FINAL PLANS	
WORK ORDER #	
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:	
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED:	
DATE WORK WAS ACCEPTED:	
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$	
CONTRACTOR:	

INDEX OF SHEETS
SEE SHEET 2

SUMMARY OF CHANGE ORDERS

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

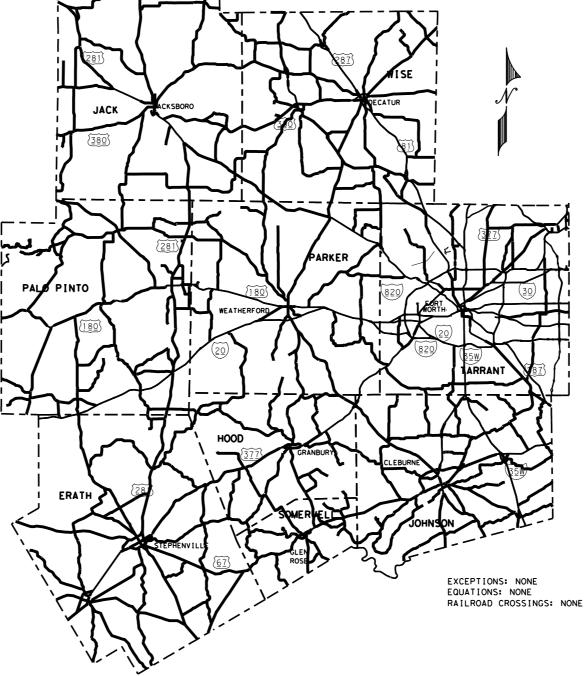
STATE-AID PROJECT NUMBER: C 902-00-290
VA

TARRANT COUNTY

LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS DISTRICT WIDE

NET LENGTH OF PROJECT= 0.100 MI.

TYPE: FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES CONSISTING OF THE INSTALLATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNALS



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS. (000---008)

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SUBMITTER LIFETTING: 4/23/2024

theresa poer

DIRECTURED TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING: 4/29/2024

Docusioned by:

DIRECTOR, TP&D

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APPROVEN FERRY ETTING: 5/1/2024

David M Salazar, P.E.

B741E64FAD824DISTRICT ENGINEER

# SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION GENERAL 1 TITLE SHEET 2 PROJECT INDEX 3,3A-3G GENERAL NOTES

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## SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

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	_	
		SIGNING STANDARDS
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02/20/2024 DATE

\*DENOTES STANDARD SHEETS
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE
HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE
SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

PROJECT INDEX



COI	٧T	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY	
09	02	00	290	VA		
DIS	ST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
FT	w		TARRANT		2	

County: TARRANT Control: 0902-00-290

Highway: VA

Electronic files containing answered pre-letting questions and other project related design information will be placed in the following FTP site periodically.

Check this site for new information. Notices of new postings will not be sent out by the Engineer.

The data located in these files is for non-construction purposes only and can be found at TxDOT's public FTP site at <a href="https://flp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/">https://flp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/</a>.

Access is read-only

All files in the FTP site are subject to the License Agreement shown on the FTP site.

To obtain a copy of the project plans free of charge, submit a request from the following site: <a href="http://www.tvdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html">http://www.tvdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html</a>

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Traffic Operation Director's Email: District Traffic Engineer's Email: Traffic Construction Manager's Email: Theresa.Poer <u>a</u> txdot.gov Federico.Hernandez <u>a</u> txdot.gov Mike.Flaming <u>a</u> txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors. Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All questions submitted that generate a response will be posted through this site. The site is organized by District. Project Type (Construction or Maintenance), Letting Date, CCSJ/Project Name.

#### **GENERAL**

This is a Non-Site-Specific Contract containing multiple work orders. Project locations and plan details will be incorporated into the contract by individual work order over the life of the contract.

General Notes

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The work contained within this contract will consist of installing new traffic signals, rehabilitating existing signals, upgrading detection systems, installing roadside flashers, and upgrading pedestrian elements throughout the Fort Worth District. Exact work locations will be provided within the work orders issued after the contract has been awarded.

The estimated quantities in the project proposal are estimates only to be used in the determination of the low bidder. They should not be used to determine the quantity of materials to be ordered for work in the contract.

For each individual work order issued within the project, working days will be defined in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek.

Liquidated damages will be determined and applied on a work order basis. Each work order will be treated separately and independently in the assessment of liquidated damages. Failure to complete work assigned within the number of working days specified in the work order, including any approved additional working days, will result in liquidated damages for each working day charged over the number of working days allowed for the work order. The amount assessed for liquidated damages will be based on the amount of the original contract, not the estimated amount on individual work orders.

This contract has time charges assessed by individual work order. There is no guaranteed amount of work under this contract.

#### Special Notes

Contact the TXDOT Signal Shop at 817-370-3664 prior to delivery of equipment, request for electrical inspection, placing signals into flash or turn on, or set up of signal detection.

Personnel will be experienced in items of work in the contract, which they will be performing. Provide a qualified technician, approved by the Engineer, on the project site to place the traffic signals in flash or in full operation. A qualified TXDOT signal technician must also be present.

The contractor is responsible for picking up materials furnished by the State with a forty-eight (48) hour notice to the signal shop.

Existing storm sewers and utilities are shown from the best available information. Verify the location of all underground facilities prior to starting work. Contractor will be responsible for notifying a "one call" center when necessary. It will also be the Contractor's responsibility to notify the State and appropriate City for any utility and line locations.

General Notes

Sheet 3

County: TARRANT Control: 0902-00-290

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Contact Texas exeavation safety system at 1-800-dig-tess or 1-800-344-8377, and TxDOT Signal Shop at 817-370-3664 prior to beginning any excavation work in the area of existing utilities, to prevent any damage or interference with present facilities.

Project Description – This is a Non-Site-Specific Contract containing multiple work orders. Project locations and plan details will be incorporated into the contract by individual work order over the life of the contract. This project consists of work orders on Traffic Signal Intersections on sections of highway within Tarrant, Johnson, Hood, Erath, Somerville, Wise, Jack, Parker, and Palo Pinto Counties as shown in the contract and defined in these general notes and specifications. Coordinate all work through the TXDOT Signal Shop.

For dimensions of right of way not shown on the plans, see right of way map on file at the TXDOT District Office.

A pre-construction/conference meeting between the contractor and TXDOT will be held prior to beginning operations. This meeting will outline the proposed work procedures, sequence of work to be followed, and discuss the required traffic control. Plans, specifications, unusual conditions, and other pertinent items regarding the work will be discussed. The Contractor's job superintendent is requested to attend this meeting.

An onsite tailgate meeting between TXDOT and the contractor shall occur at the start of each work order.

Contractor shall notify the TXDOT inspector no later than 8 AM each day and advise work locations for the day, number of workers, and equipment used on work site.

Safety vests and hard hats will be worn at all times when outside vehicles within the work area.

Remove any obstructions to existing drainage due to the contractor's operations, as required at the contractor's expense,

Take care that existing curb and curb & gutter is not discolored or damaged during construction operations. In the event of discoloration or damage, clean or replace as directed.

#### Item 2. Instructions to Bidders

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of bid proposal.

Order plans from a Reproduction Company listed at: <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/repro-companies.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/repro-companies.html</a>

View or download plans at:

General Notes

Project Number: C 902-00-290

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https://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

#### Item 5. Control of Work

The locations of all signal related items, pavement markings, signing, etc. are diagrammatic only and may be adjusted to accommodate field conditions or as directed by Engineer.

#### Item 5.2. Plans and Working Drawings

Electronic submittal of shop drawings, working drawings, equipment manuals, and product brochures is permitted for this project.

#### Item 5.5. Cooperation of Contractor

Designate superintendent in accordance with second paragraph of Article 5.5 Cooperation of Contractor in the Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges.

# Item 7. Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

# Item 7.2.4. Public Safety and Convenience

Personal vehicles will not be parked within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to the traveling public. Operations will be curtailed or halted during special events that may result in delays or congestion to the traveling public.

The following Holiday/Event lane closure restriction requirements apply to this project:

No work that restricts or interferes with traffic shall be allowed between 3 PM on the day preceding a Holiday or Event and 9 AM on the day after the Holiday or Event.

Holiday Lane Closure Restrictions				
New Year's Eve and New Year's Day 3 PM December 30 through 9 AM January 2				
(December 31 through January 1)				
Easter Holiday Weekend (Friday through	3PM Thursday through 9 AM Monday			
Sunday)				
Memorial Day Weekend (Friday through	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday			

General Notes

Sheet 3A

County: TARRANT Control: 0902-00-290

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Monday)	
Independence Day (July 3 through July 5)	3 PM July 2 through 9 AM July 6
Labor Day Weekend (Friday through Monday)	3 PM Thursday through 9 AM Tuesday
Thanksgiving Holiday (Wednesday through Sunday)	3 PM Tuesday through 9 AM Monday
Christmas Holiday (December 23 through December 26)	3 PM December 22 through 9 AM December 27

Plan work schedules around the appropriate dates above to ensure productive work is performed without lane closures.

# Item 8. Prosecution and Progress.

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4. 'Standard Workweek.' There are 400 working days in the contract.

The start of work will be delayed 90 calendar days after the authorization date to begin work to allow time for the procurement of signal equipment.

## Item 8.3. Computation of Contract Time for Completion

This contract is non-site specific.

After written notification, work will be on a callout basis.

#### Item 8.3.2. Restricted Work Hours

No work will be permitted to commence on the road before sunrise or after sunset. Single lane closures, except as otherwise shown in the plans, will be restricted to off-peak hours as defined in the following table:

Peak Hours		Off-Pea	ak Hours
6 to 9 AM  Monday through	3 to 7 PM  Monday through	9 AM to 3 PM and 7 PM to 6 AM	All Day Saturday and Sunday
Friday	Friday	Monday through Friday	

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Complete work orders Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Night and weekend work will be allowed with prior approval from the Engineer. Exceptions will be made for emergency work. Submit a request in writing for approval by the Engineer a minimum of 10 days in advance of implementing a change to lane closure restrictions.

#### Item 8.5. Project Schedules

Provide daily notifications to the Engineer of planned daily operations.

Maintain and submit the project schedule monthly for each work order in accordance with Item 8.5.5.2. If the schedule for the work order changes in any way, a new schedule is required in accordance with Item 8.5.5.2.3.

## Item 8.6. Failure to Complete Work on Time

The amount assessed for liquidated damages will be based on the total value of original contract, in accordance with Special Provision 000-001, not the estimated amount on individual work orders.

#### Item 400. Excavation and Backfill for Structures

Drilling, boring, and trenching through rock is subsidiary to the various bid items. No additional compensation will be paid to the contractor for the removal of rock or any other obstruction during excavation, trenching, jacking, boring, or drilling and for any additional equipment, materials, labor, tools, or incidentals required to complete the work,

#### Item 416. Drilled Shaft Foundations

Contractor shall stake foundation as shown on plans. Engineer or Engineers designee will verify and approve staked locations before installing foundations. Calculate signal head clearance and report to the Engineer or Engineers designee.

Obtain Engineer's approval of location before installing foundation.

# Item 421. Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Notify the TxDOT Signal Shop 48 hours in advance of placing concrete. Do not place concrete without an inspector present unless approved.

General Notes Sheet 3B

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Contractor personnel performing job-control (QC) testing on concrete must be ACI certified and maintain certification. Provide a copy of all personnel certification papers to the Engineer at the preconstruction meeting. The Engineer may require the Contractor's testers to provide the certification papers upon arrival and before testing at the job site. Certified testers will be required to participate with certified TxDOT personnel annually for slump (Tex-415-A), air content (Tex-416-A), compression testing (Tex-418-A), and capping cylinders (Tex-450-A) to retain their certification on TxDOT projects.

Contractor shall furnish a hard copy of all testing equipment calibration reports at the preconstruction meeting when non-TxDOT equipment is used to test concrete. Furnish updated reports as equipment is calibrated through the project contract. The calibration frequency will match TxDOT's and will apply for each piece of equipment as follows:

Slump Cone - Annual Air Meter - Every 3 months Compression Tester - Annual Beam breaker - Annual

The Engineer may allow the use of local commercial laboratories under contract to provide these services. The Commercial Laboratory must fulfill requirements listed above prior to performing any work.

#### Item 502. Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The contractor force account 'safety contingency' that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the traffic control plan that could typically not be foreseen in the project's planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's responsible person based on weekly (or more frequent) traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Permanent signs may be installed when construction in an area is complete and they will not conflict with the traffic control plan for the remainder of the job.

Existing signs are to remain as long as they do not interfere with construction and they do not conflict with the traffic control plan.

Any sign not detailed in the summary of small signs but called for in the plan sheets will be as shown in the current "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas".

When traffic is obstructed, arrange warning devices in accordance with the latest edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices".

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Cover or remove any work zone signs when work or condition referenced is not occurring.

Do not place barricades, signs, or any other traffic control devices where they interfere with sight distance at driveways or side streets. Provide access to all driveways during all phases of construction unless otherwise noted in the plans or as directed.

# Item 506. Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

It is not anticipated that erosion control devices will be needed. The storm water prevention plan (SW3P) for this project will consist of utilizing existing vegetation. However, in the event devices are needed, the SW3P shall consist of the control measures approved by the Department. Depending on the type and amount of work, payment will be handled with the individual pay item listed below or through an established unique change order item:

Biodegradable Frosion Control Logs Install

Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs Remove

Remove accumulated sediment and replace SW3P controls when the capacity has been reduced by 50% or when the depth of sediment at the control structure exceeds one foot.

# Item 530 and 531. Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts, and Sidewalk

The furnishing and installation of the sand cushion in proposed sidewalks, sidewalk ramps, and driveways will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this bid time.

#### Item 618. Conduit

After installing conduit and pulling conductor, leave a high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape in the conduit for future use.

# Item 620. Electrical Conductors

Clearly and permanently mark each conductor installed in a signal pole where it can be clearly seen from the hand hole. Use plastic zip ties with labelling plate to mark conductor with appropriate designation.

General Notes

Sheet 3C

County: TARRANT Control: 0902-00-290

Highway: VA

#### Item 624, Ground Boxes

Slack conductors required by Standard Sheet ED(3)-14 will be subsidiary to Item 624.

Concrete removal required for installation of ground boxes will be subsidiary to Item 624.

Ground all junction boxes mounted on bridges and underpasses with a ground rod in the nearest ground box.

#### Item 627. Treated Timber Poles

Use timber heights, as shown on the plans and in the material summary, for bidding purposes only. Coordinate pole locations, and make field measurements before construction to ensure a vertical clearance of 19 feet from the highest point on the roadway surface to the span. In addition, place the signal heads a minimum of 40 feet and a maximum of 180 feet from the stop line. If the nearest signal must be more than 180 feet from the stop line, place a supplemental near-side signal head. Determine the field measurements and elevations from the actual field location of the poles, considering all above and below ground utilities and existing roadway elevations.

#### Item 628. Electrical Services

Before installing any electrical service, consult with the appropriate utility company before beginning work and verify all metering equipment requirements with the provider have been met. Provide a commercial grade, meter base with by-pass switch if required by the utility company.

Contractor shall obtain 911 address and EISD from electric utility company then contact the TXDOT Signal Shop to receive the Contract Request for Electrical Service Meter form to complete and return. TXDOT will make application to the Electric Utility Company for service, unless otherwise maintained by the following Cities: Arlington, Bedford, Colleyville, Euless, Fort Worth, Grand Prairie, Grapevine, Hurst, Mansfield, North Richland Hills, and Weatherford,

## Item 656. Foundations for Traffic Control Devices

Contractor shall stake foundation as shown on plans. Engineer or Engineers designee will verify and approve staked locations before installing foundations.

For traffic signal controller foundation, use reinforcing bars or deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR), Provide #3 reinforcing bars spaced at 16" Spaced Center-Center, Provide

General Notes

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deformed Welded Wire Reinforcing (WWR) as 6x6-D3xD3. Use lap splices of a minimum 6 inches, measured from the transverse wire of WWR, and the ends of reinforcing bars.

# Item 666. Reflectorized Pavement Markings with Retroreflective Requirements

Notify Engineer 48 hours prior to installation of pavement markings.

All testing is waived from Type I Pavement Markings for locations with less than 1000 LF per bid item.

#### Item 680. Installation of Highway Traffic Signals

Contractor shall contact Fort Worth District TMC 817-370-3664 prior to starting any signal modifications. Provide qualified personnel reachable by telephone and available to receive calls on a 24-hour basis. Respond to reported calls and make field assessment within 2 hours and make appropriate repairs within 24 hours.

Furnish and install all required materials, incidentals and equipment necessary for a fully operational traffic signal. The proposed equipment shall be compatible with the existing systems in the area.

Provide all illumination fixtures to be installed in this contract. Use 250W equivalent LED luminaires.

Where work requires the removal of power from the controller and cabinet assembly, erect temporary stop signs. Remove the stop signs after the traffic signals are in operation.

Deliver the cabinet, controller, accessories, and three complete sets of signal construction plans to the TXDOT Signal Shop. 2501 SW Loop 820. Fort Worth for testing. Notify the Signal Shop two working days prior to delivery of the cabinet.

Wire the signal installation to operate in accordance with phase diagrams in these plans. Timing and phasing will be maintained by the operating agency. Deliver a copy of all revisions to the original timing and phasing plans to the operating agency and TXDOT Signal Shop. One copy is to stay in the controller cabinet at the completion of the project and two supplied to the operating agency Signal Shop.

**Project Inspection.** Contact the TxDOT Signal Shop in advance of needed inspections. At the time of the final electrical inspection, the Inspector will create a discrepancy list to be corrected and repaired before signal is put into flash mode.

General Notes Sheet 3D

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Signal Flash. Upon the satisfactory completion of repairs or corrections, notify the TxDOT Signal Shop at least one week prior to placing in flash. Schedule signal flash for Monday thru Thursday between 9:00 AM - 12:00 PM. Operate the signal in flash mode for 2-3 days prior to turning on to full actuation. The TXDOT signal inspector and technician must be present when the signals are placed in flash.

**Signal Turn-On.** Upon completion of the signal flash, schedule the date and time for the turn on of the traffic signal on Monday thru Thursday between 9:00 AM = 12:00 PM. Place the traffic signal into full operation only after all required striping is complete and all conflicting signing is removed. The TXDOT signal inspector and technician must be present when the signals are placed in full color operation.

**Test Period.** During the 30-day test period, the Contractor shall be the first responders to all trouble calls. They will, in turn contact TxDOT Signal Shop with information about problem and repairs made. Provide qualified personnel to respond to these and all trouble calls. Provide a local telephone number, not subject to frequent changes and available to receive calls on a 24-hour basis. Respond to reported calls within a maximum of two hours. Make appropriate repairs within 24 hours or at engineer's direction.

Place a logbook in each controller cabinet and keep a record of each trouble call reported. Notify the Engineer of each trouble call. The error log in the conflict monitor shall not be cleared during the thirty-day test period without approval. If it is necessary to replace equipment, such as a controller, in order to return the signals to normal operation, TXDOT will provide temporary replacement equipment until the original equipment is repaired and/or replaced at the engineer's direction.

**Removal.** Salvageable signal controllers and related equipment shall remain the property of TXDOT. Deliver to the TXDOT Signal Shop at 2501 SW Loop 820, Fort Worth.

#### Item 682. Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Heads

Vehicle signal heads shall be yellow aluminum with 5 inch, black, aluminum, reflective border, vented back plates unless otherwise shown on plans.

Signal heads shall be installed level and plumb and aimed as directed. Cover all signal faces until placed in operation.

All new mast arm mounted signal heads to be mounted horizontally.

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Item 684. Traffic Signal Cables

Clearly and permanently mark each cable as shown on the plans (CABLE I. etc.) at each signal head, ground box, terminal block, pole base and controller. Use plastic zip ties with labeling plate to mark cable.

Provide an extra 10° for each cable terminating in the controller cabinet and coil an extra 5° of cable in each ground box.

Terminate all electrical conductors from the controller (including spares) at the termination block in the signal pole hand hole.

Item 685. Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies

Flashing beacons must pass a 12-day autonomous test as part of the 30-day test period. Equipment failure during this time will cause the entire test period to start over.

Item 686. Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)

Provide all signal poles for a project or work order from the same manufacturer.

Install mast arm damping plates at the end of SMA and DMA standard poles in accordance with the details shown in the MA-DPD standard sheet. Dampers are not recommended for LMA poles.

Plug any unused openings in the mast arms or poles with an approved material.

Provide a 3-piece bracket assembly on strain poles or drill the pole and use thimble eyebolts to attach the strand vise for the span wire,

Item 688. Pedestrian Detectors and Vehicle Loop Detectors

For Accessible Pedestrian Signals. Provide a completed final system operational check list, completed schematic diagram for pushbutton station locations, and a completed default and field settings sheet as provided in the APS manufacturer's manual. Provide a qualified personnel for testing and set up of the equipment at the time of signal flash and turn on.

General Notes Sheet 3E

County: TARRANT Control: 0902-00-290

Highway: V∧

#### Item 690. Traffic Signals

Department will furnish anchor bolts, nuts, poles, arms, bases, cabinets, controllers, LED's, signal heads, luminaires, ground boxes, signs, pedestrian button assemblies, down guys, down guy guards, down guy anchors, cable, antennas, radar sensors, battery back-up systems, and ITS radios when using this Item. Payment for installation and replacement of cable under this Item applies only to Department-supplied cable.

When using existing ground boxes, ensure that the ground boxes are clean, properly secured, and have a minimum of 9 in, of gravel as a base. This work will not be paid for directly, but is subsidiary to this Item.

Provide vertical clearance of 19 feet from the roadway to the lowest point of the signal head or mast arm. Place signal heads 40 ft, minimum and 180 ft, maximum from the stop line. If the nearest signal is more than 180 ft, from the stop line, place a supplemental near-side signal head. Determine the field measurements and elevations from the actual field location of the poles, considering all above and below ground utilities and existing roadway elevations.

Plug any unused openings in existing mast arms and poles with an approved material.

Ensure ITS radio antenna installation allows for vertical and horizontal adjustment of the antenna.

Check and repair, if necessary, all grounding and breakaway disconnects, subsidiary to this Item.

## Item 6001. Portable Changeable Message Sign

Provide all portable changeable message signs and arrow panels with a photoelectric device to allow for automatic dimming of operations to approximately 50% of their normal brightness when ambient light drops to approximately five foot candles, and then increase back again for daytime operations.

Two electronic portable changeable message sign units will be required. Individual or collective use of signs will be required by the Engineer when deemed necessary to supplement the traffic control plan.

Each sign must have programmed in its permanent memory the following 18 messages:

- 1. Exit Closed Ahead
- 2. Use Other Routes
- Right Lane
- 4. Left Lane
- 5. Closed Ahead

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- . Two Lane
- 7. Detour Ahead
- . Thru Traffic
- 9. Prepare To Stop
- 10. Merging Traffic
- 11. Expect 15 Minute Delay
- 12. Max Speed \*\* MPH
- 13. Merge Right
- Merge Left
- 15. No Exit Next \*\* Miles
- 16. Various Lanes Closed
- 17. Two Left Lanes Closed
- 18. Two Right Lanes Closed

# Item 6045. Radar Advance Detection Devices (Installation Only)

Mount detector as shown in plans or as directed by the engineer. Adjust heights and locations of sensors to achieve the best possible detection.

Contact the TxDOT Signal Shop for assistance provide 48 hours prior to installation. Provide a factory certified representative for set up. programming, and testing of the equipment at the time of signal flash and turn on.

Installation of radar cable, all other hardware, and programming/setup is subsidiary.

# Item 6046. Radar Presence Detection Devices (Installation Only)

Mount detector as shown in plans or as directed by the engineer. Adjust heights and locations of sensors to achieve the best possible detection,

Contact the TxDOT Signal Shop for assistance provide 48 hours prior to installation. Provide a factory certified representative for set up. programming, and testing of the equipment at the time of signal flash and turn on.

Installation of radar cable, all other hardware, and programming/setup is subsidiary.

# Item 6062. Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) Radio

The proposed equipment and software shall be compatible with the existing systems in the area.

General Notes

Sheet 3F

County: TARRANT Control: 0902-00-290

Highway: VA

Make radio systems fully operational to provide communications for the traffic control system. Integrate this communications system with the traffic control system software and hardware as well as the local controllers.

Install antenna so that allowance is made for vertical and horizontal adjustments.

Installation of cable, all other hardware, and programming/setup is subsidiary.

# Item 6185. Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator (Mobile Operation)

This item will be measured by the day. The time begins once the TMA/TA is ready for operation at the predetermined site and stops when notified by the Engineer.

## **CONFLICT RESOLUTIONS**

A form of a Conflict Resolution Schedule is shown below. This schedule will be addressed at the pre-work meeting held prior to the implementation of this Contract. This conflict resolution/communication format will make a positive contribution to communication and performance evaluation.

#### Conflict Resolution Schedule

In accordance with Article 4.2.2 of 2014 Specifications this schedule will aid in the issue resolution process.

LEVEL	RESOLUTION TIME	TXDOT REPRESENTATIVE		
Informal Level A	1 Hour Maximum	State Contractor Inspector		
Informal Level B	1 Day Maximum	Signal Shop Supervisor (817) 370-3660		
Informal Level C	4 Days Maximum	Traffic Construction Manager (817) 370-6757		
Formal Level 1	5 Days Maximum	Director of Transportation Operations (817) 370-6615		
Formal Level 2	10 Days Maximum	Director of Construction (817) 370-6515		

#### Guidelines:

1. Resolve all issues at the lowest level possible.

General Notes

Project Number: C 902-00-290

County: TARRANT Control: 0902-00-290

Highway: VA

2. Escalate unresolved issues as quickly as possible.

- 3. Escalate issues up the ladder when:
  - a. The partners cannot agree on a decision:
  - b. The partners do not have the authority to make a decision:
  - c. An issue is threatening to delay the project:
  - d. An issue is threatening to damage the partnering relationship:
- 4. Escalate issues evenly up both sides of the ladder, and let go of the issue when it goes to the next level.
- 5. Present all the facts to the decision makers, not just the facts that support your side of the issue.
- 6. Agree to disagree, and disagree without being disagreeable.
- 7. Do not skip levels or "leap-frog" up the ladder. Upper level partners should insist that the ladder be used.
- 8. Keep partners at lower levels informed of progress in the resolution process as it develops.
- Return the agreed upon decision to field personnel as quickly as possible, once the issue is resolved.
- 10. When an issue is resolved at a higher level, all parties must accept the decision and work together to resolve the issue.

General Notes Sheet 36



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0902-00-290

DISTRICT Fort Worth
HIGHWAY Various

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0902-00	-290		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00134	1829		
		C	OUNTY	ITY Tarrant		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		ніс	HWAY	Vario	US	1	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	104-6028	REMOVING CONC (MISC)	SY	6.000		6.000	
	104-6029	REMOVING CONC (CURB OR CURB & GUTTER)	LF	3.000		3.000	
	162-6002	BLOCK SODDING	SY	20.000		20.000	
	416-6031	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (30 IN)	LF	60.000		60.000	
	416-6032	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	60.000		60.000	
	416-6033	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (42 IN)	LF	60.000		60.000	
	416-6034	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (48 IN)	LF	60.000		60.000	
	420-6002	CL A CONC (MISC)	CY	5.000		5.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	мо	24.000		24.000	
	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	20.000		20.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	20.000		20.000	
	529-6002	CONC CURB (TY II)	LF	8.000		8.000	
	529-6008	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	10.000		10.000	
	531-6002	CONC SIDEWALKS (5*)	SY	14.000		14.000	
	531-6004	CURB RAMPS (TY 1)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	531-6005	CURB RAMPS (TY 2)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	531-6006	CURB RAMPS (TY 3)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	531-6008	CURB RAMP5 (TY 5)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	531-6010	CURB RAMPS (TY 7)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	531-6012	CURB RAMPS (TY 9)	EA	1.000	_	1.000	
	531-6016	CURB RAMPS (TY 21)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	531-6017	CURB RAMPS (TY 22)	EΑ	1.000		1.000	
	610-6102	REPLACE LUMINAIRE W/LED (250W EQ)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	610-6254	IN RD IL (TY ST) 40T-8 (250W EQ) LED	EA	1.000		1.000	
	610-6255	IN RD IL (TY ST) 40T-8-8(250W EQ) LED	EA	1.000		1.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	600.000		600.000	
	618-6024	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2") (BORE)	LF	600.000		600.000	
	618-6029	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (3")	LF	600.000		600.000	
	618-6030	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (3") (BORE)	LF	600.000		600.000	
	618-6033	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (4")	LF	600.000		600.000	
	618-6034	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (4") (BORE)	LF	600.000		600.000	
	618-6070	CONDT (RM) (2")	LF	20.000		20.000	
	618-6074	CONDT (RM) (3")	LF	20.000		20.000	
	620-6005	ELEC CONDR (NO.10) BARE	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	620-6006	ELEC CONDR (NO.10) INSULATED	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	600.000		600.000	

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DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Tarrant	0902-00-290	4



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0902-00-290

DISTRICT Fort Worth HIGHWAY Various COUNTY Tarrant

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0902-00	-290		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00134	829		
		C	OUNTY	Tarra	nt	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIC	HWAY	Vario	us		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	620-6008	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	LF	600.000		600.000	
	620-6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF	600.000		600.000	
	620-6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	600.000		600.000	
	620-6011	ELEC CONDR (NO.4) BARE	LF	600.000		600.000	
	620-6012	ELEC CONDR (NO.4) INSULATED	LF	600.000		600.000	
	621-6002	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	1,800.000		1,800.000	
	624-6006	GROUND BOX TY BATTERY (162915)W/APRON	EA	6.000		6.000	
	624-6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA	1.000		1.000	
	624-6010	GROUND BOX TY D (162922)W/APRON	EA	6.000		6.000	
	624-6012	GROUND BOX TY E (122317)W/APRON	EA	2.000		2.000	
	624-6028	REMOVE GROUND BOX	EA	3.000		3.000	
	625-6002	ZINC-COAT STL WIRE STRAND (3/16")	LF	600.000		600.000	
	625-6004	ZINC-COAT STL WIRE STRAND (5/16")	LF	600.000		600.000	
	627-6002	TIMBER POLE (CL 2) 40 FT	EA	1.000		1.000	
	628-6002	REMOVE ELECTRICAL SERVICES	EA	1.000		1.000	
	628-6144	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)PS(U)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	628-6145	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)SP(O)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	628-6307	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(O)	EA	1,000		1.000	
	636-6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	12.000		12.000	
	636-6007	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY A)	5F	12.000		12.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	1.000	-	1.000	
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6009	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SB(P)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6012	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SB(T)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6030	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6068	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6078	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM (SIGN ONLY)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.000		120.000	
[	666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.000		120.000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	666-6054	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6057	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(DBL ARROW)(100MIL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
[	666-6063	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(UTURN ARW)(100MIL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6078	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
[	666-6099	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)18"(YLD TRI)(100MIL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	666-6102	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)36"(YLD TRI)(100MIL)	EA	6.000		6.000	

DISTRICT COUNTY CCSJ

Fort Worth Tarrant 0902-00-290

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CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0902-00-290

DISTRICT Fort Worth HIGHWAY Various

_		CONTROL SECT	ГІОН ЈОВ	0902-00	-290		
		PR	OJECT ID	A00134	829	1	
			COUNTY	Tarra	nt	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
ALT BID CODE		н	IGHWAY			-	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	666-6141	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6147	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.000	_	120.000	
	666-6171	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (BRK)	LF	120.000		120,000	
	666-6174	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (SLD)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6178	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 8" (SLD)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6180	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 12" (SLD)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6182	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 24" (SLD)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6184	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6185	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (DBL ARROW)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	666-6187	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (UTURN ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6192	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (WORD)	EΑ	2.000		2.000	
	666-6198	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 18" (YLD TRI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
ĺ	666-6199	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 36" (YLD TRI)	EA	6.000	-	6.000	_
	666-6208	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (BRK)	LF	120.000		120.000	
ĺ	666-6210	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (SLD)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6212	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 12" (SLD)	LF	120.000		120.000	
Ì	666-6214	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 24" (SLD)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY   (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(8RK)(100MIL)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY   (Y)6"(SLD)(100M L)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	677-6002	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	677-6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	677-6005	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (12")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	677-6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF	120.000	_	120.000	
	677-6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	677-6009	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	677-6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	677-6018	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (18")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	677-6019	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (36")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	677-6036	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (UTURN ARROW)	EA	1.000	-	1.000	
	678-6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	678-6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF	120.000		120.000	
	678-6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	

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DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Tarrant	0902-00-290	4B



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0902-00-290

DISTRICT Fort Worth
HIGHWAY Various

		CONTROL SECTI	ON JOB	0902-00	-290		
		PRO	JECT ID	A00134	1829	1	
	COUNTY		OUNTY	Tarrant		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG		Vario	us	i	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	-	
	678-6010	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	678-6012	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (UTURN ARR)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	678-6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	678-6022	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (18")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	678-6023	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (36")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	680-6001	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (FLASH BEACON)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	680-6002	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (ISOLATED)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	680-6003	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (SYSTEM)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	680-6004	REMOVING TRAFFIC SIGNALS	EA	1.000		1.000	
	680-6011	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (UPGRADE)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	682-6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	682-6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	682-6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	682-6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	682-6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	682-6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	682-6007	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN U-TURN ARW)	EA	1.000	_	1.000	
	682-6008	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL U-TURN ARW)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	682-6009	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED U-TURN ARW)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	682-6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	682-6033	BACK PLATE (12")(1 SEC)(VENTED)ALUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	682-6034	BACK PLATE (12")(2 SEC)(VENTED)ALUM	EA	6.000		6.000	
- {	682-6047	LOUVER (12") (ADJUSTABLE)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	682-6054	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	12.000		12.000	
	682-6055	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(4 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	12.000		12.000	
	682-6056	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(5 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	6.000		6.000	_
	684-6031	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	684-6033	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	684-6042	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(16 CONDR)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	684-6046	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(20 CONDR)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	684-6079	TRF SIG CBL (TY C)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	120.000		120.000	_
	685-6001	INSTALL RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	1.000		1.000	
	685-6002	RELOCATE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	1.000		1.000	
	685-6003	REMOVE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	1.000	_	1.000	
	685-6004	INSTL RD5D FLSH BCN ASSM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA	1.000	_	1.000	
	685-6005	RELOCT RDSD FLSH BCN AM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA	1.000	-	1.000	
	685-6006	REMOV RDSD FLSH BCN AM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA	1.000		1.000	

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DISTRICT	COUNTY	ccsJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Tarrant	0902-00-290	4c



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0902-00-290

DISTRICT Fort Worth
HIGHWAY Various

		CONTROL SEC	TION JOB	0902-00-290			
		PR	OJECT ID	A00134	829		
			COUNTY	Tarra	nt	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		ŀ	IIGHWAY	Various		1 [	FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST. FINAL		1	
	686-6006	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY A)	EA	1.000		1,000	
	686-6007	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY B)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6018	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY C)(36')LUM	EΑ	1.000		1.000	
	686-6019	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6020	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6025	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)1 ARM(24')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6027	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(24')LUM	EA	1.000		1,000	
	686-6029	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)1 ARM(28')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6031	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(28')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6033	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(32')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6035	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(32')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
ĺ	686-6037	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(36')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6039	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(36')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6041	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(40')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6043	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(40')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6045	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(44')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6047	INS TRF SIG PL AM(5)1 ARM(44')LUM	EΑ	1.000		1.000	
	686-6049	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(48')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6051	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(48')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ì	686-6053	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(50')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6055	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(50')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6057	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(55')	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ì	686-6059	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(55')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6061	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(60')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6063	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(60')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
ĺ	686-6065	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(65')	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6067	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(65')LUM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	686-6292	INS TRF SIG PL AM (MAST)(INSTALL ONLY)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	687-6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA	1.000		1.000	
	687-6002	PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON POLE	EA	1.000		1.000	<del></del> _
	688-6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	688-6002	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (STANDARD)	EA	1.000		1.000	
Ī	688-6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6001	REMOVAL OF CONDUIT	LF	12.000		12.000	
	690-6006	REMOVAL OF GROUND BOXES	EA	10.000		10.000	
İ	690-6007	REPLACE OF GROUND BOXES	EA	5.000	_	5.000	
	690-6009	REMOVAL OF CABLES	LF	300.000		300.000	

DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Tarrant	0902-00-290	4D



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0902-00-290

DISTRICT Fort Worth
HIGHWAY Various

Report Generated By: txdotconnect\_internal\_ext

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0902-00	-290		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00134	829	1	
		С	OUNTY	Tarra	nt	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		ніс	SHWAY	Various		_	FINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	7	
	690-6010	REPLACE OF CABLES	LF	240.000		240,000	
	690-6011	INSTALL OF CABLES	LF	720.000		720.000	
	690-6016	REMOVAL OF SPAN CABLE ASSM	ĹF	60.000		60.000	
	690-6018	INSTALL OF SPAN CABLE ASSM	LF	240.000		240.000	
	690-6019	REPLACE OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE	EA	1.000		1.000	-
	690-6020	INSTALL OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6024	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA	6.000	_	6.000	
	690-6025	REPLACE OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA	12.000	-	12.000	
	690-6026	INSTALL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA	12.000		12.000	
	690-6027	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA	3.000		3.000	
	690-6028	REPLACE OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA	3.000		3,000	
	690-6029	INSTALL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA	3.000		3.000	
	690-6030	REMOVAL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA	9.000		9.000	
	690-6031	REPLACE OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA	5.000		5.000	
	690-6032	INSTALL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA	5.000		5.000	
	690-6033	REMOVAL OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FND	LF	9.000		9,000	
	690-6036	INSTALL OF FND FOR GROUND MNT CABINETS	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6038	REMOVAL OF CONTROL CABINET(GRND MNT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6039	REPLACE OF CONTROL CABINET(GRND MNT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6040	INSTALL OF CONTROL CABINET(GRND MNT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6041	REMOVAL OF CONTROL CABINET(POLE MNT)	EA	1.000		1,000	
	690-6042	REPLACE OF CONTROL CABINET(POLE MNT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
ĺ	690-6043	INSTALL OF CONTROL CABINET(POLE MNT)	EA	1.000	_	1.000	
	690-6044	REMOVAL OF FLASHER CABINET	EA	1.000		1,000	
	690-6045	REPLACE OF FLASHER CABINET	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6046	INSTALL OF FLASHER CABINET	EA	1.000		1,000	
	690-6048	REMOVAL OF RDSD FLSH BEACON ASSM	EA	1.000		1,000	
	690-6051	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL POLE ASSM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6052	REPLACE OF SIGNAL POLE ASSM	EA	1.000		1,000	
	690-6053	INSTALL OF SIGNAL POLE ASSM	EA	1.000		1,000	
	690-6086	REMOVE VID IMAGE VEH DET SYS (VIVDS)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	690-6087	INSTL PED POLE ASSM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6088	REPLACE PED POLE ASSM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6089	REMOVE PED POLE ASSM	EA	1.000		1.000	-
	690-6090	REPLACE LED TRAF SIG LAMP UNIT	EA	12.000		12.000	
	690-6093	REPLACE PED SIG LED TRAF SIG LAMP UNIT	EA	5.000		5.000	
	690-6097	REMOVE SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA	1.000		1.000	

eated On: Apr 26, 2024 9:05:36 AM
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CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 0902-00-290

DISTRICT Fort Worth
HIGHWAY Various

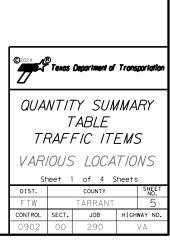
_		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0902-00	-290		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00134	829		
		C	YTNUC	Tarra	nt	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIG	HWAY	Vario	us		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	1	
	690-6098	INSTALL SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6128	INSTALL SCREW-IN FND	EA	1.000	_	1.000	
	690-6133	REPLACE BBU SYSTEM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	690-6134	INSTALL RADAR VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM	EA	6.000		6.000	
	690-6135	REPLACE RADAR VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM	EA	6.000		6.000	
	690-6136	REMOVE RADAR VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM	EA	6.000		6.000	
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	20.000		20.000	
	6010-6002	CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT (DIGITAL)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6010-6004	CCTV MOUNT (POLE)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6027-6003	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	LF	50.000		50.000	
	6027-6008	GROUND BOX (PREPARE)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6045-6001	INSTALL OF (RADD) VEHICLE DETECTORS	EA	7.000		7.000	
	6046-6001	INSTALL OF (RPD) VEHICLE DETECTORS	EA	7.000		7.000	
	6058-6001	BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	60.000		60,000	
	6292-6003	RVDS(PRESENCE AND ADVANCE DET)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	06	MATERIAL FURNISHED BY THE STATE	LS	1.000	1.72	1.000	
	80	CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	_
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT SAFETY CONTINGENCY (NON-PARTICIPATING)	L5	1.000		1.000	_



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Fort Worth	Tarrant	0902-00-290	45

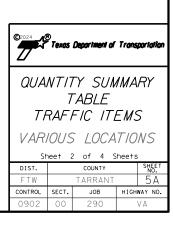
ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
104	6028	REMOVING CONC (MISC)	SY	6.00
104	6029	REMOVING CONC (CURB OR CURB & GUTTER)	LF	3.00
162	6002	BLOCK SODDING	SY	20.00
416	6031	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (30 IN)	LF	60.00
416	6032	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	60.00
416	6033	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (42 IN)	LF	60.00
416	6034	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (48 IN)	LF	60.00
420	6002	CL A CONC (MISC)	CY	5.00
500	6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.00
502	6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	MO	24.00
506	6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	20.00
506	6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	20.00
529	6002	CONC CURB (TY II)	LF	8.00
529	6008	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	10.00
531	6002	CONC SIDEWALKS (5")	SY	14.00
531	6004	CURB RAMPS (TY 1)	EA	1.00
531	6005	CURB RAMPS (TY 2)	EA	1.00
531	6006	CURB RAMPS (TY 3)	EA	1.00
531	6008	CURB RAMPS (TY 5)	EA	1.00
531	6010	CURB RAMPS (TY 7)	EA	1.00
531	6012	CURB RAMPS (TY 9)	EA	1.00
531	6016	CURB RAMPS (TY 21)	EA	1.00
531	6017	CURB RAMPS (TY 22)	EA	1.00
610	6102	REPLACE LUMINAIRE W/LED (250W EQ)	EA	5.00
610	6254	IN RD IL (TY ST) 40T-8 (250W EQ) LED	EA	1.00
610	6255	IN RD IL (TY ST) 40T-8-8(250W EQ) LED	EA	1.00
618	6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	600.00
618	6024	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2") (BORE)	LF	600.00
618	6029	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (3")	LF	600.00
618	6030	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (3") (BORE)	LF	600.00

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
618	6033	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (4")	LF	600.00
618	6034	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (4") (BORE)	LF	600.00
618	6070	CONDT (RM) (2")	LF	20.00
618	6074	CONDT (RM) (3")	LF	20.00
620	6005	ELEC CONDR (NO.10) BARE	LF	1,000.00
620	6006	ELEC CONDR (NO.10) INSULATED	LF	1,000.00
620	6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	600.00
620	6008	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	LF	600.00
620	6009	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) BARE	LF	600.00
620	6010	ELEC CONDR (NO.6) INSULATED	LF	600.00
620	6011	ELEC CONDR (NO.4) BARE	LF	600.00
620	6012	ELEC CONDR (NO.4) INSULATED	LF	600.00
621	6002	TRAY CABLE (3 CONDR) (12 AWG)	LF	1,800.00
624	6006	GROUND BOX TY BATTERY (162915)W/APRON	EA	6.00
624	6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA	1.00
624	6010	GROUND BOX TY D (162922)W/APRON	EA	6.00
624	6012	GROUND BOX TY E (122317)W/APRON	EA	2.00
624	6028	REMOVE GROUND BOX	EA	3.00
625	6002	ZINC-COAT STL WIRE STRAND (3/16")	LF	600.00
625	6004	ZINC-COAT STL WIRE STRAND (5/16")	LF	600.00
627	6002	TIMBER POLE (CL 2) 40 FT	EA	1.00
628	6002	REMOVE ELECTRICAL SERVICES	EA	1.00
628	6144	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)PS(U)	EA	1.00
628	6145	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)SP(O)	EA	1.00
628	6307	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(O)	EA	1.00
636	6001	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY A)	SF	12.00
636	6007	REPLACE EXISTING ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY A)	SF	12.00
644	6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	1.00
644	6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	1.00
644	6009	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SB(P)	EA	1.00



ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
644	6012	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SB(T)	EA	1.00
644	6030	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(T)	EA	1.00
644	6068	RELOCATE SM RD SN SUP&AM TY 10BWG	EA	1.00
644	6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	1.00
644	6078	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM (SIGN ONLY)	EA	1.00
666	6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6054	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA	2.00
666	6057	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(DBL ARROW)(100MIL)	EA	2.00
666	6063	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(UTURN ARW)(100MIL)	EA	2.00
666	6078	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	EA	2.00
666	6099	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)18"(YLD TRI)(100MIL)	EA	6.00
666	6102	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)36"(YLD TRI)(100MIL)	EA	6.00
666	6141	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6147	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6171	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (BRK)	LF	120.00
666	6174	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (SLD)	LF	120.00
666	6178	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 8" (SLD)	LF	120.00
666	6180	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 12" (SLD)	LF	120.00
666	6182	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 24" (SLD)	LF	120.00
666	6184	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (ARROW)	EA	2.00
666	6185	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (DBL ARROW)	EA	1.00
666	6187	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (UTURN ARROW)	EA	2.00
666	6192	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (WORD)	EA	2.00
666	6198	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 18" (YLD TRI)	EA	6.00
666	6199	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 36" (YLD TRI)	EA	6.00
666	6208	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (BRK)	LF	120.00
666	6210	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (SLD)	LF	120.00
666	6212	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 12" (SLD)	LF	120.00

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
666	6214	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 24" (SLD)	LF	120.00
666	6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
666	6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	120.00
677	6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	120.00
677	6002	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	LF	120.00
677	6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF	120.00
677	6005	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (12")	LF	120.00
677	6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF	120.00
677	6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA	2.00
677	6009	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)	EA	2.00
677	6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA	2.00
677	6018	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (18")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.00
677	6019	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (36")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.00
677	6036	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (UTURN ARROW)	EA	1.00
678	6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	120.00
678	6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF	120.00
678	6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	120.00
678	6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF	120.00
678	6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA	2.00
678	6010	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)	EA	2.00
678	6012	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (UTURN ARR)	EA	2.00
678	6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	2.00
678	6022	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (18")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.00
678	6023	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (36")(YLD TRI)	EA	6.00
680	6001	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (FLASH BEACON)	EA	1.00
680	6002	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (ISOLATED)	EA	1.00
680	6003	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (SYSTEM)	EA	1.00
680	6004	REMOVING TRAFFIC SIGNALS	EA	1.00



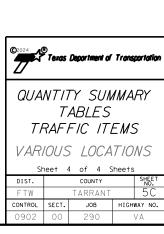
ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
680	6011	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (UPGRADE)	EA	5.00
682	6001	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN)	EA	6.00
682	6002	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN ARW)	EA	6.00
682	6003	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL)	EA	6.00
682	6004	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL ARW)	EA	6.00
682	6005	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED)	EA	6.00
682	6006	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED ARW)	EA	6.00
682	6007	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(GRN U-TURN ARW)	EA	1.00
682	6008	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(YEL U-TURN ARW)	EA	1.00
682	6009	VEH SIG SEC (12")LED(RED U-TURN ARW)	EA	1.00
682	6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA	5.00
682	6033	BACK PLATE (12")(1 SEC)(VENTED)ALUM	EA	1.00
682	6034	BACK PLATE (12")(2 SEC)(VENTED)ALUM	EA	6.00
682	6047	LOUVER (12") (ADJUSTABLE)	EA	1.00
682	6054	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(3 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	12.00
682	6055	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(4 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	12.00
682	6056	BACKPLATE W/REF BRDR(5 SEC)(VENT)ALUM	EA	6.00
684	6031	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(5 CONDR)	LF	120.00
684	6033	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(7 CONDR)	LF	120.00
684	6042	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(16 CONDR)	LF	120.00
684	6046	TRF SIG CBL (TY A)(14 AWG)(20 CONDR)	LF	120.00
684	6079	TRF SIG CBL (TY C)(12 AWG)(2 CONDR)	LF	120.00
685	6001	INSTALL RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	1.00
685	6002	RELOCATE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	1.00
685	6003	REMOVE RDSD FLASH BEACON ASSEMBLY	EA	1.00
685	6004	INSTL RDSD FLSH BCN ASSM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA	1.00
685	6005	RELOCT RDSD FLSH BCN AM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA	1.00
685	6006	REMOV RDSD FLSH BCN AM (SOLAR PWRD)	EA	1.00
686	6006	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY A)	EA	1.00
686	6007	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY B)	EA	1.00

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
686	6018	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY C)(36')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6019	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)	EA	1.00
686	6020	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)STR(TY D)LUM	EA	1.00
686	6025	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)1 ARM(24')	EA	1.00
686	6027	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(24')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6029	INS TRF SIG PL AM (S)1 ARM(28')	EA	1.00
686	6031	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(28')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6033	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(32')	EA	1.00
686	6035	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(32')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6037	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(36')	EA	1.00
686	6039	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(36')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6041	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(40')	EA	1.00
686	6043	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(40')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6045	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(44')	EA	1.00
686	6047	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(44')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6049	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(48')	EA	1.00
686	6051	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(48')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6053	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(50')	EA	1.00
686	6055	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(50')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6057	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(55')	EA	1.00
686	6059	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(55')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6061	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(60')	EA	1.00
686	6063	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(60')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6065	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(65')	EA	1.00
686	6067	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S)1 ARM(65')LUM	EA	1.00
686	6292	INS TRF SIG PL AM (MAST)(INSTALL ONLY)	EA	1.00
687	6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA	1.00
687	6002	PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON POLE	EA	1.00
688	6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA	5.00
688	6002	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (STANDARD)	EA	1.00



ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
688	6003	PED DETECTOR CONTROLLER UNIT	EA	1.00
690	6001	REMOVAL OF CONDUIT	LF	12.00
690	6006	REMOVAL OF GROUND BOXES	EA	10.00
690	6007	REPLACE OF GROUND BOXES	EA	5.00
690	6009	REMOVAL OF CABLES	LF	300.00
690	6010	REPLACE OF CABLES	LF	240.00
690	6011	INSTALL OF CABLES	LF	720.00
690	6016	REMOVAL OF SPAN CABLE ASSM	LF	60.00
690	6018	INSTALL OF SPAN CABLE ASSM	LF	240.00
690	6019	REPLACE OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE	EA	1.00
690	6020	INSTALL OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE	EA	1.00
690	6024	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA	6.00
690	6025	REPLACE OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA	12.00
690	6026	INSTALL OF SIGNAL HEAD ASSM	EA	12.00
690	6027	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA	3.00
690	6028	REPLACE OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA	3.00
690	6029	INSTALL OF SIGNAL RELATED SIGNS	EA	3.00
690	6030	REMOVAL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA	9.00
690	6031	REPLACE OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA	5.00
690	6032	INSTALL OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTONS	EA	5.00
690	6033	REMOVAL OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FND	LF	9.00
690	6036	INSTALL OF FND FOR GROUND MNT CABINETS	EA	1.00
690	6038	REMOVAL OF CONTROL CABINET(GRND MNT)	EA	1.00
690	6039	REPLACE OF CONTROL CABINET(GRND MNT)	EA	1.00
690	6040	INSTALL OF CONTROL CABINET(GRND MNT)	EA	1.00
690	6041	REMOVAL OF CONTROL CABINET(POLE MNT)	EA	1.00
690	6042	REPLACE OF CONTROL CABINET(POLE MNT)	EA	1.00
690	6043	INSTALL OF CONTROL CABINET(POLE MNT)	EA	1.00
690	6044	REMOVAL OF FLASHER CABINET	EA	1.00
690	6045	REPLACE OF FLASHER CABINET	EA	1.00

ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY
690	6046	INSTALL OF FLASHER CABINET	EA	1.00
690	6048	REMOVAL OF RDSD FLSH BEACON ASSM	EA	1.00
690	6051	REMOVAL OF SIGNAL POLE ASSM	EA	1.00
690	6052	REPLACE OF SIGNAL POLE ASSM	EA	1.00
690	6053	INSTALL OF SIGNAL POLE ASSM	EA	1.00
690	6086	REMOVE VID IMAGE VEH DET SYS (VIVDS)	EA	3.00
690	6087	INSTL PED POLE ASSM	EA	1.00
690	6088	REPLACE PED POLE ASSM	EA	1.00
690	6089	REMOVE PED POLE ASSM	EA	1.00
690	6090	REPLACE LED TRAF SIG LAMP UNIT	EA	12.00
690	6093	REPLACE PED SIG LED TRAF SIG LAMP UNIT	EA	5.00
690	6097	REMOVE SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA	1.00
690	6098	INSTALL SPREAD SPECTRUM ANTENNA	EA	1.00
690	6128	INSTALL SCREW-IN FND	EA	1.00
690	6133	REPLACE BBU SYSTEM	EA	1.00
690	6134	INSTALL RADAR VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM	EA	6.00
690	6135	REPLACE RADAR VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM	EA	6.00
690	6136	REMOVE RADAR VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM	EA	6.00
6001	6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	20.00
6010	6002	CCTV FIELD EQUIPMENT (DIGITAL)	EA	1.00
6010	6004	CCTV MOUNT (POLE)	EA	1.00
6027	6003	CONDUIT (PREPARE)	LF	50.00
6027	6008	GROUND BOX (PREPARE)	EA	1.00
6045	6001	INSTALL OF (RADD) VEHICLE DETECTORS	EA	7.00
6046	6001	INSTALL OF (RPD) VEHICLE DETECTORS	EA	7.00
6058	6001	BBU SYSTEM (EXTERNAL BATT CABINET)	EA	4.00
6185	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	60.00
6292	6003	RVDS(PRESENCE AND ADVANCE DET)	EA	1.00



#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

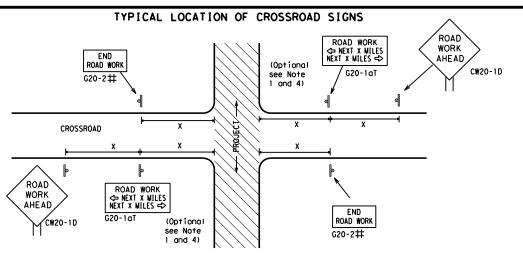
SHEET 1 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

#### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP BINEM BORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

#### SIZE

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600 <sup>2</sup>
65	700 <sup>2</sup>
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

SPACING

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW20' 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

#### WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING \* \* G20-5T ROAD WORK AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS € ★ R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1 X > ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T \* \* R20-3T \* \* AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ ➾ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\otimes \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

★ ★G20-9TP ZONE STAY ALERT BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFI \* \*G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT \* \*G20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices -CSJ Limi Channelizing Devices  $\Rightarrow$ SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END | WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \* G20-2 \* \*

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.

CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.

- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade						
0	Channelizing Devices					
4	Sign					
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

# SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

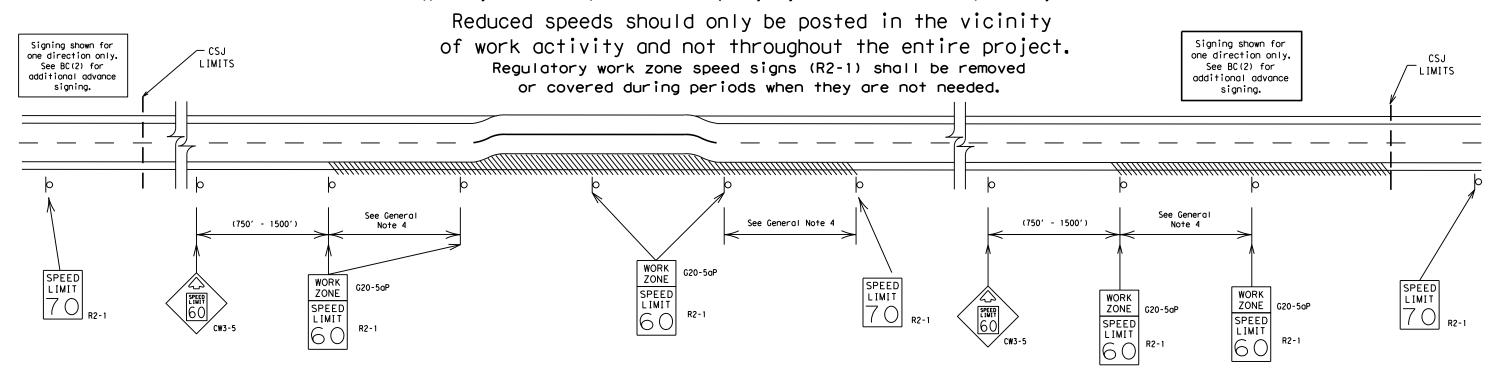
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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

## LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

## SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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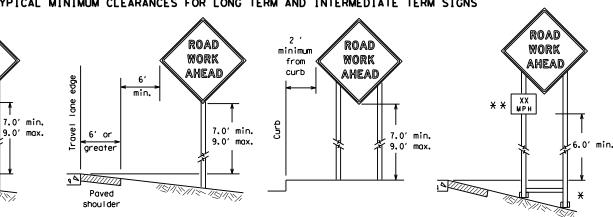
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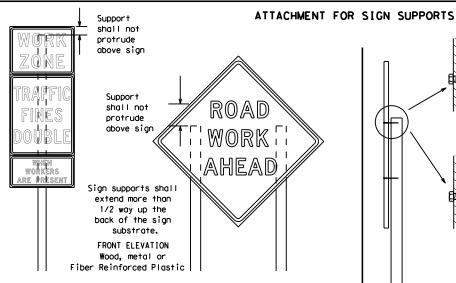
WORK

AHEAD



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



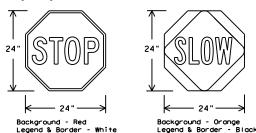
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports Nails shall NOT

be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum
- length of 6' to the bottom of the sign. 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN.	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use
- of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level
- sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

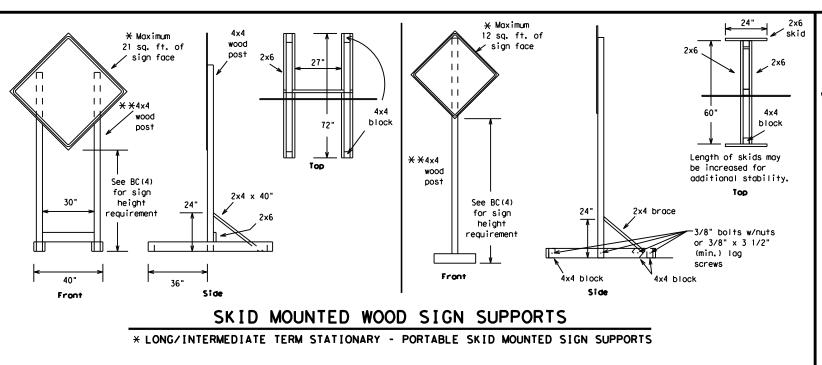


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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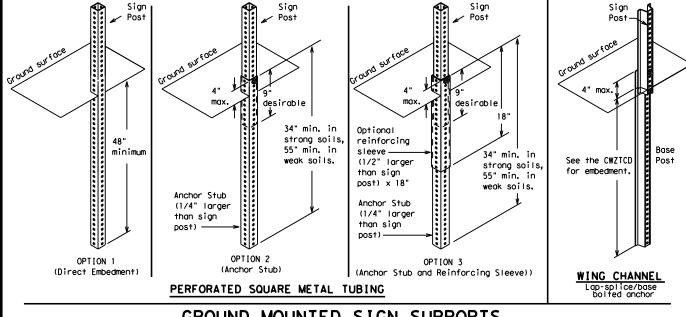




2"

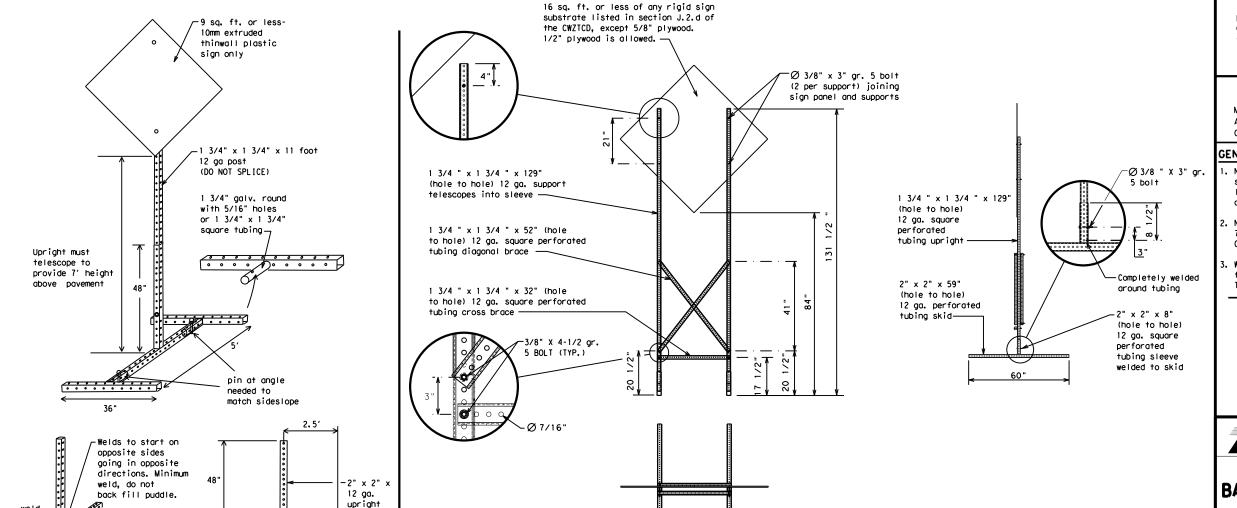
SINGLE LEG BASE

weld starts here



# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

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SKID MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	TUBING	SIGN SUPP	ORTS
* LONG/INT	ERMEDIATE TERM STA	TIONARY - PO	ORTABLE SK	ID MOUNTED	SIGN SUPPORTS	

32'

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	IST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR. HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Lef†	LFT	West	W (4040) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel \* \* Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM BEFORE APR XX-DETOUR USE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -US XXX N **TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX LISE NFXT FOR DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO TΟ STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX WATCH USE TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY \* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

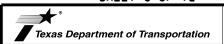
#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

# SHEET 6 OF 12



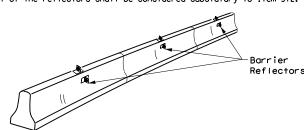
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1). 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The
- cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a

drum adjacent to the travel way.

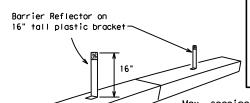
Warning reflector may be round

or square. Must have a yellow

reflective surface area of at least

30 square inches

- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

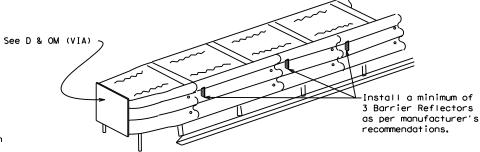
LPCB is approved for use in work

zone locations, where the posted

speed is 45mph, or less. See

Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



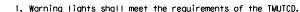
# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

# WARNING LIGHTS



- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

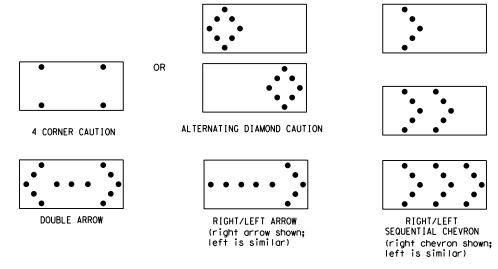
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

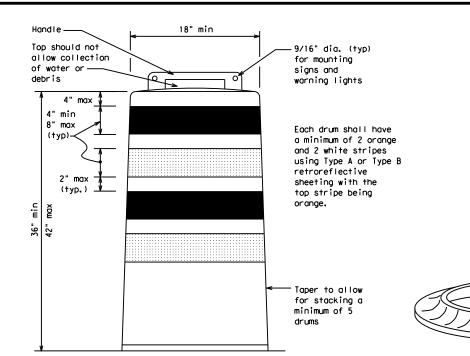
9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

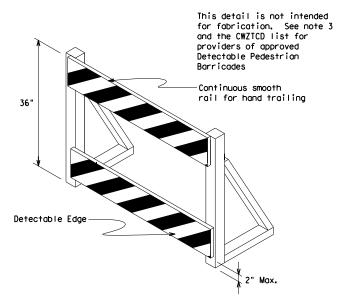
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

#### BALLAST

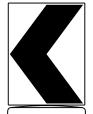
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

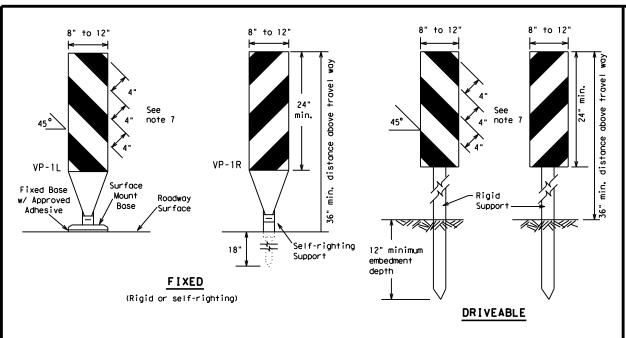


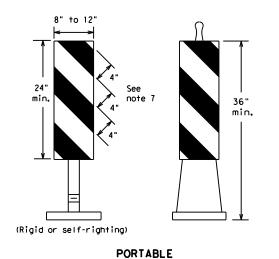
Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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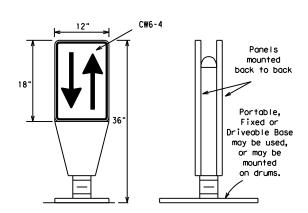




- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.

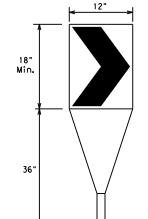
  5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

## OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



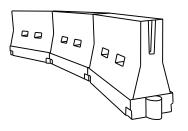
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	-	esirab er Lend **	-	Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′		
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		5001	550′	600,	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′		
80		8001	880′	960'	80′	160′		

L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

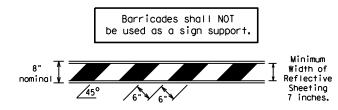
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

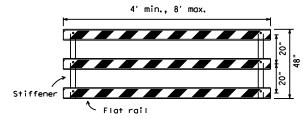
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The  $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

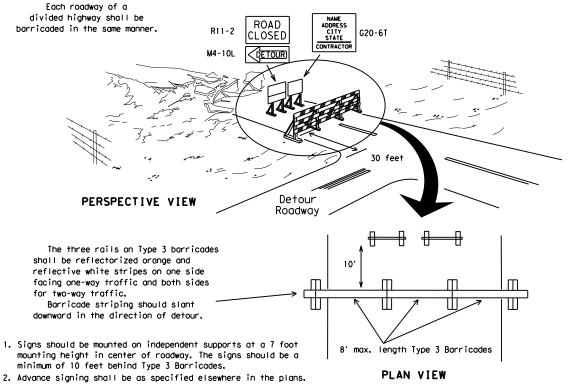


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet. steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s coross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector  $\bigcirc$ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

**CONES** 4" min. orange ₹2" min. 1 4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange [6" min. \_2" min. 2" min. \**1**4 min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

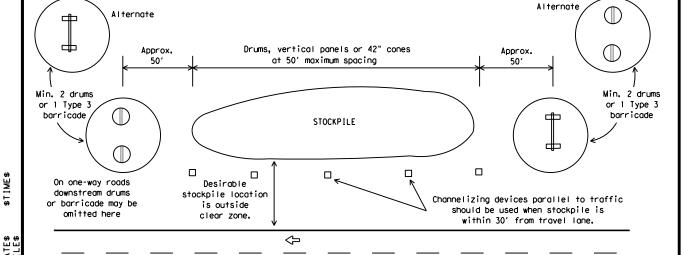
 2" min. 4" min.

3" min. 2" to 6 min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

➾

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

**SHEET 10 OF 12** 



Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

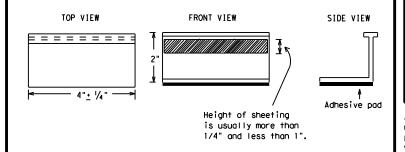
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) DMS-4200 TRAFFIC BUTTONS DMS-4300 EPOXY AND ADHESIVES DMS-6100 BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS DMS-6130 PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8240 TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED DMS-824 PAVEMENT MARKINGS TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE DMS-8242 ROADWAY MARKER TABS

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

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Traffic Safety



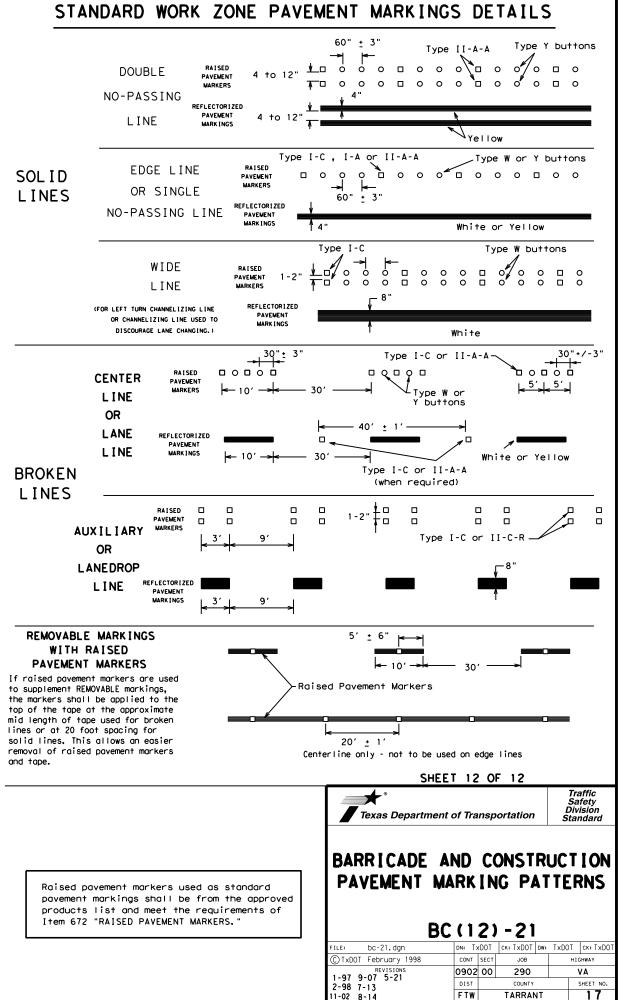
Texas Department of Transportation

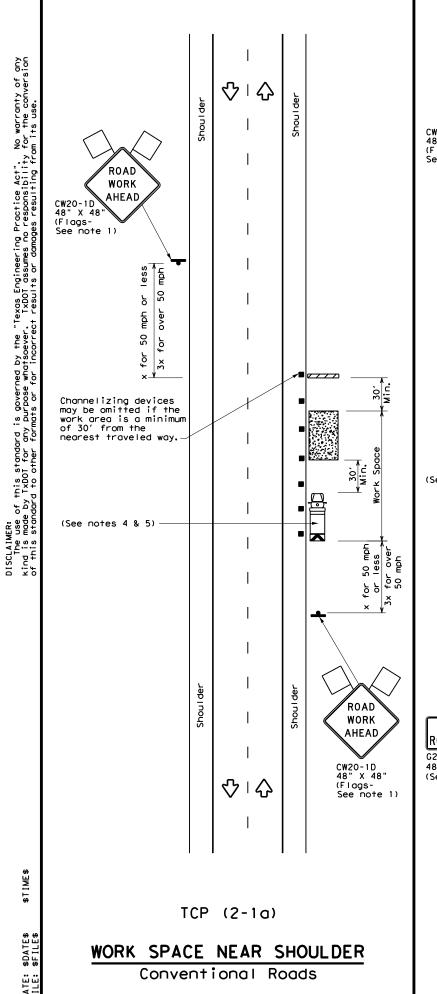
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

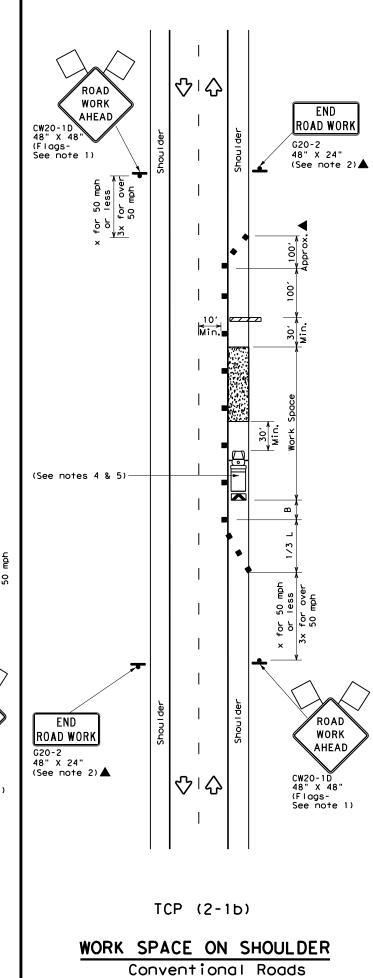
BC(11)-21

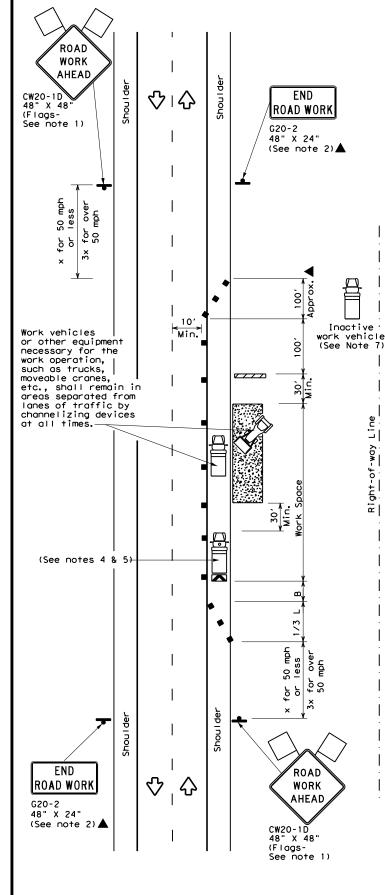
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY	
REVISIONS 98 9-07 5-21	0902	00	290			VA	
98 9-07 5-21 02 7-13	DIST	IST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
02 8-14	FTW		TARRAN	٧T		16	

#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A $\langle \rangle$ □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 White ∕ Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 ➪ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 <> Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE









TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger						
			•						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	1501	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	701	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1 1 1 1								

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS 94 4-98	0902	00	290		VA
94 4-96 95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
97 2-18	FTW		TARRA	NΤ	18

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TXDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fram its use. WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" END WORK ROAD WORK AHEAD LANE CW20-1D G20-2 48" X 24" CLOSE 48" x 48" (Flags-See note 1) CW20-5TL XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 4) for 50 MPH or less 3x for over 50 MPH 100' pprox. CW1-6aT 36" X 3 Shadow Vehicle with TMA and MIN 30 (See note 8) high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6)— . M:∩, Shadow Vehicle with— TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) RIGHT LANE CLOSED CW20-5TR 48" X 48' XXX FT CW16-3aP 30" X 12" (See note 4) RIGHT LANE CLOSED END ROAD WORK END  $| \heartsuit | \diamondsuit | \diamondsuit | \diamondsuit |$ ROAD G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD WORK WORK G20-2 48" X 24" XXX FT AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note TCP (2-4a) TCP (2-4b) ONE LANE CLOSED TWO LANES CLOSED

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ГО	Flagger						

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable nula Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180'	30'	60′	120'	90'	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	701	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40'	80′	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60`	120'	600,	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	8401	70′	140′	800'	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′	

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>					

#### GENERAL NOTES

CW13-1P 24" X 24

CW1-6aT

36" X 36'

48" X 48"

CW13-1P

24" X 24'

CW20-5TR 48" X 48

CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

note 4)

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1

(See

X X MPH

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

END

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 1. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

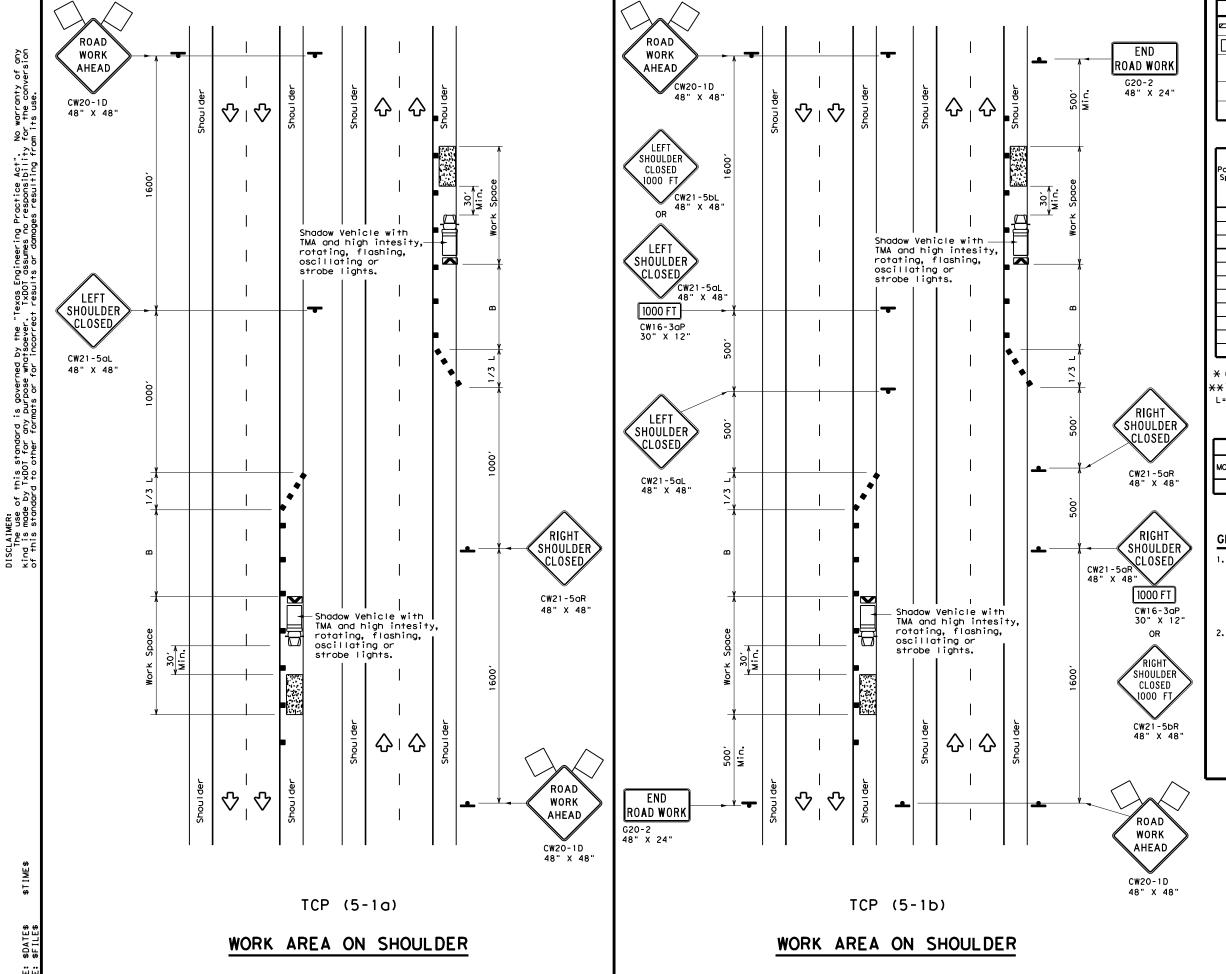


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0902	00	290		٧A	
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 2-18	FTW	TW TARRANT			19	



LEGEND							
////	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
<b>F</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ц	Flagger				

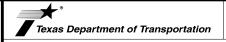
Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable			Spa Chan	ted Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180'	30'	60′	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320'	40'	80′	155′
45		4501	4951	540'	45′	90′	195′
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	100′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800′	880′	960'	80′	160′	615'

- X Conventional Roads Only
- XXTaper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	DBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- . 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
SHOULDER WORK FOR
FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-18

ILE:	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:		
C) TxDOT	February	2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS			0902	00	00 290		٧A	
2-18			DIST		COUNTY		5	SHEET NO.
			FTW		TARRAI	٧T		20



SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1

 $\triangle$ 

 $\bigcirc$ 

 $\triangle | \triangle$ 

CW20SG-1

- 10' min.

Typical

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1 48" x 48"

1/2L

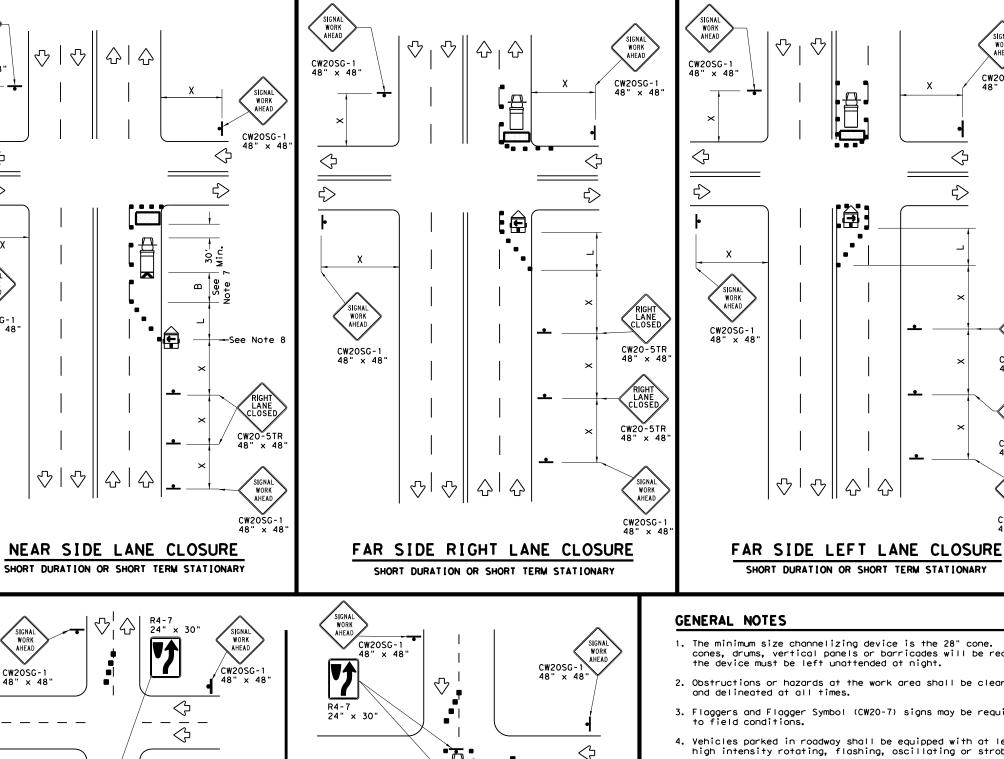
1010

| 4

⇧

R4-7 24" × 30"

 $\langle \rangle$ 



10' min.

1/2 L

 $\Diamond$ 

24" × 30"

Х

Typical

WORK

CW20SG-1 48" x 48"

OPERATIONS IN THE INTERSECTION

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Г	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50'	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

WORK

CW20SG-1

LEFT LANE CLOSED

CW20-5TL

LEFT LANE CLOSEI

CW20-5TL 48" x 48

SIGNAL WORK AHEAD

CW20SG-1

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.

#### GENERAL NOTES

 $\triangle$ 

♡ || ☆

- 1. The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.
- 2. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.
- 3. Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.
- 4. Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- 5. High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- 6. When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals may be placed in flashing red mode when approved by the engineer. If existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper.
- Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic.

SHEET 1 OF 2

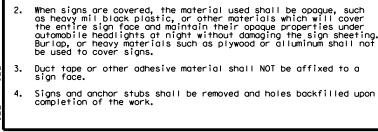


Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(BTS-1)-13

E: wzbts-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY	
REVISIONS	0902	00 290			VA		
98 10-99 7-13	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
98 3-03	FTW TARRANT				21		



GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.

directed by the Engineer.

DURATION OF WORK

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

REMOVING OR COVERING

Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.

Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.

Signs shall be installed and maintained in a straight and plumb condition.  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right)$ 

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as

Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as

Damaged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".

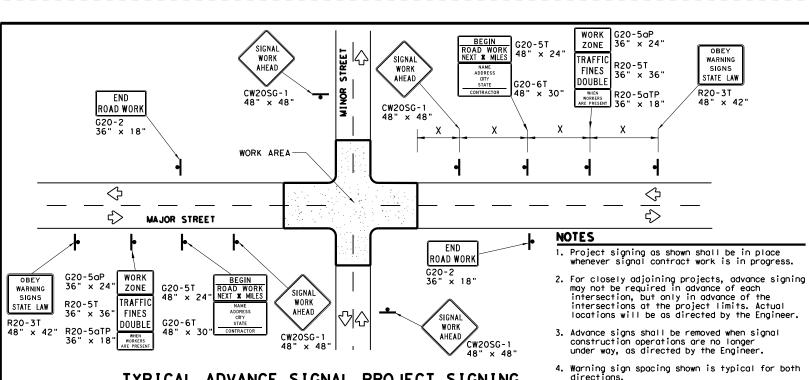
Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 66.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.

Sign height of Short-term/Short Duration warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.



#### TYPICAL ADVANCE SIGNAL PROJECT SIGNING

FOR LONG TERM and INTERMEDIATE-TERM STATIONARY WORK OPERATIONS

#### 5. See the Table on sheet 1 of 2 for Typical warning sign spacing.

- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the

or is proced on stopes.						
LEGEND						
<b>-≗</b> Sign						
	■ Channelizing Devices					
	Type 3 Barricade					

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/txdot\_library/publications/construction.htm

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sandbags filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.

- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

Type 3 Barriedo	<u> </u>
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
GN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
EXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING



Operations Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

CW2OSG-

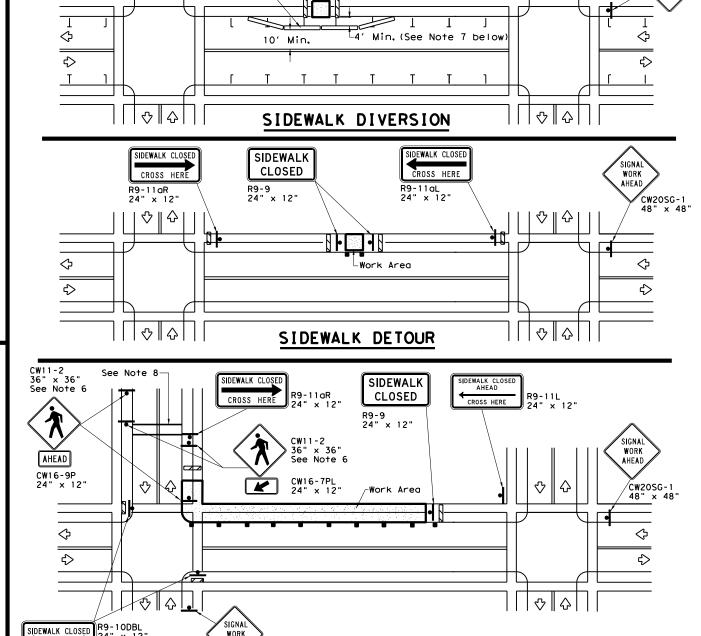
SIGNA

WORK

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

**W**Z(BTS-2)-13

FILE:	wzbts-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C TxDOT	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY	
	REVISIONS	0902	00	290		١	/A	
	2-98 10-99 7-13			COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 3-	03	FTW		TARRAN	١T		22	



CROSSWALK CLOSURES

Temporary Traffic Barrier See Note 4 below

♦∥♦

#### PEDESTRIAN CONTROL

USE OTHER SIDE

Holes, trenches or other hazards shall be adequately protected by covering, delineating or surrounding the hazard with orange plastic pedestrian fencing or longitudinal channelizing devices, or as directed by the Engineer.

CW2OSG-

AHEAD

"CROSSWALK CLOSURES" as detailed above will require the Engineer's approval prior to installation.

R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when fabricated from approved lightweight plastic substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the location shown.

For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9) and manufacturer's recommendations.

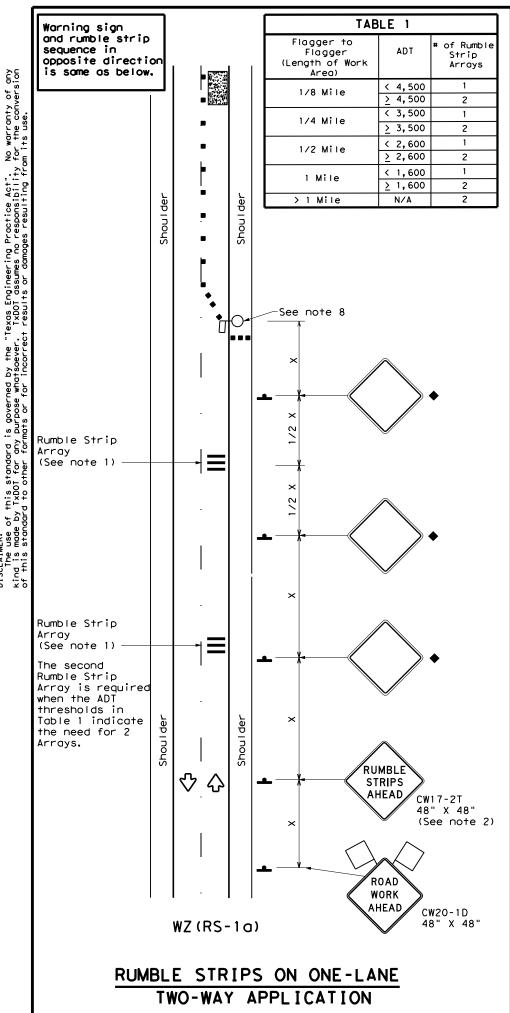
Location of devices are for general guidance. Actual device spacing and location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions.

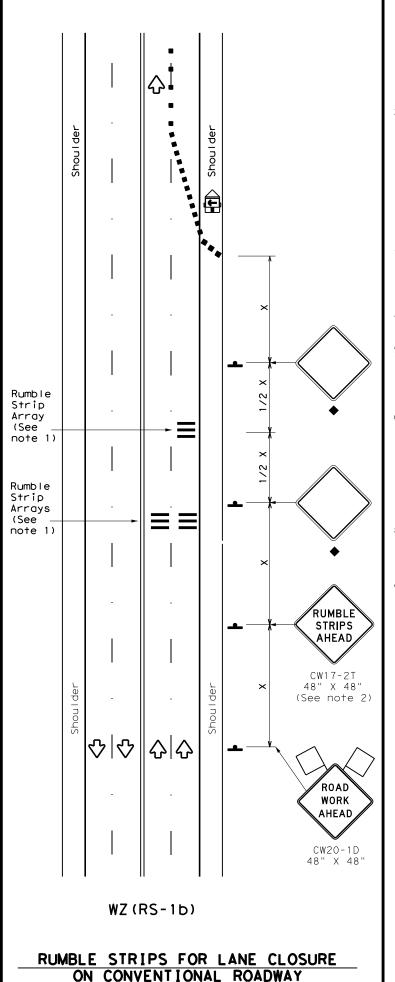
Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3

The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical. Pavement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the

appropriate bid items. When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated.

temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian





#### GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- B. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND								
F		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
Π		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
	۲	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
	$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

Speed	osted Formula Speed		Minimur esirab er Lend **	le gths	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS 60	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	7701	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off,
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
  S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATI							
	1	1						

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
<u>&lt;</u> 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20′				
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<del>*</del> 35′+				

Texas Department of Transportation

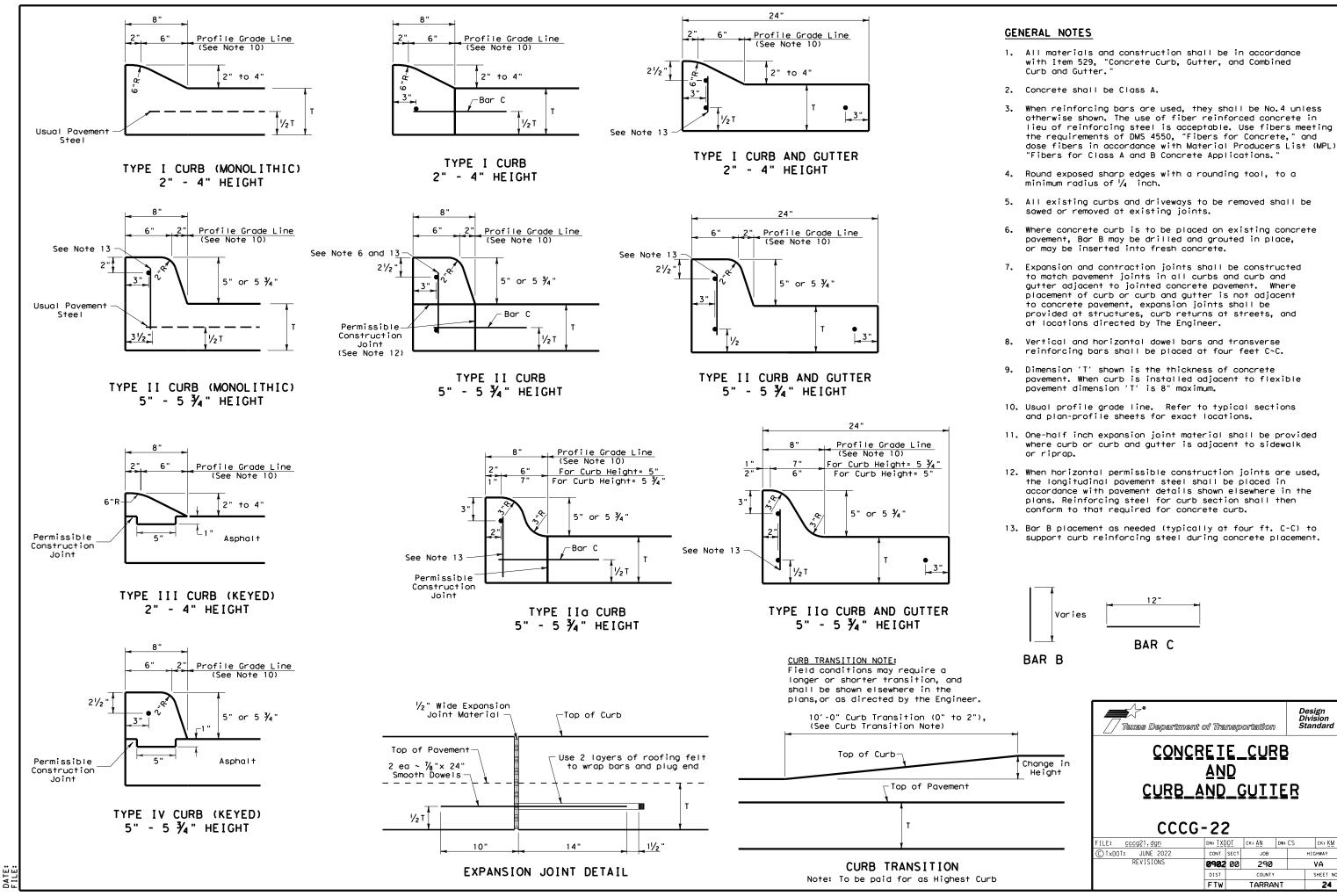
TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

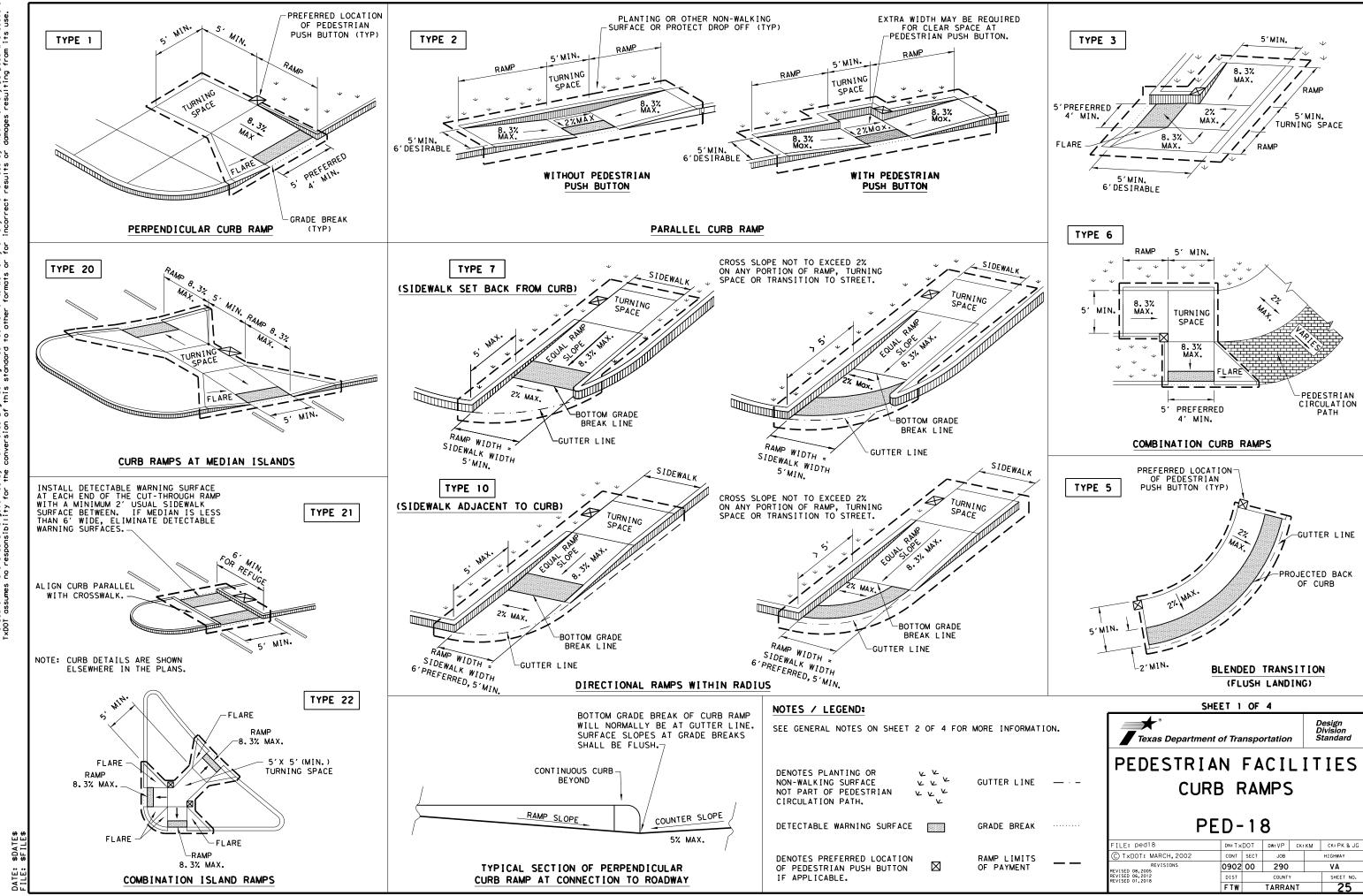
Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
	0902	00	290		١	/Α
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	FTW		TARRAI	٧T		23

117





#### **GENERAL NOTES**

#### CURB RAMPS

- 1. Install a curb ramp or blended transition at each pedestrian street crossing.
- 2. All slopes shown are maximum allowable. Cross slopes of 1.5% and lesser running should be used. Adjust curb ramp length or grade of approach sidewalks as directed.
- 3. Maximum allowable cross slope on sidewalk and curb ramp surfaces is 2%.
- 4. The minimum sidewalk width is 5'. Where the sidewalk is adjacent to the back of curb, a 6' sidewalk width is desirable. Where a 5' sidewalk cannot be provided due to site constraints, sidewalk width may be reduced to 4' for short distances. 5'x 5' passing areas at intervals not to exceed 200' are required.
- 5. Turning Spaces shall be 5'x 5' minimum. Cross slope shall be maximum 2%.
- 6. Clear space at the bottom of curb ramps shall be a minimum of 4'x 4' wholly contained within the crosswalk and wholly outside the parallel vehicular travel path.
- 7. Provide flared sides where the pedestrian circulation path crosses the curb ramp. Flared sides shall be sloped at 10% maximum, measured parallel to the curb. Returned curbs may be used only where pedestrians would not normally walk across the ramp, either because the adjacent surface is planted, substantially obstructed, or otherwise protected.
- 8. Additional information on curb ramp location, design, light reflective value and texture may be found in the latest draft of the Proposed Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right of Way (PROWAG) as published by the U.S. Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board).
- 9. To serve as a pedestrian refuge area, the median should be a minimum of 6' wide, measured from back of curbs. Medians should be designed to provide accessible passage over or through them.
- 10. Small channelization islands, which do not provide a minimum 5' imes 5' landing at the top of curb ramps, shall be cut through level with the surface of the street.
- 11. Crosswalk dimensions, crosswalk markings and stop bar locations shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans. At intersections where crosswalk markings are not required, curb ramps shall align with theoretical crosswalks unless otherwise directed.
- 12. Provide curb ramps to connect the pedestrian access route at each pedestrian street crossing. Handrails are not required on curb ramps.
- 13. Curb ramps and landings shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item 531
- 14. Place concrete at a minimum depth of 5" for ramps, flares and landings, unless otherwise directed.
- 15. Furnish and install No. 3 reinforcing steel bars at 18" o.c. both ways, unless otherwise directed.
- 16. Provide a smooth transition where the curb ramps connect to the street.
- 17. Curbs shown on sheet 1 within the limits of payment are considered part of the curb ramp for payment, whether it is concrete curb, gutter, or combined curb and gutter.
- 18. Existing features that comply with applicabble standards may remain in place unless otherwise shown on the plans.

#### DETECTABLE WARNING MATERIAL

- 19. Curb ramps must contain a detectable warning surface that consists of raised truncated domes complying with PROWAG. The surface must contrast visually with adjoining surfaces, including side flares. Furnish and install an approved cast-in-place dark brown or dark red detectable warning surface material adjacent to uncolored concrete, unless specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 20. Detectable Warning Materials must meet TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4350 and be listed on the Material Producer List. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- 21. Detectable warning surfaces must be firm, stable and slip resistant.
- 22. Detectable warning surfaces shall be a minimum of 24 inches in depth in the direction of pedestrian travel, and extend the full width of the curb ramp or landing where the pedestrian access route enters the street.
- 23. Detectable warning surfaces shall be located so that the edge nearest the curb line is at the back of curb and neither end of that edge is greater than 5 feet from the back of curb. Detectable warning surfaces may be curved along the corner radius.
- 24. Shaded areas on Sheet 1 of 4 indicate the approximate location for the detectable warning surface for each curb ramp type.

#### DETECTABLE WARNING PAVERS (IF USED)

- 25. Furnish detectable warning paver units meeting all requirements of ASTM C-936, C-33. Lay in a two by two unit basket weave pattern or as directed.
- 26. Lay full-size units first followed by closure units consisting of at least 25 percent (25%) of a full unit. Cut detectable warning paver units using a power saw.

#### SIDEWALKS

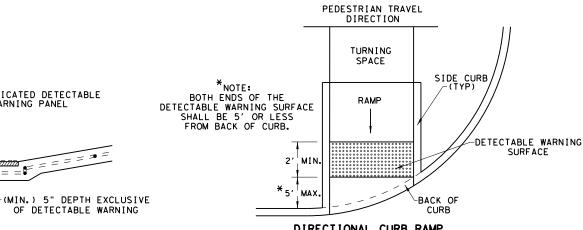
- 27. Provide clear ground space at operable parts, including pedestrian push buttons. Operable parts shall be placed within unobstructed reach range specified in PROWAG section R406.
- 28. Place traffic signal or illumination poles, ground boxes, controller boxes, signs, drainage facilities and other items so as not to obstruct the pedestrian access route or clear ground space.
- 29. Street grades and cross slopes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 30. Changes in level greater than 1/4 inch are not permitted.
- 31. The least possible grade should be used to maximize accessibility. The running slope of sidewalks and crosswalks within the public right of way may follow the grade of the parallel roadway. Where a continuous grade greater than five percent (5%) must be provided, handrails may be desirable to improve accessibility. Handrails may also be needed to protect pedestrians from potentially hazardous conditions. If provided, handrails shall comply with PROWAG R409.
- 32. Handrail extensions shall not protrude into the usable landing area or into intersecting pedestrian routes.
- 33. Driveways and turnouts shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item "Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts". Sidewalks shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item, "Sidewalks".
- 34. Sidewalk details are shown elsewhere in the plans.

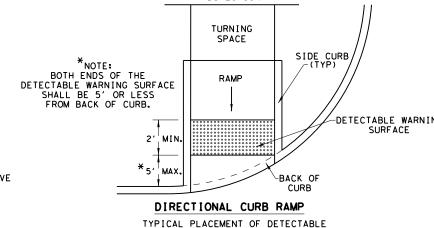
SIDE FLARE

(TYP)

NO. 3 REBAR AT 18" (MAX) ON-CENTER-

BOTH WAYS OR AS DIRECTED





WARNING SURFACE ON SLOPING RAMP RUN.

DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DETAILS

PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL DIRECTION

TURNING

SPACE

PARALLEL CURB RAMP

TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE WARNING

SURFACE ON LANDING AT STREET EDGE.

PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL

DIRECTION

TURNING

SPACE

PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMP

TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE ON SLOPING RAMP RUN.

RAMP

2' (Min.)

2' (MIN.

DETECTABLE WARNING

BACK OF

DETECTABLE WARNING

SURFACE

-SIDE FLARE

-BACK OF

CHRB

RAMP

SECTION VIEW DETAIL CURB RAMP AT DETECTIBLE WARNINGS

\_ •\_

DETECTABLE WARNING PAVER | PREFABRICATED DETECTABLE

WITH TRUNCATED DOMES

CLASS A CONCRETE - SHALL-

CONFORM TO APPLICABLE
SPECIFICATIONS

\_ = • =

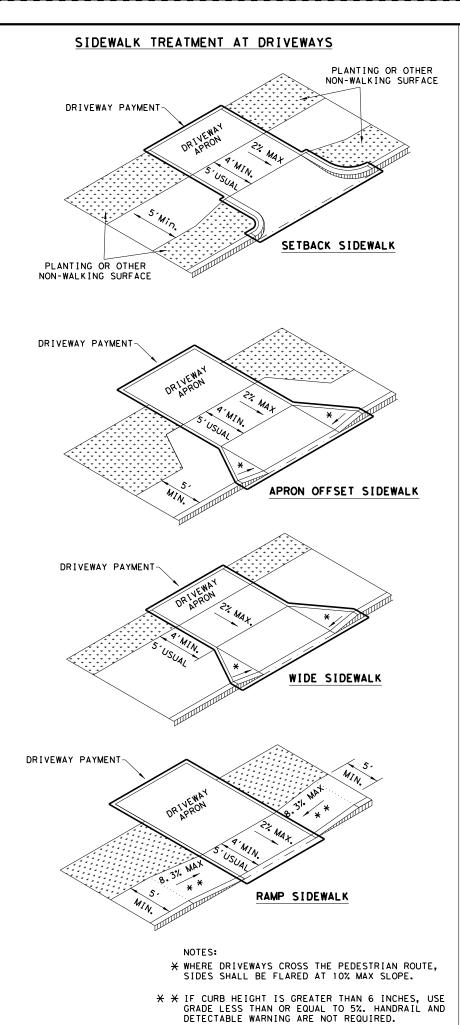
SHEET 2 OF 4

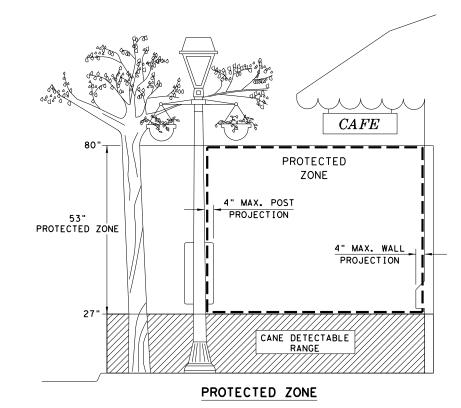
Texas Department of Transportation



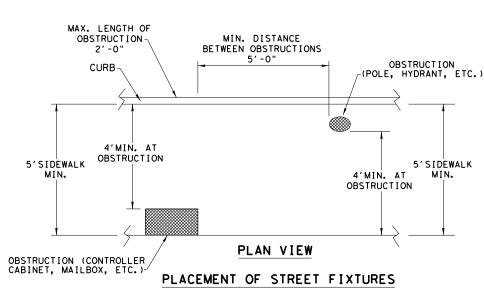
PED-18

ILE: ped18	DN: Tx	DOT	DW: VP	CK:	KM	CK: PK & JG
TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS VISED 08,2005	0902	00	290			VA
VISED 06,2012 VISED 01,2018	DIST		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.
	FTW		TARRA	NΤ		26

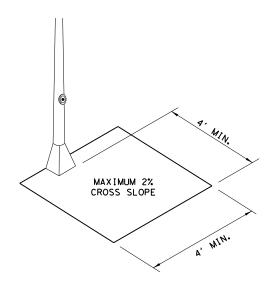




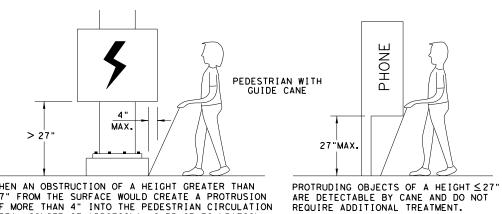
NOTE: IN PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, MAXIMUM 4" PROJECTION FOR POST OR WALL MOUNTED OBJECTS BETWEEN 27" AND 80" ABOVE THE SURFACE.



NOTE: ITEMS NOT INTENDED FOR PUBLIC USE.
MINIMUM 4' X 4' CLEAR GROUND SPACE
REQUIRED AT PUBLIC USE FIXTURES.



CLEAR SPACE ADJACENT TO PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON



WHEN AN OBSTRUCTION OF A HEIGHT GREATER THAN 27" FROM THE SURFACE WOULD CREATE A PROTRUSION OF MORE THAN 4" INTO THE PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL CURB OR FOUNDATION AT THE BOTTOM TO PROVIDE A MAXIMUM 4" OVERHANG.

DETECTION BARRIER FOR **VERTICAL CLEARANCE < 80"** 

SHEET 3 OF 4

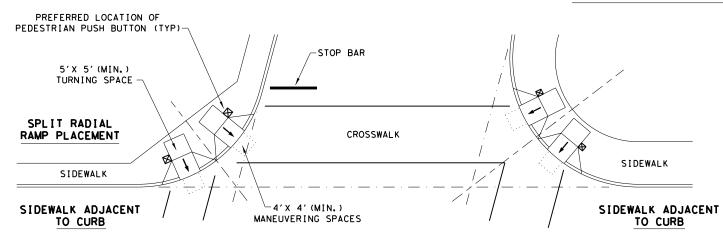


PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

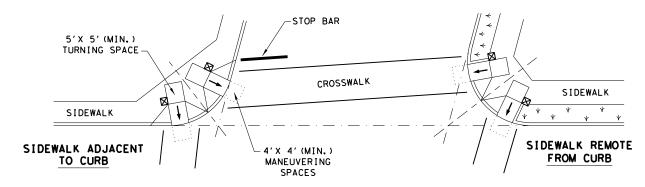
PED-18

ILE: ped18	DN: Tx	DOT	DW: VP	CK:	KM	CK: PK & JG
TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS VISED 08, 2005	0902	00	290		VA	
VISED 06,2012 VISED 01,2018	DIST		COUNTY	Y		SHEET NO.
	FTW		TARRA	ΝT		27

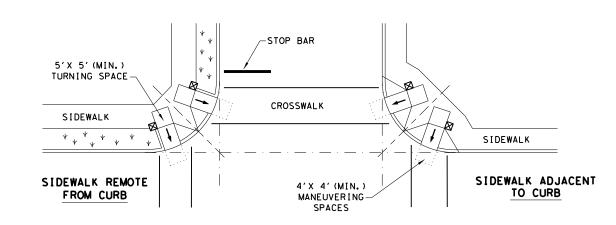
### TYPICAL CROSSING LAYOUTS SEE SHEET 1 OF 4 FOR DETAILS AND DIMENSIONS



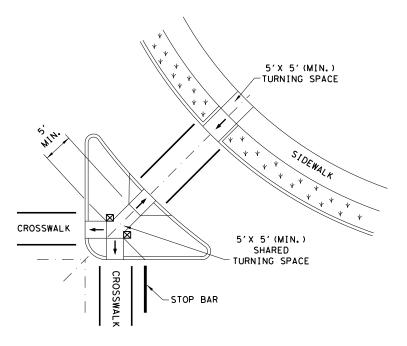
#### SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "LARGE" RADIUS



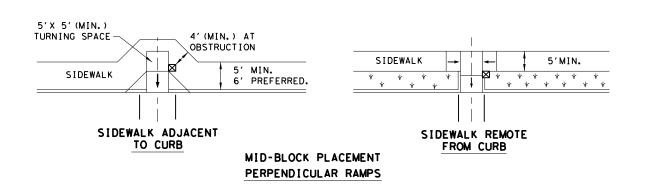
#### SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



NORMAL INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



AT INTERSECTION W/FREE RIGHT TURN & ISLAND



#### LEGEND:

SHOWS DOWNWARD SLOPE.

DENOTES PREFERRED LOCATION OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON (IF APPLICABLE).

DENOTES PLANTING OR NON-WALKING SURFACE NOT PART OF PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION PATH.

 $\boxtimes$ 

2H	ĿĿ	4 (	)F	4

Texas Department of Transportation

## PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

PED-18

FILE: ped18	DN: Tx	DOT	DW: VP	CK:	KM	CK: PK & JG
C TxDOT: MARCH, 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS REVISED 08,2005	0902	00	290			VA
REVISED 06, 2012 REVISED 01. 2018	DIST		COUNT	Y		SHEET NO.
	FTW		TARRA	NΤ		28

ATE: SDATES

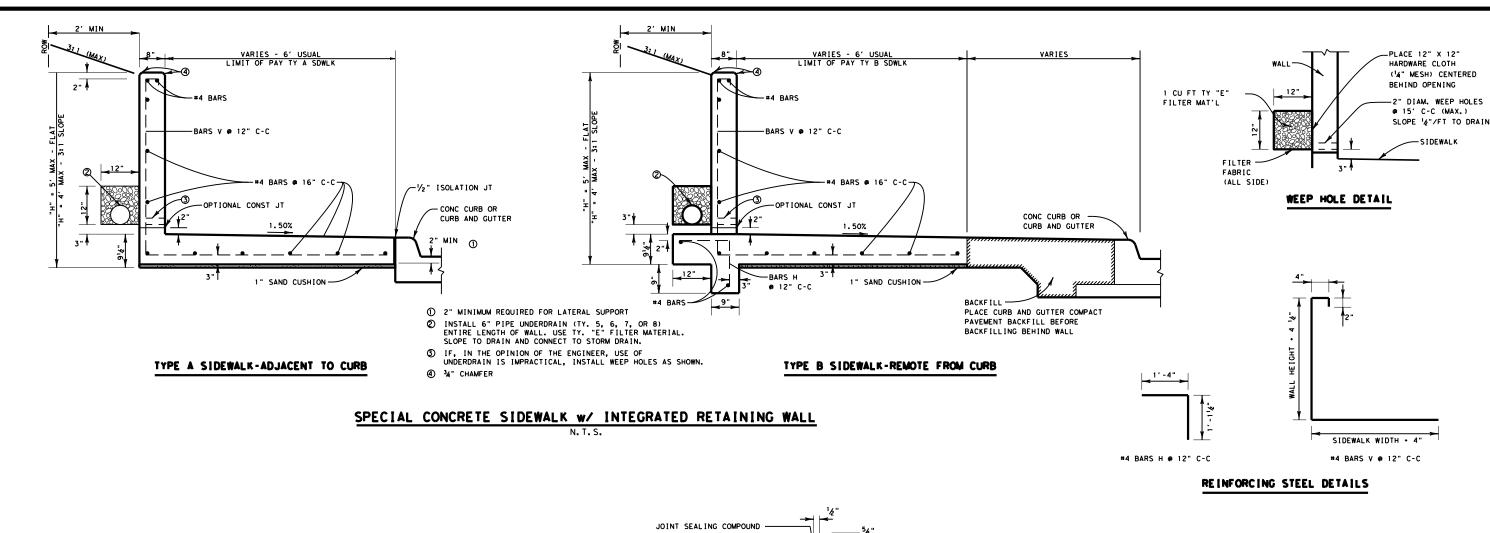
5-0" USUAL

SAND CUSHION ~

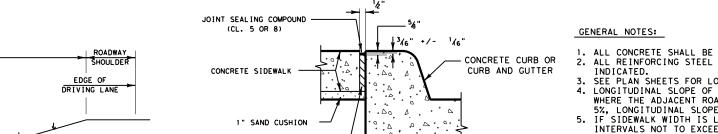
#3 BARS @16" C-C EACH WAY

CONCRETE SIDEWALK

(ROADWAY W/O CURB)



1/2" PREMOLDED ASPHALT BOARD



- 1. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "C". 2. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE GRADE 60, # 4 BARS UNLESS OTHERWISE
- INDICATED.

  3. SEE PLAN SHEETS FOR LOCATIONS OF SIDEWALKS AND RETAINING WALLS.

  4. LONGITUDINAL SLOPE OF SIDEWALKS SHALL NOT EXCEED 5% EXCEPT IN CASES WHERE THE ADJACENT ROADWAY SLOPE EXCEEDS 5%. IF ROADWAY SLOPE EXCEEDS 5%, LONGITUDINAL SLOPE OF SIDEWALK MAY MATCH THAT OF ROADWAY.

  5. IF SIDEWALK WIDTH IS LESS THAN 5', PROVIDE 5' X 5' PASSING AREAS AT INTERVALS NOT TO EXCEED 200' SPACING.

  6. RETAINING WALL WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE ITEM, "CONC SIDEWALKS (SPECIAL) (TYPE A)" OR "CONC SIDEWALKS (SPECIAL) (TYPE B)", WITH LIMITS OF PAY AS SHOWN.

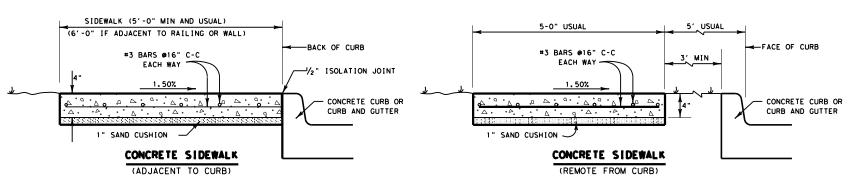
  7. SURFACE TREATMENT OF RETAINING WALL FACE DETAILED ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

  8 SFF PFD STANDARDS FOR TREATMENT AT INTERSECTIONS AND CROSSWALKS.

- 8. SEE PED STANDARDS FOR TREATMENT AT INTERSECTIONS AND CROSSWALKS.

#### 1/2" ISOLATION JOINT

(SIDEWALK ADJACENT TO CURB)

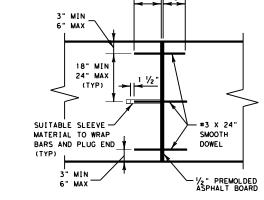


CONCRETE SIDEWALK DETAILS N. T. S.

#SIDEWALK TO BE 10' MIN. FROM EDGE OF SHOULDER OR 2' MIN. FROM TOP OF DITCH BACK SLOPE,

WHICHEVER IS GREATER (10' MIN. FROM EDGE OF

SHOULDER IF NO DITCH.)

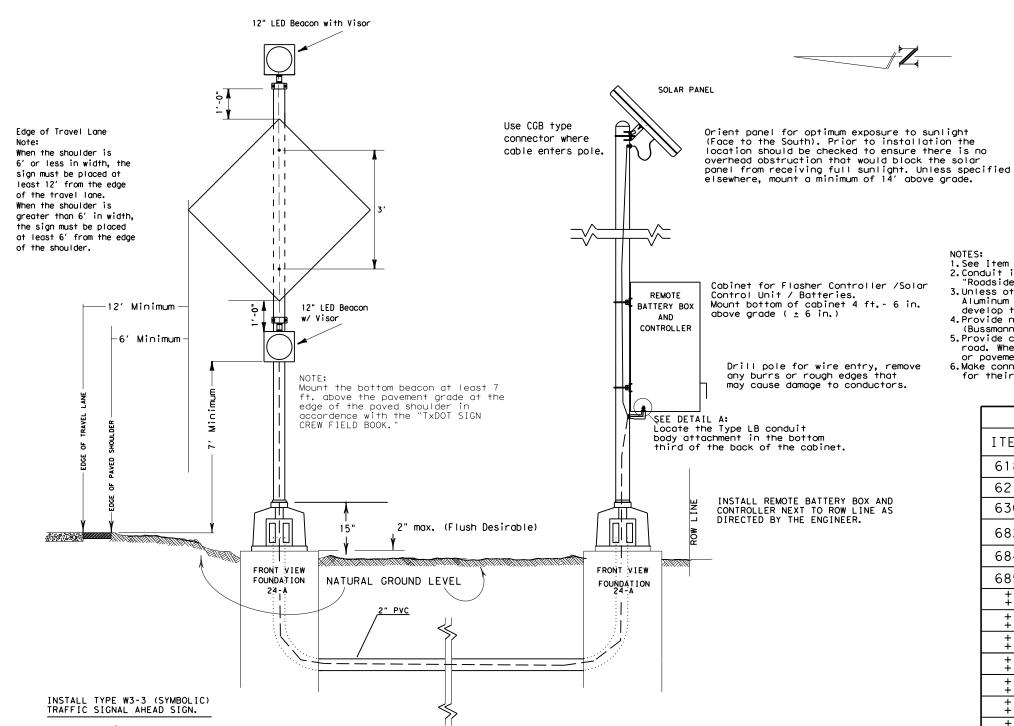


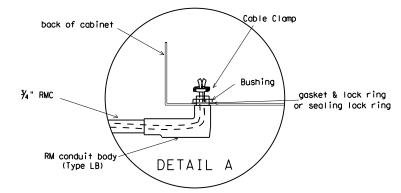
#### TRANSVERSE EXPANSION JOINT

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District Standard Texas Department of Transportation CONCRETE SIDEWALK DETAILS CSWD (FTW)

ORIGINAL	DRAWING: 05/2019		PROJECT	NO.		NO.	
DATE	REVI	SIONS	SEE	TITL	SHE	ΕΤ	29
05/2019	NEW STANDARD		STATE	STATE DIST. NO.		COUNTY	
11/2020	REVISE JOINT NOMENCLATURE, REVISE ALLOWABLE SEALANT TYPES		TEXAS	FTW	1	ARRAN	Γ
			CONT.	SECT.	JOB	H I GHWA	NO.
			0902	00	290	Vé	4





Pull conductors to remove slack in run between cabinet and ground box. Clamp cable at conduit end in ground box and in cabinet at entry as shown.

- 1. See Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies" for further requirements.
  2. Conduit in foundation and within 6 in. of foundation is subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies."
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pole shaft shall be one piece, schedule 40 Aluminum pipe, ASTM B429 or B221 (Alloy 6061-T6 only). Aluminum conduit will not develop the necessary strength and will not be allowed. 4. Provide non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for breakaway poles. (Bussmann HET, Littelfuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or approved equal).
- 5. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the sign at least 7 ft. above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.

  6. Make connections to ground rods according to NEC. Ground rod clamps shall be listed for their intended purpose.

	SUMMARY OF SOLAR FLASHING BEACON	
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	TOTALS
618	CONDT(PVC)(SCHD 40)(2")	
621	TRAY CABLE (4 CONDR)(12 AWG)	
636	ALUMINUM SIGNS(TY A)	
682	VEH SIG SEC(12 IN)LED(YEL)	
684	TRF SIG CBL(TY A)(14 AWG)(7 CONDR)	
685	INSTL RDSD FLSH BEACON ASSM(SOLAR PWRD)	
+ F	or Contractor information only. Items subsidary to	Item 685.
+ +	PED POLES	
+ +	BATTERIES	
+ +	FOUNDATION TY 24-A(SHOWN ON TS-FD SHEET)	
+ +	FLASHER CONTROLLER	
+ +	CABINET FOR FLASHER CONTROLLER	
++	SOLAR PANELS	

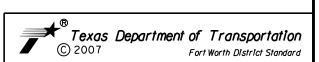
#### DETAIL OF ADVANCE "SIGNAL AHEAD" FLASHER



- Install beacon heads as shown here, as shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed. Use hardware specifically designed for mounting beacon heads on poles. Details how a typical warning sign with two flashing beacon heads, other arrangements are possible. When only one beacon is required, install the
- 2. Per manufacturer's recommendations, engage all threads on the pedestal pole base and pipe unless the pipe is fully seated into base. Use a pole and base collar assembly to add strength and prevent loosening on connection.
- 3. \*Use either a Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation or 24 in. Drill Shaft Foundation as shown elsewhere in the plans. When plans require 24 in. Drill Shaft Foundation, refer to the standard sheet TS-FD. Install the Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation when shown. On slope, install one edge at or 2 inches above ground
- 4. When used, provide one of the following Screw-In Type Anchor foundations: A. B. Chance Co., model C11242NG4VP; Component Products, Inc., model CPI-SLSF-5TX; Pelco Products, Inc., models PB-5359, PB-5360 PB 5375; or approved equal.
- See SMD standard sheets for lateral and vertical clearances and sign mounting details. Install signs as shown on the sign layout sheets.
  6. Install the batteries in the flasher cabinet. Provide the number of batteries as required in the
- General Notes. Wire batteries according to manufacturers recommendations.

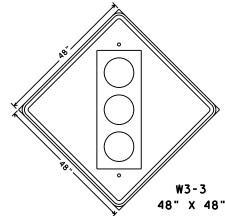
  7. The pole mounted flashing beacon controllers will be capable of holding the four batteries needed for the flashing operation, or the number of batteries as directed by the Engineer. Solar powered flashing beacons shall pass a 12 day autonomous test as part of the thirty (30) day test period. Equipment failure during this time will cause the whole test period to start over.

PLEASE REFER TO THE RFBA "ROADSIDE FLASHING BEACON" STANDARD SHEET FOR FURTHER DETAILS AND INFORMATION CONCERNING THE INSTALLATION OF THIS ASSEMBLY.



#### DETAILS OF SOLAR POWERED FLASHERS (FTW)

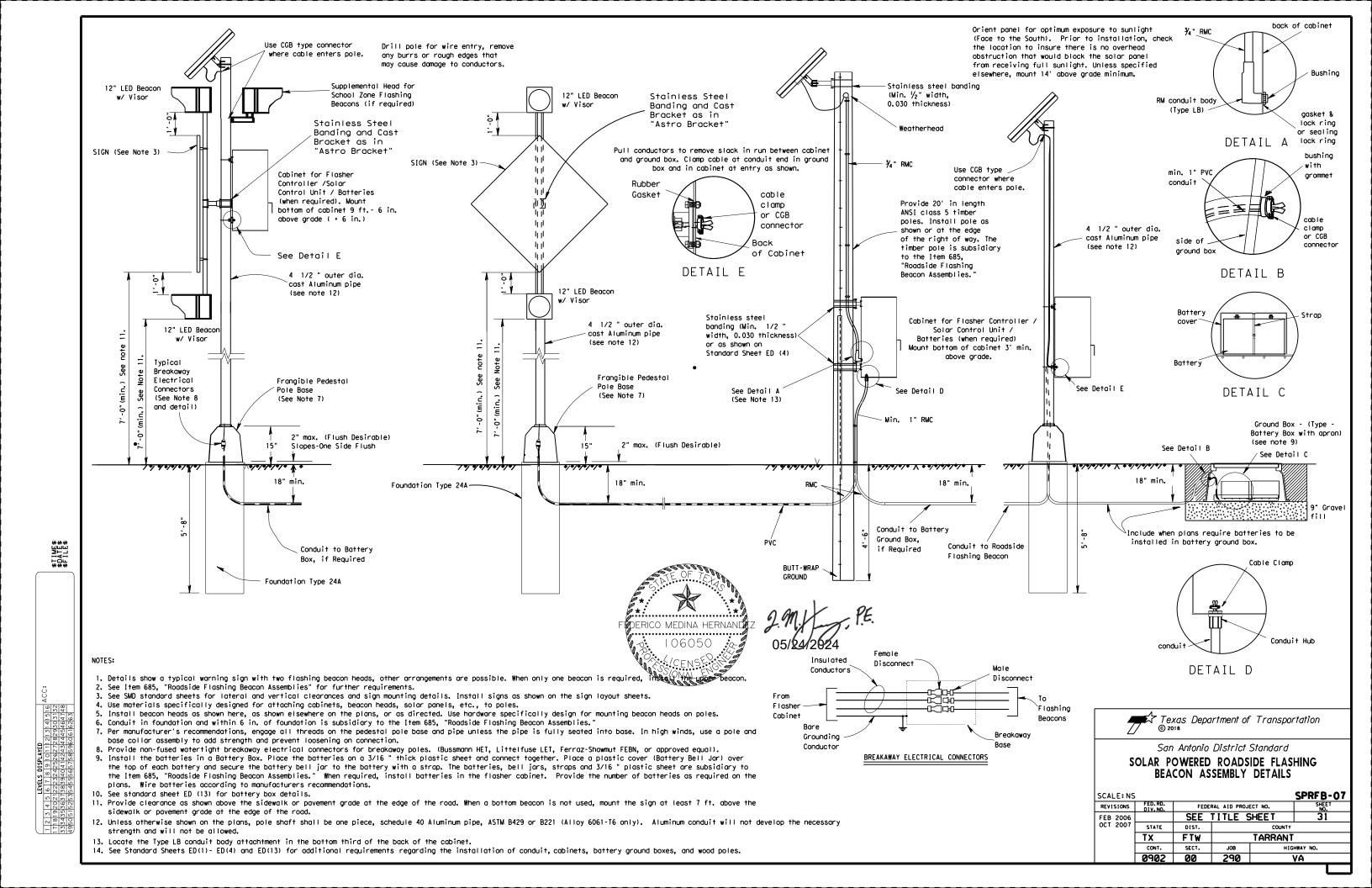
© TxD0T	September	2005	DN: - MMM	ck: - MNC	DW: - H	B CK:	TRF - Aus.
REVISIONS 04/19/05 04/27/07	CONT	SECT	JOB	B HIGHWAY			
	0902	00	290		VA		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET	NO.
	FTW		TARRANT			3(	)

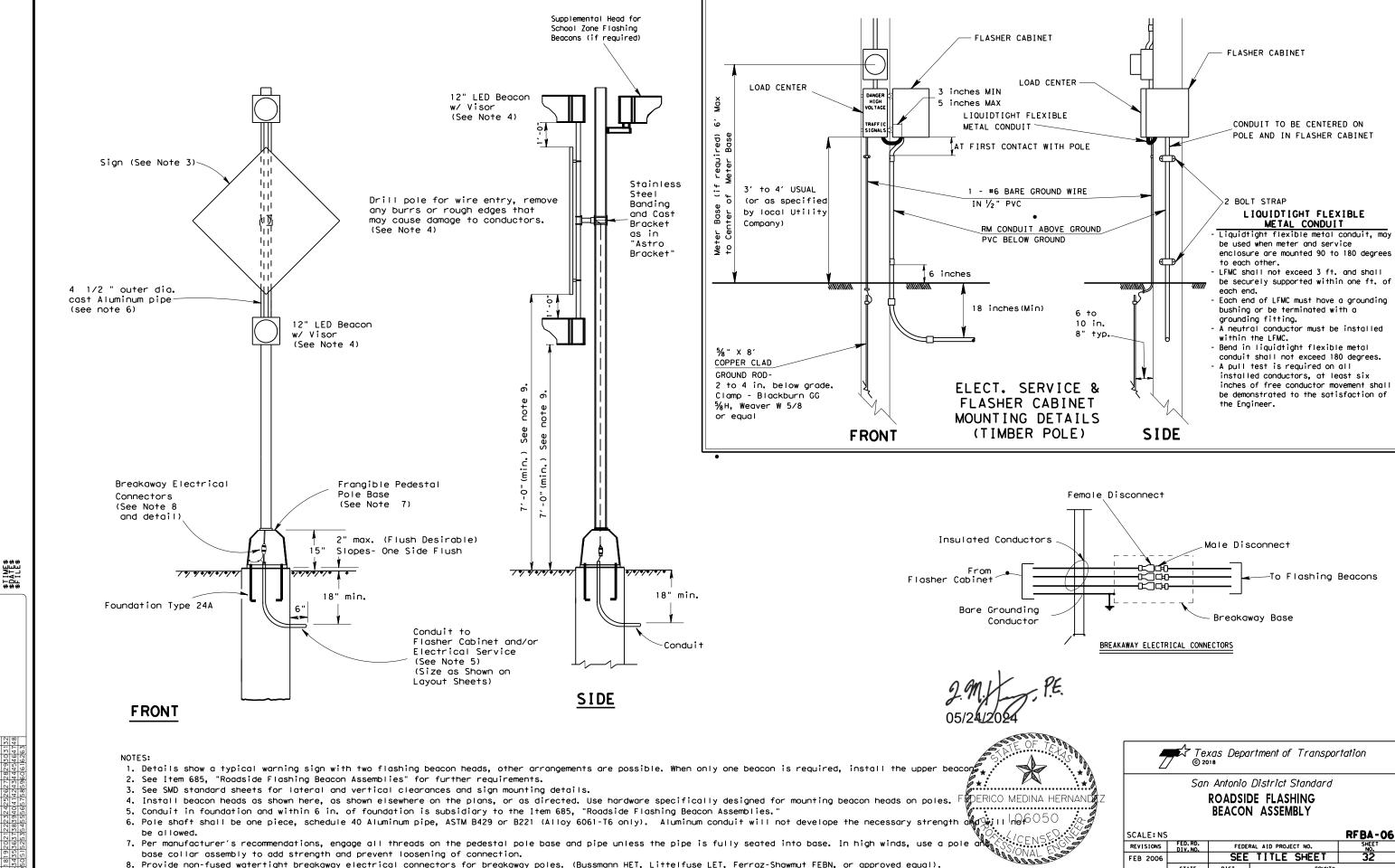


Symbol and Border - Black Top Circle - Red Reflective Bottom Circle - Green Reflective Background - Yellow Reflective

Unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer, use the following table to determine the wire size from cabinet to beacons.

Distance from Cabinet to Beacons (ft.)	Minimum Required Wire Size (AWG)
0 - 35	#12
35 - 60	#12
60 - 100	#12
> 100	#12





8. Provide non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for breakaway poles. (Bussmann HET, Littelfuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or approved equal).

sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.

9. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the sign at least 7 ft. above the

FEB 2006

STATE DIST.

0902 00

CONT.

TX FTW

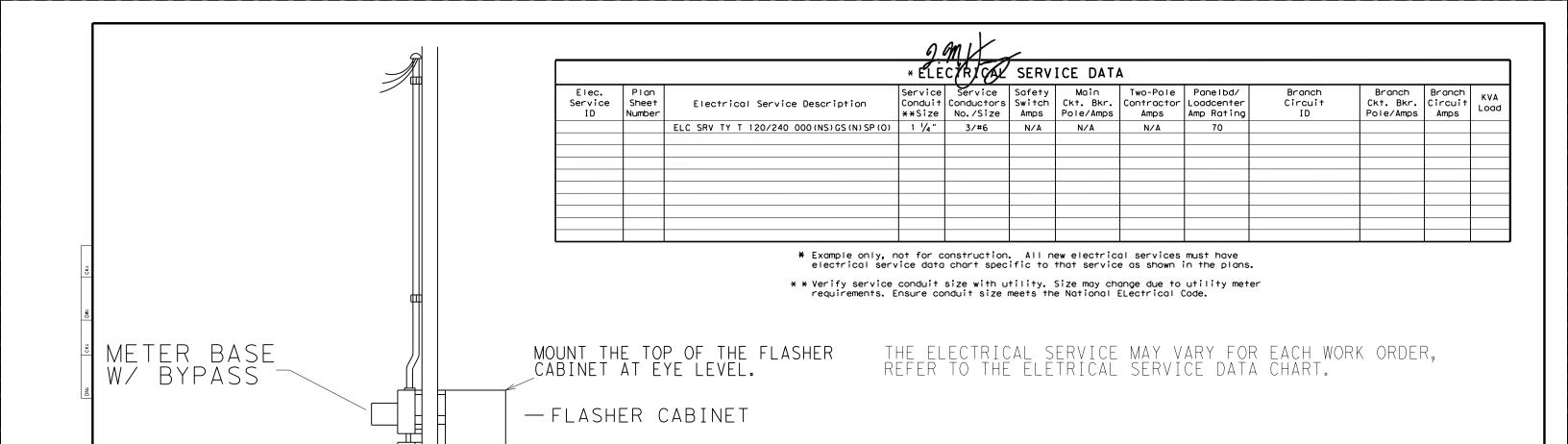
SECT.

JOB

TARRANT

HIGHWAY NO.

VA



Mount flasher cabinet with

Unistrut, B-line or equal.)

Channel bracket or other arrangement approved by

the Engineer. (Kindorf,



2.9M.J., P.E. 05/24/2024

FLASHER SERVICE
SUPPORT
DETAILS

VARIOUS LOCATIONS

 DIST.
 COUNTY
 SHEET NO. T

 FTW
 TARRANT
 33

 CONTROL
 SECT.
 JOB
 HIGHWAY NO.

 0902
 00
 290
 VA

THE FLASHER CABINET MAY BE INSTALLED AT AN ALTERNATE LOCATION. REFER TO THE LAYOUT FOR MORE INFORMATION.

Inset B

ED(7)-14

See TxDOT's Electrical Detail (ED(7)-14) sheets for detailed information when furnishing and/or installing steel pole service support and electrical service enclosure.

SERVICE ENCLOSURE

FLUSH TO 1/2'

Inset A

ED(7) - 14

24" dia. x 60" depth

4-#4 reinforcing bars

WITHOUT SAFETY SWITCH

TYPICAL

SERVICE SUPPORT

TYPE SP (0)

OVERHEAD SERVICE

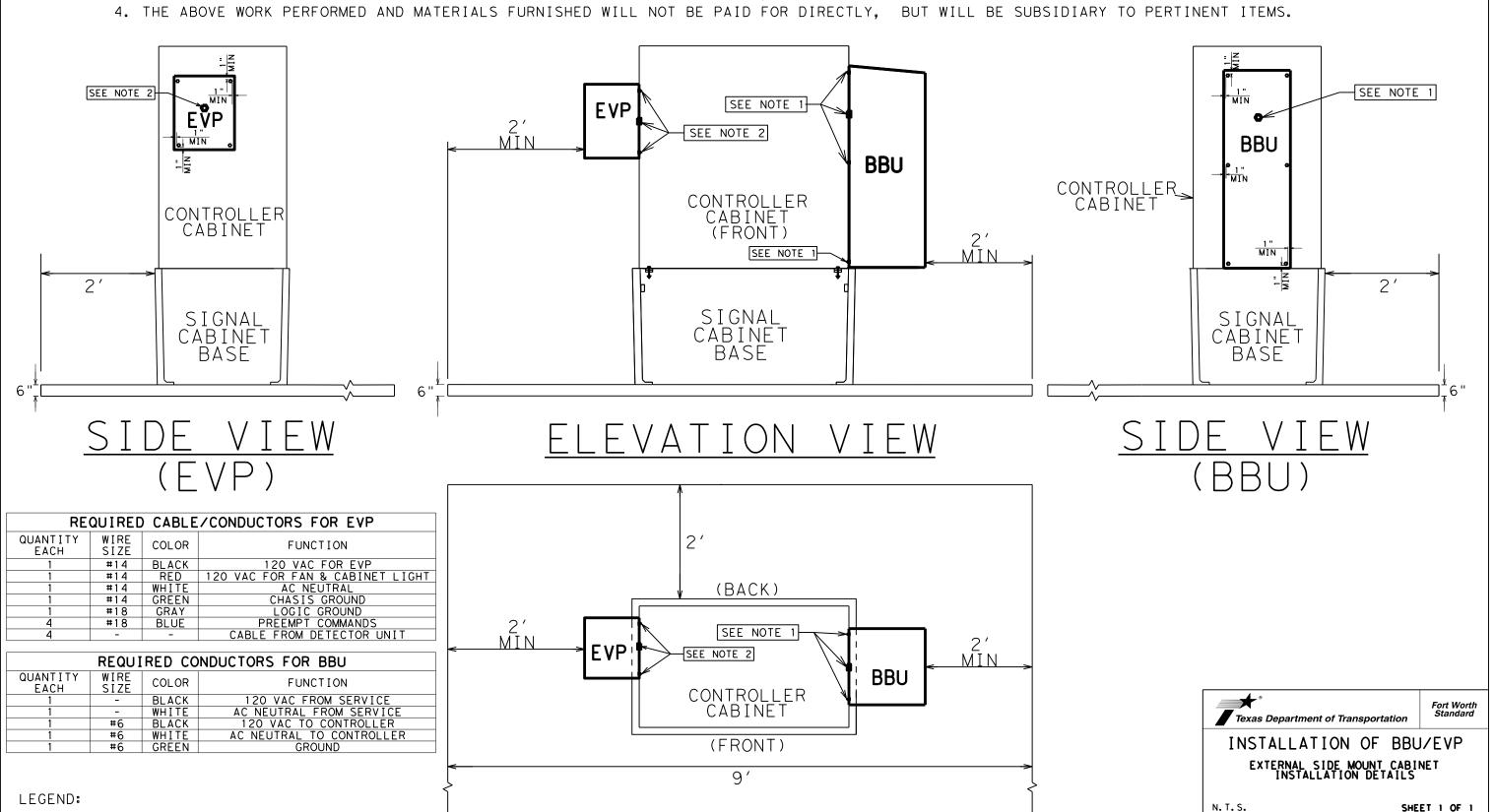
WITH FLASHING BEACON CONTROLLER

and #2 spiral (typ.)

foundation

#### NOTES:

- 1. INSTALL  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " ALL THREAD NIPPLE WITH BONDING BUSHINGS ON BOTH ENDS AND 6 EA OF  $\frac{1}{2}$ " X  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " 13 UNC MOUNTING BOLTS BETWEEN THE TWO CABINETS (SIGNAL AND BBU).
- 2. INSTALL 2 " FITTING FOR EVP CABLES/WIRES AND 4 EA OF  $\frac{1}{2}$ " X  $\frac{1}{2}$ " 13 UNC MOUNTING BOLTS BETWEEN THE TWO CABINETS (SIGNAL AND EVP).
- 3. USE SILICON SEALANT TO SEAL BETWEEN THE CABINETS OF THE CONTROLLER, EVP AND BBU UNIT.



EVP-EMERGENCY VEHICLE PREEMPTION CABINET. BBU-BATTERY BACKUP UNIT.

FILE: BBU/EPV(FTW)

C) TxD0T

DN: <u>IXDOT</u> CK: <u>IXDOT</u> DW: <u>IXDOT</u> CK: <u>IXDO</u>

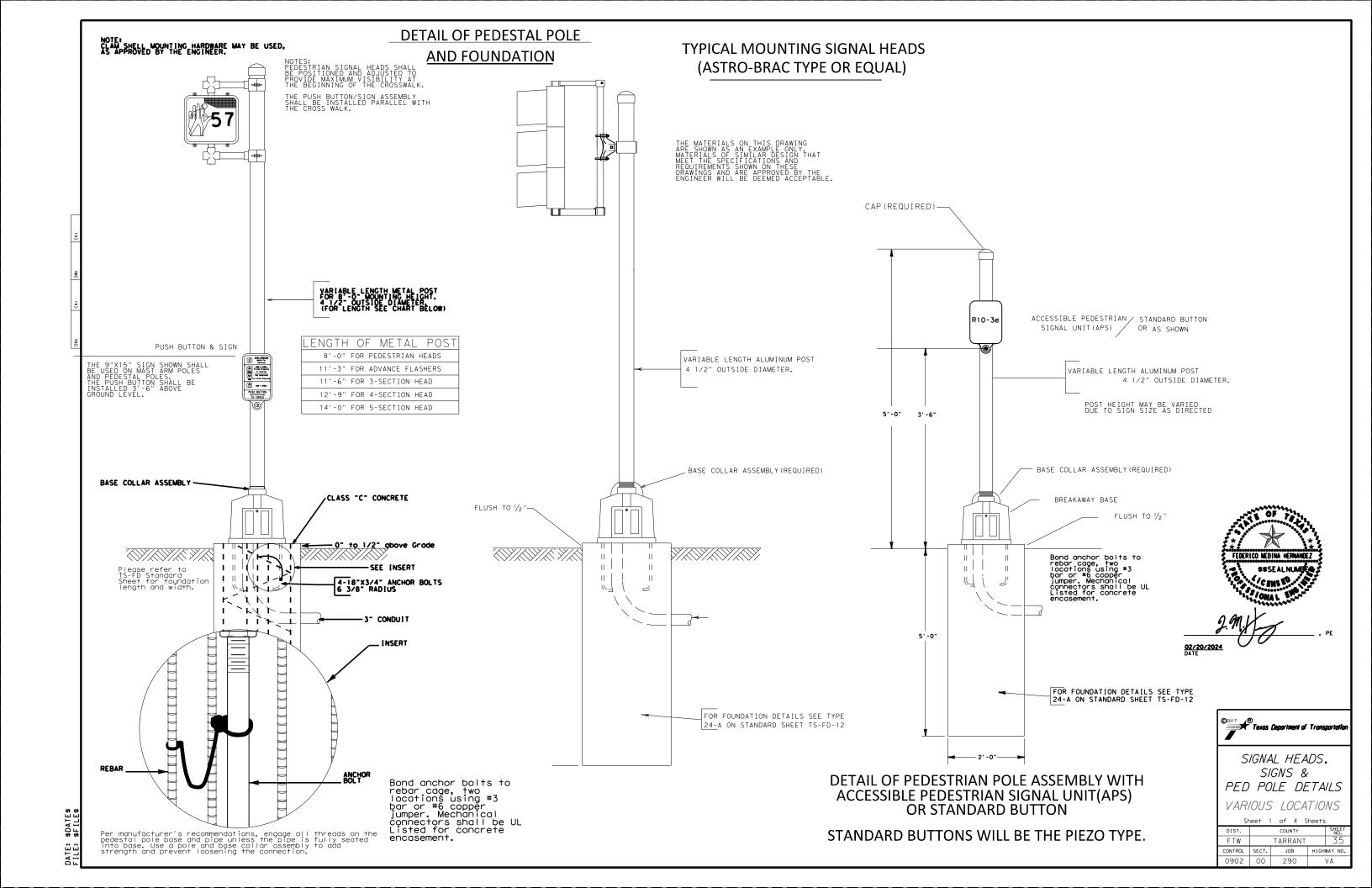
V۸

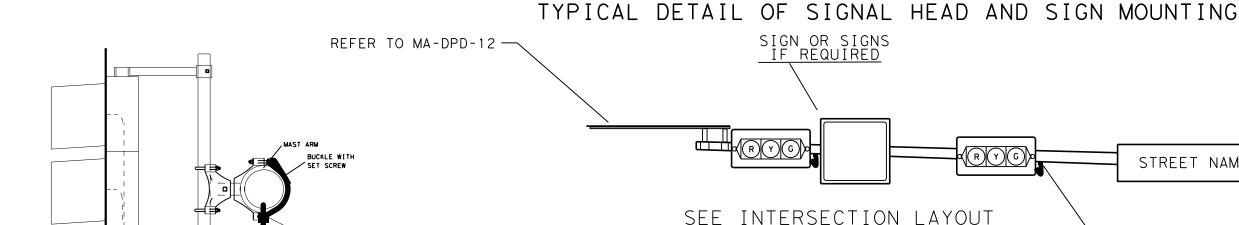
34

290

TARRANT

0902 00





SPECIAL NOTE:

ALL TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABLES IN THE MAST ARM POLE AND ARM, RUNNING FROM THE TERMINAL BLOCKS IN THE HAND HOLE TO THE SIGNAL HEADS WILL BE #16 AWG, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLAN SHEETS. (I.E 5C#16 OR 7C#16)

MOUNTING BRACKETS WILL ALLOW FORROTATION ABOUT ABOUT A HORIZONTAL AND VERTICLE AXIS. (I.E. TYPE II ASTRO-BRAC)

#### TYPICAL WIRING OF MAST ARM MOUNT SIGNAL HEADS (ASTRO-BRAC TYPE OR EQUAL)

- 1. Provide all signal heads from the same manufacturer.
- 2. Provide all LED traffic signal lamp units, as well as the various components of the signal heads to be installed within this project.

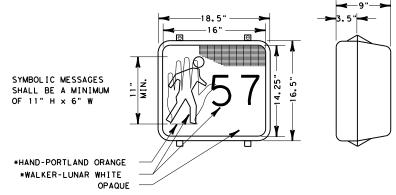
SIGNAL CABLE

CORD CONNECTOR

- 3. Traffic signal heads shall be yellow aluminum with black, 5 in. aluminum, vented back plates.
- 4. Signal heads mounted on poles and mast arms shall be level and plumb and aimed as directed. Cover all signal faces until placed in operation.
- 5. The signal head to mast arm connection must allow for adjustment about the horizontal and vertical axis.
- 6. The dampening plate is not recommended for LMA poles.
- 7. Geometrically programmable louvers (GPL-Adjustable) may be required.

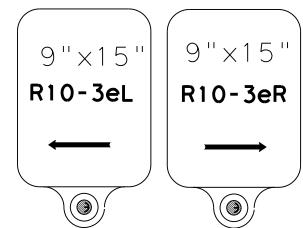
THE MATERIALS ON THIS DRAWING ARE SHOWN AS AN EXAMPLE ONLY.
MATERIALS OF SIMILAR DESIGN THAT MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS AND ARE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE DEEMED ACCEPTABLE.

#### TYPICAL DETAIL LED COUNTDOWN PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL MODULE



\* BOTH SYMBOLIC INDICATION SHALL BE SOLID. OUTLINED INDICATIONS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.

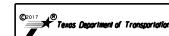
NOTE: CLAM SHELL MOUNTING HARDWARE MAY BE USED, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.



OTHER UNITS OF DIFFERENT DESIGN/CONFIGURATION WHICH MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS AND ARE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE DEEMED ACCEPTABLE.

STREET NAME SIGN

- CORD CONNECTOR



02/20/2024 DATE

R10-3e

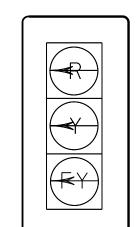
SIGNAL HEADS, SIGNS & PED POLE DETAILS VARIOUS LOCATIONS

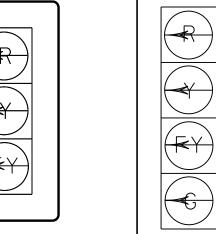
Sheet 2 of 4 Sheets

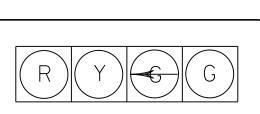
DIST.		SHEET NO.		
FTW		36		
CONTROL	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.	
0902	00	290	VA	

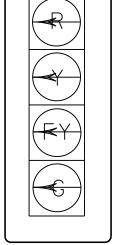
TYPICAL DETAIL
ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL UNIT (APS)

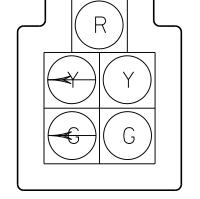
THE MATERIALS ON THIS DRAWING ARE SHOWN AS AN EXAMPLE ONLY.
MATERIALS OF SIMILAR DESIGN THAT MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS AND ARE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE DEEMED ACCEPTABLE.

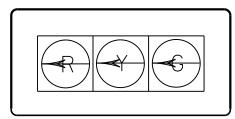


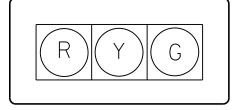


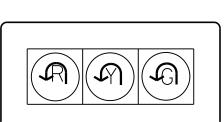


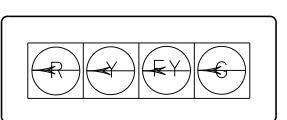






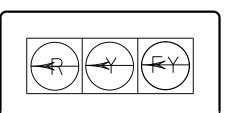








THE SIGNAL HEAD TO MAST ARM CONNECTION MUST ALLOW FOR ADJUSTMENT ABOUT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL AXIS.
WHEN MOUNTING SIGNAL HEADS: PASS THE WIRING TO EACH SIGNAL HEAD FROM THE MAST ARM THROUGH A PROPERLY SIZED CORD CONNECTOR AND INTO THE SIGNAL HEAD.
MOUNT SIGNAL HEADS LEVEL, PLUMB, AND AIMED PROPERLY.



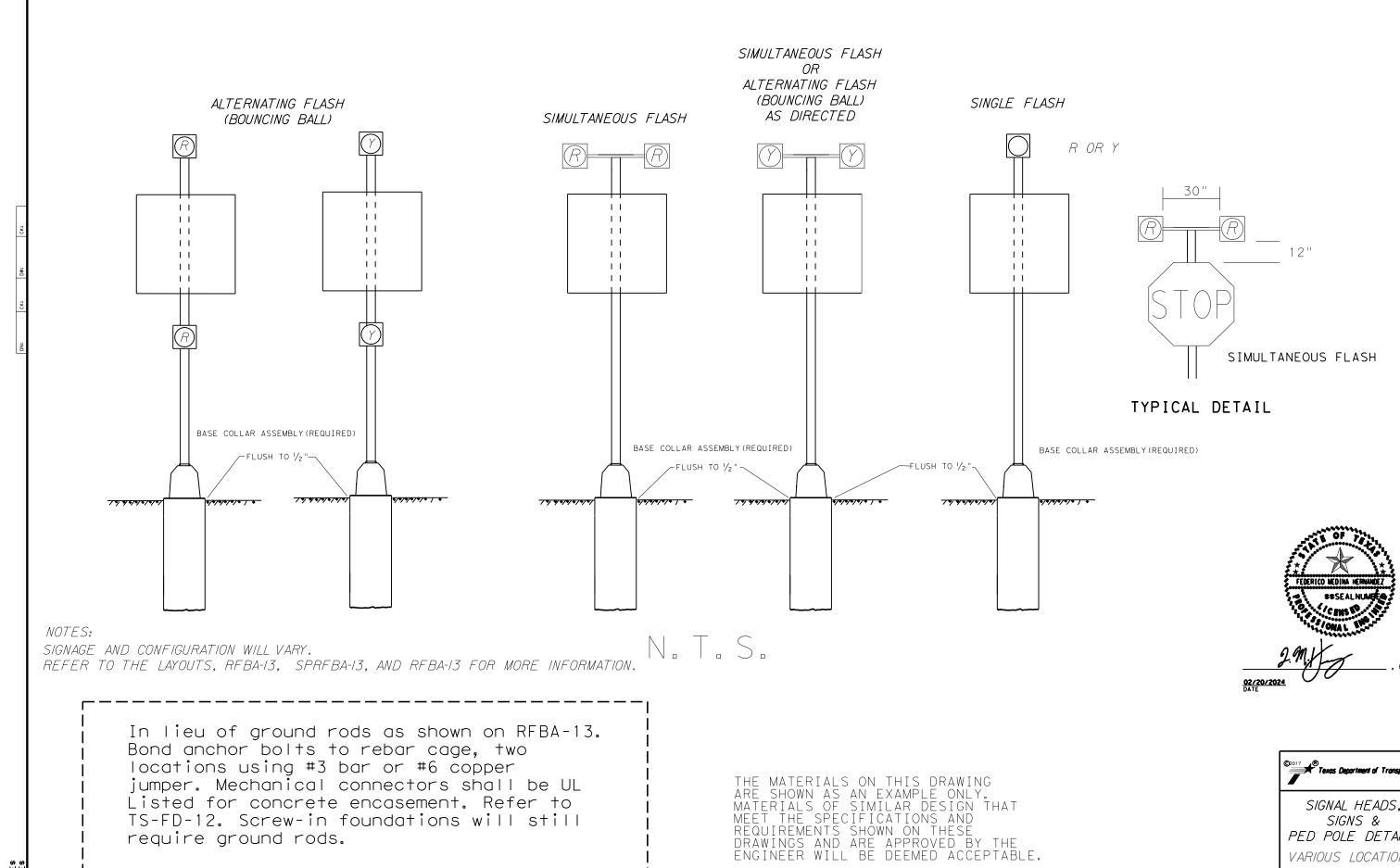




SIGNAL HEADS, SIGNS & PED POLE DETAILS

VARIOUS LOCATIONS

Sh	neet 3	3 of 4 S	heets			
DIST.		COUNTY				
FTW		TARRANT				
CONTROL	SECT.	JOB	WAY NO.			
0902	00	290	,	V A		



TS-FD-12. Screw-in foundations will still

require ground rods.

SIGNAL HEADS, SIGNS & PED POLE DETAILS VARIOUS LOCATIONS

CONTROL SECT. JOB HIGHWAY NO

© ½" Ø holes 13NC tapped

threads

\*Smooth lip

 $\mathbb{Q} \ \frac{1}{2}$  dia x 6" (6 ea,) A307 bolts 2 @ 4" c-c each section for A572 Gr50

(5" cc for A36)

(2 nuts, 3 washers, one

LA-3 (Typ. both

lock washer per bolt)

#### OTHER MATERIALS:

Remove portion of

5" Approx.

Clamp @ 1/4" × 6" A572 GR50 or 3g × 7" A36

Plate gusset, 7 Gage A36,

2 regid

lip on lower mast arm clamps

11/2 " Approx

5" Approx.

3¾ "

POLE SIMPLEX DETAILS

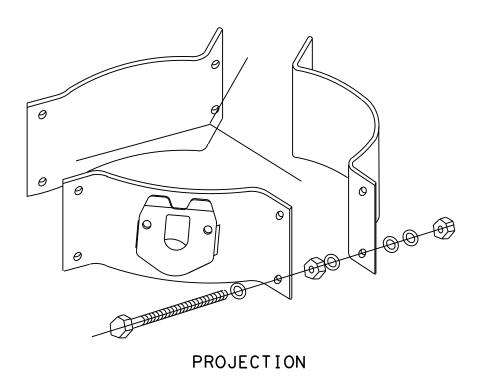
12" clamp

CLAMP DETAIL

- 1. Pole simplex shall be ASTM A27 GR65-35 or A148 GR80-50 or A576 GR1021. ASTM A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile of 65ksi, minimum yield of 35ksi, and a minimum elongation of 22 percent in 2 inches.
- 2. Welded tabs and backplates shall be ASTM A-36 steel or better.
- 3. Nylon insert locknuts shall conform to ASTM A563.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Standard Sheet "MA-C" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.
- 2. All parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". The throat of the Simplex shall be made free of all rough or sharp edges resulting from the galvanizing process.
- 3. Each simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts,  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. and 2 lock washers. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the clamp with the other hardware items. The Fabricator shall ship clamp assembly together in a single package, including all bolts, nuts, and washers required for the clamp and simplex fitting.
- 4. Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interim revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Clamps are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq.ft.,12 ft. maximum arm length.
- 5. Each assembly shall consist of one upper piece simplex fitting having a smooth lip and one lower piece simplex fitting with the lip removed.
- 6. Approximately 2 in. diameter hole in upper mast arm clamp.



For 8.9 - 12 inch diameter Signal Poles (Two req'd for each mast arm)



#### CLAMP ON FITTING ASSEMBLY FOR LUMINAIRE MAST ARM

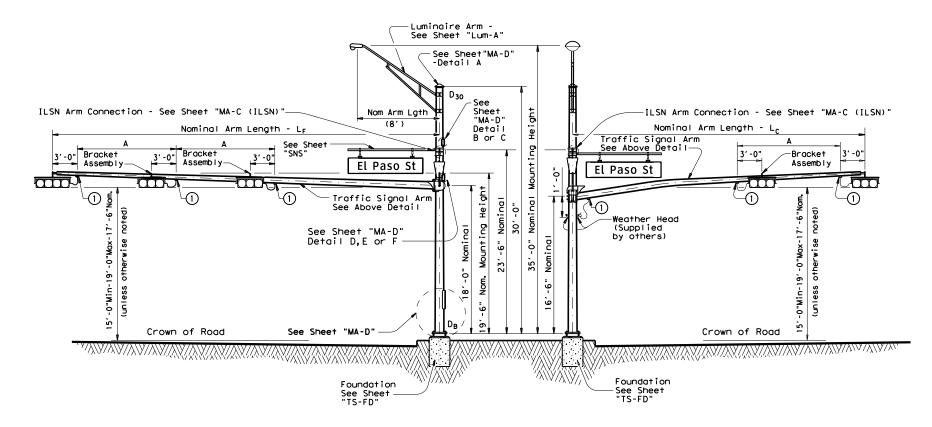
CFA-12

© TxD0T	DN: KAB		CK: RES	DW:	FDN	CK: CAL
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0902	00	290		VA SHEET NO.	
	DIST		COUNTY			
	FTW	TARRANT 39		39		

#### Nominal Arm Length - L. Nominal Arm Length - Lc € Pole -See "Tenon Detail" -See Sheet "MA-D" -See "Slip Joint Detail' See "Tenon Detail" Detail D or Mast arm connection-Note: The arm shall be fabricated See Sheet Note: The arm shall be fabricated straight with with a 20' or greater radius within 8' of the base so as the unload rise measured as shown. to produce the unloaded rise Min. Radius = 20° measured as shown.

#### FIXED MOUNT TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

#### CLAMP-ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM



#### ELEVATION

(Showing fixed mount arm)

#### STRUCTURE ASSEMBLY

① Threaded Coupling for CGB Connector See "ARM COUPLING DETAILS" Sheet 2 of 3

#### ELEVATION

(Showing clamp mount arm)

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Designs are based on an arm included angle of 90 degrees or more. Angles of less than approximately 75 degrees will require a special design.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, two 9'-0" internally lighted street name signs and two traffic signal arms with length combinations as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign applied 4'-6" from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag coefficient).

See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

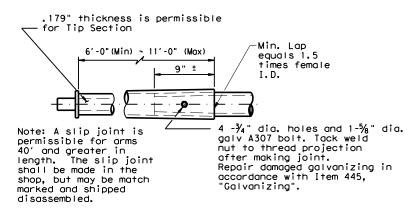
Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

SHEET 1 OF 3



© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: MM	F	CK: JSY	
REVISIONS 5-96	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
1-12	0902	00	290	290		VA	
	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.	
	FTW		TARRAN	١T		40	



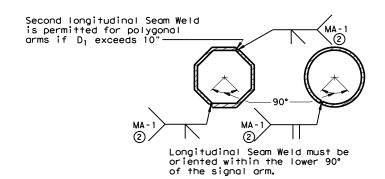
# 2" Sch 40 pipe End Plate 3%" thick min. shape to match arm Arm MA-3

#### SLIP JOINT DETAIL

#### TENON DETAIL

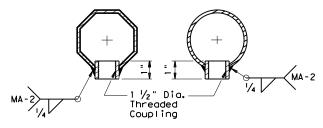
Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia Threaded Coupling.

#### BRACKET ASSEMBLY



#### ARM WELD DETAIL

②60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential base welds.



#### ARM COUPLING DETAILS

#### VIBRATION WARNING

Mast Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions; existence/solidity of backplates; presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras; arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

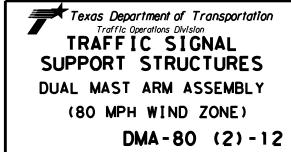
Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to mitigate vibrations.

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plate shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

SHEET 2 OF 3



○ TxDOT August	1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MMF	CK: JSY
REVISIONS 5-96		CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	HWAY
1-12		0902	00	290		VA	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		FTW		TARRAN	١T		41

#### SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

Nom	inal	30' Poles Wi	th Luminaire	24' Poles W	ith ILSN	19' Poles With no Luminair		
Arm Length		See note above two if ILSN at hand hole, clo	tached) small	See note a one small		and no ILSN See note above		
LF ft.	ft.	<u>,                                      </u>		D	Quantity	Docionation	Quantity	
	-	2020L-80	Quantity	Designation 2020S-80	QUOITTY	Designation 2020-80	QUOITTTY	
20	20	2020L-80 2420L-80		20205-80 2420S-80		2420-80		
24	20					2420-80		
	24	2424L-80		24245-80				
	20	2820L-80		2820S-80		2820-80		
	24	2824L-80		28245-80		2824-80		
	28	2828L-80		28285-80		2828-80		
	20	3220L-80		3220S-80		3220-80		
32	24	3224L-80		3224S-80		3224-80		
	28	3228L-80		32285-80		3228-80		
	32	3232L-80		3232S-80		3232-80		
	20	3620L-80		3620S-80		3620-80		
	24	3624L-80		36245-80		3624-80		
36	28	3628L-80		36285-80		3628-80		
	32	3632L-80		3632S-80		3632-80		
	36	3636L-80		3636S-80		3636-80		
	20	4020L-80		4020S-80		4020-80		
	24	4024L-80		40245-80		4024-80		
40	28	4028L-80		40285-80		4028-80		
	32	4032L-80		4032S-80		4032-80		
	36	4036L-80		4036S-80		4036-80		
	20	4420L-80		4420S-80		4420-80		
	24	4424L-80		44245-80		4424-80		
44	28	4428L-80		44285-80		4428-80		
	32	4432L-80		4432S-80		4432-80		
	36	4436L-80		4436S-80		4436-80		

Traffic Signal Arms (Fixed Mount) (1 per pole) Ship each arm w/ the listed equipment attached									
	Type I Arm (	1 Signal)	Type ∐ Arm	(2 Signals)	Type Ⅲ Arm	(3 Signals)			
Nominal Arm Length	1 CGB cor	nnector	1 Bracket and 2 CGB	Assembly Connectors	2 Bracket Assemblies and 3 CGB Connectors				
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity			
20	201-80								
24	241-80		24Ⅲ-80						
28	28I-80		28Ⅲ-80						
32			32Ⅲ-80		32Ⅲ-80				
36			36Ⅲ-80		36Ⅲ-80				
40					40Ⅲ-80				
44					44Ⅲ-80				

sted equipment attached
Arm (3 Signals)
ALIII (3 SIGNUIS)
t Assemblies, 4 CGB rs, and 1 clamp w/bolts ers
ion Quantity
-80
-80
r

9' Arm

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole)							
Nominal Arm Length Quantity							
8′ Arm							
Anchor Bolt Assemblies	(1 per	pole)					

ILSN Arm (1 or 2 per pole) ship with clamps, bolts and washers Nominal Arm Length Quantity 7′ Arm

	Anchor Bolt Diameter	Anchor Bolt Length	Quantity
ı	1 1/2"	3′-4"	
	1 3/4"	3'-10"	
L	2"	4'-3"	

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

AR	MS		ROUND	POLES				POI	YGONAL F	POLES		
LF	Lc	D <sub>B</sub>	D19	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	3)thk	DΒ	D19	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	3+hk	Foundation Type
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	1,756
20	20	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
	20	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.179	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.179	30-A
24	24	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.179	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.239	30-A
	20	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
28	24	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
	28	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
	20	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
	24	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	30-A
32	28	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.0	10.0	9.2	8.3	.239	30-A
	32	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	20	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	. 239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	24	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
36	28	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
	36	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	. 239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	20	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	24	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
40	28	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
	32	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	36	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	. 239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	20	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	24	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
44	28	13.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
	32	14.0	11.3	10.6	9.8	. 239	15.5	12.5	11.7	10.8	.239	36-B
	36	14.0	11.3	10.6	9.8	. 239	15.5	12.5	11.7	10.8	.239	36-B

Arm		ROUND	ARMS			POLYGONAL ARMS				
LF or LC	L <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D 2	3 thk	Rise	L,	D <sub>1</sub>	<b>4</b> D₂	3 thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9"	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1′-8"
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10"	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1′-9"
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1'-11"	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1′-10"
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2′-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2′-3"
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11"	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2′-6"

D<sub>B</sub> = Pole Base O.D. D<sub>19</sub> = Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire and no ILSN

D<sub>24</sub> = Pole Top 0.D. with ILSN w/out Luminaire
D<sub>30</sub> = Pole Top 0.D. with Luminaire

3 Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

4 D  $_2$  may be increased by up to 1.0" for polygonal arms.

D<sub>1</sub> = Arm Bose O.D. D<sub>2</sub> = Arm End O.D. L<sub>1</sub> = Shaft Length L<sub>F</sub> = Fixed Arm Length L<sub>C</sub> = Clamp-on Arm Length (36' Max)

SHEET 3 OF 3



SUPPORT STRUCTURES **DUAL MAST ARM ASSEMBLY** 

(80 MPH WIND ZONE)

DMA-80 (3)-12

C)TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS CK: JSY DW: MMF		MMF	CK: JSY			
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#### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

#### CONDUIT

#### A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

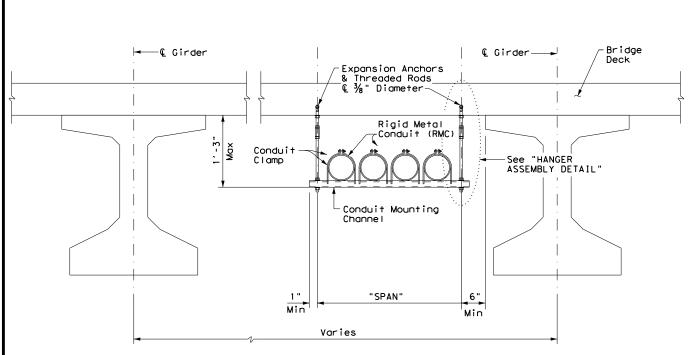
- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing," Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



## ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

ED(1) - 14

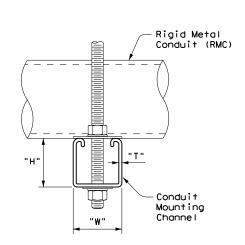
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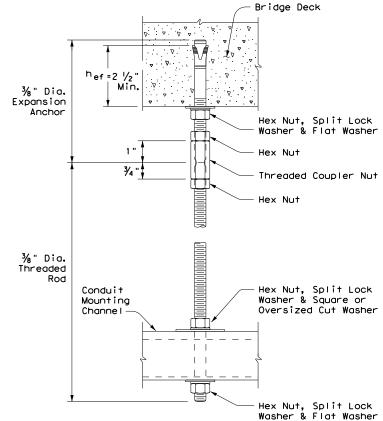


#### CONDUIT HANGING DETAIL

CONDUIT MOUNTING CHANNEL								
"SPAN"	"W" × "H"	"T"						
less than 2'	1 5/8" × 1 3/8"	12 Ga.						
2'-0" to 2'-6"	1 %" × 1 %"	12 Ga.						
>2'-6" to 3'-0"	1 5/8" × 2 1/6"	12 Ga.						

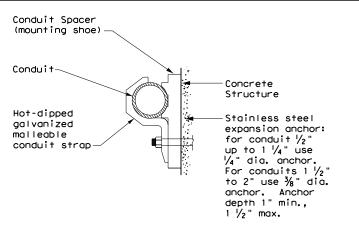
Channels with round or short slotted hole patterns are allowed, if the load carrying capacity is not reduced by more than 15%.

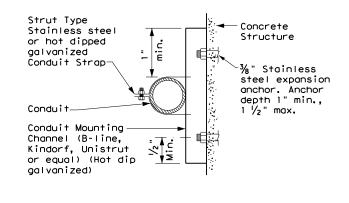




HANGER ASSEMBLY DETAIL

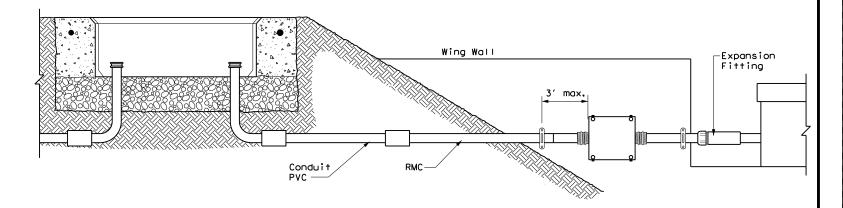
ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT





#### CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

Attachment to concrete surfaces See ED(1)B.2



#### TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL

#### EXPANSION ANCHOR NOTES FOR BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT

- Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). The chosen anchor product shall have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number, and its approval status shall be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.
- Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.
- 3. Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environment, both the anchor body and expansion wedge shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Install anchors as shown on the plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions. Arrange a field demonstration test to evaluate the procedures and tools. The test shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer prior to furnishing anchors on the structure.
- 5. Prior to hole drilling, use rebar locator to ensure clearing of existing deck strands or reinforcement. Install anchors to ensure a minimum effective embedment depth, (hef), as shown. Increase (hef) as needed to ensure sufficient thread length for proper torqueing and tightening of anchors.
- 6. Use anchors of minimum 1600 Lbs tensile capacity (minimum of steel, concrete breakout, and concrete pullout strengths as determined by ACI 318 Appendix D) at the required minimum embedment depth (<sup>h</sup>ef). No lateral loads shall be introduced after conduit installation.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS
CONDUIT SUPPORTS

ED(2)-14

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#### ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

#### C. TEMPORARY WIRING

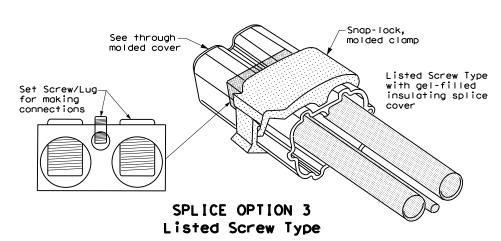
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NEC.

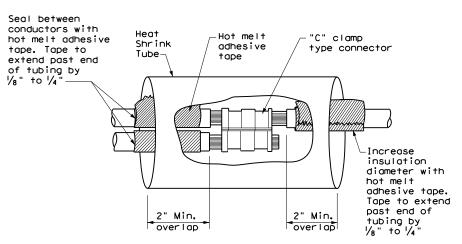
#### GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

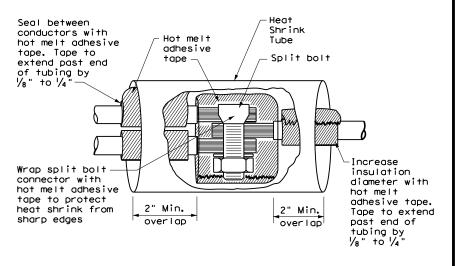
#### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

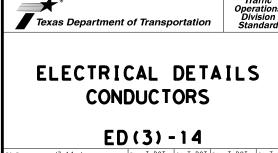


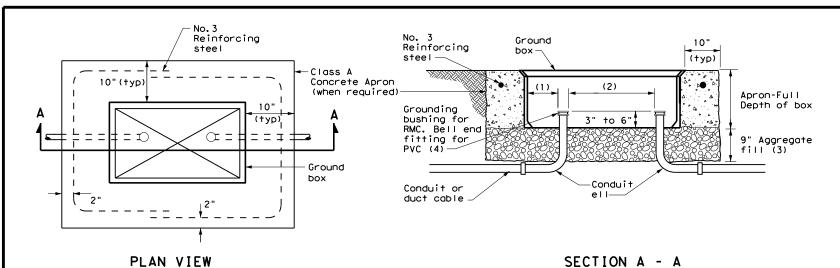


### SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2
Split Bolt Type



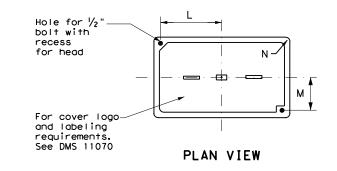


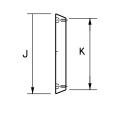
#### APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushings.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior valume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

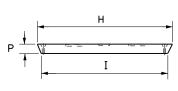
GROU	ND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
А	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
E	12 X 23 X 17

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS												
TYPE		DIMENSIONS (INCHES)										
ITPE	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р				
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2				
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 ½	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2				





**END** 



SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

#### **GROUND BOXES**

- A. MATERIALS
- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth
  of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed
  under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are
  subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



Operations Division n Standard

## ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES

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#### ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

- 1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the Notional Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- 7. When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10. Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the  $V_2$  in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11. Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 12. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13. For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8½ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15. Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

#### SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- 2. Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

#### MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

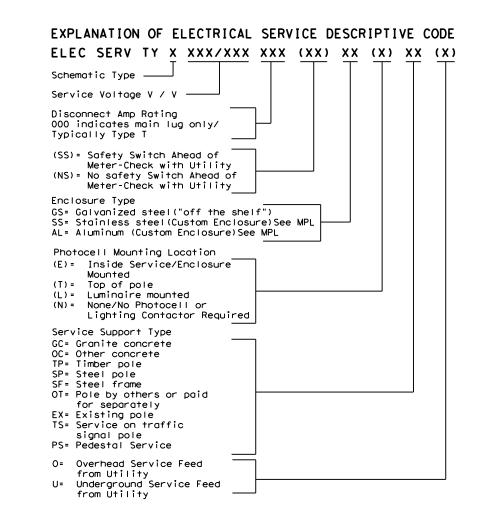
- 1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

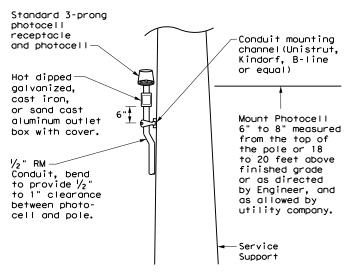
#### PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1. Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

	* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA													
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Load		
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1		
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25			
									Underpass	1P/20	15			
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3		
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9			
									CCTV	1P/20	3			
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0		
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4			

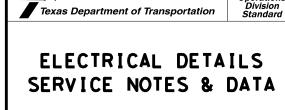
- \* Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- \*\* Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National Electrical Code.





#### TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

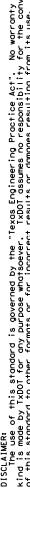
Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.

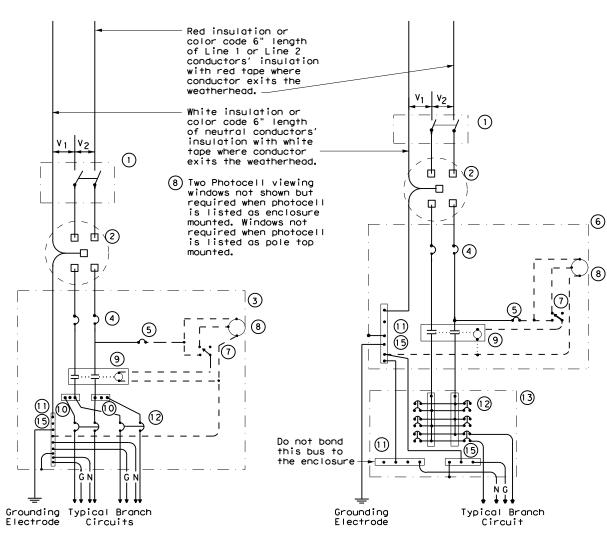


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SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

SCHEMATIC TYPE	С	
THREE WIRE		

	SCHEMATIC TYPE D - 120/240 VOLTS - THR
	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center

15 Ground Bus

120 240	Red insulation or color code 6" length of Line 1 or Line 2 conductors' insulation with red tape where conductor exits the weatherhead.  White insulation or color code 6" length of neutral conductors' insulation with white tape where conductor exits the weatherhead.
Bonding jumper	
Typical Typical Typical 120 Volt 240 Volt 120 / 240 Volt Branch Circuit Luminaire Branch Circuit Branch Circuit	

ISTOM WIRE



120

也

240

(5) (1)

Typical

120 Volt Branch Circuit

Grounding Electrode

SCHEMATIC TYPE T 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf"

only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.

Typical

120 / 240 Volt

Branch Circuit

2

14

Traffic Operations Division Standard

**ELECTRICAL DETAILS** SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

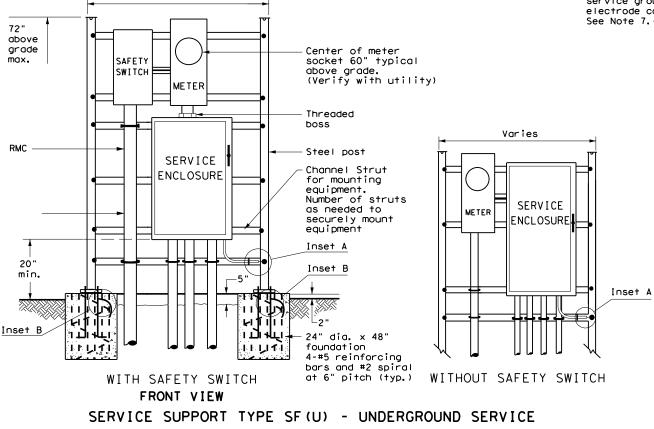
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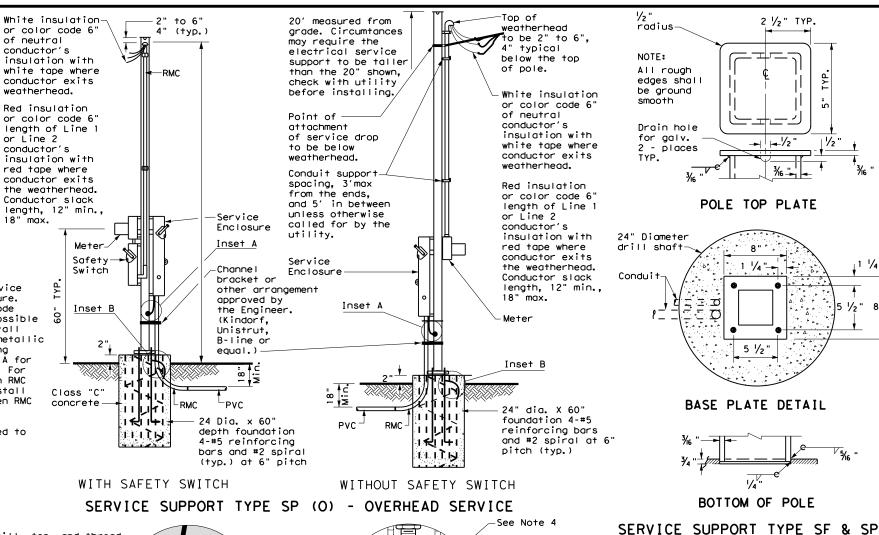
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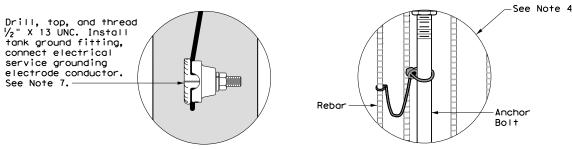
_		
L		WIRING LEGEND
Γ		Power Wiring
I		Control Wiring
ſ	— N —	Neutral Conductor
I	— G —	Equipment grounding conductor-always required

#### SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF)

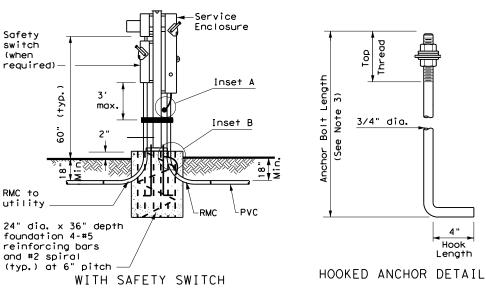
- 1.Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or 1  $\frac{5}{8}$  in. wide by 1 in. up to 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.
- 2. Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{y_4}{4}$  in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. x  $\frac{5}{6}$  in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with  $3 \frac{1}{4}$  in, to  $3 \frac{1}{2}$  in, of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.
- 4. Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5.Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of unobstructed concrete cover.
- 7. Drill and tap steel poles and frames for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8. If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.
- 9. Provide  $\frac{1}{4}$ " 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all nonconductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections wrench tight.
- 10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.
- 11. Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated elsewhere or directed by the Engineer.











SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

5" thick expansion concrete ioint material pad (class C concrete and

2 1/2" TYP.

**→** /<del>-</del> //2 '

POLE TOP PLATE

. 1 1/4 "--

5 ½"

BASE PLATE DETAIL

BOTTOM OF POLE

| 1/2 "

1 1/4

Operation

6" X 6" #6 wire mesh) Dimension varies, install only as wide as required to accommodate equipment

TOP VIEW

SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)



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#### TRAFFIC SIGNAL NOTES White insulation or 1. Do not pass luminaire conductors through the signal controller cabinet. color code 6" of neutral conductor's 2. Include an equipment grounding conductor in all conduits throughout insulation with white the electrical system. Bond all exposed metal parts to the grounding tape where conductor exits weatherhead. 3. Provide roadway luminaires, when required, in accordance with the Red insulation or material and construction sections of Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies," except for performance testing of luminaires. Test color code 6" length of Line 1 or Line 2 installed roadway luminaires for proper operation as a part of the conductor's insulation associated traffic signal system test. with red tape where conductor exits the Service 4. If internally illuminated street name signs are approved for use, weatherhead. Conductor ground the fixture to the pole with a 12 AWG green XHHW conductor. slack length, 12" min., 18" max. Bond anchor bolts to rebar cage in two locations using #3 bars or 6 AWG stranded copper conductors. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See TXDOT standard TS-FD for further 120/240 Volt 6. Drill and tap signal poles for $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. Provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. directly below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Connect the electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. See Inset A detail for further information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. 7. Mount electrical service enclosure and meter to signal pole with stainless steel bands. Ensure bands are a minimum width of $\frac{3}{4}$ in. Secure enclosures to bands using two-bolt brackets. Install brackets near top and bottom of each enclosure. Install properly sized stainless steel washers on each bolt in the enclosure. Band or drill and tap properly sized stand-off straps to Drill, top and thread $\frac{1}{2}$ " X 13 UNC. Install tank ground fitting, signal pole for attaching conduit. connect electrical See Note 7 service aroundina 8. Conduct pull tests and insulation resistance tests on all illumination and electrode conductor power conductors as required in Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" and ED(3). See Note 6 To prevent electronics damage, do not conduct insulation resistance tests Service on traffic signal cables after termination. Enclosure See Layout See Note 7 9. Lock all enclosures and bolt down all ground box covers before applying power sheets for to the signal installation. signal pole type · 10. Terminate conduits entering the top of enclosures with a conduit-sealing hub Inset A or threaded boss such as meter hub. Install a grounding bushing on all metal See TS-CF standard conduits not connected to conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss. Bond the for controller foundation details, grounding bushing to the ground bus with a bonding jumper. Seal all conduits INSET A entering enclosures with duct seal or expanding foam. Do not use silicone to number of required conduits, and grounding seal conduit ends. Bushing Ground requirements (see side or Bell 11. For all conduits, ensure the burial depth is a minimum of 18". Ensure the End Fitting minimum burial depth for conduit placed under a roadway is 24". J II i i See Note 1 Ground box (see side view) ران *(*ح 111111 See TS-FD standard Conduits (See layout sheet sheet for foundation for details)and conduit details SIGNAL POLE WITH SERVICE Type T electrical service mounted on signal pole shown as an example. See electrical details, layout sheets, SIGNAL CONTROLLER SIGNAL POLE and electrical service data chart for FRONT VIEW Traffic Operation: Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation ELECTRICAL DETAILS See TS-CF standard for TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL conduit and grounding SIGNAL CONTROLLER requirements. See layout SYSTEM DETAILS sheets for ground box SIDE VIEW locations and any additional

conduits that are required.

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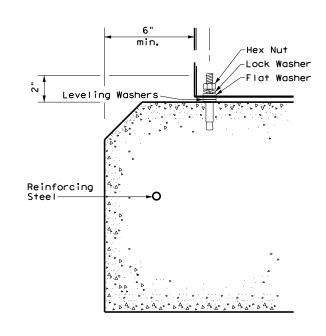
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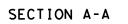
#### PEDESTAL SERVICE NOTES

- 1. Manufacture pedestal electrical services in accordance with Departmental Material Specifications (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services", 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)" and Item 628 "Electrical Services. "Provide pedestal electrical services as listed on the Material Producers list (MPL) on the Department's web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services meet utility company specifications. Contact the local utility company for approval of pedestal details prior to installing the electrical pedestal service. Submit any changes required by the utility company prior to manufacturing the pedestal enclosure.
- 2. When a meter socket is required, provide a socket with a minimum 100 amp rating that complies with local utility requirements.
- 3. Provide Class A or C concrete for pedestal service foundations in accordance with Item 420, "Concrete Substructures," except that concrete will not be paid for directly but is considered subsidiary to Item 628.
- 4. Provide #4 reinforcing steel for foundations in accordance with Item 440, "Reinforcement for Concrete."
- 5. Install  $\frac{1}{2}$  in, X 2  $\frac{1}{16}$  in, minimum length concrete single expansion type anchors for mounting pedestal enclosure to foundation. Anchor location to match mounting holes in each corner of enclosure. Secure each of the four corners of the pedestal enclosure to the anchors in the foundation with a  $\frac{1}{2}$  in, galvanized or stainless steel machine thread bolt, a properly sized locknut and a flat washer.
- 6. Finish top of concrete foundation in a neat and workmanlike manner. If leveling washers are used, ensure no more than  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. gap at any corner. Do not exceed a maximum dip or rise in the foundation of  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. per foot. When properly installed, ensure the top of the service enclosure is level front to back and side to side within  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. Repair rocking or movement of the service enclosure at no additional cost to the department.
- 7. Do not use liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) on pedestal type services.

6"<u>→</u>

8. Ensure all elbows in the foundation are sized as per utility provider's conduit requirements for underground conduit and feeders. PVC extensions may be installed provided the ends of the rigid metal conduits are more than 2 in. below the top of the concrete foundation. Where extension conduits are metal, grounding bushings must be installed with a bonding jumper properly terminated.



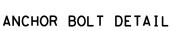


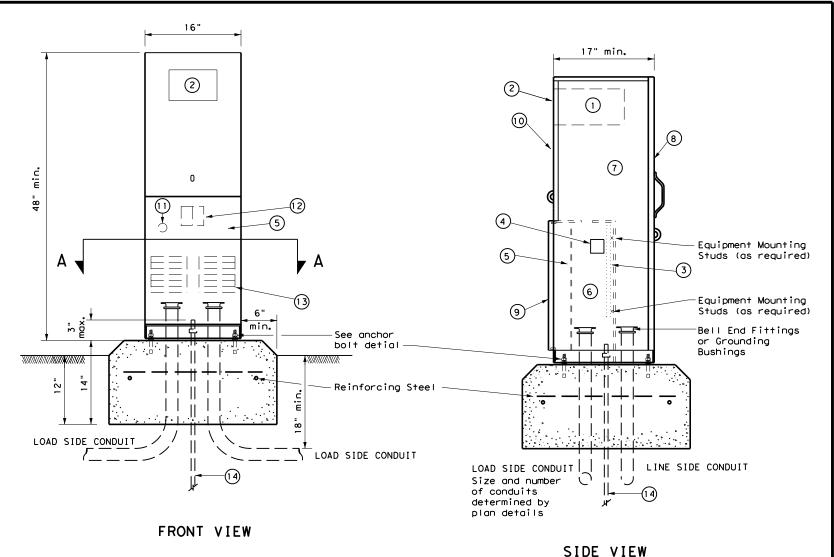
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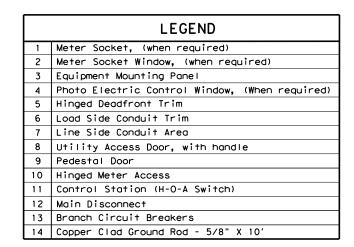
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TYPE C shown, TYPE A similar except that TYPE A shall have individual circuit breakers (CB) mounted on an equipment mounting panel. CB Handles shall protrude through hinged deadfront trim.





Traffic Operations Division Standard

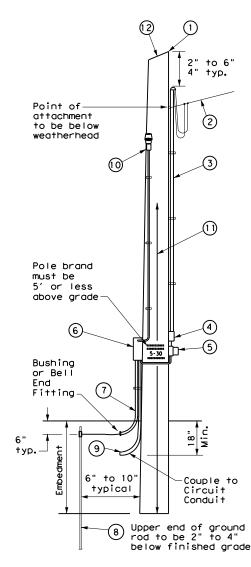
ELECTRICAL DETAILS
ELECTRICAL SERVICE SUPPORT
PEDESTAL SERVICE TYPE PS

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#### TIMBER POLE (TP) SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

- Ensure electrical service support is a class 5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth required in Item 627.
- Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in. of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial service.
- Install pole-top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- 4. Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to  $\frac{5}{8}$  in. max. depth and 1  $\frac{7}{8}$  in. max. height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  i maximum depth, and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. to  $1\frac{5}{8}$  in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and paint with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts,  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. minimum diameter by  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flat washer on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- ② Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- 3 Service conduit (RMC) and service entrance conductors - One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Safety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in ½ in. PVC to ground rod extend ½ in. PVC 6 in. underground.
- (8) % in. x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod - drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in. to 4 in. below grade.
- 9 RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- (1) When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrap or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (2) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.

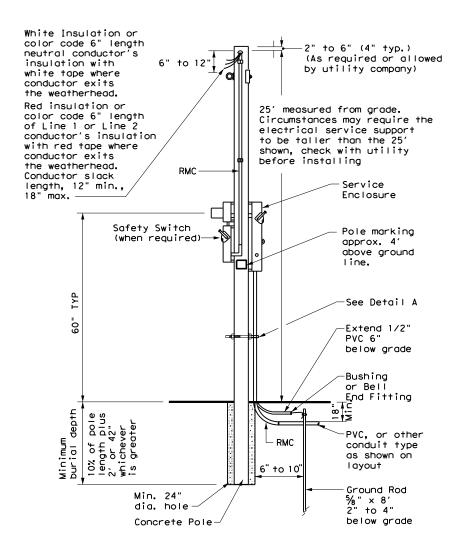


SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (0)

#### GRANITE CONCRETE (GC) & OTHER CONCRETE (OC) NOTES

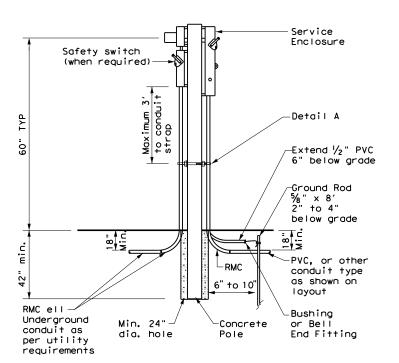
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 "Electrical Services."
- 2. Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- Install a one point rack or eye bolt bracket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  in, or 1  $\frac{5}{8}$  in. wide by 1 in. up to 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. deep (Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal). Attach channel strut with stainless steel concrete anchors (max. 1" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.



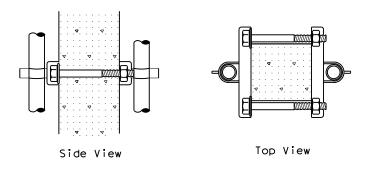
CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Overhead(0)



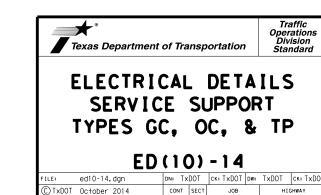
#### CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

Underground(U)



#### DETAIL A

See Note 7. Before installing channel that has been cut, file sharp edges and paint with zinc-rich paint. Ensure there is no paint splatter on the pole.



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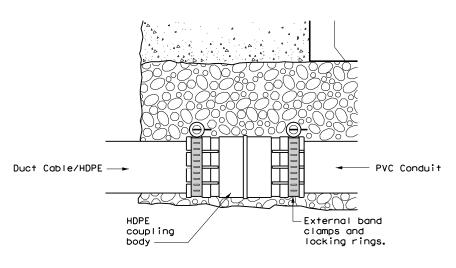
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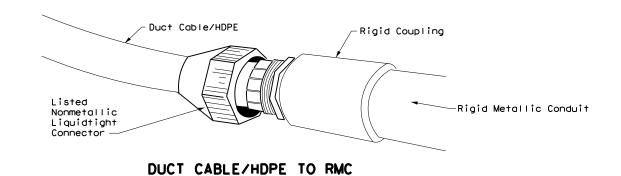
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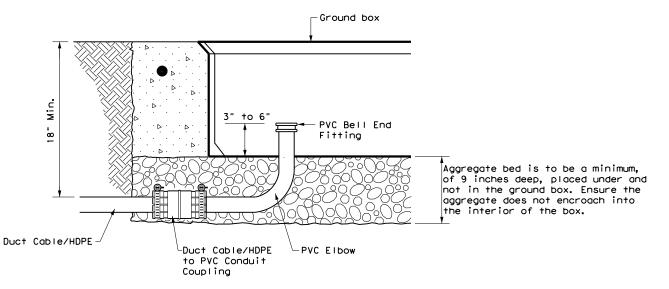
#### DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
  "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
  Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
  Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in. diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in. duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- 7. Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings; connected with listed tie-wrap fittings; connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings; connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings; or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



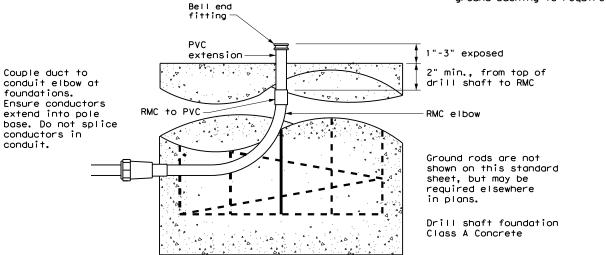
#### DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



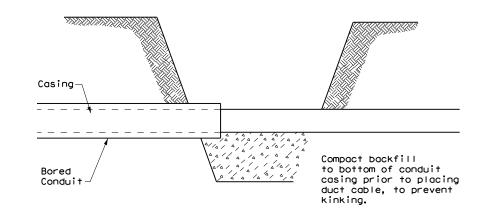


#### DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

When the upper end of an RMC EII does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



#### DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



BORE PIT DETAIL



Traffic Operations Division Standard

## DUCT CABLE/ HDPE CONDUIT

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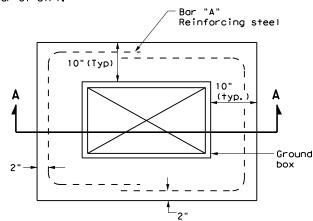
#### BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES NOTES

#### A. MATERIALS

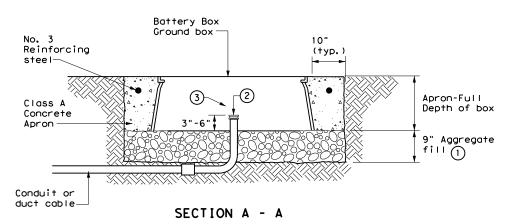
- 1. Provide polymer concrete or fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) battery box ground box and cover in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11071 "Battery Box Ground Boxes." Battery box will accommodate up to 4 batteries, each measuring 8 in.  $\times$  13.5 in.  $\times$  10 in. (W  $\times$  L  $\times$  D). Label battery box ground box cover in accordance with DMS 11071.
- 2. Supply a marine grade batteries with covers. Secure the marine grade batteries with covers to the stainless steel rack in the bottom of the ground box with tie down straps.

#### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Ensure conduit entry will not interfere with placement of the batteries in the battery box ground box.
- 2. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting battery box ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure the aggregate bed is in place and is a minimum of 9 in, deep prior to setting the box. Install battery box ground box on top of aggregate.
- 3. Cast battery box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Battery box ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to battery box ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 4. Bolt covers down when not working in battery box ground boxes. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt.

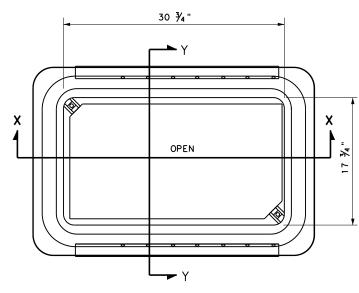


#### PLAN VIEW

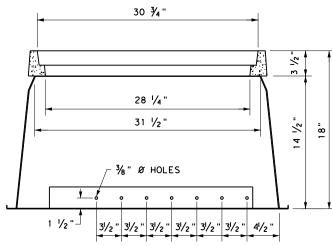


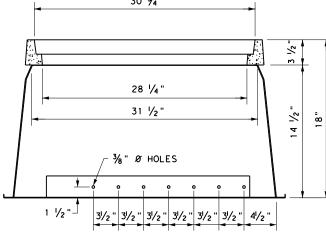
#### APRON FOR BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

- (1) Place aggregate under the box and not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume
- 2 Install bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end
- (3) Install all conduits in a neat and workmanlike manner.

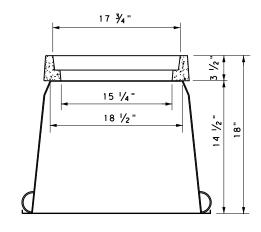


BATTERY BOX TOP VIEW

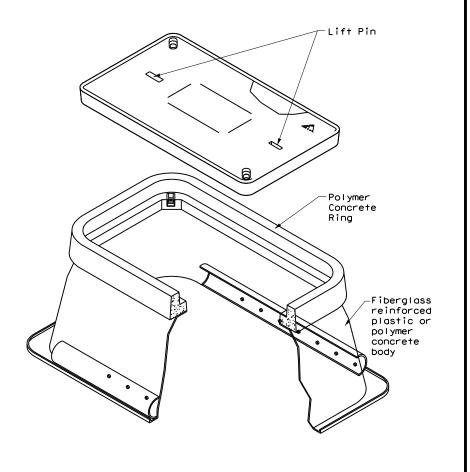




#### SECTION X-X



SECTION Y-Y



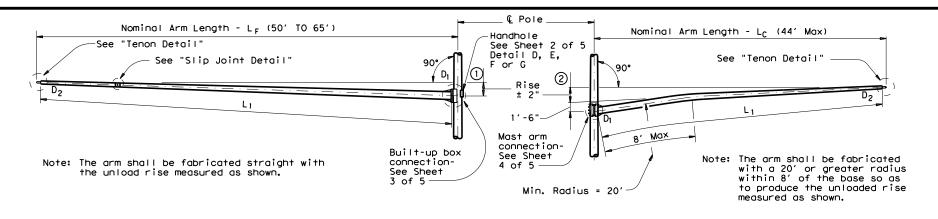


Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### ELECTRICAL DETAILS BATTERY BOX **GROUND BOXES**

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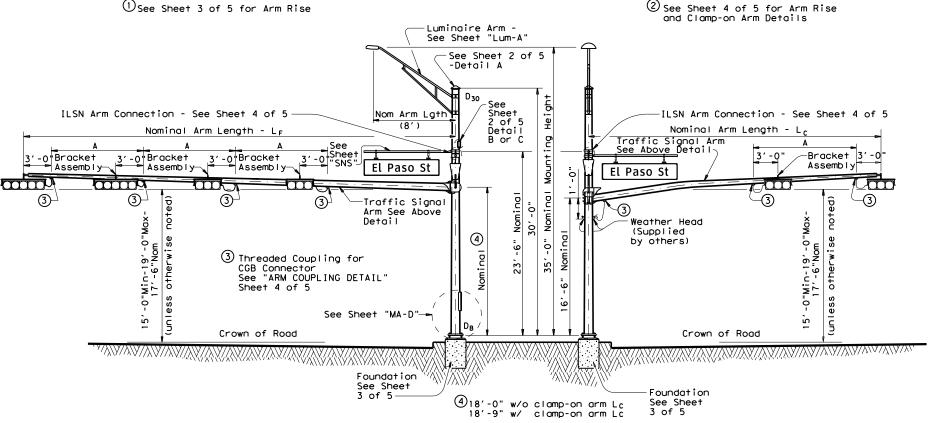
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#### FIXED MOUNT TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM

#### CLAMP-ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL ARM (IF REQUIRED)

2 See Sheet 4 of 5 for Arm Rise

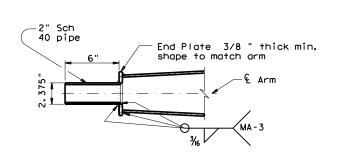


STRUCTURE ASSEMBLY

#### ELEVATION

#### (Showing fixed mount arm)

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS "A"										
Arm Length	24'	28′	32'	36′	40'	44'	50'	55′	60′	65′
Arm Type Ⅱ	10′	11'	12'	13'						
Arm Type Ⅲ			10'	11'	12'	12'				
Arm Type TV							12'	12'	12'	12'



TENON DETAIL

#### ELEVATION

(Showing clamp-on arm)

239" thickness is permissible for Tip Section -Min Lap 6'-0" (Min) ~17'-0" (Max) equals 1.5 times female \_20" ± 1" Note: A slip joint is Dia holes and permissible for arms Dia galv A307 bolt. 50' and greater in Tack weld nut to thread projection after making The slip joint shall be made in the joint. Repair damaged shop, but may be match galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". marked and shipped disassembled.

#### SLIP JOINT DETAIL (FIXED MOUNT ARM)

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto.

Design Wind Speed can be either 100 mph or 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. If clamp-on traffic signal is required, designs are based on an arm included angle of 90 degrees or more. Angles of less than approximately 75 degrees will require a special design.

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, two 9'-0" internally lighted street name (ILSN) signs and two traffic signal arms with limited length combinations.

Each arm with its related attachment is shown below

Arm	Equivalent DL (5)	WL EPA (5)6		
8' Luminaire Arm	Luminaire 60 lbs	1.6 sq ft		
9' ILSN Arm	Sign 85 lbs	11.5 sq ft		
50' to 65' Fixed Mount Arm	Signal Loads 310 lbs	52 sq ft		
Up to 44' Clamp-on Arm	Signal Loads 180 lbs	32.4 sq ft		

- (5) Equivalent dead load plus horizontal wind load applied at the end of arm except ILSN arm, which applied 4.5' from the centerline of the pole.
- $oldsymbol{eta}$ Effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) for the application of horizontal wind load.

Except as noted in Sheet 1 thru 5 of 5, other details not covered shall refer to Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Material, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall also meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing" after fabrication.

Deviations from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with the Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Installation of damping plate for the long mast arm is not recommended.

Provision of the bracket assembly used to support the traffic signal heads shall be under the direction of the Engineer for approval.

Design also conforms to NCHRP Report 412 for fatigue resistance except that there are no stiffeners at the base plate. TxDOT is conducting tests to determine if stiffeners at the base plate will or will not result in optimal performance; depending upon the results of the tests, poles may need a retrofit to ensure optimal fatigue performance.

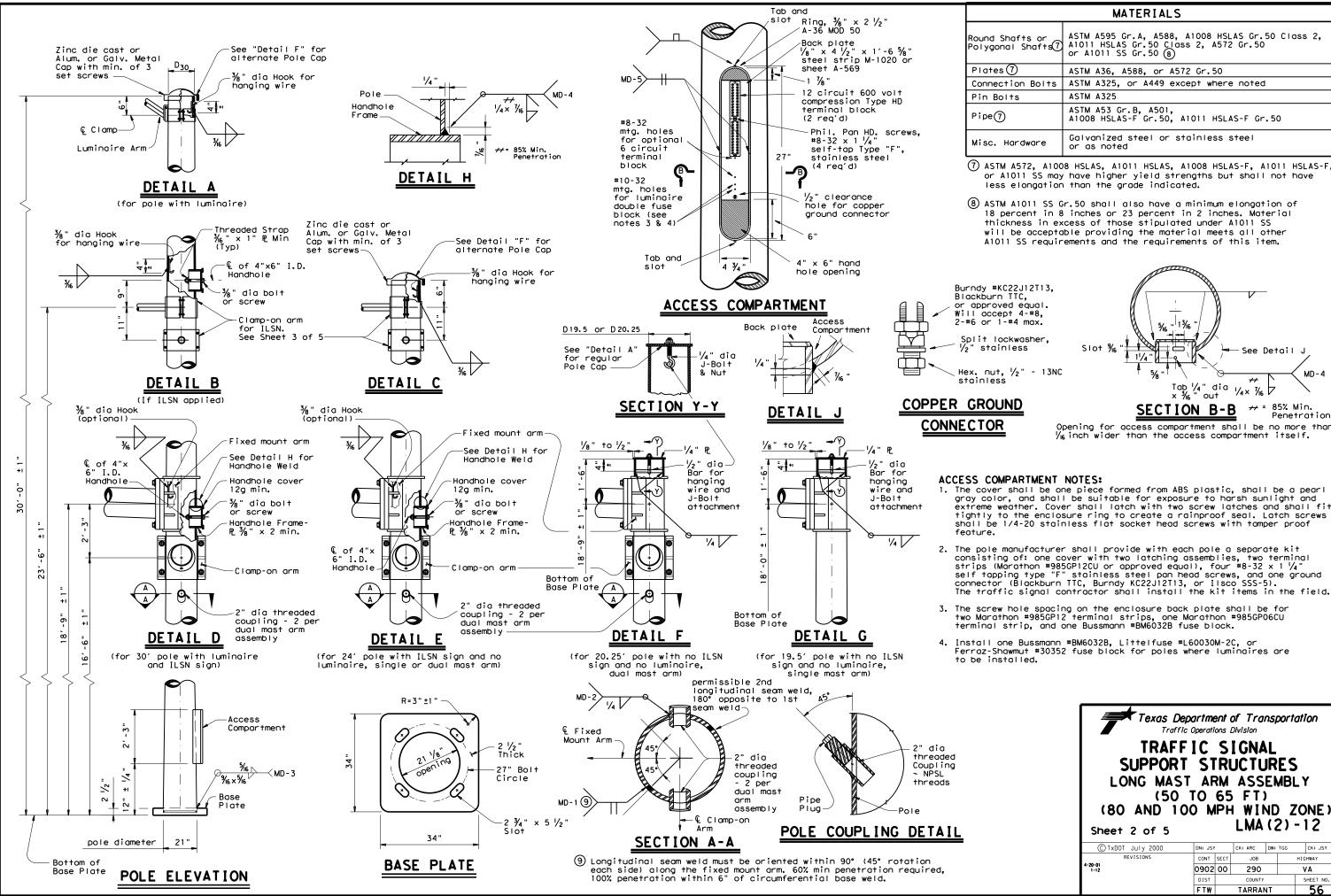


SUPPORT STRUCTURES LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (50 TO 65 FT) (80 AND 100 MPH WIND ZONE) LMA(1)-12

Sheet 1 of 5

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HIGHWAY

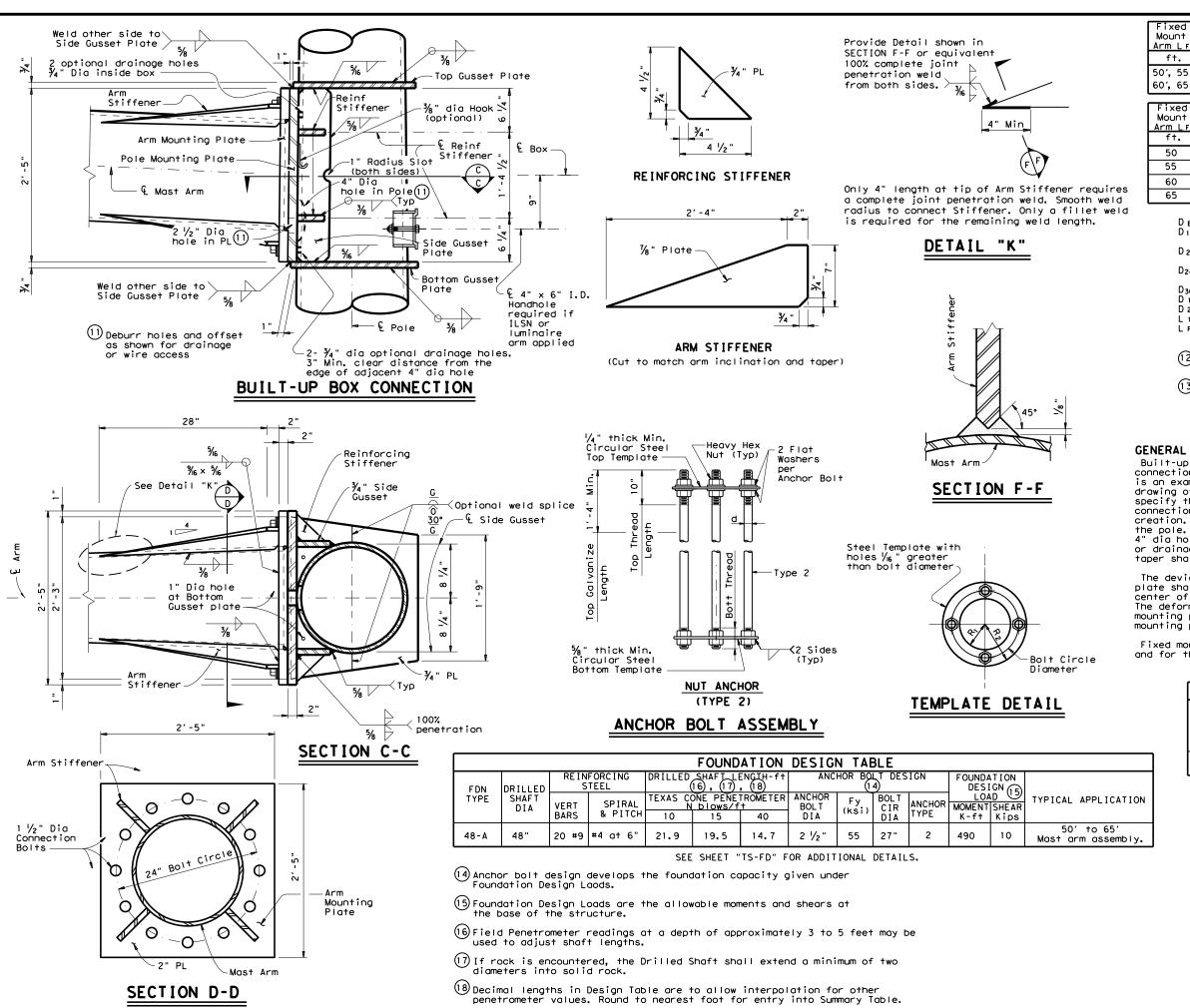
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Fixed						
Mount Arm L f	D <sub>B</sub>	D <sub>19</sub> , 5 D <sub>20</sub> , 25	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	12)thk	Foundation Type
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	<b>3.</b>
50′, 55′ 60′, 65′	21.0	18.2	17.6	16.8	. 3125	48-A

Fixed Mount	ROUND ARMS (13)								
Arm LF	Lı	Dı	D <sub>2</sub>	(12)thk	D!oo				
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise				
50	49	18.5	11.7	.3125	3'- 3"				
55	54	18.5	11.0	.3125	3' - 7"				
60	59	18.5	10.3	.3125	3'-11"				
65	64	18.5	9.6	.3125	4' - 4"				

= Pole Base O.D.

D<sub>19.5</sub> = Pole Base 0.D. with no Luminaire and no ILSN (single mast arm)
D<sub>20.25</sub> = Pole Top 0.D. with no Luminaire and no ILSN (dual mast arm)

Pole Top O.D. with ILSN

w/out Luminaire
= Pole Top 0.D. with Luminaire

= Arm Base O.D. = Arm End O.D.

= Shaft Length = Fixed Arm Length

(12) Thickness shown is minimum, thicker materials may be used.

(13) Shaft profile 16-sided or 18-sided is considered to be equivalent to round section.

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

Built-up Box Connection: For the welded arm-to-pole connection as a build-up box configuration illustrated here is an example only, fabricators are required to submit a shop drawing of box connection for approval. The drawing shall specify the details of each box element, welds of arm-to-pole connection, arm-to-plate socket connection, and arm rise connection, driff-to-prote socker connection, and driff rise creation. Specify the proper location of drain holes along the pole. 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " dia hole in the pole mounting plate and 4" dia hole in the pole need to be aligned for wiring access or drainage. Arm stiffeners cut to match arm inclination and taper shall also be included.

The deviation from flat for either arm or pole mounting plate shall not exceed  $\frac{1}{2}$  in., which is measured along the center of mounting plate to a radial distance of 13.5 in. The deformed-from-flat connection between arm and pole mounting plates shall not be allowed if the center of both mounting plates cannot contact directly.

Fixed mount details are used for single mast arm assemblies and for the first arm on dual mast arm assemblies.

ANCHOR BOLT & TEMPLATE SIZE								
Bolt Dia in.	Length ‡	Top Thread	Bottom Thread	Bolt Circle	R2	Rı		
2 ½"	5′-2"	10"	6 ½"	27"	16"	11"		

<sup>†</sup>Min dimension given, longer bolts are acceptable.

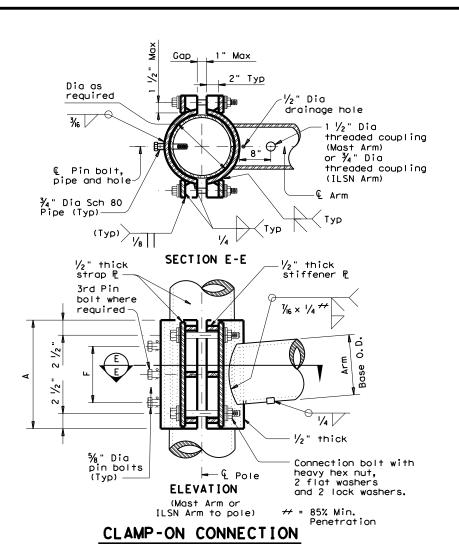


TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (50 TO 65 FT) (80 AND 100 MPH WIND ZONE)

Sheet 3 of 5

LMA(3)-12

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	80 MPH WIND										
Clamp-on		ROUND	ARMS				P	DLYGONAL	ARMS		
Arm LC	Lı	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	thk (12)	Rise	L,	Dη	D <sub>2</sub>	thk (12)	Rise	
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise	
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1′-9"	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1′-8"	
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1′-10"	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1′-9"	
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1'-11"	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1′-10"	
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2′-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"	
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2′-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"	
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2′-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2′-3"	
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2′-11"	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2′-6"	
				1	OO MPH 1	W I ND					

100 MPH WIND										
lamp-on		ROUND	ARMS					POLYGON	IAL ARMS	
Arm LC	L <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D 2	thk (12)	Rise	L,	D <sub>1</sub>	D 2	thk (12)	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in,	KISE	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Kise
20	19.1	8.0	5.3	.179	1′-8"	19.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1′-7"
24	23.1	9.0	5.8	.179	1′-9"	23.1	9.0	3.5	.179	1′-8"
28	27.1	9.5	5.7	.179	1′-10"	27.1	10.0	3.5	.179	1'-9"
32	31.0	9.5	5.2	.239	1'-11"	31.0	9.5	3.5	.239	1′-10"
36	35.0	10.0	5.1	. 239	2′-0"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.239	1'-11"
40	39.0	10.5	5.1	. 239	2′-3"	39.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2'-1"
44	43.0	11.0	5.1	.239	2′-8"	43.0	11.5	4.0	. 239	2'-3"

D1 = Arm Base O.D. D2 = Arm End O.D. L1 = Shaft Length

Lc = Clamp-on Arm Length

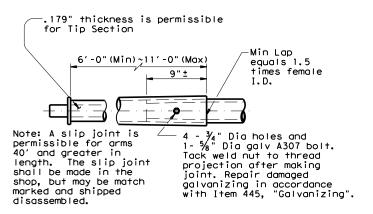
(12) Thickness shown is minimum, thicker materials may be used.

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*	MA-2
¾4" Dia ———————————————————————————————————	1/4 1/

# ARM COUPLING DETAIL

1 1/2" Dia Threaded Coupling

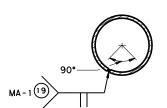
# ILSN ARM COUPLING DETAIL



SLIP JOINT DETAIL (CLAMP-ON ARM)

Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 1/2 " Dia Threaded Coupling.

BRACKET ASSEMBLY



# ARM WELD DETAIL

(19) Longitudinal Seam Weld must be oriented within the lower 90° of the signal arm. 60% Min penetration 100% penetration within 6" of circumferential base welds.

	<b></b>	•••			
ILSN Arr	n Size	A	F	4 Conn. Bolts	%" Dia. Pin Bolts
pipe Dia	Thick			Dia	No.
in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	ea
3	.216	10	4	₹4	2
Mast Arm Size		А	F	4 Conn. Bolts	5⁄8" Dia. Pin Bo∣ts
Base Dia	Thick			Dia	No.
in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	ea
6.5	.179	12	6	1	2
7.5	.179	14	8	1	2
8.0	.179	14	8	1	2
9.0	.179	16	10	1	2
9.5	.179	18	12	1 1/4	3
9.5	.239	18	12	1 1/4	3
10.0	.239	18	12	1 1/4	3
10.5	. 239	18	12	1 1/4	3
11.0	.239	18	12	1 1/4	3
11.5	.239	18	12	1 1/4	3

CLAMP-ON ARM CONNECTION

### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Clamp-on details are used for the second arm on dual mast arm assemblies or ILSN arm support. For a clamp-on mast arm, a maximum 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  wide vertical slotted hole may be cut in the front clamp plate to facilitate drainage during galvanizing. The slot shall be centered behind the arm and shall be no longer than the arm diameter minus 1". For an ILSN arm, a 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate for wire access. A matched hole shall be field drilled through the pole to provide wire access after arm is oriented. Deburr both holes.

Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for part shall apply to all similar parts on

Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces. Pin bolts shall be ASTM A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and ¾" diameter pipe shall have ¾6" diameter holes for a ½6" diameter galvanized cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a ¾" diameter hole for each pin bolt An ¾" diameter a  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  " diameter hole for each pin bolt. An  $\frac{\pi}{6}$  " diameter hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved by the Engineer.



TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES LONG MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (50 TO 65 FT) (80 AND 100 MPH WIND ZONE)

Sheet 4 of 5

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				g Parts List			
			following attache ny additional har			e cap, fixed arm con	nection
Nomi			ith Luminaire	24' Poles v		19.50' (Sin	gle Mast Arm)
Arm		See note above	e plus: one (or	See note at	ove plus	20, 25' (Dua	
Leng	th	two if ILSN a	ttached) small	one small h	nand hole	Poles with no Lumin	aire and no ILS
•		hand hole, cl	omp-on simplex			See note	above
		•	Single	Mast Arm			
Lf f	t,	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
50		50L		50\$		50	
55		55L		55\$		55	
60		60L		60S		60	
65		65L		65\$		65	
		1	Dual	Most Arm			1
Lf ft,	Lc ft,	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
50	20	5020L	Quality	5020\$	Quality	5020	Zoominy
30	24	5024L		5024S		5024	
	28	5024L		50245 5028S		5028	
	32	5032L		5032S		5032	
	36	5036L		5036S		5036	
	40	5040L		5040S		5040	
	44	5044L		5044S		5044	
55	20	5520L		5520S		5520	
<i>J J</i>	24	5524L		5524S		5524	
	28	5528L		5528S		5528	
	32	5532L		5532S		5532	
	36	5536L		5536S		5536	
	40	5540L		5540S		5540	
	44	5544L		5544S		5544	
60	20	6020L		6020S		6020	
	24	6024L		60245		6024	
	28	6028L		60285		6028	
	32	6032L		6032S		6032	
	36	6036L		6036S		6036	
	40	6040L		6040S		6040	
	44	6044L		60445		6044	
65	20	6520L		6520S		6520	
	24	6524L		6524S		6524	
	28	6528L		65285		6528	
	32	6532L		6532S		6532	
	36	6536L		6536S		6536	
	40	6540L		6540S		6540	
	44	6544L		6544S		6544	

# Notes

- \*\* Foundations may be listed separately or grouped according to similarity of location and type. Quantities are for the Contractor's information only.
- Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

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J PULIS LISI	
2)	
L	
	y Parts List

Luminaire A	rms	(1 per 30' pol
Nominal Arm	Length	Quantity
8' Arm	-	
ILSN Arm	-	r pole) Ship wit olts and washers
ILSN Arm	clomps, b	
	clomps, b	olts and washers

Traffic :	Signal Arms (80 N	MPH Clamp-On Mou	unt) (1 per pole)	Ship each arm v	vith listed equipm	ent attached
	Type I Arm (	1 Signal)	Type II Arm (2	? Signals)	Type III Arm (	
Nominal	2 CGB connector	and 1 clamp	1 Brocket Assen	ably and 3	2 Brocket Assem	bly and 4
Arm	w/bolts and	d washers	CGB connectors,	and 1 clamp	CGB connectors,	and 1 clamp
Length			w/bolts and washers		w/bolts and washers	
ft,	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	201-80					
24	241-80		2411-80			
28	281-80		2811-80			
32			3211-80		32111-80	
36			3611-80		36111-80	
40					40111-80	
44					44111-80	

	Type   Arm (	1 Signal)	Type II Arm (2	? Signals)	Type     Arm	(3 Signals)
Nominal	2 CGB connector	r and 1 clamp	1 Bracket Asser	nbly and 3	2 Brocket Asse	mbly and 4
Arm	w/bolts and	d washers	CGB connectors,	and 1 clamp	CGB connectors	, and 1 clamp
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	201-100				·	
24	241-100		2411-100			
28	281-100		2811-100			
32			3211-100		32111-100	
36			3611-100		36111-100	
40					40111-100	
44					44111-100	

Anchor Bo	olt Assemblies	(1 per pole)	Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top
Anchor	Anchor		and bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat
Bolt	Bolt		washers and 4 nut anchor devices (type 2)
Diameter	Length	Quantity	per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".
2 1/2 "	5' - 3"		Templates may be removed for shipment.

Abbreviations

Fixed Arm Length

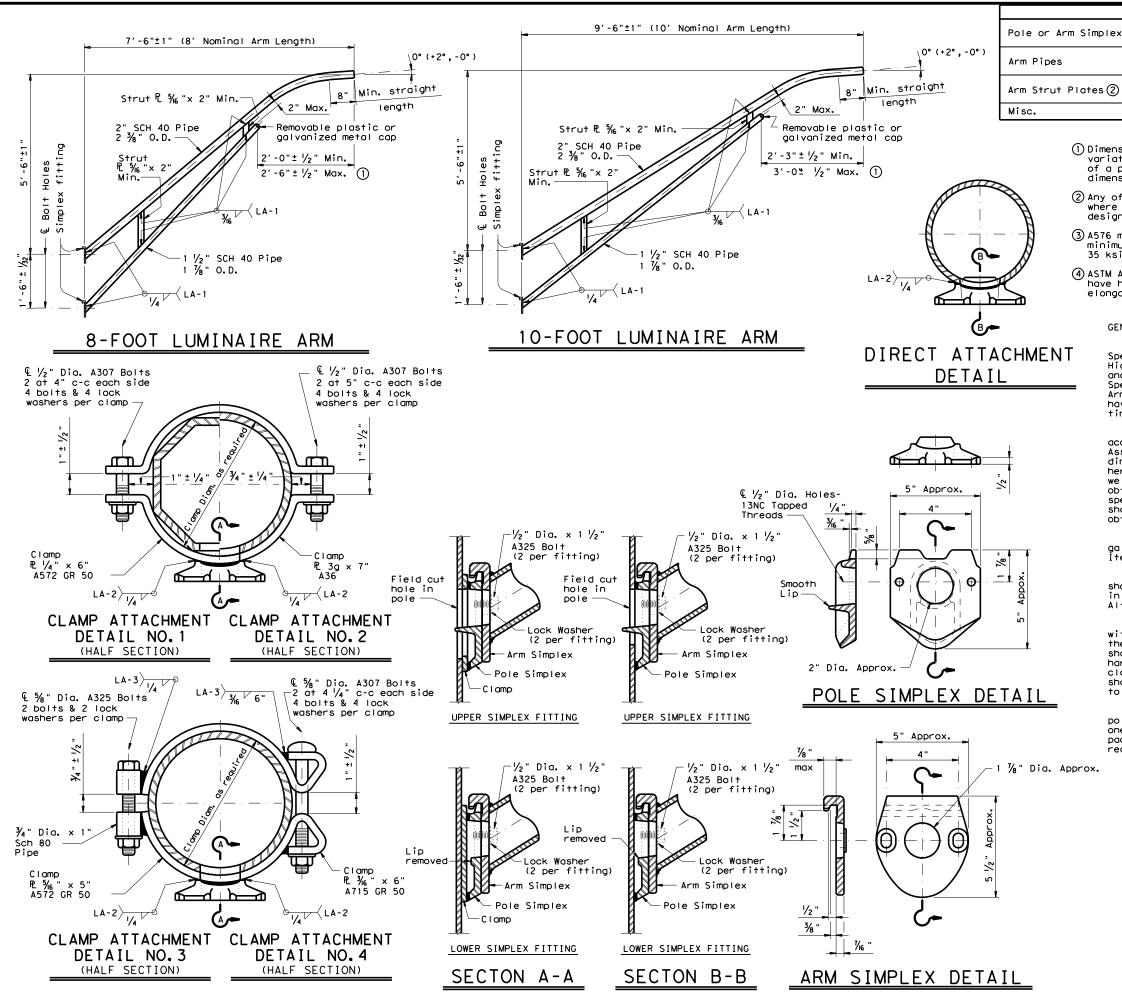
Clamp-on Arm Length (44' Max.)



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Location Ident.	Avg. N Blow/ft.	No. Each	Drill Shaft *** Length (feet) 48-A
	I Shaft Length		



ASTM A27 Gr. 65-35 or A148 Gr. 80-50, A576 Gr. 1021 ③, or A36 (Arm only) ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50 (4), or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 (4) ASTM A36, A572 Gr.50 ④, or A588 ASTM designations as noted

MATERIALS

- (1) Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- 2) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- (3) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- 4 ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 90 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Arms are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq. ft.

Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absense of specified Fabricaton tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizina".

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans. When clamp attachment is specified, the Fabricator shall ship the clamp assembly securely attached to the pole at the location shown on the plans.

If clamp assemblies are ordered without poles, the Fabricator shall ship one upper and one lower clamp assembly together in a single package, including all nuts and washers required for the clamps and simplex fittings.



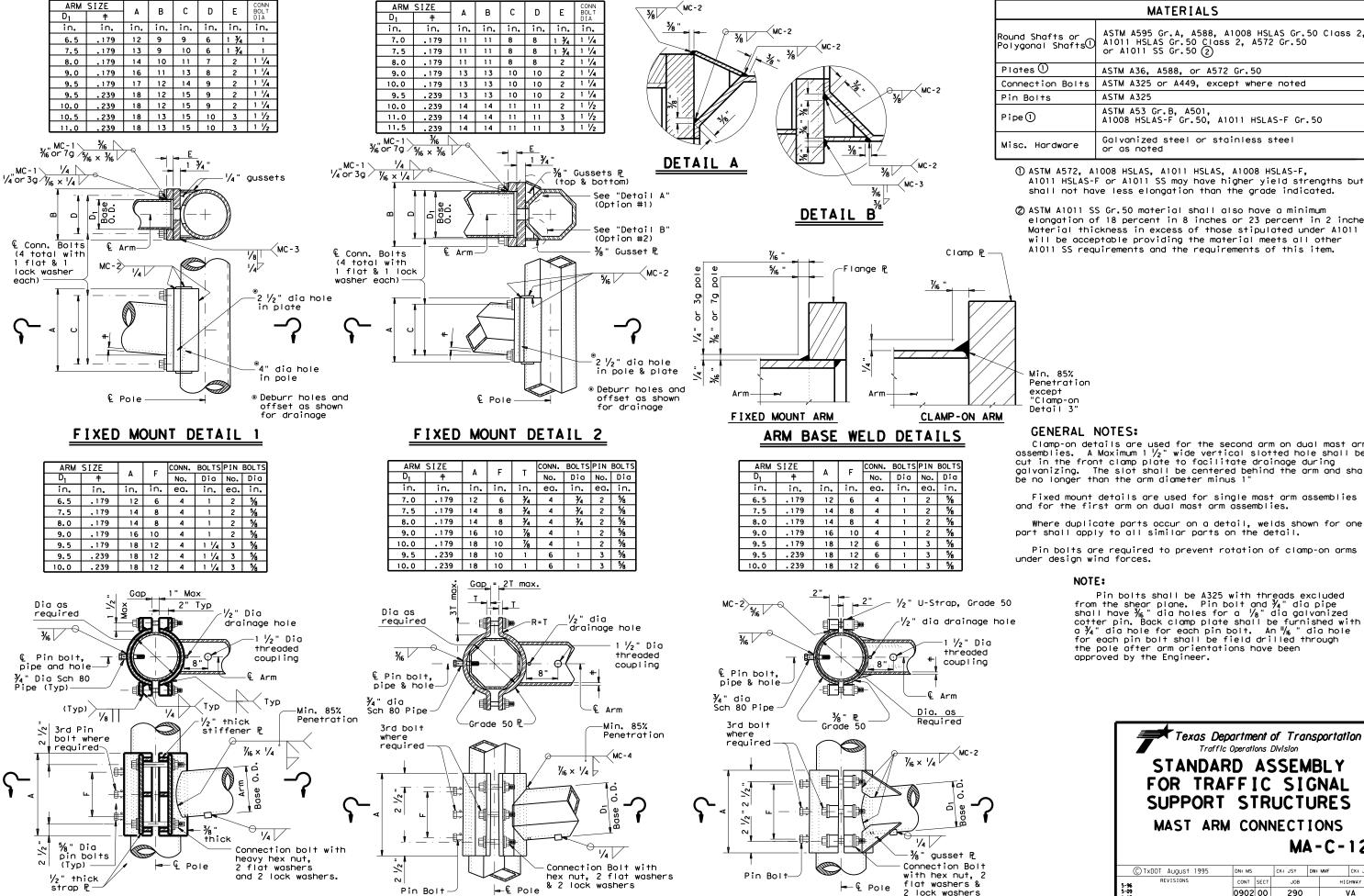
ARM DETAILS

LUM-A-12

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CLAMP-ON DETAIL 1



CLAMP-ON DETAIL 2

ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 ②

ASTM A325 or A449, except where noted ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50

① ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F, A1011 HSLAS-F or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but

② ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 material shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SS will be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

Clamp-on details are used for the second arm on dual mast arm assemblies. A Maximum 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " wide vertical slotted hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate to facilitate drainage during The slot shall be centered behind the arm and shall

and for the first arm on dual mast arm assemblies.

part shall apply to all similar parts on the detail.

Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms

Pin bolts shall be A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and  $\frac{7}{4}$ " dia pipe shall have  $\frac{7}{6}$ 6" dia holes for a  $\frac{7}{6}$ 8" dia galvanized cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a  $\frac{7}{4}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt. An  $\frac{1}{6}$ 6" dia hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been

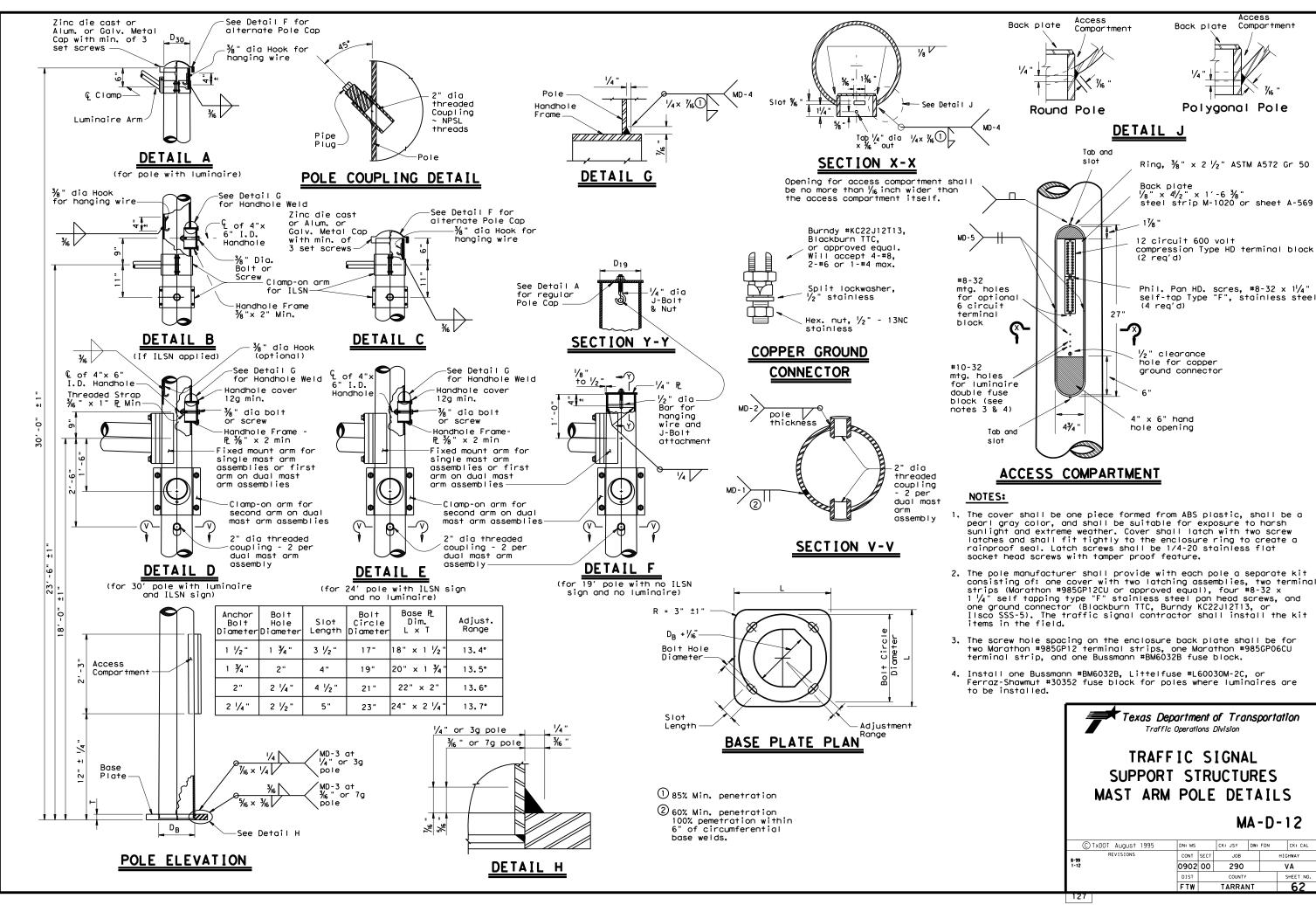


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CLAMP-ON DETAIL 3





Access

Compartmen:

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VΔ

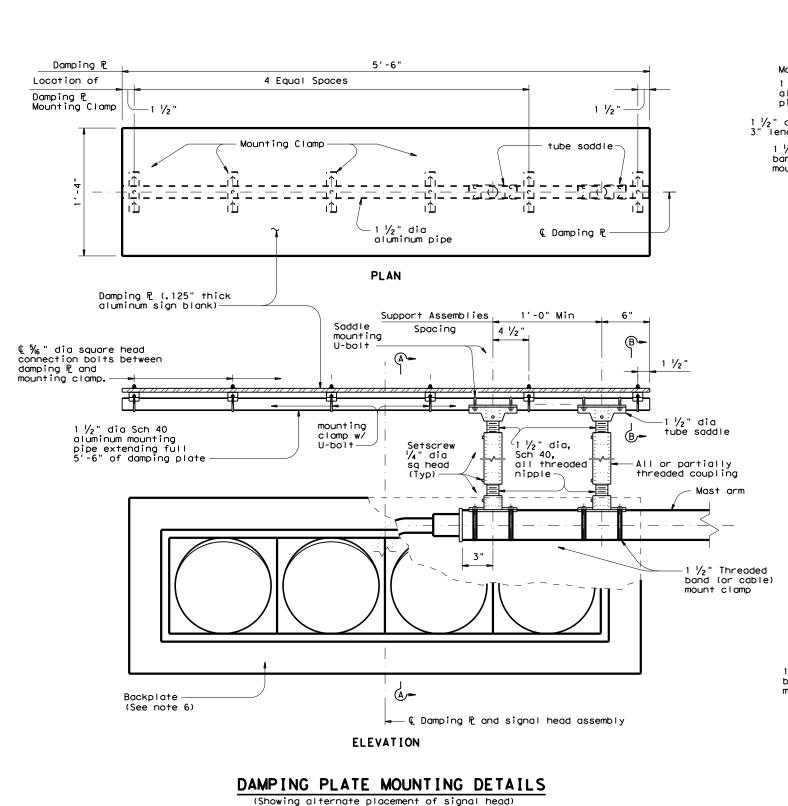
62

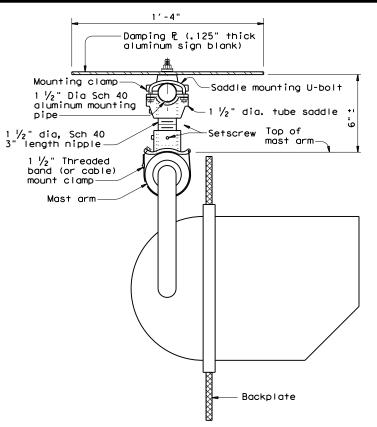
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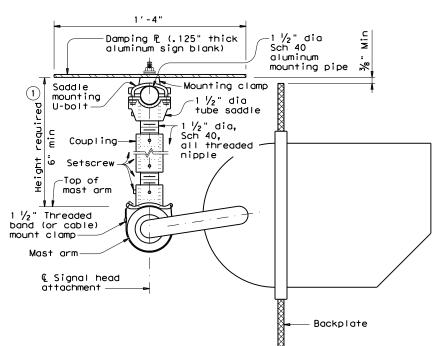






# SECTION A-A

(Showing standard placement of signal head)
(Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)



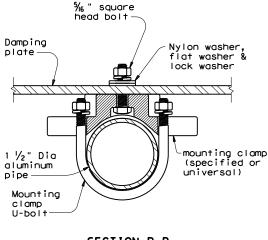
# SECTION A-A

(Showing alternate placement of signal head)
(Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)

$\ensuremath{ \bigcirc }$ Recommended supporting assemblies to achieve required height for horizontal section heads								
Height required	One nipple Two nipples plus One coupling each length							
6"-6 3/4"	3"	3"						
7"-8 1/2"	4"	•	-					
9"-10 1/2"	9"-10 1/2" 6"							
11"-15 1/2"	11"-15 1/2" - 4" 5"							
16"-24"	-	6"	10"					

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. In accordance with the findings of TxDOT sponsored research, the installation of a damping plate in accordance with the details shown here at the end of signal most arms of SMA and DMA standard structures reduces excessive harmonic vertical vibration, and thus fatigue damage. Any deviation from these details may reduce the effectiveness of this damping device.
- 2. Aluminum sign blank for damping plate will conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110. Materials for mast arm mounting clamp and tube saddle will be aluminum castings or aluminum alloys as in accordance with manufacturers' stipulations. Mounting pipe, pipe nipple and coupling will be aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or 6063-T6. Damping plate mounting clamp and u-bolt assemblies will conform to Standard sheet SMD(GEN). U-bolts for saddle mounting will have a minimum yield strength of 36 ksi.
- 3. Damping plate will be mounted horizontally. Position centerline of damping plate to align with centerline of mast arm or horizontal signal head assembly. Vertical clearance between signal head (with or without backing plate) and bottom of damping plate will be maintained as shown. The attachments shown here are examples only, other supporting details which meet both alignment and vertical clearance requirements are also acceptable.
- 4.Unless stipulated by the manufacturers, all steel parts will be galvanized finish in accordance with Standard Specification Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- 5. Contractor will verify applicable field dimensions before the installation.
- 6. Backplates are optional for traffic signals. When backplates are used, Backplates will have a 2-inch fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 "Sign Face Materials." See Sheet TS-BP-20 for backplate details.



## SECTION B-B

(Showing damping plate attachment)



# MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE DETAILS

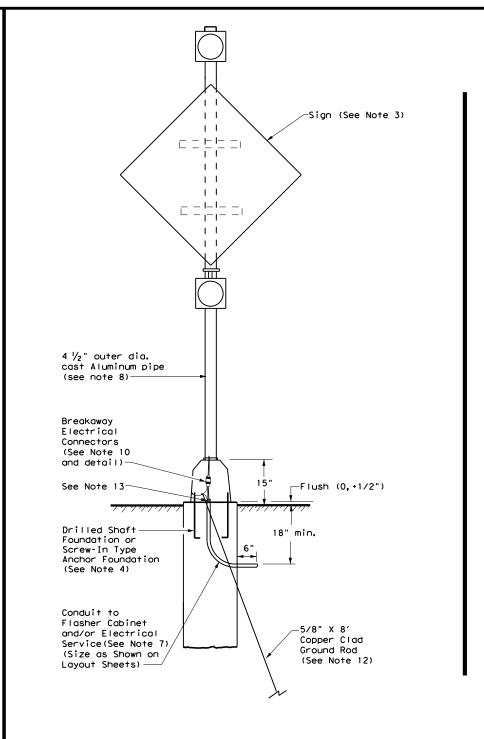
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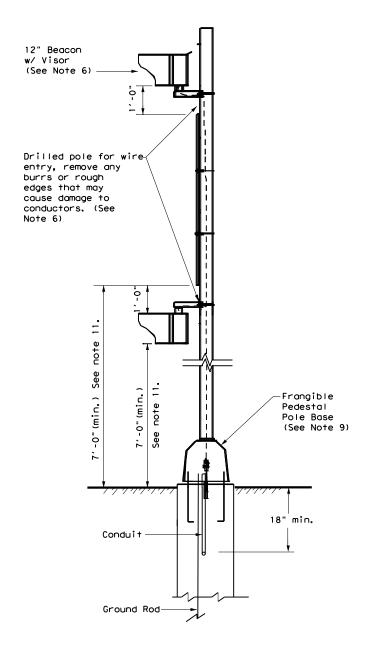
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# ATE: SDATES

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

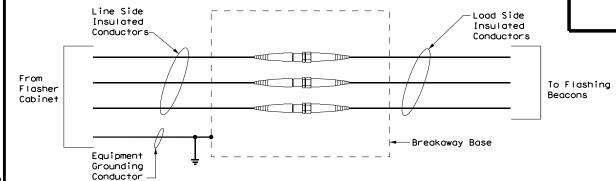
- Details show a typical warning sign with two flashing beacon heads, other arrangements are possible. When only one beacon is required, install the upper beacon.
- See Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies" for further requirements.
- 3. See SMD standard sheets for lateral and vertical clearances and sign mounting details. Install signs as shown on the sign layout sheets.
- 4. Use either a Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation or a Drilled Shaft Foundation as shown elsewhere in the plans. When plans require a Drilled Shaft Foundation, see standard sheet TS-FD. Install the Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation as per manufacturer's recommendations. On a slope, install one edge at ground level. Screw-In/Drilled Shaft Foundation is subsidiary to Item 685. Installation of a ground rod is not required for solar powered flashing beacon assemblies.
- 5. When used, provide Screw-In Type Anchor Foundations as shown on TxDOT's Material Producer List (MPL) in the file "Highway Traffic Signals".
- Install beacon heads as shown here, as shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed. Use hardware specifically designed for mounting beacon heads on poles.
- 7. Conduit in foundation and within 6 in. of foundation is subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies."
- 8. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pole shaft shall be one piece, Schedule 40 Aluminum pipe, ASTM B429 or B221 (Alloy 6061-T6 only). Aluminum conduit will not develop the necessary strength and will not be allowed.
- 9. Per manufacturer's recommendations, engage all threads on the pedestal pole base and pipe unless the pipe is fully seated into base. In high winds, use a pole and base collar assembly to add strength and prevent loosening of connection.
- 10. Provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for frangible pedestal pole bases, as shown on TxDOT's MPL in the file "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Approved models are listed under Item 685. For ungrounded (hot) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a dummy fuse slug). For grounded (neutral) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a white colored marking and a permanently installed dummy fuse (slug).
- 11. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the bottom of the sign at least 7 ft. above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.
- 12. Make connections to ground rods according to NEC. Ground rod clamps shall be listed for their intended purpose.
- 13. Ensure height of conduit and ground rod is below top of anchor bolts.



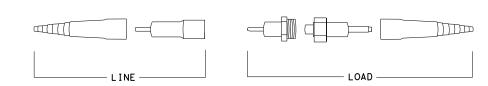


FRONT

SIDE



NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS



NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS
EXPLODED VIEW



ROADSIDE FLASHING BEACON ASSEMBLY

Traffic Operations Division Standard

RFBA-13

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# ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY NOTES

- Details apply to roadway lighting installations bid or referenced under Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies."
  Provide, furnish, and install all other materials not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper
  construction. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the State
  such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The locations of poles and fixtures may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association, Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection.
- 4. Provide Roadway Illumination Light Fixtures as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11010, Item 610, and as shown on the Material Producers List (MPL) for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies.
- 5. Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with Roadway Illumination Poles (RIP) standards and Item 610. Poles fabricated according to RIP standards do not require shop drawing submittals.
  - a. Alternate designs to RIP standards or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" on the TxDOT web site.
  - b. Limitations on use of the RIP standard: The RIP standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25′ above the elevation of the surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 6th Edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25′ above the surrounding terrain, provide poles meeting the following requirements:
    - i. Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal on the TxDOT web site), submit to the Engineer for approval fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles, sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
    - ii. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Provide light poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies with a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the 6th edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. Structurally test all transformer bases to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Submit certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished with the shop drawings. Show breakaway base model number, manufacturer's name, and logo on shop drawings. Include on manufacturer's shop drawings the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- 6. For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide and install double-pole breakaway fuse holders as specified by DMS-11040. Breakaway fuse holders are listed on the MPL for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses for breakaway connectors in light poles, or inside the light fixture for underpass luminaires. In each pole, connect luminaires to the breakaway connector with continuous stranded 12 AWG copper conductors as listed on the MPL. Bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground lug in the transformer base or hand hole.
- 7. Tighten anchor bolts for shoe base, concrete traffic barrier base, and bridge mount roadway illumination poles, in accordance with Item 449.
- 8. Install T-Base with following procedure:
  - a. Anchor Bolt Tightening.
    - i. Coat the threads of the anchor bolts with electrically conductive lubricant.
    - ii. Place the T-base over the anchor bolts. Foundation must be level and flat. The maximum permissible gap under any one corner of the t-base is 1/8" before nuts are tightened.
    - iii.Coat the bearing surfaces of the nuts and washers with electrically conductive lubricant. Install (1) 1/2" hold down washer, (1) lock washer, and (1) nut on each anchor bolt. Turn the nuts onto the bolts so that each is hand-tight against the washer.
    - iv. Using a torque wrench, tighten each nut to 150 ft-lb. Uniform contact is required between the foundation and the T-base in the corner regions of the T-base, and all corner gaps must be closed after applying torque. If a gap still exists after torquing to 150 ft-lbs, continue torquing each bolt incrementally until gap is closed or maximum allowable torque of 250 ft. pound is reached, whichever comes first. If 250 ft-lbs is not enough to close the gap the foundation must be leveled. Gaps along the straight sides of the T-bases and the foundation are permissible. Ensure that no high point of contact occurs between the straight sides of the T-base and the foundation.
    - v. Check top of T-base for level. If not level then foundation must be leveled.
  - b. Top Bolt Procedure
    - i. Erect pole over T-base with crane. Coat bolts, nuts, washers, and lock washers with electrically conductive lubricant.

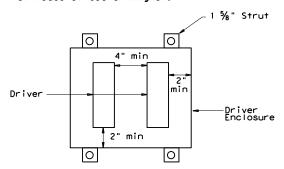
- ii. Install bolts and 1/2" connecting washers from the inside of the T-base, thread up through the pole base. Install flat washers, lock washers and nuts snug tight according to Item 447, "Structural Bolting."
- iii. Tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. using a torque wrench.
- c. Level and Plumb
  - i. Ensure pole is plumb and mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway according to plans to within 5 degrees.
- 9. Construct luminaire pole foundations in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," and TxDOT standard sheet RID(2).
- 10. Provide and install underpass luminaires in accordance with Item 610, DMS-11010, and TxDOT standard sheet RID(3). Typical luminaire size for underpass luminaires is 150W HPS or 150W EQ LED.
- 11. Mount luminaires on arms level as shown by the luminaire level indicator.
- 12. Orient luminaires perpendicular to the roadway intended to be lit unless otherwise shown on the plans.

# Wiring Diagram Notes:

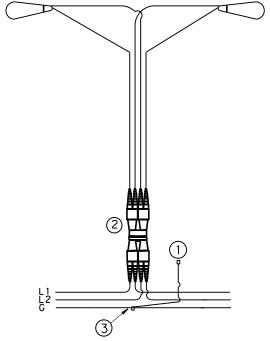
- Use 1/2 in.-13 UNC threaded, copper or tin-plated copper, pole bonding connector, sized appropriately for conductors, bonded to T-base, or use ground lug in handhole as available.
- Use pre-qualified two-pole breakaway connectors for all luminaire pole installations. For luminaires fed by a circuit with a neutral conductor, use double pole breakaway connectors with the neutral side unfused and marked white.
- (3) Split Bolt or other connector.

# Decorative LED Lighting Notes:

- LED Drivers in Remote Outdoor enclosures (for drivers that do not include an enclosure as part of a factory assembly):
  - a. Provide NEMA 3R outdoor enclosure or as approved.
  - b. Install enclosure at least 12" above ground or other horizontal surface. Mount vertically or on ceiling, and avoid direct sun where possible.
  - Install drivers with at least 2 inches of space from enclosure walls.
  - d. For multiple drivers in an enclosure, provide at least 4 inches side to side and 1 inch end to end from other drivers or electronic equipment
  - e. For drivers mounted on back wall of enclosure, mount enclosure on 1 5/8" strut or other standoff to dissipate heat, or mount driver to side of the enclosure or to the metal cover.
  - f. Provide remote drivers with a maximum of 100 watts
  - g. Provide drivers with documentation of 100,000 hr lifetime at Tcase of 65C or higher.



Driver Spacing In Remote Enclosure



L1,L2 = Hot Conductors G = Grounding Conductor

# TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM

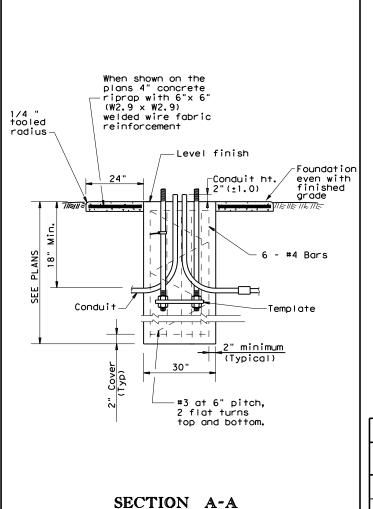
LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 480V ON 240/480 VOLT SERVICE OR LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 240V FOR 120/240 VOLT SERVICE.



RID(1)-20

DETAILS

72A



SHOWING CONSTANT GRADE

TABLE 1					
ANCHOR BOLTS					
POLE MOUNTING	BOLT C	BOLT CIRCLE			
HE I GHT	Shoe Base	T-Base	SIZE		
<40 ft.	13 in.	14 in.	1in.x 30in.		
40-50 ft.	15 in.	17 ¼in.	1 ¼in. x 30in.		

	TABL	E 2		
RECOMMENDED FOUNDATION LENGTHS (See note 1)				
MOUNTING TEXAS CONE PENETROMETER HEIGHT N Blows/f†				
HEIGHT	10	15	40	
<20 ft.	6′	6′	6′	
>20 ft. to 30 ft.	8′	6′	6′	
>30 ft. to 40 ft.	8′	8,	6,	
>40 ft. to 50 ft.	10′	8′	6,	

	TABLE 3									
PAY QUANTITY OF RIPRAP PER FOUNDATION (Install only when shown on the plans)										
Foundation Diameter	RIPRAP DIAMETER	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B)								
30 in.	78 in.	0.35 CY								

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. "Recommended Foundation Lengths" table is for information purposes only. Foundation lengths shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Foundations will be paid for under Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations, "unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 2. Erect roadway illumination assembly poles plumb and true. Form and level the top 6" of the foundation so the pole will be plumb. Use leveling nuts to plumb shoe base poles. Do not use shims or leveling nuts under transformer bases. Do not grout between baseplate and the foundation.
- 3. Ensure Class 2A and 2B fit for anchor bolts and nuts. Tap and chase nuts after galvanizing. Anchor bolt body with rolled threads need not be full
- 4. Use appropriate class of concrete as specified in Items 416 and 432. Concrete for riprap may be upgraded to Class C at no extra cost to the
- 5. Place riprap around the foundation when called for elsewhere in the plans. Riprap will be paid for under Item 432.
- 6. Locate breakaway roadway illumination assemblies as shown in the placement table, unless otherwise dimensioned on the plans. Protect non-breakaway illumination assemblies from vehicular impact (i.e. 2.5 ft. behind guard rail or mounted on traffic barrier), or located outside the clear zone, except that 2.5 ft. from curb face is minimum desired for light poles on city streets, 45 mph or less. See Roadway Design Manual for further information.
- 7. Use 4 hold down and 4 connecting washers on transformer base poles as recommended by the manufacturer and supplied with base.
- 8. Install a minimum of 2 conduits in each foundation. See lighting layout sheets for locations of foundations with more than 2 conduits. Cap unused conduits in foundations on both ends.
- 9. Conduit location in foundations is critical for breakaway devices. Place conduits 2 in. apart on centerline as shown.
- Bond anchor bolt to rebar cage with #6 bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. The bonded steel in the foundation creates a concrete encased grounding electrode which replaces the ground rod.
- Grade earthwork around T-base foundations even with the finished grade as shown in Section A-A to ensure proper function of the breakaway device. Use riprap on T-base foundations that are located on sloped grades, and as shown on the plans for level grades.

# Top of Foundation Hex nut – Lock washer Fnd. Lock washer Flat washer Hex nut -Baseplate (-1/2" -Base Ho I ddown Washer -Flat washer Hex nut 1/2" Typ, 3/4" max-1/4" Typ, -1/2" max Anchor bolts Tied to rebar cage see note 10

FOUNDATION DETAIL

- #4 Bars

Grade break

lines

Conduit (See plans

for conduit size.

Match duct cable

size if used. See

ED standard sheets.)

ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL

T-BASE

-Bottom Anchor

Bolt Template See RIP Standard

SHOE BASE

TABLE 4									
BREAKAWAY POLE PLACEMENT (See note 6)									
ROADWAY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	** POLE OFFSET (DISTANCE TO FACE OF TRANSFORMER BASE)								
Freeway Mainlanes (roadway with full control of access)	15 ft. (minimum and typical) from lane edge								
All curbed, 45 mph or less design speed	2.5 ft. minimum (15 ft. desirable) from curb face								
All others	10 ft. minimum*(15 ft. desirable) from lane edge								

- \* or as close to ROW line as is practical
- \*\* provide 2/5 of the luminaire mounting height behind the pole for "falling area" to prevent encroachment on the other travel lanes. See design guidelines.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS (RDWY ILLUM FOUNDATIONS) RID(2) - 20

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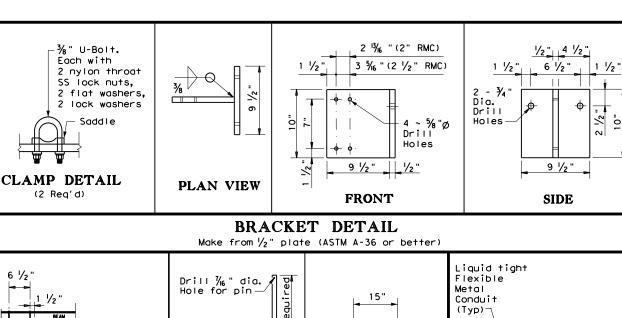
4 Anchor

Bolts-

When required 4" concrete riproc

 $(W2.9 \times W2.9)$ welded wire fabric reinforcement

with 6"x 6"



### Rotate as -¾" RMC to necessary Type 2 Luminaire to place ength Luminairefixture perpendicular to roadway **PLAN VIEW** SIDE PLAN VIEW **FIXTURE** ARM DETAIL **ORIENTATION** Connect conduit on tapered section of beam. $2 - \frac{5}{8}$ " Dia. thru-bolts (A325 or A193 B7), each 3 - No. 12 XHHW (See note C.2)in 3/4" RMC for w/ 1 nylon throat lock nut, 2 flat washers, 3%" Dia. bolt (4 ½" Min), w/ Branch Circuit Fused Disconnec runs from fused SS Cotter Pin 1 Lock washer disconnect to underpass Luminaires See Clamp Detail 2 1/2" Min to -Ground Box 4" Max (As shown on 2 1/2 "RMC-CONDUIT DETAIL layout sheets Reducing bushing 9 1/2" Radius

bottom of

fixture

-2 ½" Min to

bottom of

fixture

2 - 5%" Dia. bolts, each w/ 1 nylon

throat lock nut,

2 flat washers.

1 lock washer

**FRONT** 

**FRONT** 

(Beam height equal to or less than 54")

IN RD IL AM (U/P) (TY 2)

(Beam height greater than 54")

2"RMC

(See note C.2)

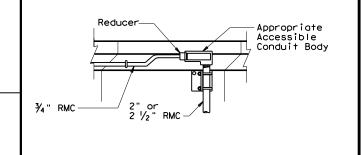
See Clamp

Detail

9 ½" Radius

2"RMC

Connect conduit on tapered section of beam.



# CONDUIT CONNECTION PROFILE

### Reinforcina Strands TABLE 5 LOCATION OF UNDERPASS LIGHT MOUNTING BRACKET TABLE MINIMUM LENGTH DISTANCE <u>≤</u> 50′ 10'-0 15'-0 50' - 70' Minimum Distance 70' - 90 20'-0" (See Table Below)

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

- A. ALL 150 watt HPS and 150 watt equivalent LED Luminaires
  - 1. Luminaire locations, conduit and conductor sizes and routing are typical and diagrammatic only. See project layout sheets for specific details.
  - 2. Conduit will be paid for under Item 618, "Conduit" and conductors will be paid for under Item 620, "Electrical Conductors," unless otherwise shown on the plans.
  - 3. Adjust conduit in saddles to place fixture height and orientation as required. See fixture orientation detail and plans. Where practicable, place luminaires so the bottom of luminaire is above the bottom of the beam, maximum of 3 in. (See detail UNDERPASS LIGHTING ARM TYPE 2)
- 4. Except as noted, galvanize all structural steel and exposed bolts, nuts, and washers in accordance with Item 445 'Galvanizing".
- 5. Fabrication of brackets and support arms will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to Item 610, "Roadway Illumination
- 6. Install a heavy duty NEMA 3R fused disconnect or breaker enclosure rated at 30 amps and 480 volts to switch underpass luminaires as shown on plans, with at least one per bridge circuit. Install 20 amp time-delay fuses or inverse-time circuit breakers. Mount disconnect or breaker enclosure 10 ft. (min) above grade on columns or bent caps as approved by the Department. Modify disconnect to allow padlocking in the "ON" and "OFF" positions. Padlocks and disconnect switches or circuit breakers for underpass fixtures will not be paid for directly but are subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.
- 7. Conduit on columns, caps, and slab is shown surface mounted. For new columns and caps, embed PVC conduit in concrete. Bond and ground metal junction boxes and conduit.

# B. TYPE 1

- 1. Provide 2 in. rigid metal conduit (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) for Type 1 arm shaft.
- 2. Use  $\frac{3}{8}$  in. stainless steel bolt or stud non-epoxy type expansion anchors for concrete for Type 1 mounting. Except as noted, provide an allowable 2650 lbs minimum pull-out force (after consideration of adjustment factors for edge distance and bolt spacing) for each anchor. Install each anchor to the embedment depth recommended by the manufacturer.
- 3. Attach conduit to plate with 4 saddles, four  $\frac{3}{8}$  in. diameter bolts, nylon throat lock nuts, and lock washers.

## C. TYPE 2

- 1. Provide 2 in. rigid metal conduit (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) or provide a combination of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in. (2.875" O.D., 0.193" wall) and 2 in. (2.375" O.D., 0.146" wall) rigid metal conduits with a reducing bushing as beam height stipulated for Type 2 arm shaft. Field cutting and threading will be permitted. Paint cut and threaded areas with zinc rich paint after conduit is connected to adjacent fitting.
- 2. Connecting conduit may be strapped to tapered section only of precast beams as shown. Anchor as approved by the Engineer. Maximum anchor depth is 1 in.
- Indiscriminate drilling into precast concrete beams may result in reduced beam strength. Use drilling location and method as directed by the Engineer. See Location of Underpass Lighting Mounting Bracket detail. The locations shown in the table are such that reinforcing strands will not be damaged.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS

(UNDERPASS LIGHT FIXTURES)

RID(3) - 20

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LOCATION OF UNDERPASS LIGHT MOUNTING BRACKET

UNDERPASS LIGHTING TYPE 2

		SHIDD	ING PARTS LIST - P	OLES AND LI	IMINAIRE	ADMS			
Nominal	Shoe Base	311111	T-Bas		JWITHATINE	AINIVIS	CSB/SSCB M	ounted	
Mounting Ht.	Designation		Designation			De	signation		
(ft)	Pole A1 A2 Luminaire	— Quantity		Luminaire	Quantity	Pole		Luminaire	Quantity
20	(Type SA 20 S - 4) (150W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 20 T - 4)	(150W EQ) LED			•	•	
	(Type SA 20 S - 4 - 4) (150W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 20 T - 4 - 4)	(150W EQ) LED					
30	(Type SA 30 S - 4) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 30 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 30 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 30 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 30 S - 8) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 30 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 8)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 30 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 30 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED	
40	(Type SA 40 S - 4) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 4)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 40 S - 4 - 4) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 4 - 4)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 40 S - 8) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 8)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 40 S - 8 - 8) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 8 - 8)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 40 S - 10) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 10)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 40 S - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 10 - 10)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 10 - 10)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 40 S - 12) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 12)	(250W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 40 S - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 40 T - 12 - 12)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 38 S	- 12 - 12)	(250W EQ) LED	
50	(Type SA 50 S - 4) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 4)	(400W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 50 S - 4 - 4) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 4 - 4)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 4 - 4)	(400W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 50 S - 8) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 8)	(400W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 50 S - 8 - 8) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 8 - 8)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 8 - 8)	(400W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 50 S - 10) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 10)	(400W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 50 S - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 10 - 10)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 10 - 10)	(400W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 50 S - 12) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 12)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 12)	(400W EQ) LED	
	(Type SA 50 S - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) L	ED	(Type SA 50 T - 12 - 12)	(400W EQ) LED		(Type SP 48 S	- 12 - 12)	(400W EQ) LED	

		0.7.1	IED									
	OTHER											
	Designation											
Pole	A 1	A2	Luminaire	Quantity								
·		•										
·		•										

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

shown herein.

- 1. All work, materials and services not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction shall be performed, furnished and installed by the Contractor. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment or installation will be considered justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the Department such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The location of poles and fixtures are diagrammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Standard Steel Pole Designs. Steel poles fabricated in accordance with the details and dimensions shown herein, shall be considered standard designs. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations for standard designs is not required.
- 4. Optional Steel Pole Designs. Multi-sided steel poles may be allowed as optional designs, if steel poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
  - a. Shop Drawings. Optional designs require submission of shop drawings and design calculations bearing the seal of an engineer licensed in the State of Texas, in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." The Department may elect to pre-approve some shop drawings for optionally designed poles. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations is not required for structures fabricated in accordance with the details of shop drawings on the pre-approved list maintained by the TxDOT Traffic Operations Division. Any deviation from the pre-approved shop drawings will require submission of shop drawings of the complete assembly and design calculations as described above.
  - b. Structural Support Design for Luminaires. Lighting support structures shall be designed for a 25 year design life in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. All poles shall be designed for 110 mph 3-second gust wind speeds. The Gust Factor, G, and Wind Importance Factor, Ir, shall be applied as per the AASHTO Specifications assuming a 25-year design life. The design wind pressure for hurricane wind velocities greater than 100 mph shall not be less than the design wind pressure using 100 mph with the non-hurricane Wind Importance Factor, Ir, value. For transformer base poles, fabricator shall include transformer base and connecting hardware in design calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases shall have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished shall be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings shall show breakaway base model number, and manufacturer's name and logo.
  - Manufacturer's shop drawings shall include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.

    c. Mast Arm Attachments. All poles and attachments shall be structurally designed to support two 12-foot mast arms and luminaires. Poles shall be supplied with mast arm combinations as shown in the plans. All mast arms shall be designed for a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet. d. Anchor Bolt Assembly. Anchor bolt assemblies for optionally designed poles shall be the same as those
- 5. Aluminum Pole Designs. Aluminum pole designs may be allowed, if aluminum poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.

  - a. Meet all of the requirements stated above for optional steel pole designs and the following:
    1. Aluminum poles shall be fabricated in accordance with "Structural Welding Code-Aluminum" AWS D1.2.
    - Aluminum pole designs shall use the same anchor bolt assembly and be subject to the same geometric restraints and other requirements for steel poles specified herein.
       Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer.

    - Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer. Pole components shall be constructed using the following material:

      Shaft: ASTM B221 or B241 Alloy 6063-T6, ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H34, ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.

      Base Flange: ASTM B26 Alloy 356.0-T6 or ASTM B108 Alloy 356.0-T6 (Yield strength test required).

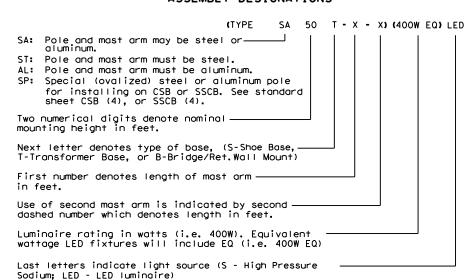
      Mast Arms: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.

      Mast Arms: ASTM B241 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B063-T6.

      Pole Cap: ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H32 or ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6.

      Bolts: Stainless Steel AISI 300 series. Bolts threading into aluminum threads shall be treated with
- anti-seize compound, Never-Seez Compound, Permatex 133K or equal. 6. Special Designs. Poles with architectural treatments shall meet the requirements shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 7. Luminaire Mounting Height. Actual luminaire mounting height shall be the nominal mounting height given on RIP(2) for all pole-arm combinations except for poles with 4 ft. luminaire arms, which shall be  $3^7$ -0" lower than the nominal height, unless otherwise shown or directed.

# EXPLANATION OF ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY DESIGNATIONS



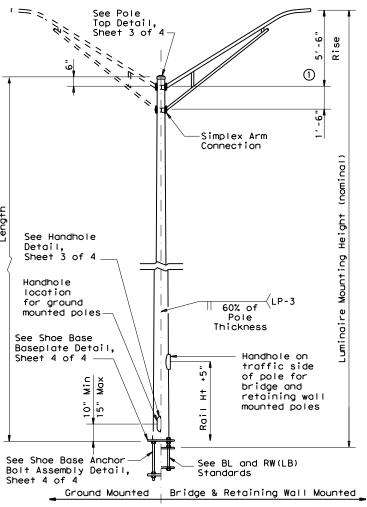




ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES

RIP(1)-19

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# SHOE BASE POLE

SHOE BASE POLE										
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)					
20.00	20.00 7.00 4.90		15.00	0.1196	7.1					
30.00	7.50	4.00	25.00	0.1196	13.2					
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.36-3.24	26.00-34.00	0.1196	20.7					
40.00	8.50	3.60	35.00	0.1196	20.7					
50.00	10.50	4.20	45.00	0.1196	30.3					

# Top Detail. 1 Simplex Arm Connection 60% of CP-3 Pole Thickness See Transformer Base Baseplate Detail. Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Details. Sheet 4 of 4 See Transformer Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, TRANSFORMER BASE POLE

See Pole

TRANSFORMER BASE POLE											
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)						
20.00	20.00 7.00 5.11			0.1196	7.1						
30.00	7.50	4.21	23.50	0.1196	13.2						
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.57-3.45	24.50-32.50	0.1196	20.7						
40.00 8.50 3.81		3.81	33.50	0.1196	20.7						
50.00	10.00	3.91	43.50	0.1196	30.3						

# Rise ① Simplex Arm Connection Seam Weld Ę located 45° from mast arm axis 60% of Thickness See Handhole Detail, Sheet 3 of 4 Max. 6′ -0" 7′ -6" 0val Sect See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate Detail. Sheet 4 of 4 See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, Sheet 4 of 4

See Pole

Top Detail,

# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE (CSB/SS										
	Luminaire Mountina	Mounting   Digmeter   Digmeter   Length					Length Pole	Pole Thickness	Design I (K-1	
	Height (Nominal)(ft)	(:0)	(in)	(f†)	(in)	About & of Rail	Perp. to Rail			
	28.00	9.00	5.78	23.00	0.1196	10.3	13.2			
	38.00	9.00	4.38	33.00	0.1196	16.6	20.8			
	48.00	10.50	4.48	43.00	0.1345	25.1	30.5			
,										

# GENERAL NOTES:

- Designs conform to AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. Design 3-Second Gust Wind Speed equals 110 mph with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 0.80 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 25 year recurrence interval. Design moments listed in tables assume base of pole is 25' above natural ground level.
- Structures are designed to support two 12' luminaire mast arms and luminaires. Mast arms are designed to support a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet.
- 3. Fabrication shall be in accordance with the Specifications and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Do not submit shop drawings for roadway illumination pole assemblies fabricated in accordance with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of these sheets and the Specifications. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

- For mounting heights between values shown in the tables, use base diameter and thickness values for the larger height.
- 5. Unless otherwise noted, all steel parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 6. Steel poles shall be fabricated in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." Longitudinal seam welds for pole sections shall have 60% minimum penetration. All welding shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code-Steel.
- 7. Two-section poles joined by circumferential welds will not be permitted, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Poles may be fabricated in two sections and field-assembled by the lap-joint method. The two sections shall telescope together with a lap length of not less than 1-1/2 times the shaft diameter at the lap joint.
- Alternate material equal to or better than material specified may be substituted with the approval of the Engineer.
- Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts, when erecting shoe base poles and concrete traffic barrier base poles, in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts."

- 10. All poles, except Transformer Base Poles, shall have hand holes with reinforcing frames and covers. For ground mounted shoe base poles, hand holes shall be placed 90 degrees to mast arm unless otherwise noted on the plans. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with one luminaire arm, hand holes shall be located 180 degrees from luminaire arm. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with two luminaire arms, all hand holes shall be on the same side of the barrier. For poles mounted on a bridge lighting bracket or a retaining wall lighting bracket, hand hole shall be on traffic side of the pole, at a height that will clear the barrier.
- 11. The finished pole shall have a smooth, uniform finish free of pits, blisters, or other defects. Scratched, chipped, and other damaged galvanized areas on poles and mast arms shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 12. Pole length is based on a 5'-6" luminaire arm rise. 4 ft. luminaire arms have a 2'-6" rise. A pole with 4 ft. luminaire arms will have an actual mounting height 3'-0" less than the nominal mounting height. Increasing the pole length to meet the nominal mounting height is allowed, but unnecessary unless otherwise directed by the engineer.
- 13. Erect transformer base poles in accordance with sheet RID(1).

MATERIAL DATA								
COMPONENT	ASTM DESIGNATION	MIN. YIELD (ksi)						
Pole Shaft (0.14"/ft. Taper)	A572 Gr 50, A595 Gr A, A1011 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2 ③, or A1008 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2	50						
Base Plate and Handhole Frame	A572 Gr.50, or A36	36						
T-Base Connecting Bolts	F3125 Gr A325	92						
Anchor Bolts	F1554 Gr 55, A193-B7 or A321	55 105						
Anchor Bolt Templates	A36	36						
Heavy Hex (H.H.) Nuts	A194 Gr 2H, or A563 Gr DH							
Flat Washers	F436							

# NOTES:

- 1)2'-6" rise for 4 ft. luminaire arms.
- ② Before ovalized as shown on Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate details, Sheet 4 of 4.
- ③A1011 SS Gr 50 may be used instead of HSLAS, provided the material meets the elongation requirements for HSLAS.

### POLE ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE DIMENSION **TOLERANCE** Shaft length I.D. of outside piece +1/8", -1/16" of slip fitting pieces O.D. of inside piece +1/32", -1/8" of slip fitting pieces Shaft diameter: other +3/16" Out of "round" 1/4" Straightness of shaft ±1/4" in 10 ft Twist in multi-sided shaft 4° in 50 ft Perpendicular to baseplate 1/8" in 24" ±1/4" Pole centered on baseplate

SHEET 2 OF 4



Location of Attachments

Bolt hole spacing

Traffic Safety Division Standard

±1/4"

±1/16"

# ROADWAY ILLUMINATION POLES

RIP(2) - 19

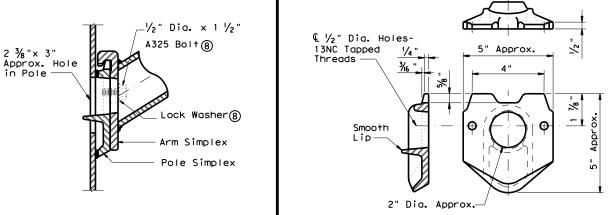
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# LUMINAIRE ARM

LUMINAIR	LUMINAIRE ARM DIMENSIONS								
Nominal Arm Length	Arm Length	Rise							
4′-0"	3′-6"	2′-6"							
6′-0"	5′-6"	5′-6"							
8′-0"	7′-6"	5′-6"							
10'-0"	9′-6"	5′-6"							
12'-0"	11'-6"	5′-6"							

ARM ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE								
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE							
Arm Length	±1"							
Arm Rise	±1"							
Deviation from flat	1/8" in 12"							
Spacing between holes	±1/32"							



# UPPER SIMPLEX FITTING

LOWER SIMPLEX FITTING (Gusset not shown for clarity)

SECTION B-B

SIDE

POLE TOP

½" Dia. x 1 ½"

-Lock Washer®

A325 Bolt(8)

Arm Simplex Pole Simplex

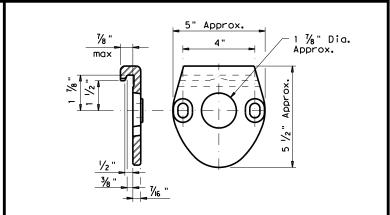
(Gusset not shown for clarity)

Lip

LA-3> V2

Тур





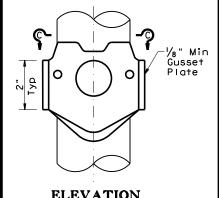
ARM SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

**HANDHOLE** 

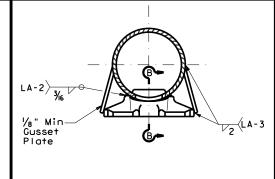
# NOTES:

- (4) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- (5) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- (6) A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F materials may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- 7 Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- 8 Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans.
- Proposed deviations in arm simplex dimensions or materials must be submitted to the Department for approval.
- (10) A welded handhole frame is permissible. Maximum of two (2) CJP weld splices is allowed.

MATERIALS						
Pole or Arm Simplex	ASTM A27 Gr 65-35 or Gr 70-36, A148 Gr 80-50, A576 Gr 1021 (\$), or A36 (Arm only)					
Arm Pipes	ASTM A53 Gr A or B,A500 Gr B, A501, A 1008 HSLAS-F Gr 50 ⑥, or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr 50 ⑥					
Arm Struts and Gusset Plates (4)	ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50 6, or A588					
Misc.	ASTM designations as noted					

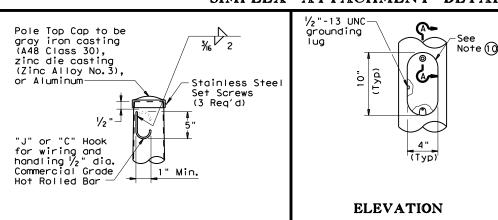






SECTION C-C

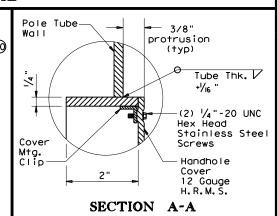
# SIMPLEX ATTACHMENT DETAIL



<sub>√2</sub> \LA-3

Тур

Gusset Plate



SHEET 3 OF 4

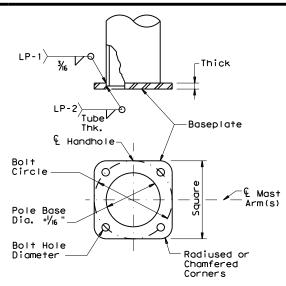
Texas Department of Transportation

# ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

Traffic Safety Division Standard

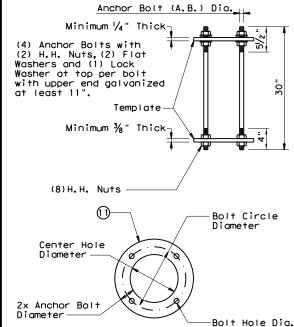
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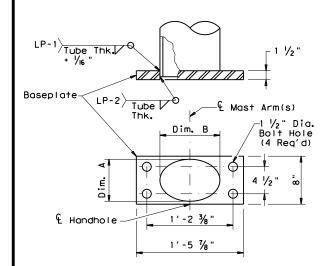
# SHOE BASE BASEPLATE

SHO	DE BASE	BASEF	LATE 1	ABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/2 "
50′	15"	15"	1 1/2"	1 1/2"



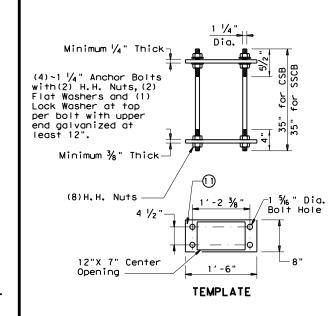
# SHOE BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

SHOE BA	SE A	NCHOR B	OLT ASSEM	MBLY TABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20′-39′	1 "	13"	11"	1 1/16 "
40′-50′	1 1/4"	15"	12 ½"	1 5/6 "



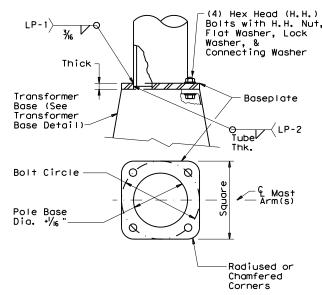
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE								
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	POLE DIA.	DIM. A	DIM. B					
28' - 38'	9"	7"± 1/4"	10"± 1/4"					
48′	10 ½"	7"± 1/4"	13"± 1/4"					



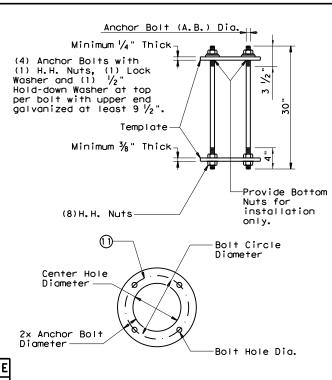
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

TRANSFORM	IER BA	SE ANCHO	OR BOLT AS	SEMBLY TABLE		
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	rs   A.B.   cii		CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER		
20' - 39'	1 "	14"	12"	1 1/16 "		
40' - 50'	1 1/4"	17 1/4"	14 ¾"	1 1/6 "		

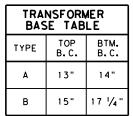


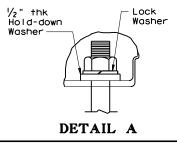
# TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE

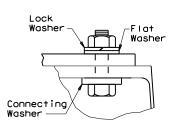
TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE										
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (noming!)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	CONNECTING BOLT DIA.	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER	TRANSFOMER BASE TYPE				
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1"	1 1/4"	A				
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	В				
50′	15"	15"	1 1/2"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В				



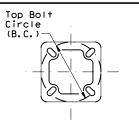
TRANSFORMER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY



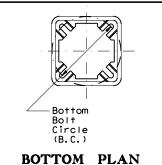








# TOP PLAN



# NOTES:

- $oxed{oxed{1}}$  Anchor Bolt Templates do not need to be galvanized.
- 🔞 Pole diameter before ovalized.

manufacturer for testing.

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

the design moment.

the larger mounting height.

1. For mounting heights between those shown in the table, use the values in the table for

2. All breakaway bases shall meet the breakaway

Specifications for Structural Supports for

FHWA-approved methods. All bases shall have

been structurally tested to resist 150% of

3. Transformer bases shall be cast from aluminum, ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6, or other

material approved by the Engineer. Four  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Hex}}$ 

Head (H.H.) bolts with four H.H. nuts, four

and hold-down washers as recommended by the

Bolts shall be ASTM A325 or approved equal.

4. Bases shall be stamped, incised or by other approved permanent means, marked to show

Nuts shall be ASTM A563 grade DH galvanized.

fabricator's name or logo, and model number.

5. Doors for transformer bases shall be made of plastic, fiberglass or other non-metallic material approved by the Engineer and shall

be attached with stainless steel screws or bolts. Transformer bases shall be cleaned

by grit blast cleaning after heat treatment.

treatment shall be furnished with transformer bases. The certification shall show the metal

alloy and temper and that the base meets those requirements, chemical and physical. The

certification shall also show the material ASTM

specification. Transformer bases shall be cast with a removable tab bar for material testing. Some bars may have been removed by the

Certification by the manufacturer of heat

Such information shall be placed in a readily seen location, inside or outside the base, but shall not be placed on the door.

lock washers, four flat washers, and connecting

manufacturer, galvanized to ASTM A153 Class C

or D, or B695 Class 50, shall be provided with

each transformer base for connecting the pole.

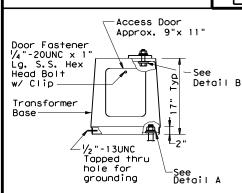
6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions

thereto, and shall have been tested by

Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals,

requirements of the AASHTO Standard

ANCHOR BOLT FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE							
DIMENSION TOLERANCE							
Length	± ½"						
Threaded length	± ½"						
Galvanized length (if required)	- 1/4"						



**ELEVATION** 

TRANSFORMER BASE **DETAILS** 



Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

# ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

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Arm	ROUND POLES					POLYGONAL POLES					
Length	D <sub>B</sub>	D19	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	1) thk	D <sub>B</sub>	D19	D <sub>24</sub>	D 30	1) thk	Foundation Type
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	
20	10.5	7.8	7, 1	6.3	.179	11.5	8,5	7,7	6.8	.179	30-A
24	11.0	8.3	7.6	6.8	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.179	30-A
28	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
36	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	36-A
40	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
44	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
48	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A

Arm		ROUND	ARMS			POLYGONAL ARMS				
Length	L <sub>1</sub>	D,	D <sub>2</sub>	1) thk	Rise	L,	D,	② D <sub>2</sub>	1) thk	Rise
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	11150	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9"	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1′-8"
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10"	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1'-9"
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1'-11"	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1'-10"
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2′-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2′-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2'-3"
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11"	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2'-6"
48	47.0	10.5	4.1	.239	3′-4"	47.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2′-9"

D<sub>B</sub> = Pole Base O.D. D<sub>19</sub> = Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire D <sub>2</sub> = Arm End O.D. L <sub>1</sub> = Shaft Length L = Nominal Arm Length

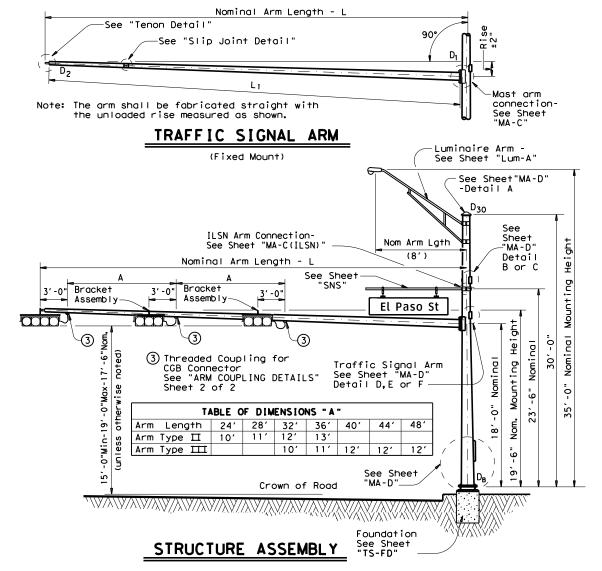
and no ILSN
D24 = Pole Top O.D. with ILSN
w/out Luminaire

w/out Luminaire D<sub>30</sub> = Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire

D<sub>30</sub> = Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire D<sub>1</sub> = Arm Base O.D.

1) Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

 $\bigcirc$   $D_2$  may be increased by up to 1" for polygonal arms.



# SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed-arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

	30' Poles Wi	30' Poles With Luminaire 24' Poles With II		ith ILSN	19' Poles	
Nominal Arm Length			Above hardware plus one small hand hole		See note above	
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity
20	20L-80		205-80		20-80	
24	24L-80		245-80		24-80	
28	28L-80		285-80		28-80	
32	32L-80		325-80		32-80	
36	36L-80		365-80		36-80	
40	40L-80		405-80		40-80	
44	44L-80		445-80		44-80	
48	48L-80		485-80		48-80	

Traffic Signal Arms (1 per Pole)

Ship each arm with the listed equipment attached

	Type I Arm (1 Signal)		Type Ⅲ Arm	(2 Signals)	Type III Arm (3 Signals)		
Nominal Arm Length	1 CGB con	nector	1 Bracket A and 2 CGB C		2 Bracket Assemblies and 3 CGB Connectors		
f†	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	201-80						
24	241-80		24∏-80				
28	281-80		2811-80				
32			32∏-80		32111-80		
36			36Ⅲ-80		36111-80		
40					40III-80		
44					44111-80		
48					48111-80		

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole)

Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
8' Arm	

ILSN Arm (Max. 2 per pole) Ship with clamps, bolts and washers

Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
7′ Arm	
9' Arm	

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

			p p
	Anchor Bolt	Anchor Bolt	
ı	Diameter	Length	Quantity
ı	1 1/2 "	3′-4"	
ı	1 3/4"	3′-10"	
ı			

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

SHEET 1 OF 2

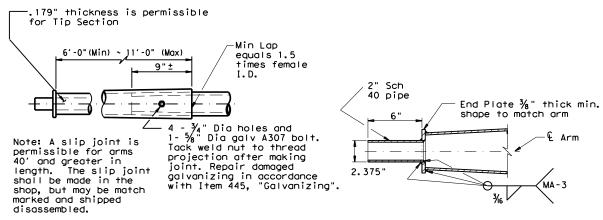


(80 MPH WIND ZONE)

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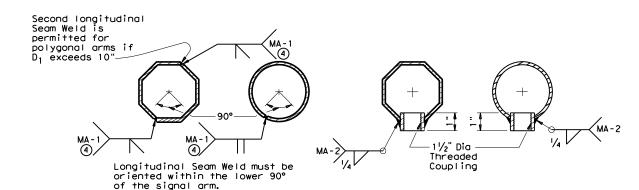


SLIP JOINT DETAIL

TENON DETAIL

Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac", "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1/2" Dia Threaded Coupling.

# BRACKET ASSEMBLY



# ARM WELD DETAIL

4 60% Min. penetration
100% pemetration within
6" of circumferential
base welds.

# ARM COUPLING DETAILS

# VIBRATION WARNING

Mast Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelastic characteristics of a few of the myriads of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions; existence/solidity of backplates; presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras; arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness.

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to mitigate vibrations.

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plote shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

# GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor.

Poles are designed to support one 8′-0" luminaire arm, one 9′-0" internally lighted street name sign and one traffic signal arm with a length as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of the luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign load applied 4.5 ft from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag coefficient).

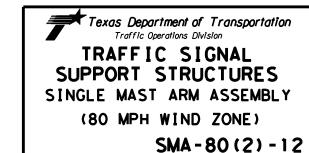
See Standard Sheet "MA-D" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

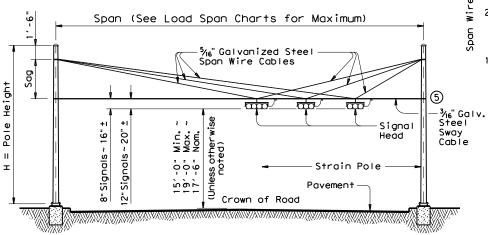
SHEET 2 OF 2



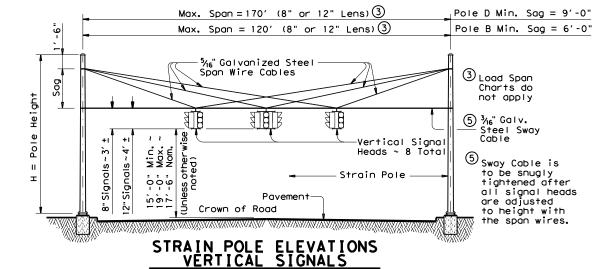
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STRAIN POLE DESCRIPTION	Pole Type	Found- ation Type	Maximum Permissible Span Wire Load (Ibs.)
26' Pole	Α	36-A	5200
30' Pole	В	36-A	4600
30' Pole with Lum.	В	36-A	4400
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5600
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5500
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5300
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm	С	36-B	5100
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm	С	36-B	4900
30' Pole with 20' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5300
30' Pole with 24' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5200
30' Pole with 28' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	5000
30' Pole with 32' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	4800
30' Pole with 36' Mast Arm & Lum.	С	36-B	4500
34' Pole	D	36-B	5600
34' Pole with Lum.	D	36-B	5400

② Numbers on Load Span Charts indicate the number of signal heads on the span. The total span wire design load is based on one 5-section head and one or more additional 3-section head(s). Design wind pressures on cables are assumed as 1.0 lb/ft. Weight of span wire cables (one per signal head) is assumed as 0.65 lb/ft which includes an allowance for conductor cables and miscellaneous hardware. The effect of the sway cable on load distribution is ignored as it is assumed to break at design wind conditions. When a pole supports 2 spans, the span wire design loads for both spans should be added vectorially to determine the design load for that pole.



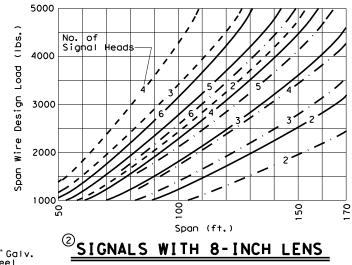
# STRAIN POLE ELEVATIONS HORIZONTAL SIGNALS



(Mast arms are not used with vertical signals)

4000 Design 3000 Signal Heads Span (ft.)

# <sup>2</sup>SIGNALS WITH 12-INCH LENS



Signal Head Type	Wt. Per Head	Wind Area �
5-Section, 12" Lens	125 lbs	9.6 sq. ft.
5-Section, 8" Lens	70 lbs	4.8 sq. ft.
3-Section, 12" Lens	75 lbs	5.64 sq. ft.

45 lbs

♦ Effective projected design wind area (actual area times drag coefficient)

- Sag = 4'-6" (26' or 30' Pole) Sag = 8'-0" (30' or 34' Pole) - - Sag = 11'-6" (34' Pole)

3-Section, 8" Lens

# $D_B$ = Pole Base O.D. $D_T = Pole Top O.D.$

4 Thickness shown are minimum, thicker materials may be used.

SHIPPING PARTS LIST (Without Traffic Signal Arm) Strain poles with Luminaire Strain poles without Luminaire Ship each pole with the following Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: hardware attached: Pole handhole at base, pole cap and handhole at base, pole cap, 2 clamp-on Type 1 pipe plug. simplex and 1 pipe plug. Description Designation Quantity Description Designation Quantity 26' Strain Pole SP 26 A-80 SP 30 B-80 В 30' Strain Pole SPL 30 B-80 30' Strain Pole D 34' Strain Pole SPL 34 D-80 34' Strain Pole SP 34 D-80

Poles (With Traffic Signal Arm)								
	Strain poles v	vith Luminaire	Strain poles without Luminaire					
Pole Type	Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: handhole at base, pole cap, clamp-on simplex and 3 pipe plugs.		Ship each pole with the following hardware attached: handhole at base, pole cap and 3 pipe plugs.					
	Description	Designation	Quantity	Description	Designation	Quantity		
С	30' SPw/TS Arm	SPL 30 C-80		30' SPw/TS Arm	SP 30 C-80			

Traffic Signal Arms (For Type C poles)

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole)

Anchor

Bolt

Lenath

3'-10"

4'-3"

Diameter

1 3/4"

2"

1) See Sheet "DMA-80"

Templates may be removed

Quantity

for shipment.

	Type I Arm (	(1 Signal)	Type II Arm	(2 Signals)	Type Ⅲ Arm (3 Signals)		
Nominal Arm Length	the following attached: 2 CGB Connect	Ship each Type I Arm with the following hardware attached: 2 CGB Connectors, 1 clamp with bolts and washers		pe II Arm with phardware sembly, 3 CGB and 1 clamp and washers	Ship each Type III Arm with the following hardware attached: 2 Bracket Assemblies , 4 CGB Connectors and 1 clamp with bolts and washers		
ft.	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	201-80						
24	24 I -80		24 П -80				
28	28 I -80		28 П -80				
32			32 П -80		32 III -80		
36			36 П -80		36 III -80		

Luminaire Arms Nominal Arm Length Quantity

Each Anchor Bolt Assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

SHEET 1 OF 2

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES STRAIN POLE ASSEMBLIES

> (80 MPH WIND ZONE) SP-80(1)-12

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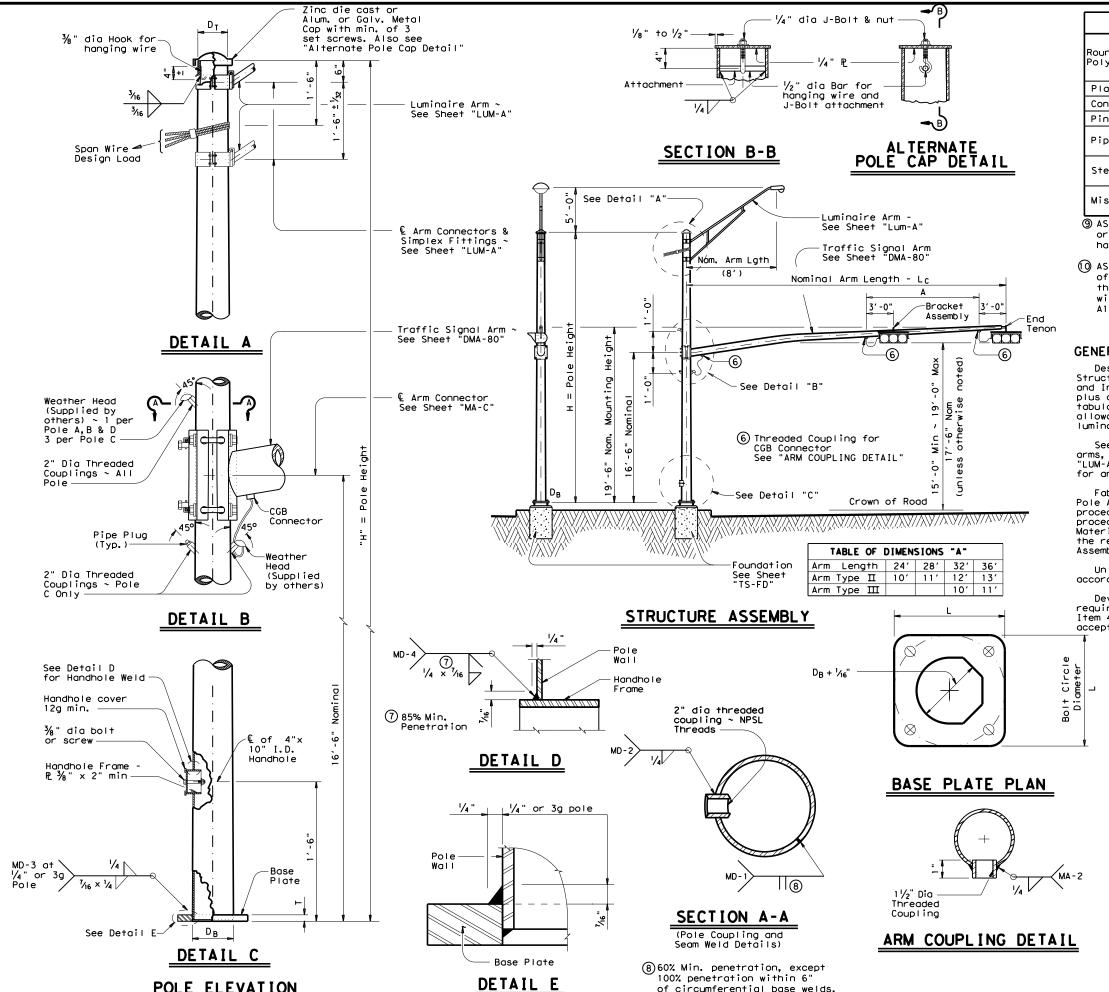
<b>.</b> .		ROUND	POLES		F	OLYGON	L POLES	5
Pole Type	D <sub>B</sub>	D <sub>T</sub>	(4)+hk	Н	D <sub>B</sub>	Dτ	(4)+hk	Н
1,700	ir.	in.	in.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	ft.
Α	12.5	8.9	.239	26	13.0	9.0	. 239	26
В	13.5	9.3	. 239	30	14.0	9.0	. 239	30
С	15.5	11.3	. 239	30	16.0	11.0	. 239	30
D	15.5	10.7	. 239	34	16.0	11.0	. 239	34

3.0 sq. ft.

H = Pole Height



POLE ELEVATION



of circumferential base welds.

MATERIALS ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Class 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 (1) Round Shafts or Polygonal Shafts® Plates (9) ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50 Connection Bolts ASTM A325 except where noted Pin Bolts ASTM A325 ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 Pipe 9 ASTM A475, 7 Wire Steel Cable Utilities Grade Galvanized steel or stainless steel Misc. Hardware

- ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F, A1011 HSLAS-F, or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- () ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SS will be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

# GENERAL NOTES

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. The maximum permissible span wire design loads tabulated are calculated at a stress load of 1.4 times the basic allowable stress. A simultaneous wind on the pole, mast arm, and luminaire is also included.

See standard sheet "DMA-80" for details of clamp-on traffic signal arms, sheet "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, sheet "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, and sheet "TS-FD"  $\,$ for anchor bolt and foundation details.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drowings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Foundation Type	I ROLL	Bolt Hole Diameter	Bolt Circle Diameter	Base PL Dim. L x T	
36-A	1 3/4"	2"	19"	19" × 1 ¾"	
36-B	2"	2 1/4"	21"	21" × 2"	

SHEET 2 OF 2



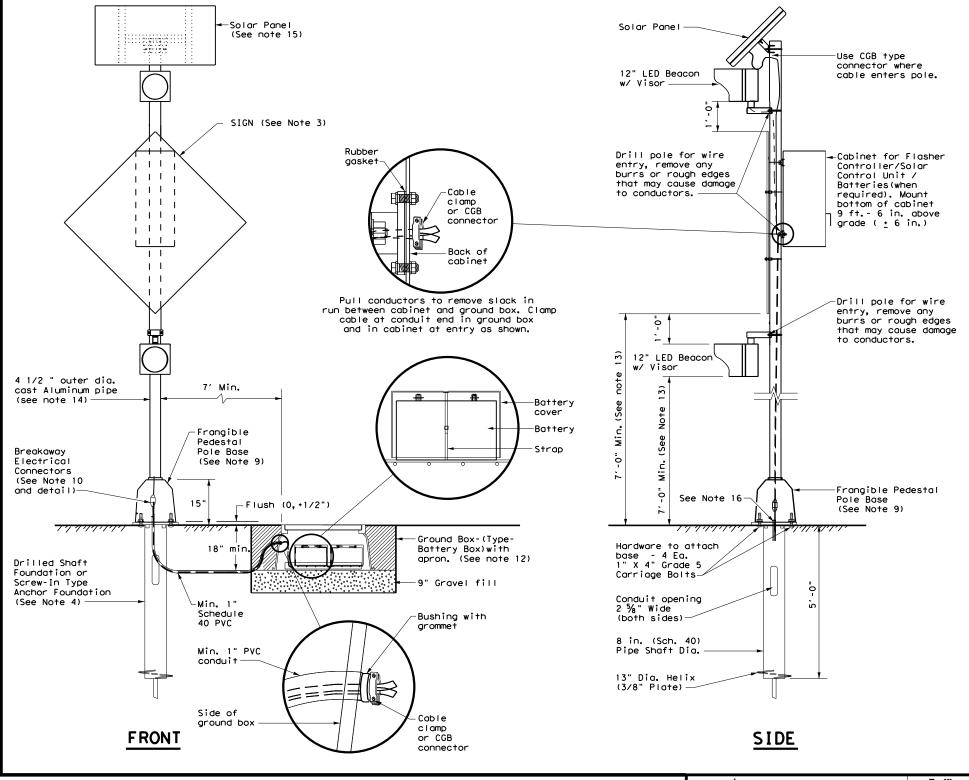
(80 MPH WIND ZONE) SP-80(2)-12

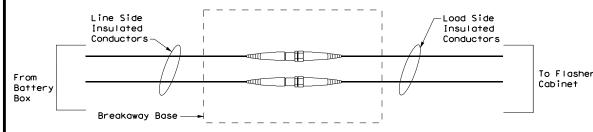
ℂ⊺xDO⊺ March 1996	DN: MS		CK: JSY DW:		BR	CK: JSY
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1-12	0902	00	290		VA	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	FTW		TARRAN	١T		75

120B

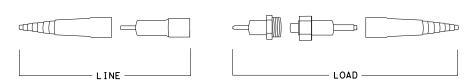
# GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Details show a typical warning sign with two flashing beacon heads, other arrangements are possible. When only one beacon is required, install the upper beacon.
- 2. See Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies" for further
- 3. See SMD standard sheets for lateral and vertical clearances and sign mounting details. Install signs as shown on the sign layout sheets.
- 4. Use either a Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation or a Drilled Shaft Foundation as shown elsewhere in the plans. When plans require a Drilled Shaft Foundation, see standard sheet TS-FD. Install the Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation as per manufacturer's recommendations. On a slope, install one edge at ground level. Screw-In/Drilled Shaft Foundation is subsidiary to Item 685. Installation of a ground rod is not required for solar powered flashing beacon assemblies.
- 5. When used, provide Screw-In Type Anchor Foundations as shown on TxDOT's Material Producer List (MPL) in the file "Highway Traffic Signals".
- 6. Use materials specifically designed for attaching cabinets, beacon heads, solar panels, etc., to poles.
- 7. Install beacon heads as shown here, as shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed. Use hardware specifically designed for mounting beacon heads
- 8. Conduit in foundation and within 6 in. of foundation is subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies."
- 9. Per manufacturer's recommendations, engage all threads on the pedestal pole base and pipe unless the pipe is fully seated into base. In high winds, use a pole and base collar assembly to add strength and prevent
- Provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for frangible pedestal pole bases, as shown on TxDOT's MPL in the file "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Approved models are listed under Item 685. For ungrounded (hot) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a dummy fuse slug). For grounded (neutral) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a white colored marking and a permanently installed dummy fuse (slug).
- 11. Install the batteries in a battery box. Place the batteries on a  $\frac{1}{16}$ thick plastic sheet and connect together. Place a plastic cover (battery bell jar) over the top of each battery and secure the battery bell jar to the battery with a strap. The batteries, bell jars, straps and  $\frac{3}{16}$ plastic sheet are subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies." When required, install batteries in the flasher cabinet. Wire batteries according to manufacturers recommendations. Provide the number of batteries as required by the manufacturer.
- 12. See standard sheet Electrical Details (ED) for additional requirements regarding the installation of ground boxes/battery boxes, conduit, and
- 13. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the bottom of the sign at least 7 ft. above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.
- 14. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pole shaft shall be one piece, Schedule 40 Aluminum pipe, ASTM B429 or B221 (Alloy 6061-T6 only). Aluminum conduit will not develop the necessary strength and will not
- 15. Orient solar panel for optimum exposure to sunlight (face to the south). Prior to installation, check the location to ensure there is no overhead obstruction that would block the solar panel from receiving full sunlight. Unless specified elsewhere, mount a minimum of 14' above grade.
- 16. Ensure height of conduit is below top of anchor bolts.





NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS



NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS **EXPLODED VIEW** 



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# SOLAR POWERED ROADSIDE FLASHING BEACON ASSEMBLY DETAILS

SPRFBA(1)-13

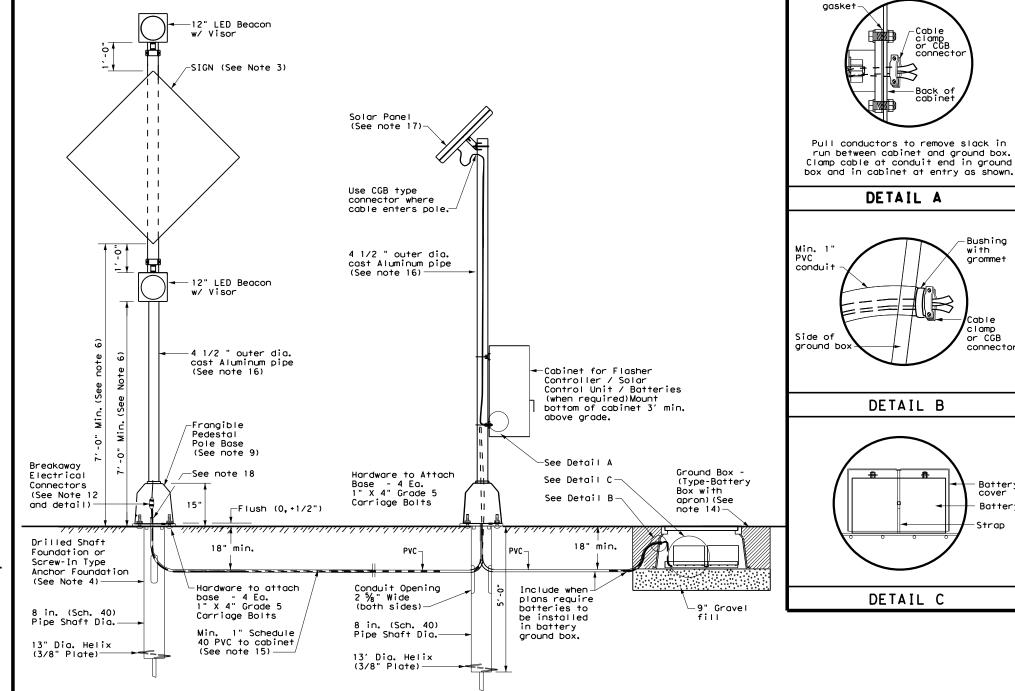
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C) TxDOT	May 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
12.04	REVISIONS	0902	00	290		VA	
12-04 3-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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GENERAL NOTES:

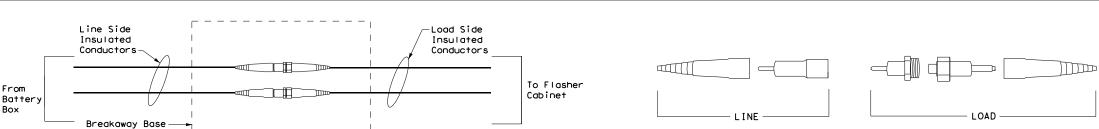
- Details show a typical warning sign with two flashing beacon heads, other arrangements are possible. When only one beacon is required, install the beacon.
- 2. See Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies" for further requirements.
- See SMD standard sheets for lateral and vertical clearances and sign mounting details. Install signs as shown on the sign layout sheets.
- Use either a Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation or a Drilled Shaft Foundation as shown elsewhere in the plans. When plans require a Drilled Shaft Foundation, see standard sheet TS-FD. Install the Screw-In Type Anchor Foundation as per manufacturer's recommendations. On a slope, install one edge at ground level. Screw-In/Drilled Shaft Foundation is subsidiary to Item 685. Installation of a ground rod is not required for solar powered flashing beacon assemblies.
- When used, provide Screw-In Type Anchor Foundations as shown on TxDOT's Material Producer List (MPL) in the file "Highway Traffic Signals".
- 6. Provide clearance as shown above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road. When a bottom beacon is not used, mount the bottom of the sign at least 7 ft. above the sidewalk or pavement grade at the edge of the road.
- 7. Use materials specifically designed for attaching cabinets, beacon heads,
- 8. Conduit in foundation and within 6 in. of foundation is subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies.
- Per manufacturer's recommendations, engage all threads on the pedestal pole base and pipe unless the pipe is fully seated into base. In high winds, use a pole and base collar assembly to add strength and prevent loosening on
- Install beacon heads as shown here, as shown elsewhere on the plans, or as directed. Use hardware specifically designed for mounting beacon heads on
- 11. Install the cable clamp in the bottom third of the back of the cabinet. See Detail A.
- Provide single pole non-fused watertight breakaway electrical connectors for frangible pedestal pole bases, as shown on TxDOT's MPL in the file "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies". Approved models are listed under Item 685. For ungrounded (hot) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a dummy fuse (slug). For grounded (neutral) conductors, install a breakaway connector with a white colored marking and a permanently installed dummy
- Install the batteries in a battery box. Place the batteries on a 3/16" thick plastic sheet and connect together. Place a plastic cover (battery bell jar) over the top of each battery and secure the battery bell jar to the battery with a strap. The batteries, bell jars, straps and 3/16 " plastic sheet are subsidiary to the Item 685, "Roadside Flashing Beacon Assemblies." When required, install batteries in the flasher cabinet. Wire batteries according to manufacturers recommendations. Provide the number of batteries as required
- 14. See standard sheet Electrical Details (ED) for additional requirements regarding the installation of ground boxes/battery boxes, conduit, and cabinets.
- 15. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or recommended by the manufacturer, use the following table to determine the wire size from cabinet to beacons.

Distance from Cabinet	Minimum Required
to Beacons (ft.)	Wire Size (AWG)
0 - 35	#14
35 - 60	#12
60 - 100	#10
> 100	#8

- 16. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pole shaft shall be one piece, Schedule 40 Aluminum pipe, ASTM B429 or B221 (Alloy 6061-T6 only). Aluminum conduit will not develop the necessary strength and will not be allowed.
- 17. Orient solar panel for optimum exposure to sunlight (face to the south). Prior to installation, check the location to ensure there is no overhead obstruction that would block the solar panel from receiving full sunlight. Unless specified elsewhere, mount a minimum of 14' above grade.
- 18. Ensure height of conduit is below top of anchor bolts.



DETAIL FOR SOLAR PANEL, CABINET, AND BATTERIES LOCATED OUT OF CLEAR ZONE ON SEPARATE ALUMINUM POLE ASSEMBLY



NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS

NON-FUSED BREAKAWAY ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS EXPLODED VIEW



Rubber

Operations Division Standard

with

Cable clamp or CGB

Batter

Battery

# SOLAR POWERED ROADSIDE FLASHING BEACON ASSEMBLY DETAILS (ALUMINUM)

SPRFBA (3) - 13

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LOWEST GUY AND NEVER ANY LESS THAN

1/3 OF THAT DISTANCE.

# DESIGN CRITERIA:

- 1. SIGNAL HEAD DESIGN DEAD LOADS AND WIND AREAS SHOWN IN TABLE BELOW. VALUES INCLUDE BACKPLATES.
- 2. DESIGN IS BASED ON ONE 5 OR 4-SECTION HEAD AND ONE OR MORE ADDITIONAL 3-SECTION HEAD(S).
- WEIGHT OF INDIVIDUAL 3/8" CABLE IS 0.273 LB/FT AND 3/6" CABLE IS 0.080 LB/FT.
- 4. WEIGHT OF SWAY CABLE IS ASSUMED TO BE 0.65 LB/FT, WHICH INCLUDES AN ALLOWANCE FOR CONDUCTOR CABLE AND MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE.
- 5. DESIGN WIND SPEED EQUALS 80 MPH PLUS A 1.3 GUST FACTOR (CURRENT AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS FOR SIGNS, LUMINAIRES AND TRAFFIC SIGNALS USE EQUIVALENT 90 MPH WITH A 1.14 GUST FACTOR).
- 6. IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 0.71 (10-YEAR DESIGN LIFE)
- 7. DESIGN WIND PRESSURE ON CABLES ARE ASSUMED AS 1.0 LB/FT.
- DESIGN CONTAINS ALLOWANCE FOR A MAXIMUM 30 SQ. FT. OF 0.100 IN. THICK ALUMINUM SIGNS PER SPAN. 9. DESIGN CONTAINS ALLOWANCE FOR A 60 LB. LUMINAIRE
- HAVING AN EFFECTIVE PROJECTED AREA (ACTUAL AREA TIMES DRAG COEFFICIENT) OF 1.6 SQ. FT.
- 10. DESIGN ICE LOAD OF 3 PSF IS CONSIDERED AROUND SURFACES OF SUPPORTS, WIRES, SIGNALS AND ONE FACE OF SIGN PANELS ONLY.

SIGNAL HEAD	DESIGN VAL	UES
SIGNAL HEAD TYPE	WT. PER HEAD	WIND AREA 🔷
5-SECTION, 12" LENS	125 LBS	9.6 SQ. FT.
4-SECTION, 12" LENS	100 LBS	7.6 SQ. FT.
3-SECTION, 12" LENS	75 LBS	5.6 SQ. FT.

♦ EFFECTIVE PROJECTED DESIGN WIND AREA (ACTUAL AREA TIMES DRAG COEFFICIENT)

MATERIALS								
TIMBER POLE	ANSI CLASS 2 TREATED TIMBER POLE							
STEEL CABLE	ASTM A475, 7 WIRE, UTILITIES GRADE, GALVANIZED, 3/8" DIAMETER EXCEPT AS NOTED							
SIGNAL HEADS	POLYCARBONATE HOUSING & LENS, LED LAMP WITH 12" LENS							

SHIPPING PARTS LIST									
DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT							
40' TIMBER POLE ①		EA							
3%" STEEL CABLE		FT							
¾6 " STEEL CABLE		FT							
8' LUMINAIRE ARM		EA							

(1) SHIP EACH POLE WITH THE FOLLOWING: A BARE #6 AWG (AMERICAN WIRE GAUGE) COPPER ELECTRICAL CONDUCTOR FROM THE TOP OF THE POLE TO THE BUTT WRAP OR COPPER BUTT PLATE, PROTECTIVE ELECTRICAL CONDUCTOR TO A HEIGHT OF 8 FT. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE, BRANDING OF SUPPLIER, PLANT, SPECIES, PRESERVATIVE CODE & CLASS LENGTH 2 CLAMP-ON SIMPLEX. FOR A PROJECT REQUIRING 10 POLES OR LESS, THE CONTRACTOR MAY PURCHASE POLES LOCALLY IF SOURCE AND TREATMENT ARE DOCUMENTED.

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. DESIGN CONFORMS TO AASHTO STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS, LUMINAIRES, AND TRAFFIC SIGNALS, 5TH EDITION.
- 2. THIS STANDARD IS ONLY APPLICABLE FOR RECTANGULAR OR C-BOX CONFIGURATIONS (AS SHOWN) WITH SPAN LENGTHS RANGING FROM 50'TO 175' IN EITHER
- 3. FOR CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS AND SEQUENCING, SEE SHEET 2 OF 3.
- 4. FOR ELECTRICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS, SEE SHEET 3 OF 3.
- 5. SEE LAYOUT FOR LOCATIONS OF SIGNALS, SIGNS AND LUMINAIRES.
- 6. MINIMUM ALLOWABLE SOIL STRENGTH IS 20 BLOWS/12"
- PER THE TEXAS CONE PENETRATION TEST (TCP). SEE SHEET 3 OF 3 FOR LUMINAIRE ARM AND
- CONNECTION DETAILS.
  TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNALS SHALL BE PAID FOR AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 681.
- ZINC-COATED STEEL WIRE STRAND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE ITEM 625.
- TREATED TIMBER POLES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 627, FOR A PROJECT REQUIRING 10 POLES OR LESS, CONTRACTOR MAY PURCHASE LOCAL POLES IF SOURCE AND TREATMENT ARE DOCUMENTED.
- 11. VEHICLE AND PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 682.
- TRAFFIC SIGNAL CABLES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 684.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT INSTALL ANY SPAN WIRE. SWAY, OR GUY WIRE CABLES AROUND EXISTING
  AERIAL UTILITIES. CLEARANCE SHALL BE IN
  ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE (NEC).
- IF PEDESTRIAN ACCOMMODATIONS ARE TO BE INSTALLED, PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS AND PUSH BUTTONS SHOULD BE INSTALLED ON SEPARATE PEDESTAL POLES.
- 15. A MINIMUM 8' VERTICAL CLEARANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN SIDEWALK AND GUY WIRE. THE CLOSEST GUY WIRE TO THE SIDEWALK SHALL HAVE YELLOW PLASTIC
- 16. DRILLED HOLE DIAMETER SHALL BE 18" MININUM OR A MINIMUM HOLE SIZE EQUAL TO THE POLE BUTT DIAMETER PLUS 8".
- 17. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE TAMPED IN 6" LIFTS. A GRADE 7 OR 8 CONCRETE AGGREGATE OR DRILL CUTTINGS (IF GRANULAR AND NOT LARGER THAN 3/4") MAY BE USED AS FILL.

# **EXPANDING ANCHOR NOTES:**

- 1. HOLE SHALL BE DRILLED AT AN ANGLE INLINE WITH THE GUY (45° TO 60° TYPICAL).
- 2. OTHER ANCHOR TYPES (DISC OR SCREW TYPE) MAY BE USED WITH ENGINEER'S APPROVAL.
- 3. HOLE SIZE SHALL BE SLIGHTLY LARGER THAN THE UNEXPANDED ANCHOR, PER MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
- 4. ALL ANCHORS SHALL BE INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS. ALL BLADES SHALL BE WEDGED INTO UNDISTURBED SOIL.
- 5. FOLLOWING INSTALLATION OF THE ANCHOR AND ANCHOR ROD, BACKFILL HOLE AND THOROUGHLY TAMP.

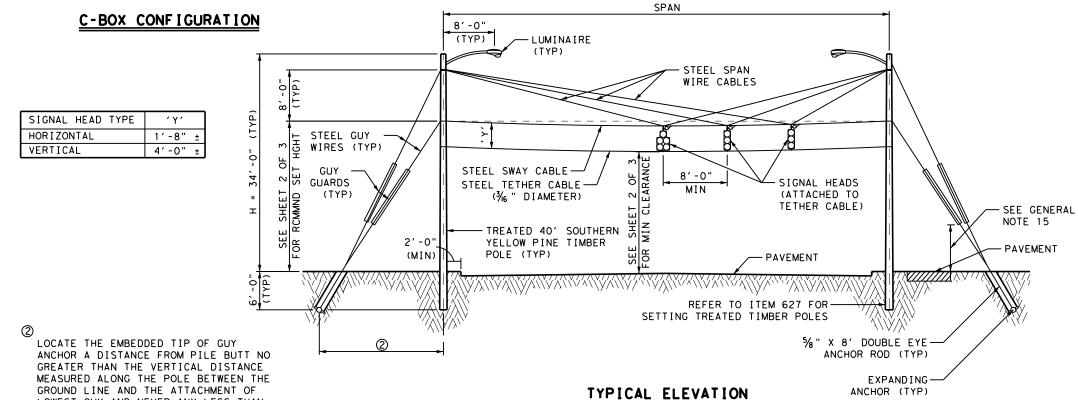
SHEET 1 OF 3



TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES TIMBER POLE ASSEMBLIES

> (80 MPH WIND ZONE) TP-80(1)-12 (FTW)

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TxDOT	SEPTEMBER	2012		CONT	SECT		JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS			0902	00		290			VA
				DIST			COUNTY			SHEET NO.
				FTW			TARRANT			78



(VERTICAL SIGNALS SHOWN,

HORIZONTAL SIGNALS SIMILAR)

of this standard is governed ranty of any kind is made by a no responsibility for the of

STEP 1 NOTES:

- 1. CONSTRUCTION MAY PROCEED IN ONLY ONE DIRECTION AT A TIME.
- 2. SET THE POLES PLUMB AND THE EXPANDING ANCHORS PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- BACKFILL HOLES FOR ANCHOR, ANCHOR ROD & POLES PER ITEM 627.

1. INSTALL AND STRESS THE STEEL SWAY CABLE PER

2. INITIAL SAG IS THE MAXIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN THE SWAY CABLE AND A STRAIGHT LINE BETWEEN THE

THIS IS THE FINAL STEP FOR THE OPEN END (SPAN

WITHOUT SIGNALS) IN THE C-BOX CONFIGURATION.

1. INSTALL THE UPPER STEEL GUY WIRE. CONNECT TO

2. DETERMINE HORIZONTAL COMPONENT OF STRESSING FORCE BASED ON THE SPAN LENGTH AND THE NUMBER

OF SIGNAL HEADS FROM UPPER GUY WIRE INITIAL

INITIAL TENSION = HORIZ COMPONENT / COS 02 (3)

THE INITIAL SWAY CABLE PROFILE CHART.

SUPPORT POINTS ON THE TIMBER POLES. 3. INITIAL SAG REQUIREMENTS DO NOT ACCOUNT FOR WEIGHT OF CONDUCTOR CABLE. CONDUCTOR CABLE

IS TO BE ATTACHED IN STEP 4.

ANCHOR ROD FROM STEP 1.

3. STRESS UPPER GUY WIRE TO:

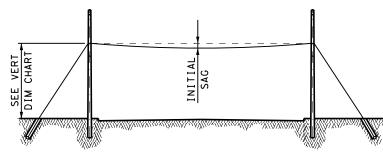
OF THE SIGNAL HEADS.

TENSION CHART.

STEP 4 NOTES:

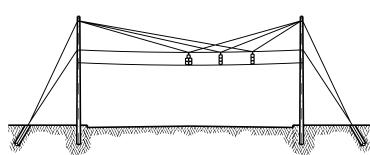
STRESS LOWER GUY WIRE TO: INITIAL TENSION = 500 LB / COS 01 (2)

# STEP 1 - SET POLE & STRESS LOWER GUY WIRE



STEP 2 - STRESS SWAY CABLE

STEP 3 - STRESS UPPER GUY WIRE



3. FOLLOWING THE STRESSING OF ALL SPAN WIRE CABLES, CONSTRUCTION MAY PROCEED IN THE PERPENDICULAR DIRECTION OR PROCEED WITH THE INSTALLATION OF THE TETHER CABLE, CONDUCTOR CABLE AND ALL OTHER ATTACHMENTS.

VERIFY MINIMUM FINAL CLEARANCE AFTER ALL ATTACHMENTS.

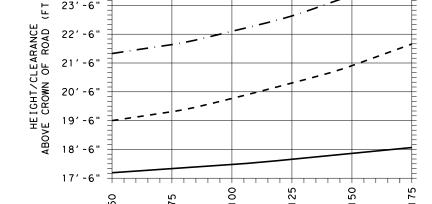
1. ATTACH SIGNAL HEADS TO STEEL SWAY CABLE.

2. INSTALL STEEL SPAN WIRE CABLES AND SIGNALS. STRESS SPAN WIRE CABLES UNTIL THE SIGNALS

CAN BE ATTACHED TO SWAY CABLE AND NOT CAUSE

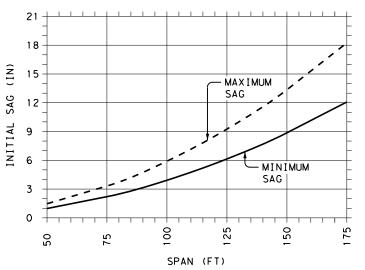
DEFLECTION IN THE SWAY CABLE FROM THE WEIGHT

STEP 4 - INSTALL SIGNAL HEADS & ATTACHMENTS

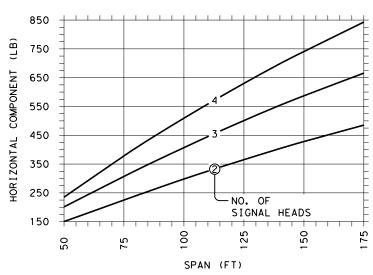


24'-6"

# SPAN (FT) VERTICAL DIMENSIONS



# SWAY CABLE PROFILE



UPPER GUY WIRE INITIAL TENSION

- RECOMMENDED HEIGHT OF SWAY CABLE SUPPORT W/ VERTICAL SIGNALS (1)
- RECOMMENDED HEIGHT OF SWAY CABLE SUPPORT W/ HORIZONTAL SIGNALS 1
  - MINIMUM FINAL CLEARANCE AFTER ALL ATTACHMENTS (2)
  - ① RECOMMENDED HEIGHT DOES NOT ACCOUNT FOR INTERSECTION OR SITE GRADING AND ADJUSTMENTS MAY BE NECESSARY. CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY THAT THE MINIMUM FINAL CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE PAVEMENT AND SIGNAL HEAD OR TETHER CABLE IS SATISFIED.
  - (2) FINAL CLEARANCE ALLOWS DEFLECTION DUE TO ICE LOADING.

- --- TENSION = 700 LB 3 - TENSION = 1,050 LB
  - 3 TENSIONS SHOWN ARE CABLE FORCES AND DO NOT ACCOUNT FOR FRICTION IN EQUIPMENT DURING STRESSING OPERATIONS.

# NOTES:

- 1. SEE SHEET 1 OF 3 FOR GENERAL NOTES.
- 2. MINIMUM ALLOWABLE SOIL STRENGTH IS 20 BLOWS/12" PER THE TEXAS CONE PENETRATION TEST (TCP).

SHEET 2 OF 3

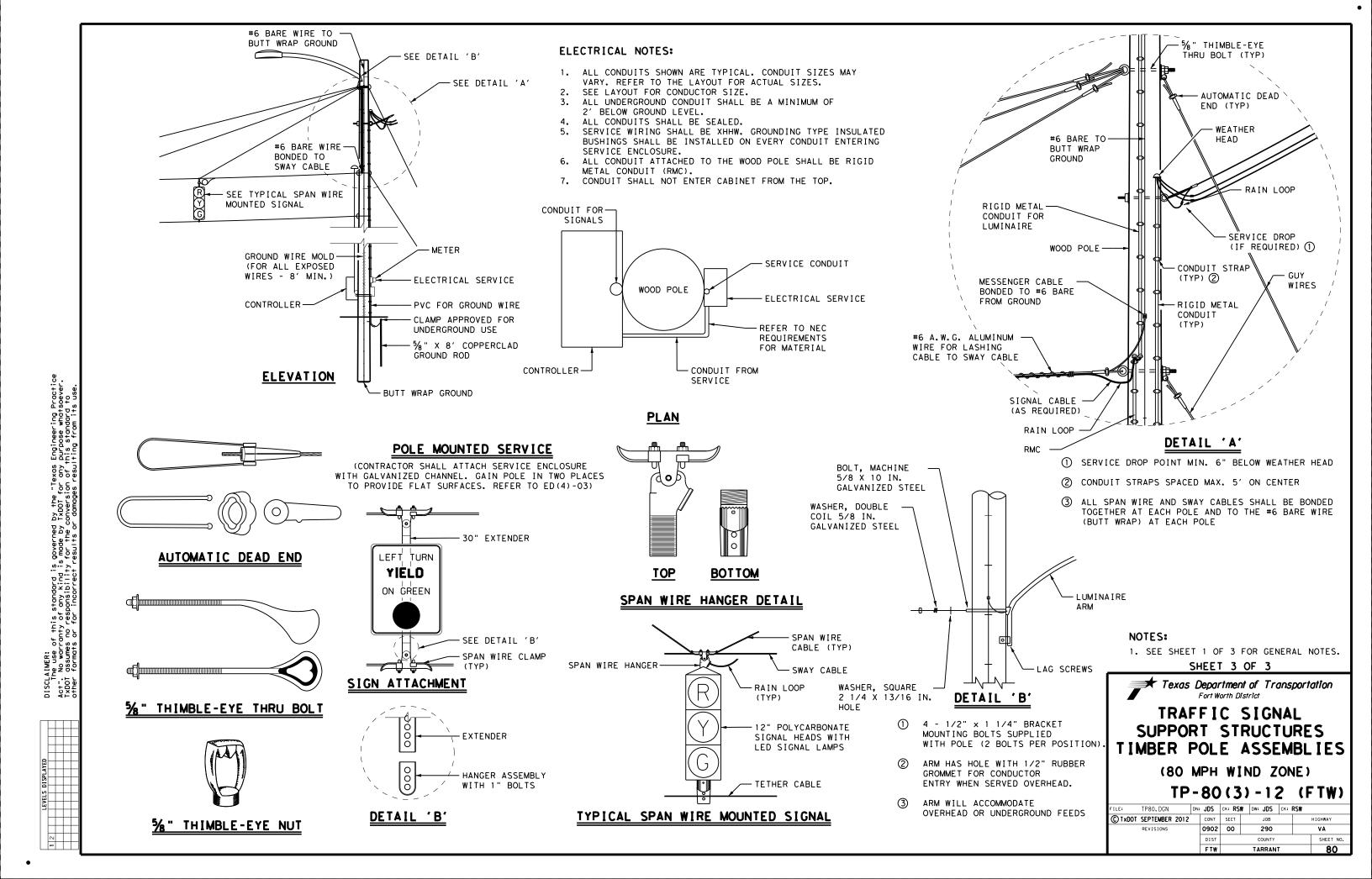


# TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES TIMBER POLE ASSEMBLIES

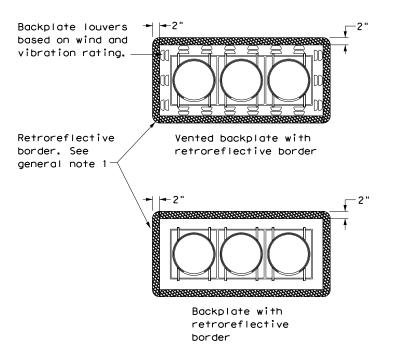
(80 MPH WIND ZONE) TP-80(2)-12 (FTW)

TP80.DGN DN: JDS CK: RSW DW: JDS CK: RSW CTxDOT SEPTEMBER 2012 CONT 0902 00 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. 79 FTW TARRANT

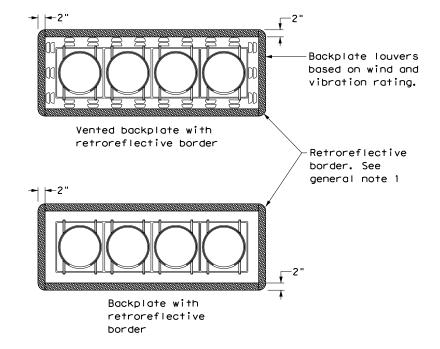
DISCLAIMER:
The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice
Act". No warranty of any kind is made by IxDOI for any purpose whatsoever.
AXOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to
ather formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.



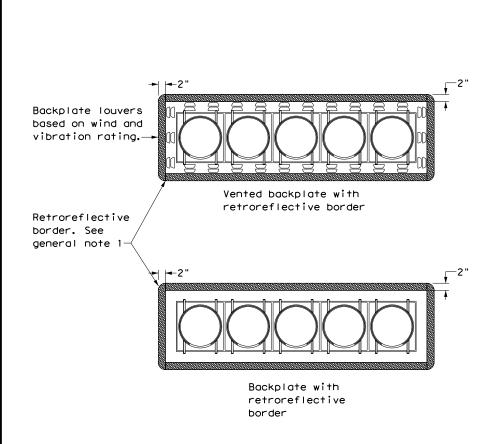




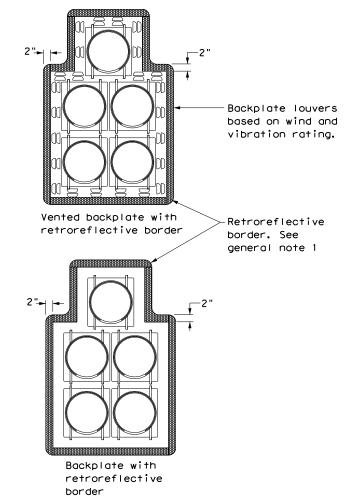
# THREE-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



# FOUR-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



FIVE-SECTION HEAD HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL



FIVE-SECTION HEAD CLUSTER

# Vented backplate with retroreflective border. See general note 1

retroreflective

PEDESTRIAN HYBRID

**BEACON** 

border

Backplates are optional for traffic signals and pedestrian hybrid beacons. When backplates are used, a 2-inch wide fluorescent yellow AASHTO Type B<sub>FL</sub> or C<sub>FL</sub> retroreflective border conforming to TxDOT DMS-8300 is required. Place on all approaches when used.
 Signal head and backplate compatability must be verified by the contractor prior to installation.

 When using backplates on signal heads, venting is preferred to reduce cyclic vibration stress.

4. When a vented backplate is used, the retroreflective border must not be placed over the louvers.

5. This standard sheet applies to all signal heads with backplates, including but not limited to:

Pole mounted

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

- Overhead mounted
- Span wire mounted
- Mast arm mounted
- Vertical signal heads
- Horizontal signal heads
- Clustered signal heads
- Pedestrian hybrid beacons

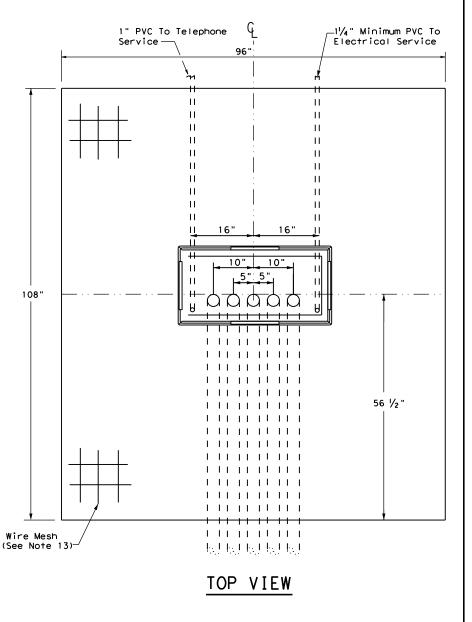


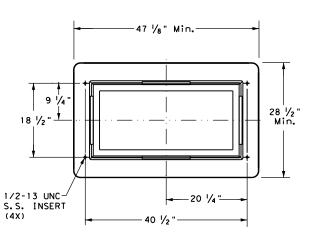
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD WITH BACKPLATE

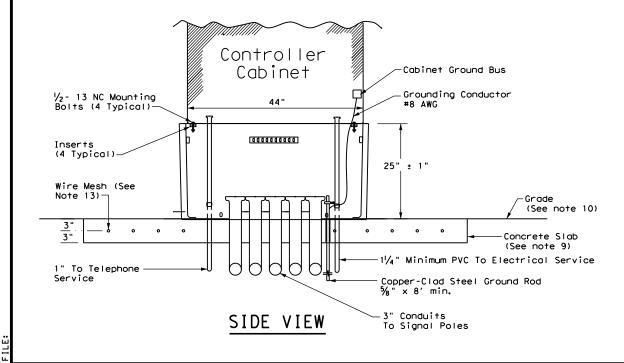
TS-BP-20

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TxDOT June 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
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CABINET BASE



# TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER BASE:

- Provide a traffic signal controller base (cabinet base) manufactured of polymer concrete material consisting
  of calcareous and siliceous stone; glass fibers and thermoset polyester resin. The polymer concrete cabinet
  base must be reinforced on the inside of the cabinet base with fiberglass matting. Provide one of the
  following bases: Armorcast Part # A6001848X24, Quazite Model # PG3048Z709, or other as approved by TxDOT
  Traffic Safety Division.
- 2. The polymer concrete material must have a minimum compressive strength of 10,300 pounds per square inch (psi), minimum flexural strength of 3600 psi, and minimum shear strength of 3600 psi.
- The polymer concrete cabinet base must conform to the dimensions shown and must accommodate a standard TxDOT basemount cabinet.
- 4. Supply the cabinet base with four 1#2"-13 UNC stainless steel inserts for attachment of the cabinet to the base. Inserts must withstand a minimum torque of 50 ft-lb and a minimum straight pull out strength of 750 lbs.
- 5. Provide the cabinet base with 4 cable racks mounted one on each side of the base 2" to 7 " from the top edge of the base. Unless approved otherwise, cable racks must be 1-1/2 x 9#16x 3#16inch steel channel with eight T-slots spaced at 1-1/2 inches. The cable racks must easily accommodate the insertion of tie wraps to attach field wiring to the racks to serve as strain relief. Secure cable racks to the base using 1#2"-13 UNC stainless steel screws and inserts.
- 6. The cabinet base, when secured to the concrete slab with controller cabinet attached, must withstand a minimum wind load of 125 mph or a 850 lb force applied at 49" above the bottom of the base without causing the base or cabinet to come out of their anchored position or cause any permanent deformation. The manufacturer must supply certification by an independent testing laboratory or sealed by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Provide the cabinet base with hardware for attachment to a concrete slab.
- The traffic signal base must be permanently marked either by impress or by permanent ink with the manufacturer's model number and name or logo.
- 8. Seal the base to the concrete with a silicone caulk bead and fastened to the slab per manufacturer's instructions.

# CONCRETE SLAB:

- 9. Traffic signal controller pad must be a portland cement concrete slab poured in place, must conform to the dimensions shown, and must be level.
- 10. Grade earthwork such that it is flush with the concrete pad on all four sides, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Subsidiary to ITEM 680, four inch rip rap may be used in lieu of earthwork. Slopes shall gradually contour to match plans.
- 11. Bond a #8 AWG copper ground wire and an 8 ft ground rod bonded to the reinforcing mesh by a suitable UL Listed clamp and terminated to the cabinet grounding bus for the purpose of providing a local ground for the electrical grounding conductor. The electrical grounding conductor specified in Item 680-3.A.4 is required and must be terminated to the cabinet ground bus.
- 12. Install a PVC sleeve to prevent the ground rod from direct embedment in the slab.
- 13. Provide welded wire mesh 6X6-W2.9 X W2.9 for reinforcement. Provide joints and splices in the mesh with a minimum 6-inch overlap. Center the mesh between top and bottom and provide a minimum 3 inch cover on the edges.
- 14. Provide Class B concrete minimum for the slab in accordance with Item 421. Construct the slab in accordance with Item 531.

# CONDUITS:

- 5. Stub up and run 3-inch conduits through the slab to the various traffic signal poles and ground boxes as shown on the layouts. Install the number of conduits as shown on layouts plus two additional 3 inch conduits for future use. Terminate the conduits with a bushing between 2 and 4-inches above the slab.
- Extend conduits for future use at least 18-inches from the edge of the slab, terminate underground with a coupling, and cap and seal so that the seal can be removed without damaging the coupling. This must also apply to unused telephone conduit.
- 17. Stub up two separate conduits through the slab from the electrical and telephone services. Run the conduit for the electrical feed directly to the electrical service enclosure. Run the conduit for the telephone line directly to the telephone service, usually located on the same pole as the electrical service. Telephone must not under any circumstance share a conduit with any other function.
- 18. Terminate electric and telephone conduits above the slab with a coupling. After the base is installed, extend the conduits above the top of the base and secure to the base using a steel one-hole strap or similar suitable substitute.

# CONTROLLER CABINET:

- 19. Anchor the controller cabinet to the base using four stainless steel 1/2-13 NC bolts.
- 20. The silicone caulk bead specified in Item 680.3.B must be RTV 133.

# **PAYMENT:**

21. Bid TS-CF as subsidiary to Item 680.



TRAFFIC SIGNAL
CONTROLLER CABINET
BASE AND PAD

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TS-CF-21

FILE: ts-cf-21.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
©TxDOT October 2000	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 12-04	0902	00	290		VA
2-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	02		$T \land D D \land$	NIT	00

	FOUNDATION DESIGN TABLE													
REINFORCING EMBEDDED DRILLED SHAI FDN DRILLED STEEL LENGTH-f†(4),(5),(6)					D SHAFT (5), (6)	ANCHOR BOLT DESIGN F			FOUNDATION DESIGN LOAD TYPICAL APPLICA			<u> </u>		
TYPE	SHAFT DIA	VERT BARS	SPIRAL & PITCH	N	ONE PENE <sup>®</sup>   blows/f   15		ANCHOR BOLT DIA	Fy (ksi)	BOLT CIR DIA	ANCHOR TYPE	MOMENT	D © SHEAR Kids	TYPICAL APPLICATION	
24-A	24"	4-#5	#2 at 12"		5.3	4.5	3/4 "	36	12 3/4"	1	10		Pedestal pole, pedestal mounted controller.	
30-A	30"	8-#9	#3 at 6"	11.3	10.3	8.0	1 ½"	55	17"	2	87	3	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)	1
36-A	36"	10-#9	#3 at 6"	13.2	12.0	9.4	1 3/4"	55	19"	2	131		Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) 30' strain pole with or without luminaire.	
36-B	36"	12-#9	#3 at 6"	15.2	13.6	10.4	2"	55	21"	2	190		Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table) Strain pole taller than 30′ & strain pole with mast arm	
42-A	42"	14-#9	#3 at 6"	17.4	15.6	11.9	2 1/4"	55	23"	2	271	9	Mast arm assembly. (see Selection Table)	1

	FOUNDATION SELE	ECTION TABL SN SUPPORT	E FOR STANDA ASSEMBLIES	ARD MAST	
		FDN 30-A	FDN 36-A	FDN 36-B	FDN 42-A
_	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH	32'	48′		
80 MPH DESIGN WIND SPEED		24' X 24'			
		28' X 28'			
	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM	32' X 28'	32′ X 32′		
	LENGTH COMBINATIONS		36′ X 36′		
8≥			40′ X 36′		
"			44′ X 28′	44′ X 36′	
z	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH		36′	44'	
DESIGN SPEED			24′ X 24′		
			28' X 28'		
_ <sub>_</sub>	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM		32' X 24'	32' X 32'	
₽₽	LENGTH COMBINATIONS			36′ X 36′	
OO MPH WIND				40′ ×24′	40' X 36'
_					44′ × 36′

2 Flat Washers

Type 2

**NUT ANCHOR** 

(TYPE 2)

per Anchor Bolt

**EXAMPLE:** 

 $\frac{1}{4}$ " thk. min.

Top Template

Lengt read Min.

I vani

(Omit bottom template

ze Lo

for FDN 24-A)

Type 1

R=d-

1 ½" Min \_

Circular Steel Bottom Template

HOOKED ANCHOR

(TYPE 1)

ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

80rient anchor bolts orthogonal

ensure that two bolts are in

tension under dead load.

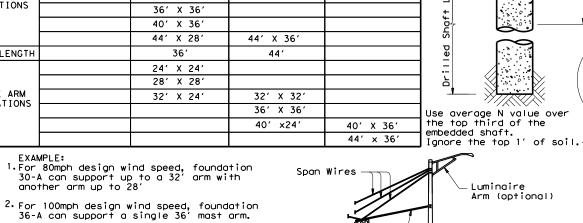
with the fixed arm direction to

Circular Steel

another arm up to 28'

Heavy Hex

Nut (Typ)



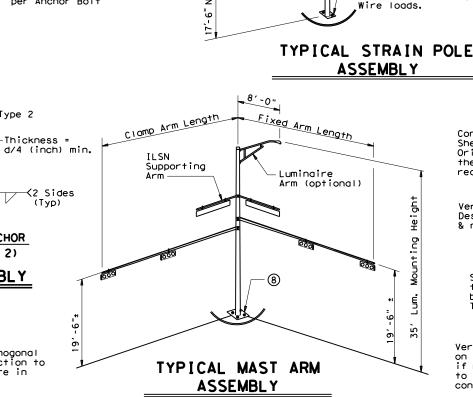
Traffic Signal Pole-

Anchor bolts to be

approximately oriented

tension from the Span

so that two bolts are in



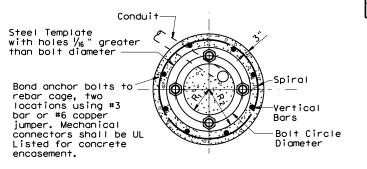
Sway Cable

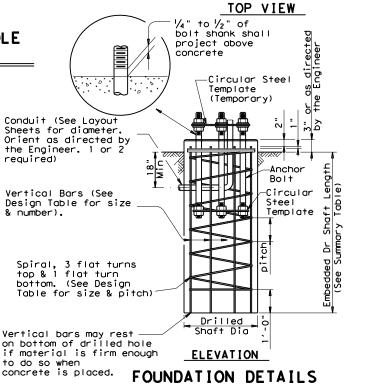
# NOTES:

- 1) Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Loads.
- (2) Foundation Design Loads are the allowable moments and shears at the base of the structure.
- (3) Foundations may be listed separately or grouped according to similarity of location and type. Quantities are for the Contractor's information only.
- 4 Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.
- (5) If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shaft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.
- (6) Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

ANCHOR BOLT & TEMPLATE SIZES									
BOLT DIA IN.	O BOLT TOP BOTTOM BOLT R2 R1								
¾ "	1'-6"	3"	_	12 ¾"	7 1/8"	5 % "			
1 1/2"	3′-4"	6"	4"	17"	10"	7"			
1 3/4"	3'-10"	7"	4 ½"	19"	11 1/4"	7 3/4"			
2"	4'-3"	8"	5"	21"	12 ½"	8 ½"			
2 1/4"	4'-9"	9"	5 1/2"	23"	13 3/4"	9 1/4"			

(7) Min dimensions given, longer bolts are acceptable.





# GENERAL NOTES:

TOTAL DRILLED SHAFT LENGTHS

LOCATION

DENTIFICATION

N BLOW

/ft.

FDN

TYPE EA

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

Reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

FOUNDATION SUMMARY TABLE

DRILLED SHAFT LENGTH 6

(FEET)

24-A 30-A 36-A 36-B 42-A

Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes. Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

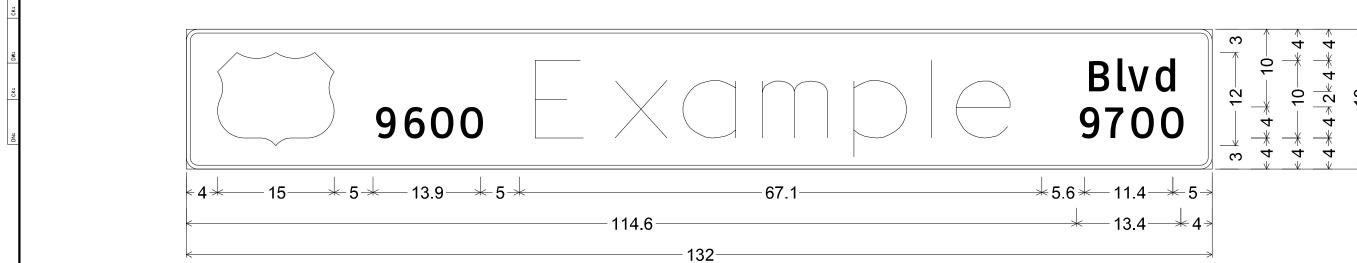
Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".



TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATION

TS-FD-12

	C TxDOT August	1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MAO/MMF	CK: JSY/TEB
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			DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
			FTW		TARRAN	١T		83



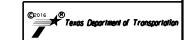
1.5" Radius, 0.5" Border, White on Blue;

© E ClearviewHwy-3-W; ©9600E ClearviewHwy-3-W; © exampleE ClearviewHwy-3-W; ©BlvdE ClearviewHwy-3-W;

[9700] ClearviewHwy-3-W;



THIS SHEET WILL BE ISSUED WITH EACH WORK ORDER IF REQUIRED LAYOUTS WILL BE PROVIDED



SIGN DETAILS

VARIOUS LOCATIONS

Sheet 1 of 1 Sheets										
DIST.		COUNTY SHEET NO.								
FTW		TARRANT								
CONTROL	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.							
0902	00 290 VA									

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

# SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

# Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

# Number of Posts (1 or 2)

### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

# Sign Mounting Designation

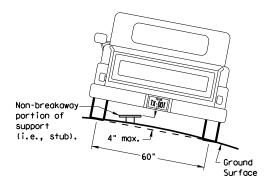
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

# REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

Not Acceptable

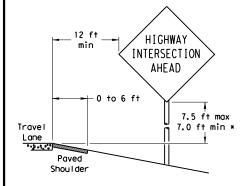
7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

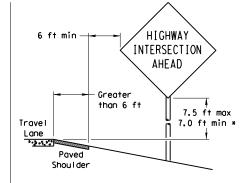
# SIGN LOCATION

# **PAVED SHOULDERS**



# LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



# GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

Travel

Lane

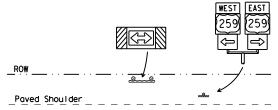
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min ·

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*



# (STOP)

# \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:

- edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

# Edge of Travel Lane

# (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

The website address is:

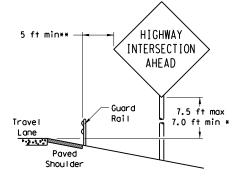
# Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

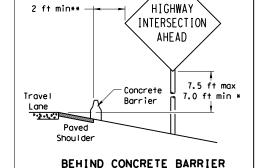
SMD (GEN) - 08

© TxDOT July 2002		DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
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		0902	00	290			VA	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		FTW		TARRAN	١T		85	

# BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$ 

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

Maximum

Travel

Lane

possible

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

HIGHWAY

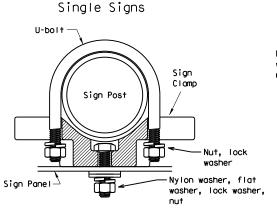
INTERSECTION

AHEAD

# TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle

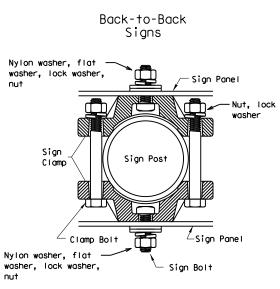


diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



diameter

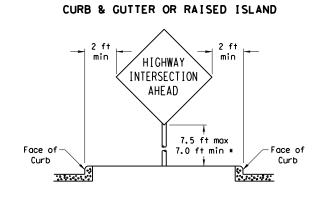
circle

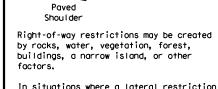
Acceptable

	Approximate	Bolt Length			
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp			
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"			
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"			
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"			

# **EAST** 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min \* When a supplemental plaque Travel or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque Payed or secondary sign. Shou I der

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

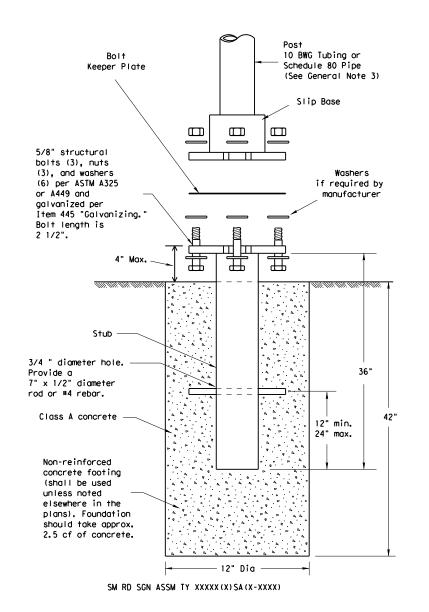
\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme







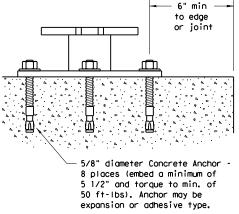
# TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



# NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System.
Please reference the Material Producer
List for approved slip base systems.
http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer\_list.htm
The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations.
Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

# CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

### GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

### Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

## Support

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight.
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

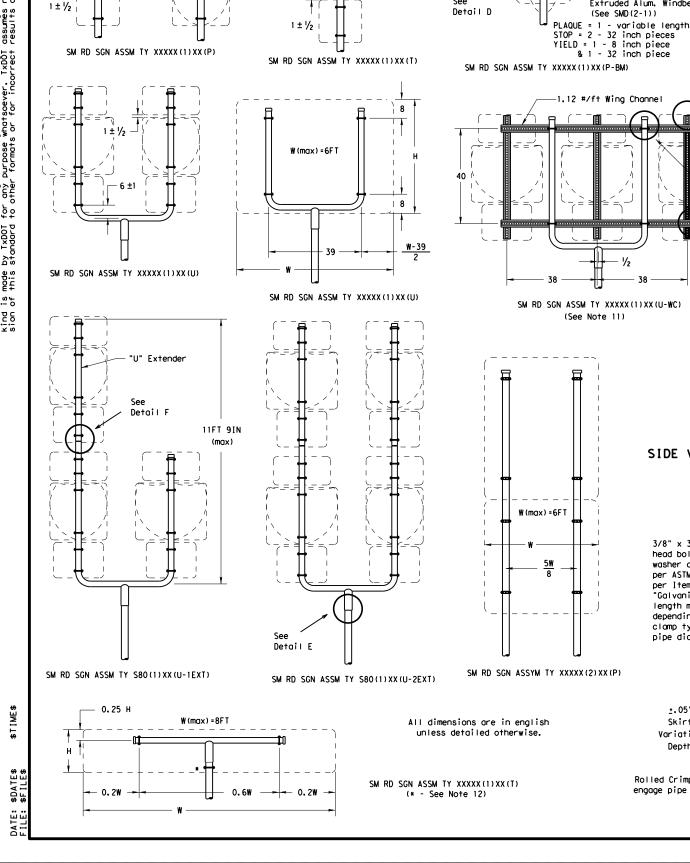
SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
		FTW		TARRAN	١T	86	



1 ± ½





Nylon washer. 5/16" x 1 3/4" Aluminum hex bolt with Sign nut, lock washer, Pane I 2 flat washers per ASTM A307 galvanized per Item 445. "Galvanizing.' Wing Channe I Extruded Alum. Windbeam Top View Detail A

Detail A

Detail B

Detail C

Aluminum.

Wina

Side View

SIDE VIEW

3/8" x 3 1/2" square

head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer

per Item 445

"Galvanizing." length may vary depending on sign

clamp type and pipe diameter.)

±.05"

Skirt

Variation

Depth

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

per ASTM A307 galvanized

Channe I

FRICTION CAP DETAIL

Pipe O.D.

-.025"<u>-</u>.010"

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

Sign

Pane I

Gap between

plaques

shall be

(See SMD(2-1))

& 1 - 32 inch piece

(See Note 11)

ONF-WAY

(R6-1) or

Street Name

Sign (if required)

STOP (R1-1)

YIELD (R1-2)

Wing Channe Sign Clamp -(Specific or Universal) 5/16" x 3 3/4" hex bolt with nut. lock washer Top View and flat washer per ASTM A307 Detail B

aalvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

Drill 7/16" hole 3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex (through) after bolt with nut, lock washer assembly and install and 2 flat washers per ASTM bolt, nut, 2 flat A307 galvanized per 1 1/2" washers and Item 445 "Galvanizing." lock washer. 11 Extender \_\_ 1.1 1.1 Detail F U-Bracket

Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Nylon washer,

Item 445.

5/16" x 3/4" hex bolt with

per ASTM A307

galvanized per Item 445.

"Galvanizing."

TOP VIEW

Extruded

Aluminum

Windbeam

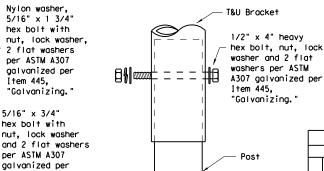
Sign Clamp

Universal)

Detail D

(Specific or

Detail C



Detail E Sign Clamp (Specific or Universal)

(see SMD(2-1)) 0

> Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal

thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes. The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

## GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle.

  8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Ŋ	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Kegulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
j.	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
S .	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

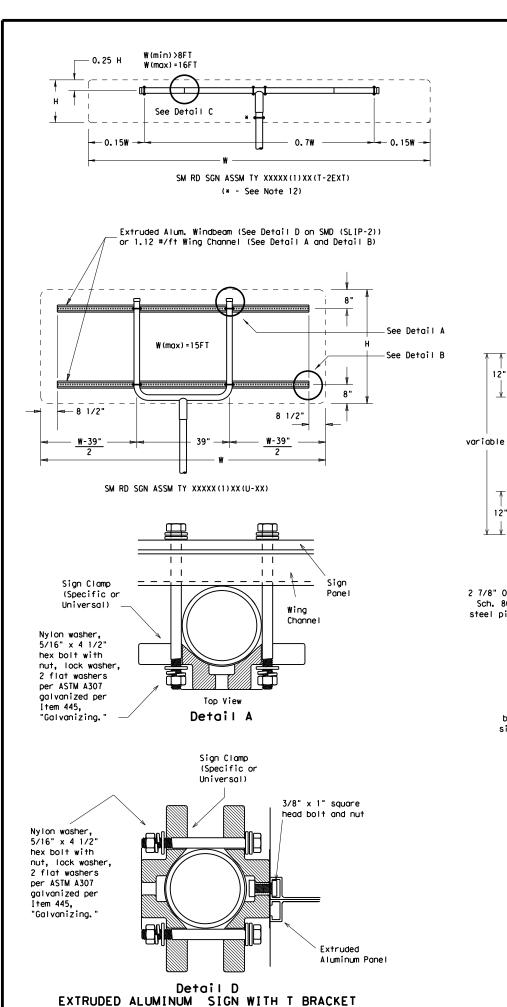
DEALITHER CURRANT

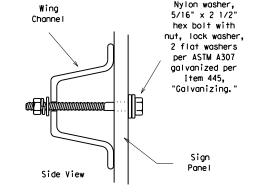
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

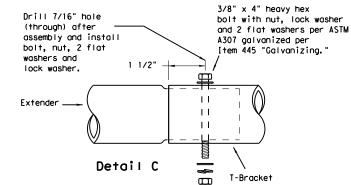
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Detail B

w variable



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

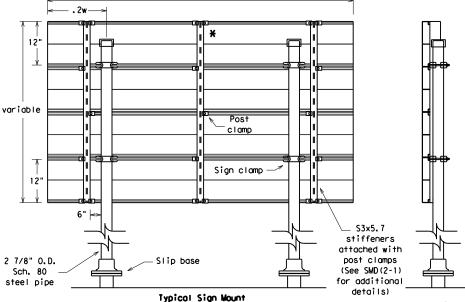
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

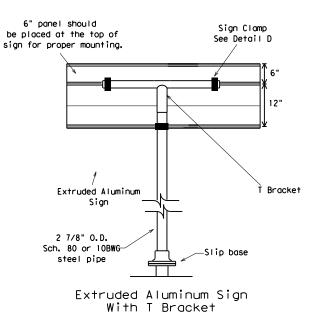
"Galvanizina.

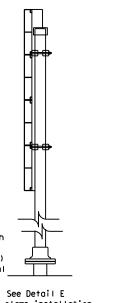
Detail E



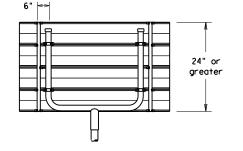
SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

\* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.





for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

# GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT					
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT				
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
, ,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
יכטייטניי	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)				
nego	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
ď	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)				
rur III II	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
1	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)				

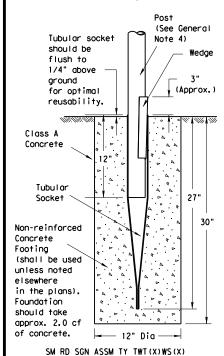


# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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# Wedge Anchor Steel System Wedge Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post



Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System Non-reinforced

(shall be used

unless noted

in the plans).

approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

detail on SMD

Concrete

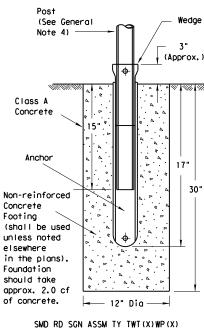
Footing

elsewhere

Foundation

should take

of concrete.

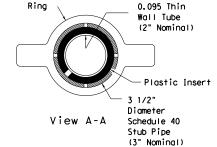


1/4 x 2 7/8" 1/2" x 7 1/2" Slots (4 Equally Post steel rod acts Spaced) (See General as a "stop" for the sign post and prevents stub from turning in the 3 1/2" foundation. Diameter Schedule 40 Stub Pipe (3" Nominal) Class Concrete Compression 2.375" Diameter 0.095 Thin Stub pipe

30"

-12" Dia

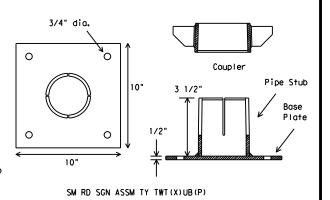
SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)



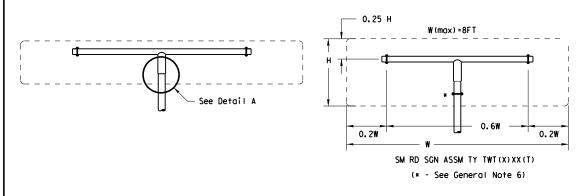
Plastic insert must be used when using the IWI with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

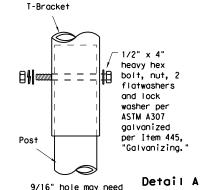
5/8" diameter Concrete
Anchor - 4 places
(embed a min. of
3 3/8" and torque
to min. of 50 ft-lbs).
Anchor may be
expansion or
adhesive type.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.



# Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

## GENERAL NOTES:

- The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- approval of the IXUOI Iraffic Standards Engineer.

  3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is:
- http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm

  4. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:
  13 BWG Tubing (2,375" outside diameter) (TWT)

0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099"
Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381"
Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

# WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer..
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 6. Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

# UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- I. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod. 7. Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring
- will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.

  3. Check sign post by band to ensure it is upable to turn. If loose increase the
- Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD(TWT)-08

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© TxDOT July 2002	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT CK: TXDO		

plans), Foundation

should take approx.

2.0 cf of concrete.

Friction Cap

or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

detail on SMD

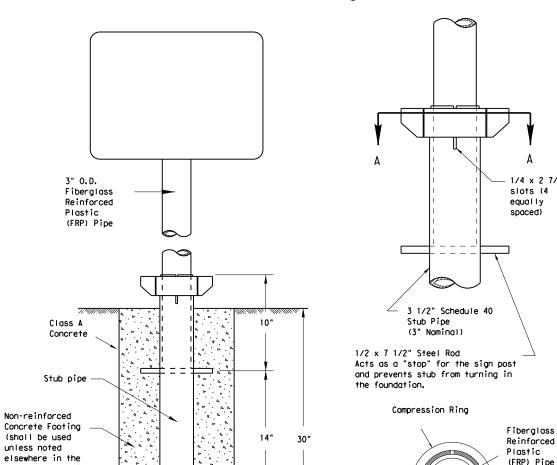
# Universal Anchor System with Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Post

3 1/2"

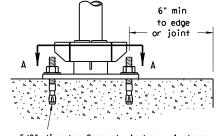
Schedule 40

(3" Nominal

Stub Pipe



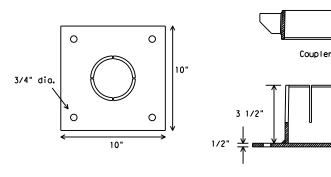
SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UA(P)



5/8" diameter Concrete Anchor - 4 places (embed a min, of 3 3/8" and torque to min, of 50 ft-lbs). Anchor may be expansion or adhesive type.

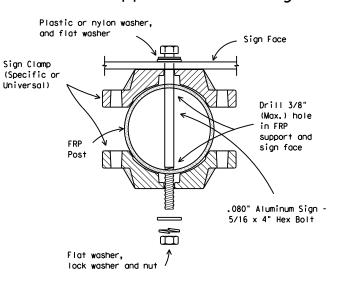
Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.

# **BOLT-DOWN DETAILS**

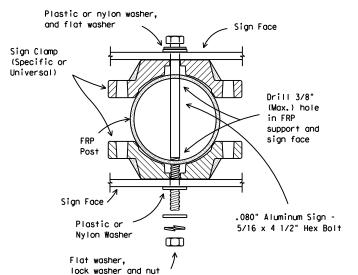


SM RD SGN ASSM TY FRP(X)UB(P)

# Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Single Sign



# Typical Sign Mounting Detail for FRP Support with Back-to-Back Signs



### GENERAL NOTES

- FRP sign supports for a single type sign support may be used for signs up to and including 16 square feet. Dual post installation may be used for signs up to and including 32 square feet.
- 2. All nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

### FRP POST REQUIREMENTS

- Materials shall conform to the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-4410 and will be furnished in a yellow or gray color as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Thickness of FRP sign support is 0.125" + 0.031", 0.0".
- FRP sign supports are prequalified by the Traffic Operations Division. Prequalification procedures are obtained by writing:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division 125 East 11th Street

Austin, Texas 78701-2483

# UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert base post in foundation hale to depths shown and fill hale with concrete. Cut base post from bottom and ensure a minimum of 18" embedment if installed in solid rock.
- 4. Level and plumb the base post with coupler using a torpedo level and let concrete set a minimum of 4 days, unless otherwise directed by Engineer. Bottom of base post slots shall be above the concrete footing.
- 5. Attach sign to FRP post.
- Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on the steel rod.
- 7. Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- 8. Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of coupler.

# BOLT DOWN SIGN SUPPORT

Pipe Stub

Base Plate

- 1. Position base plate with coupler on existing concrete.
- Drill holes into concrete and insert the 5/8" diameter bolts with wedge anchors, and tighten nuts.
- 3. Attach sign to FRP post.
- 4. Insert bottom of sign post into pipe stub.
- Use hammer to ensure the coupler is firmly seated. Top of coupler should be level with top of base post in most instances.
- Check sign to ensure there is no twist. If loose, increase the tightening of coupler.



# SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM WITH FRP POST

SMD (FRP) -08

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			SUMMARY		<b>⊋</b> 3	SM R			XXXX (X)	<u>xx</u> (x- <u>xxxx</u> )	BR I DGE MOUNT	
LAN					(TYPE	POST TYPE	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	I MOUN	NTING DESIGNATION	CLEARANCE SIGNS	
IEET	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG			PREFABRICATED	1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing	(See Note 2)  TY = TYPE  TY N  TY S	
												ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNES
												Square Feet Minimum Thicknet Less than 7.5 0.080" 7.5 to 15 0.100" Greater than 15 0.125"
												The Standard Highway Sign Design
												for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.  http://www.txdot.gov/
												NOTE:
												1. Sign supports shall be located as a on the plans, except that the Engin may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary secure a more desirable location or avoid conflict with utilities. Unle otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engin will verify all sign support location.
												2. For installation of bridge mount c signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
												3. For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, Sign Mounting Details Small Roadsic Signs General Notes & Details SMD((
												Texas Department of Transportation
												Texas Department of Transportation  SUMMARY OF
												SMALL SIGNS
												SOSS
-1					$+\Gamma$							4-16 8-16 DIST COUNTY FTW TARRANT

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# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING					



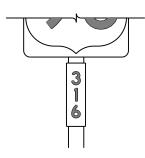




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING				
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

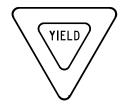
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## REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

## REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
	USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
	BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING				
	LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
	LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

### REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

	SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL						
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING						
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING						
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM						
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

## TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

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Type A

TYPE

A-2

A-3

B-I

B-2

B-3

CODE

E-3

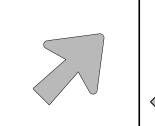
E-4

1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.

or "Fiberglass Signs".

## ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs



USE

Single

Lane

Multiple

Lane Exits



LETTER SIZE

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L

10.67" U/L and 10" Caps

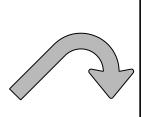
13.33" U/L and 12" Caps

16" & 20" U/L

USED ON SIGN NO.

E5-laT

E5-lbT



E-3

NOTE

Texas" manual.

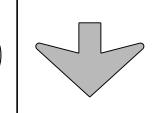
can be found at the following website.

Arrow dimensions are shown in the

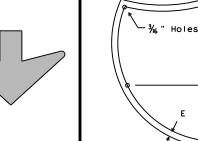
The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD)

http://www.txdot.gov/

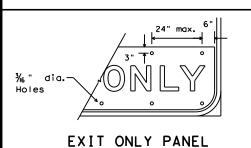
"Standard Highway Sign Designs for



Down Arrow



INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS						
	Α	С	D	E		
	36	21	15	11/2		
	48	28	20	13/4		



"Y" NO. OF EQUAL SPACES 6" Holes

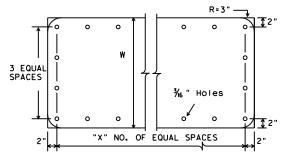
SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED

TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS

(FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)

U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5



STATE ROUTE MARKERS

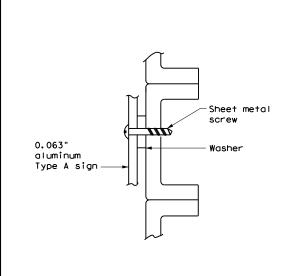
No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

## MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

## background Attachment sheeting sign sheeting Attachment sheeting must be cut at panel joints

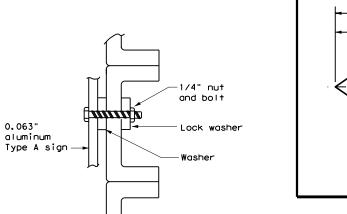
DIRECT APPLIED ATTACHMENT

2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs"



SCREW ATTACHMENT

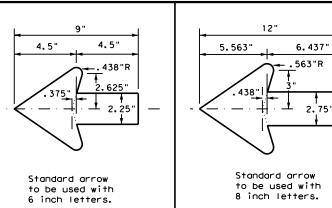
# ARROW DETAILS for Destination Signs (Type D)



NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

#### NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".



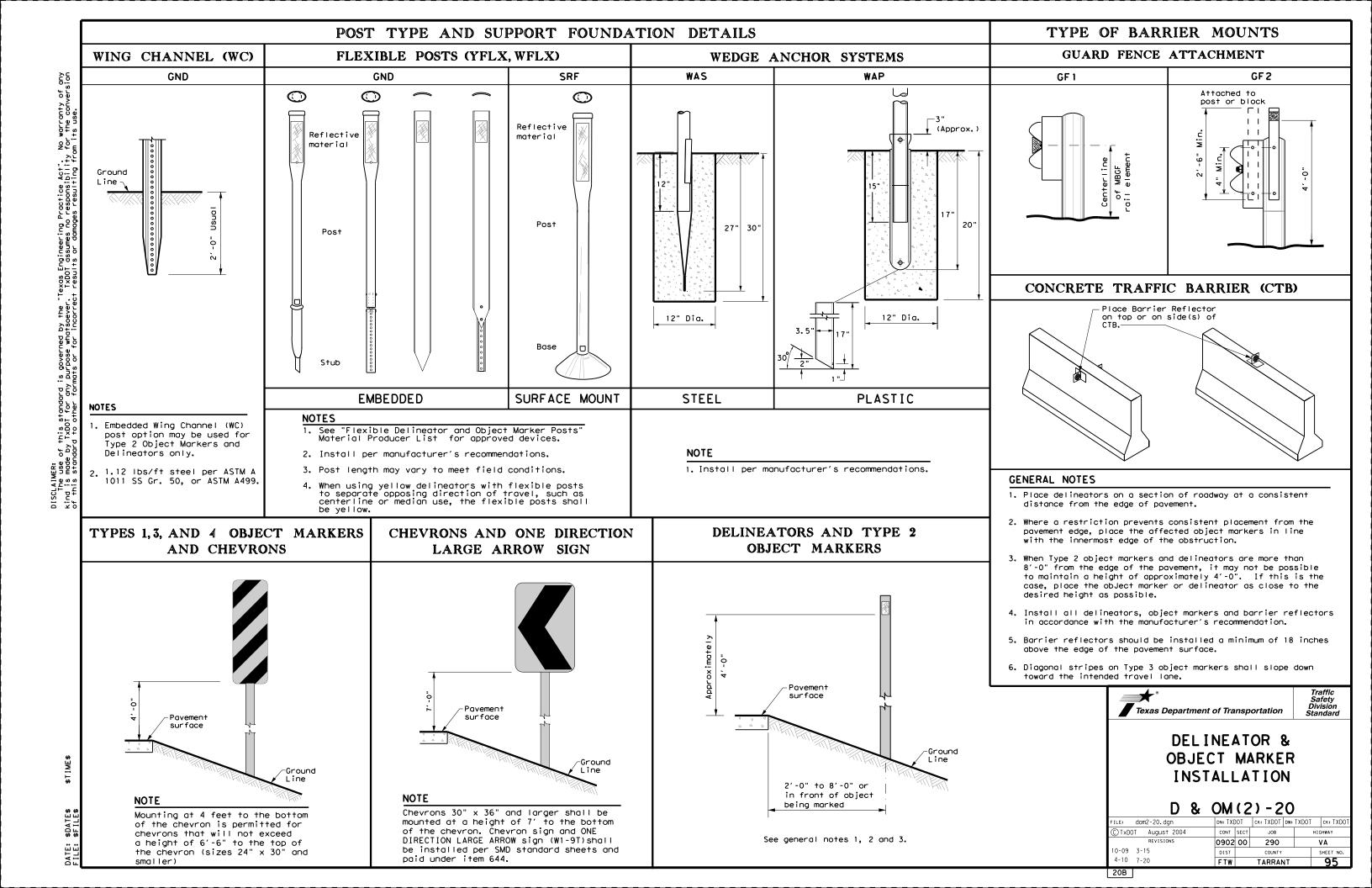
## TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

## TSR(5)-13

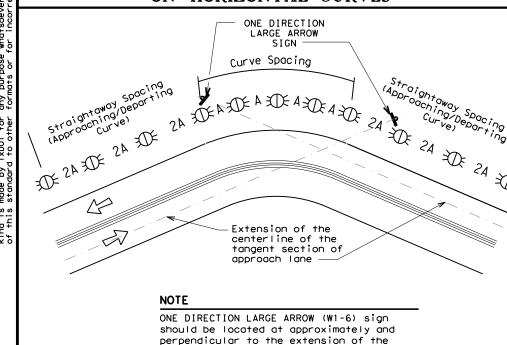
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### MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed				
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs			
15 MPH & 20 MPH	RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction Large     Arrow sign where geometric     conditions or roadside     obstacles prevent the     installation of chevrons.			
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of     chevrons	• RPMs and Chevrons			

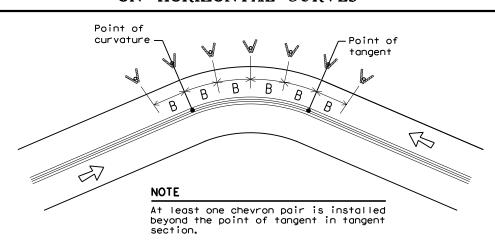
#### SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



### SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



#### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

	FEET						
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve			
		Α	2A	В			
1	5730	225	450				
2	2865	160	320				
3	1910	130	260	200			
4	1433	110	220	160			
5	1146	100	200	160			
6	955	90	180	160			
7	819	85	170	160			
8	716	75	150	160			
9	637	75	150	120			
10	573	70	140	120			
11	521	65	130	120			
12	478	60	120	120			
13	441	60	120	120			
14	409	55	110	80			
15	382	55	110	80			
16	358	55	110	80			
19	302	50	100	80			
23	249	40	80	80			
29	198	35	70	40			
38	151	30	60	40			
57	101	20	40	40			
			•				

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

#### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR AN	D OBJECT MARKER APPLI	CATION AND SPACING
CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4))
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100′max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end  See D & OM (5)
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

#### NOTES

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

LEGEND							
<b>XX</b>	Bi-directional Delineator						
X	Delineator						
<b>-</b> Sign							



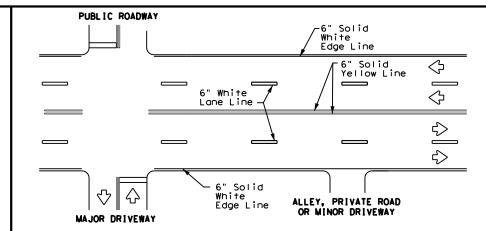
**DELINEATOR &** OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

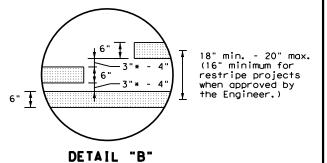
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FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

#### 6" Solid White ROADWAY 6" Solid Yellow Line Edge Line $\langle \rangle$ ➪ Solid ♡▮♢ ALLEY. PRIVATE ROAD Edge Line OR MINOR DRIVEWAY MA.JOR DRIVEWAY TYPICAL TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



## TYPICAL MULTI-LANE. TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



1. Where divided highways are

separated by median widths at

the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median

openings shall be signed as

2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

NOTES

for restripe

projects when

approved by

 $\triangleleft$ 

the Engineer.

# 3"to 12"+| |+

For posted speed on road being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

### YIELD LINES

12" 3" to 12" + 1 + 18" \( \overline{1}{3} \) \( \overline{1} \) \( \

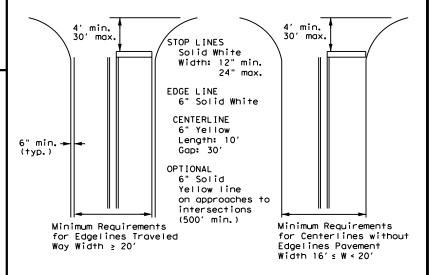
For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

### GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

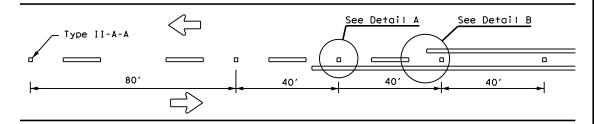
Texas Department of Transportation

## TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

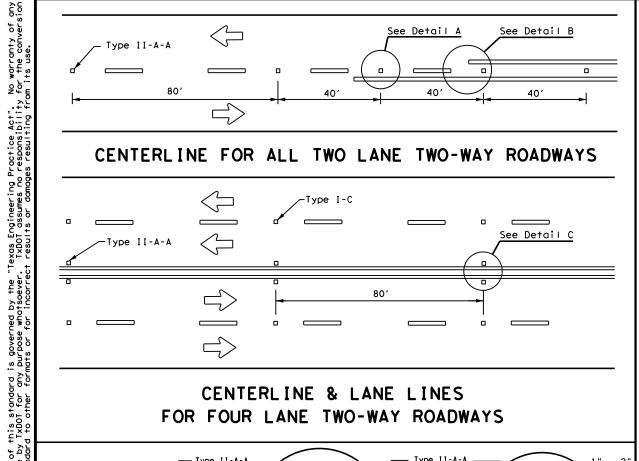
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1)-22

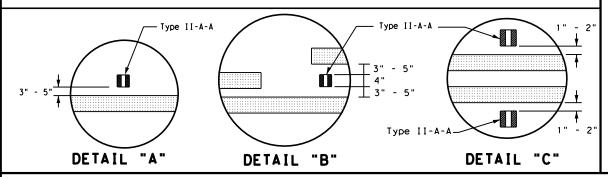
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### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



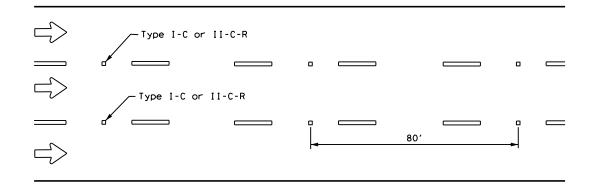
## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



OR 6" LANE LINE

## Centerline \ Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 401 80' Type I-C

#### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

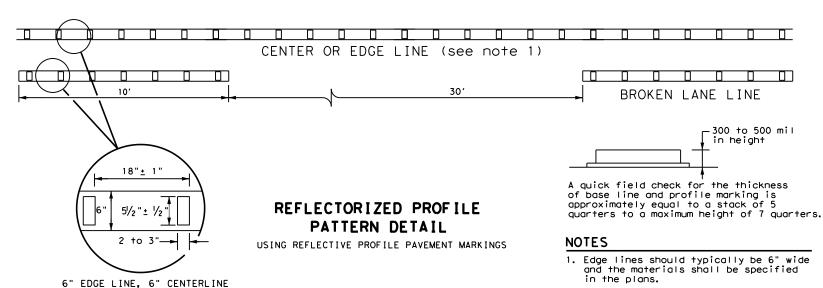


#### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

2. Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

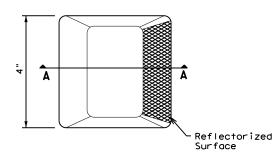


#### GENERAL NOTES

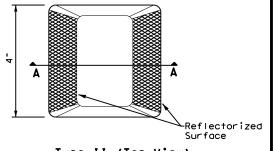
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

١	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
١	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
_	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
١	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
١	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
١	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

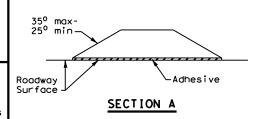
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



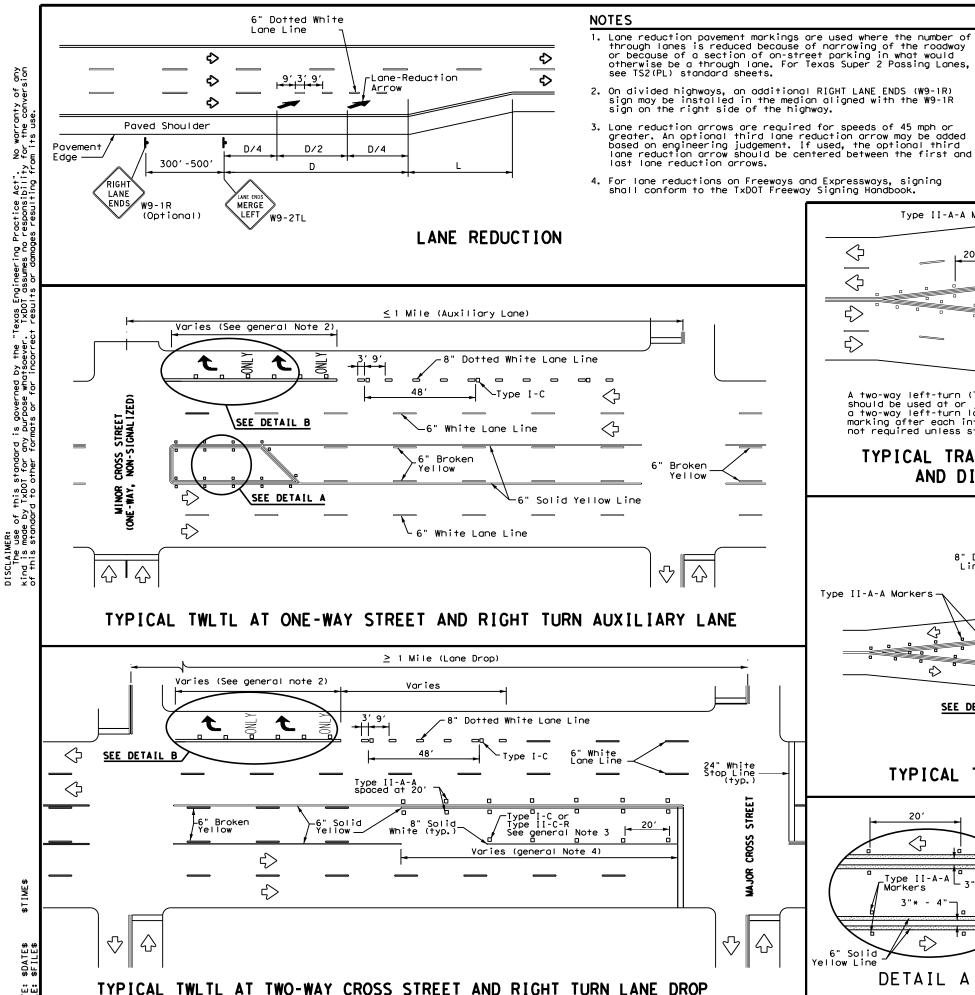
### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

ILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 1-77 8-00 6-20	0902	00	290 VA		/A	
1-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	FTW	TARRANT			98	



#### ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D) Posted Speed D (ft) L (f+) 460 30 MPH 35 MPH 565 60 40 MPH 670 45 MPH 775 50 MPH 885 55 MPH 990 60 MPH L=WS 1,100 65 MPH 1,200 1,250 70 MPH

# 1,350 75 MPH

Type II-A-A Markers.  $\diamondsuit$  $\diamondsuit$ ₹>

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

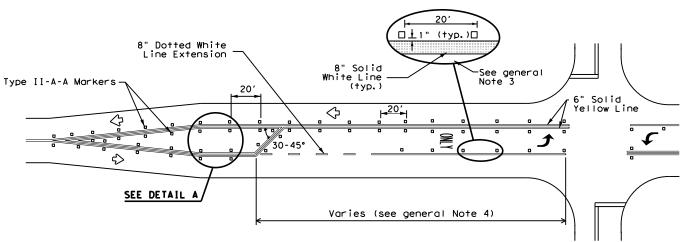
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

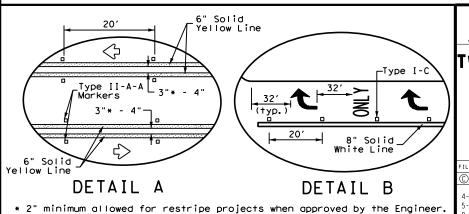
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used, two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



## TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS





Traffic Safety Division Standard

'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0902	00	290		VA
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	FTW		TARRAI	NΤ	99

HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK
AT CONTROLLED APPROACH

#### See Notes-- R1 - 5b 1 & 2 Shou I der 20' - 50' 24" White $\triangleleft$ crosswalk lines Center of crosswalk\_ 24" White $\Diamond$ line to lane line stop line Center of crosswalk 24" White $\Rightarrow$ line to center of stop line travel lane Center of crosswalk line $\Rightarrow$ to shoulder line (if 20' - 50' shoulder is present) Shoulder R1-5b -See Notes 1 & 2

UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

#### GENERAL NOTES

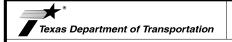
- Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

#### NOTES:

- Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



CROSSWALK
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(4)-22A

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12-20

Solid-White Edge Line

#### NOTES

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 4 inches from the bridge rail or face of curb or 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions.
- 2. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional. If used, the no-passing zone shall be a minimum 500 feet long from the beginning of the bridge.
- 3. The crosshatching should be required if the shoulder width in advance of the bridge is 4 feet or wider and a reduction of at least 3 feet in shoulder width across the bridge occurs.
- 4. On divided highways, review both the right and left shoulder widths for the need for narrow bridge pavement

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

·Solid White Edge Line

-12" min. 24" typ.

-Solid White Line

(See Note 3)

ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

\_6" min.

Length of crosshatch area (L) (See table below)

See latest MBGF and standard sheets for proper placement and allowable taper of MBGF and SGT.

-See D&OM standard sheets

details.

for Bridge Rail Reflector,

Delineator, and Object Marker

L20' typ.

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

PM(5) - 22

	_					
FILE: pm5-22,dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
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	FTW		TARRAI	ΝT		101

30	
35	300 ft
40	300 11
45	
50	
55	
60	500 ft
65	300 11
70	
75	

CROSSHATCH LENGTH (L)

L (ft)

Posted Speed

(MPH)

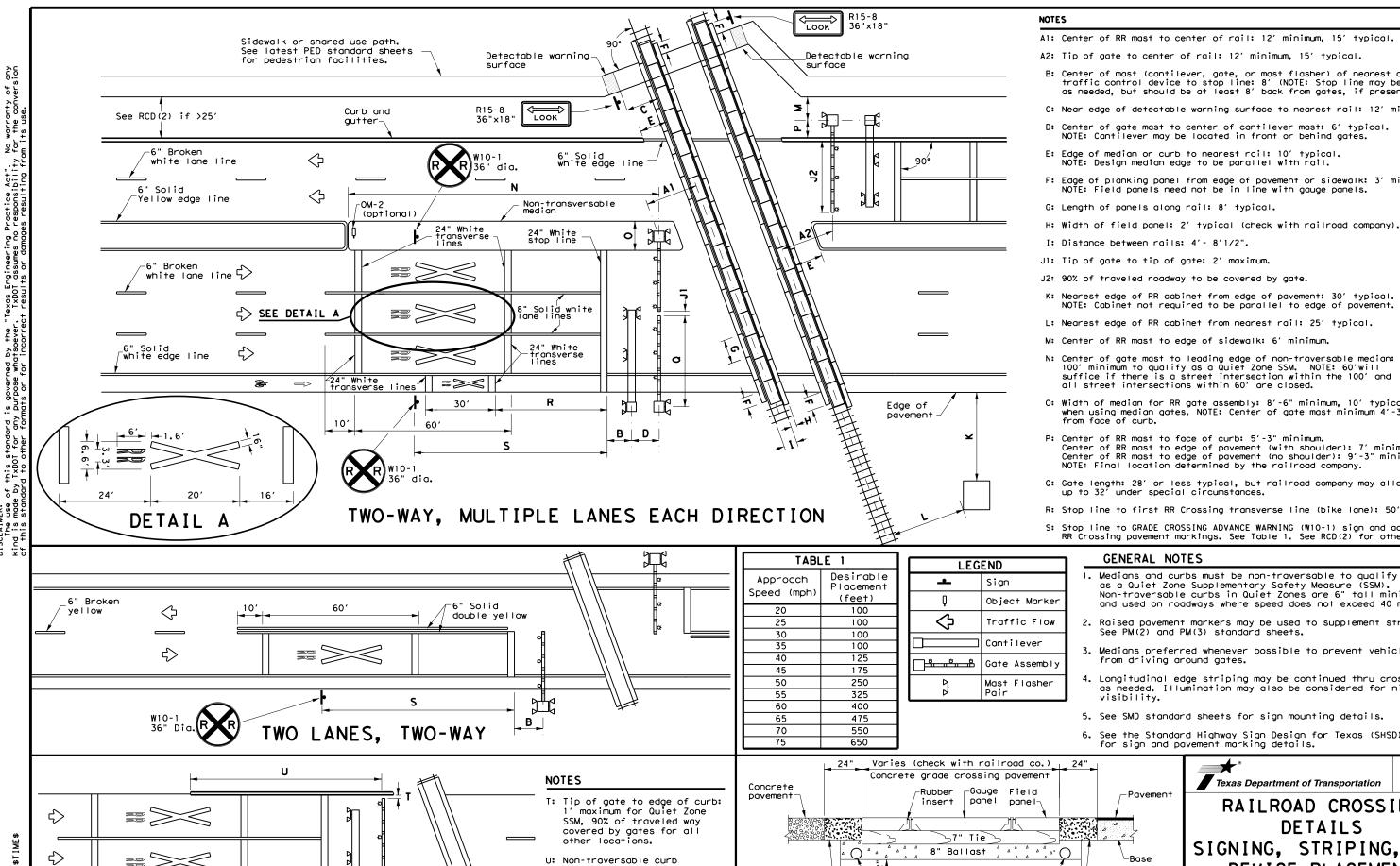
-See Roadway Design Manual for minimum shoulder width

-Bridge Rail

or Face of Curb

Guard Fence

Guard Fence



U: Non-traversable curb length from gate: 100' minimum for a Quiet Zone

other locations.

泔

36" Die

ONE-WAY STREET WITH CURB

SSM, 10' minimum for all

- Al: Center of RR most to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- A2: Tip of gate to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- B: Center of mast (cantilever, gate, or mast flasher) of nearest active traffic control device to stop line: 8' (NOTE: Stop line may be moved as needed, but should be at least 8' back from gates, if present).
- C: Near edge of detectable warning surface to nearest rail: 12' minimum.
- D: Center of gate mast to center of cantilever mast: 6' typical. NOTE: Cantilever may be located in front or behind gates.
- E: Edge of median or curb to nearest rail: 10' typical. NOTE: Design median edge to be parallel with rail.
- F: Edge of planking panel from edge of pavement or sidewalk: 3' minimum. NOTE: Field panels need not be in line with gauge panels.
- G: Length of panels along rail: 8' typical.
- H: Width of field panel: 2' typical (check with railroad company).
- I: Distance between rails: 4'- 8'1/2".
- J1: Tip of gate to tip of gate: 2' maximum.
- J2: 90% of traveled roadway to be covered by gate.
- K: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from edge of pavement: 30' typical. NOTE: Cabinet not required to be parallel to edge of pavement.
- L: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from nearest rail: 25' typical.
- M: Center of RR mast to edge of sidewalk: 6' minimum.
- N: Center of gate mast to leading edge of non-traversable median: 100' minimum to qualify as a Quiet Zone SSM. NOTE: 60'will suffice if there is a street intersection within the 100' and all street intersections within 60' are closed.
- 0: Width of median for RR gate assembly: 8'-6" minimum, 10' typical when using median gates. NOTE: Center of gate mast minimum 4'-3" from face of curb.
- P: Center of RR mast to face of curb: 5'-3" minimum.

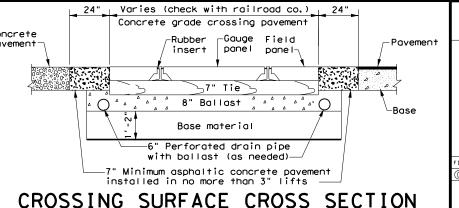
  Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (with shoulder): 7' minimum.

  Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (no shoulder): 9'-3" minimum. NOTE: Final location determined by the railroad company.
- Q: Gate length: 28' or less typical, but railroad company may allow up to 32' under special circumstances.
- R: Stop line to first RR Crossing transverse line (bike lane): 50' typical.
- S: Stop line to GRADE CROSSING ADVANCE WARNING (W10-1) sign and adjacent RR Crossing pavement markings. See Table 1. See RCD(2) for other signs.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- as a Quiet Zone Supplementary Safety Measure (SSM). Non-traversable curbs in Quiet Zones are 6" tall minimum and used on roadways where speed does not exceed 40 mph.
- 2. Raised pavement markers may be used to supplement striping. See PM(2) and PM(3) standard sheets.
- Medians preferred whenever possible to prevent vehicles from driving around gates.
- Longitudinal edge striping may be continued thru crossing as needed. Illumination may also be considered for nighttime visibility.
- 5. See SMD standard sheets for sign mounting details.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) manual for sign and pavement marking details.

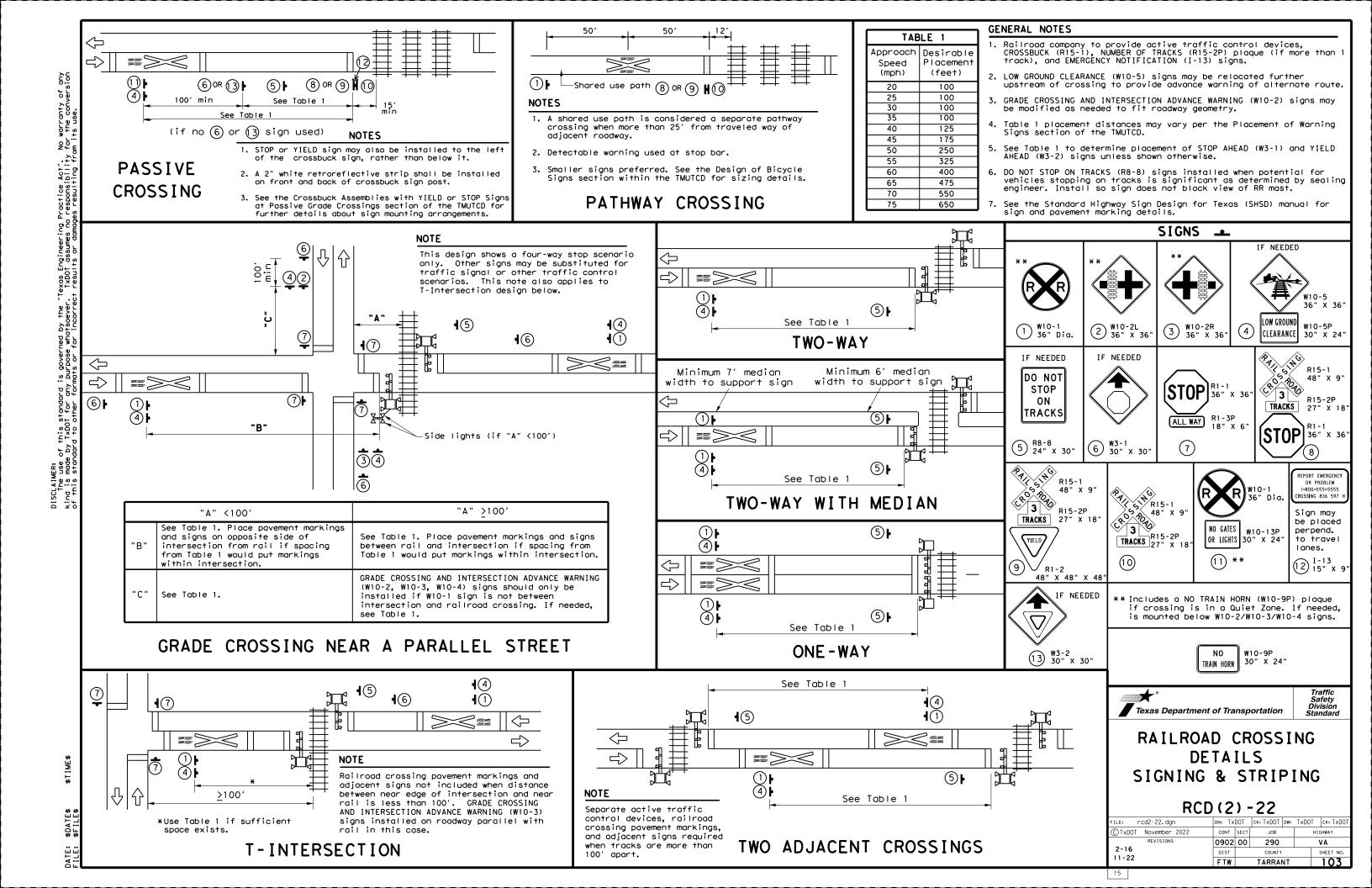
Texas Department of Transportation



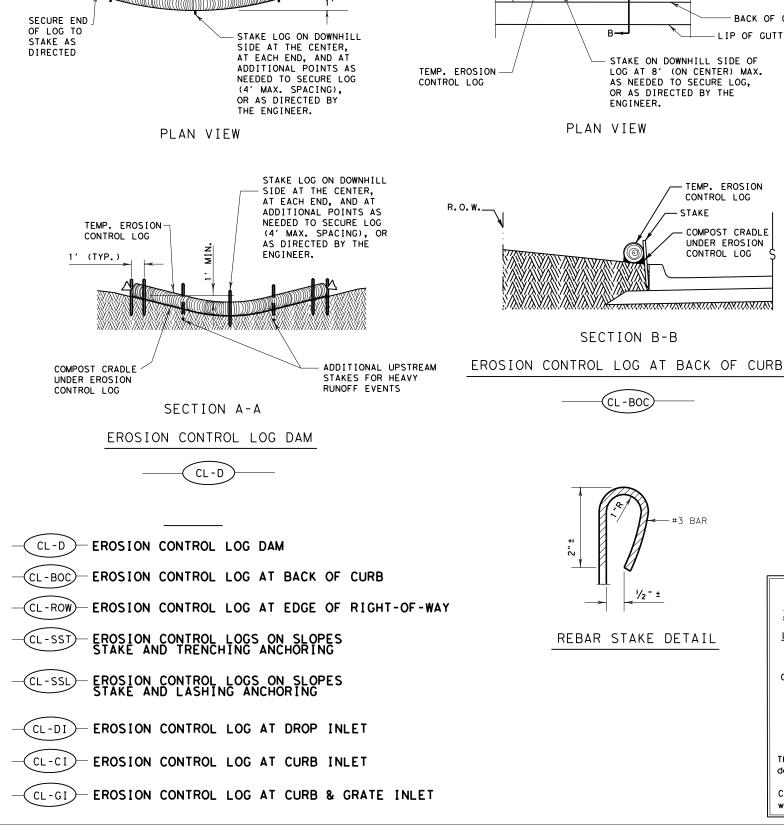
RAILROAD CROSSING DETAILS SIGNING, STRIPING, AND DEVICE PLACEMENT RCD(1)-22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

rcd1-22.dgn DN: TXDOT | CK: TXDOT | DW: TXDOT | CK: TXDO JOB C) TxDOT November 2022 0902 00 290 V۵ 11-22 TARRANT 102







FLOW

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

TEMP. EROSION

CONTROL LOG

#### STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. FLOW AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM (TYP.) STAKES FOR HEAVY OR AS DIRECTED BY THE RUNOFF EVENTS ENGINEER. SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA **TEMPORARY** DIRECTED EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA BACK OF CURB SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO LIP OF GUTTER STAKE AS DIRECTED STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LIP OF GUTTER TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, STAKES FOR HEAVY OR AS DIRECTED BY THE RUNOFF EVENTS ENGINEER.

#### PLAN VIEW

SECTION B-B

CL - BOC

½" ±

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG

## TEMP. EROSION R.O.W. CONTROL LOG COMPOST CRADIF UNDER EROSION CONTROL LOG STAKE SECTION C-C

PLAN VIEW

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

will not be paid for separately.

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

- 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR THE PURPOSE INTENDED.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS, USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.
- FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE DEFORMATION.
- STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR #3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT 2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT MESH.
- COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.
- SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.
- TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE LOG.
- 10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

#### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

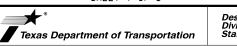
An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center

- limits where drainage flows away from the project.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and

SHEET 1 OF 3

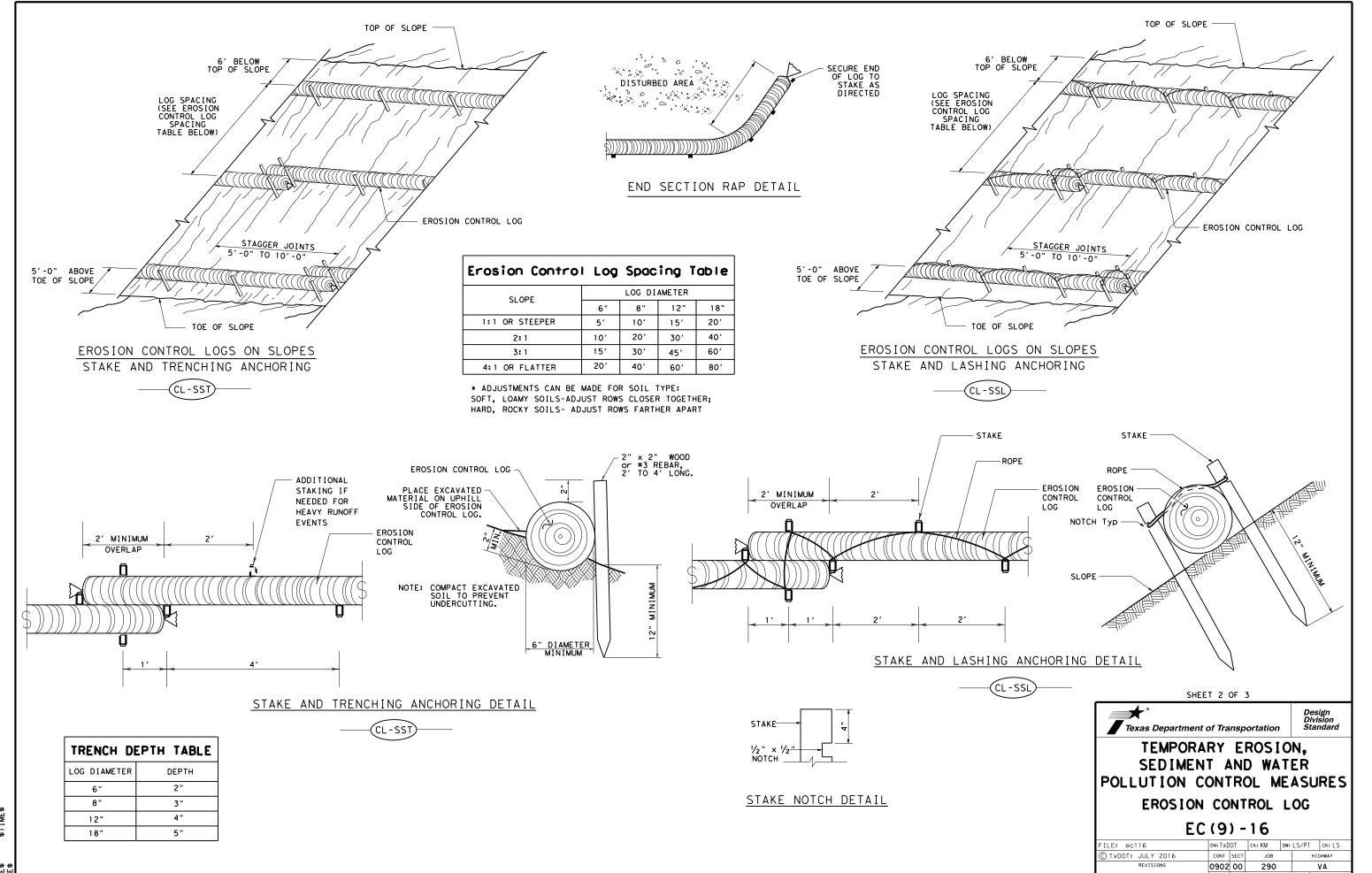


TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

**EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	ОТ	CK: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
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SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED

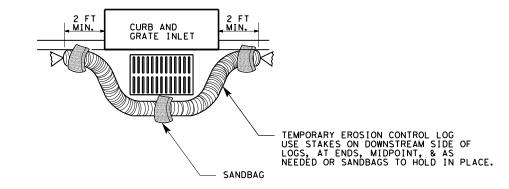
TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG

FLOW-



# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

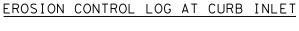


OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

→ FLOW

COMPLETELY SURROUND DRAINAGE ACCESS TO AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH EROSION CONTROL LOG

-STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)

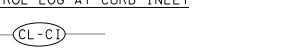


CURB

Elon-

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG

SANDBAG



USE STAKES ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF LOGS, AT ENDS, MIDPOINT, & AS NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET



- 2 SAND BAGS

CURB INLET \_INLET EXTENSION

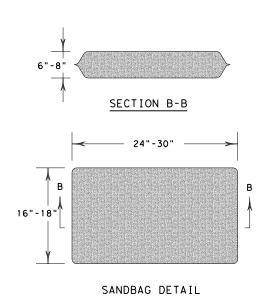
NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.

6" CURB-

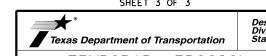
ROADWAY

2 SAND BAGS

TEMP. EROSION CONTROL LOG



SHEET 3 OF 3



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

	• •	•	. •			
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© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
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#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For all projects with any soil disturbing activities, TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office. If no field office is available, then this SWP3 shall be kept at the appropriate TxDOT Area Office.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0902-00-290

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: VARIOUS LOCATIONS

To: DISTRICTWIDE FY 2024

#### **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:**

BEGIN: (Lat) VA ,(Long) VA

END: (Lat) VA ,(Long) VA

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 0.25

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.01

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

INSTALLATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNALS

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
FRIO SILTY CLAY, O TO 1% SLOPES	SILTY CLAY, OCCASIONALLY FLOODED

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

□ PSLs determined during preconstruction

☑ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

X Install sediment and erosion controls

□ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

☐ Remove existing pavement

□ Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
 □ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement

widening

□ Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

□ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
 □ Install proposed pavement per plans

☐ Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

□ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

□ Place flex base

□ Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

Revegetation of unpaved areas

Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

□ Other:

Other:

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area

☐ Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage

☐ Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction activities

☐ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking

Construction debris and waste from various construction activities

 Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water

☐ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities

☐ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles

□ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste□ Other:

Other:

Other:

#### **1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:**

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Classified Waterbody
N/A
NS WERE IDENTIFIED

\* Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Other:

□ Other:

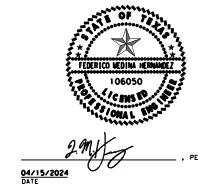
#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs 
☐ Other:

☐ Other:			



# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
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TEXA:	S	02	TAF	RRANT	
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090	)2	00	290	٧/٨	

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

# 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

T/P    Protection of Existing Vegetation   Vegetated Buffer Zones   Soil Retention Blankets   Geotextiles   Mulching/ Hydromulching   Soil Surface Treatments   Temporary Seeding   Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   Vertical Tracking   Interceptor Swale   Riprap   Diversion Dike   Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   Embankment for Erosion Control   Paved Flumes   Other:   Other:
□ Protection of Existing Vegetation   □ Vegetated Buffer Zones   □ Soil Retention Blankets   □ Geotextiles   □ Mulching/ Hydromulching   □ Soil Surface Treatments   □ Temporary Seeding   □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   ☒ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:
<ul> <li>□ Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> <li>□ Soil Retention Blankets</li> <li>□ Geotextiles</li> <li>□ Mulching/ Hydromulching</li> <li>□ Soil Surface Treatments</li> <li>□ Temporary Seeding</li> <li>□ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding</li> <li>□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>※ Vertical Tracking</li> <li>□ Interceptor Swale</li> <li>□ Riprap</li> <li>□ Diversion Dike</li> <li>□ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>□ Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>□ Paved Flumes</li> <li>□ Other:</li> <li>□ Other:</li> <li>□ Other:</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
□ Soil Retention Blankets   □ Geotextiles   □ Mulching/ Hydromulching   □ Soil Surface Treatments   □ Temporary Seeding   □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   ※ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:
□ Geotextiles   □ Mulching/ Hydromulching   □ Soil Surface Treatments   □ Temporary Seeding   □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   ✗ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:   Other:  Other:
□ Mulching/ Hydromulching   □ Soil Surface Treatments   □ Temporary Seeding   □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams    Vertical Tracking □ Interceptor Swale □ Riprap □ Diversion Dike □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ Embankment for Erosion Control □ Paved Flumes □ Other: □ Other: □ Other: □ Other:
□ Soil Surface Treatments   □ Temporary Seeding   □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   ☒ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:   Other:
□ Temporary Seeding   □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   ※ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:
<ul> <li>□ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding</li> <li>□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>☒ Vertical Tracking</li> <li>□ Interceptor Swale</li> <li>□ Riprap</li> <li>□ Diversion Dike</li> <li>□ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>□ Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>□ Paved Flumes</li> <li>□ Other:</li> <li>□ Other:</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   ☒ □ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:   □ Other:
□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams  Vertical Tracking □ Interceptor Swale □ Riprap □ Diversion Dike □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ Embankment for Erosion Control □ Paved Flumes □ Other: □ Other: □ Other:
▼ □ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:
□ Interceptor Swale □ Riprap □ Diversion Dike □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ Embankment for Erosion Control □ Paved Flumes □ Other: □ Other: □ Other:
□ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike   □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain   □ Embankment for Erosion Control   □ Paved Flumes   □ Other:   □ Other:   □ Other:
<ul> <li>Diversion Dike</li> <li>Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>Paved Flumes</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>
□         □ Paved Flumes           □         □ Other:           □         □ Other:
<ul><li>□ Other:</li><li>□ Other:</li><li>□ Other:</li></ul>
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
00
Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
<ul><li>□ Dewatering Controls</li><li>□ Inlet Protection</li></ul>
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
□ Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
□ Other:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
□ □ Other:  Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets/

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

Tune Stationing				
Туре	From	То		
NO PERMANENT CON	ITROLS ARE PLANNED			
	1			
		Layout She		
Refer to the Environmental Layocated in Attachment 1.2 of th	is SWP3			
ocated in Attachment 1.2 of th	is SWP3 ACKING CONTRO			
ocated in Attachment 1.2 of th 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA □ Excess dirt/mud on road rer	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  noved daily			
2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA  Excess dirt/mud on road rer  Haul roads dampened for du  Loaded haul trucks to be co	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  moved daily  ust control	LS:		
ocated in Attachment 1.2 of the cated in Attachment 1.2 of the category of th	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  moved daily  ust control	LS:		
2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA  Excess dirt/mud on road rer  Haul roads dampened for do  Loaded haul trucks to be co  Stabilized construction exit	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  moved daily  ust control	LS:		
2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA  Excess dirt/mud on road rer  Haul roads dampened for de  Loaded haul trucks to be co  Stabilized construction exit  Other:	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  moved daily  ust control	LS:		
	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  moved daily  ust control	LS:		
2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA  Excess dirt/mud on road rer  Haul roads dampened for de  Loaded haul trucks to be co  Stabilized construction exit  Other:	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  moved daily  ust control	LS:		
2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA  □ Excess dirt/mud on road rer  □ Haul roads dampened for de  □ Loaded haul trucks to be co  □ Stabilized construction exit	is SWP3  ACKING CONTRO  moved daily  ust control	LS:		

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- □ Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- Debris and Trash Management

Other:

□ Sanitary Facilities

Other		

□ Other:		
•		

Other:			

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type		Stationing					
Туре	Fron			m To			
NO SURFACE WATERS PRESENT,	VEGETATIVE	BUFFFR 70	NES ARE	NOT PLA	NNFD		
NO SOM AGE WATERS TRESERT,	120217111	DOTT EN 20	AILS AILE				

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- ⋉ Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### 2.9 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.					
6		C 902-00-290					
STATE		STATE COUNTY					
TEXA:	5	02	TARRANT				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
090	)2	00	290	VA			

archeological arti	facts are found during constr facts (bones, burnt rock, fli ate area and contact the Engi	nt, pottery, etc.) cease
X No Action Requi	red Required Action	
Action No.		
1.		
Best Management Practi	ces:	
Erosion	Sedimentation	Post-Construction TSS
☐ Temporary Vegetation	Silt Fence	☐ Vegetative Filter Strips
☐ Blankets/Matting	Rock Berm	☐ Retention/Irrigation System
		☐ Extended Detention Basin
Mulch	Triangular Filter Dike	Extended Detention B

Constructed Wetlands

☐ Erosion Control Compost

☐ Vegetation Lined Ditches

Sand Filter Systems

Grassy Swales

X Mulch Filter Berm and Socks

Compost Filter Berm and Socks

₩et Basin

Sand Bag Berm

☐ Brush Berms

X Mulch Filter Berm and Socks X Mulch Filter Berm and Socks

Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks

Straw Bale Dike

☐ Sediment Basins

☐ Erosion Control Compost

Stone Outlet Sediment Traps

IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for

☐ No Action Required X Required Action Action No. 1. No landscaping would be a part of the proposed project activities. Re-vegetation of disturbed areas would be in compliance with the Executive

Memorandum on Beneficial Landscaping and the Executive Order on Invasive Species (EO 13112). Regionally native and non-invasive plants will be used to the extent practicable in landscaping and re-vegetation.

invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.

2. During construction, efforts would be taken to avoid and minimize disturbance of vegetation and soils. Areas within the existing ROW, but outside the limits of construction, would not be disturbed. Every effort would be made to preserve trees where they would neither compromise safety nor substantially interfere with the proposed projects.

FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.

☐ No Action Required X Required Action

- 1. Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) Between October 1 and February 15, the contractor would remove all old migratory bird nests from any structure that would be affected by the proposed project, and complete any bridge work/demolition and/or vegetation clearing. In addition, the contractor would be prepared to prevent migratory birds from building nests by utilizing nest prevention methods, such as bird-deterrent netting and bird-repelling sprays and/or gels, between February 15 and October 1. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young would be avoided.
- 2. Bald Eagle Bird BMP and Eagle Protection Act 'Not disturbing, destroying, or removing active nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season. Avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nest as practicable. Preventing the establishment of active nests during the nesting season on TxDOT owned and operated facilities and structures proposed for replacement or repair. Not collecting, capturing, relocating or transporting birds, eggs, young or active nest without a permit. Eagle Protection Act prohibits the taking or possession of and commerce in eagles, parts, feathers, nests, or eggs with limited exceptions. The definition of take includes pursue, shoot, shoot at, poison, wound, kill, capture, trap, collect, molest or disturb. Eagles may not be taken for any purpose unless a permit is issued prior to the taking.
- 3. Whooping Crane The contractor and/or TxDOT personnel would be advised of potential for Whooping Cranes to occur within the project limits. Construction personnel will be advised to avoid adverse impacts to this species and to report any sightings to TxDOT District Environmental staff. Drainage modifications will be limited to the extent practical to accommodate the additional paved surface needed to bring the roadway up to current TxDOT safety standards. The construction personnel will report all sightings to TxDOT Fort Worth District Environmental staff. Reports should include the time, date and location and any available photos.

If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately, The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the Engineer immediately.

#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

P:	Best Management Practice	SPCC:	Spill Prevention Control and
:P:	Construction General Permit	SW3P:	Storm Water Pollution Prevent
HS:	Texas Department of State Health Services	PCN:	Pre-Construction Notification
WA:	Federal Highway Administration	PSL:	Project Specific Location
)Α:	Memorandum of Agreement	TCEQ:	Texas Carmission on Environme
U:	Memorandum of Understanding	TPDES:	Texas Pollutant Discharge Eli
4:	Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System	TPWD:	Texas Parks and Wildlife Depo
TA:	Migratory Bird Treaty Act	TxDOT:	Texas Department of Transport
T:	Notice of Termination	T&E:	Threatened and Endangered Spe
P:	Nationwide Permit	USACE:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

NOI: Notice of Intent

Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location Q: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System D: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department OT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects): Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act.

Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- \* Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

☐ Yes X No

If "No", then no further action is required. If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

VII. O<u>THER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES</u>

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

X No Action Required Action No.

Required Action

1.

2.



# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

ILE: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[	TXDOT CK: RG DW: VP		VP	ck: AR	
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS -12-2011 (DS)	0902	00	00 290 VA		/A	
-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY		,	HEET NO.	
-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	FTW	TARRANT			109	

Sodding

☐ Interceptor Swale

☐ Erosion Control Compost

☐ Diversion Dike