# INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

1 TITLE SHEET
2 INDEX OF SHEETS

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

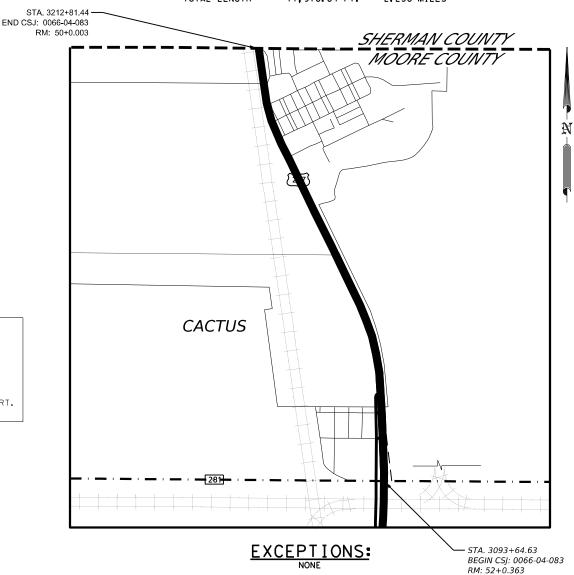
PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT
FEDERAL PROJECT: F 2B24(080)
HIGHWAY - US 287
MOORE COUNTY

CONTROL: 0066 - 04 - 083

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF OPERATIONAL IMPROVEMENTS, CONSISTING OF ADDING CROSSOVERS, ADDING LIGHTING, AND UPGRADING STANDARDS.

PROJECT LIMITS FROM: FM 281
TO: SHERMAN COUNTY LINE

ROADWAY LENGTH = 11,760.16 FT. = 2.227 MILES BRIDGE LENGTH = 156.48 FT. = 0.029 MILES TOTAL LENGTH = 11,916.64 FT. = 2.256 MILES



RAILROADS:

**EQUATIONS:** 

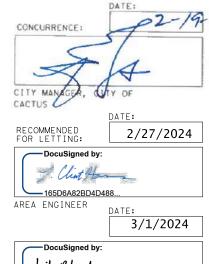
DIV. NO.	FEUERAL	NO.				
6	F 2E	F 2B24 (080)				
STATE	STATE DIST.		COUNTY			
TEXA	S AMA					
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.		
006	6 04	083	US 2	287		

DESIGN SPEED = 50 2024 ADT = 10,383 2044 ADT = 23,870 PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL

# FINAL PLANS

LETTING DATE:	
DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK:	
DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:	
FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$	
CONTRACTOR :	
,PE	
AREA ENGINEER	DATE





bit Black
985A6EA6AE8B46E...

DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

DATE:

3/1/2024

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

- Docusigned by:
Blair Johnson

-8B80E3AEB2BC43A.

DISTRICT ENGINEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 23, 2023).

—— CITY OF CACTUS ——
ATTACHMENT NO. 2023.10.25 TO SPECIAL AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION,
MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF CONTINUOUS HIGHWAY LIGHTING SYSTEMS
WITHIN A MUNICIPALITY DATED OCTOBER 25, 2023

RESPONSIBILITIES SHALL BE AS HERETOFORE AGREED TO, ACCEPTED, AND SPECIFIED IN THE AGREEMENT TO WHICH THESE PLANS ARE MADE A PART.

THE CITY-STATE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION

SIGNING STANDARDS

SMD(GEN)-08

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soss

TYPICAL STRIPING & SIGN LAYOUT

54-55

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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY
IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN
SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY
RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS
BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



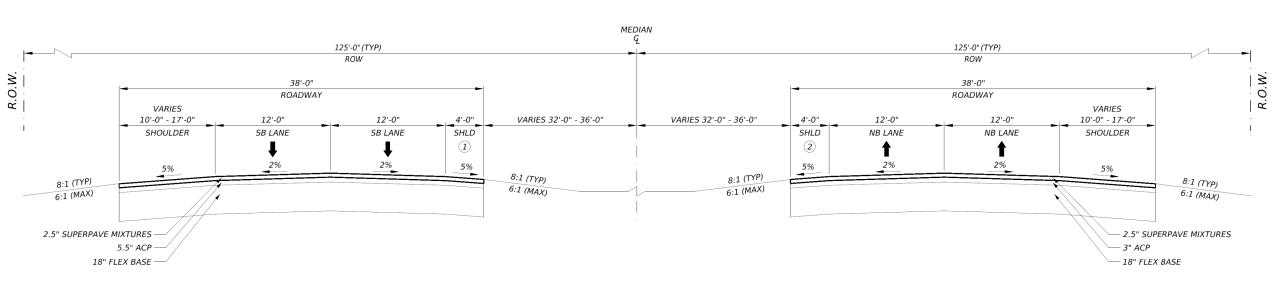
03/01/2024

US 287

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DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB HIGHWAY			
RPA	СН	0066	04 083 U		JS 287		
DRWN	CK	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
KK	BV	АМА		MOORE		2	



# US 287 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA. 3093+65 TO STA. 3102+03 STA. 3105+71 TO STA. 3113+71 STA. 3117+41 TO STA. 3124+17

NOT

- TRANSITION FROM 14' TURN LANE AND 2' SHLDR TO 4' SHLDR STA. 3105+71 TO STA. 3108+68 STA. 3117+41 TO STA. 3120+47
- (2) TRANSITION FROM 4' SHLDR TO 14' TURN LANE AND 2' SHLDR STA. 3101+03 TO STA. 3102+04 STA. 3112+62 TO STA. 3113+70



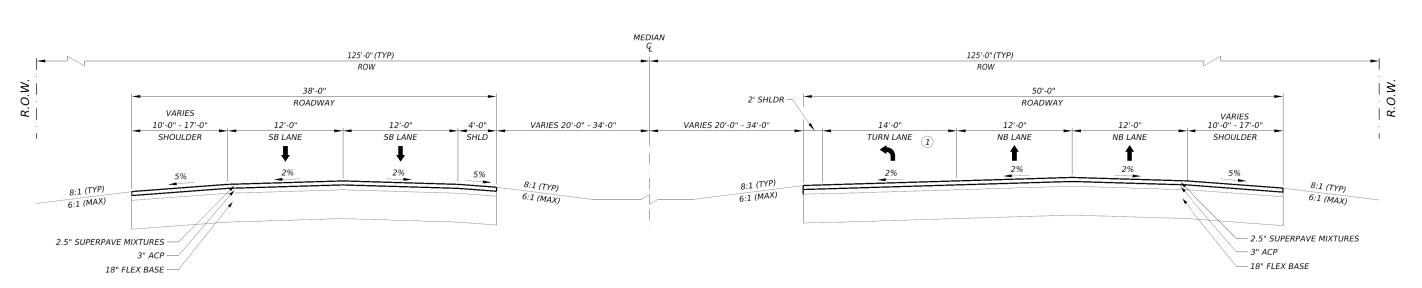
03/01/2024

US 287

TYPICAL SECTIONS

SCALE: H: 1 - 10'
V: 1 - 5'
Texas Department of Transportation

4	_			SHE	EΤ	OF 3	
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
RPA	СН	0066	04	083	ι	JS 287	
ORWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
vv	DV	4144		MOODE			



# S US 287 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA. 3102+04 TO STA. 3103+85 STA. 3113+70 TO STA. 3115+64 STA. 3124+17 TO STA. 3128+00 STA. 3130+24 TO STA. 3135+64

NOTE

TRANSITIONS FROM 4' SHLDR TO 14' TURN LANE AND 2' SHLDR STA. 3124+17 TO STA. 3125+65 STA. 3130+24 TO STA. 3131+73



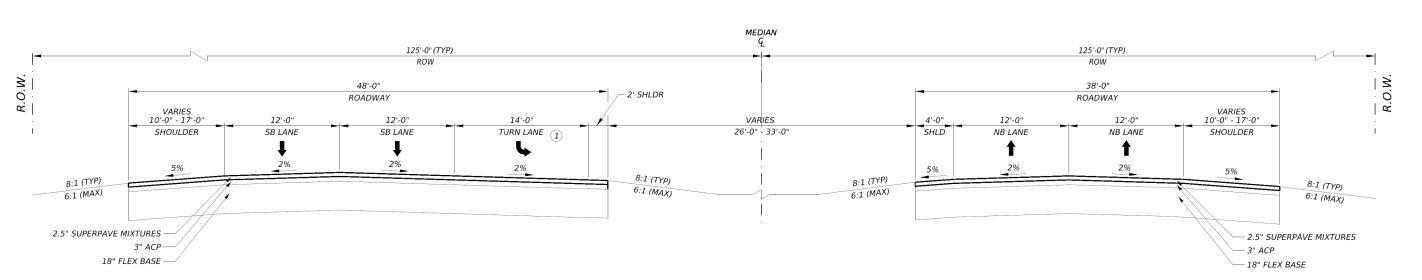
03/01/2024

US 287

TYPICAL SECTIONS

SCALE: H: 1" = 10'
V: 1" = 5'
Texas Department of Transportation

	_			SHE	ET 2	2 OF 3
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
RPA	СН	0066	04	083	l	JS 287
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
KK	В۷	AMA		MOORE		4



# US 287 EXISTING TYPICAL SECTION

STA. 3103+85 TO STA. 3105+71 STA. 3115+64 TO STA. 3117+41 STA. 3128+00 TO STA. 3130+24

1 TRANSITION FROM 14' TURN LANE AND 2' SHLDR TO 4' SHLDR STA. 3130+35 TO STA. 3131+85



03/01/2024

US 287

TYPICAL SECTIONS

SCALE: H: 1" = 10' V: 1" = 5' Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 3 OF 3 RPA CH 0066 04 083 US 287 DRWN CK DIST MOORE

Highway: US 287

CSJ: 00	66-04-083						
	BASIS OF ESTIMATE FOR CONSTRUCTION						
Item	Description	Unit		Rate			
164	SEEDING			SEE PLAN SHEETS			
166	FERTILIZER			SEE PLAN SHEETS			
310	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL		0.25 GAL/SY			
3077	TACK COAT	GAL		0.13 GAL / SY			
3077(1)	SUPERPAVE MIXTURES	TON	6"	660 LB/SY/2000			
NOTE:		·	9.5 				
(1)	SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 Weight Base	d On 110Lbs	s/SY/In	1			

# General

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

TO: Dumas Area Engineer Clint.Harms@txdot.gov
CC: Assistant Area Engineer Brandon.Bilbrey@txdot.gov
Construction Manager Clint.Harms@txdot.gov
Clint.Harms@txdot.gov
Clint.Harms@txdot.gov
Brandon.Bilbrey@txdot.gov
Kit.Black@txdot.gov (interim)
Darrell.Caldwell@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, or in person by the above individuals.

For Q&A's on Proposals navigate to:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

Use the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink of the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

All relevant project documentation including CTD and cross sections (if applicable) will be posted to TxDOT District's FTP website.

https://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting%20Responses/

There are approximately 2 "reference markers" within the project limits. If a marker needs to be moved for any reason during construction operations, the Contractor is to remove it, install it in a temporary location and then reinstall it in its correct permanent location. Both the temporary and permanent locations are to be on a line that is perpendicular to the original "station" along the

Sheet: 6

**Control:** 0066-04-083

roadway. The temporary location is to be at or near the right-of-way. The permanent location is to be directed by the Engineer.

If portions of the right-of-way is used to store materials, equipment, and other uses with the approval of the Engineer, materials, equipment, etc., must either be located outside the  $\underline{30}$  feet traffic safety clearance zone or be adequately protected.

Contractor facilities, such as asphalt plants, concrete plants, rock crushers, etc. are not allowed to be located within Department right of way.

The slopes indicated on the typical sections may be varied when fixed features required slopes are re-established as directed by the Engineer.

Dust caused by construction operations is to be controlled by applying water in conformance with the requirements of Item 204, "Sprinkling". Sprinkling for dust control will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Any work necessary to provide temporary ingress and egress during construction (such as building gravel ramps, etc.) Will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary work to the various bid items.

Verify all existing grades, elevations, and cross slopes that will connect to any proposed grades and elevations. If adjustments are warranted, the Contractor is to submit proposed changes to the Engineer for verification.

# **Item 6 Control of Materials**

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product.

Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

# Item 7 Legal Relations and Responsibilities

No significant traffic generator events identified.

The total area disturbed for this project is approximately 3 acres. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the Contract, and the Contractor Project Specific Locations

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

Highway: US 287

(PSLs), within 1 mile of the project limits, for the Contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges. The Department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans. The Contractor is to obtain required authorization from the TCEQ for Contractor PSLs for construction support activities on or off the ROW. When the total area disturbed in the Contract and PSLs within 1 mile of the project limits exceeds 5 acres, provide a copy of the Contractor NOI for PSLs on the ROW to the Engineer and to the local government that operates a separate storm sewer system.

# **Item 8 Prosecution and Progress**

Time charges will begin when Contractor starts or on Monday, September 9<sup>th</sup>, 2024, whichever occurs first.

No lane closures or pavement removal type work will be allowed before Monday, September 9th. This is intended to encourage Contractor to begin work after school begins.

# **Item 164 Seeding for Erosion Control**

Perform planting operations in accordance with the recommendations contained in the latest version of the TxDOT manual "A Guide to Roadside Vegetation Establishment" developed by the Vegetation Management Section of the Maintenance Division.

Seeding may require more than one mobilization, depending upon the Contractor's sequence of work.

# **Item 247 Flexible Base**

	SPI	ECIFIC	ATION	FOR F	LEX BA	SE TY A,	B OR D, G	GR 4
GRADING REQUIREMENTS PERCENT RETAINED – SIEVES SIEVE SIZES INCHES		SOIL CONSTANTS		MAX WET BALL	MAX % INCREASE IN PASSING			
1 3/4	7/8	3/8	# 4	# 40	L.L. MAX	P.I. MAX	*	# 40 *
0	17-32	40-60	50-70	70-85	40	12	45	20

<sup>\*</sup>Applies to TY A & D material only.

# Item 320 Equipment for Asphalt Concrete Pavement

A self-propelled, wheel mounted material transfer vehicle (MTV) capable of receiving hot mix from the haul trucks separate from the paver is required on all courses and all types of hot mix for this project. The MTV is to have a minimum storage capacity of approximately 25 tons, and equipped with a pivoting discharge conveyor and a means of completely remixing the hot mix

Sheet: 6A

Control: 0066-04-083

prior to placement. The paver hopper is to be equipped with a separate surge storage insert with a minimum capacity of approximately 20 tons.

If used, the IR bar read out screen must be visible at all times to the Engineer.

# **Item 416 Drilled Shaft Foundations**

A stabilization method is to be used to prevent caving of the material and is to be submitted as part of the Contractor's Safety Plan.

Do not use the Slurry Displacement Method.

# **Item 421 Hydraulic Cement Concrete**

The sand equivalent value of fine aggregate is not to be less than 85 when subjected to test method tex-203-F.

The Engineer will perform all job control testing for acceptance.

The Engineer will provide strength-testing equipment when required in accordance with the Contract-controlling tests.

Furnish and maintain the following testing equipment:

◆ Test Molds

All cast-in-place concrete except for drilled shafts are to be air-entrained. Pre-cast and drilled shaft concrete may be air-entrained at the Contractor's option.

# **Item 464 Reinforced Concrete Pipe**

Joint material for all pipes will be cold applied plastic asphalt sewer joint compound.

Bedding for pipe culverts is to be 6 inches of sand. The excavation required to place the sand will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

Backfill pipe up to the springline with granular material. The ponding method of backfilling will be allowed for the granular material only.

# **Item 467 Safety End Treatment**

Pre-cast Safety End Treatments are allowed; however, a cast-in-place concrete apron will be required as shown on the plans & will be subsidiary to the Safety End Treatment.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

Highway: US 287

# Item 502 Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Temporary rumble strips will be required as shown on WZ(RS)-22 regardless of loose gravel, and/or soft or bleeding asphalt. Adjust the traffic control setup such that rumble strips are not placed in areas of heavily rutted pavements, unpaved surfaces, or horizontal curves. Temporary rumble strips will not be allowed on interstate highway.

The Contractor is to have the option of using either plastic drums, vertical panels, grabber cones or a combination where drums are shown as channelizing devices, as approved by the Engineer. Plastic drums are to be used in all transition areas in accordance with BC(8)-21 and WZ(TD)-17.

Furnish and install "soft shoulder" signs as directed by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered as subsidiary to item 502, "Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling".

Provide a 3:1 backfill "safety slope" at the end of the day for any drop off exceeding 2" that is adjacent to a travel lane.

Notify the Engineer 24 hours prior to any lane closure.

# **Item 504 Field Office and Laboratory**

The following building(s) will be required for this project:

One Type (D) structure, asphalt mix control laboratory

Each building is to be provided before work is begun on the pertinent construction items for which it is needed.

Any laboratory furnished is to be a minimum of 10 ft in width.

All-weather parking area and chain link security fence will not be required.

The Type D structures are to be equipped with the following in addition to requirements specified under item 504:

- a. Safety equipment
- (1) One eye wash station
- (2) One fire extinguisher
- (3) One first aid kit

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**Sheet: 6B** 

Furnish a Type D structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the Engineer's exclusive use. In addition to requirements of item 504, this structure is to have a minimum height of 8 feet and provide a minimum 400 square feet gross floor area for permanently located plants or 200 square feet for temporary located plants serving one project. The floor area will be partitioned into a minimum of two interconnected rooms, each room furnished with an exterior door and a minimum of two windows. The floor is to have sufficient strength to support the testing equipment and have an impervious covering.

The Type D structures are to be adequately air conditioned and be furnished with a minimum of one desk and three chairs. The structure is to be provided with a 240-volt electrical service entrance. The service is to consist of a minimum of 4 - 120 volt circuits with 20 amp breakers and no more than two grounded convenience outlets per circuit and provisions for a minimum of two 220-volt ovens with vents to the outside. The structure is to have a minimum of 2 convenience outlets per wall, and a utility sink with an adequate clean potable water supply for testing. The state building is to be equipped with at minimum a hot water dispenser or hot water heater capable of generating 1 gallon of water per use at 140° F with adequate water pressure. Space heaters for heating the structure are unacceptable. Portable structures are to be support blocked for stability and are to be tied down.

For this project, asphalt content will be determined utilizing the ignition method so the structure is to provide for the following in lieu of the item 504 requirements for asphalt content by extraction. The room to contain the ignition oven is to be adequately power ventilated and contain a NEMA 6-50r (208/240 v, 50 a) outlet within 2.5 feet of the ignition oven location and an independent exhaust outlet to the outside no further than 8 feet from the oven. The surface for the ignition oven location is to be level, sturdy, and fireproof with at least 6-inch clearance between the furnace and other vertical surfaces.

If needed, each building is to be moved to a new location as directed by the Engineer. Any building that is no longer required on the job after completion of the pertinent construction items may be released to the Contractor upon consent of the Engineer.

# Item 506 Temporary Erosion, Sedimentation, and Environmental Controls

Erosion control devices are to be installed as needed in coordination with the work progress, or as directed by the Engineer.

Use wooden stakes to secure erosion control logs. Do not use rebar stakes.

# **Item 610 Roadway Illumination Assemblies**

Furnish and install steel (not aluminum) roadway illumination poles. Fabricate roadway illumination assemblies in accordance with shop drawings approved by the department. Submit shop drawings for each projector use pre-approved standard shop drawings.

Copies of the standard shop drawings are on file with traffic operations division, bridge division, and the materials section of construction division. Additional shop drawings for roadway

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

Highway: US 287

illumination assemblies built in accordance with these drawings are not required. Pre-approved shop drawing manufacturers and assembly model numbers can be found at <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/material-producer-list.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/material-producer-list.html</a>
Category is roadway illumination and electrical supplies.

For project specific special design shop drawings, furnish shop drawings of the complete assembly in accordance with item 441, "steel structures". Deliver shop drawings to the Engineer at the project address.

# Item 618 Conduit

The locations of conduit as shown are for diagrammatic purposed only and may be varied to meet local conditions, subject to approval. Backfill all open trenches before the end of the workday and do not leave any trench open overnight.

# **Item 620 Electrical Conductors**

Provide breakaway electrical connectors for breakaway poles. Use Bussman HEBW, Littlefuse LEB, Ferraz-Shawmut FEB, or equal on ungrounded conductors. For grounded conductors, use Bussman HET, Littlefuse LET, Ferraz-Shawmut FEBN, or equal. These breakaway connectors have a white colored marking and a permanently installed solid neutral. See the latest RID (2) standard for additional details.

# **Item 624 Ground Boxes**

Do not place ground boxes in the bottom of a ditch. Alternate ground box locations will be as directed.

# **Item 628 Electrical Services**

Notify the utility company as soon as possible in order to minimize delay and coordinate the work necessary for the utility company to provide power.

The Contractor is responsible for submitting application(s) to applicable utility company which will be set up in the Contractor's name with 911 address(es) for service location(s). Costs and charges from the utility company will be paid by the Department in accordance with the standard specification.

Once the project is complete and accepted by the Department, the Department will transfer utility services into the Department's name using the corresponding 911 addresses and meter numbers.

# Item 644 Small Roadside Sign Supports and Assemblies

ALUMINUM	Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
SIGN BLANKS	Less than 7.5	0.100
THICKNESS	7.5 or Greater	0.125

Sheet: 6C

**Control:** 0066-04-083

All slip base signs will have a triangular slip base with a 2-bolt clamp to prevent rotation of signpost. Set screw type slip base will not be allowed.

A 7" x 1/2" diameter galvanized rod or #4 rebar is to be installed in the sign stub as shown on SMD(SLIP-1)-08 to prevent rotation of the sign stub in the concrete footing.

The exact locations of the large and small roadside signs are to be as designated by the Engineer.

The existing riprap aprons are to be removed and disposed of as approved by the Engineer. This work is not to be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the removal of foundations under this item.

Probe before drilling for foundations to determine the location of all utilities and structures. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to bid items involved.

Details for standard signs not shown on the signing standards of the signing detail plan sheets are to be in conformance with the department's "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" Manual, Latest Edition.

Install a wrap of retroreflective sheeting conforming to DMS-8300 on all posts for small road sign assemblies. Sign post wraps will not be paid for directly, but are considered subsidiary to Item 644.

Install red sheeting on the posts containing the following signs: Stop, Yield, Wrong Way & Do Not Enter

Install yellow sheeting on all other small sign posts.

Install all retroreflective wraps at a height of 4 ft. from bottom of the wrap to the edge of the travel lane surface. All retroreflective wraps will cover the full circumference of the sign post for a vertical width of 12 inches.

# **Item 666 Reflectorized Pavement Markings**

**Retroreflectivity Requirements:** 

All Type I markings must meet the minimum retroreflectivity values for edgeline markings, centerline or no passing barrier-line, and lane lines when measured any time after 3 days, but not later than 10 days after application:

- ♦ White markings: 250 millicandelas per square meter per lux (mcd/m²/lx)
- ♦ Yellow markings: 175 mcd/m²/lx

Retroreflectivity Measurements: Mobile or portable retroreflectometers may be used at the Contractor's discretion.

General Notes Sheet G General Notes Sheet H

Highway: US 287

All Type I markings must meet the minimum retroreflectivity values for edgeline markings, centerline or no passing barrier-line, and lane lines when measured any time after 3 days, but not later than 10 days after application.

# **Item 3077 Superpave Mixtures**

Use aggregate that meets the SAC requirement of class A.

Only fractionated RAP is allowed.

Use of RAS is not allowed.

All SP-D on this project is considered surface mix. A substitution PG binder is not allowed, as shown in Table 5.

When laying ACP on a roadway that has two or more lanes and the work is being done under traffic, then the adjacent lane or lanes are to be overlaid by the end of the following day.

Make a smooth, clean, minimum 1 inch deep butt joint where each end of the new pavement joins the existing pavement. Any method approved by the Engineer can be used to make the joint.

The District Lab will perform a maximum of 2(two) design verification tests. If additional verification tests are needed, the Contractor will be billed \$3,500.00 per each additional verification test required to obtain an approved asphaltic concrete pavement mix design.

If lime is not used as an antistrip agent, then the production and placement testing frequency for the Boil test (TEX-530-C) shown in the table below.

Description	Test Method	Minimum Contractor Testing Frequency	Minimum Engineer Testing Frequency
Boil test	Tex-530-C	1 per lot	1 per 12 sublots

If used, the IR bar read out screen must be visible at all times to the Engineer.

# Item 3096 Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions

Asphalt from different sources is not to be blended.

The "Open" seasons for applying asphaltic materials and mixtures for the listed items are to be as follows, unless authorized otherwise in writing by the Engineer:

Sheet: 6D

**Control:** 0066-04-083

ITEMS	OPEN SEASON
310	All Year
3077	From April 15 <sup>th</sup> through October 31st

# Item 6001 Portable Changeable Message Sign

Supply <u>2</u> Portable Changeable Message Signs (Type II – Lamp Matrix) for this project. No payment will be made for removing and replacing damaged PCMS.

If the Contractor chooses to have more than one lane closure set-up at a time, provide additional PCMS in accordance with TCP at no additional charge to the department.

# Item 6185 Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA)

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for this project, provide 0 additional shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (1-1)-18, (1-4)-18, (1-5)-18, (2-1)-18, (2-4)-18, (2-6)-18, (3-2)-13, (3-3)-14, (3-4)-13 as detailed on the General Notes of this standard sheets.

Therefore, 2 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0066-04-083

**DISTRICT** Amarillo HIGHWAY US 287

**COUNTY** Moore

Report Created On: Mar 1, 2024 3:39:21 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	ои јов	0066-04	-083		
	PROJE			A00198020		<b>-</b>	
	CO		OUNTY			TOTAL EST.	TOTAL
		HIC	HWAY	US 28	37		FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	104-6017	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWAYS)	SY	50.000		50.000	
	105-6054	REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (18")	SY	4,028.000		4,028.000	
	105-6092	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (5"-8")	SY	1,094.000		1,094.000	
	106-6002	OBLITERATING ABANDONED ROAD	SY	1,094.000		1,094.000	
	112-6002	SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	STA	26.000		26.000	
	132-6002	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY A)	CY	3.000		3.000	
	134-6001	BACKFILL (TY A)	STA	22.000		22.000	
	150-6002	BLADING	HR	26.000		26.000	
	164-6036	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	AC	5.000		5.000	
	164-6053	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP)(WARM OR COOL)	AC	3.000		3.000	
	247-6472	FL BS(CMP IN PLC)(TY A,B OR D GR4)(12")	SY	7,388.000		7,388.000	
	310-6009	PRIME COAT (MC-30)	GAL	1,848.000		1,848.000	
	416-6029	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	LF	160.000		160.000	
	420-6009	CL A CONC (COLLAR)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	460-6003	CMP (GAL STL 24 IN)	LF	125.000		125.000	
	464-6005	RC PIPE (CL III)(24 IN)	LF	312.000		312.000	
	467-6380	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	467-6395	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	480-6001	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6004	REMOV STR (SET)	EA	8.000		8.000	
	496-6007	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	227.000		227.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		4.000	
	506-6040	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	LF	300.000		300.000	
	506-6043	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	LF	300.000		300.000	
	530-6019	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)(TYPE 1)	SY	50.000		50.000	
	536-6004	CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND	SY	402.000		402.000	
	610-6009	REMOVE RD IL ASM (TRANS-BASE)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	610-6323	IN RD IL (TY ST) 50T-12-12(400W EQ)LED	EA	20.000		20.000	
	618-6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	4,525.000		4,525.000	
	618-6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	835.000		835.000	
	620-6007	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) BARE	LF	5,600.000		5,600.000	
	620-6008	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	LF	11,200.000		11,200.000	
	624-6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911)W/APRON	EA	2.000		2.000	
	624-6028	REMOVE GROUND BOX	EA	2.000		2.000	
	628-6045	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 060(NS)SS(E)SP(O)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6001	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(P)	EA	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Amarillo	Moore	0066-04-083	7



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0066-04-083

**DISTRICT** Amarillo **HIGHWAY** US 287

**COUNTY** Moore

Report Created On: Mar 1, 2024 3:39:21 PM

		CONTROL SECTION	N JOB	0066-04	l-083		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00198	8020		
		CC	YTNUC	Moore		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	GHWAY US 287				TINAL
LT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	644-6004	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG(1)SA(T)	EA	16.000		16.000	
	644-6028	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(P-BM)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	644-6033	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYS80(1)SA(U)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	10.000		10.000	
	658-6060	REMOVE DELIN & OBJECT MARKER ASSMS	EA	34.000		34.000	
	658-6086	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1(YFLX)GND	EA	100.000		100.000	
	662-6008	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (W)6"(SLD)	LF	2,930.000		2,930.000	
	662-6037	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SLD)	LF	5,153.000		5,153.000	
	666-6035	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	3,623.000		3,623.000	
	666-6047	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	114.000		114.000	
	666-6053	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ARROW)(090MIL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	666-6077	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(WORD)(090MIL)	EA	6.000		6.000	
	666-6092	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(RR XING)(090MIL)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	666-6098	REF PAV MRK TY I(W)18"(YLD TRI)(090MIL)	EA	142.000		142.000	
	666-6308	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	4,268.000		4,268.000	
	666-6317	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BRK)(090MIL)	LF	2,230.000		2,230.000	
	666-6320	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD)(090MIL)	LF	5,299.000		5,299.000	
	672-6007	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C	EA	80.000		80.000	
	3077-6058	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28	TON	4,440.000		4,440.000	
	3077-6075	TACK COAT	GAL	3,541.000		3,541.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.000		2.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	50.000		50.000	
	6185-6003	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	HR	24.000		24.000	
	18	EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Amarillo	Moore	0066-04-083	7A

CSJ: 0066-04-083 SUMMARY OF	WORKZONE	ITEMS
	662	662
	6008	6037
LOCATION	MRK NON-REMOV	WK ZN PAV MRK NON-REMOV (Y)6"(SL D)
	LF	LF
CSJ: 0066-04-083	2930	5153
PROJECT TOTALS:	2930	5153

					CSJ: 0	066-04-083	SUMMARY	OF ROADWAY	ITEMS									
	104	105	105	106	112	132	134	150	247	310	530	536	644	658	3077	3077	3077	3077
	6017	6054	6092	6002	6002	6002	6001	6002	6472	6009	6019	6004	6076	6060	6058	6058	6058	6075
LOCATION	REMOVING CONC (DRIVEWA YS)	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (18")	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (5"-8")	OBL I TERAT ING ABANDONED ROAD	WIDENING	EMBANKMEN T (FINAL) (DENS CONT) (TY	BACKFILL (TY A)	BLADING	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	DRIVEWAYS (ACP) (TYPE 1)	CONC DIRECTIO NAL ISLAND	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	REMOVE DELIN & OBJECT MARKER ASSMS	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (220 LBS/SY)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (330 LBS/SY)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
	SY	SY	SY	SY	STA	CY	STA	HR	SY	GAL	SY	SY	EA	EA	TON	TON	TON	GAL
ADDITIONAL AREAS SHEET 1 OF 1							22									1978		1558
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 1 OF 3		213	1094	1094									4	6				
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 2 OF 3		1900											3	10				
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 3 OF 3		1915											3	18				
WIDENING LAYOUT SHEET 1 OF 3					8			8	1243	311							383	301
WIDENING LAYOUT SHEET 2 OF 3					10	3		10	3813	954		338			21		1246	1006
WIDENING LAYOUT SHEET 3 OF 3					8			8	2332	583		64					720	567
DRIVEWAY AND INTERSECTION DETAILS SHEET 1 OF 1	50										50				92			109
PROJECT TOTALS:	50	4028	1094	1094	26	3	22	26	7388	1848	50	402	10	34	113	1978	2349	3541

	CSJ: 00	66-04-083	SUMMARY OF	DRAINAGE	ITEMS			
	420	460	464	467	467	480	496	496
	6009	6003	6005	6380	6395	6001	6004	6007
LOCATION	CL A CONC (COLLAR)	CMP (GAL STL 24 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24 IN)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (6: 1) (P)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (PIPE)
	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 1 OF 3							2	53
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 2 OF 3							4	109
REMOVAL LAYOUT SHEET 3 OF 3							2	65
DRAINAGEPLAN SHEET 1 OF 2	2	125	230	2	1	2		
DRAINAGE PLAN SHEET 2 OF 2			82	2				
PROJECT TOTALS:	2	125	312	4	1	2	8	227

CSJ: 0066-04-08	33 SUMMARY	OF SIGN I	TEMS	
	644	644	644	644
	6001	6004	6028	6033
LOCATION	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG( 1)SA(P)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TY10BWG( 1)SA(P-BM	TVCOC(1)	IN SM RD SN SUP&AN TYS80(1) SA(U)
	EA	EA	EA	EA
SOSS SHEET 1 OF 2		7	4	1
SOSS SHEET 2 OF 2	1	9	2	
PROJECT TOTALS:	1	16	6	1

US 287

PROJECT SUMMARY

4	2024	√_Te)	kas D	epartment of 7	ran	sp	ortat	ion
_	//			SHE	ΞT	1	OF	2

	_			JIIL		01 2			
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	T JOB HIGHWAY					
RPA	СН	0066	04	083 US 287					
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.				
кк	BV	АМА		MOORE 8					

	CSJ: 0066-04-083 SUMMARY OF ILLUMINATION ITEMS												
	416	610	618	618	620	620	624	628	610	624			
	6029	6323	6023	6047	6007	6008	6008	6045	6009	6028			
LOCATION	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30 IN)	IN RD IL (TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ)LED	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	ELEC CONDR (NO. 8) BARE	ELEC CONDR (NO.8) INSULATED	GROUND BOX TY C (162911) W/APRON	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 060 (NS) SS (E) SP (O )	REMOVE RD IL ASM (TRANS-BA SE)	REMOVE GROUND BOX			
	LF	EΑ	LF	LF	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EΑ			
ILLUMINATION LAYOUT 1 OF 3	8	1	275		285	570			1	2			
ILLUMINATION LAYOUT 2 OF 3	88	11	2480	735	3375	6750	2	1					
ILLUMINATION LAYOUT 3 OF 3	64	8	1770	100	1940	3880							
PROJECT TOTALS:	160	20	4525	835	5600	11200	2	1	1	2			

		CSJ: (	0066-04-08	3 SUMMARY	OF PAVEMEN	T MARKING	ITEMS				
	658	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	666	<b>①</b> 672
	6086	6035	6047	6053	6077	6092	6098	6308	6317	6320	6007
LOCATION	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SY)SZ 1 (YFLX)G ND	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)8"(SL D) (O9OMIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)24"(S LD) (O9OMIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (ARROW) (090MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (WORD) (090MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (RR XING) (090MIL)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 18" (YLD TRI) (090MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W)6"(SLD) (O9OMIL	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(BR K) (O9OMIL	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y)6"(SLD) (O9OMIL	REFL PAV MRKR TY I-C
	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA	EA	LF	LF	LF	EA
CSJ: 0066-04-083	100	3623	114	6	6	1	142	4268	2231	5299	80
PROJECT TOTALS:	100	3623	114	6	6	1	142	4268	2231	5299	80

① TO BE INSTALLED ON CONCRETE DIRECTIONAL ISLANDS.

CSJ: 0066-04-083 SUMM	ARY OF ERO	SION CONTR	ROL ITEMS	
	164	164	506	506
	6036	6053	6040	6043
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (R URAL) (CLAY)	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (WARM OR COOL)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL) (8")	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)
	AC	AC	LF	LF
CSJ: 0066-04-083	5	3	300	300
PROJECT TOTALS	5	3	300	300

US 287

PROJECT SUMMARY

$\overline{Z}$	7	,		SHE	ET 2	2 OF 2
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
RPA	СН	0066	04	083	ι	JS 287
DRWN	СК	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
KK	В۷	AMA		MOORE		9

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES

- PLACE ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS PER BC STANDARDS PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK. ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS WILL REMAIN IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- 2. TO ALERT THE PUBLIC OF POSSIBLE LANE CLOSURES, CHANGEABLE MESSAGE BOARDS WILL BE PLACED AT THE PROJECT LIMITS SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING WORK AND WILL OPERATE AT APPROPRIATE TIMES DURING THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- ALL SIGNS, BARRICADES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS WILL CONFORM TO THE MOST CURRENT APPLICABLE TXDOT STANDARDS AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".
- NO TWO CONSECUTIVE CROSSOVERS WILL BE CLOSED SIMULTANEOUSLY.
- TRAFFIC CONTROL, SHOULDER CLOSURES, AND LANE CLOSURES WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE BC, TCP, WZ STANDARDS, OR AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- ALL SIGNS BARRICADES AND CHANNELIZING DEVICES WILL BE KEPT CLEAN AND FUNCTIONAL FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.
- EXISTING SIGNS TO BE REMOVED WILL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL NEW SIGNS ARE INSTALLED.
- ANY EXISTING SIGN THAT IS IN CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED TRAFFIC CONTROL WILL BE REMOVED OR COVERED TEMPORARILY AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN SIGNS IN GOOD CONDITION, WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502. DAMAGES TO EXISTING SIGNS THAT ARE TO REMAIN WILL BE REPLACED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST.
- CONTRACTOR WILL UTILIZE SHOULDER DROP-OFF SIGNS (CW8-17, CW8-17P) THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT. SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN GENERAL NOTES

- 10. CROSSING STREETS AND DRIVEWAYS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT ACCESS IS MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 11. WHEN WORK REQUIRES SHOULDER CLOSURES, THE OUTSIDE AND INSIDE SHOULDER WILL NOT BE CLOSED SIMULTANEOUSLY PER A ROADBED; OR WORK CANNOT BE DONE SIMULTANEOUSLY ON BOTH THE INSIDE AND OUTSIDE EDGELINES FOR A ROADBED.
- 12. SUBMIT CONTRACTOR-PROPOSED TCP CHANGES, SIGNED AND SEALED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL, CHANGES MUST CONFORM TO GUIDELINES IN THE TMUTCD USING APPROVED PRODUCTS FROM THE DEPARTMENT'S COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE LIST. SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502.
- 13. CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE

### PHASE 1:

- PLACE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS, DEVICES, AND TEMPORARY WORK ZONE STRIPING TO PERFORM PHASE 1 WORK
- PERFORM WORK TO WIDEN THE NB AND SB INSIDE SHOULDERS AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS.

### PHASE 2:

- PLACE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS, DEVICES, AND TEMPORARY WORK ZONE STRIPING TO PERFORM PHASE 2
- PERFORM WORK TO WIDEN THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS

### PHASE 3:

1. PERFORM ALL OTHER WORK IN THE PLANS.

# **LEGEND**

3:1 SAFETY SLOPE (3)

# NOTES:

- 1 SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR ADDITION DETAILS ON PROPOSED PAVEMENT STRUCTURE AND JOINT DETAILS.
- (2) A MINIMUM 3:1 SAFETY SLOPE, SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 502, WILL BE INSTALLED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY UTILIZING COMPACTED BASE, RAP, OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL.

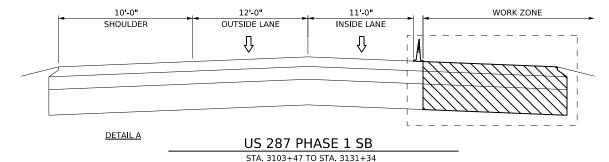


**DETAIL A: 3:1 SAFETY SLOPE** 

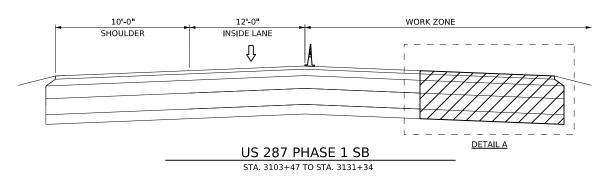
LEGEND\_

WORK ZONE

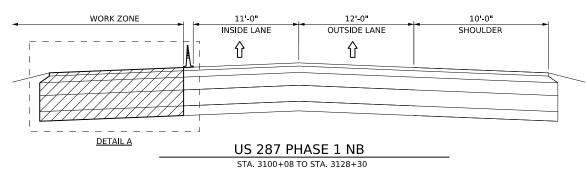
# THIS TCP REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES WHEN WORKERS & EQUIPMENT ARE NOT ACTIVELY WORKING



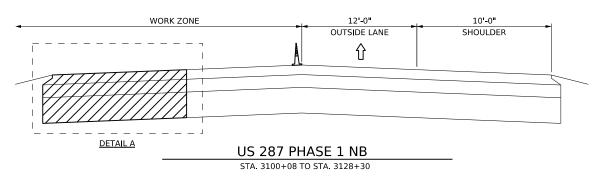
# WHEN WORK IS BEING COMPLETE ADJACENT TO THE TRAVEL LANE.



# THIS TCP REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES WHEN WORKERS & EQUIPMENT ARE NOT ACTIVELY WORKING



# WHEN WORK IS BEING COMPLETE ADJACENT TO THE TRAVEL LANE.





03/01/2024

US 287

TRAFFIC CONTROL NARRATIVE

SCALE: NONE



SHEET 1 OF 1 RPA CH 0066 04 083 US 287 KK BV AMA

- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, ČSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

# WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

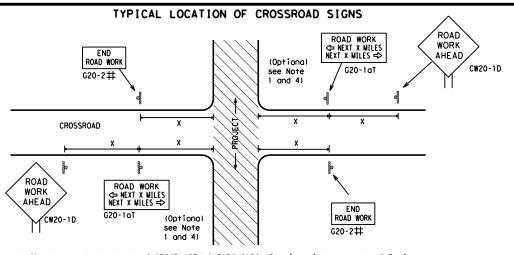


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

		- •	•					
LE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB			HIGHWAY		
1-03	REVISIONS 7-13	0066	04	083		US	287	
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
5-10 5-21		AMA		MOORE			11	

11:32:22



- $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in

# the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ★ ★ R20-5aTP ##EN ##EN ##ER ROAD WORK G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

# SIZE

	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
	30	120
	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
	50	400
	55	500 <sup>2</sup>
	60	600²
	65	700 <sup>2</sup>
	70	800 <sup>2</sup>
	75	900 <sup>2</sup>
	80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
1	*	* 3

SPACING

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" × 48' CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7. CW8. 48" x 48' 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

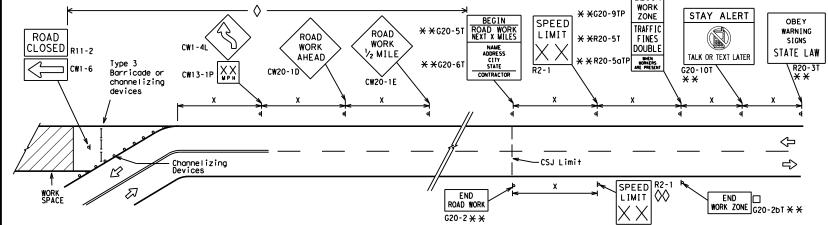
 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

5	WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
• 20 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	ROAD WORK AREA ANEAD CW20-1D WORK AREA CW20-1D WYORK ANEAD CW20-1D CW13-1P	** G20-5T ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES  ** G20-6T ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES  ** G20-6T ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES  ** CW1-4L CW1-3-1P WPH  ** CW1-4L CW1-3-1P  ** CW20-1D  ** C
	←	<u></u>
3		
03 00	Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE    Beginning of NO-PASSING   I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/In "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas	to remind drivers they are still G20-2 ** location NOTES
5	within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locatic channelizing devices.	on and spacing of signs and  The Contractor shall determine the appropria

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND							
ш	Type 3 Barricade							
00	O Channelizing Devices							
ے	Sign							
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							

# SHEET 2 OF 12

Traffic Safety Texas Department of Transportation

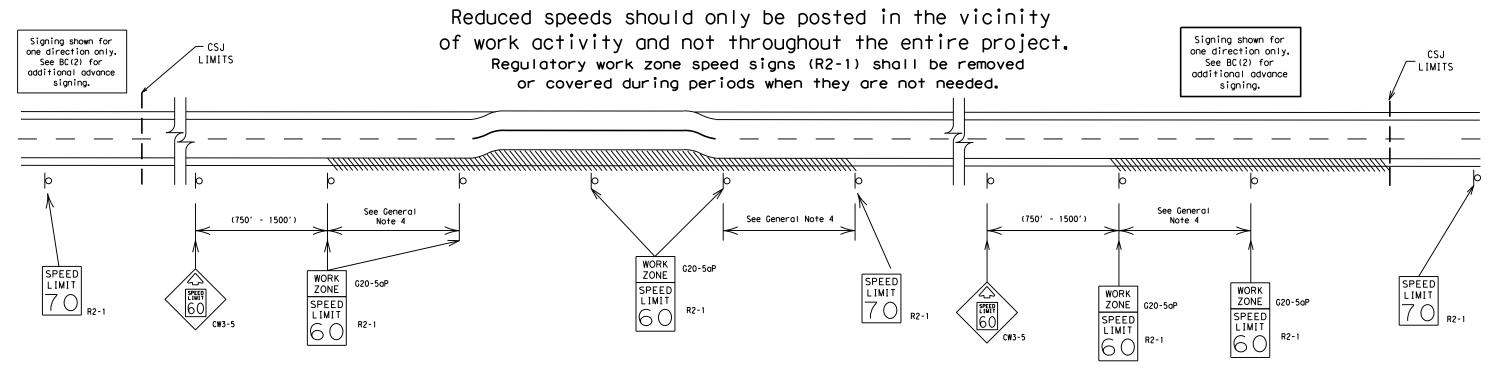
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	CHWAY
	REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
7-13		AMA		MOORE	:		12

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

# SHEET 3 OF 12



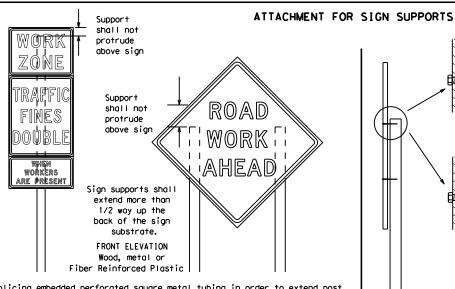
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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9-07	8-14 5-21	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
7-13		AMA		MOORE	:		1.3	

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



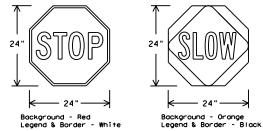
Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

# GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

# <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

# SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

# SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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7-13		AMA		MOORE			14

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

¥ Maximum 12 sq. ft. of \* Maximum wood 21 sq. ft. of sign face sign face 2x6 4×4 block block 72" Length of skids may Top be increased for wood additional stability. post for sign Top 2x4 x 40" 30" height 24" 2x4 brace for sign requirement height 3/8" bolts w/nuts requiremen or 3/8" x 3 1/2" (min.) lag screws Front 4x4 block 40" 4x4 block 36" Side Front SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

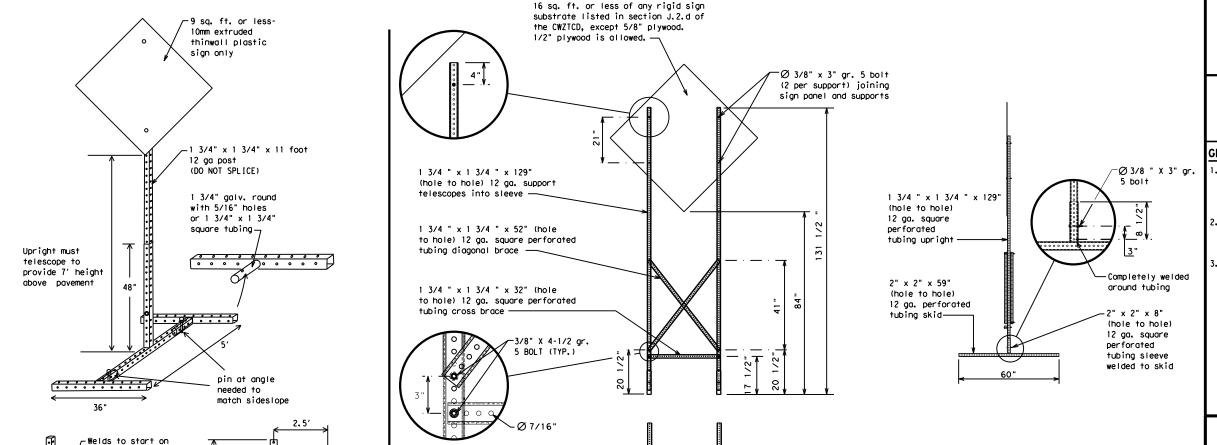
SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View

Pos - Post Post max. desirable 34" min. in Optional strong soils, 48" reinforcing 55" min. in minimum sleeve -34" min. in (1/2" larger weak soils. See the CWZTCD strong soils, for embedment. than sian 55" min, in post) x 18" weak soils. Anchor Stub Anchor Stub (1/4" larger (1/4" larger than sign than sign post) post) -OPTION 2 OPTION 1 OPTION 3 (Anchor Stub) (Direct Embedment) (Anchor Stub and Reinforcing Sleeve)) WING CHANNEL PERFORATED SQUARE METAL TUBING

# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Post

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

# GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC (5) -21

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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	SHWAY
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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99							

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.

ned by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any whatsoever. IxDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion FRU incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

2/13/2024 T:\AMATPD

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	lition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxx			

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

mp Closure List	Other Conc	lition List	Action to Take/E Li:		Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
* LANES SHIFT in Phase	e 1 must be used with	n STAY IN LANE in Phase	STAY IN LANE *		<b>*</b> * Se	e Application Guidelin	es Note 6.

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

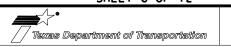
### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



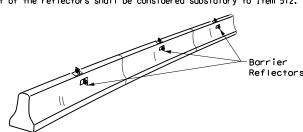
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

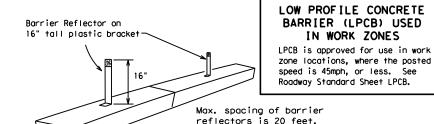
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	AMA		MOORE			16

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

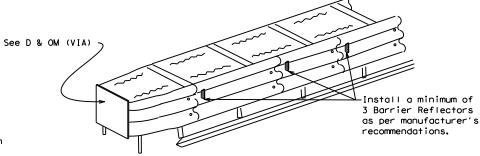
- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# manufacturer's recommendations. LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

Attach the delineators as per

IN WORK ZONES



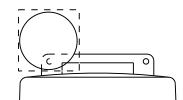
# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

### Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights. 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

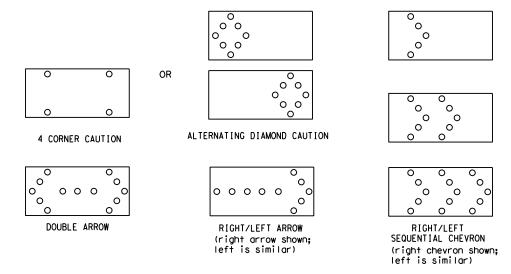
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
   The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS							
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE					
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile					
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile					

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

# TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL NOTES

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

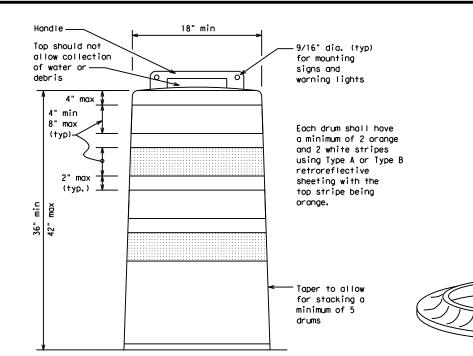
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

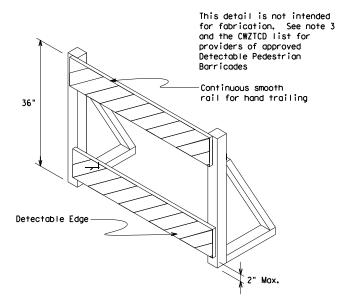
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

# BALLAST

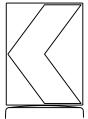
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

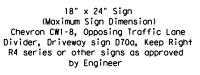




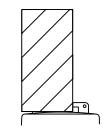
# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.





See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

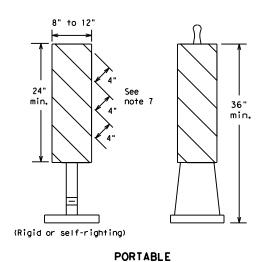


Traffic Safety

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

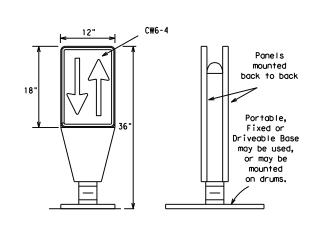
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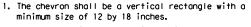
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
   Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

# OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

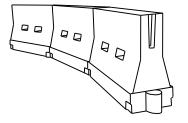


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# CHEVRONS

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



# LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36'

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

# WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

	Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacin Channe	
			10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
	30	ws²	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′
	35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′
	40	8	265′	295′	3201	40′	80'
	45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′
	50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′
	55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55 <i>°</i>	110′
	60		600'	6601	7201	60′	120'
	65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′
	70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′
	75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′
Į	80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′

\*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

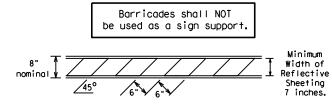
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

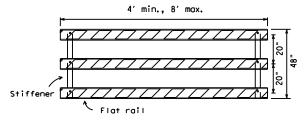
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7-13	5-21	AMA		MOORE			19

# TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOI be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

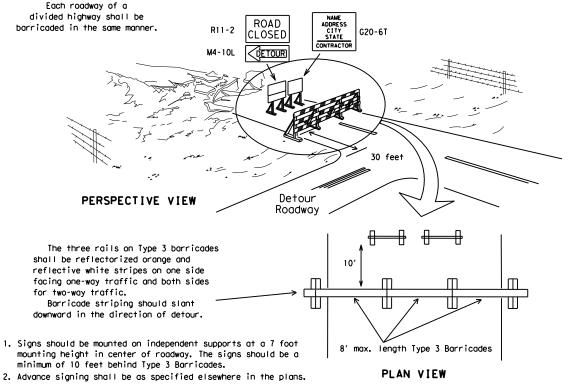


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

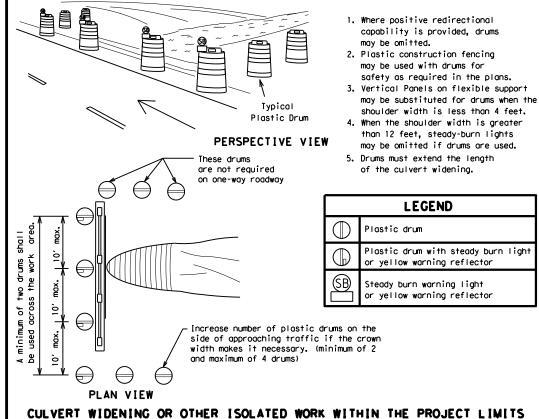


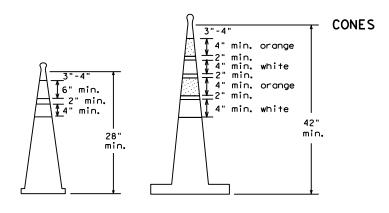
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

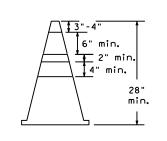


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

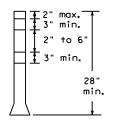




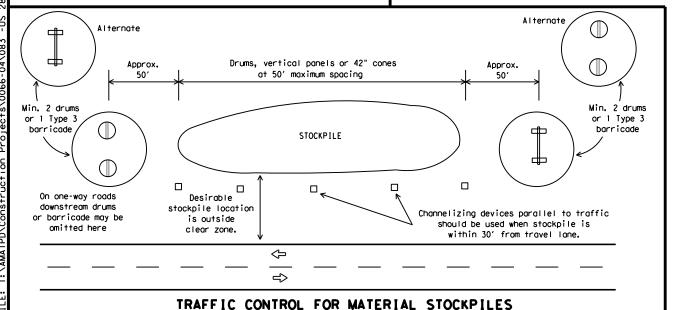
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker



28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BC(10)-21

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# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

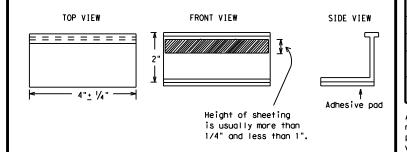
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

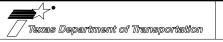
Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

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### STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS Type Y buttons Type II-A-A 000/100// DOUBLE PAVEMENT <u>\_</u>\_ NO-PASSING REFLECTOR 17FD PAVEMENT LINE Type I-C, I-A or II-A-A Type W or Y buttons RAISED EDGE LINE SOL I D PAVEMENT OR SINGLE LINES 60" REFLECTORIZED NO-PASSING LINE PAVEMENT White or Yellow Type I-C Type W buttons WIDE RAISED PAVEMENT LINE REFLECTOR 17FD (FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO MARKINGS DISCOURAGE LANE CHANGING, ) White 30"<u>+</u> 3' 30"+/-3" Type I-C or II-A-A 0 Q 0 9 0 RAISED **CENTER** PAVEMENT | 5' | 5' | MARKERS √Type W or LINE OR LANE REFLECTORIZED LINE MARKINGS White or Yellow Type I-C or II-A-A **BROKEN** (when required) LINES RAISED п \_ ‡8 п П 1-2" \_ MARKERS **AUXILIARY** Type I-C or II-C-OR LANEDROP REFLECTORIZED LINE PAVEMENT REMOVABLE MARKINGS 5' <u>+</u> 6" WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS If raised pavement markers are used Raised Pavement Markers to supplement REMOVABLE markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier 20' ± 1' removal of raised pavement markers Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines **SHEET 12 OF 12** Traffic Safety Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS Raised payement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS." BC(12)-21 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 JOB HIGHWAY US 287 0066 04 083 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 MOORE 22

	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
(F	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag Flagger							
	<u> </u>							

Posted Speed	Speed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30′	60,	120′	90′
35	L = WS 60	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320'	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

END

ROAD WORK

公

\$ □

G20-2

48" X 24"

(See note 2)▲

Inactive

work vehicle

- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	<b>√</b>	✓						

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations

Division Standard

TCP(1-1)-18

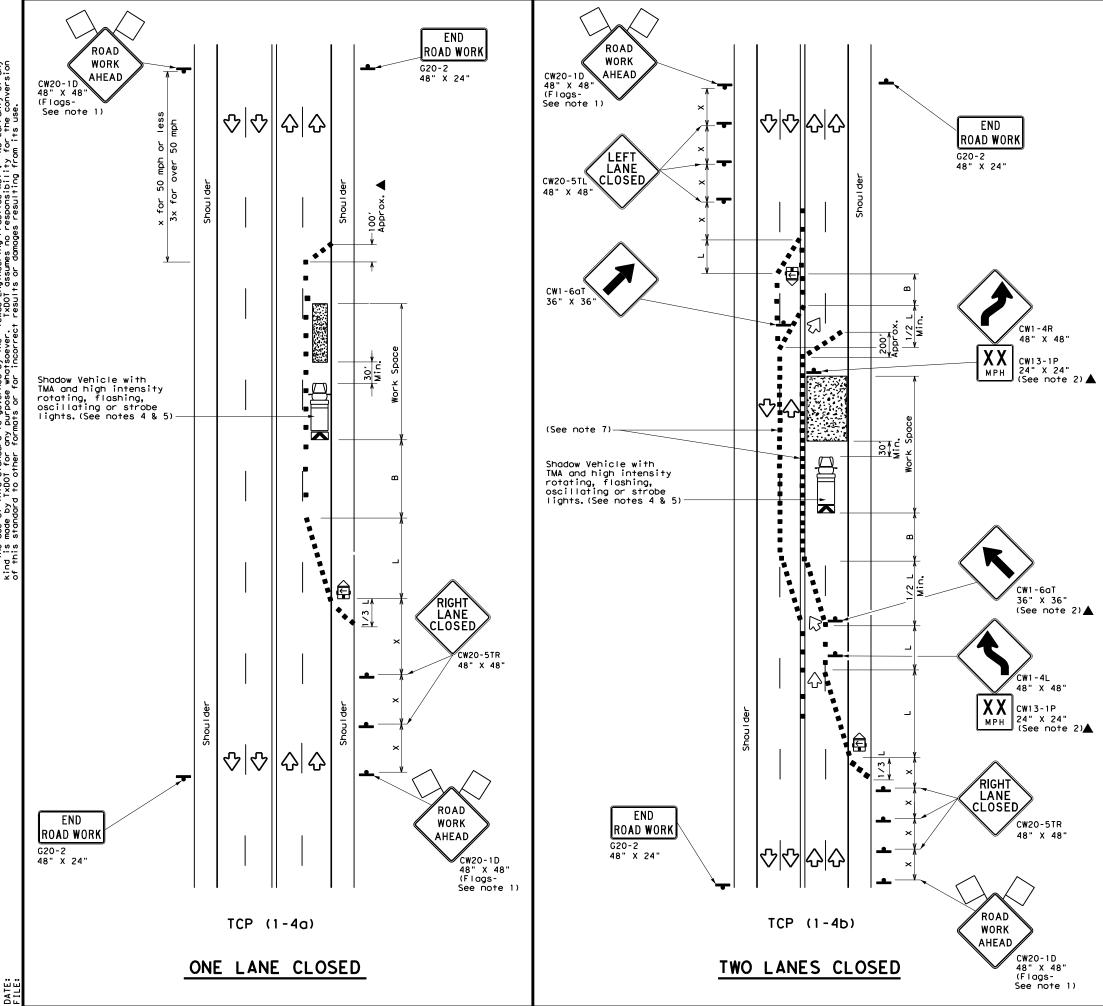
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD ROAD SHOULDER WORK WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-TCP (1-1c)

See notes 1

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WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

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LEGEND							
Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
Flag	Ф	Flagger					
	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign	Type 3 Barricade  Heavy Work Vehicle  Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board  Sign					

Posted Speed	peed		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS 60	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	1551
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	3201	1951
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- " -	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.

  4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

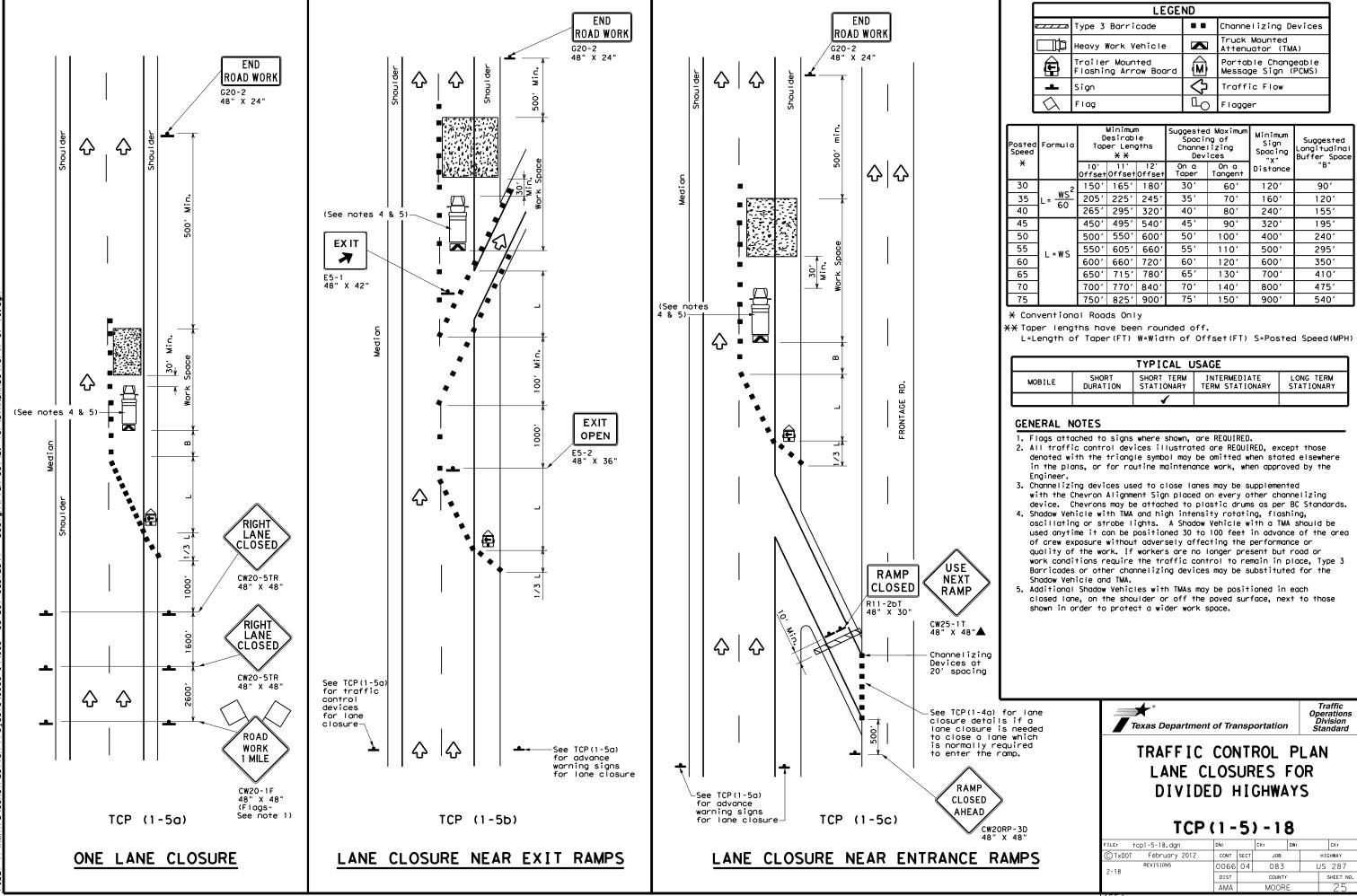


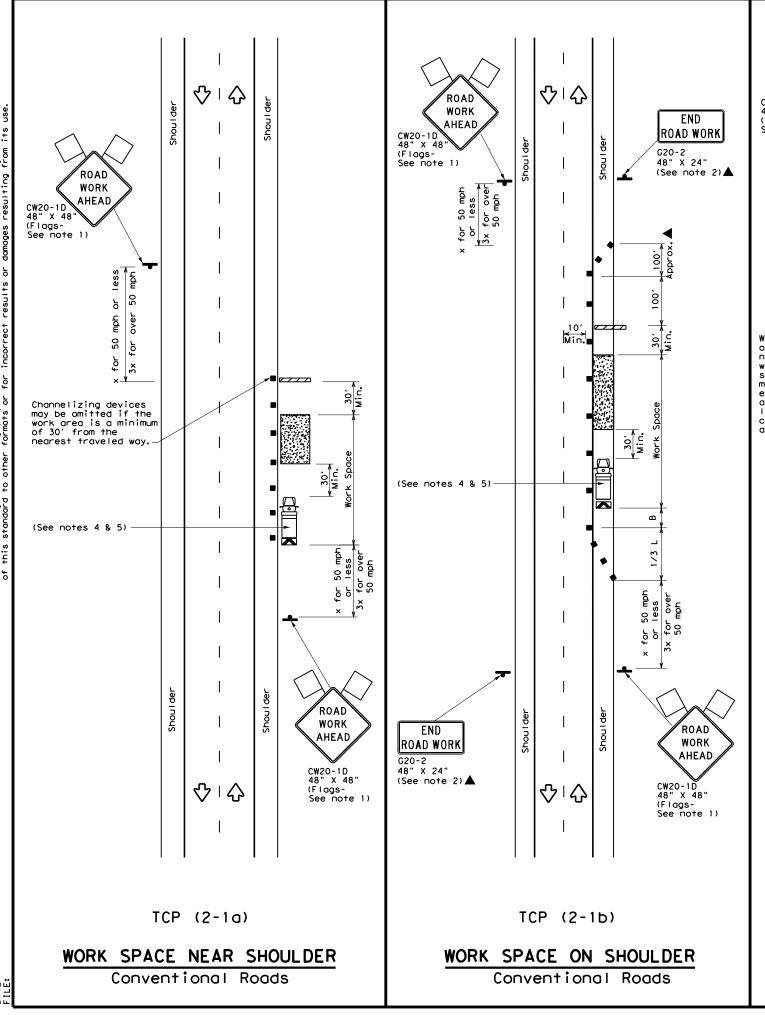
Traffic Operations Division Standard

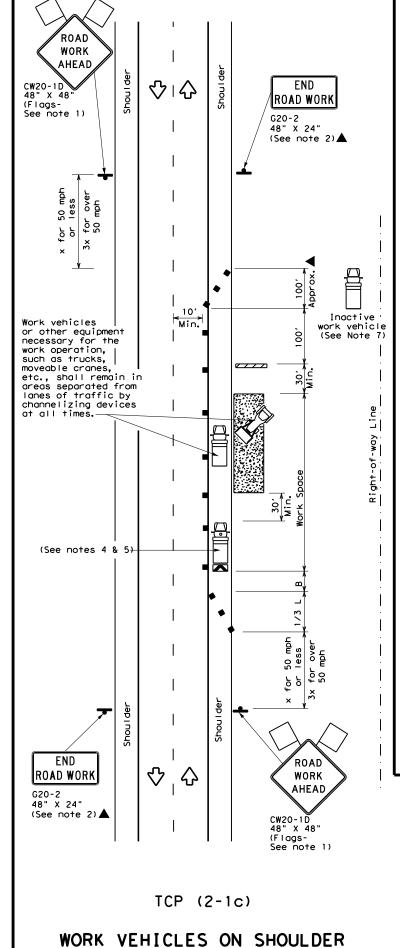
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

FILE:	tcp1-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDC	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94	REVISIONS 4-98	0066	04	083	ι	JS 287
	2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97	2-18	AMA		MOORE		24







Conventional Roads

LEGEND Type 3 Barricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Heavy Work Vehicle Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board 令 Traffic Flow Sign  $\bigcirc$ DO Flag Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths **		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"		
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′		
35	L = WS	2051	225′	2451	35′	70′	160′	120'		
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′		
50		500′	550′	600'	50'	100′	400′	240'		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′		
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′		
75		750′	825′	9001	75'	150′	900′	540′		

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	<i>1 1 1</i>									

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

	_			_		
LE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0066	04	083		US	5 287
-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	AMA		MOORE	Ε		26

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПО	Flagger						

ᆫ	$\wedge$	. 09				, i ragge		
Posted Speed	Formula		Desirable		Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180'	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L = \frac{WS^2}{60}	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	5501	605′	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
		<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>				

# GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- 4. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

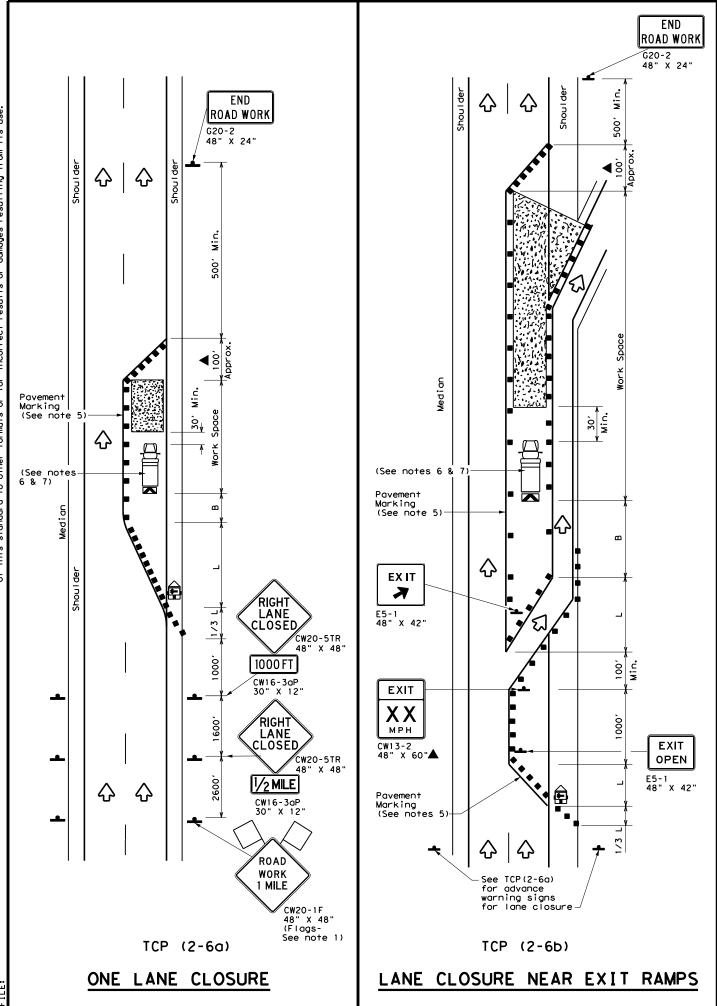


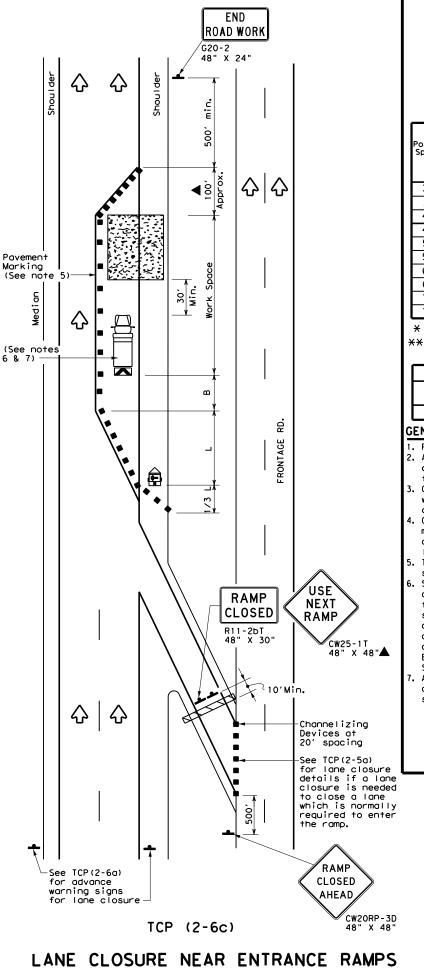
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP (2-4) - 18

FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:		DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US 287
1-97 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	AMA		MOORE	Ξ	27





	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger							
•										

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws²	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90,
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			✓	1			

# **GENERAL NOTES**

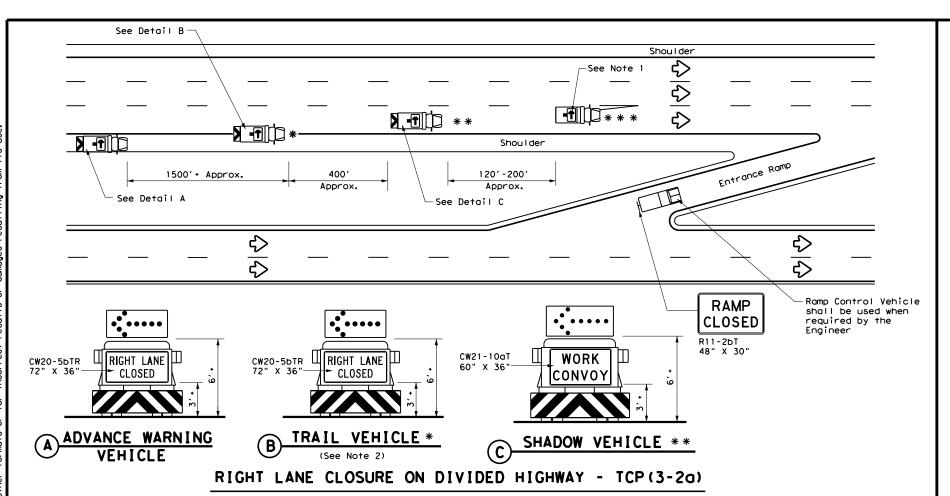
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

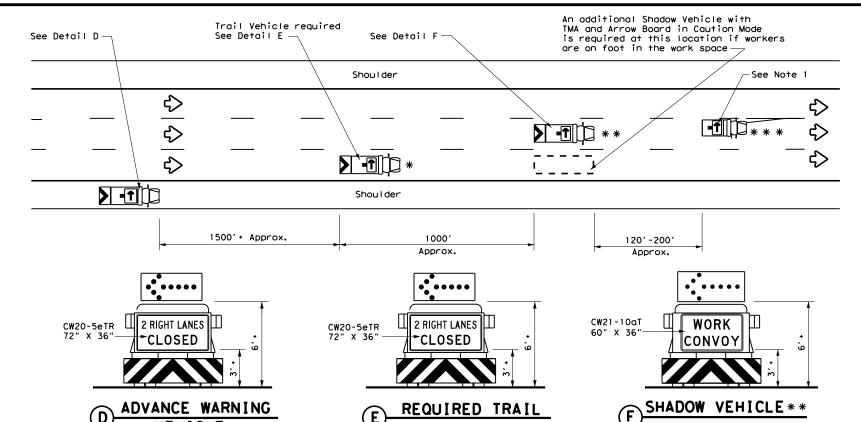
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

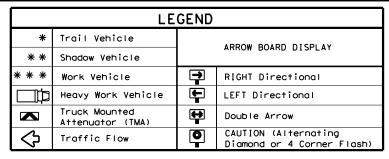
TCP(2-6)-18

FILE:	tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxD0T	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	I GHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98		0066	04	083		US	287
8-95 2-1		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-1	8	AMA		MOOR	E		28





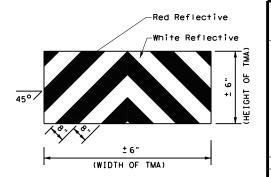
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2b)



TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

### GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- 2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

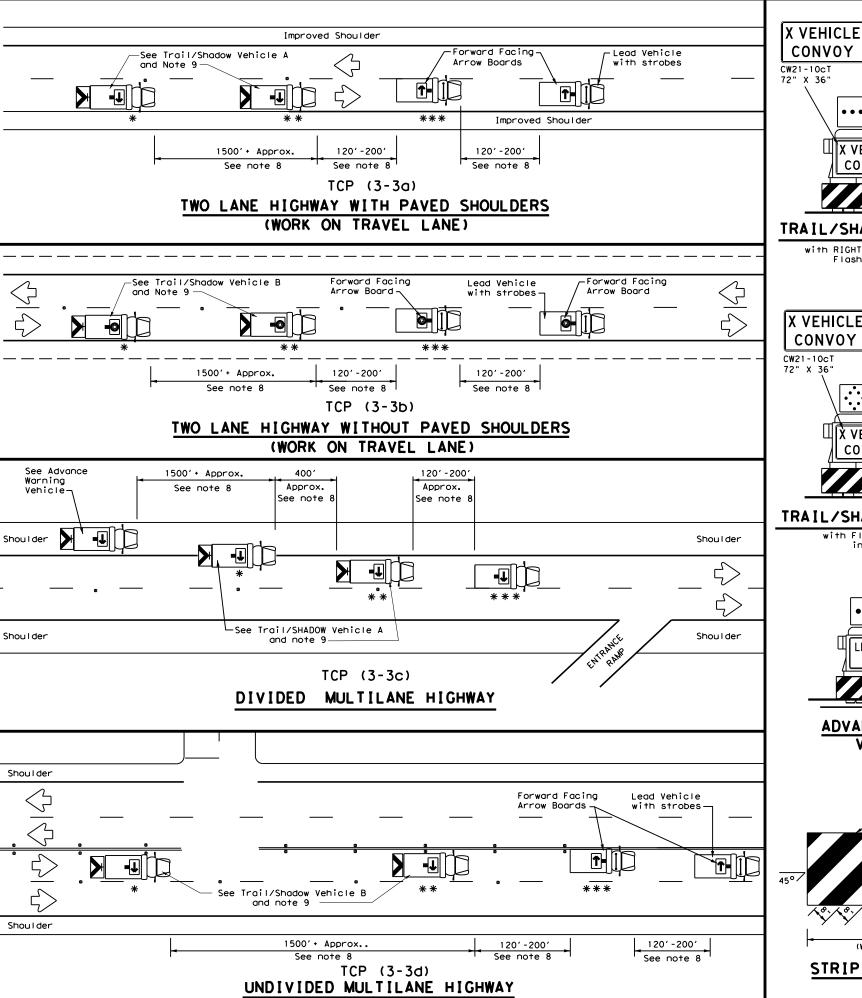


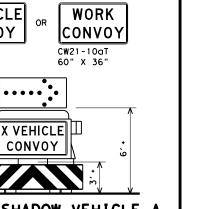
# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) -13

Traffic Operations

	-	•	•		•	•	
.E:	tcp3-2.dgn	DN: T)	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×DOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
) T×DOT	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 94 4-98 95 7-13		0066	04	083		US 287	
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
97	-	AMA		MOORE			29



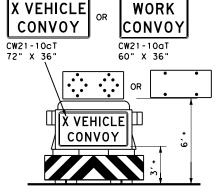


# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

CONVOY

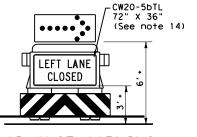
CONVOY

with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

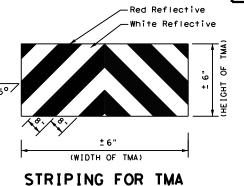


# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY						
* *	Shadow Vehicle							
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b></b>	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>-</b>	LEFT Directional					
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	₩	Double Arrow					
<b>♡</b>	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)					

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY						
1							

# GENERAL NOTES

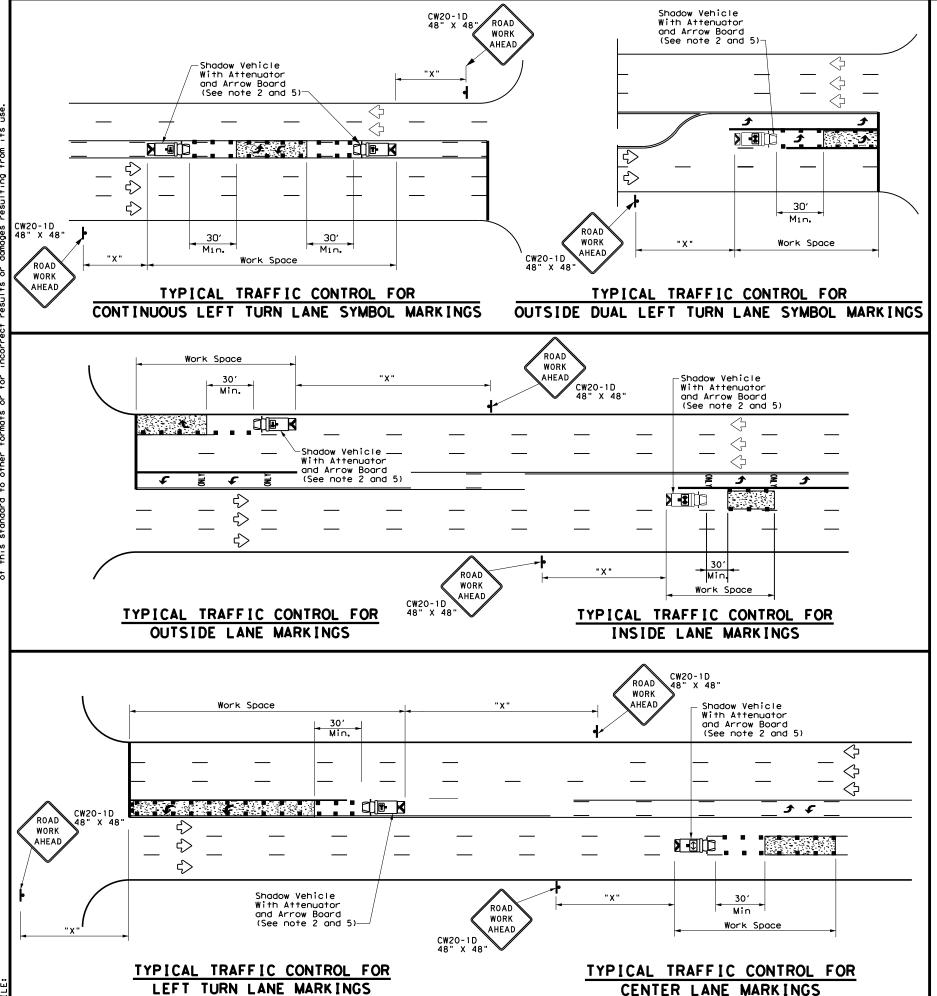
- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2).
- 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
  15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over
- periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP (3-3) -14

FILE: tcp3-3.	dgn DN:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT Septemb	er 1987 con	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98 8-95 7-13		6 04	083		US	287
		DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
1-97 7-14	AM	Δ	MOORE	Ξ		30



	LEGEND									
*	Trail Vehicle	ADDOW DOADD DISDLAY								
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY								
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow								
Change	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices							

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′
35		2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	1551
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500′	550′	6001	50'	1001	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60		600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650'	7151	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

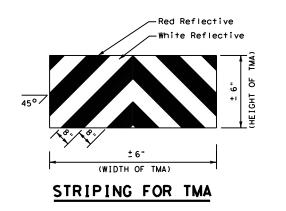
- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.



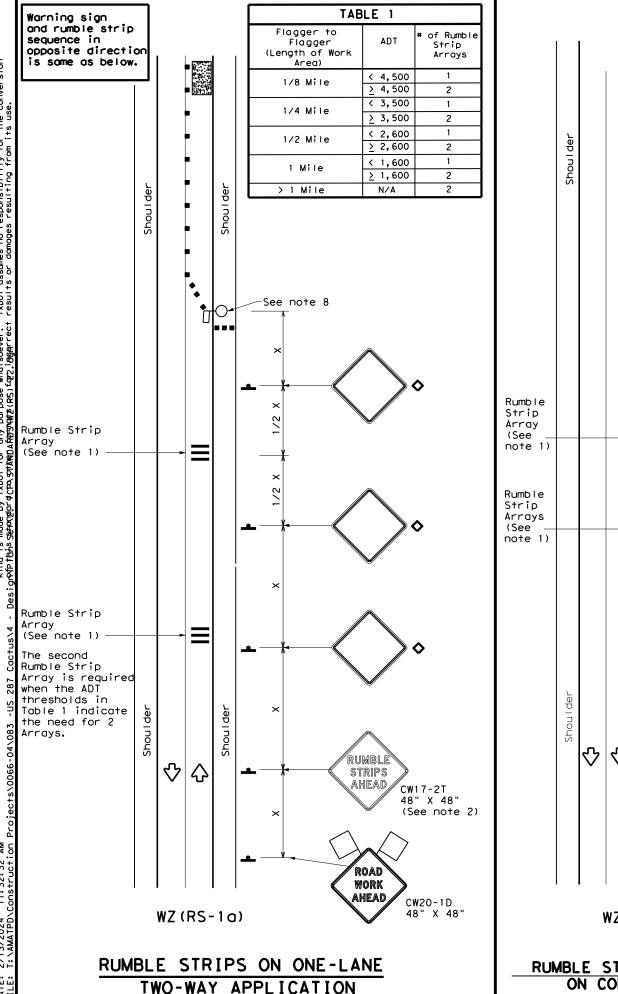


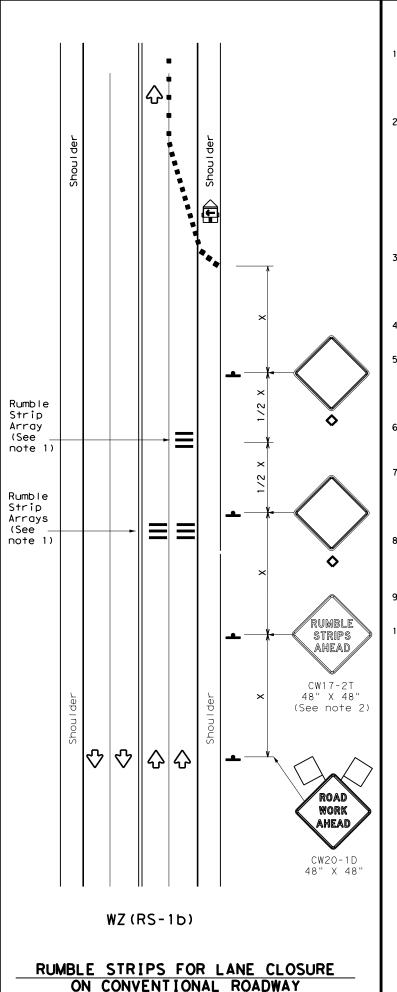
# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-4) -13

LE: tcp3-4.dgn	DN: TxDOT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	l
TxDOT July, 2013	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	JS 287	
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	AMA	MOORE				31	

178





#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- 2. The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- 4. Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- 3. The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- 10. Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
4	Sign	Ŷ	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	* *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	1201	90′
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	4001	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	7201	60`	120'	600'	350′
65		6501	715′	7801	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off,
   L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
  S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	4	4				

- Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
- For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.

TABLE 2						
Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array					
<u>&lt;</u> 40 MPH	10′					
> 40 MPH & <u>&lt;</u> 55 MPH	15′					
= 60 MPH	20′					
<u>&gt;</u> 65 MPH	<b>*</b> 35′+					

Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

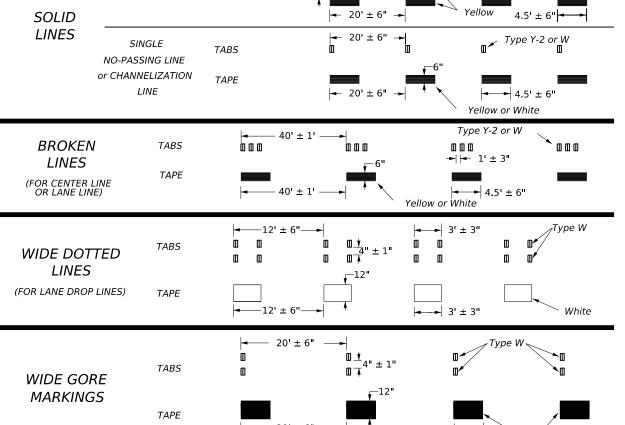
Traffic Safety Division Standard

WZ (RS) -22

ILE: wzrs22.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C)TxDOT November 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
2-14 1-22 4-16	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-16	AMA		MOORI	Ε		32

11

## WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS 4" to 12" DOUBLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE TAPE



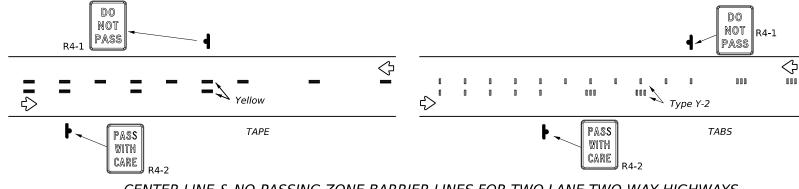
## NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then bé placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

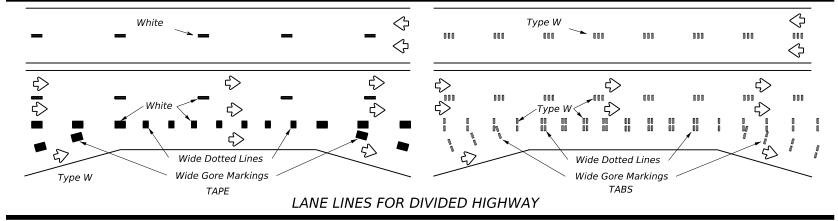
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

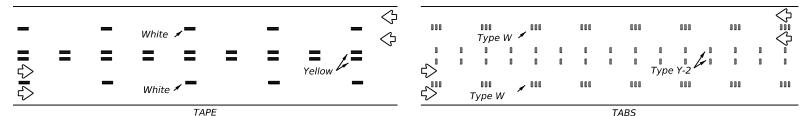
- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

## WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS

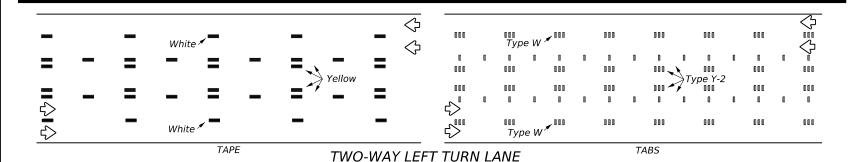


## CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS





## LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Raised Short Term Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

## Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

## **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	WZ:	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
(C) TxE	ОТ	February 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
		REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-03			AMA		MOOR	Ε		33

	LEGEND					
100	Type 3 Barricade					
• • •	Channelizing Devices					
<b>£</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board					
_	Sign					
\\\\	Safety glare screen					

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA	ATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
DELINEATORS AND OBJECT MARKERS	DMS-8600
MODULAR GLARE SCREENS FOR HEADLIGHT BARRIER	DMS-8610

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" CWZTCD)describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/producer-list.html

Refer to applicable BC and/or TCP sheets for approach requirements. Centerline - $\Diamond$  $\Diamond$  $\Rightarrow$  $\Rightarrow$ 500' Max. - See Notes 2 & 3 See Notes 2 & 3 Opposing Traffic Opposing Traffic Opposing Channelizing Channelizing Traffic Devices (See Devices (See Note 5) Lane Divider Lane Divider Lane Divider

VERTICAL PANELS & OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD) SEPARATING TWO-WAY TRAFFIC ON NORMALLY DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

traffic barrier on which they are installed so the joint between barrier sections will not be spanned by any one safety glare screen unit.

 Screen Panel/blades will be designed such that reflective sheeting conforming with Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, Sign Face Materials, Type B or C Yellow, minimum size of 2 inches by 12 inches can be attached to the edge of the panel/blade. The sheeting shall be attached to one glare screen panel/blade per section of concrete barrier not to exceed a spacing of 30 feet. Barrier reflectors are not necessary when panel/blades

4. Payment for these devices will be under statewide Special Specification

This detail is only intended to show types of locations where Glare Screens would be appropriate. Required signing and other devices shall

are installed with reflective sheeting as described.

"Modular Glare Screens for Headlight Barrier."

be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

## NOTES:

**₩** 

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 $\Diamond$ 

- When two-lane, two way traffic control must be maintained on one roadway of a normally divided highway, opposing traffic shall be separated with either temporary traffic barriers, channelizing devices, or a temporary raised island throughout the length of the two way operation. The above Typical Application is intended to show the appropriate application of channelizing devices when they are used for this purpose. This is not a traffic control plan. If this detail is to be used for other types of roads or applications, those locations should be stated elsewhere in the
- Space devices according to the Tangent Spacing shown on the Device Spacing table on BC(9) but not exceeding 100'.
  - Every fifth device should be an OTLD except when spaced closer to accommodate an intersection. An OTLD should be the first device on each side of intersecting streets or roads.
  - 4. Locations where surface mount bases with adhesives or self-righting devices will be required in order to maintain them in their proper position should be noted elsewhere in the plans.
  - 5. Channelizing devices are to be vertical panels, 42" cones or tubular markers that are at least 36" tall. Tubular markers used to separate traffic should have a rubber base weighing at least 30 pounds. Tubular markers that are 42" tall or more shall have four bands of reflective material as detailed for 42" cones on BC(10). Tubular markers less than 42" but at least 36" tall shall have three bands of 3" wide white reflective material spaced 2" apart. Reflective material shall meet DMS-8300, Type A.



## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL DETAILS

WZ(TD)-17

			_				
FILE:	wztd-17.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
4-98 2-17		0066	04	083		US	287
3-03	<b>4</b> -11	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		AMA		MOORE			34
110							

of any version

No warranty for the conv

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

TABLE 1							
Edge Condition	* Warning Devices						
0	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11					
7777	Distance "D" may be a maximum of 1 1/4 " for planing operations and 2" for overlay operations if uneven lanes with edge condition 1 are open to traffic after work operations cease.						
② >3 1 1 D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11					
Distance "D" may be a maximum of 3" if uneven lanes with edge condition 2 or 3 are open to traffic after work operations cease. Uneven lanes should not be open to traffic when "D" is greater than 3".							
Notched Wedge Joint							

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

MINIMUM	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE
Convention	nal roads	36" >	× 36"
Freeways/ex divided	kpressways, roadways	48" >	< 48"

SIGNING	FOR
UNEVEN L	ANES

WZ (UL) -13

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE:	wzul-13.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	SHWAY
	REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		AMA		MOORE			35

/ Texas Department of Transportation



## **LEGEND**



REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (18") (SEE NOTE 1)



REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (5"-8") OBLITERATING ABANDONED ROAD (SEE NOTE ② , ③)

#### NOTES:

- ① AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- ② ITEM 105 IS TO REMOVE EXISTING ASPHALT ONLY
- ③ ITEM 106 IS TO BE USED TO FINISH GRADING DITCH AFTER REMOVAL OF ASPHALT.

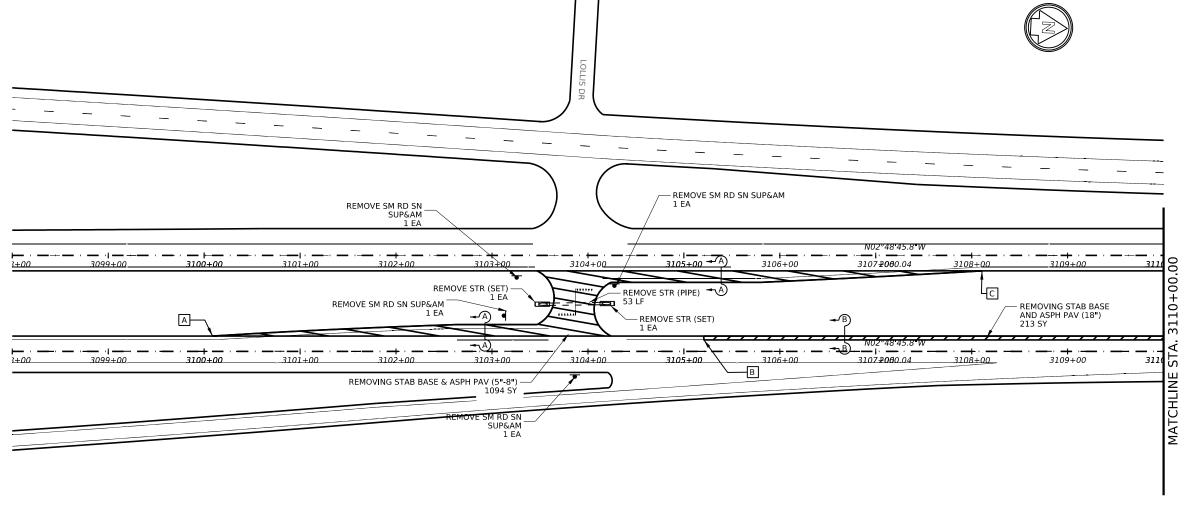


03/01/2024

US 287 **REMOVAL** LAYOUT

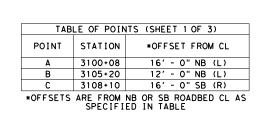
SCALE: 1" = 100'

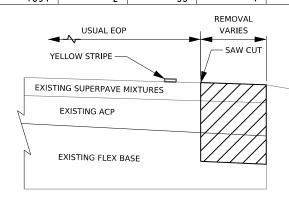
_	/	ET 1	. <b>OF</b> 3			
SN	CK	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB H		HIGHWAY
Α	СН	0066	04	US 287		
WN:	CK	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
Κ	BV	AMA		MOORE	36	

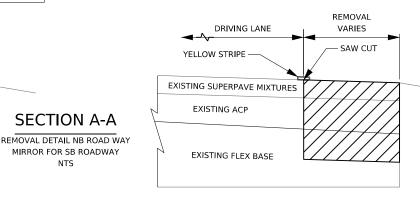


NTS

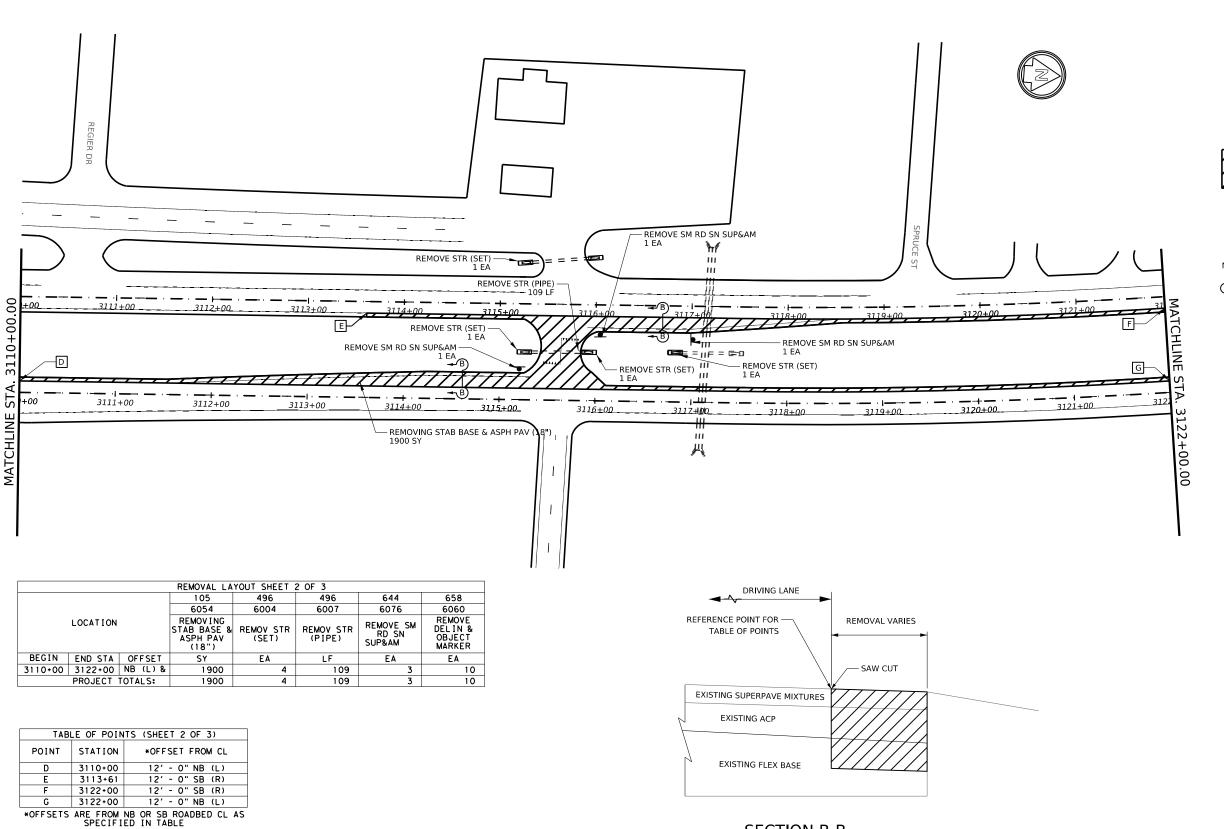
				REMOVAL L	AYOUT SHEET 1	OF 3			
			105	105	106	496	496	644	658
LOCATION			6054	6092	6002	6004	6007	6076	6060
			REMOVING STAB BASE & ASPH PAV (18")	REMOVING STAB BASE AND ASPH PAV (5"-8")	OBLITERATING ABANDONED ROAD	REMOV STR (SET)	REMOV STR (PIPE)	KEMOVE SM KD	REMOVE DELII & OBJECT MARKER ASSM
BEGIN STA	END STA	OFFSET	SY	SY	SY	EA	LF	EA	EA
3100+09	3108+10	NB (L) &		1094	1094	2	53	4	6
3105+20	3110+00	NB (L)	213						
PROJECT TOTALS:			213	1094	1094	2	53	4	6







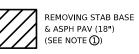
**SECTION B-B** REMOVAL DETAIL NB ROAD WAY MIRROR FOR SB ROADWAY NTS



SECTION B-B
REMOVAL DETAIL
MIRROR FOR SB ROADWAY

NTS

## **LEGEND**



NOTES:

① AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY



03/01/2024

US 287 REMOVAL LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



				SHE	<u> </u>	: UF 3		
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
RPA	СН	0066	04	083		US 287		
RWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.			
KK	BV	AMA		MOORE	37			

1915

\*OFFSET FROM CL

TABLE OF POINTS (SHEET 3 OF 3)

H 3122+00 12' - 0" NB (L)

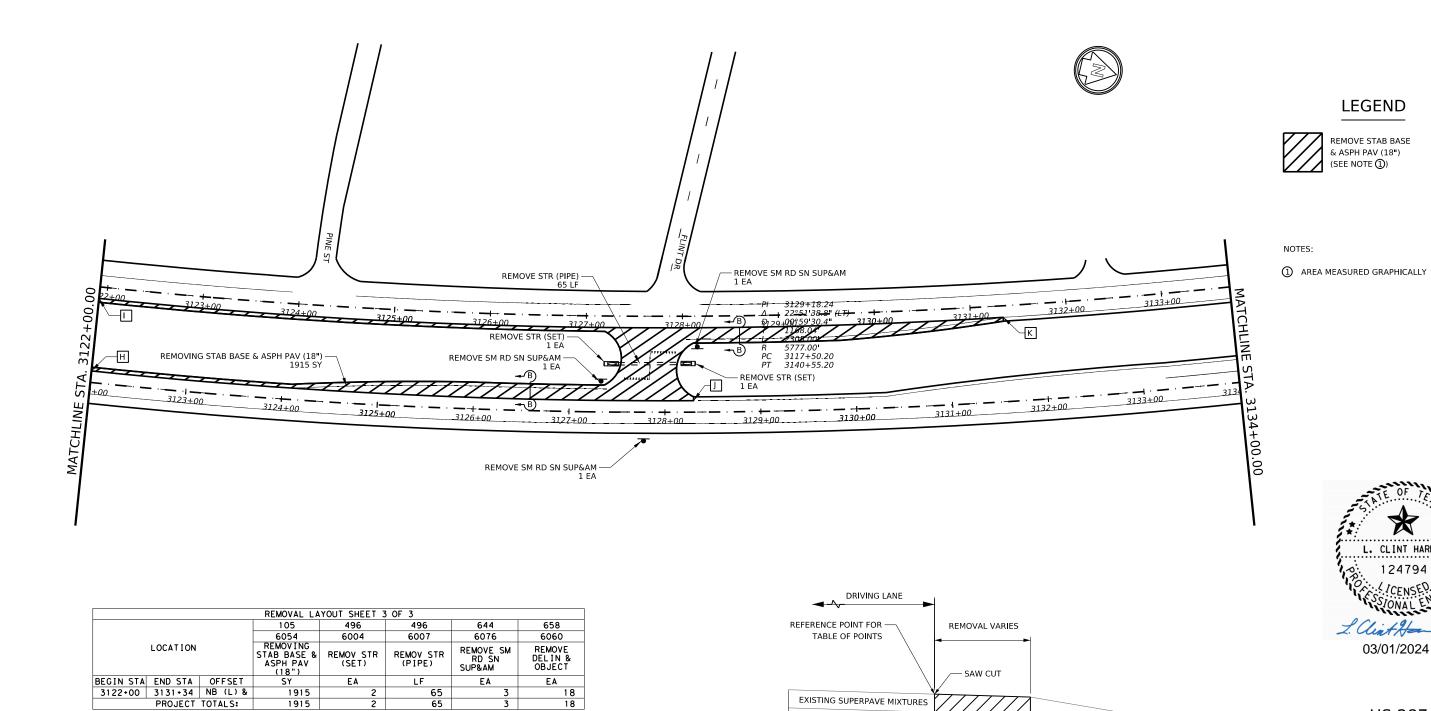
I 3122+00 12' - 0" SB (R)

J 3128+30 12' - 0" NB (L)

K 3131+34 12' - 0" SB (L)

\*OFFSETS ARE FROM NB OR SB ROADBED CL AS SPECIFIED IN TABLE

STATION



# EXISTING FLEX BASE

EXISTING SUPERPAVE MIXTURES

EXISTING ACP

SECTION B-B REMOVAL DETAIL MIRROR FOR SB ROADWAY NTS

## US 287 REMOVAL LAYOUT

03/01/2024

L. CLINT HARMS

SCALE: 1" = 100'



				SHE	E I S	OF 3
SN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
PA	СН	0066	04	083		US 287
RWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
Κ	BV	AMA		MOORE	38	

## LEGEND:



PROPOSED WIDENING (SEE NOTE ② )

#### NOTES:

- ① SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- ② AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE ROADBED.
   LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE.
- SEE SECTION A-A OF MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.



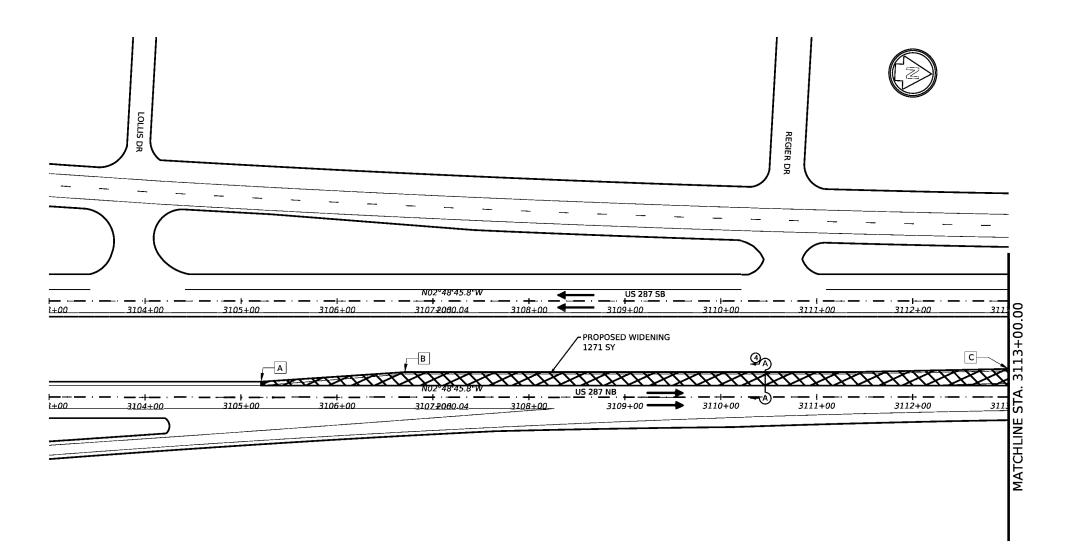
UU/U 1/2U27

## US 287 WIDENING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



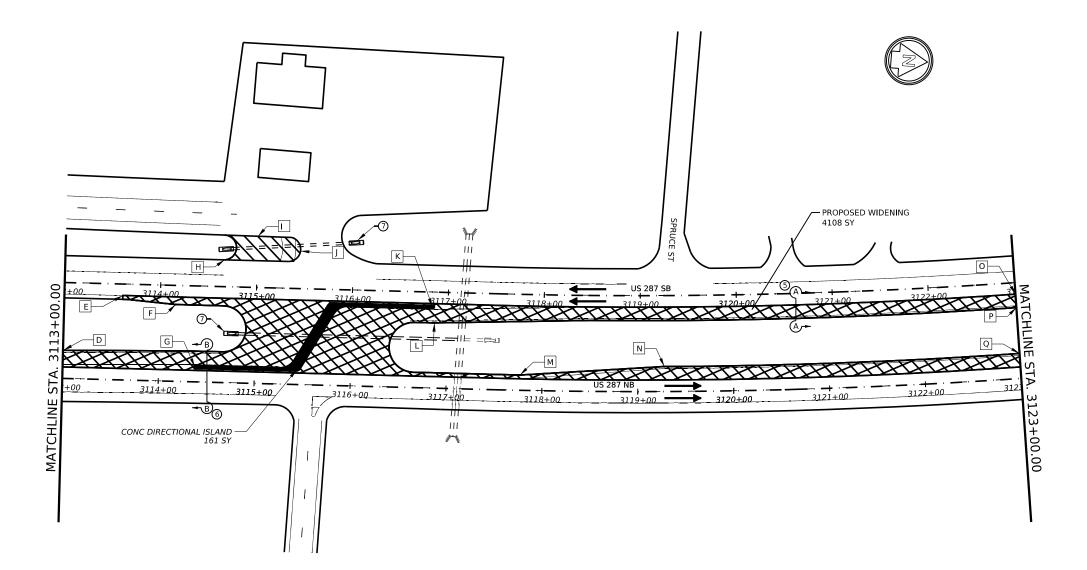
_				SHE	ET 1	<b>OF</b> 3		
	CK	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB		HIGHWAY		
	CH	0066	04	083	ι	US 287		
	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
	BV	АМА		MOORE	39			



	WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 1 OF 3)								
			112	150	247	310	3077	3077	
			6002	6002	6472	6009	6058	6075	
LOCATION			SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	BLADING	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)	
BEGIN STA	END STA	OFFSET	STA	HR	SY	GAL	TON	GAL	
3105+21 3113+00 NB L			8	8	1,243	311	383	301	
	PROJE(	CT TOTALS:	8	8	1,243	311	383	301	

TABI	LE OF POIN	TS (SHEET 1 OF 3)
POINT	STATION	*OFFSET FROM CL
Α	3105+20	16'-0" NB (L)
В	3106+71	26'-0" NB (L)
С	3113+00	29'-3" NB (L)

\* OFFSETS ARE FROM NB OR SB ROADBED CL AS SPECIFIED IN TABLE



	WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 2 OF 3)										
			112	132	150	247	310	536	3077	3077	3077
			6002	6002	6002	6472	6009	6004	6058	6058	6075
	LOCATION		SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	EMBANKMENT (FINAL) (D ENS CONT) (TY A)	BLADING	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	CONC DIRECTION AL ISLAND	PG70-28	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)
BEGIN STA	END STA	OFFSET	STA	CY	HR	SY	GAL	SY	TON	TON	GAL
3114+66	3115+45	SB L		3					21		25
3113+00	3123+00	NB L/ SB L	10		10	3813	954	338		1246	981
	PROJECT TOTALS:			3	10	3813	954	338	21	1246	1006

TABL	E OF POIN	TS (SHEET 2 OF 3)
POINT	STATION	*OFFSET FROM CL
D	3113+00	29'-3" NB (L)
E	3113+61	12'-0" SB (L)
F	3114+16	20'-0" SB (L)
G	3114+38	14'-0" NB (L)
Н	3114+66	28'-0" SB (R)
I	3115+38	53'-5" SB (R)
J	3115+45	39'-3" SB (R)
K	3116+84	14'-0" SB (L)
L	3116+86	32'-0" SB (L)
М	3117+77	16'-0" NB (L)
N	3119+28	26'-0" NB (L)
0	3122+90	12"-0" SB (L)
Р	3122+90	26'-0" SB (L)
	3123+00	26'-0" NP (L)

Q 3123+00 26'-0" NB (L)

\* OFFSETS ARE FROM NB OR SB ROADBED CL
AS SPECIFIED IN TABLE

## LEGEND:



PROPOSED WIDENING (SEE NOTE ② )



EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(DENS CONT)(TY A) 2" SP-D PROPOSED DRIVEWAY WIDENING (SEE NOTE ②)

#### NOTES:

- ① SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- ② AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE ROADBED.

LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE.

- SEE MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAILS FOR FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- SEE SECTION A-A OF MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 6 SEE SECTION B-B OF MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- SEE DRAINAGE PLAN FOR SET AND CULVERT UPDATES.



UU/U 1/4U47

US 287 WIDENING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 2 OF 3

	WIDENING LAYOUT (SHEET 3 OF 3)										
				150	247	310	536	3077	3077		
			6002	6002	6472	6009	6004	6058	6075		
	LOCATION		SUBGRADE WIDENING (DENS CONT)	BLADING	FL BS (CMP IN PLC) (TY A, B OR D GR4) (12")	PRIME COAT (MC-30) (0.25 GAL/SY)	CONC DIRECTION AL ISLAND	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY)	TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)		
BEGIN STA	END STA	OFFSET	STA	HR	SY	GAL	SY	TON	GAL		
3123+00	3123+00 3131+34 NB L/ SB L		8	8	2332	583	64	720	567		
PROJECT TOTALS:			8	8	2332	583	64	720	567		

TABL	E OF POIN	TS (SHEET 3 OF 3)
POINT	STATION	*OFFSET FROM CL
S	3122+90	26'-0" SB (L)
Т	3123+00	26'-0" NB (L)
U	3124+93	26'-0" SB (L)
٧	3126+43	16'-0" SB (L)
W	3126+99	15'-6" NB (L)
X	3127+32	31'-11" NB (L)
Y	3127+84	25'-10" SB (R)
Z	3128+05	17'-6" SB (L)
AA	3128+08	16'-0" SB (L)
AB	3131+34	16'-0" SB (L)
	POINT S T U V W X Y Z AA	POINT STATION S 3122+90 T 3123+00 U 3124+93 V 3126+43 W 3126+39 X 3127-32 Y 3127-84 Z 3128+05 AA 3128+08

\* OFFSETS ARE FROM NB OR SB ROADBED CL AS SPECIFIED IN TABLE

## LEGEND:



PROPOSED WIDENING (SEE NOTE ② )

- ① SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- ② AREA MEASURED GRAPHICALLY
- 3 LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE ROADBED. LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE.
- SEE SECTION A-A OF MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- SEE SECTION B-B OF MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 6 SEE DRAINAGE PLAN FOR SET AND CULVERT UPDATES.



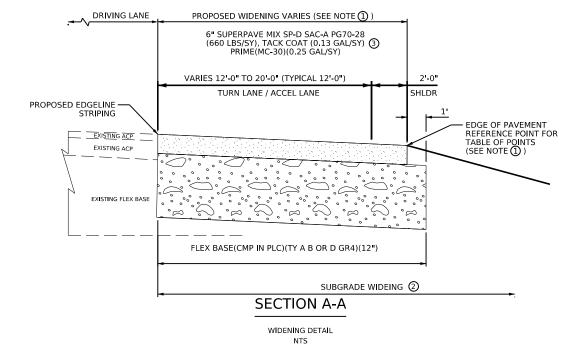
00/01/2027

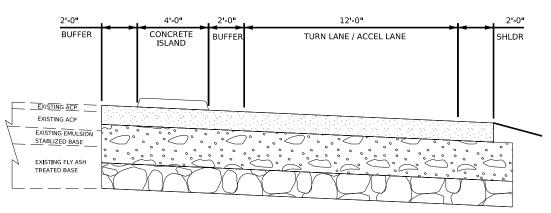
US 287 WIDENING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



	/		SHEET 3 OF 3								
SN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY						
PA	СН	0066	04	083	US 287						
NMN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
K	BV	AMA		MOORE	41						





## **SECTION B-B**

WIDENING DETAIL

NTS

NOTE: SEE SECTION A-A FOR PAVEMENT DETAILS

#### NOTES:

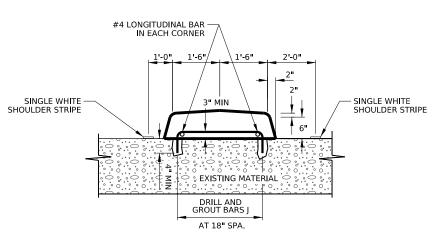
- ① SEE "TABLE OF POINTS" FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT OFFSETS FROM ROADBED.
- LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING IN THE CENTER MEDIAN IS TO THE EOP OF THE OPPOSITE ROADBED.
   LIMITS OF SUBGRADE WIDENING ON THE OUTSIDE OF ROADBED WILL BE TO THE TIE IN OF DITCH BACKSLOPE.
- (3) SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A PG70-28 (660 LBS/SY) WILL BE DONE IN 3 LIFTS, WITH 2 APPLICATIONS OF TACK COAT (0.13 GAL/SY)

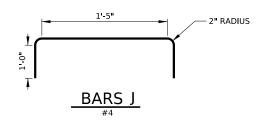


US 287
MISCELLANEOUS
WIDENING
DETAIL



SN CK CONT SECT JOB	HIGHWAY
PA CH 0066 04 083	US 287
RWN CK DIST COUNTY	SHEET NO.
K BV AMA MOORE	42





# SECTION C-C

#### NOTES:

- ITEM 536 CONCRETE DIRECTIONAL ISLAND:
   USE CLASS A CONCRETE & #4 GRADE 60
   REINFORCING BARS
- 2. SEE WIDENING DETIALS FOR STATIONING AND OFFSET

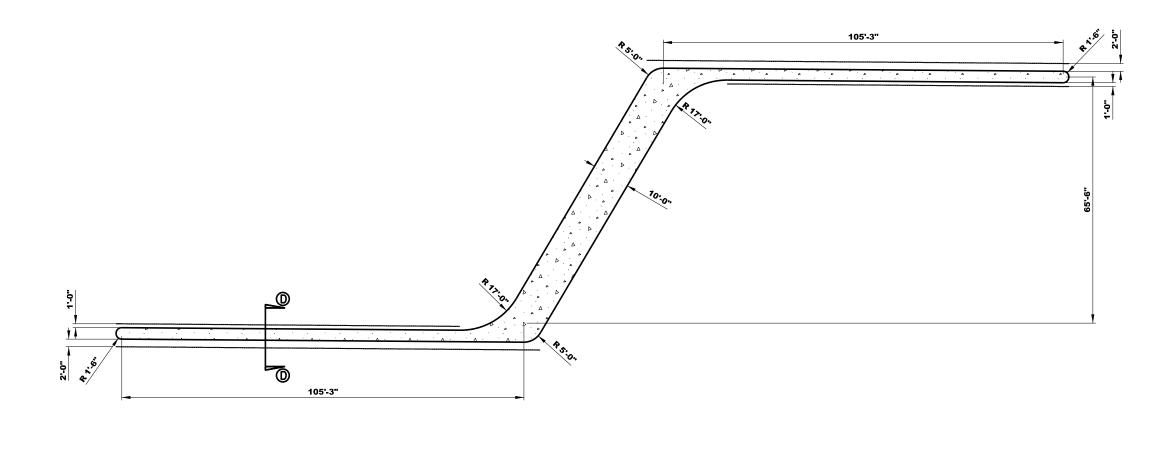


US 287

MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAIL



				SHEET 2 OF 3							
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY						
PA	СН	0066	04	083	US 287						
RWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
KK	В۷	AMA		MOORE	43						



#### NOTES:

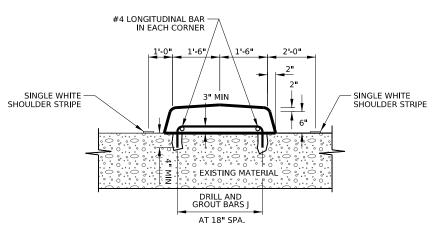
- ITEM 536 CONCRETE DIRECTIONAL ISLAND:
   USE CLASS A CONCRETE & #4 GRADE 60
   REINFORCING BARS
- 2. SEE WIDENING DETIALS FOR STATIONING AND OFFSET



US 287 MISCELLANEOUS WIDENING DETAIL



	/			SHEET 3 OF 3							
SN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB HIGHWAY						
РΑ	СН	0066	04	083	US 287						
RWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.					
ΚK	В۷	AMA		MOORE 4							

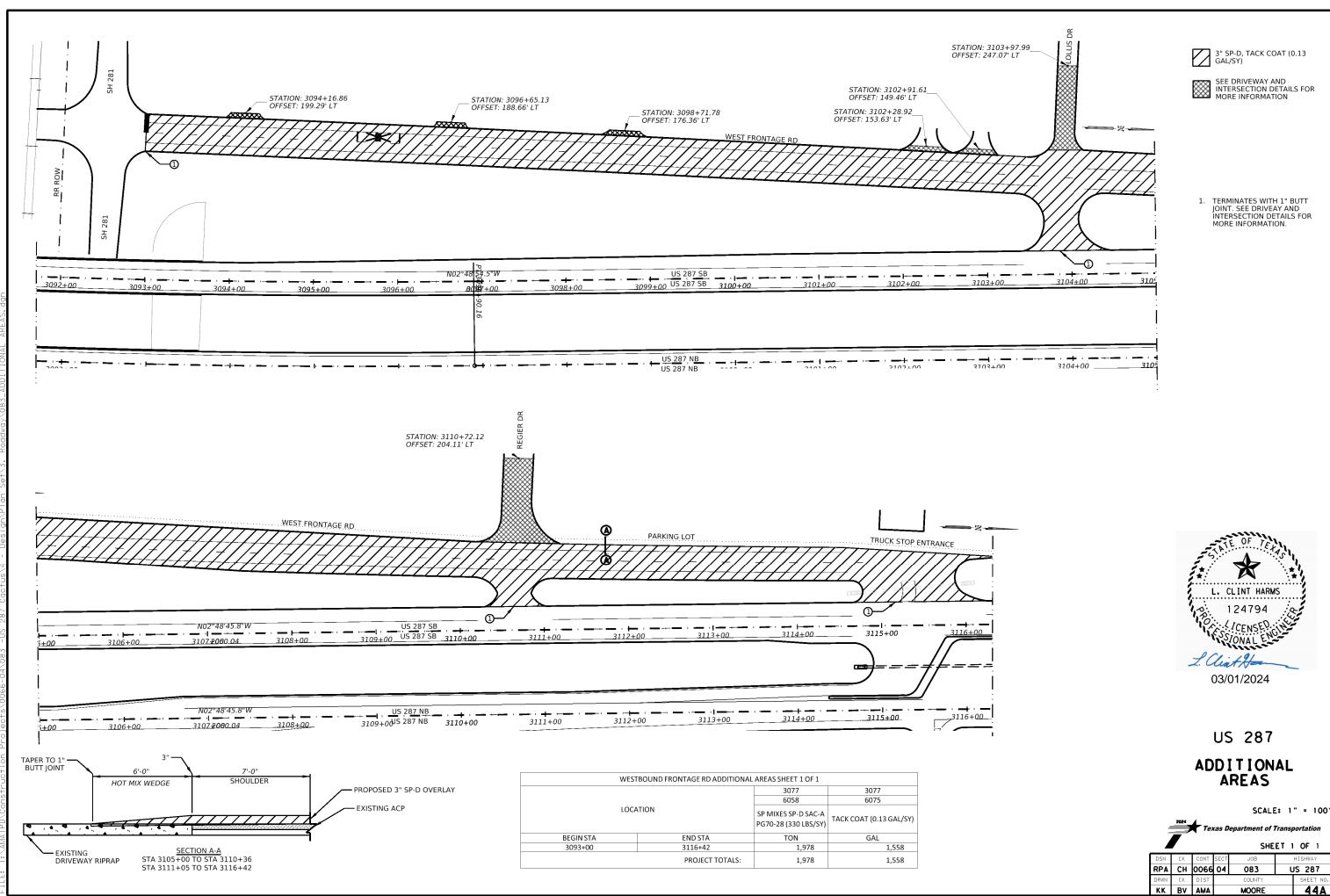


SCALE: N.T.S.

— 2" RADIUS

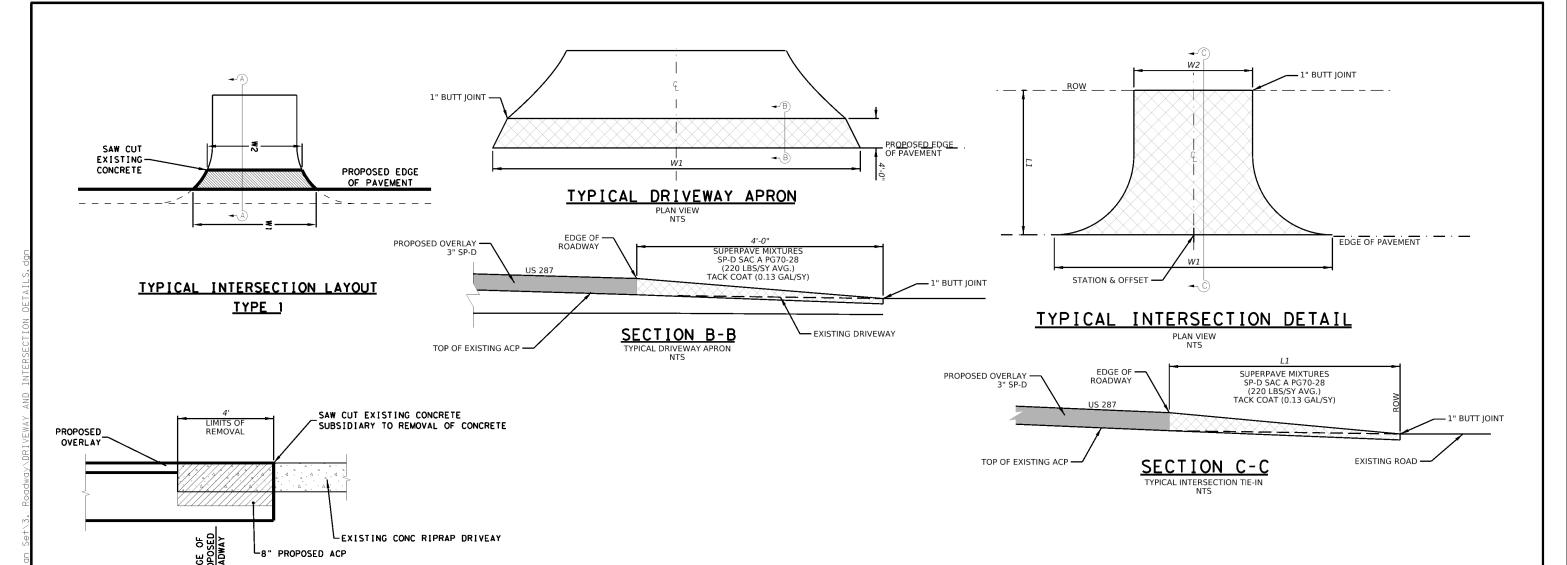
BARS J

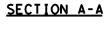
SECTION D-D



SHEET 1 OF 1

US 287







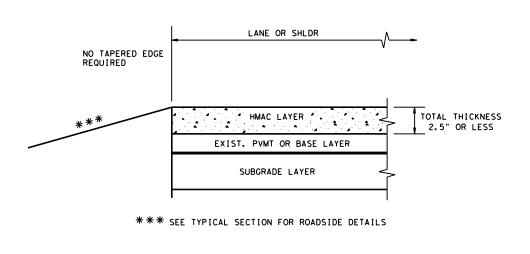
03/01/2024

# US 287 DRIVEWAY AND INTERSECTION DETAILS

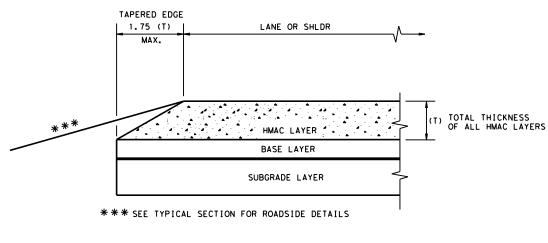
	SCALE: N/A			
2024	Texas Department of Trans	spo	ortati	on
	SHEET	1	OF	1

				3nE		OF 1		
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY			
RPA	СН	0066	04	04 083 US 28				
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
KK	В۷	AMA		MOORE		44B		

							104	530	3077	3077
		WESTBOUND F	6017	6019	6058	6075				
		WESTBOONDFI	REMOVING CONC	DRIVEWAYS (ACP)	SP MIXES SP-D SAC-A	TACK COAT (0.13				
		TVDE (EVICETIVE)		11.4		_	(DRIVEWAYS)	(TYPE 1)	PG70-28 (220 LBS/SY)	GAL/SY)
STATION	LOCATION	TYPE (EXISTING)	L1	W1	W2	R	SY	SY	TON	GAL
3094+16.86	BUSINESS DRIVE	1		46	34		26	26		
3096+65.13	BUSINESS DRIVE	1		43	34		24	24		
3098+71.78	BUSINESS DRIVE	ACP	4	59	36				3	4
3102+91.61	PRIVATE DRIVE	ACP	4	63	40				4	4
3102+28.92	PRIVATE DRIVE	ACP	4	54	35				3	4
3103+97.99	LOLLIS DR	2	100	43	24	25 & 30			31	36
3110+72.12	REGIER DR	2	100	100	35	60			51	60
					PRC	DIECT TOTALS:	50	50	92	109

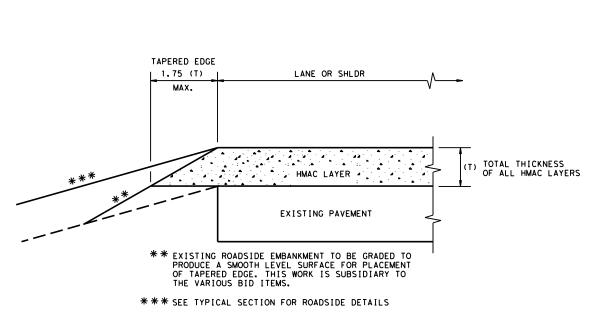


## CONDITION - 1 THIN HMAC SURFACES OR HMAC OVERLAY WITH THICKNESS OF 2.5" OR LESS

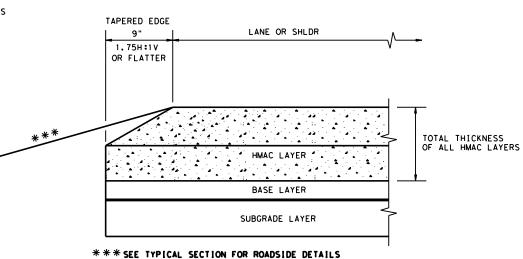


## CONDITION - 3

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



CONDITION - 2 OVERLAY OF EXISTING PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 2.5" TO 5"



## CONDITION - 4

NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED PAVEMENT HMAC THICKNESS 5" OR GREATER

(NOT TO SCALE)

#### GENERAL NOTES

- UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A VERTICAL EDGE IS PERMISSIBLE FOR HMAC PLACED GREATER THAN 5" BELOW THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND FOR THICKNESS OF HMAC LESS
- 2. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ROADSIDE AND PAVEMENT DETAILS, SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS.
- 3. PAYMENT FOR TAPERED EDGE WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.
- 4. THE SLOPE OF THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE 1.75H:1V OR FLATTER.
- 5. THE TAPERED EDGE SHALL BE PRODUCED BY USE OF A SCREED ATTACHMENT CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A SMOOTH COMPACTED SURFACE. ADDITIONAL COMPACTING EFFORT BEHIND THE SCREED IS NOT REQUIRED.

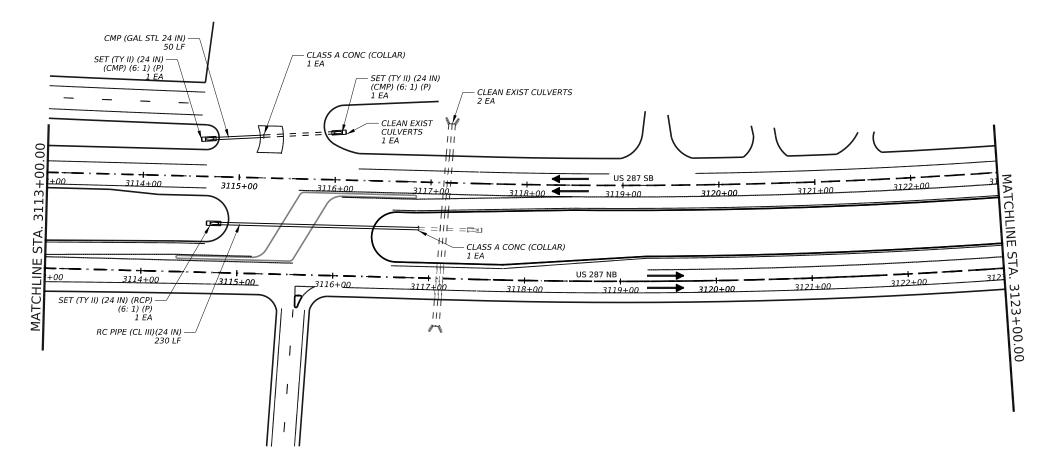


## TAPERED EDGE DETAILS HMAC PAVEMENT

TE (HMAC) - 11

E: tehmac11.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO	ck: RL	DW: KB CK:		CK:	
TxDOT January 2011	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWAY	
REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	US 287	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	AMA		MOORE	Ē		45	





			DRA I	NAGE LAYOUT SH	EET 1 OF 2			
				460	464	467	467	480
			6009	6003	6005	6380	6395	6001
	LOCATION		CL A CONC (COLLAR)	CMP (GAL STL 24 IN)	RC PIPE (CL III) (24 IN)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (CMP) (6: 1) (P)	SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS
BEGIN STA	END STA	OFFSET	EA	LF	LF	EA	EA	EA
STA 3113+00	STA 3113+00 STA 3123+00 NB L/ SB L		2	125	230	2	1	2
	PROJE	CT TOTALS:	2	125	230	2	1	2



03/01/2024

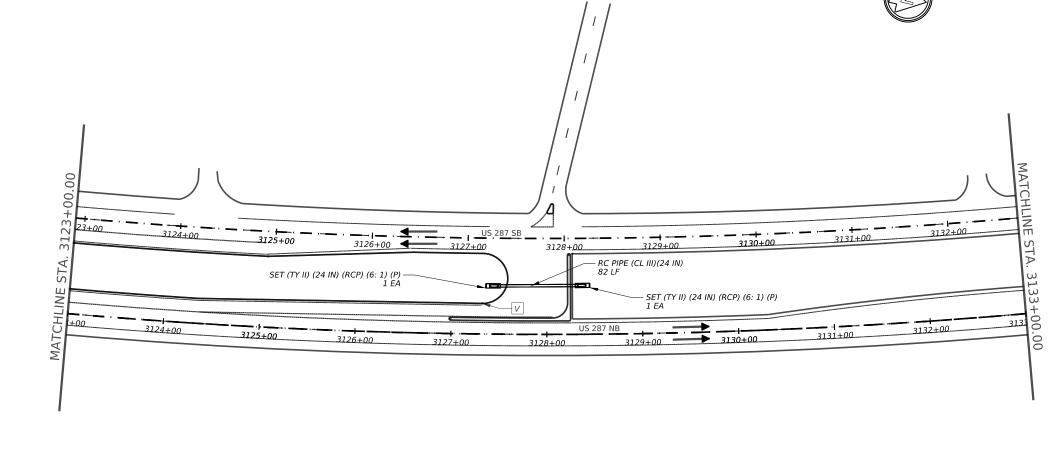
US 287

## DRAINAGE LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



	/		SHEET 1 OF 2							
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	ECT JOB HIGHWAY						
RPA	СН	0066	04	083	US 287					
DRWN	CK	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.				
KK	RV	AMA		MOORE	76					



DRAINAGE LAYOUT SHEET 2 OF 2

OFFSET

LOCATION

END STA

STA 3123+00 STA 3131+34 NB L/ SB L
PROJECT TOTALS:

BEGIN STA

464 6005

RC PIPE (CL III) (24 IN)

> 82 82

467

6395

SET (TY II) (24 IN) (RCP) (6: 1) (P)



03/01/2024

US 287

## DRAINAGE LAYOUT

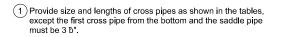
SCALE: 1" = 100'



	/		SHEET 2 OF 2										
DSN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY								
RPA	СН	0066	04	083	JS 287								
DRWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.							
KK	В۷	' AMA		MOORE		47							

PLAN OF END SECTION

Working point (at intersection of nominal I.D.)



- (2) Provide all 3-piece apron sections with 12 gage sides and 10 gage center panels.
- (3) Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. All quantities, calculations, and dimensions shown herein are based on the 6:1 Slope. 6:1 slope or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (4) Connection between corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert and galvanized prefabricated end section may be with strap and bolt as shown or other combinations of threaded rods and/or coupling bands.

Toe plate Toe plate extension

- (5) Reinforce upper edge of prefabricated end section with minimum b" dia smooth or deformed bar (pre-galvanized).
- (6) Values shown are minimum requirements.

W

(Cross pipes are not shown for clarity.)

(7) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."

#### **CROSS PIPE LENGTHS** AND REQUIRED PIPE SIZES Cross Cross (Nominal) Pipe Pipes Pipe Culvert I.D.) Length Required ≤ 30' N/A No N/A 4' - 5" 36" 4.500 x 0.237 Yes 4' - 11" 42" 48" 5' - 5" 5' - 11" Yes 5.563 x 0.258 60" 6' - 5"

1

PREI SECTI			STANDA PIPE SIZ			
D Nominal) ulvert I.D.)	H 6	A 6	W 6	Gage	HSS Size	STD Size
≤ 24"	6"	9"	D + 24"	16	4.000 x 0.154	2"
30"	9"	12"	D + 32"	14	4.500 x 0.216	3"
36"	9"	12"	D + 32"	14	5.563 x 0.237	4"
≥ 42	12"	16"	D + 40"	12/10 (2)		

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Galvanize all steel components, except reinforcement, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specification.

Concrete riprap is required only when cross pipes are required, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap." Bolted anchor

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures",

cross pipe size; spacing of cross pipes and location of first cross pipe; H, A, W, and gage for end section; and material requirements noted.

to the values presented on this standard.

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in price bid for each safety end treatment.

Provide cross pipes and saddle pipes conforming to ASTM A1085, A500 Gr B, A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), or API 5LX52.

Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Toe plate extensions are required only when shown elsewhere in the plans. toewall may be omitted when an alternate end section with pre-attached cross pipes is

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of reinforcing steel in concrete riprap unless noted otherwise.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Alternate styles of end sections, including those with pre-attached cross pipes, may be supplied. Alternate styles must meet all of the following: design values shown in tables for

All cross pipes, calculations, and dimensions are based on the end section shown on this standard. Alternate styles of end sections will require that appropriate adjustments be made



SHEET 1 OF 2

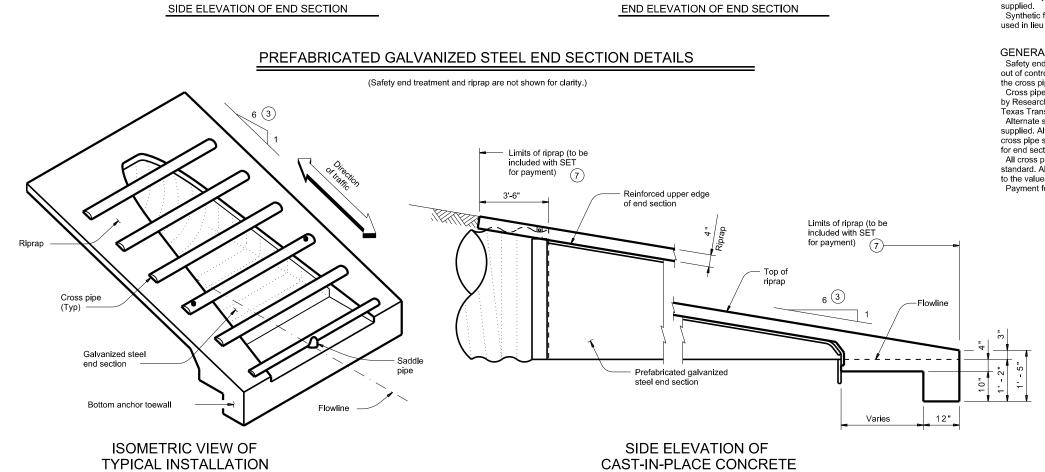
Texas Department of Transportation

PREFABRICATED GALVANIZED STEEL END SECTION SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR 12" TO 60" DIA CMP CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

**GS-ES-PD** 

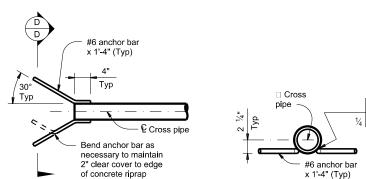
CD-GSE	DN: TxD0	TC	ск: TxDOT	DW:	JRP		ск: GAF	
xDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB	ОВ			HWAY
REVISIONS		0066	04 083			ι	JS	287
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO	
		AMA		MOORE				48



Toe plate

## **ESTIMATED CONCRETE** RIPRAP QUANTITIES

D (Nominal Culvert I.D.)	Concrete (CY)
12"	0.8
15"	0.9
18"	1.0
21"	1.1
24"	1.2
27"	1.3
30"	1.4
33"	1.5
36"	1.6
42"	1.8
48"	2.0
54"	2.2
60"	2.4



PART PLAN

ANCHOR BAR DETAILS

SECTION D-D



Bottom anchor toewall

□ 3 ½" Dia

cross pipe

½" Std)

€ Cross

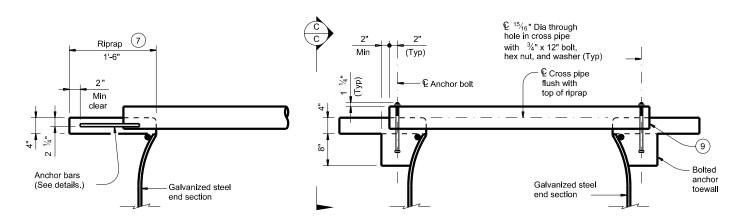
pipe anchor

Saddle pipe (3

(8)(1)-

Top of

cross pipe (8)



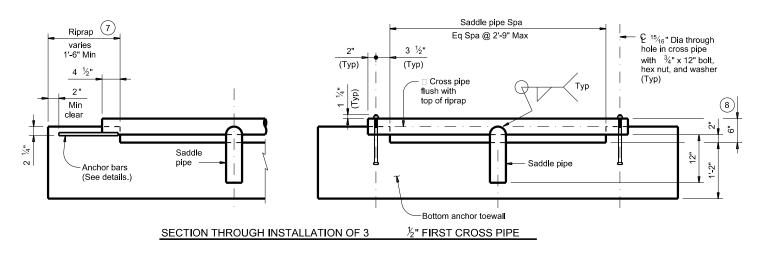
SECTION A-A

(Showing installation of cross pipes.)

Cross pipe Spa ~ Eq Spa at 2'-0" Max

Cross pipe (flush with top of wingwall)

#### SECTION THROUGH INSTALLATION OF TYPICAL FULL CROSS PIPE



WITH BOLTED ANCHOR

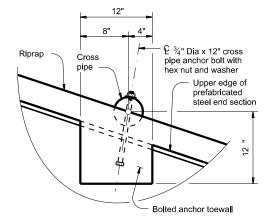
WITH ANCHOR BARS & RIPRAP

2'-0" Max

~ 6" Min

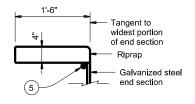
**SECTION B-B** 

(Showing installation of cross pipes.)



**SECTION C-C** (Showing bolted anchor details.)

- 1 Provide size and lengths of cross pipes as shown in the tables, except the first cross pipe from the bottom and the ½". All other values shown are saddle pipe must be 3 5 Reinforce upper edge of prefabricated end section with
- minimum 3/8" diameter smooth or deformed bar (pre-galvanized).
- 7 Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- 8 The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. The top of the first cross pipe must be placed at no more than 6" above the flow line.
- (9) The third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert must always be installed using a bolted connection. Ensure that concrete does not flow into this cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- (10) Riprap quantities shown are for one end of one culvert only. For multiple culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only.



**CROSS SECTION** OF TYPICAL RIPRAP SHEET 2 OF 2



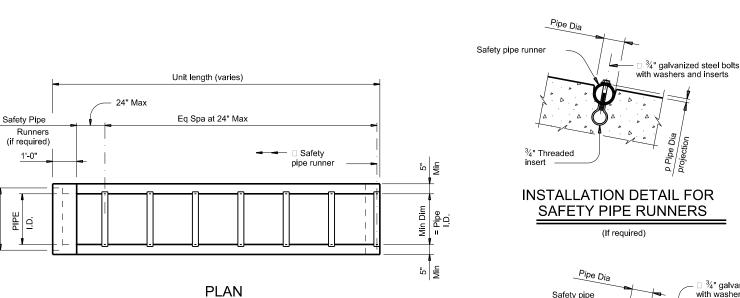
## PREFABRICATED GALVANIZED STEEL END SECTION SAFETY END TREATMENT

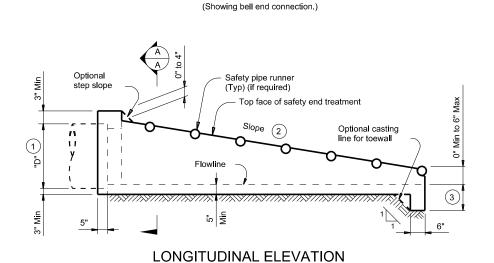
FOR 12" TO 60" DIA CMP CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

**GS-ES-PD** 

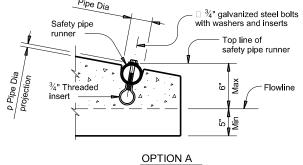
LE: CD-GSES	:: CD-GSES-PD-20.dgn		TC	ck: TxDOT Dw:		JRP ck: GAF			
TXDOT	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY		
	0066	04 083			US	287			
		DIST COUR			OUNTY		SHEET NO.		
		AMA MOORE					49		







(Showing bell end connection.)

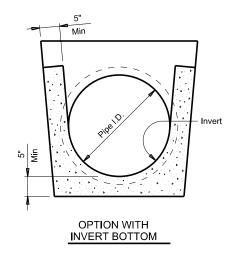


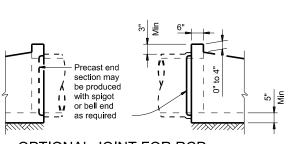
## Pipe Dia 3/4" galvanized steel bolts Safety pipe with washers and inserts safety pipe runner 3/4" Threaded

## OPTION B **END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION** OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

## 6" 5 Reinforcing to have Min 1" Min cover Min Cement stabilized bedding and backfill MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION **OPTION WITH** SQUARE BOTTOM SECTION A-A





OPTIONAL JOINT FOR RCP

precast safety end treatment.)

#### REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

D'	RCP TP Wall			Pipe Runners Required		Required Pipe Runner Size				
Pipe I.D.	Wall "B" Thickness	Thickness	"D"	Slope	Min Length	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia.	O.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	1.15"	17.00"	6:1	4' - 9"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	1.30"	20.50"	6:1	6' - 5"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	1.60"	24.00"	6:1	8' - 0"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	1.95"	31.00"	6:1	11' - 3"	No	Yes, for > 2 pipes	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	2.65"	38.50"	6:1	14' - 8"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	2.75"	45.50"	6:1	17' - 11"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 1/2"	2.7"	52.50"	6:1	21' - 2"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

- (1) Dimension "D" is based on reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For thermoplastic pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.
- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (3) Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- (4) Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment."
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- (6) Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment." When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- (7) Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment."

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item 467, "Safety End Treatment" except as noted below:

A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40) or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" - D12 x D12 or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR).

B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete

(fc = 3,600 psi).At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Connect TP by grouting. See Pipe and Box Grouted Connections (PBGC) standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safety end treatment

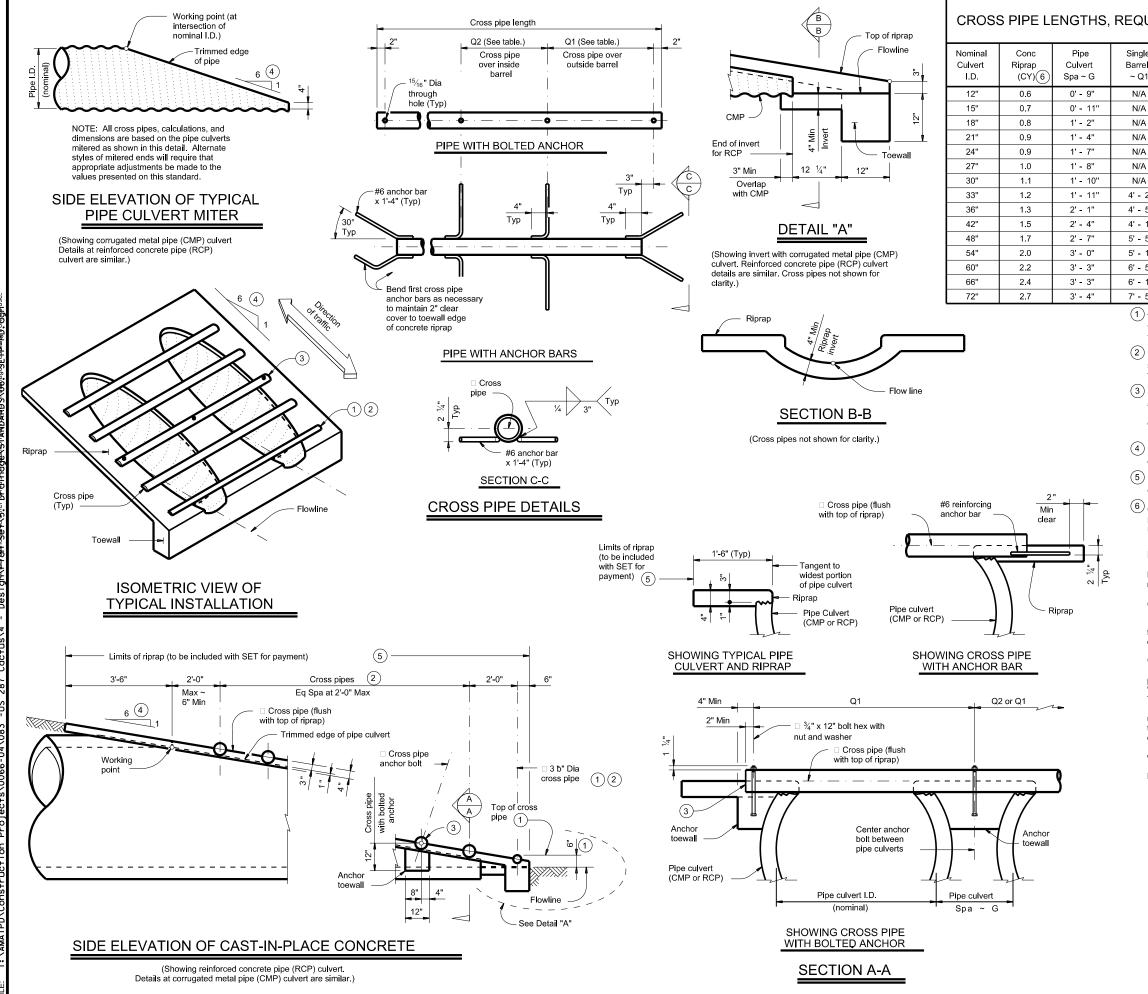


## PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT**

TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

P;	SE	:T-	SP
14/	011	KLD	D144

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©TxDOT February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 12-21: Added 42" TP	0066	04	083 US		IS 28	7		
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#### CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9"	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9"		
15"	0.7	0' - 11"	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10"	2' - 8"	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std (3.500" O.D.)
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(0.000 0.5.)
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6"	3' - 7"		
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10"	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts	
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8"	All pipe culverts	(4.000" O.D.)
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	4' - 9"	5' - 1"	All wine subsents	4" Std
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	5' - 5"	5' - 10"	All pipe culverts	(4.500" O.D.)
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0"	6' - 7"		
54"	2.0	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	6' - 9"	7' - 6"		
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std (5.563" O.D.)
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11"	7' - 10"	8' - 9"		(0.000 0.5.)
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4"		

- 1 The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2 Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- 4 Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete"
Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel
reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53
(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52.
Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.
Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, af

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap".

Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



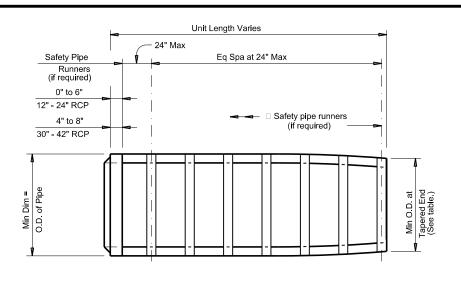
nnsportation Standard

## SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

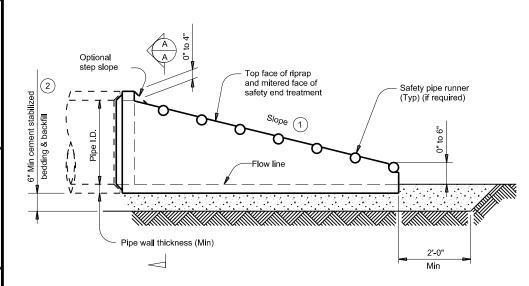
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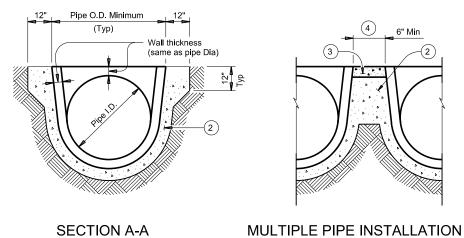
## PLAN VIEW - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

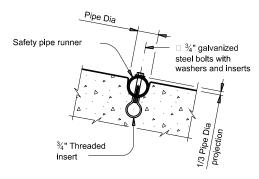


## LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION - 12" THRU 24"

(Showing spigot end connection.)

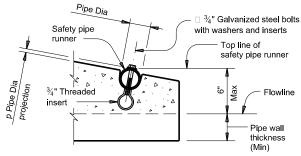


- Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 2 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment. backfill as directed by Engineer.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".
- 4 Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- 5 Safety pipe runners are required for multiple pipe culverts with more than two pipes.

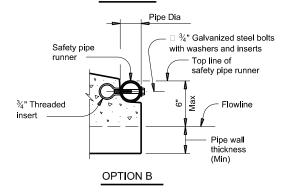


## INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



#### OPTION A



## **END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION** OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

### REQUIREMENTS FOR **CULVERT PIPES AND SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS**

					_						
		Min Min Reinf O.D. Requirements Min		Pipe R Require		Required Pipe Runner Sizes					
Pipe I.D.	Min Wall Thickness	Min O.D.	at Tapered End	(sq. in. per ft. of Pipe)	Max Slope	Length of Unit	Single Pipe	Multiple Pipe	Nominal Dia	O.D.	I.D.
12"	2"	16"	16"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	4' - 0"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
15"	2 1/4"	19 ½"	19"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	5' - 8"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
18"	2 ½"	23"	21 ½"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	7' - 3"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
24"	3"	30"	27"	0.07 Circ.	6:1	10' - 6"	No	5	3" STD	3.500"	3.068"
30"	3 ½"	37"	31"	0.18 Circ.	6:1	12' - 1"	No	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
36"	4"	44"	36"	0.19 Ellip.	6:1	15' - 4"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"
42"	4 ½"	51"	41 ½"	0.23 Ellip.	6:1	18' - 7"	Yes	Yes	4" STD	4.500"	4.026"

## MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 Gr B, or API 5LX52.

Galvanize steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment".

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Manufacture precast concrete end sections in accordance with Item 464, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" and in accordance with ASTM Specification C-76, Class III, Wall B for circular pipe.

Provide precast concrete end sections with a spigot or bell end for

compatibility to upstream or downstream end conditions with sufficient annular space to allow for grout, mortar, cold applied asphalt joint compound or pre-formed plastic gasket material.

Methods of lifting shall be provided by the manufacturer for ease of

loading, unloading and installation.

Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute,



PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

PSFT-RP

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Manainal	PSET-SC	and PSET-	SP Standa	ards	PSET-RC and PSET-RP Standards						
Nominal Culvert			Side Slope			Ş	Side Slope				
(Pipe) I.D.	Unit Width "W"	3:1	4:1	Unit Width 6:1 "W"		3:1	4:1	6:1			
12"	23.0"	0.1	0.2	0.2	16.0"	0.1	0.1	0.2			
15"	26.5"	0.2	0.2	0.3	19.5"	0.1	0.2	0.2			
18"	30.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3	23.0"	0.2	0.2	0.3			
24"	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5	30.0"	0.2	0.3	0.4			
30"	44.5"	0.3	0.4	0.6	37.0"	0.3	0.3	0.5			
36"	51.5"	0.4	0.5	0.7	44.0"	0.3	0.4	0.6			
42"	58.5"	0.5	0.6	0.8	51.0"	0.4	0.5	0.7			

- (1) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap". When riprap is cast integrally with the precast safety end treatment, this dimension is 1'-0" minimum.
- (2) 1#2" Dia ASTM A307 Gr A threaded anchor rod with 2 nuts and 2 washers. Galvanize all components in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing". Repair galvanizing that is damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.
- 3 3#4" through holes in walls of safety end treatment for riprap anchor rods may be drilled with rotary (coring or masonry) type drilling equipment or may be formed. Do not use percussive (star) type drilling equipment. If holes are drilled, patch spalls in the inside face of the wall exceeding 1#2" from the holes.
- 4 Provide riprap toe wall when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans or when field conditions require a toe wall.
- 5 Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe culvert. For multiple pipe culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for Contractor's information only. Quantities are based on the minimum unit lengths shown on the Precast Saftey End Treatment (SET) standard sheets.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap". Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. The anchor rods shown are always required.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item 467, "Safety End Treatment". Refer to PSET-SC or PSET-SP standard sheets for details of square safety end treatments not shown. Refer to PSET-RC or PSET-RP standard sheets for details of round safety end treatments not shown.

For precast units with integrally cast riprap, substitute reinforcing steel in the amount on 0.26 in./ft. minimum for the threaded anchor rods shown. When requested, submit sealed engineering drawings for approval prior to construction. Shop drawings will not be required. Note that a proprietary precast unit with integral riprap is available from L&R Precast Concrete Works, Inc. (956) 583-6293 or www.lrprecast.com. Payment for riprap and toewalls is included in the price bid for each safety end

These riprap details are only applicable when notes that require placement of riprap with precast safety end treatments are shown elsewhere in the plans.

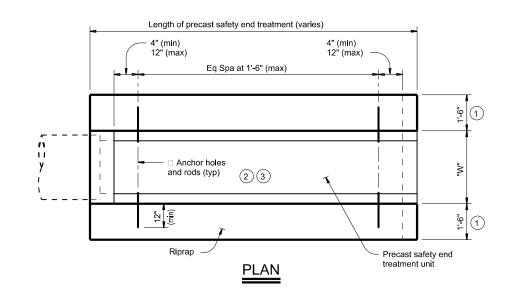
Precast units with integrally cast riprap are permitted unless noted otherwise on the plans.

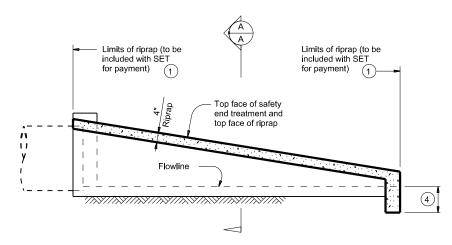


PRECAST SAFETY END **TREATMENT** TYPE II RIPRAP DETAILS

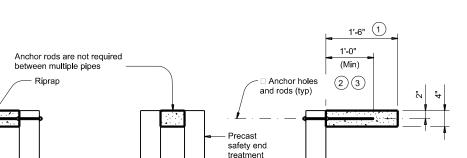
**PSET-RR** 

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			DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
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LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION





Anchor hole Precast safety end treatment unit 1'-6" 1 1'-0" (Min) Anchor holes 23 Riprap and rods (typ) Precast safety end treatment unit

1" Anchor rod

Threaded anchor rod

projection into drain area (max)

SINGLE PIPE INSTALLATION

Riprap

SECTION A-A

			SUMMARY OF SM	ALL	CSJ: 0066-04-083							
						(TYPE A)		D SGN	ASSM TY X		XX (X-XXXX)	Cı
STA NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN		DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM (TYPE EXAL ALUMINUM (TYPE	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall 10BWG = 10 BWG		UA=Universal Conc UB=Universal Bolt	PREFABRICATED  P = "Plain"  T = "T"  U = "U"		ΤY
3103+53 SB R	1	M3-3 M1-4(3 DGT) M6-1	SOUTH <auxiliary sign=""> <us highway="" route="" shield=""> (ROUTE #) <arrow -="" horiz.="" strght=""> <auxiliary sign=""></auxiliary></arrow></us></auxiliary>	SOUTH 287	24 x 12 30 x 24 21x 15	х	10BWG	1	SA	Р		
3112+16 NB L	2	R3-5L	<left arrow="" turn=""> ONLY</left>	ONLY	30 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3113+80 NB L	3	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3113+80 NB R	4	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3114+73 SB L	5	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3114+69 SB R	6	R6-1R R1-1 W4-4P	ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> STOP CROSS TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP (PLAQUE)</in>	STOP	36 X 12 36 x 36 24 x 12	x	S80	1	SA	Р	ВМ	
3115+41 NB L	7	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3115+44 NB L	8	R6-1R R1-2	ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> YIELD</in>	(NE WAY)	36 X 12 48 x 48 x 48	x	S80	1	SA	Р	ВМ	
3115+79 SB L	9	FR6142R	ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> YIELD</in>	VIELD	36 X 12 48 x 48 x 48	x	S80	1	SA	Р	ВМ	
3115+82 SB L	10	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3115+87 NB R	11	R6-1R R1-1 W4-4P	ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> STOP CROSS TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP (PLAQUE)</in>	STOP	36 X 12 36 x 36 24 x 12	x	\$80	1	SA	Р	ВМ	
3115+98 SB R	12	W1-9TR	<large arrow="" chevrons="" right="" w=""></large>		96 x 36	х	\$80	1	SA	U		

# ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS Square Feet Minimum Thickness Less than 7.5 0.100" 7.5 or Greater 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

#### NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

## SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

FILE:	sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	May 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
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			SUMMARY OF SN	A L L	SIGN			000	66-04-	083		
						(TYPE A)	SM R	D SGN	ASSM TY XX		XX (X-XXXX)  ITING DESIGNATION	BRIDO MOUN CLEARA SIGN
STA NO.	SIGN NO.	SIGN NOMENCLATURE	SIGN		DIMENSIONS	FLAT ALUMINUM EXAL ALUMINUM	FRP = Fiberglass TWT = Thin-Wall			PREFABRICATED  P = "Plain"  T = "T"  U = "U"		(Se Note TY =
3116+55 NB L	13	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3117+33 SB L	14	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3117+33 SB R	15	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3118+47 SB L	16	R3-5L	<left arrow="" turn=""> ONLY</left>	ONLY	30 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3124+36 NB L	17	R3-5L	<left arrow="" turn=""> ONLY</left>	ONLY	30 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3117+33 SB R 3118+47 SB L 3124+36 NB L 3126+40 NB L	18	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3126+40 NB R	19	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3127+19 SB L	20	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	x	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3127+60 SB R	21	R6-1R R1-1 W4-4P	ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> STOP CROSS TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP (PLAQUE</in>	STOP	36 X 12 36 x 36 24 x 12	х	S80	1	SA	Р	ВМ	
3128+15 SB L	22	R6-1R R1-2	ONE WAY <in arrow="" right=""> YIELD</in>	(ONE WAY)	36 x 12 48 x 48 x 48	x	S80	1	SA	Р	ВМ	
3129+06 SB L	23	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	X	10BWG	1	SA	Т		
3129+06 SB R	24	R5-1	DO NOT ENTER	DO NOT ENTER	36 x 36	х	10BWG	1	SA	Т		

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS

Square Feet Minimum Thickness

Less than 7.5 0.100"

7.5 or Greater 0.125"

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/

#### NOTE:

- 1. Sign supports shall be located as shown on the plans, except that the Engineer may shift the sign supports, within design guidelines, where necessary to secure a more desirable location or to avoid conflict with utilities. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor shall stake and the Engineer will verify all sign support locations.
- For installation of bridge mount clearance signs, see Bridge Mounted Clearance Sign Assembly (BMCS)Standard Sheet.
- For Sign Support Descriptive Codes, see Sign Mounting Details Small Roadside Signs General Notes & Details SMD(GEN).

Texas Department of Transportation

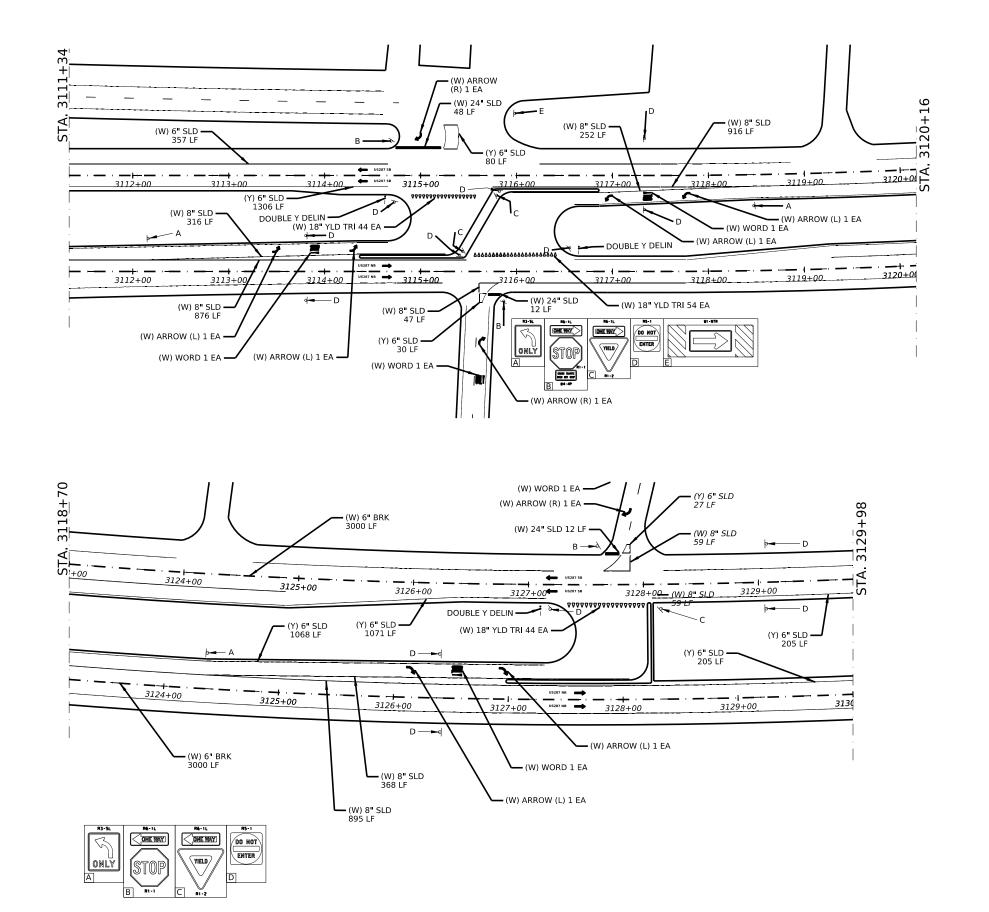
## SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

SOSS

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18

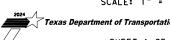




US 287

# TYPICAL STRIPING & SIGN LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 100'



	/			SHE	E I I	OF I
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SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

## SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

## Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2)

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))
- SA = Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Sign Mounting Designation

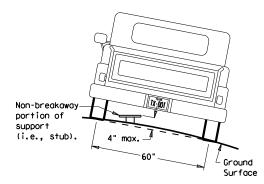
P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab, "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

IF REQUIRED 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

## REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

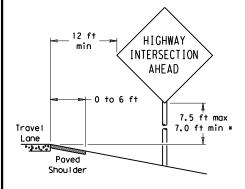
Not Acceptable

7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

## **PAVED SHOULDERS**



#### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

#### HIGHWAY 6 ft min INTERSECTION AHEAD Greater than 6 ft 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min > Lane Paved Shou I der

SIGN LOCATION

#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft, from the edge of the shoulder.

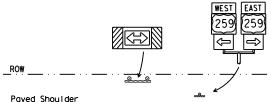
#### When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shou I der

Travel

Lane



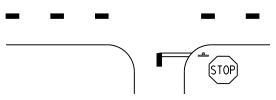
T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

<-- 6 ft min -

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*



- that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is:

## Paved Shoulder Edge of Travel Lane

## \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition

components and Wedge Anchor System components.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

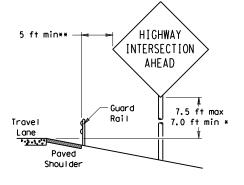
Traffic Operations Division

## SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

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## BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL

2 ft min\*\* INTERSECTION AHEAD 7.5 ft max Concrete 7.0 ft min Travel Borrier Paved Shoul der

 $\hbox{\tt **Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.}$ 

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

Maximum

possible

(When 6 ft min, is not possible,)

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

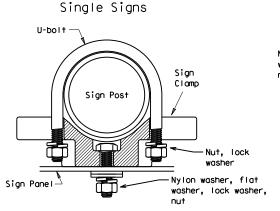
AHEAD

BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

## TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

diameter

circle



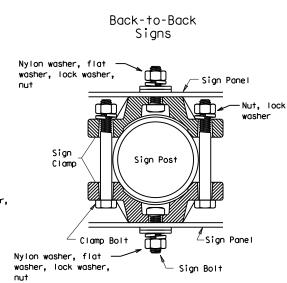
diameter

circle / Not Acceptable

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



Acceptable

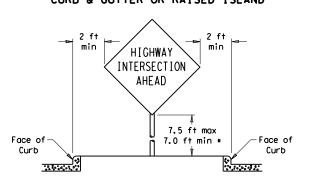
diameter

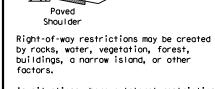
circle

	Approximate	Bolt Length
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"

#### **EAST** 7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min \* When a supplemental plaque Travel or secondary sign is used, the 7 ft sign height is measured to the bottom of the supplemental plaque Payed or secondary sign. Shou I der

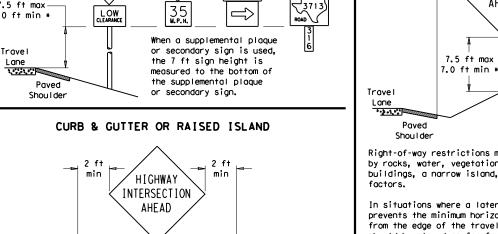
SIGNS WITH PLAQUES





In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme





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#### 10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) Slip Base $\Box$ 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and manufacturer galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. 36" Provide a 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or #4 rebar. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete.

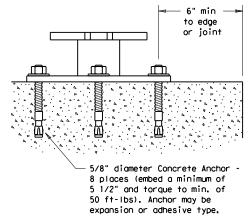
12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

#### NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

### CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe

Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength 70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength 62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lame) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

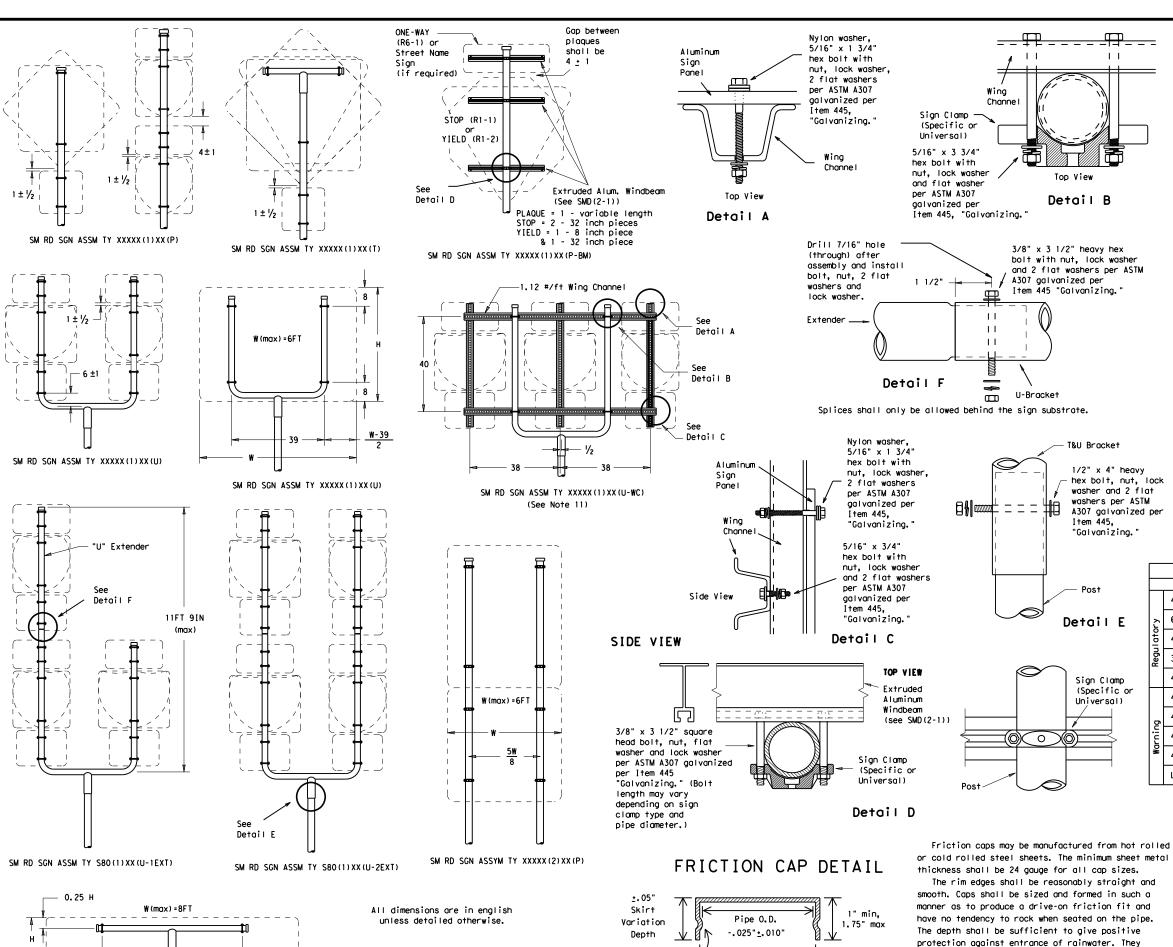


## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

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Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" +. 010"

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

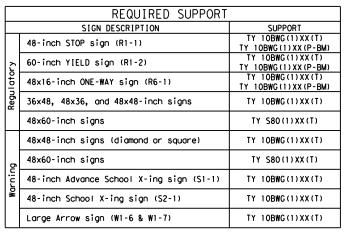
(\* - See Note 12)

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
- greater height.

  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.





## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD (SL IP-2) -08

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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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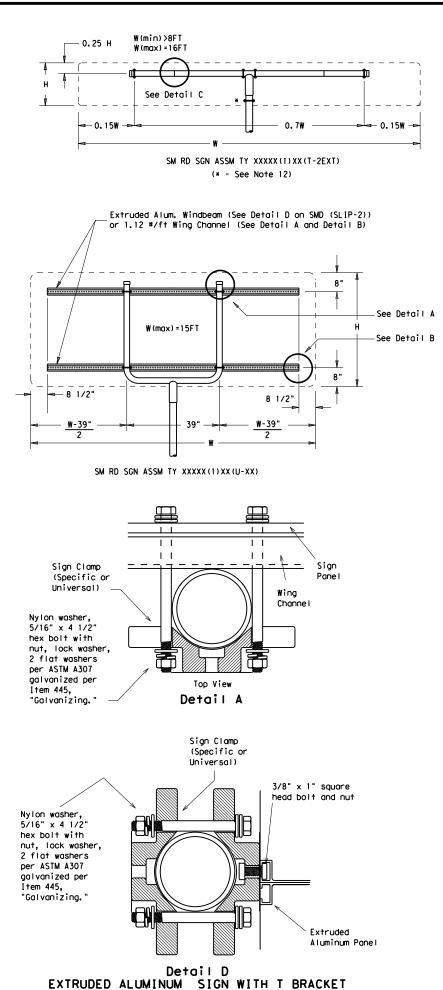
shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

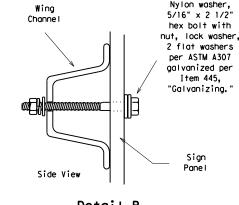
zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

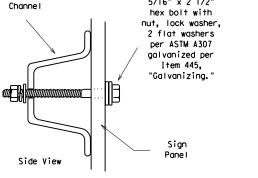
B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of

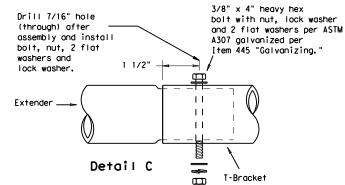








Detail B



Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

Sign

Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2"

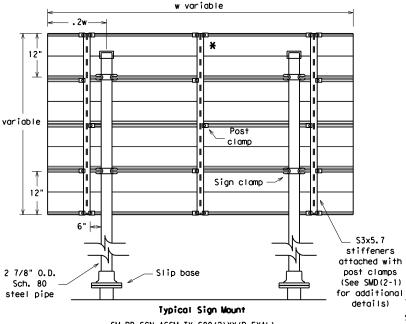
square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

ASTM A307 galvanized

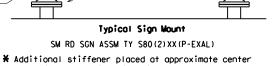
per Item 445.

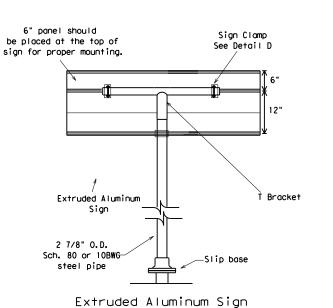
"Galvanizina.

Detail E

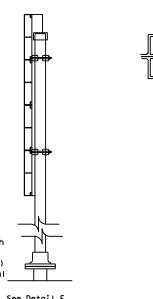


of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

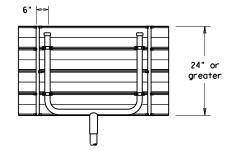




With T Bracket







Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E for clamp installation

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to
- support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently when impacted by an errant vehicle.
- Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT				
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT			
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)			
١,	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)			
	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)			
٠[	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)			
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)			
	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
!	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)			



## SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

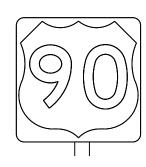
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		AMA		MOORE			60	

# REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



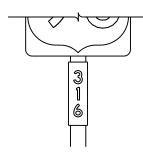




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

# REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND I SERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE D SHEETING			
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

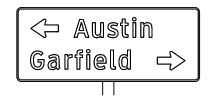












TYPICAL EXAMPLES

## GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans.

В	CV-1W
C	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



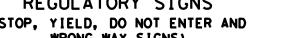
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TSR(3)-13

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12-03 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
9-08	AMA		MOORE			61

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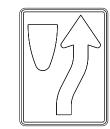
## REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

## REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)

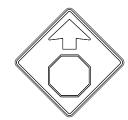




#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

## REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
	USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
	BACKGROUND FLOURESCENT YELLOW  LEGEND & BORDERS BLACK		TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING		
			ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM		
	LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

## REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





#### TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN	BLANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

## TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

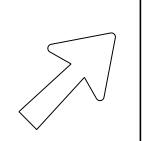
TSR(4)-13

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© TxDOT October 2003		CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS		0066	04	083		U	S 287	
12-03 7-11 9-08	3	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
		AMA		MOORE			62	

## ARROW DETAILS

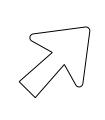
for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs

## SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ATTACHMENTS WHEN SPECIFIED TO BE TYPE A ALUMINUM SIGNS (FOR MOUNTING TO GUIDE SIGN FACE)

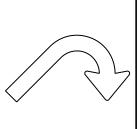


Type A

No warranty of any for the conversion

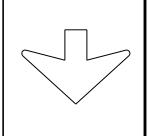


Type B



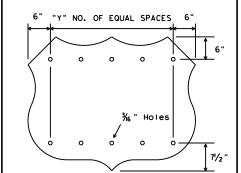
E-3

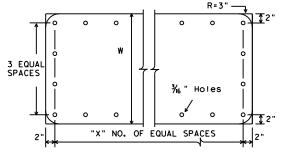




Down Arrow

‰" Ho∣es





INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

Α	С	D	E
36	21	15	11/2
48	28	20	13/4

Sign Size	"Y"
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5

U.S. ROUTE MARKERS STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No.of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

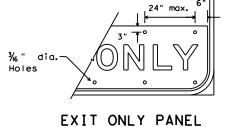
TYPE	LETTER SIZE	USE
A-I	10 <b>.</b> 67" U/L and 10" Caps	Single
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
A-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits
B-I	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps	Multiple
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps	Lane
B-3	16" & 20" U/L	Exits

CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.				
E-3	E5-laT				
E-4	E5-lbT				

NOTE

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.

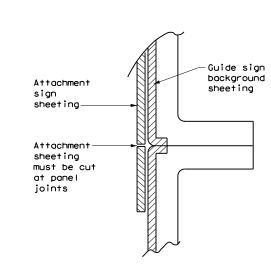
The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. http://www.txdot.gov/

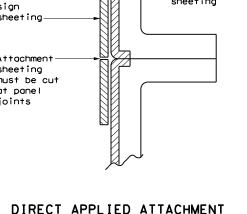


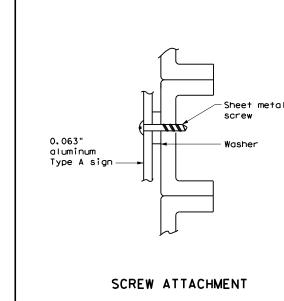
## MOUNTING DETAILS OF ATTACHMENTS TO GUIDE SIGN FACE ("EXIT ONLY" AND "LEFT EXIT" PANELS, ROUTE MARKERS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS)

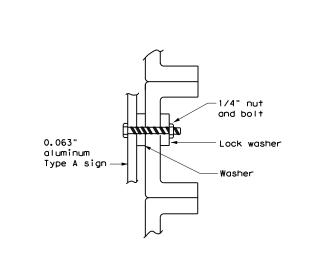
## ARROW DETAILS

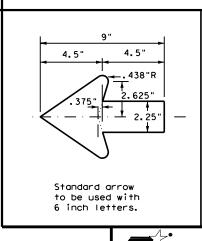
for Destination Signs (Type D)

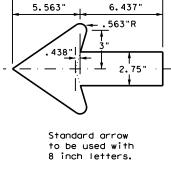












Traffic Operations Division Standard

## NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT

#### NOTE:

Furnish Type A aluminum sign attachments only when specified in the plans. These signs will be paid for under "Aluminum Signs".

# TYPICAL SIGN

Texas Department of Transportation

TSR(5)-13

REQUIREMENTS

ILE: tsr5-13.dgn	DN: T>	OOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
2-03	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
9-08	AMA		MOORE			63

- 1. Sheeting for legend, symbols, and borders must be cut at panel joints.
- 2. Direct applied attachment signs will be subsidiary to "Aluminum Signs" or "Fiberglass Signs".

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

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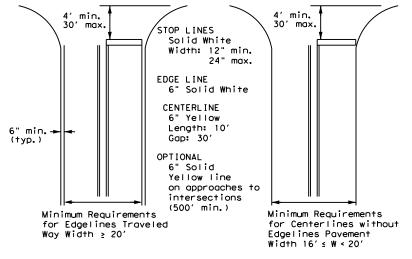
shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

ف

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

## GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways



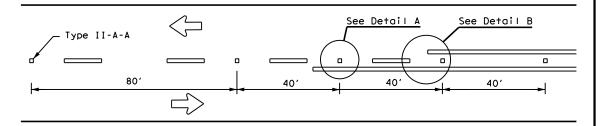
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

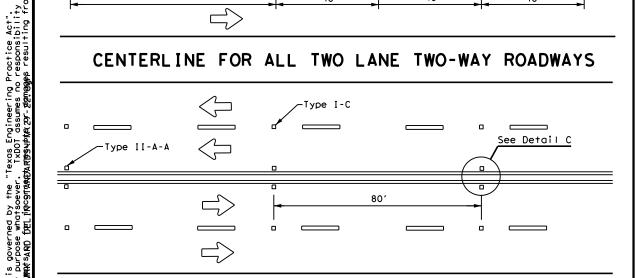
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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12	AMA		MOOR	E		64

## REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

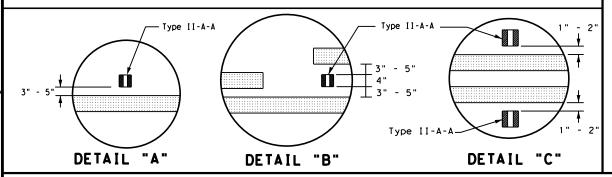


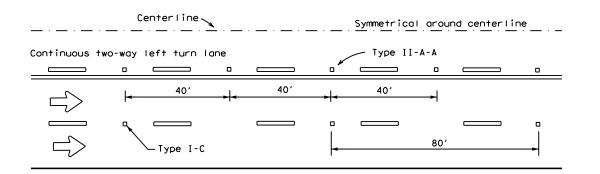
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## CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

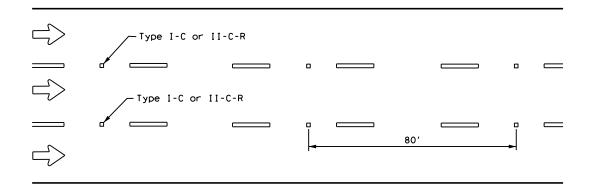


## CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



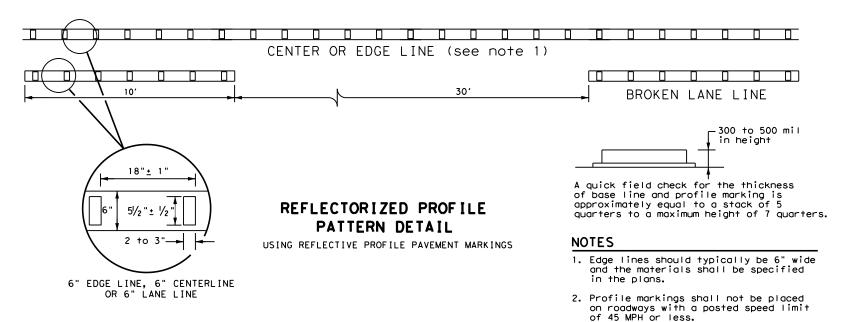


## CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



## LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

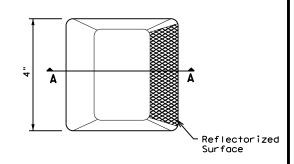


## GENERAL NOTES

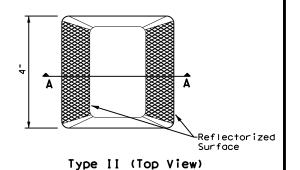
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

l	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
l	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200				
l	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100				
l	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130				
l	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200				
l	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220				
l	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240				

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



35° max-25° min-Roadway Adhesive SECTION A

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:	TxD(	τκ: ΤxDΦōw:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 4-77 8-00 6-20 4-92 2-10 12-22	0066	04	083	US 287	
	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
5-00 2-12	AMA		MOORE		65

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#### NOTES

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on\_street parking in\_what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)						
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f+)				
30 MPH	460	<sub>wc</sub> 2				
35 MPH	565	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$				
40 MPH	670	00				
45 MPH	775					
50 MPH	885					
55 MPH	990					
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS				
65 MPH	1,200					
70 MPH	1,250					
75 MPH	1,350					

Type II-A-A Markers  $\diamondsuit$ 20  $\diamondsuit$ ₹>

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

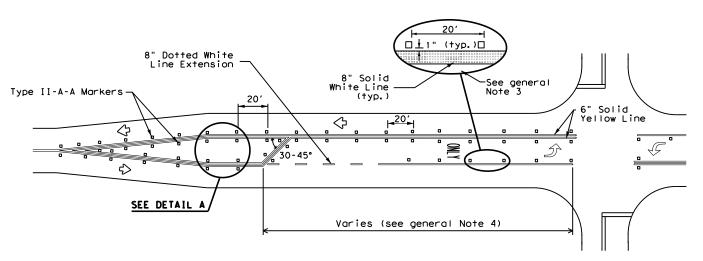
#### TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

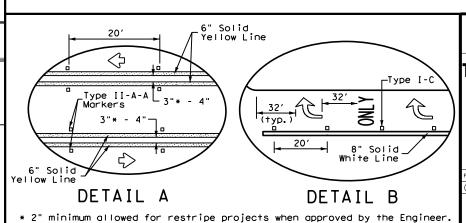
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used. two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

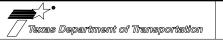
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



#### TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS



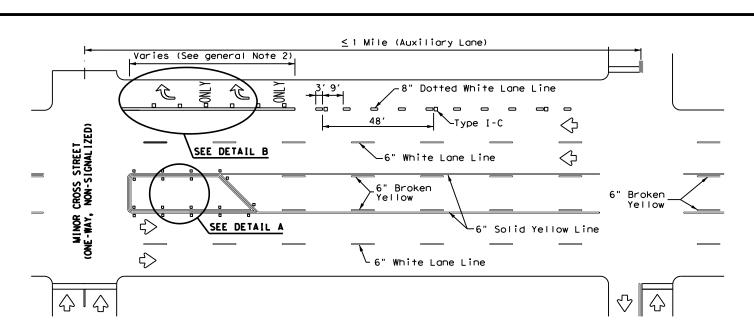


## 'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

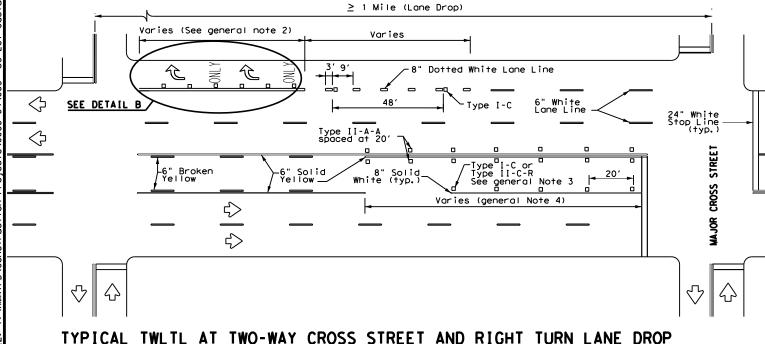
PM(3) - 22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

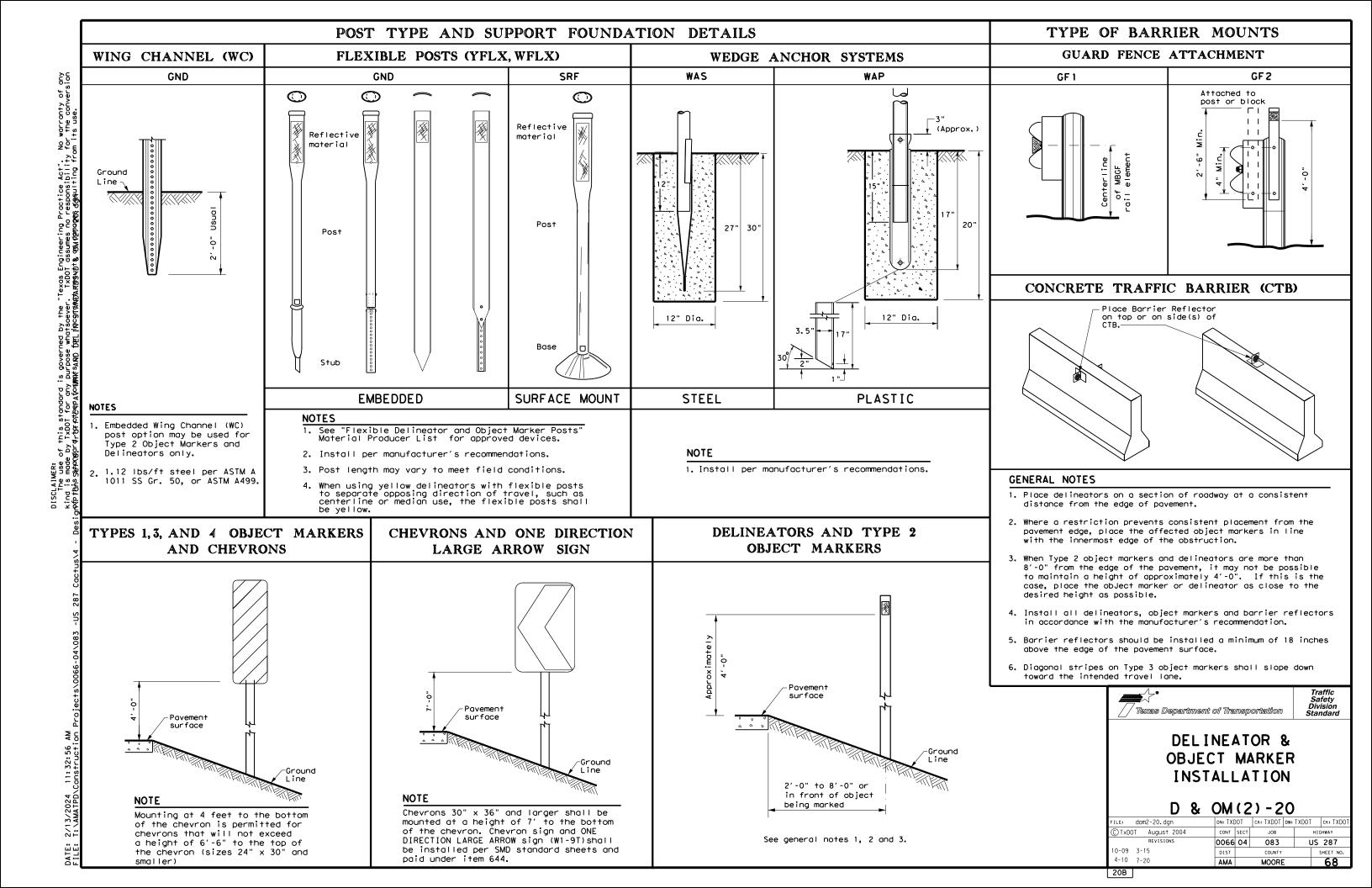
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ℂTxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
REVISIONS 4-98 3-03 6-20	0066	04	083		US	287
5-00 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
8-00 2-12	AMA		MOORI	Ε		66



#### TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



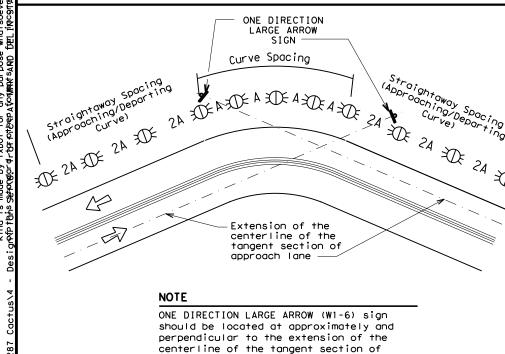
20A



#### MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

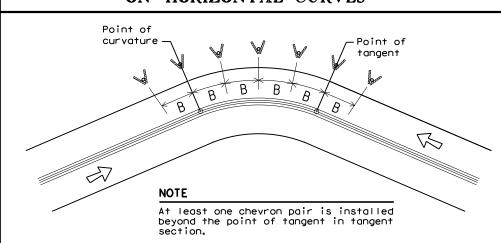
Amount by which Advisory Speed		Curve Advisory Speed				
	is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)			
	5 MPH & 10 MPH	O RPMs	O RPMs			
	15 MPH & 20 MPH	O RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign	O RPMs and Chevrons; or O RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.			
D. & JIM 137 - 20, 091	25 MPH & more	O RPMs and Chevrons; or  O RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons	O RPMs and Chevrons			

#### SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES



#### SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.



#### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

#### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON **SPACING**

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN

Advisory Speed (MPH)	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
	Α	2×A	В
65	130	260	200
60	110	220	160
55	100	200	160
50	85	170	160
45	75	150	120
40	70	140	120
35	60	120	120
30	55	110	80
25	50	100	80
20	40	80	80
15	35	70	40

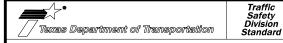
If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

## DELINEATOR AND OBJECT MARKER APPLICATION AND SPACING

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents  Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100'max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rai∣ Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end  Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
Culverts without MBGF	T	See D & OM (5)
CUIVELLS MITHOUT WROL	Type 2 Object Markers	See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

- 1. Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

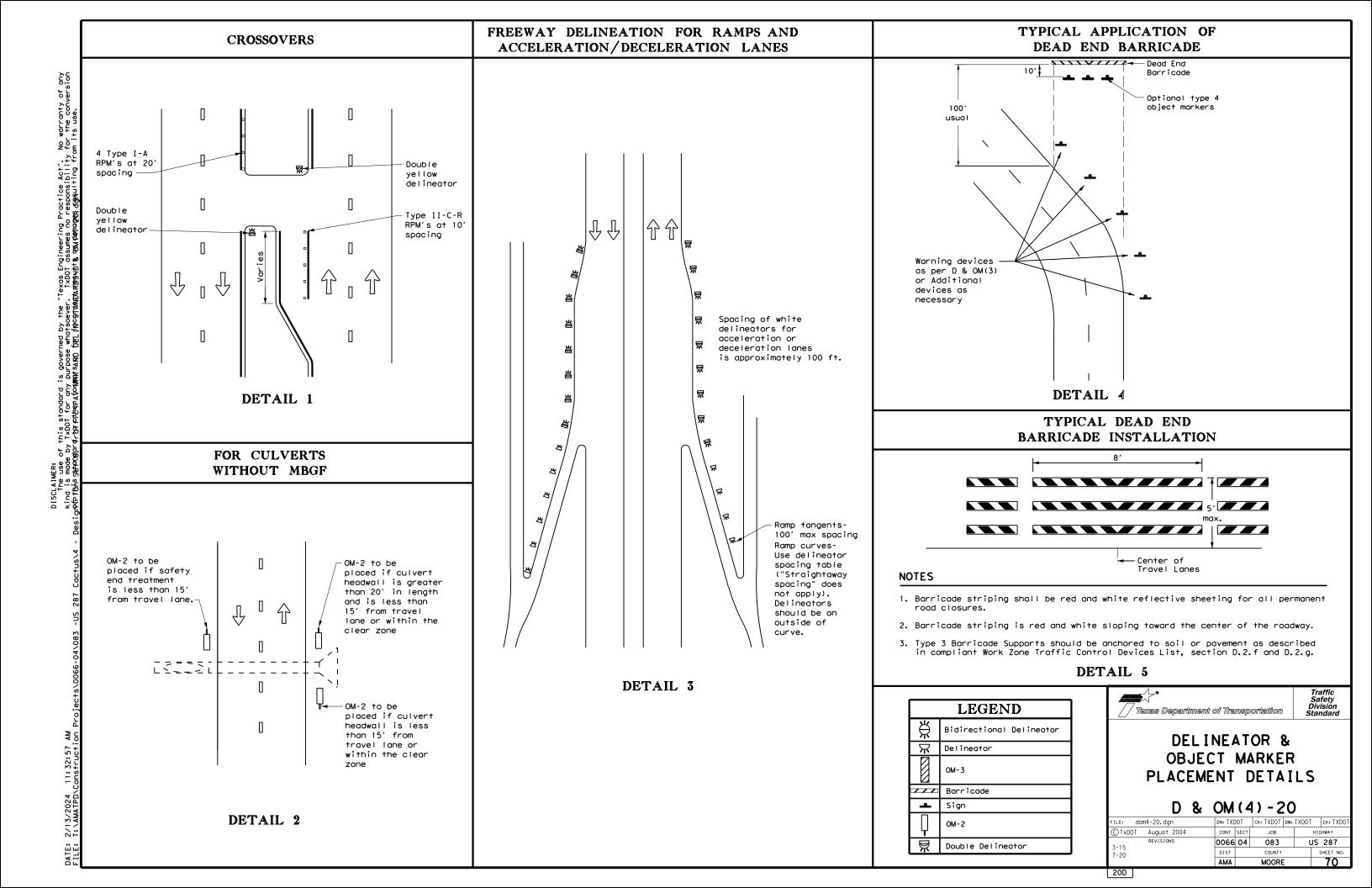
	LEGEND
<b>₩</b>	Bi-directional Delineator
X	Delineator
٩	Sign



**DELINEATOR &** OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

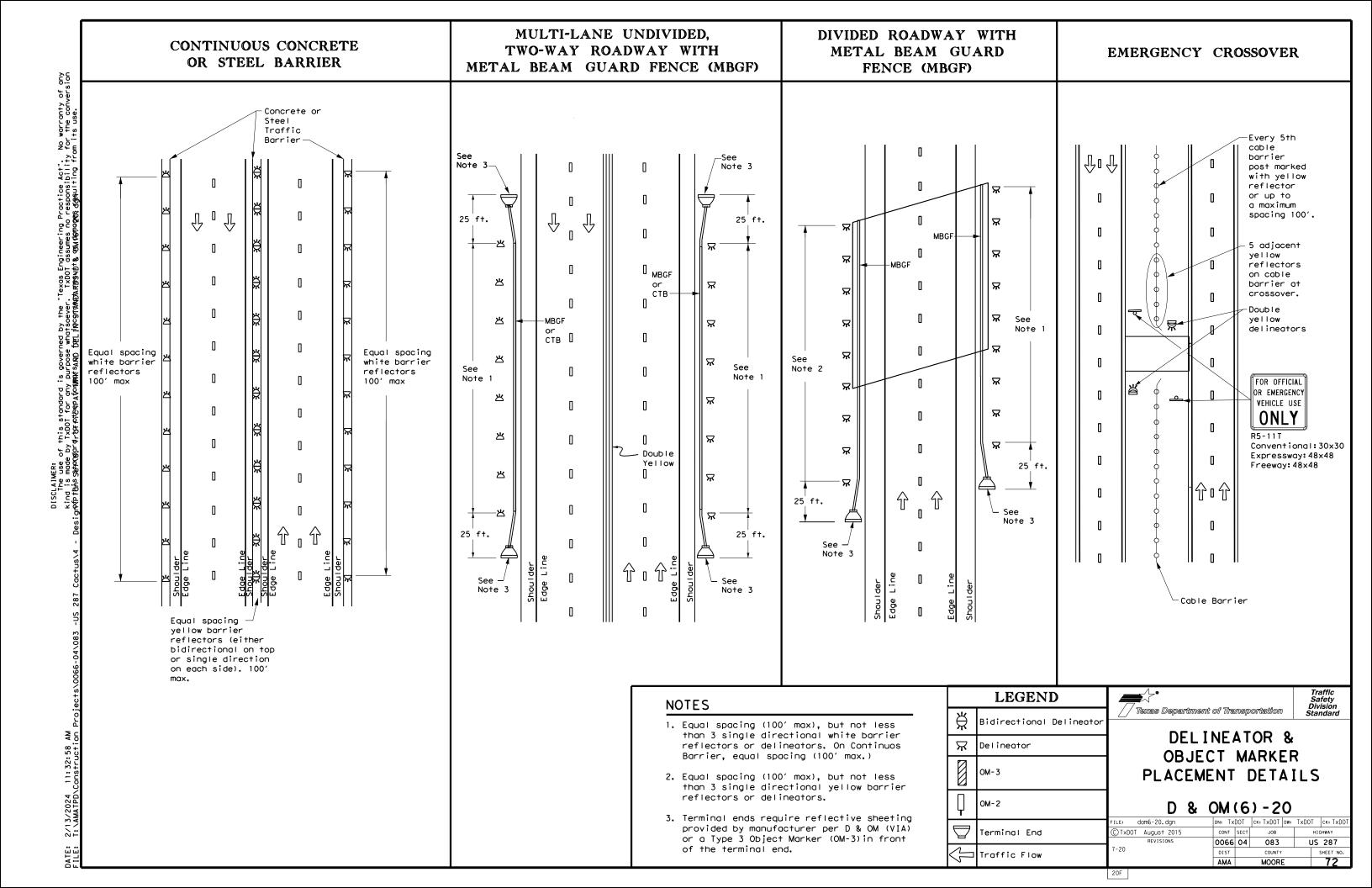
D & OM(3) - 20

ILE: dom3-20.dgn	DN: TX[	TOC	ck: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	ck: TXDOT
C)TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	0066	04	083		US	287
3-15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-15 7-20	AMA		MOORE			69



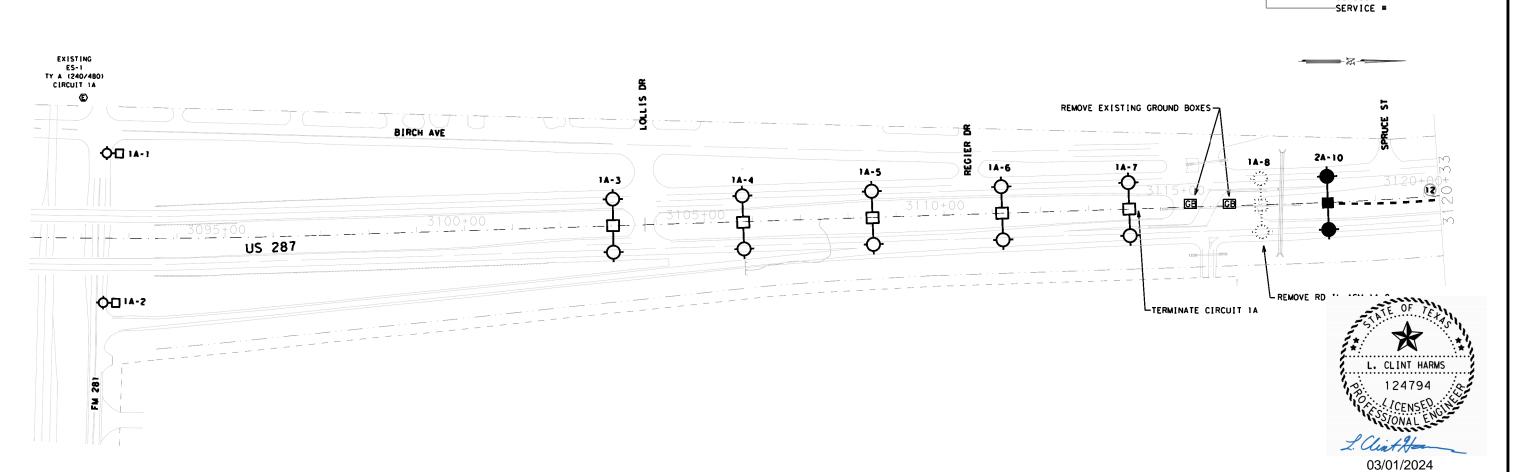
#### TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY TWO-WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY BRIDGE WITH NO APPROACH RAIL WITH REDUCED WIDTH APPROACH RAIL WITH METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE (MBGF) DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion ofptbhs Setaquard-batothepafonmanksanD DET ingcstampsaupts and degraces aget affect ing from its use. See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 1 See Note 出 出 25 ft. 25 ft. 3- Type D-SW 3- Type D-SW /₩ 25 ft. delineators delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ apart apart 出 **MBGF** Type D-SW Type D-SW delineators delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ bidirectional bidirectional One barrier $\stackrel{\star}{\bowtie}$ One barrier reflector shall reflector shall be placed $\stackrel{\ \ \, }{\bowtie}$ Steel or concrete-П be placed directly behind Bridge rail directly behind each OM-3. each OM-3. The others The others $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ will have -Steel or concrete will have equal spacing Bridge rail equal spacing (100' max), but (100' max), but not less than 3 Bidirectional white barrier not less than 3 bidirectional Bidirectional bidirectional white barrier white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal spacing (100' max), but reflectors reflectors or delineators $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$ reflectors Equal spacing delineators not less than (100' max), but 3 bidirectional not less than 3 bidirectional white barrier reflectors or white barrier Equal $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ delineators Equal reflectors or spacina spacing delineators (100' max), (100' max), but not but not less than less than 3 total. 3- Type $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ 3 total. 3- Type $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ D-SW D-SW delineators MBGF delineators spaced 25' spaced 25' apart $\mathbf{R}$ $\mathbf{x}$ apart $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\bowtie}$ Type D-SW ᆂᇴ ヌ 土 Edge Line Shoulder Type D-SW delineators delineators bidirectional Edge bidirectional $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ $\Re$ **MBGF** $\stackrel{*}{\bowtie}$ $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Traffic Safety Division Standard **LEGEND** 25 ft. 25 ft. 25 ft. Shoulder // Texas Department of Transportation $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbb{A}}$ Bidirectional Delineato DELINEATOR & $\mathbf{x}$ Delineator See Note See Note 1 **OBJECT MARKER** PLACEMENT DETAILS NOTE: NOTE: OM-2 D & OM(5) - 201. Terminal ends require reflective 1. Terminal ends require reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer sheeting provided by manufacturer DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO dom5-20.dgn per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Terminal End © TxDOT August 2015 JOB Object Marker (OM-3) in front of Object Marker (OM-3) in front US 287 0066 04 083 the terminal end. of the terminal end. Traffic Flow MOORE 71

20E



SCH	EDULE OF	ILLUMINATION POLE ASSE	MBLIES
POLE	STATION	TYPE ASSEMBLY	30" FDN.
2A-10	3118+00	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	8
		TOTAL	8

	SCHEDULE	OF CONDUIT	AND	CONDU	CTORS
RUN	SIZE	AL CONDUCTOR AND TYPE (LF)		SIZE AN	IDUIT ID TYPE .F)
NO.	#8 BARE	#8 XHHW	(SCH	T (PVC) 40) (2") RENCH)	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)
12	285	570		275	
TOTAL	285	570		275	



	SHEET SUMMARY					
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY			
416 6029	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30")	LF	8			
610 6009	REMOVE RD IL ASM (TRANS-BASE)	EA	1			
610 6323	IN RD IL (TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400 W EQ) LED	EA	1			
618 6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	275			
620 6007	ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) BARE	LF	285			
620 6008	ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) INSULATED	LF	570			
624 6028	REMOVE GROUND BOX	EA	2			

DELIVER REMOVED (SALVAGED) ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY-POLE, ARMS, AND FIXTURES TO THE CITY OF CACTUS
MAINTENANCE YARD.

US 287

#### ILLUMINATION LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 200'



LEGEND

CONDUIT RUN NUMBER

GROUND BOX (RPM) TYPE

NEW ELECTRICAL SERVICE PROPOSED LUMINARES

---OE--- EXISTING OVERHEAD POWER LINE

POLE DESIGNATION
LUMINARE # -CIRCUIT #

EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE

EXISTING LUMINARE TO REMAIN EXISTING LUMINARE TO BE REMOVED

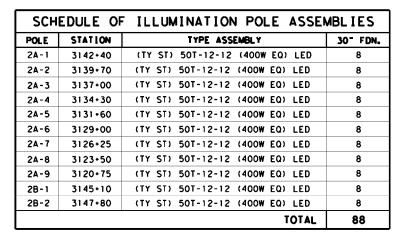
**(2)** 

CB)

CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (TRENCHED) CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (BORED)

> SHEET 1 OF 3 083 US 287

RPA CH 0066 04



	SCHEDULE (	OF CONDUIT	AND CONDU	CTORS		
RUN	SIZE A	_ CONDUCTOR ND TYPE LF)	CONDUIT SIZE AND TYPE (LF)			
NO.	#8 BARE	#8 XHHW	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2") (TRENCH)	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)		
1 #	60 (A&B)	120 (A&B)	40 (2X20)			
2*	220 (A&B)	440 (A&B)		200 (A&B)		
3	60	120	50			
4	280	560	270			
5	280	560	270			
6	280	560	170	100		
7	280	560	270			
8	270	540	260			
9	285	570		275		
10	285	570	275			
11	285	570	275			
14	230	460	220			
15	280	560	110	160		
16	280	560	270			
TOTAL	3, 375	6, 750	2,480	735		

\*RUN HAS 2 SETS OF CONDUITS FOR CIRCUITS A & B.

		LECENIE
		LEGEND
		CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (TRENCHED)
		CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (BORED)
(PVC) ) (2") RF)	•	CONDUIT RUN NUMBER
\L)	<b>GB</b> X	GROUND BOX (RPM) TYPE
A&B)	Œ	EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE
	N	NEW ELECTRICAL SERVICE
	<del>+ = +</del>	PROPOSED LUMINARES
	<b>+=</b>	PROPOSED LUMINARE
	•——OE ——●	EXISTING OVERHEAD POWER LINE
	1A-1	POLE DESIGNATION  LUMINARE #  CIRCUIT #  SERVICE #
5		

	SHEET SUMMARY					
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	OTY			
416 6029	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30")	LF	88			
610 6323	IN RD IL (TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	EA	11			
618 6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	2,480			
618 6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	735			
620 6007	ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) BARE	LF	3, 375			
620 6008	ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) INSULATED	LF	6, 750			
624 6008	GROUND BOX TY C (162911) W/APRON	EA	2			
628 6045	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 060 (NS) SS (E) SP (O)	EA	1			

NOTE:
XCEL ENERGY WILL INSTALL NEW
TRANSFORMER ON EXISTING POLE
AT TIME OF SERVICE REQUEST.
877.354.6395
https://xcelenergy.force.com/FastApp

	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA									
ELEC. SERVICE NO.	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION (SEE ED (5)-14)	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE (RMC)	SERVICE CONDUCTORS NO./SIZE	SAFETY SWITCH AMPS	MAIN DISCONNECT CKT.BRK. POLE/AMP	TWO-POLE CONTACTOR AMPS	PANEL BOARD / LOADCENTER AMP RATING (MIN)	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKER POLE/AMPS	KVA LOAD
ES-2	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 060 (NS) SS (E) SP (O)	2"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60	60	N/A	Α	2P/20	0.5
ES-1	EXISTING ELC SRV TY A 240/480							В	2P/20	9.5
CC-3	LEVISTING FLC SPV TV A 240/480									

US 287

03/01/2024

#### ILLUMINATION LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 200'

Texas Department of Transportation

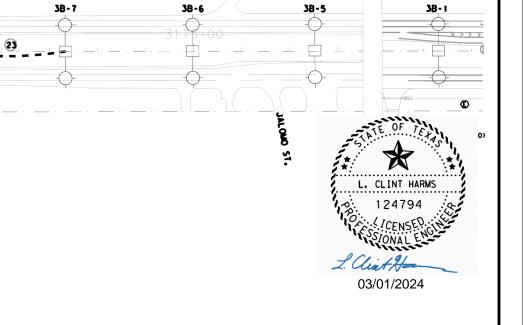
4				SHE	ET 3	2 OF 3
SN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
PΑ	СН	0066	04 083 U		IS 287	
SMN	CK	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
	D	4444				74

	SCHEDULE	OF CONDUIT	AND CONDU	CTORS		
RUN		AL CONDUCTOR AND TYPE (LF)	CONDUIT SIZE AND TYPE (LF)			
NO.	#8 BARE	#8 XHH₩	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2") (TRENCH)	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)		
17	280	560	270			
18	280	560	170	100		
19	280	560	270			
20	280	560	270			
21	280	560	270			
22	280	560	270			
23	260	520	250			
TOTAL	1,940	3, 880	1,770	100		

MBLIES	ILLUMINATION POLE ASSEM	EDULE OF	SCHI
30" FDN	TYPE ASSEMBLY	STATION	POLE
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3150+50	2B-3
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3153+20	2B-4
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3155+90	2B-5
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3158+60	2B-6
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3161+30	2B-7
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3164+00	2B-8
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3166+70	2B-9
8	(TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	3169+80	3B-8
64	TOTAL		

2B-9

3B-8



	SHEET SUMMARY						
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	OTY				
416 6029	DRILL SHAFT (RDWY ILL POLE) (30")	LF	64				
610 6323	IN RD IL (TY ST) 50T-12-12 (400W EQ) LED	EA	8				
618 6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 40) (2")	LF	1,770				
618 6047	CONDT (PVC) (SCH 80) (2") (BORE)	LF	100				
620 6007	ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) BARE	LF	1,940				
620 6008	ELEC CONDR. (NO. 8) INSULATED	LF	3,880				

US 287

ILLUMINATION LAYOUT

LEGEND

--- CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (TRENCHED)

--- CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR (BORED)

CONDUIT RUN NUMBER

GROUND BOX (RPM) TYPE

NEW ELECTRICAL SERVICE

←□−♦ EXISTING LUMINARE TO REMAIN•—OE — EXISTING OVERHEAD POWER LINE

POLE DESIGNATION

LUMINARE #

CIRCUIT #

SERVICE #

♦ ■ ♦ PROPOSED LUMINARES

EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE

**(#**)

GB X

SCALE: 1" = 200'

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 3 OF 3

				3115		3 OF 3
)SN	CK	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
PA	СН	0066	04	04 083 US 287		
RWN	CK	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
ΚK	BV	AMA	MOORE 75			

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL), NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megahm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

#### CONDUIT

- A. MATERIALS
- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies. Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
#2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu, in, and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cast iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622. except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



## ELECTRICAL DETAILS **CONDUITS & NOTES**

Division Standard

ED(1) - 14

			•				
E:	ed1-14.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		AMA		MOOR	E		76

#### **ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS**

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends past the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

#### C. TEMPORARY WIRING

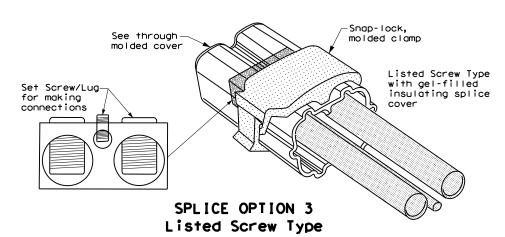
- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NEC.

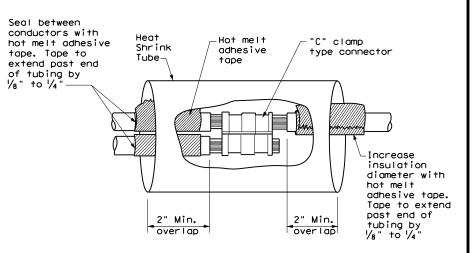
#### GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. MATERIAL INFORMATION
- Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

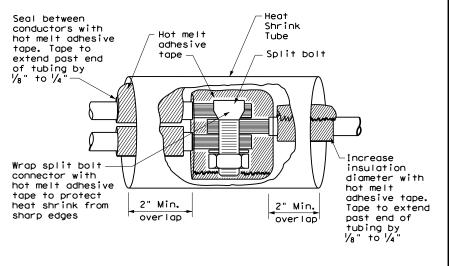
#### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in. below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

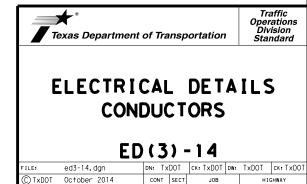




#### SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2
Split Bolt Type

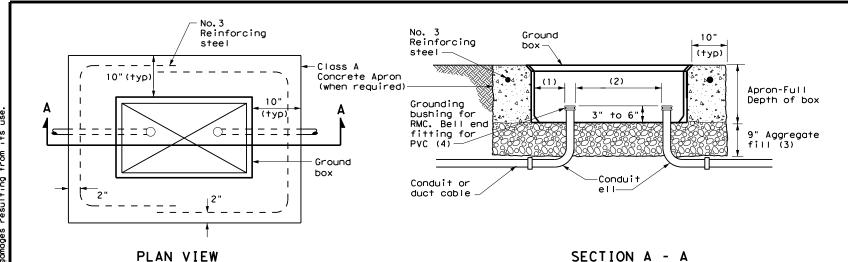


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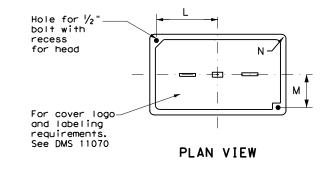


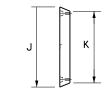
#### APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

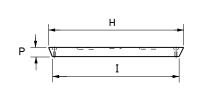
GROU	GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS				
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)				
Α	12 X 23 X 11				
В	12 X 23 X 22				
С	16 X 29 X 11				
D	16 X 29 X 22				
E	12 X 23 X 17				

	GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS							
TYPE	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)							
1175	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 ½	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2





END



SIDE

GROUND BOX COVER

# GROUND BOXES A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- 1. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.
- 11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS
GROUND BOXES

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#### **ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES**

- 1. Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2. Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services, "DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6. Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8. Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10. Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the  $V_2$  in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11. Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13. For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to  $8\,{}^{1}\!\!/_{2}\,$  in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15. Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

#### SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1. Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3. Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not paint stainless steel.
- 4. Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

#### MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

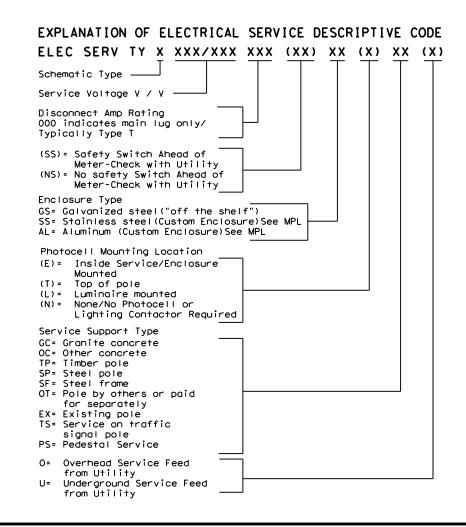
- 1. Field drill flange-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

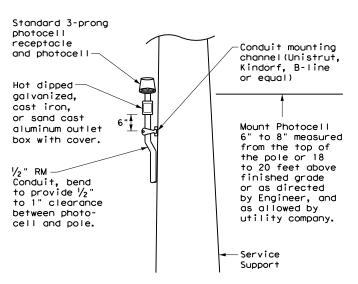
#### PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1.Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

	* ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA											
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit **Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(O)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000 (NS) GS (N) SP (O)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

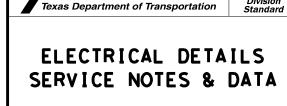
- \* Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- \*\* Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National Electrical Code.





#### TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

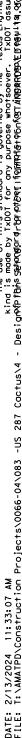
Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.

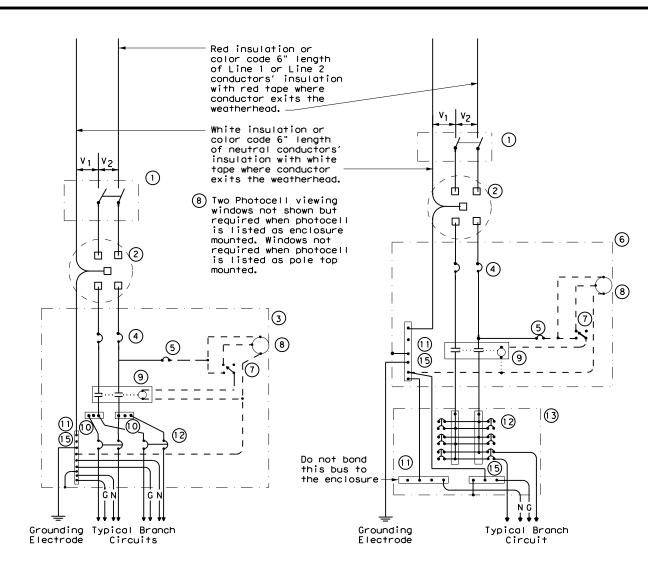


Operation.

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SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE

(15(1) 0 Grounding Typical 240 Volt Typical Typical 120 / 240 Volt 120 Volt Luminaire Branch Circuit Branch Circuit Branch Circuit 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

120 240

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4

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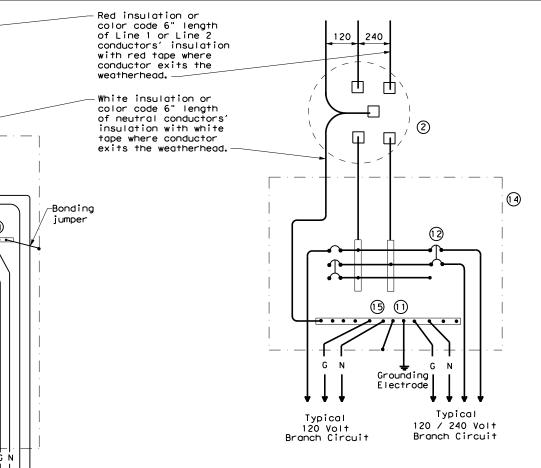
 $\Box$ 

3

SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM

	WIRING LEGEND							
	Power Wiring							
	Control Wiring							
— N —	Neutral Conductor							
— G —	Equipment grounding conductor-always required							

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND
1	Safety Switch (when required)
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)
3	Service Assembly Enclosure
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)
6	Auxiliary Enclosure
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)
9	Lighting Contactor
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks
11	Neutral Bus
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard
14	Load Center
15	Ground Bus



#### SCHEMATIC TYPE T

#### 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations

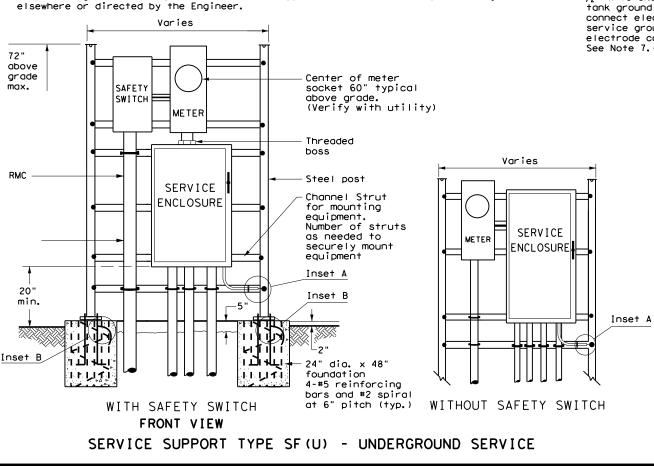
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

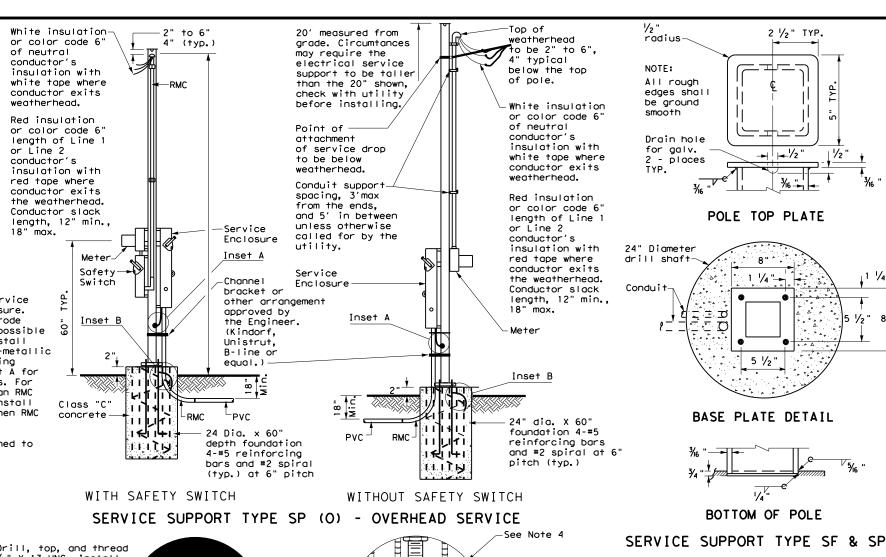
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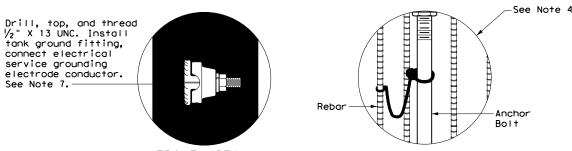
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#### SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF)

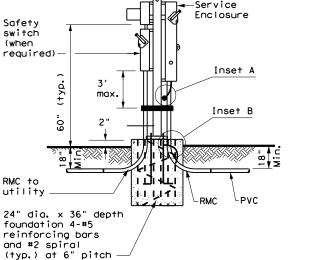
- 1. Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. or 1  $\frac{5}{8}$  in. wide by 1 in. up to 3  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel. File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.
- 2. Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in, x 18 in, x 4 in, (dia, x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. x  $\frac{5}{6}$  in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with  $3 \frac{1}{4}$  in. to  $3 \frac{1}{2}$  in. of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.
- 4. Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5. Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of unobstructed concrete cover.
- 7.Drill and tap steel poles and frames for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8. If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.
- 9. Provide ¼" 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all non-conductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections wrench tiaht.
- 10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent abrasion of the insulated conductors.
- 11. Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated







FRONT VIEW INSET A



WITH SAFETY SWITCH

SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SP(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE

3/4" dia. 4" Hook

INSET B

HOOKED ANCHOR DETAIL

Length

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO CTxDOT October 2014 JOB 0066 04 083 US 287

to accommodate equipment

5" thick

concrete

pad (class C

concrete and

6" X 6" #6

wire mesh)

TOP VIEW SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)

2 1/2" TYP.

<u>→</u>|/2"

POLE TOP PLATE

. 1 1/4 🖚

5 ½"

BASE PLATE DETAIL

BOTTOM OF POLE

expansion

ioint material

Dimension varies,

install only as

wide as required

| 1/2 "

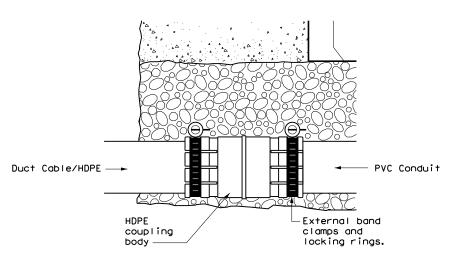
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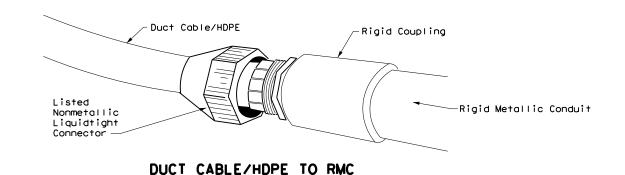
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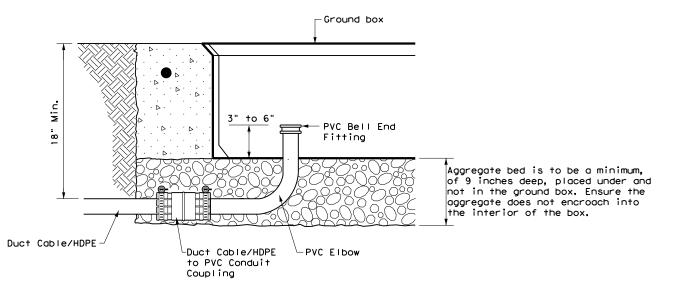
#### DUCT CABLE & HDPE CONDUIT NOTES

- Provide duct cable in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11060
  "Duct Cable" and Item 622 "Duct Cable." Provide duct cable as listed on the Material
  Producer List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical
  Supplies" Item 622.
- Provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit in accordance with DMS 11060 and Item 618, "Conduit." Provide HDPE as listed on the MPL on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 618.
- 3. Supply duct cable with a minimum 2 in. diameter, unless otherwise shown in the plans. Provide duct cable and HDPE conduit as shown by descriptive code or on the plans. Bend duct cable and HDPE conduit as recommended by the manufacturer, with a minimum bending radius of 26 in. for 2 in. duct. Follow manufacturers' recommendations when handling duct cable and HDPE conduit reels and during installation of duct cable and HDPE conduit.
- 4. Do not splice conductors within duct cable or HDPE conduit. Couple duct cable and HDPE entering a ground box or foundation to a PVC elbow. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18" from possible contact, ground the RMC elbow.
- 5. Furnish and install duct cable with factory installed conductors, sized as shown in the plans and as required by the National Electrical Code (NEC). The NEC contains specific requirements for duct cable in Article, "Nonmetallic Underground Conduit with Conductors: Type NUCC."
- 6. When conduit casing is called for in the plans, extend duct cable or HDPE conduit through the conduit casing in one continuous length without connection to the casing.
- 7. Seal the ends of duct cable or HDPE conduit with duct seal, expandable foam, or other approved method after completing the pull tests required by Item 622.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 24 in. under roadways, 18 in. in other locations, or as shown on the plans.
- 9. Furnish and install listed fittings to couple duct cable or HDPE conduit to other types of conduit. Duct cable and HDPE conduit may be field-threaded and spliced with PVC or RMC threaded couplings; connected with listed tie-wrap fittings; connected using listed coupling made of HDPE with stainless steel external banding clamps and locking rings; connected with approved electrofusion conduit couplings; or connected using an approved chemical fusion method using an epoxy or adhesive specifically designed for HDPE couplings and connectors all installed in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions. Do not use PVC glue on HDPE. Do not use water pipe fittings, or connect conduit with heat shrink tubing.



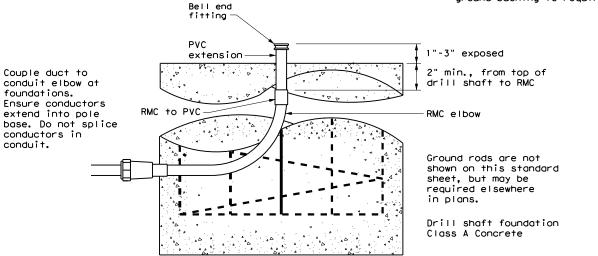
#### DUCT CABLE/HDPE TO PVC



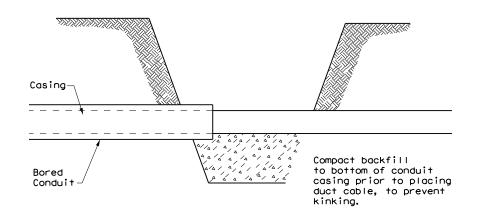


#### DUCT CABLE/HDPE AT GROUND BOX

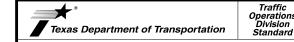
When the upper end of an RMC EII does not enter the ground box, it may be extended with a SCH-40 PVC conduit nipple and bell end, provided there is a minimum of 18" of cover over all parts of the elbow. If not, a rigid extension and ground bushing is required.



#### DUCT CABLE / HDPE AT FOUNDATION



BORE PIT DETAIL



# DUCT CABLE/ HDPE CONDUIT

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#### ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY NOTES

- Details apply to roadway lighting installations bid or referenced under Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies."
  Provide, furnish, and install all other materials not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper
  construction. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the State
  such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The locations of poles and fixtures may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC),TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association, Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection.
- 4. Provide Roadway Illumination Light Fixtures as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11010, Item 610, and as shown on the Material Producers List (MPL) for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies.
- 5. Fabricate steel roadway illumination poles in accordance with Roadway Illumination Poles (RIP) standards and Item 610. Poles fabricated according to RIP standards do not require shop drawing submittals.
  - a. Alternate designs to RIP standards or the use of aluminum to fabricate poles will require the submission of shop drawings electronically. For instructions on submitting shop drawings electronically see "Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal" on the TxDOT web site.
  - b. Limitations on use of the RIP standard: The RIP standard details were developed for installations in locations where the 3-second gust basic maximum wind speed is 110 mph, and where the elevation of the base of the pole is less than (i.e. not more than) 25' above the elevation of the surrounding terrain, in accordance with the "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals," 6th Edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For poles to be installed in regions where the maximum basic wind speed exceeds 110 mph or to be mounted more than 25' above the surrounding terrain, provide poles meeting the following requirements:
    - i. Submittals. Following the electronic shop drawing submittal process (see Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal on the TxDOT web site), submit to the Engineer for approval fabrication drawings and calculations for the poles, sealed by a Texas licensed professional engineer (P.E.).
    - ii. Luminaire Structural Support Requirements. Provide light poles, arms, and anchor bolt assemblies with a 25 year design life to safely resist dead loads, ice loads and the required basic wind speeds at the location of installation in accordance with the 6th edition (2013) of the AASHTO Design Specifications. For transformer base poles, include transformer base and connecting hardware in calculations and shop drawing submittals. Structurally test all transformer bases to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Submit certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished with the shop drawings. Show breakaway base model number, manufacturer's name, and logo on shop drawings. Include on manufacturer's shop drawings the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- 6. For both transformer and shoe-base type illumination poles, provide and install double-pole breakaway fuse holders as specified by DMS-11040. Breakaway fuse holders are listed on the MPL for Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies under Items 610 & 620. Provide 10 amp time delay fuses for breakaway connectors in light poles, or inside the light fixture for underpass luminaires. In each pole, connect luminaires to the breakaway connector with continuous stranded 12 AWG copper conductors as listed on the MPL. Bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground lug in the transformer base or hand hole.
- Tighten anchor bolts for shoe base, concrete traffic barrier base, and bridge mount roadway illumination poles, in accordance with Item 449.
- 8. Install T-Base with following procedure:
  - a. Anchor Bolt Tightening.
    - i. Coat the threads of the anchor bolts with electrically conductive lubricant.
    - ii. Place the T-base over the anchor bolts. Foundation must be level and flat. The maximum permissible gap under any one corner of the t-base is 1/8" before nuts are tightened.
    - iii.Coat the bearing surfaces of the nuts and washers with electrically conductive lubricant. Install (1) 1/2" hold down washer, (1) lock washer, and (1) nut on each anchor bolt. Turn the nuts onto the bolts so that each is hand-tight against the washer.
    - iv. Using a torque wrench, tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. Uniform contact is required between the foundation and the T-base in the corner regions of the T-base, and all corner gaps must be closed after applying torque. If a gap still exists after torquing to 150 ft-Ibs, continue torquing each bolt incrementally until gap is closed or maximum allowable torque of 250 ft. pound is reached, whichever comes first. If 250 ft-Ibs is not enough to close the gap the foundation must be leveled. Gaps along the straight sides of the T-bases and the foundation are permissible. Ensure that no high point of contact occurs between the straight sides of the T-base and the foundation.
    - v. Check top of T-base for level. If not level then foundation must be leveled.
  - b. Top Bolt Procedure
    - i. Erect pole over T-base with crane. Coat bolts, nuts, washers, and lock washers with electrically conductive lubricant.

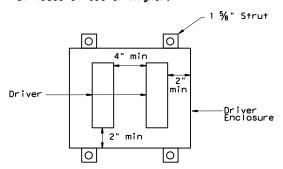
- ii. Install bolts and 1/2" connecting washers from the inside of the T-base, thread up through the pole base. Install flat washers, lock washers and nuts snug tight according to Item 447, "Structural Bolting."
- iii. Tighten each nut to 150 ft-Ib. using a torque wrench.
- c. Level and Plumb
  - Ensure pole is plumb and mast arm is perpendicular to the roadway according to plans to within 5 degrees.
- 9. Construct luminaire pole foundations in accordance with Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations," and TxDOT standard sheet RID(2).
- 10. Provide and install underpass luminaires in accordance with Item 610, DMS-11010, and TxDOT standard sheet RID(3). Typical luminaire size for underpass luminaires is 150W HPS or 150W EQ LED.
- 11. Mount luminaires on arms level as shown by the luminaire level indicator.
- 12. Orient luminaires perpendicular to the roadway intended to be lit unless otherwise shown on the plans.

#### Wiring Diagram Notes:

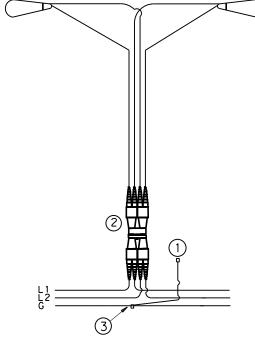
- Use 1/2 in.-13 UNC threaded, copper or tin-plated copper, pole bonding connector, sized appropriately for conductors, bonded to T-base, or use ground lug in handhole as available.
- Use pre-qualified two-pole breakaway connectors for all luminaire pole installations. For luminaires fed by a circuit with a neutral conductor, use double pole breakaway connectors with the neutral side unfused and marked white.
- (3) Split Bolt or other connector.

#### Decorative LED Lighting Notes:

- LED Drivers in Remote Outdoor enclosures (for drivers that do not include an enclosure as part of a factory assembly):
  - a. Provide NEMA 3R outdoor enclosure or as approved.
  - b. Install enclosure at least 12" above ground or other horizontal surface. Mount vertically or on ceiling, and avoid direct sun where possible.
  - Install drivers with at least 2 inches of space from enclosure walls.
  - d. For multiple drivers in an enclosure, provide at least 4 inches side to side and 1 inch end to end from other drivers or electronic equipment
  - e. For drivers mounted on back wall of enclosure, mount enclosure on 1 5/8" strut or other standoff to dissipate heat, or mount driver to side of the enclosure or to the metal cover.
  - f. Provide remote drivers with a maximum of 100 watts
  - g. Provide drivers with documentation of 100,000 hr lifetime at Tcase of 65C or higher.



Driver Spacing In Remote Enclosure

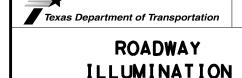


G = Grounding Conductor

TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM

L1, L2 = Hot Conductors

LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 480V ON 240/480 VOLT SERVICE OR LUMINAIRES SERVED AT 240V FOR 120/240 VOLT SERVICE.



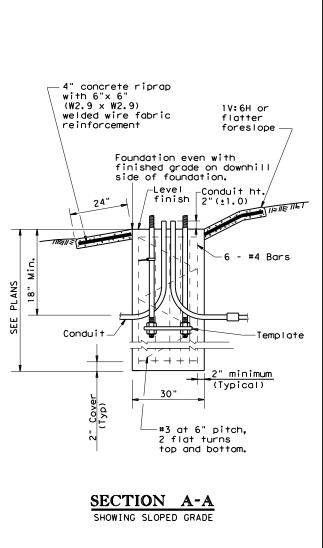
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DETAILS

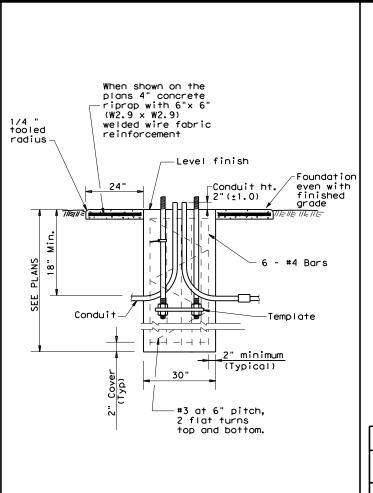
Traffic Safety Division Standard

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No warranty of any for the conversion



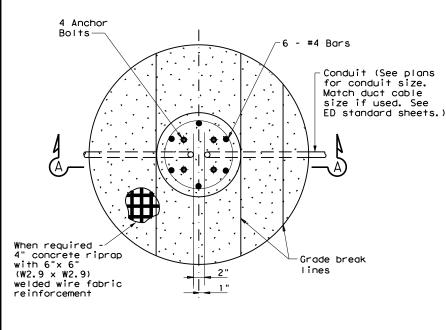
SECTION A-A

SHOWING CONSTANT GRADE

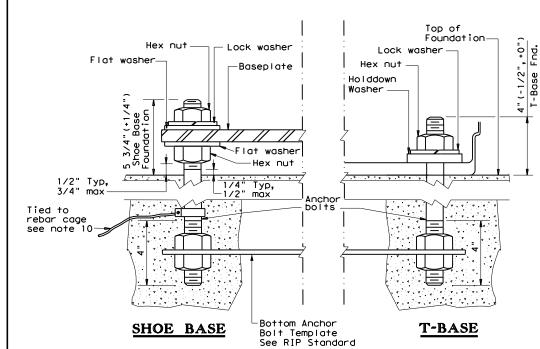
TABLE 1							
	ANCHOR BOLTS						
POLE MOUNTING							
HE I GHT	Shoe Base	T-Base	SIZE				
<40 ft.	13 in.	14 in.	1in.x 30in.				
40-50 ft.	15 in.	17 ¼in.	1 ¼in. x 30in.				

TABLE 2						
RECOMMENDED FOUNDATION LENGTHS (See note 1)						
MOUNT ING HE I GHT	TEXAS CONE PENETROMETER N Blows/ft					
HE 10H1	10	15	40			
<20 ft.	6′	6′	6′			
>20 ft. to 30 ft.	8′	6′	6′			
>30 ft. to 40 ft.	8′	8′	6′			
>40 ft. to 50 ft.	10'	8,	6′			

	TABLE 3					
PAY QUANTITY OF RIPRAP PER FOUNDATION (Install only when shown on the plans)						
Foundation Diameter	RIPRAP RIPRAP DIAMETER (CONC) (CL B)					
30 in.	78 in.	0.35 CY				



FOUNDATION DETAIL



## ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. "Recommended Foundation Lengths" table is for information purposes only. Foundation lengths shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Foundations will be paid for under Item 416, "Drilled Shaft Foundations." unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 2. Erect roadway illumination assembly poles plumb and true. Form and level the top 6" of the foundation so the pole will be plumb. Use leveling nuts to plumb shoe base poles. Do not use shims or leveling nuts under transformer bases. Do not grout between baseplate and the foundation.
- 3. Ensure Class 2A and 2B fit for anchor bolts and nuts. Tap and chase nuts after galvanizing. Anchor bolt body with rolled threads need not be full
- 4. Use appropriate class of concrete as specified in Items 416 and 432. Concrete for riprap may be upgraded to Class C at no extra cost to the Department.
- 5. Place riprap around the foundation when called for elsewhere in the plans. Riprap will be paid for under Item 432.
- 6. Locate breakaway roadway illumination assemblies as shown in the placement table, unless otherwise dimensioned on the plans. Protect non-breakaway illumination assemblies from vehicular impact (i.e. 2.5 ft. behind guard rail or mounted on traffic barrier), or located outside the clear zone, except that 2.5 ft. from curb face is minimum desired for light poles on city streets, 45 mph or less. See Roadway Design Manual for further information.
- 7. Use 4 hold down and 4 connecting washers on transformer base poles as recommended by the manufacturer and supplied with base.
- 8. Install a minimum of 2 conduits in each foundation. See lighting layout sheets for locations of foundations with more than 2 conduits. Cap unused conduits in foundations on both ends.
- 9. Conduit location in foundations is critical for breakaway devices. Place conduits 2 in, apart on centerline as shown.
- Bond anchor bolt to rebar cage with #6 bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. The bonded steel in the foundation creates a concrete encased grounding electrode which replaces the ground rod.
- Grade earthwork around T-base foundations even with the finished grade as shown in Section A-A to ensure proper function of the breakaway device. Use riprap on T-base foundations that are located on sloped grades, and as shown on the plans for level grades.

#### TABLE 4 BREAKAWAY POLE PLACEMENT (See note 6) ROADWAY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION \*\* POLE OFFSET (DISTANCE TO FACE OF TRANSFORMER BASE) Freeway Mainlanes 15 ft. (minimum and (roadway with full control of access) typical) from lane edge All curbed, 45 mph 2.5 ft. minimum (15 ft. or less design speed desirable) from curb face 10 ft. minimum\*(15 ft. desirable) from lane edge All others

- \* or as close to ROW line as is practical
- \*\* provide 2/5 of the luminaire mounting height behind the pole for "falling area" to prevent encroachment on the other travel lanes. See design guidelines.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS (RDWY ILLUM FOUNDATIONS)

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7-17		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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Γ						SHIPPI	NG PARTS L	IST	- P	OLES AND L	UMINAIRE	ARMS				
Г	Nominal		St	noe B	ase				T-Bas	е			CSB/S	SCB N	Mounted	
	Mounting Ht.	Des	i gnat	ion		Quantity	Des	i gnat	ion		Quantity	Designation			Quantity	
	(f†)	Pole	A 1	A2	Luminaire	QUOITTTY	Pole	A 1	A2	Luminaire	Qualitity	Pole	A1	A2	Luminaire	QUOITITY
Г	20	(Type SA 20 S -	4)		(150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T	- 4)		(150W EQ) LED						
		(Type SA 20 S -	4 -	4)	(150W EQ) LED		(Type SA 20 T	- 4 -	4)	(150W EQ) LED						
Г	30	(Type SA 30 S -	4)		(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T	- 4)		(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4)		(250W EQ) LED	
		(Type SA 30 S -	4 -	4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T	- 4 -	4)	(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 4 -	4)	(250W EQ) LED	
		(Type SA 30 S -	8)		(250W EQ) LED		(Type SA 30 T	- 8)		(250W EQ) LED		(Type SP 28 S	- 8)		(250W EQ) LED	
Г		(Type SA 30 S -	8 -	8)	(250W FQ) LFD		(Type SA 30 T	- 8 -	8)	(250W FQ) LFD		(Type SP 28 S	- 8 -	8)	(250W FQ) LFD	

Type SA 40 T - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED

Type SA 40 T - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED

(Type SA 50 T - 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED

(Type SA 50 T - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED

(Type SA 50 T - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED

(250W EQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

Type SP 38 S - 4)

Type SP 38 S - 8)

Type SP 38 S - 10)

Type SP 38 S - 12)

(Type SP 48 S - 4)

Type SP 48 S - 8)

Type SP 48 S - 10)

Type SP 48 S - 12)

Type SP 48 S - 8 - 8)

Type SP 38 S - 4 - 4)

Type SP 38 S - 8 - 8)

Type SP 38 S - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED

Type SP 38 S - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED

Type SP 48 S - 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED

Type SP 48 S - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED

(Type SP 48 S - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED

(250W EQ) LED

(400W FQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

(Type SA 40 T - 4)

(Type SA 40 T - 8)

Type SA 40 T - 10)

(Type SA 40 T - 12)

(Type SA 50 T - 4)

Type SA 50 T - 8)

(Type SA 50 T - 10)

(Type SA 50 T - 12)

(Type SA 50 T - 8 - 8)

Type SA 40 T - 4 - 4)

(Type SA 40 T - 8 - 8)

OTHER						
	Designation					
Pole	A1	A2	Luminaire	Quantity		

	(Type SA
GENERAL	NOTES:

50

(Type SA 40 S - 4)

(Type SA 40 S - 8)

Type SA 40 S - 10)

Type SA 40 S - 12)

(Type SA 50 S - 4)

Type SA 50 S - 8)

(Type SA 50 S - 10)

(Type SA 50 S - 12)

(Type SA 50 S - 8 - 8)

Type SA 40 S - 4 - 4)

Type SA 40 S - 8 - 8)

Type SA 40 S - 10 - 10) (250W EQ) LED

(Type SA 40 S - 12 - 12) (250W EQ) LED

(Type SA 50 S - 4 - 4) (400W EQ) LED

Type SA 50 S - 10 - 10) (400W EQ) LED

50 S - 12 - 12) (400W EQ) LED

- 1. All work, materials and services not shown on the plans which may be necessary for complete and proper construction shall be performed, furnished and installed by the Contractor. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment or installation will be considered justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties or guarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish to the Department such warranties or guarantees.
- 2. The location of poles and fixtures are diagrammatic only and may be shifted by the Engineer to accommodate local conditions. Install or remove poles and luminaires located near overhead electrical lines using established industry and utility safety practices and in accordance with laws governing such work. Consult with the appropriate utility company prior to beginning such work.
- 3. Standard Steel Pole Designs. Steel poles fabricated in accordance with the details and dimensions shown herein, shall be considered standard designs. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations for standard designs is not required.

(250W EQ) LED

(400W FQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

(400W EQ) LED

- 4. Optional Steel Pole Designs. Multi-sided steel poles may be allowed as optional designs, if steel poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
  - a. Shop Drawings. Optional designs require submission of shop drawings and design calculations bearing the seal of an engineer licensed in the State of Texas, in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." The Department may elect to pre-approve some shop drawings for optionally designed poles. Submission of shop drawings and design calculations is not required for structures fabricated in accordance with the details of shop drawings on the pre-approved list maintained by the TxDOT Traffic Operations Division. Any deviation from the pre-approved shop drawings will require submission of shop drawings of the complete assembly and design calculations as described above.
- b. Structural Support Design for Luminaires. Lighting support structures shall be designed for a 25 year design life in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. All poles shall be designed for 110 mph 3-second gust wind speeds. The Gust Factor, G, and Wind Importance Factor, Ir, shall be applied as per the AASHTO Specifications assuming a 25-year design life. The design wind pressure for hurricane wind velocities greater than 100 mph shall not be less than the design wind pressure using 100 mph with the non-hurricane Wind Importance Factor, Ir, value. For transformer base poles, fabricator shall include transformer base and connecting hardware in design calculations and shop drawing submittals. All transformer bases shall have been structurally tested to resist the theoretical plastic moment capacity of the pole. Certification of the plastic moment load test and FHWA breakaway requirement test of the model of base being furnished shall be submitted with the shop drawings. Shop drawings shall show breakaway base model number, and manufacturer's name and logo. Manufacturer's shop drawings shall include the ASTM designations for all materials to be used.
- c. Mast Arm Attachments. All poles and attachments shall be structurally designed to support two 12-foot mast arms and luminaires. Poles shall be supplied with mast arm combinations as shown in the plans. All mast arms shall be designed for a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet.
- mast arms shall be designed for a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet.

  d. Anchor Bolt Assembly. Anchor bolt assemblies for optionally designed poles shall be the same as those shown herein.
- 5. Aluminum Pole Designs. Aluminum pole designs may be allowed, if aluminum poles are permitted or required, pending approval by the Department as outlined below.
  - a. Meet all of the requirements stated above for optional steel pole designs and the following:
    - Aluminum poles shall be fabricated in accordance with "Structural Welding Code-Aluminum" AWS D1.2.
       Aluminum pole designs shall use the same anchor bolt assembly and be subject to the same geometric
    - restraints and other requirements for steel poles specified herein.

      3. Aluminum poles shall be equipped with vibration mitigation devices, as approved by the engineer.
    - 4. Pole components shall be constructed using the following material:

      Shaft: ASTM B221 or B241 Alloy 6063-T6, ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H34, ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.

      Base Flange: ASTM B26 Alloy 356.0-T6 or ASTM B108 Alloy 356.0-T6 (Yield strength test required).

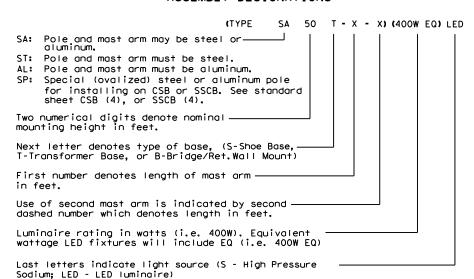
      Most Arm Fitting: ASTM B209 Alloy 6061-T6 or ASTM B221 Alloy 6005-T5.

      Mast Arms: ASTM B241 Alloy 6061-T6 or Alloy 6063-T6.

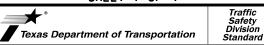
      Pole Cap: ASTM B209 Alloy 5086-H32 or ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6.

      Bolts: Stainless Steel AISI 300 series. Bolts threading into aluminum threads shall be treated with anti-seize compound, Never-Seez Compound, Permatex 133K or equal.
- 6. Special Designs. Poles with architectural treatments shall meet the requirements shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 7. Luminaire Mounting Height. Actual luminaire mounting height shall be the nominal mounting height given on RIP(2) for all pole-arm combinations except for poles with 4 ft. luminaire arms, which shall be 3′-0" lower than the nominal height, unless otherwise shown or directed.

# EXPLANATION OF ROADWAY ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY DESIGNATIONS







ROADWAY
ILLUMINATION
POLES

RIP(1) - 19

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	SHOE BASE POLE								
Luminaire Mounting Height (Nominal)(ft)	Base Diameter (in)	Top Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Pole Thickness (in)	Design Moment (K-ft)				
20.00	7.00	4.90	15.00	0.1196	7.1				
30.00	7.50	4.00	25.00	0.1196	13.2				
31.00-39.00	8.00	4.36-3.24	26.00-34.00	0.1196	20.7				
40.00	8.50	3.60	35.00	0.1196	20.7				
50.00	10.50	4.20	45.00	0.1196	30.3				

#### 50.00 10.00 3.91 43.50 0.1196 4. For mounting heights between values shown in the tables, use base diameter and thickness values for

TRANSFORMER BASE POLE

Top

Diameter

5.11

4.21

3.81

.57-3.45

TRANSFORMER BASE POLE

13.50

23.50

4.50-32.50

33.50

See Pole

See Transformer

Base Anchor Bolt

Assembly Detail,

Base

Diameter

7.00

7.50

8.00

8.50

Luminaire

Mounting

Nominal) (ft 20.00

Height

30.00

40.00

31.00-39.00

Top Detail,

Sheet 3 of 4

1

Simplex Arm

60% of

Pole

Thickness

See Transformer Base

See Transformer

Pole

0.1196

0.1196

0.1196

0.1196

hickness

Design

Moment

7.1

13.2

20.7

20.7

30.3

Base Details,

Sheet 4 of 4

Baseplate Detail,

Sheet 4 of 4

Connection

# the larger height.

- poles shall be fabricated in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures." Longitudinal seam welds for pole sections shall have 60% minimum penetration. All welding shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1, Structural Welding
- 7. Two-section poles joined by circumferential welds will not be permitted, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Poles may be fabricated in two sections and fieldassembled by the lap-joint method. The two sections shall telescope together with a lap length of not less
- Alternate material equal to or better than material specified may be substituted with the approval of the
- Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts, when erecting shoe base poles and concrete traffic barrier base poles, in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts.

- 10. All poles, except Transformer Base Poles, shall have hand holes with reinforcing frames and covers. For ground mounted shoe base poles, hand holes shall be placed 90 degrees to mast arm unless otherwise noted on the plans. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with one luminaire arm, hand holes shall be located 180 degrees from luminaire arm. For poles mounted on a concrete traffic barrier with two luminaire arms, all hand holes shall be on the same side of the barrier. For poles mounted on a bridge lighting bracket or a retaining wall lighting bracket, hand hole shall be on traffic side of the pole, at a height that will clear the barrier.
- 11. The finished pole shall have a smooth, uniform finish free of pits, blisters, or other defects. Scratched, chipped, and other damaged galvanized areas on poles and mast arms shall be repaired in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizina.
- 12. Pole length is based on a 5'-6" luminaire arm rise. 4 ft.

  luminaire arms have a 2'-6" rise. A pole with 4 ft. luminaire arms will have an actual mounting height 3'-0" less than the nominal mounting height. Increasing the pole length to meet the nominal mounting height is allowed, but unnecessary unless otherwise directed by the engineer.

#### See Pole Top Detail <u>~</u> 1 Simplex Arm Connection Seam Weld Ë. located 45° from mast arm axis √LP-3 60% of Thickness See Handhole Detail, Sheet 3 of 4 Max. 5' -0" 7' -6" 0val Sect See Concrete Traffic Barrier , 9 Base Baseplate Detail. Sheet 4 of 4 See Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Anchor Bolt Assembly Detail, Sheet 4 of 4

# CONCRETE TRAFFIC

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE (CSB/SSCB)							
Luminaire Mountina	Base② Diameter	Top Diameter	Length	Pole Thickness	Design Moment (K-ft)		
Height (Nominal)(ft)	(:0)	(in)		(in)	About & of Rail	Perp. to Rail	
28.00	9.00	5.78	23.00	0.1196	10.3	13.2	
38.00	9.00	4.38	33.00	0.1196	16.6	20.8	
48.00	10.50	4.48	43.00	0.1345	25.1	30.5	

ONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE POLE (CSB/SSCB)							
naire tina	Base② Diameter	Top Diameter	·   Length		Design I (K-1		
ght 31)(ft)	(in)			Thickness (in)	About & of Rail	Perp. to Rail	
00	9.00	5.78	23.00	0.1196	10.3	13.2	
00	9.00	4.38	33.00	0.1196	16.6	20.8	
00	10.50	4.48	43.00	0.1345	25.1	30.5	

		Shaft length	+1"
٦		I.D. of outside piece of slip fitting pieces	+1/8", -1/16"
1		O.D. of inside piece of slip fitting pieces	+1/32", -1/8"
┨		Shaft diameter: other	+3/16"
4		Out of "round"	1/4"
4		Straightness of shaft	<u>±</u> 1/4" in 10 ft
4		Twist in multi-sided shaft	4° in 50 ft
J		Perpendicular to baseplate	1/8" in 24"
	•	Pole centered on baseplate	±1/4"

Location of Attachments

Bolt hole spacing

DIMENSION

#### SHEET 2 OF 4

# Texas Department of Transportation

MATERIAL DATA

COMPONENT

Pole Shaft (0.14"/ft, Taper)

Base Plate and Handhole Frame

-Base Connecting Bolts

Anchor Bolt Templates

Heavy Hex (H.H.) Nuts

NOTES:

Anchor Bolts

Flat Washers

MIN.

YIELD (ksi)

50

36

92

55 105

36

DESIGNATION

A572 Gr 50.

A595 Gr A, A1011 HSLAS

Gr 50 CI 2 (3), or A1008 HSLAS Gr 50 Cl 2

A572 Gr.50, or

F3125 Gr A325

F1554 Gr 55, A193-B7 or A321

A194 Gr 2H, or

TOLERANCE +1"

±1/4"

±1/16"

Traffic Safety Division Standard

A563 Gr DH

F436

1)2'-6" rise for 4 ft. luminaire arms.

② Before ovalized as shown on Concrete Traffic Barrier Base Baseplate details,

(3) A1011 SS Gr 50 may be used instead of

HSLAS, provided the material meets

the elongation requirements for HSLAS.

POLE ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE

A36

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES** 

RIP(2)-19

ILE: rip-19.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
©TxDOT January 2007	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS	0066	04	083		US	287
7-17 2-19	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
2 13	AMA		MOORI			86

#### GENERAL NOTES:

warranty of any the conversion

- I. Designs conform to AASHTO Standard Specifications Designs conform to AASHIO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto. Design 3-Second Gust Wind Speed equals 110 mph with a 1.14 gust factor. A wind importance factor of 0.80 is applied to adjust the wind speed to a 25 year recurrence interval. Design moments listed in tables assume base of pole is 25' above natural ground level.
- Structures are designed to support two 12' luminaire most arms and luminaires. Most arms are designed to support a 60-pound luminaire having an effective projected area of 1.6 square feet.
- Fabrication shall be in accordance with the Specifications and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Do not submit shop drawings for roadway illumination pole assemblies fabricated in accordance with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of these sheets and the Specifications. In the absence of specified fabrication tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

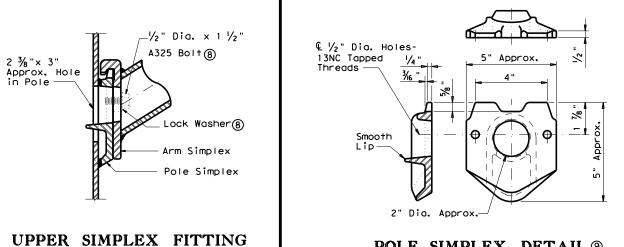
- 5. Unless otherwise noted, all steel parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445. "Galvanizing."
- Code-Steel.
- than 1-1/2 times the shaft diameter at the lap joint.

13. Erect transformer base poles in accordance with sheet RID(1).

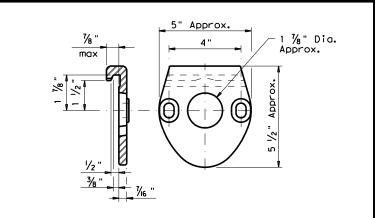
#### LUMINAIRE ARM

LUMINAIR	E ARM DIM	ENSIONS
Nominal Arm Length	Arm Length	Rise
4′-0"	3′-6"	2′-6"
6′-0"	5′-6"	5′-6"
8′-0"	7′-6"	5′-6"
10′-0"	9′-6"	5′-6"
12′-0"	11′-6"	5′-6"

ARM ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE						
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE					
Arm Length	±1"					
Arm Rise	±1"					
Deviation from flat	1/8" in 12"					
Spacing between holes	±1/32"					



#### POLE SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

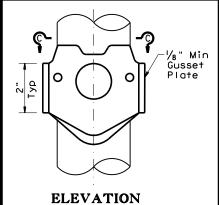


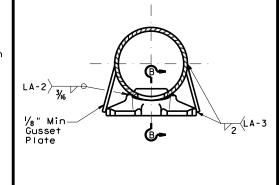
ARM SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

#### NOTES:

- 4 Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- (5) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- 6 A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F materials may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- (7) Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- 8 Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans.
- (9) Proposed deviations in arm simplex dimensions or materials must be submitted to the Department for approval.
- (10) A welded handhole frame is permissible. Maximum of two (2) CJP weld splices is allowed.

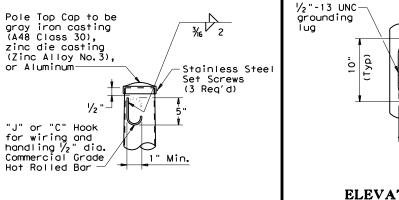
MATERIALS			
Pole or Arm Simplex	ASTM A27 Gr 65-35 or Gr 70-36, A148 Gr 80-50, A576 Gr 1021 (\$), or A36 (Arm only)		
Arm Pipes	ASTM A53 Gr A or B,A500 Gr B, A501, A 1008 HSLAS-F Gr 50 (6), or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr 50 (6)		
Arm Struts and Gusset Plates (4)	ASTM A36, A572 Gr 50 6, or A588		
Misc.	ASTM designations as noted		

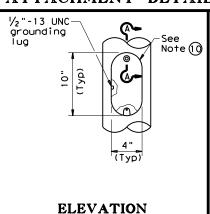


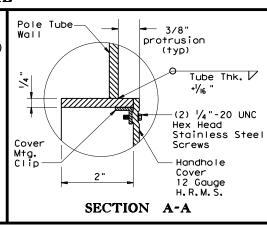


SECTION C-C

#### SIMPLEX ATTACHMENT DETAIL







SHEET 3 OF 4

Texas Department of Transportation

## ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

Traffic Safety Division Standard

RIP(3) - 19

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12 19	AMA		MOORI		87

**HANDHOLE** 

POLE TOP

(Gusset not shown for clarity)

LOWER SIMPLEX FITTING (Gusset not shown for clarity)

SECTION B-B

SIDE

Lip

LA-3

Тур

-½" Dia. x 1½" A325 Bol†®

-Lock Washer®

<sub>√2</sub> ⟨LA-3

Тур

Gusset Plate

Arm Simplex Pole Simplex

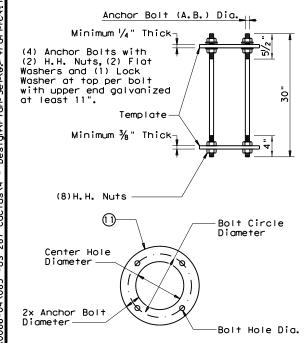
2/13/2024 T:\AMATPD

warranty of any r the conversion its use.

ing Practice Act". No warranty of any s no responsibility for the conversion Amegas resultina from its use.

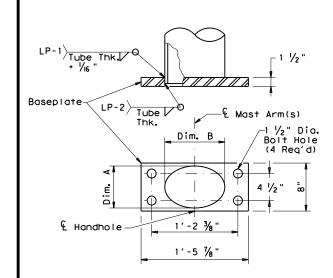
# **BASEPLATE**

SHO	DE BASE	BASEF	LATE 1	ABLE
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (noming)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"
50′	15"	15"	1 1/2 "	1 1/2"



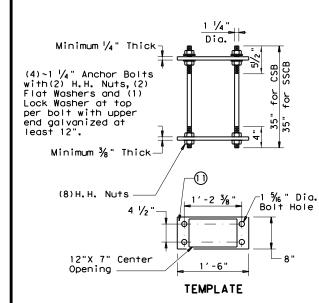
#### SHOE BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

SHOE BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY TABLE				
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20′-39′	1 "	13"	11"	1 1/16 "
40′-50′	1 1/4"	15"	12 ½"	1 % "



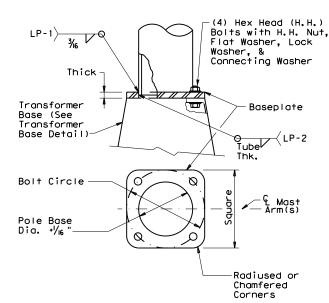
#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE

CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE				
MOUNTTNC	POLE DIA. DIM. A DIM. B			
28' - 38'	9"	7"± 1/4"	10"± 1/4"	
48′	10 ½"	7"± 1/4"	13"± 1/4"	
	•			



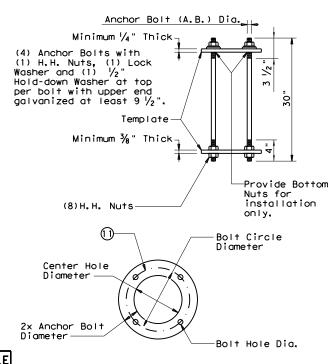
#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

TRANSFORM	ER BA	SE ANCHO	OR BOLT AS	SEMBLY TABL
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (nominal)	A.B. Dia.	BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER	CTR. HOLE DIAMETER	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER
20' - 39'	1"	14"	12"	1 1/16 "
40'- 50'	1 1/4"	17 1/4"	14 ¾"	1 % "



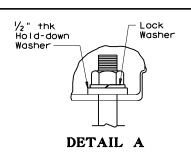
#### TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE

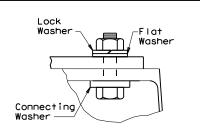
TRANSFORMER BASE BASEPLATE TABLE						
MOUNTING HEIGHTS (noming)	BOLT CIRCLE	SQUARE	THICK	CONNECTING BOLT DIA.	BOLT HOLE DIAMETER	TRANSFOMER BASE TYPE
20' - 39'	13"	13"	1 1/4"	1"	1 1/4"	Α
40′	15"	15"	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В
50′	15"	15"	1 ½"	1 1/4"	1 ½"	В



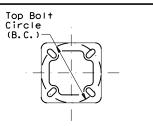
TRANSFORMER BASE ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

#### TRANSFORMER BASE TABLE TOP B.C. TYPE 13" 14" 17 1/4 15"

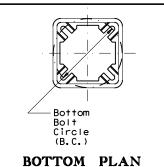






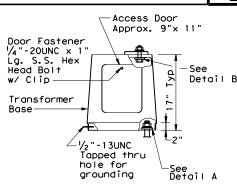


#### TOP PLAN



- aalvanized.

#### ANCHOR BOLT FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE DIMENSION **TOLERANCE** Length ± 1/2 Threaded length ± ½" Galvanized length (if required) - 1/4"



**ELEVATION** 

TRANSFORMER BASE **DETAILS** 

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

SHEET 4 OF 4

## ROADWAY ILLUMINATION **POLES**

RIP(4) - 19

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Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition (2013) and Interim Revisions thereto, and shall have been tested by FHWA-approved methods. All bases shall have been structurally tested to resist 150% of the design moment.

1. For mounting heights between those shown in the table, use the values in the table for

2. All breakaway bases shall meet the breakaway

Specifications for Structural Supports for

requirements of the AASHTO Standard

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

the larger mounting height.

3. Transformer bases shall be cast from aluminum, ASTM B108 or B26 Alloy 356.0-T6, or other material approved by the Engineer. Four Hex Head (H.H.) bolts with four H.H. nuts, four lock washers, four flat washers, and connecting and hold-down washers as recommended by the manufacturer, galvanized to ASTM A153 Class C or D, or B695 Class 50, shall be provided with each transformer base for connecting the pole. Bolts shall be ASTM A325 or approved equal.

4. Bases shall be stamped, incised or by other approved permanent means, marked to show fabricator's name or logo, and model number. Such information shall be placed in a readily seen location, inside or outside the base, but shall not be placed on the door.

Nuts shall be ASTM A563 grade DH galvanized.

5. Doors for transformer bases shall be made of plastic, fiberglass or other non-metallic material approved by the Engineer and shall be attached with stainless steel screws or bolts. Transformer bases shall be cleaned by grit blast cleaning after heat treatment. Certification by the manufacturer of heat treatment shall be furnished with transformer bases. The certification shall show the metal alloy and temper and that the base meets those requirements, chemical and physical. The certification shall also show the material ASTM specification. Transformer bases shall be cast with a removable tab bar for material testing. Some bars may have been removed by the

#### manufacturer for testing. NOTES:

- (1) Anchor Bolt Templates do not need to be
- (12) Pole diameter before ovalized.

#### **LEGEND**



EROSION CONTROL LOG 25' EACH



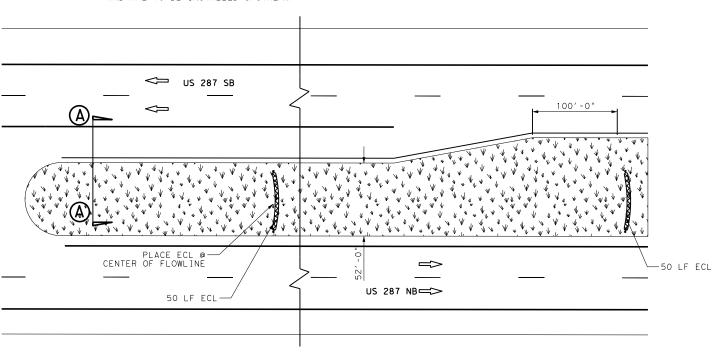
EMUS ASPH (0.1 GAL/SY)
DRILL SEED



PROPOSED PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

#### TYPICAL EROSION CONTROL LOG LAYOUT

\*APPLIES ONLY TO CULVERT ENDS WHERE WORK IS BEING PERFORMED AND ARE TO BE INSTALLED UPSTREAM



EROSN CONT LOG ID	STATION	DATE INSTALLED	DATE REMOVED
1	STA 3112+80		
2	STA 3114+20		
3	STA 3114+50		
4	STA 3116+20		
5	STA 3116+80		
6	STA 3117+80		
7	STA 3123+20		
8	STA 3127+10		
9	STA 3127+50		
10	STA 3128+30		
11	STA 3128+50		
12	STA 3130+00		

# L. CLINT HARMS 124794 CENSED CONTROL CONTROL

03/01/2024

#### TYPICAL EROSION CONTROL LOG LAYOUT

SB

NB

CSJ: 0066-04-083

STA 3113+00 TO STA 3115+00
STA 3116+50 TO STA 3120+00
STA 3124+00 TO STA 3127+00
STA 3128+00 TO STA 3132+00

CSJ: 0066-04-083

STA 3104+00 TO STA 3115+00 STA 3117+00 TO STA 3127+50 STA 3129+00 TO STA 3131+00

CSJ: 0066-04-083 SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS					
	① 164	① 164	506	506	
	6036	6053	6040	6043	
LOCATION	DRILL SEEDING (PERM) (RUR AL) (CLAY)	DRILL SEEDING (TEMP) (WARM OR COOL)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (INSTL)	BIODEG EROSN CONT LOGS (REMOVE)	
	AC	AC	LF	LF	
CSJ: 0066-04-083	3	3	300	300	
PROJECT TOTALS	3	3	300	300	

① FOR BID PURPOSES QUANTITIES WERE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE.

US 287
EROSION
CONTROL
LAYOUT

SCALE: NTS



Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 1 OF 1

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with TxDOT policy for projects disturbing less than 1 acre of soil, and not part of a larger common plan of development.

For projects with less than one acre of soil disturbing activity and that have Environmental, Permits, Issues, and Commitments (EPICs) dependent on stormwater controls and water quality measures TxDOT will maintain a SWP3 with all pertinent records, correspondence, environmental documents, etc. at the project field office, Area Office, or electronically.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans, and the project's environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs).

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ): 0066-04-083

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: FM 281

To: SHERMAN CO LINE

#### **1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:**

BEGIN: (Lat) 36.0554008 ,(Long) -102.0069173

END: (Lat) 36.0239182 (Long) -101.9954736

1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 22

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 3

1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

CONTINUOUS ILLUMINATION &

**INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS** 

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type	Description
conlen loam	1-3% slopes 9.9% comp.
conlen loam	3-5% slopes 2.9% comp.
gruver clay loam	0-1% slopes 1.9% comp.
sherm silty clay loam	0-1% slopes 74.2% comp.
sunray loam	0-1% slopes 5.9% comp.
sunray loam	1-3% slopes 2.5% comp.
paloduro-sunray complex	3-5% slopes 2.7% comp.

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below:

- □ PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting
- PSLs determined during construction
- No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s
	I

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.3.)

- Mobilization
- Install sediment and erosion controls
- Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- Remove existing pavement
- ☑ Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- □ Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- ☐ Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail

- Revegetation of unpaved areas
- Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			
-			

Other:			

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area

- ▼ Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- ☐ Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out water
- ☐ Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- ☐ Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities

☐ Other:			
☐ Other:			

Other:			

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

**Tributaries** 

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

**Classified Waterbody** 

Various retention ponds and playas	Noth Palo Duro Creek
* Add (*) for impaired waterhod	ies with pollutant in ()

\* Add (\*) for impaired waterbodies with pollutant in ().

#### 1,12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- Development of plans and specifications
- □ Perform SWP3 inspections

Other: \_

■ Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations

Otner:			

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

- □ Day To Day Operational Control
- ☑ Maintain schedule of major construction activities
- Install, maintain and modify BMPs

□ Other:	·		
☐ Other:			



# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

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/ / Tarrae

July 2023

Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO.		SHEET NO.
#		SEE	TITLE S	HEET	90
STATE		STATE DIST.		COUNTY	
TEXAS	5	AMA	ı	MOORE	
CONT.		SECT.	J0B	HIGHWAY	NO.
0066	6	Ø4	Ø83	US 2	87

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PRVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

#### 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP.

2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T / P  □ Protection of Existing Vegetation □ Vegetated Buffer Zones □ Soil Retention Blankets □ Geotextiles
<ul> <li>□ Mulching/ Hydromulching</li> <li>□ Soil Surface Treatments</li> <li>☑ Temporary Seeding</li> <li>□ Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>☑ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs</li> <li>☑ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>☑ Vertical Tracking</li> </ul>
□ □ Interceptor Swale □ □ Riprap □ □ Diversion Dike
<ul> <li>□ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain</li> <li>□ Embankment for Erosion Control</li> <li>□ Paved Flumes</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
☐ ☐ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T / P  □ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs □ □ Dewatering Controls □ □ Inlet Protection
<ul> <li>□ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams</li> <li>□ Sandbag Berms</li> <li>□ Sediment Control Fence</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>□ Stabilized Construction Exit</li> <li>□ Floating Turbidity Barrier</li> <li>□ Vegetated Buffer Zones</li> </ul>
<ul><li>□ Vegetated Filter Strips</li><li>□ Other:</li><li>□ Other:</li></ul>
□ □ Other: □ □ Other: Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

From To	Turno	Type Stationing To		
	туре			
efer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Shee cated in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3			B Layout Sheet	

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily

<ul> <li>□ Haul roads dampened for dust control</li> <li>□ Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin</li> <li>□ Stabilized construction exit</li> <li>□ Daily street sweeping</li> </ul>
□ Other:
Uniter.
□ Other:
□ Other:
□ Other:

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

Debris and Trash Management Dust Control

Sanitary Facilities

□ Other:			
☐ Other:			

Other:			
•			

#### **2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:**

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Type	Stationing				
Туре	From	То			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- ★ Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

Dewatering discharges of accumulated stormwater, groundwater, and surface water including discharges from dewatering of trenches, excavations, foundations, vaults, and other points of accumulation are prohibited unless managed by appropriate controls to prevent and minimize the offsite discharge of sediment and other pollutants.

#### 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

All disturbed areas and erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected at least once every seven (7) days. Inspections shall be performed by TxDOT as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.

#### 2.10 MAINTENANCE:

Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next

anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 colonial days after being able to access the s performed by the Contractor as indicated Inspection and Maintenance Report F in Attachment 2.3 of this SWP3.



03/01/2024

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2 / Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.						
#		SEE TITLE SHEET						
STATE		STATE DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXAS	5	AMA	MOORE					
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
0066	5	Ø4	Ø83 US 287					

Sediment Bosins

Grassy Swales

III. CULTURAL RESOURCES Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately. Required Action ☐ No Action Required If unanticipated acrheological deposits are encountered during construction, work will cease and IXDOI archeological staff will be contacted to initiate post-review discovery procedures. IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments. ☐ No Action Required Required Action 1. Comply with Executive Order 13112 on Invasive Species and the intent of the Executive Order Memorandum on Beneficial Landscapes for re-vegetating the project area. The proposed seed mixture would be in accordance with item 164. Seeding for Erosion Control in TxDOI's Standard Specifications for the construction of Highways, Streets, and bridges. V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS. Required Action ☐ No Action Required Action No. If any species on the Moore County Threatened & Endangered List is sighted in the project area during contstuction, stop construction and notify the Area Engineer. Texas Honred Lizard, Tricolored Bat, and Western Box Turtle: Contractors
will be advised of potential occurence in the project area, and to avoid
harming the species if encountered. This should include avoiding harvester
ant beds in the selection of Project Specific Locations CPSI's 3. Bird BMP's a)Do not disturb, destroy, or remove actives nests, including ground nesting birds, during the nesting season; b) avoid the removal of unoccupied, inactive nests, as practicable; c)do not collect, capture, relocate, or transport birds, egss, young, or active nests without a 4. The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 states that it is unlawful to kill, capture, collect, posses, buy, sell, trade, or transport any migratory bird, nest, young, feather, egg in port or in whole, without a federal permit issued in accordance within the ACt's policies and regulations. In the event that migratory birds are encountered on-site during project construction, adverse impacts on protected birds, active nests, eggs, and/or young would be avoided. If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during

VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

General (applies to all projects):

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS. In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup of all product spills.

Contact the Engineer if any of the following are detected:

- Dead or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
- Trash piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc.
- Undesirable smells or odors
- \* Evidence of leaching or seepage of substances

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?

If "No", then no further action is required.

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{Ix}\mathsf{DOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

Are the results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?

☐ Yes

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least 15 working days prior to scheduled demolition.

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

No Action Required	Required Action
Action No.	
1.	
2.	

#### VII. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

(includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

No Action Required

Required Action

Action No.

Texas Department of Transportation

# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

E: epic.dgn	DN: TX[	)OT	ck: RG	ow: VP	ck: AR
TxDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-2011 (DS)	0066	04	083		US 287
7-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 TEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	AMA		MOORE		92

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes

are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the

Best Management Practice Construction General Permit DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: FHWA: Federal Highway Administration MOA: Memorandum of Agreement TCEO: Memorandum of Understanding Municipal Separate Stammwater Sewer System MBTA: Migratory Bird Treaty Act Notice of Termination

Engineer immediately.

SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Pre-Construction Notification Project Specific Location Texas Carmissian on Environmental Quality TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department TxDOT: Texas Department of Transportation Threatened and Endangered Species USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Nationwide Permit NOI: Notice of Intent

## ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

#### SEED (PERM) (PLIRAL OF LIRRAN) (SAND OF CLAY)

SEED (PERM) (RURAL	OF ORDAIN) (SAIND OF	CLATI
"WARM SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH
PERMANENT: EARLY SPRING SEED FROM FEBRUARY 15th THROUGH May 15th. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED:  TYPE: BUFFALO GRASS (Texoka) "Fluffy" WESTERN WHEATGRASS (ARRIBA) "Hard" BERMUDA GRASS (BLACK JACK) "Hard Tiny Seed" 100% "Unhulled"	3.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 6.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 5.0 LBS PLS / ACRE @ ¼"-½" SOIL DEPTH
PERMANENT and TEMP. LATE SPRING SEED FROM MAY 15th THROUGH AUGUST 1st AS AREAS OF THE ROW THAT ARE LAID BY BUT DETERMINED TO BE OUT OF SEASON FOR PERMANENT DRILL SEEDING.	TYPE: MILLET (BROWN TOP) "Hard Shell, "Small Seed" - Nurse crop BERMUDA GRASS (BLACK JACK) "Hard Tiny Seed" 100% "Unhulled"	30. LBS PLS / ACRE @ ¼" SOIL DEPTH 5.0 LBS PLS / ACRE

SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER --- DISK --- HARROW --- CULTI-PACKER.

#### NOTES:

- 1. ALL SEED MIXTURE TYPES SHALL BE PURCHASED IN PRE- MIXED BAGS, "BY TYPE" BLENDED BY THE GROWER SHIPPER.
  2. SOILS THAT ARE COMPACTED, HAVE CLODS, SHALL BE REWORKED UNTIL READY FOR SEEDING. AS DIRECTED.
  3. ALL SOIL SURFACES SHALL BE LEVEL WITH NATURAL FLOWING SMOOTH GRADES. NO TIRE RUTS OR FURTHER TRAFFIC ALLOWED.
  4. SOIL SURFACE SHALL BE FIRM BUT NOT COMPACTED, ALLOWING 1/4" DEPRESSION UNDER NORMAL FOOT TRAFFIC.
  5. SEED 100% OF THE BED AREA. NO SKIPS OR VOID AREAS ALLOWED. EXAMPLE: AREAS AROUND SIGN POSTS AND INLETS.
  6. SEED UP TO THE FIRST 6" OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT. AS DIRECTED, HAND RAKE ISOLATED SEEDED AREAS.
  7. WEIGH ALL CALIBRATED SEED SAMPLES FOR ACCURACY AND PRESENT DOCUMENTATION TO ENGINEER.

- 1. USE ONLY PROFESSIONAL NATIVE GRASS OR TURF GRASS ( MULTI- 3 BIN ) DRILL SEEDERS.
  2. CALIBRATE DRILL SEEDER FOR SPECIFIED ( PLS ) PER ACRE BEFORE DRILL SEEDING.
  3. DRILL SEEDER MUST BE EQUIPPED WITH THE LARGE FRONT CUTTING COULTERS DURING THE INSPECTION OF DRILL SEEDER.

#### FOR BROADCAST SEEDING

- 1. USE ONLY COMMERCIAL TYPE CYCLONE TYPE SPREADERS.
  2. CALIBRATE CYCLONE SPREADER FOR 1000 Sq. ft. ( PLS ) PER ACRE BEFORE SEEDING.
  3. TO PREVENT SEED SEPARATION IN SPREADERS, SPREAD ALL SEED TYPES INDEPENDENTLY IN A SEPARATE APPLICATION.
  4. IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING, IN ONE OR TWO OPERATIONS, CULTI-PACK THE SEEDED SOILS AND FIRM SEED INTO SURFACE.
  5. DISCONTINUE SEEDING IF WIND EXCEEDS 10 MPH.

#### ITEM 164 SEEDING FOR EROSION CONTROL

#### SEED (TEMPORARY) COOL SEASON SEEDING

"COOL SEASON" PLANTING DATES	SEED MIXTURE	PURE LIVE SEED RATE & PLANT DEPTH
TEMPORARY: EARLY FALL SEED FROM AUGUST 1st THROUGH DECEMBER 1st. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED:  TYPE: WESTERN WHEATGRASS "Hord Shell" RED WINTER WHEAT, VAR: TAM III "Hord Shell"	6.0 LBS PLS / ACRE 34. LBS PLS / ACRE @ 1" SOIL DEPTH
TEMPORARY: LATE FALL SEED FROM DECEMBER 1s+ THROUGH DECEMBER 31ST. AS AREAS OF THE ROW ARE PREPARED AND DETERMINED READY FOR DRILL SEEDING.	NEW CROP SEED:  TYPE: RED WINTER WHEAT, VAR:TAM III "Hard Shell"	34. LBS ACRE / PLS @ 1" SOIL DEPTH

SOIL PREPARATION EQUIPMENT AND PRACTICES: RIPPER --- DISK --- HARROW --- CULTI-PACKER.

#### ITEM 314 EMULSIFIED ASPHALT TREATMENT

#### TIME SCHEDULE:

IMMEDIATELY AFTER SOIL PREPARATION OR WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER SEEDING, APPLY THE TACK COAT TO DESIGNATED SOIL SURFACES.

#### FUNCTIONAL USE:

SOIL EROSION CONTROL, OR MOISTURE RETENTION BARRIER.

- ALL TRUCK APPLICATIONS SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ONE PASS OF THE DISTRIBUTOR. ALL TOUCH UP WORK WILL BE FINISHED BY HAND AND HOSE PROCEDURES. APPLY FROM EDGE OF PAVEMENT THROUGH THE FULL SPECIFIED AREAS.
- ENGINEER WILL INSPECT FOR ACCURACY THE OVERALL DEPTH OF THE APPLIED TACK COAT MATERIALS.
- FURTHER VEHICULAR TRAFFIC IS NOT ALLOWED ON LAID BY TACK COAT SURFACES. AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE ALL DAMAGES TO TACK COAT SURFACES WILL BE RE -SHOT AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

#### ITEM 166 FERTILIZER

#### TIME SCHEDULE:

AFTER TOPSOIL PLOWING PEPARATIONS ARE COMPLETED, FERTILIZE R.O.W. SOIL SURFACES AND HARROW 2" TO 4" DEEP INTO PLACE.

#### FUNCTIONAL USE:

PLANT NUTRIENTS FOR PLANT AND ROOT DEVELOPMENT.

FERTILIZER SHALL BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AT A RATE OF 28 LBS OF NITROGEN PER ACRE. THE BREAK DOWN OF THE NITROGEN ELEMENT SHALL BE IN A 50% SLOW RELEASE FORM. ANALYSIS OF THE (NPK) IS: 1-5-0 A HIGH PHOSPHATE BLEND. AS DIRECTED BY THE VEGETATION MANAGER.

#### ITEM 166 NOTES:

- BROADCAST SPECIFIED FERTILIZER FROM THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT, THROUGH THE ENTIRE ROW SEED BED AREA.
   APPLICATIONS FOR EDGE OF PAVEMENT, CULVERTS, SIGN POST AREAS, GUARD RAILS AND ISOLATED AREAS SHALL BE
   APPLIED BY WALK BEHIND SPREADERS AND BY HAND. NO FERTILIZER ALLOWED ON PAVEMENT SURFACES.
- 2. ALL SPREADERS SHALL BE CALIBRATED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER FOR ACCURACY AND PERFORMANCE.
  SHALL USE UNOPENED 50# BAGS OF SPECIFIED FERTILIZER FOR DAILY CALIBRATIONS. APPLICATION SHALL BE AN EVEN DISTRIBUTION OF PRODUCT ON DESIGNATED SOIL SURFACES.
- 3. FERTILIZER SHALL BE DELIVERED IN 50\* BAGS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED OR APPROVED PRIOR TO DELIVERY.
  BAGS SHALL BE CLEARLY LABELED SHOWING CONTENTS. IF BULK FERTILIZER IS APPROVED, DOCUMENTATION WILL BE
  REQUIRED FOR EACH LOAD OF MATERIAL DELIVERED VERIFYING AUTHENTICITY OF THE MATERIAL. CULTURAL
  PROCEDURES ARE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE TXDOT VEGETATION MANAGER.



Texas Department of Transportation

AMARILLO DISTRICT STANDARD

VEGETATION **SPECIFICATION** SHEET

FEDERAL AID PROJECT	DN: AD	D	CK:ADD	DW:	ADD	ck:ADD
See Title Sheet	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0066	04	083	US 287		S 287
721720	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.
	AMA		MOORE	=		93

2/13/2024 T:\AMATPD DATE: FILE:

TEMP. EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. PLAN VIEW

STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL

R.O.W.

SIDE AT THE CENTER,

AT EACH END, AND AT

AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

ADDITIONAL POINTS AS

NEEDED TO SECURE LOG

(4' MAX. SPACING), OR

ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

STAKES FOR HEAVY

RUNOFF EVENTS

#### FLOW ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DISTURBED AREA DIRECTED BACK OF CURB LIP OF GUTTER STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF TEMP. EROSION LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, CONTROL LOG OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PLAN VIEW

TEMP. EROSION

COMPOST CRADLE

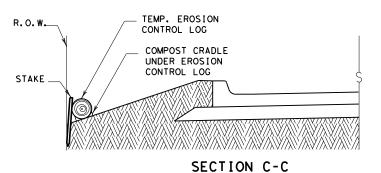
UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

CONTROL LOG

#### STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX. AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG, (TYP.) OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. R.O.W. **TEMPORARY** EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW -DISTURBED AREA SECURE END BACK OF CURB OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED LIP OF GUTTER ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS

#### PLAN VIEW



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY



## SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

ΝΪΝ



#### **LEGEND**

CL-D EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM

TEMP. EROSION-

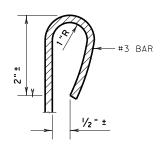
CONTROL LOG

(TYP.)

COMPOST CRADLE UNDER EROSION

CONTROL LOG

- -(cl-boc)- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB
- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY (CL-ROW
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING -(CL-SST
- EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING -(CL - SSL`
- -( CL-DI ] - EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET
- (CL-CI) EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET
- (cl-gi)— EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



SECTION B-B

EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB

(CL - BOC)

REBAR STAKE DETAIL

5 acres. The trap capacity should be 1800 CF/Acre (0.5" over

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center

- limits where drainage flows away from the project.

will not be paid for separately.

## CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

<sup>/</sup> Texas Department of Transportation

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION

**GENERAL NOTES:** 

1. EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S

2. LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

3. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

ENGINEER.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH.

LOG.

MINIMUM

COMPACTED

DIAMETER

RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE

TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP

6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL & WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL

LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

SHEET 1 OF 3

MINIMUM

COMPACTED DIAMETER

TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

**EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

FILE: ec916	DN: TxD	OT	ck: KM	DW: LS/PT		ck: LS		
© TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		т јов		HIGHWAY	
~	0066	04 083 US		US 287				
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.			
	AMA		MOORE	:		Q۵		

## SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

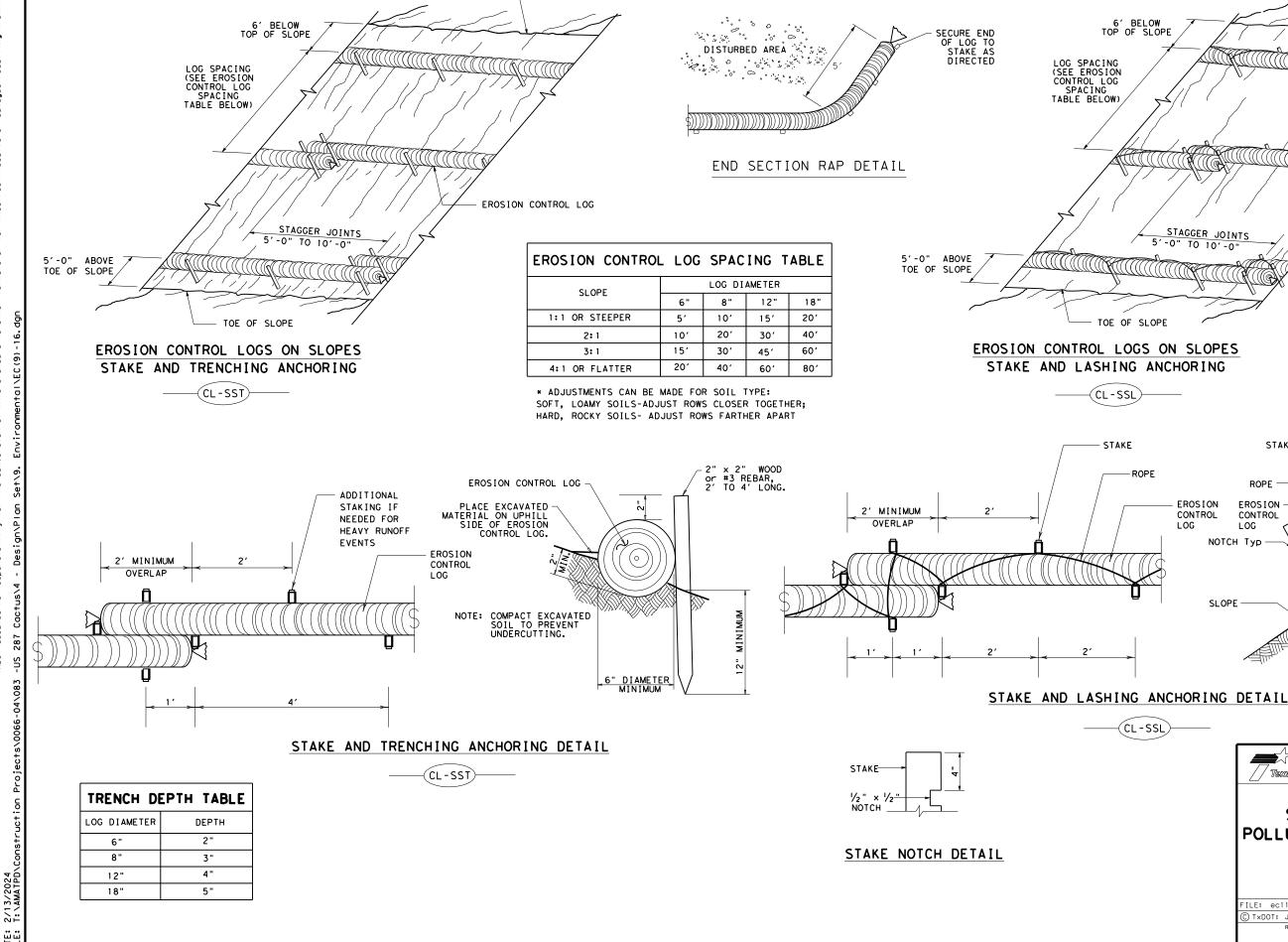
An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

The drainage area for a sediment trap should not exceed Log Traps: the drainage area).

- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course
- 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and



TOP OF SLOPE

TOP OF SLOPE

STAKE -

ROPE

EROSION

CONTROL

LOG

- EROSION CONTROL LOG

SHEET 2 OF 3

TEMPORARY EROSION.

SEDIMENT AND WATER

POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

**EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

CONT SECT

0066 04

DN:TxDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT CK: LS

JOB 083

MOORE

/ Texas Department of Transportation

C) TxDOT: JULY 2016

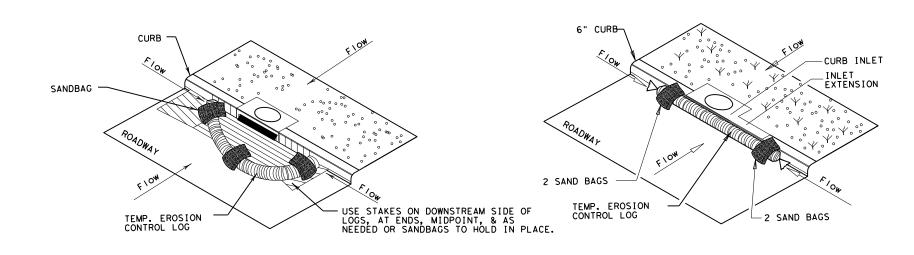
Design Division Standard

US 287

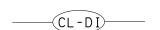
95

2/13/2024 T:\AMATPD\

OVERLAP ENDS TIGHTLY 24" MINIMUM SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE AS DIRECTED COMPLETELY SURROUND
DRAINAGE ACCESS TO
AREA DRAIN INLETS WITH
EROSION CONTROL LOG TEMP. EROSION-CONTROL LOG - FLOW FLOW -STAKE OR USE SANDBAGS ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD IN PLACE (TYPICAL)



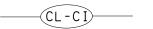
#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET



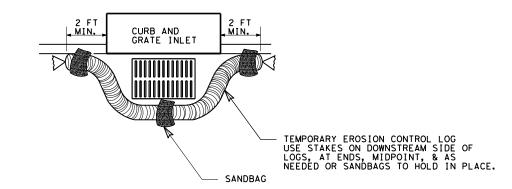
#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

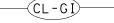


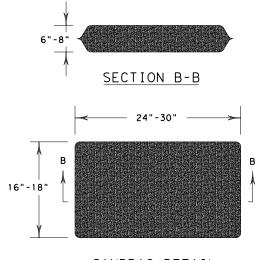


NOTE: EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



#### EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET





SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3

// Texas Department of Transportation

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES **EROSION CONTROL LOG** 

EC(9) - 16

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	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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