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THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

12/22/2023

Engineer

Date

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

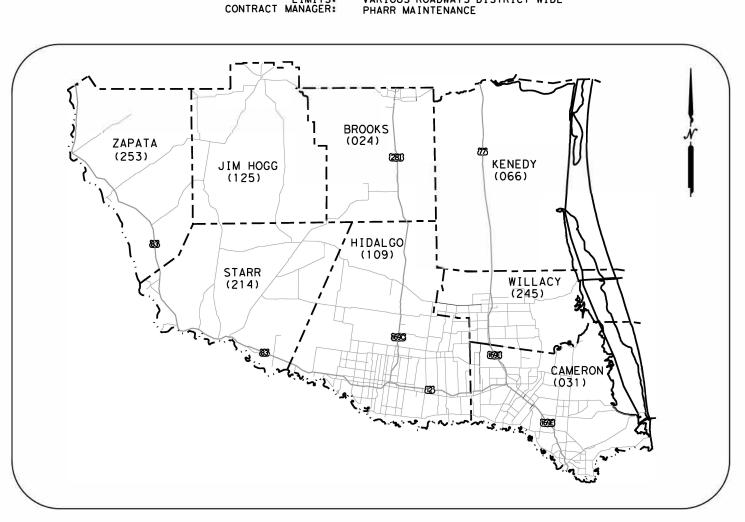
# PLANS OF PROPOSED HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

# TYPE OF WORK:

PAVEMENT MARKINGS, PAVEMENT MARKERS AND ELIMINATION OF EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS

PROJECT: 6452-13-001 COUNTY: HIGHWAY: LIMITS:

HIDALGO, ETC IH 2, ETC VARIOUS ROADWAYS DISTRICT WIDE PHARR MAINTENANCE



FINAL PLANS

6452-13-001

TEXAS 21 HIDALGO, ETC.

CONTROL SECTION JOB HIGHWAY NO.

6452 13 001 IH 2, ETC.

LETTING DATE: CONTRACTOR :

DATE CONTRACTOR BEGAN WORK: DATE WORK WAS COMPLETED & ACCEPTED:

FINAL CONTRACT COST:

CHANGE ORDERS & SUPPLEMENATAL AGREEMENTS\_

All Construction work was performed in accordance with the plans specification and contract. All proposed construction was completed unless otherwise noted.

Hector E. Siller, P.E.

Date

Texas Department of Transportation

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

DATE: 12/22/2023

-DocuSigned by: Pedro R. Alvares

DISTRICT ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR LETTING:

12/22/2023

NO TDLR INSPECTION REQUIRED

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SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ON JUNE 01, 2014 SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECT.

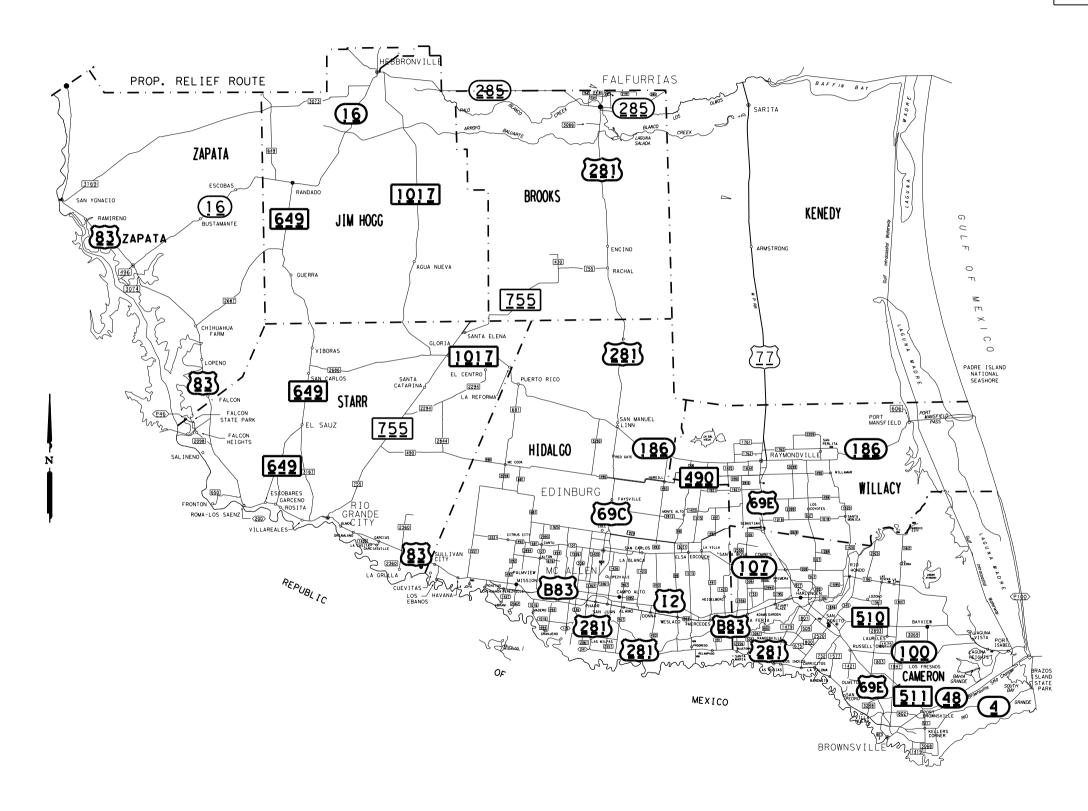
PROJECT ENGINEER

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING:

DATE: 12/22/2023

DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

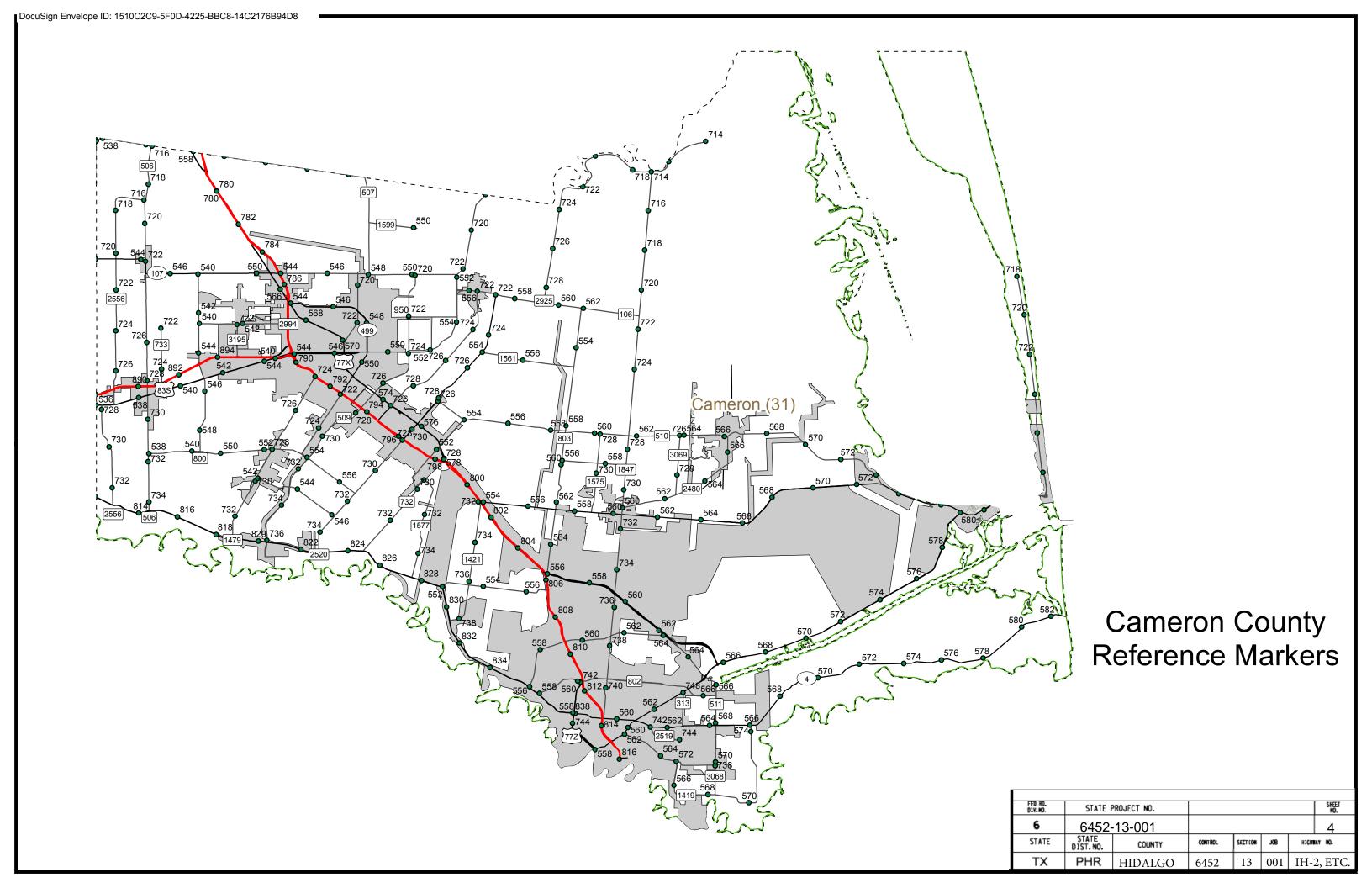
MA I	SHEET NO.											
6452-13-001												
STATE	DISTRICT		COUNTY									
TEXAS	21	HIDA	HIDALGO,									
CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HIGHWA	Y NO.								
6452	13	001	IH 2,	ETC								

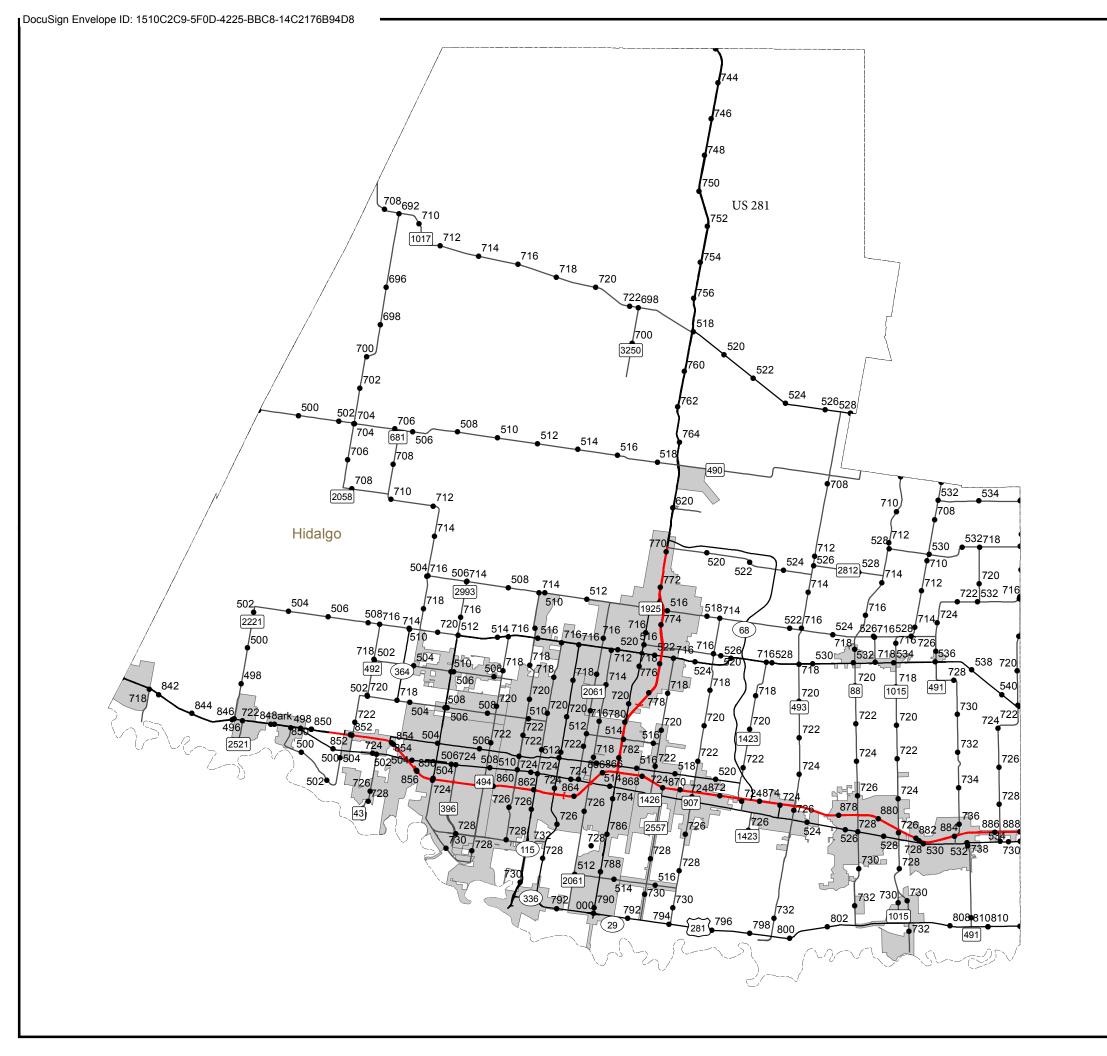


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# Brooks County Reference Markers

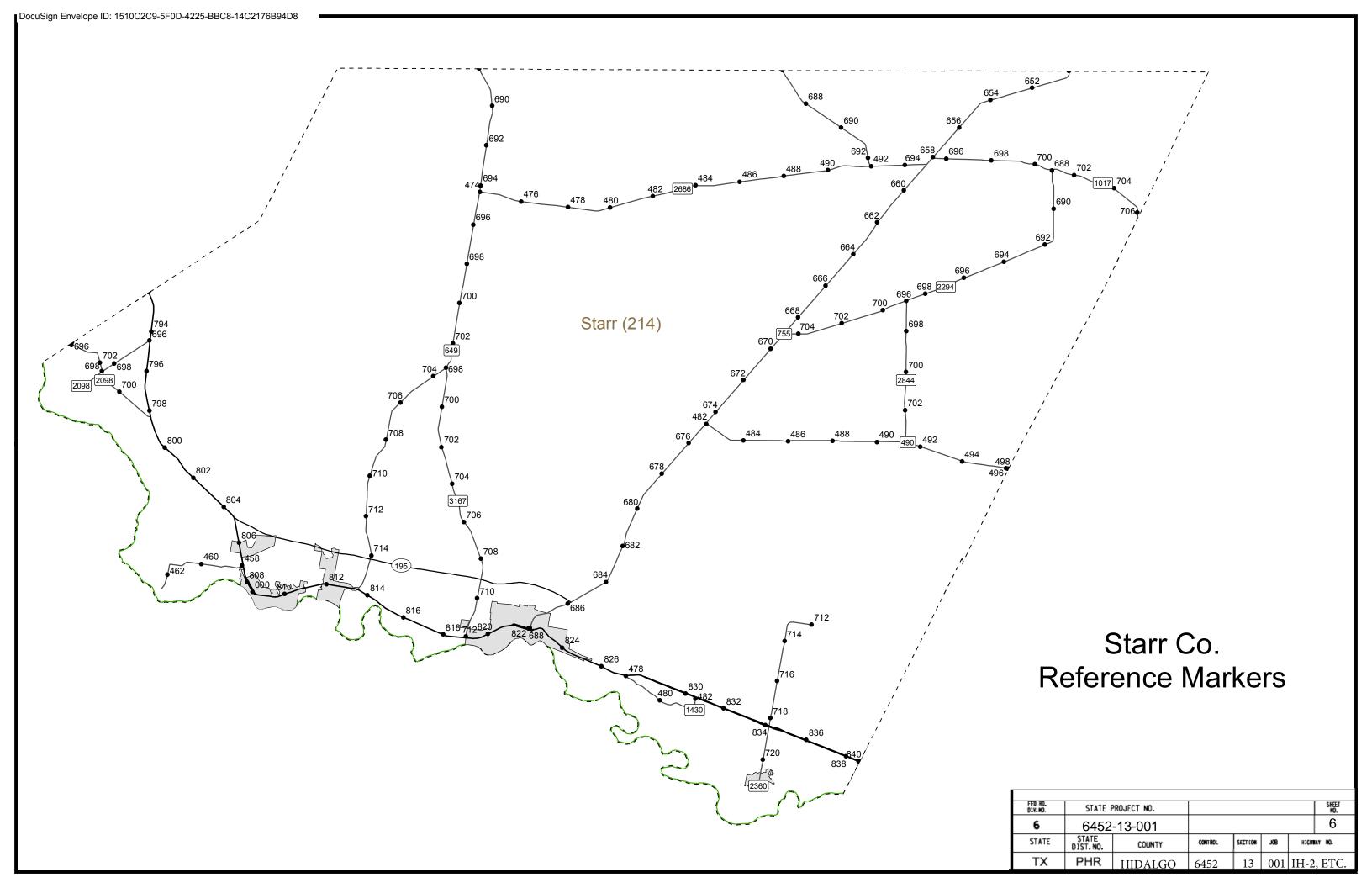
FEO. RO. 01V. NO.	STATE F	PROJECT NO.					SHEET NO.
6	645	52-13-001					3
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	нэсн	MY HO.
TX	PHR	HIDALGO	6452	13	001	IH-2	, ETC.

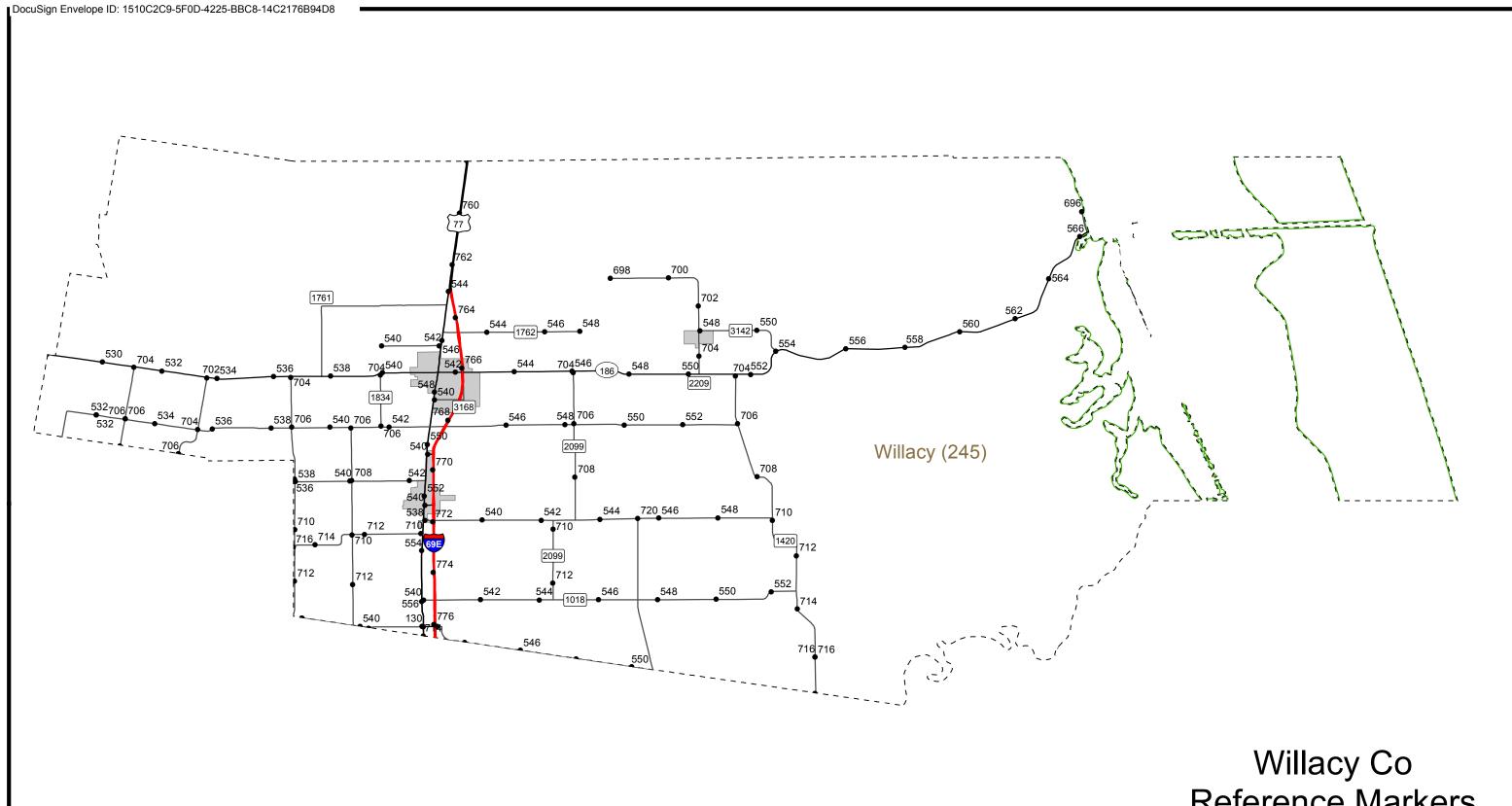




# Hidalgo County Reference Markers

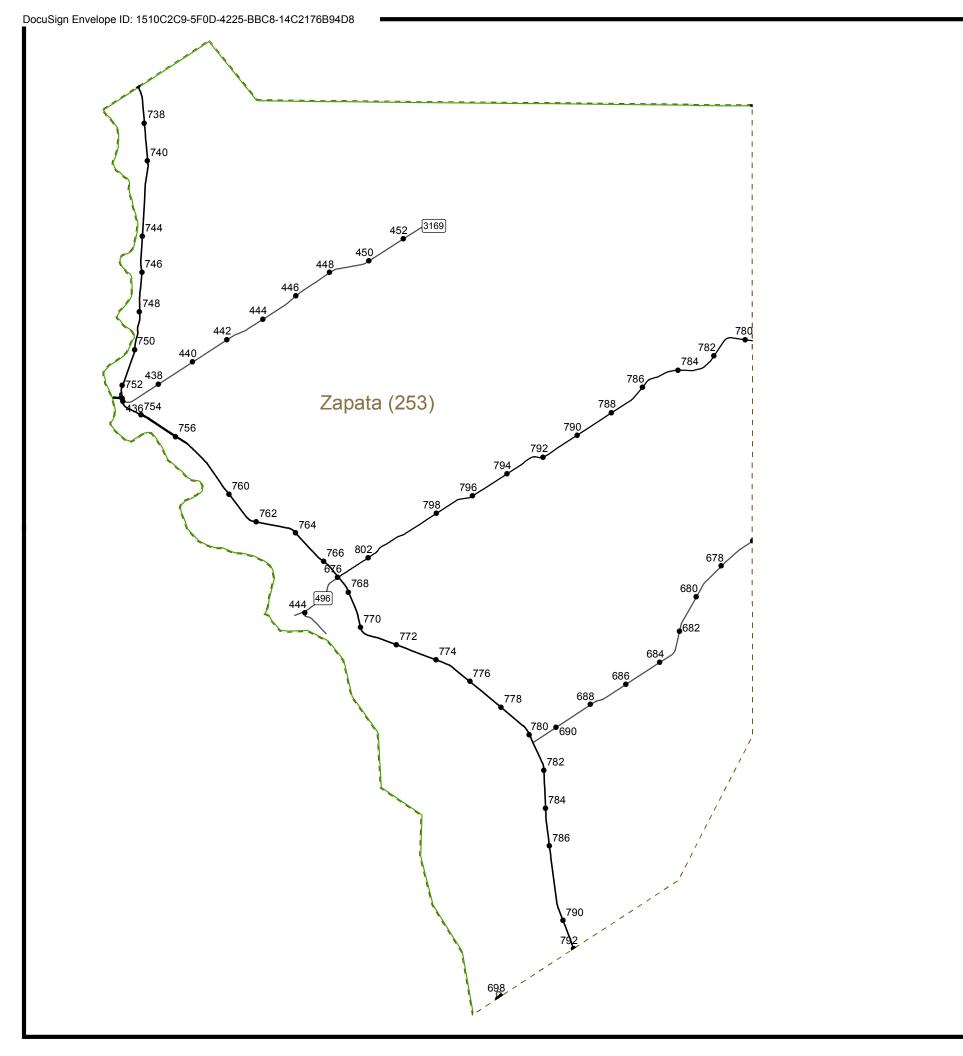
FED, RD. D1V. HO.	STATE F	PROJECT NO.					SHEET Ho.
6	6452	2-13-001					5
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJCH	MA NOT
TX	PHR	HIDALGO	6452	13	001	IH-2	, ETC.





# Reference Markers

FEO. RO. 01v. Ho.	STATE F	PROJECT NO.					SHEET HO.
6	6452	-13-001					7
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	нэсн	MY MO.
TX	PHR	WILLACY	6452	13	001	IH-2,	ETC.



# Zapata Co. Reference Markers

FEO, RO. 01V. HO.	STATE F	PROJECT NO.					SHEET HO.
6	6452	-13-001					8
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJCHT	IAY MQ.
TX	PHR	ZAPATA	6452	13	001	IH-2	, ETC.

# Jim Hogg Co. Reference Markers

FEO, RO. 01V. NO.	STATE I	PROJECT NO.					SHEET HO.
6	6452	-13-001					9
STATE	STATE DIST. NO.	COUNTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HJCH	MY MQ.
TX	PHR	HIDALGO	6452	13	001	IH-2	2, ETC.

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Project Number: RMC-6452-13-001 Sheet A County: HIDALGO, ETC Control: 6452-13-001

**Highway:** IH 2, ETC

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

Note: Contractors are hereby instructed to familiarize themselves with the conditions of the work area before bidding. The approximate quantities determined for this project are for the Contractor's information only and are not to be considered as actual quantities.

# PLANS ARE REQUIRED

View plans on-line or download from the web at:

http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/plansonline/plansonline.htm

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors consultants/repro companies.htm

Plans may be reviewed at the Pharr Area Office of the Texas Department of Transportation, 521 W. Ferguson, Pharr, TX 78577. The contract person is Robert De La Fuente at 956-702-6270.

# **GENERAL**

The intent of this contract is to place thermoplastic striping, specialty markings and raised pavement markers on various sections of state highways.

# **LIMITS:**

Work will be performed District Wide on various highways in Hidalgo, Cameron, Willacy, Kenedy, Brooks, Jim Hogg, Zapata and Starr Counties for the following Maintenance Sections:

<b>SECTION:</b>	<b>PHONE NUMBER:</b>	<b>SECTION:</b>	<b>PHONE NUMBER:</b>
Brownsville Maintenance	(956) 542-2260	Pharr Maintenance	(956) 702-6270
Edcouch Maintenance	(956) 262-1254	Raymondville Maintenance	(956) 689-2184
Hebbronville Maintenance	(361) 527-3617	Roma Maintenance	(956) 848-5006
Mission Maintenance	(956) 585-5761	San Benito Maintenance	(956) 399-5102

# **CONTRACT MANAGER:**

Pharr Maintenance Office 521 W. Ferguson Ave. Pharr, TX 78577 (956) 702-6270 (Phone)

# **ITEM 2: INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS**

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Eugene Palacios, P.E., District Maintenance; <u>Eugene.Palacios@txdot.gov</u>

Contractor questions will be accepted through email, phone, and in person by the above individuals. Questions may also be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address:

 $\underline{https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors}$ 

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

Project Number: RMC-6452-13-001 Sheet B County: HIDALGO, ETC Control: 6452-13-001

**Highway:** IH 2, ETC

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Information found on TxDOT's FTP server will be considered for informational purposes only. <u>Index of /pub/txdot-info/Pre-Letting Responses/Pharr District/21-Pharr District (Construction) (state.tx.us)</u>

# **ITEM 4: SCOPE OF WORK**

Reference SP004-001 for Contract extension information.

This Contract includes non-site specific work. Multiple work orders will be used to procure work of the type identified in the contract at locations that have not yet been determined.

# **ITEM 8: PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS**

A total of **120** working days will be allowed for this project. Working days will be computed and charged in accordance with Article 8.3.1.4 Standard Workweek.

Contract Prosecution – Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from another contract. A contractor awarded multiple contracts, must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts at the same time. The contractor will notify the Maintenance Supervisor in charge of his intended starting point, if not so stated on the Start up Letter.

The contractor shall notify the Supervisor of any intention to deviate from the proposed scheduled route. The Contractor will furnish a proposed schedule of work for the Engineer's review and approval. Any deviations of the schedule will require approval by the Engineer.

During peak traffic hours, work may be limited to the hours of 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Negligence of the Contractor does not release time charges or incurred Liquidated Damages due to not being able to obtain necessary materials.

Perform work such that all equipment/machines are off the road between one half-hour before sunset and one half-hour after sunrise. Night work shall not be performed unless approved by the Engineer.

Notify the Contract Manager within 24 hours in advance of work operations. In addition, notify the engineer or his representative by 8:15 A.M. should work operations not be accomplished for any reason.

# ITEM 502, BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING:

Furnish and install all signs, barricades and other incidentals necessary for proper traffic control, in accordance with part VI of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways" and as directed. All warning signs will be factory made and in satisfactory condition.

Provide flagmen properly attired in a white hard hat, approved safety vest and stop/slow paddle. Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Provide shadow vehicles equipped with Truck Mounted Attenuators (TMA) as shown on Traffic Control Plan (TCP) standards (2 series).

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Project Number: RMC-6452-13-001 Sheet C County: HIDALGO, ETC Control: 6452-13-001

Highway: IH 2, ETC

Limit lane closures to a maximum of 2 miles. If more than one lane closure location is desired, provide a minimum of a 2 mile passing zone between locations. Provide a separate sign set up for each location.

Ensure equipment and materials are a minimum of 30 feet from the edge of the travel lane during non-working hours.

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves.

Maintain traffic control devices by taking corrective action when notified. Corrective actions include, but are not limited to, cleaning, replacing, straightening, covering, and removing devices. Maintain the devices such that they are properly positioned and spaced, legible, and have retroreflective characteristics that meet requirements day or night and in all weather conditions.

The work performed, materials furnished and all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work for "Traffic Control" will not be measured or paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the various bid items of the contract.

The Engineer may authorize or direct in writing the removal or relocation of project limit advance warning signs. When project limit advance warning signs are removed before final acceptance, provide traffic control in accordance with the TMUTCD for minor operations as approved.

Remove all traffic control devices upon completion of the work as shown on the plans or as directed.

**Initiation of Payment.** Payment for this Item will begin on the first estimate after barricades, signs, and traffic handling devices have been installed in accordance with the TCP and construction has begun.

"Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling." This price is full compensation for installation, maintenance, adjustments, replacements, removal, materials, equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals.

Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling will be measured by the month. Law enforcement officer and patrol vehicle will be measured by the hour.

Maximum Total Payment Before Acceptance. The total payment for this Item will not exceed 10% of the total Contract amount before final acceptance in accordance with Article 5.12., "Final Acceptance." The remaining balance will be paid in accordance with Section 502.4.5., "Balance Due."

# **ITEM 666: REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

**Rate of Production:** The number of working days allowed to complete the work is based upon the minimum rate of production per working day. For this contract, the minimum rate of production will be 50,000 linear feet of striping per normal working day.

# **Control of Materials:**

All Reflectorized Pavement Markings will be Type I, Thermoplastic.

Type I Marking Materials. Furnish in accordance with DMS-8220, "Hot Applied Thermoplastic."

Furnish pavement marking material used for Type I profile markings and shadow markings that have been approved by the Construction Division, and in accordance with DMS-8220, "Hot Applied Thermoplastic."

Type II Marking Materials. Furnish in accordance with DMS-8200, "Traffic Paint."

Project Number: RMC-6452-13-001 Sheet D
County: HIDALGO, ETC Control: 6452-13-001

**Highway:** IH 2, ETC

Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, or his representative, all Type I Markings (Thermoplastic) must be a thickness of 0.100 inches (100 mils) for all markings on this contract. The beads used on this project shall meet the requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8290, Glass Traffic Beads Texas Type II & III. Use a 50% Type II/ 50% Type III mix utilizing a double drop system with Type III beads dropped first. All marking materials will be supplied by the Contractor and purchased on the open market.

The Contractor will be responsible for legally disposing of all waste material at an approved landfill.

**Glass Traffic Beads**. Furnish drop-on glass beads in accordance with DMS-8290, "Glass Traffic Beads" or as approved. Furnish a double-drop of Type II and Type III drop-on glass beads where each type bead is applied separately in equal portions (by weight), unless otherwise approved. Apply the Type III beads before applying the Type II beads.

# **Scope of Work:**

Prior to application, pavement surfaces will be cleaned by the Contractor to remove excessive debris (including, but not limited to, dead animals, lumber, tire tread, etc.). The areas will be swept or blown clean of all foreign materials. This work will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to the Item 666, "Reflectorized Pavement Markings".

The contractor is to verify roadway lane width when existing striping is not present. The contractor shall request assistance from the inspector and corresponding maintenance section to provide lane width information. The Contractor will be required to provide for the safe passage of traffic on, and/or across existing highways, roads, or streets, where such facilities are involved in this project. The number of traffic lanes may be reduced during daylight hours, when approved by the Engineer, but such lanes will be restored and remain unobstructed for travel at night except when approved by the Engineer, or his representative, in writing.

Any permanent pavement markings lacking reflectivity in accordance with test method Tex 828-B will not be paid for, as per District policy. The roadway will be re-striped at no additional compensation.

Prior to any striping operations, an on-site coordination meeting between all the parties involved will be required to review striping details and requirements to ensure quality work.

# **ITEM 672: RAISED PAVEMENT MARKINGS:**

# **Rate of Production:**

The number of working days allowed to complete the work is based upon the minimum rate of production per working day. For this contract, the minimum rate of production will be 1,500 markers per normal working day.

Quantities may be varied during actual operations to accommodate field conditions.

# **Control of Materials:**

All materials and incidentals essential for the completion of this contract will be supplied by the Contractor and purchased on the open market.

# **Adhesives:**

Furnish in accordance with DMS-6100 "Epoxies & Adhesives" and DMS-6130 "Bituminous Adhesives for Pavement Markers."

Bituminous adhesive must be used on bituminous pavement. Epoxy adhesive must be used on portland cement concrete pavement.

# Scope of Work

All the Raised Pavement Markers for this project are required to meet Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4200, "Pavement Markers (Reflectorized)", High Volume (HV) Classification.

Project Number: RMC-6452-13-001

**Sheet** E County: HIDALGO, ETC Control: 6452-13-001

Highway: IH 2, ETC

A list of approved suppliers is maintained by the Department's General Services Division.

Surfaces to which markers are to be attached by an adhesive must be prepared by a method approved by the Engineer or his representative to ensure that the surface is free of dirt, curing compound, grease, oil, moisture, loose or unsound pavement markings and any other material which would adversely affect the adhesive bond.

Surface preparation for installation of raised pavement markers will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to Item 672, "Raised Pavement Markers".

Prior to any Pavement Marking operations, an on-site coordination meeting between all the parties involved will be required to review striping details and requirements to ensure quality work.

# Item 677: ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS

When removing existing pavement markers, removal must be in accordance with Item 677, "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers". All markers removed will not be paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to Item 672 "Raised Pavement Markers". There may be more raised pavement markers removed than there will be installed.

Dispose of markings and markers in accordance with Federal, State and Local Regulations. Excess material shall be removed by the Contractor.

Elimination limits will be provided by the State for each location requiring elimination prior to beginning a location. The contractor shall coordinate with the State at least one (1) working day to allow the State to provide limits.

Surface damage resulting from the removal of pavement markers must be repaired with hot mix asphaltic material or adhesive (if the damage area is not greater than 6" X 6"). When using hot mix asphaltic material, the hot mix must be put in place and compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. All costs for repairs to the pavement will be at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor will be required to provide for the safe passage of traffic on, and/or across existing highways, roads, or streets, where such facilities are involved in this project. The number of traffic lanes may be reduced during daylight hours, when approved by the Engineer, but such lanes must be restored and remain unobstructed for travel at night except when approved by the Engineer, or his representative, in writing.

Asphalt and aggregate types and grades shall be as approved in writing when a surface treatment is used to eliminate existing pavement markings.

# ITEM 6185: TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR/TRAILER ATTENUATOR

In addition to the shadow vehicles with truck mounted attenuator (TMA) that are specified as being required on the traffic control plan for the project, provide 2 additional trail/shadow vehicle(s) with TMA for TCP (2-2)-18 as detailed on General Note 7 of this standard sheet;

- or TCP (2-3)-23 as detailed on General Note 8 of this standard sheet;
- or TCP (2-4)-18 as detailed on General Note 6 of this standard sheet;
- or TCP (2-5)-18 as detailed on General Note 4 of this standard sheet;
- or TCP (3-1)-13 as detailed on General Note 1 of this standard sheet;
- or TCP (3-2)-13 as detailed on General Note 2 of this standard sheet;
- or TCP (3-3)-13 as detailed on General Note 1 of this standard sheet;

Therefore, 3 total shadow vehicles with TMA will be required for this type of work. The contractor will be responsible for determining if one or more of these operations will be ongoing at the same time to determine the total number of TMAs needed for the project.

# **ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET**

# TY I Reflectorized Pavement Markings (Thermoplastic) (Long-Line)

											IITE		LOW		
						RN	1 - R	M		ITEM 0666-6306	ITEM 0666-6309	ITEM 0666-6318	ITEM 0666-6321	ITEM 0678-6002	ITEM 0666-6225
Section/ Priority	Highway		Li	mits	County	FROM		то	UNIT (UOM)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (W) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 6" (BRK) (100MIL)	RE PM W/RET REQ TY I (Y) 6" (SLD) (100MIL)	PAV SURF PREP FOR MRK (6")	PAVEMENT SEALER (6")
	<u> </u>									Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity
SECTION NAME:	MRE:												<u>'</u>		
BROWNSVILLE		_										11.700			
1				To FM 1419	Cameron	562	/	566	LF	13,000	16,800	11,500	45,370		
3				To FM 3068  To MONSEES RD	Cameron	566	/	570	LF	150 10,500	28,500	4,860	17,310		
4				To BU 77	Cameron	560	/	566	LF	5,720	22,912	10,500 4,900	42,000 22,685		
5				To US 281	Cameron	558 556	7	560 558	LF LF	8,290	33,160	8,290	33,160		
6				To State Maint Ends (CONCRETE)	Cameron	1	7	2	LF	6,700	18,796	0,270	21,169		
7	FM 510	From	SH 100	To FM 106	Cameron	568	/	574	LF		55,200	3,300	32,362		
										44,360	175,368	43,350	214,056		
EDCOUCH															
1	IH2 FRTGE	From	FM 491	<b>To</b> FM 1015	Hidalgo	160	/	163	LF	13,000	8,200		14,250		10,300
2				To FM 491	Hidalgo	163	/	166	LF	15,575			8,850		
3				To FM 1015	Hidalgo	528	/	530	LF	5,440	12,700	5,440	22,700		9,000
4				To Military 281	Hidalgo	728	/	732	LF	2.222	41,000	4,056	16,240		
5				To Military 281	Hidalgo	736	/	742	LF	3,020	36,500	7,500	12,200		
6	F IVI 1422	rrom	LIM 1012	To FM 491	Hidalgo	530	/	532	LF	37,035	30,000 128,400	1,850 18,846	17,000 91,240		19,300
HEBBRONVILLE										37,033	120,400	10,040	91,240		19,300
1		From	SH 285	To END OF STATE MAINTENANCE	Brooks	650	7	652	LF		26,000	3,200	11,000		
2				To SH 285	Brooks	654	7	650	LF		42,240	5,280	8,000		
3	SH 16	From	LISA STREET	To JIM HOGG/DUVAL C.L.	Jim Hogg	648	/	650	LF		25,667	3,160	2,285		
4	FM 2687	From	FM 649 INTERSECTON	To JIM HOGG/ZAPATA C.L.	Jim Hogg	672	/	676	LF		31,000	3,875	5,500		
										-	124,907	15,515	26,785		
MISSION															
1		From		To Bus 83	Hidalgo	722	/	724	LF	6,350		5,000	24,100		
2				To Bus 83	Hidalgo	716	/	722	LF	400	67,100	7,900	24,900		
3				<b>To</b> SH 495	Hidalgo	716	/	724	LF	4,880	43,750	8,180	41,366		
4				To US 281	Hidalgo	498	/	518	LF	11.750	222,000	27,000	42,550		
6	FM3362 FM 1924	From	FM 3461 (Nolana) FM 1926	To SH 107  To FM 494	Hidalgo Hidalgo	712	/	718	LF	11,750 6,200	19,400 25,150	9,800 4,400	46,800 25,300		
7	FM 2128	From	169C	To Bus 281	Hidalgo	508	/	510	LF LF	2,400	2,100	1,100	8,900		
8	FM 681	From	FM 1017	To FM 490	Hidalgo	516 692	7	516 704	LF	2,100	125,850	15,100	12,400		
9	FM 2061	From	Trenton Rd.	<b>To</b> SH 107	Hidalgo	716	/	720	LF	6,700	.,	5,700	23,300		
10	SH 107	From	680 Ft. West of Steward Rd.	<b>To</b> FM 2061	Hidalgo	512	/	520	LF	18,400	58,200		33,700		
										57,080	563,550	83,080	283,316		
RAYMONDVILLE															
1															
	FM 606		SH 186	To End of State Maintenance	Willacy	696	/	696	LF			1,050	1,200		
2	FM 2629	From	IH 69E	<b>To</b> FM 507	Willacy	696 542	/	696 550	LF LF			10,450	12,200		
2 3	FM 2629 FM 490	From From	IH 69E BU 77W	To FM 507 To IH 69E	Willacy		/ /		LF LF		5,100	10,450 300	12,200 3,550		
2 3 4	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099	From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498	Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704	/ / /	550 544 710	LF LF LF	220	59,000	10,450 300 11,800	12,200 3,550 3,500		
2 3 4 5	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168	From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704 540	/ / / / / /	550 544 710 540	LF LF LF LF	320	59,000 14,780	10,450 300 11,800 1,690	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620		
2 3 4 5 6	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77	From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704 540 544	/ / / / /	550 544 710 540 552	LF LF LF LF	320 500	59,000 14,780 81,200	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900		
2 3 4 5	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168	From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704 540	/ / / / / /	550 544 710 540	LF LF LF LF	500	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600		
2 3 4 5 6	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77	From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704 540 544	/ / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552	LF LF LF LF		59,000 14,780 81,200	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900		
2 3 4 5 6	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77	From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704 540 544	/ / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552	LF LF LF LF	500	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600		
2 3 4 5 6 7	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762	From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704 540 544 542	/ / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548	LF LF LF LF LF	820	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570		
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762 FM 496	From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112  To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy	542 542 704 540 544 542	/ / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548	LF LF LF LF LF LF LF	820	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570		
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA 1 2 3 4	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762 FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83	From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112  To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends  To US 83  To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line  To FM 649	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Starr	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482	LF LF LF LF LF LF LF LF	\$20 400 14,530	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000		
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA 1 2 3 4 5	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112  To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends  To US 83  To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line  To FM 649  To 13,700 feet	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Starr Starr Starr Starr	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716	LF LF LF LF LF LF LF LF LF	\$20 \$20 400 14,530 6,000	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385	74	74
2 3 4 5 6 7  ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 4496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 83 North US 83 North	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112  To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends  To US 83  To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line  To FM 649  To 13,700 feet  To Eisenhower Road	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Starr Starr Starr Starr Starr	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712	LF L	\$20 \$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600	74	74
2 3 4 5 6 7  ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North	To FM 507  To IH 69E  To FM 498  To IH 69E  To Spur 112  To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends  To US 83  To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line  To FM 649  To 13,700 feet  To Eisenhower Road  To 26 Avenue	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768	LF L	\$20 \$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100 4,520	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900	74	74
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 84 North US 85 North US 86 North US 87 North US 87 North US 87 North	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends To US 83 To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line To FM 649 To 13,700 feet To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata Zapata	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764 444	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768 444	LF L	\$20 \$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000 17,100	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500 2,740	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900 17,867	74	74
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends To US 83 To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line To FM 649 To 13,700 feet To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764 444 676	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768 444 690	LF L	\$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100 4,520 60	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000 17,100	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500 2,740 20,356	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900 17,867 35,454	74	74
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 84 North US 85 North US 86 North US 87 North US 87 North US 87 North	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends To US 83 To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line To FM 649 To 13,700 feet To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata Zapata	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764 444	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768 444	LF L	\$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100 4,520 60	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000 17,100 160,000 700	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500 2,740 20,356 5,500	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900 17,867 35,454 22,000		
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends To US 83 To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line To FM 649 To 13,700 feet To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764 444 676	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768 444 690	LF L	\$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100 4,520 60	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000 17,100	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500 2,740 20,356	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900 17,867 35,454	74	74
2 3 4 5 6 7 ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 US 83 East	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends To US 83 To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line To FM 649 To 13,700 feet To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764 444 676 802	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768 444 690 504	LF L	\$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100 4,520 60	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000 17,100 160,000 700	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500 2,740 20,356 5,500	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900 17,867 35,454 22,000		
2 3 4 5 6 7  ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687 SH 16	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 US 83 East	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends To US 83 To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line To FM 649 To 13,700 feet To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764 444 676 802	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768 444 690 504	LF L	\$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100 4,520 60 5,450 36,060	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000 17,100 160,000 700 677,044	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500 2,740 20,356 5,500	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900 17,867 35,454 22,000 401,587		
2 3 4 5 6 7  ROMA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10  SAN BENITO 1	FM 2629 FM 490 FM 2099 FM 3168 BU 77 FM 1762  FM 496 FM 1430 FM 649 US 83 FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687 SH 16	From From From From From From From From	IH 69E BU 77W SH 186 BU 77W Conley Rd End of State Maintenance  US 83 South US 83 South US 83 North FM 3167 North US 83 North US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 US 83 East  FM732 FM1479	To FM 507 To IH 69E To FM 498 To IH 69E To Spur 112 To BU 77  To End of State Maintenance Ends To US 83 To Jim Hogg/Starr County Line To FM 649 To 13,700 feet To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line To Jim Hogg/Zapata County Line	Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy Willacy  Zapata Starr Starr Starr Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata Cameron	542 542 704 540 544 542 676 478 688 813 686 710 764 444 676 802	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	550 544 710 540 552 548 678 482 716 819 688 712 768 444 690 504	LF L	\$20 400 14,530 6,000 5,100 4,520 60 5,450 36,060	59,000 14,780 81,200 48,200 208,280 37,700 42,880 294,500 58,100 27,474 20,590 18,000 17,100 160,000 700 677,044	10,450 300 11,800 1,690 6,865 5,775 37,930 2,800 9,984 24,604 14,500 5,050 4,500 2,740 20,356 5,500 90,034	12,200 3,550 3,500 11,620 65,900 5,600 103,570 20,613 24,000 156,768 58,000 28,385 20,600 17,900 17,867 35,454 22,000 401,587		

# 6452-13-001

ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET
TY I Reflectorized Pavement Markings (Thermoplastic) (Specialty Markings)

			ESTIMATI TY I Reflectorized Pavement M				cialty M	arkinge)																						Г	Speed Limit - 45mph or grea	
			I i i kenectorizeu Pavement M	arkings (11	іегшор	iasuc) (Spe	ecialty Mi	arkingsj																						-	Speed Limit - 45mph or gred	$\dot{-}$
						8"			12"			24"			ARROW			BL ARROW		-TURN	NUMBER		WORD		ENTR GORE				BIKE S		36" YLD TRI	
						ITEM 666-6027	666-6036	ITEM 666-6042	ITEM 666-6141	ITEM 677-6005	ITEM 666-6048		1TEM 677-6007	ITEM 666-6054	ITEM 666-6231	ITEM 677-6008	666-6057	ITEM ITEM 666-6234 677-6009		ITEM 677-603	ITEM 36 666-6075	1TEM 666-6078	ITEM 666-6232	677-6012	ITEM 666-6081	ITEM 666-6084	ITEM 666-6093	ITEM 677-6016	ITEM 666-6111		666-6099 677-6	
Section	Highway		Limits	ounty RM	-RM RI	EFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" (BRK)	EFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" (SLD)	REFL PAV MRK TYI R (W) (12*)(SLD) (	REFL PAV MRK TYI (Y) (12")(SLD)	Elim Ext Pav (12")	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (24")(SLD)	REFL PAVMRK TY I ( Y) (24")(SLD)	Elim Ext Pav (24")	REFL PAV MRK TY I ( W)	Pavement Sealer (ARROW)	Elim Ext Pav (ARROW)	(W) Pav	rement Sealer Elim Ext Par (BL ARROW) (DBL ARROW	(W)(UTURN) (ARROW)	Elim Ext Pa	Pav REFL PAV MRK TY I ROW) (W) (NUMBER)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (WORD)	Pavement Sealer (WORD)	Elim Ext Pav (WORD)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W)(ENTR GORE)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) EXIT GORE	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (RR XING)	Elim Ext Pav (RR XING)	REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) (Bike Symbol)	Elim Ext Pav (Bike Symbol)	(W) 36" (Se") (YLD TRI) Elim Ext	Pav O TRD
					то	LF	LF	LF	LF	LF		(24")(SLD) LF	LF	(ARROW) EA	EA	EA	EA Ouantity	EA EA Ouantity Ouantity	EA	EA		EA	EA	EA Ouantity	EA Quantity	EA		EA Ouantity	Symbol)	(===5,===)		
BROWNSVILLE				FROM	10	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	LF Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	ty Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	EA EA Quantity Quant	y
1	SH 004	FROM SH 048	TO FM 1419 C	ameron 562	566		1,300	1,500			900			29								15										
2	FM 511	FROM SH 048		ameron 566			335	1,020			240			4			2					3										
3	FM 1419 FM 802	FROM SH 004 FROM US 281		ameron 560 ameron 558			1,000	2,556 700			700 360	324		20			4					10										4
5	FM 802 FM3248	FROM US 281 FROM IH69		ameron 558 ameron 556			300 550	700 1,410			360 360			24			2					3							21	21		4
6	IH69	FROM Starting Concrete on SH 004	TO State Maint Ends (Qtys are for concrete ) C				1,750	6,770			290	1,930		16			4		2		1	9			2	2						
7	FM 510	FROM SH 100	TO FM 106 C	ameron 568	/ 574		600				12			6								5										
EDCOUCH						0	5,835	13,956	0	0	2,862	2,254	0	103	0	0	12	0 0	2	0	1	56	0	0	2	2	0	0	21	21	0 0	
1	IH2 FRTGE	From FM 491	TO FM 1015	lidalgo 160	163		20,000				150		70	7	7		1	1				6	6									_
2	IH2 FRTGE	From CL		lidalgo 163			20,000																									
3	Bus 83	From Floodway		lidalgo 528			800	400			450			8								8										
- 4 5	FM 88 FM 491	From 18th St From Bus 83		lidalgo 728 lidalgo 736			150 900	400		200	100 400			8								4					1					
6	FM 491 FM 1422	From Bus 83 From FM 1015		lidalgo 736 lidalgo 530			700	400		200	400 14			8								4					1					4
7	SH107	FROM Sylvia Handy Dr		lidalgo 532							85																					
HEDDE STORY			·			0	41,850	800	0	200	1,199	0	70	23	7	0	1	1 0	0	0	0	18	6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0 0	
HEBBRONVILLE	SH 285	FROM BUSINESS 281	TO JERSEY LANE	Brooks 520	522						480																					$\boldsymbol{A}$
2	SH 359	FROM SH 16		m Hogg 486							564																					
3	SH 16	FROM SH 359	TO LONGHORN LANE Ji	m Hogg 750	/ 752						738																					
4	FM 1418	FROM US 281	TO SH 285	Brooks 650	/ 656		100	200			160																					4
MISSION						0	100	200	0	0	1,942	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	
1	FM 2061	FROM FM 3072	TO UP 281	lidalgo 728	/ 730		970				1,850			14								12										
2	FM 1016	FROM IH2		lidalgo 724			2,330			244	800	230		8			2					6					6					
3	FM 494 FM 676	FROM SH 107		lidalgo 716			5,000			4,450 370	3,600 740			102 20								34					5					4
5	FM 676 FM1926	FROM SH 107 FROM FM 1924		lidalgo 506 lidalgo 720			1,650			1,400	1,300			16								10										_
6	FM 2061	FROM FM 3461		lidalgo 722			1,650			700	2,100	100	100	25								12					2					4
7	FM 492	FROM FM 2221		lidalgo 716			1,120				1,100			15								11					1					
8	FM 490	FROM Hidalgo/Starr County Line		lidalgo 498			1,400				60			9								8										4
9	FM 3362 FM 1924	FROM FM 3461 FROM FM 1926		lidalgo 712 lidalgo 508			19,200 2,000			1,850 2,700	3,250 1,700	130	900	21 26								16 15					4					4
11	FM 2128	FROM 169C		lidalgo 516			400			350	300	200		2			4					2										
12	FM 681	FROM FM 1017		lidalgo 692							32																					
13	FM 2061	FROM Trenton Rd.		lidalgo 716			3,300			500	1,790		1,400	42								18					6					
14	SH 107	FROM 680 FT W. OF STEWARD RD	TO FM 2061	lidalgo 512	/ 520	0	10,900 <b>50,420</b>	0	0	2,600 15,164	2,250 20,872	660	2,400	71 <b>371</b>	0	0	6	0 0	6	0	0	71 <b>231</b>	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0 0	4
RAYMONDVILL							30,120		·	10,101	20,072	000	2,100	J/1		,																
1	FM 606	FROM SH 186		Villacy 696							12																					
3	FM 2629 FM 490	FROM IH 69E FROM BU 77W		Villacy 542 Villacy 542		320	120 140				60 140	30 200		3			1					3										_
4	FM 490 FM 2099	FROM SH 186		Villacy 542 Villacy 704		320	140				140 48	200		3			1					3					1					
5	FM 3168	FROM BU 77W	TO IH69E	Villacy 540	/ 540		1,580	350			300			15			6					15										
6	BU 77	FROM Conley Rd		Villacy 544			1,450	700		1,000	1,450			14								14										
7	FM 1762	FROM End of State Maintenance	TO BU 77	Villacy 542	/ 548	320	160 3,450	104 1,154	0	1,000	2,010	220	0	38	0	0	9	0 -0	0	0	0	4 36	0	0	0	0	1	0	0 -	0	0 -0	
ROMA						320	3,430	1,13+	U	1,000	2,010	230	0	30	U	- 0	,	0	U		0	30	0	U	U	U	-	U	U	U	0	
1	FM 496	FROM US 83 South		Zapata 676				160			160			8								4										
2	FM 1430	FROM US 83 South		Starr 478	1		8	648			180											7					2					
3	FM 649 US 83	FROM US 83 North FROM FM 3167 North		Starr 688 Starr 813		45	2,986 490				18 305			8			3					7										$\mathbf{A}$
5	FM 755	FROM US 83 North		Starr 686		73	2,520				110			14			2					12		12			6					
6	FM 3167	FROM US 83 North	TO Eisenhower Road	Starr 710	712		250	160			250			6			2					3										
7	US 83	FROM 4th Street North		Zapata 764			1,000			1,800	2,400			16		16						7										
8	FM 3074 FM 2687	FROM FM 496 FROM US 83 East		Zapata 444 Zapata 676			222	176			46 24			4								3										
10	SH 16	FROM US 83 East		apata 6/6 Iapata 802			700	250			1,500			12			2					10										
						45	8,176	1,394	0	1,800	4,993	0	0	76	0	16	9	0 0	0	0	0	53	0	12	0	0	8	0	0	0	0 0	
SAN BENITO	1																															
2	I69E FM675	FROM FM732 FROM FM2520		meron 17 meron 542			63,400 110	13,880	108	11,276	3,384 122		3,384 122	200		200	150	150	60	60	0	160 2		160 2			6	6			6 6	4
3	FM5/5	FROM FM2520 FROM I69E		imeron 542 imeron 544			300				265		265	4		4						4		4								
					TOTAL		63,810	13,880		11,276	3,771	0	3,771	206	0	206	150	0 150	60	60	0	166	0	166	0	0	6	6	0	0	6 6	4
						365	173,641	31,384	108	29,440	37,649	3,144	6,241	817	7	222	187	1 150	68	60	1	560	6	178	2	2	40	6	21	21	6 6	4

# ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET - RAISED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

						RI	M - I	RM			ITEM	ITEM	ITEM	ITEM
Section	Highway		]	Limits	County				UNIT	*REMOVAL	672-6006 REFL PAV MRKR	672-6007 REFL PAV MRKR	672-6009 REFL PAV MRKR	672-6010 REFL PAV MRKR
					County	FROM		то	UNII	*KEMUVAL	TY I-A	TY I-C	TY I-A-A	TY II-C-R
											Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity
BROWNSVILLE 1	SH 004	From	SH 048	<b>To</b> FM 1419	Cameron	562		566	EA	2155		575	1790	
1	FM 511	From	SH 048	To FM 3068	Cameron	566	+-	570	EA	630		20	610	
1	FM 1419	From	SH 004	To MONSEES RD	Cameron	560	-	566	EA	1,860		560	1,300	
1	FM 802	From	US 281	<b>To</b> BU 77	Cameron	558	-	560	EA	1,100		400	700	
1	FM 3248	From	IH69	<b>To</b> US 281	Cameron	556	-	558	EA	1,514		475	1,039	
1	IH69	From	Starting Concrete On SH 004	To State Maint Ends	Cameron	1	-	2	EA	1,000			100	900
1	FM510	From	SH 100	<b>To</b> FM 106	Cameron	568	-	574	EA	620		150	620	
											0	2,180	6,159	900
EDCOUCH 2	IH2 FRTGE	Enom	FM 401	To EM 1015	IIidalaa	160	١,	162	EA	350	775	200	200	2,000
2	IH2 FRTGE	From From	FM 491 CL	To FM 1015  To FM 491	Hidalgo Hidalgo	160 163	<del>                                     </del>	163 166	EA EA	720	400	200	200	2,500
2	Bus 83	From	Floodway	To FM 1015	Hidalgo	528	1	530	EA	300	400	320	567	2,300
2	FM 88	From	18th St	To Military 281	Hidalgo	728	7	732	EA	425		20	512	
2	FM 491	From	Bus 83	To Military 281	Hidalgo	736	1	742	EA	200		150	700	
2	FM 1422	From	FM 1015	To FM 491	Hidalgo	530	/	532	EA	400			510	
											1,175	890	2,689	4,500
HEBBRONVILLE														
4	SH 16	From	LISA STREET	To HEBBRONVILLE C.L.	Jim Hogg	648	-	650	EA	350			400	
4	FM 754	From	SH 285	To END OF MAINTENACE LINE	Brooks	650	-	652	EA	310			310	
4	FM 1418 SH 285	From	US 281	To SH 285	Brooks	650	ļ -	652	EA	631			631	
4	US 281 FRONT. SB	From From	INT.OF FM 1418 AND SH 285 GORE NORTH OF FM 1418	To BROOKS C.L.  To GORE SOUTH OF FM 3066	Brooks Brooks	522 708	+-	530 714	EA EA	400 120			880	253
4	US 281 FRONT. NB	From	GORE SOUTH OF FM 3066	To GORE NORTH OF FM 1418	Brooks	708	<del>  -</del>	714	EA	125				290
-											0	0	2,221	543
MISSION														
6	FM 2061	From	FM 3461 (Nolana)	To Bus 83	Hidalgo	722	/	724	EA	750		476	724	
6	FM 492	From	FM 2221	To Bus 83	Hidalgo	716	/	722	EA			150	700	
6	FM 494	From	SH 107	<b>To</b> SH 495	Hidalgo	716	/	724	EA	2,213		772	1,911	
6	FM 490	From	Starr/ Hidalgo County Line	To US 281	Hidalgo	498	/	518	EA			75	2,140	
6	FM3362	From	FM 3461 (Nolana)	To SH 107	Hidalgo	712	1	718	EA	1,795		787	1,247	
6	FM 1924 FM 2128	From From	FM 1926 I69C	To FM 494  To Bus 281	Hidalgo	508 516	<del>  /</del>	510 516	EA EA			200	46	
6	FM 681	From	FM 1017	To FM 490	Hidalgo Hidalgo	692	1	704	EA			200	1,200	
6	FM 2061	From	Trenton Rd.	To SH 107	Hidalgo	716	1	720	EA	2,351		982	1,522	
6	SH 107	From	680 Ft. West of Steward Rd.	To FM 2061	Hidalgo	512	1	520	EA	1,875		7.0-		2,500
											0	3,459	9,890	2,500
RAYMONDVILLE														
8	FM 606	From	SH 186	To End of State Maintenance	Willacy	696	-	696	EA	70			70	
8	FM 2629	From	IH 69E	<b>To</b> FM 507	Willacy	542	-	550	EA	814		14	800	
8	FM 490	From	BU 77W	To IH 69E	Willacy	542	-	544	EA	260		80	180	
8	FM 2099 FM 3168	From From	SH 186 BU 77W	To FM 498  To IH 69E	Willacy	704 540	-	710 540	EA EA	400 672		112	420 560	
8	BU 77	From	Conley Rd	To Spur 112	Willacy	544	+-	552	EA	2,300		300	2,000	
8	FM 1762	From	End of State Maintenance	To BU 77	Willacy	542	-	548	EA	488		10	478	
											0	516	4,508	0
ROMA														
9	FM 496	From	US 83 South	To End of State Maintenance Ends	Zapata	676	-	678	EA	495		32	463	
9	FM 1430	From	US 83 South	<b>To</b> US 83	Starr	478	-	482	EA	721		22	800	
	FM 649	From	US 83 North	To Jim Hogg / Starr County Line	Starr	688	-	716	EA	2,448		39	2,410	
9		From	FM 3167 North	To FM 649	Starr	813	-	819	EA	2,200		900	1,600	
9	US 83				Starr	686	-	688	EA	1,436		600 370	976 660	
9	FM 755	From	US 83 North	To 13,700 feet		710		712	EA	550				
9 9	FM 755 FM 3167	From From	US 83 North	To Eisenhower Road	Starr	710		760	EV	960				
9 9 9	FM 755 FM 3167 US 83	From From From	US 83 North 4th Street North	To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue	Starr Zapata	764	-	768 444	EA EA	960 904		500	460	
9 9	FM 755 FM 3167	From From	US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496	To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends	Starr Zapata Zapata	764 444	-	444	EA	904			460 300	
9 9 9 9	FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074	From From From	US 83 North 4th Street North	To Eisenhower Road  To 26 Avenue  To End of State Maintenance Ends	Starr Zapata	764	- -					500 22	460	
9 9 9 9 9	FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687	From From From From From	US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 East	To Eisenhower Road  To 26 Avenue  To End of State Maintenance Ends  To Jim Hogg / Zapata County Line	Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata	764 444 676	-	444 690	EA EA	904 1,428	0	500 22 0	460 300 1,440	0
9 9 9 9 9	FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687	From From From From From	US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 East	To Eisenhower Road  To 26 Avenue  To End of State Maintenance Ends  To Jim Hogg / Zapata County Line	Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata	764 444 676	-	444 690	EA EA	904 1,428	0	500 22 0 650	460 300 1,440 660	0
9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 SAN BENITO 10	FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687 SH 16	From From From From From From From	US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 East US 83 East FM732	To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends To Jim Hogg / Zapata County Line To 2 miles  To FM2994	Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata 31	764 444 676 802	-	444 690 804	EA EA EA	904 1,428 1,300	0 2,000	500 22 0 650	460 300 1,440 660 9,769	0 10,000
9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9  SAN BENITO 10	FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687 SH 16	From From From From From From From From	US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 East US 83 East FM732 FM2520	To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends To Jim Hogg / Zapata County Line To 2 miles  To FM2994 To FM1479	Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata 31	764 444 676 802 17 542	-	444 690 804 29 546	EA EA EA EA	904 1,428 1,300 12,664 400		500 22 0 650 <b>3,135</b>	460 300 1,440 660 9,769 324 400	
9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 SAN BENITO 10	FM 755 FM 3167 US 83 FM 3074 FM 2687 SH 16	From From From From From From From	US 83 North 4th Street North FM 496 US 83 East US 83 East FM732	To Eisenhower Road To 26 Avenue To End of State Maintenance Ends To Jim Hogg / Zapata County Line To 2 miles  To FM2994	Starr Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata Zapata 31	764 444 676 802 17 542 544	-	444 690 804	EA EA EA EA EA EA	904 1,428 1,300		500 22 0 650 <b>3,135</b>	460 300 1,440 660 9,769	

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

# WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

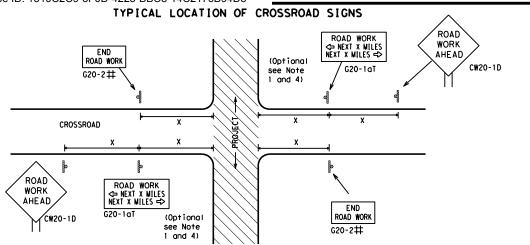


Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

			•	_					
ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	×DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT		
TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		HIGHWAY	
4-03	REVISIONS 7-13								
				COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
5-10	5-21						16		



 $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

## BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-50TP NORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ← NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000' - 1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ G20-1bTR ROAD WORK WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X X R20-5aTP WHEN WORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

# SIZE

# onventional Road

48" x 48' 36" x 36' 48" x 48"

Expressway/ Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
48" × 48"	30	120
~ ~ ~	35	160
	40	240
	45	320
48" × 48"	50	400
	55	500 <sup>2</sup>
	60	600²
	65	700 <sup>2</sup>
48" × 48"	70	800 <sup>2</sup>
'5 ^ 10	75	900 <sup>2</sup>
	80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
	*	* 3

SPACING

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

# GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

or Series

CW20' CW21

CW22

CW23

CW25

CW14

CW1, CW2,

CW7. CW8.

CW9, CW11

CW3, CW4,

CW5, CW6,

CW10, CW12

CW8-3,

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

## WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS X X G20-9TP SPEED STAY ALERT ROAD LIMIT R4-1 DO NOT PASS appropriate: OBEY TRAFFIC **X X** R20-5T WORK WARNING \* \* G20-5 ROAD WORK AHEAD DOUBL F SIGNS € ★ R20-5aTP ME PRESENT CW20-1D ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER CW13-1P ROAD ★ ★ G20-6T R2-1 X > WORK WORK G20-10T \* \* R20-3T \* \* AHEAD AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Diamond$ $\Rightarrow$ $\Leftrightarrow$ ➾ $\Rightarrow$ Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED END G20-2bT X X R2-1 LIMIT line should $\langle \rangle \times \times$ coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign location "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 X X NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS

★ ★G20-9TP ZONE STAY ALERT BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES OBEY SPEED TRAFFI × + G20-5T ROAD LIMIT ROAD ROAD ¥ ¥R20-5T FINES SIGNS WORK CLOSED R11-2 WORK DOUBLE STATE LAW √2 MILE TALK OR TEXT LATER AHEAD X X R20-5aTP SHEN SHEEN ARE PRESENT **X X** G20−6T Type 3 R20-3T R2-1 G20-10 CW20-1D Barricade or CW13-1P CW20-1E channelizing devices -CSJ Limi Channelizing Devices  $\Rightarrow$ SPEED R2-1 END ROAD WORK LIMIT END | WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \* G20-2 \* \*

The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND
Ι	Type 3 Barricade
000	Channelizing Devices
۴	Sign
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

LECEND

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

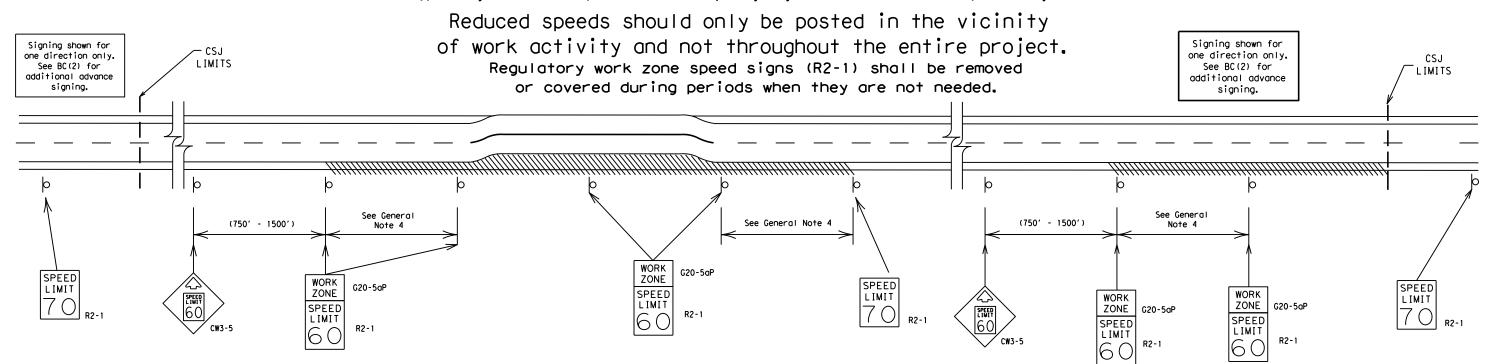
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

ILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN: T	<dot< th=""><th>ck: TxDOT</th><th>DW:</th><th>TxDOT</th><th>ck: TxDOT</th></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS						
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13	5-21						17

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
  A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

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Traffic Safety Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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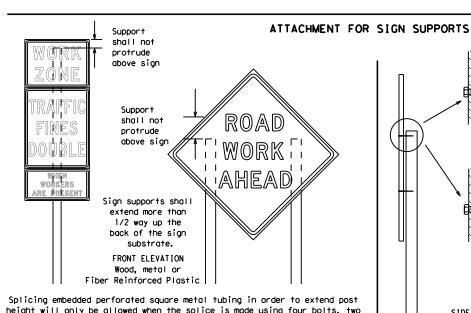
shou I der

## TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimum WORK WORK WORK from AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD curb AHEAD min. \* \* XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min.

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

9.0' max.

\* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



greater

Paved

shoul de

90///

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".

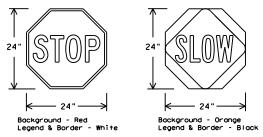
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night. 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum
- length of 6' to the bottom of the sign. 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

9.0' max.

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

# GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

# <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period. Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

# SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

# SIZE OF SIGNS

6.0' min.

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

# SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

# SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular
- impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the
- traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

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Traffic Safety Division Standard



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

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\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

·9 sq. ft. or less-

thinwall plastic

1 3/4" x 1 3/4" x 11 foot

1 3/4" galv. round with 5/16" holes

or 1 3/4" x 1 3/4"

pin at angle needed to match sideslope

2"

SINGLE LEG BASE

2.5

-2" x 2"

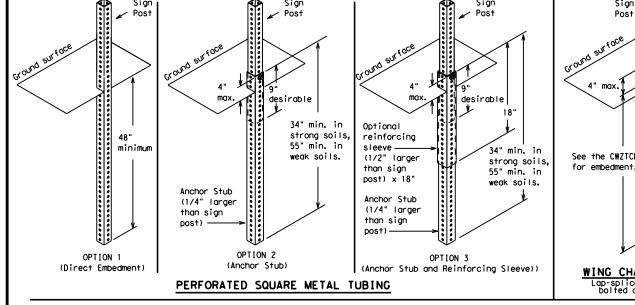
12 ga. upright

square tubing -

10mm extruded

sign only

12 ga post (DO NOT SPLICE)



# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.

# sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign 1/2" plywood is allowed. face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)). Ø 3/8" x 3" gr. 5 bolt (2 per support) joining sign panel and supports MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION. GENERAL NOTES -Ø3/8 " X 3" gr. Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2"

1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 129" (hole to hole) 12 ga. square perforated tubing upright -Completely welded 2" x 2" x 59" around tubing (hole to hole) 12 ga. perforated 2" x 2" x 8" tubing skid-(hole to hole)

When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

CW7TCD List.

See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."

**WEDGE ANCHORS** 

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary

OTHER DESIGNS

lag screws must be used on every joint for final

No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a

7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the

Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.

☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

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Post

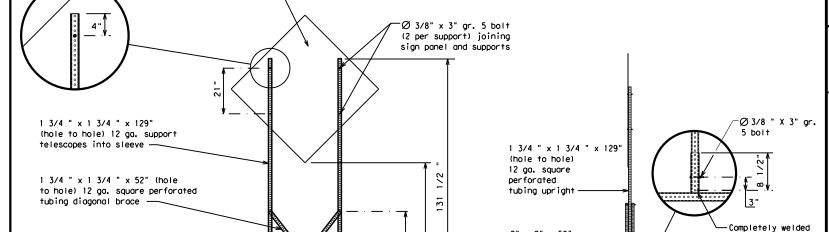
See the CWZTCD

WING CHANNEL

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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1/2"

1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 32" (hole to hole) 12 ga. square perforated -3/8" X 4-1/2 gr. 5 BOLT (TYP.)

32′

16 sq. ft. or less of any rigid sign

substrate listed in section J. 2.d of

the CWZTCD, except 5/8" plywood.

SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS \* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

12 ga. square

tubing sleeve welded to skid

perforated

Welds to start on

opposite sides going in opposite directions. Minimum

weld, do not

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

Upright must

telescope to

provide 7' height

above pavement

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway: i.e., "EXIT CLOSED," Do not use the term "RAMP,"
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PK I NG
CROSSING	XING	Road	
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	F	Service Road	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving		Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
		Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		
Maintenance	MAINT		

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN

CLOSED MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED

EXIT

CLOSED

XXXXXXX

BLVD

CLOSED

X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI

RIGHT LN

TO BE

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

**BUMP** 

XXXX FT

TRAFFIC

SIGNAL

XXXX FT

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel \* \* Advance Location Warning Notice List List List List TUE-FRI MERGE FORM ΔΤ **SPEED** RIGHT X LINES FM XXXX LIMIT XX AM-RIGHT XX MPH X PM BEFORE APR XX-DETOUR USE MAXIMUM XXXXX RAILROAD SPEED RD EXIT XX MPH X PM-X AM X EXITS CROSSING USE USE EXIT NEXT MINIMUM BEGINS EXIT XXX I-XX SPEED MONDAY NORTH MILES XX MPH STAY ON USE PAST **ADVISORY** BEGINS US XXX I-XX F IIS XXX ΜΔΥ ΧΧ SPEED SOUTH TO I-XX N EXIT XX MPH TRUCKS WATCH XXXXXXX RIGHT MAY X-X USF FOR TO IANF XX PM -**TRUCKS** XXXXXXX EXIT XX AM US XXX N WATCH **EXPECT** IIS XXX USF NFXT FOR DELAYS TΩ CAUTION FRI-SUN TRUCKS FM XXXX PREPARE XX AM **EXPECT** DRIVE SAFELY DELAYS ΤO TΟ STOP XX PM REDUCE END DRIVE NEXT SPEED **SHOULDER** WITH TUE XXX FT USE CARE AUG XX WATCH USE TONIGHT OTHER XX PM-FOR ROUTES WORKERS XX AM STAY \* \* See Application Guidelines Note 6. LANE

# APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

US XXX

EXIT

X MILES

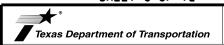
LANES

SHIFT

# FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



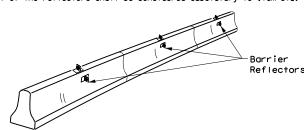
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

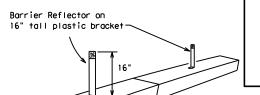
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

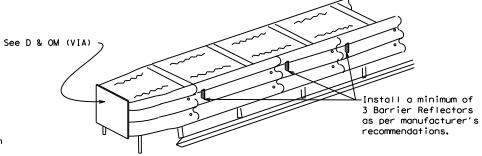
LOW PROFILE CONCRETE

BARRIER (LPCB) USED

IN WORK ZONES

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.

# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)



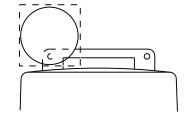
# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

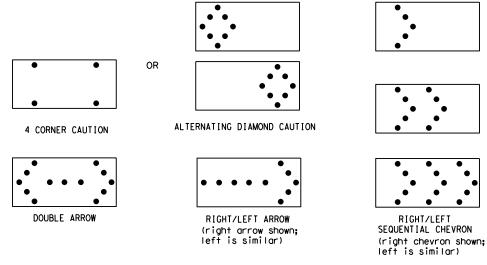
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal

- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

# TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as
- the primary channelizing device. 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 5. Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- 6. The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

# GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

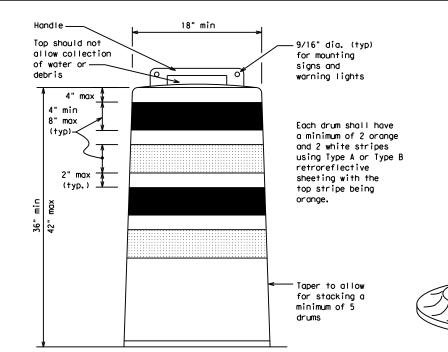
- 1. Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- 3. Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

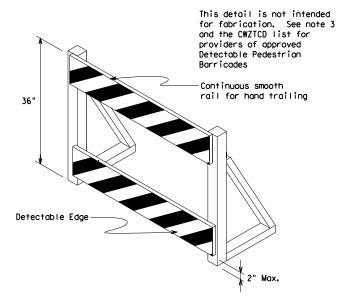
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified
- 2. The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting

# BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- 2. Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- 5. When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- 1. When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- 2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer

See Ballast



12" x 24" Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{\text{FL}}$  or Type  $C_{\text{FL}}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- 3. Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- 5. Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum, A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

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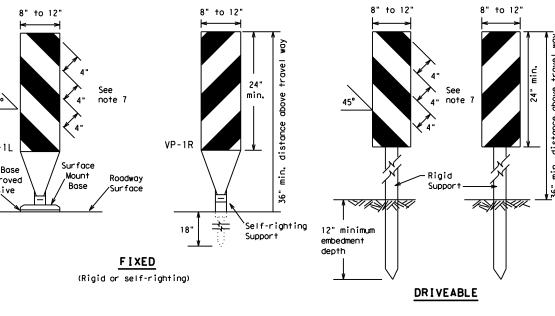
Traffic Safety

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

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- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List"
- 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise,
- 7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

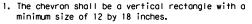
Pane I s mounted back to back Portable, Fixed or Driveable Base may be used. or may be mounted

PORTABLE

(Rigid or self-righting)

- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

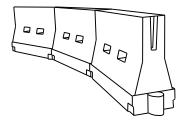


- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the out side of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# **CHEVRONS**

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



# LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

# WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le gths	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	<u>ws²</u>	150′	165′	1801	30'	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55°	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′		
65		650′	715′	7801	65 <i>°</i>	1301		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Safety Division Standard

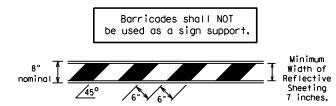
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

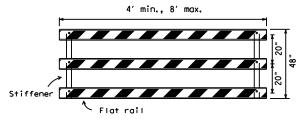
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# TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The  $\,$ sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

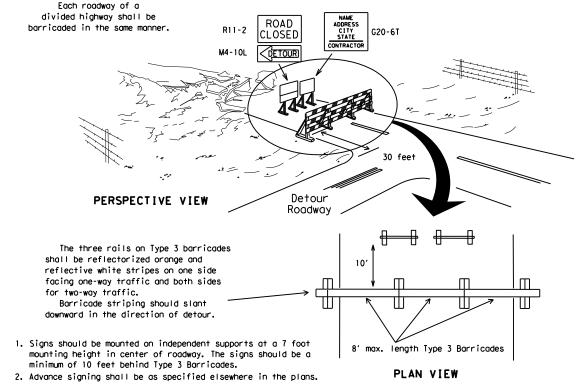


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Two-Piece cones

1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted. 2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the Typical shoulder width is less than 4 feet. Plastic Drum 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights PERSPECTIVE VIEW may be omitted if drums are used. 5. Drums must extend the length These drums are not required of the culvert widening. on one-way roadway LEGEND Plastic drum Plastic drum with steady burn light um of two drums s locross the work or yellow warning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector  $\bigcirc$ Increase number of plastic drums on the side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums) PLAN VIEW

**CONES** 4" min. orange ▼ 2" min. ↑ 4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange [6" min. \_2" min. 2" min. \**1**4 min. 4" min. white 42" min. 28" min.

= 2" min 4" min.

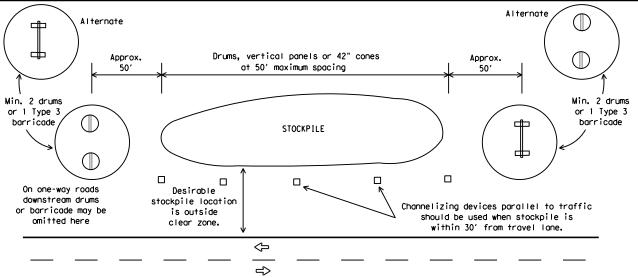
3" min. 2" to 6" min.

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

One-Piece cones

Tubular Marker





TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- 1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

Traffic Safety Division Standard

BC(10)-21

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7-13	5-21						25

# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

# GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on RC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

# PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

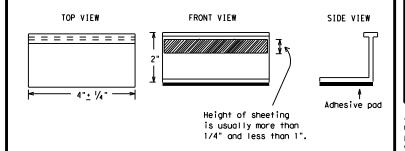
# MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

# REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



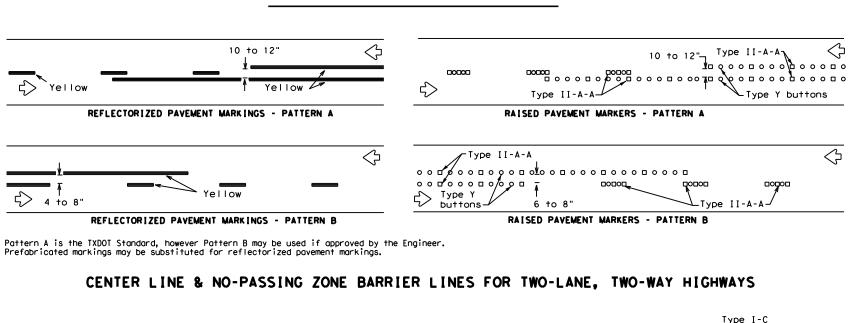
Traffic Safety Division Standard

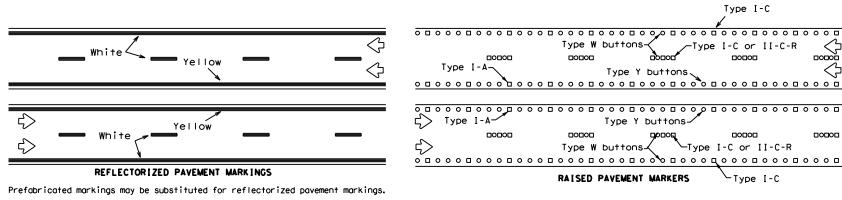
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

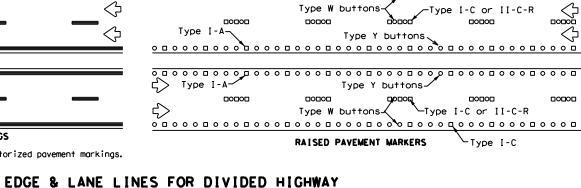
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# PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

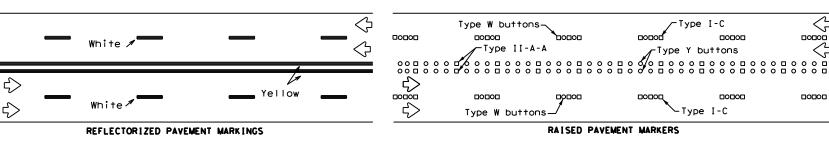




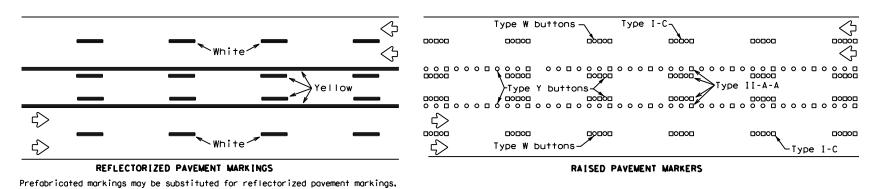


Type I-C or II-C-R

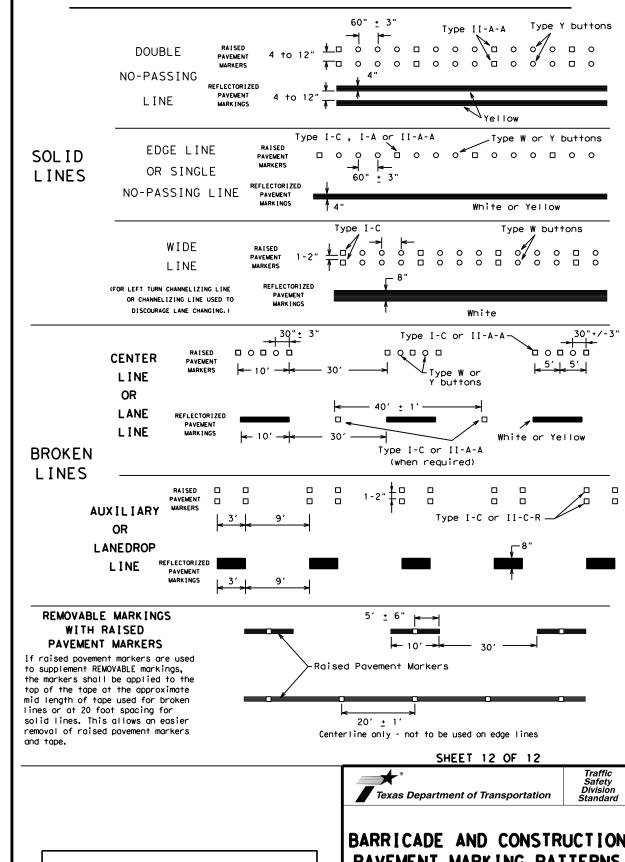
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Raised pavement markers used as standard

Item 672 "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS,"

pavement markings shall be from the approved products list and meet the requirements of

STANDARD WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS DETAILS

PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS

BC(12)-21

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO ©⊺xDOT February 1998 CONT SECT JOB 1-97 9-07 5-21 2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14 27

Conventional Roads

Conventional Roads

Conventional Roads

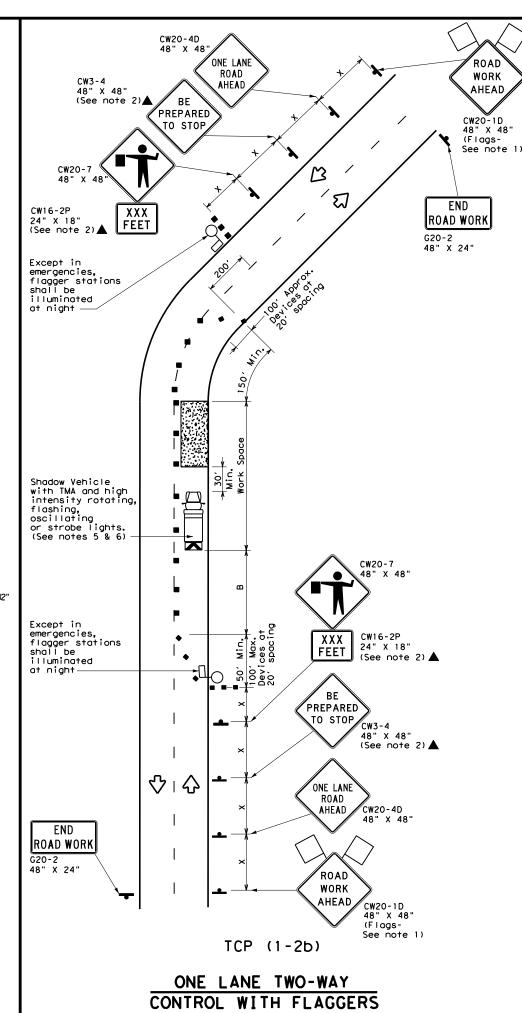
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8-95 2-12 1-97 2-18

IH 2

21 HIDALGO, ETC

Warning Sign Sequence in Opposite Direction Same as Below END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" ♡ | 公 onversion YIELD 42" X 42 " X 42 TΟ ONCOMING TRAFFIC R1-2aP 48" X 36" (See note 8) Channelizing devices separate work space from traveled way-Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 5 & 6) 42" X 42 " X 42" T0 |R1-2aP ONCOMING 48" X 36" TRAFFIC (See note 8) CW3-2 48" X 48" ♡ | む ONE LANE AHEAD CW20-4D ROAD TCP (1-2a) WORK CW20-1D 48" X 48' ONE LANE TWO-WAY (Flags-See note 1) CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS (Less than 2000 ADT - See note 7)



	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
+	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"		Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30′	60′	120'	90′	200′
35	L= WS2	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250'
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		5001	550'	600'	50′	100'	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	L - W 3	600'	6601	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	7001	410′	645′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	8001	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1					

# **GENERAL NOTES**

ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet. 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet
- in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

# TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TCP(1-2)-18

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1-97 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	Ε.	ГС	29

	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger						

Speed			**			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′	
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160'	120'	
40	60	265′	295′	320′	40'	80′	240′	155′	
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400'	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L #5	600'	660′	720'	60′	120′	600'	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
	1	1						

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
   Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.
- DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.
- 5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.
- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-18

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1-97 2-18		21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC	30

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 4 & 5)

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

for 50 mph or x for over 50 r

Shoulder

♦♦

TCP (1-4a)

ONE LANE CLOSED

ROAD WORK

RIGHT LANE CLOSED

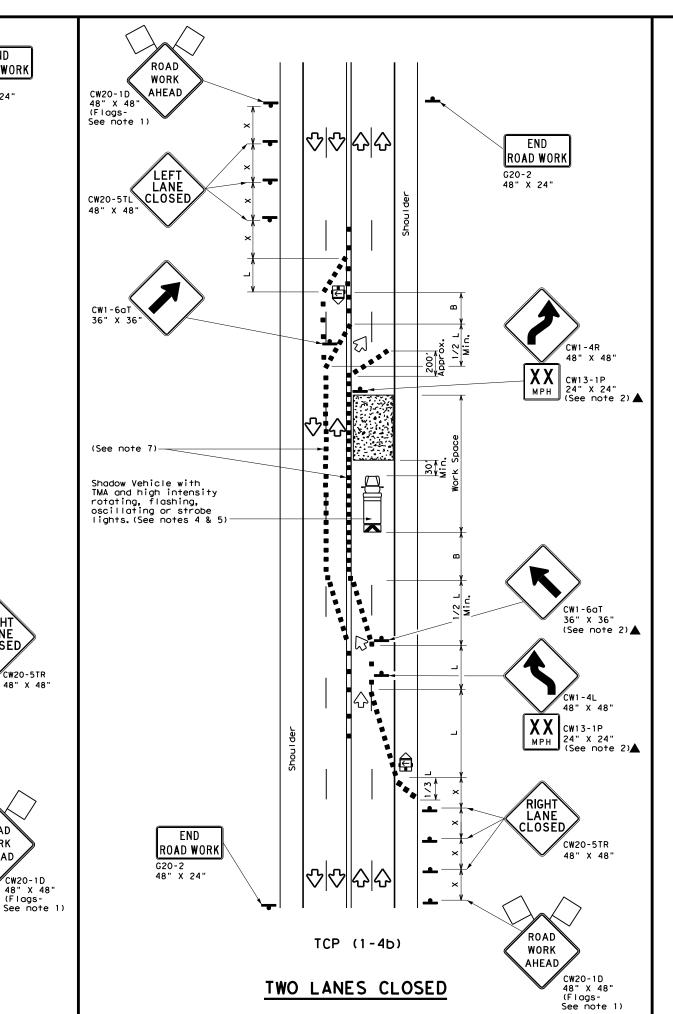
ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

G20-2 48" X 24"

30, Min.



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Formulo		**			Spacin Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50		500′	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L-W3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- ★ Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be repeated if the visibility of the work zone is less than 1500 feet.
- 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain i place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline where needed to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow panel placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

# TCP (1-4b)

7. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the areas of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

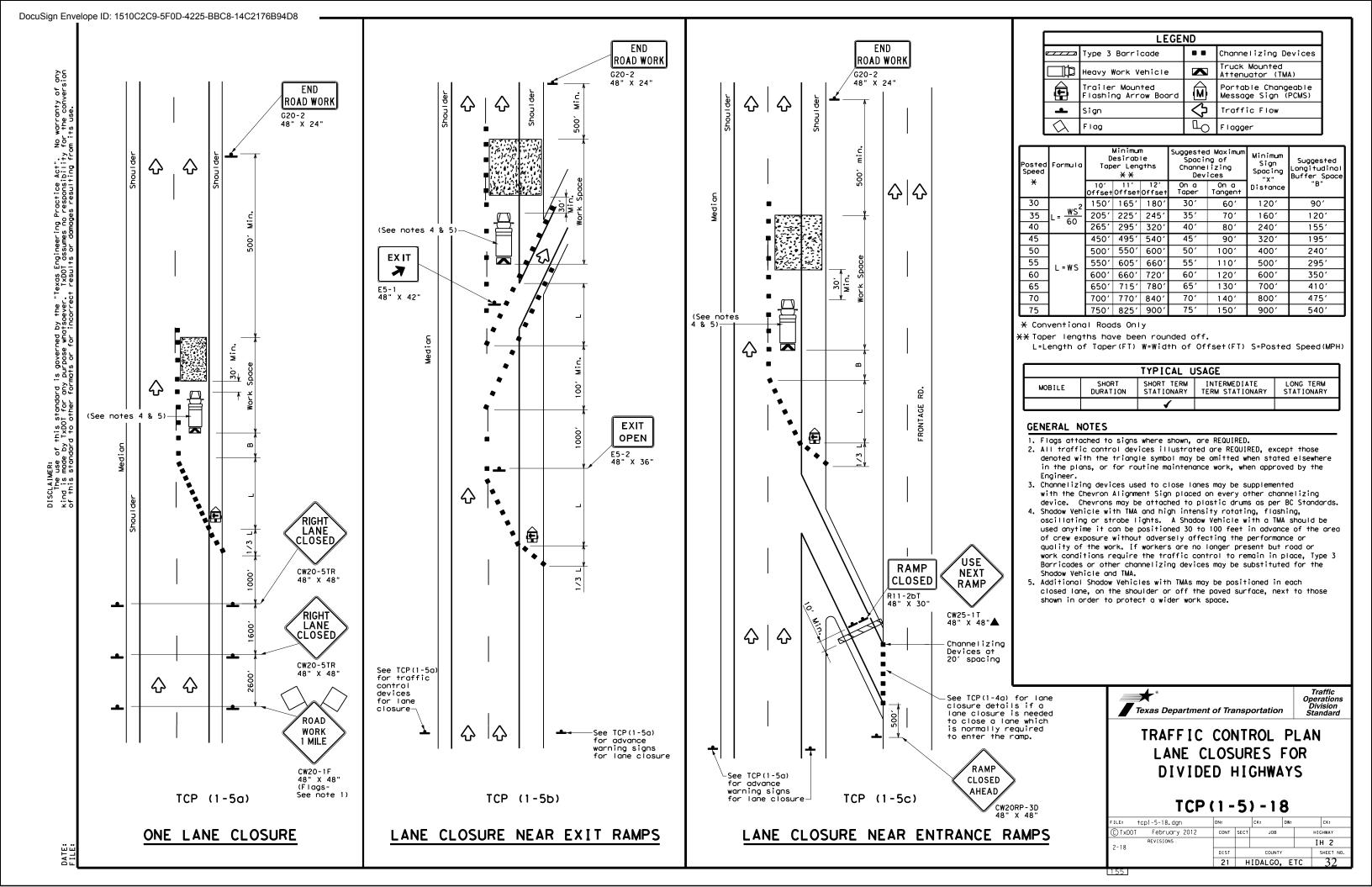


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(1-4)-18

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© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
2-94 4-98					IH 2
8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC	31



ONE LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

WITH RED/YELLOW LENS AFADS

ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH STOP/SLOW AFADS

	LEGEND								
~~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices (CDs)						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
$\Box$	Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD)		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	9	Flagger						

Posted Speed <del>X</del>	Formula	D Tap	Minimur esirab er Len **	le gths	Spacir Channe Dev	lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	_ <u>ws²</u>	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′	120′	90'	200'
35	L = WS	2051	2251	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40'	80′	240′	155′	305′
45		4501	495′	540′	45′	90'	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600,	50′	100′	400′	240′	425'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	- "3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600,	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410'	645′
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	900,	540′	820'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY							
1 1								

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
- 3. Adequate stopping sight distance must be provided to each AFAD location for approaching traffic. (See table above). 4. Each AFAD shall be operated by a qualified/certified flagger. Flaggers operating AFADs
- shall not leave them unattended while they are in use. 5. One flagger may operate two AFADs only when the flagger has an unobstructed view of
- both AFADs and of the approaching traffic in both directions.
- When pilot cars are used, a flagger controlling traffic shall be located on each approach. AFADs shall not be operated by the pilot car operator.
- 7. All AFADs shall be equipped with gate arms with an orange or fluorescent red-orange flag attached to the end of the gate arm. The flag shall be a minimum of 16" square.
- 8. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 10. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 11. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 12. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the AFAD.
- 13. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 14. The R1-7aT "WAIT ON STOP" sign and the R1-8aT "GO ON SLOW" sign shall be installed at the AFAD location on separate supports or they may be fabricated as one 48" x 30" sign. They shall not obscure the face of the STOP/SLOW AFAD. 15. The R10-6 "STOP HERE ON RED" arrow sign shall be offset so as not to obscure
- the lenses of the AFAD.



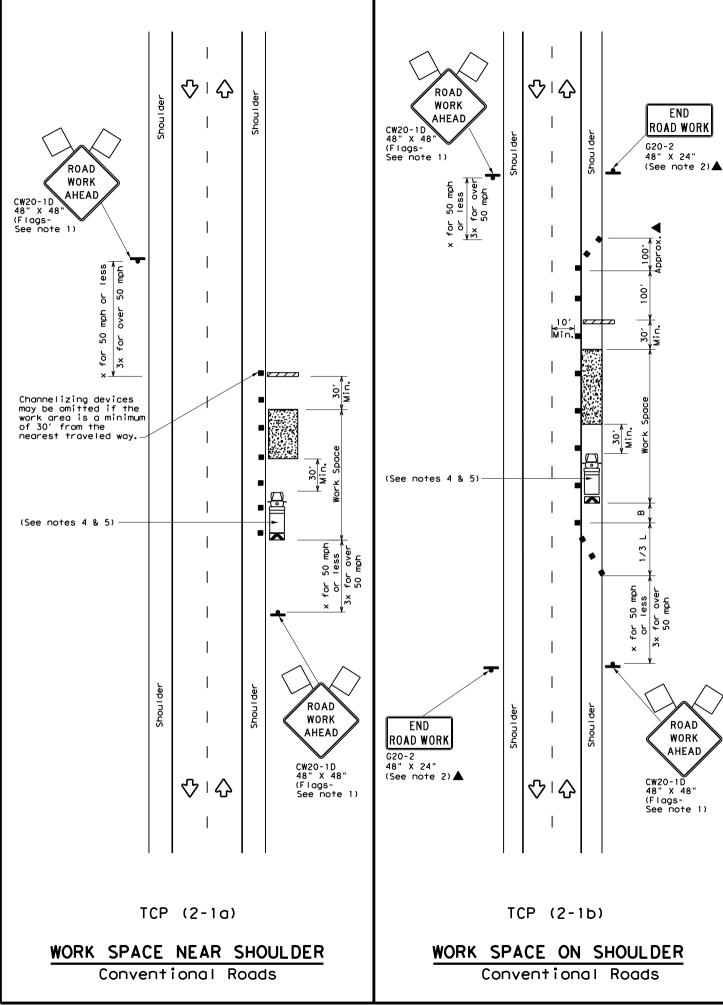
Traffic Operations Division Standard

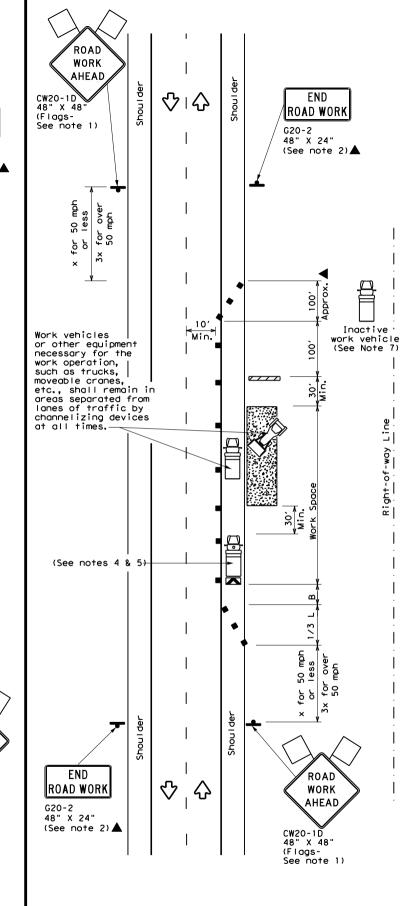
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AUTOMATED FLAGGER **ASSISTANCE DEVICES** (AFADS)

TCP(1-6)-18

FILE:	tcp1-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C TxD0T	February 2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
0.40	REVISIONS						[H 2
2-18		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
		21	Н	IDALGO,	Ε.	TC	33

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END

ROAD

WORK

**AHEAD** 

TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads

LEGEND										
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
4	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger							

Posted Formula		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′	120′	90,
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120'
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′
60	L-#3	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65'	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		7501	825′	900,	75′	150'	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY										
	<i>1 1 1</i>										

# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

  3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.
- 4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface. next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

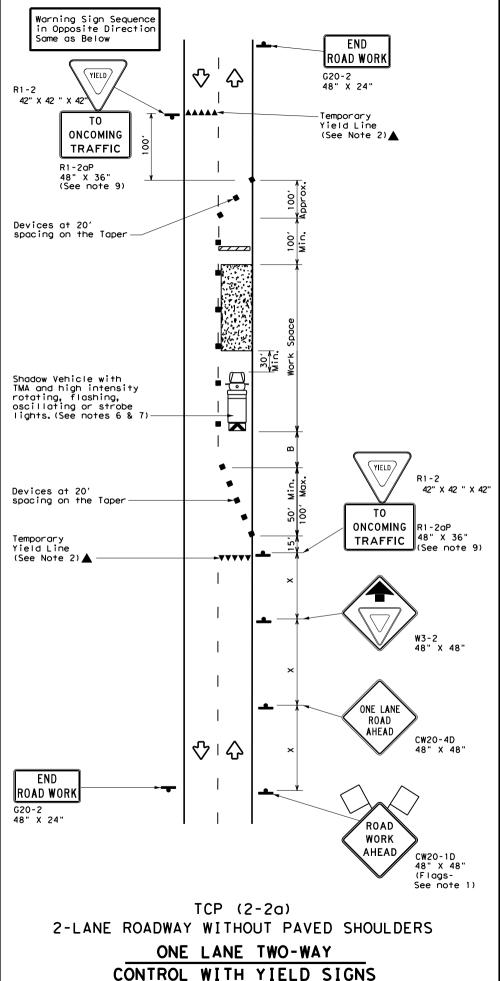
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

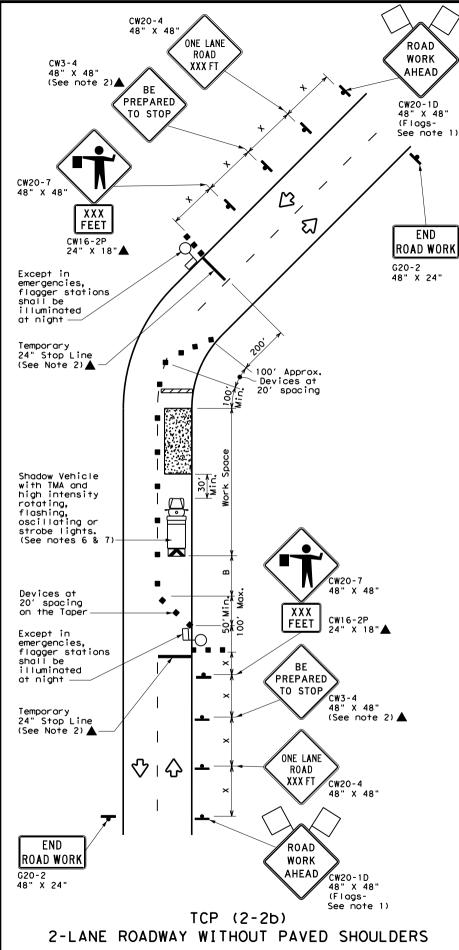
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

ILE:	tcp2-1-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C) TxD0	T December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	GHWAY
2 04	REVISIONS 4 00					I	H 2
2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97	2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	Ε	TC	34



(Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



ONE LANE TWO-WAY

CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
•	<b>≗</b> Sign		Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	9	Flagger								

Posted Speed	Speed		Minimum esirab er Lena **	le	Spaci Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	. ws²	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′	200'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	240'	155′	305′
45		4501	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500'	550′	600′	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110'	500′	295′	495′
60	L #3	600'	660′	720′	60,	120'	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	820'

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE											
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
	1	1	1								

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 7. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

# TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

# TCP (2-2b)

- 10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situtations.



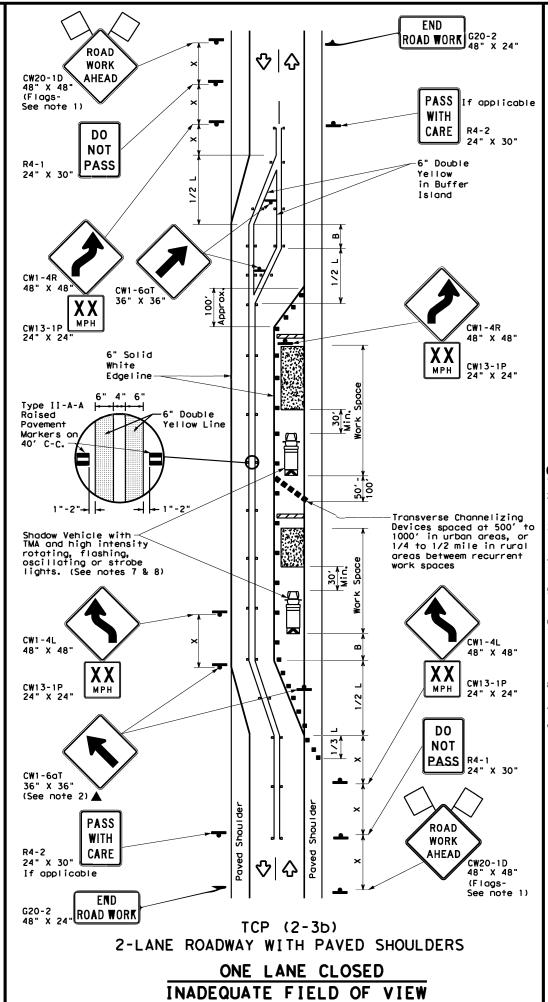
Traffic

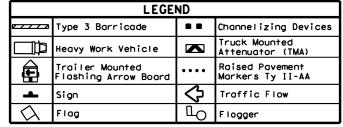
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -18

FILE: tcp2-2-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS 8-95 3-03					I	H 2
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY	•		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC		35

ROAD WORK | G20-2 48" X 24" ROAD WORK CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-AHEAD ♡◇ See note 1) DO if applicable NOT R4-2 24" X 30" CARE R4-1 24" X 30" PASS CW1-4R 48" X 48 CW13-1P 24" X 24" 100' Approx CW1-4R 48" X 48" Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 7 & 8)-CW13-1P 24" X 24" ĕ, Ğ. 48" CW1-6aT 36" X 36" (See note 2) ▲ CW13-1P 24" X 24" MPH CW1-4L 48" X 48" CW1-6aT 36" X 36" CW13-1P (See note 2)▲ 24" X 24" DO PASS NOT WITH R4-1 **PASS** ♡ CARE  $\Diamond$ R4-2 24" X 30" 24" X 30" If applicable ROAD G20-2 48" x 24" ROAD WORK WORK AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" TCP (2-3a) (Flags-See note 1) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE CLOSED ADEQUATE FIELD OF VIEW





Posted Speed	Farmula	X X Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space				
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30′	60′	120'	90′	
35	L= WS2	2051	225′	245'	35′	701	160'	120'	
40	80	265'	2951	3201	40'	80'	240'	155′	
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90′	320'	195′	
50		5001	550′	600'	50′	1001	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'	600'	350′	
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130'	700′	410'	
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140′	800'	475′	
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′	

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY							
				TCP (2-3b) ONLY							
			<b>√</b>	1							

# GENERAL NOTES

1. Flogs attached to signs where shown, ore REQUIRED.

- . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing pavement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate
- Flogger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flogger should be positioned at end of traffic queue. The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction
- regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spacing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.
- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but rood or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place. Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect o wider work space.

# TCP (2-3a)

O. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds ore 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

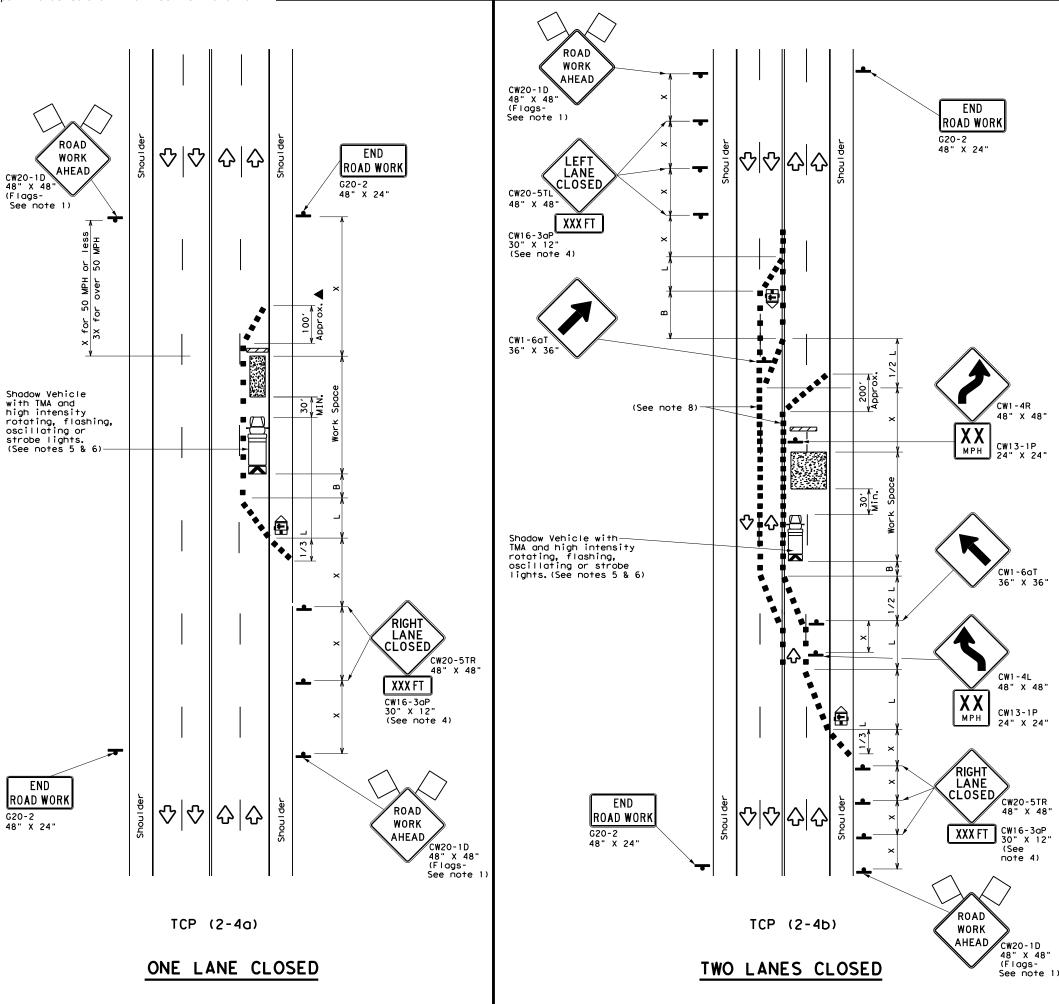
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP (2-3) -23

FILE: tcp(2-3)-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
12-85 4-98 2-18					
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-12					36

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	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ц	Flagger								

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	180'	30'	60′	120'	90'
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	600,	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800'	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
		✓	✓						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet minimum length per lane.
- l. For short term applications, when post mounted signs are not used, the distance legend may be shown on the sign face rather than on a CW16-3aP supplemental plaque.
- . A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- . Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### CP (2-4a)

7. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED"signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging taper.

8. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter devices spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL ROADS

TCP(2-4)-18

Traffic Operations Division Standard

FILE: †cp2-4-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 3-03 REVISIONS					IH 2
1-97 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC	37

DocuSign Envelope ID: 1510C2C9-5F0D-4225-BBC8-14C2176B94D8 hed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. WORK  $\Diamond |\Diamond |\Diamond |\Diamond$ AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. (See notes 3 & 4) Pavement END ROAD WORK G20-2 48" X 24" 

TCP (2-5a)

ONE LANE CLOSED

END

ROAD WORK

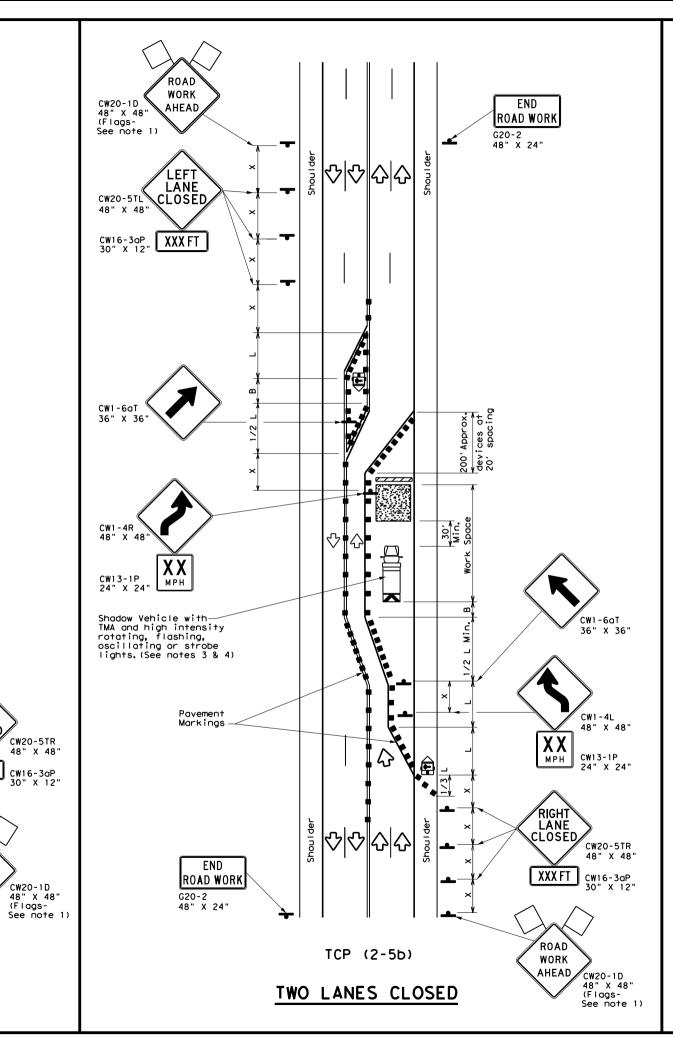
XXX FT

ROAD

WORK

G20-2 48" X 24"

ν MIN NIN



	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger								

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spaci: Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	1201	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	_ "5	600′	660′	720'	60,	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140'	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900'	540′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
			✓	✓						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- . A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew eposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substitutued for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 4. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- The downstream taper is optional. When used, it should be 100 feet approximately per lane, with channelizing devices spaced at 20 feet.

#### TCP (2-5a)

6. If this TCP is used for a left lane closure, CW20-5TL "LEFT LANE CLOSED" signs shall be used and channelizing devices shall be placed on the centerline to protect the work space from opposing traffic, with the arrow board placed in the closed lane near the end of the merging transport

#### TCP (2-5b)

7. Conflicting pavement markings shall be removed for long-term projects.



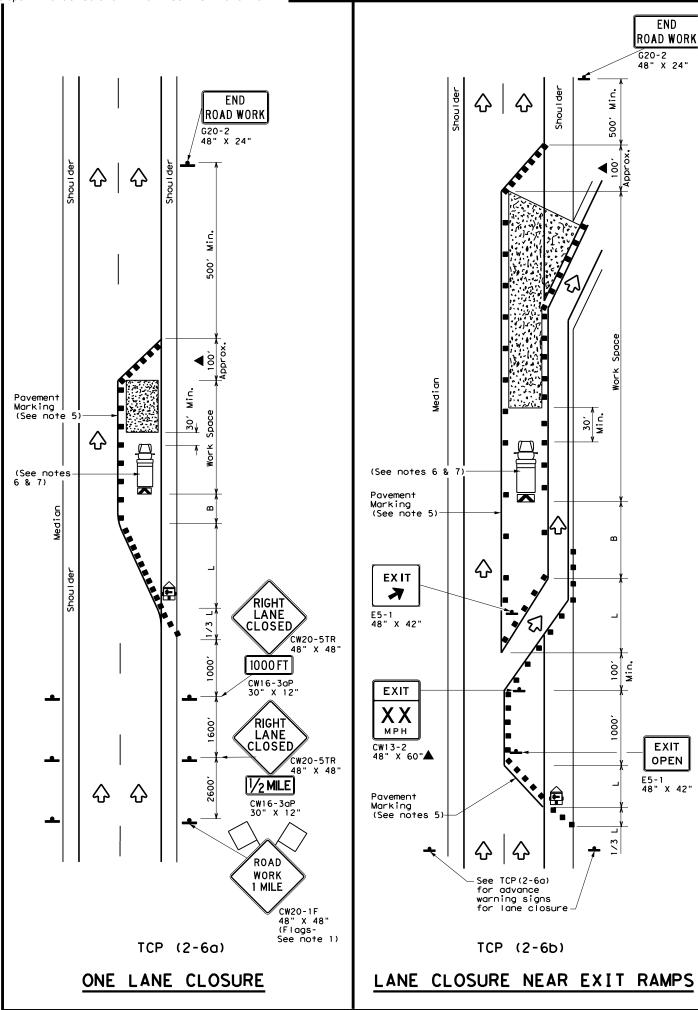
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
LONG TERM LANE CLOSURES
MULTILANE CONVENTIONAL RDS.

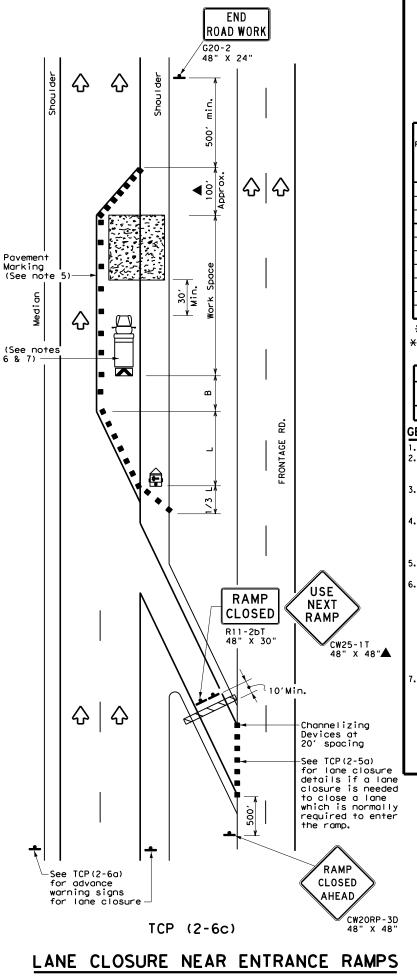
TCP(2-5)-18

FILE: tcp2-5-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
8-95 2-12 REVISIONS					ΙH	1 2
1-97 3-03	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
4-98 2-18	21	Н	IDALGO,	ETC		38

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	LEGEND										
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	K	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	Д	Flagger								

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum Desirab Der Leng XX	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90′
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	2651	295′	3201	40'	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	1951
50	1	500′	550′	6001	50'	100′	400′	240'
55	l <sub>L=WS</sub>	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	- " - "	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	3501
65	i '	650′	715′	780′	65′	130'	700′	410′
70	į į	700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75	1	750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540'

- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1 1									

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
   All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Channelizing devices used to close lanes may be supplemented with the Chevron Alignment Sign placed on every other channelizing device. Chevrons may be attached to plastic drums as per BC Standards.
- Channelizing devices used along the work space or along tangent sections may be supplemented with vertical panels (VP) placed on everyother channelizing device. If night time conditions make it difficult to see at least two VPs, the VPs may be placed on each channelizing device.
- The placement of pavement markings may be omitted on Intermediate-term stationary work zones with the approval of the Engineer.

  Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA and anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance. should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned in each closed lane, on the shoulder or off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LANE CLOSURES ON DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP(2-6)-18

FILE: †cp2-6-18.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		H]GHWAY
REVISIONS					IH 2
2-94 4-98 8-95 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
1-97 2-18	21		HIDALGO,	ETC	39

Traffic Control Devices

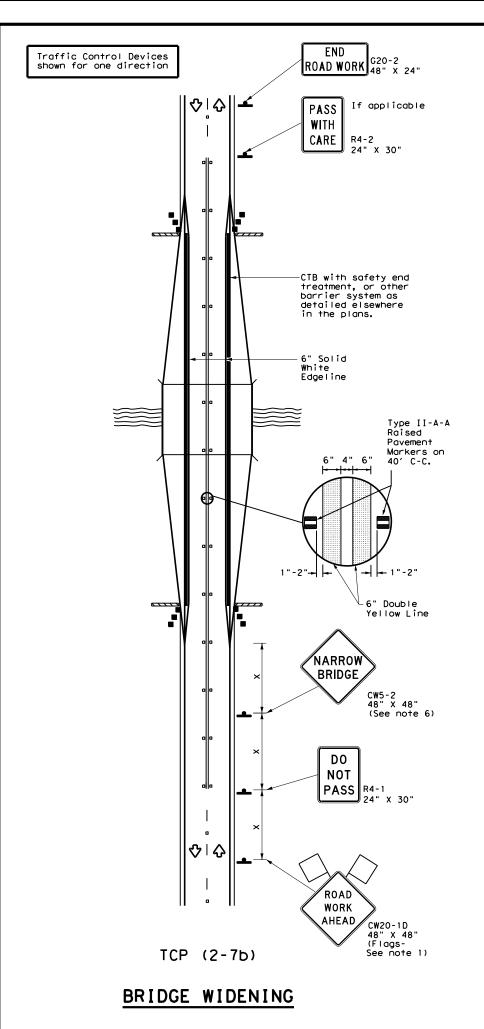
TCP (2-7a)

ROADWAY DIVERSION

CW20-1D

48" X 48" (Flags-

See note 1)



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>₽</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA							
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow							
$\Diamond$	Flag	3	Flagger							

Posted Speed	peed		Desirable Taper Lengths **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50′	100′	400′	240′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'	600′	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150′	900'	540′

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
			1	1						

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

#### TCP (2-7a)

- 3. Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline throughout project.
- 4. Roadway diversion design requirements should be based on posted speed limit or prevailing speed.
- 5. New pavement surface should be extended across existing roadway edge to a point where existing pavement markings left in place during project do not conflict with construction area pavement marking.

#### TCP (2-7b)

6. The CW5-2 "Narrow Bridge" sign may be omitted if lane and shoulder widths are maintained.

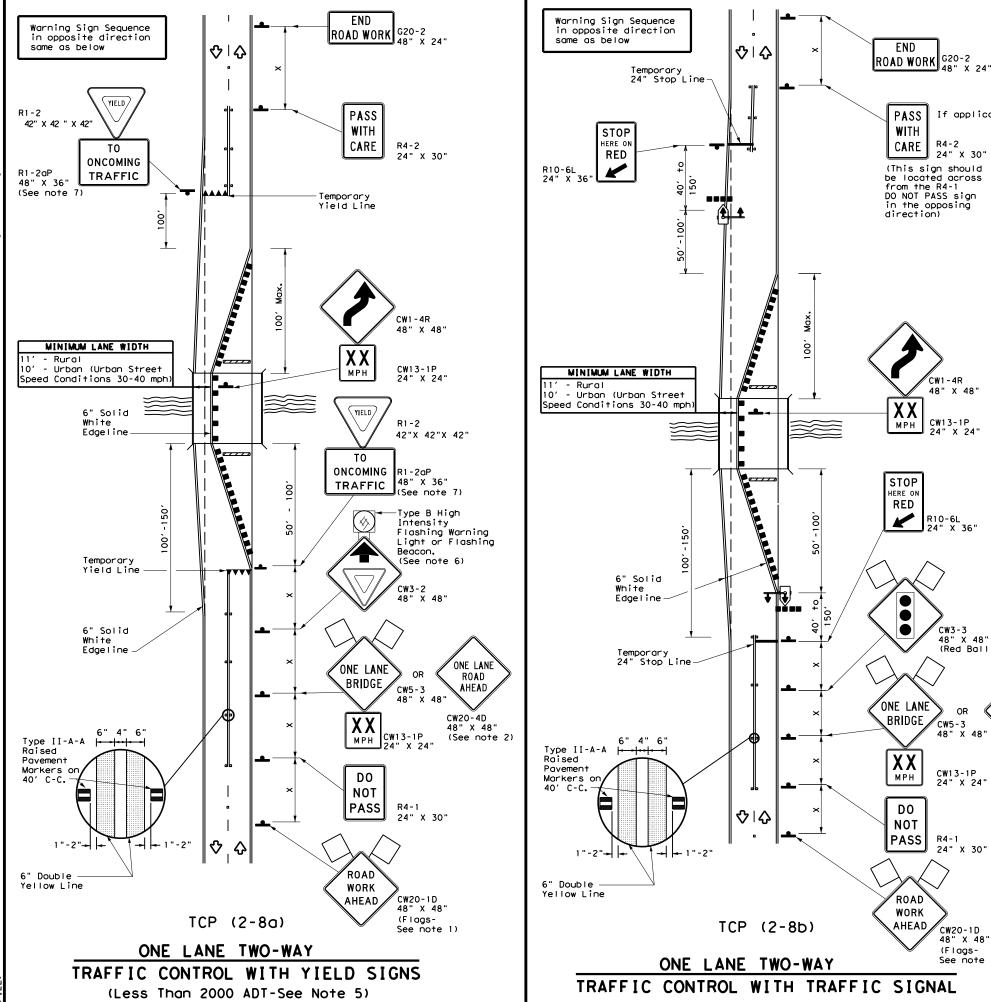


Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN **DIVERSIONS AND** NARROW BRIDGES

TCP (2-7) -23

FILE: tcp2-7-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	CHWAY
12-85 4-98 2-18						
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 2-12						40



	LEGEND										
~///	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices								
_	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow								
$\Diamond$	Flag	ПO	Flagger								
••••	Raised Pavement Markers Ty II-AA	<b>₽</b>	Temporary or Portable Traffic Signal								

Posted Formula Speed		D	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	J 10 1 G 1100
30	2	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120′	90,	2001
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	80	265′	295′	3201	40,	80'	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	4951	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′	360′
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	425′
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	495′
60	L - W 5	600′	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	570′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	645′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′	730′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′	820'

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1 1									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

If applicable

R4-2

24" X 30"

CW13-1P 24" X 24"

R10-6L 24" X 36"

CW3-3 48" X 48"

OR

CW13-1P 24" X 24"

24" X 30"

CW20-1D 48" X 48'

(Flags-See note 1)

(Red Ball on Top)

ONE LANE

ROAD

AHEAD

CW20-4D

48" X 48'

(See note 2)

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. When this TCP is used at a location which does not involve a bridge, a 48" x 48" CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" signs should be used in lieu of the CW5-3 "ONE LANE BRIDGE" signs. The CW13-1P Advisory Speed Plaque is required with either warning sign.
- Raised pavement markers shall be placed 40 feet c-c on centerline between DO NOT PASS signs and stop or yield lines.
- . For intermediate term situations, when it is not feasible to remove and restore pavement markings, the channelization must be made dominant by using a very close spacing. This is especially important in locations of conflicting information, such as where traffic is directed over a double yellow centerline. In such locations a maximum channelizing device spacing of 20 feet is recommended. The 20 foot channelizing device spacing recommendation is intended for the area of conflicting information and not the entire work zone.

#### TCP (2-8a)

- 5. Traffic control by CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol signs for one lane two-way traffic control operations should be limited to work spaces less than 400 feet long and roadways with less than 2000 ADT. Otherwise, portable traffic signals should be used.
- 6. If power is available, a flashing beacon should be attached to the CW3-2 "YIELD AHEAD" symbol sign for emphasis.
- 7. The R1-2 "YIELD" and R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" signs and other regulatory signs shall be installed at 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 8. A list of approved Portable Traffic Signals can be found in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices" list.
- 9. Portable traffic signals should be located to provide adequate stopping sight distance for approaching motorist (See table above).

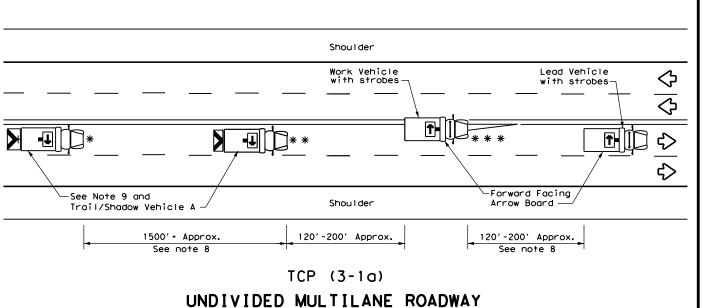


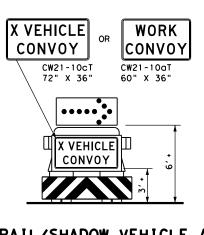
Traffic Safety Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN LONG TERM ONE-LANE TWO-WAY CONTROL

TCP(2-8)-23

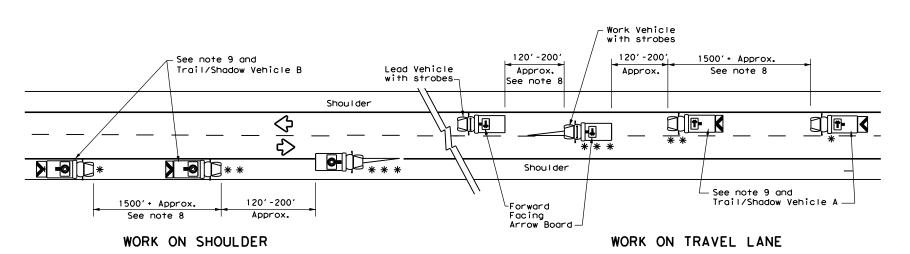
FILE: tcp2-8-23.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT April 2023	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS 12-85 4-98 2-18						
8-95 3-03 4-23	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
1-97 2-12						41





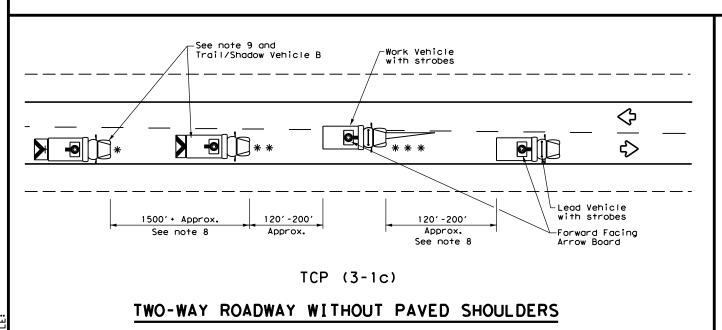
#### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

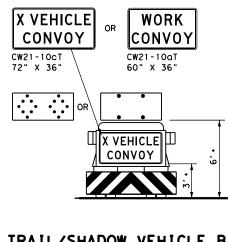
with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board



TCP (3-1b)

#### TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

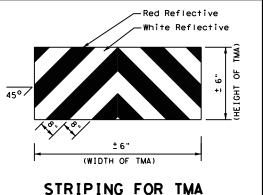
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND									
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY								
* *	Shadow Vehicle									
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional								
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>F</b>	LEFT Directional							
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow								
♡	Traffic Flow	0	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)							

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equipped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 3. The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



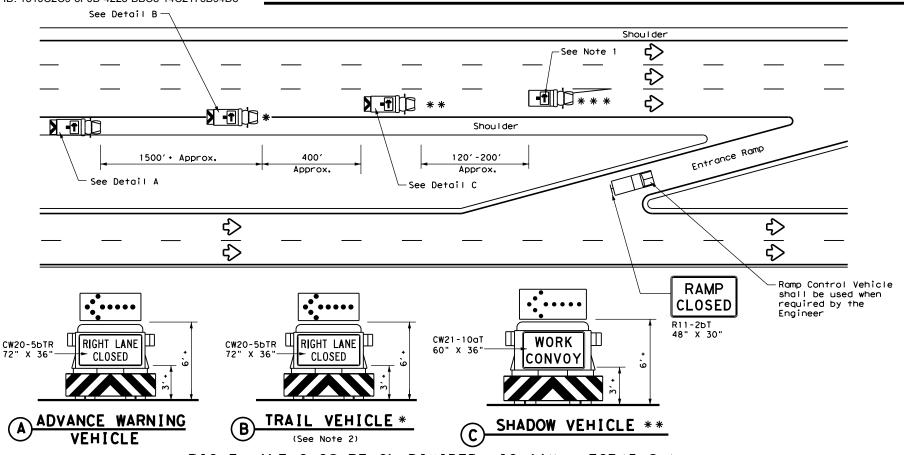


Traffic Operations Division Standard

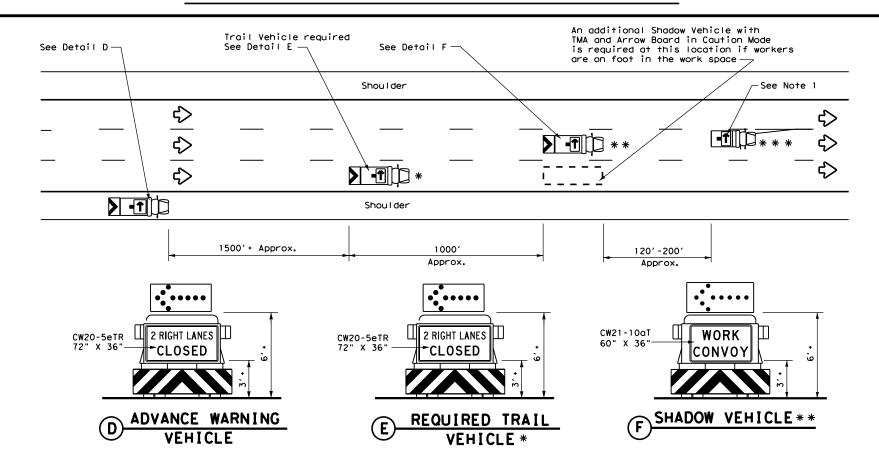
#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-1)-13

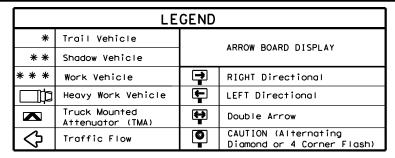
			_			_	
ILE:	tcp3-1.dgn	DN: T:	xDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxD01	December 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		н.	GHWAY
2-94 4	REVISIONS  -98						
2-94 4 8-95 7		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97							42



RIGHT LANE CLOSURE ON DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP (3-20)



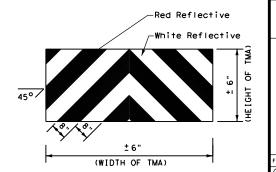
INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE ON MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY - TCP(3-2b)



TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
1								

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- ADVANCE WARNING, TRAIL and SHADOW vehicles shall be equipped with Type B or Type C flashing arrow boards as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. Arrow boards on WORK vehicles will be optional based on the type of work being performed. The arrow boards shall be operated from inside the vehicle.
- For TCP(3-2a) the Engineer will determine if the TRAIL VEHICLE is required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. All other vehicles shown for both TCP(3-2a) and TCP(3-2b) are required.
- The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the ADVANCE WARNING, SHADOW, and TRAIL vehicles are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DMS 8300, Type A.
- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- Standard 48" X 48" diamond shaped warning signs with the same message as those shown may be used where adequate mounting space exists.
- 10. The signs shown should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or a truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board, must be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 12. The principles on this sheet may be used to close lanes from the left side of the roadway considering the number of lanes, shoulder width, sight distance, and ramp
- 13. Signs and flashing arrow board modes shall be appropriately altered when implementing left lane closures or interior closures which close the left lanes.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when shoulder width makes it necessary.



STRIPING FOR TMA

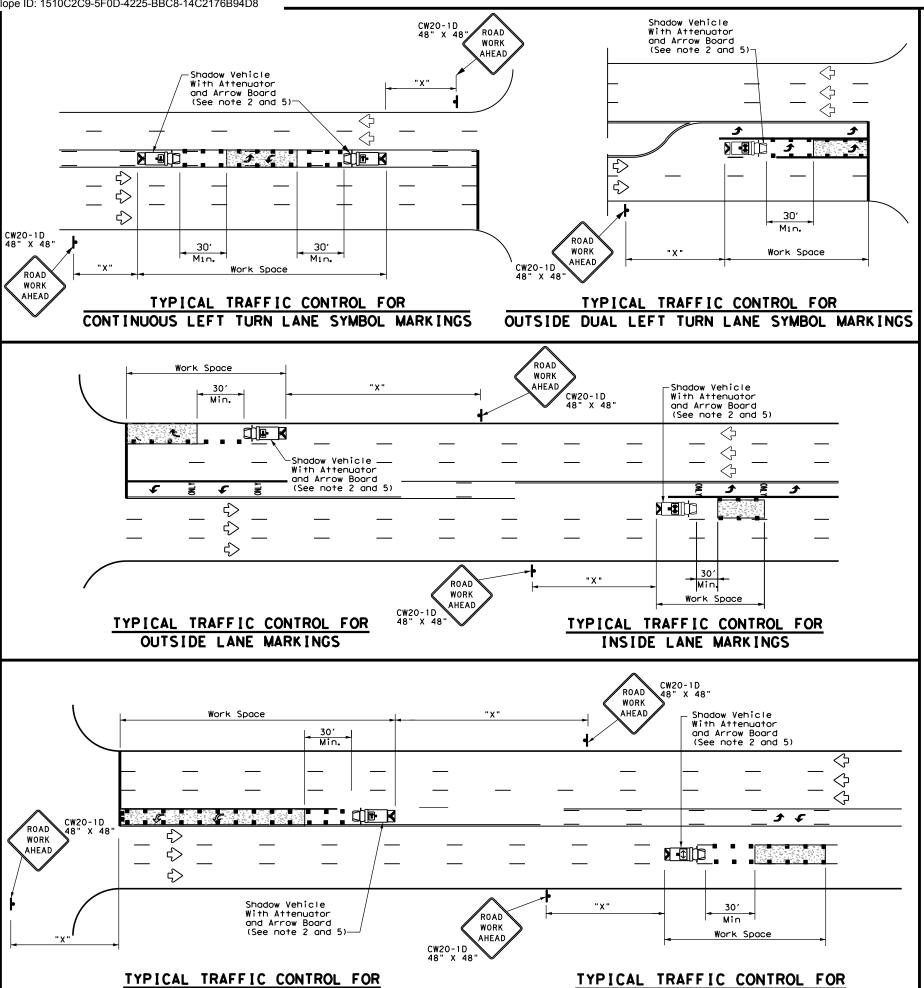


Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS DIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-2) - 13

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TxDOT December 1985		CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
04 4 0	REVISIONS						
94 4-98 95 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
97							43



CENTER LANE MARKINGS

LEFT TURN LANE MARKINGS

	LEGEND								
*	Trail Vehicle	ARROW BOARD DISPLAY							
* *	Shadow Vehicle								
* * *	Work Vehicle	<b>*</b>	RIGHT Directional						
	Heavy Work Vehicle	<b>-</b>	LEFT Directional						
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	<b></b>	Double Arrow						
⟨}	Traffic Flow		Channelizing Devices						

Posted Speed	X X Devices		ng of Lizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	1651	1801	30'	60′	120'	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40'	80'	240'	155′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		500′	550′	6001	50°	100′	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55°	110′	500′	295′
60	- ""	600′	6601	720′	60,	120'	600,	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′
70		700′	770′	840′	701	140′	800′	475′
75		750′	825′	9001	75′	150′	900′	540′

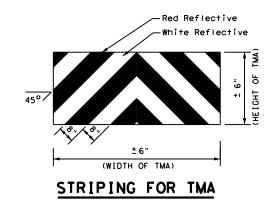
- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
1									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. This traffic control plan is for use on conventional roads posted at 45 mph or less and is intended for mobile operations that move continuously or intermittently (stopping up to approximately 15 minutes) such as short-line striping and in-lane rumble strips. When activities are anticipated to take longer amounts of time or traffic conditions warrant, a short duration or short-term stationary traffic control plan should be used.
- 2. A Truck Mounted Attenuator shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Striping on the back panel of all truck mounted attenuators shall be 8" red and white reflective sheeting placed in an inverted "V" design. Reflective sheeting shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of departmental material specification DMS-8300, Type A.
- 3. All traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD), latest edition.
- 4. The use of yellow rotating beacons or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the drivers side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- 5. Flashing arrow board shall be used on Shadow Vehicle. Flashing arrow board shall be Type B or Type C as per BC Standards. The arrow board operation shall be controlled from inside the truck.

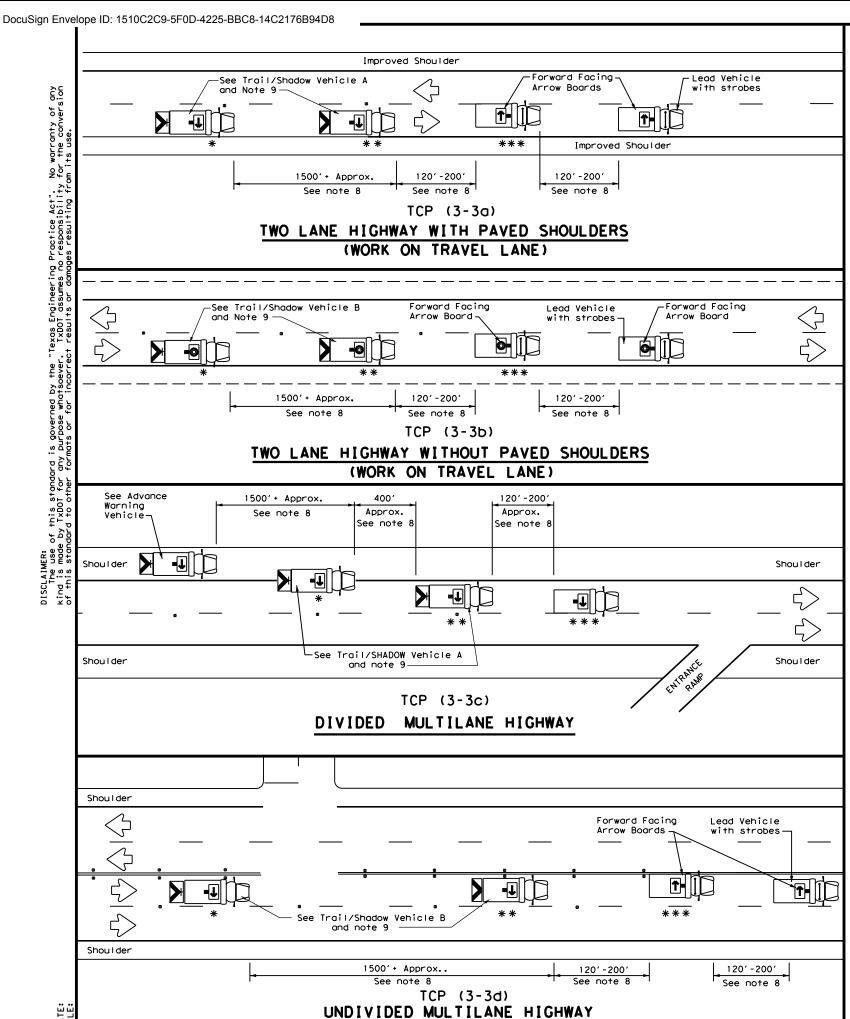


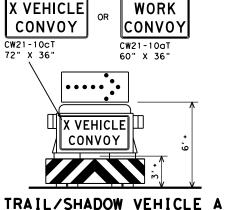


#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS FOR ISOLATED WORK AREAS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

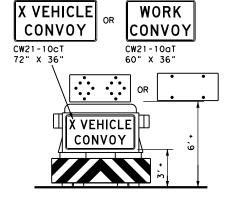
TCP (3-4) -13

LE:	tcp3-4.dgn	DN: T	kDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT	
TxD0T	July, 2013	CONT	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS							
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
							44	



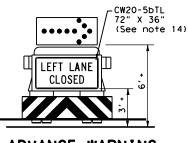


with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

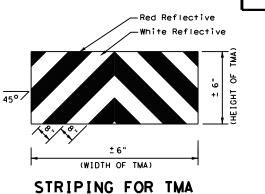


#### TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle RIGHT Directional Work Vehicle Heavy Work Vehicle LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE			INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
1							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on
- prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the omber begoons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.

  When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

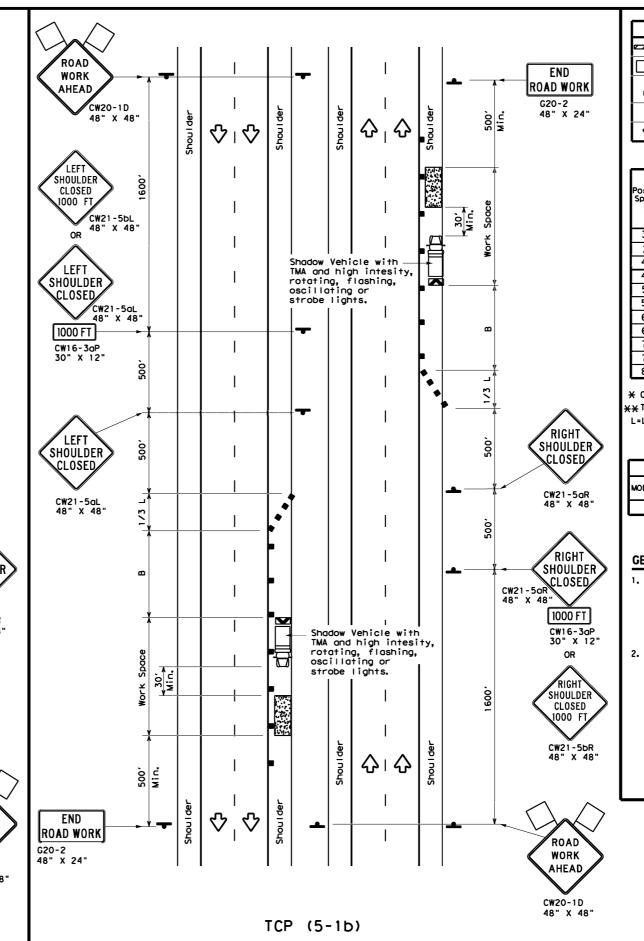
  Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK
- VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors. X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10c1) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10c1) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10DT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15.On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP(3-3)-14

FILE: tcp3-3.dgn	DN: T	<b>KDOT</b>	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
© TxDOT September 1987	CONT	SECT	JOB		ніс	SHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98						
8-95 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97 7-14						45



WORK AREA ON SHOULDER

	LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
_	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Ф	Flagger						

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimur esirab er Len **	le gths	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
30	ws²	150'	165'	1801	30'	60′	90′
35	L= WS	2051	225'	245′	35′	70′	120'
40	ĐΩ	265'	295'	3201	40'	80'	155′
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90′	195'
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100′	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130′	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	801	160′	615'

\* Conventional Roads Only

XXTaper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MP+

	TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY						
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 2. 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

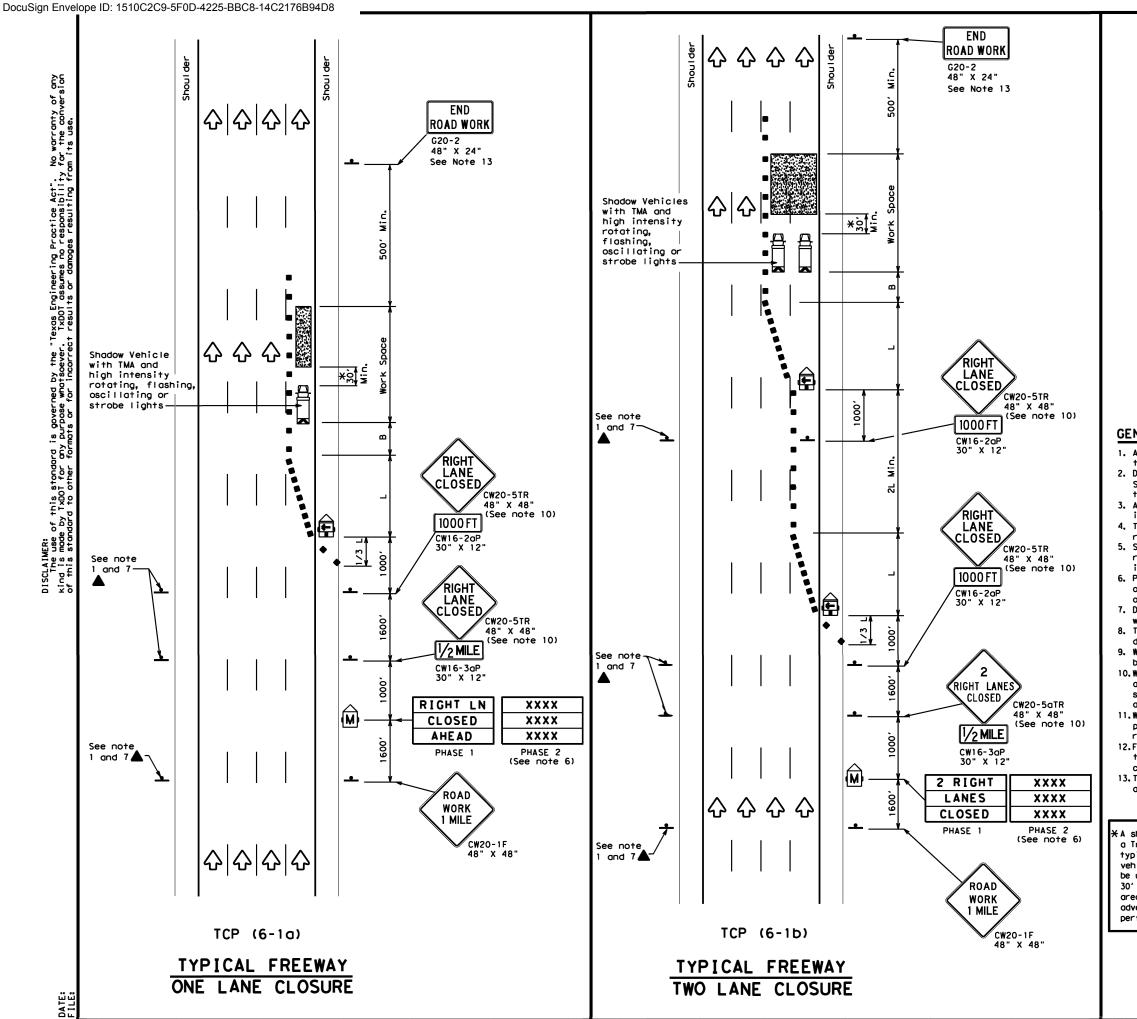


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP(5-1)-18

FILE: †	cp5-1-18.dgn		DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
C TxDOT	February	2012	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	CHWAY
	REVISIONS						II	H 2
2-18			DIST		COUNTY		1	SHEET NO.
			21	Н	IDALGO.	ETC		46



Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Trailer Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Flashing Arrow Board

Flag

Flag

Flag

LEGEND

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Traffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Toper	Minimun esirab Lengti **	le hs "L"	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices On a On a		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "B"
- 45		Offset			Toper	Tangent	1057
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	195′
50		500'	550′	6001	50′	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'	410'
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′ 150′		540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	1	1				

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Drums or 42"cones are the typical channelizing devices. For Intermediate Term Stationary work, drums shall be used on tapers with drums or 42" cones used on tangent sections. Other channelizing devices may be used as directed by the Engineer
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 5. Static message boards or changeable message signs stating the date and duration of ramp or freeway lane closures shall be placed a minimum of seven (7) calendar days in advance of the actual closure.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE LEFT," recommended advisory speed, delay information, or other specific warnings.
- other specific warnings.7. Duplicate construction warning signs should be erected on the medians side of freeways where median width will permit and traffic volume justifies the signing.
- 8. The number of closed lanes may be increased provided the spacing of traffic control
- devices, taper lengths and tangent lengths meet the requirements of the TMUTCD. 9. Warning signs for intermediate term stationary work should be mounted at  $7^{\prime}$  to the
- bottom of the sign.

  10. Warning signs shown shall be appropriately altered for left lane closures. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary or short duration work, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 11. When possible, PCMS units should be located in advance of the last available exit ramp prior to the lane closure to allow motorists an alternate route. They may also be relocated to improve advance warning in case of unanticipated queuing or congestion.
- 12. For Intermediate Term Stationary work at night, floodlights should be used to illuminate the work area and equipment crossings. Floodlights shall not produce a disabling glare condition for road users or workers.
- 13. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shal be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

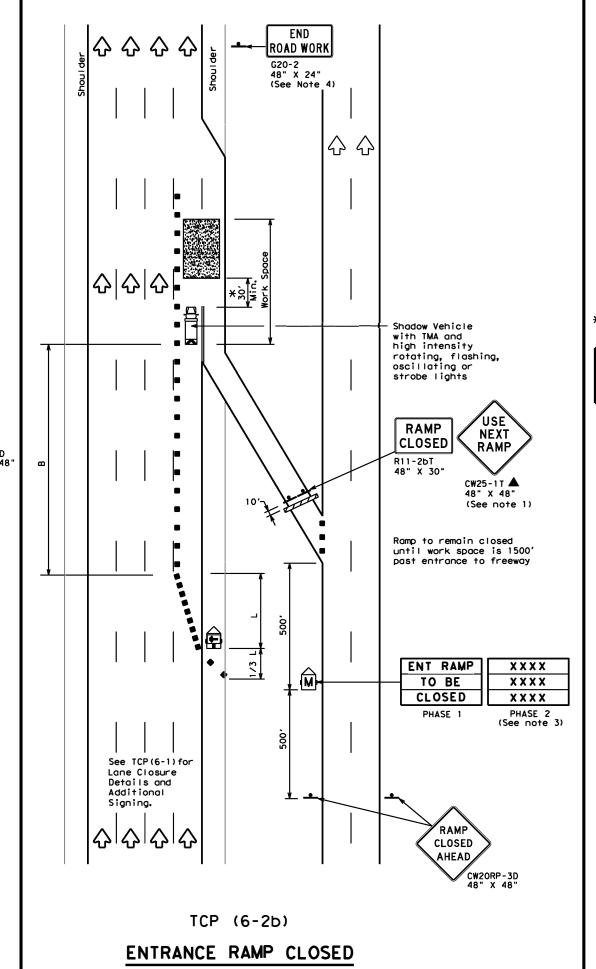


## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY LANE CLOSURES

TCP(6-1)-12

		21	H	I DAL GO,	E٦	ГС	47	
12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET	NO.
12	REVISIONS	5						
TxDOT	February 1998							
E:	tcp6-1.dgn	DN: T	<dot< td=""><td>ck: TxDOT</td><td>Dw:</td><td>TxDOT</td><td>ск: Т</td><td>xDOT</td></dot<>	ck: TxDOT	Dw:	TxDOT	ск: Т	xDOT

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any Kind is made by TXDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TXDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. END ROAD WORK 48" X 24" (See Note 4) CW4-3R 48" X 48" AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" Shadow Vehicle with TMA and MPH high intensity CW13-1P▲ rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights 24" X 24" (Plaque See note 1) 쇼 쇼 See TCP(6-1) for Lane Closure Details and Additional Signing. TCP (6-2a) **ENTRANCE RAMP OPEN** WORK WITHIN 500' OF RAMP



	LEGEND							
	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M)	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	ЦO	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D	Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	195'
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100'	240′
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L-W5	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	701	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′	540'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	4 4						

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. ADDED LANE Symbol (CW4-3) sign may be omitted when sign between romp and mainlane can be seen from both roadways.
- 3. See "Advance Notice List" on BC(6) for recommended date and time formatting options for PCMS Phase 2 message.
- 4. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

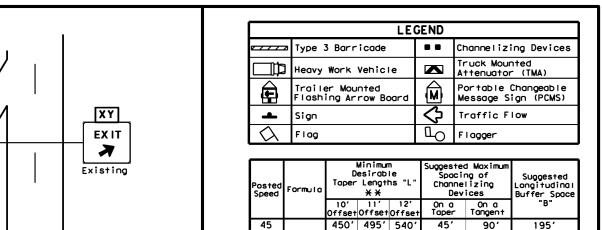
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA NEAR RAMP

TCP (6-2) -12

4-98 8-1	2	21	Н	IDALGO, E	TC	48
1-97 8-98		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	REVISIONS	5	<b>i</b>			IH 2
© TxDOT	February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	Н	IGHWAY
FILE:	tcp6-2.dgn	DN: T:	xD0T	ck: TxDOT Dw:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT



Posted Speed	Formula	**			Spaci: Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	4951	540'	45′	90'	195′
50		500'	550'	600'	50′	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L - # 3	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130'	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	540'
80		800'	880'	9601	80,	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPF

	TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	4 4							

#### GENERAL NOTES:

RAMP

CLOSED

EXIT XY

Street B

EXISTING

RAMP

CLOSED

AHEAD

XX **EXIT** 

X

EXIT XX

Street A

Existing

STREET B

EXIT

CLOSED

EXIT XY

CLOSED

USE

STREET A

EXIT

USE

EXIT XX

Or, as an option when exits are numbered

CW20RP-3D 48" X 48"

R11-2bT 48" X 30"

**&** &

All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND RAMP

TCP (6-3) -12

FILE:	tcp6-3.dgn	DN: T	ĸD0T	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	February 1994	CONT SECT JOB		ніс	HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS	5				II	H 2
1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-12		21	Н	IDAI GO.	FI	C	49

Place 1 mile (approx.) in advance of Street A exit. EXIT RAMP CLOSED TRAFFIC EXITS PRIOR TO CLOSED RAMP

TCP (6-3b)

See TCP(6-1) for

Lane Closure Details and Additional Signing.

Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or

strobe lights

RAMP CLOSED R11-2bT 48" X 30"

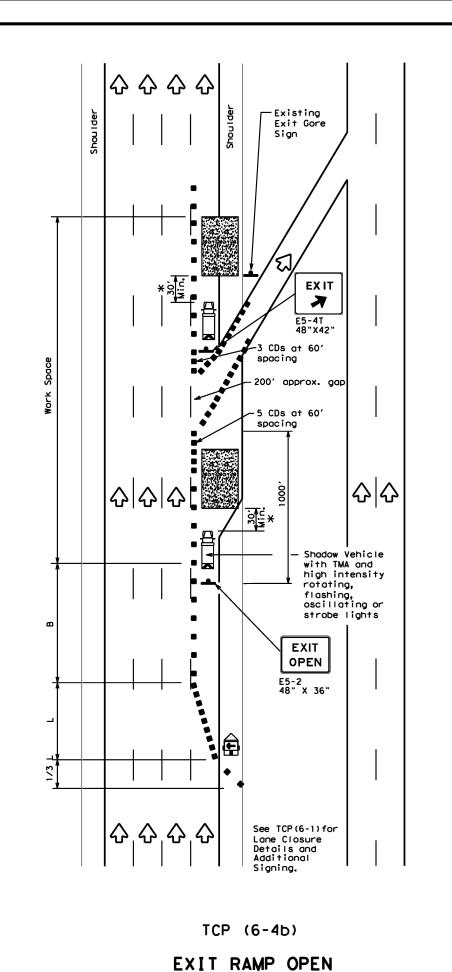
DISCLAIMER:
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Kind is made by IxBOI for any purpose whatsoever. TxBOI assumes no responsibility for the conversion
of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

TCP (6-4a)

EXIT RAMP CLOSED
TRAFFIC EXITS PAST CLOSED RAMP

Place 1 mile (approx.)

in advance of closed ramp.



Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Channelizing Devices (CDs)

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flag

Flagger

Posted Speed			Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths "L" **			d Maximum ng of lizing ices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	1951
50		500'	550′	600'	50′	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′
60	L-W3	600'	660′	720'	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65′	130'	410'
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	9601	80'	160'	615'

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
	1	1	1			

#### GENERAL NOTES

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- 2. See BC Standards for sign details.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



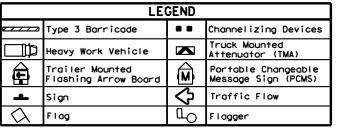
## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA AT EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-4) -12

			•	- •	_	_	
FILE:	tcp6-4.dgn	DN: T	(DOT	ск: ТхDОТ	DW:	TxDOT	ск: TxDOT
© TxDOT	Feburary 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
	REVISIONS	5				I	H 2
1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
4-98 8-1	2	21	Н	IDALGO.	E	TC	50

TCP (6-5a)

EXIT RAMP OPEN



Posted Speed	Formula	D	Minimum esirab Length **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"
45		450'	495'	540'	45′	90'	195′
50		5001	550'	600'	50'	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	6601	55'	110'	295′
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720′	60'	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	7801	65′	130′	410'
70		700′	770′	840'	701	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	900'	75'	150'	540′
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$ in the plans.
- 2. See BC standards for sign details.
- If adequate longitudinal buffer length "B" does not exist between the work space and the exit ramp, consideration should be given to closing

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

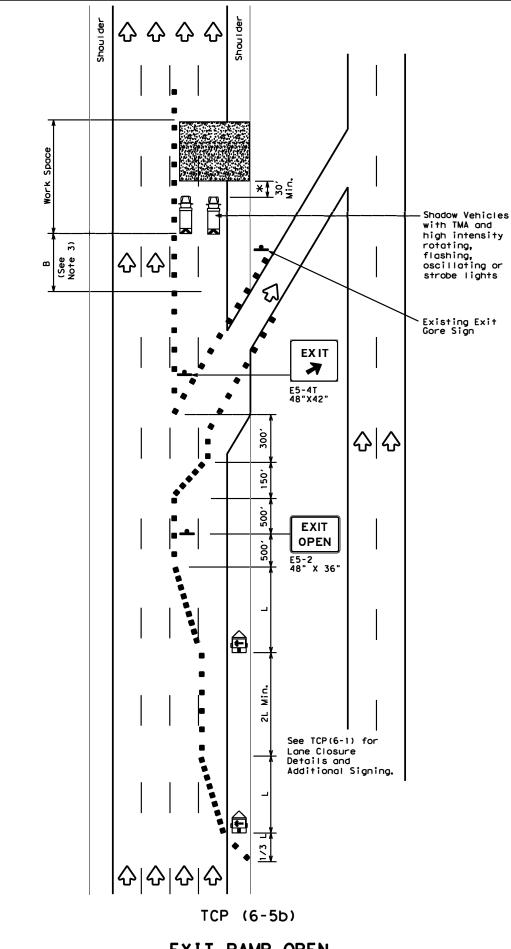
Additional requirements for lane closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer



#### TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK AREA BEYOND EXIT RAMP

TCP (6-5) -12

_		_	_			
LE: tcp6-5.dgn	DN: Tx	(DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TXDOT Feburary 1998	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS	5				Į ŀ	1 2
-97 8-98	DIST		COUNTY		S	HEET NO.
-98 8-12	21	H]	DALGO,	E٦	C	51 .



-Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity

rotating, flashing, oscillating or

strobe lights

Existing Exit Gore Sign

**EXIT** 

A E5-4T 48"X42"

> **EXIT** OPEN

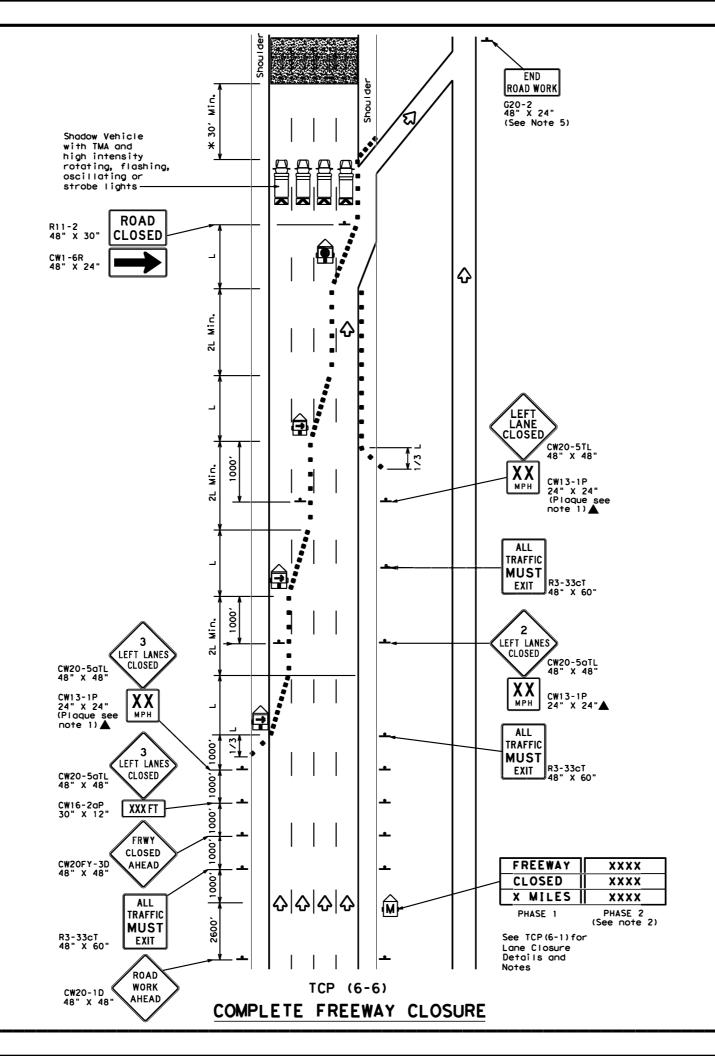
E5-2 48" X 36"

See TCP(6-1) for

Additional Signing.

Details and

EXIT RAMP OPEN TWO LANE CLOSURE WITHIN 1500' PAST EXIT RAMP



	LEGEND									
~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices							
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)							
<b>1</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)							
	Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode	❖	Traffic Flow							
_	Sign									

Posted Speed			Minimur esirab Lengtl **		Spaci: Channe		Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"B"
45		450'	495′	540'	45′	90'	195'
50		500'	550'	600'	50′	100'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295'
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650'	715′	780′	65`	130'	410'
70		7001	7701	840'	70′	140'	475′
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'	540′
80		8001	880'	960'	80'	160'	615′

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE										
MOBILE	MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- All traffic control devices illustrated ore REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans.
- Phase 2 of the PCMS message should include appropriate information formatted as shown on BC(6), such as "MERGE RIGHT," recommended speed, delay, exit information, or other specific warnings.
- 3. Where queuing is anticipated beyond signing shown, additional PCMS signs, other warning signs, devices or Law Enforcement Officers should be available to warn approaching high speed traffic of the end of the queue, as directed by the Engineer.
- 4. Entrance romps located from the advance warning area to the exit romp should be closed whenever possible.
- The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.

\*A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used if it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

Additional requirements for lone closures and advance signing shall be as shown on TCP (6-1) or as directed by the Engineer.



## TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FREEWAY CLOSURE

TCP(6-6)-12

1-97 8-98 4-98 8-12		21	Н	IDALGO, E	TC	52
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
	REVISIONS	5				IH 2
C TxDOT	February 1994	CONT	SECT	JOB	Н	IGHWAY
FILE:	tcp6-6.dgn	DN: 1	KDO I	CK:  XDO  DW:	1 xDO1	CK: TXDOT

temporary roadway closure sequence. Duplicate signs should be erected on the median side of the roadway when median width permits. Warning signs should not be placed on the paved shoulders that will be used by the WARNING LEOV, or where movement of the LEOVs or barrier vehicles will be impeded.

500' Work

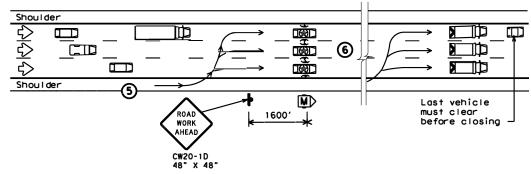
¥ Should be repeated

in sequence every

1000' until reaching

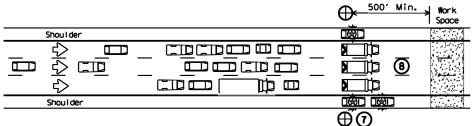
Varies 1000' Min. Min. Space

- (2) Prior to beginning the roadway closure sequence, all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items necessary to complete the work should be gathered near the work area. Entrance ramps located in the
- There should be one LEOV for every lane to be controlled, plus a minimum of one to warn traffic approaching a queue. An additional lead law enforcement officer is desirable to remain with the Engineer's or Contractor's point of contact (POC) during the operation in order to improve communication with all LEOVs involved.
- ① One barrier vehicle with a Truck Mounted Attenuator and amber or blue and amber high intensity flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting shall be used for each lane to be closed.



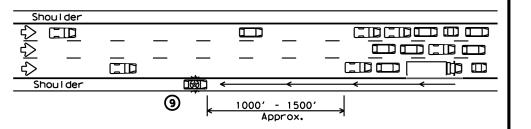
#### 2 REDUCING SPEED OPERATION

- (5) Starting position of the LEOVs should be in advance of the most distant warning signs.
- 6 Once the LEOVs have achieved an abreast blocking formation while traveling toward the CP, emergency lights and headlights should be turned "ON". The LEOVs should maintain formation, not allow traffic to pass, and begin to decelerate. The LEOVs should continue to decelerate, giving the barrier vehicles opportunity to be staged upstream of the work space after traffic has cleared. The LEOVs should then continue to decelerate slowly until bringing traffic to a stop near the barrier vehicles.



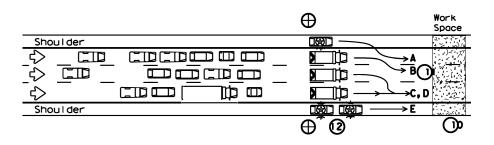
#### 3 ALL TRAFFIC STOPPED AT CP

- (7) Once traffic is stopped the LEOVs should park on the shoulders with emergency lighting "ON" in order to provide law enforcement presence at the closure and keep shoulders blocked ahead of the work space. They should stay in radio contact with the WARNING LEOV.
- The barrier vehicles should be parked, one in each lane, the parking brake set, with the high visibility flashing/oscillating/strobe lighting "ON," and the transmission in gear.



#### WARNING THE TRAFFIC QUEUE

The WARNING LEOV should proceed to the right shoulder of the roadway, with emergency lights on approximately 1000' in advance of the traffic queue (stopped traffic) as the queue develops. When determined that limited sight distance situations (crest of hills, sharp roadway curvature, etc.) may occur to motorists approaching the queue, the WARNING LEOV may proceed 1/4 mile or more in advance of the queue.



#### RELEASING STOPPED TRAFFIC

- (OAII equipment, materials, personnel, and other items should be removed from the roadway and maintain an adequate clear zone.
- (1)When the roadway is clear for traffic, the LEOV should proceed forward from the left shoulder followed by the barrier vehicles, from left to right, as shown alphabetically in the plan view.
- (2) The LEOV or LEOVs on the right shoulder may remain on the shoulder until satisfied that traffic is moving satisfactorily before merging or proceeding.
- (13)LEOVs and barrier vehicles should re-group at their respective starting positions if necessary.

	LEGEND								
••	Channelizing Devices	$\oplus$	Control Position (CP)						
M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)		Barrier Vehicle with Truck Mounted Attenuator						
	Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle(LEOV)	♦	Traffic Flow						

TYPICAL USAGE									
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TERM DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONARY									
	1								

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1.All traffic control devices shall conform with the latest edition of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD). Additional guidelines for traffic control devices may be found in the TMUTCD. Signs conflicting with the roadway closure sequence should be completely removed or covered. Additional traffic control devices may be required for closure of access roads, cross streets, exit and entrance ramps as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Law enforcement officers and all workers involved should review and understand all procedures before the roadway closure sequence begins. Pre-work meetings may be held for this purpose. Local emergency services and media should have advance notification of roadway closure, expected dates and approximate times of closures.
- 3. Law enforcement officers shall be in uniform and have jurisdiction in the locale of the work area. An additional WARNING Law Enforcement Officer's Vehicle (LEOV) may be used on the median side of the roadway where median shoulder width permits (See sequence #9 ).
- 4. The roadway closure should be during off-peak hours, as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 5. Work should be limited to approximately 15 minutes maximum duration unless otherwise directed by the Engineer based on existing roadway conditions. If the work is not complete within 15 minutes, or if the end of the traffic queue extends past the most distant advance warning signs, the work area should be cleared of all equipment, materials, personnel, and other items, and the roadway reopened. When the queue has dissipated and the traffic flow appears normal the roadway closure sequence may be repeated.
- 6. For traffic volumes greater than 1000 Passenger Cars Per Hour Per Lane (PCPHPL), or for roadway closures that exceed 15 minutes, see details elsewhere in the plan,
- 7. If traffic queues beyond the advance warning signs during one road closure sequence, the advance warning should be extended prior to repeating the road closure sequence. When possible, PCMS signs should be located in advance of the last available exit prior to the closure to allow motorists the choice of an alternate route.

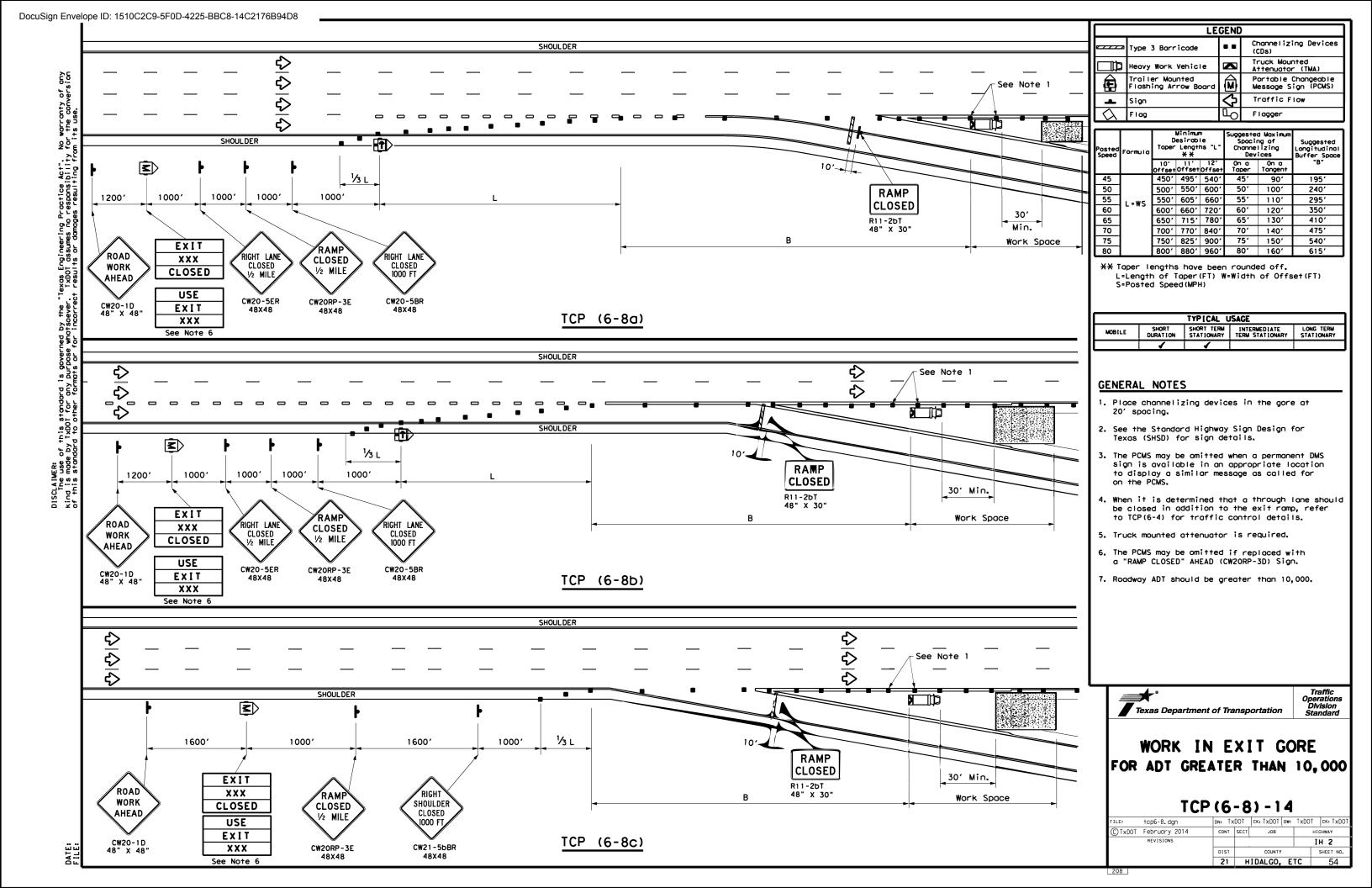
THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE USED AT LOCATIONS/TIMES WHEN TRAFFIC VOLUMES ARE LESS THAN 1000 PASSENGER CARS PER HOUR PER LANE.

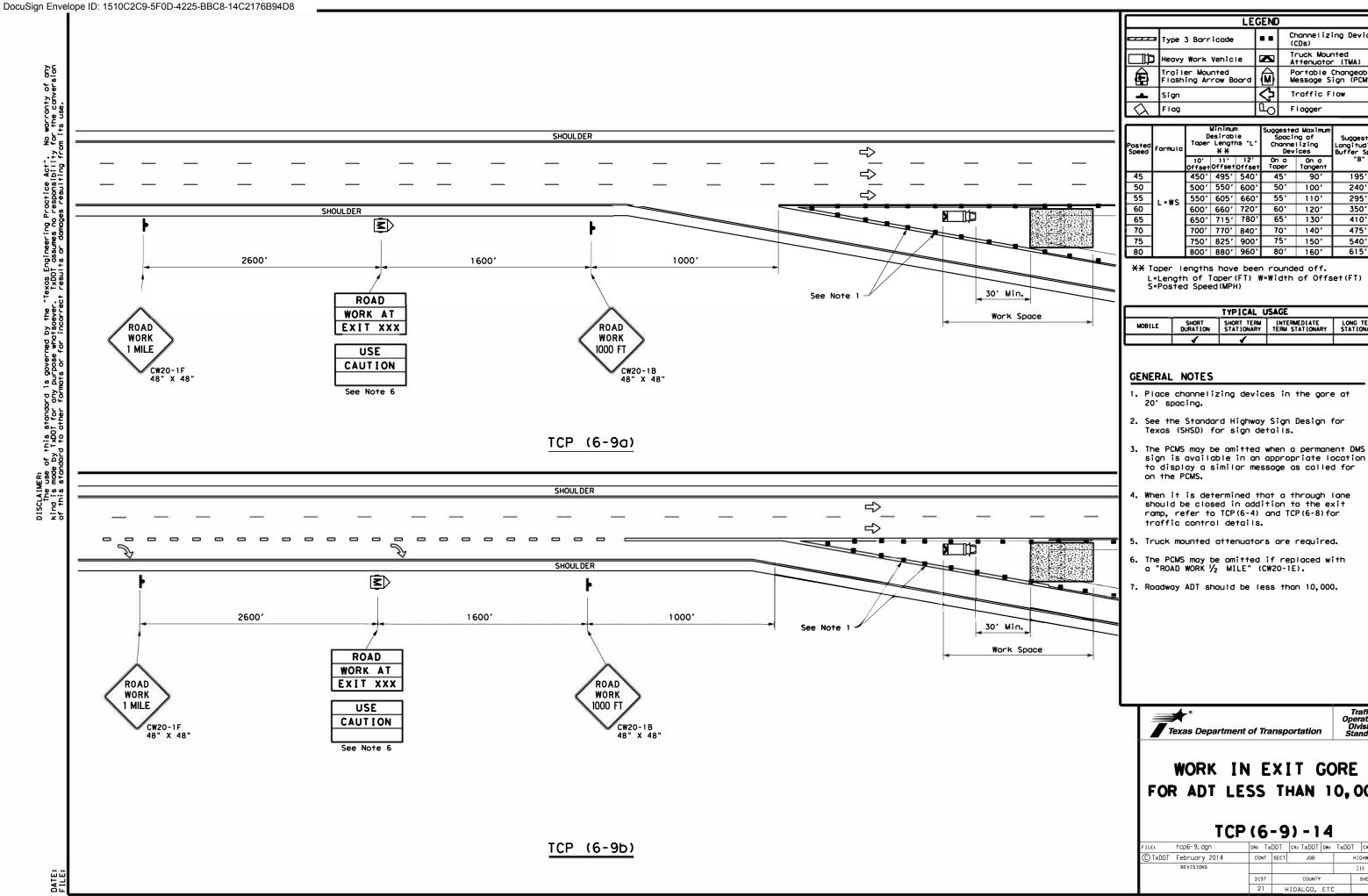


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHORT DURATION FREEWAY **CLOSURE SEQUENCE** 

TCP (6-7) - 12

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Channelizing Devices (CDs) Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA) Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Traffic Flow Flagger

Posted Speed	Formulo	D	Minimur esirob Lengti **	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Suggested Langitudinal Buffer Space	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"	
45		4501	4951	540'	45'	90'	195′	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	1001	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	295′	
60	L-W3	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	350′	
65		650'	7151	780′	65′	130'	410'	
70		700′	7701	840'	70′	140'	475′	
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150'	540'	
80		800,	880'	960'	80'	160'	615'	

\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT)
S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYP1CAL USAGE									
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY					
	7	1	Ĭ						

- 1. Place channelizing devices in the gore at
- sign is available in an appropriate location to display a similar message as called for
- should be closed in addition to the exit ramp, refer to TCP(6-4) and TCP(6-8) for

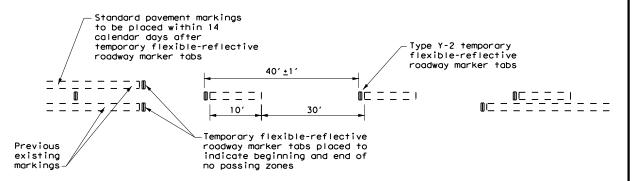
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

#### WORK IN EXIT GORE FOR ADT LESS THAN 10,000

TCP (6-9) -14

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#### TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

#### "DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- 3. At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as often as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one individual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

#### "LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the povement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ (STPM) standard sheet.

#### COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120′
35	160′
40	240′
45	320′
50	400′
55	500′
60	600,
65	700′
70	800′
75	900′

\* Conventional Roads Only

	TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		✓	<b>√</b>

#### GENERAL NOTES

- The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing povement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

# TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

TCP(7-1)-13

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1-97 7-13							56

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

Pavement Edge

Taper

8" Solid White Line

See note 3

6" Solid Yellow-

6" Solid White

Edae Line

Edge Line —

6" Solid Yellow

Edge Line

8" Dotted

Extension

White

-6" Solid White

Edge Line

Shoul der

6" Solid

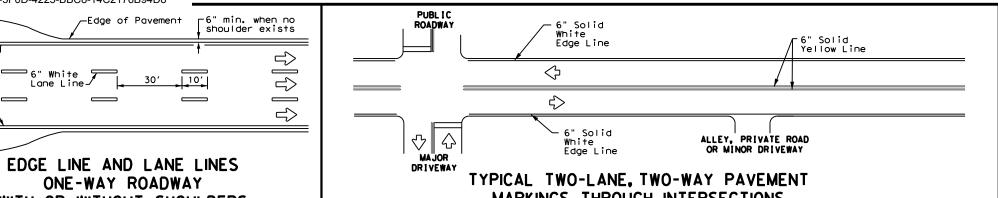
Edge Line-

6" Solid

Edge Line-

White

Yellow

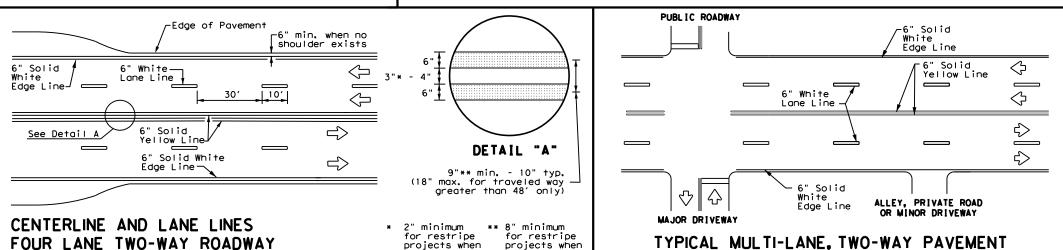


#### ONE-WAY ROADWAY MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

projects when

the Engineer.

approved by

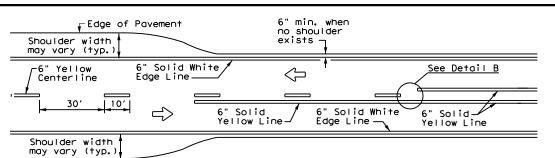


projects when

approved by

 $\triangleleft$ 

the Engineer.



#### TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

-See Note 2⊃

20" max.

ΔΔΔΔΔ

∟48" min.

line to stop/yield

from edge

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY CROSSOVERS

16" min. - Y

10′

 $\Rightarrow$ 

—See Note 1-

Storage

Deceleration

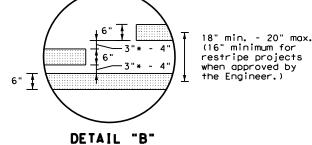
6" White Lane Line\_

-6" Solid Yellow Line

\_

-6" White Lane Line

Lines



2" minimum for restripe projects when approved by the Engineer.

1. Where divided highways are separated by median widths at the median opening itself of 30 feet or more, median openings shall be signed as two separate intersections.

Each median opening has two width measurements, with one measurement for each approach. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if signs are required. Yield signs are the typical intersection control. Stop signs and stop bars are optional as determined by the Engineer.

3"to 12"+| +

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or greater than 45 MPH.

YIELD LINES

12" 3" to 12" + 1 + 18" T V V V V V

For posted speed on road

being marked equal to or less than 40 MPH.

2. Install median striping (double yellow centerlines and stop lines/yield yield signs.

MARKINGS THROUGH INTERSECTIONS

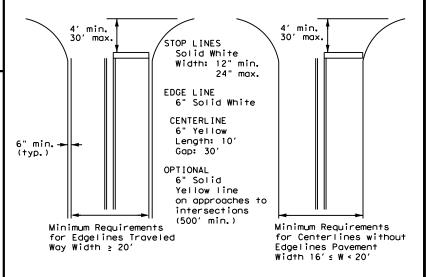
shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel. It does not include the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the center of edge line to the center of edge line of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



NOTE: Traveled way is exclusive of shoulder widths. Refer to General Note 2 for additional details.

#### GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Roadways

Texas Department of Transportation



Traffic Safety Division Standard

PM(1)-22

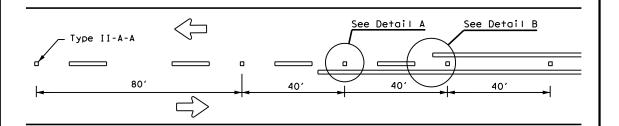
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8-95 3-03 12-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-12						57

#### NOTES

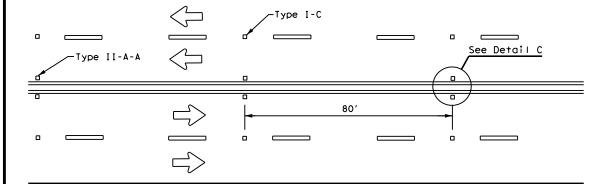
lines) when a 50' or greater median centerline can be placed. Stop lines shall only be used with stop signs. Yield lines shall only be used with

3. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths

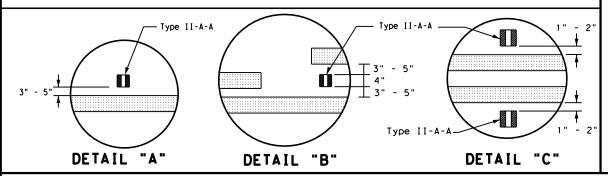
## REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE



#### CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS

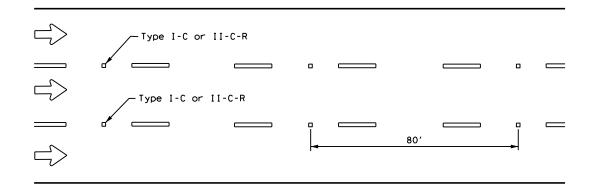


### CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY ROADWAYS



# Centerline Symmetrical around centerline Type II-A-A Type II-A-A Type I-C

#### CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE

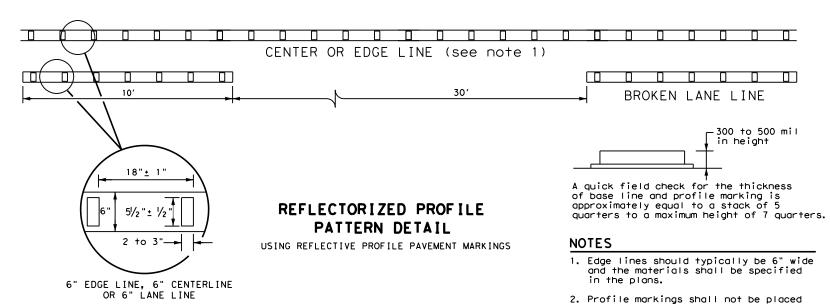


#### LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic. See Note 3.

on roadways with a posted speed limit

of 45 MPH or less.

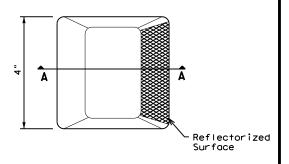


#### GENERAL NOTES

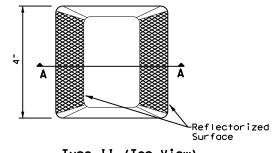
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between
- On concrete pavements, the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal ioints.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided roadways, flush medians, and two way left turn lanes. Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.

	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

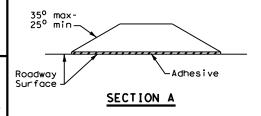
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS PM(2)-22

FILE: pm2-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
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5-00 2-12					58

22E

Paved Shoulder

300' -500

(Optional)

Pavement

RIGHT LANE

Edge

6" Dotted White

D/2

W9-2TL

Lane Line

D/4

MERGE

#### NOTES

- 1. Lane reduction pavement markings are used where the number of through lanes is reduced because of narrowing of the roadway or because of a section of on\_street parking in\_what would otherwise be a through lane. For Texas Super 2 Passing Lanes, see TS2(PL) standard sheets.
- 2. On divided highways, an additional RIGHT LANE ENDS (W9-1R) sign may be installed in the median aligned with the W9-1R sign on the right side of the highway.
- 3. Lane reduction arrows are required for speeds of 45 mph or greater. An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- For lane reductions on Freeways and Expressways, signing shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.

	D WARNING	
Posted Speed	D (ft)	L (f†)
30 MPH	460	<sub>wc</sub> 2
35 MPH	565	L = WS <sup>2</sup>
40 MPH	670	00
45 MPH	775	
50 MPH	885	
55 MPH	990	
60 MPH	1,100	L=WS
65 MPH	1,200	
70 MPH	1,250	
75 MPH	1,350	

Type II-A-A Markers  $\diamondsuit$ 20  $\diamondsuit$ ₹>

A two-way left-turn (TWLT) lane-use arrow pavement marking should be used at or just downstream from the beginning of a two-way left-turn lane within a corridor. Repeating the marking after each intersection or dedicated turn bay is not required unless stated elsewhere in the plans.

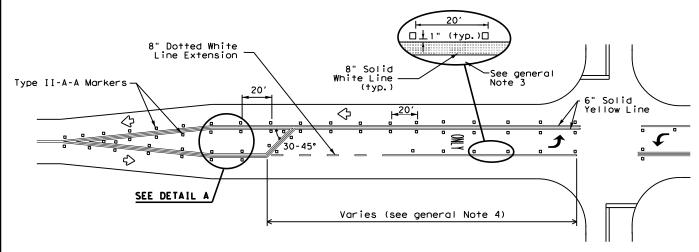
#### TYPICAL TRANSITION FOR TWLTL AND DIVIDED HIGHWAY

#### GENERAL NOTES

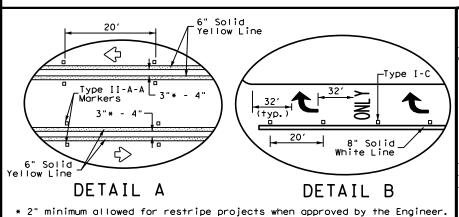
- 1. Lane use word and arrow markings shall be used where through lanes approaching an intersection become mandatory turn lanes. Lane use word and arrow markings should be used in auxiliary lanes of substantial length. Lane use arrow markings or word and arrow markings may be used in other lanes and turn bays for emphasis. Details for words and arrows are as shown in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas.
- 2. When lane-use words and arrow markings are used. two sets of arrows should be used if the length of the bay is greater than 180 feet. When a single lane use arrow or word and arrow marking is used for a short turn lane, it should be located at or near the upstream end of the full-width turn lane.
- Use raised pavement marker Type I-C with undivided highways, flush medians and two way left turn Use raised pavement marker Type II-C-R with divided highways and raised medians.
- 4. Length of turn bays, including taper, deceleration, and storage lengths shall be as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. See Chapter 3 of the Roadway Design Manual for additional information on turning lanes or storage lengths.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200			
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100			
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130			
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200			
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220			
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240			

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



#### TYPICAL TWO-LANE ROADWAY INTERSECTION WITH LEFT TURN BAYS

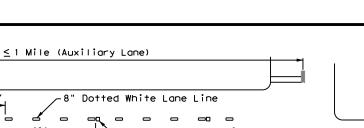




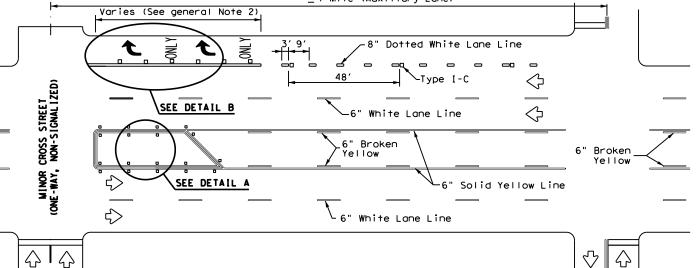
#### 'WO-WAY LEFT TURN LANES. RURAL LEFT TURN BAYS. AND LANE REDUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS PM(3) - 22

Traffic Safety Division Standard

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LANE REDUCTION

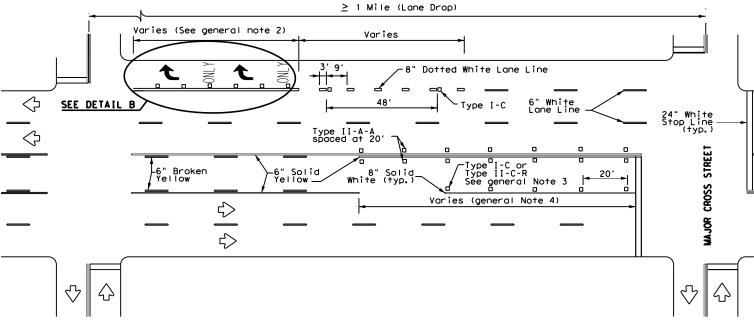


Lane-Reduction

Arrow

D/4

#### TYPICAL TWLTL AT ONE-WAY STREET AND RIGHT TURN AUXILIARY LANE



TYPICAL TWLTL AT TWO-WAY CROSS STREET AND RIGHT TURN LANE DROP

#### HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK AT CONTROLLED APPROACH

#### See Notes-1 & 2 Shou I der 20' - 50' 24" White $\langle \vdash$ crosswalk lines Center of crosswalk\_ 24" White $\Diamond$ line to lane line stop line Center of crosswalk 24" White $\Rightarrow$ line to center of stop line travel lane Center of crosswalk line $\Rightarrow$ to shoulder line (if 20' - 50' shoulder is present) Shoulder R1-5b -See Notes 1 & 2

#### UNSIGNALIZED MIDBLOCK HIGH-VISIBILITY LONGITUDINAL CROSSWALK

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Longitudinal crosswalk lines should not be placed in the wheel path of vehicles. Center the crosswalk lines on travel lanes. lane lines, and shoulder lines (if present).
- 2. A minimum 6" clear distance shall be provided to the curb face. If the last crosswalk line falls into this distance it must be
- 3. For divided roadways, adjustments in spacing of the crosswalk lines should be made in the median so that the crosswalk lines are maintained in their proper location across the travel portion of the roadway.
- 4. At skewed crosswalks, the crosswalk lines are to remain parallel to the lane lines.
- 5. Each crosswalk shall be a minimum of 6' wide.
- 6. The High-Visibility Longitudinal Crosswalk is the preferred crosswalk pattern on State Highways. Other crosswalk patterns as shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" may be used. All crosswalk designs and dimension shall comply with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- 7. Final placement of Stop Bar and Crosswalk shall be approved by the Engineer in the field.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

#### NOTES:

- 1. Use stop bars with Stop Here For Pedestrians (R1-5b) signs at unsignalized midblock cross walks.
- 2. Use stop bars with STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6 or R10-6a) signs at mid block crosswalks controlled by traffic signals or pedestrian hybrid beacons.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

#### CROSSWALK PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PM(4)-22A

ı	FILE: pm4-22a,dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
ı	© TxDOT December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	GHWAY
ı	REVISIONS 6-20						
ı	6-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	12-22						60

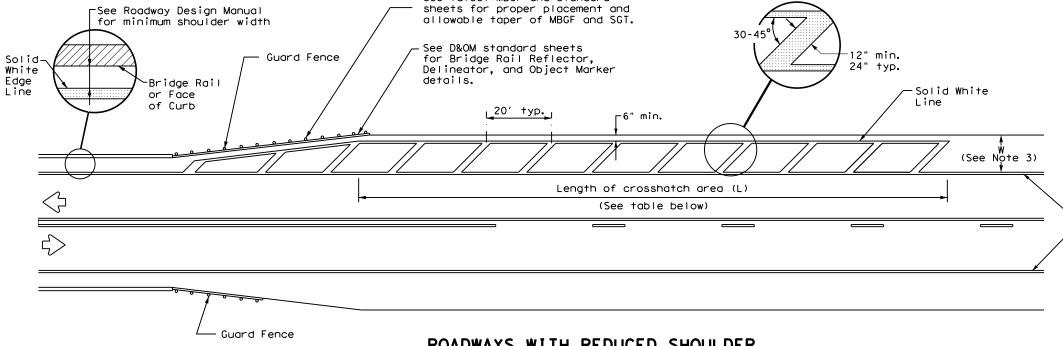
#### NOTES

- Edge line striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edge line should not be placed less than 4 inches from the bridge rail or face of curb or 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions.
- 2. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional. If used, the no-passing zone shall be a minimum 500 feet long from the beginning of the bridge.
- 3. The crosshatching should be required if the shoulder width in advance of the bridge is 4 feet or wider and a reduction of at least 3 feet in shoulder width across the bridge occurs.
- On divided highways, review both the right and left shoulder widths for the need for narrow bridge pavement markings.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

-Solid White Edge Line



See latest MBGF and standard

ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

CROSSHATCH	LENGTH (L)
Posted Speed (MPH)	L (f†)
30	
35	300 f†
40	300 11
45	
50	
55	
60	500 f†
65	300 11
70	
75	

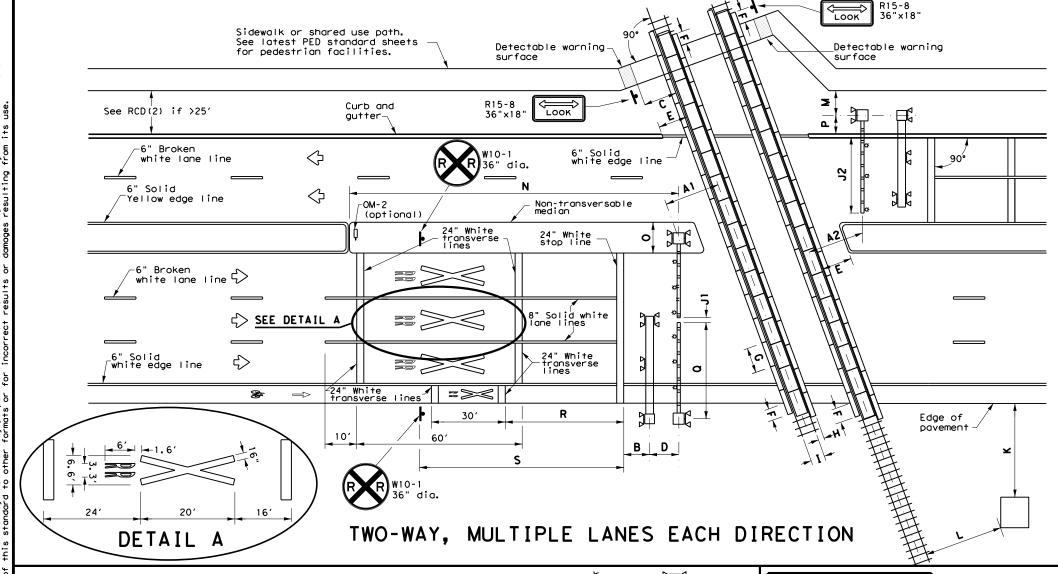


Traffic Safety Division Standard

PAVEMENT MARKINGS FOR ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

PM(5)-22

FILE: pr	n5-22 <b>.</b> dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C TxDOT	December 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	SHWAY
	REVISIONS						
		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
							61



#### NOTES

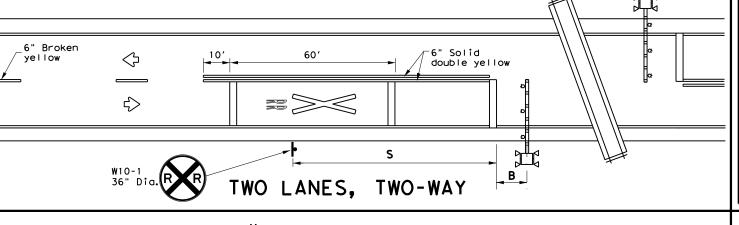
- Al: Center of RR most to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical.
- A2: Tip of gate to center of rail: 12' minimum, 15' typical,
- B: Center of mast (cantilever, gate, or mast flasher) of nearest active traffic control device to stop line: 8' (NOTE: Stop line may be moved as needed, but should be at least 8' back from gates, if present).
- C: Near edge of detectable warning surface to nearest rail: 12' minimum.
- D: Center of gate mast to center of cantilever mast: 6' typical. NOTE: Cantilever may be located in front or behind gates.
- E: Edge of median or curb to nearest rail: 10' typical. NOTE: Design median edge to be parallel with rail.
- F: Edge of planking panel from edge of pavement or sidewalk: 3' minimum. NOTE: Field panels need not be in line with gauge panels.
- G: Length of panels along rail: 8' typical.
- H: Width of field panel: 2' typical (check with railroad company).
- I: Distance between rails: 4' 8'1/2".

GENERAL NOTES

- J1: Tip of gate to tip of gate: 2' maximum.
- J2: 90% of traveled roadway to be covered by gate.
- K: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from edge of pavement: 30' typical. NOTE: Cabinet not required to be parallel to edge of pavement.
- L: Nearest edge of RR cabinet from nearest rail: 25' typical.
- M: Center of RR mast to edge of sidewalk: 6' minimum.
- N: Center of gate mast to leading edge of non-traversable median: 100' minimum to qualify as a Quiet Zone SSM. NOTE: 60'will suffice if there is a street intersection within the 100' and all street intersections within 60' are closed.
- O: Width of median for RR gate assembly: 8'-6" minimum, 10' typical when using median gates. NOTE: Center of gate mast minimum 4'-3" from face of curb.
- P: Center of RR mast to face of curb: 5'-3" minimum.

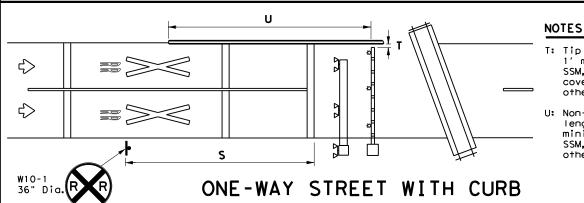
  Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (with shoulder): 7' minimum. Center of RR mast to edge of pavement (no shoulder): 9'-3" minimum. NOTE: Final location determined by the railroad company.
- Q: Gate length: 28' or less typical, but railroad company may allow up to 32' under special circumstances.
- R: Stop line to first RR Crossing transverse line (bike lane): 50' typical.
- S: Stop line to GRADE CROSSING ADVANCE WARNING (W10-1) sign and adjacent RR Crossing pavement markings. See Table 1. See RCD(2) for other signs.

Medians and curbs must be non-traversable to qualify

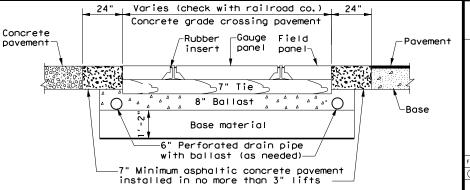


T. 0.		١.		
TABLE 1			LEG	END
Approach Speed (mph)	Desirable Placement		•	Sign
Speed (ilipit)	(feet)		0	Object Marker
20	100	Ш	-	•
25	100		$\Diamond$	Traffic Flow
30	100	Ш		
35	100			Cantilever
40	125		_ <del>* *</del>	Gate Assembly
45	1 75	Ш		Outc Addemoty
50	250		٩	Mast Flasher
55	325	Ш	٧	Pair
60	400	l '		
65	475			
70	550			
75	650			

- as a Quiet Zone Supplementary Safety Measure (SSM). Non-traversable curbs in Quiet Zones are 6" tall minimum and used on roadways where speed does not exceed 40 mph.
- 2. Raised pavement markers may be used to supplement striping. See PM(2) and PM(3) standard sheets.
- Medians preferred whenever possible to prevent vehicles from driving around gates.
- Longitudinal edge striping may be continued thru crossing as needed. Illumination may also be considered for nighttime visibility.
- 5. See SMD standard sheets for sign mounting details.
- See the Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas (SHSD) manual for sign and pavement marking details.



- T: Tip of gate to edge of curb: maximum for Quiet Zone SSM, 90% of traveled way covered by gates for all other locations.
- U: Non-traversable curb length from gate: 100′ minimum for a Quiet Zone SSM, 10' minimum for all other locations.



CROSSING SURFACE CROSS SECTION

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Safety Division Standard RAILROAD CROSSING

DETAILS SIGNING, STRIPING, AND DEVICE PLACEMENT RCD(1)-22

rod1-22.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO (C)TxDOT November 2022 JOB 5HEET NO. 11-22

W10-5 LOW GROUN W10-5P CLEARANCE 30" X 24 IF NEEDED IF NEEDED R15-1 Minimum 6' median Minimum 7' median ро иот RORD  $\stackrel{\square}{\Rightarrow}$ (ROS A) 48" X 9 width to support sign width to support sign STOP **6** (7)**b** ON TRACKS 27" X 18 TRACKS ALL WAY R1-3P (1) (5) **k** "B" -Side lights (if "A" <100′) 6 W3-1 x 30 5 R8-8 24" X 30" 34 1) h **5** 6 See Table 1 R15-1 48" X 9" R15-1 48" X 9" 1-800-555-555 ROSSING 836 597 TWO-WAY WITH MEDIAN ົ|3 ໂ "A" >100 R15-2P "A" <100' Sign may TRACKS 27" X 18' be placed See Table 1. Place pavement markings 1) h NO GATES (5) **b** perpend. NO GATES W10-13P OR LIGHTS 30" x 24" TRACKS 27" X 18 and signs on opposite side of See Table 1. Place pavement markings and signs to travel YIELD between rail and intersection if spacing from intersection from rail if spacing lanes. from Table 1 would put markings Table 1 would put markings within intersection. (11) \*\*

 $\equiv \geq$ 

See Table 1

ONE-WAY

TWO ADJACENT CROSSINGS

(4)

and adjacent signs required

when tracks are more than

100' apart.

See Table 1 4(5) 46 **4**(1) **4**(7) 45  $\bigcirc$  $\leq >$  $\Rightarrow$ NOTE **5** Railroad crossing pavement markings and adjacent signs not included when distance (4)**b** >100' between near edge of intersection and near NOTE See Table 1 rail is less than 100'. GRADE CROSSING Separate active traffic AND INTERSECTION ADVANCE WARNING (W10-3) control devices, railroad signs installed on roadway parallel with \*Use Table 1 if sufficient crossing pavement markings, rail in this case.

GRADE CROSSING AND INTERSECTION ADVANCE WARNING

intersection and railroad crossing. If needed,

(W10-2, W10-3, W10-4) signs should only be

installed if W10-1 sign is not between

see Table 1.

GRADE CROSSING NEAR A PARALLEL STREET

T-INTERSECTION

within intersection.

See Table 1.

"C"

SIGNING & STRIPING RCD(2) - 22

Texas Department of Transportation

DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO rcd2-22.dgn C)TxDOT November 2022 CONT SECT JOB 11-22 63

\*\* Includes a NO TRAIN HORN (W10-9P) plaque

TRAIN HORN

RAILROAD CROSSING

DETAILS

if crossing is in a Quiet Zone. If needed,

30" X 24"

is mounted below W10-2/W10-3/W10-4 signs.

12 I-13 15" x

Traffic Safety Division Standard

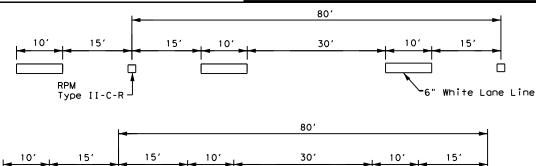
(9)

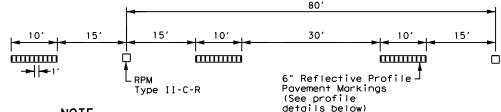
R1-2

(13) W3-2 30" X 30"

48" X 48" X 48

NEEDED

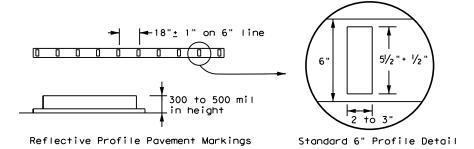




NOTE

Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall be spaced on 80'centers with the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward wrong way traffic. All raised pavement markers placed along broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway

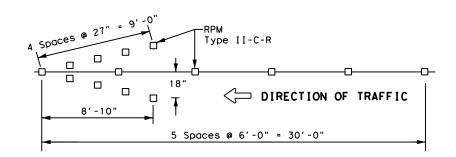
#### TRAFFIC LANE LINES PAVEMENT MARKING



#### NOTE

Edge lines should typically be 6" wide and the materials shall be as specified in the plans. See details above if reflective profile pavement markings are to be used.

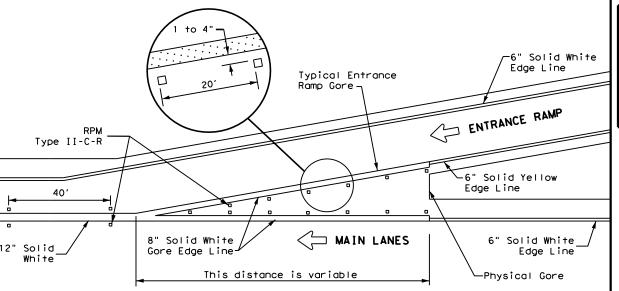
#### EDGE LINE PAVEMENT MARKINGS



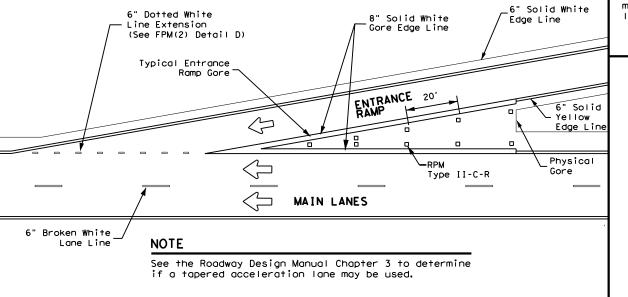
#### NOTES

- 1. Reflectorized raised pavement markers Type-II-C-R in the wrong way arrow shall have the clear face toward normal traffic and the red face toward the wrong way traffic.
- 2. Red reflectorized wrong way arrows, not to exceed two, may be placed on exit ramps. Locations of the arrows shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the engineer.

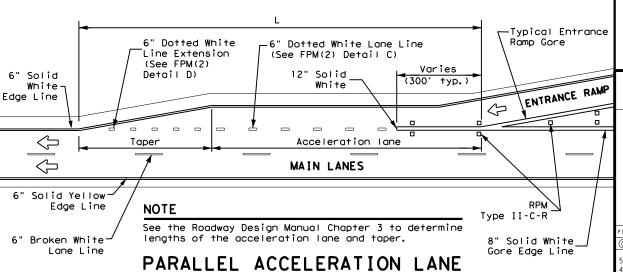
#### WRONG WAY ARROW



#### TYPICAL ENTRANCE RAMP GORE MARKING

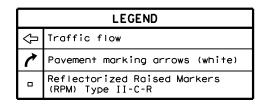


#### TAPERED ACCELERATION LANE



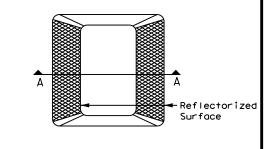
ı	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	}
	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
4	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

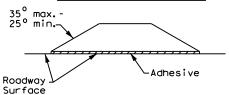


#### GENERAL NOTE

On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers shall be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.



#### Type II (Top View)



#### SECTION A

REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)



Traffic Safety Division Standard

TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FPM(1)-22

FILE: fpm(1)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
© TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIC	SHWAY
REVISIONS 5-74 8-00 2-12						
4-92 2-08 10-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
5-00 2-10						64
278						

- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- Wide (12") dotted lane line (see Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- Normal (6") dotted lane line (see Detail C) is used at parallel acceleration and deceleration lanes.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.

LEGEND								
$\hat{\mathbb{Q}}$	Traffic flow							
~	Pavement marking arrows (white)							
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R							
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used							

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

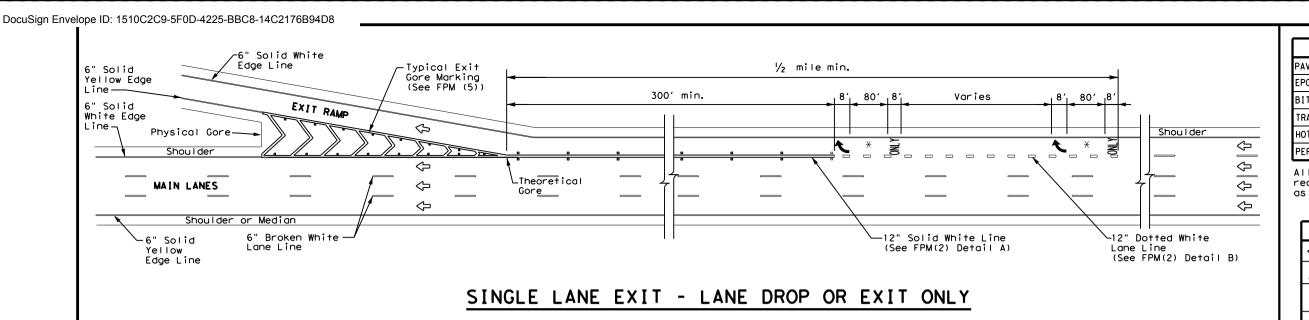
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

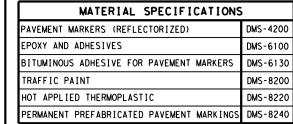
## TYPICAL STANDARD FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS

FPM(2)-22

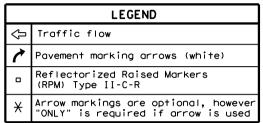
FILE: fpm(2)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 2-77 5-00 2-12					
4-92 8-00 10-22	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-95 2-10					65
230 1					

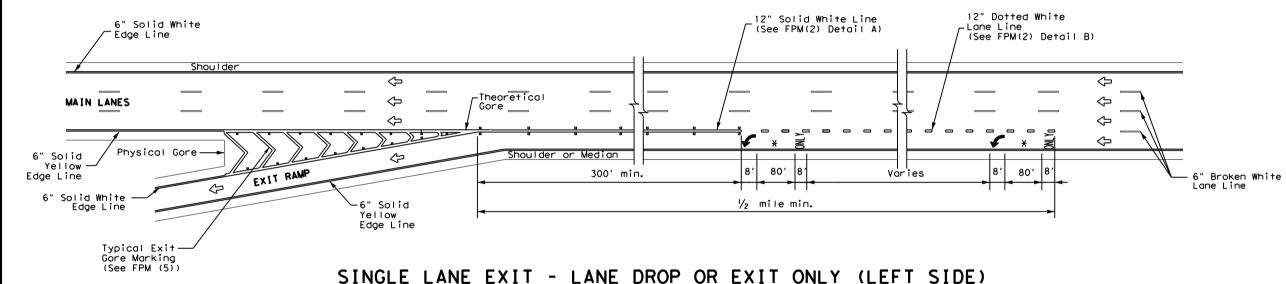
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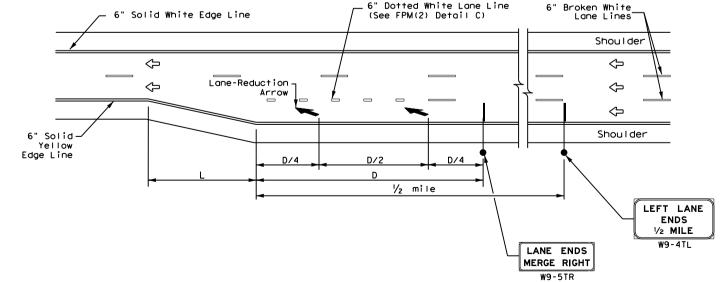




All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.







FREEWAY LANE REDUCTION

#### NOTES

- 1. Large Guide signs shall conform to the TxDOT Freeway Signing Handbook.
- An optional third lane reduction arrow may be added based on engineering judgement. If used, the optional third lane reduction arrow should be centered between the first and last lane reduction arrows.
- Arrows and sign details can be found in the Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) at http://www.txdot.gov.
- 4. These guidelines may also be applied to the design of a right side lane reduction. Use LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT (W9-5TL) and RIGHT LANE ENDS 1/2 MILE (W9-4TR) signs in lieu of what is shown on drawing.

ADVANCED WARNING SIGN DISTANCE (D)								
Posted Speed	D (f+)	L (ft)						
45 MPH	775							
50 MPH	885							
55 MPH	990							
60 MPH	1,100							
65 MPH	1,200	L=WS						
70 MPH	1,250							
75 MPH	1,350							
80 MPH	1,500							
85 MPH	1,625							

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- Wide (12") dotted lane line (see FPM(2) Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of frontage roads.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.

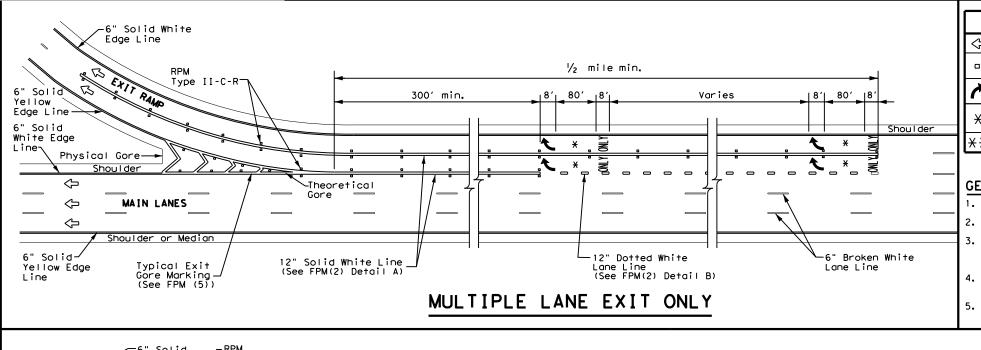


TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
SINGLE LANE DROP(EXIT ONLY)
AND LANE REDUCTION DETAILS

Traffic Safety Division Standard

FPM(3) - 22

FILE: fpm(3)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:	CK:
© TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
REVISIONS 4-92 2-10					
5-00 2-12	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
8-00 10-22					66



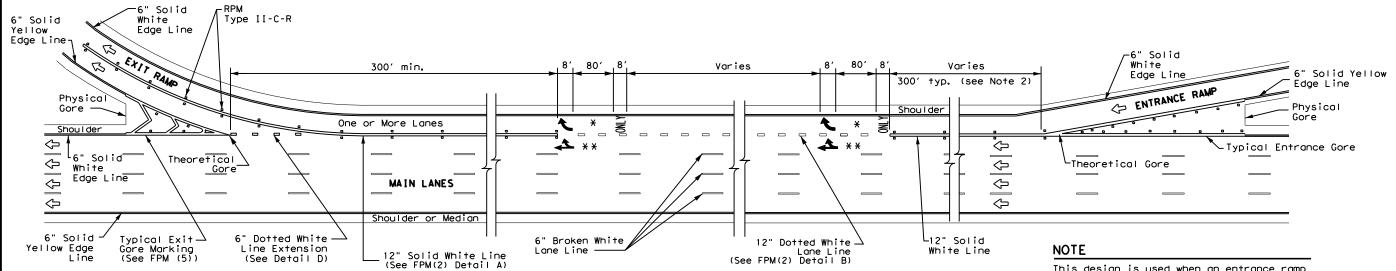
LEGEND				
$\hat{\mathbb{Q}}$	Traffic Flow			
0	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R			
*	Pavement marking arrow (white)			
X	Arrow markings are optional, however "ONLY" is required if arrow is used			
<del>X</del> <del>X</del>	Arrow markings are optional			

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS						
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200					
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100					
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130					
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200					
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220					
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240					

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

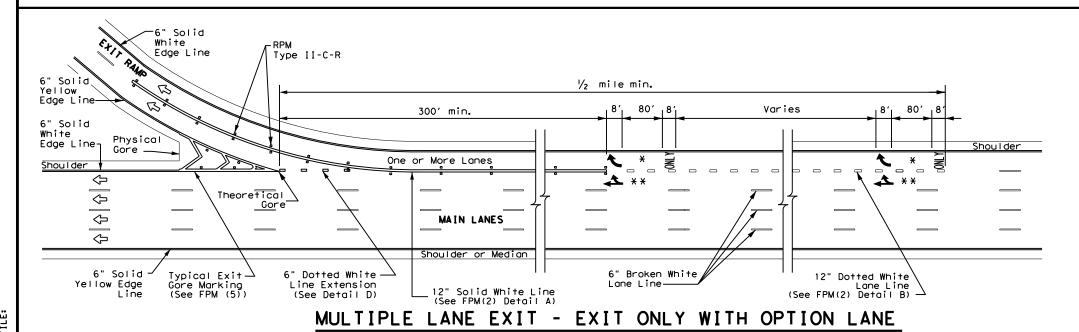
#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Pavement markings shall be white except as otherwise noted.
- 2. Length of 12" white line may vary depending on location.
- 3. Wide (12") dotted lane line (see FPM(2) Detail B) is used to separate a through lane that continues beyond the interchange from an adjacent mandatory exit lane.
- Edge lines are not required in curb and gutter sections of frontage roads.
- 5. See FPM(1) for traffic lane line pavement marking details.



#### SINGLE LANE ENTRANCE WITH MULTIPLE LANE EXIT - EXIT ONLY WITH OPTION LANE

This design is used when an entrance ramp is followed by a dual lane exit ramp within 2400' downstream (theoretical gore to theoretical gore).





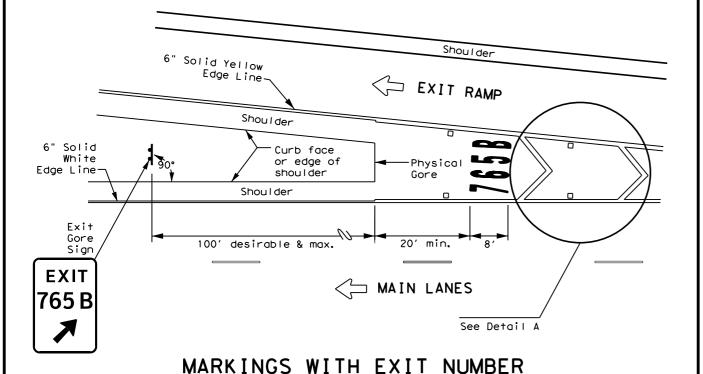
Traffic Safety Division Standard

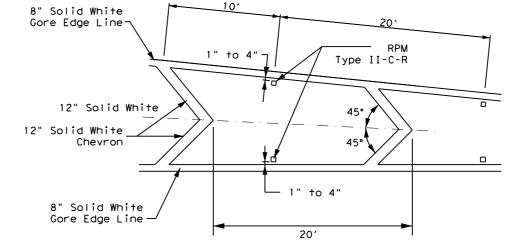
TYPICAL STANDARD
FREEWAY PAVEMENT MARKINGS
MULTIPLE LANE DROP (EXIT)
DETAILS
FPM(4)-22

ILE: fpm(4)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:	
C)TxD0T October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		нтс	HIGHWAY	
2-77 2-10							
5-00 2-12	DIST	COUNTY			,	SHEET NO.	
8-00 10-22						67	

#### EXIT NUMBER PAVEMENT MARKING NOTES

- Minimum 8 foot white exit number pavement markings should be used, unless otherwise noted.
- Spacing between letters and numbers should be approximately 4 inches.
- Pavement markings are to be located as specified elsewhere in the plans.
- Numbers and Letters details can be found in the Standard Highway Design for Texas (SHSD) Section 12 at http://www.txdot.gov

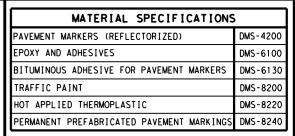




#### NOTES

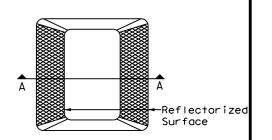
- Raised pavement markers shall be centered between each chevron or neutral area line.
- 2. For more information, see Reflectorized Raised Pavement Marker Detail.

#### DETAIL A

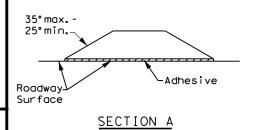


All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.

LEGEND					
₽	Traffic flow				
_	Reflectorized Raised Markers (RPM) Type II-C-R				



Type II (Top View)



## REFLECTORIZED RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER (RPM)



Traffic Safety Division Standard

## EXIT GORE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

FPM(5)-22

LE: fpm(5)-22.dgn	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:
TxDOT October 2022	CONT	SECT	JOB		ні	SHWAY
REVISIONS 9-19						
10-22	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
						68

