



Estimate & Quantity Sheet

CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6462-33-001 DISTRICT Dallas
HIGHWAY IH0020

COUNTY Kaufman

CONTROL SECTION JOB		6462-33-001		TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
PROJECT ID		A00206334			
COUNTY		Kaufman			
HIGHWAY		IH0020			
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL
	480-6002	CLEAN EXIST CULVERTS	CY	20,000.000	20,000.000
	500-6033	MOBILIZATION (CALLOUT)	EA	12.000	12.000
	760-6001	DITCH CLEANING AND RESHAPING (FOOT)	LF	100,000.000	100,000.000
	760-6002	DITCH CLEAN / RESHAPING(CU YD IN PLACE)	CY	6,000.000	6,000.000
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	204.000	204.000
	7000-6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	CY	1,000.000	1,000.000
	7083-6001	CLEANING GUARDRAIL	LF	11,000.000	11,000.000
	7083-6003	CLEANING DRAINAGE FLUMES	LF	16,900.000	16,900.000

Project Number: RMC-646233001**Control:** 6462-33 -001**County:** Kaufman**Highway:** IH0020**GENERAL NOTES:****General:**

This project consists of performing "Ditch Cleaning and Reshaping" on various roadways in the Kaufman/Rockwall County Maintenance Section.

Sequence of work will be approved.

Provide and maintain a dedicated email address for receipt of work orders and correspondence throughout the term of this contract. Acknowledgement of emailed work order/callouts is required no less than 12 hr. from notification.

Contractor's attention is called to the fact that all adjoining pavement sections will be protected during all phases of construction and any damages incurred due to Contractor's operation will be repaired and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

Coordinate work through:

Phillip Hancock
3260 FM 2728
Kaufman, Texas 75142
972-962-3848

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Lane Selman, P.E.
Phillip Hancock

Lane.Selman@txdot.gov
Phillip.Hancock@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

<https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the

Project Number: RMC-646233001**Control:** 6462-33 -001**County:** Kaufman**Highway:** IH0020

controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Attention is directed to the possible presence of underground utilities owned by the Texas Department of Transportation (irrigation, signal, illumination and surveillance, communication, and control) on the right of way. Call the Department for locates at 214-320-6682 and 214-320-6205 48 hr. in advance of excavation. Contact the appropriate department of the local city or town a minimum of 48 hr. in advance of excavation.

If overhead or underground power lines need to be de-energized, contact the electrical service provider to perform this work. Cost associated with de-energizing the power lines or other protective measures required are at no expense to the Department.

If working near power lines, comply with the appropriate sections of Texas State Law and Federal Regulations relating to the type of work involved.

Item 2 – Instructions to Bidders:

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal.

Order plans from any Reproduction Company listed at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors_consultants/repro_companies.htm

View or download plans at:

<http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/plansonline.htm>

Item 3 – Award and Execution of Contract:

This contract is Non-Site Specific.

After written notification, work request will be on a callout basis.

Each callout work request will be continuously prosecuted to completion.

Work site is defined as the locations presented on the written callout work request.

Minimum quantity is \$50,000 per written callout notification.

General Notes

Sheet 3A

General Notes

Sheet 3B

Project Number: RMC-646233001

Control: 6462-33 -001

County: Kaufman

Highway: IH0020

Schedule and begin physical work on the repair items in the order presented in each written callout work request within 48 hr. or as directed.

Item 4 – Scope of Work:

Contract extensions will be mutually agreed upon six months prior to the completion of the project.

Unit prices may be adjusted to reflect the current Federal Consumer Price Index for the Southern Region.

Item 7 – Legal Relations and Responsibilities:

Pre-construction safety meeting will be conducted with Contractor’s personnel prior to work beginning on a continuously prosecuted contract or before each callout work request

Attendance of this meeting will not be paid directly but considered subsidiary to the various bid items

Do not obtain law enforcement personnel without requesting in writing 48 hr. prior to need and the Engineer’s written approval. The Department may compensate the Contractor for providing full time, off-duty, uniformed, law enforcement personnel, and patrol car. The law enforcement personnel may be required for assistance with traffic control for lane or ramp closures or other situations that dictate the need for law enforcement officers as directed. Off-duty law enforcement personnel will have transportation jurisdiction and full police powers. Law enforcement personnel will show proof of certification by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE).

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer’s agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

Holiday restrictions – the Engineer may decide that no lane closures or construction operations will be allowed during the restricted periods listed in the following holiday schedule. TxDOT has the right to lengthen, shorten, or otherwise modify these restricted periods as actual, or expected, traffic conditions may warrant.

- New Year’s Eve and Day (noon on December 31 thru 10 P.M. January 1)
- Easter Holiday weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Sunday)
- Memorial Day weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Monday)
- Independence Day (noon on July 3 thru 10 P.M. on July 5)

General Notes

Sheet 3C

Project Number: RMC-646233001

Control: 6462-33 -001

County: Kaufman

Highway: IH0020

- Labor Day weekend (noon on Friday thru 10 P.M. Monday)
- Thanksgiving Holiday (noon on Wednesday thru 10 P.M. Sunday)
- Christmas Holiday (noon on December 23 thru 10 P.M. December 26)

Holiday restrictions for Independence Day, Thanksgiving Holiday, and the Christmas Holiday may be extended for the “week of” due to the nature of work being performed and the work location at the discretion of the Engineer for safety of the traveling public.

Roadway closures during the following key dates and/or special events are prohibited.

- The University of Texas vs. University of Oklahoma football game (no lane closures beginning 4 hr. prior to the event and ending 3 hr. following event completion).

Item 8 – Prosecution and Progress:

Contract days will be charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.5, “Calendar Day”.

Working days will be charged in accordance with Section 8.3.1.4, “Standard Workweek”.

Liquidated damages will be charged for each working day exceeding the time allowed in the work order letter.

Item 9 – Measurement and Payment:

Payment for police officer hours under force account method will not exceed the duration of the lane closure. Time will begin when set up operations commence and end when the closure is removed. This will be paid under “Force Account – Law Enforcement Personnel”. TxDOT Form 318 will be utilized.

Item 480 – Cleaning Existing Culverts:

All soil and debris removed from culverts will become the property of the Contractor.

Clean Culverts to existing structure flowline.

Item 500 – Mobilization:

Mobilization is call-out.

General Notes

Sheet 3D

Project Number: RMC-646233001**Control:** 6462-33 -001**County:** Kaufman**Highway:** IH0020**Item 502 – Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling:**

Provide traffic control in compliance with the latest edition of the “Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices” (TMUTCD), the “Traffic Control Standard Sheets” (TCSS), and as directed.

Perform work Monday through Friday during daylight hours. Do not begin work until 30 minutes after sunrise and cease operations 30 minutes before sunset.

If closing a lane is necessary, closure times will be Monday through Friday, 9 A.M. to 3:30 P.M. Close no more than one lane at a time, unless otherwise approved. Provide proposed lane closure information to the Engineer by 1 P.M. on the day prior to the proposed closures. Furnish information for Monday closures or closures following a national or state holiday on the last office workday prior to the closures. Do not close lanes if the above reporting requirements have not been met.

All work on traveled roadway surfaces will generally be performed during the day.

Maximum length of lane closure will be 2 miles.

Traffic Control Plans with a lane closure causing backups of 10 minutes or greater in duration will be modified by the Engineer.

Erect barricades and signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public’s view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance.

Provide sufficient and qualified staff and equipment to revise the traffic control as directed.

Trailer all slow-moving vehicles (designed to operate 25 mph or less) crossing freeway main lanes.

When moving unlicensed equipment on or across any pavement or public highways, protect the pavement from all damage using an acceptable method.

Equipment and materials will not be left within 30 ft. of the travel lane during non-working hours.

The work performed, materials furnished and all labor, tools, and equipment necessary to complete the work for Non-Site Specific locations under this Item will not be measured or paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of this contract.

The “Force Account – Safety Contingency” has been established for this project and is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements

General Notes

Sheet 3E

Project Number: RMC-646233001**Control:** 6462-33 -001**County:** Kaufman**Highway:** IH0020

will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor’s Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Item 760 – Cleaning and Reshaping Ditches:

All soil and debris removed from ditches will become the property of the Contractor.

Unless otherwise approved, use a Hydraulic Excavator with a 60-in. ditching bucket.

Before excavation, establish ditch grades between structures so that water falls toward natural drainage structures and no ponding occurs. Such control will be maintained by tripod mounted level at each location as directed. If proper grade is not maintained and ponding occurs, area will be reworked at Contractor’s expense. Excavation will be held to minimum.

Keep traveled surfaces used in this hauling operation clear and free of dirt, mud, or other material.

Keep dump beds of haul trucks clean at all times between loads.

Item 6185 – Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) and Trailer Attenuator (TA):

The total number of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) required when utilizing the traffic control standards are shown in the tables below.

TCP 1 Series	Required TMA/TA
(1-1)-18 / (1-2)-18	1
(1-4)-18 / (1-5)-18 / (1-6)-18	1

TCP 5 Series	Scenario	Required TMA/TA
(5-1)-18	A	1
	B	

TCP 6 Series	Scenario	Required TMA/TA
(6-1)-12	A	1
	B	
(6-2)-12 / (6-3)-12	All	1
(6-4)-12	A	1
	B	

General Notes

Sheet 3F

Project Number: RMC-646233001

Control: 6462-33 -001

County: Kaufman

Highway: IH0020

Shadow vehicles equipped for truck mounted attenuators (TMA) for mobile and stationary operations must be available for use at any time as determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA needed for the project for those times per plan requirements. Additional TMAs used that are not specified in the plans in which the Contractor expects compensation will require prior approval from the Engineer.

When TMA's are paid by the hour or day, "ready for operation" is defined as all equipment, material, personnel, etc. are present on the project ready to begin work.

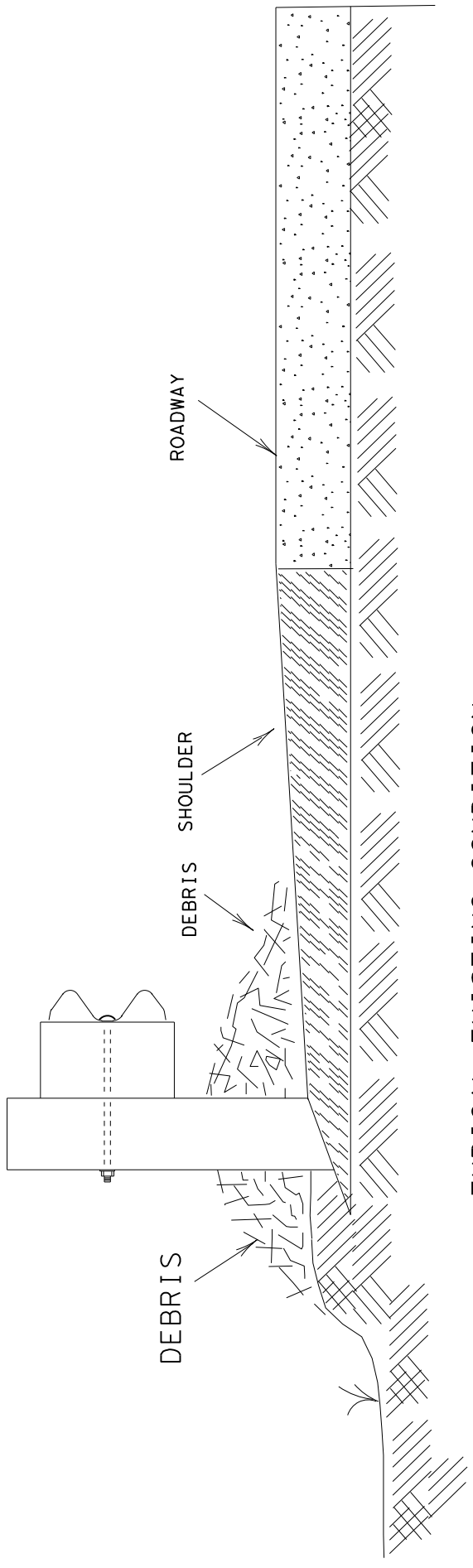
Item 7000 – Removal and Proper Disposal of Driftwood and Debris:

After driftwood and debris have been removed, smooth right of way to allow for positive drainage as much as practical.

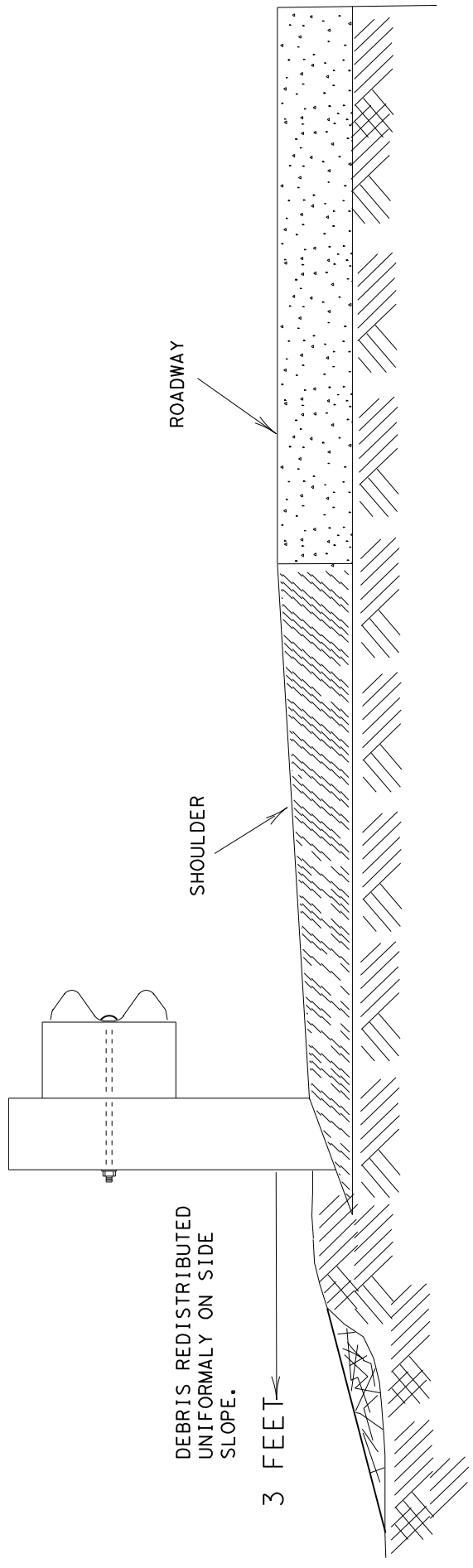
Item 7083 – Cleaning Guardrail, Attenuators and Associated Drainage Flumes:

Do not use water or air to blow debris out from under or around the guardrail, attenuators, or flumes.

Remove material beneath guardrail and to a minimum distance of 3 ft. behind the guardrail where possible. If water will not drain, the distance will be increased until water will drain.



TYPICAL EXISTING CONDITION



TYPICAL SECTION AFTER DEBRIS REMOVAL



CLEANING GUARDRAIL

FILE:	DIR: MDK	CR: TFB	DIR: MDK	CR: TFB
© TxDOT 2021	DIST: DALLAS	FED REG: 6	MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.: RMC-646233001	SHEET: 4
REVISIONS	COUNTY: KAUFMAN	CONTROL SECT: 6462	JOB: 33	HIGHWAY: 1001
				10020

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects about, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT

<http://www.txdot.gov>

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS) "
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



Texas Department of Transportation

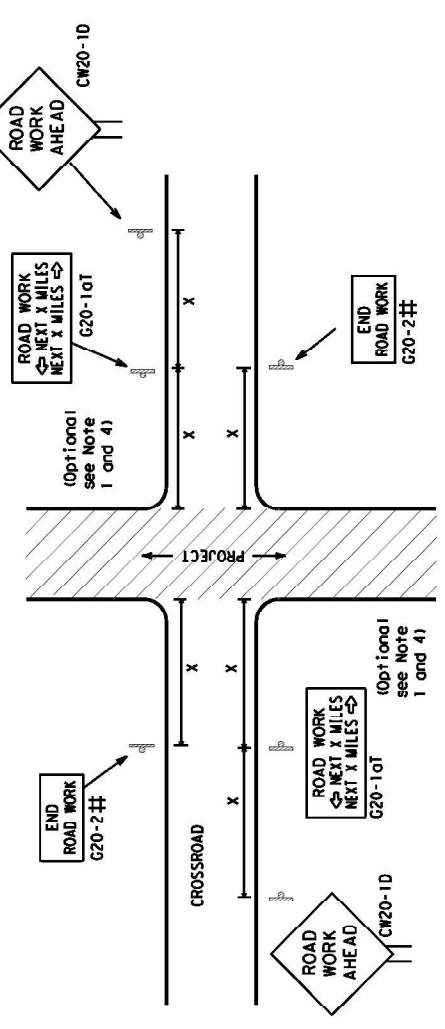
Traffic
Safety
Division
Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC (1) - 21

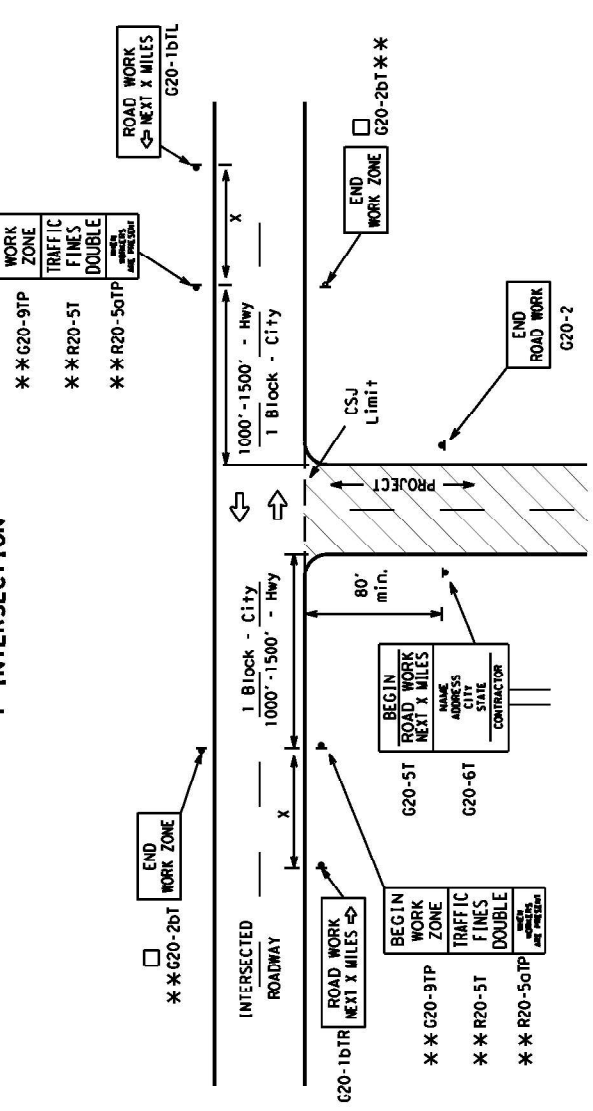
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	CHK TxDOT	DATE TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
① TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB
				001
				IHO020
4-03	7-13	REVISIONS		
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY	
5-10	5-21	DAL	KAUFMAN	SHEET NO.
				5

TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS



- # May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.
(See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
 - The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
 - Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
 - The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
 - Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
 - When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T- INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- If construction crosses the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricade for the road closure (see BC110) also. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1aTR) signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

Sign Number or Series	SIZE		SPACING
	Conventional Road	Expressway/Freeway	
CW20-4			Sign Δ
CW21			Posted Speed
CW22			Spacing
CW23			"x"
CW25			Feet (Apprx.)
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	30
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	36" x 36"	48" x 48"	35
	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	40
			45
			50
			55
			60
			65
			70
			75
			80
			*
			* 3

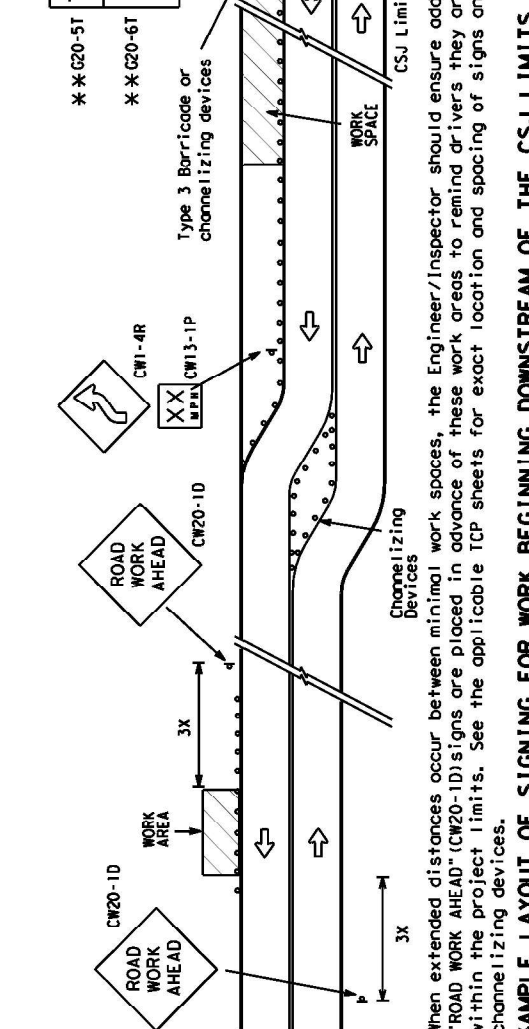
* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

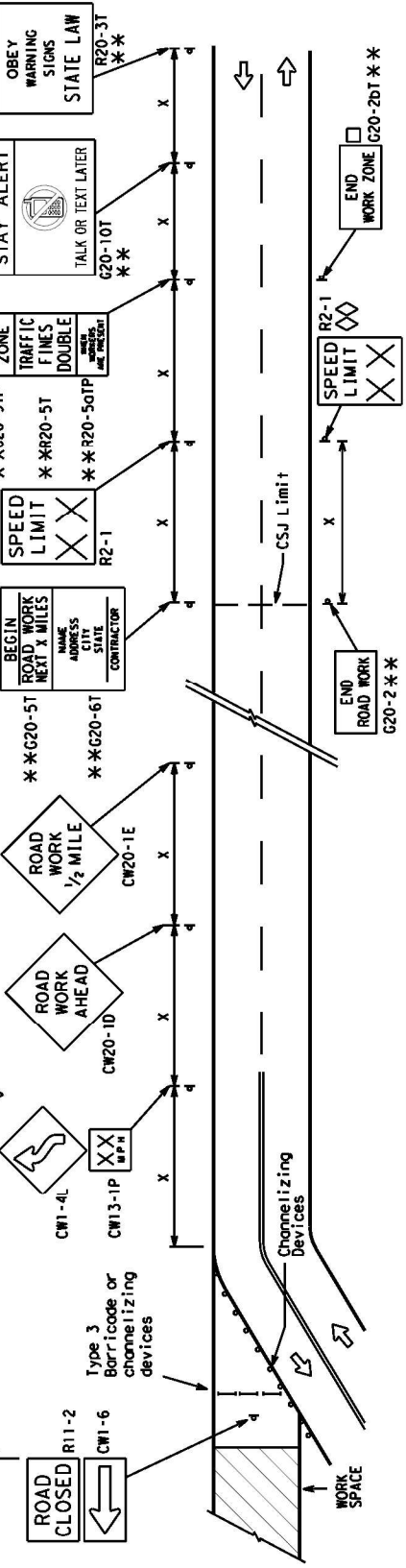
GENERAL NOTES

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

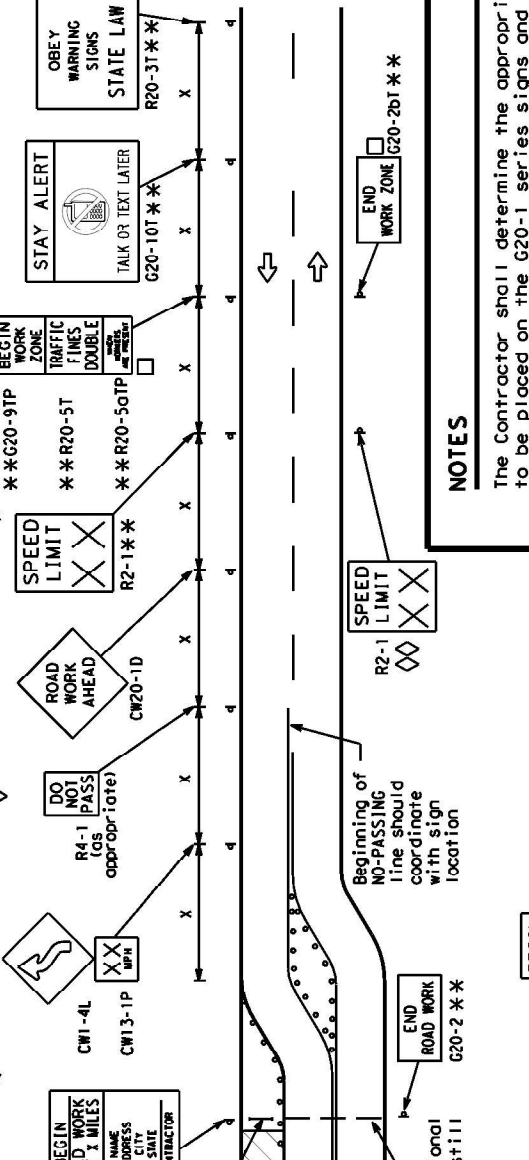
WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS



NOTES

- The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) signs for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "x" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.
- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
 - CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
 - Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
 - Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND

—	Type 3 Barricade
○ ○ ○	Channelizing Devices
⬇	Sign
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.



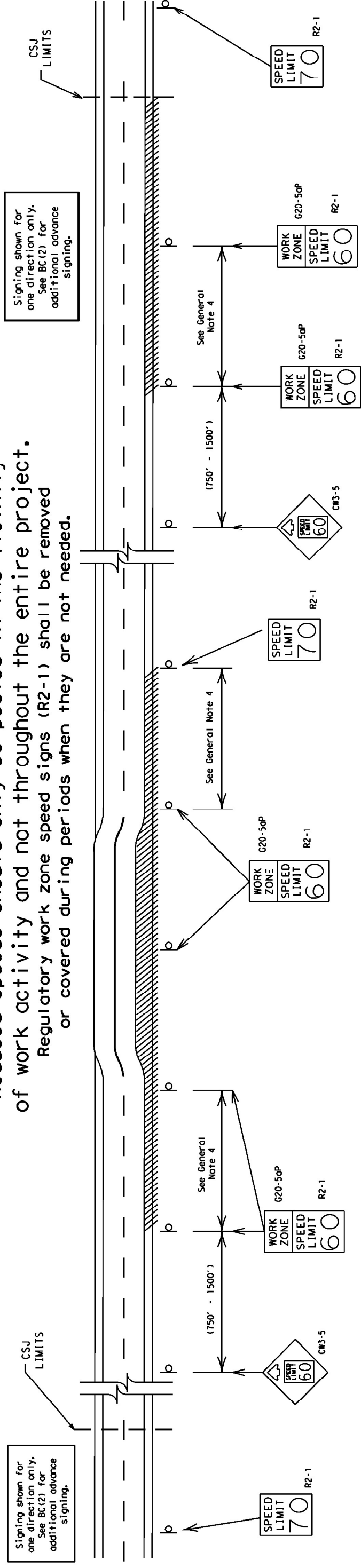
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DATE: 7/13/07	DIST: DAL	DESIGNED BY: KAUFMAN
REV: 001	REVISED: 8-14-07	COUNTY: DALLAS	CHECKED BY: KAUFMAN
JOB: 646233	PROJECT: 001	COUNTY: DALLAS	DATE: 7-13-07
SHEET NO: 6	TOTAL SHEETS: 6	PROJECT: 001	DATE: 7-13-07

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- rough road or damaged pavement surface
- substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- construction detours
- grade
- width
- other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

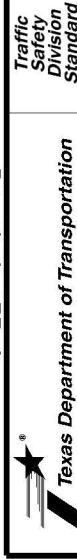
SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
 - 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 - Law enforcement.
 - Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

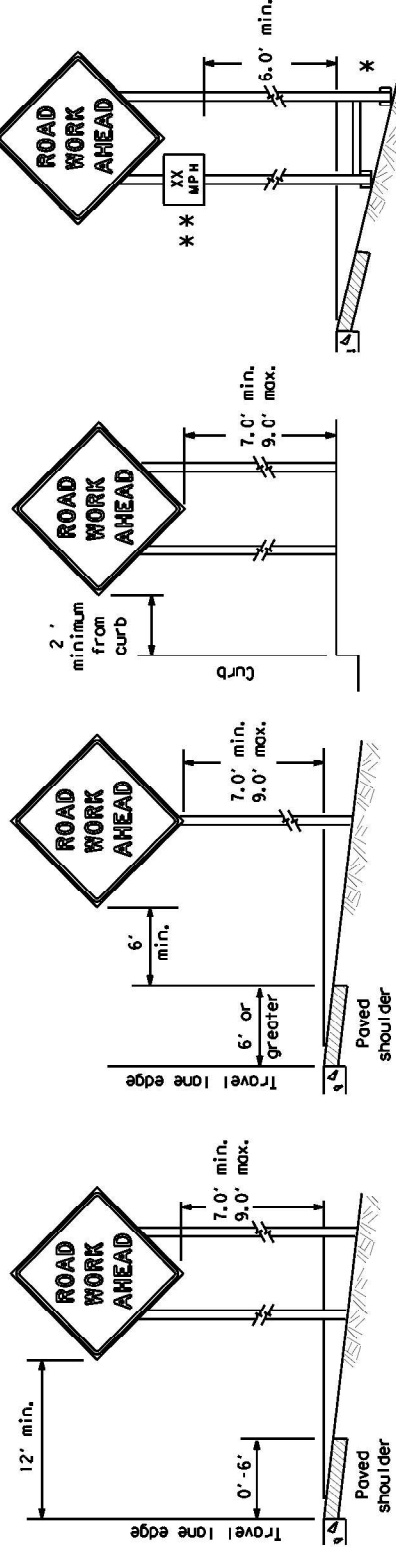


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC (3) - 21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	CHK TxDOT	DRW TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
© TxDOT November 2002	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISED 9-07 8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
7-13 5-21	DAL	KAUFMAN	7

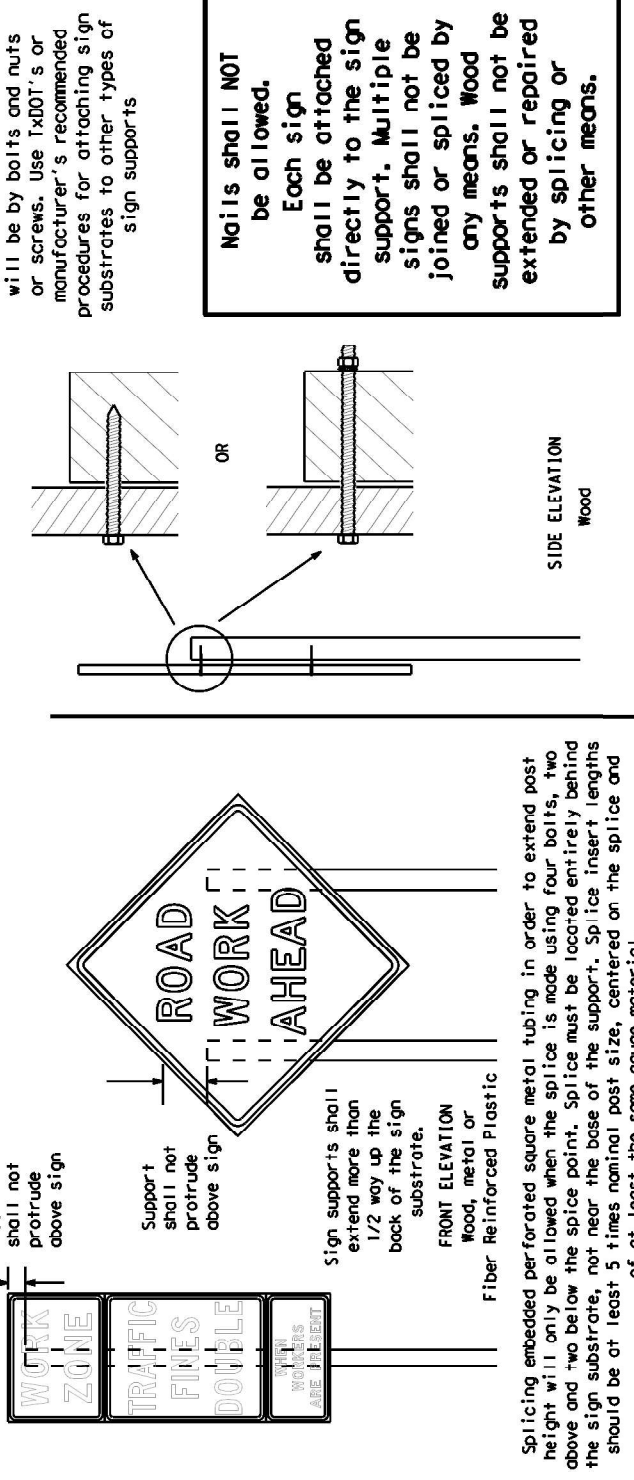
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

** When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

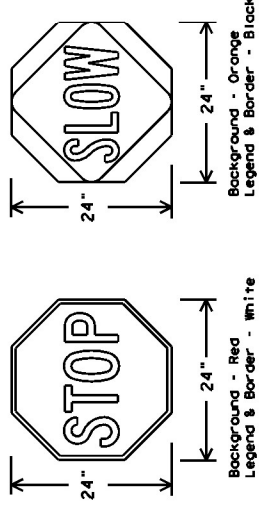
ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the splice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
2. STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retro-reflective when used at night.
3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMMTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)	
USAGE	COLOR
BACKGROUND	RED
BACKGROUND & BORDER	ORANGE
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK

SIGN FACE MATERIAL	
TYPE B OR C SHEETING	TYPE B _L OR C _L SHEETING
BACKGROUND	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND & BORDER	TYPE B _L OR C _L SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOCAL), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TSD standard.
3. When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
5. If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRs standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
6. Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMMTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's IXDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall NOT be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK LOS DEFINED BY THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" PART 6J

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - d. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - e. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

1. The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
4. Short-term/Short Duration Signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

1. All signs shall be retro-reflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_L or Type C_L, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
7. Signs and anchor studs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

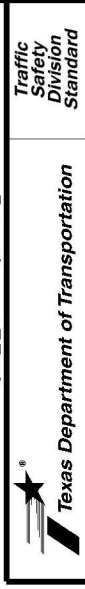
SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
4. Sandbags shall weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as fire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

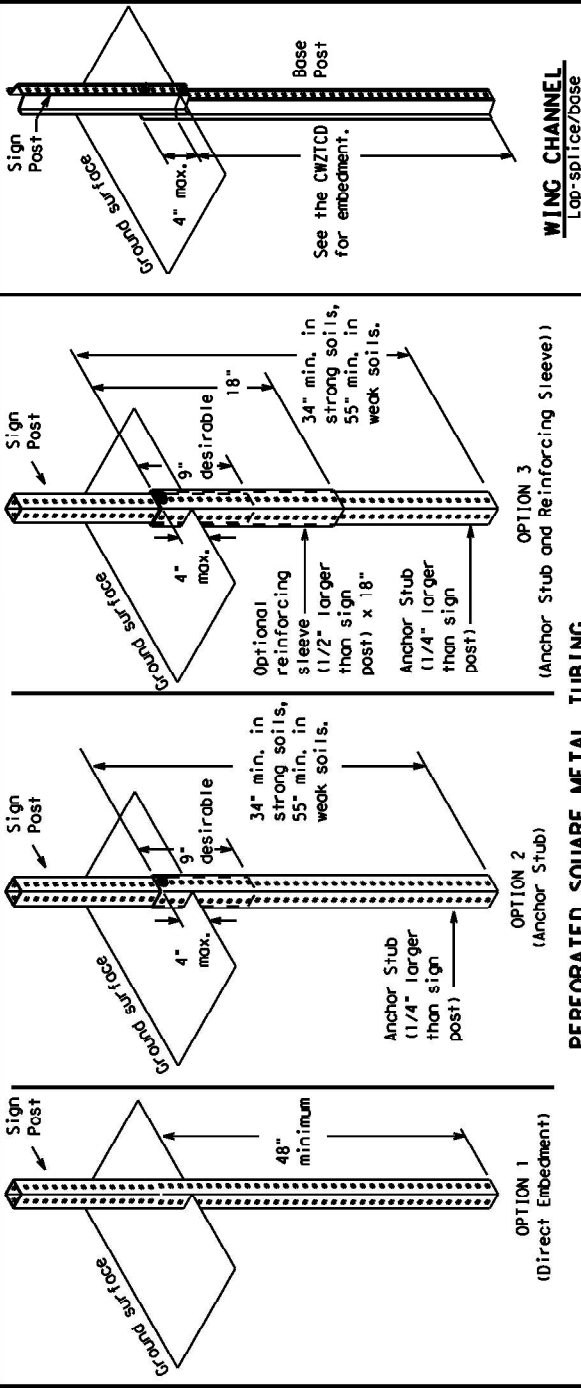
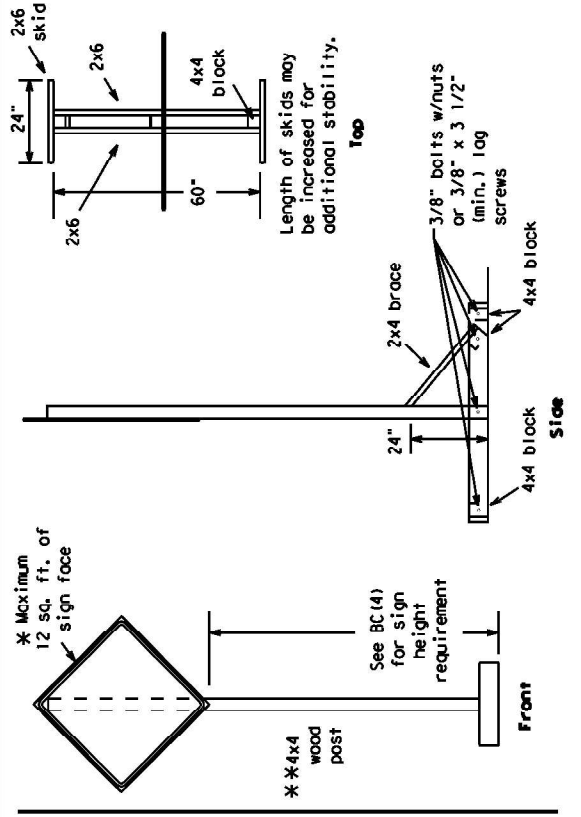
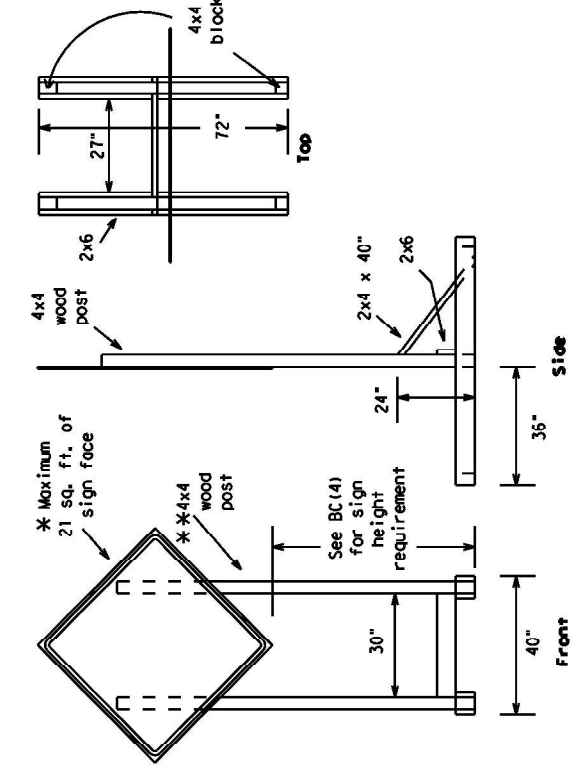


Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) - 21

FILES:	bc-21.dgn	CHK TxDOT	DRW TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
REVISED:	November 2002	CHMT	SECT	JOB
	9-07	6462	33	001
	7-13			
	5-21			
		DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
		DAL	KAUFMAN	8



SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCO and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.

WEDGE ANCHORS
 Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS
 MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCO LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCO List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

* See BC(4) for definition of "Mark Duration."
 ** Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 □ See the CWZTCO for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

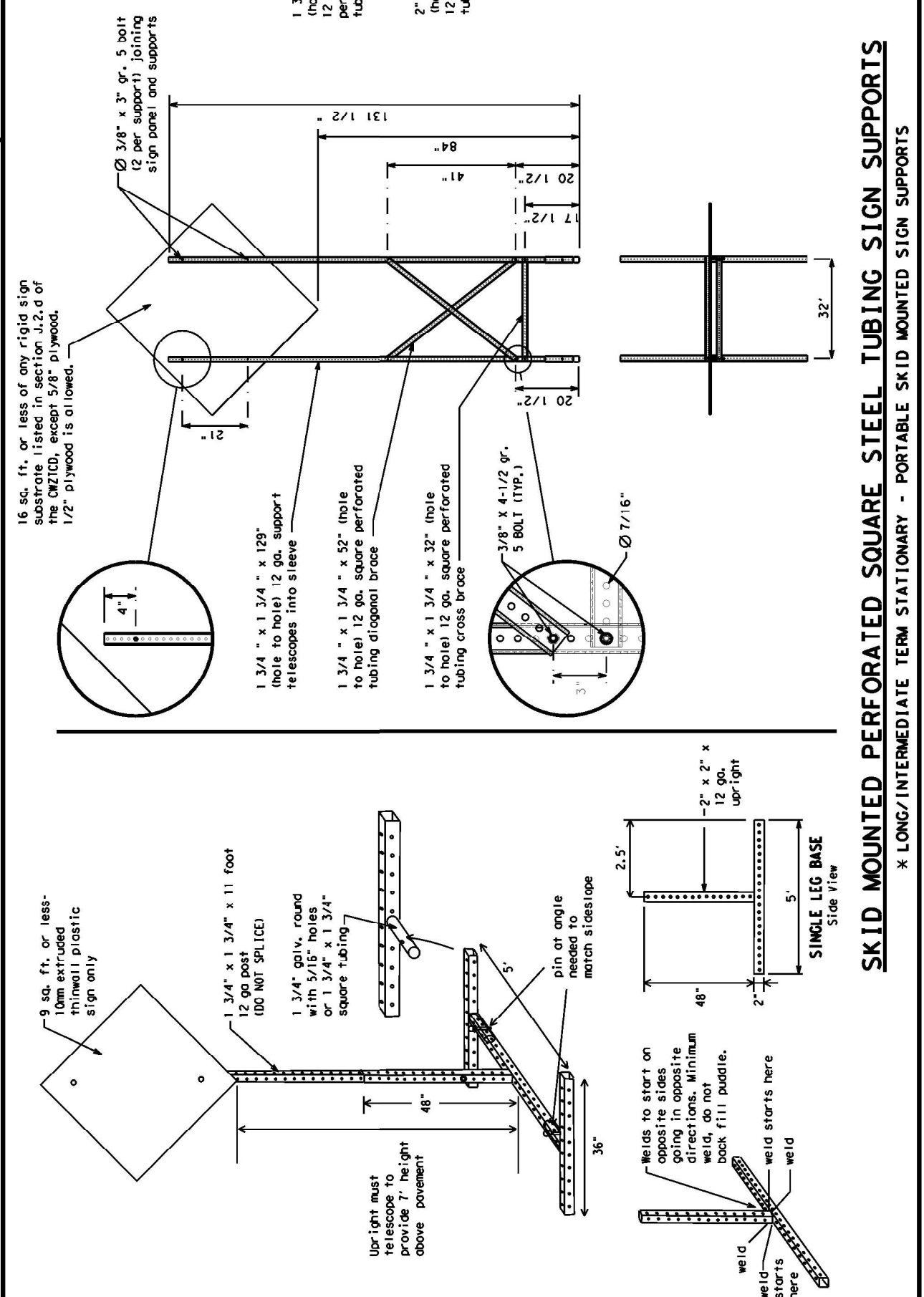
SHEET 5 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC (5) - 21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	CHK TxDOT	DATE TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
REVISED:	November 2002	JOB	001	H0020
DATE:	9-07	DIST	8-14	COUNTY
	7-13	DAL	KAUFMAN	SHEET NO. 9



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous white displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TWTJCD.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (1.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List	Other Condition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK XXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	FLAGGER XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	DETOUR X MILE
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX
EXIT CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	LANES SHIFT

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- X PM-X AM
USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE			

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Practice Act. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any kind arising from the use of this standard. TxDOT reserves the right to modify or amend this standard without notice. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any kind arising from the use of this standard. TxDOT reserves the right to modify or amend this standard without notice.

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
 FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Mirror	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canal	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction	CONST	Parking	PKING
Ahead	CONST AHD	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Emergency, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FRW BLDK	To Downtown	TO DWTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLR
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	VEH	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHs
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	WEST
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	West Payment	WET PMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		


Roadway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Practice Act. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any kind arising from the use of this standard. TxDOT reserves the right to modify or amend this standard without notice. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any kind arising from the use of this standard. TxDOT reserves the right to modify or amend this standard without notice.

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
 FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Mirror	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Canal	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction	CONST	Parking	PKING
Ahead	CONST AHD	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Emergency, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FRW BLDK	To Downtown	TO DWTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLR
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	VEH	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHs
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	WEST
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	West Payment	WET PMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

Roadway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number



Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC SAFETY DIVISION STANDARD

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) - 21

REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM

FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

FILE: bc-21.dgn	CHK TxDOT	DRM TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21	REVISED: 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:48:57 AM
FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...	FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, ...

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

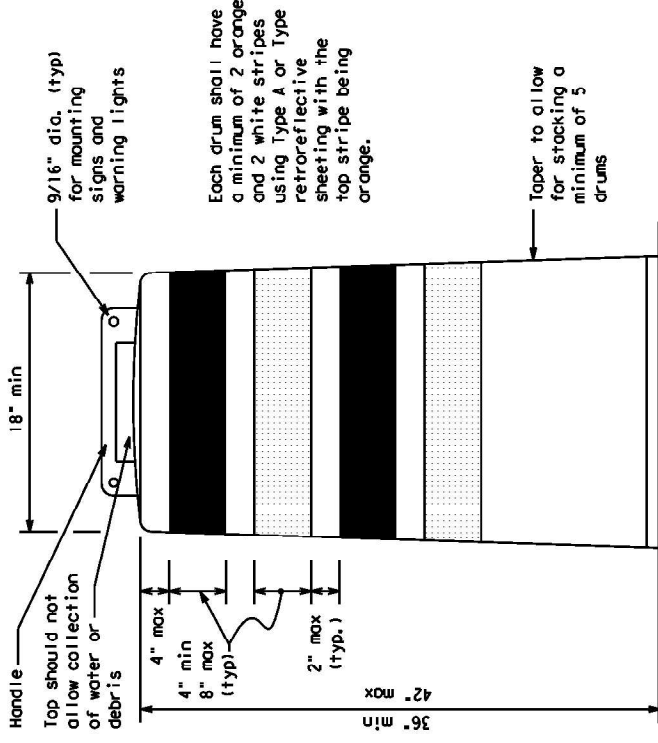
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
 - The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
 - Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
 - Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
 - The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
 - The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectORIZED space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
 - Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
 - Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
 - Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 - Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

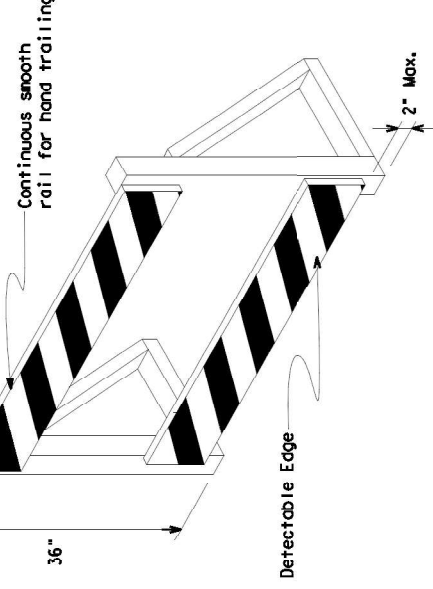
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

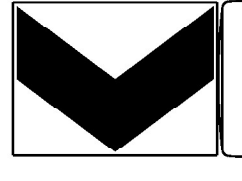


This detail is not intended for fabrication. See note 3 and the CWZTCD list for providers of approved Detectable Pedestrian Barricades



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BIS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
Rt series or other signs as approved
by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

**Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign
substrates shall NOT be used on
plastic drums**

**SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED
ON PLASTIC DRUMS**

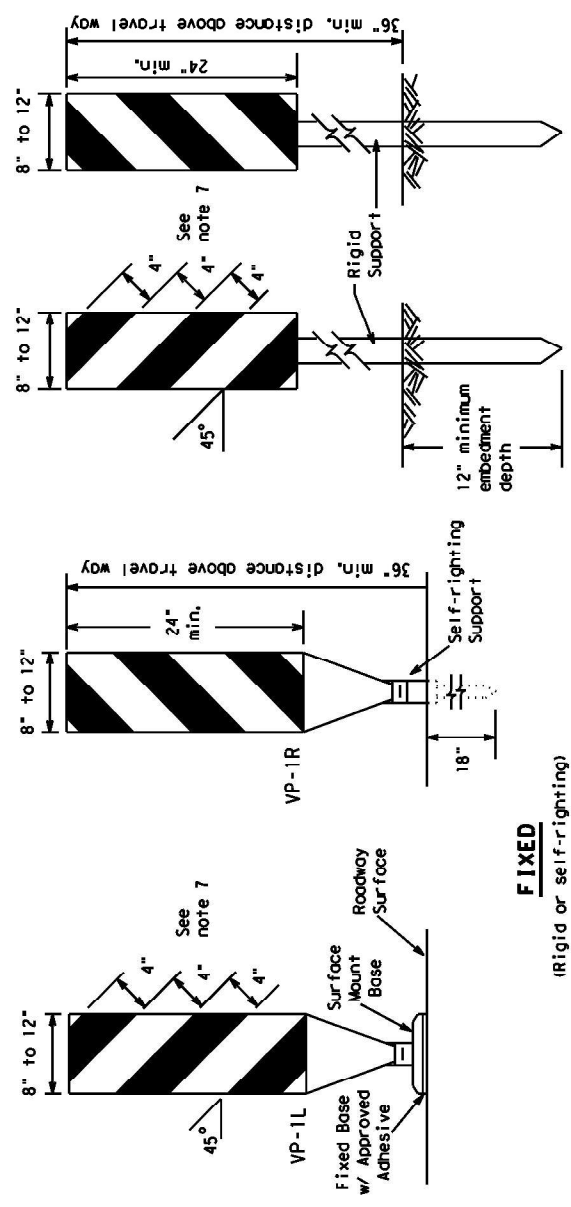
- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{PL} or Type C_{PL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.



**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
CHANNELIZING DEVICES**

FILE: bc-21.dgn	CHK TxDOT	DRW TxDOT	CHK TxDOT	CKT TxDOT
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:49:02 AM	DATE: November 2002	DATE: 001	DATE: IHO020	DATE: HIGHWAY
PROJECT: KAUFMAN\6462-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, & MGC Cleaning\DCNS. PC-21.dgn	PROJECT: 6462 33	PROJECT: 001	PROJECT: IHO020	PROJECT: HIGHWAY
	DIST: DAL	COUNTY: KAUFMAN	SHEET NO: 12	

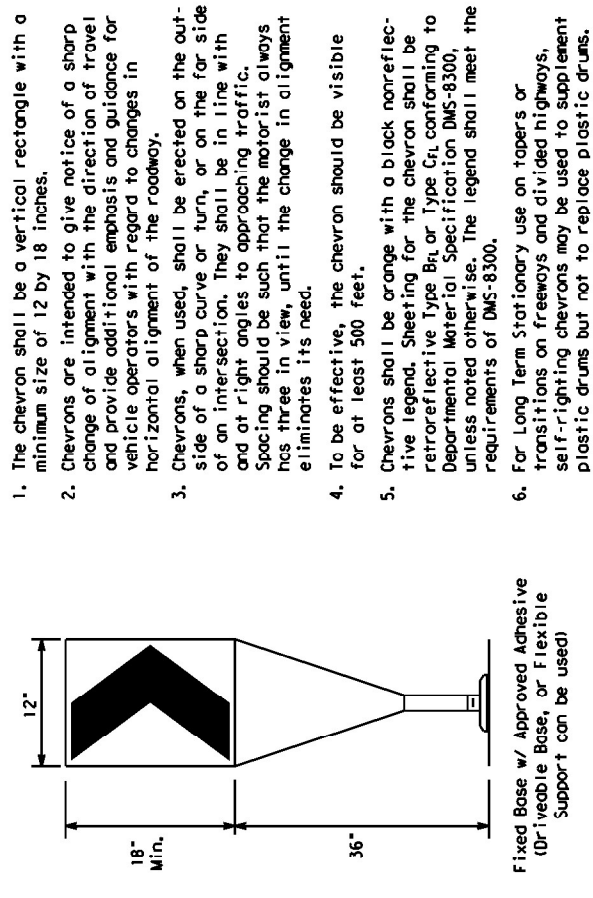
DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Practice Act. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.



FIXED
(Rigid or self-righting)

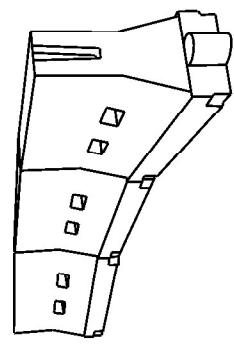
PORTABLE
(Rigid or self-righting)

- VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)**
1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.



CHEVRONS

1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B1 or Type C1, conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

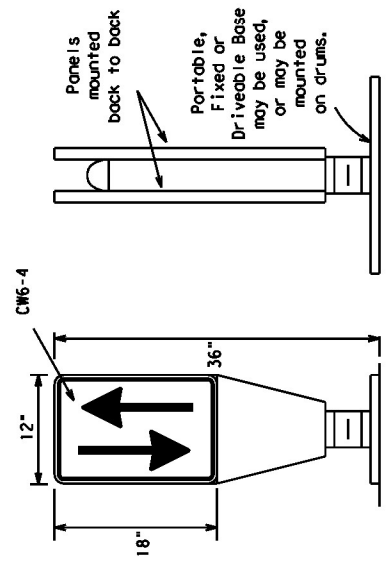
1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(1) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space for the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B1 or Type C1, conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

GENERAL NOTES

1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	
		Offset/Offset/Offset	On a Taper	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30		10'	11'	12'	60'
35	WS^2	150'	165'	180'	30'
40	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'
45		265'	295'	320'	40'
50		450'	495'	540'	45'
55		500'	550'	600'	50'
60	$L = WS$	550'	605'	660'	55'
65		600'	660'	720'	60'
70		650'	715'	780'	65'
75		700'	770'	840'	70'
80		750'	825'	900'	75'
		800'	880'	960'	80'
					100'
					110'
					120'
					130'
					140'
					150'
					160'

**Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
 S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS



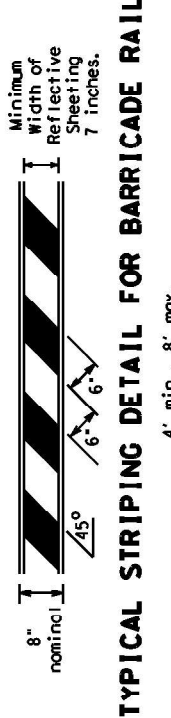
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DWG:	TXDOT	DATE:	TXDOT	CHK:	TXDOT
PROJECT:	November 2002	CONT:	SECT	JOB:	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS:		NO:	6462	33	001	IHO020	
DATE:	9-07	DIST:	8-14	COUNTY:			
BY:	7-13	DIST:	5-21	COUNTY:			
		DAL:	KAUFMAN	SHEET NO.:			13

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

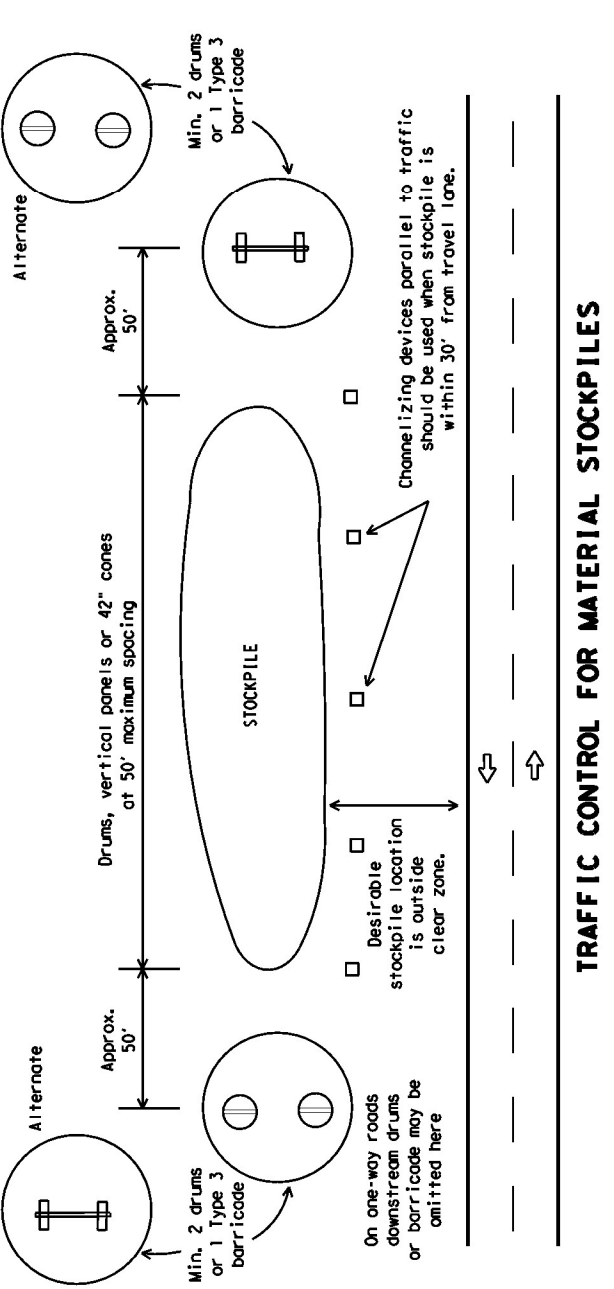


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



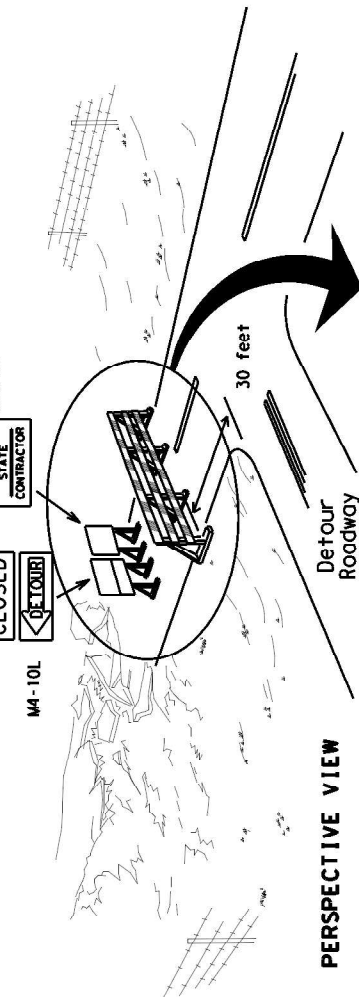
TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

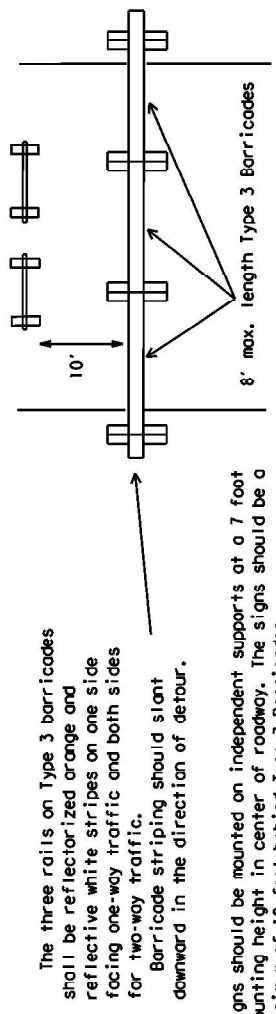


TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner.



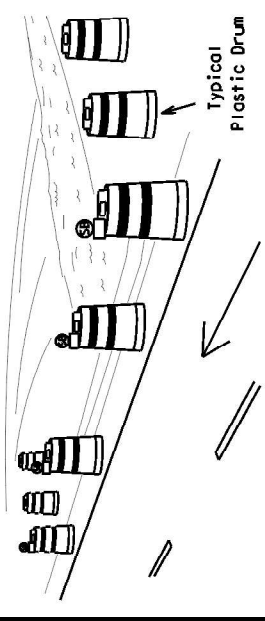
PERSPECTIVE VIEW



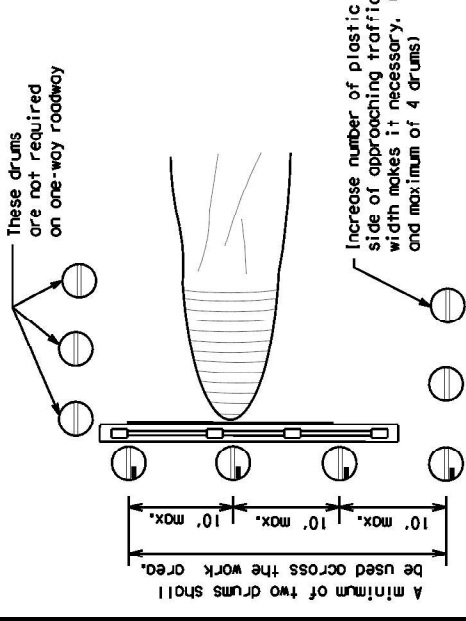
PLAN VIEW

1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW



PLAN VIEW

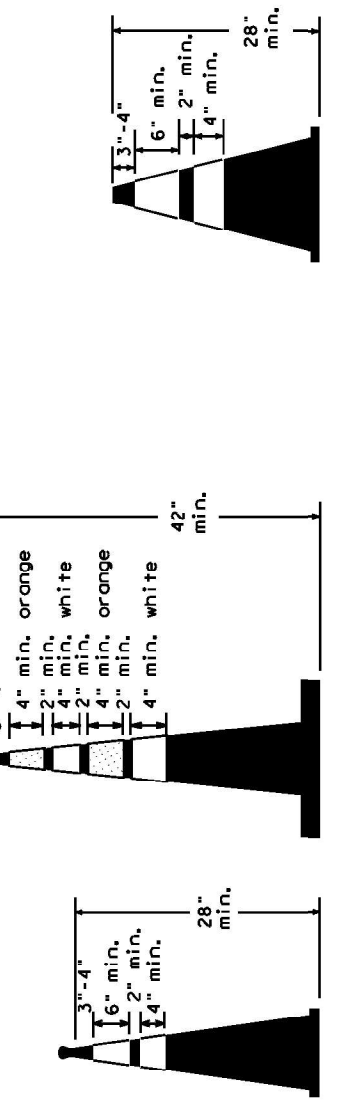
Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (Minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)

1. Where positive redirection capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
3. Vertical panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

LEGEND	
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

CONES



Two-Piece cones

One-Piece cones

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.
42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

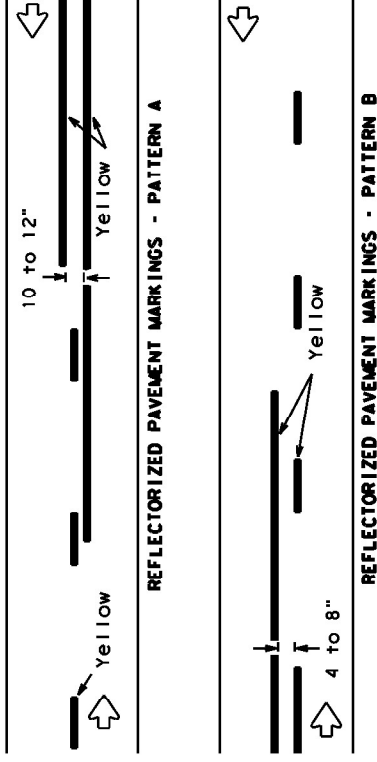
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (10) - 21

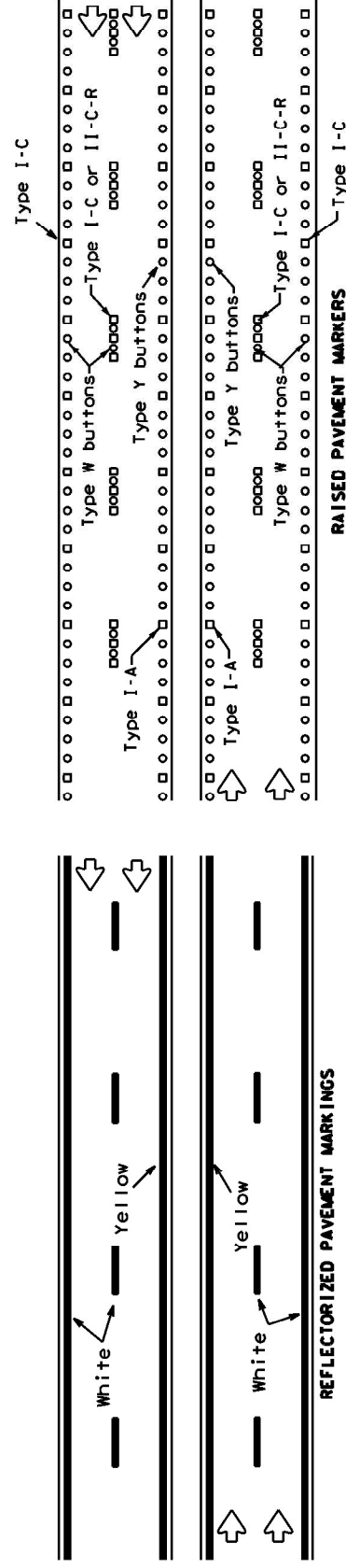
FILE: bc-21.dgn	DATE: 12/6/2023 7:49:06 AM	PROJECT: KAURCK\KAMANT\642-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, & MBG Cleaning\DNS\5. bc-21.dgn
DATE: 9-07-13	REVISED: 8-14-11	JOB: IHO020
DIST: DAL	COUNTY: KAUFMAN	SHEET NO: 14

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS



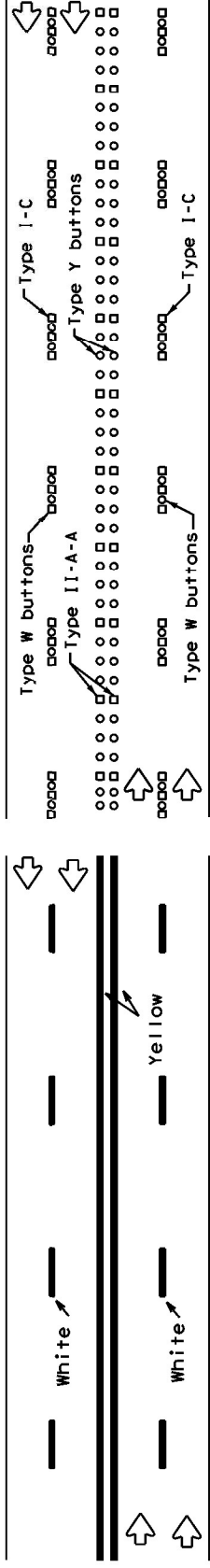
Pattern A is the TxDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



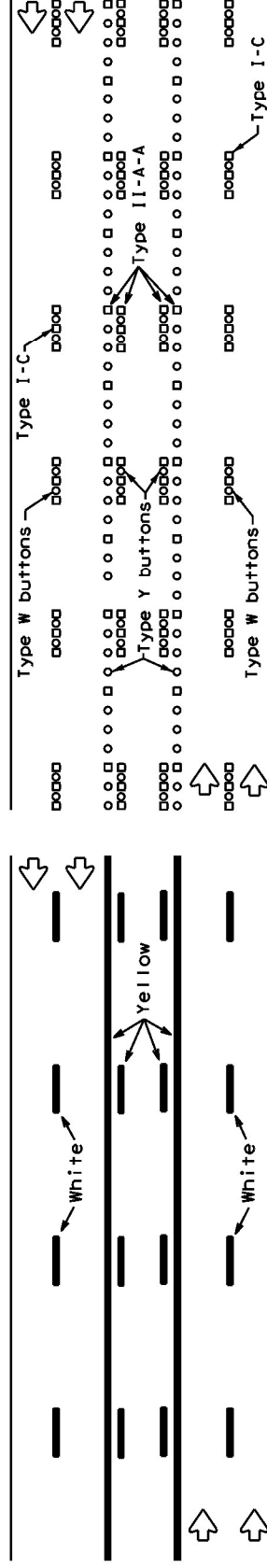
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



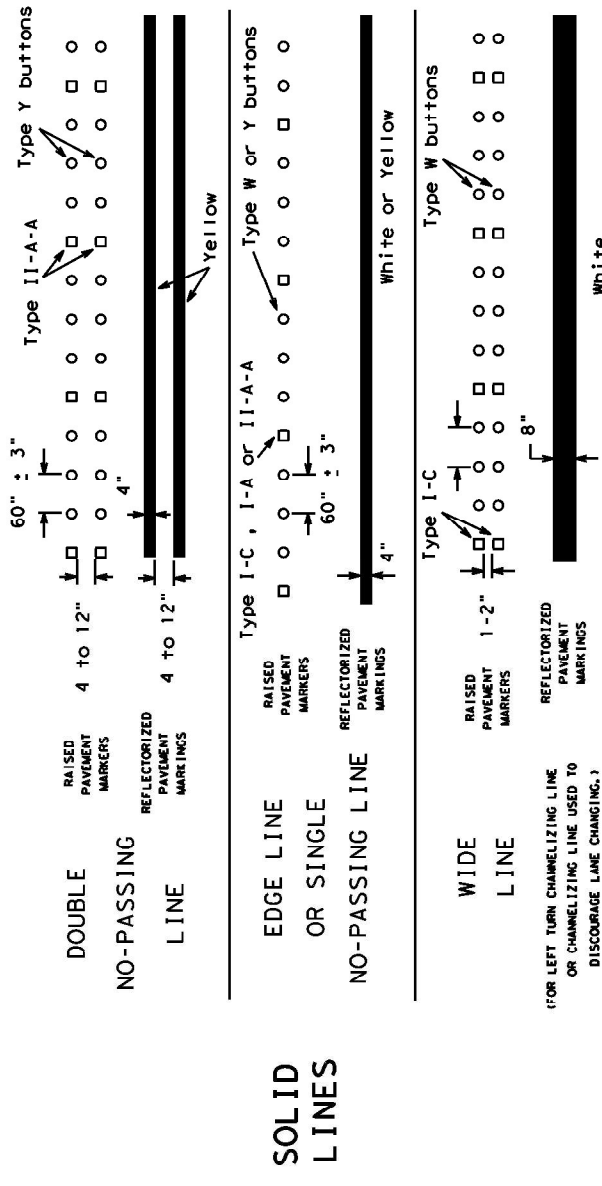
Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

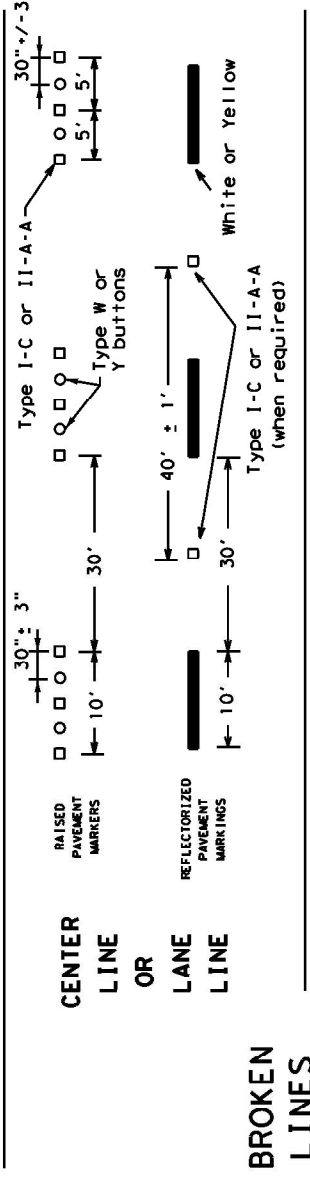


Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings.

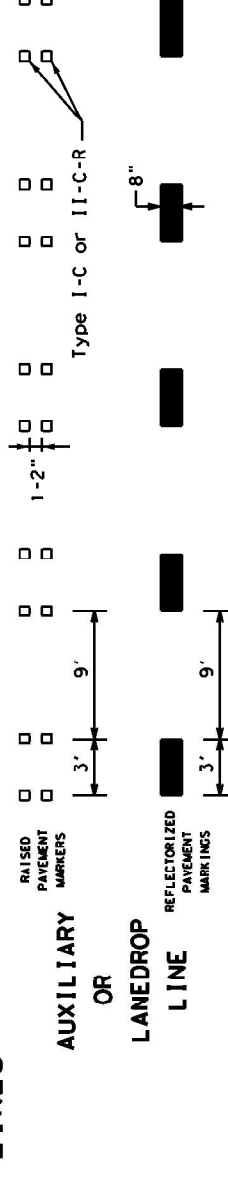
STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



(FOR LEFT TURN CHANNELIZING LINE OR CHANNELIZING LINE USED TO DISCOURAGE LINE CHANGING.)



BROKEN LINES



If raised pavement markers are used to supplement removable markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of tape used for broken lines or at 20 foot spacing for solid lines. This allows an easier removal of raised pavement markers and tape.

Centerline only - not to be used on edge lines

SHEET 12 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

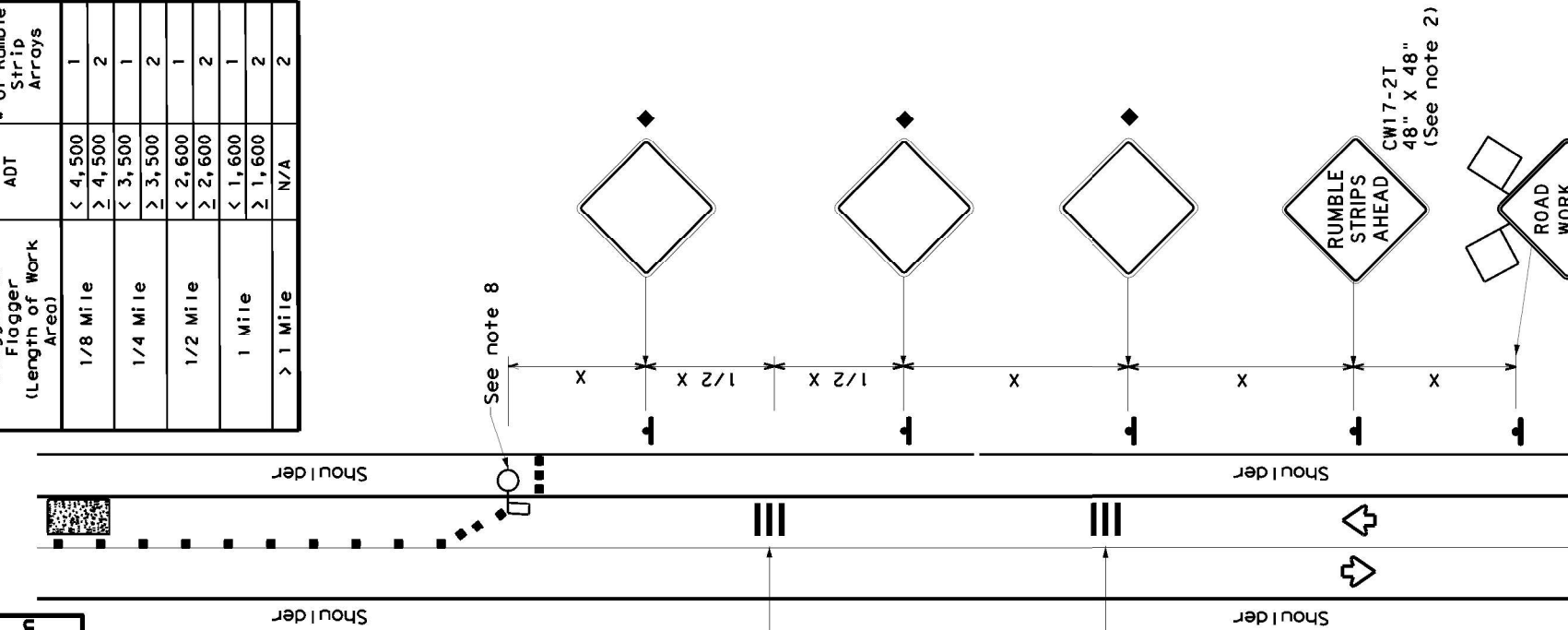
Raised pavement markers used as standard pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of Item 672 -RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS.

BC (12) - 21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	CHK TxDOT	CHK TxDOT	CHK TxDOT
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:49:09 AM	REVISED: 1-97 9-07 5-21	REVISED: 2-98 7-13	REVISED: 11-02 8-14
PROJECT: KAUR0CK\KAMANT\6462-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, & MBG Cleaning\DNS\5. bc-21.dgn	CONTRACT: 6462 33	JOB: 001	HIGHWAY: IH0020
	DIST: DAL	COUNTY: KAUFMAN	SHEET NO: 16

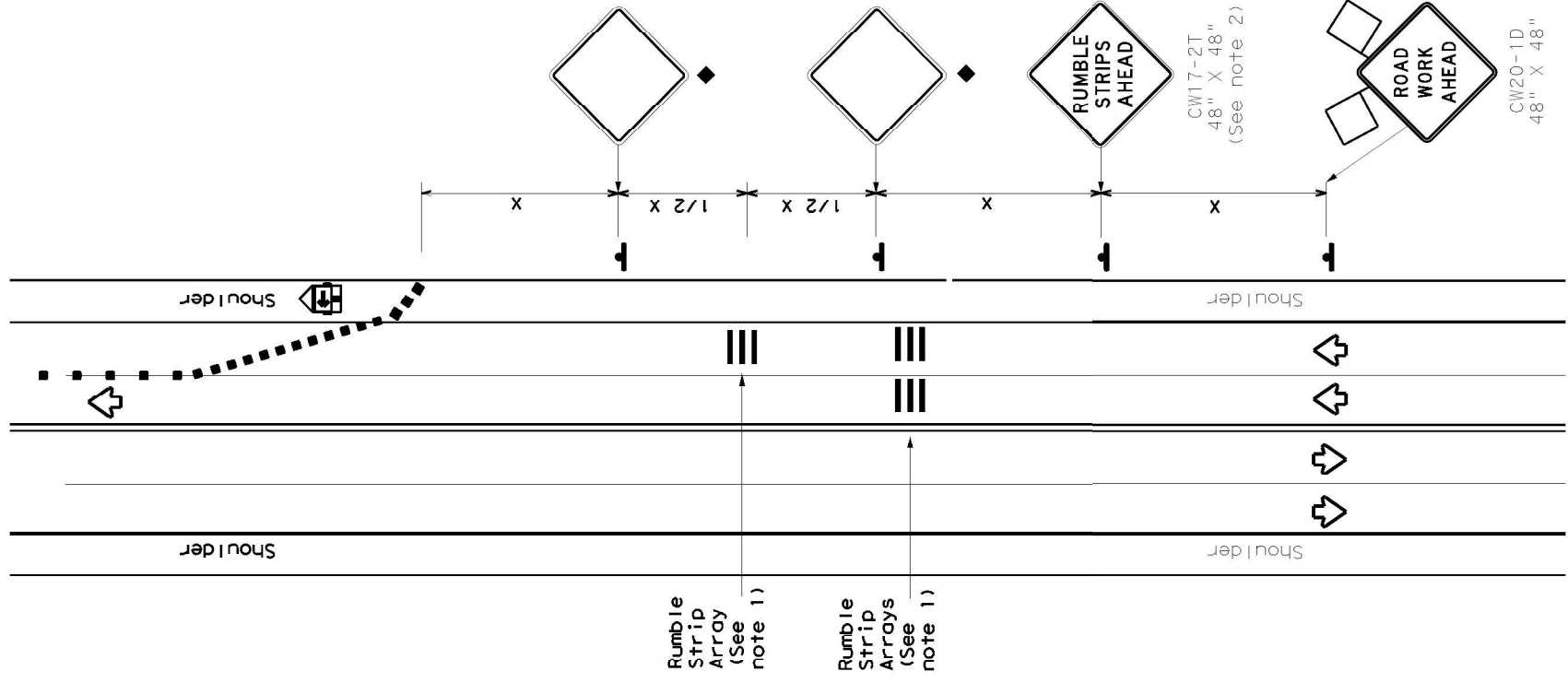
Warning sign and rumble strip sequence in opposite direction is same as below.

Flagger to Flagger (Length of Work Area)	ADT	# of Rumble Strip Arrays
1/8 Mile	< 4,500	1
	≥ 4,500	2
1/4 Mile	< 3,500	1
	≥ 3,500	2
1/2 Mile	< 2,600	1
	≥ 2,600	2
1 Mile	< 1,600	1
	≥ 1,600	2
> 1 Mile	N/A	2



WZ (RS-1a)

RUMBLE STRIPS ON ONE-LANE TWO-WAY APPLICATION



WZ (RS-1b)

RUMBLE STRIPS FOR LANE CLOSURE ON CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

GENERAL NOTES

- Each Rumble Strip Array should consist of three rumble strips spaced center to center at the spacing shown in Table 2, placed transverse across the lane at locations shown.
- The CW17-2T "RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD" sign should be located after the CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign and spaced as shown. If traffic is observed to be queuing, or is expected to queue beyond the Rumble Strips, the CW17-2T sign and the first Rumble Strip Array may be located upstream of the CW20-1D sign as necessary to provide needed warning.
- Temporary Rumble Strips will be considered subsidiary to Item 502, and shall be a product listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices.
- Remove Temporary Rumble Strips before removing the advanced warning signs.
- Temporary Rumble Strips should not be used on horizontal curves, loose gravel, soft or bleeding asphalt, heavily rutted pavements or unpaved surfaces.
- Temporary Rumble Strips shall be installed and maintained as per manufacturer's recommendations.
- This standard sheet shall be used in conjunction with other appropriate TCP standard, TMUTCD typical application or project specific detail for the project.
- The one-lane two-way application may utilize a flagger, an Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD) or a Portable Traffic Signal (PTS).
- Replace defective Temporary Rumble Strips as directed by the Engineer.
- Temporary Rumble Strips may be used on freeways or expressways based on engineering judgment and written direction from the Engineer.

Speed	Approximate distance between strips in an array
≤ 40 MPH	10'
> 40 MPH & ≤ 55 MPH	15'
= 60 MPH	20'
≥ 65 MPH	* 35' +

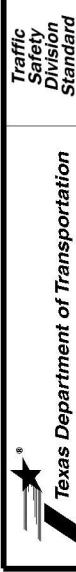
Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices
Heavy Work Vehicle	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
Sign	Traffic Flow
Flag	Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		Offset	Offset	Taper	Tangent		
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	10'	11'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'
40		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'
45		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'
50		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
55		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
60		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
65		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
70		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
75		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
 S=Posted Speed(MPH)

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓		✓	

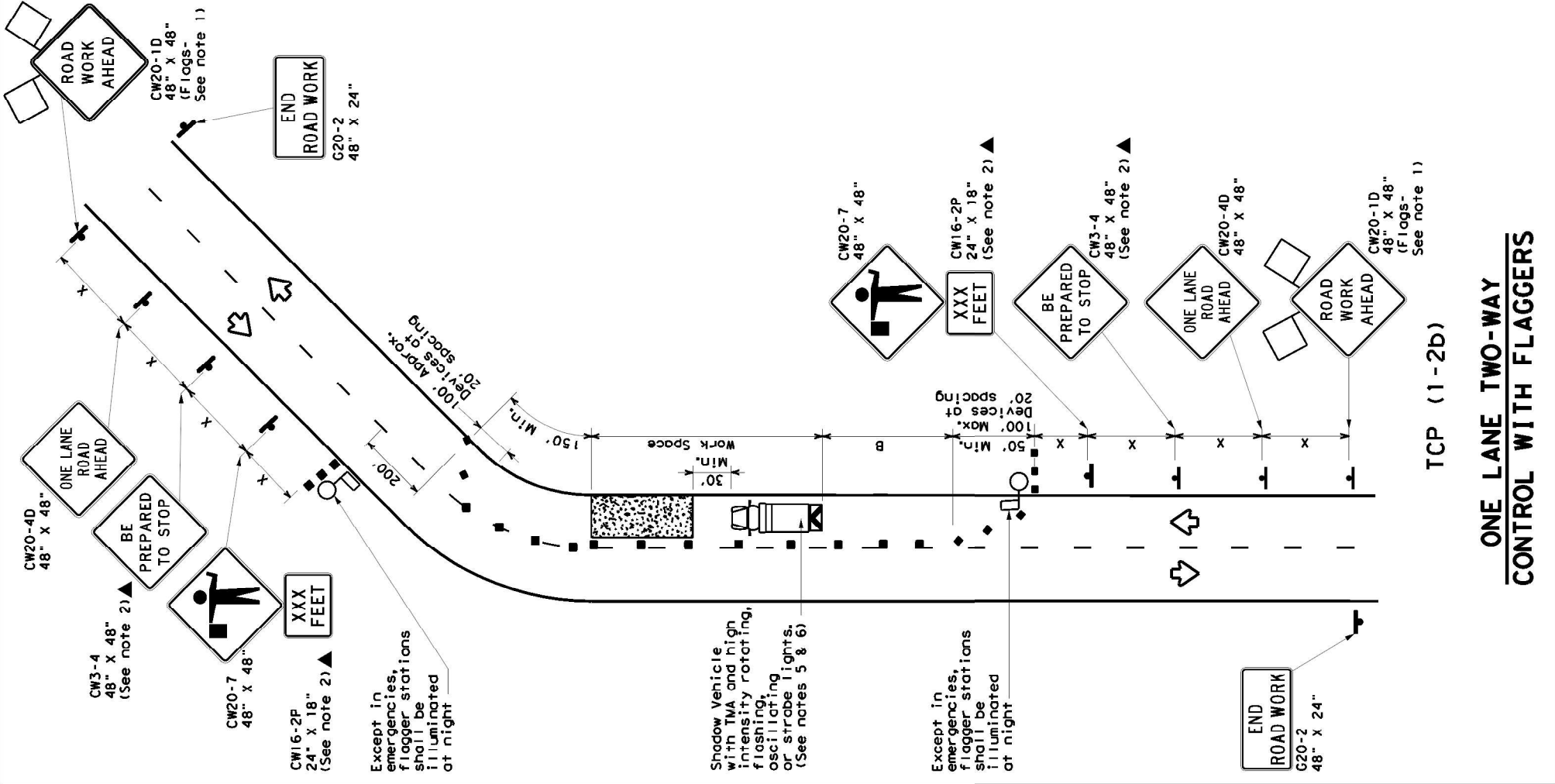
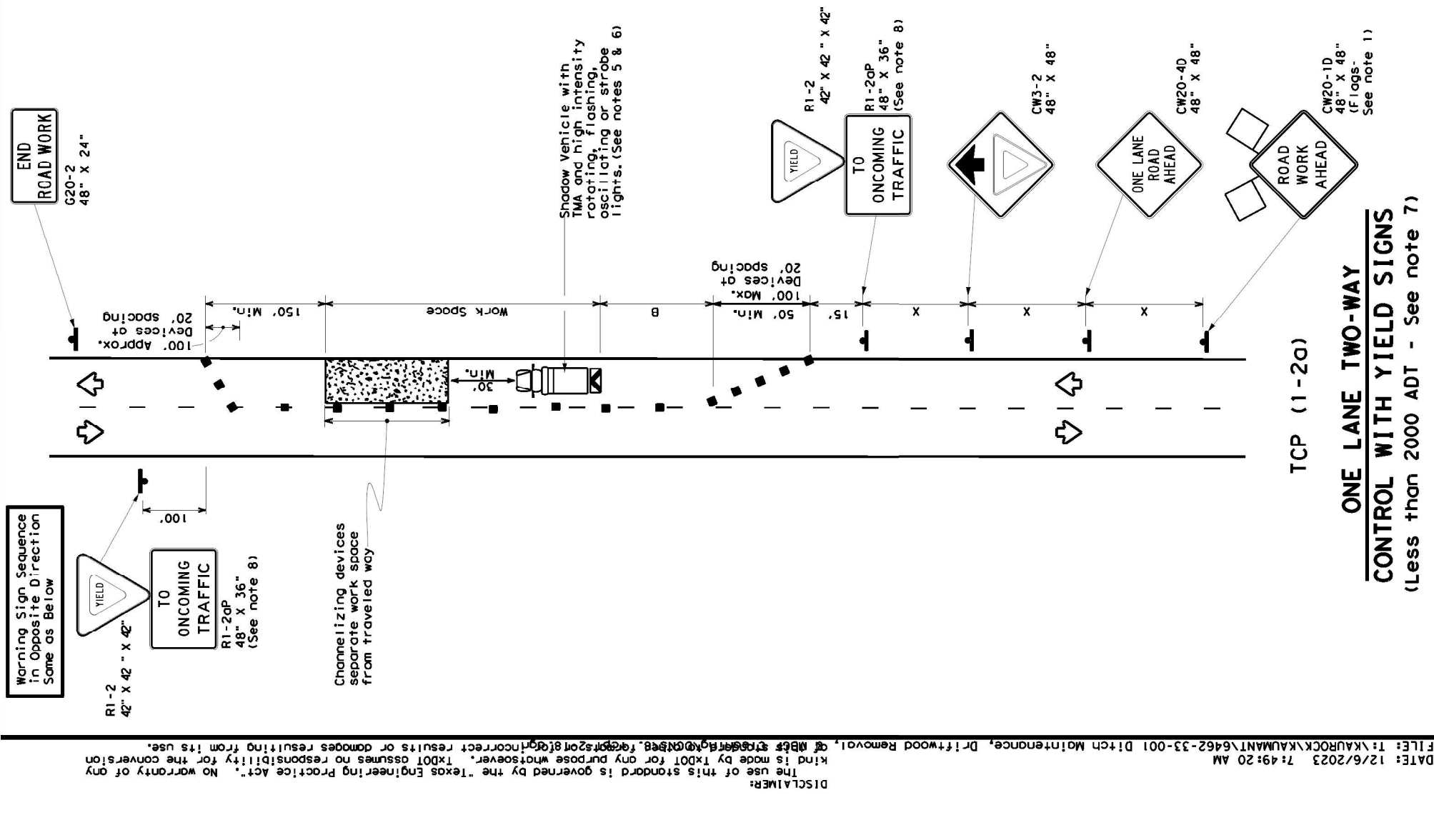
◆ Signs are for illustrative purposes only. Signs required may vary depending on the TCP, TMUTCD Typical Application, or project specific details for the project.
 * For posted speeds in excess of 65 MPH, it is recommended that spacing is increased as speed limits increase. Increasing space between rumble strips will improve effectiveness.



TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS

WZ (RS) - 22

FILE: WZRS22.dgn	DW: TXDOT	CHK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CHK: TXDOT
© TXDOT November 2012	CMIT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6462 33	001	IHO020	
2-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
4-16	DAL	KAUFMAN	SHEET NO.	17



LEGEND

Symbol	Description	Channelizing Devices
	Type 3 Barricade	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Heavy Work Vehicle	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Traffic Flow
	Sign	Flagger
	Flag	

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	Stopping Sight Distance	
30	L = WS / 60	10' 11"	10'	120'	90'	200'	
35		150' 165'	30'	120'	90'	200'	
40		205' 225'	35'	160'	120'	250'	
45	L = WS	265' 295'	40'	80'	155'	305'	
50		450' 495'	45'	90'	195'	360'	
55		500' 550'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
60	L = WS	550' 605'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
65		600' 660'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
70		650' 715'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
75		700' 770'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
		750' 825'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓			

GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-20P "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (1-2) - 18

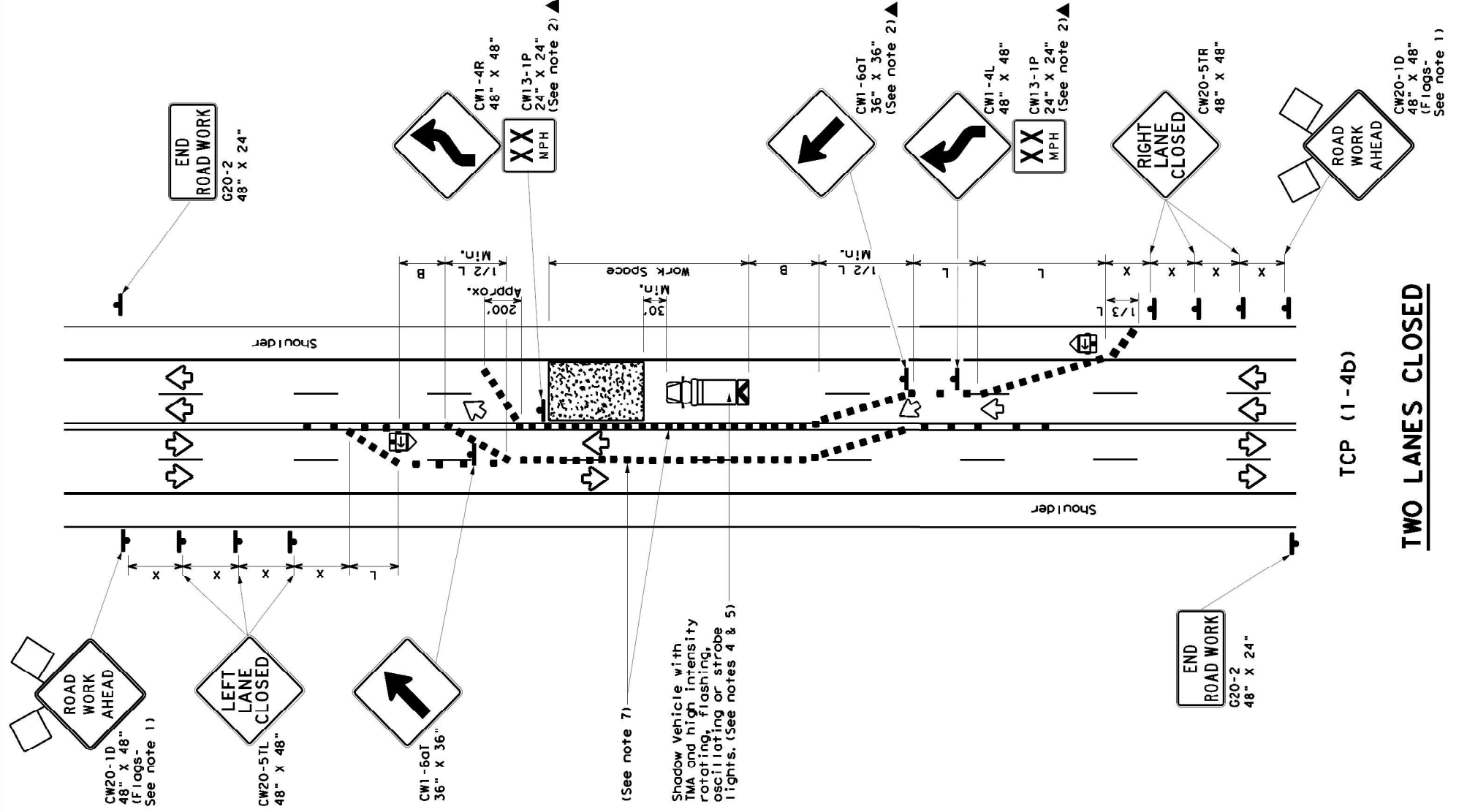
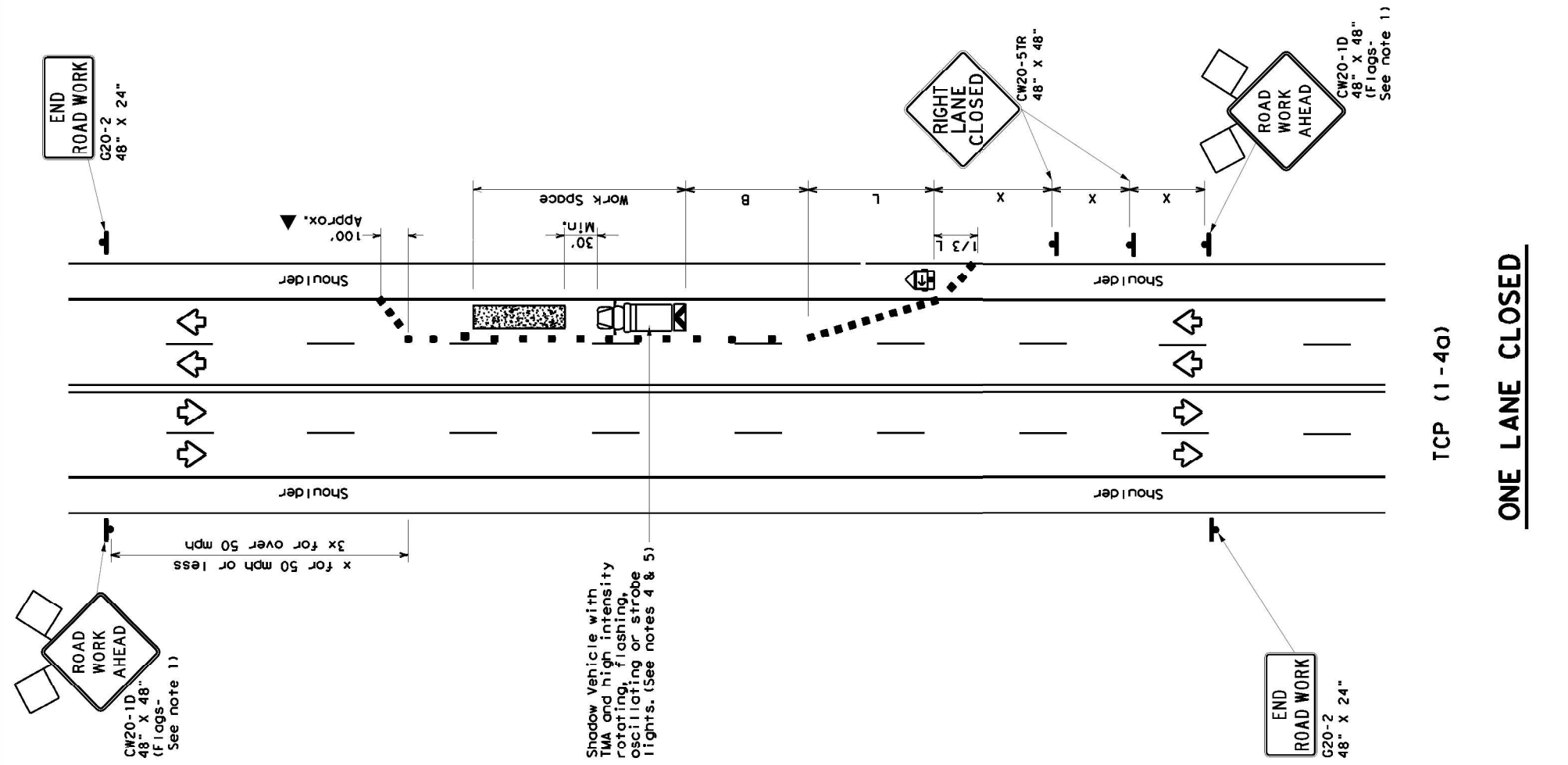
FILE: Top-2-18.dgn
DWT: CKE
CHK: CKE

DATE: 12/6/2023 7:49:20 AM
KIND: TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of any kind or the use of this standard is governed by the Texas Engineering Practice Act. No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for its use.

REVISED: 1985
DATE: 4-90
DATE: 2-94
DATE: 2-12
DATE: 1-97

REVISIONS: 6462 33
JOB: 001
SHEET NO: 19

PROJECT: HIGHWAY IHO020
COUNTY: COUNTY
DRAWN BY: DAL
CHECKED BY: KAUFMAN



LEGEND

Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices
Heavy Work Vehicle	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
Sign	Traffic Flow
Flag	Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	
		Offset/Offset	Tangent	On a Tangent	Distance		
30	WS^2	10'	11'	12'	30'	60'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'
40		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'
45		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'
50		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
55	$L = WS$	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
60		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
65		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
70		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
75		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓			

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - The CW20-ID "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
 - A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

- TCP (1-4a)**
- If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.
- TCP (1-4b)**
- Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

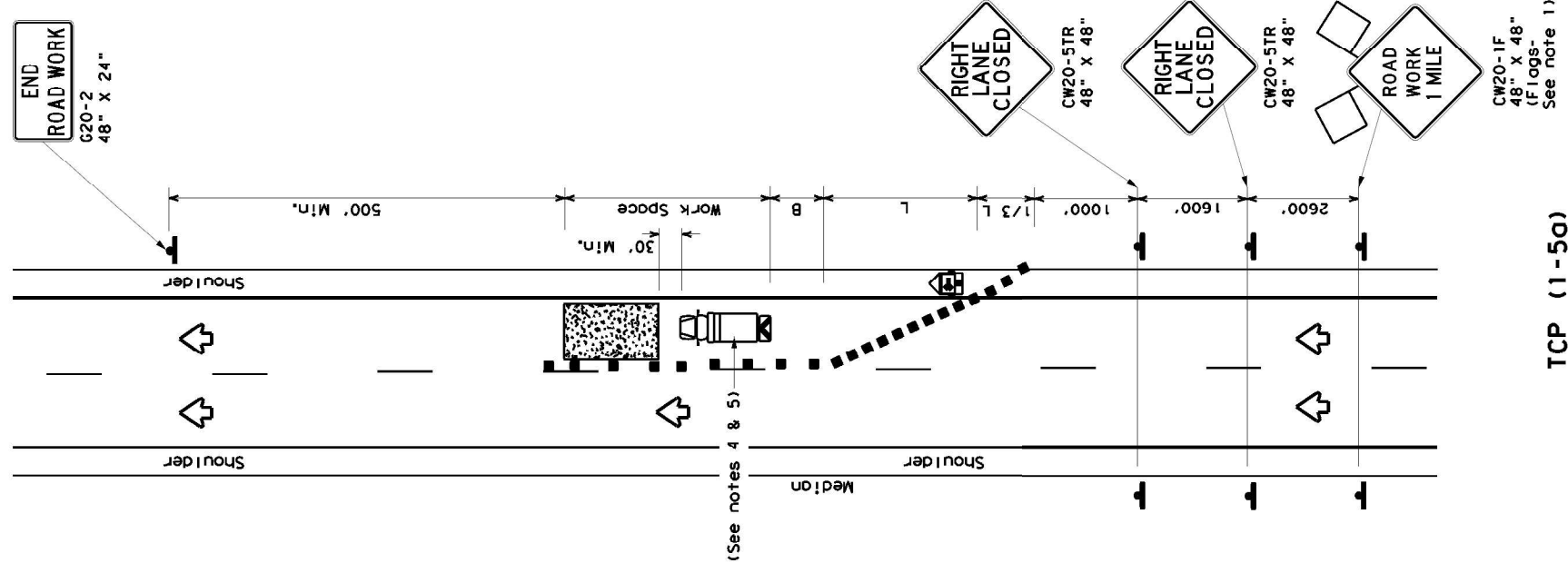
**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE
 CONVENTIONAL ROADS**

TCP (1-4) - 18

FILE:	TCP1-4-18.dgn	DWG:	CKE	CHK:	CKE
DATE:	December 1985	UNIT:	SECT	JOB:	HIGHWAY
REV:	2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12 1-97 2-18	REVISIONS:	6462 33	001	IHO020
		DIST:		COUNTY:	
		DAL:		KAUFMAN	SHEET NO.
					20

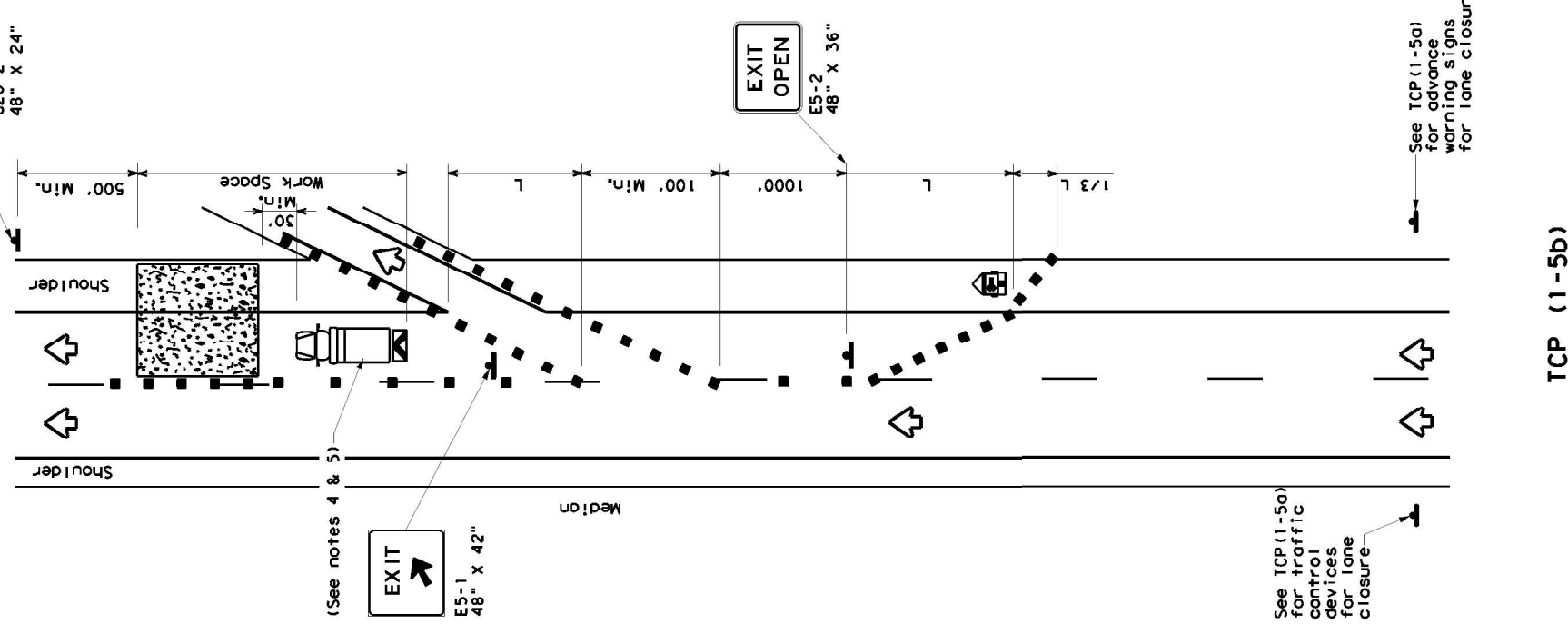
DISCLAIMER:

The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of any information from one format to another or for any errors or omissions that may appear in this document.



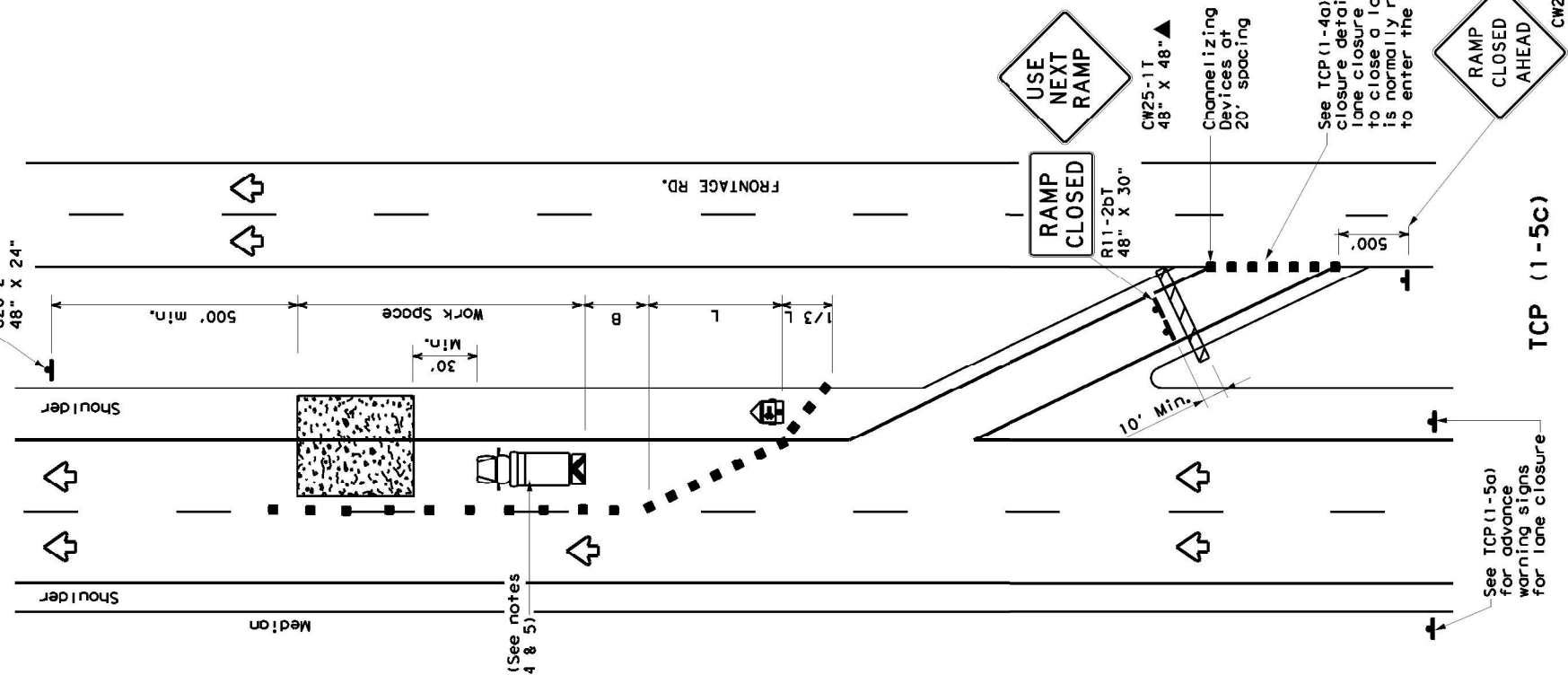
TCP (1-50)

ONE LANE CLOSURE



TCP (1-5b)

LANE CLOSURE NEAR EXIT RAMPS



TCP (1-5c)

LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPS

LEGEND

Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices
Heavy Work Vehicle	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
Sign	Traffic Flow
Flag	Flagger

Posted Speed * *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * * * * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x" "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B" "B"	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper			
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	

- GENERAL NOTES**
- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 - All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 - Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
 - Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
 - Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

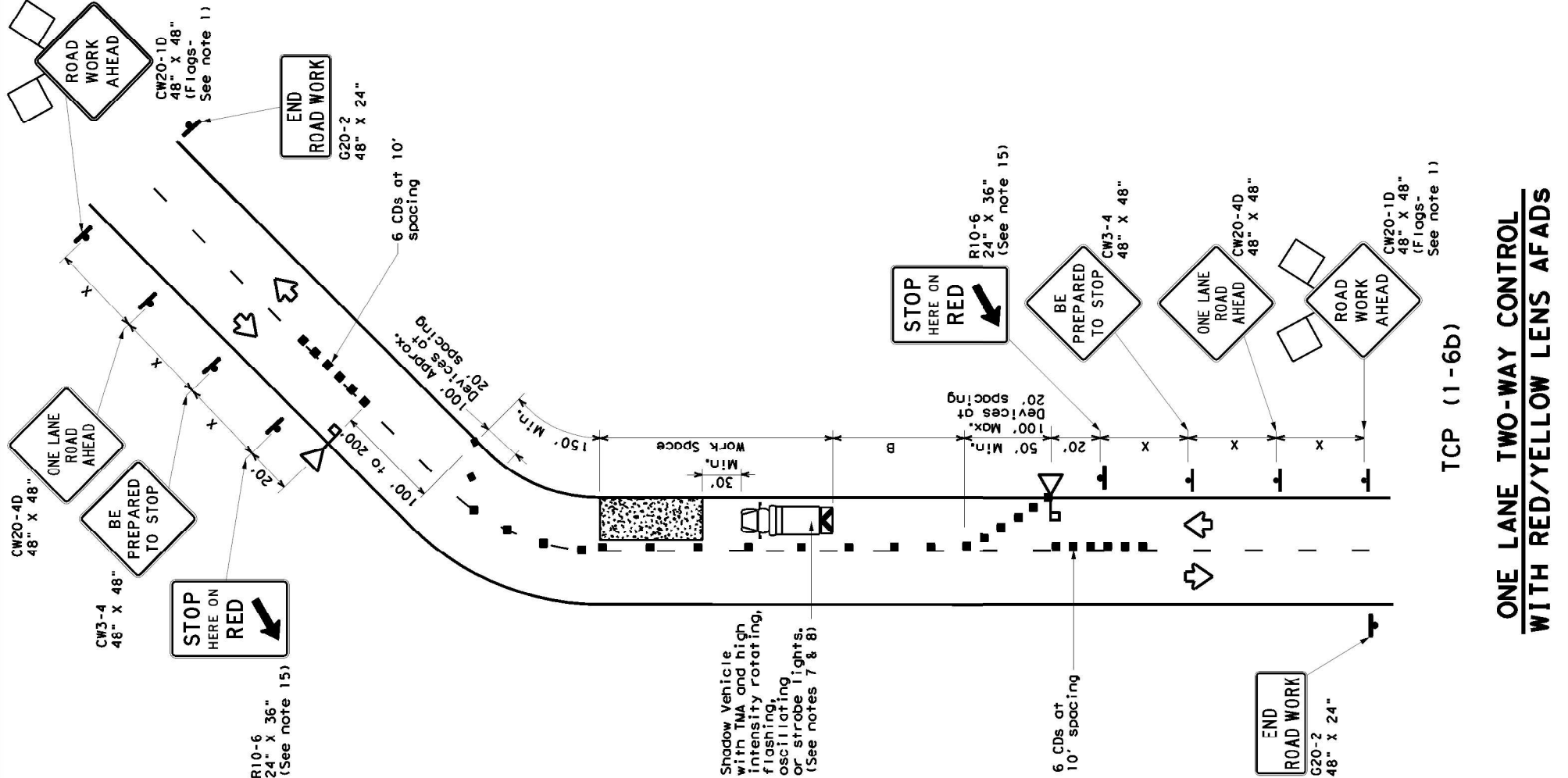
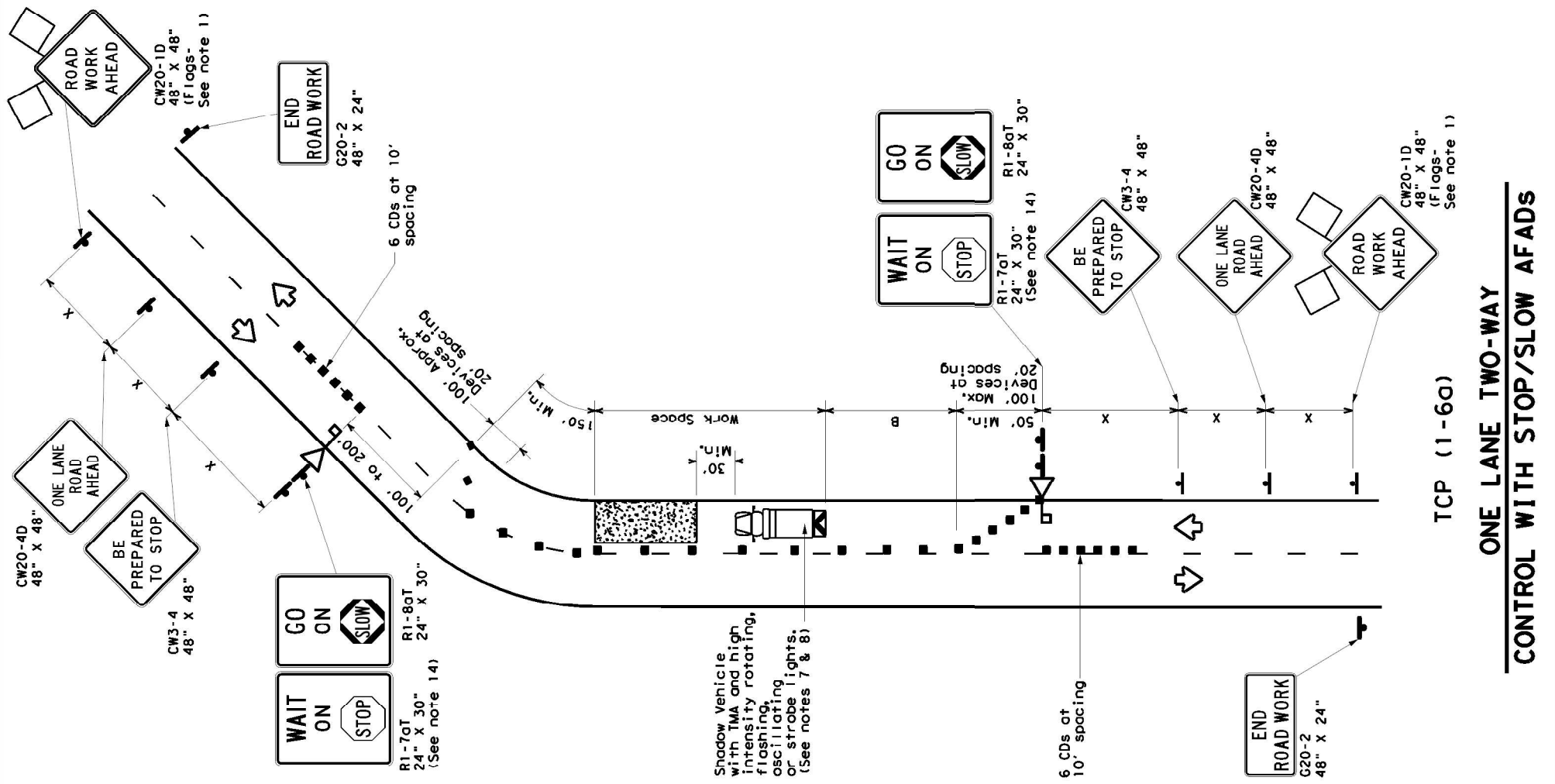
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LANE CLOSURES FOR
DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(1-5)-18

FILE: T01-5-18.dgn
 DNR: CKE
 JOB: IHO020
 SHEET NO: 21

REVISED: FEBRUARY 2012
 DIST: 6462 33 001
 COUNTY: COUNTY
 DALLAS KAUFMAN

DISCLAIMER:



LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD)		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X-X'		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffering Space 'B'	Stopping Sight Distance
		10' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	Tangent			
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	90'	200'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	120'	250'
40	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	155'	305'
45	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'	360'
50	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'	425'
55	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'	495'
60	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'	570'
65	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'	645'
70	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'	730'
75	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only
 ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L-Length of Taper (FT) W-Width of Offset (FT) S-Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓		

GENERAL NOTES

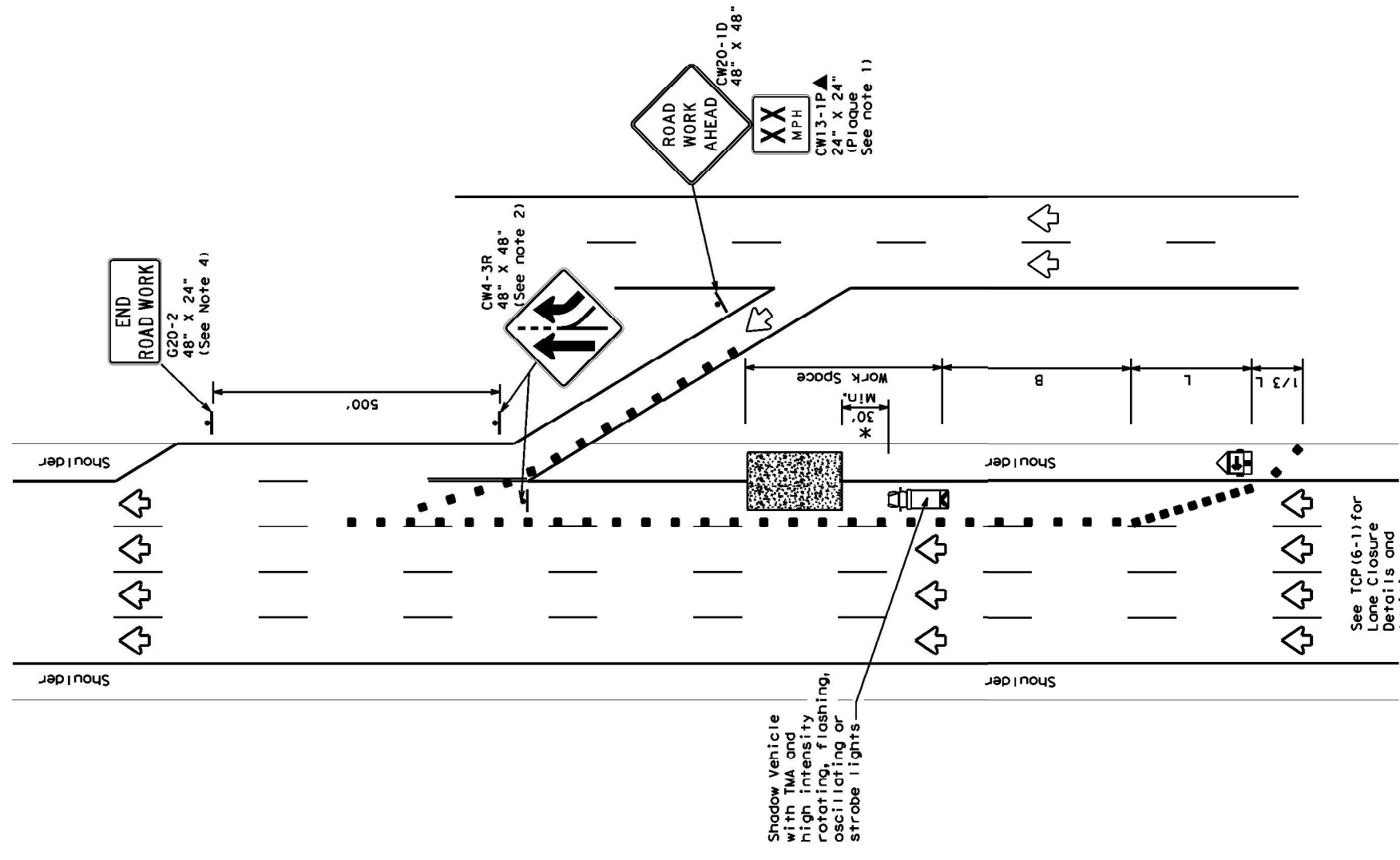
- Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
- Adequate stopping sight distance must be provided to each AFAD location for approaching traffic. (See table above).
- Each AFAD shall be operated by a qualified/certified flagger. Flaggers operating AFADs shall not leave them unattended while they are in use.
- One flagger may operate two AFADs only when the flagger has an unobstructed view of both AFADs and of the approaching traffic in both directions.
- When pilot cars are used, a flagger controlling traffic shall be located on each approach. AFADs shall not be operated by the pilot car operator.
- All AFADs shall be equipped with gate arms with an orange or fluorescent red-orange flag attached to the end of the gate arm. The flag shall be a minimum of 16" square.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the AFAD.
- Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- The R1-7aT "WAIT ON STOP" sign and the R1-8aT "GO ON SLOW" sign shall be installed at the AFAD location on separate supports or they may be fabricated as one 48" x 30" sign. They shall not obscure the face of the STOP/SLOW AFAD.
- The R10-6 "STOP HERE ON RED" arrow sign shall be offset so as not to obscure the lenses of the AFAD.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 AUTOMATED FLAGGER
 ASSISTANCE DEVICES
 (AFADS)**

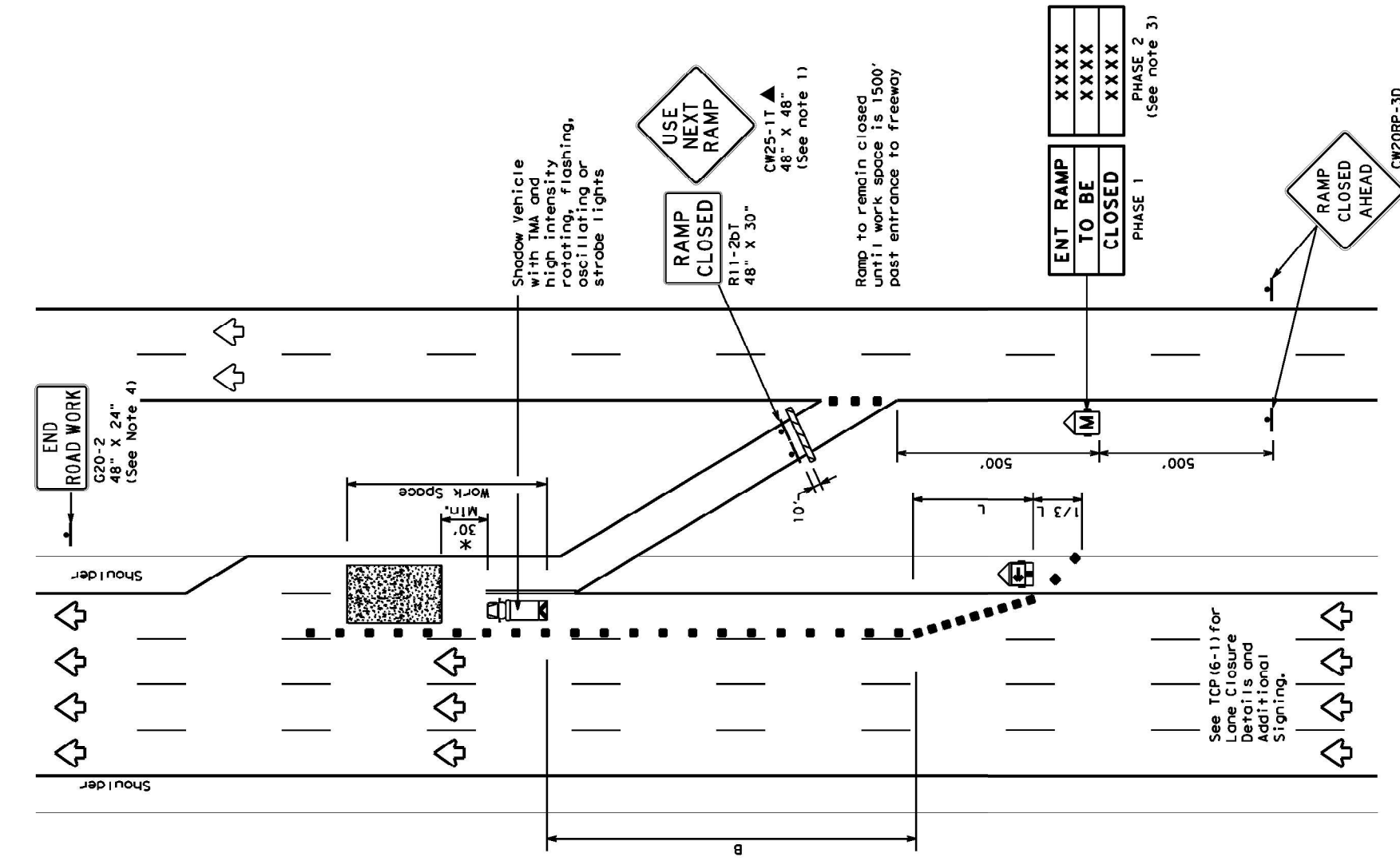
TCP (1-6) - 18

FILE: Tcp1-6-18.dgn
 DATE: FEBRUARY 2012
 JOB: 6462 33
 COUNTY: 001
 DIST: IHO020
 SHEET NO.: 2-18
 DALLAS: KAUFMAN
 22



TCP (6-2a)

**ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN
 WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP**



TCP (6-2b)

ENTRANCE RAMP CLOSED

LEGEND

Type 3 Barricade	Channelizing Devices
Heavy Work Vehicle	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
Sign	Traffic Flow
Flag	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		Off	On	Off	On	
45	L = WS	10'	11'	12'	90'	195'
50		450'	495'	540'	45'	240'
55		500'	550'	600'	50'	295'
60		550'	605'	660'	55'	350'
65	600'	660'	720'	60'	410'	410'
70	650'	715'	780'	65'	475'	475'
75	700'	770'	840'	70'	540'	540'
80	750'	825'	900'	75'	615'	615'
85	800'	880'	960'	80'		

**Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
✓	✓	✓		✓

- GENERAL NOTES**
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
 - ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between ramp and mainline can be seen from both roadways.
 - See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
 - The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

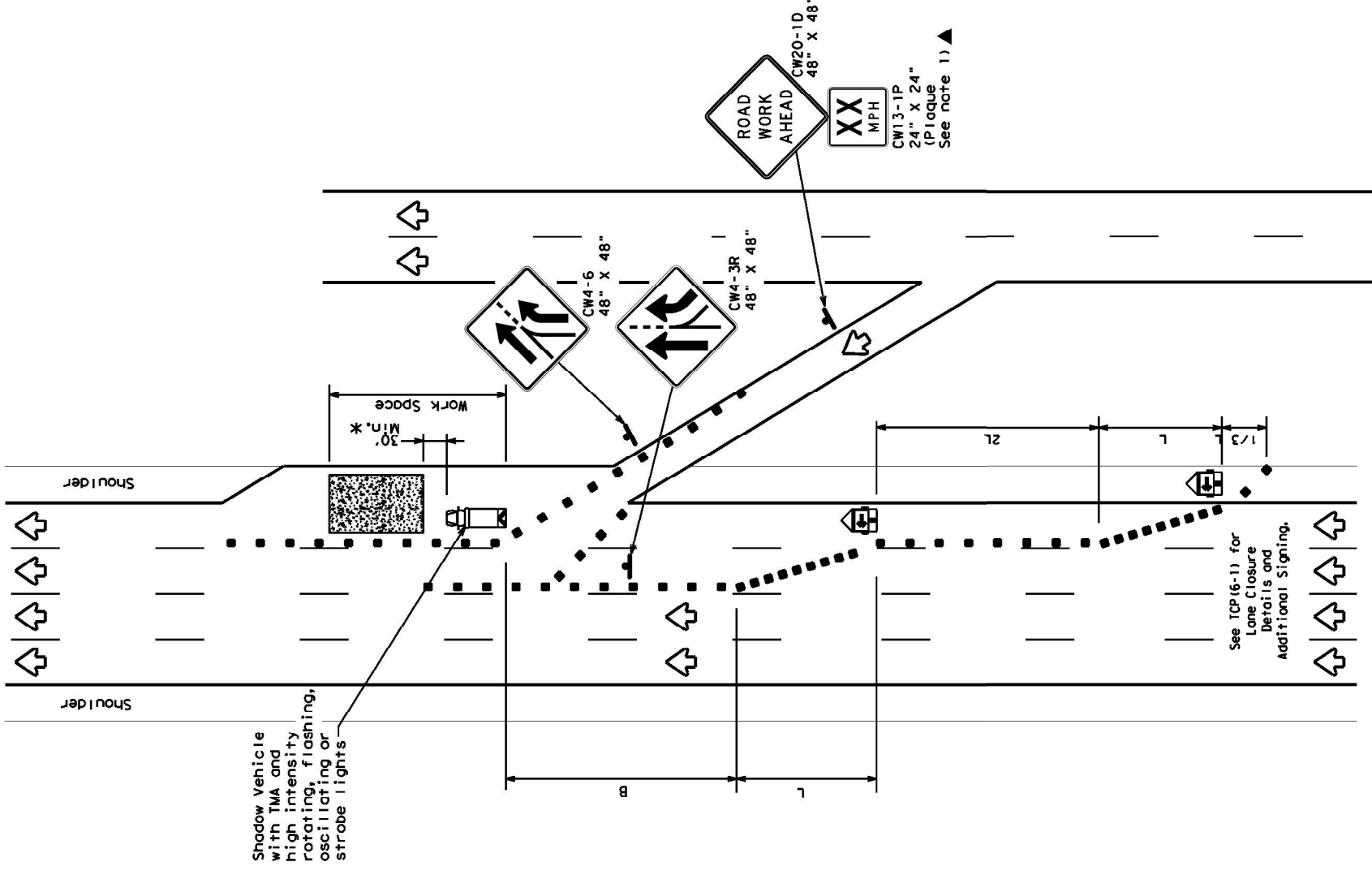
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
 Traffic Operations Division Standard

**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 WORK AREA NEAR RAMP**

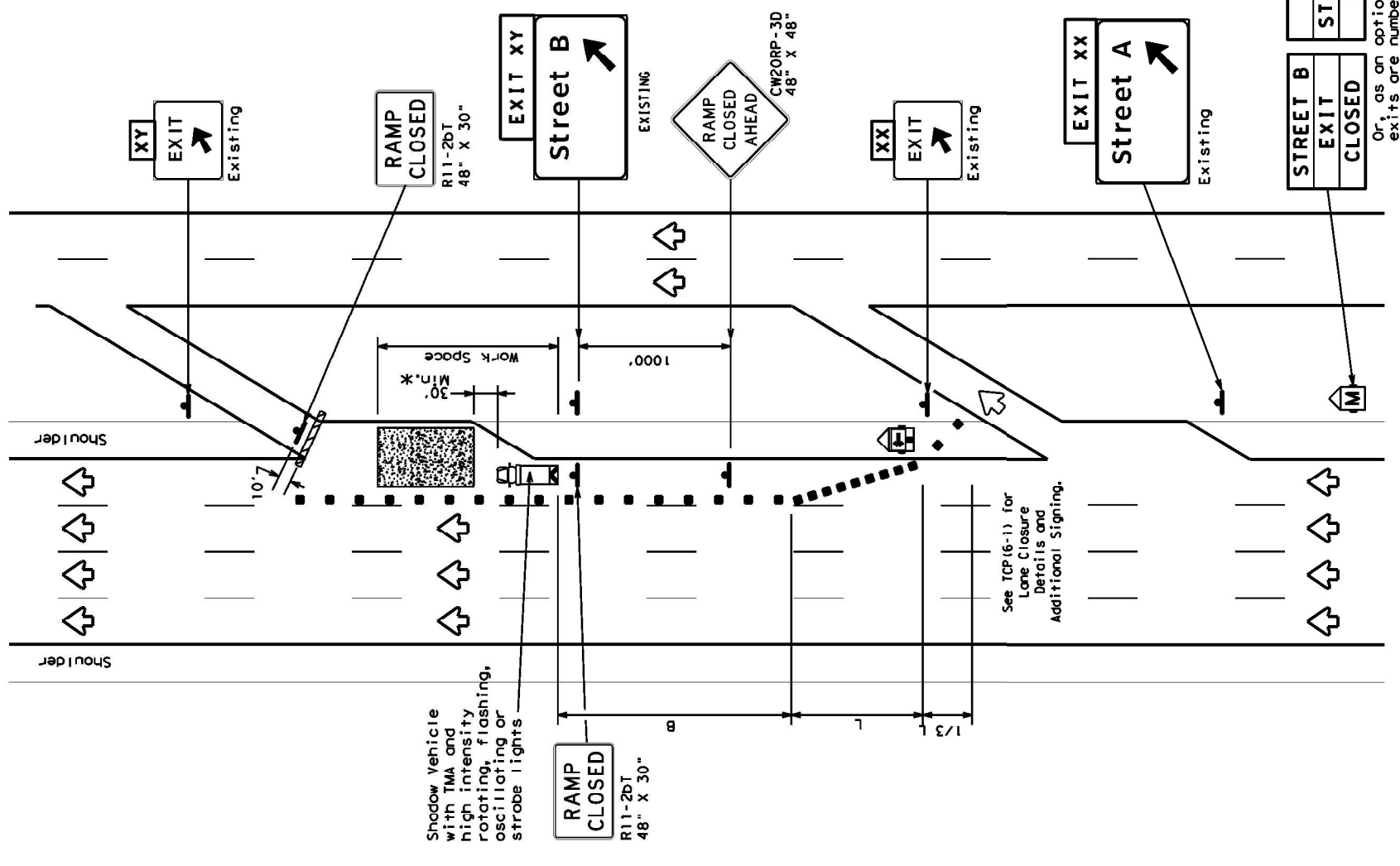
TCP (6-2) - 12

FILE:	Top6-2.dgn	DW:	TxDOT	CHK:	TxDOT	CHK:	TxDOT
DATE:	February 1994	CHG:	SEC:	JOB:	HIGHWAY:	IHO020	
REV:	1-97 8-98	REV:	6462 33	001	COUNTY:	DAL	
REV:	4-98 8-12	REV:			DIST:	KAUFMAN	
						SHEET NO.:	25



TCP (6-3a)

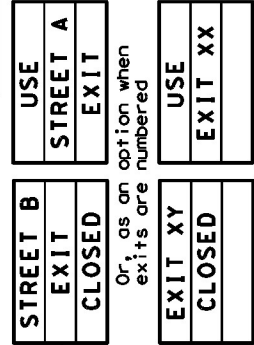
ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN



TCP (6-3b)

EXIT RAMP CLOSED

TRAFFIC EXITS PRIOR TO CLOSED RAMP



Place 1 mile (approx.) in advance of Street A exit.

LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"	
	10'	11' 12'	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
45	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	195'
50	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	295'
60	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350'
65	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	410'
70	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	475'
75	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	540'
80	800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

**Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		✓

GENERAL NOTES:

1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

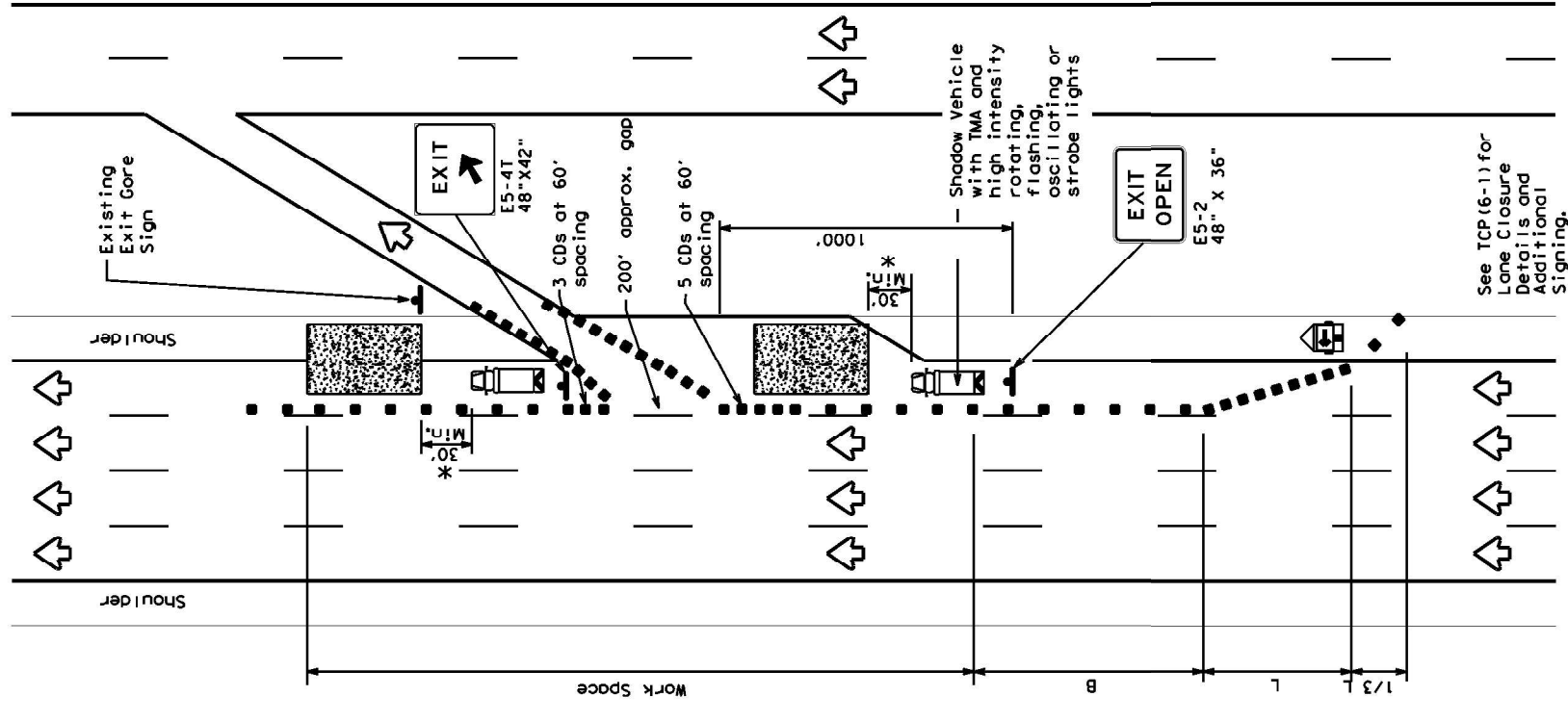
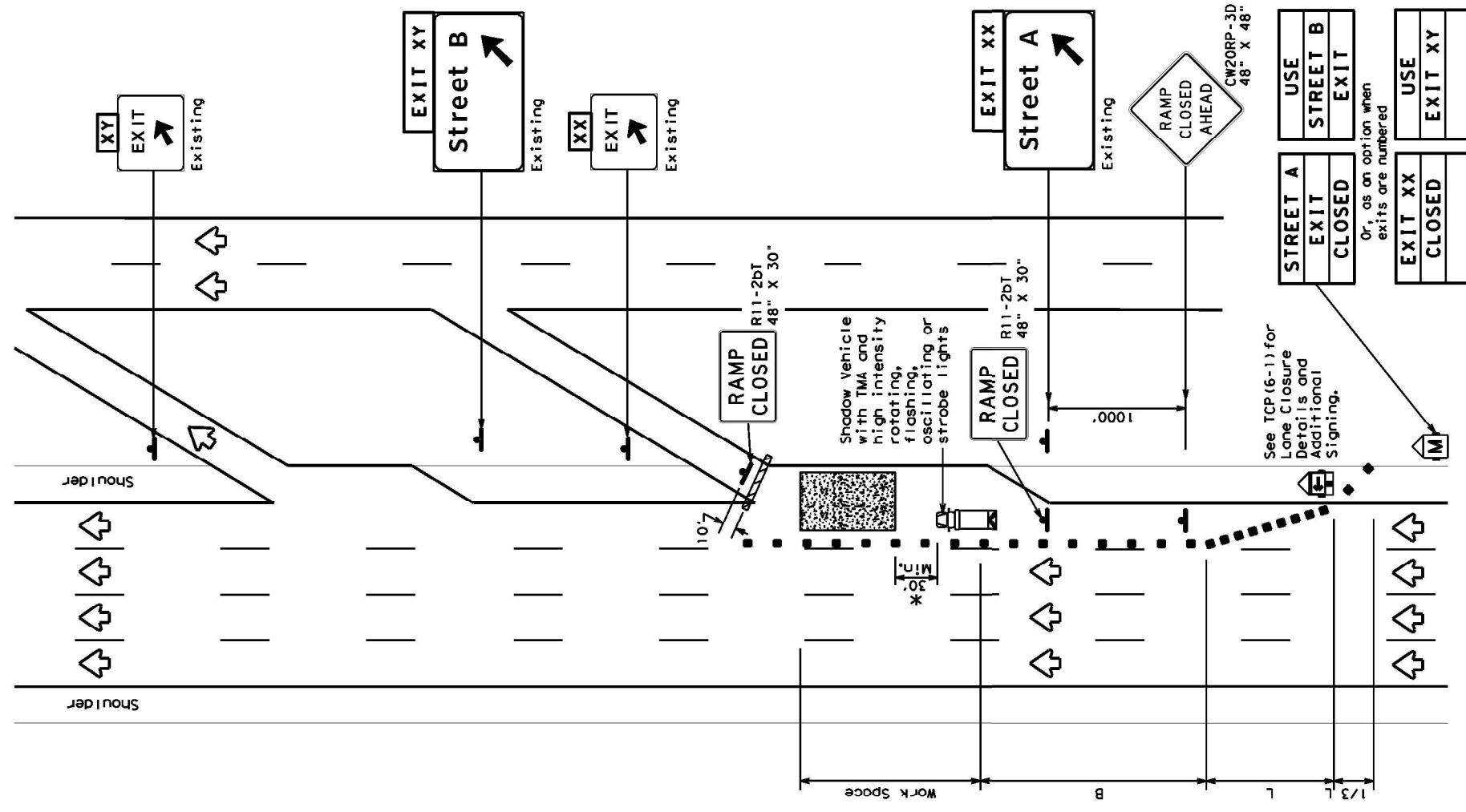
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



**TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
 WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP**

TCP (6-3) - 12

FILE: -cp6-3.dgn	DW: TxDOT	CHK: TxDOT	CHK: TxDOT
© TxDOT	FEEDBACK: 1994	CONT: SECT	JOB: IHO020
1-97 8-98	REVISIONS: 6462 33	001	COUNTY: HOOVER
4-98 8-12	DIST: DAL	COUNTY: KAUFMAN	SHEET NO: 26



LEGEND

	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign		Traffic Flow
	Flag		Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L"		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
		Offset	Taper		
45	L = WS	10'	11'	On a Tangent	195'
50		11'	12'	On a Tangent	240'
55	450'	495'	540'	45'	90'
60	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'
65	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'
70	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'
75	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'
80	700'	770'	840'	70'	140'
	750'	825'	900'	75'	150'
	800'	880'	960'	80'	160'
					615'

**Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE

MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		✓

GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- See BC Standards for sign details.

*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) - 12

FILE: T:\KAUROCK\KAMANT\6462-33-001 Ditch Maintenance, Driftwood Removal, of MBT Transfer and Transfer for 95-41-01 incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.	DW: TxDOT	CHK: TxDOT	DRW: TxDOT	CHK: TxDOT
DATE: 12/6/2023 7:49:49 AM	REVISED: FEBRUARY 1994	JOB: 6462 33	001	IHO020
	DIST: DAL	COUNTY: KAUFMAN	SHEET NO: 27	