "Electrical Requirements."

Provide secured and controlled access to the Laboratory area through security measures such as bars, locks, alarms, or security fencing for the Laboratory area.

Furnish and install adequate equipment, outlets, lighting, air-conditioning, heating, and ventilation for the Laboratory area. Heating and Air Conditioning shall maintain the Laboratory working area temperature within a range of (68°F through 72°F).

Provide partitioned restroom furnished with restroom supplies, a lavatory, and a flush toilet connected to a sewer or septic tank within the Laboratory area.

Laboratory area will have the use of an internet service provider (ISP) that can provide more than one computer access to ISP account at one time. ISP provider must be able to supply a minimum 100 gigabyte download speed per account.

Required appurtenances within the Laboratory Area:

- 1. A 10lb ABC fire extinguisher with up-to-date inspection tag and a working smoke detector.
- 2. Additional workbench and tables at least 3 ft. wide, 6 ft. long, and 3 ft. high.
- 3. Minimum two chairs and one desk, filing cabinets, solar screen blinds or shades.
- 4. An operational telephone system.
- 5. Water fountain or bottled water fountain able to provide cold water and have cup dispenser and cups.
- 6. Water (for testing purposes) from an approved source
- 7. Adequately power ventilate the room for the ignition oven. Provide a NEMA 6-50R (208/240-volt, 50 amp) outlet within 2.25 ft. of the ignition oven location and an independent exhaust outlet to the outside located a maximum of 8 ft. from the oven.
- 8. Provide a level, sturdy and fireproof surface for the ignition oven with a minimum of 6 in. clearance between the furnace and other vertical surfaces. Vent the ignition oven to the outside.
- 9. A minimum of 20 ft. of total work counter length at least 3 ft. wide and 3 ft. above the floor and strong enough to support required testing equipment
- 10. A laboratory sink measuring 24×30 in. and 12 in. deep

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Highway: FM 1009 Control: 0601-04-013

11. Door openings for the Laboratory area must be 48-inches minimum width. If steps are required to gain access to the facility's, then a landing dock will be provided with minimum dimensions of 60 inches wide by 60 inches deep. The strong floor and landing of the facility shall support the weight of all equipment and personnel providing a stable, essentially zero deflection during testing operations acceptable to the Engineer.

Provide multifunction color printer/fax/scanner/copier capable of reproducing 11 X 17 For the Laboratory area the work performed, materials furnished, utilities, and utility services (including phone and internet), appurtenances including office equipment testing.

equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals will not be paid measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent items.

Use aggregate that meets the SAC requirement of class A for all surface mixes. RAP aggregate must meet the requirements of Table 1.

Aggregates used on shoulders and ramps are required to meet SAC requirements. Provide mix designs. Mix designs must be verified and approved.

Operate the spreading and finishing machine at a uniform forward speed consistent with the plant production rate, hauling capability, and roller train capacity to result in a continuous operation. The speed will be slow enough, so that stopping between trucks is not ordinarily required. If the Engineer determines sporadic delivery of material is adversely affecting the HMA placement, the Engineer may require paving operations to cease until acceptable methods are employed to minimize starting and stopping of the paver.

A material transfer device (MTD) will be required for all surface courses of HMA on this project. An MTD is defined as a self-propelled, wheel-mounted vehicle capable of receiving HMA from the haul trucks separate from the paver. The MTD will have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons and will be equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and a means of completely remixing the HMA before placement. The Engineer may approve an alternative device on a trial basis for the surface course. This device will be capable of receiving HMA separate from the paver and must have remixing capabilities. For all other courses of HMA, other than the surface, an alternative device may be used as long as it is capable of receiving HMA separate from the paver.

Station limits may be adjusted as directed to meet varying field conditions.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

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Item 6185

Shadow vehicles with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights are required. Use one TMA preceding every stationary work zone and two TMA's for mobile operations.

Therefore, 3 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA's needed.

General Notes Sheet K



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0601-04-013

DISTRICT Beaumont HIGHWAY FM 1009

COUNTY Liberty

Report Created On: May 14, 2024 3:36:35 PM

	or mansport				
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	30.620	
	112-6001	SUBGRADE WIDENING (ORD COMP)	STA	277.360	
	132-6005	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	CY	114.000	
	134-6004	BACKFILL (TY A OR B)	STA	277.360	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	15,545.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	15,545.000	
	164-6023	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURAL)(CLAY)	SY	31,090.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	261.000	
	316-6017	ASPH (AC-20-5TR)	GAL	3,698.000	
	316-6404	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 SAC-A)	CY	88.000	
	351-6003	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR(7")	SY	1,000.000	
	354-6037	PLANE CONC PAV(0" TO 2")	SY	1,453.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	42.000	
	400-6006	CUT & RESTORING PAV	SY	51.000	
	400-6012	CUT AND RESTORE PAV (FLEX BASE)	SY	98.000	
	464-6002	RC PIPE (CL III)(15 IN)	LF	8.000	
	464-6003	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	LF	380.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF	568.000	
	464-6008	RC PIPE (CL III)(36 IN)	LF	32.000	
	464-6010	RC PIPE (CL III)(48 IN)	LF	192.000	
	466-6094	HEADWALL (CH - PW - 0) (DIA= 15 IN)	EA	2.000	
	466-6097	HEADWALL (CH - PW - 0) (DIA= 24 IN)	EA	17.000	
	466-6101	HEADWALL (CH - PW - 0) (DIA= 36 IN)	EA	2.000	
	467-6363	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	40.000	
	467-6388	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (3: 1) (C)	EA	2.000	
	467-6395	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	14.000	
	467-6480	SET (TY II) (48 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	4.000	
	496-6007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	944.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	6.000	
	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	200.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	200.000	
	530-6005	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SY	326.000	
	530-6016	DRIVEWAYS (BASE)	SY	982.000	
	533-6002	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	LF	27,736.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	40.000	
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	4.000	
	644-6007	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	45.000	
	658-6099	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)(WFLX)GND	EA	22.000	
	662-6111	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB)TY Y-2	EA	2,424.000	



DISTRICT	DISTRICT COUNTY		SHEET
Beaumont	Liberty	0601-04-013	11



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0601-04-013

DISTRICT Beaumont **HIGHWAY** FM 1009

COUNTY Liberty

Report Created On: May 9, 2024 10:29:16 PM

ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	666-6317	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	5,660.000	
	666-6320	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	18,454.000	
	666-6445	RE PROF PM (W)6"(SLD) RAISD PROF ONLY	LF	55,217.000	
	668-6076	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD)	LF	10.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	662.000	
	3076-6001	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22	TON	7,119.000	
	3076-6032	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG76-22	TON	10,478.000	
	3076-6066	TACK COAT	GAL	9,492.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	70.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	20.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000	



DISTRICT	DISTRICT COUNTY		SHEET
Beaumont	Liberty	0601-04-013	12

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	RATE	# OF UNITS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT
168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	1.4 GALS/CYCLE W/6 CYCLES	31090	SY	261.00	MG
316-6017	ASPH(AC-20-STR)	0.3 GALS/SY	12327	SY	3698.00	GAL
316-6404	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 SAC-A)	1 CY/140 SY	12327	SY	88.00	CY
3076-6001	D-GR HMA TY-B PG 64-22	770 LBS/SY	18491	SY	7119.00	TON
3076-6032	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG76-22	220 lbs/sy	86290	SY	10478.00	TON
3076-6066	TACK COAT	0.1 GAL/SY	104781	SY	9492	GAL

ROADWAY ITEMS

	100	112	132 134 164 168*	164			31	316*		
	6002	6001	6005	6004	6009	6011	6023	6001	6017	6404
	PREPARING ROW	SUBGRADE WIDENING (ORD COMP)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	BACKFILL (TY A OR B)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	CELL FBR MLCH SEED(PERM)(RURA L) (CLAY)	VEGETATIVE WATERING	ASPH(AC-20-STR)	AGGR (TY-PB GR-4 OR TY-PL GR-4 SAC-A)
UNIT OF MEASURE	STA	STA	CY	STA	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY	SY
0601-04-013	30.62	277.36	114	277.36	15545	15545	31090	31090	12327	12327
TOTALS	30.62	277.36	114	277.36	15545	15545	31090	31090	12327	12327

^{*}FOR CONTRACTOR INFO ONLY, FOR PAY QUANTITY SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE

ROADWAY ITEMS

None with the trial											
	351	351 354 530 533				3076*					
	6003	6037	6005	6016	6002	6001	6032	6066			
	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (7")	PLANE ASPH COCN PAV (0" TO 2")	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	DRIVEWAYS (BASE)	RUMBLE STRIPS (CENTERLINE)	D-GR HMA TY-B PG 64-22	D-GR HMA TY-C SAC-A PG76-22	TACK COAT			
UNIT OF MEASURE	SY	SY	SY	SY	LF	SY	SY	SY			
0601-04-013	1000	1453	326	982	27736	18491	86290	104781			
TOTALS	1000	1453	326	982	27736	18491	86290	104781			

^{*}FOR CONTRACTOR INFO ONLY, FOR PAY QUANTITY SEE BASIS OF ESTIMATE

DRAINAGE ITEMS

DIVINIOL IIL	1-10										
	400			464					466		
	6005	6006	6012	6002	6003	6005	6008	6010	6094	6097	6101
	CEM STABIL BKFL	CUT & RESTORE PAV	CUT & RESTORE PAV (FLEX BASE)	RC PIPE(CL III) (15 IN)	RC PIPE(CL III) (18 IN)	RC PIPE(CL III) (24 IN)	RC PIPE(CL III) (36 IN)	RC PIPE(CL III) (48 IN)	HEADWALL (CH-PW-0) (DIA=15 IN)	HEADWALL (CH-PW-0) (DIA=24 IN)	HEADWALL (CH-PW-0) (DIA=36 IN)
UNIT OF MEASURE	CY	SY	SY	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA
0601-04-013	42	51	98	8	380	568	32	192	2	17	2
TOTALS	42	51	98	8	380	568	32	192	2	17	2

SW3P ITEMS

SVSI II ENIS							
	506						
	6041 6043						
	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL)(12")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)					
UNIT OF MEASURE	LF	LF					
0601-04-013	200	200					
TOTALS	200	200					

DRAINAGE ITEMS

		40	496	658		
	6363	6388	6395	6480	6007	6099
	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (3:1) (C)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P)	SET (TY II) (48 IN) (RCP) (6:1) (P)	REMOV STR (PIPE)	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Z)WFLX)GND
UNIT OF MEASURE	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	EA
0601-04-013	40	2	14	4	944	22
TOTALS	40	2	14	4	944	22

MISC ITEMS

PHSC ITEMS	
	6001
	6002
	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN
UNIT OF MEASURE	EA
0601-04-013	2
TOTALS	2

WORKZONE ITEMS

WORKZONE III	WORKZONE ITEMS					
	662					
	6111					
	WK ZN PAV MRK SHT TERM (TAB) TY Y-2					
UNIT OF MEASURE	EA					
0601-04-013	2424					
TOTALS	2424					

PAVEMENT MARKING ITEMS

		666	668	672	
	6317		6445	6076	6009
	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 6" (BRK) (090MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 6" (SLD) (090MIL)	RE PROF PM (W) 6" (SLD)RASID PROF ONLY	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C(W)(24")(SLD)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A
UNIT OF MEASURE	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA
0601-04-013	5660	18454	55217	10	662
TOTALS	5660	18454	55217	10	662

TRAFFIC ITEMS

		644						
	6001	6076						
	IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY 10 BWG(1)SA(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY 10 BWG(1)SA(T)	IN SM RD SN SUP & AM TY 10 BWG(1)SA(U)	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP & AM				
UNIT OF MEASURE	EA	EA	EA	EA				
0601-04-013	40	4	1	45				
TOTALS	40	4	1	45				

FM 1009 MISC. QUANTITIES

		Texas Departr of Transp	nent	®
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0601	04	013	FI	vi 1009
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
BMT		LIBERTY		13

- 1. MOBILIZE & INSTALL CONSTRUCTION BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS DIRECTED, MAINTAIN THESE ITEMS THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THIS PROJECT.
- 2. PERFORM FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIRS AS DIRECTED.
- 3. PERFORM SUBGRADE WIDENING AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
- 4. PERFORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURE UPGRADE AND SAFETY TREATMENTS AS SHOW IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. PERFORM BEGINNING AND ENDING TAPER MILL AS SHOWN.
- 6. 2' STRIP SEAL AT JOINT
- 7. PLACE D-GR HMA OVERLAY AND WORK ZONE TABS.
- 8. PERFORM PRIVATE AND PUBLIC DRIVEWAY TAPERS,
- 9. PLACE MILLED CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS.
- 10. PLACE PERMANENT PAVEMENT MARKING AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS. NO LATER THAN 14 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE PLACEMENT OF THE D-GR HMA TY C
- 11. PERFORM SIGN UPGRADES
- 12. CLEAN SITE AND REMOVE BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND ANY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AFTER FINAL ACCEPTANCE.

NOTES:

- PREPARE THE BID ACCORDING TO THIS SEQUENCE OF WORK. THE ENGINEER MAY MAY APPROVE ADJUSTMENTS TO THE SCHEDULE OF WORK AFTER LETTING.
- REFER TO THE GENERAL NOTES AND PLAN SHEETS FOR ADDITIONAL DIRECTION.



) Alex

05/23/2024

SEQUENCE OF WORK



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



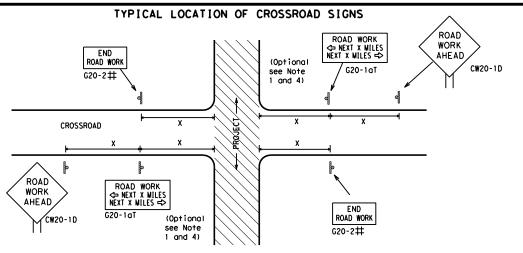
Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 7-13	0601	04	013		FM	1009
9-07 8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10 5-21	ВМТ		LIBER	ΓY		15

channelizing devices.



- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

WORK AREAS IN AND TIRES LOCATIONS WITHIN SS. LIMITS

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-5gTP BORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

_	.		
y/		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
		30	120
		35	160
	40	240	
		45	320
.		50	400
		55	500 ²
		60	600 ²
		65	700 ²
.		70	800 ²
	75	900 ²	
		80	1000 ²
_	ı	*	* 3

SPACING

onventional Expressway Number Freeway or Series CW20' 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW1, CW2, 48" x 48' CW7. CW8. 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS		
WOM AND IN WOLLING LOSALISMS WITHIN OSO ELIMINS	**C20-9TP BEGIN WORK	
ROAD CW20-1D WORK AREA AHEAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D CW13-1P	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW R20-3T ** X
←		
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE Beginning of NO-PASSING R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G2	0-2bT X X
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/II "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location	to remind drivers they are still G20-2 * * location NOTES	

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC **X X** G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT X XG20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices \Diamond -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END END ☐ WORK ZONE G20-2bt ★ ★ LIMIT ROAD WORK G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade						
000 Channelizing Devices						
þ	Sign					
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

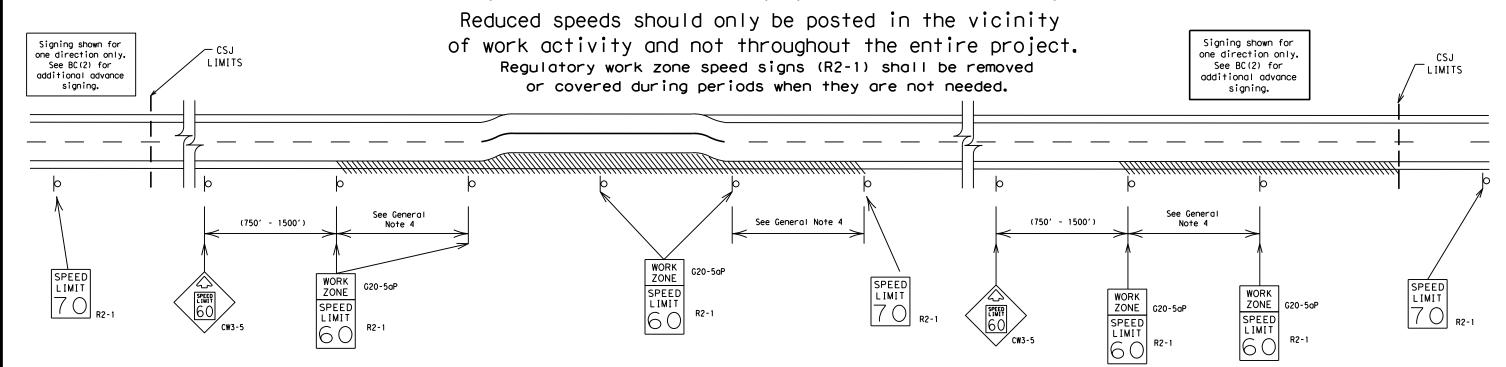
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	I GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0601	04	013		F١٨	1 1009
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ВМТ	LIBERTY				16

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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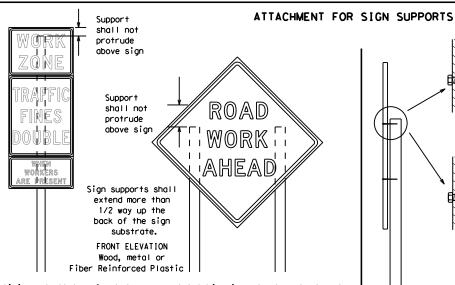
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

X When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



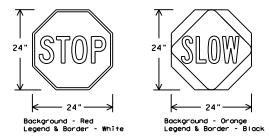
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
 STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	BACKGROUND RED TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- 6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- . Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
 Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
 the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
 intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- . Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
 Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
 The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- The sandbags will be fied shuft to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
 constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights
- for use as sign support weights.
 Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
 Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
 Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.

 Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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going in opposite directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

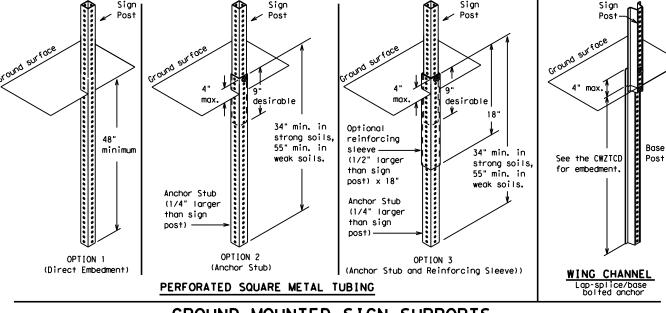
weld, do not

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

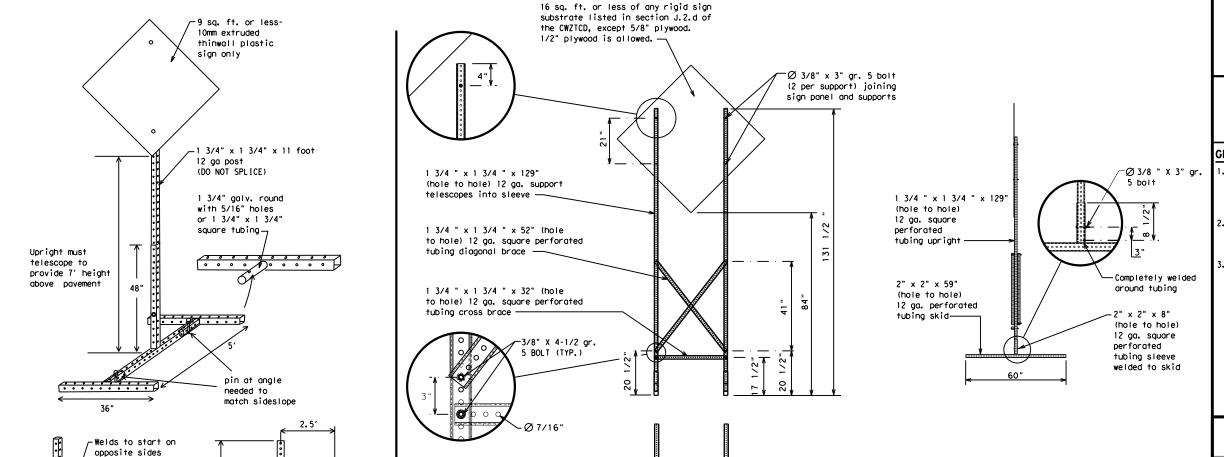


GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
 This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W LIMIT
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	L WILL MOI	HONI
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	lition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Et		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE *		* * See	Application Guideli	nes Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

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Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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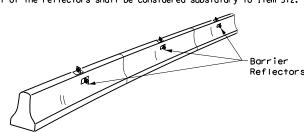
Warning reflector may be round

or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

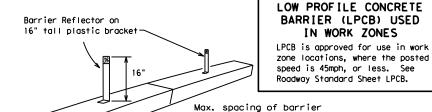
30 square inches

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

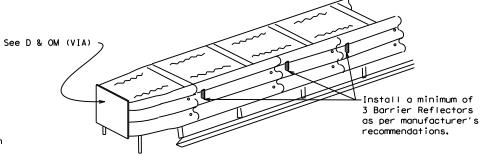
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

reflectors is 20 feet.

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

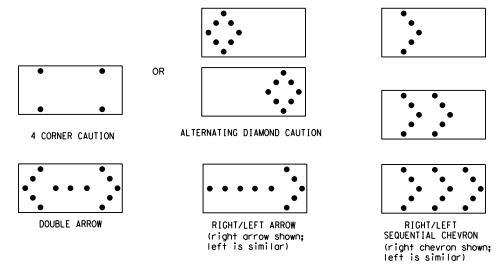
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS											
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE									
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile									
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile									

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

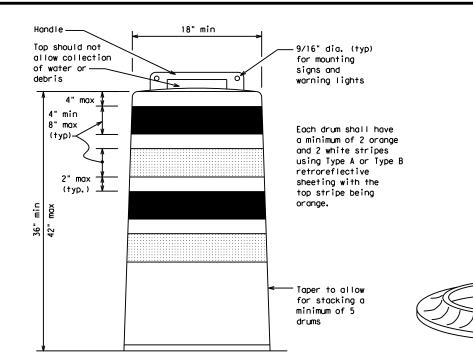
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs. 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

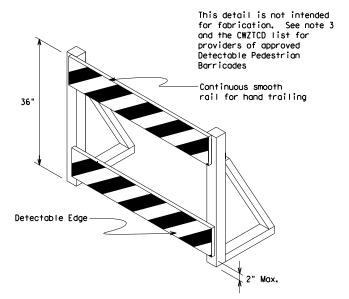
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





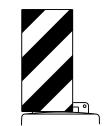
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

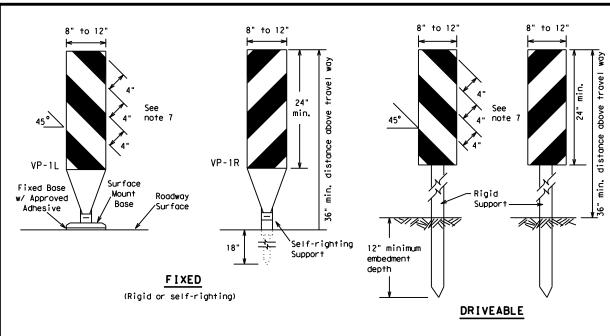


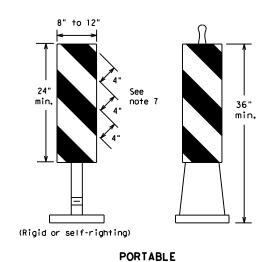
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

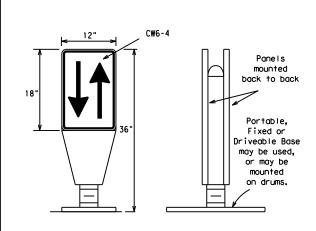
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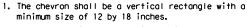
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\rm FL}$ or Type $C_{\rm FL}$ conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

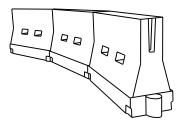


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X Suggested Maximur Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
2	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′
L = WS	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′
80	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′
	450′	495′	540′	45′	90′
	500′	550′	6001	50°	100′
1 = WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′
	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′
	650′	715′	7801	65′	130′
	700′	770′	840′	70′	140′
	750′	8251	900'	75′	150′
	800′	880′	960′	80′	160′
	ws ²	Formula Tap 10' 0ffset 150' 205' 265' 450' 550' 600' 650' 700' 750' 800'	Formula Taper Lend $\times \times$ $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$ $150' 165' 225' 225' 265' 295' 495' 495' 500' 550' 605' 600' 660' 650' 715' 700' 770' 750' 825' 800' 880'$	Formula Taper Lengths ** ** 10' 11' 12' 0ffset Offset Off	Formula $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

**X*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

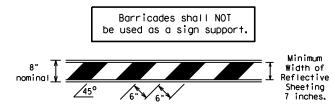
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

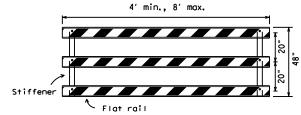
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

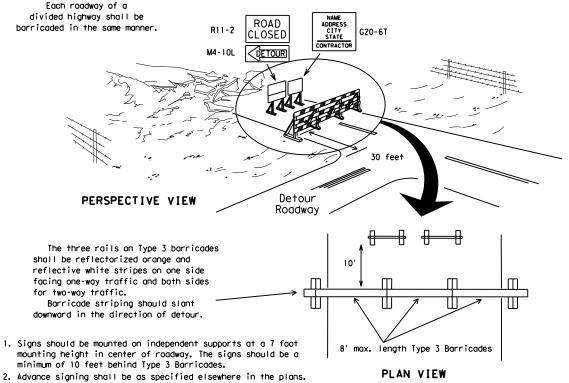


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s locross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

CONES 4" min. orange ¥2" min. ↑4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange [6" min. _2" min. 2" min. **1**4 min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

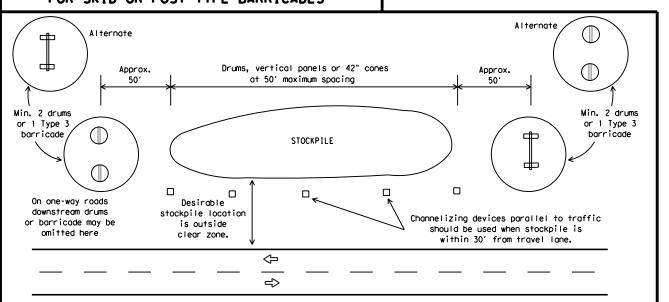
2" min.

2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H)	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0601	04	013		FM	1009
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		ВМТ		LIBER	ГΥ		24

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

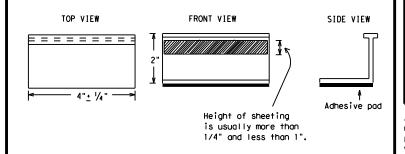
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Standard

Traffic Safety

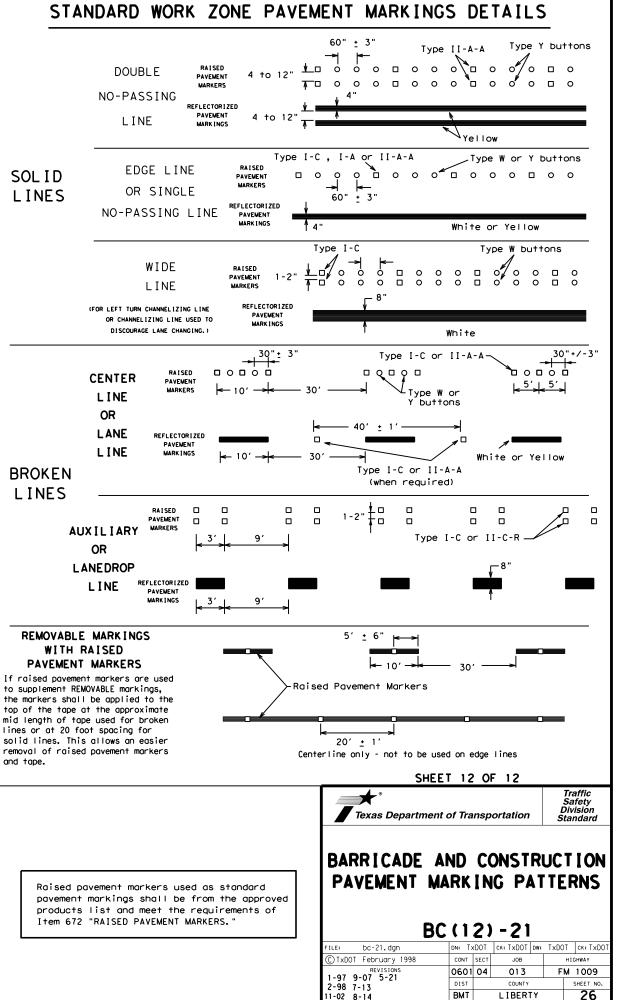
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

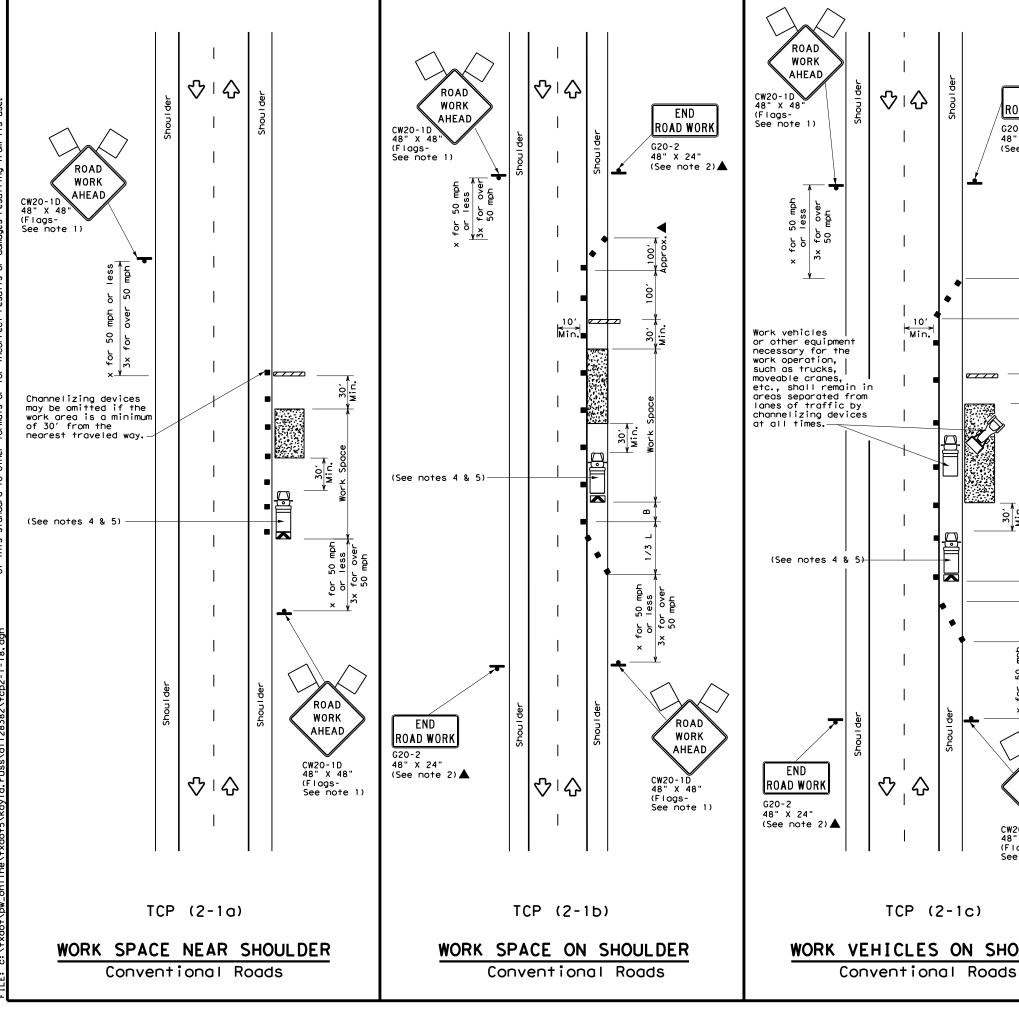
BC(11)-21

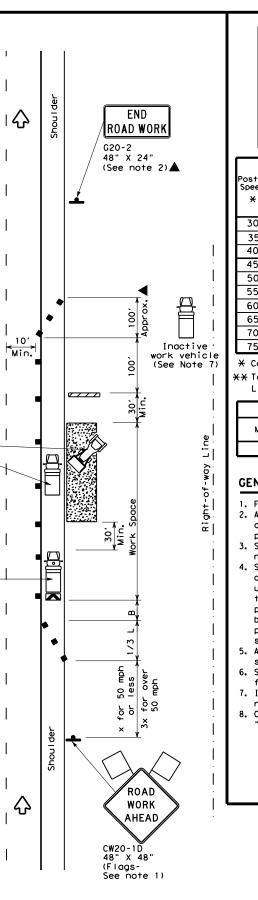
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TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	CHWAY
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·98 9-07 5-21 ·02 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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11-02

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 $\langle \rangle$ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE







WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

		שוים			
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channe	elizing D	evices
	Heavy Work Vehicle			Mounted Jator (TM	ΙΔ )
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Boar	o MM		ole Chang ge Sign (	
4	Sign	\cdot\	Traff	ic Flow	
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	L _O Flagger		
	Minimum Desirable	Suggested N		Minimum	Suggest

LEGEND

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90,	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900′	540'	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓			

## **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

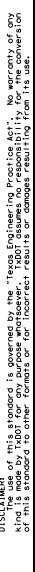
Texas Department of Transportation

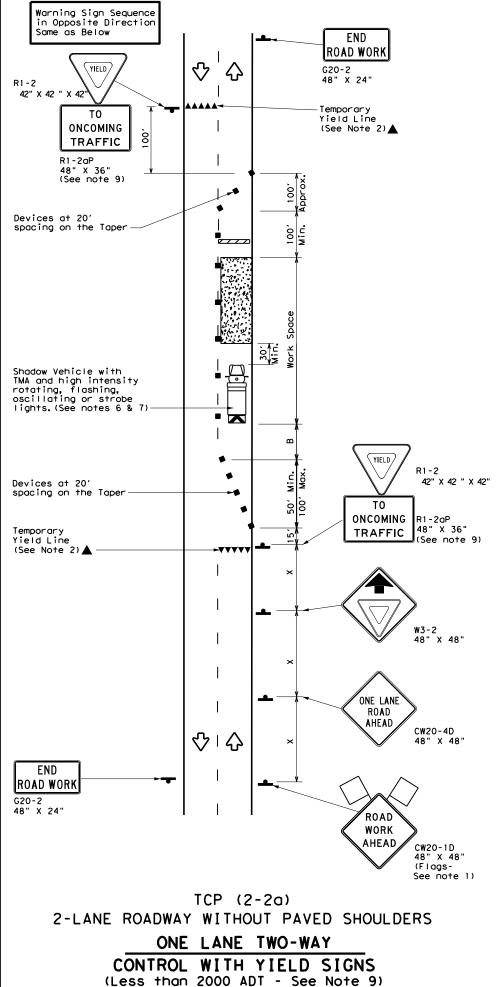
Traffic Operations Division Standard

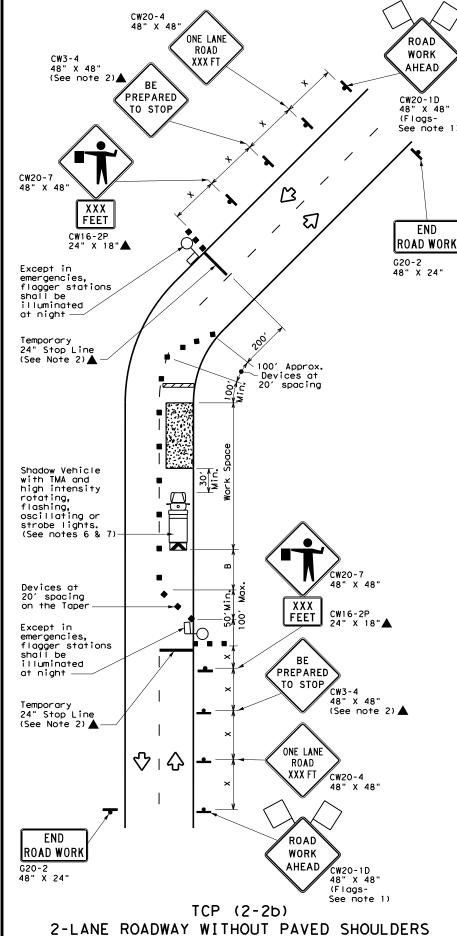
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	YAWH
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0601	04	013	F	М	1009
3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	ВМТ		LIBER	ΤΥ		27







ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND							
	~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
	þ	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
ļ	\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	* * Devices		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	1551	305′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360'
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′	400'	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350'	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1				

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FI" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



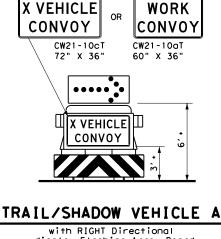
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

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C TxD0	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95	REVISIONS 3-03	0601	04	013	F	M 1009
	2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98	2-18	BMT		LIBER	TY	28

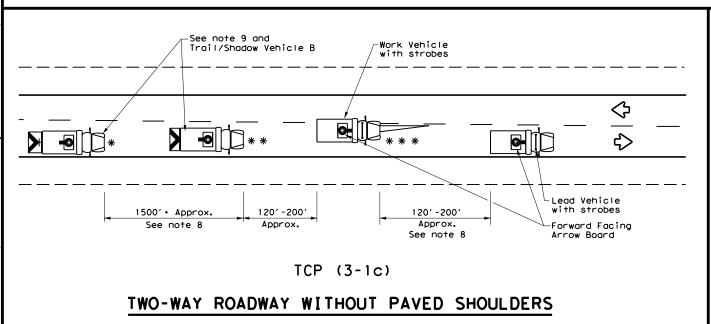
TCP (3-1g) UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

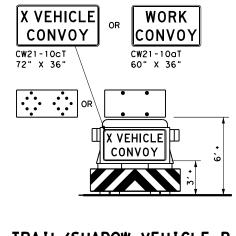


Work Vehicle with strobes 120' -200' 120' -200' See note 9 and 1500' + Approx. Lead Vehicle with strobes-Trail/Shadow Vehicle B Approx. Approx. See note 8 See note 8 Shou I der ₹> * Shoulder See note 9 and 1500' + Approx. 120'-200' Trail/Shadow Vehicle -Forward Facing Arrow Board See note 8 WORK ON SHOULDER WORK ON TRAVEL LANE

TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

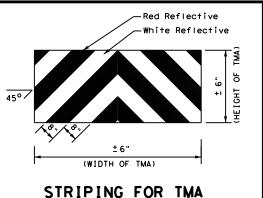
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* * *	Work Vehicle		RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	T	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	#	Double Arrow					
♦	Traffic Flow	0-	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
1						

GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





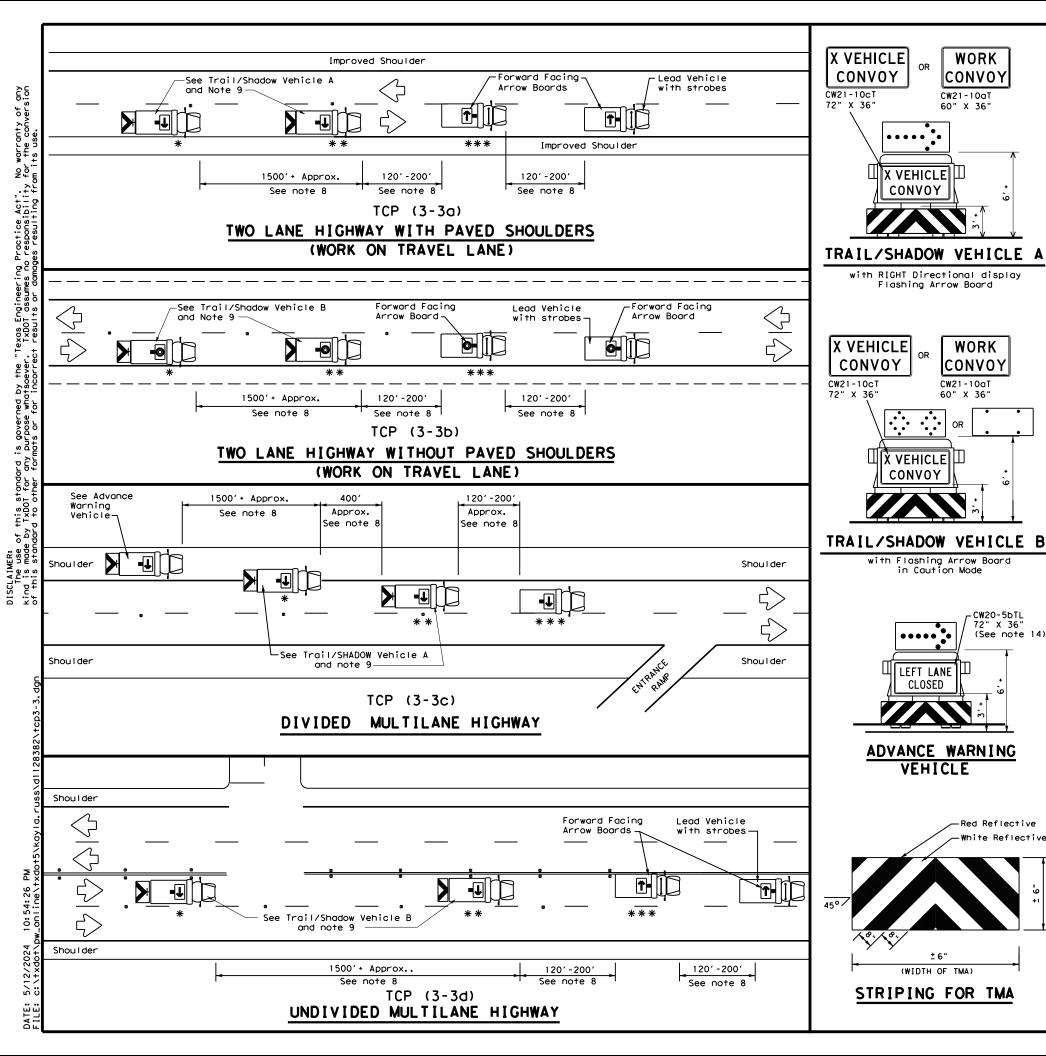
Traffic Operations Division Standard

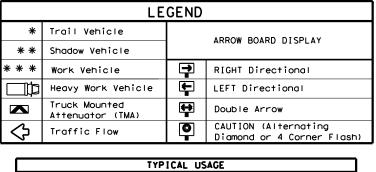
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

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-94 4-98	REVISIONS	0601	04	013		FM	1009
3-95 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97		ВМТ		L I BER1	TΥ		29

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TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
4						

GENERAL NOTES

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

60" X 36"

X VEHICLE

CONVOY

Flashing Arrow Board

X VEHICLE|Ш

in Caution Mode

LEFT LANE

CLOSED

VEHICLE

(WIDTH OF TMA)

CW20-5bTL 72" X 36' (See note 14)

-Red Reflective

CONVOY

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

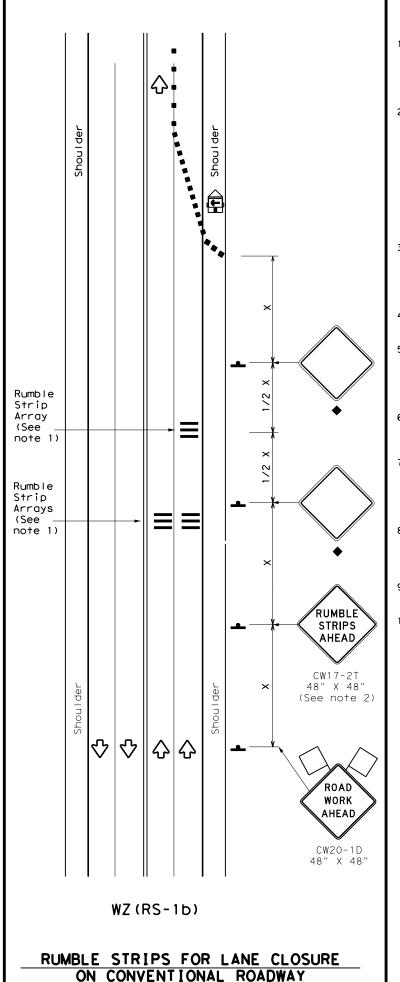


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0601	04	013		FM	1009
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	ВМТ		LIBER	ГΥ		30

TWO-WAY APPLICATION



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	₩	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	ПO	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	formula Taper Lengths Channelizing Spacing Spa		Spacir Channe	ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*				Distance	"B"			
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	7701	840′	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	✓	✓				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
<u><</u> 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>></u> 65 MPH	* 35′+					

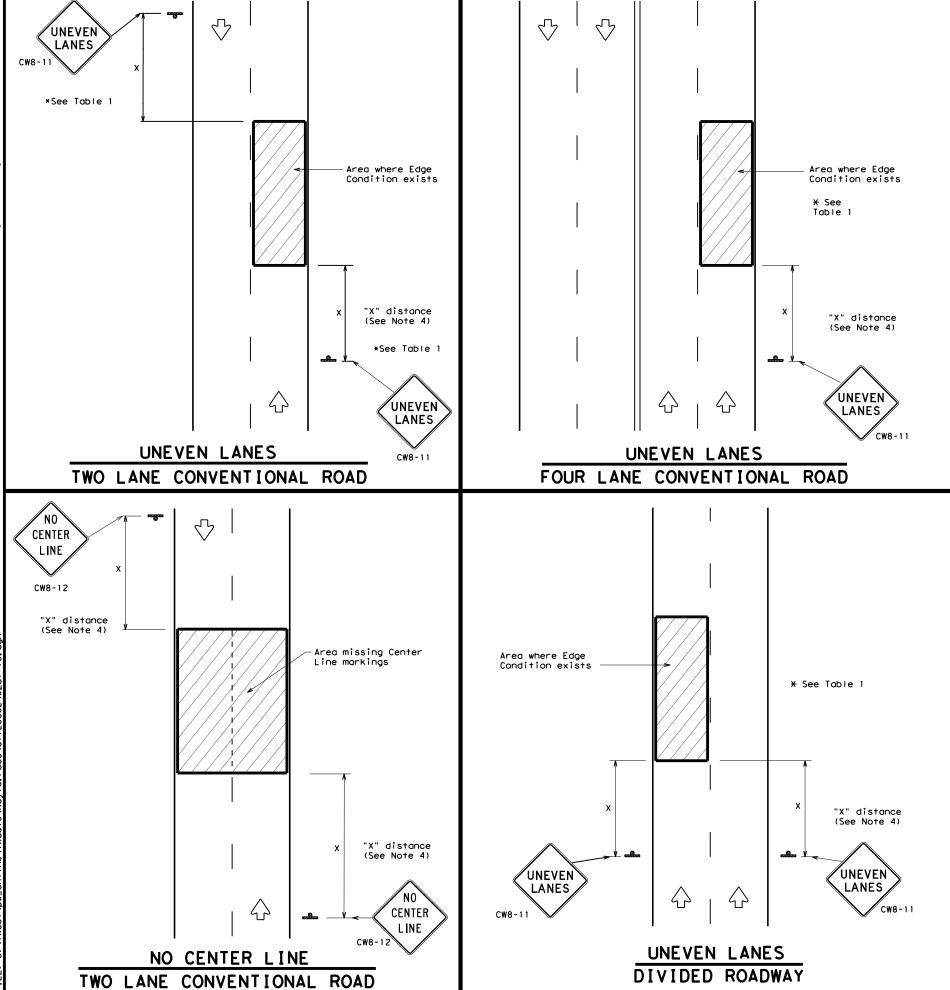
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

FILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-14 1-22 4-16	0601	04	013		FM	1009
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-18	BMT		L I BER	ΤΥ		31



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241					
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300					

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

GENERAL NOTES

- If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1						
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices				
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11				
	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.					
② >3	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11				
3 0" to 3/4" 7	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes					
12"	with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".					
Notched Wedge Joint						

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM WA	RNING	SIGN	SIZE
Conventional r	36" :	× 36"	
Freeways/expres	48" >	× 48"	



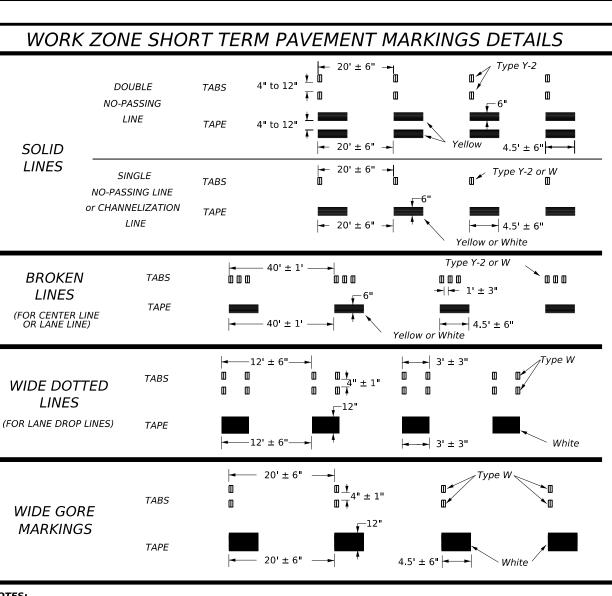
UNEVEN LANES

Texas Department of Transportation

WZ (UL) -13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

ILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	KDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	CK: TXDOT
C) TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0601	04	013		FN	/ 1009
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		ВМТ		LIBER	ГΥ		32



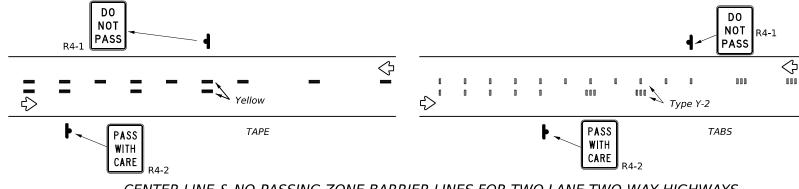
NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then bé placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

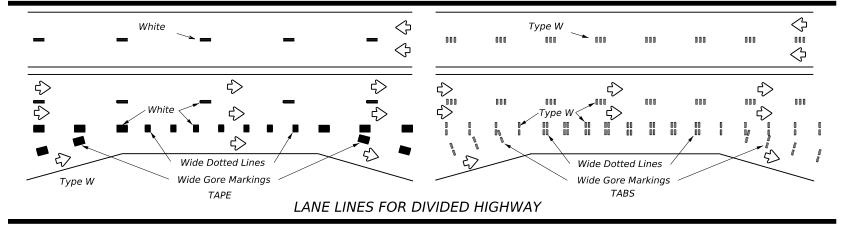
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

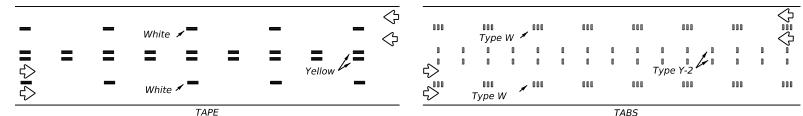
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

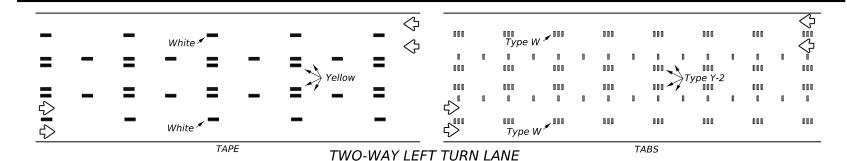


CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

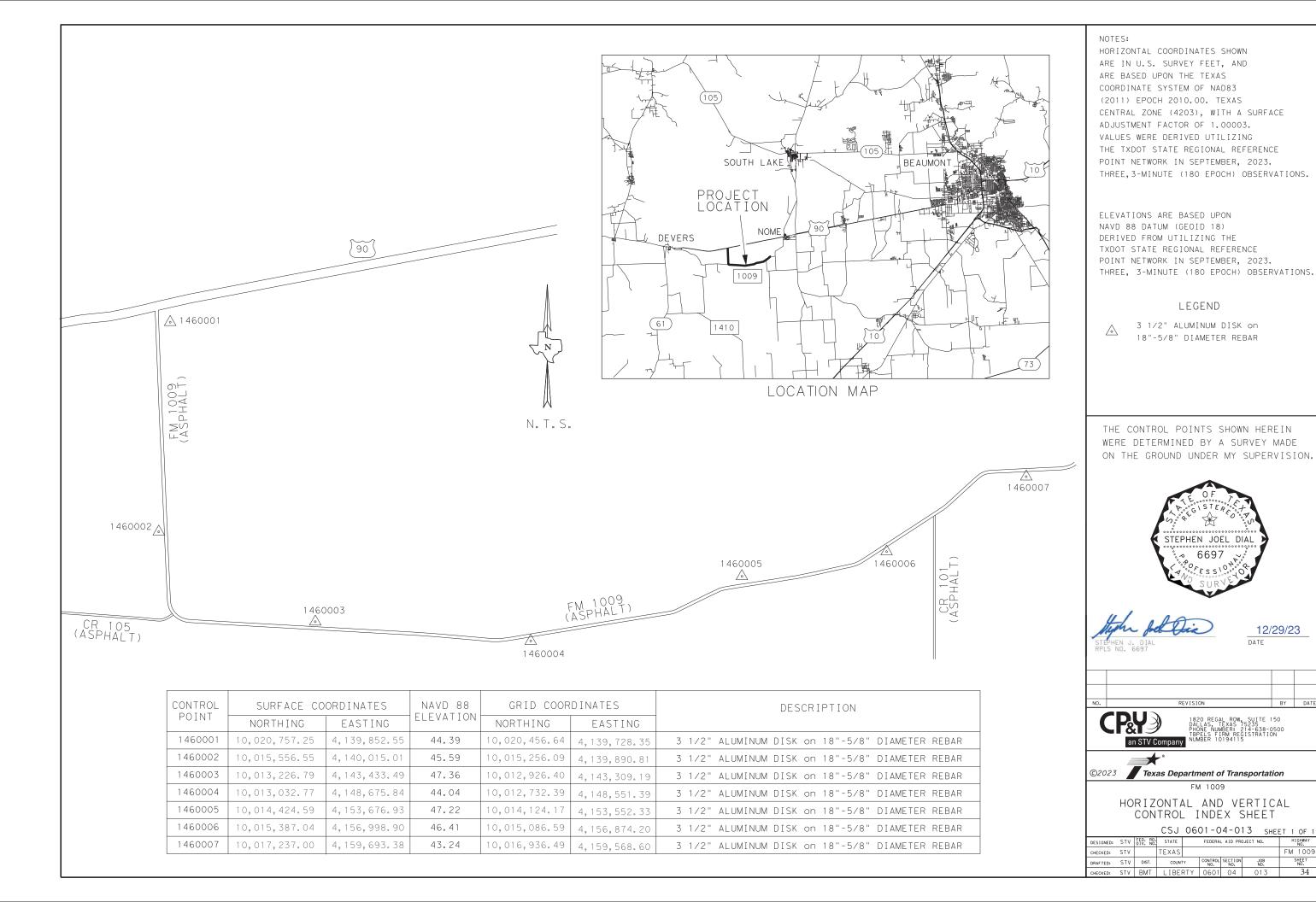
http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm

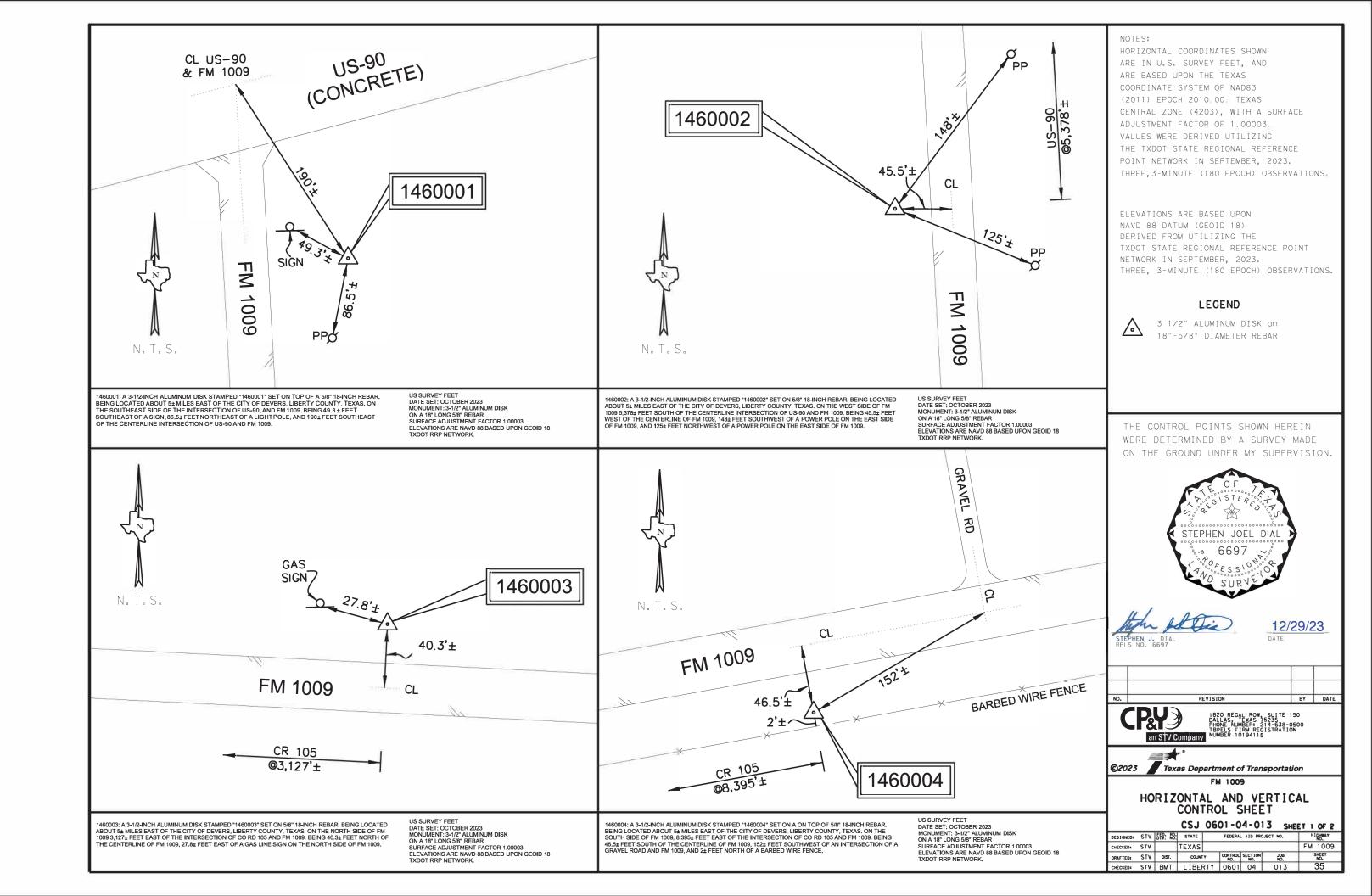
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

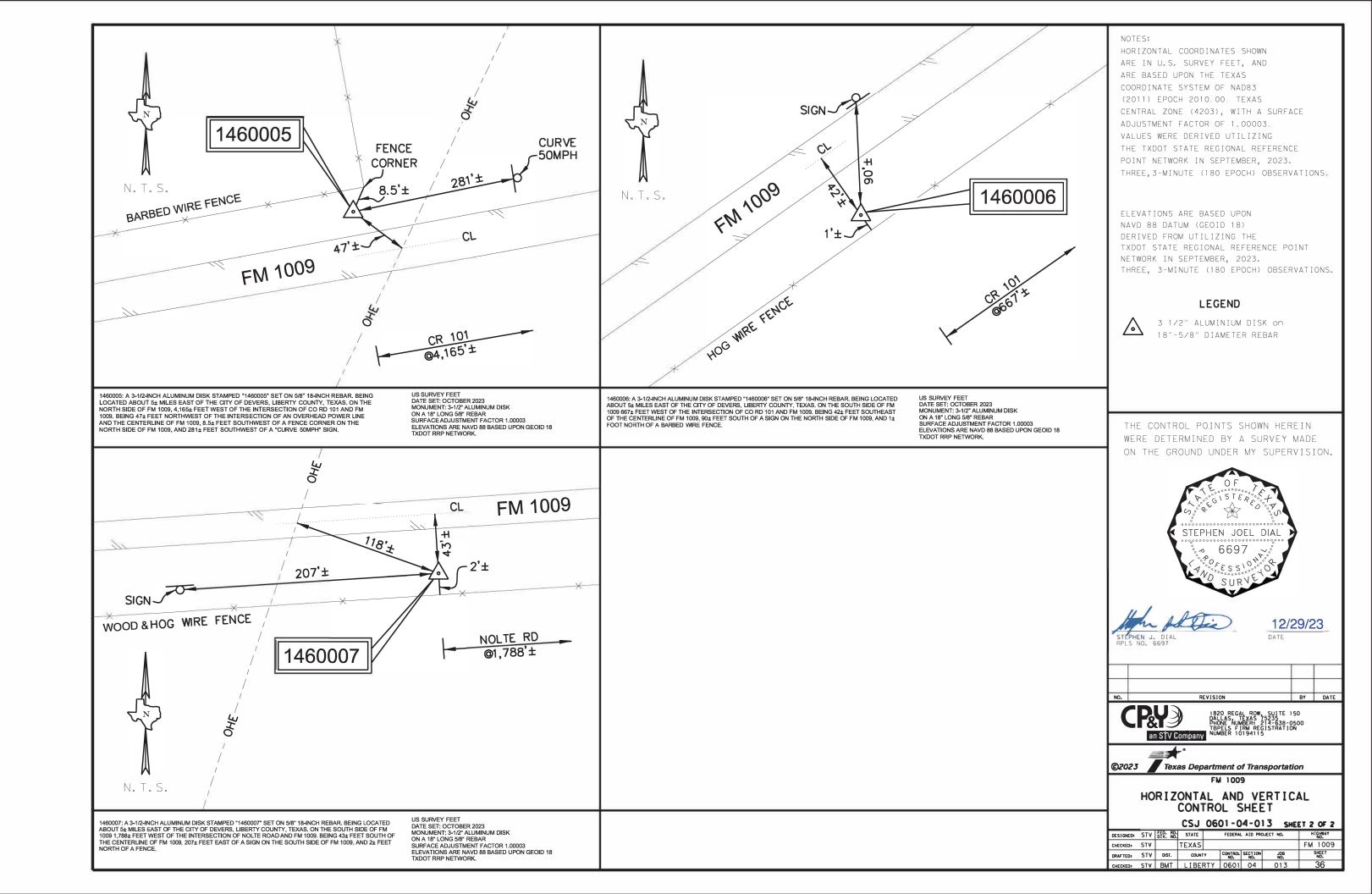
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM

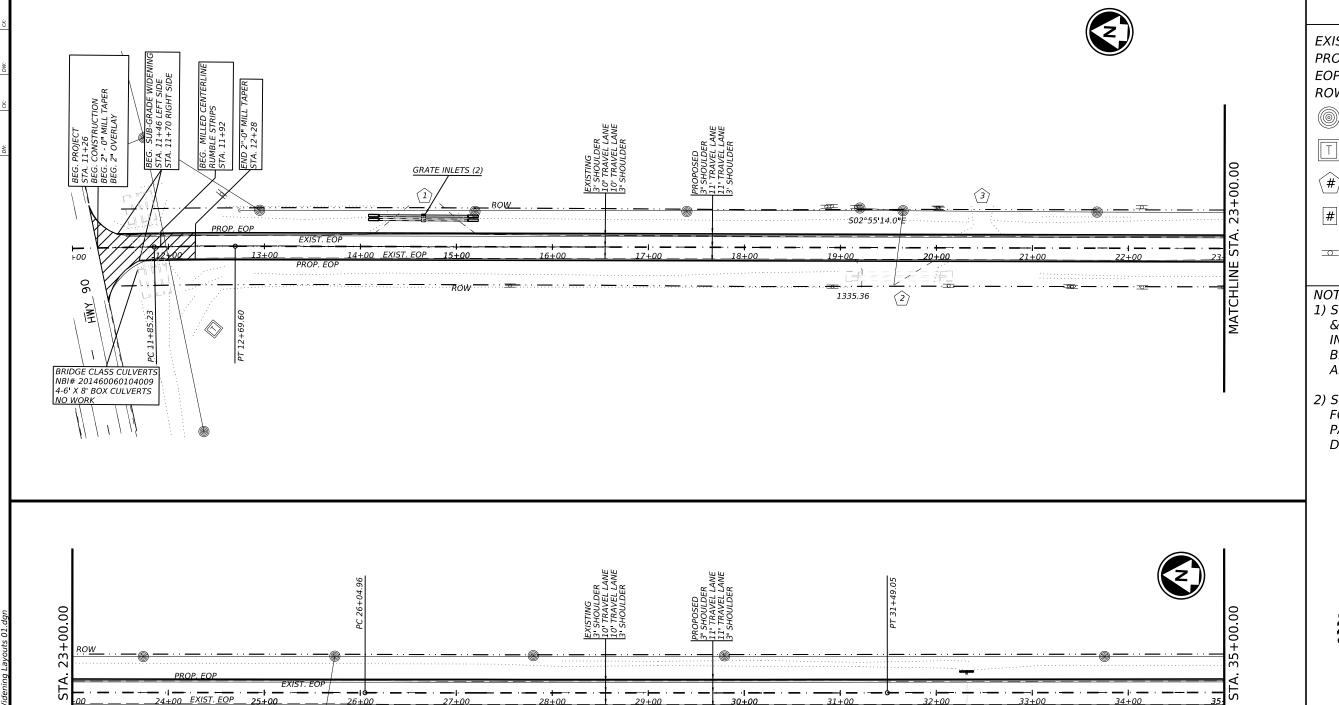
WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	WZS	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C) TxD	ОТ	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
		REVISIONS	0601	04	013	F	M 1009
	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03			вмт		LIBERT	Υ	33









NOTES ON UTILITIES:

- 1) CONSIDER LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES SHOWN ON PLANS TO BE APPROXIMATE. EMPLOY ADEQUATE RESOURCES TO AVOID DAMAGING AND/OR TO ACCOMMODATE UTILITIES.
- 2) ADVANCED FIELD CONFIRMATION BY UTILITY OWNER IS PRUDENT TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- 3) PROTECT AND PRESERVE PERMANENT SIGN, MARKERS, AND DESIGNATORS OF

MITERED CULVERTS WITH CAST IN PLACE SETS. SEE "SET-PD" FOR MORE INFO

- 4) CONTACT UTILITY OWNER OR OPERATOR IMMEDIATELY IF ANY DAMAGE OCCUR.
- 5) IF ANY UTILITY NEEDS UNFORESEEN ADJUSTMENT DURNING CONSTRUCTION, ALTER OPERATION SO THAT ADJUSTMENTS CAN BE MADE BY OTHERS.

LEGEND

EXIST. - EXISTING

PROP. - PROPOSED

EOP - **EDGE OF PAVEMENT** ROW - RIGHT OF WAY

- POWER POLE

- TELEPHONE PEDESTAL



- CROSS CULVERT (NOTE 2)

- GENERICE SIGN/ UTILITY MARKER

NOTES:

- 1) SEE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY" & "DRIVEWAY DETAIL" FOR INFORMATION AND WORK TO BE DONE ON BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS.
- 2) SEE "DRAINAGE SUMMARIES" FOR WORK TO BE DONE ON PARALLEL AND CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.



05/23/2024

Texas Department of Transportation

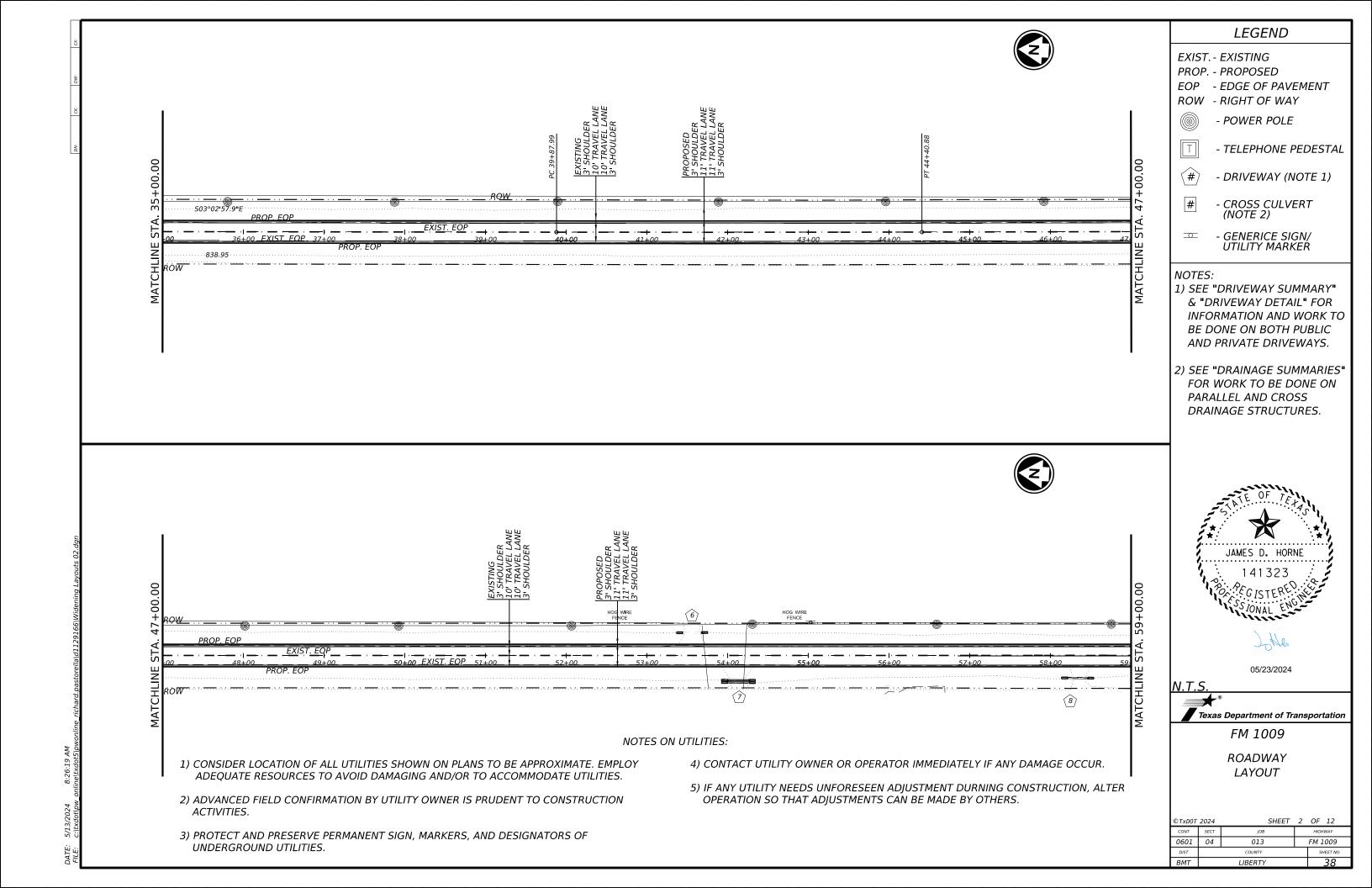
FM 1009

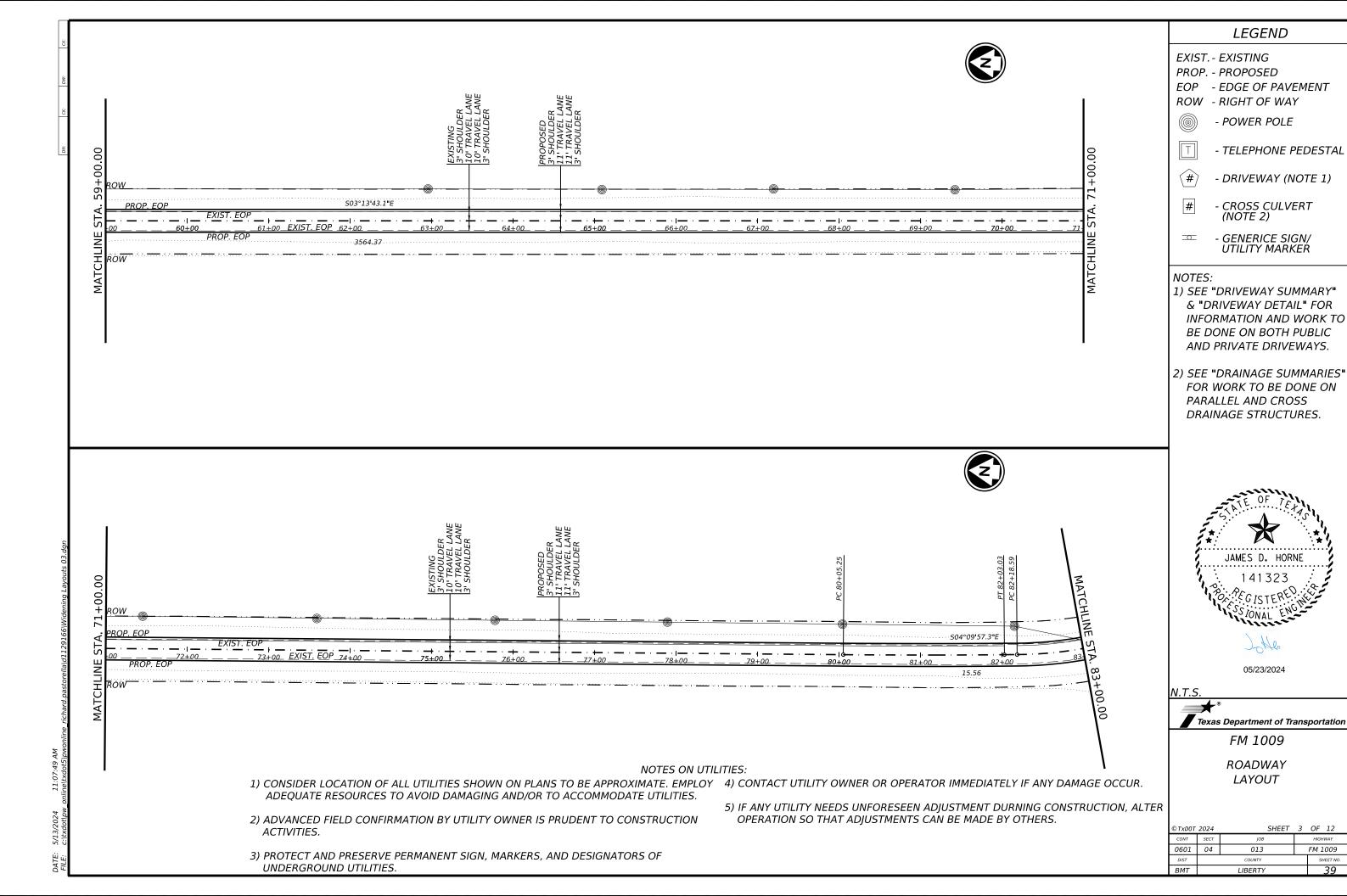
ROADWAY LAYOUT

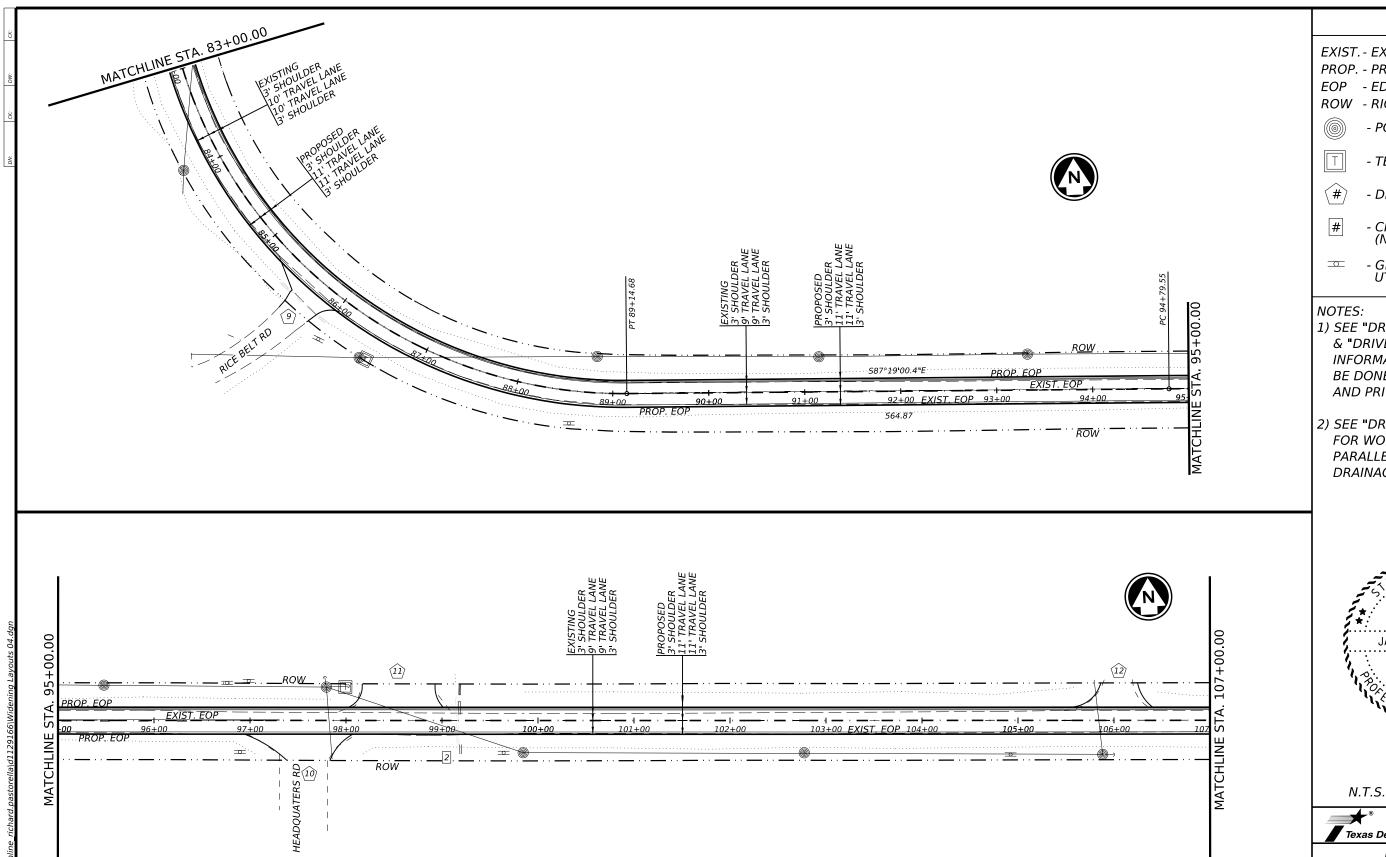
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CONT	SECT	JOB		WAY				
0601	04	013		FM 1009				
DIST		COUNTY		SF	HEET NO.			
ВМТ		LIBERTY			<i>37</i>			

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

4







NOTES ON UTILITIES:

1) CONSIDER LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES SHOWN ON PLANS TO BE APPROXIMATE. EMPLOY 4) CONTACT UTILITY OWNER OR OPERATOR IMMEDIATELY IF ANY DAMAGE OCCUR. ADEQUATE RESOURCES TO AVOID DAMAGING AND/OR TO ACCOMMODATE UTILITIES.

5) IF ANY UTILITY NEEDS UNFORESEEN ADJUSTMENT DURNING CONSTRUCTION, ALTER

OPERATION SO THAT ADJUSTMENTS CAN BE MADE BY OTHERS.

- 2) ADVANCED FIELD CONFIRMATION BY UTILITY OWNER IS PRUDENT TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- 3) PROTECT AND PRESERVE PERMANENT SIGN, MARKERS, AND DESIGNATORS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

LEGEND

EXIST. - EXISTING

PROP. - PROPOSED

EOP - **EDGE OF PAVEMENT ROW - RIGHT OF WAY**



- POWER POLE



- TELEPHONE PEDESTAL



- DRIVEWAY (NOTE 1)



- CROSS CULVERT (NOTE 2)

- GENERICE SIGN/ UTILITY MARKER

NOTES:

- 1) SEE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY" & "DRIVEWAY DETAIL" FOR INFORMATION AND WORK TO BE DONE ON BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS.
- 2) SEE "DRAINAGE SUMMARIES" FOR WORK TO BE DONE ON PARALLEL AND CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.



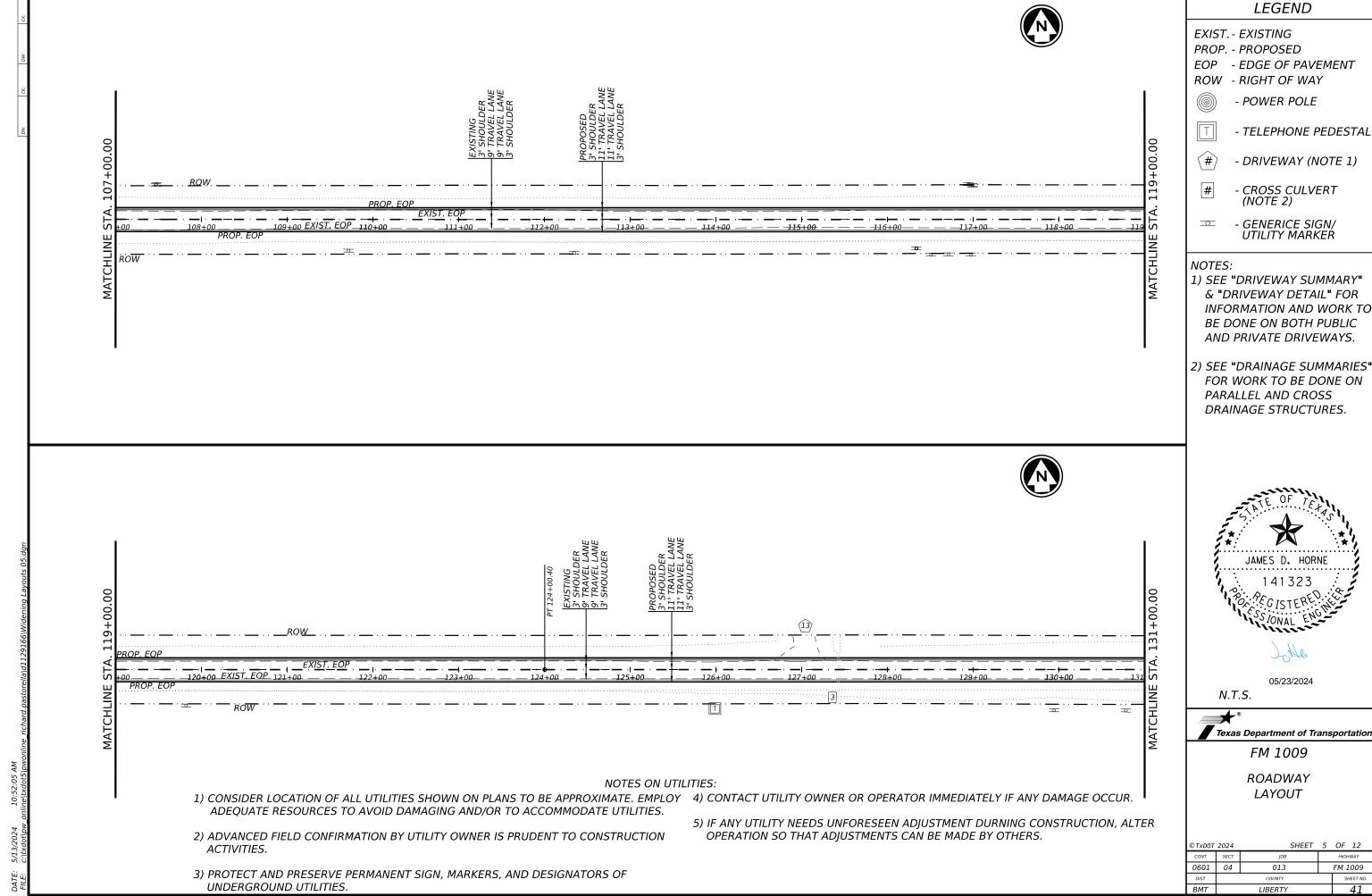
05/23/2024



FM 1009

ROADWAY LAYOUT

©TxD0T	2024	SHEET	4	OF	12			
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
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DIST		COUNTY		SI	HEET NO.			
вмт		LIBERTY			40			



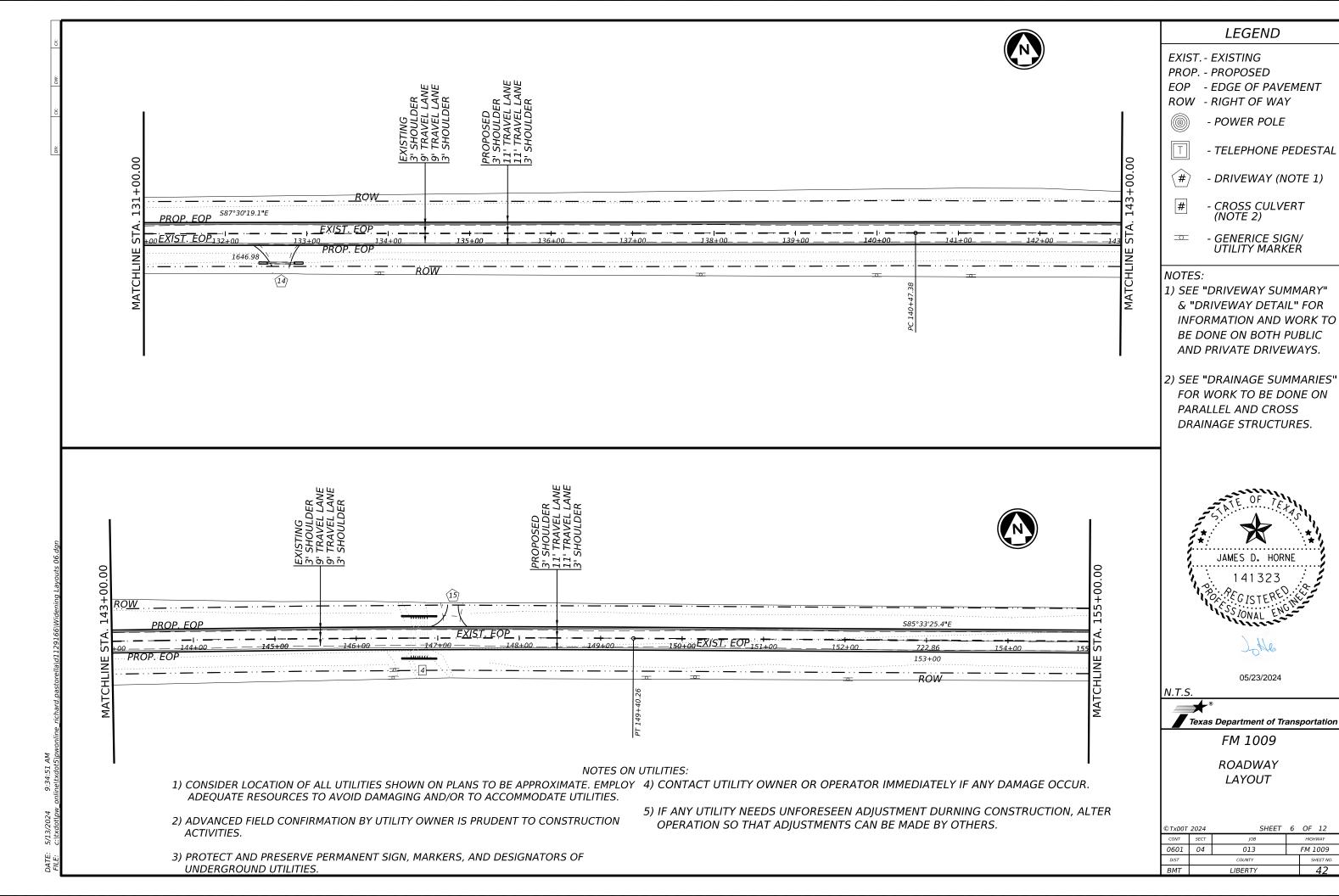
- TELEPHONE PEDESTAL

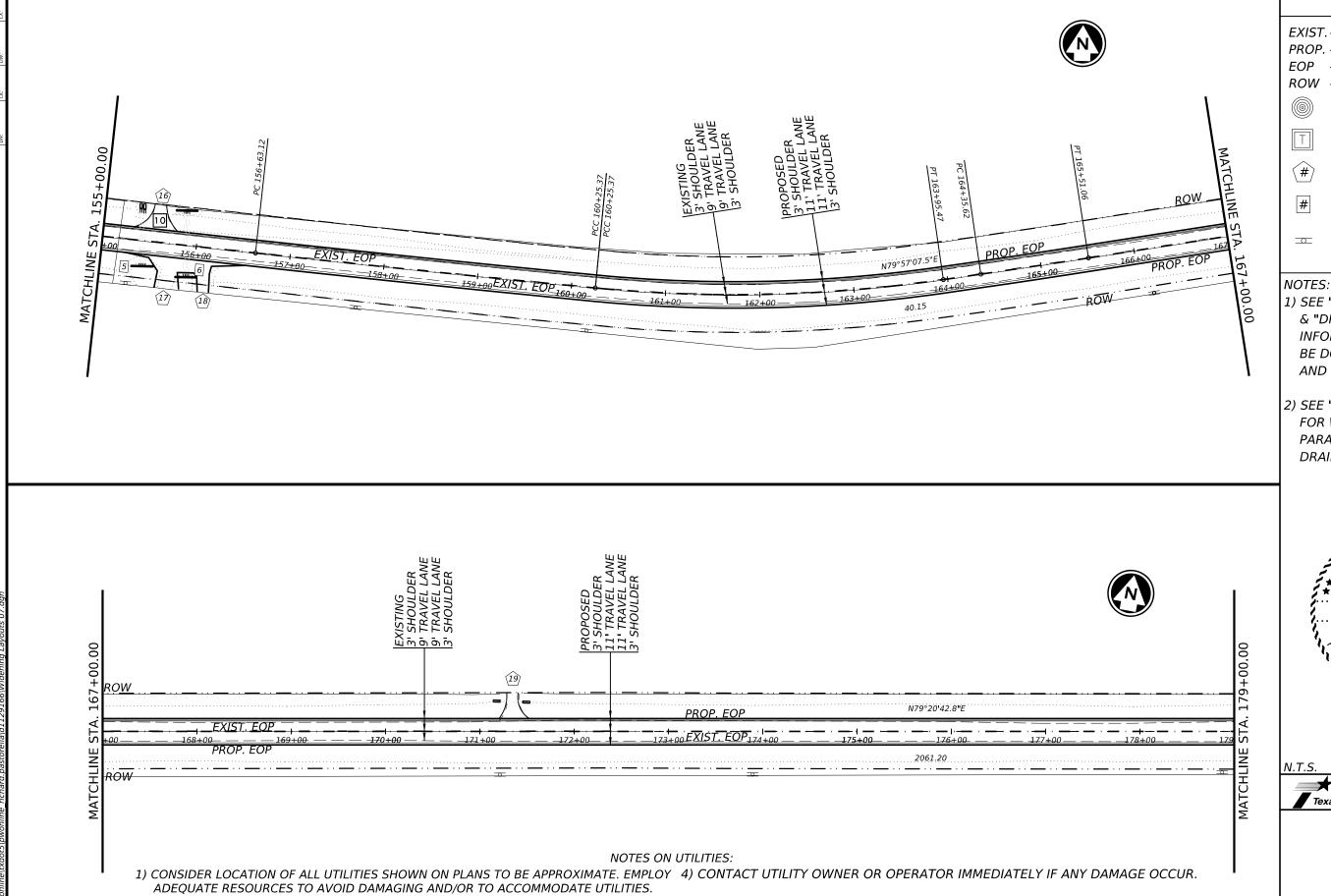
- 1) SEE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY" & "DRIVEWAY DETAIL" FOR INFORMATION AND WORK TO BE DONE ON BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS.
- FOR WORK TO BE DONE ON



Texas Department of Transportation

TxD0T	2024	SHEET	5	OF 12			
CONT	SECT	JOB					
0601	04	013		FM 1009			
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
вмт		LIBERTY		41			





2) ADVANCED FIELD CONFIRMATION BY UTILITY OWNER IS PRUDENT TO CONSTRUCTION

3) PROTECT AND PRESERVE PERMANENT SIGN, MARKERS, AND DESIGNATORS OF

ACTIVITIES.

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

5) IF ANY UTILITY NEEDS UNFORESEEN ADJUSTMENT DURNING CONSTRUCTION, ALTER

OPERATION SO THAT ADJUSTMENTS CAN BE MADE BY OTHERS.

LEGEND

EXIST. - EXISTING

PROP. - PROPOSED

EOP - **EDGE OF PAVEMENT**

ROW - RIGHT OF WAY



- POWER POLE

- TELEPHONE PEDESTAL

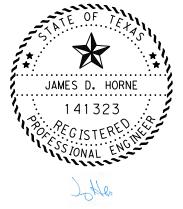
- DRIVEWAY (NOTE 1)

- CROSS CULVERT (NOTE 2)

- GENERICE SIGN/ UTILITY MARKER



- 1) SEE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY" & "DRIVEWAY DETAIL" FOR INFORMATION AND WORK TO BE DONE ON BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS.
- 2) SEE "DRAINAGE SUMMARIES" FOR WORK TO BE DONE ON PARALLEL AND CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.



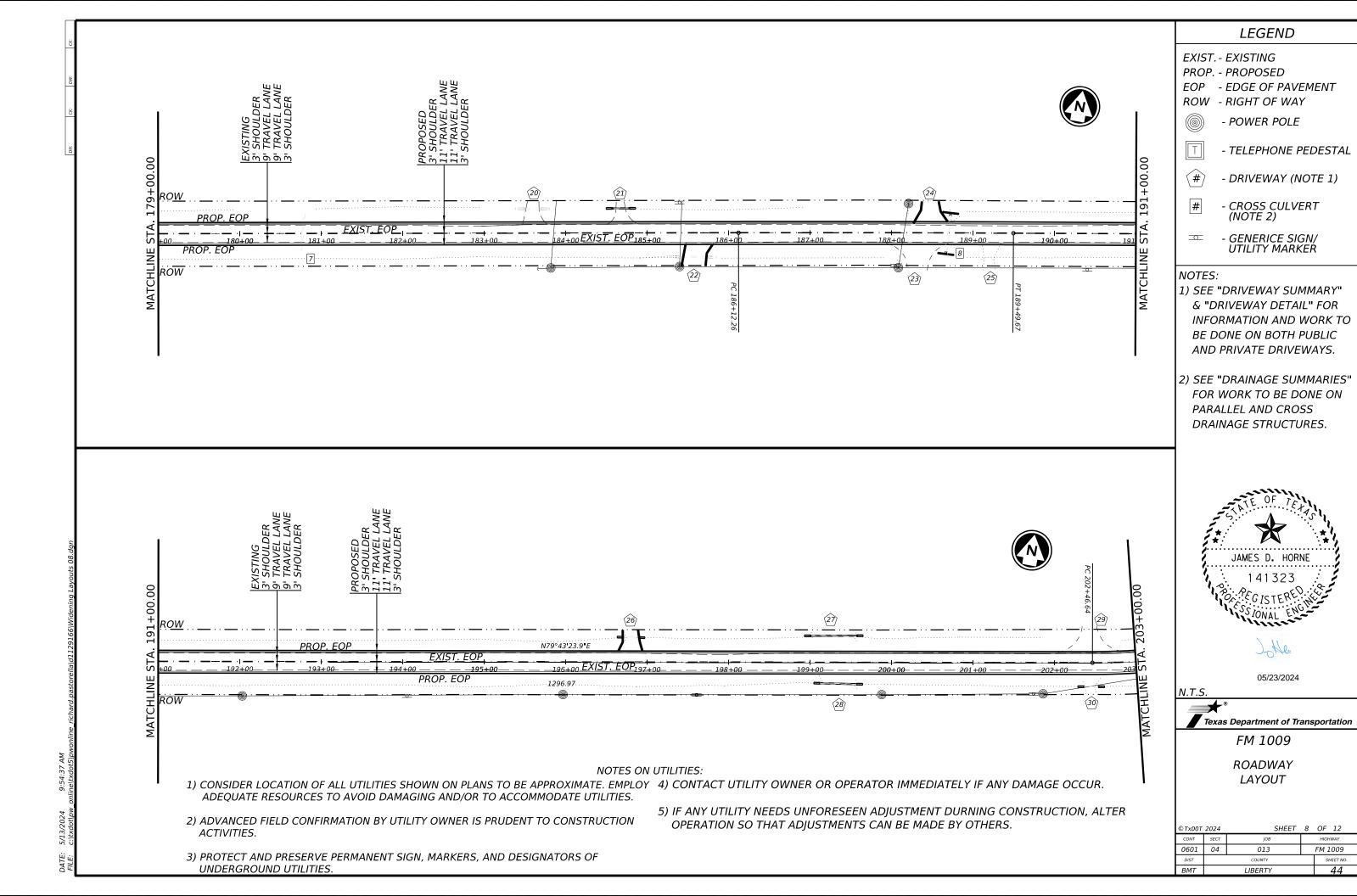
05/23/2024

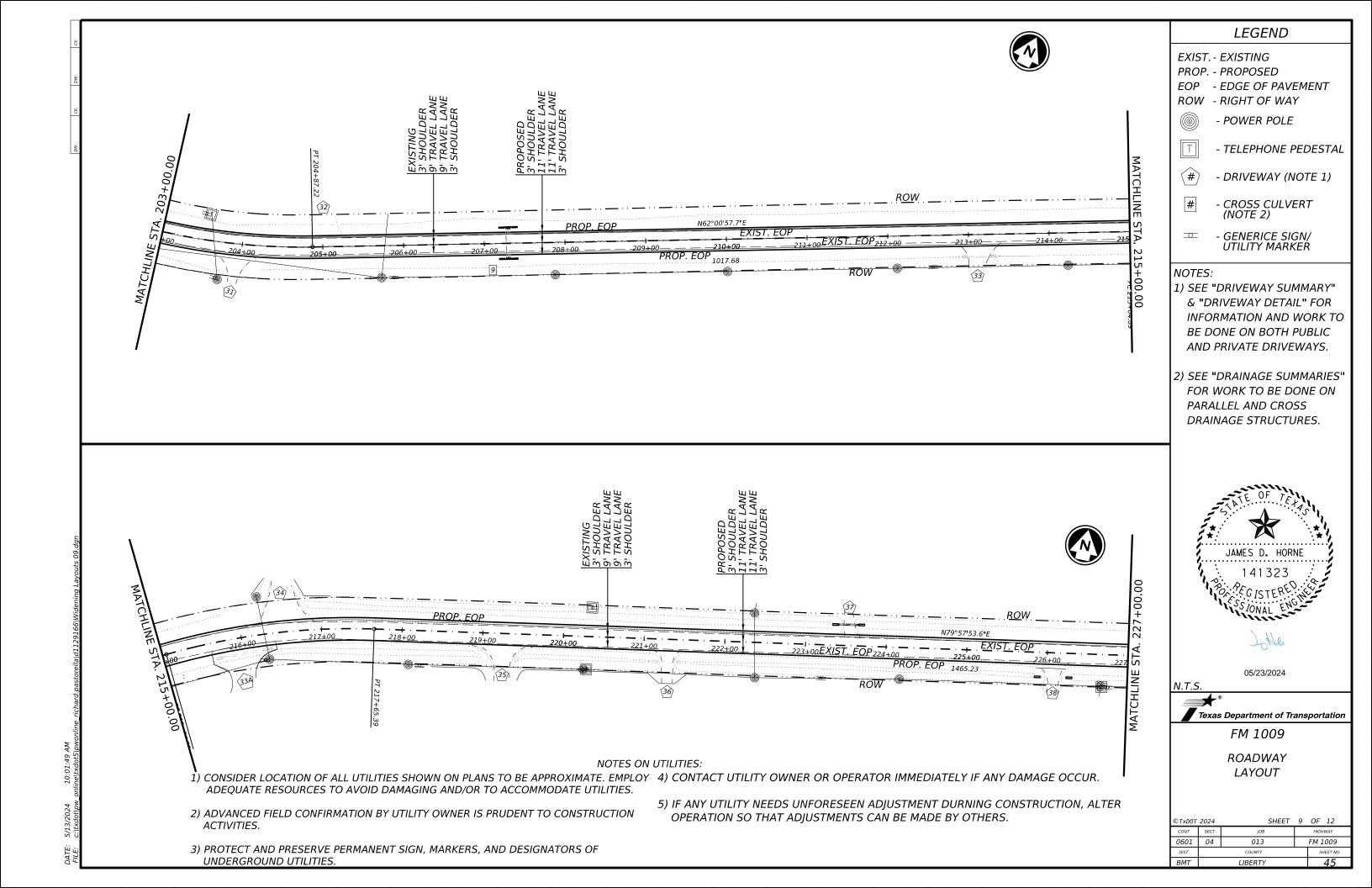
Texas Department of Transportation

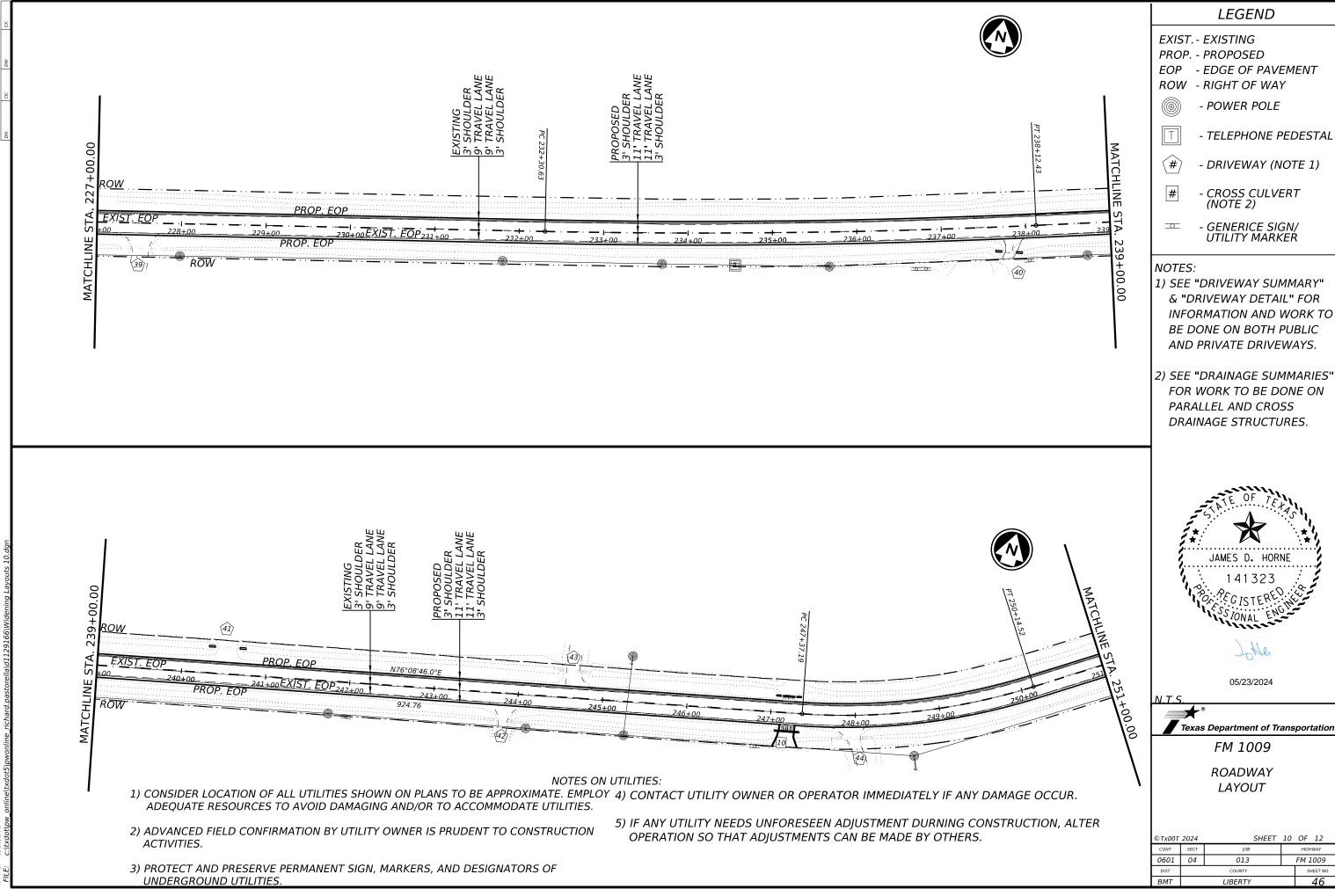
FM 1009

ROADWAY LAYOUT

©TxD0T	2024	SHEET	7	OF	12			
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	IWAY			
0601	04	013		FM 1009				
DIST		COUNTY		SI	HEET NO.			
ВМТ		LIBERTY			43			







LEGEND

PROP. - PROPOSED

EOP - **EDGE OF PAVEMENT**



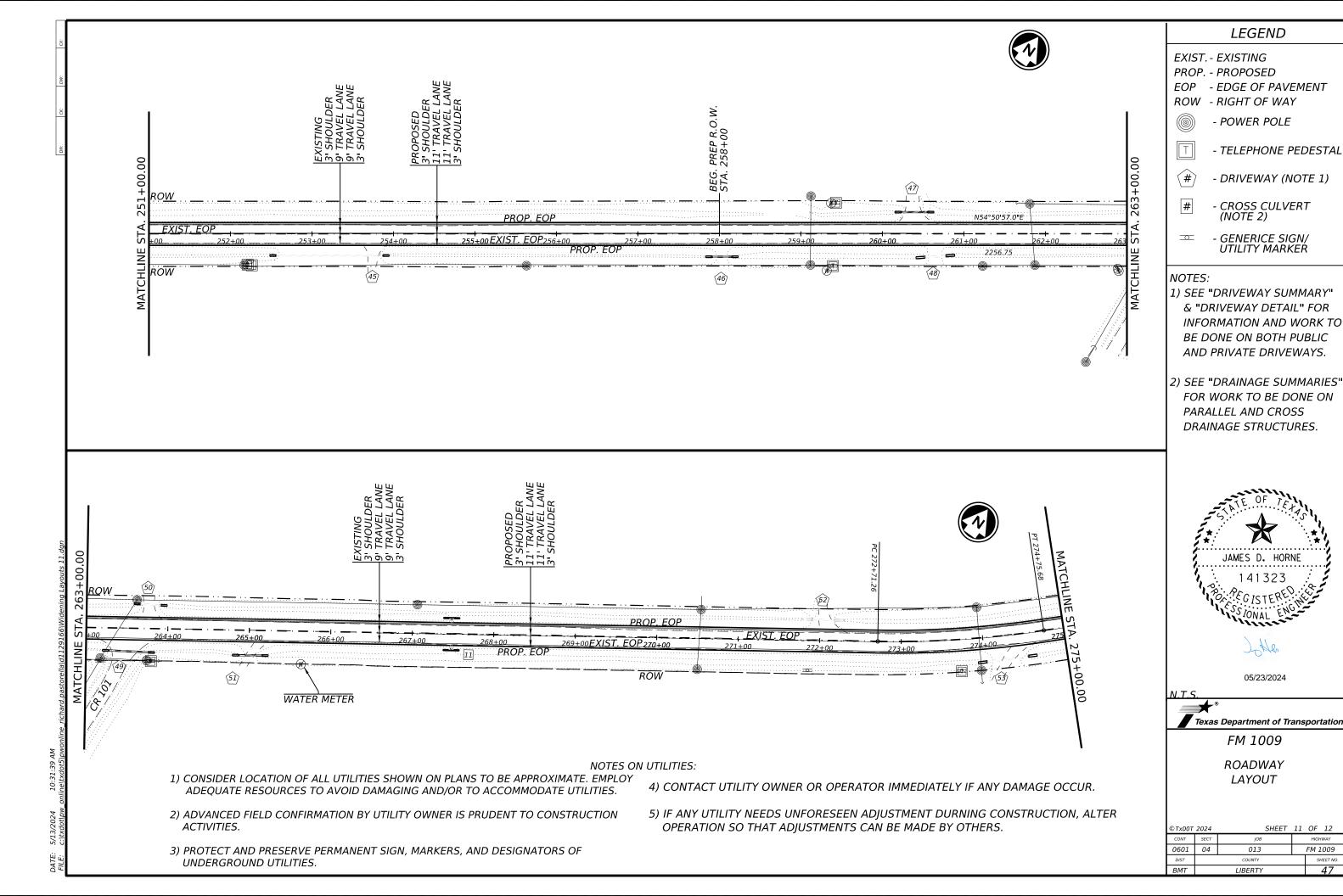
- 1) SEE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY" & "DRIVEWAY DETAIL" FOR INFORMATION AND WORK TO BE DONE ON BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS.
- 2) SEE "DRAINAGE SUMMARIES" FOR WORK TO BE DONE ON PARALLEL AND CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.



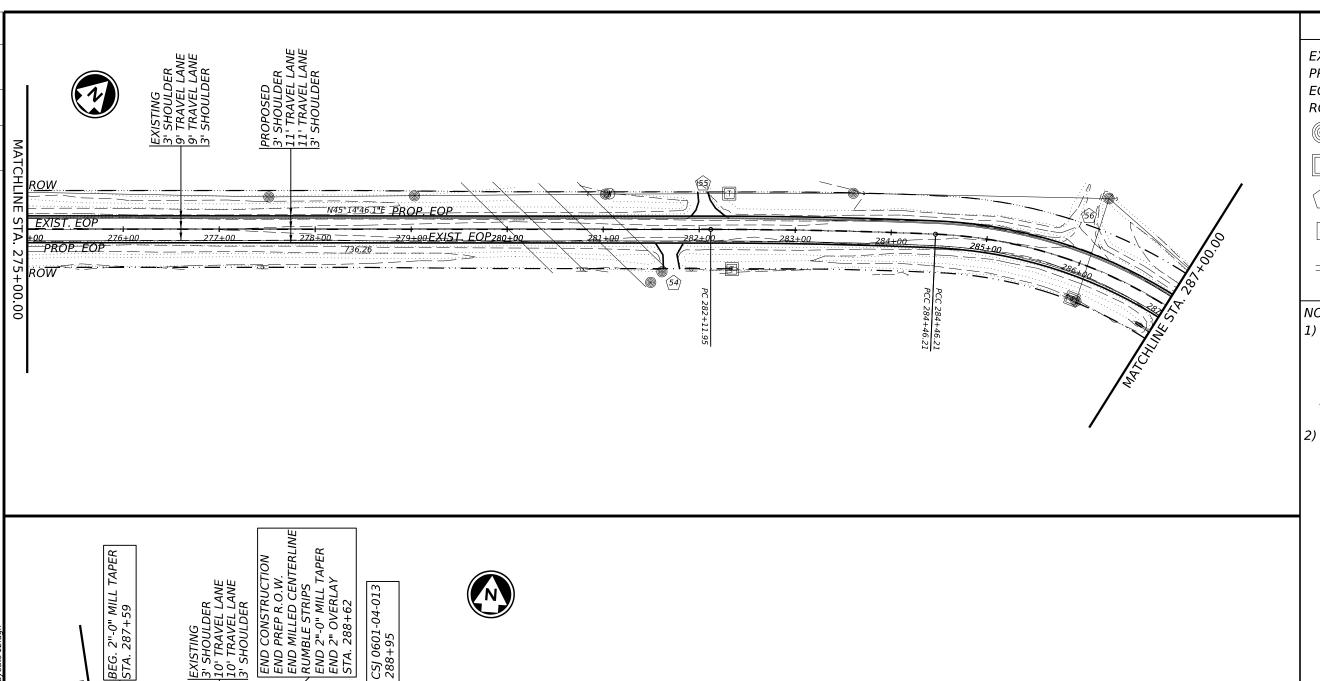
FM 1009

ROADWAY LAYOUT

©TxD0T	2024	SHEET	10	OF 12				
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
0601	04	013	1	FM 1009				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
BMT		LIBERTY		46				



FM 1009



NOTES ON UTILITIES:

- 1) CONSIDER LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES SHOWN ON PLANS TO BE APPROXIMATE. EMPLOY ADEQUATE RESOURCES TO AVOID DAMAGING AND/OR TO ACCOMMODATE UTILITIES.
- 2) ADVANCED FIELD CONFIRMATION BY UTILITY OWNER IS PRUDENT TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- 3) PROTECT AND PRESERVE PERMANENT SIGN, MARKERS, AND DESIGNATORS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 4) CONTACT UTILITY OWNER OR OPERATOR IMMEDIATELY IF ANY DAMAGE OCCUR.
- 5) IF ANY UTILITY NEEDS UNFORESEEN ADJUSTMENT DURNING CONSTRUCTION, ALTER OPERATION SO THAT ADJUSTMENTS CAN BE MADE BY OTHERS.

LEGEND

EXIST. - EXISTING

PROP. - PROPOSED

EOP - **EDGE OF PAVEMENT** ROW - RIGHT OF WAY



- POWER POLE



- TELEPHONE PEDESTAL



- DRIVEWAY (NOTE 1)



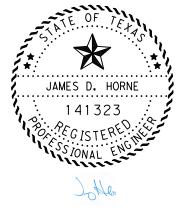
- CROSS CULVERT (NOTE 2)



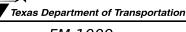
- GENERICE SIGN/ UTILITY MARKER

NOTES:

- 1) SEE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY" & "DRIVEWAY DETAIL" FOR INFORMATION AND WORK TO BE DONE ON BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS.
- 2) SEE "DRAINAGE SUMMARIES" FOR WORK TO BE DONE ON PARALLEL AND CROSS DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.



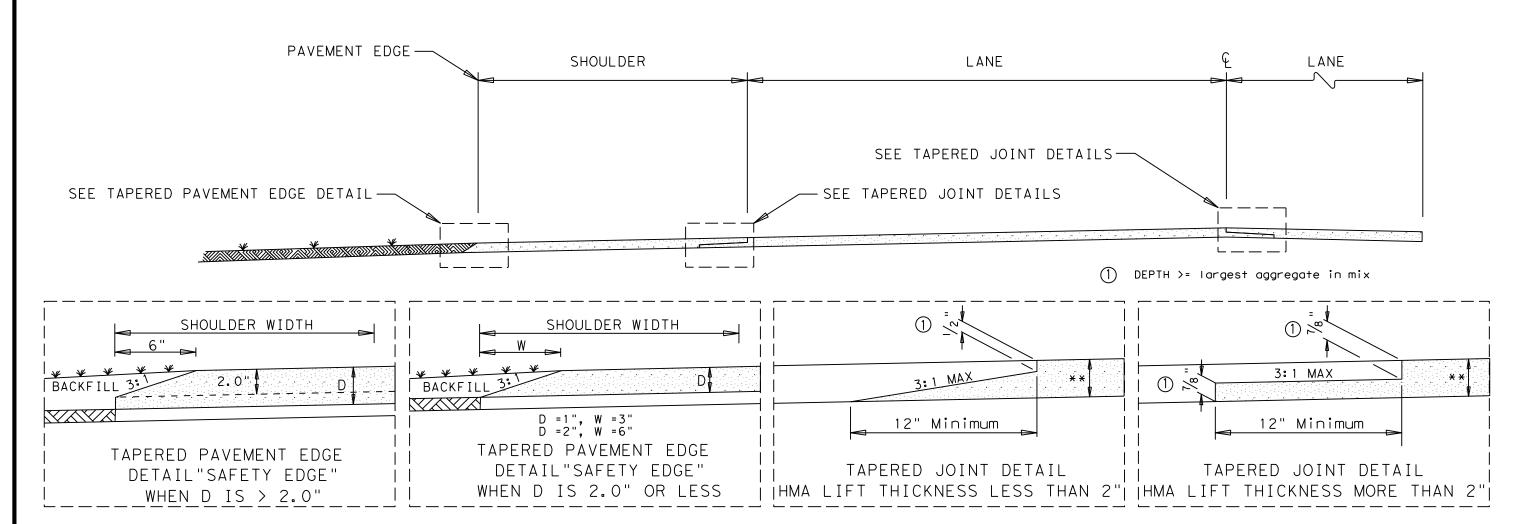
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FM 1009

ROADWAY LAYOUT

©TxD0T	2024	SHEET	12	OF	12	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
0601	04	013	FM 1009			
DIST		COUNTY		Si	HEET NO.	
ВМТ		LIBERTY			48	



** SEE LAYOUT SHEETS FOR DEPTH AND TYPE OF HMA.

NOTES:

LONGITUDINAL JOINTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY TAPERING THE BITUMINOUS MAT. THE TAPERED PORTION SHALL EXTEND BEYOND THE NORMAL LAND WIDTH. THE TAPERED PORTION OF THE MAT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE USE OF AN APPROVED SCREED ATTACHMENT WHICH WILL PRODUCE THE DESIRED SHAPE WITH THE MAIN SCREED. USE OF AN EXTERNAL STRIKE-OFF DEVISE TO MODIFY THE MAT SHAPE AFTER PASSING OF THE SCREED WILL NOT BE ALLOWED. TACK COAT SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE IN-PLACE TAPER BEFORE THE ADJACENT MAT IS PLACED. FINAL DENSITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ENTIRE PAVEMENT, INCLUDING THE TAPER AREA. WILL REMAIN UNCHANGED.

PAVEMENT EDGES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY TAPERING THE BITUMINOUS MAT. THE TAPERED PORTION SHALL BE PLACED WITHIN THE NORMAL LANE WIDTH UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE TAPERED PORTION OF THE MAT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE USE OF AN APPROVED SCREED ATTACHMENT WHICH WILL PRODUCE THE DESIRED SHAPE WITH THE MAIN SCREED. USE OF AN EXTERNAL STRIKE-OFF DEVICE TO MODIFY THE MAT SHAPE AFTER PASSING OF THE SCREED WILL NOT BE ALLOWED. COMPACTION OF THE PAVEMENT EDGE TAPER WILL BE REQUIRED TO AS NEAR TO FINAL DENSITY AS POSSIBLE.



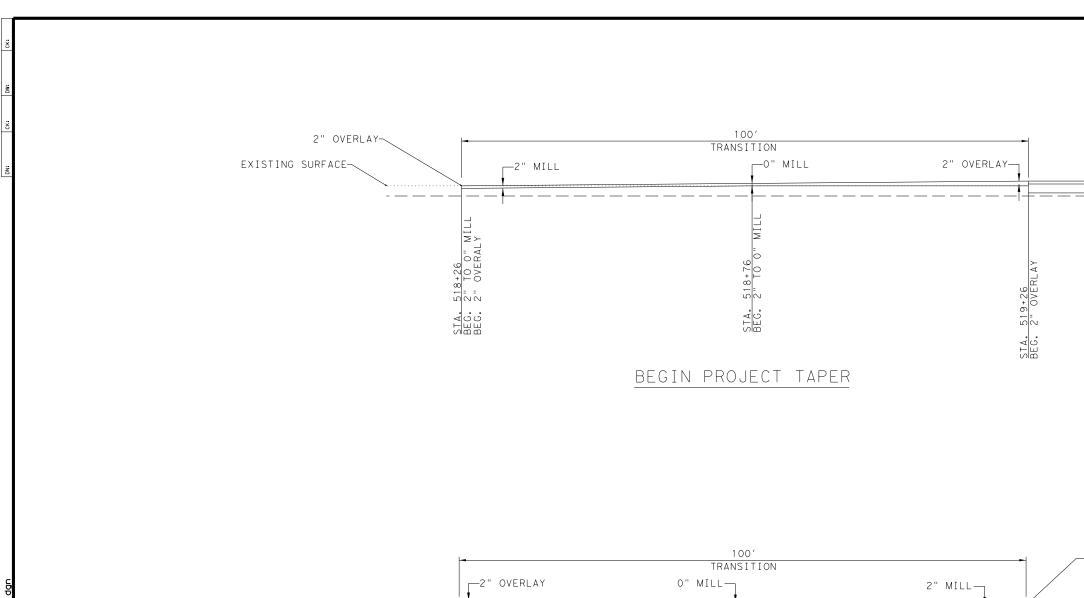
HOT MIX
LONGITUDINAL
AND
PAVEMENT EDGE
JOINT DETAILS

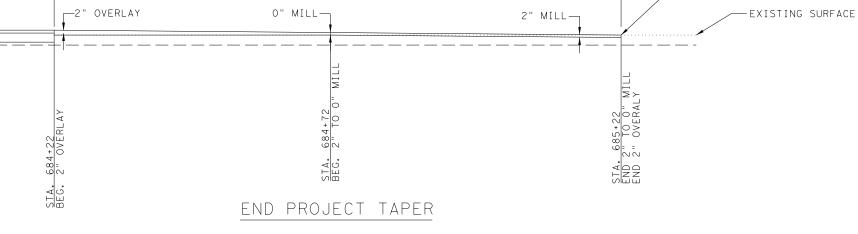


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FED. RD. DIV. NO.				SHEET NO.			
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CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIG	HWAY NO.			
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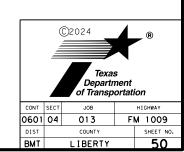




-2" OVERLAY

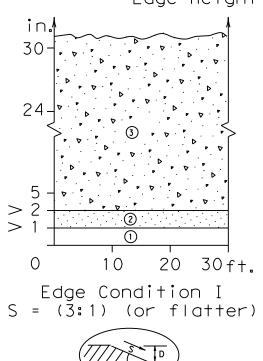
FM 1009 TAPER DETAILS

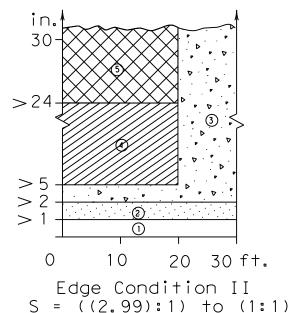
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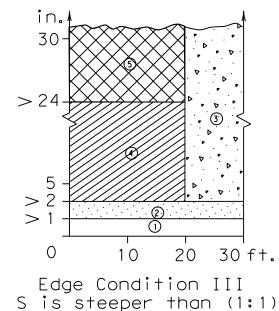


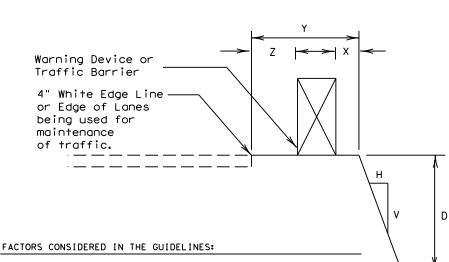
DEFINITION OF TREATMENT ZONES FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

Edge Height (D) in Inches versus Lateral Clearance (Y) in Feet









- 1. The "Edge Condition" is the slope (S) of the drop-off (H:V). The "Edge Height is the depth of the drop-off "D".
- 2. Distance "X" is to be the maximum practical under job conditions. Two feet minimum for high speed conditions. Distance "Y" is the lateral clearance from edge of travel lane to edge of dropoff. Distance "Z" does not have a minimum.
- 3. In addition to the factors considered in the guidelines, each construction zone drop-off situation should be analyzed individually, taking into account other variables, such as: traffic mix, posted speed in the construction zone, horizontal curvature, and the practicality of the treatment options.
- 4. The conditions for indicating the use of positive or protective barriers are given by Zone-5 and Figure-1. Traffic barriers are primarily applicable for high speed conditions. Urban areas with speeds of 30 mph or less may have a lesser need for signing, delineation, and barriers. Right-angled edges, however, with "D" greater than 2 inches and located within a lateral offset of 6 feet, may indicate a higher level of treatment.
- 5. If the distance "Y" must be less than 3 feet, the use of a positive barrier may not be feasible. In such a case, consider either: 1) narrowing the lanes to a desired 11 to 12 feet or 10 foot minimum (see CW20-8 sign), or 2) provide an edge slope such as Edge Condition I.

Treatment Types Guidelines:

No treatment.

CW 8-11 "Uneven Lanes" signs.

CW 8-9a "Shoulder Drop-Off" or CW 8-11 signs plus vertical panels.

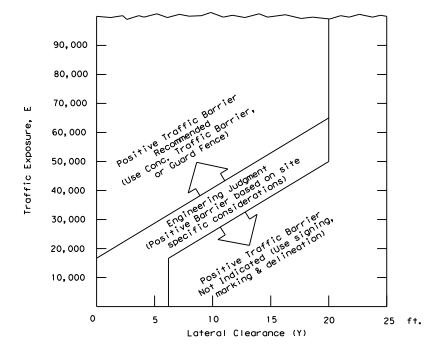
- CW 8-9a or CW 8-11, signs plus drums. Where restricted space precludes the use of drums, use vertical panels. An edge fill may be provided to change the edge slope to that of the preferable Edge Condition I.
- Check indications (Figure-1) for positive barrier. Where positive barrier is not indicated, the treatment shown above for Zone- 4 may be used after consideration of other applicable factors.

Edge Condition Notes:

(1)

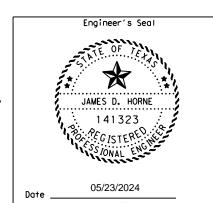
- 1. Edge Condition I: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope rate of (3 to 1) or flatter. The slope must be constructed with a compacted material capable of supporting vehicles.
- 2. Edge Condition II: Most vehicles are able to traverse an edge condition with a slope between (2.99 to 1) and (1 to 1) so long as "D" does not exceed 5 inches. Under-carriage drag on most automobiles will occur when "D" exceeds 6 inches. As "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility for rollover is greater in most vehicles.
- 3. Edge Condition III: When slopes are greater than (1 to 1) and where "D" is greater than 2 inches, a more difficult control factor may exist for some vehicles, if not properly treated. For example, where "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 24 inches different types of vehicles may experience different steering control at different edge heights. Automobiles might experience more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 2 inches and up to 5 inches. Trucks, particularily those with high loads, have more steering control differential when "D" is greater than 5 inches and up to 24 inches. When "D" exceeds 24 inches, the possibility of rollover is greater for most vehicles.
- 4. Milling or overlay operations that result in Edge Condition III should not be in place without appropriate warning treatments, and these conditions should not be left in place for extended periods of time.

FIGURE-1: CONDITIONS INDICATING USE OF POSITIVE BARRIER FOR ZONE 5 (XXX)



- 1 $E = ADT \times T$ Where ADT is that portion of the average daily traffic volume traveling within 20 feet (generally two adjacent lanes) of the edge dropoff condition; and, T is the duration time in years of the dropoff condition.
- 2 Figure-1 provides a practical approach to the use of positive barriers for the protection of vehicles from pavement drop-offs. Other factors, such as the presence of heavy machinery, construction workers, or the mix and volume of traffic may make the use of positive barriers appropriate, even when the edge condition alone may not justify the use of a barrier.
- An approved end treatment should be provided for any positive barrier end located within a lateral offset of 20 feet from the edge of the travel lane.

These guidelines apply to temporary traffic control areas or work zones where continuous pavement edges or drop-offs exists parallel and adjacent to a lane used by traffic. The edge conditions may be present between shoulders and travel lanes, between adjacent or opposing travel lanes, or at intermediate points across the width of the paved surface. Due to the variability in construction operations, tolerances in the variables may be allowed by the engineer. These guidelines do not apply to short term operations. These guidelines do not constitute a rigid standard or policy; rather, they are guidance to be used in conjunction with engineering judgement. These guidelines may be updated on the Design Division's





TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS EDGE CONDITIONS

© TxDOT August 2000 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO JOB 0601 04 013 FM 1009 08-01 correct typos

LIBERTY

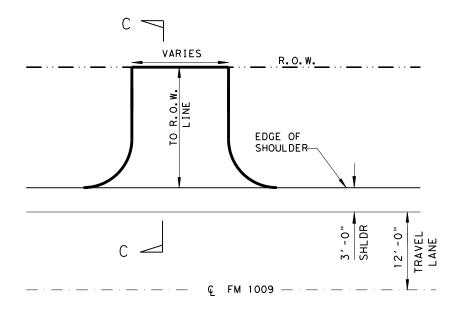
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DRIVEWAY	1
SUMMARY	
SUMMANT	

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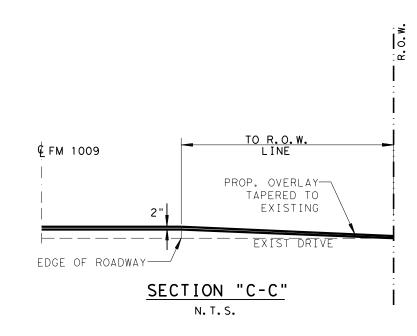
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CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
0601	04	013	FI	M 1009
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
<u>BMT</u>		LIBERTY		52

						DI	RIVEW	AY &	PUBLIC ROA						
DWY #	STATION	LEFT	RIGHT		DWY TYPE		PRIVATE	PUBLIC	NAME	PROP. DWY WO		WIDTH 1	WIDTH 2	LENGTH 2	AREA
				ACP/CON	GRAV./	GRASS	DRIVE	ROAD		SP OVELAY	FB OVERLAY	FT	FT	FT	SY
1	14+69	Х			X		Х				Х	105	92	5	30
2	19+63		X		Х		X			NO WORK D	X	80	68	5	40
3	20+48 25+84	X	X		Х	X	X			NO WORK, B	X	44	40	5	23
5	26+95		X		X		X				X	41	40	5	23
6	53+56	х				X	Х			NO WORK, B.					
7	54+13		х		х		х				х	39	32	5	19
8	58+37		Х			х	Х			NO WORK, B	ACKFIL ONLY				
9	85+70		х	х				х	RICE BELT RD	X		77	32	26	138
10	97+59		Х		Х			Х	HEADQUATERS RD		Х	115	46	27	225
11	98+57	X			X		X				X	101	91	5	52
12	106+00 127+05	X			X		X				X X	72 53	57 42	5	36 26
14	132+68		х		X		X				x	47	37	5	23
15	147+19	х			X		X				X	18	19	5	10
16	155+58	х			х		Х				Х	44	32	5	21
17	155+73		х	L		х	х			NO WORK, B	ACKFIL ONLY				
18	156+11		х			х	х			NO WORK, B	ACKFIL ONLY				
19	171+35	х			Х		Х				Х	30	22	5	14
20	183+61	х		х			х			Х		26	19	5	13
21	184+69	х		х			Х			Х		29	22	5	13
22	185+59		X		X		X				Х	33	31	5	18
23	188+32		Х		Х		X				X	68	50	5	32
24	188+48	х	-	-	-	X	X			NO WORK, B					
25 26	189+20 196+81	X	Х			X X	X			NO WORK, B.					
27	199+29	X				x	x			NO WORK, B					
28	199+35		х			x	X			NO WORK, B		***			
29	202+43	х			х		х			,	х	73	51	5	33
30	202+44		х			x	Х			NO WORK, B.	ACKFIL ONLY				
31	203+92		х		х		Х				х	52	37	5	25
32	205+05	х			х		Х				х	39	36	5	21
33	213+12		х	х			Х			x		45	36	5	22
33A	216+01		Х	х			Х			х		58	58	5	35
34	216+58	Х			X		Х				Х	66	57	5	34
35	219+45		X		Х		Х				Х	81	45	5	35
36	221+30	· ·	Х		X		X				X	32	21	5	14
37 38	223+53 226+08	Х			X		X				X X	18 37	16 27	5	9
39	227+52		X		X		x				×	40	30	5	19
40	237+80		X		x		X				x	14	11	5	7
41	240+53	х				X	х			NO WORK, B		***			
42	243+85		х		х		Х				Х	37	24	5	16
43	244+67	х			х		х				х	31	23	5	15
44	247+93		х		Х		Х				х	40	28	5	15
45	253+75		х		Х		х				х	27	19	5	13
46	258+03		х			Х	Х			NO WORK, B					
47	260+38	х			Х		х				х	46	32	5	21
48	260+65		X		-	X	Х			NO WORK, B	ACKFIL ONLY				
49	263+45		X	Х			L.	Х	CR 101	Х		65	21	26	105
50	263+78	Х	X		X		X				X X	26	18	5 5	12 8
51 52	265+13 272+09	х	<u> </u>	-	X		X				X	16 21	14 21	5	13
53	274+49	<u> </u>	X		X		X				X	25	21	5	13
54	281+70		x			х	X			NO WORK, B					
55	282+08	х			X		х				х	36	24	5	16
56	286+00	х			х		х				х	53	41	5	26
57	287+14		х		X		Х				х	18	13	5	8
					-										
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PUBLIC ROAD



TYPICAL FOR SIDE STREETS
N.T.S.



NOTES:

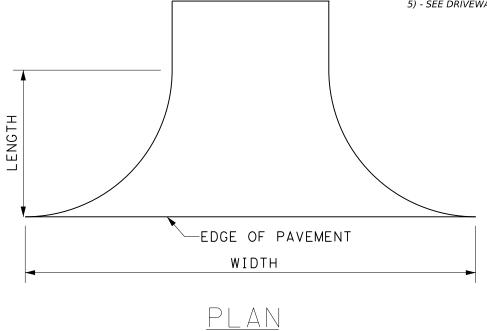
1) - ALL WORK TO PAID UNDER ITEM 530 OF VARIOUS TYPES SEE SUMMARIES FOR PAY ITEM AND QUANTITY

2) -FOR ASPHALT & CONCRETE DRIVES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, PROVIDE MATERIALS MATCHING WHAT IS USED ELSEWHERE ON THE PROJECT.

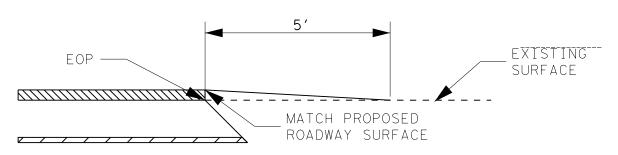
3) -FOR GRAVEL DRIVES USE FLEXIBLE BASE, TYPE A, GR 1-2 WITH VARIBALE DEPTH, OR AN APPROVED ALTERNATIVE.

4) - PROVIDE SMOOTH TRANSITIONS TO EXISTING ROADWAY AND DRIVEWAYS.

5) - SEE DRIVEWAY SUMMARY SHEET FOR MORE INFORMATION



PRIVATE DRIVE



SECTION

DRIVEWAY DETAIL

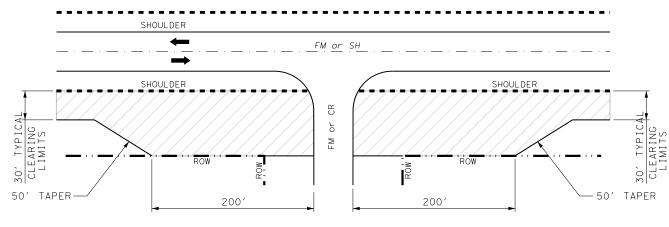
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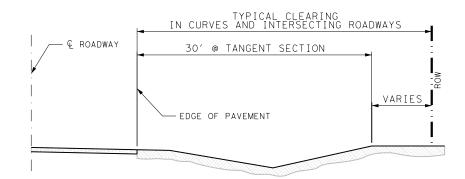


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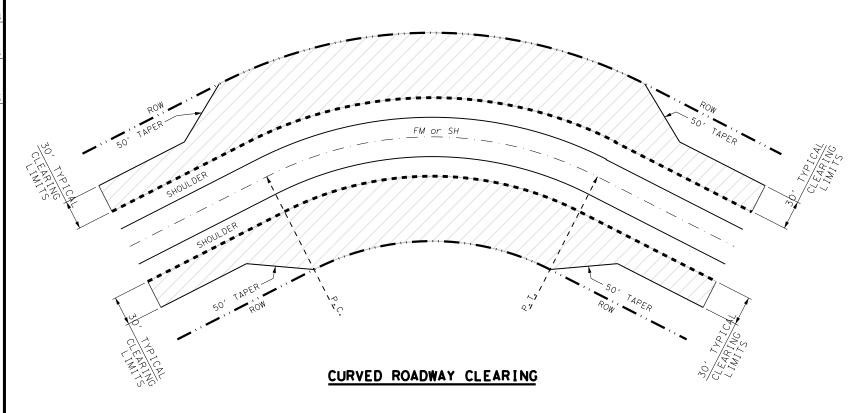




INTERSECTING ROADWAY CLEARING

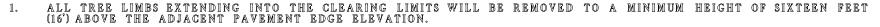


TYPICAL CLEARING SECTION

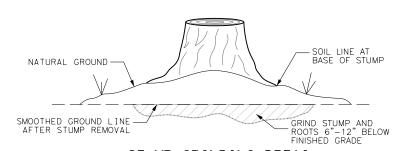




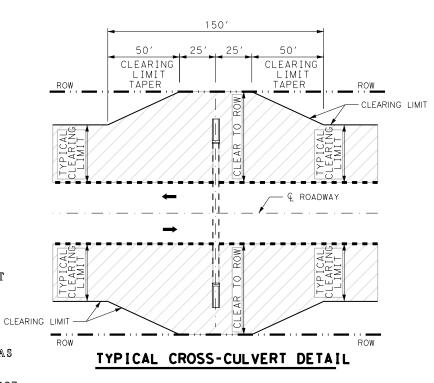
NOTES:

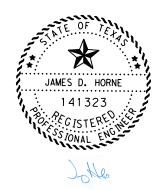


- 2. CLEARING OPERATIONS SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 100, "PREPARING THE RIGHT OF WAY", EXCEPT THOSE SHOWN BY THESE DETAILS.
- 3. ALL STUMPS WITHIN THE CLEARING LIMITS SHALL BE REMOVED BY GRUBBING, EXCEPT IN AREAS NEAR UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- 4. Where clearing is required near exising underground utilities, trees and stumps are not to be grubbed.
 FOR THOSE CONDITIONS, THE RIGHT OF WAY SHALL BE PREPARED BY CUTTING AND GRINDING OF STUMPS AND ROOTS AS DIRECTED.
- 5. ON AREAS TO BE COVORED BY AT LEAST THREE (3) FEET OF EMBANKMENT, TREES AND STUMPS MAY BE CUT OFF AS CLOSE TO NATURAL GROUND AS PRACTICABLE.
- 6. WHERE STEEP SLOPES MAKE GRINDING OPERATIONS IMPRACTICAL, AND THE ENGINEER AGREES IN WRITING, THE CONTRACTOR MAY CUT STUMPS OFF EVEN WITH THE GROUND.
- . AT ALL INTERSECTING ROADWAYS, CLEARING SHALL EXTEND TO THE RIGHT OF WAY LINE FOR 200'.



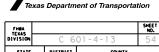
STUMP GRINDING DETAIL





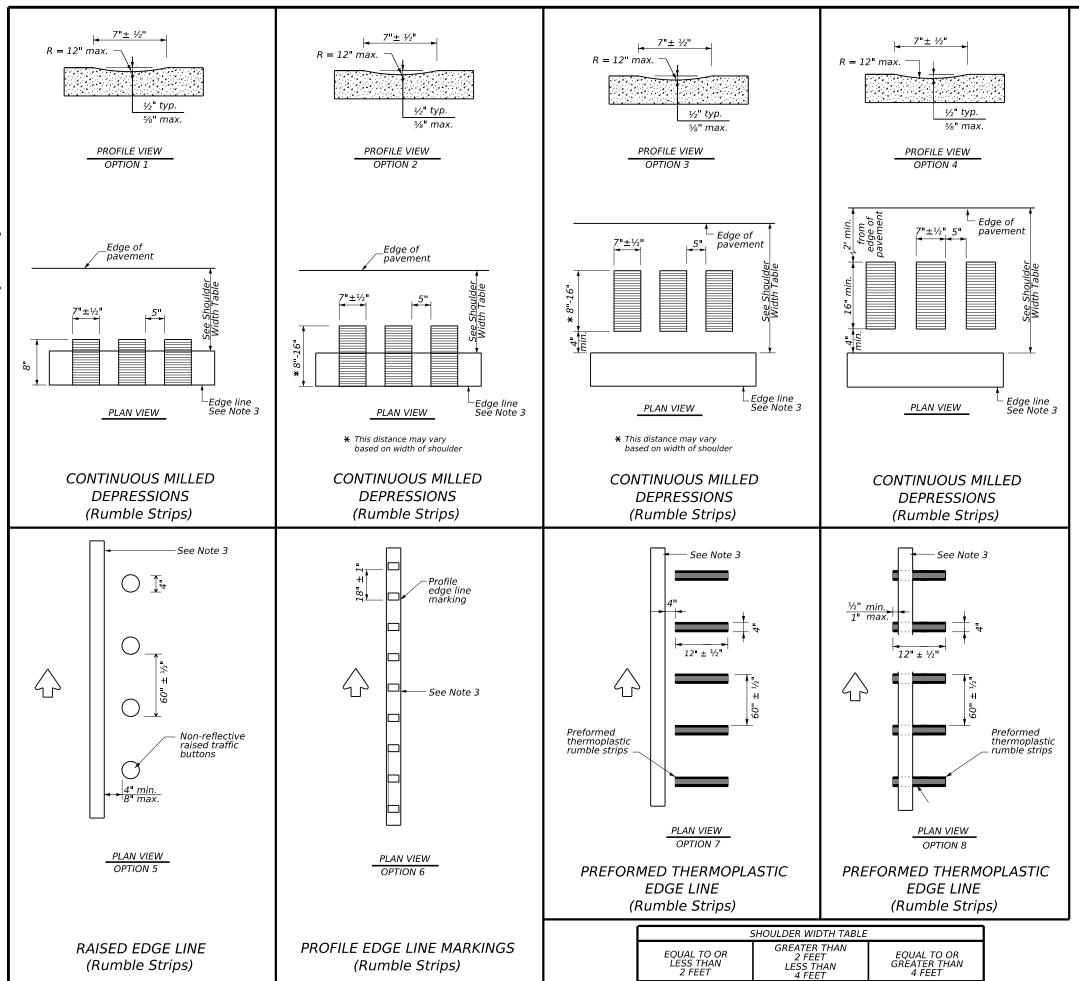
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CLEARING DETAIL



TEXAS BMT LIBERTY

CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHBAY NO.



Option 1, 5,

Option 2, 4, 5 6 or 7

Option 1, 2, 3 5, 6 or 7

GENERAL NOTES

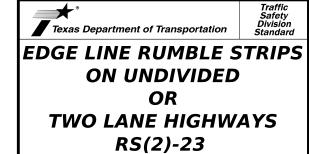
- 1. Rumble strips and profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 2. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 3. Use Standard Sheet PM(2) and FPM(1) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings, and profile markings.
- 4. See the Shoulder Width Table below for determining what options may be used for edge line rumble strips.
- 5. Breaks in edge line rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections, or driveways with high usage of large trucks when installed on conventional highways.
- 6. Rumble strips shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration or deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas, or intersections with other roadways.
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when edgeline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these areas.
- 8. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING MILLED DEPRESSION EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 10. Pavement markings can be applied over milled shoulder rumble strips to create an edge line rumble strip.

WHEN INSTALLING RAISED OR PROFILE EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 11. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 12. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the edge line when used as a rumble strip. The color of the button should match the color of the adjacent edge line marking (white or yellow). The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 13. Non-reflective traffic buttons shall not be placed across exit or entrance ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes, crossovers, gore areas or intersections with other roadways.
- 14. The minimum distance between the edge line and the buttons should be used if the shoulder is less than 8 feet in width.
- 15. Raised profile thermoplastic markings used as edge lines may substitute for buttons.



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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This standard sheet provides guidelines for installing centerline rumble strips on two-lane highways with or without shoulders.
- 2. Centerline and edge line rumble strips or profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.
- 3. Milled rumble strips are preferred when adequate pavement depth is available. If pavement thickness is less than 2 inches, milled rumble strips shall not be used. Rumble strips shall not be milled or depressed into bridge decks.
- 4. See dimensions for milled rumble strips. Other shapes and dimensions may be used if approved by the Traffic Safety Division.
- 5. Breaks in milled centerline rumble strips shall occur at least 50 feet and no more than 150 feet in advance of bridges, railroad crossings, intersections or driveways with high usage of large trucks.
- 6. Use standard sheet PM(2) for positioning, dimensioning, and spacing of all reflective raised pavement markers, pavement markings and profile
- 7. Consideration should be given to noise levels when centerline rumble strips are to be installed near residential areas, schools, churches, etc. A 3/8 inch deep (minimum) milled rumble strip may be considered in these
- 8. Pavement markings must be applied over milled centerline rumble strips.

WHEN INSTALLING CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS:

- 9. Raised rumble strips consisting of non-reflective raised traffic buttons may be used. Non-reflective raised traffic buttons can be affixed to asphalt or concrete with bitumen or adhesives, as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. When using non-reflective raised traffic buttons as a centerline rumble strip, the button shall be placed adjacent to the pavement marking delineating the centerline. The buttons will be paid for under Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers." Non-reflective traffic buttons must meet the requirements of DMS-4300.
- 11. The color of the button should be yellow for a continuous no passing roadway. Black buttons should be used in areas where passing is allowed.
- 12. Consideration shall be given to bicyclists. See RS(6).

WHEN INSTALLING EDGE LINE RUMBLE STRIPS WITH OR WITHOUT CENTERLINE RUMBLE STRIPS ON UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS:

13. See standard sheet RS(2).



Traffic Safety Division Standard

CENTERLINE **RUMBLE STRIPS** ON TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS RS(4)-23

<i>E:</i> rs(4)-23.dgn	DN: TX	DOT.	ск: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ск:ТхD0Т	
TxDOT January 2023	CONT SECT JO		JOB	В		GHWAY	
REVISIONS	0601	0601 04 013 F		FM	1 1009		
-13 -23	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
	BMT		LIBERT	Υ		56	

DWY#	STATION	LEFT	RIGHT	PARALLEL I EXIST. DRAINAGE	DRAINAGE SUMMARY PROP. DRAINAGE	NOTES
1	14+69	X		4-41' X 24" MITERED CMP & 2 GRATE INLETS	REMOVE CMP & GRATE INLETS PLACE 2-3' X 3' PB W/FG PSL, PLACE 4-44' X 24" RCP, PLACE 4-24" 6:1 SETS	
5	26+95		х	2-45'X 48" MITERED CMP	REMOVE EXISITING PLACE 2- 96' X 48' RCP, PLACE 4- 48" 6:1 SETS	48" SETS WILL BE MITERED PIPE ENDS WITH RIPRAP FOLLOWING THE SET P-PD STANDARD
6	53+56	x		1- 23' X 18" RCP	PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
7	54+13		х	EXIST. DRAINAGE 1-25 X 18 STEEL PIPE & 1-18 CMP BURIED UNKNOW LENGTH	REMOVE EXISITING PLACE 2-26' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
8	58+37		x	1-24' X 15" CMP	PLACE 1-24' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
14	132+68		х	1- 30' X 24" CMP	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-32' X 24" RCP PLACE 2-24 " 6:1 SETS	
19	171+35	x		1-23" X 24 " RCP	PLACE 2-24 [®] 6:1 SETS	
21	184+69	х		1-16 X 15 RCP	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-20' X 18" RCP, PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	EXISTNG LENGTH IS APPROXIMATE. ONE END OF PIPE IS BURIED
26	196+81	x		1-18' X 18" RCP	PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
27	199+29	х		1-54' X 15" PLASTIC PIPE	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-56' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18 " 6:1 SETS	
28	199+35		х	1-44' X 15" PLASTIC PIPE	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-44' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18 " 6:1 SETS	
30	202+44		x	1-17" X 18 " RCP	PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
33A	216+01		х	N/A	N/A	DRIVEWAY INSTALL AFTER FIELD SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED. ARIEAL IMAGERY SHOWS EXISTING DRAINAGE CULVERT. FIELD EVALUATE IF ADJUST OR TREATMENT IS
37	223+53	х		1-22' X 18" PLASTIC PIPE	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-24' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18 " 6:1 SETS	
38	226+08		х	1-31 X 18 RCP	PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
40	237+80		х	1-16 X 18 RCP	PLACE 2-18 " 6:1 SETS	
41	240+53	х		1-28 X 18 RCP	PLACE 2-18 * 6:1 SETS	
45	253+75		х	1-130' X 18" RCP	PLACE 2-18 6:1 SETS	
46	258+03		х	1-21•X 15•RCP	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-24' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
47	260+38	х		1-30 X 15 RCP	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-24' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
48	260+65		х	1-25' X 24" PLASTIC PIPE	PLACS 2-24" 6:1 SETS	
49	263+45		х	1-46' X 15" RCP	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-48' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18 " 6:1 SETS	
50	263+78	х		1-25' X 18" RCP	PLACE 2-18 6:1 SETS	
51	265+13		х	1-25' X 15" RCP	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-28' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18 " 6:1 SETS	
53	274+49		х	1-50' X 24" RCP	PLACE 2-24 6:1 SETS	
57	287+14		х	1-28' X 15" RCP	REMOVE EXISTING PLACE 1-48' X 18" RCP PLACE 2-18" 6:1 SETS	
				l		

	CROSS DRAINAGE SUMMARY										
CULVERT #	STATION	EXIST. DRAINAGE	PROP. DRAINAGE	NOTES							
1	32+64	1-40' X 15" RCP	EXTEND 4" EACH SIDE, PLACE 2 -15" HEADWALLS								
2	99+15	2-24 " RCP	SEE CROSS CULVERT LAYOUT 1 OF 3	PVC PIPELINE THROUGH ONE CULVERT. TO BE RELOCATED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION							
3	127+41	2-24" RCP	SEE CROSS CULVERT LAYOUT 2 OF 3								
4	147+77	4-46" X 36" RCP	EXTEND 4" EACH SIDE, PLACE 2 -36" HEADWALLS	EXISITNG PIPE SPACING DOES NOT MEET PRECAST HEADWALL REQUIREMENTS. SEE "NON-STANDARD HEADWALL DETAILS" FOR MORE INFORMATION							
5	155+10	2-53' X 24" RCP	EXTEND 4 EACH SIDE, PLACE 1-24" HEADWALLS PLACE 2-24" 3:1 SETS	EXISITNG PIPE SPACING DOES NOT MEET PRECAST HEADWALL REQUIREMENTS. SEE "NON-STANDARD HEADWALL DETAILS" FOR MORE INFORMATION							
6	155+89	2-64 X 24 RCP W/ WOODEN HEADWALLS	REMOVE HEADWALLS EXTEND 4" EACH SIDE, PLACE 2 -24" HEADWALLS	EXISITNG PIPE SPACING DOES NOT MEET PRECAST HEADWALL REQUIREMENTS. SEE "NON-STANDARD HEADWALL DETAILS" FOR MORE INFORMATION							
7	180+77	1-24" RCP	SEE CROSS CULVERT LAYOUT 3 OF 3								
8	188+69	1-44"X 24" RCP	EXTEND 4" EACH SIDE, PLACE 2 -24" HEADWALLS								
9	207+30	2-32 X 24 RCP W/ FLARED WING WALL	REMOVE WING WALL EXTEND 4" EACH SIDE, PLACE 2 -24" HEADWALLS	EXISITNG PIPE SPACING DOES NOT MEET PRECAST HEADWALL REQUIREMENTS. SEE "NON-STANDARD HEADWALL DETAILS" FOR MORE INFORMATION							
10	247+20	3-32' X 24" RCP W/ FLARED WING WALL	REMOVE WING WALL EXTEND 4' LEFT SIDE, EXTEND 8' RIGHT SIDE PLACE 2 -24" HEADWALLS	EXISITNG PIPE SPACING DOES NOT MEET PRECAST HEADWALL REQUIREMENTS. SEE "NON-STANDARD HEADWALL DETAILS" FOR MORE INFORMATION							
11	267+48	1-33 X 24 RCP W/ FLARED WING WALL	REMOVE WING WALL EXTEND 4' EACH SIDE , PLACE 2 -24" HEADWALLS								

GENERAL NOTES:

PARALLEL STRUCTURES

1) SUMMARY TABLE SHOWS ONLY DRIVEWAYS NEEDING DRAINAGE WORK SEE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY" & "DRIVEWAY DETAIL" FOR SURFACE WORK

2) CUT & RESTORE ALL DRIVEWAY WHERE THE CULVERT(S) ARE TO BE REPLACED THIS WORK WILL BE PAID UNDER ITEM 400 OF DRIVEWAY MATERIAL

3) LAY NEW CULVERTS LARGER THAN THE EXISTNG IN SUCH A MANNER THAT A SMOOTH DRIVEWAY SLOPE IS ATTAINED

4) REGRADE AS NEEDED TO ATTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE AT ALL LOCATIONS WHERE WORK IS TO BE DONE. THIS WORK WILL PAID UNDER ITEM 158

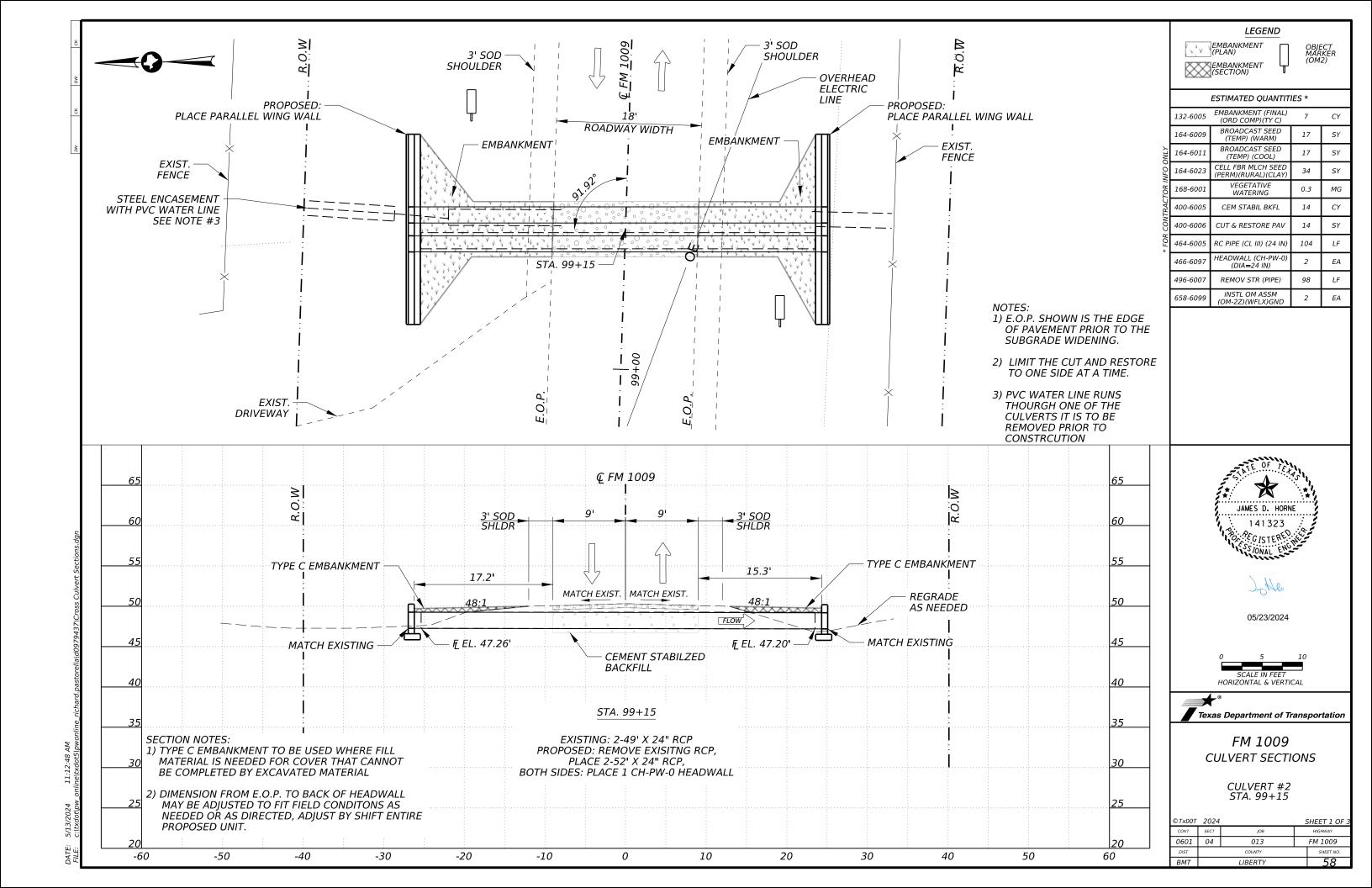
CROSS STRUCTURES

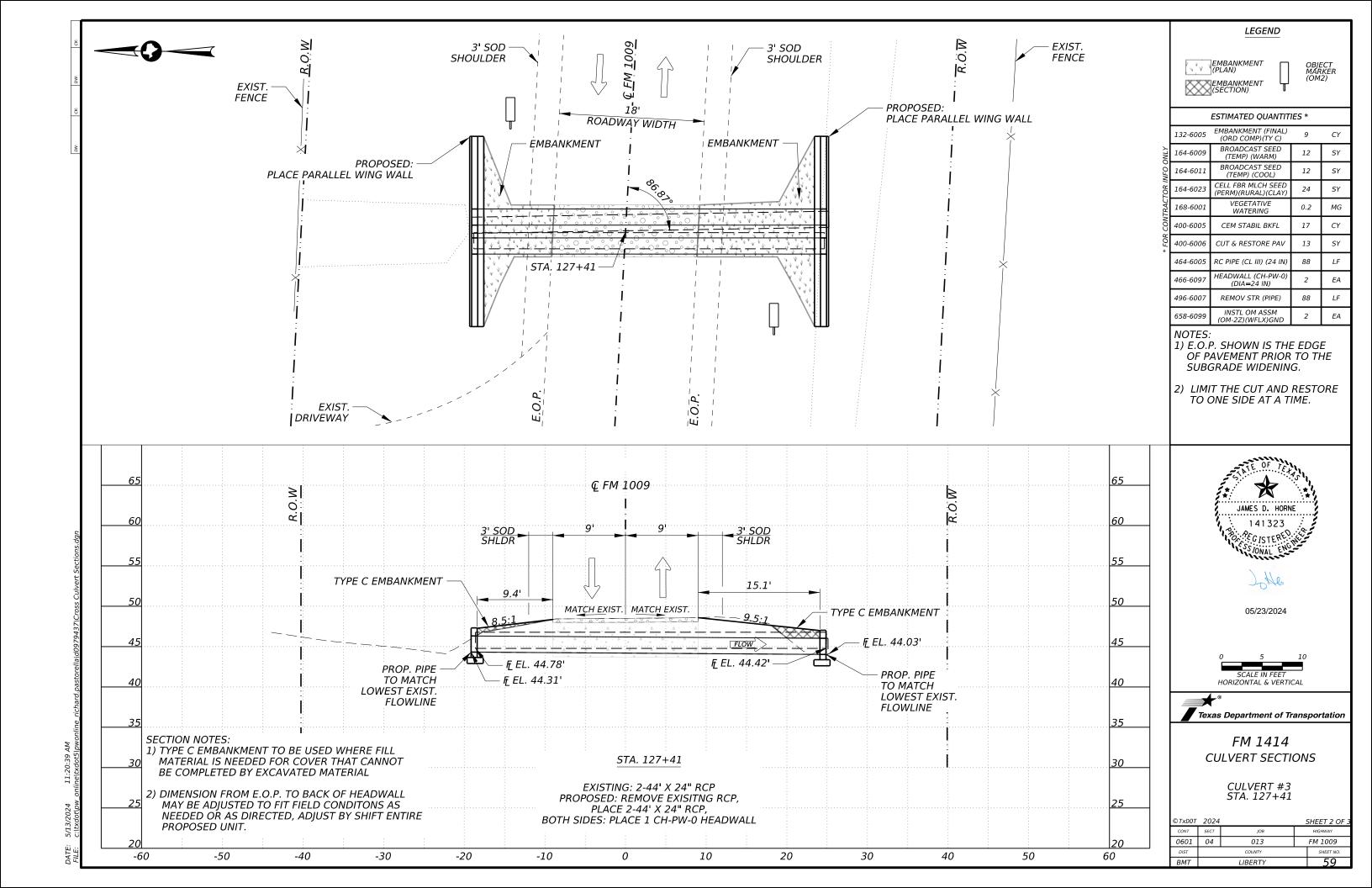
5) DE-WATER AREAS AS NEEDED TOI COMPLETE INSTALL OF END TREATMENTS

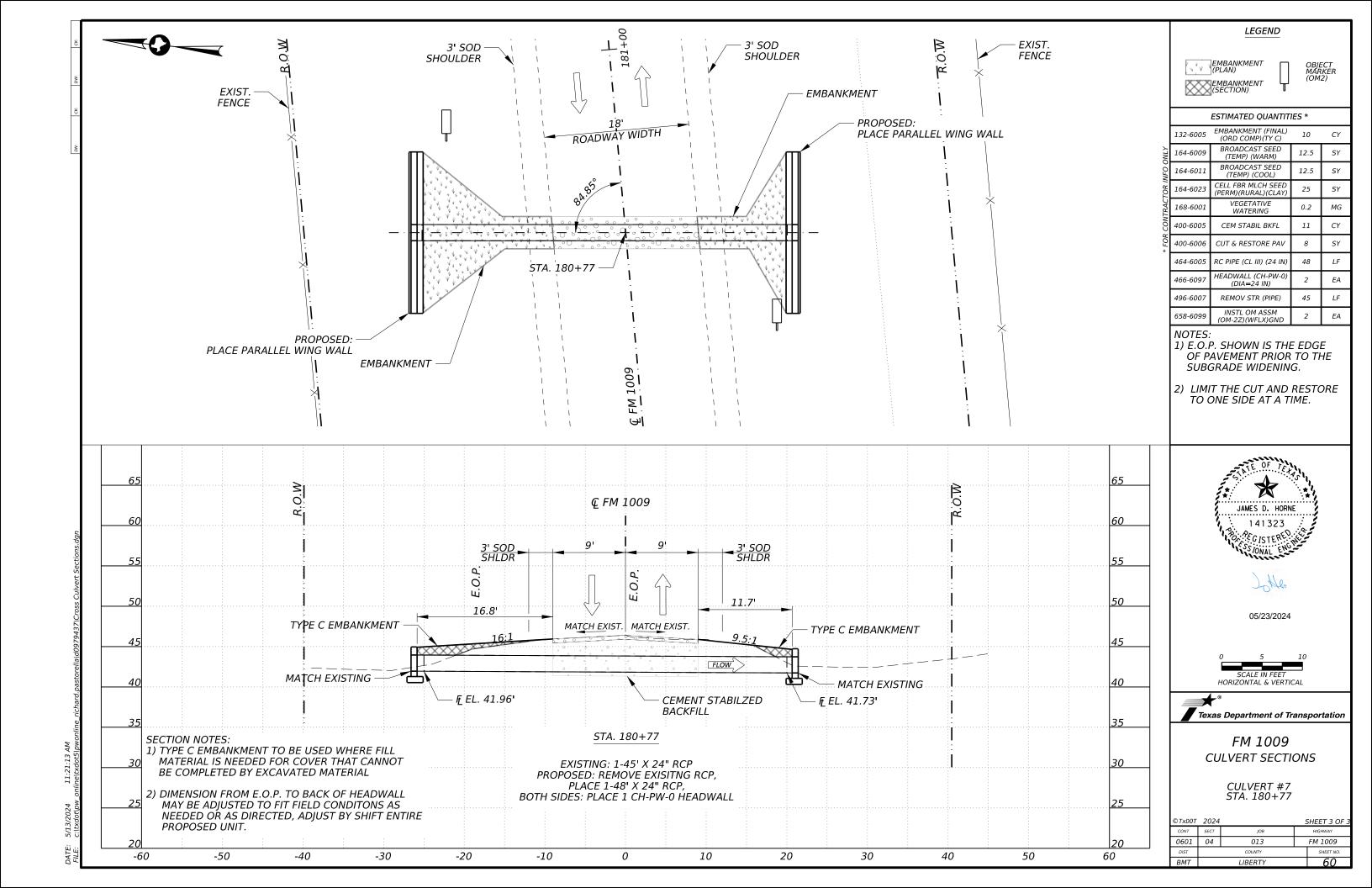
FM 1009 DRAINAGE STRUCTURE SUMMARY

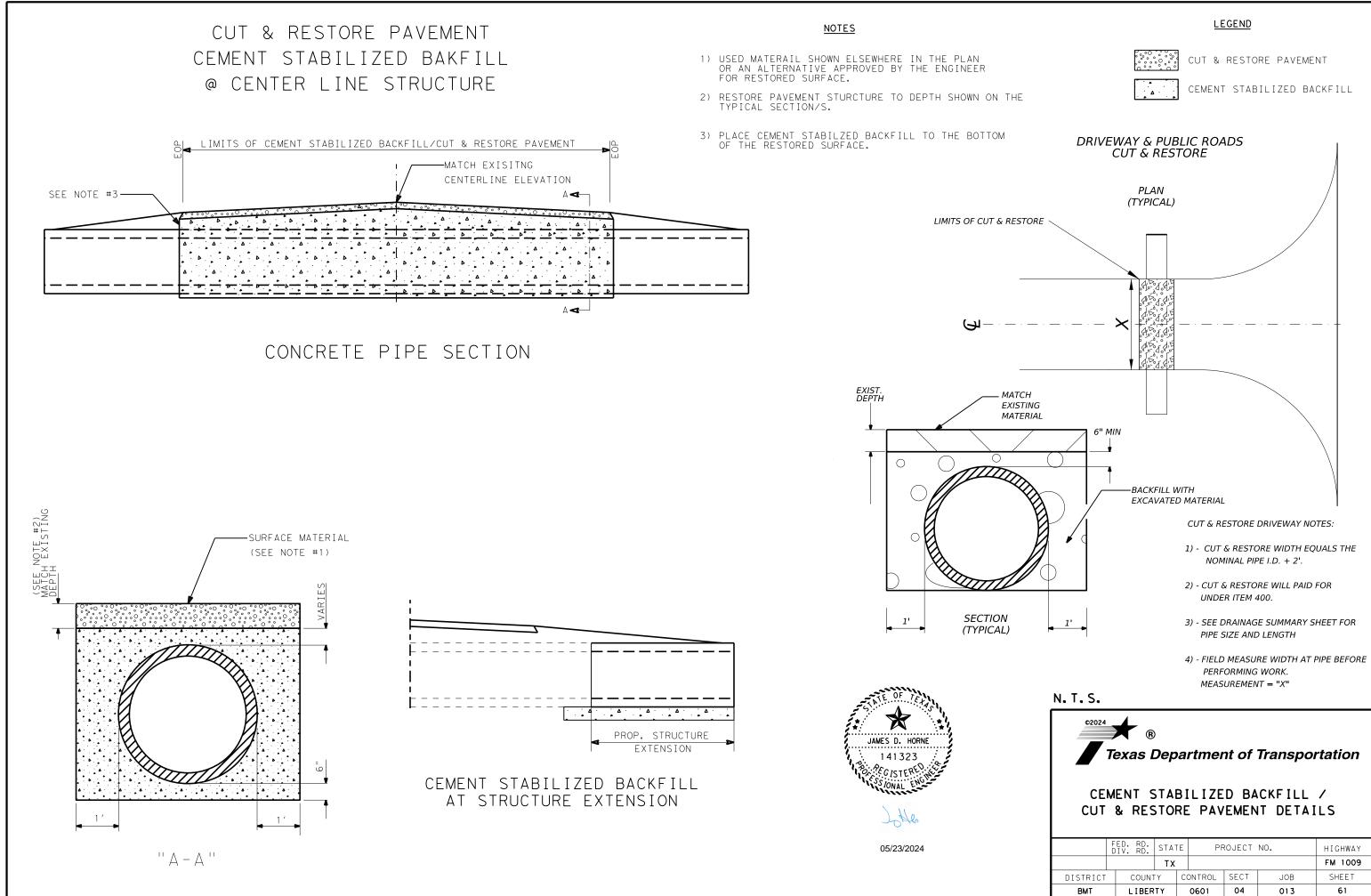


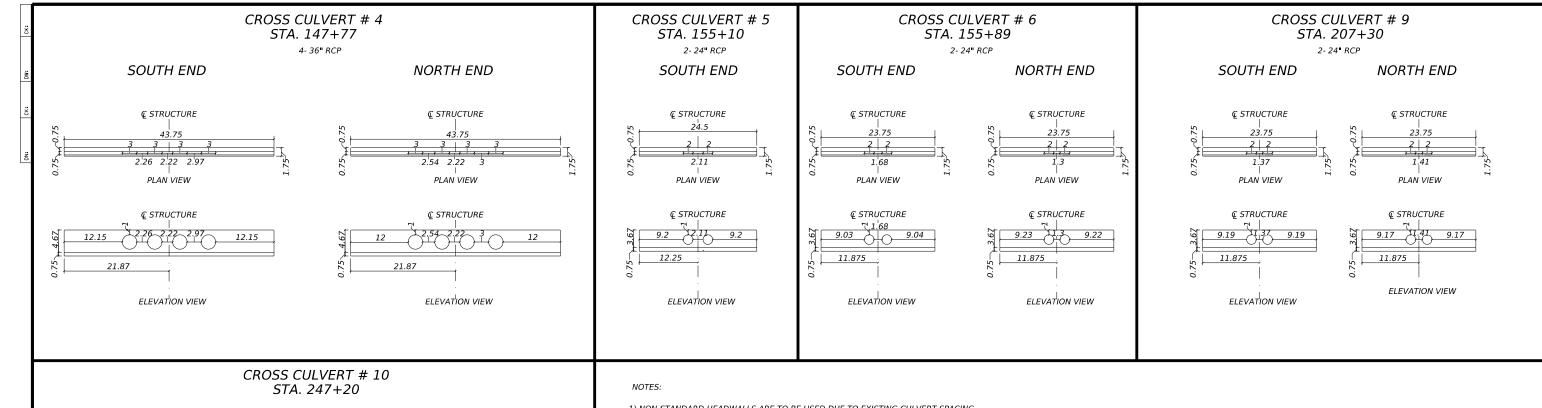
	of Transportation								
CONT	SECT	JOB	H]	GHWAY					
0601	04	013	FM	1009					
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
DMT		LIBEDTY		<u> 57</u>					





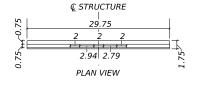


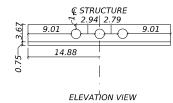


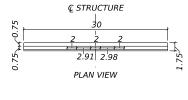


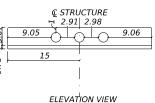
3- 24" RCP

SOUTH END NORTH END









- 1) NON-STANDARD HEADWALLS ARE TO BE USED DUE TO EXISTING CULVERT SPACING EXCEEDING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRECAST HEADWALLS
- 2) NON-STANDARD HEADWALLS WILL BE CAST IN PLACE
- 3) STEEL REINFORCEMENT SIZE AND PLACE WILL FOLLOW THE CH-PW-0 STANDARD
- 4) SEE "DRAINAGE STRUCTURE SUMMARY" FOR MORE INFORMATION
- 5) C-I-P HEADWALLS WILL BE PAID FOR UNDER ITEM 466 OF THE PIPE NOMINAL PIPE DIAMETER

CUBIC YARD OF CONCRETE PER HEADWALE*										
CULVERT #	NORTH END	SOUTH END	LENGTH (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	HEIGHT (FT)	CY				
4	X		43.75	1.75	5.22	14.8				
4		X	43.75	1.75	5.22	14.8				
5		X	24.5	1.75	4.42	7				
-	X		23.75	1.75	4.42	6.8				
6		X	23.75	1.75	4.42	6.8				
9	X		23.75	1.75	4.42	6.8				
9		X	23.75	1.75	4.42	6.8				
10	X		29.75	1.75	4.42	8.5				
10		Х	30	1.75	4.42	8.6				

^{**} FOR CONTRACTOR INFORMATION ONLY, SEE SUMMARY TABLE FOR PAY QUANTITY

NON-STANDARD HEADWALL DETAILS

N.T.S





		Texas Departr of Transp	
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
0601	04	013	FM 1009

LIBERTY

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TABLE OF VARIABLE DIMENSIONS AND QUANTITIES FOR ONE HEADWALL

5

	be	Values for	One Pipe		Values To Be Added for Each Addt'l Pipe		
Slope	Dia of Pipe (D)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)
	12"	9' - 0"	122	1.1	1' - 9"	15	0.2
	15"	10' - 3"	136	1.3	2' - 2"	16	0.2
	18"	11' - 6"	163	1.5	2' - 8"	19	0.3
	21"	12' - 9"	200	1.8	3' - 1"	31	0.4
	24"	14' - 0"	217	2.1	3' - 7"	34	0.4

	45	l e	values ioi	One ripe		for Each Addt'l Pipe			
	Slope	Dia of Pipe (D)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	W	Reinf (Lbs)	Conc (CY)	
		12"	9' - 0"	122	1.1	1' - 9"	15	0.2	
		15"	10' - 3"	136	1.3	2' - 2"	16	0.2	
		18"	11' - 6"	163	1.5	2' - 8"	19	0.3	
D		21"	12' - 9"	200	1.8	3' - 1"	31	0.4	
ing rom its use.		24"	14' - 0"	217	2.1	3' - 7"	34	0.4	
		27"	15' - 3"	254	2.4	3' - 11"	37	0.5	
		30"	16' - 6"	272	2.7	4' - 4"	40	0.6	

ols .	Dia of (D)	W	(Lbs)	(C)	W	(Lbs)	\$\tilde{\chi}
	12"	9' - 0"	122	1.1	1' - 9"	15	0.2
	15"	10' - 3"	136	1.3	2' - 2"	16	0.2
	18"	11' - 6"	163	1.5	2' - 8"	19	0.3
	21"	12' - 9"	200	1.8	3' - 1"	31	0.4
	24"	14' - 0"	217	2.1	3' - 7"	34	0.4
	27"	15' - 3"	254	2.4	3' - 11"	37	0.5
	30"	16' - 6"	272	2.7	4' - 4"	40	0.6
2:1	33"	17' - 9"	314	3.1	4' - 8"	43	0.6
	36"	19' - 0"	371	3.9	5' - 1"	46	8.0
	42"	21' - 6"	442	4.9	5' - 10"	52	1.0

tron		27"	15' - 3"	254	2.4	3' - 11"	37	0.5
		30"	16' - 6"	272	2.7	4' - 4"	40	0.6
esni	2:1	33"	17' - 9"	314	3.1	4' - 8"	43	0.6
damages resulting		36"	19' - 0"	371	3.9	5' - 1"	46	0.8
ama		42"	21' - 6"	442	4.9	5' - 10"	52	1.0
jo Ö		48"	25' - 0"	569	6.4	6' - 7"	59	1.3
results		54"	27' - 6"	701	7.5	7' - 6"	82	1.6
		60"	30' - 0"	794	8.8	8' - 3"	90	1.8
orre		66"	32' - 6"	894	10.2	8' - 9"	96	2.0
or incorrect		72"	35' - 0"	1,055	11.7	9' - 4"	103	2.3

	48"	25' - 0"	569	6.4	6' - 7"	59	1.3
	54"	27' - 6"	701	7.5	7' - 6"	82	1.6
	60"	30' - 0"	794	8.8	8' - 3"	90	1.8
	66"	32' - 6"	894	10.2	8' - 9"	96	2.0
	72"	35' - 0"	1,055	11.7	9' - 4"	103	2.3
	12"	13' - 0"	175	1.6	1' - 9"	14	0.2
	15"	14' - 9"	193	1.9	2' - 2"	17	0.2
	18"	16' - 6"	228	2.2	2' - 8"	19	0.3
	21"	18' - 3"	299	2.6	3' - 1"	31	0.4
	24"	20' - 0"	323	3.0	3' - 7"	33	0.4
	27"	21' - 9"	371	3.5	3' - 11"	37	0.5
	30"	23' - 6"	415	4.0	4' - 4"	40	0.5

	66"	32' - 6"	894	10.2	8' - 9"	96	2.0
	72"	35' - 0"	1,055	11.7	9' - 4"	103	2.3
	12"	13' - 0"	175	1.6	1' - 9"	14	0.2
	15"	14' - 9"	193	1.9	2' - 2"	17	0.2
	18"	16' - 6"	228	2.2	2' - 8"	19	0.3
	21"	18' - 3"	299	2.6	3' - 1"	31	0.4
	24"	20' - 0"	323	3.0	3' - 7"	33	0.4
	27"	21' - 9"	371	3.5	3' - 11"	37	0.5
	30"	23' - 6"	415	4.0	4' - 4"	40	0.5
3.1	33"	25' - 3"	469	4.6	4' - 8"	43	0.6
	3:1	72" 12" 15" 18" 21" 24" 27" 30"	72" 35' - 0" 12" 13' - 0" 15" 14' - 9" 18" 16' - 6" 21" 18' - 3" 24" 20' - 0" 27" 21' - 9" 30" 23' - 6"	72" 35' - 0" 1,055 12" 13' - 0" 175 15" 14' - 9" 193 18" 16' - 6" 228 21" 18' - 3" 299 24" 20' - 0" 323 27" 21' - 9" 371 30" 23' - 6" 415	72" 35' - 0" 1,055 11.7 12" 13' - 0" 175 1.6 15" 14' - 9" 193 1.9 18" 16' - 6" 228 2.2 21" 18' - 3" 299 2.6 24" 20' - 0" 323 3.0 27" 21' - 9" 371 3.5 30" 23' - 6" 415 4.0	72" 35' - 0" 1,055 11.7 9' - 4" 12" 13' - 0" 175 1.6 1' - 9" 15" 14' - 9" 193 1.9 2' - 2" 18" 16' - 6" 228 2.2 2' - 8" 21" 18' - 3" 299 2.6 3' - 1" 24" 20' - 0" 323 3.0 3' - 7" 27" 21' - 9" 371 3.5 3' - 11" 30" 23' - 6" 415 4.0 4' - 4"	72" 35' - 0" 1,055 11.7 9' - 4" 103 12" 13' - 0" 175 1.6 1' - 9" 14 15" 14' - 9" 193 1.9 2' - 2" 17 18" 16' - 6" 228 2.2 2' - 8" 19 21" 18' - 3" 299 2.6 3' - 1" 31 24" 20' - 0" 323 3.0 3' - 7" 33 27" 21' - 9" 371 3.5 3' - 11" 37 30" 23' - 6" 415 4.0 4' - 4" 40

0 1								
s standard to		24"	20' - 0"	323	3.0	3' - 7"	33	0.4
		27"	21' - 9"	371	3.5	3' - 11"	37	0.5
		30"	23' - 6"	415	4.0	4' - 4"	40	0.5
or tnis	3.1	33"	25' - 3"	469	4.6	4' - 8"	43	0.6
		36"	27' - 0"	556	5.7	5' - 1"	46	0.8
conversion		42"	30' - 6"	675	7.1	5' - 10"	52	1.0
		48"	35' - 6"	837	9.2	6' - 7"	59	1.3
DIIITY TOF THE		54"	39' - 0"	1,015	11.0	7' - 6"	84	1.6
ĭ È		60"	42' - 6"	1,171	12.9	8' - 3"	91	1.8
<u> </u>		0011	401 011	1 200	110	01 011	00	20

9 9	42"	30' - 6"	6/5	/.1	5' - 10"	52	1.0
e conve	48"	35' - 6"	837	9.2	6' - 7"	59	1.3
for the	54"	39' - 0"	1,015	11.0	7' - 6"	84	1.6
	60"	42' - 6"	1,171	12.9	8' - 3"	91	1.8
igisu	66"	46' - 0"	1,298	14.9	8' - 9"	98	2.0
responsibility	72"	49' - 6"	1,561	17.1	9' - 4"	103	2.3
no re	12"	17' - 0"	229	2.0	1' - 9"	15	0.2
mes	15"	19' - 3"	266	2.4	2' - 2"	17	0.2
assumes	18"	21' - 6"	308	2.9	2' - 8"	19	0.3

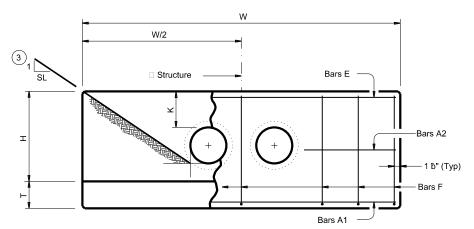
2		12"	17' - 0"	229	2.0	1' - 9"	15	0.2
mes		15"	19' - 3"	266	2.4	2' - 2"	17	0.2
assumes		18"	21' - 6"	308	2.9	2' - 8"	19	0.3
TxDOT (21"	23' - 9"	382	3.5	3' - 1"	31	0.3
		24"	26' - 0"	430	3.9	3' - 7"	34	0.4
		27"	28' - 3"	486	4.7	3' - 11"	37	0.5
		30"	30' - 6"	539	5.2	4' - 4"	40	0.6
	1.1	33"	32' - 9"	603	6.0	4' - 8"	42	0.6
		36"	35' - 0"	738	7.5	5' - 1"	47	0.8
		42"	39' - 6"	881	9.3	5' - 10"	52	1.0
		48"	46' - 0"	1,102	12.1	6' - 7"	61	1.3

		· '				
54"	50' - 6"	1,364	14.4	7' - 6"	84	1.6
60"	55' - 0"	1,547	16.9	8' - 3"	91	1.8
66"	59' - 6"	1,741	19.5	8' - 9"	98	2.0
72"	64' - 0"	2,077	22.4	9' - 4"	102	2.3
12"	25' - 0"	336	3.0	1' - 9"	14	0.2
15"	28' - 3"	384	3.6	2' - 2"	17	0.2
18"	31' - 6"	452	4.2	2' - 8"	19	0.3
21"	34' - 9"	581	5.1	3' - 1"	31	0.4
24"	38' - 0"	644	5.8	3' - 7"	34	0.4

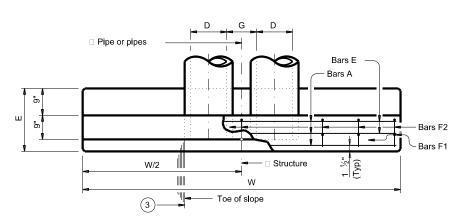
27"	41' - 3"	737	6.9	3' - 11"	37	0.5
30"	44' - 6"	807	7.7	4' - 4"	39	0.6
33"	47' - 9"	912	8.9	4' - 8"	44	0.6
36"	51' - 0"	1,108	11.0	5' - 1"	48	0.8
42"	57' - 6"	1,318	13.7	5' - 10"	54	1.0
48"	67' - 0"	1,682	17.9	6' - 7"	59	1.3

73' - 6" 2,072 21.3 7' - 6" 83 2,351 24.9 89 86' - 6" 2,643 28.9 8' - 9" 96 93' - 0"

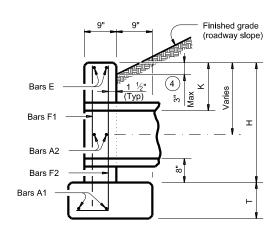
1.6 1.8 2.0 101 2.3 3,121 33.1 9' - 4"



ELEVATION



PLAN OF NON-SKEWED PIPES



SECTION AT CENTER OF PIPE

TABLE OF CONSTANT DIMENSIONS

Dia of Pipe (D)	G	K (5)	Н	Т	E
12"	0' - 9"	1' - 0"	2' - 8"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
15"	0' - 11"	1' - 0"	2' - 11"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
18"	1' - 2"	1' - 0"	3' - 2"	0' - 9"	1' - 9"
21"	1' - 4"	1' - 0"	3' - 5"	0' - 9"	2' - 0"
24"	1' - 7"	1' - 0"	3' - 8"	0' - 9"	2' - 0"
27"	1' - 8"	1' - 0"	3' - 11"	0' - 9"	2' - 3"
30"	1' - 10"	1' - 0"	4' - 2"	0' - 9"	2' - 3"
33"	1' - 11"	1' - 0"	4' - 5"	0' - 9"	2' - 6"
36"	2' - 1"	1' - 0"	4' - 8"	1' - 0"	2' - 6"
42"	2' - 4"	1' - 0"	5' - 2"	1' - 0"	2' - 9"
48"	2' - 7"	1' - 3"	5' - 11"	1' - 0"	3' - 0"
54"	3' - 0"	1' - 3"	6' - 5"	1' - 0"	3' - 3"
60"	3' - 3"	1' - 3"	6' - 11"	1' - 0"	3' - 6"
66"	3' - 3"	1' - 3"	7' - 5"	1' - 0"	3' - 9"
72"	3' - 4"	1' - 3"	7' - 11"	1' - 0"	4' - 0"

6 TABLE OF REINFORCING STEEL

Bar	Size	Spa	No.
A1	#5	~	2
A2	#5	1' - 6"	~
Е	#5	~	2
F	#5	1' - 0"	?

MATERIAL NOTES:
Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide Class C concrete (fc = 3,600 psi).

exceeding the values shown.

GENERAL NOTES:
Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Do not mount bridge rails of any type directly to

these culvert headwalls.
This standard may not be used for wall heights, H,

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. einforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.



CONCRETE HEADWALLS WITH PARALLEL WINGS FOR NON-SKEWED PIPE CULVERTS

CH_DW_0

		CI I-F VV-U						
FILE:		DN: TxD	ОТ	ск: ТхDО	DW:	TxDOT	ск: ТхDОТ	
© TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		-	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0601	04	01.	3	F	M 1009	
		DIST		COUN	TY		SHEET NO.	
		BMT		LIBERT	ΓY		63	

1 Total quantities include one 3'-1" lap for bars
over 60' in length.

- 2 Quantities shown are for concrete pipe and will increase slightly for metal pipe installations.
- 3 Indicated slope is perpendicular to centerline pipe or pipes.
- For vehicle safety, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet these requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (5) Dimensions shown are usual and maximum.
- (6) Quantities shown are for one structure end only (one headwall).

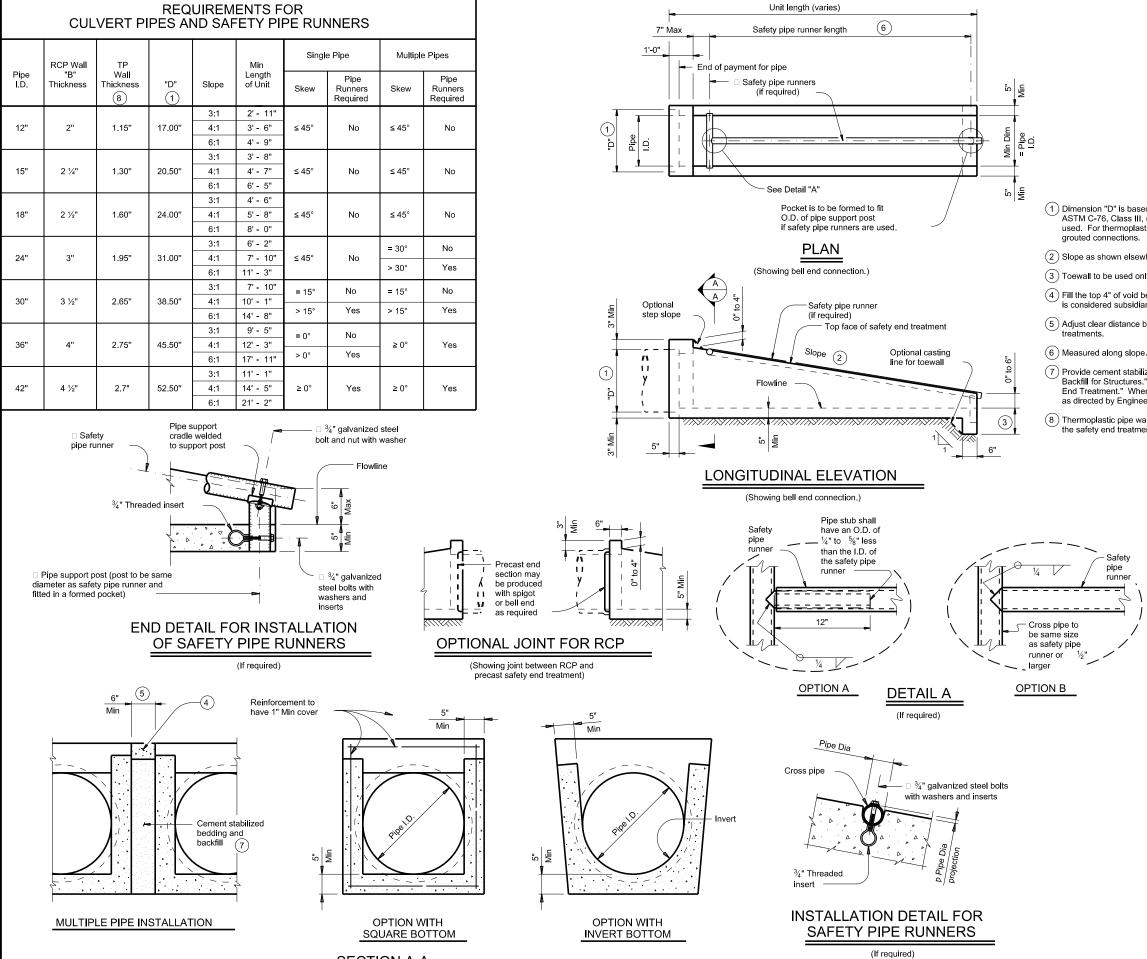
E - 12"

BARS F2

60"

66"

72"



SECTION A-A

SAFETY PIPE RUNNER **DIMENSIONS**

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size						
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.				
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"				
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"				
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"				
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"				

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for
- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (3) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end
- Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer
- (8) Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End

- Treatment" except as noted below: A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40)
- or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" D12 x D12 or 5"x5" D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).
- B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor, the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1. "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

PSET-SC

ILE:	DN: RLW	/	ск: KLR	DW:	JTR	CK:	GAF
C)TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWA	,
REVISIONS 12-21: Added 42" TP	0601	04	013			FM 10	09
	DIST	T COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	ВМТ		LIBER	RTY		64	

MAX SAFETY PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS AND REQUIRED SAFETY PIPE RUNNER SIZES

- (2) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety
- (3) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap be considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment."
- 4 Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments

Pipe I.D.

15"

18"

24"

30"

36"

42"

Min Wall

2 1/4"

2 1/2"

3 1/3"

4"

4 1/2"

Max Safety	Required Pipe Runner Size						
Pipe Runner Length	Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.				
11' - 2"	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"				
15' - 6"	3 ½" STD	4.000"	3.548"				
20' - 10"	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"				
35' - 4"	5" STD	5.563"	5.047"				

MATERIAL NOTES: Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete

REQUIREMENTS FOR

Slope

3:1

4:1

6:1

3:1

4:1

6:1

3:1

4:1

6:1

3:1

4:1

6:1

3:1

4:1

6:1

3:1

4:1

6:1

3:1

4:1

6:1

Minimum

2' - 0"

2' - 8"

4' - 0"

2' - 10"

3' - 9"

5' - 8"

3' - 8"

4' - 10"

7' - 3"

5' - 3"

7' - 0"

10' - 6"

6' - 3"

8' - 2"

12' - 1"

7' - 10'

10' - 4"

15' - 4"

9' - 6"

12' - 6"

18' - 7"

Multiple Pipe

≤ 45°

≤ 45°

≤ 45°

≤ 30°

> 30°

≤ 15°

> 15°

≥ 0 °

≥ 0°

Pipe Runners

Nο

No

Yes

No

Yes

Yes

Pipe Runners

equired

Nο

No

No

Yes

Yes

Yes

Skew

≤ 45°

≤ 45°

≤ 45°

≤ 45°

≤ 15°

> 15°

> 0°

≥ 0 °

CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

Min Reinf

(sq. in. / ft.

of pipe)

0.07 Circ.

0.07 Circ.

0.07 Circ.

0.07 Circ.

0.18 Circ.

0.19 Ellip.

0.23 Ellip.

Min O.D.

Tapered End

19"

21 ½"

27"

31"

36"

41 ½"

at

Min O.D.

16"

19 ½"

23"

30"

37"

44"

51"

Provide safety pipe runners, cross pipes, pipe support posts, and pipe stubs meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (CRP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe.

Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material.

Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of loading, unloading, and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.



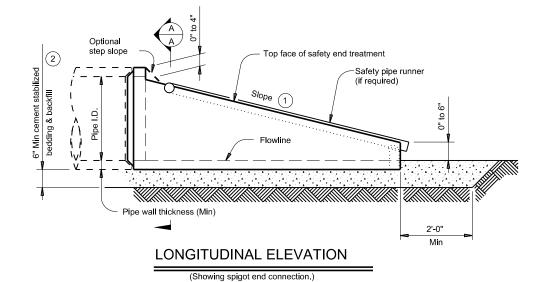
TREATMENT TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

PSET-RC

FILE:		DN: RLV	/	ck: KLR	DW:	JTR		CK:	GAF
C TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS		0601	04	013	013		M 1009		09
		DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			T NO.	
		BMT		LIBERTY			65		

(1) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.

end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer



Unit length varies

Safety pipe runner length

See Detail "A"

0" to 6'

12" - 24" RCP 4" to 8'

30" - 42" RCF

(Measured along slope)

Safety pipe runners

(if required)

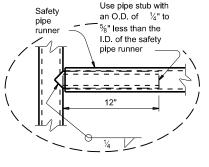
Pocket is to be formed to fit

O.D. of pipe support post if

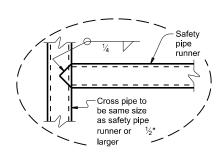
PLAN VIEW

(Showing spigot end connection.)

safety pipe runners are used

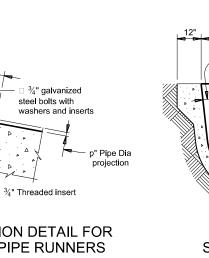


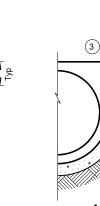
OPTION A



OPTION B

DETAIL A





MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION

Pipe O.D. Minimum (Typ) Wall thickness (same as pipe Dia)

INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS (If required)

Pipe Dia

Cross pipe

SECTION A-A

(If required)

3/4" galvanized steel

bolt and nut with washer

Flowline

3/4" galvanized steel bolts

with washers and inserts

☐ Pipe support post (post to be same diameter as safety pipe runner and

fitted in a formed pocket)

END DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION

OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

Pipe wall

thickness (Min)

Pipe support cradle

Safety

pipe runner

 $\frac{3}{4}$ " Threaded

insert

Safety Pipe Runners (if required)

1'-0"

5

MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION

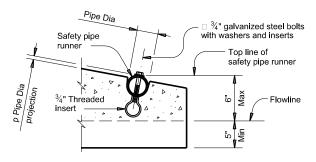
Min



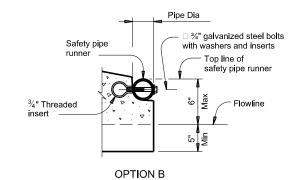
Pipe Dia Safety pipe runner 3/4" galvanized steel bolts 3/4" Threaded INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR

SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

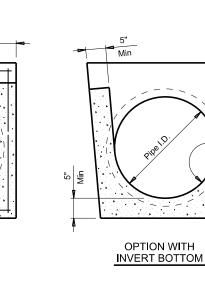


OPTION A



END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

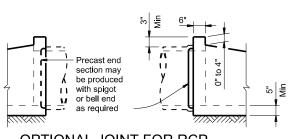


Min

OPTION WITH

SECTION A-A

SQUARE BOTTOM



OPTIONAL JOINT FOR RCP

(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment.)

REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

<u> </u>	RCP	RCP TP Wall					Pipe Runners Required Pipe Required Runner Size				
Pipe I.D.	Wall "B" Thickness	Thickness	"D"	Slope	Min Length	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	O.D.	I.D.	
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
42"	4 ½"	2.7"	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- ig(3ig) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- (4) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- (6) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- 7 Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment"

except as noted below:

A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" - D12 x D12

or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).

B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (fc = 3,600 psi).

At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment.



PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSET-SP

FILE:	DN: RLW	1	ск: KLR	DW:	JTR	ск: GAF
©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		ŀ	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 12-21: Added 42' TP	0601	04	013		FI	M 1009
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	BMT		LIBERT	ΓΥ		66

PLAN (Showing bell end connection.) Optional Safety pipe runner step slope (Typ) (if required) Top face of safety end treatment Optional casting line for toewall Flowline LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION (Showing bell end connection.)

Reinforcing to have

1" Min cover

Cement stabilized

(6)

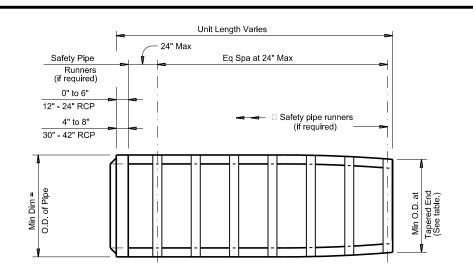
bedding and backfill

Unit length (varies)

Eq Spa at 24" Max

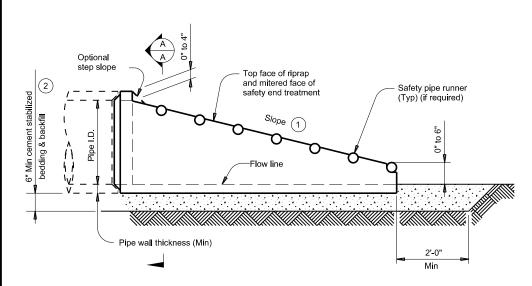
□ Safetv

pipe runner



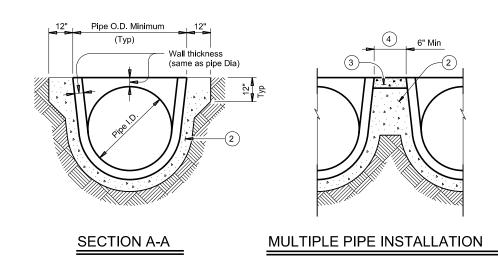
PLAN VIEW - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

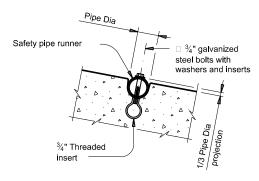


LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

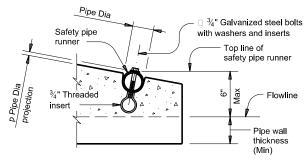


- 1 Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 2 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment. backfill as directed by Engineer.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- 4 Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between . safety end treatments.
- (5) Safety pipe runners are required for multiple pipe culverts with more than two pipes.

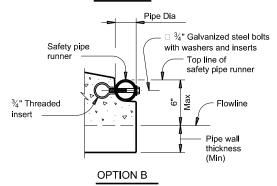


INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



OPTION A



END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

-									I			
			Min O.D.	Min Reinf Requirements		Min	Pipe R Require		Required Pipe Runner Sizes			
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	at Tapered End	(sq. in. per ft. of Pipe)	Max Slope	Length of Unit	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia	O.D.	I.D.	
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	4' - 0"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	5' - 8"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	7' - 3"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	10' - 6"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	
30"	3 ½"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	6:1	12' - 1"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	6:1	15' - 4"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	
42"	4 1/2"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	6:1	18' - 7"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe.

Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for

compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material.

Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of

loading, unloading and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,



PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSET-RP

				<i>-</i> - · ·	٠.				
FILE:		DN: RLV	٧	ск: KLR	DW:	JTR		CK:	GAF
C TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		,
	REVISIONS	0601	04	013		FM 1009		009	
		DIST		COUNTY	,		s	HEE	T NO.
		ВМТ		LIBERT	Y		67		

CROSS PIPE LENGTHS AND PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS

1 2

								Pipe Runne	er Length					
Nominal	Pipe Culvert	Cross Pipe		3:1 Side Slope			4:1 Side Slope				6:1 Side Slope			
Culvert I.D.	Spa ~ G	Length	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
24"	1' - 7"	3' - 5"	N/A	N/A	N/A	5' - 10"	N/A	N/A	N/A	8' - 1"	N/A	N/A	N/A	12' - 9"
27"	1' - 8"	3' - 8"	N/A	N/A	5' - 5"	6' - 11"	N/A	N/A	7' - 7"	9' - 7"	N/A	N/A	11' - 11"	14' - 11"
30"	1' - 10"	3' - 11"	N/A	N/A	6' - 4"	8' - 0"	N/A	N/A	8' - 9"	11' - 0"	N/A	N/A	13' - 8"	17' - 0"
33"	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	6' - 2"	6' - 5"	7' - 3"	9' - 1"	8' - 6"	8' - 10"	10' - 0"	12' - 5"	13' - 3"	13' - 9"	15' - 5"	19' - 2"
36"	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	6' - 11"	7' - 3"	8' - 2"	10' - 2"	9' - 6"	9' - 11"	11' - 2"	13' - 10"	14' - 9"	15' - 3"	17' - 2"	21' - 3"
42"	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	8' - 6"	8' - 10"	9' - 11"	12' - 4"	11' - 7"	12' - 0"	13' - 6"	16' - 8"	17' - 9"	18' - 5"	20' - 8"	25' - 7"
48"	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	10' - 1"	10' - 5"	11' - 9"	N/A	13' - 7"	14' - 2"	15' - 10"	N/A	20' - 9"	21' - 6"	24' - 2"	N/A
54"	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	11' - 8"	12' - 1"	N/A	N/A	15' - 8"	16' - 3"	N/A	N/A	23' - 10"	24' - 8"	N/A	N/A
60"	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	13' - 3"	N/A	N/A	N/A	17' - 9"	N/A	N/A	N/A	26' - 10"	N/A	N/A	N/A

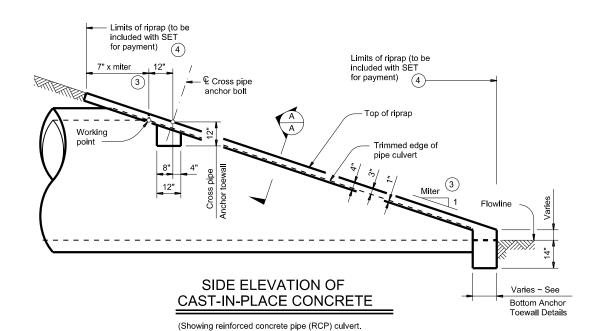
SIDE ELEVATION OF TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITER

NOTE: All pipe runners, calculations, and dimensions are based on the pipe culverts mitered as shown in this detail. Alternate styles of mitered ends will require that appropriate adjustments be made to the values presented on this standard.

Working point (at nominal I.D.)

of pipe

(Showing corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert. Details of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert are similar.)



TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITERS

				(3)	L
Side Slope	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	
3:1	3:1	3.106:1	3.464:1	4.243:1	Γ
4:1	4:1	4.141.1	4.619:1	5.657:1	ſ
6:1	6:1	6.212:1	6.928:1	8.485:1	ſ
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			т

CONDITIONS WHERE PIPE RUNNERS ARE NOT REQUIRED

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Single Pipe Culvert	Multiple Pipe Culverts
12" thru 21"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 45°
24"	Skews thru 45°	Skews thru 30°
27"	Skews thru 30°	Skews thru 15°
30"	Skews thru 15°	Skews thru 15°
33"	Skews thru 15°	Always required
36"	Normal (no skew)	Always required
42" thru 60"	Always required	Always required

STANDARD PIPE SIZES AND MAX PIPE RUNNER LENGTHS

Pipe Size	Pipe O.D.	Pipe I.D.	Max Pipe Runner Length
2" STD	2.375"	2.067"	N/A
3" STD	3.500"	3.068"	10' - 0"
4" STD	4.500"	4.026"	19' - 8"
5" STD	5.563"	5.047"	34' - 2"
	•		•

ESTIMATED CONCRETE RIPRAP QUANTITIES (CY)

	ر ا)	

Nominal		3:1 Side	Slope			4:1 Side	Slope		6:1 Side Slope			
Culvert I.D.	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew	0° Skew	15° Skew	30° Skew	45° Skew
12"	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
15"	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9
18"	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0
21"	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2
24"	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	8.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3
27"	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4
30"	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6
33"	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7
36"	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8
42"	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.1
48"	1.1	1.1	1.2	N/A	1.4	1.4	1.5	N/A	1.9	1.9	2.1	N/A
54"	1.3	1.3	N/A	N/A	1.6	1.6	N/A	N/A	2.1	2.1	N/A	N/A
60"	1.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.3	N/A	N/A	N/A

Pipe runner

Bottom anchor Cross Riprap Bottom anchor

Details of corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar. Pipe runners not shown for clarity)

ISOMETRIC VIEW OF TYPICAL INSTALLATION

(Showing installation with no skew.)

1 Provide pipe runner of the size shown in the tables. Provide cross pipe of the same size as the pipe runner. Provide cross pipe stub out and bottom anchor pipe of the next smaller size pipe as shown in the Standard Pipe Sizes and Max Pipe Runner Lengths table.

2 This standard allows for the placement of only one pipe runner across each culvert pipe opening. In order to limit the clear opening to be traversed by an errant vehicle, the following conditions must be met:

For 60" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 0°. For 54" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 15°. For 48" culvert pipes, the skew must not exceed 30°. For all culvert pipe sizes 42" and less, the skew must

If the above conditions cannot be met, the designer should consider using a safety end treatment with flared wings. For further information, refer to the TxDOT Roadway Design Manual.

- 3 Miter = slope of mitered end of pipe culvert.
- Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (5) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only.

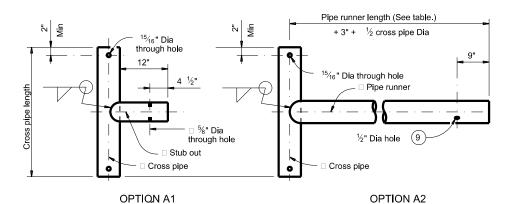
SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

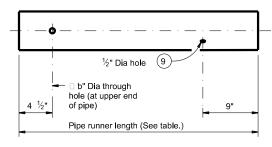
SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE

SETP-CD

LE:		DN: GAF		ck: CAT	DW:	JRP	ск: GAF
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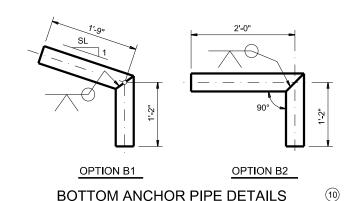


CROSS PIPE AND CONNECTIONS DETAILS

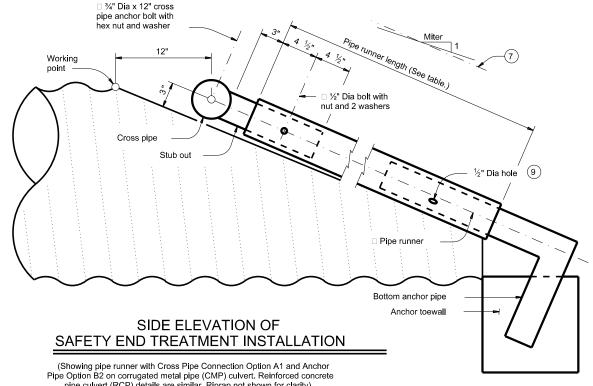


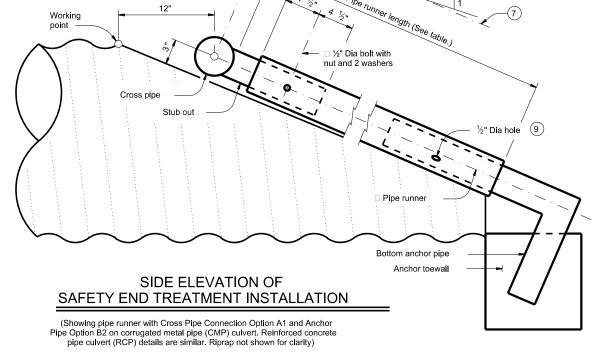
NOTE: The separate pipe runner shown is required when Cross Pipe Connection Option A1 is used.

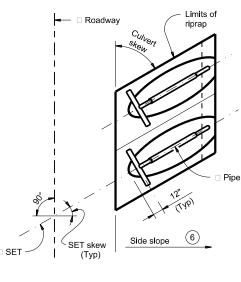
PIPE RUNNER DETAILS



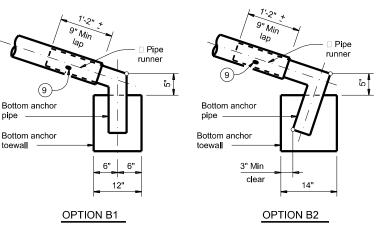
- (4) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." (6) Recommended values of side slope are 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1. All quantities, calculations, and dimensions shown herein are based on these recommended values. Slope of 3:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 7 Note that actual slope of pipe runner may vary slightly from side slope of riprap and trimmed culvert pipe edge.
- 8 Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- 9 After installation, inspect the ½" hole to ensure that the lap of the pipe runner with the bottom anchor pipe is adequate.
- 10 At fabricator's option, a heat bend to a smooth 5" radius or a manufactured elbow (of the same material as the runner) may be substituted for the mitered and welded joint in the bottom anchor pipe.







PLAN OF SKEWED **INSTALLATION**



BOTTOM ANCHOR TOEWALL DETAILS

(Culvert and riprap not shown for clarity.)

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners, cross pipes, and anchor pipes conforming to the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication.

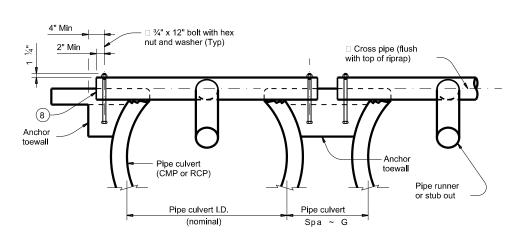
Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 1,800 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-1, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Cross-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the

openings approximately perpendicular to the pipe runners.

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the price bid for each safety end treatment.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."



SHOWING CROSS PIPE AND ANCHOR TOEWALL SHOWING TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT AND RIPRAP

Limits of riprap (to be included with SET

Tangent to widest portion of pipe culvert

Pipe culvert

for payment)

(Typ)

SECTION A-A

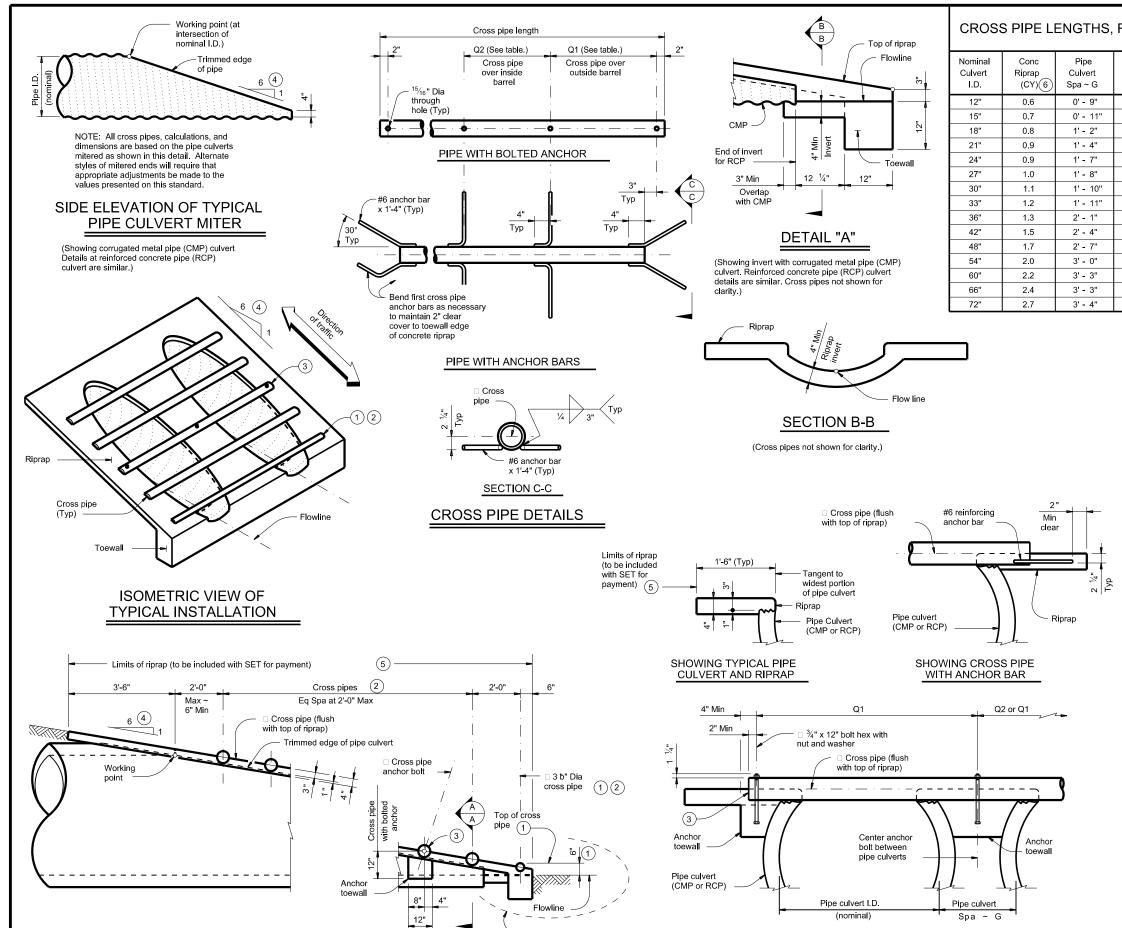




SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 60" DIA PIPE CULVERTS

TYPE II ~ CROSS DRAINAGE SFTP-CD

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CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes	
12"	0.6	0' - 9"	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9"			
15"	0.7	0' - 11"	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"	'		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10"	2' - 8"	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std	
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.500" O.D.)	
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6"	3' - 7"			
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10"	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts		
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" O.D.)	
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8"	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.5.)	
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	4' - 9"	5' - 1"	All pipe cultionts	4" Std	
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	5' - 5"	5' - 10"	- All pipe culverts	(4.500" O.D.)	
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0"	6' - 7"			
54"	2.0	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	6' - 9"	7' - 6"			
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std	
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11"	7' - 10"	8' - 9"		(5.563" O.D.)	
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4"			

- 1 The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2 Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- (4) Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- 6 Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete"
Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel
reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53
(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52.
Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap."

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



SAFETY END TREATMENT
FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA
PIPE CULVERTS
TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETP-PD

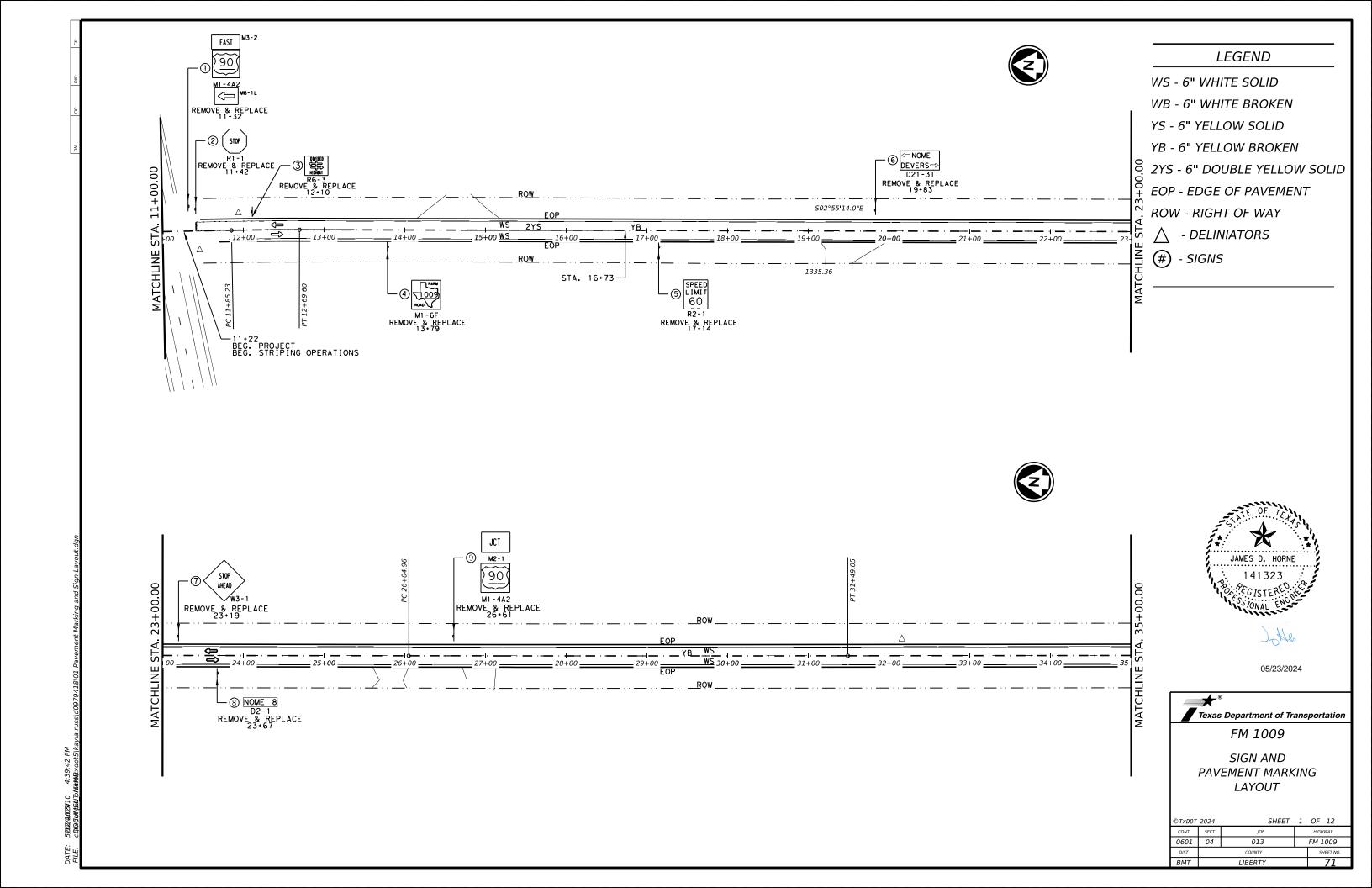
		DN: GAF		ck: CAT	DW:	JRP		CK:	GAF
TxDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
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		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		BMT	LIBERTY				70		

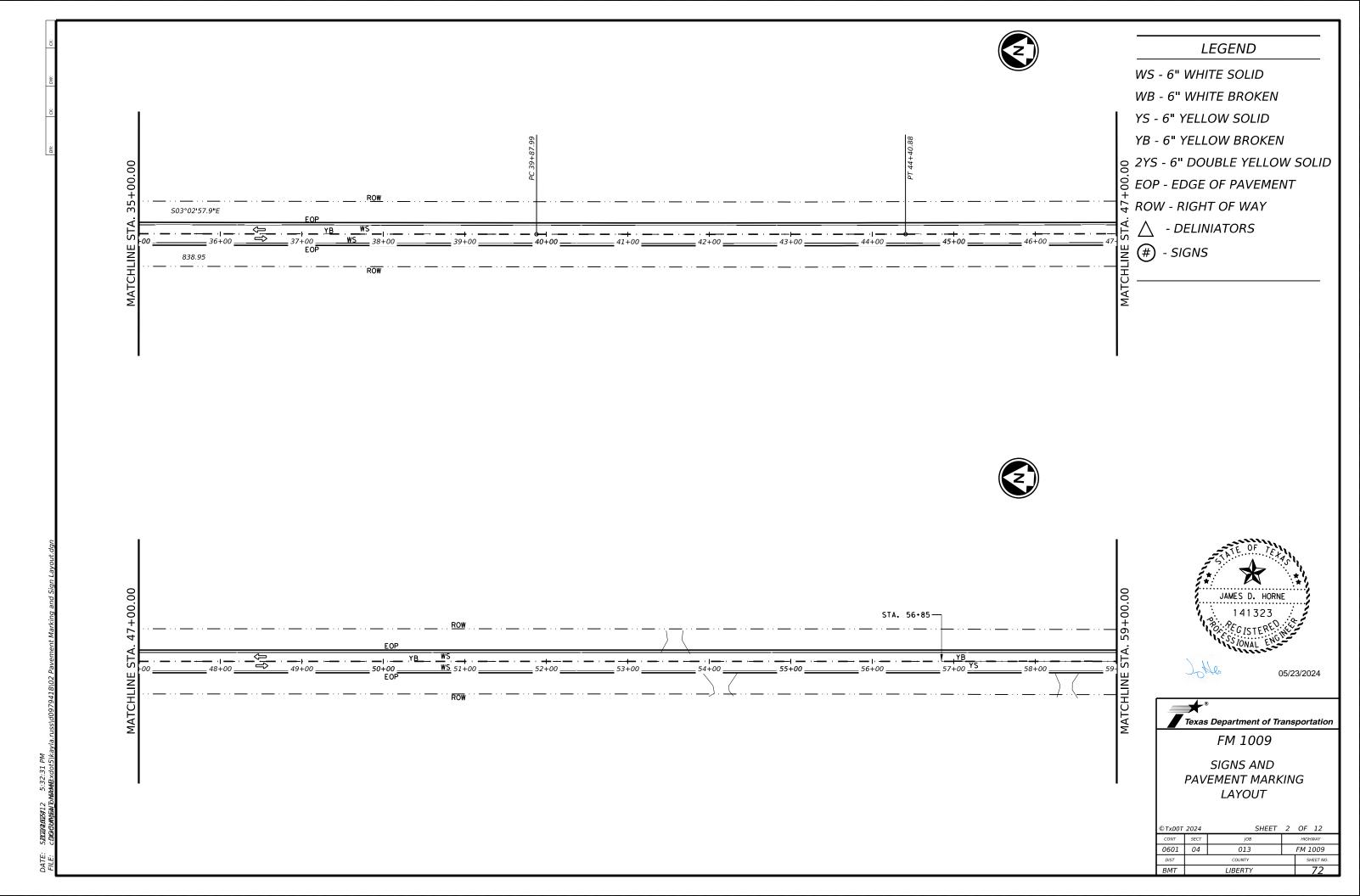
SHOWING CROSS PIPE

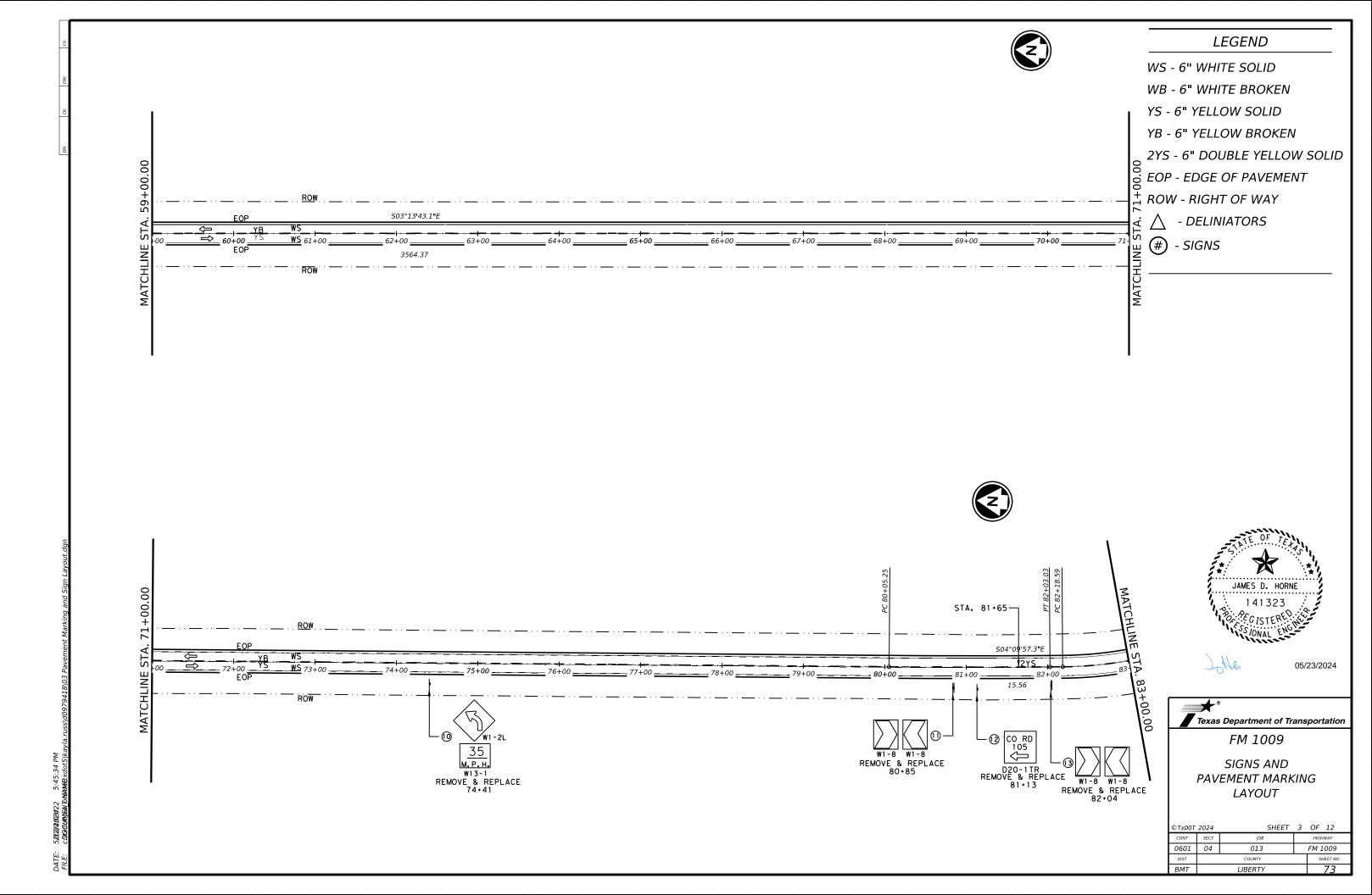
SIDE ELEVATION OF CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

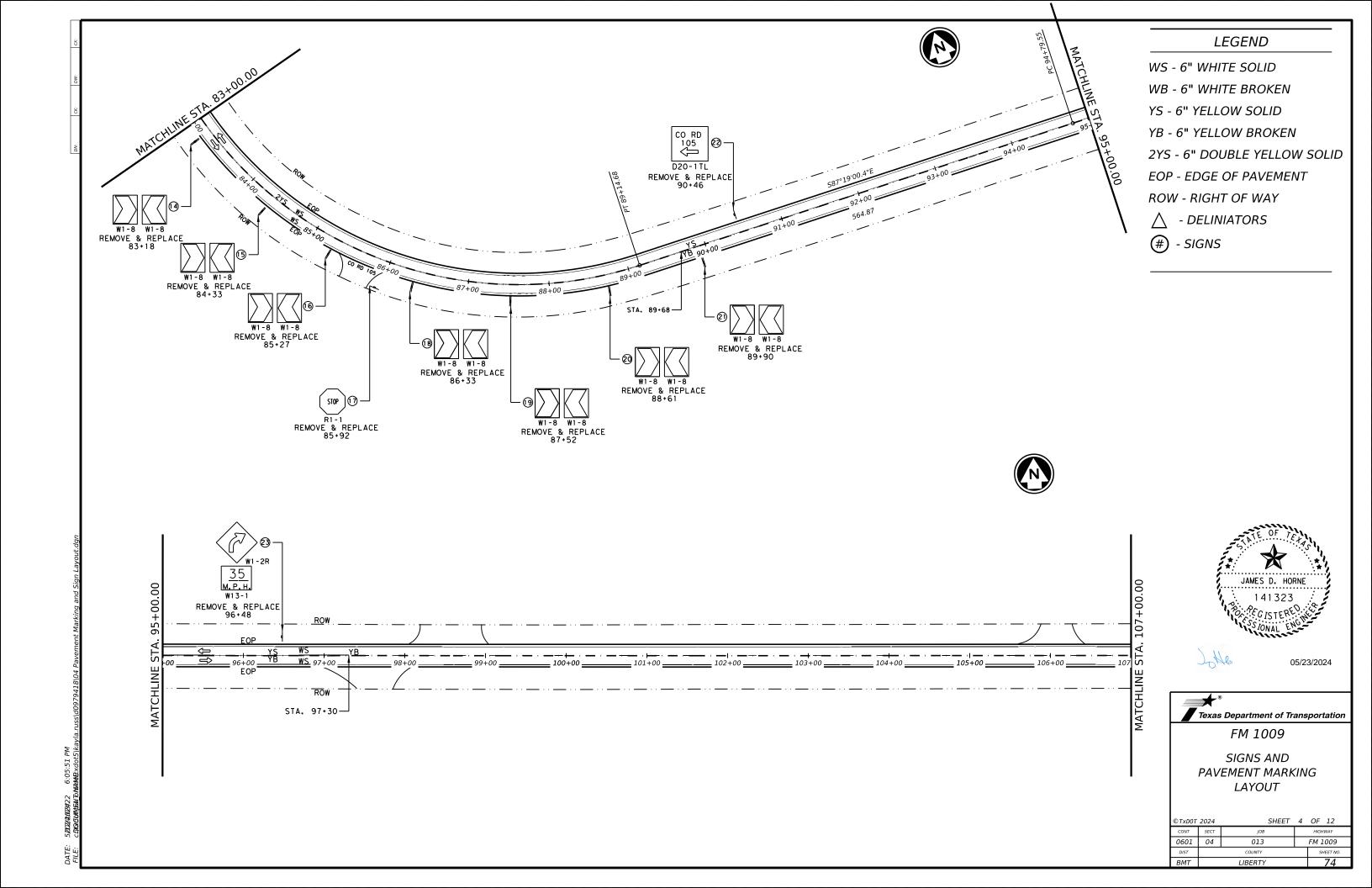
(Showing reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert.

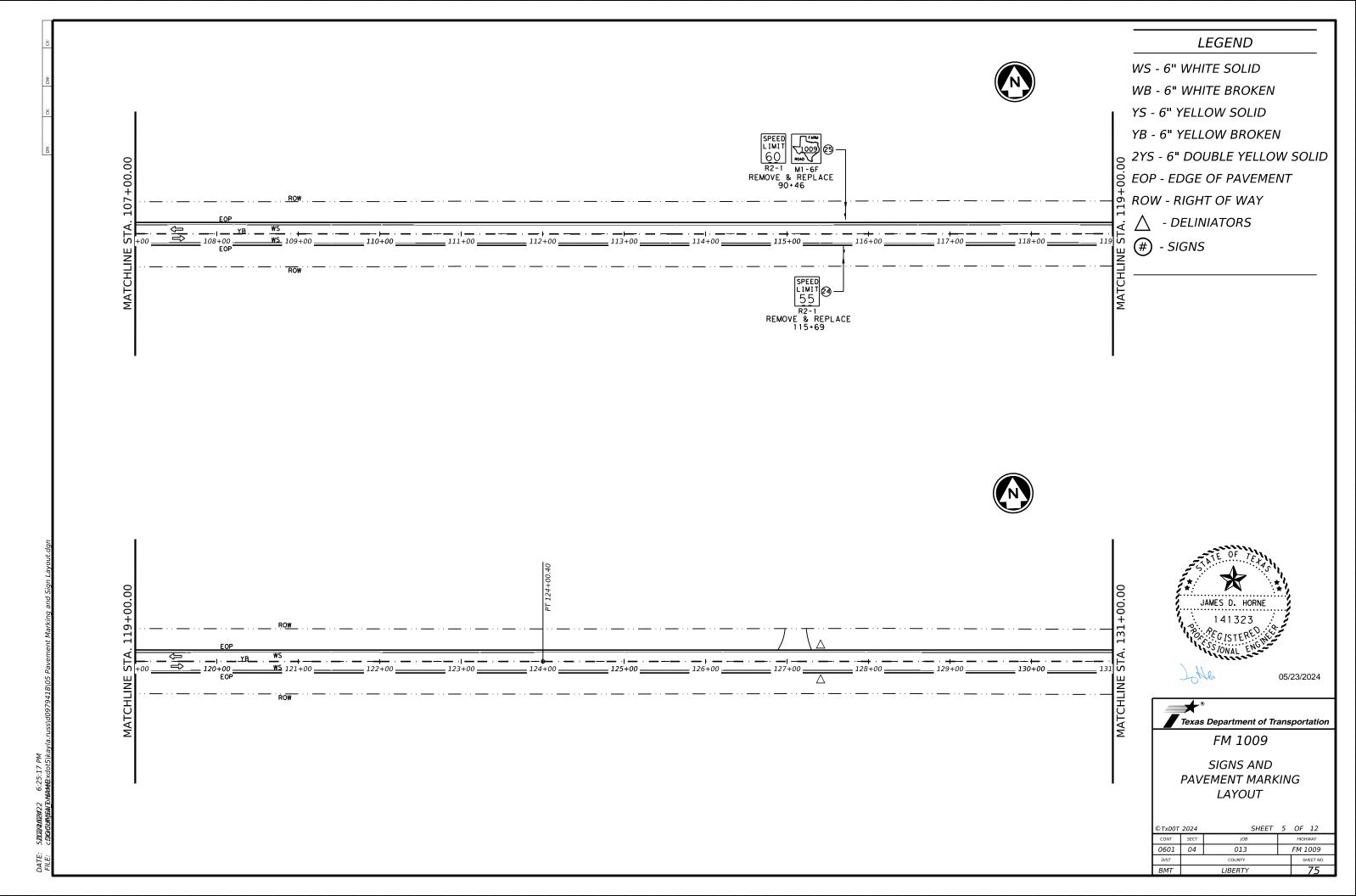
Details at corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar.)







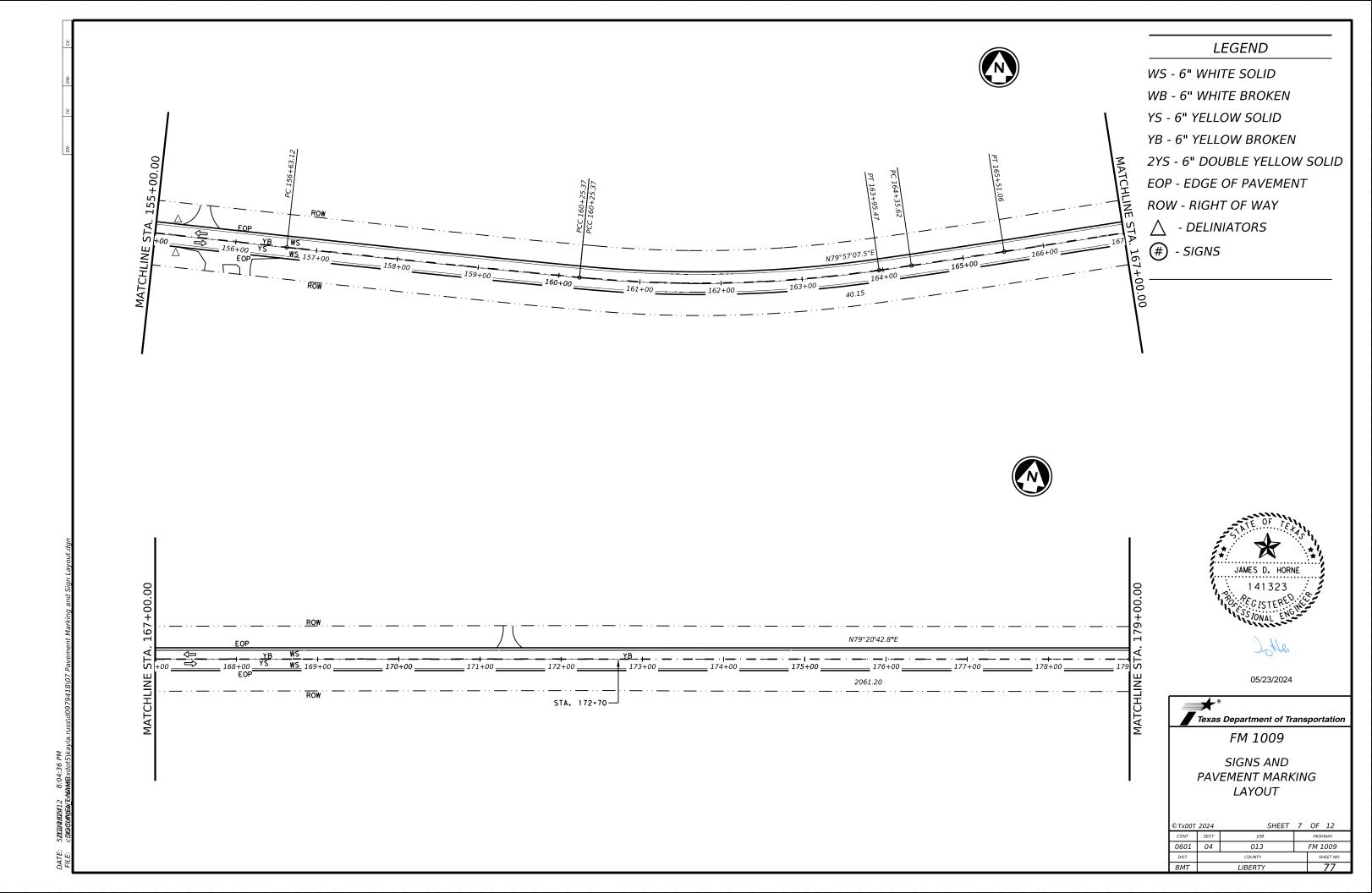


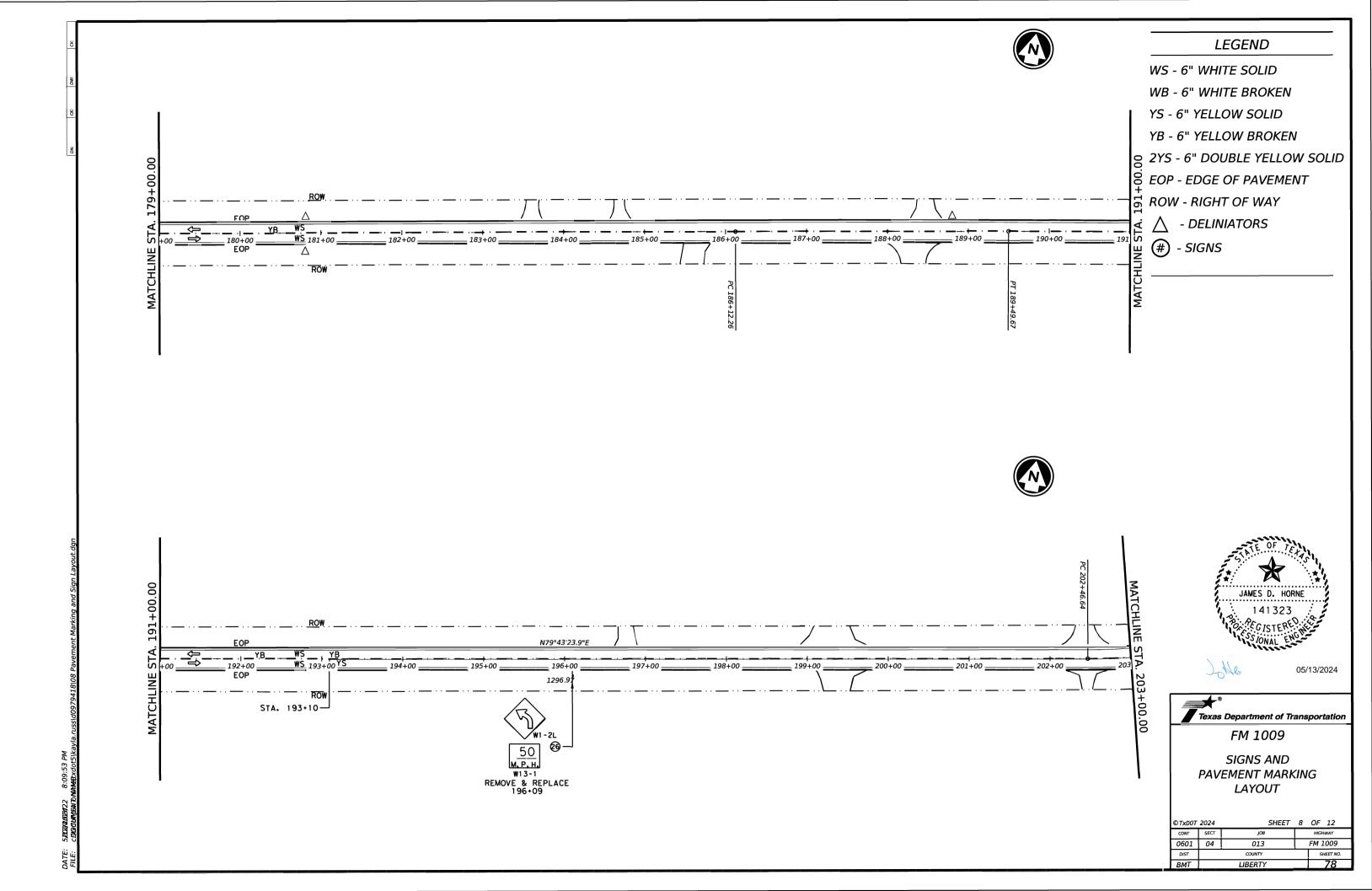


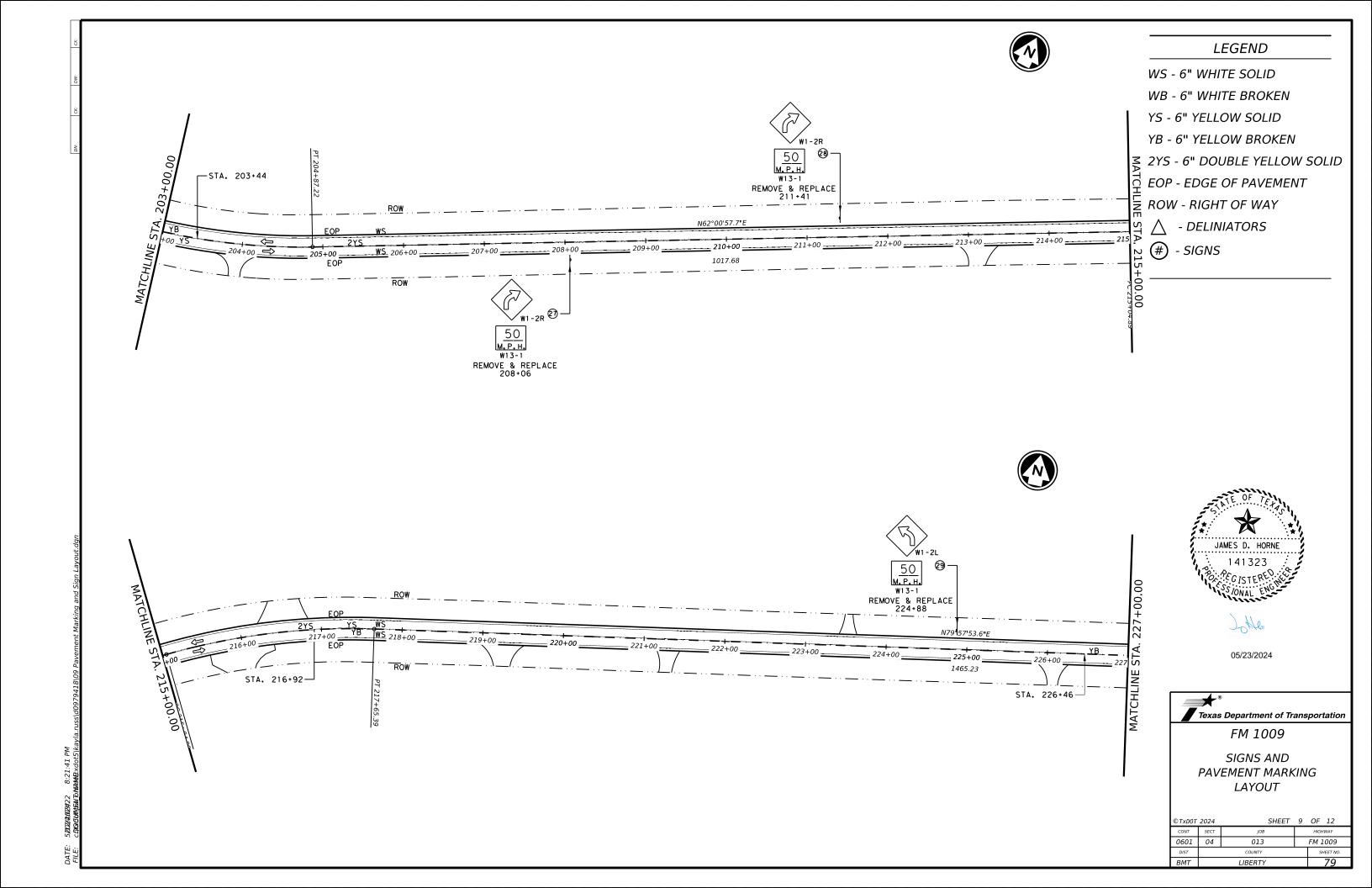
LEGEND WS - 6" WHITE SOLID WB - 6" WHITE BROKEN YS - 6" YELLOW SOLID YB - 6" YELLOW BROKEN ၉ 2YS - 6" DOUBLE YELLOW SOLID S EOP - EDGE OF PAVEMENT ROW - RIGHT OF WAY △ - DELINIATORS # - SIGNS STA. 151+81-MATCHLINE Texas Department of Transportation FM 1009 SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT 0601 04 013

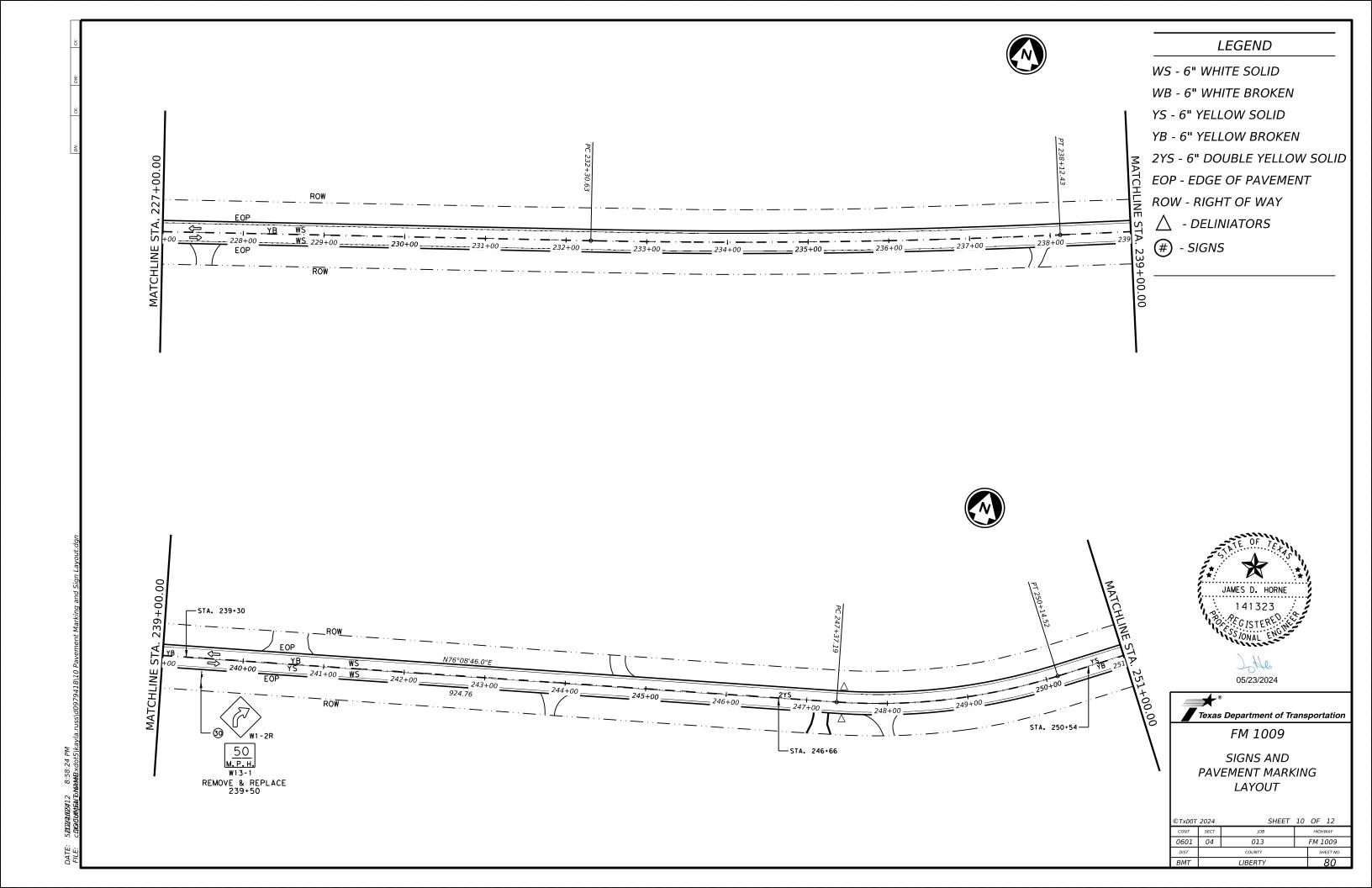
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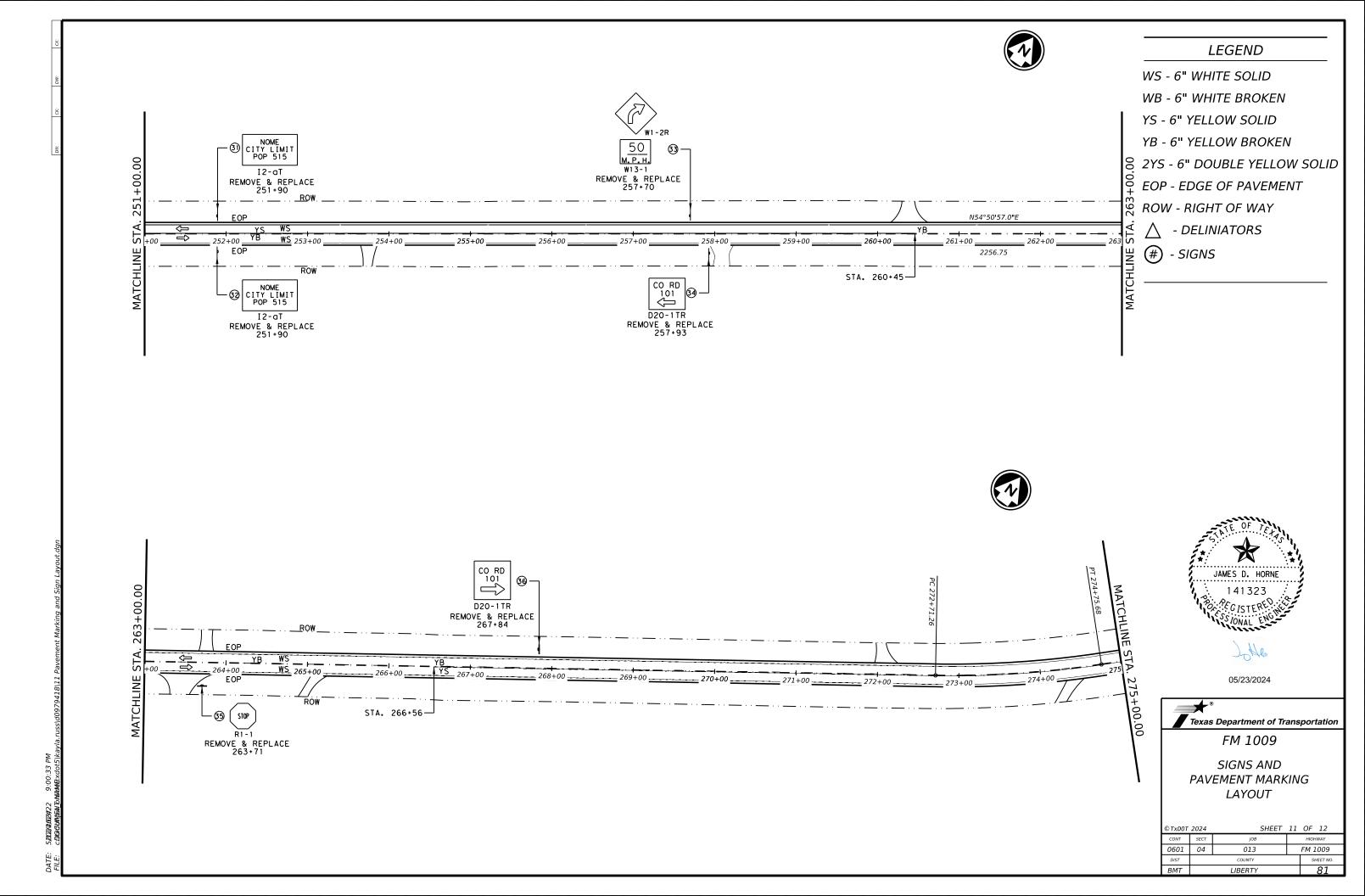
FM 1009











LEGEND

WS - 6" WHITE SOLID

WB - 6" WHITE BROKEN

YS - 6" YELLOW SOLID

YB - 6" YELLOW BROKEN

2YS - 6" DOUBLE YELLOW SOLID

EOP - EDGE OF PAVEMENT

ROW - RIGHT OF WAY

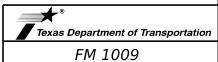
△ - DELINIATORS

- SIGNS





05/23/2024



SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT

TxD0T	2024	SHEET	12	OF	12
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					(TYPE	(TYPE						MOUN
					= :		POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	MOUN	ITING DESIGNATION	CLEARA SIGN
STA.	SIGN	SIGN	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	ALUMINUM	MINUM				PREFABRICATED	1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext	(Se
	NO.	NOMENCLATURE	31014]	₹	FRP = Fiberglass		UB=Universal Bolt		BM = Extruded Wind Beam	Note
					3	- 7	TWT = Thin-Wall	1 or 2	SA=Slipbase-Conc		WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	TY =
							10BWG = 10 BWG		SB=Slipbase-Bolt	T = "T"	Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	
					FLAT	EXAL	S80 = Sch 80		WS=Wedge Steel WP=Wedge Plastic	U = "U"	Panels	TY TY
1+32	_ 1	M3-2	EAST	24 x 12	 x	十	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		<u> </u>
1		M1 - 4	U.S. ROUTE MARKER 90	24 × 24								
		M6 - 1	ARROW HORIZONTAL	21 x 15	$\bot\bot$	\rightarrow						
1+42	2	R1-1	STOP	30 × 30	X	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA SA	P P		
2+10 3+79	3	R6-3 M1-6F	DIVIDED HIGHWAY FARM ROAD 1009	30 × 24 24 × 24	<u>*</u>	\dashv	1 OBWG 1 OBWG	1	SA	P		-
<u> </u>		D10-7AT	REFERENCE MARKER "732"	24 x 24	+^+	-	100110	'		'		
7+14		R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 60	24 × 30	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
9+83	6	D1-2	DEVERS (LEFT) NOME (RIGHT)	54 x 24			1 OBWG	1	SA	T		
3+19	7	W3-1	STOP AHEAD	30 × 30	X X X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
3+67	8	D2-1	NOME 8	42 x 12	×	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	P		
6+61	- 9 	M2 - 1	JUNCTION	21 x 15	×	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		<u> </u>
4+41	 _ 10	M1 - 4 W1 - 2L	U.S. ROUTE MARKER 90 CURVE	24 × 24 30 × 30	x	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		<u> </u>
7 7 1		W13-1P	35 MPH	24 X 24	+^+	\dashv	100#0	 '	JA	Г		
0+85	_ 11	W1 - 8L	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 x 30	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
4		W1-8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 × 30								
1+13	12	D20-1TR (L)	COUNTY ROAD 105 LEFT	30 × 24	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
2+04	_ 13	W1-8L	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 x 30	X	_	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
- 4		W1-8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 × 30	++	\rightarrow				_		
3+18	_ 14	W1-8L W1-8R	ALIGNMENT LEFT ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 x 30	X	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		-
4+33	 _ 15	W1-8L	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 × 30 24 × 30	T x T	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
. 33		W1 -8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 x 30	+^+	\dashv	100110	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	'		
5+27	_ 16	W1-8L	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
4		W1-8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 x 30								
5+92	17	R1 - 1	STOP	24 x 30	X	\rightarrow	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		1
6+33	_ 18	W1 - 8L	ALIGNMENT LEFT	30 × 30	X	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
7+52	19	W1-8R W1-8L	ALIGNMENT RIGHT ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30 24 × 30	+	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		-
		W1 -8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 x 30	+	-	100110	<u>'</u>	37	'		†
8+61	_ 20	W1-8L	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30	x		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
4		W1-8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 × 30								
9+90	_ 21	W1-8L	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 x 30	X	\Box	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
- 45		W1 - 8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 × 30	++	\rightarrow	1.000		C A			
0+46 6+48	22	D20-1TL W1-2R	COUNTY ROAD 105 RIGHT CURVE	30 × 24 30 × 30	X X	\dashv	1 OBWG 1 OBWG	1	SA SA	T P		-
6+48		W13-1P	35 MPH	24 x 24	X	\dashv	TODWG	<u> </u>	JA	P		
5+69	24	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 55	24 × 30	x	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
5+69	_ 25	R2-1	SPEED LIMIT 60	24 × 30	х		1 OBWG	1	SA	U		
- 1		M1 - 6F	FARM ROAD 1009	24 × 24	$\perp \perp$	\Box						
16:00		D10-7AT	REFERNCE MARKER "734"	3 X 10	1,1	\dashv	1.0000	_	C A			
96+09	_ 26	W1-2L W13-1P	CURVE 50 MPH	30 × 30 24 × 24	×	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
08+06 18+06	_	W1-2R	CURVE	30 × 30	+x $+$	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
1		W13-1P	50 MPH	24 x 24	++	\dashv						
1+41		W1-2R	CURVE	30 × 30	x	\exists	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
4		W13-1P	50 MPH	24 × 24	\coprod	I	-			_		
24+88	_ 29	W1-2L W13-1P	CURVE	30 × 30	Х	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
ц 19+50	_	W1-2R	50 MPH CURVE	24 × 24 30 × 30	x	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		W13-1P	50 MPH	24 x 24	+++	\dashv	IUDWU	'	J#	F		<u> </u>
51+90	- 31	I2-aT	NOME CITY LIMIT POP 515	36 x 24	x	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
,,,,,,	32	I2-aT	NOME CITY LIMIT POP 515	36 × 24	T x T	\dashv	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
57+70		W1-2R	CURVE	30 × 30	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
		W13-1P	50 MPH	24 × 24	\Box	$oldsymbol{\perp}$						
 		1 1 1										
57+93 63+71	34 35	D20-1TR R1-1	COUNTY ROAD 101 LEFT STOP	30 × 24 30 × 30	X	\dashv	1 OBWG 1 OBWG	1	SA SA	P P	-	<u> </u>

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS						
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness					
Less than 7.5	0.080"					
7.5 to 15	0.100"					
Greater than 15	0.125"					

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

:	sums16.dgn	DN: _ Īx	DOT_	ck: <u>TxDOT</u>	DW: _ <u>T</u>	<u>×DOT</u>	ck: <u>TxDC</u>
TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0601	04	013		FM	1009
16 16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ВМТ		L I BER	ΤΥ		83

33+00 33+84 85+14 86+34 87+37 88+50	37 38 39 40 41 	## SIGN NOMENCLATURE ## 1 - 8R ## 1 - 8L	ALIGNMENT RIGHT ALIGNMENT LEFT	DIMENSIONS 24 × 30	ALUMINUM (TYPE A)	ALUMINUM (TYPE G)	POST TYPE FRP = Fiberglass	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE UA=Universal Conc	MOUN	XX (X-XXXX)	BRIDGE MOUNT CLEARANC SIGNS (See
	37 - 38 - 39 - 40 - 41 42	W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L	ALIGNMENT RIGHT ALIGNMENT LEFT		ALUMINUM (TYP	UMINUM CTYP	FRP = Fiberglass		UA=Universal Conc			CLEARANC SIGNS
	37 38 40 41 42	W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L	ALIGNMENT RIGHT ALIGNMENT LEFT		ALUMINUM C	OMINUM C	FRP = Fiberglass		UA=Universal Conc			SIGNS
	_ 37 _ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 	W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L	ALIGNMENT RIGHT ALIGNMENT LEFT		ALUMINUN	UMINU	FRP = Fiberglass		UA=Universal Conc	PREFABRICATED	15VT 25VT # 16.5	(See
	_ 37 _ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 	W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8R W1 - 8L W1 - 8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30	ALUMI	3	FRP = Fiberglass		·		ILXI OF ZEXI = # Of Ext	,
	_ 37 _ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 _ 42	W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30					UB=Universal Bolt		BM = Extruded Wind Beam	Note 2
	_ 37 _ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 _ 42	W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30		۱¥	TWT = Thin-Wall	1 or 2	SA=Slipbase-Conc		WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	TY = TYF
	_ 37 _ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 	W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30		پر ا	10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80		SB=Slipbase-Bolt WS=Wedge Steel	T = "T" U = "U"	Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign	
	_ 37 _ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 	W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30	FLAT	EXAL	360 - 301 60		WP=Wedge Plastic	U = "U" 	Panels	TY N TY S
	 _ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 	W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R		27 7 30		х	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
	_ 38 _ 39 _ 40 _ 41 	W1-8L W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R		24 × 30								
	39 40 41 	W1-8R W1-8L W1-8R		24 × 30	X		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
	_ 39 _ 40 _ 41 _ 42	W1-8L W1-8R	ALIGNMENT LEFT	24 × 30	1.					<u> </u>		
	40 41 	W1-8R		24 × 30	⊢×	4	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р	ļ	—
	_ 40 _ 41 			24 × 30 24 × 30	+		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		—
	41 _ 42			24 x 30	+-	-	TODWG	'	SA SA	Г		
	 2	W1-8R		24 × 30	T x	,	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
	42	W1-8L		24 × 30	+		. 05.110		J.,			
		W1-8R	ALIGNMENT RIGHT	24 x 30	Tx		1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		i
38+59		W1-8L		24 × 30	\top	T						
	43	I-2dT		72 × 24	×		1 OBWG	1	SA	T		
88+6	_ 44	I-2dT		60 x 24	×		1 OBWG	1	SA	Т		
		R19-10AT		24 × 24	\bot	_						1
88+6	_ 45	M1-6F D10-7AT		24 × 24	×	4_	1 OBWG	1	SA	Р		
	_	DIO 7AI	NET ENTIRE MARKET 190	3 X 10	+	1						
					+							
+					+	+						
88+59												
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ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS							
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness						
Less than 7.5	0.080"						
7.5 to 15	0.100"						
Greater than 15	0.125"						

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shows on the plans the otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- 2. For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS) Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

SHEET 2 OF 2

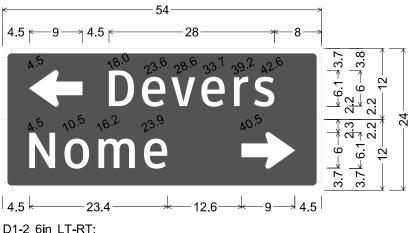
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

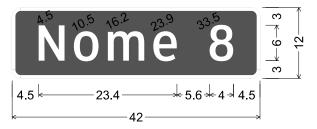
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16 16		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1.0	REVISIONS	0601	04	013		FM	1009
TxDOT	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
:	sums16.dgn	DN: _ Īx	DOT_	ck: <u>TxDOT</u>	DW:	TxDOT_	ck: <u>IxDO</u>



D1-2 6in LT-RT;

1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; Standard Arrow Custom 9.0" X 6.1" 180°; "Devers", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green; "Nome", ClearviewHwy-3-W; Standard Arrow Custom 9.0" X 6.1" 0°;

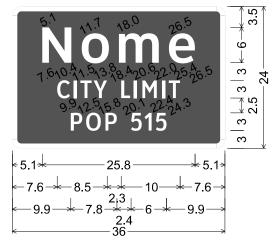


D2-1 6in,

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green;

"Nome", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"8", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



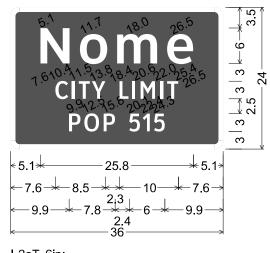
I-2aT 6in;

1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

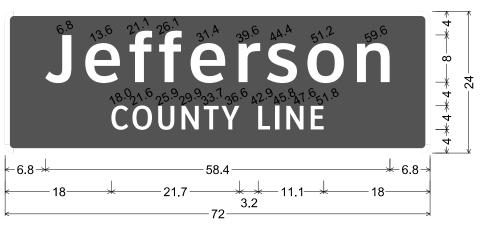
"Nome", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R;

"CITY LIMIT", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

"POP 515", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



I-2aT 6in;
1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;
"Nome", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R;
"CITY LIMIT", ClearviewHwy-3-W;
"POP 515", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

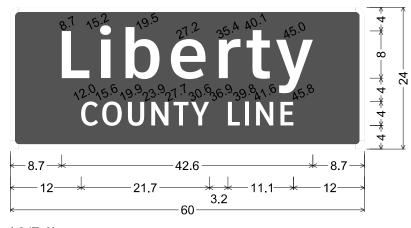


I-2dT 8in;

1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

"Jefferson", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R;

"COUNTY LINE", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



I-2dT 8in;

1.5" Radius, 0.8" Border, White on Green;

"Liberty", ClearviewHwy-5-W-R;

"COUNTY LINE", ClearviewHwy-3-W;



O

05/23/2024

FM 1009 NON STANDARD SIGN DETAILS

N. T. S



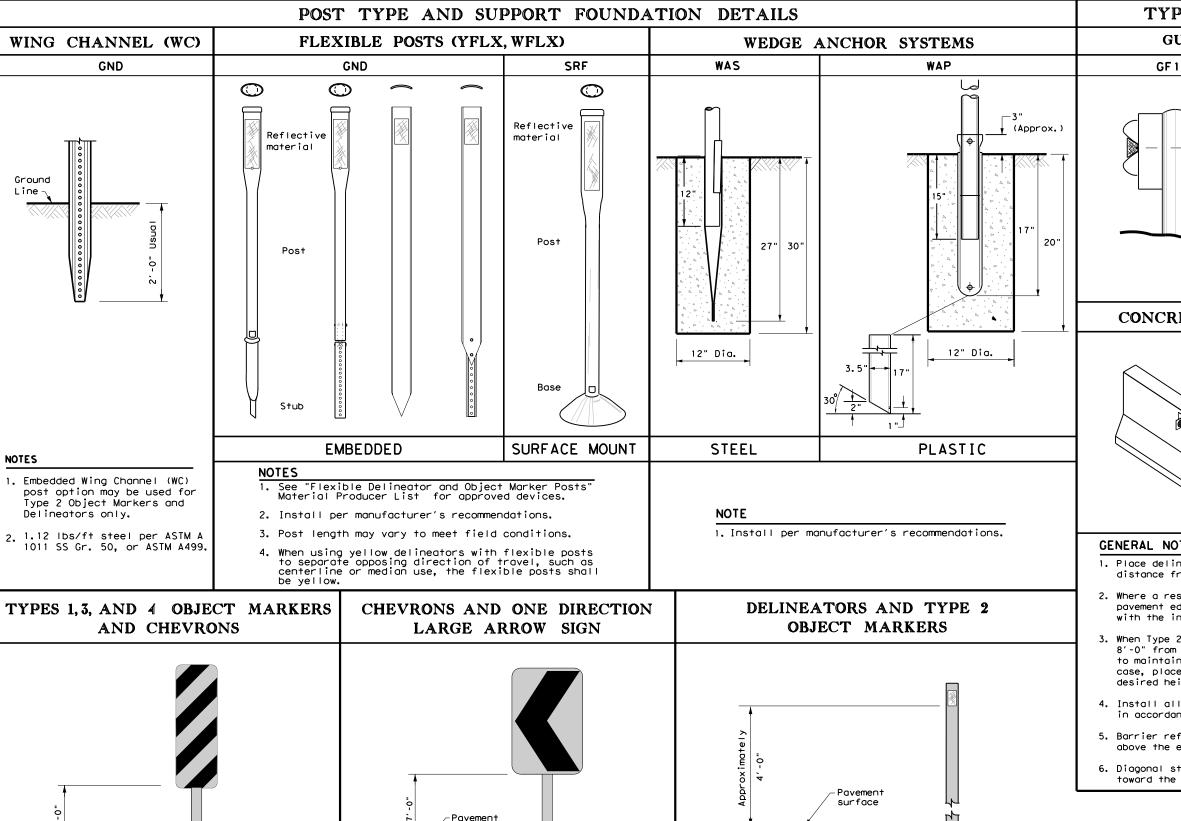
CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

0601 04 013 FM 1009

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

BMT LIBERTY SF

20A



-Ground

Line

surface

Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of 7' to the bottom

DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall

be installed per SMD standard sheets and

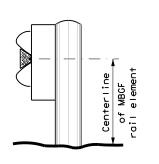
of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE

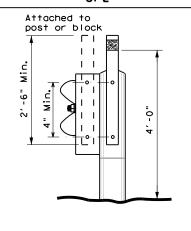
paid under item 644.

TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS

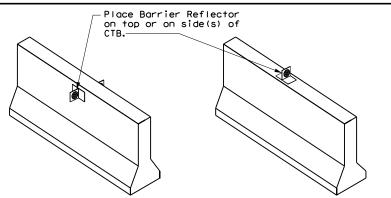
GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT

GF2





CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)



GENERAL NOTES

Line

2'-0" to 8'-0" or in front of object being marked

See general notes 1, 2 and 3.

- 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement.
- 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction.
- 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible.
- 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface.
- 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.



DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO dom2-20.dgn C)TxDOT August 2004 JOB 0601 04 013 10-09 3-15

FM 1009 4-10 7-20

20B

Pavement surface

Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom

of the chevron is permitted for

a height of 6'-6" to the top of

the chevron (sizes $24" \times 30"$ and

chevrons that will not exceed

-Ground

No warranty of any for the conversion

TxDOI assumes no responsibility

D & OM(2) - 20

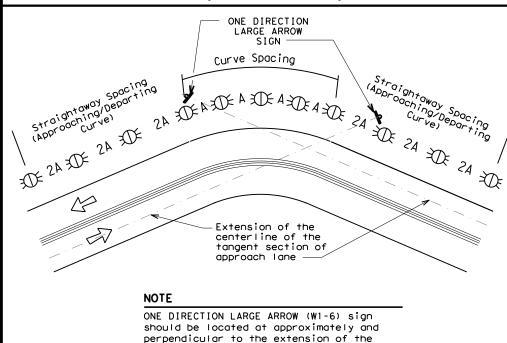
LIBERTY

MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	 RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign 	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons				

SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

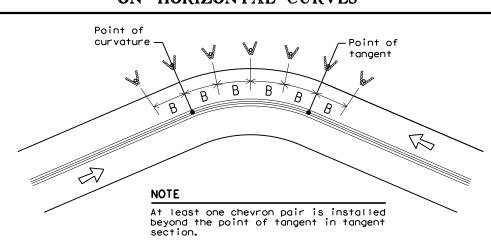
chevrons



SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN Chevron Advisory Spacing Spacing

Speed (MPH)	in Curve	in Straightaway	Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR	AND	OBJECT	MARKER	APPLICATION	AND	SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rai∣ Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
Collogate without NDCF		See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND					
XX	Bi-directional Delineator				
K	Delineator				
4	Sign				



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT		ck: TXDOT
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1-15 7-20	ВМТ		LIBERT	ſΥ			88

20D

Shou I der

6" Solid

Edge Line-

6" Solid

Edge Line-

6" Solid White

Edge Line-

See Detail A

Shoulder width may vary (typ.)

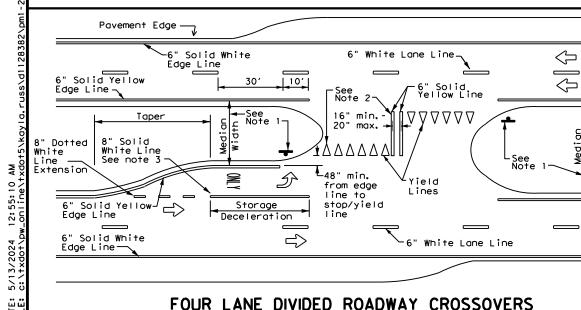
r6" Yellow Centerline

30'

Shoulder width may vary (typ.)

White

Yellow



-6" min. when no

shoulder exists

r6" min. when no shoulder exists

[_10′]

10′

 \Rightarrow

 \Rightarrow

 $\overline{}$

 \Rightarrow

 \Diamond

6" Solid White

Edge Line

 \Rightarrow

 \Rightarrow

6" min. when no shoulder

exists -

 $\langle \neg$

TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

Solid

6"

* 2" minimum

for restripe

approved by

projects when

the Engineer.

See Detail B

6" Solid-

Yellow Line

DETAIL "A"

projects when

approved by

the Engineer.

-Edge of Pavement

EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES

ONE-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-Edge of Pavement

white F Lane Line F

Lane Line

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES

FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

√Edge of Pavement

[_10′]

Solid

Yellow Line

6" Solid White

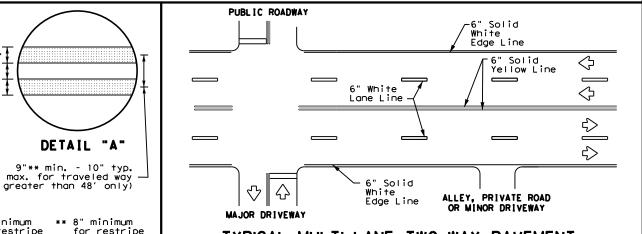
6" Solid White Edge Line

 \Rightarrow

──6" White

6" Solid White ROADWAY 6" Solid Yellow Line Edge Line $\langle \rangle$ ➪ Solid ♡▮♢ ALLEY. PRIVATE ROAD Edge Line OR MINOR DRIVEWAY MAJOR DRIVEWAY TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT

MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



TYPICAL MULTI-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS

3" to 12"+|

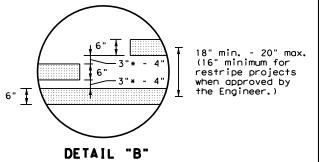
For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

YIELD LINES

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.



2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

NOTES

1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections.

Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

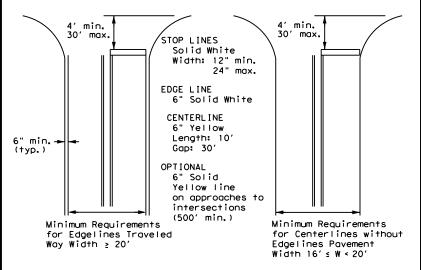
- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

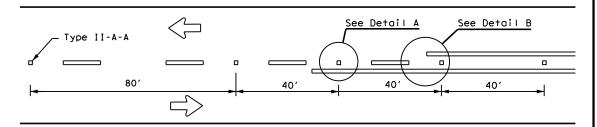


Texas Department of Transportation

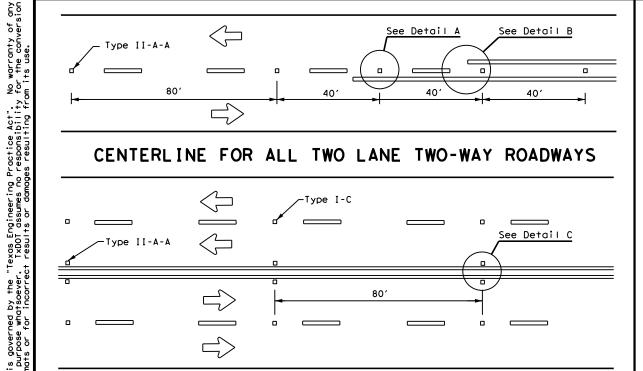
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

FILE: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:			
CTxDOT December 2022	T December 2022 CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS 11-78 8-00 6-20	0601	04	013	F	M 1009			
8-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
5-00 2-12	ВМТ		L I BER	TY	90			

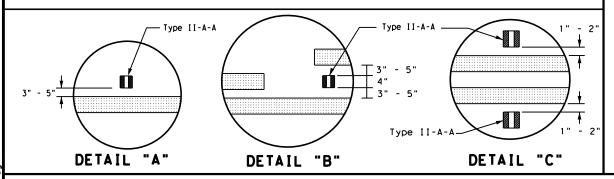


CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



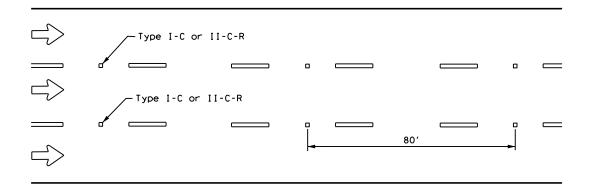
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

of this standard by TxDOT for any



Centerline -Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

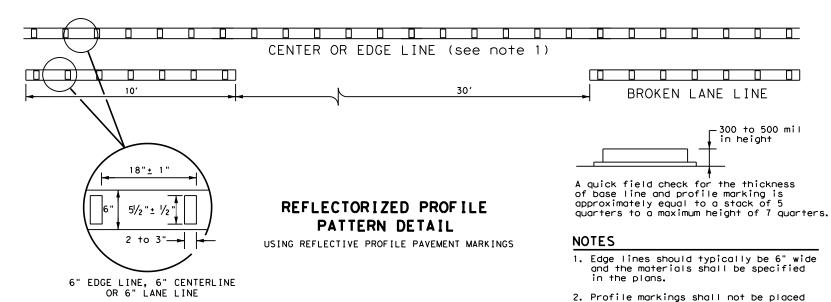


LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

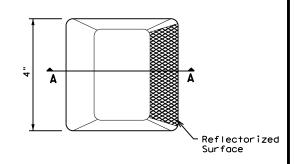


GENERAL NOTES

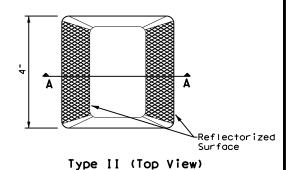
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

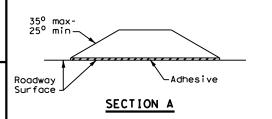
	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
l	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

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-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-00 2-12	BMT		L I BER	ΤY		91

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2)

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

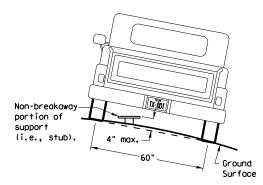
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

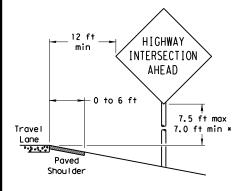
> 7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min > Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

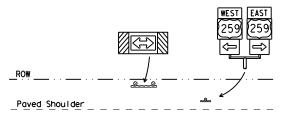
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

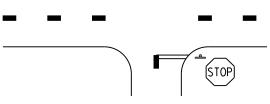
7.0 ft min *



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



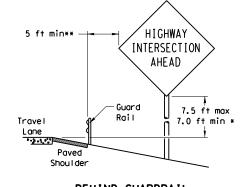
- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

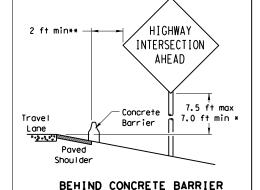
See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$

Maximum

Travel

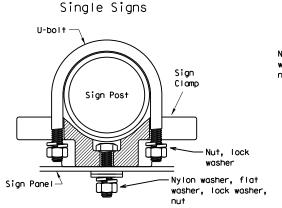
Lane

possible

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



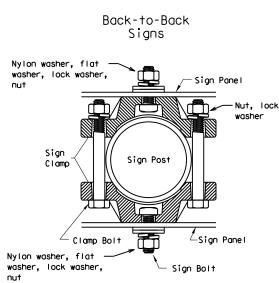
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



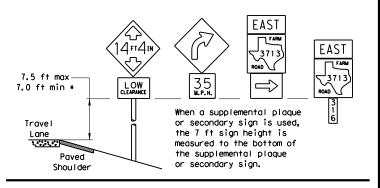
Acceptable

diameter

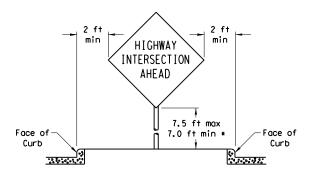
circle

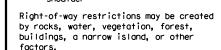
	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND





In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) - 08

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10 BWG Tubing or

Schedule 80 Pipe

Slip Base

(See General Note 3)

Washers

if required by

manufacturer

36"

12" min. 24" max. 42

5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers (6) per ASTM A325 or A449 and galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation

should take approx.

2.5 cf of concrete.

Keeper Plate

 \Box

12" Dia

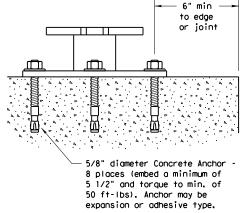
SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

Ш

NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

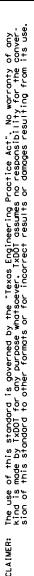
- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

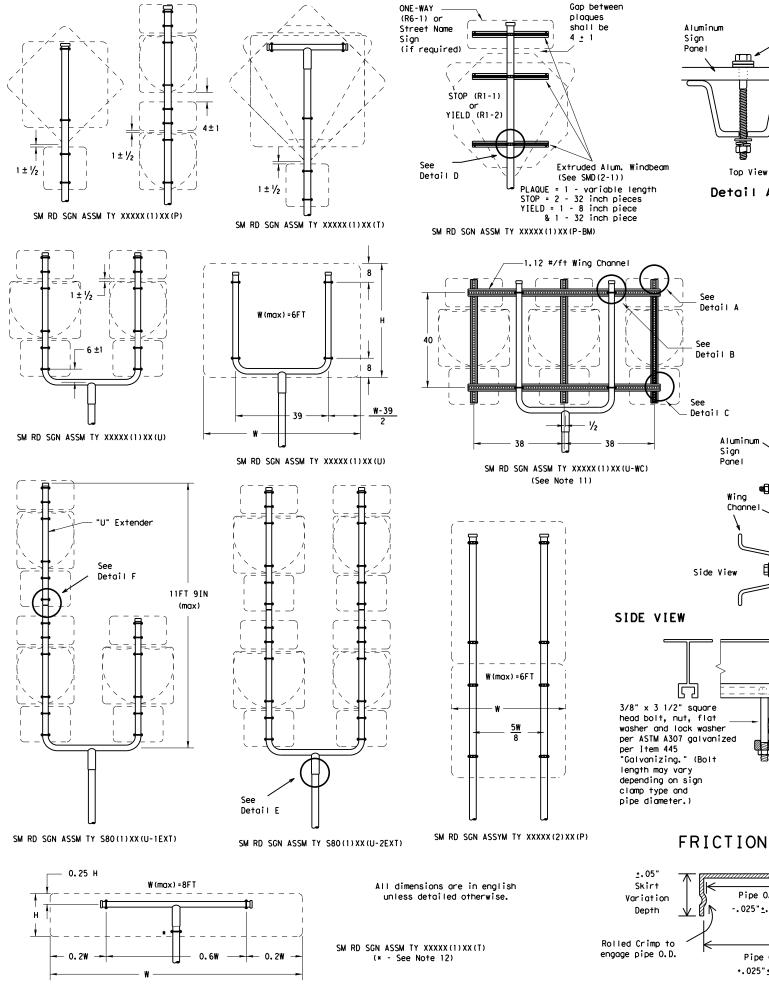


SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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Wing Channe Sign Clamp -(Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" hex bolt with nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Detail B aalvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

Detail A

Nylon washer.

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

2 flat washers per ASTM A307

galvanized per

"Galvanizing.'

Item 445.

Wing

Channe I

nut, lock washer,

Drill 7/16" hole 3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex (through) after bolt with nut, lock washer assembly and install and 2 flat washers per ASTM bolt, nut, 2 flat A307 galvanized per 1 1/2" washers and Item 445 "Galvanizing." lock washer. 11 Extender __ 1.1 1.1

8 Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Detail F

Nylon washer,

5/16" x 1 3/4"

hex bolt with

nut, lock washer.

2 flat washers

per ASTM A307

aalvanized per

"Galvanizing."

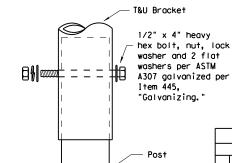
Item 445.

5/16" x 3/4" hex bolt with nut, lock washer and 2 flat washers per ASTM A307

galvanized per Item 445.

"Galvanizing.

Detail D



U-Bracket

Detail E

Sign Clamp

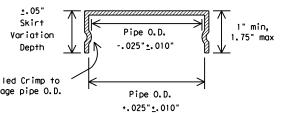
Universal)

(Specific or

Detail C

TOP VIEW Extruded Aluminum Windbeam (see SMD(2-1)) Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal)

FRICTION CAP DETAIL



Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

0

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

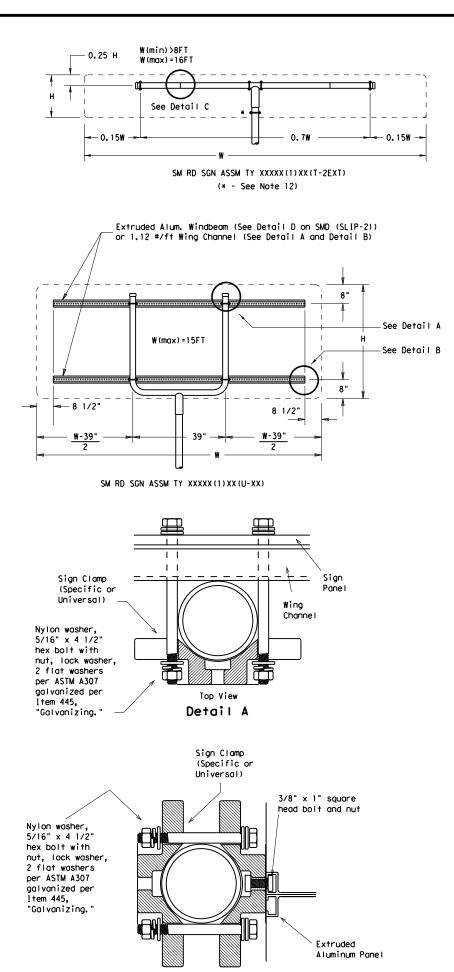
	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT					
ry	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regulatory	48×16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
ō	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
Marning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
¥	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					



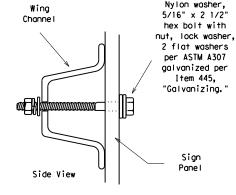
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

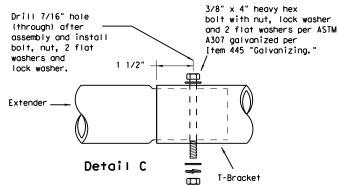
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		ВМТ	BMT LIBERTY			94		



EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN WITH T BRACKET



Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

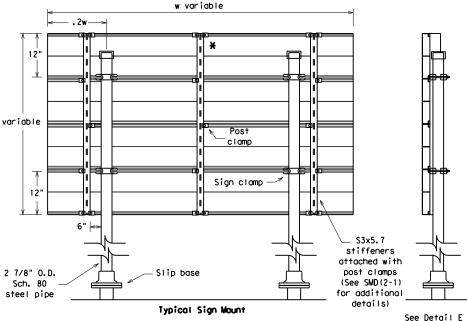
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

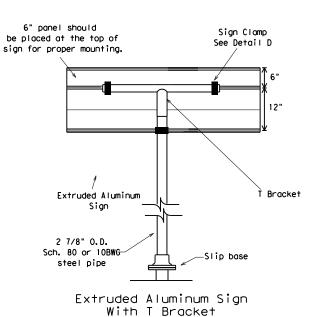
"Galvanizina.

Detail E



SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

f X Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.



24" or greater

for clamp installation

Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E

for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
١.	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
יבאתותותו	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
200	36×48, 48×36, and 48×48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
-	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
5	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
ביים	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
≥	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



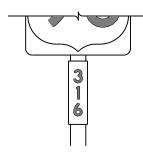




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS				
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness			
Less than 7.5	0.080			
7.5 to 15	0.100			
Greater than 15	0.125			

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(3)-13

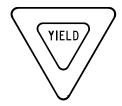
FILE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: T	xDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
(C) TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT.	JOB			SHWAY
C IXDOI						-	
12-03 7-13		0601	04	013		FM	1009
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08		RMT		LIBER	ГΥ		96

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REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

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TxDOT October	2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY	
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-03 7-13 -08		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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TYPE

A-2

A-3

B-I

B-2

B-3

CODE

E-3

E-4

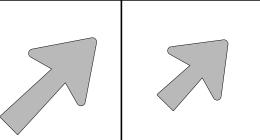
ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

NOTE

Texas" manual.

can be found at the following website.





LETTER SIZE

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

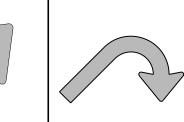
13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L

USED ON SIGN NO.

E5-laT

E5-IbT



E-3

USE

Single

Lane

Multiple

Lane Exits

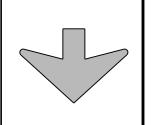


Arrow dimensions are shown in the

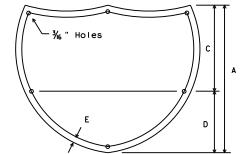
The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD)

http://www.txdot.gov/

"Standard Highway Sign Designs for

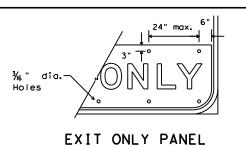


Down Arrow



INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

Α	С	D	Е
36	21	15	11/2
48	28	20	13/4



"Y" NO. OF EQUAL SPACES 6" Holes

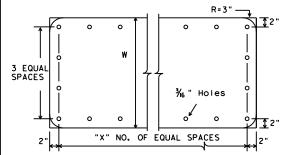
SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED

TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS

(FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)

U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5



STATE ROUTE MARKERS

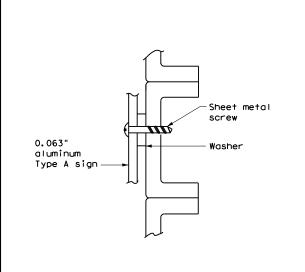
No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

background Attachment sheeting sign sheeting Attachment sheeting must be cut at panel joints

DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT

- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".



SCREW ATTACHMENT

1/4" nut and bolt 0.063" Lock washer aluminum Type A sign Washer

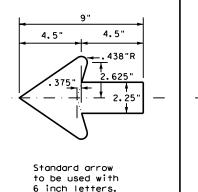
NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

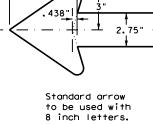
NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

ARROW DETAILS

for Destination Signs (Type D)





6.437"

Traffic Operations Division Standard

Texas Department of Transportation

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(5)-13

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.00			ВМТ		LIBER	ГΥ		98

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

For all projects with soil disturbing activity and for projects that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ): 0601-04-013

1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: US 90

To: JEFFERSON COUNTY LINE

1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

(Long) -94.5072036 BEGIN: (Lat) 30.0237224

END: (Lat) 30.0108335 ,(Long) -94.4443060

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 64.70

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 6.42

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

PREFORM WIDEN, PREFORM STRIP SEAL, PLACE OVERLAY RE-STRIPE, AND REPLACE ROADSIDE SIGNS

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

VAMONT CLAY, 0 TO 1% SLOPES LEAGUE CLAY, 0 TO 1% SLOPES ANAHUAC-ARIS COMPLEX, 0 TO 1% SLOPE VERY FINE SANDY LOAM, VERY FINE SANDY LOAM, LOAM, CLAY, CLAY LOAM
0 TO 1% SLOPES ANAHUAC-ARIS COMPLEX, VERY FINE SANDY LOAM, VERY FINE SANDY LOAM,
COMPLEX, VERY FINE SANDY LOAM,

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- Mobilization
- Install sediment and erosion controls
- □ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- ☑ Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- ▼ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- □ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- ▼ Install proposed pavement per plans
- ▼ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- □ Place flex base
- □ Rework slopes, grade ditches
- ☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

CIUSIUII	COITHO	measures	
Othor			

Other		
Unioi.		

Other:			_

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- ▼ Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- ☐ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

_ O41			

Other:			

Other:			

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
WILLOW CREEK	PINE ISLAND BAYOU Segment ID: 0607C
COTTON CREEK	PINE ISALND BAYOU Segment ID: 0607D

* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections
- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- X Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

·		

☐ Other:			

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

Other:	 _	
Other:		
Other:		

MS4 Entity

1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

	FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.			SHEET NO.
						99
	TEXAS CONT.		STATE DIST.	COUNTY		
			ВМТ	LIBERTY		
			SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY N	٧0.
	060	1	04	013	FM 10	09

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:							
T / P							
☑ Protection of Existing Vegetation							
✓ Uegetated Buffer Zones							
□ Soil Retention Blankets							
□ Geotextiles							
□ Mulching/ Hydromulching							
□ Soil Surface Treatments							
□ Temporary Seeding							
□ ☑ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding							
■ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs							
Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams							
□ Vertical Tracking							
□ Interceptor Swale							
□ Riprap							
□ Diversion Dike							
□ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain							
☐ Embankment for Erosion Control							
□ Paved Flumes							
□ Other:							

2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:

□ □ Other:

Т/	Р	
X		Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
		Dewatering Controls
		Inlet Protection
X		Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
		Sandbag Berms
		Sediment Control Fence
		Stabilized Construction Exit
		Floating Turbidity Barrier
		Vegetated Buffer Zones
		Vegetated Filter Strips
		Other:
		Other:

□ □ Other:

□ Other: _____

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Other: _____

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

T/P

	Sediment Trap
	□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
	□ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
	Sedimentation Basin
	□ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
	□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
	□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
	☐ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
	□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
	☐ Available area/Site geometry
	☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
	☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
	□ Public safety
	□ Other:

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Type	Stationing From To	oning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- ☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Stabilized construction exit Daily street sweeping

☐ Other:		

Othor		

□ Other:

2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control
- Sanitary Facilities

Other:			
Other:			
•			

□ Other:	-		

□ Other:

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Statio	ning	
Туре	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

X Fire hydrant flushings

X Irrigation drainage

X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)

X Potable water sources

X Springs

X Uncontaminated groundwater

X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust

X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

When dewatering activities are present, a daily inspection will be conducted once per day during those activities and documented in accordance with CGP and TxDOT requirements.

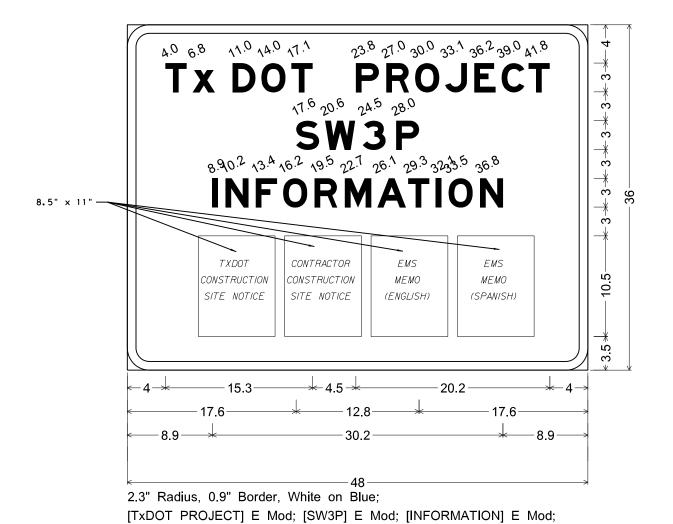
2.10 MAINTENANCE: Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.





Texas Department of Transportation

DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.					
					100		
STATE	•	STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TIEXAS		ВМТ	LIBERTY				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY N			
0601		04	013	FM 10	09		



NOTES:

For projects disturbing 5 or more acres, place laminated copies of the TxDOT and Contractor Construction Site Notices and the TxDOT and Contractor Notices of Intent on the SW3P Notification Board.

For projects disturbing between 1 and 5 acres, place laminated copies of the TxDOT and Contractor Construction Site Notices on the SW3P Notification Board.

For projects with an Individual Permit with the US Army Corp of Engineer, place a laminated copy of the Permit Certificate on the Notification Board.

Center all postings.

Notification Boards are to be constructed from chloroplast and placed at a location within the right-of-way but outside the clear zone as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to other items.

 CSN - Construction Site Notice, Large for projects greater than 5 acres, Small for projects greater than 1 and less than 5 acres.



BEAUMONT DISTRICT

SW3P NOTIFICATION BOARD DETAIL

(SW3P-B)

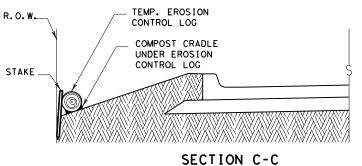
REVISIONS	FHRA TEXAS		FEDERAL A	SHEET NO.			
© 2022	DIVISION					101	
_	STATE		DISTRICT COUNTY				
	TEXA	S	BMT L		IBERTY		
	CONTROL	L	SECTION	JOB	H I GHWA	Y NO.	
	0601		04	013	FM 1	009	

TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. PLAN VIEW

FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, CONTROL LOG OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. **TEMPORARY** EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

PLAN VIEW



SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE. TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE LOG. 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

MINIMUM COMPACTED

DIAMETER

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

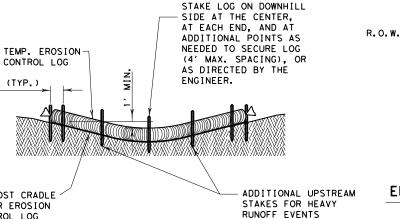
6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

PLAN VIEW



SECTION B-B EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG



(CL - BOC)

SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM



LEGEND

CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

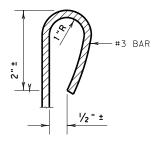
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY -(CL-ROW)
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL - SSL`
- -(CL-DI] - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

CL-ROW

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: the drainage area).

- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- limits where drainage flows away from the project.





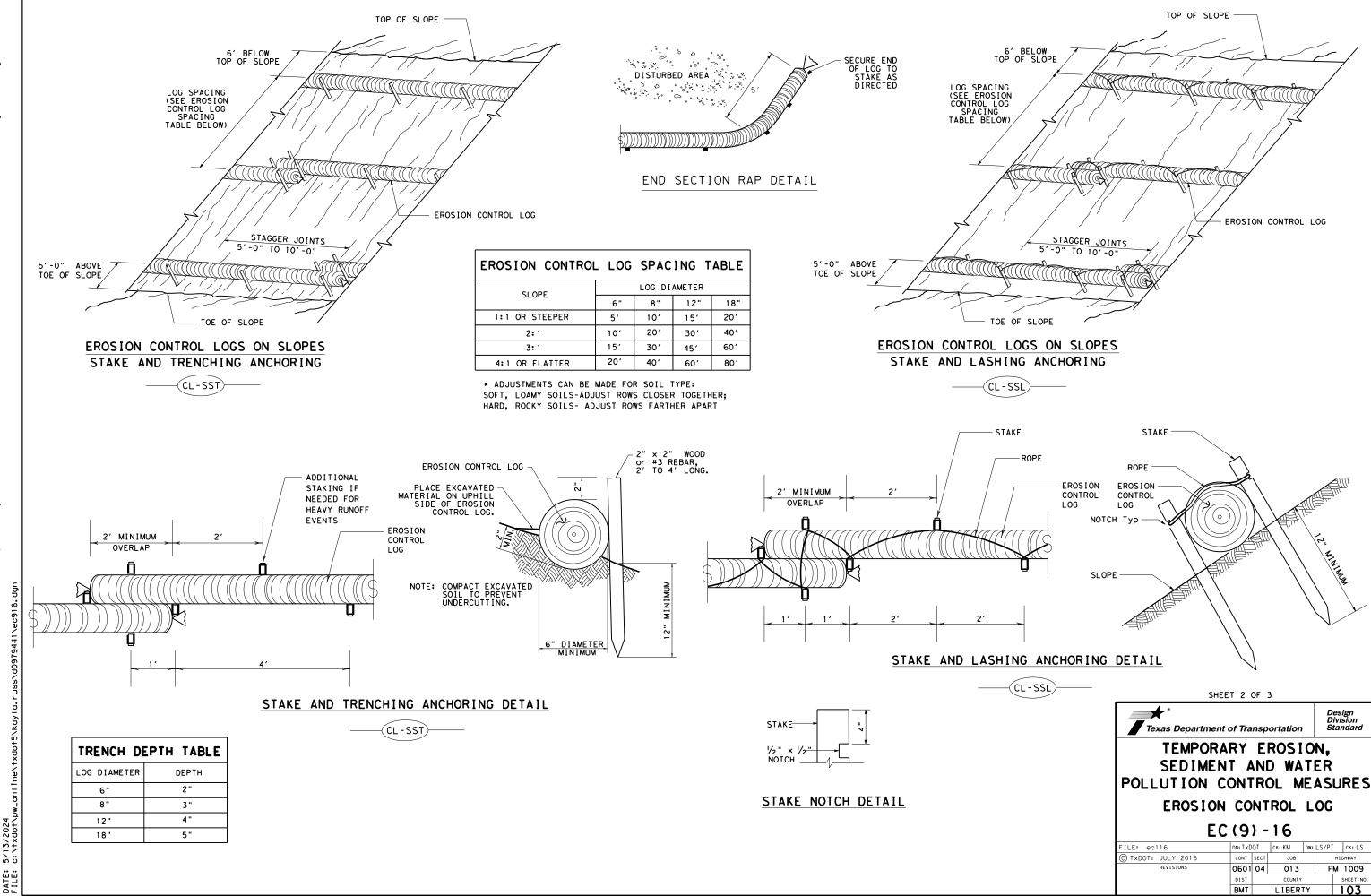
MINIMUM

COMPACTED DIAMETER

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

> **EROSION CONTROL LOG** EC(9) - 16

DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT CK: LS C) TxDOT: JULY 2016 JOB 0601 04 013 FM 1009 LIBERTY 102



TOP OF SLOPE

- EROSION CONTROL LOG

SHEET 2 OF 3

TEMPORARY EROSION.

SEDIMENT AND WATER

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9) - 16

CONT SECT

0601 04

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT CK: LS

JOB 013

LIBERTY

Design Division Standard

FM 1009

103

SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

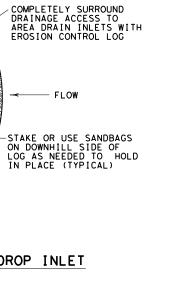
TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW

5/13/2024 c:\txdot\

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET (CL - GI)

SANDBAG



TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

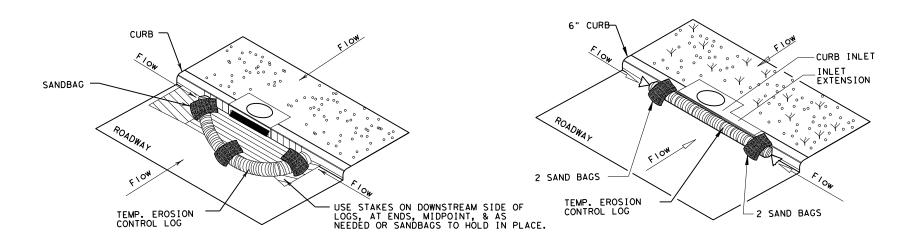
OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

- FLOW

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

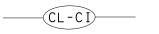
(CL-DI)

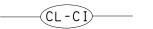
CURB AND GRATE INLET



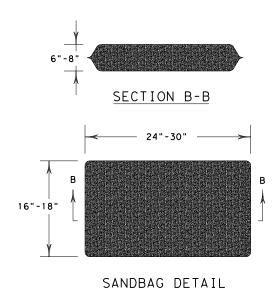
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

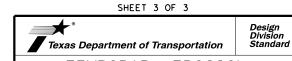
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET





NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.





TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG**

EC(9)-16

	_		_				_
FILE: ec916	DN: Tx[)OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS	
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0601	04	4 013		FN	d 1009	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET		
	ВМТ		L I BER	ΓY		104	

STORMWATER POLLUTION P	REVENTION-CLEAN WATER A	CT SECTION 402	III. CUL TURA	AL RESOURCES			VI. HAZARDOUS MATER	ALS OR CONTAI	MINATION ISSUES	
	Discharge Permit or Construction (Astina Bas inst	⊠	uired Action	☐ No Action Required	⊠ 1	Required Action	_
	nore acres disturbed soil. Projects rosion and sedimentation in accord	•	_	Action Required	⊠ wed	jured Action	General (applies to all pro	jects):		
Item 506.	. 03.011 0.10 300	ones with	Action	No.			Comply with the Hazard Comm		-	-
List MS4 Operator(s) that may i		to TxDOT Standard Specific			hazardous materials by conduc making workers aware of poter					
They may need to be notified p	prior to construction activities.			archeological artifacts are fo very of archeological artifacts	-		provided with personal protective		•	
1. TxDOT - Beaumont District				.) cease work in the immedia		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Obtain and keep on-site Materi	•		-
No Action Required	Required Action		imn	nediately.			used on the project, which may Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt p			
Action No.			IV. VEGETA	TION RESOURCES			compounds or additives. Provide			
-	on by controlling erosion and sedim	entation in		Action Required	⊠ Pag	uired Action	products which may be hazard	•	•	•
accordance with TPDES Pe	ermit TXR 150000 I revise when necessary to control	collution or as	Action	-	⊠ wed	uireo Action	Maintain on adequate supply of In the event of a spill, take ac			
required by the Engineer.	Tevise when necessary to control	policion of ou	Action	NO.			in accordance with safe work	-	-	
- ·	than one but less than five acres. e Notice is a manner which meets	•					immediately. The Contractor shot all product spills.	oll be responsible for	the proper contains	nent and cleanup
	s to TxDOT standards. Contractor s			egetation removalor trimming ed for moved and maintained		I is allowed. Exceptions are	1			
	e to any adjacent non-TxDOT MS4 permits from any adjacenet non-				•		 Contact the Engineer if any of Dead or distressed vege 			
• • • • • •	rict Construction Office with question					, ENDANGERED SPECIES,	 Trash piles, drums, canis 	er, barrels, etc.	03 1101111017	
Permit 150000.		and whom he h		HABITAT, STATE LIST	ED SPECIE	S, CANDIDATE SPECIES	 Undesirable smells or od Evidence of leaching or 		:es	
	construction materials and debris ii.e., cooling liquid, etc.) associated to		AND MIG	RATORY BIRDS.			Any other evidence indic	oting possible hazar	dous materials or co	ntomination
concrete removal from ent	tering any inlets, ditches, or waterw	oys.					discovered on site.		aludiaa baw auluada	haina
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREA	MS. WATERBODIES AND WET	LANDS CLEAN WATER	□ No	Action Required	Req	uired Action	List below any bridge class replaced, rehabilitated, rem			
ACT SECTIONS 401 AND			Action	No			or state "None", if applicat		T 007 '	
USACE Permit required for filling	ng, dredging, excavaling or other wa	ork in any	Action	140.			If "None", then no further for completing asbestos as	•		•
water bodies, rivers, creeks, st		,						•		•
	o all of the terms and conditions, in	•		ie project area contains hab juthern crawfish frog, Streck		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Provide results below: Structure Location	PSN	Element	Leod
Regional conditions for the Sta	te of Texas, associated with the fo	llowing		ochman's Sparrow, White-face			None	1 3.4		2000
No Permit Required				onarch Butterfly, Houston bur innow, eastern spotted skunk		The state of the s				<u> </u>
Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN	N not Required (less than 1/10th ac	re waters or	bo	x turtle, Timber (canebrake)	rattlesnake,	and the western box turtle.				
wetlands affected)				any animalenters the work (If Asbestos is present, the			
Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN	N Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3	in tidal waters)	to	handle any species; let the	animal leave	on its own.	to assist with the notificat management activities as n	-	ent/mitigation proced	ures, and periori
Individual 404 Permit Requir	ed: Permit •					le, cease work in the area and	If Ashantan in ant account	than TuDOT in alilla	and to salify DC	LIC
Other Nationwide Permit Re			c°	entact the TxDOT Inspector of	or DEQC for	guidance	If Asbestos is not present, then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS prior to any scheduled demolition.			n3
Required Actions: List waters of	the US permit applies to, location	in project		omply with Wildlife Regulatory			In either case, the Contrac			
	actices planned to control erosion,	- •		actices" section found in the eld Guide.	e Beaumont l	District Environmental	activities and/or demolition asbestos consultant in orde			•
and post-project TSS.					P'AL AL	- Mariana Ciri Tarak Asi MOTA			·	-
	ands are present within the project are located at STA's 11·85.23, 99·15					ne Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) liance with MBTA and TPW Code, bridge	Hazardous Materials or Con Action No.	tomination Issues Sp	ecific to this Projec	.t•
155•42, 155•88, 180•77, 188	8-69. Contractor is responsible for	supplying and				trimming activities are to be scheduled		T Standard Specific	ation 7.12 and Speci	al Provision 006-0
	on exclusion fencing for avoidance tor or DEOC for proper location.	of any WOUS.				f migratory bird nesting season). Jolified biologist to conduct a nest survey	if evidence of haz	ordous	•	
•	worksite next to the water and do	not allow any				vegetation clearing that occurs during I biologist must submit a survey protocol	materials or conta 2. Notify TxDOT Insp	mination is noted di		iale enille
debris to fall into the water					-	prior to construction. A nesting survey	including fuel, hydr			013 3pm3
	ear Waters/Wetlands Regulatory Re " section found in the Beaumont D					ly not completed within 5 days of a nesting y bird nesting season is from February 15	VII. OTHER ENVIRONME	NTAI ISSUES		
Environmental Field Guide.	s section round in the bedunion b					its is allowed during migratory bird nesting	(includes regional issues		ovilar Diotriat ata)	
•	igh water marks of any areas requ of the US requiring the use of a	-				tion containing an active nest may not be of inactive nests is allowed during migratory	1		•	
permit can be found on the Bri	· •	notionwide	bir	d nesting season except by	an approved	d, qualified biologist. Contractor is responsible	☐ No Action Required	×	Required Action	
_			fo	r ensuring all nests on bridge ason. The full TxDOT MBTA o	e structures quidance may	are removed prior to the start nesting be found here:	Action No.			
Best Management Practices	; :			tps://ftp.txdot.gov/pub/txdo					ction found in the B	aaumont
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	6. Co	ontractor shall comply with Ti	PWD MOU BM	IPs for General Desian and	District Environmen	ital Field Guide.	4 .	
☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	Vegelative Filler Strips	Co	onstruction, Vegetation, Bird, I	Fish, Crayfish	, Small Mammal, Aquatic Amphibian				
Blankets/Malling	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems		id Reptile, and Terrestrial Amp tps://ftp.txdot.gov/pub/txdo	-	-			Texas Depart	tment of Transpo
Mulch	Triangular Filler Dike	Extended Detention Basin							ENVIRON	MENTAL
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands		I IST OF A	BBREVIATIONS				CIANIKON	WENIAL
Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	Wet Bosin	BMP: Best Manage	ement Practice		Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure			ISSUES A	AND COM
Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	CGP: Construction	on General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan				
Erosion Control Compost	Erosion Control Compost	Mulch Filler Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Hig	tment of State Health Servi phway Administration	PSL:	Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location				EPIC
Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	MOA: Memor andum	of Agreement of Understanding	TŒQ:	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System		 		
Compost Filter Berm and Socks	Compost Filter Berm and Socks	▼ Vegetation Lined Ditches		Separate Stormwater Sewer Sy	stem TPVD:	Texas Perks and Wildlife Department Texas Department of Transportation	Johnny J Darcey Jr	5/10/2024	FILE: epic.dgn © TxDOT February 2019	DN: TxDOT
	Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	Sond Filter Systems	NOT: Notice of T	ler mination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Species	APPROVED BY	DATE		0601 04
	Sediment Bosins		NWP: Nationwide NO: Notice of I			U.S. Army Corps of Engineers U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL DE	PARTMENT		BMT

AZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES No Action Required Required Action neral (applies to all projects): with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with s materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and rorkers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. nd keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: cids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing ds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. on adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. vent of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, dance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator ely. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup duct soills. the Engineer if any of the following are detected: ad or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal) ash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. idesirable smells or odors ridence of leaching or seepage of substances y other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination scovered on site. below any bridge class structure(s), not including box culverts, being oced, rehabilitated, removed, extended or modified as part of this project, tate "None", if applicable. lone", then no further action is required. Otherwise TxDOT is responsible completing asbestos assessment/inspection and evaluation for presence of lead. ride results below: ructure Location PSN Element Leod None bestos is present, then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant ssist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform agement activities as necessary.

Texas Department of Transportation

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS



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Asbestos