## STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

AUSTIN COUNTY

(60)

LANÉ

EXCEPTIONS: NONE

**EQUATIONS: NONE** RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

FORT BEND COUNTY

BOL ING-IAGO

MATAGORDA COUNTY

CONCURRENCE

Phillip Spenrath

-99C7547A9DB44CA... WHAK I ON COUNTY JUDGE

VOLUME 3	
CCSJ: 0913-09-119	

		BR 2B23(546)								
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY						
0913	09	122		CR						
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.						
1/1/84		IAULADTON		1						

## INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 2

CONTRACTOR: DATE OF LETTING: DATE WORK BEGAN: DATE WORK COMPLETED: DATE WORK ACCEPTED: FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS, CONTRACT, AND LISTED FIELD CHANGES.

AREA ENGINEER

DATE

STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

WHARTON

Texas Department of Transportation

FEDERAL AID PROJECT NO. BR 2B23(546)

PLANS OF PROPOSED

LIMITS FROM: CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

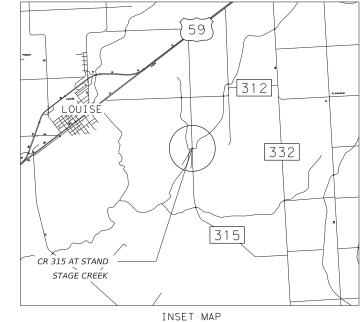
COLORADO COUNTY

**JACKSON** 

COUNTY

PROJECT NO.: BR 2B23(546)
COUNTY: WHARTON
CSJ: 0913-09-122
FUNCTIONAL CLASS = RURAL LOCAL ROAD
DESIGN SPEED = MEETS OR IMPROVES EXISTING
A.D.T. (2022)= 44 VPD
A.D.T. (2042)= 87 VPD
NET LENGTH OF ROADWAY = 318.00 FT.= 0.060 MI.
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 408.00 FT.= 0.017 MI.
NET LENGTH OF PROJECT = 408.00 FT.= 0.077 MI.

PROJECT NO.: BR 2B23(546)



CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK CSJ: 0913-09-122

BEGIN PROJECT: STA 11+92.00

END PROJECT: STA 16+00.00

WHARTON COUNTY YOAKUM DISTRICT

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 2023).



BRAZORIA COUNTY

5/28/2024

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING

Robert C. alkerman, P. E.



RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

Jeffery Vinklarek, P.E.

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT 5/29/2024

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

Martin C. Horsty PE

DISTRICT ENGINEER

SHEET NO.	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	SHEET NO.
	<u>GENERAL</u>	
1 2 3 4,4A-4C	TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS TYPICAL SECTIONS GENERAL NOTES	61-65 66
5, 5A 6 7	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET	67-68 69 70
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	, -
8	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LAYOUT	71
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARDS	
9-20	* BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21	
	ROADWAY	
21 22 23 24	SURVEY CONTROL INDEX SHEET HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL SHEET PLAN & PROFILE DRIVEWAY DETAILS	
	ROADWAY STANDARDS	
25 26-27 28 29 30 31 32	* GF(31)-19 * GF(31)TRTL3-20 * SGT(12S)31-18 * SGT(15)31-20 * CCCG-22 * SMTC(N)-16 * TAU-II-R(N)-16	
	<u>DRAINAGE</u>	
33 34 35	DRAINAGE AREA MAP HYDRAULIC DATA SHEET SCOUR ANALYSIS	
	<u>BRIDGE</u>	
36 37 38 39 40-41 42	BRIDGE LAYOUT BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION ESTIMATED QUANTITIES BORING LOGS BRIDGE GEOMETRY FOUNDATION LAYOUT	
	BRIDGE STANDARDS	
43 44 45 46-47 48-49 50 51 52 53 54 55	** AJ  ** APSB-30-15  ** BPSB-30-15  ** CSAB  ** FD  ** NBIS  ** PSB-4SB15  ** PSBEB  ** PSBRA  ** PSBSD  ** SPSB-30-15  ** SRR	
58-60	** TYPE T223	



**DESCRIPTION** 

\* D&OM(VIA)-20

SWP3 LAYOUT

\* EC(1)-16

\* D&OM(1)-20 THRU D&OM(5)-20

**ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES** 

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES, AND COMMITMENTS

**ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES STANDARDS** 

SIGNING, PAVEMENT MARKINGS & DELINEATION STANDARDS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE WITH AN \* HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

Robert C. alkerman, P. E.

5/28/2024

DESIGN ENGINEER

DATE

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE WITH AN \*\* HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

5/28/2024

DESIGN ENGINEER

DATE

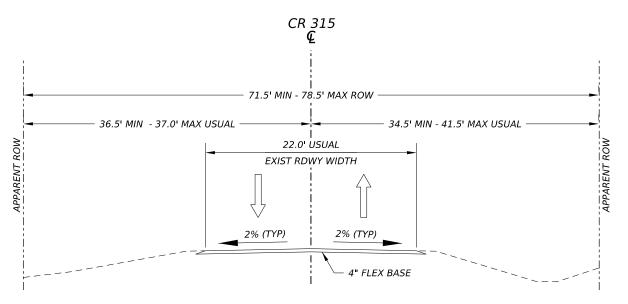
			+
NO.	DATE	REVISION	BY
k	<b>(in</b>	nley»Horn	F-928

Texas Department of Transportation **INDEX OF SHEETS** 

® 2024

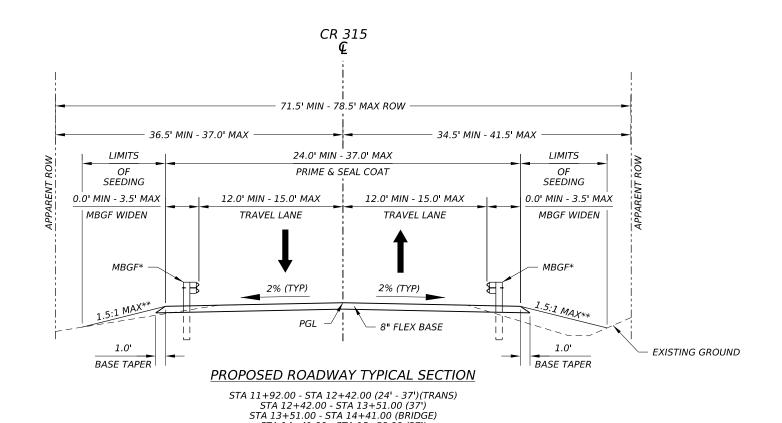
CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY					
0913	09	122 CR						
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
YKM		WHARTON 2						



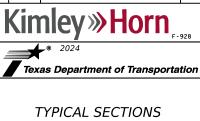
## EXISTING ROADWAY TYPICAL SECTION

STA 11+92.00 - STA 16+00.00



STA 14+41.00 - STA 15+50.00 (37')
STA 15+50.00 - STA 16+00.00 (37' - 24')(TRANS)
\*SEE PLAN AND PROFILE FOR MBGF LIMITS

\*\*PROVIDE 18" STONE RIPRAP WHERE SLOPE EXCEEDS 2:1 \*\*STA 13+10.00 - STA 13+49.17 RT \*\*STA 14+51.17 - STA 14+90.00 RT \*\*STA 14+42.83 - STA 14+63.61 LT



Robert C. Ulberman, P. E.

CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK

CONT SECT 0913 09 CR 122 SHEET NO. YKM WHARTON

Project Number: Sheet: 4

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

## **GENERAL NOTES:**

## **GENERAL:**

The Contractor is to take note that this project has Milestones for substantial completion. See Item 8 below for details.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Ryan Simper <u>Ryan.Simper@txdot.gov</u>
Paul Rodriguez Jr. <u>Paul.Rodriguez@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: <a href="https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors">https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors</a>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that Energy Transfer has existing underground gas/oil facilities located within or near the project limits. Excavation and/or construction is prohibited without prior notification to these companies.

The Contractor may need to make necessary accommodations to facilitate the delivery of materials and equipment to the project due to tight horizontal curves. This work is subsidiary to the pertinent bid items.

Provide a minimum two week advance notice to TxDOT prior to closing County Roads. TxDOT will notify local officials at least one week in advance.

Do not work on the roadway before sunrise or after sunset unless otherwise approved.

Furnish a certified copy of the legal gross weight of each vehicle hauling materials by weight and certified measurements for all trucks hauling material by volume.

Project Number: Sheet: 4

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

Leave all intersecting roadways, side streets, and entrances open during construction unless otherwise approved. Should there be a request to restrict access for such reasons as parallel culvert replacement, reconstruction, etc., approval will be required 48 hours in advance and the contractor will be required to coordinate satisfactorily with any affected property owners.

Unless otherwise approved, maintain a minimum safety clearance from the edge of the travelway for material stockpiled in proximity of traffic lanes based on the current average traffic count of the particular highway as follows:

$$0 - 1500 = 16$$
 feet  
Over  $1500 = 30$  feet

In the event the above requirements cannot be met, make arrangements to stockpile material off the right of way.

Provide temporary pipe drains or culverts and take such other measures as directed to provide for continued drainage from all abutting property, the right of way and the roadway during construction operations. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

The Department will provide the cylinder testing machine for this project. Deliver the test specimens to the engineer's curing facilities as directed.

Do not clean out concrete trucks within the right of way.

## **ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK**

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design">https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/forms-publications/consultants-contractors/publications/bridge.html#design</a>. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

## **ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Sheet B

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes

Project Number: Sheet: 4A

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link. <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html</a> for clarification on material categorization.

## ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that discharge of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States (U.S.) including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for construction, will require specific approval of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The Department will obtain the appropriate permit(s), Nationwide or Individual, when necessary as dictated by the proposed actions for the project and its potential to affect USACE jurisdictional areas. The Contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in charge of construction. The Department will hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit. If the Contractor cannot work within the limits of this permit(s), then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for changes or amendments to the conditions of the existing permit(s) as originally obtained by the Department.

Particular importance is stressed on the fact that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the proposed work. The Contractor shall maintain near normal flow of any jurisdictional waters of the U.S. at all times during construction. If the Contractor needs further explanation of the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the TXDOT Yoakum District Environmental Coordinator.

If the Contractor elects to work on a structure when the stream is flowing, near normal flow shall be maintained by a method approved by the Engineer. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If the contractor proposes work beyond the TxDOT obtained permit limitations, the contractor is responsible for additional costs, delays, and obtaining new or revised permits prior to construction.

All temporary construction access work and materials will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent items. Prior to the scheduling of a Pre-Construction Meeting, submit a Temporary Construction Access Plan to the Area Engineer and to District Environmental Staff for their approval. The Construction Plan should contain a description of the equipment, such as barges, structures, etc., which may occupy waters of the US including

Project Number: Sheet: 4A

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

jurisdictional wetlands, and a detailed work schedule. No work of any kind will be allowed until the pre-construction meeting has been held.

Temporary construction waterway crossings have been environmental cleared/permitted within Right of Way. Restrict construction operations in any water body to the necessary areas as shown on the plans or applicable permit, or as directed. Use temporary bridges, timber mats, or other structurally sound and non-eroding material for stream crossings. All temporary construction access materials shall be completely removed as soon as possible once temporary access is no longer required and affected areas shall be returned to preconstruction elevations and contours and revegetated in accordance with the SW3P. All work must comply with the General Conditions of the appropriate USACE permit.

## **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

The 90 day delayed convenience start special provision is for allowing the contractor additional time for mobilizing crews and equipment to start this project.

Time charges for Milestone 1 begin when CR 315 (CSJ: 0913-09-122) is closed to traffic. The time charges for Milestone 1 shall end when traffic is following the lane arrangement as shown on the plans for the constructed and/or existing roadway as specified in the TCP (Phase) and/or the final lane configuration. All pavement construction, traffic control devices, and safety devices shall be in their final position (or as called for in the plans for the specified phase of work) at this time.

The contractor shall have 87 working days to complete Milestone 1.

The daily road user cost for each Milestone shall be five times the project liquidated damage rate based on the contract schedule of liquidated damages.

Failure to complete the above Milestone within the established number of working days will result in the daily road user cost being assessed for every working day in excess of the stated number.

After the milestone is substantially complete, the liquidated damages become those based on the contract schedule of liquidated damages.

TxDOT will supply bidders, upon written request, one electronic copy of the time determination schedule. The time determination schedule provided is for informational use only and is not intended for bidding or construction purposes.

Provide progress schedule as a Bar Chart.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

Project Number: Sheet: 4B

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

## ITEM 100: PREPARING RIGHT-OF-WAY

Removal and trimming of trees will not be quantified separately, but will be considered subsidiary to Item 100.

Dispose of trees from the right-of-way within 24 hours of removal.

## **ITEM 110: EXCAVATION**

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately 2 inches immediately before grading operations begin within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed, and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. All topsoil excavation and the work involved in replacing the topsoil will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the pertinent items.

## ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

Furnish Type C embankment consisting of suitable earth material such as loam, clay or other such material that will form a stable embankment and has a plasticity index of at least 15 but not more than 40. Requirements may vary for material excavated under Item 110, "Excavation", as directed.

Removal of existing pavement is included in the excavation and embankment items.

## **ITEM 150: BLADING**

Sprinkling and rolling which may be required during the operation of Item 150 will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

## **ITEM 247: FLEXIBLE BASE**

Unless otherwise approved, the delivered material's moisture content at most will be two percent above optimum moisture content, determined by TEX-113-E.

For Type E material, furnish crushed limestone produced and graded from oversize quarried aggregate that originates from a single, naturally occurring source. Do not use caliche, iron ore, gravel, or multiple sources.

Compact the Type E flex base by ordinary compaction.

Project Number: Sheet: 4B

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

## ITEM 302: AGGREGATES FOR SURFACE TREATMENTS

Furnish Type PE and Type E aggregate consisting of crushed slag, crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Furnish precoated aggregate that has a residual bitumen coating target value of 1.0% by weight.

## **ITEM 316: SEAL COAT**

Use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement as approved when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application rate shown in the plans is an average between an Asphalt Cement and an Emulsion. The type of asphalt and application rate to be used will be as directed. The approximate application rate for Asphalt Cement with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.32 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.27 Gal/SY. The approximate application rate for an Emulsion with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.48 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.40 Gal/SY.

Cure the RC-250 a minimum of seven (7) days prior to placement of the one course surface treatment. Place one course surface treatment no later than fourteen (14) days after placement of the RC-250, unless otherwise directed.

In lieu of the final seal coat or prime coat & final seal coat, the contractor may place 2" ACP (meeting TxDOT specifications). There will be no additional compensation for related material costs, excavation/embankment adjustments, etc. The flexible base depth shall be maintained as shown on the proposed typical section.

## ITEM 400: EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

Flexible base (Ty D) may be used for cement stabilized backfill aggregate, as approved.

## **ITEM 427: SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE**

Provide Surface Area II, railing, and culvert headwalls and wingwalls with a Slurry Coat Finish per 427.4.3.2 for cast-in-place concrete surfaces.

## **ITEM 432: RIPRAP**

Broken concrete removed under this contract may be used for the common stone riprap item.

The dimension as shown in the stone protection bid item description is the stone size as described in the specification. The required thickness will be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

Project Number: Sheet: 4C

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

## **ITEM 496: REMOVING STRUCTURES**

Material removed under this item will not be deemed salvageable.

The removal of the existing concrete riprap or stone riprap protecting the existing bridge, is subsidiary to Item 496 Removing Structures, except as shown in the plans.

## ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Provide suitable warning lights mounted high enough to be visible from all directions on all construction equipment, including pilot vehicles, and operate warning lights when the equipment is within the right of way. Equip other equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with emergency flashers and use emergency flashers while within the work area.

County Road 315 will be closed to through traffic until substantial completion as approved by the Area Engineer. Once the roadway is open to traffic, project limit signing as shown on BC(2) will be required. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

## ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

- 1. See SW3P plan sheet for total disturbed acreage.
- 2. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the contract, and contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within one (1) mile of the project limits, for the contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges.
- 3. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans.
- 4. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any contractor PSLs for construction activities on or off right-of-way (ROW).

Project Number: Sheet: 4C

County: Wharton Control: 0913-09-122

**Highway: CR** 

5. When the total disturbed area for all projects in the contract and PSLs within one (1) mile of the project limits exceeds five (5) acres, provide a copy of the contractor NOI.

6. Provide a signed sketch detailing the location of any contractor's PSLs on ROW or within one (1) mile of the project.

## ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish and install only one type of timber post at each location.

Furnish Type II rail elements at all locations.

## **ITEM 545: CRASH CUSHION ATTENUATORS**

Use either the SMTC(N)-16 or TAU-II-R(N)-16 mash compliant crash cushion attenuators to protect the ends of the permanent concrete traffic barrier. The test level for this attenuator is TL-2.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0913-09-119

**DISTRICT** Yoakum **HIGHWAY** CR 1028, CR 315, CR 424

**COUNTY** Wharton

Report Created On: May 24, 2024 5:03:01 PM

CONTROL SECTION JO				0913-09	9-119	0913-0	9-121	0913-0	9-122	_	
		PROJI	ECT ID	A0019	4199	A0019	4206	A0019	4209		
		CC	Whar	ton	Whar	ton	Whai	ton	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL	
		HIG	HWAY	CR 4	24	CR 10	028	CR 3	15		TINAL
<b>ALT</b>	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	7	
	100-6002	PREPARING ROW	STA	3.580		3.860		4.080		11.520	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	408.000		259.000		394.000		1,061.000	
	110-6002	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	98.000		176.000		570.000		844.000	
	132-6005	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	CY	50.000		437.000		204.000		691.000	
	150-6002	BLADING	HR	8.000		8.000		8.000		24.000	
	164-6003	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	SY	991.000		933.000		1,166.000		3,090.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	249.000		234.000		293.000		776.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	249.000		234.000		293.000		776.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	8.400		7.900		9.900		26.200	
	247-6370	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY E GR 5)(FNL POS)	CY	361.000		291.000		288.000		940.000	
	316-6029	ASPH (RC-250)	GAL	246.000		249.000		246.000		741.000	
	316-6202	AGGR(TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	CY	10.000		10.000		10.000		30.000	
	316-6249	AGGR(TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	CY	10.000		10.000		10.000		30.000	
	316-6542	ASPH (AC 20-5TR OR AC-20XP OR CRS-2P)	GAL	419.000		422.000		418.000		1,259.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	38.000		38.000		38.000		114.000	
	402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF			4.000				4.000	
	416-6002	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	LF	189.000		273.000		318.000		780.000	
	420-6013	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CY	25.000		25.300		25.300		75.600	
	420-6029	CL C CONC (CAP)	CY			8.300		8.300		16.600	
	420-6037	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	CY			2.800		2.800		5.600	
	422-6001	REINF CONC SLAB	SF	1,285.000		2,088.000		2,891.000		6,264.000	
	425-6009	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (4SB12)	LF	315.860		496.930		711.860		1,524.650	
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	171.000		340.000		719.000		1,230.000	
	450-6006	RAIL (TY T223)	LF	104.000		154.000		204.000		462.000	
	454-6004	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)	LF	58.000		58.000		58.000		174.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF			342.000				342.000	
	467-6395	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA			2.000				2.000	
	496-6009	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	EA	1.000		1.000		1.000		3.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.238		0.343		0.419		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		6.000		6.000		16.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	791.000		623.000		569.000		1,983.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	791.000		623.000		569.000		1,983.000	
	530-6006	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	SY					59.000		59.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	100.000		100.000		75.000		275.000	
	540-6006	MTL BEAM GD FEN TRANS (THRIE-BEAM)	EA	4.000		4.000		3.000		11.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000		3.000		11.000	
	545-6006	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(L)(N)(TL2)	EA					1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Wharton	0913-09-122	5



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0913-09-119

**DISTRICT** Yoakum **HIGHWAY** CR 1028, CR 315, CR 424

**COUNTY** Wharton

Report Created On: May 24, 2024 5:03:01 PM

		CONTROL SECTI	0913-09	0913-0	9-121	0913-0	9-122				
PROJECT ID				A00194	4199	A0019	4206	A0019	4209	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
COUNTY			Whar	ton	Whar	rton	Whai	rton			
	HIGHWAY			CR 424		CR 1028		CR 315			
ALT	ALT BID CODE DESCRIPTION UNIT			EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	658-6014 INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ (BRF)CTB (BI) EA		2.000		2.000		3.000		7.000		
658-6062 INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2(BI) EA			4.000		4.000		3.000		11 000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Wharton	0913-09-122	5A

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS

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				SURFACE	=		FLEX	BASE		100	150	247		3	16		496	530	545
SHEET NO.	STATION	LENGTH	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	AREA	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	AREA	DEPTH	PREPARING ROW	BLADING *	FL BS (CMP IN PLC)(TY E GR 5) (FNAL POS) 8"	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR (TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	AGGR (TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	ASPH (AC 20-5TR OR AC-20XP OR CRS-2P)	REMOV STR (BRIDGE 0 - 99 FT LENGTH)	DRIVEWAYS (SURF TREAT)	CRASH CUSH ATTEN (INSTL)(L)(N)(TL2)
CS	GJ: 0913-09-122 - CR 315	FT	FT	FT	SY	FT	FT	FT	IN	STA	HR	CY	GAL	CY	CY	GAL	EA	SY	EA
STA 1	1+92.00 TO STA 13+51.00	159	24	37	613	26	39	647	8	1.59		144	123	5	5	209			
	BRIDGE									0.90							1		
STA 1	4+41.00 TO STA 16+00.00	159	37	24	614	39	26	648	8	1.59		144	123	5	5	209		59	1
	PROJECT TOTAL									4.08	8	288	246	10	10	418	1	59	1
*AS DIRECTED B	Y THE ENGINEER  ETAL BEAM GUARDFENCE ITEMS							SU	MMARY O	DF EARTHWORK	ITEMS							APPLICATION RA	ATES
			540		5.4	1						110 1	10 1	132					<del></del>

SUMMARY OF ME	ETAL BEAM GUARDFENCE ITEMS			
		54	40	544
		MTL	MTL	GUARDRAIL
CUEET NO	CTATION	W-BEAM	BEAM	END
SHEET NO.	STATION	GD FEN	GD FEN	TREATMENT
		(TIM POST)	TRANS	(INSTALL)
			(THRIE-BEAM)	
CS	l: 0913-09-122 - CR 315	LF	EA	EA
STA 1	1+92.00 TO STA 13+51.00	50	2	2
	BRIDGE			
STA 1	4+41.00 TO STA 16+00.00	25	1	1
	PROJECT TOTAL	75	3	3

UMMAKT OF SIG	NING, DELINEATOR, AND OBJ	ECT MARKER QUA	NTITIES				
		644	658				
		REMOVE	INSTL	INSTL			
CUEET NO	STATION	SM RD	DEL	DEL			
SHEET NO.	STATION	SN SUP&AM	ASSM	ASSM(D-SW)			
		**	(D-SW)SZ	SZ1(BRF)			
			(BR)CTB(BI)	GF2(BI)			
CSJ: 0	913-09-122 - CR 315	EA	EA	EA			
STA 11+	92.00 TO STA 13+51.00	1		2			
	BRIDGE		3				
STA 14+4	41.00 TO STA 16+00.00	1		1			
F	PROJECT TOTAL	2	3	3			

SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK ITEMS										
			110	110	132					
			EXCAVATION	EXCAVATION	EMBANKMENT					
	CTATION		(ROADWAY)	(CHANNEL)	(FINAL)					
	STATION				(ORD COMP)					
					(TY C)					
CR 315 STA			CY	CY	CY					
11+92	11+92 TO 12+00		8		1					
12+00	TO	12+50	60		25					
12+50	TO	13+00	48		39					
13+00	TO	13+51	154		18					
	BRIDGE			570						
14+41	TO	14+50	20		7					
14+50	TO	15+00	72		50					
15+00	15+00 TO 15+50		19		48					
15+50	TO	16+00	13		16					
	TOTAL		394	570	204					

SUMMARY OF EF	ROSION CONTROL ITEMS								
			164		166	168	506		
		BROADCAST	BROADCAST	BROADCAST	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE	TEMP	TEMP	
SHEET NO.	STATION	SEED	SEED	SEED	***	WATERING	SEDMT	SEDMT	
SHEET NO.	STATION	(PERM)	(TEMP)	(TEMP)			CONT	CONT	
		(RURAL)	(WARM)	4) (COOL)		FENCE	FENCE		
		(CLAY)					(INSTALL)	(REMOVE)	
CSJ: 091	13-09-122 - CR 315	SY	SY	SY	TON	MG	LF	LF	
STA 11+92	2.00 TO STA 13+51.00	657	165	165	0.04	5.6	365	365	
	BRIDGE								
STA 14+41	00 TO STA 16+00.00	509	128	128	0.03	4.3	204	204	
PR	PROJECT TOTAL		293	293	0.07	9.9	569	569	

## \*\*\*FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY

PRIME:	
ASPH RC-250	
AGGR (TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	

0.20 GAL/SY 1 CY/140 SY

SEAL: ASPH (AC 20-5TR OR AC-20XP OR CRS-2P) AGGR (TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)

0.34 GAL/SY 1 CY/130 SY

FERTILIZER:

500 LBS/AC

VEGETATIVE WATERING:

13.6 MG/AC/MO





## SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK

CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0913	09	122	CR		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
YKM		WHARTON	6		

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

												CRASH CUSHION									
		PLAN				DIRECTION	FOUNDA	TION PAD	BACKUP SUPPOR	Т		AVAILABLE SITE			MOVE /	RESET	L	L R	R	S	S
LOC NO.	TCP PHASE	SHEET NUMBER	LOCATION	STA	TEST LEVEL	TRAFFIC (UNI/BI)	PROPOSED MATERIAL	PROPOSED THICKNESS	DESCRIPTION	WIDTH	HEIGHT	LENGTH	I	REMOVE	MOVE/ RESET	FROM LOC.#	N	W N	w	N	w
1	1	1	CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK	14+42.83	TL-2	UNI	REINFORCED CONCRETE	6"	SMTC(N) OR TAU-II-R(N)	30" - 34 <sup>5</sup> %"	2′-8" - 2′-9³¼"	15′-6¹¼"	1				х				
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		<i>'</i>	,									TOTALS	1	0	0						

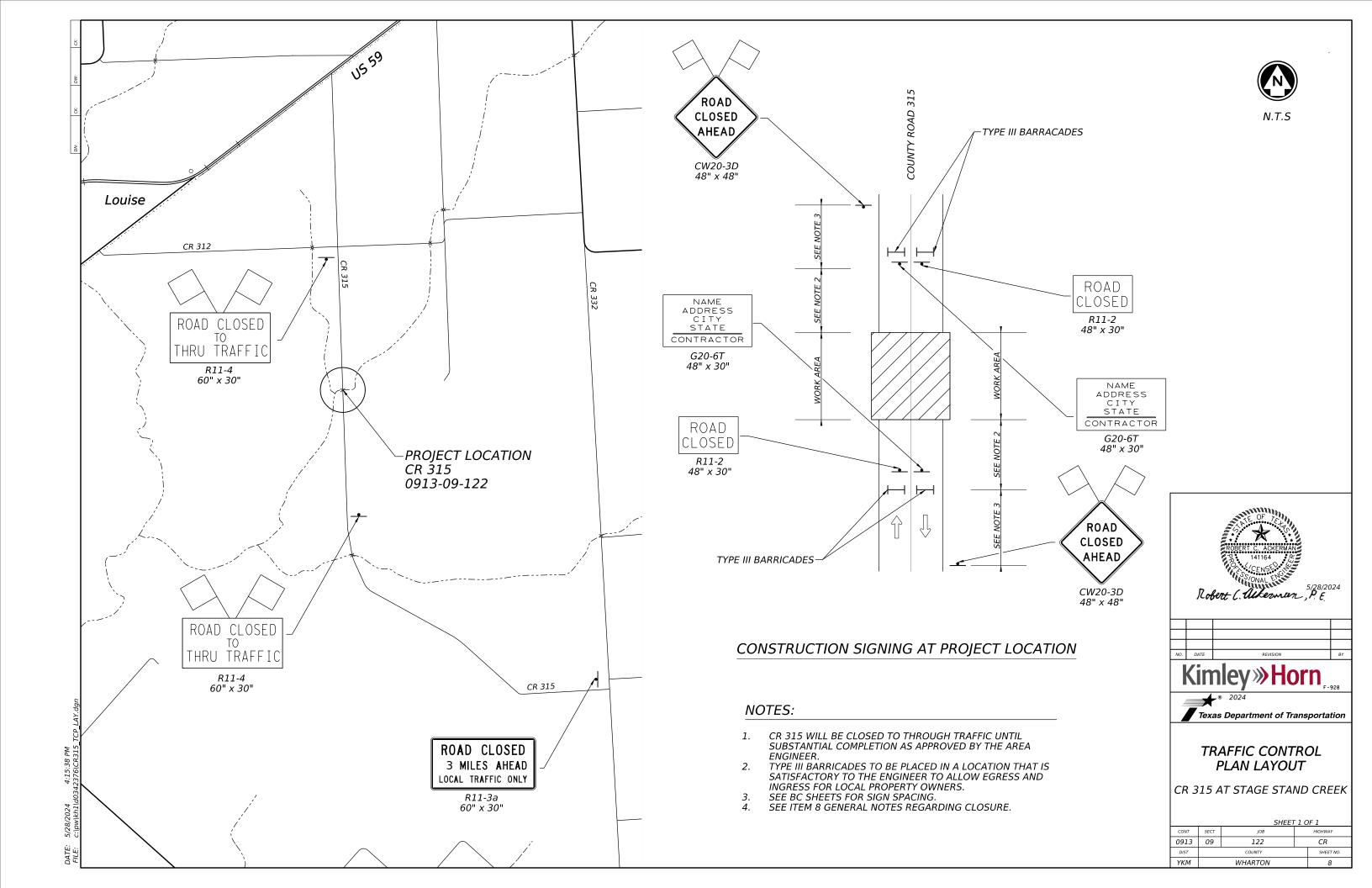
LEGEND: L=LOW MAINTENANCE R=REUSABLE S=SACRIFICIAL N=NARROW W=WIDE

FOR DEFINITIONS SEE THE "CRASH CUSHION CATEGORIZATION CHART.PDF" AT THE DESIGN DIVISION (ROADWAY STANDARDS) WEBSITE. USE QUICK LINKS TO ACCESS ATTENUATORS / CRASH CUSHIONS SECTION.

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/rdwylse.htm

## CRASH CUSHION SUMMARY SHEET

ILE: CCSS. dgn	DN: T×D	TC	CK:		CK:
C) T×DOT	CONT	SE	СТ	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	13 09		122	CR
	DIST		С	COUNTY	
	YKM	1	HARTON		
	FEDERA	AL A	PROJECT	SHEET NO.	
	BR	2B2	7		



## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

## WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

## COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

## THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

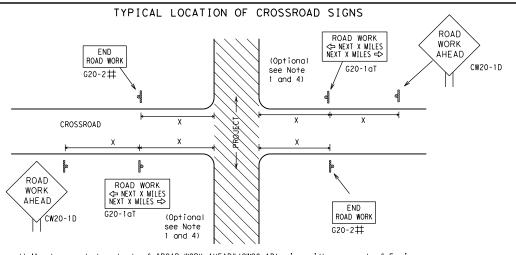
BC(1)-21

E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
-03 7-13	0913	3 09 122 CR			CR		
-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
-10 5-21	YKM		WHARTON			9	
VE							

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- $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE $\times \times G20-9TP$ **X X** R20-5T FINES DOLIRI X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESEN ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES END \* + G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\langle \neg$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES ⇒ 801 Limit WORK ZONE G20-26T X X BEGIN G20-5T WORK $\times$ $\times$ G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE $\times$ $\times$ R20-5aTP ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

#### Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW201 CW21 48" × 48' CW22 48" x 48' CW23 CW25 CW1. CW2. CW7. CW8. 48" × 48" 36" × 36" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48' 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

#### Sign△ Posted Speed Spacing "X" Feet MPH (Apprx. 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500<sup>2</sup> 6002 60 65 700 2 70 800<sup>2</sup> 75 900<sup>2</sup>

1000<sup>2</sup>

80

SPACING

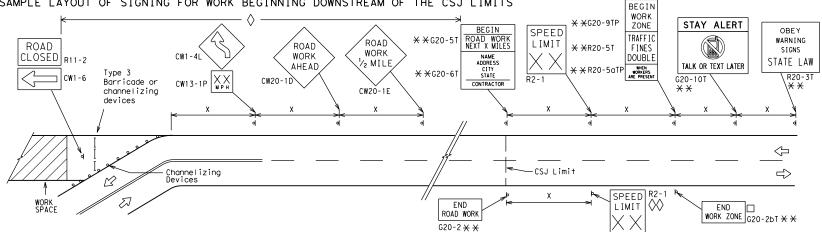
- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per IMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING \* \* G20-5 R4-1 PASS CW1-4L AHEAD NEXT X MILE DOUBL F SIGNS appropriate CW20-1D ROAD R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1+++ ROAD $\times \times G20-6$ WORK CW20-1D WORK G20-10T \* \* R20-3T X X AHEAD |x x|AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or (MPH) CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\triangleleft$ $\Diamond$ $\langle \neg$ $\triangleleft$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ ٠٠، ٥٠ $\Rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of — NO-PASSING SPEED END R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \* line should 3X $\Diamond\Diamond|X$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign 'ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location G20-2 \* \* NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizina devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- X imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at  $\Diamond \Diamond$ the end of the work zone.

LEGEND									
Ι	Type 3 Barricade								
000 Channelizing Devices									
•	Sign								
Х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.								

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division

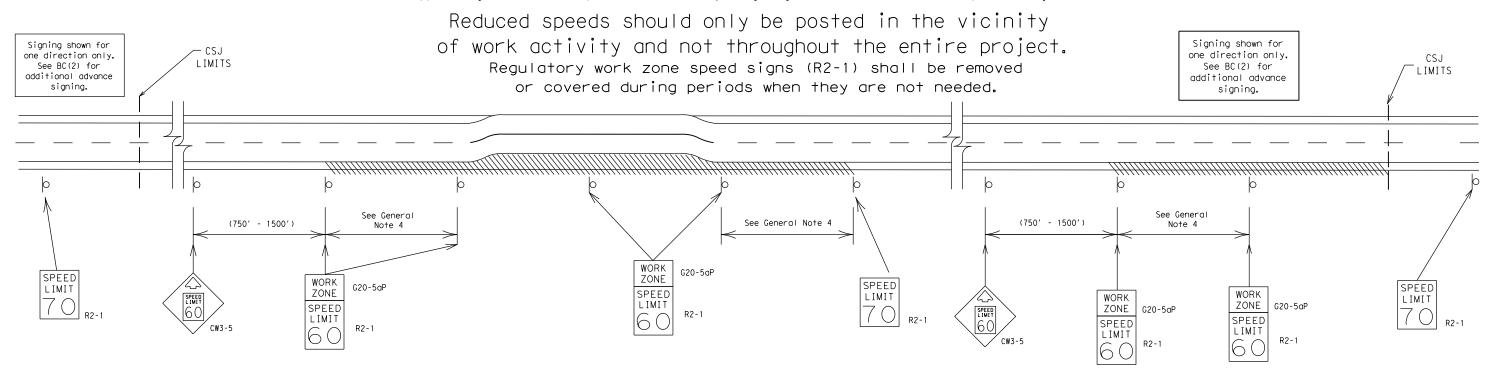
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2) - 21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C) T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HWAY
	REVISIONS	0913	09	122		(	CR
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	YKM		WHART	NC		10

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



## GUIDANCE FOR USE:

## LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

## SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
  Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

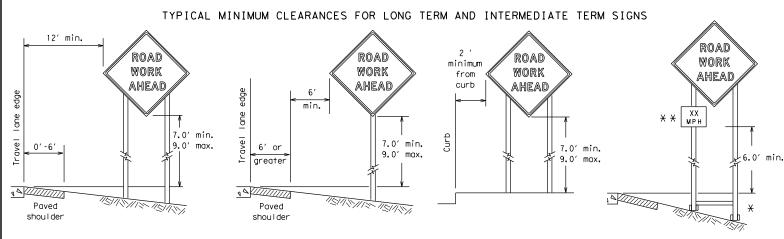


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

Traffic Safety Division Standard

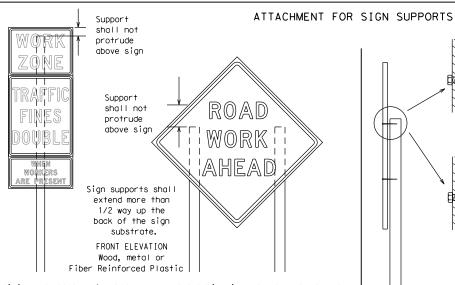
BC(3) - 21

:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT		
T×DOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	SHWAY		
9-07 8	REVISIONS	0913	09	122		-	CR		
	8-14 5-21	DIST COUNTY					SHEET NO.		
	3-21	YKM		WHART		11			



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports Nails shall NOT

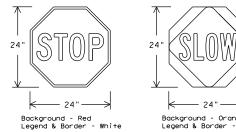
Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

## STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN <sup>*</sup>	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

## CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

## GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

## DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

## SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
  - Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6' centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

## REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

## SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

## REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

## SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

## FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4) - 21

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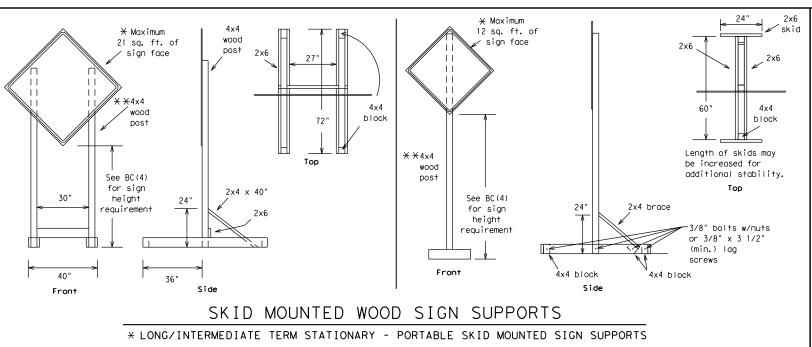
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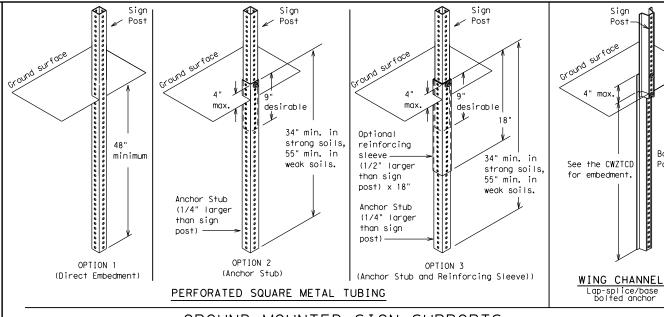
weld-

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum weld, do not

back fill puddle.

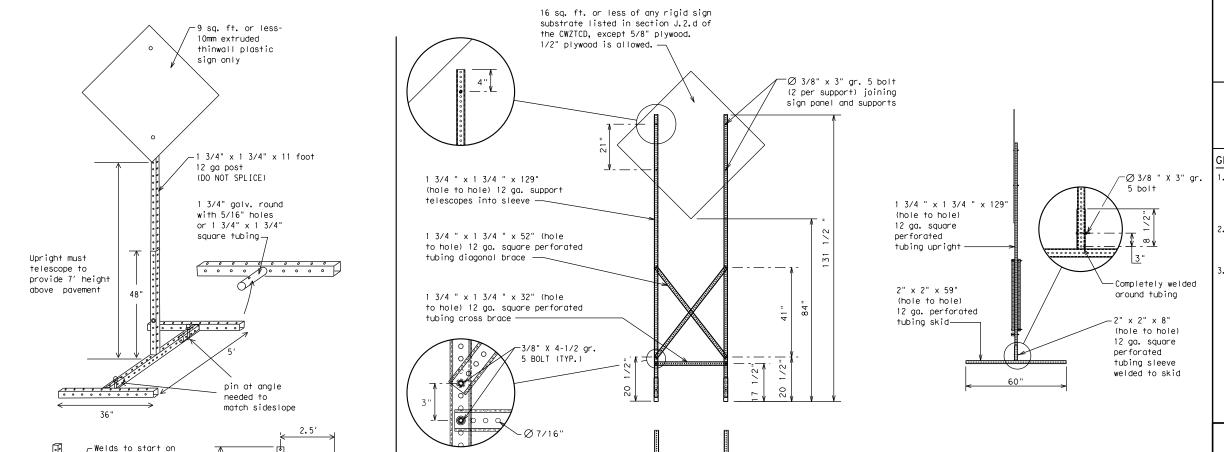
weld starts here





## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



## WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION

## GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

-2" x 2"

upright

12 ga.

SINGLE LEG BASE

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
		South	S
Emergency Vehicle	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXPWY	Street	ST
Expressway		Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HD HDC	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		1
Maintenance	MAINT		

#### Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

## Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	ition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		e/E Lis	ffect on Trav st	e I	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
•	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
ose 2.	STAY IN LANE	] *			*	X See A∣	oplication Guide	elines M	Note 6.

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

X LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

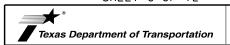
#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

## SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

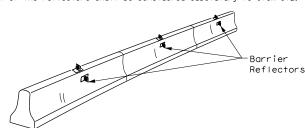
BC(6)-21

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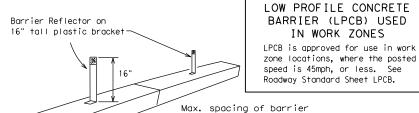
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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



## CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

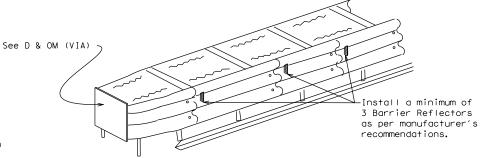
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

## LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

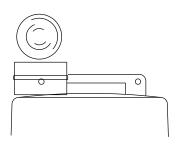


## DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

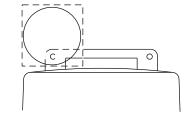
## END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

## BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

## WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light monufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

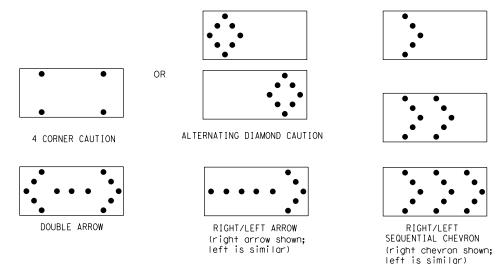
## WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

## WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

- Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.
- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

## FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

## TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans.
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
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## 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device.

  2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be
- used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

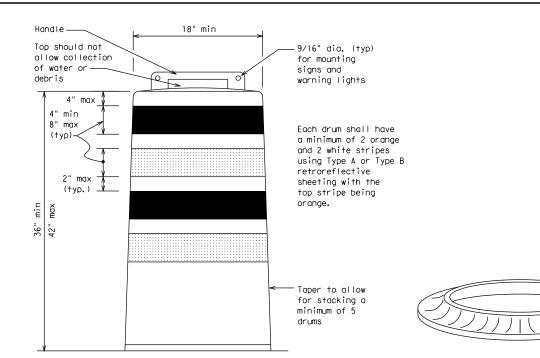
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

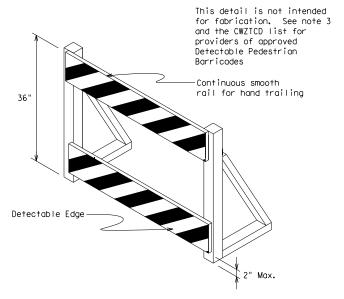
## RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





## DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TIC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

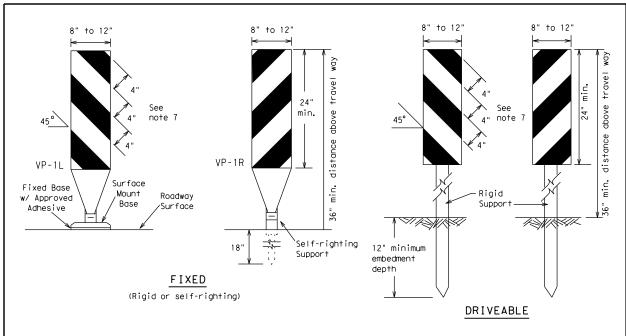
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

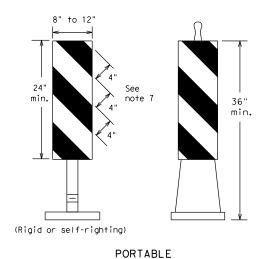
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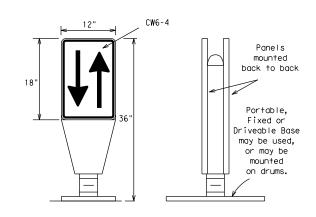
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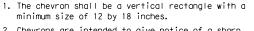
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

## VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{or}\,\mathsf{Type}\,\,C_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

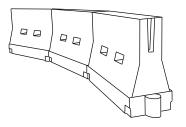


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type Bri or Type Cri conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

## CHEVRONS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



## LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

## WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula		esirab er Lend **		Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	,,,,2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	701		
40	0	265′	295′	320′	40 ′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55 °	110′		
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		
	V T I		h h -					

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

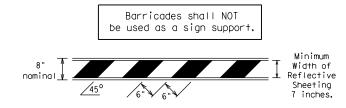
## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9) - 21

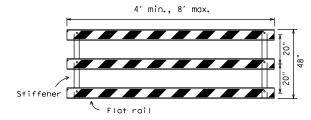
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-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-13	5-21	YKM		WHARTO	NC		17

## TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

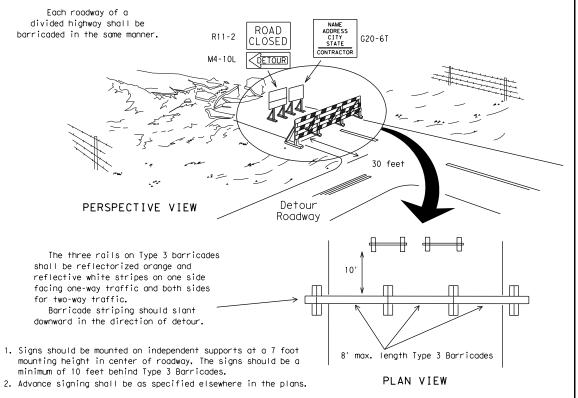


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

## TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

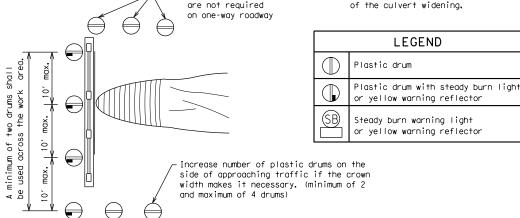


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

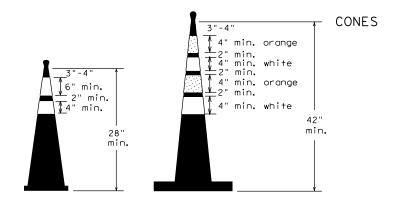
- Typical
  Plastic Drum

  PERSPECTIVE VIEW

  These drums
  are not required
  on one-way roadway
  - Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
     Plastic construction fencing
  - Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
  - Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
  - When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
  - Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

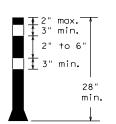


Two-Piece cones

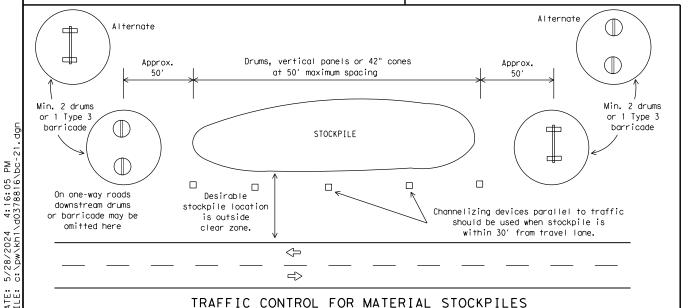
6" min. 2" min. 4" min. 28" min.

PLAN VIEW

One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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## WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

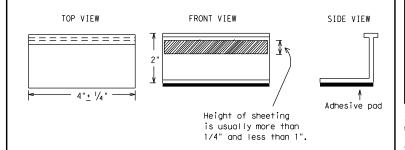
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

## Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

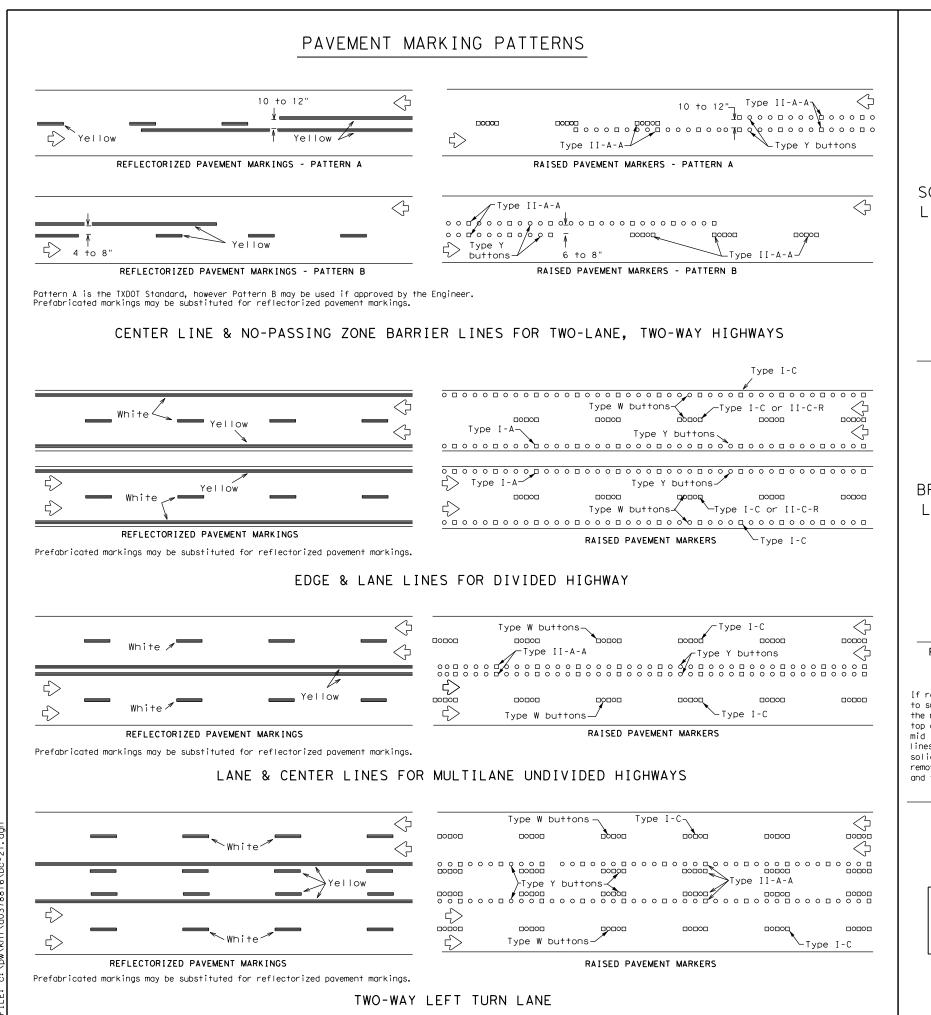


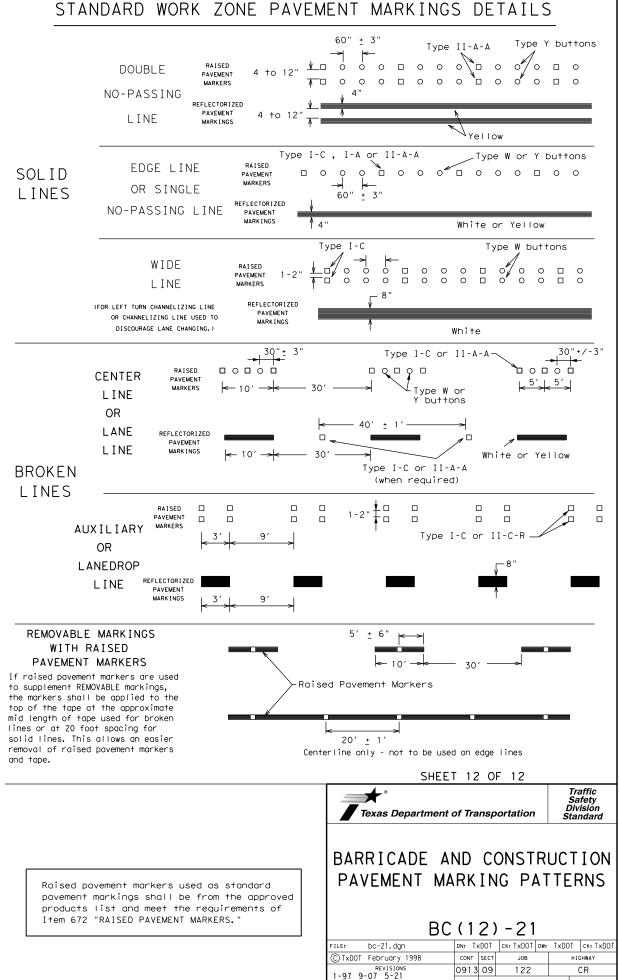
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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© TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1	GHWAY	
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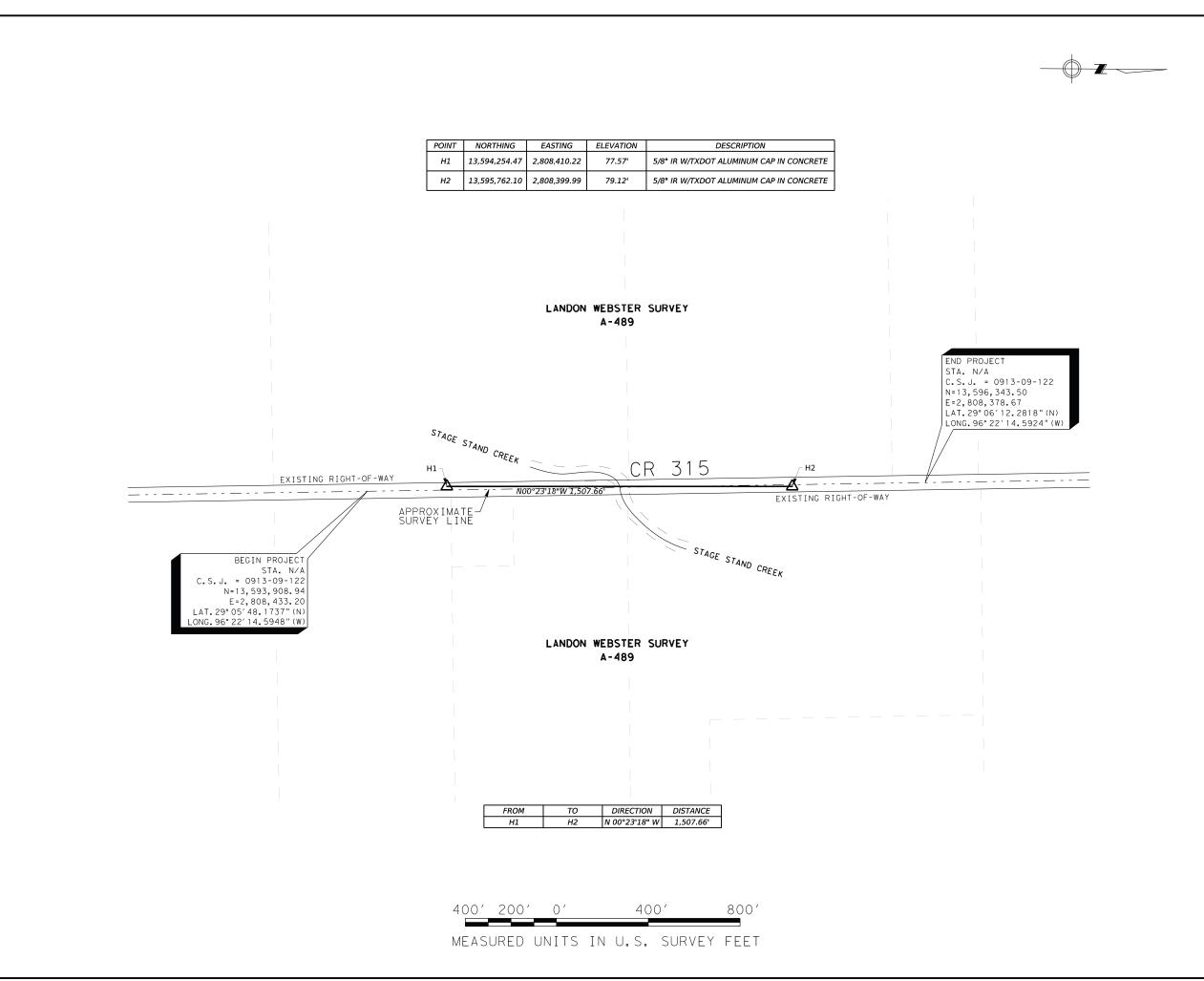


2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14

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NOTES:

- 1. ALL COORDINATES AND BEARINGS SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM; SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE; NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF
- 2. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFEREN TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88).
  - . ALL COORDINATES AND DISTANCES ARE U.S. SURVEY FEET, DISPLAYED IN SURFACE VALUES AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY DIVIDING BY A COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00013.
- CONTROL POINT HI WAS ESTABLISHED USING GPS STATIC OBSERVATION METHODS AND ADJUSTED TO THE FOLLOWING NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY CONTINUOUSLY OPERATING REFERENCE STATIONS (CORS); (EEOIDI8).
  - B: TXVA (DG9806) C: TXED (DL3494)
- 5. CONTROL POINT H2 WAS ESTABLISHED HORIZONTALLY USING GPS RTK (REAL TIME KINEMATIC) OBSERVATIONS DIRECTLY TIED TO
- CONTROL POINT H2 WAS ESTABLISHED VERTICALLY USING DIGITAL LEVEL WETHODS, HOLDING

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



Survey Date: November, 2023

THIS SURVEY CONTROL INFORMATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED AND INCORPORATED IN THIS PS&E  $\,$ 



SUITE 200
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77079
PHONE: 713.973.5100
FAX: 713.973.5150



2024

Texas Department of Transportation

## COUNTY ROAD 315

AT STAGE STAND CREEK

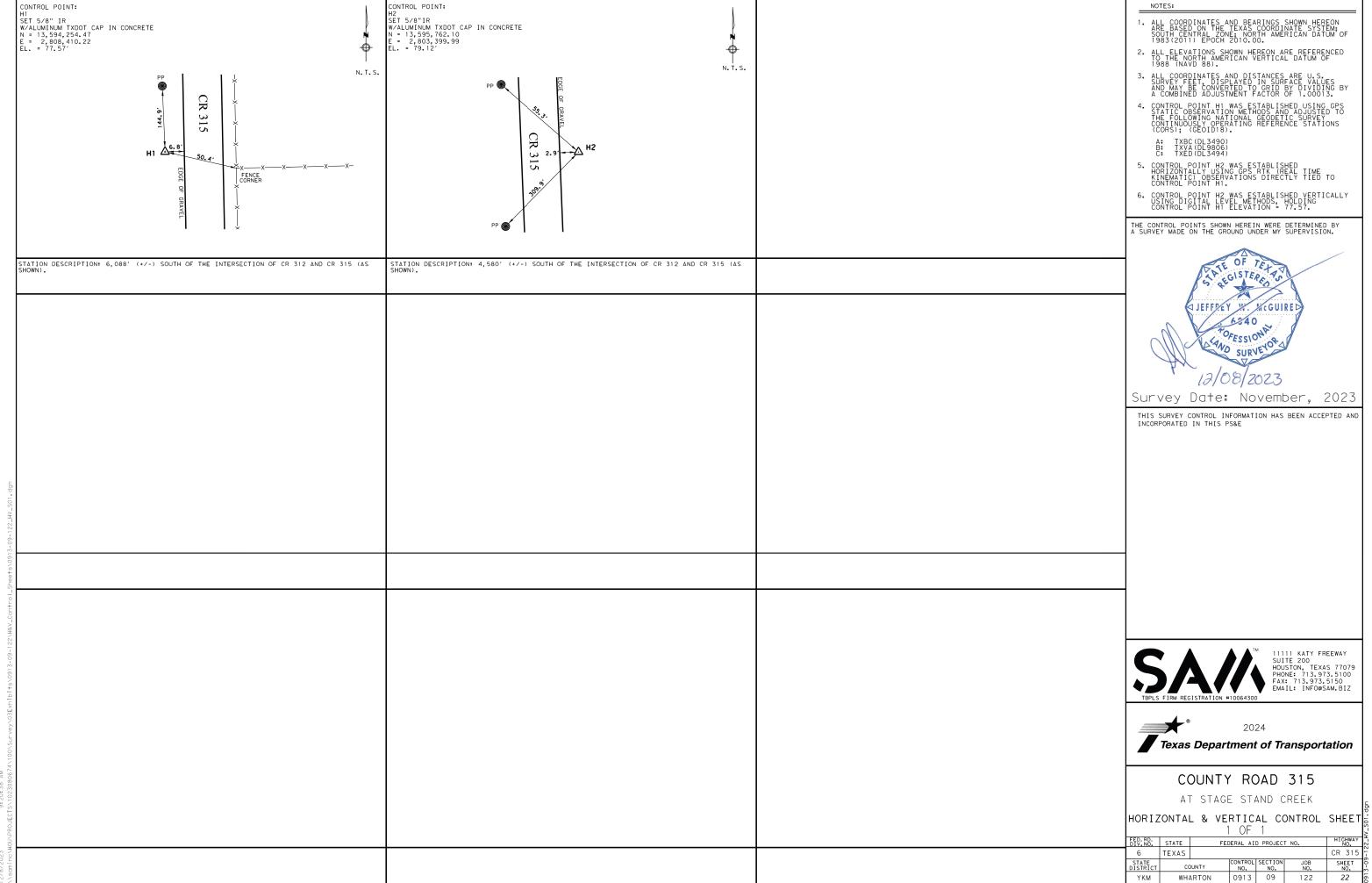
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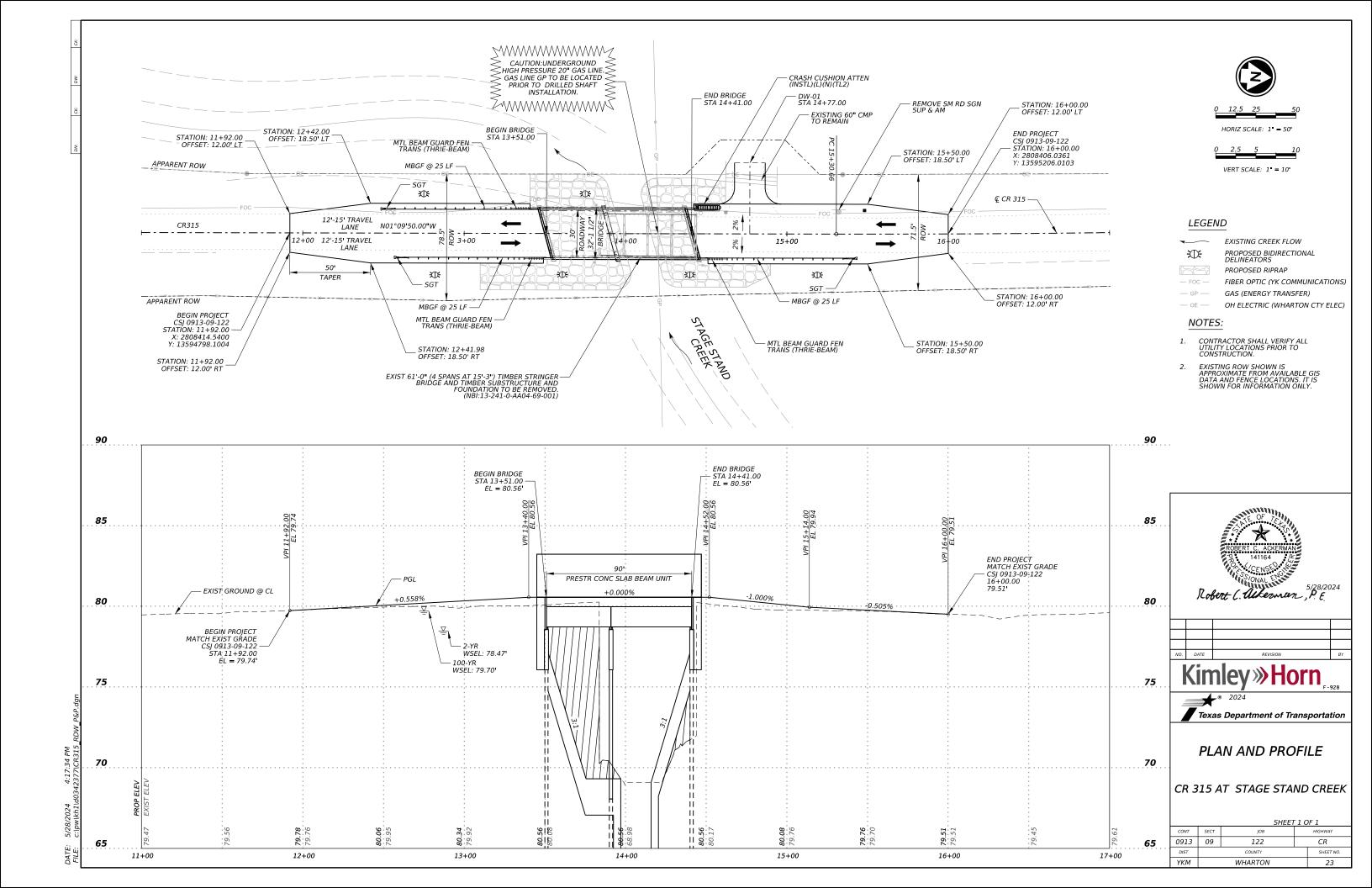
1 OF 1

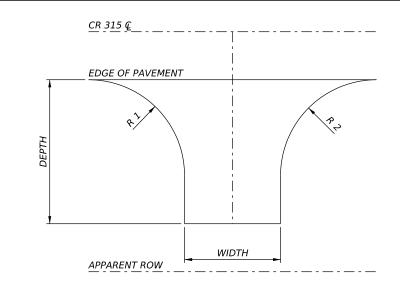
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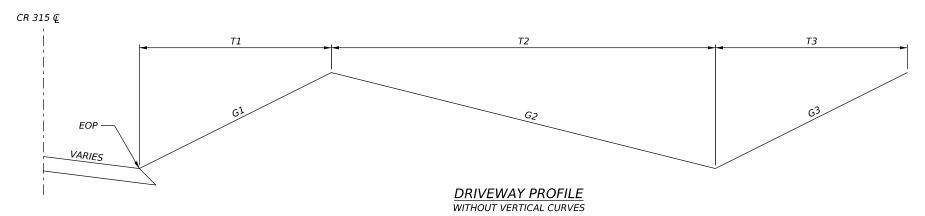


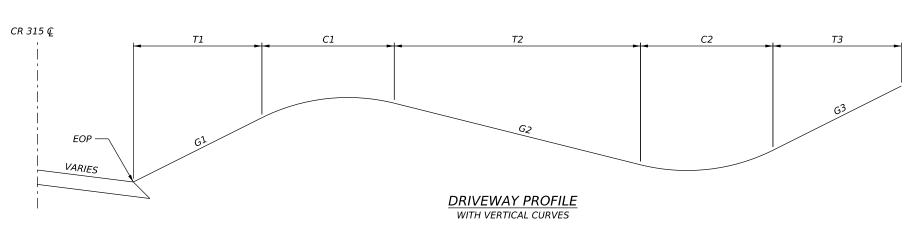




DRIVEWAYS (ACP OR SURF TRT)
SEE NOTE 3

## DRIVEWAYS SURF TREATMENT

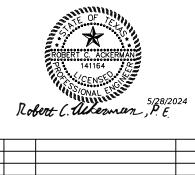




SUMMARY OF DRIV	EWAY DET	AILS																					
																			247		31	16	
DRIVEWAY NUMBER	P&P SHEET NUMBER	CENTERLINE STATION	EXISTING SURFACE	PROPOSED SURFACE	WIDTH	DEPT H	AREA	SKEW ANGLE	RIGHT /LEFT FORWARD	R1	R2	G1	T1	C1	G2	T2	C2	G3	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY E GR 5) (FNAL POS) 8"	ASPH (RC-250)	AGGR (TY-E GR-5 SAC-B)	AGGR (TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	ASPH (AC 20-5TR OR AC-20XP OR CRS-2P)
					FT	FT	SY	DEGREES	RIGHT/LEFT	FT	FT	%	FT	FT	%	FT	FT	%	CY	GAL	CY	CY	GAL
CSJ: 0913-09-122																							
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## NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONS FOR EACH DRIVEWAY ARE TYPICAL AND MAY VARY DURING ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION TO MEET FEILD CONDITIONS.
  2. THE TYPES & RATES OF MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO THE ROADWAY ITEMS.
  3. ALL DRIVEWAY ITEMS LISTED ARE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 530. PROVIDED ITEMS ARE FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.



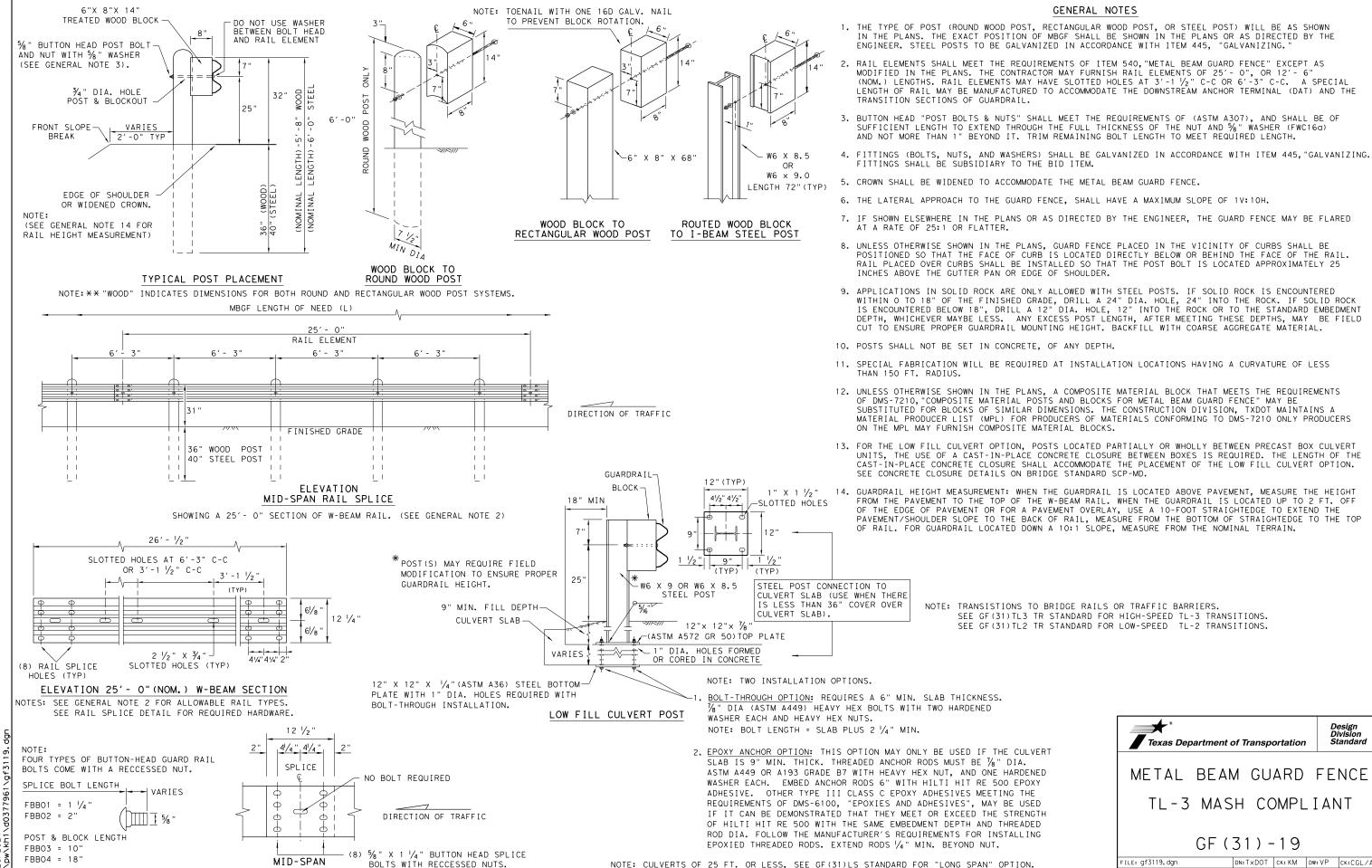






CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK

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BUTTON HEAD BOLT

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

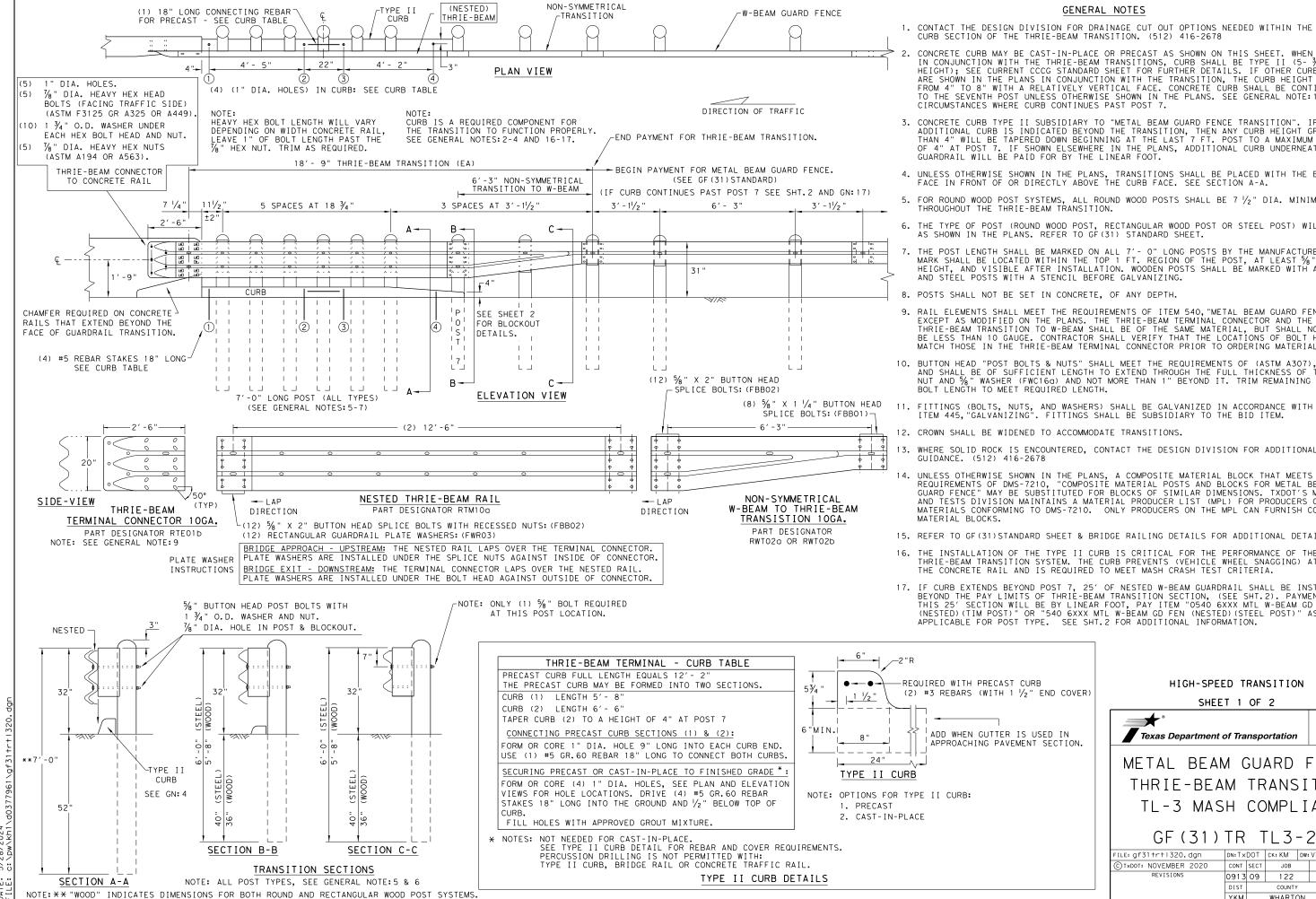
NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

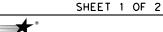
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## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR DRAINAGE CUT OUT OPTIONS NEEDED WITHIN THE CURB SECTION OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION. (512) 416-2678
- CONCRETE CURB MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. WHEN USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITIONS, CURB SHALL BE TYPE II (5- \( \frac{7}{4} \)" HEIGHT); SEE CURRENT CCCG STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS. IF OTHER CURB HEIGHTS ARE SHOWN IN THE PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TRANSITION, THE CURB HEIGHT MAY BE FROM 4" TO 8" WITH A RELATIVELY VERTICAL FACE. CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE CONTINUOUS TO THE SEVENTH POST UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. SEE GENERAL NOTE: 17 FOR CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE CURB CONTINUES PAST POST 7.
- 3. CONCRETE CURB TYPE II SUBSIDIARY TO "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TRANSITION". IF NO ADDITIONAL CURB IS INDICATED BEYOND THE TRANSITION, THEN ANY CURB HEIGHT GREATER THAN 4" WILL BE TAPERED DOWN BEGINNING AT THE LAST 7 FT. POST TO A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 4" AT POST 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS, ADDITIONAL CURB UNDERNEATH GUARDRAIL WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE LINEAR FOOT.
- 4. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, TRANSITIONS SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BLOCKOUT FACE IN FRONT OF OR DIRECTLY ABOVE THE CURB FACE. SEE SECTION A-A.
- 5. FOR ROUND WOOD POST SYSTEMS, ALL ROUND WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 7  $\frac{1}{2}$ " DIA. MINIMUM THROUGHOUT THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION.
- 6. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. REFER TO GF(31) STANDARD SHEET.
- THE POST LENGTH SHALL BE MARKED ON ALL 7'- O" LONG POSTS BY THE MANUFACTURER. THE MARK SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE TOP 1 FT. REGION OF THE POST, AT LEAST  $\frac{5}{8}$ " IN HEIGHT, AND VISIBLE AFTER INSTALLATION. WOODEN POSTS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A BRAND, AND STÉEL POSTS WITH A STENCIL BEFORE GALVANIZING.
- POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 9. RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR AND THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TO W-BEAM SHALL BE OF THE SAME MATERIAL, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 GAUGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THAT THE LOCATIONS OF BOLT HOLES MATCH THOSE IN THE THRIE-BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 10. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND  $\frac{5}{6}$ " WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING
- 12. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSITIONS.
- 13. WHERE SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE DESIGN DIVISION FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE. (512) 416-2678
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. TXDOT'S MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCERS LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210. ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL CAN FURNISH COMPOSITE
- 15. REFER TO GF (31) STANDARD SHEET & BRIDGE RAILING DETAILS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.
- 16. THE INSTALLATION OF THE TYPE II CURB IS CRITICAL FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SYSTEM. THE CURB PREVENTS (VEHICLE WHEEL SNAGGING) AT THE CONCRETE RAIL AND IS REQUIRED TO MEET MASH CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
- 17. IF CURB EXTENDS BEYOND POST 7, 25' OF NESTED W-BEAM GUARDRAIL SHALL BE INSTALLED BEYOND THE PAY LIMITS OF THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION SECTION, (SEE SHT.2). PAYMENT FOR THIS 25' SECTION WILL BE BY LINEAR FOOT, PAY ITEM "0540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (TIM POST)" OR "540 6XXX MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (NESTED) (STEEL POST)" AS APPLICABLE FOR POST TYPE. SEE SHT.2 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

## HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION





METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) TR TL3-20

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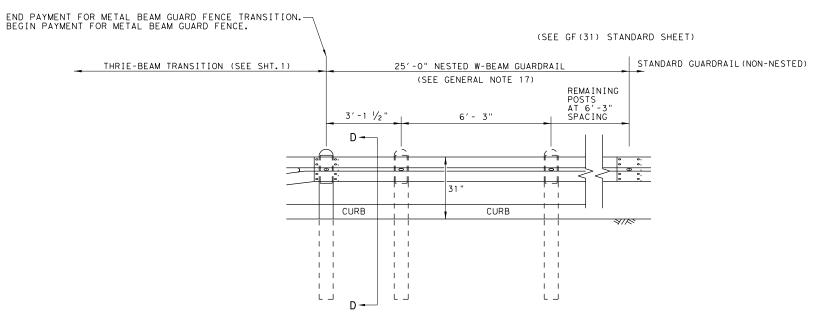
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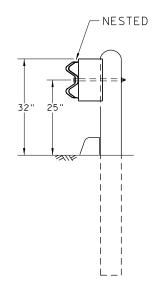
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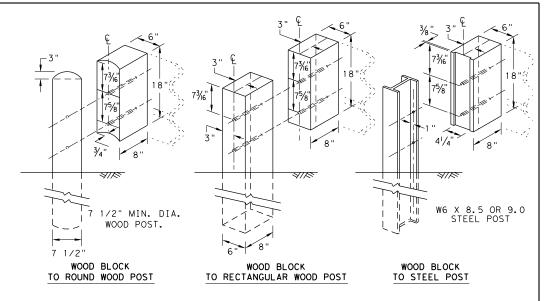
# REQUIRED ALTERNATIVE FOR CONTINUOUS CURB EXTENDING PAST POST 7 (SEE SHT. 1 GENERAL NOTE 17)



ELEVATION VIEW



SECTION D-D



## THRIE BEAM TRANSITION BLOCKOUT DETAILS

## HIGH-SPEED TRANSITION

SHEET 2 OF 2



Design Division Standard

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE THRIE-BEAM TRANSITION TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF(31)TR TL3-20

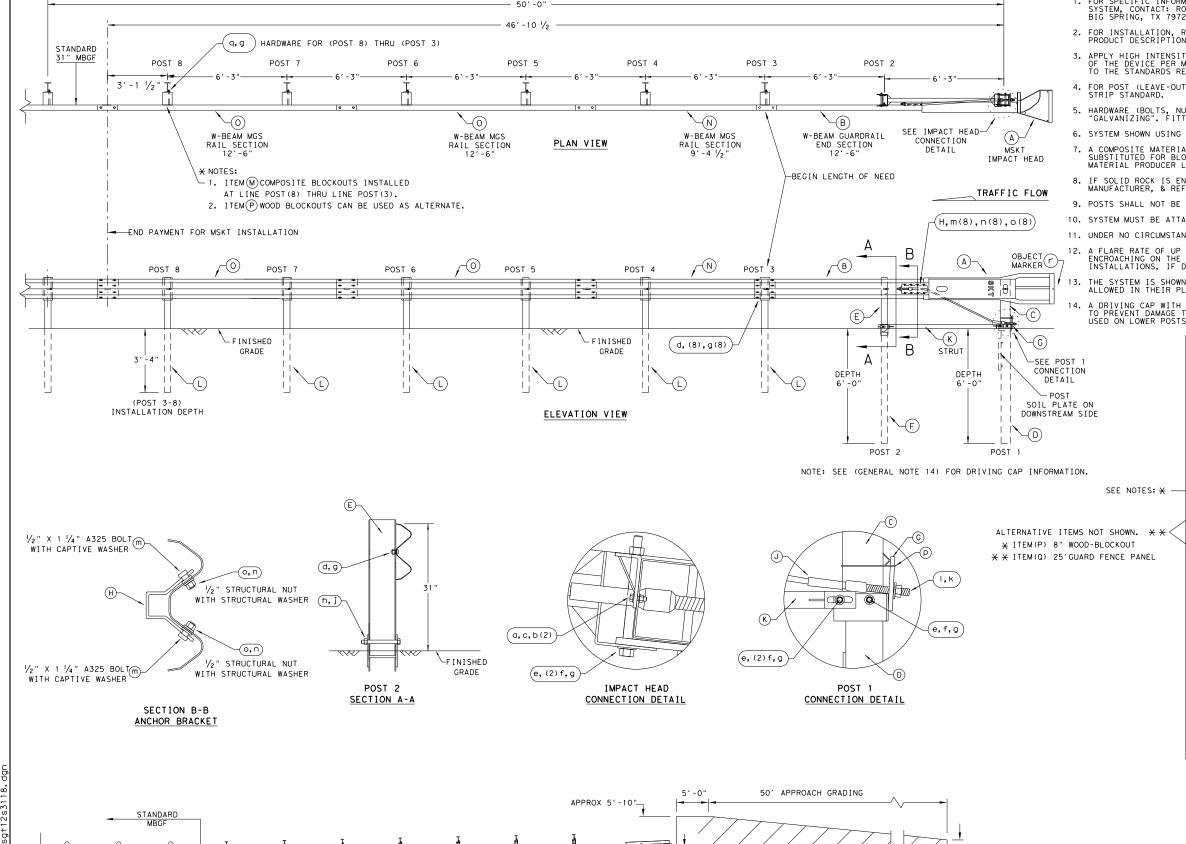
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REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		WHARTO	NC		27

EDGE OF PAVEMENT

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.

NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN)-

APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS



2'-0"

RAIL OFFSET

FLARE RATE)

APPROACH GRADIN

(1V: 10H OR FLATTER)

SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL

FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.

 FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: ROAD SYSTEMS, INC. (432) 263-2435. 3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT, BIG SPRING, TX 79720 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MSKT END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (PUBLICATION~062717). 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD. 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD. 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM. 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POSTS WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS. 7. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUTS THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS. 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE 9. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE. 10. SYSTEM MUST BE ATTACHED TO STANDARD 31" MBGF. 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE MSKT SYSTEM BE CURVED. 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. 13. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH TWO 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, ONE 25'-0" MBGF PANEL IS ALSO ALLOWED IN THEIR PLACE. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES. I TEM NUMBERS ITEM QTY MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS 1 MSKT IMPACT HEAD MS3000 W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga. SF1303 C 1 POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE) MTPHP1A D | 1 | POST 1 - BOTTOM (6' W6X15) MTPHP1B

POST 2 - ASSEMBLY TOP UHP2A POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9) HP2B G 1 BEARING PLATE E750 CABLE ANCHOR BOX S760 J 1 BCT CABLE ANCHOR ASSEMBLY F770 K 1 GROUND STRUT MS785 L 6 W6x9 OR W6x8.5 STEEL POST P621 M 6 COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS CBSP-14 N 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2") G12025 2 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6") G1203A 6 WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14" P675 Q 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0") G1209 SMALL HARDWARE 5/16 " × 1" HEX BOLT (GRD 5) 5/16 " WASHER B5160104A 4 W0516 C 2 5/6" HEX NUT N0516 %" Dia. x 1 1/4" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2) d 25 | B580122 2 %" Dia. x 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B580904A f 3 %" WASHER W050 9 | 33 | 5/8" Dia. H.G.R NUT N050 B340854  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia. x 8  $\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX BOLT (GRD A449) j 1 ¾" Dia, HEX NUT N030 k 2 1 ANCHOR CABLE HEX NUT N100 W100 m 8 1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER SB12A n 8 1/2" STRUCTURAL NUTS N012A 8 1 1/6 " O.D. x 16 " I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS WO12A 1 BEARING PLATE RETAINER TIE CT - 100S q 6 5/8" x 10" H.G.R. BOLT B581002 1 OBJECT MARKER 18" X 18 E3151



Design Division Standard

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL

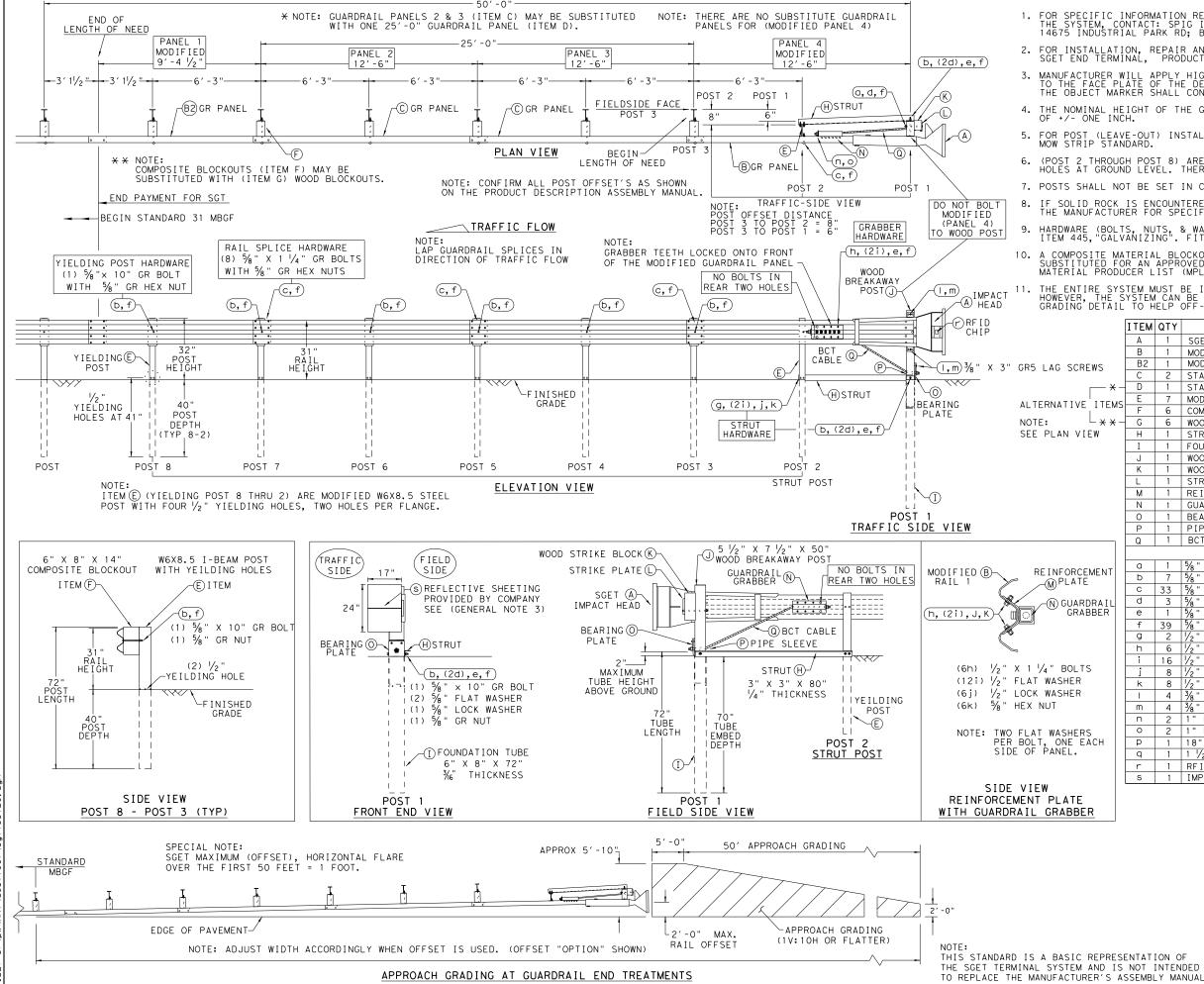
SGT (12S) 31-18

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgr DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CL TxDOT: APRIL 2018 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS CR 0913 09 122 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO WHARTON 28

MSKT-MASH-TL-3

NOTE: THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE MSKT END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.

TRAFFIC FLOW



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 6. (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 10. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
  - THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.

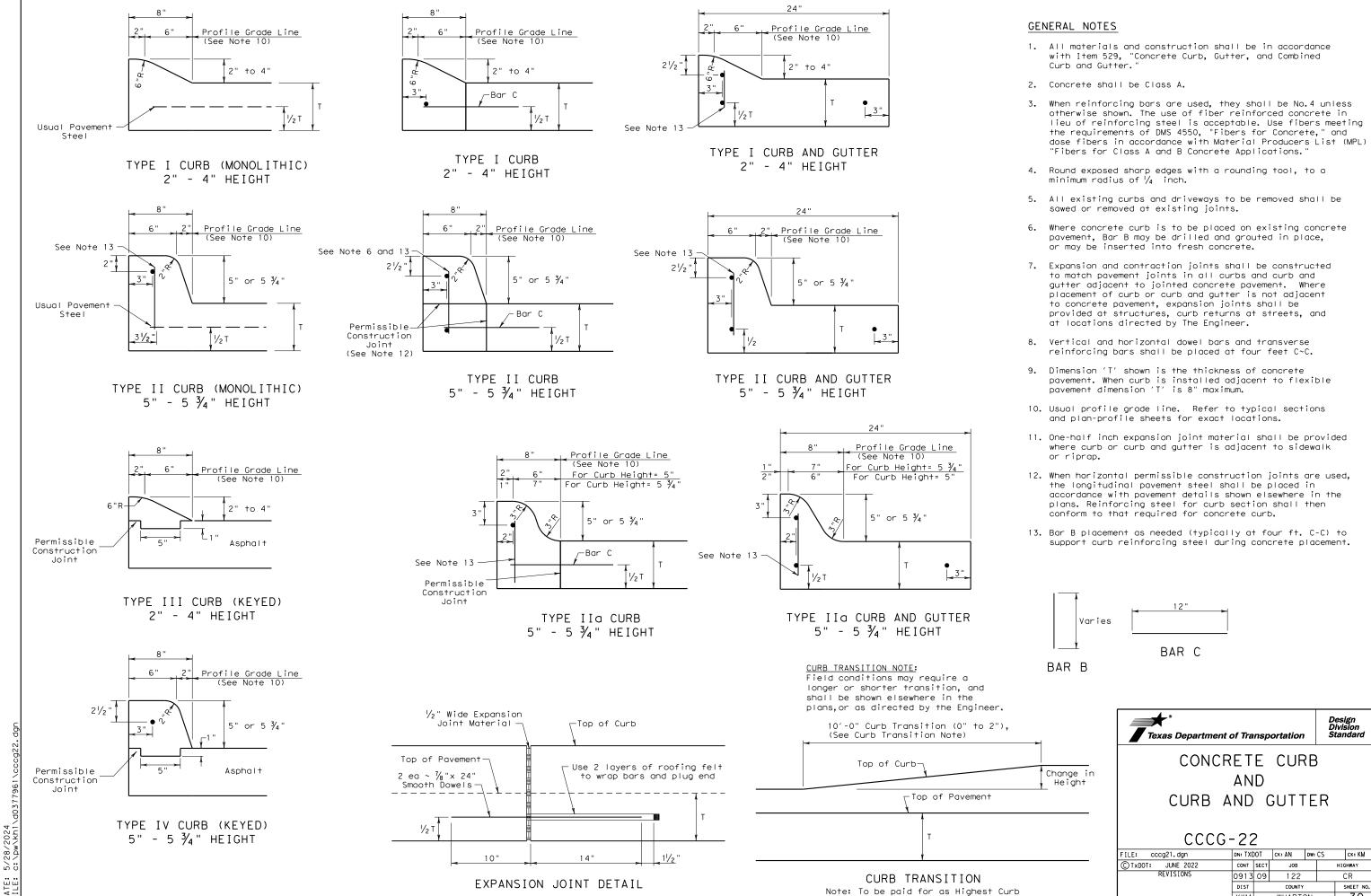


Texas Department of Transportation

SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH

SGT (15) 31-20

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	_		- '	_		
LE: sg+153120. dgn	DN: Tx	тоот	CK: KM	DW:	۷P	CK: VP	
TxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY	
REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR	
	DIST		COUNTY	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	YKM		WHART	NC		29	

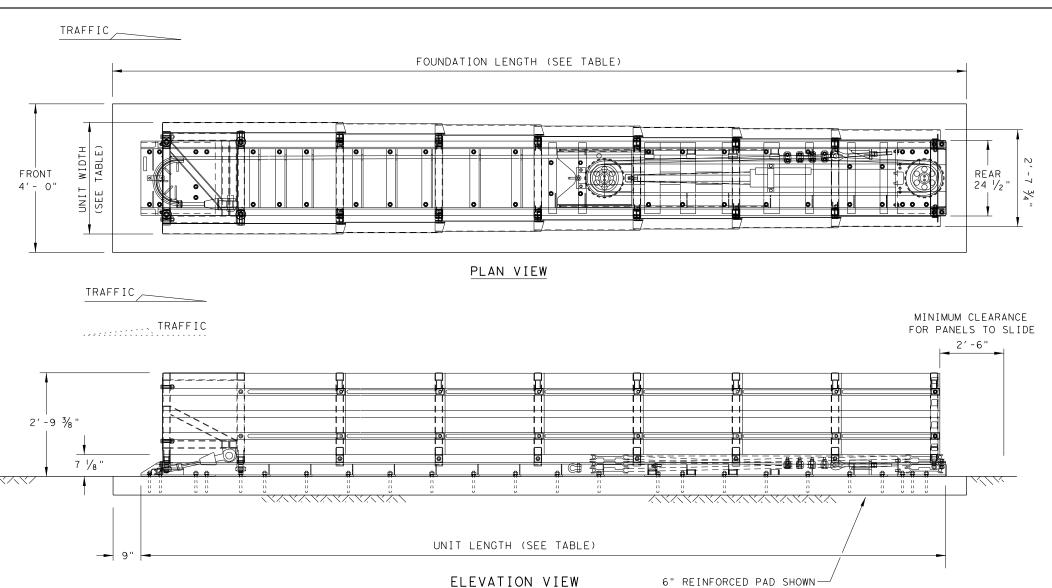


YKM

WHARTON

30





MODEL	TEST LEVEL	UNIT LENGTH (approx.)	UNIT WIDTH	FOUNDATION LENGTH	OBSTACLE WIDTH
SCI70GM	TL-2	13′-6"	2'-10	15' - 6 1/4"	24"to 36"
SCI100GM	TL-3	21′-6"	3'-1 1/2"	23' - 0"	24"to 36"

SYSTEM AND PAD LENGTHS VARY DEPENDING ON BACKUP TYPE.

FOUNDATION OPTIONS
6" REINFORCED CONCRETE (5 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)
8" UNREINFORCED CONCRETE (5 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)
3" MIN. ASPHALT OVER 3" MIN. CONCRETE (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBED.)
6" ASPHALT OVER 6" COMPACT SUBBASE (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBED.)
8" MINIMUM ASPHALT (16 1/2" ANCHOR EMBEDMENT)

(SEE FOUNDATION OPTIONS)

FOR STEEL PLACEMENT IN CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS, SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL.

TRANSITION OPTIONS
CONCRETE VERTICAL WALL
CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIERS
GUARDRAIL (W-BEAM)
GUARDRAIL (THRIE-BEAM)

TRANSITION TYPES ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON THE PLANS (I.E. ATTENUATOR LOCATION DETAILS OR IN THE GENERAL NOTES).

FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRANSITION PANEL AND END SHOE DETAILS, SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL.

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: WORK AREA PROTECTION, CORP. AT (800) 327-4417, OR (630) 377-9100.
- 2. FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC, APPROPRIATE TRANSITION PANELS WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 3. ADDITIONAL DETAILS FOR THE TRANSITION OPTION AND FOUNDATION OPTION WILL BE SHOWN ON THE MANUFACTURER'S SHOP DRAWINGS FURNISHED TO THE ENGINEER.
- 4. CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "S" WITH A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 PSI.
- 5. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CROSS-SLOPE IS 8%.
- 6. THE INSTALLATION AREA SHOULD BE FREE FROM CURBS, ELEVATED OBJECTS, OR DEPRESSIONS.
- 7. THE SCI100GM & SCI70GM SYSTEMS SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY PARALLEL WITH THE BARRIER OR CENTERLINE OF MERGING BARRIERS.

#### NOTF:

FOR ATTACHMENT AND TRANSITIONS TO OTHER SHAPES, BARRIERS, RAILINGS AND BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOWS ARE AVAILABLE. (SEE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL)

#### NOTE:

SIDE PANELS CAN TRAVEL 30" BEYOND THE LAST TERMINAL BRACE AT THE REAR OF THE CUSHION. ALL OBJECTS THAT MAY INTERFERE WITH THIS MOTION CAN AFFECT PERFORMANCE OF AND MAY CAUSE UNDUE DAMAGE TO THE CRASH CUSHION.



Design Division Standard

WORK AREA PROTECTION

CORP

(SMART-NARROW)

SMTC(N)-16

ILE: smtcn16.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO(	ck: KM	DW: VP		ck:VP
CTxDOT: February 2006	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS REVISED 06, 2013 (VP)	0913	09	122		CR	
EVISED 08, 2013 (VP)	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM	WHARTON				31

LOW MAINTENANCE



Pad

(See Foundation

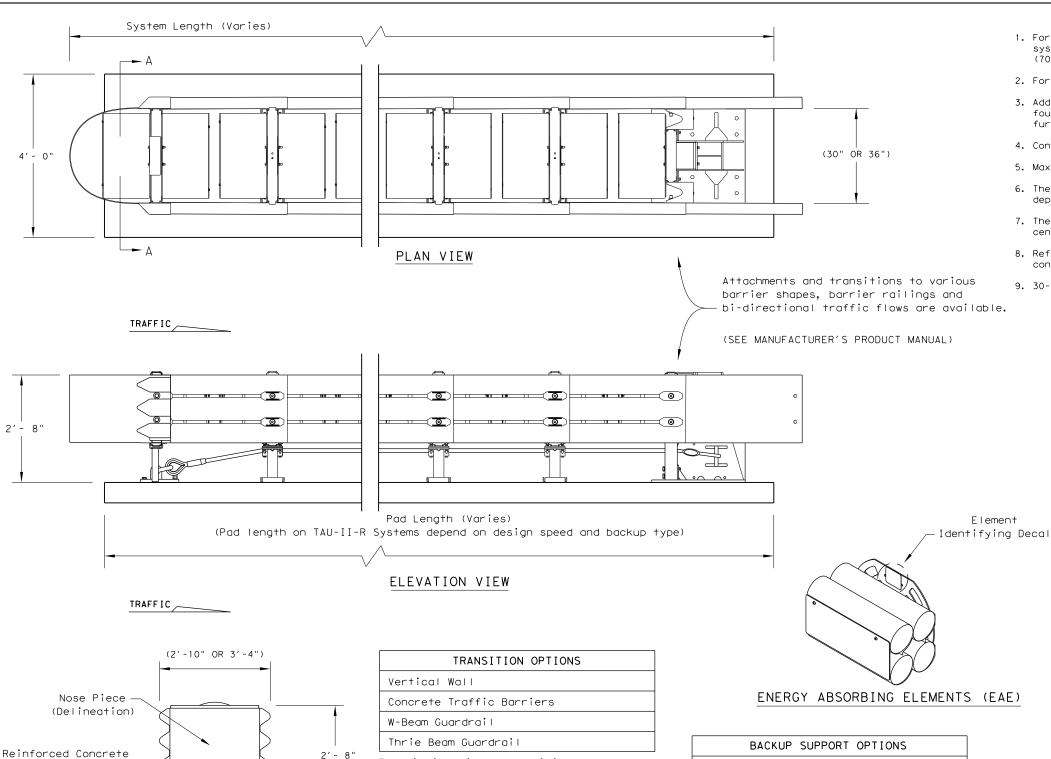
4'-0"

SECTION A-A

Nose Piece delineation orientation,

is shown elsewhere on the plans.

Option Table)



For bi-directional transition panel

(See manufacturer's product manual.)

FOUNDATION OPTIONS

Asphalt over Concrete with Minimum

6" Asphalt over 6" Compact Subbase

(See manufacturer's product manual)

For steel placement in concrete foundations.

and end shoe details.

6" Reinforced Concrete

8" Unreinforced Concrete

6" Embedment in Concrete

8" Minimum Asphalt

Compact(Stand Alone) Flush Mount

PCB (Concrete Barrier)

TAU-II-R
BACKSTOP
РСВ
Flush Mount
Compact

Backup and Transition types are shown elsewhere on the plans, (i.e. Attenuator location details or in the general notes).

(NARROW) SYSTEM LENGTHS

TL - 3

27'-10"

28'-3"

29′-6"

70 mph

30'-7"

31'-0"

32'-3"

Note: System lengths are ± 2"

TL - 2

13'-7"

14'-0"

15'-3"

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For specific information regarding installation and technical guidance of the system, contact: Lindsay Transportation Solutions - Barrier Systems, Inc. at (707) 374-6800. 180 River Road, Rio Vista, CA 94571
- 2. For bi-directional traffic, appropriate transition panels will be required.
- 3. Additional details for the backup support option, transition options and foundation option will be shown on the manufacturer's shop drawings furnished to the Engineer.
- 4. Concrete shall be class "S" with a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi.
- 5. Maximum permissible cross-slope is 8%.
- 6. The installation area should be free from curbs, elevated objects, or depressions.
- 7. The TAU-II-R system should be approximately parallel with the barrier or center of merging barriers.
- 8. Refer to Universal TAU-II-R configuration chart for specific systems configuration number and location of each type of energy absorbing element.
- 9. 30-inch (30") model shown, also available in 36-inch (36") configuration.

BILL OF MATERIAL		
PRODUCT CODE	QTY	DESCRIPTION
B030704	1	Front Support
B030703	TBD	Mid Support
TBD	1	Backstop Assembly (See Table)
TBD	1	Front Cable Anchor
TBD	1	Nose Assembly
B010202	TBD	Sliding Panel
B010659	2	End Panel
K001003	1	Slider Assembly Kit
BSI-1202006-KT	TBD	TAU-II-R Slider Kit
BSI-1107131-KT	TBD	TAU-II-R EAE Mounting Hw Kit
BSI-1012069-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 1
BSI-1012070-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 2
BSI-1012071-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 3
BSI-1110009-00	TBD	Energy Absorbing Element, Type 3N
TBD	TBD	Cable Assembly
K001004	TBD	Cable Guide Kit
K001005	2	Front Support Leg Kit
B010651	4	Pipe Panel Mount
TBD	1	Anchoring Package

(TBD) = To Be Determined, depending on Backup Type and System Length.

(See manufacturer's product manual for details)

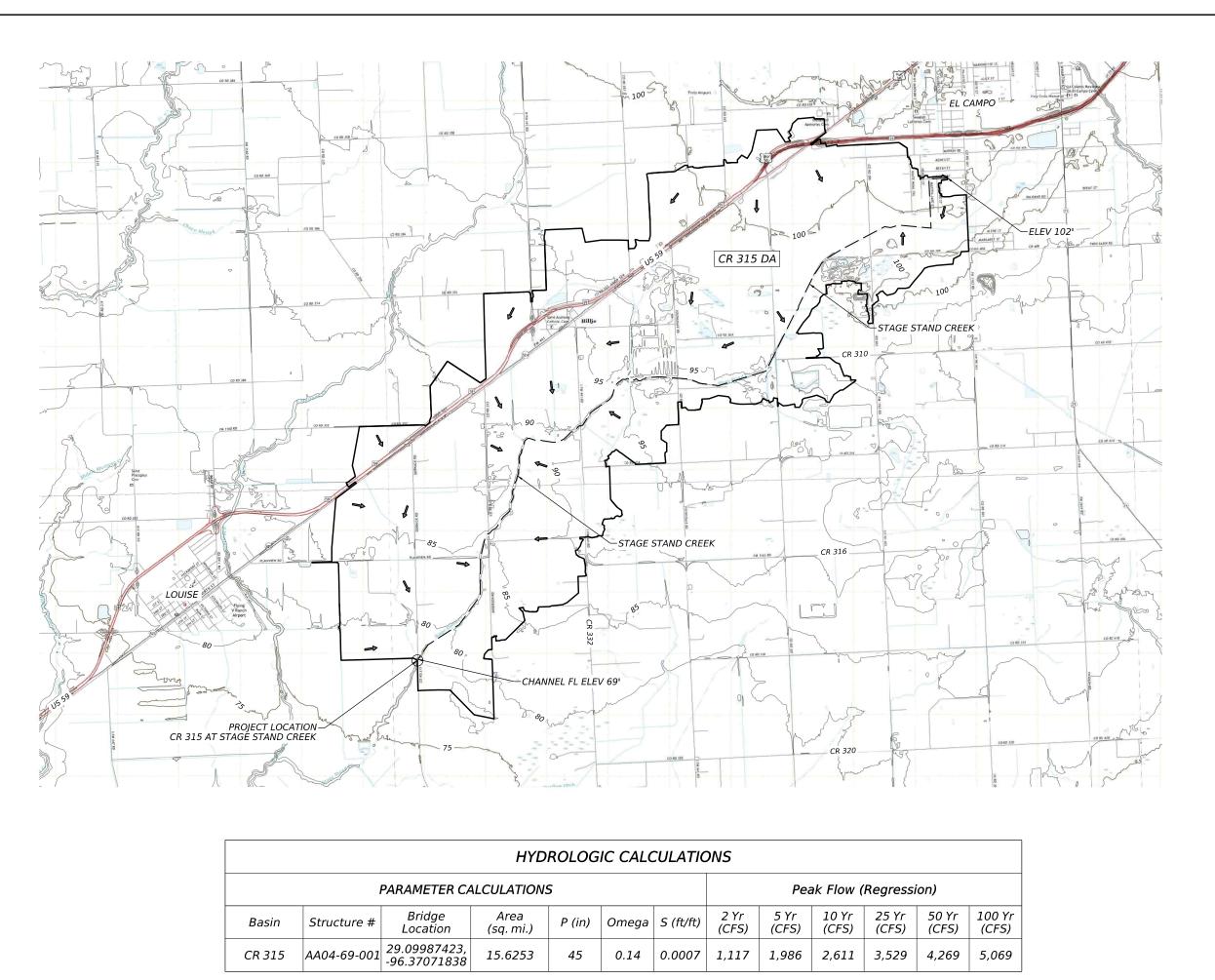


(R-NARROW)

TAU-II-R(N)-16

DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP CK: CGL ILE: tauiirn16.dgn C) TxDOT: January 2013 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS EVISED 06, 2013 (VP) 0913 09 122 CR EVISED 03, 2016 (VP) YKM WHARTON

LOW MAINTENANCE







LEGEND

DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATION

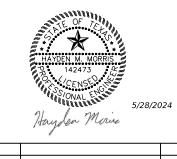
FLOW DIRECTION

MAIN CHANNEL

# NOTES:

- 1. DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATION WAS BASED ON LIDAR DATA (2018, 5' INTERVAL CONTOURS) AND AERIAL IMAGERY (2022) SOURCED FROM TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEMS (TNRIS)
  2. TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP SHOWN ON THIS SHEET WAS DATED 2022 AND OBTAINED FROM UNITED STATES GEOLOGIAL SUBVEY (USGS)
- STATES GEOLOCIAL SURVEY (USGS).

  3. REGRESSION METHOD WAS USED AS THE PRIMARY HYDROLOGIC METHOD. REGRESSION METHODS APPLIED FROM TXDOT HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL, SEPTEMBER 2019, CHAPTER 4,
- SECTION 10, TABLE 4-4.
  4. COORDINATION WITH THE WHARTON COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR OCCURED ON FEBRUARY 20, 2024.



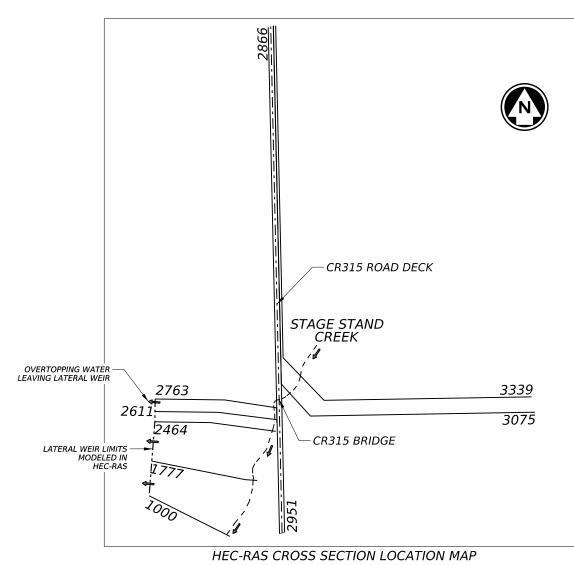






DRAINAGE AREA MAP

	SHEET 1 OF 1								
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY					
913	09	122	CR						
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.						
YKM		WHARTON		33					



	50% AEP Hydraulic Data - DESIGN									
River Station			Existing		Proposed					
nivei sta	LIUII	Q (cfs)	WSEL (ft)	Vel (fps)	Q (cfs)	WSEL (ft)	Vel (fps)			
3339		1117	78.44	2.5	1117	78.44	2.5			
3075		1117	78.48	0.5	1117	78.48	0.5			
2951		1117	78.47	0.9	1117	78.47	0.9			
CR315	US	1117	78.37	2.4	1117	78.39	2.1			
BRIDGE [	DS	111/	78.35	2.4	111/	78.35	2.3			
2866		1117	78.39	0.9	1117	78.39	0.9			
2763	2763 1117		78.29	2.4	1117	78.29	2.4			
2611		1111	78.11	3.2	1111	78.11	3.2			
2464		1101	78.11	2.2	1101	78.11	2.2			
1777		1080	77.64	3.3	1080	77.64	3.3			
1000		1080	76.40	4.4	1080	76.40	4.4			

1% AEP Hydraulic Data - CHECK								
River Station		Existing		Proposed				
River Station	Q (cfs)	WSEL (ft)	Vel (fps)	Q (cfs)	WSEL (ft)	Vel (fps)		
3339	5069	79.79	4.1	5069	79.79	4.1		
3075	5069	79.77	1.6	5069	79.76	1.6		
2951	5069	79.71	2.2	5069	79.70	2.2		
CR315 US	5069	79.71	2.4	5069	79.70	2.4		
BRIDGE DS	3009	79.64	2.7	3009	79.64	2.6		
2866	5069	79.64	2.2	5069	79.64	2.2		
2763	5069	79.55	3.3	5069	79.55	3.3		
2611	4941	79.47	3.0	4941	79.47	3.0		
2464	4813	79.39	3.0	4813	79.39	3.0		
1777	4378	78.94	3.4	4378	78.94	3.4		
1000	4145	77.97	4.6	4145	77.97	4.6		

# LATERAL WEIR HYDRAULIC RESULTS

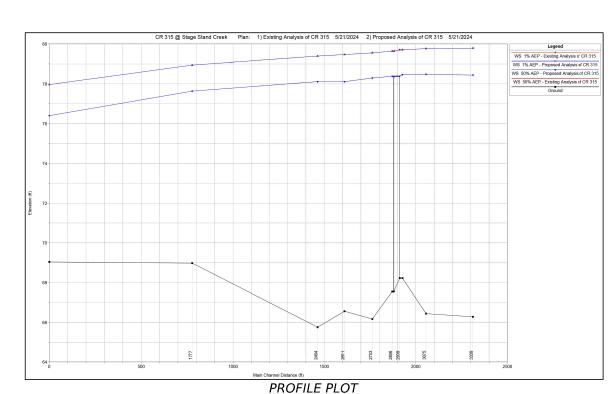
# 50% AEP - DESIGN

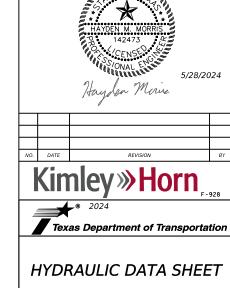
	30707121 3237674											
		EXISTING					PROPOSED				EXISTING VS PROPOSED	
CROSS SEC	CTION	TOTAL PEAK FLOW	LEAVING WATERSHED BOUNDARY		WATER SURFACE ELEVATION	TOTAL PEAK FLOW	LEAVING WATERSHED BOUNDARY	REMAINING FLOW IN STAGE STAND CREEK	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION	CHANGE IN FLOW	CHANGE IN WATER SURFACE	
	Ī	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT)	(CFS)	(CFS)	
3339		1117	0	1117	78.44	1117	0	1117	78.44	0	0.00	
3075		1117	0	1117	78.48	1117	0	1117	78.48	0	0.00	
2951	ROW	1117	0	1117	78.47	1117	0	1117	78.47	0	0.00	
2866	ROW	1117	0	1117	78.39	1117	0	1117	78.39	0	0.00	
2763		1117	0	1117	78.29	1117	0	1117	78.29	0	0.00	
2611		1117	6	1111	78.11	1117	6	1111	78.11	0	0.00	
2464		1117	16	1101	78.11	1117	16	1101	78.11	0	0.00	
1777		1117	37	1080	77.64	1117	37	1080	77.64	0	0.00	
1000		1117	37	1080	76.40	1117	37	1080	76.40	0	0.00	

	1% AEP - CHECK										
			Е	XISTING		PROPOSED				EXISTING VS PROPOSED	
CROSS SEC	CTION	TOTAL PEAK FLOW	LEAVING WATERSHED BOUNDARY	REMAINING FLOW IN STAGE STAND CREEK	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION	TOTAL PEAK FLOW	LEAVING WATERSHED BOUNDARY	REMAINING FLOW IN STAGE STAND CREEK	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION	CHANGE IN FLOW	CHANGE IN WATER SURFACE
		(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(FT)	(CFS)	(CFS)
3339		5069	0	5069	79.79	5069	0	5069	79.79	0	0.00
3075		5069	0	5069	79.77	5069	0	5069	79.76	0	-0.01
2951	ROW	5069	0	5069	79.71	5069	0	5069	79.70	0	-0.01
2866	ROW	5069	0	5069	79.64	5069	0	5069	79.64	0	0.00
2763		5069	0	5069	79.55	5069	0	5069	79.55	0	0.00
2611		5069	128	4941	79.47	5069	128	4941	79.47	0	0.00
2464		5069	256	4813	79.39	5069	256	4813	79.39	0	0.00
1777		5069	691	4378	78.94	5069	691	4378	78.94	0	0.00
1000		5069	924	4145	77.97	5069	924	4145	77.97	0	0.00

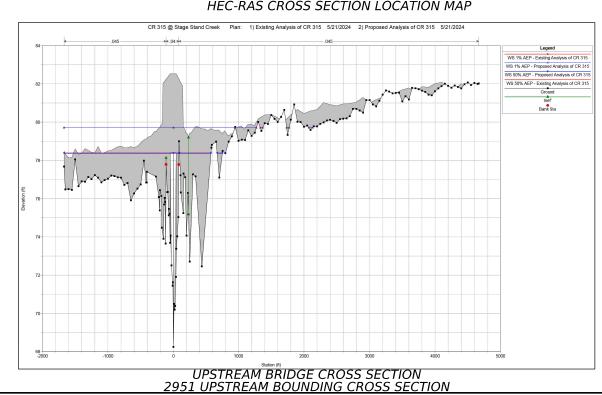
# NOTE:

- 1. HEC-RAS VERSION 6.4.1 USED FOR HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS.
- 2. TAILWATER ELEVATIONS WERE DETERMINED BY A NORMAL COMPUTATION USING A CHANNEL BED SLOPE OF 0.002.
- 3. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON NAVD 88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 4. COORDINATION WITH THE WHARTON COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR OCCURED ON FEBRUARY 20, 2024.
- 5. THE PROJECT LOCATION IS LOCATED WITHIN FEMA ZONE A DESIGNATED FLOODPLAIN PER FEMA FIRM PANEL NUMBER 48481C0675E, EFFECTIVE APRIL 5, 2006.





SHEET 1 OF 1								
CONT	SECT	јов		HIGHWAY				
0913	09	122		CR				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
YKM	KM WHARTON							



	SCOL	JR ANALYSIS	CALCULATION	IS			
	SCOUR	DESIGN FLOOD	- 5 YEAR	SCOUR CHECK FLOOD - 50 YEAR			
Input Parameters	LEFT OVERBANK	MAIN CHANNEL	RIGHT OVERBANK	LEFT OVERBANK	MAIN CHANNEL	RIGHT OVERBANK	
		PRESSURE	SCOUR				
hu (ft)	-	12.5	-	-	13.1	-	
hue (ft)	-	16.1	-	-	16.1	-	
hb (ft)	-	10.2	-	-	10.2	-	
ht (ft)	-	2.3	-	-	3.0	-	
T (ft)		4.1	•		4.1	1	
hw (ft)	-	0.0	-	-	0.0	-	
t (ft)		3.5	-	-	3.6	-	
Q1 (cfs)	-	1986	-	-	4269	-	
Q2 (cfs)	-	1221	-	-	1049	-	
Que (cfs)	-	2655	-	-	5381	-	
W1 (ft)		75			75		
W2 (ft)		90			90		
y2 (ft)	-	7.3	-	-	3.5	-	
WSE		78.9			78.9		
owest Elevation of Bridge Railing		81.9			81.9		
Lowest Low Chord Elevation		78.4			78.4		
ys (ft)	-	0.6	-	-	0.0	-	
Cross Section Inside Bridge		2909 BR U			2909 BR U		
		PIER SC	COUR				
V1 (ft/s)	-	1.3	-	-	2.1	-	
y1 (ft)	-	5.4	-	-	6.0	-	
g (ft/s)	-	32.2	-	-	32.2	-	
FR1 (-)	-	0.10	-	-	0.15	-	
a (ft)	-	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	
L (ft)	-	6.0	-	-	6.0	-	
(°)	-	15.0	-	-	15.0	-	
K1 (-)	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	
K2 (-)	-	1.4	-	-	1.4	-	
K3 (-)	-	1.1	-	-	1.1	-	
Reduction Factor (-)	-	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	
ys (ft)	-	1.6	-	-	2.0	-	

SCOUR ANALYSIS INPUT PARAMETERS								
Input Parameters		ream Appr er Station 3		Contracted Section at Bridge River Station 2909				
	Left Overbank	Main Channel	Right Overbank	Left Overbank	Main Channel	Right Overbank		
	SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD - 5 YEAR							
A (sq. ft.)	1202.69	412.96	2306.21	432.00	491.91	-		
WP (ft)	1286.6	78.3	1011.5	1164.5	219.5	-		
n (-)	0.045	0.040	0.045	0.045	0.04	-		
Q (cfs)	282	346	1358	785	1221	-		
V-avg (ft/sec)	0.2	0.8	0.6	1.8	2.5	-		
y-avg (ft)	0.9	5.7	2.3	2.3	5.4	-		
W (ft)	1287	75	1008	1164	90	-		
WSEL (ft)		78.92			78.90			
Total V-avg (ft/s)	/s) 0.5 2.2							
Q-peak (ft/s)		1986			1986			

In much Davanachava	Ŕive	ream Appr er Station 3		Contracted Section at Bridge River Station 2909				
Input Parameters	Left Overbank	Main Channel	Right Overbank	Left Overbank	Main Channel	Right Overbank		
SCOUR CHECK FLOOD - 50 YEAR								
A (sq. ft.)	2421.97	461.18	3046.53	1237.04	491.91	36.23		
WP (ft)	2209.0	78.3	1271.4	1402.4	219.5	312.1		
n (-)	0.045	0.04	0.045	0.045	0.04	0.045		
Q (cfs)	1077	708	2485	3204	1049	56		
V-avg (ft/sec)	0.4	1.5	0.8	2.6	2.1	1.5		
y-avg (ft)	1.1	6.3	2.4	2.9	6.0	2.5		
W (ft)	2209	75	1268	1401	90	312		
WSEL (ft)		79.58			79.53			
Total V-avg (ft/s)		0.7			2.4			
Q-peak (ft/s)	4269 4269							

SUMMARY OF RETURN PERIODS *						
HYDRAULIC DESIGN 2-YEAR						
SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD	5-YEAR					
SCOUR CHECK FLOOD 50-YEAR						

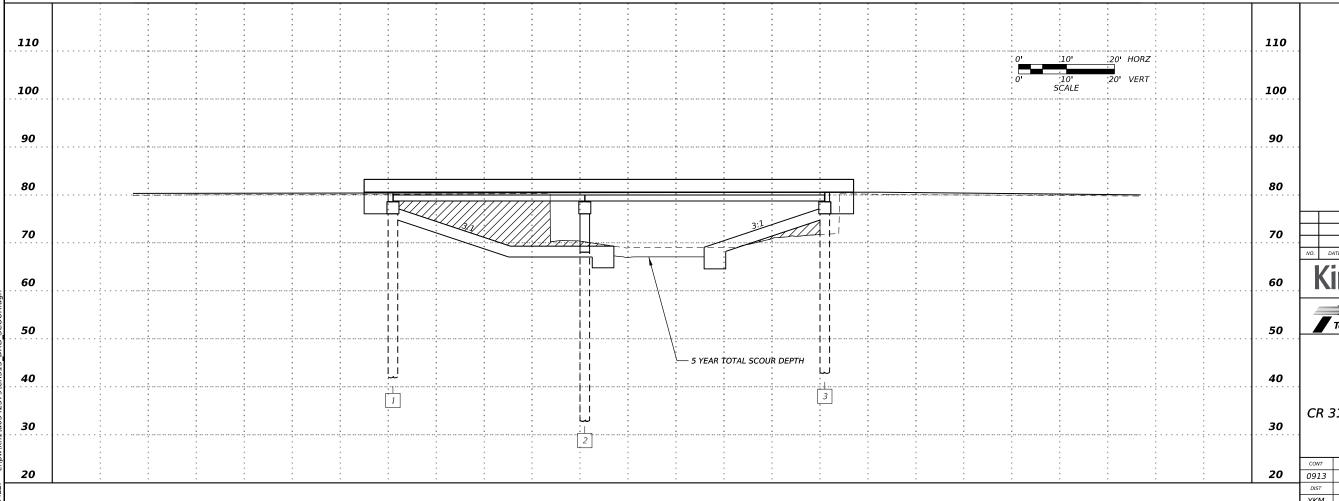
\*The return period for the Hydraulic Design was obtained from the TxDOT Hydraulic Design Manual. The return periods for the Scour Design Flood and the Scour Check Flood were obtained from the TxDOT Scour Analysis Guide.

	CHANNEL MATERIAL
Channel Bed Material Description	Channel includes a depth of 15 feet of lean clay.
D50 (ft)	0.0021 ft (0.65 mm)
Basis of Channel Bed Material Description	Laboratory tests on soil boring samples
Non-Erodible Strata	Not present in soil boring samples

### SUMMARY OF CALCULATED SCOUR DEPTHS (ft) SCOUR CHECK FLOOD - 50 YEAR SCOUR DESIGN FLOOD - 5 YEAR STRUCTURE # CONTRACTION SCOUR PIER SCOUR TOTAL SCOUR CONTRACTION SCOUR PIER SCOUR TOTAL SCOUR ABUT #1 0.6 0.0 0.6 0.0 BENT #2 0.6 2.2 0.0 2.0 2.0 ABUT #3 0.6 0.6 0.0 0.0

# NOTES:

- 1. SCOUR ANALYSIS WAS BASED ON TXDOT SCOUR ANALYSIS GUIDE, TXDOT GEOTECHNICAL MANUAL, AND FHWA HEC-18 "EVALUATING SCOUR AT BRIDGES".
- 2. THE D50 SOIL PARTICLE SIZE FOR THIS PROJECT WAS THE MINIMUM SIZE ALLOWED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL MANUAL (D50 = 0.20 MM)
- 3. THE HYDRAULIC DESIGN OF THE BRIDGE WAS 50% AEP. THEREFORE, 20% AEP WAS USED IN ANALYSIS AND 2% AEP WAS USED AS A CHECK.
- 4. CRITICAL VELOCITY WAS DETERMINED TO BE LESS THAN MEAN VELOCITY UPSTREAM OF THE BRIDGE OPENING. THEREFORE, LIVE BED RESULTS WERE USED.
- 5. THE CHANNEL MATERIAL CONTAINS MORE THAN 11% CLAY. PER THE SCOUR EVALUATION GUIDE, A REDUCTION FACTOR OF 0.5 WAS APPLIED TO THE CALCULATED PIER SCOUR.
- 6. ABUTMENT #1, BENT #2, AND ABUTMENT #3 ARE LOCATED IN THE MAIN CHANNEL.



HAYDEN M. MORRIS

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3 142473

3 15ENSS

ONAL ELECTRICAL

FINANCIAL

5/28/2024

Hayden Morrie

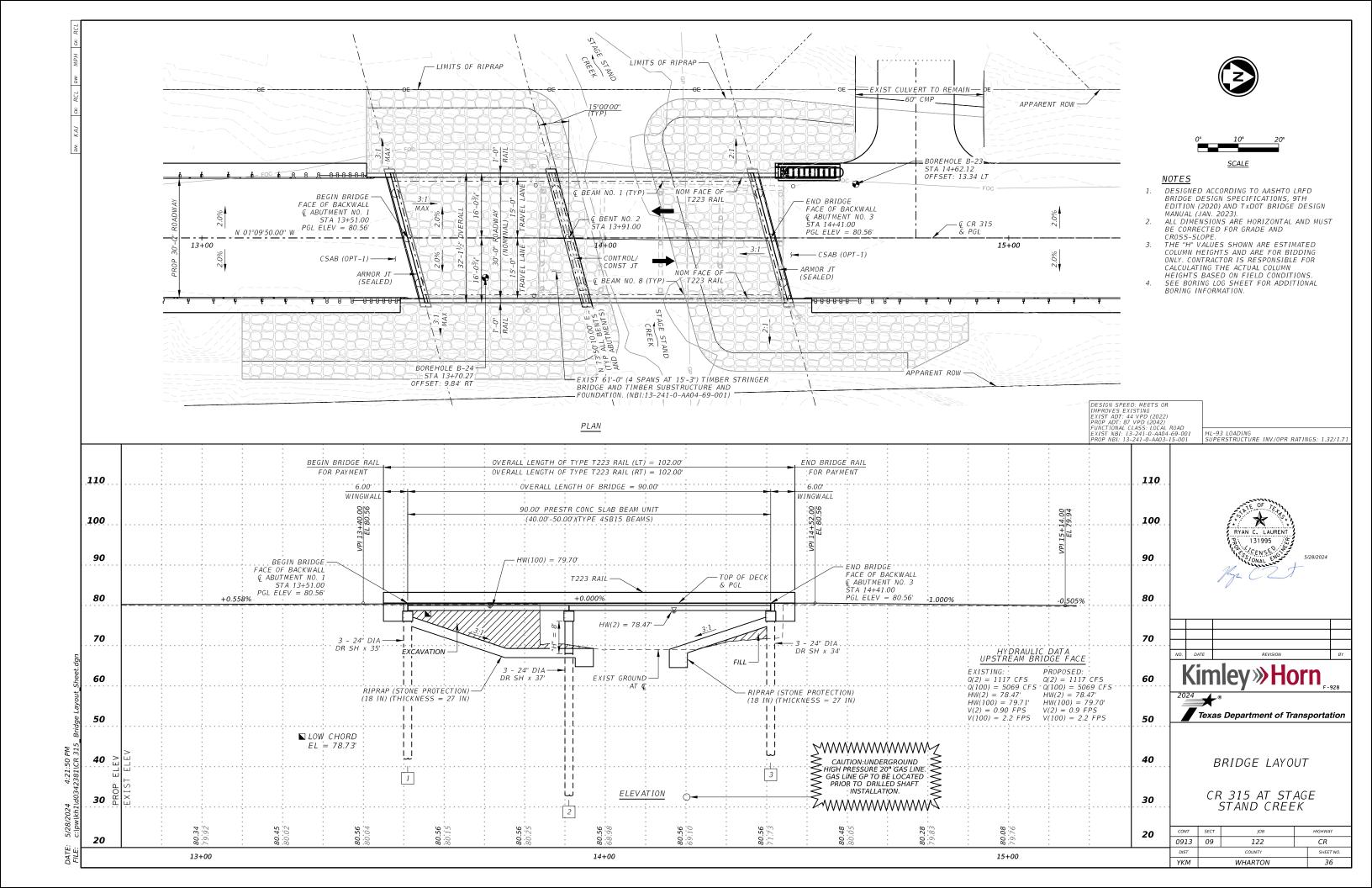
NO. DATE REVISION B
Kimley » Horn

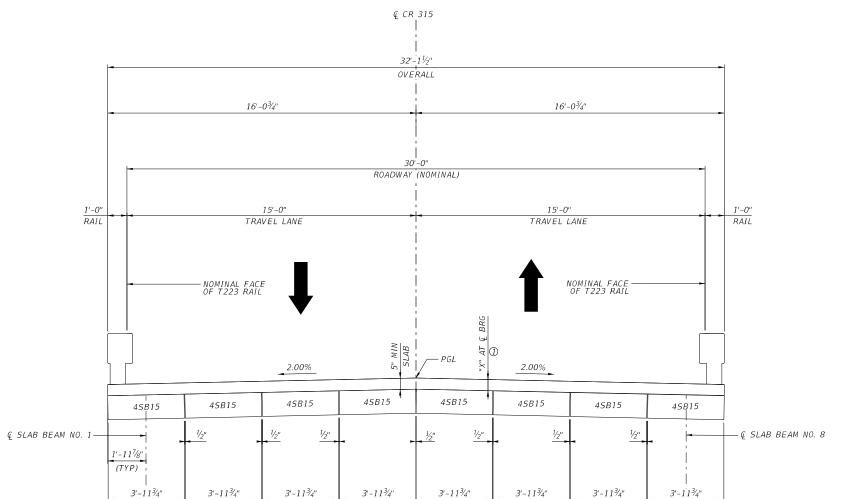
\* 2024

Texas Department of Transportation

SCOUR ANALYSIS

SHEET 1 OF 1								
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY					
0913	09	122		CR				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
YKM		35						





TYPICAL SECTION



(1) REFER TO TXDOT STANDARD SPSB-30-15 FOR "X" VALUES.



NO.	DATE	REVISION	BY





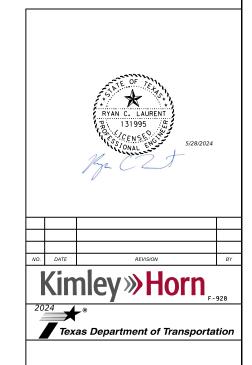
BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
913	09	122	CR				
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
′KM		WHARTON		37			
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111						

			SU	MMARY OF	BRIDGE Q	UANTITIES	•				
CSJ: 0913-09-122	ITEM NO.	400 6005	416 6002	420 6013	420 6029	420 6037	422 6001	425 6011	432 6033	450 6006	454 6004
BRIDGE ELEMENT	BID ITEM DESCRIPTION	CEM STABIL BKFL	DRILL SHAFT (24 IN)	CL C CONC (ABUT)	CL C CONC (CAP)	CL C CONC (COLUMN)	REINF CONC SLAB	PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM (4SB15)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)	RAIL (TY T223)	ARMOR JOINT (SEALED)
NBI#: 13-241-0-AA04-15-0	001	CY	LF	CY	CY	CY	SF	LF	CY	LF	LF
2 - ABUTMENTS		38	207	25.3					719	24.0	58
1 - BENTS			111		8.3	2.8					
1 - 90.00' PRESTR CONC S	LAB BEAM UNIT						2,891	711.86		180.0	
ТОТ	TAL	38	318	25.3	8.3	2.8	2,891	711.86	719	204.0	58

# <u>NOTES</u>

1. APPROACH SLABS ARE OMITTED FOR THIS BRIDGE. AN ADDITIONAL 1.3 CY IS INCLUDED PER ABUTMENTFOR CL C CONC PER TXDOT APSB-30-15 STANDARD.



ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

CR 315 AT STAGE STAND CREEK

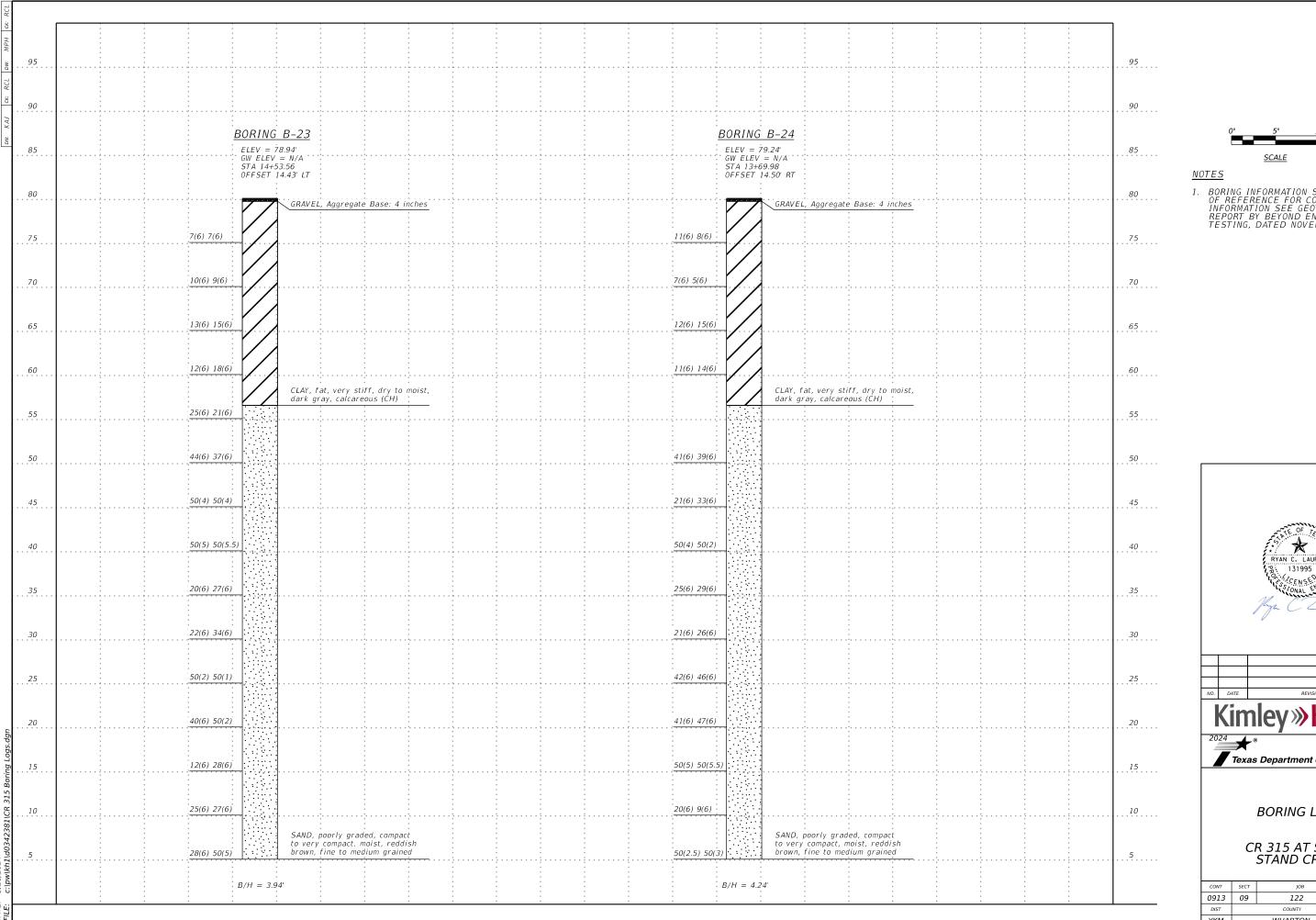
122

WHARTON

0913 09

DIST YKM HIGHWAY CR

SHEET NO.





1. BORING INFORMATION SHOWN FOR EASE OF REFERENCE FOR COMPLETE BORING INFORMATION SEE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT BY BEYOND ENGINEERING & TESTING, DATED NOVEMBER 27, 2023.



Kimley»Horn



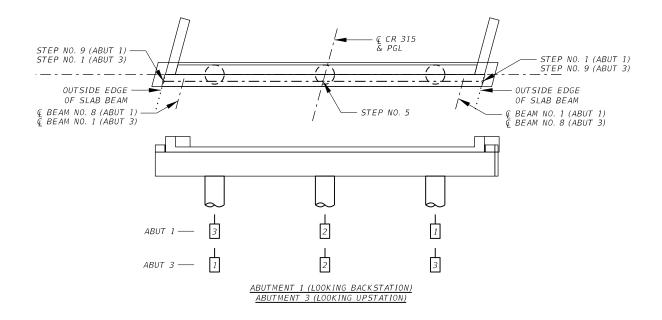
**BORING LOGS** 

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
913	09	122	CR		
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
′KM		WHARTON		39	



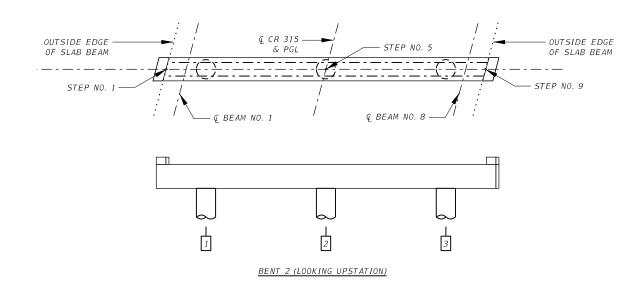
# <u>NOTES</u>

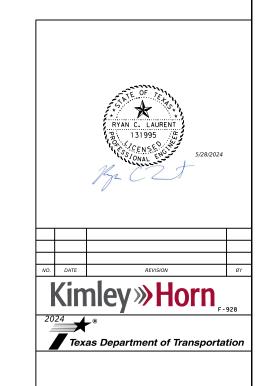
1. REFER TO TXDOT STANDARDS APSB-30-15, BPSB-30-15, AND S PSB-30-15 FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN.



CONTROL ELEVATIONS											
TOP OF CAP TOP OF DRILLED SHAFT*											
	STEP 1	STEP 5	STEP 9	DS 1	DS 2	DS 3					
ABUT 1	78.343	78.664	78.343	75.934	76.164	75.934					
ABUT 3	78.239	78.560	78.239	75.830	76.060	75.830					
* FLEVATIONS	AT GOE DRIL	IED SHAFT									

		CON	ITROL ELEVATI	ONS					
	TOP OF CAP TOP OF COLUMN **								
	STEP 1	STEP 5	STEP 9	COL 1	COL 2	COL 3			
BENT 2 (BK)	78.343	78.664	78.343	75.810	76.060	75.810			
BENT 2 (FWD)	78.239	78.560	78.239	75.810	76.060	75.810			
** ELEVATION	S AT Q OF COLU	JMN							





0913 09 122 CR SHEET NO. YKM WHARTON 40

**BRIDGE GEOMETRY** 

BOX 8

40.0000

38.5583

39.4912

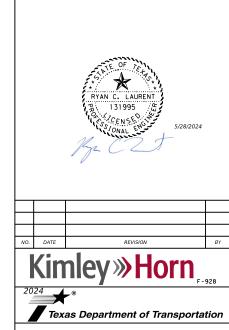
0.00000

N 1 9 50.00 W

BENT REPORT BENT REPORT

BENT NO. 1 (N 73 50 9.97 E) BENT NO. 2 (N 73 50 9.97 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND STEP LINE 1, 16.6291 L DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND STEP LINE 1, 16.6291 L DIST CL BENT TO CL BRNG BOX STEP SPAC. BEAM ANGLE DIST CL BENT TO CL BRNG BOX STEP SPAC. BEAM ANGLE DIST CL BENT TO END OF BM DIST CL BENT TO END OF BM D M S PERP TO (CL BENT) D M S PERP TO (CL BENT) PERP TO PERP TO ALONG ALONG ALONG ALONG CL BEAM CL BEAM CL BEAM CL BEAM CL BENT CL BENT CL BENT CL BENT STEP 1 0.0000 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 STEP 1 0.0000 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 1 CENTER BOX 1 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 2 STEP 2 4.1411 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 4.1411 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 2 CENTER BOX 2 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 3 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 STEP 3 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 3 CENTER BOX 3 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 4 4.1628 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 STEP 4 4.1628 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 4 CENTER BOX 4 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 5 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 STEP 5 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 5 CENTER BOX 5 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 6 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 STEP 6 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 6 CENTER BOX 6 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 7 4.1628 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 STEP 7 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 4.1628 LEFT LEFT BOX 7 CENTER BOX 7 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 STEP 8 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 4.1626 0.2588 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 8 CENTER BOX 8 CENTER RIGHTRIGHTSTEP 9 STEP 9 4 1411 75 0 0 00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 4 1411 75 0 0 00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 TOTAL TOTAL 33.2583 33.2583 BENT REPORT BENT REPORT BENT NO. 2 (N 73 50 9.97 E) BENT NO. 3 (N 73 50 9.97 E) DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND STEP LINE 1, 16.6291 L DISTANCE BETWEEN STATION LINE AND STEP LINE 1, 16.6291 L DIST CL BENT TO CL BRNG DIST CL BENT TO END OF BM
PERP TO ALONG PERP TO ALONG DIST CL BENT TO CL BRNG DIST CL BENT TO END OF BM STEP SPAC. BEAM ANGLE STEP SPAC. BEAM ANGLE PERP TO AL ONG PERP TO (CL BENT) D M S (CL BENT) D M S AL ONG CL BENT CL BEAM CL BENT CL BEAM CL BENT CL BEAM CL BENT CL BEAM SPAN 2 STEP 1 0.0000 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 STEP 1 0.0000 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 LEFT LEFT BOX 1 CENTER BOX 1 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 2 4.1411 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 STEP 2 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2588 0.2500 4.1411 0.2500 LEFT LEFT BOX 2 CENTER BOX 2 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 3 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 STEP 3 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 LEFT LEFT BOX 3 CENTER BOX 3 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 4 0.7083 STEP 4 4.1628 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.2415 0.2500 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 4.1628 LEFT LEFT BOX 4 CENTER BOX 4 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 5 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 STEP 5 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 LEFT LEFT BOX 5 CENTER BOX 5 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 6 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 STEP 6 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 4.1626 0.2500 4.1626 75 0 0.00 LEFT LEFT BOX 6 CENTER BOX 6 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 7 4.1628 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 STEP 7 4.1628 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 LEFT LEFT BOX 7 CENTER BOX 7 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 8 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 STEP 8 4.1626 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 LEFT LEFT BOX 8 CENTER BOX 8 CENTER RIGHT RIGHT STEP 9 STEP 9 4.1411 75 0 0.00 0.6842 0.7083 0.2415 0.2500 4.1411 75 0 0.00 0.7083 0.7333 0.2500 0.2588 TOTAL TOTAL 33.2583 33.2583 BEAM REPORT AT CENTER OF BOX. SPAN 2 BEAM REPORT AT CENTER OF BOX, SPAN 1 HORIZONTAL DISTANCE TRUE DISTANCE BFAMHORIZONTAL DISTANCE TRUE DISTANCE BEAM BOT. BM. FLG. BEAM BEARING C-C BRG. *SLOPE* C-C BENT C-C BRG. BOT. BM. FLG. SLOPE BEAM BEARING C-C BENT BOX 1 50.0000 48.5583 49.4912 0.00000 1 9 50.00 W BOX 1 39.4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50.00 W 40.0000 38.5583 BOX 2 48.5583 0.00000 9 50.00 W 38.5583 50.0000 49.4912 BOX 2 39.4912 0.00000 40.0000 1 9 50.00 W BOX 3 50.0000 48.5583 49.4912 0.00000 9 50.00 W B0X 3 40.0000 38.5583 39.4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50.00 W BOX 4 38.5583 0.00000 BOX 4 50.0000 48.5583 49.4912 0.00000 9 50 00 W 40.0000 39.4912 1 9 50.00 W BOX 5 40.0000 38.5583 39.4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50.00 W BOX 5 50.0000 48 5583 49 4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50 00 W 0.00000 N 1 9 50 00 W BOX 6 40.0000 38 5583 39.4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50.00 W BOX 6 50 0000 48 5583 49 4912 BOX 7 48.5583 49.4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50.00 W BOX 7 40.0000 38 5583 39 4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50 00 W 50.0000 50.0000 48.5583 49.4912 0.00000 N 1 9 50.00 W

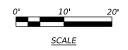
BOX 8



BRIDGE GEOMETRY

DIST YKM		COUNTY WHARTON		SHEET NO.
0913	09	122		CR
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY







NO.	DATE	REVISION	BY



FOUNDATION LAYOUT

CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY		
0913	09	122	CR		
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
YKM		WHARTON	42		

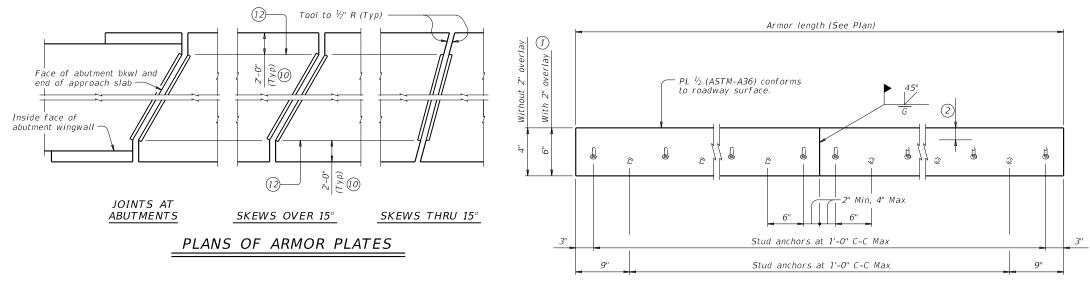
Joint Opening at 80° F

Backer rod (25 percent

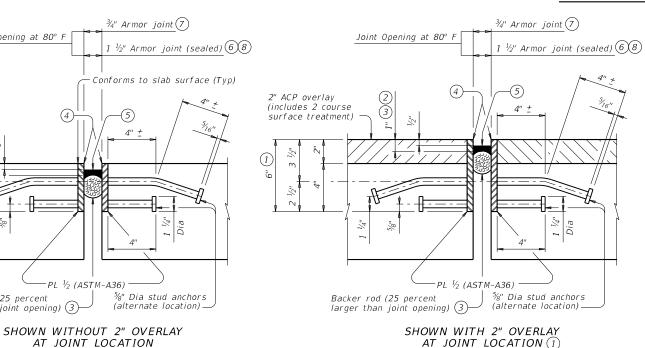
larger than joint opening) (3)-

-(5)

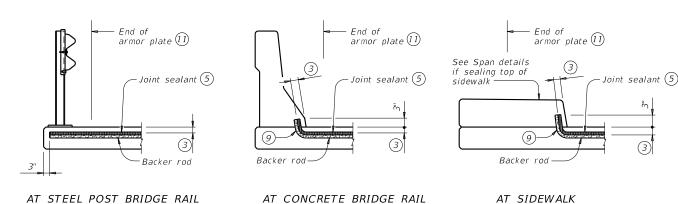
PL 1/2 (ASTM-A36)



# ELEVATION OF BASIC ARMOR PLATE



# ARMOR JOINT SECTIONS



# JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

Armor joint (sealed) only. Armor plate is not shown for clarity

① Adjust 6" plate height for overlay thicknesses other than the 2" shown. Adjust weight by 1.70 plf for each ½" variation in thickness.

 $\bigcirc$  Do not paint top 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " of plate if using sealed armor joint.

(3) Set top of backer rod 1" below top of armor plate. Backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.

(4) Blast clean entire contact area between sealant and plate (SSPC-SP10) before installing sealant. Light brush blast and thoroughly clean all dust and debris from concrete surfaces in contact with joint sealant before application of silicone seal.

(5) Use Class 7 joint sealant that conforms to DMS-6310.

(6) Place sealant while ambient temperature is between 55°F and 80°F and is rising.

7) Armor joint does not include joint sealant or backer rod.

(8) Armor joint (sealed) includes Class 7 joint sealant and backer rod.

(9) Form vertical leg of seal as per the Manufacturer's recommendations. Use Class 4 joint sealant if Class 7 cannot be installed correctly. Install according to Manufacturer's recommendations.

(10) Unless shown otherwise, terminate armor plate at slab break point if break is more than 2'-0" from slab edge.

(11) See "Plans of Armor Plates".

(12) At Fabricator's option, armor plate may extend up to 6" beyond this point for skews through 15°.

(13) Align shipping angle perpendicular to joint.

### FABRICATION NOTES:

Match mark corresponding plate sections and secure together for shipment with shipping angle. Do not use erection bolts.

Ship armor joints in convenient lengths of 10'-0" Min and 24'-0" Max unless necessary for stage construction or widenings. One shop splice is permitted in each shipping length provided no piece is less than 2'-0" long and sufficient studs are added to limit the stud to shop splice distance to 2" Min and 4" Max.

Weld studs in accordance with AWS D1.1.

Use groove welds for all shop and field butt splices. Grind smooth areas in contact with seal. Make all necessary field splice joint preparations

Paint the entire steel section, except as stated in Note 2, with System II or IV primer in accordance with Item 446 "Field Cleaning and Painting Steel." Provide paints in accordance with Item 446.2. Prepare steel and apply paint in accordance with Items 446.4.7.3 and 446.4.7.4.

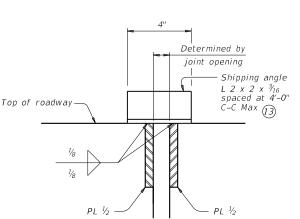
Shop drawings for the fabrication of armor joints will not require the Engineer's approval if fabrication is in accordance with the details

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Secure armor joints in position and place to proper grade and alignment by welding braces to adjacent reinforcing steel, to prestressed beam stirrups, or to anchors cast in concrete diaphragms. Include cost of temporary bracing in the price bid for Armor Joint. Remove shipping angle immediately after each joint half is secured in place. Grind smooth, and touch up with organic zinc-rich paint.

Provide armor joints at locations shown on the plans. Provide the seal when "Armor Joint (Sealed)" is noted on the plans.

These joint details accommodate a joint movement range of 1%" (34" opening movement and %" closure movement). Payment for armor joint, with or without seal, is based on length of armor plate.

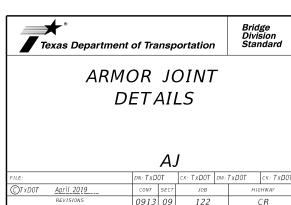


SHOWN WITHOUT 2" OVERLAY AT JOINT LOCATION

# SHIPPING ANGLE

An alternate method of securing joint sections may be used if approved by the Bridge Division. Erection bolts are not allowed.

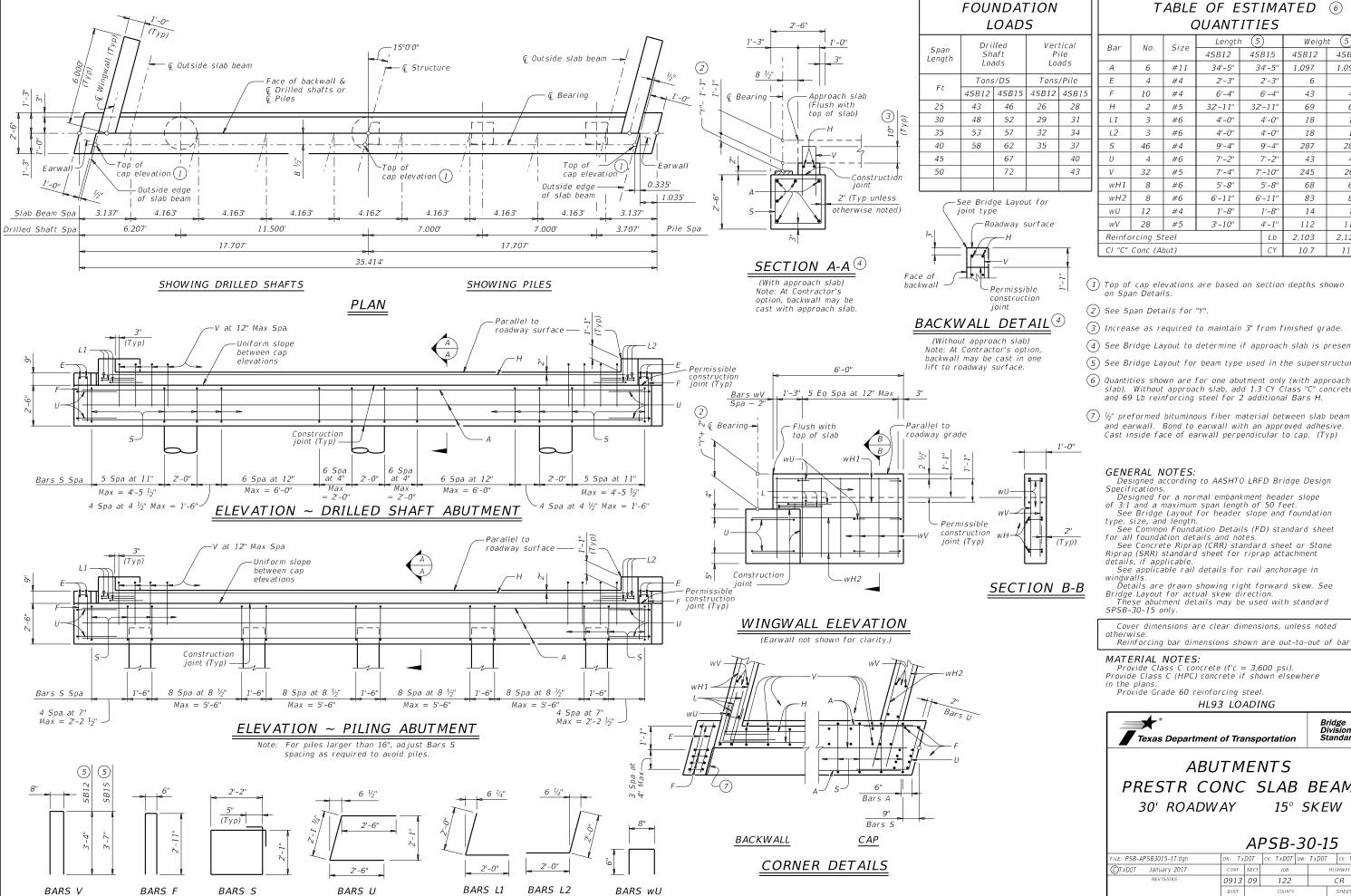
	WEIGHTS FOR ONE ARMOR JOINT (2 PLATES)								
	ITHOUT /ERLAY	16.10 plf							
W.	ITH 2" ERLAY 1	22.90 plf							



YKM

WHARTON

4.3



No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatso formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". IXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other

4:26:26 F

5/28/2024

# TABLE OF ESTIMATED 6 QUANTITIES

	QUANTITIES									
Bar	No.	Size	Length	5	)	Weigh	t (5)			
Dai	NO.	3120	4SB12	45	B15	4SB12	4SB15			
А	6	#11	34'-5"	3.	4'-5"	1,097	1,097			
Ε	4	#4	2'-3"		2'-3"	6	6			
F	10	#4	6'-4"		6'-4"	43	43			
Н	2	#5	32'-11"	32'	-11"	69	69			
L1	3	#6	4'-0"		4'-0"	18	18			
L2	3	#6	4'-0"		4'-0"	18	18			
S	46	#4	9'-4"	:	9'-4"	287	287			
U	4	#6	7'-2"	7'-2"		43	43			
V	32	#5	7'-4"	7'-10"		245	261			
wH1	8	#6	5'-8"		5'-8"	68	68			
wH2	8	#6	6'-11"	6'	-11"	83	83			
wU	12	#4	1'-8"		1'-8"	14	14			
wV	28	#5	3'-10"		4'-1"	112	119			
Reinfo	rcing St	teel			Lb	2,103	2,126			
CI "C"	Conc (Al	but)			CY	10.7	11.2			
-										

- (1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details
- (2) See Span Details for "Y".
- (3) Increase as required to maintain 3" from finished grade.
- (4) See Bridge Layout to determine if approach slab is present.
- (5) See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure.
- 6 Quantities shown are for one abutment only (with approach slab). Without approach slab, add 1.3 CY Class "C" concrete and 69 Lb reinforcing steel for 2 additional Bars H.
- (7) 1/2" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall perpendicular to cap. (Typ)

# GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications

Designed for a normal embankment header slope of 3:1 and a maximum span length of 50 feet. See Bridge Layout for header slope and foundation

type, size, and length.

See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet

for all foundation details and notes. See Concrete Riprap (CRR) standard sheet or Stone Riprap (SRR) standard sheet for riprap attachment

détails, if applicable. See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in

wingwalls.
Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See

Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. These abutment details may be used with standard

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted

# MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. HL93 LOADING



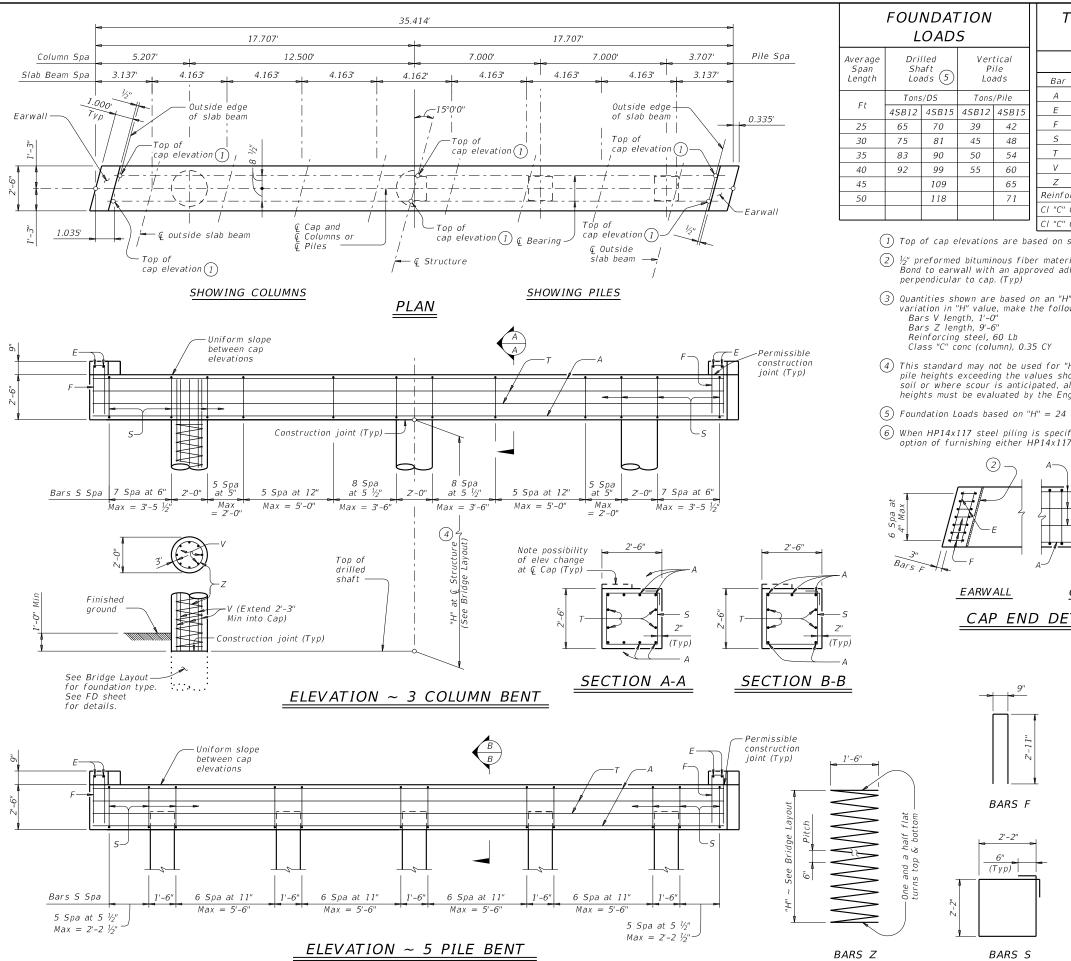
Bridge Division Standard

**ABUTMENTS** PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 30' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

APSB-30-15

E: PSB-APSB3015-17.dgn	DN: TX	D0T	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	0913 09 122		(	CR	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	YKM		WHART	ΩN		AA





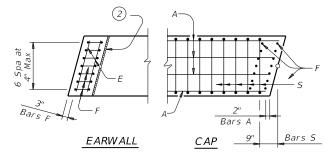
Note: For piles larger than 16", adjust Bars S spacing as required to avoid piles.

# TABLE OF ESTIMATED **QUANTITIES** 3

d t		tical ile		3 COLUMN BENT						
5 (5)	Lo	ads	E	3ar	No.	Size	Len	gth	Weight	
15	Tons	/Pile		A	8	#11	35	5'-1"	1,491	
SB15	4SB12	4SB15		E	4	#4	2	2'-3"	6	
70	39	42		F	14	#4	6	6'-6"	61	
81	45	48		5	54	#5	9	9'-8"	545	
90	50	54		Т	4	#5	35	5'-1"	146	
99	55	60		V	24	#7	26	7'-3"	1,288	
109		65		Z	3	#3	242	2'-2"	273	
118		71	Rei	Reinforcing Steel					3,810	
			CI	CI "C" Conc (Cap)					8.3	
CI "C" Conc (CoI)				CY	8.4					

- 1) Top of cap elevations are based on section depths shown on Span Details.
- (2) ½" preformed bituminous fiber material between slab beam and earwall. Bond to earwall with an approved adhesive. Cast inside face of earwall
- 3 Quantities shown are based on an "H" value of 24 feet. For each linear foot variation in "H" value, make the following adjustments:

  Bars V length, 1'-0"
- (4) This standard may not be used for "H" heights exceeding 24 feet or exposed pile heights exceeding the values shown in the table. In areas of very soft soil or where scour is anticipated, allowable "H" heights or exposed pile heights must be evaluated by the Engineer prior to the use of this standard.
- (5) Foundation Loads based on "H" = 24 feet.
- (6) When HP14x117 steel piling is specified in the plans, the Contractor has the option of furnishing either HP14x117 or HP16x101 steel piling.



CAP END DETAIL

# GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

TABLE OF ESTIMATED

QUANTITIES

5 PILE BENT

Size

#11

#4

#4

#5

#5

TABLE OF MAXIMUM

ALLOWABLE EXPOSED

PILE HEIGHTS AND

PILE LOADS (4)

Max Ht

16

20

No.

14

40

4

Reinforcing Steel

CI "C" Conc (Cap)

Pile Type

Steel

HP14x73

HP14x117 (6)

oncrete

18" Sq

Length

35'-1"

2'-3"

6'-6"

9'-8"

Lb

35'-1"

Weight

932

61

404

146

1,549

Max Load

Tons/Pile

75

90

Bent selected must be based on the average span length rounded up to the next 5-foot increment.

For pile bents supporting unequal spans, the shorter span cannot be less than 80 percent of the longer span. See Bridge Layout for foundation type, size, and length. See Common Foundation Details (FD) standard sheet

for all foundation details and notes. These bent details do not support the use of multi-pile

footings shown on the FD standard.

Details are drawn showning right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

These bent details may be used with standard SPSB-30-15 only

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar

# MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi). Provide Class C (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

# HL93 LOADING



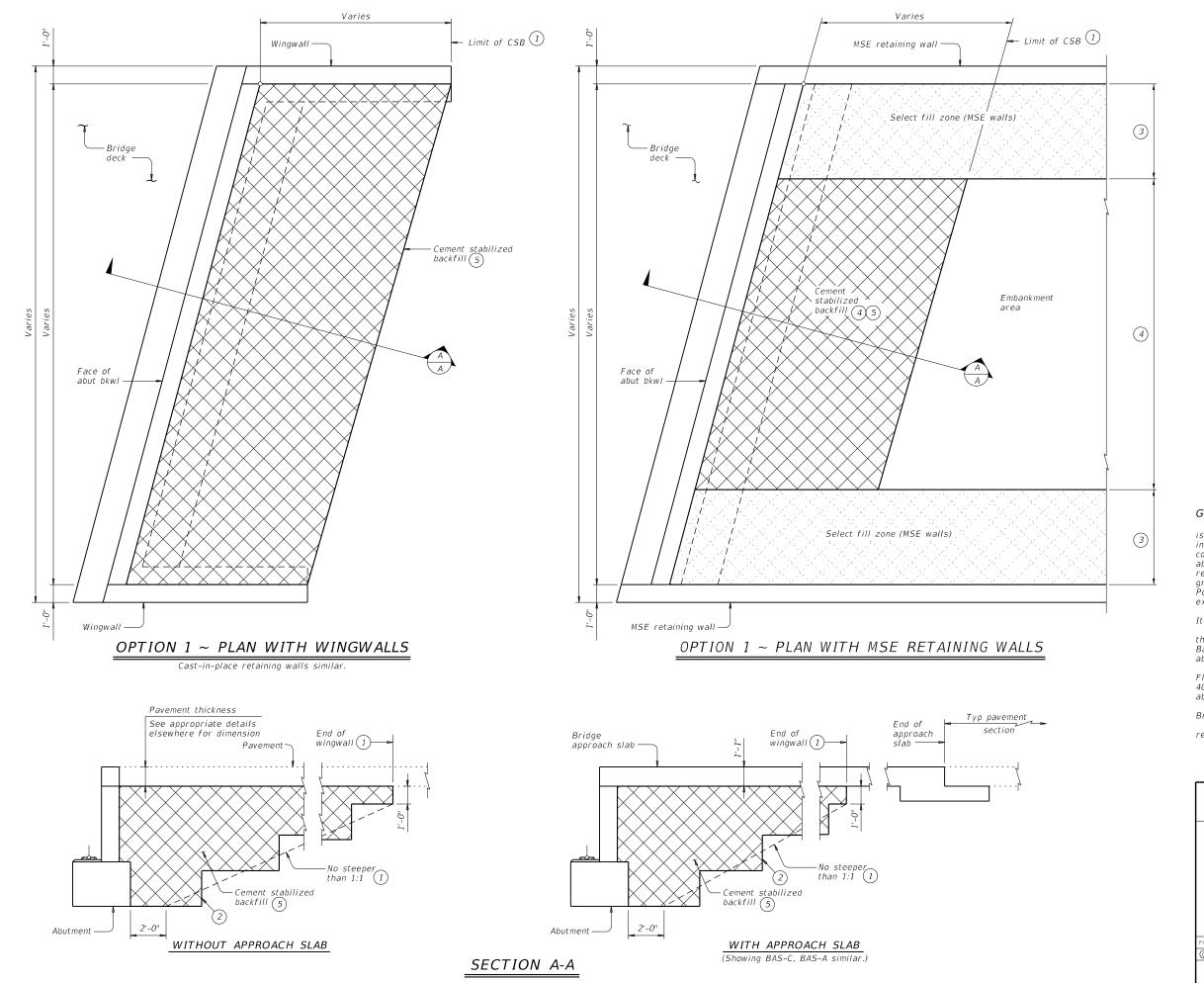
INTERIOR BENTS PRESTR CONC SLAB BEAM 30' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

BPSB-30-15

Bridge Division Standard

FILE: PSB-BPSB3015-17.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
©TxD0T January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0913	09 122		(	CR .	
	DIST COUNTY S		SHEET NO.			
	YKM		WHART	ON		45





1 Usual limit of Cement Stabilized Backfill is at end of wingwall. Extend CSB limits as required to maintain a slope no steeper than 1:1 at bottom of backfill.

Bench backfill as shown with 12" (approximate) bench depths.

(3) Where MSE retaining walls are present, adjust CSB limits to accommodate the select fill zone. See retaining wall details for additional information.

When distance between select fill zones is less than 5'-0", MSE select fill may be substituted for cement stabilized backfill with approval from the Engineer.

(5) If shown in the plans, flowable backfill can be used as a substitute for cement stabilized backfill with the following constraints:

constraints:
a). If flowable backfill is to be placed over MSE backfill, then a filter fabric will be placed over the MSE backfill prior to placement of the flowable fill; and

b). Place flowable fill in lifts not exceeding 2 feet in height. Place each successive lift when the previous lift has stiffened/hardened (i.e. has lost its flowability).

# GENERAL NOTES:

See the Bridge Layout for selected Option. Option 1 is intended for construction only requiring plasticity index (PI) controlled embankment fill or excavation in competent soils/rocks in order to construct the abutment. Option 2 is intended for new construction requiring high plasticity embankment fill with a PI greater than 30 or pavement built in poor native soil. Poor soils are defined as high plasticity clays or expansive clays.

Construct abutment backfill in accordance with Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Provide Cement Stabilized Backfill (CSB) meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

If required elsewhere in the plans, provide Flowable Backfill meeting the requirements of Item 401, "Flowable Backfill", to the limits shown at bridge abutments.

Details are drawn showing left forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction. These details do not apply when Concrete Block

These details do not apply when Concrete Blo retaining walls are used in lieu of wingwalls.

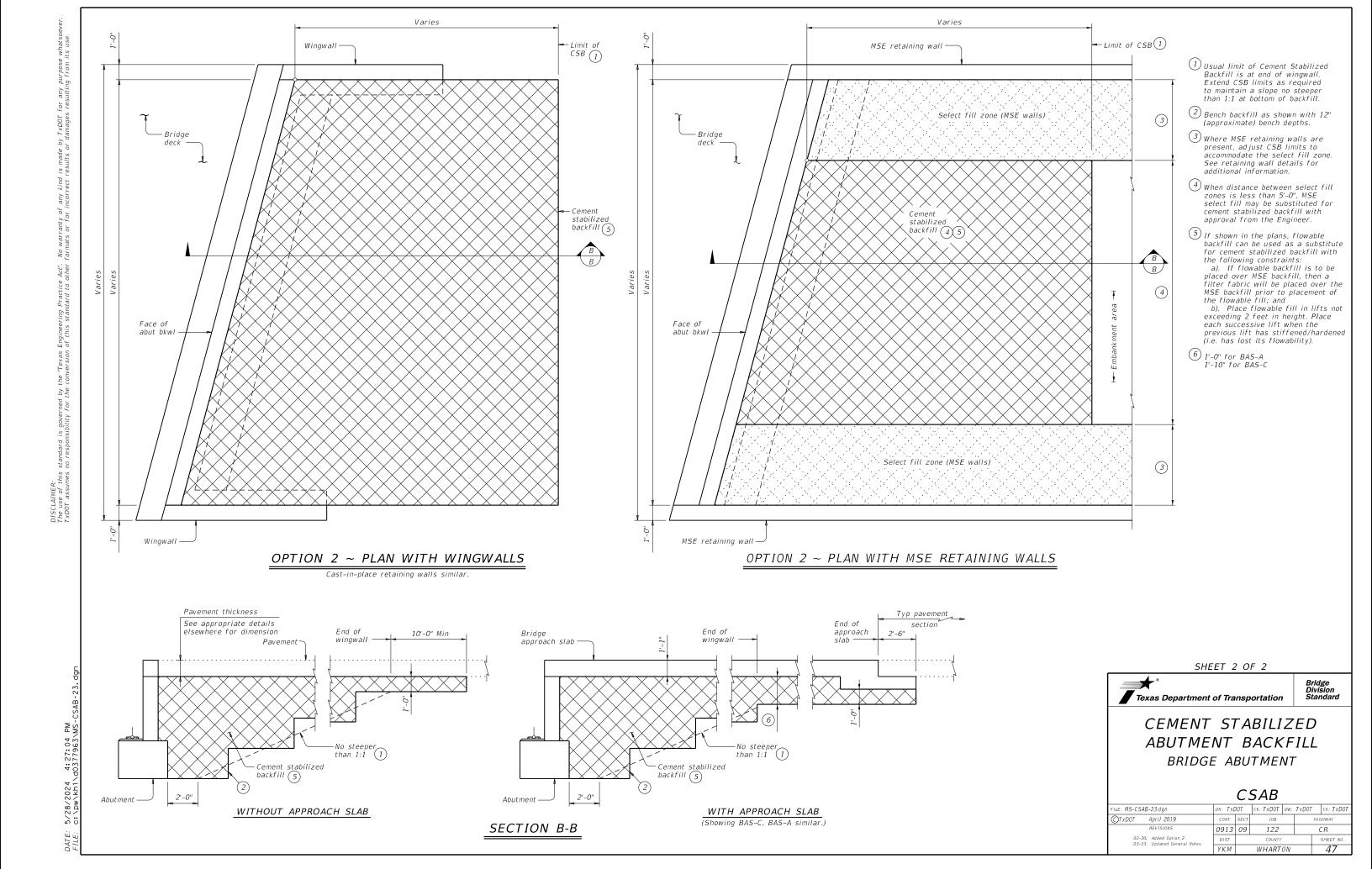
# SHEET 1 OF 2

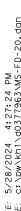


CEMENT STABILIZED
ABUTMENT BACKFILL
BRIDGE ABUTMENT

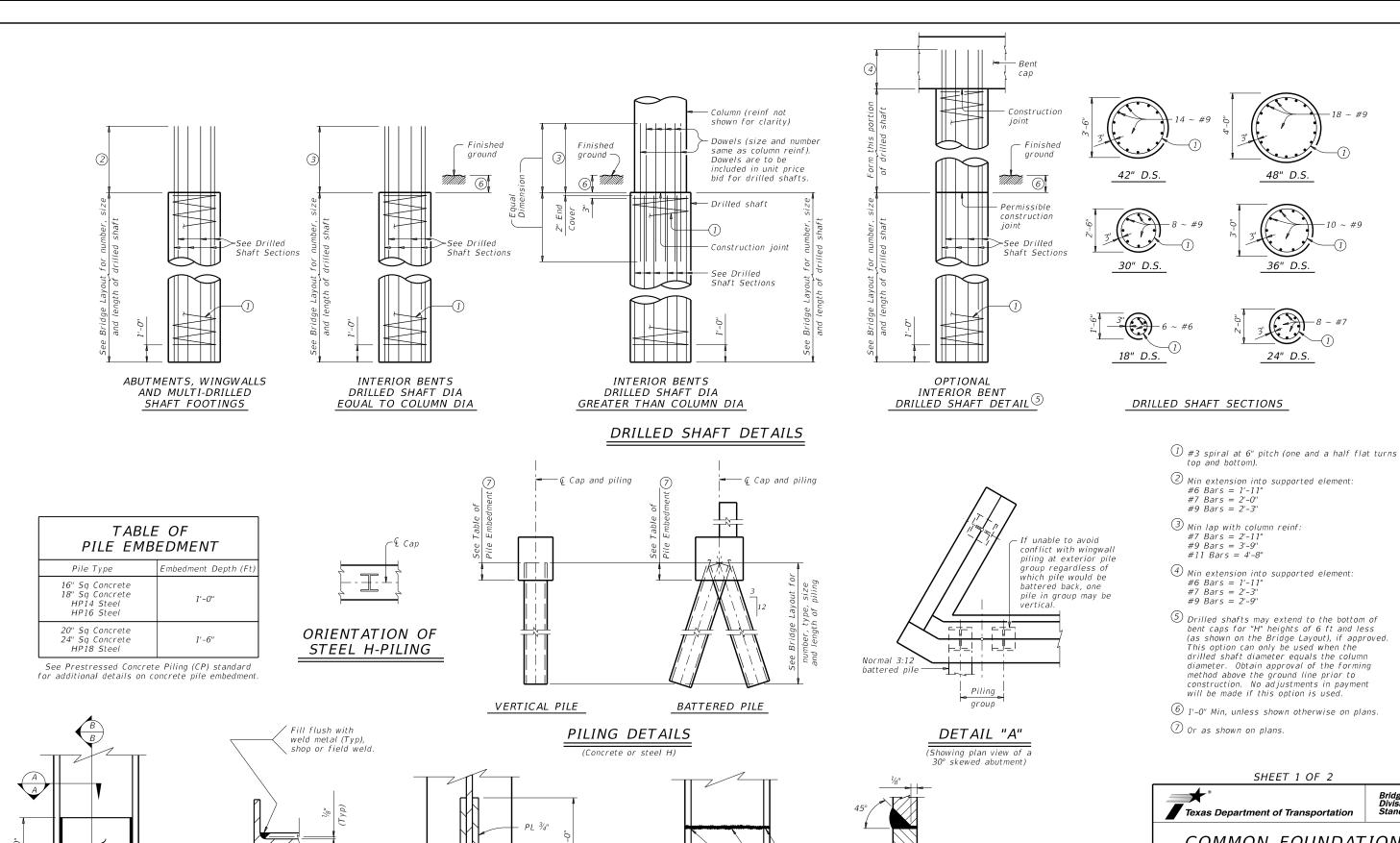
CSAB

		_					
: MS-CSAB-23.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR	
02-20: Added Option 2. 03-23: Updated General Notes.	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
05-25. Opauteu denerar notes.	YKM	WHARTON				46	





ELEVATION



Cut flange 45°

SECTION B-B

Backgouge

SHEET 1 OF 2



# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

: MS-FD-20.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
xDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0913	09 122				CR
I-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	YKM		WHART	ON		48

# SECTION A-A

Bevel ¾" PL 45 degrees (Typ) -

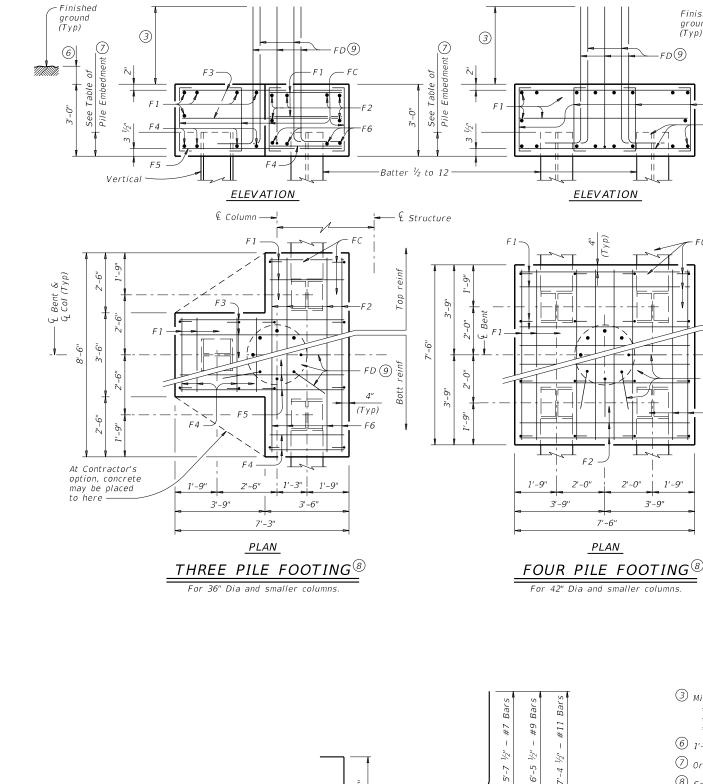
field weld

STEEL H-PILE TIP REINFORCEMENT See Item 407 "Steel Piling" to determine when tip reinforcement is required and for options to the details shown. STEEL H-PILE SPLICE DETAIL

SECTION THRU

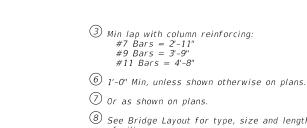
FLANGE OR WEB

Use when required



6"

BARS FC



#7 Bars

BARS FD 9

1'-7" #9 Bars

2'-0" #11 Bars

Finished

FD (9) .

Batter ½ to 12

Vertical

4'-3"

PLAN

<u>FIVE PILE FOOTING <sup>®</sup></u>

4'-3"

ELEVATION

ground (Typ) —

- 8 See Bridge Layout for type, size and length of piling.
- Number and size of FD bars must match column reinforcing. Tie FD bars to the top of the bottom reinforcing mat.
- 10 Adjust FD quantity, size and weight as needed to match column reinforcing.

# TABLE OF FOOTING QUANTITIES FOR 30" COLUMNS

JU COLUMNS							
		ONE 3	PILE FOOT	「ING			
Bar No. Size Length Weigh							
F 1	11	#4	3'- 2	"	23		
F2	6	#4	8'- 2	"	33		
F3	6	#4	6'- 11	!"	28		
F4	8	#9	3'- 2	"	86		
F5	4	#9	6'- 11	!"	94		
F6	4	#9	8'- 2	"	111		
FC	12	#4	3'- 6	"	28		
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220		
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	623		
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	4.8		
		ONE 4	PILE FOOT	ING			
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight		
F 1	20	#4	7'- 2	"	96		
F2	16	#8	7'- 2	"	306		
FC	16	#4	3'- 6	"	37		
FD 10	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220		
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	659		
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	6.3		
		ONE 5	PILE FOOT	ING			
Bar	No.	Size	Lengti	h	Weight		
F 1	20	#4	8'- 2	"	109		
F2	16	#9	8'- 2	"	444		
FC	FC 24 #4 3'-6"				56		
FD (10)	8	#9	8'- 1	"	220		
Reinf	orcing	Steel		Lb	829		
Class	"C" Cc	ncrete		CY	8.0		

# CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

See Bridge Layout for foundation type required. Use these foundation details unless shown otherwise.

Drive piling under abutment wingwalls to a minimum resistance of 10 Tons/Pile unless shown otherwise.

Provide Class C Concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi), unless shown otherwise. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Galvanize reinforcing if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide bar laps for drilled shaft reinforcing, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized (#6) ~ 2'-6" Uncoated or galvanized (#7) ~ 2'-11" Uncoated or galvanized (#9) ~ 3'-9"

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

Batter ½ to 12

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

DESIGNER NOTES:
Do not use the drilled shaft details shown on this standard for retaining wall,

noise wall, barrier, or sign foundations without structural evaluation.

Do not use the footings shown on this standard in direct contact with salt water or exposed to salt water spray.

Maximum allowable pile loads for the footings shown are:
72 Tons/Pile with 24" Dia Columns
80 Tons/Pile with 30" Dia Columns
100 Tons/Pile with 36" Dia Columns

120 Tons/Pile with 42" Dia Columns

Bridge Division Standard

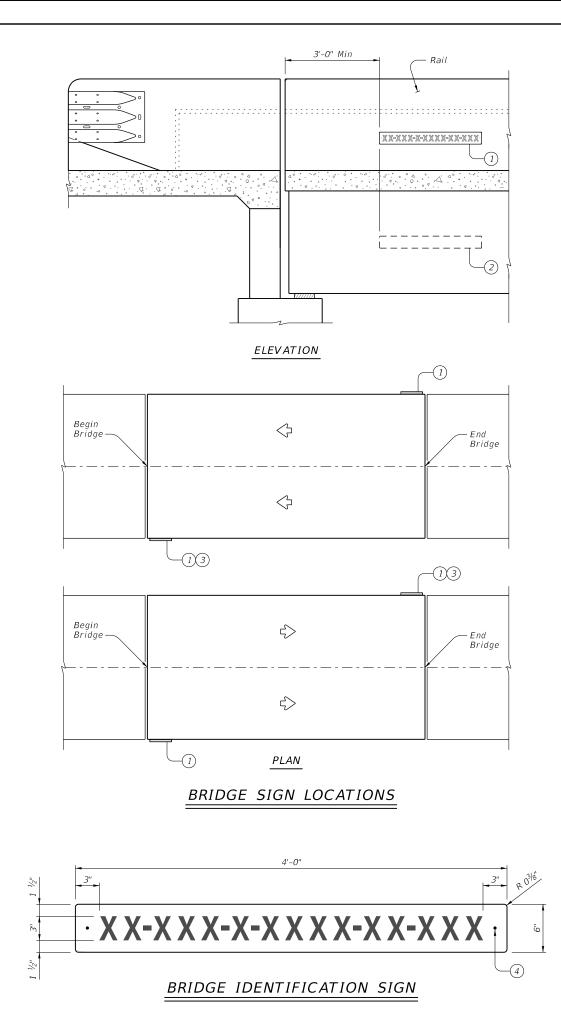
SHEET 2 OF 2

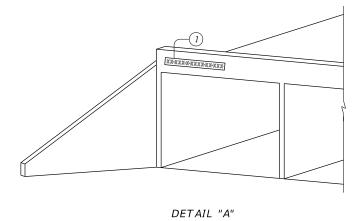


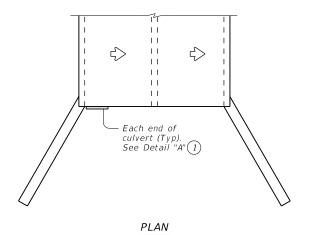
# COMMON FOUNDATION **DETAILS**

FD

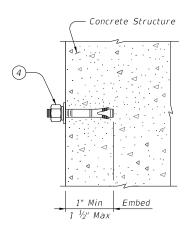
		, r				
LE: MS-FD-20.dgn	DN: TXL	DOT.	ck: TxD0T	DW:	TxD0T	ck: TxD0T
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		h	IIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR
01-20: Added #11 bars to the FD bars.	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	VVM		WHADT	$\Omega M$		10







# BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT SIGN PLACEMENT



ANCHOR DETAIL

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
Usage	Color	Sign Face Material					
Background	White	Type B or C Sheeting					
Letters and Symbols	Black	Type B or C Sheeting					

- 1) Bridge identification sign location
- 2) Alternate sign placement location for exterior concrete beams.
- ③ If adjacent bridges are less than 2 feet apart, these signs may be omitted.
- 4 ½" Diameter stainless steel expansion anchor with hex nut, washer, and spring-lock washer.

### SIGN NOTES:

Standard sign designs can be found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD).

Use the Clearview Alphabet CV-2W for the letters and symbols.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide lateral spacing between letters and numerals conforming with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.

Provide aluminum sign blanks with a minimum thickness of

0.080" that meet the requirements of DMS-7110.

Provide sign face materials that meet the requirements of DMS-8300 and the sheeting requirements shown in the table.

Provide  $\frac{1}{4}$ " diameter stainless steel expansion anchors with one hex head nut, one flat washer, and one helical spring-lock washer each.

Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). Provide anchor products that have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number. The approval status must be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.

Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environments, provide both stainless steel anchor bodies and expansion wedges.

### GENERAL NOTES:

Prior to hole drilling, locate rebar to ensure clearing of existing reinforcement and/or strands.

Prior to installation, obtain approval of sign locations from the Engineer. Avoid placement of sign over travel lanes and pedestrian walkways. Submit proposed installation method to Engineer prior to beginning work. Install anchors as shown on plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions.

Do not install anchors sections of members under tension. For new construction, the signs and anchors are subsidiary to the bridge. For installations on existing structures, the signs and anchors are paid under Item 442, "Metal for Structures." Each sign weighs 28 lbs.

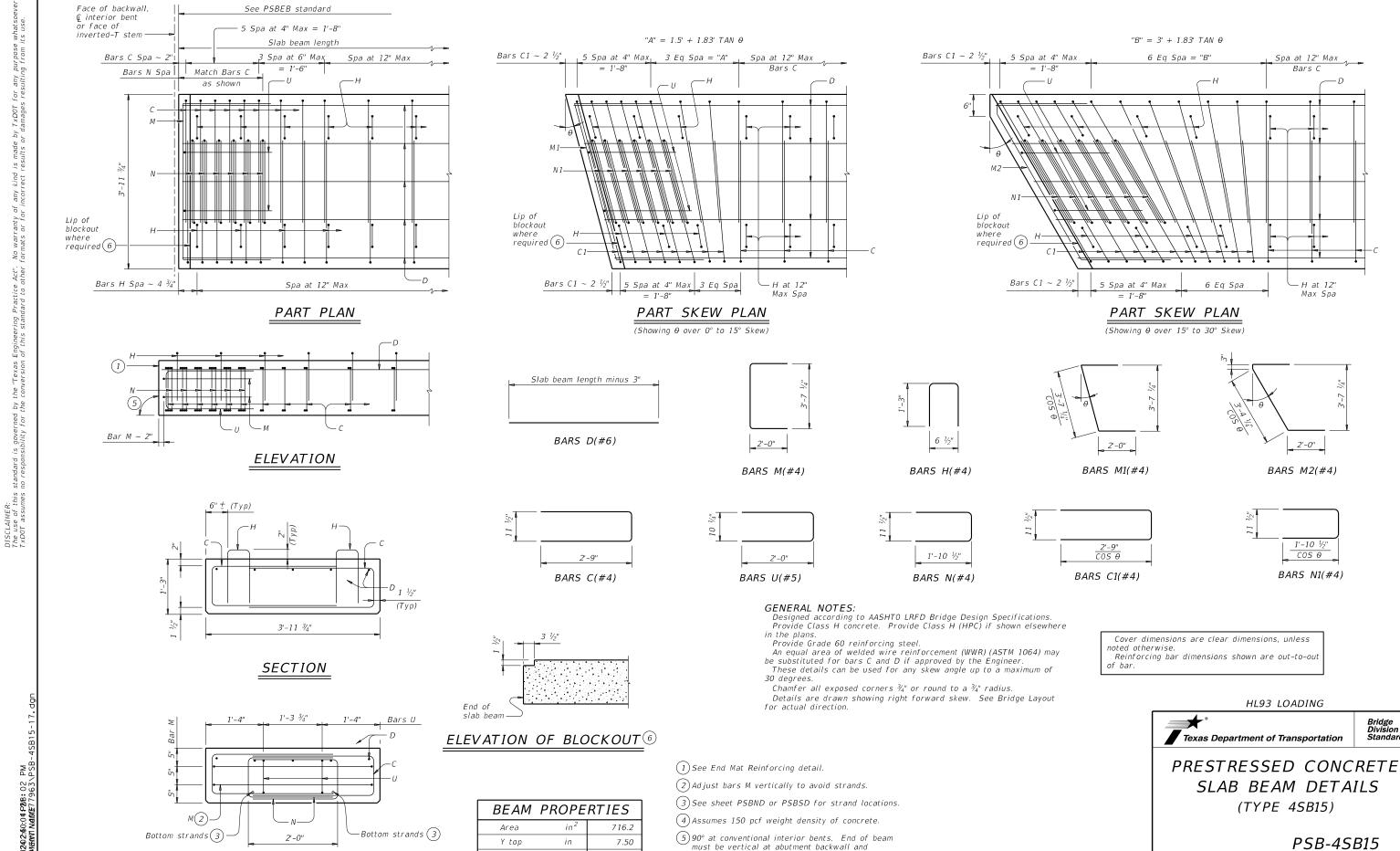


Bridge Division Standard

# NBIS BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION SIGN STANDARD

# NBIS

		/ V /						
LE: MS-NB1S-23.dgn	DN: TA	R	ck: TxD0T	DW:	JER		ck: TAR	
TxDOT March 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB	ЮВ		HIG.	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0913	3 09 122			C	îR		
	DIST	T COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
	YKM		WHART	ON			50	



7.50

746

13,429

in

in 4

lb/ft

Y bott

Weight (4)

inverted-T stem.

joint anchorage.

(6) Blockout required at armor joint (AJ) and sealed expansion joint (SEJ) locations to accommodate

N: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDOT ILE: PSB-4SB15-17.dgn C)TxDOT January 2017 0913 09 122 CR WHARTON 51

PSB-4SB15

HL93 LOADING

(TYPE 4SB15)

Spa at 12" Max

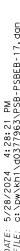
Max Spa

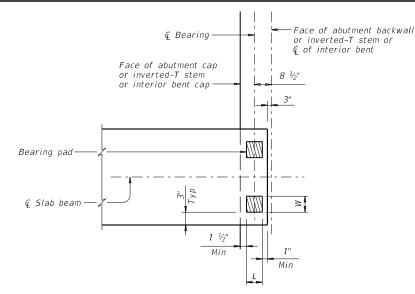
BARS M2(#4)

1'-10 1/2"

C05 θ BARS N1(#4)

Bars C



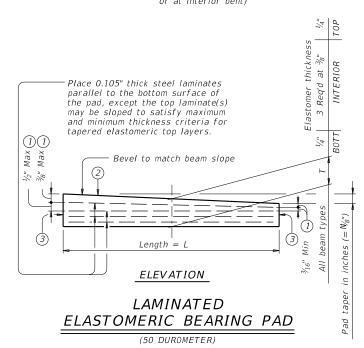


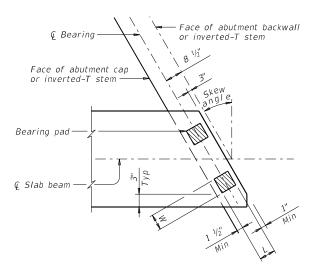
# TWO-PAD DETAIL PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent) Min Min @ Slab beam - Bearing pad - Face of abutment cap or inverted-T stem or interior bent cap Face of abutment backwall or inverted-T stem or & of interior bent

# ONE-PAD DETAIL PLAN

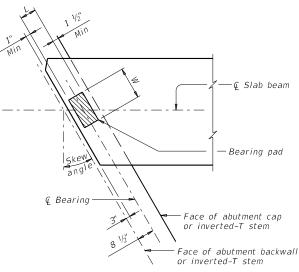
(At abutment or inverted-T cap or at interior bent)





# TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)



# ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At abutment or inverted-T cap)

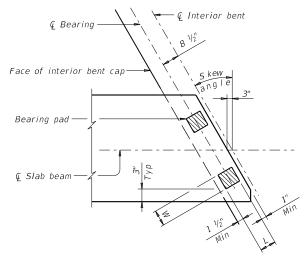
# ELASTOMERIC BEARING PAD PLACEMENT AND BEAM END DIAGRAMS

Place one bearing pad at forward station beam end. Place two bearing pads at back station beam end.

- 1 Maximum and minimum layer thicknesses shown are for elastomer only, on tapered
- 2 Indicate BEARING TYPE on all pads. For tapered pads, locate BEARING TYPE on the high side. The Fabricator must include the value of "N" (amount of taper in 1/8" increments) in this mark. Examples: N=0, (for 0" taper) N=1, (for  $\frac{1}{8}$ " taper) N=2, (for  $\frac{1}{4}$ " taper) (etc.)

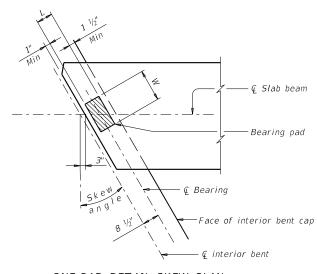
Fabricated pad top surface slope must not vary from plan beam slope by more than 0.0625" \ IN/IN.

(3) Locate permanent mark here.



# TWO-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)



# ONE-PAD DETAIL SKEW PLAN

(At interior bent)

### TABLE OF BEARING PAD DIMENSIONS (ALL PRESTR CONC SLAB BM TYPES)

0ne-Pa	d (Ty SB1	-"N") (2)	Two-Pa	nd (Ty SB2	'-"N") (2)
W	L	T	W	L	T
14"	7"	2"	7"	7"	2"

Pad sizes shown are applicable for the following conditions:

- (1) All one, two and three span units where the minimum span length is not less than 25' and the maximum span is not more than 50'.

  (2) Skews less than or equal to 30°.

# GENERAL NOTES:

These details accommodate skew angles up to 30°.

Shop drawings for approval are required. A bearing layout which identifies location and orientation of all bearings must be developed by the bearing fabricator. Permanently mark each bearing in accordance with the bearing layout. A copy of the bearing layout is to be provided to the Engineer.

Cost of furnishing and installing elastomeric bearings must be included in unit price bid for "Prestressed Concrete Slab Beams".

HL93 LOADING

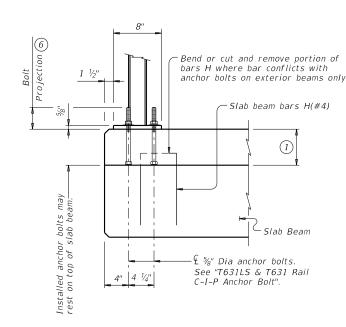


Texas Department of Transportation

ELASTOMERIC BEARING AND BEAM END DETAILS PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAM

**PSRFR** 

		, -		,			
E: PSB-PSBEB-17.dgn	DN: Tx	D0T	CK: TXDOT DW:		TxD0T	ck: TxD0T	
TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR	
DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
	YKM	WHARTON				52	

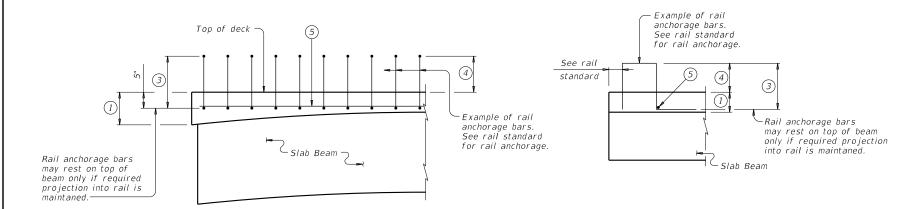


(1) 3/4" Slab Beam  $\c \%$ " Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut (ASTM A563). See "Material Notes" for installation.

CAST-IN-PLACE ANCHORAGE OPTION

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE OPTION

# T631LS & T631 RAIL ANCHORAGE PLACEMENT 200

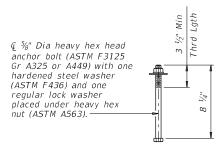


# PART SPAN ELEVATION

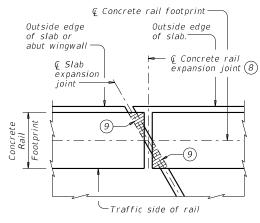
# SECTION

# TYPICAL CONCRETE RAIL ANCHORAGE

(Showing typical concrete rail anchorage)



T631LS & T631 RAIL C-I-P ANCHOR BOLT



PLAN OF CONCRETE RAILS AT EXPANSION JOINTS

- (1) Cast-in-place slab thickness varies due to beam camber (5" minimum).
- 2) Replace cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on T631LS and T631 Rail standard with an adhesive anchor system or cast-in-place anchor bolts shown on
- $rac{3}{3}$  Bar length shown on rail standard, minus 1  $rac{1}{4}$ ". Adjust bar length for a
- 4 See rail standard for projection from finished grade or top of sidewalk.
- 5 Place additional (#5) longitudinal bar.
- 6 Excess bolt length has been provided to accommodate a variable slab thickness due to beam camber. If slab thickness on span details exceed 7", bolt length must be increased accordingly. After posts have been set and bolts tightened, bolt projection above nuts of more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  must be cut off and painted with two coats of zinc-rich paint conforming to the Item 445 "Galvanizing".
- Distance from end of top outside edge of slab to center of first bolt group can not be less than 9", except: 15° Skew: 1'-0" (acute corner only) 30° Skew: 1'-3" (acute corner only)
- 8 Location of rail expansion joint must be at the intersection of & slab expansion joint, & rail footprint and perpendicular to slab outside edge.
- 9 Cross-hatched area must have 1/2" preformed bitumuminous fiber material under concrete rail, as shown.

### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Rail anchorage bars may be field bent as required to clear rail reinforcing or provide minimum cover shown on standard rail detail sheets.

Test adhesive anchors in accordance with Item 450.3.3, "Tests". Test 3 anchors per 100 anchors installed. Perform corrective measures to provide adequate capacity if any of the tests do not meet the required test load. Repair damage from testing as directed.

### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components of steel rail system.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Cast-in-place anchorage system for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5%" Dia heavy hex head anchor bolts (ASTM F3125 Gr 325 or A449) with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed anchor bolts 4  $\frac{1}{2}$ " minimum.

Adhesive anchors for T631LS and T631 Rail must be 5%" Dia ASTM A193 Gr B7 or F1554 Gr 105 fully threaded rods with one hardened steel washer (ASTM F436) and one regular lock washer placed under each heavy hex nut. Nuts must conform to ASTM A563 requirements. Embed fully threaded rod into slab and/or abutment wingwall using a Type III, Class C, D, E, or F anchor adhesive. Minimum adhesive anchor embedment depth is 4  $\frac{3}{4}$ ". Anchor adhesive chosen must be able to achieve a nominal bond strength in tension of a single anchor, Na, of 8 kips (edge distance must be accounted for). Submit signed and sealed calculations or the manufacturer's published literature showing the proposed anchor adhesive's ability to develop this load to the Engineer for approval prior to use. Anchor installation, including hole

size, drilling, and clean out, must be in accordance with Item 450, "Railing." Epoxy coat or galvanize reinforcing steel shown on this standard if rail reinforcement is epoxy coated or galvanized.

# GENERAL NOTES:

Designed in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. This standard is for use with structures with a 5" minimum cast-in-place concrete slab.

This standard may require modification for interior rails. This standard does not apply to median barriers.

This standard does not provide details for Type T221P, T224, T80HT, T80SS, C412, PR11, PR22 and PR3 rails on slab beam bridges.

See rail standards for approved speed restrictions, notes and details not shown

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



Bridge Division Standard

# RAIL ANCHORAGE **DETAILS** PRESTR CONCRETE SLAB BEAMS

# **PSBRA**

ILE: PSB-PSBRA-18.dgn	DN: TXDOT		ck: TxD0T	DW:	JTR	ck: JMH
CTxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR
03-18: Updated adhesive anchor notes.	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	YKM		WHART	ON		53

dgn	
-21.	
SBSD	
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						DESIG	SNED I	BEAMS	(STRAIC	SHT S	STRAND.	 S)										OPTION	AL DESIGI	V		LC	AD RA	TING
					ı	PRESTR	ESSING	STRANDS				DEBO	NDED ST	RAND:	S PER	ROW			CONC	RETE	DESIGN	DESIGN	REQUIRED	LIVE			FACTO	PS
STRUCTURE	SPAN LENGTH	BEAM NO.	BEAM TYPE	NON- STD STRAND	TOTAL NO.	SIZE	STRGTH	"e" •£	"e" END	TOT NO. DEB	DIST FROM BOTTOM		OF ANDS	N	DE.	R OF S BONDE from	D TO	DS	RELEASE STRGTH	MINIMUM 28 DAY COMP STRGTH	LOAD COMP STRESS (TOP Q)	LOAD TENSILE STRESS (BOTT Q)	MINIMUM ULTIMATE MOMENT CAPACITY	DISTRII FAC	TOR	STRE	NGTH I	SERVICE III
	(ft)			PATTERN		(in)	f pu (ksi)	(in)	(in)	DEB	(in)	TOTAL	DE- BONDED	3	6	9	12	15	f'ci (ksi)	f'c (ksi)	(SERVICE I) fct (ksi)	(SERVICE III) fcb (ksi)	(STRENGTH I) (kip-ft)	Moment	Shear	Inv	0pr	Inv
	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.914	-1.217	448	0.450	0.450	1.40	1.82	1.71
24' ROADWAY	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.292	-1.685	530	0.450	0.450	1.25	1.62	1.29
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.730	-2.219	675	0.450	0.450	1.33	1.73	1.23
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.218	-2.796	820	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.74	1.12
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.725	-0.897	551	0.450	0.450	1.77	2.29	2.41
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.020	-1.244	574	0.450	0.450	1.23	1.59	1.45
24' ROADWAY	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.361	-1.640	708	0.450	0.450	1.15	1.49	1.14
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.739	-2.068	864	0.440	0.440	1.32	1.71	1.19
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.179	-2.574	1054	0.440	0.440	1.34	1.73	1.08
	50	ALL	5SB15		24	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	8	2.5	24	8	4	4	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.680	-3.153	1276	0.440	0.440	1.33	1.72	1.11
28' ROADWAY	25	ALL	5SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.903	-1.184	444	0.430	0.430	1.47	1.91	1.80
SB12 BEAM	30	ALL	5SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.276	-1.639	508	0.430	0.430	1.32	1.71	1.37
	35	ALL	5SB12		12	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.708	-2.159	647	0.430	0.430	1.18	1.53	1.02
	40	ALL	5SB12		18	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.200	-2.744	799	0.430	0.430	1.37	1.78	1.17
	25	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.716	-0.874	529	0.430	0.430	1.85	2.40	2.53
	30	ALL	5SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.007	-1.212	570	0.430	0.430	1.29	1.67	1.53
28' ROADWAY SB15 BEAM	35	ALL	5SB15		10	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.343	-1.598	680	0.430	0.430	1.21	1.57	1.22
	40	ALL	5SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.725	-2.032	842	0.430	0.430	1.36	1.76	1.24
	45	ALL	5SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	18	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.149	-2.508	1013	0.420	0.420	1.41	1.82	1.16
	50	ALL	5SB15		22	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	6	2.5	22	6	4	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.643	-3.073	1227	0.420	0.420	1.33	1.72	1.01
	25	ALL	4SB12		6	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.904	-1.187	341	0.340	0.340	1.38	1.79	1.67
30' ROADWAY	30	ALL	4SB12		8	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.277	-1.646	407	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.37
SB12 BEAM	35	ALL	4SB12		10	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.711	-2.169	518	0.340	0.340	1.24	1.60	1.08
	40	ALL	4SB12		14	0.6	270	3.50	3.50	0	2.5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.205	-2.758	640	0.340	0.340	1.34	1.73	1.11
	25	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	0.723	-0.888	431	0.350	0.350	1.69	2.19	2.32
	30	ALL	4SB15		6	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.017	-1.231	438	0.350	0.350	1.16	1.50	1.37
30' ROADWAY	35	ALL	4SB15		8	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.346	-1.605	545	0.340	0.340	1.21	1.57	1.21
SB15 BEAM	40	ALL	4SB15		12	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	0	2.5	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	1.729	-2.043	675	0.340	0.340	1.47	1.91	1.38
	45	ALL	4SB15		14	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	2	2.5	14	2	2	0	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.166	-2.542	823	0.340	0.340	1.33	1.73	1.06
	50	ALL	4SB15		18	0.6	270	5.00	5.00	4	2.5	18	4	2	2	0	0	0	4.000	5.000	2.665	-3.115	998	0.340	0.340	1.32	1.71	1.02

(1) Based on the following allowable stresses (ksi):

Compression = 0.65 f'ci

Tension =  $0.24\sqrt{f'ci}$ 

Optional designs must likewise conform.

(2) Portion of full HL93.

### **DESIGN NOTES:**

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Load rated using Load and Resistance Factor Rating according to AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation.

Prestress losses for the designed beams have been calculated for a relative humidity of 60 percent. Optional designs must likewise conform.

# FABRICATION NOTES:

Provide Class H concrete.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Use low relaxation strands, each pretensioned to 75 percent of fpu. Full-length debonded strands are not permitted in positions "A" and "B". Strand debonding must comply with Item 424.4.2.2.2.4.

When shown on this sheet, the Fabricator has the option of furnishing either the designed beam or an approved optional beam design. All optional design submittals and shop drawings must be signed, sealed and dated by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Texas.

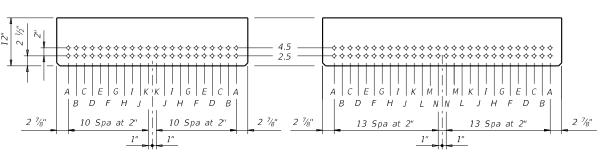
Locate strands for the designed beam as low as possible on the 2" grid system unless a non-standard strand pattern is indicated. Fill row "2.5", then row "4.5". Place strands within a row as follows:

1) Locate a strand in each "A" position.

2) Place strand symmetrically about vertical centerline of beam.

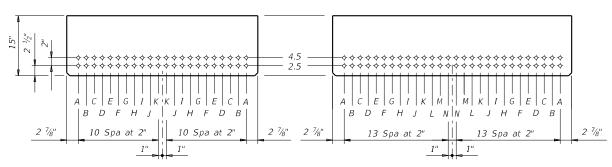
working outward, with debonding staggered in each row.

3) Space strands as equally as possible across the entire width. Do not debond strands in position "A". Distribute debonded strands symmetrically about the vertical centerline. Increase debonded lengths



# TXDOT 4SB12 SLAB BEAM

# TXDOT 5SB12 SLAB BEAM



# TXDOT 4SB15 SLAB BEAM

TXDOT 5SB15 SLAB BEAM

HL93 LOADING



PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SLAB BEAM STD DESIGNS (TYPE SB12 OR SB15) 24', 28' & 30' ROADWAY *PSBSD* 

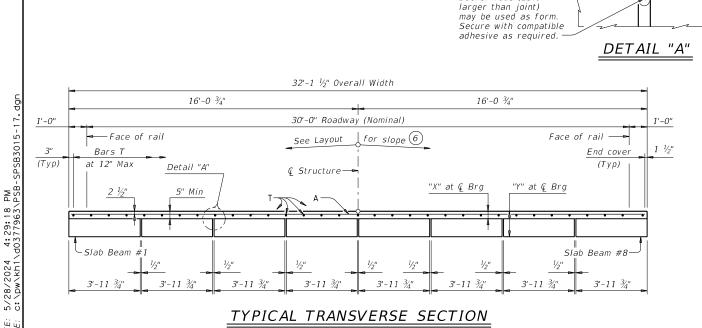
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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	YKM		WHART	ON		54

- Face of backwall or 🕻 bent

j C

See for T (5)

T(5)



25.000' thru 50.000' Spans

PLAN

Bars A at 6" Max Spacing

@ Slab Beam #1-

Face of backwall or Q bent

€ Slab Beam #8

Top of

Backer rods (25%

slab beam

Cast-in-place slab

15°0'0'

(Typ)

for

Form slab to here.

Slab forms may not rest on tops of beams

-Top of

slab beam

(9) g

2" Cover (5)

(Typ)

### Section 3 Depths Dead Load Deflection Length Type "B" "X"Ft Ft Ft In Ft/In 25 0.005 5 1/4" 1'-5 1/4" 4SB12 0.003 0.010 5 1/2" 1'-5 1/2' 30 0.007 4SB12 35 0.020 4SB12 0.014 1'-6' 6 1/2" 1'-6 1/2" 40 4SB12 0.025 0.035 25 4SB15 0.002 0.003 5 1/4" 1'-8 1/4" 30 5 1/-1'-8 1/2 4SB15 0.004 0.005 35 4SB15 0.010 1'-8 1/2 0.007 5 3/4" 1'-8 3/4" 40 4SB15 0.013 0.018 45 4SB15 0.021 0.029 6 1/2" 1'-9 1/2" 50 4SB15 0.032 0.045 1'-10"

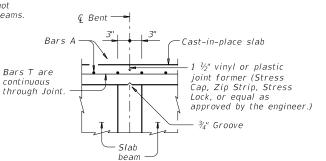
TABLE OF VARIABLE VALUES

# Sym about © Bearing Sym about © Span —

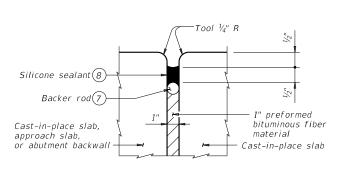
# DEAD LOAD DEFLECTION DIAGRAM

NOTE: Deflections shown are due to concrete slab only ( $E_c = 5000 \text{ ksi}$ ). Calculated deflections shown are theoretical and actual dimensions may vary. Adjust based on field verification.

BAR	? 7	ABLE
BAR		SIZE
А		#5
T		#4



# CONTINUOUS SLAB DETAIL



TYPE A JOINT DETAIL 9

# TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

SPAN	REINF CONCRETE SLAB	(4S	TOTAL (2) REINF		
LENGTH	(SLAB BEAM)	ABUT TO INT BT	INT BT TO INT BT	ABUT TO ABUT	STEEL
Ft	SF	LF 4	LF 4	LF (4)	Lb
25	803	195.93	196.00	195.86	2,250
30	964	235.93	236.00	235.86	2,700
35	1,124	275.93	276.00	275.86	3,150
40	1,285	315.93	316.00	315.86	3,600
45	1,446	355.93	356.00	355.86	4,050
50	1,606	395.93	396.00	395.86	4,500

- 1 See Bridge Layout for beam type used in the superstructure. These standards do not provide for the use of both SB12 and SB15 beams within the same structure.
- (2) Reinforcing steel weight is calculated using an approximate factor of 2.8 Lbs/SF.
- 3 Based on theoretical beam camber, dead load deflections of 5" cast-in-place concrete slab and a constant grade..
- (4) Fabricator will adjust beam lengths for beam slopes as required
- (5) Where slab is continuous over Interior Bents, Bars T are continuous through Joint. See "Continuous Slab Detail".
- (6) This standard does not provide for changes in roadway cross-slopes within the structure.
- 7) 1 ¼" backer rod must be compatible with joint sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (8) Class 7 silicone sealant that conforms to DMS-6310. Install when ambient temperature is between 55°F and 85°F and rising. Engineer to determine allowable hours for sealant application.
- See Bridge Layout for expansion joint locations. If using Type A expansion joints, the maximum distance between joints is 100 feet. Type A joints are subsidiary to Item 422, "Concrete Superstructures".

## GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.
This standard does not provide for vertical curves in roadway grade within the structure.

Two- or three-span units, with slab continuous over interior bents may be formed with the details shown on this sheet.

See applicable rail details for rail anchorage in slab.

Details are drawn showing right forward skew. See Bridge Layout for actual skew direction.

This standard does not support the use of transition bents.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.

### **MATERIAL NOTES:**

Provide Class S concrete (f'c = 4,000 psi)

Provide Class S (HPC) concrete if shown elsewhere in the plans.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing should

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide bar laps, where required, as follows

Uncoated  $\sim #4 = 1'-7"$ 

 $\sim #5 = 2'-0'$ Epoxy coated  $\sim #4 = 2'-5'$ 

 $\sim #5 = 3'-0'$ 

Deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars A or T unless noted otherwise.

# HL93 LOADING



Bridge Division Standard

PRESTRESSED CONCRETE

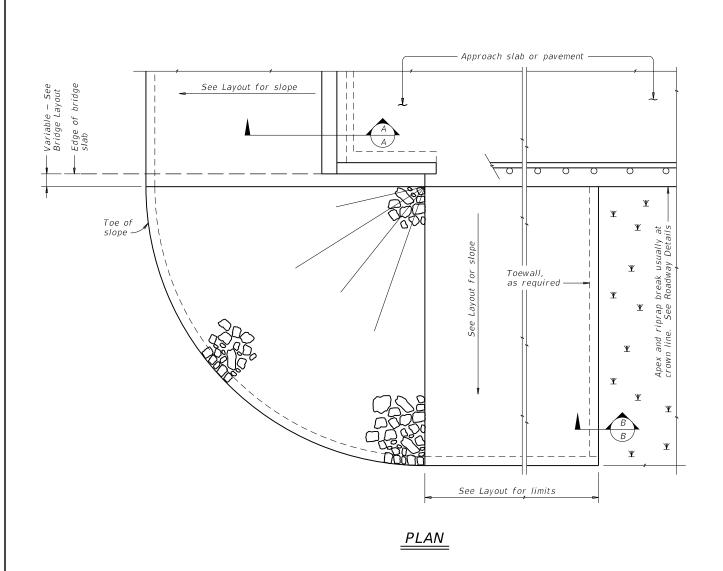
SLAB BEAM SPANS

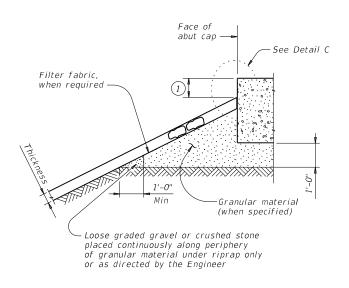
(TYPE SB12 OR SB15)

30' ROADWAY 15° SKEW

SPSB-30-15

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TxDOT January 2017	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	YKM		WHART	ON		55



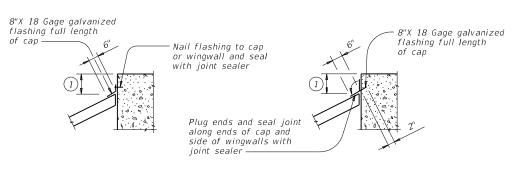


# Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Protection Thickness

# SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

# SECTION A-A AT CAP



# CAP OPTION A

# CAP OPTION B

# DETAIL C

# GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified. See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

1) Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Provide 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.

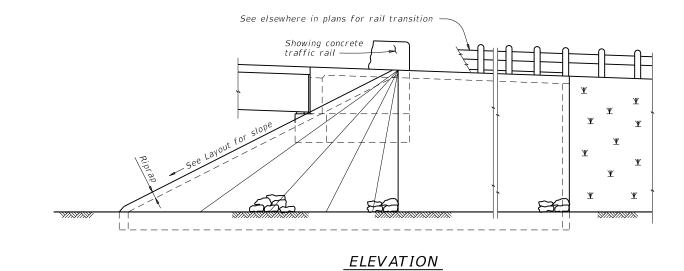


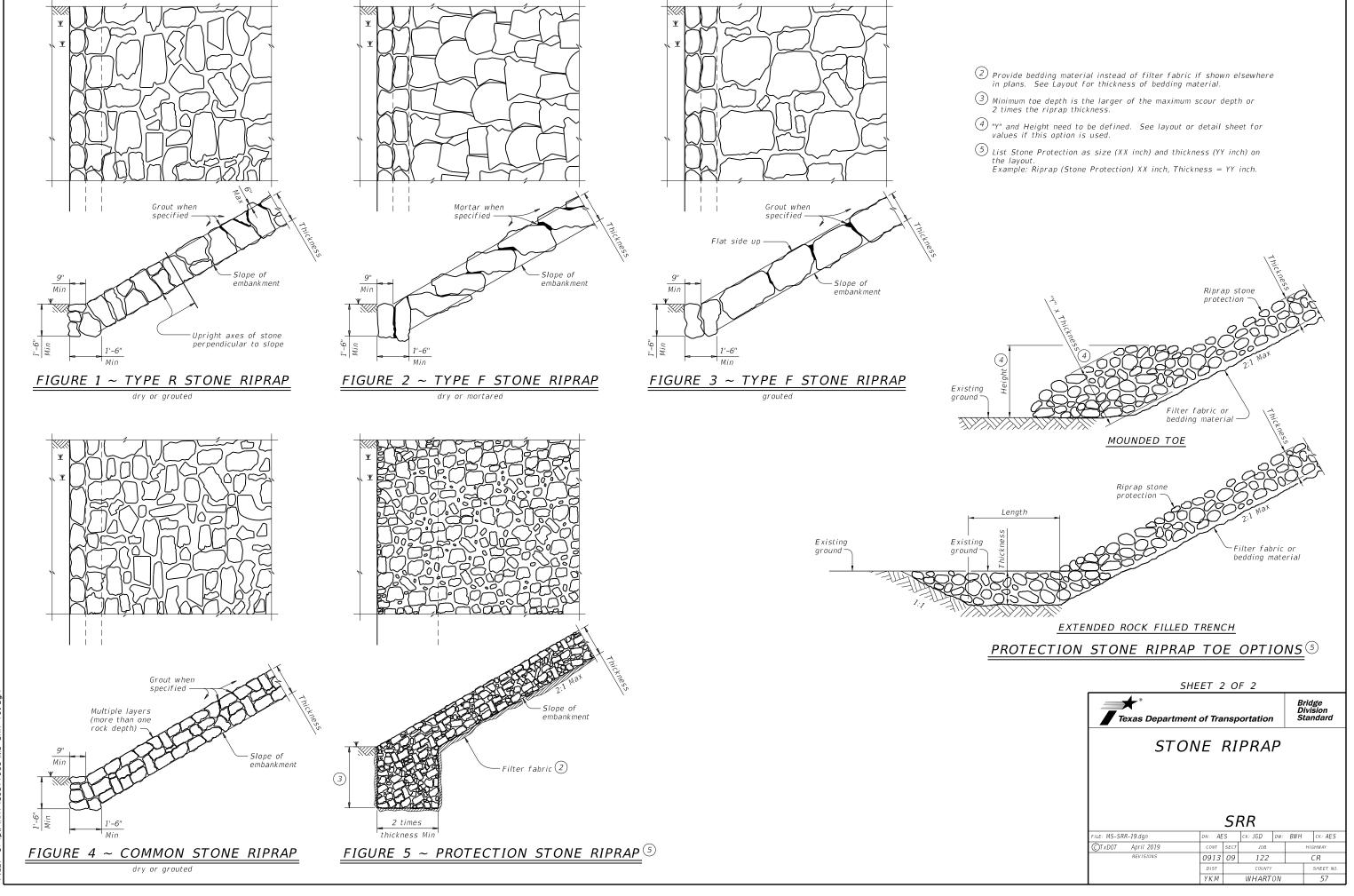


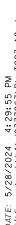
# STONE RIPRAP

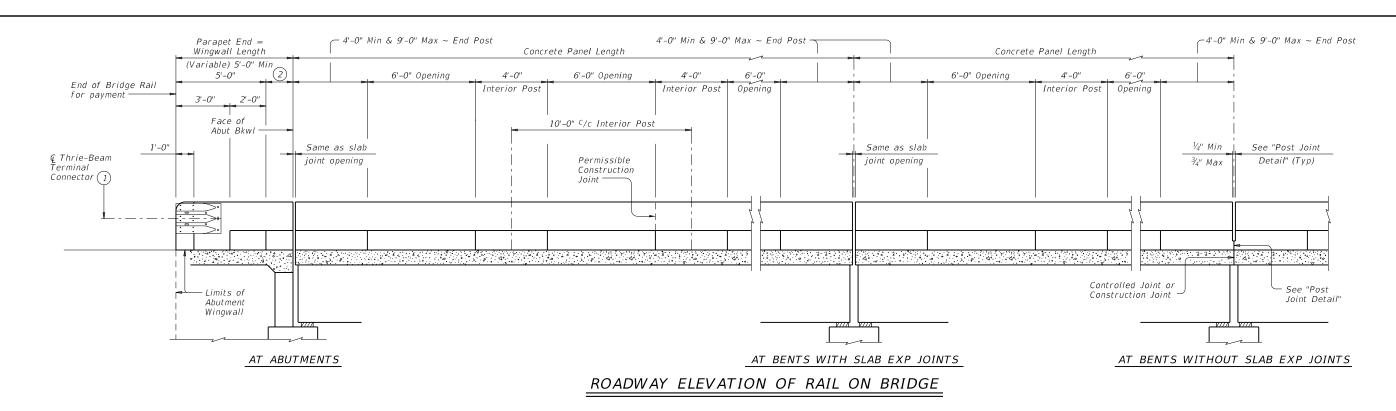
SRR

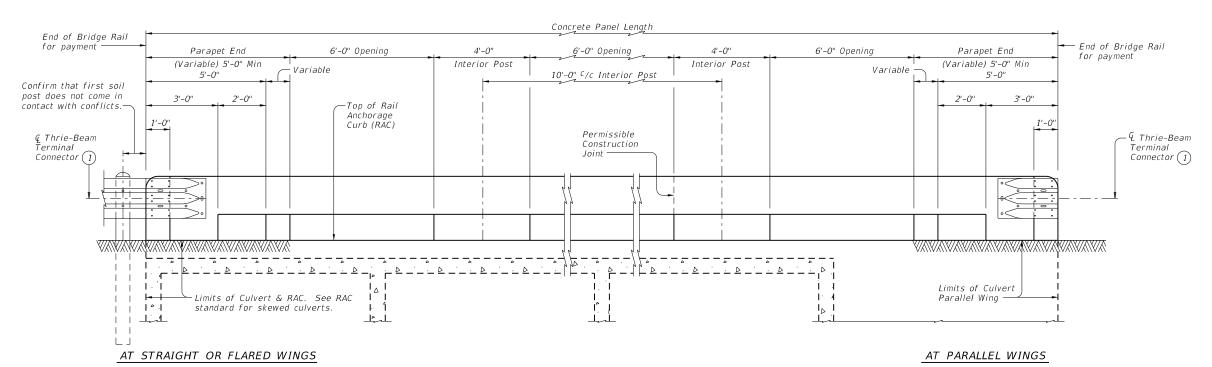
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		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		YKM		WHART	ΩN		56	











# ROADWAY ELEVATION OF RAIL ON BOX CULVERTS

Showing  $0^\circ$  skew culvert. Skewed culverts similar. See RAC standard for details not shown. Vertical joints in concrete rail are not required, unless shown elsewhere.

1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.

② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)

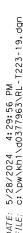
SHEET 1 OF 3

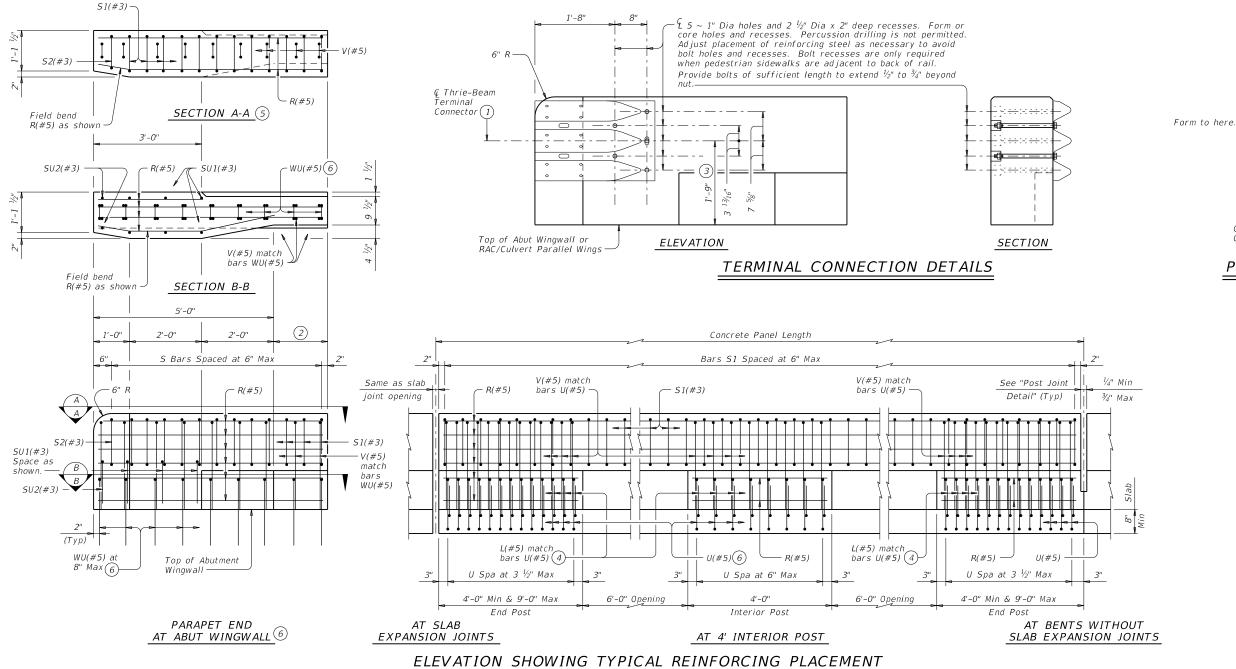
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC RAIL

TYPE T223

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)TxD0T	September 2019	CONT	SECT	T JOB HI		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		YKM		WHART	ON		58





Showing rail on slab. Rail on box culvert similar.

- 1 Terminal Connectors and associated hardware are to be paid for under the Item "Metal Beam Guard Fence". Attach Metal Beam Guard Fence Transitions to the bridge rail and extend along the embankment unless otherwise shown in the plans.
- ② Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- ③ Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- Bars SU1(#3), SU2(#3) and WU(#5) not shown for clarity.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.

SHEET 2 OF 3



0pening

Controlled Joint or

Construction Joint

POST JOINT DETAIL

Provide at all interior bents without slab expansion joints.

1/4" Min

¾" Max

Tool V groove

TRAFFIC RAIL

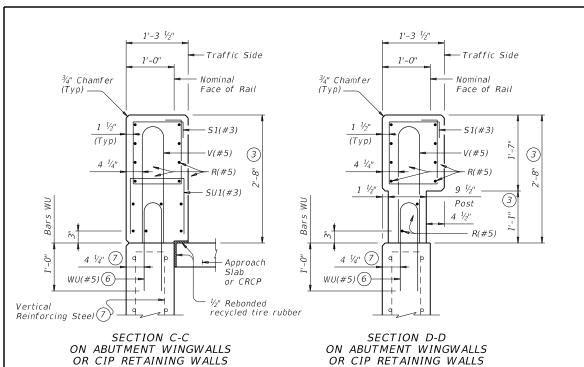
TYPE T223

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xDOT September 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	0913	09	122			CR		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	YKM		WHART	ON		59		



2'-5"

BARS L (#5)



1'-3 1/2" 1'-3 1/2" 1'-0" 1'-0" ¾" Chamfer  $^{3}\!\!/_{4}$ " Chamfer Nominal Nominal Face of Rail (Typ) -Face of Rail (Typ)-S1(#3) S1(#3) Const Jt (3) (Typ) (Typ) Top of 4 1/4" Post Slab Bars L, U and V Posi 13 L(#5) (4) Typical Water Barrier (if used) U(#5)(6) AT POST

ON BRIDGE SLAB

AT OPENING ON BRIDGE SLAB

ELEVATION AT ABUTMENT WINGWALL

Wingwall Length (Variable) 5'-0" Min

(2)

Face of

Abut Bkwl

Box culvert parallel wings or rail anchorage curb similar.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
Face of rail and parapet must be vertical transversely unless otherwise shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Provide water barriers at openings draining onto undercrossing roadways and sidewalks. They may be cast-in-place or precast in convenient lengths and bonded to the bridge deck with an approved epoxy cement.
Chamfer all exposed corners.

# MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "C" concrete. Provide Class "C" (HPC) if required elsewhere.

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Epoxy coat or galvanize all reinforcing steel if slab bars are epoxy coated or galvanized.

Deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) (ASTM A1064) of equal size and spacing may be substituted for Bars U, V, and WU unless noted otherwise. Provide the same laps as required for reinforcing

Provide bar laps, where required, as follows:

Uncoated or galvanized  $\sim #5 = 2'-0''$ Epoxy coated  $\sim #5 = 3'-0"$ 

# GENERAL NOTES:

This rail has been evaluated by full-scale crash test to meet MASH TL-3 criteria. This rail can be used for speeds of 50 mph and greater when a TL-3 rated guard fence transition is used. When a TL-2 rated guard fence transition is used, this rail can only be used for speeds of 45 mph and less.

Do not use this railing on bridges with expansion joints providing more than 5" movement.

Rail anchorage details shown on this standard may require modification for select structure types. See appropriate details elsewhere in plans for these modifications. Shop drawings are not required for this rail. Average weight of railing with no overlay is 358 plf.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bar dimensions shown are out-to-out of bar.

# SHEET 3 OF 3



TRAFFIC RAIL

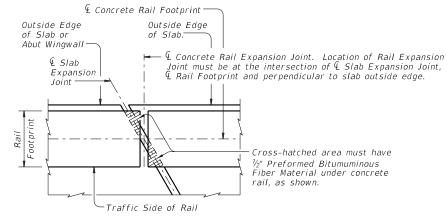
TYPE T223

Bridge Division Standard

FILE: RL-T223-19.dgn		DN: Tx	D0T	CK: TXDOT DW		JTR	ck: AES
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		YKM		WHART	ON		60

# SECTIONS THRU RAIL Sections on box culverts similar

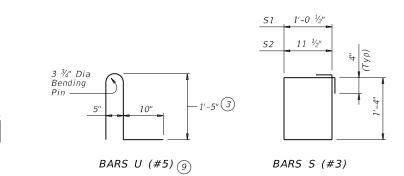
- Wingwall Length minus 5'-0" (Varies)
- 3 Increase 2" for structures with overlay.
- 4 Bars L(#5) are part of rail reinforcing and are included in unit price bid for railing. Space with Bars U. Bars L match slab bar cover. Bars L may be bundled with top slab reinforcing if spacing is equivalent.
- 6 Substitute Bars U(#5) for Bars WU(#5) when parapet end is located on anchorage curb over culvert top slab. Use Bars WU(#5) in culvert parallel wings.
- When vertical reinforcing has closer clear cover over horizontal reinforcing in abutment wingwalls on traffic side of wall, move the horizontal wingwall/retaining wall reinforcing to the inside of Bars WU where bars conflict.
- 8 Top longitudinal slab bar may be adjusted laterally 3" plus or minus to tie reinforcina.
- (9) At the Contractor's option, Bars V may be replaced by extending Bars U to  $2'-5\frac{1}{4}$ " above the roadway surface without overlay.

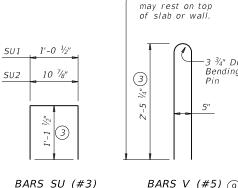


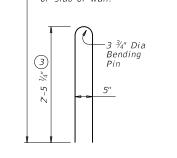
# PLAN OF RAIL AT EXPANSION JOINTS

Example showing Slab Expansion Joints without breakbacks.

Installed bar

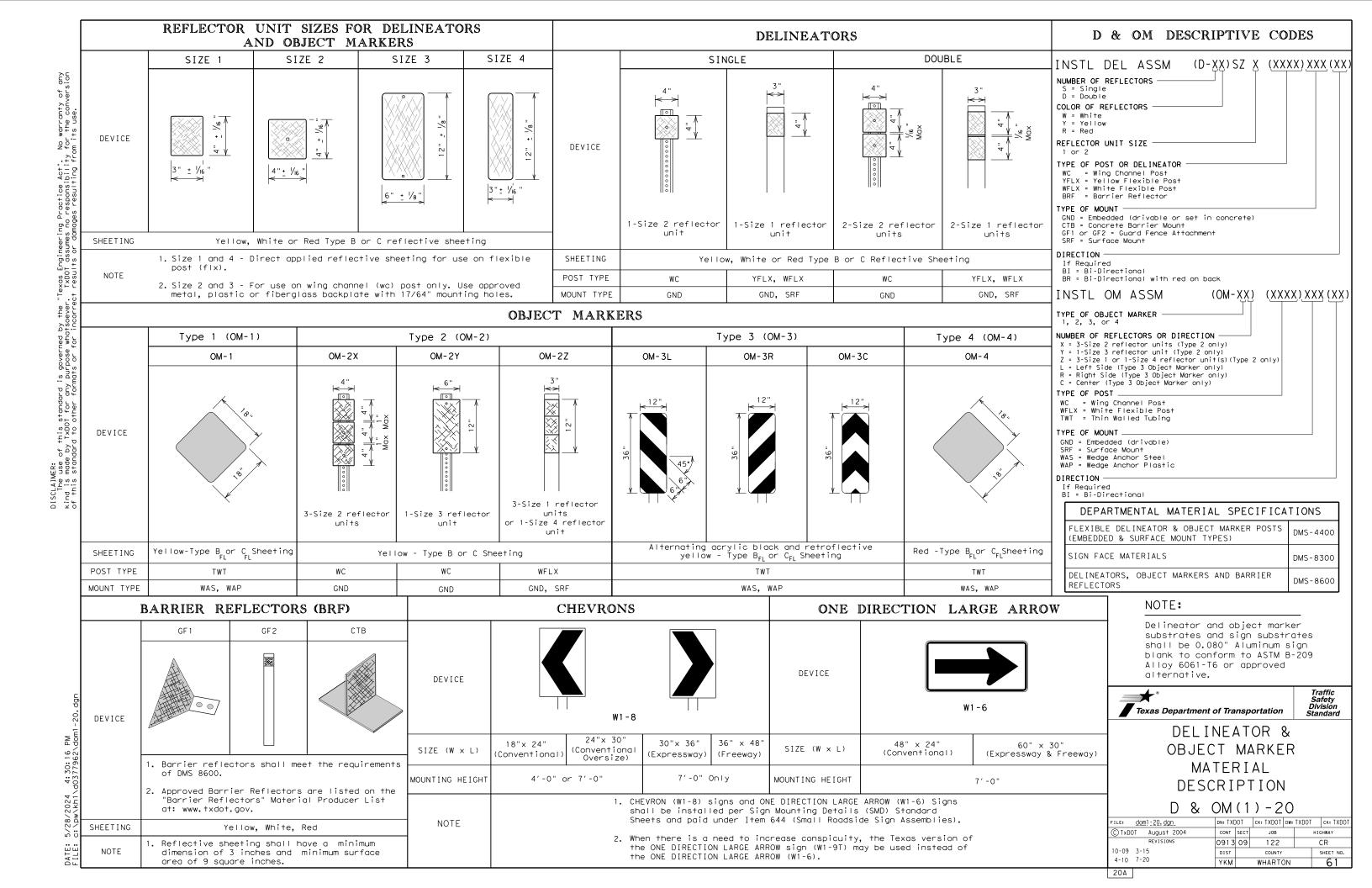


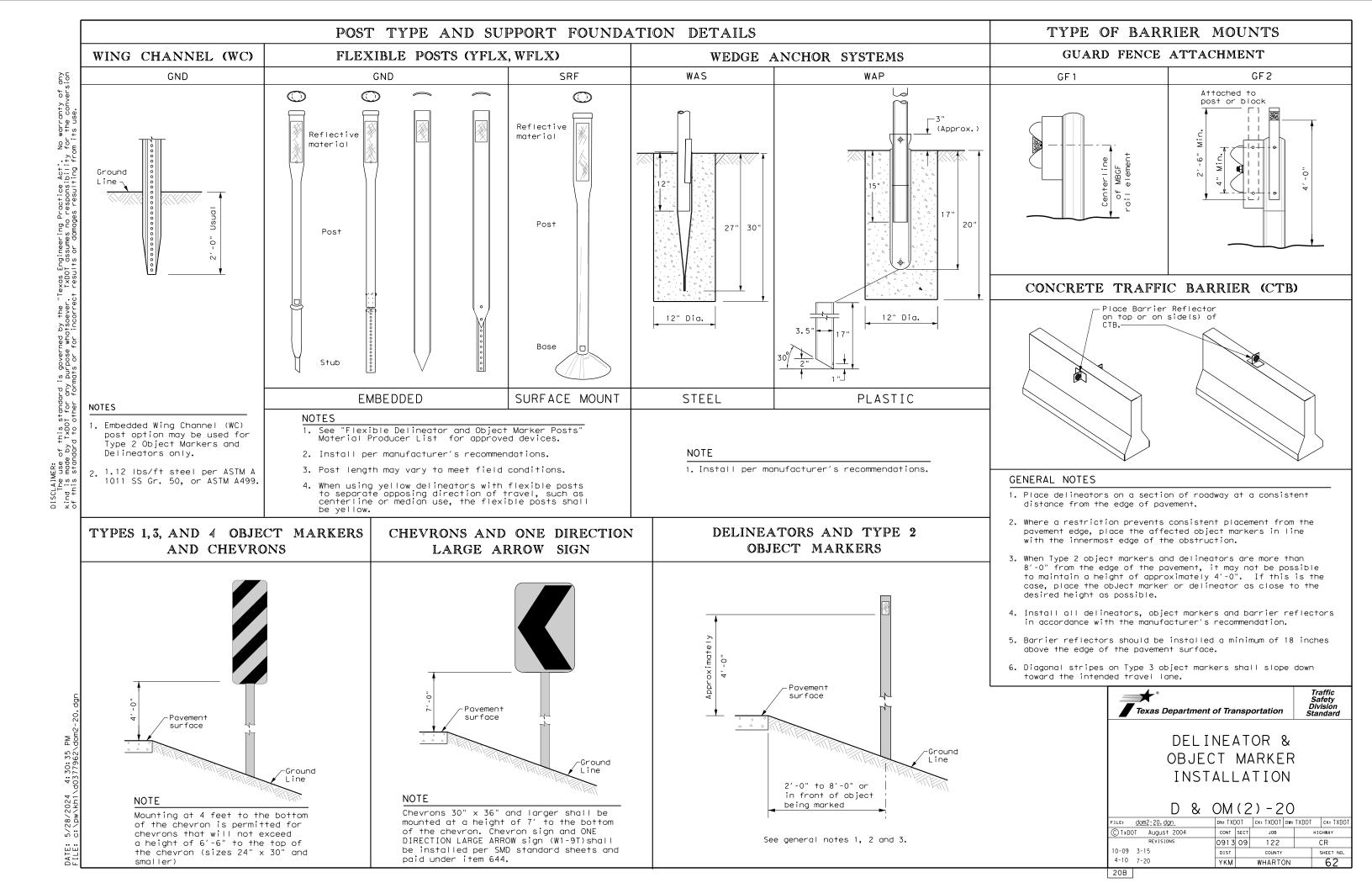




BARS V (#5) (9)

BARS WU (#5)

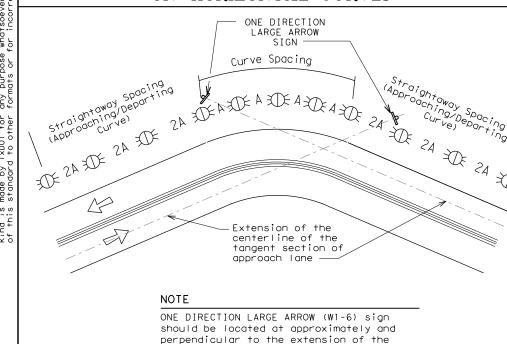




# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed							
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)						
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs						
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction Large     Arrow sign where geometric     conditions or roadside     obstacles prevent the     installation of chevrons.						
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons						

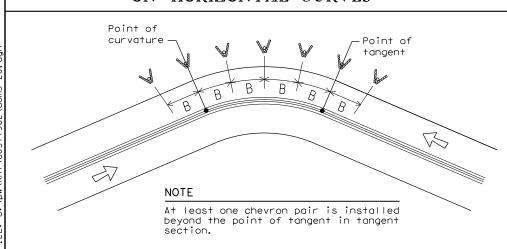
# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET										
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve							
		Α	2A	В							
1	5730	225	450								
2	2865	160	320	_							
3	1910	130	260	200							
4	1433	110	220	160							
5	1146	100	200	160							
6	955	90	180	160							
7	819	85	170	160							
8	716	75	150	160							
9	637	75	150	120							
10	573	70	140	120							
11	521	65	130	120							
12	478	60	120	120							
13	441	60	120	120							
14	409	55	110	80							
15	382	55	110	80							
16	358	55	110	80							
19	302	50	100	80							
23	249	40	80	80							
29	198	35	70	40							
38	151	30	60	40							
57	101	20	40	40							

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	А	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING				
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets				
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table				
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)				
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))				
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet				
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators				
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max				
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)				
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)				
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)				
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end				
		See D & OM (5)				
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)				
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)				
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet				
NOTES						

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

# NOTES

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

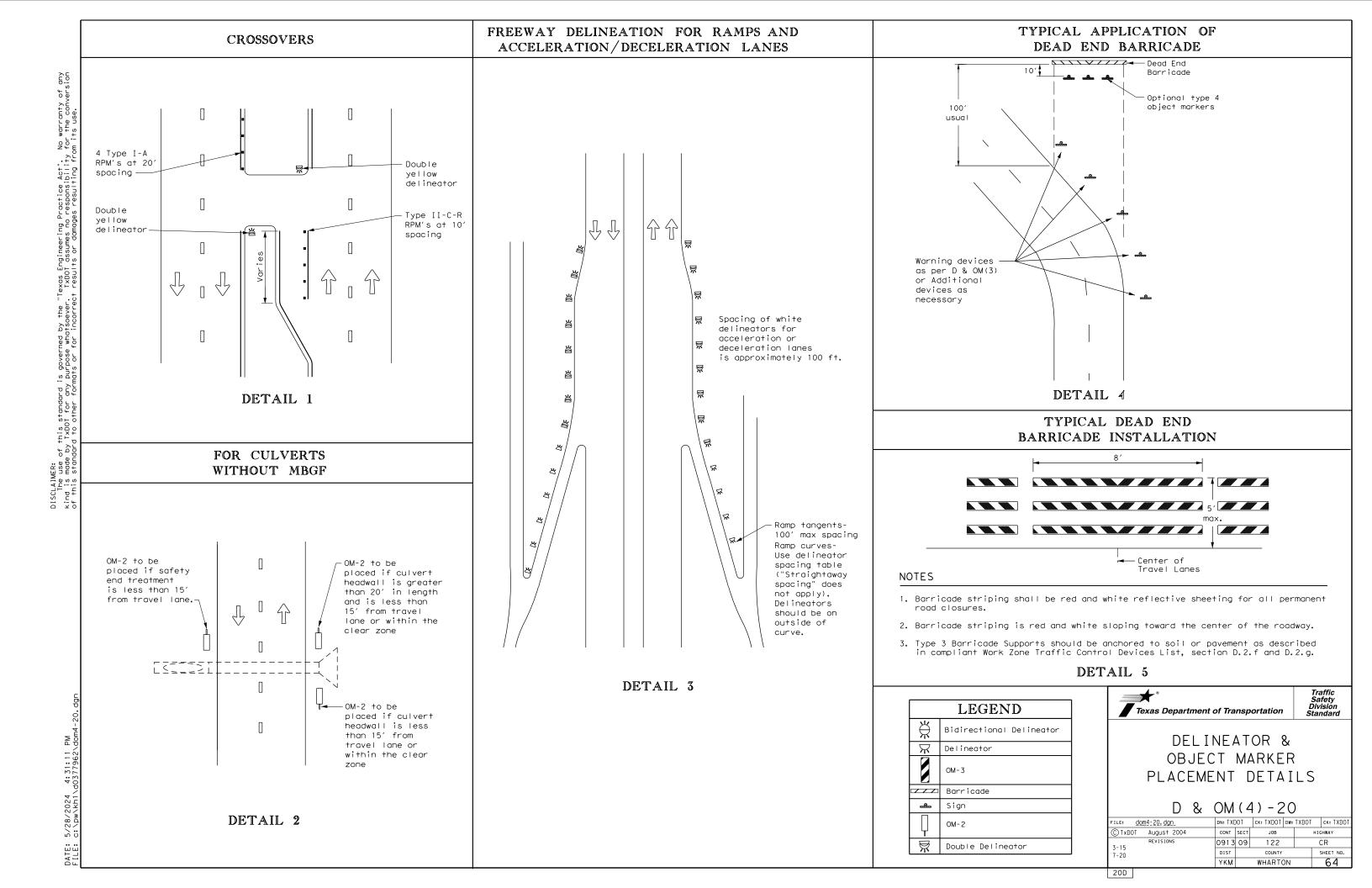
LEGEND				
X)X	Bi-directional Delineator			
$\mathbb{R}$	Delineator			
4	Sign			



DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

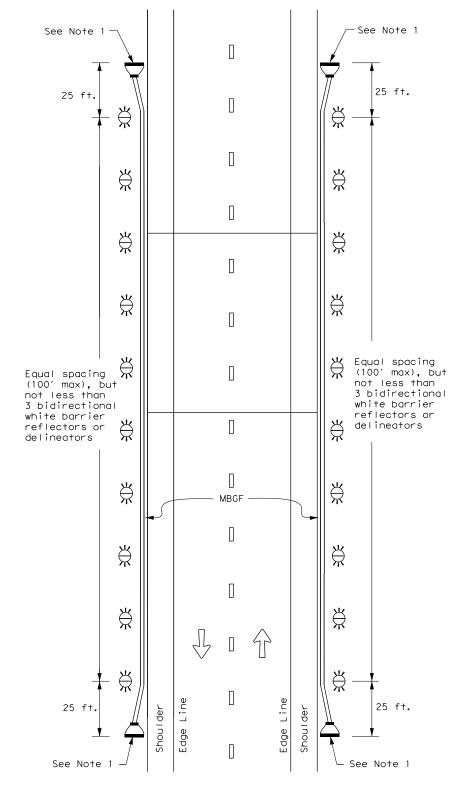
D & OM(3) - 20

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TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	0913	09	122		(	CR
-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-15 7-20	YKM	WHARTON			63	



# TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. See Note 1 See Note 1 25 ft. 25 ft. /<del>\</del> **MBGF** Type D-SW delineators bidirectional Type D-SW delineators bidirectional -Steel or concrete→ Bridge rail Bidirectional white barrier Bidirectional white barrier reflectors or reflectors or delineators delineators Equal $\stackrel{\times}{\square}$ Equal spacina spacing (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3 total. $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\succsim}$ Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional bidirectional $\Re$ MBGF X 25 ft. 25 ft. 4:32:02 F See Note See Note 1 NOTE: 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end.

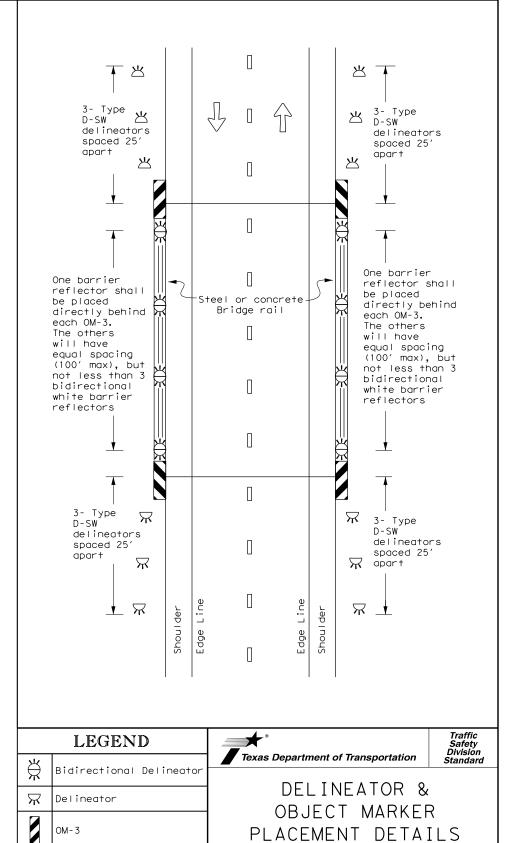
# TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF)



# NOTE:

 Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end.

# TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL



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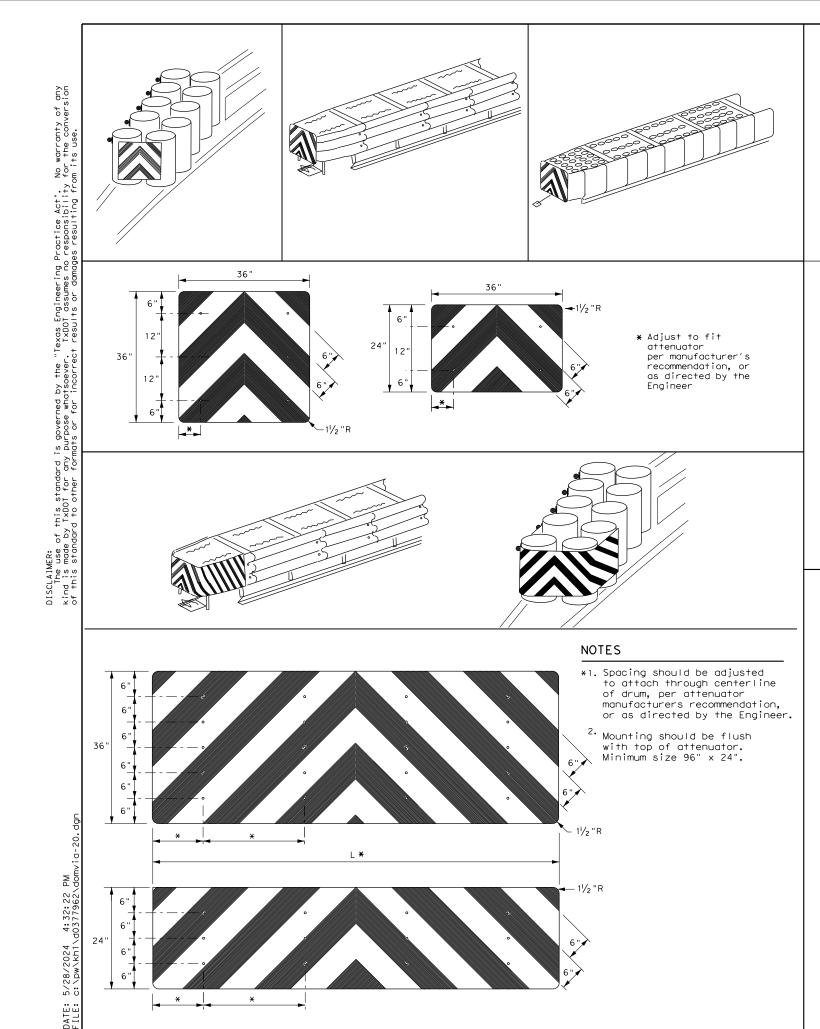
122

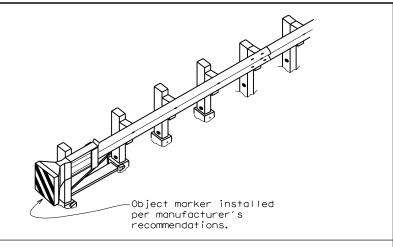
WHARTON

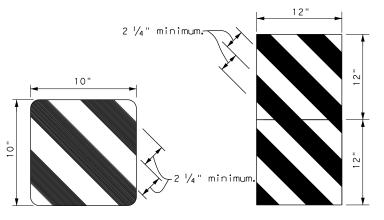
OM-2

Terminal End

Traffic Flow

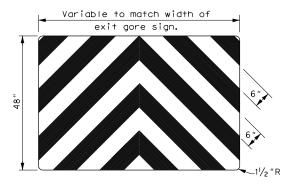






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT<sup>2</sup>

# EXIT 444 BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)



# NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black.
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

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CTxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	0913	09	122		(	CR
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	YKM	WHARTON			66	

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

# 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0913-09-122

# **1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:**

From: AT STAGE STAND CREEK

# **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:**

BEGIN: (Lat) 29.0991606°

(Long) -96.3707166°

END: (Lat) 29.1002826° (Long)-96.3707145°

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 0.71

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.71

# 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

# 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description		
Dacosta sandy-clay loam	Sandy-Clay, 0-1 percent slopes		

# 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

PSLs determined during construction

⋈ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s
	1

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

# 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- ⋈ Install sediment and erosion controls
- ⋈ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- ⋈ Remove existing pavement
- ☑ Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- ⋈ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- ⋈ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- ⋈ Install proposed pavement per plans
- ⋈ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ⋈ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- ⋈ Place flex base

Other:

- ⋈ Rework slopes, grade ditches
- ⋈ Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- ⋈ Revegetation of unpaved areas
- ⋈ Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			
•			

# 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- ⊠ Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- ☒ Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- activities
- ⋈ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities

- ⋈ Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

☐ Other:	
☐ Other:	

Other:		
·-		

# 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
East Mustang Creek (1604A)	Freshwater Stream
Lake Texana (1604)	Reservoir
Navidad River Tidal (1603)	Tidal Stream
Lavaca River Tidal (1601)	Tidal Stream
Lavaca Bay/Chocolate Bay (Oyster Waters) (2453OW)	Estuary

\* Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

# 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

☐ Other:			

# 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

☐ Other:

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

□ Othor:			

# STORMWATER POLLUTION **PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)** (Less Than 1 Acre)



\* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

		PROJECT NO.		NO.
				67
	STATE DIST.	С	OUNTY	
U)	YKM	WH	ARTON	
	SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY N	١0.
	09	122	CR	
		SECT.	STATE DIST. C	STATE COUNTY  STATE OIST. COUNTY  WHARTON  SECT. JOB HIGHWAY N

### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

# 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

# 2.1 FROSION CONTROL AND SOIL

Protection of Existing Vegetation /egetated Buffer Zones Goil Retention Blankets Geotextiles //ulching/ Hydromulching Goil Surface Treatments Femporary Seeding Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams /ertical Tracking Interceptor Swale Riprap Diversion Dike Femporary Pipe Slope Drain Embankment for Erosion Control
Vegetated Buffer Zones Soil Retention Blankets Geotextiles Vulching/ Hydromulching Soil Surface Treatments Femporary Seeding Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Vertical Tracking Interceptor Swale Riprap Diversion Dike Femporary Pipe Slope Drain Embankment for Erosion Control
Vegetated Buffer Zones Soil Retention Blankets Geotextiles Vulching/ Hydromulching Soil Surface Treatments Femporary Seeding Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Vertical Tracking Interceptor Swale Riprap Diversion Dike Femporary Pipe Slope Drain Embankment for Erosion Control
Geotextiles Mulching/ Hydromulching Soil Surface Treatments Temporary Seeding Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams Vertical Tracking Interceptor Swale Riprap Diversion Dike Temporary Pipe Slope Drain Embankment for Erosion Control
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emporary Pipe Slope Drain Embankment for Erosion Control
Embankment for Erosion Control
Paved Flumes
Other:
Other:
Other:
Other:
DIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
iodegradable Erosion Control Logs
Dewatering Controls
nlet Protection
Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
Sandbag Berms
Sediment Control Fence
tabilized Construction Exit
loating Turbidity Barrier
egetated Buffer Zones
egetated Filter Strips
Other:
Other:
Other:
Other:

# 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Туре	Stat	ioning
	From	То
Broadcast seed	11+92	16+00

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- ⋈ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- ⋈ Haul roads dampened for dust control
- Stabilized construction exit
- Daily street sweeping

•	•	_
Other:		

Other:			
Other:			

Othor		
Other:		

# 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- □ Dust Control

□ Other

⋈ Sanitary Facilities

☐ Other:			
Other:			

_ Culci		
□ Other:		

# 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Turno	Stati	oning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

# 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ☐ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

# 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

# 2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

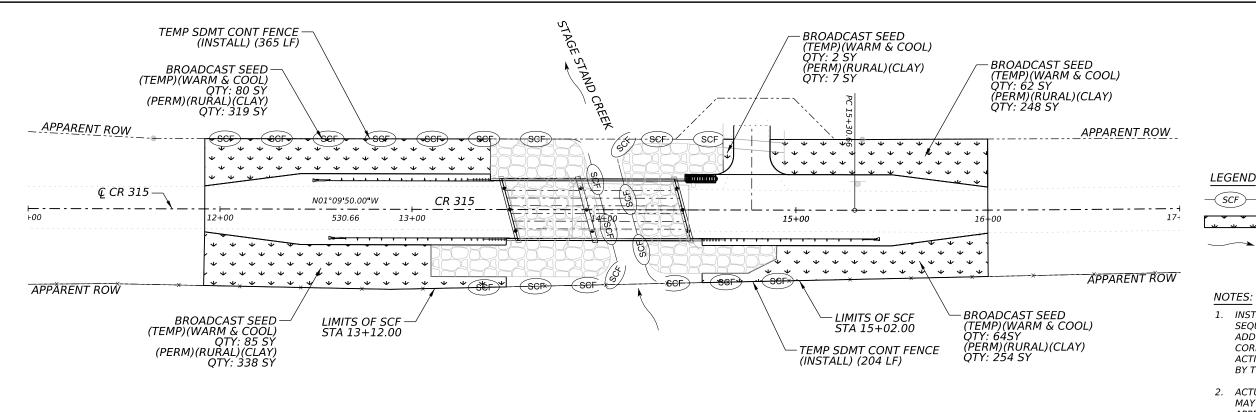
# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
					68
STATE		STATE DIST.	C	OUNTY	
TEXAS	6	YKM	WH	ARTON	
CONT.		SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY N	٠0٠
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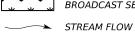




# LEGEND

-(SCF)

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE



BROADCAST SEEDING

- 1. INSTALL BMP'S TO CORRESPOND WITH SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION. ADDITIONAL BMP'S MAY BE ADDED TO CORRESPOND WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AS APPROVED OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. ACTUAL BMP LOCATIONS AND LENGTHS MAY VARY TO MEET FIELD CONDITIONS, AS APPROVED OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.





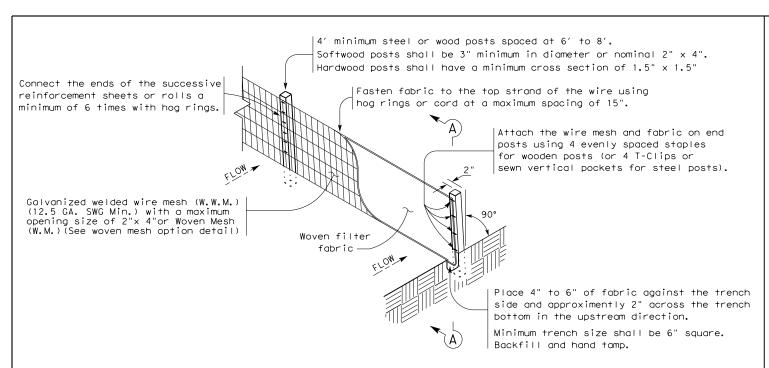


SWP3 LAYOUT

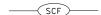
ONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
913	09	122 CR		
DIST		SHEET NO.		
′KM		69		

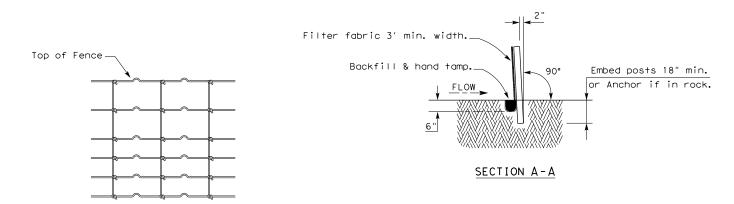
I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION	III. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES		
Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit is required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. If applicable list MS4 operator that may receive the construction of the co	artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event potentially contaminated materials are observed, such as dead or distressed vegetation, trash disposal areas, drums, canisters, barrels, leaching or seepage of substances, unusual smells or odors, or stained soil, cease work in the area and contact the Engineer immediately.		
discharges from this project. MS4 operator should be notified prior to construction activitie  Prevent stormwater pollution erosion and sedimentation in accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000.	No Additional Comments	Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? Yes No		
Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or as required by		Are results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)? Yes \int \text{No} \int \text{No}		
the Engineer.		TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 14 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.		
Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA, or other inspectors.		The Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to		
When Contractor project specific locations (PSL) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, sumbit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ and Engineer.		minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.		
MS4 Operator(s):	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES	-		
No Additional Comments	Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, and 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping and tree/brush removal.	No Additional Comments		
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS	No Additional Comments			
United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Permit is required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. Th Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and general conditions associated with the following permit(s). If additional work not represented in the plans is required, contact the Engineer immediately.		VII. GENERAL NOTES		
☐No USACE Permit Required				
Work is authorized by the USACE under a Nationwide Permit 14 without a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). Project specific permit was not issued by USACE, therefore is not in the plan set.	SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE	The contractor's attention is directed to the fact that discharges of permanent or temporary fill material into the waters of the United States, including jurisdictional wetlands, as necessary for construction, will require specific approval of the USACE under Section 404 of the Clean Wate Act.  TxDOT will obtain the appropriate permit(s), Nationwide or Individual, when necessary as t dictated by the proposed actions for the project and it's potential to affect USACE jurisdictional areas. The contractor may review the permitted plans at the office of the Area Engineer in charge of construction. TxDOT will hold the contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit. If the contractor cannot work within the limits of the permit(s), then it becomes the contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for changes or amendments to the conditions of the exiting permit(s) as originally obtained by the department.		
Work is authorized by the USACE under a Nationwide Permit with a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). The project specific permit issued by the USACE is included in the plan set.	SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS  If any of the listed species below are observed, cease work in the area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately.			
Work is authorized by the USACE under a Individual Permit (IP). The project specific permit issued by the USACE is included in the plan set.	The work may not remove active nests (from bridges, structures, or vegetation adjacent			
Work would be authorized by the USACE. The project specific permit issued by the USACE or Nationwide Permit will be provided to the contractor.	structures or vegetation is necessary during the nesting season, the Contractor shall conduct a bird survey no more than 3 days in advance of the clearing/demolish start date. All bird surveys shall be conducted by a Field Biologist and adhere to the			
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Permit is required for projects that involve the construction or modification (including changes to lighting) of a bridge or causeway across water body determined to be navigable by the United States Coast Guard (USCG) under	guidance document "Avoiding Migratory Birds and Handling Potential Violations"			
Section 9 of the Rivers and Harbors Act. If additional work not represented in the plans is required, contact the Engineer immediately.	No Additional Comments	Particular importance is stressed on the fact that any impacts to USACE jurisdictional waters of the United States, including jurisdictional wetlands, be the minimum necessary to complete the		
No United States Coast Guard (USCG) Coordination Required		proposed work. The contractor shall maintain near normal flow of any jurisdictional waters of the United States at all times during construction. If the contractor needs further explanation of		
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Permit		the conditions of the permit, including means of compliance, they may contact the Yoakum		
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Exemption		District Environmental Coordinator.		
Best Management Practices		TxDOT Yoakum District		
Erosion Sedimentation Post Construction TSS				
☐ Temporary Vegetation ☐ Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,		
Vegetation Lined Ditches  Rock Filter Dam  Vegetation Lined Ditches		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS		
Sodding Sand Bag Berm Grassy Swales		EPIC		
No Additional Comments	Field Biologist, Ornithologist – a field biologist is defined as an individual qualified to perform field investigations, presence/absence surveys and habitat surveys for protected avian species or species of concern. A mandatory bachelor's degree in biology or a related science is required. At a minimum, the Field Biologist, Ornithologist, shall have completed an iminimum of three presence/absence and habitat surveys for protected avian species in the past five years. A minimum of three projects must have been conducted in Texas. Surveys shall have been performed for documentation of species in accordance with a protocol approved by USFWS or TPWD, or following generally accepted methodologies.	FILE: EPIC Sheet.dgn		





# TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





# HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

# SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

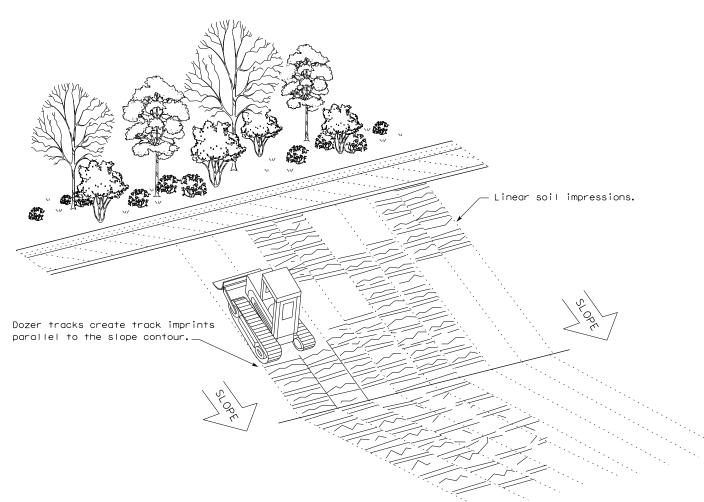
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT<sup>2</sup>. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

### LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence



- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

FILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW: VP	DN/CK: LS
C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0913	09	122		CR
	DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	YKM	WHARTON			71