SEE SHEET 2 FOR INDEX OF SHEETS

STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS OF PROPOSED

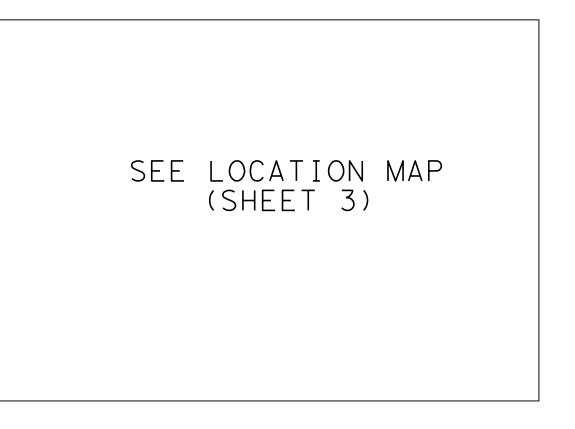
HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

ABUTMENT EROSION, RIPRAP AND WINGWALL REPAIRS

PROJECT NO. : BPM 6457-50-001

HIGHWAY : SH 34 @ JONES CREEK, HUNT SH 34 @ HORSE CREEK, HUNT SH 224 @ DRAW CREEK, HUNT FM 904 @ N SULPHUR RIVER, FANNIN FM 1753 @ CANEY CRREEK, FANNIN FM 2653 @ BIG CREEK, HOPKINS FM 2653 @ SCHOOLEY CREEK, HOPKINS FM 115 @ BRUSHY CREEK, FRANKLIN

LIMITS OF WORK : HUNT COUNTY, ETC.



SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

GRAPHICS FILE			MAINTENANCE PROJECT NO.				
	В	PM 645	1				
STATE	STATE DIST.				COUNTY		
TEXA	TEXAS		HUNT,ETC.				
CONT.		SECT.	JOB	HIGH	WAY NO.		
645	7	50	001	SH 3	4,ETC.		
	TEXA cont.	state TEXAS	BPM 645 STATE STATE DIST. TEXAS PAR CONT. SECT.	BPM 6457-50- STATE STATE DIST. TEXAS PAR HU CONT. SECT. JOB	BPM 6457-50-001 STATE STATE COUNTY TEXAS PAR HUNT, E CONT. SECT. JOB HIGH		

REQUIRED SIGNS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BC (1) - 21 THRU BC (12) - 21 AND THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES".

Texas Department of Transportation

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

James Atkins, P.C. 12-14 20 23 AREA ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING Ellen Perry, P.E. DISTRICT MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

1<u>2/1</u>5/ ₂₀ <u>23</u>

APPROVED FOR LETTING Jours 2. Handon, P.E. <u>12/21</u> 20 23 DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

1	TITLE SHEET
2	INDEX OF SHEETS
3,3A-3B	LOCATION MAPS
4,4A	GENERAL NOTES
5	ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET
6	QUANTITY SUMMARY

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN STANDARD SHEETS

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19	>	TCP(1-1)-18
20	>	TCP(1-2)-18
21	>	TCP(1-4)-18
22	>	TCP(1-5)-18
23	>	TCP(2-1)-18
24	>	TCP(2-2)-18
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26	>	TCP(2-4)-18
27	>	TCP(2-6)-18
28	>	WZ(RS)-22
29	>	TCP(5-1)-18
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PLAN DETAILS AND LAYOUTS

32-32A	SH 34 @ JONES CREEK
33,33A-33B	SH 34 @ HORSE CREEK
34,34A-34B	SH 224 @ DRAW
35-35A	FM 904 @ N SULPHUR RIVER
36-36A	FM 1753 @ CANEY CREEK
37-37A	FM 2653 @ BIG CREEK
38-38A	FM 2653 @ SCHOOLEY CREEK
39-39A	FM 115 @ BRUSHY CREEK

STANDARD SHEETS

40 > E

41 > FW-0

ENVIRONMENTAL

42 EPIC

ELLEN E. PERRY

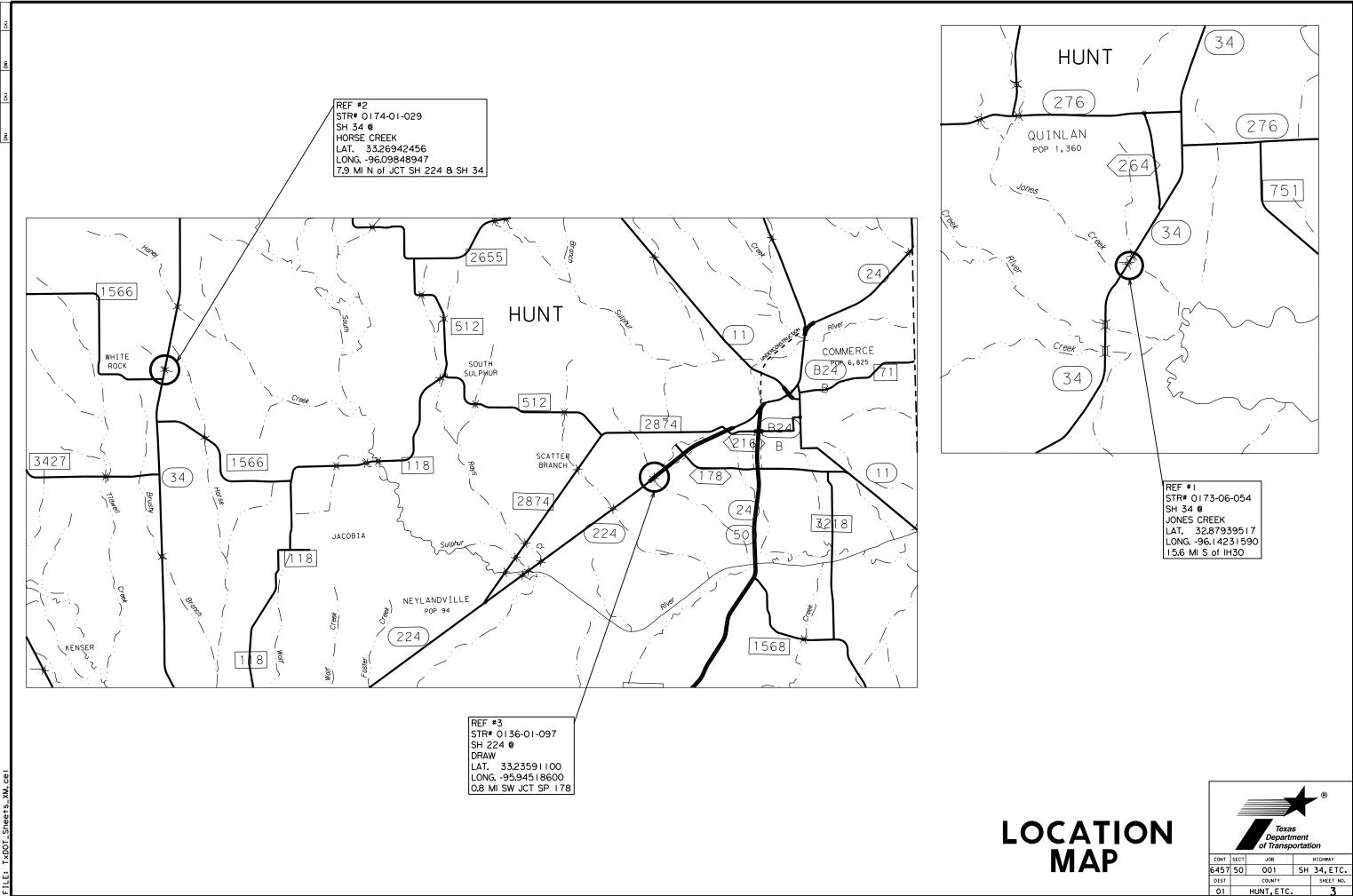
Nome: Ellen Perry, P.E. Date: <u>12/14/2023</u>

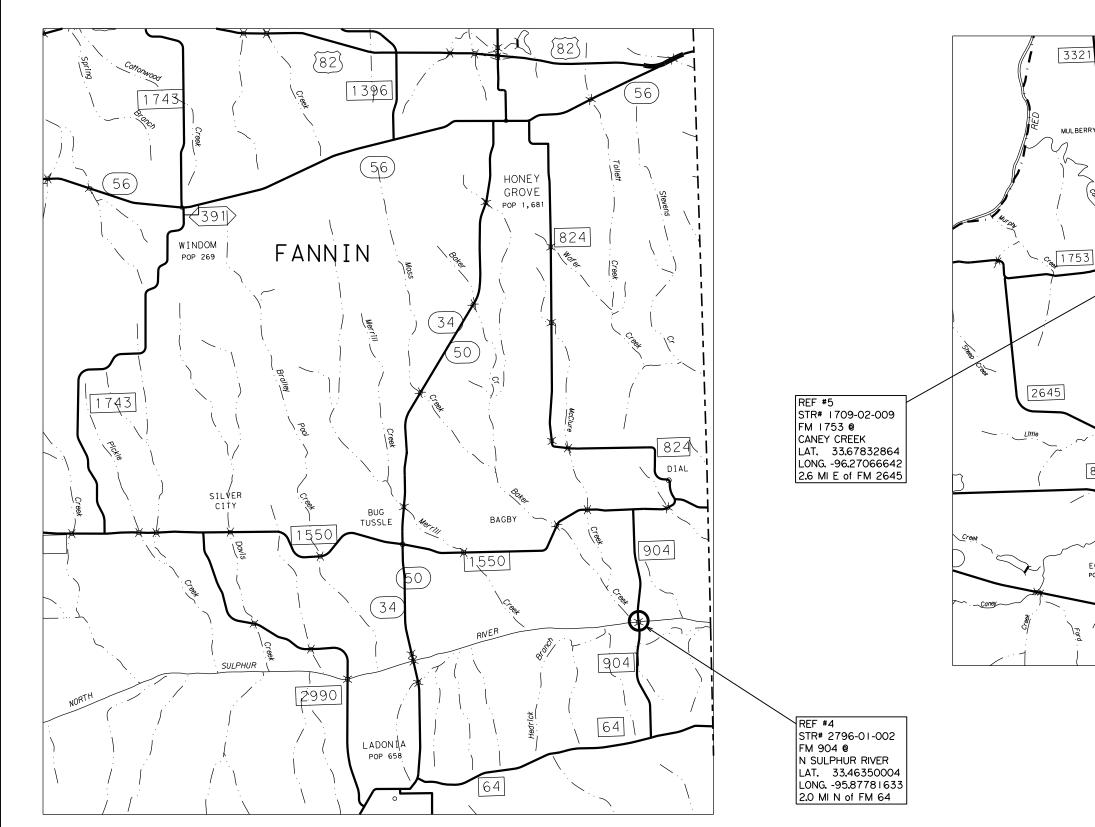
THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED WITH A " > " HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY ME AND ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

INDEX OF SHEETS



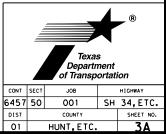
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
6457	50	001	SH	34,ETC.
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
01		HUNT, ETC.		2



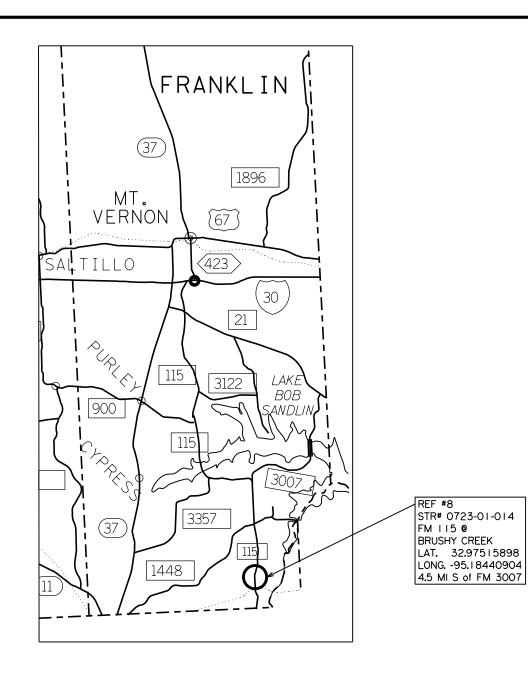


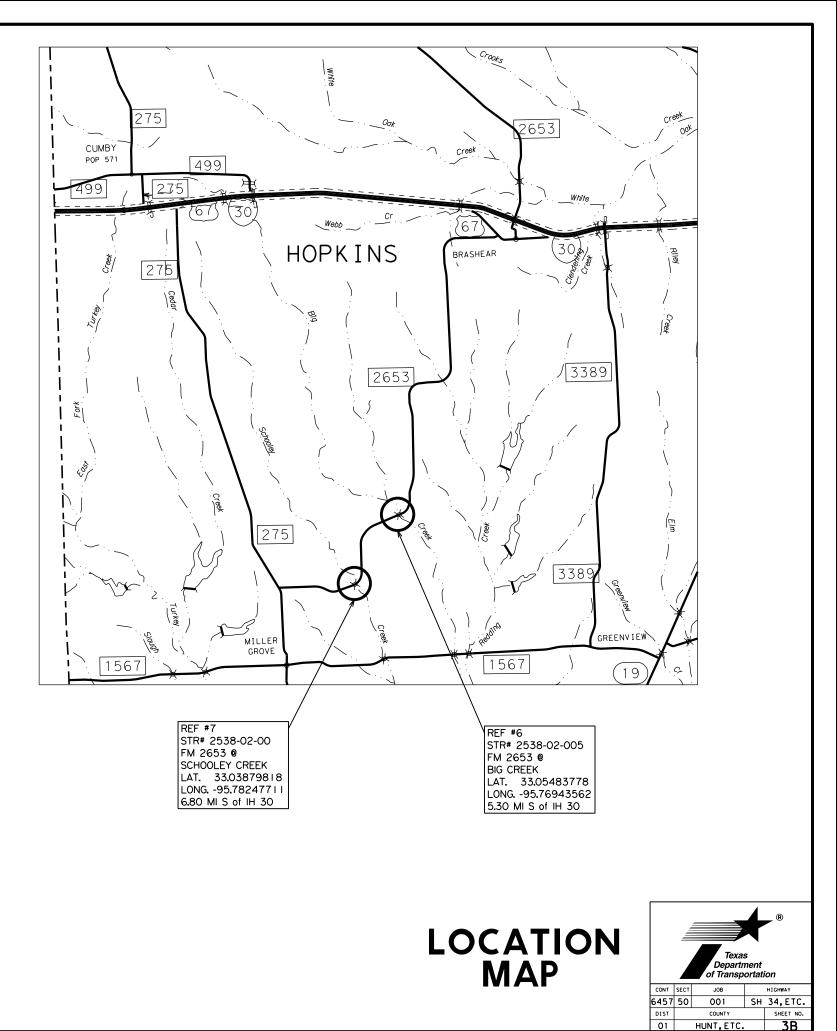






DN: CK: DW: CK:





Project Number: BPM 6457-50-001

County: HUNT, ETC.

Control: 6457-50-001

Highway: SH 34, ETC.

GENERAL:

Project Description – The purpose of this contract is to complete bridge preventative maintenance work at various locations within the Paris District. This work includes performing abutment erosion and concrete wingwall repairs by placing flowable backfill and/or stone protection riprap and spall repair.

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Sherman Area Office James Atkins II, P.E. – James. Atkins@txdot.gov Willie Bolden II, P.E. – Willie.Bolden@txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

TXDOT PROJECT SUPERVISOR - All work on this contract will be scheduled and directed by the following person(s). Payment will be made on a monthly basis for work completed and accepted according to specifications. All payment requests shall be directed to same:

Hunt County Herman Andrus, Maintenance Section Supervisor 3001 IH 30 East Greenville, TX 754025 Office (903) 453-3103

Fannin County Jerry Hale, Maintenance Section Supervisor 2405 N Center Bonham, TX 75418 Office (903) 583-7566

Project Number: BPM 6457-50-001

County: HUNT, ETC.

Highway: SH 34, ETC.

Hopkins County Josh Redar, Maintenance Section Supervisor 1100 Hillcrest Dr Sulphur Springs, TX 75482 Office (903) 438-3155

Franklin County William Bolton, Maintenance Section Supervisor 104 East IH 30 Mount Vernon, TX 75457 Office (903) 537-4976

Contract Prosecution – Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and, as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time.

The work performed, equipment used, and materials furnished for a complete project will be paid for directly as indicated elsewhere in the plans and specifications. Payment for completed work will be made upon acceptance of the work by the Department.

Submit plans for all work, the method of repair, and sequence of operations for approval prior to beginning work.

ITEM 2 – INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

View plans on-line or download from the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/plans-online.html

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.txdot.gov/business/letting-bids/repro-companies.html

ITEM 5 – CONTROL OF THE WORK

Upon completion of the work and before final acceptance and final payment is made, clear and remove from the site(s) all surpluses and discarded materials and leave the entire project in a neat and clean condition.

Lead Inspection Report for the SH34/Jones Creek Bridge indicates that paint on the steel columns and steel corrugated retaining wall sections contain Lead. Any coatings, paint, or Other Items at this location shall be treated as Lead Containing Paint (LCP). It is the responsibility of the Contractor for proper containment and disposal of the hazardous material.

General Notes

Control: 6457-50-001

Project Number: BPM 6457-50-001

County: HUNT, ETC.

Highway: SH 34, ETC.

ITEM 7 – LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

No significant traffic generator events identified.

ITEM 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Provide a Bar Chart progress schedule for this project.

Time will be computed in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4, Standard Workweek.

The number of working days for this project shall be 90 days.

ITEM 132 – EMBANKMENT

Excavation pits for project embankment made within 250 feet of State Right of Way must be approved.

Control: 6457-50-001

It is the intent to utilize all excess dirt in place prior to importing embankment from off the project. Obtain approval prior to importing embankment from off the project.

ITEM 401 – FLOWABLE BACKFILL

Use an accelerator that produces a set time in 4 hours. Provide rheofill or equivalent to ensure flowability. Place flowable fill til flush with the existing roadway surface when bore holes are used in pavement.

ITEM 502 – BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING

The Contractor's personnel shall be dressed in approved safety attire while outside vehicles and/or while performing work on the highway right of way. For daytime and nighttime activity, flaggers shall wear high-visibility safety apparel that meets the Performance Class 2 or 3 requirements of the ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 publication entitled "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel and Headwear".

The traffic control plan for this contract consists of the installation and maintenance of warning signs and other traffic control devices shown in the plans, specification data which may be included in the general notes, applicable provisions of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD), traffic control plan sheets included in the plans, standard BC sheets and Item 502 of the Standard Specifications.

Do not begin Item 502, Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling, on the roadway until both of the following conditions are met:

Project Number: BPM 6457-50-001

County: HUNT, ETC.

Highway: SH 34, ETC.

- 1. The work schedule is approved.
- commencement of roadway work bid items.

Correct all deficiencies within the time frame noted on the Traffic Control Device Inspection Form 599. Failure to make corrections within time frame specified may result in no payment for this Item for the month of the noted deficiency.

Use only rubber tired equipment when moving materials along or across paved surfaces. Protect the pavement from all damage caused by construction operations.

Place and maintain traffic control devices in accordance with the traffic control plan any time operations are suspended. Remove all signs when their presence is unwarranted.

Perform construction operations in such a manner that the roadway is open for the safe passage of traffic at the end of each workday.

No more than one lane of traffic will be closed at any one time during this project.

ITEM 6185 – TMA

Shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) are required on the traffic control plan and TCP standards for this project. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these traffic control operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

General Notes

Control: 6457-50-001

2. No more than 5 workdays will pass between the beginning of Item 502 and the actual



CONTROLLING PROJECT ID 6457-50-001

DISTRICT Paris HIGHWAY SH0034 COUNTY Hunt

Estimate & Quantity Sheet

		CONTROL SECTION	ON JOB	6457-5	0-001		
		PROJ	A0020	4925			
	CO			Hui	nt	TOTAL EST.	TOTAL FINAL
	HIGI		GHWAY	SHO)34		
ALT	BID CODE	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST.	FINAL		
	132-6019	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE)(ORD COMP)(TY B)	CY	489.000		489.000	
	162-6002	BLOCK SODDING	SY	30.000		30.000	
	401-6001	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CY	57.000		57.000	
	429-6007	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	SF	80.000		80.000	
	429-6009	CONC STR REPAIR (STANDARD)	SF	45.000		45.000	
	432-6033	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION)(18 IN)	CY	865.000		865.000	
	466-6142	WINGWALL (FW - 0) (HW=10 FT)	EA	2.000		2.000	
	466-6144	WINGWALL (FW - 0) (HW=12 FT)	EA	1.000		1.000	
	496-6005	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)	EA	3.000		3.000	
	500-6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1.000		1.000	
	502-6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	МО	6.000		6.000	
	6185-6002	TMA (STATIONARY)	DAY	73.000		73.000	
	7000-6001	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS	CY	130.000		130.000	

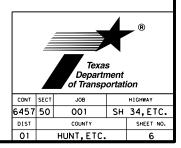


DISTRICT	COUNTY	CCSJ	SHEET
Paris	Hunt	6457-50-001	5

: CK:

	BPM QUANTITY SUMMARY												
			132-6019	162-6002	401-6001	429-6007	429-6009	432-6033	466-6142	466-6144	496-6005	6185-6002	7000-6001
ROADWAY	COUNTY	STRUCTURE NO.	EMBANKMENT (VEHICLE) (ORD COMP) (TY B)	BLOCK SODDING	FLOWABLE BACKFILL	CONC STR REPAIR (VERTICAL & OVERHEAD)	CONC STR REPAIR (STANDARD)	RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)	WINGWALL (FW-O) (HW=10)	WINGWALL (FW-O) (HW=12)	REMOV STR (WINGWALL)	TMA (STATIONARY)	REML & DISPL DRIFTWOOD & DEBRIS
			СҮ	SY	СҮ	SF	SF	СҮ	EA	EA	EA	DAY	СҮ
SH 34 @ JONES CREEK	HUNT	0173-06-054	75		31	11		212				10	
SH 34 @ HORSE CREEK	HUNT	0174-01-029	50	18		15	45		2		2	12	
SH 224 @ DRAW	HUNT	0136-01-097	35	12		40				1	1	11	
FM 904 @ N SULPHUR RIVER	FANNIN	2796-01-002				12						5	30
FM 1753 @ CANEY CREEK	FANNIN	1709-02-009	245					278				10	80
FM 2653 @ BIG CREEK	HOPKINS	2538-02-005	40		10			320				9	
FM 2653 @ SCHOOLEY CREEI	K HOPKINS	2538-02-004	25					34				8	20
FM 115 @ BRUSHY CREEK	FRANKLIN	0723-01-014	19		16	2		21				8	
CONTRAC	T TOTALS		489	30	57	80	45	865	2	1	3	73	130





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended 1. to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the 2. responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop. sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the 9. BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown ON BC(2). THE OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign. STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES. CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility" Apparel." or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

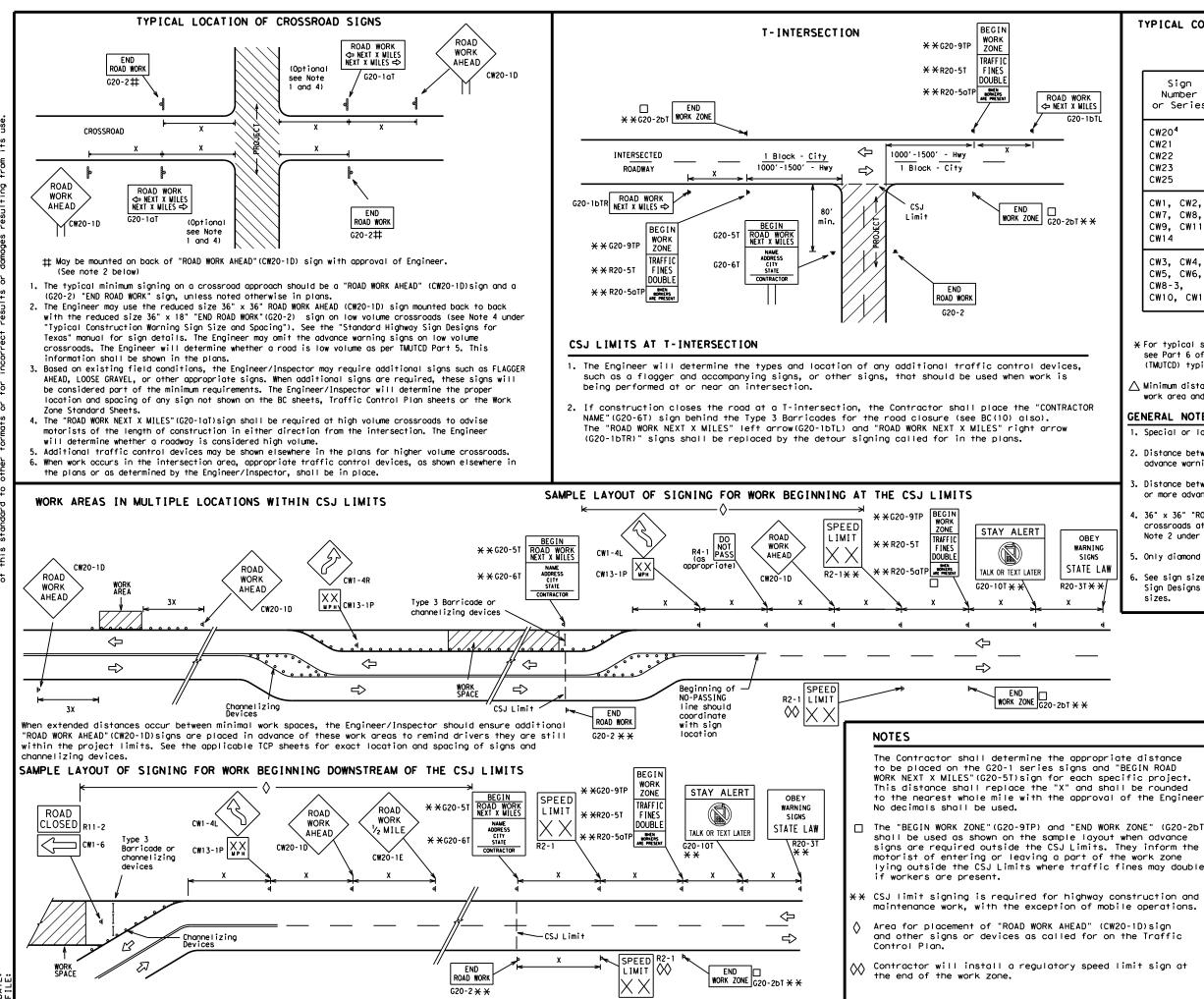
COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- 1. Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

Traffic Safety Division Standard BARR I CADE AND CONSTRUCT ION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21 FILE: DC-21.dgn PILE: DC-21.dgn REVISIONS G457 D0 REVISIONS 9-07 B-14 DIST COUNTY	SHEEL I OF 12								
GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS BC (1) - 21 FILE: bc-21.dgn DN: TXDOT COTXDOT November 2002 CONT SECT 9-07 8-14	Texas Department of Transportation						Safety Division		
© TXDOT November 2002 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 4-03 7-13 6457 50 001 SH 34, ETC. 9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS								
REVISIONS 6457 50 001 SH 34, ETC. 9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	FILE: bc-21.dgn	DN: T>	<dot style="text-decoration-color: blue;"></dot>	ск: TxDOT	Dw:	TxDC	T CK: TxDOT		
4-03 7-13 9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	CTxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
9-07 8-14 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.		6457	50	001		SH	34,ETC.		
5-10 5-21 01 HUNT, ETC. 7		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
95		01		HUNT, ET	с.		7		

SHEET 1 OF 12



TYPICAL	CONSTRUCTION	WARNING	SIGN	SIZE	AND	SPACING ^{1,5,6}

SIZE

Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway			
CW20 ⁴ CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"			
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"			
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"			

SPACING								
Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"							
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)							
30	120							
35	160							
40	240							
45	320							
50	400							
55	500 ²							
60	600 ²							
65	700 ²							
70	800 ²							
75	900 ²							
80	1000 ²							
*	* 3							

★ For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

ightarrow Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

9-07

96

7-13 5-21

8-14

	LEGEND									
	H Type 3 Barricade									
		000	Channelizing Devices							
		•	Sign							
-		x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.							
			SHEET 2 OF 12	_						
Traffic Safety Texas Department of Transportation										
۲N 📕										
- () -	BARF			ION						
•		PI	ROJECT LIMIT							
	FILE: [ROJECT LIMIT BC(2)-21							

6457 50

DIST

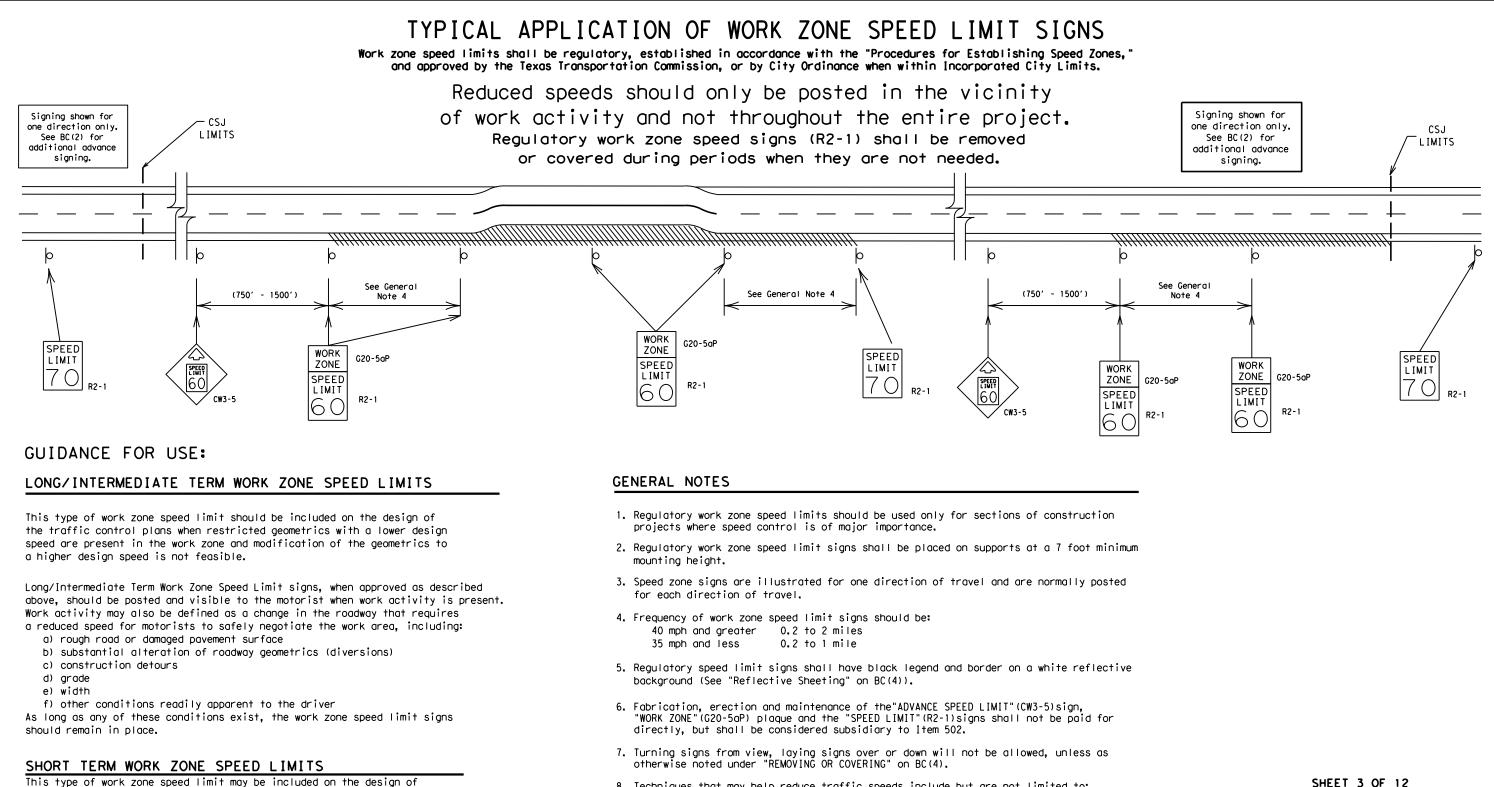
01

001 SH 34,ETC.

SHEET NO.

COUNTY

HUNT FTC

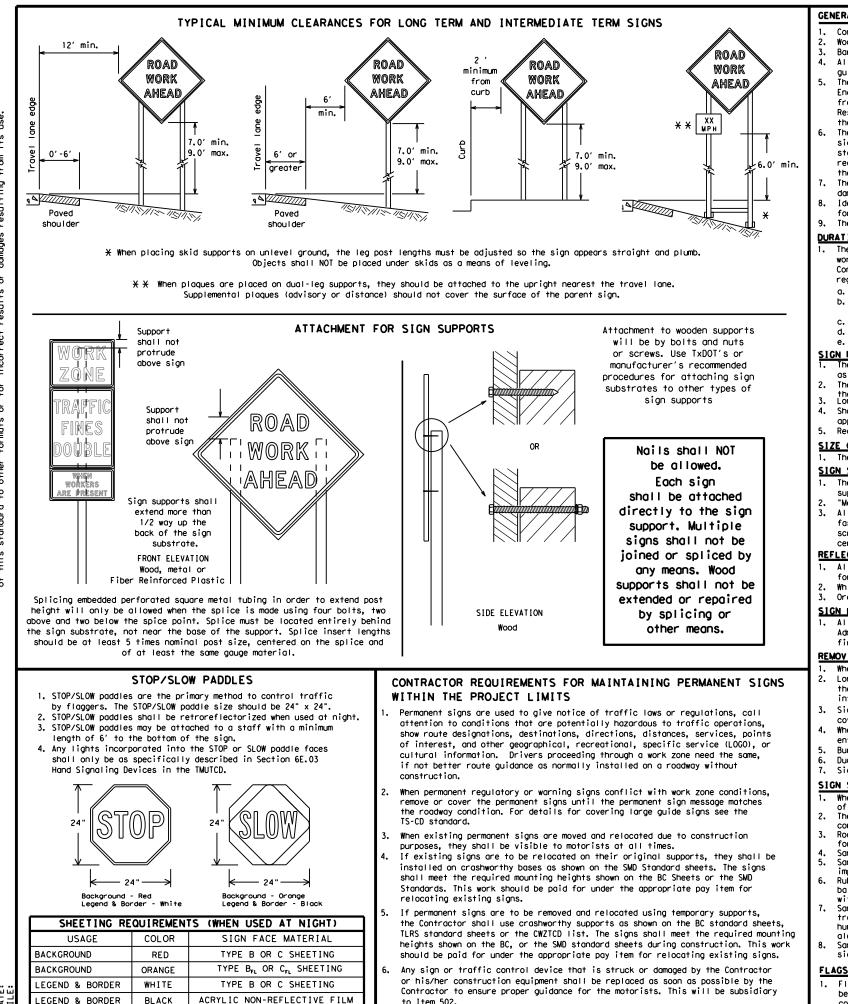


the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

		Ur	12					
Texas Department	of Tra	nsp	ortation		ċ	Traffic Safety Division tandard		
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT BC (3) - 21								
BC	:(3) -	-21					
FILE: bc-21.dgn	C 3		- 21	Dw:	T×DO			
				Dw:	TxDO			
FILE: bc-21.dgn CTxDOT November 2002 REVISIONS	DN: TX	DOT	CK: TXDOT	Dw:		Т ск: TxDOT		
FILE: bc-21.dgn © TxDOT November 2002	DN: TX CONT	DOT Sect	ск: TxDOT JOB	Dw:		T ck: TxDOT highway		



GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

<u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- more than one hour.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in Lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to
- appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.

SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave. centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300

SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely
- covered when not required.
- entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

- to Item 502.

All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and

The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in

The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZICD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a guestion regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so

The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or

Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used

The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in

Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting

Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.

The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except

The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above

Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6"

for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of

Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any

When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the

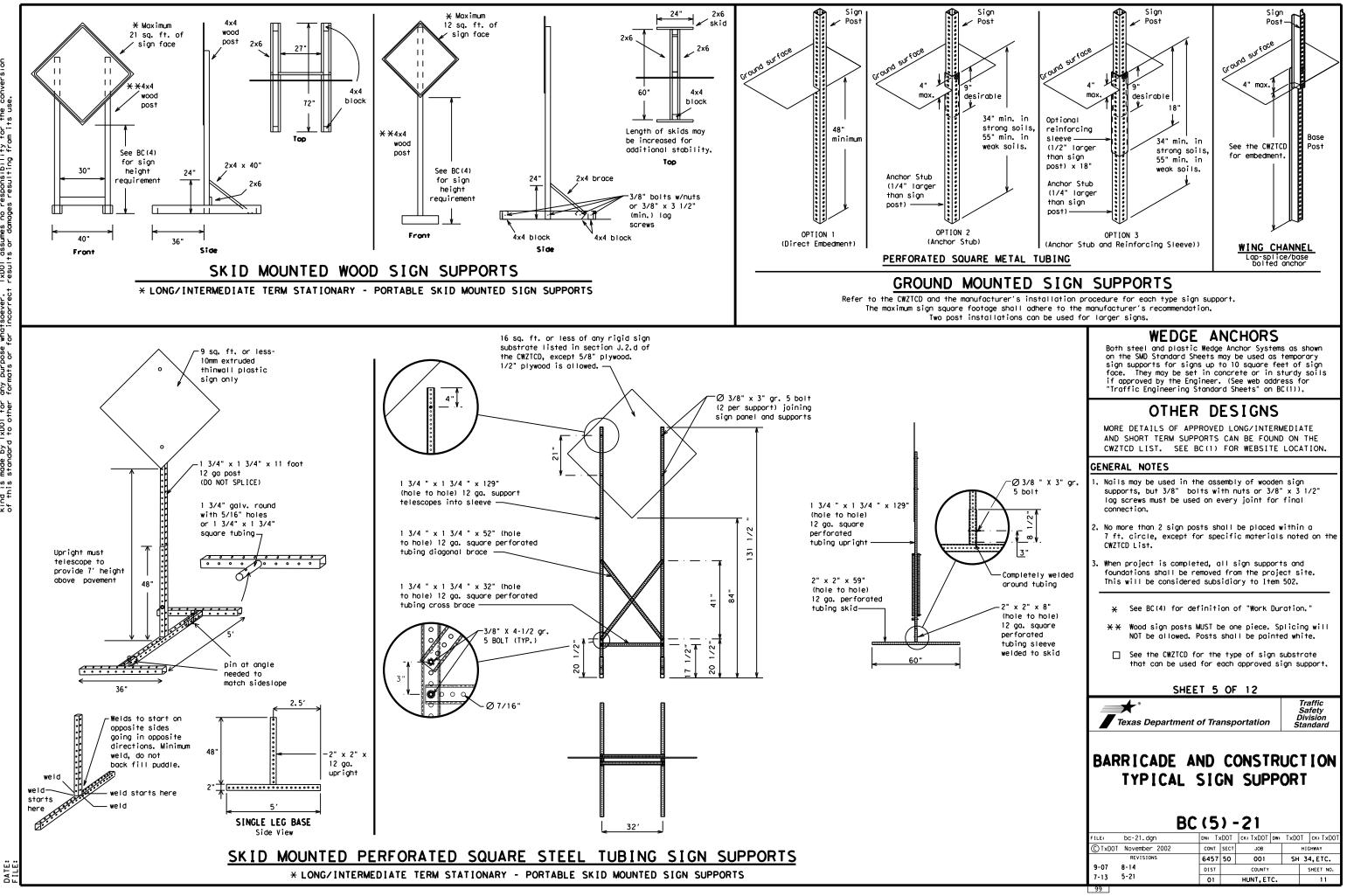
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SHEET 4 OF 12

st Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to 2. eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR, " "AT, " etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) 5. along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to 7. start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
 Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			1
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Nor thbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN SAT
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	E	Service Rood	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	s (route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT		PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING		
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Trovelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY		
Highway	riw i	Upper Level Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WARN
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WTLIMIT
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit West	
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		WUNI
Maintenance	MAINT		

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List

	ΠP			,
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE		FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED		RO/ X>
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX		SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT		FL XX
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX		RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT		RIC NA XX
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED		RIGHT X LANES OPEN		ME TR XX
CENTER LANE CLOSED		DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES		L GF XX
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES		I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED		DE X
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED		EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE		RO4 F SH
EXIT CLOSED		RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED		E XX
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED		X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI		TR SI XX
XXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	×	LANES SHIFT in	Phase	1 must

Other Condi	tion List
ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	L ANE S SH I F T

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List MERGE FORM RIGHT X LINES RIGHT DETOUR USE XXXXX NEXT RD EXIT X EXITS USE USE EXIT EXIT XXX I-XX NORTH STAY ON USE US XXX I-XX F SOUTH TO I-XX N TRUCKS WATCH USE FOR US XXX N TRUCKS WATCH EXPECT FOR DELAYS TRUCKS PREPARE EXPECT DELAYS ТΟ STOP REDUCE END SPEED SHOULDER XXX FT USE USE WATCH OTHER FOR ROUTES WORKERS STAY ĪΝ LANE

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- appropriate.
- be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary. 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a
- location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 un CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of t shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC some size arrow.

Roadway

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

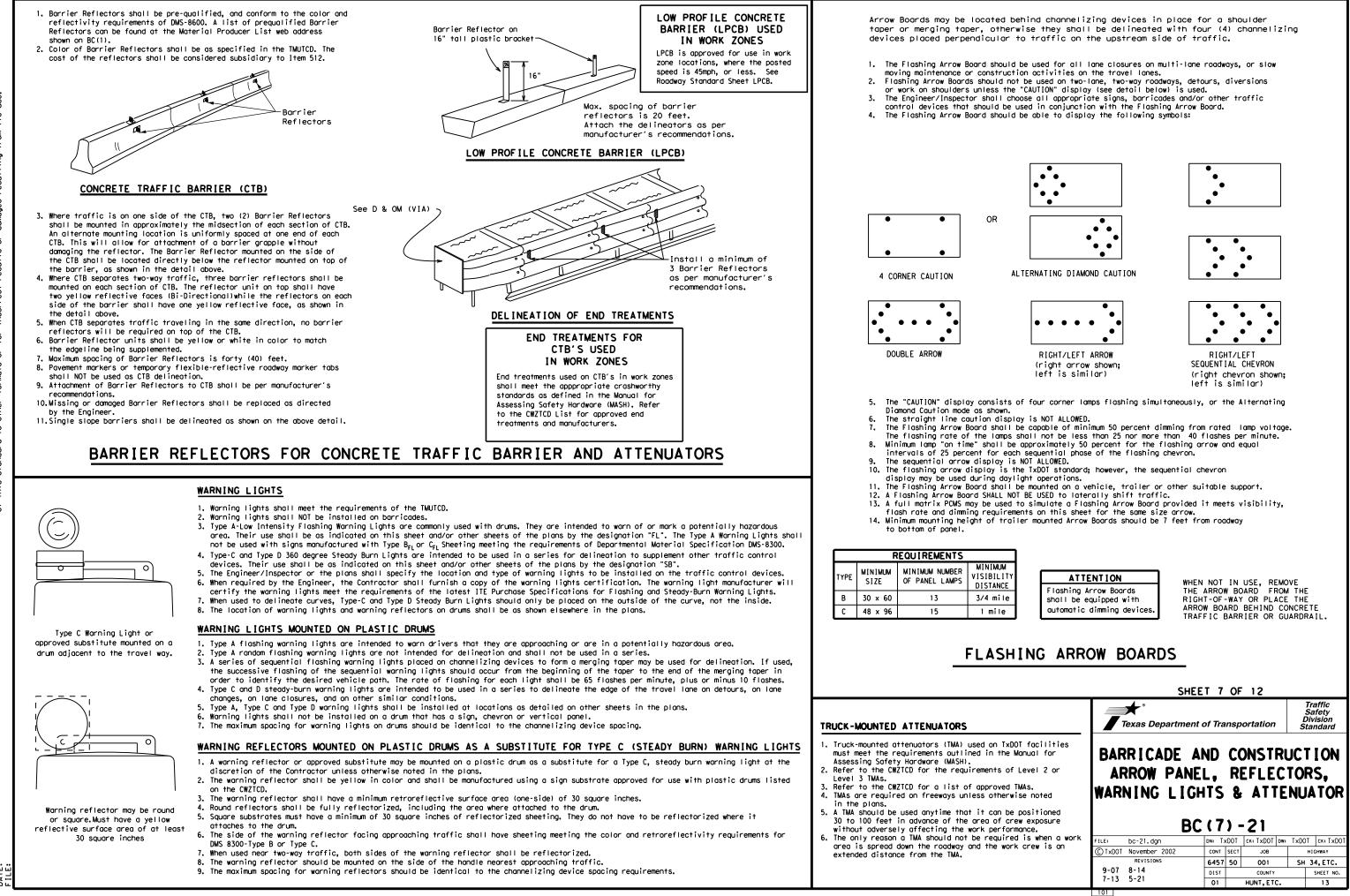


* * See Application Guidelines Note 6.

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EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can

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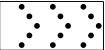












GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

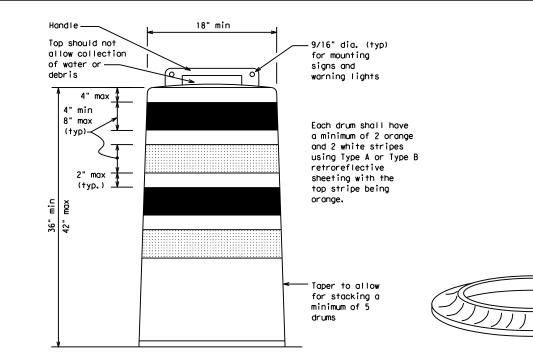
- Pre-gualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

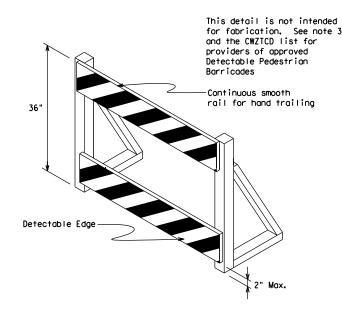
- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.







DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures. 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5, Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.

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(Maximum Sign Dimension)

Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane

Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right

R4 series or other signs as approved

by Engineer



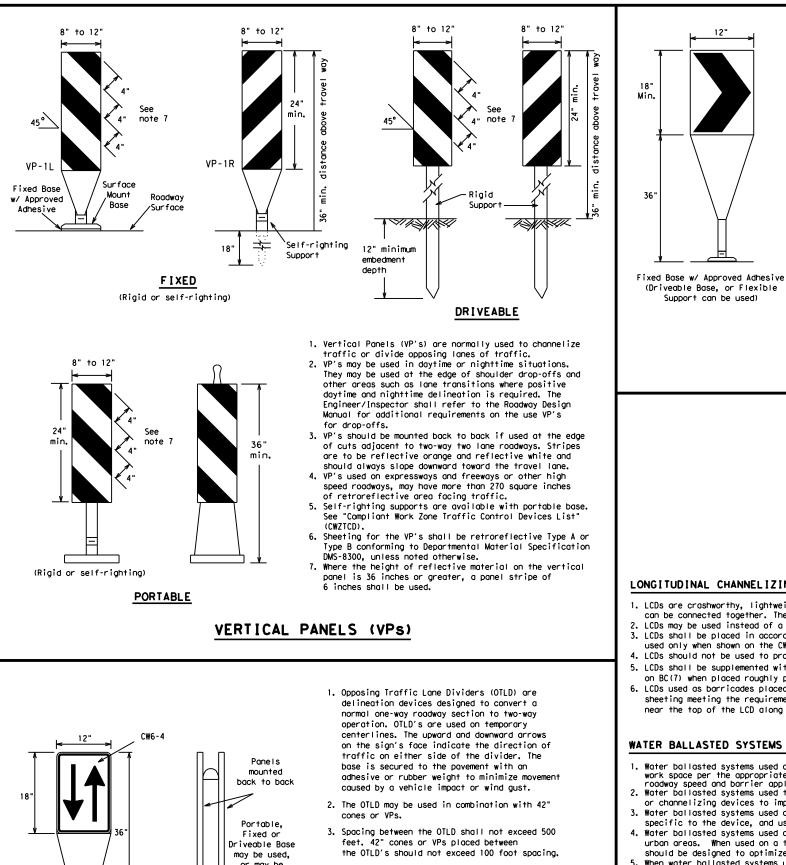
12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact. 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length
- should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions. When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

or may be mounted on drums

4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'		
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′		
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80′		
45		450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'	45′	90'		
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'		
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′		
60	L - 11 S	600'	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′		
65		650′	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'		
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'		
75		750′	825′	900'	75 <i>'</i>	150′		
80		800′	880′	960'	80 <i>'</i>	160′		

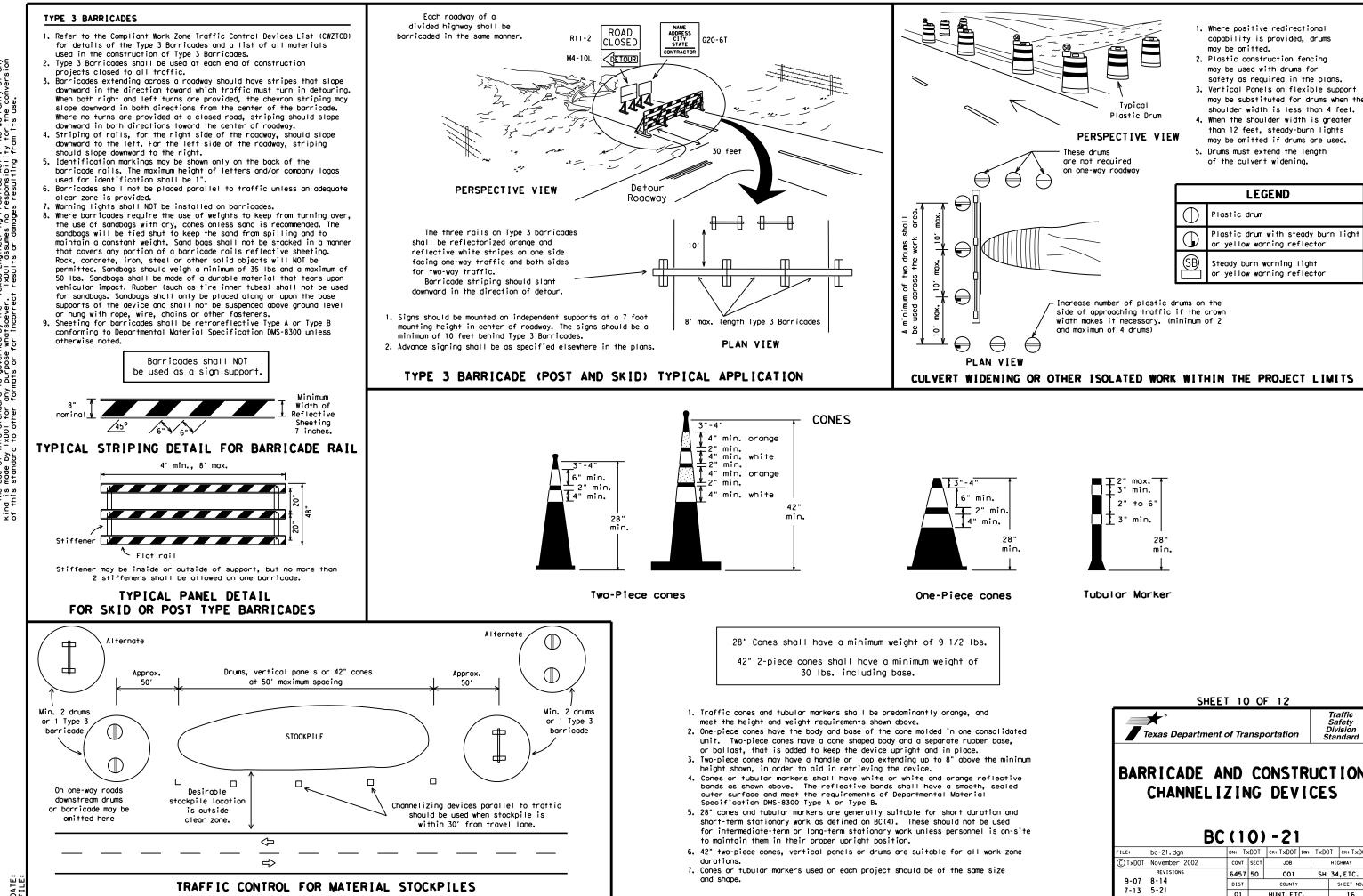
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12 Traffic Safety Division Standard **st** Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) - 21									
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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 3. Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- 5. When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUICD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- 1. Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- 1. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- 4. The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- 6. Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- 8. Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECU TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARK TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guiden shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is r normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement or roadway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or sh and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pay Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pi run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a sp of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each directi more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

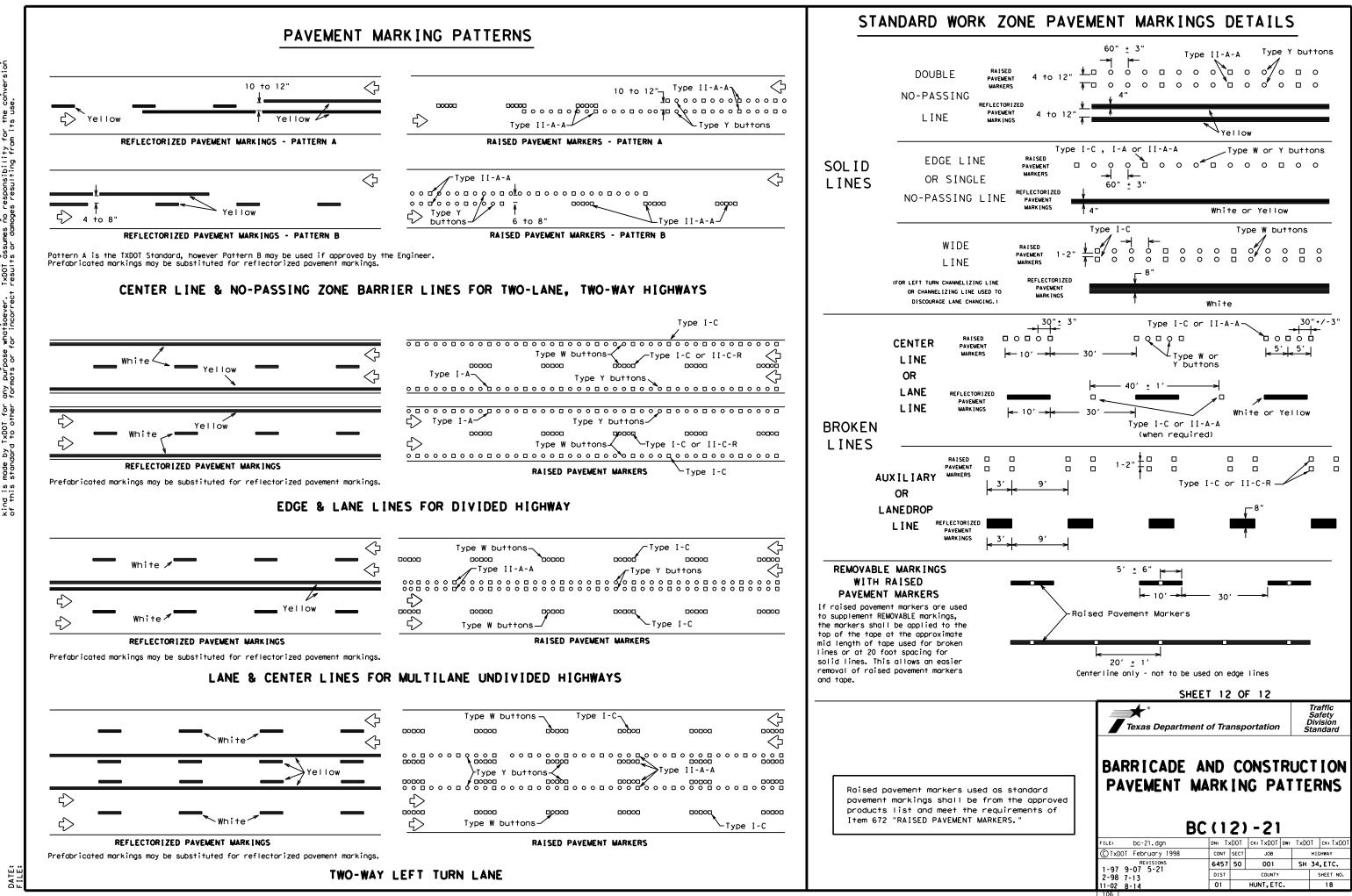
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARK

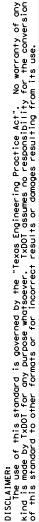
- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approduct list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applie butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concresurfaces.

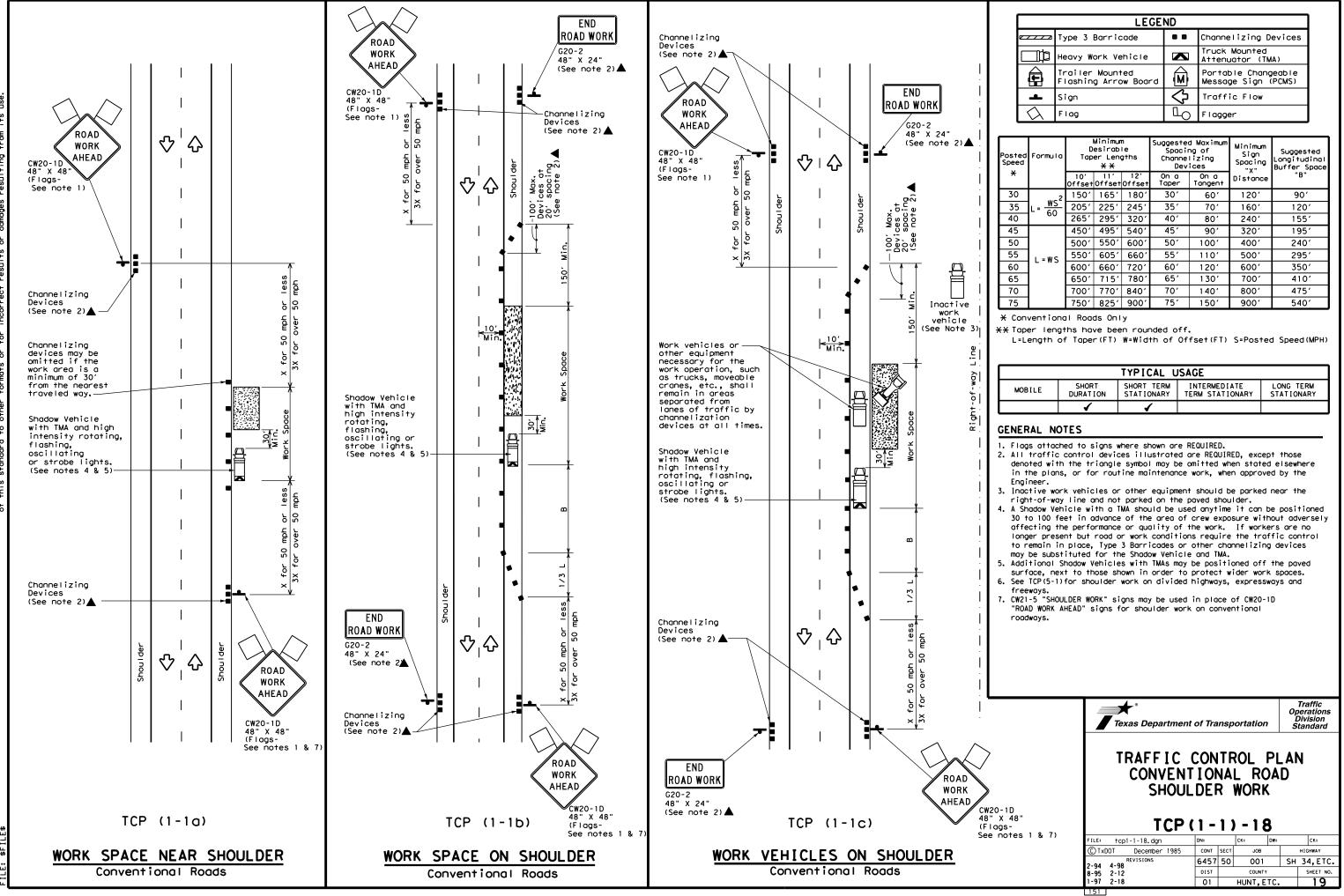
Guidemarks shall be designated as:

YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

	DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATI	ONS
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
/IEW	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
52	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
	TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
•	TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242
ve pod	A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker to pavement markings can be found at the Material Pro web address shown on BC(1).	os and othe
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	SHEET 11 OF 12	Traffic
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	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation	Safety Division Standard
	Texas Department of Transportation BARRICADE AND CONSTR PAVEMENT MARKING	Safety Division Standard
	BARR I CADE AND CONSTR PAVEMENT MARK INC BC (111) - 21	Safety Division Standard
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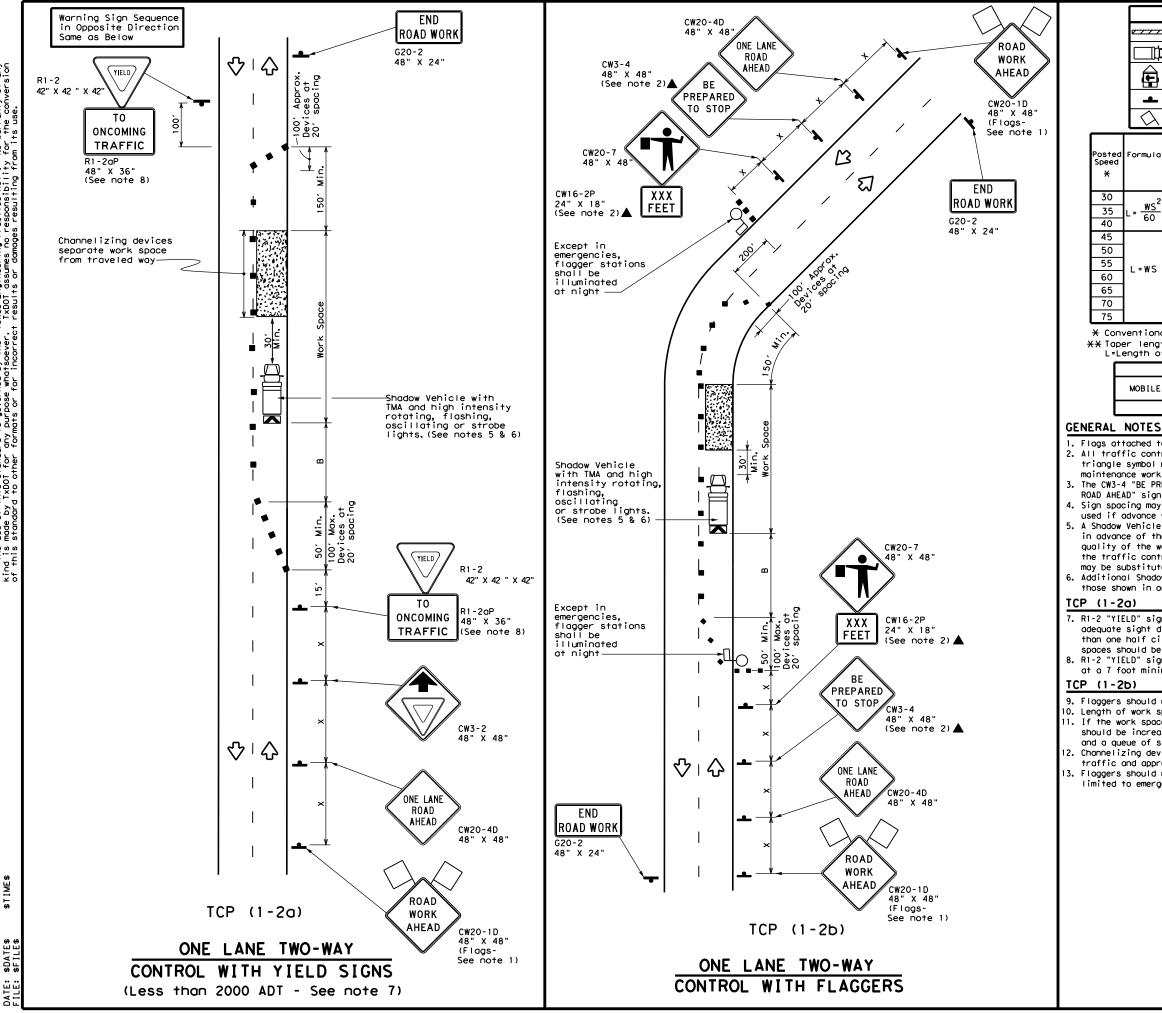


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	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
•	Sign	2	Traffic Flow
\Diamond	Flag	۵ ₀	Flagger

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina। Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150'	165′	180'	30′	60'	120′	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265 <i>'</i>	295'	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320′	195′
50		500'	550ʻ	600 <i>'</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	55′	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600′	660'	720'	60′	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780 <i>'</i>	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770'	840'	70'	140'	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150′	900′	540′

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		



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-	Sign	ר			\Diamond	т	raffic F	low	
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Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Spac Channe	ed Maxim ing of elizing vices	um	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
		11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"В"	
$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165′	180'	30′	60′		120′	90'	200'
$L = \frac{WS^{-1}}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'		160'	120'	250'
60	265 <i>'</i>	295′	320'	40′	80'		240′	155'	305′
	450′	495′	540'	45′	90'		320′	195'	360′
	500'	550ʻ	600′	50ʻ	100'		400 <i>'</i>	240'	425′
L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55′	110'		500 <i>'</i>	295′	495 <i>′</i>
2 13	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'		600 <i>'</i>	350 <i>'</i>	570′
	650'	715′	780'	65′	130'		700′	410′	645′
	700′	770'	840'	70'	140'		800′	475′	730′
	750'	825′	900′	75′	150'		900 <i>'</i>	540'	820'

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	JSAGE	
MOBILE				LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

2, All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

 R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.

8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances

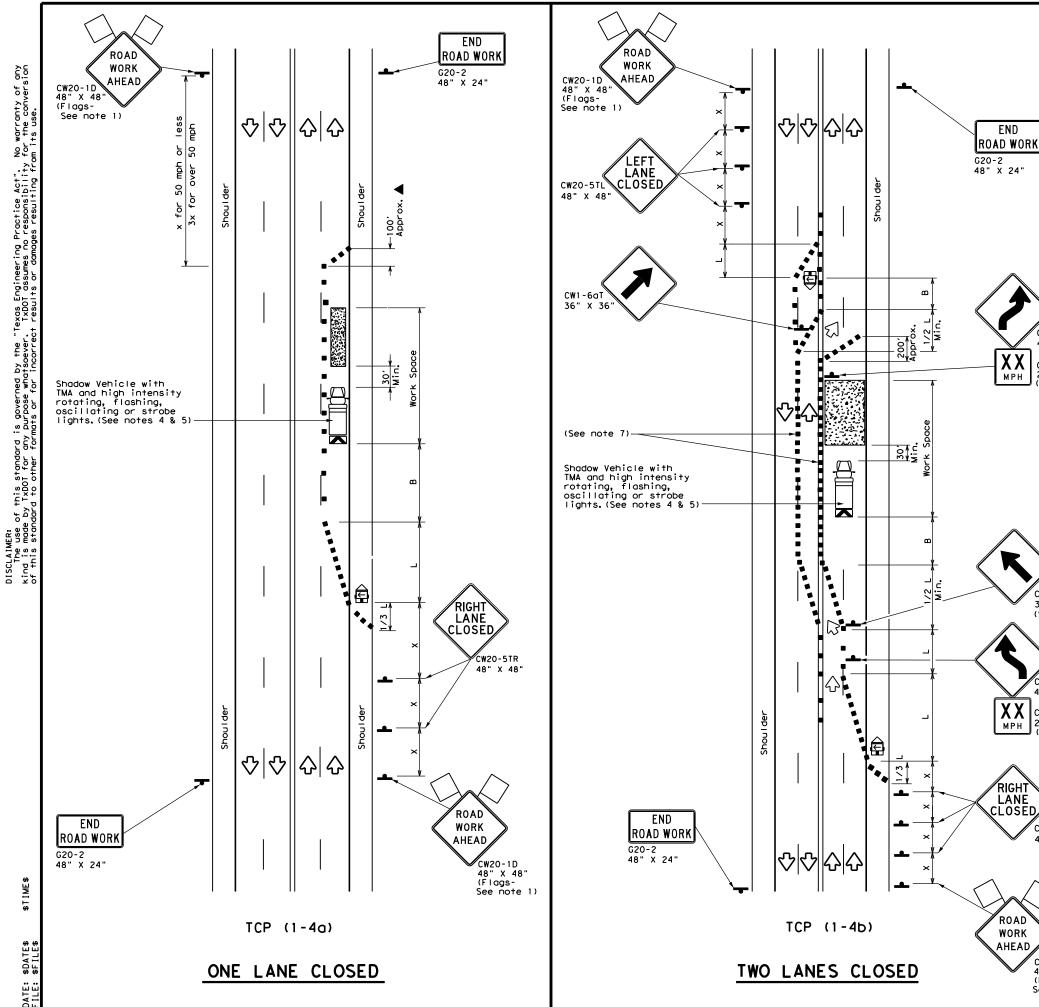
should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).

12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.

3. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

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	LEGE	ND	
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
Ē	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
(L)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	٩	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
•	Sign	\langle	Traffic Flow
\bigtriangleup	Flog	LO	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len X X	le	Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150'	1651	180'	30′	60′	1201	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - W S	600′	660′	720'	60′	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350 <i>'</i>
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825'	900′	75′	150′	900′	540 <i>′</i>

* Conventional Roads Only

CW1-4R

CW1-6aT

CW1-4L 48" X 48"

CW13-1P

MPH

24" X 24"

CW20-5TR

48" X 48'

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1)

(See note 2)

36" X 36"

(See note 2)

48" X 48"

C₩13-1P 24" X 24" (See note 2)▲

★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the
- visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet. 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

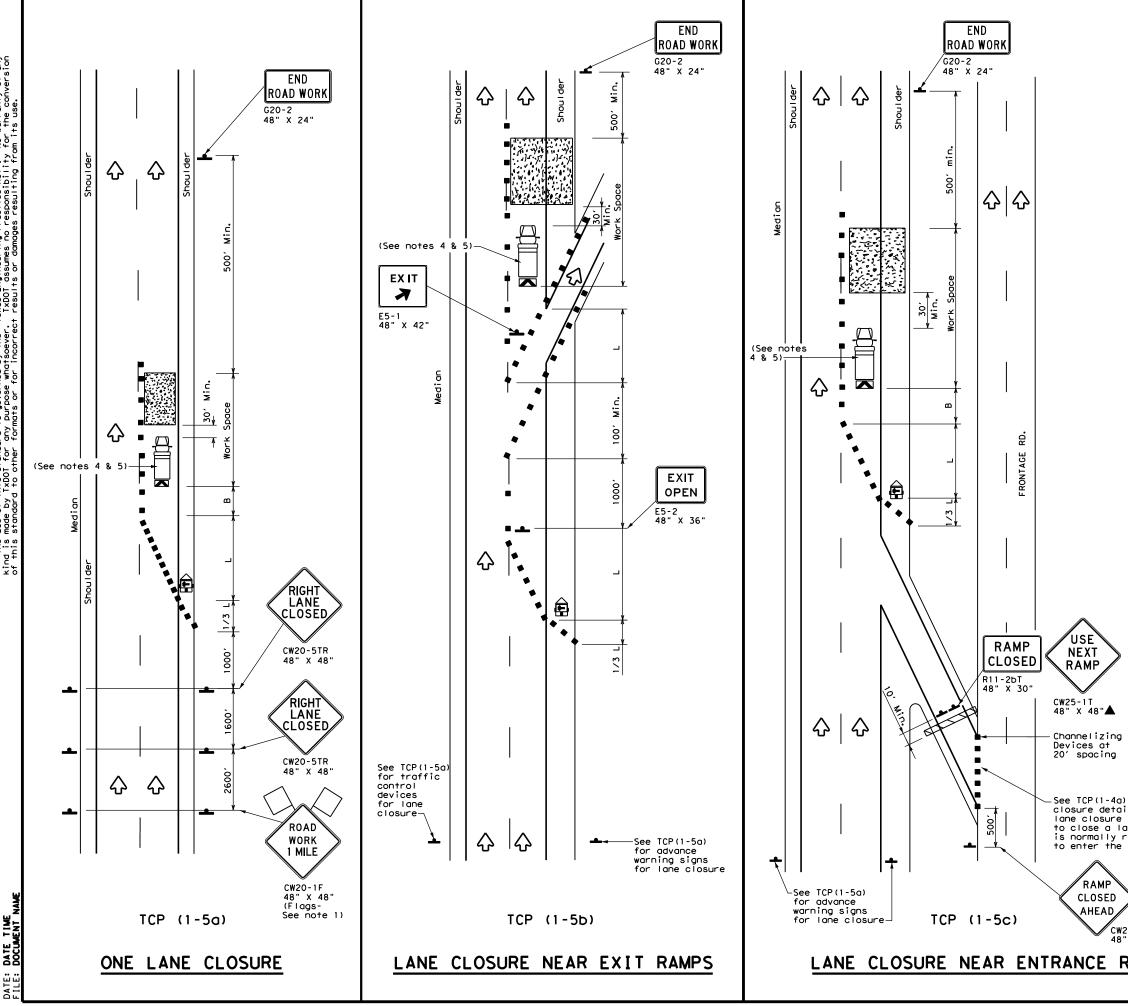
TCP (1-4a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure , CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

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2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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LEGEND								
· · · · · ·	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
□¤	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	ŝ	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
\bigtriangleup	Flag	LO	Flagger					

Posted Speed X	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudina) Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws²	150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205′	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	80	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495 <i>'</i>	540'	45′	90′	320'	1951
50		500'	550ʻ	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660 <i>′</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500'	295′
60	L 113	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600′	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130′	700'	410′
70		700′	770'	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

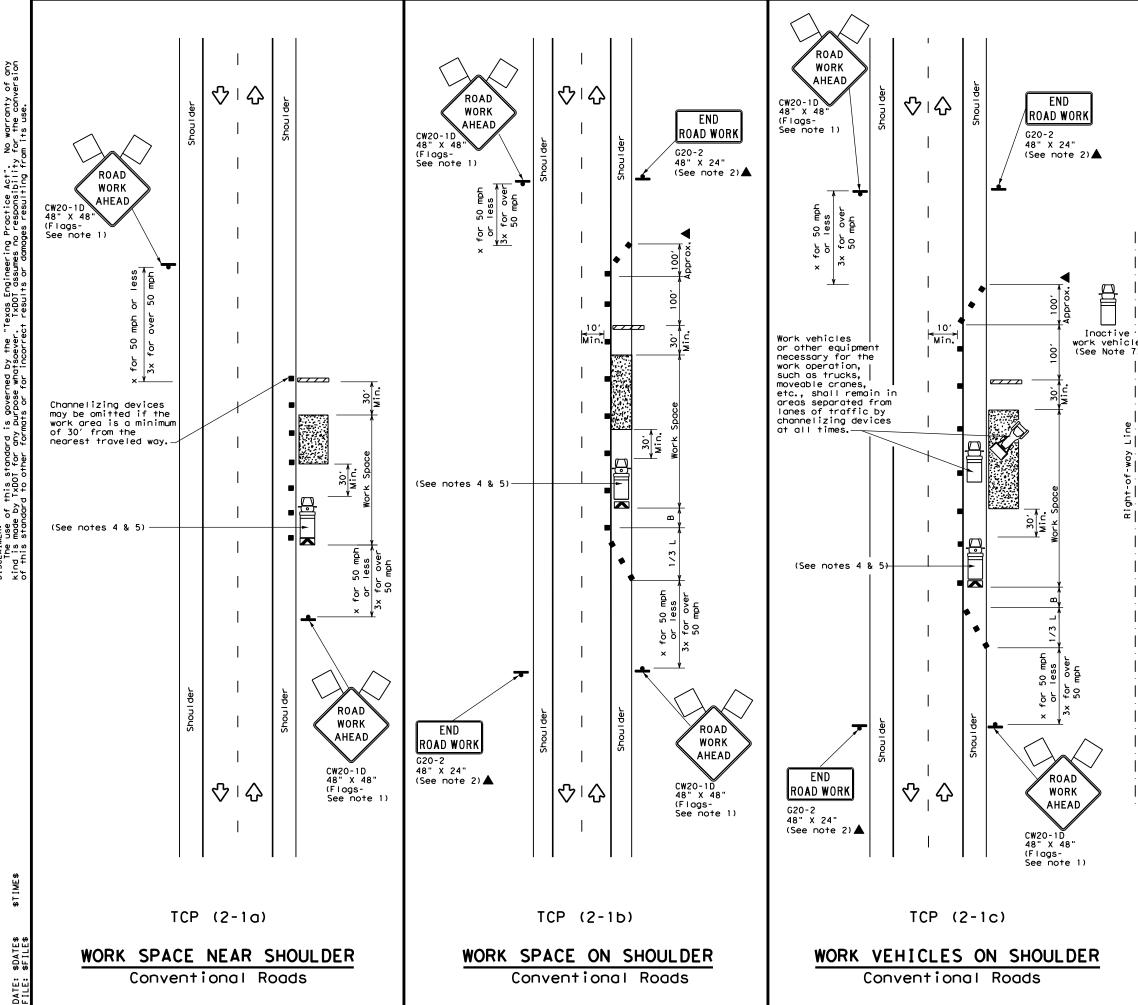
TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
		1						

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

) for lane ils if a is needed	Texas Departme	nt of Tra	nsp	ortation		Traffic perations Division Standard
one which required ramp.	TRAFFIC LANE (DIVID	CLOS	UR	RESF	OR	N
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LEGEND							
~~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices				
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
(L)	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger				

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	ormula Taper Lengths Channe X X Dev			Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	1651	180'	30′	60'	1201	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L-#5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720′	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	700'	410′
70		700'	770′	840′	70'	140'	800'	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

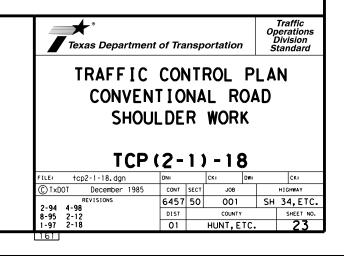
XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

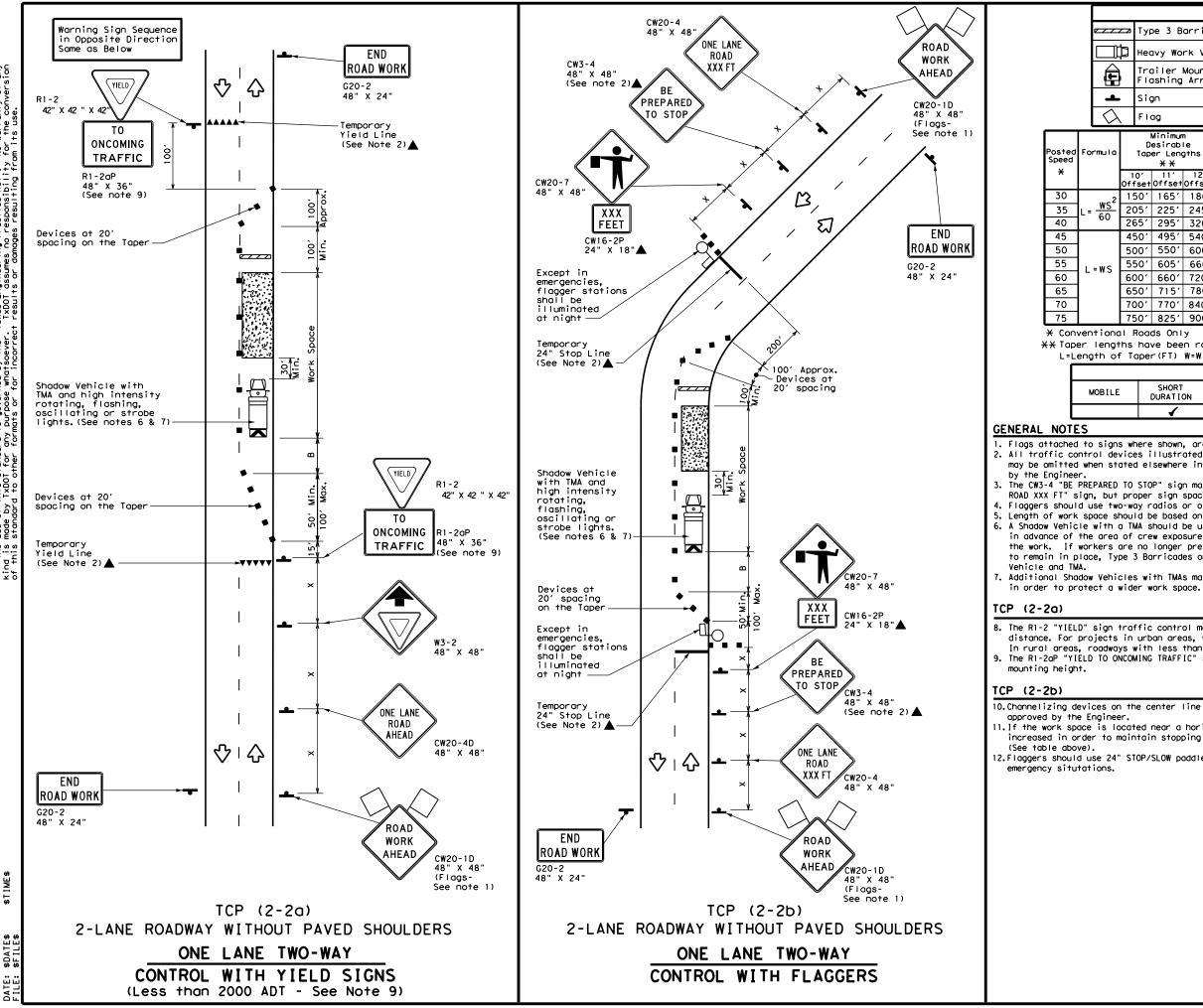
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1	4			

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.
  Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways. 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder. 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.





No warranty of any for the conversion Practice Act". responsibility Texas Engineering TxDOT assumes no governed by rpose whatso si D this standard TxDOT for any ٩ç DISCLAIMER: The use kind is mode

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LEGEND											
_		Тур	be 3 B	arrico	ode		с	hannelizi			
ľ	Heavy Work Vehicle							ruck Mour ttenuator			
		Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board				M		Portable Message S			
L		Sign Traffic Flow					low				
λ	、	FI	ag			٩	F	lagger			
2		D	Minimum esirabl er Leng X X	le	Spact: Channe	ited Maximum Icing of Inelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance	
		0' set	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangen	t	Distance	"B"		
2	15	i0'	165'	180′	30′	60′		120'	90'	200'	
-	20	951	225′	245'	35′	70′		160'	120'	250 <i>'</i>	
	26	51	295′	320'	40'	80'		240'	155'	305′	
	45	60'	495′	540'	45'	90′		320′	195′	360′	
	50	0'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100′		400′	240′	425′	
	55	i0'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′		500 <i>'</i>	295 <i>'</i>	495′	
	60	01	660'	720′	60′	120′		600′	350'	570′	
	65	0'	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130'		700′	410′	645′	
	70	0,	770'	840′	70'	140′		800'	475′	730′	
	75	0'	825'	900′	75'	150′		900′	540′	820′	

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE								
E	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	1	<b>√</b>	4						

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED. 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained. 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. 5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate. 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow

7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown

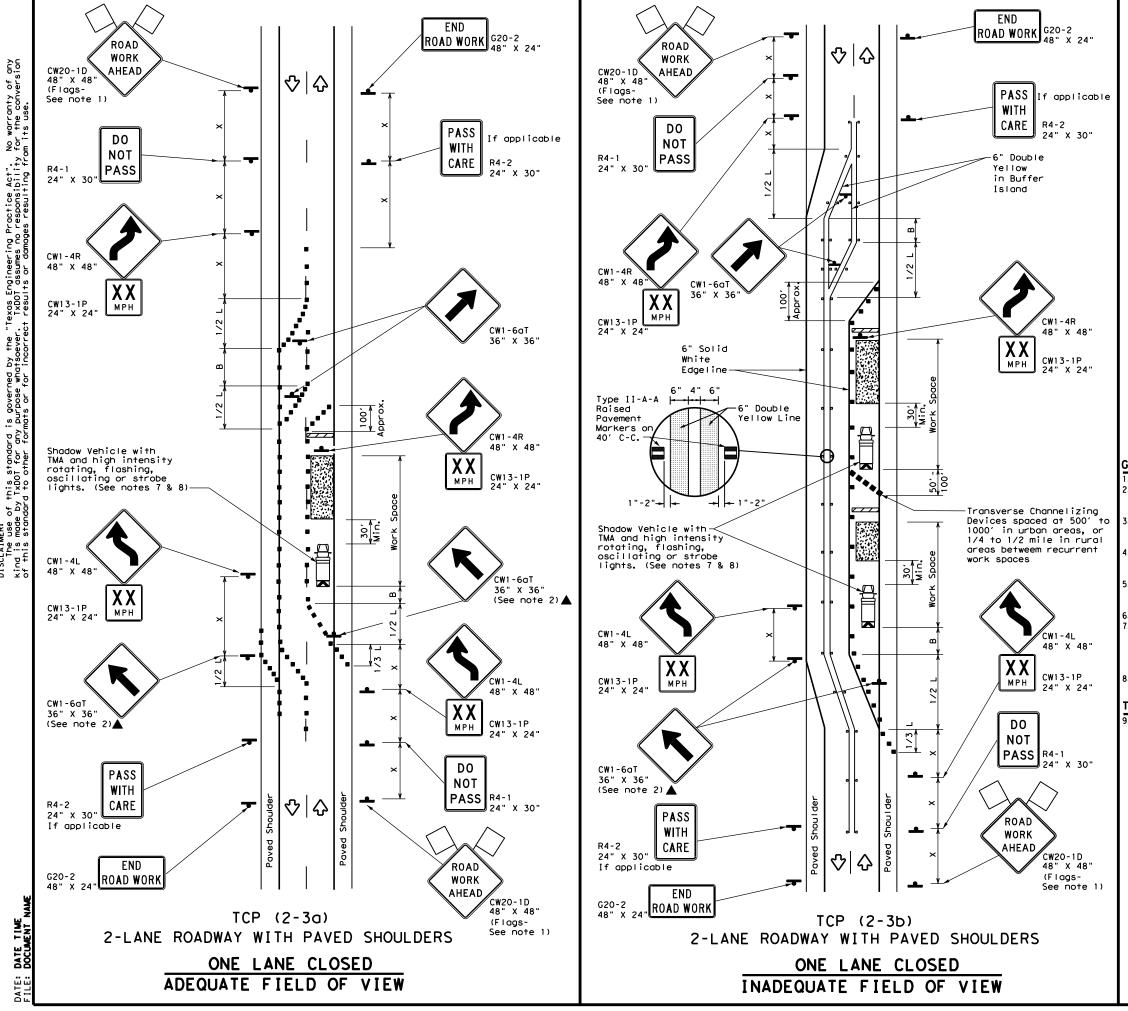
8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet. 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum

10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and

11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.

12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to

Traffic Operations Division Standard										
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL										
ТСР	12	- 2	N _ 1	0						
TCP	(2)	-2	) - 1	8						
FILE: tcp2-2-18. dgn	(2) DN:	-2	<b>) – 1</b> ск:	<b>8</b>	CK:					
		- 2			CK: HIGHWAY					
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN:	SECT	СК:	DW:	•					
FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB	DW:	HIGHWAY					



Practice Act". responsibility governed by the "Texas Engineering rpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no s or for incorrect results or domthis standard TxDOT for any ر و ح DISCLAIMER: The use kind is mode

LEGEND								
<u>e 7 7 7 7</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA					
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ц	Flagger					

Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Špacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30		150'	1651	180'	30'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245′	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495'	540'	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320'	195′
50		500'	550'	600 <i>ʻ</i>	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>'</i>	295′
60	L - # 5	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600 <i>'</i>	350 <i>'</i>
65		650′	715′	780'	65 <i>'</i>	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70′	140'	800'	475′
75		750'	825′	900′	75′	150'	900'	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
				TCP (2-3b) ONL Y		

### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer. When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.

Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction

regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.

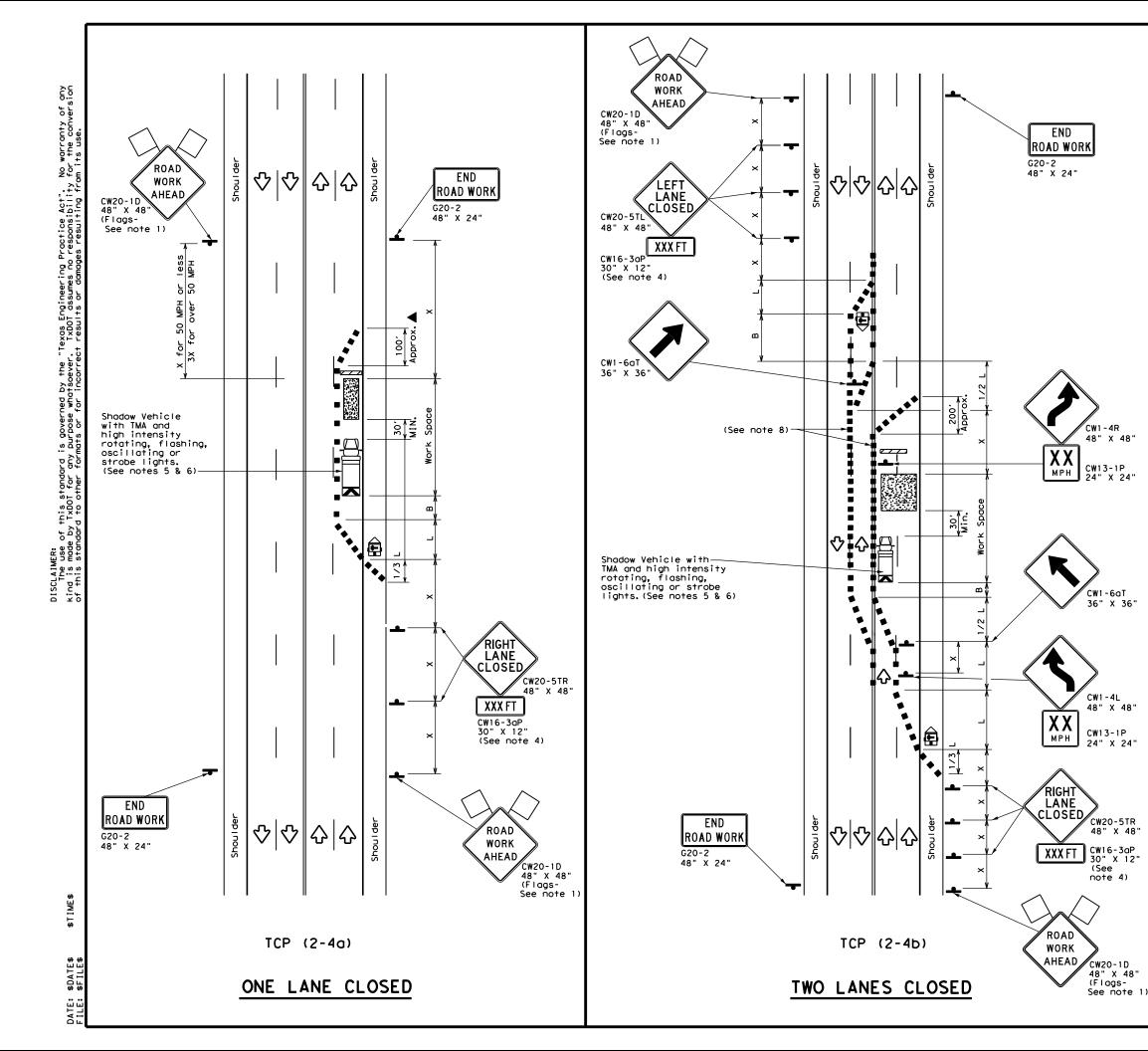
Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.

A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

### [CP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

Traffic Safety Division Standard									
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS TCP(2-3)-23									
TCF	) (2-	- 3	) - 2	3					
FILE: tcp (2-3) -23. dgn	P (2-	- 3	) - 2	<b>3</b>	CK:				
		- 3		-	CK: HIGHWAY				
FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn CTxDOT April 2023 REVISIONS	DN:	SECT	СК:	DW:					
FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn CTXDOT April 2023	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB	DW:	HIGHWAY				



- 1	LEGEND												
	D	N	T١	pe 3 Barricade				0 0		Channe	lizing D	evices	
		₽	He	avy Work Vehicle				Χ			Mounted Jator (TM	A)	
		Ē		ailer ashin		ed w Boai	٠d	M			ole Chang ge Sign (		
		ŀ	si	ign				Ŷ		Traff	ic Flow		
	<	$\widehat{\boldsymbol{\lambda}}$	F	lag				۵C	)	Flagge	er		
Post Spee		Formu	۱a	D	esirab	linimum Suggested Maximum ssirable Spacing of er Lengths Channelizing X X Devices				of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Sugges Longitud Buffer S	inal
×				10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset		)n a aper	т	On a angent	Distance	"B"	
30	)		.2	150'	165'	180′		30′		60 <i>′</i>	120'	90′	
35	5	$L = \frac{W_1^2}{60}$	5	205'	225′	245′		35′		70'	160'	120	·
40	)	0	,	265'	295′	320′		40′		80'	240'	155	·
45	Ś			450 <i>'</i>	495′	540'		45′		90'	320'	195	·
50	)			500'	550'	600′		50′		100'	400'	240	<b>,</b>
55	\$	L=WS 550' 605' 660'			55′		110′	500 <i>'</i>	295	,			
60	)	<b>- -</b>	5	600′	660'	720′	60′			120′	600 <i>'</i>	350	·
65	5			650'	715′	780′		65′		130′	700′	410	·
70	)			700′	770'	840'		70′		140′	800′	475	'
75	ò			750'	825′	900′		75′		150′	900'	540	,

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
		1	1			

### GENERAL NOTES

 Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
 All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.

A. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.

5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

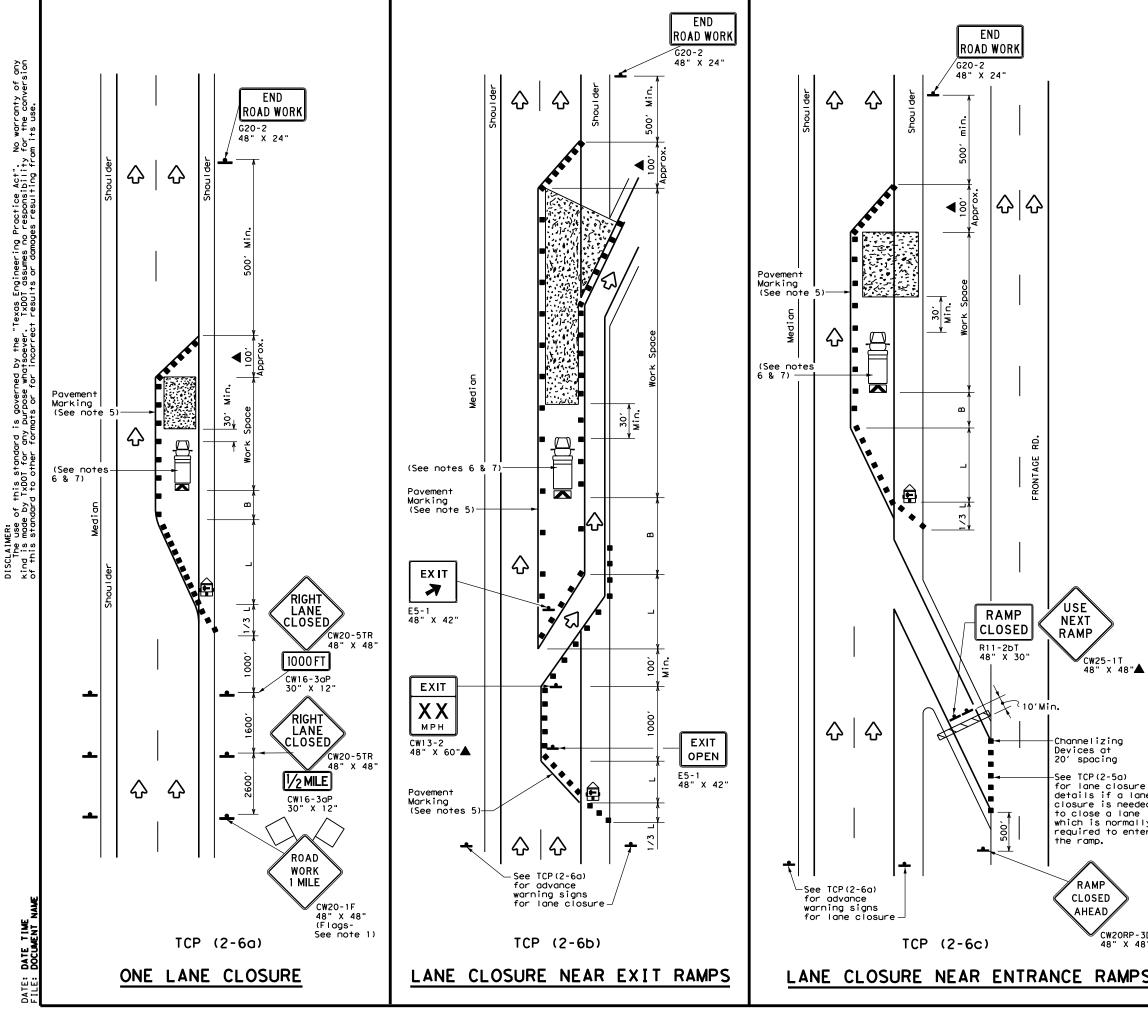
### TCP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

### [CP (2-4b)

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

CONVENTIONAL         ROADS           TCP (2-4) - 18         DW:         CK:           © TxDOT         December         1985         CONT         SECT         JOB         HIGHWAY           8-95         3-03         REVISIONS         6457         39         OO1         SH         34, ETC	Traffic Operations Texas Department of Transportation								
FILE:         tcp2-4-18, dgn         DN:         CK:         Dw:         CK:           ① TxDOT         December         1985         cont         sEct         JOB         HIGHWAY           8-95         3-03         REVISIONS         6457         39         OO1         SH 34, ETC           1-97         2-12         DIST         COUNTY         SHEET NO.	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS								
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS 1-97 2-12 6457 39 001 SH 34, ETC DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	TCP	(2	- 4	1) - 1	8				
8-95 3-03 1-97 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.		· <b>-</b>	- 4				Ск:		
1-97 2-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.	FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		СК:					
4-98 2-18 01 HUNT ETC 26	FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn CTxDOT December 1985 REVISIONS	DN: CONT	SECT	CK: JOB			HIGHWAY		
	FILE: tcp2-4-18.dgn (C) TxDOT December 1985 8-95 3-03 REVISIONS	DN: CONT 6457	SECT	ск: ЈОВ 001	DW:		HIGHWAY		



LEGEND							
ZZZZZ Type 3 Barricade ■■ Channelizing De							
µ́p	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)				
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)				
-	Sign	2	Traffic Flow				
$\Diamond$	Flag	LO	Flagger				

Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lena X X	le	Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"
30		150'	165'	180'	30′	60 <i>'</i>	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205'	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45 <i>′</i>	90′	320′	195′
50		500'	550'	600'	50 <i>'</i>	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605 <i>'</i>	660'	55 <i>'</i>	110'	500'	295′
60	L - 11 J	600 <i>'</i>	660'	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	600 <i>'</i>	350′
65		650 <i>'</i>	715′	780′	65 <i>'</i>	130′	700′	410′
70		700'	770′	840'	70′	140'	800 <i>'</i>	475′
75		750'	825′	900 <i>'</i>	75′	150'	900′	540′

X Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

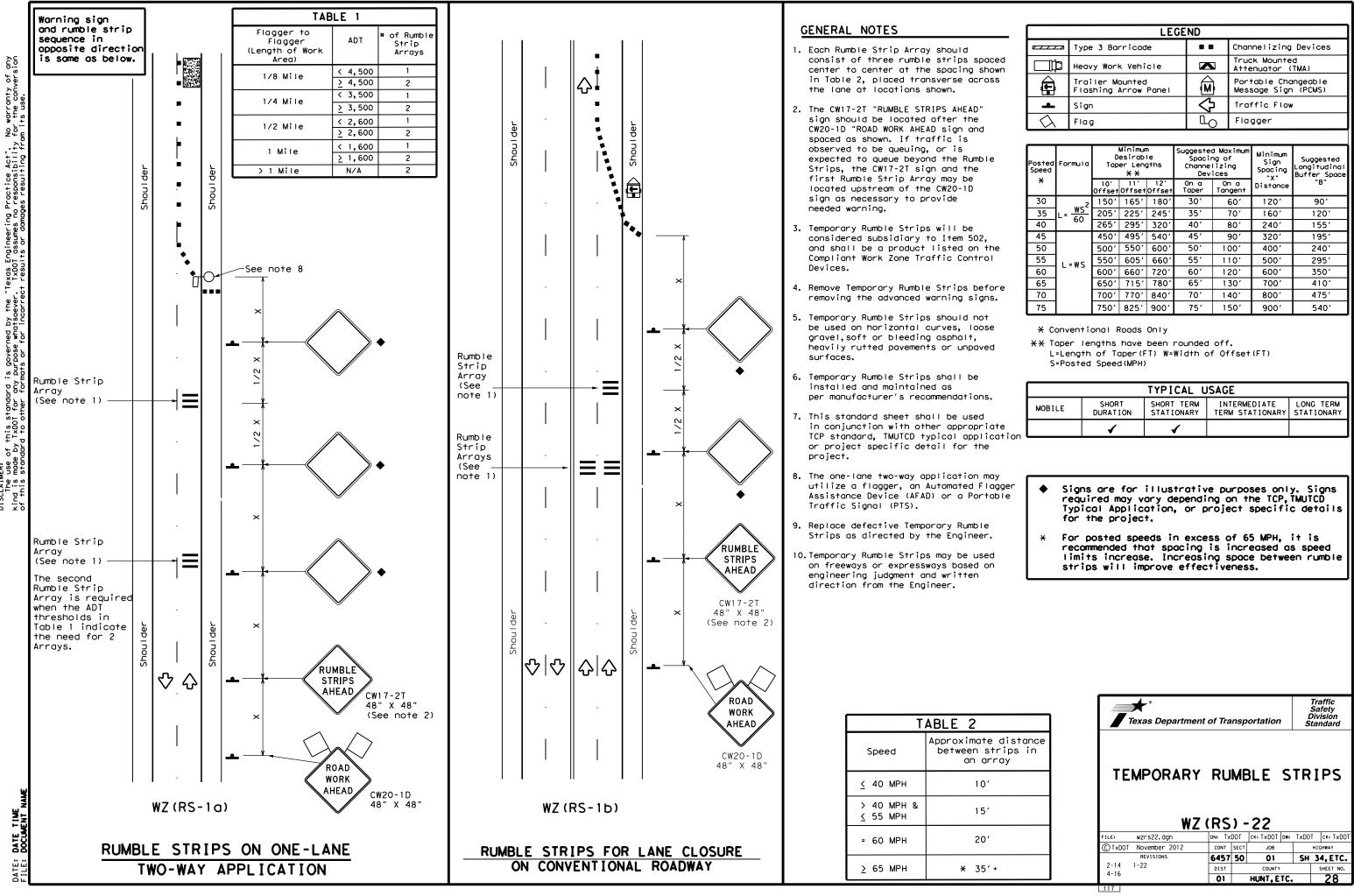
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
			✓	✓		

### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards. Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections
- may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device. The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term
- stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.
- Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

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5	FILE: tcp2-6-18.dgn	DN:	CK: DW:	CK:
	© TxDOT December 1985	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
<u>s</u>	REVISIONS 2-94 4-98	6457 50	001	SH 34,ETC.
-	8-95 2-12	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.
	1-97 2-18	01	HUNT, ETC.	27
	166			



ed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility or incorrect results or damages resulting fro SCLAIMER: The use of this standard nd is made by TxDOT for any

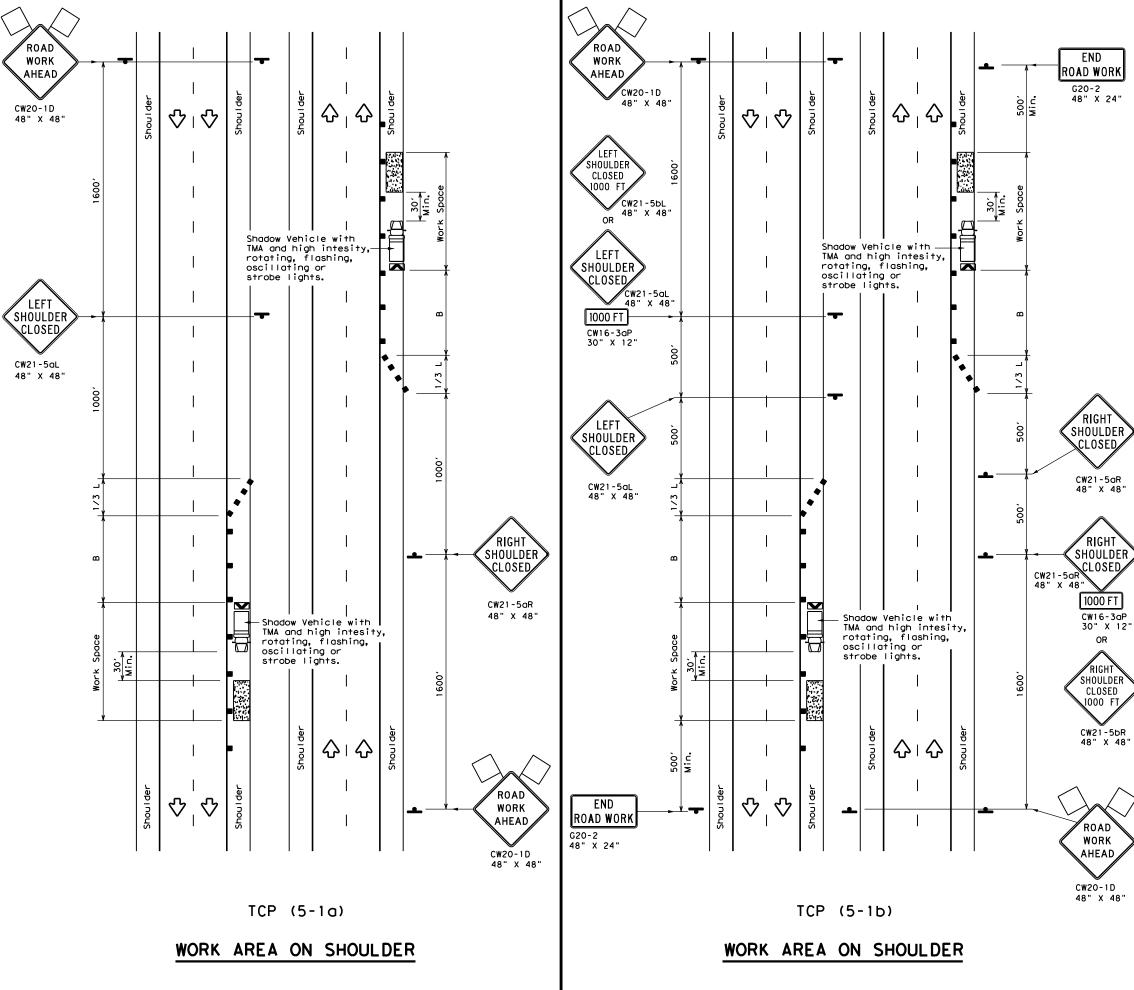
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	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
Ð	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Panel	<b>Z</b>	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
4	Sign	$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow						
$\bigtriangleup$	Flag	ЦO	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len X X	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	165'	180'	30′	60′	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	1601	120′
40	60	265'	295′	320'	40′	80 <i>'</i>	240'	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90 <i>'</i>	320'	195'
50		500'	550'	600′	50 <i>'</i>	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660 <i>'</i>	55 <i>'</i>	110′	500 <i>ʻ</i>	295′
60	L - 11 S	600 <i>'</i>	660′	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120′	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70		700′	770'	840′	70'	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75'	150′	900'	540′

	TYPICAL USAGE							
	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
e tion		✓	1					





DATE: DATE TIME FILE: DOCUMENT N

LEGEND								
<u>~~~~</u>	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
Ē	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	2	Traffic Flow					
$\langle$	Flag	ЦO	Flogger					

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths X X		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
30	<u>ws</u> ²	150'	1651	180'	30'	60 <i>'</i>	90,
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35′	70 <i>'</i>	120'
40	60	265′	295′	320'	40′	80′	155'
45		450'	495′	540′	45′	90'	195'
50		500'	550 <i>'</i>	600 <i>'</i>	50'	100′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55′	110′	295 <i>'</i>
60	L-45	600 <i>'</i>	660 <i>'</i>	720'	60 <i>'</i>	120'	350'
65		650'	715′	780'	65′	130′	410'
70		700'	770'	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750ʻ	825′	900′	75′	150′	540 <i>'</i>
80		800 <i>'</i>	880'	960′	80'	160′	615′

X Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

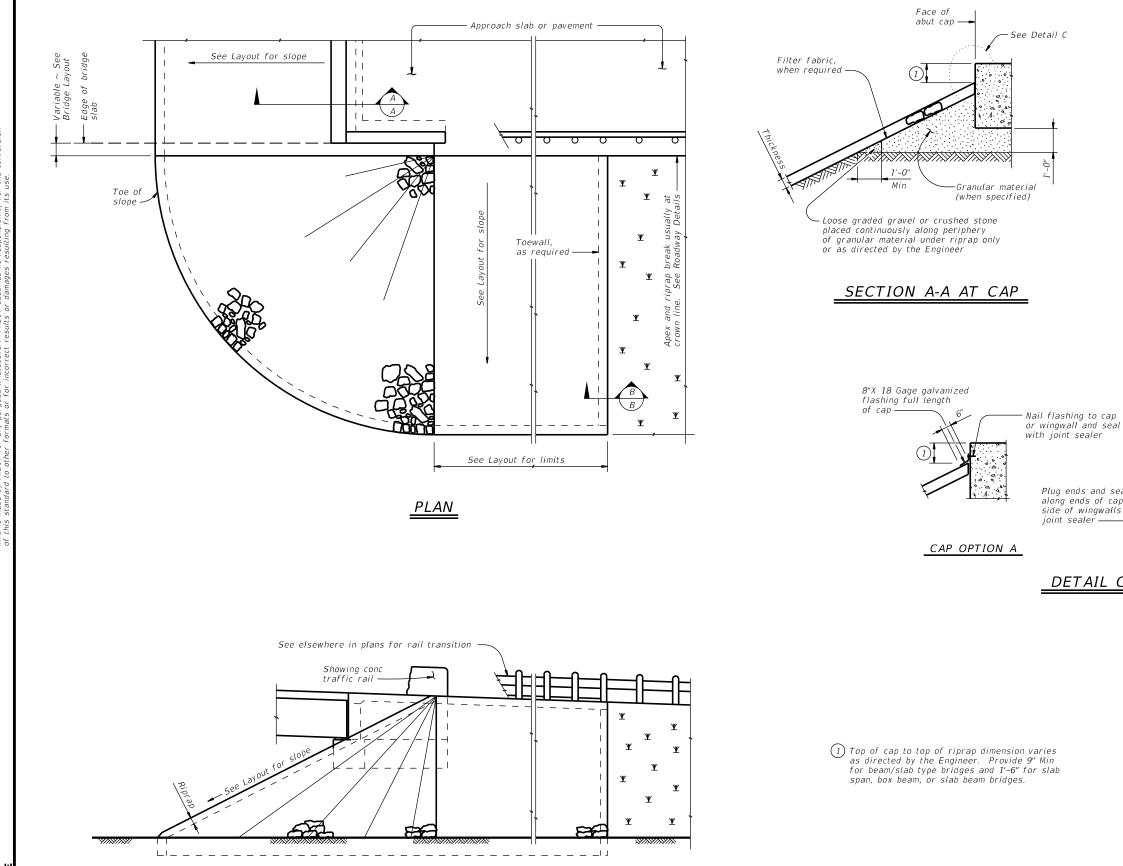
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)			

### GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece cones.

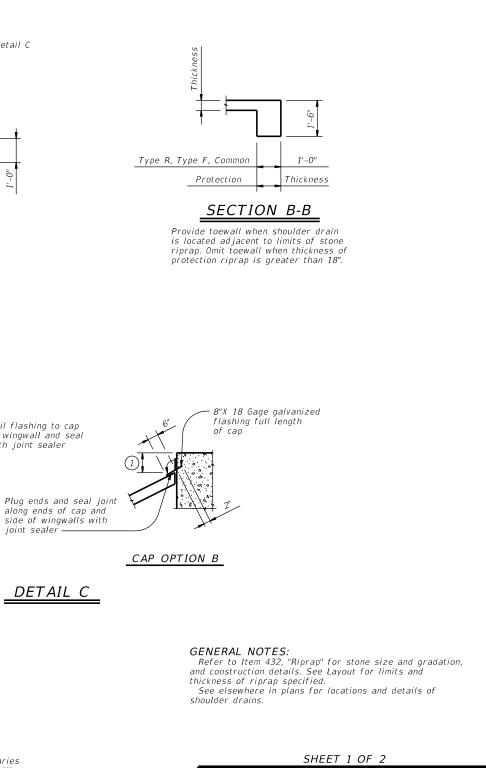
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D-1D X 48"	FREEWAYS			SWA	YS
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D-1D X 48"	FILE: tcp5-1-18. dgn © TxDOT February 201	(5-1 DN: 12 CONT SI	) – 18 ск: Di	¥:	CK: HIGHWAY



ELEVATION

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any The use of the Standard sup purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

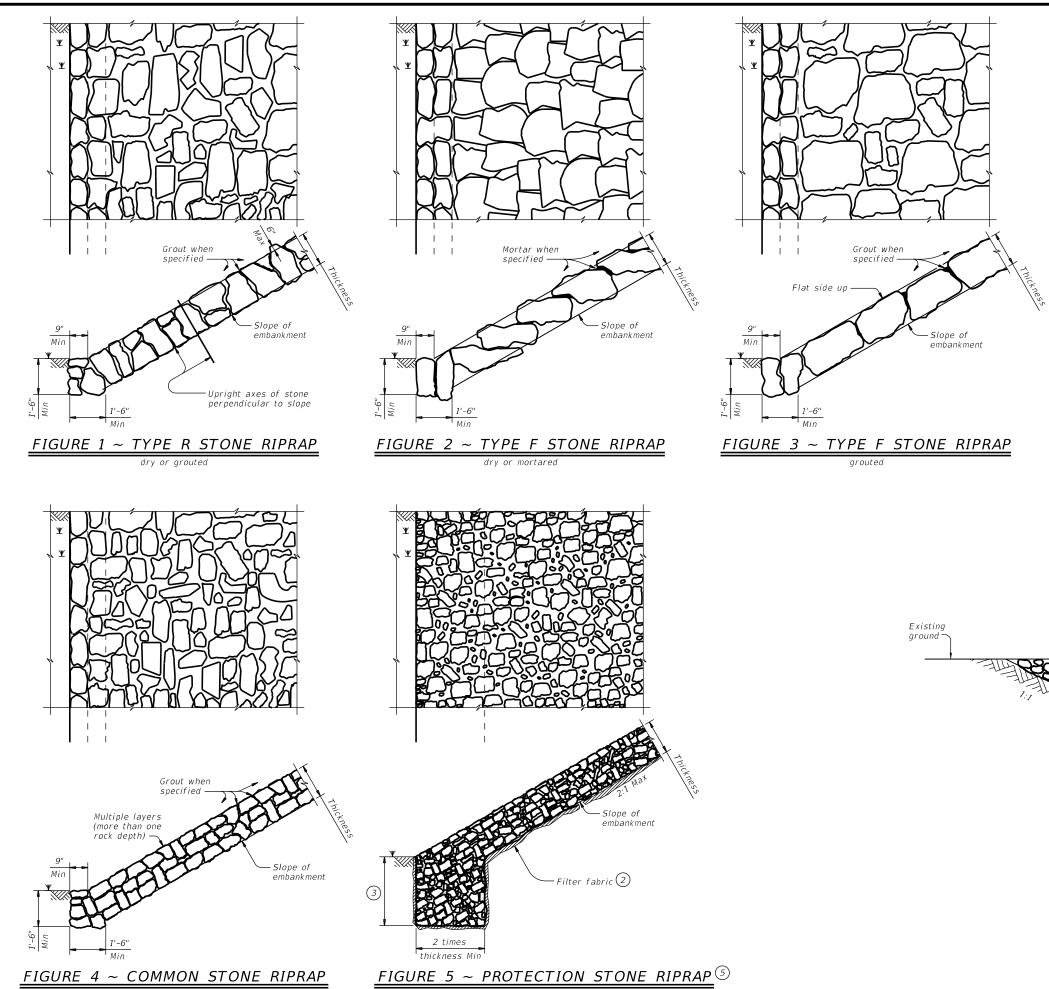
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©TxDOT April 2019	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY
REVISIONS	6457	50	001		SH	34, ETC.
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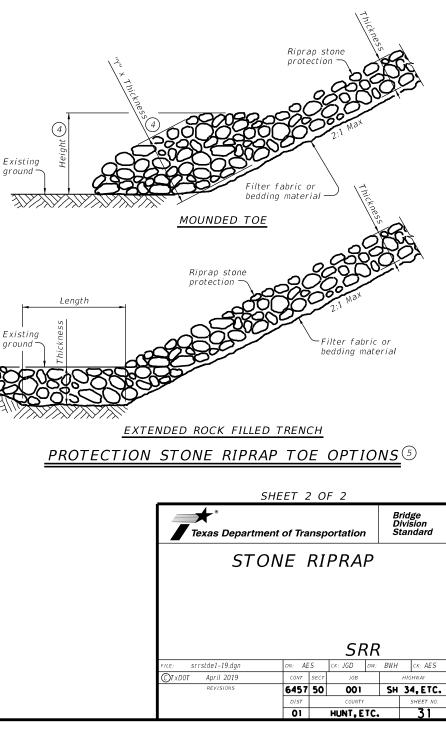


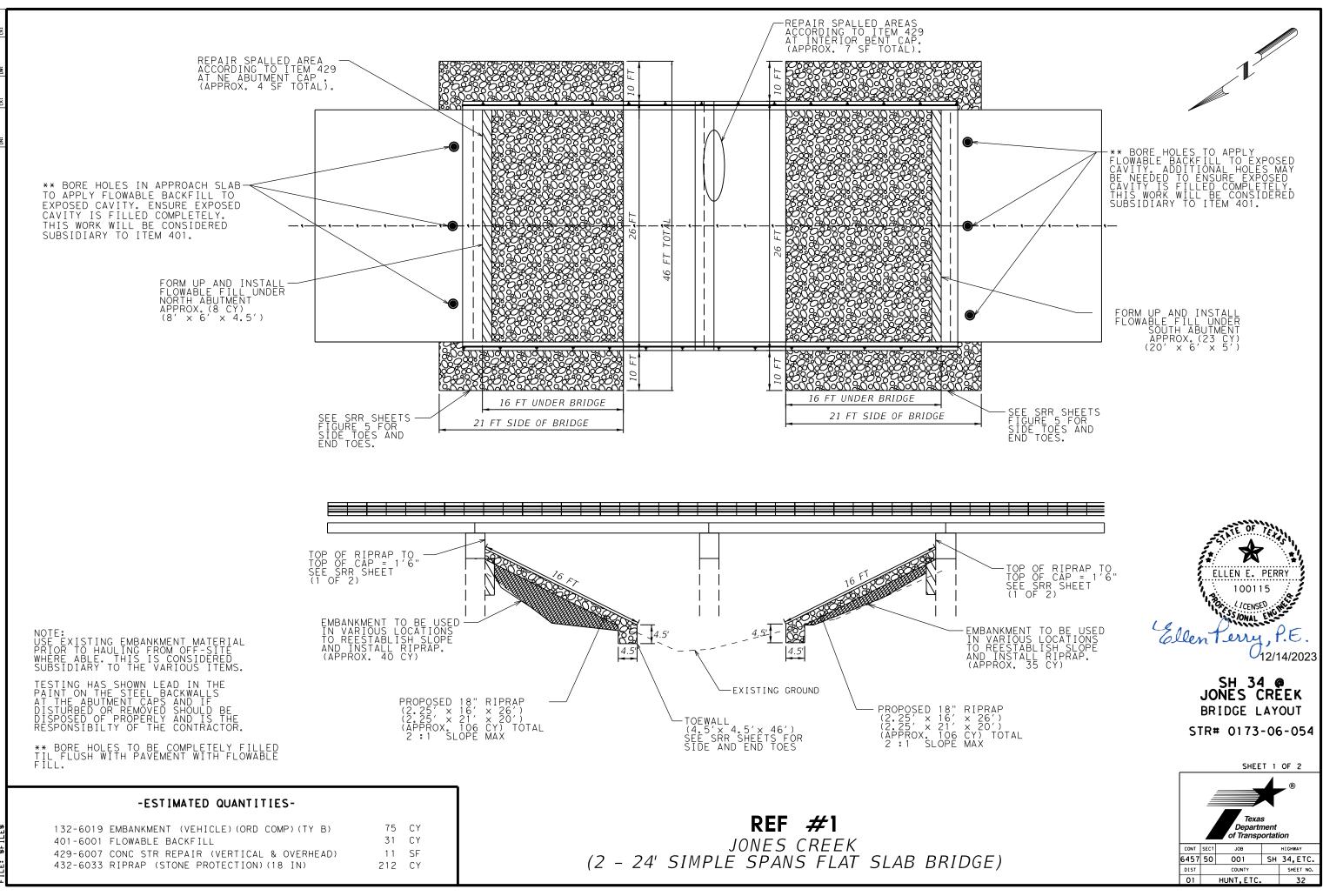
dry or grouted

Existing ground

ground

- 2 Provide bedding material instead of filter fabric if shown elsewhere in plans. See Layout for thickness of bedding material.
- (3) Minimum toe depth is the larger of the maximum scour depth or 2 times the riprap thickness.
- 4 "Y" and Height need to be defined. See layout or detail sheet for values if this option is used.
- 5 List Stone Protection as size (XX inch) and thickness (YY inch) on the layout. Example: Riprap (Stone Protection) XX inch, Thickness = YY inch.



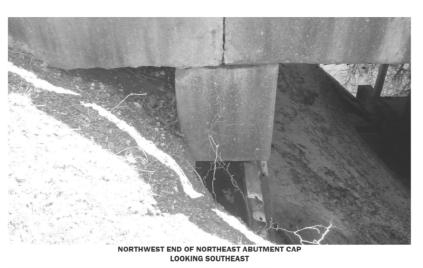


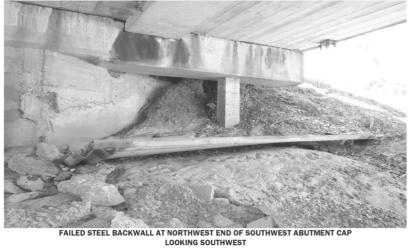
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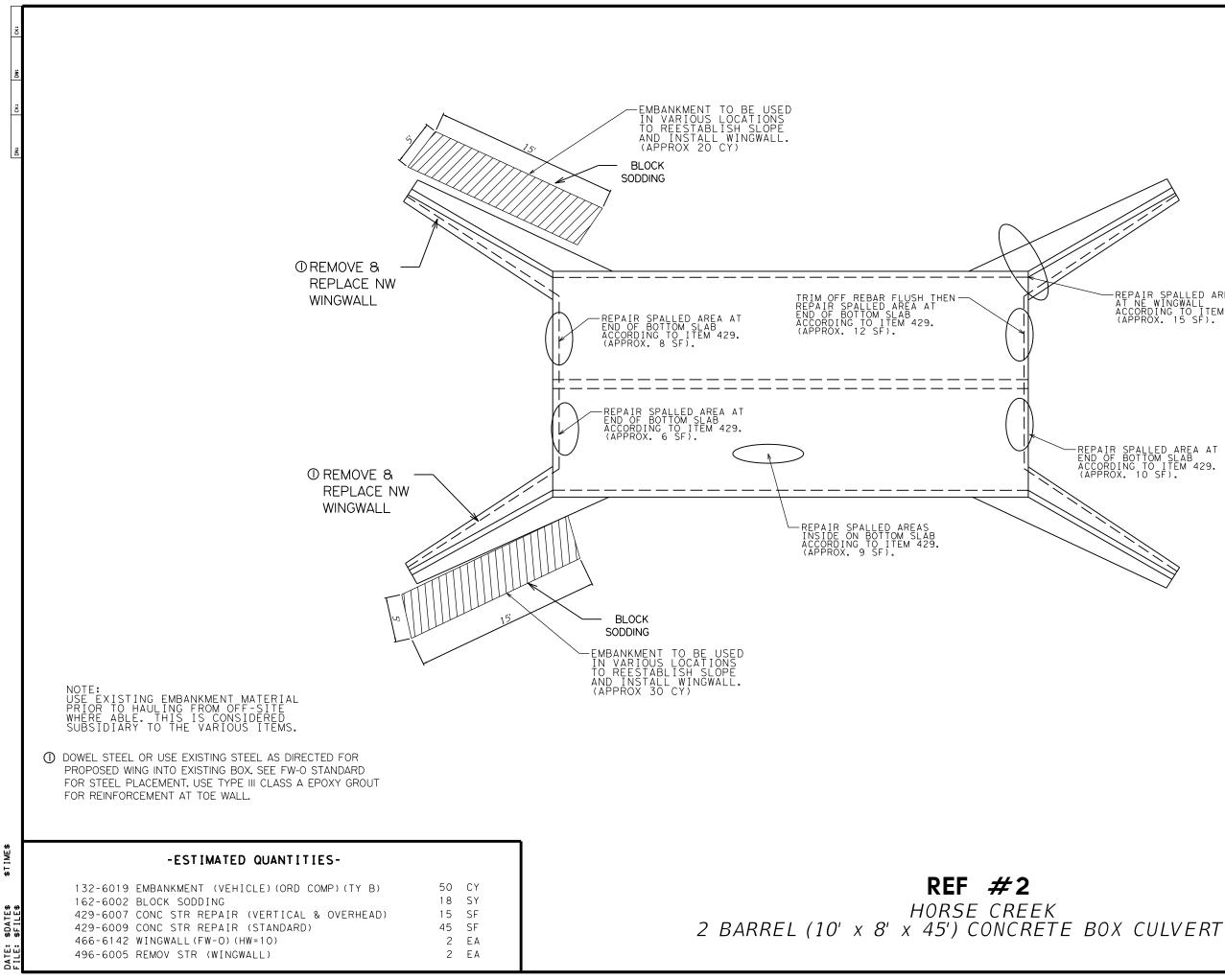
COVER SPALLS WITH EXPOSED REBAR AT INTERIOR BENT CAP LOOKING NORTHEAST

SH 34 @ JONES CREEK PHOTOS

# SH 34 @ JONES CREEK BRIDGE LAYOUT

STR# 0173-06-054

		SHEE Texas Departi of Transp	s nent	OF 2 ®			
CONT	CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY						
6457	6457 50 001 SH 34,ETC.						
DIST			SHEET NO.				
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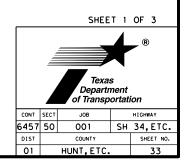


-REPAIR SPALLED AREAS AT NE WINGWALL ACCORDING TO ITEM 429. (APPROX. 15 SF).

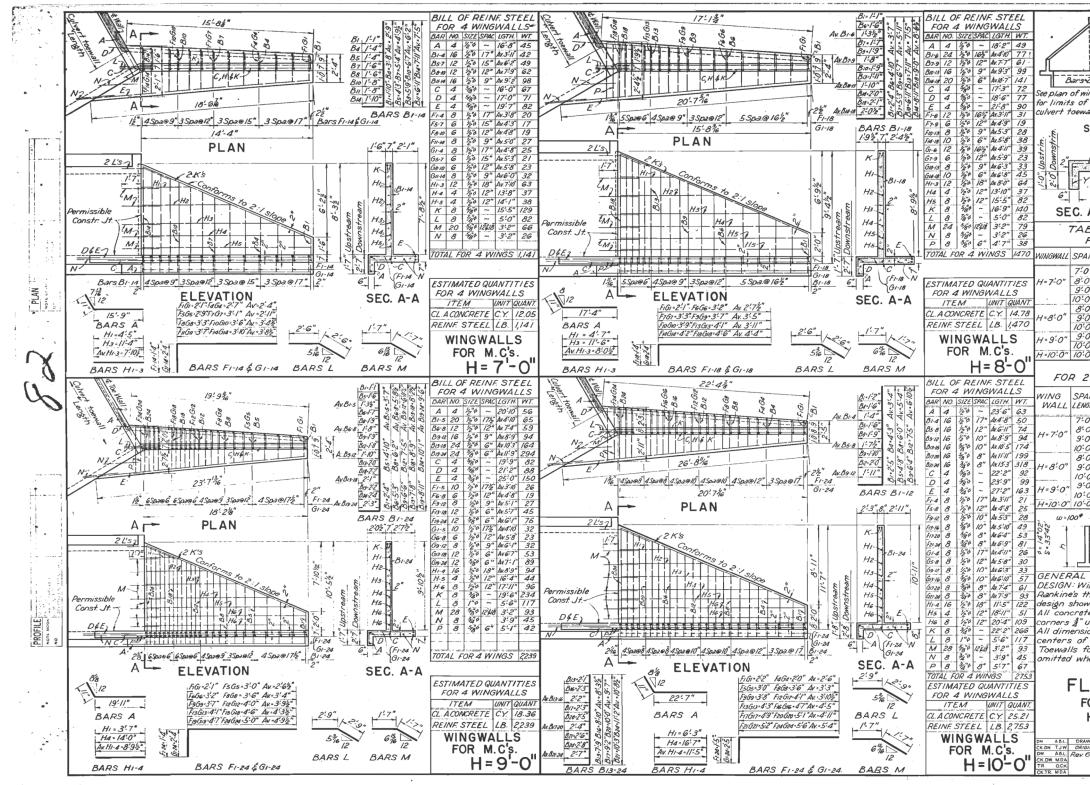
REPAIR SPALLED AREA AT END OF BOTTOM SLAB ACCORDING TO ITEM 429. (APPROX. 10 SF).







CK: DW:



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### SH 34 @ HORSE CREEK AS BUILT FLARED WINGWALL STANDARD FOR INFO

SPAN A Finings A by Bary SPAN A by Bary A by Bary Bars Z spaced 18tC toc. ewall END ELEVATION SHOWING TYPICAL REINFORCING FOR CULVERT TOEWALL	
ZI, Upstream Zz, Downstream Zz, Downstream NOTE: Use length of toe Wall for length of Bar Y. Bars over 40° or length. Toe wall length measured C. A-A along & of wall as shown. BARS Z ABLE OF TOE WALL LENGTHS	
FOR         MULTIPLE         CULVERTS           5PAN         700         TOE WALL         LENGTH           5PANS         3 SPANS         5 SPANS         6 SPANS           7'0"         11'7         7""         19'2"         26'9"         34'4""         41'1"           8'0"         13'7         26'2"         30'9"         39'4"         41'1"         41'1"           9'0"         13'7         25'2"         30'9"         39'4"         41'4"         53'11%"           9'0"         13'7         25'2"         30'9"         30'4"         41'4"         53'11%"           9'0"         13'7"         25'2"         36'9"         41'4"         53'11%"           9'0"         13'2"         21'10"         30'6"         39'-2"         47'10"           9'0"         15'2"         24'10"         34'6"         44'2"         53'10"           9'0"         15'2"         24'10"         34'6"         49'-2"         59'10"           9'0"         15'2"         24'2'2"         33'10'2"         43'6 5%         53'2'8"           9'0"         16'6'2"         24'2'2"         37'0'2"         43'6 5%         53'2'8"           9'0"	
ESTIMATED QUANTITIES 2 MULTIPLE CULVERT TOEWALLS SPANS 3 SPANS 4 SPANS 5 SPANS 6 SPANS ENGTH CONC REINE CONC. REINE CONC REINE CONC REINE ENGTH C.Y. LB. C.Y. LB. C.Y. LB. C.Y. LB. C.Y. LB. 710" 0.65 52 107 82 1.49 112 1.91 142 233 174 8'0" 0.76 58 1.24 94 1.71 129 2.19 161 2.68 198 9'0" 0.87 65 1.40 106 1.93 1.43 2.47 1.85 3.00 223 0'0" 0.98 76 1.57 1.18 2.16 160 2.74 204 3.33 2.46 8'0" 0.73 58 1.21 93 1.69 1.25 2.18 160 2.66 198 9'0" 0.84 64 1.38 105 1.34 142 2.84 181 2.99 2.24	
10 ¹ 0 ¹ (0.95 71 / 155 117 (214) 159 273 (203) 332 (246) 9 ¹ 0 ¹ (0.81 63 1.35 100 1.88 141 (242) 180 (296) 217 10 ¹ 0 ¹ (0.92 70 1.51 112 (210) 155 (270) 198 (329) (242) 10 ¹ 0 ¹ (0.88 69 1.47 111 (206) 154 (266) 198 (325) (241) 10 ¹ 0 ¹ (0.88 69 1.47 111 (206) 154 (266) 198 (325) (241) 10 ¹ (0.88 69 1.47 111 (206) 154 (266) 198 (325) (241) 10 ¹ (0.88 69 1.47 111 (206) 154 (266) 198 (325) (241) 11 ¹ (206) 154 (266) 198 (325) (261) 11 ¹ (206) 154 (266) 198 (325) (266) 198 (325) (266) 198 (325) (266) 198 (325) (266) 198 (325) (266) 198 (325) (266) 198 (325) (266) 198 (326) (326) (326) (326) 198 (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (326) (3	
s theory of retaining wall design. Elements of hown on sketch above. "rete shall be Class A. Chamfer all exposed "unless specified otherwise. nsions relating to reinforcing steel are to of bars. s for culverts and wingwalls shall be when structure is founded on solid rock. TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT LARED WINGWALLS FOR MULTIPLE CULVERTS	
H = 7'-0" TO 10'-0" INCL. MCW-F2 DBAWING DATE GV 6-50' Dimen."D" 6 TEAS C-174-1-18 19 11 Hunt 174 1 185:34	SH 34 @ HORSE CREEK CULVERT LAYOUT STR# 0174-01-029 SHEET 2 OF 3
	Texas           Department           of Transportation           CONT           SECT           JOB           HICHMAY           6457           50           O01           SH           34, ETC.

01 HUNT, ETC.

33A



NOTE: 1. The northwest wingwall has seperated from the culvert and has rotated a maximum of 7" at the top due to embankment pressure.



NOTE: 1. The southwest wingwall has seperated from the culvert and has rotated a maximum of 7" at the top due to embankment pressure. The southwest wingwall has settled up to 2" at the end.



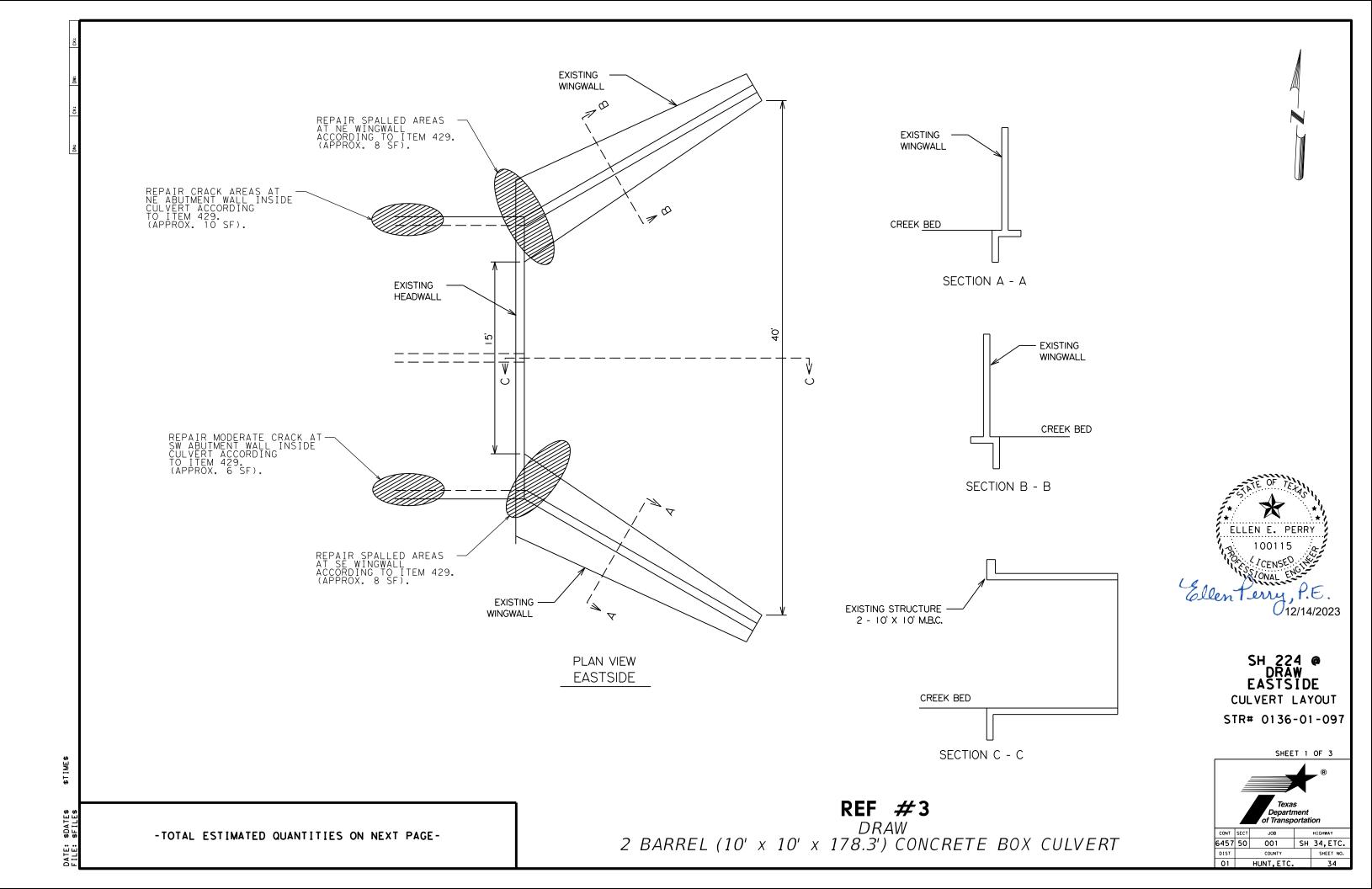
NOTE: 1. Bottom slab has widespread moderate delaminations and spalls with exposed heavily rusted rebar.

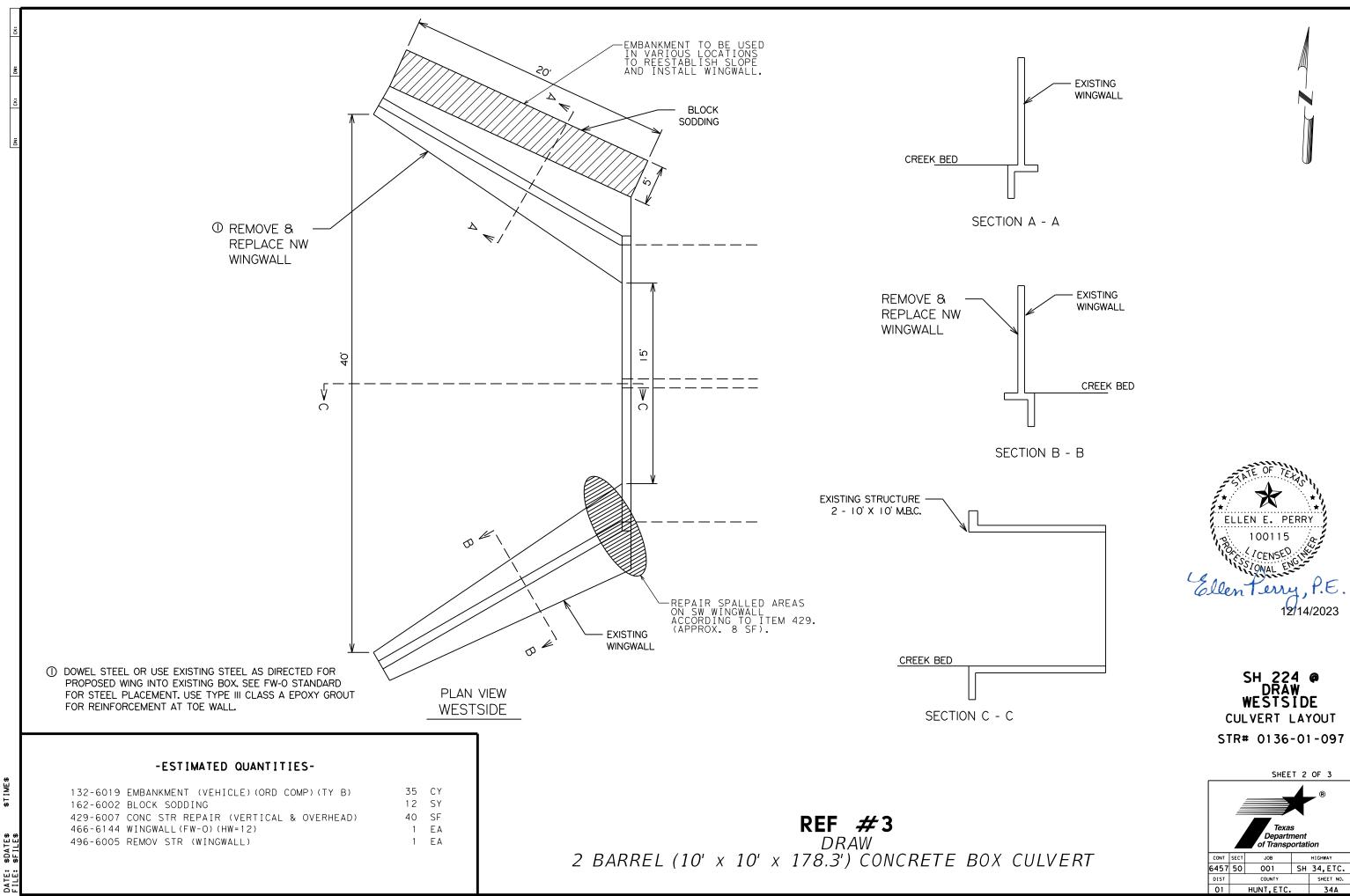
SH 34 @ HORSE CREEK PHOTOS

# SH 34 @ HORSE CREEK CULVERT LAYOUT

STR# 0174-01-029

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6457	50	001	SH 34,ETC.					
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NOTE: Embankment at north corner has an area of erosion 10' x 7' x 5' deep due to wingwall failure.



NOTE: Abutment walls have minor horizontal cracks (up to 0.040" wide) and minor to moderate vertical cracks (up to 5/16" wide) with heavy efflorescence.

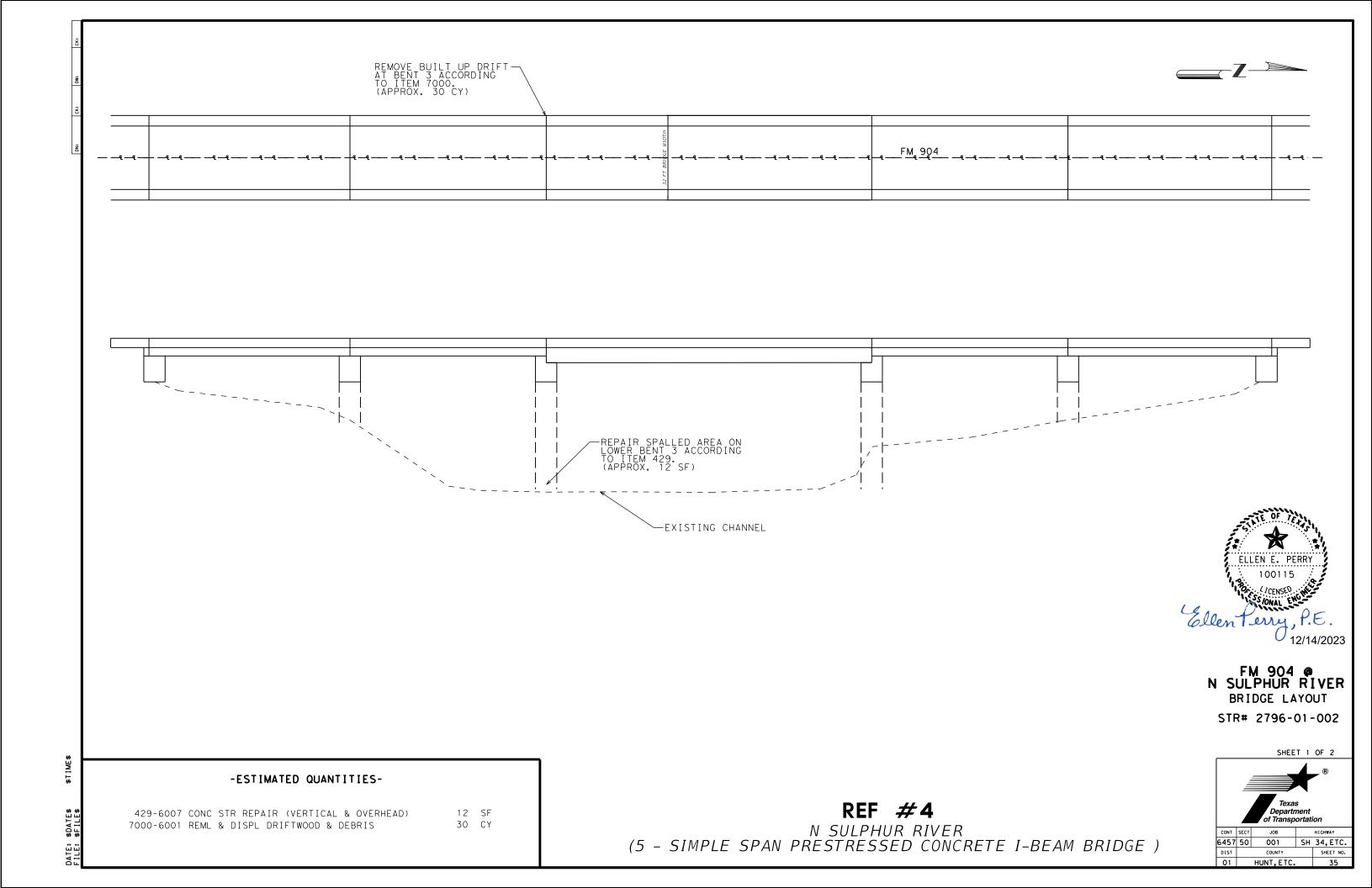


NOTE: North wingwall has failed and is laying in channel.

SH 224 @ DRAW Photos



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CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	NAY
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DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
01		HUNT, ETC.				34B







NOTE: Moderate drift build-up on upstream column of Bent 3.

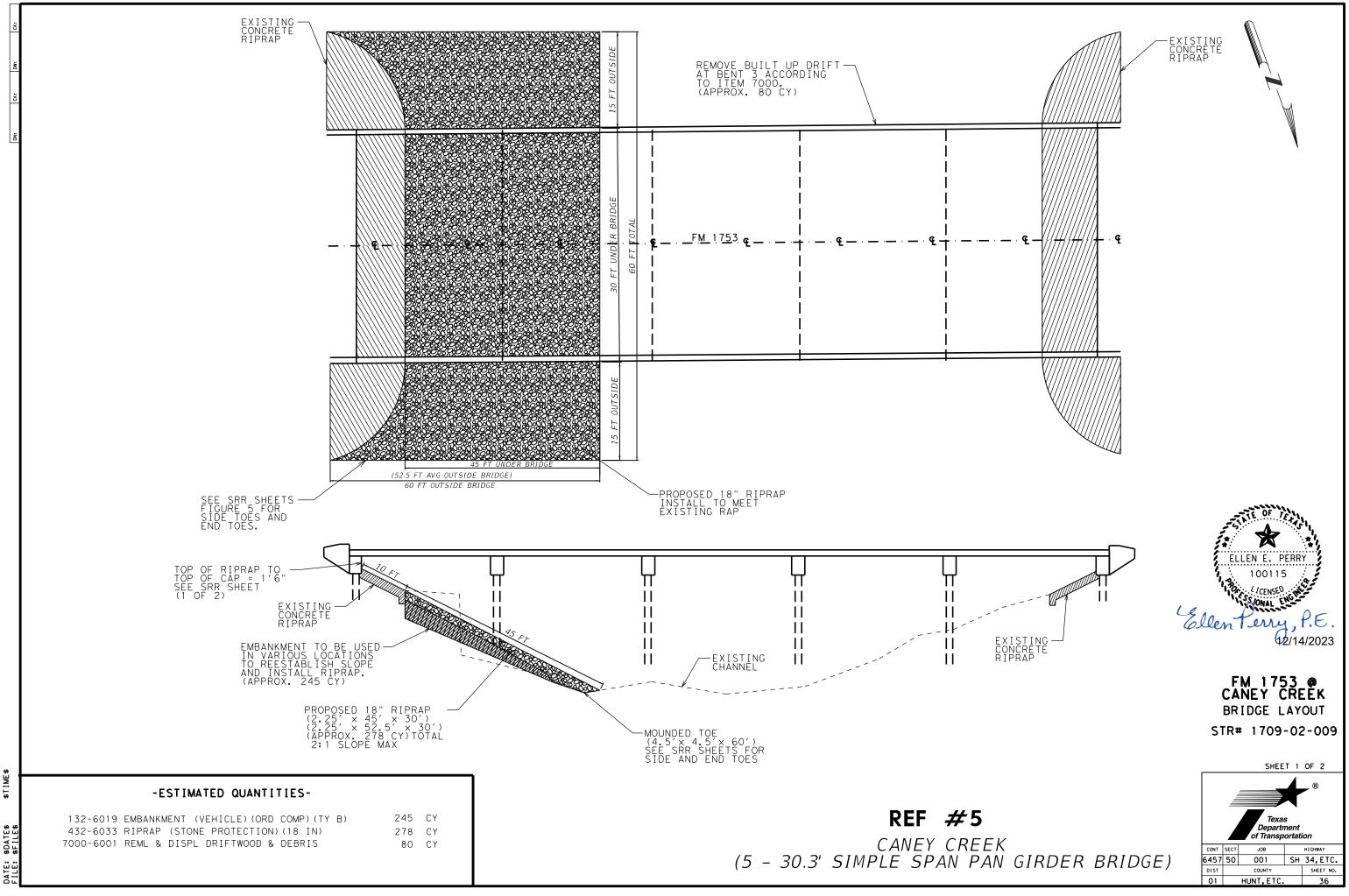
FM 904 @ N SULPHUR RIVER Photos



## FM 904 @ N SULPHUR RIVER BRIDGE LAYOUT

STR# 2796-01-002

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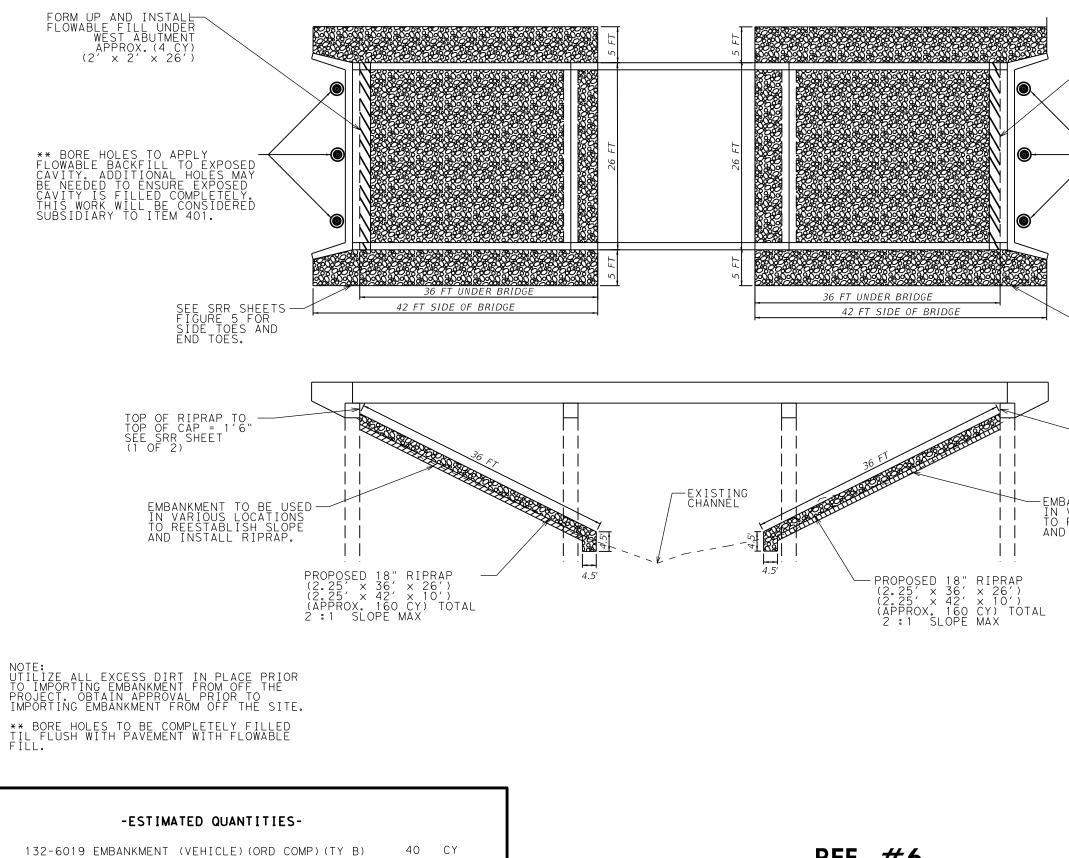
FM 1753 @ CANEY CREEK PHOTOS



STR# 1709-02-009

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CONT	SECT	JOB		H1GH	WAY
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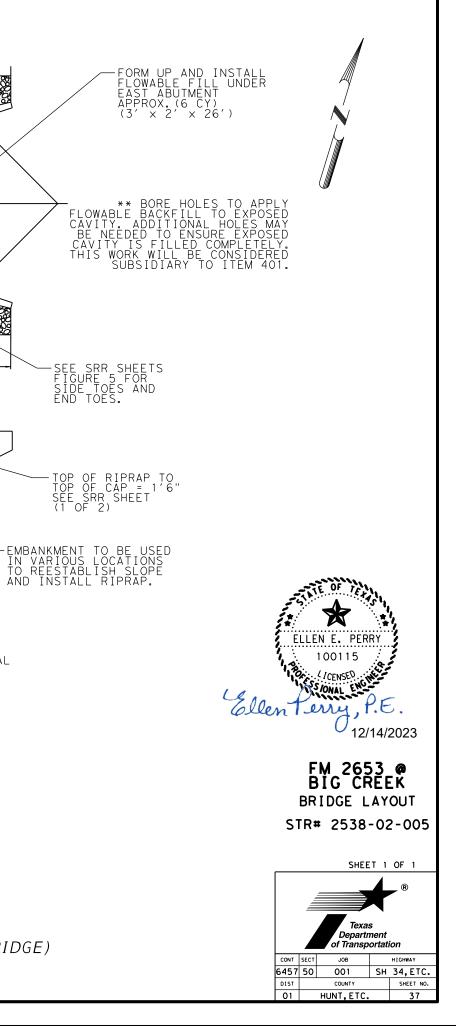
320 CY

## **REF #6** BIG CREEK (3 - 30' SIMPLE SPANS PAN GIRDER BRIDGE)

DATE: \$DATE\$ \$TIME\$ FILE: \$FILE\$

401-6001 FLOWABLE BACKFILL

432-6033 RIPRAP (STONE PROTECTION) (18 IN)







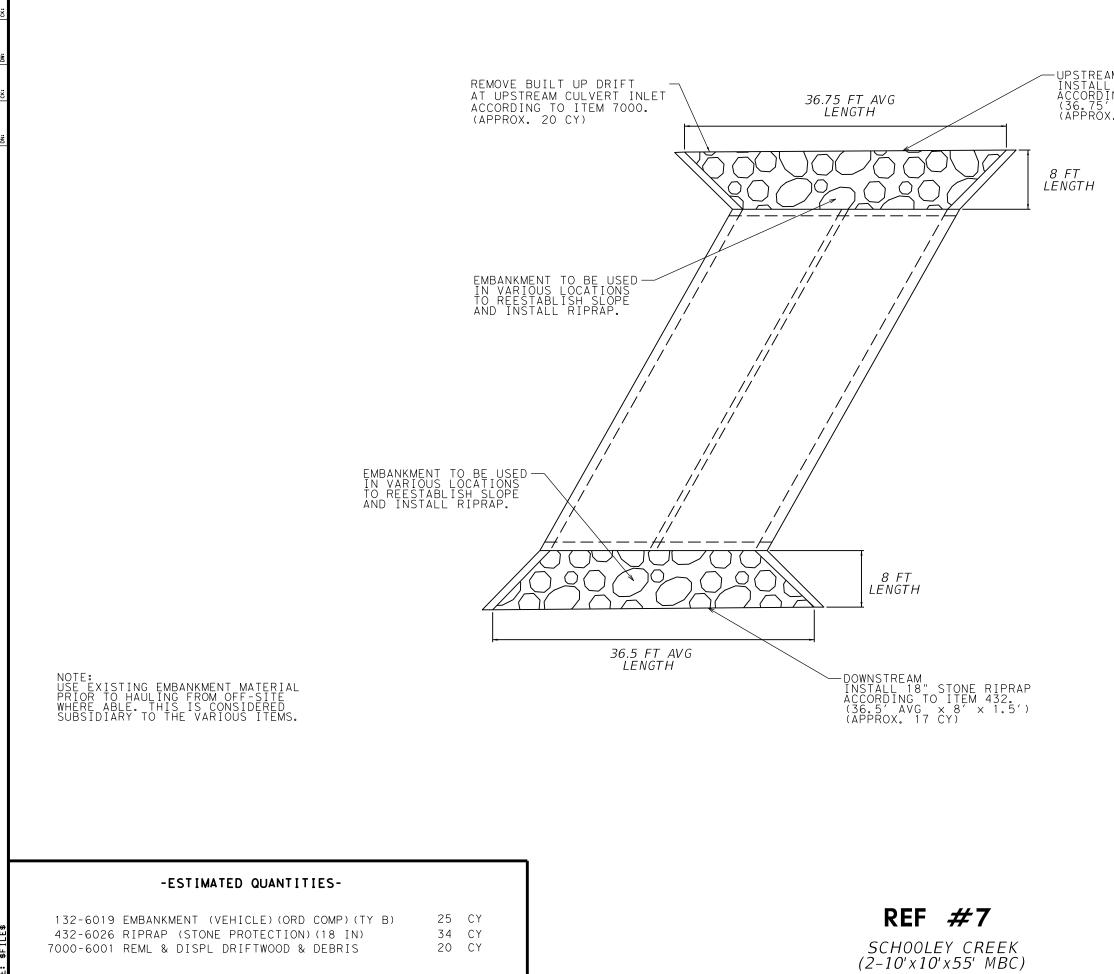
Erosion at top of banks has fully undermined both abutment caps exposing the steel piles

FM 2653 @ BIG CREEK PHOTOS



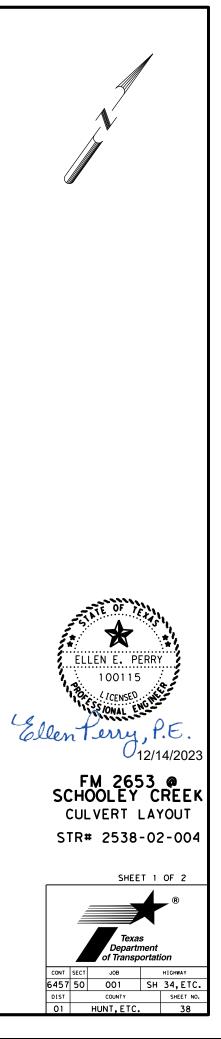
## FM 2653 @ BIG CREEK BRIDGE LAYOUT STR# 2538-02-005

		SHEE Texas Departm of Transp	smen	nt	®		
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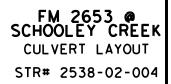


UPSTREAM INSTALL 18" STONE RIPRAP ACCORDING TO ITEM 432. (36.75' AVG × 8' × 1.5') (APPROX. 17 CY)

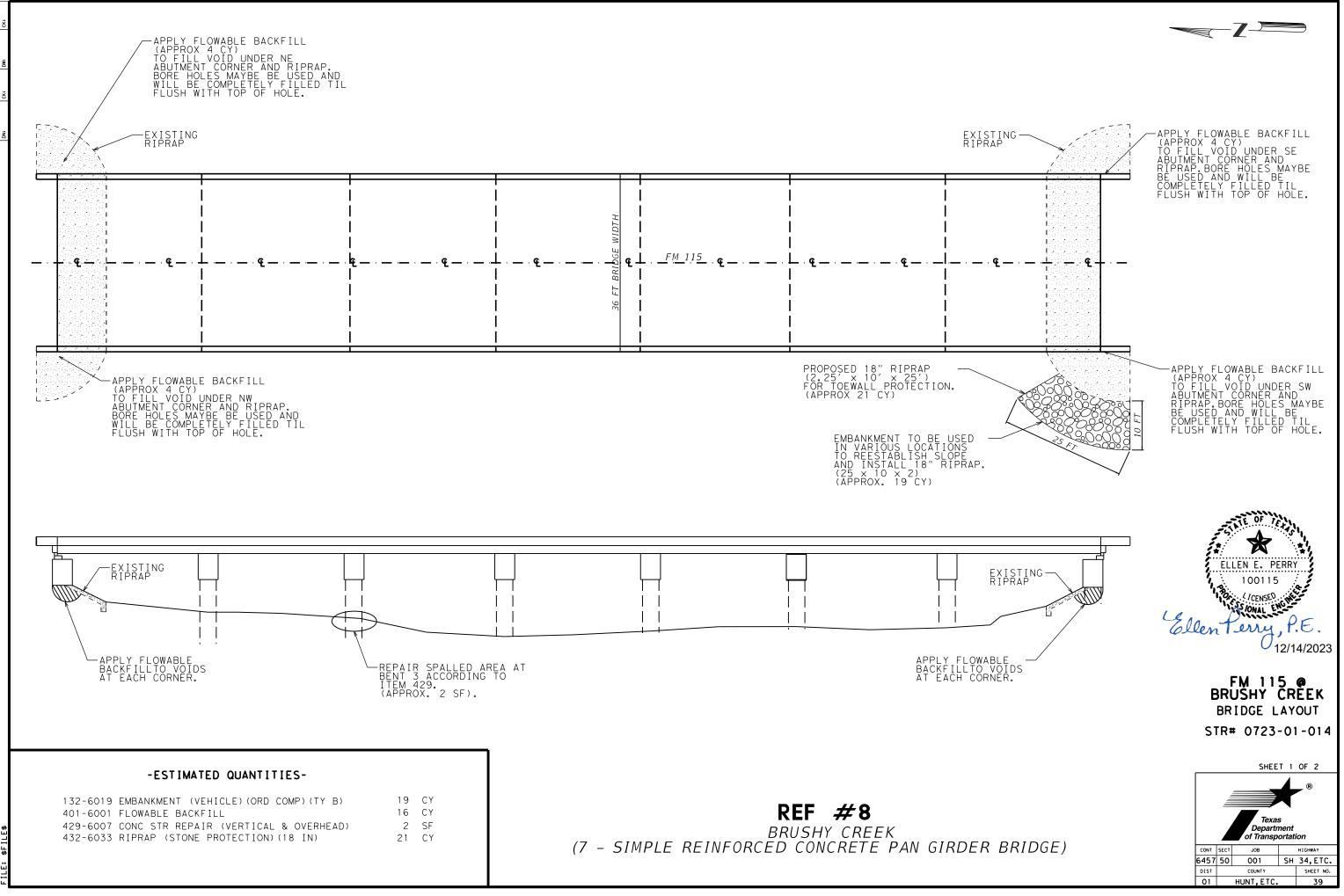




FM 2653 @ SCHOOLEY CREEK PHOTOS



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CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
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DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
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FM 115 @ BRUSHY CREEK PHOTOS

### FM 115 @ BRUSHY CREEK BRIDGE LAYOUT STR# 0723-01-014

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DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
01		HUNT.ETC.			39A

Culvert Station and/or Creek Name followed by applicable end (Lt, Rt or Both)	Description of Box Culvert No. Spans ~ Span X Height	Max Fill Height (Ft)	Applicable Box Culvert Standard 4	Applicable Wingwall or End Treatment Standard	Skew Angle (0°,15°, 30° or 45°)	Side Slope or Channel Slope Ratio (SL:1)	T Culvert Top Slab Thickness (In)	U Culvert Wall Thickness (In)	C Estimated Curb Height (Ft)	Hw (1) Height of Wingwall (Ft)	A Curb to End of Wingwall (Ft)	B Offset of End of Wingwall (Ft)	Lw Length of Longest Wingwall (Ft)	Ltw Culvert Toewall Length (Ft)	Atw Anchor Toewall Length (Ft)	Riprap Apron (CY)	Class ⁽²⁾ "C" Conc (Curb) (CY)	Class "C" Conc (Wingwall) (CY) 5	Total Wingwall Area (SF)
EF#2 Horse Ck (SH 34) NW Wingwall	2 ~ 10' X 8'	3′	MC-10-7	FW-O	0	2:1	8"	7"	1.000	9.417	18.167	10.489	20.977	21.750	N/A	0	0.8	13.1	205
EF#2 Horse Ck (SH 34) SW Wingwall	2 ~ 10' X 8'	3′	MC-10-7	FW-O	0	2:1	8"	7"	1.000	9.417	18.167	10.489	20.977	21.750	N/A	0	0.8	13.1	305
REF#3 Draw (SH 224) NW Wingwall	2 ~ 10' X 10'	8'	MC-10-10	FW-O	0	2:1	9"	8"	1.000	11.500	22.333	12.894	25.788	22.000	N/A	0	0.8	19.4	163

NOTES:

- Skew = 0° on SW-0, FW-0, SETB-CD, SETB-SW-0, and SETB-FW-0 standard sheets; 30° maximum for safety end treatment
- SL:1 = Horizontal : 1 Vertical
  - Side slope at culvert for flared or straight wingwalls.
  - Channel slope for parallel wingwalls.
    Slope must be 3:1 or flatter for safety end treatments.
- T = Box culvert top slab thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- U = Box culvert wall thickness. Dimension can be found on the applicable box culvert standard sheet.
- C = Curb height
- See applicable wing or end treatment standard sheets for calculations of Hw, A, B, Lw, Ltw, Atw, and Total Wingwall Area.
- Hw = Height of wingwall
- A = Distance from face of curb to end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- B = Offset of end of wingwall (not applicable to parallel or straight wingwalls)
- Lw = Length of longest wingwall.
- Ltw = Length of culvert toewall (not applicable when using riprap apron)

Atw = Length of anchor toewall (applicable to safety end treatment only)Total Wingwall Area = Wingwall area in sq. ft. for two wingwalls (one structure end) if Lt or Rt.Area for four wingwalls (two structure ends) if Both.

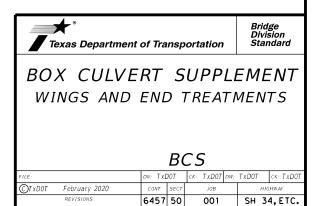
ÔF ELLEN E. PERRY 100115 Ellen Terry , P.E 12/14/2023

- (1) Round the wall heights shown to the nearest foot for bidding purposes.
- (2) Concrete volume shown is for box culvert curb only. For curbs using the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet quantities shown must be increased by a factor of 2.25. If Class S concrete is required for the top slab of the culvert, also provide Class S concrete for the curb. Curb concrete is considered part of the Box Culvert for payment.
- (3) Concrete volume shown is total of wings, footings, culvert toewall (if any), anchor toewalls (if any) and wingwall toewalls. Riprap aprons, culverts, and curb quantities are not included.
- (4) Regardless of the type of culvert shown on this sheet, the Contractor has the option of furnishing cast-in-place or precast culverts unless otherwise shown elsewhere on the plans. If the Contractor elects to provide culverts of a different type than those shown on this sheet, it is the Contractor's responsibility to make the necessary adjustments to the dimensions and quantities shown.
- (5) Quantities shown represent replacing the entire wingwall. Replace only the portion shown on the applicable layout. (See sheets 33 and 34A)

#### SPECIAL NOTE:

This sheet is a supplement to the box culvert standards. It is to be filled out by the culvert specifier and provides dimensions for the construction of the box culvert wingwalls and safety end treatments

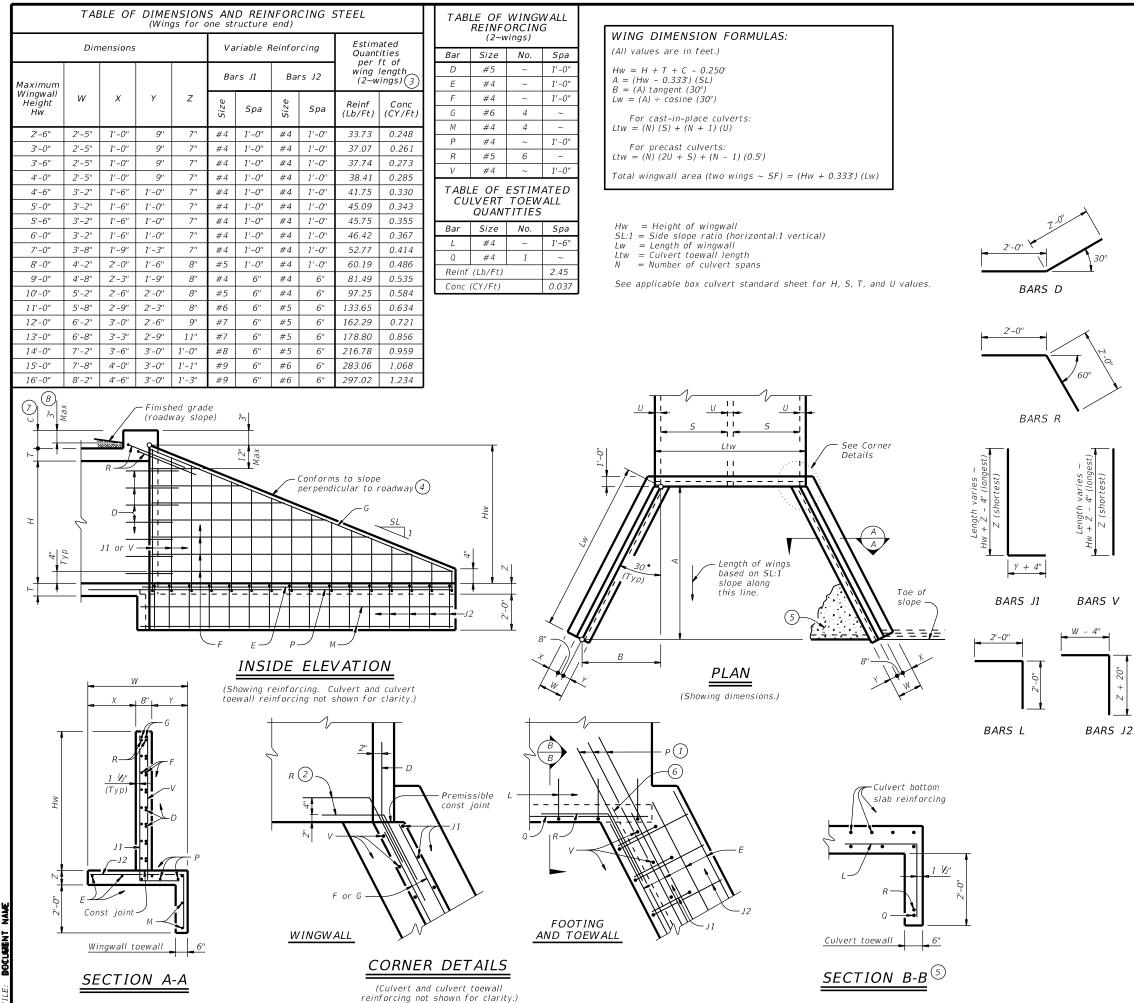
An Excel 2010 spreadsheet to assist in completing this table can be downloaded from the Bridge Standards (English) web page on the TxDOT web site. The completed sheet must be signed, sealed, and dated by a licensed Professional Engineer.



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HUNT, ETC.

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01 TXDOT is kind rect any incorr ranty of or for i War No Act." ther Practice 'ing Enginee of this rned by the "Texas for the conversion standard is gover no responsibility DISCLAIMER: The use of this s TXDDT assumes r

> N ⊕D/X 00 B/ 2023 \$10 ME2 Bocurent name

$\overbrace{0}^{(1)}$ Extend Bars P 3'-0" minimum into bottom slab of box culvert.
Adjust as necessary to maintain 1 1#2" clear cover and 4" minimum between bars.
(3) Quantities shown are based on an average wing height for two wings (one structure end). To determine total quantities for two wings, multiply the tabulated values by Lw.
(4) Recommended values of side slope are: 2:1, 3:1, 4:1, and 6:1.
(5) When shown elsewhere on the plans, construct 5" deep concrete riprap. Payment for riprap is as required by Item 432, "Riprap." Unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, provide a 6" wide by 1'-6" deep reinforced concrete toewall along all edges of the riprap adjacent to natural ground; reinforce the toewall by extending typical riprap reinforcing into the toewall; and extend construction joints or grooved joints oriented in the direction of flow across the full distance of the riprap at intervals of approximately 20'. When such riprap is provided, the culvert toewall shown in SECTION B-B will not be required.
(6) At Contractor's option, culvert toewall may be ended flush with wingwall toewall. Adjust reinforcing as needed.
(7) O" Min to 5'-O" Max. Estimated curb heights are shown elsewhere in the plans. For structures with pedestrian rail or curbs taller than 1'-O, refer to the Extended Curb Details (ECD) standard sheet. For structures with T631 or T631LS bridge rail, refer to the Mounting Details for T631 & T631LS Rails (T631-CM) standard sheet. Refer to the Box Culvert Rail Mounting Details (RAC) standard sheet for structures with bridge rail other than T631 or T631LS.
<ul> <li>8) For vehicle safety, the following requirements must be met: <ul> <li>For structures without bridge rail, construct curbs no more than 3" above finished grade.</li> <li>For structures with bridge rail, construct curbs flush with finished grade.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reduce curb heights, if necessary, to meet the above requirements. No changes will be made in quantities and no additional compensation will be allowed for this work.</li> </ul>
MATERIAL NOTES: Provide Class C concrete (f'c=3,600 psi). Provide Grade 60 reinforcing steel. Provide galvanized reinforcing steel if required elsewhere in the plans. In riprap concrete synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing unless noted otherwise.
GENERAL NOTES: Designed according to AASHT0 LRFD Bridge Design
Specifications. When structure is founded on solid rock, depth of toewalls for culverts and wingwalls may be reduced or eliminated as directed by the Engineer. See Box Culvert Supplement (BCS) standard sheet for additional dimensions and information. The quantities for concrete and reinforcing steel resulting from the formulas given on this sheet are for Contractor's information only.
Cover dimensions are clear dimensions, unless noted otherwise. Reinforcing dimensions are out-to-out of bars.
Bridge Division Texas Department of Transportation
CONCRETE WINGWALLS
WITH FLARED WINGS FOR 0° SKEW BOX CULVERTS
FW-0
FILE: DN: GAF CK: CAT DW: TXDDT CK: TXDDT C)TXDDT February 2020 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 6457 50 001 SH 34, ETC.
DIST COUNTY SHEET NO.

I. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION-CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 402	III. <u>CULTURAL RESOURCES</u>	VI. HAZARDOUS N
TPDES TXR 150000: Stormwater Discharge Permit or Construction General Permit required for projects with 1 or more acres disturbed soil. Projects with any disturbed soil must protect for erosion and sedimentation in accordance with Item 506.	Refer to TxDOT Standard Specifications in the event historical issues or archeological artifacts are found during construction. Upon discovery of archeological artifacts (bones, burnt rock, flint, pottery, etc.) cease work in the immediate area and contact the Engineer immediately.	General (appli Comply with the Haz hazardous materials making workers awar
List MS4 Operator(s) that may receive discharges from this project. They may need to be notified prior to construction activities.		provided with perso Obtain and keep on-
1.	No Action Required Required Action	used on the project Paints, acids, solv
2.	Action No.	compounds or additi products which may
No Action Required Required Action	1.	Maintain an adequat
Action No.	2.	In the event of a s in accordance with
1. Prevent stormwater pollution by controlling erosion and sedimentation in	3.	immediately. The Co of all product spil
accordance with TPDES Permit TXR 150000		Contact the Enginee
2. Comply with the SW3P and revise when necessary to control pollution or	4.	* Dead or distr * Trash piles,
required by the Engineer.	IV. VEGETATION RESOURCES	* Undestrable s
<ol> <li>Post Construction Site Notice (CSN) with SW3P information on or near the site, accessible to the public and TCEQ, EPA or other inspectors.</li> </ol>	Preserve native vegetation to the extent practical.	* Evidence of I Does the projec
<ol> <li>When Contractor project specific locations (PSL's) increase disturbed soil area to 5 acres or more, submit NOI to TCEQ and the Engineer.</li> </ol>	Contractor must adhere to Construction Specification Requirements Specs 162, 164, 192, 193, 506, 730, 751, 752 in order to comply with requirements for invasive species, beneficial landscaping, and tree/brush removal commitments.	replacements (b X Yes
II. WORK IN OR NEAR STREAMS, WATERBODIES AND WETLANDS CLEAN WATER ACT SECTIONS 401 AND 404	No Action Required Required Action	If "No", then If "Yes", then Are the results
USACE Permit required for filling, dredging, excavating or other work in any	Action No.	Yes
water bodies, rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or wet areas.	1.	If "Yes", then
The Contractor must adhere to all of the terms and conditions associated with the following permit(s):	2.	the notification activities as no
		15 working days
No Permit Required	3.	If "No", then scheduled demol
Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN not Required (less than 1/10th acre waters or wetlands affected)	4.	In either case, activities and/
☐ Nationwide Permit 14 - PCN Required (1/10 to <1/2 acre, 1/3 in tida) waters) —		asbestos consul
Individual 404 Permit Required           Other Nationwide Permit Required:         NWP#	V. FEDERAL LISTED, PROPOSED THREATENED, ENDANGERED SPECIES, CRITICAL HABITAT, STATE LISTED SPECIES, CANDIDATE SPECIES AND MIGRATORY BIRDS.	Any other evider on site. Hazard
Required Actions: List waters of the US permit applies to, location in project		No Action
and check Best Management Practices planned to control erosion, sedimentation and post-project TSS.	No Action Required Required Action	Action No.
1.	Action No.	steel columns an
		paint, or Other It
2.	1.	It is the responsi
3.	2.	hazardous mater
4.	3.	3.
The elevation of the ordinary high water marks of any areas requiring work to be performed in the waters of the US requiring the use of a nationwide permit can be found on the Bridge Layouts.	4.	VII. OTHER ENVI
	If any of the listed species are observed, cease work in the immediate area,	(includes req
Best Management Practices: Erosion Sedimentation Post-Construction TSS	do not disturb species or habitat and contact the Engineer immediately. The work may not remove active nests from bridges and other structures during	No Action
Erosion     Sedimentation     Post-construction iss       Temporary Vegetation     Silt Fence     Vegetative Filter Strips	nesting season of the birds associated with the nests. If caves or sinkholes are discovered, cease work in the immediate area, and contact the	Action No.
Blankets/Watting Rock Berm Retention/Irrigation Systems	Engineer immediately.	1.
Mulch Triangular Filter Dike Extended Detention Basin		2.
Sodding       Sand Bag Berm       Constructed Wetlands	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	3.
Interceptor Swale Straw Bale Dike Wet Basin	BMP: Best Management Practice SPCC: Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure	
Diversion Dike Brush Berms Erosion Control Compost	CCP: Construction General Permit SW3P: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan DSHS: Texas Department of State Health Services PCN: Pre-Construction Notification	
Erosion Control Compost Erosion Control Compost Mulch Filter Berm and Socks	FHWA: Federal Highway Administration PSL: Project Specific Location	
Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Mulch Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Compost Filter Berm and Socks Vegetation Lined Ditches	MOU: Memorandum of Understanding TPDES: Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System MS4: Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer System TPMD: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	
Composi Filler berin and socks Composi Filler berin and socks Vegetation Lined bildies	MBTa: Migratory Bird Treaty Act TxDD1: Texas Department of Transportation NDT: Notice of Termination T&E: Threatened and Endangered Species	
Sediment Basins Grassy Swales	NWF: Nationwide Permit USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	

### ZARDOUS MATERIALS OR CONTAMINATION ISSUES

ral (applies to all projects):
th the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with
materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and
rkers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used.
d keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products he project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: cids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS, ent of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, ance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator ly. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup oduct spills.
he Engineer if any of the following are detected:
d or distressed vegetation (not identified as normal)
sh piles, drums, canister, barrels, etc. esirable smells or odors
dence of leaching or seepage of substances
the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or
cements (bridge class structures not including box culverts)?
Yes No
o", then no further action is required.
es", then TxDOT is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.
ne results of the asbestos inspection positive (is asbestos present)?
Yes 🛛 No
es", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with otification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management ities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least rking days prior to scheduled demolition.
", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any ned demolition.
ther case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement ties and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and os consultant in order to minimize construction delays and subsequent claims.
her evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered e. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:
No Action Required 🛛 Required Action

d Inspection Report for the SH34/Jones Creek Bridge indicates that paint on the el columns and steel corrugated retaining wall sections contain Lead. Any coatings, nt, or Other Items at this location shall be treated as Lead Containing Paint (LCP). s the responsibility of the Contractor for proper containment and disposal of the ardous material.

### THER ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

includes regional issues such as Edwards Aquifer District, etc.)

Required Action

No Action Required

Design Division Standard Texas Department of Transportation ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS, ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS EPIC DN: TXDOT CK: RG DW: VP FILE: epic.dgn CK: AR © TxDOT: February 2015 CONT SECT JOB H1GHWAY REVISIONS 12-12-2011 (DS) 05-07-14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV. 6457 50 001 SH 34,ETC. DIST COUNTY SHEET NO. 1-23-2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 D ITEM 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES. 01 HUNT,ETC. 42