STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STA	STATE DIST			COUNTY			
TE>	(AS	AUS	TR	AVIS,	ETC.		
CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		YAWH		
6453	45	00	1	TH35	FTC		

PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY BRIDGE PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

PROJECT NUMBER 6453-45-001

FINAL PLANS

THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS:

P.E. DATE

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

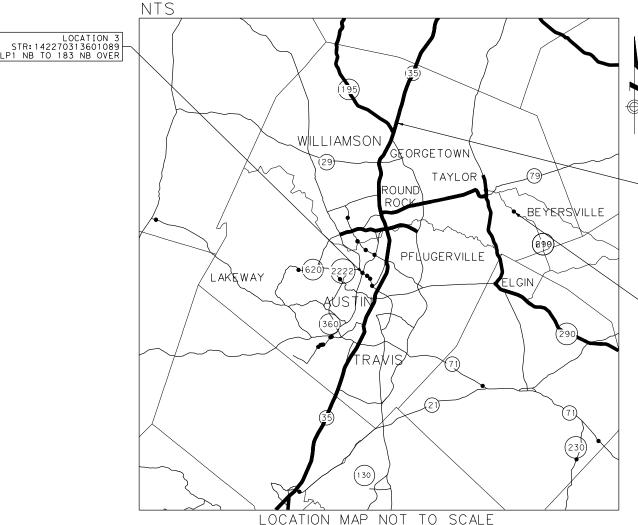
LOCATION 2 -STR: 142460001508231 IH 35 OVER FM 972

LOCATION 1 STR:142460098601016 FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF

> ICERTIFY THAT THIS PROJECT WAS CONSTRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH THE FINAL AS-BUILT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

TRAVIS, ETC. IH 35, ETC. IS IN TRAVIS & WILLIA OF CLEANING & SEAL

LIMITS: VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN TRAVIS & WILLIAMSON COUNTIES
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CLEANING & SEALING JOINTS, BEARING PAD
REPLACEMENT, SPALL REPAIR, SUBSTRUCTURE SURFACE WATERPROOFING,
CRACK REPAIR AND SCOUR PROTECTION



OCATION MAP NOT TO SCALE EXCEPTIONS: N/A

EQUATIONS: N/A R.R. CROSSINGS: N/A RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

1/25/2024

— DocuSigned by: Gisel Carrasco

AUSTIN DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

Texas Department of Transportation

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

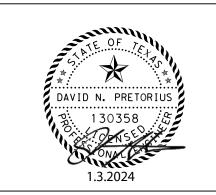
SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

Docusioned by:

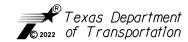
ARE ASSENCIMEER

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS, SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, MAY, 2012).

```
1 TITLE SHEET
     2 INDEX OF SHEETS
3A - 3E GENERAL NOTES
     4 ESTIMATE SHEET
     5 ESTIMATED QUANTITIES
     6 FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF - BRIDGE LAYOUT
          FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF - REPAIR DETAILS
        IH 35 OVER FM 972 - BRIDGE LAYOUT
     9 LP 1 NB TO 183 NB - BRIDGE LAYOUT
    10 SPALL REPAIR DETAILS
    11 CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS (SHEET 1 OF 2)
    12 CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS (SHEET 2 OF 2)
13 PAINTING STRUCTURE NUMBERS (PSN-19 (AUS))
    14 STONE RIPRAP (SRR) (SHEET 1 OF 2)
    15 STONE RIPRAP (SRR) (SHEET 2 OF 2)
    16 FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF - TCP NARRATIVE & QUANTITIES
         FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF - DETOUR
    17
    18 IH 35 OVER FM 972 - TCP NARRATIVE & QUANTITIES
    19 LP 1 NB TO 183 NB - TCP NARRATIVE & QUANTITIES
    20 LP 1 NB TO 183 NB - DETOUR
   21 BC (1) - 21
22 BC (2) - 21
23 BC (3) - 21
    24 BC (4) - 21
   25 BC (5) - 21
26 BC (6) - 21
27 BC (7) - 21
    28 BC (8) - 21
    29 BC (9) - 21
    30 BC (10) - 21
31 BC (11) - 21
    32 BC (12) - 21
    33 WZ (RCD) - 13
    34 TCP (1-5) - 18
```



LJA Engineering, Inc.



INDEX OF SHEETS

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJE	HIGHWAY NO.	
				IH35, ETC.
GNED: DNP	STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
KED: WO	TEXAS	AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
IN: MS	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	2
KED: DNP	6453	45	001	

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3 County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

GENERAL NOTES:

GENERAL

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Georgetown
Georgetown
North Austin
North Austin

Jason.Hudson@txdot.gov

John.Peters@txdot.gov

Matthew.Kelly@txdot.gov

kevin.mackan@txdot.gov

Questions and requests for documents will be accepted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Written notice will be given to begin work on this project.

Work must begin within seven (7) calendar days after such notification. Time charges will begin when work begins regardless if it falls within seven (7) calendar days of the notification to begin work.

The contractor will have *Forty Two* (42) working days to complete all work under this contract.

Work under this contract shall consist of cleaning and sealing joints, bearing pad replacement, bearing pad repositioning, concrete spall repair, substructure surface waterproofing, concrete crack repair, and scour protection at various locations in Travis and Williamson Counties.

References to manufacturer's trade name or catalog numbers are for the purpose of identification only. Similar materials from other manufacturers are permitted if they are of equal quality, comply with the specifications for this project, and are approved.

If work is performed at Contractor's option, when inclement weather is impending, and the work is damaged by subsequent precipitation, the Contractor is responsible for all costs associated with replacing the work, if required.

The roadbed will be free of organic material prior to placing any section of the pavement structure.

General Notes Sheet 3A

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3
County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

Contact the supervisor for the passenger facility at Capital Metro and request the relocation of Capital Metro signs. Contact the supervisor at (512) 385-0190.

Equip all construction equipment used in roadway work with highly visible omnidirectional flashing warning lights.

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) Infrastructure may exist within the limits of this project and that the system must remain operational throughout construction. The exact location of ITS Infrastructure is not known. Contact the TxDOT Area Engineer's or Inspection Team's Office for the location(s) at least 48 hours before commencing any work that might affect present ITS Infrastructure. Use caution if working in these areas to avoid damaging or interfering with existing facilities. Repair any damage to this system within 8 hours of occurrence at no cost to the Department. In the event of system damage, notify TxDOT/CTECC at (512) 974-0883 within one hour of occurrence. Failure of the Contractor to repair damage to any infrastructure that conveys any corridor information to TxDOT/CTECC will result in the Contractor being billed for the full cost of emergency repairs.

Provide a smooth, clean sawcut along the existing asphalt (or concrete) pavement structure, as directed. Consider subsidiary to the pertinent Items.

Use a self-contained vacuum broom to sweep the roadway and keep it free of sediment as directed. The contractor will be responsible for any sweeping above and beyond the normal maintenance required to keep fugitive sediment off the roadway as directed by the Engineer.

Damage to existing pipes and SET's due to Contractor operations will be repaired at Contractor's expense.

The Contractor is responsible for any damage done to the existing utilities while working on this project. The Contractor is responsible for reporting the damage to the utility company as soon as possible.

All locations used for storing construction equipment, materials, and stockpiles of any type, within the right of way, will be as directed. Use of right of way for these purposes will be restricted to those locations where driver sight distance to businesses and side street intersections is not obstructed and at other locations where an unsightly appearance will not exist. The Contractor will not have exclusive use of right of way but will cooperate in the use of the right of way with the city/county and various public utility companies as required.

Each contract is considered separate and individual from others. Requirements to complete work on any or all contracts may occur at the same time. If requests are issued at the same time, it is expected that the work will be completed in the time frame allowed.

Coordinate and obtain approval for all bridgework over existing roadways.

General Notes Sheet 3B

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3A County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

Bridge Vertical Clearance and Traffic Handling.

Notify TxDOT project staff and the local bridge engineer 10 business days prior to the following: change in vertical clearance, placing beams/girders over traffic, opening or removing traffic from a bridge or portion of a bridge, and completion of bridge work. This requirement includes bridge class culverts. Provide vertical clearance for all structures (including signal mast arms, span wires, and overhead sign bridge structures) within the project limit. Submit information and notices to local bridge engineer: AUS BRG Notify@txdot.gov.

During evacuation periods for Hurricane events the Contractor will cooperate with Department for the restricting of Lane Closures and arranging for Traffic Control to facilitate Coastal Evacuation Efforts.

ITEM 5 – CONTROL OF THE WORK

Place construction stakes at intervals of no more than 100 ft. This work is subsidiary.

Provide a 72-hour advance email notice to <u>AUS_Locate@TxDOT.gov</u> to request illumination, traffic signal, ITS, or toll equipment utility locates. Provide <u>AUS_Locate@TxDOT.gov</u> an electronic pdf of as-builts within 21 calendar days of illumination, traffic signal, ITS, or toll equipment being placed into operation. As-built shall include GPS coordinates of manholes and junction boxes. Include final version of RFI's and revised plan sheets.

Electronic Shop Drawing Submittals:

Submit electronic shop drawing submittals according to the current Guide to Electronic Shop Drawing Submittal https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/specifications/shop-drawings.html (TxDOT.gov Business > Resources - General > Shop Drawings). Pre-approved producers can be found online at TxDOT.gov > Business > Resources - Material Producer List. Use the following contact list for all submittals that are not required to be sent to Bridge Division and to copy the Engineer for all submittals to the Bridge Division.

Submittal Contact List

Georgetown Masoud.Moradian@txdot.gov AUS_GE-ShopReview@txdot.gov North Austin Matthew.Kelly@txdot.gov AUS NA-ShopReview@txdot.gov

ITEM 6 - CONTROL OF MATERIALS

The Contractor is responsible for furnishing all materials included in this contract. Materials provided by Contractor will be new unless otherwise shown on the plans or approved. The Contractor must receive approval from the Engineer prior to ordering materials for this contract.

The Contractor is required to have sufficient supply of material to complete repair work within the allotted time.

Give a minimum of 1 business day notice for materials, which require inspection at the Plant.

General Notes Sheet 3C

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3A County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

ITEM 7 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

TxDOT will coordinate with TDLR regarding pedestrian elements and sidewalks. The contractor will procure and provide all permits, licenses, and inspections; pay all charges, fees, and taxes regarding TDLR rules governing industrialized housing and buildings.

Roadway closures during key dates and/or special events are prohibited. See notes for Item 502 for the key dates and/or special events.

Refer to the Environmental Permits, Issues and Commitments (EPIC) plan sheets for additional requirements and permits.

When any abandoned well is encountered, cease construction operations in this area and notify the Engineer who will coordinate the proper plugging procedures. A water well driller licensed in the State of Texas must be used to plug a well.

Erosion control and stabilization measures must be initiated immediately in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily ceased and will not resume for a period exceeding 14 calendar days. Track all exposed soil, stockpiles, and slopes. Tracking consists of operating a tracked vehicle or equipment up and down the slope, leaving track marks perpendicular to the direction of the slope. Re-track slopes and stockpiles after each rain event or every 14 days, whichever occurs first. This work is subsidiary.

Perform maintenance of vehicles or equipment at designated maintenance sites. Keep a spill kit on-site during fueling and maintenance. This work is subsidiary.

Maintain positive drainage for permanent and temporary work for the duration of the project. Be responsible for any items associated with the temporary or interim drainage and all related maintenance. This work is subsidiary.

Suspend all activities near any significant recharge features, such as sinkholes, caves, or any other subterranean openings that are discovered during construction or core sampling. Do not proceed until the designated Geologist or TCEQ representative is present to evaluate and approve remedial action.

Locate aboveground storage tanks kept on-site for construction purposes in a contained area as to not allow any exposure to soils. The containment will be sized to capture 150% of the total capacity of the storage tanks.

PSL in Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Contributing Zone.

Obtain written approval from the Engineer for all on or off right of way PSLs not specifically addressed in the plans. Provide a signed SW3P sketch of the location 30 business days prior to use of the PSL. Include a list of materials, equipment and portable facilities that will be stored at the PSL.

General Notes Sheet 3D

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3B County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

PSL in USACE Jurisdictional Area.

Do not initiate activities in a PSL associated with a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) jurisdictional area that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. Such activities include, but are not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites. Associated defined here means materials are delivered to or from the PSL. The jurisdictional area includes all waters of the U.S. including wetlands or associated wetlands affected by activities associated with this project. Special restrictions may be required for such work. Consult with the USACE regarding activities, including PSLs that have not been previously evaluated by the USACE. Provide the Department with a copy of all USACE coordination and approvals before initiating activities.

Proceed with activities in PSLs that do not affect a USACE jurisdictional area if self-determination has been made that the PSL is non jurisdictional or proper clearances have been obtained in USACE jurisdictional areas or have been previously evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit review of this project. Document any determinations that PSL activities do not affect a USACE jurisdictional area. Maintain copies of PSL determinations for review by the Department or any regulatory agency. The Contractor must document and coordinate with the USACE, if required, before any excavation material hauled from or embankment material hauled into a USACE jurisdictional area by either (1) or (2) below.

- 1. **Restricted Use of Materials for the Previously Evaluated Permit Areas.** When an area within the project limits has been evaluated by the USACE as part of the permit process for this project:
 - a. suitable excavation of required material in the areas shown on the plans and cross sections as specified in Standard Specification Item 110, Excavation is used for permanent or temporary fill within a USACE jurisdictional area;
 - b. suitable embankment from within the USACE jurisdictional area is used as fill within a USACE evaluated area;
 - c. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation that is disposed of at an approved location within a USACE evaluated area.
- 2. Contractor Materials from Areas Other than Previously Evaluated Areas. Provide the Department with a copy of all USACE coordination and approvals before initiating any activities in a jurisdictional area within the project limits that has not been evaluated by the USACE or for any off right of way locations used for the following, but not limited to, haul roads, equipment staging areas, borrow and disposal sites:
 - a. Standard Specification Item 132, Embankment is used for temporary or permanent fill within a USACE jurisdictional area;
 - b. Unsuitable excavation or excess excavation that is disposed of outside a USACE evaluated area.

Work over or near Bodies of Water (Lakes, Rivers, Ponds, Creeks, etc.).

General Notes Sheet 3E

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3B County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

Keep on site a universal spill kit adequate for the body of water and the work being performed. Debris is not allowed to fall into the ordinary high-water level (OHWL). Debris that falls into the

OHWL must be removed at the end of each work day. Debris that falls into the floodway must be removed at the end of each work week or prior to a rain event. Install and maintain traffic control devices to maintain a navigable corridor for water traffic, except during bridge demo and beam placement. This work is subsidiary.

DSHS Asbestos and Demolition Notification.

Complete and provide the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) notification form to TxDOT and AUS_BRG_Notify@txdot.gov at least 30 calendar days prior to bridge removal or renovation. Notify the Engineer via email of any changes to the work start and end dates.

Migratory Birds and Bats.

Migratory birds and bats may be nesting within the project limits and concentrated on roadway structures such as bridges and culverts. Remove all old and unoccupied migratory bird nests from any structures, trees, etc. between September 16 and February 28. Prevent migratory birds from renesting between March 1 and September 15. Prevention shall include all areas within 25 ft. of proposed work. All methods used for the removal of old nesting areas and the prevention of renesting must be submitted to TxDOT 30 business days prior to begin work. This work is subsidiary.

If active nests are encountered on-site during construction, all construction activity within 25 ft. of the nest must stop. Contact the Engineer to determine how to proceed.

Law Enforcement Personnel.

Submit charge summary and invoices using the Department forms.

Patrol vehicles must be clearly marked to correspond with the officer's agency and equipped with appropriate lights to identify them as law enforcement. For patrol vehicles not owned by a law enforcement agency, markings will be retroreflective and legible from 100 ft. from both sides and the rear of the vehicle. Lights will be high intensity and visible from all angles.

No payment will be made for law enforcement personnel needed for moving equipment or payment for drive time to/from the event site. A minimum number of hours is not guaranteed. Payment is for work performed. If the Contractor has a field office, provide an office location for a supervisory officer when event requires a supervising officer. This work is subsidiary.

A maximum combined rate of \$70 per hour for the law enforcement personnel and the patrol vehicle will be allowed. Any scheduling fee is subsidiary per Standard Specification 502.4.2.

Cancel law enforcement personnel when the event is canceled. Cancellation, minimums or "show up" fees will not be paid when cancellation is made 12 hours prior to beginning of the

General Notes Sheet 3F

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3C County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

event. Failure to cancel within 12 hours will not be cause for payment for cancellation, minimums, or "show up" time. Payment of actual "show up" time to the event site due to cancellation will be on a case by case basis at a maximum of 2 hours per officer.

Alterations to the cancellation and maximum rate must be approved by the Engineer or predetermined by official policy of the officers governing authority.

ITEM 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Working days will be charged in accordance with 8.3.1.4, "Standard Workweek."

ITEM 100 - PREPARING RIGHT OF WAY

Prep ROW must not begin until accessible trees designated for preservation have been protected, items listed in the EPIC have been addressed, and SW3P controls installed in accessible areas.

Follow Item 752.4 Work Methods and Item 752 general notes when removing or working on or near trees and brush.

ITEM 420, 425, 441, & 462 - STRUCTURES

Bridge Vertical Clearance and Traffic Handling

Notify TxDOT project staff and the local bridge engineer 10 business days prior to the following: change in vertical clearance, placing beams/girders over traffic, opening or removing traffic from a bridge or portion of a bridge, and completion of bridge work. This requirement includes bridge class culverts. Provide vertical clearance for all structures (including signal mast arms, span wires, and overhead sign bridge structures)

within the project limit. Submit information and notices to local bridge engineer at AUS BRG Notify@txdot.gov.

ITEM 429 - CONCRETE STRUCTURE REPAIR

Refer to TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual (2021) for all concrete structure repair requirements and details.

ITEM 454 - BRIDGE EXPANSION JOINTS

For Header-Type Expansion Joints, go to the following TxDOT website for approved systems: https://www.txdot.gov/inside-txdot/division/bridge/approved-systems/expansion-joints.html

http://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdot-info/cmd/mpl/polyconc.pdf

ITEM 502 - BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

	<u>Table 1</u>	
Roadway	Limits	Allowable Closure Time
IH 35	All (1 lane closed)	9 P to 5 A
IH 35	All (2 lanes closed, see allowable work below)	9 P to 5 A

General Notes Sheet 3G

Sheet:3C Project Number: BPM 645345001 **County:** Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

IH 35 SH 45 LP 1 US 183	All (2 lanes closed, all work) US 183 to SH130 William Cannon to Parmer Lane SH 29 to FM 1327	11 P to 5 A 8 P to 5 A 8 P to 5 A 8 P to 5 A
SH 71 SH 71 SH 71 US 290 W US 290 E FM 734 US 79 RM 1431 SH 29 SH 80 RM 2222 RM 620 RM 2244 SPUR 69 LP 360 LP 343 LP 275 FM 1325 All	SH 130 to IH 35 SH 304 to Tahitian Drive US 290 W to RM 3238 IH 35 to Nutty Brown Rd IH 35 to SH 95 FM 1431 to US 290 E IH 35 to Bus 79 in Taylor Lohmans Ford Rd to IH 35 LP 332 western terminus to SH 130 Charles Austin to River Road All All All All All All All Within 200' of a signalized intersection	8 P to 5 A 8 P to 5 A
All	All (Full Closure, see allowable work below)	11 P to 4 A

For roadways without defined allowable closure times, nighttime lane closures will be allowed from 7 P to 6 A. Unless stated, daytime or Friday night lane closures will not be allowed and one lane in each direction will remain open at all times for all roadways.

Two lanes closed on IH 35 allowed to begin at 9 P for main lane (shoulder work not included) hotmix overlay or pavement repair operations (does not include bridge joint work).

Full closures only allowed Sunday Night thru Friday morning for bridge beam installation, bridge demolition, or OSB truss removal/installation. Full closures only allowed for roadways with frontage roads or if a designated detour route is provided in the plans.

No closures will be allowed on the weekends, working day prior, and working day after the National Holidays defined in the Standard Specifications, Good Friday, and Easter weekend. Closures the Sunday of the Super Bowl will not be allowed from 1 P to 11 P. No closures will be allowed on Friday and the weekends for projects within 20 miles of Formula 1 at COTA,

General Notes Sheet 3H Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3D County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

ACL Fest, SXSW, ROT Rally, UT home football games (includes games not on a Friday or weekend), sales tax holiday, Dell Match Play (includes Thursday) or other special events that

could be impacted by the construction. All lanes will be open by noon of the day before these special events.

To account for directional traffic volumes, begin and end times of closures may be shifted equally by the Engineer. The closure duration will remain. Added compensation is not allowed.

Submit an emailed request for a lane closure (LCN) to TxDOT. The email will be submitted in the format provided. Receive concurrence prior to implementation. Submit a cancellation of lane closures a minimum of 18 hours prior to implementation. Blanket requests for extended periods are not allowed. Max duration of a request is 2 weeks prior to requiring resubmittal. Provide 2-hour notice prior to implementation and immediately upon removal of the closure. For roadways listed in Table 1: Submit the request 96 hours prior to implementation.

For roadways not listed in Table 1: Submit the request a minimum of 48 hours prior to the closure and by the following deadline immediately prior to the closure: 11A on Tuesday or 11A on Friday.

For all roadways: Submit request for traffic detours and full roadway closures 168 hours prior to implementation. Submit request for nighttime work 96 hours to implementation date. Cancellations of accepted closures (not applicable to full closures or detours) due to weather will not require resubmission in accordance with the above restrictions if the work is completed during the next allowable closure time.

Closures that conflict with adjacent contractor will be prioritized according to critical path work per latest schedule. Conflicting critical path or non-critical work will be approved for first LCN submitted. Denial of a closure due to prioritization or other reasons will not be reason for time suspension, delay, overhead, etc.

Cover, relocate or remove existing signs that conflict with traffic control. Install all permanent signs, delineation, and object markers required for the operation of the roadway before opening to traffic. Use of temporary mounts is allowed or may be required until the permanent mounts are installed or not impacted by construction. Maintain the temporary mounts. This work is subsidiary.

Meet with the Engineer prior to lane closures to ensure that sufficient equipment, materials, devices, and workers will be used. Take immediate action to modify traffic control, if at any time the queue becomes greater than 20 minutes. Have a contingency plan of how modification will occur. Consider inclement weather prior to implementing the lane closures. Do not set up traffic control when the pavement is wet.

Place a 28-inch cone, meeting requirements of BC (10), on top of foundations that have protruding studs. This work is subsidiary.

General Notes Sheet 3I

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3D County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

Edge condition treatment types must be in accordance with the TxDOT standard. Installation and removal of a safety slope is subsidiary.

To determine a speed limit or an advisory speed limit, submit a request to TxDOT 60 business days prior to manufacture of the sign.

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

One-way Traffic Control will be subsidiary.

ITEM 600s & 6000s – ITS, LIGHTING, SIGNING, MARKINGS, AND SIGNALS

Meet the requirements of the NEC, Texas MUTCD, TxDOT standards, and TxDOT Standard Specifications. Notify the Engineer if existing elements to remain do not meet code or specification.

Contractor shall provide all service, equipment and material required to provide a functional item and interface with existing equipment and software.

For signal shop contact Charles Vaughn Jr (<u>Charles.Vaughn@txdot.gov</u>) and Douglas Turner (<u>Douglas.L.Turner@txdot.gov</u>).

Use the TxDOT provided form to submit an electrical, illumination, and signal checklist prior to request for signal activation or a punch list.

Provide a 7 day advance email notice to the Engineer to request illumination or traffic signal punch list inspection.

Provide a 14 day advance email notice to the Engineer with signal technician contact information and signal locations prior to working or assuming operations of illumination or traffic signal.

Provide a 60 day advance email notice to the Engineer to request signal timing if timing is not provided in the plans.

Provide a 180 day advance email notice to the Engineer for equipment to be provided by TxDOT.

General Notes Sheet 3J

Project Number: BPM 645345001 Sheet:3E County: Travis, ETC. Control: 6453-45-001

Highway: IH 35, ETC.

Prior to relief of maintenance, a Test Period is required for signals and ITS equipment in accordance with Item 680.3.1.8. Response time to reported trouble calls shall be less than 2 hours. Complete repairs within 24 hours. Notify the Engineer and maintain a logbook in the

controller cabinet of each trouble call. Do not clear the error log in the conflict monitor without approval.

Maintain the existing ITS equipment and HUB buildings operational during construction. ITS downtime is allowed from 12A to 4A. Downtime is restricted to one time per HUB or equipment.

Definitions of abbreviations used to designate ITS equipment, material, etc. can be provided by the Engineer.

ITEM 6001 – PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Provide 2 PCMS. Provide a replacement within 12 hours. PCMS will be available for traffic control, event notices, roadway conditions, service announcements, etc.

Place PCMS 10 calendar days prior to begin work stating, "Road Work Begin Soon, Contact 832-7000 For Info".

Place PCMS at time of LCN request. Place the PCMS at the expected end of queue caused by the closure. When the closure is active, revise the message to reflect the actual condition during the closure, such as "RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT".

ITEM 6185 – TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR

The TMA/TA used for installation/removal of traffic control for a work area will be subsidiary to the TMA/TA used to perform the work.

The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMA/TA required for the work. TMA/TAs paid by the day is full compensation for all worksite locations during an entire day.

TMA/TAs used to protect damaged attenuators will be paid by the day using the force account item for the repair.

ITEM 7052 – LANE CLOSURES

Payment for lane closure hourly maintenance will be considered subsidiary to the bid item.

General Notes Sheet 3K

	ESTIMATE SUMMARY												
CONT 14-246-0-0	TROL 986-01-016		TROL 0015-08-231		TROL 3136-01-089			ITEM CODE		DESCRIPTION	UNIT	TOTAL	
EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	EST.	FINAL	ALT	ITEM CODE	DESC CODE	SP NO			EST	FINAL
2.0							401	6001		FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	2.0	
		363.0					428	6001		PENETRATING CONCRETE SURFACE TREATMENT	SY	363.0	
		7.4					429	6007		CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	7.4	
13.0							432	6032		RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (15 IN)	CY	13.0	
		456.0					438	6004		CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINTS (CL7)	LF	456.0	\top
1							500	6001		MOBILIZATION	LS	1.0	\top
1							502	6025		BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	EA	1.0	\top
24							780	6002		CONC CRACK REPAIR (DISCRETE INJECT)	LF	24.0	\top
		5					788	6001		CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR	EA	5.0	\top
2				1			4002	6001		REPLACE ELASTOMERIC BEARING PADS	EA	3.0	\top
		4		2			6185	6002		TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	6.0	
				2			6001	6002		PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	2.0	
		6					7052	6046		LANE CLOSURE (SETUP AND REMOV) (TY 5)	EA	6.0	
				1			7052	6050		LANE CLOSURE (SETUP AND REMOV) (TY 9)	EA	1.0	



LJA Engineering, Inc.



ESTIMATE SHEET

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJE	HIGHWAY NO.		
					IH35, ETC.
GNED: DNP	STATE		STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CKED: WO	TEXA	45	AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
VN: MS	CONT.		SECT.	JOB	1
CKED: DNP	645	3	45	001	4

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES										
				STRUCTURE	STRUCTURE	STRUCTURE				
				14-246-0-0986-01-016	14-246-0-0015-08-231	14-227-0-3136-01-089				
				WILLIAMSON	WILLIAMSON	TRAVIS				
		PROJECT 6453-45-001		FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF	IH 35 OVER FM 972	LP 1 NB TO 183 NB	PROJECT TOTALS			
ITEM	CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITIES	QUANTITIES	QUANTITIES	QUANTITIES			
401	6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	2.0			2.0			
428	6001	PENETRATING CONCRETE SURFACE TREATMENT	SY		363.0		363.0			
429	6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF		7.4		7.4			
432	6032	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (15 IN)	CY	13.0			13.0			
438	6004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINTS (CL7)	LF		456.0		456.0			
500	6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1			1			
502	6025	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	EA	1			1			
780	6002	CONC CRACK REPAIR (DISCRETE INJECT)	LF	24.0			24.0			
788	6001	CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR	EA		5		5			
4002	6001	REPLACE ELASTOMERIC BEARING PADS	EA	2		1	3			
6185	6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY		4	2	6			
6001	6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA			2	2			
7052	6046	LANE CLOSURE (SETUP AND REMOV) (TY 5)	EΑ		6		6			
7052	6050	LANE CLOSURE (SETUP AND REMOV) (TY 9)	EA			1	1			

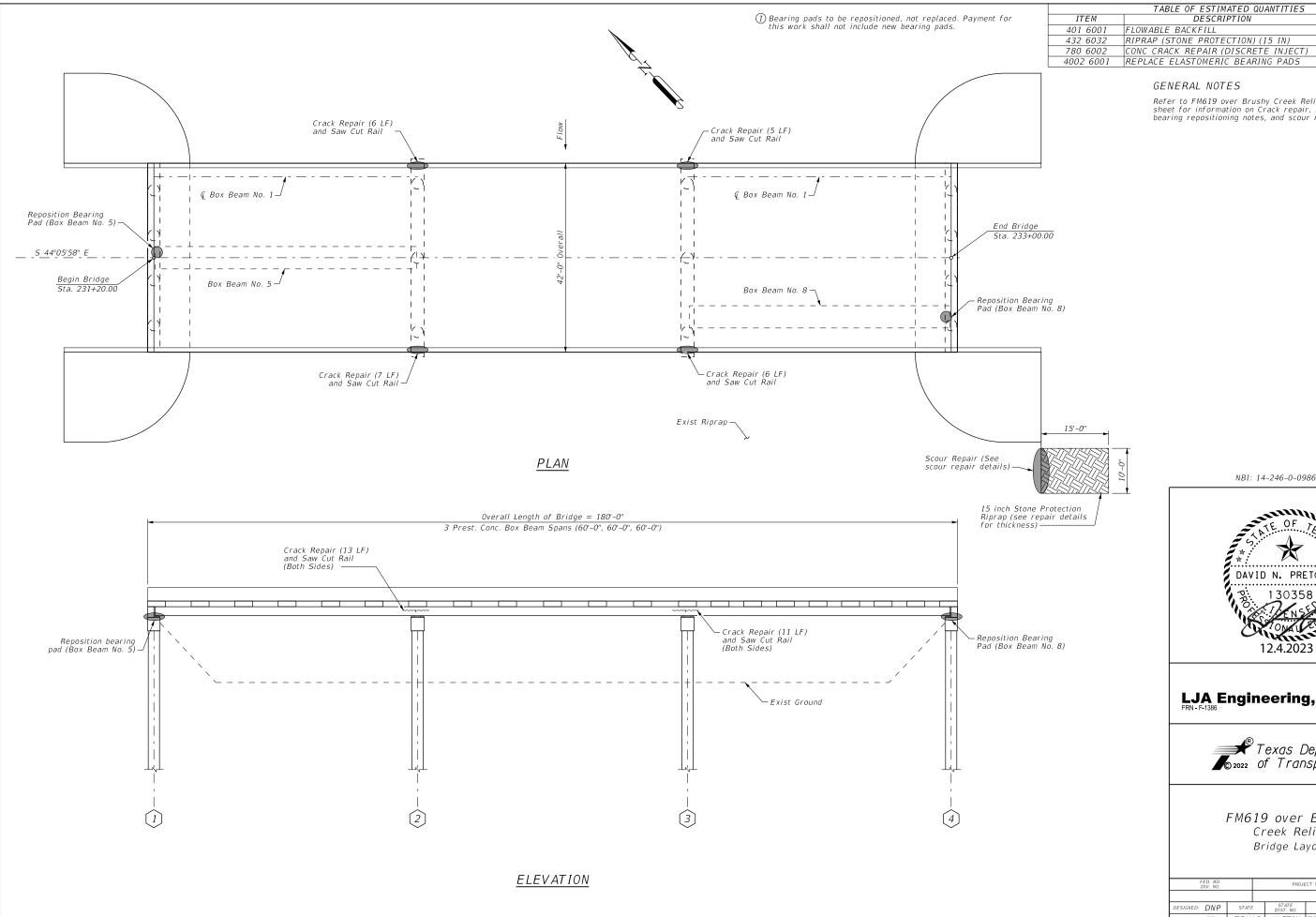


LJA Engineering, Inc. 234



ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

		PROJE	HIGHWAY NO.	
				IH35, ETC.
STATE		STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXA	45	AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	5
645.	3	45	001	ا د
	ТЕХА	STATE TEXAS CONT. 6453	STATE STATE DIST. NO. TEXAS AUSTIN CONT. SECT.	TEXAS AUSTIN TRAVIS, ETC. CONT. SECT. JOB



GENERAL NOTES

Refer to FM619 over Brushy Creek Relief - Repair Details sheet for information on Crack repair, saw cut details, bearing repositioning notes, and scour repair.

QUANTITY UNIT

13.0

24.0

CY

CY

LF

EΑ

NBI: 14-246-0-0986-01-016

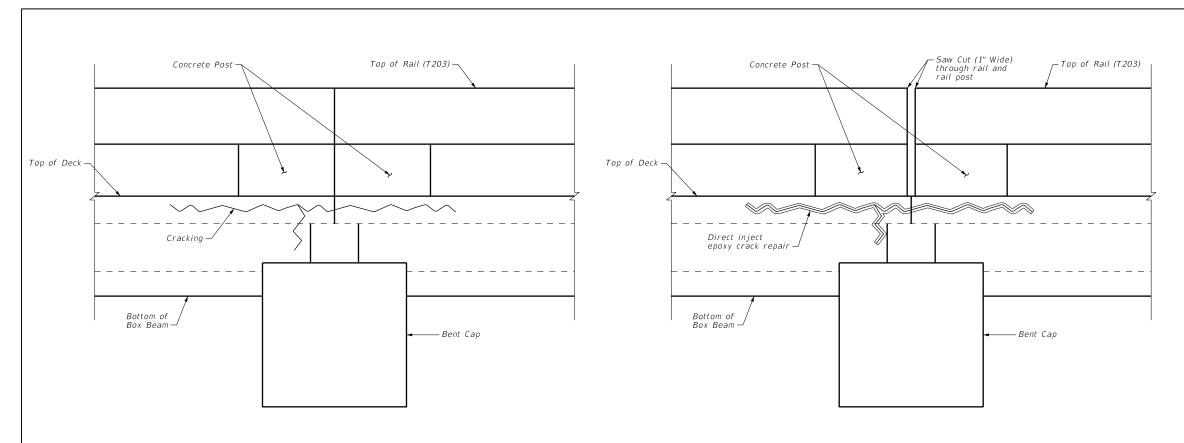


LJA Engineering, Inc. LJA



FM619 over Brushy Creek Relief Bridge Layout

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJE	HIGHWAY NO.		
				IH35, ETC.	
DESIGNED: DNP	STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
CHECKED: CTH	TEXAS	S AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.		
DRAWN: GZ	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	6	
CHECKED: DNP	6453	45	001	6	



GENERAL NOTES:

Refer to the TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual 2021 for additional guidance with crack

Refer to Item 401 for Flowable Fill.

Refer to Item 432 for Riprap.

Payment for Saw Cut in rail shall be subsidiary to other concrete repair work (Crack Repair).

PROPOSED CONDITION

(All Bent Locations)

BEARING PAD REPOSITIONING NOTES:

1. All work and materials for bearing pad repositioning must be performed and paid for in accordance with Special Specification 4002, "Elastomeric Bearing Pads."

2. Submit lifting plans and calculations to the Engineer for approval. Design lifting device and supports for live load and dead load with appropriate load factors in accordance with Item 495, "Raising Existing Structures". Unfactored loads are as follows:

Span 1 - Beam 5:

DL = 40 kip under beam end
LL = 121 kip under beam end
Span 3 - Beam 8:

DL = 45 kip under beam end

DL = 45 kip under beam end LL = 121 kip under beam end (including impact)

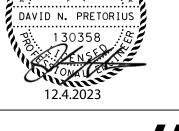
- 3. Limit lifting to 1/2" maximum to allow for pad repositioning.
- 4. Supporting falsework on existing bent caps is permitted following requirements of Note 2 above.
- 5. Reposition the bearing pads and lower beams back onto pads. Ensure that bearing pads compress when jacking force is removed. If load is not transferred as intended, place steel shims under pad or use epoxy injection or grout mixture as specified in Article 784.4.3 to properly engage bearing pad and transfer load.
- 6. Raise the existing span in accordance with Item 495 "Raising Existing Structures."

Live load may be permitted on the bridge during jacking if the following requirements are met:

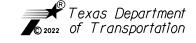
- 1. Signed and Sealed lifting plans indicate lift can be done under live load.
- 2. During the lift (or just after), secure the structure on cribbing or temporary supports while performing the bearing reposition. Under no circumstances should the existing bearing pad be removed or repositioned while the bridge load is solely supported on jacks.
- 3. Contractor is responsible for all activity regardless of allowance.

TE OF NO. TE OF TE

NBI: 14-246-0-0986-01-016



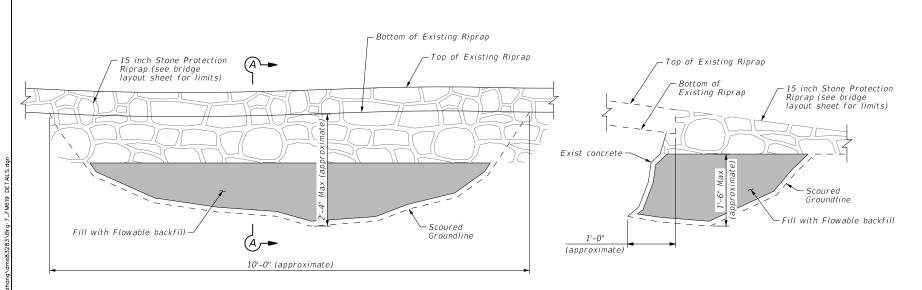
LJA Engineering, Inc.



FM619 over Brushy Creek Relief Repair Details

IH35, ETC. IH36, ETC. IH46,	FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJE	HIGHWAY NO.	
SECRED: DNP STATE OIST, NO. COUNTY SHEET NO. JECKED: CTH TEXAS AUSTIN TRAVIS, ETC. SAWN: GZ CONT. SECT. JOB 7					IH35, ETC.
RAWN: GZ CONT. SECT. JOB 7	SIGNED: DNP	STATE		COUNTY	SHEET NO.
/ /	HECKED: CTH	TEXA	AS AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
BND C453 45 001	RAWN: GZ	CONT.	SECT.	J0B	7
GECKED: DNP 6453 45 001	HECKED: DNP	6453	3 45	001	/

CRACK REPAIR DETAILS



EXISTING CONDITION

(All Bent Locations)

ELEVATION SECTION A-A

SCOUR REPAIR DETAILS

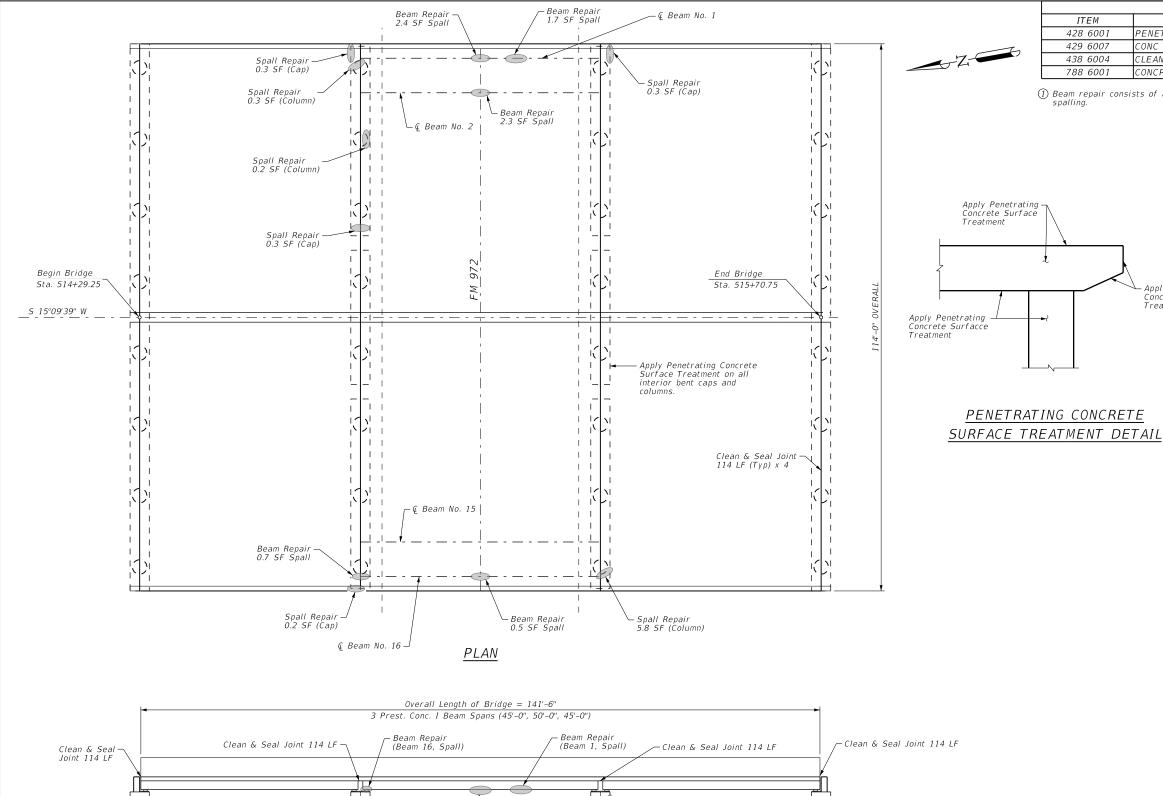


TABLE OF ESTIMATED QUANTITIES								
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT					
428 6001	PENETRATING CONCRETE SURFACE TREATMENT	363.0	SY					
429 6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	7.4	SF					
438 6004	CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINTS(CL7)	456.0	LF					
788 6001	CONCRETE BEAM REPAIR	① 5	EΑ					

① Beam repair consists of approximately 7.6 SF of concrete spalling.

Concrete Surface Treatment

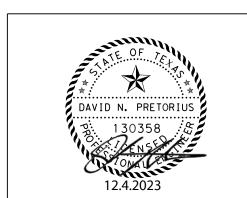
GENERAL NOTES

Refer to the Spall Repair Details sheet for spall and beam repair details.

Refer to Header Joint with Silicone Seal detail on Cleaning and Sealing Existing Bridge Joints sheets.

Refer to Item 428 for Penetrating Concrete Surface Treatment. Apply treatment after cap spalls have been repaired.

NBI: 14-246-0-0015-08-231



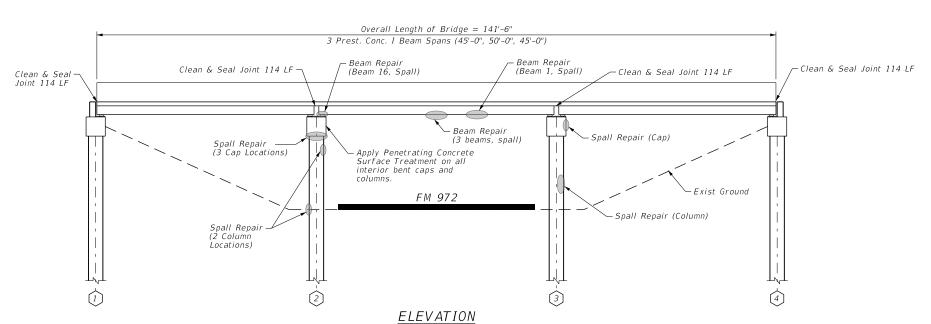
LJA Engineering, Inc.

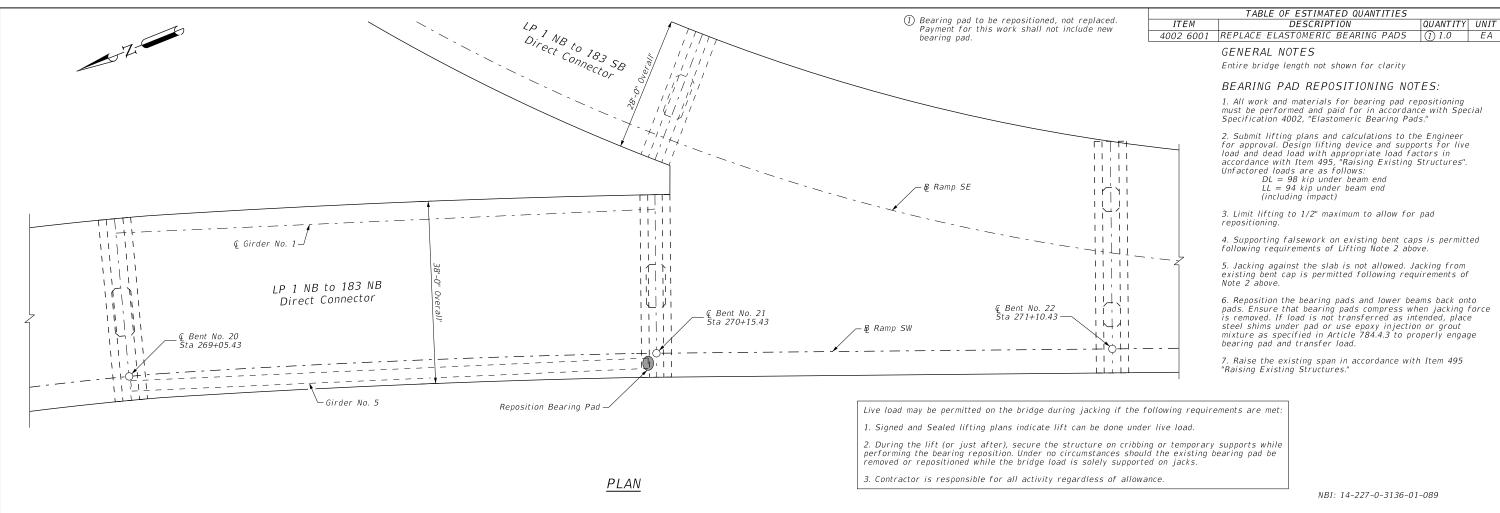


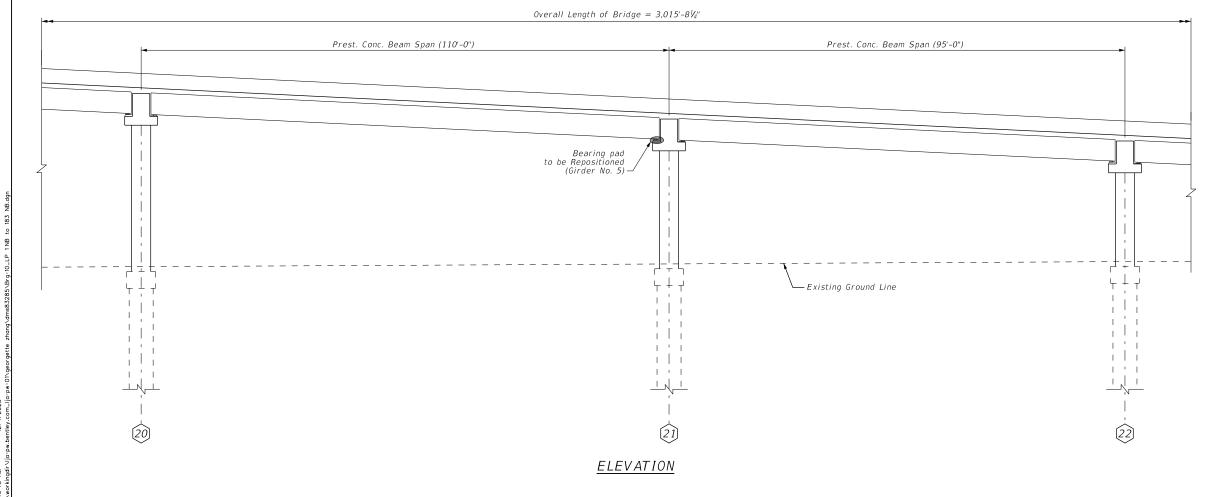
IH 35 over FM 972

Bridge Layout

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.			HIGHWAY NO.
					IH35, ETC.
DESIGNED: DNP	STATE		STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
CHECKED: WO	TEXA	45	AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
DRAWN: MS	CONT.		SECT.	JOB	8
CHECKED: DNP	6453		45 001		0









LJA Engineering, Inc. 44

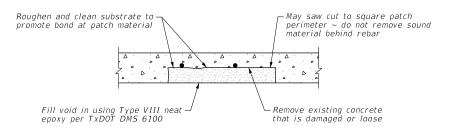


LP 1 NB to 183 NB

Bridge Layout

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		HIGHWAY NO.		
				IH35, ETC.
ESIGNED: DNP	STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
HECKED: WO	TEXAS	AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
RAWN: GZ	CONT. SECT.		JOB	9
HECKED: DNP	6453	45	001	9

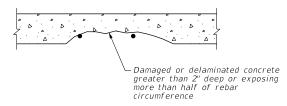
STEP 1 - DAMAGE CONDITION



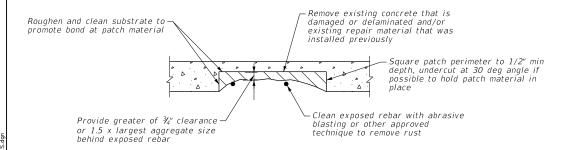
STEP 2 - EXCAVATION, PREPARATION AND PATCH

MINOR SPALL REPAIR DETAIL

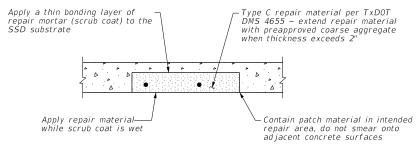
(TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual Section 3.1)



STEP 1 - DAMAGED CONDITION



STEP 2 - EXCAVATION AND PREPARATION



STEP 3 - PATCH DAMAGED AREA

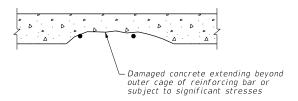
MINOR SPALL REPAIR DETAIL

(TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual Section 3.2)

If batched concrete is selected as the repair material, follow the provisions of TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual Section 3.3

Drill and apply TxDOT DMS 6100 Type III anchor adhesive in accordance with TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual section 3.2 (typ) 4" c/c Max 4" c/c Max 4" c/c 4" c/c

MECHANICAL TIE DETAIL



REPAIR NOTES

forms, and curing.

Perform repair in accordance with TxDOT item 429, "Concrete structure repair", and the TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual, 2021. In addition to details shown on this sheet, the manual includes

Contractor to submit all materials and methods of application for approval.

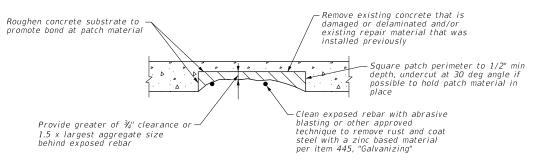
Contractor to provide compressive strength testing of Type C repair material and Class "C" (HPC) concrete.

Apply mechanical tie detail in the event existing

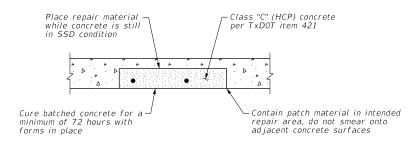
rebar is corroded to the point of not sufficiently anchoring intermediate and major spall repair material to the substrate.

criteria for application, surface preparation,

STEP 1 - DAMAGED CONDITION



STEP 2 - EXCAVATION AND PREPARATION

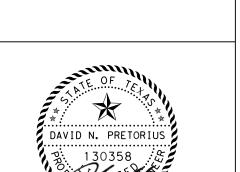


STEP 3 - PATCH DAMAGED AREA

MAJOR SPALL REPAIR DETAIL

(TxDOT Concrete Repair Manual Section 3.3)

Remove aggregate larger than 3/4" from Class "C" (HPC) concrete mix design when repair thickness will be less than 3" over a significant portion of the damaged area



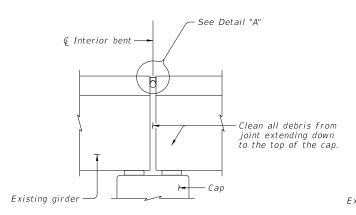
LJA Engineering, Inc. 444

12.4.2023



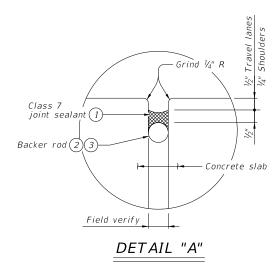
Spall Repair Details

FED. RD. DIV. NO.			PROJE	ECT NO.	HIGHWAY NO.		
·					IH35, ETC.		
DESIGNED: DNP	STATE		STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.		
CHECKED: WO	TEXAS		AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.			
DRAWN: MS	CONT.		SECT.	JOB	10		
CHECKED: DNP	6453		6453		45	001	10



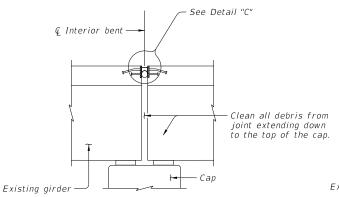
JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL

(Used without ACP overlay)



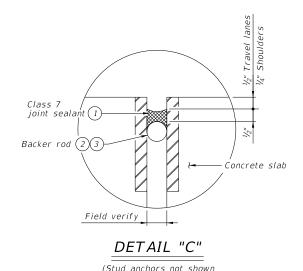
PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL:

- 1) Clean joint opening of all existing expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.
- 2) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 3) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing
- 4) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal 1/3" below top of concrete in travel lanes and $\frac{1}{4}$ " below top of concrete in shoulders.



ARMOR JOINT

(Used without ACP overlay) (Interior bent shown, end of bridge similar)

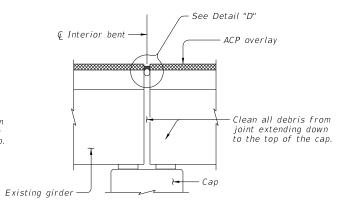


PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING ARMOR JOINTS:

1) Remove existing seal, if present. Clean joint opening of all dirt and other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints." Clean joint out full depth of the joint.

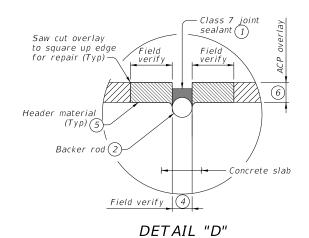
for clarity.)

- 2) Abrasive blast clean existing steel surface where silicone seal is to be placed.
- 3) Obtain approval of cleaned joint prior to proceeding with joint sealing operation.
- 4) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of concrete. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before
- 5) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal 1/3" below top of concrete in travel lanes and 1/4" below top of concrete in shoulders.



HEADER JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL

(Interior bent shown, end of bridge similar)



PROCEDURE FOR CLEANING AND SEALING HEADER JOINT WITH SILICONE SEAL AND HEADER JOINT REPAIR

- 1) Clean joint opening of all old expansion materials/devices, dirt, and all other deleterious materials in accordance with Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 2) Saw cut and remove damaged portions of existing header material to neat lines. Repair deck joint spalls greater than 2" deep in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement." Shallower spalls may be filled with header
- 3) Clean the voided region of all materials that could inhibit the bond between header material and concrete or steel.
- 4) Form the joint opening to the required width and place header material to fill voided region. Repair header material in accordance with Item 785, "Bridge Joint Repair or Replacement."
- 5) Place backer rod into joint opening 1" below the top of header material. When sealing joints for slab spans, slab beam spans, or box beam spans, fill void below backer rod with extruded polystyrene foam before placing backer rod.
- 6) Seal the joint opening with a Class 7 joint sealant. Recess seal ½" below top of header in travel lanes and $\frac{1}{4}$ " below top of header in shoulders.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cleaning existing joint opening (full depth) of all debris, providing and placing backer rod, saw-cutting asphalt overlay, and sealing joint is paid for by Item 438, "Cleaning and Sealing Joints" and measured by the linear foot Obtain approval for all tools, equipment, materials and techniques proposed to clean and seal the joint.

Provide Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310 "Joint Sealants and Fillers" for joints in concrete. Extend sealant up into rail or curb 3 inches on low side or sides of deck. If the Class 7 joint sealant cannot be effectively placed in the vertical position, a Class 4 joint sealant compatible with the Class 7 joint sealant is allowed for the extension of the seal into the curb or rail. Prepare surfaces where sealant is to be placed in accordance with Manufacturer's specifications

- ① Use Class 7 joint sealant in accordance with DMS-6310, "Joint Sealants and Fillers." Prepare joint and seal in accordance with Item 438 "Cleaning and Sealing Joints."
- 2) Provide backer rod 25% larger than joint opening and compatible with the sealant. Use of multiple pieces to create a backer rod cross section is not permitted. Top of backer rod must be convex as shown.
- (3) Backer rod must be compatible with the hot poured rubber sealant and rated for a minimum of 400°F.
- (4) Match existing joint opening or set at a minimum: a. 1" at 70°F when the distance between joints is 150 ft or less
 - b. 2" at 70°F when the distance between
 - joints is greater than 150 ft. c. As directed by the Engineer.
- (5) Cleaning and sealing existing header joints does not necessitate replacement of existing header material. If replacement of header material is necessary, as determined by the Engineer, use header material in accordance with DMS-6140, "Polymer Concrete for Bridge Joint Systems." Match the thickness of the header material with the thickness of the overlay as shown in the plans, but do not exceed 4". Place header material flush with roadway surface. Do not cantilever header material over the joint opening. Repair of header material will be paid for in accordance with Item 785-6006, "Bridge Joint Repair (Header)."
- (6) Maximum thickness is 4".

SHEET 1 OF 2



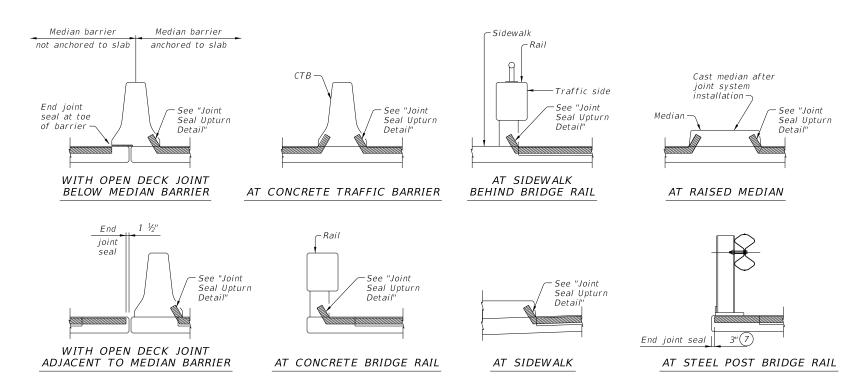


Bridge Division



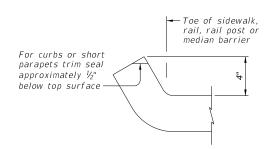
CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS

DN: DNP CK: CTH DW: GZ CK: DNP C)T x D0T August 2022 IH35. ETC 6453 45 001 AUS TRAVIS, ETC.



JOINT SEALANT TERMINATION DETAILS

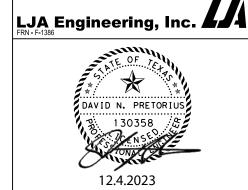
 $\overline{(7)}$ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " for precompressed foam and silicone seal



JOINT SEAL UPTURN DETAIL



Bridge Division



Texas Department of Transportation

CLEANING AND SEALING EXISTING BRIDGE JOINTS

CILE: DN: DNP CK: CTH DW: GZ CK: DNP

CTXDOT August 2022 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY

REVISIONS 6453 45 001 IH35, ETC.

DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

AUS TRAVIS, ETC. 12

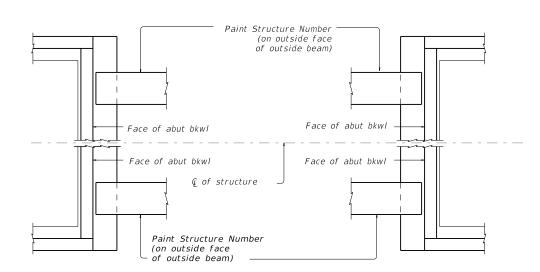
PAINTED STRUCTURE NUMBER LEGEND

County designation Placeholder required for national inventory purposes Control -Section Structure number

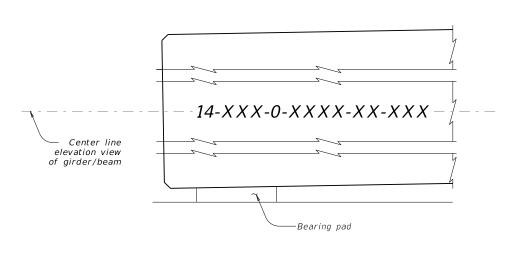
016 = Blanco 027 = Burnet028 = Caldwell 087 = Gillespie 106 = Hays144 = Leé 150 = Llano 157 = Mason 227 = Travis

246 = Williamson

011 = Bastrop

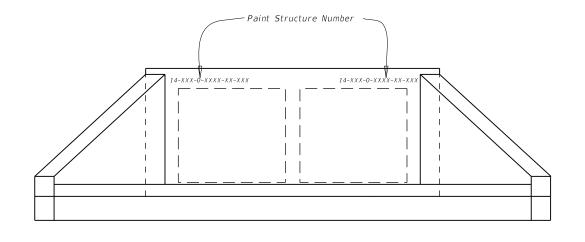


AT BRIDGE LOCATIONS



Paint Structure Number // -Paint Structure Number

AT CULVERT LOCATIONS



GENERAL NOTES:

Permanently mark each structure with the painted structure number in accordance with the plans.

Each Structure shall have 4 (four) Structure numbers painted per structure.

Painting structure number work will not be measured

or paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to other pertinent items.

MATERIAL:
Provide black, lead free, CFC free, and CFHC free
paint that is water proof, weather resistant, and dries instantly on all surfaces without smearing, smudging, or rippling

Texas Department of Transportation

©TxDOT

Austin District

PAINTING STRUCTURE NUMBERS

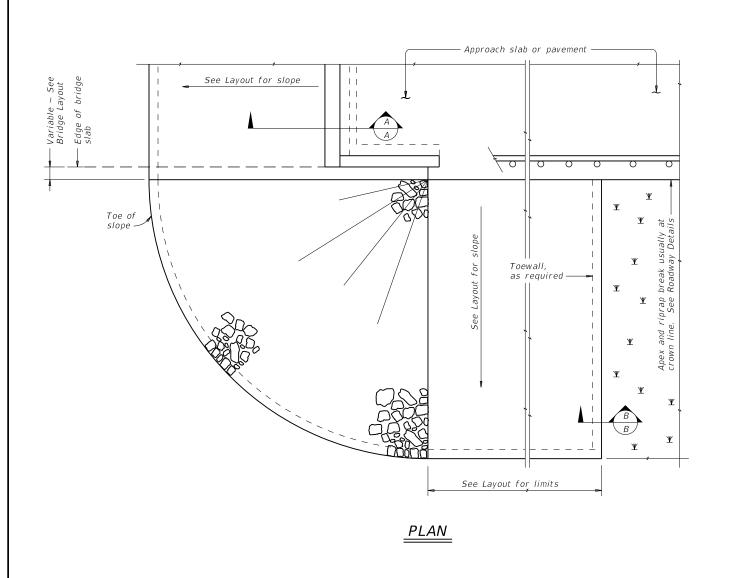
PSN-19 (AUS)

CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6453 45 001 IH35, ETC SHEET NO TRAVIS, ETC.

ELEVATION VIEW DETAIL

ELEVATION VIEW DETAIL

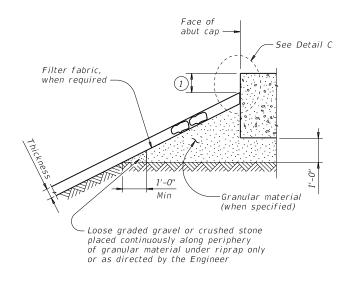
minimum



See elsewhere in plans for rail transition

ELEVATION

Showing concrete traffic rail —

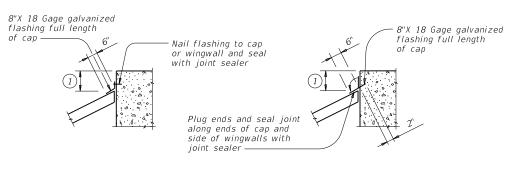


Type R, Type F, Common 1'-0" Protection Thickness

SECTION B-B

Provide toewall when shoulder drain is located adjacent to limits of stone riprap. Omit toewall when thickness of protection riprap is greater than 18".

SECTION A-A AT CAP



CAP OPTION A

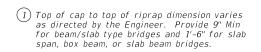
CAP OPTION B

DETAIL C

GENERAL NOTES:
Refer to Item 432, "Riprap" for stone size and gradation, and construction details. See Layout for limits and thickness of riprap specified.

See elsewhere in plans for locations and details of

shoulder drains.

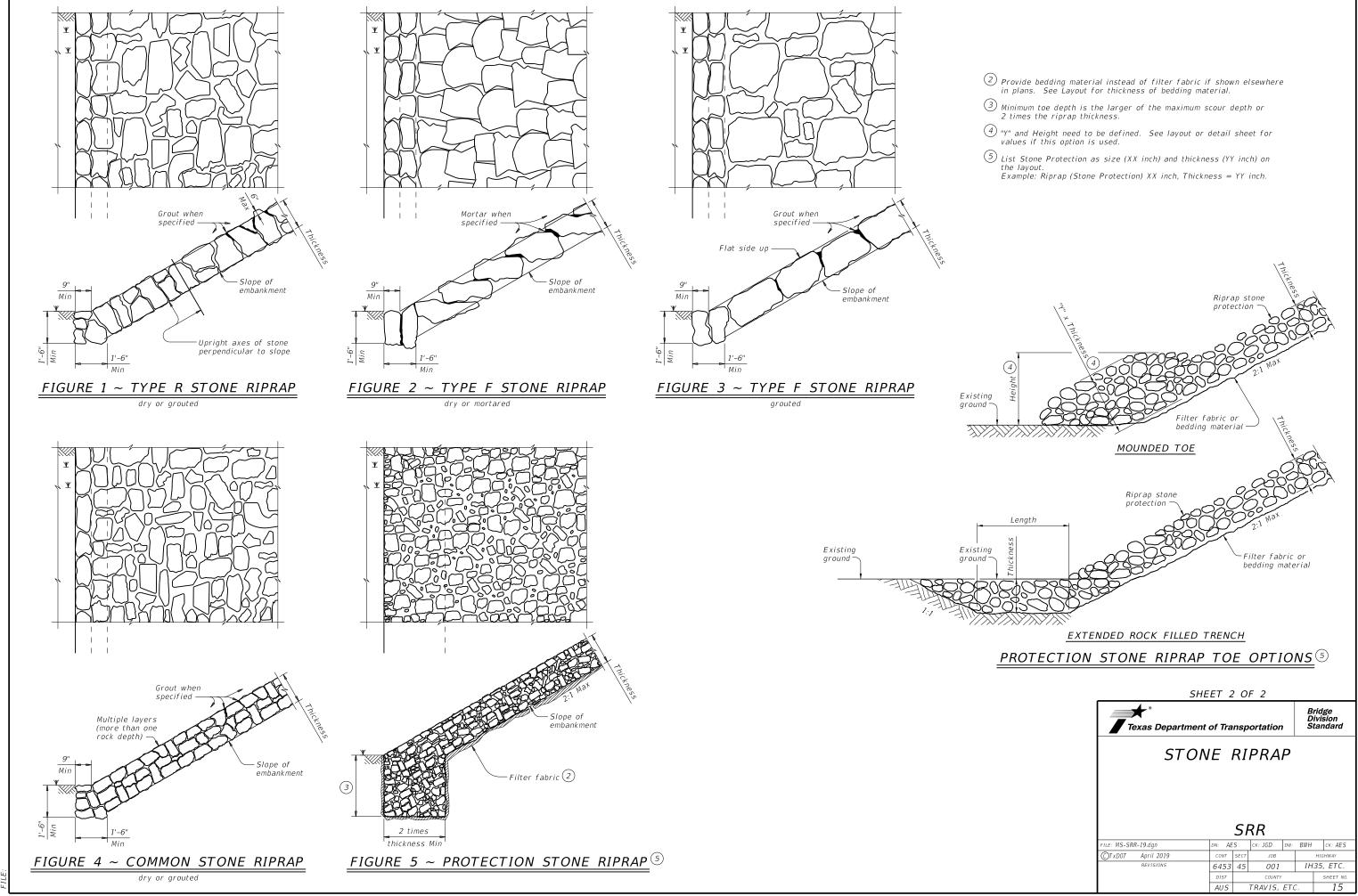






C)	I	Э.	
2	Г	١	Γ	٦.	

LE: MS-SRR-19.dgn	DN: AE	5	ck: JGD	DW:	BWH	CK: AES	
TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	CT JOB HIGH		IGHWAY		
REVISIONS	6453	45	45 001			IH35, ETC.	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	ALIS	TRAVIS ETC			,	1.4	



NOTES:

- INSTALL ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TXDOT BC-21 STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE TEXAS MUTCO.
- 2. PLACE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SW3P) DEVICES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE MAINTAINED AND RELOCATED AS NEEDED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE ALL UTILITIES WITHIN THE WORKZONE.
- TCP AND WZ TXDOT STANDARDS SHALL BE USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL AS NEEDED. ALL TRAFFIC OPERATIONS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 6. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SW3P) DEVICES AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE.
- PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP OF WORK AREA AND REMOVE ANY CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 8. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE DONE DURING OFF PEAK HOURS

FM619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF

NOTES

- 1. COMPLY WITH ALL GENERAL TCP NOTES.
- DELIVER AND DISTRIBUTE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 3. SET UP TEMPORARY WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD W7 (RCD) -13.
- 4. PERFORM MINOR SPALL REPAIRS.
- 5. COMPLETELY CLOSE THE BRIDGE TO THRU TRAFFIC DURING BEAM JACKING OPERATIONS.
- 6. OPEN THE BRIDGE TO TRAFFIC ONCE BEAMS ARE JACKED UP AND CRIBBED.
- 7. ONCE THE BEARING PADS ARE REPLACED, CLOSE THE BRIDGE TO TRAFFIC DURING BEAM JACKING, CRIB REMOVAL, AND BEAM LOWERING OPERATIONS.
- 8. OPEN THE BRIDGE TO TRAFFIC ONCE BEAMS ARE LOWERED ON TO THE BENTS.
- 9. FM 619 SHALL BE CLOSED AT THE INTERSECTION WITH CR 448. THE OUTBOUND LANE SHALL REMIAN OPEN TO ALLOW LOCAL TRAFFIC TO ENTER/EXIT. SEE STANDARD WZ (RCD) -13 "ROAD CLOSURE BEYOND THE INTERSECTION" FOR MORE DETAILS.
- 10. FM 619 SHALL BE CLOSED AT THE INTERSECTION WITH CR 451. THE OUTBOUND LANE SHALL REMIAN OPEN TO ALLOW LOCAL TRAFFIC TO ENTER/EXIT. SEE STANDARD WZ(RCD)-13 "ROAD CLOSURE BEYOND THE INTERSECTION" FOR MORE DETAILS.

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TCP OU	ANTI TI ES
	TCP-1
	0502-6025
LOCATI ON	BARRI CADES, SI GNS AND TRAFFI C HANDLI NG
	EA
FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK RELIEF	1
PROJECT TOTALS	1

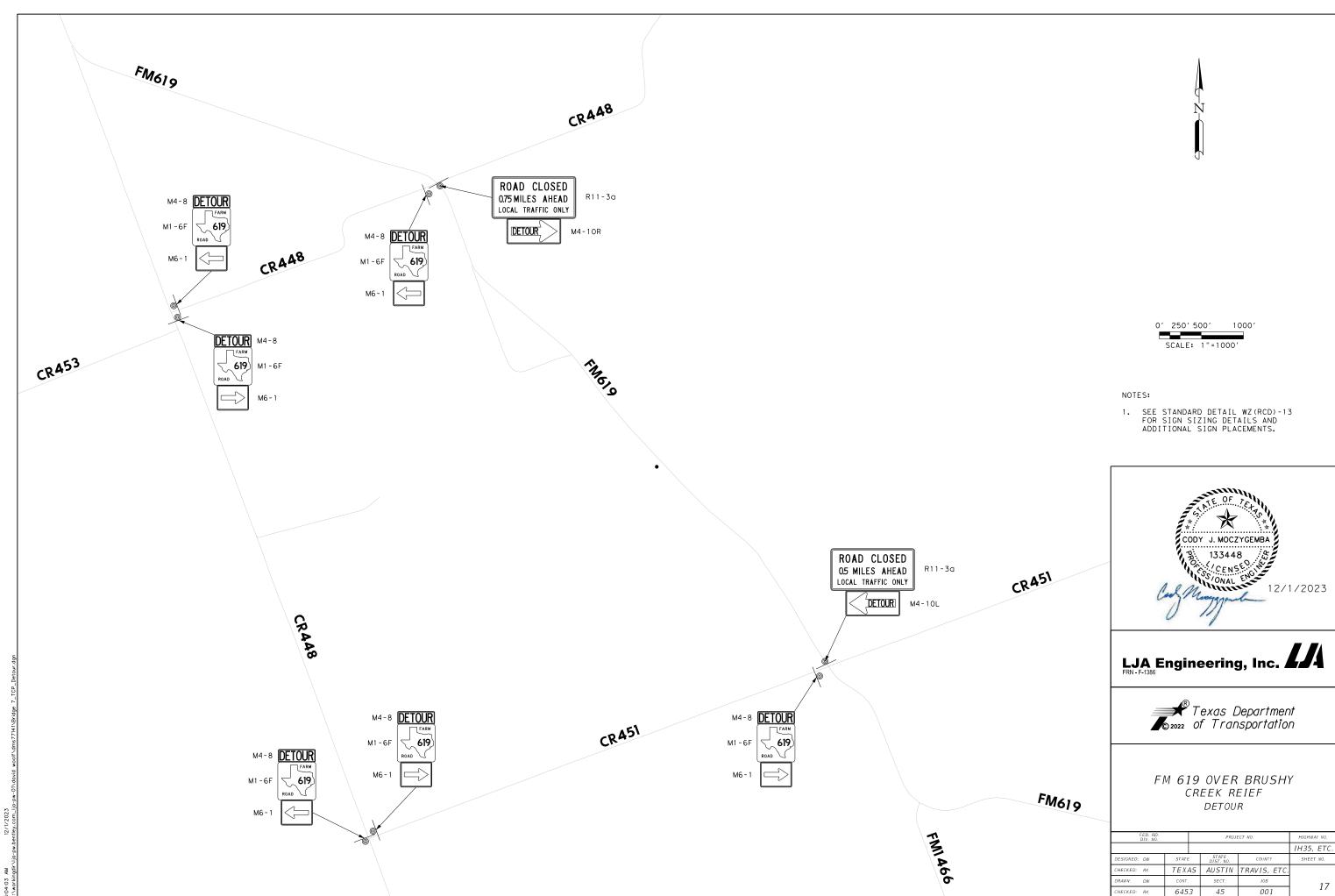


LJA Engineering, Inc.



FM 619 OVER BRUSHY CREEK REIEF TCP NARRATIVE & QUANTITIES

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJE	HIGHWAY NO.	
				IH35, ETC.
SIGNED: DW	STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
ECKED: RK	TEXAS	AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
AWN: DW	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	16
ECKED: RK	6453	45	001	10



SHEET NO.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

NOTES:

- INSTALL ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TXDOT BC-21 STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE TEXAS MUTCD.
- 2. PLACE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SW3P) DEVICES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE MAINTAINED AND RELOCATED AS NEEDED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE ALL UTILITIES WITHIN THE WORKZONE.
- 4. TCP AND WZ TXDOT STANDARDS SHALL BE USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL AS NEEDED. ALL TRAFFIC OPERATIONS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 6. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SW3P) DEVICES AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE.
- PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP OF WORK AREA AND REMOVE ANY CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 8. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE DONE DURING NIGHT TIME OPERATIONS.

<u>IH 35 OVER FM 9</u>72

NOTES:

- 1. COMPLY WITH ALL GENERAL TCP NOTES.
- 2. CLOSE HALF OF EACH DIRECTION ON 135 AT A TIME IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD TCP (1-5g)-18.
- 3. 2 LANES IN EACH DIRECTION ON 135 SHALL REMAIN OPEN AT ALL TIMES.
- 4. SHOULDERS MAY BE UTILIZED ON 135 TO DIVERT TRAFFIC FROM WORKZONE.
- 5. ITEM TCP-2 SHALL BE USED TO DELINEATE LANES IN CONJUNCTION WITH CHANNELIZING DEVICES.

FM 972 UNDER IH 35

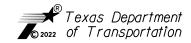
NOTES:

- 1. COMPLY WITH ALL GENERAL TCP NOTES.
- 2. CLOSE HALF OF EACH DIRECTION ON FM 972
- 3. 1 LANE IN EACH DIRECTION ON FM 972 SHALL REMAIN OPEN AT ALL TIMES.
- 4. ITEM TCP-3 SHALL BE USED TO DELINEATE LANES IN CONJUNCTION WITH CHANNELIZING DEVICES.

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE	TCP QUANTITIE	S
	TCP-1	TCP-4
	7052-6046	61 85-6002
LOCATI ON	LANE CLOSURE (SETUP AND REMOV)(TY 5)	TMA (STATIONARY)
	EA	DAY
IH 35 OVER FM 972	6	4
PROJECT TOTALS	6	4



LJA Engineering, Inc.



IH 35 OVER FM 972

TCP NARRATIVE & QUANTITIES

	PROJE	HIGHWAY NO.	
			IH35, ETC.
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
TEXAS	AUSTIN	TRAVIS, ETC.	
CONT.	SECT.	JOB	18
6453	45	001	10
	TEXAS	STATE DIST. NO. TEXAS AUSTIN CONT. SECT.	TEXAS AUSTIN TRAVIS, ETC. CONT. SECT. JOB

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

NOTES

- INSTALL ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TXDOT BC-21 STANDARDS, TCP STANDARDS, AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE TEXAS MUTCH
- 2. PLACE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SW3P) DEVICES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE MAINTAINED AND RELOCATED AS NEEDED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE ALL UTILITIES WITHIN THE WORKZONE.
- 4. TCP AND WZ TXDOT STANDARDS SHALL BE USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL AS NEEDED. ALL TRAFFIC OPERATIONS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- 6. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SW3P) DEVICES AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE.
- PERFORM FINAL CLEAN UP OF WORK AREA AND REMOVE ANY CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 8. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE DONE DURING OFF PEAK HOURS

LP 1 NB TO 183 NB

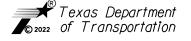
NOTES:

- 1. COMPLY WITH ALL GENERAL TCP NOTES.
- 2. DELIVER AND DISTRIBUTE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
- 3. SET UP TEMPORARY WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDS WZ(RCD)-13 AND TCP (1-5q)-18.
- 4. COMPLETELY CLOSE THE 183 NB BRIDGE TO THRU TRAFFIC DURING BEAM JACKING OPERATIONS.
- 5. OPEN THE BRIDGE TO TRAFFIC ONCE BEAMS ARE JACKED UP AND CRIBBED.
- 6. ONCE THE BEARING PADS ARE REPLACED, CLOSE THE 183 NB BRIDGE DURING BEAM JACKING, CRIB REMOVAL, AND BEAM LOWERING OPERATIONS.
- 7. OPEN THE BRIDGE TO TRAFFIC ONCE BEAMS ARE LOWERED ON TO THE BENTS.
- 8. THE RIGHT MOST NB TRAVEL LANE ON LP 1 SHALL BE THRU ONLY FOR THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION. THE OPTION TO ENTER THE RAMP FROM THE RIGHT MOST TRAVEL LANE ON LP 1 SHALL BE PREVENTED USING CHANNELIZING DEVICES.
- 9. THE LP 1 RIGHT TURN ONLY LANE ENTERING THE RAMP SHALL MERGE WITH THE LANE ENTERING FROM LP 1 FRONTAGE ROAD USING CHANNELIZING DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD TCP (1-5a)-18.
- 10. SEE DETOUR FOR MORE DETAILS.

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TCP QUANTITIES								
	TCP-1	TCP-2	TCP-3					
	7052-6050	6001 - 6002	61 85-6002					
LOCATI ON	LANE CLOSURE (SETUP AND REMOV)(TY 9)	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)					
	EA	EA	DAY					
LP 1 NB TO 183 NB	1	2	2					
PROJECT TOTALS	1	2	2					



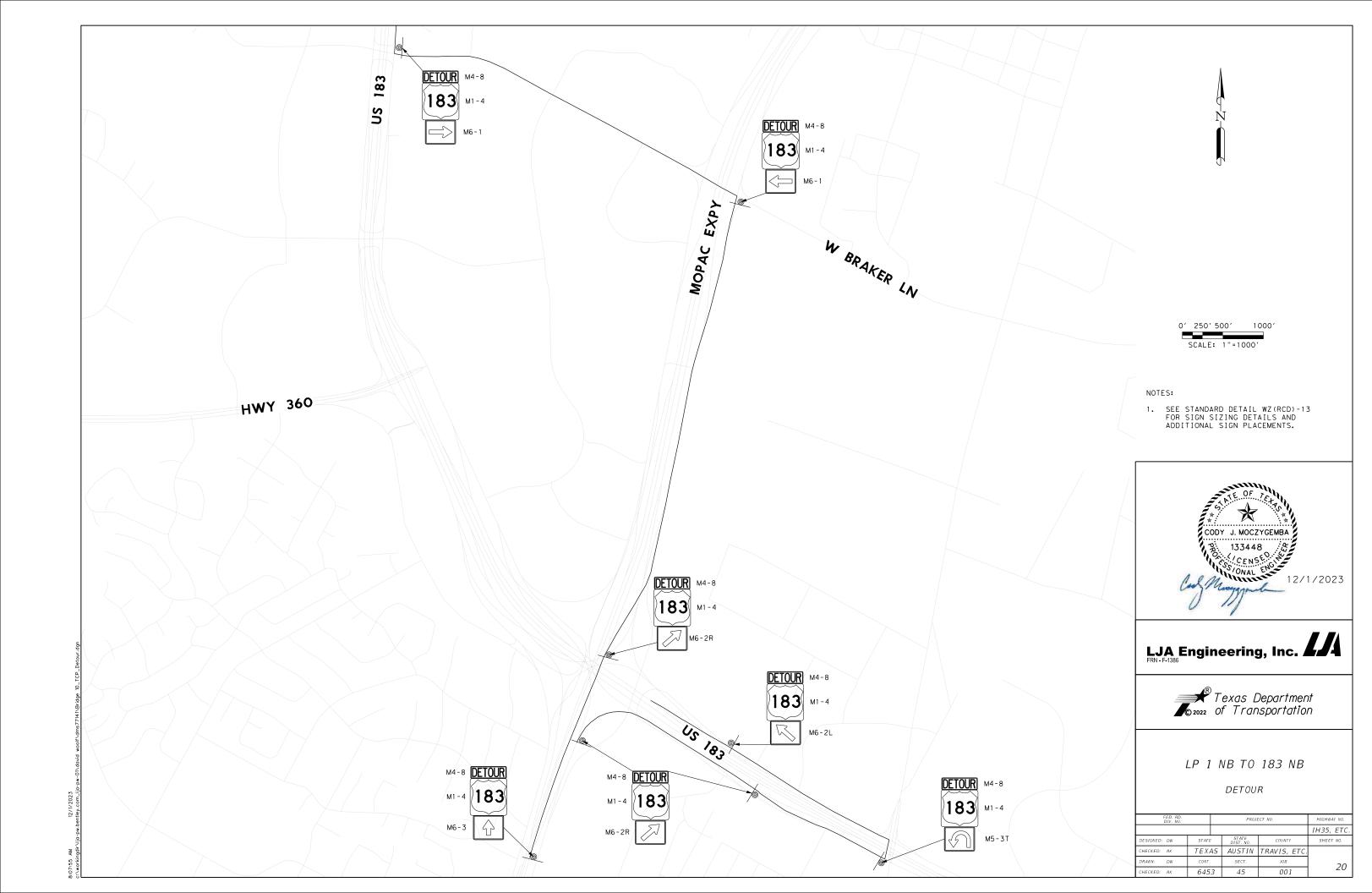
LJA Engineering, Inc.



LP 1 NB TO 183 NB

TCP NARRATIVE & QUANTITIES

FED. RD. DIV. NO.		PROJECT NO.			HIGHWA	Y NO.	
						IH35,	ETC.
SIGNED: DW	STATE		STATE DIST. NO.	COUNT	1	SHEET	NO.
ECKED: RK	TEXA	45	AUSTIN	TRAVIS,	ETC.		
AWN: DW	CONT.		SECT.	JOB			19
ECKED: RK	645	3	45	00.	1		19



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

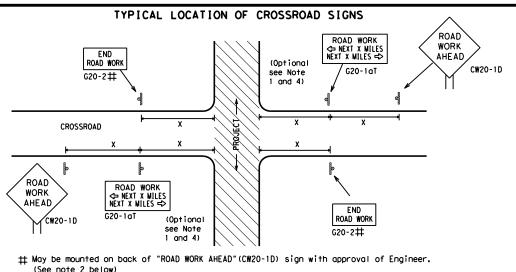


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

			•					
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDO</td><td>T</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HWAY
4-03 7-13		6453	45	001 IH		ΙH	135, ETC.	
				COUNTY			SI	HEET NO.
5-10 5-21		AUS		TRAVIS, ETC			21	



- (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI \Diamond INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT * * Limit BEGIN G20-5T * * G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T * * R20-5T FINES DOUBLE * R20-5gTP BORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

onventional

SPACING

Expressway/ Freeway Speed Sign Spacing "x" MPH Feet (Apprx.) 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500² 60 600² 65 700² 70 800² 70 800² 75 900² 80 1000² ** * 3			
48" x 48" 30 120 35 160 40 240 45 320 50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²			Spacing
48" × 48" 35		MPH	
48" × 48" 48" × 48" 48" × 48" 48" × 48" 48" × 48" 48" × 48" 48" × 48" 48" × 48" 48" × 48"	48" ~ 48"	30	120
48" x 48" 45 320 50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²	70 ^ 70	35	160
48" x 48" 50 400 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²		40	240
48" x 48" 55		45	320
48" × 48" 55 500 ² 60 600 ² 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²	48" v 48"	50	400
48" × 48" 65 700 ² 70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²	70 / 70	55	500 ²
70 800 ² 75 900 ² 80 1000 ²		60	600 ²
75 900 ² 80 1000 ²		65	700 ²
75 900 ² 80 1000 ²	48" × 48"	70	800 ²
		75	900 ²
* *		80	1000 ²
		*	* 3

Number Freeway or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, 48" x 48 CW7. CW8. 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 \triangle Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS	- 1
ROAD WORK AREA ANE AD CW20-1D CW1-4R CW20-1D CW13-1P	** \$\frac{1000}{20-101}\$ ** \$\frac{100}{20-101}\$ ** \$\frac{100}{20-10	
	\$\\\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE Beginning of NO-PASSING R2-1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-2bT **	-
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Ins "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location	ector should ensure additional ROAD WORK with sign remind drivers they are still G20-2 ** location NOTES	
channelizing devices. SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM	The Contractor shall determine the appropri	

STAY ALERT ★ ★G20-9TP ZONE BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFIC **X X** G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW ½ MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT X XG20-6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-101 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizina devices \Diamond -CSJ Limit Channelizing Devices \Rightarrow SPEED R2-1 END END ☐ WORK ZONE G20-2bt ★ ★ LIMIT ROAD WORK G20-2 * *

ate distance BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b" shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- ** CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices					
4	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

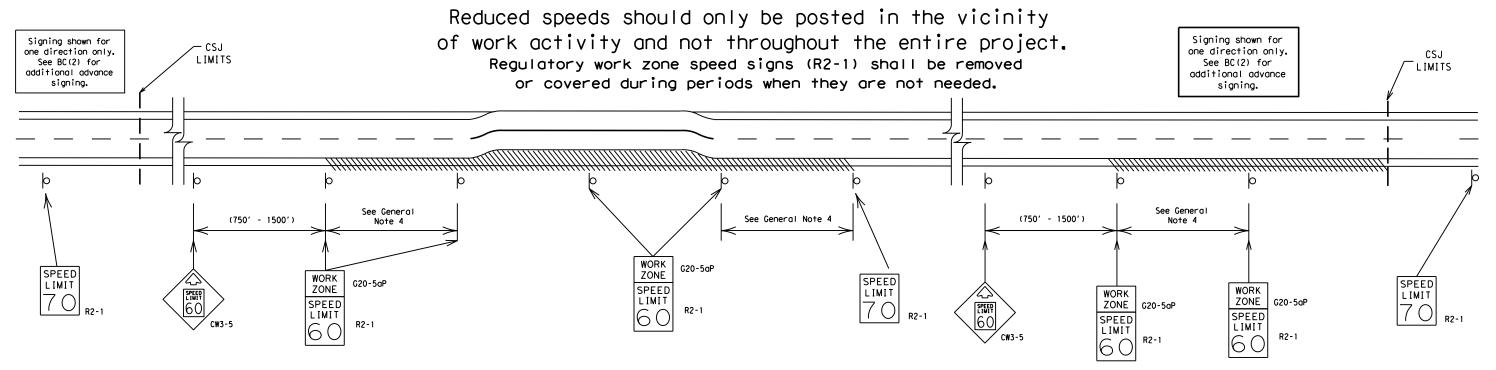
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

				_			
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>T×D0</td><td>T ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×D0	T ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6453	45	001		IH.	35, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST	DIST COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	AUS		TRAVIS,	ETC	,	22

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
 Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

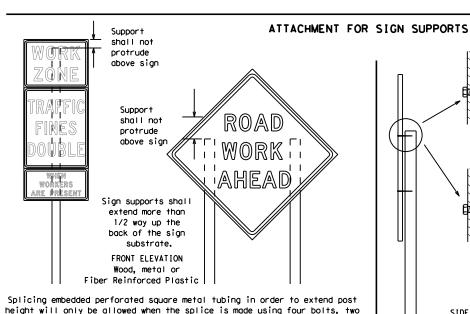
BC(3)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: Tx[T00	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS 9-07 8-14 7-13 5-21		45	001	001 IF			, ETC.
9-07 7-13				COUNTY			S	HEET NO.
7-13	3-21	AUS	TRAVIS, ETC					23

TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. * * XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. greater 9.0' max. 94//// Poved Paved shou I der shoul de

* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* * When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

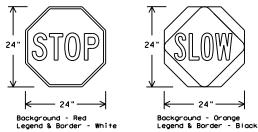
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMENT	(WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

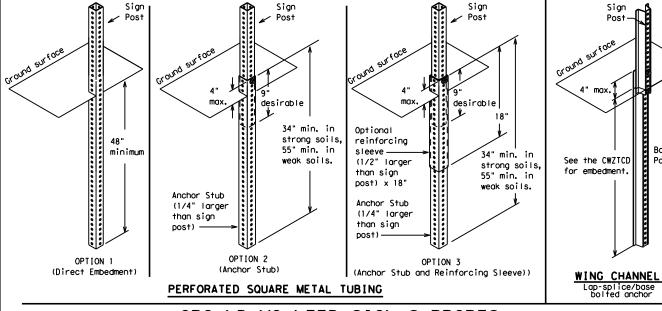
Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC (4) -21

:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	Γ	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	6453	45	001		IH.	35	, ETC.
-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY SHEET				SHEET NO.
-13	5-21	AUS		1		24		



GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.

sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)). Ø 3/8" x 3" gr. 5 bolt (2 per support) joining OTHER DESIGNS sign panel and supports MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION. GENERAL NOTES

Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final

WEDGE ANCHORS

No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CW7TCD List.

Post

- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12

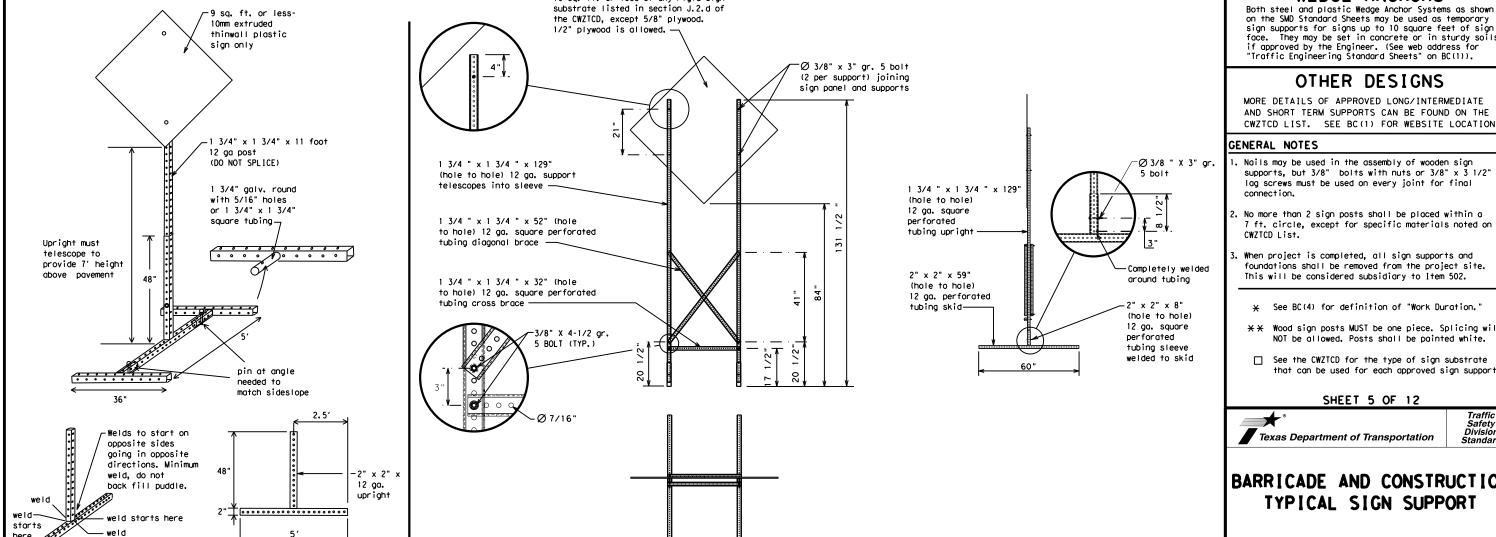


Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	SECT JOB		B HIGHWAY		HWAY
	REVISIONS	6453	45	001		ΙH	35,	ETC.
	8-14	DIST	COUNTY				s	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	AUS	TRAVIS, ETC					25



16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

SINGLE LEG BASE

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32′

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	F	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
	EMER	Slippery	SL IP
Emergency Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT VEH	Southbound	(route) S
	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Express Lane Expressway	EXP LN EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway		Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HUY	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)		Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level			

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2. LANE

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel * * Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM BEFORE APR XX-DETOUR USE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -US XXX N **TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX LISE NFXT FOR DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS TO STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX USE WATCH TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY * * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE

OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT FACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

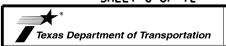
CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.

4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

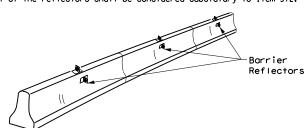
Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

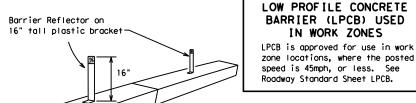
BC(6)-21

ı	FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
I	© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
I		REVISIONS	6453	45	001		ΙH	35	, ETC.
ı	9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			S	SHEET NO.
ı	7-13	5-21	AUS		TRAVIS,	ETC			26



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

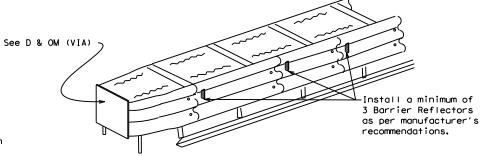


zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB. Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per

manufacturer's recommendations.

IN WORK ZONES

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



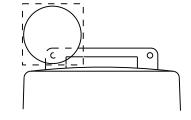
DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

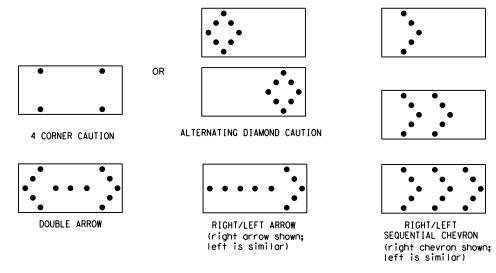
WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxD0</td><td>CK: TXDO</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	CK: TXDO
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6453	45	001		IH.	35, ETC.
9-07 7-13	8-14 5-21	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-13	2-71	ALIS		TRAVIS	FTC	`	27

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.

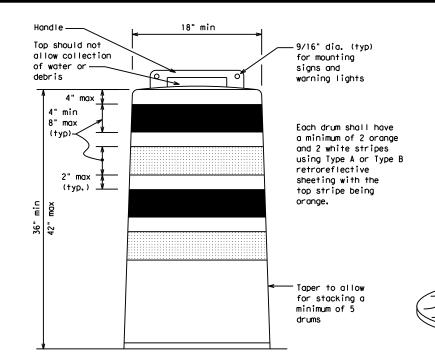
 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

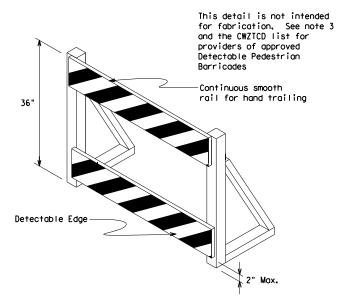
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





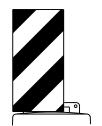
DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

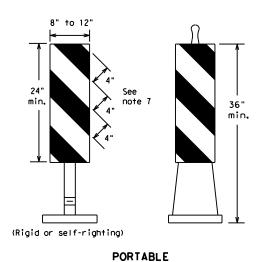
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

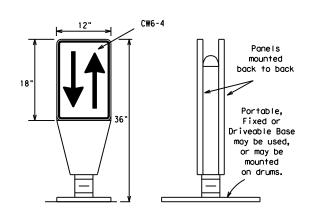
BC(8)-21

FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
CTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	GHWAY
	6453	45 001 IH			IH3	5, ETC.
4-03 8-14 9-07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY SHEE			SHEET NO.	
7-13	AUS	TRAVIS. ETC				28



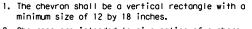
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

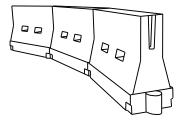


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflec-tive legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **X**			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′		
35	L= WS ²	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	6001	50`	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	6601	55′	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

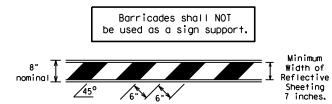
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

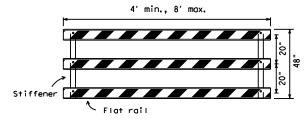
FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK: TXDOT
C TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6453	45	001		IH.	35, ETC.
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21	AUS	TRAVIS. ETC				29

TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

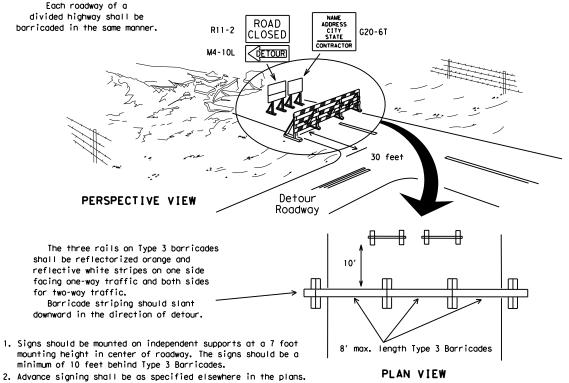


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



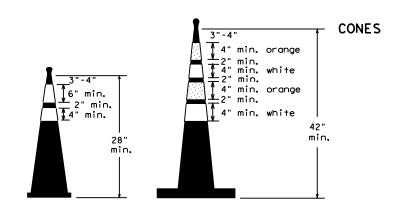
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

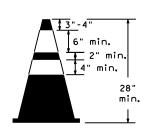


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

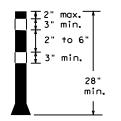
1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s locross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector \bigcirc Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



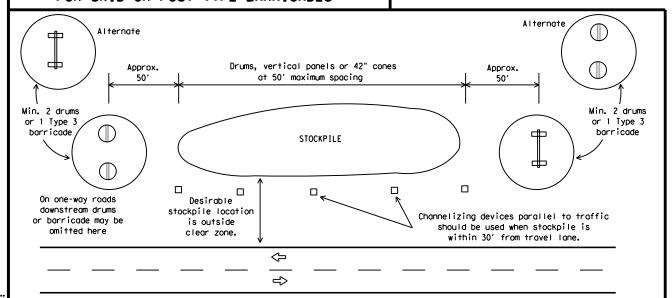
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker

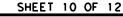


TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDO</th><th>T</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDO	T	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 9-07 8-14		6453	45	001 IH			35	, ETC.
		DIST		COUNTY			S	HEET NO.
7-13	5-21	AUS		TRAVIS,	ETC			30

WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- 4. Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns
- 2. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements
- 2. Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

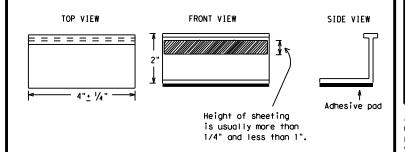
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- 2. Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- 2. The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- 3. Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the
- 9. Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS, " unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- 1. Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- 3. Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of pregualified reflective raised payement markers. non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12

Traffic Safety



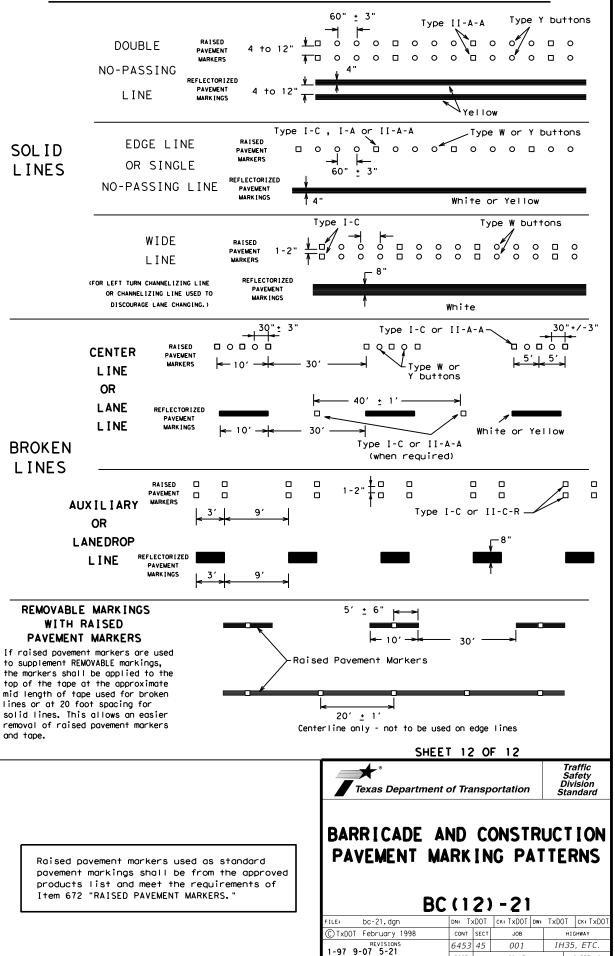
Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-21

	• -	- •					
E: bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxD0</td><td>CK: TXDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxD0	CK: TXDOT	
TxDOT February 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB			H]GHWAY	
REVISIONS -98 9-07 5-21	6453	45	001 IF			35, ETC.	
-98 9-07 5-21 -02 7-13	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
-02 8-14	AUS	TRAVIS, ETC 3				31	

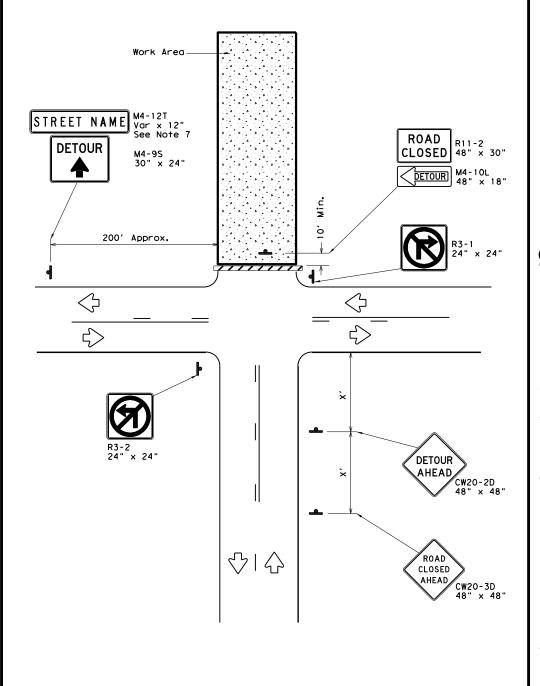
PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 1 Q O O O O O O O O O ₹> `Yellow -Type Y buttons RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A <>> □وہ/ہ□ہہہ \$\frac{1}{4 \tau 8"} Type Y Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE. TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R 0000 00000 0000 Yellow Type I-A Type Y buttons ₹> Yellow White 0000 └Type I-C or II-C-R Type W buttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C Type W buttons-0000 0000**0** 0000 0000 White ∕ Type II-A-A Type Y buttons ♦ ₹> 0000 0000 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons Type I-C-Type Y buttons-0 0 0 $\langle \rangle$ ₹> 0000 0000 0000 Type W buttons~ └─Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 SHEET NO

TRAVIS FTO

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



ROAD CLOSURE AT THE INTERSECTION

Signing for an Un-numbered Route with an Off-Site Detour

LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade								
þ	Sign								

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

* Conventional Roads Only

GENERAL NOTES

- This sheet is intended to provide details for temporary work zone road closures. For permanent road closure details see the D&OM standards.
- Barricades used shall meet the requirements shown on Barricade and Construction Standard BC(10) and listed on the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices list (CWZTCD).
- Stockpiled materials shall not be placed on the traffic side of barricades.
- Barricades at the road closure should extend from pavement edge to pavement edge.
- 5. Detour signing shown is intended to illustrate the type of signing that is appropriate for numbered routes or un-numbered routes as labeled. It does not indicate the full extent of detour signing required. Detour routes should be signed as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 6. If the road is open for a significant distance beyond the intersection or there are significant origin/destination points beyond the intersection, the signs and barricades at this location should be located at the edge of the traveled way.
- 7. The Street Name (M4-12T) sign is to be placed above the DETOUR (M4-9S) sign.
- 8. For urban areas where there is a shorter distance between the intersection and the actual closure location, the ROAD CLOSED XX MILES AHEAD (R11-30) sign may be replaced with a ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign. If adequate space does not exist between the intersection and the closure a single ROAD CLOSED AHEAD (CW20-3D) sign spaced as per the table above may replace the ROAD CLOSED 1000 FT (CW20-3B) and ROAD CLOSED 500 FT (CW20-3C) signs.
- Signs and barricades shown shall be subsidiary to Item 502. Locations where these details will be required shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

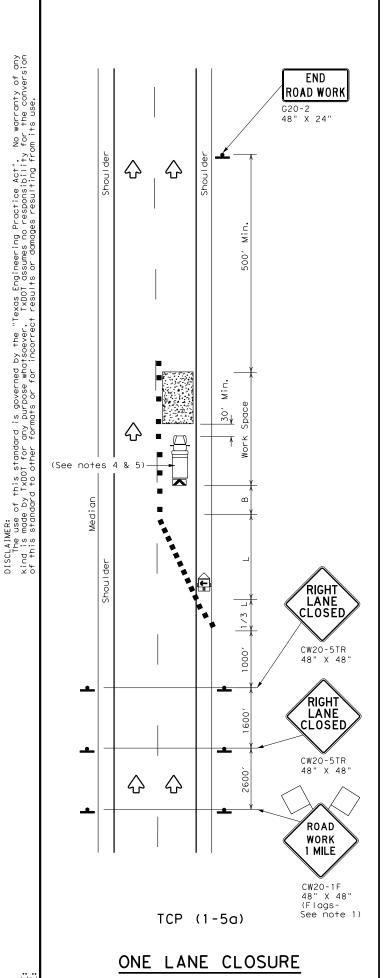


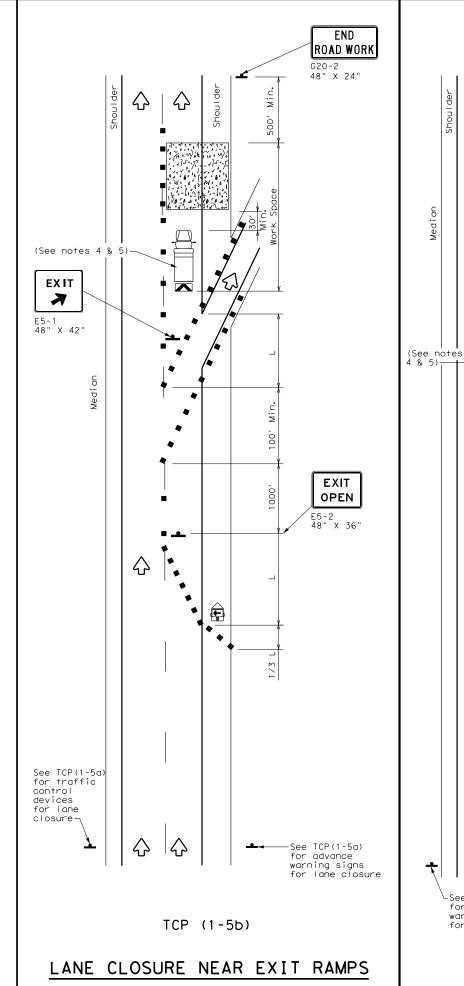
Traffic Operations Division Standard

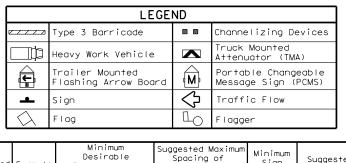
WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE DETAILS

WZ (RCD) - 13

		_			_		
FILE:	wzrcd-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxD0T	August 1995	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IGHWAY
	REVISIONS	6453	45	001		IH3	5, ETC.
1-97 4-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
2-98 3-03		AUS		TRAVIS,	ETC	:	33







Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	, ws²	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- * Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
		1								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(1-5)-18

ILE: †cp1-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:			CK:
TxDOT February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH		HWAY
REVISIONS 2-18	6453	45	001		IH35, ETC.		
2-10	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
	AUS TRAVIS, ETC					34	

LANE CLOSURE NEAR ENTRANCE RAMPS

TCP (1-5c)

END Road Work

48" X 24"

 \Diamond

 \Diamond

 \Diamond

 \Diamond

for advance

warning signs for lane closure

 \Diamond

RAMP

CLOSED

USE NEXT

RAMP

CW25-1T 48" X 48"

Channelizing Devices at 20' spacing

See TCP(1-4a)

RAMP

CLOSED

AHEAD

closure details if a lane closure is needed

to close a lane which is normally required to enter the ramp.

CW2ORP-3D 48" X 48"