CONTRACTOR:

DATE OF LETTING: DATE WORK BEGAN:

DATE WORK COMPLETED:

INDEX OF SHEETS

SEE SHEET 2

# STATE OF TEXAS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIV. NO.	Р	PROJECT NO.					
6	BR 2	2024 (812	) 1				
STATE	STATE DIST.	COUNTY					
TEXAS	YKM	WHAI	RTON				
CONTROL	SECTIO	N JOB	HIGHWAY NO				
0089	10	030	BU 59R				

# PLANS OF PROPOSED STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

FEDERAL PROJECT NO. BR 2024(812)

COUNTY: WHARTON CSJ: 0089-10-030 HIGHWAY: BU 59R HIGHWAY: BU 59R
LIMITS: AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF
FUNCTIONAL CLASS: SUBURBAN MAJOR COLLECTOR
DESIGN SPEED: 55 MPH
ADT: 5395 (2022), 7553 (2042)
ROADWAY = 474.83 LF = 0.090 MI
BRIDGE = 30.17 LF = 0.005 MI
TOTAL = 505.00 LF = 0.095 MI

PROJECT NO.: BR 2024(812)

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

DATE WORK ACCEPTED: FINAL CONTRACT COST: \$ AUSTIN LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES: COUNTY WHARTON ORT BEND COLORADO THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE CONSTRUCTION WORK WAS COUNTY COUNTY PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS, CONTRACT, AND LISTED FIELD CHANGES. AREA ENGINEER LAVACA COUNTY INSET MAP -BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF PROJECT NO.: BR 2024(812) CSJ 0089-10-030 **JACKSON** BEGIN PROJECT STA 2351+40.00 REF MRK = 504-0.126 END PROJECT STA 2356+45.00 COUNTY F-204 MATAGORDA REF MRK = 504-0.222 COUNTY WHARTON COUNTY YOAKUM DISTRICT

EXCEPTIONS: NONE
RAILROAD CROSSINGS: NONE

EQUATIONS: NONE

BRIAN A. JONES 12/7/2023

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING

PROJECT MANAGER

-®945APRSPCSPE48RGINEER

STV, INC.

APPROVED FOR LETTING

1/3/2024 Martin C. Horst, PE

DIRECTOR OF POTATION PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

RECOMMENDED

FOR LETTING

1/3/2024

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIFICATION ITEMS LISTED AND DATED AS FOLLOWS SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT: REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR ALL FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (FORM FHWA 1273, OCTOBER 2023).

Jeffery Vinklarek, P.E. Texas Department of Transportation: All Rights Reserved

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9	SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS
	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
10	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE
11 - 12	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL SECTIONS
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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE BY "\*" HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

12/07/2023

MARCEL D. STRACHAN, P.E.

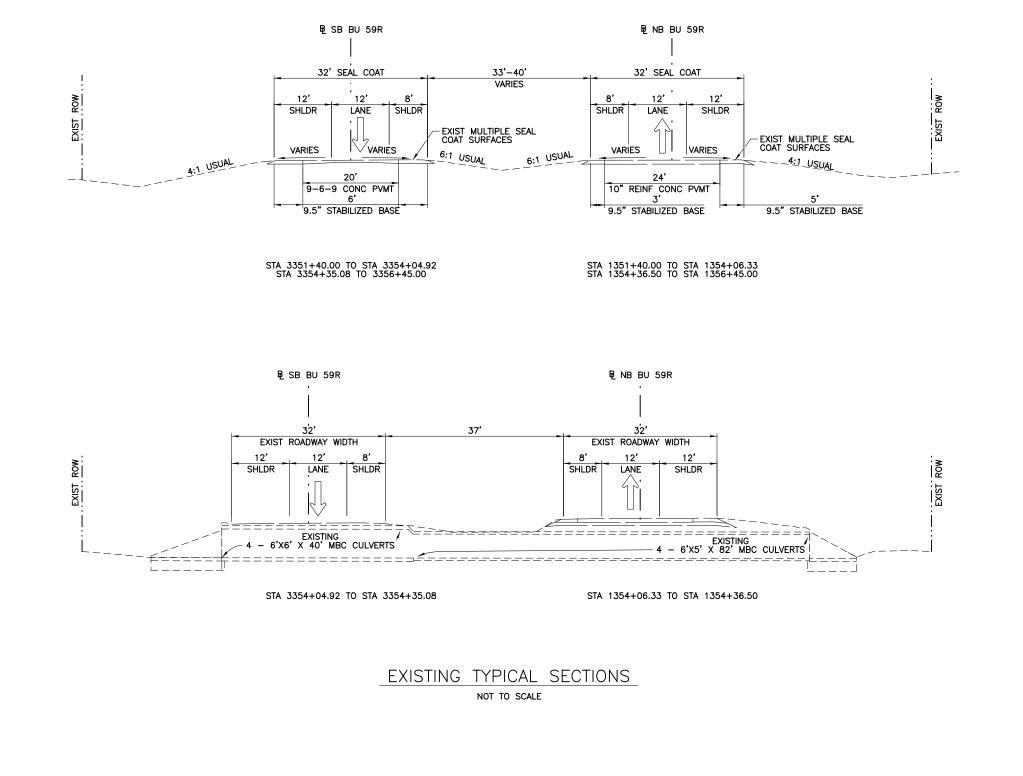
NO.	REVISION		BY	DATE
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©2023 Texas Department of Transportation BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF

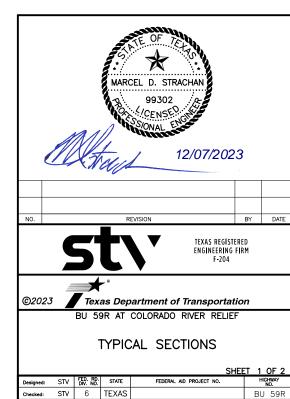
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							SHE	T 1 0F 1
Designed:	STV	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE		FEDERAL	HIGHWAY NO.		
Checked:	STV	6	TEXAS					BU 59R
Drawn:	STV	DIST.	COUNTY		CONTROL NO.	SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
Checked:	STV	YKM	WHART	ΓOΝ	0089	10	030	2



# NOTES

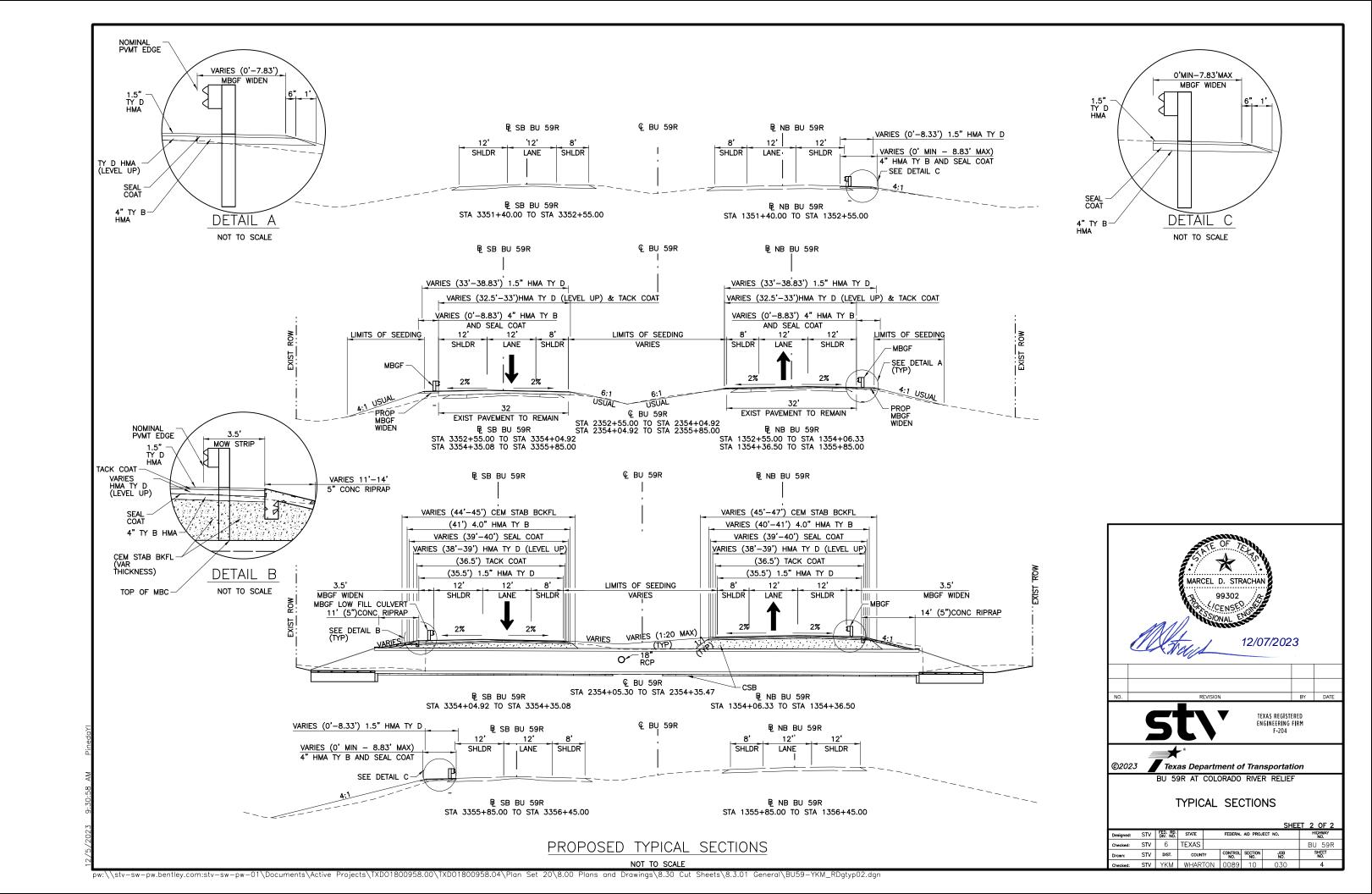
 PAYEMENT AND SHOULDER WIDTHS VARY THROUGH THE PROJECT AREA. CONTRACTOR TO MATCH EXISTING SURFACE WIDTHS.



STV DIST.

COUNTY

pw:\\stv-sw-pw.bentley.com:stv-sw-pw-01\Documents\Active Projects\TXD01800958.00\TXD01800958.04\Plan Set 20\8.00 Plans and Drawings\8.30 Cut Sheets\8.3.01 General\BU59-YKM\_RDgtyp01.dgn



Project Number: Sheet: 5

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

The Contractor is to take note that this project has Milestones for substantial completion. See Item 8 below for details.

For precast culvert installation, the contractor shall work continuously as much as possible including night time operations to reduce impact to traffic.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Ryan Simper Ryan.Simper@txdot.gov
Paul Rodriguez Jr. Paul.Rodriguez@txdot.gov

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals.

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Remove and dispose of existing raised pavement markers as directed. All work involved in the removal and disposal of these markers will not be paid for directly but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items involved.

In the removal of the surface and base material on the existing pavement, exercise extreme care in providing a smooth and uniform edge adjacent to the existing travelway pavement which is to remain in place.

Do not work on the roadway before sunrise or after sunset unless otherwise approved.

Furnish a certified copy of the legal gross weight of each vehicle hauling materials by weight and certified measurements for all trucks hauling material by volume.

Do not cross the median except at existing crossovers.

Project Number: Sheet: 5

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

Place the seeding after completion of flex base and prior to beginning next phase unless otherwise directed.

Unless otherwise approved, maintain a minimum safety clearance from the edge of the travelway for material stockpiled in proximity of traffic lanes based on the current average traffic count of the particular highway as follows:

$$0 - 1500 = 16$$
 feet  
Over  $1500 = 30$  feet

In the event the above requirements cannot be met, make arrangements to stockpile material off the right of way.

Do not store equipment or stockpile material in the median overnight unless otherwise approved.

Provide temporary pipe drains or culverts and take such other measures as directed to provide for continued drainage from all abutting property, the right of way and the roadway during construction operations. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

The Department will provide the cylinder testing machine for this project. Deliver the test specimens to the engineer's curing facilities as directed.

Do not clean out concrete trucks within the right of way.

The contractor shall field verify all existing pipe, box culvert, and safety end treatments sizes prior to fabrication of related items. All work involved with field verifying will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent items.

Contact Sparklight (CableOne) at (361) 355-2140, to coordinate work near the fiber optic line. Contact FiberLight at (989)287-2764, to coordinate work near the fiber optic line.

#### **ITEM 5: CONTROL OF THE WORK**

Where a precast or cast-in-place concrete bridge element is shown in the plans, Contractor may submit a precast concrete alternate in accordance with "Standard Operating Procedure for Alternate Precast Proposal Submission" found online at

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/highway/bridge/bridge-publications.html#design . Acceptance or denial of an alternate is at the sole discretion of the Department. Contractor is responsible for impacts to the project schedule and cost resulting from the denial or use of alternates.

Sheet B

General Notes Sheet A General Notes

Project Number: Sheet:5A

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

#### **ITEM 6: CONTROL OF MATERIALS**

To comply with the latest provisions of Build America, Buy America Act (BABA Act) of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the contractor must submit an original of the TxDOT Construction Material Buy America Certification Form for all items classified as construction materials. This form is not required for materials classified as a manufactured product. Refer to the Buy America Material Classification Sheet for clarification on material categorization.

The Buy America Material Classification Sheet is located at the below link.

https://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/materials/buy-america-material-classification-sheet.html for clarification on material categorization.

#### ITEM 7: LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Department has determined that a USACE Nationwide or Individual Permit is not necessary for the project since all work shall be conducted outside the USACE jurisdictional areas. Any impacts to these jurisdictional areas by the Contractor without a USACE permit will be the responsibility of the Contractor. If the Contractor deems it necessary to impact the USACE jurisdictional areas, then it becomes the Contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to the need for a Nationwide or Individual Permit. TXDOT will then hold the Contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved permit.

If the Contractor elects to work on a structure when the stream is flowing, near normal flow shall be maintained by a method approved by the Engineer. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

No significant traffic generator events identified.

If the contractor proposes work beyond the TxDOT obtained permit limitations, the contractor is responsible for additional costs, delays, and obtaining new or revised permits prior to construction.

All temporary construction access work and materials will not be measured or paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent items. Prior to the scheduling of a Pre-Construction Meeting, submit a Temporary Construction Access Plan to the Area Engineer and to District Environmental Staff for their approval. The Construction Plan should contain a description of the equipment, such as barges, structures, etc., which may occupy waters of the US including jurisdictional wetlands, and a detailed work schedule. No work of any kind will be allowed until the pre-construction meeting has been held.

Project Number: Sheet:5A

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

Temporary construction waterway crossings have been environmental cleared/permitted within Right of Way. Restrict construction operations in any water body to the necessary areas as shown on the plans or applicable permit, or as directed. Use temporary bridges, timber mats, or other structurally sound and non-eroding material for stream crossings. All temporary construction access materials shall be completely removed as soon as possible once temporary access is no longer required and affected areas shall be returned to preconstruction elevations and contours and revegetated in accordance with the SWP3. All work must comply with the General Conditions of the appropriate USACE permit.

#### ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

The delayed start special provision is for allowing the contractor additional time for mobilizing crews and equipment to start this project.

## This project has the following milestones:

## Milestone 1

Time charges for Milestone 1 begin when Northbound BU 59R (CSJ: 0089-10-030) traffic is shifted from its original alignment. The time charges for Milestone 1 shall end when pavement is restored and traffic is returned to original alignment. All pavement construction, traffic control devices, and safety devices shall be in their final position (or as called for in the plans for the specified phase of work) at this time.

The contractor shall have **eight (8)** working days to complete Milestone 1.

#### Milestone 2

Time charges for Milestone 1 begin when Southbound BU 59R (CSJ: 0089-10-030) traffic is shifted from its original alignment. The time charges for Milestone 2 shall end when pavement is restored and traffic is returned to original alignment. All pavement construction, traffic control devices, and safety devices shall be in their final position (or as called for in the plans for the specified phase of work) at this time.

The contractor shall have **eight (8)** working days to complete Milestone 2.

The daily road user cost for each Milestone completion shall be \$1622.

Should a Milestone be completed beyond the established number of working days, the contractor will be assessed/penalized the road user cost of \$1622 per day for each working day beyond the established number of working days.

General Notes Sheet C Sheet D

Project Number: Sheet: 5B

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

Should a Milestone be completed under the established number of working days, the contractor will be credited the road user cost of <u>\$1622</u> per working day.

After the milestones are substantially complete, the liquidated damages become those based on the contract schedule of liquidated damages.

TxDOT will supply bidders, upon written request, one electronic copy of the time determination schedule. The time determination schedule provided is for informational use only and is not intended for bidding or construction purposes.

Provide progress schedule as a Bar Chart.

#### **ITEM 110: EXCAVATION**

Remove existing vegetation, including roots and topsoil, within the grading limits to a depth of approximately 2 inches immediately before grading operations begin within any section. Place the material in a windrow on each side of the roadbed, and replace as directed on the completed slopes as soon as practicable. All topsoil excavation and the work involved in replacing the topsoil will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to the pertinent items.

#### ITEMS 110 & 132: EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

Furnish Type C embankment consisting of suitable earth material such as loam, clay or other such material that will form a stable embankment and has a plasticity index of at least 15 but not more than 40. Requirements may vary for material excavated under Item 110, "Excavation", as directed.

Removal/reworking of existing pavement is included in the excavation and embankment items.

#### ITEM 150: BLADING

Sprinkling and rolling which may be required during the operation of Item 150 will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

#### **ITEM 302: AGGREGATES FOR SURFACE TREATMENTS**

Furnish Type PE aggregate consisting of crushed slag, crushed stone or natural limestone rock asphalt.

Furnish precoated aggregate that has a residual bitumen coating target value of 1.0% by weight.

Project Number: Sheet: 5B

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

#### **ITEM 316: SEAL COAT**

The asphalt application season for this project is May 1 to September 15. Use an Emulsion instead of an Asphalt Cement as approved when the surface treatment is placed between September 15 and May 1.

The asphalt application rate shown in the plans is an average between an Asphalt Cement and an Emulsion. The type of asphalt and application rate to be used will be as directed. The approximate application rate for Asphalt Cement with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.32 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.27 Gal/SY. The approximate application rate for an Emulsion with a Grade 3 aggregate is 0.48 Gal/SY and with a Grade 4 aggregate is 0.40 Gal/SY.

#### ITEM 320: EQUIPMENT FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Provide a material transfer device capable of transferring mix from the haul trucks to the paver. Monitor its loading such that no damage is done to the existing pavement structures if a material transfer vehicle is used.

Securely attach a waterproof tarpaulin to the top of all trucks hauling ACP, to prevent air flow across the mix, for the duration of all ACP operations.

#### ITEM 351: FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR

The Engineer will select the locations. The repairs will consist of the removal of existing subgrade, base and surfacing and replacement with asphaltic concrete pavement conforming to Item 3076, Dense Graded Hot-Mix Asphalt (Exempt), Type B, PG 64-22. All work and materials required to bring the repaired pavement section to its desired depth will be considered subsidiary to the item "Flexible Pavement Structure Repair".

#### ITEM 354: PLANING AND TEXTURING PAVEMENT

Excess millings not utilized within the project will become property of the contractor.

#### ITEM 400: EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR STRUCTURES

Flexible base (Ty D) may be used for cement stabilized backfill aggregate, as approved.

#### **ITEM 427: SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE**

Provide Surface Area II, railing, and culvert headwalls and wingwalls with a Slurry Coat Finish per 427.4.3.2 for cast-in-place concrete surfaces.

General Notes Sheet E Sheet F

Project Number: Sheet: 5C

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

#### **ITEM 432: RIPRAP**

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed, riprap will be 5" deep and reinforced; reinforced toewalls 6" wide and 12" deep will be placed around the perimeter of each location.

## ITEM 462: CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS AND DRAINS

Use precast concrete boxes on this project.

#### ITEMS 464 & 467: REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE & SAFETY END TREATMENT

If required, concrete collars, as approved, will be used at pipe joints. Collars will be reinforced as directed. No direct compensation will be made for concrete collars and they will be subsidiary to the pertinent items.

#### ITEM 466: HEADWALLS AND WINGWALLS

Wingwall toe may be adjusted, as directed by the Engineer, to avoid existing utilities.

#### ITEM 467: SAFETY END TREATMENT

Precast safety end treatment sections will not be allowed.

Provide reinforced concrete riprap for all pipe safety end treatments. Round corners on safety end treatment riprap to a minimum 12 inch radius as directed. The riprap will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to Item 467.

Provide and use a form along the cut end of the pipe when placing the adjacent reinforced concrete riprap for pipe safety end treatment sections.

#### **ITEM 496: REMOVING STRUCTURES**

The removal of the existing concrete riprap protecting the existing bridge, is subsidiary to Item 496 Removing Structures, except as shown in the plans.

The removal of multiple culvert barrels at one drainage location will be paid as a single structure by the each.

Project Number: Sheet: 5C

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

#### ITEM 502: BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor Force Account "Safety Contingency" that has been established for this project is intended to be utilized for work zone enhancements, to improve the effectiveness of the Traffic Control Plan, that could not be foreseen in the project planning and design stage. These enhancements will be mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person based on weekly or more frequent traffic management reviews on the project. The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items if it does not slow the implementation of enhancement.

Provide trail and lead vehicles when using TCP(3-2) or TCP(3-3).

Utilize TCP(3-3) for sweeping operations or for installing and removing tabs or raised pavement markers.

Provide suitable warning lights mounted high enough to be visible from all directions on all construction equipment, including pilot vehicles, and operate warning lights when the equipment is within the right of way. Equip other equipment such as trucks, trailers, autos, etc., with emergency flashers and use emergency flashers while within the work area.

No additional payment will be made for relocating existing sign assemblies to temporary mounts.

Shoulder Closed (CW21-5a) is required when closing shoulder.

Provide a 3:1 slope or flatter from the pavement edge with drums in all work areas during non-working hours. If adequate width is not available to set the drums, the 3:1 edge build up shall be widened to accommodate drum placement. Labor and materials involved in this work will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

After placement of the TY B ACP, the 3:1 slope will not be required, but drums will still be required.

Signs warning of temporary conditions, such as "NO CENTER LINE," "LOOSE GRAVEL," etc., shall only be displayed when conditions are present. Remove or completely cover signs that do not apply to the roadway conditions. These signs may be installed prior to beginning work but shall remain completely covered until the signs are applicable.

In accordance with Article 502.4.2, no payment will be made for the month if the contractor fails to provide or properly maintain signs in compliance with the contract requirements. Temporary warning signs that are visible when conditions do not apply will be considered improper maintenance of signs.

General Notes Sheet G Sheet H

Project Number: Sheet: 5D

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

Provide lights to illuminate the flaggers and work area during night time operations. Class 3 garments shall be required for all workers and flaggers during night time work.

#### ITEM 504: FIELD OFFICE AND LABORATORY

Provide a Type D structure for the asphalt mix control laboratory for the engineer's exclusive use. Equip the structure with a 240 volt electrical entrance service. The service will consist of a minimum of four 120 volt circuits with 20 amp breakers and at most two grounded convenience outlets per circuit and provisions for a minimum of two 220 volt ovens. Space heaters for heating the structure are unacceptable. Portable structures will be support blocked for stability and will be tied down.

# ITEM 506: TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

- 1. See SWP3 plan sheet for total disturbed acreage.
- 2. The disturbed area in this project, all project locations in the contract, and contractor project specific locations (PSLs), within one (1) mile of the project limits, for the contract will further establish the authorization requirements for storm water discharges.
- 3. The department will obtain an authorization to discharge storm water from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the construction activities shown on the plans.
- 4. Obtain any required authorization from the TCEQ for any contractor PSLs for construction activities on or off right-of-way (ROW).
- 5. When the total disturbed area for all projects in the contract and PSLs within one (1) mile of the project limits exceeds five (5) acres, provide a copy of the contractor NOI.
- 6. Provide a signed sketch detailing the location of any contractor's PSLs on ROW or within one (1) mile of the project.

#### ITEM 540: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE

Furnish and install only one type of timber post at each location.

Furnish Type II rail elements at all locations.

Project Number: Sheet: 5D

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

# ITEMS 540 & 544: METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE AND GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

No exposed bridge rail ends or guard fence ends will be allowed after normal working hours. Complete all work at each location during the normal working day.

#### ITEM 644: SMALL ROADSIDE SIGN SUPPORTS AND ASSEMBLIES

Use Class B concrete for all small roadside sign assembly concrete footings.

The exact location of the foundations to be placed will be determined in the field by the Engineer.

Drill the holes in the signs carefully as to not damage the reflective sheeting of the signs.

Install the wedge anchor system in a concrete footing 42" in depth and 12" in diameter. Foundation should take approximately 2.7 cubic feet of concrete.

#### **ITEM 662: WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

Use raised pavement markers for removable work zone pavement markings.

#### ITEM 666: REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Use a mobile retroreflectometer to measure retroreflectivity unless otherwise directed. A DVD video of the retroreflectometer data will not be required.

Provide Type I pavement markings in accordance with this item. The requirements of this item are supplemented with the following provision: Place Type I pavement markings with a ribbongun application. All other provisions remain in effect.

Retroreflectivity testing is required for all profile striping.

#### ITEM 3076: DENSE-GRADED HOT-MIX ASPHALT

Quantities shown for asphaltic concrete level-up are based on the average amount of material needed to bring depressed areas up to a desired grade and are shown on an average square yard basis. Place the level-up courses as directed.

Tie HMACP tapers to a vertical transition joint created by the milling operation at the beginning and ending transitions and at all exceptions, or as directed. Provide a temporary HMACP taper at vertical joints until overlay operations begin. Milling and HMACP work will not be paid for directly but will be considered subsidiary to this item.

General Notes Sheet I General Notes Sheet J

Project Number: Sheet: 5E

County: Wharton Control: 0089-10-030

Highway: BU 59R

Mixture designs, using the PG binder originally specified and without additives, failing to meet the requirements of Table 10 will require the addition of a minimum 1.0% of Type A hydrated lime based on dry weight of the total aggregate.

Use of RAS in the HMACP surface course is not permitted.

Do not add additional quantity of RAP to stockpiles tested and approved. If additional RAP is added to a stockpile, a new design and trial batch will be required prior to placement on the roadway.

The extracted aggregate from contractor-owned RAP shall have a minimum of 85% two crushed faces when tested in accordance with TEX-460-A, Part I.

#### ITEM 6001: PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN

Provide Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) for the duration of the project. Locations and messages or other miscellaneous uses of PCMS, shall be as approved or directed by the Engineer.

# ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR (TMA) AND TRAILER ATTENUATOR (TA)

Shadow vehicle(s) with TMA are set up for stationary and/or mobile operations. The contractor will be responsible for determining if operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

The TMA/TA used for installation/removal of traffic control for a work area will be subsidiary to the TMA/TA used to perform the work.

General Notes Sheet K



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0089-10-030

**DISTRICT** Yoakum BU 59R

**COUNTY** Wharton

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	0089-10	-030		
		PROJ	ECT ID	A00183	902		TOTAL
		C	OUNTY	Whart	on	TOTAL EST.	
			HWAY	BU 59			FINAL
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	104-6001	REMOVING CONC (PAV)	SY	112.000		112.000	
	110-6001	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	CY	51.000		51.000	
	132-6005	EMBANKMENT (FINAL)(ORD COMP)(TY C)	CY	251.000		251.000	
	150-6002	BLADING	HR	16.000		16.000	
	164-6003	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	SY	6,115.000		6,115.000	
	164-6009	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	SY	1,529.000		1,529.000	
	164-6011	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	SY	1,529.000		1,529.000	
	168-6001	VEGETATIVE WATERING	MG	52.000		52.000	
	316-6249	AGGR(TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	CY	22.000		22.000	
	316-6400	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR OR CRS-2P)	GAL	940.000		940.000	
	351-6025	FLEX PAVEMENT STRUCTURE REPAIR (8"-15")	SY	375.000		375.000	
	354-6051	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV (0" TO 1 1/2")	SY	958.000		958.000	
	400-6005	CEM STABIL BKFL	CY	242.000		242.000	
	400-6006	CUT & RESTORING PAV	SY	270.000		270.000	
	402-6001	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	268.000		268.000	
	403-6001	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	SF	2,532.000		2,532.000	
	432-6002	RIPRAP (CONC)(5 IN)	CY	31.200		31.200	
	462-6012	CONC BOX CULV (6 FT X 5 FT)	LF	536.000		536.000	
	464-6003	RC PIPE (CL III)(18 IN)	LF	16.000		16.000	
	466-6153	WINGWALL (FW - 0) (HW=6 FT)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	467-6359	SET (TY II) (18 IN) (RCP) (4: 1) (P)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	496-6001	REMOV STR (BOX CULVERT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	4.000		4.000	
	506-6001	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	506-6011	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	LF	120.000		120.000	
	506-6038	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	LF	80.000		80.000	
	506-6039	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (REMOVE)	LF	80.000		80.000	
	540-6001	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	LF	375.000		375.000	
	540-6020	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	LF	25.000		25.000	
	544-6001	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)	EA	4.000		4.000	
	644-6060	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS(P)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	644-6076	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM	EA	1.000		1.000	
	658-6047	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y)(WC)GND	EA	4.000		4.000	
	658-6061	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW)SZ 1(BRF)GF2	EA	10.000		10.000	
	662-6063	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	LF	4,460.000		4,460.000	
	662-6095	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	LF	3,480.000		3,480.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Wharton	0089-10-030	6



# **Estimate & Quantity Sheet**

**CONTROLLING PROJECT ID** 0089-10-030

**DISTRICT** Yoakum **HIGHWAY** BU 59R

**COUNTY** Wharton

Report Created On: Dec 19, 2023 11:54:02

		CONTROL SECTIO	0089-1	0-030			
		PROJI	ECT ID	A0018	3902		
		cc	COUNTY				TOTAL FINAL
		HIG	HWAY	BU 5	9R		1110/12
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	666-6343	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(W)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	1,740.000		1,740.000	
	666-6347	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I(Y)6"(SLD)(100MIL)	LF	2,230.000		2,230.000	
	677-6001	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")	LF	3,970.000		3,970.000	
	3076-6001	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22	TON	191.000		191.000	
	3076-6041	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG70-22	TON	349.000		349.000	
	3076-6043	D-GR HMA TY-D PG70-22 (LEVEL-UP)	TON	242.000		242.000	
	3076-6066	TACK COAT	GAL	500.000		500.000	
	6001-6002	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	4.000		4.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	80.000		80.000	
	6185-6005	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)	DAY	16.000		16.000	
	18	SAFETY CONTINGENCY: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PARTICIPATING)	LS	1.000		1.000	
		EROSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE: CONTRACTOR FORCE ACCOUNT WORK (PART)	LS	1.000		1.000	



DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Yoakum	Wharton	0089-10-030	6A

Jone
P
12:35:23
12/9/2023

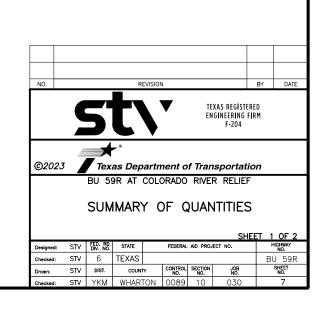
		1.5	s" TY D H	MA	4'	"TYBHN	IΑ	0150 ①	0316 (SI	AL COAT)	0351	0354 ①	3076	3076	3076	3076
ITEM DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	DEPTH	BEGIN WIDTH	END WIDTH	DEPTH	BLADING	AGGR(TY-PE GR-4 SAC-B)	ASPH (AC-15P OR AC-10-2TR OR CRS-2P)	FLEX PAVEMENT STRUCTURE	PLANE ASPH CONC PAV	D-GR HMA TY-B PG64-22	D-GR HMA TY-D SAC-A PG70-22	D-GR HMA TY-D PG70-22 (LEVEL-UP)	TACK COAT
									1 CY/130 SY	0.34 GAL/SY	REPAIR (8"-15")	(0 10 1 1/2)	440 LB/SY	165 LB/SY	110 LBS/SY/IN	0.06 GAL/S
	FT	FT	FT	IN	FT	FT	IN	HR	CY	GAL	SY	SY	TON	TON	TON	GAL
													4" TY B	1.5" HMA		
SJ: 0089-10-030 - US 59-R @ COLORADO RIVER RELIEF																
NB BU 59R				1.5					0.7	0.0				4		
A 1351+40.00 TO STA 1351+90.00	50	2.25	8.08	1.5	3.00	8.83	4		0.3	9.8			8	4		20
A 1351+90.00 TO STA 1351+95.00		8.08	8.08	1.5	8.83	8.83	4		0.1	1.6			2	1 1		3
A 1351+95.00 TO STA 1352+45.00	50	8.08	5.75	1.5	8.83	6.50	4		0.3	13.1			10	3		<u>26</u> 5
A 1352+45.00 TO STA 1352+55.00	10	5.75	5.75	1.5	6.50	6.50	4		0.1 4.7	2.2		196	2	75	07	
A 1352+55.00 TO STA 1354+06.33 BRIDGE		36.25	35.75	1.5	6.5	6.5	4		4./	205.9 40.8		196	25 27	75 15	27 12	66 74
A 1354+36.50 TO STA 1354+55.00	30.17 18.5	35.75	35.75	1.5 1.5	36.25	36.50	4		0.6	25			3	10	13	9
A 1354+56.50 TO STA 1354+55.00 A 1354+55.00 TO STA 1355+00.00	45	35.75	35.75	1.5	6.5	6.5	4		1.5	62.8			9	23	33	23
A 1355+00.00 TO STA 1355+05.00	- 45	35.75	38.08	1.5	6.00	8.83	7		0.2	7.2			2	3	33	3
A 1355+05.00 TO STA 1355+85.00	80	38.08 38.08	38.08 32.75	1.5	8.83 8.83	8.83	4		2.5	107.1		190	12	39	60	32
A 1333+03.00 TO 31A 1333+03.00	- 00	36.06	32./3	1.5	6.63	<u> </u>	T		2.5	107.1		190	12	39	00	32
SB BU 59R																
A 3352+55.00 TO STA 3353+35.00	80	33.25	38.08	1.5	3	8.83	4		2.5	107.8		392	12	40	24	32
A 3353+35.00 TO STA 3353+40.00	5	38.08	38.08	1.5	8.83	8.83	4		0.2	7.2		552	2	3	- '	3
A 3353+40.00 TO STA 3353+90.00	50	38.08	35.75	1.5	8.83	6.5	4		1.6	69.8			10	26	14	26
A 3353+90.00 TO STA 3354+04.92		35.75	35.75	1.5	6.5	6.5	4		0.5	20.2			3	8	15	7
BRIDGE	30.17	35.75	35.75	1.5	36.50	36.50	4		1	40.8			27	15	10	74
A 3354+35.08 TO STA 3355+85.00		35.75	35.75	1.5	6.5	6.5	4		4.6	202.5		180	24	74	35	65
A 3355+85.00 TO STA 3355+90.00	5	5.75	5.75	1.5	6.50	6.50	4		0.1	1.1			1	1 1		3
A 3355+90.00 TO STA 3356+40.00	50	5.75	8.08	1.5	6.50	8.83	4		0.3	13.1			10	5		26
A 3356+40.00 TO STA 3356+45.00	5	8.08	8.08	1.5	9.08	8.83	4		0.1	1.6			2	1		3
PROJECT TOTAL								16	22	940	375	958	191	349	242	500

SUMMARY OF ROADWAY ITEMS			
	540	540	544
LOCATION	MTL W-BEAM GD FEN (TIM POST)	MTL W - BEAM GD FEN (LOW FILL CULVERT)	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT (INSTALL)
	LF	LF	EA
CSJ: 0089-10-030 - BU 59R @ COLORADO RIVER RELIEF			
NB BU59R SHEET 1 OF 1	200		2
SB BU59R SHEET 1 OF 1	175	25	2
PROJECT TOTALS	375	25	4

SUMMARY OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL ITEMS									
SUMMART OF WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL HEMS	104	400	402	403	662	662	6001	6185	6185
LOCATION	REMOVING CONC (PAV)	CUT & RESTORING PAV	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	TEMPORARY SPL SHORING	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (W)4"(SLD)	WK ZN PAV MRK REMOV (Y)4"(SLD)	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	TMA (STATIONARY)	TMA (MOBILE OPERATION)
	SY	SY	LF	SF	LF	LF	EA	DAY	DAY
CSJ: 0089-10-030 - BU 59R @ COLORADO RIVER RELIEF									
PHASE 1	48	65	56	672	1115	870			
PHASE 2	64	70	72	672	1115	870			
PHASE 3		55	70	684	1115	870			
PHASE 4		80	58	504	1115	870			
PHASE 5			12						
PROJECT TOTALS	112	270	268	2532	4460	3480	4	80	16

SUMMARY OF REMOVAL ITEMS	
	496
LOCATION	REMOV STR (BOX CULVERT)
	EA
REMOVE EXISTING 4-6'X6' MBC X 40' TO 4-5' MBC X 82'	
PROJECT TOTALS	1

	464	467
LOCATION	RC PIPE (CL III) (18 IN)	SET (TY II (18 IN) (RCP) (4: 1) (P)
	LF	EA
PROPOSED LATERALS AT MEDIAN STA 2354+00 & STA 2354+41		
PROJECT TOTALS	16	2



UMMARY OF BRIDGE ITEMS		NBI:		08910282
	400	432	462	466
LOCATION	CEM STABIL BKFL	RIPRAP (CONC) (5 IN)	CONC BOX CULV (6FT X 5FT)	WINGWALL (FW - 0 (HW=6 FT
	CY	CY	LF	EA
BEGIN STA 2354+05.30 TO END STA 2354+35.47				
PROJECT TOTALS	242	31.2	536	2

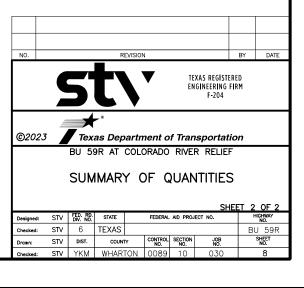
	658	658	644	644
LOCATION	INSTL DEL ASSM (D-SW) SZ 1(BRF) GF2	INSTL OM ASSM (OM-2Y) (WC) GND	IN SM RD SN SUP&AM TYTWT(1)WS (P)	REMOVE SN RD SN SUP&AM
	EA	EA	EA	EA
BEGIN STA 2351+40.00 TO END STA 2356+45.00				
NB BU 59R SHEET 1 OF 1	5	2		
SB BU 59R SHEET 1 OF 1	5	2	1	1
PROJECT TOTALS	10	4	1	1

UMMARY OF PAVEMENT MARKING ITEMS	666	666	677
LOCATION	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I (W)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	REF PROF PAV MRK TY I (Y)6"(SLD) (100MIL)	ELIM EXT PAV MRK & MRKS (4")
	LF	LF	LF
BEGIN STA 2351+40.00 TO END STA 2356+45.00			
NB BU59R	870	1115	1985
SB BU59R	870	1115	1985
PROJECT TOTALS	1740	2230	3970

SUMMARY OF EROSION CONTROL ITEMS									
	164	164	164	166*	168	506	506	506	506
LOCATION	BROADCAST SEED (PERM) (RURAL) (CLAY)	BROADCAST SEED (TEMP) (WARM)	BROADCAST  SEED (TEMP) (COOL)	FERTILIZER	VEGETATIVE WATERING	ROCK FILTER DAMS (INSTALL) (TY 1)	ROCK FILTER DAMS (REMOVE)	TEMP SEDMT CONT FENCE (INSTALL)	TEMP SEDMI CONT FENCE (REMOVE)
	SY	SY	SY	TON	MG	LF	LF	LF	LF
BEGIN STA 2351+40.00 TO END STA 2356+45.00				500 LBS/AC	13.6 MG/AC/3MO				
PROJECT TOTALS	6115	1529	1529	0.32	52	120	120	80	80

\* FOR CONTRACTOR INFO ONLY

SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK ITEMS		
LOCATION	110	132
	EXCAVATION (ROADWAY)	EMBANKMEN (FINAL) (ORD COMP (TY C)
	CY	CY
CSJ: 0089-10-030 - US 59-R @ COLORADO RIVER RELIEF		
2351+40.00		
2351+65.00	2	1
2351+90.00	2	2
2352+15.00	2	1
2352+10.00	2	i
2352+40.00	6	1
2352+90.00	8	5
2353+15.00	5	10
2353+40.00	2	19
2353+65.00	1	28
2353+90.00	1	77
2354+15.00	'	- ''
2354+40.00		
2354+65.00	3	15
2354+90.00	5	15
2355+15.00	3	12
2355+40.00		7
2355+65.00	3	7
2355+90.00	3	21
2356+15.00	2	29
2356+40.00	1	
PROJECT TOTALS	51	251



			SUMMARY	OF SMA	LL SIG	SNS				
NO.	ATION NO	IOMENCLATURE	DESCRIPTION	DIMENSIONS	POST TYPE  FRP = Fiberglass	POSTS	ANCHOR TYPE	MOUN PREFABRICATED P = "Plain" T = "T"	ITING DESIGNATION  1EXT or 2EXT = # of Ext BM = Extruded Wind Beam WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel EXAL= Extruded Alum Sign Panels	WS(P)
1 235	53+85	W6-2	DIVIDED HIGHWAY ENDS	36" X 36"	TWT	1	ws	Р		1

	SIGN	N REMO	OVAL SUMMARY		
SIGN NO.	LOCATION STATION	NOMENCL A TURE	DESCRIPTION	DIMENSIONS	REMOVE SM RD SN SUP&AM
1	2353+85	W6-2	DIVIDED HIGHWAY ENDS	36" X 36"	1
			CSJ 008	9-10-030 PROJECT TOTALS	1



Traffic Operations Division Standard

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

SOSS

LE: sums16.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	T×DOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT May 1987	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		н	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0089	10	030		BU	J 59R
-16 -16	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.
. •	YKM		WHARTO		9	

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE

THIS NARRATIVE IS SUPPLEMENTAL TO THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN (TCP) SHEETS IN THE PLANS. THE TCP SHEETS DETAIL A GENERAL PLAN FOR CONSTRUCTION PHASING AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS PER TXDOT BC STANDARDS, TXDOT TCP STANDARDS AND AS SHOWN IN TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS FOR THE PROJECT LIMITS. EXISTING CONFLICTING SIGNS SHALL BE COVERED OR REMOVED, STORED AND REPLACED ASNEEDED.

CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXISTING UTILITIES AND NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF ANY CONFLICTS DISCOVERED.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN THE TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES AND ALL DEVICES USED SHALL BE IN GOOD CONDITION AND CLEARLY VISIBLE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SAFE ALL—WEATHER ACCESS AT ALL TIMES TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE VERTICAL TRANSITIONS AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT DROP OFFS AND ASSURE SMOOTH TRANSITION OF TRAFFIC BETWEEN COMPLETED WORK AREAS.

#### BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT PHASE 1-2

TRAFFIC: MAINTAIN ONE-LANE OF TRAFFIC UNTIL THE MULTI-BOX CULVERTS ARE INSTALLED AND PAVEMENT HAS BEEN RESTORED TO EXISTING ELEVATION/GRADES. CONSTRUCTION:

- 1. PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS, OPEN TRENCH SIGNING AND BARRICADES AS SHOWN IN THE STANDARDS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. PLACE ALL SIGNING PER TXDOT BC STANDARDS.
- 3. SHIFT NORTHBOUND TRAFFIC AS SHOWN IN PLANS. BEGIN MILESTONE 1.
- PARTIALLY REMOVE EXISTING CULVERT AND CONSTRUCT PRECAST PORTIONS OF PROPOSED CULVERT INCLUDING PHASE 1 AND 2.
- 5. RESTORE PAVEMENT WITH CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL AND 4" TY B MATCHING THE EXISTING PAVEMENT ELEVATION/GRADES.
- 6. RETURN TRAFFIC TO EXISTING LANE ALIGNMENT. END MILESTONE 1.

#### BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT PHASE 3-4

TRAFFIC: MAINTAIN ONE—LANE OF TRAFFIC UNTIL THE MULTI—BOX CULVERTS ARE INSTALLED AND PAVEMENT HAS BEEN RESTORED TO EXISTING ELEVATION/GRADES.

- 1. PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS, OPEN TRENCH SIGNING AND BARRICADES AS SHOWN IN THE STANDARDS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. PLACE ALL SIGNING PER TXDOT BC STANDARDS.
- 3. SHIFT SOUTHBOUND TRAFFIC AS SHOWN IN PLANS. BEGIN MILESTONE 2.
- PARTIALLY REMOVE EXISTING CULVERT AND CONSTRUCT PRECAST PORTIONS OF PROPOSED CULVERT INCLUDING PHASE 3 AND 4.
- 5. RESTORE PAVEMENT WITH CEMENT STABILIZED BACKFILL AND 4" TY B MATCHING THE EXISTING PAVEMENT ELEVATION/GRADES.
- 6. RETURN TRAFFIC TO EXISTING LANE ALIGNMENT. END MILESTONE 2.

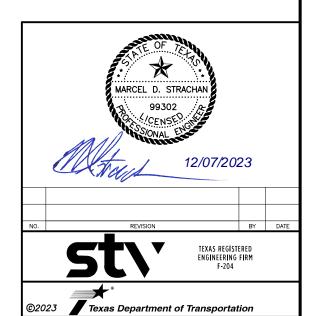
#### BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT PHASE 5

TRAFFIC: MAINTAIN ONE—LANE OF TRAFFIC TO COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING: CONSTRUCTION:

- COMPLETE CULVERT WINGWALLS, LATERAL PIPES, TY D HMA, AND MBGF CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. UPON COMPLETION OF CULVERT ENDS AND MBGF, USE DAYTIME LANE SHIFTS AND MOBILE TRAFFIC CONTROL OPERATIONS TO PLACE SEAL COAT, TY D LEVEL—UP, TACK COAT AND TY D HMA SURFACE. PLACE PERMANENT PAVEMENT MARKINGS ALONG THE ENTIRE PROJECT.
- STABLIZE THE SITE WITH SEEDING, REMOVE BMP'S AND TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

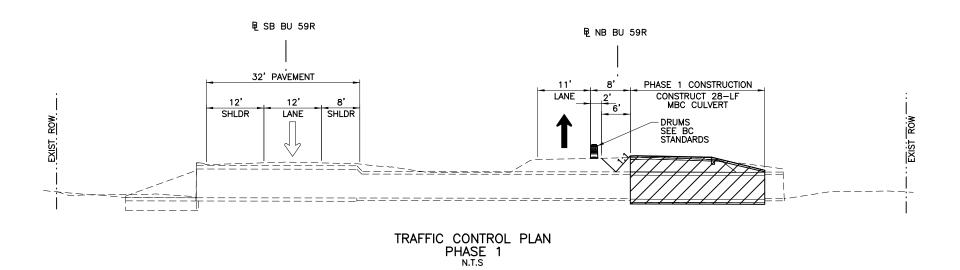
#### NOTES

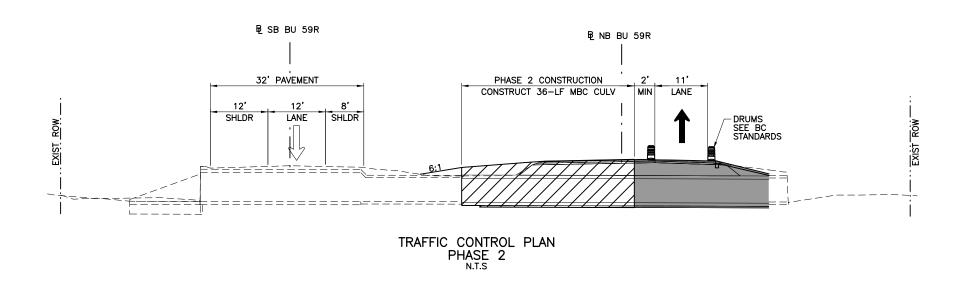
- . SEE TXDOT STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL SIGN AND BARRICADE INFORMATION.
- 2. SEE "BC STANDARDS" FOR SIGN SPACING (X).
- 3. SEE TCP TYPICAL SECTIONS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAIL FOR MORE INFO.
- CONTRACTOR TO UTILIZE TMAS PER TCP STANDARDS WHEN 30' WIDE CLEAR ZONE CANNOT BE MAINTAINED.



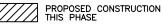
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN NARRATIVE

BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF





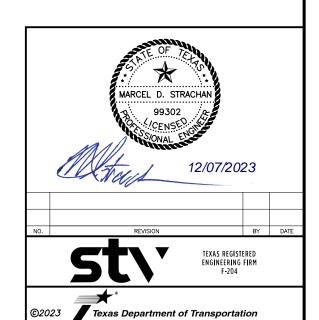
# **LEGEND**





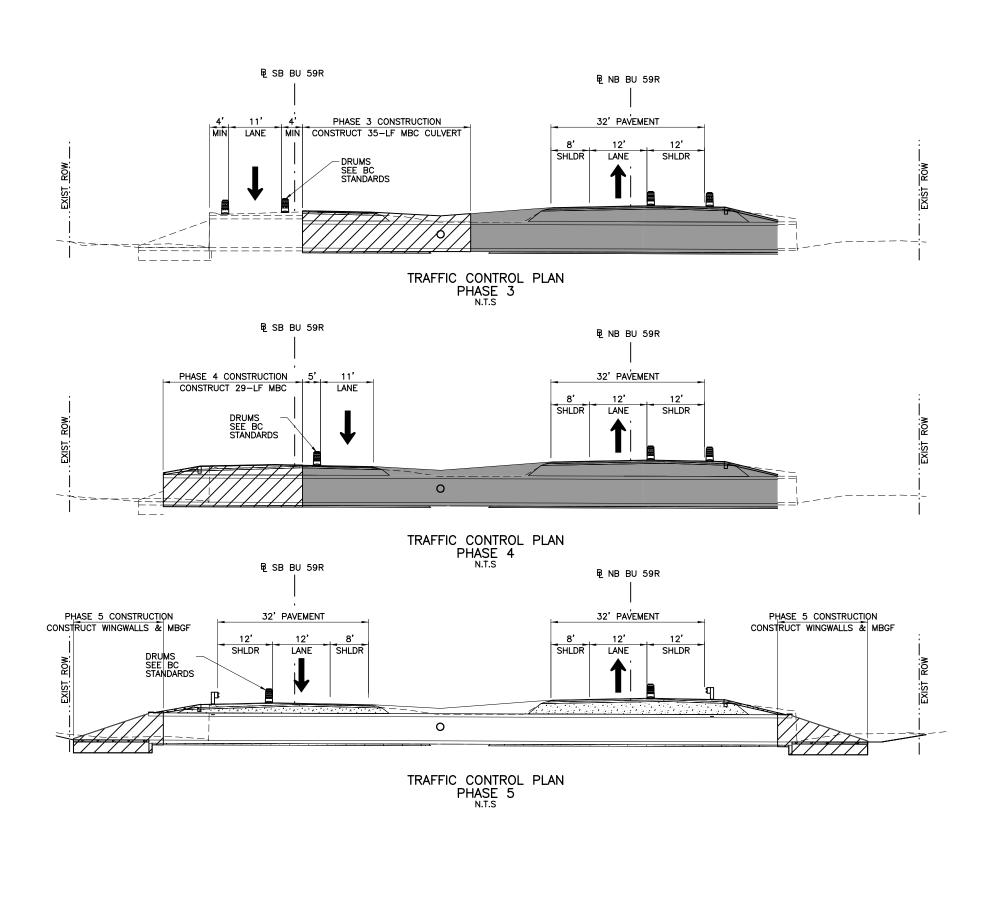
#### **NOTES**

- SEE TXDOT STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL SIGN AND BARRICADE INFORMATION.
- 2. SEE "BC STANDARDS" FOR SIGN SPACING (X).
- 3. SEE TCP NARRATIVE AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAIL FOR MORE INFO.
- 4. CONTRACTOR TO UTILIZE TMAS PER TCP STANDARDS WHEN 30' WIDE CLEAR ZONE CANNOT BE MAINTAINED.
- 5. USE STEEL PLATES TO COVER OPEN JOINTS IN CULVERT DECK, AS DIRECTED. THIS WILL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO RELATED ITEMS.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL SECTIONS

BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF



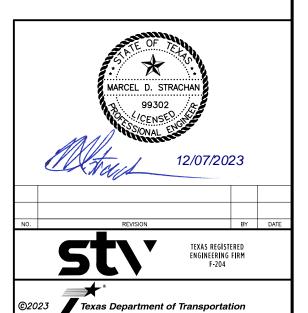


PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION THIS PHASE

CONSTRUCTION PREVIOUS PHASE

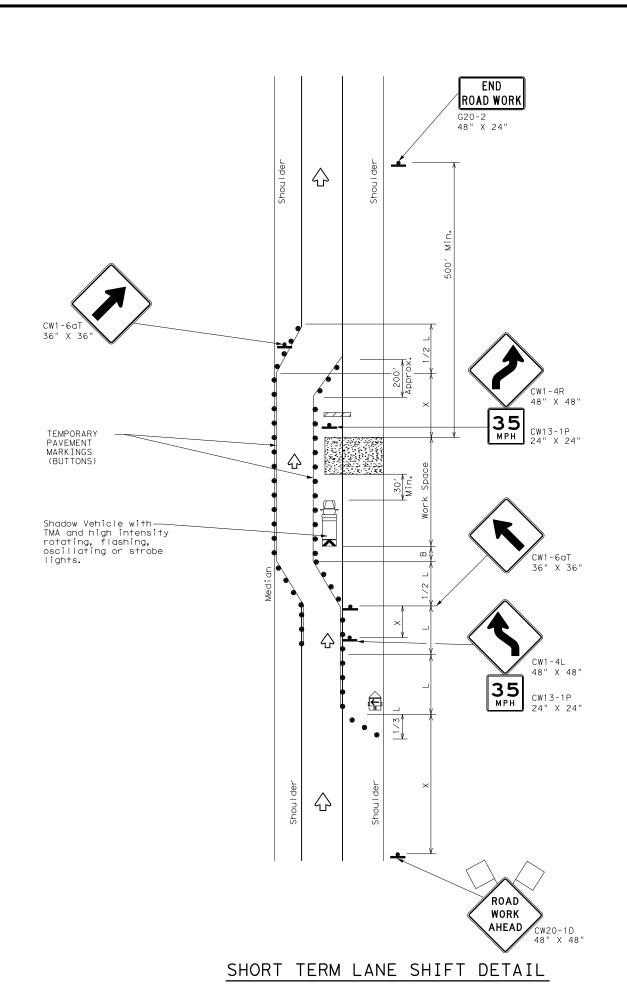
# <u>NOTES</u>

- SEE TXDOT STANDARDS FOR ADDITIONAL SIGN AND BARRICADE INFORMATION.
- 2. SEE "BC STANDARDS" FOR SIGN SPACING (X).
- 3. SEE TCP NARRATIVE AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAIL FOR MORE INFO.
- CONTRACTOR TO UTILIZE TMAS PER TCP STANDARDS WHEN 30' WIDE CLEAR ZONE CANNOT BE MAINTAINED.
- 5. USE STEEL PLATES TO COVER OPEN JOINTS IN CULVERT DECK, AS DIRECTED. THIS WILL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO RELATED ITEMS.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TYPICAL SECTIONS

BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF



	LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>F</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
•	Sign	\forall \forall \forall \tag{7}	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Lo	Flagger							

Posted Speed	Formula	* * *			Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	, ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	00	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	_ "5	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

\* Conventional Roads Only

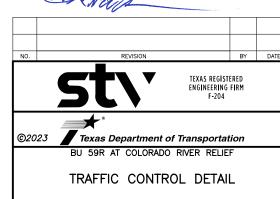
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THIS TRAFFIC CONTROL IS INTENDED FOR USE DURING PRECAST BOX CULVERT INSTALLATION FOR DURATIONS NOT EXCEEDING 5 DAYS. RESTORE PAVEMENT AND RETURN TRAFFIC TO ORIGINAL ALIGNMENT AS SOON AS PRACTICAL.
- 2. EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.





- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

#### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

#### COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

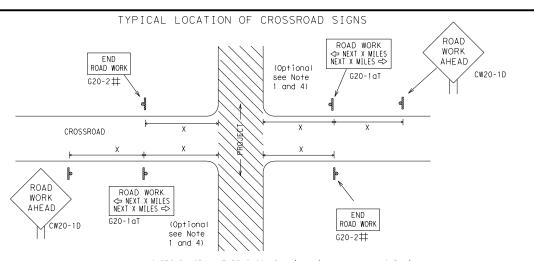
SHEET 1 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **GENERAL NOTES** AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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- $\mbox{$\sharp$}$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)
- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

BEGIN T-INTERSECTION ★ ★ G20-9TP ZONE ★ X R20-5T FINES DOLIBL X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ARE PRESEN ROAD WORK <⇒ NEXT X MILES FND \* X G20-26T WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY  $\Rightarrow$ G20-16TR NEXT X MILES € ROAD WORK 80' Limit WORK ZONE G20-26T X X min BEGIN WORK  $\times$   $\times$  G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE ROAD WORK G20-2

#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING  $^{1.5.6}$ 

#### SI7F

onventional|Expressway/ Freeway 48" × 48' 48" x 48' 48" x 48' 36" x 36'

Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"	
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)	
30	120	
35	160	
40	240	
45	320	
50	400	
55	500 ²	
60	600 ²	
65	700 ²	
70	800 ²	
75	900 ²	
80	1000 2	
*	* 3	

SPACING

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

48" x 48'

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

#### GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW201 CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7, CW8,

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

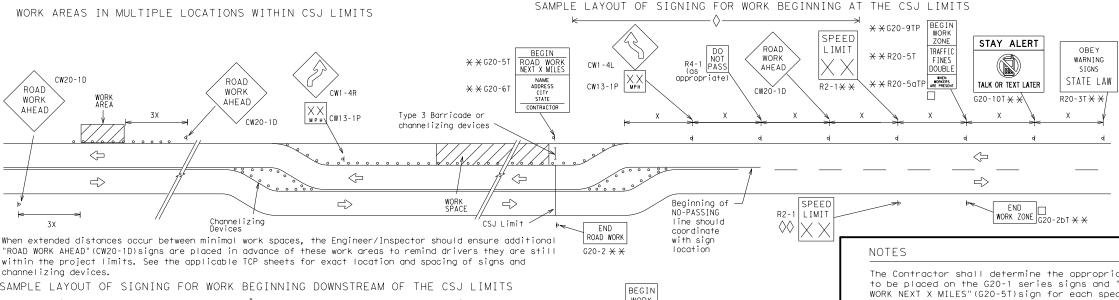
CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.

48" x 48'

- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



★ ★G20-9TF

¥ ¥R20-5T

★ ¥ R20-5aTP

SPEED

LIMI.

-CSJ Limi

R2-1

ROAD WORK

CONTRACTOR

**X X** G20-5T

 $\times \times G20-6T$ 

END ROAD WORK

G20-2 \* \*

ROAD

WORK

⅓ MILE

CW20-1E

ROAD

WORK

AHFAD

CW20-1D

CW1 - 4

CW13-1P

Channelizing

ZONE

TRAFFIC

DOUBLE

SPEED R2-1

LIMIT

FINES

STAY ALERT

TALK OR TEXT LATER

END

WORK ZONE G20-25T \*

OBEY

SIGNS

STATE LAW

 $\triangleleft$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

R20-3

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND							
—	Type 3 Barricade						
000	Channelizing Devices						
•	Sign						
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.						

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2) - 21

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ROAD

CLOSED R11-2

Type 3

devices

B

Barricade or

channelizing

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. LIMITS Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.

Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for additional advance signing.

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

G20-5aP

See General

(750' - 1500')

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

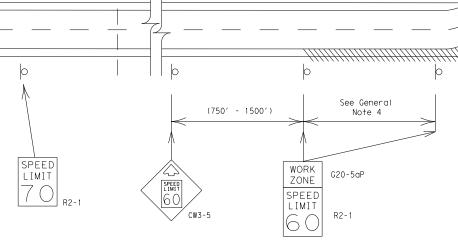
G20-5aP

R2-1

CSJ LIMITS

SPEED

LIMIT



#### GUIDANCE FOR USE:

Signing shown for one direction only.

See BC(2) for

additional advance

signing.

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### GENERAL NOTES

WORK

ZONE

SPEED LIMIT

16 (

G20-5aP

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

SPEED

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

See General Note 4

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

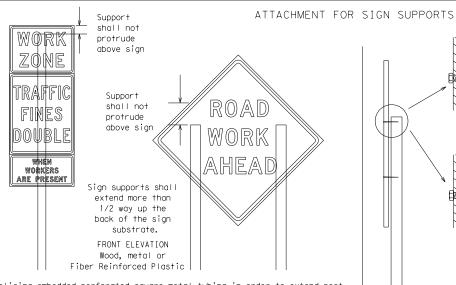
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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12′ min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. XX MPH 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 0'-6' 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6.0' min. 9.0' max. greater Paved Paved 15110/ shou I der shou I der

> \* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

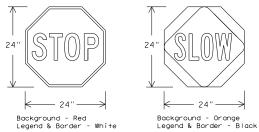
Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

sign supports

## STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING RE	QUIREMEN <sup>-</sup>	TS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM

#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- 2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

#### DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
  - Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
  - Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
  - Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
  - e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

#### SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

#### SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- 2. Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

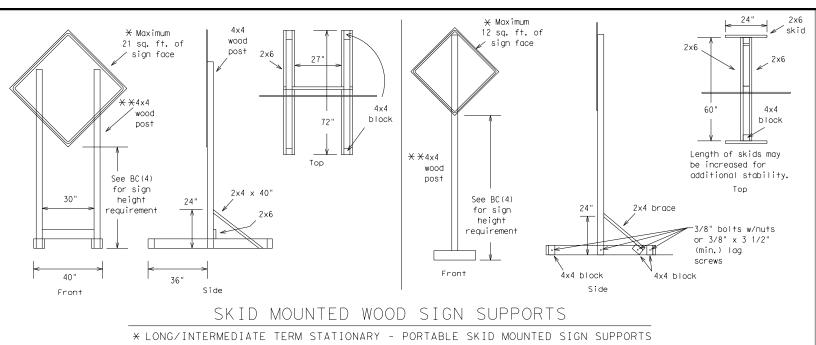
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weld, do not

back fill puddle.

- weld starts here



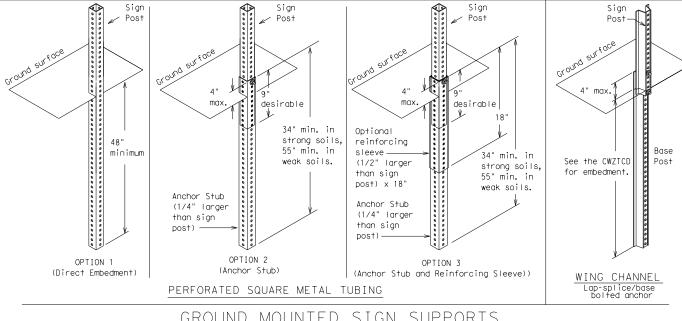
-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

SKI

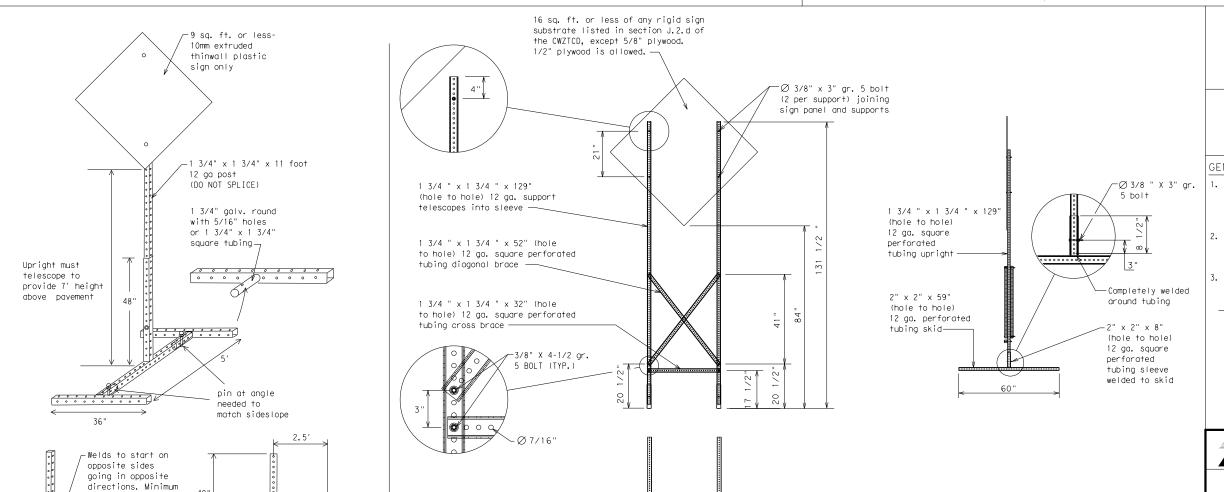
SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View



# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



## WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

#### OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- 2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - \* Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

#### SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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D	MOUNTED	PERFO	RATED	SQUARE	STEEL	_ TUB	3 I NG	SIGN	N SUPF	ORTS
	* LONG/INT	ERMEDIATE	TERM STA	ATIONARY -	PORTABLE	SKID MO	DUNTED	SIGN S	JPPORTS	

32′

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sian.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction		Parking	PKING
Ahead	CONST AHD	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level Maintenance	LWR LEVEL MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES (The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

## Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List Other Condition List										
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT							
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT							
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY							
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC							
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE							
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST							
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC							
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT							
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN							
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES							
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT							
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT							
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK							
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT							
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN							

EXIT RIGHT LN US XXX CLOSED TO BE XXXX FT FXIT CLOSED X MILES TRAFFIC MALL X LANES LANES DRIVEWAY CLOSED SIGNAL SHIFT TUE - FRI CLOSED XXXX FT

XXXXXXXX BLVD \* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Pl CLOSED

BLIMP

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		Effect on Travelist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
*	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
Phase 2.	STAY IN LANE *		* * \$	See Application Guideline	s Note 6.

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## WORDING ALTERNATIVES

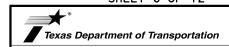
- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

#### SHEET 6 OF 12

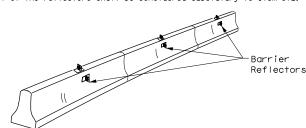


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

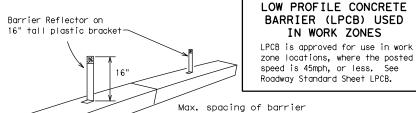
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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
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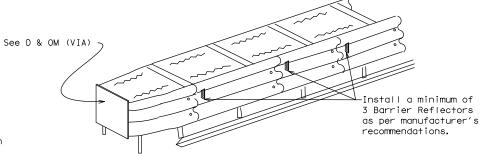
#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



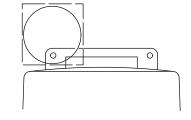
#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

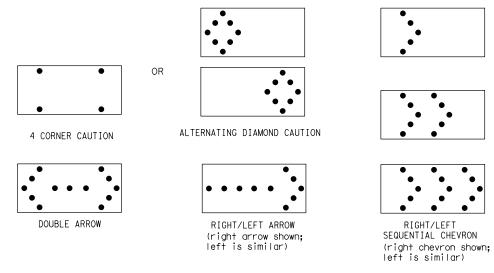
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.

- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow. 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS										
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE								
В	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile								
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile								

ATTENTION								
Flashing Arrow Boards								
shall be equipped with								
automatic dimmina devices.								

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs. 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- n the plans 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure
- without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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9-07	8-14	DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
7-13	5-21	VKM	WHADTON				20	

# GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

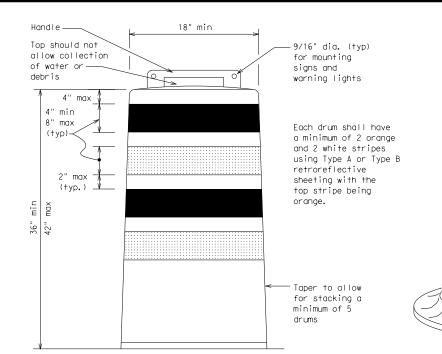
9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.

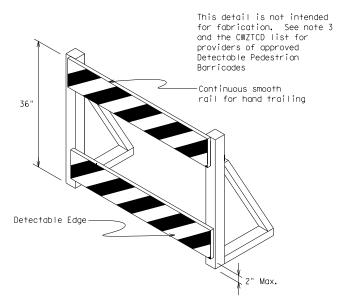
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CWI-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $\mathsf{B}_{\mathsf{FL}}$  or Type  $\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

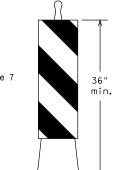


Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

Rigid

Support

8" to 12"

1

36"

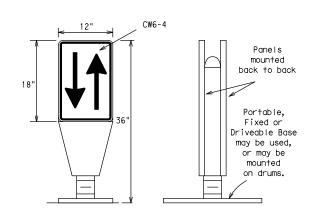
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

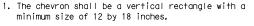


**PORTABLE** 

(Rigid or self-righting)

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{\mathsf{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\mathsf{FL}}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

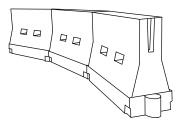


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFL or Type CFL conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD)
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final payement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH. urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- 5. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Leng **	le	Spacir Channe			
		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′		
35	L= WS	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50´	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55 <i>′</i>	110′		
60	L 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>′</i>	130′		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

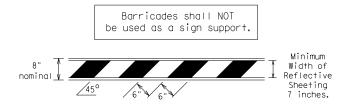
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

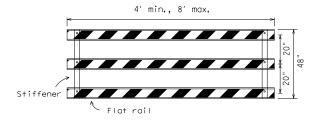
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

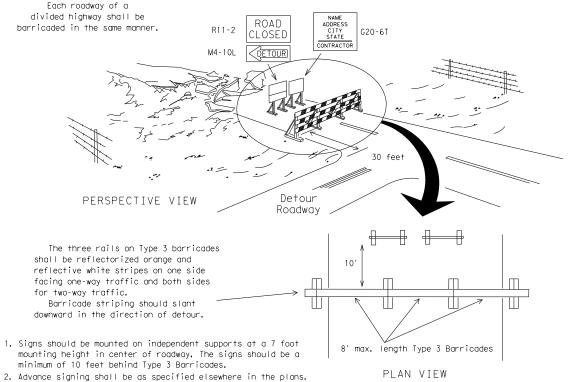


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



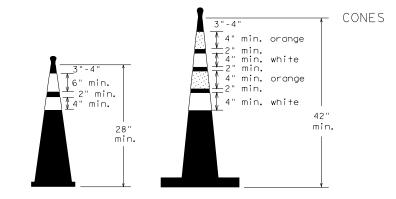
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

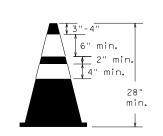


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light work or yellow warning reflector um of two dru across the v Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 A mi and maximum of 4 drums)

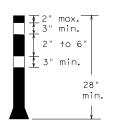


Two-Piece cones



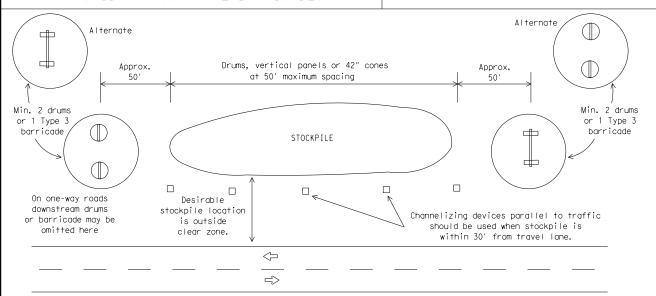
PLAN VIEW

One-Piece cones



CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

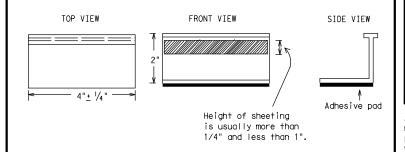
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- 5. Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

## Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- 2. All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.
- Guidemarks shall be designated as:
  YELLOW (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
  WHITE (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



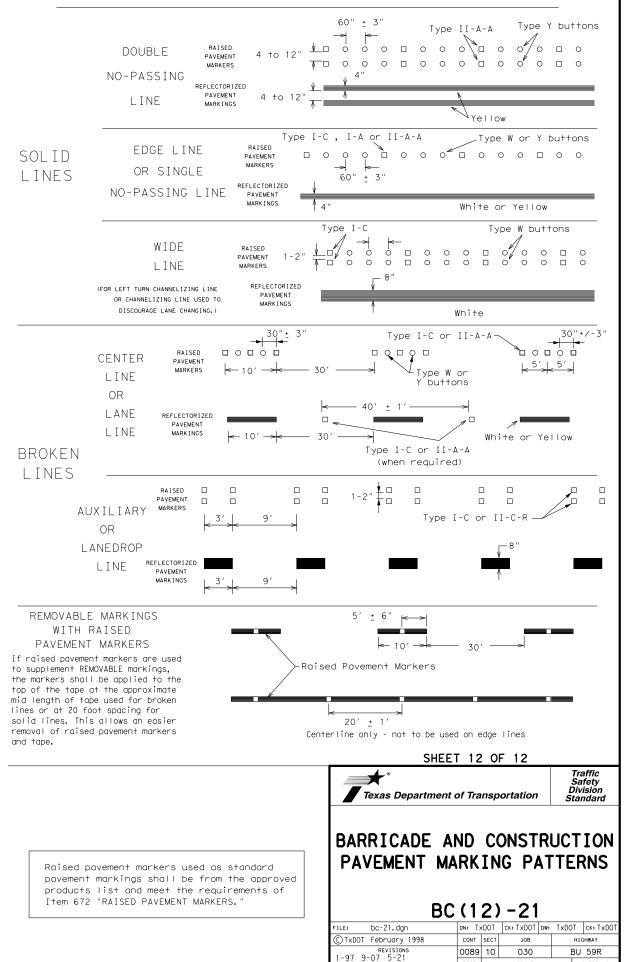
Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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#### PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-An 10 to 12" <u>¥</u>□000□000<del>|</del>1000□0 Yellow RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A -Type II-A-A 000000000000000 Type Y 4 to 8" Type II-A-Abuttons-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons--Type I-C or II-C-R Yellow Type I-A-Type Y buttons Type I-A Type Y buttons 5> Yellow White Type W buttons-─Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type W buttons--Type I-C 0000 0000 White / ∕-Type II-A-A Type Y buttons , \_ o o o \_ o o o \_ o o o \_ o o \_ ₹> 5 Type W buttons-RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type W buttons -Type I-Cпорог попоп Type Y buttons 0000 4> 0000 Type W buttons--Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



2-98 7-13 11-02 **8-14** 

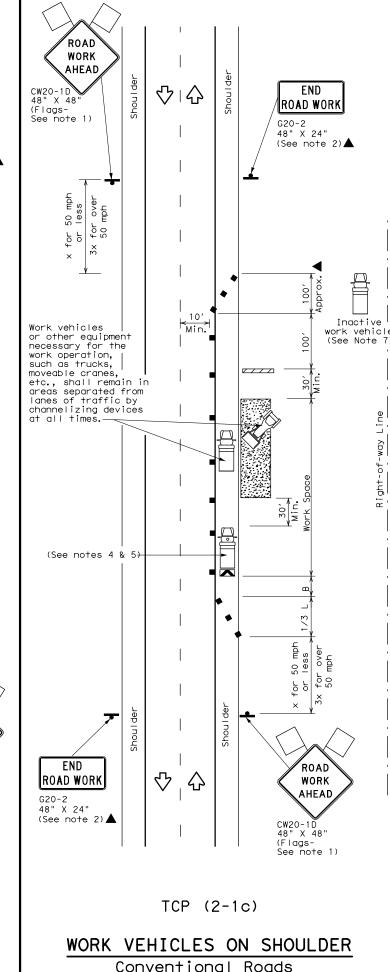
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WHARTON

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STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS



	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	L	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	, WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^{-}}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- 113	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- X Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	✓	✓	✓	✓				

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from peacest traveled way.
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

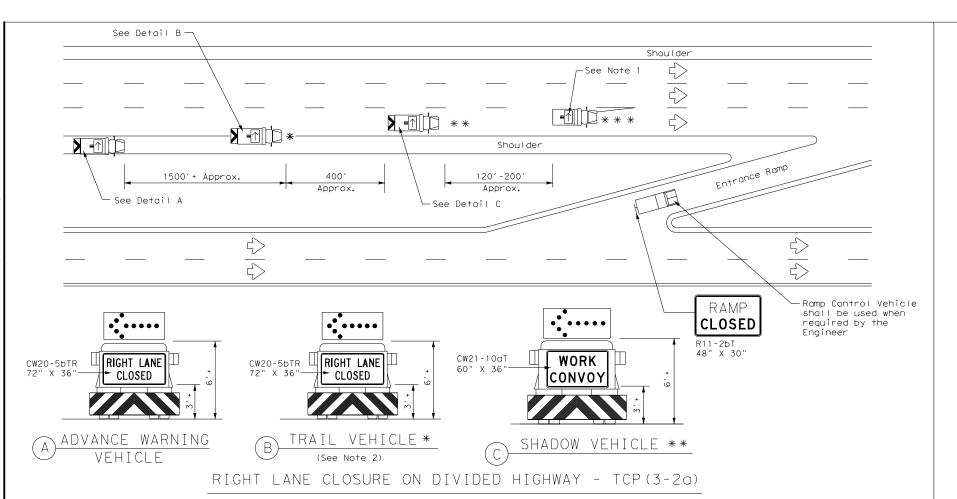
Texas Department of Transportation

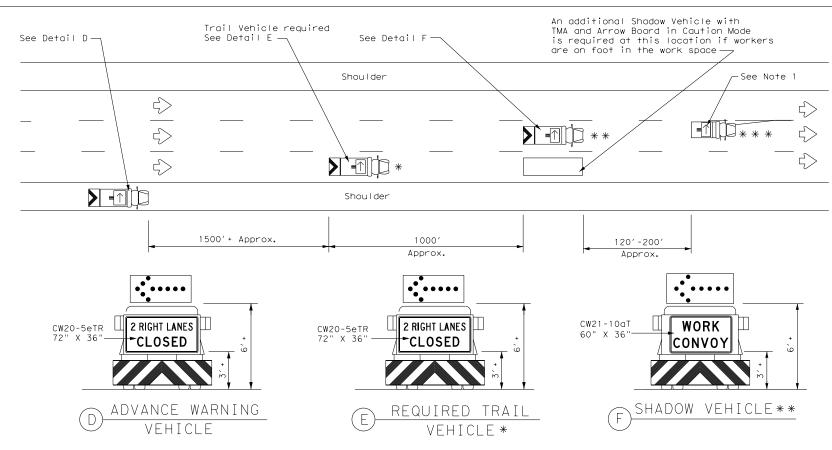
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

Traffic Operations Division Standard

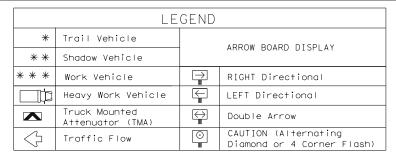
TCP(2-1)-18

ILE: tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		1	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0089	10	030 E		В	3U 59R
2-94 4-98 3-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97 2-18	YKM		WHARTC	)N		26





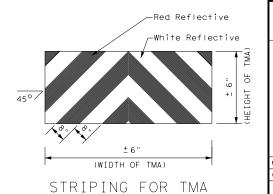
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-2b)



	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	277727772							
1										

#### GENERAL NOTES

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- 2. For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- 3. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- . The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- 5. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- . Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp frequency.
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



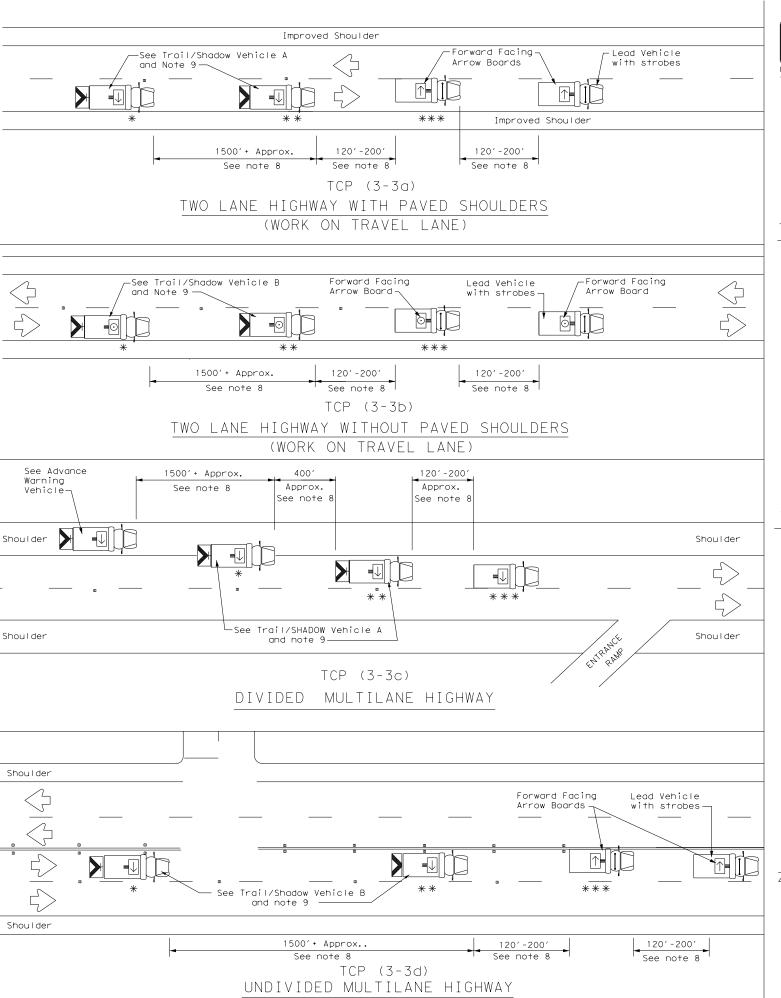


Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) -13

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TxDOT December 1985	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS -94 4-98	0089	10	0 030			59R
-94 4-96 -95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
-97	YKM		WHARTO	N		27

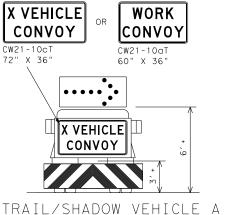


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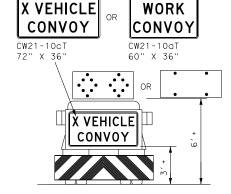
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is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act".

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with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

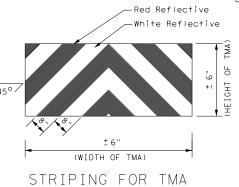


# TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



	LEGEND									
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY								
* * *	Work Vehicle		RIGHT Directional							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	$\Box$	Double Arrow							
$\triangleleft$	Traffic Flow	<u></u>	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	LE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
1								

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.

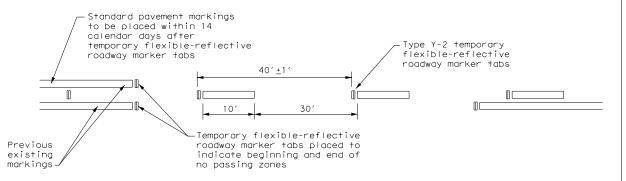
  2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- 4. Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
  7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WŎRK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10cT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on
- TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10.For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ **REMOVAL** TCP(3-3)-14

	_	•		•		
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© TxDOT September 1987	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	0089	10	030		BU	59R
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14	YKM	KM WHARTON				28



# TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

#### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- 3. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard povement markings are installed.

#### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

#### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- . Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
			✓	✓			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- . The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- 2. The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

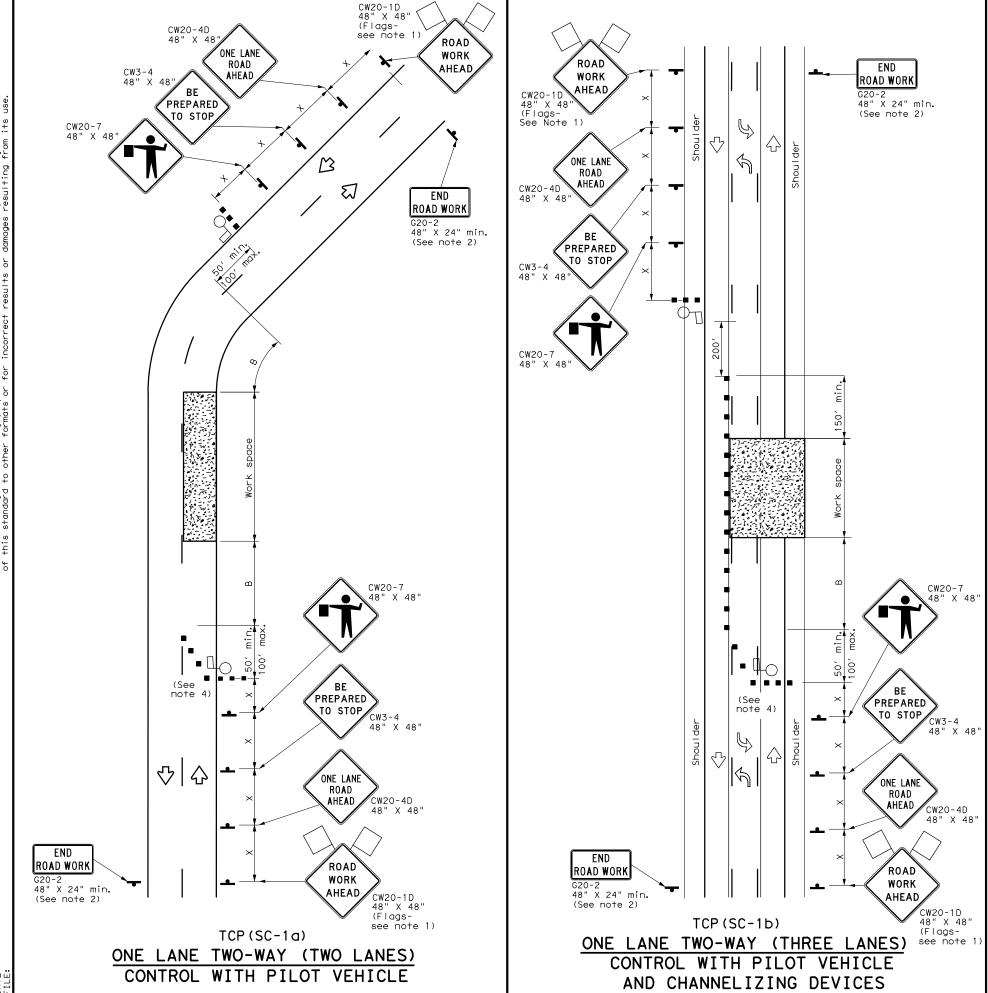


Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP (7-1) -13

FILE:	tcp7-1.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>DW:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ck: TxDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxD0T	March 1991	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY		IGHWAY			
	REVISIONS	0089	10	030		В	J 59R
4-92 4-98		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-13	)	YKM		WHARTC	N		29



LEGEND									
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend *X	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Sign Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"	
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

imes Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	✓	✓							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times for traffic control coordination.
- 5. Flaggers should use 24" STOP (CW20-8) / SLOW (CW20-8aT) paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.
- If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 7. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personnel (flaggers) at the intersection.
- 8. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 9. The pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone. The pilot car shall have an identification name displayed and PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

## TCP (SC-1a)

 Channelizing devices on the centerline are not required when a pilot car is leading traffic, unless directed by the Engineer. SHEET 1 OF 8

Traffic Safety Division Standard

Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS ONE-LANE TWO-WAY

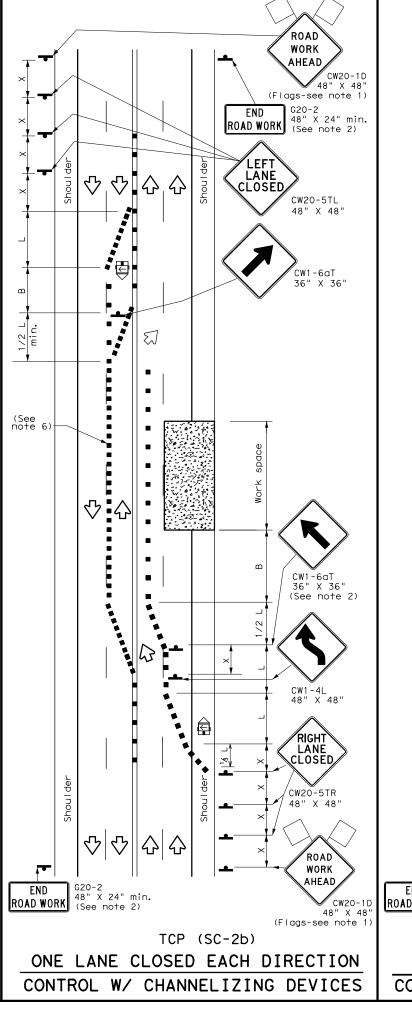
TCP (SC-1) -22

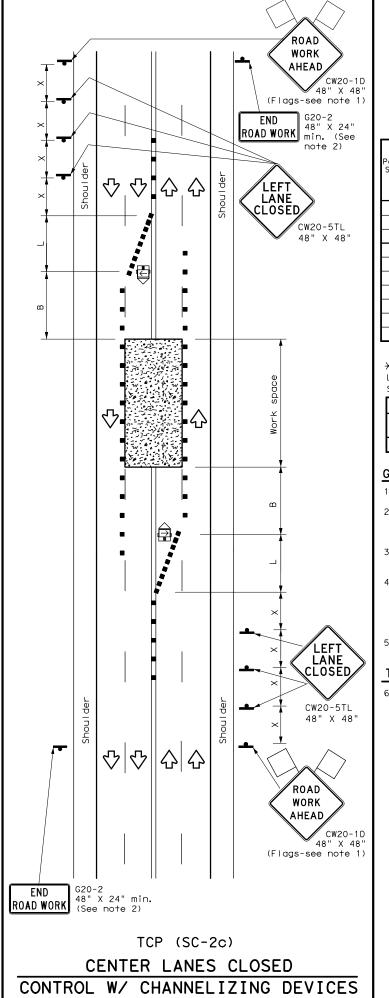
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10-22			DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
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TCP (SC-2a)

ONE LANE CLOSED EACH DIRECTION

CONTROL W/ CHANNELIZING DEVICES





	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
1	Sign	∜	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	L	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	* *			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
<del>*</del>		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"	
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35		205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50 <i>′</i>	100′	400′	240′	
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- X Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT)
- S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	<b>√</b>							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- . Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- The ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personnel (flaggers) at the intersection.
- Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

#### TCP (SC-2a) and (SC-2b)

- 6. Channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic shall be spaced on tapers at:
  - a.) 20 feet;
  - b.) 15 feet when posted speeds are 35 mph or slower; or
  - c.) at 1/2(S) for tangent sections.
- This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

SHEET 2 OF 8



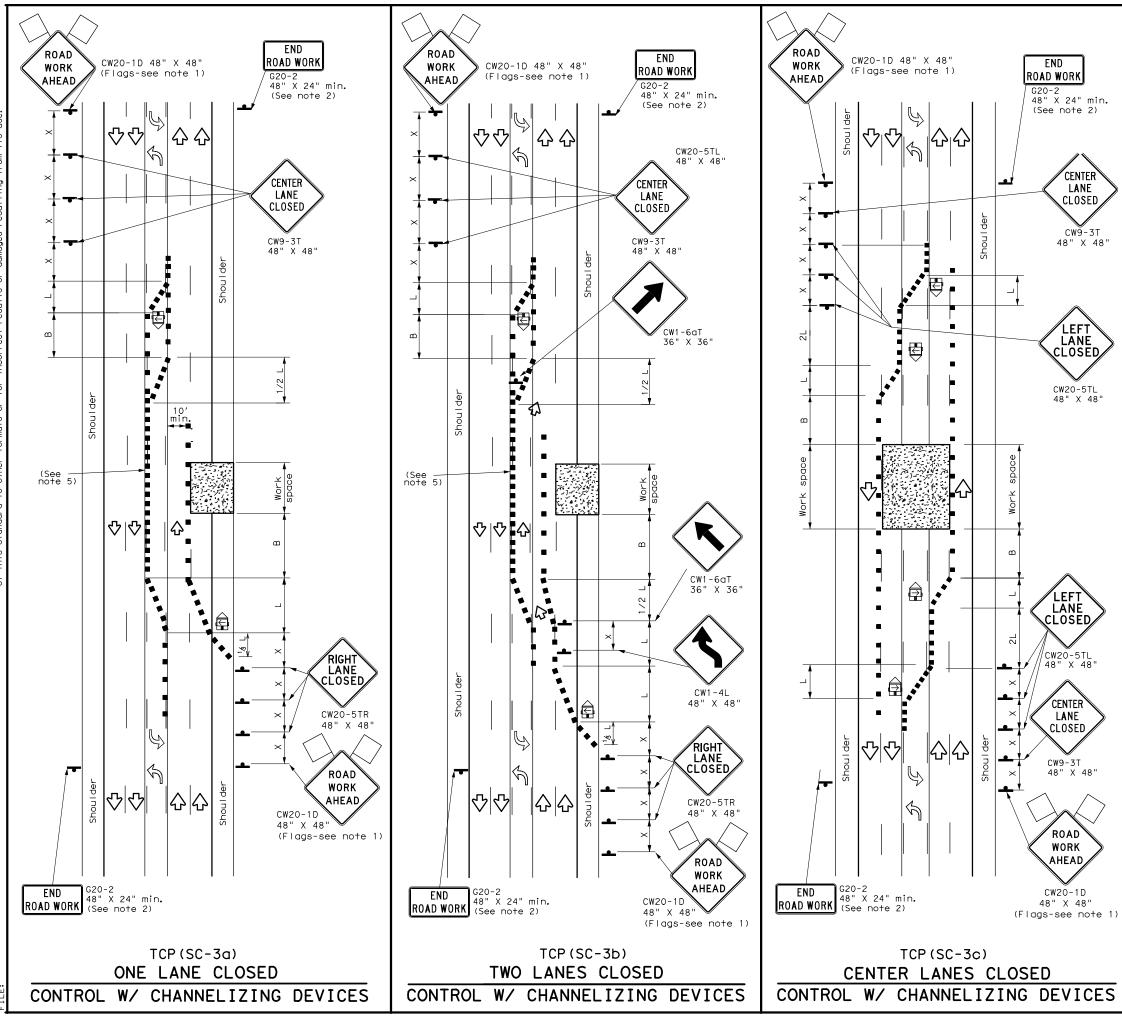
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEALCOAT OPERATIONS MULTILANE ROADS (UNDIVIDED)

TCP (SC-2) -22

FILE:	tcpsc-2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	CHWAY
	0089	10	030		BU	59R	
4-21		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10-22		YKM		WHARTO	)N		31

218



	LEGEND							
Z / / / /	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	L	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Leng <del>XX</del>	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10′ Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	0n a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"	
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	$L = \frac{WS^{-}}{60}$	205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

X Conventional Roads Only

\*\*X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT)

S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- 3. If the seal coat operation crosses intersections, traffic in these areas must be controlled. Care must be taken to prevent vehicles from crossing the asphalt before the aggregate is placed. This may require positioning additional traffic control personal (flaggers) at the intersection.
- 4. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.

#### TCP (SC-3a) and (SC-3b)

5. Channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic shall be spaced on tapers at: a.) 20 feet;

b.) 15 feet when posted speeds are 35 mph or slower; or c.) at 1/2(S) for tangent sections.

This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

SHEET 3 OF 8



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS MULTILANE ROADS (W/ CENTER LEFT TURN LANE)

TCP(SC-3)-22

ILE: tcpsc-3-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
◯TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		H [ GHWAY
REVISIONS	0089	10	030		BU 59R
4-21	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
10-22	YKM		WHARTO	N	32

	LEGEND							
Ī		Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
ĺ		Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
ĺ	•	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow				
	$\Diamond$	Flag		Flagger				

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len <del>X X</del>	le	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing Distance	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"X"	"B"	
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150′	165′	180′	30′	60′	120′	90′	200′
35		205′	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40		265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55		550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L=WS	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L = Length of Taper (FT) W = Width of Offset (FT) S = Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	<b>√</b>	✓						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except: if project signing is present, END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign is optional with approval by the Engineer.
- $\bf 3.$  Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication at all times for traffic control coordination.
- 4. Flaggers should use 24" STOP (CW20-8) / SLOW (CW20-8aT) paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.
- 5. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 6. Temporary rumble strips are not required on seal coat operations.
- 7. The pilot car is used to guide vehicles through traffic control zone. The pilot car shall have an identification name displayed and PILOT CAR, FOLLOW ME (G20-4) sign or message board mounted in a conspicuous position on rear.

SHEET 4 OF 8

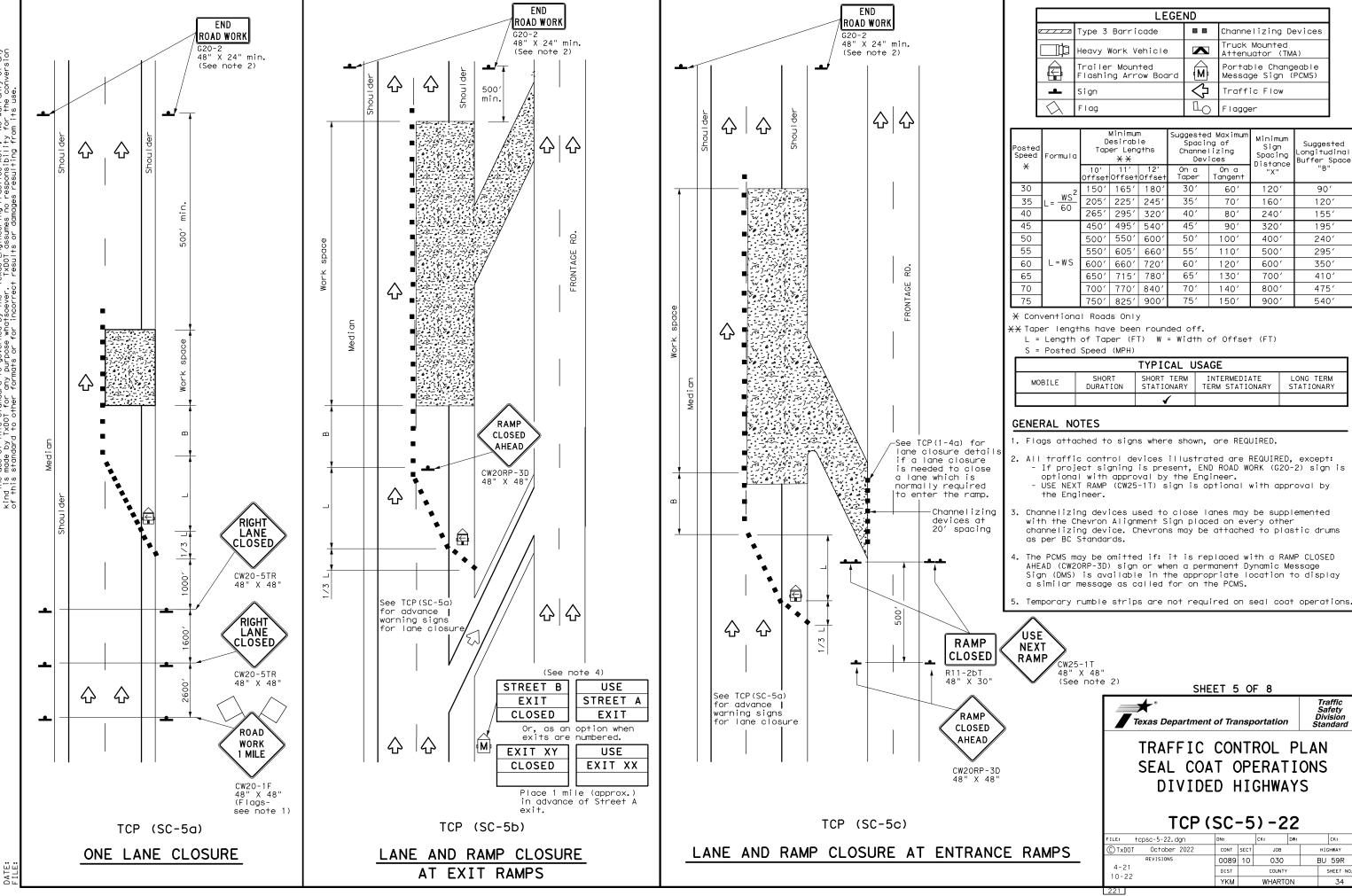
Texas Department of Transportation

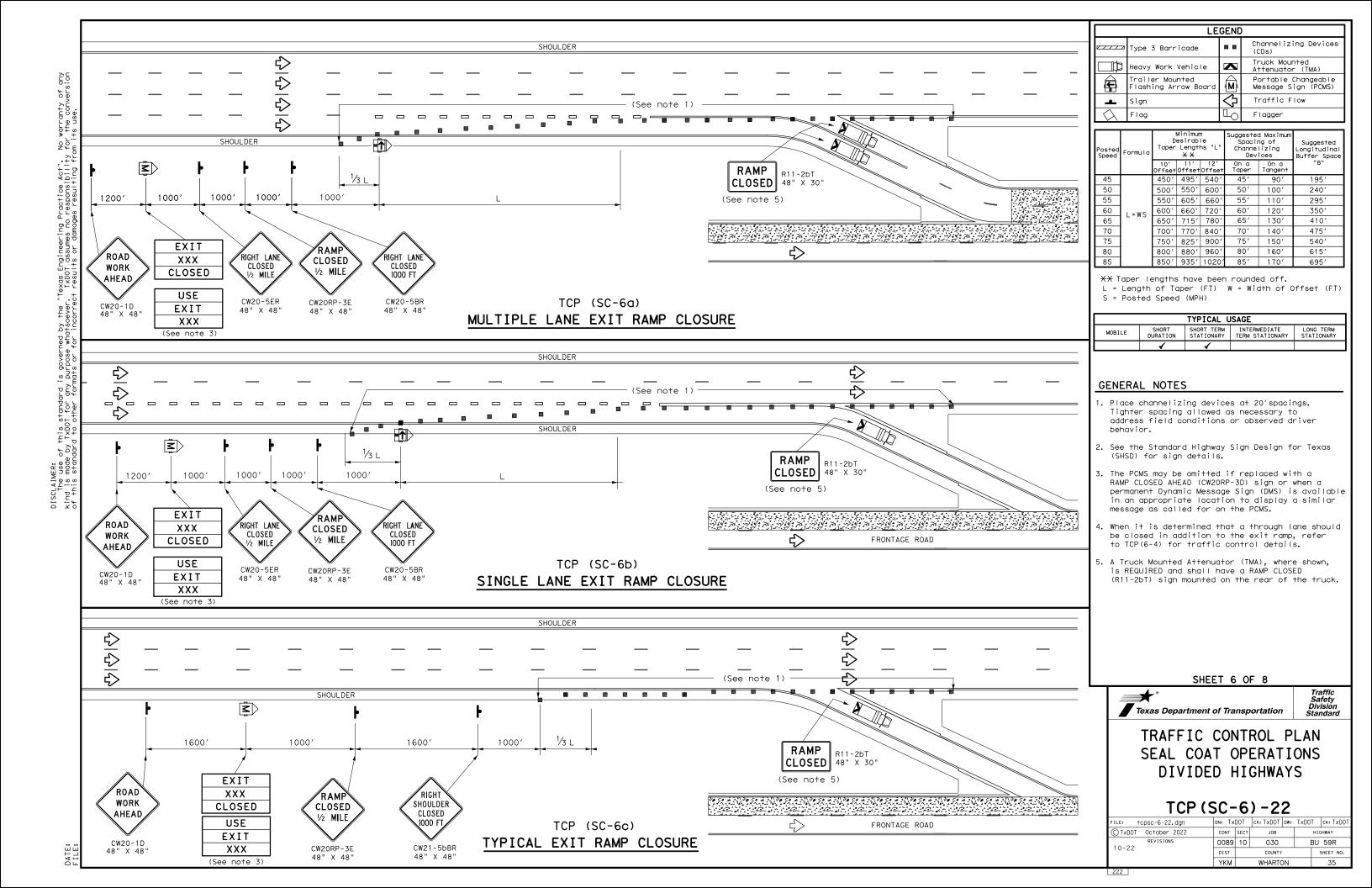
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEAL COAT OPERATIONS NEAR INTERSECTION

TCP(SC-4)-22

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10-22	YKM		WHARTO	N		33

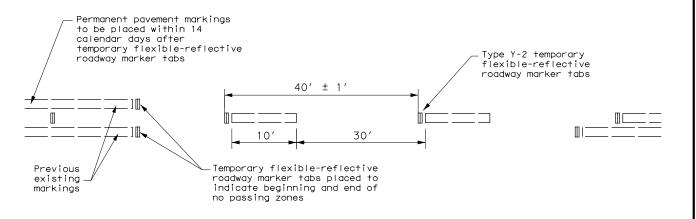




20' ± 1'

Type W

#### TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS



#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS

- 1. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs with protective cover unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the protective cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- 2. Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with a yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 3. Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadway volumes exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of these devices should be planned for.
- 4. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low- beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 5. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 4.
- 6. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 7. Tabs shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.

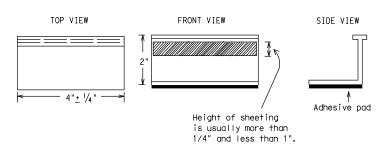
#### NOTES:

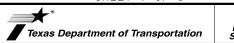
- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 2. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped, place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are NOT acceptable.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch, unless otherwise noted.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

 DMSs referenced above may be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov
 SHEET 7 OF 8







# TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

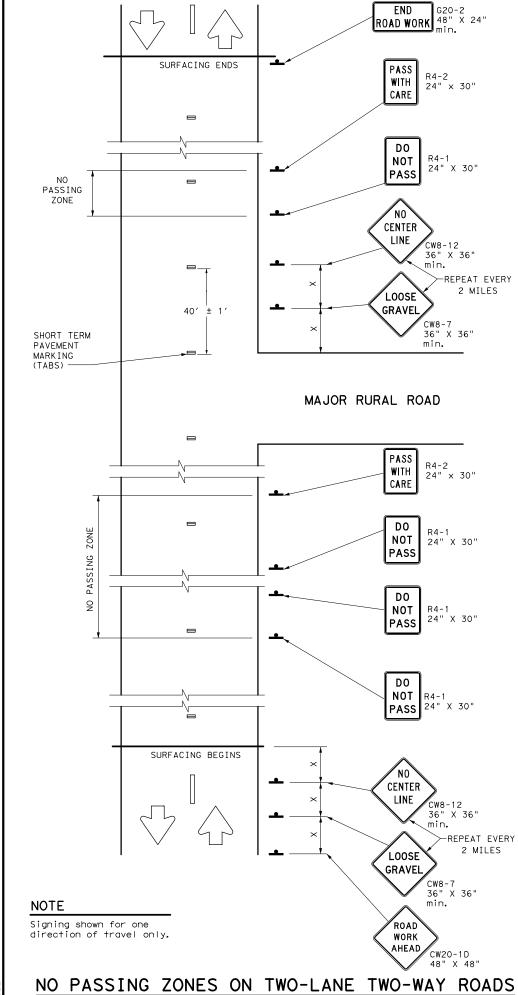
TCP (SC-7) -22

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© TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	I GHWAY
	REVISIONS	0089	10	030		В	U 59R
4-21 10-22		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
10-22		YKM		WHARTC	N		36

223

WIDE GORE

**MARKINGS** 



#### DO NOT PASS (R4-1) SIGN and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel, except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibitd over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is a considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshields and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one day of operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are

#### NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) SIGN

- Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation between lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markinas.
- At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings (low volume roads may not have an existing center line), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately two mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections, and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until permanent pavement markings are installed.

#### LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) SIGN

- When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately two miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

#### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible, the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed:
  - a.) In the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) sign and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign; and
  - b.) One "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T) sign typically located at or near

LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE sign placements will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing Distance "X"
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	✓	✓		

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Surfacing operations that cover or obliterate existing pavement markings must first have the passing zones clearly marked with tabs as well as having any of the traffic control devices detailed on this sheet furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Short Duration / Short Term Stationary Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways should be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 8



Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SEAL COAT OPERATIONS

TCP(SC-8)-22

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ILE:	tcpsc-8-22.dgn	DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT		DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW:		ck: TxDOT		
C) TxDOT	October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	0089	10	030	030		BU 59R	
4-21 10-22		DIST		COUNTY		COUNTY SHEET		
10-22		YKM		WHARTO	N		37	

#### WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS DOUBLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE TAPE 4" to 12' SOLID **→** 20' ± 6" 4.5' ± 6" LINES 20' ± 6" Type Y-2 or W SINGLE TABS NO-PASSING LINE or CHANNELIZATION TAPE LINE Yellow or White Type Y-2 or W **BROKEN TABS** 600 $\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}\,\mathsf{m}$ → | + 1' ± 3" LINES TAPE (FOR CENTER LINE OR LANE LINE) → 4.5' ± 6" Yellow or White Type W **≺**—12' ± 6" ╙┸ TABS WIDE DOTTED **LINES** (FOR LANE DROP LINES) TAPE 12' ± 6" White 20' ± 6" **TABS** WIDE GORE **MARKINGS** TAPE

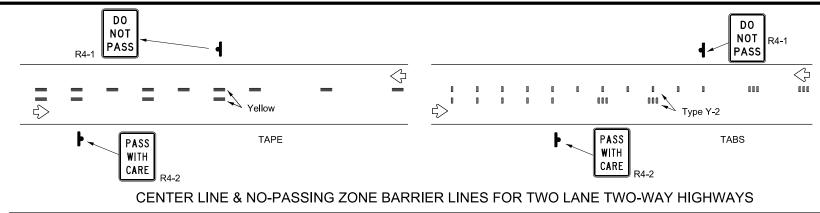
#### NOTES:

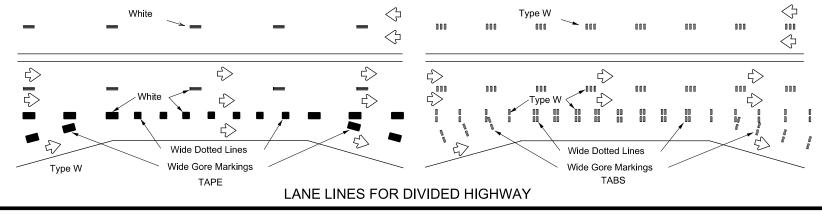
- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexible reflective roadway
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- 7. For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece cones are not allowed for this purpose.

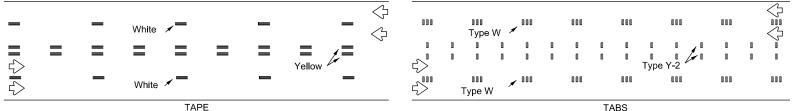
#### TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- 1. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- 2. Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- l. No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

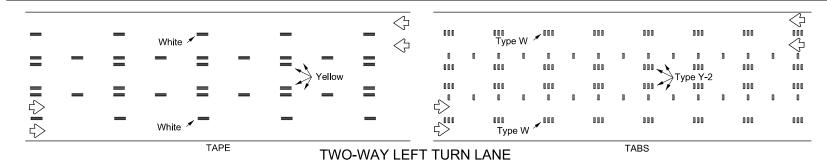
#### WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS







#### LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



Removable Short Term Raised Pavement Marker Marking (Tape)

If raised payement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape

# Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- 2. Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

#### DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

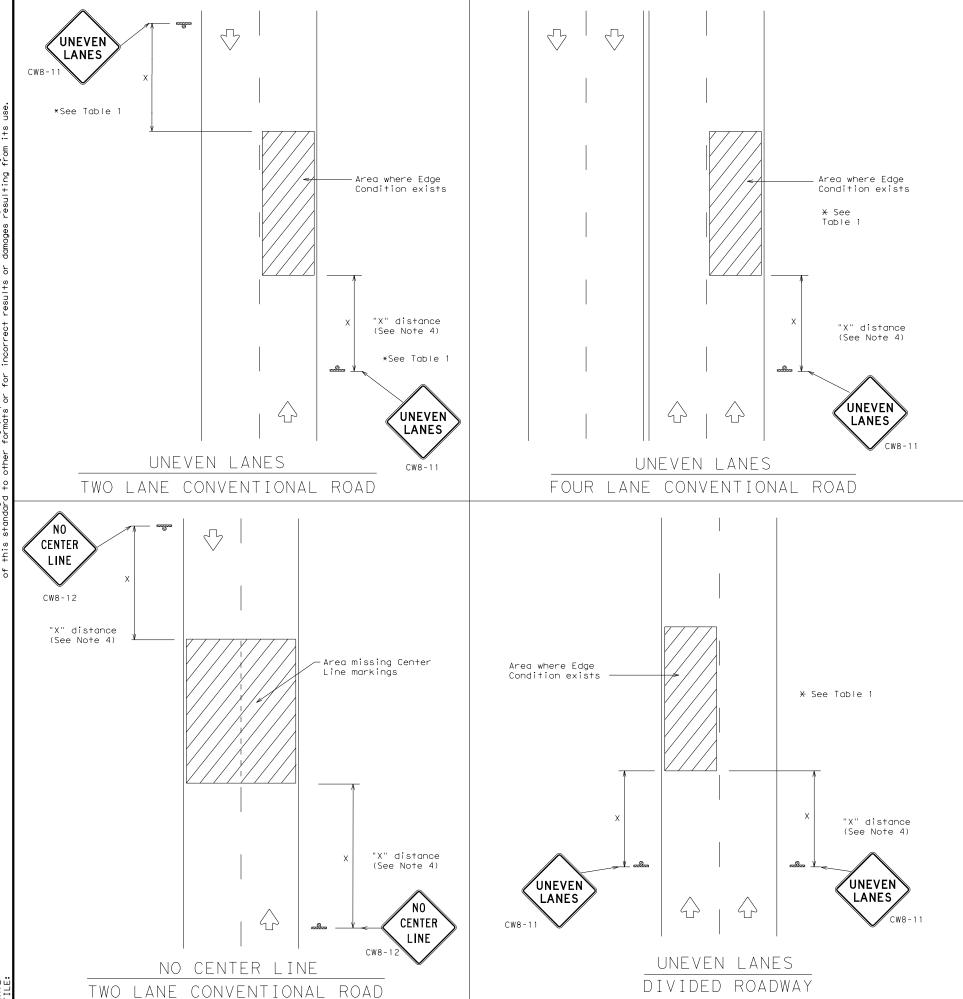
1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website:

http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors\_consultants/material\_specifications/default.htm

#### **WORK ZONE SHORT TERM** PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ(STPM)-23

FILE:	WZ	stpm-23.dgn	DN:		ск;	DW:		CK:
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		REVISIONS	0089	10	030		ΒU	59R
4-92 1-97	7-13 2-23		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
3-03			YKM		WHARTO	N		38
111		•						



DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICAT	IONS
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR TYPE C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING
BLACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If spalling or holes occur, ROUGH ROAD (CW8-8) signs should be placed in advance of the condition and be repeated every two miles where the condition persists.
- 2. UNEVEN LANES (CW8-11) signs shall be installed in advance of the condition and repeated every mile. Signs installed along the uneven lane condition may be supplemented with the NEXT XX MILES (CW7-3aP) plaque or Advisory Speed (CW13-1P) plaque.
- 3. NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs and temporary pavement markings as per the WZ(STPM) standard shall be installed if yellow centerlines separating two way traffic are obscured or obliterated. Repeat NO CENTER LINE signs every two miles where the center line markings are not in place. The signs and markings shall remain in place until permanent pavement markings are
- 4. Signs shall be spaced at the distances recommended as per BC standards.
- Additional signs may be required as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall remain in place until final surface is applied. Signs shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502 "BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING."
- 6. Signs shall be fabricated and mounted on supports as shown on the BC  $\,$ standards and/or listed on the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices"
- 7. Short term markings shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition.

	TABLE 1	
Edge Condition	Edge Height (D)	* Warning Devices
①	Less than or equal to: $1\frac{1}{4}$ " (maximum-planing) $1\frac{1}{2}$ " (typical-overlay)	Sign: CW8-11
7/// 10		·
② >3 1 1 D D	Less than or equal to 3"	Sign: CW8-11
0" to 3/4" - D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	with edge condition 2 or	kimum of 3" if uneven lanes 3 are open to traffic after Uneven lanes should not be is greater than 3".

TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING PLANING, OVERLAY AND LEVELING OPERATIONS ARE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS.

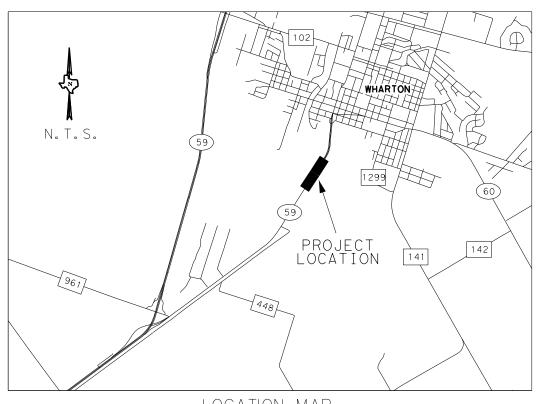
#### MINIMUM WARNING SIGN SIZE Conventional roads 36" x 36" Freeways/expressways, 48" × 48" divided roadways

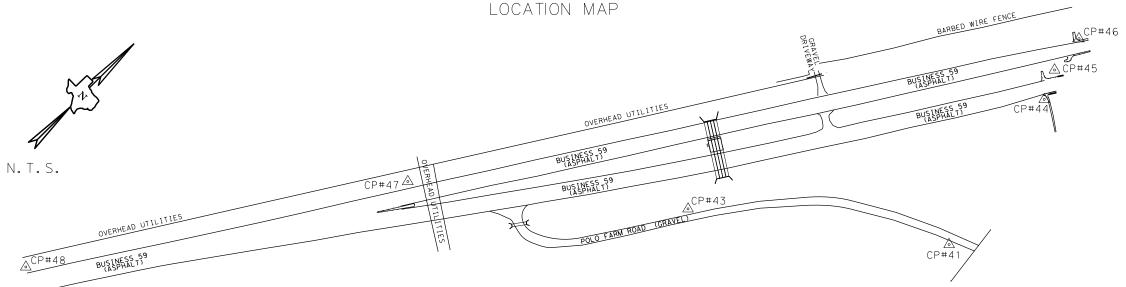


#### SIGNING FOR **UNEVEN LANES**

WZ(UL)-13

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© TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS	0089	10	030		E	3U 59R
8-95 2-98	7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 3-03		YKM		WHARTC	N		39





CONTROL	SURFACE CO	CE COORDINATES NAVD 88		GRID COOR	DINATES	DESCRIPTION				
POINT	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	NORTHING	EASTING					
CP#41	13,670,750.935	2,891,435.729	101.886	13,668,973.968	2,891,059.891	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"				
CP#43	13,670,417.139	2,890,999.776	101.739	13,668,640.216	2,890,623.995	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"				
CP#44	13,671,109.319	2,891,362.412	128.307	13,669,332.306	2,890,986.584	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"				
CP#45	13,671,163.129	2,891,332.370	128.946	13,669,386.109	2,890,956.546	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"				
CP#46	13,671,245.152	2,891,322.134	127.878	13,669,468.121	2,890,946.311	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"				
CP#47	13,670,042.869	2,890,547.815	102.188	13,668,265.994	2,890,172.093	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"				
CP#48	13,669,352.556	2,890,113.237	101.932	13,667,575.771	2,889,737.571	5/8-IR W/ RED CAP STAMPED "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"				

NOTES:

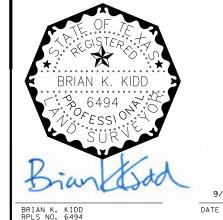
HORIZONTAL COORDINATES SHOWN
ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET, AND
ARE BASED UPON THE TEXAS
COORDINATE SYSTEM OF NAD '83
(HARN '93) TEXAS SOUTH CENTRAL
ZONE 4204, WITH A SURFACE
ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00013.
VALUES WERE DERIVED UTILIZING
THE TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE
STATION NETWORK IN DECEMBER, 2022.

ELEVATIONS ARE BASED UPON
NAVD '88 DATUM (GEOID 18)
DERIVED FROM UTILIZING THE
TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE
STATION NETWORK IN DECEMBER, 2022.

#### LEGEND

5/8" IRON ROD W/ RED PLASTIC CAP SET "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



NO. REVISION BY DATE



TBPELS FIRM REGISTRATION NUMBER 10194305

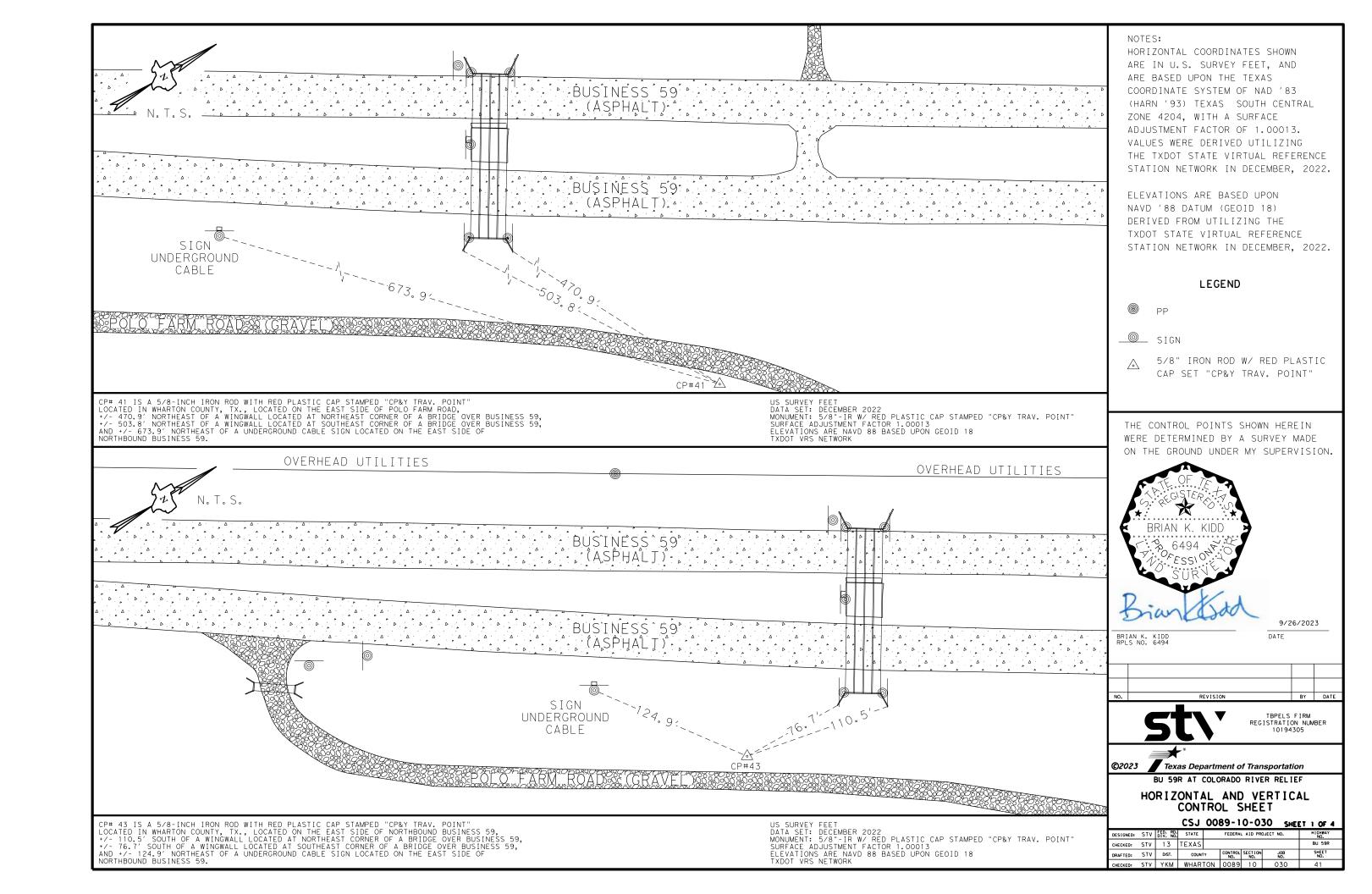
9/26/2023

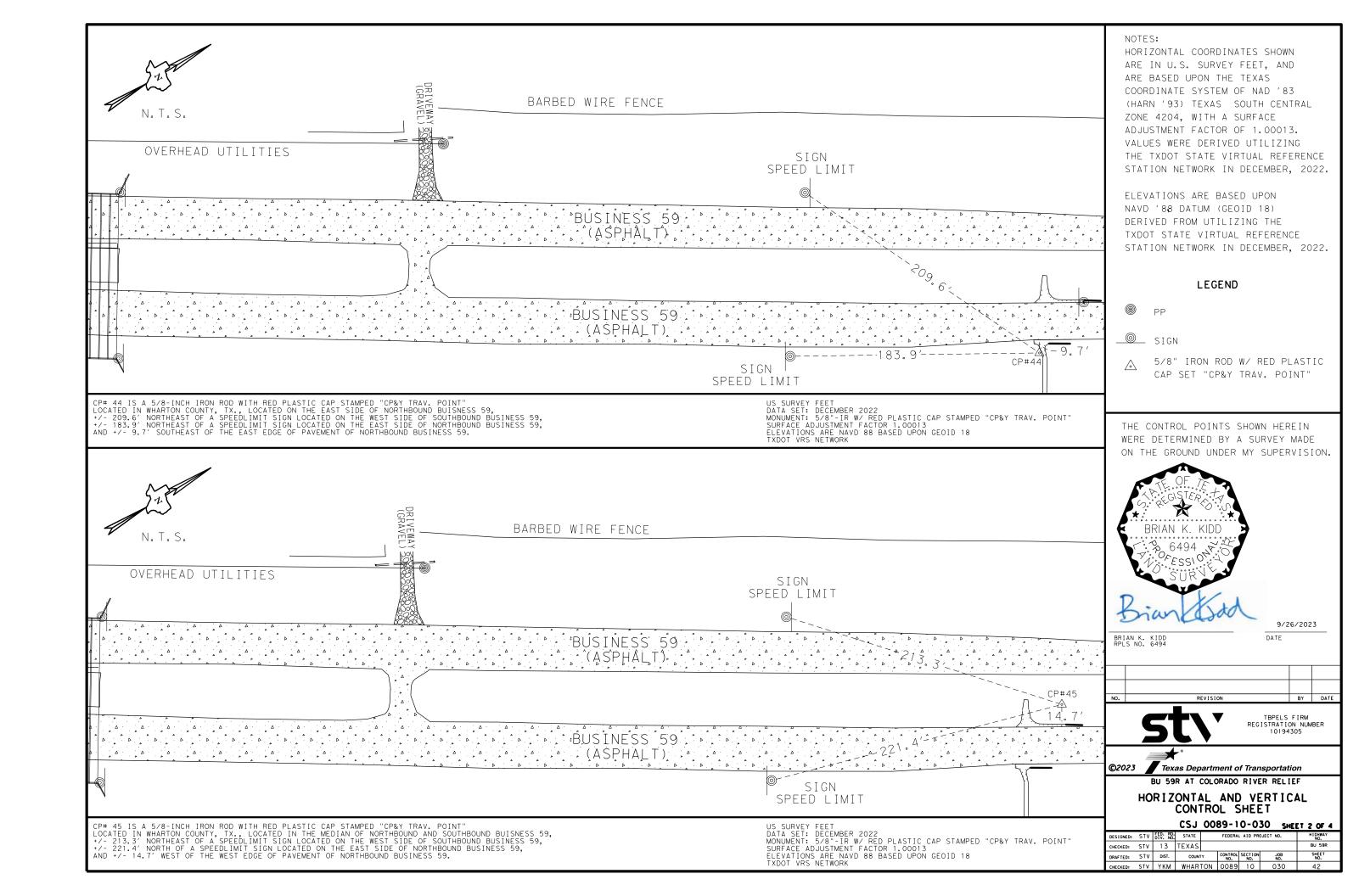
©2023 Texas Department of Transportation
BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF

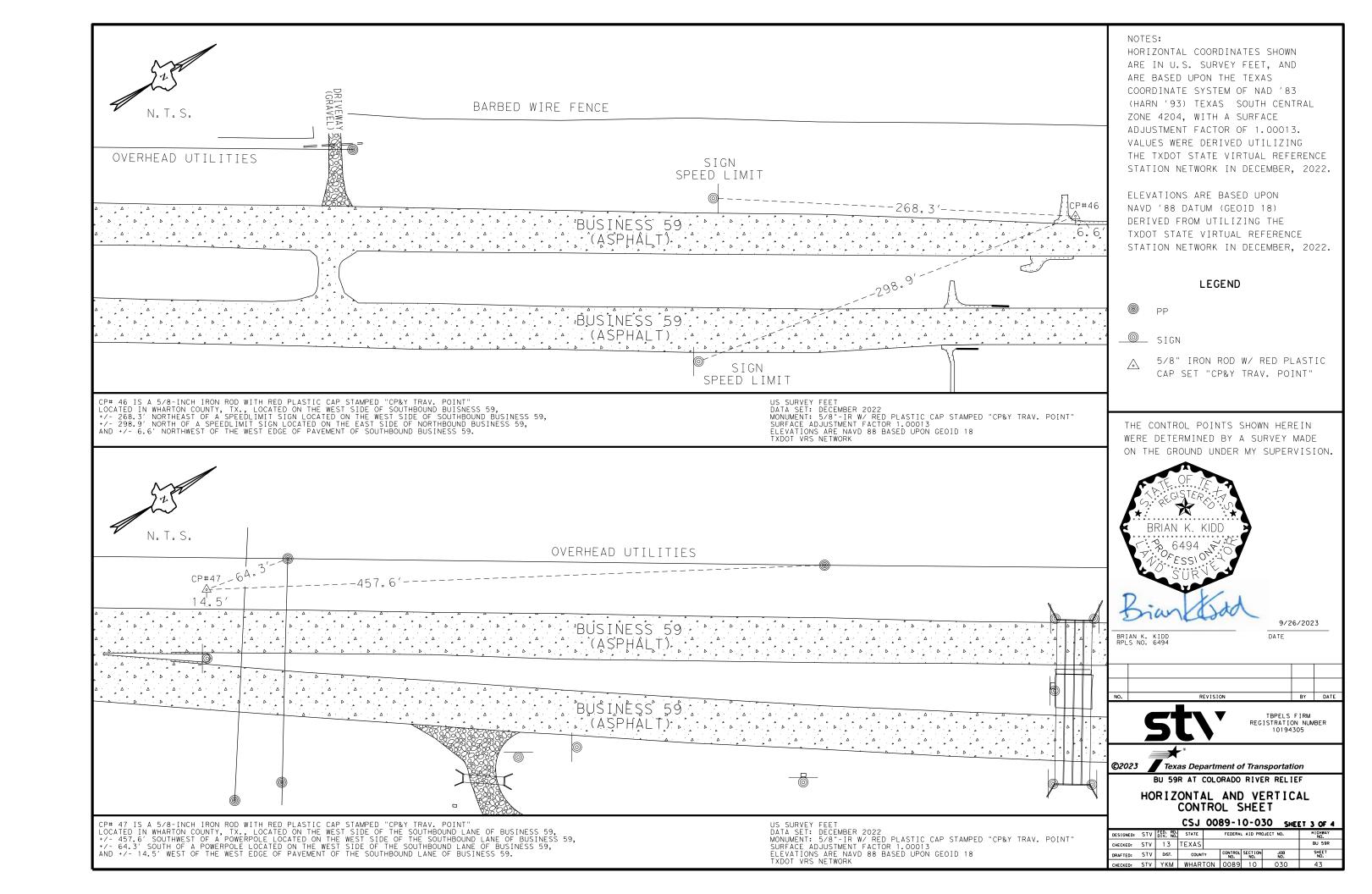
HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL INDEX SHEET

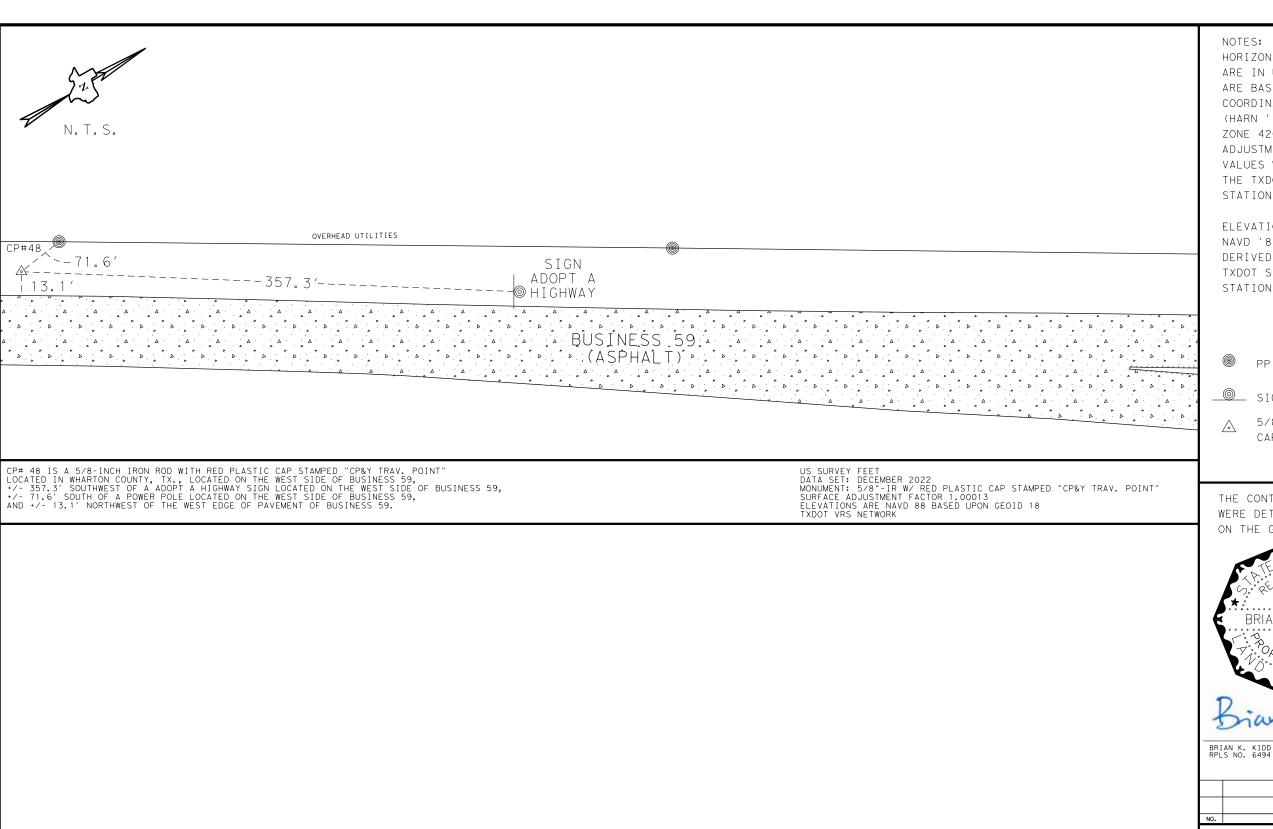
CSJ 0089-10-030 SHEET 1 OF 1

DESIGNED:	STV	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE		FEDERA	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHECKED:	STV	13	TEXAS					BU 59R
DRAFTED:	STV	DIST.	COUNT	COUNTY		SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHECKED:	STV	YKM	WHAR'	TON	0089	10	030	40









HORIZONTAL COORDINATES SHOWN ARE IN U.S. SURVEY FEET, AND

ARE BASED UPON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM OF NAD '83 (HARN '93) TEXAS SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE 4204, WITH A SURFACE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR OF 1.00013. VALUES WERE DERIVED UTILIZING THE TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE STATION NETWORK IN DECEMBER, 2022.

ELEVATIONS ARE BASED UPON NAVD '88 DATUM (GEOID 18) DERIVED FROM UTILIZING THE TXDOT STATE VIRTUAL REFERENCE STATION NETWORK IN DECEMBER, 2022.

#### LEGEND

SIGN

5/8" IRON ROD W/ RED PLASTIC CAP SET "CP&Y TRAV. POINT"

THE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN HEREIN WERE DETERMINED BY A SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION.



9/26/2023

DATE

BY DATE



TBPELS FIRM REGISTRATION NUMBER 10194305

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BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL

CONTROL SHEET CSJ 0089-10-030 SHEET 4 OF 4

DESIGNED:	STV	FED. RD. DIV. NO.	STATE		FEDERA	HIGHWAY NO.		
CHECKED:	STV	13	TEXAS			BU 59R		
DRAFTED:	STV	DIST.	COUNT	COUNTY		SECTION NO.	JOB NO.	SHEET NO.
CHECKED:	STV	YKM	WHAR	TON	0089	10	030	44

BEGINNING CHAIN BU 59R DESCRIPTION FEATURE: RD\_MAIN\_PGL

POINT BU 59R1

-

COURSE FROM BU 59R1 TO PC BU 59R\_3 N 32\* 26' 32.13" E DIST 732.7077

CURVE DATA

N 13,669,030.2712 E 2,889,949.6230 STA 2336+00.00

CURVE BU 59R\_3 2345+14.24 N 2° 04' 47.81" (RT) 0° 34' 22.65" 181.5296 363.0194 10,000.0000 1.6475 P.I. DELTA STATION 13, 669, 801. 8258 E 2, 890, 440. 0650 DEGREE TANGENT IANGENI = LENGTH = RADI US = EXTERNAL = LONG CHORD = MI D. ORD. = P. C. STATI ON P. T. STATI ON 362. 9994 1. 6472 2343+32. 71 N 2346+95. 73 N 13, 669, 648. 6270 E 13, 669, 951. 3892 E 13, 664, 284. 1334 E 2, 890, 342. 6835 2, 890, 542. 9425 2, 898, 782. 0086 C.C.

BACK = N 32° 26° 32.13" E

AHEAD = N 34° 31' 19.94" E

CHORD BEAR = N 33° 28' 56.03" E

COURSE FROM PT BU 59R\_3 TO PC BU 59R\_6 N 34° 31' 19.94" E DIST 337.9467

CURVE BU 59R\_6 P.I. STATION DELTA = DEGREE = 2352+36.35 N 2° 19' 19.94" (LT) 0° 34' 22.65" 202.6783 405.3012 13, 670, 396. 8138 E 2, 890, 849. 3285 TANGENT LENGTH 405. 3012 10, 000. 0000 2. 0537 405. 2735 2. 0533 2350+33. 67 N RADIUS =
EXTERNAL =
LONG CHORD =
MID. ORD. =
P. C. STATION
P. T. STATION 13, 670, 229. 8258 E 13, 670, 568. 3188 E 13, 675, 897. 0816 E 2, 890, 734, 4655 C. C.
BACK = N 34\* 31' 19.94" E
AHEAD = N 32\* 12' 00.00" E
CHORD BEAR = N 33\* 21' 39.97" E

COURSE FROM PT BU 59R\_6 TO BU 59R8 N 32° 12' 00.00" E DIST 574.8717

POLNT BU 59R8 N 13, 671, 054. 7713 E 2, 891, 263. 6665 STA 2360+13. 85

\_\_\_\_\_\_ ENDING CHAIN BU 59R DESCRIPTION

BEGINNING CHAIN SB BU 59R DESCRIPTION FEATURE: RD\_FRON\_PGL\_SB

N 13, 669, 030. 2712 E 2, 889, 949. 6230 STA 3336+00. 00

COURSE FROM 28 TO 29 N 32° 05' 51.63" E DIST 1,401.8012

POLNT 29 N 13, 670, 217. 7980 E 2, 890, 694. 4900 STA 3350+01. 80

COURSE FROM 29 TO 30 N 32° 12' 00.00" E DIST 1,161.5417

N 13, 671, 200. 6867 E 2, 891, 313. 4480 STA 3361+63. 34 POLNT 30

ENDING CHAIN SB BU 59R DESCRIPTION

BEGINNING CHAIN NB BU 59R DESCRIPTION FEATURE: RD\_FRON\_PGL\_NB

\_\_\_\_\_\_

POLNT 31 N 13, 669, 030. 2712 E 2, 889, 949. 6230 STA 1336+00. 00

COURSE FROM 31 TO PC NB BU 59R\_3 N 32° 26' 32.13" E DIST 264.8564

CURVE DATA

CURVE NB BU 59R\_3 1341+90.23 N 3° 15' 10.19" (RT) 0° 30' 00.00" 325.3705 650.5661 11,459.1600 13, 669, 528. 3828 E 2, 890, 266. 2498 DEGREE TANGENT LENGTH RADI US EXTERNAL LONG CHORD =
MID. ORD. =
P.C. STATION
P.T. STATION 650. 4788 4. 6165 1338+64.86 13, 669, 253. 7921 13, 669, 792. 6271 13, 663, 106. 5331 2, 890, 091. 7050 2, 890, 456. 0942 2, 899, 762. 4627 1345+15.42 N C. C. BACK C.C.
BACK = N 32\* 26' 32.13" E
AHEAD = N 35\* 41' 42.31" E
CHORD BEAR = N 34\* 04' 07.22" E

COURSE FROM PT NB BU 59R\_3 TO PC NB BU 59R\_6 N 35° 41' 42.31" E DIST 427.2388

CURVE DATA

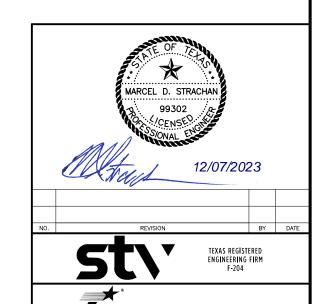
CURVE NB BU 59R\_6
P.I. STATION
DELTA =
DEGREE = 1352+99.43 N 3° 33' 59.40" (LT) 0° 30' 00.00" 356.7652 713.3000 11,459.1600 5.5524 713.1848 5.5497 1349+42.66 N 1356+55.96 N 13, 670, 429. 3431 E 2, 890, 913. 5382 TANGENT LENGTH RADI US =
EXTERNAL =
LONG CHORD =
MI D. ORD. =
P. C. STATI ON
P. T. STATI ON 13, 670, 139. 6021 E 13, 670, 731. 4720 E 13, 676, 825. 6961 E 2, 890, 705. 3759 2, 891, 103. 2735 2, 881, 399. 0074 C.C.
BACK = N 35' 41' 42.31" E
AHEAD = N 32' 07' 42.92" E
CHORD BEAR = N 33' 54' 42.61" E

COURSE FROM PT NB BU 59R\_6 TO 32 N 32° 07' 42.92" E DIST 359.0435

POLNT 32 N 13,671,035.5304 E 2,891,294.2205 STA 1360+15.00

\_\_\_\_\_\_

ENDING CHAIN NB BU 59R DESCRIPTION



©2023 Texas Department of Transportation BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF

 STV
 DIST.
 COUNTY
 CONTROL NO.
 SECTION NO.

 STV
 YKM
 WHARTON
 0089
 10

Designed: STV FED. RD. STATE Checked: STV 6 TEXAS

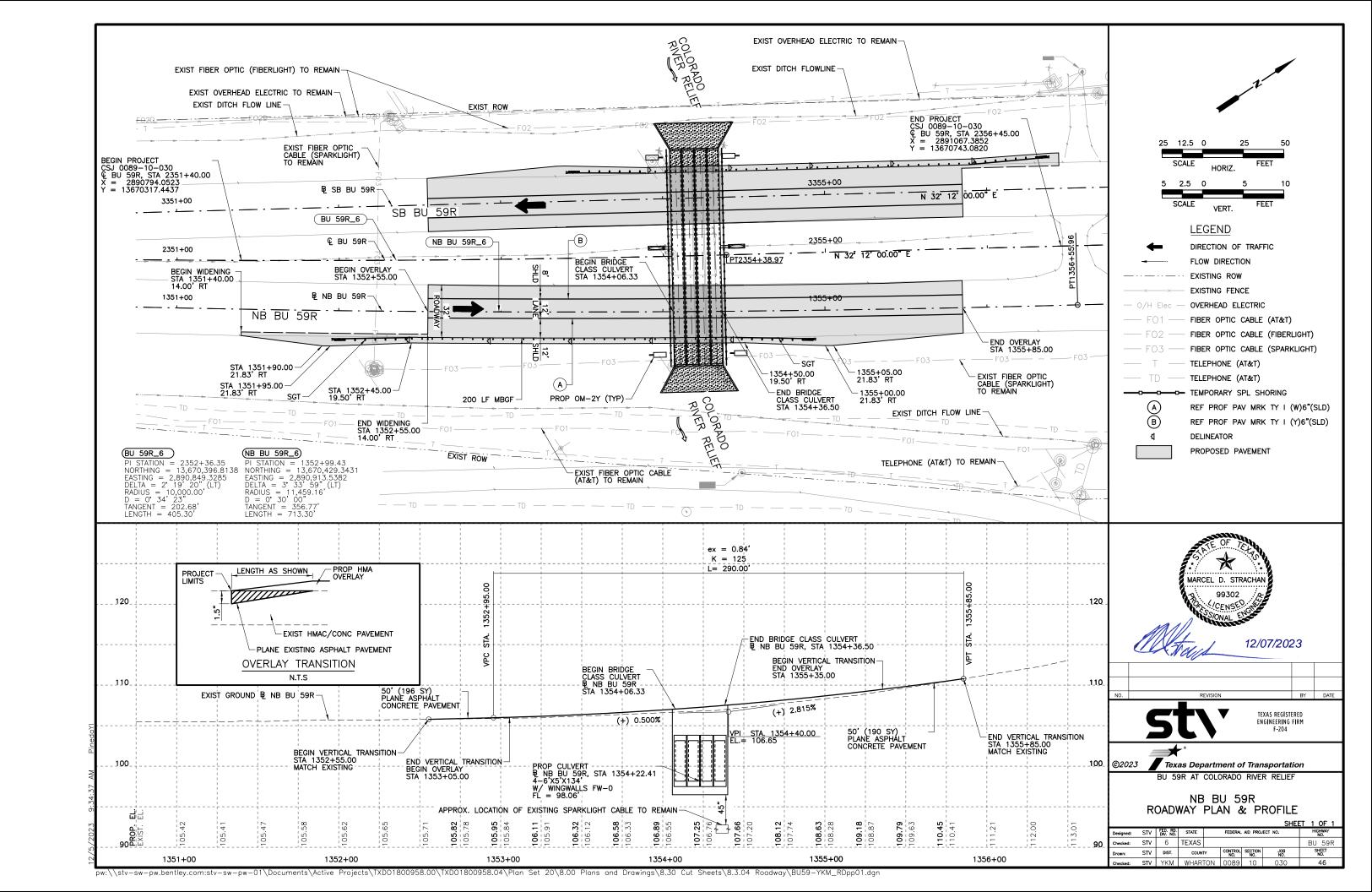
HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

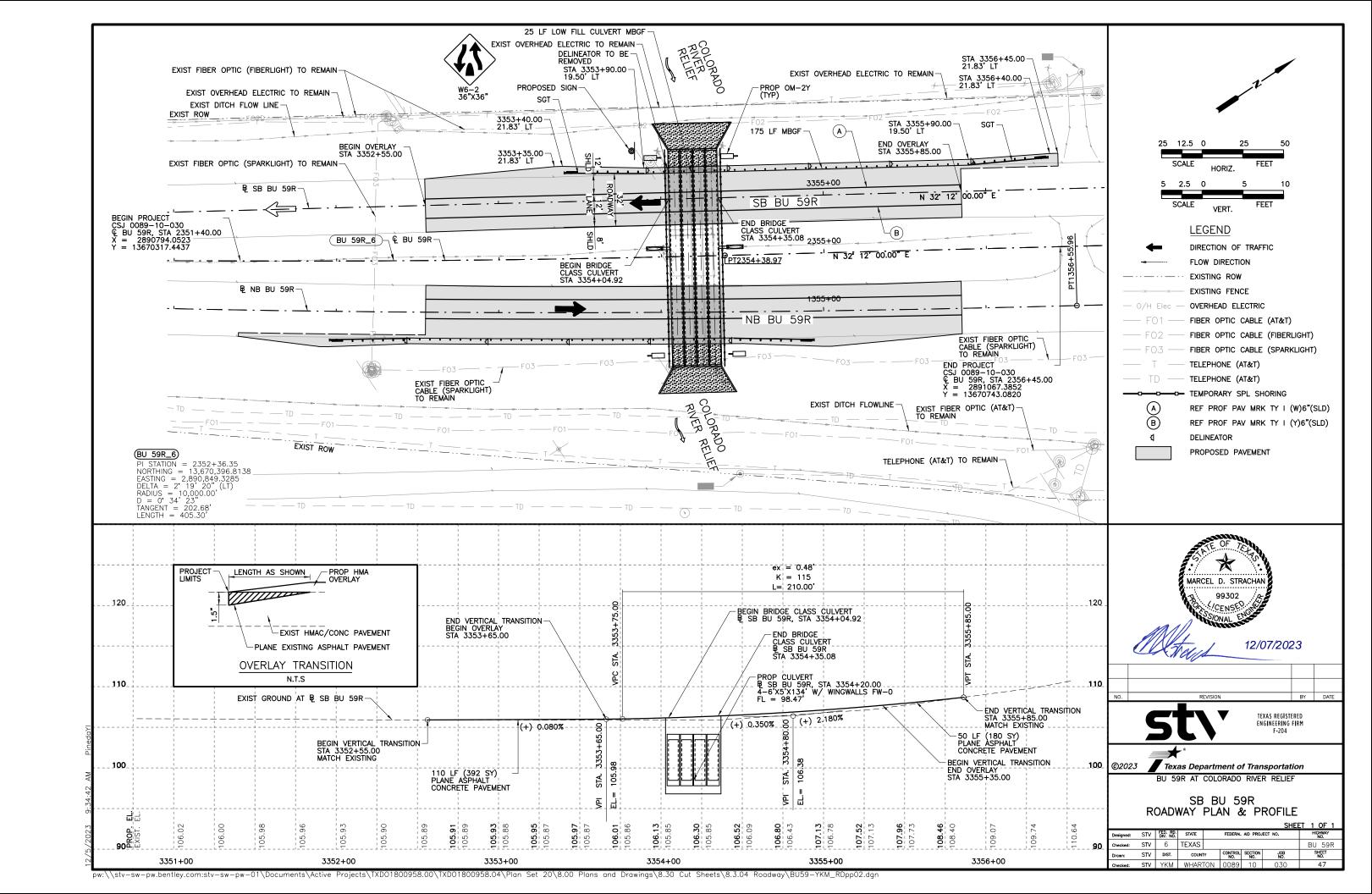
BU 59R

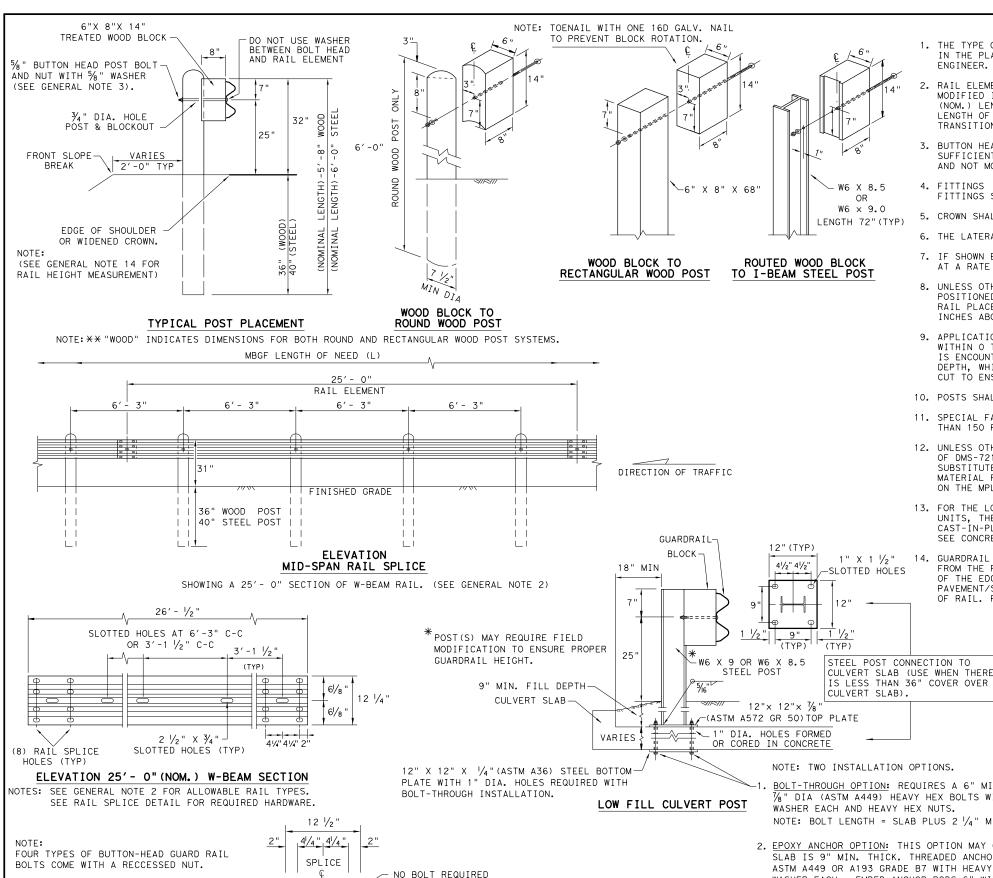
SHEET NO.

JOB NO.

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DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC

MID-SPAN

RAIL SPLICE DETAIL

NOTE: GF(31), MID-SPAN RAIL SPLICES ARE

REQUIRED WITH 6'-3" POST SPACINGS.

5% " X 1 1/4" BUTTON HEAD SPLICE BOLTS WITH RECCESSED NUTS.

**GENERAL NOTES** 

- 1. THE TYPE OF POST (ROUND WOOD POST, RECTANGULAR WOOD POST, OR STEEL POST) WILL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE EXACT POSITION OF MBGF SHALL BE SHOWN IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STEEL POSTS TO BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING.
- RAIL ELEMENTS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ITEM 540, "METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" EXCEPT AS MODIFIED IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR MAY FURNISH RAIL ELEMENTS OF 25'- 0", OR 12'- 6" (NOM.) LENGTHS. RAIL ELEMENTS MAY HAVE SLOTTED HOLES AT 3'-1  $\frac{1}{2}$ " C-C OR 6'-3" C-C. A SPECIAL LENGTH OF RAIL MAY BE MANUFACTURED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DOWNSTREAM ANCHOR TERMINAL (DAT) AND THE TRANSITION SECTIONS OF GUARDRAIL.
- 3. BUTTON HEAD "POST BOLTS & NUTS" SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF (ASTM A307), AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO EXTEND THROUGH THE FULL THICKNESS OF THE NUT AND 5/8" WASHER (FWC16a) AND NOT MORE THAN 1" BEYOND IT. TRIM REMAINING BOLT LENGTH TO MEET REQUIRED LENGTH.
- 4. FITTINGS (BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING. FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- 5. CROWN SHALL BE WIDENED TO ACCOMMODATE THE METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE.
- 6. THE LATERAL APPROACH TO THE GUARD FENCE, SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1V:10H.
- 7. IF SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE GUARD FENCE MAY BE FLARED AT A RATE OF 25:1 OR FLATTER.
- 8. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. GUARD FENCE PLACED IN THE VICINITY OF CURBS SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE FACE OF CURB IS LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW OR BEHIND THE FACE OF THE RAIL. RAIL PLACED OVER CURBS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE POST BOLT IS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 25 INCHES ABOVE THE GUTTER PAN OR EDGE OF SHOULDER.
- 9. APPLICATIONS IN SOLID ROCK ARE ONLY ALLOWED WITH STEEL POSTS. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 0 TO 18" OF THE FINISHED GRADE, DRILL A 24" DIA. HOLE, 24" INTO THE ROCK. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED BELOW 18", DRILL A 12" DIA. HOLE, 12" INTO THE ROCK OR TO THE STANDARD EMBEDMENT DEPTH, WHICHEVER MAYBE LESS. ANY EXCESS POST LENGTH, AFTER MEETING THESE DEPTHS, MAY BE FIELD CUT TO ENSURE PROPER GUARDRAIL MOUNTING HEIGHT. BACKFILL WITH COARSE AGGREGATE MATERIAL.
- 10. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE, OF ANY DEPTH.
- 11. SPECIAL FABRICATION WILL BE REQUIRED AT INSTALLATION LOCATIONS HAVING A CURVATURE OF LESS
- 12. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS, A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCK THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-7210, "COMPOSITE MATERIAL POSTS AND BLOCKS FOR METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE" MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BLOCKS OF SIMILAR DIMENSIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION, TXDOT MAINTAINS A MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR PRODUCERS OF MATERIALS CONFORMING TO DMS-7210 ONLY PRODUCERS ON THE MPL MAY FURNISH COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKS.
- 13. FOR THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION, POSTS LOCATED PARTIALLY OR WHOLLY BETWEEN PRECAST BOX CULVERT UNITS, THE USE OF A CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE BETWEEN BOXES IS REQUIRED. THE LENGTH OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE CLOSURE SHALL ACCOMMODATE THE PLACEMENT OF THE LOW FILL CULVERT OPTION. SEE CONCRETE CLOSURE DETAILS ON BRIDGE STANDARD SCP-MD.
- 1" X 1 1/2" 14. GUARDRAIL HEIGHT MEASUREMENT: WHEN THE GUARDRAIL IS LOCATED ABOVE PAVEMENT, MEASURE THE HEIGHT OF THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR FOR A PAVEMENT OVERLAY, USE A 10-FOOT STRAIGHTEDGE TO EXTEND THE PAVEMENT/SHOULDER SLOPE TO THE BACK OF RAIL, MEASURE FROM THE BOTTOM OF STRAIGHTEDGE TO THE TOP OF RAIL. FOR GUARDRAIL LOCATED DOWN A 10:1 SLOPE, MEASURE FROM THE NOMINAL TERRAIN.

NOTE: TRANSISTIONS TO BRIDGE RAILS OR TRAFFIC BARRIERS. SEE GF (31) TL3 TR STANDARD FOR HIGH-SPEED TL-3 TRANSITIONS. SEE GF (31) TL2 TR STANDARD FOR LOW-SPEED TL-2 TRANSITIONS.

BOLT-THROUGH OPTION: REQUIRES A 6" MIN. SLAB THICKNESS.  $\frac{1}{8}$ " DIA (ASTM A449) HEAVY HEX BOLTS WITH TWO HARDENED WASHER EACH AND HEAVY HEX NUTS. NOTE: BOLT LENGTH = SLAB PLUS 2 1/4 " MIN.

2. EPOXY ANCHOR OPTION: THIS OPTION MAY ONLY BE USED IF THE CULVERT SLAB IS 9" MIN. THICK. THREADED ANCHOR RODS MUST BE 1/8" DIA. ASTM A449 OR A193 GRADE B7 WITH HEAVY HEX NUT, AND ONE HARDENED WASHER EACH. EMBED ANCHOR RODS 6" WITH HILTI HIT RE 500 EPOXY ADHESIVE. OTHER TYPE III CLASS C EPOXY ADHESIVES MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF DMS-6100. "EPOXIES AND ADHESIVES". MAY BE USED IF IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY MEET OR EXCEED THE STRENGTH OF HILTI HIT RE 500 WITH THE SAME EMBEDMENT DEPTH AND THREADED ROD DIA. FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLING EPOXIED THREADED RODS. EXTEND RODS 1/4" MIN. BEYOND NUT.

NOTE: CULVERTS OF 25 FT. OR LESS, SEE GF(31)LS STANDARD FOR "LONG SPAN" OPTION.

Texas Department of Transportation

METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE TL-3 MASH COMPLIANT

GF (31) -19

FILE: gf3119.dgn	DN: T ×	DN:TXDOT CK: KM DI				ck:CGL/AG
©т×рот: NOVEMBER 2019	9 CONT SECT JOB HIGHW					
REVISIONS	0089 10 030 E				8U 59R	
	DIST		SHEET NO.			
	YKM		48			

SPLICE BOLT LENGTH

POST & BLOCK LENGTH

BUTTON HEAD BOLT NOTE: SEE GENERAL NOTE 3 FOR

SPLICE & POST BOLT DETAILS.

FBB01 =  $1 \frac{1}{4}$ 

FBB02 = 2"

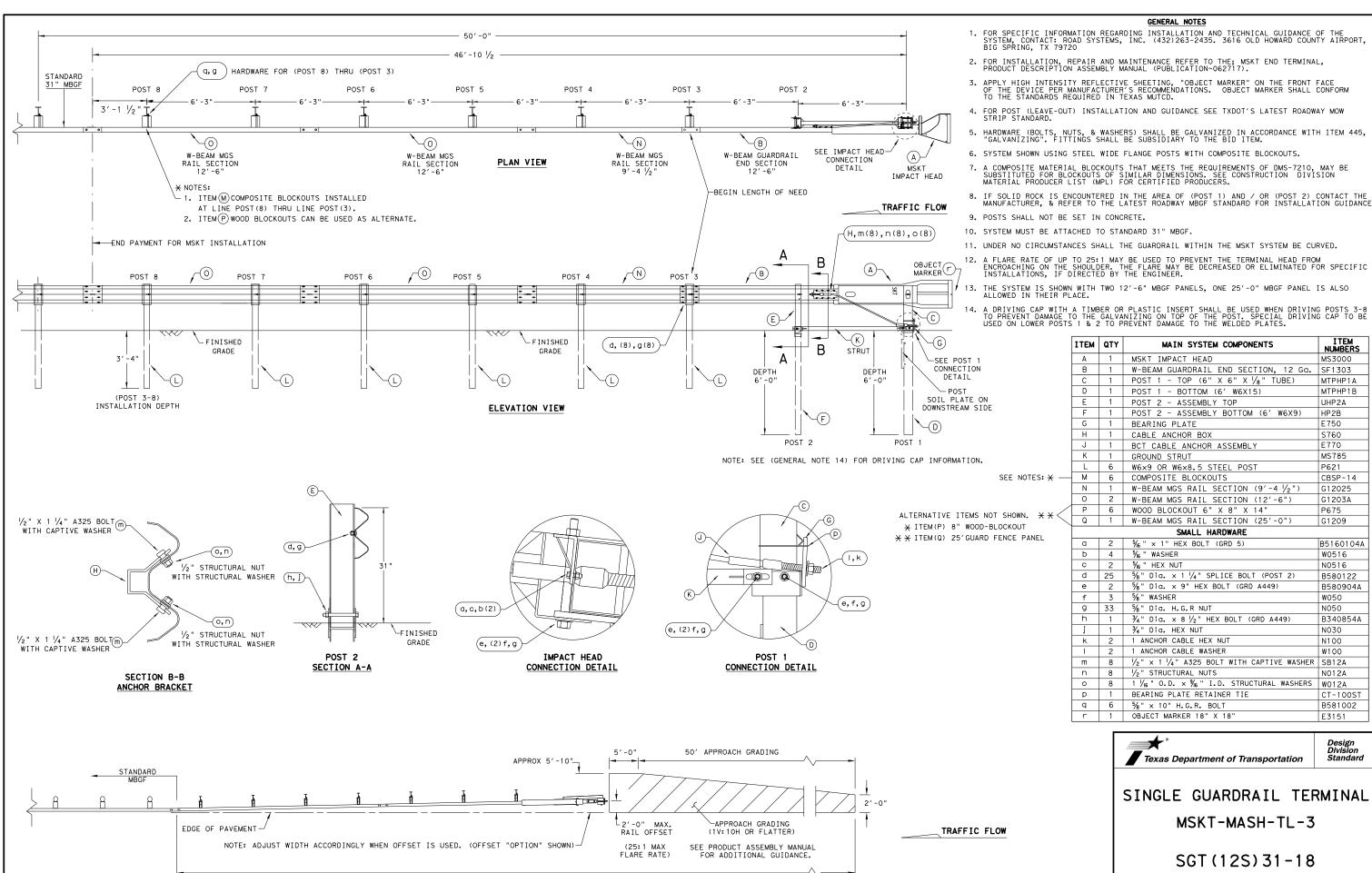
FBB03 = 10"

FBBO4 = 18'

- VARIES

NOTE: TXDOT GENERIC APPROACH GRADING LAYOUT

USED FOR ALL TANGENT TYPE END TREATMENTS.



APPROACH GRADING AT GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS

SGT (12S) 31-18

ITEM NUMBERS

MS3000

MTPHP1A

MTPHP1B

UHP2A

HP2B

E750

S760

F770

P621

MS785

CBSP-14

G12025

G1203A

P675

G1209

W0516

N0516

W050

N050 B340854A

N030

N100

N012A

CT-100S1

B581002

Design Division Standard

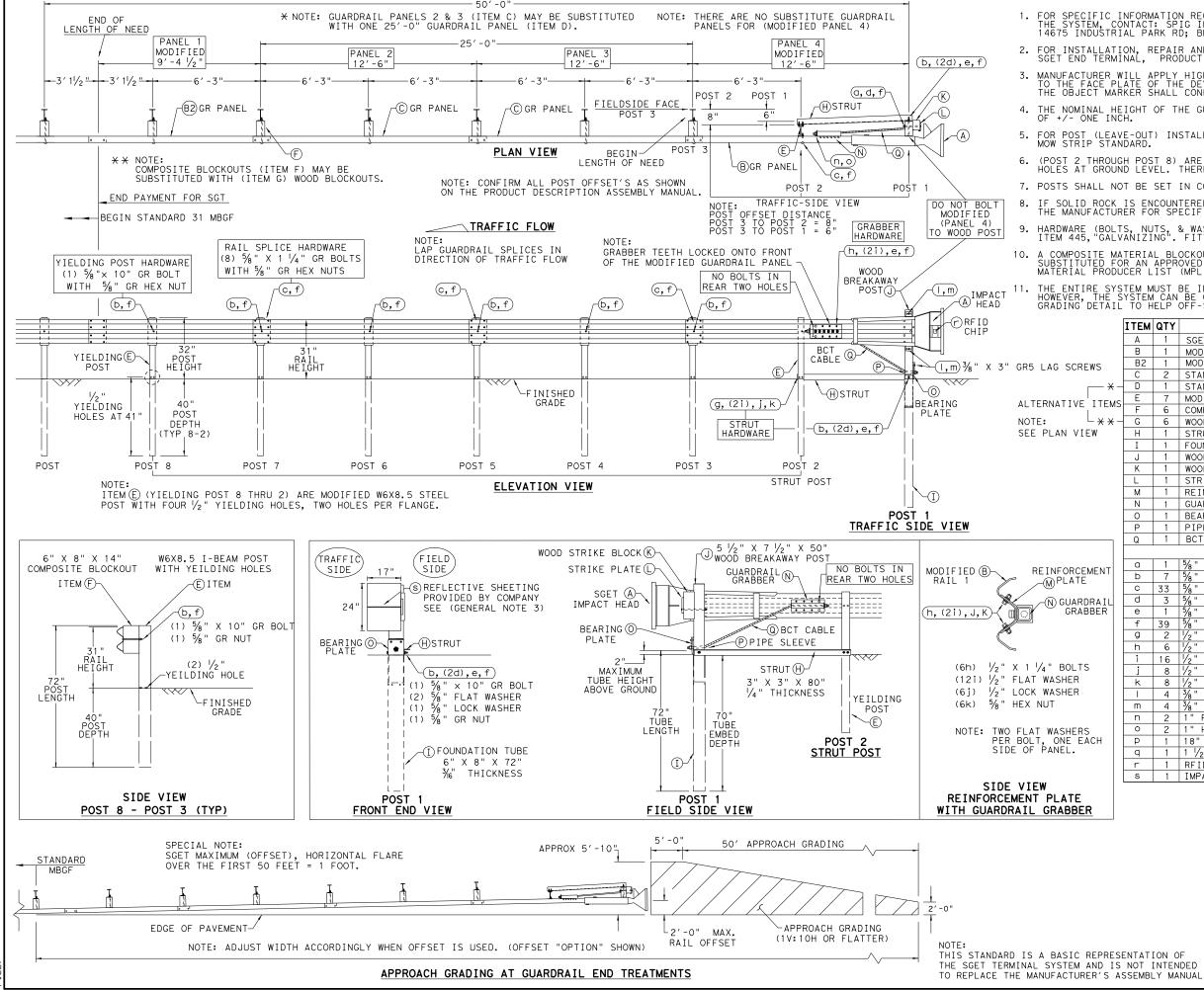
F3151

B580122

B580904A

B5160104A

ILE: sg+12s3118.dgr DN:TxDOT CK:KM DW:VP CK: CL TxDOT: APRIL 2018 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY REVISIONS 0089 10 030 BU 59R DIST COUNTY SHEET NO



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING INSTALLATION AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE OF THE SYSTEM, CONTACT: SPIG INDUSTRY, INC. AT 1(267) 644-9510. 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD; BRISTOL, VA 24202
- 2. FOR INSTALLATION, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER'S; SGET END TERMINAL, PRODUCT DESCRIPTION ASSEMBLY MANUAL.
- 3. MANUFACTURER WILL APPLY HIGH INTENSITY REFLECTIVE SHEETING, "OBJECT MARKER' TO THE FACE PLATE OF THE DEVICE PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. THE OBJECT MARKER SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS REQUIRED IN TEXAS MUTCD.
- 4. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF  $\pm$ 7- ONE INCH.
- 5. FOR POST (LEAVE-OUT) INSTALLATION AND GUIDANCE SEE TXDOT'S LATEST ROADWAY MOW STRIP STANDARD.
- 6. (POST 2 THROUGH POST 8) ARE MODIFIED STEEL-YIELDING POSTS WITH YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL. THERE ARE NO SUBSTITUTE POSTS.
- 7. POSTS SHALL NOT BE SET IN CONCRETE.
- 8. IF SOLID ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED FOR ANY OF THE POSTS IN THE SYSTEM, CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC INSTALLATION GUIDANCE.
- HARDWARE (BOLTS, NUTS, & WASHERS) SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 445, "GALVANIZING". FITTINGS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEM.
- A COMPOSITE MATERIAL BLOCKOUT THAT MEETS DMS-7210 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR AN APPROVED WOOD BLOCKOUT. SEE CONSTRUCTION DIVISION MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) FOR CERTIFIED PRODUCERS.
- THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE OFFSET BY TWO FEET AS SHOWN ON THE APPROACH GRADING DETAIL TO HELP OFF-SET THE IMPACT HEAD FROM SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.

		~		2 / 2/01
	Α	1	SGET IMPACT HEAD	SIH1A
Ī	В	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	126SPZGP
Ī	В2	1	MODIFIED GUARDRAIL PANEL 9'-4 1/2" 12GA	GP94
Ī	С	2	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 12'-6" 12GA	GP126
$\dashv$	D	1	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL 25'-0" 12GA	GP25
s	Ε	7	MODIFIED YIELDING I-BEAM POST W6x8.5	YP6MOD
٦٢	F	6	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	CBO8
-	G	6	WOOD BLOCKOUT 6" X 8" X 14"	WBO8
l	Н	1	STRUT 3" X 3" X 80" x 1/4" A36 ANGLE	STR80
	I	1	FOUNDATION TUBE 6" X 8" X 72" × 3/6 "	FNDT6
	J	1	WOOD BREAKAWAY POST 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " × 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " × 50"	WBRK50
	K	1	WOOD STRIKE BLOCK	WSBLK14
	L	1	STRIKE PLATE 1/4" A36 BENT PLATE	SPLT8
l	М	1	REINFORCEMENT PLATE 12 GA. GR55	REPLT17
	N	1	GUARDRAIL GRABBER 2 1/2" X 2 1/2" X 16 1/2"	GGR17
	0	1	BEARING PLATE 8" X 8 5/8" X 5/8" A36	BPLT8
	Ρ	1		PSLV4
	Q	1	BCT CABLE 3/4" X 81" LENGTH	CBL81
			SMALL HARDWARE	
Ī	а	1	%" X 12" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	12GRBLT
Ī	b	7	5/8" X 10" GUARDRAIL BOLT 307A HDG	10GRBLT
-	С	33	5/8" X 1 1/4" GR SPLICE BOLTS 307A HDG	1 GRBLT
	d	3	5%" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	58FW436
	е	1	5% " LOCK WASHER HDG	58LW
	f	39	%" GUARDRAIL HEX NUT HDG	58HN563
	g		$\frac{1}{2}$ " X 2" STRUT BOLT A325 HDG	2BLT
	h	6	$\frac{1}{2}$ " X 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " PLATE BOLT A325 HDG	125BLT
	i	16	$\frac{1}{2}$ " FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	12FWF436
	j	8	½" LOCK WASHER HDG	12LW
	k	8	√2" HEX NUT A563 HDG	12HN563
	-	4	3/8" X 3" HEX LAG SCREW GR5 HDG	38LS
	m	4	¾" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	38FW844
	n	2	1" FLAT WASHER F436 A325 HDG	1FWF436
	0	2	1" HEX NUT A563DH HDG	1HN563
	Р	1	18" TO 24" LONG ZIP TIE RATED 175-200LB	ZPT18
	q	1	1 1/2" X 4" SCH-40 PVC PIPE	PSPCR4
	r	1	RFID CHIP RATED MIL-STD-810F	RFID810F
	s	1	IMPACT HEAD REFLECTIVE SHEETING	RS30M

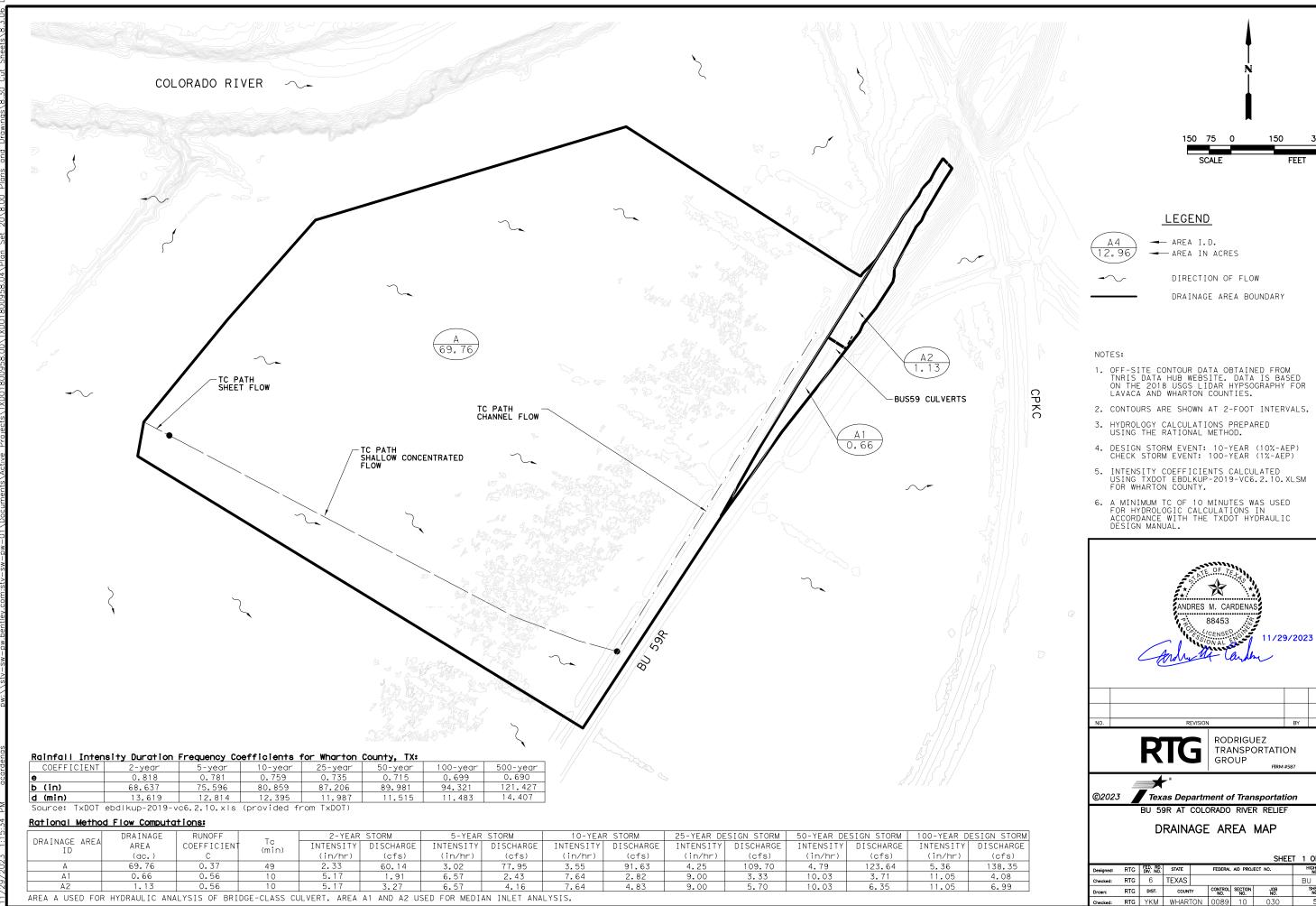
MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS



ITEM #

SPIG INDUSTRY, LLC SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL SGET - TL-3 - MASH SGT (15) 31-20

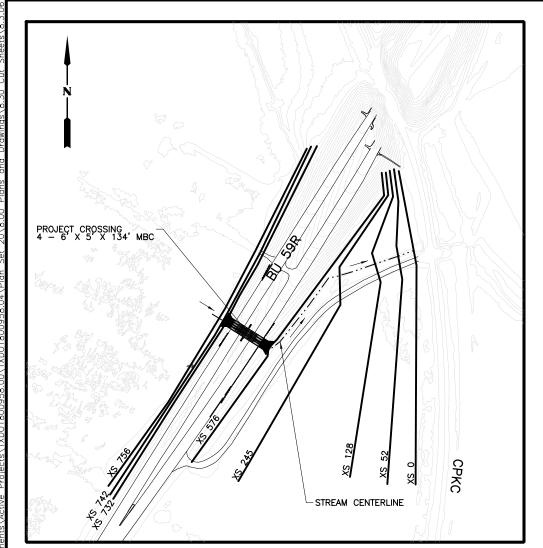
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TxDOT: APRIL 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	0089	10	030		BU 59R				
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
	YKM WHARTON						50		



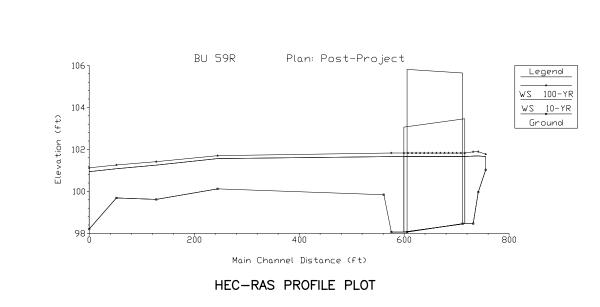
BU 59R

SHEET NO.

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HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION LAYOUT SCALE: 1" = 300'



#### HEC-RAS SUMMARY TABLE

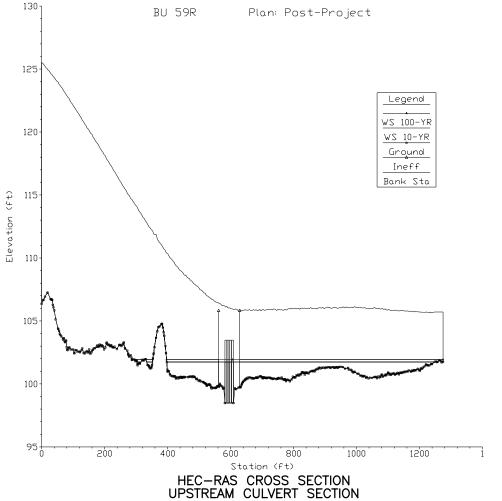
		Q Total	Pre-F	Project	Post-Project			
River Sta	Profile	Q TOTAL	W.S. Elev	Vel Chnl	W.S. Elev	Vel Chnl		
		(cfs)	(f+)	(ft/s)	(f+)	(f+/s)		
756	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	101.71	3.40	101.66	4.03		
756	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	101.95	2.78	101.77	4.34		
742	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	101.79	0.32	101.69	0.35		
742	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	102.02	0.38	101.89	0.43		
732	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	101.78	0.63	101.68	0.54		
732	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	102.01	0.86	101.88	0.76		
690	BU 59R	Culvert						
576	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	101.76	0.72	101.66	0.50		
576	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	101.95	0.97	101.83	0.70		
245	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	101.56	2.04	101.56	2.04		
245	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	101.70	2.07	101.70	2.07		
128	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	101.25	1.46	101.25	1.46		
128	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	101.41	1.43	101.41	1.43		
52	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	101.08	1.47	101.08	1.47		
52	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	101.26	1.58	101.26	1.58		
0	10% AEP (10-YR)	91.63	100.94	2.13	100.94	2.13		
0	1% AEP (100-YR)	138.35	101.12	2.30	101.12	2.30		

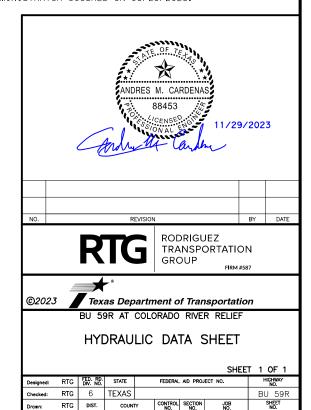
NOTE: WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON LOCAL WATERSHED DRAINING TO THE BRIDGE CLASS CULVERT CROSSING.
WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS FROM THE COLORADO RIVER OBTAINED FROM THE FEMA FIS ARE:
10-YEAR = 97.1'
100-YEAR = 102.8'

#### NOTES:

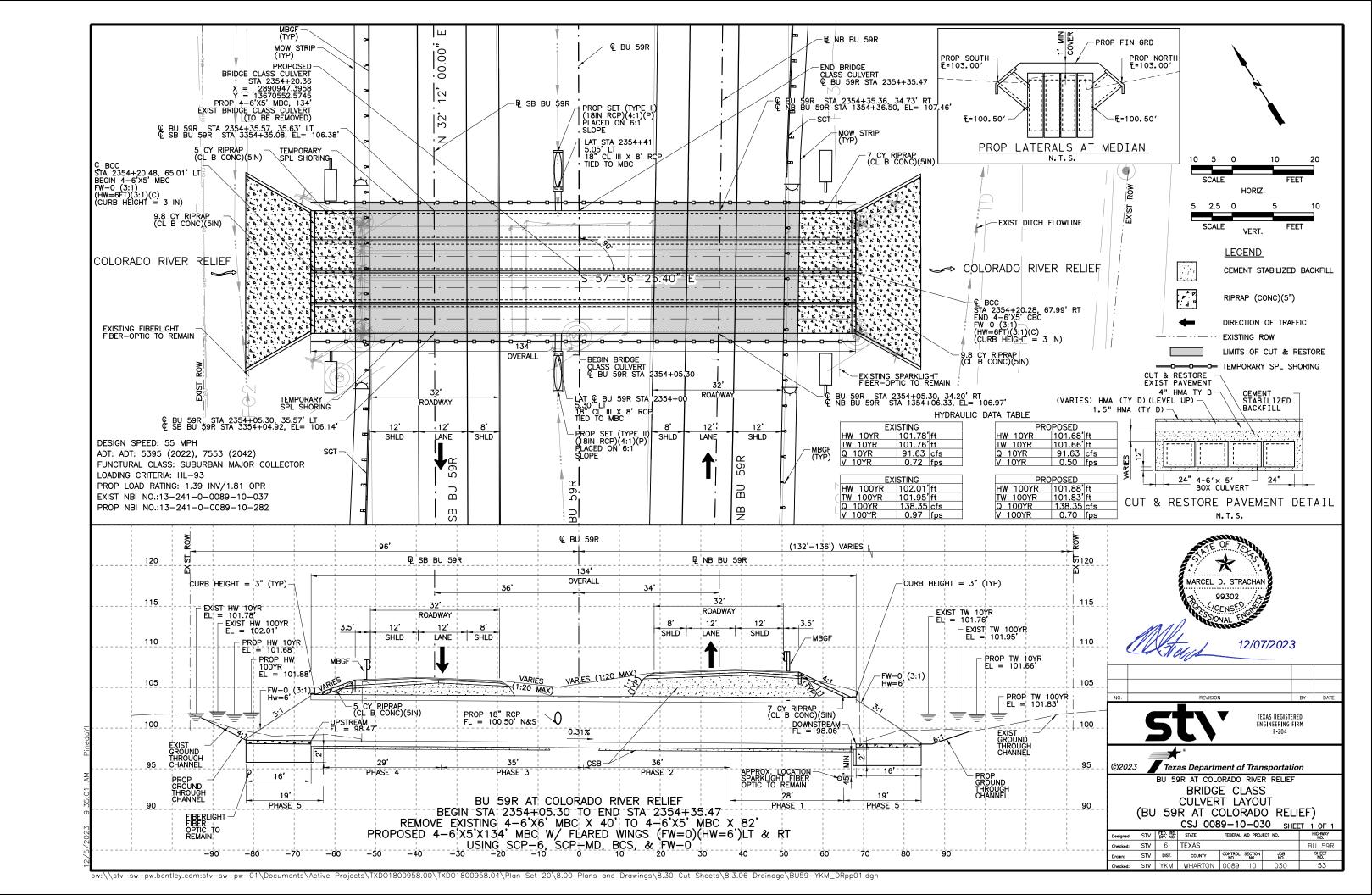
- 1. HEC-RAS VERSION 6.3 WAS USED FOR THE HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS. NORMAL DEPTH WITH A SLOPE OF S = 0.002 FT/FT WAS USED AS THE DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY CONDITION FOR BOTH EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONDITIONS.
- 2. DRAINAGE AREAS WERE DELINEATED USING ELEVATION DATA FROM THE TNRIS DATA HUB WEBSITE.
- 3. PEAK FLOW RATES WERE CALCULATED USING THE RATIONAL METHOD PER TXDOT HYDRAULIC DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 2019) FOR AREAS LESS THAN 100 ACRES.
- 4. THE PROJECT LOCATION IS WITHIN A ZONE AE SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA FOR THE COLORADO RIVER PER FEMA FIRM 48481CO365F DATED DECEMBER 21, 2017
- 5. COORDINATION WITH THE WHARTON COUNTY FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR OCCURED ON 08/25/2023.

RTG YKM WHARTON





pw:\\stv-sw-pw.bentley.com:stv-sw-pw-01\Documents\Active Projects\TXD01800958.00\TXD01800958.04\Plan Set 20\8.00 Plans and Drawings\8.30 Cut Sheets\8.3.06 Drainage\BUS59\_DR\_HDS\_01\_RTG.dgn



Culvert Station and/or Creek Name followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both)  BU59 AT COLORADO RELIEF (BOTH)	Description of Box Culvert  No. Spans ~ Span X Height  4 ~ 6'x 5'	Max Fill Height (Ft)	Applicable Box Culvert Standard 4 SCP-6	Applicable Wingwall or End Treatment Standard FW-0	Skew Angle (0°,15°, 30° or 45°)	Side Slope or Channel Slope Ratio (SL:1) 3:1	T Culvert Top Slab Thickness (In)	U Culvert Wall Thickness (In)	C Estimated Curb Height (Ft)	Hw 1 Height of Wingwall (Ft)	A Curb to End of Wingwall  (Ft)  16.000'	B Offset of End of Wingwall (Ft) 9.238'	Lw Length of Longest Wingwall (Ft)	Ltw Culvert Toewall Length (Ft)	Atw Anchor Toewall Length (Ft)	Riprap Apron (CY)	Class 2 "C" Conc (Curb) (CY)	Class "C" Conc (Wingwall) (CY) 13.6	Total Wingwall Area (SF)
BOSS AT COLONADO NELTET (BOTTI)	7 0 X 3	1.3	36, 0	7 *** 0		3.1		,	0.230	3.007	70.000	3.230	10.475	14774	177	13.0	0.0	13.0	222
							1							1					

Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment

SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical

- Side slope at culvert for flared or straight wingwalls.
- Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
  Slope must be 3:1 or flatter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.

C = Curb height

See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.

A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)

B = Offset of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)

Lw = Length of longest wingwall.

Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only)

Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.

Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

- (1) Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.
- 2 Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only. For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- 3 Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a different type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments to the dimensions and quantities shown.

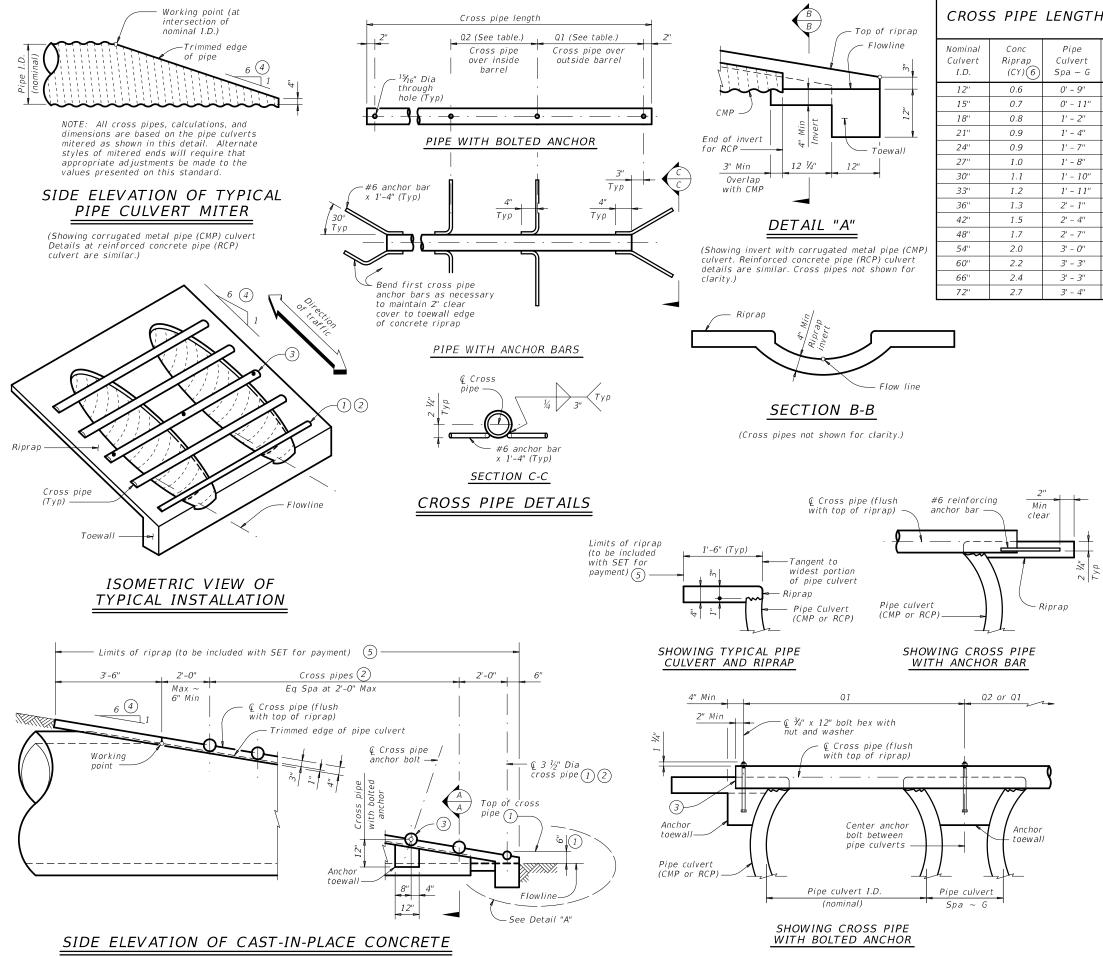




BOX CULVERT SUPPLEMENT WINGS AND END TREATMENTS

BCS

8	bcsstde1-20.dgn	DN: TXE	DOT	ск: Т	xD0T	DW:	TxD0T		ck: TxD0T			
TxD0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT JOB			HIGHWAY						
	REVISIONS	0089	10 030			Е	3U	59R				
		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO		SHEET NO.				
		YKM	WHARTON						54			



SECTION A-A

CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) 6	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi- Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9''	N/A	2' - 1''	1' - 9''		
15"	0.7	0' - 11''	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10''	2' - 8"	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		(3.500" O.D.)
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6"	3' - 7"		
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10''	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts	
30"	1.1	1' - 10''	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	3 ½" Std (4.000" 0.D.)
33"	1.2	1' - 11''	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8"	All pipe culverts	(4.000 0.5.)
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5''	4' - 9''	5' - 1"	All pine sulverts	4" Std
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11''	5' - 5"	5' - 10''	All pipe culverts	(4.500" O.D.)
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5''	6' - 0''	6' - 7''		
54"	2.0	3' - 0''	5' - 11''	6' - 9''	7' - 6"		
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"	All pipe culverts	5" Std
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11''	7' - 10''	8' - 9''		(5.563" O.D.)
72"	2.7	3' - 4''	7' - 5''	8' - 5"	9' - 4''		

- 1) The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 2) Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1#2" standard pipe (4" 0.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- (3) Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- (4) Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- (5) Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap."
- (6) Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel

reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.
Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53
(Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts.

Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes.

Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap." Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price

Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETP-PD

LE: CD-SETP-PD-2	0.dgn	DN: GAF	-	CK: CAT	DW:	JRP	CK: GAF				
TxD0T Febru	ary 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	HIGHWAY				
REVIS	IONS	0089	10	030		BU	J 59R				
		DIST	DIST COUNTY				SHEET NO.				
		YKM		WHART		55					

(Showing reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert.

Details at corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar.)

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCING STEEL (Wings for one structure end) Dimensions Variable Reinforcing Bars J2 Bars J1 Maximum Wingwall Z W Height Spa Spa 2'-6" 2'-5" 1'-0" #4 1'-0" #4 3'-0" 2'-5" 1'-0" #4 1'-0" #4 #4 #4 3'-6" 2'-5' 1'-0" 4'-0" 2'-5" 1'-0" 9" #4 1'-0" #4 1'-0" 4'-6" 3'-2" 1'-6" 1'-0" #4 1'-0" #4 1'-0" 5'-0" 1'-0" 3'-2 1'-6" #4 1'-0" #4 1'-0" 5'-6" 1'-0" #4 #4 3'-2" 1'-6" 1'-0" 1'-0" 1'-0" 6'-0" 3'-2" 1'-6" #4 1'-0" #4 1'-0" 7'-0" 3'-8" 1'-9" 1'-3" #4 1'-0" #4 1'-0" 8'-0" 4'-2" 2'-0" 1'-6" 8" #5 1'-0" #4 1'-0" 9'-0" 4'-8" 2'-3" 1'-9" 8" #4 6" #4 6" 2'-6" 2'-0" 8" 6" #4 6" 11'-0" 5'-8" 2'-9" 2'-3" 8" 6" #5 6" 12'-0" 6'-2" 3'-0" 2'-6" 9" #7 6" #5 6" 13'-0" 6'-8" 3'-3" 2'-9" 11" #7 6" #5 6" #5 14'-0" 7'-2" 3'-6" 3'-0" 1'-0" #8 15'-0" 7'-8" 4'-0" 3'-0" 1'-1" #9 6" #6 4'-6" 3'-0" 1'-3" #9 6" #6 16'-0" 8'-2" Finished grade (roadway slope)

# TABLE OF WINGWALL REINFORCING (2~winas)

Estimated

per ft of

wing length

(2~winas)

(Lb/Ft)

33.73

37.07

37.74

38.41

41.75

45.09

45.75

46.42

52.77

60.19

81.49

97.25

133.65

162.29

Quantities (3)

(CY/Ft.

0.248

0.261

0.273

0.285

0.330

0.343

0.355

0.367

0.414

0.486

0.535

0.584

0.634

0.721

	,	9-7	
Bar	Size	No.	Spa
D	#5	~	1'-0"
Ε	#4	~	1'-0"
F	#4	~	1'-0"
G	#6	4	~
М	#4	4	~
Р	#4	~	1'-0"
R	#5	6	~
V	#4	~	1'-0"

#### TABLE OF ESTIMATED CULVERT TOEWALL

	Q 0 7 11 <b>1</b> 1	111123	
Bar	Size	No.	Spa
L	#4	~	1'-6"
Q	#4	1	~
Reinf	(Lb/Ft)		2.45
Conc	(CY/Ft)		0.037

#### WING DIMENSION FORMULAS:

(All values are in feet.)

 $Hw = H + T + C - 0.250^{\circ}$ A = (Hw - 0.333') (SL) $B = (A) \text{ tangent } (30^{\circ})$ 

 $Lw = (A) \div cosine (30^\circ)$ 

For cast-in-place culverts: Ltw = (N)(S) + (N + 1)(U)

For precast culverts: Ltw = (N) (2U + S) + (N - 1) (0.5')

Total wingwall area (two wings  $\sim$  SF) = (Hw + 0.333') (Lw)

= Height of wingwall

SL:1 = Side slope ratio (horizontal:1 vertical)
Lw = Length of wingwall

Ltw = Culvert toewall length = Number of culvert spans

See applicable box culvert standard sheet for H, S, T, and U values.

Length of wings

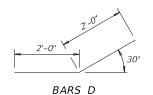
based on SL:1

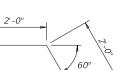
slope along

this line.

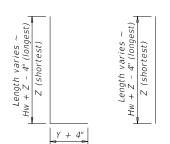
PLAN

(Showing dimensions.)

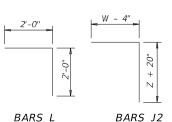




BARS R



BARS J1 BARS V



BARS L

(1) Extend Bars P 3'-0" minimum into bottom slab of

- 2) Adjust as necessary to maintain 1 1#2" clear cover and 4" minimum between bars
- $\stackrel{\textstyle igorup}{\textstyle 3}$  Quantities shown are based on an average wing height for two wings (one structure end). To determine total quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values
- $\stackrel{ ext{ }}{4}$  Recommended values of side slope are: 2:1, 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1.
- (5) When shown elsewhere on the plans, construct 5" deep concrete riprap, Payment for riprap is as required by Item 432, "Riprap". Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, provide a 6" wide by 1'-6" deep reinforced concrete toewall along all edges of the riprap adjacent to natural ground; reinforce the toewall by extending typical riprap reinforcing into the toewall; and extend construction joints or grooved joints oriented in the direction of flow across the full distance of the riprap at intervals of approximately 20' When such riprap is provided, the culvert toewall shown in SECTION B-B will not be required.
- $\binom{6}{1}$  At Contractor's option, culvert toewall may be ended flush with wingwall toewall. Adjust reinforcing as needed.
- 7) O" Min to 5'-O" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (8) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
  - For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.

Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans.

In riprap concrete synthetic fibers listed on the "Fiber's for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing unless noted otherwise.

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

CT x D0

for Contractor's information only.

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed by the Engineer. See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for

additional dimensions and information. The quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise.



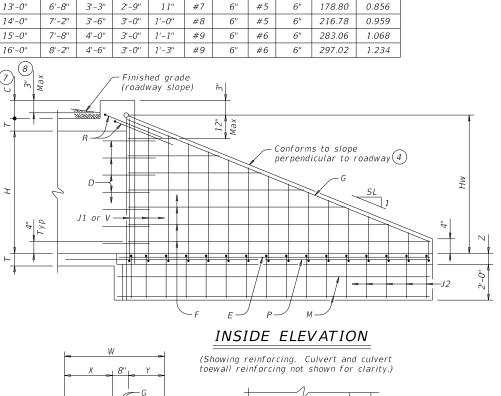
Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

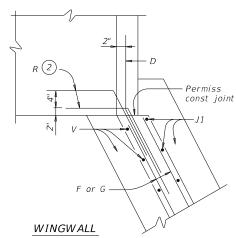
Bridge Division Standard

CONCRETE WINGWALLS WITH FLARED WINGS FOR 0° SKEW BOX CULVERTS

FW-0

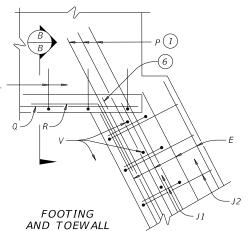
				•	VV	U				
	fw-0stde-20.dgn	DN: GAF		CK:	CAT	DW:	TxD0T		ck: TxD0T	
T	February 2020	CONT	SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY BU 59R			
	REVISIONS	0089	10		030					
		DIST		COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
		YKM		WHARTON					56	

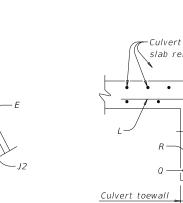




CORNER DETAILS

(Culvert and culvert toewall reinforcing not shown for clarity.)





-Culvert bottom

slab reinforcing



SECTION B-B 5

See Corner

(Typ)

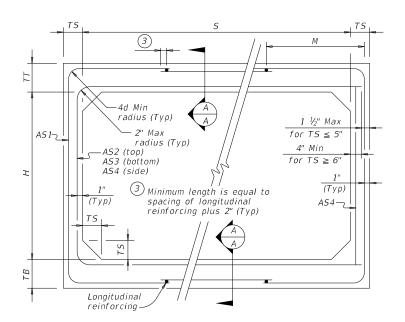
Const joint

Wingwall toewall

SECTION A-A

# DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TXDOI for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

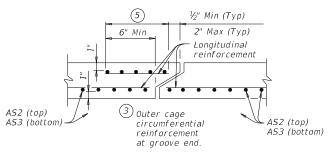
							ВС	X DA	TA						
		(ift.) (in.)				Fill	М		RE	INFORC	NG (sq.	in. / ft.	)(2)		1 Lift
	5 (ft.)				TS (in.)	Height (ft.)	(Min) (in.)	AS1	AS2	AS3	AS4	AS5	AS7	AS8	Weight (tons)
	6	2	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.23	0.27	0.19	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	7.2
	6	2	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.25	0.21	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
	6	2	7	7	7	3 - 5	43	0.20	0.17	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
	6	2	7	7	7	10	39	0.20	0.17	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
	6	2	7	7	7	15	39	0.26	0.20	0.20	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
	6	2	7	7	7	20	39	0.34	0.26	0.26	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
	6	2	7	7	7	25	39	0.43	0.32	0.32	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
use.	6	2	7	7	7	30	39	0.52	0.38	0.39	0.17	-	-	-	6.8
damages resulting from its	6	3	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.20	0.31	0.22	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	7.9
tro	6	3	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.21	0.24	0.19	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
ting	6	3	7	7	7	3 - 5	39	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
issu/	6	3	7	7	7	10	39	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
S	6	3	7	7	7	15	38	0.22	0.24	0.24	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
nage	6	3	7	7	7	20	38	0.28	0.31	0.31	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
dan	6	3	7	7	7	25	38	0.35	0.38	0.39	0.17	-	-	-	7.5
. O.	6	3	7	7	7	30	38	0.42	0.46	0.46	0.17	_	-	-	7.5
ults															
res	6	4	8	7	7	< 2	-	0.19	0.34	0.25	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	8.6
ect	6	4	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.19	0.27	0.21	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
COL	6	4	7	7	7	3 - 5	39	0.17	0.21	0.19	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
11.11	6	4	7	7	7	10	39	0.17	0.20	0.21	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
or tor incorrect results	6	4			7	15	38	0.18	0.27	0.27	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
	6	4	7	7	7	20	38	0.24	0.34	0.35	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
rormats	6	4			7	25	38	0.29	0.43	0.42	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
	6	4	7	7	7	30	38	0.35	0.51	0.52	0.17	-	-	-	8.2
the															
to 0	6				7	< 2	-	0.19	0.37	0.28	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	9.3
эгд	6	5	7	7	7	2 < 3	43	0.17	0.30	0.24	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
standard to other	6	5	7	7	7	3 - 5	43	0.17	0.23	0.21	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
	6	5	7	7	7	10	39	0.17	0.22	0.23	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
of this	6	5	7	7	7	15	38	0.17	0.28	0.29	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
01	6	5	7	7	7	20	38	0.20	0.37	0.38	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
	6	5	7	7	7	25	38	0.25	0.45	0.46	0.17	-	-	-	8.9
	6	5	7	7	7	30	38	0.30	0.54	0.55	0.17	-	_	-	8.9
	6	6	0	7	7	- 2		0.10	0.20	0.30	0.17	0.10	0.10	0.17	10
	6	6	<i>8 7</i>	7	7	< 2	- 52	0.19	0.38	0.30	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.17	10
	6 6	6	7	7	7	2 < 3 3 - 5	52 52	0.17		0.26		-	-	-	9.6 9.6
	6	6	7	7	7	10	43	0.17	0.24	0.22	0.17	_	-	-	9.6
	6	6	7	7	7	15	39	0.17	0.23	0.24	0.17				9.6
	6	6	7	7	7	20	39	0.17	0.29	0.31	0.17	_	_	-	9.6
	-	-	<del>- '</del>		<u> </u>	1 20		0.10	0.30	0.39	0.17	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del> -		9.0



CORNER OPTION "A"

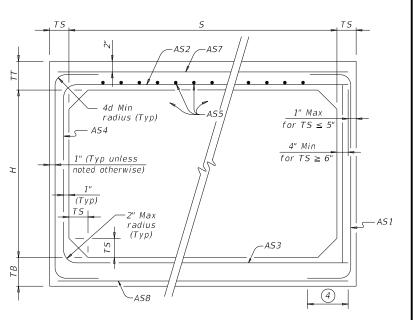
CORNER OPTION "B"

#### FILL HEIGHT 2 FT AND GREATER



#### SECTION A-A

(Showing top and bottom slab joint reinforcement.)



CORNER OPTION "A"

CORNER OPTION "B"

#### FILL HEIGHT LESS THAN 2 FT

4 Length is equal to spacing of longitudinal reinforcing plus 2". (10" Min) (Typ)

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide 0.03 sq. in./ft. minimum longitudinal reinforcement at each face in slabs and walls. This minimum requirement may be met by the transverse wires when wire mesh

reinforcement is used.

Provide Class H concrete (f`c = 5,000 psi).

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designs shown conform to ASTM C1577. Refer to ASTM C1577

for information or details not shown. See Box Culverts Precast Miscellaneous Details (SCP-MD) standard sheet for details and notes not shown.

In lieu of furnishing the designs shown on this sheet, the contractor may furnish an alternate design that is equal to or exceeds the box design for the design fill height in the table. Submit shop plans for alternate designs in accordance with Item "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication)".

#### HL93 LOADING



SINGLE BOX CULVERTS

Bridge Division Standard

**PRECAST** 6'-0" SPAN

SCP-6

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©T x D0T	February 2020	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HW AY	
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		DIST		COUNT	Y		5.	HEET NO.	
		YKM		WHART	ΓON			57	

1) For box length = 8'-0''

2 AS1 thru AS4, AS7 and AS8 are minimum required areas of reinforcement per linear foot of box length. AS5 is minimum required area of reinforcement per linear foot of box width.

38

38

30

0.23

0.27

0.46

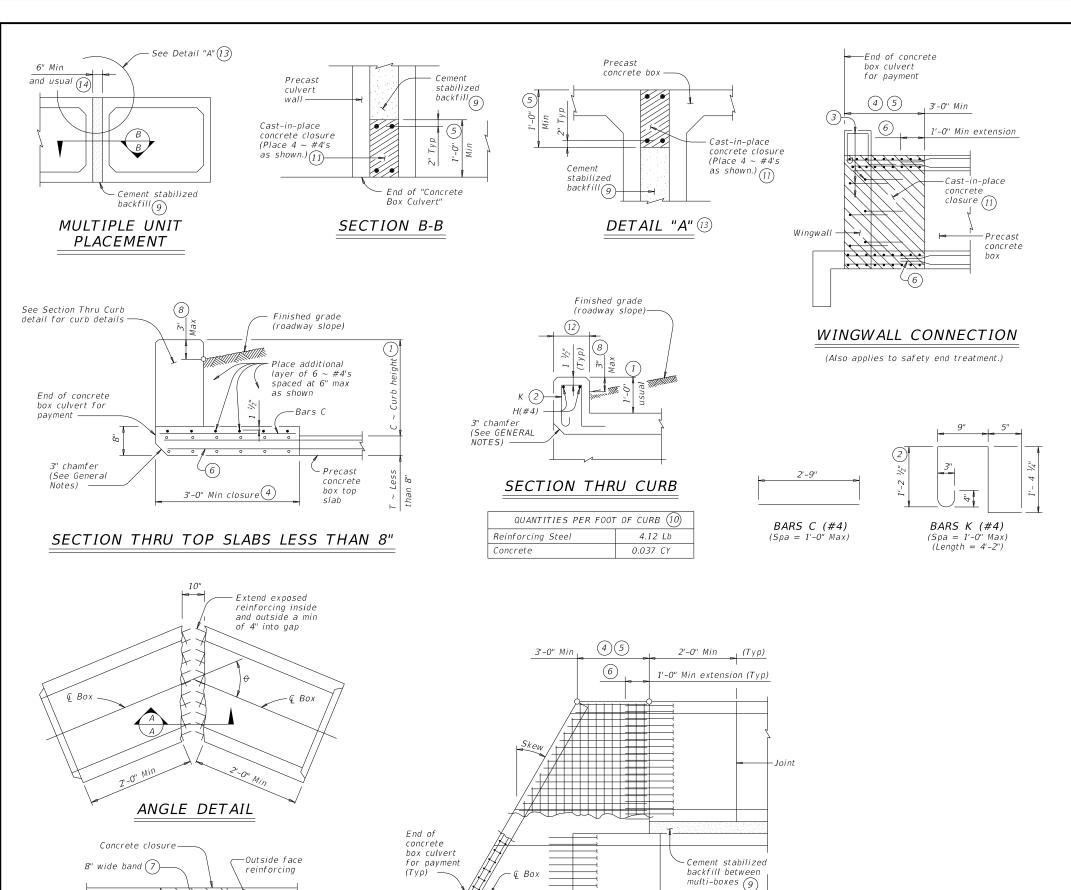
0.55 0.57

0.48

0.17

9.6

9.6



PLAN OF SKEWED ENDS

. —End of cast-in-

place concrete closure

(Showing multi-box placement.)

- 1) O" Min to 5'-O" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail, bicycle rail, or curbs taller than 1'-0, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
- (2) For curbs less than 1'-0" high, tilt Bars K or reduce bar height as necessary to maintain cover. For curbs less than 3" high, Bars K may be omitted.
- 3 Extend curb, wingwall, or safety end treatment reinforcing into concrete closure. Bend or trim, as necessary, any reinforcing that does not fit into closure area.
- Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place concrete closure. Break back boxes in the field or cast boxes short. Provide bands of reinforcing in the closure that are the same size and spacing as in the precast box section. Provide #4 longitudinal reinforcement spaced at 12 inches Max within the closure. Except where shown otherwise, construct the cast-in-place closure flush with the inside and outside faces of the precast box section.
- $\stackrel{ ext{(5)}}{}$  For multiple unit placements, adjust the length of the closure for the interior walls as necessary. Provide a 3'-0" Min cast-in-place closure in the top slab, bottom slab, and exterior wall. See Section B-B detail when interior walls are cast full length.
- $\stackrel{ extbf{(6)}}{ extbf{(6)}}$  Extend precast box reinforcing a minimum of 1'-0" into concrete closure (Typ).
- 7) Place bands of reinforcing matching the inside and outside face reinforcing in the gaps of the top and bottom slabs. Place a band matching the outside face reinforcing of the wall in the gaps of the walls (placed in the outside face only). Tack weld the bands to the exposed reinforcing at each point of contact.
- 8 For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met:
   For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.
  - For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade. Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.
- (9) Cement stabilized backfill between boxes is considered part of the box culvert
- (10) All curb concrete and reinforcing is considered part of the box culvert for payment.
- (1) Any additional concrete and reinforcing required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert for payment.
- 12 1'-0" typical. 2'-3" when the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet is referred to elsewhere in the plans
- $^{(13)}$  For multiple unit placement with overlay, with 1 to 2 course surface treatment, or with the top slab as the final riding surface, provide wall closure as shown in Detail "A".
- This dimension may be increased with approval of the Engineer to allow the precast boxes to be tunneled or jacked in accordance with Item 476, "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box". No payment will be made for any additional material in the gap between adjacent boxes.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel.

Provide ASTM A1064 welded wire reinforcement. Provide Class C concrete (f'c = 3,600 psi) for the closures.

Provide cement stabilized backfill meeting the requirements of Item 400, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures."

Any additional concrete required for the closures will be considered subsidiary to the box culvert.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Refer to the Single Box Culverts Precast (SCP) standard sheets for details and

Chamfer the bottom edge of the top slab closure 3 inches at culvert closure ends.

Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing bars dimensions are out-to-out of bars.

#### HL93 LOADING



**BOX CULVERTS PRECAST** MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

SCP-MD

			_				
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Inside face

-Inside face

reinforcing

SECTION A-A

SEC B-B

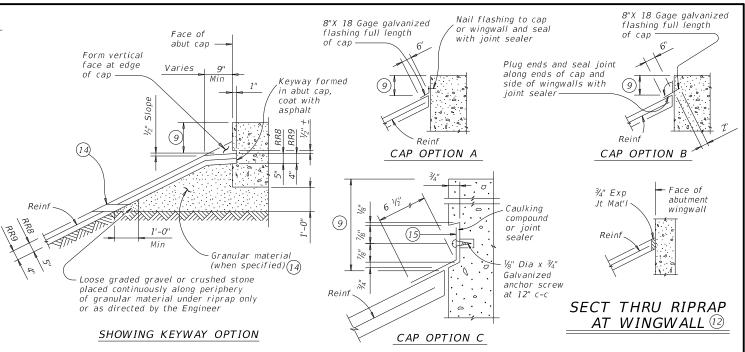
(Shoulder drain

integral with riprap)

SEC D-D

(Shoulder drain)

Approach slab or pavement



(1) When riprap is shown extended around header on layout, extend slab and toewall as shown and eliminate 4" curb.

0

**Y** 

 $\Psi$ 

**Y** 

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**Y** 

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Riprap blockout to be filled

with ACP. (Subsidiary to riprap)

RIPRAP DETAIL AT COLUMNS

(As directed by the Engineer)

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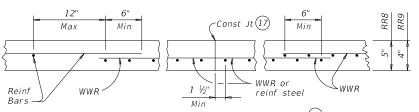
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### SECTIONS THRU RIPRAP AT CAP (1)

- (2) Limits and configuration of drains and depressions are as shown elsewhere in plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- Location of shoulder drain must consider limitations imposed by rail transition. Do not locate shoulder drains at expansion joints between approach slab and concrete pavement.
- 4 See details elsewhere in plans for installation of guard fence posts through concrete riprap.
- (5) Provide intermediate toewall only when designated elsewhere in the plans or included in the specifications.
- 6 Provide lower level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by 1 CF packet of gravel and galvanized hardware cloth at all locations unless directed by the Engineer to eliminate.
- (7) Use wider or other drain configurations if shown elsewhere in plans or if directed by the Engineer
- (8) Wall extension may be reduced or modified if approved by the Engineer. Increase wall extension to 1'-6" whenever the optional intermediate toewall is called for in the plans.
- Top of cap to top of riprap dimension varies as directed by the Engineer. Should be 9" Min for beam/slab type bridges and 1'-6" for slab span, box beam, or slab beam bridges.
- (10) #5 bars shown are required even when synthetic fiber reinforcing option is selected.
- (1) Provide sealing option for joint between the face of cap and riprap as designated by the Engineer or as shown elsewhere
- 12) Flashing (shown in Cap Option A) may be used at wingwall in addition to Exp Jt Mat'l if shown on plans or directed by the
- Provide #3 reinforcing bars at 18" Spa c-c. Provide Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR) as 6x6-D2.9xD2.9 or D3xD3. Combinations of WWR and reinforcing bars may be used if both are permitted. Use lap splices of a minimum 6 inches, measured from the transverse wire of WWR, and the ends of reinforcing bars.
- (14) If granular material is specified, provide upper level of 2" Dia weep holes at 10' c-c backed by galvanized hardware cloth.
- (15) 8" x 18 Gage Galv Sheet Metal
- (16) Provide WWR or #3 bars, with 1'-0" extension into slope.
- (17) WWR or reinforcing steel is continuous through riprap construction joints. Provide WWR or reinforcing steel that extends 1'-1" minimum into adjacent riprap on each side of construction joint even if synthetic reinforcing fiber is utilized.

FOR CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION ONLY: 5" of RR8 = 0.015 CY/SF4'' of RR9 = 0.012 CY/SF #3 Reinf at 18" c-c = 0.501 Lbs/SF6x6-D3xD3 = 0.408 Lbs/SF



## REINFORCEMENT DETAILS (13)

See General Notes for optional synthetic fiber reinforcement

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Provide Class "B" concrete (f'c = 2,000 psi) unless noted elsewhere

n plans. Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide deformed welded wire reinforcement (WWR) meeting

ASTM A1064, unless otherwise shown.

Provide reinforcing bars, deformed WWR, or any suitable combination of both types for riprap reinforcing, unless specified elsewhere in the Optionally synthetic fibers may be used if approved by the Engineer

Provide synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete. Install construction joints or grooved joints extending the full slant slope height at intervals of approximately 20 feet unless otherwise

directed by the Engineer.

Hardware cloth, loose grade stone behind weep holes, flashing, or other sealing material are subsidiary to the bid item "Riprap". See Layout for limits of riprap.

RR8 is to be used on stream crossings. RR9 is to be used on other embankments.

Texas Department of Transportation



#### CONCRETE RIPRAP AND SHOULDER DRAINS **EMBANKMENTS** AT BRIDGE ENDS (TYPES RR8 & RR9)

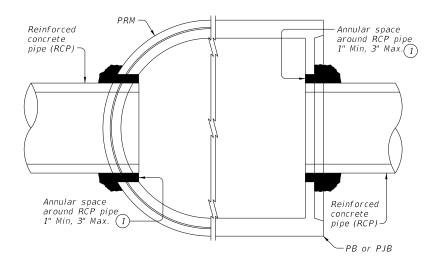
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TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY		
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	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.				
	YKM	WHARTON			59			

SEC B-B

(No drain)





PRECAST ROUND MANHOLE (PRM) WITH THROUGH-HOLE

ROUND MANHOLE (PRM)

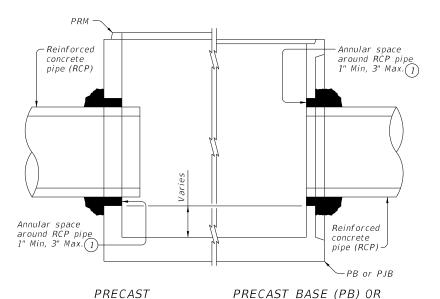
WITH THROUGH-HOLE

PRECAST BASE (PB) OR PRECAST JUNCTION BOX (PJB) WITH THIN-WALL KNOCK-OUT

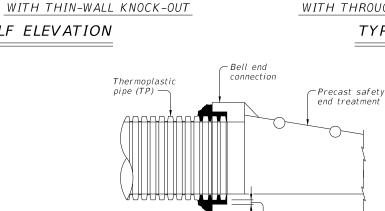
PRECAST JUNCTION BOX (PJB)

Annular space around TP pipe 1" Min, 3" Max. 1)-

#### TYPICAL HALF PLAN



#### TYPICAL HALF ELEVATION



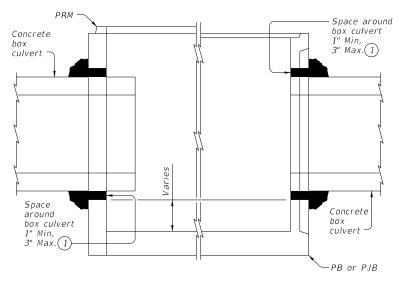
Grouts and Mortars for Miscellaneous Application."

#### Space around box culvert Concrete 3" Max. 1 culvert Space around Concrete box culvert 1" Min, 3" Max.(1) culvert ∽PB or PJB

PRECAST ROUND MANHOLE (PRM) WITH THROUGH-HOLE

PRECAST BASE (PB) OR PRECAST JUNCTION BOX (PJB) WITH THIN-WALL KNOCK-OUT

#### TYPICAL HALF PLAN



PRECAST ROUND MANHOLE (PRM) WITH THROUGH-HOLE

PRECAST BASE (PB) OR PRECAST JUNCTION BOX (PJB) WITH THIN-WALL KNOCK-OUT

#### TYPICAL HALF ELEVATION

(1) Completely fill the void between the precast structure and the connecting pipe or box with cementitious grouts and mortars in accordance with DMS-4675 "Cementitious

#### TYPICAL PARTIAL ELEVATION OF PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENTS

Showing square PSET for parallel drainage, cross drainage shown similar.

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

Do not grout rubber gasket joints without Manufacturer's recommendations.

Do not use bricks, masonry blocks, native stone, or similar materials in conjunction with grouted connections when filling void spaces around pipes or box culverts.

#### MATERIAL NOTES:

Provide grouted connections in accordance with DMS-4675 "Cementitious Grouts and Mortars for Miscellaneous

## GENERAL NOTES: See applicable standards for notes and details not shown:

to other bid Items.

Precast Base (PB)

Precast Junction Box (PJB)
Precast Round Manhole (PRM)

Precast Safety End Treatments C/D Square (PSET-SC)

Precast Safety End Treatments P/D Square (PSET-SP) Provide Concrete Box Culverts in accordance with Item 462 "Concrete Box Culverts and Drains."

Provide Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP) in accordance with

Item 464 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe." Provide Thermoplastic Pipe (TP) in accordance with Special

Specification Thermoplastic Pipe. Payment for grouted connections is considered subsidiary

Texas Department of Transportation

#### PIPE AND BOX GROUTED CONNECTIONS FOR PRECAST STRUCTURES

#### **PBGC**

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	DIST COUNTY		SHEET NO.		HEET NO.		
	YKM		WHARTO	NC			60

area of 9 square inches.

YKM

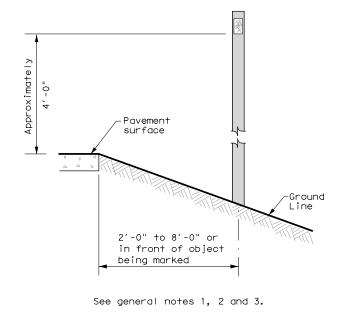
DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO HIGHWAY BU 59R SHEET NO. WHARTON 61

20A

4-10 7-20

the ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW (W1-6).

# DELINEATORS AND TYPE 2



WAP

12" Dia.

PLASTIC

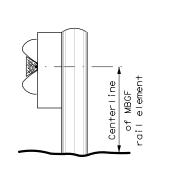
(Approx.)

20'

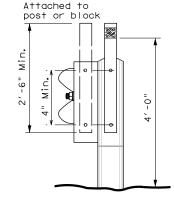
# TYPE OF BARRIER MOUNTS

#### GUARD FENCE ATTACHMENT

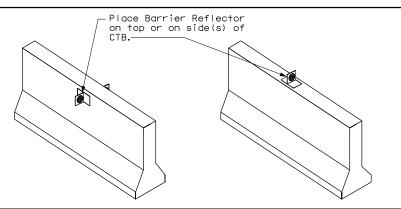
GF2



GF1



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)



#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Place delineators on a section of roadway at a consistent distance from the edge of pavement.
- 2. Where a restriction prevents consistent placement from the pavement edge, place the affected object markers in line with the innermost edge of the obstruction.
- 3. When Type 2 object markers and delineators are more than 8'-0" from the edge of the pavement, it may not be possible to maintain a height of approximately 4'-0". If this is the case, place the object marker or delineator as close to the desired height as possible.
- 4. Install all delineators, object markers and barrier reflectors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
- 5. Barrier reflectors should be installed a minimum of 18 inches above the edge of the pavement surface.
- 6. Diagonal stripes on Type 3 object markers shall slope down toward the intended travel lane.



#### **DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER** INSTALLATION

D & OM(2) - 20

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CTxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0089	10	030		BU 59R
10-09 3-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-10 7-20	YKM		WHARTC	N	62

Pavemensurface -Ground Line

> Mounting at 4 feet to the bottom of the chevron is permitted for chevrons that will not exceed a height of 6'-6" to the top of the chevron (sizes  $24" \times 30"$  and

# Pavement surface

Chevrons 30" x 36" and larger shall be mounted at a height of  $7^\prime$  to the bottom of the chevron. Chevron sign and ONE DIRECTION LARGE ARROW sign (W1-9T) shall be installed per SMD standard sheets and paid under item 644.

-Ground

Line

No warranty of any for the conversion

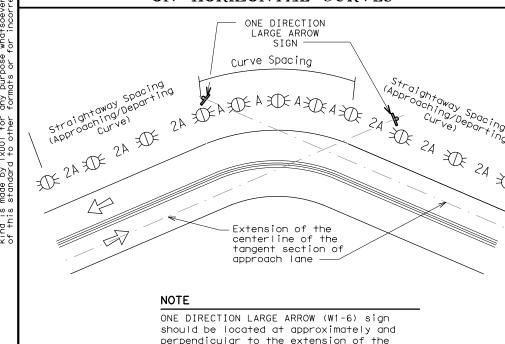
is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility mats or for incorrect results or damages resulting fro

# MINIMUM WARNING DEVICES AT CURVES WITH ADVISORY SPEEDS

Amount by which Advisory Speed	Curve Advisory Speed					
is less than Posted Speed	Turn (30 MPH or less)	Curve (35 MPH or more)				
5 MPH & 10 MPH	• RPMs	• RPMs				
15 MPH & 20 MPH	<ul> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RPMs and Chevrons; or</li> <li>RPMs and One Direction Large Arrow sign where geometric conditions or roadside obstacles prevent the installation of chevrons.</li> </ul>				
25 MPH & more	RPMs and Chevrons; or      RPMs and One Direction     Large Arrow sign where     geometric conditions or     roadside obstacles prevent     the installation of	• RPMs and Chevrons				

# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR DELINEATORS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

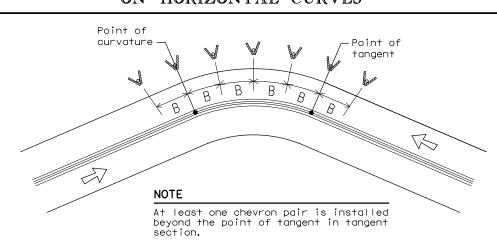
chevrons



# SUGGESTED SPACING FOR CHEVRONS ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

approach lane.

centerline of the tangent section of



# DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS KNOWN

			FEET	
Degree of Curve	Radius of Curve	Spacing in Curve	Spacing in Straightaway	Chevron Spacing in Curve
		Α	2A	В
1	5730	225	450	
2	2865	160	320	
3	1910	130	260	200
4	1433	110	220	160
5	1146	100	200	160
6	955	90	180	160
7	819	85	170	160
8	716	75	150	160
9	637	75	150	120
10	573	70	140	120
11	521	65	130	120
12	478	60	120	120
13	441	60	120	120
14	409	55	110	80
15	382	55	110	80
16	358	55	110	80
19	302	50	100	80
23	249	40	80	80
29	198	35	70	40
38	151	30	60	40
57	101	20	40	40

Curve delineator approach and departure spacing should include 3 delineators spaced at 2A. This spacing should be used during design preparation or when the degree of curve is known.

#### DELINEATOR AND CHEVRON SPACING

WHEN DEGREE OF CURVE OR RADIUS IS NOT KNOWN Chevron Advisory Spacina Spacina Spacing in in Speed in Straightaway (MPH) Curve Curve 2×A 130 260 200 65 110 220 160 55 100 200 160 50 85 170 160 75 45 150 120 40 70 140 120 35 120 120 60 30 55 110 80 25 50 100 80 40 80 80 20 35 70 40

If the degree of curve is not known, delineator spacing may be determined based on the Advisory Speed of the curve. Use the delineator curve spacing for each Advisory Speed (MPH).

DELINEATOR AND OBJECT	CT MARKER	APPLICATION	AND	SPACING
-----------------------	-----------	-------------	-----	---------

CONDITION	REQUIRED TREATMENT	MINIMUM SPACING
Frwy./Exp. Tangent	RPMs	See PM-series and FPM-series standard sheets
Frwy./Exp. Curve	Single delineators on right side	See delineator spacing table
Frwy/Exp.Ramp	Single delineators on at least one side of ramp (should be on outside of curves) (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet on ramp tangents Use delineator spacing table for ramp curves ("straightway spacing" does not apply to ramp curves)
Acceleration/Deceleration Lane	Double delineators (see Detail 3 on D&OM(4))	100 feet (See Detail 3 on D & OM (4)
Truck Escape Ramp	Single red delineators on both sides	50 feet
Bridge Rail (steel or concrete)and Metal Beam Guard Fence	Bi-Directional Delineators when undivided with one lane each direction  Single Delineators when multiple lanes each direction	Equal spacing (100′max) but not less than 3 delineators
Concrete Traffic Barrier (CTB) or Steel Traffic Barrier	Barrier reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Equal spacing 100' max
Cable Barrier	Reflectors matching the color of the edge line	Every 5th cable barrier post (up to 100'max)
Guard Rail Terminus/Impact Head	Divided highway - Object marker on approach end Undivided 2-lane highways - Object marker on approach and departure end	Requires reflective sheeting provide by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end See D & OM (5) and D & OM (6)
Bridges with no Approach Rail	Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) at end of rail and 3 single delineators approaching rail	See D & OM(5)
Reduced Width Approaches to Bridge Rail	Type 2 and Type 3 Object Markers (OM-3) and 3 single delineators approaching bridge	Requires reflective sheeting provided by manufacturer per D & OM (VIA) or a Type 3 Object Marker (OM-3) in front of the terminal end
Culverts without MBGF	Type 2 Object Markers	See D & OM (5)  See Detail 2 on D & OM(4)
Crossovers	Double yellow delineators and RPMs	See Detail 1 on D & OM (4)
Pavement Narrowing (lane merge) on Freeways/Expressway	Single delineators adjacent to affected lane for full length of transition	100 feet

- Unless indicated otherwise, the delineator or barrier reflector color shall conform to the color of the pavement edge line on the side of the road where the delineators or barrier reflectors are placed.
- 2. Barrier reflectors may be used to replace required delineators.
- 3. Single red delineators may be mounted on the back side of delineator posts for wrong way driver applications

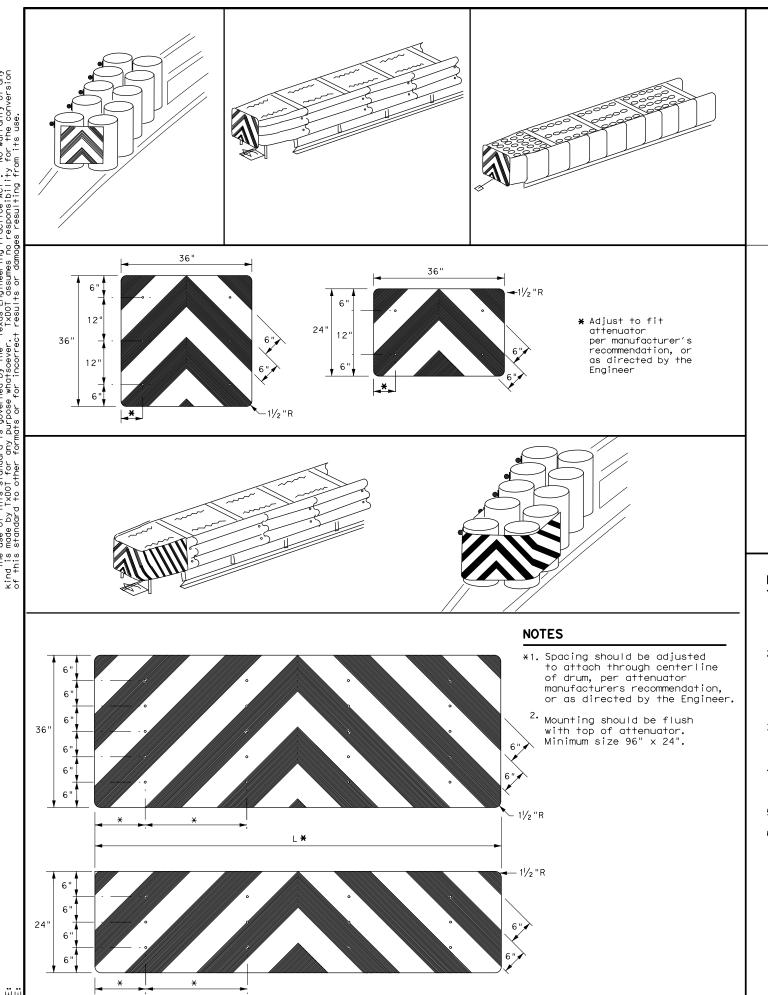
LEGEND						
XX	Bi-directional Delineator					
X	Delineator					
<b>h</b>	Sign					

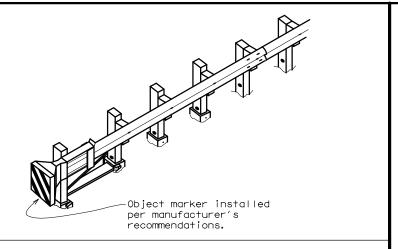


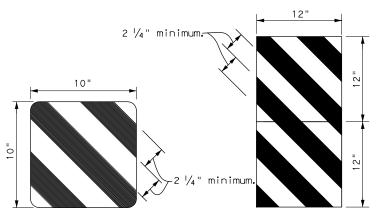
DELINEATOR & OBJECT MARKER PLACEMENT DETAILS

D & OM(3) - 20

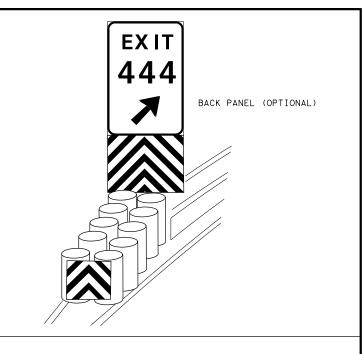
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TxDOT August 2004	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	0089	10	030		BU 59R
15 8-15	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
15 7-20	YKM		WHARTO	N	63

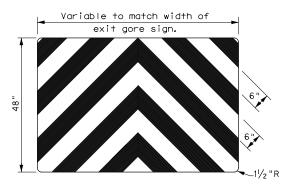






OBJECT MARKERS SMALLER THAN 3 FT<sup>2</sup>





#### NOTES

- 1. Object Markers shall conform to the Texas MUTCD and meet the color and reflectivity requirement of Department Material Specification DMS 8300. Background shall be yellow reflective sheeting (Type B or C) and Chevron
- 2. Object Markers may be fabricated from adhesive backed reflective sheeting applied directly to guardrail end treatment, or applied directly to an "end cap" as per the manufacturer's recommendation. Direct applied sheeting shall provide a smooth surface and have no wrinkles, air bubbles, cuts or tears. A radius at the corners is not required for direct applied sheeting.
- 3. Object Marker size may be reduced to fit smaller devices. Width of alternating black and yellow stripes are typically 6". Object Markers smaller than 3ft may have reduced width stripes of a minimum of 2  $\frac{1}{4}$ ".
- 4. Pop rivets, screws, or nuts and bolts may be used to attach object markers and reflectors. Holes, slots or other openings may be cut or drilled through object markers to allow cable or other attachments.
- 5. Object Marker at nose of attenuator is subsidiary to the attenuator.
- 6. See D & OM (1-4) for required barrier reflectors.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

**DELINEATOR &** OBJECT MARKER FOR VEHICLE IMPACT **ATTENUATORS** 

D & OM(VIA)-20

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© TxDOT December 1989	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
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4-92 8-04 8-95 3-15	DIST	IST COUNTY				SHEET NO.
4-98 7-20	YKM		WHARTC	N		66

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

6" Solid Yellow-

6" Solid White

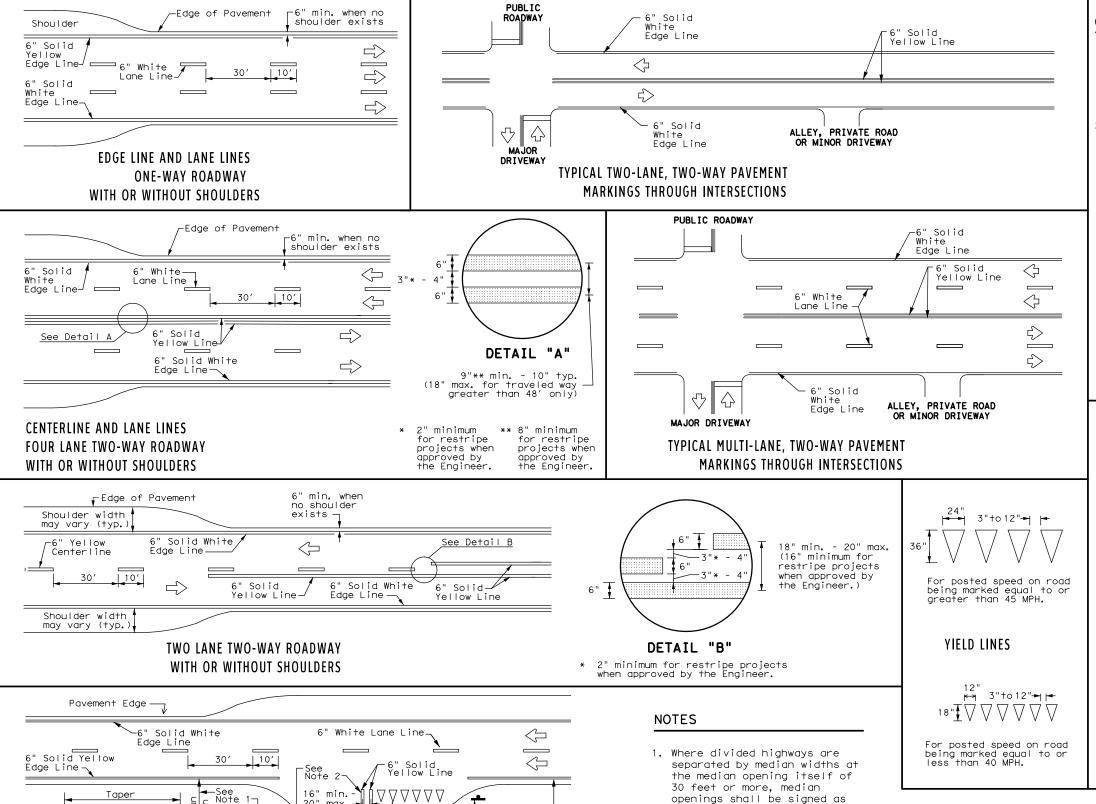
Edge Line

Edge Line—

8" Dotted

White

Line Extension



20" max.

ΔΔΔΔΔ

\_48" min.

line to stop/yield

Storage

Deceleration

 $\Rightarrow$ 

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

from edge

Lines

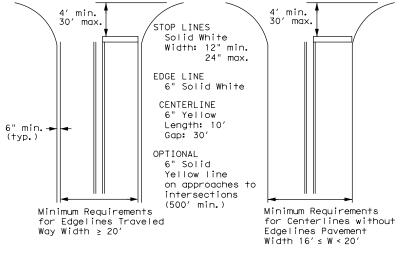
-6" White Lane Line

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths.

Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

#### GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES, EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

two separate intersections. Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

- 2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with yield signs.
- 3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

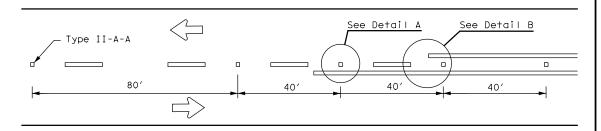


#### TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

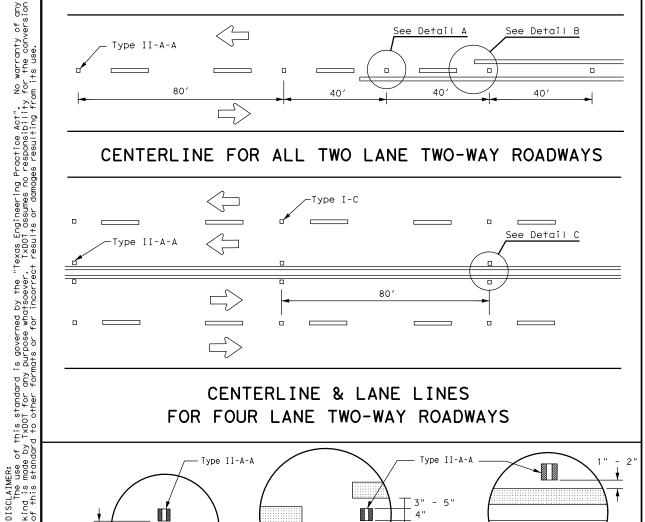
Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1) - 22

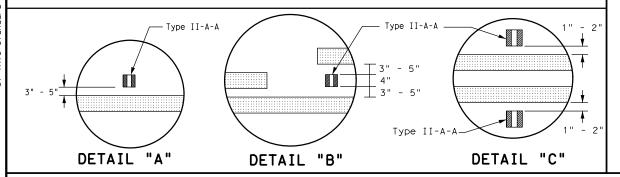
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TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		H [ GHWAY
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-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
-00 2-12	YKM		WHARTO	N	67



#### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

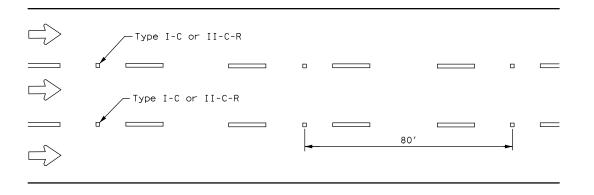


#### CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



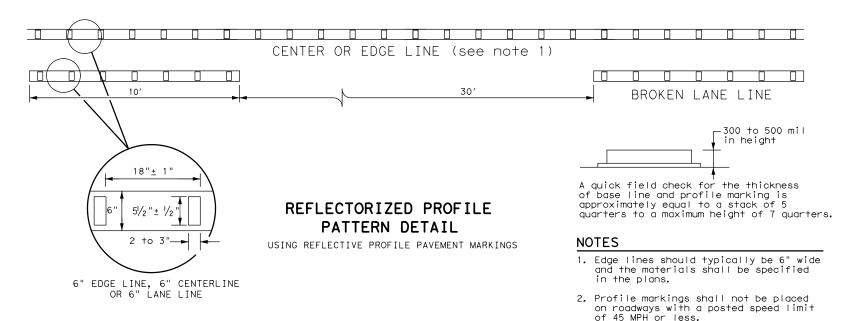
# Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A 80′ Type I-C

#### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



#### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

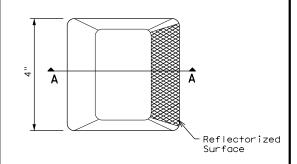


#### GENERAL NOTES

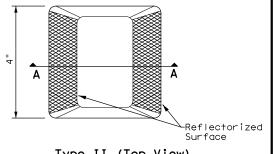
- All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal
- 3. Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

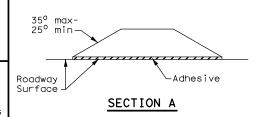
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



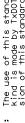
#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS RELECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS** PM(2) - 22

ILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:	
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1-92 2-10 12-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET	NO.
5-00 2-12	YKM		WHARTO	N	68	3



SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

#### SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

#### Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

#### Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))

SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

#### Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT)) U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))|

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

# Non-breakaway portion of support (i.e., stub). 4" max. -Ground

REQUIRED CLEARANCE

FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT

To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

circle

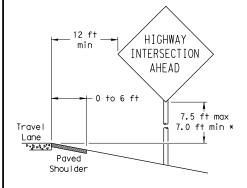
Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

Surface

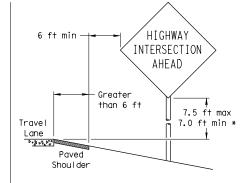
#### SIGN LOCATION

#### PAVED SHOULDERS



#### LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



#### GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

#### 7.0 ft min \* Travel Lane Paved Shoulder

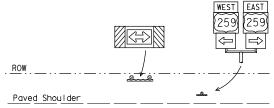
T-INTERSECTION

· 12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.



Edge of Travel Lane

- \* Signs shall be mounted using the following condition
- edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is:

# STOPÌ

#### that results in the greatest sign elevation: (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

components and Wedge Anchor System components.

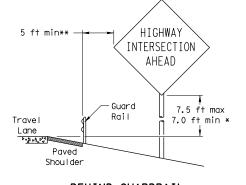
http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

#### Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

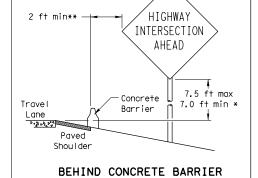
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS

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#### BEHIND BARRIER



BEHIND GUARDRAIL



\*\*Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Maximum

Travel

Lane

P - 21 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1

Shoulder

possible

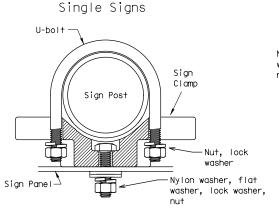
#### TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

diameter

circle

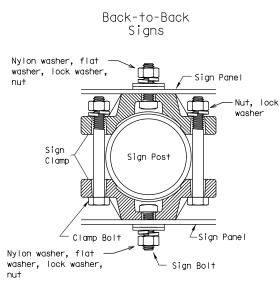


diameter

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp



Acceptable

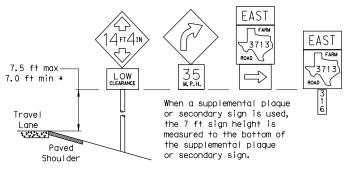
7 ft.

diameter

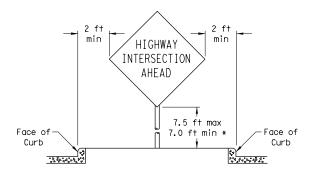
circle

	Approximate	Bolt Length
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"

# SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



#### CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND



Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other factors.

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min \*

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

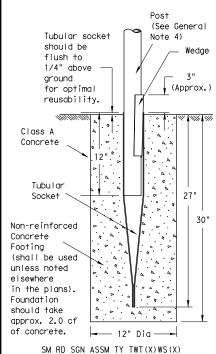
\*\*\* Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

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	YKM		WHARTC	N		69

#### Wedge Anchor Steel System



#### Wedge Anchor High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) System

unless noted

in the plans).

approx. 2.0 cf

Friction Cap

or Plug. See

(Slip-2)

detail on SMD

-12" Dia

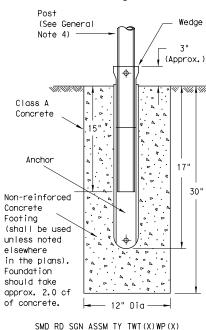
SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT(X)UA(P)

elsewhere

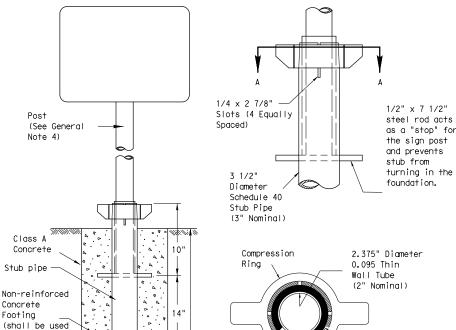
Foundation

should take

of concrete.



# Universal Anchor System with Thin-Walled Tubing Post



30"

stud bolt shall have minimum yield and ultimate tensile strengths of 50 and 75 ksi, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal-weight concrete with a 3 3/8" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 2450 and 1525 psi, respectively. Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives."

Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations.

3/4" dia.

5/8" diameter Concrete

to min. of 50 ft-lbs).

Anchor - 4 places

(embed a min. of

3 3/8" and torque

Anchor may be

adhesive type.

expansion or

Plastic insert must be used when using the TWT with either the Universal Anchor System or the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System. The insert should be approx. 10" long and cover the tubing from just above the top of the stub pipe to the bottom of the sign post when using the Universal Anchor System. The insert should be cut to approx. 4 1/2" when used with the Bolt Down Universal Anchor System.

3 1/2"

Diameter

Schedule 40

Coupler

10"

3 1/2"

Pipe Stub

Base
Plate

1/2"

SM RD SGN ASSM TY TWT (X) UB (P)

(See General

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with

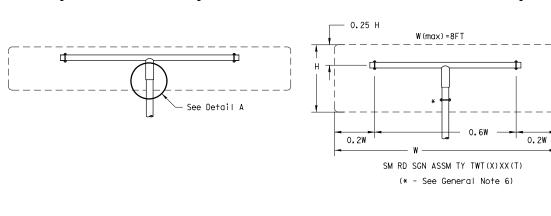
UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. A heavy hex nut

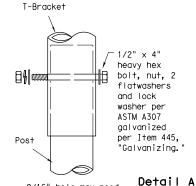
per ASTM A563 and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The

Note 4)

#### Sign Installation Using a Prefabricated T-Bracket for Thin-Wall Tubing Post

View A-A





9/16" hole may need to be drilled through post to accommodate bolt.

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

6" min -

to edge

- The Wedge Anchor System and the Universal Anchor System with thin wall tubing post may be used to support up to 10 square feet of sign area.
- 2. The tubular socket, wedge and prefabricated T-bracket shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to the approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 3. Except for posts (13 BWG Tubing), clamps, nuts and bolts, all components shall be prequalified. A list of prequalified vendors may be obtained from the Material Producer List web page. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:
   BWG Tubing (2.375" outside diameter) (TWT)

0.095" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008 Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

18% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of .083" to .099" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.369" to 2.381" Galvanization per ASTM 123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

- 5. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.
- 6. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24" high signs. Place clamp at least 3" above bottom of sign when possible.
- Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- 8. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Wedge Anchor System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

WEDGE ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Place concrete into hole until it is approximately flush with the ground. Concrete shall be Class A.
- Insert tubular socket into concrete until top of socket is approximaely 1/4 " above the concrete footing.
- Plumb the socket. Allow a minimum 4 days for concrete to set, unless otherwise directed by Engineer.
- 5. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- Insert the sign post into socket and align sign face with roadway.
- Drive the wedge into the socket to secure post. This will leave approximately 3 inches of the wedge exposed.

UNIVERSAL ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Dig foundation hole. Where solid rock is encountered at ground level, the foundation shall be a minimum depth of 18". When solid rock is encountered below ground level, the foundation shall extend in the solid rock a minimum depth of 18" or provide a minimum foundation depth of 30". If solid rock is encountered, the socket/stub may be reduced in length as required to a minimum length of 18". Any material removed from the socket/stub shall be from the bottom and the clearance requirements given on SMD(GEN) must be followed. The inner surfaces of the socket/stub must remain free of concrete or other debris.
- 2. Insert base post in hole to depths shown and backfill hole with concrete.
- 3. Level and plumb the base post using a torpedo level and allow concrete adequate time to set. The bottom of the slots provided in the stub pipe shall remain above the top of the concrete foundation.
- 4. Attach the sign to the sign post.
- 5. Install plastic insert around bottom of post.
- 6. Insert sign post into base post. Lower until the post comes to rest on steel rod.
- Seat compression ring using a hammer. Typically, the top of compression ring will be approximately level with top of stub post when optimally installed.
- 8. Check sign post by hand to ensure it is unable to turn. If loose, increase the tightening of the compression ring.



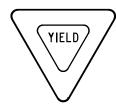
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS WEDGE & UNIVERSAL ANCHOR WITH THIN WALL TUBING POST SMD(TWT)-08

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9-08	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
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		YKM		WHARTO	N		70

# REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





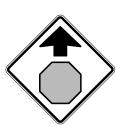




REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS				
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL		
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING		

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

#### REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING			
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 6. Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS						
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness					
Less than 7.5	0.080					
7.5 to 15	0.100					
Greater than 15	0.125					

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



Division Standard

#### TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4) - 13

		. •						
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-03 7-13 -08	)		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
••		YKM		WHARTO	N		71	

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3):

This SWP3 has been developed in accordance with the TPDES Construction General Permit TXR150000 (CGP), The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) ensures that project specifications include adequate best management practices (BMPs) for this project.

This SWP3 is consistent with requirements specified in applicable stormwater plans and the projects environmental permits, issues, and commitments (EPICs). A copy of the CGP is included in Attachment 2.12 of the SWP3 binder.

#### 1.0 SITE/PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT CONTROL SECTION JOB (CSJ):

0089-10-030

#### 1.2 PROJECT LIMITS:

From: BU 59R AT COLORADO RIVER RELIEF

To: STR#89-10-037

#### 1.3 PROJECT COORDINATES:

BEGIN: (Lat) 29.3021°(N) (Long) 96.1064°(W)

END: (Lat)29.3021°(N) ,(Long)96.1064°(W)

#### 1.4 TOTAL PROJECT AREA (Acres): 2.69

1.5 TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED (Acres): 2.69

#### 1.6 NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY:

CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGE REPLACEMENT CONSISTING OF REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES

#### 1.7 MAJOR SOIL TYPES:

Soil Type Description			
LcA, Lake	Clayey fluviomarine deposits		
Charles Clay	derived from igneous, metamorphic		
•	and sedimentary rock.		

#### 1.8 PROJECT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS (PSLs):

PSLs must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. PSLs may be identified during preconstruction meetings or during the construction process. Please choose from the options below: X PSLs determined during preconstruction meeting

□ PSLs determined during construction □ No PSLs planned for construction

Туре	Sheet #s

All off-ROW PSLs required by the Contractor are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall secure all permits required by local, state, federal laws for off-ROW PSLs. The contractor shall provide diagrams, areas of disturbance, acreage, and BMPs for all off-ROW PSLs within one mile of the project.

#### 1.9 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES:

(Use the following list as a starting point when developing the Construction Activity Schedule and Ceasing Record in Attachment 2.5.)

- X Mobilization
- X Install sediment and erosion controls
- X Blade existing topsoil into windrows, prep ROW, clear and grub
- X Remove existing pavement
- X Grading operations, excavation, and embankment
- X Excavate and prepare subgrade for proposed pavement widening
- X Remove existing culverts, safety end treatments (SETs)
- Remove existing metal beam guard fence (MBGF), bridge rail
- X Install proposed pavement per plans
- X Install culverts, culvert extensions, SETs
- X Install mow strip, MBGF, bridge rail
- X Place flex base
- X Rework slopes, grade ditches
- X Blade windrowed material back across slopes
- X Revegetation of unpaved areas
- X Achieve site stabilization and remove sediment and erosion control measures

Other:			
•			

Other:				

#### 1.10 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS AND SOURCES:

- X Sediment laden stormwater from stormwater conveyance over disturbed area
- X Fuels, oils, and lubricants from construction vehicles, equipment, and storage
- X Solvents, paints, adhesives, etc. from various construction
- X Transported soils from offsite vehicle tracking
- X Construction debris and waste from various construction
- X Contaminated water from excavation or dewatering pump-out
- X Sanitary waste from onsite restroom facilities
- X Trash from various construction activities/receptacles
- X Long-term stockpiles of material and waste
- X Discharges from concrete washout activities, runoff from concrete cutting activities, and other concrete related activities.

U Other:			
Other:			
□ Other: _			

#### 1.11 RECEIVING WATERS:

**Tributaries** 

Receiving waters must be depicted on the Environmental Layout Sheets in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3. Include Segment # for receiving waters.

**Classified Waterbody** 

	Commont ID: 4400
	Segment ID: 1402
	Segment Name: Colorado River
	below La Grange
* Add (*) for impaired waterbodie	e with pollutant in ()

#### 1.12 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: TxDOT

- X Development of plans and specifications
- X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)
- X Post Construction Site Notice
- X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4
- X Perform SWP3 inspections

□ Other:

- X Maintain SWP3 records and update to reflect daily operations
- X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ
- 🕱 Maintain SWP3 records for 3 years

□ Other:			

#### 1.13 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: CONTRACTOR

M Day To Day Operational Control

X Submit Notice of Intent (NOI) to TCEQ (≥5 acres)

X Post Construction Site Notice

X Submit NOI/CSN to local MS4

X Maintain schedule of major construction activities

X Install, maintain and modify BMPs

X Complete and submit Notice of Termination to TCEQ

X Maintain SWP3	records	for	3 years
□ Oth out			

Uther.		
□ Other:		
□ Other:		

#### 1.14 LOCAL MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER **SYSTEM (MS4) OPERATOR COORDINATION:**

ino i Linuty

MS4 Entity

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)



10

\* July 2023 Sheet 1 of 2

Texas Department of Transportation

FED. RD. DIV. NO.	PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.			
6				72
STATE	STATE Dist.	(	OUNTY	
TEXAS	YKM	WHARTON		
CONT.	SECT.	JOB HIGHWAY NO.		

030

BU 59R

# STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3): 2.0 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) AND CONTROLS, INSPECTION, AND **MAINTENANCE**

The Contractor shall be the responsible party for implementing the BMPs described herein and for complying with the SWP3 for control of erosion and sedimentation during day-to-day operations. The Contractor shall implement changes to this SWP3 approved by TxDOT within the times specified in this SWP3 or the CGP

SWI 3 of the COF.
2.1 EROSION CONTROL AND SOIL STABILIZATION BMPs:
T/P
X X Protection of Existing Vegetation
□ □ Vegetated Buffer Zones
□ □ Soil Retention Blankets
□ □ Geotextiles
□ □ Mulching/ Hydromulching
□ □ Soil Surface Treatments
X   Temporary Seeding
□ X Permanent Planting, Sodding or Seeding
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
□ □ Vertical Tracking
□ □ Interceptor Swale
□ X Riprap □ □ Diversion Dike
□ □ Temporary Pipe Slope Drain □ □ Embankment for Erosion Control
□ Paved Flumes
Other:
□ □ Other:
□ Other:
□ □ Other:
2.2 SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
T/P
□ □ Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
□ □ Dewatering Controls
□ Inlet Protection
X

		Other
2.2	2 S	EDIMENT CONTROL BMPs:
Τ,	P	
		Biodegradable Erosion Control Logs
		Dewatering Controls
		Inlet Protection
X		Rock Filter Dams/ Rock Check Dams
		Sandbag Berms
X		Sediment Control Fence
		Stabilized Construction Exit
		Floating Turbidity Barrier
		Vegetated Buffer Zones
		Vegetated Filter Strips
		Other:

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets

located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

Sediment control BMPs requiring design capacity calculations (See SWP3 Attachment 1.3.):

#### T/P

Sediment Trap
□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
$\hfill \square$ 3,600 cubic feet of storage per acre drained
Sedimentation Basin
X Not required (<10 acres disturbed)
□ Required (>10 acres) and implemented.
□ Calculated volume runoff from 2-year, 24-hour storm for each acre of disturbed area
$\hfill 3,600$ cubic feet of storage per acre drained
□ Required (>10 acres), but not feasible due to:
☐ Available area/Site geometry
☐ Site slope/Drainage patterns
☐ Site soils/Geotechnical factors
□ Public safety
☐ Other:

#### 2.3 PERMANENT CONTROLS:

(Coordinate post-construction BMPs with appropriate TxDOT maintenance sections.)

BMPs To Be Left In Place Post Construction:

Туре	Stationing		
Type	From	То	

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.4 OFFSITE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROLS:

- X Excess dirt/mud on road removed daily
- X Haul roads dampened for dust control
- X Loaded haul trucks to be covered with tarpaulin
- Stabilized construction exit Daily street sweeping

☐ Other:		

□ Other:			

#### 2.5 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES:

□ Other:

- X Chemical Management
- X Concrete and Materials Waste Management
- X Debris and Trash Management
- X Dust Control
- X Sanitary Facilities

□ Other:					
□ Other:					

Other:			

□ Other:	

#### 2.6 VEGETATED BUFFER ZONES:

Natural vegetated buffers shall be maintained as feasible to protect adjacent surface waters. If vegetated natural buffer zones are not feasible due to site geometry, the appropriate additional sediment control measures have been incorporated into this SWP3.

Typo	Stationing				
Туре	From	То			

Refer to the Environmental Layout Sheets/ SWP3 Layout Sheets located in Attachment 1.2 of this SWP3

#### 2.7 ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- X Fire hydrant flushings
- X Irrigation drainage
- X Pavement washwater (where spills or leaks have not occurred, and detergents are not used)
- X Potable water sources
- X Springs
- X Uncontaminated groundwater
- X Water used to wash vehicles or control dust
- X Other allowable non-stormwater discharges as allowed by TPDES GP TXR150000.

#### 2.8 DEWATERING:

#### 2.9 INSPECTIONS:

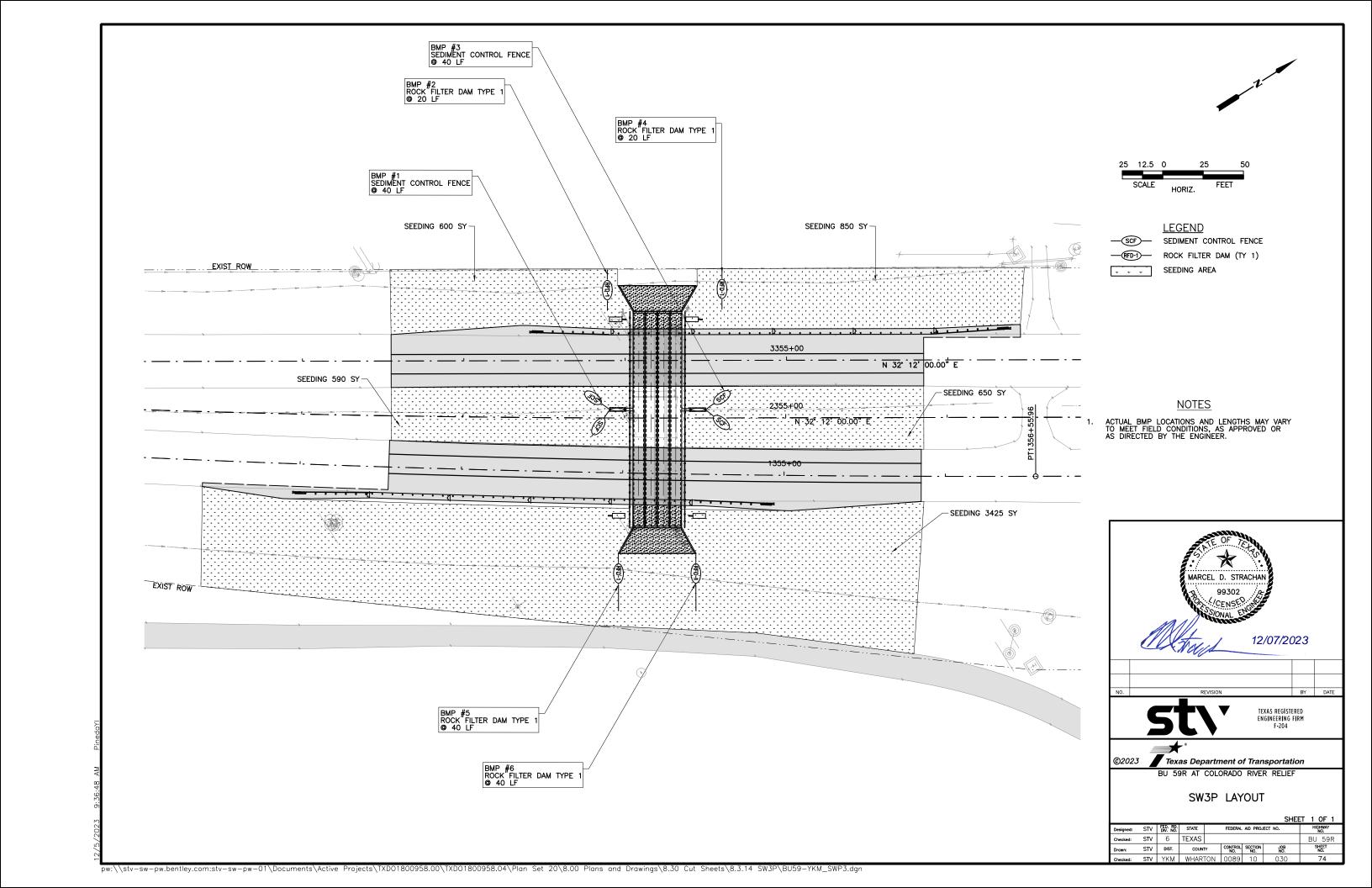
**2.10 MAINTENANCE:** Control measures shall be properly installed according to specifications. If it is determined that a BMP or control measure is not operating effectively, maintenance must be accomplished as soon as possible and before the next anticipated rain event, but in no case later than 7 calendar days after being able to access the site. Maintenance shall be performed by the Contractor as indicated on the Field Inspection and Maintenance Report Form 2118 and retained in Attachment 2.5 of this SWP3.

#### STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWP3)

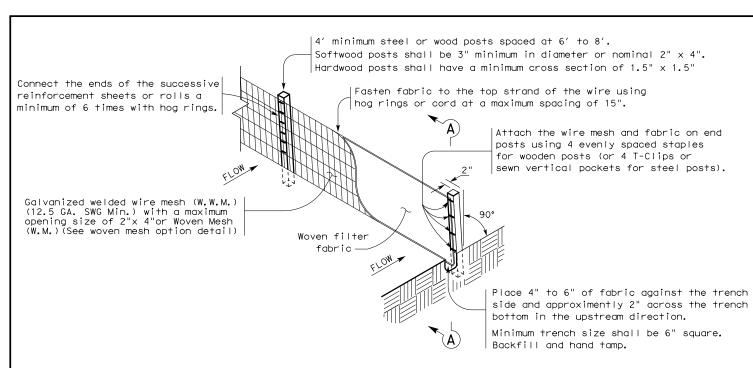


<sup>903</sup> July 2023 Sheet 2 of 2 Texas Department of Transportation

DIV. NO.			PROJECT NO. NO.					
6								
STATE		STATE Dist.	COUNTY					
TEXAS		YKM	WHARTON					
CONT.	CONT. SECT.		JOB	HIGHWAY NO.				
0089		10	030	RII 59R				

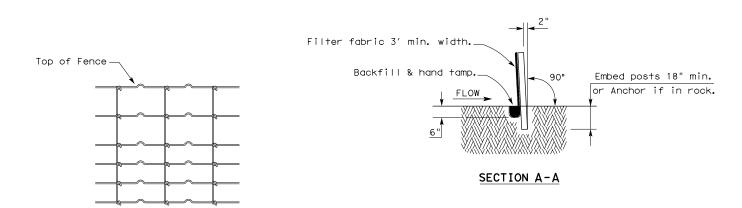


I. STORMWATER POLLU	TION PREVENTION		III. CULTURAL RESOURCES	VI. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES				
Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit is required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506. If applicable list MS4 operator that may receive discharges from this project. MS4 operator should be notified prior to construction activities.		red for projects with 1 or more protect for erosion and list MS4 operator that may receive	artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the area and contact the Engineer	area and contact the Engineer immediately.				
Prevent stormwater pollution Permit TXR 150000.	on erosion and sedimentatio	on in accordance with TPDES		Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or replacements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)? Yes No				
Comply with the SW3P and the Engineer.	d revise when necessary to o	control pollution or as required by		Are results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)? Yes No				
Post Construction Site Noti				TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 14 working days prior to any scheduled demolition.  The Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or				
1	pecific locations (PSL) incre	ease disturbed soil area to 5 acres		demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and asbestos consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.				
MS4 Operator(s):			IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES					
No Additional Co	omments		Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical. Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, and 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping and tree/brush removal.	No Additional Comments				
II. WORK IN OR NEAR ST	REAMS, WATERBODIE	S AND WETLANDS	No Additional Comments					
excavating or other work in wa Contractor must adhere to all o	ater bodies, rivers, creeks, st of the terms and general con-	is required for filling, dredging, treams, wetlands or wet areas. The ditions associated with the the plans is required, contact the		VII. GENERAL NOTES				
No USACE Permit Require	d							
Work is authorized by the U Pre-Construction Notification therefore is not in the plan s	on (PCN). Project specific p	Permit without a permit was not issued by USACE,	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE	TxDOT has determined that a USACE Nationwide or Individual Permit is not necessary for the project since all work shall be conducted outside the USACE jurisdictional areas. Any impacts				
Work is authorized by the UPre-Construction Notification is included in the plan set.		Permit with a iffic permit issued by the USACE	SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS  If any of the listed species below are observed, cease work in the area, do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately.	to these jurisdictional areas by the contractor without a USACE permit will be the responsibility of the contractor. If the contractor deems it necessary to impact the USACE jurisdictional areas, then it becomes the contractor's entire responsibility to consult with the USACE pertaining to				
Work is authorized by the Upermit issued by the USAC		Permit (IP). The project specific	The work may not remove active nests (from bridges, structures, or vegetation adjacent to the roadway, etc.) during nesting season (February 15 to October 1). If removal of	the need for a Nationwide or Individual Permit. TxDOT will then hold the contractor responsible for following all conditions of the approved Permit.				
Work would be authorized USACE or Nationwide Peri	by the USACE. The project mit will be provided to the c	specific permit issued by the contractor.	structures or vegetation is necessary during the nesting season, the Contractor shall conduct a bird survey no more than 3 days in advance of the clearing/demolish start date. All bird surveys shall be conducted by a Field Biologist and adhere to the					
United States Coast Guard (USCG) Permit is required for projects that involve the construction or modification (including changes to lighting) of a bridge or causeway across a water body determined to be navigable by the United States Coast Guard (USCG) under Section 9 of the Rivers and Harbors Act. If additional work not represented in the plans is required, contact the Engineer immediately.		g) of a bridge or causeway across a es Coast Guard (USCG) under	guidance document "Avoiding Migratory Birds and Handling Potential Violations" found in the TxDOT Environmental Compliance Toolkits at the time of the survey. (See below for Field Biologist and Ornithologist qualifications)  No Additional Comments					
No United States Coast Gua	ard (USCG) Coordination R	equired						
United States Coast Guard (	(USCG) Permit							
United States Coast Guard (	(USCG) Exemption							
	Best Management Practic	ces		TxDOT Yoakum District				
Erosion	Sedimentation	<b>Post Construction TSS</b>		ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS,				
▼ Temporary Vegetation	⊠ Silt Fence	▼ Vegetative Filter Strips		ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS				
☐ Vegetation Lined Ditches	Rock Filter Dam	Vegetation Lined Ditches						
Sodding	Sand Bag Berm	Grassy Swales		EPIC				
No Additional Co	mments		Field Biologist, Ornithologist – a field biologist is defined as an individual qualified to perform field investigations, presence/absence surveys and habitat surveys for protected avian species or species of concern. A mandatory bachelor's degree in biology or a related science is required. At a minimum, the Field Biologist, Ornithologist, shall have completed and reported a minimum of three presence/absence and habitat surveys for protected avian species in the past five years. A minimum of three projects must have been conducted in Texas. Surveys shall have been performed for documentation of species in accordance with a protocol approved by USFWS or TPWD, or following generally accepted methodologies.	FILE: EPIC Sheet.dgn   DN:				



#### TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE





#### HINGE JOINT KNOT WOVEN MESH (OPTION) DETAIL

Galvanized hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 GA.SWG Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a maximum of 12 inches apart.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

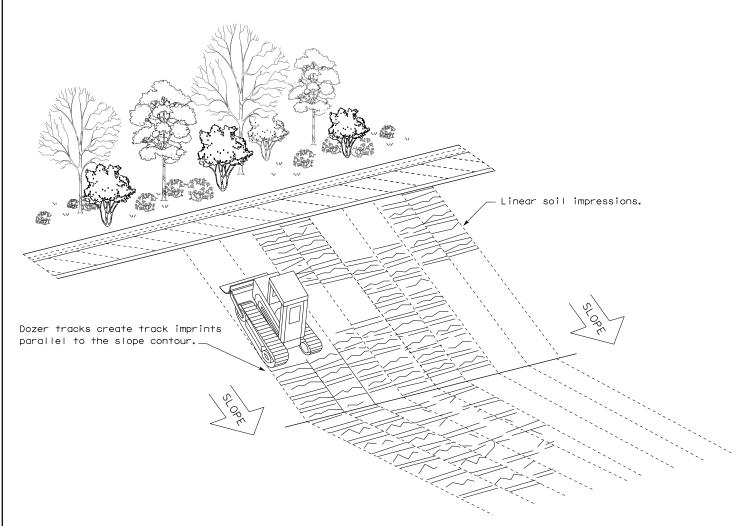
Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 100  ${\sf GPM/FT}^2$ . Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

#### LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- 3. Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING

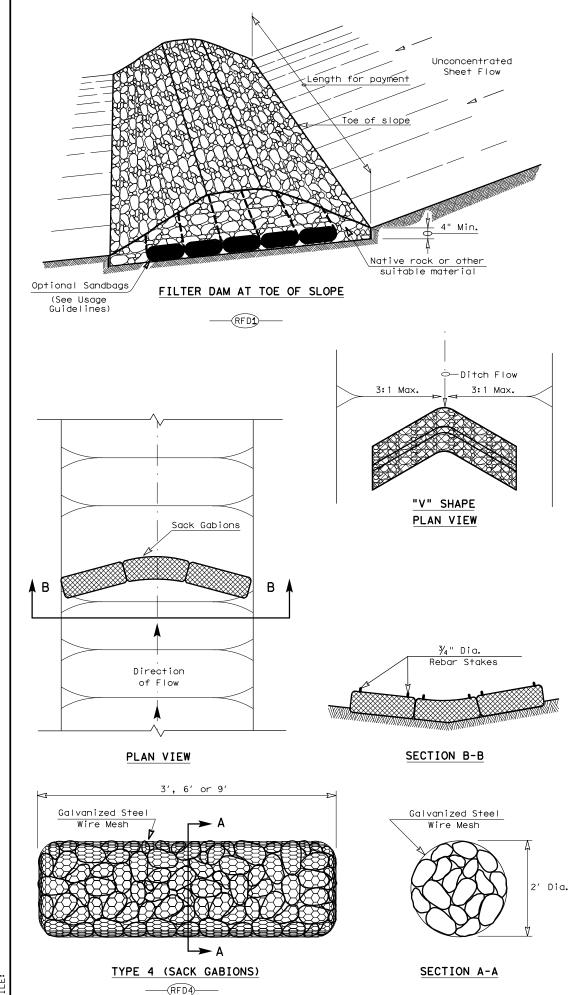


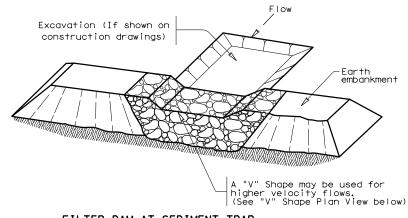
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

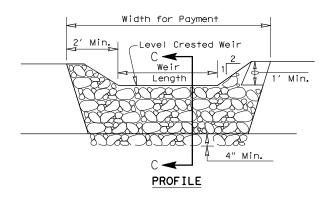
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C TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST	COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.		
	YKM		WHARTO	N		76

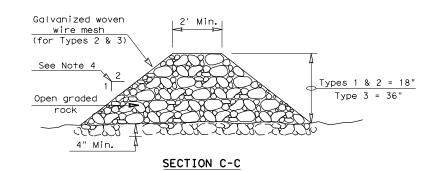




#### FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP







#### ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow. The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60  ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$  of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

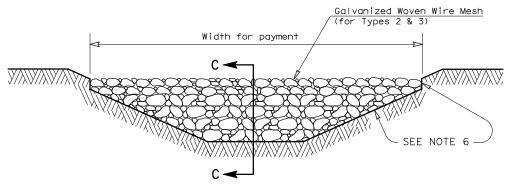
Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.



#### FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left($ and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- 2. Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- 8. Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- 9. Sack Gabions should be staked down with  $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2  $\frac{1}{2}$  " x 3  $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

#### PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Type 1 Rock Filter Dam Type 2 Rock Filter Dam Type 3 Rock Filter Dam Type 4 Rock Filter Dam —



TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

ROCK FILTER DAMS

EC(2)-16

ILE: ec216	DN: TxDOT		ck: KM	DW: VP		DN/CK: LS
TxDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	0089	10	030 BU 59		U 59R	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	YKM			77		