INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FHWA TEXAS		SHEET	NO.		
DIVISION	RMC 6467-23-001			1	
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY		
TEXAS	LFK	Δ			
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO.	
6467	23	001	US 59,	ETC	ì.

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

TREE & BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING

RMC 6467-23-001

US 59, ETC.

ANGELINA COUNTY

LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS WITHIN THE ANGELINA COUNTY MAINTENANCE SECTION

1669

1669

HUNTINGTON

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NOT TO SCALE

844

TYLER COUNTY

2801

2109

3124

1270 SULPHUR SPRINGS

ZAVALLA 2743

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REDI AND

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326 BALD

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COUNTY

58

59/N

POLK COUNTY

326 1475

HOMER

CENTRAL

CLAWSON

BURKE

304

DIBOLL

3258

2021

BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS

PROJECT LIMIT BARRICADES WILL NOT BE REQUIRED.
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND ERECT WARNING SIGNS
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRICADE & CONSTRUCTION
STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, THE TEXAS MANUAL ON
UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND AS DIRECTED.



RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

DocuSigned by:

6/26/2024

5135292FE4184A4. DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

DATE

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

6/26/2024

DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

HEET NO.	DESCRIPTION					
	<u>GENERAL</u>					
1	TITLE					
2	GENERAL NOTES					
3	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY					
4	QUANTITY SUMMARIES					

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

=	5-16	BC (1)-14 THRU BC (12)-14
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ENVIRONMENTAL

24 EPIC



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6/26/2024

1819

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIAL (SECTIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

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DATE

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

GENERAL NOTES:

Project Description: This project consists of performing tree trimming and brush removal on various roads and channels in the Angelina County Maintenance Section. This project also consists of removing trees as directed.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISOR: All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the Maintenance Section Supervisor(s) listed below. Payment will be made monthly for work completed and accepted according to specifications. All payment requests should be directed to the Maintenance Section Supervisor(s) listed below.

COUNTYSUPERVISORADDRESSCONTACT #AngelinaSteven Harris1410 Kurth Drive.
Lufkin, TX(936) 634-3414

CONTRACT PROSECUTION: Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and, as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

Existing regulatory, warning and guide signs within project limits are to always remain visible to the traveling public. If a sign must be repositioned during construction operations, move, and install the sign to an approved location. Use care when working near existing signs and repair or replace signs damaged by work operations. All work involved repositioning existing signs will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Furnish materials and make repairs to the existing roadway and right-of-way at any location damaged by construction operations. This work shall be done in an approved manner and will be subsidiary to various bid items.

Minimize vehicles and equipment in construction areas to lessen the impact on existing vegetation. The intent of the plans is to prepare only that portion of the right-of-way necessary for construction.

Always provide suitable access to adjacent businesses, private property, and side roads. Remove dirt, silt, rocks, debris, and other foreign matter that accumulates in structures due to the Contractor's operations as directed. Keep stream channels always open. This work will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent items.

All workers on TxDOT right-of-way shall wear reflective clothing meeting ANSI Class II requirements during the day and ANSI Class III requirements during the night. Non-compliance with any of these requirements shall be grounds for suspension of work.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Jeremy King Jeremy.King@TxDOT.gov
Tamara Gibson Tamara.Gibson@TxDOT.gov

Project Number: RMC 6467-23-001 **Control:** 6467-23-001

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Item 2: Instructions to Bidders

View plans on-line or download from the web at: https://www.txdot.gov/business/plans-online-bid-lettings.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

The proposed work of this project is the removal and trimming of trees and brush at various roadways within the Angelina County Maintenance Section that are hazardous, dying, or protruding into State right-of-way. This activity maintains the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, and original purpose of the site. Therefore, this project meets the definition of a routine maintenance activity as defined in the TPDES General Permit No. TXR150000 issued March 5, 2023, and TCEQ's TPDES CGP does not apply.

Dispose of all vegetative matter and any other materials removed from State Right of Way in accordance with applicable environmental laws, rules, regulations, and requirements.

In order to maintain compliance with Chapter 64 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), construction activities that may affect nests (i.e. tree removal, tree liming, bridge work) shall be conducted outside of the nesting season (March 15 to September 15). In the event birds or active nests (eggs and/or nestlings present) are encountered, contact the engineer prior to conducting work.

Contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historic materials damaged (buildings, historical markers, etc.) while executing the work. Contractor is responsible for locating replacement source for historical materials damaged in the course of the work. TxDOT-Environmental Affairs Division is to be informed of proposed repairs to facilitate consultation with Texas Historical Commission prior to the execution of repairs.

General Notes Sheet 2 General Notes Sheet 2

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

Red-cockaded Woodpecker (federally listed endangered species) habitat is present adjacent to the ROW along State Highway (SH) 63 and Farm-to-Market Road (FM) 2743. Below are the following roadway limits and actions required:

- SH 63: From 1.50 miles West of FM 2743 to 1.50 miles Southeast of FM 2743.
- FM 2743: From 2.00 miles Northwest of FM 3373 to 0.85 miles Northwest of FM 3373

NO trees along the roadway limits above are to be cut or otherwise damaged without prior approval from the Lufkin Environmental Section and Area Engineer.

Contact Lufkin Environmental Section prior to commencing work on the roadway limits above.

Louisiana Pine Snake (federally listed endangered species) critical habitat is present adjacent to the ROW along SH 63. The conservation measure below must be followed to be in compliance with the Endangered Species Act:

NO stockpiles or equipment storage shall be allowed within the ROW along SH 63 from 5.70 miles Northwest of Jasper County Line to Jasper County Line.

Portions of US Highway (US) 69 South of Huntington, State Highway (SH) 147, SH 63, Farm-to-Market (FM) 3124, FM 2109, FM 2743, and FM 3373 in Angelina County pass through compartments of the Angelina National Forest. The following actions are required.

- Area Engineer shall notify USFS-Angelina National Forest prior to working on the above roadways.
- NO trees along these roadways are to be cut or otherwise damaged without prior approval from the Area Engineer and USFS (ANF).
- 3. Do not fell trees within the US Forest Service (ANF) boundary without prior approval. Timber cut within US Forest Service (ANF) boundary remains the property of US Forest Service (SNF) and may require measured lengths to be cut or for trees to be felled entirely onto US Forest Service (ANF) Land.

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

Contract Time – The number of working days for this project shall be 365 days or until contract funds are expended.

For this project, working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Item 8, Section 3.1.5, "Calendar Days".

Contractor shall be on site within 48 hours for emergency work, and within <u>five business days</u> for regular callout work orders, unless otherwise agreed upon with the Engineer.

General Notes Sheet 2A

Project Number: RMC 6467-23-001 **Control:** 6467-23-001

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

This contract includes callout work; the number of working days will be established in each work order.

The Engineer will specify the number of working days granted for each work order based on a percentage of the dollar amount of the work order versus the total dollar amount of the contract or based on typical production rates for the work ordered.

Verbal notification may be given for the work orders above; however, written notification will be delivered electronically following the verbal notification. Written notification will state the date of verbal approval to begin work.

Notify the Engineer at least 24 hours before proceeding with planned work activities to the requesting Maintenance Section or appropriate contact person. Any work performed without proper notification will not be eligible for payment.

Perform work only as directed by a work order. Any work performed at locations not covered by a work order will not be paid for, unless directly authorized.

In accordance with Article 8.6 "Failure to Complete the Work on Time", liquidated damages will be charged for failure to complete each work order in the specified number of days. The Work Order Liquidated Damage amount to be assessed per day, until the work is completed will be 1% of the estimated cost of the Work Order, but not less than \$250 per day and not to exceed \$1,000 per day.

ITEM 9: MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This Contract includes callout work. In accordance with Article 9.2., "Plans Quantity Measurement", plans quantity measurement requirements are not applicable. The quantities shown are for estimates only and payment will be based on the actual quantities placed.

NONCOMPLIANCE PENALTY – A penalty will be assessed for each instance the contractor is in noncompliance. A noncompliance instance is defined by the following:

- 1. The contractor fails to begin work at the specified time and/or location(s).
- 2. The contractor does not have all the personnel and pieces of equipment necessary to fulfill of the item(s) called out at the specified time and/or location(s).
- 3. The contractor does not complete the work continuously, unless approved by the Engineer.
- 4. The contractor fails to complete any requirements as stated in the general notes.

The Noncompliance Penalty will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any completed item(s) of work. The Noncompliance Penalty will be assessed as follows: \$250 per instance, per location, until the contractor returns to a state of compliance or otherwise approved by the engineer.

General Notes Sheet 2A

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

Traffic Control Plan (TCP):

Ensure the Contractor's Responsible Person (CRP) or their alternate for Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling is always available and able to receive instructions from the Engineer or authorized Department representative. The CRP shall be a person that is usually at the project site during normal working hours.

Furnish and maintain all warning signs, flaggers, channelizing devices, etc. required for traffic control on this contract in accordance with Item 502.1 & 502.2. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

For protection of the traveling public, direct traffic through the work area using signs, flaggers, and other devices. Required signs are shown in the plans on the Barricade and Construction Standards and Traffic Control Plan Sheets. The latest edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" shall also be used as a guide for handling traffic on this project.

Texas Transportation Code 547.105 authorizes the use of warning lights to promote safety and provides an effective means of gaining the travelling public's attention as they drive in areas where construction crews are present. To influence the public to move over when high risk construction activities are taking place, minimize the utilization of blue warning lights. These lights must be used only while performing work on or near the travel lanes or shoulder where the travelling public encounters construction crews that are not protected by a standard work zone set up such as a lane closure, shoulder closure, or one-way traffic control. Refrain from leaving the warning lights engaged while travelling from one work location to another or while parked on the right of way away from the payement or a work zone.

Restrict construction work to single lane widths with only minor disruptions in traffic flow. Lane closures shall conform to the traffic control plan for lane closures as shown in the plans. No overnight closures will be permitted.

Provide temporary rumble strips as shown on work zone rumble strip standards. Temporary rumble strips shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices and shall be a two-piece rumble strip that hinges in the middle.

Provide a flashing arrow panel and a truck-mounted attenuator to supplement required signs and devices for each lane closure.

Provide adequate flaggers to protect the traveling public. All flaggers shall wear approved hardhats and reflective safety vests while flagging. Safety vests shall be clean and worn fully fastened.

Install "Be Prepared to Stop" (CW20-7B) and "Flagger Ahead" (CW22-7D) signs when flaggers are present. Position the signs where good visibility and traffic control can be maintained.

Project Number: RMC 6467-23-001 **Control:** 6467-23-001

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

Provide one high-intensity yellow, rotating dome-light on all equipment such as distributors, spreader boxes, lay-down machines, rollers, backhoes, road graders, loaders, etc. Mount lights high enough to be visible from all directions and operating when the equipment is within 30 ft. of the travel way. On all other equipment such as trucks, trailers, automobiles, etc., use emergency flashers while within the work zone.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 752: Tree and Brush Removal

All work, except emergency work, is to be completed between September 15th and March 15th to ensure compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA). Emergency work is any work required to eliminate a potential hazard(s) to the traveling public or from causing property damage.

The Contractor shall become knowledgeable of the location of utilities within the right-of-way and shall use care when working near them.

The Contractor shall be responsible for contacting all utility companies and locating all underground utilities prior to stump grinding and/or other excavating. The Contractor shall use care when working near these utilities so as not to damage them.

Complete at least 1 centerline mile of tree trimming, brush, and tree removal per day. Trim branches, limbs, and brush to 30 feet from the edge of pavement and a height of 18 feet above the white line unless otherwise directed. Trimming shall be performed to leave a neat and uniform appearance. Quantities shown are for both sides of the roadway.

The equipment used to trim limbs and remove brush shall be approved by the maintenance supervisor. A boom axe will not be allowed when trimming limbs. The Contractor shall remove all existing limbs and small trees on the ground within the limits of brush removal.

Trees to be removed shall be marked by the State with a red, white, or orange "X", painted on the trunk.

Areas listed in the work order as tree trimming are for tree trimming only unless otherwise directed. No unmarked trees are to be removed without approval from the inspector. Removing unmarked trees will result in a noncompliance penalty.

General Notes Sheet 2B General Notes Sheet 2B

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

Any trees that are topped (leaving a standing trunk) in a trimming operation must be fully removed and the inspector must be notified immediately. Failure to do so will result in a noncompliance penalty.

For trimming/ brush removal (channels) clear 50 feet either side of culvert center line and from right-of-way line to right-of-way line. If Waters of the US location, no work shall be performed within the channel and debris, or discharge/fill material shall not enter the channel. Equipment used at Waters of the US locations shall not enter the channel under any circumstance.

Remove trees as designated. After the removal of the designated trees, the Contractor may move out, and the remaining tree removal for this contract will be used on an as needed basis. The Engineer will send the Contractor written notification requiring him to move in and begin tree removal each time there are a minimum of 10 trees to be removed and mobilization will be paid for on a callout basis. After completion of the required tree removal the Contractor may again move out, and this procedure will continue for the duration of the contract.

Pick up and remove or chip/mulch all trees and limbs felled from right-of-way on the same day, unless otherwise approved.

If the trees and limbs are chipped/mulched, they must be spread evenly near the ROW line (typically the wood line on the back slope of the ditch). Do not place chips/mulch in the ditch line. In areas with driveways or cross culvert, consult the Engineer prior to chipping for an approved location.

Remove trees that are already down in the right-of-way. Cut and measure trees that have fallen from private property at the right-of-way line. These trees will be paid for in the same manner as trees that are to be felled and removed.

Grind all limbs and protruding roots. Grind all stumps to a depth of 12 inches below the ground level. Backfill any resulting holes to the level of the surrounding ground. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, stumps on back slope cannot be ground, trees shall be cut flush with surrounding ground line.

Dispose of all vegetative matter and any other materials removed from State right-of-way in accordance with applicable environmental laws, rules, regulations, and requirements in the contract.

Remove a tree in increments when cutting the trees at ground level may endanger overhead utility lines or damage private property.

Removal of brush, limbs, debris, and trees less than 4 inches in diameter are considered brush and will be subsidiary to Item 752.

Trees that have fallen onto the right-of-way from private property will be cut and measured at the right-of-way line.

General Notes Sheet 2C General Notes Sheet 2C

Project Number: RMC 6467-23-001 **Control:** 6467-23-001

County: Angelina Highway: US 59, ETC.

The Contractor will be required to furnish materials and make repairs to the existing roadway and right-of-way, including rutting, at any location damaged by the Contractor's operations. This work shall be done in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer and will be considered subsidiary to various bid items.

Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA's) shall meet the requirements of this item and the Department's Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List.

Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA's) as shown on the TCP's shall be used. Whether shown on the TCP's or added by the Department, TMAs shall be paid for under Item 6185, "Truck Mounted Attenuator" for the type of operation being performed.

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Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6467-23-001

DISTRICT Lufkin HIGHWAY US0059 COUNTY Angelina

		CONTROL SECTION	и јов	6467-2	3-001		
		PROJI	CT ID	A00209623			
		СО		9		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	752-6003	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL	MI	20.000		20.000	
	752-6004	TREE TRIMMING / BRUSH REMOVAL(CHANNELS)	AC	5.000		5,000	
	752-6005	TREE REMOVAL (4" - 12" DJA)	EA	300.000		300.000	
	752-6006	TREE REMOVAL (12" - 18" DIA)	EA	100.000		100.000	
	752-6007	TREE REMOVAL (18" - 24" DIA)	EA	100.000		100.000	
	752-6008	TREE REMOVAL (24" - 30" DIA)	EA	50.000		50.000	
	752-6009	TREE REMOVAL (30" - 36" DIA)	EA	25.000		25.000	
	752-6010	TREE REMOVAL (36" - 42" DIA)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	752-6011	TREE REMOVAL (42" - 48" DIA)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	752-6012	TREE REMOVAL (48" - 60" DIA)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	12.000		12.000	•



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Lufkin	Angelina	6467-23-001	3

ITEM NO.

LOCATION

VARIOUS

PROJECT TOTALS

Remov
Brush
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Trimming
Tree
Angeling
4 Plans\6467-23-001
Contracts/FY24
Maintenance
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SUMMARY OF TREE REMOVALITEMS 0752 6006 0752 6007 0752 6008 0752 6009 0752 6012 0752 6010 0752 6011 TREE REMOVAL (42"-48" DIA) TREE REMOVAL (12"-18" DIA) (24"-30" DIA) (30"-36" DIA) (18"-24" DIA) (36"-42" DIA) (42"-48" DIA) EΑ EΑ EΑ EΑ EΑ EΑ EΑ

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ing &	SUMMARY OF TRE	SUMMARY OF TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMOVAL ITEMS							
Ē	ITEM NO.	0752 6003	0752 6004						
Angelina Tree Tr	LOCATION	TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMOVAL	TREE TRIMMING/BRUSH REMOVAL (CHANNELS)						
	VARIOUS	MI	AC						
00	VARIOUS	20	5						
-23-	PROJECT TOTALS	20	5						

0752 6005

(4"-12" DIA)

EΑ

300

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SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS					
ITEM NO.	6185 6002				
LOCATION	* TMA (STATIONARY)				
	DAY				
VARIOUS	12				
PROJECT TOTALS	12				
	ITEM NO. LOCATION VARIOUS				

* USE AS DIRECTED

QUANTITY SUMMARIES

5

5

Texas Department of Transportation

CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHV	/AY
6467	23	001	US	59,	ETC.
DIST		COUNTY		SHE	ET NO.
LFK		ANGEL I NA			4

NOTE: ALL QUANTITIES ARE AN ESTIMATE AND SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO BEGINNING OF WORK. NO GUARANTEES ARE MADE AS TO THE AMOUNT OF WORK WHICH WILL BE PERFORMED AT EACH LOCATION.

: 4/16/2024 8:24:10 AM

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TXDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	x: TxDOT DW:		TC	CK:	TXDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT JOB				HIGHWAY		
4-03 7-13	6467	23	001		US	59	, E	TC.
9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.			NO.
5-10 5-21	LFK	ANGEL I NA			5			_

END □ WORK ZONE G20-2bT ★ ≯

the end of the work zone.

REVISION

9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21

6467 23

DIST

001 US 59, ETC

ANGEL INA

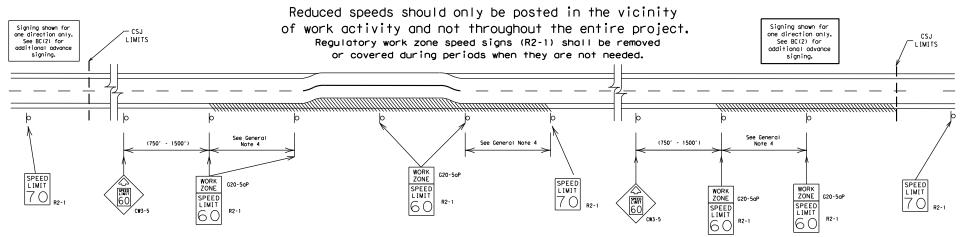
END ROAD WORK

G20-2 * *

WORK SPACE

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

0.2 to 1 mile 35 mph and less

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Low enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

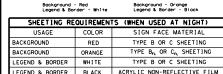
SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

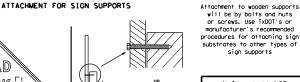
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. XX MPH 7.0' min. 9.0 7.0' min. 0,-6, max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. AMMINIA ATTITUTE Poved Paved 11511111 shoul de

- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - * * When plagues are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two

above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

Support

protrude

above sign

Support

FINES

DoUBL

WHEN

are prese

shall not

above sign

Sign supports shall

extend more than 1/2 way up the

back of the sign

substrate.

FRONT ELEVATION

Wood, metal or

Fiber Reinforced Plastic

protrude

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be $24" \times 24"$. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW poddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.

SIDE FLEVATION

- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets. TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer,
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
 The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The
- Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs floating status of the Says is the March 25 floating the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs floating status or and the March 25 floating the Says is the March 25 floating the Says is the March 25 floating the March 25 fl
- signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.

 The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 61

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except
- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
 The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
 Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWITCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.

"Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.

All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6' . The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
 White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white bockground.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texos" manual, Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely when not required.

 When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- miner sign support is require the use of weights to keep that in thing over, the us of sandbags with dry, consistency should be used. The sandbags will be fied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 50 lbs.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 50 lbs.

 Sanabags should weigh a minimum of 50 lbs.

 May be should not be used for
- halper boll lasts designed for charmelizing devices simplified and on the used for boll last on periodic sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the NETCD list. Sambags shall only be ploced along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sambags shall be placed along the length of the skids of weigh down the sign support. Sambags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

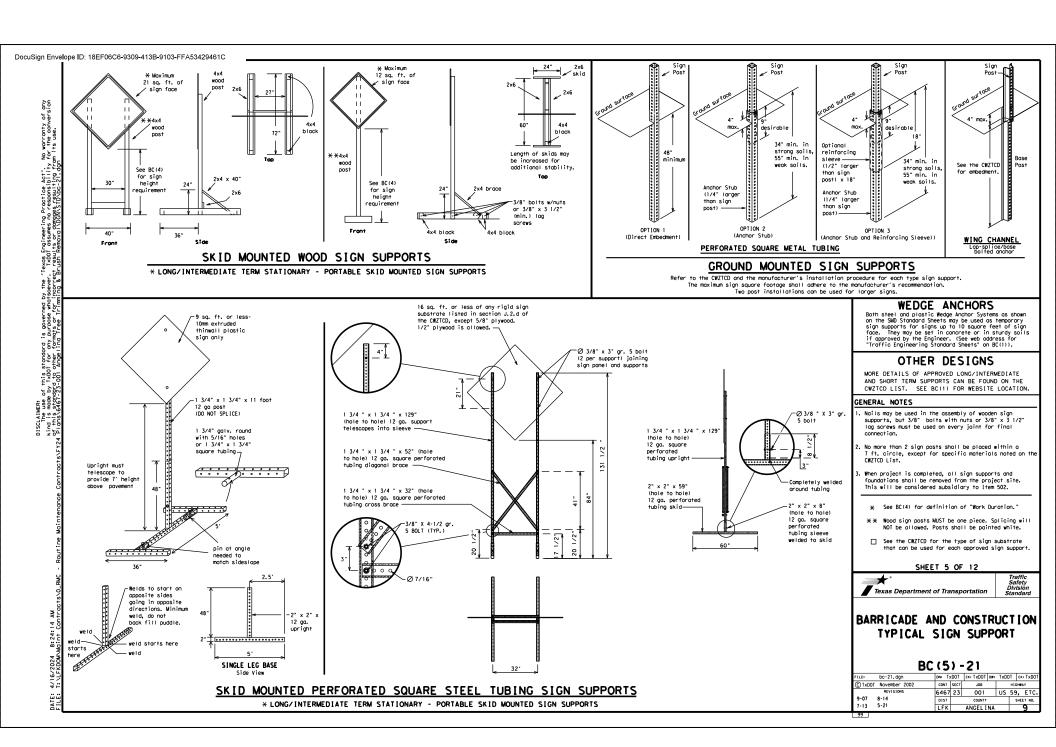
SHEET 4 OF 12

■ Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."

 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM)
- along with the number when referring to a roadway.

 When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.

 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to
- start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight.
 Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.

 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are avail-
- able for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT"
- on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message. 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sian.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.

 17. If disobled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will
- not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PK ING
CROSSING	XING		
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E		SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Drivina	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRYLRS
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT		TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W LIMIT
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	CHILL NO.	I HOW!
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		e/E Lis	ffect on Travel st	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP			DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE			DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS					TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
2.	STAY IN			*	X See A	pplication Guide	elines l	Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Natice Phose Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location
- is not included in the first phase selected. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,
- and should be understandable by themselves. 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

LANE X

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- oppropriate. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
 ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.

 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CMZO-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it
- shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.

 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the

SHEET 6 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

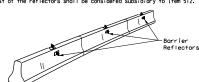
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Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

30 square inches

- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB. two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB.

 An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the borrier, as shown in the detail above.

 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be
- mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in
- The vertiff above.

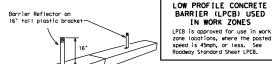
 The vertiff above.

 The vertiff above.

 The vertiff are traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.

 Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match
- the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Pavement morkers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- by the Engineer.

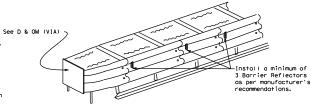
 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per monufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apparapriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOI be installed on barricades.
 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous orea. Their use and I be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Worning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.

 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control
- devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.

 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will
- certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest LTE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.

 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning light's and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 2. Type a following worming lights a form interface to define on the disease in the disease of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging toper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential worning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in
- order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.

 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the
 discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The worning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.

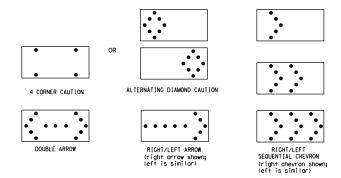
 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for
- DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.

 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
 The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Floshing Arrow Board should be used for all lone closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lones.
 Floshing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
 The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, borricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.
 The Electrole Arrow Board should be used in conjunction with the Floshing Arrow Board.

- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Courtion mode as shown.

 The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The floshing arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 11. The floshing arrow display is the TXDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

 11. The Floshing Arrow Board shall Not But Use to laterally shift traffic.

 12. A Floshing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

 13. A full matrix POMS may be used to simulate a Floshing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flosh catched disminate requirements and this TXDOT.
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ı	ATTENTION
	Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
 Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Leve Level 3 TMAs.
 Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.

 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.

 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
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7-13	5-21	LFK		ANGEL I	NΑ			11



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or
- single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.

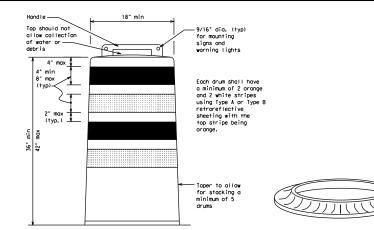
 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

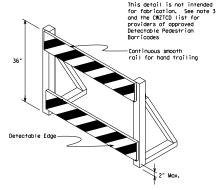
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the ... Si μνα υσευ ui u ums smai i be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Deportmental Material Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type Λ or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no detainlating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand.
 This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement
- surface may not exceed 12 inches.

 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs, and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with detectable an include cassisting pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewolk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswolk Closures. 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.

 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured
- above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" v 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background unevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be mountactured with Type B_p. or Type C_p. Forange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connect ion.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves. on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9. R9-10. R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

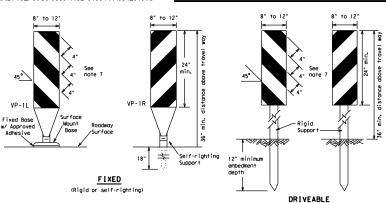
Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

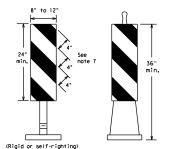
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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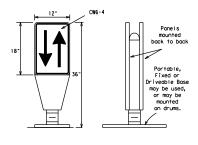
PORTABLE

Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

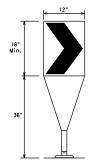
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD). 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or
- Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind aust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42'
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



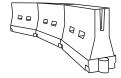
(Driveoble Bose, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways. self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone greas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by erront vehicles vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain prope device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the payement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final payement surfaces, including payement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
 LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- $5.\ LCDs$ shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Noter ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Morual for Assessing Safety Hordware (MASH) croshworthiness requirements based on cookey speed and barrier application.
 Nater ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement marking

 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
 Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. Then used an a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the evolutionle geometric conditions.

 5. Then water ball asted systems used as barriers have blust ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated
- as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirob er Len **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30'	60′		
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	701		
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80'		
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90′		
50		5001	5501	6001	50′	1001		
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'		
60	- "3	600'	660'	7201	60′	120'		
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	130′		
70		700′	770'	840'	70′	140'		
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	1501		
80		800′	880'	9601	80′	1601		

** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12

*	Traffic Safety
Texas Department of Transportation	Division Standar

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

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© T×DOT No	ovember 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY	
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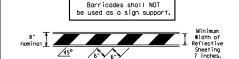
TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Borricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Borricades.
 Type 3 Borricades shall be used at each end of construction
- projects closed to all traffic.
- Borricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.

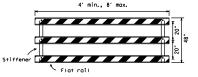
 Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope
- downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.

 Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Morning Trights shall have be installed on burnicables.

 Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. that covers any portion of a barricage rails reflective smetring. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

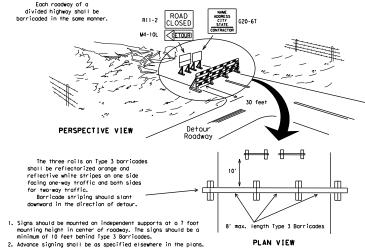


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

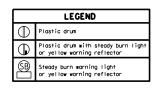
ĒĒ, Typical Plastic Drum

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

are not required shall A minimum of two drums a be used across the work Increase number of plastic drums on the Ã.

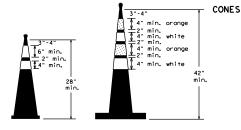
PLAN VIEW

- 1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
- 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support
- may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights
- may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) Θ

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



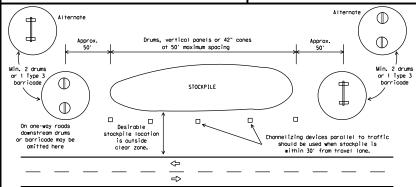
Two-Piece cones

6" min. 7" min min.

One-Piece cones

2" max. 3" min. 2" to 6"

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum
- Neo-plece cones in any lawe a landle or loop extending up to a clove the minimic height shown, in order to ald in retrieving the device.
 Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and cone reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-3800 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

BC(10)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DOT DW:		T	ck: T	xDOT
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9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			s	HEET	NO.
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CHANNELIZING DEVICES

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental payement marking details may be found in the
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term morkings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard payement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Povement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised payement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated payement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

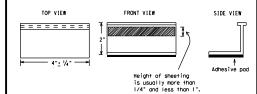
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Payement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Povement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible. so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of payement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tobs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

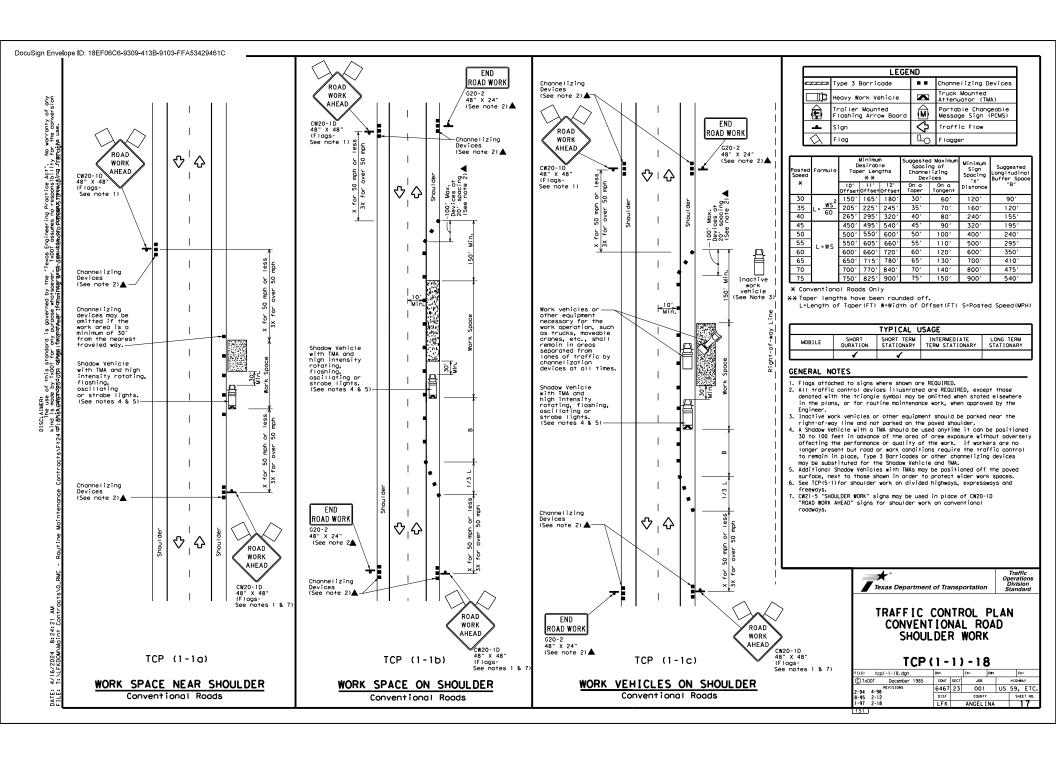


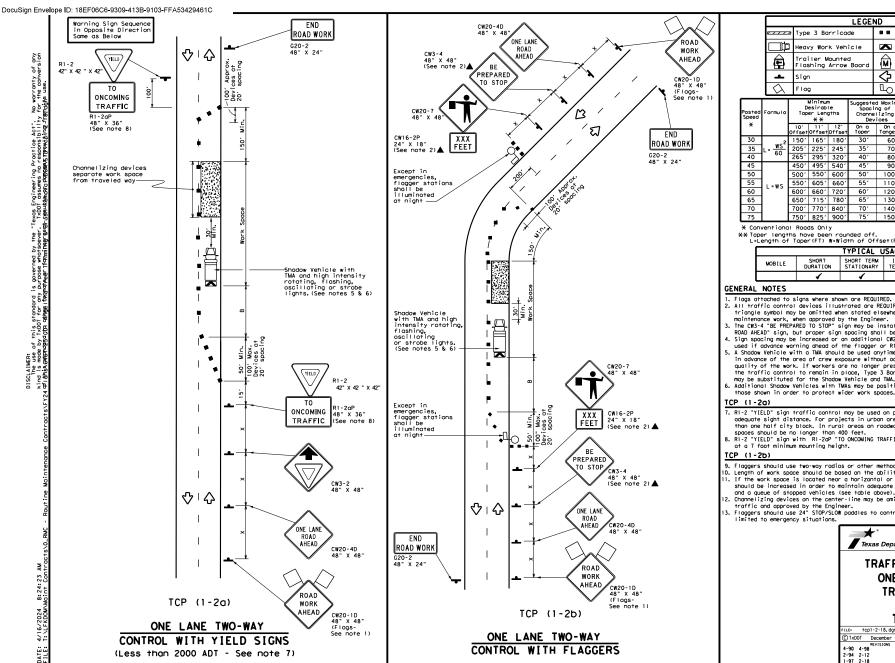
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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1-02 8-14	LFK		ANGEL I	NΑ			15

SHEET 11 OF 12





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	N	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger							

Speed	Formula	D	Minimu esirab er Len **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	ws²	1501	165'	180'	30'	601	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	60	2651	2951	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	3051
45		450'	4951	5401	45′	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		500'	5501	6001	50′	100'	4001	240'	4251
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'	500'	295'	4951
60	L - #13	600'	6601	7201	60′	120'	600'	350′	570'
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	1301	7001	410'	645'
70		700′	7701	8401	70'	140'	800'	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		1							

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE

- ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign specing shall be maintained.

  4. Sign specing may be increased or an additional CM20-10 "ROAD MORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.

  5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet.
- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or in dovance or the dred of crew exposure without doversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

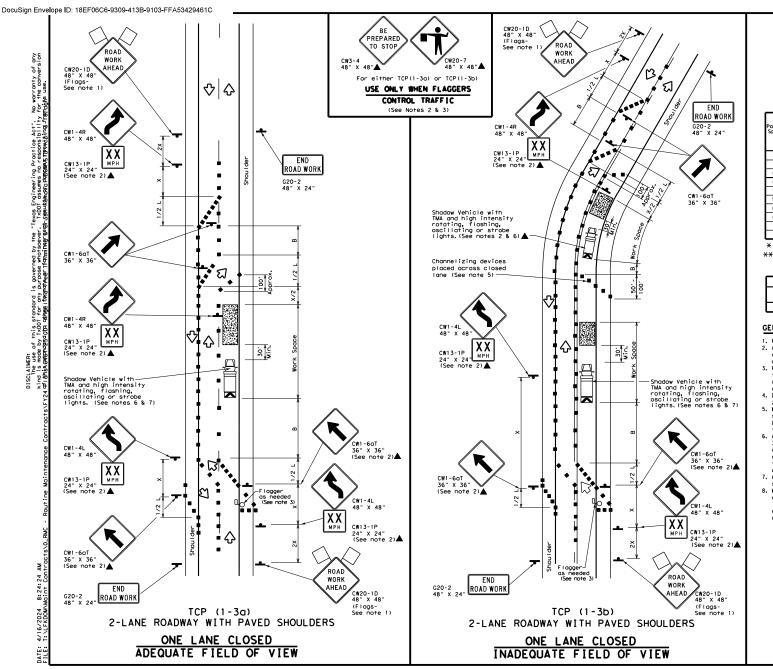
  6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to
- those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban greas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work
- spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
  R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
   Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Traffic Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

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ı	© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	IAY
ı	4-90 4-98	6467	23	001		US	59,	ETC.
ı	2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
	1-97 2-18	LFK		ANGEL I	NΑ			18



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	88	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(X	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le gths	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165'	180'	301	60'	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40′	801	240'	1551
45		450'	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	1001	4001	240′
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660'	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L-#3	6001	660′	7201	60′	1201	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	7001	410′
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted 2. All trattic control devices illustrated are koulkey, except mose denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

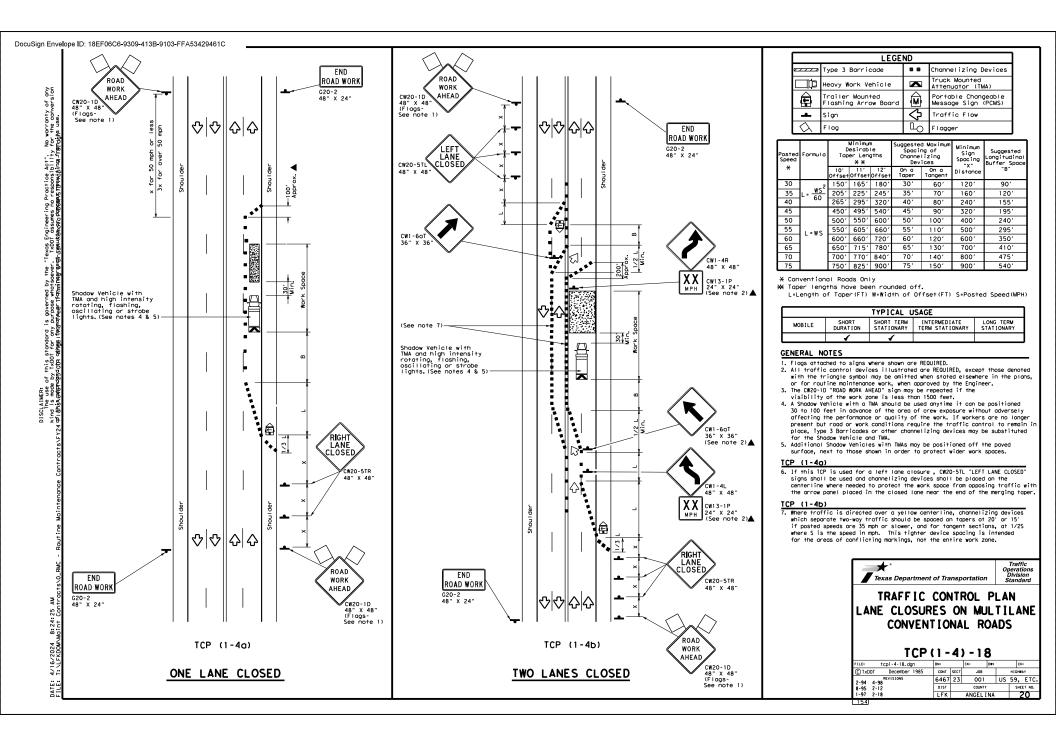
 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic valume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
- Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure.
- should be placed interally across the closed later to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas. 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/25 where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

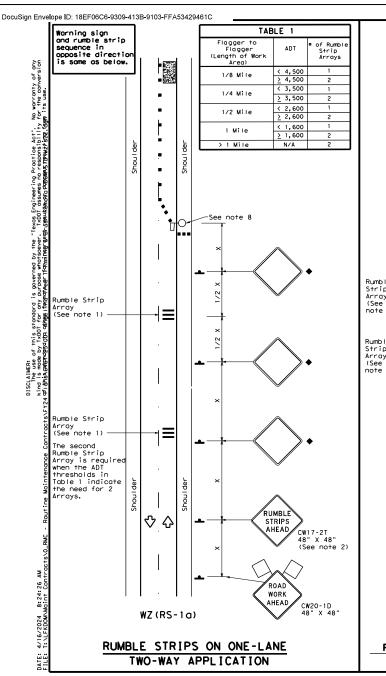


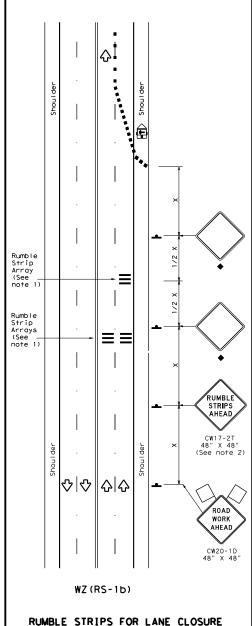
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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ON CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CWIT-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located ofter the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CWIT-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed worning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose grovel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted povements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND								
Ш	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
(1)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
+	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	P	Flagger					

Posted Speed			Minimur esirab er Len **	le gths	Spacin Channe Dev	lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	. WS ²	1501	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	160'	120′
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40'	801	240'	155′
45		450'	4951	5401	45′	901	3201	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	1001	400′	240'
55	L=WS	5501	6051	6601	55′	110'	5001	295′
60	L ,, J	600'	660'	7201	60'	1201	600'	350′
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	1301	7001	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	701	140'	8001	475′
75		7501	825'	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off,
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

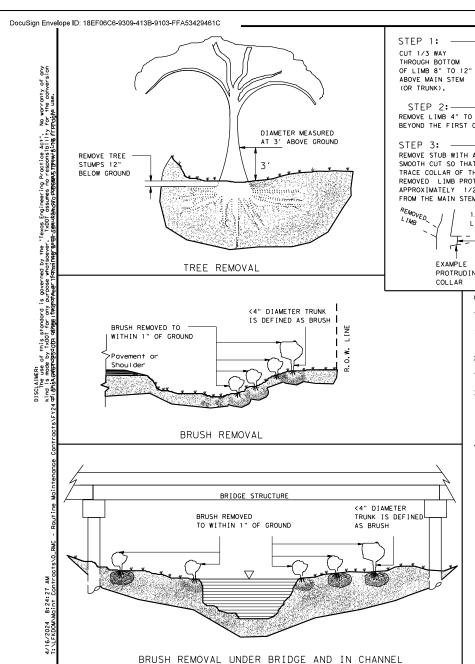
TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
≤ 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & <u><</u> 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20′				
≥ 65 MPH	* 35'+				

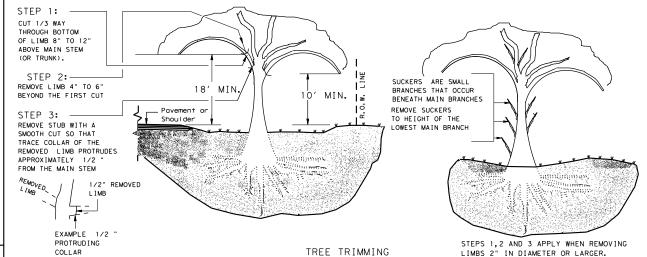
Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) -22

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GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING

- TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS ON THE PAVEMENT SIDE OF THE TRUNK 18' ABOVE THE PAVEMENT OR BRIDGE DECK ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- TRIM AND REMOVE ALL TREE LIMBS BETWEEN THE TRUNK AND R.O.W. LINE 10' ABOVE NATURAL GROUND, TERRAIN OR OTHER STRUCTURE ELEVATION, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
 TREE REMOVAL
- 3. FOR TREES MARKED FOR REMOVAL, THE DIAMETER OF TREES ARE DETERMINED BY MEASUREMENT OF THE TRUNK CIRCUMFERENCE
 - 3' ABOVE THE GROUND. TREES WITH TRUNKS OF LESS THAN 4" DIAMETER ARE CONSIDERED TO BE BRUSH. TREES WITH MULTIPLE TRUNKS AT THE POINT OF MEASUREMENT ARE MEASURED AND PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- 4. MEASUREMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF TREE DIAMETERS ARE DIVIDED INTO THE RANGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1.

	TABLE 1							
TREE TRUNK SIZE FOR TREE REMOVAL PAYMENT								
	RANGE FOR PAY ITEMS							
	TRUNK [IAMETER *	TRUNK CIRC	UMFERENCE				
PAY ITEM	IS GREATER	UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO	IS GREATER	UPPER LIMIT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO				
752 6005	4	12	12 1/2	37 1/2				
752 6006	12	18	37 1/2	56 1/2				
752 6007	18	24	56 1/2	75 1/2				
752 6008	24	30	75 1/2	94				
752 6009	30	36	94	113				
752 6010	36	42	113	132				
752 6011	42	48	132	151				
752 6012	48	60	151	188 1/2				
752 6013	60	72	188 1/2	226				
752 6019	72	84	226	264				
	84	GREATER THAN 84	264	NOT APPLICABLE				

*SEE GENERAL NOTE #3.

Texas Department of Transportation	Maintenance Division Standard

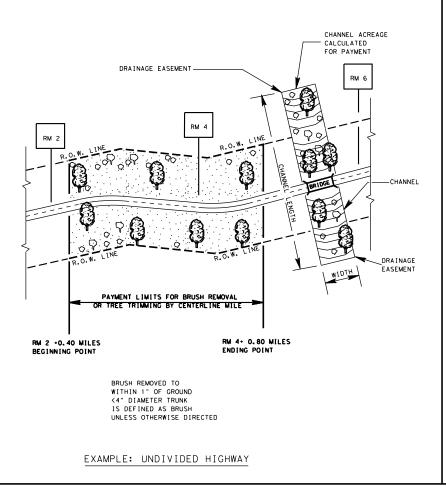
TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(1)

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© TxDOT MARCH 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6467	23	001		US	59	, ETC.
Revised table 1 to 2014 Specification	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	LFK	ANGEL I NA			22		

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CHANNEL ACREAGE RM 120 CALCULATED FOR PAYMENT DRAINAGE EASEMENT CHANNEL FRONTAGE ROAD-MEDÍAN FRONTAGE ROAD -, o oo DRAINAGE EASEMENT PAYMENT LIMITS FOR BRUSH REMOVAL OR TREE TRIMMING BY THE CENTERLINE MILE BRUSH REMOVED TO RM 116 . 0.40 MILES RM 118 . 1.50 MILES WITHIN 1" OF GROUND BEGINNING POINT ENDING POINT <4" DIAMETER TRUNK IS DEFINED AS BRUSH UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED EXAMPLE: DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH FRONTAGE ROADS

GENERAL NOTES:

TREE TRIMMING AND BRUSH REMOVAL

- 1. PAYMENT BY THE CENTERLINE MILE IS MADE TO THE NEAREST 1/100 (0.01) MILE.
- 2. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MARKERS (RM).
- 3. PAY ITEMS BY THE CENTERLINE MILE INCLUDE ALL TREE TRIMMING OR BRUSH REMOVAL IN THE RIGHT OF WAY ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGHWAY. FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS, THE MEDIAN IS INCLUDED. FOR HIGHWAYS WITH FRONTAGE ROADS, THE AREAS BETWEEN THE FRONTAGE ROADS AND MAIN LANES, AND THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FRONTAGE ROADS ARE INCLUDED.
- 4. BRUSH REMOVAL AND TREE TRIMMING UNDER BRIDGES, IN AND ALONG CHANNELS AND EASEMENTS ARE PAID FOR BY THE ACRE FOR AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS.



NOT TO SCALE

▼ Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 2 OF 3

Maintenance Division Standard Plans

TREE AND BRUSH REMOVAL

TRB-15(2)

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REVISED: 9/24/2004 LJB COUNTY CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHMAN	©.	TxDOT APRIL 20	15	STATE	FEDERAL RECION		FEDER	AL AID F	ROJECT			SHEET
	REVISED:	5/13/2004	LJB	LFK								23
	REVISED:	9/24/2004	LJB		COUNTY		CONTROL	SECTION	J08		H1G	HMAY
REVISED: APRIL 2015 JEO ANGELINA 6467 23 001 US 59, ETC	REVISED:	APRIL 2015	JE0	AN	GEL I N	١	6467	23	001	US	59,	ETC.

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION	PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER	ACT SECTION 402	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTA	AMINATION ISSUES
required for projects wit disturbed soil must prote Item 506.	eter Discharge Permit or Cons h I or more acres disturbed act for erosion and sedimenta may receive discharges from	soil. Projects with any ption in accordance with	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.	hazardous materials by conducting safe making workers aware of potential haza	ct (the Act) for personnel who will be working w ty meetings prior to beginning construction and rds in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are pment appropriate for any hazardous materials us
They may need to be notif	ied prior to construction ac		□ No Action Required ☑ Required Action Action No.	Obtain and keep on-site Material Safe used on the project, which may includ	ty Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous produc- le, but are not limited to the following categor
1. N/A			Contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to repair or replace in kind, at their own expense, any historical contractor to replace in kind, at their own expense, and the contractor to replace in kind, at the contractor contracto	compounds or additives. Provide prote	lucts, chemical additives, fuels and concrete c cted storage, off bare ground and covered, for tain product labelling as required by the Act.
No Action Required	Required Action		moterials damaged (buildings, historical morkers, etc.) in the course of executing the work. Contractor is responsible for locating replacement source for historic materials damaged in the course of the work.	Maintain an adequate supply of on-site	e spill response materials, as indicated in the to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,
Action No.			TxDOT-Environmental Affairs Division is to be informed of proposed repairs to facilitate consultation with Texas Historical Commission prior to execution	in accordance with safe work practices immediately. The Contractor shall be in	s, and contact the District Spill Coordinator responsible for the proper containment and clea
at various roadways within the definition of a routine street and the definition of a routine	project is the removal and trimine Angelina County Maintenance are right-of-way. This activity and original purpose of the site maintenance activity as defined, 2023 and TCEQ's TPDES CGP does	Section that are hazardous, maintains the original line and the Therefore, this project meets to in the TPDES General Permit	of repairs. IV. <u>VECETATION RESOURCES</u> Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162,	of all product spills. Contact the Engineer if any of the * Dead or distressed vegetation * Trash piles, drums, conister, * Undesirable smells or odors * Evidence of leaching or seepa	(not identified as normal) barrels, etc. ge of substances
			164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	Does the project involve any bridge replacements (bridge class structur	class structure rehabilitation or es not including box culverts)?
II. WARY IN AR 1:518		WET, ANDS OF EAST TOTAL	No Action Required	If "No", then no further action is	
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STR ACT SECTIONS 401 AN		VEILANDS CLEAN WATER	Action No. 1. NZA	Are the results of the asbestos ins	for completing asbestos assessment/inspect pection positive (is asbestos present)?
	filling, dredging, excavati eks, streams, wetlands or we			Yes No If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a	DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assis
The Contractor must adher the following permit(s):	e to all of the terms and co	anditions associated with	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	the notification, develop abatement	/mitigation procedures, and perform managemication form to DSHS must be postmarked at
No Permit Required			If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately.	If "No", then TxDOT is still requi	red to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to
wetlands affected)	- PCN not Required (less than	n 1/10th acre waters or	☐ No Action Required	activities and/or demolition with c	esponsible for providing the date(s) for at areful coordination between the Engineer ar
☐ Nationwide Permit 14 ☐ Individual 404 Permit	- PCN Required (1/10 to (1/2 Required	acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)	Action No.		imize construction delays and subsequent c ble hazardous materials or contamination di
Other Nationwide Perm	it Required: NWP#		In order to maintain compliance with Chapter 64 of the Texas Parks and Wildlife Code and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (WBTA), construction activities that may affect nests (i.e. tree removal, tree limbing, bridge work) shall be conducted outside of the	on site. Hazardous Materials or Co	ntamination Issues Specific to this Projec Required Action
	ters of the US permit applie Practices planned to contro		nesting season (Morch 15 to September 15). In the event birds or active nests (eggs and/or nestlings present) are encountered, contact the engineer prior to conducting work	Action No. 1. N/A	
1. N/A			Red-cockeded Woodpecker (federally listed endangered species) habitat is present adjacent to the ROW along State Highway (St) 63 and Form-to-Worker Road (FW) 2743, Below are the following roadway timits and actions required:	VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES	
			-SH 63: From 1.50 miles Nest of FM 2743 to 1.50 miles Southeast of FM 2743FM 2743: From 2.00 miles Northwest of FM 3373 to 0.85 miles Northwest of FM 3373	Farm-to-Market (FM) 3124, FM 2109, FM	if Huntington, State Highway (SH) 147, SH 63, 2743, and FM 3373 in Angelina County pass ational Forest. The following actions are req
The elevation of the ordi	nary high water marks of any	, areas requiring work	A, NO trees along the roadway limits above are to be cut or otherwise damaged without prior approval from the Lufkin Environmental Section and Area Engineer.	☐ No Action Required	Required Action
to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.		use of a nationwide	B. Contact Lufkin Environmental Section prior to commencing work on the roodway limits above. 3. Louisiana Pine Snake (federally listed endangered species) critical habitat is present	 Area Engineer shall notify USFS-Angelina National Forest prior to working on roadways. 	
Best Management Pract	ices:		adjoint to the ROW along SN 63. The conservation measure below must be followed in order to be in compliance with the Endangered Species Act:	NO trees along these roadways are to b approval from the Area Engineer and USFS	
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS	A. NO stockpiles or equipment storage shall be allowed within the ROW along SH 63 from 5.70 miles Northwest of Jasper County Line to Jasper County Line.	3. Do not fell trees within the US Forest Service (ANF) boundary without prior	- ★*
□ Temporary Vegetation □ Blankets/Matting	Silt Fence	□ Vegetative Filter Strips □ Retention/Irrigation Systems		approval. Timber cut within US Forest Service (ANF) boundary remains the	Texas Department of Transportation
Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin		property of US Forest Service (SNF) and may require measured lengths to be cut or for trees to be felled entirely	ENVIRONMENTAL PERM
☐ Sodding ☐ Interceptor Swale	Sand Bag Berm Straw Bale Dike	Constructed Wetlands Wet Basin	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	onto US Forest Service (ANF) Land.	ISSUES AND COMMITM
Diversion Dike	Brush Berms	Erosion Control Compost	BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure COP: Construction Ceneral Permit SMP3: Stam Water Pollution Prevention Plan DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PON: Pre-Construction Notification		
☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	■ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks ■ Compost Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality		EPIC
_	ks Compost Filter Berm and Soc	_	NOUs Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System NS4: Municipal Separate Stammater Sewer System TND: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department NBTAs Migratory Bird Treaty Act TXD01: Texas Department of Transportation		FILE: epic.dgn
	Stone Outlet Sediment Trops	Cond Filter Systems	NOT: Notice of Termination T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species		6467 23 001 U

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Signing Complete	Security Checked	6/26/2024 9:20:10 AM			
Completed	Security Checked	6/26/2024 9:20:15 AM			
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Operating Systems:	Windows2000? or WindowsXP?
Browsers (for SENDERS):	Internet Explorer 6.0? or above
Browsers (for SIGNERS):	Internet Explorer 6.0?, Mozilla FireFox 1.0, NetScape 7.2 (or above)
Email:	Access to a valid email account
Screen Resolution:	800 x 600 minimum
Enabled Security Settings:	Allow per session cookies

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