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DESCRIPTION SHEET NO. INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

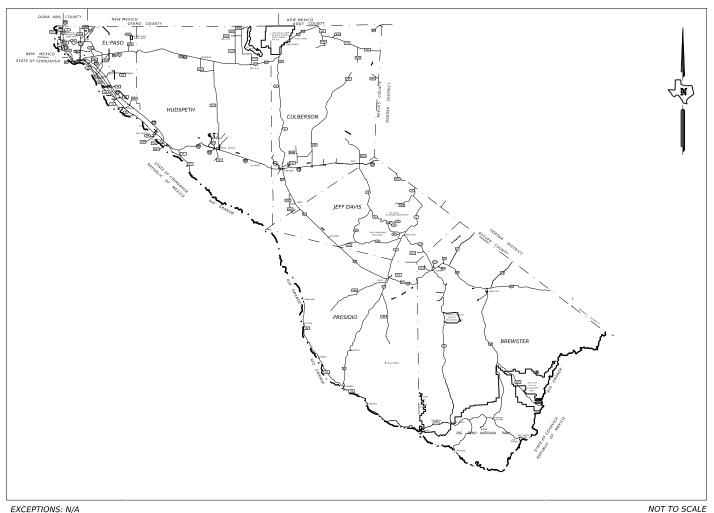
VARIOUS 001 VARIOUS

PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

PROJECT NO: RMC 6465-24-001

DISTRICTWIDE STRIPING FY 24 EL PASO DISTRICT

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS LIMITS: VARIOUS TYPE OF WORK: STRIPING



TDLR INSPECTION NOT REQUIRED

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1)- 21 THRU BC (12)- 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

Texas Department of Transportation

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

KEY TO COUNTIES

Norma Duran MAINTENENATERENENTERICONTRACT MANAGER

DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT. EQUATIONS: N/A

RAILROAD CROSSINGS: N/A

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- PM (4)-22 50
- PM (5)-22 51
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THE STANDARDS SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON THIS SHEET HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



Texas Department of Transportation **VARIOUS**

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ELP		VARIOUS			2	

COUNTY: VARIOUS

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS

General Project Description – This routine maintenance contract is for striping in the El Paso District which will include El Paso, Hudspeth, Culberson, Presidio, Brewster, and Jeff Davis Counties.

The Contract will be managed by the **District Traffic Office** with participating Area Engineer (AE) and Maintenance Section Supervisor (MSS) listed below:

Eduardo Perales, P.E. Director of Transportation Operations

13301 Gateway Blvd. West El Paso, Texas 79928 (915) 790-4488

Rene Romero, P.E., East AE

1430 Joe Battle Blvd. El Paso, Texas 79936 (915) 757-5910

Armando Ramirez, P.E., Alpine AE

2400 N. SH 118 Alpine, Texas 79830 (915) 217-5257

Jonathan Concha, P.E., West AE

4201 Hondo Pass Drive El Paso, Texas 79904 (915) 757-5901

Chad Chairez, West MSS 4201 Hondo Pass Drive

El Paso, Texas 79904

(915) 757-5921

Manuel Molina, East MSS

1430 Joe Battle Blvd. El Paso, Texas 79936 (915) 849-5554 Rudy Valdez, Van Horn/Sierra Blanca MSS

US 90, 1.5 Miles S of IH 10 Van Horn, Texas 79855 (432) 283-2501

Javier Castillo, Dell City/Pine Springs MSS

600 South Main Dell City, Texas 79837 (915) 964-2345

Anthony Marquez, Alpine/Marathon MSS

2400 N. SH 118 Alpine, Texas 79830 (432) 294-0696

Carlos Mendoza, Presidio/Terlingua MSS

200 East FM 170 Presidio, Texas 79845 (432) 371-2280

Robert Gray, Marfa/Ft. Davis MSS

809 W San Antonio St. Marfa, Texas 79843 (432) 426-3991

Each Contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process all contracts at the same time.

General Requirements

Where nighttime work is approved, provide adequate lighting for the entire work site as directed. This will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

Obtain Engineer approval for all equipment and vehicles prior to use.

Maintain the entire project area in a neat and orderly manner throughout the duration of the work. This work will be subsidiary to the various bid items.

CONTROL: 6465-24-001 SHEET 3

COUNTY: VARIOUS

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Provide vehicular and pedestrian access at all times, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. This access includes, but is not limited to, driveways, streets, parking areas, and walkways. This will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items.

Clear and remove surplus and waste materials from all work sites and leave the site in a neat and aesthetically pleasing condition.

Schedule and perform all work to assure proper drainage during construction operations. All labor, tools, equipment and supervision required, to ensure drainage, removal, and handling of water shall be considered incidental work.

Repair any existing pavement, utilities, structures, etc. damaged by the Contractor's operations, at no additional cost to the Department.

Item 2 – Instructions to Bidders

This Contract includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal.

View plans on-line or download from the web at:

https://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Request a proposal electronically from the Department's website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business-cg/pr.htm

Or use the electronic bidding site:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/ebs.html

A bid summation will be available on-line at:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/bt.html

GENERAL NOTES SHEET A GENERAL NOTES SHEET B

COUNTY: VARIOUS

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS

<u>Item 3 – Award and Execution of Contract</u>

This Contract includes non-site-specific work and as-needed work. The type of work identified in the Contract is for locations that have not yet been determined.

The Contract duration is for 12 months. Time charges and work will start on the date stated on the Work Authorization letter. The Contract will be in effect until the work on the last callout is completed.

Item 4 – Scope of Work

Schedule and perform all work to ensure proper drainage during construction or maintenance operations. All labor, tools, equipment, and supervision required, to ensure drainage, removal, and handling of water shall be considered incidental work.

Item 5 - Control of Work

Inform the Engineer and the respective utility companies, when it becomes apparent that the utility lines will interfere with the work in progress.

Arrange the operations so that no consecutive exit or entrance ramps will be closed at the same time, unless directed.

Maintain all operations, including equipment and personnel within TxDOT right-of-way at all times.

Item 7 – Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

The Contractor will abide by Section 7.2.5. Use of Blue Warning Lights related to vehicle lighting. Vehicles equipped with unauthorized lighting will not be permitted to operate on Department Highways.

Comply with all OSHA and EPA regulations as well as all local laws, ordinances, federal and state requirements.

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) regulations prohibit operations that bring people or equipment within 10 ft. of an energized electrical line. Where workers and/or equipment may be close to an energized electrical line, notify the electrical power company and make all necessary adjustments to ensure the safety of workers near the energized line.

Do not discharge any liquid pollutant from vehicles onto the roadside. Immediately clean spills and dispose in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no additional cost to the Department.

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Item 8 – Prosecution and Progress

This project is to be completed in **365** calendar days in accordance with **Section 8.3.1.5**, "Calendar Day."

The Contractor must provide enough manpower and equipment to accomplish the required work under this contract during the hours agreed upon by the Contractor and Engineer. Failure to do so will constitute grounds for a Noncompliance Penalty.

Work must start within 72 hours of notification or by the time agreed upon with the Engineer.

A Noncompliance Penalty will be assessed for each instance the Contractor is in noncompliance. A noncompliance instance is defined by any of the following:

- 1. Contractor fails to begin work at the specified time or location(s);
- 2. Contractor fails to complete work by the time agreed upon with the Engineer;
- 3. Contractor does not have all the necessary resources (i.e. personnel, equipment, and material) to fulfill the requirement of the Item(s) called out at the specified time or location(s).
- 4. Contractor fails to submit proper material documentation for material sources by the time agreed upon with the Engineer.

The Noncompliance Penalty will be deducted from any money due or to become due for any completed Item(s) or work. The Noncompliance Penalty will be assessed as follows: \$1,000 per instance, per location.

Contractor work activities will be limited to the allowed lane closure times defined as daytime hours of 9 A.M. to 4 P.M. Monday through Friday or nighttime hours of 9 P.M. to 6 A.M. Sunday through Thursday, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

US54, SL375, SS601 and, IH10 work activities are required to be performed during nighttime hours or as directed by the Engineer.

Item 9 – Measurement and Payment

If requested, the Contractor will be aware that the Department will pay for any material on hand (MOH) in accordance with established policies and procedures. If MOH is authorized for payment, the Contractor will be required to stock all material at an approved site, inventory, and submit MOH adjustments on a monthly basis.

The Contractor must submit Material on Hand (MOH) payment requests at least 3 working days before the end of the month for payment on that month's estimate.

Item 502 – Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The contractor and his employees will wear fluorescent orange safety vests, safety shoes/boots, eye protection and hard hats while outside vehicles within the Department's right of way and

GENERAL NOTES SHEET C GENERAL NOTES SHEET D

COUNTY: VARIOUS

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS

will comply with Item 7.2.4. Public Safety and Convenience, and Item 7.2.6. Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

The contractor must have enough manpower and equipment to perform any revised traffic control as directed by the Engineer.

Use flashing arrow boards on all tapers for each lane closure.

The contractor may be required to furnish and place additional TMAs, Flaggers, Pilot Cars, or Truck Mounted forward facing arrow boards not shown on the TCP plan sheets, as directed by the Engineer.

Rumble strips will be required as shown on standard WZ (RS) -22 when directed by the Engineer and shall be subsidiary to the various bid items.

In addition to providing a Contractor's Responsible Person and a phone number for emergency contact, have an employee(s) available to respond to emergencies on the project and for taking corrective measures within 30 minutes.

Notify and coordinate with the Department officials when major traffic changes are to be made. Advance notification for the following week's work must be made by 5 P.M. on Wednesdays.

Contractor assumes the responsibility for any additional barricade signs and devices of any approved contractor-initiated changes to the sequence of work or Traffic Control Plans.

Some signs, barricades, and channelization devices may not be shown at the precise or measured position. Place the barricades, devices, or signs, with approval, in positions to meet field conditions.

Remove signs that do not apply to current conditions at the end of each day's work (do not lay down signs within clear zone).

In accordance with Section 7.2.6.1 of the 2014 Texas Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets and Bridges, the Contractor will designate, in writing, a Contractor Responsible Person (CRP) and a CRP alternate to take full responsibility for the set-up, maintenance, and necessary corrective measures of the traffic control plan. The CRP or CRP alternate must be present at site and implement the initial set up of every traffic control phase/stage, at each location, and/or each call out, for the entire duration of the contract.

At the written request of the Engineer, immediately remove the CRP or CRP alternate from the project if, in the opinion of the Engineer, is not competent, not present at initial TCP set-ups, or does not perform in a proper, skillful, or safe manner. These individuals shall not be reinstated without written consent of the Engineer.

CRP and CRP alternate must be trained using Department approved training. Provide a copy of the certificate of completion to the Engineer for project records. Refer to **Table 1** for Department approved Training.

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COUNTY: VARIOUS

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Ta	able 1: Cont	ractor Responsible Person and A	Alternate	
Provider	Course Number	Course Title	Duration	Notes
American Traffic Safety Services Association	TCS	Traffic Control Supervisor	2 Days	
National Highway Institute	133112 133113	Design and Operation of Work Zone Traffic Control Work Zone Traffic Control for Maintenance Operations	1 Day	Both classes are required to meet minimum required training.
National Highway Institute	133112A	Design and Operation of Work Zone Traffic Control	3 Days	
Texas Engineering Extension Service	HWS410	Contractor's Responsible Person for Temporary Traffic Control	16 Hours	Please note the name has changed.
University of Texas Arlington Division for Enterprise Development	WKZ421	Traffic Control Supervisor	16 Hours	Contact UTA for training needs.

All contractor workers involved with the traffic control implementation and maintenance must participate and complete a department approved training course. Provide a copy of the certificate of completion to the Engineer for project records. Refer to Table 2 for Department approved Training.

	T	able 2: Other Work Zone Pers	sonnel	
Provider	Course Number	Course Title	Duration	Notes
American Traffic Safety Services Association	TCT	Traffic Control Technician	1 Day	
Texas Engineering Extension Service	HWS002	Work Zone Traffic Control	16 Hours	Identical to HWS-410. Counts for 3-year CRP requirement.
National Highway Institute	133116	Maintenance of Traffic for Technicians	5 Hours	Web based
National Highway Institute	134109-I	Maintenance Training Series: Basics of Work Zone Traffic Control	1 Hour	Free, Web based
University of Texas at Arlington Division for Enterprise Development	WKZ 100	Work Zone Safety: Temporary Traffic Control	4 Hour	Please note the name has changed. Free Web based.
TxDOT/AGC Joint Development	N/A N/A	Safe Workers Awareness Highway Construction Work Zone Hazards	16 Minutes 18 Minutes	Videos available through the AGC of Texas Offices. English and Spanish.
AGC America	N/A	Highway Work Zone Safety Training	1 Day	
Texas Engineering Extension Service	HWS400	Temporary Traffic Control Worker	4 Hours	Contact TEEX if interested in class.
TxDOT/AGC Joint Development	N/A	Work Zone Fundamentals	10 Minutes Approx.	Videos available through the AGC of Texas Offices. English and Spanish.

Contractor may choose to train workers involved with the traffic control implementation and maintenance with a contractor developed training in lieu of Department approved training. Contractor developed training must be equivalent to the Department approved training. Provide the Engineer a copy of the course curriculum for pre-approval, prior to conducting the contractor developed training. Provide the Engineer a copy of the log of attendees after training completion for project records.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET E GENERAL NOTES SHEET F

COUNTY: VARIOUS

HIGHWAY: VARIOUS

<u>Item 666 – Retroreflectorized Pavement Markings</u>

Use a pilot line for final striping.

Air blasting is required as pavement surface preparation.

In those areas where existing pavement markings are to be covered or removed, field locate and record the existing pavement markings by survey or other approved method by the Engineer as directed. Place final striping on these locations.

<u>Item 672 – Raised Pavement Markers</u>

Use a pilot line for final pavement markers and remove pilot line after all striping is complete. Remove pilot line in accordance with the methods specified in Item 677, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers," and will be subsidiary to this Item.

Air blasting is required for pavement surface preparation.

Do not place raised pavement markers when the pavement surface temperature is below 60°F.

Completely remove all existing raised pavement markers from pavement where raised pavement markers are proposed as shown in the plans. This will include all RPMs in the surrounding area of the proposed RPM. Removal of raised pavement markers is subsidiary to various bid items

Raised pavement marking spacing must be in compliance with the requirements as shown on the plans.

<u>Item 677 – Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings Markers</u>

Use water blasting as the method for removal of existing pavement markings, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

<u>Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)</u>

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA's needed for the project. TMA's will be used and positioned per the applicable Traffic Control Plan standard or as directed by the Engineer. Additional TMA's required by the Engineer will be provided by the contractor.

All TMA Operators must participate in a TMA workshop to be conducted by the El Paso District Safety Office on the proper use of TMAs, prior to work. All TMA Operators must participate in a TMA workshop provided by the Department or equivalent approved by the Engineer. A truck mounted attenuator completion card will be issued to TMA Operators that successfully complete the TMA workshop. The workshop completion card must be carried by TMA Operators at all times while working on Department right of way.

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It is the responsibility of the contractor to acquire the TCP and TMA Operator's workshop completion prior to the authorization to begin work. No time suspension will be granted, and no traffic control work will be allowed without the workshop completion card.

The supporting vehicle for the TMA shall have a minimum gross (i.e., ballasted) vehicular weight of 19,000 pounds.

Truck-Mounted Attenuators (TMA) must be NCHRP 350 or MASH compliant and will require preapproval by the Department. Attachment of TMA will be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

NCHRP 350 Level 3 compliant TMA's may be used on any Department facility.

ITEM 7148 – LANE CLOSURES

Time charges begin when the contractor arrives at the location and time as directed by the Engineer. Time charges end when the last traffic control device is removed from the roadway.

Rumble Strips will not be paid for directly but shall be subsidiary to Item 7148, as shown on standard sheet WZ (RS)-22.

The Contractor must have enough manpower and equipment to perform any revised traffic control as directed by the Engineer.

Use flashing arrow boards on all tapers for each lane closure, as shown on TxDOT standards.

The Contractor may be required to furnish and place additional TMA's, Flaggers, Pilot Cars, Truck Mounted forward facing arrow boards, or Work Zone Rumble Strips not shown on the TCP plan sheets, as directed by the Engineer.

The Department will notify the Contractor in advance of any conflicting scheduled lane closures for roadway routine maintenance or repair.

Lane closures identified by the Department as emergencies shall be accomplished within one hour from verbal notification.

GENERAL NOTES SHEET G GENERAL NOTES SHEET H



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6465-24-001

DISTRICT El Paso **HIGHWAY** IH0010

COUNTY El Paso

	-	CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	6465-24	-001		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00208	8035		
		C	OUNTY	El Pas	50	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		ніс	SHWAY	IH001	LO		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION UNI		EST.	FINAL		
	500-6003 MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 1)		EA	7.000		7.000	
	666-6006	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)4"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	666-6018	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	666-6030	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	666-6036	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	100,000.000		100,000.000	
	666-6042	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,600.000		1,600.000	
	666-6045	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)18"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	500.000		500.000	
	666-6048	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	630.000		630.000	
	666-6054	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	EA	20.000		20.000	
	666-6057	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(DBL ARROW)(100MIL)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6063	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(UTURN ARW)(100MIL)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	666-6078	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(100MIL)	EA	12.000		12.000	
	666-6081	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(ENTR GORE)(100MIL)		8.000		8.000	
	666-6084	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(EXIT GORE)(100MIL)		10.000		10.000	
	666-6123	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)4"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	666-6147	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	820.000		820.000	
	666-6167	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (BRK)	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	666-6168	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (DOT)	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	666-6170	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (SLD)	LF	66,000.000		66,000.000	
	666-6171	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (BRK)	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	666-6172	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (DOT)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	666-6174	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (SLD)	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	666-6176	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 8" (DOT)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	666-6178	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 8" (SLD)	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000	
	666-6180	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 12" (SLD)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	666-6181	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 18" (SLD)	LF	500.000		500.000	
	666-6182	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 24" (SLD)	LF	1,000.000		1,000.000	
	666-6184	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6185	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (DBL ARROW)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	666-6187	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (UTURN ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6192	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (WORD)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	666-6193	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (ENTR GORE)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	666-6194	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (EXIT GORE)	EA	5.000		5.000	
	666-6205	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (BRK)	LF	25,000.000		25,000.000	
	666-6206	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (DOT)	LF	500.000		500.000	
	666-6207	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (SLD)	LF	132,000.000		132,000.000	
	666-6210	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (SLD)	LF	500.000		500.000	

TxDOT(CONNECT

DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
El Paso	El Paso	6465-24-001	4



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6465-24-001

DISTRICT El Paso **HIGHWAY** IH0010

COUNTY El Paso

		CONTROL SECTION	ои јов	6465-24	-001			
		PRO	A00208	035		TOTAL FINAL		
		C	El Pas	50	TOTAL EST.			
	ніс	GHWAY	IH001	LO				
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL			
	666-6214	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 24" (SLD)	LF	500.000		500.000		
	666-6300	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	10,000.000		10,000.000		
	666-6303	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	3,000.000		3,000.000		
	666-6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	38,000.000		38,000.000		
	666-6309	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	3,500.000		3,500.000		
	666-6312	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	10,000.000		10,000.000		
	666-6315	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	400,000.000		400,000.000		
	666-6318	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF	20,000.000		20,000.000		
	666-6321	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	45,000.000		45,000.000		
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	1,000.000		1,000.000		
	672-6009	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	EA	7,500.000		7,500.000		
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA	1,000.000		1,000.000		
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	20,000.000		20,000.000		
	677-6002	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	LF	5,000.000		5,000.000		
	677-6003	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	LF	4,000.000		4,000.000		
	677-6005	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (12")	LF	4,000.000		4,000.000		
	677-6006	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (18")	LF	500.000		500.000		
	677-6007	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	LF	1,500.000		1,500.000		
	677-6008	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ARROW)	EA	5.000		5.000		
	677-6009	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)	EA	5.000		5.000		
	677-6012	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	EA	5.000		5.000		
	677-6013	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ENTR GORE)	EA	2.000		2.000		
	677-6014	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (EXIT GORE)	EA	2.000		2.000		
	677-6036	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (UTURN ARROW)	EA	2.000		2.000		
	678-6001	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	LF	20,000.000		20,000.000		
	678-6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF	4,000.000		4,000.000		
	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF	4,000.000		4,000.000		
	678-6006	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	LF	4,000.000		4,000.000		
	678-6007	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (18")	LF	500.000		500.000		
	678-6008	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	LF	1,250.000		1,250.000		
	678-6009	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	EA	5.000		5.000		
	678-6010	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)	EA	10.000		10.000		
	678-6012	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (UTURN ARR)	EA	2.000		2.000		
	678-6016	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	EA	5.000		5.000		
	678-6017	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ENTR GORE)	EA	2.000		2.000		
	678-6018	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (EXIT GORE)	EA	2.000		2.000		
	6001-6001	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	DAY	2.000		2.000		



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
El Paso	El Paso	6465-24-001	4A



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6465-24-001

DISTRICT El Paso **HIGHWAY** IH0010

COUNTY El Paso

Report Created On: Apr 30, 2024 2:29:22 PM

		CONTROL SECTI	ON IOB	6465-2	4-001		
			JECT ID	A0020		1	
			OUNTY	El Pa		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
			GHWAY	IH0010		- TOTAL EST.	FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	-	
ALI		T	1		FINAL		
	6158-6001	TMSP RADAR SPEED CONTROL MONITOR	EA	1.000		1.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	300.000		300.000	
	7148-6001	1 LN CLOSURE 2 LN RD NO SHOULDERS	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6002	1 LN CLOSURE 2 LN RD PAVED SHOULDERS	HR	40.000		40.000	
	7148-6003	1 LN CLOSURE 4 LN RD	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6004	2 LN CLOSURE 4 LN RD	HR	10.000		10.000	
	7148-6005	FREEWAY 1 LANE CLOSURE	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6006	FREEWAY 2 LANE CLOSURE	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6009	EXIT OR ENTRANCE RAMP CLOSURE	HR	10.000		10.000	
	7148-6012	ONE LANE FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSURE	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6013	TWO LANE FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSURE	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6014	ONE LANE CONNECTING RAMP CLOSURE	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6015	TWO LANE CONNECTING RAMP CLOSURE	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6016	WORK AREA ON SHOULDER	HR	2.000		2.000	
	7148-6017	TURN AROUND CLOSURE	HR	10.000		10.000	
	7148-6018	MOBILE OPERATIONS	HR	30.000		30.000	
	7148-6021	FURNISH ADDITIONAL ARROW BOARD	HR	2.000		2.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
El Paso	El Paso	6465-24-001	4B

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224	

				SUN	MARY OF PA	VEMENT MAI	RKINGS ITEMS	5					
	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666
	6006	6018	6030	6036	6042	6045	6048	6054	6057	6063	6078	6081	6084
DESCRIPTION	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)4"(DOT) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(DOT) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)12"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)18"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(DBL ARROW)(10 OMIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(UTURN ARW)(100M IL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(ENTR GORE)(100 MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I(W)(EXIT GORE)(100 MIL)
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
RMC: 6465-24-001	5000	1000	1000	100000	1600	500	630	20	2	1	12	8	10
TOTAL	5000	1000	1000	100000	1600	500	630	20	2	1	12	8	10

				SUN	MARY OF PA	NVEMENT MAR	KINGS ITEM	S					
	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666
	6123	6147	6167	6168	6170	6171	6172	6174	6176	6178	6180	6181	6182
DESCRIPTION	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)4"(DOT) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y)24"(SLD)(100MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (BRK)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (DOT)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 4" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (BRK)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (DOT)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 6" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 8" (DOT)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 8" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 12" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 18" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) 24" (SLD)
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	LF	LF
RMC: 6465-24-001	1000	820	5000	5000	66000	5000	1000	5000	1000	5000	1000	500	1000
TOTAL	1000	820	5000	5000	66000	5000	1000	5000	1000	5000	1000	500	1000

				SUM	MARY OF PA	VEMENT MAI	RKINGS ITEMS	5					
	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666
	6184	6185	6187	6192	6193	6194	6205	6206	6207	6210	6214	6300	6303
DESCRIPTION	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (ARROW)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (DBL ARROW)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (UTURN ARROW)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (WORD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (ENTR GORE)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (W) (EXIT GORE)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (BRK)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (DOT)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 4" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 6" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TY II (Y) 24" (SLD)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)4"(BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET RE TY I (W)4"(SL (100MIL
	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	LF	LF
RMC: 6465-24-001	2	1	2	2	5	5	25000	500	132000	500	500	10000	3000
TOTAL	2	1	2	2	5	5	25000	500	132000	500	500	10000	3000

				SUN	MARY OF PA	VEMENT MAR	KINGS ITEMS	5					
	666	666	666	666	666	666	672	672	672	677	677	677	677
DESCRIPTION	6306	6309	6312	6315	6318	6321	6007	6009	6010	6001	6002	6003	6005
	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)4"(SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (8")	ELIM EXT PAV MRK MRKS (12
	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF
RMC: 6465-24-001	38000	3500	10000	400000	20000	45000	1000	7500	1000	20000	5000	4000	4000
				40000		4=000							1222
TOTAL	38000	3500	10000	400000	20000	45000	1000	7500	1000	20000	5000	4000	4000



QUANTITY SUMMARY

©TxD0T		SHEET	1	OF	2	
CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
6465	24	001	VARIOUS			
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
ELP		VARIOUS	5			

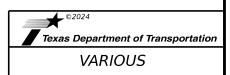
	SUMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS ITEMS												
	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	678	678	678	678	678
	6006	6007	6008	6009	6012	6013	6014	6036	6001	6002	6004	6006	6007
DESCRIPTION		ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (24")	MDVC	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (DBL ARROW)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (WORD)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (ENTR GORE)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (EXIT GORE)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (UTURN ARROW)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (4")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (12")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (18")
	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	LF
RMC: 6465-24-001	500	1500	5	5	5	2	2	2	20000	4000	4000	4000	500
TOTAL	500	1500	5	5	5	2	2	2	20000	4000	4000	4000	500

	SU	JMMARY OF F	PAVEMENT MA	ARKINGS ITEI	MS		
	678	678	678	678	678	678	678
	6008	6009	6010	6012	6016	6017	6018
DESCRIPTION	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (24")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ARROW)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (UTURN ARR)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (WORD)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (ENTR GORE)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (EXIT GORE)
	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
RMC: 6465-24-001	1250	5	10	2	5	2	2
TOTAL	1250	5	10	2	5	2	2

				SUI	MMARY OF WO	RKZONE TRAI	FFIC CONTROL	. ITEMS					
	6001	6158	6185	7148	7148	7148	7148	7148	7148	7148	7148	7148	7148
	6001	6001	6003	6001	6002	6003	6004	6005	6006	6009	6012	6013	6014
DESCRIPTION	PORTABLE CHANGEAB LE MESSAGE SIGN	TMSP RADAR SPEED CONTROL MONITOR	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	1 LN CLOSURE 2 LN RD NO SHOULDER S	1 LN CLOSURE 2 LN RD PAVED SHOULDERS	1 LN CLOSURE 4 LN RD	2 LN CLOSURE 4 LN RD	FREEWAY 1 LANE CLOSURE	FREEWAY 2 LANE CLOSURE	EXIT OR ENTRANCE RAMP CLOSURE	ONE LANE FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSURE	TWO LANE FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSURE	ONE LANE CONNECTIN G RAMP CLOSURE
	DAY	EA	HR	HR	HR	HR	HR	HR	HR	EA	EA	HR	HR
RMC: 6465-24-001	2	1	300	2	40	2	10	2	2	10	2	2	2
TOTAL	2	1	300	2	40	2	10	2	2	10	2	2	2

SUMM	SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS									
	7148	7148	7148	7148	7148					
	6015	6016	6017	6018	6021					
DESCRIPTION	TWO LANE CONNECTI NG RAMP CLOSURE	WORK AREA ON SHOULDER	TURN AROUND CLOSURE	MOBILE OPERATIO NS	FURNISH ADDITIONAL ARROW BOARD					
	HR	HR	HR	HR	HR					
RMC: 6465-24-001	2	2	10	30	2					
TOTAL	2	2	10	30	2					

SUMMARY OF MOBILIZA	TION ITEMS
	500
	6003
DESCRIPTION	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT 1)
	LS
RMC: 6465-24-001	7
TOTAL	7



QUANTITY SUMMARY

© I XDU I		SHEET	2	OF	2
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH	WAY
6465	24	001		VARI	OUS
DIST		COUNTY		SH	IEET NO.
ELP		VARIOUS			6

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK: TXDOT
C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
4-03	-03 7-13		24	001		VA	ARIOUS
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-10	5-21	ELP		VARIOU	JS		7

- ## May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP X R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES END * + G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTI \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES € WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

SPACING

Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway	P :
48" × 48"	48" × 48"	
36" × 36"	48" × 48"	-
48" × 48"	48" × 48"	
	800d 48" × 48" 36" × 36"	Road Freeway 48" x 48"

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 ²	
60	600²	
65	700 ²	
70	800 ²	
75	900 ²	
80	1000 ²	
*	* 3	

- * For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS * *G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC ★ ★ R20-5T WORK FINES WARNING * * G20-5T ROAD WORK CW1-4L AHEAD DOUBLE SIGNS CW20-1D ROAD * R20-5aTP ME PRESENT STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P R2-1++ ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T WORK WORK G20-10T * * R20-3T X X AHEAD CONTRACTOR AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \Leftrightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING \Rightarrow \Rightarrow SPEED END G20-2bt * * R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle \rangle \times \times$ FND coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance

BEGIN

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
⊢⊣ Туре 3 Barricade							
000	Channelizing Devices						
۴	Sign						
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

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- DL.		

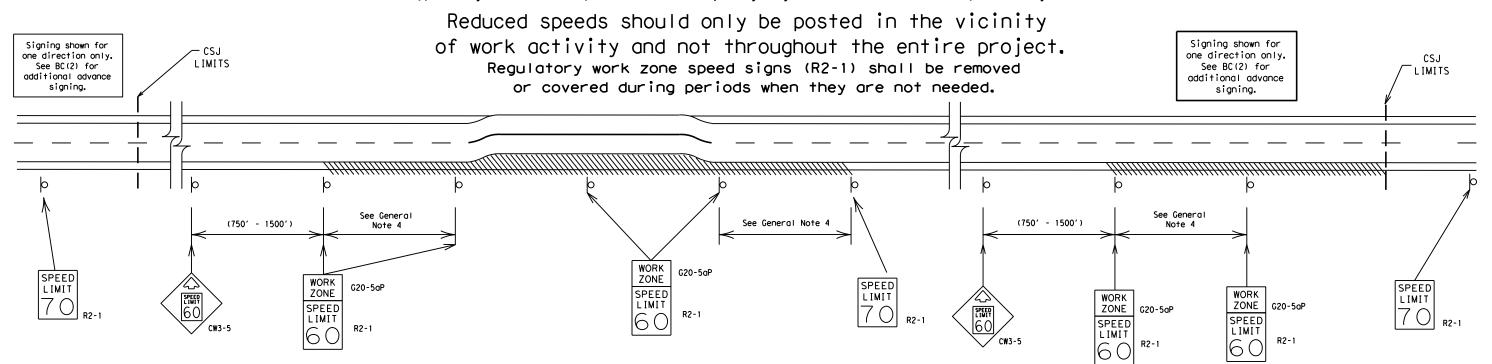
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ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6465	24	001		VAR	RIOUS
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY	,		SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ELP		VARIOL	JS		8

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

ROAD CLOSED R11-2 Type 3 Barricade or channelizing devices	CW13-1P XX CW20-1D	ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES NAME ADDRESS CITY CONTRACTOR X A BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES NAME ADDRESS CITY CONTRACTOR A A A A A A A A	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	STAY ALERT FIC ES BILE TALK OR TEXT LATER G20-10T X X	OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW R20-3T X X
	· Channelizing Devices		CSJ Limit		₽
WORK SPACE		END ROAD WORK G20-2 * *	x → SPEED LIMIT X X	R2-1 NO END WORK ZONE G20-	2bT * *

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less

0.2 to 2 miles

- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

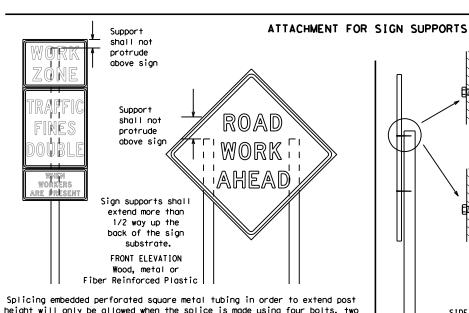
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9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13	3-21	ELP		VARIOL	JS		9	

OATE:

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. 90/// Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".

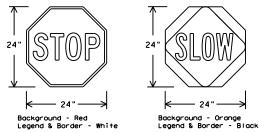
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B_{FL} OR C_{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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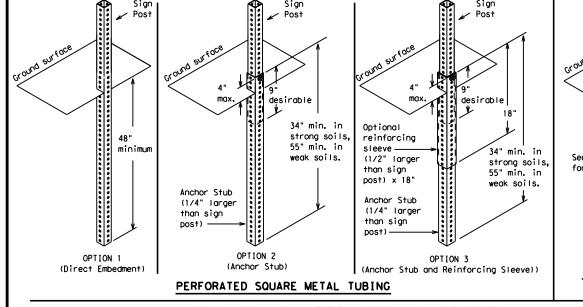
* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE



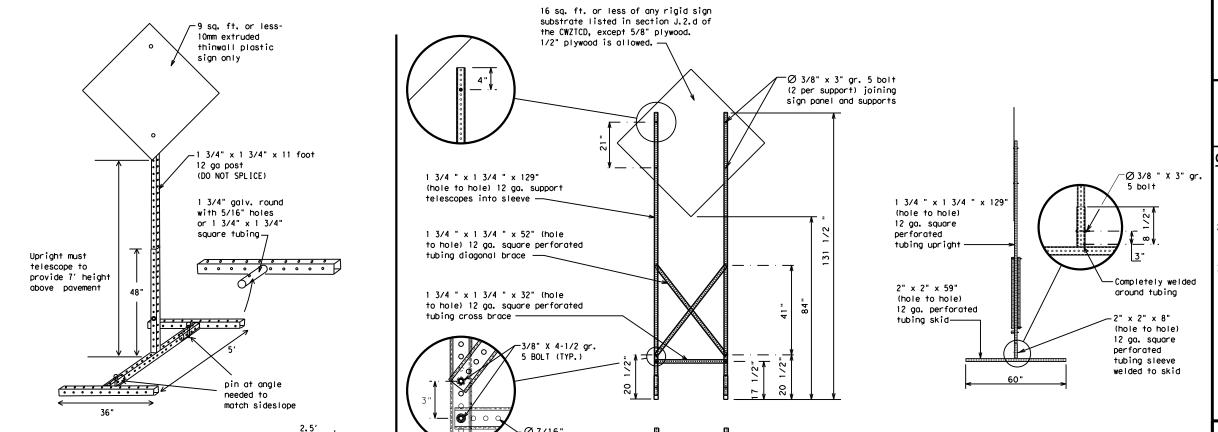
See the CWZTCD for embedment. WING CHANNEL Lap-splice/base bolfed anchor

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support.

The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation.

Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE
AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE
CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- . No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - imes See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) -21

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

Welds to start on

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e.. "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	VINC	Road	RD
CROSSING Detour Route	XING DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
	DONT	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	F	Service Road	SERV RD
East		Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Emergency Vehicle		South	S
	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXPWY	Street	ST
Expressway XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
		Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Freeway Blocked	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HUV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s) Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
		Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List Other Condition List ROADWORK FREEWAY FRONTAGE ROAD REPAIRS CLOSED ROAD XXX FT CLOSED X MILE XXXX FT ROAD **SHOUL DER** FLAGGER IANF CLOSED CLOSED XXXX FT **NARROWS** AT SH XXX XXX FT XXXX FT ROAD RIGHT LN RIGHT LN TWO-WAY CLSD AT CLOSED NARROWS TRAFFIC FM XXXX XXX FT XXXX FT XX MILE RIGHT X RIGHT X MERGING CONST LANES TRAFFIC IANES TRAFFIC CLOSED OPEN XXXX FT XXX FT CENTER DAYTIME UNEVEN LOOSE GRAVEL IANF LANE LANES CLOSED **CLOSURES** XXXX FT XXXX FT NIGHT I-XX SOUTH DETOUR ROUGH LANE EXIT X MILE ROAD CLOSURES CLOSED XXXX FT VARIOUS EXIT XXX ROADWORK ROADWORK LANES CLOSED PAST NEXT CLOSED X MILE SH XXXX FRI-SUN EXIT RIGHT LN BUMP US XXX CLOSED TO BE XXXX FT EXIT

CLOSED MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED

XXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel * * Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List ΑТ TUE-FRI MERGE FORM **SPEED** FM XXXX RIGHT X LINES LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM DETOUR BEFORE APR XX-USE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -US XXX N **TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX USF NFXT FOR DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS ΤO TΟ STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX WATCH USE TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY ĪΝ * * See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

location phase is used.

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT FACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

X MILES

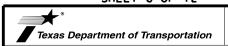
LANES

SHIFT

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



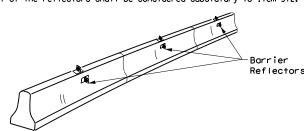
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) -21

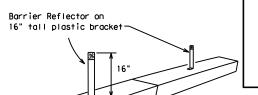
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



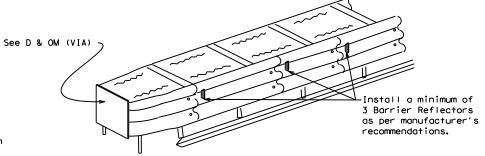
IN WORK ZONES LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



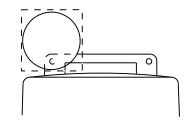
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

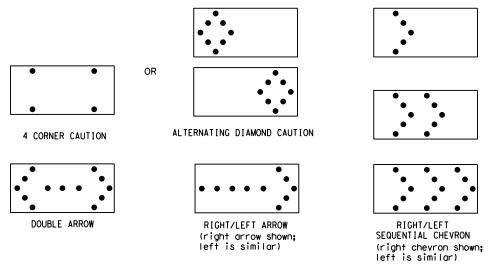
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway
- to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE					
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile					
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile					

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

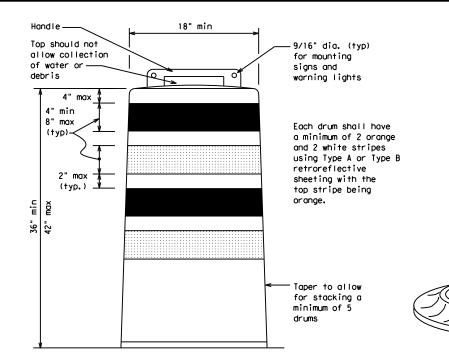
 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

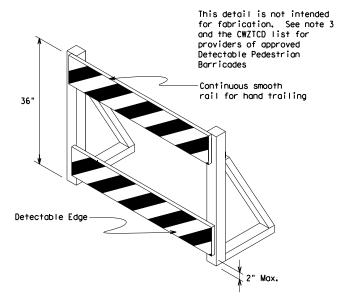
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

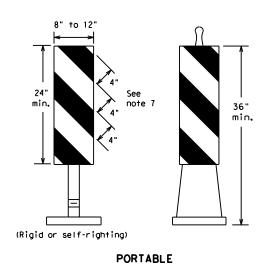
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

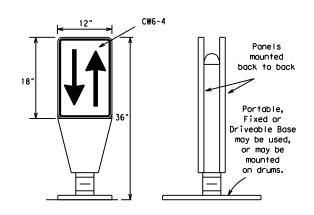
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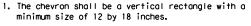
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

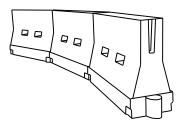


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le gths	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	<u>ws²</u>	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50`	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55°	110′	
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

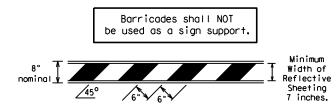
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

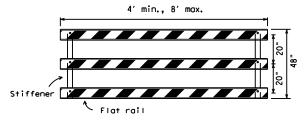
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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6465	24	001		VAF	RIOUS
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	ELP		VARIO	JS		15

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

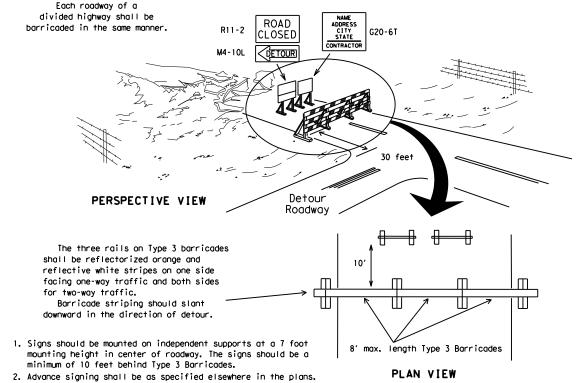


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



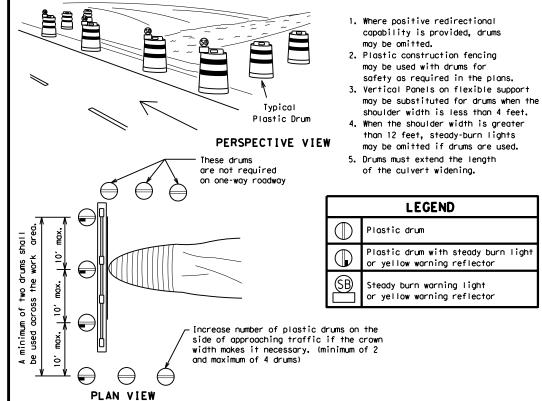
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones



3"-4"

4" min. orange

2" min.

4" min. white

4" min. orange

4" min. white

42"
min.

2" min.

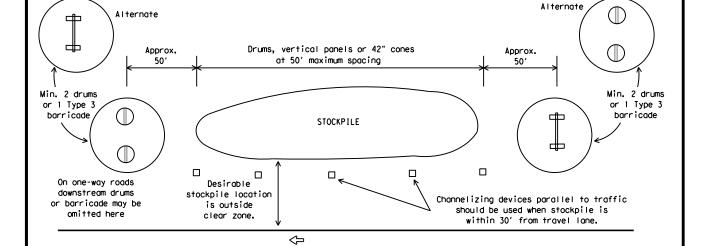
28 min.

2" max. 2" to 6" 3" min. 2" to 8" 28" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

➾

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	•	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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DATE:

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

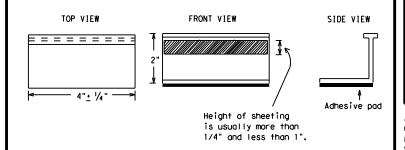
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety

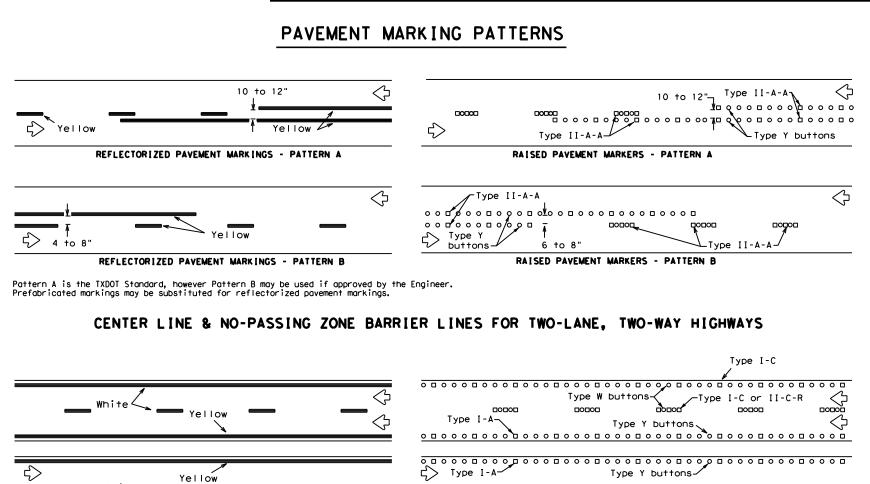


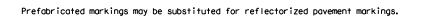
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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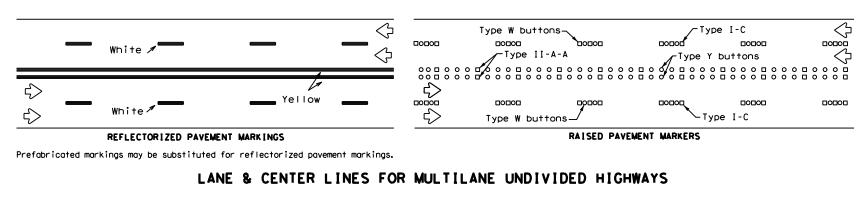


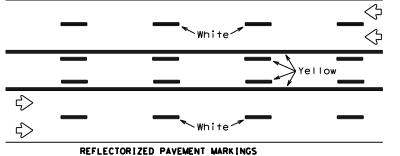


REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

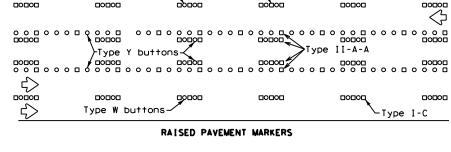
White

EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY





Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.



Type I-C-

Type W buttons

Type W buttons-

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

0000

0000

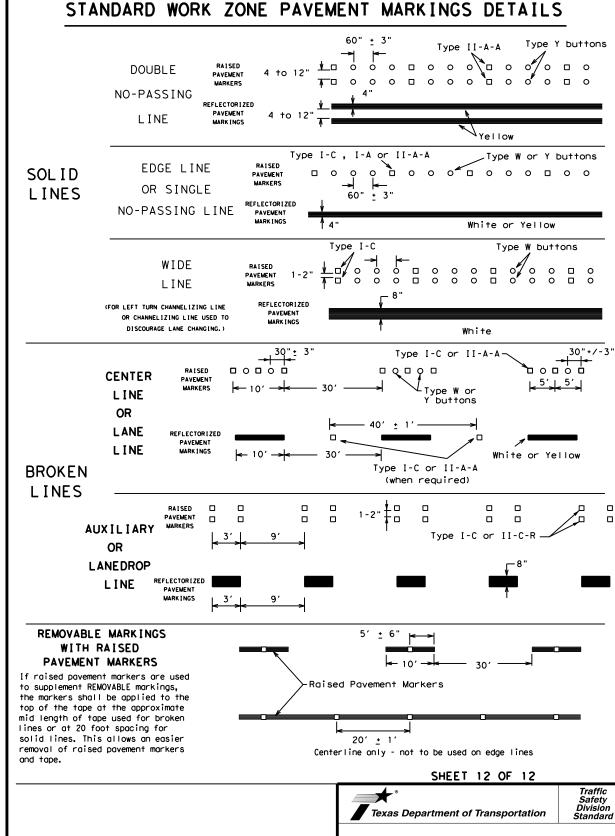
Raised pavement markers used as standard

Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS,"

pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of

─Type I-C or II-C-R

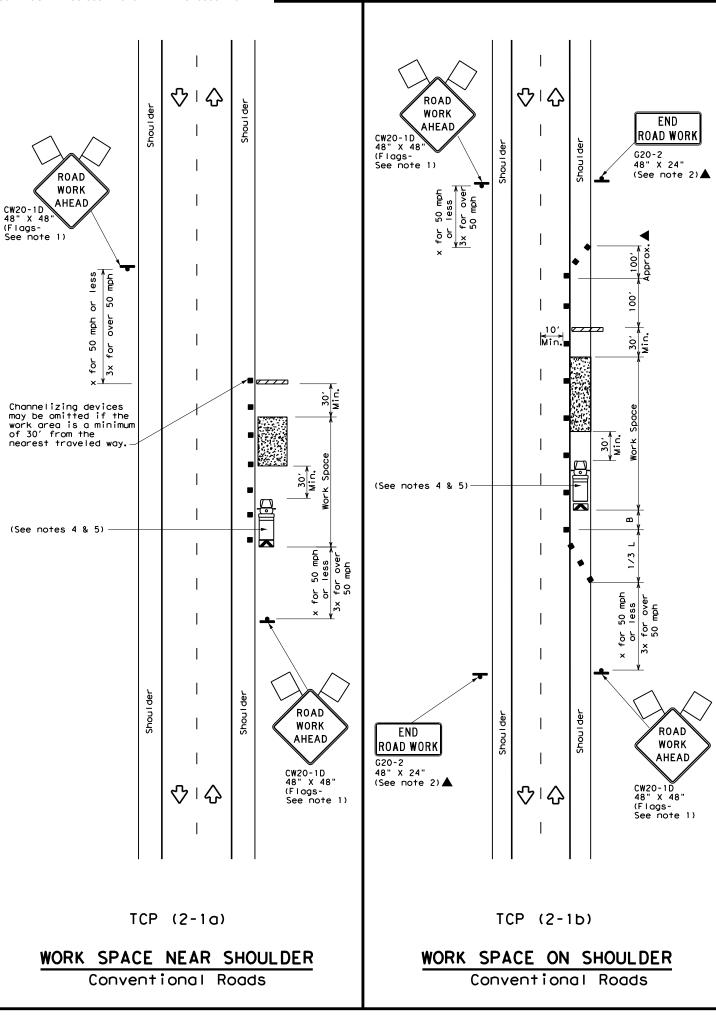
TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

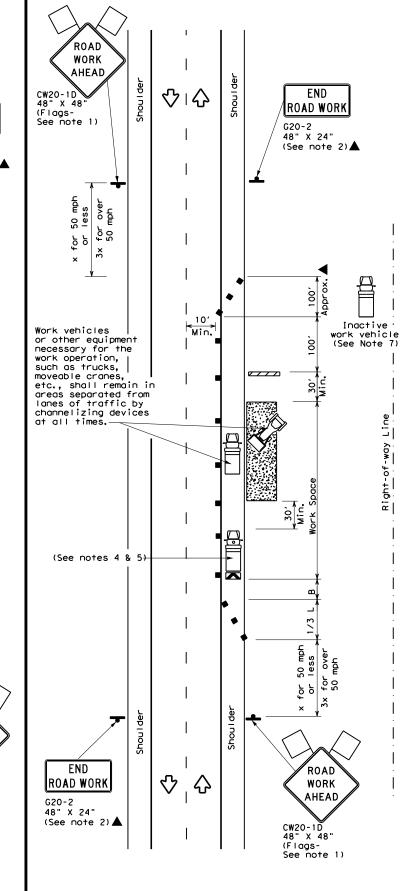


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC(12)-21

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 JOB VARIOUS 6465 24 001 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 VARIOUS 18





TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board M Traffic Flow Sign \Diamond Flag Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,
35	L = WS ²	205′	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	5501	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		7501	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540'

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	✓	✓	✓	✓					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

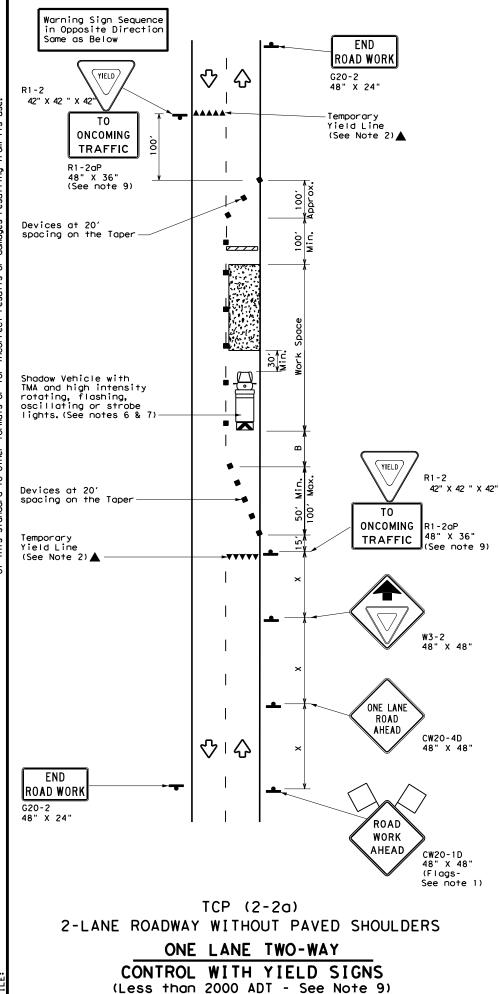
Texas Department of Transportation

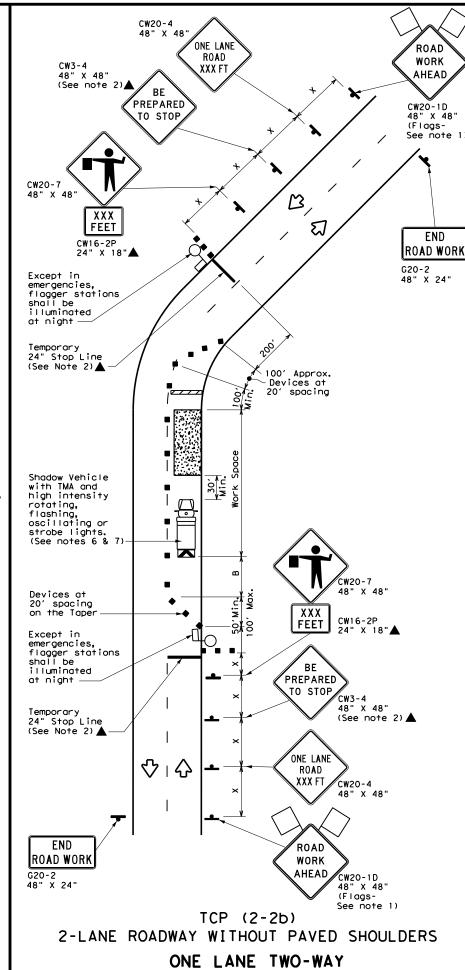
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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C) TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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		DIST		COUNTY SE		SHEET NO.
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CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND									
~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab er Leng **	able Spacing of engths Channelizing		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′	200'
35	L = WS ²	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360'
50		5001	550′	600′	50'	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660,	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	- "3	600′	660′	720′	60'	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645'
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	1	1						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.

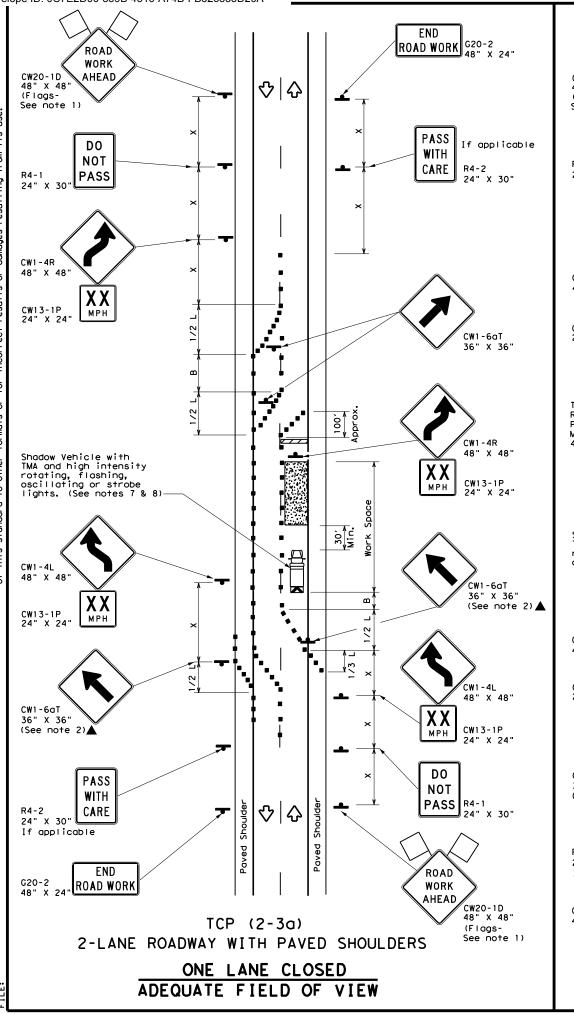


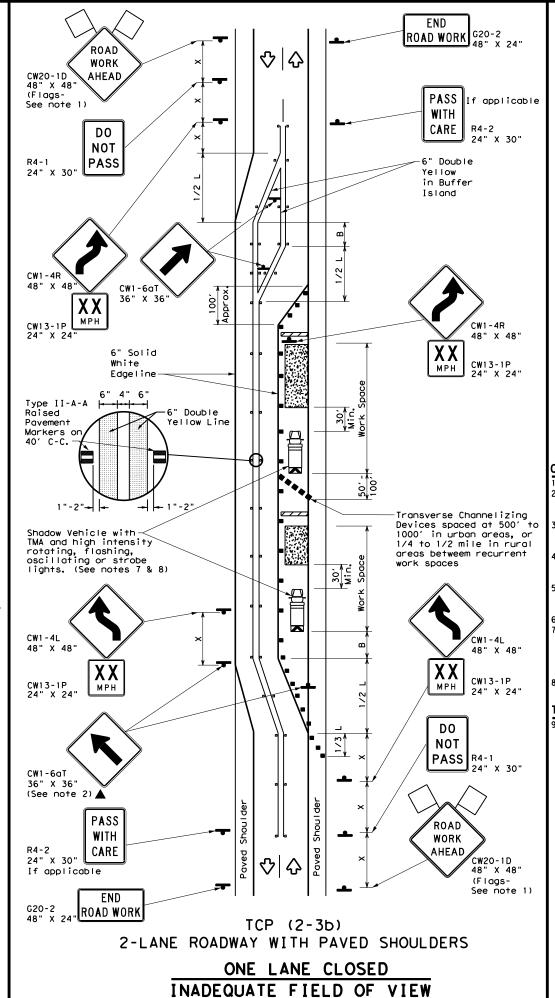
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

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REVISIONS 8-95 3-03	6465	24	001		VARIOUS
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ELP		VARIOU	JS	20





	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
口中	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
£	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
\Diamond	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	X Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	_ ws²	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	b	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	" " "	600'	660′	7201	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY				
			√	✓				

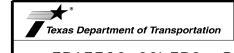
GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned $30\ \text{to}\ 100\ \text{feet}$ in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

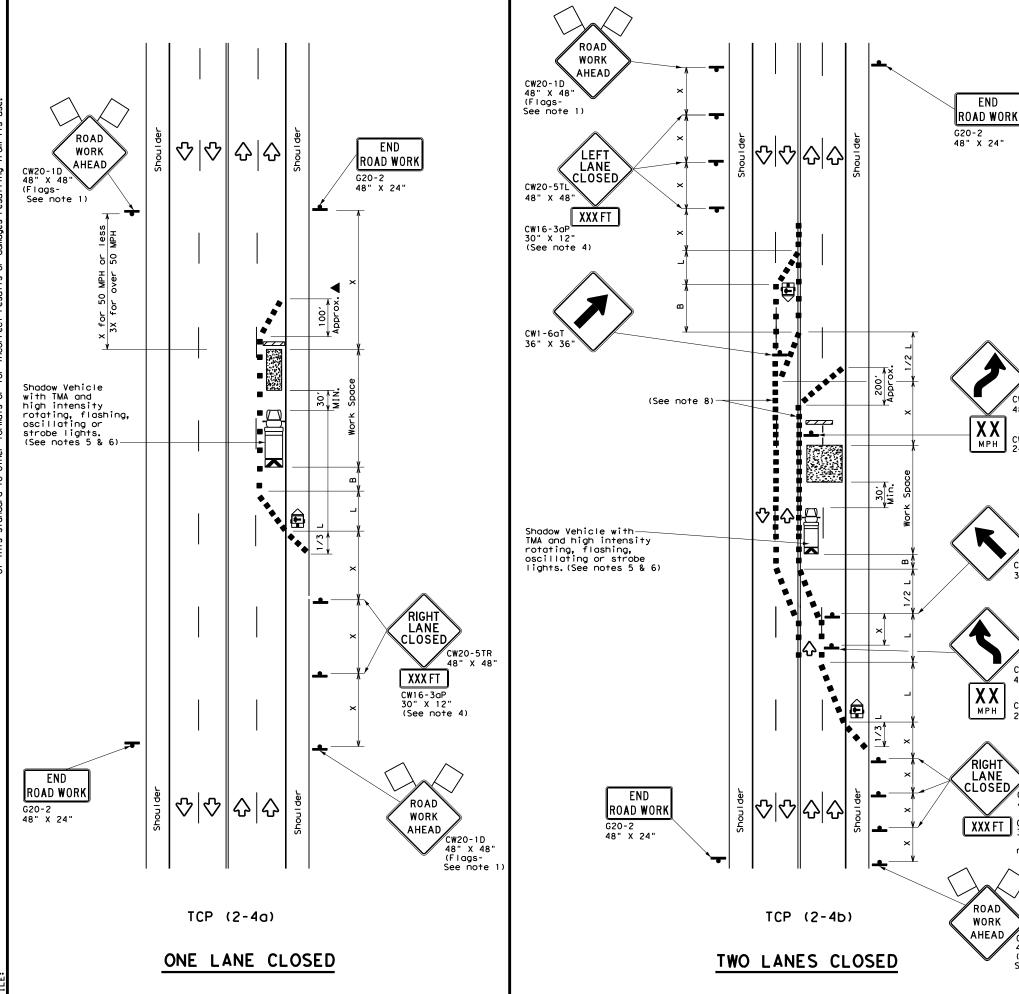


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TCP (2-3) -23

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FILE:	tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxD0T	April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
12-95 4	REVISIONS -98 2-18	6465	24	001		VAR	IOUS
	-03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
1-97 2	-12	ELP		VARIOU	JS		21



	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
ŀ	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow
\Diamond	Flag	Ф	Flagger

	<u> </u>							
Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	= WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	701	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40`	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- ""	600′	660′	720′	60`	120′	600,	350′
65	1	650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	8401	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY								
		1	1					

GENERAL NOTES

CW13-1P 24" X 24

CW1-6aT

36" X 36'

48" X 48"

CW13-1P

24" X 24'

CW20-5TR 48" X 48

CW16-3aP 30" X 12"

note 4)

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1

(See

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 1. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



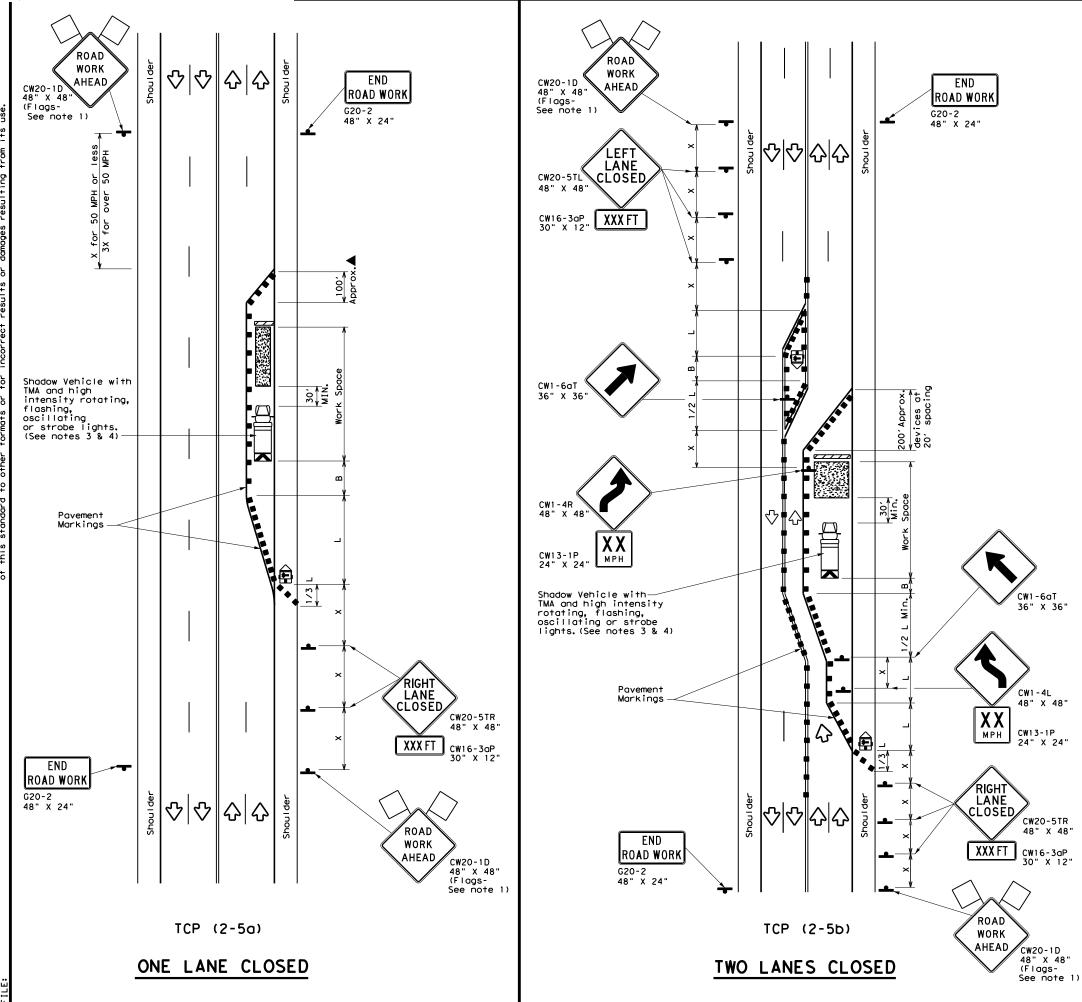
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

П	FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
П	ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H I GHWAY
I	8-95 3-03	6465	24	001	٧	ARIOUS
1	1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1	4-98 2-18	ELP		VARIOU	JS	22

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The use of this standard is governed by thing is made by TADOT for any purpose whatsoe thing is standard to other formats or for income.



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
( <del>•</del>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Д	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	, ws ²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- $\fill \fill \fil$

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
			✓	✓				

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

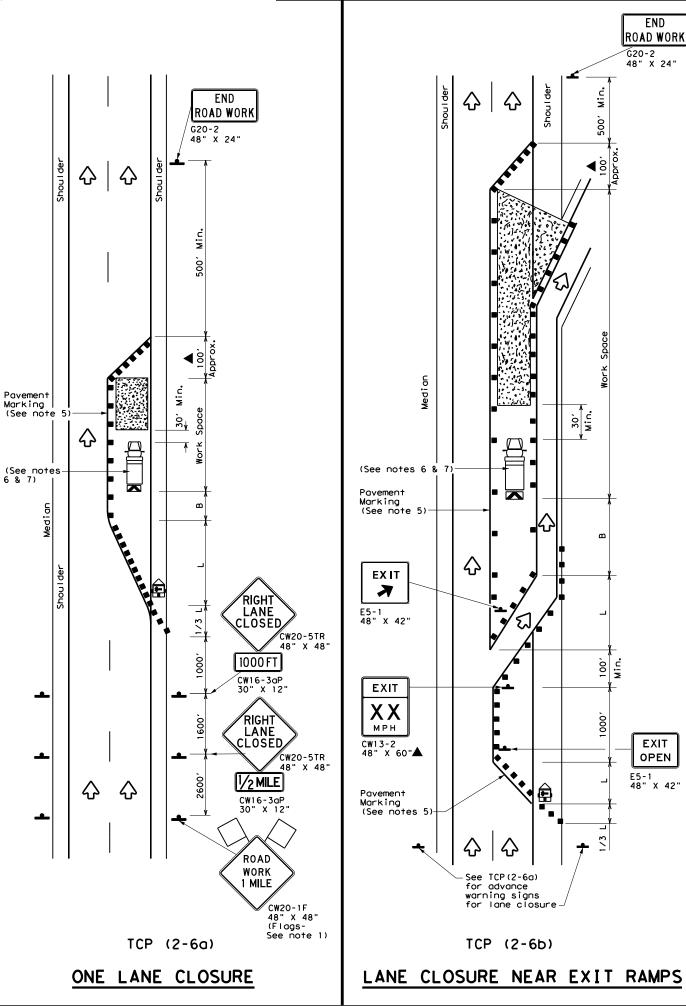
Traffic Operations Division Standard

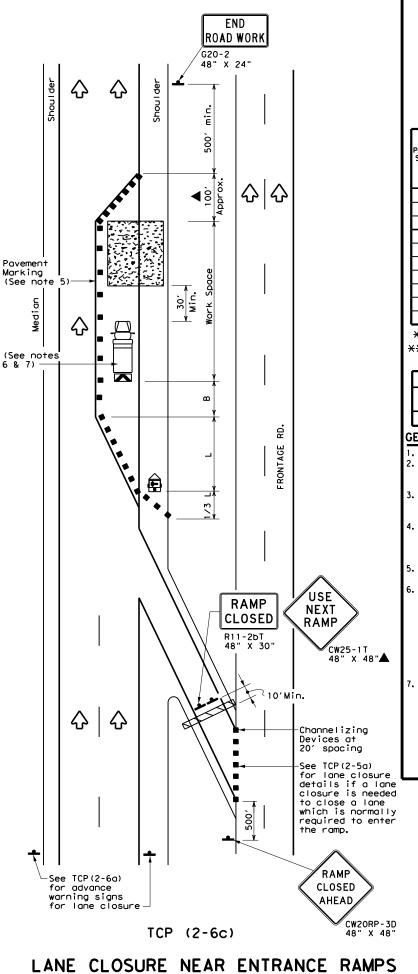
TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
ℂTxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS	6465	24	001		VAR	IOUS
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	ELP		VARIOL	JS		23

165

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The use of this standard
Kind is made by TxDOI for any





LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b></b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ъ	Flagger					

Posted Speed	peed		Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS ²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L= WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150'	900'	540′

- **X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
			1	1		

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

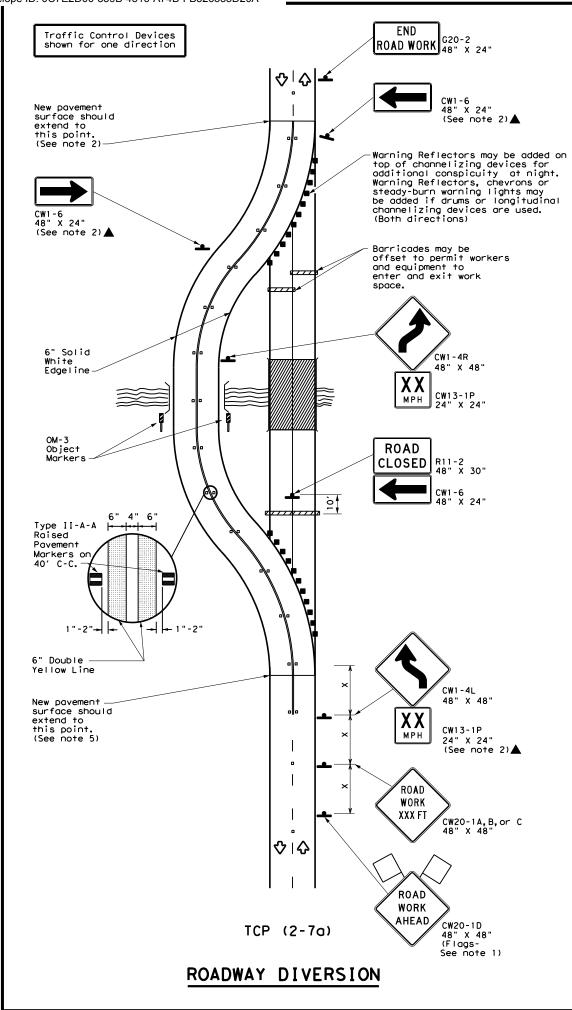
Texas Department of Transportation

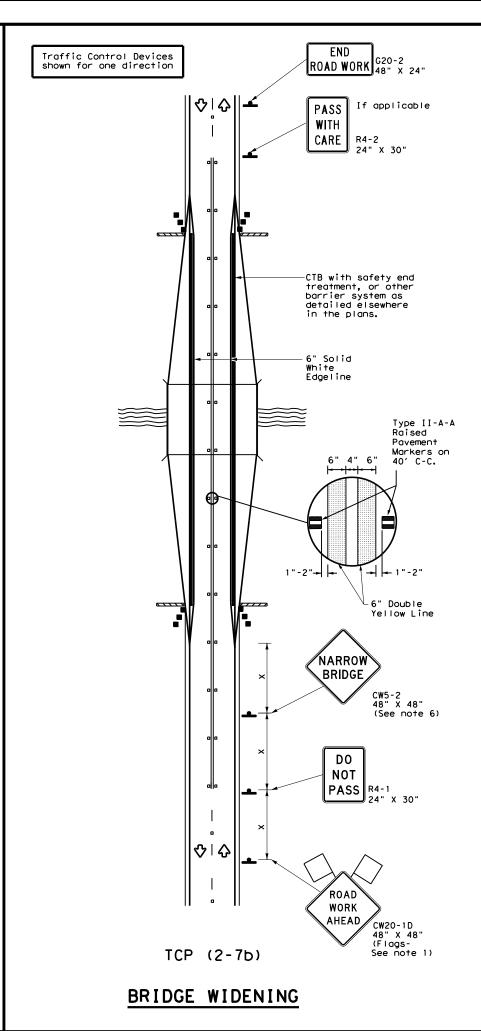
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

FILE:	tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
2-04 4-0	6465	24	001		VAR	IOUS	
2-94 4-98 8-95 2-1	2	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-1		ELP		VARIOU	JS		24





	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	3	Flagger					

Speed	· ·		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS ²	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- 113	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			√	√			

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

TCP (2-7a)

- 3. Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline throughout project.
- 4. Roadway diversion design requirements should be based on posted speed limit or prevailing speed.
- 5. New pavement surface should be extended across existing roadway edge to a point where existing pavement markings left in place during project do not conflict with construction area pavement marking.

TCP (2-7b)

6. The CW5-2 "Narrow Bridge" sign may be omitted if lane and shoulder widths are maintained.

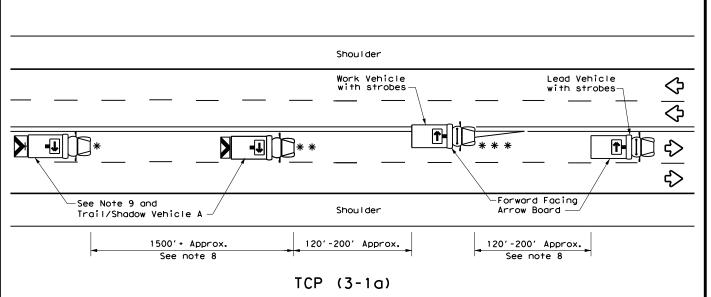


Traffic Safety Division Standard

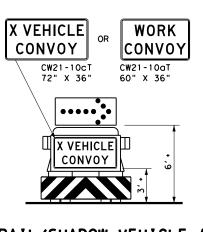
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **DIVERSIONS AND** NARROW BRIDGES

TCP (2-7) -23

FILE: tcp2-7-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18	6465	24	001	٧	'AR I OUS
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-12	ELP		VARIOU	JS	25

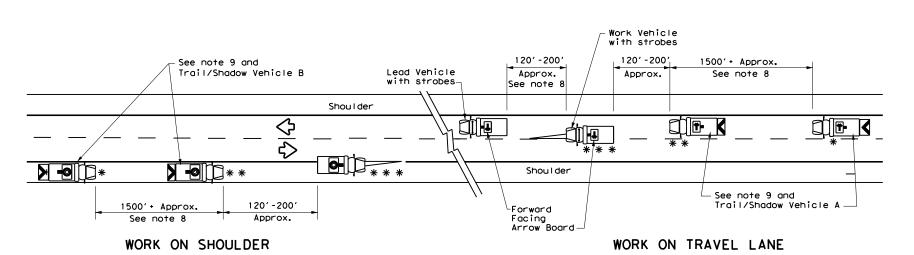


UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



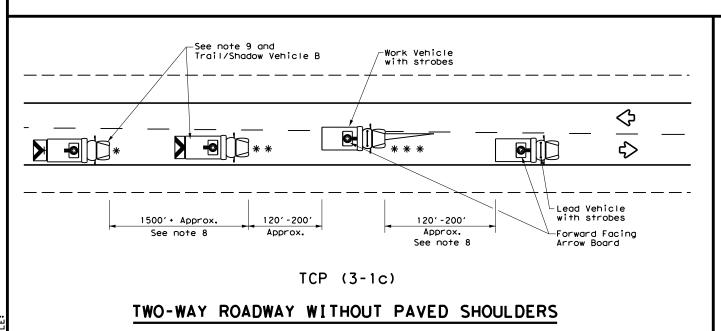
TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

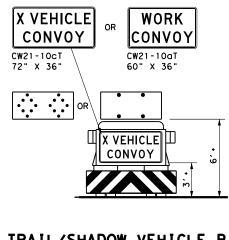
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

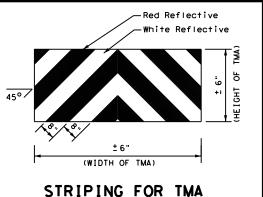
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle		ADDOW BOADD DISDLAY				
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* * *	Work Vehicle	₽	RIGHT Directional				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	#	Double Arrow				
♡	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

GENERAL NOTES

- . TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.





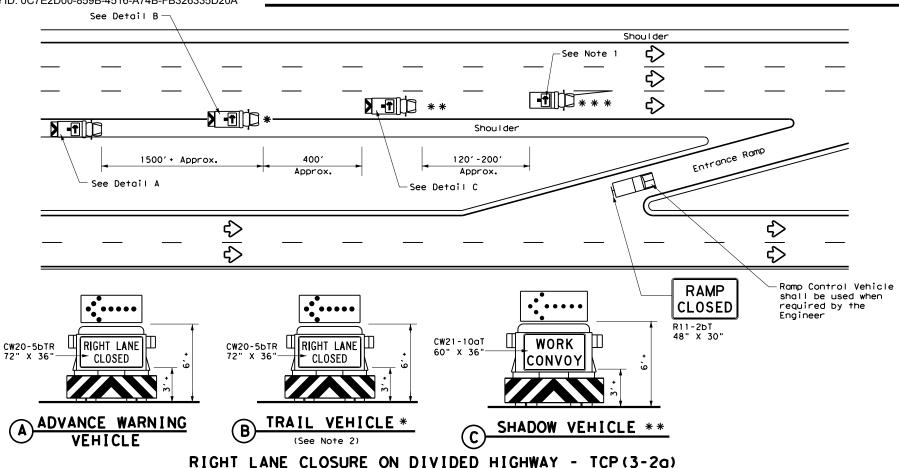
Traffic Operations Division Standard

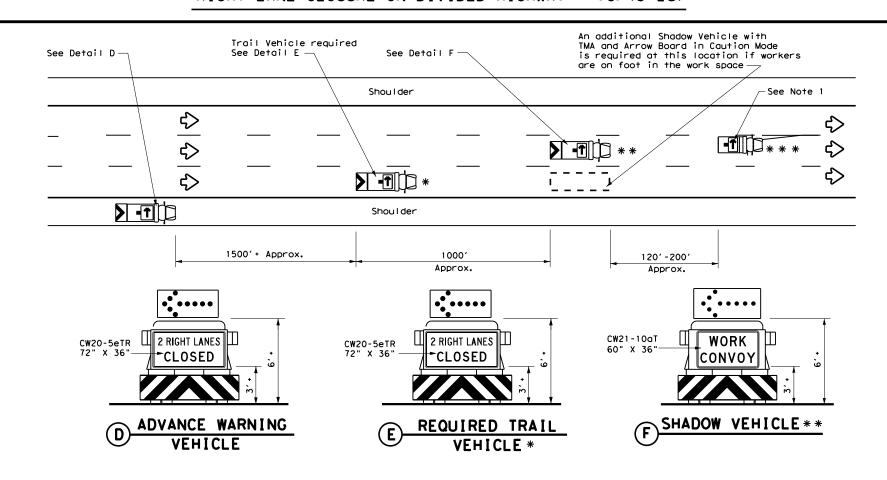
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(3-1)-13

ILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	I GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98		6465	24	001		V۸	RIOUS
3-95 7-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
I - 9 7	-	ELP		VARIO	JS		26

175





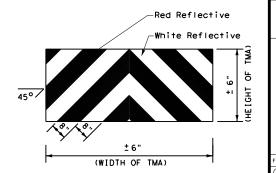
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)

LEGEND Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle ⊋ Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional Heavy Work Vehicle LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

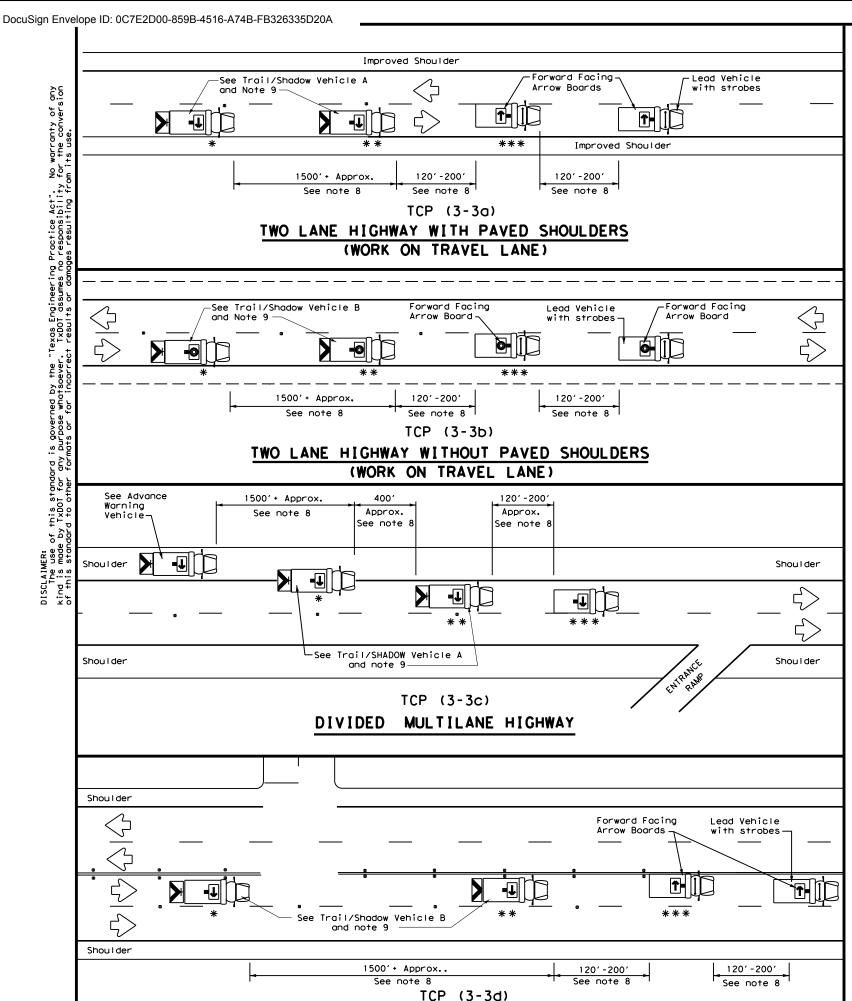


Traffic Operations Division Standard

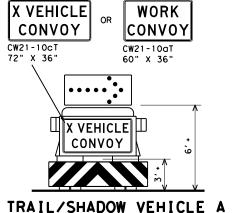
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) - 13

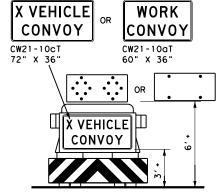
	• •	_	_
ILE: tcp3-2.dgn	DN: TxDOT	ck: TxDOT Dw:	TxDOT CK: TxDOT
CTxDOT December 1985	CONT SEC	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6465 24	001	VARIOUS
8-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
1-97	ELP	VARIOUS	27



UNDIVIDED MULTILANE HIGHWAY



with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

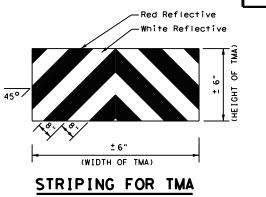


TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND							
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY					
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow					
Ÿ	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

GENERAL NOTES

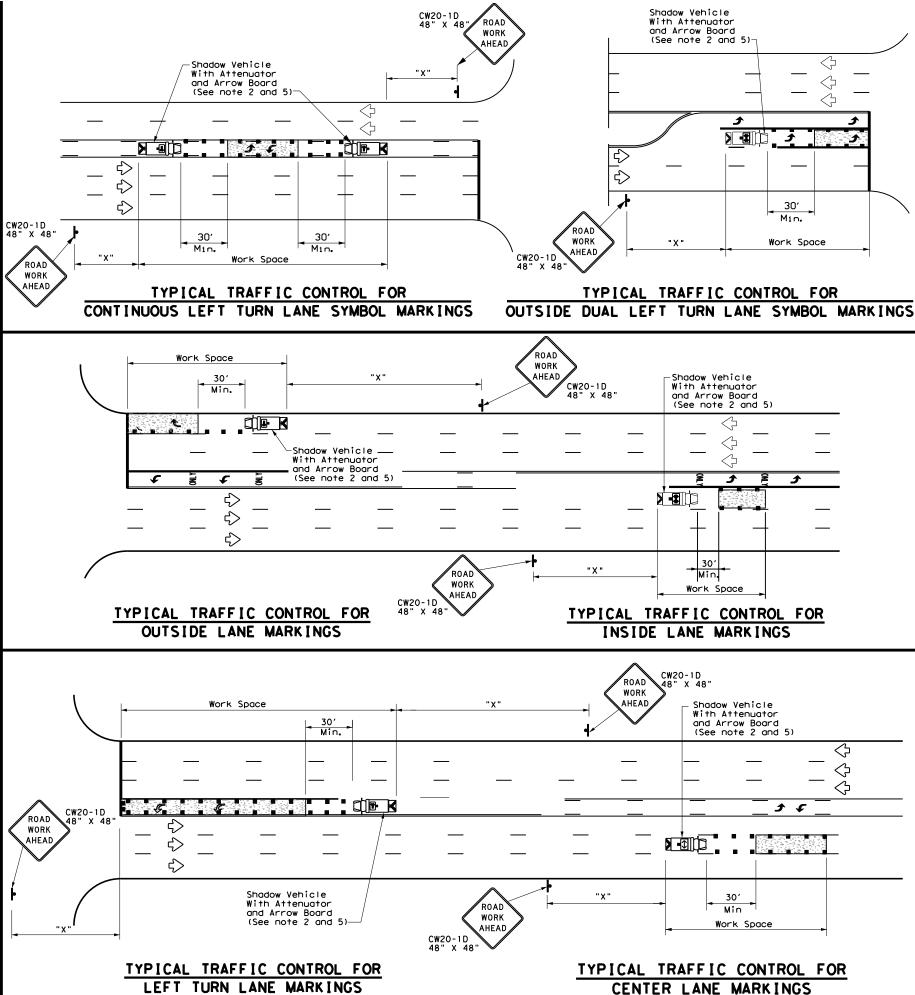
- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
 When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary
- depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3, dgn	DN: TxDOT	CK: TXDOT DW:	TxDOT CK: TxDOT	
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6465 24	001	VARIOUS	
8-95 7-13	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14	ELP	VARIOUS	28	



	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle	-	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)		Double Arrow						
Ç	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices						

Speed			Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> 2	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40′	80'	240′	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′
60		600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

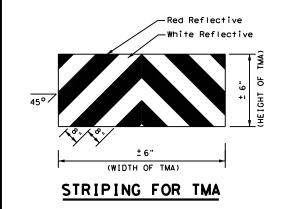
- X Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 5. Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.



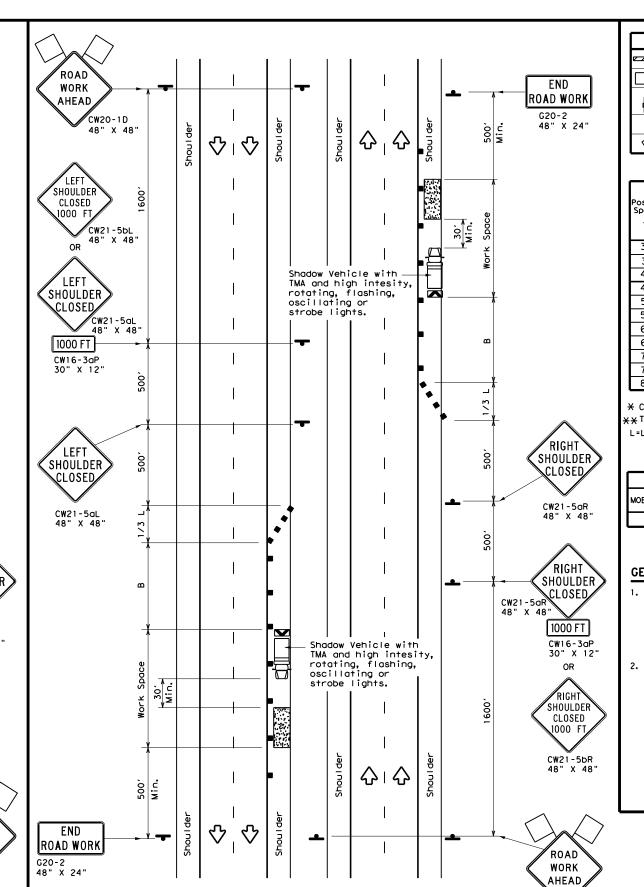


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-4) -13

LE:	tcp3-4.dgn	DN: T	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
)TxDOT	July, 2013	CONT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY		GHWAY		
REVISIONS		6465	24	001		VARIOUS	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ELP		VARIOU	JS		29

178



TCP (5-1b)

WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

LEGEND ZZZZ∣Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) eavy Work Vehicle M Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted lashing Arrow Board Traffic Flow Sign Flag Flagger

Posted Speed	Desirable		Spa Chan	ted Maximum cing of nelizing evices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space					
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"			
30	ws ²	150′	1651	180'	301	60′	90′			
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	120'			
40	80	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	155′			
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	195′			
50		500'	5501	600'	501	100′	240'			
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′			
60	- " 5	600'	660′	7201	60,	120′	350′			
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410'			
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	475′			
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′			
80		800'	880′	960'	80′	160′	615'			

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XXTaper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)					

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- . 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece cones.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
SHOULDER WORK FOR
FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-18

FILE: tcp5-1-18.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
C TxDOT	February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		6465	24	001		VARIOUS	
2-18		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		FLP		VARIO	ıs	30	

190

CW20-1D 48" X 48"

LEGEND							
~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	ЦO	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab Lengtl **	le	Spaci: Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
45		450′	4951	540′	451	90′	1951	
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100'	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	295′	
60	L - W 3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′	
80		8001	880′	9601	80′	160′	615′	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1	✓			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer.
- 3. All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- 4. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- 6. Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- 7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at 7' to the
- bottom of the sign. 10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.



#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP (6-1)-12

	_		_			_	
FILE:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	February 1998	CONT	ONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
8-12	REVISIONS	6465	24	001	01 VARIOUS		IOUS
0-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		ELP	VARIOUS 31		31		

See TCP(6-1) for

TCP (6-2a)

ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN

WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP

Lane Closure Details and

Additional Signing.

END

ROAD WORK

48" X 24" (See Note 4)

48" X 48"

WORK

AHEAD

CW13-1P▲ 24" X 24" (Plaque

See note 1)

Shadow Vehicle

with TMA and

high intensity

rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	0 0	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
E	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
\Diamond	Flag	L)	Flagger							

Posted Formula		D	Minimum esirab Length **	le	Spacir Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	1951
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		8001	880′	9601	80′	160′	615′

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1 1 1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign
- between ramp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.

 3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date
- and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
 4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

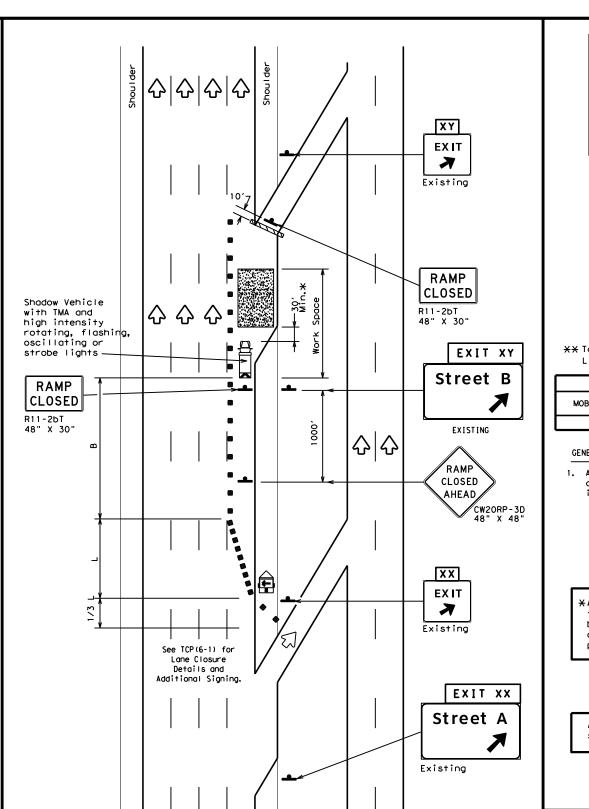
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) -12

FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn		DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	T CK: TxDOT
©TxDOT February 1994		CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS		6465	24	001		V	ARIOUS
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
4-98 8	-12		ELP		VARIOU	JS		32



TCP (6-3b)

EXIT RAMP CLOSED

TRAFFIC EXITS PRIOR TO CLOSED

 \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond

	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
<u> </u>		♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab Lengti **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	195′	
50		5001	550′	600′	50′	100′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′	
60	L-#3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900,	75′	150′	540′	
80		800'	8801	960'	80′	160'	615′	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MP

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	✓	✓	✓					

#### GENERAL NOTES:

STREET B

EXIT

CLOSED

EXIT XY

CLOSED

**RAMP** 

USE

STREET A

EXIT

USE

EXIT XX

Or, as an option when exits are numbered

Place 1 mile (approx.) in advance of Street A exit.

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

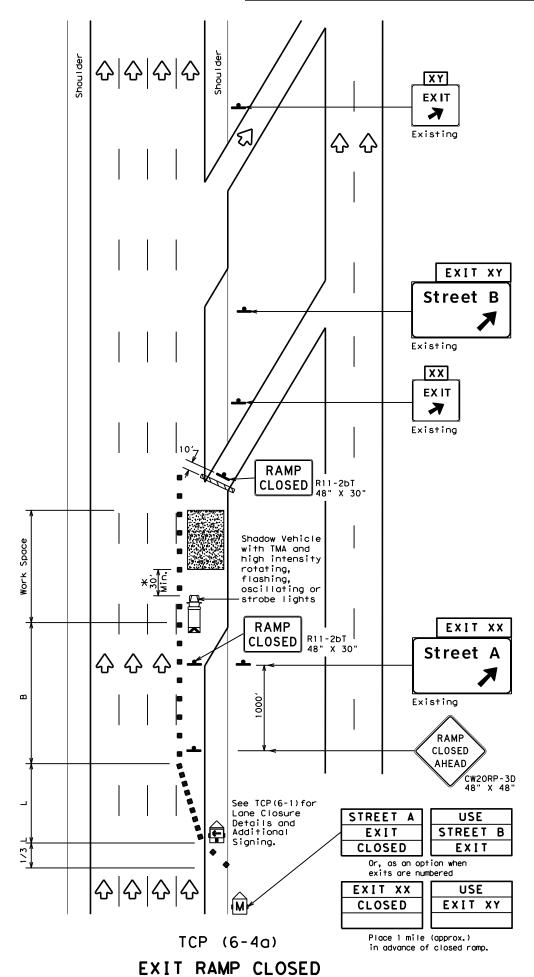
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

▼ Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

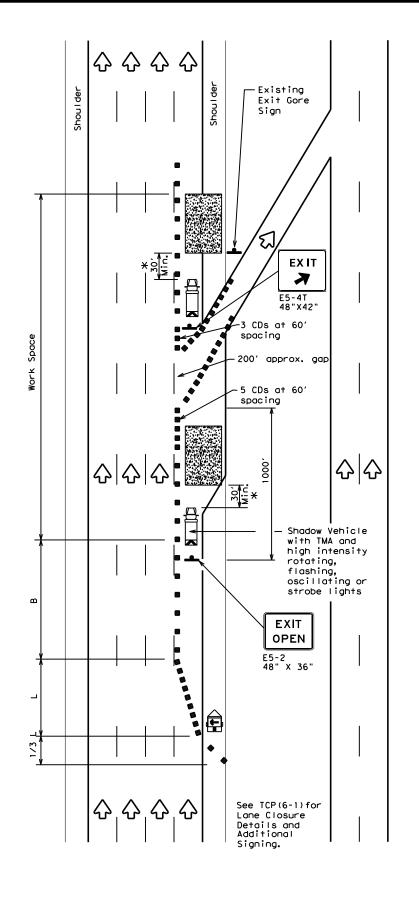
## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP

TCP (6-3) -12

C) TxDOT February 1994 CONT SECT JOB VARIOUS 6465 24 001 4-98 8-12 VARIOUS



TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP



TCP (6-4b)

EXIT RAMP OPEN

	LEGEND								
· / / / /	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	₹)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
_	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
Flag Flagger									
		,	•						

Posted Speed	Posted Formula		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" ** **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	195′
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	L ",5	600′	660'	720′	60`	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>°</i>	130′	410'
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	540′
80		8001	880′	9601	80′	160'	615′

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					

### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

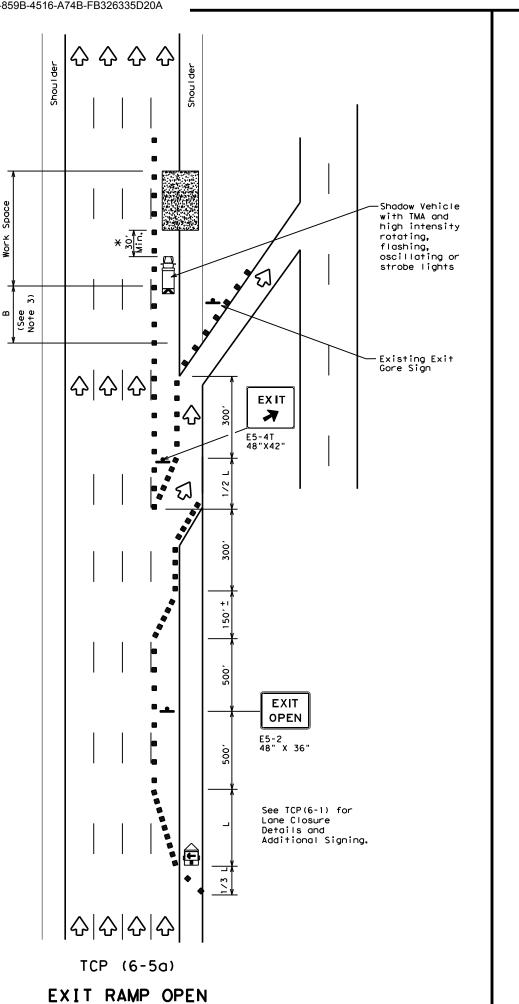
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

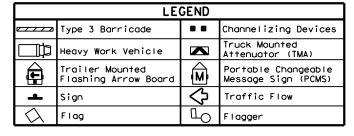


# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

FILE: tcp6-4.dgn		DN	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
©TxDOT Feburary 1994		14 0	CONT	SECT	JOB		нІ	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	6	465	24	001		VAF	RIOUS
1-97 8-98			DIST	•	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12	2	E	LP		VARIOL	JS		34





Posted Speed	Formula	D		sirable Spacing of Lengths "L" Channelizing		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B" [*]	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	195′	
50		5001	5501	600'	50′	100′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	295′	
60	L-#3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′	
80		800′	880′	9601	80′	160'	615′	

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	✓	1	√				

## GENERAL NOTES

Shadow Vehicles

with TMA and high intensity rotating,

Existing Exit Gore Sign

**EXIT** 

K

OPEN

See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure Details and Additional Signing.

수 수

flashing, oscillating or strobe lights

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- i. If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing the ramp.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30′ to 100′ in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP(6-5)-12

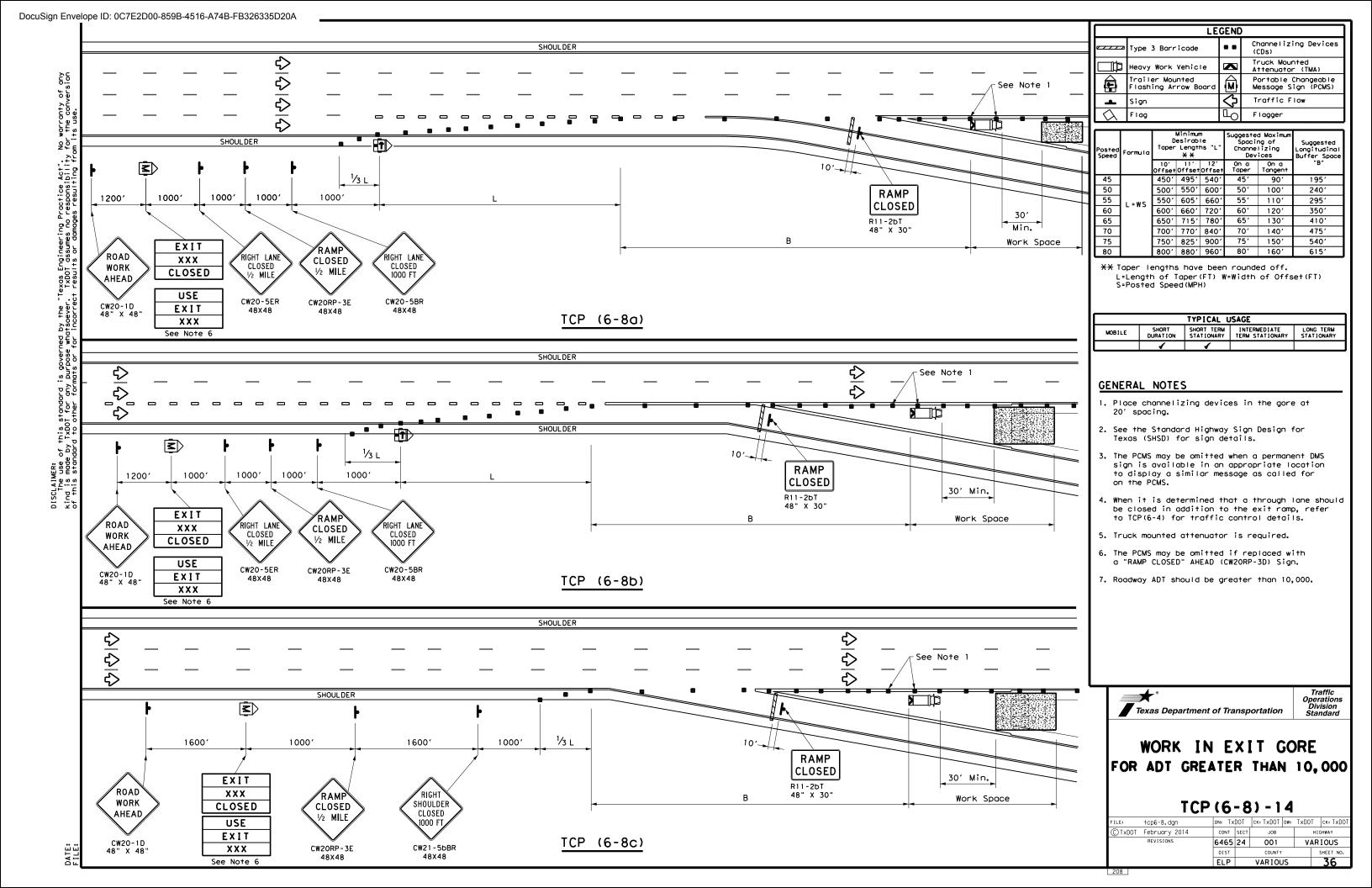
FILE:	tcp6-5.dgn	DN: T:	×D0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	Feburary 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6465	24	001		VA	RIOUS
1-97 8-		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-	12	ELP		VARIOU	JS		35

EXIT RAMP OPEN
TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN
1500' PAST EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5b)

 $|\phi|\phi|\phi$ 

 $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$   $\Diamond$ 



Longitudina Buffer Space "B"

1951

2401

295′

3501

410'

4751

5401

615'

Traffic Operations Division Standard

VARIOUS

37

JOB

001

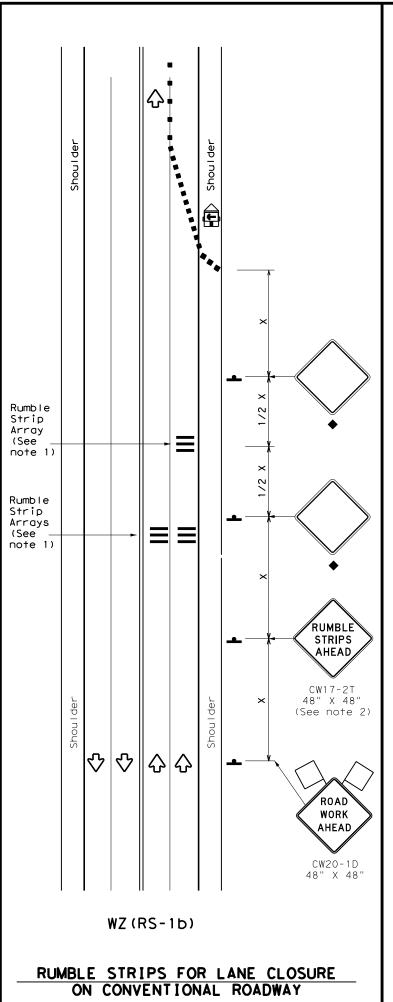
901

1001

110'

140′

TABLE 1 Warning sign and rumble strip # of Rumble sequence in Flagger Strip opposite direction (Length of Work Area) Arrays is some as below. < 4,500 1/8 Mile > 4,500 2 3,500 1/4 Mile > 3,500 2 < 2,600 1 1/2 Mile <u>></u> 2,600 2 < 1,600 1 1 Mile 2 <u>></u> 1,600 > 1 Mile N/A -See note 8 Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) Rumble Strip Array (See note 1) The second Rumble Strip Array is required when the ADT thresholds in Table 1 indicate the need for 2 Arrays. RUMBLE  $\Diamond$ AHEAD, CW17-2T 48" X 48" (See note 2) ROAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" WZ (RS-1a) RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	L)	Flagger					

Speed	ed Formula		Minimum Desirable a Taper Lengths **		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50`	100′	4001	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L - # 3	600'	660′	7201	60`	120′	600'	350′	
65		6501	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′	
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

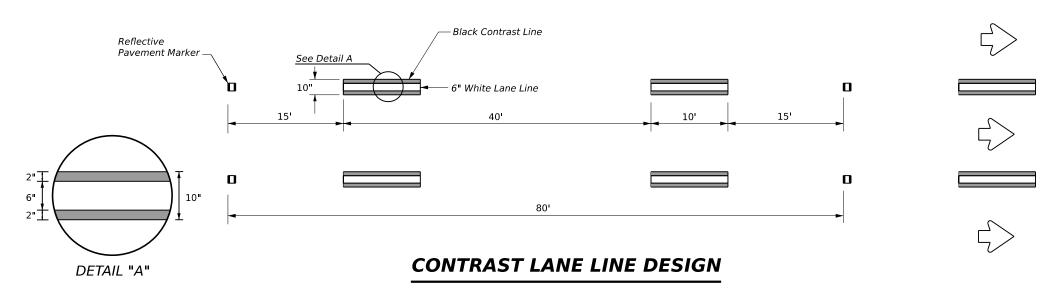
TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
≤ 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<del>*</del> 35′+					

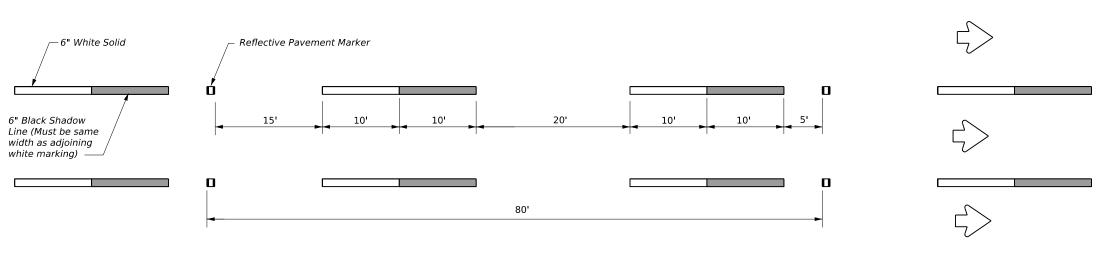


TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

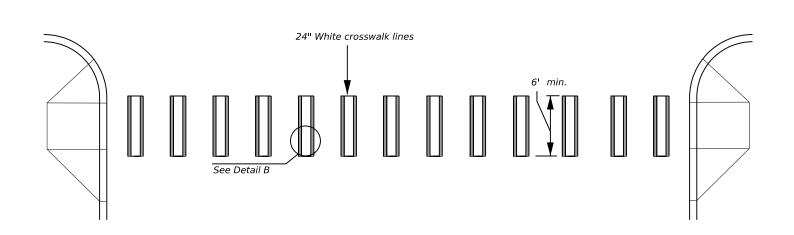
WZ (RS) -22

FILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
	6465	24	001		VAR	IOUS
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	ELP		VARIOU	JS		38

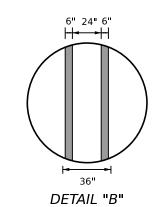




## SHADOW LANE LINE DESIGN



CONTRAST CROSSWALK DESIGN



(See PM(4) for crosswalk line placement details)

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Contrast and Shadow markings may only be used on concrete pavements.
- 2. Contrast and Shadow markings shall not be used on edge lines.
- Contrast lane lines shall be permanent prefabricated pavement markings meeting DMS 8240.
- 4. Shadow lane line designs shall be a liquid markings system approved by TxDOT.
- 5. All raised reflective pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the white stripes.
- 6. See PM(2) for raised reflective pavement markings installation details.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

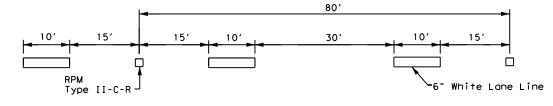
# CONTRAST AND SHADOW PAVEMENT MARKINGS

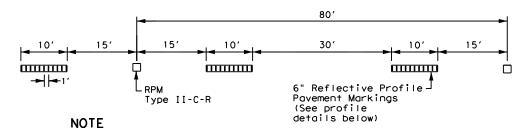
CPM(1)-23

FILE: CPM(1)-23.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C) TxDOT	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 5-14 2-23		6465	24	001	\	/ARIOUS
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
		FID		VARIOI	IS	30

22N

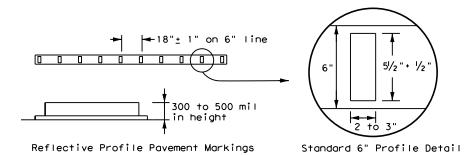






Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall be spaced on 80'centers with the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward wrong way traffic. All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.

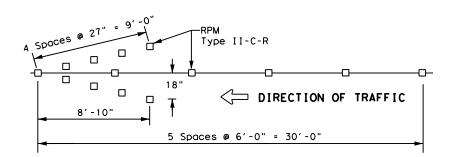
## TRAFFIC LANE LINES PAVEMENT MARKING



### NOTE

Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be as specified in the plans. See details above if reflective profile pavement markings are to be used.

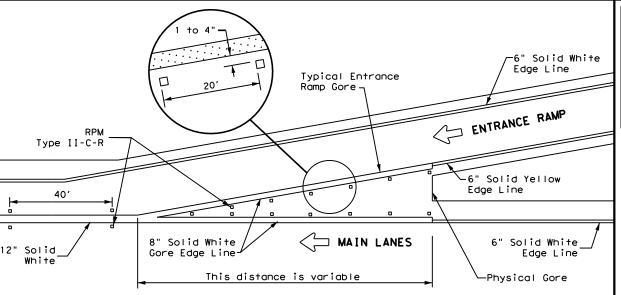
# EDGE LINE PAVEMENT MARKINGS



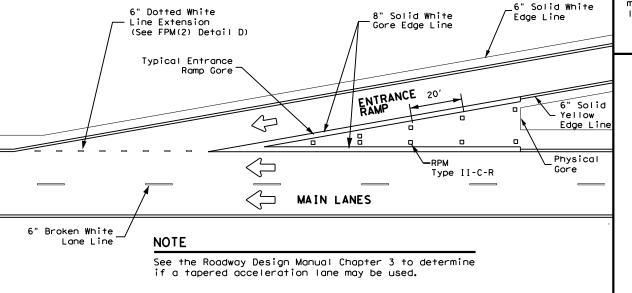
## NOTES

- Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type-II-C-R in the wrong way arrow shall have the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward the wrong way traffic.
- Red reflectorized wrong way arrows, not to exceed two, may be placed on exit ramps. Locations of the arrows shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

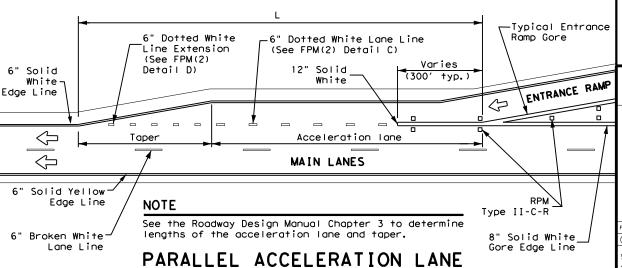
## WRONG WAY ARROW

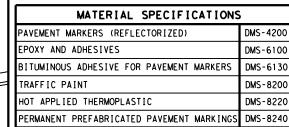


## TYPICAL ENTRANCE RAMP GORE MARKING

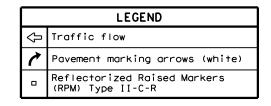


## TAPERED ACCELERATION LANE



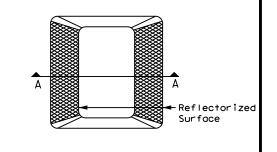


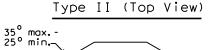
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

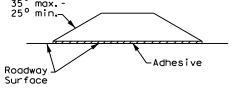


## GENERAL NOTE

On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers shall be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.







SECTION A

# REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)



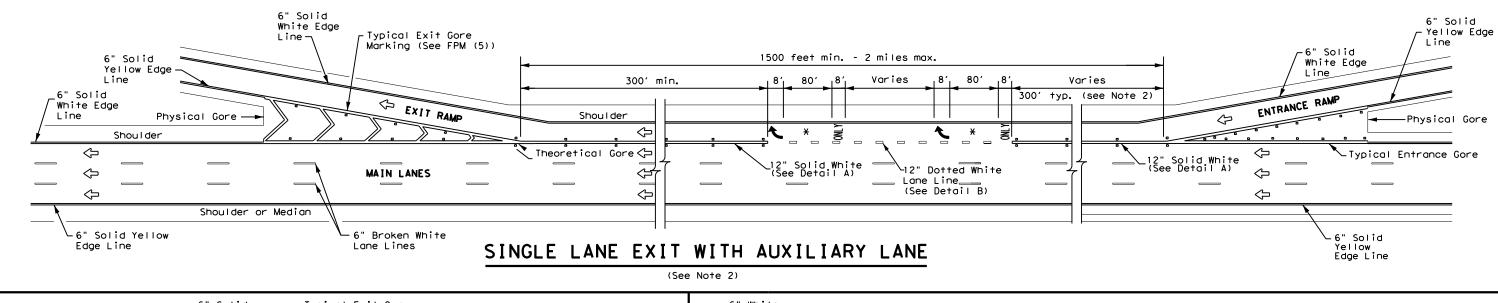
Traffic Safety Division Standard

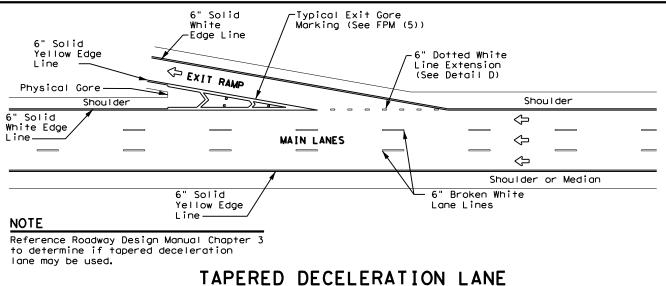
TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
WITH RAISED
PAVEMENT MARKERS

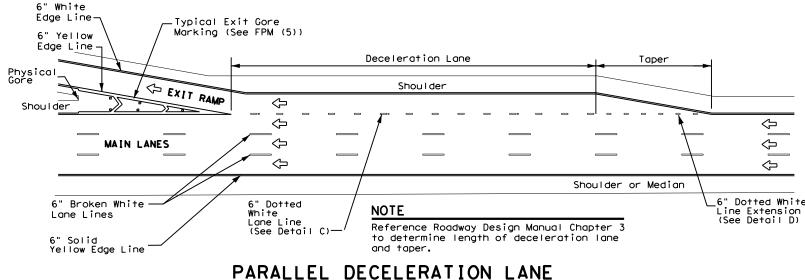
FPM(1)-22

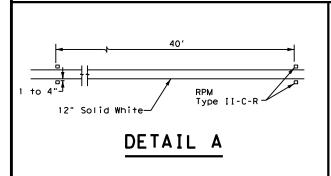
ILE: fpm(1)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 5-74 8-00 2-12	6465	24	001	V	'AR I OUS
4-92 2-08 10-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
5-00 2-10	ELP		VARIO	JS	40

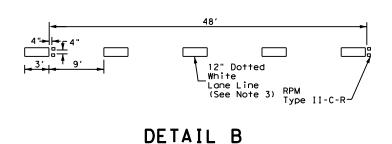
DATE:

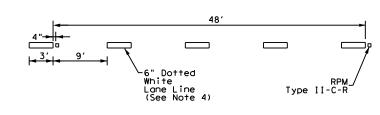


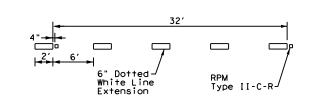












DETAIL C

## DETAIL D

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") dotted lane line (see Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- 4. Normal (6") dotted lane line (see Detail C) is used at parallel acceleration and deceleration lanes.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.

	LEGEND						
$^{\lozenge}$	Traffic flow						
7	Pavement marking arrows (white)						
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R						
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used						

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

<b>≠</b> *	
Texas Department of Transportation	

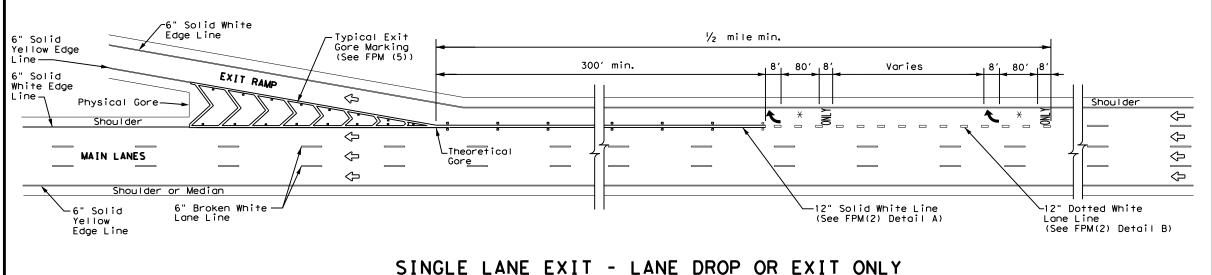
TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS

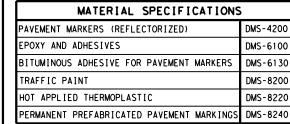
Traffic Safety Division Standard

FPM(2)-22

FILE: fpm(2)-22.dgn	DN:		ON: CK: DW:		CK:
CTxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-77 5-00 2-12	6465	24	001	V	ARIOUS
4-92 8-00 10-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-95 2-10	ELP		VARIO	JS	41

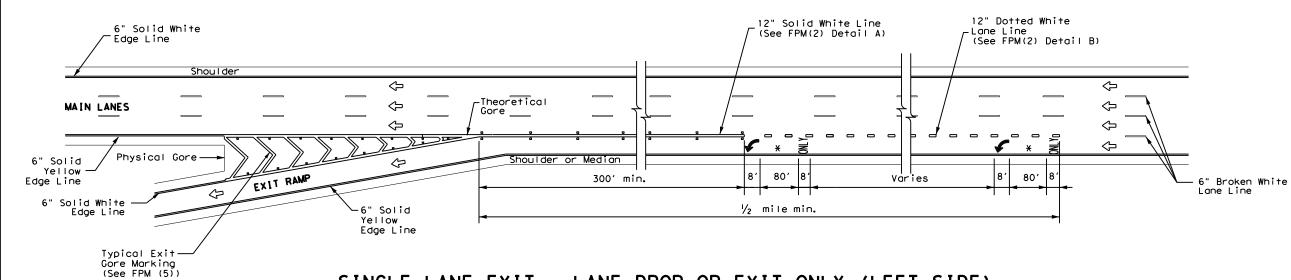
A T F :



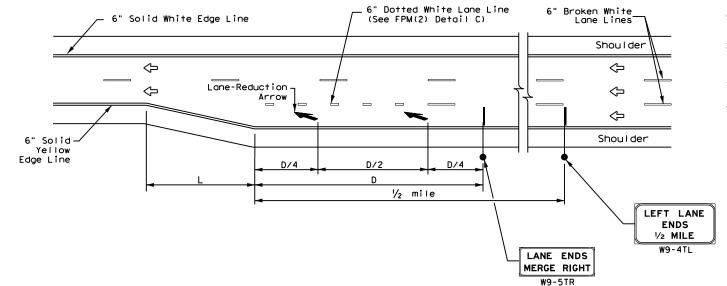


All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

	LEGEND				
ᡧ	Traffic flow				
7	Pavement marking arrows (white)				
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R				
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used				



SINGLE LANE EXIT - LANE DROP OR EXIT ONLY (LEFT SIDE)



FREEWAY LANE REDUCTION

#### NOTES

- 1. Large Guide signs shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.
- An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- Arrows and sign details can be found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) at http://www.txdot.gov.
- 4. These guidelines may also be applied to the design of a right side lane reduction. Use LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT (W9-5TL) and RIGHT LANE ENDS 1/2 MILE (W9-4TR) signs in lieu of what is shown on drawing.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)					
Posted	D (ft)	L (ft)			
Speed					
45 MPH	775				
50 MPH	885				
55 MPH	990				
60 MPH	1,100				
65 MPH	1,200	L=WS			
70 MPH	1,250				
75 MPH	1,350				
80 MPH	1,500				
85 MPH	1,625				

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- Wide (12") dotted lane line (see FPM(2) Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of frontage roads.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.

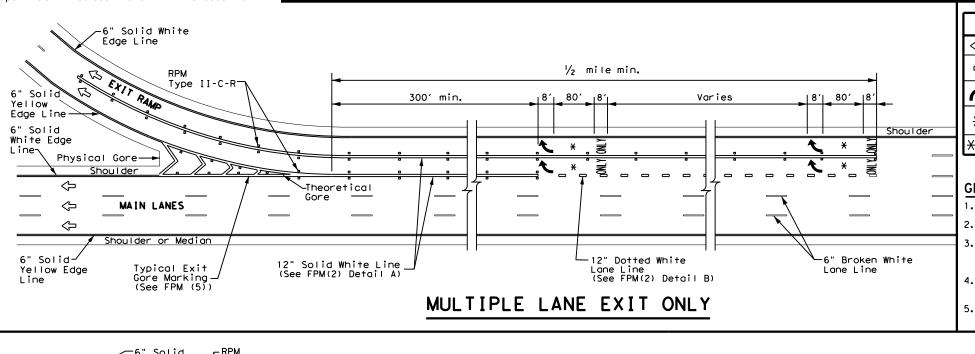


TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
SINGLE LANE DROP(EXIT ONLY)
AND LANE REDUCTION DETAILS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FPM(3) - 22

FILE: fpm(3)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
CTxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	HWAY
REVISIONS 4-92 2-10	6465	24	001		VARI	OUS
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
8-00 10-22	ELP		VARIOU	S		42



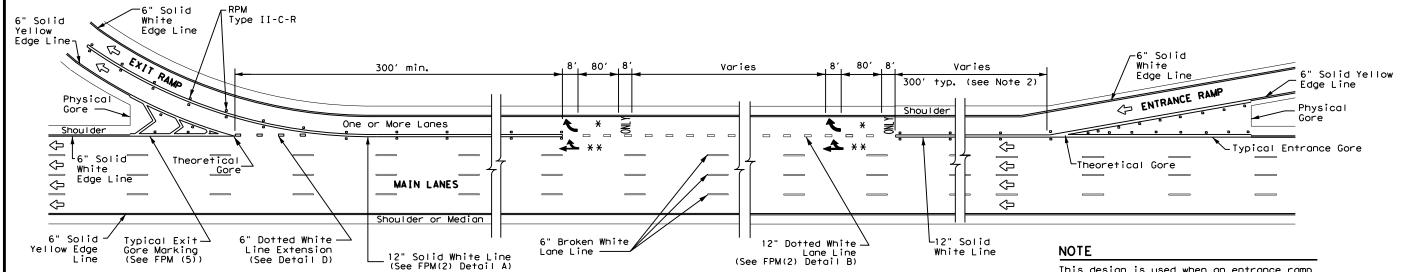
	LEGEND			
Ų.	Traffic Flow			
_	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R			
7	Pavement marking arrow (white)			
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used			
<del>* *</del>	Arrow markings are optional			

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	,
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

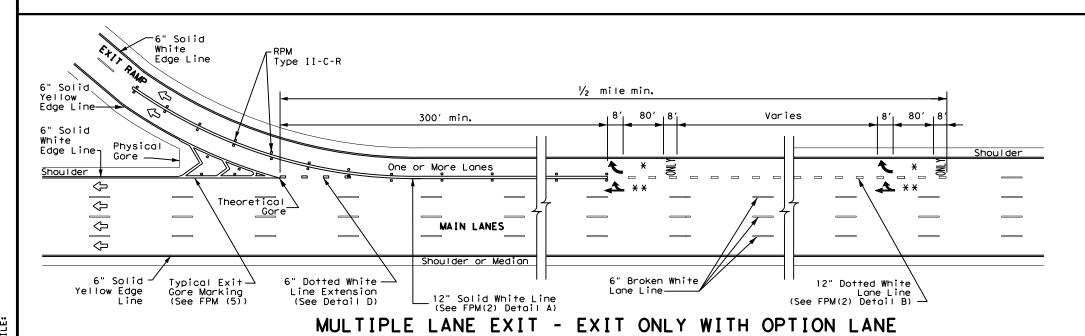
#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") dotted lane line (see FPM(2) Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- 4. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of frontage roads.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.



# SINGLE LANE ENTRANCE WITH MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

This design is used when an entrance ramp is followed by a dual lane exit ramp within 2400' downstream (theoretical gore to theoretical gore).





Traffic Safety Division Standard

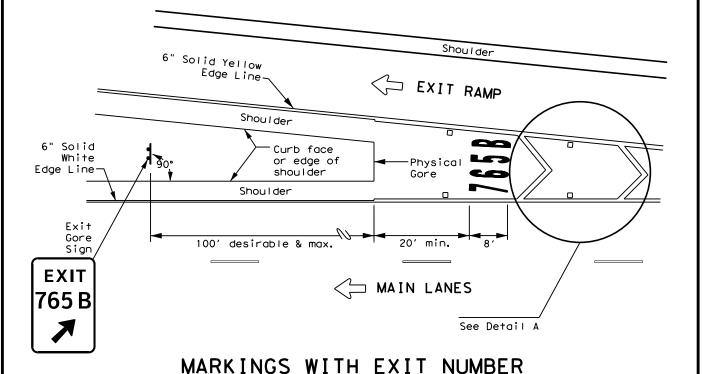
TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
MULTIPLE LANE DROP (EXIT)
DETAILS

FPM(4)-22

LE: fpm(4)-22.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:		CK:
TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-77 2-10	6465	24	001	V	'AR I OUS
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-00 10-22	ELP		VARIO	JS	43

## EXIT NUMBER PAVEMENT MARKING NOTES

- Minimum 8 foot white exit number pavement markings should be used, unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Spacing between letters and numbers should be approximately 4 inches.
- Pavement markings are to be located as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 4. Numbers and Letters details can be found in the Standard Highway Design for Texas (SHSD) Section 12 at http://www.txdot.gov

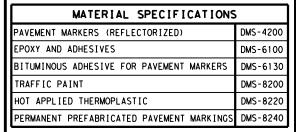


# 8" Solid White Chevron 8" Solid White Chevron 8" Solid White Gore Edge Line 1" to 4" 8" Solid White Core Edge Line 20' 1" to 4"

## NOTES

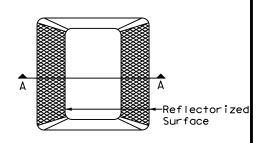
- Raised pavement markers shall be centered between each chevron or neutral area line.
- 2. For more information, see Reflectorized Raised Pavement Marker Detail.

# DETAIL A

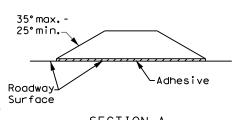


All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

	LEGEND
♦	Traffic flow
-	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R



Type II (Top View)



SECTION A

# REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)



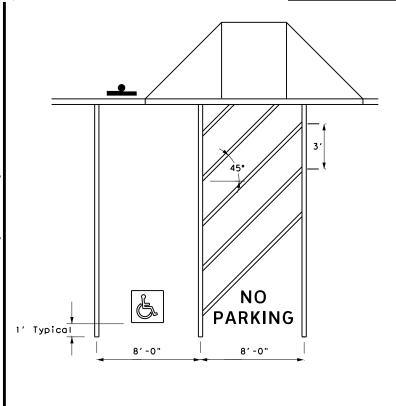
Traffic Safety Division Standard

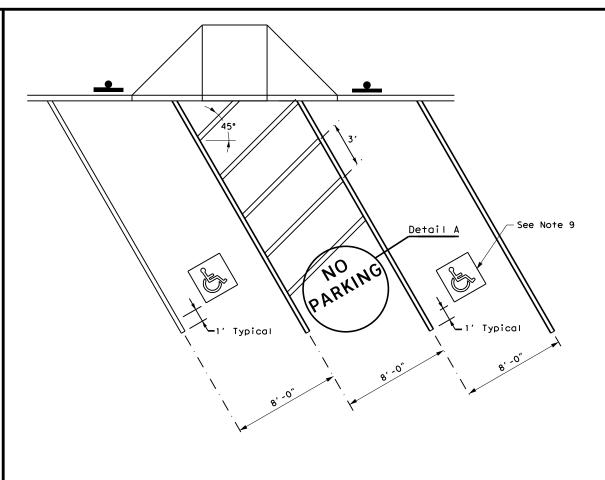
# EXIT GORE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

FPM(5)-22

LE: fpm(5)-22.dgn	DN:		CK: DW:		CK:		
TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	GHWAY	
REVISIONS 9-19	6465	24	001		VARIOUS		
10-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ELP		VARIO	JS		44	

Shoulder  EXIT RAMP  MAIN LANES  6" Broken White
EXIT NUMBER





## PERPENDICULAR OR ANGLED ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE DIMENSIONS



VAN ACCESSIBLE

R7-8P

VIOLATORS SUBJECT TO FINE AND TOWING

R7-8aPT

ACCESSIBLE
PARKING SIGNS



Detail A

# ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFIC	ATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

### GENERAL NOTES:

- All paved accessible parking space limit lines shall be 4" solid white lines.
- Paved accessible parking spaces must include a white International Symbol of Accessibility applied conspicuously on the surface in a color that contrasts the pavement. A blue background with white border may supplement the symbol for additional contrast.
- 3. The words "NO PARKING" must be applied on any access aisle adjacent to the parking space. The words must be white, applied:
  - a) in all capital letters.
- b) centered within each access aisle adjacent to the parking space.
- 4. RESERVED PARKING (R7-8T) sign including the International Symbol of Accessibility.
  - a) shall be REQUIRED for each accessible parking space.
  - b) shall NOT be placed between two accessible parking spaces.
- c) shall NOT be placed in a location that restricts movement of wheelchairs within the adjacent sidewalk.
- d) shall have a mounting height of 7 feet to the bottom of the sign.
- 5. A sign identifying the consequences of parking illegally in a paved accessible parking space. Must:
  - a) at a minimum state "VIOLATORS SUBJECT TO FINE AND TOWING" (Plague) (R7-8aPT).
  - b) be mounted on a pole, post, wall or freestanding board.
  - c) be no more than eight inches (8") below sign R7-8T a sign required by the Texas Accessibility Standards, 502.6.
  - d) be installed so that the bottom edge of the sign is no lower than 48 inches and no higher than 80 inches above the ground level.
- 6. Signs identifying van parking spaces shall contain the designation "VAN ACCESSIBLE" (R7-8P) Signs shall be 60 inches minimum above the ground level measured to the bottom of the sign.
- 7. Perpendicular or angled parking spaces shall be 8 feet wide minimum with an access aisle 8 feet minimum wide (van accessible). Two parking spaces are permitted to share a common access aisle.
- 8. Access aisles shall be at street level, extend the full length of the parking space they serve, follow ADA surface requirements, and marked to discourage parking in the access aisle. Curb ramps shall connect the access aisle to the adjacent pedestrian access route. Curb ramps shall not be located within the access aisle.
- International Symbol of Accessibility Parking Space Marking and sign details can be found in The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Safety Division Standard

PAVEMENT MARKINGS
AND SIGNING FOR
ACCESSIBLE PARKING

PM(AP)-21

•							
rue: pm(ap)-21	DN: TxDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TxDOT	TxDOT ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT July 2021	CONT	CONT SECT	JOB	JOB		CHWAY	
REVISIONS	6465	24	4 001		VAR	IOUS	
	DIST	COUNTY			COUNTY SHEET		
	ELP		VARIO	US		45	

white F Lane Line F

──6" White

Shoul der

6" Solid

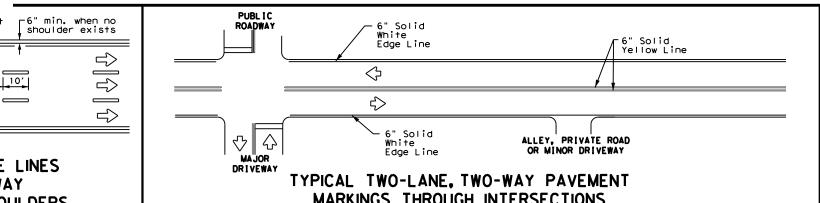
Edge Line-

6" Solid

Edge Line-

White

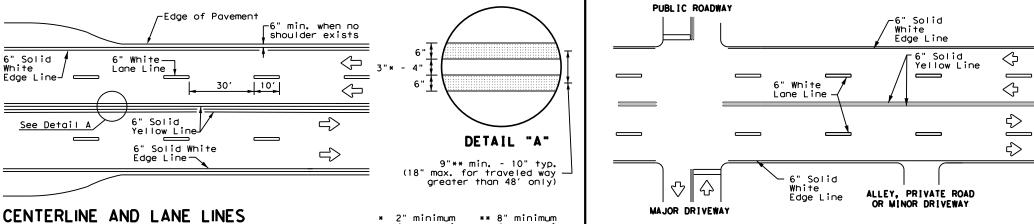
Yellow



## EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES ONE-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-Edge of Pavement

# MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



 $\triangleleft$ 

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

6" Solid White Edge Line

 $\Rightarrow$ 

-6" Solid White

Edge Line

**√**Edge of Pavement

[_10′]

Shoulder width may vary (typ.)

r6" Yellow Centerline

30'

Shoulder width may vary (typ.)

6" Solid Yellow

Edge Line

8" Dotted

Extension

White

Pavement Edge

Taper

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

6" Solid Yellow-

6" Solid White

Edae Line

Edge Line —

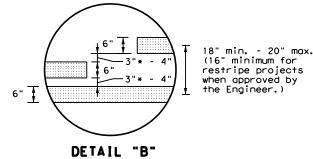
for restripe for restripe projects when projects when approved by approved by the Engineer. the Engineer.

See Detail B

6" Solid-

Yellow Line

## TYPICAL MULTI-LANE, TWO-WAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS



1. Where divided highways are

separated by median widths at

the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median

openings shall be signed as

2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

NOTES

# 3"to 12"+| +

For posted speed on road being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

## YIELD LINES

12" 3" to 12" + 1 + 18" \( \overline{1}{3} \) \( \overline{1} \) \( \

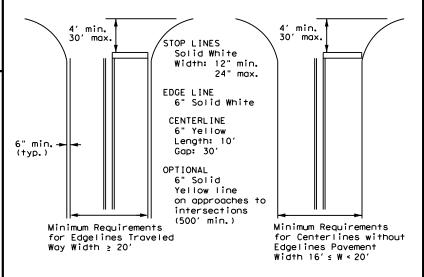
For posted speed on road being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.



TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

		•			
ILE: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 11-78 8-00 6-20	6465	24	001	V	ARIOUS
8-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	ELP		VARIO	JS	46

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

-See Note 2⊃

20" max.

ΔΔΔΔΔ

∟48" min.

line to stop/yield

from edge

16" min. - Y

6" min. when no shoulder

6" Solid White

6" White Lane Line_

-6" Solid Yellow Line

_

-6" White Lane Line

Lines

Edge Line

exists

 $\langle \neg$ 

TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

Solid

10′

 $\Rightarrow$ 

—See Note 1-

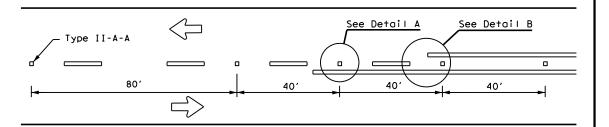
Storage

Deceleration

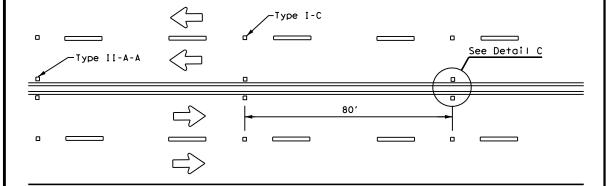
## REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

2. Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit

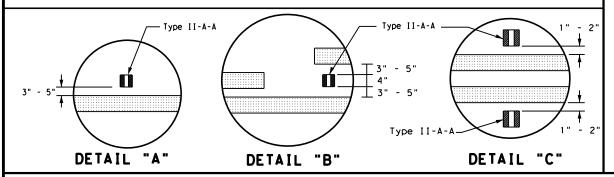
of 45 MPH or less.



## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



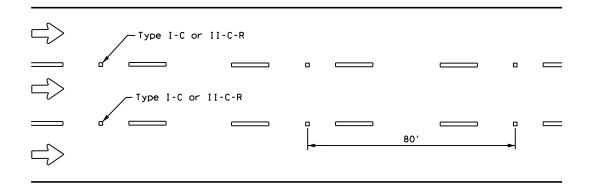
## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



OR 6" LANE LINE

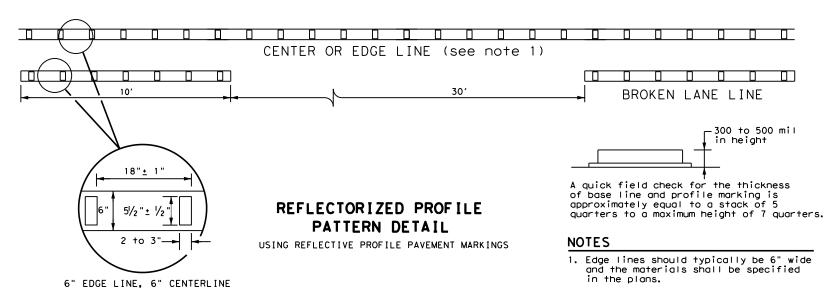
## Centerline -Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



## LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

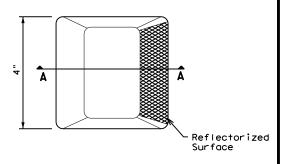


## GENERAL NOTES

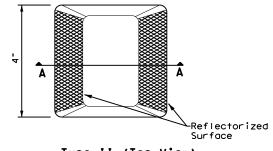
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements, the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians, and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

ı	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
ı	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200					
1	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100					
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130					
ı	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200					
ı	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220					
ı	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					

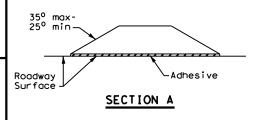
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE

Traffic Safety Division Standard

**MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

ILE: pm2-22,dgn	DN:	CK: DW:		DW:	CK:
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20			V	VARIOUS	
4-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	ELP		VARIO	US	47

Paved Shoulder

300' -500

(Optional)

Pavement

RIGHT LANE

Edge

6" Dotted White

D/2

8

W9-2TL

Lane Line

D/4

MERGE

Varies (See general Note 2)

SEE DETAIL B

#### NOTES

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on_street parking in_what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING ISTANCE (	
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f+)
30 MPH	460	_{wc} 2
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	

# Type II-A-A Markers $\diamondsuit$ 20 $\diamondsuit$ ₹>

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

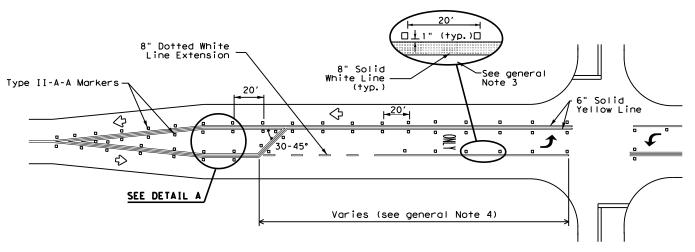
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

## GENERAL NOTES

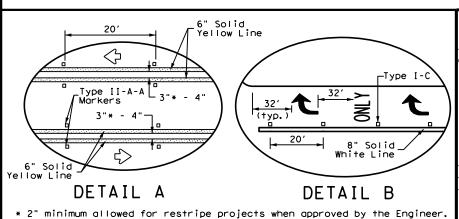
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used. two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



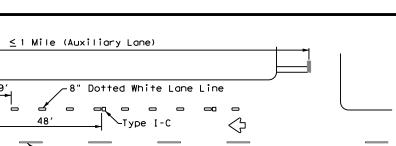
## TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS





# RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	6465	24	001	V	ARIOUS
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	ELP		VARIO	US	48



LANE REDUCTION

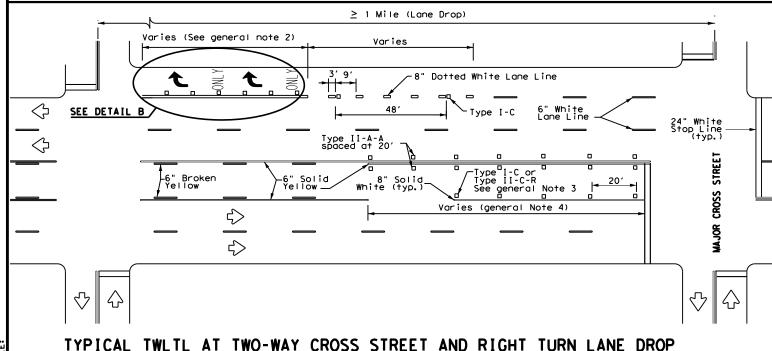
6" Broken Yellow SEE DETAIL A Solid Yellow Line 6" White Lane Line  $\langle \cdot | \cdot \rangle$  $\Diamond$ 

Lane-Reduction

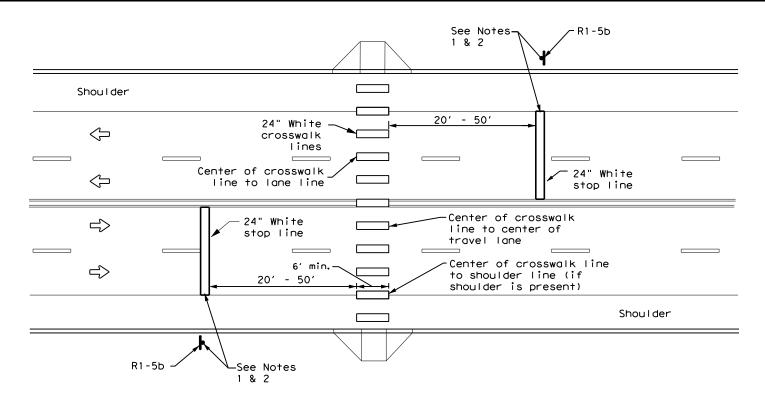
Arrow

D/4

## TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



# HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK AT CONTROLLED APPROACH



UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

## GENERAL NOTES

- Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes, lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be omitted.
- For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices."
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

## NOTES:

- Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(4)-22A

ı	FILE: pm4-22a.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
ı	ℂTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY
ı	REVISIONS 6-20	6465	24	001		VA	RIOUS
ı	6-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	12-22	ELP		VARIO	US		49

22D

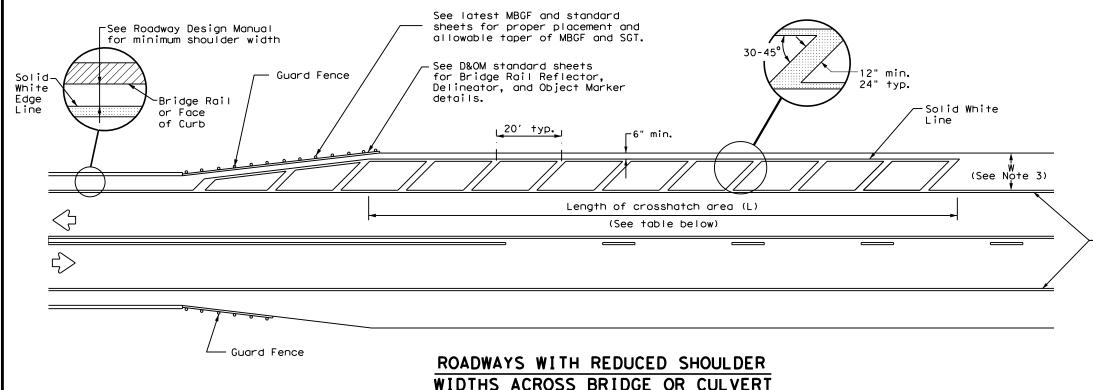
## NOTES

- Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 4 inches from the bridge rail or face of curb or 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions.
- 2. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional. If used, the no-passing zone shall be a minimum 500 feet long from the beginning of the bridge.
- 3. The crosshatching should be required if the shoulder width in advance of the bridge is 4 feet or wider and a reduction of at least 3 feet in shoulder width across the bridge occurs.
- On divided highways, review both the right and left shoulder widths for the need for narrow bridge pavement markings.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

-Solid White Edge Line



CROSSHATCH LENGTH (L) Posted Speed L (ft) (MPH) 30 35 300 ft 40 45 50 55 60 500 ft 65 70

75

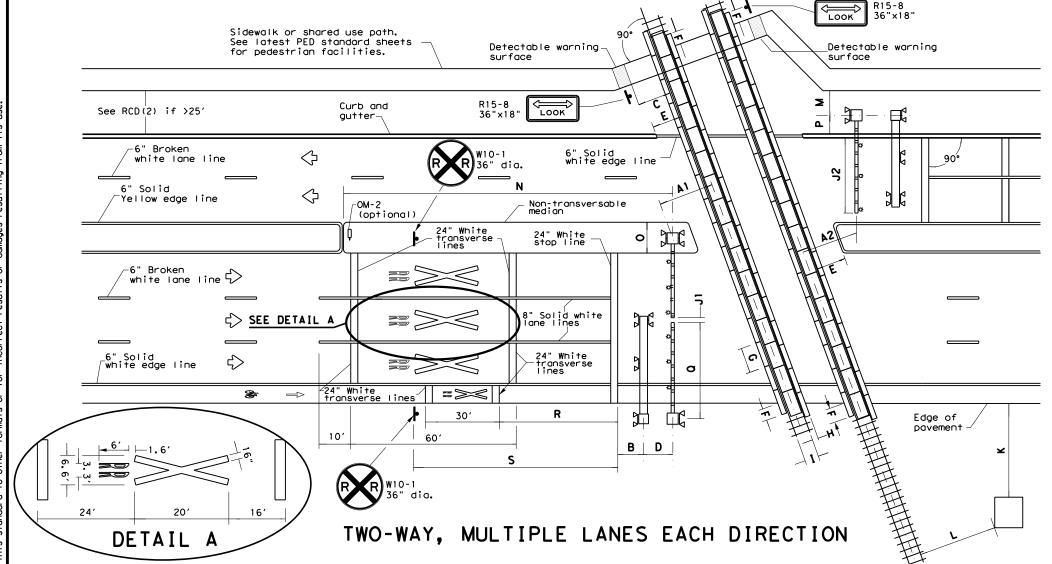
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

PM(5)-22

ILE: pm5-22, dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6465	24	1 001 VARIOU		IOUS	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
	ELP		VARIO	JS		50



#### NOTES

- Al: Center of RR most to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- A2: Tip of gate to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- B: Center of mast (cantilever, gate, or mast flasher) of nearest active traffic control device to stop line: 8' (NOTE: Stop line may be moved as needed, but should be at least 8' back from gates, if present).
- C: Near edge of detectable warning surface to nearest rail: 12' minimum.
- D: Center of gate mast to center of cantilever mast: 6' typical. NOTE: Cantilever may be located in front or behind gates.
- E: Edge of median or curb to nearest rail: 10' typical. NOTE: Design median edge to be parallel with rail.
- F: Edge of planking panel from edge of pavement or sidewalk: 3' minimum. NOTE: Field panels need not be in line with gauge panels.
- G: Length of panels along rail: 8' typical.
- H: Width of field panel: 2' typical (check with railroad company).
- I: Distance between rails: 4'- 8'1/2".

GENERAL NOTES

- J1: Tip of gate to tip of gate: 2' maximum.
- J2: 90% of traveled roadway to be covered by gate.
- K: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from edge of pavement: 30' typical. NOTE: Cabinet not required to be parallel to edge of pavement.
- L: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from nearest rail: 25' typical.
- M: Center of RR mast to edge of sidewalk: 6' minimum.
- N: Center of gate mast to leading edge of non-traversable median: 100' minimum to qualify as a Quiet Zone SSM. NOTE: 60'will suffice if there is a street intersection within the 100' and all street intersections within 60' are closed.
- 0: Width of median for RR gate assembly: 8'-6" minimum, 10' typical when using median gates. NOTE: Center of gate mast minimum 4'-3" from face of curb.
- P: Center of RR mast to face of curb: 5'-3" minimum.

  Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (with shoulder): 7' minimum. Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (no shoulder): 9'-3" minimum. NOTE: Final location determined by the railroad company.
- Q: Gate length: 28' or less typical, but railroad company may allow up to 32' under special circumstances.
- R: Stop line to first RR Crossing transverse line (bike lane): 50' typical.
- S: Stop line to GRADE CROSSING ADVANCE WARNING (W10-1) sign and adjacent RR Crossing pavement markings. See Table 1. See RCD(2) for other signs.

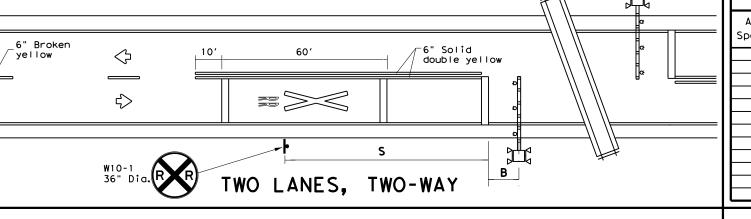
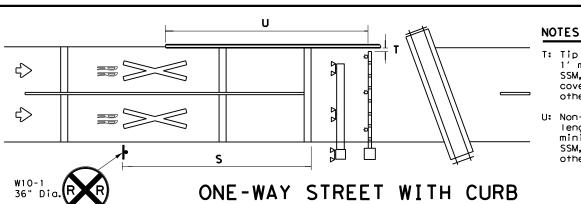


TABLE 1		LEGEND				
Approach	Desirable Placement		-	Sign		
eed (mph)	(feet)		Q	Object Marker		
20	100					
25	100		<>	Traffic Flow		
30	100					
35	100			Cantilever		
40	125			Gate Assembly		
45	1 75			outc Addemoty		
50	250		5	Mast Flasher		
55	325		И	Pair		
60	400	l '				
65	475					
70	550					
75	650					

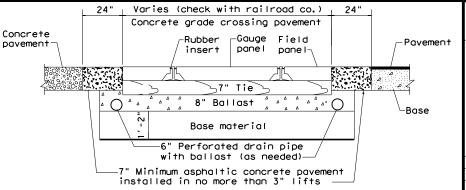
## as a Quiet Zone Supplementary Safety Measure (SSM). Non-traversable curbs in Quiet Zones are 6" tall minimum and used on roadways where speed does not exceed 40 mph.

Medians and curbs must be non-traversable to qualify

- 2. Raised pavement markers may be used to supplement striping. See PM(2) and PM(3) standard sheets.
- Medians preferred whenever possible to prevent vehicles from driving around gates.
- Longitudinal edge striping may be continued thru crossing as needed. Illumination may also be considered for nighttime visibility.
- 5. See SMD standard sheets for sign mounting details.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) manual for sign and pavement marking details.



- T: Tip of gate to edge of curb: maximum for Quiet Zone SSM, 90% of traveled way covered by gates for all other locations.
- U: Non-traversable curb length from gate: 100′ minimum for a Quiet Zone SSM, 10' minimum for all other locations.



CROSSING SURFACE CROSS SECTION

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard RAILROAD CROSSING

DETAILS SIGNING, STRIPING, AND DEVICE PLACEMENT RCD(1) - 22

FILE: rod1-22.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxDOT November 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	IGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6465 24		001		VARIOUS		
2-16 11-22	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
11-22	ELP		VARIO	US		51	

## 501 501 121 —Shared use path ⑧ OR ⑨ ▮① NOTES

- 1. A shared use path is considered a separate pathway crossing when more than 25' from traveled way of adjacent roadway.
- 2. Detectable warning used at stop bar.
- Smaller signs preferred. See the Design of Bicycle Signs section within the TMUTCD for sizing details.

## PATHWAY CROSSING

TABLE 1		OCHERAL NOTES
		1. Railroad company to provide active traffic control devices.
ed	Desirable Placement	CROSSBUCK (R15-1), NUMBER OF TRACKS (R15-2P) plaque (if more than
h)	(feet)	2. LOW GROUND CLEARANCE (W10-5) signs may be relocated further
)	100	upstream of crossing to provide advance warning of alternate route
)	100	3. GRADE CROSSING AND INTERSECTION ADVANCE WARNING (W10-2) signs may
)	100	be modified as needed to fit roadway geometry.
	100	4. Table 1 placement distances may vary per the Placement of Warning

GENERAL NOTES

Approach

Speed (mph)

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

60

65

70

75

TWO ADJACENT CROSSINGS

175

250

325

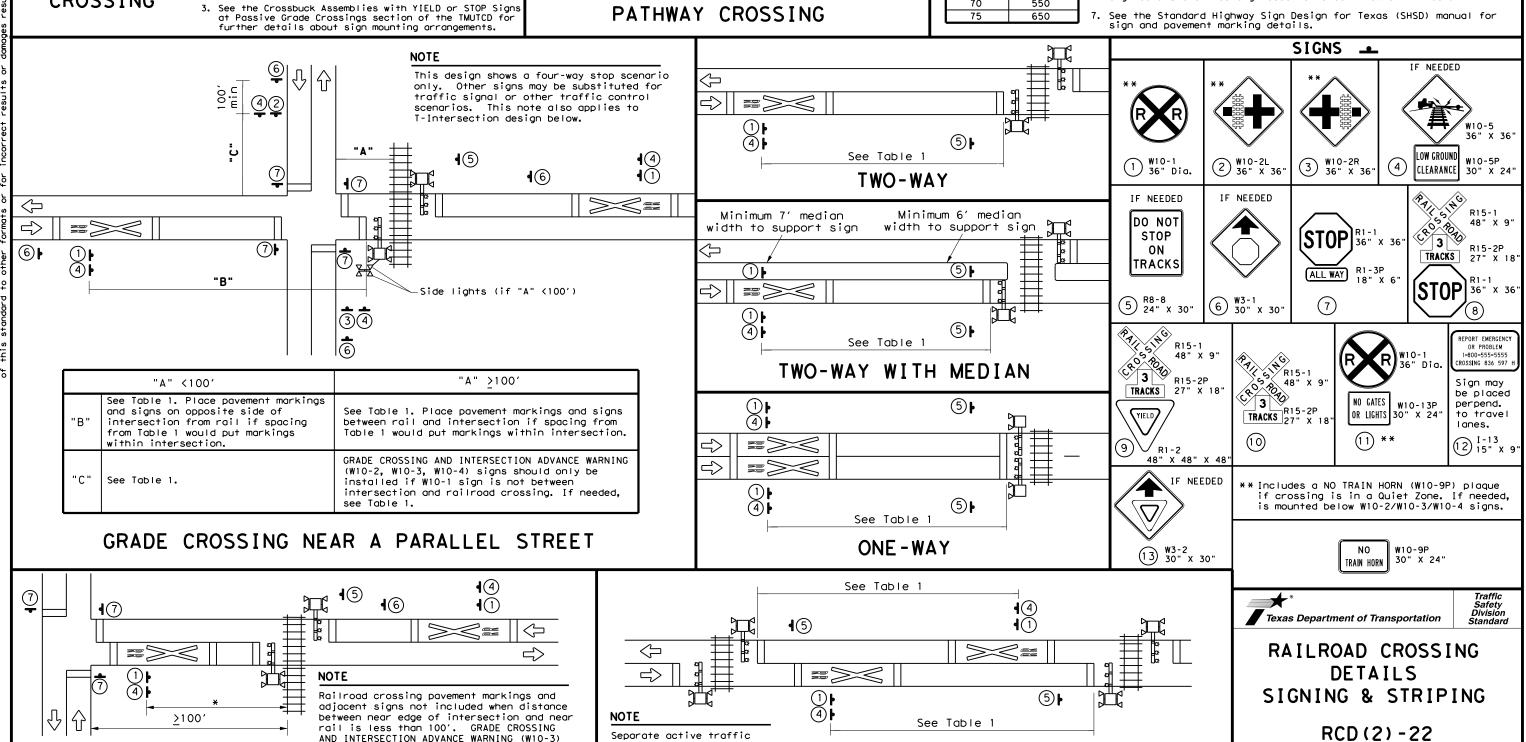
400

475

550

650

- olaque (if more than
- cated further ng of alternate route.
- Placement of Warning Signs section of the TMUTCD.
- 5. See Table 1 to determine placement of STOP AHEAD (W3-1) and YIELD AHEAD (W3-2) signs unless shown otherwise.
- DO NOT STOP ON TRACKS (R8-8) signs installed when potential for vehicles stopping on tracks is significant as determined by sealing engineer. Install so sign does not block view of RR mast.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) manual for sign and pavement marking details.



control devices, railroad

when tracks are more than

100' apart.

crossing pavement markings,

and adjacent signs required

signs installed on roadway parallel with

rail in this case.

*Use Table 1 if sufficient

11-22

rcd2-22.dgn

C)TxDOT November 2022

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO

VARIOUS

52

JOB

001

VARIOUS

6465 24