STATE OF TEXAS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TEXAS DIVISION RMC 646597001 1 STATE O DISTRICT COUNTY TEXAS BMT JASPER, ETC. CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHMAY NO. 6465 97 001 US 96, ETC.

MGR. No. 051
MAINT. SECT. - 04 & 07

PLANS OF PROPOSED ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

SEE SHEET 2 FOR THE INDEX OF SHEETS

TYPE OF WORK:

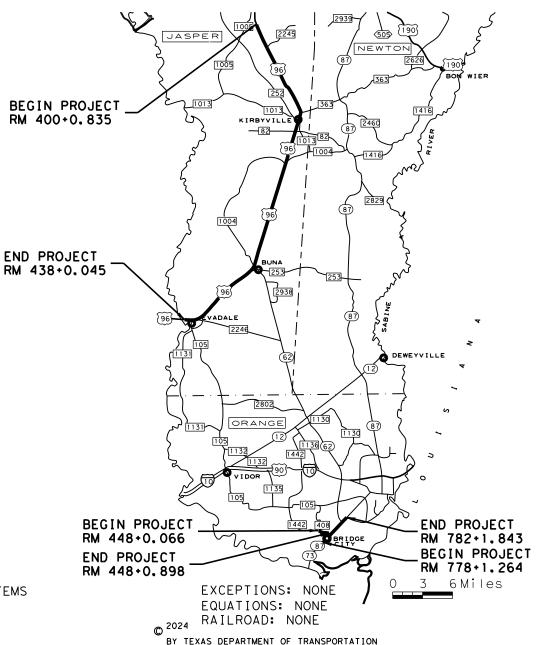
FULL DEPTH CONCRETE PAVEMENT REPAIR
IN JASPER AND ORANGE COUNTIES

PROJECT NO.: RMC 646597001

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT: 564 FT = 0.107 MILE

LIMITS OF WORK: US 96 FROM FM 1005 TO

VARIOUS LOCATIONS



ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR:

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (I)-21 THRU BC (I2)-21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

RECOMMENDED	FOR	LETTING:
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5/31/2024

DocuSigned by:

Peter Jungen

THAIRPERSON, DISTRICT SAFETY REVIEW TEAM

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Texas Department of Transportation

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

6/3/2024

— DocuSigned by:

-2F910EBCA1A1SBSISTANT AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

6/3/2024

—DocuSigned by:

Lith Hom, P.E.

-7EC9295FBBDTRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

6/4/2024

DocuSigned by:

Martin N. Grib, P.E.

-578CD749506D4F0...DISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN CONTRACT, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
	GENERAL
1 2 3 4-4C 5 6	TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS EXISTING TYPICAL SECTIONS GENERAL NOTES ESTIMATE & QUANTITY QUANTITY SUMMARY
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS
7-18 19-20 21	BC (1)-21 THRU BC (12)-21 TCP (2-4)-18, TCP (2-6)-18 WZ (RS)-22
	PAVEMENT STANDARDS
24	REPCP-14 MISC. CONCRETE REPAIR DETAILS JS-14
	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES
26	EPIC

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

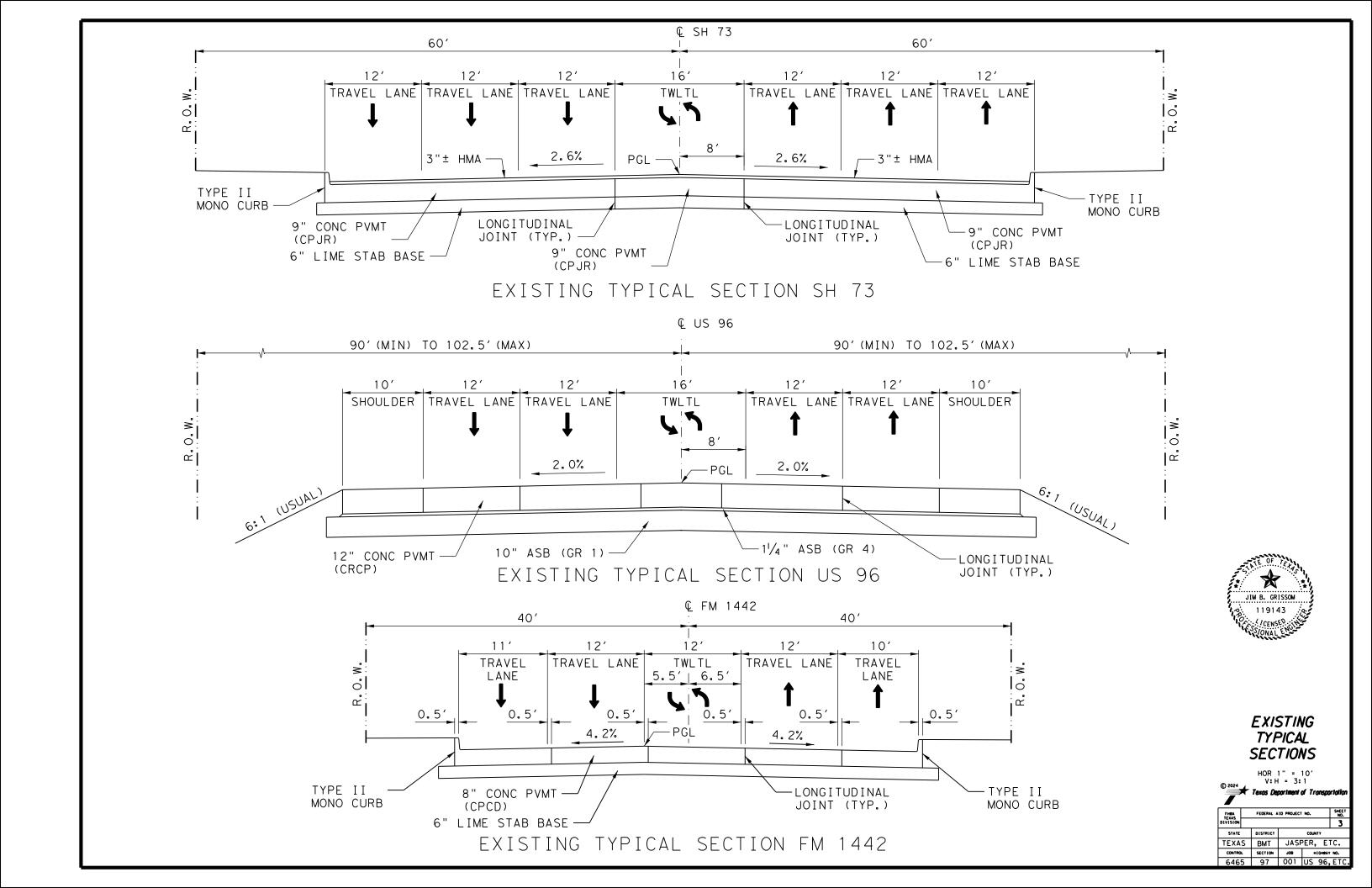
Jim B. Grissom, P.E.

DATE



INDEX OF SHEETS





Project Number: RMC 646597001

County: JASPER, ETC. Highway: US 96, ETC.

Project Number: RMC 646597001 County: JASPER, ETC. Highway: US 96, ETC.

Sheet <u>4</u> Control: 6465-97-001

GENERAL NOTES:

This project includes plans, which are not part of the bid proposal. Plans may be viewed online or downloaded from the website at:

Sheet

Control: 6465-97-001

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors consultants/plans online.htm

Plans may be ordered from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/repro_companies.htm

Supervision: The Engineers listed below are in charge of the inspection of all work in this Contract. The pre-construction meeting will be scheduled by this office and all requests for payment will be certified by this office.

Contractor questions on this project are to be emailed to the following individuals:

Name Jim Grissom, P.E. Name Jim.Grissom@TxDOT.gov

Name Bryce Broussard, P.E.

Name Bryce.Broussard@TxDOT.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All Contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Before beginning work, the Contractor is required to attend a pre-construction meeting in the office of the Orange Area Engineer.

3128 HWY 62 North Orange, TX 77632 (409) 374-5493

Perform all work in compliance with the latest edition of the Texas Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices "(TMUTCD)", "Traffic Control Standard Sheets" and the "Engineering Design Sheets" on these plans. Any variation must be approved.

Assume ownership for all designated waste material and dispose of it at a place off the right of way, as approved.

Verify material quantities and dimensions prior to ordering.

Give the Engineer seven days' notice of the date and time work is to commence on this project. This project is to repair concrete pavement located within Orange and Jasper Counties. The repairs identified on the plans are based on pavement conditions at the time the plans were being prepared. Additional repairs may be added based on pavement at the time of construction. These locations will not be limited to the roadways shown on the plans, but rather any roadway located within the above mentioned Counties.

The Mobilization bid item will cover the extent and duration of the original Contract quantity of repair. Additional mobilization payment will only be considered for work above the original quantity requested after the Contractor has demobilized from Orange and Jasper counties.

Work limits noted on the plans are approximate. Exact limits will be as directed.

Item 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

April 2011 Maintenance program environmental assessment covers this project. Maintain a neat and clean worksite and do not allow any debris to fall into the storm sewer inlets.

Comply with all ordinances and regulations of local municipal and county governments as well as the Texas Natural Resources Conservation Comission and the TCEQ (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality), which may be applicable on this Contract.

In addition to providing an emergency contact phone number and a Contractor's Responsible Person, who is fluent in English, have an employee available to respond on the project for emergencies and for taking corrective measures within 30 minutes of notification.

Do not park employee vehicles within the right of way at any time including any section closed to public traffic unless the vehicle is being utilized for construction procedures. Employees may park on the right of way at sites where the Contractor has an office, equipment, and materials storage yard.

Place all equipment and vehicles not in operation and materials not being used a minimum of 30 feet from the travel way, unless protected behind positive barrier.

Procure all the necessary city and county permits and licenses.

Item 8: Prosecution and Progress

Compute and charge working days in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4: "Standard Work Week".

This project will consist of work at multiple locations. The work at these locations will be performed during daytime hours, except for work on IH-10 Main Lanes which will be done only during nighttime work hours.

24 hours will elapse when changing between daytime and nighttime work. All other work will be performed during the daytime hours as per Section 8.3.1.4, Standard Workweek as defined in the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Project Number: RMC 646597001 County: JASPER, ETC. Highway: US 96, ETC. Sheet _____ Control: 6465-97-001

ontrol: 6465-97-001

Notify the Engineer at least 24 hours in advance of beginning any work if work will not be performed the engineer or their representative must be notified by 8:15 of that day.

Work on this contract is not to be considered complete until the Contractor receives written notification from the Area Engineer. Contractor will not demobilize from the project until this written notification has been presented. Oral notification will not constitute official notification that work is complete.

Notify the Engineer 72 hours in advance of any lane or ramp closures. Limit lane closures to a maximum length of one mile on main lanes and between traffic lights excluding tapers on frontage roads.

Allow State, city, and utility forces to enter this project to accomplish such work as may be deemed necessary.

Schedule work so that all travel lanes are open during non-working hours, nights, and weekends, unless otherwise approved.

Do not plan work when impending bad weather or low temperatures may impair the quality of work.

Adjoining projects may be in progress during the construction of a portion of this project. Plan and prosecute the sequence of construction and the traffic control plan with adjacent construction projects, if applicable. Manage construction of all phases to minimize disruption to traffic.

Provide a sequence of work and a project schedule to the Engineer at the preconstruction meeting. By noon of each Wednesday, provide the Engineer a written outline of the proposed work schedule for the following week. This outline will also list the times and places for any proposed traffic control changes.

Work may be performed on Saturday, when requested in writing 48 hours in advance and approved.

No work to be performed until September 1, 2024, unless directed otherwise.

Law enforcement will be considered for this Contract under the following conditions:

- Work involving controlled access facilities.
- Night work operations that create substantial traffic safety risks for workers or road users.
- Major traffic shifts involving high speed (greater than 55 MPH) and high volume roadways (ADT exceeds 10,000).
- Traffic shifts at intersections where unexpected or sudden queuing is anticipated.
- Complex intersections where flaggers may not be able to maintain adequate traffic control.

Provide one full-time off-duty uniformed officer, with transportation jurisdiction and full police powers in the County or City in which the project is located, during construction as directed. The officers mut be able to show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards. Coordinate with local law enforcement and arrange for law enforcement as directed or agreed. Complete the daily tracking form provided by the Department and submit invoices that agree with the tracking form for payment at the end of each month approved services were provided. Peace Officer will be be paid by force account and

Project Number: RMC 646597001 County: JASPER, ETC. Highway: US 96, ETC. Sheet <u>4A</u> Control: 6465-97-001

must be approved. The vehicle used must be a marked law enforcement vehicle in the city or county where the project is located.

Item 361: Full-Depth Repair of Concrete Pavement

All locations will be designated by the Engineer.

Volumetric trucks meeting the requirements of Section 421.3.1.2, Section 421.4.5.2, and other applicable Specifications will be required for all Locations requiring night work. Provide a minimum of two volumetric trucks with sufficient resources to refill/reload and be ready to pour within 45 minutes.

Engineer may substitute other repair locations located anywhere within Orange, Jasper, and Newton Counties for those shown on the plans if deemed necessary. This will not constitute a significant change in the scope of work.

Pavement depths are based on existing as-built plans. Actual depths may vary. Depths shown on the plans will be the depth paid for unless the measured depth varies by more than one inch in either direction.

The maturity method, in accordance with Test Method Tex-426-A, will be used to estimate concrete strength.

Provide to the Engineer, the Intellirock maturity system (or approved equivalent) for testing concrete maturity. This system will include the logger/sensor, handheld reader, and software. The system can be obtained from Nomadics, Inc. (405-372-9535).

For estimating the number of logger/sensors required for this project, one sensor will be required per mix design and one sensor will be required to be placed in the last concrete pour per location site per day. Up to an additional 10 sensors may be required as directed by the Engineer.

The maturity system shall not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to various bid Items

Provide a vibratory screed at least two (2) feet longer than the width of the pavement to be used in finishing all repaired areas ten (10) feet in length or longer.

Provide "HES" concrete. A set accelerating admixture may be necessary to meet the flexural strength requirements and will require written approval of the Engineer. Design the Class HES concrete to meet the requirements of Class P and a minimum average compressive strength of 1800 psi in 4 hours.

High range water reducers will be used only to meet special requirements and will require written approval of the Engineer. A satisfactory work plan for control must be submitted by the Contractor for approval. An evaluation of the concrete containing the admixture will be performed by the Engineer.

Where patches in jointed pavement require the removal of a transverse joint(s), construct new joint at the same location.

Project Number: RMC 646597001 County: JASPER, ETC. Highway: US 96, ETC. Sheet _____ Control: 6465-97-001

All repairs located within jointed concrete pavement will be considered JRCP and repaired as per the details on the plans for JRCP with the exception that when joints containing smooth dowels are encountered, they will be replaced as per details on the plans for CPCD.

When repairing concrete pavement where concrete is covered with an asphalt layer, place new concrete flush to top of surrounding asphalt pavement.

Schedule work so that concrete placement follows full-depth saw-cutting by no more than 72 hours on typical roadways. Due to concern of pavement dropping after it is sawed, repairs located within bridge approach slabs are to be replaced the day after sawing.

Contractor will not saw-cut the last 10% of the repair locations per Maintenance Section until authorized. In the event overruns have occurred within a Maintenance Section, remaining repair locations may be omitted. The Engineer will verify whether funding is available to perform remaining repairs.

Complete repairs so that longitudinal joints fall on edge of travel lane or center of travel lane. No joints will be allowed in the wheel path. The size, location, and number of repairs are approximate and subject to change as directed. Any additional sawing required as a result of these changes will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to pertinent bid Items

Method "B" joint sealing will be required. Seal around perimeter of repairs and transverse joints if present. This work will be subsidiary. Ride quality to be as per Surface Test A as per Item 585.

Contractor will not wash out concrete on Project site. Any excess concrete placed during repairs will be removed from the project on that day and will not be allowed to remain overnight. All removed portions of concrete will be removed from the project the same day as removed from the roadway. Breaking removed portions of concrete on top of the existing pavement will not be allowed.

Provide concrete finish consisting of a carpet drag and transverse tine as per standard specification Item 360 when existing pavement has transverse tines unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Provide standard broom finish on all other pavements.

Concrete removal will not be permitted when impending weather conditions may result in rainfall which will delay the concrete placement.

Saw cutting of existing concrete pavement across existing cracks will not be allowed unless approved by the Engineer.

The concrete pavement will not be core drilled.

Remove and replace all loose sub-base material with concrete. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this bid Item.

Ride quality to be as per Surface Test A, as per item 585.

Project Number: RMC 646597001 County: JASPER, ETC. Highway: US 96, ETC. Sheet 4B Control: 6465-97-001

Item 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Remove all traffic control devices from the roadway, and out of the right of way, when they are not in use. Devices scheduled to be used within 3 days may be placed along the shoulder of the roadway or right of way when not in use or stored in other approved areas on the project. Cover any construction signs that are not in effect and are installed in a fashion that will not allow them to be removed from the right of way easily.

Do not place construction signs in conflict with existing signs. If placement of construction signs for Contract blocks existing signs, adjust with confirmation from the Engineer.

Construct all work zone signs, sign supports, and barricades from material other than wood unless approved. Galvanize steel supports if used. Aluminum signs, if used, shall meet the following minimum thickness requirements:

Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080 inches
7.5 to 15	0.100 inches
Greater than 15	0.125 inches

Provide a pilot car where two-way traffic is restricted to one lane during work hours when direct line of sight is impaired from one end of the work zone to the other or when required by the Engineer. Equip pilot car with a portable mounted sign type G20-4 with two revolving or blinking type lights. Consider this work subsidiary to the pertinent bid Items.

Plan sequence of work to minimize inconvenience to traveling public.

Work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage will be paid for in accordance with Article 9.7 "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method". These enhancements will be mutually agreed and based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid Items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Provide flashing arrow panels in conjunction with lane closure signing. This will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to Item 502.

Do not obstruct more than one traffic lane at any time.

Limit lane closures to a maximum of 1 mile, unless otherwise approved.

Restrict work to one side of the roadway at a time.

Open all lanes during non-working hours.

Provide radio communication between all flaggers and pilot cars for lane closures.

Provide flaggers at each side road intersection and ensure they have communication with the flaggers controlling the movement of traffic on the highway.

Use option "B" for TCP (1-2)-18.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

Project Number: RMC 646597001 County: JASPER, ETC.

Highway: US 96, ETC.

Sheet _____ Control: 6465-97-001

Item 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

It is not anticipated that any erosion, sedimentation, or environmental control devices will be needed on this project. If such controls are necessary, th SW3P for this project will consist of the use of any temporary erosion control measures deemed necessary as directed. Payment for the work will be determined in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for Extra Work and Force Account Method".

Item 662: Work Zone Pavement Markings

Place work zone short term pavement markings as directed on the same day that existing centerline markings have been removed.

Item 666: Reflectorized Pavement Markings

Replace any centerline markings damaged with buttons or paint and beads meeting requirements of item 666 or as approved. If such repairs are necessary, they will be approved.

Payment for the work will be in accordance with Article 9.7, "Payment for extra Work and force Account Method".

Furnish Type II drop-on glass beads.

Notify District traffic Section and provide them with the locations and quantities of any edgeline markings that were removed but not replaced on this project as well as the centerline markings that were replaced.

Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Shadow Vehicles with TMA and high intensity, rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights are required. Use one TMA preceding every stationary work zone.

General Notes Sheet G



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6465-97-001

DISTRICT Beaumont **HIGHWAY** US0096

COUNTY Jasper

CONTROL SECTION JOB			6465-97-001				
		PROJE	CT ID	A0020	8531		
		cc	UNTY	Jasper		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	USO	96		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	361-6006	FULL - DEPTH REPAIR CRCP (12")	SY	170.000		170.000	
	361-6033	FULL - DEPTH REPAIR CPCD (8")	SY	184.000		184.000	
	361-6047	FULL - DEPTH REPAIR CPJR (12")	SY	202.000		202.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	3.000		3.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	37.000		37.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Beaumont	Jasper	6465-97-001	5

ROADWAY ITEMS										
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			~	<u> </u>	LENGTH	WIDTH		CRCP	CPCD	CPJR
		DIRECTION				VOLUME	(12")	(8")	(12")	
HIGHWAY	COUNTY	REFERENCE MARKER	N,S,E,W	I,M,O,S,	FT	FT	CY	SY	SY	SY
		RM 400+0.835	N	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 400+1.113	N	I	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 400+1.114	N	I	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 400+1.115	N	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 402+0.410	N	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 402+0.601	N	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 406+1.662	S	0	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 406+1.668	S	0	8	6	1.78	5		
		RM 406+1.671	S	0	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 406+1.676	S	1	8	6	1.78	5		
		RM 406+1.681	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 406+1.681	S	S	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 406+1.685	S	0	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 406+1.714	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 406+1.715	S	I	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 406+1.773	S	0	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 406+1.774	S	0	8	6	1.78	5		
		RM 406+2.079	S	I	8	12	3.56	11		
		RM 408+0.408	S	I	6	6	1.33	4		
US 96	JASPER	RM 408+0.529	S	0	9	6	2.00	6		
		RM 408+0.529	S	S	9	6	2.00	6		
		RM 408+0.600	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+0.704	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+0.709	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+0.756	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+0.801	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+0.808	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+0.915	S	I	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+0.921	S	0	20	12	8.89	27		
		RM 408+1.281	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+1.283	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 408+1.322	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 424+1.332	N	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 436+0.584	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 436+1.195	S	I/FR	7	6	1.56	5		
		RM 436+1.666	S	O/FR	3	3	0.33	1		
		RM 438+0.032	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 438+0.045	S	1	6	6	1.33	4		
		RM 438+0.045	S	0	6	6	1.33	4		
		ESTIMATE						170	0	0
PROJECT	TOTALS:	FINAL							 	

			ROADWAY ITEMS							
		7	2 *			ITEM 361				
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			DIRECTION		LENGTH	WIDTH	VOLUME	CRCP	CPCD	CPJR
							>	(12")	(8")	(12")
HIGHWAY	COUNTY	REFERENCE MARKER	N,S,E,W	I,M,O,S,	FT	FT	CY	SY	SY	SY
		RM 448+0.066	N	1/0	12	24	7.11		32	
		RM 448+0.278	S	1	9	12	2.67		12	
		RM 448+0.280	S	1/0	6	24	3.56		16	
		RM 448+0.290	S	0	18	12	5.33		24	
FM 1442		RM 448+0.433	S	1/0	18	12	5.33		24	
		RM 448+0.733	S	1/0	6	24	3.56		16	
		RM 448+0.887	S	0	21	12	6.22		28	
		RM 448+0.896	S	0	12	12	3.56		16	
		RM 448+0.898	S	ı	12	12	3.56		16	
		RM 778+1.264	E	0	24	6	5.33			16
		RM 778+1.545	E	0	24	6	5.33			16
		RM 778+1.638	E	0	24	6	5.33			16
		RM 780+0.001	E	М	12	6	2.67			8
	ORANGE	RM 780+0.090	E	M	12	6	2.67			8
	010,0102	RM 780+0.547	E	M	12	6	2.67			8
		RM 780+0.881	E	M	9	12	4.00			12
		RM 780+0.915	E	0	12	6	2.67			8
		RM 780+0.951	E	М	7	12	3.11			9
SH 73		RM 780+0.259	W	W	12	6	2.67			8
		RM 780+0.210	W	M/O	6	24	5.33			16
		RM 780+0.118	W	0	12	6	2.67			8
		RM 780+0.142	W	M/O	6	24	5.33			16
		RM 780+0.301	W	M	6	12	2.67			8
		RM 782+1.729	W	M	6	12	2.67			8
ļ		RM 782+1.754	W	M	6	12	2.67			8
ļ		RM 7821.775	W	M	6	12	2.67			8
ļ		RM 782+1.830	W	0	9	12	4.00			12
		RM 782+1.843	W	M	6	12	2.67			8
		ESTIMATE						0	184	202
PROJECT	TOTALS:	FINAL						<u> </u>	184	202

^{*} THE VOLUME OF CONCRETE REQUIRED IS FOR THE CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY AND WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY, BUT IS SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS PAY ITEMS.

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

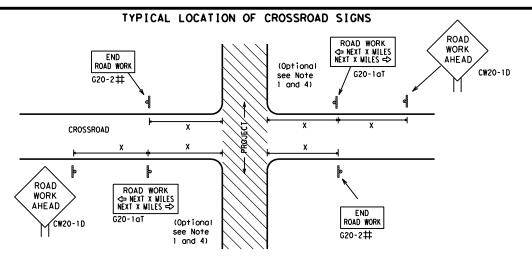
SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- \sharp May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.

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- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES => 80' WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-5gTP BORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

/		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
		30	120
		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
		50	400
		55	500 ²
		60	600²
		65	700 ²
		70	800 ²
		75	900 ²
		80	1000 ²
_	ı	*	* 3

SPACING

onventional Expressway/ Freeway or Series 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE	LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	J-141 - L-1		July Decrimina	050 211111		
ROAD CW20-1D WORK AREA 3X	ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D WPH CW13-1P	NEXT X MILES	CW1-4L R4-1 DO NOT PASS oppropriate) X X X	ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D R2-1**	* * R20-5T TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE	STAY ALERT	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW R20-3T ** X
<u> </u>	d*//	-	d d	d d	đ	d d	đ
\						✧	
□ □	\$ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
y → 3x	Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE CSJ Limit	Beginning of NO-PASSING line should coordinate	R2-1 SPEED LIMIT		END G20	-2bT X X
	tween minimal work spaces, the Engineer/In are placed in advance of these work areas	rispection should chisalic daditional	ROAD WORK with sign		NOTES		
within the project limits. See th	ne applicable TCP sheets for exact location						
channelizing devices.						shall determine t	

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC ★ ★ G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 CW1 - 4 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT X XG20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices \Diamond -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END END ☐ WORK ZONE G20-2bt ★ ★ LIMIT ROAD WORK G20-2 * *

ate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.

** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
	I	Type 3 Barricade				
c	000 Channelizing Devices					
	h	Sign				
	x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety

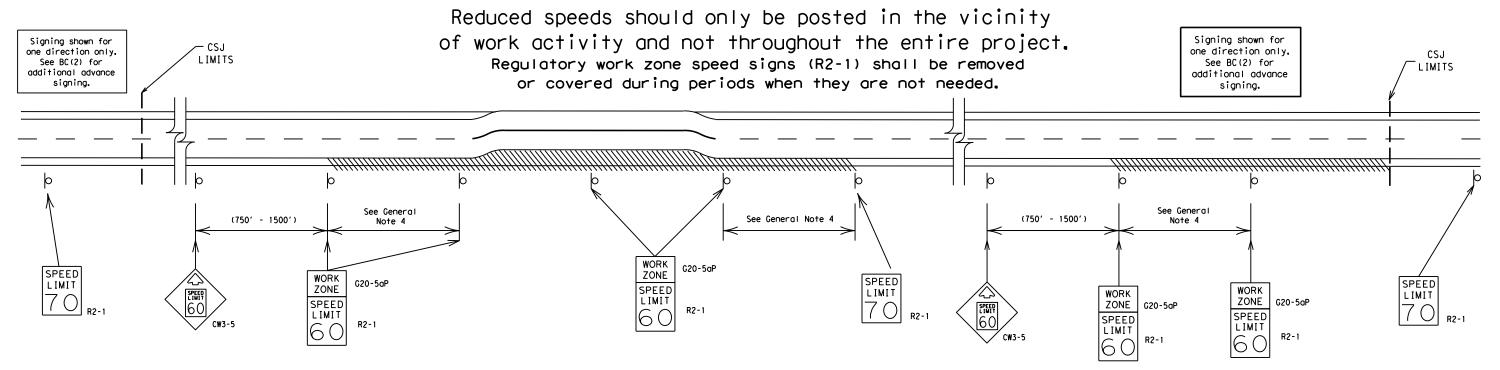
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

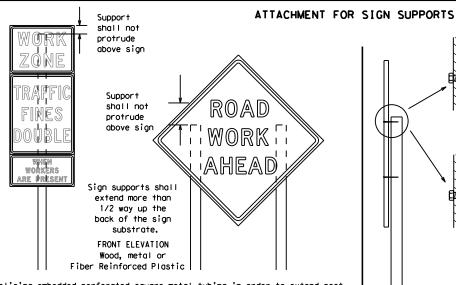
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. AMMINIA Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two SIDE ELEVATION above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind Wood the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

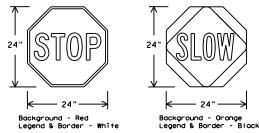
> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	S (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

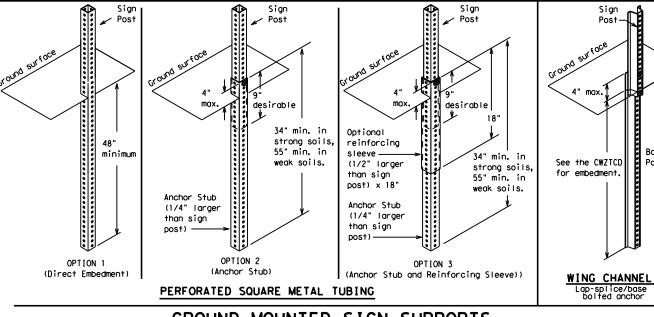
Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21

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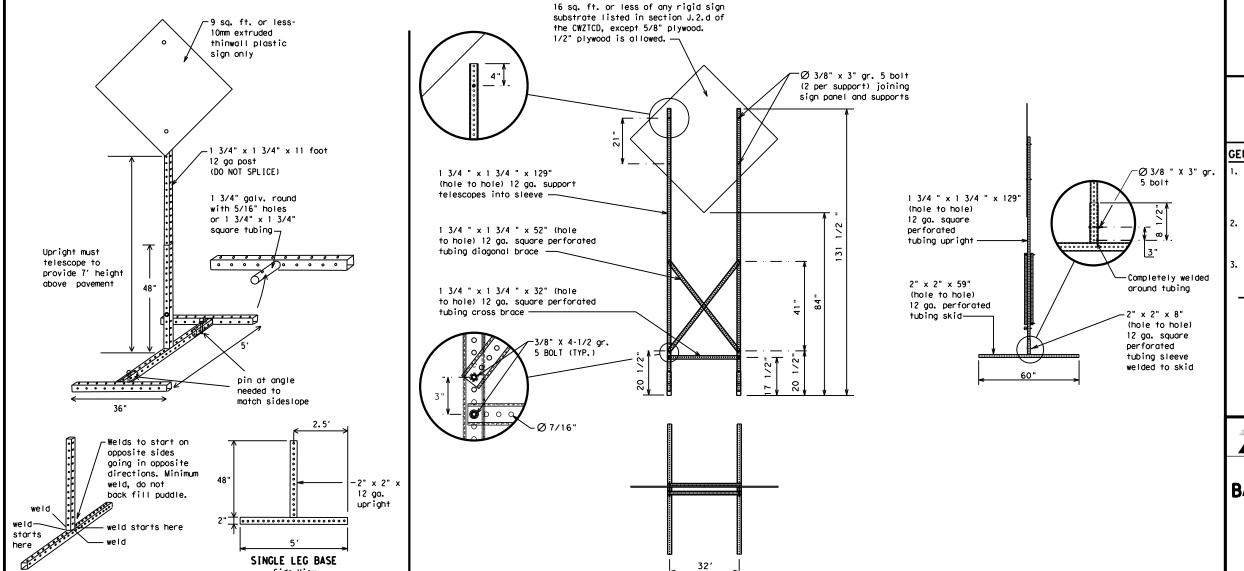


GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site.
 This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WARD OR BURNES		WORD OF BURYES	
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PK ING RD
CROSSING	XING	Road	
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane		Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level Maintenance	LWR LEVEL MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phase Lists".

1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.

2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the

is not included in the first phase selected.

and should be understandable by themselves.

no more than one week prior to the work.

"Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases,

of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for

6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice

4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location

5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel * * Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM APR XX-DETOUR USE BEFORE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -**TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM US XXX N WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX USF NFXT FOR DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO TO STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY * LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2. * * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

LANE

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.

9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT FACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

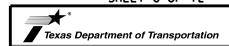
BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



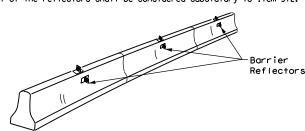
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC (6) -21

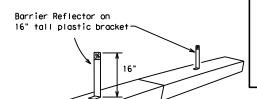
7-13	5-21	ВМТ	J.	ASPER,	EΤ	С.		12	
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

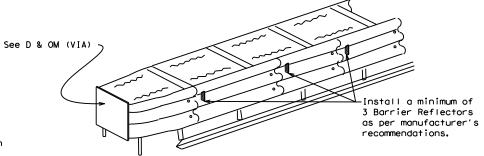
LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



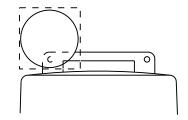
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light monufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

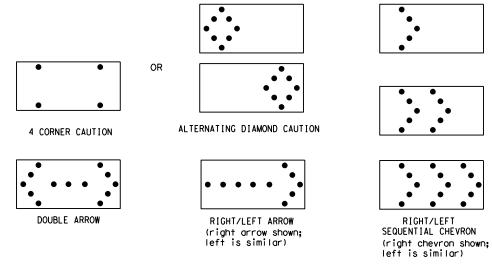
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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		DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		BMT	.J.	ASPER.	FT	C.,		13	

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

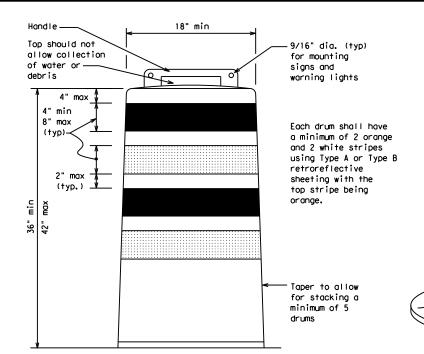
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

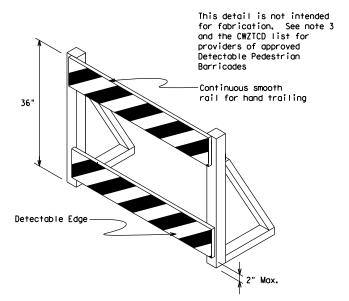
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

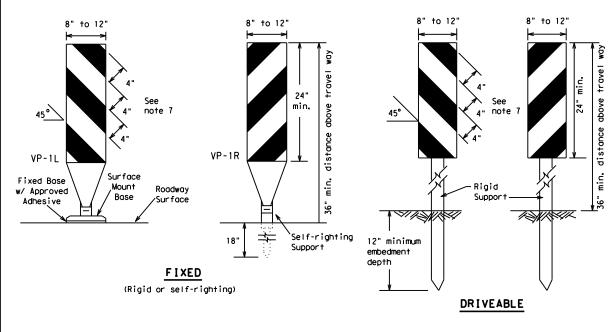
Traffic Safety

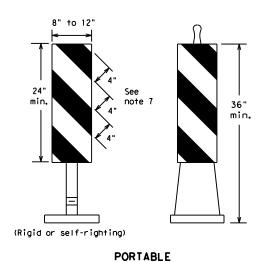
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (8) - 21

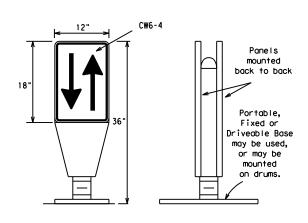
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FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDC</td><td>)T (</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDC)T (ck: TxDOT
ℂTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		WAY
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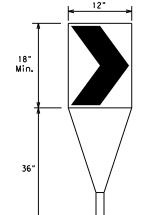
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations.
 They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Selfrighting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



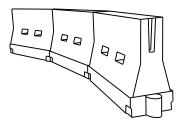
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
 work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
 roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le	Suggested Maximu Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	<u>ws²</u>	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	8	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55°	110′		
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

**X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

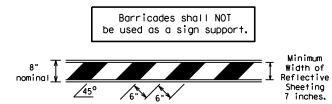
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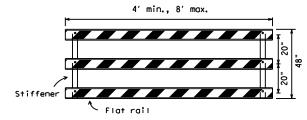
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

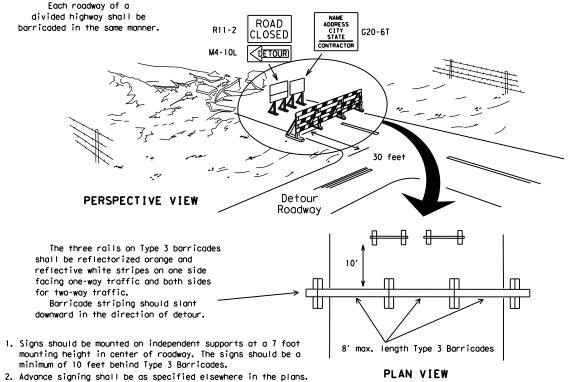


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Θ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. white

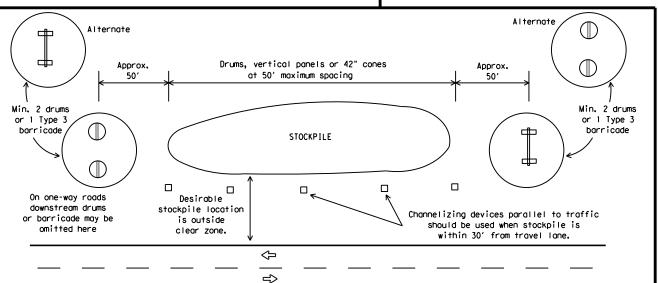
6" min. 2" min. 4" min.

One-Piece cones

2" max. 2" to 6" 3" min. 2" to 6" 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

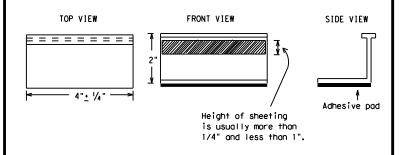
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety



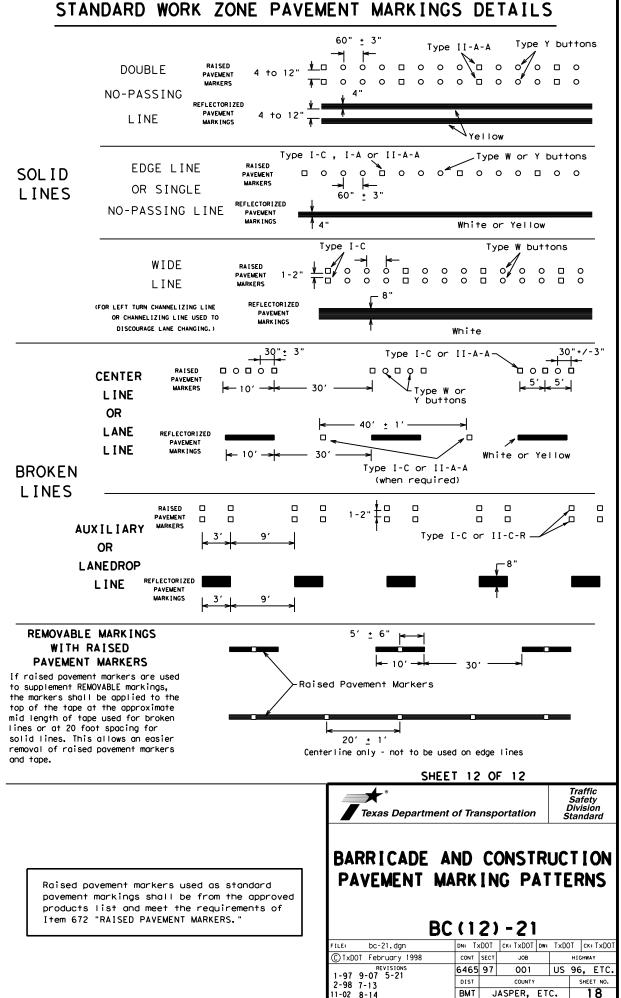
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

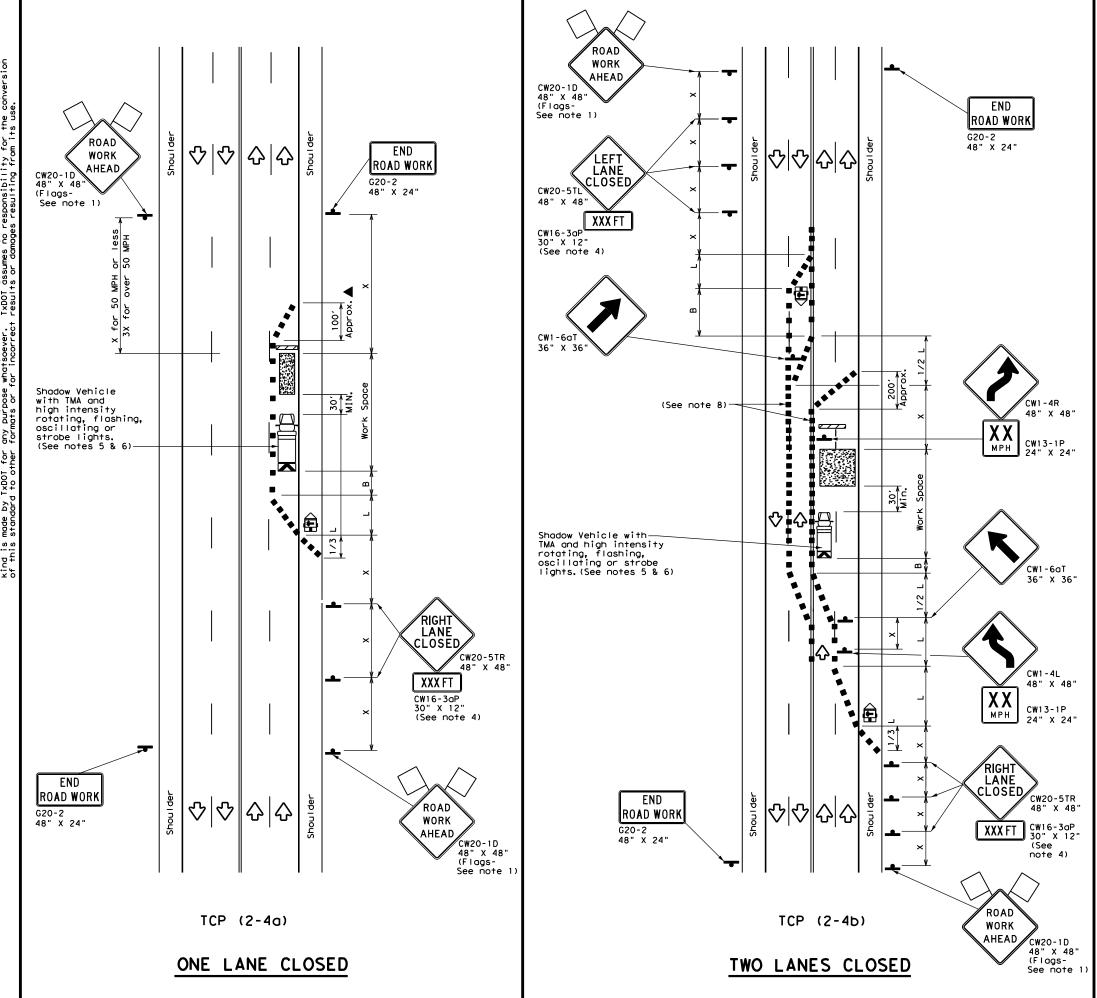
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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 White ↗ Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 ➪ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



BMT JASPER, ETC.



	LEGEND						
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	TO.	Flagger				

	V \							
Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	160′	120′
40	L 60	265′	2951	320′	40`	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100'	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- ""	600′	660′	720′	60`	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 1. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



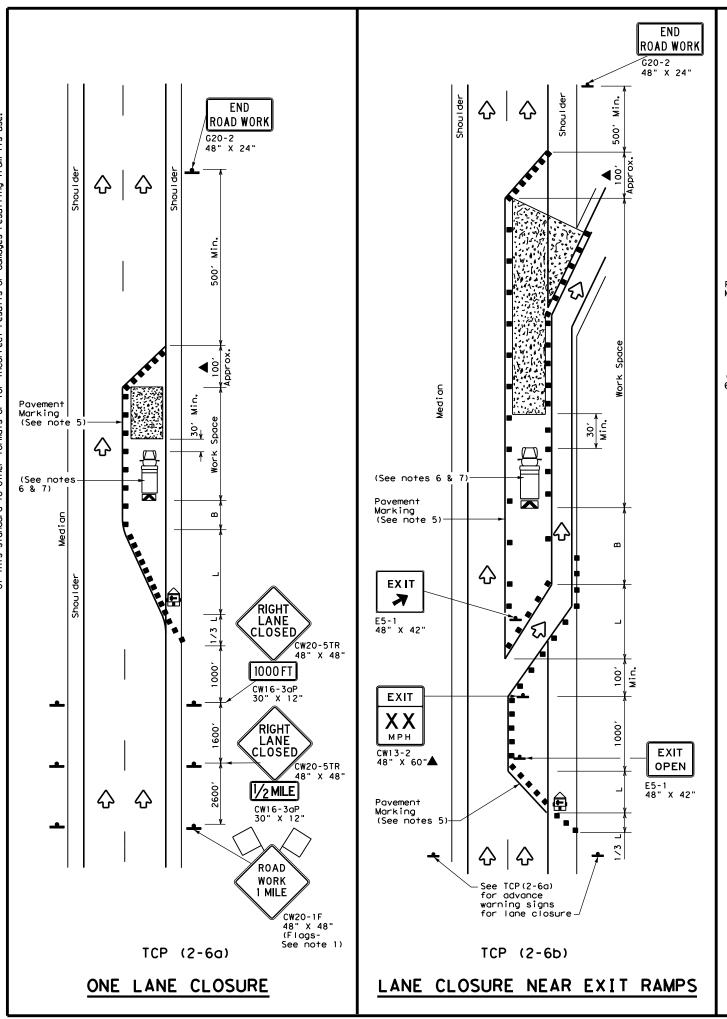
Traffic Operations Division Standard

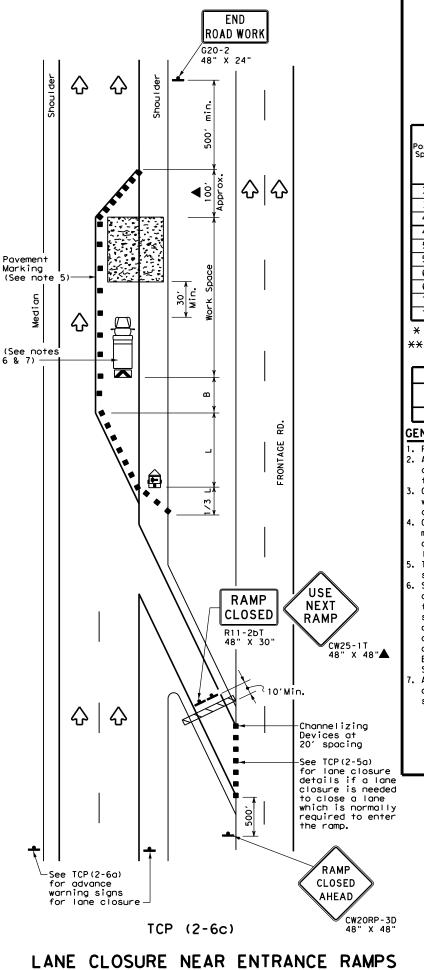
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

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LEGEND							
Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices					
Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
Flag	Ф	Flagger					
	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths  **  Minimum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>  WS</u> 2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	L= 60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	3201	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- **X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			✓	✓			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

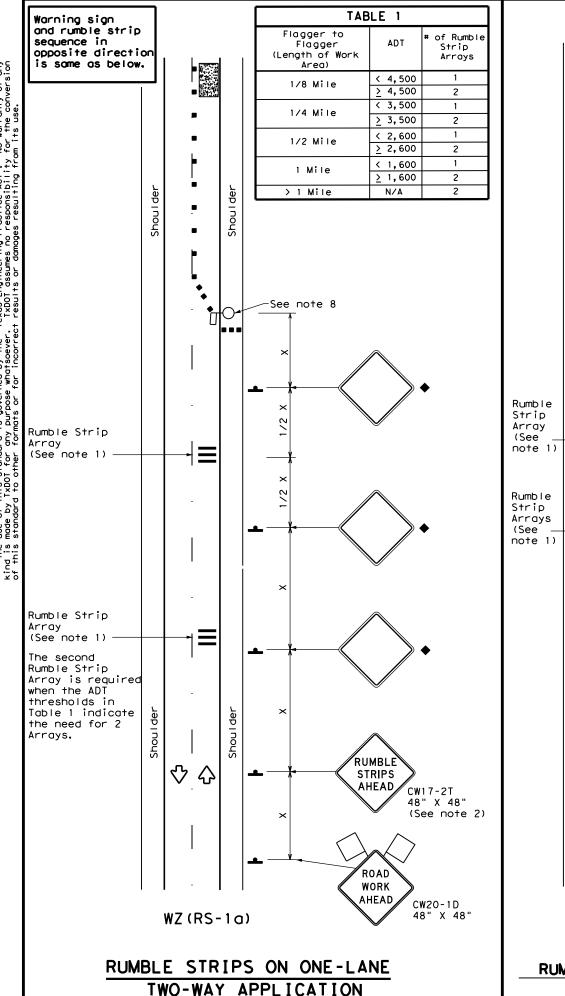
Texas Department of Transportation

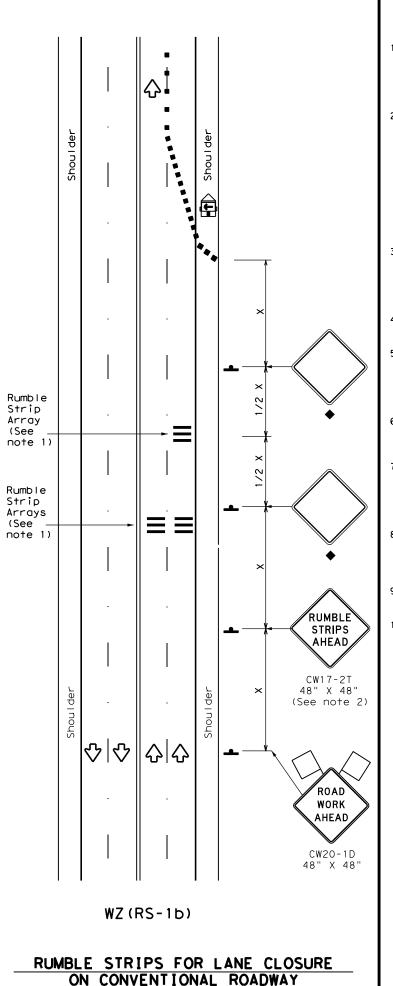
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

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#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 3. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND								
	☑ Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
(E)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - # 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		6501	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	70′ 140′		475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′ 150′		900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off,
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
  S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	✓	✓							

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

T.	ABLE 2
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array
≤ 40 MPH	10′
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′
= 60 MPH	20′
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35′+



TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

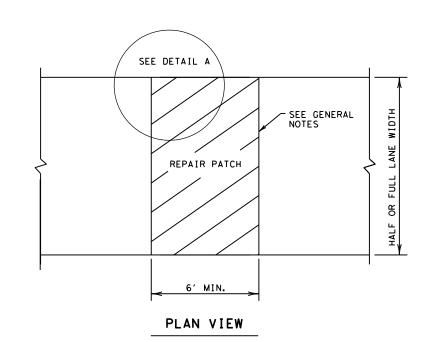
WZ(RS)-22

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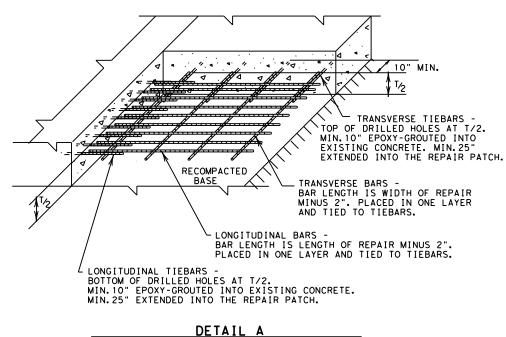
TAE	BLE NO.	1 STEE	L BAR SIZE	AND SPA	CING	
TYPE	SLAB TH	HICKNESS	L ONG I TU	TRANSVERSE*		
	AND BAF	R SIZE	REGULAR BARS	TIEBARS	BARS	TIEBARS
TAB  TYPE PAVEMENT  CRCP  CPJR  CPCD	T (IN.)	BAR SIZE	SPACING SPACING (IN.)		SPACING (IN.)	SPACING (IN.)
	6.0		7.5	7.5		
	6.5		7.0	7.0		
	7.0	#5	6.5	6.5	24	24
	7.5		6.0	6.0		
	8.0		9.0	9.0		
CDCD	8.5		8.5	8.5		
CRCP	9.0		8.0	8.0		
	9.5		7.5	7.5		
	10.0	#6	7.0	7.0	24	24
	10.5		6.75	6.75		
	11.0		6.5	6.5		
	11.5		6.25	6.25		
	<u>&gt;</u> 12.0		6.0	6.0		
CP IR	<8.0	#5	24.0	12.0	24	24
CI UIV	≥8.0	#6	24.0	12.0	24	24
CPCD	<8.0	#5	NONE	12.0	NONE	24
	≥8.0	#6	NONE	12.0	NONE	24

#### * USE 12" SPACING AS FIRST AND LAST SPACING AT END OR SIDE FOR ALL BARS.



#### GENERAL NOTES

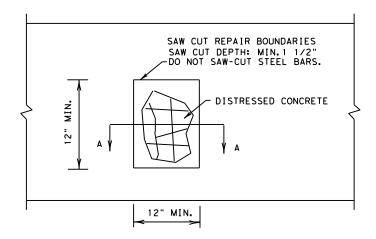
- 1.ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.
- 2.MULTIPLE PIECE TIEBARS SHALL BE USED WHEN THE REPAIR AREA MUST BE PLACED IN TWO STAGES DUE TO SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. FULL DEPTH SAW CUTS SHALL BE MADE AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE AREA TO BE REPAIRED. THE CUT SHALL BE MADE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE PAVEMENT EDGE AND TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE PAVEMENT.
- 4.AT LEAST ONE LONGITUDINAL FULL DEPTH SAW CUT SHALL BE AT AN EXISTING LONGITUDINAL JOINT.
- 5. ADDITIONAL SAW CUTS MAY BE REQUIRED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE REPAIR TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OF THE CONCRETE OR TO ALLEVIATE BINDING OF THE FULL DEPTH SAW CUT AT THE REPAIR EDGE.
- 6. THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 7. EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."



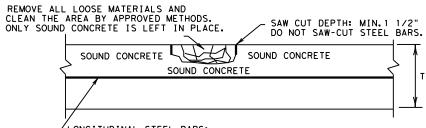
GROUTED TIEBARS & REINFORCEMENT

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1.ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.
- 2. THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."



#### PLAN VIEW

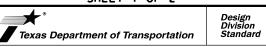


∠LONGITUDINAL STEEL BARS:

- *REPAIR AREAS MAY BE ADJUSTED AFTER REMOVING DISTRESSED CONCRETE. SWITCH THE HALF-DEPTH REPAIR TO FULL-DEPTH REPAIR IF EXPOSED EXISTING LONGITUDINAL BARS ARE DEFICIENT, AS APPROVED. COMPENSATION WILL BE MADE FOR UNEXPECTED VOLUMES OF REPAIR AREAS OR CHANGES IN SCOPE OF WORK.
- *INCREASE THE REPAIR AREA AND PERFORM A FULL-DEPTH REPAIR AS DIRECTED IF LONGITUDINAL STEEL BARS WERE DAMAGED BY THE REMOVAL OPERATIONS. NO ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION WILL BE MADE. SECTION A-A

#### HALF-DEPTH REPAIR





#### REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT

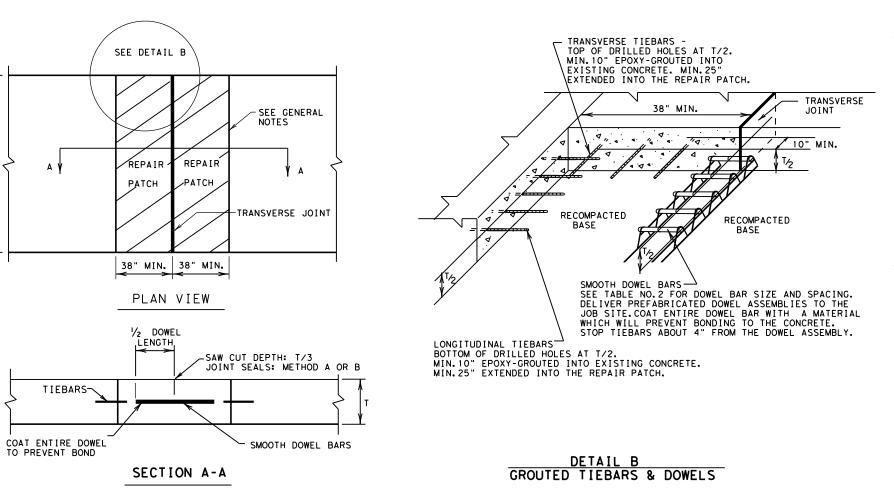
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TIEBARS-

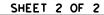
#### **GENERAL NOTES**



- 1.ITEM 361, "REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT" SHALL GOVERN FOR THIS WORK.
- 2. MULTIPLE PIECE TIEBARS SHALL BE USED WHEN THE REPAIR AREA MUST BE PLACED IN TWO STAGES DUE TO SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. FULL DEPTH SAW CUTS SHALL BE MADE AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE AREA TO BE REPAIRED. THE CUT SHALL BE MADE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE PAVEMENT EDGE AND TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE PAVEMENT.
- 4.AT LEAST ONE LONGITUDINAL FULL DEPTH SAW CUT SHALL BE AT AN EXISTING LONGITUDINAL JOINT.
- 5. ADDITIONAL SAW CUTS MAY BE REQUIRED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE REPAIR TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OF THE CONCRETE OR TO ALLEVIATE BINDING OF THE FULL DEPTH SAW CUT AT THE REPAIR EDGE.
- 6. THE SAW CUTS WHICH EXTEND OUTSIDE THE AREA OF THE REPAIR WILL BE CLEANED AND FILLED WITH A CEMENTITIOUS GROUT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 7. EXISTING LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE JOINTS REMOVED DUE TO REPAIR OPERATION SHOULD BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SHEET "CONCRETE PAVING DETAILS, JOINT SEALS."
- 8. DOWEL BAR PLACEMENT TOLERANCE SHALL BE +/- 1/4 IN. HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. WHERE DOWEL BAR BASKETS ARE USED, REMOVE THE SHIPPING WIRES.

TABLE NO.	2 DOWELS (SMO	OTH BARS)	
PAVEMENT THICKNESS (INCHES)	SIZE AND DIA.	LENGTH (IN.)	SPACING
<10	#8 (1 IN.)	10.0	12.0
≥10	#10 (1 ¹ / ₄ IN.)	18.0	12.0

REPAIR OF TRANSVERSE JOINT OF CPCD

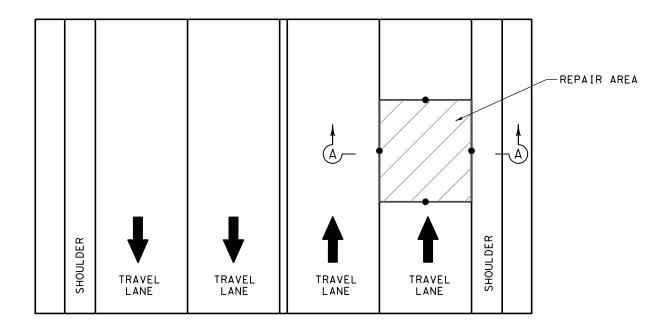




#### REPAIR OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT

#### REPCP-14

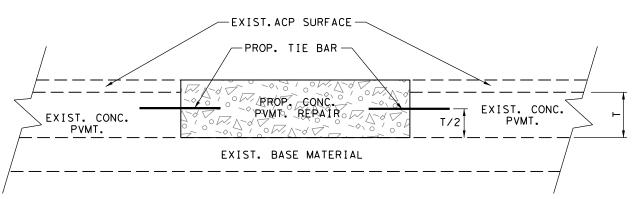
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CALCULATED QUANTITY WILL BE DETERMINED BY AVERAGING THE DEPTH OF THE EXCAVATED AREA AS MEASURED AT EACH POINT IDENTIFIED. THE AVERAGE OF THE MEASUREMENTS WILL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST INCH FOR CALCULATING PURPOSES.

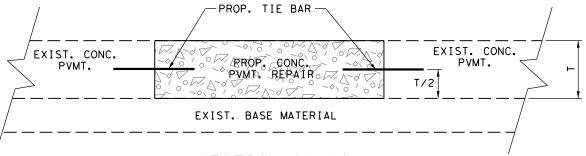
#### CONCRETE DEPTH MEASUREMENT DETAIL

N. T. S.



# SECTION 'A-A' CONCRETE PAVEMENT REPAIR ON RAODWAY WITH ACP OVERLAY

N.T.S.



# SECTION 'A-A' CONCRETE PAVEMENT REPAIR ON RAODWAY WITHOUT ACP OVERLAY

N. T. S.

#### NOTES:

THE CONTRACTOR WILL COORDINATE WITH THE MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR TO IDENTIFY AND MARK THE LOCATIONS SHOWN IN THE PLANS PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK. BE CAREFUL NOT TO USE ORIGINAL LOCATIONS SUBMITTED BY THE MAINTENANCE SECTION, AS THEY MAY HAVE BEEN MODIFIED.

AFTER REMOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE SLAB, MATERIAL CONSIDERED UNSTABLE BY THE ENGINEER SHALL BE REMOVED TO A DEPTH DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER. THE REMOVAL OF THIS ADDITIONAL MATERIAL WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY.

EXCESS MATERIAL REMOVED BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE CONCRETE PAVEMENT SHALL BE REPLACED WITH NEW CONCRETE PAVEMENT AND SHALL BE PLACED DURING THE PLACEMENT OF THE NEW CONCRETE PAVEMENT. PAYMENT FOR THIS ADDITIONAL MATERIAL WILL ONLY BE PAID FOR WHEN EXISTING MATERIAL WAS REMOVED AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER OR WHEN THE EXISTING MATERIAL WAS ATTACHED TO THE CONCRETE PAVEMENT SLAB WHEN IT WAS REMOVED.

PLACE WORK ZONE SHORT TERM MARKERS (TABS) THE SAME DAY THE EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE REMOVED. HOWEVER, TABS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON EDGE LINES.

REPLACE ANY CENTERLINE MARKINGS DAMAGED WITH BUTTONS OR PAINT AND BEADS MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 666 OR AS APPROVED. IN THE EVENT THAT SUCH REPAIRS ARE NECESSARY, THEY WILL BE APPROVED. PAYMENT FOR THE WORK WILL BE UNDER THE SAFETY CONTINGENCY ACCOUNT IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 9.7, "PAYMENT FOR EXTRA WORK AND FORCE ACCOUNT METHOD".

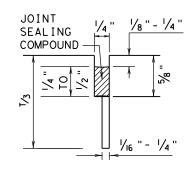


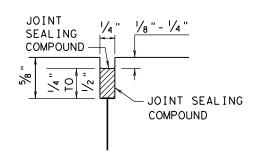
MISC. CONCRETE
PAVEMENT
REPAIR DETAIL

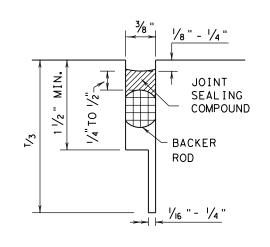


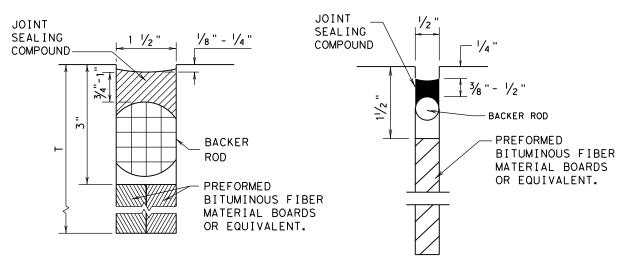
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DIVISION		24		
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY	
TEXAS	ВМТ	JAS	PER, ET	С.
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	H I GHWAY	NO.
6465	97	001	US 90.	ETC.

#### METHOD B: JOINT SEALING COMPOUND









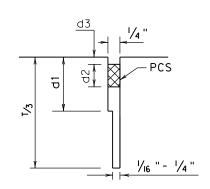
LONGITUDINAL SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT

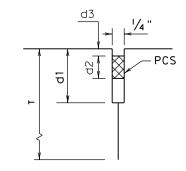
LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT

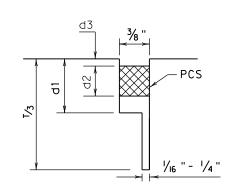
TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT TRANSVERSE FORMED **EXPANSION JOINT** 

**FORMED** ISOLATION JOINT

#### METHOD A: PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEALS (PCS) (DMS-6310 CLASS 6)



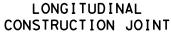


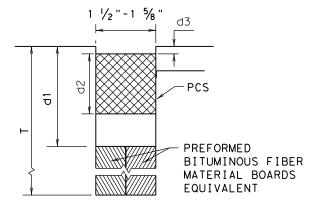


LONGITUDINAL SAWED

CONTRACTION JOINT

TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION JOINT

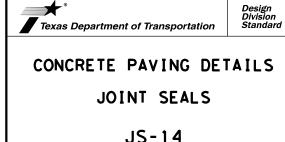




TRANSVERSE FORMED **EXPANSION JOINT** 

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, EITHER METHOD "A" OR METHOD "B" MAY BE USED.
- 2. THE LOCATION OF JOINTS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.
- 3. THE JOINT RESERVOIR FOR SEALANT OR PCS SHALL BE SAWED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS FOR THE LONGITUDINAL AND TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS AND THE SAWED JOINTS.
- 4. DIMENSIONS d1, d2, AND d3 SHOWN IN METHOD A SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PREFORMED COMPRESSION SEAL MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION.
- 5. REFER TO DMS-6310 "JOINT SEALANTS AND FILLERS" FOR THE CLASSIFICATIONS.
- 6. FOR SAWED LONGITUDINAL JOINT, LONGITUDINAL OR TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINT, USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLAN OR APPROVED.
- 7. FOR TRANSVERSE SAWED CONTRACTION, TRANSVERSE FORMED EXPANSION JOINT, AND ISOLATION JOINT USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 5 OR 8 AT NEW JOINTS. USE JOINT SEALANT CLASS 4,5,7, OR 8 FOR MAINTAINING EXISTING JOINTS.
- 8. THE JOINTS SHALL BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ITEM 438 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS" OR ITEM 713 "CLEANING AND SEALING JOINTS AND CRACKS (CONCRETE PAVEMENT)".
- 9. ISOLATION JOINTS ACCOMMODATE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL MOVEMENTS THAT OCCUR BETWEEN A PAVEMENT AND A STRUCTURE. ISOLATION JOINTS MAY BE USED FOR BRIDGE ABUTMENTS, INTERSECTIONS, CURB AND GUTTER, OLD AND NEW PAVEMENTS, OR AROUND DRAINAGE INLETS, MANHOLES, FOOTINGS AND LIGHTING STRUCTURES.



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CTxDOT: DECEMBER 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY		
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	DIST	COUNTY				SHE	ET NO.
	ВМТ	JASPER. ETC.				7	25

	TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwate required for projects with disturbed soil must protection. Item 506.	1 or more acres disturbed	l soil. Projects with any		No Act
	List MS4 Operator(s) that				1 Dofor t
	They may need to be notifi  1. TxDOT - Beaumont Distri		octivities.		1. Refer to or arch covery
1	2. *********				etc.) c
١	☐ No Action Required	Required Action			
ŀ	Action No.			IV. VE	EGETATION
١	Prevent stormwater poll	ution by controlling eros	ion and sedimentation in		☐ No Act
	accordance with TPDES P. 2. Comply with the SW3P an- required by the Enginee	d revise when necessary to	o control pollution or as		Action No.
	<ol> <li>The project is estimated In the event the project than one acre, the CGP</li> </ol>	ed to involve less than or ct disturbance acreage bed is applicable. Contact T:	ne acre of soil disturbance. comes equal to or greater kDOT project inspector for		1. Preserv adhere 192, 19
	not limited to wastewa				for inv commitm
	II. WORK IN OR NEAR STRE		WETLANDS CLEAN WATER		2. Comply and Be Enviro
		filling, dredging, excav eks, streams, wetlands or	ating or other work in any wet areas.	I	EDERAL LI
		e to all of the terms and he State of Texas, associ		_	RITICAL H ND MIGRAT
١	No Permit Required				☐ No Act
	Nationwide Permit 14 - wetlands affected)	PCN not Required (less th	nan 1/10th acre waters or		Action No.
	☐ Nationwide Permit 14 -	PCN Required (1/10 to <1/	/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)		1. If any
1	☐ Individual 404 Permit	Required: Permit #	<u> </u>		cease Do no
١	Other Nationwide Permi	t Required: NWP#			2. If cav
	-		ies to, location in project rol erosion, sedimentation		3. Comply Practi Field 4. Contra
	<ol> <li>Maintain a neat and cle debris to fall into the</li> </ol>		ater and do not allow any		Act (M during demoli
	<ol> <li>Comply with "Work In or Best Management Practi Environmental Field Gu</li> </ol>	ces" section found in the			during more t discov Inspec implem
	The elevation of the ordin to be performed in the wat permit can be found on the	ers of the US requiring t			"Migra Enviro 5. Roadsi EA Be implem
	Best Management Practi	ces:			
	Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS		
	☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips		
	Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	Retention/Irrigation Systems		
	Mulch	☐ Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention Basin	<u> </u>	
	Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Constructed Wetlands		
	☐ Interceptor Swale	Straw Bale Dike	☐ Wet Basin		t Management
ĺ	☐ Diversion Dike	☐ Brush Berms	☐ Erosion Control Compost	DSHS: Tex	struction Ger as Department
ĺ	☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Erosion Control Compost	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	IMAN MAN	leral Highway orandum of Ag
	☐ Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	■ Mulch Filter Berm and Soc	ks Compost Filter Berm and Sock ocks Vegetation Lined Ditches	° MOU; Mem	orandum of Un icipal Separa
ĺ	Combost Littlet petili diid 200k	Stone Outlet Sediment Tro		MBTA: Mig	ratory Bird T
		Sediment Basins	5- □ 2010 ililei 233iello	NWP: Nat	ice of Termin ionwide Permi
1		_		NOI: Not	ice of Intent

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402

	111.	CULTURAL RESOURCES	٧١
		☐ No Action Required	
		Action No.	Con
		<ol> <li>Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon dis- covery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.</li> </ol>	haz mak pro Obt use Pai con
	l IV.	VEGETATION RESOURCES	pro Mai
		☐ No Action Required ☐ ☐ Required Action	In in
		Action No.	imr of
		<ol> <li>Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.</li> </ol>	Cor
		<ol> <li>Comply with "Vegetation and Habitat Impacts: Regulatory Requirements and Best Management Practices" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.</li> </ol>	
	v.	FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	
		☐ No Action Required                 Required Action	
		Action No.	
		<ol> <li>If any listed species are noted in the project area, work shall cease and the TxDOT Inspector or DEQC must be notified immediately. Do not harm any encountered species.</li> <li>If caves or sinkholes are discovered on site, cease work in the area and contact the TxDOT Inspector or DEQC for guidance.</li> <li>Comply with "Wildlife: Regulatory Requirements and Best Management Practices" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Contractor shall maintain compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA). No removal of nests, active or inactive, is allowed during nesting season of the species associated with the nest. If demolition of a bridge or bridge class structure is to occur during nesting season, a survey for migratory birds is required no more than 72 hours in advance of demolition. If nests are discovered from February 15 to October 1, contact the TxDOT Inspector or DEQC immediately. Contractor is responsible for implementing all BMPs and complying with guidance provided in the "Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)" section of the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.</li> <li>Roadside Appurtenance Maintenance Program BMPs from the Maintenance EA Best Management Practices Summary Report shall be reviewed and</li> </ol>	VI
		implemented where appropriate.	
	BMP:	Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	
S	CGP: DSHS: FHWA: MOA: MOU: MS4: MBTA: NOT: NWP:	Section General Permit  Texas Department of State Health Services Federal Highway Administration  Memorandum of Agreement  Memorandum of Understanding  Memorandum of Understanding  Memorandum of Understanding  Memorandum of State Health Services  Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System  Migratory Bird Treaty Act  Notice of Termination  Notion of Intent  Migratory Bird Treaty Act  Notion of Intent  Migratory Bird Treaty Act  Notion of Intent  SPL:  Pre-Construction Notification  Project Specific Location  Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System  Texas Ports and Wildlife Department  Texas Department of Transportation  Threatened and Endangered Species  Notice of Intent  USACE:  Splii Prevention Control and Countermeasure  Pre-Construction Notification  Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System  Texas Ports and Wildlife Department  Texas Department of Transportation  Texas Ports and Wildlife Department  Texas Department of Transportation  Notice of Intent  USACE:  Splii Prevention Control and Countermeasure  State Pre-Construction Notification  Project Specific Location  Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  Texas Ports and Wildlife Department  Texas Department of Transportation  Notice of Intent  USACE:  Splii Prevention Countrol Plan  Pre-Construction Notification  Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  Texas Ports and Wildlife Department  Texas Department of Transportation  Notice of Intent  Splii Prevention Plan  Pre-Construction Notification  Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination  Texas Department of Transportation  Texas Ports and Wildlife Department  Texas Department of Transportation  Notice of Intent USACE:  Splii Prevention Plan  Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination  Texas Ports and Wildlife Department	

/I. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR	CONTAMINATION ISSUES
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☐ No Action Required

Required Action

General (applies to all projects):

comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with nazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS, in the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- * Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- * Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- * Undesirable smells or odors
- * Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances
- * Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site.

List below any bridge class structure(s), not including box culverts, being replaced, rehabilitated, removed, extended or modified as part of this project, or state "None", if applicable.

If "None", then no further action is required. Otherwise TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection and evaluation for presence of lead.

Provide results below:

Structure Location	PSN	Element	Lead	Asbestos

If Asbestos is present, then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary.

If Asbestos is not present, then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is still required to notify DSHS prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Action No.

- Comply with TxDOT Standard Specification 7.12 and Special Provision 006-012
  if evidence of hazardous
- materials or contamination is noted during construction.
- 2. Notify TxDOT Inspector or DEQC of any hazardous materials spills including fuel, hydraulic fluid, etc.

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

☐ No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

 Comply with "General Construction" section found in the Beaumont District Environmental Field Guide.



# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

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