# FILE: DATE:

### FINAL PLANS

DATE OF LETTING:
DATE WORK BEGAN:
DATE WORK COMPLETED:
DATE WORK ACCEPTED:
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$
CONTRACTOR:
LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES. CHANGE ORDERS
& SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENTS:

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT ALL CONSTRUCTION SUBSTANTIAL
WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS
SPECIFICATIONS AND CONTRCT. ALL PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION
WAS COMPLETED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

FRANCISCO CANTU, P.E.	
ROMA AREA ENGINEER	

## STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

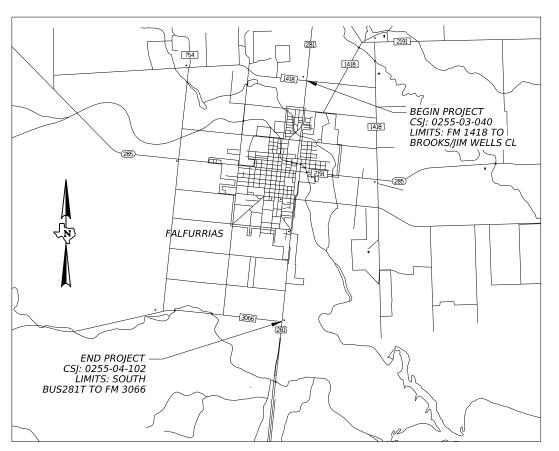
STATE PROJECT NO.: C 255-3-40, ETC. CONTROL SECTION JOB: 0255-03-040, ETC.

> **BROOKS COUNTY** US 281

LIMITS: BROOKS/JIM WELLS COUNTY LINE TO FM 1418 CL & SOUTH BUS281T TO FM 3066

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF: OVERHEAD SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS

CONSISTING OF: CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURES AND MODIFICATIONS TO PAVEMENT MARKINGS



VICINITY MAP N.T.S.

NO EQUATIONS

NO EXCEPTIONS

NO RAILROAD CROSSINGS

#### TDLR INSPECTION NOT REQUIRED

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014, AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: SPECIAL LABOR PROVISIONS FOR STATE PROJECTS (000---008).

4/2/2024

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

CONCURRENCE:

4/2/2024

© TxDOT 2024

4/2/2024

-DocuSigned by:

Nauely Parra

Gabriel Isaac Garcia

Texas Department of Transportation

DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION OPERATIONS

DISTRICT TRAFFIC ENGINEERING SUPERVISOR

STATE PROIECT NO.

IOB

040,ETC

MAIN LANE DESIGN SPEED = 70 MPH

ADT (20 YR PROJECTED ADT) = 17,612 VPD

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION: ARTERIAL

ADT (2022) = 13,077 VPD

STATE

TEXAS

0255

**BROOKS COUNTY** 

CONT.

PHR

SECT.

03

US 281

C 255-3-40, ETC

BROOKS

HIGHWAY NO.

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

Pedro R. Alvares

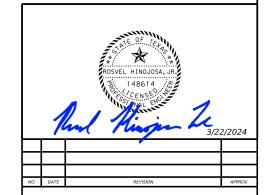
© 2024 by Texas Department of Transportation; all rights reserved.

DISTRICT ENGINEER

SHT NO.	SHEET TITLE	SHT NO.	SHEET TITLE
	GENERAL		SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS
1	TITLE SHEET	35	PAVEMENT MARKINGS REMOVAL LAYOUT
2	INDEX OF SHEETS	36-37	SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUT
3	PROJECT LAYOUT	38-43	SIGN ELEVATION LAYOUT
4, 4A-4C	GENERAL NOTES	44	SIGN DETAILS
5, 5A	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET	45	CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN RIPRAP DETAILS
6	SUMMARY OF ROADWAY, SIGNING & PAVEMENT MARKINGS QUANTITIES	46	TYPICAL SIGN RIPRAP DETAILS
7	SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS		
8	SUMMARY OF LARGE SIGNS		TRAFFIC STANDARDS
9	SUMMARY OF SIGNS TO BE REMOVED AND RELOCATED	47-48	# TSR(1)-13 THRU TSR(2)-13
		49	# TSR(4)-13
	ROADWAY	50	# TSR(5)-13
10-11	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) LAYOUT	51-52	# D&OM(1)-20 THRU D&OM(2)-20
		53	# D&OM(6)-20
	ROADWAY STANDARDS	54	# D&OM(VIA)-20
12	# GF(31)-19	<i>55-57</i>	# PM(1)-22 THRU PM(3)-22
13	# GF(31)DAT-19	58-59	# FPM(1)-22 THRU FPM(2)-22
14	# GF(31)MS-19	60	# FPM(4)-22
15	# SGT(10S)31-16	61	# SMD(GEN)-08
16	# SGT(11S)31-18	62-65	# SMD(2-1)-08 THRU SMD(2-4)-08
17	# SGT(12S)31-18	66-67	# SMD(SLIP-1)-08 THRU SMD(SLIP-2)-08
18	# SGT(15)31-20	68	# WV&IZ-14
		69	# COSS-SE
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (TCP) STANDARDS	70	# COSS-Z4 & Z4I-10
19	# TCP(2-6)-18	71-72	# COSSD
20	# TCP(3-2)-13	73	# COSSF-21
21	# TCP(3-3)-14	74	# COSS-FD
22-33	# BC(1)-21 THRU BC(12)-21		
34	# WZ(RS)-22		ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS
		75-76	STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)
		77-78	# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS (EPIC)
		79-81	# EPIC SHEET SUPPLEMENTALS
		82-84	# EC(9)-16

THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A "#" HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

ROSVEL HINOJOSA, JR. 3/22/2024 DATE







INDEX OF SHEETS

FED RD DIV NO.	STATE PR	HIGHWAY	
6	C 255	US 281	
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	PHR	BROOKS	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	2
0255	03	040,ETC	_



County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

#### **2014 SPECS GENERAL NOTES:**

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

General Requirements and Covenants to ITEMS 1 thru 9:

For all pits or quarries, comply with the "Texas Aggregate Quarry and Pit Safety Act."

Provide on a weekly basis a list of equipment, including idle equipment, utilized on the project that week.

The 1-800 call services for utility locations do not include TxDOT facilities. Contact the Pharr District Signal Section (956-702-6225) for coordination regarding TxDOT underground lines.

#### ITEM 2: Instructions to Bidders

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Francisco Cantu, P.E., Roma Area Engineer; Francisco.J.Cantu@txdot.gov

Danny Flores, P.E., Transportation Engineer; Danny.Flores@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Information found on TxDOT's FTP server will be considered for informational purposes only. <u>Index of /pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/Pharr District/21-Pharr District (Construction)</u> (state.tx.us)

**Project Number:** 

County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

#### ITEM 5: Control of the Work

The responsibility for the construction surveying on this contract will be in accordance with Article 5.9.3., "Method C."

Prior to contract letting, bidders may obtain a free computerized transfer of files (from the Engineer's office) that contains the earthwork information. If copies of the actual cross-sections in additional to, or instead of the electronic files are requested, they will be available at the Engineer's office for borrowing by copying companies for the purpose of making copies for the bidder at the bidder's expense.

When a precast or cast-in-place concrete element is included in the plans, a precast concrete alternate may be submitted in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design">https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design</a>. Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Engineer. Impacts to the project schedule and any additional costs resulting from the use of alternates are the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

#### ITEM 7: Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

Roadway or Lane closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited:

- National Holidays
- The day before a National Holiday
- During emergency events such as natural disasters or as directed by the Engineer

#### ITEM 8: Prosecution and Progress

Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4. Standard Workweek.

Prepare progress schedules as a Bar Chart.

A 90 day delay is included in the contract for Contractor Convenience.

County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

#### ITEM 400: Excavation and Backfill for Structures

If the Contractor elects to cut pavement (existing/detour) for structural work beyond that required by the construction phasing shown in the plans and approved by the Engineer, it shall be restored at his expense and backfilled to its original condition or better in accordance with Item 400.

Unless shown otherwise in the plans, use a 1-ft depth for Item 400 Structural Excavation (Special) for gravel bedding needed below drainage structures with unstable material.

Structural Excavation Special (Gravel):

Use durable natural stone when tested in accordance with Tex-411-A, has weight loss of no more than 18% after 5 cycles of magnesium sulfate solution. Provide gravel conforming to an aggregate Grade No. 1 as shown on Table 4 of Article 421.2.

#### ITEM 416: Drilled Shaft Foundations

Payment for furnishing and installing anchor bolts mounted in drill shafts will be included in the unit price bid for the various diameter drill shafts.

The Contractor shall coordinate with the utility companies to verify utility locations before drilling foundations.

The Contractor shall form, or provide a smooth finish, the portions of drilled shaft that project above the ground line. Place a ¾ inch chamfer on the top edge of each pole foundation. This work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this bid Item.

All drilled shaft foundations will be based on the lengths shown on the plans or those established in writing. Adequate calculations for measurements of foundations have been made in accordance with Article 9.1. of the Standard Specifications. Increases or decreases in the quantities required by change in design will be measured as specified and the revised quantities will be the basis for payment.

In the presence of excess ground water and/or unstable conditions in sub-grade soils prevents excavation to the line and depths indicated on the plans for "Drilled Shaft Foundation", other proposed methods of foundation installation such as casing, etc. shall be submitted for review and approved by the Engineer.

**Project Number:** 

County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

#### ITEM 420: Concrete Substructures

Pay bent concrete as plan quantity.

#### ITEM 421: Hydraulic Cement Concrete

Provide Sulfate Resistant Concrete for all concrete piling and drilled shafts.

Provide equipment at the batch plant for determining the free moisture and/or absorption of aggregates in accordance with applicable TXDOT Test.

Provide the following items for concrete batch inspection in accordance with specifications outlined in DMS-10101, "Computer Equipment":

- (1) One Desktop Microcomputer or One Laptop Microcomputer
- (2) One Integrated Printer/Scanner/Copier/Fax Unit
- (3) Contractor-Furnished Software
- (4) Hardware

Submit to the Engineer for approval the project locations for all Portland Cement concrete washout areas prior to starting any concrete work.

Fiber Reinforced Concrete is not permitted.

#### ITEM 432: Riprap

Do not use fiber reinforced concrete RIPRAP on side slopes equal to or steeper than 6:1 unless approved by the Engineer.

#### ITEM 502: Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

Shadow vehicles equipped with Truck-Mounted Attenuators are required for traffic handling. See notes for Item 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator, for additional references pertaining to the TMAs.

Replace/relocate all regulatory signs removed due to construction operations with the same sign on fixed support(s) immediately upon its removal. First obtain Project Engineer approval before removing any regulatory roadway sign. Required flaggers are to be available to direct traffic during sign intermediate down time.

General Notes Sheet 4A

County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

Relocate any Directional Sign Assemblies removed during construction operations immediately upon their removal.

These signs shall be relocated to a location in accordance with the Latest Version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices". In no case will a sign be removed without a replacement sign and support(s) being readily available and a location established. Removal and relocation of these signs required for traffic control will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

From the beginning to the end of the project, all traffic control devices need to be in acceptable condition as per the Texas Quality Guidelines for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The "Safety Contingency" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid Items established by the contract.

Remove and dispose of all litter, debris, objectionable material, excess materials that accumulate at the base of all traffic control devices as directed by the Engineer.

#### ITEM 506: Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Due to the nature of this project, it is unlikely a significant amount of soil will be disturbed. However, if erosion control logs are needed; it shall be placed as directed by the Engineer.

Before starting each phase of construction, review with the Engineer the SW3P used for temporary erosion control as outlined on the plans. Before construction, place the temporary erosion and sedimentation control features as shown on the SW3P. Location of Construction Exits are to be approved by the Engineer. After completing earthwork operations, restore and reseed the disturbed areas in accordance with the Department's specifications for permanent or temporary erosion control. Before starting grading operations and during the project duration, place the temporary or permanent erosion control measures to prevent sediment from leaving the right of way.

The Contractor Force Account "Erosion Control Maintenance" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone Best Management Practice (BMP) maintenance, to improve the effectiveness of the Environmental Controls that may need maintenance attention and/or require replacement while the project is still under the construction stage. These procedures will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent BMP management reviews on the project. The

**Project Number:** 

County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

"Erosion Control Maintenance" is not intended to be used in lieu of bid Items established by the contract

#### ITEM 540: Metal Beam Guard Fence

The optional terminal anchor post with the terminal connector will be required as shown on the Metal Beam Guard Fence Standard.

Galvanize the rail elements supplied for this project using a Type II Zinc Coating.

#### ITEM 544: Guardrail End Treatments

Label "end treatment type" on backside of unit at time of installation.

#### ITEMS 636: Signs

Complete sign blanks and panels shall be handled and stored at the job site in such a manner that corners, edges and faces are not damaged. Finished sign blanks shall be stored in either a weatherproof warehouse or outside and off the ground in a vertical position. All paper, cardboard and chemically treated separators and packaging shall be removed prior to outside storage.

#### ITEM 644: Small Roadside Sign Assemblies

All signs shall be installed as shown in the plans and in accordance with the current edition of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and the "Sign Crew Field Book" (SCFB).

All signs shall be erected according to the locations shown on the signing layout sheets except that a sign may be shifted in order to secure a more desirable location. All sign locations will be staked as shown in the plans and as approved. It is the intent of the plans to erect all roadside traffic signs with the sign edge a minimum of 6 feet from the edge of the shoulder, or if none, 12 feet from the edge of the travel lane. In curb and gutter sections, the sign edge shall be a minimum of 2 feet from the face of the curb.

For this project, aluminum type sign blanks as provided for under Item 636 will be required for all proposed signing installed under Item 644. Aluminum sign blanks less than 7.5 square feet shall be 0.08-inch-thick, sign blanks 7.5 to 15 square feet shall be 0.100-inch-thick and sign blanks greater than 15 square feet shall be 0.125 inch thick.

General Notes Sheet 4B

County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

All excess excavation shall be spread uniformly inside the right of way as directed and shall be included in the price of these Items.

Sign types which design details are not shown on the plans shall conform with the latest edition of the Department's "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" Manual.

Signs shown to be removed shall include the complete sign installation and separate the sign post at the concrete foundation. The concrete foundation shall be disposed in accordance with this bid Item. Except for concrete foundations, all removed sign panels, sign posts, and hardware shall remain then property of the Department. All removed sign installations shall be completely disassembled. All salvageable sections of sign panels shall be recycled by TxDOT. The removed sign material will be required to be hauled to the maintenance yard closest to the project. No signs shall be removed without prior approval.

#### ITEM 647: Large Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies

New sign foundation stubs, when left overnight without installing signs and posts, shall be protected with flashing electric lights.

#### ITEM 658: Delineator and Object Marker Assemblies

Delineator assemblies shall be installed 8 feet from the edge of the shoulder unless restricted by some obstruction, in which case, the delineator assembly shall be placed between 2 and 8 feet from the edge of the shoulder.

Bi-directional object markers shall be in accordance with the D&OM standard sheets. The Contractor is directed to the standards when instructed where and how to install the object markers.

# ITEMS 662 and 666: Work Zone Pavement Markings and Retroreflectorized Pavement Markings

All permanent pavement markings and work zone pavement markings for this project under these Items shall be 0.100 inches (100 mil) thick thermoplastic.

Any permanent pavement markings or non-removal work zone pavement markings lacking reflectivity in accordance with the requirements of Tex 828-B, or that fail to meet minimum retro reflectivity requirements for longitudinal pavement markings when required, will be addressed per the requirements of the specification. The roadway will be re-striped at no additional compensation.

**Project Number:** 

County: BROOKS Control: 0255-03-040, Etc.

Highway: US 281

Prior to any striping operations, an on-site coordination meeting between all the parties involved will be required to review striping details and requirements to ensure quality work.

The beads used on this project shall meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8290, Glass Traffic Beads Texas Type II & III. Use a 50% Type III/ 50% Type III mix utilizing a double drop system with Type III beads dropped first.

For expressway projects, provide channelizing devices at the ramp connections when temporary pavement marking tabs are placed. These channelizing devices will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### ITEM 677: Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers

Asphalt and aggregate types and grades shall be as approved in writing when a surface treatment is used to eliminate existing pavement markings.

Removal method shall be determined by the Area Engineer.

#### ITEM 6185: Truck Mounted Attenuator/Trailer Attenuator

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for the project, provide <u>2</u> additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA as per TCP (2-6) -18 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet.

Therefore, <u>3</u> total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required on this project for the type of work as shown on the plans. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of his construction operations will be ongoing at the same time and thus determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes General Notes Sheet 4C



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0255-03-040

**DISTRICT** Pharr **HIGHWAY** US 281

**COUNTY** Brooks

		CONTROL SECTION JOB		0255-03	3-040	0255-04	-102		
		PROJECT ID		A00196	5888	A00196	886		TOTAL FINAL
	COU		OUNTY	Broo	ks	Brook	cs	TOTAL EST.	
		CODE DESCRIPTION		US 28	81	US 28	81		TINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	416-6018	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (24 IN)	LF	16.000				16.000	
	416-6022	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (48 IN)	LF	31.000		53.000		84.000	
	416-6023	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (54 IN)	LF	20.000				20.000	
	432-6009	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B) (4")	CY	4.000		4.000		8.000	
	432-6045	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	CY	39.000		48.000		87.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	0.500		0.500		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	506-6041	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	LF	154.000		188.000		342.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	154.000		188.000		342.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	475.000		600.000		1,075.000	
	540-6016	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	EA	1.000		4.000		5.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	5.000		4.000		9.000	
	636-6003	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY O)	SF	305.000		305.000		610.000	
	644-6027	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	647-6001	INSTALL LRSS (STRUCT STEEL)	LB	958.000				958.000	
	647-6003	REMOVE LRSA	EA	3.000		3.000		6.000	
	647-6004	RELOCATE LRSS (SIGN ONLY)	EA	1.000				1.000	
	647-6006	REMOVE LRSA (FOUNDATION ONLY)(24 IN)	EA	1.000				1.000	
	650-6032	INS OH SN SUP(30 FT CANT)	EA	2.000		2.000		4.000	
	650-6038	INS OH SN SUP(35 FT CANT)	EA			1.000		1.000	
	650-6045	INS OH SN SUP(40 FT CANT)	EA	1.000				1.000	
	658-6061	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA	19.000		16.000		35.000	
	658-6064	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA			8.000		8.000	
	666-6030	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)	LF			220.000		220.000	
	666-6225	PAVEMENT SEALER 6"	LF			80.000		80.000	
	666-6226	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	LF			85.000		85.000	
	666-6234	PAVEMENT SEALER (DBL ARROW)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	666-6306	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)	LF			80.000		80.000	
	668-6078	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (DBL ARROW)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	672-6010	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	EA			41.000		41.000	
	677-6002	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	LF			220.000		220.000	
	678-6002	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	LF			305.000		305.000	
	678-6004	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	LF			875.000		875.000	
	678-6010	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)	EA			2.000		2.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	1.000		1.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	40.000		40.000		80.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	5.000		5.000		10.000	



DISTRICT	DISTRICT COUNTY		SHEET
Pharr	Brooks	0255-03-040, ETC.	5



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0255-03-040

**DISTRICT** Pharr **HIGHWAY** US 281

**COUNTY** Brooks

CONTROL SECTION JOB				0255-03	-040	0255-0	4-102		
	PROJECT ID		A00196888		A00196886				
	COUNTY		Brooks		Brooks		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL	
		HIGHV	WAY	US 281		US 281			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION U	JNIT	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL		
	08	CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000				1.000	
		CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT SAFETY CONTINGENCY (NON-PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000				1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Pharr	Brooks	0255-03-040, ETC.	5A

DATE:	FII F

				SUMMARY OF RO	DADWAY ITEMS					
	432	432	506	506	540	540	544	6001	6185	6185
	6009	6045	6041	6043	6001	6016	6001	6002	6002	6005
DESCRIPTION	RIPRAP (CONC) (CL B) (4")	RIPRAP (MOW STRIP)(4 IN)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (12")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL SECTION	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
US 281	CY	CY	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	DAY	DAY
CSJ 0255-04-102							•		<u>'</u>	
SHEET 1 OF 2	4	48	188	188	600	4	4	1	40	5
CSJ SUBTOTAL	4	48	188	188	600	4	4	1	40	5
CSJ 0255-03-040										
SHEET 2 OF 2	4	39	154	154	475	1	5	1	40	5
CSJ SUBTOTAL	4	39	154	154	475	1	5	1	40	5
PROJECT TOTAL	8	87	342	342	1,075	5	9	2	80	10

					SUMMARY	OF SIGNING ITEMS						
	416	416	416	636	644	647	647	647	647	650	650	650
	6018	6022	6023	6003	6027	6001	6003	6004	6006	6032	6038	6045
DESCRIPTION	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (24 IN)	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (48 IN)	DRILL SHAFT (SIGN MTS) (54 IN)	ALUMINUM SIGNS (TY O)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P)	INSTALL LRSS (STRUCT STEEL)	REMOVE LRSA	RELOCATE LRSS (SIGN ONLY)	REMOVE LRSA (FOUNDATION ONLY)(24 IN)	INS OH SN SUP(30 FT CANT)	INS OH SN SUP(35 FT CANT)	INS OH SN SUP(40 FT CANT)
US 281	LF	LF	LF	SF	EA	LB	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA	EA
CSJ 0255-04-102		•				•						
SHEET 1 OF 2		53	0	305	2		3			2	1	
CSJ SUBTOTAL	0	53	0	305	2	0	3	0	0	2	1	0
		•										
CSJ 0255-03-040												
SHEET 2 OF 2	16	31	20	305		958	3	1	1	2		1
CSJ SUBTOTAL	16	31	20	305	0	958	3	1	1	2	0	1
PROJECT TOTAL	16	84	20	610	2	958	6	1	1	4	1	1

					SUMN	MARY OF PAVEMENT	T MARKING ITEMS						
	658	658	666	666	666	666	666	668	672	677	678	678	678
	6061	6064	6030	6225	6226	6234	6306	6078	6010	6002	6002	6004	6010
DESCRIPTION	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MI L)	PAVEMENT SEALER 6"	PAVEMENT SEALER 8"	PAVEMENT SEALER (DBL ARROW)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK) (100MIL)	PREFAB PAV MRK TY C (W) (DBL ARROW)	REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (8")	PAV SURF PREF FOR MRK (DBL ARROW)
US 281	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA	LF	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA
CSJ 0255-04-102													
SHEETS 1 OF 2	16	8	220	80	85	2	80	2	41	220	305	875	2
CSJ SUBTOTAL	16	8	220	80	85	2	80	2	41	220	305	875	2
					•							•	
CSJ 0255-03-040													
SHEETS 2 OF 2	19												
CSJ SUBTOTAL	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PROJECT TOTAL	35	8	220	80	85	2	80	2	41	220	305	875	2







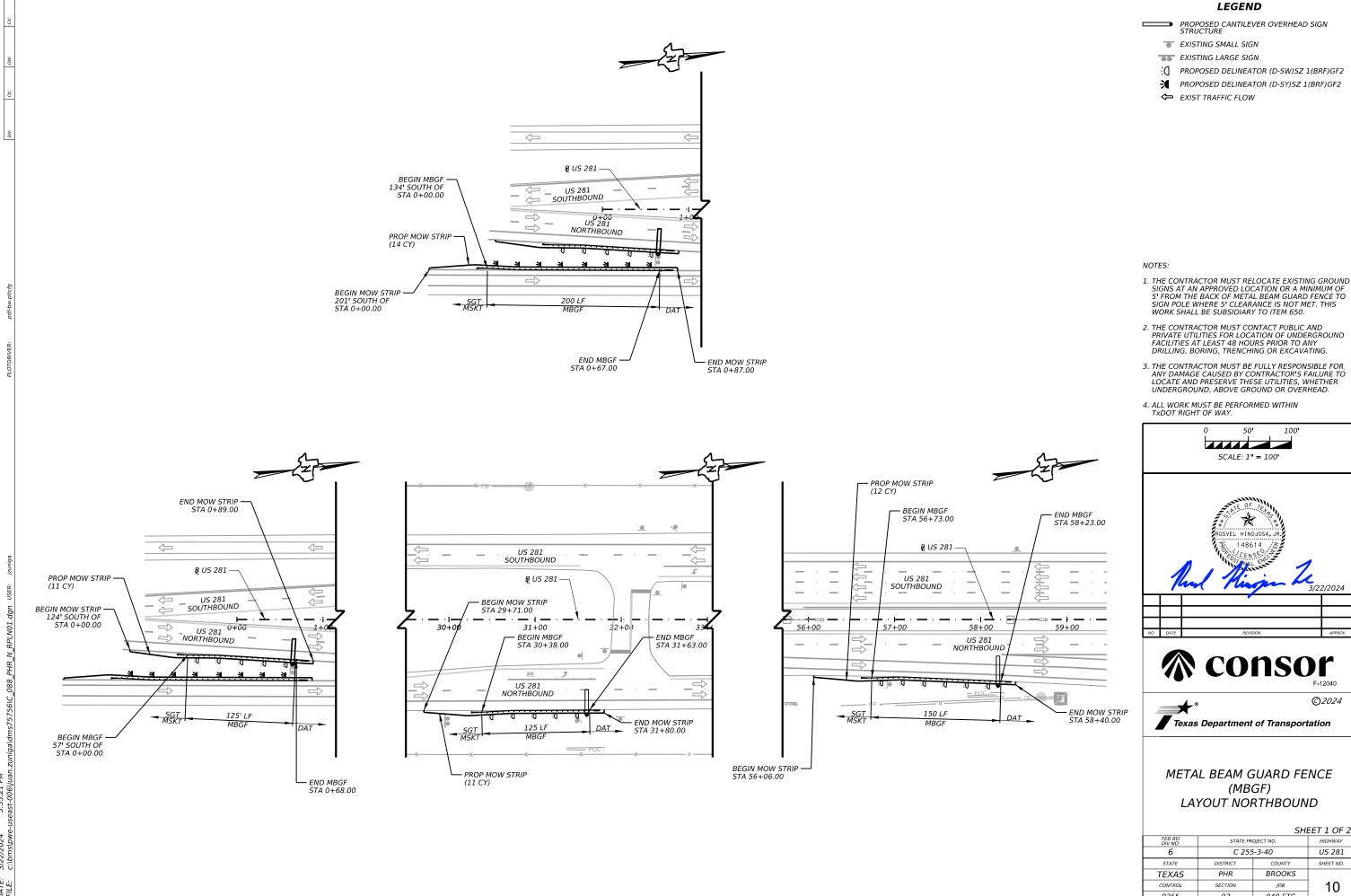
SUMMARY OF ROADWAY, SIGNING & PAVEMENT MARKINGS QUANTITIES

FED RD DIV NO.	STATE PR	HIGHWAY		
6	C 255	US 281		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	PHR	BROOKS		90
CONTROL	SECTION	JOВ	6	544-
0255	03	040,ETC		7X2

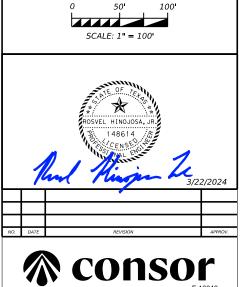
		BRIDGE MOUNT	(X - XXXX)	XXXX (X)	ASSM TY X	D SGN	SM RI	PE A)					
		CLEARANCE SIGNS (See Note 2) TY = TYPE TY N TY S	ING DESIGNATION  1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext  BM = Extruded Wind Beam  WC = 1.12 */ft Wing Channel  EXAL = Extruded Alum Sign Panels	PREFABRICATED  P = "Plain" T = "T"			POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG S80 = Sch 80	FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE EXAL ALUMINUM (TYPE	DIMENSIONS	SIGN	IGN CLATURE	I GN 10. N	LAN HEET NO.
		11.5	ruleis	P	SA	1	\$80	X	36" X 36"		-8R	1	/2
ANKS THICKNES	ALUMINUM SIGN BL									MINITED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE			
Minimum Thickn	Square Feet Less than 7.5			P	SA	1	\$80	х	36" X 36"	ONLY ONLY	-8R	2	/2
0.100"	7.5 to 15												
0.125"	Greater than 15									[ONE1]			
can be found at osite.	The Standard High for Texas (SHSD) of the following webs http://www.tx												
	NOTE:												
of that the Engi supports, withi where necessary able location o n utilities. Unl the plans, the take and the Eng	1. Sign supports shall on the plans, except may shift the sign secure a more desire avoid conflict with otherwise shown on the Contractor shall stem will verify all sign												
bridge mount colounted Clearancolounted Sheet.	2. For installation of signs, see Bridge Mo Assembly (BMCS)Stand												
Is Small Roadsi	3. For Sign Support Des Sign Mounting Detail Signs General Notes												
a perarra swo	Signs delieral notes												
	_A .»												
ransportation	Texas Department of Tra												
RY OF SIGNS	SUMMAI SMALL												
TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TX T SECT JOB	FILE: sums16.dgn												
55 03 040, ETC													

19

			SUMMAR	RY OF SIGNS TO BE REMOVED AND	O RELOCA	TED				SUMMAF	RY OF SIGNS TO BE REMOVED AI	ID RELOCA	TED	
PLA SHE NO	ET .	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	REMOVE LARGE SIGN ASSEMBLY	RELOCATE LARGE SIGN ASSEMBLY	PLAN SHEET NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN	DIMENSIONS	REMOVE LARGE SIGN ASSEMBLY	RELOCATE LARGE SIGN ASSEMBLY
1		1	CUSTOM	3066 EXIT 1 MILE	-	х								
1		2	CUSTOM	3066 EXIT 1/2 MILE	-	х								
1		3	CUSTOM	30 <sup>6</sup> 66 <b>≯</b>	-	х								
2		1	CUSTOM	1418 7	-	х								
2		2	CUSTOM	1418 EXIT 1/2 MILE	-	х								
2		3	CUSTOM	1418 EXIT 1 MILE	-	х								
65002. dgn		4	CUSTOM	FOOD DQ STARS	-		х							
.C_088_PHR_S_				LODGING  BUDGET INN  SECOND RIGHT										
ga/dms85574/														
PM 06\juan, zuni												SUMMARY OF		Traffic Operations Division Standard
3/22/2024 5:30:12 PM c:\bms\pwe-useast-006\	$\uparrow$											TO BE REMO	OVED	
DATE: 3/22/20; FILE: C:\Dms\p												CONT SECT 0255 03 01ST PHR	JOB O40, ETC COUNTY BROOKS	T 1 OF 1  HIGHWAY  US 281  SHEET NO.  9



- SIGNS AT AN APPROVED LOCATION OR A MINIMUM OF 5' FROM THE BACK OF METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TO







SHEET 1 OF 2

HIGHWAY	OJECT NO.	FED RD DIV NO.		
US 281	5-3-40	6		
SHEET NO.	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE	
4-06	BROOKS	PHR	TEXAS	
10	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL	
	040,ETC	03	0255	

3/22/2024

#### **LEGEND**

PROPOSED CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE

T EXISTING SMALL SIGN

**EXISTING LARGE SIGN** 

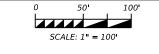
PROPOSED DELINEATOR (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2

₹ PROPOSED DELINEATOR (D-SY)SZ 1(BRF)GF2

← EXIST TRAFFIC FLOW

#### NOTES:

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR MUST RELOCATE EXISTING GROUND SIGNS AT AN APPROVED LOCATION OR A MINIMUM OF 5' FROM THE BACK OF METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TO SIGN POLE WHERE 5' CLEARANCE IS NOT MET. THIS WORK SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 650.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES FOR LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY DRILLING, BORING, TRENCHING OR EXCAVATING.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR MUST BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UTILITIES, WHETHER UNDERGROUND, ABOVE GROUND OR OVERHEAD.
- 4. ALL WORK MUST BE PERFORMED WITHIN TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY.





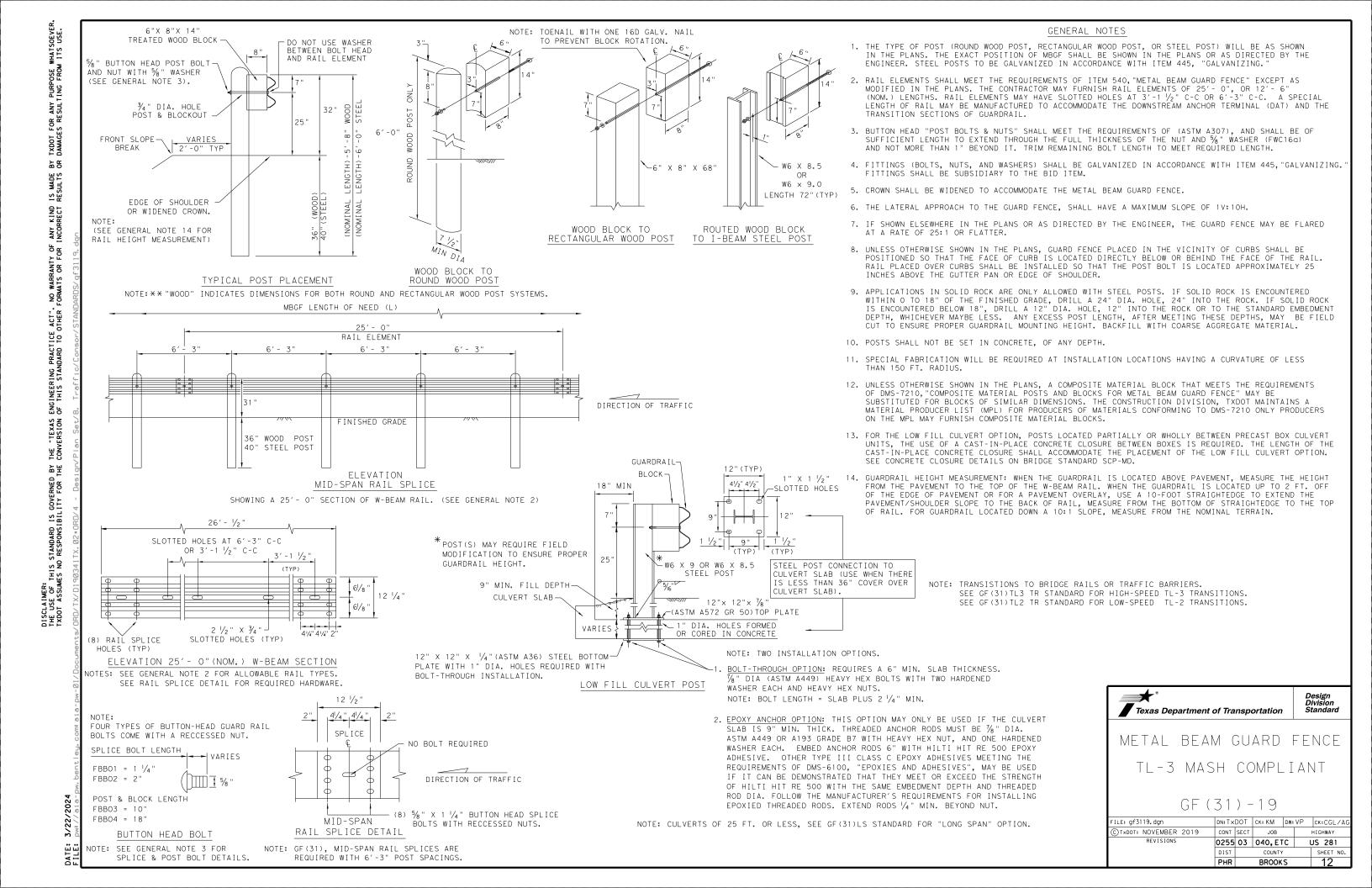


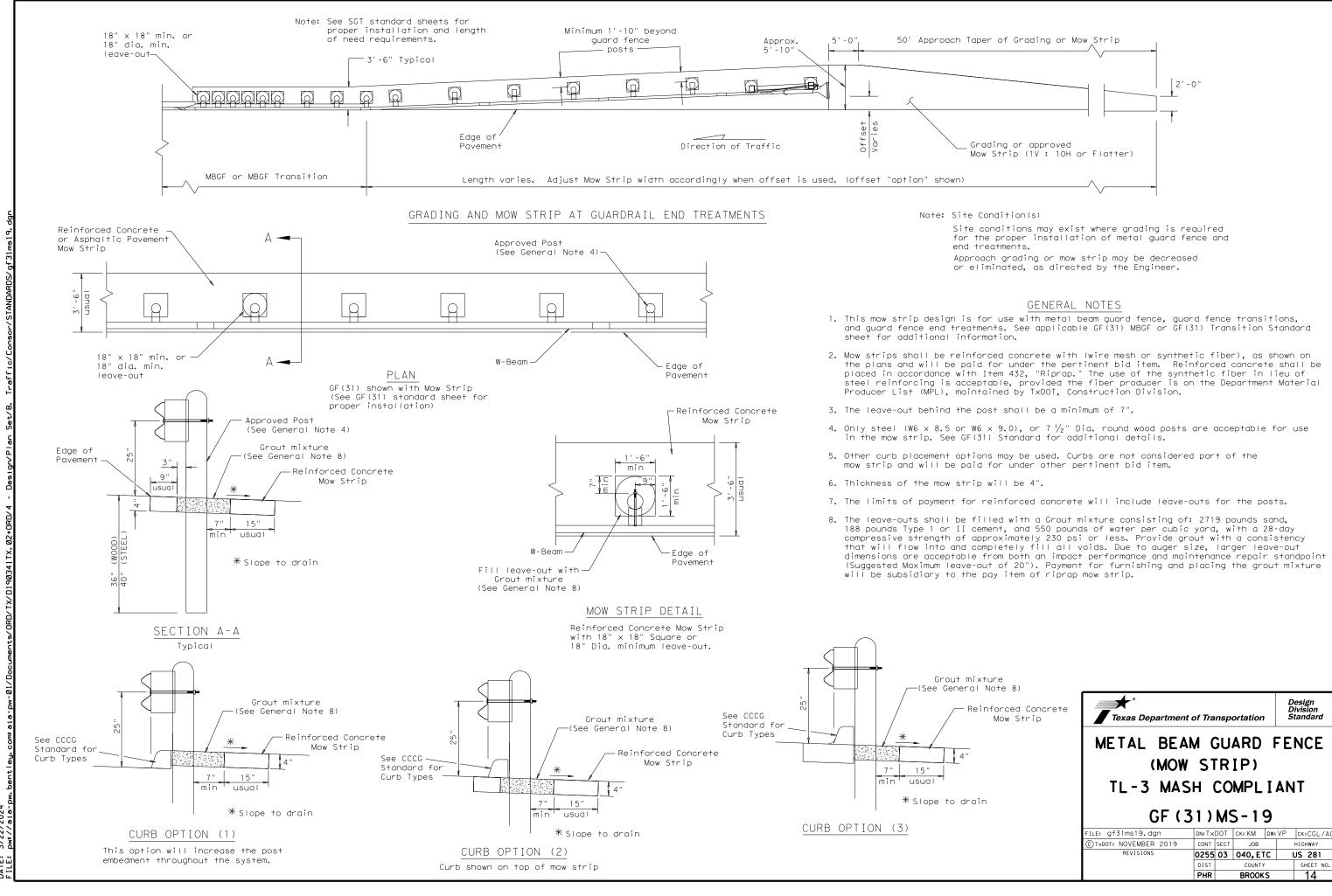


METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) LAYOUT SOUTHBOUND

SHEET 2 OF 2

	5,1									
FED RD DIV NO.	STATE PR	HIGHWAY								
6	C 255	US 281	]							
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	]						
TEXAS	PHR	BROOKS		90-						
CONTROL	SECTION	JOВ	11	644-						
0255	0.3	040 FTC		IŞ						





US 281

NOTE: STEEL I-BEAM POST W6 X 8.5 (6'-0") PN:533G STANDARD WOOD BLOCKOUTS (6"X8"X14") PN:4076I GENERAL NOTES %" X 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G LINE AT THE BACK OF POST #2 THRU #8 FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: TRINITY HIGHWAY AT 1(888)323-6374. 2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, TX 75207 HGR NUT PN: 3340G FROM THE CENTERLINE OF POST(1) & POST(0) AT (POSTS 2 THRU 8) ANCHOR PADDLE ANGLE STRUT PN: 15204A- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; SOf+Stop END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. PN:620237B PN: 15202G 3. APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD. POST (8) POST (7) POST (5) POST (3) SEE DETAIL 1 DO NOT BOLT POST(0) PLAN VIEW BEGIN LENGTH OF NEED ANCHOR RAIL TO - POST (2) TRAFFIC FLOW MASH TEST LEVEL 3 (TL-3) LENGTH OF SoftStop TERMINAL (50'-9 1/2") 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD. 50'-9 1/2" STANDARD INSTALLATION LENGTH (MASH TL-3 SoftStop) 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WIT ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM. END PAYMENT FOR SGT BEGIN STANDARD 6. A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS. ANCHOR RAIL WITH SLOTS - (THREADED THRU HEAD) SEE SOFTSTOP MANUAL FOR COMPLETE DETAILS δρ MIDDLE SLOT CUTOUT OUTSIDE SLOTS CUTOUT-(1) 1 3/4" X 6'-10 1/4" OUTSIDE SLOTS CUTOUT-(2)1/2" X 6'-9 3/8" IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE. SEE GN(3) MBGF LAPPED IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW 8. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE. 25'-0" DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PN: 61G SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) PN: 15215G & NOTE:B IT IS ACCEPTABLE TO INSTALL THE SOFTSTOP IMPACT HEAD PARALLEL TO THE GRADE LINE OR WITH AN UPWARD TILT. kind rect 3'-1 1/2"(+/-) ANCHOR PADDLE 10. DO NOT ATTACH THE SOFTSTOP SYSTEM DIRECTLY TO A RIGID BARRIER. PN: 15204A SEE NOTE: C END OF ANCHOR RAIL PN: 15215G 11. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE GUARDRAIL WITHIN THE SOF+S+op SYSTEM BE CURVED. ty of for 12. A FLARE RATE OF UP TO 25:1 MAY BE USED TO PREVENT THE TERMINAL HEAD FROM ENCROACHING ON THE SHOULDER. THE FLARE MAY BE DECREASED OR ELIMINATED FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS, IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. DO NOT BOLT SEE A RAIL 25'-0"-\_RAIL 25'-0" Ę P **HEIGHT** SEE DETAIL 2 PN: 15215G POST(2) RAIL HEIGHT RAIL HEIGHT NOTE: A THE INSTALLATION HEIGHT OF FULLY ASSEMBLED ANCHOR POST WILL 13/6" DIA.-`~ 13%" DIA. ∠ (8) 5/8"× 1- 1/4" HGR BOLTS VARY FROM 3-34" MIN. TO 4" MAX. ABOVE FINISHED GRADE. YIELDING YIELDING HOLES HOLES PN: 3360G NOTE: B PART PN: 5852B RIGHT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) DEPTH HEX NUTS PART PN: 5851B LEFT-SIDE (HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING) %" HEX N PN: 3340G %" HEX NUTS PN: 3340G (TYP 1-8) DETAIL 3 6'-1%' NOTE: C W-BEAM SPLICE LOCATED BETWEEN LINE POST (4) AND LINE POST (5) GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" PN: 61G POST (2) 6'-0" (SYTP) POST(1) POST (8) POST (7) POST(4) POST(3) ANCHOR RAIL 25'-0" PN: 15215G 4' -9 1/2" SYTP HARDWARE FOR POST(2) THRU POST(8) **ELEVATION VIEW** PN: 15000G PN: 15203G AP GUARDRAIL IN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC FLOW. (1) 18"x 10" HGR BOLT PN: 3500G (1) %" HGR HEX NUT PN: 3340G MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS ANGLE STRUT (1) 3/8" × 1 3/4" -PN: 15202G NOTE: DO NOT BOLT ANCHOR RAIL PANEL TO POST (2) POST (0) PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL (LATEST REV.) SoftStop HEAD (SEE MANUAL FOR RIGHT-LEFT APPROACH) PN 3391G ALTERNATE BLOCKOUT PN: 152054 SoftStop ANCHOR RAIL (12GA) WITH CUTOUT SLOTS 15215G 1 SEE GENERAL NOTE: 6 (2) %" WASHERS SoftStop DOWNSTREAM W-BEAM RAIL (12GA) (25' - 0") 6" X 8" X 14' (1) % " HEX NUT 5%6" × 1 - 1/2" HEX HD BOLT-GR-5 ANCHOR PLATE WASHER 61G PN 4372G -4" X 7 1/2" X 14" BLOCKOUT HGR HEX NUT 1/2" THICK PN: 15206G 15205A POST #0 - ANCHOR POST (6'- 5 %") "Texas ersion BLOCKOUT COMPOSITE ANCHOR KEEPER WOOD -PN: 105286 15203G 1 POST #1 - (SYTP) (4'- 9 1/2") 1" ROUND WASHER F463 PN: 4902G PN: 4076B PN 3340G PLATE (24 GA)-(2) % " ~ ROUND WASHERS PN: 6777B NOTE:
DO NOT BOLT
ANCHOR RAIL TO 15000G POST #2 - (SYTP) (6'- 0") PN: 15207G DETAIL 1 POST #3 THRU #8 - I-BEAM (W6 x 8.5) (6' - 0") PN: 3240G t Co (2) %6" x 2 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5 AI TERNATE BLOCKOUT - WOOD (ROUTED) (6" x 8" x 14") 4076B SHOWN AT POST(1) - POST (2) BLOCKOUT BLOCKOUT WOOD W-BEAM RAIL 6" X 8" X 14" - BLOCKOUT WOOD NEAR GROUND 6777B BLOCKOUT - COMPOSITE (4" x 7 1/2" x 14") ð ģ PN: 105285G W-BEAM RAIL DETAIL 2 GENERAL NOTE: 152044 ANCHOR PADDLE %" X 10" 15207G ANCHOR KEEPER PLATE (24 GA) %" HGR NUT HGR POST BOLT SHOWN AT POST (1 %" X 10" ANCHOR PLATE WASHER ( 1/2" THICK ) 15206G 1 (2) 1/6 " ROUND WASHER HGR POST BOLT HGR POST BOLT standard is gove responsibility 15201G 2 ANCHOR POST ANGLE (10" LONG) (WIDE) PN: 3240G PN: 3500G ANGLE STRUT 15202G - 5/8" HGR NUT %" HGR NUT PN: 3340G HARDWARE POST 32" HEIGHT -1" NUT PN:3908G SHALL BE SECURELY TIGHTENED ANCHOR PADDLE-HE I GHT (2) 56" HEX NUT A563 GR. DH PN: 3245G 31" RAIL 31" RAIL 4902G 1" ROUND WASHER F436 %"DIAMETER YIELDING HOLES AFTER FINAL ASSEMBLY HEIGHT HEIGHT LOCATED IN FLANGES BUT NOT DEFORMING THE 3908G 1" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH W-BEAM FLATTENED KEEPER PLATE. 3717G ¾" × 2 ½" HEX BOLT A325 (4 PLIES) 3701G 4 34" ROUND WASHER F436 POST 17" - 1/2"
HE I GHT (HOLES APROXIMATELY CENTERED AT FINISHED GRADE) NOTE: A 3704G ¾" HEAVY HEX NUT A563 GR. DH FINISHED FINISHED **∕**FINISHED PN: 15202G 3360G 16 %" × 1 ¼" W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE BOLTS HGR GRADE GRADE 3340G 25 % " W-BEAM RAIL SPLICE NUTS HGR ₩"DIA. 3500G %" × 10" HGR POST BOLT A307 (2) 3/4" x 2 1/2" HEX BOLT (TYP) PN: 3717G YIELDING HOLES %" × 1 ¾" HEX HD BOLT A325 4'- 9 1/2" POST(2) 4489G %" × 9" HEX HD BOLT A325 (3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8) (4) ¾" FLAT WASHER (TYP) PN: 3701G 4372G 4 %" WASHER F436 105285G  $\frac{1}{6}$  " × 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " HEX HD BOLT GR-5 2 105286G % " × 1 ½" HEX HD BOLT GR-5 (2) ¾" HEX NUT (TYP) PN: 3704G POST(1) 6'- 1 3% " POST DEPTH 3240G 6 % "ROUND WASHER (WIDE) 3245G 3 %6" HEX NUT A563 GR.DH
5852B 1 HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING - SEE NOTE:B ISOMETRIC VIEW SECTION VIEW B-B SECTION VIEW A-A POST ANGLE POST (1 & 2) 6'-0" (W6 X 8.5) 6'-0" (W6 X 8.5) I-BEAM POST PN: 533G PN: 15201G (SYTP) I-BEAM POST PN: 15000G W6 X 8.5 I-BEAM POST SHOWING FRONT VIEW POST(1) STANDARD WOOD BLOCKOUT NOTE: DO NOT BOLT ANCHOR RAIL PANEL TO POST (2) Texas Department of Transportation 4'-9 1/2" (W6 X 8.5) (SYTP) I-BEAM POST PN: 15203G NOTE: NO BLOCKOUT INSTALLED AT POST(1) NOTE: NO BLOCKOUT INSTALLED AT POST (1) DETAIL 3 TRINITY HIGHWAY AT POST (0) 50' APPROACH GRADING APPROX 5'-10" SOFTSTOP END TERMINAL 6'-5 38" (W6 X 15) I-BEAM POST PN: 15205A STANDARD MBGF MASH - TL-3 TRAFFIC FLOW APPROACH GRADING SGT (10S) 31-16 (1V: 10H OR FLATTER)
SEE PRODUCT ASSEMBLY MANUAL EDGE OF PAVEMENT NOTE: ADJUST WIDTH ACCORDINGLY WHEN OFFSET IS USED. (OFFSET "OPTION" SHOWN) ILE: sgt10s3116 RAIL OFFSET DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: VP ck: MB/V FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE, JOB C) TxDOT: JULY 2016 HIGHWAY THIS STANDARD IS A BASIC REPRESENTATION OF THE SOf+S+op END TERMINAL, IT IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL. 0255 03 040, ETC US 281 APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS BROOKS

warranty of any r the conversion its use

governed by the irpose whatsoever so professional actions with the important the impor

of this standard by TxDOI for any paged to compertion

#### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS (LTS) - BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC. AT (707) 374-6800
- FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR, & MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE; MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION MANUAL. P/N MANMAX REV D (ECN 3516).
- APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER" ON THE FRONT FACE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. ALL STEEL COMPONENTS ARE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A123 OR EQUIVALENT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 6. SYSTEM SHOWN USING STEEL WIDE FLANGE POST WITH COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS.
- COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKOUTS SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- 8. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC PANEL LAPPING GUIDANCE.
- IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 11. A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POST TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST
- 12. MAX-TENSION SYSTEM SHALL NEVER BE INSTALLED WITHIN A CURVED SECTION OF GUARDRAIL.
- 13. IF A DELINEATION MARKER IS REQUIRED, MARKER SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS MUTCD.
- 14. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH 12'-6" MBGF PANELS, 25'-0" MBGF PANELS ARE ALSO ALLOWED.
- 15. A MINIMUM OF 12'-6" OF 12GA. MBGF IS REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF THE MAX-TENSION SYSTEM.

I TEM#	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BSI-1610060-00	SOIL ANCHOR - GALVANIZED	1
2	BSI-1610061-00	GROUND STRUT - GALVANIZED	1
3	BSI-1610062-00	MAX-TENSION IMPACT HEAD	1
4	BSI-1610063-00	W6×9 I-BEAM POST 6FTGALVANIZED	1
5	BSI-1610064-00	TSS PANEL - TRAFFIC SIDE SLIDER	1
6	BSI-1610065-00	ISS PANEL - INNER SIDE SLIDER	1
7	BSI-1610066-00	TOOTH - GEOMET	1
8	BSI-1610067-00	RSS PLATE - REAR SIDE SLIDER	1
9	B061058	CABLE FRICTION PLATE - HEAD UNIT	1
10	BSI-1610069-00	CABLE ASSEMBLY - MASH X-TENSION	2
11	BSI-1012078-00	X-LITE LINE POST-GALVANIZED	8
12	B090534	8" W-BEAM COMPOSITE-BLOCKOUT XT110	8
13	BSI-4004386	12'-6" W-BEAM GUARD FENCE PANELS 12GA.	4
14	BSI-1102027-00	X-LITE SQUARE WASHER	1
15	BSI-2001886	%" x 7" THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	1
16	BSI-2001885	¾" X 3" ALL-THREAD BOLT HH (GR.5)GEOMET	4
17	4001115	%" X 1 1/4" GUARD FENCE BOLTS (GR. 2) MGAL	48
18	2001840	%" X 10" GUARD FENCE BOLTS MGAL	8
19	2001636	%" WASHER F436 STRUCTURAL MGAL	2
20	4001116	%" RECESSED GUARD FENCE NUT (GR. 2)MGAL	59
21	BSI-2001888	%" X 2" ALL THREAD BOLT (GR. 5) GEOMET	1
22	BSI-1701063-00	DELINEATION MOUNTING (BRACKET)	1
23	BSI-2001887	1/4" X 3/4" SCREW SD HH 410SS	7
24	4002051	GUARDRAIL WASHER RECT AASHTO FWRO3	1
25	SEE NOTE BELOW	HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING	1
26	4002337	8" W-BEAM TIMBER-BLOCKOUT, PDB01B	8
27	BSI-4004431	25' W-BEAM GUARDRAIL PANEL, 8-SPACE, 12GA.	2
28	MANMAX Rev-(D)	MAX-TENSION INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	1

Texas Department of Transportation

Design Division Standard

MAX-TENSION END TERMINAL

MASH - TL-3

SGT (11S) 31-18

LE: sg+11s3118.dgn	DN: TxE	тоот	ck: KM	DW:	T×DOT	ck: CL
TxDOT: FEBRUARY 2018	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0255	03	040,ETC (			S 281
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		BROOK	S		16

- FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 5. HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.

- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE AREA OF (POST 1) AND / OR (POST 2) CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER, & REFER TO THE LATEST ROADWAY MBGF STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION GUIDANCE

- A DRIVING CAP WITH A TIMBER OR PLASTIC INSERT SHALL BE USED WHEN DRIVING POSTS 3-8 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GALVANIZING ON TOP OF THE POST. SPECIAL DRIVING CAP TO BE USED ON LOWER POSTS 1 & 2 TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WELDED PLATES.

I TEM NUMBERS MS3000 1 W-BEAM GUARDRAIL END SECTION, 12 Ga. SF1303 C 1 POST 1 - TOP (6" X 6" X 1/8" TUBE) MTPHP1A MTPHP1B UHP2A F 1 POST 2 - ASSEMBLY BOTTOM (6' W6X9) HP2B E750 S760 F770 MS785 P621 CBSP-14 N 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (9'-4 1/2") G12025 O 2 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (12'-6") G1203A P675 Q 1 W-BEAM MGS RAIL SECTION (25'-0") G1209 B5160104A W0516 N0516 d 25 %" Dia. x 1 1/4" SPLICE BOLT (POST 2) B580122 2 %" Dia. x 9" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B580904A W050 N050 ¾" Dia. × 8 ½" HEX BOLT (GRD A449) B340854A N030 N100 W100 m 8 1/2" x 1 1/4" A325 BOLT WITH CAPTIVE WASHER SB12A N012A 8 1 1/6 " O.D. × 16" I.D. STRUCTURAL WASHERS W012A CT-100S1 B581002 E3151

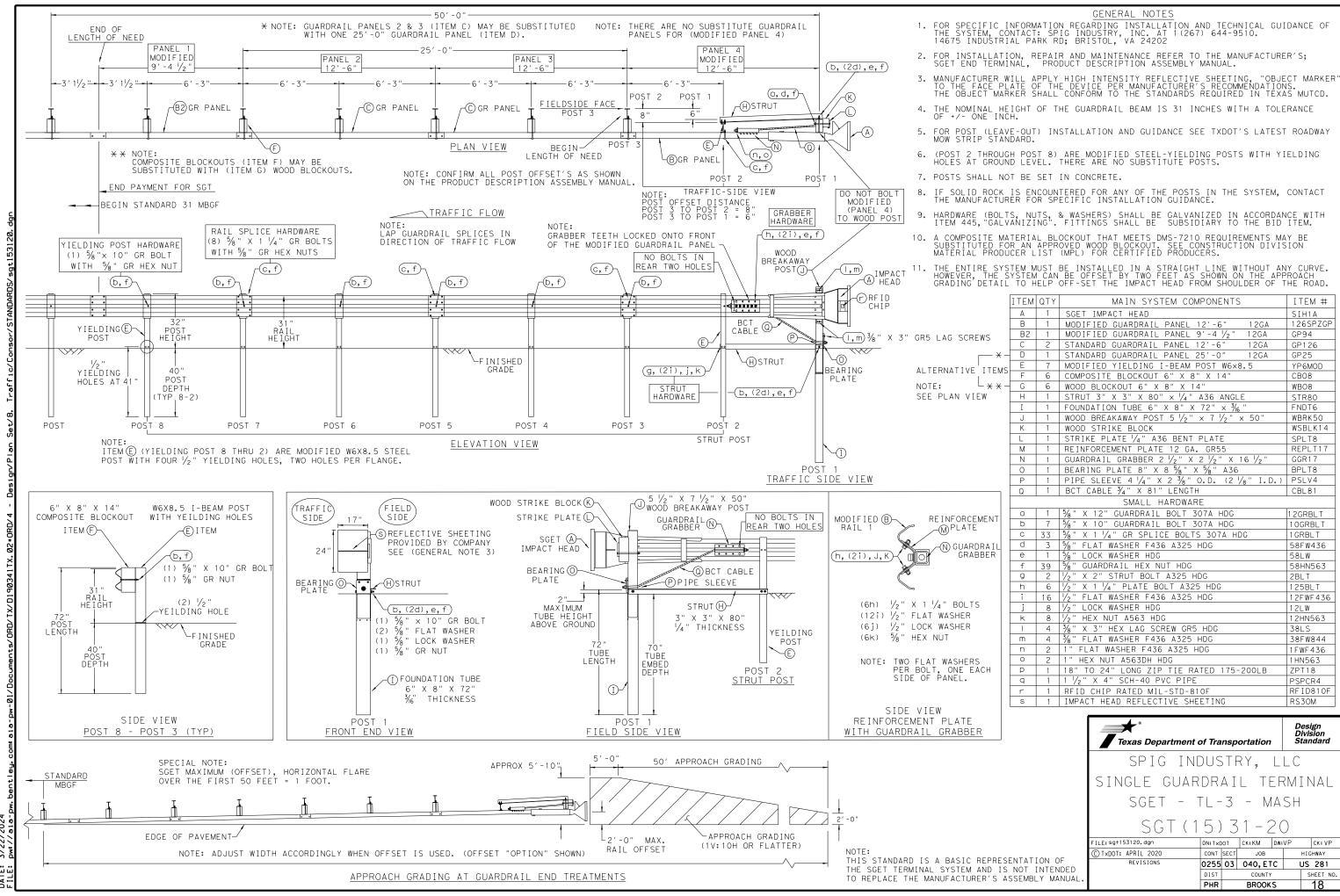
Texas Department of Transportation

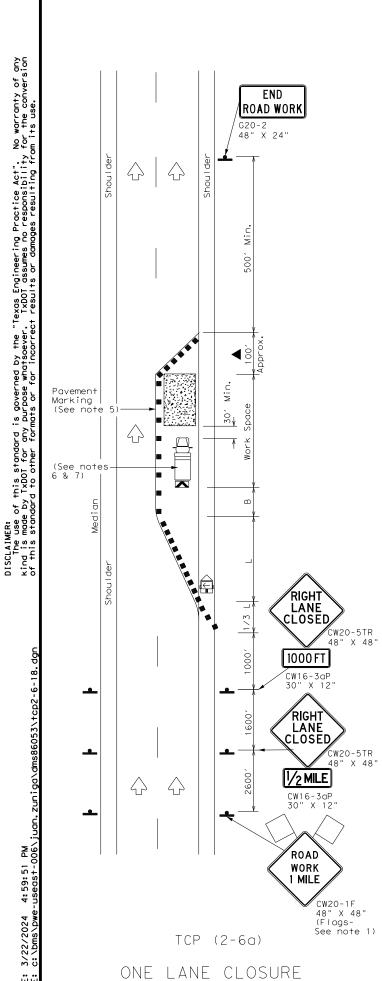
SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL MSKT-MASH-TL-3

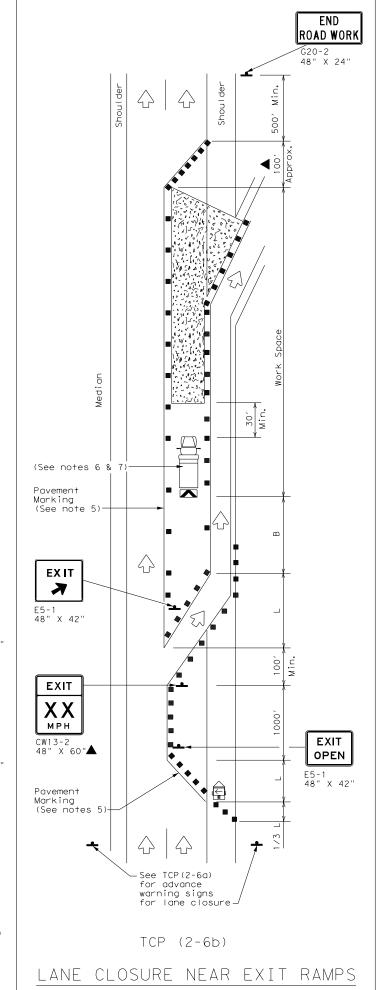
Design Division Standard

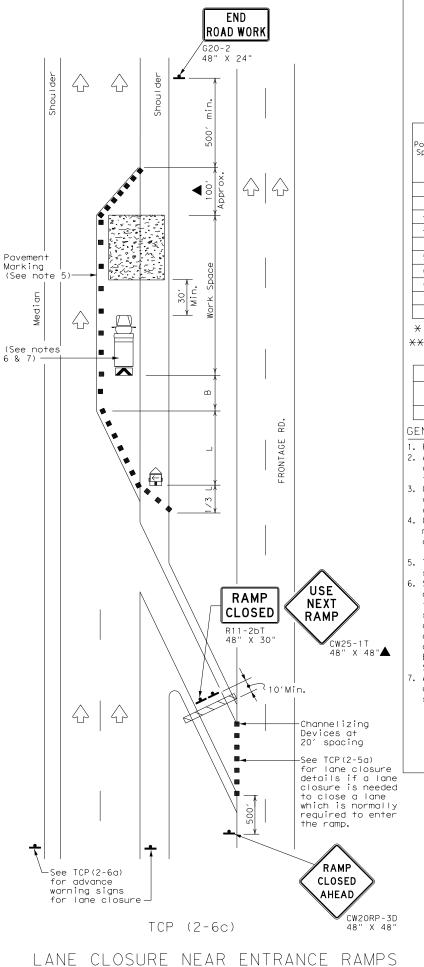
DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK:CL CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 0255 03 040, ETC US 281 DIST SHEET NO PHR BROOKS

TXDOT FOR ANY PURPOSE DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ₽ R IS MADE RESULTS ANY KIND INCORRECT ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT". NO WARRANTY OF OF THIS STANDARD TO OTHER FORMATS OR FOR THE "TEXAS I 표표 DISCLAIMER: THE USE OF THIS STANDARD IS GOVERNED TXDOT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR T









	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	\frac{1}{2}	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Lo	Flagger							

					•	•			
Posted Speed	Formula	* * *			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*				On a Tangent	Distance	"B"			
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L = WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- imes Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
			1	✓						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation

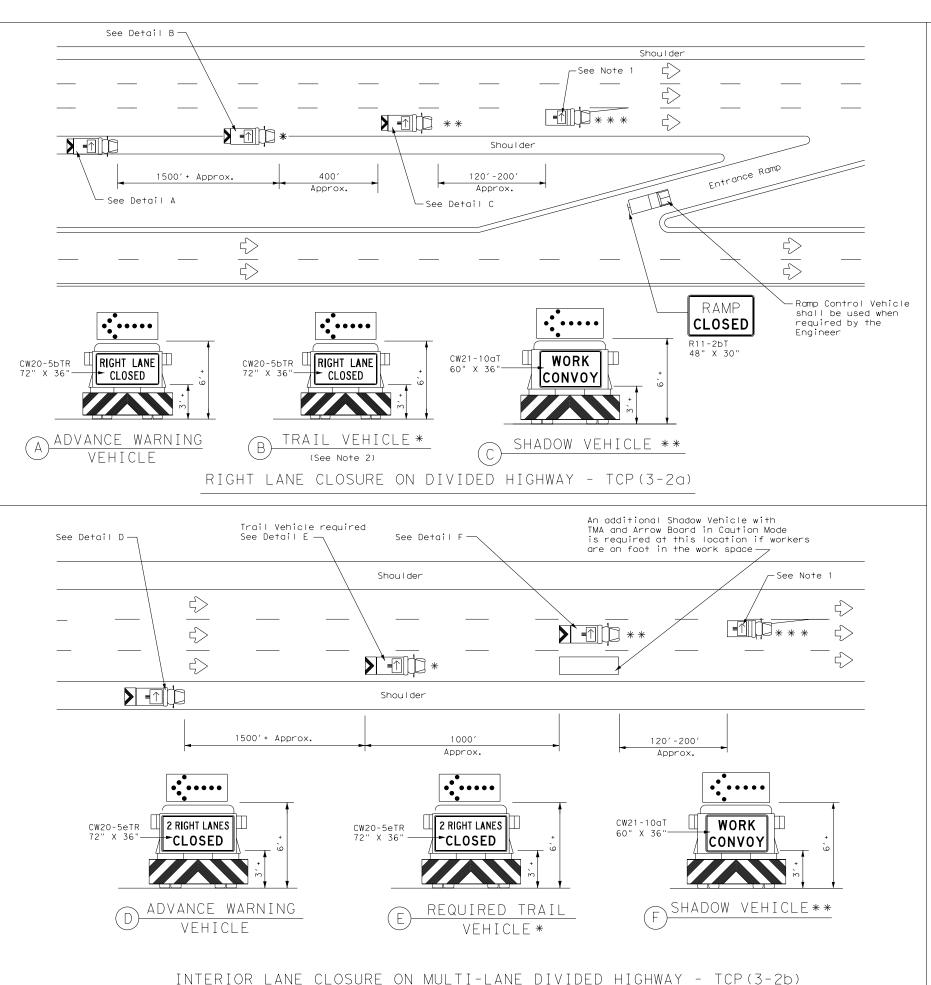
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP (2-6) -18

December 1985 HIGHWAY C) TxDOT 0255 03 040,ETC US 281 BROOKS



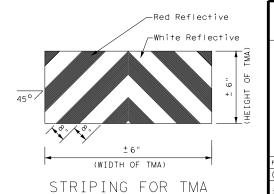




TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
1										

#### GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- 2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



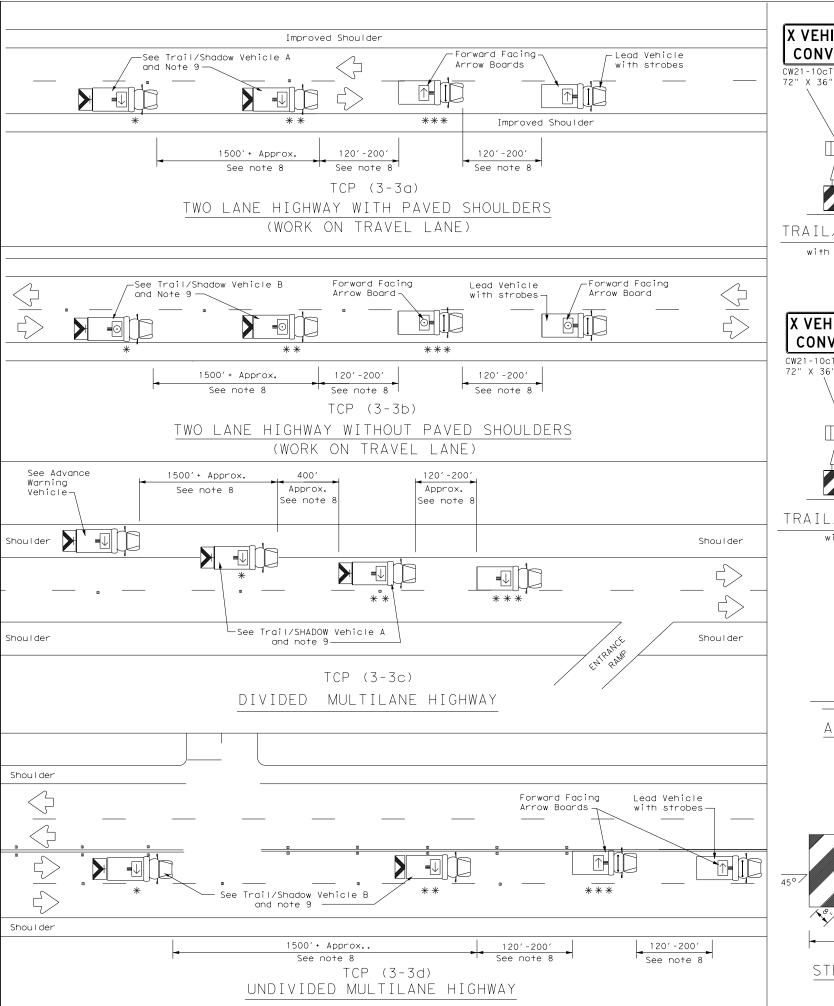


Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

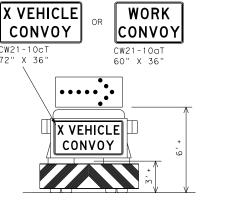
TCP (3-2) -13

E: tcp3-2.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	k: TxDOT Dw:		ck: TxDOT		
TxDOT December 1985	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY					
REVISIONS 94 4-98	0255	03	040, ET	C	US	US 281		
95 7-13	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
97	PHR		BROOK		20			



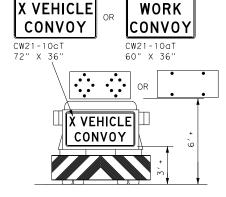
warranty of any the conversion

TxDOI assumes no responsibility



TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

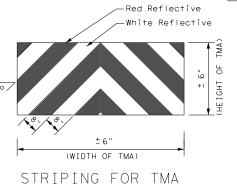


#### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle							
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	$\bigoplus$	Double Arrow					
4	Traffic Flow	<u> </u>	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE LONG TER TERM STATIONARY STATIONAR				
1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

  2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-16aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2),
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP (3-3) -14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	CHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0255	03	03 040, ETC		US	US 281	
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14	PHR	R BROOKS			21		

2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.

of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any by TxDOI for any purpose whatsoever. IxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion and to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. Plan Set/8. Traffic/Consor/SIMDARDS-0c-21, agin

- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

		•						
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
TxDOT November 2002	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY			
-03 7-13	0255	03	040, ET	ο	US 281			
-07 8-14	DIST	ST COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
-10 5-21	PHR	R BROOKS				22		

ROAD

CLOSED|R11-2

Type 3

B

Barricade or

channelizing devices

CW13-1P

Channelizing Devices

- $\mbox{$\sharp$}$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION ★ ★ G20-9TP ZONE ★ X R20-5T FINES DOUBLE XX R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⇔ NEXT X MILES FND \* X G20-25T WORK ZONE G20-1bTl INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY  $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-16TR NEXT X MILES € 80' Limit WORK ZONE G20-2bT X X BEGI WORK  $\times$   $\times$  G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T  $\times$  X R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 $\triangleleft$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING  $^{\text{I,5,6}}$ 

SI7F

	SIZL					
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway				
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"				
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"				
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"				

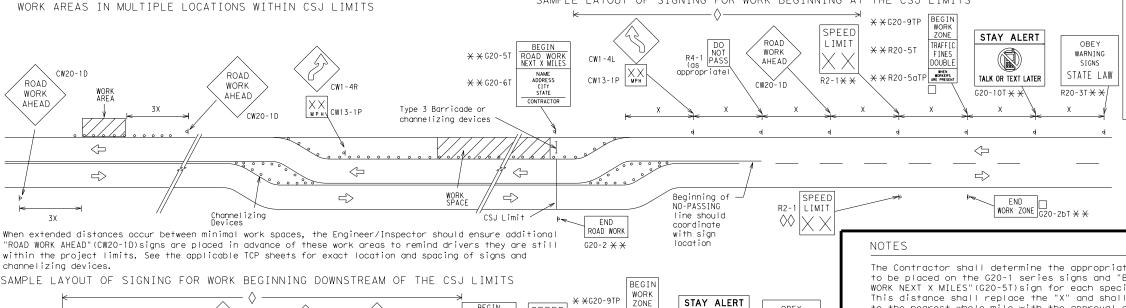
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 <sup>2</sup>
60	600²
65	700 2
70	800 <sup>2</sup>
75	900 <sup>2</sup>
80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
*	* 3

SPACING

- \* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SPEED

LIMIT

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

<del>X</del> **X** G20-5T

 $\times$   $\times$  G20-6T

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 X X

ROAD

WORK

⅓ MILE

CW20-1F

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D

TRAFFIC

FINES

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

 $\times$   $\times$  R20-5aTP

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END

WORK ZONE G20-26T X X

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- imes CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
ш	⊢ Туре 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices					
-	Sign					
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

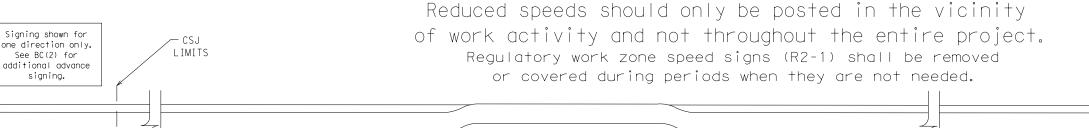
#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	0255	03	040, ET	ο	US	281
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR		BROOK	S		23

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for additional advance sianina.

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

G20-5aP

See General

(750' - 1500')

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

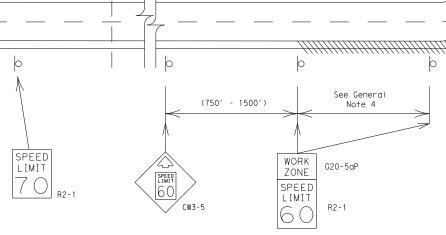
LIMIT

G20-5aP

CSJ LIMITS

SPEED

LIMIT



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

16 (

G20-5aP

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mountina heiaht.

SPEED

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

See General Note 4

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



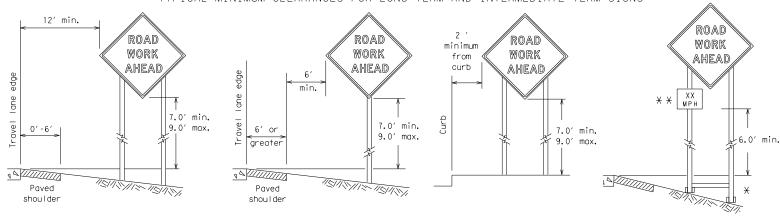
Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

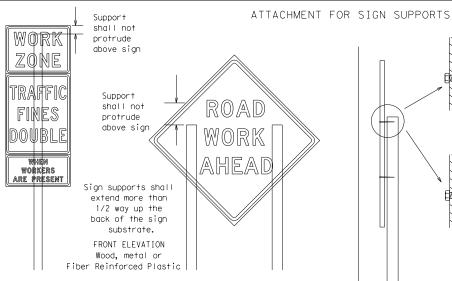
				_				
E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS		0255	03	040, ET	C	US	US 281	
9-07 7-13	<b>8-14</b> 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	2-71	PHR	BROOKS				24	

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

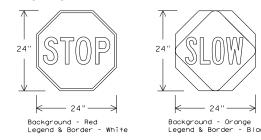
SIDE ELEVATION Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN <sup>-</sup>	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- I. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- 2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside Signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CW7TCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(4)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT JOB		н	HIGHWAY		
	<b>8-14</b> 5-21	0255	03	040, ETC		US 281		
9-07		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13		PHR		BROOK	S		25	

going in opposite directions. Minimum weld, do not

back fill puddle.

- weld starts here

¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of ★ Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face post sign face <del>\*</del>4×4 4×4 wood block 72" block post \_\_<u>\</u> Top Length of skids may be increased for wood additional stability. post for sign Тор 2×4 × 40" 30" See BC(4) height 24" 2x4 brace requirement for sign height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requirement or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

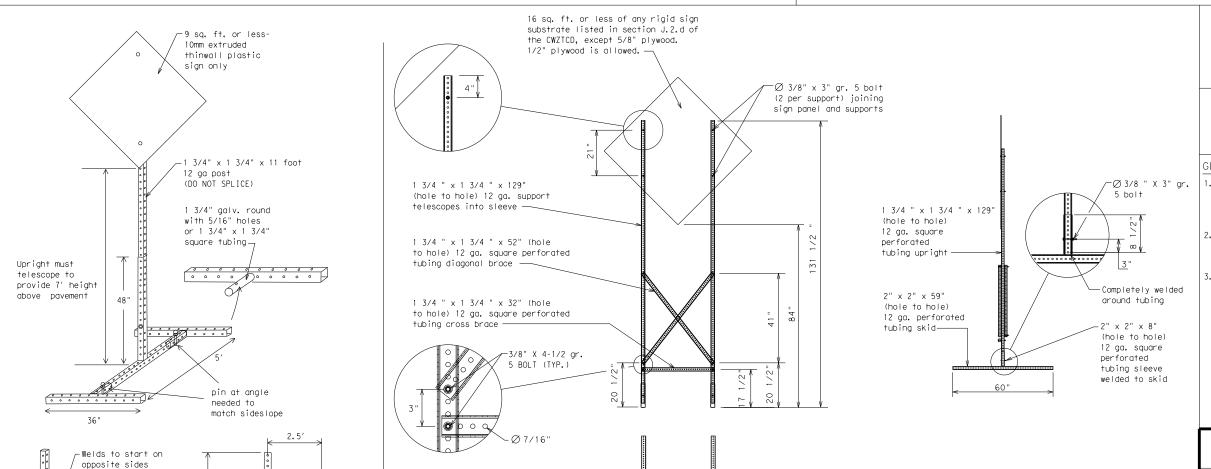
Post - Post Post max. desirable max. desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, reinforcing 48" 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min. in weak soils. (1/2" larger strona soils. than sian 55" min, in post) x 18' weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

# See the CWZTCD for embedment. WING CHANNEL

Post

#### GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



#### WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

#### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- 2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- \* \* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

#### BC (5) -21

		_					
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	SHWAY
		0255	03	040, ET	Ö.	US	281
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR		BROOK	S		26

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sian.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
	XING	Road	RD
CROSSING	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route		Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT F	Service Road	SERV RD
East		Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

#### RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

#### Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

mp Closure List	Other Cond		Action to Take/E Li		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT X	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
X LANES SHIFT in Pha	se 1 must be used with	n STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.	STAY IN LANE *		* * See	Application Guidelin	nes Note 6.

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS

SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

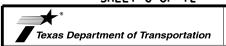
CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can

- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- location phase is used.

SHEET 6 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE

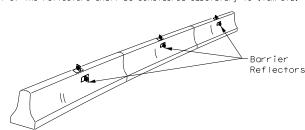
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC (6) -21

MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

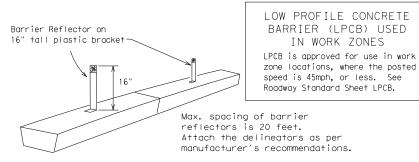
		• •	•				
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		нІ	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0255	03	040, ET	C	US	281
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR		BROOK	S		27

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

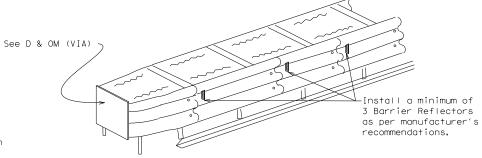


#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

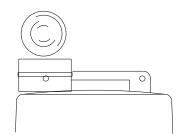


#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

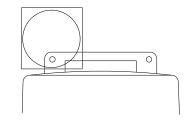
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

#### BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

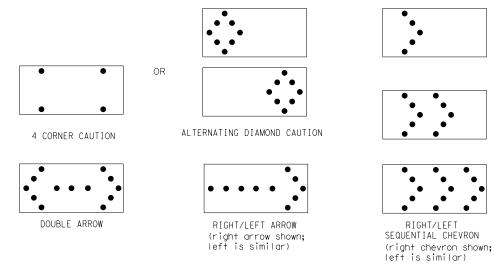
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
- moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

#### SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted n the plans
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7) - 21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDO</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDO
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	SHWAY
		0255	03	040, ET	Ö.	US	281
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR		BROOK	S		28

## GENERAL NOTES 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as

- the primary channelizing device.

  For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent
- used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be neid down while separating the drum body from the base.

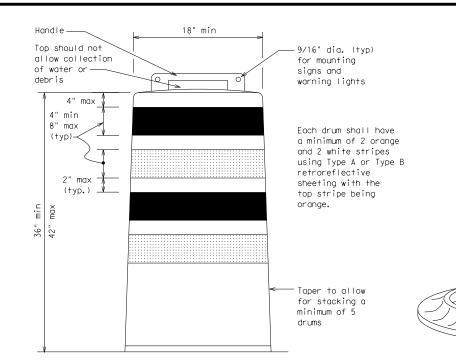
  8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

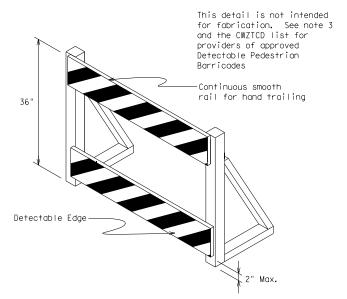
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





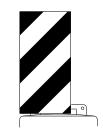
#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Worning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
trayel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

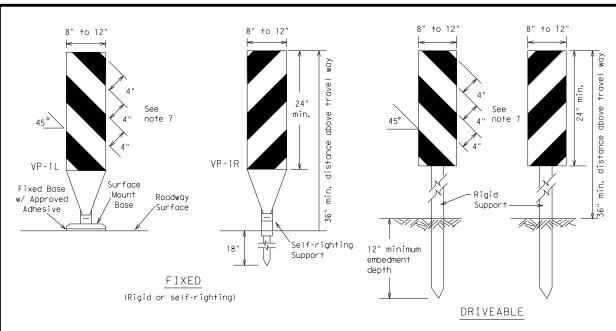


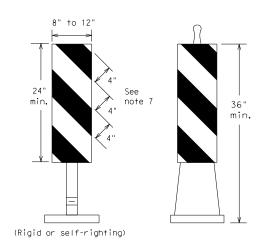
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

			_			
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
REVISIONS 4-03 <b>8-14</b>	0255	03	040, ET	C	US	281
9-07 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	PHR		BROOK	S		29

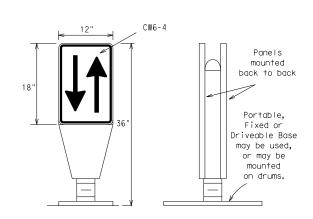




PORTABLE

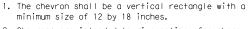
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Selfrighting supports are available with portable base.
   See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

#### VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

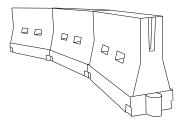


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

#### CHEVRONS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

Min.

36

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len <del>X X</del>	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	
40	60	265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	
60	_ "3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	

\*\*X\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF
CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND
MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

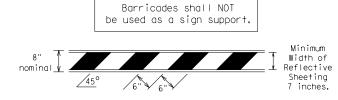
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

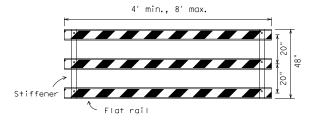
		 	′				
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDO</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDO
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0255	03	040, E1	Ö.	US	5 281
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR		BROOK	S		30

#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- . Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

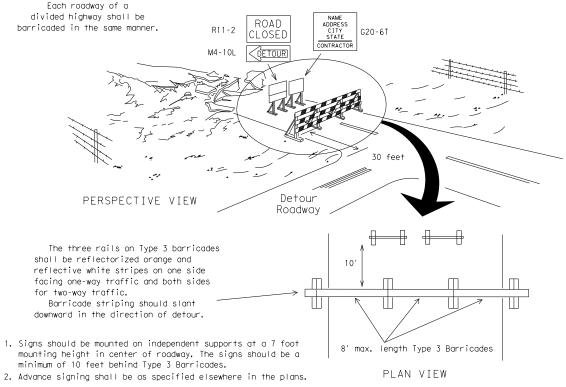


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

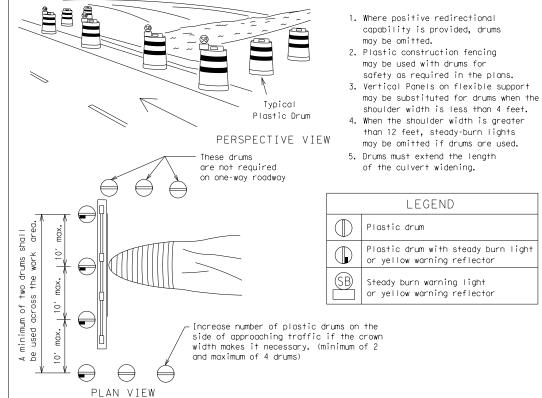


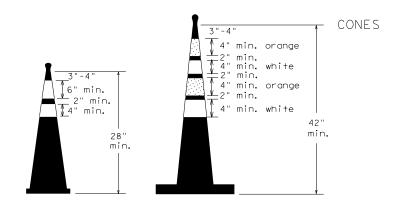
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

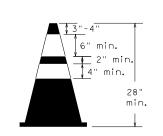


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION





Two-Piece cones

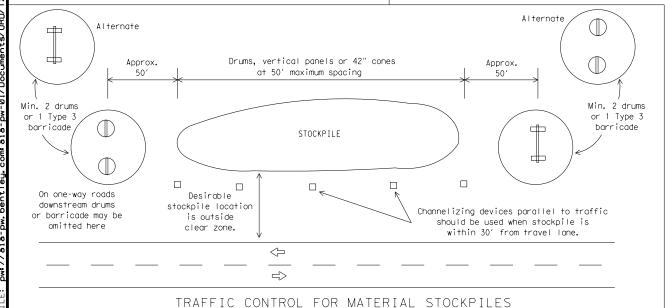


One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

#### BC(10)-21

			•				
E:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0255	03	040, ET	.c	US	281
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	PHR		BROOK	S		31

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

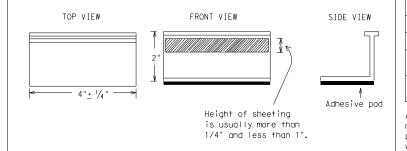
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markinas and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of preauglified reflective raised pavement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



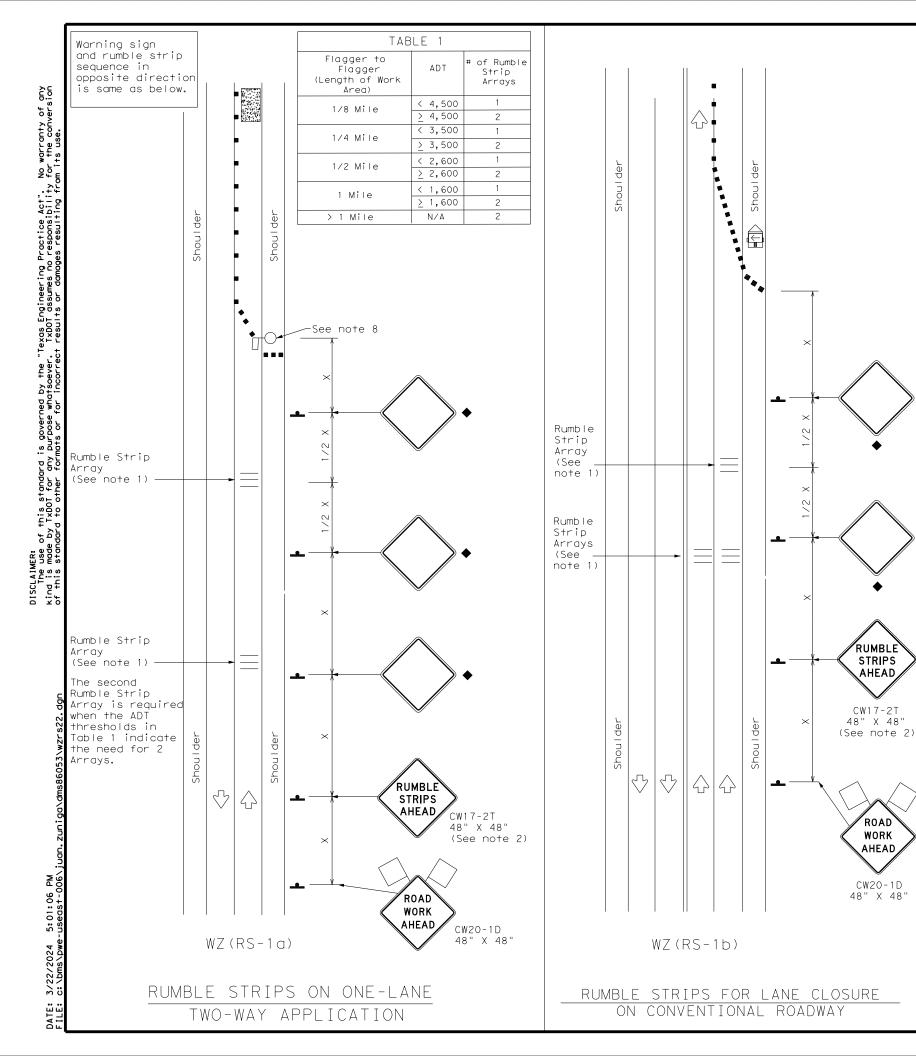
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11) - 21

2 0						
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT February 1998	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS -98 9-07 5-21 -02 7-13 -02 8-14	0255	03	040,ETC		US 281	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PHR	BROOKS				32



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- 3. Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- 5. Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved
- 6. Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 8. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- 9. Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

AHEAD

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

	LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
•	Sign	\ <del>\</del>	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Lo	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Spacing of Channelizing   **  Minimum Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
<del>*</del>		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	_WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	320′	401	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- $\fint XX$  Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE					
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
	✓	✓			

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

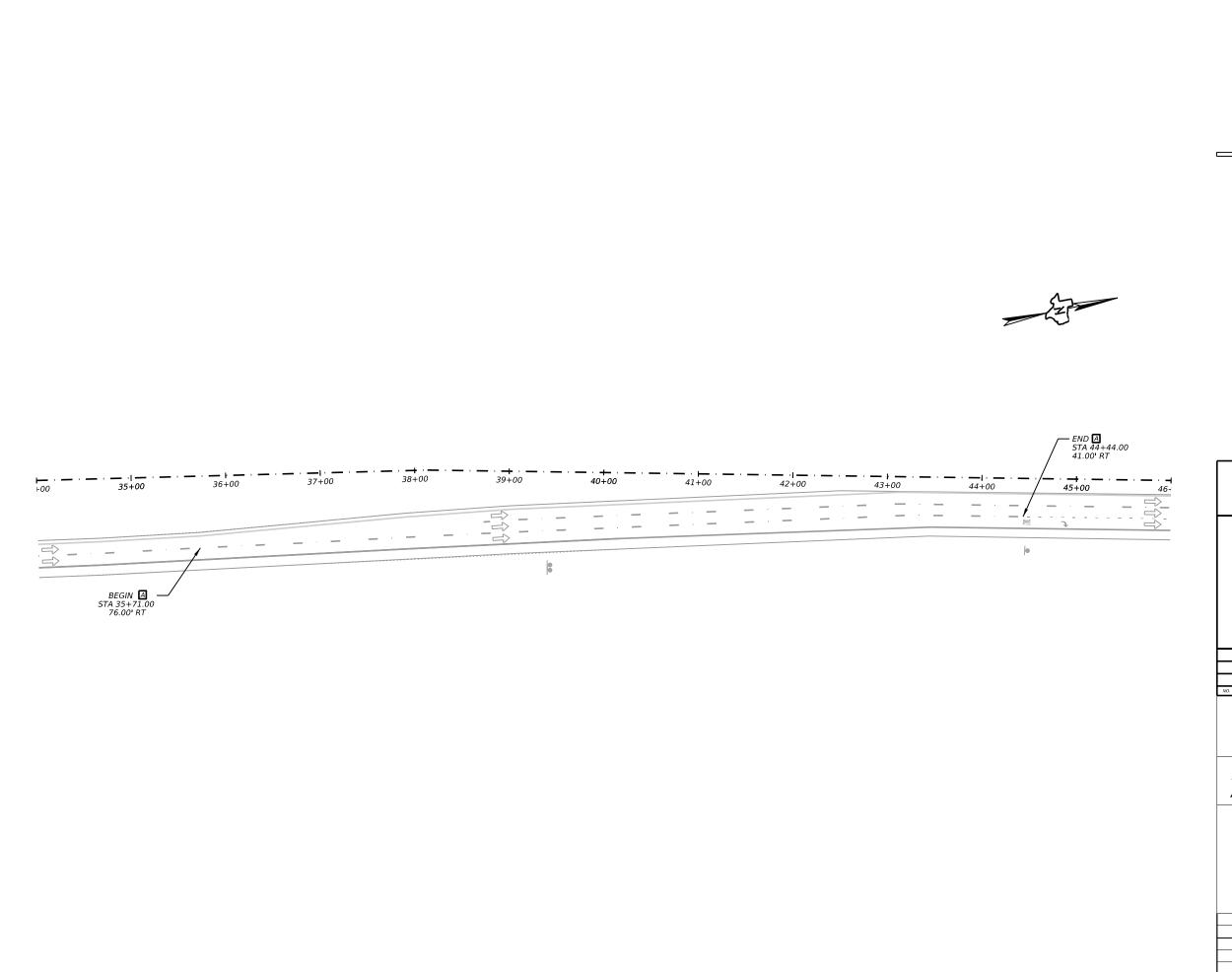
TABLE 2					
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array				
≤ 40 MPH	10′				
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15′				
= 60 MPH	20′				
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<del>*</del> 35′+				

Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ(RS)-22

E: wzrs22.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0255	03	040, E1	TC	US	281		
-14 1-22 -16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
-16	PHR	BROOKS				34		



**LEGEND** 

- A ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")
- B RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)
- REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)
- REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
- E PREFAB PM TY C (W)(DBL ARROW)
- # PROPOSED LARGE SIGN TO BE INSTALLED
- # EXISTING LARGE SIGN TO BE REMOVED
- # PROPOSED SMALL SIGN TO BE INSTALLED
- ▲ EXISTING SMALL SIGN TO BE REMOVED
- PROPOSED CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE
  - T PROPOSED SMALL SIGN
  - T EXISTING SMALL SIGN
  - **EXISTING LARGE SIGN**
  - PROPOSED DELINEATOR (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2
  - ₹ PROPOSED DELINEATOR (D-SY)SZ 1(BRF)GF2
  - ← PROPOSED TRAFFIC FLOW
  - ← EXIST TRAFFIC FLOW

SCALE: 1" = 100'

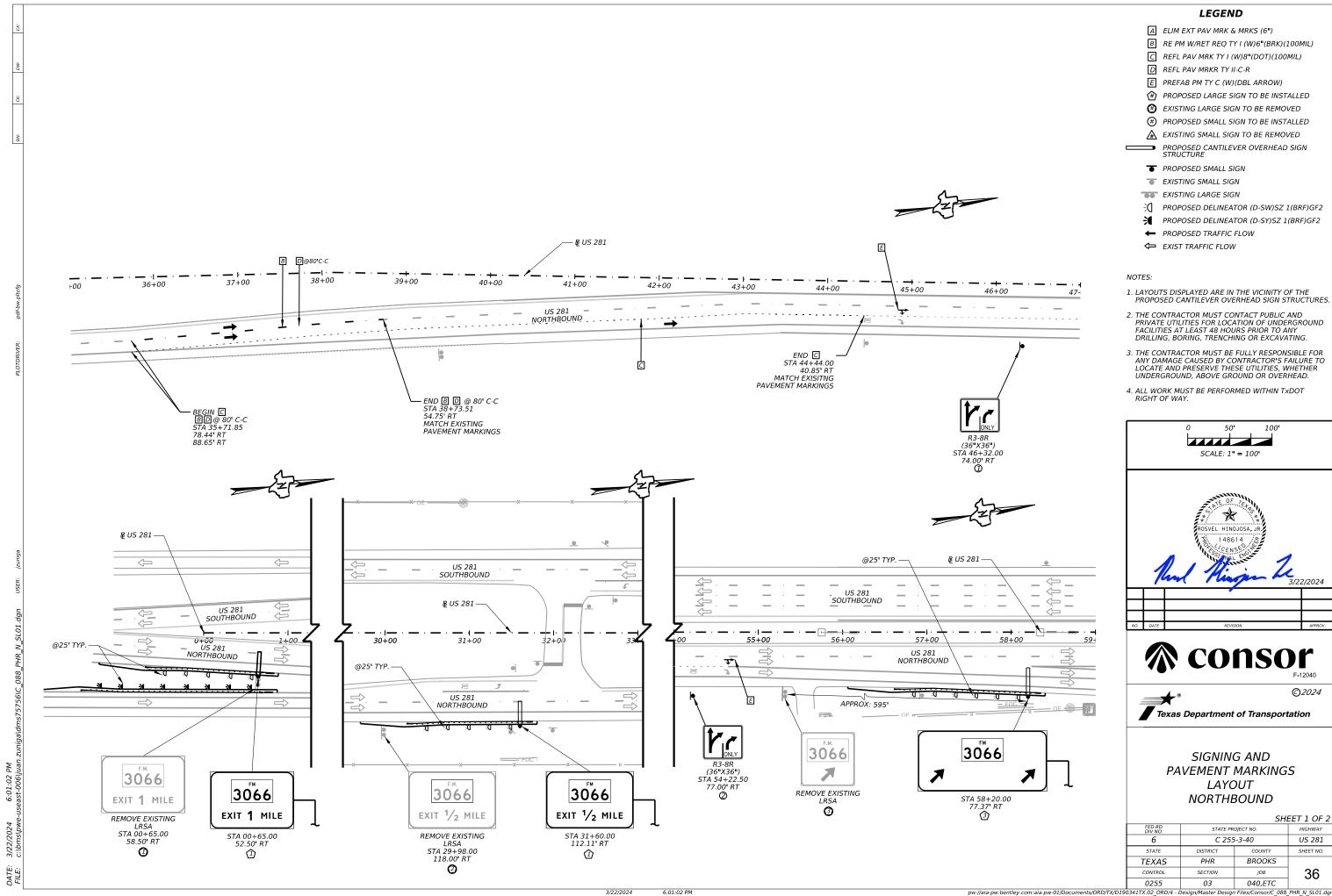


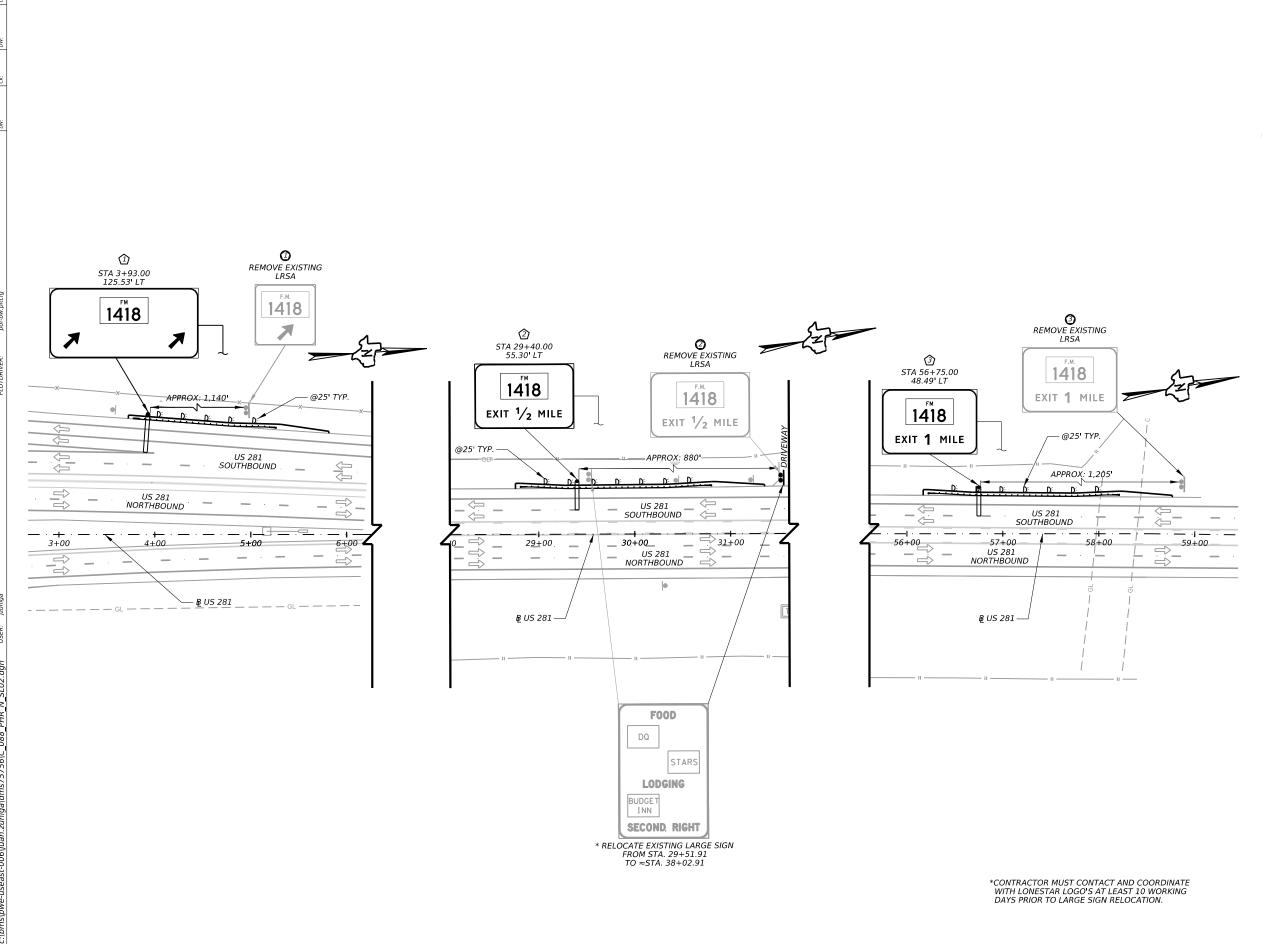




## PAVEMENT MARKINGS REMOVAL LAYOUT

HIGHWAY	OJECT NO.	FED RD DIV NO.	
US 281	5-3-40	6	
SHEET NO.	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE
	BROOKS	PHR	TEXAS
35	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL
	040.FTC	03	0255



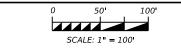


**LEGEND** 

- A ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (6")
- B RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(BRK)(100MIL)
- C REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(DOT)(100MIL)
- D REFL PAV MRKR TY II-C-R
- E PREFAB PM TY C (W)(DBL ARROW)
- # PROPOSED LARGE SIGN TO BE INSTALLED
- EXISTING LARGE SIGN TO BE REMOVED
- # PROPOSED SMALL SIGN TO BE INSTALLED
- **★** EXISTING SMALL SIGN TO BE REMOVED
- PROPOSED CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE
  - **▼** PROPOSED SMALL SIGN
  - TEXISTING SMALL SIGN
  - **EXISTING LARGE SIGN**
  - PROPOSED DELINEATOR (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2
  - ₹ PROPOSED DELINEATOR (D-SY)SZ 1(BRF)GF2
  - ← PROPOSED TRAFFIC FLOW
  - ← EXIST TRAFFIC FLOW

#### NOTES:

- 1. LAYOUTS DISPLAYED ARE IN THE VICINITY OF THE PROPOSED CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURES.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES FOR LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY DRILLING, BORING, TRENCHING OR EXCAVATING.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR MUST BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UTILITIES, WHETHER UNDERGROUND, ABOVE GROUND OR OVERHEAD.
- 4. ALL WORK MUST BE PERFORMED WITHIN TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY.





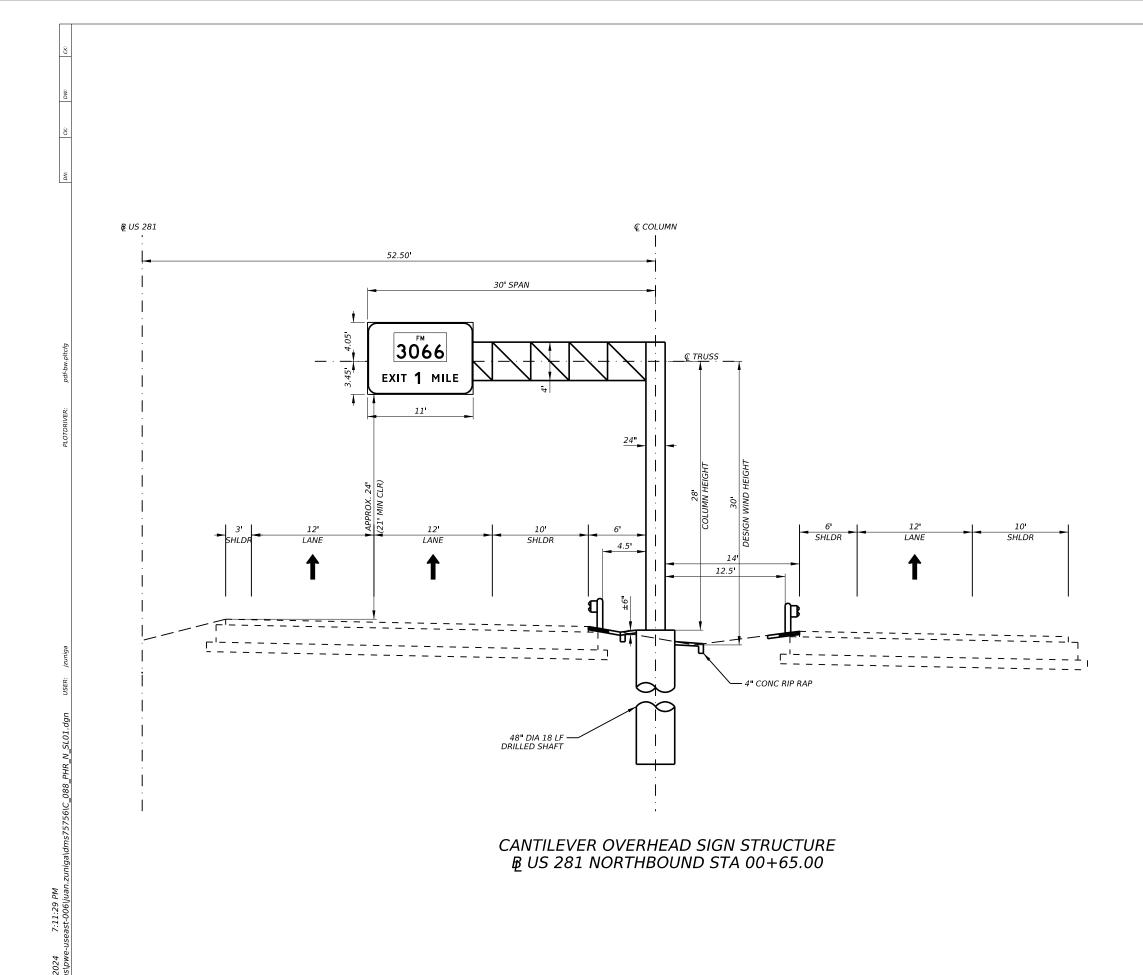




SIGNING AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS LAYOUT **SOUTHBOUND** 

SHEET 2 OF 2

	SHEELZOLZ				
FED RD DIV NO.	STATE PR	HIGHWAY			
6	C 255	US 281	]		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	]	
TEXAS	PHR	BROOKS		90	
CONTROL	SECTION	JOВ	37	K2644-	
0255	03	040 FTC	1 .	ادّ	



NOTES:

- 1.THE CONTRACTOR MUST STAKE LOCATIONS FOR LARGE SIGN STRUCTURES IN THE FIELD FOR ENGINEER'S APPROVAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 2.ALL SIGN STRUCTURE ELEVATIONS, DETAILS, AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN TO BE FIELD CHECKED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO FABRICATION.
- 3.PENETROMETER (N) VALUE OF 10 HAS BEEN USED BASED ON AVAILABLE INFORMATION. VERIFY N VALUE AT THE SITE BEFORE INSTALLING FOUNDATION.
- 4.THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES FOR LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY DRILLING, BORING, TRENCHING OR EXCAVATING.
- 5. THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UTILITIES, WHETHER UNDERGROUND, ABOVE GROUND OR OVERHEAD.
- 6. ALL WORK MUST BE PERFORMED WITHIN TXDOT RIGHT

SCALE: NTS



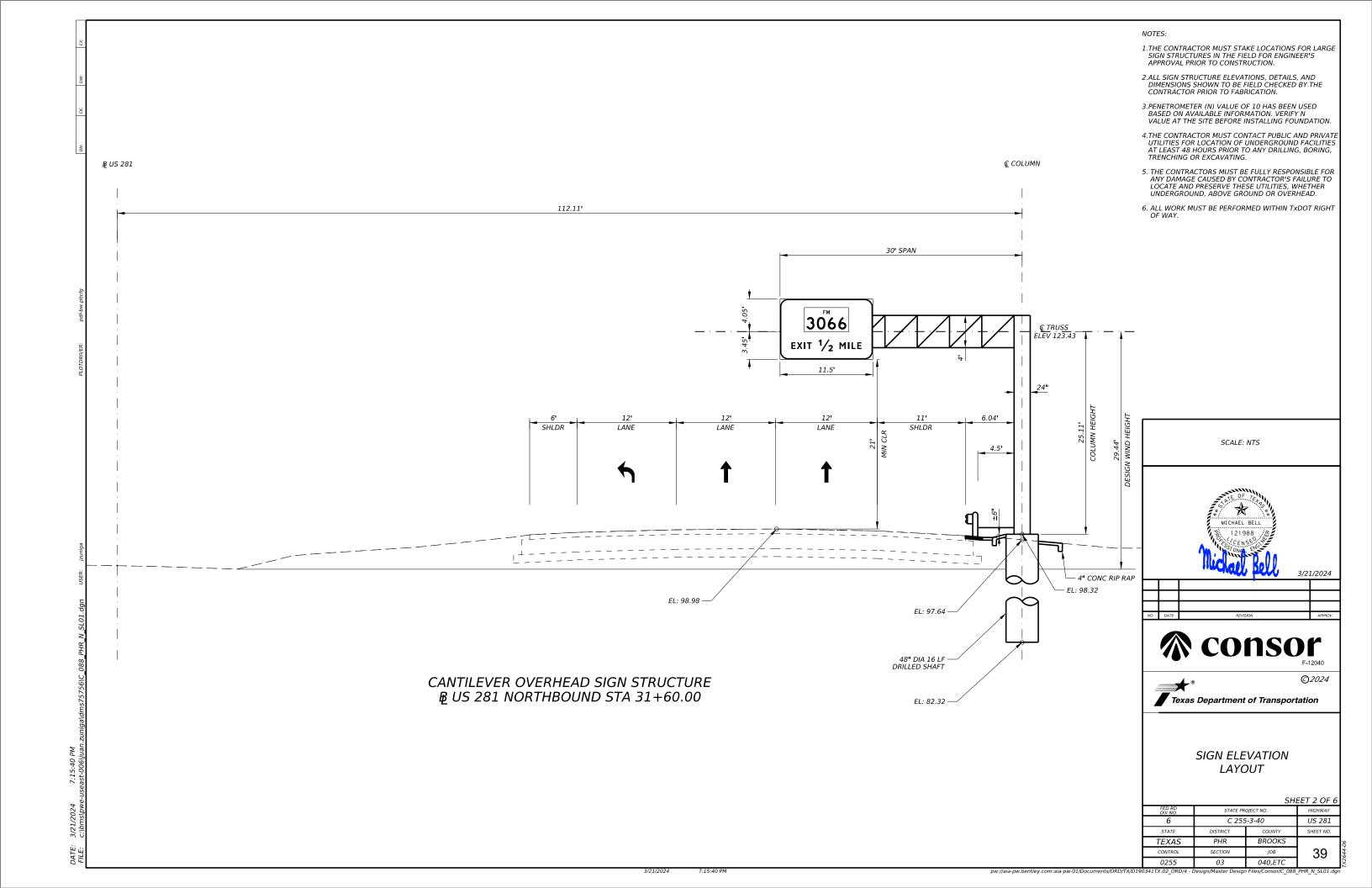


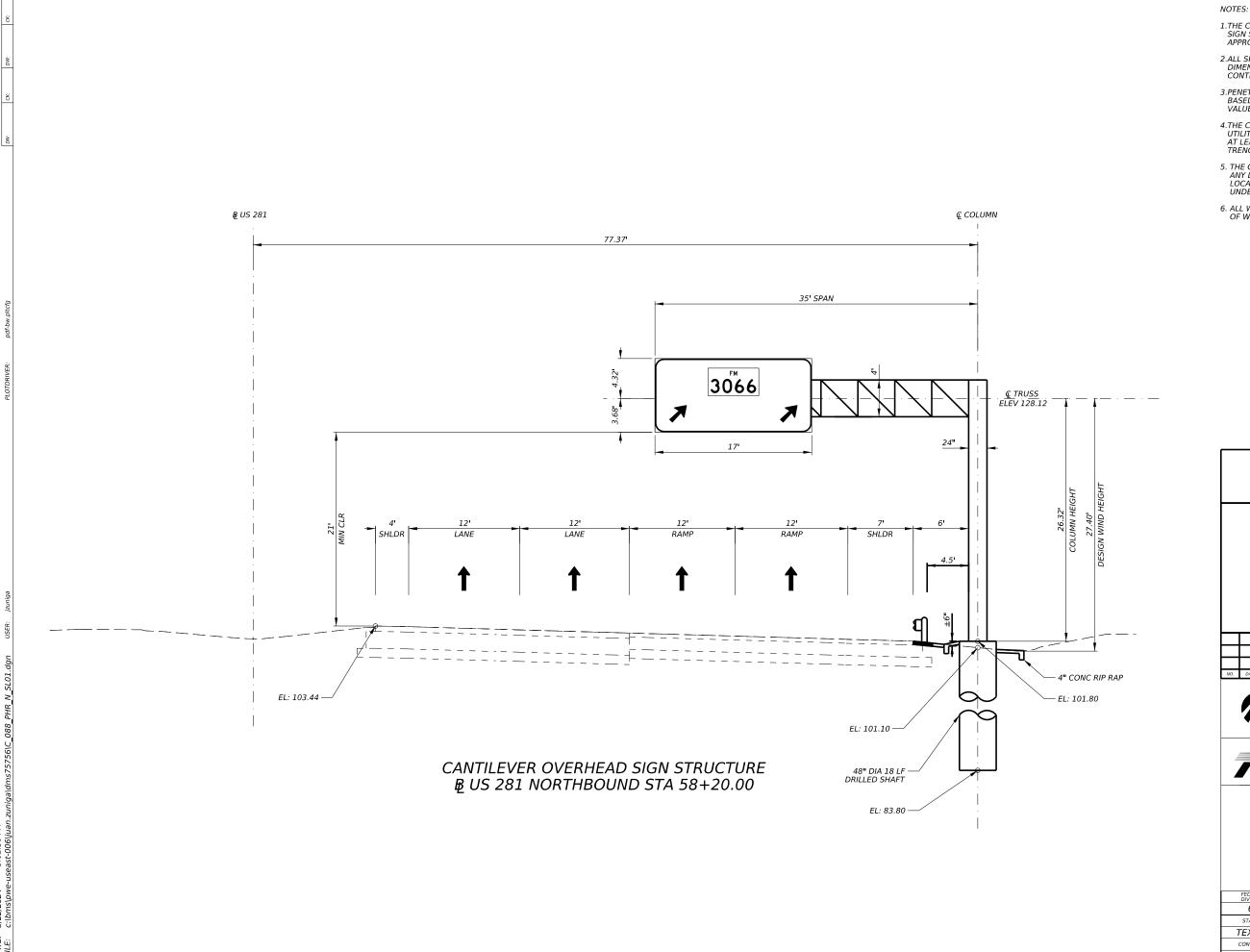


SIGN ELEVATION LAYOUT

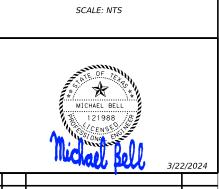
SHEET 1 OF 6

HIGHWAY	OJECT NO.	FED RD DIV NO.	
US 281	5-3-40	6	
SHEET NO.	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE
	BROOKS	PHR	TEXAS
38	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL
	040,ETC	03	0255





- 1.THE CONTRACTOR MUST STAKE LOCATIONS FOR LARGE SIGN STRUCTURES IN THE FIELD FOR ENGINEER'S APPROVAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 2.ALL SIGN STRUCTURE ELEVATIONS, DETAILS, AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN TO BE FIELD CHECKED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO FABRICATION.
- 3.PENETROMETER (N) VALUE OF 10 HAS BEEN USED BASED ON AVAILABLE INFORMATION. VERIFY N VALUE AT THE SITE BEFORE INSTALLING FOUNDATION.
- 4.THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES FOR LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY DRILLING, BORING, TRENCHING OR EXCAVATING.
- 5. THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UTILITIES, WHETHER UNDERGROUND, ABOVE GROUND OR OVERHEAD.
- 6. ALL WORK MUST BE PERFORMED WITHIN TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY.





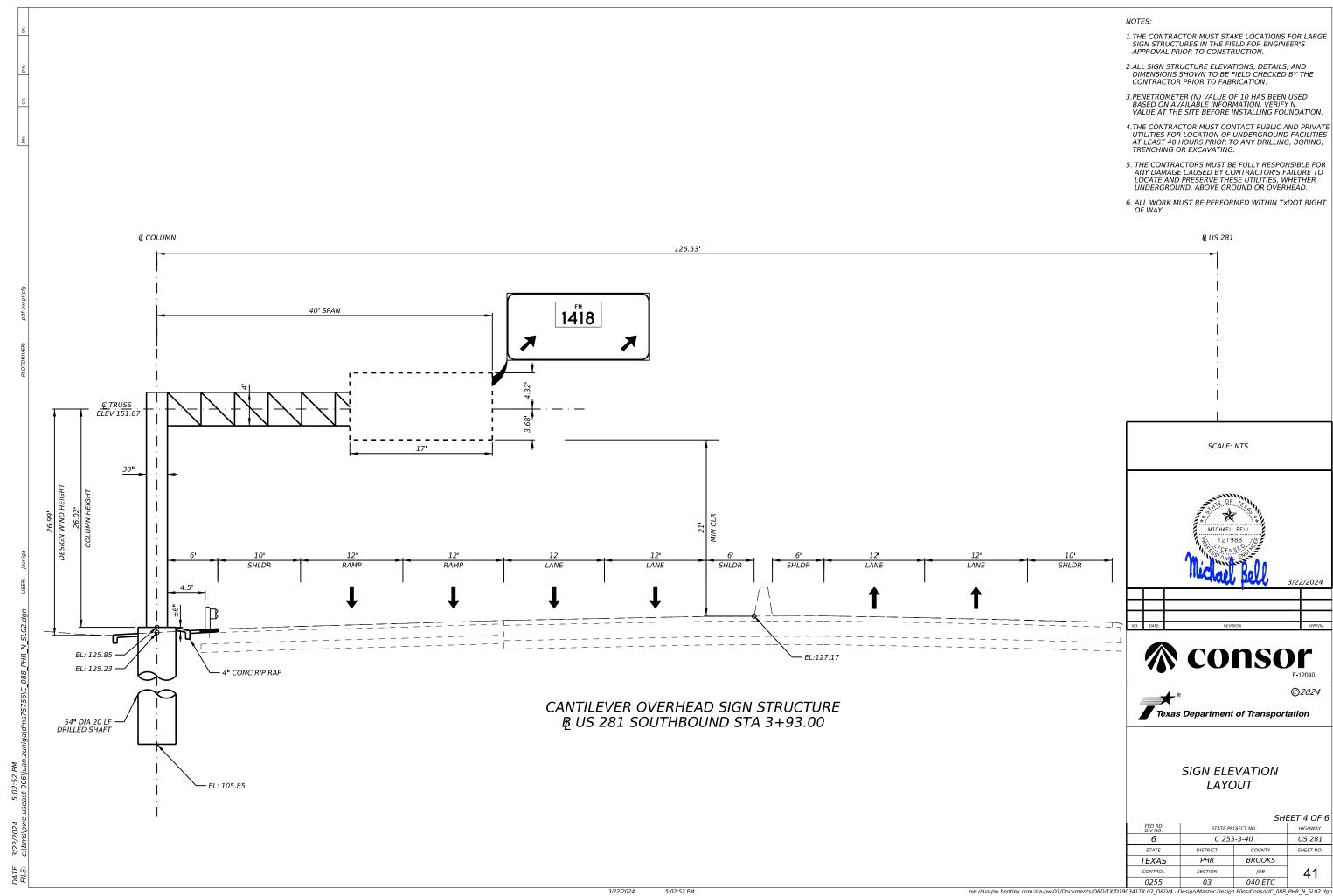


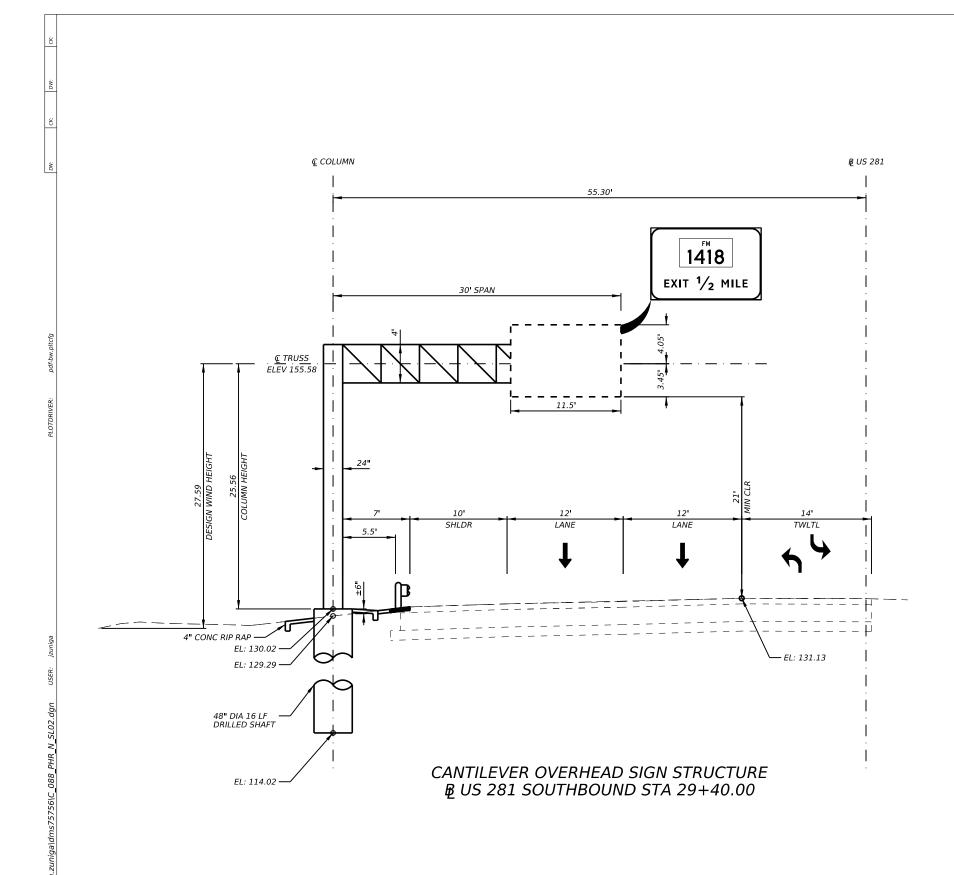
SIGN ELEVATION LAYOUT

SHEET 3 OF 6

		FED RD	
HIGHWAY	OJECT NO.	DIV NO.	
US 281	5-3-40	6	
SHEET NO.	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE
9	BROOKS	PHR	TEXAS
40	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL
	040,ETC	03	0255

3/22/2024





NOTES:

- 1.THE CONTRACTOR MUST STAKE LOCATIONS FOR LARGE SIGN STRUCTURES IN THE FIELD FOR ENGINEER'S APPROVAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 2.ALL SIGN STRUCTURE ELEVATIONS, DETAILS, AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN TO BE FIELD CHECKED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO FABRICATION.
- 3.PENETROMETER (N) VALUE OF 10 HAS BEEN USED BASED ON AVAILABLE INFORMATION. VERIFY N VALUE AT THE SITE BEFORE INSTALLING FOUNDATION.
- 4.THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES FOR LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY DRILLING, BORING, TRENCHING OR EXCAVATING.
- 5. THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UTILITIES, WHETHER UNDERGROUND, ABOVE GROUND OR OVERHEAD.
- 6. ALL WORK MUST BE PERFORMED WITHIN TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY.

SCALE: NTS



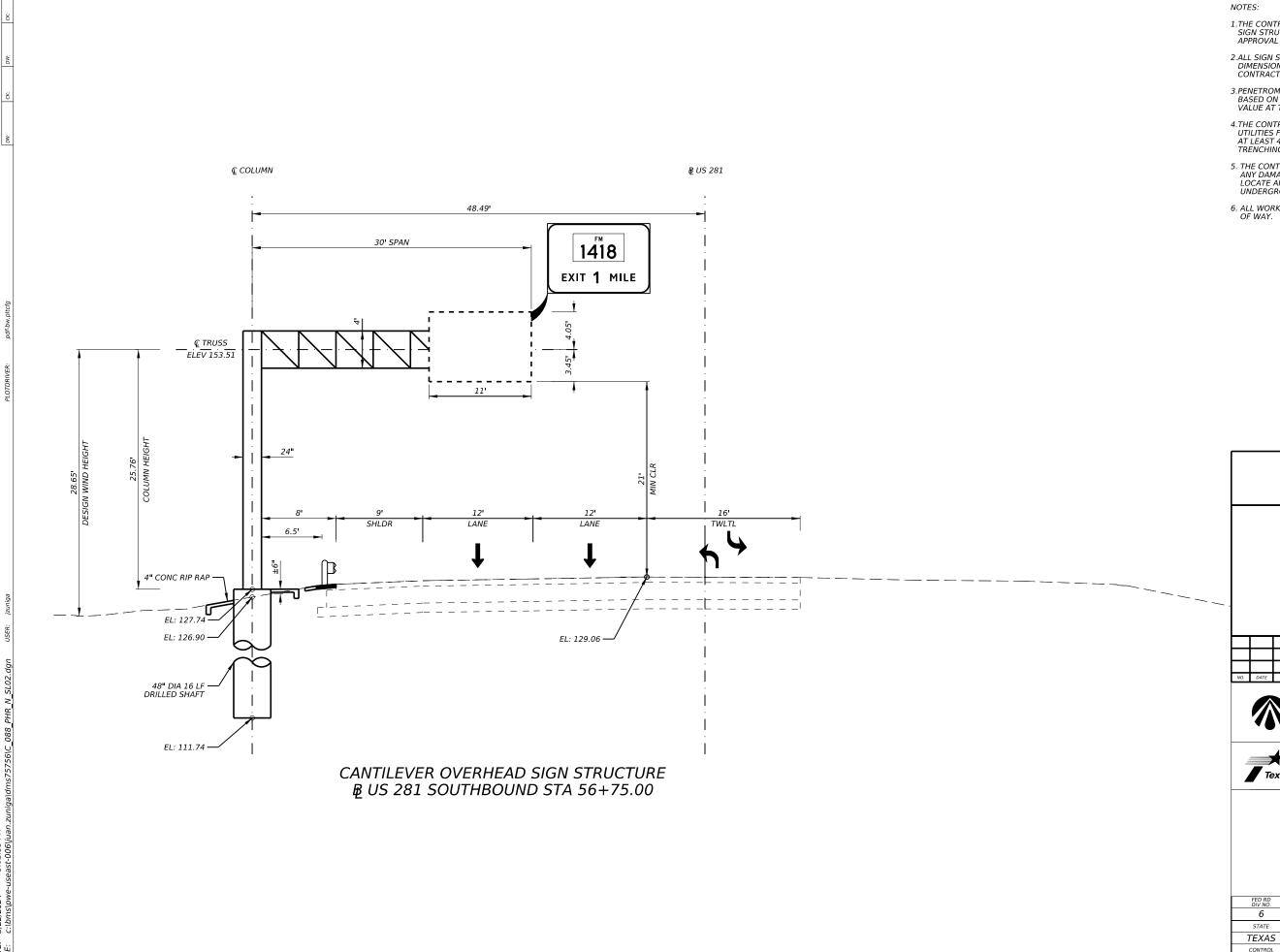




SIGN ELEVATION LAYOUT

SHEET 5 OF 6

1		2111		
	HIGHWAY	OJECT NO.	FED RD DIV NO.	
]	US 281	C 255-3-40		6
1	SHEET NO.	COUNTY	DISTRICT	STATE
90		BROOKS	PHR	TEXAS
2644-06	42	JOB	SECTION	CONTROL
Q	· -	040 FTC	03	0255



- 1.THE CONTRACTOR MUST STAKE LOCATIONS FOR LARGE SIGN STRUCTURES IN THE FIELD FOR ENGINEER'S APPROVAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 2.ALL SIGN STRUCTURE ELEVATIONS, DETAILS, AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN TO BE FIELD CHECKED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO FABRICATION.
- 3.PENETROMETER (N) VALUE OF 10 HAS BEEN USED BASED ON AVAILABLE INFORMATION. VERIFY N VALUE AT THE SITE BEFORE INSTALLING FOUNDATION.
- 4.THE CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES FOR LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY DRILLING, BORING, TRENCHING OR EXCAVATING.
- 5. THE CONTRACTORS MUST BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UTILITIES, WHETHER UNDERGROUND, ABOVE GROUND OR OVERHEAD.
- 6. ALL WORK MUST BE PERFORMED WITHIN TXDOT RIGHT OF WAY.

SCALE: NTS



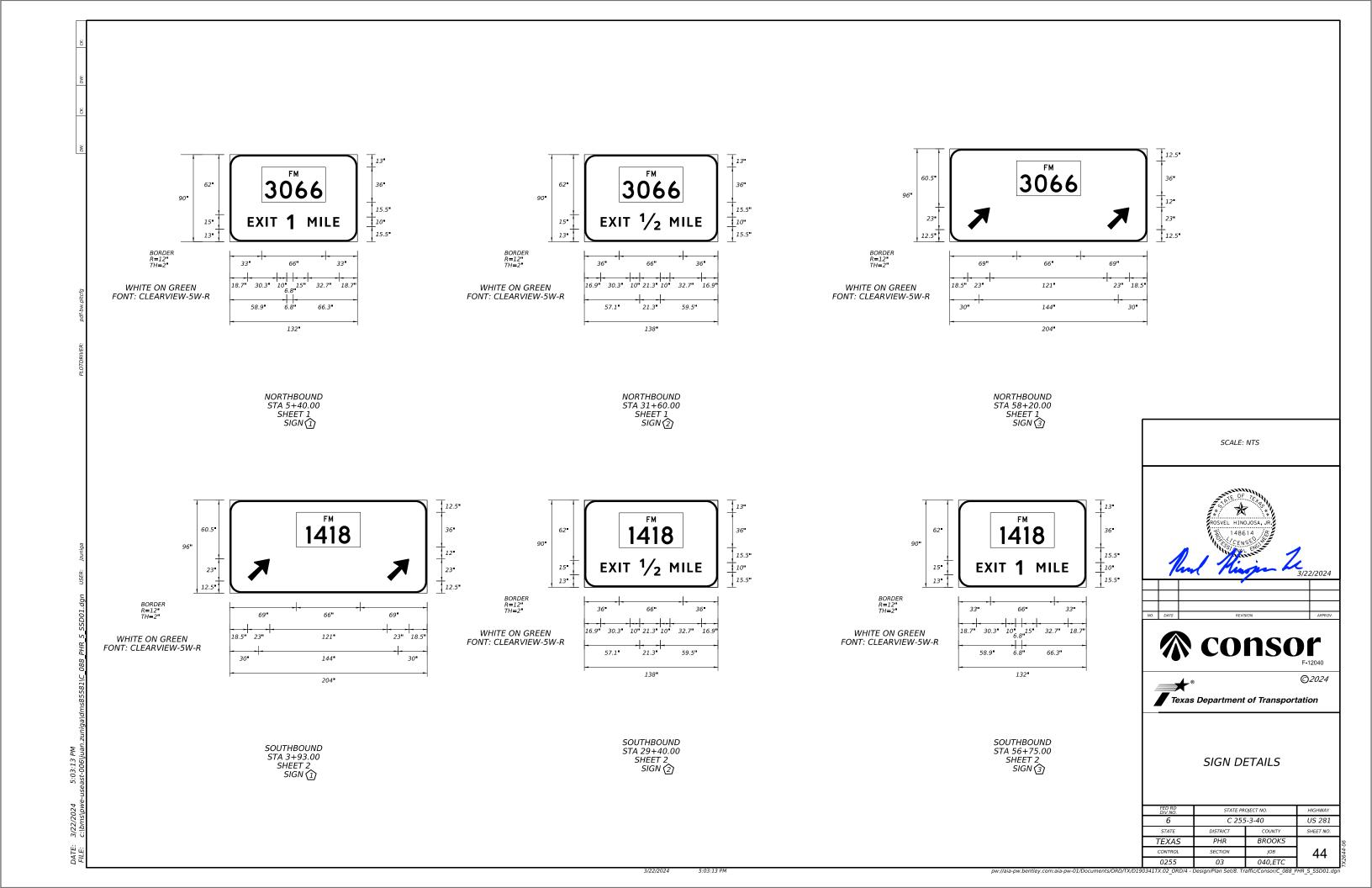


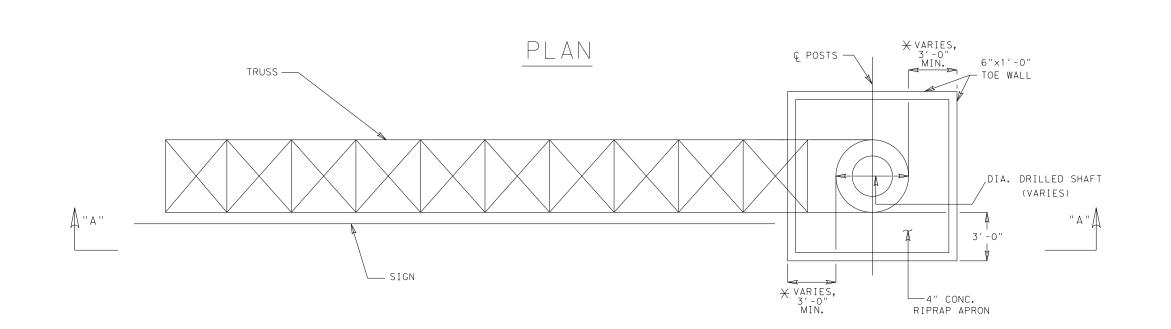


SIGN ELEVATION LAYOUT

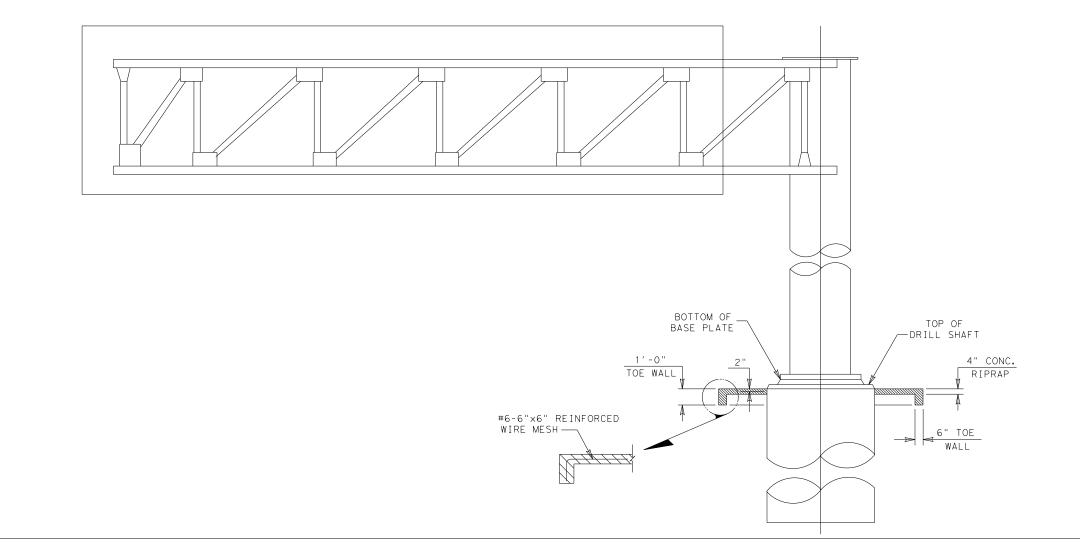
SHEET 6 OF 6

FED RD DIV NO.	STATE PR	HIGHWAY		
6	C 255	US 281		
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
TEXAS	PHR	BROOKS		90
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	43	2644-06
0255	03	040,ETC	.0	7X2





## SECTION "A-A"



NOTES: CONCRETE FOR RIPRAP SHALL BE CLASS "B"

AND SHALL BE REINFORCED AS SPECIFIED IN GENERAL NOTES FOR ITEM 432 "RIPRAP".

★ THESE DIMENSIONS VARY DEPENDING ON THE DISTANCE FROM THE EDGE OF THE DRILL SHAFT TO THE BEGINNING OF THE RETAINING WALL.



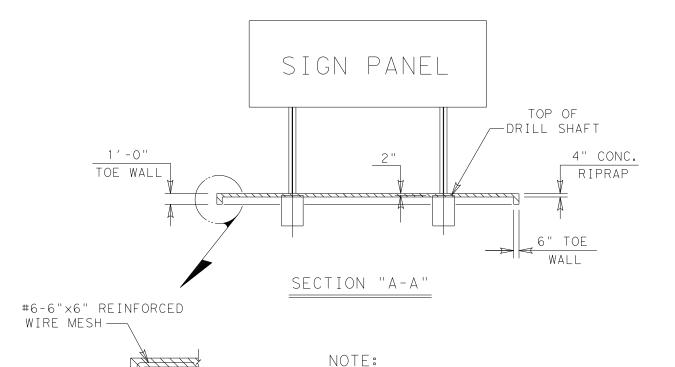
3/21/2024



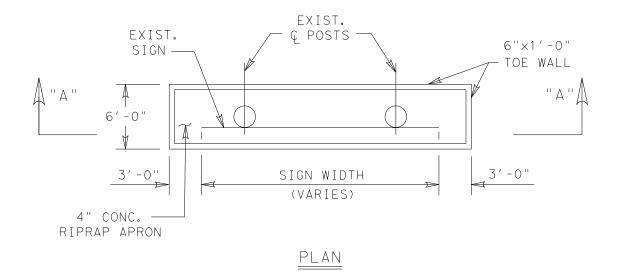
Г	DN:	DRAWING	DATE	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE	STA	TE PROJEC	T NO.		SHEET NO.
CF	C DN:	ORIGINAL	2024	6	TEXAS	С	255-3	-40		45
	DW:			STATE DIST.NO.	COUN	ΤΥ	CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
CH	C DW:			PHR	BROC	)KS	0255	03	P48	US281

# CONCRETE RIPRAP APRON CHART VOLUMES FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS

SIGN WIDTHS	CONC. CU. YDS.	SIGN WIDTHS	CONC. CU. YDS.	SIGN WIDTHS	CONC. CU. YDS.
2′ - 0"		12′ - 6"	1.9	23′ - 0"	3.0
2' - 6"		13′ - 0"	2.0	23′ - 6"	3.0
3′ - 0"		13′ - 6"	2.0	24′ - 0"	3.1
3' - 6"		14′ - 0"	2.1	24' - 6"	3.1
4′ - 0"		14′ - 6"	2.1	25′ - 0"	3.2
4' - 6"		15′ - 0"	2.2	25′ - 6"	3.2
5′ - 0"	1.2	15′ - 6"	2.2	26′ - 0"	3.3
5' - 6"	1.3	16′ - 0"	2.3	26′ - 6"	3.3
6' - 0"	1.3	16′ - 6"	2.3	27' - 0"	3.4
6' - 6"	1.4	17' - 0"	2.4	27' - 6"	3.4
7′ - 0"	1.4	17' - 6"	2.4	28' - 0"	3.5
7' - 6"	1.5	18' - 0"	2.5	28' - 6"	
8' - 0"	1.5	18' - 6"	2.5	29' - 0"	
8' - 6"	1.6	19′ - 0"	2.6	29' - 6"	
9' - 0"	1.6	19' - 6"	2.6	30' - 0"	
9' - 6"	1.7	20' - 0"	2.7	30′ - 6"	
10' - 0"	1.7	20' - 6"	2.7	31' - 0"	
10' - 6"	1.8	21′ - 0"	2.8	31′ - 6"	
11' - 0"	1.8	21′ - 6"	2.8	32′ - 0"	
11' - 6"	1.9	22′ - 0"	2.9	32′ - 6"	
12' - 0"	1.9	22′ - 6"	2.9	33′ - 0"	

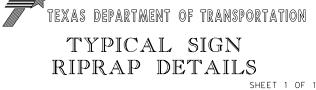


CONCRETE FOR RIPRAP SHALL BE CLASS "B" AND SHALL BE REINFORCED AS SPECIFIED IN GENERAL NOTES FOR ITEM 432 "RIPRAP".

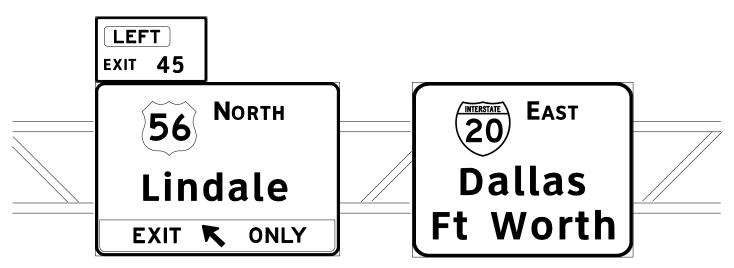


# CONCRETE RIPRAP FOR SIGN MULTIPLE POST GROUND MOUNTS





3/21/2024







### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign summary sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Black legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod, or F). White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white FHWA lettering, when not specified in the SHSD or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
E	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WF
F	CV-6W

- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius need not be trimmed or rounded if fabricated from an extruded material.
- 7. Sign substrate for ground-mounted signs shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative. Sign substrate for overhead signs shall be any material that meets DMS-7110. Exit Number Panels attached above the parent sign shall be made with the same substrate and sheeting as the parent sign.
- 8. Mounting details of attachments to parent sign face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5). Mounting details of exit number panels above parent sign are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.
- 9. Background sheeting shall be applied to the substrate per sheeting manufacturer's recommendations. Sheeting will not be allowed to bridge the horizontal gap between panels.
- 10. Cut all legend, symbols, borders, and direct applied sign attachments at panel joints.



Texas Southern University

EXIT 45

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

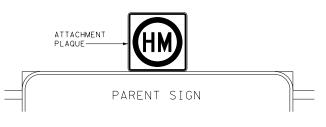
TSR(1)-13

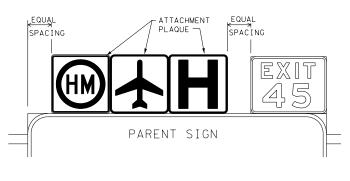
E:	tsr1-13.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DOT</td><td>ск: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ск: TxDOT
TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIO	CHWAY
REVISIONS		0255	03	040, ET	C	US	281
-03 7- -08	13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-08		PHR		BROOK	S		<u>47</u>

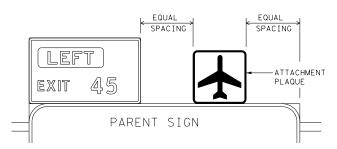
No warranty of any for the conversion

Texas Engineering Practice Act". TXDOI assumes no responsibility 附成多數以表 网,Agmages resulting fro







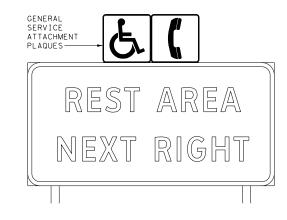


# DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS DMS-7110 SIGN FACE MATERIALS DMS-8300

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS			
	SHELLING IV	L GOTIVEINI I 2	
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL	
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM	
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Route Marker legends (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod, or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to white background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Route markers and other attachments within the parent sign face shall be direct applied unless otherwise specified in the plans. Attachments not direct applied shall use 0.063 inch thick one piece sheet aluminum signs (Type A).
- 8. General Service Plaques shall be 0.080 inch thick and Routing Plaques shall be 0.100 inch thick.
- The priority for Routing Plaques shall be (left to right)
   Hazardous Material, Airport then Hospital. See examples for
   mounting location.
- 10. Mounting details of attachments to parent signs face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5). Mounting details of sign plaque attachments above and below parent sign are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.
- 11. Plaques shall be horizontally centered at the top of the parent sign. If an exit number panel exists, the plaque shall be centered between the edge of the parent sign and the edge of the exit number panel. The plaque may be placed above the exit number panel when there is insufficient space.



### REQUIREMENTS FOR EXIT ONLY AND LEFT EXIT PANELS

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS FOR OVERHEAD EXIT PANELS			
USAGE	COLOR SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	FLUORESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING	
LEGEND	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM	





LEFT EXIT

TYPICAL EXAMPLES

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). Individual panel sizes shown in the plans may be adjusted to fit actual parent sign sizes if necessary.
- Exit Panel legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)Standard Highway Alphabets E Series.
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to yellow background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. Exit Only and Left Exit panels within the parent sign face shall be direct applied unless otherwise specified in the plans. Panels not direct applied shall use 0.063 inch thick one piece sheet aluminum signs (Type A).
- Mounting details of Exit Only and Left Exit panel attachments to parent signs face are shown on Standard Plan Sheet TSR(5).

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(2)-13

TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS			
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL	
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	

# REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)

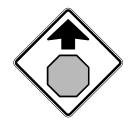




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS			
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL	
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING	
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM	
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	

## REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS			
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL	
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING	
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM	
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING	

## REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING		
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

### GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPE	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

ILE:	tsr4-13.dgn	DN: To	kD0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
C) TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			ні	SHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-03 7-13 9-08		0255	03	040,ETC		US	JS 281	
		DIST	T COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
		PHR		BROOK	S		49	
_					_			

DATE:

4

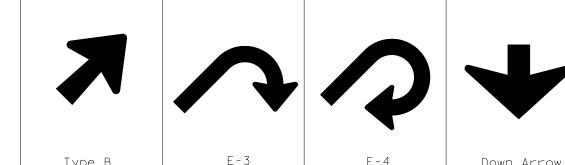
Type A

or "Fiberglass Signs".

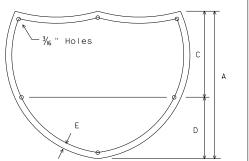
## ARROW DETAILS

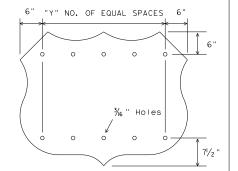
for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

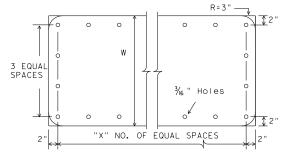
## SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)











INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

А	С	D	Е	
36	21	15	11/2	
48	28	20	13/4	

EXIT ONLY PANEL

dia.

U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

STATE ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-I	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
Α-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
B-I	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits

Туре В

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3	E5-laT
E-4	E5-lbT

NOTE Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for

Texas" manual.

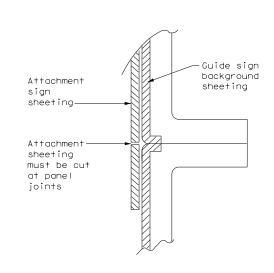
can be found at the following website.

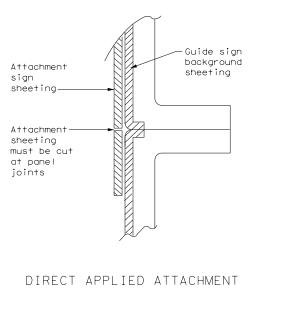
http://www.txdot.gov/

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD)

## MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

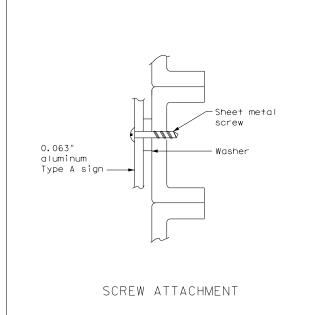
## ARROW DETAILS for Destination Signs (Type D)

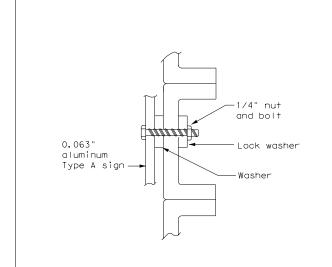


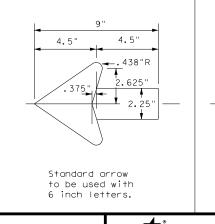


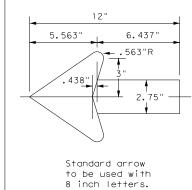
1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.

2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs"









Traffic Operations Division Standard

NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

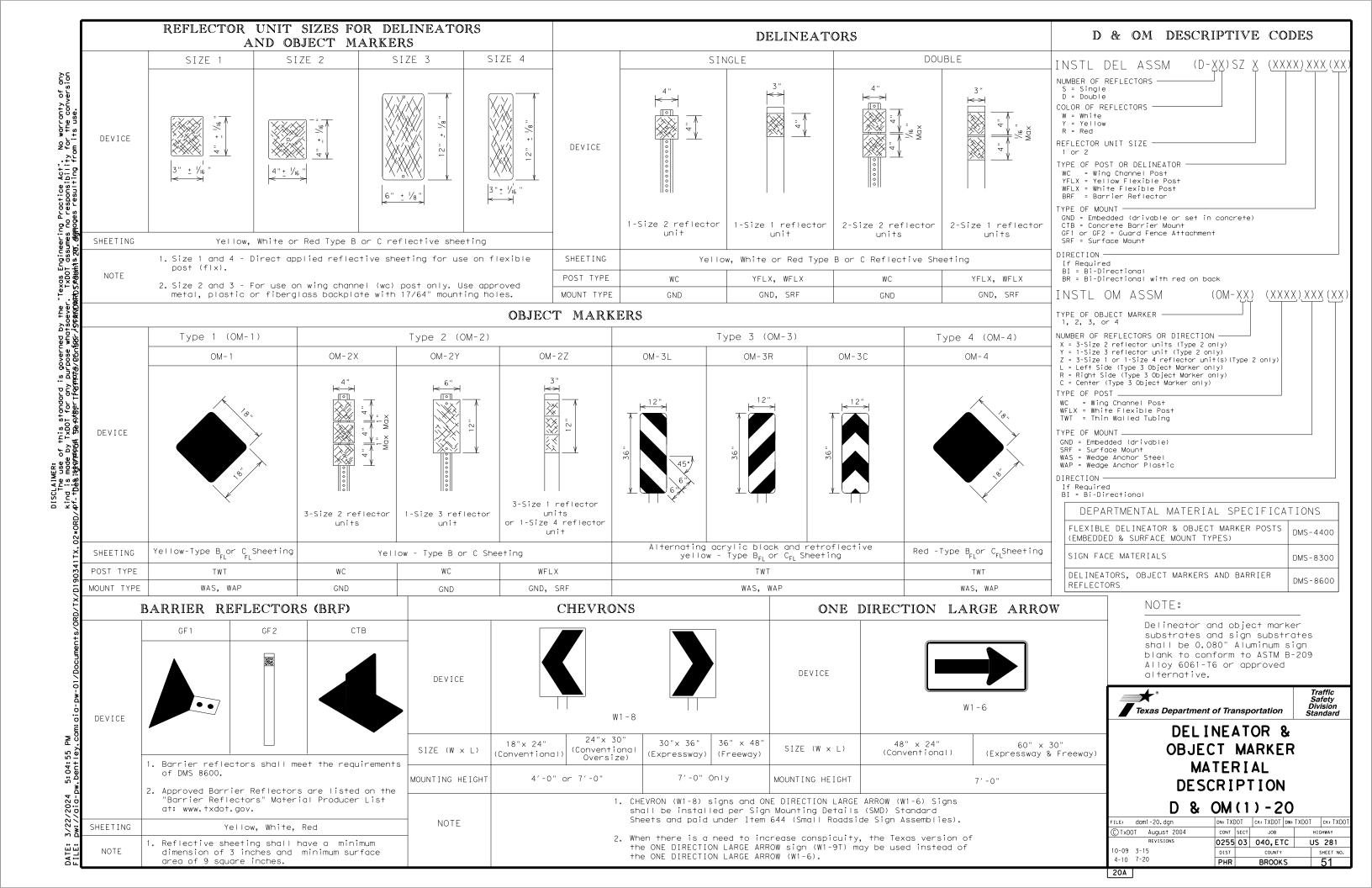
#### NOTE:

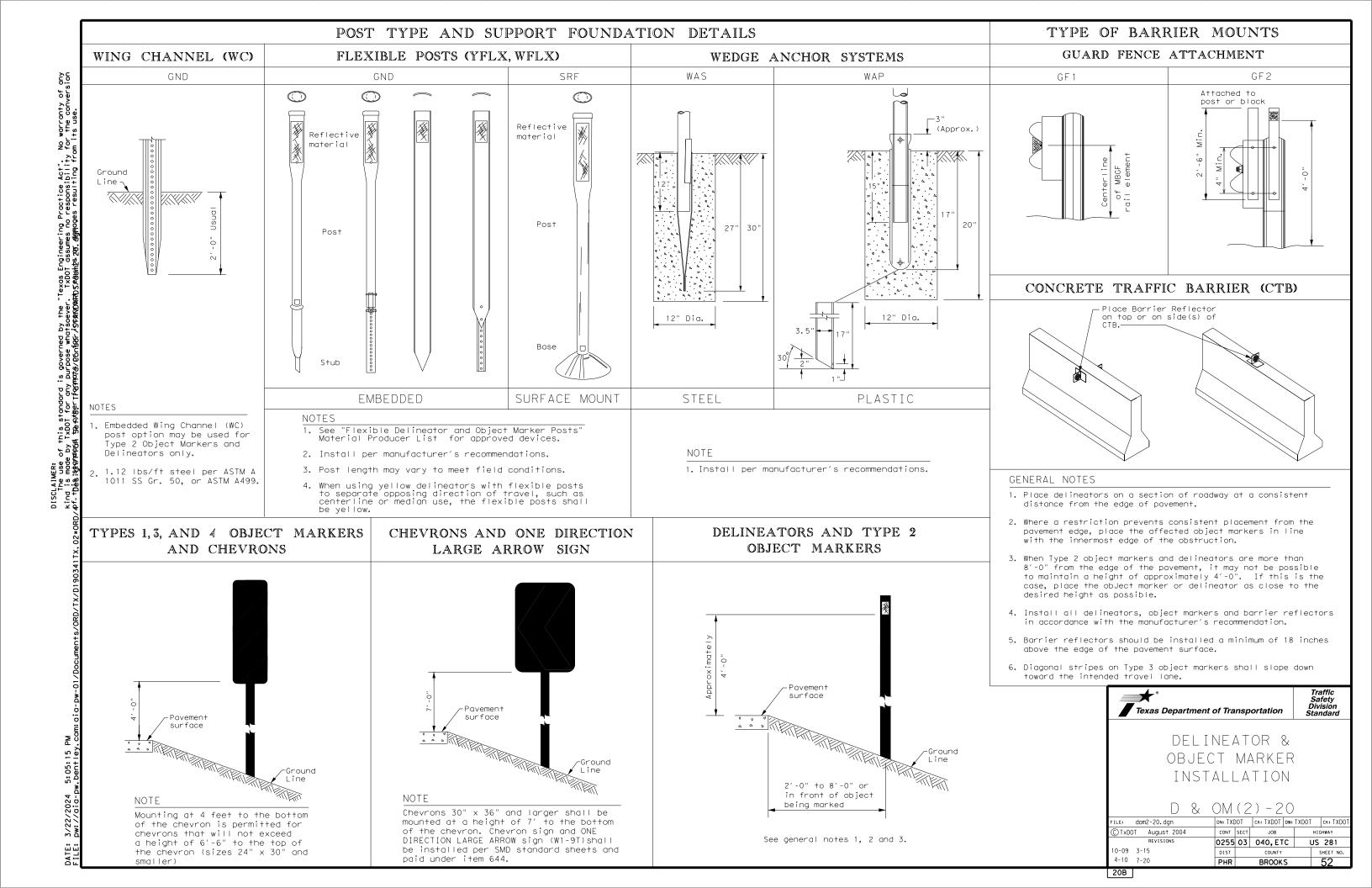
Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs". Texas Department of Transportation

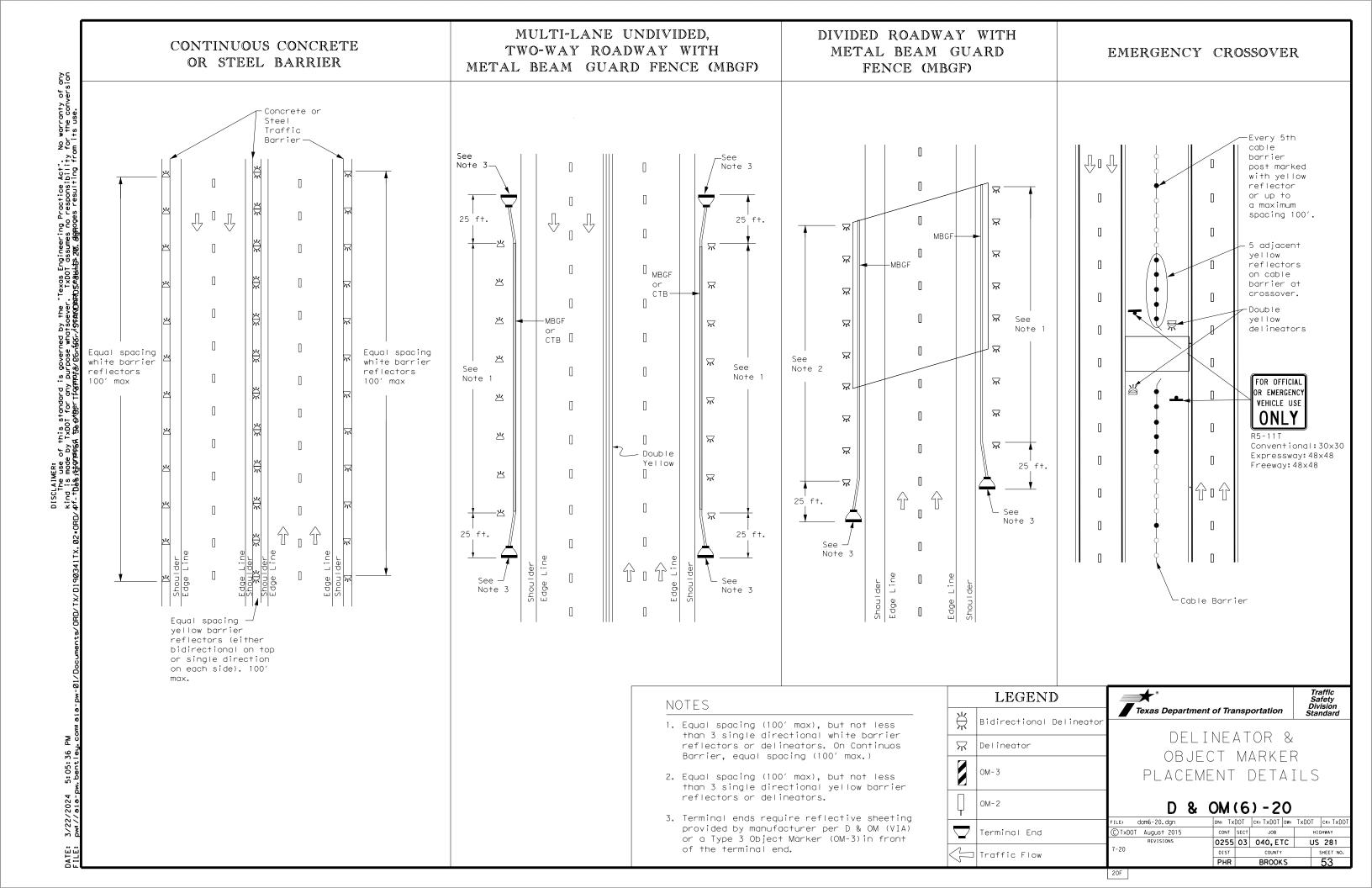
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

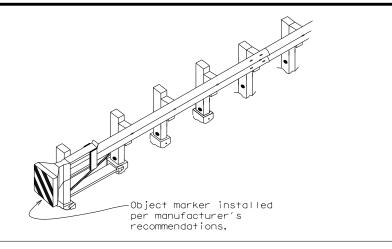
TSR(5)-13

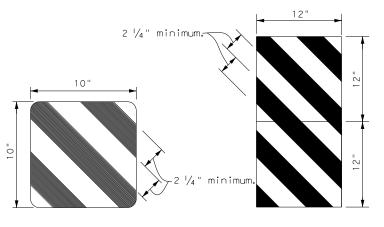
E:	tsr5-13.d	gn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	0ctober	2003	CONT SECT JOB		HIGHWAY			
		0255	03	040,ETC (		US	JS 281	
-03 7-1 -08	3		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-06			PHR		BROOK	S		50











Variable to match width of exit gore sign.

6"

6"

11/2 "R

**EXIT** 

444

BACK PANEL (OPTIONAL)

OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT

#### NOTES

- Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron shall be black,
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

DELINEATOR &
OBJECT MARKER
FOR VEHICLE IMPACT
ATTENUATORS

D & OM(VIA)-20

FILE: domvia20.dgn	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: T		ow: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT		
© TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0255	03	040, ET	JS 281		
4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
4-98 7-20	PHR		BROOK	S	54	
206						

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

 $\Diamond$ 

 $\Diamond$ 

➾

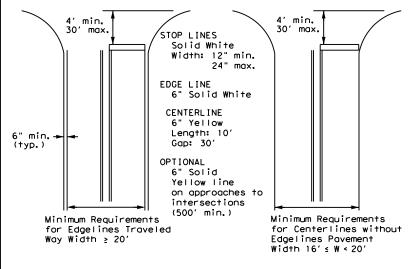
➾

ف

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



Texas Department of Transportation

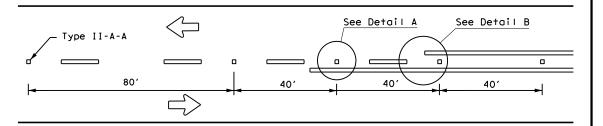
PM(1)-22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

-		•				
.E: pm1-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS -78 8-00 6-20	0255	03	040, E	rc	US	281
-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-00 2-12	PHR		BROOK	S		55

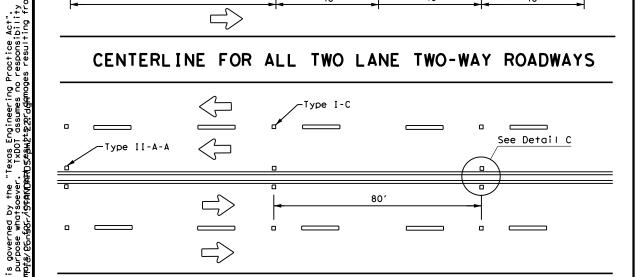
## REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

of 45 MPH or less.

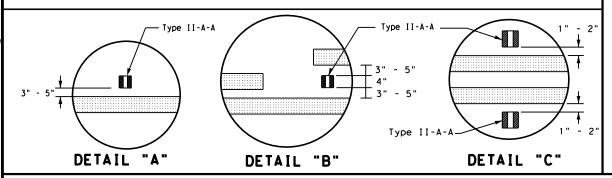


No warranty of any for the conversion

## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

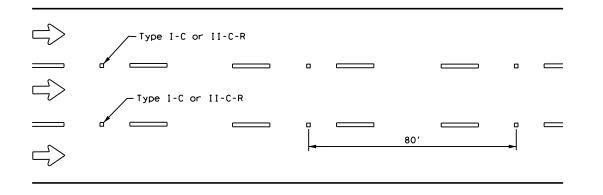


## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



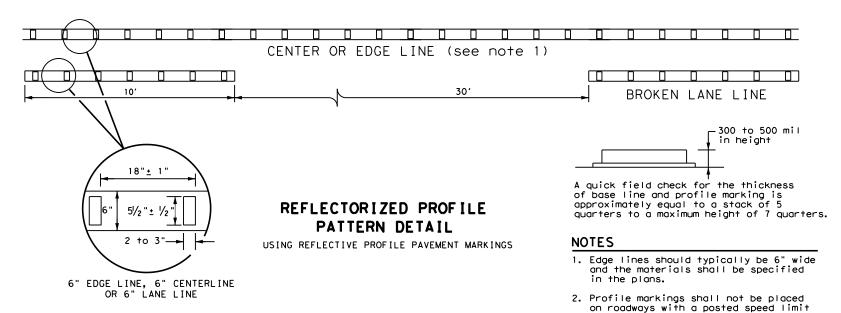
## Centerline -Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 40 80' Type I-C

## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

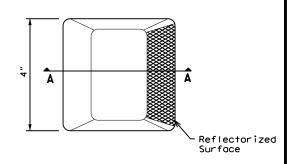


#### GENERAL NOTES

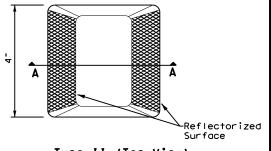
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

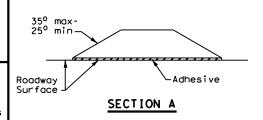
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

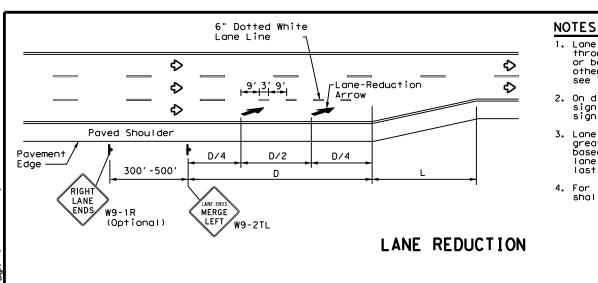


POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** 

PM(2) - 22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

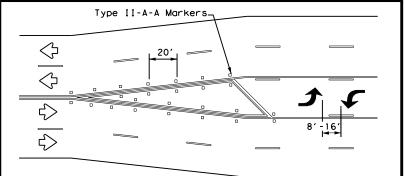
pm2-22.dgn CTxDOT December 2022 HIGHWAY 4-77 8-00 6-20 0255 03 040,ETC US 281 4-92 2-10 12-22 5-00 2-12 BROOKS



## 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on\_street parking in\_what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.

- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING	
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f†)
30 MPH	460	<sub>wc</sub> 2
35 MPH	565	L = WS <sup>2</sup>
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	



A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

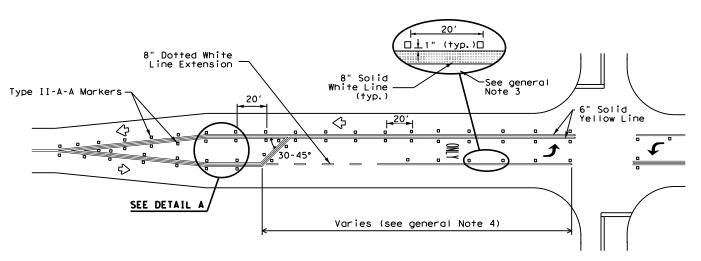
## TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

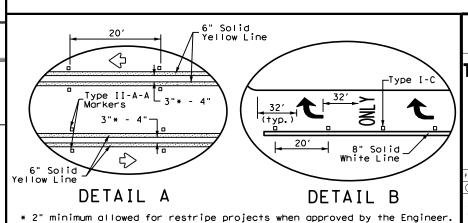
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used. two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



## TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



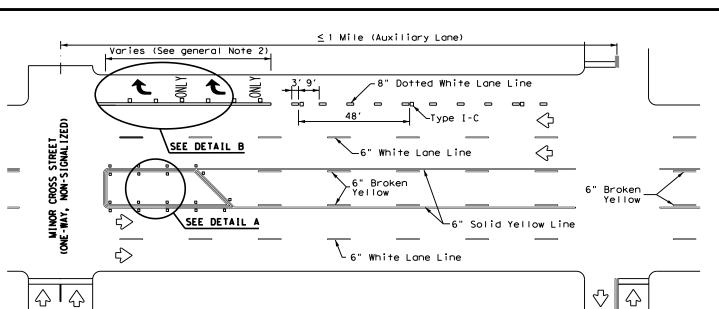
'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Texas Department of Transportation

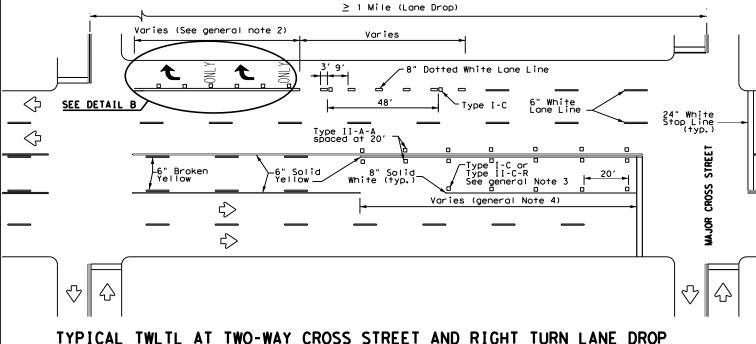
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(3) - 22

FILE: pm3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0255	03	040, E1	C	US 281
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	PHR		BROOK	.S	57



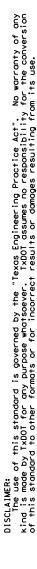
## TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



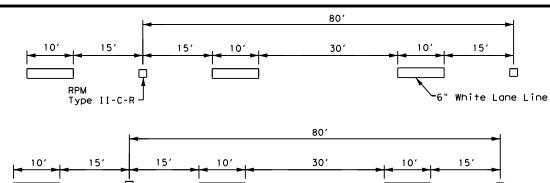
warranty of any the conversion

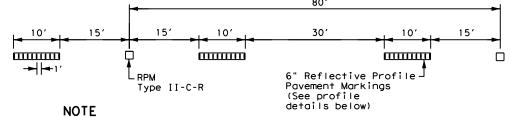
δ¢.

WER: use of this standard is governed amde by TxD01 for any purpose who afformats, profiler tfammats, profiler



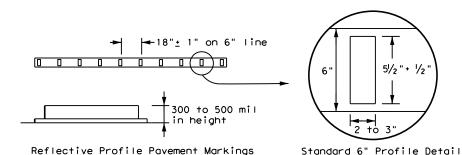






Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall be spaced on 80 centers with the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward wrong way traffic. All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway

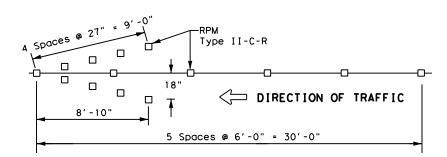
## TRAFFIC LANE LINES PAVEMENT MARKING



#### NOTE

Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be as specified in the plans. See details above if reflective profile pavement markings are to be used.

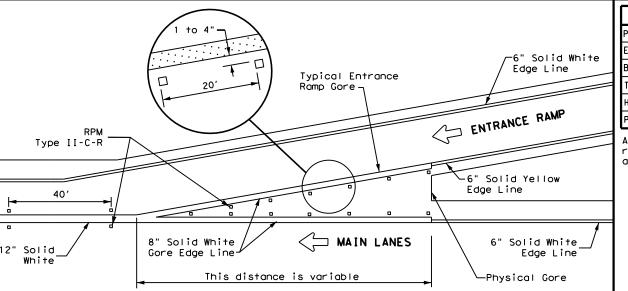
## EDGE LINE PAVEMENT MARKINGS



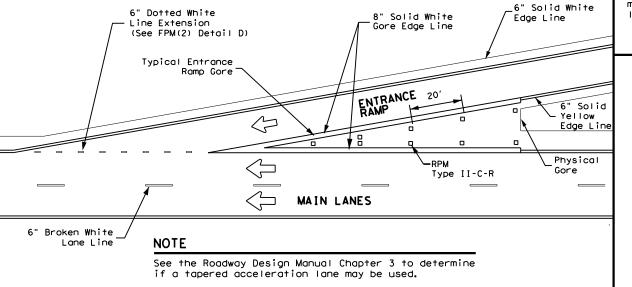
### NOTES

- 1. Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type-II-C-R in the wrong way arrow shall have the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward the wrong way traffic.
- 2. Red reflectorized wrong way arrows, not to exceed two, may be placed on exit ramps. Locations of the arrows shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

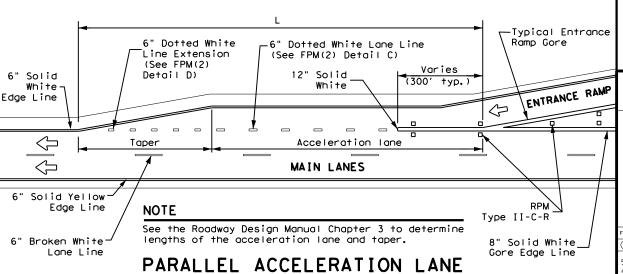
## WRONG WAY ARROW



## TYPICAL ENTRANCE RAMP GORE MARKING

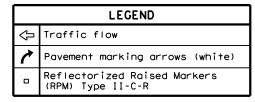


## TAPERED ACCELERATION LANE



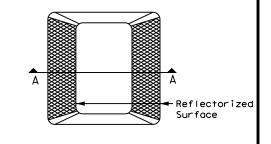
#### MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED) DMS-4200 EPOXY AND ADHESIVES DMS-6100 BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS DMS-6130 TRAFFIC PAINT DMS-8200 HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC DMS-8220 PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

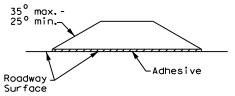


#### GENERAL NOTE

On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers shall be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.



#### Type II (Top View)



## SECTION A

REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)

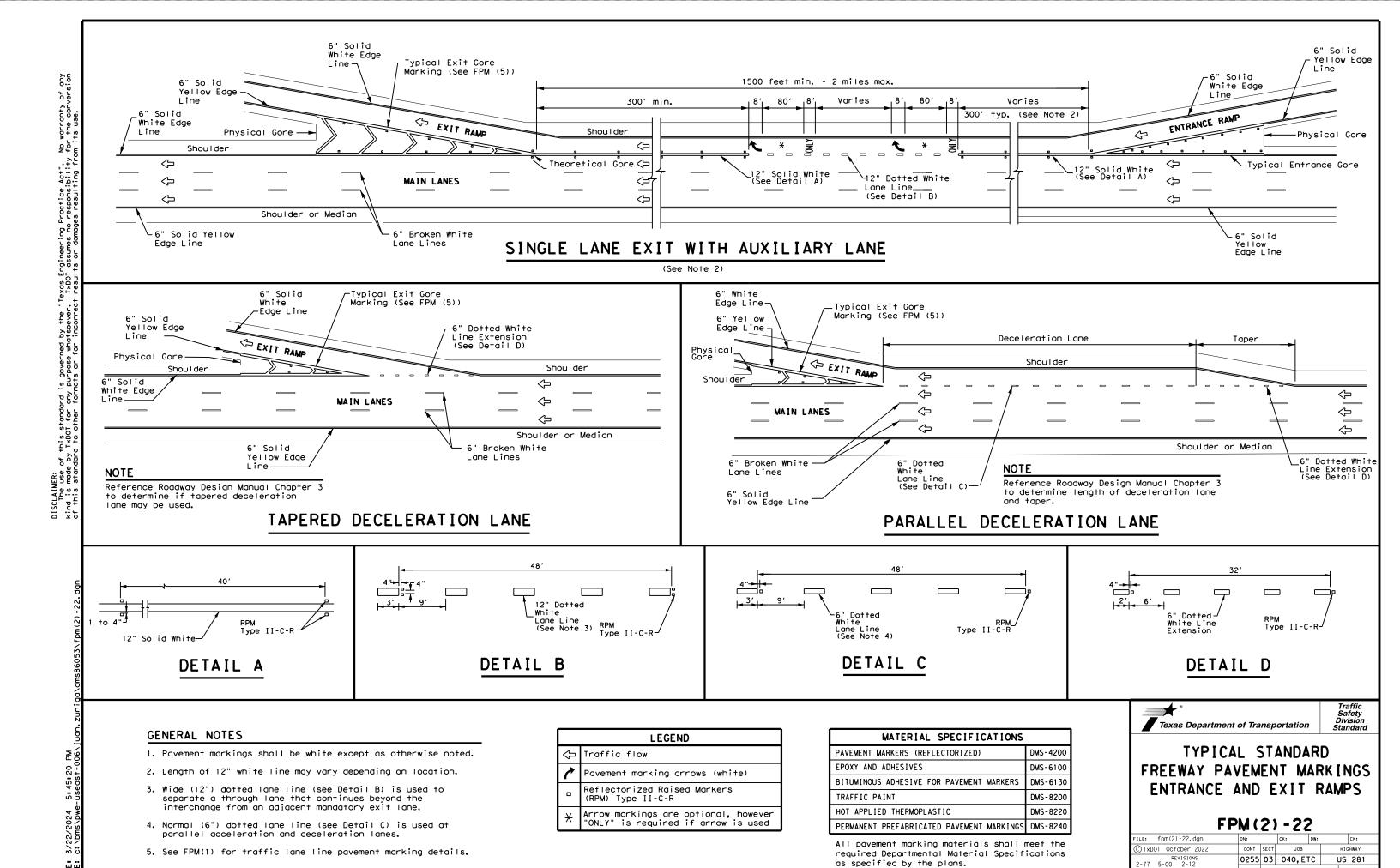


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

FILE: fpm(1)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 5-74 8-00 2-12	0255	03	040, E1	C	US 281
4-92 2-08 10-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
5-00 2-10	PHR		BROOK	.S	58

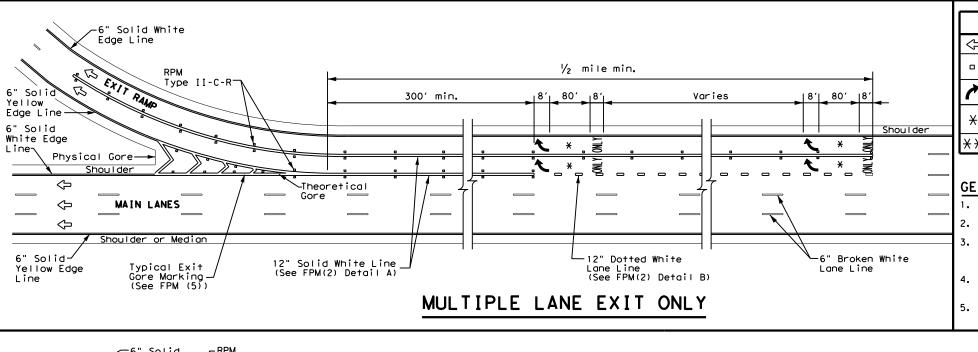
FPM(1)-22



4-92 8-00 10-22 8-95 2-10

BROOKS

59



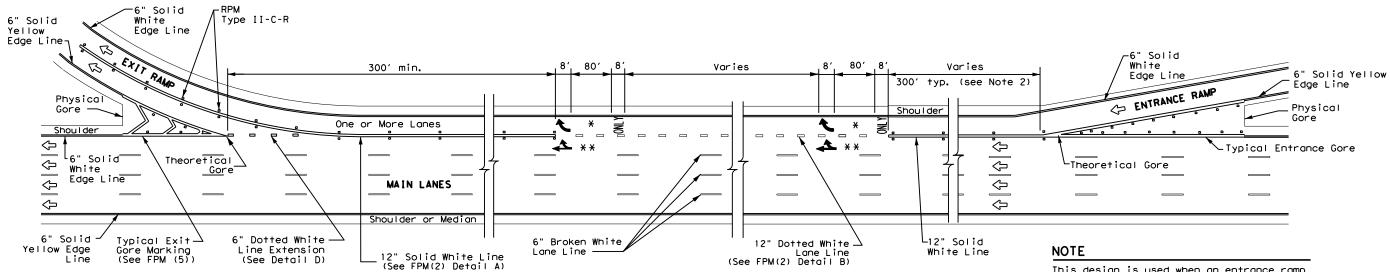
	LEGEND						
Ŷ	Traffic Flow						
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R						
7	Pavement marking arrow (white)						
*	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used						
<del>*</del> <del>*</del>	Arrow markings are optional						

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	5
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

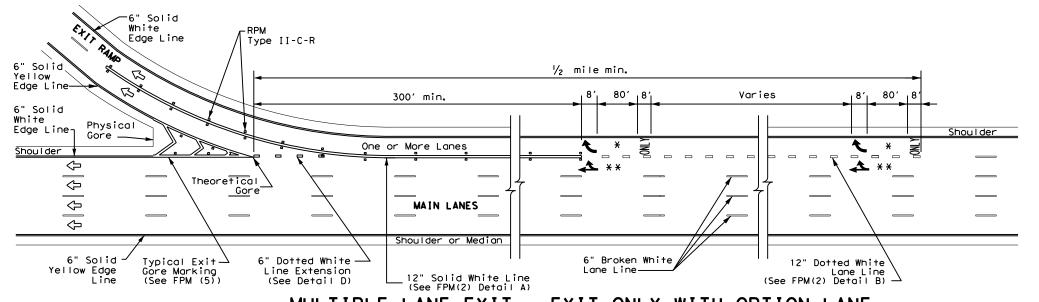
#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- Wide (12") dotted lane line (see FPM(2) Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of frontage roads.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.



## SINGLE LANE ENTRANCE WITH MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

This design is used when an entrance ramp is followed by a dual lane exit ramp within 2400' downstream (theoretical gore to theoretical gore).





Traffic Safety Division Standard

TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
MULTIPLE LANE DROP (EXIT)
DETAILS
FPM(4)-22

FILE: fpm(4)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-77 2-10	0255	03	040, E1	C	US 281
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 10-22	PHR BROOKS			S	60

MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

5: 07:

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

## SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

#### Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))

SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab, "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

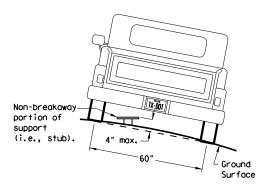
BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

## REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



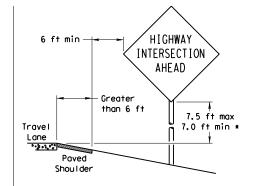
To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

**PAVED SHOULDERS** 

## HIGHWAY INTERSECTION AHEAD - 0 to 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min Lane Paved Shou I der

#### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



SIGN LOCATION

#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I dei

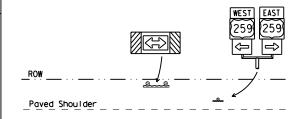
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

← 6 ft min –

7.5 ft max

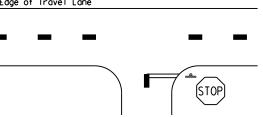
7.0 ft min \*



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



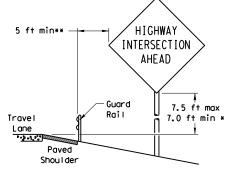
- \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL

2 ft min\*\* INTERSECTION AHEAD 7.5 ft max Concrete Travel 7.0 ft min : Borrier Paved Shoul der BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min, is not possible.)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

\*\*Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

Maximum

possible

Travel

Lane

1.3.50

factors.

## TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

7 ft.

diameter

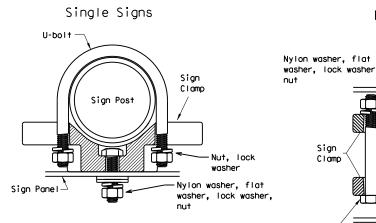
circle

Clamp

Nylon washer, flat

washer, lock washer,

Clamp Bolt



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp the universal clamp.

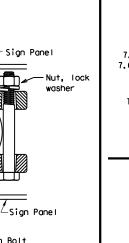
Not Acceptable

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Not Acceptable



	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

└ Sign Bolt

Acceptable

diameter

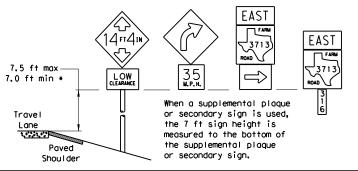
Back-to-Back

Signs

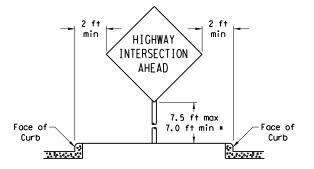
Sign Post

circle

#### SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



## CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



#### Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



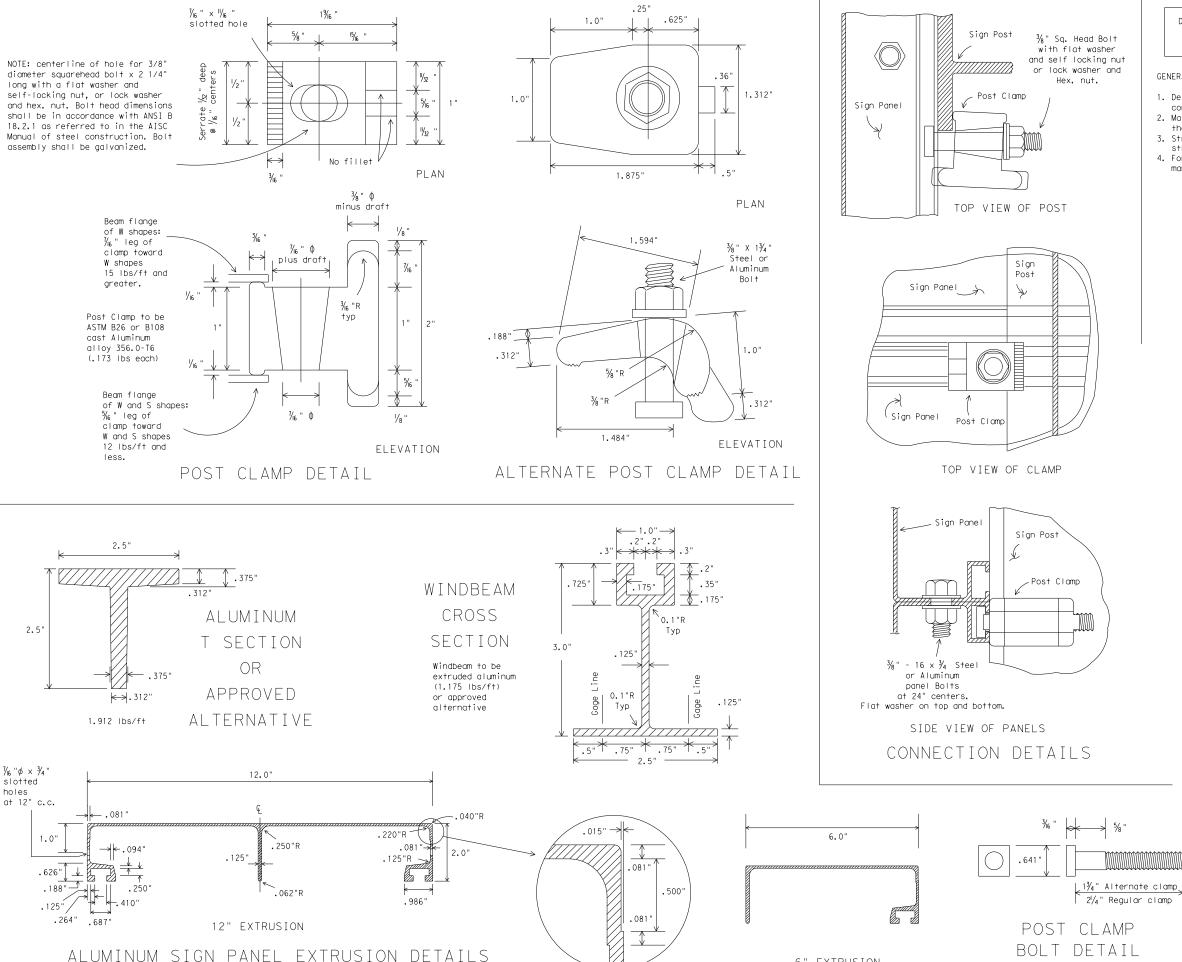
## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

© T×DOT July 2002	DN: TXD	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY	
	0255	03	040,ETC		US	US 281	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PHR		BROOKS			61	

26A





6" EXTRUSION

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

SIGN HARDWARE

DMS-7120

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms with AASHTO Specifications for the design and construction of structural supports for highway signs.

2. Materials and fabrication shall conform to the requirements of the Department material specifications.

3. Structural steel shall be "low-alloy steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures."

4. For fiberglass substrate connection details, see manufacturer's recommendations.

Traffic Operations Division

Texas Department of Transportation

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS-EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS & HARDWARE

SMD(2-1)-08

© TxD0T 2001		DN: TXC	тоот	CK: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT CK: TXDOT	
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB HIGHWAY			HWAY	
		0255	03	040,ET0	US	US 281		
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		PHR		BROOK	S		62	
274		•						

hex. nut, and 3

BASE CONNECTION:

tiahten.

center punch.

washers with each

bolt. See table for

bolt dia. and torque.

See bolting procedure.

BOLTING PROCEDURE FOR ASSEMBLY OF

KEEPER PLATE and stub post with bolts and three flat washers per bolt as shown.

3. Tighten all bolts the maximum

possible with a 12 to 15 inch

wrench to clean bolt threads and to bed washers and shims. 4. Loosen each bolt in sequence and retighten bolts in a systematic order to the prescribed torque. Do not over-

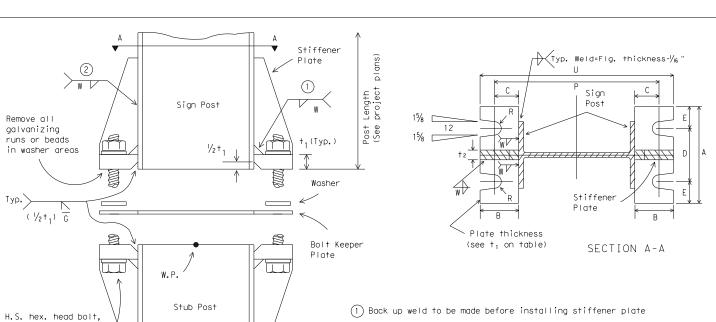
1. Assemble sign post, BOLT

2. Shim as required to plumb

5. To prevent nut loosening, burr threads of bolt at

junction with nut using a

ELEVATION



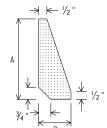
(2) Weld W may be continued across clips to seal joint

SIGN POST AND STUB POST

(For W Shapes)

H= Bolt dia. + 1/8 BOLT KEEPER PLATE

30 Ga galv. sheet steel



## STIFFENER PLATE DETAIL

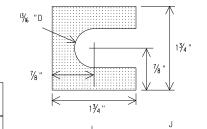
Steel Plate (thickness = + 2) (See table for dimensions)

Stub Post Stub projection length, measured from height of W.P. (see table -  $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ ") Stub Post Length ( measured from heig of W.P. Finished Reinforcing bar, #2 plain spiral, 6" pitch 8 required Three flat turns top and (see V on Drilled shaft one flat turn bottom #2 plain spiral table for size) see sheet SMD(8W2) PLAN

ELEVATION

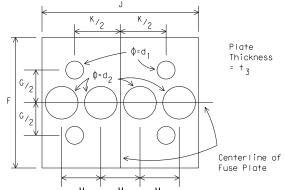
## FOUNDATION DETAIL

\*Note: For signs with electrical apparatus, see ED(10) for conduit required in founation.



SHIM DETAIL

Furnish two .012"+ thick and two .032"+ thick shims per post. Shims shall be fabricated from brass shim stock or strip conforming to ASTM B36.



## PERFORATED FUSE PLATE DETAIL

Use H.S. hex head bolts, hex head nut and bevel or flat washer (where reg'd) under nut. All holes shall be drilled, sub-punched and reamed. All plate cuts shall preferably be saw cuts. However, flame cutting will be permitted provided all edges are ground. Metal projecting beyond the plane of the plate face will not be permitted. Steel fuse plates shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A36. ASTM A572 Grade 50 or ASTM A588 may be substituted for A36 at the option of the fabricator Mill test reports shall be submitted for Fuse Plates. Steel used shall have an ultimate tensile strength not to exceed 80 KSI. For alternative Fuse Plate contact Traffic Operations Division.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS-LARGE ROADSIDE SIGNS FOUNDATION & STUB

SMD(2-2)-08

0	TxDOT August 1995	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
4-98	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
9-08		0255	03	040,ET0	C .	U	S 281
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		PHR		BROOK	S		63
27B							

Dimensi	ons Base	e Con	nec:	t i or	n D	at c	Ι с	ab I	le	P€	erfo	orat	ed	Fus	e PI	ate	Do	ata	Tab	ole		t Kee Data		Four	ndati	on D	ata
Post Siz	Bolt Size e & Torque	АВ	С	D	E	†1	†2	W	R	F	G	J	K	М	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	+3	Bolt Dia.	Wt. (ea.) (lbs.)	Bolt length	Р	S	U	Stub Tength	Stub projection	Dr. Shaft diameter	Bar V Size
W6×9	5/8 "									41/4 "	2"	4"	2 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	1 "	9/16 ''	3/4 "		1/2 "			83/8 "		97/8"	2'-0"	3"		#5
W6x12	440-450	5" 2"	11/. 1	23/4"	11/- '	3/. "	1/_ "	17. "	/32 "	474	2	4	2/4	'	716	74	74	72	1.01	172	81/2 "	1 "	10"	2'-0"	3"		#5
W6x15	inch pounds 36-38		1/4	2/4	1'/8	/4	/2	/4	/32	5"	21/2 "	6"	31/2 "	11/2 "	II/ <sub>16</sub> ''	11/4 "	3/8 ''	5/8 "	2.51	2 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	8 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	1	10"	2'-6"	3"		#6
W8×18	foot pounds									5"	21/2 "	5l/4 "	2¾ "	11/4"	11/16 "	11/16 "	3/8 "	5/8 "	2.26	2 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	105/8"		12 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>8</sub> "	2'-6"	3"	24"	#7
W8×21	3/4" \phi \times 3!/2"									5l/ <sub>2</sub> "	21/2 "	5 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	23/4 "	11/4"	13/16 "	1 "	1/2 "	3/4 "	3.35	2 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	11"		123/4"	3′-0"	21/2 "	24	#8
W10x22	740-750 inch pounds	6"21/.	13/6	1 31/2 "	11/.	1 "	3/, "	5/"	13/32 "	6"	3"	53/4"	23/4 "	13%"	13/ "	11/8 "	1/2"	3/. "	1 03	21/4"	12% "	11/- "	1 45/8 "		21/2 "		#9
W10×26	inch pounds 62–63	0 2/4	1 /8	3/2	1/4	'	/4	/16	/ 52		,	3/4	2/4			1/8	/2			2/4	1 31/8 "	1/2	141//8"	3′-0"	21/2 "		#10
W12x26	foot pounds									6"	3"	6 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	31/2 "	15/8 "	13/16 "	1 1/6 "	1/2 "	3/4 "	4.47	2 <sup>l</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	15"		16¾ "	3′-0"	21/2 "		#11
S3x5.7 S4x7.7	1/2" \$\phi \times 2 /2" 440-450 inch pounds 36-38 foot pounds		see	Det	ail	В	elo	WC		33/4"	11/2"	25/8 "	11/2 "	5/8 "	% "	3/8 "	/4 "	<sub>1/2</sub> "	0.60	11/2"		Deto		3′-31/2"	31/2 "	12"	Non- reinforced

DETAIL

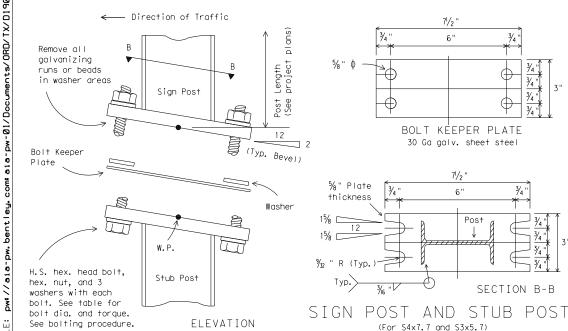
(3) Foundation design shall be Type G Mount, see SMD (TY G).

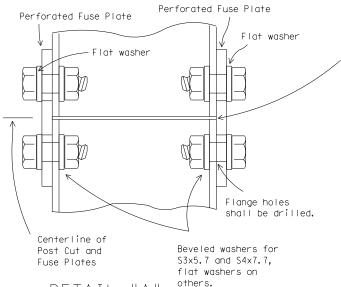
Parts shall be saw cut either before

cleaned of zinc build-up, or saw cut

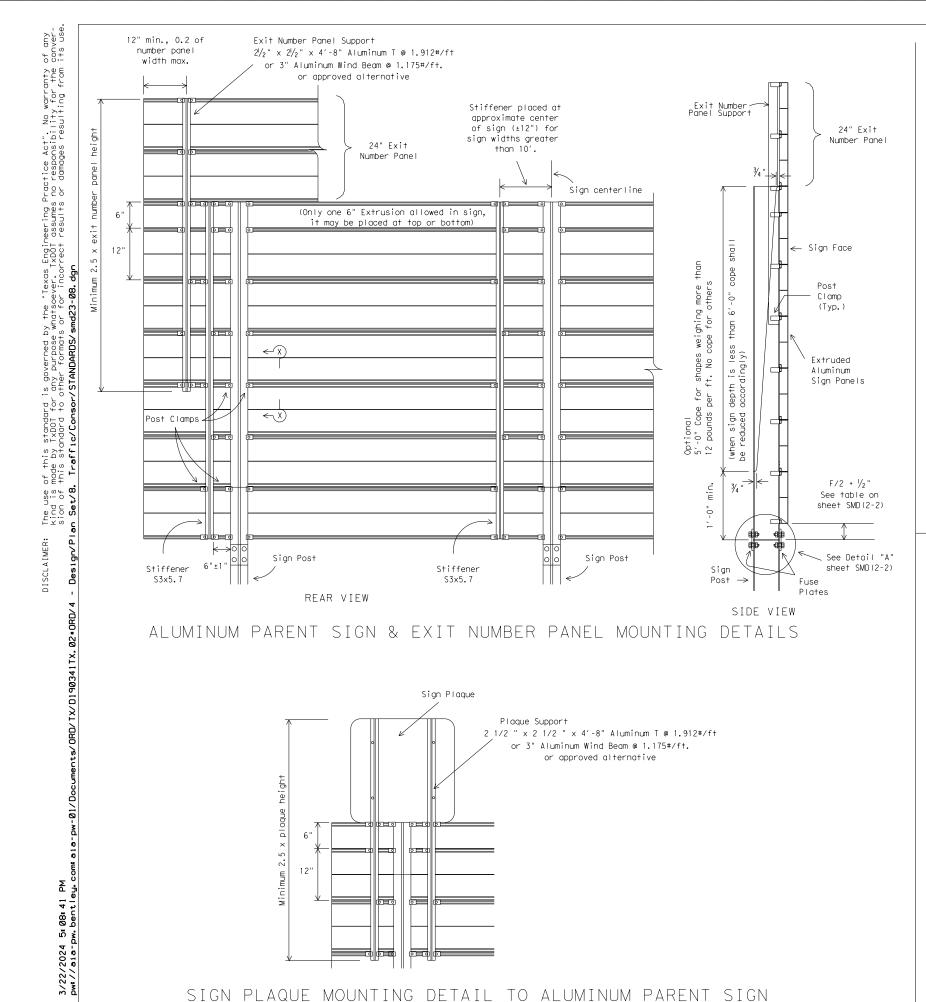
after galvanizing and the cut surface

galvanizing and the galvanized cut





repaired per Item 445, "Galvanizing.



20' or 30' or more desirable. May be reduced dependmore ing on cross section. desirable viewing conditions and 645 other related factors. **texas** 357 Ft Worth >V ٩ Traveled .2W . . . . . .15W .35W . 35W .15W , œ Middle Post required for sign Types 130, 230 and 330 Series

## TYPICAL SIGN INSTALLATION AND LOCATION

#### LATERAL CLEARANCE NOTES:

Lateral clearances of signs mounted on median side of main lanes are the same as shown above where space will permit.

Where a sign is to be located behind guardrail, an allowable minimum clearance of five feet may be used, measured from the face of the guardrail to the near edge of sign.

 $\mbox{$\frac{1}{2}$}$  - 6' minimum and desirable may be used only in areas of limited lateral clearance and when approved by the Engineer.

#### POST SPACING NOTES:

Post spacing on a two post sign may vary a maximum of plus or minus 10% of total sign width to fit field conditions.

Post spacing on a three post sign may vary a maximum of plus or minus 5% of total sign width to fit field conditions.

#### SIGN HEIGHT NOTES:

\*\* The 8′6" maximum may be exceeded when placing signs on extreme slopes. In these conditions, a 7′ minimum from natural ground to bottom of sign must be maintained.

### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS SIGN HARDWARE DMS-7110 DMS-7120

#### GENERAL NOTES:

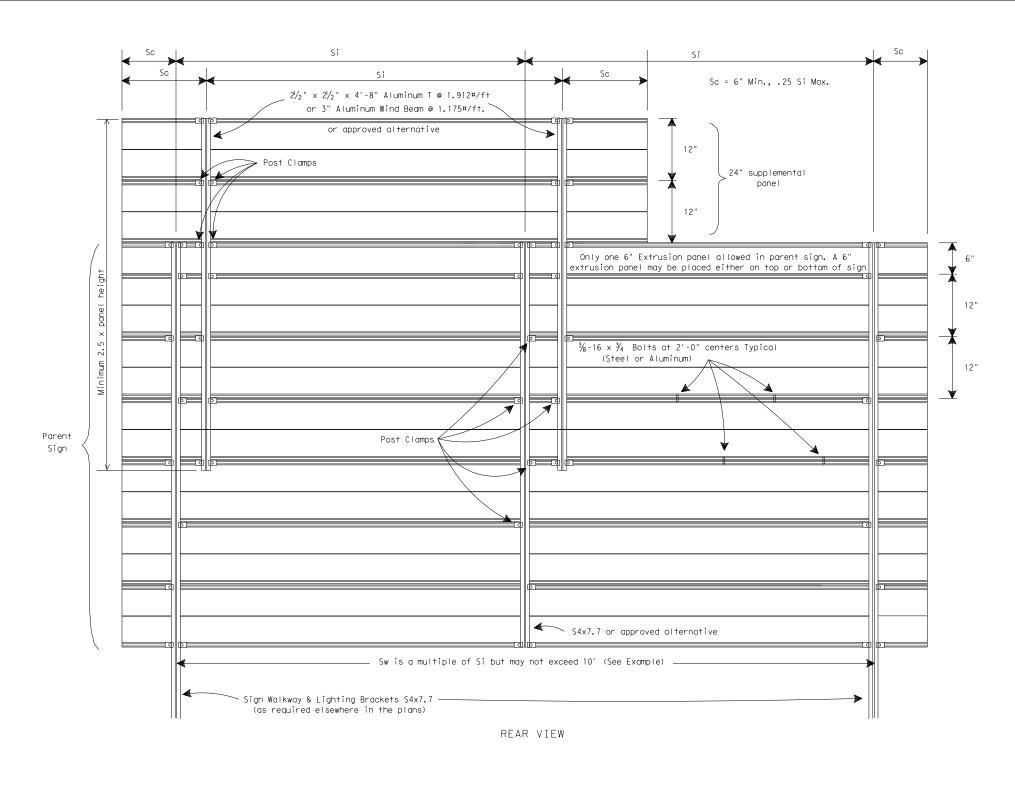
- 1. Exit number panel shall be mounted to the right hand side of the parent sign for right exits and to the left hand side for left exits. The number panel shall be mounted with two uprights so its right edge is even with the right edge of the parent sign or vice-versa for left hand exits.
- 2. Exit number panel support shall be symmetrical about number panel centerline.
- Exit number panel support shall be ASTM A36 structural steel galvanized after fabrication, or ASTM B221 aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or approved alternative.
- 4. All bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized per ASTM Designation: B695 Class 50, or A153 Class C or D.
- 5. Posts, parent sign panels, and exit number panels shall comply with notes on sheets SMD(2-1) and SMD(2-2).
- Signs (such as exit number panels) attached above a parent sign shall be made of the same type material as the parent sign. General Service and Routing signs may be fabricated from flat sheet aluminum.
- 7. Exit number panel support and other connection hardware required to fasten exit number panel to parent sign shall be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs."
- For fiberglass sign installation details, see manufacturer's recommendations.



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS-LARGE ROADSIDE SIGNS

SMD(2-3)-08

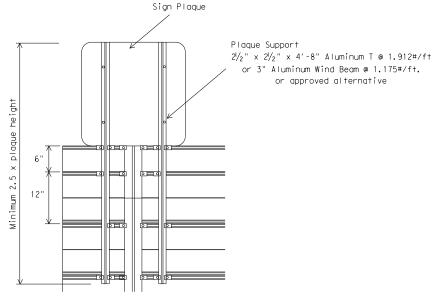
© TxDOT August 1995	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT		
0-08	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
	0255	03	040,ET0	2	US 281			
	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
	PHR		BROOK	S		64		



#### EXAMPLES (FOR DETERMINING Si and Sw)

			LO NON DE	I ELMAITIATIA	0 31 (	JII G 511	′
NO.	ZONE	"d"	EXIT PANEL	WALKWAY	Si	Sw	COMMENT
1	1	15.0	YES	YES	4.5	9.0	Sw=2x(Si)
2	2	14.0	YES	NO	7.5	7.5	Sw = Si
3	1	15.0	NO	NO	8.5	8.5	Sw = Si
4	3	14.0	NO	YES	10.0	10.0	Sw = Si

Values shown for Si are maximum values. Si may be varied for different sign lengths and Truss mounting conditions. Sw should not exceed two times Si(Max.) or 10 feet.



SIGN PLAQUE MOUNTING DETAIL

	MA	ΧIΜ	UM	SIG	N SL	IPPC	RT	SPA	CINO	3 " 5	Si"	(F	EET)			
"d"	EXTRUDED ALUMINUM SIGN PANELS															
Deepest		WITH	H EX	IT N	JMBER	PANE	ELS		1	VITH	TUC	EXIT	NUMBE	R P	ANEL:	S
Sign in	WIT	WITH WALKWAYS   WITHOUT WALKWAYS   WITH WALKWAYS   WITHOUT WALKWAYS														
Group		WIND ZONE   WIND ZONE   WIND ZONE   WIND ZONE								NE						
(F†.)	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
15	4.5	7	8	10	5	7	8	10	7	8	9	10	8.5	10	10	10
14	6	7.5	9.5	10	6	7.5	9.5	10	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
13	7.5	9	10	10	7.5	9	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
12	8.5	10	10	10	8.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
11 or less	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

For fiberglass sign installations, see manufacturer's recommendations.

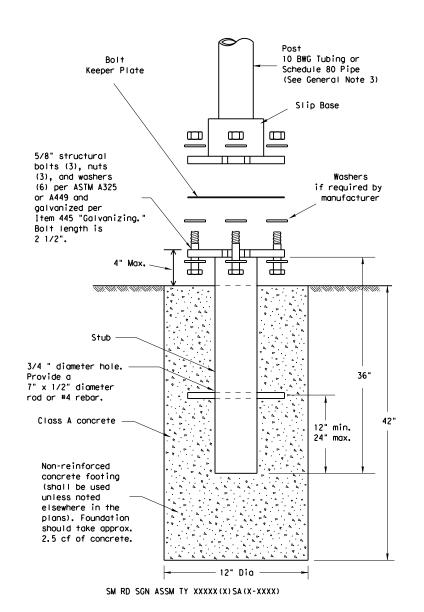


## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS-OVERHEAD SIGNS EXTRUDED ALUMINUM

SMD (2-4)-08

© TxDOT December 1995	DN: TXC	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
0-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY	
	0255	03	040,ET0	2	US 281		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PHR		BROOK	S		65	

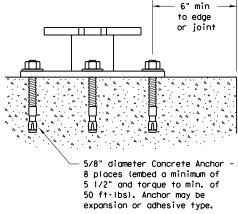
### TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

### CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, boits and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor. when installed in 4000 psi normal weight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"
Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

- 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:
  - http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm
- 4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable. motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

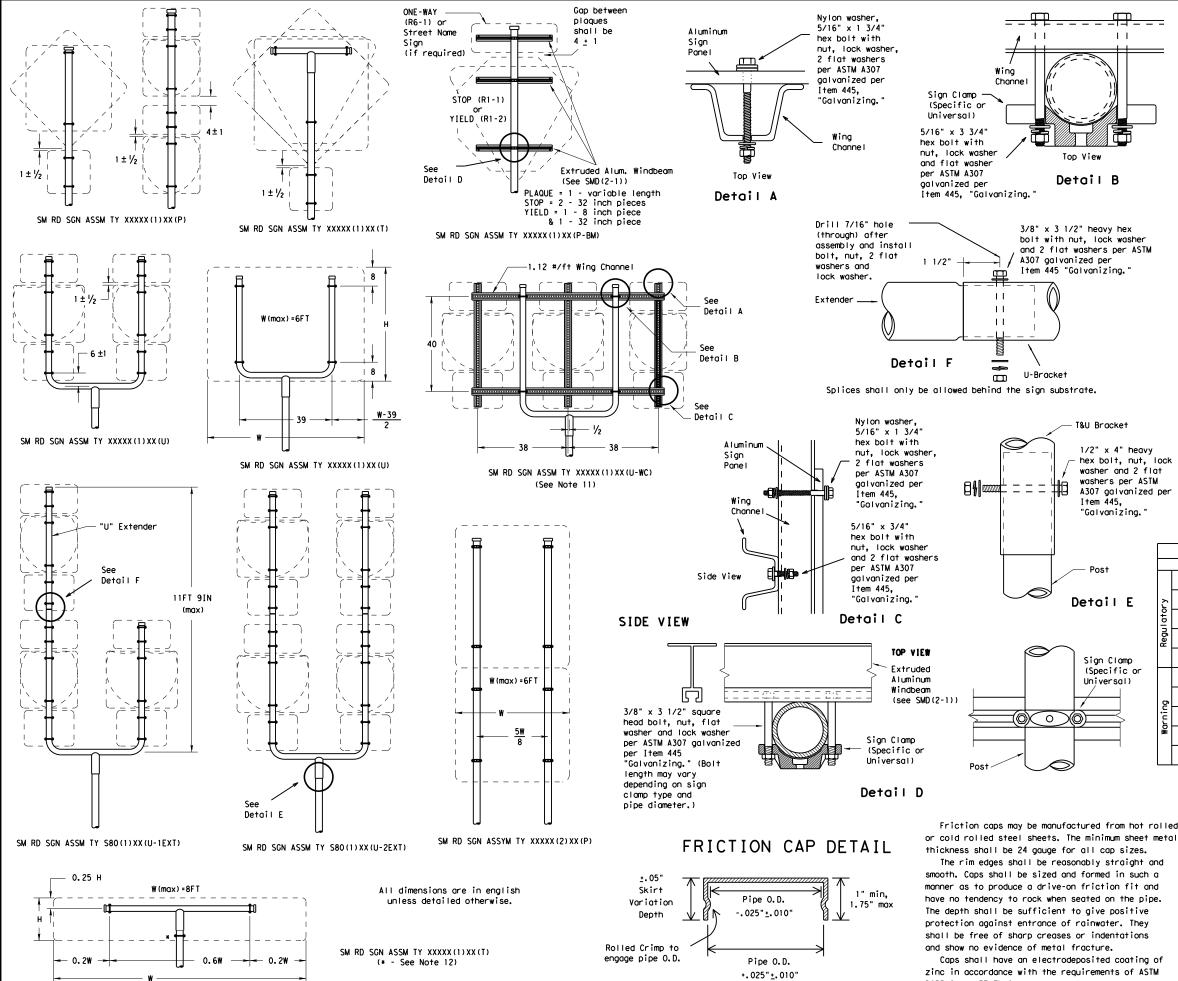
SMD (SLIP-1)-08

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXE	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HIGHWAY	
	0255 03 040,ETC			US 281		281	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PHR	BROOKS				66	





5: 09: W. ben



## GENERAL NOTES:

1.1

Top View

3/8" x 3 1/2" heavy hex

Item 445 "Galvanizing."

/ A307 galvanized per

U-Bracket

bolt with nut, lock washer

and 2 flat washers per ASTM

T&U Bracket

Item 445.

Detail E

Sign Clamp

Universal)

(Specific or

"Galvanizing.

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

washer and 2 flat

washers per ASTM

A307 galvanized per

Detail B

Wina

1.1

1.1

1.1

8

Channel

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.

Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.

7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

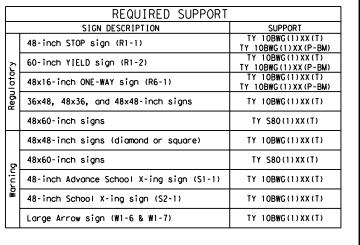
 Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SLIP-2) -08

(C) Tx[	00T July 2002	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT		
9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	HIGHWAY		
			03	040,ET	0	US 281			
		DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
		PHR		BROOK	S		67		

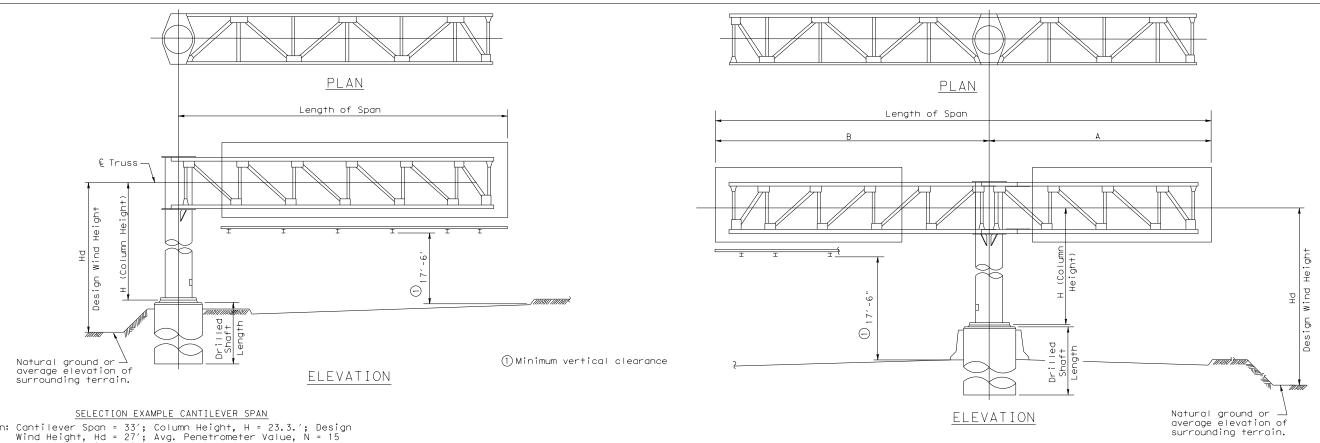
and show no evidence of metal fracture. Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

0

Friction caps may be manufactured from hot rolled

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and





- Given: Cantilever Span = 33'; Column Height, H = 23.3.'; Design Wind Height, Hd = 27'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 15 (clay type soil); Hill County
- Step 1: Select applicable COSS standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet (WV & IZ-96) determine that Hill County is in Zone 4 (70 mph) and is above the ice line. Since Design Wind Height is less than 30', use standard COSS-Z4 & Z4I. If Design Wind Height is more than 30', use COSS-Z3 & Z3I. NOTE: In Zone 1 if Design Wind Height is greater than 30' use HCOSS-Z1.
- Step 2: Determine tower details from COSS-Z4 & Z4I. Use column height to nearest tabulated value' i.e., 23'. Round span length up to the nearest tabulated value, i.e., 35'. Tower details are: Tower details dre: Tower pipe 24" Dia with min. wall thickness = 0.312" Base plate 33  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia x 1  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Anchor bolts 8~1  $\frac{3}{4}$ " Dia on 29  $\frac{3}{8}$ " bolt circle Horizontal deflection of tower at £ truss = 0.889". During installation, double nuts at base plate may be used to plumb tower to compensate for horizontal deflection.

  Design Moment = 244 Kip-ft Design Torsion = 162 Kip-ft
- Step 3: Determine truss details from COSS-Z4 & Z4I.

  Read from small table at bottom of sheet for span = 35'. Read from small table at bottom of sheet for span = 35'. Truss design width, W and depth, D = 4.0'x 4.0'x . Chord L 3 x 3 x  $\frac{7}{6}$  (HYC) with 6 bolt connection at tower D.L. Diag. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{7}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W. L. Diag. L 3 x 3 x  $\frac{7}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection D. L. Vert. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{7}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W. L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{7}{6}$  (HYC) with 1 bolt connection Bolts are  $\frac{5}{6}$ " Dia high strength with 5~ $\frac{7}{4}$ " Dia bolt alternate for chord connection at tower. D.L. of truss = 50 bt/ft D.L. of truss = 50 lb/ftTruss deflection at free end = 3.2". The fabricator shall compensate for this deflection by offsetting bolt holes between the upper and lower chords at the truss-to-tower connection.
- Step 4: Determine foundation details. Use standard COSSF. From COSSF with 24" Dia pipe and 1 3/4" Dia anchor bolts:
  Anchor Bolts 1 3/4" Dia x 3'-10"
  Drilled Shaft Dia 42" Drilled Shaft Dia Vertical Reinforcing 12 ~ #10 bars

  Spiral C = #4 at 6" pitch Grade 60.

  Misc. handhole, base plate, anchor bolt, and foundation details are shown on COSSF.
- Step 5: Determine drilled shaft length from COSS-FD.

  Enter the appropriate graph (for 42" Dia drilled shaft in clay soil) from the bottom with N = 15. Proceed upward interpolating moment curves (solid lines) to locate 244 Kip-ft. Project to the left side of the graph to determine the required embedment length, i.e., 12'. Repeat the procedure for torsion curves (dashed lines) to locate 162 Kip-ft. The embedment length required to satisfy torsion is 14'. Add 3'-0" to the longer length to obtain a required drilled shaft length of 17'.

Given: Short span, A = 9'; Long Span, B = 25'; Total Cantilever Span = 34'; Column Height, H = 24'; Design Wind Height, Hd = 26'; Avg. Penetrometer Value, N = 20 (clay type soil);

SELECTION EXAMPLE DOUBLE CANTILEVER SPAN

Step 1: Select applicable COSS standard. From Wind Velocity and Ice Zone sheet determine that Wheeler County is in Zone 2 (90 mph) and is above the ice line. Since Design Wind Height is less than 30' use standard COSS-Z2I. If Design Wind Height is more than 30', use HCOSS-71.

Wheeler County.

- Step 2: Determine tower details from COSS-Z2I.

  Use column height = 24'. Round total span length up to the next longer tabulated length span, i.e., 35'. If total span length is greater than 40', a special design would be required. Tower details are: Tower derials drest form of the state of th to plumb tower and compensate for horizontal deflection.

  Design Moment = 403 Kip-ft (use total span = 35')

  Design Torsion = 136 Kip-ft (use long span = 25')
- Step 3: Determine truss details from COSS-Z2I. Read from small table at bottom of sheet 2 of 2 for Span A = (use 10'):

splice to achieve the required offset.

9' (use 10'):
Chord L 3 x 3 x  $\frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 3 bolt connection at splice D.L. Diag. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{4}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Diag. L 3 x 3 x  $\frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection D.L. Vert. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{4}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Strut. L 2 x 2 x  $\frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 1 bolt connection Bolts are  $\frac{5}{6}$ " Dia high strength.
D.L. of truss = 42 lb/ft. Span B = 25': Span B = 25:
Chord L  $3 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{4}$  (HYC) with 4 bolt connection at tower D.L. Diag. L  $2 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Diag. L  $3 \times 3 \times \frac{3}{4}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection D.L. Vert. L  $2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 2 bolt connection W.L. Strut. L  $2 \times 2 \times \frac{3}{6}$  (HYC) with 1 bolt connection Bolts are  $\frac{1}{8}$ " Dia high strength with  $3 \sim \frac{3}{4}$ " Dia bolt alternate for chord connection at tower. D.L. of truss = 47 lb/ft.

Truss defl. at free end = 0.2" for Span A, = 1.3" for Span B.

The fabricator shall compensate for deflections by offsetting bolt holes between upper and lower chords at splice and at truss-to-tower connection. Top chord shall be shortened between the tower and the

- Step 4: Determine foundation details. Use standard COSSF.
  From COSSF with 30" Dia pipe and 2" Dia anchor bolts:
  Anchor bolts 2" Dia x 4'-3"
  Drilled shaft Dia 54" Vertical Reinforcing 18 ~ #10 bars Spiral C = #4 at 6" pitch Grade 60 Misc. handhole, base plate, anchor bolt, and foundation details are shown on COSSF.
- Step 5: Determine drilled shaft length from COSS-FD. Enter the appropriate graph (for 54" Dia drilled shaft in clay type soil) from the bottom with N = 20. Proceed upward interpolating moment curves (solid lines) to locate 403 Kip-ft. Project to the left side of graph to determine required embedment length, i.e., 13'. Repeat the procedure for the torsion curves (dashed lines) to locate 136 Kip-ft. Embedment length required to satisfy torsion is 9'. Add 3' to the longer length to obtain required drilled shaft length



# CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS SELECTION EXAMPLES

COSS-SE

			<u> </u>	_ \		
C)TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
	0255	03	040, ET	С	US	281
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		BROOK	S		69

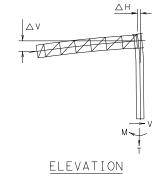
The	USE	e of	+	s stc	andar	۰- ۲	s go	verne	d by	+ + Pe	Ĭ.,	exas	Engi	neer ir	P.	ract	The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any	Ţ.	No wc	ırran	ty 0	f and	_	
 	 D	S ma	de b)	کر م	70T	for	any	purpo	» es	hats	soeve	er.	TxD01	. assur	nes 1	00	kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conver-		.+y	for +	he c	onver	į.	
·s	n of	f th	-S S	tando	ord.	to 0	ther	form	id+s	or f	o.	incor	rrect	resu.	9+1	or o	sion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	resi	1.11	ng fr	- HO	+s ⊓8	se.	
2	e+/8	8.	Irafi	fic/	Cons	Sor/	STAP	NDARD	S/cc	-880	-4Z	z4:-	10-5	on Set/8. Troffic/Consor/STANDARDS/coss-z4-z4i-10-STDS65.DGN	DG.	z								

3/22/2024 5:11:04 PM pw://aia-pw.bentley.com:aia-pw-01/Documents/ORD/TX/D190341TX.02\*ORD/4

ZONE 4	WITH AND	WITHOUT	ICE	70 MPH WIND

ANCHOR BOLTS  SIZE DIA NO. CIR DIA 1 1/4 6 20 1/2	(in) (in:	SHEAR TORSION T		DEFL SIZE	ANCHOR BOLTS	15' SPAN BAS PLA	E TOUGE	DESIGN L	OADS	TOWER RIPE	ANCH		SPAN					ANCHOR	25' SPAN BASE		~ F
BOLTS SIZE BOLT DIA NO. CIR	PLATE TRUS  SIZE DEFL  AV  (in) (in)	SHEAR TORSION T		DEFL SIZE	BOLTS	PLA.	TE TRUSS	DESIGN L	OADS	TOWER DIRE	ANCE	40B	DACE			I		ANCHOR	BASE		~ ⊢
DIA NO. CIR	(in) (in)	V   T	MOMENT O. [	」」 共 、 DEFL SIZE	D/					TOWER PIPE	BOL	TS	BASE PLATE	TRUSS	DESIGN LO	DADS	TOWER PIPE	BOLTS	PLATE	TRUSS DES	IGN LOADS HORE
1 1/4 6 20 1/2		/ ICK LDS JCK = T T J	(K-f+)	OF DIA (in) (in)	NO. C	[R   312	\( \sim \text{V} \)	SHEAR TORSION V T (Kips)(K-f+)	M	WALL (in) HO DELL	SIZE DIA NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	△ V   \	AR TORSION T ps)(K-f+)	м [		SIZE BC	R   SIZE		ORSION MOMENT   产出 T M K-ft) (K-ft) (ft)
/ 1   - / 2	o"  24 × 1 1/4 0.2	· ·	38.53 16	5 0.250 0.234 1 3/g	6 20	3/4"241/2×		4.13 28.76		0.250 0.419	1 3/4 6	21 1/2 "	26 × 1 ¾		59 52.67	83.06 20	0.250 0.333	1 3/8 8 24	3/4" 281/2× 1 3/	8 1.4 7.00 8	32.44 107.23 14
A   A   A	1 1 1	2.76	41.23	1 0.268 1	1		11/4 0.6		63.62	0.250 0.481	A A	1 / 2	A / 1	1.4 5.		88.34	0.382	<del>\(\)</del>	/ - / /	1.5 7.02	113.64 15′
																					120.14 16′
			46.68	0.345 1 3/8	20				71.67								0.491	$\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$		1.7 7.05	126.71 17'
		2.80	49.43	0.386 1 1/2	2				75.74	≬ 0.615						104.44	0.550	1 3/8 24	3/4" 281/2×13/	1.7 7.07	133.34 18′
		2.81	52.20	0.431					79.83	v 0.685			v	1.5 5.	66	109.88	0.613	1 1/2 25	5" 29 × 1 1/	1.8 7.08	140.03 19'
		2.83	54.99	0.477		٨	0.7	4.21	83.94	0.281 0.759			26 × 1 ¾	1.6 5.	67	115.36	v 0.679	A     A	A	1.9 7.10	146.77 20'
	V	2.84	57.79	0.526	V	V	0.8	4.22	88.08	0.310 0.759			26 × 2	1.5 5.	68	120.86	0.250 0.749		V	2.0 7.12	153.56 21'
	0.2	2.85	60.61	0.577	6	25 ×	11/2 0.8	4.23	92.23	0.834	l v		Λ	1.6 5.	70	126.40	0.281 0.735		29 × 1 ½	2 1 7.13	160.39 22'
	0.3	2.87	63.45	0.631	8	25 ×	1 1 % 0.9	4.25	96.40	0.911	6			1.7 5.	71	131.96	0.803	V     V	29 × 1 <sup>5</sup> /	7.15	167.26 23'
Y	V /	2.88	66.30	0.687	N .	٨	0.9	4.26	100.60	0.310 0.992	8			۸ 5.	77	138.12	V 0.874	1 1/2 25	5 '' A	y 7.16	174.17 24′
1 1/4 20 1/2	24 × 1 1/4	2.89	69.16	0.745			0.9	4.27	104.81	0.340 0.990	A			y 5.	73	143.15	0.281 0.949	1 3/4   25	3/8 " Y	2.0 7.18	181.12 25′
1 3/8 20 3/4	1"24½×1¾	2.90	72.04	0.806			1.0	4.29	109.03	0.340 1.071				1.7 5.	75	148.78	0.312 0.920	<u> </u>	29 × 1 <sup>5</sup> /	2.1 7.20	188.02 26′
<u> </u>	1 1	2.92	74.93	V 0.869				4.30	113.28	0.340 1.155				1.8 5.	76	154.43	0.992		29¾×1¾	7.21	195.03 27′
		2.93	77.84	0.250 0.935				4.31	117.54	0.375 1.139				1.7 5.	77	160.10	v 1.067				202.07 28′
¥	ų į	2.94	80.76	0.280 0.898				4.33	121.82	0.375 1.221				1.8 5.	79	165.79	0.312 1.145		29¾×1¾	2.1 7.24	209.14 29′
1 3/8 20 3/4	1"24½×13/8	2.96	83.69	A 0.961			l y	4.34	126.11	0.375 1.307				1 5.	80	171.49	0.344 1.119			2.2 7.26	216.23 30′
1 ½ ¥ 21"	25 × 1 1/2 V	2.97 V	86.64 V	1.026 V	\ \ \ \ \	/ /	1.0	4.35 V	130.42 ¥	0.410 1.297	V   V		Y	y 5.	81	177.22 v	0.344 1.194	<u> </u>	29¾× 2	2.2 7.28	223.35 31′
1 ½ 6 21"	25 × 1 ½ 0.3	2.98 12.39	89.61 16	5 0.280 1.094 1 ½	8 2	1"   25 ×	1 1/8 1.1	4.36 28.76	134.74 16	0.410 1.382	1 3/4 8	21 1/2 "	26 × 2	1.8 5.	83 52.67	182.97 20	0 0.344 1.273	1 3/4   8   25	% " 29¾× 2	2.2 7.29 8	32.44 230.50 32′
	1 3/8 20 3/2 1 3/8 20 3/2 1 3/8 20 3/2 1 1/2 y 21 "	0.3  y  y  1 1/4  20 1/2 " 24 × 1 1/4  1 3/8  20 3/4 " 241/2 × 1 3/6  y  1 3/8  20 3/4 " 241/2 × 1 3/8  1 1/2  y  21 " 25 × 11/2  y	2.77 2.79 2.80 2.81 2.83 2.83 2.84 0.2 2.85 0.3 2.87 4 4 20 ½ " 24 × 1¼ 2.89 1 ⅓ 20 ¾ " 24½×1¾ 2.90 1 ⅓ 20 ⅓ " 24½×1¾ 2.92 2.93 4 1 ⅓ 20 ⅓ " 24½×1¾ 2.92 2.93 4 1 ⅓ 20 ⅓ " 24½×1¾ 2.96 1 ½ 2 3 3 4 " 24½×1¾ 2.96 1 ½ 2 3 3 4 " 24½×1¾ 2.96 1 ½ 2 3 3 4 " 24½×1¾ 2.96 1 ½ 2 3 3 4 " 24½×1¾ 2.96	2.77	2.77	2.77	2.77			1					1			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

DSU2											ZON	VE 4	WI	TH /	AND	) /	NIT	HOL	JΤ	ICE		70 MPH	W	IND											
<u>۲</u>							30	' SPAN									35	' SPAN	V									40	)' SPAN						
÷	TOWER	TC	OWER	PIPE		OL T		BASE PLATE	TRUS	DE DE	ESIGN L	OADS	TOWER P	IPE		NCH BOL 1		BA: PLA	SE ATE	TRUSS	DESIG	N LOADS	Т	OWER P	IPE		NCH BOL 1		BASE PLAT	TRU	SS	DESIG	N LO	ADS	TOWER HEIGHT
<u>:</u>	产里 (f+)(	). D.	WALL	DEFL	SIZE DIA N	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE (in)	DEFL	V	T	MOMENT M (K-f+)	WALL THICK	DEFL △H (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZ (ir		$\triangle$ V	V	RSION MOMENT T M -f+) (K-f+)	0. D.	WALL THICK (in)	DEFL △H (in)	SIZE DIA (in)	NO.	BOLT CIR DIA	SIZE	Δ\	V	HEAR TOF	T	M	
?}				0.285	1 1/2	8	29"	33 × 1	_	<del></del>		-	24 0.250		_	8		" 333/4>			-	1.98 165.20	_				8		"39¾×	_	_	1.22 211			_
% -	15′	1	1	0.327	1 /2	Ĭ		1 1	1.6	_		141.90	A A	0.467	1 /4	Ĭ	1	33747	\ \ / 2	2.7	9.79	173.37	1	1	0.322	1 /4	۱ŭ	<del>33/8</del>	1 1		_	1.24	$\overline{}$	209.33	_
타	16′			0.372		$\top$			1.7	8.46		149.44		0.531				V	,	2.8	9.81	181.71			0.366					_	6 11		_	218.45	_
<u>-</u>	17′			0.420		T			1.8	8.48	1	157.10	0.250	0.599				333/4>	x 1 1/2	3.0	9.83	190.21			0.413		Ш			2.	7 1	1.29	$\Box$	227.79	17'
ક્રે	18′			0.471		Ħ			1.9	8.50	,	164.85	0.281	0.602							9.85	198.85		V	0.463					2.	8 1	1.32	$\top$	237.32	18′
ွှ	19′			0.524					2.0	8.52		172.68	1 1	0.671				1 1	\	3.0	9.87	207.61		0.250	0.516					2.	9 1	1.34		247.01	19'
]ڏ	20′			0.581	γ		٧	V	2.1	8.54		180.60		0.743				l v	/	3.1	9.89	216.48		0.281	0.510					2.	8 1 1	1.37		256.86	20′
_	21′			0.641	1 1/2	Ш	29"	33 × 1	_			188.59	V	0.820					_	3.2		225.46		٨	0.562					2.	9 1 1	1.39		266.86	21′
اذ	22′			0.703	1 3/4	Ш	29 3/8 '	133¾×1	_			196.65	0.281	0.900							9.93	234.52			0.617				Y	_	0 1		-	276.98	_
ξĹ	23′	$\perp$		0.768	1	4		33¾×1				204.76	0.312		<u> </u>		Y				9.95	243.67			0.675	<u> </u>	Ш	Y	39¾×		-	1.44	-	287.22	_
2	24′	$\perp \perp$		0.837				33¾×1				212.93	1	0.968	1 3/4			" 33¾>				252.90	-		0.735	1 3/4			" 39¾×		2 11		_	297.57	
×⊦	25′		<u> </u>	0.908		44		33¾×1				221.15		1.050	2		29 1/4	" 341/2	× 1 ½			262.20	Ш		0.797	2	Ш	35 1/4	" 40½×					308.01	
-	26′			0.982		$\perp$		33¾×1				229.42		1.136			1	1 1	١		10.00	271.57			0.862	1		1	40½×					318.55	
<u></u>	27′		0.28	1 0.949				33¾×1				237.74	0.312					\ \ \ \ \ \			10.02	280.99	-		0.930		$\perp \perp \mid$		40½×		_			329.18	
<u>~</u>	28′		1	1.021	¥ .		¥	33¾×1				246.10	0.340	1.200							10.04	290.48			1.000				40½×			1.56	-	339.89	_
ネ⊦	29′	++	+	1.095	1 3/4	$\rightarrow$		33¾×1	_			254.49	<b></b>	1.287				341/2>	× 2		10.06	300.02	Ш		1.073	-			1			1.58	-	350.68	_
Şŀ	30′	$\perp$		1.172	2			$\frac{34}{2} \times 1$				262.93		1.377		Ш		1 1	\		10.08	309.61	Ш		1.148	-	+		+	_	8 1		-	361.53	_
影	31'	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1.251	2			$34\frac{1}{2} \times 1$				271.41	Y Y	1.471	<u> </u>	H H	22 3/	W 7 4 1 1		3.8	10.10	319.25	<u>Y</u>	Y	1.226		1 1	7.5 3.	W 401/	_	_	1.63		372.46	
١	32′	24	0.28	1 1.333	2	8	29 1/4	$154\frac{1}{2} \times 1$	74 2.8	8.77	[[19 <b>.</b> 01	279.92	24 0.340	1.567	2	8	29 1/4	" 341/2>	× 2	3.9	JIO. 12/161	1.98 328.93	30	0.281	1.306	2	8	35 1/4	" 401/ <sub>2</sub> × '	74 4.	0 [1 1	1.68 211	1.94	584.26	32'



(SHOWING DESIGN LOADS AND DEAD LOAD DEFLECTIONS)

			TRUSS D	)ET	AILS					
SPAN	10', 15', & 20'		25′		30′		35′		40'	
$W \times D = WIDTH \times DEPTH$	4.0 x 4.0		4.0 × 4.0		4.0 × 4.0		4.0 x 4.0		4.0 x 4.0	
CHORD-1, Unless Otherwise Shown	L 3 × 3 × 3/6 ②	[4]	L 3 × 3 × 3/6 ②	[4]	L 3 x 3 x 1/4	[6]	L 3 × 3 × 1/ <sub>6</sub>	[6]	L 3 × 3 × 3/8	[9]
DEAD LOAD DIAGONAL-②	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[2]	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[2]	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[2]	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[2]	L2 1/2×2 1/2× 3/16	[3]
WIND LOAD DIAGONAL-②	L2 1/2×2 1/2× 3/6	[2]	L2 1/2×2 1/2× 3/16	[2]	L2 1/2×2 1/2× 3/16	[2]	L 3 × 3 × 3/ <sub>6</sub>	[2]	L 3 × 3 × 3/6	[2]
DEAD LOAD VERTICAL-②	L 2 × 2 × 3/6	[2]	L 2 × 2 × 3/6	[2]	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[2]	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[2]	L 2 × 2 × 3/6	[2]
WIND LOAD STRUT-②	L 2 x 2 x 3/6	[1]	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[1]	L 2 × 2 × 3/16	[1]	L 2 × 2 × 3/6	[1]	L 2 × 2 × 3/6	[1]
TRUSS DEAD LOAD	37 lb/ft		38 lb/f†		43 lb/ft		50 lb/ft		56 lb/ft	
SIZE H. S. BOLTS IN CONNECTION	5% " DIA		5% " DIA		5% " DIA		5⁄8 " DIA		5% " DIA	
NO. & SIZE OF H.S. BOLTS IN CHORD			4 ~ 5/8" DIA or		6 ~ 5/8" DIA	or	6 ~ 5/8" DIA	or	9 ~ 5%" DIA	or
ANGLE TO TOWER CONNECTION PLATE	4 ~ 5/8" DIA ea		3 ~ ¾" DIA ea		5 ~ 3/4" DIA	ea	5 ~ 3/4" DIA •	ea	7 ~ 3/4" DIA	ea

- ① "Low-Alloy Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".
- ② "Carbon Steel" for non-bridge structures per Item 442, "Metal For Structures".

#### GENERAL NOTES :

Design conforms to AASHTO 1994 Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto.

Steel for tower pipe shall conform to ASTM A53 Grade B or to ASTM A501. Tower pipe wall thickness shown is the minimum allowable. Fabricator may use the wall thickness shown or pipe of the same diameter with greater wall thickness. with greater wall thickness.

All connection bolts shall conform to Item 447,
"Structural Bolting". All structural steel, connection
bolts, nuts and washers shall be galvanized in accordance with the Specifications.

Compensate for truss deflection at free end by offsetting upper and lower bolt holes at truss-to-tower connection.

For truss details see standard drawing COSSD. For base and foundation details see standard drawing COSSF.

For cantilever truss lengths falling between those shown use sizes called for in the next longer span.

Truss and towers for cantilever sign supports are designed for the equivalent area of a 10'-0" deep sign panel over 100% of the span length. Design includes 3 pounds per foot squared for sign panel and 20 pounds per foot for lights and 50 pounds per foot for walkways all placed as specified for

the design sign panel.

Details called for hereon are applicable for Design Wind Heights up to 30' inclusive. Number of High Strength bolts required in truss connection or splice are indicated in brackets, e.g. [3], after the member size.

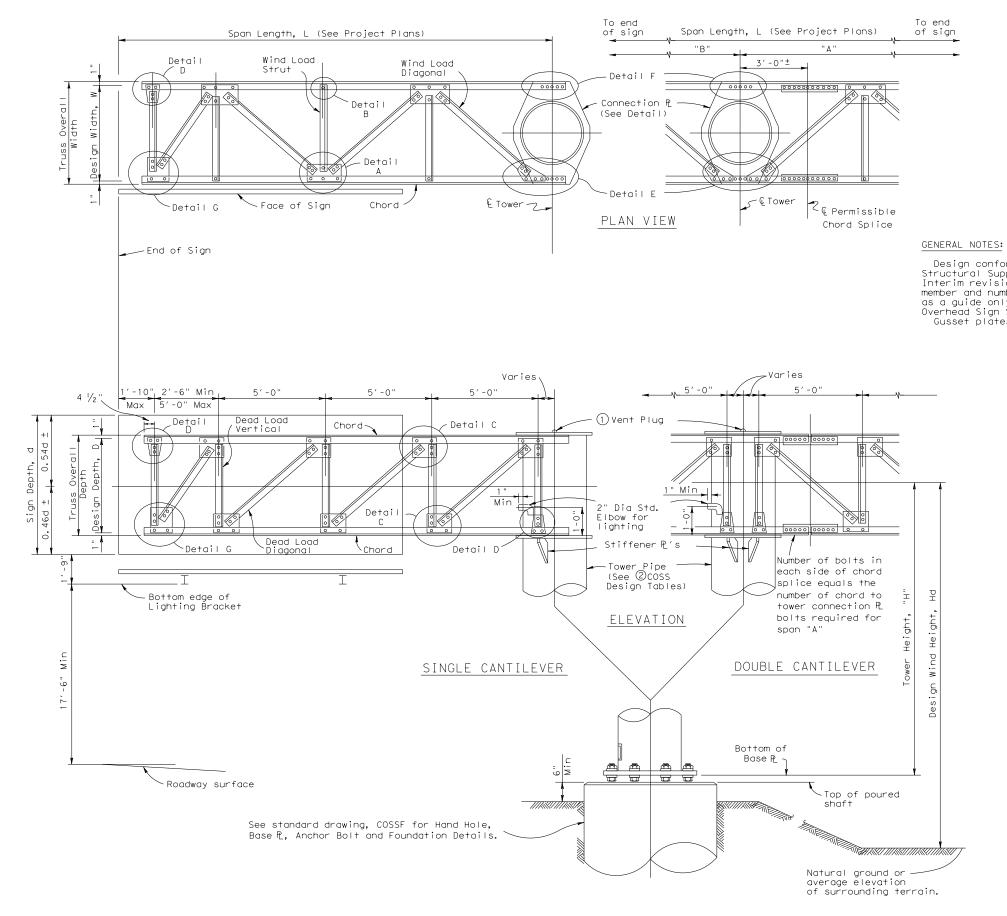
Deflections shown include the design loads for Truss, Sign Panel, Lights and Walkways.



CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORTS

COSS-Z4 & Z4I-10

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXD	ОТ	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		нго	CHWAY
10	0255	03	040, ET	C	US	281
	DIST		COUNTY		,	SHEET NO.
	PHR		BROOK	S		70



Design conforms to 1975 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and Interim revisions thereto. Connection details are typical only. Actual size of member and number of bolts will vary. The details on this sheet are intended as a guide only. See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" sheets for number of bolts and size of members. Gusset plates to be same thickness as thickest web member in connection.

- ① Note: Cap shall be solid steel sheet  $\frac{3}{8}$ " nominal thickness. Drill, tap and plug galvanizing vent. Weld plate to pipe with  $\frac{3}{8}$ " weld all around.
- ② For COSS design tables see standard drawing, "Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports".

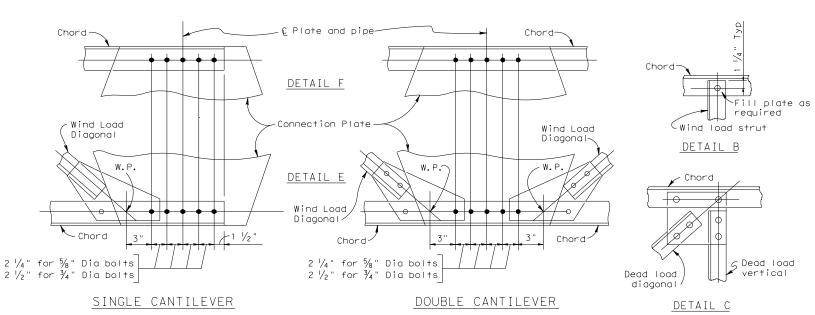
SHEET 1 OF 2



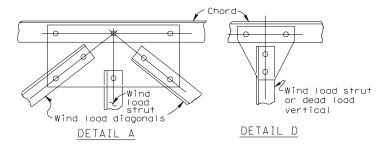
CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

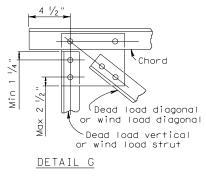
COSSD

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXC	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	0255	03	040, ET	С	US	281
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		BROOK	S		71



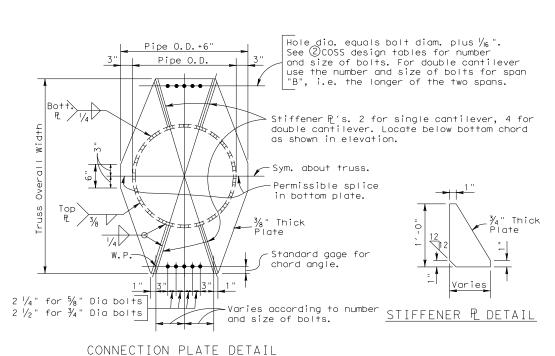
- B

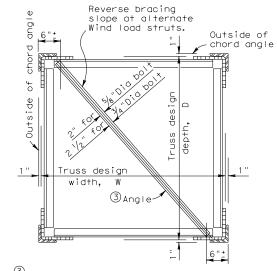




		UNDED	OF DOLTS DEAD IN SUSSET
	IN.	IOMBEK	OF BOLTS REQD. IN GUSSET TO CHORD CONNECTION
	_		TO CHORD CONNECTION
ĮĔ.	JOINT	0	2
BOLTS	9	2	2
19 19	Z	3	3
-		4	3
Š	3, 5,	5	4
	DIAG	6	4
TOTAL		8	5
Ĕ	Z	10	6

# CONNECTION DETAILS

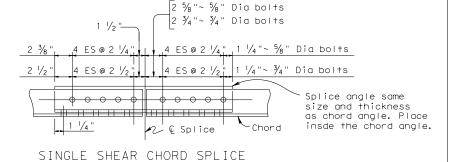


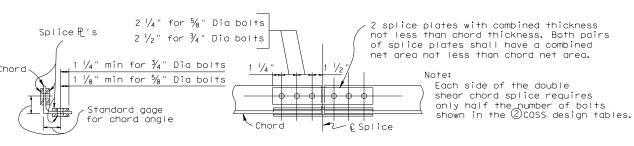




(DIAGONALS NOT SHOWN)

Grind splice angle to clear chord Splice Angle Chordangle. Standard gage for chord angle SECTION ON & SPLICE





SECTION ON & SPLICE

DOUBLE SHEAR CHORD SPLICE

SPLICE DETAILS

Chord (4)	4) 3/6 P
Dead load diagonal Dead load vertical	Wind load diagonal Wind load
(Gusset plates in other details to be similar)	DETAIL A

ALTERNATE WELDED CONNECTION DETAILS

NUMBER OF BOLTS	TO REPLACE 5/8" DIA BOLTS	TO REPLACE 3/4" DIA BOLTS
1	2 "	3"
2	4 "	6"
3	6"	9"
4	8"	11 ½"
5	10"	14 ½"
6	12"	17 1/2"
7	1 4 "	20"

4 MINIMUM LENGTH OF 3/6" FILLET WELD REQUIRED



# CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT DETAILS

COSSD

TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXD	тот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		111	GHWAY
	0255	03	040, ET	С	US	281
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	PHR		BROOK	S		72

warranty of any the conversion

> © of Pipe 8 Truss

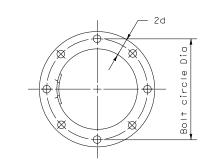
Truss

② Place first anchor bolt

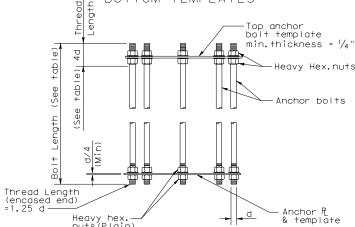
#4311C1 3 311C							
ANCHOR	1						
BOLT DIA.	OUTSIDE	HOLE THICKNESS		HOLE THICKNESS		HOLE I THICKNESS I "	HOLE IN
d	DIAMETER	DIAMETER	MIN.	MAX.	BASE PLATE		
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ or less	2d	d + 1/8"	0.136"	0.177"	d + 1/4"		
1 3/4"	2d - 1/8"	d + 1/8"	0.178"	0.280"	d + 5/6"		
2"	2d - 1/4"	d + 1/8"	0.178"	0.280"	d + 5/16"		
Over 2"	2d - ½"	d + 1/8"	0.240"	0.340"	d + 5/6"		

ANCHOR BOLT SIZE							
DIA	BOLT ① LENGTH	THREAD 1) LENGTH	PROJECTION LENGTH	GALVAN.① LENGTH			
1 1/4"	2'-11"	5"	5 1/4"	11 1/4"			
1 3/8"	3′-1"	5 1/2 "	5 3/4"	11 3/4"			
1 1/2"	3'-4"	6"	6 1/4"	1'-0 1/4"			
1 3/4"	3'-10"	7"	7 1/4"	1'-1 1/4"			
2"	4'-3"	8"	8 1/4"	1'-2 1/4"			
2 1/4"	4'-9"	9"	9 1/4"	1′-3 1/4"			
2 1/2"	5'-2"	10"	10 1/4"	1'-4 1/4"			
2 ¾"	5′-8"	11"	11 1/4"	1'-5 1/4"			
3"	6'-1"	1 ′ -0"	1′-0 1/4"	1'-6 1/4"			

- ① Anchor Bolt Fabrication Tolerances: Bolt Length  $\sim \pm \frac{1}{2}$ " Thread Length  $\sim \pm \frac{1}{2}$ " Galvanized Length  $\sim -\frac{1}{4}$ "
- ② Thread lenght applies to upper and lower threads

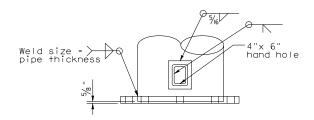


# TOP VIEW OF TOP & BOTTOM TEMPLATES



② See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" or "High Lever Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" sheets for number and size.

PLAN

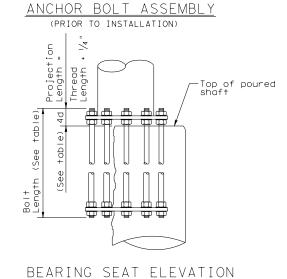


Cut 5" x 7" hole in pipe. Center 4" x 6" hand hole in %" x 8" x 10" back up plate. Provide attachable cover made from section cut from pipe.

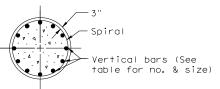
## VIEW A-A

# 3 BASE PLATE & HANDHOLE DETAILS

(3) See "Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" or "High Level Cantilever Overhead Sign Support" sheets for Diameter and thickness of base plate.



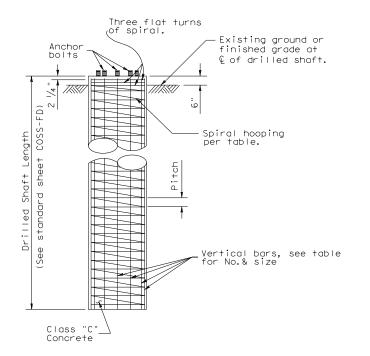
		PIPE OUTSIDE DIAMETER										
		16"			20"			24"		30"		
ANCHOR BOLT SIZE	BOLT CIRCLE DIA	DRILLED SHAFT SIZE	DRILLED SHAFT REINF									
1 1/4 "Dia x 2′-11"	20 1/2 "	36" Dia	14-#8 (A)	24 1/2"	36" Dia	14-#8 (A)						
1 3/8"Dia × 3′-1"	20 ¾"	36" Dia	12-#9 (A)	24 3/4"	42" Dia	14-#9 (A)						
1 ½"Dia x 3′-4"	21"	36" Dia	12-#9 (A)	25"	42" Dia	14-#9 (A)	29"	42" Dia	14-#9 (C)			
1 ¾"Dia × 3′-10"	21 1/2"	36" Dia	10-#10(A)	25 ¾"	42" Dia	12-#10(B)	29 ¾"	48" Dia	16-#10(C)	35 3/8"	54" Dia	18-#10(C)
2"Dia x 4'-3"	22"	36" Dia	12-#10(A)	25 ¾"	42" Dia	12-#10(B)	29 ¾"	48" Dia	16-#10(C)	35 ¾"	54" Dia	18-#10(C)
2 1/4 "Dia × 4′-9"	22 1/2"	42" Dia	12-#11(A)	26"	42" Dia	10-#11(B)	30"	48" Dia	14-#11(C)	36"	54" Dia	14-#11(D)
2 ½ "Dia x 5′-2"				26 1/2"	42" Dia	12-#11(B)	30 1/2"	48" Dia	16-#11(C)	36 1/2"	54" Dia	16-#11(D)
2 ¾"Dia × 5′-8"							31 1/2"	48" Dia	18-#11(D)	37"	54" Dia	20-#11(D)
3"Dia × 6′-1"										37 1/2"	54" Dia	24-#11(D)



#### A = #3 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 40) B = #4 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 40)

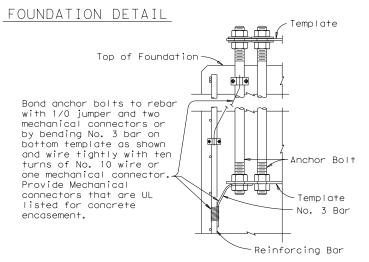
B = #4 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 40) C = #4 Plain spiral at 6" pitch (Grade 60) D = #4 Plain spiral at 3 ½" pitch (Grade 60)

# SECTION



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Concrete shall be Class "C".
- 2. Reinforcing shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".
- Anchor bolts and nuts for anchor bolts shall be "Alloy Steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".
- 4. Anchor bolts shall be rigidly held in position during concrete placement using steel templates at the top and bottom. The top templates shall be removed after the concrete has set.
- 5. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". After the structure has been aligned in its final position and the anchor bolts have been properly tightened, tack weld anchor bolt nuts to washer, and tack weld washers to base plate. Galvanizing in tack welded areas shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".
- 6. All vertical reinforcing shall be carried to the bottom of the Drilled Shaft.



LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM



# CANTILEVER OVERHEAD SIGN SUPPORT FOUNDATION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

COSSF-21

			_		
ILE: cossf-21.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
CTxDOT November 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS R-21	0255	03	040, E1	rc ı	JS 281
5 21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	PHR		BROOK	.S	73



-illed Shaft E Length (fe

(1) 28.5°

② 12



36" Dia Drilled Shaft Load Curves (Kip-ft) Leng 20 (4) 12 4 1152 1728 2304 2880 (5) 1152 (2) 10 20 30 40 50 (2) 10 20

42" Dia Drilled Shaft Load Curves (Kip-ft) 675 20 12 16 1728 2304 30 40

42" Dia Drilled Shaft

30Q

200

100~

34°

25

36" Dia Drilled Shaft

32°

35

34°

50

(1)  $\emptyset$  = Angle of internal friction of soil (degrees)

② N = Texas cone penetrometer value (blows per ft)

(4) C(psi) = Cohesive shear strength of soil (psi)

⑤ C(psf) = Cohesive shear strength of soil (psf)

Load Curves (Kip-ft)

<sup>-1</sup>00\_

36°

65

1 28.5°

2 12 Load Curves (Kip-ft)

2880 50

750 20 (4) (5) 1152 1728 2304 2880 (2) 10 20 30 40 50

48" Dia Drilled Shaft Load Curves (Kip-ft)

900

20 (4) 12 (5) 576 1728 2304 2880 (2) 20 30 40

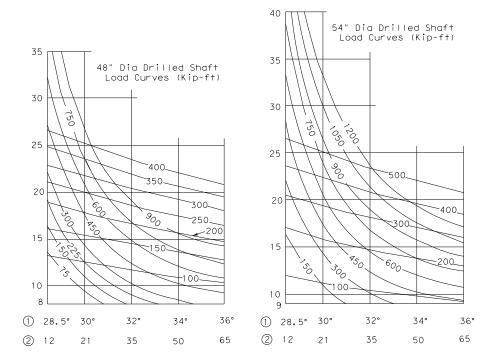
54" Dia Drilled Shaft Load Curves (Kip-ft)

CLAY SOIL (COHESIVE)

25

15

Moment — Torsion —



3 SUBMERGED SAND SOIL (COHESIONLESS) Moment -

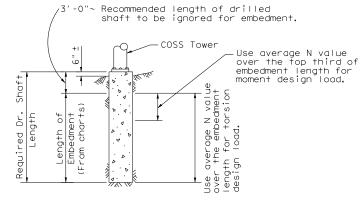
36°

65

Torsion

For unsubmerged sands and clayey sands the charts for clay soil will give a conservative foundation design.

25



#### PROCEDURE:

- 1. Determine design moment and torsion, and the required drilled shaft diameter as outlined in the selection example sheet COSS-SE.
- Make an initial estimate of the required embedment length.
- From soil exploration data determine type of soil and average N value or soil property along the upper third of the drilled shaft.
   Enter chart (for the correct shaft diameter and soil type) from the
- bottom at the average N value or soil property determined in step 3. Proceed vertically into chart and locate intersection with design moment. Interpolate between moment curves (solid lines) as needed. From intersection point turn 90° to left and read embedment
- length along vertical scale. If embedment length differs significantly from estimated value return
- to step 3 with the embedment length determined in step 6.
- From soil exploration data determine average N value or soil property over the entire length of the embedment.
   Enter chart (for correct shaft diameter and soil type) from the bot-
- tom at the average N value or soil property determined in step 8.

  10. Proceed vertically into chart and locate intersection with design
- torsion. Interpolate between torsion curves (dashed lines) as needed.
- 11. From intersection point turn 90° to left and read embedment
- length along vertical scale. 12. Compute the required length of drilled shaft by adding 3'-0" to longer embedment length required for moment or torsion.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

These charts are for use with Cantilever Overhead Sign Supports with one shaft per tower.

Solid curves are base moment in Kip-ft. Dash curves are base torsion in Kip-ft.
Minimum embedment of drilled shaft is two diameters.
Add 3'-0" to the required embedment length to determine the required length of drilled shaft.



# FOUNDATION EMBEDMENT SELECTION CHARTS

COSS-FD

© TxDOT November 2007	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0255	03	040, ET	С	US	281
	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	PHR		BROOK	S		74

## STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

## 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

## 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0255-03-040, Etc.

#### **1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:**

From: Brooks/Jim Wells county line & South Bus281T

To: FM 1481 CL & FM 3066

#### **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:**

BEGIN: (Lat) 27°16'18.67"N, (Long) 98°08'05.93"W &

(Lat) 27°10'02.82"N, (Long) 98°08'57.19"W

END: (Lat) 27°14'54.22"N, (Long) 98°08'16.09"W &

(Lat) 27°11'23.46"N, (Long) 98°08'44.44"W

# 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres):

# 1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 0.16 Ac.

# 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

Installation of Overhead Signs, Signs Structures, and

Pavement Markings adjustments.

## 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
HIDALGO COUNTY	Hargil fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes
HIDALGO COUNTY	Racombes sandy clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes
HIDALGO COUNTY	Willacy fine sandy loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes
HIDALGO COUNTY	Willacy fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes

# 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting PSLs determined during construction

☐ No PSLs planned for construction

Type	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

## 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

Mobilization

▼ Install sediment and erosion controls

☐ Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub

Remove existing pavement

Grading operations, excavation, and embankment

☐ Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widenina

Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)

Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail

Install proposed pavement per plans

Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs

☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

☐ Place flex base

☐ Rework slopes, grade ditches

☐ Blade windrowed material back across slopes

Revegetation of unpaved areas

Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and

erosion control measures

Other:

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

## 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment,
- ▼ Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- ▼ Construction debris and waste from various construction activities
- Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- □ Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- ☑ Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

□ Other: \_\_\_

□ Other:			
□ Other:			
-	•	•	

### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

Tributaries	Classified Waterbody
# A     (#) 5	

Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

X Development of plans and specifications

X Perform SWP3 inspections

X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

□ Other:		

## 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

X Day To Day Operational Control

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

☐ Other:



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



\* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		SHEET NO.					
6		C 255-3-40,ETC					
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY				
TEXAS		PHR	BROOKS				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.			
0255		03	040,ETC	US 281			

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

# 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this

SWP3 or the CGP.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
□ Protection of Existing Vegetation   □ Vegetated Buffer Zones   □ Soil Retention Blankets   □ Geotextiles   □ Mulching/ Hydromulching   □ Soil Surface Treatments   □ Temporary Seeding   □ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding   ☒ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs   □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams   □ Vertical Tracking   □ Interceptor Swale   □ Riprap   □ Diversion Dike
□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain
☐ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ □ Paved Flumes □ □ Other:
Other:
□ □ Other:
□ □ Other:
17874CEDIMENT CONTROL DMD-
<sup>22</sup> 2°2°4SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs     □ Dewatering Controls
☐ ☐ Inlet Protection
□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Sandbag Berms
□ □ Sediment Control Fence
Stabilized Construction Exit
□ □ Floating Turbidity Barrier
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Vegetated Filter Strips
□ □ Other:
Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheet located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT

Tyrna	Stationing			
Туре	From	То		
efer to the Environmental Layocated in Attachment 1.2 of this		Layout Sheets		
2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA	CKING CONTRO	1 6.		
4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRA	CRING CONTRO	LJ.		
Excess dirt/mud on road rem	avad daily			

☐ Haul roads dampened for dust control
☐ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
<ul><li>□ Stabilized construction exit</li><li>□ Daily street sweeping</li></ul>
□ Other:
□ Other:
Other:

Other: \_\_\_\_

# 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

- □ Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- □ Dust Control

□ Other: _			
□ Other: _			
☐ Other:			
□ Other: _	 	 	

**2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:** 

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Tymo	Stationing	oning
Туре	From	То

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

# 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

## 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

## 2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



**STORMWATER POLLUTION** PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3) (Less Than 1 Acre)



\* July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE PROJECT NO.				
6	C 255-3-40,ETC				
STATE	STATE DIST.				
TEXAS	PHR	BROOKS			
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.		
0255	03	040,ETC US 281			

During the planning phase of project development, the following Environmental Permits, Issues and Commitments have been	II. Clean Water Act, Sections 401 and 404 Compliance - Continued:	
developed during coordination with resource agencies, local governmental entities and the general public. Any change orders and/or deviations from the final design must be reported to the Engineer prior to the commencement of construction activities as additional environmental clearances may be required.	4. The Contractor's designated and qualified Contractor Responsible Personal Project site daily to ensue compliance with SW3P and TPDES General Pershall be provided to TxDOT within 48 hours, in accordance with Item 50	on Environmental (CRPe) will monitor the mit TXR 150000. Daily Monitoring Reports 6.3.1.
I. Clean Water Act, Section 402; Stormwater Pollution Prevention	5. Other Project Specific Actions:	
Action Items Required:		
1. The contractor must implement the SW3P by installing Best Management Practices (BMPs) as indicated in the construction plans and maintained appropriately throughout construction. BMPs must be in place prior to the start of construction. The SW3P may need to be revised as necessary as construction progresses.		
2. For all construction PSL's off the ROW, the contractor must certify compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations pertaining to the preservation of cultural resources, natural resources and the environment.	III. Cultural Resources	
3. Based on the acreage of impact, select the appropriate box below:	Action Items Required:  No Action Required	
☑ This project will disturb less than 1 acre of soil and is not part of a larger common plan of development; therefore, a NOI and TPDES Site Notice are not required for this project.  or	Refer to the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications For Construction And M Bridges, Item 7.7.1 in the event historical issues or archeological	artifacts are found during construction.
This project will disturb equal to or more than 1 acre of soil but less than 5 acres; therefore a NOI is not required but a TPDES Site Notice is required. The Construction Site Notice (CSN) is required to be posted at the construction site in a publicly accessible location for review by the public, TCEQ, EPA and other Inspectors.	Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, parea and contact the Engineer immediately.  2. Other Project Specific Actions:	ottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate
☐ This project will disturb equal to or more than 5 acres of soil and will require a NOI and TPDES Site Notice.  The NOI and Site Notice are required to be posted at the construction site in a publicly accessible location.		
4. Need to address MS4 requirements		
	IV. Vegetation Resources	
II. Clean Water Act, Sections 401 and 404 Compliance	Action Items Required: No Action Required	
Action Items Rquired: No Action Required	1. In accordance with the 2014 TxDOT Standard Specifications; Item 164 -	Seeding For Erosion Control; provide and
1. Filling, dredging or excavating in any water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas is prohibited unless specified in the USACE permit and approved by the Engineer. The contractor shall adhere to all agreements, mitigation plans, and BMPs required by the NWP as regulated by the USACE.	install temporary or permanent seeding for erosion control as shown or for all seeding and replanting of right of way where possible. (Requi	red for Urban Settings)
The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):	2. In accordance with Executive Order 13112 on invasive species and the Escaping, native species of plants shall be used for all seeding and re	xecutive Memorandum on Beneficial Land- planting of right of way where possible
No Permit Required     No Permit Req	for rural roadways. (Required for Rural Settings)	
☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)	3. Preserve vegetation where possible throughout the project and minimize stream banks, bed and approach sections.	clearing, grubbing and excavation within
☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10th to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tidal waters)	4. Other Project Specific Actions:	
☐ Individual 404 Permit Required		
Other Nationwide Permit Required: NWP#		
2. The contractor is responsible for obtaining new or revised Section 404 permit(s) for Contractor initiated changes in construction methods that change Impacts To Waters Of The U.S., including wetlands. The Contractor will ensure that the water quality of the State will be maintained and not degraded.		
3.⊠ Best Management Practices for applicable Section 401 General Conditions:		
General Condition 12 - Categories I and II BMPs required		
<u>Category I (Erosion Control)</u> ☐ Temporary Vegetation ☐ Interceptor Swale ☐ Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks		®
☐ Blankets, Matting ☐ Diversion Dike ☐ Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks		Texas Department of Transportation
☐ Mulch ☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Compost Blankets ☐ Sodding		PHARR DISTRICT
Category II (Sedimentation Control)		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
<ul><li>☐ Silt Fence</li><li>☐ Hay (Straw) Bale Dike</li><li>☐ Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks</li><li>☐ Rock Berm</li><li>☐ Brush Berms</li><li>☐ Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks</li></ul>	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100 Revised 01/30/2017	ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
☐ Triangular Filter Dike ☐ Sediment Basins ☐ Stone Outlet Sediment Traps	List of Abbreviations	(EPIC)
☐ Sand Bag Berm ☐ Erosion Control Compost	BMP: Best Management Practice NWP: Nationwide Permit CGP: Construction General Permit PCN: Pre-Construction Notification CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental PSL: Project Specific Location	. — . — .
General Condition 21 - Category III BMPs required Category III (Post-Construction TSS Control)	DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services   SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure   SPMP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	SHEET 1 OF  FED. RD. DIV. NO. STATE PROJECT NO. HIGHWA NO.
☐ Vegetative Filter Strips ☐ Wet Basins ☐ Mulch Filter Berms and/or Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality IMOA: Memorandum of Agreement THC: Texas Historical Commission  MOU: Memorandum of Understanding TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System	6 C 255-3-40 US 28
☐ Retention/Irrigation ☐ Grassy Swales ☐ Compost Filter Berms and/or Socks ☐ Extended Detention Basin ☐ Vegetation-Lined Ditches ☐ Sand Filter Systems	MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System   TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department   IXDOT: Texas Department of Transportation	STATE DISTRICT COUNTY
☐ Constructed Wetlands ☐ Erosion Control Compost ☐ Sedimentation Chambers	NOI: Notice of Intent  USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers	CONTROL SECTION JOB NO.
J. Control of the con	NOT: Notice of Termination USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	0255   03   040, ETC.   <b>77</b>

040, ETC.

77

	Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or r not including box culverts)?	replacements (bridge class structures
	☐ Yes ☒ No	
	If "No", then no further action required. If "Yes", then TxDOT is responsible for completing an asbestos assessme	ent/inspection.
· .	Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos preser	n+)?
	☐ Yes ☐ No	
	If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a Texas Department of State Health Ser consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigatic activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmar prior to scheduled abatement activities and/or demolition.	on procedures, and perform management
	If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days pr	ior to any scheduled demolition.
	The Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement of careful coordination between the Engineer and an Asbestos Consultant in delays and subsequent claims.	activities and/or demolition with n order to minimize construction
Ι.	. Other Environmental Issues	
ct	tion Items Required: No Action Required	
$\times$	Noise	
	Contractor shall make every reasonable effort to minimize construction as work hour controls and proper maintenance of equipment mufflers.	noise through abatement measures such
X	Air	
	Contractor shall practice common dust control techniques such as surface unpaved road surfaces and vehicle speed reduction shall be implemented during construction.	e chemical treatment or watering of to minimize and prevent airborne dust
	Contractor should minimize MSAT by utilizing measures to encourage use limits on idling, increase use of cleaner burning diesel engines, and o as appropriate.	of EPA required cleaner diesel fuels, ther emission limitation techniques,
		Texas Department of Transportation
		PHARR DISTRICT
		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,
Ph	Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100 Revised 01/30/2017	ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS
В	Best Management Practice NWP: Nationwide Permit	(EPIC)
e: C	Construction General Permit Contractor Responsible Person Environmental Texas Department of State Health Services Federal Emergency Management Agency SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan	SHEET 2 OF 2
: F	Federal Emergency Management Agency SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Federal Highway Administration TCFG: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality	FED. RD. STATE PROJECT NO. HIGHWAY NO.

T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent

NOT: Notice of Termination

C 255-3-40

COUNTY

BROOKS

JOB

040, ETC.

STATE

TEXAS

CONTROL

0255

DISTRICT

PHR

SECTION

03

US 281

SHEET NO.

78

	Invasi	ve Species BMPs	
		quagga mussels (Dreissena bu downstream of these lakes, a or vehicles coming in contac cleaned prior to leaving the organisms, or debris, water	zebra (Dreissena polymorpha) OR ugensis) as well as waters all machinery, equipment, vessels, at with such waters should be e site to remove any mud, plants, drained (if applicable), and in another water body to prevent
		Care should be taken to preverestrial invasive plants Care should be taken to avoi plants such as giant Salvinia (Salvinia minima), water hyacinth (Eichhornia s (Myriophyllum spicatum), wat and alligatorweed (Alternant water bodies into areas not machinery, equipment, vessel coming in contact with water plant species should be clearemove all aquatic plant mat	vent the spread of aquatic and during construction activities. id the spread of aquatic invasive ia (Salvinia molesta), common hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata), spp.), Eurasian watermilfoil ter lettuce (Pistia stratiotes), thera philoxeroides) from infested
		disposal in a secure manner Only native or non-invasive should be taken to avoid mow donax), which spreads by fra equipment if inadvertently may bales for sediment contray to prevent the spread of	plants should be planted. Care wing invasive giant reed (Arundo agmentation, and to clean nowed to prevent spread. If using rol, use locally grown weed-free f invasive species. Leave the hay em to break down, as this acts as
	Stream	n Crossings BMPs	
		Riparian buffer zones should	d remain undisturbed.
	<u>Dewate</u>	ering BMPs	
		all native fish and freshwat	or aquatic organisms, including ter mussel species, regardless ould be considered during project ctivities.
	Wildli	ife Crossing BMPs	
		areas that bisect wildlife t	rther habitat fragmentation and
	<u>Rare F</u>	Plant BMPs	
		is the preferred way to avoiplant populations. Staging of project related sites on TxE plant populations. After conherbicide use near SGCN plant	ed with temporary barrier uld be instructed to avoid construction outside of the lant has produced mature fruit id/minimize impacts to SGCN areas, stockpiles, and other DOT ROW should not impact SGCN nstruction begins, minimize nt populations (if possible, use veral meters from rare plants,
			Pharr District Contact No. 956-702-6100
).	Rost Mar	nagement Practice	List of Abbreviations  MSAT: Mobile Source Air Toxic
e:	Construc	idgement Practice stion General Permit for Responsible Person Environmental	MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act NOI: Notice of Intent

Rare Plants BMPs (Continued)	
☐ If there are unintended impacts to SGCN popular impacts should be reported to TPWD Transportat☐ During project period, conduct work during time when plants are dormant and/or conditions minimal disturbance of the habitat.	ion Staff. es of the year
Bird BMPs     Bird BM	
Avoid vegetation clearing activities during the bird nesting season, February 15th to October	
minimize adverse impacts to birds. ☑ Do not collect, capture, relocate, or transpor	
eggs, young, or active nests without a permit.  Minimize extended human presence near nesting larger during construction and maintenance activities sensitive habitat areas with temporary barrier fencing to limit human foot- traffic and off-rouse to alert and discourage contractors from constructions.	. Protect s or pad vehicle
unintentional impacts.  Minimize construction noise above ambient leve general bird nesting season to minimize adverse on birds.	
Minimize construction lighting during the general nesting season by scheduling work activities by and dusk.	
☐ Rookeries BMPs	
In general, nesting dates for herons and egretery February to late August in Texas, depend species. Great blue herons (GBHE) (Ardea herod usually the first to nest. When GBHE get disrunest and abandon nesting, then the other specient and egrets may not attempt to nest at the color of If rookeries are encountered, avoid and minimity disturbance during nesting to protect rookery their habitat.  Vegetation clearing in a primary buffer area or (984 feet) from a rookery or heronry periphery avoided. Utilizing areas that have already been within this buffer area may be acceptable dependent of the strength	ing on the is) are bted from the es of herons ny that year. ze species and f 300 meters should be n cleared nding on uman within this y machinery 1 feet) from
© 2017	ment of Transportation
EPIC SHEET S	SUPPLEMENTALS
TPWD	BMPs

TCEQ: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality THC: Texas Historical Commission TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Revised 02/24/2022

SHEET 1 OF 3

CRPe: Contractor Responsible Person Environmental Texas Department of State Health Services FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency

FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement

MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System

Memorandum of Understanding

NOT: Notice of Termination NWP: Nationwide Permit PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Project Specific Location SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure

SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

TxDOT:Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species USACE: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

FED.RD. DIV.NO.		STATE PROJECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.
6		C 255-3-40	US 281
STATE	DISTRICT	COUNTY	03 201
TEXAS	PHR	BROOKS	SHEET
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	NO.
0255	03	040.ETC	79

Memorandum of Agreement

Memorandum of Understanding

MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System

PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Project Specific Location

SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure

T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U. S. Army Corp of Engineers
USFWS: U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service

TEXAS

CONTROL

0255

PHR

SECTION

03

BROOKS

JOB

040, ETC

SHEET NO.

80

NWP: Nationwide Permit

PCN: Pre-Construction Notification
PSL: Project Specific Location

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure

SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

FEMA: Federal Emergency Management Agency FHWA: Federal Highway Administration

Memorandum of Understanding

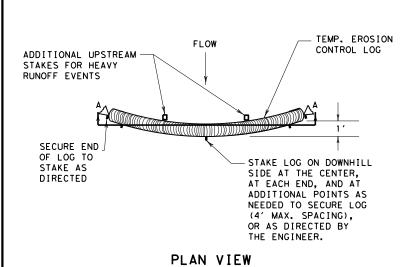
MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System

Memorandum of Agreement

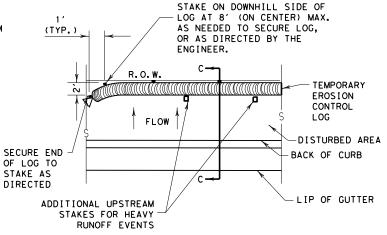
THC: Texas Historical Commission TPDES:Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System TPWD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT:Texas Department of Transportation T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species

USACE: U. S. Army Corp of Engineers
USFWS: U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service

C 255-3-40 6 US 281 STATE DISTRICT COLINTY BROOKS TEXAS PHR SHEET NO. CONTROL SECTION JOB 0255 03 040, ETC 81

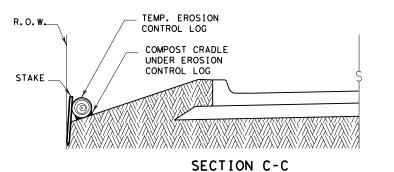


#### FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO R. O. W STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB I IP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. CONTROL LOG AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.



# 2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

# PLAN VIEW



TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE LOG.

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

MINIMUM

COMPACTED

DIAMETER

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS.

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR. 2'-4' LONG. EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

# PLAN VIEW

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL SIDE AT THE CENTER, AT EACH END, AND AT R. O. W. ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG TEMP. EROSION-(4' MAX. SPACING), OR CONTROL LOG AS DIRECTED BY THE ΝΪΝ ENGINEER. (TYP.) ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS CONTROL LOG

SECTION B-B EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL - BOC)

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

<del>///\///\\///\\///\\///\\///\\</del>

CONTROL LOG

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY

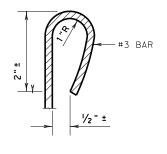


# SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM



#### LEGEND

- CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM
- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- CL-ROW - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL - SSL`
- —( CL-DI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- ackslashcl-giackslash Erosion control log at curb & grate inlet



REBAR STAKE DETAIL

#### SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: 5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over the drainage area).

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

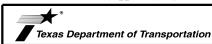
- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

# DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3



Design Division Standard

MINIMUM

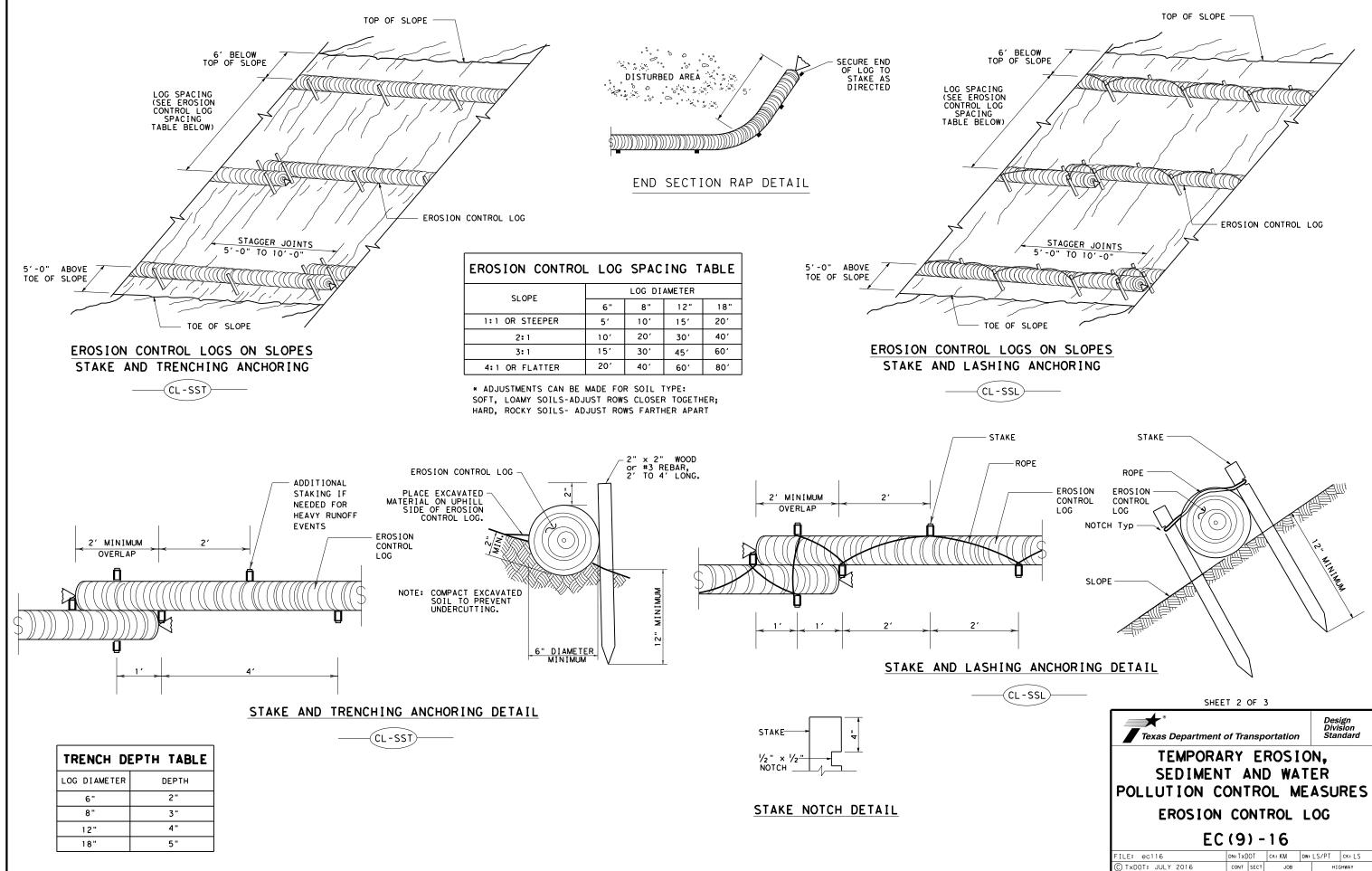
COMPACTED DIAMETER

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

**EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

ILE: ec916	DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT		LS/PT	ck: LS		
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0255	03	040,ETC US 281		281	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	PHR		BROOK	S		82



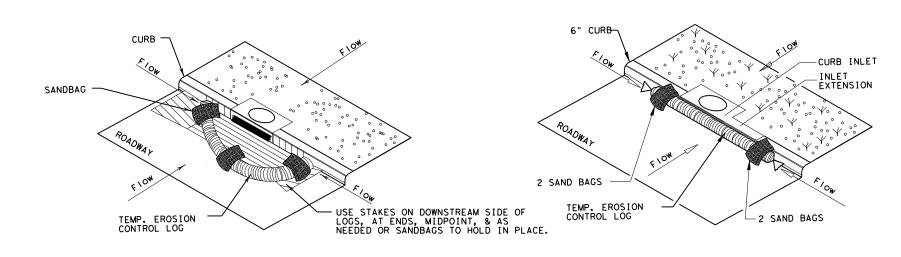
0255 03 040, ETC

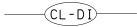
BROOKS

US 281



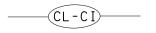
SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED COMPLETELY SURROUND DRAINAGE ACCESS TO AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH EROSION CONTROL LOG TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG FLOW — FLOW -STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

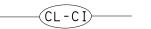




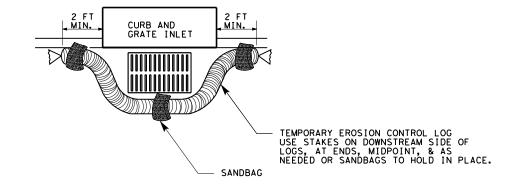
## EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET



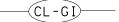


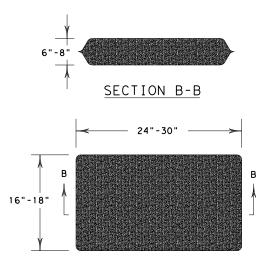
NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM

# EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET





SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

_	• • •	•				
FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW:	LS/PT	ck: LS
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0255	03	040, ET	С	US 281	
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	PHR		BROOK	S		84