PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

PROJECT NO. STP 2B24(341) VRU SH 3

GALVESTON COUNTY

LIMITS: AT THE INTERSECTION OF SH 3 AND FM 517 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES CONSISITING OF HAZARD ELIMINATION AND SAFETY CSJ NO. 0051-03-120 NET LENGTH OF PROJECT: 0.2 MI

2920 FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS. (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023).

> PROJECT LOCATION MAP SCALE: NTS

1462

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SPEED LIMIT FM 517 - 30 MPH SH 3 - 40 MPH

FM 517 - 22,607 (2021), 27,775 (2041) SH 3 - 15,876 (2021), 22,331 (2041)

5/9/2024

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05/13/2024 SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

For PROJECT MANAGER

5/23/2024 APPROVED FOR LETTING:

Brett McLeod

, P.E. FF8C2DTS4E543D... ENGINEER

SEE SHEET 2

R. NO.

EXCEPTIONS: NONE

EQUATIONS: NONE

DATUM STATEMENT

FACTOR 1.00013.

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

ALL CURVES ARE BASED ON ARC DEFINITION.

CENTRAL ZONE. VERTICAL CONTROL IS BASED UPON NAVD 88

HORIZONTAL CONTROL IS BASED UPON NAD 83 TEXAS SOUTH

ALL BEARING AND COORDINATES ARE BASED UPON THE TEXAS

STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, (NAD 83) SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE ALL DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY DIVIDING BY A COMBINED ADJUSTMENT

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS

FOR BARRICADES AND SIGNING AT INDIVIDUAL INTERSECTIONS UNDER SIGNAL

CONSTRUCTION REFER TO STANDARD SHEETS, WZ(BTS-1)-13 & WZ(BTS-2)-13.

PROJECT LOCATION SH 3 AT FM 517

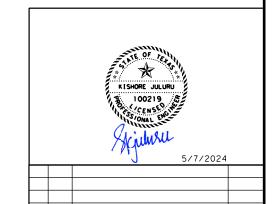
SHT NO.	SHEET TITLE	SHT NO.	SHEET TITLE
			TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS
	GENERAL	42	* BC (1)-21
1	TITLE SHEET	43	* BC (2)-21
2	INDEX OF SHEETS	44	* BC (3)-21
,3A-3F	GENERAL NOTES	45	* BC (4)-21
4-4A	ESTIMATE AND QUANTITY SHEET	46	* BC (5)-21
5	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES	47	* BC (6)-21
		48	* BC (7)-21
	TRAFFIC SIGNAL DETAILS	49	* BC (8)-21
6	NOTES FOR PERMANENT TRAFFIC SIGNAL	50	* BC (9)-21
7	EXISTING LAYOUT (FM 517 AT SH 3)	51	* BC (10)-21
8	PROPOSED SIGNAL LAYOUT (FM 517 AT SH 3)	52	* BC (11)-21
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		54	* TCP (1-1-18
	TRAFFIC SIGNAL STANDARDS	55	* TCP (1-2)-18
10	* SD/S BSM (HOU DIST)	56	* TCP (1-3)-18
11	* ED(1)-14	57	* TCP (1-4)-18
12	* ED(3)-14	58	* WZ (BTS-1)-13
13	* ED(4)-14	59	* WZ (BTS-2)-13
14	* ED(5)-14		
15	* ED(6)-14		SWP3 STANDARDS
6	* ED(7)-14	60	* EC (1)-16
7	* ED(8)-14	61-62	* SWP3
18	* ED(10)-14	63	* ECL-12 (HOU DIST)
9	* SMA-100(1)-12	64	* EPIC (HOU DIST)
20	* SMA-100(2)-12		
!1	* MA-C-12		
22	* MA-D-12		
23	* TS-FD-12		
24	* LUM-A-12		
25	* CFA-12		
26	* LMA(1)-12		
27	* LMA(2)-12		
28	* LMA(3)-12		
29	* LMA(4)-12		
30	* LMA(5)-12		
31	* MA-DPD-20		
32	* TS-BP-20		
33	* SD/SCFD (HOU DIST)		
34	* OSNS/MD (HOU DIST)		
35	* CD/PM(APS)PS (HOU DIST)		

SIGNING & PAVEMENT MARKING DETAILS

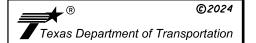
SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT (FM 517 AT SH 3)

SIGNING & PAVEMENT MARKING STANDARDS

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED BY AN ASTERISK (*) HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.







FM 517 AT SH 3

INDEX OF SHEETS

	SHEET	1	OF	1
FEI	DERAL AID PROJECT	SH	EET N	10.
STP	2B24 (341) VRU		2	
DISTRICT	COUNTY			

6 STP 2B24 (341) VRU 2

STATE DISTRICT COUNTY

TEXAS HOU GALVESTON

CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY

0051 0.3 1.20 SH 3

36

37 38

39

* PM (1)-22

* PM (2)-22

* PM (3)-22

* PM (4)-22A * TSR (4)-13

Highway: SH 3

Gene1 al Notes:

General:

Area Engineer contact information for this project follows:

Dock Gee, P.E., Dock.Gee@txdot.gov

Submit any questions about this project via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page, located at:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left side to navigate to the project. Hover over the blue hyperlink of the project to view the Q&A and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All relevant project documentation, including Contract Time Determinations will continue to be provided on the following FTP site:

Index of/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/Houston District (state.tx.us) or

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/Houston%20District/

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only. Similar materials from other manufacturers are pennitted if they are of equal quality, comply with the specifications for this project, and are approved, except for roadway illumination, electrical, and traffic signal items.

The cost for materials, labor, and incidentals to provide for traffic across the roadway and for ingress and egress to private property in accordance with Section 7.2.4 of the standard specifications is subsidiary to the various bid items. Restore access roadways to their original condition upon completing construction.

If a foundation is to be placed where a riprap surface or an asphalt concrete surface presently exists, use caution in breaking out the existing surface for placement. Break out no greater area than is required to place the foundation. After placing the foundation, wrap the periphery with 0.5 in. pre-molded mastic expansion joint. Then replace the remaining portion of the broken out surface with Class A or Class C concrete or cold mix asphalt concrete to the exact slope, pattern, and thickness of the existing riprap or asphalt. Payment for breaking out the existing surface, wrapping the foundation, and replacing the surface is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Clearly mark or highlight on the shop drawings, the items being furnished for this project. Submit required shop drawings in accordance with the shop drawing distribution list shown in the note for Item 5 for review and distribution.

County: Galveston County Control: 0051-03-120

Highway: SH 3 Sheet No:3

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or otherwise directed, colmnence work after sunrise and ensure construction equipment is off the road by sunset.

Procure pennits and licenses, which are to be issued by the City, County, or Municipal Utility District.

General: Roadway Illumination and Electrical

For roadway illumination and electrical items, use materials from pre-qualified producers as shown on the Construction Division (CST) of the Department's material producers list. Check the latest link on the Department's website for this list. The category/item is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials found on this list

Perfonn electrical work in conformance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and the Department's standard sheets.

General: Traffic Signals

For traffic signal items, use materials from the Pre-Qualified Producers List (located at http://www.dot.state.tx.us/GSD/purchasing/supps.htm) and the materials pre-qualified for illumination and electrical items (located at https://www.txdot.gov/content/dam/docs/mpl/riaes.pdf) as shown on the Department's Material Producers List and the Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies List. Check the latest links on the Department's website for these lists. No substitutions will be allowed for materials found on these lists.

General: Site Management

Personal vehicles of employees are not permitted to park within the right of way, including sections closed to public traffic. Employees may park on the right of way at the Contractor's office, equipment, and materials storage yard sites.

Assume ownership of debris and dispose of at an approved location. Do not dispose of debris on private property unless approved in writing by the District Engineer.

General: Traffic Control and Construction

When design details are not shown on the plans, provide signs and arrows confonning to the latest "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

General: Utilities

Consider the locations of underground utilities depicted in the plans as approximate and employ responsible care to avoid damaging utility facilities. Depending upon scope and magnitude of

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Highway: SH 3

planned construction activities, advanced field confinnation by the utility owner or operator may be pmdent. Where possible, protect and preserve pennanent signs, markers, and designations of underground facilities.

If the Contractor damages or causes damage (breaks, leaks, nicks, dents, gouges, etc.) to the utility, contact the utility facility owner or operator immediately.

At least 72 hours before starting work, make arrangements for locating existing Department-owned above ground and underground fiber optic, communications, power, illumination, and traffic signal cabling and conduit. Do this by calling the Department's Houston District Traffic Signal Operations Office at 713-802-5662, or by e-mailing the Department's Houston District Traffic Signal Operations Office at: <a href="https://hours.com/hou

Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead or underground electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices. Consult the appropriate utility company before beginning such work.

If overhead or underground power lines need to be de-energized, contact the electrical service provider to perform this work. Costs associated with de-energizing the power lines or other protective measures required are at no expense to the Department.

If working near power lines, comply with the appropriate sections of Texas State Law and Federal Regulations relating to the type of work involved.

Perform electrical work in conformance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and Department's standard sheets.

Item 5: Control of Work

Submit shop drawings electronically for the fabrication of items as documented in Table 1 or Table 2 below. Information and requirements for electronic submittals can be viewed in the "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" which can be accessed through the following web link, https://ftp.txdot.gov/pub/txdot-info/library/pubs/bus/bridge/e submit guide.pdf References to 11 in. x 17 in. sheets in individual specifications for structural items imply electronic CAD sheets.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

County: Galveston County Control: 0051-03-120

Highway: SH 3 Sheet No: 3A

Table 2
2014 Construction Soecification Reauired Shoo/Working Drawing Submittals - Consultant Generated Plans

Spec Item No.'s	Product	Submittal Required	Approval Required (Y/N)	Contractor/ Fabricator P.E. Seal Reauired	Reviewing Party	Shop or Working Drawing INote 11
7.16.1&.2	Construction Load Analyses	У	У	У	D	WO
680	Installation of Highway Traffic Signals	У	У	N	D	SD
682	Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads	У	у	N	D	SD
684	Traffic Signal Cables	У	у	N	D	SD
686	Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel\ /Non-Standard only\	У	у	у	D	SD
688	Detectors	У	у	N	D	SD
SS	Fiber Optic/Communication Cable	У	У	N	TMS	SD
SS	Spread Spectrum Radios for Signals	У	у	N	D	SD
SS	VIVDS System for Signals	У	У	N	D	SD

Notes:

Key to Reviewing Party

D – Consultant: Submit to Engineer of Record at kjuluru@consoreng.com						
TMS – Traffic Management System						
Computerized Traffic Management Systems (CTMS)	HOU-CTMSShpDlwgs@.txdot.gov					

Item 6: Control of Materials

To comply with the latest provisions of the Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the Contractor must submit a notarized original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Fonn for items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

Document flow for Working Drawings differs from Shop Drawings in that Working Drawings must be submitted to the Engineer rather than the Engineer of Record and they are for the information of the Engineer only; an approval stamp and distribution to all project offices is not required.

Highway: SH 3

Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

Do not initiate activities in a Project Specific Location (PSL), associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit area, that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. Such activities include those pertaining to, but are not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites. Associated defined here means materials are delivered to or from the PSL. The permit area includes the waters of the U.S. or associated wetlands affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for such work. Assume responsibility for consultations with the USACE regarding activities, including PSLs that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE. Provide the Department with a copy of consultations or approvals from the USACE before initiating activities.

The Contractor may proceed with activities in PSLs that do not affect a USACE permit area if a self-determination has been made that the PSL is non-jurisdictional or if proper USACE clearances have been obtained in jurisdictional areas or have been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. The Contractor is solely responsible for documenting any determinations that their activities do not affect a USACE permit area. Maintain copies of their determinations for review by the Department or any regulatory agency.

Document and coordinate with the USACE, if required, before hauling any excavation from or hauling any embankment to a USACE permit area by either 1 or 2 below:

Restricted Use of Materials for the Previously Evaluated Permit Areas. Document both the Project Specific Locations (PSL) and their authorization. Maintain copies for review by the Department or any regulatory agency. When an area within the project limits has been evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit process for this project:

Suitable excavation of required material in the areas shown on the plans and cross sections as specified in the Item, "Excavation" is used for permanent or temporary fill (under the Item, "Embankment") within a USACE permit area.

Suitable embankment (under the Item, "Embankment") from within the USACE permit area is used as fill within a USACE evaluated area.

Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation, "Waste" (under the Item, "Excavation"), that is disposed of at a location approved within a USACE evaluated area.

Contractor Materials from Areas Other than Previously Evaluated Areas. Provide the Department with a copy of USACE coordination or approvals before initiating any activities for an area within the project limits that has not been evaluated by the USACE or for any off right of way locations used for the following, but not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites:

County: Galveston County Control: 0051-03-120

Highway: SH 3 Sheet No: 3B

The Item, "Embankment" used for temporary or permanent fill within a USACE permit area.

Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation, "Waste" (under the Item, "Excavation"), that is disposed of outside a USACE evaluated area.

This project does not require a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Section 404 Permit before letting, but if a permit is needed during construction, assume responsibility for preparing the permit application. Submit the permit application to the Department's District Environmental Section for approval. Once the permit application is approved, the Department will submit it to the USACE. Assume responsibility for the requested revisions, in coordination with the Department's District Environmental Section.

No significant traffic generator events have been identified.

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

The maximum number of days the time charges on this contract may be suspended due to traffic signal pole procurement, fabrication, or processing delays is 120 days. The Engineer and the Contractor may mutually agree, in writing, to decrease this maximum number of days.

The Lane Closure Assessment Fee is \$500 on FM 517 and \$400 on SH 3. This fee applies to the Contractor for closures or obstructions that overlap into restricted hour traffic for each hour or portion thereof, per lane, regardless of the length of lane closure or obstruction. For Restricted Hours subject to Lane Assessment Fee refer to the Item, 502 "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling." The time increment for the Lane Closure Assessment fee for this project is one hour.

Item 100: Preparing Right of Way

Remove abandoned utilities that are in conflict with the new utilities, at no expense to the Department.

Item 416: Drilled Shaft Foundations

Include the cost for furnishing and installing anchor bolts mounted in the drilled shafts in the unit bid price for the various diameter drilled shafts.

The Department may test using ultrasonic methods the anchor bolts for overhead sign supports, light standards, and traffic signal poles after they are installed. Replace faulty anchor bolts as directed. Do not weld the anchor bolts.

Item 420: Concrete Substructures

Unless otherwise noted, use Class C concrete with an ordinary surface finish for signal, lighting, or sign structure foundations.

General Notes Sheet No: 3E General Notes Sheet No: 3F

Highway: SH 3

Item 421: Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Furnish hydraulic cement concrete for concrete pavements, concrete structures, and other concrete construction.

Item 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Use a traffic control plan for handling traffic through the various phases of construction. Follow the phasing sequence unless otherwise agreed upon by the Area Engineer and the Project Manager. Ensure this plan conforms to the latest "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and the latest Barricade and Construction (BC) Standard Sheets. The latest versions of Work Zone Standard Sheets WZ (BTS-1) and WZ (BTS-2) are the traffic control plan for the signal installations.

Submit changes to the traffic control plan to the Area Engineer. Provide a layout showing the construction phasing, signs, striping, and signalizations for changes to the original traffic control plan.

Furnish and maintain the barricades and warning signs, including the necessary temporary and portable traffic control devices, during the various phases of construction. Place and construct these barricades and warning signs in accordance with the latest "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" for typical construction layouts.

Cover work zone signs when work related to the signs is not in progress, or when any hazard related to the signs no longer exists.

Keep the delineation devices, signs, and pavement markings clean. This work is subsidiary to the Item, "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling."

Cover or remove the permanent signs and construction signs that are incorrect or that do not apply to the current situation for a particular phase.

Replace the overhead signs, informational signs, and exit signs to be removed, with temporary signs providing the correct information to the traveling public. Size the replacement signs and include them in the traffic control plan.

Do not mount signs on drums or barricades, except those listed in the latest Barricades and Construction standard sheets.

Use traffic cones for daytime work only. Replace the cones with plastic drums during nighttime hours.

Do not reduce the existing number of lanes open to traffic except as shown on the following time schedule:

Control: 0051-03-120

Highway: SH 3 Sheet No: 3C

One Lane Closure

County: Galveston County

Day	Daytime Closure	Nighttime Closure	Restricted Hours Subject to
	Hours	Hours	Lane Assessment Fee
Monday	9:00 AM – 3:00 PM	12:00 AM - 5:00AM	5:00 AM - 9:00 AM
		8:00 PM – 11:59 PM	3:00 PM – 8:00 PM
Tuesday	9:00 AM – 3:00 PM	12:00 AM - 5:00AM	5:00 AM - 9:00 AM
		8:00 PM – 11:59 PM	3:00 PM – 8:00 PM
Wednesday	9:00 AM – 3:00 PM	12:00 AM - 5:00AM	5:00 AM - 9:00 AM
		8:00 PM – 11:59 PM	3:00 PM – 8:00 PM
Thursday	9:00 AM – 3:00 PM	12:00 AM - 5:00AM	5:00 AM - 9:00 AM
		8:00 PM – 11:59 PM	3:00 PM – 8:00 PM
Friday	9:00 AM – 3:00 PM	12:00 AM - 5:00AM	5:00 AM - 9:00 AM
		8:00 PM – 11:59 PM	3:00 PM – 8:00 PM
Saturday	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sunday	N/A	N/A	N/A

Law enforcement assistance will be required for this project and is expected to be required for major traffic control changes and lane closures. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed by the Engineer. Before payment will be made, complete the "Daily Report on Law Enforcement Force Account Work" (Form 318), provided by the Department and submit daily invoices that agree with this form for any day during the month in which approved services were provided.

Provide full-time, off-duty, uniformed, certified peace officers, as part of traffic control operations. The peace officers must be able to show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officers Standards. The cost of the officers is paid for on a force account basis.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The

General Notes Sheet No: 3G General Notes Sheet No: 3H

Highway: SH 3

Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation and Environmental Controls

The use of hay bales is not permitted as Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) measures.

The Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWP3) consists of temporary erosion control measures needed and provided for under this Item. The disturbed area is less than one acre and use of erosion control measures is not anticipated. If physical conditions encountered at the job site require necessary controls, BMP installation, maintenance, and removal will be paid as extra work on a force account basis per Articles 4.4 and 9.7. Since the disturbed area is less than 5 acres, a "Notice of Intent" (NOI) is not required.

Item 618: Conduit

When backfilling bore pits, ensure that the conduit is not damaged during installation or due to settling backfill material. Compact select backfill in 3 equal lifts to the bottom of the conduit; or if using sand, place it 2 in. above the conduit. Ensure backfill density is equal to that of the existing soil. Prevent material from entering the conduit.

Construct bore pits a minimum of 5 ft. from the edge of the base or pavement. Close the bore pit holes overnight.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, install underground conduit a minimum of 24 in. deep. Install the conduit in accordance with the latest National Electrical Code (NEC) and applicable Department standard sheets. Place conduit under driveways or roadways a minimum of 24 in. below the pavement surface.

If using casing to place bored conduit, the casing is subsidiary to the conduit.

Where PVC, duct cable, and HDPE conduit 1 in. and larger is allowed and installed per Department standards, provide a PVC elbow in place of the galvanized rigid metal elbow required by the Electrical Details standards. Ensure the PVC elbow is of the same schedule rating as the conduit to which it is connected. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape to pull conductors through the PVC conduit system.

Remove conductor and conduit to be abandoned to 1 ft. below the ground level. This work is subsidiary to the various bid items.

Do not use cast iron junction boxes in concrete traffic barriers and single slope traffic barriers. Use polymer concrete junction boxes as shown on standard sheet ED(4)-14. Mount the junction boxes flush (+ 0 in., - 1/2 in.) with the concrete surface of the concrete barrier.

County: Galveston County Control: 0051-03-120

Highway: SH 3 Sheet No: 3D

Provide a single 1/C #14 insulated wire in conduit runs which have been identified in the plans to carry fiber optic cable. Provide UL-listed solid copper wire with orange color low density polyethylene insulation, suitable for conduit installation, rated for a temperature range of -20 C to +60 C and a voltage rating of 600V. This wire will serve as a tracer, or locate, wire for locating underground conduit containing fiber optic cabling and will be paid for under Item 620, "Electrical Conductors."

Item 620: Electrical Conductors

Test each wire of each cable or conductor after installation. Incomplete circuits or damage to the wire or the cable are cause for immediate rejection of the entire cable being tested. Remove and replace the entire cable at no expense to the Department. Also test the replacement cable after installation.

When pulling cables or conductors through the conduit, do not exceed the manufacturer's recommended pulling tensions. Lubricate the cables or conductors with a lubricant recommended by the cable manufacturer.

For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide double-pole breakaway fuse holders as shown on the Department's Construction Division (CST) material producers list. Check the latest link on the Department's website for this list. The category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." The fuse holder is shown on the list under Items 610 and 620. Provide 10 Amp time delay fuses.

Ensure that circuits test clear of faults, grounds, and open circuits.

Split bolt connectors are allowed only for splices on the grounding conductors.

For Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies (Item 685) and Pedestal Pole Assemblies (Item 687) within the project, provide single-pole breakaway disconnects as shown on the Construction Division (CST) material producers list. Check the latest link on the Department's website for this list. The category is "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." The fuse holder is shown on the list under Item 685. For underground (hot) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a dummy fuse (slug). Provide dummy fuse (slug). For grounded (neutral) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a white colored marking and a permanently installed dummy fuse (slug).

For electrical licensing and electrical certification requirements for this project, see Item 7 of the Standard Specifications and any applicable special provisions to Item 7.

Item 624: Ground Boxes

The ground box locations are approximate. Alternate ground box locations may be used as directed, to avoid placing in sidewalks or driveways.

Ground metal ground box covers. Bond the ground box cover and ground conductors to a ground rod located in the ground box and to the system ground.

General Notes Sheet No: 3I General Notes Sheet No: 3J

Highway: SH 3

Ground the existing metal ground box covers as shown on the latest standard sheet ED (4)-14.

During construction and until project completion, provide personnel and equipment necessary to remove ground box lids for inspection. Provide this assistance within 24 hours of notification.

Construct concrete aprons in accordance with the latest standard sheet ED (4)-14. Make the depth of the concrete apron the same as the depth of the ground box, except for Type 1 and Type 2 ground boxes. For Type 1 or Type 2 ground boxes, construct the concrete apron in accordance with details shown on the "Ground Box Details Installations" standard.

Item 628: Electrical Services

Verify and coordinate the electrical service location with the engineering section of the appropriate utility district or company.

Identify the electrical service pole with an address number assigned by the Utility Service Provider. Provide 2-in. numerals visible from the highway. Provide numbers cut out aluminum figures nailed to wood poles or painted figures on steel poles or service cabinets.

If the specifications for electrical items require UL-listed products, this means UL-listed or CSA-listed

Item 672: Raised Pavement Markers

If other operations are complete on the project and if the curing time period is not yet elapsed, the contract time will be suspended until the curing is done.

Before placing the raised pavement markers on concrete pavement, blast clean the surface using an abrasive-blasting medium. This work is subsidiary to the Item, "Raised Pavement Markers."

Provide epoxy adhesive that is machine-mixed or nozzle-mixed and dispensed. Equip the machine or nozzle with a mechanism to ensure positive mix measurement control.

Item 678: Pavement Surface Preparation for Markings

Do not blast clean asphalt concrete pavement. Clean asphalt concrete pavement as required under the applicable specifications or as directed.

On new concrete pavement or on existing concrete pavement when placing a new stripe on a new location, remove the curing compounds and contamination from the pavement surface by flail milling or as directed. In addition, air-blast the surface with compressed air just before placing the new stripe.

County: Galveston County Control: 0051-03-120

Highway: SH 3 Sheet No: 3E

On existing concrete pavement when placing a new stripe on an existing location, after removing the existing stripe under the Item, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers," airblast the surface with compressed air just before placing the new stripe.

Do not clean concrete pavement by grinding.

Item 680: Highway Traffic Signals

Clearly mark or highlight on the shop drawings the items being furnished for this project.

Furnish labor, tools, equipment, and materials as shown on the plans and specifications for a complete and operating signal installation.

Furnish the type of controller cabinet specified on the plans. Refer to the table shown in the Departmental Material Specifications (DMS-11170, Fully Actuated, Solid-State Traffic Signal Controller Assembly), Section 11170.6.A, Type 2 cabinet, page 4 of 39, regarding the size of the cabinet, back panel configuration, and the size of the load bay. Use the following website to view this specification:

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/material-specifications.html

Complete traffic signal construction work, including correcting discrepancies shown on the Department inspector's "Traffic Signal Installation Inspection Report" before the beginning of the test period.

Provide a full-time qualified traffic signal technician responsible for installing, maintaining, or replacing traffic signal devices.

Staking in the field is subject to approval.

Adjust project construction, if needed, due to conflicts with underground utilities.

Do not aim the luminaire arms mounted on traffic signal poles into the intersection. Aim each arm perpendicular to the centerline of the roadway it is intended to cover, to develop the proper illumination pattern for the intersection.

Provide continuous conductors without splices from signal controller to signal heads. Route the conductors for luminaires to the service enclosure. Splices or attachments to the terminal block in the access compartment of the mast arm pole are not permitted except for the luminaire cable.

Abrasions to the conductor insulation caused while pulling cable for the traffic signal system are cause for immediate rejection. Remove and replace the entire damaged cable at no expense to the Department.

When pulling cables or conductors through conduit, do not exceed the manufacturer's recommended pulling tensions. Lubricate the cables or conductors with a lubricant as recommended by the cable manufacturer.

General Notes Sheet No: 3K General Notes Sheet No: 3L

Highway: SH 3

Bond the controller housing, signal poles, conduit, and spans to a minimum No. 6 AWG stranded copper conductor. An equipment grounding conductor is required in every conduit to form a continuous grounding system. Effectively connect the grounding system to ground rods or concrete encased grounding electrodes as indicated in the plans.

Wrap signal heads with dark plastic or suitable material to conceal the signal faces from the time of installation until placing into operation. Do not use burlap.

Furnish signal heads from the same manufacturer.

Use Type B (high intensity prismatic) or Type D (diamond grade) retroreflective sheeting for signs mounted under or adjacent to the signal heads.

Furnish and attach compression type connectors. Install the connectors with a compression mechanical release hand-crimping tool to each individual conductor before making connections to the terminal strips.

The Contractor may use ready mix concrete.

Apply membrane curing on concrete work in accordance with Section 420.4.10.3, "Membrane Curing."

The standard 4.5-in. galvanized pipe type poles, except the breakaway type, are subject only to the Engineer's inspection for their acceptance. Mill test reports or documentation will not be required.

Item 682: Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads

Install two set screws on vehicle signal head mounting hardware fittings.

Furnish black housings for vehicle and pedestrian signals. Furnish black vehicle signal head back plates with 2 in. retroreflective yellow borders.

Item 686: Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)

For a steel mast arm or steel strain pole assembly, hold the anchor bolts and conduits rigidly in place with a welded steel template.

Leave a minimum of one full diameter thread exposed on each anchor bolt securing a signal pole.

Set the anchor bolts for the steel strain poles so that two are in compression and two are in tension.

Use a Texas Cone Penetrometer reading of 10. The drilled shaft length is from the surface elevation to the bottom of the drilled shaft. Provide an additional length of the pole foundation from the surface level to the roadway level, if required for unusual locations. Provide the drilled

County: Galveston County Control: 0051-03-120

Highway: SH 3 Sheet No: 3F

shaft depth regardless of the length of the pole foundation. The pole foundation depth from the surface level to the roadway level is a maximum of 4 ft., or as approved.

Locate traffic signal pole assembly foundations a minimum of 4 ft. from the roadway curb or pavement edge, or as shown on the plans.

Place steel strain poles at a 10 ft. desirable minimum distance from the roadway curb or pavement edge.

After the traffic signal pole assembly is plumb and the nuts are tight, tack-weld each anchor bolt nut in two places to its washer. Tack-weld each washer to the base plate in two places. Do not weld components to the bolt. Perform tack-welding in accordance with the Item, "Steel Structures." After tack-welding, repair galvanizing damage on bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with Section 445.3.5, "Repairs."

The Department may test the anchor bolts using ultrasonic methods for traffic signal poles after they are installed. Replace faulty anchor bolts as directed. Do not weld the anchor bolts.

Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

A shadow vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMAs) or Trailer Attenuators (TAs) is required as shown on the appropriate Traffic Control Plan (TCP) sheets. TMAs/TAs must meet the requirements of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List.

Level 3 Compliant TMAs/TAs are required for this project.

A total of one (1) shadow vehicle with a TMA/TA is required for the work with the exception of Pavement Marking Operations. The Contractor is responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs/TAs needed on the project.

A total of three (3) shadow vehicles with a TMA/TA are required for Pavement Marking Operations. The Contractor is responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs/TAs needed on the project.

General Notes Sheet No: 3M General Notes Sheet No: 3N



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0051-03-120

DISTRICT Houston HIGHWAY SH 3

COUNTY Galveston

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0051-03	-120		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00180	603	1	
			OUNTY	Galveston		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
			HWAY	SH 3			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	416-6032	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	32.000		32.000	
	416-6034	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (48 IN)	LF	44.000		44.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	5.000		5.000	
	506-6040	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	LF	32.000		32.000	
	618-6046	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2")	LF	195.000		195.000	
	618-6054	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (3") (BORE)	LF	165.000		165.000	
	618-6058	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (4")	LF	80.000		80.000	
İ	618-6059	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (4") (BORE)	LF	80.000		80.000	
İ	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	520.000		520.000	
	620-6012	ELEC CONDR (NO.4) INSULATED	LF	40.000		40.000	
İ	621-6005	TRAY CABLE (4 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	730.000		730.000	
	624-6010	GROUND BOX TY D (162922)W/APRON	EA	6.000		6.000	
	628-6145	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)SP(O)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	772.000		772.000	
İ	666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	211.000		211.000	
İ	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	703.000		703.000	
İ	666-6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	180.000		180.000	
İ	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	135.000		135.000	
İ	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	800.000		800.000	
İ	668-6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	8.000		8.000	
İ	668-6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	32.000		32.000	
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	48.000		48.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	12.000		12.000	
	678-6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	1,115.000		1,115.000	
	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF	772.000		772.000	
	678-6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	211.000		211.000	
	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF	703.000		703.000	
	678-6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA	8.000		8.000	
İ	678-6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	6.000		6.000	
İ	680-6003	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (SYSTEM)	EA	1.000		1.000	
İ	680-6004	REMOVING TRAFFIC SIGNALS	EA	1.000		1.000	
ļ	682-6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA	8.000		8.000	
ļ	682-6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA	4.000		4.000	
İ	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	8.000		8.000	
İ	682-6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA	4.000		4.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Houston	Galveston	0051-03-120	4



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0051-03-120

DISTRICT Houston HIGHWAY SH 3

COUNTY Galveston

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0051-03	3-120		
		PROJI	ECT ID	A00180	0603	1	
		CC	DUNTY	Galves	iton	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	SH	3		TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	_	
	682-6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	682-6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	682-6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	682-6049	BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR(4 SEC)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	682-6060	BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR(3 SEC)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	684-6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	1,075.000		1,075.000	
ĺ	684-6009	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(4 CONDR)	LF	1,075.000		1,075.000	
ĺ	684-6012	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF	1,660.000		1,660.000	
ĺ	686-6047	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(44')LUM	EA	2.000		2.000	
ĺ	686-6055	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(50')LUM	EA	2.000		2.000	
ĺ	687-6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA	4.000		4.000	
ĺ	688-6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA	8.000		8.000	
ĺ	688-6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA	1.000		1.000	
ĺ	6058-6001	BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	30.000		30.000	
Ī	6292-6004	RVDS(PRESENCE DET ONLY)(INSTALL ONLY)	EA	4.000		4.000	
Ī	6292-6005	RVDS(ADVANCE DET ONLY)(INSTALL ONLY)	EA	2.000		2.000	
İ	06	MATERIAL FURNISHED BY THE STATE	LS	6.000		6.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		LAW ENFORCEMENT: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Houston	Galveston	0051-03-120	4A

ITEM	DESC			
ITEM	DESC.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL
NO.	6032	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	32
0416	6034	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (48 IN)	LF	44
0500	6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1
0506	6040	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	LF	32
0618	6046	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2")	LF	195
0618	6054	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (3") (BORE)	LF	165
0618	6058	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (4")	LF	80
0618	6059 6007	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (4") (BORE) ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF LF	80 520
0620	6012	ELEC CONDR (NO. 4) INSULATED	LF	40
0621	6005	TRAY CABLE (4 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	730
0624	6010	GROUND BOX TY D (162922)W/APRON	EA	6
0628	6145	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)SP(O)	EA	1
0666	6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	772
0666	6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	211
0666	6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	703
0666	6306 6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL) RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF LF	1 8 0 1 3 5
0666	6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6" (SLD) (100MIL)	LF	800
0668	6077	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	8
0668	6085	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (WORD)	EA	6
0672	6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	32
0672	6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	48
0672	6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	12
0678	6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	1115
0678	6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF	772
0678	6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	211
0678	6008 6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24") PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	LF EA	703 8
0678	6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	<u> </u>
0680	6003	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (SYSTEM)	EA	1
0000	0	TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER, FULLY ACTUATED	EA	1
	0	TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABINET	EA	1
	0	TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER AND BBU FOUNDATION	EA	1
	0	ROD, 5/8" x 10' COPPER CLAD STEEL GROUND (FOR CONTROLLER)	EA	1
	0	LED LUMINAIRE 250W LED EQ	EA	4
	0	SIGN, "FM 517" (60" X 18")	EA	2
	0	SIGN, "SH 3" (42" X 18") DETECTOR CARD RACK 8 SLOT & 4 SLOT	EA EA	2
	0	DETECTOR CARD RACK 8 SLOT & 4 SLOT	EA	1
	0	MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE	EA	4
	0	18-INCH CABINET BASE EXTENSION	EA	1
	0	ETHERNET SWITCH	EA	1
	0	4G LTE CELLULAR MODEM WITH ANTENNA AND POWER SUPPLY	EA	1
0680	6004		EA	1
0682	6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA	8
0682	6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED (GRN ARW)	EA	4
0682	6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL) VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA EA	<u>8</u> 4
0682	6004 6005	VEH SIG SEC (12) LED (YEL ARW)	EA	8
0682	6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA	8
0682	6018	PED SIG SEC (LED) (COUNTDOWN)	EA	8
0682	6049	BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR(4 SEC)	EA	4
0682	6060	BACKPLATE W/REFL BRDR(3 SEC)	EA	8
0684	6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	1075
0684	6009	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (4 CONDR)	LF	1075
0684	6012	TRE SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (7 CONDR)	LF CA	1660
0686 0686	6047 6055	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(44′)LUM INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(50′)LUM	EA EA	2
0686	6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA	4
0001	*	SCREW-IN TYPE ANCHOR FOUNDATION	EA	4
0688	6001	PED DETECTOR PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA	8
	**	SIGN, PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON (9"X15") (R10-3eL)	EA	5
	* *	SIGN, PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON (9"X15") (R10-3eR)	EA	3
0688	6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA	1
6058	6001	BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA	1
6185	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	30
6292	6004	RVDS (PRESENCE DET ONLY) (INSTALL ONLY)	EA	4
6292	***	(18 AWG)(2 CONDR) AND (22 AWG)(4 CONDR) RVDS(ADVANCE DET ONLY)(INSTALL ONLY)	LF	550
0292	6005 ***	(18 AWG) (2 CONDR) AND (22 AWG) (4 CONDR)	EA LF	<u>2</u> 265
0		NTAL TO ITEM 680, FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.	l FL	200

*** (18 AWG) (2 CONDR) AND (22 AWG) (4 CONDR)

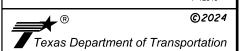
INCIDENTAL TO ITEM 680, FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY.

SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 0687

- ** SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 0688
 *** SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 6292

ITEM 6292 RVDS UNITS WILL BE PROVIDED BY TXDOT THROUGH STATE FORCE ACCOUNT.

_			
NO.	DATE	REVISION	APPROV.
		Conso	1 2040



SH 3 AT FM 517

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

			SHEET	1 OF 1	
ED RD IV NO.	FEI	DERAL AID PROJE		SHEET NO.	
6	STP	2B24(341) VRU	5	
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY		
EXAS	HOU	GALVESTON			
NITROL	SECTION	IOD UTCHWAY			

NOTES FOR PERMANENT TRAFFIC SIGNAL(S):

THE CONTRACTOR TO FURNISH AND INSTALL ALL EQUIPMENT CALLED FOR AND REQUIRED AS NEEDED FOR A FULLY OPERATIONAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE RADAR EQUIPMENT. THE RADAR EQUIPMENT TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND PICKED UP AT THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SIGNAL SHOP, 6810 OLD KATY ROAD, HOUSTON, TEXAS AND INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR. CONTACT MR. MICHAEL AWA, P.E., IN WRITING AT LEAST TWENTY (20) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ACQUIRING THE MATERIALS.

ADDRESS: TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

P.O.BOX 1386

HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1386

TEL NO (713) 802-5661

- INSTALL SIGNALS HORIZONTALLY ON MAST ARM, 17 FT. 6 IN. ABOVE THE ROADWAY.
- FURNISH BLACK HOUSING FOR VEHICLE AND PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS.
- FURNISH BLACK VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD BACK PLATES WITH 2 IN. RETROFLECTIVE YELLOW BORDER.
- FURNISH VEHICLE AND PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS WITH LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) SIGNAL LAMP UNITS.
- FURNISH SYMBOL TYPE PEDESTRIAN COUNTDOWN SIGNALS. INSTALL USING MOUNTING HEIGHT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES
- FURNISH MATERIALS NECESSARY TO INSTALL ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL UNITS AND SIGNS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. INSTALL AT 3 FT - 6IN. TO 4 FT - 0IN. ABOVE THE SIDEWALK OR CONCRETE WALKWAY.
- USE TYPE B (HIGH INTENSITY PRISMATIC) OR TYPE D (DIAMOND GRADE) RETROREFLECTIVE GRADE SHEETING FOR SIGNS MOUNTED UNDER OR ADJACENT TO THE SIGNAL HEADS.
- ROUTE CABLE FOR LUMINAIRES (#12/4C TRAY CABLE) TO THE SERVICE ENCLOSURE. SEE ELECTRICAL DETAIL SHEETS. DO NOT PASS LUMINAIRE CONDUCTORS THROUGH THE SÍGNAL CONTROLLER CABINET.
- FURNISH AND INSTALL FULL-ACTUATED CONTROLLER WITH INTERNAL TIME BASE COORDINATION UNIT IN A BASE MOUNTED
- FURNISH ALL MATERIALS, SUPPLY THE CONTROLLER WITH PHASE SEQUENCE, DETECTOR UNITS, DETECTOR CARD RACK, AND POWER SUPPLY, TO THE DEPARTMENT'S SIGNAL SHOP, 6810 KATY ROAD, HOUSTON, TEXAS FORTY FIVE (45) DAYS IN ADVANCE FOR INSPECTION, SET UP, AND TESTING. CONTACT MR. MICHAEL AWA, P. E., IN WRITING, AT LEAST FIFTEEN (15) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO PICKING UP THE MATERIALS.

ADDRESS: TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

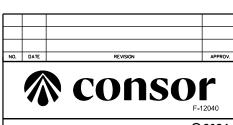
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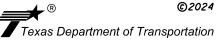
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1386

TEL. NO. (713) 802-5661

- THE TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OFFICE WILL PROVIDE PHASING AND TIMING FOR TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT TRAFFIC SIGNALS.
- LOCATE CONTROLLER(S), MAST ARM POLES, RADAR, ETC., AS APPROVED.
- THE VENDORS' REPRESENTATIVES OF THE RADAR EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED FOR THIS PROJECT MUST SUPERVISE THE INSTALLATION, SETUP AND TESTING OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND BE FACTORY CERTIFIED. THE REPRESENTATIVE MUST BE ON SITE DURING THIS TIME. ANY EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR SETUP AND OPERATION OF THE RADAR DEVICES MUST BE PROVIDED TO TXDOT OR THE CITY UPON COMPLETION. THE VENDORS' REPRESENTATIVE MUST PROVIDE TRAINING TO THE MUNICIPALITIES WHO WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THE RADAR EQUIPMENT AFTER ACCEPTANCE OF
- THE RADAR PRESENCE DETECTOR AND RADAR ADVANCE DETECTION DEVICES MUST BE COMPATIBLE WITH EACH OTHER AND FROM THE SAME MANUFACTURER.
- RADAR PRESENCE DETECTION DEVICE MUST UTILIZE TRUE-PRESENCE DETECTION. SYSTEM USING LOCKING ALGORITHMS TO ATTEMPT PRESENCE DETECTION WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
- RADAR ADVANCE DETECTION DEVICE MUST CONTINUOUSLY TRACK VEHICLE SPEED, DISTANCE, AND ESTIMATED TIME OF
- COMMUNICATION AND POWER TO THE RADAR DEVICES SHALL BE VIA CONTINUOUS CABLE RUN OF UP TO 1000 FEET WITH THE USE OF REPEATERS.
- THE FINAL PLACEMENT OF RADAR DEVICES TO BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER.
- 20. REPAIR OR REPLACE PAVEMENT DAMAGED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FORCES DURING CONSTRUCTION AT NO COST TO THE DEPARTMENT
- REMOVE THE EXISTING STOP SIGN(S) AND THOSE ITEMS DEEMED SALVAGEABLE BY THE ENGINEER. STOCKPILE THOSE ITEMS ON THE RIGHT OF WAY. REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF OTHER ITEMS AT NO EXPENSE TO THE DEPARTMENT.
- ASSUME OWNERSHIP OF THE REMOVED EXISTING SIGNS
- 23. PLACE PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED.
- SEAL ENDS OF ALL CONDUITS WITH DUCT SEAL, EXPANDABLE FOAM, OR BY OTHER METHODS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. SEAL CONDUIT IMMEDIATELY AFTER COMPLETION OF CONDUCTOR INSTALLATION AND PULL TESTS. DO NOT USE DUCT TAPE AS A PERMANENT CONDUIT SEALANT. DO NOT USE SILICONE CAULK AS A CONDUIT SEALANT.
- CAP SPARE CONDUITS INSTALLED IN POLE FOUNDATIONS AND GROUND BOXES USING APPROVED CAPPING DEVICES.
- DO NOT PLACE SIGNAL HEADS OVER THE ROADWAY UNTIL ALL NECESSARY MATERIALS ARE ON HAND AS APPROVED.
- INSTALL TWO SET SCREWS ON ALL VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD MOUNTING HARDWARE FITTINGS 27
- 28. INSTALL A 5/8-IN. (MINIMUM) EYE BOLT FOR THE POINT OF ATTACHMENT BELOW THE SERVICE ENTRANCE WEATHER HEAD FOR THE SERVICÈ DROP TÓ STEEL OR WOOD POLE.
- AIM LUMINAIRE ARMS MOUNTED ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLES PERPENDICULAR TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE ROADWAY IT IS INTENDED TO COVER, TO DEVELOP THE PROPER ILLUMINATION PATTERN FOR THE INTERSECTION.
- PROVIDE 250 WATT HPS (HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM) EQUIVALENT LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) LUMINAIRES OPERATING AT 240 VOLTS
- WRAP SIGNAL HEADS WITH DARK PLASTIC OR SUITABLE MATERIAL TO CONCEAL THE SIGNAL FACES FROM THE TIME OF INSTALLATION UNTIL PLACING INTO OPERATION.

- GROUND STEEL MAST ARM POLE ASSEMBLIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS SHOWN ON THE LATEST TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATION STANDARD. USE THE GROUNDING LUG ON THE POLE TO THE GROUND CONDUCTORS FROM
- VERIFY THE CORRECT MAST ARM POLE LENGTHS FOR EACH SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION PRIOR TO ORDERING THE EQUIPMENT.
- INSTALL A CLOSE NIPPLE WITH LOCK NUT AND BUSHING (SIZE AS REQUIRED) WHERE THE CABLE ENTERS THE UPPER PORTION OF THE SIGNAL POLE
- CLAMP ALL CONDUITS ATTACHED TO SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATIONS WITH CONDUIT STRAPS AND CLAMPS BACKS (MALLEABLE IRON) AT A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 5 FT. CENTER TO CENTER
- ELECTRICAL POWER TO OPERATE THE TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLATION(S) WILL BE PLACED IN THE TXDOT'S NAME. THIS INCLUDES ALL POWER TO OPERATE THE SIGNAL(S) DURING THE VARIOUS PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION AND DURING THE TEST PERIOD PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE OF THE WORK BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SIGNAL CARRYING CAPABILITY AND PERFORMANCE OF THE CABLE. INSTALL EACH WIRE WITH A LIGHTNING PROTECTION DEVICE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- THE ENGINEER OR HIS/HER REPRESENTATIVE WILL COORDINATE THE ORDERING OF THE RADAR EQUIPMENT BY USING FORCE ACCOUNT. ENGINEER OR HIS/HER REPRESENTATIVE WILL CONTACT ARNOLD TREVINO AT (713) 866-7101 TO ORDER
- LIMITS OF PAY FOR BORED CONDUITS SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN FIVE FEET IN FRONT OF AND BEYOND THE ROADWAY OR DRIVEWAY THAT IS BEING BORED UNDER. WHEN MULTIPLE DRIVEWAYS EXIST, THE CONTRACTOR MAY BE ALLOWED TO BORE UNDER THE ENTIRE GROUP OF DRIVEWAYS PROVIDED THE DRIVEWAYS DO NOT EXCEED FORTY FOOT SPACING AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER IN THE FIELD. NO INCREASE FOR BORED CONDUITS WILL BE INCURRED FOR THIS WORK. CONDUIT BORED BETWEEN MULTIPLE DRIVEWAYS TO BE PAID FOR AS TRENCHED CONDUIT.
- USE TYPE 1 GROUND BOXES, INSTALLED NEAR CONTROLLER, EXCLUSIVELY FOR PROPOSED INTERCONNECT CABLE WITH CONDUIT ONLY. DO NOT INSTALL ANY OTHER ELECTRICAL CABLE OR CONDUIT IN THE TYPE 1 GROUND BOX. PROPERLY GROUND THE METAL GROUND BOX COVER(S) WITH THE SYSTEM GROUND TO A GROUND ROD INSTALLED IN THE GROUND BOX. PERFORM THIS WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARD SHEET ED (4)-14.
- CONSTRUCT CONCRETE APRONS FOR TYPE 1 GROUND BOXES, IF NECESSARY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES SHOWN UNDER ITEM 6186.
- PROVIDE CONTINUED OPERATIONS OF EXISTING SIGNALS DURING CONSTRUCTION AND UNTIL THE PROPOSED OPERATIONS ARE COMPLETED.
- ALL TRAFFIC DETECTION DEVISES AND RELATED COMPONENTS SHALL BE SALVAGED AND RETURNED TO THE DEPARTMENT SIGNAL SHOP AT 6810 OLD KATY ROAD, HOUSTON, TEXAS, BETWEEN 9:00 AM AND 3:00 PM, MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY. CAREFULLLY REMOVE THE MATERIALS THAT THEY NOT BE MARRED OR DAMAGED. REPLACE MATERIALS THAT ARE SCARRED, BATTERED OR BROKEN BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO EXPENSE TO THE DEPARTMENT

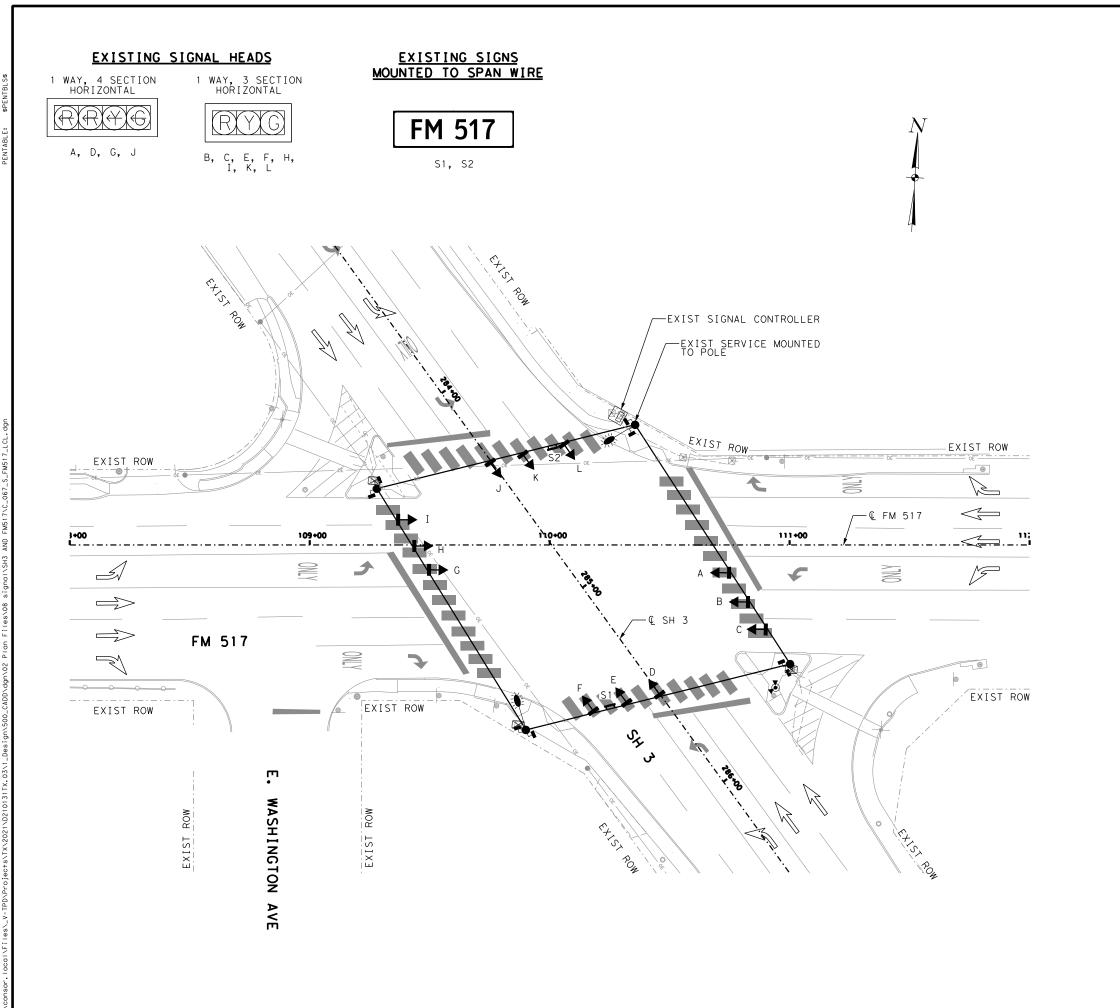




SH 3 AT FM 517

NOTES FOR PERMANENT TRAFFIC SIGNAL

			SHEET	1 OF 1						
FED RD DIV NO.	FEI	FEDERAL AID PROJECT SHEET NO.								
6	STP	2B24(341) VRU	6						
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY							
EXAS	HOU	G.	ALVESTON							
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY								
0051	03	120	120 SH 3							
F 1 1 1		117 AND EMEATS	0 007 0 514	F 4 7 0001						



<u>LEGEND</u>

0

TRAFFIC DIRECTION

EXIST. PED POLE

EXIST. SPAN WIRE

EXIST. SIGNAL HEAD

EXIST SIGNAL POLE

EXIST. LUMINAIRE

EXIST. GROUND BOX

 \boxtimes S1 🕽

EXIST OVERHEAD SIGNS

 \bigcirc

EXIST. ELECTRICAL SERVICE POLE

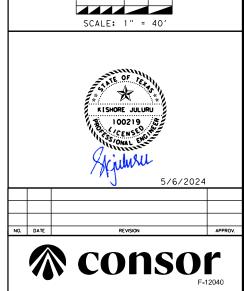
EXIST. PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON

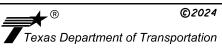
EXIST. SIGNAL CONTROLLER

EXIST. PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD

NOTES:

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR MUST INSTALL PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS ON TOP OF EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AS SHOWN ON THE SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKING LAYOUT. THE EXISTING SURFACE MUST BE PREPARED AS PER ITEM 678 BEFORE INSTALLING PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.
- 2. THE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE TO REMAIN AND MUST BE USED AS A SEALER FOR PROPOSED PAVEMENT MARKINGS.



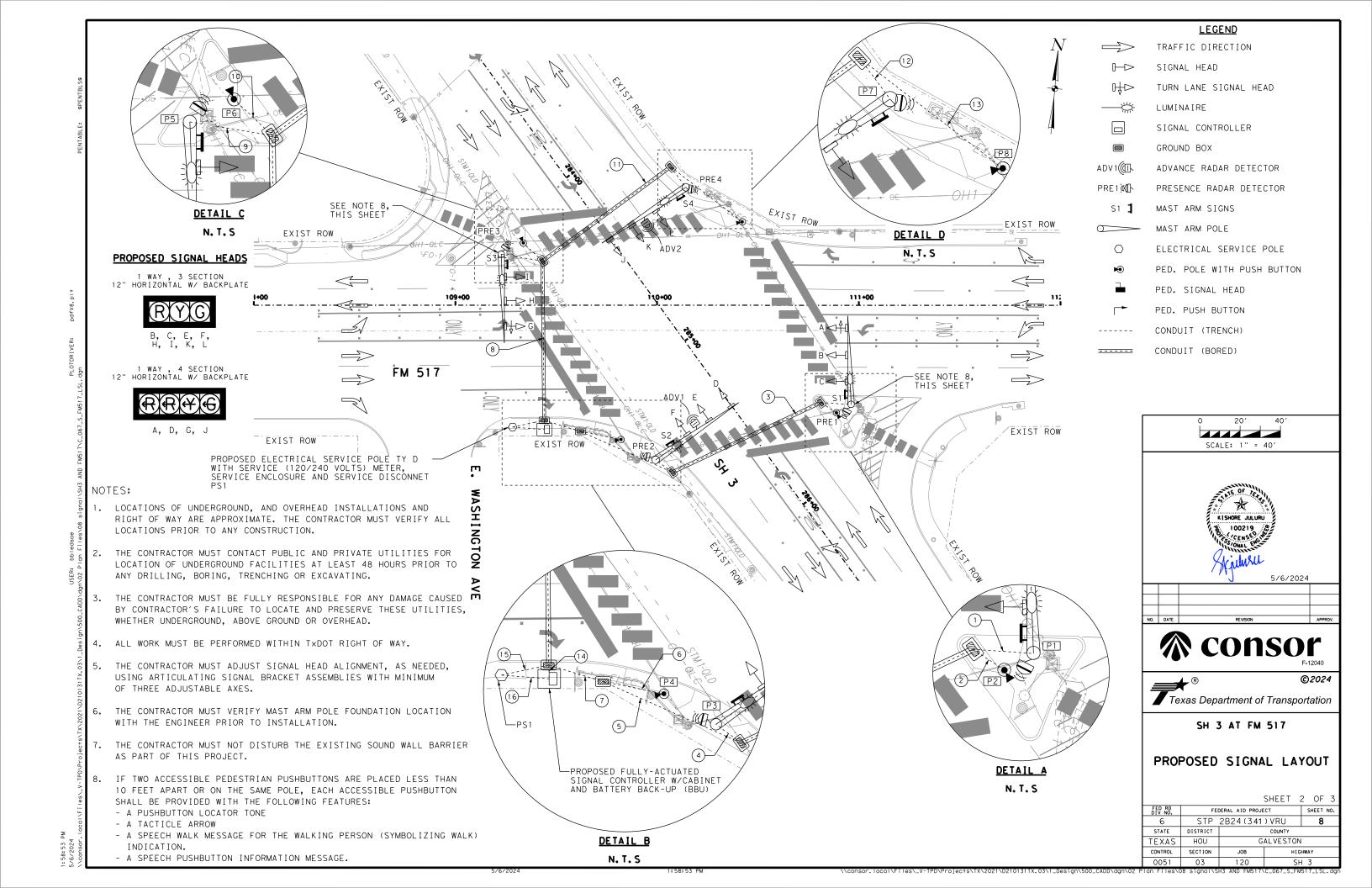


SH 3 AT FM 517

EXISTING LAYOUT

SHEET 1 OF 3

DIV NO.	FE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT								
6	STP	2B24(341) VRU	7						
STATE	DISTRICT									
TEXAS	HOU	G	GALVESTON							
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB HIGHWAY								
0051	03	120	SH	1 3						



Ī													COND	JIT AND CO	NDUCTOF	RUNS												
-						CON (6	DUIT 18)						CONDL	ICTORS 20)			TRAY	CABLE 21)			CAI	BLES 84)				RAI (62	DAR 292)	
						Р	VC				GRO	DUND		POW	ER		LUMI	NAIRE		PEDEST	RIAN		SI	GNAL	PRES.	RADAR	ADV.	RADAR
	RUN NO	RUN LENGTH (ft)		2" HD 80)		3" HD 80)		4" HD 80)		4" HD 80)		‡8 ∖RE		:8 IRE		‡4 LATED	#12 TRAY	2/4C CABLE	#12	2/2C	#1:	2/4C	#1;	2/7C	#18/2C	& #22/4C	#18/2C 8	& #22/4C
			(6	046)	(6	054)	(6	058)	(6)	059)	(6)	007)	(60	07)	(6	012)	(6)	005)	(6)	007)	(6	009)	(6	012)	(SUBS)	[DIARY)	(SUBS!	IDIARY)
			NO	TRENCH	NO	BORE	NO	TRENCH	NO	BORE	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH	NO	LENGTH
			EΑ	LF			EA	LF	EA	LF	EA	LF	EΑ	LF	EA	LF	EΑ	LF	EΑ	LF	EΑ	LF	EΑ	LF	EA	LF	EA	LF
*	1	15	1	15							1	15					1	45 **	1	15	1	15	2	85 *	1	15		
	2	10	1	10							1	10							1	10	1	10						
	3	85			1	85					1	85					1	85	2	85	2	85	2	85	1	85		
*	4	10	1	10							1	10					1	40 **	1	10	1	10	2	80 *	1	10	1	10
	5	50					1	50			1	50					2	50	3	50	3	50	4	50	2	50	1	50
	6	20	1	20							1	20							1	20	1	20						
	7	20					1	20			1	20					2	20	4	20	4	20	4	20	2	20	1	20
	8	80							1	80	1	80					2	80	4	80	4	80	4	80	2	80	1	80
*	9	25	1	25							1	25					1	55 **	1	25	1	25	2	95 *	1	25		
	10	15	1	15							1	15							1	15	1	15						
	11	80			1	80					1	80					1	80	2	80	2	80	2	80	1	80	1	80
*	12	15	1	15							1	15					1	45 **	1	15	1	15	2	85 *	1	15	1	15
	13	45	1	45							1	45							1	45	1	45						
	14	5					2	5			2	5							8	5	8	5	8	5	4	5	2	5
	15	20	1	20							1	20					4	20										
	16	20	1	20									1	20	2	20												
	TOTAL			195		165		80		80		500		20		40		730		1075		1075		1660		550		265

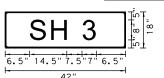
- * CONDUCTOR LENGTHS INCLUDES AN ADDITIONAL 25FT AND THE LENGTH OF MAST ARM FOR SIGNAL CONDUCTORS
- ** CONDUCTOR LENGTHS INCLUDE HEIGHT OF THE TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOR LUMINAIRES

	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA												
ELECTRICAL SERVICE ID	ELECTRICAL SERCIVE DESCRIPTION SEE ED (5,6,7,8)-14	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE	SERVICE CONDUCTORS NO./SIZE	SAFETY SWITCH AMPS	MAIN CKT BKR POLE/AMP	TWO-POLE CONTACTOR AMP	PANELBD/ LOADCENTER AMP RATING	BRANCH CIRCUIT ID	BRANCH CKT BKR POLE/AMPS	BRANCH CIRCUIT AMPS	KVA LOAD		
PS1	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060 (NS)SS(E)SP(O)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60	30	100	TRAFFIC SIGNAL LUMINAIRE	1P/50 2P/15	40 6	6.2		

POLE #	PROPOSED POLE CHART DESCRIPTION
P1	PROPOSED 44' MAST ARM W/ LUMINAIRE, MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE, (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEADS, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eL
P2	PROPOSED 10' HIGH PEDESTAL POLE ON (1) 5' DEEP SCREW ANCHOR FOUNDATION WITH (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEAD, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eL SIGN
Р3	PROPOSED 50' MAST ARM W/ LUMINAIRE, MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE, (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEAD, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eL SIGN
P4	PROPOSED 10' HIGH PEDESTAL POLE ON (1) 5' DEEP SCREW ANCHOR FOUNDATION WITH (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEAD, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eR SIGN
P5	PROPOSED 44' MAST ARM W/ LUMINAIRE, MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE, (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEADS, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eL SIGNS
P6	PROPOSED 10' HIGH PEDESTAL POLE ON (1) 5' DEEP SCREW ANCHOR FOUNDATION WITH (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEAD, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eR SIGN
P7	PROPOSED 50' MAST ARM W/ LUMINAIRE, MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE, (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEAD, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eL SIGN
P8	PROPOSED 10' HIGH PEDESTAL POLE ON (1) 5' DEEP SCREW ANCHOR FOUNDATION WITH (1) LED COUNTDOWN PED SIGNAL HEAD, AND (1) ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL (APS) WITH R10-3eR SIGN
PS1	PROPOSED SERVICE POLE TY D WITH SERVICE (120/240 VOLTS) METER, SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND SERVICE DISCONNECT
	PROPOSED FULLY-ACTUATED CONTROLLER W/ CABINET AND BATTERY BACK-UP (BBU)

	RADAR DETECTION CHART										
DETECTOR #	POLE #	DESCRIPTION									
PRE1	P1	NORTHBOUND APPROACH PRESENCE RADAR DETECTOR									
PRE2	P2	EASTBOUND APPROACH PRESENCE RADAR DETECTOR									
PRE3	P4	SOUTHBOUND APPROACH PRESENCE RADAR DETECTOR									
PRE4	P5	WESTBOUND APPROACH PRESENCE RADAR DETECTOR									
ADV1	P3	SOUTHBOUND APPROACH ADVANCE RADAR DETECTOR									
ADV2	P5	NORTHBOUND APPROACH ADVANCE RADAR DETECTOR									

PROPOSED MAST ARM SIGN DETAILS



5" 14.5" 7.5" 28" 5"

1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green; "SH 3", ClearviewHwy-3-W;

S1, S3

D3-1G 42" × 18" 1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Green; "FM 517", ClearviewHwy-3-W; D3-1G 60" × 18"

S2, S4

PROPOSED ACCESIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS, SIGNS AND PUSH BUTTONS











PROPOSED SIGNAL DETAILS

m consor

Texas Department of Transportation

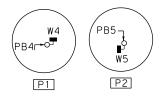
SH 3 AT FM 517

SHEET 3 OF 3 FEDERAL AID PROJECT SHEET NO. 6 STP 2B24(341)VRU STATE DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS HOU GALVESTON CONTROL SECTION 0051 03

5/10/2024

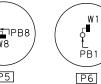
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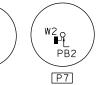
PROPOSED PEDESTRIAN EQUIPMENT CONFIGURATION









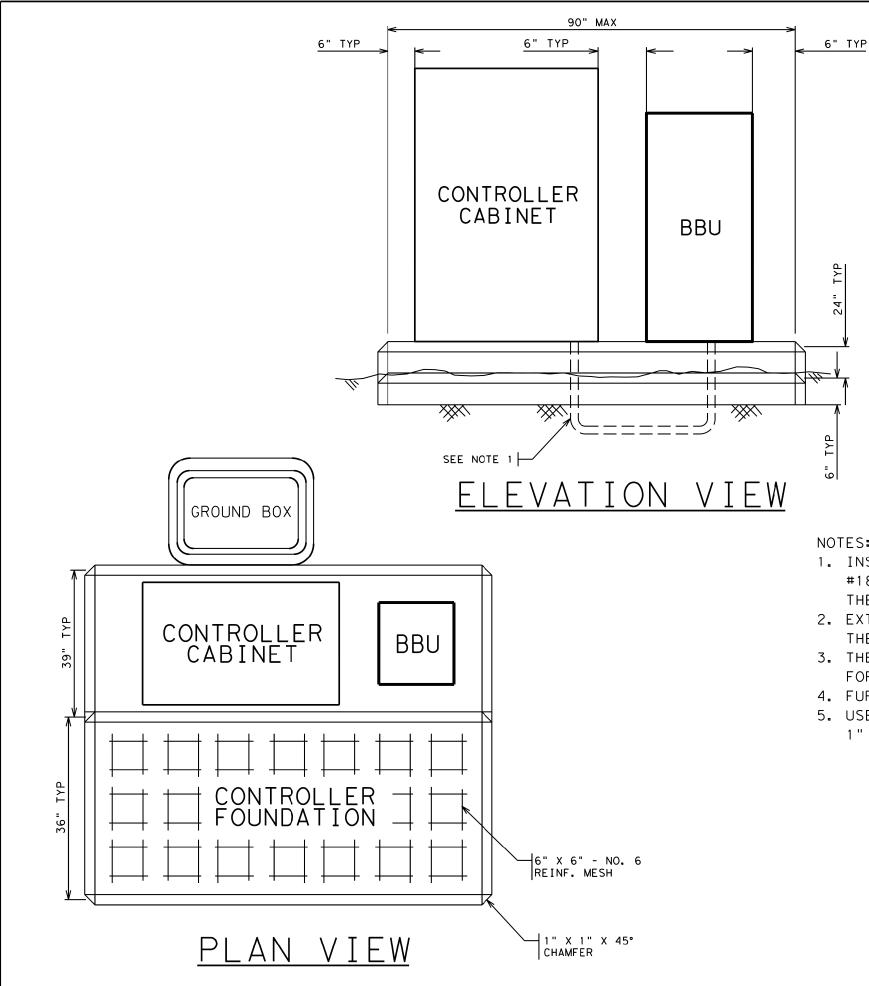


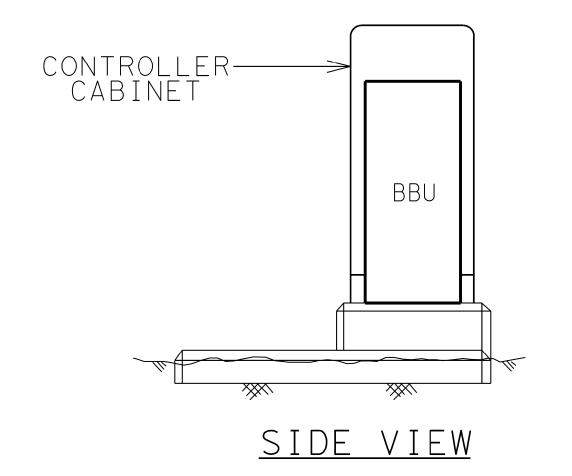




9" x 15" PB1, PB2, PB4, PB6, PB8

P4





NOTES:

- 1. INSTALL 1-1/2 " PVC CONDUIT WITH FIVE #6 AWG CONDUCTORS, TWO #18 AWG CONDUCTORS AND ONE CAT 5 CABLE WITH CONNECTOR BETWEEN THE TWO CABINETS.
- 2. EXTEND THE CONCRETE CONTROLLER PAD (REFER TO SD/SCFD) UNDER THE BBU. MODIFY PAD DIMENSIONS TO FIT EQUIPMENT, AS NEEDED.
- 3. THE WORK PERFORMED AND MATERIALS FURNISHED WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BBU ASSEMBLY.
- 4. FURNISH CLASS "B" OR CLASS "C" CONCRETE.
- 5. USE 6" X 6" NO. 6 REINFORCING MESH IN FOUNDATION WITH 1" X 1" X 45° CHAMFER AT ALL CORNERS.





SIGNAL DETAILS/STANDARDS BBU SIDE MOUNT

SD/S BSM

SCALE	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	STATE	PI	PROJECT NO.						
N. T. S.	6	TEXAS					SH 3			
REVISIONS	STATE DISTRICT	COU	NTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	SHEET NO.			
09/2019	ОН	GALVE	STON	0051	03	120	10			

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

- A. MATERIALS
- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in, and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

Operation
Division
Standard

ED(1) - 14

			•				
E:	ed1-14.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		H1	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0051	03	3 120 SH 3			
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		HOU		GALVES	11		

ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing, Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

C. TEMPORARY WIRING

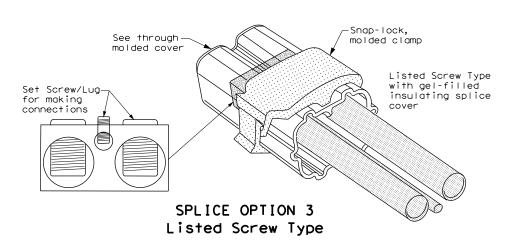
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NEC.

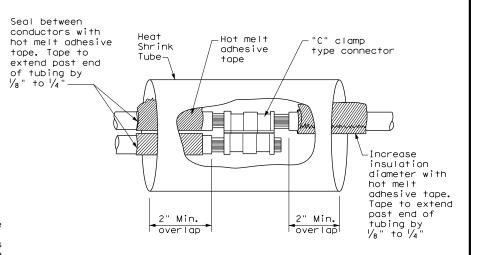
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

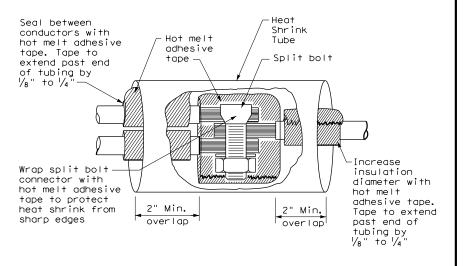
B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.





SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



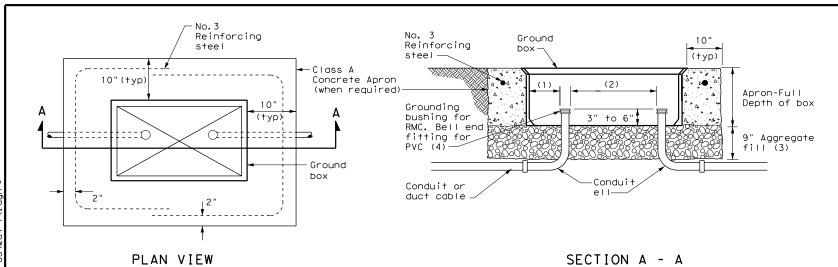
SPLICE OPTION 2 Split Bolt Type



Operation

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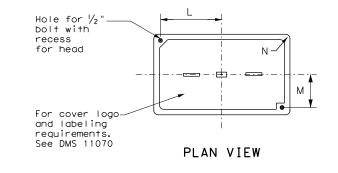


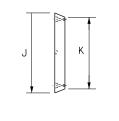
APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

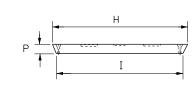
GROU	ND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
А	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
E	12 X 23 X 17

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS												
TYPE	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)											
ITPE	Н	Ι	J	К	L	М	N	Р				
А, В & Е	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 1/2	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2				
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 3/4	1 3/8	2				





END



SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

GROUND BOXES

- A. MATERIALS
- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- 2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES

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ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

- 1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2.Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services,"DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- 3. Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 0. Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the V_2 in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11. Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13. For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to $8\,\%_2$ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15. Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

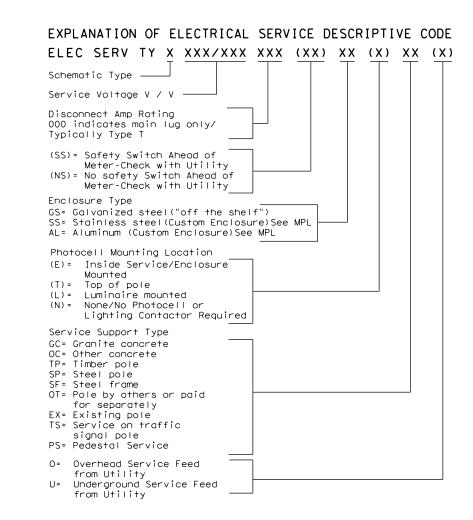
- 1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

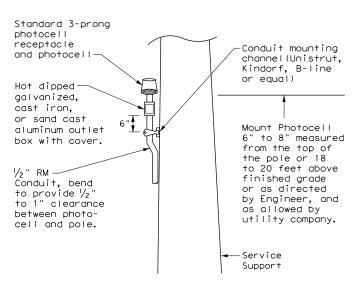
PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

	* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

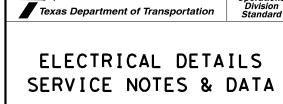
- * Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- ** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National Electrical Code.





TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.



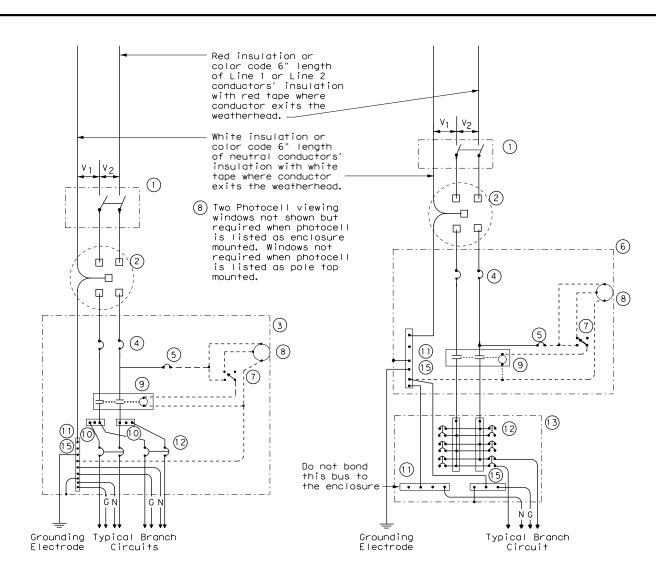
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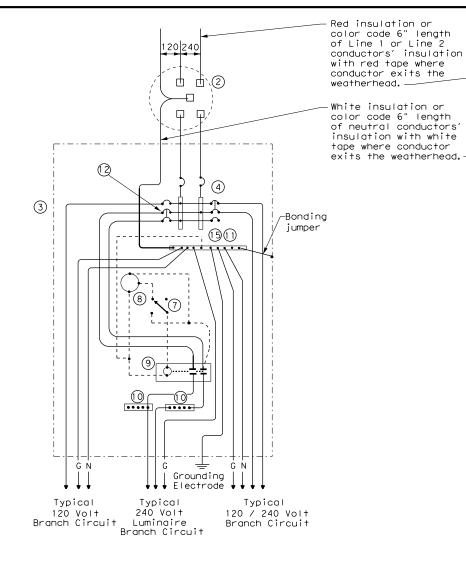
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SCHEMATIC TYPE A

THREE WIRE



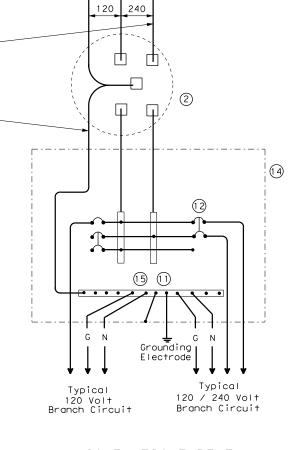
SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE



SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

	WIRING LEGEND
	Power Wiring
	Control Wiring
— N —	Neutral Conductor
— G —	Equipment grounding conductor-always required

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus



SCHEMATIC TYPE T

120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

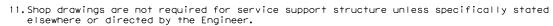
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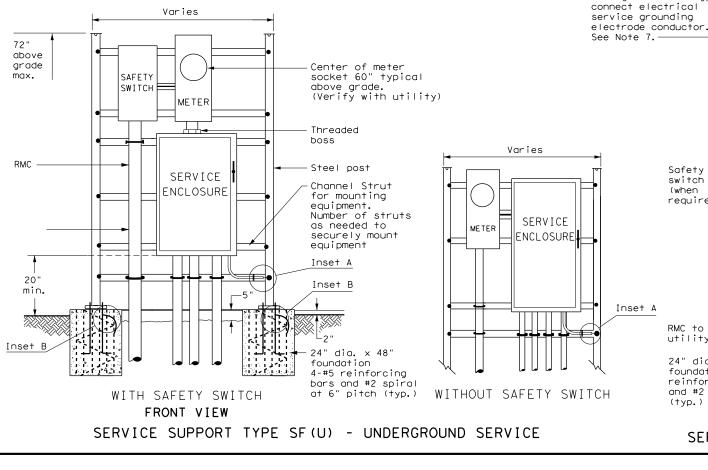
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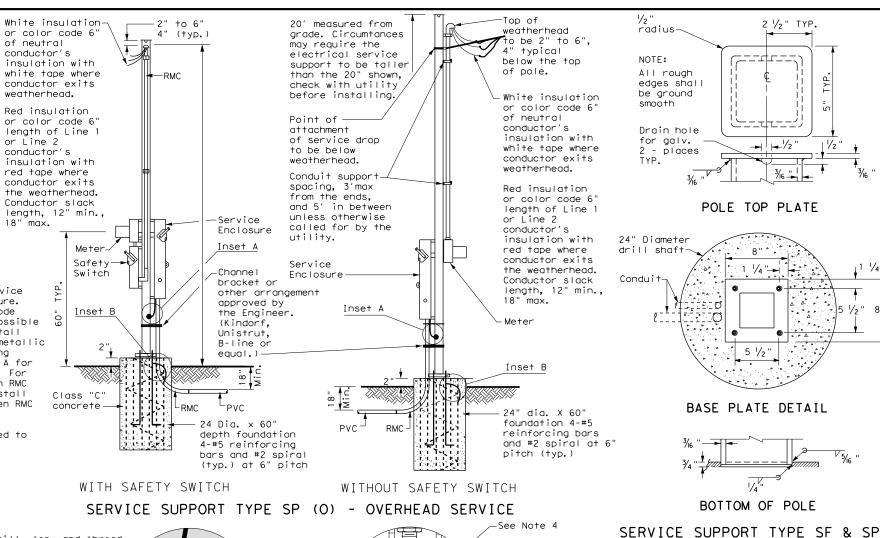
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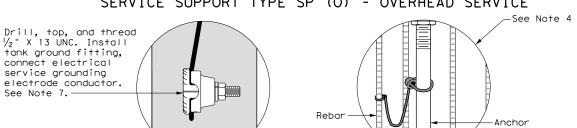
SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF) 1. Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or 1 $\frac{5}{8}$ in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.

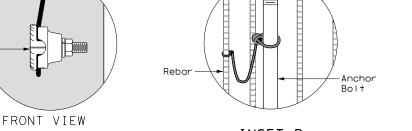
- 2. Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3. Provide and install galvanized $\frac{y_4}{4}$ in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized $\frac{3}{4}$ in. x $\frac{5}{6}$ in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ in. to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.
- 4. Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5. Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of
- 7. Drill and tap steel poles and frames for V_2 in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8. If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.
- 9. Provide $\frac{1}{4}$ " 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all non-conductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections wrench tight.
- 10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.

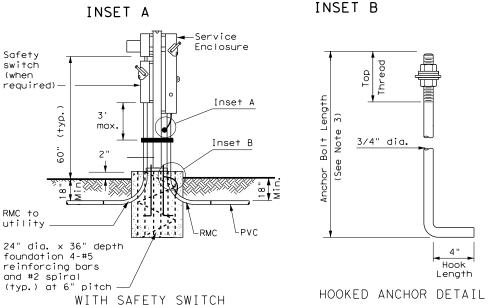




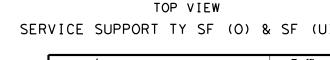


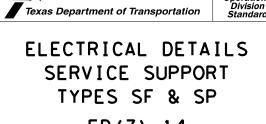






SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE





2 1/2" TYP.

POLE TOP PLATE

8" *

. 1 1/4 🛶

5 ½"

BASE PLATE DETAIL

BOTTOM OF POLE

expansion

joint material

Dimension varies,

install only as

to accommodate

equipment

wide as required

1/2"

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO © TxDOT October 2014 JOB 0051 03 120 SH 3 GALVESTON

ED(7)-14

5" thick

concrete

pad (class C

concrete and

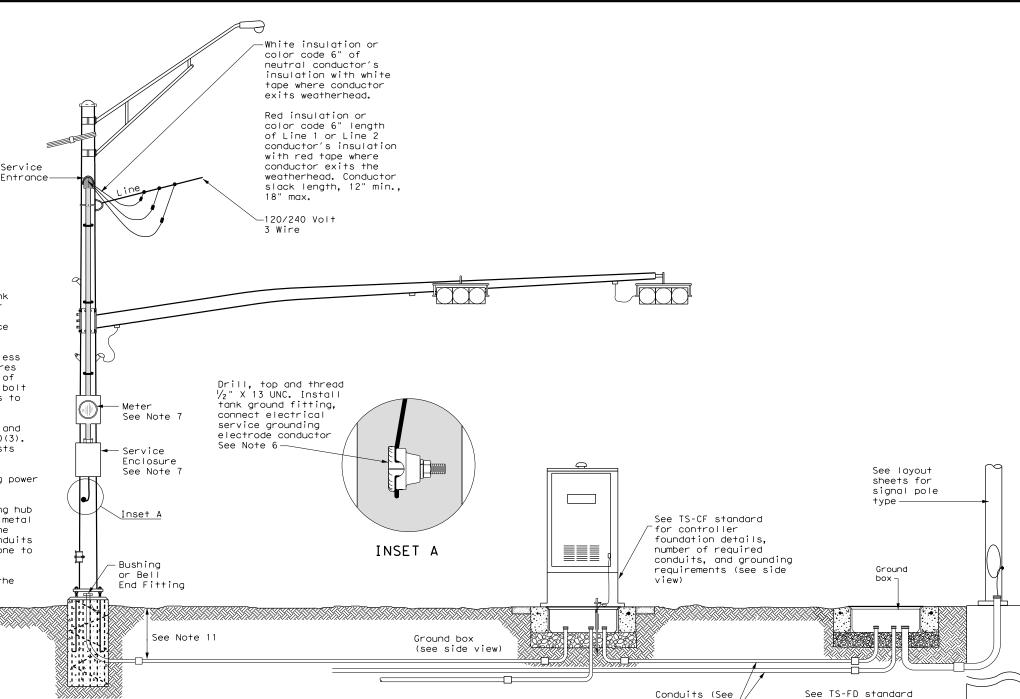
6" X 6" #6

wire mesh)

1:59:38

TRAFFIC SIGNAL NOTES

- 1. Do not pass luminaire conductors through the signal controller cabinet.
- Include an equipment grounding conductor in all conduits throughout the electrical system. Bond all exposed metal parts to the grounding conductor.
- 3. Provide roadway luminaires, when required, in accordance with the material and construction sections of Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies," except for performance testing of luminaires. Test installed roadway luminaires for proper operation as a part of the associated traffic signal system test.
- 4. If internally illuminated street name signs are approved for use, ground the fixture to the pole with a 12 AWG green XHHW conductor.
- Bond anchor bolts to rebar cage in two locations using #3 bars or 6 AWG stranded copper conductors. Use Listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See TXDOT standard TS-FD for further details.
- 6. Drill and tap signal poles for V_2 in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. Provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. directly below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Connect the electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. See Inset A detail for further information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans.
- 7. Mount electrical service enclosure and meter to signal pole with stainless steel bands. Ensure bands are a minimum width of $\frac{3}{4}$ in. Secure enclosures to bands using two-bolt brackets. Install brackets near top and bottom of each enclosure. Install properly sized stainless steel washers on each bolt in the enclosure. Band or drill and tap properly sized stand-off straps to signal pole for attaching conduit.
- 8. Conduct pull tests and insulation resistance tests on all illumination and power conductors as required in Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" and ED(3). To prevent electronics damage, do not conduct insulation resistance tests on traffic signal cables after termination.
- 9. Lock all enclosures and bolt down all ground box covers before applying power to the signal installation.
- 10. Terminate conduits entering the top of enclosures with a conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss such as meter hub. Install a grounding bushing on all metal conduits not connected to conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss. Bond the grounding bushing to the ground bus with a bonding jumper. Seal all conduits entering enclosures with duct seal or expanding foam. Do not use silicone to seal conduit ends.
- 11. For all conduits, ensure the burial depth is a minimum of 18". Ensure the minimum burial depth for conduit placed under a roadway is 24".



SIGNAL POLE WITH SERVICE

Type T electrical service mounted on signal pole shown as an example. See electrical details, layout sheets, and electrical service data chart for additional details.

SIGNAL CONTROLLER FRONT VIEW

layout sheet

for details)-

SIGNAL POLE



sheet for foundation

and conduit details

Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS
TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL
SYSTEM DETAILS

ED(8) - 14

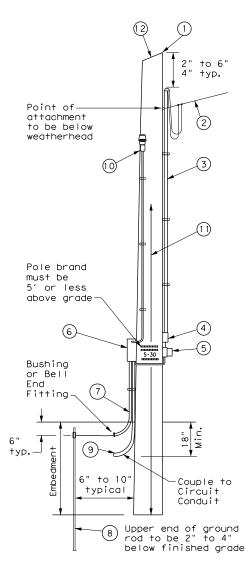
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TxD01	October 2014	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB		HIG	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0051	03 120		SH 3		
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		HOU	GALVESTON		I	17	

SIGNAL CONTROLLER SIDE VIEW

See TS-CF standard for conduit and grounding requirements. See layout sheets for ground box locations and any additional conduits that are required.

TIMBER POLE (TP) SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

- Ensure electrical service support is a class 5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth required in Item 627.
- Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in. of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial service.
- 3. Install pole-top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- 4. Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to $\frac{5}{8}$ in. max, depth and 1 $\frac{7}{8}$ in. max, height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to 3 $^3\!\!/_4$ i maximum depth, and 1½ in. to 1½ in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and paint with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts, $^1\!\!/_4$ in. minimum diameter by 1½ in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flat washer on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- 6. When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- 2 Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- 3 Service conduit (RMC) and service entrance conductors - One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Safety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in $\frac{1}{2}$ in. PVC to ground rod extend $\frac{1}{2}$ in. PVC 6 in. underground.
- (8) % in. x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod - drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in. to 4 in. below grade.
- 9 RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- (i) See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- (1) When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (2) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.

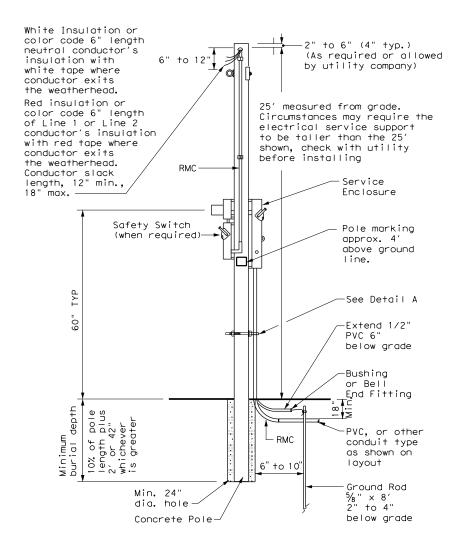


SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (0)

GRANITE CONCRETE (GC) & OTHER CONCRETE (OC) NOTES

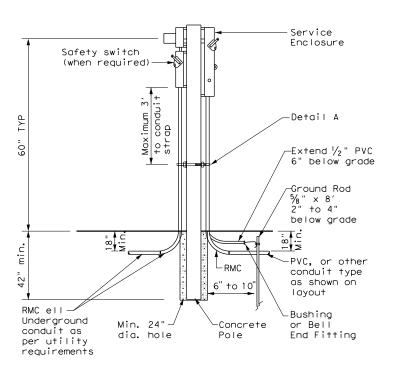
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- 1. Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 "Electrical Services."
- 2. Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- Install a one point rack or eye bolt bracket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in, or 1 $\frac{5}{6}$ in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. deep (Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal). Attach channel strut with stainless steel concrete anchors (max. 1" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.



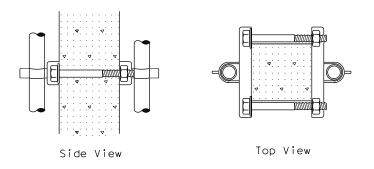
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Overhead(0)



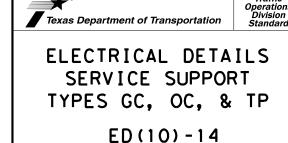
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Underground(U)



DETAIL A

See Note 7. Before installing channel that has been cut, file sharp edges and paint with zinc-rich paint. Ensure there is no paint splatter on the pole.



| Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Company | Comp

Arm		ROUND POLES					POLYGONAL POLES					
Length	D _B	D ₁₉	D ₂₄	D 30	1) thk	D _B	D19	D ₂₄	D 30	1) thk	Foundation Type	
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	1,700	
20	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	. 239	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	. 239	36-A	
24	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	. 239	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.239	36-A	
28	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	. 239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	. 239	36-A	
32	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	. 239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A	
36	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	. 239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A	
40	14.0	11.3	10.6	9.8	. 239	16.0	13.0	12.2	11.3	.239	36-B	
44	14.5	11.8	11.1	10.3	.239	16.5	13.5	12.7	11.8	. 239	36-B	

Arm		ROUND	ARMS				POL Y G	ONAL ARM	S	
Length	L	D,	D ₂	1) thk	Rise	L ₁	D ₁	2 D ₂	1) thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	N136	ft.	in.	in.	in.	
20	19.1	8.0	5.3	.179	1′-8"	19.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1 ′ - 7 "
24	23.1	9.0	5.8	.179	1′-9"	23.1	9.0	3.5	.179	1 ′ -8"
28	27.1	9.5	5.7	.179	1′-10"	27.1	10.0	3.5	.179	1′-9"
32	31.0	9.5	5.2	.239	1'-11"	31.0	9.5	3.5	. 239	1′-10"
36	35.0	10.0	5.1	.239	2'-0"	35.0	10.0	3.5	. 239	1'-11"
40	39.0	10.5	5.1	.239	2'-3"	39.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2′-1"
44	43.0	11.0	5.1	.239	2′-8"	43.0	11.5	4.0	.239	2'-3"

D_B = Pole Base O.D.
D₁₉ = Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire and no ILSN

 D_2 = Arm End O.D. L_1 = Shaft Length = Nominal Arm Length

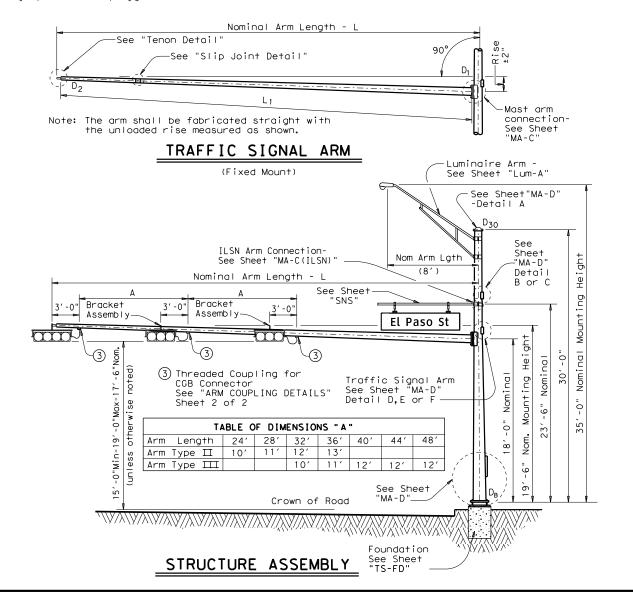
D₂₄ = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN w/out Luminaire

D₃₀ = Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire

 D_1 = Arm Base O.D.

1) Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

 \bigcirc D₂ may be increased by up to 1" for polygonal arms.



SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed-arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

	30' Poles Wi	th Luminaire	24' Poles W	lith ILSN	19' Poles With No Luminaire and No ILSN		
Nominal Arm Length	(or two if I	re plus: One LSN attached) iole, clamp-on	Above he plus one hand ho	e small	See note		
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	20L-100		205-100		20-100		
24	24L-100		245-100		24-100		
28	28L-100		285-100		28-100		
32	32L-100		325-100		32-100		
36	36L-100		365-100		36-100		
40	40L - 100		405-100		40-100		
44	44L-100	2	445-100		44-100		

Traffic Signal Arms (1 per pole)

Ship each arm with the listed equipment attached

	y	F F					
	Type I Arm (Type I Arm (1 Signal)		(2 Signals)	Type Ⅲ Arm	(3 Signals)	
Nominal Arm Length	1 000		1 Bracket A and 2 CGB (2 Bracket Assemblies and 3 CGB Connectors		
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	20I-100						
24	24I-100		24∐-100				
28	28I-100		28Ⅲ-100				
32			32Ⅲ-100		32111-100		
36			36Ⅲ-100		36Ⅲ-100		
40					40111-100		
44					441111-100	2	

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole)

Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
8′ Arm	2

ILSN Arm (Max. 2 per pole) Ship with clamps, bolts and washers

Non	ninal Arm Length	Quantity
7′	Arm	
9′	Arm	

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

	Anchor Bolt Diameter	Anchor Bolt Length	Quantity
1	1 1/2 "	3'-4"	
1	1 3/4"	3′-10"	2
1	2"	4′-3"	

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

SHEET 1 OF 2



Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (100 MPH WIND ZONE) SMA-100(1)-12

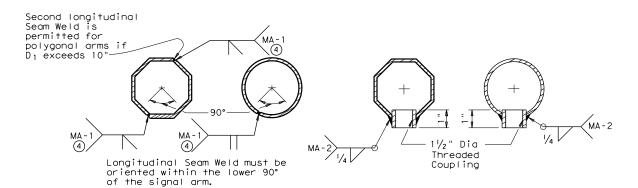
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SLIP JOINT DETAIL

TENON DETAIL

Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia Threaded Coupling.

BRACKET ASSEMBLY



ARM WELD DETAIL

4)60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential base welds.

ARM COUPLING DETAILS

VIBRATION WARNING

Mast Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions; existence/solidity of backplates; presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras; arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to mitigate vibrations.

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tp, a damping plote shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 100 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor.

Poles are designed to support one 8′-0" luminaire arm, one 9′-0" internally lighted street name sign and one traffic signal arm with a length as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of the luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign load applied 4.5 ft from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag coefficient).

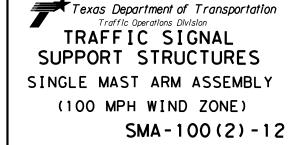
See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

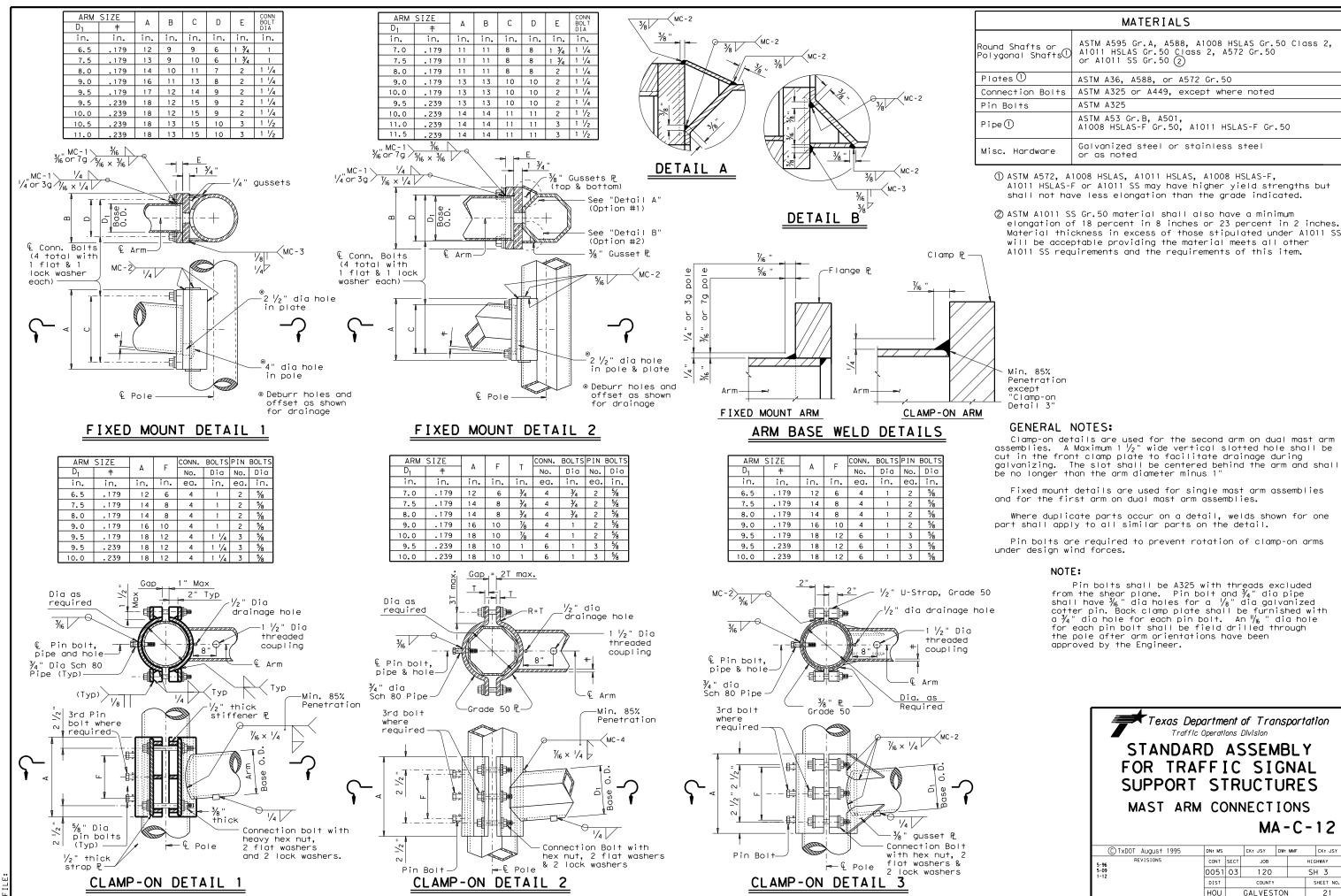
Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

SHEET 2 OF 2



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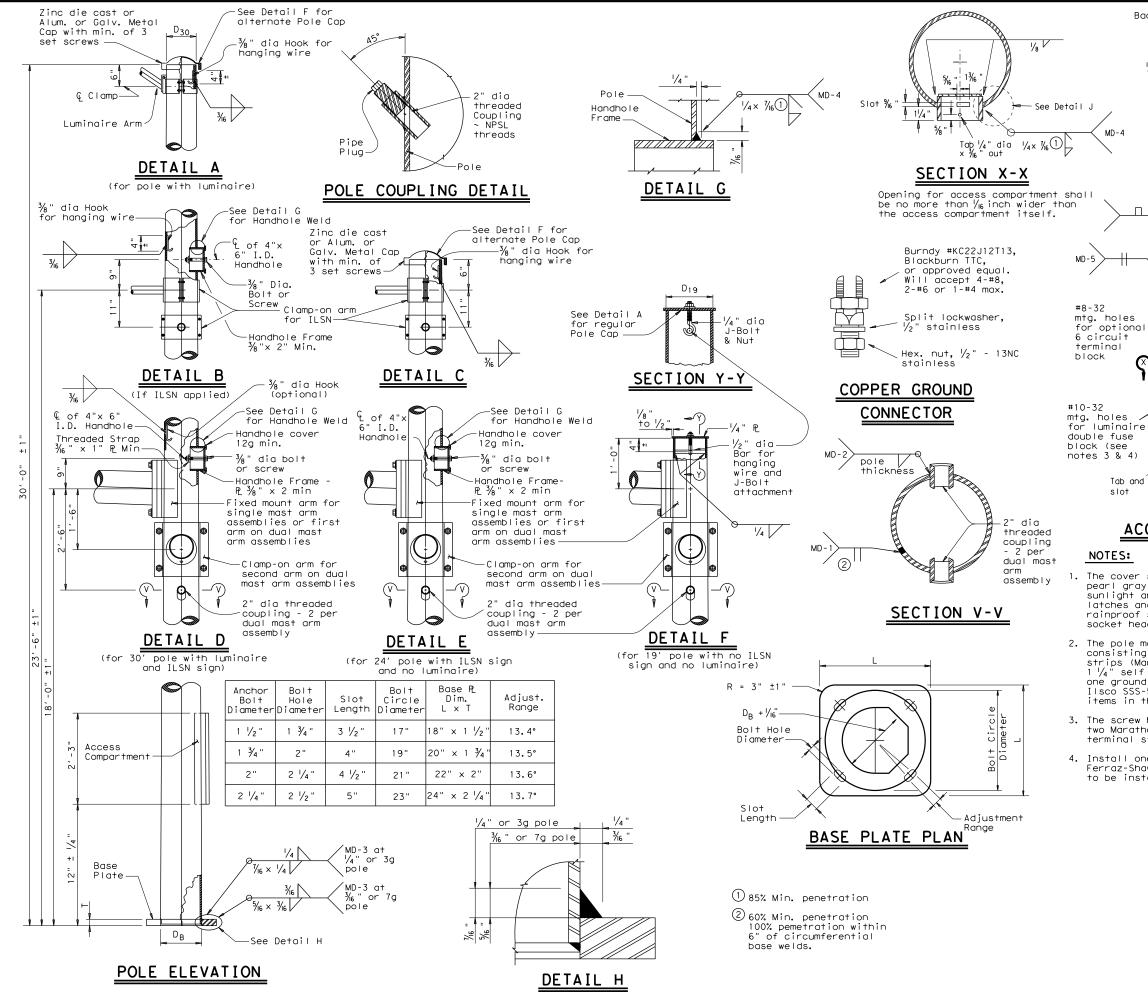


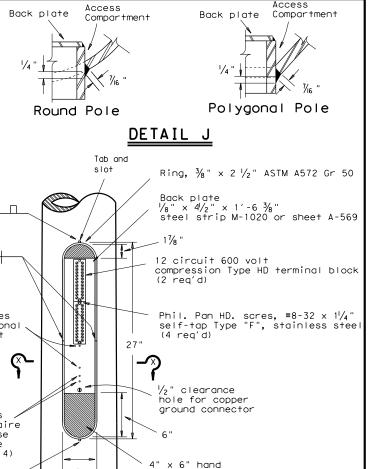
MA-C-12

SH 3

JOB

120





hole opening

ACCESS COMPARTMENT

43/4"

NOTES:

- The cover shall be one piece formed from ABS plastic, shall be a pearl gray color, and shall be suitable for exposure to harsh sunlight and extreme weather. Cover shall latch with two screw latches and shall fit tightly to the enclosure ring to create a rainproof seal. Latch screws shall be 1/4-20 stainless flat socket head screws with tamper proof feature.
- 2. The pole manufacturer shall provide with each pole a separate kit consisting of: one cover with two latching assemblies, two termina strips (Marathon #985CP12CU or approved equal), four #8-32 x 1 1 /₄" self tapping type "F" stainless steel pan head screws, and one ground connector (Blackburn TTC, Burndy KC22J12T13, or Ilsco SSS-5). The traffic signal contractor shall install the kit items in the field.
- 3. The screw hole spacing on the enclosure back plate shall be for two Marathon #985GP12 terminal strips, one Marathon #985GP06CU terminal strip, and one Bussmann #BM6032B fuse block.
- 4. Install one Bussmann #BM6032B, Littelfuse #L60030M-2C, or Ferraz-Shawmut #30352 fuse block for poles where luminaires are to be installed.



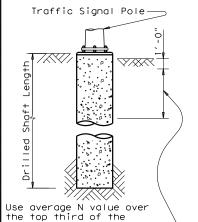
TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES MAST ARM POLE DETAILS

MA-D-12

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T		FOUNDATION DESIGN TABLE															
ſ	FDN	DRILLED	REIN S	FOR TEE		3	EMBEDDE LENGTI	D DRILLE H-f† 4),	D SHAFT (5), (6)		HOR BO	LT DES	IGN	FOUNDA DES:	ATION IGN AD ②		1
	TYPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS		SPIF			NE PENE blows/f 15		ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)	BOLT CIR DIA	ANCHOR TYPE	MOMENT	SHEAR	TYPICAL APPLICATION	
	24-A	24"	4-#5	#2	at	12"	5.7	5.3	4.5	3/4 ''	36	12 3/4"	1	10	1	Pedestal pole, pedestal mounted controller.	1
ſ	30-A	30"	8-#9	#3	at	6"	11.3	10.3	8.0	1 1/2 "	55	17"	2	87	3	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)	7
	36-A	36"	10-#9	#3	3 at	6"	13.2	12.0	9.4	1 3/4"	55	19"	2	131	5	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) 30' strain pole with or without luminaire	
	36-B	36"	12-#9	#3	at	6"	15.2	13.6	10.4	2"	55	21"	2	190	7	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) Strain pole taller than 30′& strain pole with mast arm	
ı	42-A	42"	14-#9	#3	s at	6"	17.4	15.6	11.9	2 1/4"	55	23"	2	271	9	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)	1

	FOUNDATION SELE ARM PLUS IL	CTION TABL SN SUPPORT	E FOR STAND ASSEMBLIES	ARD MAST (ft)	
		FDN 30-A	FDN 36-A	FDN 36-B	FDN 42-A
_	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH	32′	48′		
I GN D		24′ X 24′			
DES SPEE		28′ X 28′			
	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM	32′ X 28′	32' X 32'		
80 MPF WIND	LENGTH COMBINATIONS		36′ X 36′		
og ×			40′ X 36′		
~			44′ X 28′	44′ X 36′	
z	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH		36′	44'	
DESIGN PEED			24′ X 24′		
SES PEE			28′ X 28′		
	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM		32′ X 24′	32' X 32'	
물일	LENGTH COMBINATIONS			36′ X 36′	
OO MPH WIND				40′ ×24′	40′ X 36′
Ĕ					44′ × 36′



if material is firm enough

to do so when

concrete is placed.

ELEVATION

FOUNDATION DETAILS

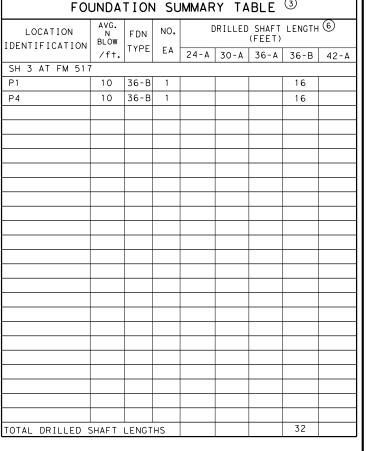
embedded shaft.

NOTES:

- ① Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Loads.
- (2) Foundation Design Loads are the allowable moments and shears at the base of the structure.
- (3) Foundations may be listed separately or grouped according to similarity of location and type. Quantities are for the Contractor's information only.
- ④ Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.
- (5) If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shaft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- (6) Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

	ANC	HOR BOLT	& TEMPL	ATE SIZE	S	
BOLT DIA IN.	7 BOLT LENGTH	TOP THREAD	BOTTOM THREAD	BOLT CIRCLE	R2	Rı
3/4 "	1′-6"	3"	_	12 ¾"	7 1/8"	5 % "
1 1/2 "	3′-4"	6"	4"	17"	10"	7"
1 3/4"	3′-10"	7"	4 1/2 "	19"	11 1/4"	7 3/4"
2"	4′-3"	8"	5"	21"	12 ½"	8 1/2 "
2 1/4"	4′-9"	9"	5 1/2"	23"	13 3/4"	9 1/4"

(7) Min dimensions given, longer bolts are acceptable.



GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

Reinforcing Steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes. Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts"



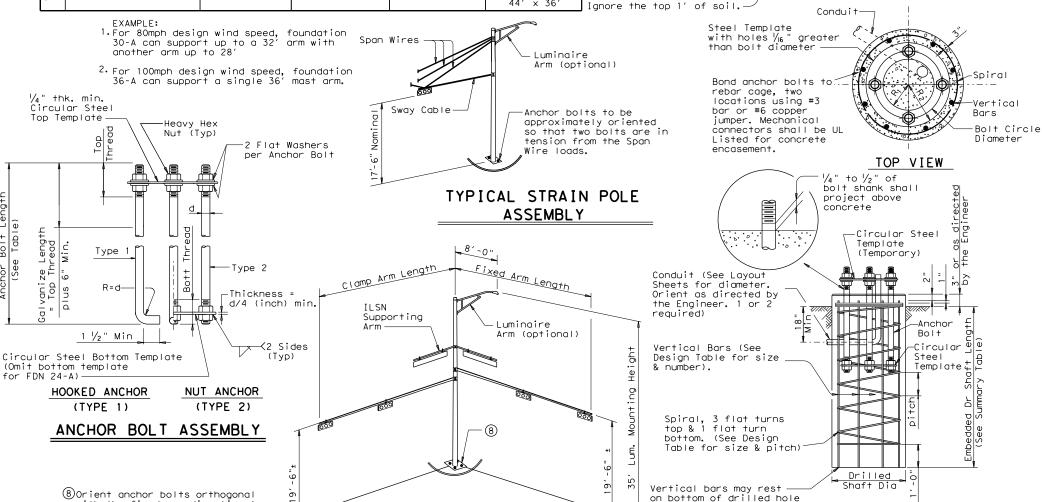
5/6/2024



TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATION

TS-FD-12

©⊺xDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MAO/MMF	CK:JSY/TEB
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
2	0051	03	120			SH 3
	DIST		SHEET NO.			
	HOU	GALVESTON 23				



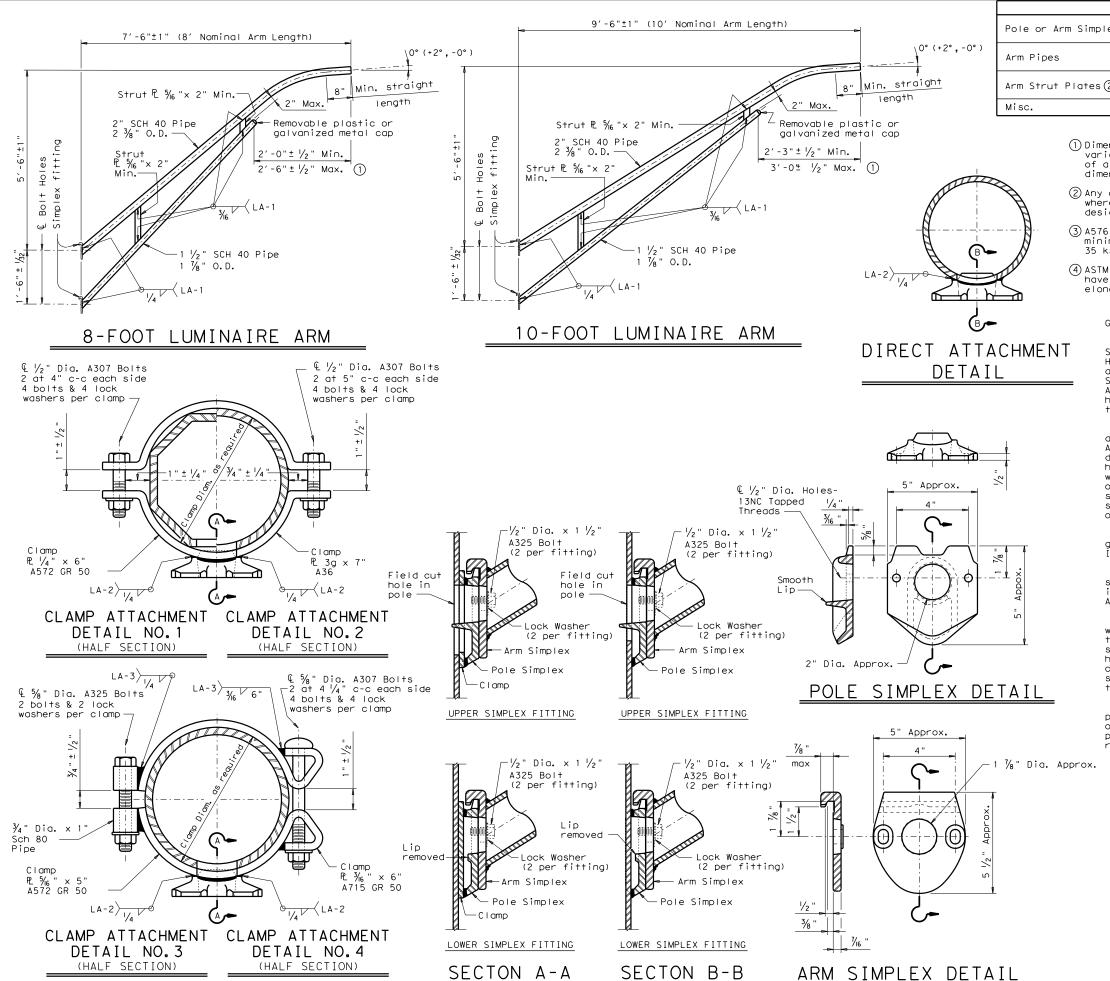
TYPICAL MAST ARM

ASSEMBLY

with the fixed arm direction to

ensure that two bolts are in

tension under dead load.



MATERIALS ASTM A27 Gr. 65-35 or A148 Gr. 80-50, A576 Gr. 1021 (3), or A36 (Arm only) Pole or Arm Simplex ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50 (4), or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 (4) ASTM A36, A572 Gr.50 (4), or A588 Arm Strut Plates (2) ASTM designations as noted

- ① Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- 2) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- ③ A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- (4) ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 90 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Arms are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq. ft.

Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absense of specified Fabricaton tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans. When clamp attachment is specified, the Fabricator shall ship the clamp assembly securely attached to the pole at the location shown on the plans.

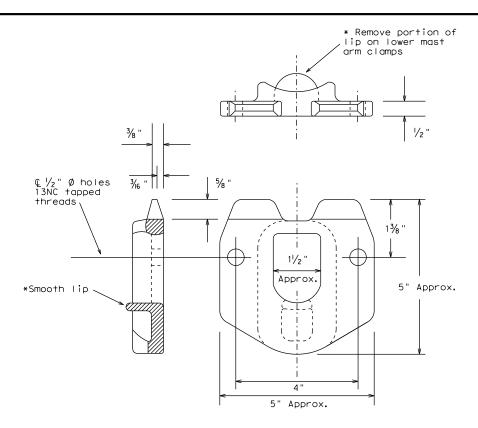
If clamp assemblies are ordered without poles, the Fabricator shall ship one upper and one lower clamp assembly together in a single package, including all nuts and washers required for the clamps and simplex fittings.



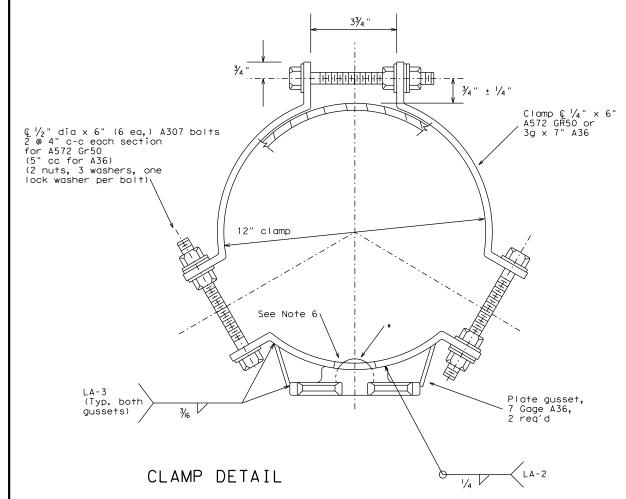
ARM DETAILS

LUM-A-12

© ⊺xD)T August	1995	DN: LEH	1	CK: JSY	DW: LTT	CK: TEB
5-96	REVISIONS		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
-99 -12			0051	03	120	SH 3	
					COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
			HOU		GALVES	ΓΟΝ	24



POLE SIMPLEX DETAILS

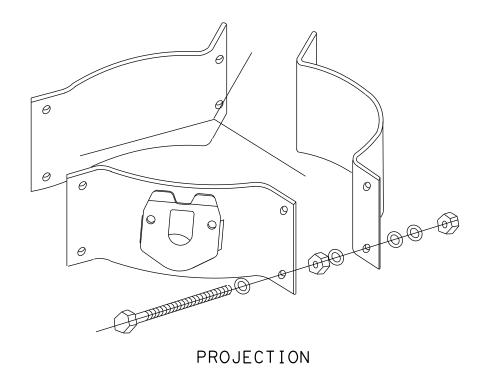


OTHER MATERIALS:

- Pole simplex shall be ASTM A27 GR65-35 or A148 GR80-50 or A576 GR1021. ASTM A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile of 65ksi, minimum yield of 35ksi, and a minimum elongation of 22 percent in 2 inches.
- 2. Welded tabs and backplates shall be ASTM A-36 steel or better.
- 3. Nylon insert locknuts shall conform to ASTM A563.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet "MA-C" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.
- 2. All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". The throat of the Simplex shall be made free of all rough or sharp edges resulting from the galvanizing process.
- 3. Each simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X $\frac{1}{2}$ in. and 2 lock washers. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the clamp with the other hardware items. The Fabricator shall ship clamp assembly together in a single package, including all bolts, nuts, and washers required for the clamp and simplex fitting.
- 4. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interim revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Clamps are designed to support a 60 lb. Luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq.ft.,12 ft. maximum arm length.
- 5. Each assembly shall consist of one upper piece simplex fitting having a smooth lip and one lower piece simplex fitting with the lip removed.
- 6. Approximately 2 in, diameter hole in upper mast arm clamp.



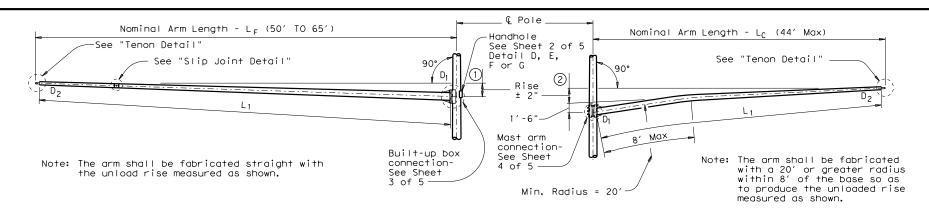
For 8.9 - 12 inch diameter Signal Poles (Two req'd for each mast arm)



CLAMP ON FITTING ASSEMBLY FOR LUMINAIRE MAST ARM

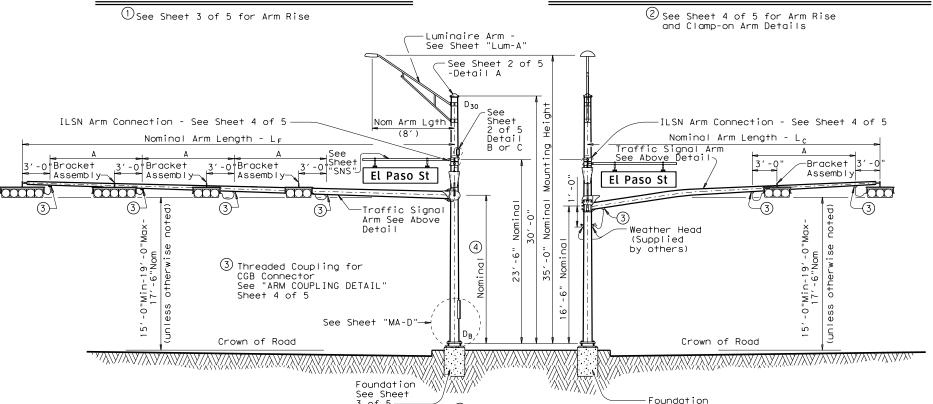
CFA-12

© TxDOT	DN: KAB		CK: RES DW:		FDN	CK: CAL	
REVISIONS -99	CONT S	ECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY	
-12	0051	03	120		,	SH 3	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	HOU	GALVESTON 25					



FIXED MOUNT TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

CLAMP-ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM (IF REQUIRED)

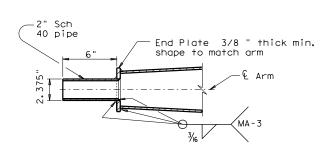


ELEVATION

STRUCTURE ASSEMBLY (Showing fixed mount arm)

418'-0" w/o clamp-on arm Lc 18'-9" w/ clamp-on arm Lc

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS "A"										
Arm Length	24'	28′	32′	36′	40′	44'	50′	55′	60′	65′
Arm Type Ⅱ	10′	11′	12′	13′						
Arm Type Ⅲ			10'	111	12'	12'				
Arm Type IV							12'	12'	12'	12'



TENON DETAIL

ELEVATION

See Sheet

3 of 5

(Showing clamp-on arm)

239" thickness is permissible for Tip Section -Min Lap 6'-0" (Min)~17'-0" (Max) equals 1.5 times female _20" ± 1 Note: A slip joint is Dia holes and permissible for arms Dia galv A307 bolt. 50' and greater in Tack weld nut to thread projection after making The slip joint shall be made in the joint. Repair damaged shop, but may be match galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". marked and shipped disassembled.

SLIP JOINT DETAIL (FIXED MOUNT ARM)

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed can be either 100 mph or 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. If clamp-on traffic signal is required, designs are based on an arm included angle of 90 degrees or more. Angles of less than approximately 75 degrees will require a special design.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, two 9'-0" internally lighted street name (ILSN) signs and two traffic signal arms with limited length combinations.

Each arm with its related attachment is shown below

Arm	Equivalent DL (5)	WL EPA (5)6
8′ Luminaire Arm	Luminaire 60 lbs	1.6 sq ft
9′ ILSN Arm	Sign 85 lbs	11.5 sq ft
50' to 65' Fixed Mount Arm	Signal Loads 310 lbs	52 sq ft
Up to 44' Clamp-on Arm	Signal Loads 180 lbs	32.4 sq ft

- ⑤ Equivalent dead load plus horizontal wind load applied at the end of arm except ILSN arm, which applied 4.5' from the centerline of the pole.
- $oldsymbol{\mathbb{G}}$ Effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) for the application of horizontal wind load.

Except as noted in Sheet 1 thru 5 of 5, other details not covered shall refer to Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Material, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall also meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing" after fabrication.

Deviations from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with the Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Installation of damping plate for the long mast arm is not recommended.

Provision of the bracket assembly used to support the traffic signal heads shall be under the direction of the Engineer for approval.

Design also conforms to NCHRP Report 412 for fatigue resistance except that there are no stiffeners at the base plate. TxDOT is conducting tests to determine if stiffeners at the base plate will or will not result in optimal performance; depending upon the results of the tests, poles may need a retrofit to ensure optimal fatigue performance.

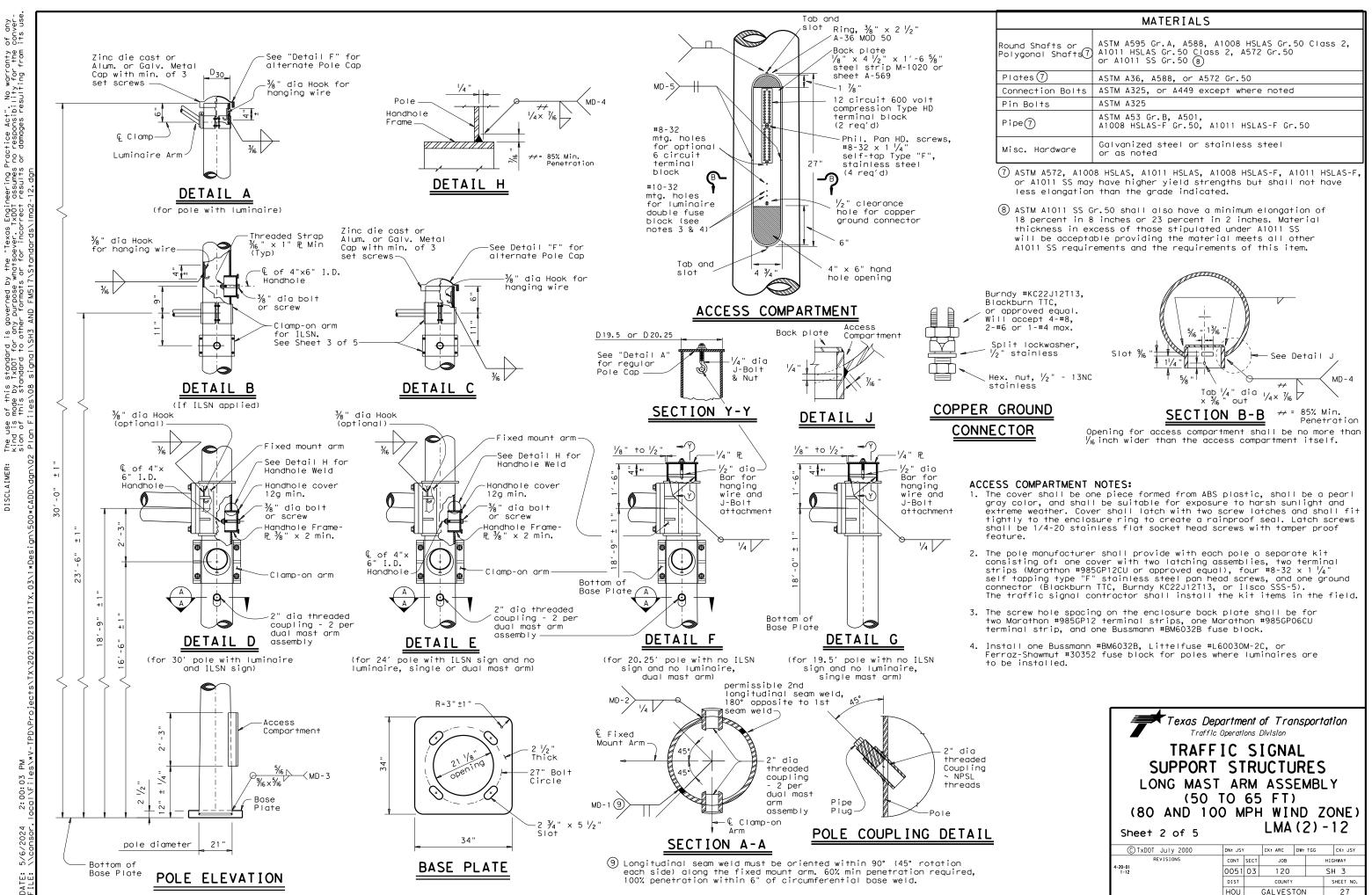


TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY

(50 TO 65 FT) (80 AND 100 MPH WIND ZONE) LMA(1)-12

Sheet 1 of 5

© TxDOT July 2000	DN: J	SY	CK:	ARC	DW:	TGG		CK:	JSY
REVISIONS 0-01	CONT	SECT	JOB				HIGHWAY		
1-12	0051	03	1	20	SH 3				
	DIST			SHEET NO.		NO.			
	HOU	GALVESTON 26					5		





74

Weld other side to Side Gusset Plate >

2 optional drainage 3/4" Dia inside box

optional drainage holes

Stiffener

Arm Mounting Plate

2 ½" Dia hole in PL

Pole Mounting Plate-

& Mast Arm

Weld other side to`

or wire access

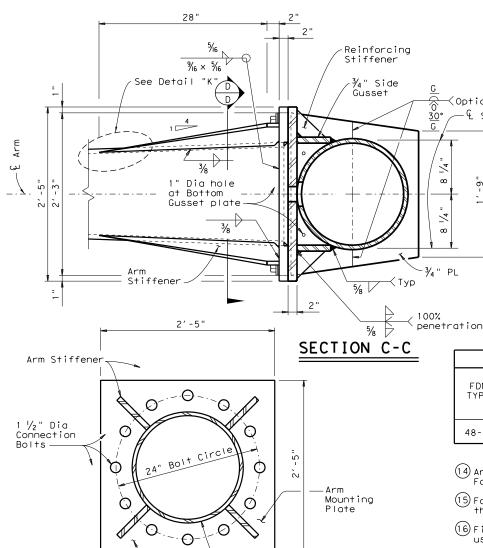
Side Gusset Plate /

11 Deburr holes and offset

as shown for drainage

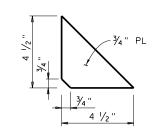


2:00:05



-Mast Arm

SECTION D-D



Top Gusset Plate

€ Box

€ 4" × 6" I.D.

1/4" thick Min. Circular Steel

Top Template

%" thick Min. Circular Steel

Bottom Template

required if

Handhole

ILSN or

Optional weld splice

- $^{\ell}$ Side Gusset

luminaire arm applied

¾" dia Hook ∽ (optional)

£ Reinf

Side Gusset

Bottom Gusset

Plate

Plate

Stiffener

-Reinf Stiffener

Radius Slot (both sides)

· E Pole

 $-2-\frac{3}{4}$ " dia optional drainage holes.

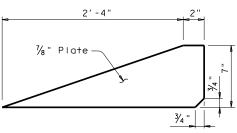
3" Min. clear distance from the

edge of adjacent 4" dia hole

BUILT-UP BOX CONNECTION

hole in Pole(11)

REINFORCING STIFFENER



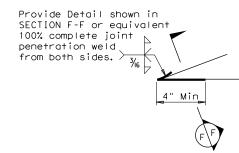
ARM STIFFENER

(Cut to match arm inclination and taper)

-Heavy Hex Nut (Typ)

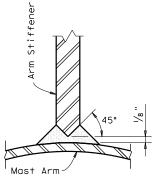
Washers

Anchor Bolt

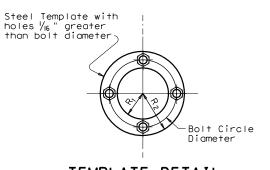


Only 4" length at tip of Arm Stiffener requires a complete joint penetration weld. Smooth weld radius to connect Stiffener. Only a fillet weld is required for the remaining weld length.

DETAIL "K"



SECTION F-F



TEMPLATE DETAIL

(TYPE 2) ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

NUT ANCHOR

	FOUNDATION DESIGN TABLE												
FDN	DRILLED		FORCING TEEL	DRILLED SHAFT LENGTH-ft			ANCHOR BOLT DESIGN (14)				FOUNDATION DESIGN 15 LOAD		
TYPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS	SPIRAL & PITCH		ONE PENE blows/f 15	TROMETER † 40	ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)	BOLT CIR DIA	ANCHOR TYPE	MOMENT		TYPICAL APPLICATION
48-A	48"	20 #9	#4 at 6"	21.9	19.5	14.7	2 1/2"	55	27"	2	490	10	50' to 65' Mast arm assembly.

SEE SHEET "TS-FD" FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

- (4) Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Laods.
- (15) Foundation Design Loads are the allowable moments and shears at
- (6) Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.
- $\stackrel{\frown}{\text{(1)}}$ If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shaft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- (8) Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

Fixed						
Mount Arm L f	D _B	D _{19.5} D _{20.25}	D ₂₄	D 30	12thk	Foundation Type
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	3,4-1
50', 55' 60', 65'	21.0	18.2	17.6	16.8	.3125	48-A

Fixed Mount	ROUND ARMS (13)										
Arm Lf	L ₁	D ₁ D ₂		(12)thk	D:						
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise						
50	49	18.5	11.7	.3125	3' - 3"						
55	54	18.5	11.0	.3125	3′- 7"						
60	59	18.5	10.3	.3125	3'-11"						
65	64	18.5	9.6	.3125	4' - 4"						

= Pole Base O.D.

D_{19.5} = Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire and no ILSN (single mast arm)
D_{20.25} = Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire

and no ILSN (dual mast arm) = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN

w/out Luminaire Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire

= Arm Base O.D. = Arm End O.D.

Shaft LengthFixed Arm Length

- (12) Thickness shown is minimum, thicker materials may be used.
- (13) Shaft profile 16-sided or 18-sided is considered to be equivalent to round section.

GENERAL NOTES:

Built-up Box Connection: For the welded arm-to-pole connection as a build-up box configuration illustrated here is an example only, fabricators are required to submit a shop drawing of box connection for approval. The drawing shall specify the details of each box element, welds of arm-to-pole connection, arm-to-plate socket connection, and arm rise connection, driff-to-profes socket connection, and driff-rise creation. Specify the proper location of drain holes along the pole. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " dia hole in the pole mounting plote and 4" dia hole in the pole need to be aligned for wiring access or drainage. Arm stiffeners cut to match arm inclination and taper shall also be included.

The deviation from flat for either arm or pole mounting plate shall not exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ in., which is measured along the center of mounting plate to a radial distance of 13.5 in. The deformed-from-flat connection between arm and pole mounting plates shall not be allowed if the center of both mounting plates cannot contact directly.

Fixed mount details are used for single mast arm assemblies and for the first arm on dual mast arm assemblies.

ANCHOR BOLT & TEMPLATE SIZE										
Bolt Dia in.	Length ‡	Top Thread	Bottom Thread	Bolt Circle	R2	R۱				
2 ½"	5′-2"	10"	6 ½"	27"	16"	11"				

†Min dimension given, longer bolts are acceptable.

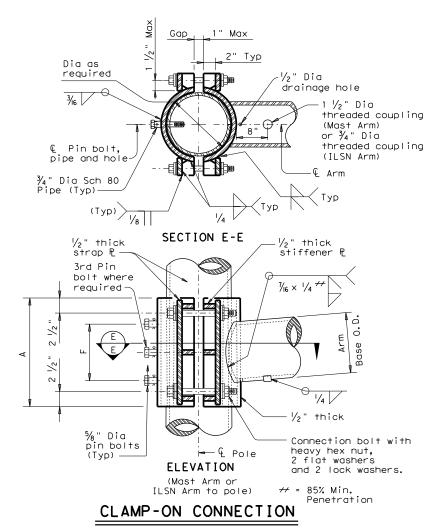


TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (50 TO 65 FT) (80 AND 100 MPH WIND ZONE)

Sheet 3 of 5

LMA(3)-12

© TxDOT July 2000	DN: JSY		CK: ARC DW:		TGG	CK: J	SY
REVISIONS 4-20-01	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
1-12	0051	03	120	120 SH			
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	HOLL		GAL VEST	ΓOΝ		28	



-Min Lap

4 - $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia holes and 1- $\frac{5}{8}$ " Dia galv A307 bolt. Tack weld nut to thread

galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

projection after making joint. Repair damaged

equals 1.5 times female

179" thickness is permissible

6'-0" (Min) ~11'-0" (Max)

SLIP JOINT DETAIL (CLAMP-ON ARM)

for Tip Section

Note: A slip joint is permissible for arms 40' and greater in length. The slip joint

shall be made in the

markéd and shipped

shop, but may be match

80 MPH WIND											
	ROUND	ARMS				PO	DLYGONAL	ARMS			
Lı	D ₁	D 2	thk (12)	D:oo	L ₁	D ₁	D ₂	thk (12)	Rise		
ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise		
19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1′-9"	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1′-8"		
23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1′-10"	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1′-9"		
27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1′-11"	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1′-10"		
31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2′-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"		
35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2′-1"		
39.0	9.5	4.1	. 239	2′-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2′-3"		
43.0	10.0	4.1	. 239	2'-11"	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2′-6"		
	ft. 19.1 23.1 27.1 31.0 35.0 39.0	L ₁ D ₁ ft. in. 19.1 6.5 23.1 7.5 27.1 8.0 31.0 9.0 35.0 9.5 39.0 9.5	ft. in. in. 19.1 6.5 3.8 23.1 7.5 4.3 27.1 8.0 4.2 31.0 9.0 4.7 35.0 9.5 4.6 39.0 9.5 4.1	ROUND ARMS L1 D1 D2 thk(12) ft. in. in. in. 19.1 6.5 3.8 .179 23.1 7.5 4.3 .179 27.1 8.0 4.2 .179 31.0 9.0 4.7 .179 35.0 9.5 4.6 .179 39.0 9.5 4.1 .239	ROUND ARMS L 1 D 1 D 2 thk (12) ft. in. in. in. 19.1 6.5 3.8 .179 1'-9" 23.1 7.5 4.3 .179 1'-10" 27.1 8.0 4.2 .179 1'-11" 31.0 9.0 4.7 .179 2'-1" 35.0 9.5 4.6 .179 2'-4" 39.0 9.5 4.1 .239 2'-8"	ROUND ARMS L 1 D 1 D 2 $+hk(2)$ Rise ft . 19. 1 6. 5 3. 8 .179 1'-9" 19. 1 23. 1 7. 5 4. 3 .179 1'-10" 23. 1 27. 1 8. 0 4. 2 .179 1'-11" 27. 1 31. 0 9. 0 4. 7 .179 2'-1" 31. 0 35. 0 9. 5 4. 6 .179 2'-4" 35. 0 39. 0 9. 5 4. 1 .239 2'-8" 39. 0	ROUND ARMS L 1 D 1 D 2 thk (12) Rise	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		

	100 MPH WIND											
Clamp-on		ROUND	ARMS					POLYGON	NAL ARMS			
Arm LC	L ₁	D 1	D 2	thk (12)	Rise	L ₁	D ₁	D ₂	thk (12)	Rise		
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise		
20	19.1	8.0	5.3	.179	1′-8"	19.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1 ′ - 7 "		
24	23.1	9.0	5.8	.179	1′-9"	23.1	9.0	3.5	.179	1′-8"		
28	27.1	9.5	5.7	.179	1′-10"	27.1	10.0	3.5	.179	1′-9"		
32	31.0	9.5	5.2	. 239	1′-11"	31.0	9.5	3.5	.239	1 ′ - 1 0 "		
36	35.0	10.0	5.1	. 239	2'-0"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.239	1 ′ - 1 1 "		
40	39.0	10.5	5.1	. 239	2'-3"	39.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2′-1"		
44	43.0	11.0	5.1	. 239	2′-8"	43.0	11.5	4.0	. 239	2'-3"		

D1 = Arm Base O.D. D2 = Arm End O.D. L1 = Shaft Length

LC = Clamp-on Arm Length

(12) Thickness shown is minimum, thicker materials may be used.

ILSN Arr	ILSN Arm Size			4 Conn.	5% " Dia.
Sch 40	Thick	Α	F	Bolts	Pin Bolts
pipe Dia	HIICK			Dia	No.
in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	ea
3	.216	10	4	3/4	2
Mast Arm Size		А	F	4 Conn. Bolts	5⁄8" Dia. Pin Bo∣ts
Base Dia	Thick			Dia	No.
in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	ea
6.5	.179	12	6	1	2
7.5	.179	14	8	1	2
8.0	.179	14	8	1	2
9.0	.179	16	10	1	2
9.5	.179	18	12	1 1/4	3
9.5	. 239	18	12	1 1/4	3
10.0	. 239	18	12	1 1/4	3
10.5	. 239	18	12	1 1/4	3
11.0	. 239	18	12	1 1/4	3
11.5	.239	18	12	1 1/4	3

Clamp-on details are used for the second arm on dual mast arm assemblies or ILSN arm support. For a clamp-on mast arm, a maximum 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ wide vertical

slotted hole may be cut in the front clamp plate

to facilitate drainage during galvanizing. The slot shall be centered behind the arm and shall be no

longer than the arm diameter minus 1". For an ILSN

arm, a 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate for wire access. A matched hole shall be field drilled through the pole to provide wire access after arm is oriented. Deburr both holes. Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for part shall apply to all similar parts on

Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces. Pin bolts shall be ASTM A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and ¾" diameter pipe shall have ¾6" diameter holes for a ½8" diameter galvanized cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a ¾" diameter hole for each pin bolt. An ¾" diameter

a $\frac{1}{4}$ " diameter hole for each pin bolt. An $\frac{1}{16}$ " diameter hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC SIGNAL

SUPPORT STRUCTURES

LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY

(50 TO 65 FT)

DN: JK

HOU

CONT SECT

0051 03

(80 AND 100 MPH WIND ZONE)

LMA(4)-12

CK: GRB DW: FDN CK: CAL

SH 3 SHEET NO.

29

JOB

120

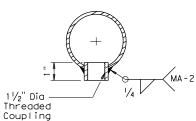
GALVESTON

CLAMP-ON ARM CONNECTION

GENERAL NOTES:

the detail.

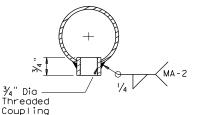
by the Engineer.

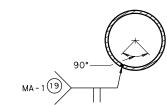


ARM COUPLING DETAIL

Stainless steel bands (or Cables)

BRACKET ASSEMBLY





and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 ½" Dia Threaded Coupling.

ARM WELD DETAIL

(19) Longitudinal Seam Weld must be oriented within the lower 90° of the signal arm. 60% Min penetration 100% penetration within 6"

Coupling ILSN ARM COUPLING DETAIL

Sheet 4 of 5 © TxDOT November 2000 4-20-01 1-12 of circumferential base welds.

			Shippin	g Parts List			
Ship	each	pole with the			nd hole, pol	e cap, fixed arm conr	nection
bolt.	s and	washers, and ar	ny additional ha	rdware listed in			
Nomi	nal	30' Poles w	ith Luminaire	24' Poles v	vith ILSN	19.50' (Sing	gle Mast Arm)
Arm		See note above	e plus: one (or	See note at	ove plus	20.25′ (Dua	l Mast Arm)
Leng	th	two if ILSN at	ttached) small	one small h	nand hole	Poles with no Lumino	aire and no ILSI
		hand hole, cla	omp-on simplex			See note of	obove
				Mast Arm		_	
Lf f	†.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
50		50L	2	50 S		50	
55		55L		55\$		55	
60		60L		60S		60	
65		65L		65 S		65	
			Dual	Mast Arm			
Lf	Lc						
ft.	ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
50	20	5020L		5020S		5020	
	24	5024L		5024\$		5024	
	28	5028L		5028S		5028	
	32	5032L		5032\$		5032	
	36	5036L		5036\$		5036	
	40	5040L		5040\$		5040	
	44	5044L		5044\$		5044	
55	20	5520L		5520S		5520	
	24	5524L		5524\$		5524	
	28	5528L		5528\$		5528	
	32	5532L		5532S		5532	
	36	5536L		5536S		5536	
	40	5540L		5540S		5540	
	44	5544L		5544\$		5544	
60	20	6020L		6020S		6020	
	24	6024L		60245		6024	
	28	6028L		60285		6028	
	32	6032L		6032S		6032	
	36	6036L		6036S		6036	
	40	6040L		6040S		6040	
	44	6044L		60445		6044	
65	20	6520L		6520S		6520	
	24	6524L		6524S		6524	
	28	6528L		6528S		6528	
	32	6532L		6532S		6532	
	36	6536L		6536S		6536	
	40	6540L		6540S		6540	
	44	6544L		6544S		6544	

Foundation Summary Table **

Location	Ava N	No	Drill Shaft ***
	Avg. N	No.	
Ident.	Blow/ft.	Each	Length (feet)
			48-A
SH 3 AT FM 517			
P2	10	1	22
P5	10	1	22
Total Drill S	haft Length		44

Notes

** Foundations may be listed separately or grouped according to similarity of location

information only.

Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

	Shi	ipping Parts List	_
		ipping ion to citi	
nal Arms (Fixe	ed Mount) (1 per	pole)	
m with listed	d equipment atta	oched	
Type IV Arm ((4 Signals)		
3 Bracket A	ssembly		
and 4 CGB C			
esignation)	Quantity		
50 I V	2		
55 I V			
60 I V			ſ
65 I V			
	Type IV Arm (3 Bracket A and 4 CGB (Designation 50IV 55IV 60IV	nal Arms (Fixed Mount) (1 per m with listed equipment atto Type IV Arm (4 Signals) 3 Bracket Assembly and 4 CGB Connectors Designation Quantity 50IV 2 55IV 60IV	mail Arms (Fixed Mount) (1 per pole) rm with listed equipment attached Type IV Arm (4 Signals) 3 Bracket Assembly and 4 CGB Connectors Designation Quantity 50IV 2 55IV 60IV

Luminaire Arms	(1 per 30' pole)
Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
8' Arm	2

ILSN Arm (Max. 2 per pole) Ship with clamps, bolts and washers Nominal Arm Length Quantity 7' Arm

9' Arm

Traffic Signal Arms (80 MPH Clamp-On Mount) (1 per pole) Ship each arm with listed equipment attached							
	Type I Arm (1	Signal)	Type II Arm (2	? Signals)	Type III Arm	(3 Signals)	
Nominal	2 CGB connector	and 1 clamp	1 Bracket Assen	nbly and 3	2 Bracket Assen	nbly and 4	
Arm	w/bolts and	d washers	CGB connectors,	and 1 clamp	CGB connectors,	and 1 clamp	
Length			w/bolts and	washers	w/bolts and	washers	
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	201-80						
24	241-80		2411-80				
28	281-80		2811-80				
32			3211-80		32111-80		
36			3611-80		36111-80		
40					40111-80		
11					44111-00		

Traffic Signal Arms (100 MPH Clamp-On Mount) (1 per pole) Ship each arm with listed equipment attached						
	Type I Arm (1 Signal)	Type II Arm (2	? Signals)	Type III Arm	(3 Signals)
Nominal	2 CGB connector	r and 1 clamp	1 Bracket Assem	nbly and 3	2 Bracket Asse	mbly and 4
Arm	w/bolts and	d washers	CGB connectors,	and 1 clamp	CGB connectors	, and 1 clamp
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	201-100		500 · g. · c · · o · ·		Joon gives you	4.00
24	241-100		24 [I - 100			
28	281-100		2811-100			
32			3211-100		32111-100	
36			3611-100		36111-100	
40					40111-100	
44					44111-100	

Anchor Bo	olt Assemblies	(1 per pole)	Each anchor bold
Anchor	Anchor		and bottom temp
Bolt	Bolt		washers and 4 ni
Diameter	Length	Quantity	per Standard Dro
2 1/2 "	5′ - 3"	2	Templates may be

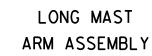
It assembly consists of the following: Top nplates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat nut anchor devices (type 2) rawing "TS-FD". be removed for shipment.

Abbreviations

Lf= Fixed Arm Length

Clamp-on Arm Length (44' Max.)





PARTS LIST

LMA(5)-12

Texas Department of Transportation

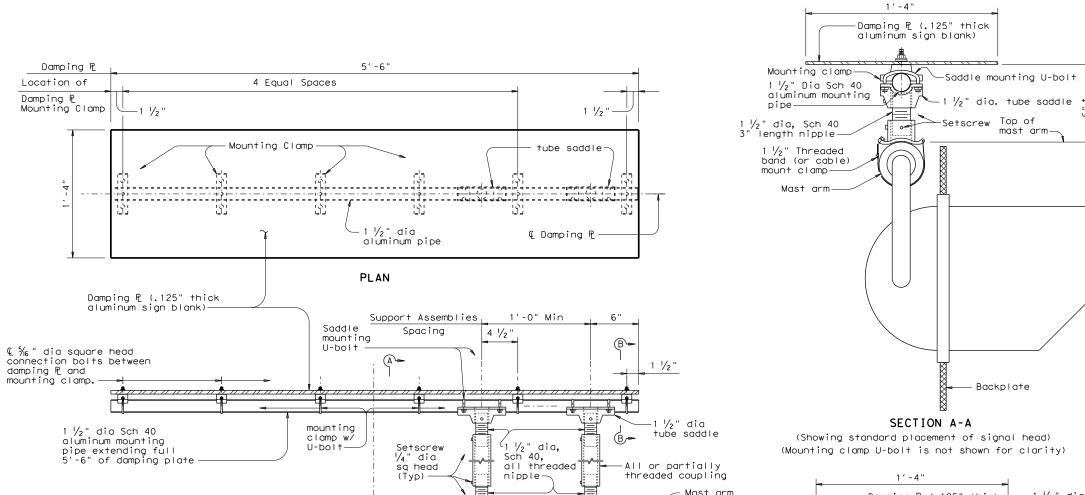
Traffic Operations Division

Sheet 5 of 5

CK: GRB DW: FDN CK: CAL © TxDOT November 2000 DN: JK CONT SECT 0051 03 120 GALVESTON

Backplate

(See note 6)



(A)

ELEVATION

DAMPING PLATE MOUNTING DETAILS

(Showing alternate placement of signal head)

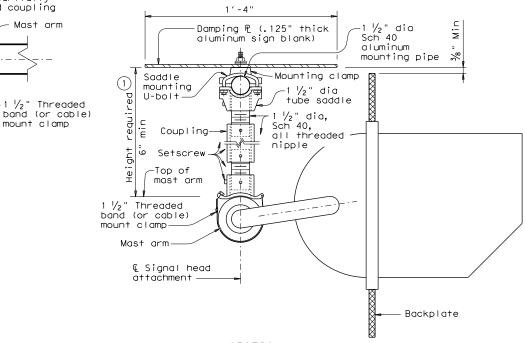
➡— © Damping P and signal head assembly

(Showing standard placement of signal head)

(Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)

 $\frac{1}{2}$ " Threaded

mount clamp



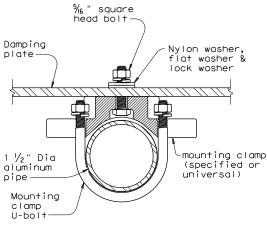
SECTION A-A

(Showing alternate placement of signal head) (Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)

	Recommended supporting assemblies to achieve required height for horizontal section heads						
	Height required	One nipple each length	Two nipples One coupling each length				
Ì	6"-6 3/4"	3"	-	-			
ĺ	7"-8 1/2"	4"	-	-			
	9"-10 1/2"	6"	-	-			
	11"-15 ½"	-	4"	5"			
	16"-24"	-	6"	10"			

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. In accordance with the findings of TxDOT sponsored research, the installation of a damping plate in accordance with the details shown here at the end of signal mast arms of SMA and DMA standard structures reduces excessive harmonic vertical vibration, and thus fatigue damage. Any deviation from these details may reduce the effectiveness of this damping device.
- Aluminum sign blank for damping plate will conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110. Materials for mast arm mounting clamp and tube saddle will be aluminum castings or aluminum alloys as in accordance with manufacturers' stipulations. Mounting pipe, pipe nipple and coupling will be aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or 6063-T6. Damping plate mounting clamp and u-bolt assemblies will conform to Standard sheet SMD(GEN). U-bolts for saddle mounting will have a minimum yield strength of 36 ksi.
- 3. Damping plate will be mounted horizontally.
 Position centerline of damping plate to align with centerline of mast arm or horizontal signal head assembly. Vertical clearance between signal head (with or without backing plate) and bottom of damping plate will be maintained as shown. The attachments shown here are examples only, other supporting details which meet both alignment and vertical clearance requirements are also acceptable.
- 4. Unless stipulated by the manufacturers, all steel parts will be galvanized finish in accordance with Standard Specification Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- 5. Contractor will verify applicable field dimensions before the installation.
- 6. Backplates are optional for traffic signals. When backplates are used, Backplates will have a 2-inch fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 "Sign Face Materials." See Sheet TS-BP-20 for backplate details.



SECTION B-B

(Showing damping plate attachment)



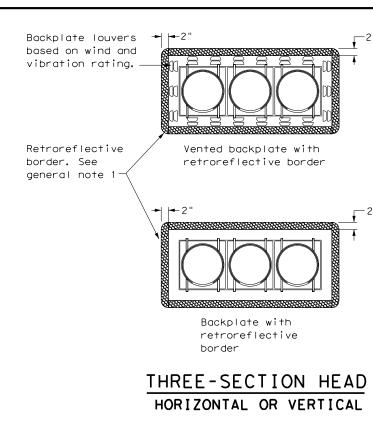
MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE DETAILS

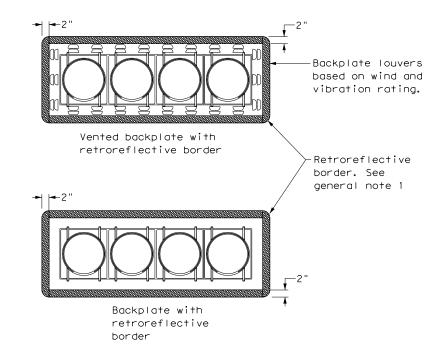
MA-DPD-20

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FILE:ma-dpd-20.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT January 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		нI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0051	03	120	SH 3		H 3
6-20	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	HOU		GALVES	TON		31

Backplate louvers based on wind and vibration rating.—

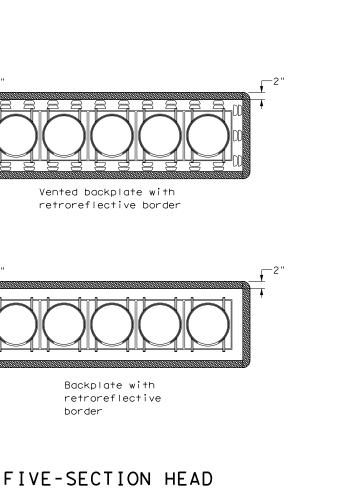
Retroreflective border. See general note 1





FOUR-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL

CLUSTER



Vented backplate with

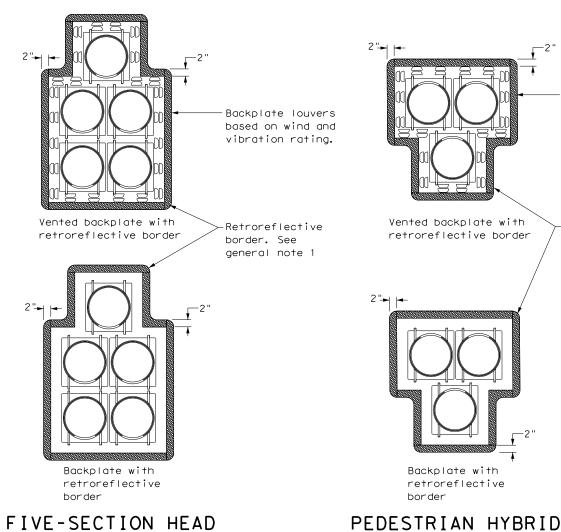
retroreflective border

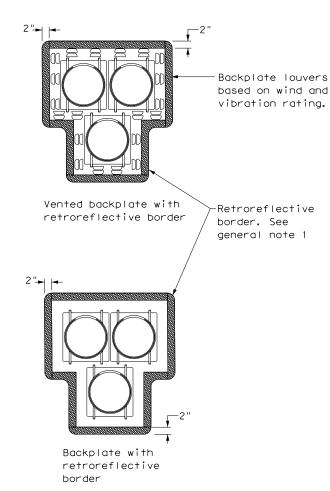
Backplate with

HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL

border

retroreflective

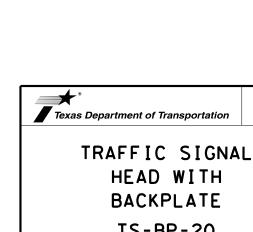




BEACON

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Backplates are optional for traffic signals and pedestrian hybrid beacons. When backplates are used, a 2-inch wide fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 is required. Place on all approaches when used.
- 2. Signal head and backplate compatability must be verified by the contractor prior to installation.
- 3. When using backplates on signal heads, venting is preferred to reduce cyclic vibration stress.
- 4. When a vented backplate is used, the retroreflective border must not be placed over the louvers.
- 5. This standard sheet applies to all signal heads with backplates, including but not limited to:
 - Pole mounted
 - Overhead mounted
 - Span wire mounted
 - Mast arm mounted
 - Vertical signal heads
 - Horizontal signal heads
 - Clustered signal heads
 - Pedestrian hybrid beacons

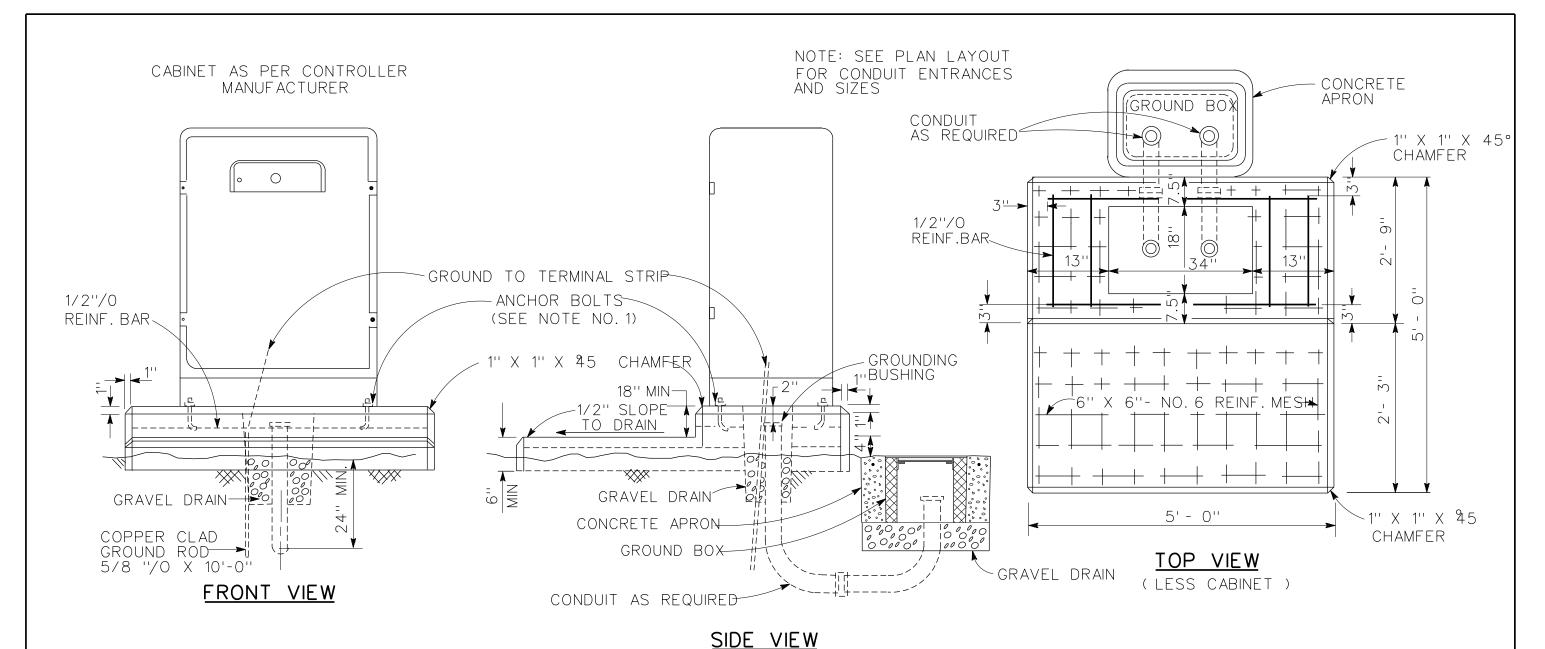


DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO FILE: ts-bp-20.dgn JOB 0051 03 120 SH 3 GALVESTON

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TS-BP-20

CTxD0T June 2020

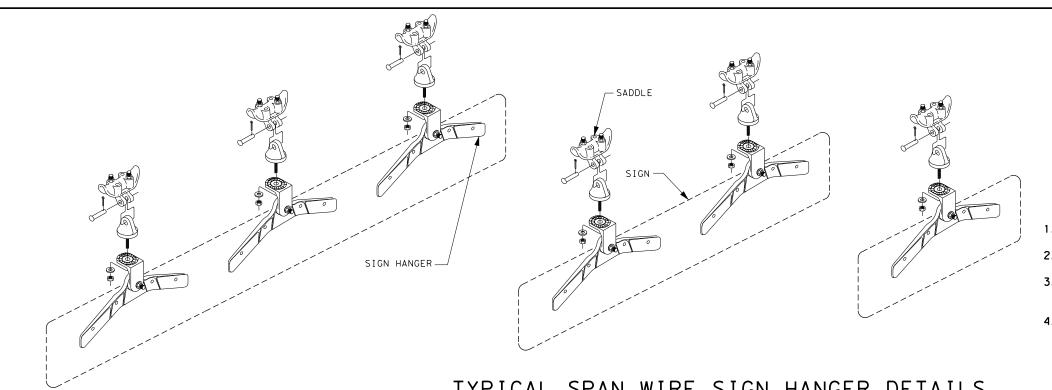


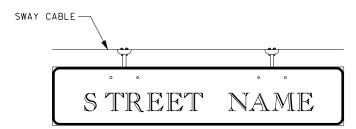
NOTES:

- CABINET MANUFACTURER TO PROVIDE DETAILS OF ANCHOR BOLT LOCATION.
- MODIFY DIMENSIONS FOR CONCRETE BASE TO FIT EQUIPMENT FURNISHED, IF NECESSARY.
- PROVIDE GRAVEL DRAIN FOR CONTROLLER AND ALL GROUND BOXES.
- FURNISH CLASS "B" OR CLASS "C" CONCRETE.
- 5. SET CONTROLLER FOUNDATION LEVEL WITH THE PAVEMENT SURFACE OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

- FURNISH AT NO COST TO THE DEPARTMENT ANY ADDITIONAL CONCRETE WHICH MAY BE NECESSARY TO STABILIZE THE FOUNDATION AT UNUSUAL LOCATIONS.
- PLACE REINFORCING BARS AS DIRECTED. 7.
- UPON INSTALLING THE CONTROLLER CABINET. APPLY A SILICON-BASED CAULKING COMPOUND AROUND THE BASE OF THE CONTROLLER CABINET.

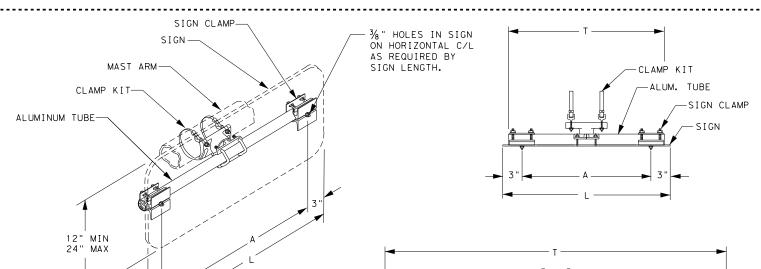






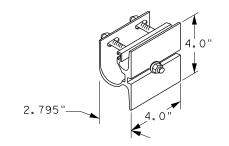
- USE PELCO PARTS OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- FURNISH HARDWARE FOR A COMPLETE INSTALLATION.
- ATTACH THE 90 LB SPAN WIRE CLAMPS (SADDLES) TO TETHERS (SWAY CABLES).
- FURNISH 1 ADJUSTABLE FREE SWINGING SIGN HANGER PER STREET NAME SIGN SMALLER THAN 3 FT. - O IN. SIGNS 3 FT - 0 IN. TO 6 FT. - 0 IN. REQUIRE 2 HANGERS. SIGNS LARGER THAN 6 FT. - O IN. REQUIRE 3 HANGERS.

TYPICAL SPAN WIRE SIGN HANGER DETAILS



SIGNS (1'-6" to 3'-0" Long)

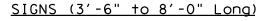
SIGN LENGTH (L)	TUBE LENGTH (T)	А
1′-6"	16"	12"
2'-0"	22"	18"
2′-6"	28"	24"
3′-0"	34"	30"





GUSSETED TUBE CROSS SECTION

SIGN CLAMP DETAIL



SIGN LENGTH (L	TUBE LENGTH (T) <u>A</u>
3′-6"	40"	12"
4'-0"	46"	14"
4′-6"	52"	16"
5′-0"	58"	18"
5′-6"	64"	20"
6′-0"	70"	22"
6′-6"	76"	24"
7′-0"	82"	26"
7′-6"	88"	28"
0/ 011	0.411	701

SIGNS (8'-6" to 10'-0" Long)

SIGN LENGTH (L)	TUBE LENGTH (T)	_A_	_B_
8′-6"	100"	19"	20"
9'-0"	106"	20"	22"
9′-6"	112"	21"	24"
10'-0"	118"	22"	26"

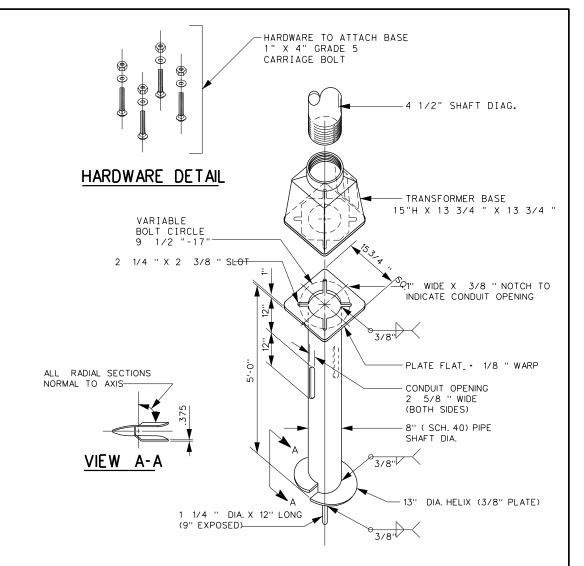
TYPICAL MAST ARM SIGN MOUNT DETAILS



SIGNAL DETAILS/STANDARDS OVERHEAD STREET NAME SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS

OSNS/MD

		DN:	DN:			DW:		С	K:
© T×DOT	2004	DIST	DIST FED REG		PROJECT NO.				SHEET
		HOU	6						34
		С	OUNTY		CONTROL	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
		GALVE	STO	V	0051	03	120		SH 3



SCREW ANCHOR FOUNDATION DETAIL

Texas Department of Transportation Houston District

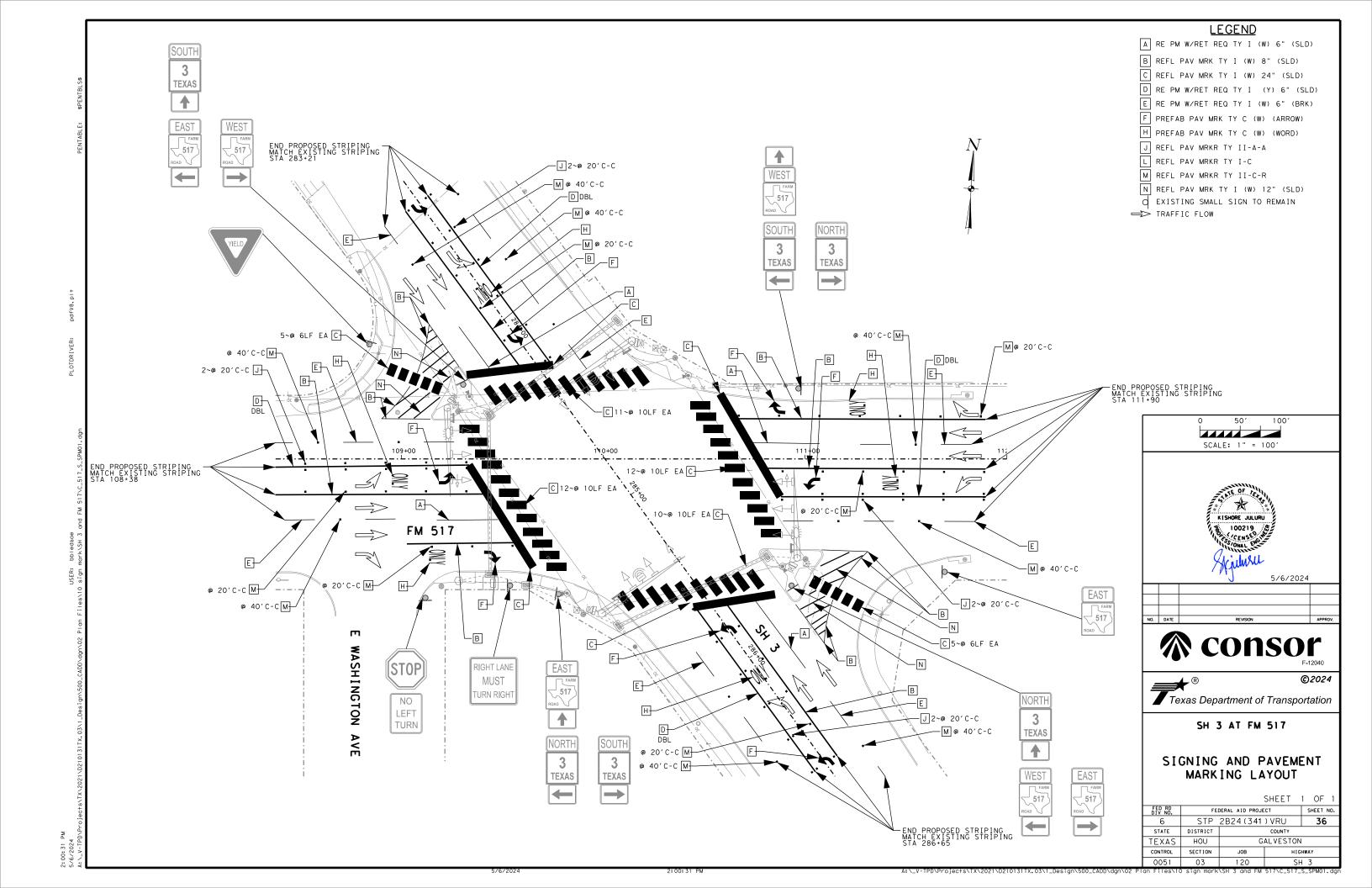
SIGNAL DETAILS/STANDARDS CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR POLE MOUNTED (APS) PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS

CD/PM	(APS)	PS
DN:	CK:	DW:

LC.	DIA: CK:		CK.		DW:		CK:		ı			
TxDOT 2012	DIST	FED REG		PROJECT NO.				PROJECT NO.			SHEET	
REVISIONS	HOU	6						35				
2-15	COUNTY			CONTROL	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY				
	GALVESTON		ON	0051	03	120		SH 3				

NOTE:

SEE STANDARD (RFBA - 13) FOR NOTES AND NON - FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR DETAILS



FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

No warranty of any for the conversion

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GENERAL NOTES

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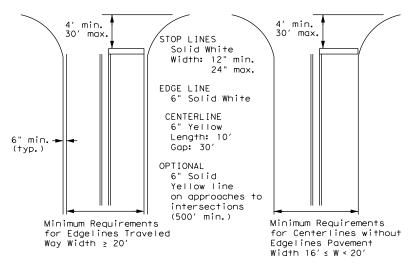
₹>

3" to 12"→ |

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, **EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE**

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

Texas Department of Transportation

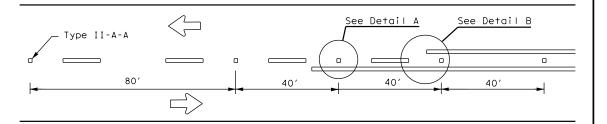


Traffic Safety Division Standard

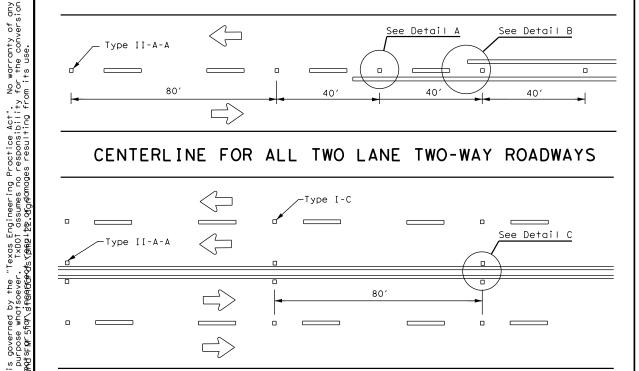
PM(1) - 22

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TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0051	03	120		SH 3
-16 8-00 8-20 -95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
00 2-12	HOU		GALVES	TON	37

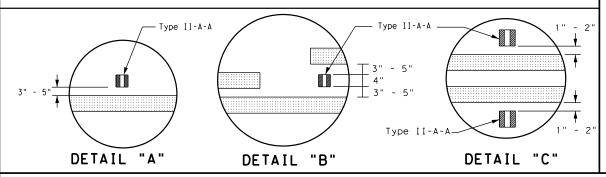
REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

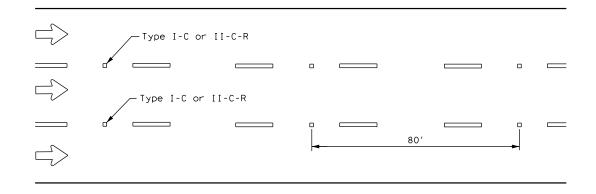


CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 80′ Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

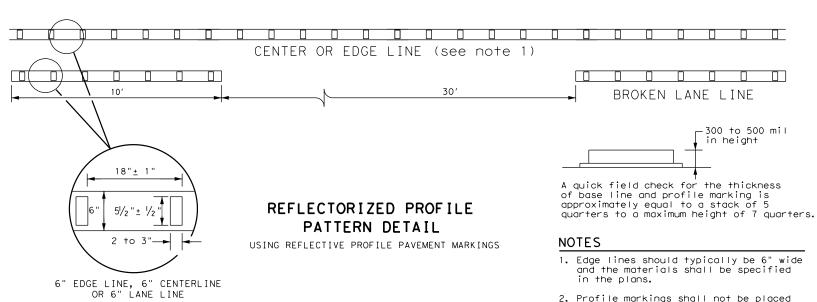


LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

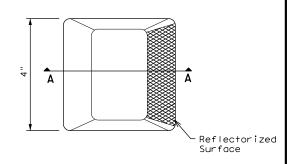


GENERAL NOTES

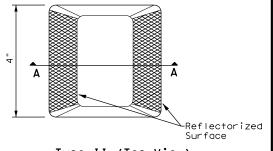
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements, the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians, and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

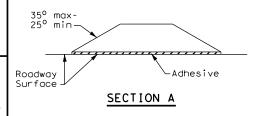
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



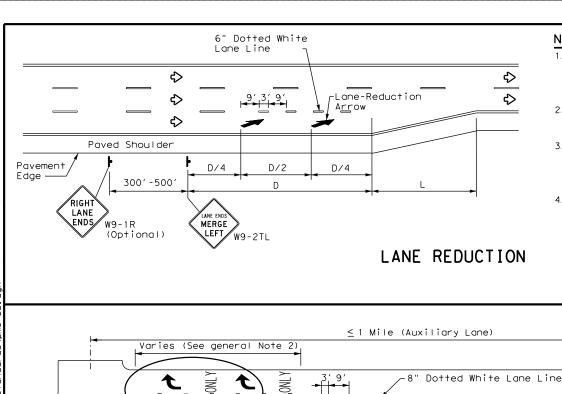
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

ILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:			CK:
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20	0051	03	120		SH	1 3
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		5	HEET NO.
5-00 2-12	HOU	GALVESTON 3			38	



SEE DETAIL B

SEE DETAIL A

Varies (See general note 2)

Ł

6" Broken

6" White Lane Line

Dotted White Lane Line

Yellow

TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE

Varies

8" Solid White (typ.)

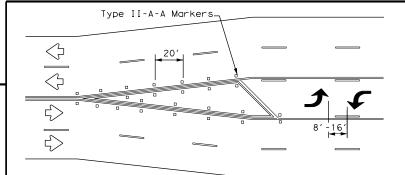
Type II-A-A spaced at 20

≥ 1 Mile (Lane Drop)

NOTES

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on-street parking in what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- 4. For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING ISTANCE (
Posted Speed	D (f+)	L (f+)
30 MPH	460	wc2
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

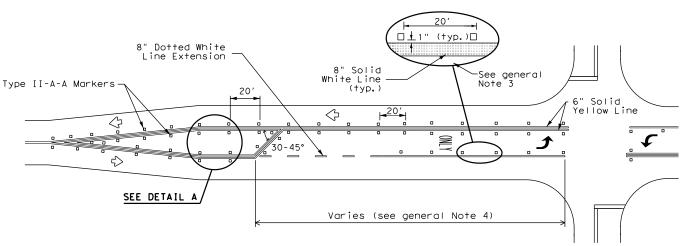
TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

GENERAL NOTES

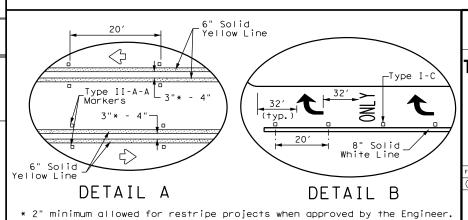
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- 3. Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

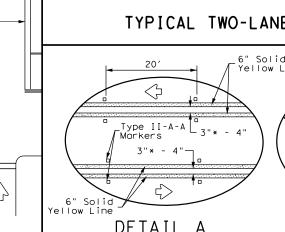


「WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

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ℂTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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8-00 2-12	HOU		GALVES	TON	39



ISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the Ind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever it Thise atprogacal Acadatas Formad star star star

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SEE DETAIL

No warranty of any for the conversion

Texas Engineering Practice Act". TXDOT assumes no responsibility fx/AABQ1199_QMCAGamages resulting fro

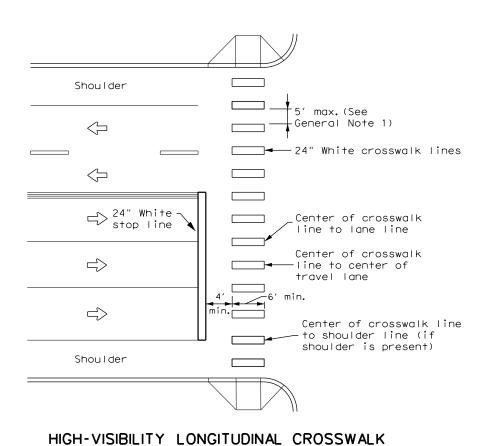
4" White top Line (typ.)

STREET

-Type I-C or Type II-C-R See general Note 3 Varies (general Note 4)

Solid Yellow Line

TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP



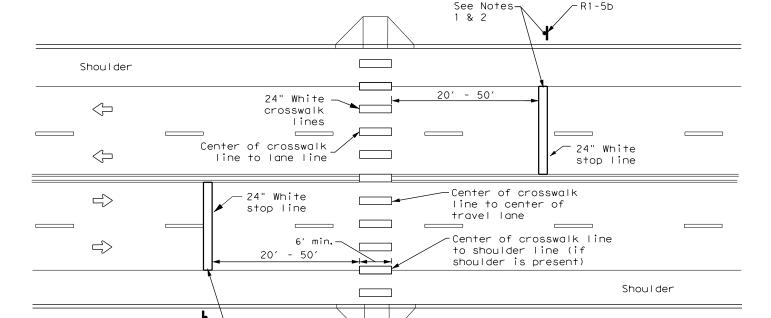
AT CONTROLLED APPROACH

GENERAL NOTES

- Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

-See Notes 1 & 2

R1-5b

NOTES:

- 1. Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- 2. Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(4)-22A

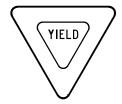
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REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)

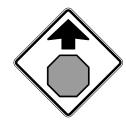




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING					
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4) - 13

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Standard

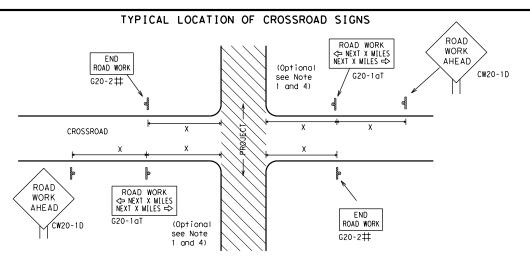
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- ♯ May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP **X X** R20-5T FINES DOLIRI X R20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESEN ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES END * * G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI $\langle \neg$ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' 1 Block - City Hwy 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => 801 Limit WORK ZONE G20-26T X X BEGIN G20-5T WORK \times \times G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \times \times R20-5T FINES IDOUBLE \times \times R20-5aTP ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 48" × 48' CW22 48" x 48" CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" × 48" 36" × 36" CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

Sign△ Posted Speed Spacing "X" Feet MPH Apprx. 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500² 60 600^{2} 65 700 2 70 800²

900²

1000²

75

80

SPACING

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X XG20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING R4-1 PASS * * G20-5 CW1-4L AHEAD NEXT X MILE DOUBL F SIGNS appropriate CW20-1D ROAD R20-5aTP WORKERS ARE PRESENT STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1+++ ROAD $\times \times G20-6$ WORK CW20-1D WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T X X AHEAD lхх AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or (MPH) CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond $\langle \neg$ \Diamond \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of — NO-PASSING SPEED END R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-26T * * line should $\Diamond\Diamond|X$ 3X FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location G20-2 * * NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizina devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

BEGIN ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE STAY ALERT BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC **X X** G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW ½ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHFAD \times \times R20-5aTP Type 3 X XG20-6T R20-3 R2-1 Barricade or CW20-1D CW13-1P CONTRACTOR CW20-1E channelizing devices \triangleleft -CSJ Limi Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow B SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END WORK ZONE G20-26T * G20-2 * *

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- XX CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade							
0	Channelizing Devices						
▲ Sign							
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

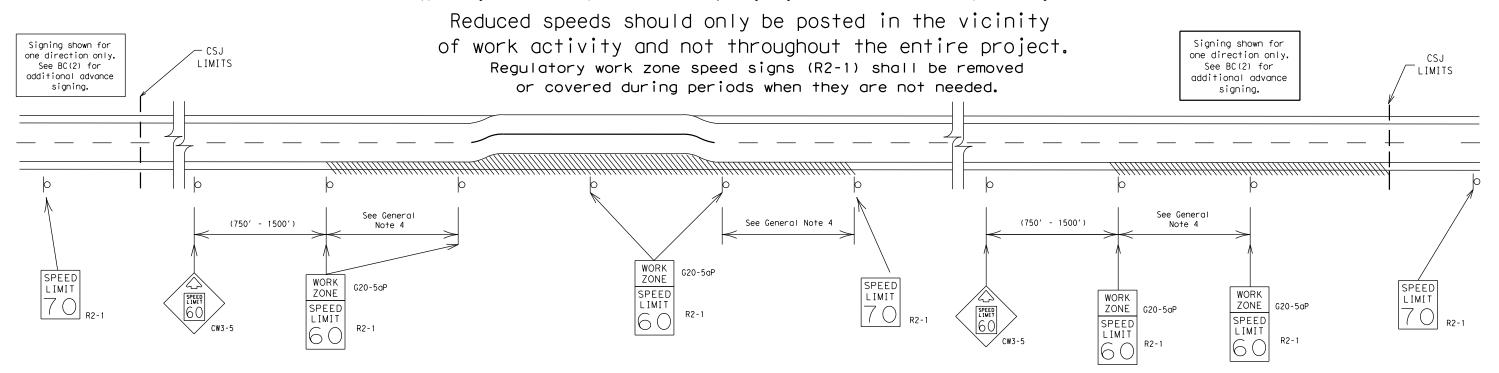
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2) - 21

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

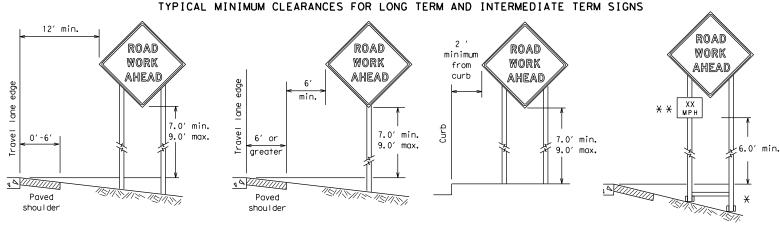
Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

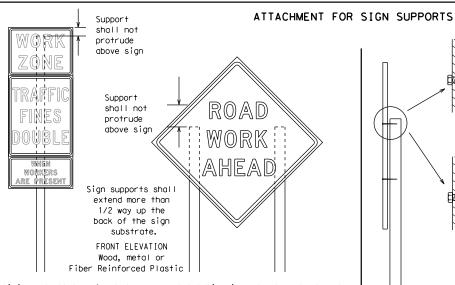
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* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



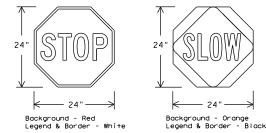
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{$ length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside Signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
 - Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6' centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4) - 21

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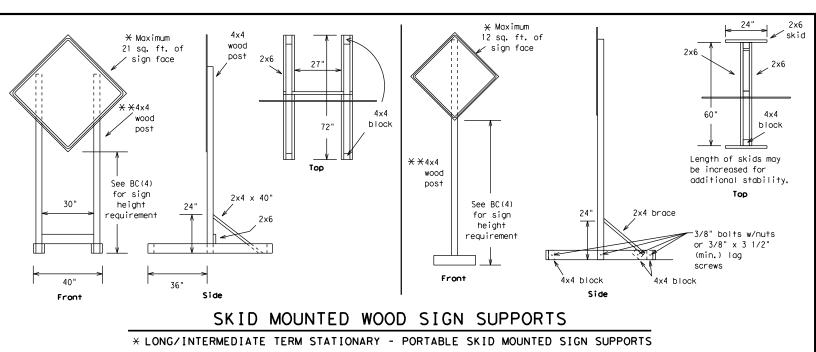
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weld-

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum weld, do not

back fill puddle.

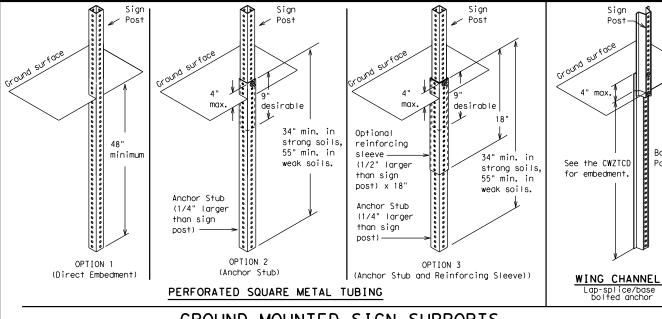
weld starts here



-2" x 2"

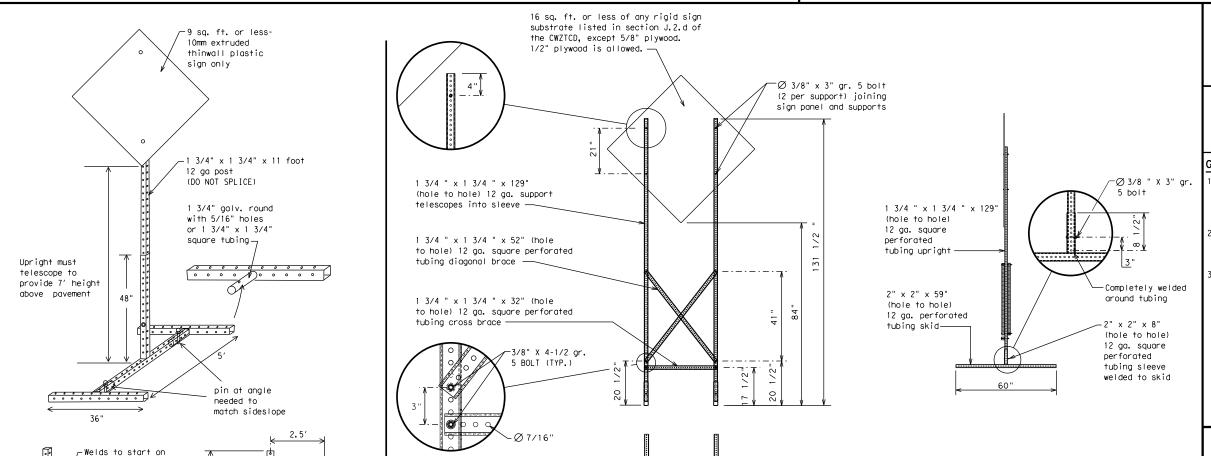
12 ga. upright

SINGLE LEG BASE



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5) - 21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS * LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			_
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		
Matthenalice	IMATINI		

2:01:05 Projects/

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxx			

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

A		e/E Lis	ffect on Trav st	еl	Location List		Warning List		* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT		FORM X LINES RIGHT		AT FM XXXX		SPEED LIMIT XX MPH		TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS		USE XXXXX RD EXIT		BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING		MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH		APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX		USE EXIT I-XX NORTH		NEXT X MILES		MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH		USE I-XX E TO I-XX N		PAST US XXX EXIT		ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH		BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N		WATCH FOR TRUCKS		XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX		RIGHT LANE EXIT		MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS		EXPECT DELAYS		US XXX TO FM XXXX		USE CAUTION		NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS		PREPARE TO STOP				DRIVE SAFELY		XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		END SHOULDER USE				DRIVE WITH CARE		NEXT TUE AUG XX
•	USE OTHER ROUTES		WATCH FOR WORKERS						TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
se 2.	STAY IN LANE	×			*	¥ See A∣	oplication Guide	elines M	Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases. and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

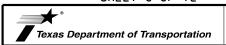
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow

SHEET 6 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

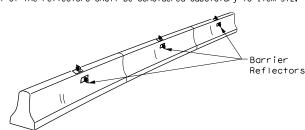
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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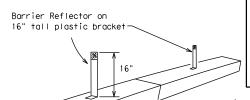
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- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-auglified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

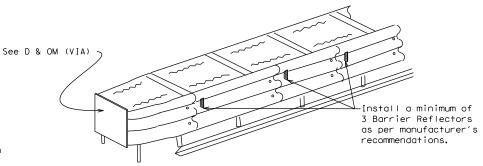


LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted

speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet.

Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



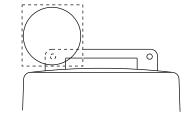
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

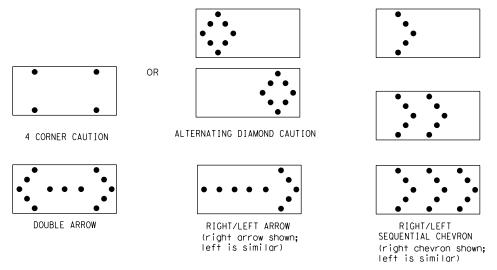
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- 3. The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

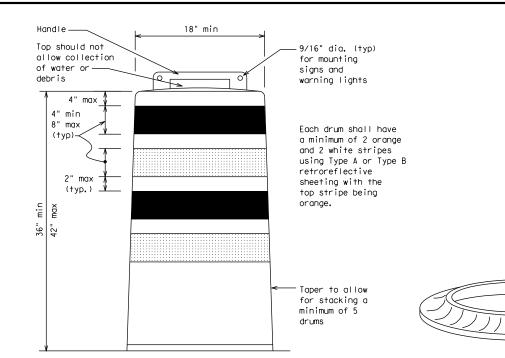
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

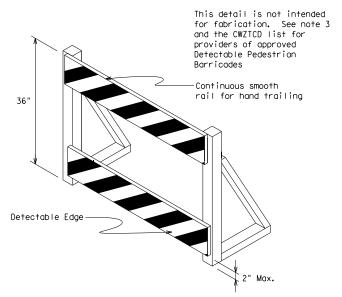
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sian (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



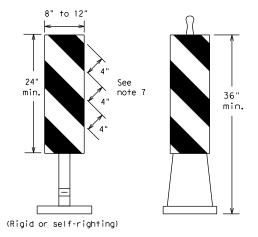
Traffic Safety

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8) - 21

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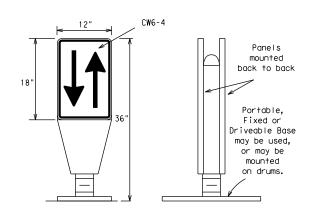


PORTABLE

traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

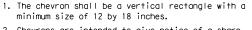
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type $B_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{or}\,\mathsf{Type}\,\,C_{\mathsf{FL}}\,\mathsf{conforming}$ to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

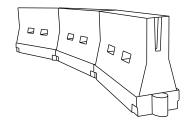


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type Bri or Type Cri conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Lend *	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	701	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50°	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

X Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

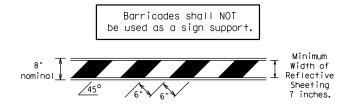
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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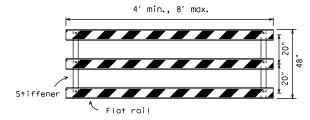
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- . Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

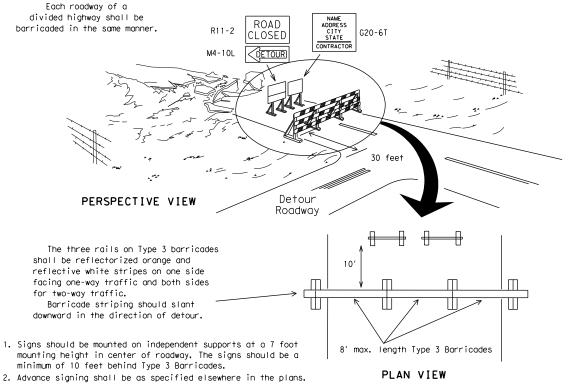


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typica shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light A minimum of two drums : be used across the work or yellow warning reflector teady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector $\left\langle \cdot \right\rangle$ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

6" min. 2" min. 4" min.

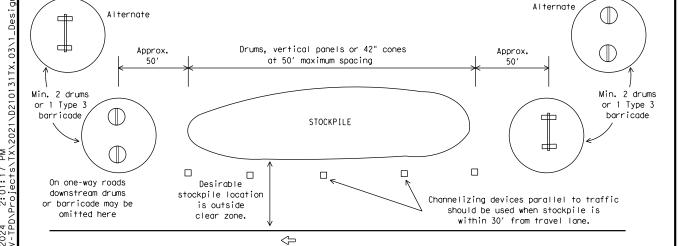
PLAN VIEW

2" max. 2" to 6" 3" min. 2" to 6" 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

 \Rightarrow

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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	8-14 5-21	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
-13		HOU	GALVESTON				51

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

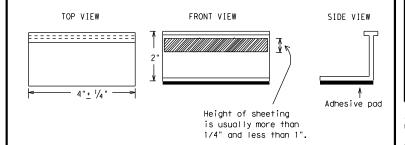
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

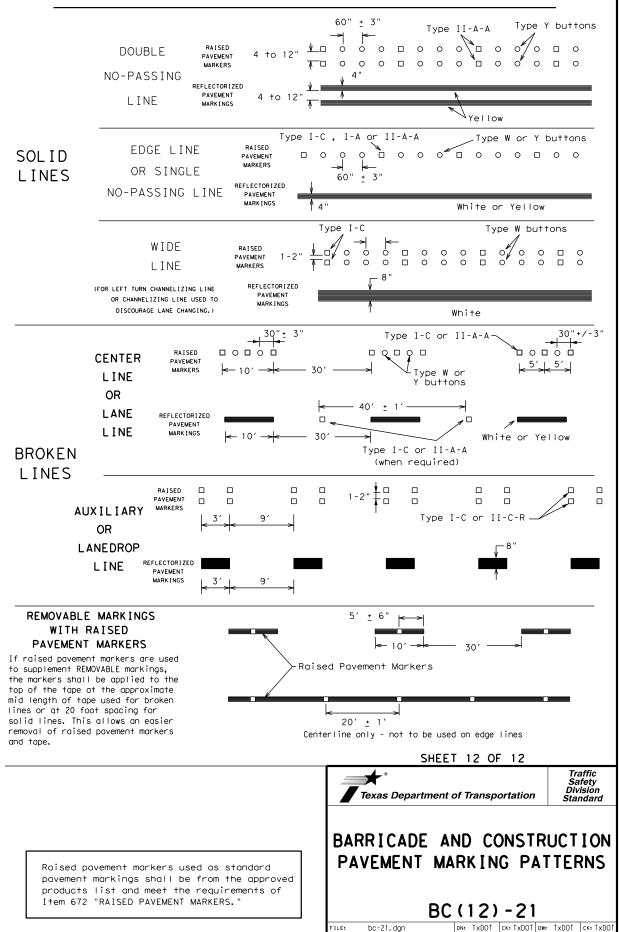
Traffic Safety

BC(11)-21

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1-97 9-07 5-21

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 CONT SECT

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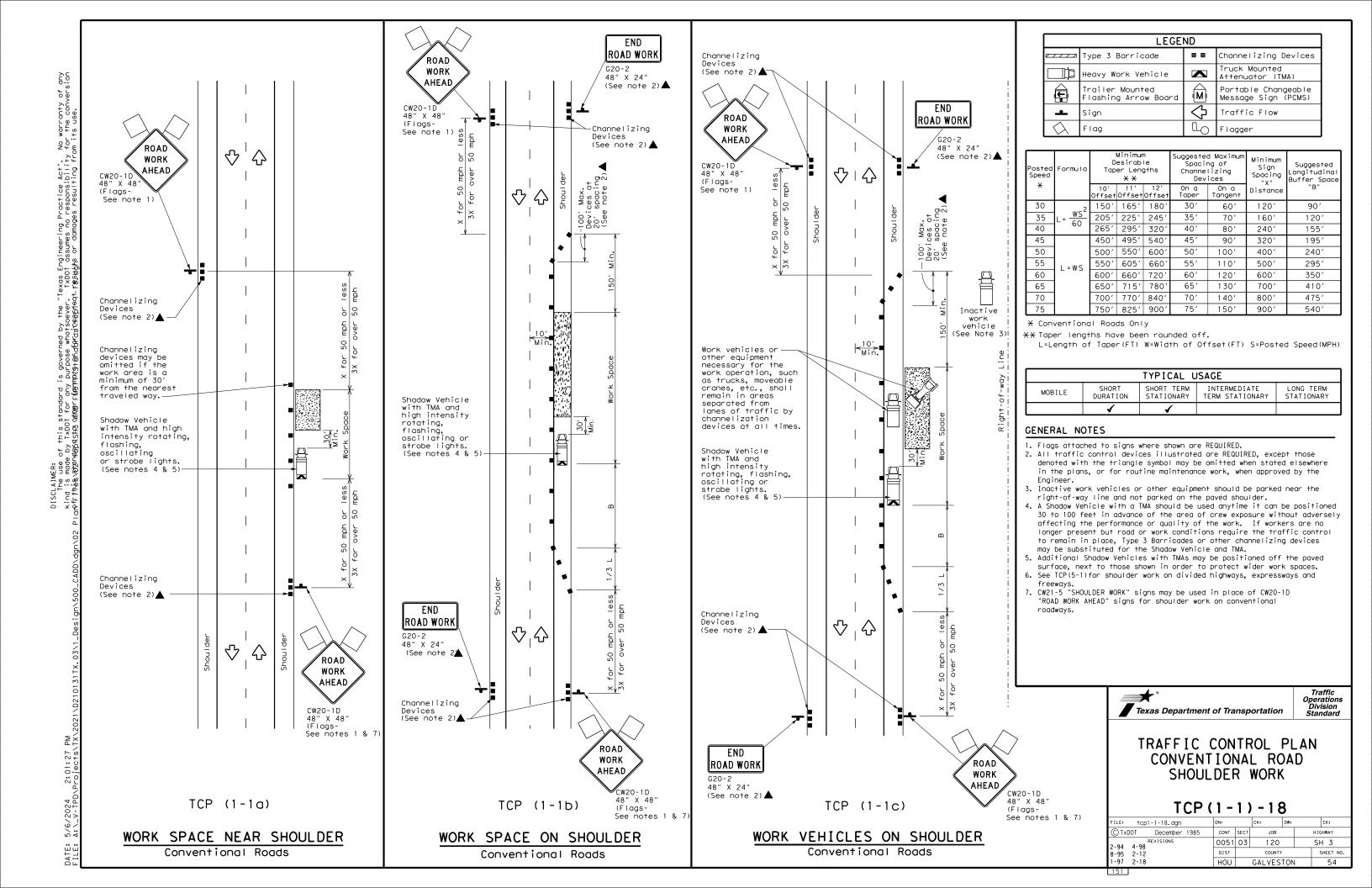
120

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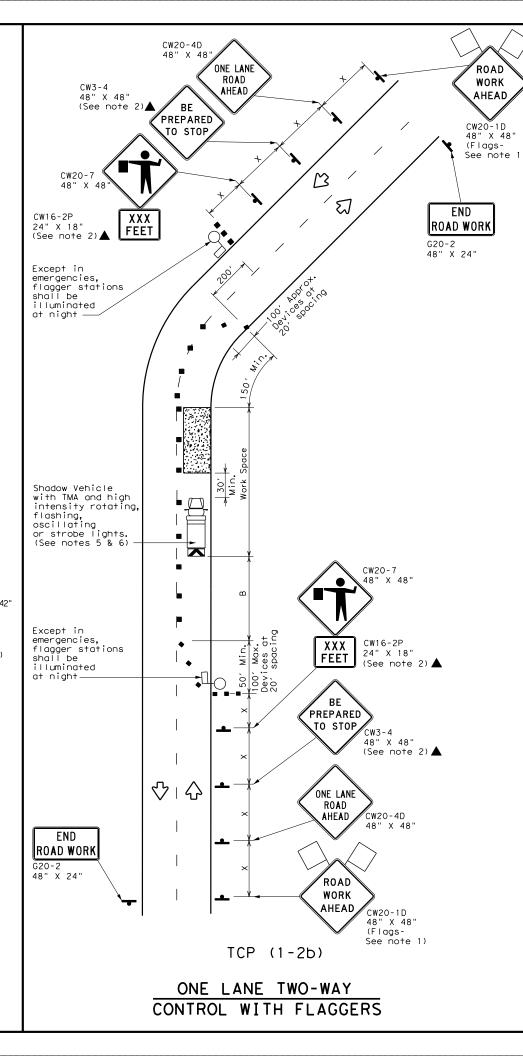
HIGHWAY

SH 3

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction END ROAD WORK Same as Below G20-2 ♡□☆ 48" X 24" No warranty of any for the conversion 42" X 42 " X 42 ΤO **ONCOMING** TRAFFIC R1-2aP "Texas Engineering Practice Act". c. TxDOI assumes no responsibility act resultina fro 48" X 36" (See note 8) Channelizing devices separate work space from traveled way-30 × DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the kind is made by IXDOI for any purpose whatsoever by Tithès, syponegraficht, additionally by the second of the seco —Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) 42" X 42 " X 42" R1-2aP ONCOMING 48" X 36" TRAFFIC (See note 8) 48" X 48" ♡ | ☆ ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD CW20-4D ROAD TCP (1-2a) WORK **AHEAD** CW20-1D 48" X 48" ONE LANE TWO-WAY (Flags-See note 1) CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS (Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag		Flagger						

Posted Speed	peed		Minimum esirab er Leng X X	le	Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
×		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200'
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L "3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances
- should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above). 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading
- traffic and approved by the Engineer. 3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-18

FILE: tcp1-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
4-90 4-98	0051	03	120		SH 3
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	HOU	HOU GALVESTON			55

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DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by IXDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion byf thibs, syponegratus appartion maystaling from its use.

WORK

AHEAD

♡ ☆

W

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

See note 1)

(Flags-

CW1-4R

CW1-6aT

36" X 36

CW1-4R 48" X 48

CW13-1P

CW1-4L

CW13-1P 24" X 24"

CW1-6aT 36" X 36" (See note 2)▲

2:01:32 Projects\

24" X 24" (See note 2)

XX

Shadow Vehicle with
TMA and high intensity
rotating, flashing,
oscillating or strobe
lights. (See notes 6 & 7)

MPH

CW13-1P MP 24" X 24" (See note 2)

ROAD WORK END CW20-1D 48" X 48" ROAD WORK (Flags-See note 1) TCP (1-3a) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE CLOSED ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

as needed

PREPARED

TO STOP

CW3-4

CW1-6aT

36" X 36"

48" X 48"

CW13-1P

24" X 24"

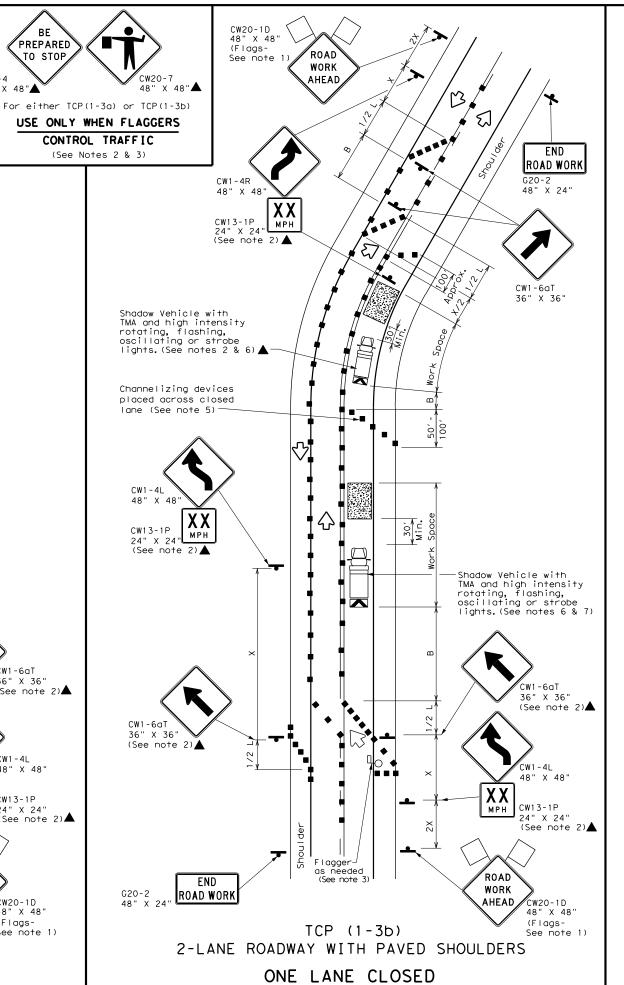
(See note 2)▲

(See note 2)▲

END

ROAD WORK

48" X 24"



INADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW

	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	Lo	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Speed		Desirable Taper Lengths XX			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

 $\fill \fil$

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1 1									

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- 4. DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2Swhere S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



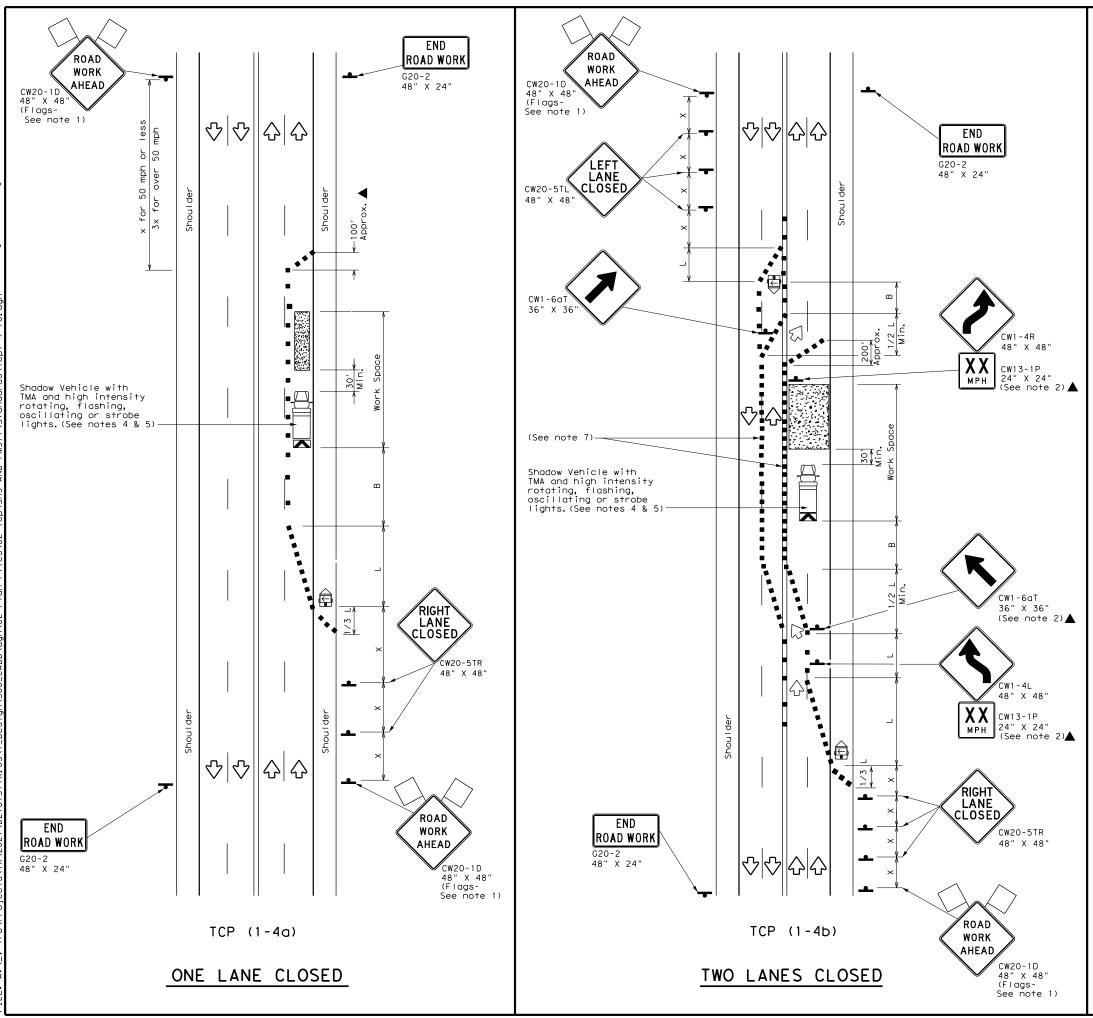
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98	0051	03	120		SH 3
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	HOU		GALVES	TON	56

Texas Engineering Practice Act" No warranty of any TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of gestably or damages resultina from its use



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
(F)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	peed		Minimur esirab er Lend X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	" " "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	1	1			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

CP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



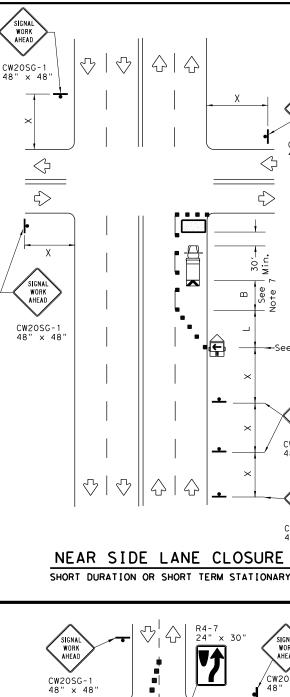
Traffic Operations Division Standard

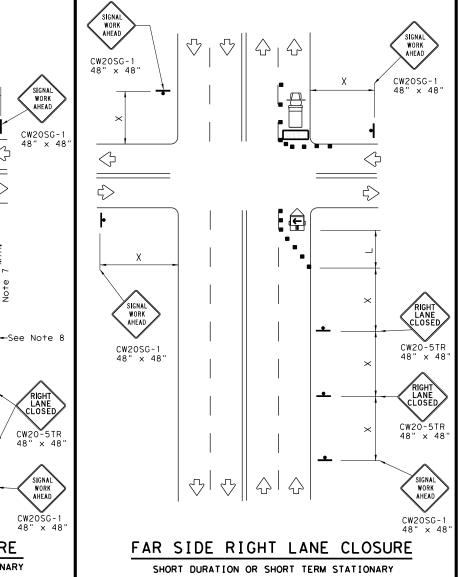
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
CONVENTIONAL ROADS

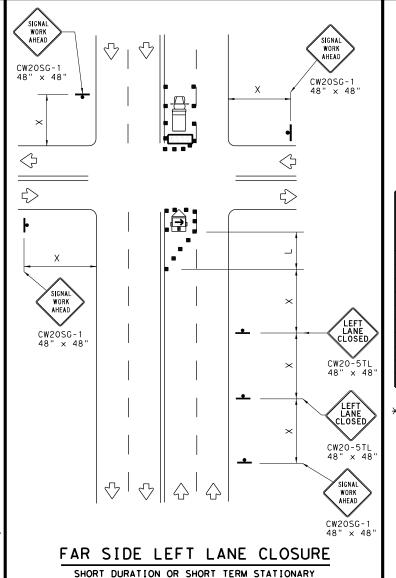
TCP(1-4)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	HOU	J GALVESTON			57

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	LEGEND					
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices			
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)			
₽	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)			
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow			
\Diamond	Flag	LO	Flagger			

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.



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510

R4-7 24" × 30"

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

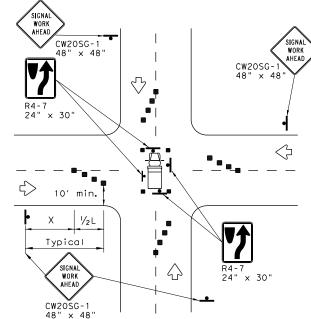
48"

LANE CLOSE

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

OPERATIONS IN THE INTERSECTION

Ш



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.
- 2. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.
- 3. Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.
- 4. Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- 5. High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- 6. When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals may be placed in flashing red mode when approved by the engineer. If existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper.
- 9. Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic.

SHEET 1 OF 2



Traffic Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(BTS-1)-13

e: wzbts-13.dgn	DN: T	kDOT.	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0051	03	120		S	н 3
98 10-99 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
98 3-03	HOU		GALVES	ΓΟΝ		58

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. IXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion off thes «MyzneBokaStR aphygr FABTMAYS+BiAGATASARCHAS" JEBBH's or damages resulting from its use. 2:01:38

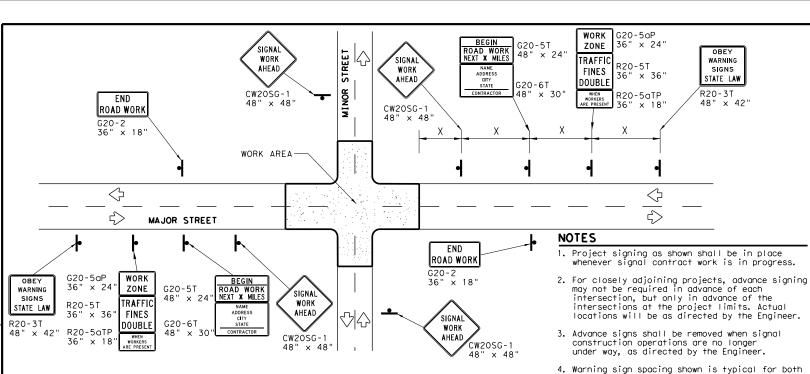
10' min.

Typical

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1 48" x 48"

1/2L



TYPICAL ADVANCE SIGNAL PROJECT SIGNING

FOR LONG TERM and INTERMEDIATE-TERM STATIONARY WORK OPERATIONS

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

warning sign spacing.

5. See the Table on sheet 1 of 2 for Typical

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sandbags filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- The sandbaas will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

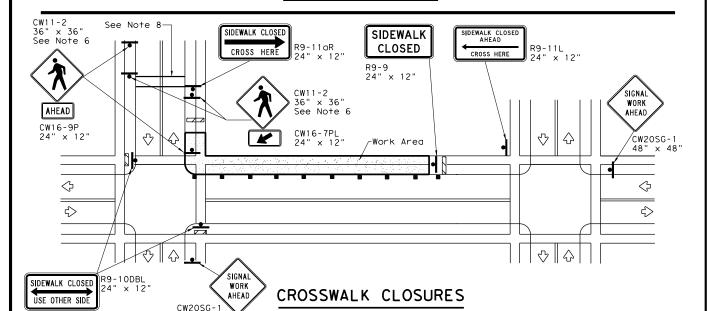
ייי	or is pide	ea on stopes.		
	LEGEND			
	•	Sign		
		Channelizing Devices		
		Type 3 Barricade		

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

Only pre-auglified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian http://www.txdot.gov/txdot_library/publications/construction.htm facility.



SIDEWALK DETOUR

Temporary Traffic Barrier

See Note 4 below

SIDEWALK DIVERSION

└Work Area

10' Min.

SIDEWALK

CLOSED

R9-9 24" x 12"

^L4′ Min.(See Note 7 below

SIDEWALK CLOSE

CROSS HERE

R9-11aL 24" x 12"

 $\Diamond \| \Diamond$

 $\Diamond \| \Diamond$

SIDEWALK CLOSE

CROSS HERE

24" x 12'

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PEDESTRIAN CONTROL

- Holes, trenches or other hazards shall be adequately protected by covering, delineating or surrounding the hazard with orange plastic pedestrian fencing or longitudinal channelizing devices, or as directed by the Engineer.
- "CROSSWALK CLOSURES" as detailed above will require the Engineer's approval prior to installation. R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when fabricated from approved lightweight plastic
- substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the location shown. For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9)
- and manufacturer's recommendations. Location of devices are for general guidance, Actual device spacing and location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3 Barricades shown.
- The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical. Pavement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the
- appropriate bid items. When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated. temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

SHEET 2 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation

WZ(BTS-2)-13

Operation Division Standard

CW2OSG-

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SIGNAL WORK

CW20SG-1 48" x 48

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© TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
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2-98 10-99 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 3-0	03	HOU		GALVEST	ГОИ		59

115

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations. Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1". DURATION OF WORK

Damaged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.

Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.

4. Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.

Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 66.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.
- Sign height of Short-term/Short_Duration warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap, or heavy materials such as plywood or aluminum shall not
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. $\,$
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes back filled upon completion of the work.

a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

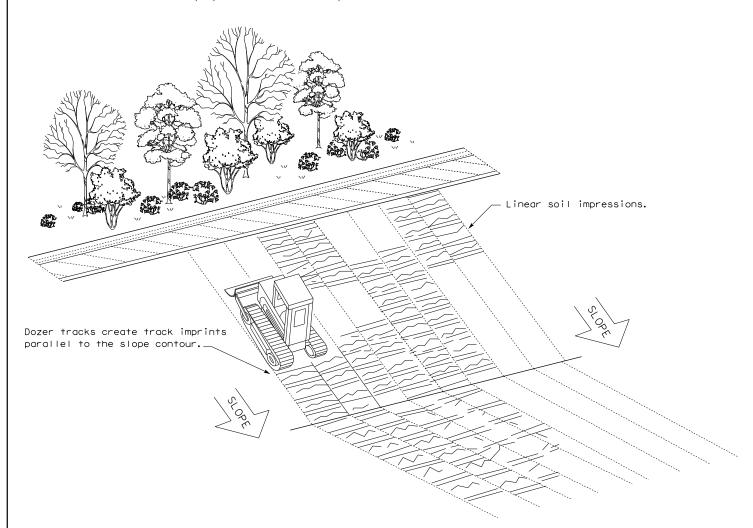
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100 GPM/FT². Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence -(SCF)-

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

ILE: ec116	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	ow: VP	DN/CK: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0051	03	120		SH 3
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	HOU		GAL VEST	ΓΟΝ	60

Embed posts 18" min. or Anchor if in rock.

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STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP). The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project. This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder. 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION SH 3 AT FM 517 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ): 0051-03-120 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS: From: 0.1 MILE WEST OF FM 517 To: 0.1 MILE EAST OF FM 517 **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:** BEGIN: (Lat) END: (Lat) (Long), 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 2.4

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.4 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY: Installation of traffic signal with safety lighting

and pavement markings.

1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
Bernard-Urban Land	Clay Loam, somewhat poorly
Complex, 0 to 1% slopes	drained, high rate of runoff

1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

No PSLs planned for construction

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting PSLs determined during construction

Type	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

Mobilization

Install sediment and erosion controls

Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

Remove existing pavement

Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement

widening

Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

☐ Place flex base

Rework slopes, grade ditches

Blade windrowed material back across slopes

Revegetation of unpaved areas

Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and

erosion control measures

Other: N/A

Other:	N/A			
Other:	N/A			_

1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area

Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage

X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction

□ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking

★ Construction debris and waste from various construction

Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out

X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities

X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles

☐ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste

□ Other: _	N/A			
□ Other:	N/A			

Other:	N/A			
-				

1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Tributaries

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Classified Waterbody

	*Dickenson Bayou Tidal (1103); Impaired by Bacteria
TMDL & I-Plans Identified for Dic	kenson Bayou
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodies	with pollutant in ()

1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

☐ Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

☐ Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other:			

Other:	

1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

■ Maintain	SWP3	records	for 3	years
☐ Other:	N/A			

•				
☐ Other:	N/A			

☐ Other:	N/A		•	•

1,14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

MS4 Entity



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



• July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.					
		61				
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY			
TEXA	S	HOU	GALVESTON			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
0051		03	120	SH 3		

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL

STABILIZATION BMPS:
T/P
□ □ Protection of Existing Vegetation
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Soil Retention Blankets
□ □ Geotextiles
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments
☐ ※ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
■ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking
□ □ Interceptor Swale
☐ ☐ Riprap☐ ☐ Diversion Dike
☐ ☐ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
□ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
Paved Flumes
□ □ Other: N/A
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
☐ ☐ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
□ □ Sediment Control Fence
□ □ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips

N/A

□ □ Other: N/A

□ □ Other: N/A □ □ Other: N/A

□ □ Other:

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

T/P

□ □ Sediment Trap

 Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ Sedimentation Basin
□ Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
☐ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
☐ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
$\hfill\Box$ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
☐ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
☐ Available area/Site geometry
☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
□ Public safety
□ Other: N/A

2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Stationing				
From	То			
	From Stati			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:						
▼ Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily						
☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control						
☐ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin						
Stabilized construction exit						
□ Daily street sweeping						
□ Other: N/A						
☐ Other: N/A						
☐ Other: N/A						
☐ Other: N/A						
2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:						
☐ Chemical Management						
☐ Concrete and Materials Waste Management						

2.3 FOLLOTION PREVENTION WEASURES				
☐ Chemical Management				
☐ Concrete and Materials Waste Management				
☐ Debris and Trash Management				
☐ Dust Control				
□ Sanitary Facilities				
□ Other: N/A				

Other:	N/A	

2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

N/A

N/A

Other:

Other:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing				
Туре	From	То			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

X Fire hydrant flushings

X Irrigation drainage

X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)

X Potable water sources

X Springs

X Uncontaminated groundwater

X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust

X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater. and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

2.10 MAINTENANCE: Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.				
		62				
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY			
TEXA	S	HOU	GALVESTON			
CONT.		SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY I		NO.	
0051		03	120 SH 3			

CURB INLETS 8" DIAMETER LOGS ITEM 506-6040 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8") CURB INLET AMIN. CURB INLET CURB AND GRATE INLET TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL LOG. INSERT ROD OR OTHER DEVICES IN OR UNDER LOG AND AT ENDS TO KEEP LOG SECURE AT INLET OPENING. USE 8" DIAMETER LOG.

MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

FIII:

Use 100% shredded mulch or other non-compost biodegradable material as fill for logs. No compost or fines.

DO NOT USE MATERIAL WHICH PROHIBITS WATER INFILTRATION.

LOG MESH:

Use mesh with 1/4" openings or larger.
Mesh must allow water infiltration but also hold fill material in place.

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment trap (erosion control log) may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

 $\overline{\text{Traps:}}$ The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Sediment traps should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way

The trap should be cleaned when the capacity has been reduced by V_2 or the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1', whichever is less.

REQUIRED ITEMS:

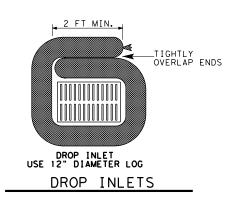
- ITEM 506-6040 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8") L
- ITEM 506-6041 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12") LF
- ITEM 506-6043 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)

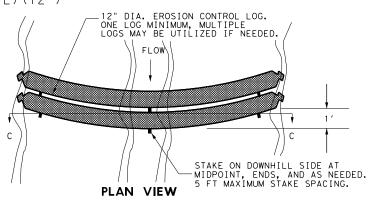
DROP INLETS AND OTHER LOCATIONS 12" DIAMETER LOGS

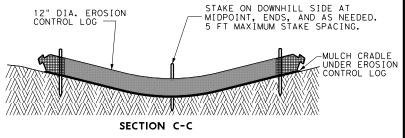
2" DIA. EROSION

CONTROL LOG

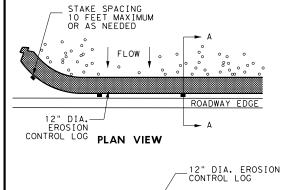
ITEM 506-6041 BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL)(12")

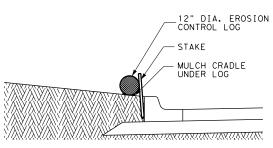






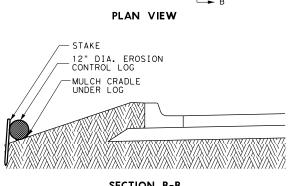
DRAINAGE SWALE OR DITCH





SECTION A-A
SLOPE TO ROADWAY EDGE

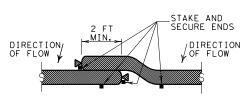
LF



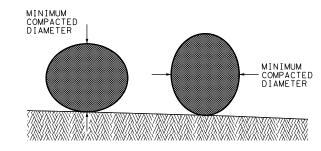
STAKE SPACING -10 FEET MAXIMUM

°∘ ∱ FLOW

SLOPE AWAY FROM ROADWAY EDGE



END OF LOG OVERLAP



DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS



EROSION CONTROL LOG

ECL-12

.e: STDG4a.DGN	DN: TxDot		CK:	TxDot	DW: 7	xDot	CK:	TxDot	
)TxDOT 2014	DISTRICT	FED	REG	PRO	JECT NUMB	ER		SHEET	7
REVISIONS IS MINOR CORRECTIONS	HOU		6				63	7	
	COUNTY			CONTROL	SECT	JOB	H [GHWA	Υ	
	GALVESTON			0051	03	120	SH 3		

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402 TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities. TxD0T damage X No Action Required Required Action by or 1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in any kind incorrect accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000 2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or required by the Engineer. anty of or for i 3. Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors. No warr formats 4. When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer. Act". II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS. WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404 - ce USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any Pract Idard water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas. The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with ing star the following permit(s): ineer Engi of 1 X No Permit Required "Texas ersion wetlands affected) Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters) ъş ☐ Individual 404 Permit Required rned for t Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP# Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS. The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts. Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS ☐ Temporary Vegetation Silt Fence ☐ Vegetative Filter Strips ☐ Blankets/Matting Rock Berm ☐ Retention/Irrigation Systems Mulch ☐ Triangular Filter Dike Extended Detention Basin Sodding Sand Bag Berm Constructed Wetlands ☐ Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike ■ Wet Basin ☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks

Sediment Basins

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action X No Action Required Action No. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. Required Action X No Action Required Action No. V. FEDERAL LISTED. PROPOSED THREATENED. ENDANGERED SPECIES. CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. Required Action X No Action Required Action No. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services Pre-Construction Notification FHWA: Federal Highway Administration Project Specific Location MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCFO: Texas Carmission on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Threatened and Endangered Species

MOU: Memorandum of Understanding

MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act

NOT: Notice of Termination

Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with

In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

X No

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

X No

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

X No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	
1.	

2.

VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation



ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS EPIC

ILE: epic.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: RG DW: VP ck: AR C)TxDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB 0051 03 120 SH 3 2-12-2011 (DS) -07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. -23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506. ADDED GRASSY SWALES. GALVESTON

ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS.

5/6/2024