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# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## INDEX OF SHEETS

#### SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET LOCATION MAP

- 1 B
- GENERAL NOTES & SPEC DATA 2-3
- ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SUMMARY SHEET 4 PROJECT SUMMARY - CONTRACOR INFORMATION 5

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS

20 LITC	6-17 18-21 22 23 24-25 26	BC (1) - (12) - 21 TCP (1-2) - 18 - TCP (1-5) - 18 TCP (2-2) - 18 TCP (2-4) - 18 TCP (3-1) - 13 - TCP (3-2) - 13 EPIC
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# PLANS OF PROPOSED

# HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

# TYPE OF WORK:

ULTRA HIGH PRESSURE WATER BLASTING FOR THE PRESERVATION OF SURFACE TREATMENT

# CALL-OUT

(UNKNOWN LOCATIONS)

PROJECT NO. : RMC - 646933001 HIGHWAY : US 377 LIMITS OF WORK : VARIOUS



THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE S DocuSigned by:

Blake Stembridge 5/22/2024 , PE \_\_\_\_ A2E1607EC542461... DATE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

EXCEPTIONS: NONE EQUATIONS: NONE RAILROAD: NONE



GRAPHICS FILE		MAINTENAN	ICE PROJECT	NO.	SHEET NO.
		RMC -	64693	3001	1
CHECKED	STATE	TE STATE COUNTY		COUNTY	
	TEXAS	23		BROWN	
CHECKED	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.
	6469	33	001	US 3	577

FINAL PLANS:

Contractor: Letting date: Date Contractor began work: Date work was completed: Date work was accepted: FinalCONTRACT COST:

CHANGE ORDER SUMMARY:

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC(1)-14 THRU BC(12)-14 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES"

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

-DocuSigned by: Blake Stembridge

5/22/2024

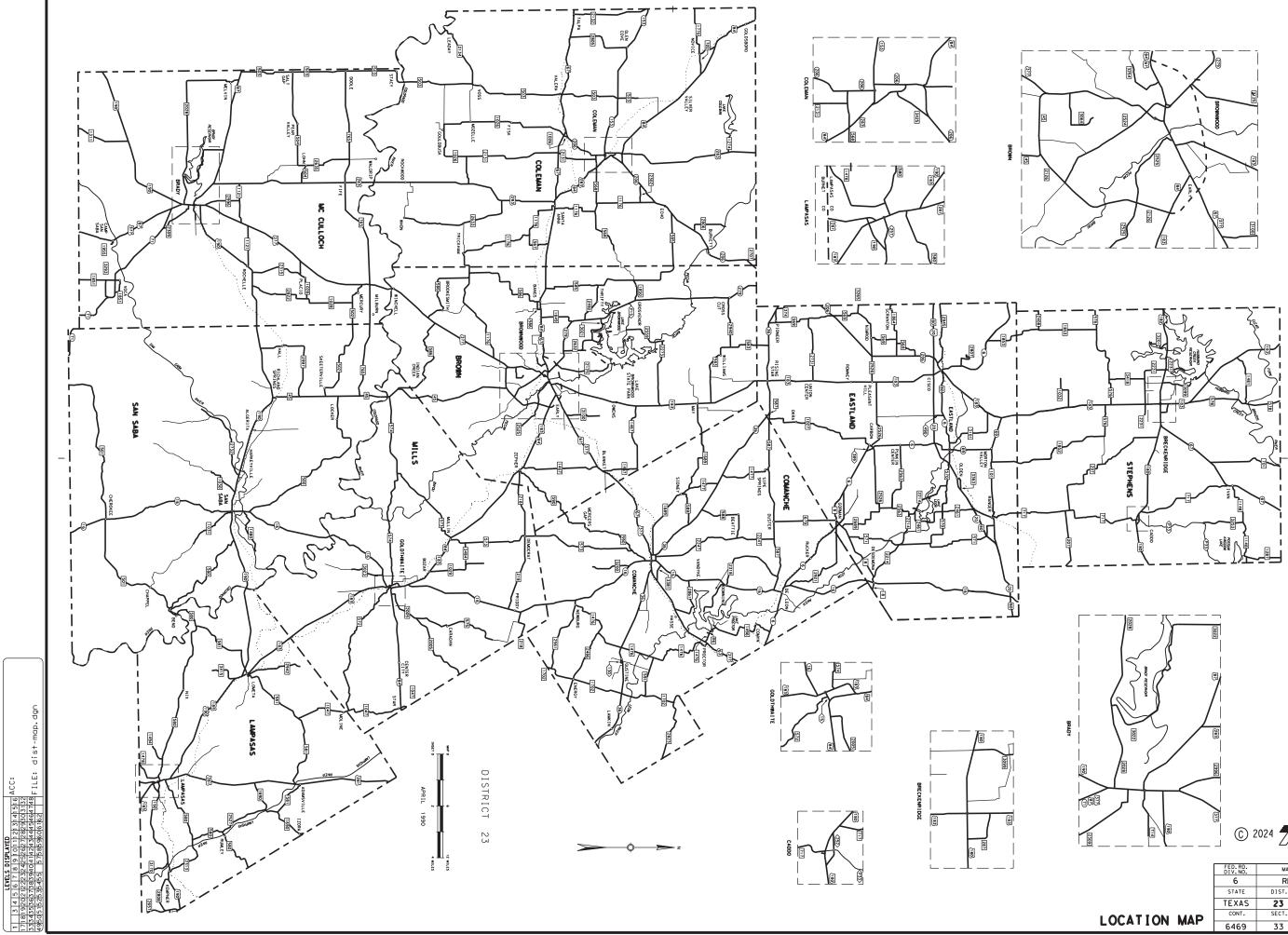
MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

A2E1607EC542461..

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

**Grigory W. (idillo, P.E.** \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_ DISTRICT ENGINEER

5/22/2024



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	FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAINT	ENANCE PROJE	SHEET NO,	
	6	RMC - 646933001		3001	1 B
	STATE	DIST.		COUNTY	
	TEXAS	23		BROWN	
LOCATION MAP	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO.
LOCATION MAP	6469	33	001	US 3	77

Project Number: RMC-646933001

County: BROWN

Highway: US 377

## **GENERAL NOTES:**

Locations are shown in the plans for UNKNOWN LOCATIONS only.

For CALL-OUT WORK, the Department makes no guarantee for continuous work at any given time at any given location(s).

This is a NON-SITE SPECIFIC/CALL-OUT CONTRACT and Plan Quantity Measurement does not apply.

All CALL-OUT WORK ORDERS are contingent upon funding availability.

Counties included are: Brown, Coleman, Comanche, Eastland, Lampasas, McCulloch, Mills San Saba and Stephens Counties.

The Engineer will specify the number of WORKING DAYS granted for each WORK ORDER based on appropriate production rates for each location.

Equip all construction equipment used in roadway work with highly visible omnidirectional flashing warning lights.

# **ITEM 2 INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Email Address Name Casey L. McGee, P.E. casey.mcgee@txdot.gov Blake G. Stembridge, P.E. blake.stembridge@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A webpage. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following address:

# https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A webpage.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A webpage for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hoover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Project Number: RMC-646933001

County: BROWN

Highway: US 377

# **ITEM 7 LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

No significant traffic generator events identified.

# **ITEM 8 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

This work will be at multiple locations.

# **ITEM 502 BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING**

Project limit barricades will not be required.

When working on a 2-lane roadway without a minimum of 8' shoulder, then TCP (2-2)-18 with a Pilot Car shall be used.

On all TCP sheets requiring FCW20-7a (flagger symbol) with a distance placard, the distance placard may be omitted. The FCW20-7a signs shall at all times be positioned between the minimum sign distance X shown on the TCP or not more than 1000 feet from the flagger.

Flags attached to CW20-1D (Road Work Ahead) may be omitted unless otherwise directed.

Traffic Control for all Temporary Tab placement and removal, Raised Reflective Pavement Marker placement and removal, sweeping (rotary broom), and striping operations shall comply with the requirements for mobile operations unless otherwise directed.

Channelizing devices may be cones. Channelizing devices will be required on tapers for lane transitions or other locations as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor may be required to furnish flaggers with two-way radios to handle one-way traffic safely and efficiently through the work zone.

The Contractor shall provide truck mounted attenuators on all shadow vehicles as shown on the TCP standard sheets.

Control: 6469-33-001

Control: 6469-33-001

Sheet B

Project Number: RMC-646933001

County: BROWN

Control: 6469-33-001

Highway: US 377

# ITEM 2021 ULTRA HIGH PRESSURE WATER CUTTING TREATMENT

Provide a disposal plan before beginning work. Testing of material will be considered subsidiary to this bid item. Find nearest and adequate disposal facility as required. Provide waste manifest as support documentation of disposal. Payment will be provided as disposal is completed with waste manifest records.

A minimum head width of 18" will be allowed.

ITEM 6185 TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

TMA's needed will be calculated by the day per Call-Out.

General Notes

# **Estimate Sheet**

ESTIMATE SUMMARY														
					CONTROL 6469- US0377	33-001	A L T		ITEM CODE		DESCRIPTION	UNIT	тот	AL
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					2.000			500	6033		MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	2.000	
					225000.000			2021	6001		ULTRA HP WATER CUTTING TREATMENT	SY	225000.000	
					25.000			6185	6005	002	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	25.000	
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ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET

DIST	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
23	BROWN	6469-33-001	4

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CONTRA	CTOR	IN	FORMA	TION -	UNKNOWN	LOCATION	IS	
2021-6001	ULTRA	ΗP	WATER	CUTTING	TREATMENT	225,000	SY	*

\*TO BE USED AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT.

-DocuSigned by: Blake Stembridge A2E1607EC542461...



5/22/2024

# PROJECT SUMMARY

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FED.RD. DIV.NO.	MAINT	SHEET NO.		
6	RMC	- 64693	3001	5
STATE	DIST.		COUNTY	
TEXAS	23		BROWN	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO.
6469	33	001	US 3	77

### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed 3. by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

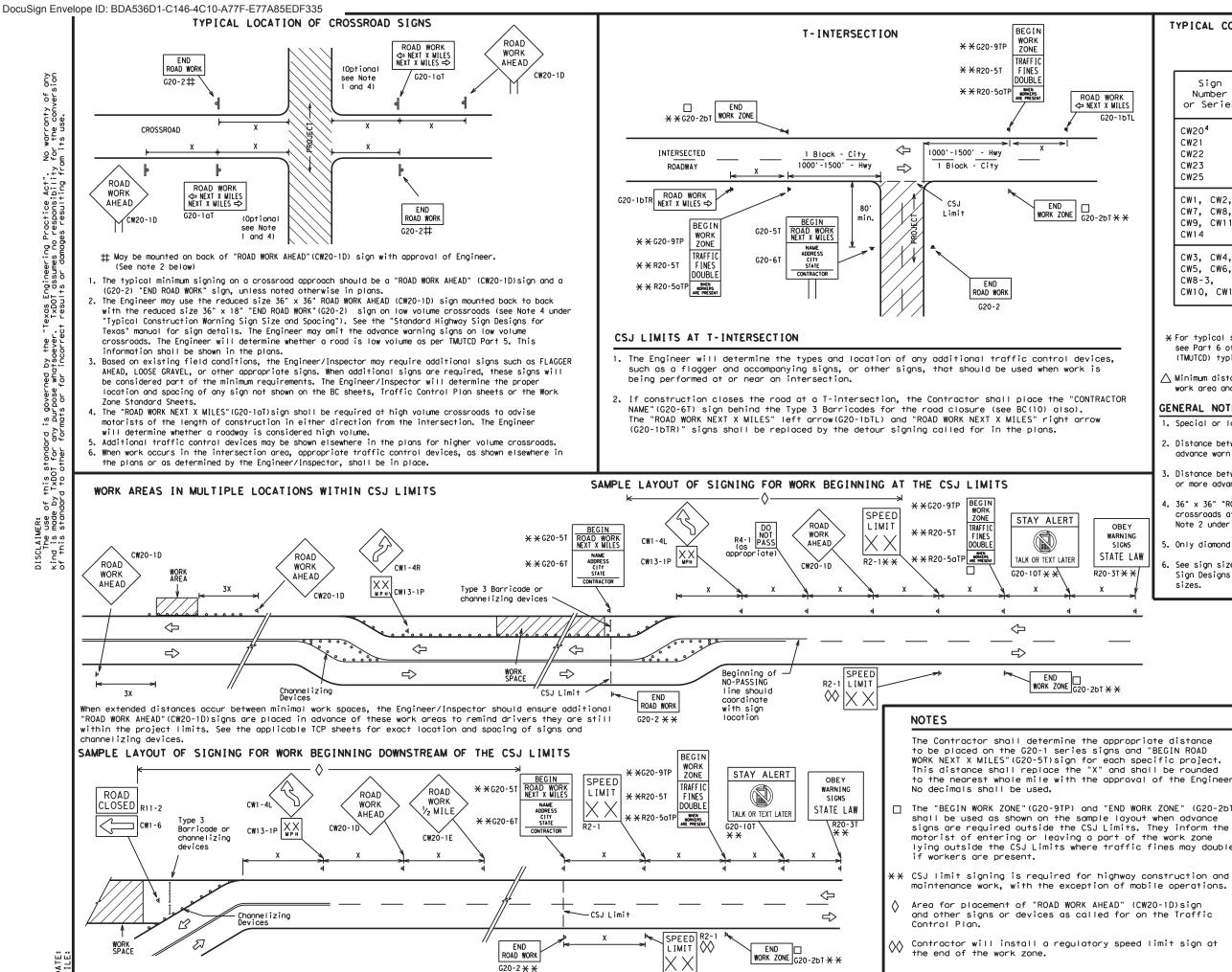
- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov			
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)			
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)			
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)			
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"			
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)			
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)			
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS			

SHEET 1 OF 12						
Traffic Safety Division Standard						
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21						
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	COUNTY SHEET NO.					
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TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING <sup>1,5,6</sup>

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"

	ACTINO
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

SPACING

X For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

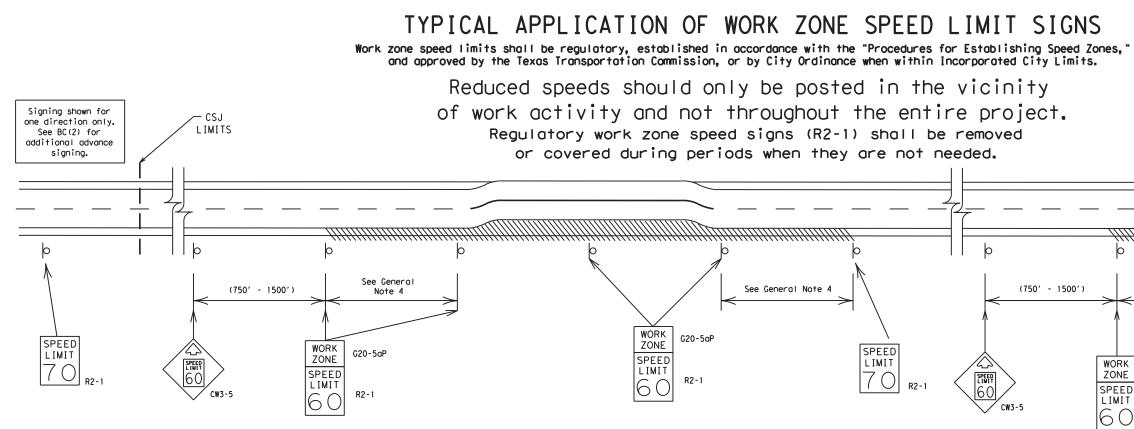
 $\bigtriangleup$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" × 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

			LEGEND						
	ны Туре 3 Barricade								
		000 Channelizing Devices							
		4	Sign						
-		x	See Typical Construc Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.	d					
	SHEET 2 OF 12								
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# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width

f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

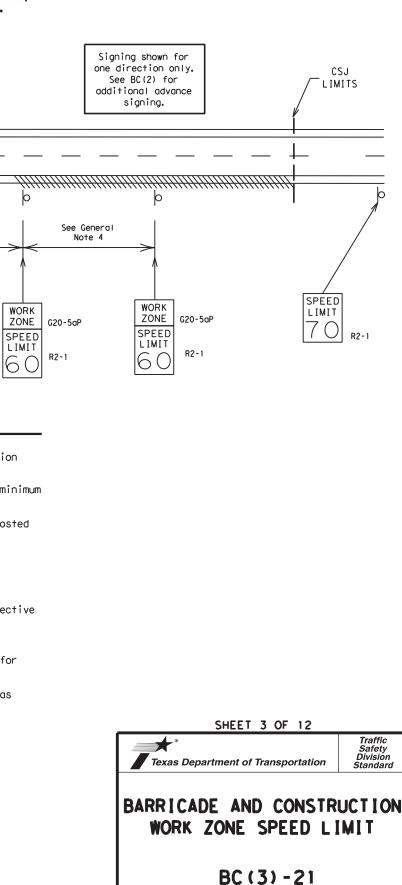
### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.

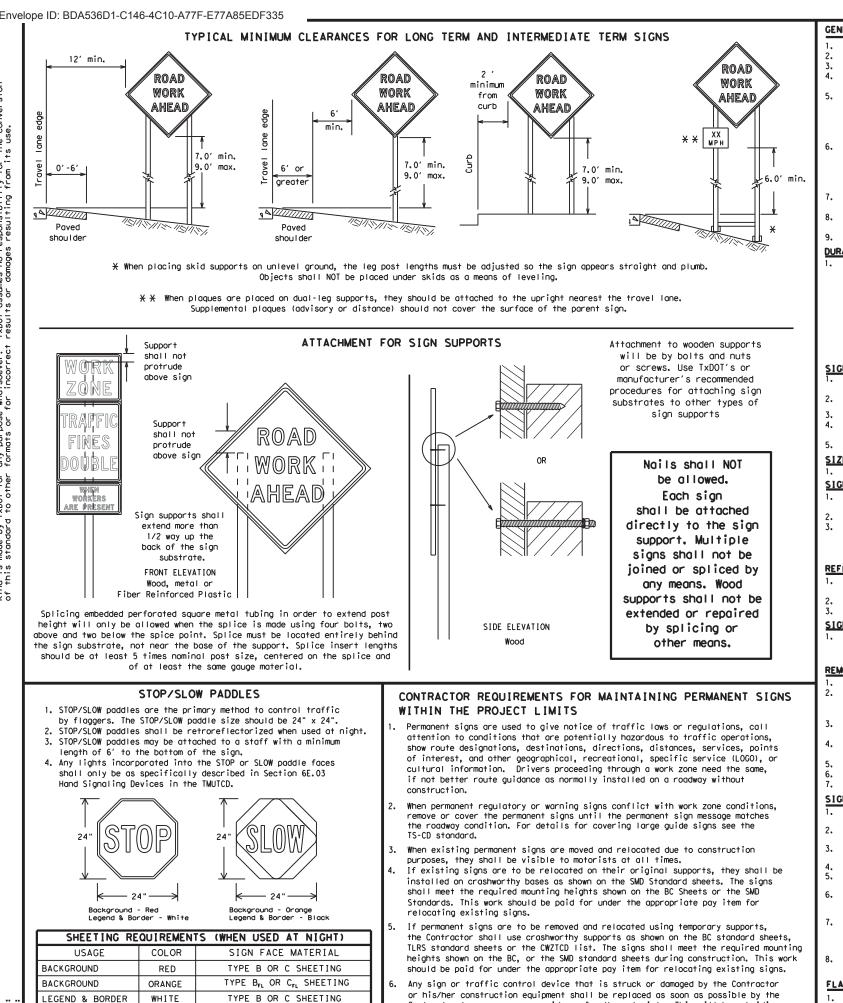
4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be: 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.





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or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes. the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.

## The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour. c.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. d.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.) e.

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

## SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.

## SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

No warranty of any for the conversion m its use. Texas Engineering Practice Act". TxDOT assumes no responsibility t results or damages resulting fro DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "It find is made by TXDDI for any purpose whatsoever. of this standard to other formats or for incorrect

LEGEND & BORDER

BL ACK

ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.

The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub>, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

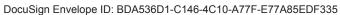
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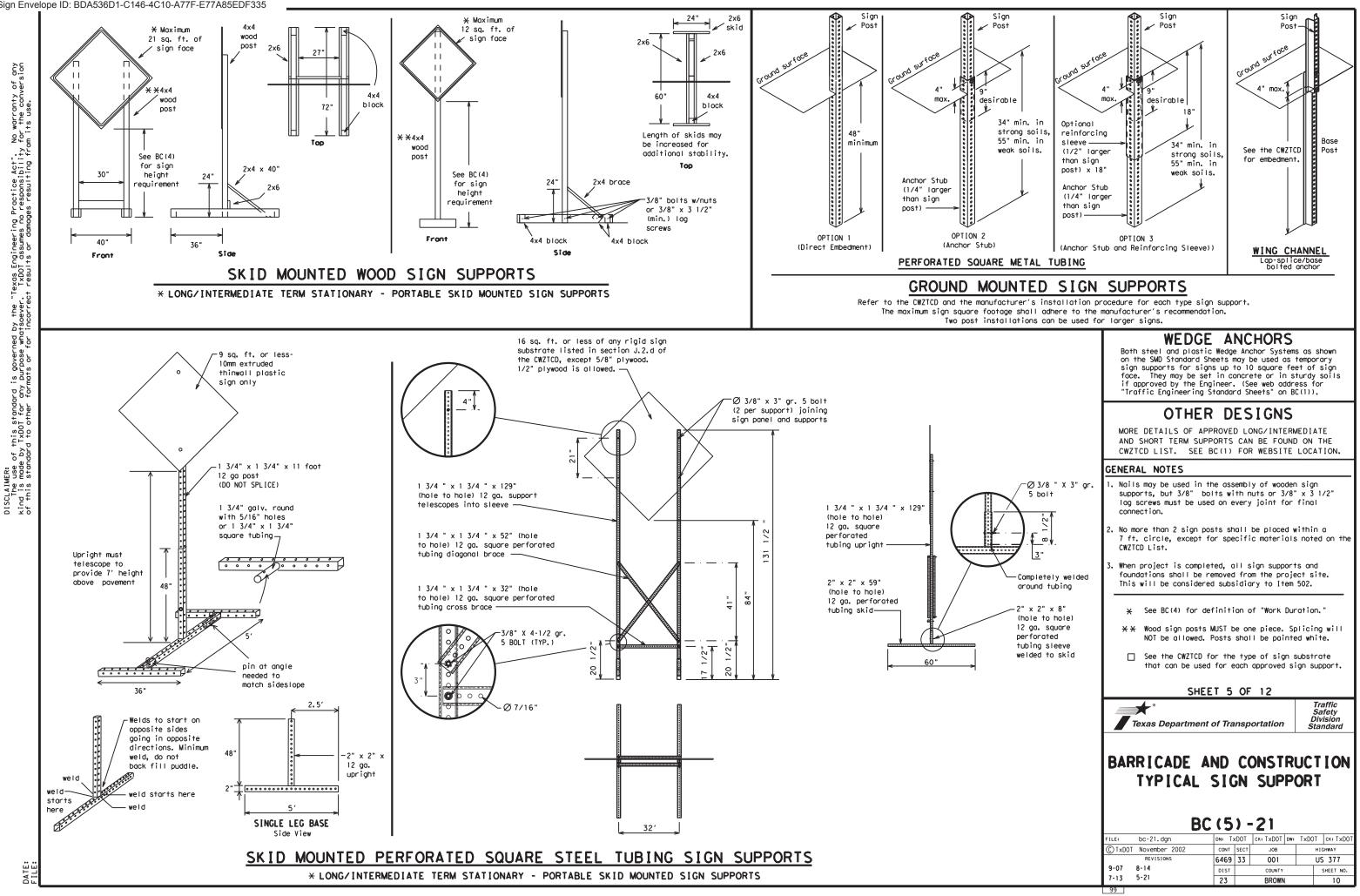
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Divisiór Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together, Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character beight should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RTLN
Detour Route	DONT	Saturday	SAT
Do Not		Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SL I P
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
lt Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WTLIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

### Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

		Uther Con	UITION LIST
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT ¥
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	¥ LANES SHIFT in Phase	1 must be used wit	n STAY IN LANE in Pho

Other Co	ndition List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SHIFT

#### Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ΤO STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE USE WATCH OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ΤN LANE

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

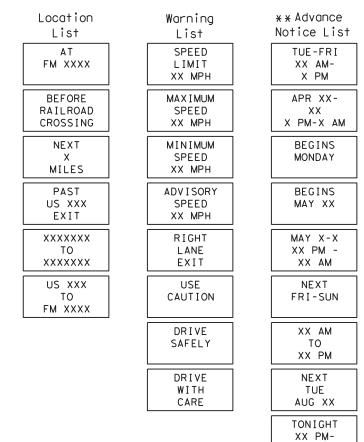
### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the some size arrow

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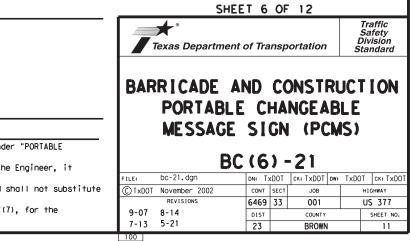
# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists



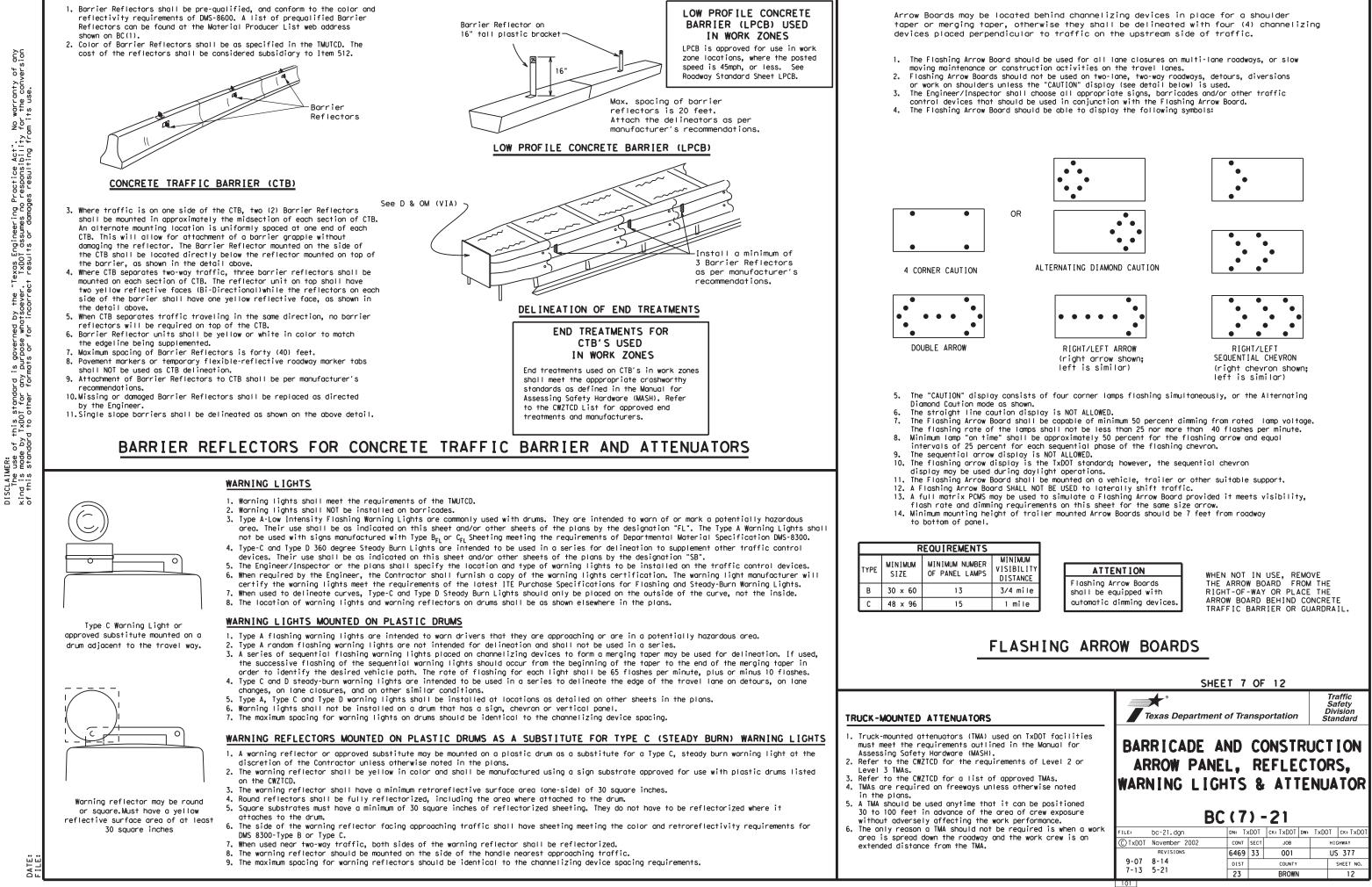
X X See Application Guidelines Note 6.

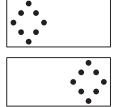
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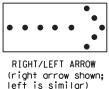
2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can

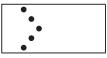


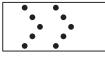
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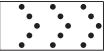














#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

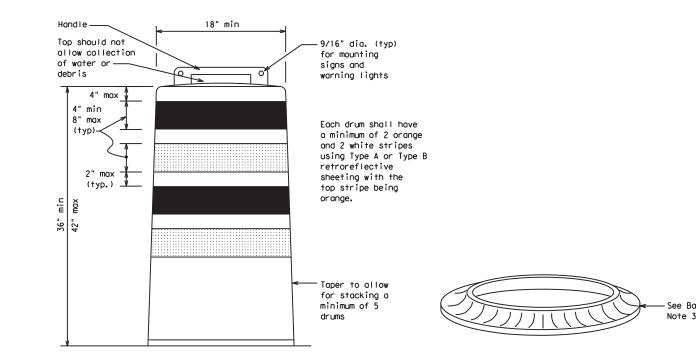
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

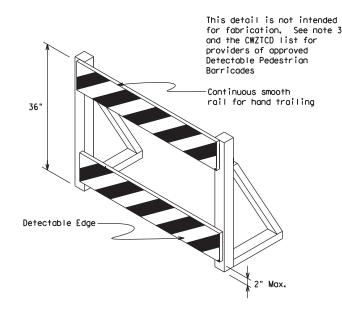
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.



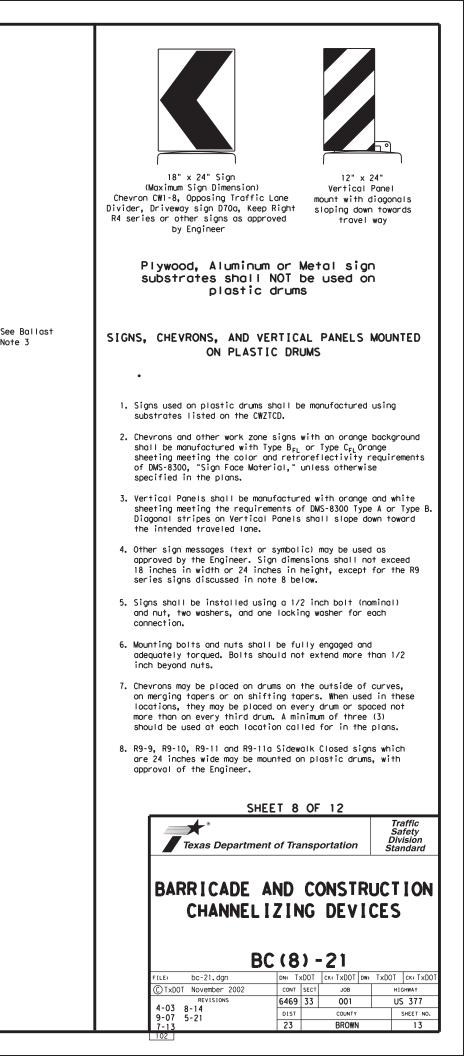


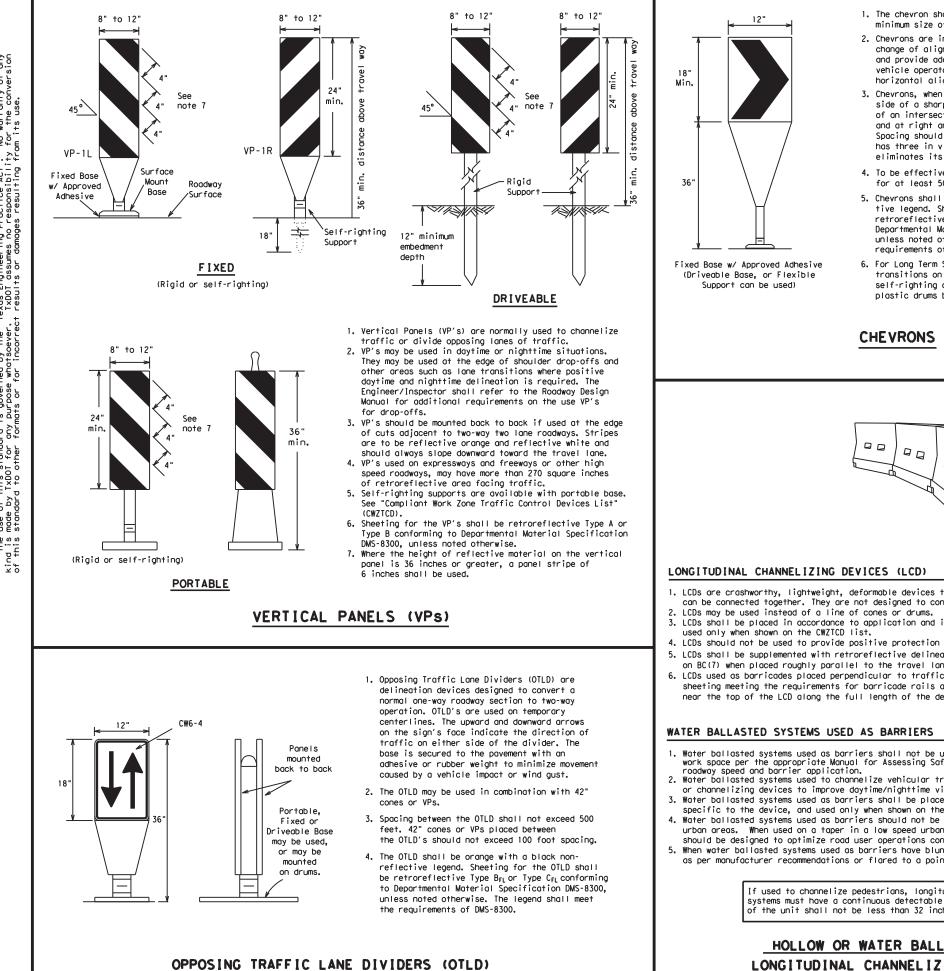
#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade roils as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

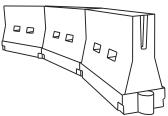
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- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.



- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated
- as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

# HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leno X X	rable Spacing of Lengths Channelizing X Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30		150'	1651	180'	30′	60′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′
40	00	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′
50		500'	550'	600′	50'	100′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′
60	L - # 5	600′	660'	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120'
65		650′	715′	780'	65 <i>'</i>	130'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150'
80		800′	880'	960′	80′	160′

XX Toper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

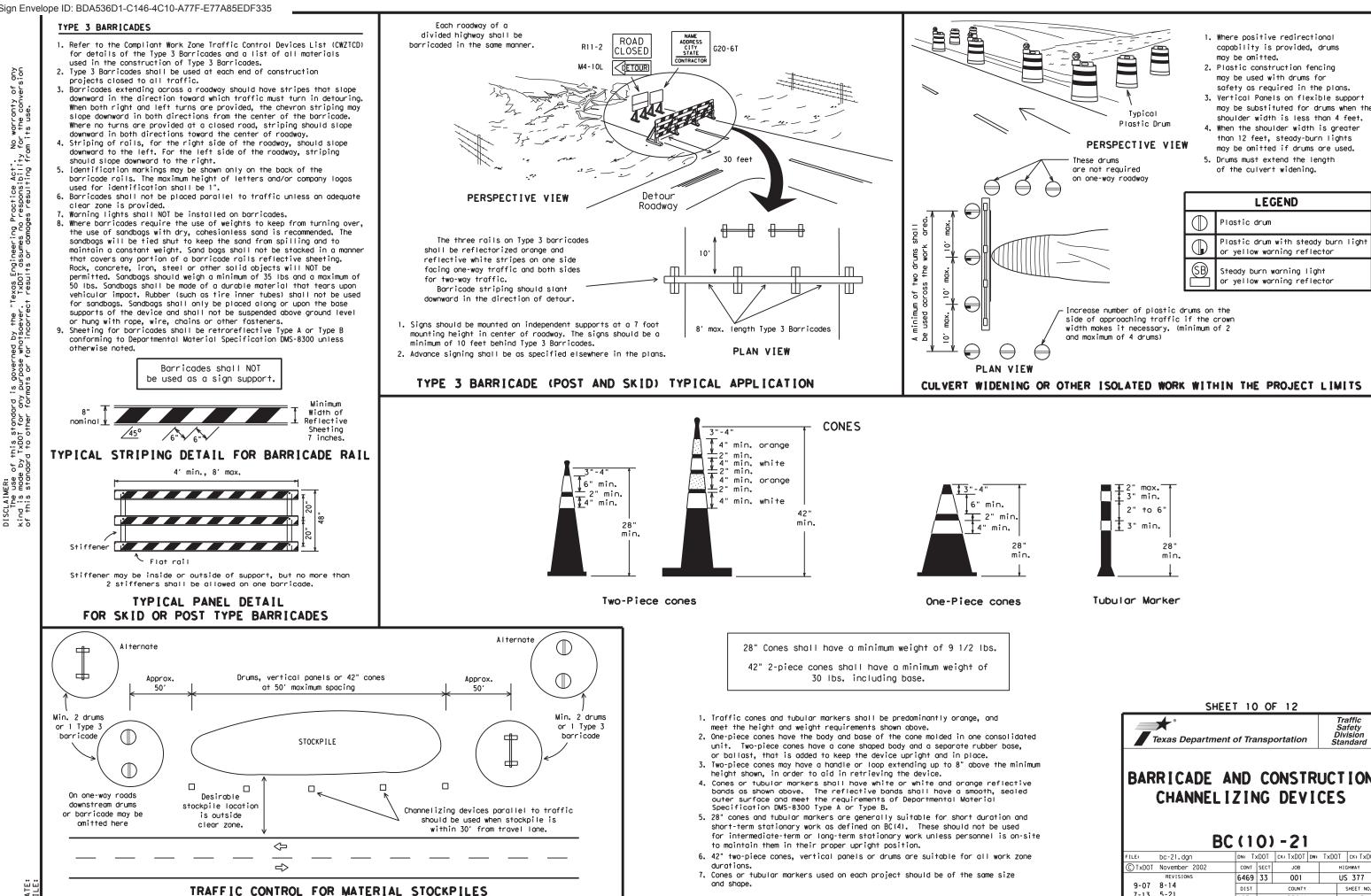
# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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## WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on  $\mathsf{BC}\left(\mathsf{12}\right)$  .
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

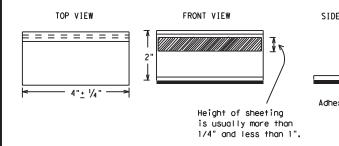
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

## Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



### STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is r normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pay Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pi run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each directi more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

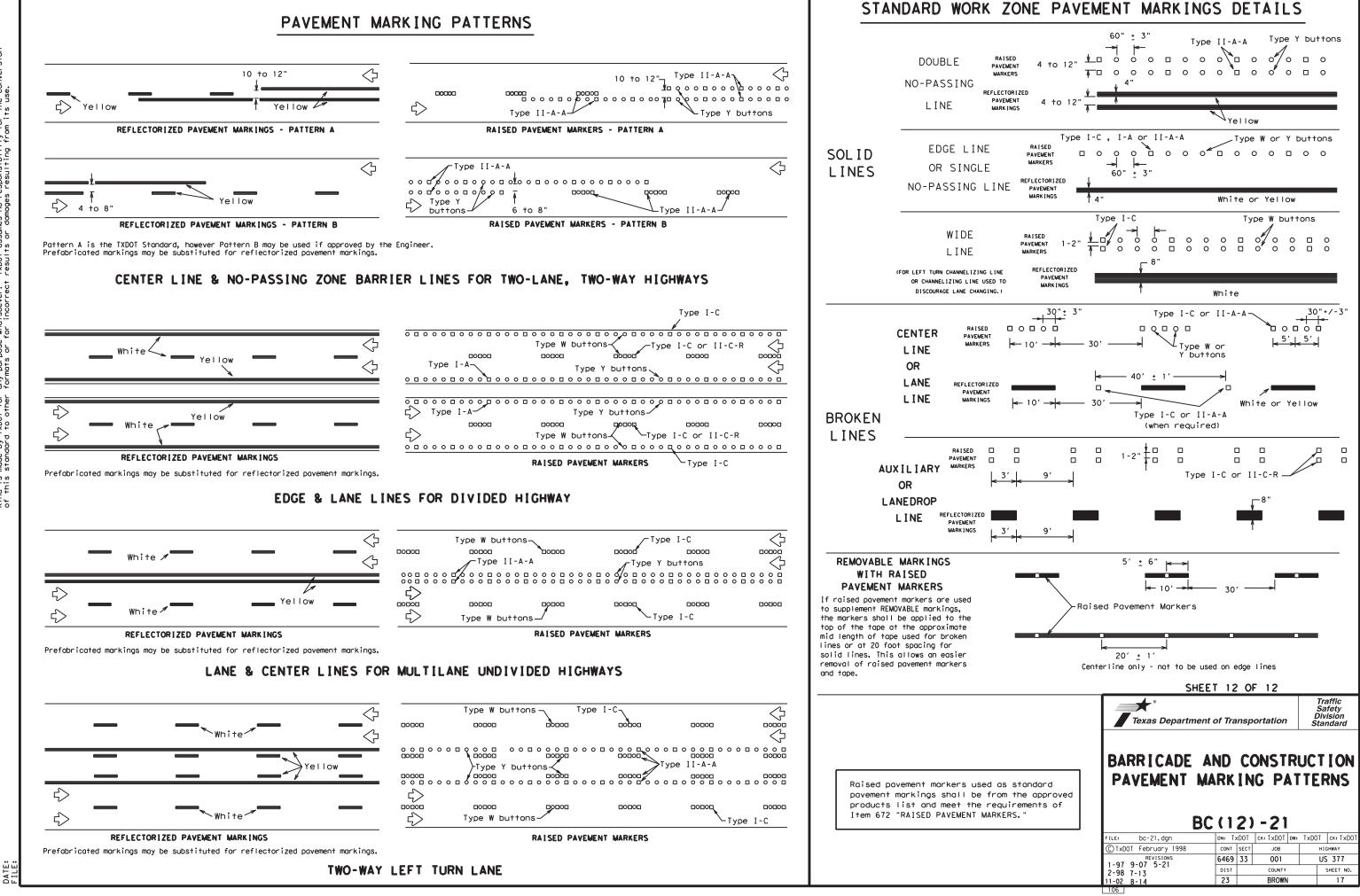
#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approduct list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concret surfaces.

#### Guidemarks shall be designated as:

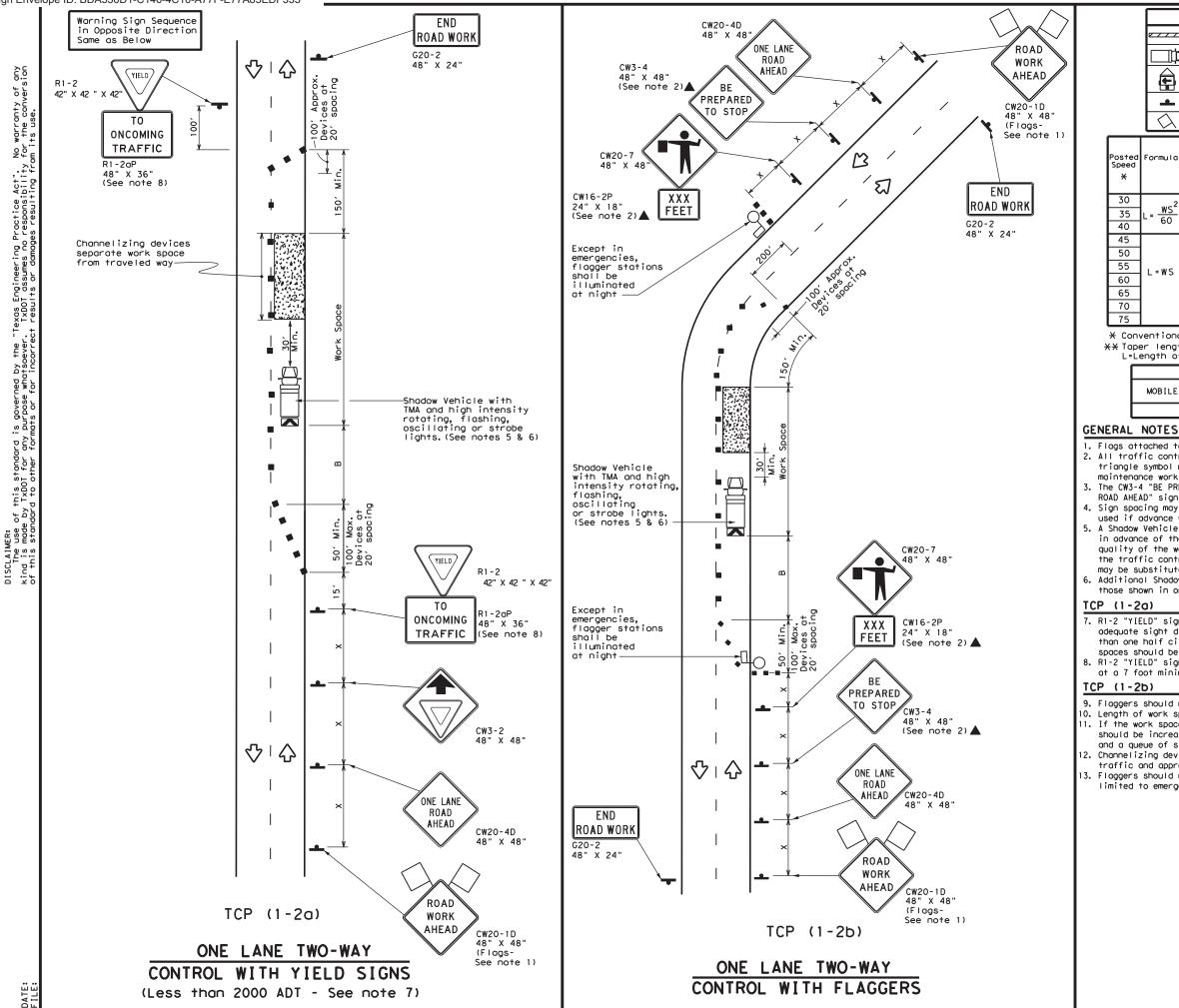
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) TRAFFIC BUTTONS EPOXY AND ADHESIVES BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker to pavement markings can be found at the Material Pr web address shown on BC(1). REF ER hot r "A" on the hipment vement A five	DMS-8241 DMS-8242 markers, bs and othe
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PAVEMENT MARKING       BC (11) - 21       FILE:     bc-21. dgn       DNI:     TXDOT	v: TxDOT ck:TxD



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			lounte Arrow	d Board				Changeable ign (PCMS)	]		
-	Let Sign Craffic Flow				1						
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag ILO Flagger							]			
Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance			
	10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		Distance	"B"			
	150'	165′	180'	30′	60′		120'	90'	200'		
$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'		160′	120'	250′		
60	265'	295′	320'	40'	80'		240′	155'	305′		
	450′	495′	540'	45′	90'		320'	195'	360′		
	500'	550ʻ	600,	50'	100'		400 <i>′</i>	240'	425′		
L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55′	110'		500 <i>'</i>	295′	495′		
2 "3	600'	660′	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'		600′	350 <i>'</i>	570′		
	650′	715′	780'	65′	130'		700′	410′	645′		
	700′	770'	840'	70'	140'		800'	475′	730′		
	750'	825′	900′	75′	150'		900'	540'	820′		

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

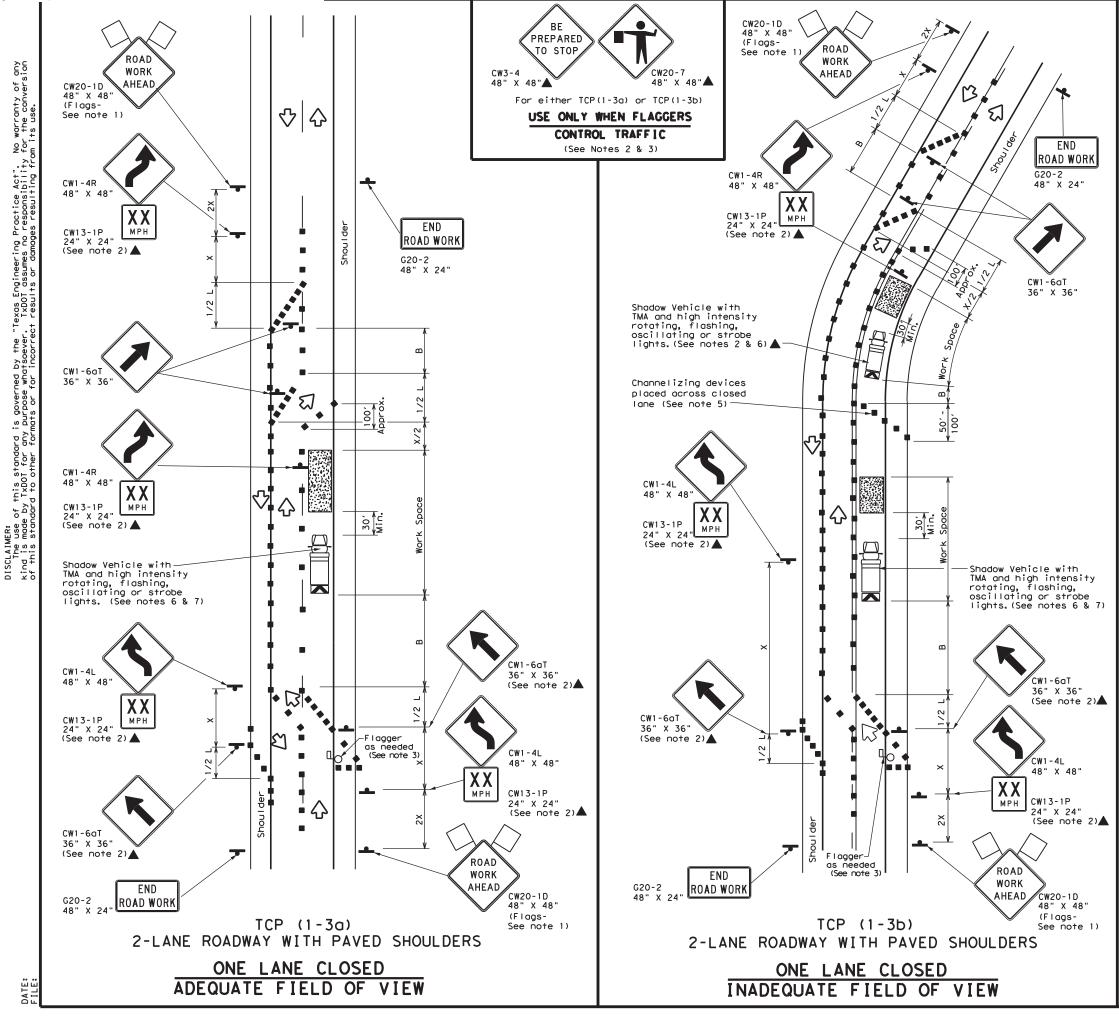
9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances

should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Traffic Operations Division Standard										
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL TCP(1-2)-18										
FILE: tcp1-2-18, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:					
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY					
REVISIONS 4-90 4-98	6469	33	001		US 377					
2-94 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
1-97 2-18	23		BROW	N	18					



	LEGEND									
e	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
□Þ	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow							
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	2651	295′	320'	40'	80′	240'	155'
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295'
60		600′	660′	720'	60′	120'	600′	350'
65		650'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130′	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840'	70'	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

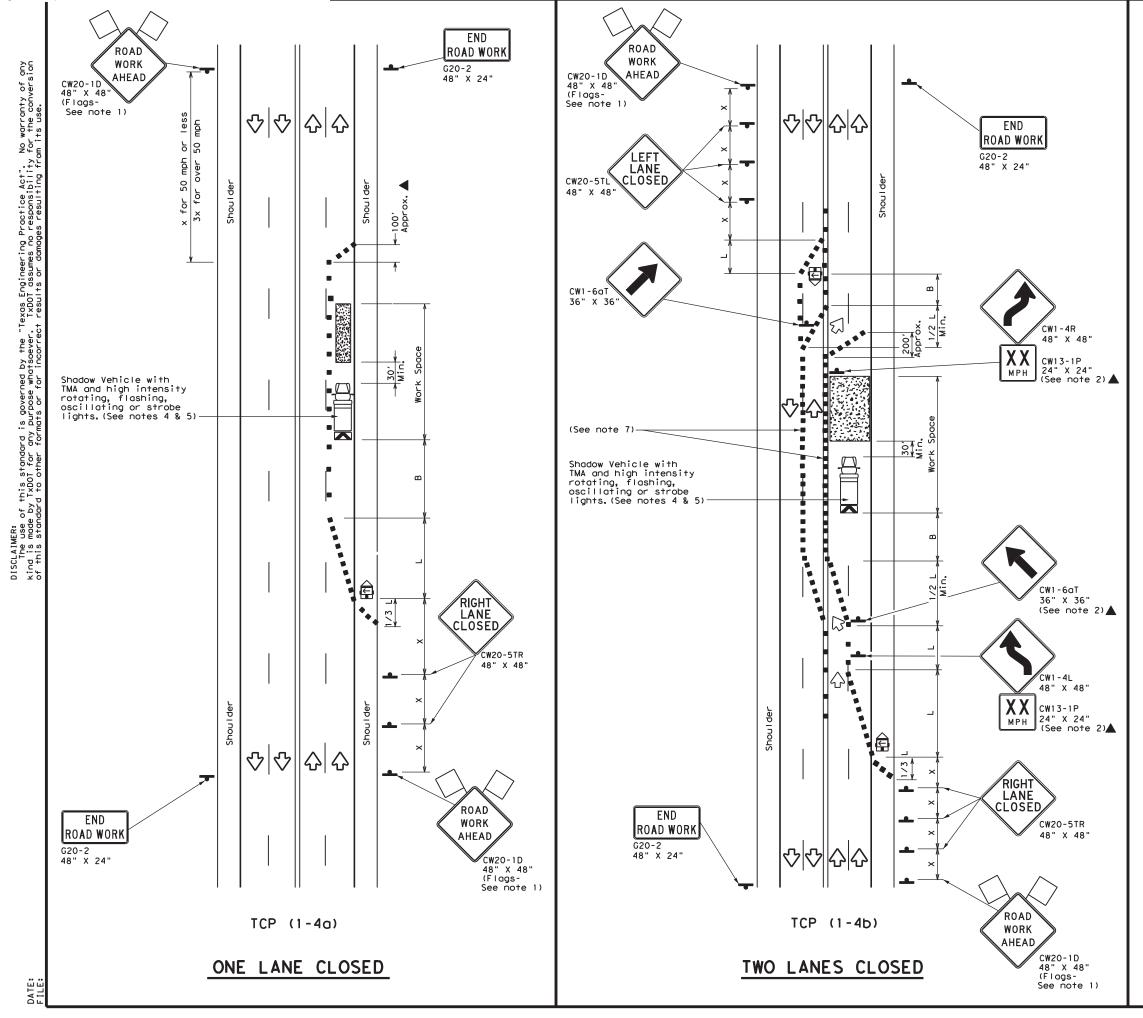
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
	1	1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on topers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

Traffic Operations Division Standard										
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO LANE ROADS TCP(1-3)-18										
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TCP (	1 -		-18		CK: HIGHWAY					
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	LEGEND										
<u>e</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow								
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	LO	Flagger								

Posted Speed	Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths XX			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150′	165'	180′	30′	60′	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60		600′	660′	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'
70		700'	770′	840′	70′	140'	800′	475'
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

☆ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	1	1								

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet. 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

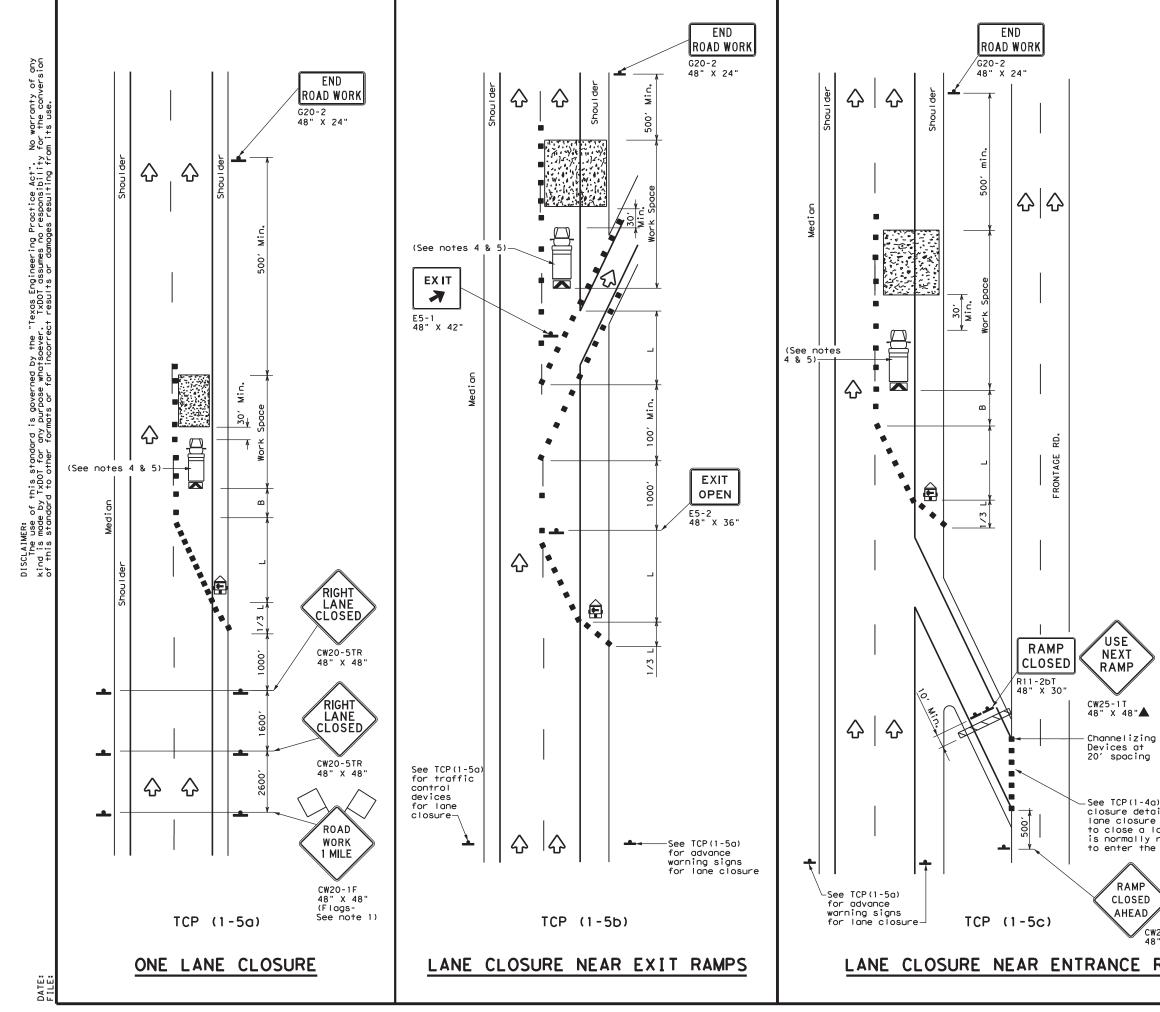
#### TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN       LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE       CONVENTIONAL ROADS       TCP (1 - 4) - 18       FILE:     tcp1-4-18, dgn     DM:     CK:     DM:     CK:       © TXDOT     December 1985     CONT     SECT     JOB     HIGHWAY       2-94     4-98     6469     33     OO1     US     377       8-95     2-12     DIST     CONTY     SHEET MO.       1-97     2-18     BROWN     ZO	Traffic Operations Texas Department of Transportation Standard										
CTXDOT     December 1985     CONT     SECT     JOB     HIGHWAY       2-94     4-98     REVISIONS     6469     33     001     US 377       8-95     2-12     DIST     COUNTY     SHEET NO.	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS										
2-94 4-98 REVISIONS 6469 33 001 US 377 8-95 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	FILE: tcp1-4-18, dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:					
2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY					
8-95 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.		6469	33	001		US 377					
1-97 2-18 23 BROWN 20		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
	1-97 2-18	23		BROW	N	20					



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LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	X	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	<b>N</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	$\langle$	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger						

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le gths	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>Ws<sup>2</sup></u>	150'	165′	180'	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160'	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495 <i>'</i>	540′	45′	90′	320'	195'
50		500′	550'	600'	50 <i>′</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780'	65′	130'	700'	410'
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		1		

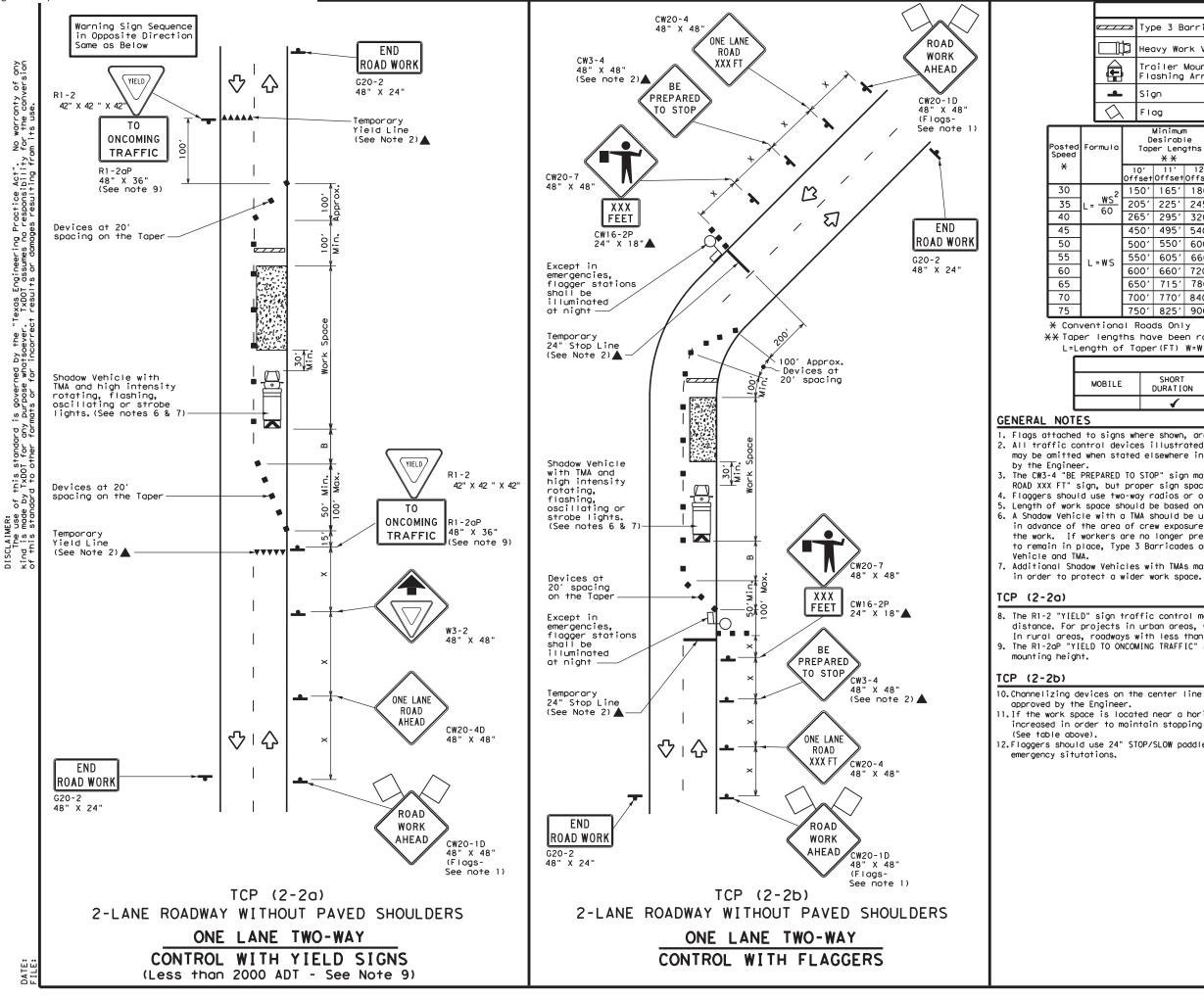
### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

) for lane ils if a is needed	Texas Department	t of Tran	sportation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
ane which required ramp.	TRAFFIC LANE C	LOSI	JRES F	OR
	DIVID	ED H	IGHWAY	'S
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RAMPS	© TxDOT February 2012	CONT S	ECT JOB	HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6469	33 001	US 377
	2-18	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
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-	,	Siç	jn			$\langle$	Т	raffic F	low	
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rmula		D	Vinimum esirab er Leng X X	le	Suggester Spacin Channe Dev	ng of	'n	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
		0' set	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"B"	
	15	50'	165'	180'	30′	60′		120'	90′	200'
<u>WS<sup>2</sup></u> 60	20	)51	225′	245′	35′	70'		160'	120'	250′
60	26	55'	295′	320′	40′	80'		240'	155'	305′
	45	60'	495′	540'	45 <i>'</i>	90′		320′	195′	360′
	50	)0ʻ	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'		400′	240'	425′
=WS	55	50'	605 <i>'</i>	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110′		500 <i>'</i>	295′	495′
	60	0'	660′	720′	60′	120′		600′	350'	570'
	65	60'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'		700′	410′	645′
	70	0'	770'	840′	70′	140′		800′	475′	730'
	75	01	825′	900′	75′	150′		900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
E	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	4	<b>√</b>	4	

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained. 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow

7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown

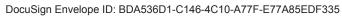
8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

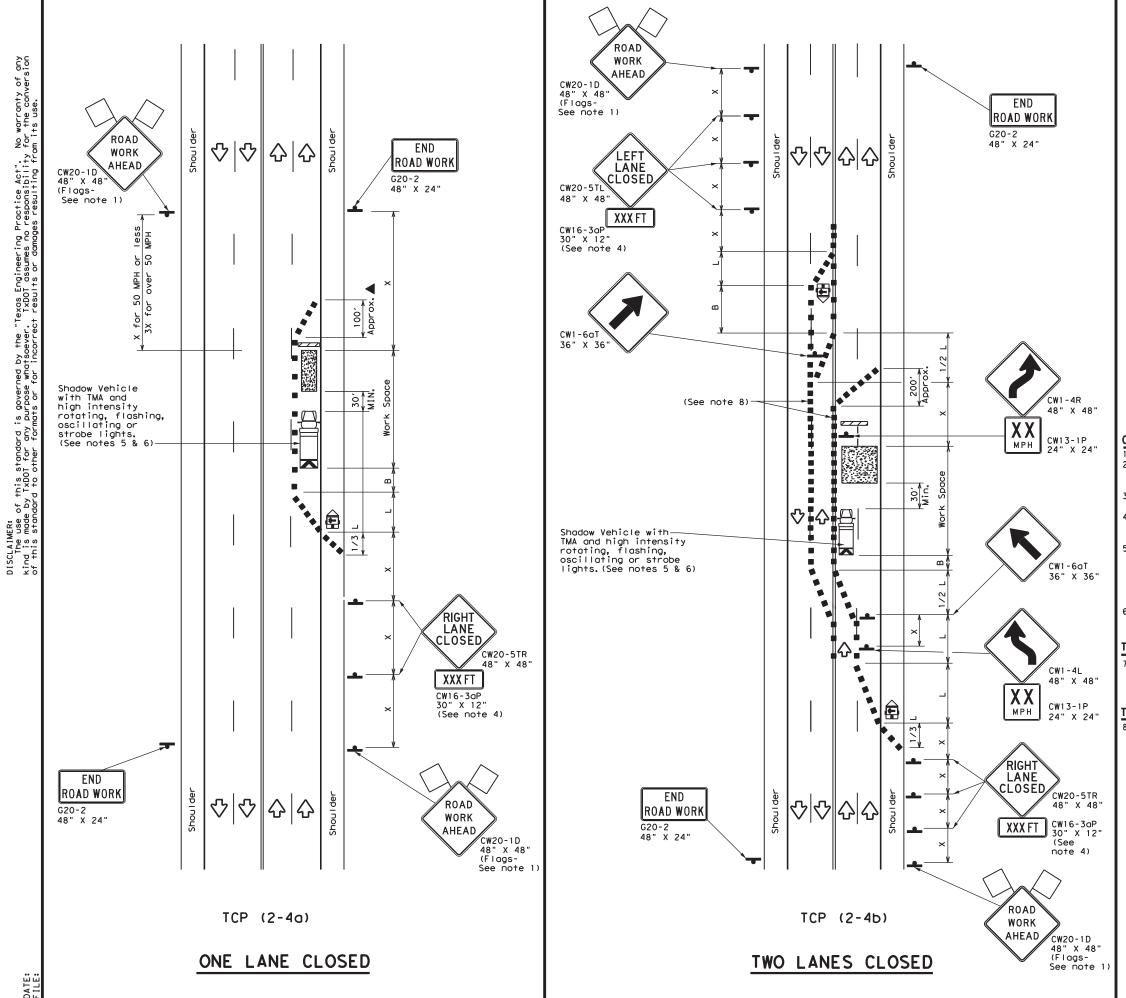
10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and

11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.

12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to

Texas Department	t of Tra	nsp	ortation	,	Traffic Operations Division Standard
TRAFFIC ONE-LA TRAFF	NE I C	T CC	WO-W NTR	VA I OL	
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CTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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×				10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset		n a oper	т	On a angent	Distance	"В"	
30	)		.2	150'	165'	180′		30'		60 <i>'</i>	120'	90′	
35	5	L= <u>W</u>	5	205'	225'	245'		35′		70'	160'	120	·
40	)	00	,	265′	295'	320′		40′		80'	240'	155	'
45	5			450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'		45′		90'	320'	195	<b>'</b>
50	)			500'	550'	600′		50'		100′	400'	240	<i>'</i>
55	<b>;</b>	L = W	S	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>		55′		110′	500 <i>'</i>	295	·
60	)		0	600′	660′	720'		60′		120′	600 <i>'</i>	350	<b>,</b>
65	5			650'	715′	780′		65′		130′	700′	410	·
70	)			700′	770'	840'		70′		140′	800'	475	'
75	,			750′	825′	900′		75′		150′	900'	540	·

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		1	1	

### GENERAL NOTES

 Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.

4. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.

5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6, Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

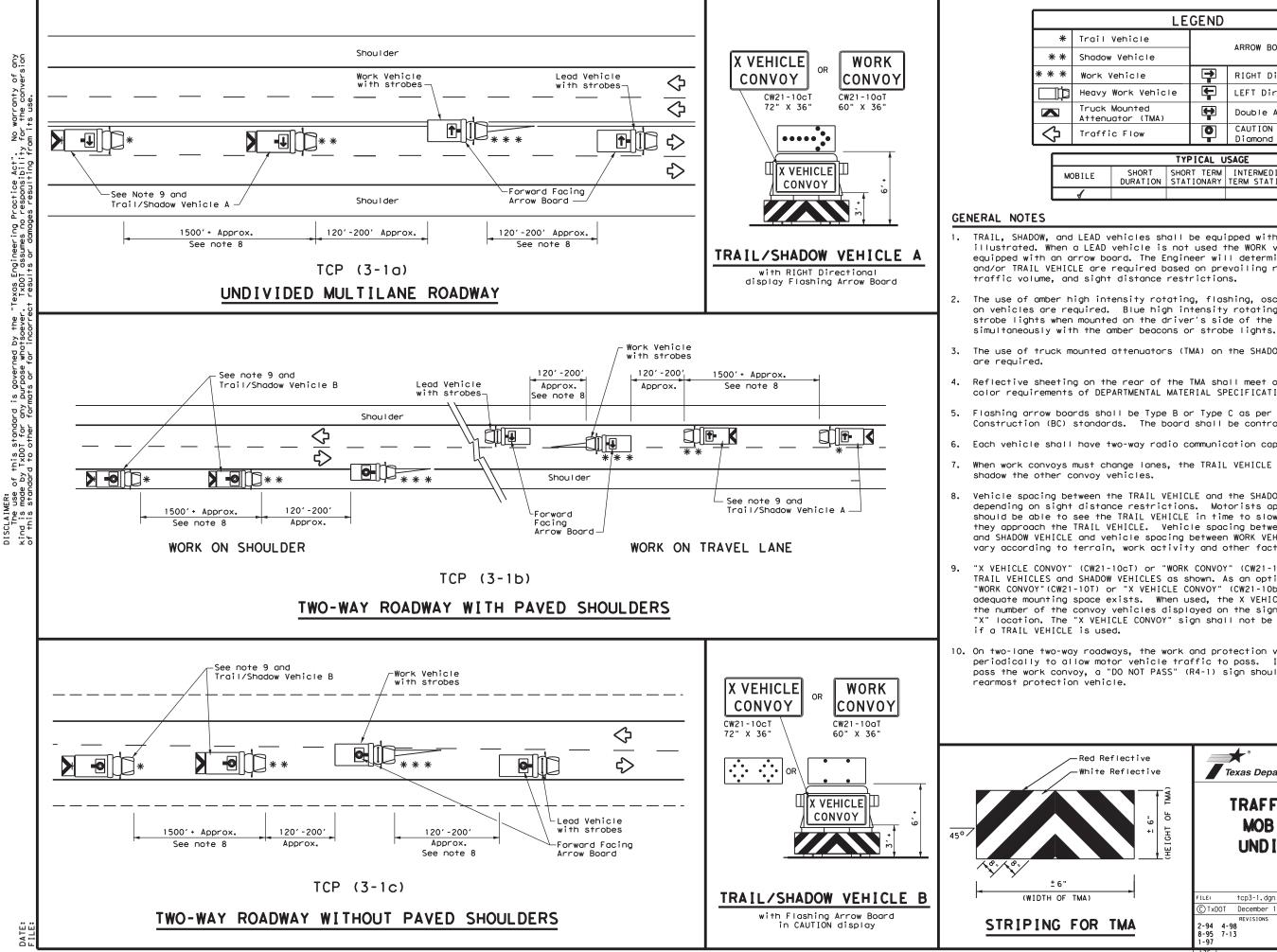
#### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### [CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

1-97 2-12	Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation	,	Traffic Operations Division Standard
© TxDOT     December     1985     cont     sEct     JOB     HIGHWAY       8-95     3-03     REVISIONS     6469     33     OO1     US     377       1-97     2-12     DIST     COUNTY     SHEET NO.	LANE CLOSUR	ES	0	NMU	IL 1	ILANE
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4-98 2-18 23 BROWN 23	FILE:     tcp2-4-18. dgn       © TxDOT     December 1985       8-95     3-03	CONT 6469	- Z	Ск: JOB 001	8	CK: HIGHWAY



		LE	GEND			
Trail	Vehicle			ARROW BOARD D		
Shadow	Vehicle			ARROW BOARD DI	ISPLAT	
Work \	/ehicle		<b></b>	RIGHT Directio	onal	
Неаvу	Work Vehic	le	-	LEFT Direction	Ior	
	Mounted lator (TMA)		<b>+</b>	Double Arrow		
Troffi	c Flow		0	CAUTION (Alter Diamond or 4 (	•	
		TYF	PICAL U	ISAGE		
ILE	SHORT DURATION			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	

LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as
LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be
row board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE
E are required based on prevailing roadway conditions,

2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated

3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.

Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to

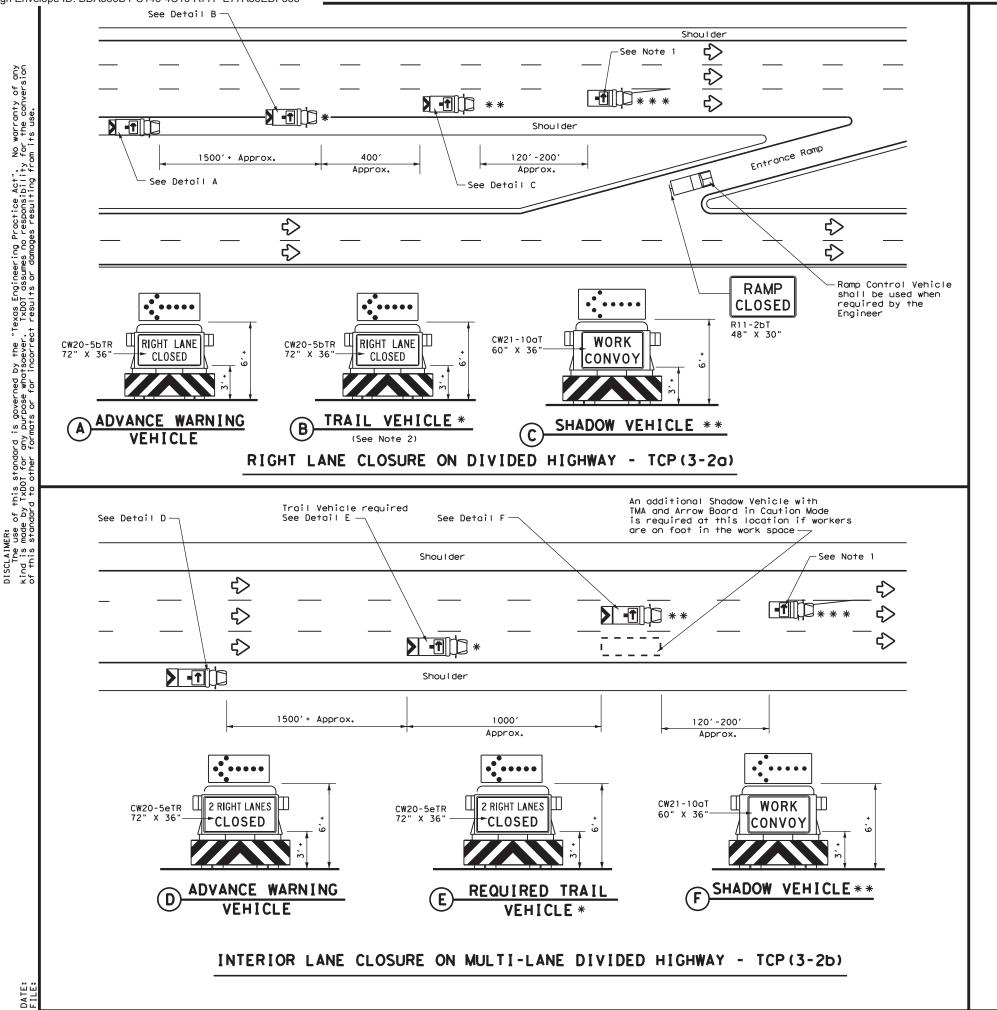
Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

"X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY"(CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE

10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the

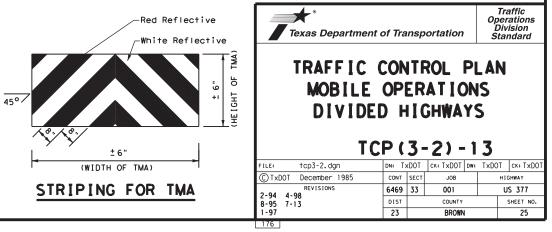
-Red Reflective -White Reflective	Texas Departmen	nt of Transpo	rtation	Traffic Operations Division Standard
± 6"	TRAFFIC MOBILE			
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	FILE: tcp3-1.dgn © TxDOT December 1985	CP (3 - DN: TXDOT C CONT SECT	1) - 1 ck: TxDOT dw: job	<b>З</b> ТхDOT ск: ТхDO н1GH <b>W</b> AY







- GENERAL NOTES
- 1. inside the vehicle.
- 3.
- SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- 5. color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6.
- 7. shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8.
- 9.
- Advance Warning Vehicle.
- frequency.
- necessary.



LEGEND						
Trail Vehicle						
Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
Work Vehicle	<b>†</b> -	RIGHT Directional				
Heavy Work Vehicle	Ē	LEFT Directional				
Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₽	Double Arrow				
Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				
TYPICAL USAGE						

OBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	OBILE									
	1									

ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from

2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.

The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.

The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING,

Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and

Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to

Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.

10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the

11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.

12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp

13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.

14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it

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During the planning phase of project development the following environmental permits, issues, and commitments have been developed during coordination with resource agencies, local governmental entities, and the general		III. Cultural Resources		VI. Hazardous Material or Contamination Issues		
nave been developed during coordination with resource agencies, local governmental entities, and the general public. Any change orders and/or deviations from the final design must be reported to the Engineer prior		(Addresses any special circumstances associated with cultural resources, such as archeological or historic sites.)		(Addresses any previously identified high risk sites associated with hazardous materials that may be encountered during construction.)		
to the commencement of construction activities, as additional environmental clearances may be required. I. Clean Water Act, Sec. 402 Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System		(Noaresses any special circumstances associated with cultural resources, such as archeological or instance sites.) (Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.; cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer Immediately.) No Action Required Required Action			Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are	
(Addresses CGP and MS4 Storm Water requirements for the project.)	are last a Cita Nation and (or a NO(					nt appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
(In the event that the Contractor Implements a PSL on or within one mile of the No Action Required Required Action	projeci, a Site Notice and/or a NULWIII apply.)	Action No. 1.	Station (Rt/Lt)	Commitment	used on the project, which may include, bu Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, compounds or additives. Provide protected	
Action No. 1 The project disturbs less than one acre of surface area. The contractor is responsible for the PSL as defined in the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Street, and Bridges [2014 Edition, Item 7 (7.6) Page 42]. The total disturbed acreage is the combined acreage to be disturbed on the project and the contractor's PSL. This EPIC must be updated if the disturbed area increases to one or more acres during the course of construction. It may become necessary to post a site notice/or NOI for the project and/or PSL.					In the event of a spill, take actions to m in accordance with safe work practices, an immediately. The Contractor shall be respo of all product spills. Contractor will follow all applicable stor	ill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. nitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS,
			IV Veceto:	ion Resources	TCEQ Construction General Permit for storm Contact the Engineer if any of the follow Dead or distressed vegetation (not ident Trash piles, drums, canisters, barrels, Undesirable smells/odors Underground storage tanks Evidence of leaching or seepage of subst	n water management. ing are detected: tified as normal) etc.
II. Clean Water Act, Section 401	and 404 Compliance				Any other evidence indicating possible h	nazardous materials or contamination discovered on-site
(Addresses Nationwide Permits, Individual Permits, and Wetlands.) (Filling, dredging, or excavating in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams in the USACE permit and approved by the Engineer.)	s, wetlands, or wet area is prohibited unless specified			n, such as large trees to be avoided, or mitigation		structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class
(When temporary fill is implemented, only stated TxDOT standards will be used obtained from the Engineer. No equipment is allowed in any stream channel be temporary stream crossings or drill pads.)	unless written authorization for an alternative is elow the Ordinary High Water Mark except on	No Action Required	Required Action	n	Yes	No
No Action Required 🗌 404 Permit and 401 Certifi	ication Required	Action No.	Station (Rt/Lt)	Commitment		
Permit Required Action Waters of t	he US App. Plan Sheet(s)	1.	All	Avoid non-mow locations for stockpiles and equipment parking/storage.	If "No", then no further action is require If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for co Are the results of the asbestos inspect	ompleting an asbestos assessment/inspection.
VEPIC. DGN		2.	Project Limīts	Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	asbestos consultant to assist with the not perform management activities as necessary least 10 working days prior to scheduled of If "No", then TxDOT is still required to r demolition. In either case, the Contractor is response	notify DSHS 10 working days prior to any scheduled ible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities on between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order
		V. Federal Listed, Proposed, Threatened, Endangered Species, Critical Habitat, State Listed Species, Candidate Species, and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) (Addresses any special habitat that may need to be availed. Itsis any threatened or endangered species where habitat was observed and might be impacted within the project area, and lists any precautions such as nesting seasons for migratory birds.)		Bridges on this project may contain Lead-Containing Paint (LCP) or other items that contain lead. The location of (LCP) is identified in the General Notes. Item 6.10.1.2 in the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications shall be utilized for this project.		
Z U Best Management Practices for applicable 401 General Cond G General Condition 12 - Categories I and II BMPs require		observed and might be imp	icted within the project area, and i	lists any precaulions such as nesting seasons for migratory birds.)		
Category I (Erosion Control)		No Action Required Required Action		VII. Other Environmental Issues		
	Blankets, Matting		_		(Addresses any other environmental issues that may not h	have been covered in other sections.)
	Sod Diversion Dike Mulch Filter Berms and Socks	Species Potentially wi Project Area & Descrip		Habitat Description	No Action Required 🔲 Required A	Action
Compost Filter Berms and Socks	Compost Blankets				Action No. Station (Rt/Lt)	Commitment
	Rock Berm				1	
	Hay Bale Dike					
av 🗌 Triangular Filter Dike	Brush Berms				LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	
	Sediment Basins				BMP: Best Management Practice	ENVIRONMENTAL
	Mulch Filter Berms and Socks				CCP: Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Ser FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency	vices
Compost Filter Berms and Socks					FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement	
General Condition 25 - Category III BMPs required		The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, possess, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, or egg in part or in whole, without a federal permit issued in accordance within the Act's policies and		MOU: Memorandum of Understanding MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer	System AND COMMITMENTS	
Category III (Post-Construction TSS Control)				MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent NOT: Notice of Termination	(EPIC)	
	Constructed Wetlands			affected by the proposed project. The nests from any structure where work would be	NWP: Nationwide Permit SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Counte	ermeosure
	Wet Basins Vegetation-Lined Ditches			ary. In addition, the contractor will be	SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Pl PCN: Pre-Construction Notification	Texas Department of Transportation
	Sand Filter Systems			ing nests between March 1 and August 31, per the (EPIC) plans. In the event that migratory birds	PSL: Project Specific Location TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental ( TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Eliminati	Duality fon System CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY
	Mulch filter Berms and Socks			(EPIC) plans. In the event that migratory birds ction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active	TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation	
	Sedimentation Chambers	nests, eggs, and/or you	ung shall be avoided.		T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers	DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.
Compost Filter Berms and Socks	Sedimentation Chambers	nesis, eggs, ana/or you	ing shurr be uvolded.			DIST     COUNTY     SHE       23     BROWN     23