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**EPIC** 

# STATE OF TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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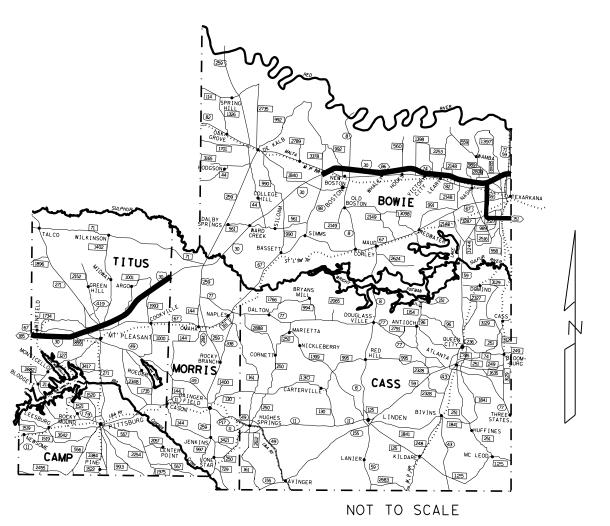
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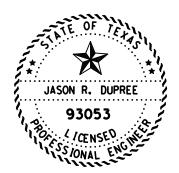
# PLANS OF PROPOSED

# HIGHWAY ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CONTRACT TYPE OF WORK:

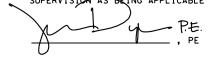
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CALLOUT CABLE SAFETY SYSTEM REPAIR (NORTH)

PROJECT NO.: RMC 6462-18-001 HIGHWAYS: IH 30, ETC LIMITS OF WORK: VARIOUS LOCATIONS WITHIN BOWIE, CAMP, CASS, MORRIS, TITUS, AND UPSHUR COUNTIES





# THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.



12/19/2023 DATE

SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOVEMBER 1, 2014 AND SPECIAL SPECIFICATION ITEMS INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN ON THIS PROJECTS.

All Rights Reserved

GRAPHICS FILE	TC dan		PR		SHEET NO.				
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CHECKED	STATE		STATE DIST.		COUNTY				
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CHECKED			SECT.	JOB	HIGHWAY	NO.			
	646	2	18	001	IH 30,	ETC			

AREA OF DISTURBED SOIL : O ACRES CONTRACTOR NAME: CONTRACTOR ADDRESS: DATE WORK BEGAN: DATE WORK COMPLETED:

DATE OF ACCEPTANCE:\_\_

LIST OF APPROVED FIELD CHANGES:\_

The construction work was performed in substantial compliance with the contract.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

### WARNING SIGNS

CONSTRUCTION SIGN AND BARRICADE PLACEMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART VI OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, AS SHOWN ON BC SHEETS AND AS SPECIFIED HEREIN OR AS DIRECTED.

> TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBMITTED Decmeber 19, 2023 FOR LETTING:

DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE

APPROVED FOR LETTING:

12/21/2023 20

DocuSigned by: Rebensed Wells, 7 E

-23686C08B28F4A0...TRICT ENGINEER

© 2023 By Texas Department of Transportation:

County: Bowie, etc. Control: 6462-18-001

Highway: IH0030, etc.

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

### General:

Contractor questions on this project are to be addressed to the following individual(s):

Jason Dupree, P.E. Jason.Dupree@txdot.gov

Charlotte Aslin Charlotte. Aslin @txdot.gov

Questions may be submitted via the Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page. This webpage can be accessed from the Notice to Contractors dashboard located at the following Address: <a href="https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors">https://tableau.txdot.gov/views/ProjectInformationDashboard/NoticetoContractors</a>

All contractor questions will be reviewed by the Engineer. All questions and any corresponding responses that are generated will be posted through the same Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page.

The Letting Pre-Bid Q&A web page for each project can be accessed by using the dashboard to navigate to the project you are interested in by scrolling or filtering the dashboard using the controls on the left. Hover over the blue hyperlink for the project you want to view the Q&A for and click on the link in the window that pops up.

Questions regarding the plans and/or the project after the contract has been awarded should be referred to the Managing Supervisor:

Fred Crowder
Maintenance Supervisor – Mt. Pleasant
2210 West Ferguson
Mt. Pleasant, Texas 75455
(903) 572-8511

This project consists of performing callout cable safety system repair at various locations in the Atlanta District. This project covers the following 6 counties: Bowie, Camp, Cass, Morris, Titus, and Upshur.

Each contract awarded by the Department stands on its own and as such, is separate from other contracts. A Contractor awarded multiple contracts must be capable and sufficiently staffed to concurrently process any or all contracts.

Prior to beginning operations, the Department will arrange a preconstruction conference between representatives of the Department and the Contractor. In this meeting, the representatives from all parties will discuss the contract, proposed procedures, and the plans for performing the work

Project Number: RMC 646218001 Sheet 2

County: Bowie, etc. Control: 6462-18-001

Highway: IH0030, etc.

while providing for safe passage of traffic at all times. Specifications, unusual conditions, and other pertinent items regarding the work will also be discussed.

Use care to avoid disturbing the existing roadway surface other than the areas covered in the scope of this contract. Repair any damages caused by Contractor operations. If damage is not corrected, costs associated with the Department making the repairs (including labor and materials) will be deducted from any payment due the Contractor.

Dispose of all waste material in accordance with all state and federal laws. For waste material disposed of on private property, ensure the material is not visible from a highway. Acquire and furnish to the Department, copies of written agreements between the Contractor and property owner prior to disposal.

Keep the traveled surfaces used in hauling operations free of dirt or other materials.

Do not park personal vehicles of employees within the right-of-way at any time, including any section closed to public traffic, unless the vehicle is being used for the construction procedures. If approved by the Department, employees may park on the right-of-way at sites where the contractor has his office or equipment and materials storage yard.

This contract is for non-site-specific callout work. This is not a production contract. Callouts will be issued by Work Order containing work locations, approximate items of work and quantities along with number of working days allowed for the Work Order. It is estimated that there will be 1 to 25 Work Orders issued for this contract.

See general notes for Item 8 for more information regarding Work Orders, contract time and liquidated damages.

See general notes for Item 500 for more information regarding Work Orders and Mobilization.

In accordance with Article 9.2 "Plans Quantity Measurement," plans quantity measurement requirements are not applicable for this contract.

Department-approved safety hats and safety vests will be worn by all workers and visitors when:

Workers are outside of vehicles at all outdoor worksites. This includes those who occasionally visit worksites either on the highway surface or right-of-way.

Working in areas where there is a danger of head injury from impact, from falling or flying objects, or from electrical shock or burns.

Non-compliance with this requirement will be grounds for suspension of work.

The Contractor is responsible for notifying the utility companies when plans call for work to be accomplished in the general vicinity of any underground utilities located on State right-of-way.

General Notes Sheet A General Notes Sheet B

County: Bowie, etc. Control: 6462-18-001

Highway: IH0030, etc.

All areas where existing topsoil is disturbed by construction operations will be repaired to satisfaction using topsoil. This topsoil and placement will be subsidiary to the various contract items and will not be paid for directly.

Forward copies of all correspondence between any resource agencies as listed in Item 7 or Special Provisions thereto.

The SWP3 for this project will be as directed.

# **Item 2: Instructions to Bidders**

This project includes plan sheets that are not part of the bid proposal. Views plans on-line or download from the web at: <a href="https://www.txdot.gov/business/plans-online-bid-lettings.html">https://www.txdot.gov/business/plans-online-bid-lettings.html</a>

Order plans from any of the plan reproduction companies shown on the web at: <a href="http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors">http://www.dot.state.tx.us/business/contractors</a> consultants/repro companies.htm

# **Item 3: Award and Execution of Contract**

The Engineer will notify the contractor in writing to begin the initial operations. Initial work will begin within seven (7) calendar days. After such notice, thereafter, verbal or written notification will be given to the contractor as the need arises and he will begin work within three (3) calendar days after notification.

Multiple work orders will be used to procure work of the type identified in the contract at locations that have not yet been determined. Time requirements for the non-site specific work orders will be indicated on each individual Work Order.

Work Orders may be issued until April 30, 2025. No work orders will be issued after this date unless there is mutual agreement between the contractor and the department. The contract will be in effect until the work on the last work order is completed.

# **Item 5: Control of the Work**

Attention is directed to the presence of underground utilities owned by the Department (irrigation, signal and illumination) on the Right-of-Way on this project. Call for locations at the TxDOT Signal Shop (903-799-1360).

# **Item 6: Control of Materials**

Furnish all materials required for the work described in this Contract, including posts, sockets, cable splice turnbuckles, cable, anchor end, cable hook bolt with small nut, hook bolt and hex nut, cable line posts, splice wedges and delineators.

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Furnish required concrete, either transit-mix or mixed on the project site. Transit-mix concrete will be Class B for the mow strip and Class A for all cable system foundations in accordance with Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete". If Class B concrete is mixed on the project site use three (3) parts aggregate, two (2) parts sand, and one (1) part cement. Aggregate and sand will be approved by the Department prior to use. If Class A concrete is mixed on the project site, submit a mix design to meet current design standards to the Department for approval prior to use.

# **Item 8: Prosecution and Progress**

Time charges will be in accordance with Article 8.3.1.2 "Six-Day Workweek".

Project Schedules meeting the requirements of Article 5 will not be required on this contract.

Work must begin within three (3) working days of verbal notification unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Written notification will be electronically delivered following verbal notification.

The Engineer will specify the number of working days granted for each Work Order based on a percentage of the dollar amount of the Work Order verses the total dollar amount of the Contract.

In accordance with Article 8.6 "Failure to Complete Work on Time," liquidated damages will be charged for failure to complete each Work Order in the specified number of days. The amount assessed per day for liquidated damages will be 1% of the estimated cost of the Work Order, but not to be less than \$50 per day and not to exceed \$200 per day.

Contact the Maintenance Section Supervisor prior to beginning any work in that Section.

MAINTENANCE SECTION(S)	MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR	TELEPHONE NUMBER			
Daingerfield	Nicholas Norman	903-645-2519			
Linden	James Barron	903-756-5031			
Mt. Pleasant	Fred Crowder	903-572-8511			
New Boston	Kevin Camp	903-628-2321			
Texarkana	Kelli Speer	903-838-8574			

Unless otherwise directed, prosecute the work continuously to completion of the contract.

General Notes Sheet C General Notes Sheet D

County: Bowie, etc. Control: 6462-18-001

Highway: IH0030, etc.

Supply an adequate size crew experienced in the type of work described within these specifications and capable of performing the work in a safe and timely manner. Furnish all equipment, tools, and machinery for the proper prosecution of the work. Equipment, tools, and machinery will be on the work site in good operating condition and have all manufacturers' safety features in proper working condition prior to beginning work and remain in place during the prosecution of the work. All equipment, tools, and machinery will be capable of maintaining a continuous work schedule for the satisfactory completion of the project.

# Item 432: Riprap

Exact limits of riprap will be determined during construction. A one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) inch expansion joint will be placed between riprap and any other concrete surface. The area of the expansion joint material will be equal to the area of contact between the two surfaces. The joint material will be inspected and approved. (Visual inspection only)

Prior to the replacement of riprap, remove any existing riprap that is damaged. Riprap removal will not be paid for separately but will be considered subsidiary to this bid item.

Repair all areas where existing topsoil is disturbed by construction operations using topsoil. This topsoil and placement will be subsidiary to the various contract items and will not be paid for directly.

Patch concrete riprap with Class B concrete or other concrete as approved. The leave outs, either round or square, around the posts will be consistent with existing leave outs and as approved.

# **Item 500: Mobilization**

In accordance with Item 500 "Mobilization," a unit of mobilization will be paid per Work Order issued. Depending on the work needed, there may be multiple locations issued per Work Order. Every effort will be made to issue separate Work Orders when work locations are not reasonable to combine into one Work Order.

# Item 502: Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

This contract is for non-site-specific callout work. In accordance with Article 502.4.1.6 "Contracts with Callout Work and Work Orders," this item will not be paid for separately but will be considered subsidiary to the contract bid items.

Restrict the movement of equipment across traffic lanes to an absolute minimum.

Use strobe lights or rotating beacons on all motorized equipment, operating on or adjacent to the road surface.

Existing traffic signs which provide conflicting information to the driver during various stages will be covered until such time that a conflict no longer exists.

Project Number: RMC 646218001 Sheet 2

County: Bowie, etc. Control: 6462-18-001

Highway: IH0030, etc.

Furnish and install all signs, barricades, and other incidentals necessary for proper traffic control, in accordance with Part VI of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, or as directed. All warning signs must be factory made and in satisfactory condition.

Comply with TCP standards included in these plans. If there is a situation not covered by these standards, then comply with the applicable TCP sheets that are available on the web at: https://www.txdot.gov/insdtdot/orgchart/cmd/cserve/standard/toc.htm

When necessary, provide flagmen properly attired in a white hard hat, approved safety vest and stop/slow paddle. Provide two-way radios in areas where flagmen do not have visual contact with one another or cannot communicate with one another.

Unless otherwise stated in the plans or approved by the Department, do not begin work before daylight and stop all operations in sufficient time to have the signs removed from the road before dark.

Ensure equipment and materials are a minimum of thirty (30) feet from the edge of the travel lane during non-working hours.

Once work begins at a repair location, diligently prosecute the work until the repair has been completed. If the work at a location cannot be completed the same workday, then barricades and warning signs will be erected as required by standards BC (1-12), the TMUTCD and as directed. Provide flaggers at the ends of work areas and at all other points of conflict with roadway machinery and roadway traffic when and as directed.

Erect signs in locations not obstructing the traveling public's view of the normal roadway signing or necessary sight distance at intersections and curves.

# **Item 731: Herbicide Treatment**

Apply herbicide no earlier than May 6th and no later than May 17th to eliminate all grass and weeds encroaching into cable barrier mow strips, as shown on the plans, or as directed.

# Item 771: Repair Cable Barrier System

Repair cable barrier system in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations as shown on the detail sheet for each type of system.

Replace reflectors or reflective spacers on damaged posts as needed to meet standards and/or to match existing conditions prior to damage. Replace delineators and object markers at terminal ends as needed. This work will be subsidiary to the contract bid items.

Posts will be socketed.

Use care to avoid disturbing the existing surfacing.

General Notes Sheet E General Notes Sheet F

County: Bowie, etc. Control: 6462-18-001

Highway: IH0030, etc.

Chamfer or tool exposed edges of all classes of concrete. All joints will be considered as exposed edges unless otherwise directed. All areas where existing topsoil is disturbed by construction operations will be repaired to satisfaction using topsoil. This topsoil and placement will be subsidiary to the various contract items and will not be paid for directly.

This contract covers the repair of cable barrier systems at various locations in the southern half of the Atlanta District. The following table lists locations that currently have cable barrier systems installed. However, locations could change, and this contract covers all callouts for cable barrier in Bowie, Cass, Morris, Titus, and Upshur Counties.

COUNTY ROADWAY		LIMITS	APPROXIMATE LENGTH OF BARRIER
Bowie	IH 30	From SH 98 to Arkansas State Line	25 miles
Bowie	IH 369	From 0.2 Mi. South of US 82 to US 59	3 miles
Bowie	LP 151	P 151 From US 59 to Arkansas State Line	
Bowie	US 59	From 1.6 Mi. North of IH 30 to 4.8 North of IH 30	3 miles
Cass	US 59	From 1.63 Mi. South of SH 155 to Marion County Line	7 miles
Cass	US 59	From SH 43 North to 0.1 Mi. North of SH 77/FM 249	2 miles
Morris	SH 11	From 0.72 Mi. East of US 259 to 3.47 Mi. E. of US 259	3 miles
Titus	IH 30	From Franklin County Line to Morris County Line	20 miles
Titus	Titus US 271 From 1 Mi. South of SL 49 to 1 Mi. West of BU 271		2 miles
Upshur	US 259	From 1 Mi. South of FM 557 to 0.5 Mi. North of SH 155	2 miles

General Notes Sheet G

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ESTIMATE & QUANTITY SHEET

FEDERAL REGION		PROJECT NO.				HIGHWA	Y NO.
6		RMC 6462-18-001				IH 30,	ETC
STATE	STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONT.	SECT.	JOB	SHEET	NO.
TEXAS	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.	6462	18	001	3	

- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- 11. Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

### WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- 1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- 2. Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

# COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- 2. Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

# THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD) DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL) ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)" STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD) TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD) TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

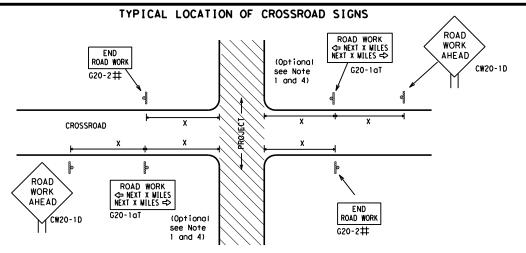


Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-21

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 $\sharp$  May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

### BEGIN T-INTERSECTION WORK ZONE ★ ★ G20-9TP ★ ★ R20-5T FINES DOUBL X R20-5aTP MORKERS ARE PRESENT ROAD WORK ⟨⇒ NEXT X WILES X X G20-2bT WORK ZONE G20-1bTI INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY $\Rightarrow$ ROAD WORK G20-1bTR NEXT X MILES => WORK ZONE G20-2bT \* \* Limit BEGIN G20-5T \* \* G20-9TP ZONE TRAFFI G20-6T \* \* R20-5T FINES DOUBLE X R20-5aTP #HEN HORKERS ROAD WORK G20-2

# CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- 1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

# TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

### SIZE

# SPACING

ay/ y		Posted Speed	Sign∆ Spacing "X"
		MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
8"		30	120
0		35	160
		40	240
		45	320
8"		50	400
•		55	500 <sup>2</sup>
		60	600 <sup>2</sup>
		65	700 <sup>2</sup>
8"		70	800 <sup>2</sup>
В		75	900 <sup>2</sup>
		80	1000 <sup>2</sup>
	'	*	* 3

Sign onventional Expresswo Number Freewa or Series CW20' CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, 48" × 48 CW7. CW8. 36" × 36' CW9, CW11 CW14 CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW8-3, CW10, CW12

\* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

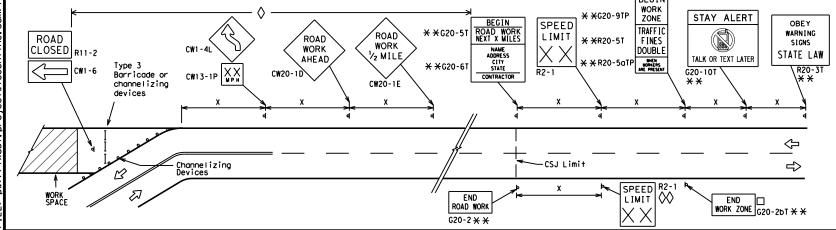
 $\triangle$  Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS	SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS
ROAD WORK AREA AHEAD AWORK AHEAD CW20-1D CW13-1P	** G20-51 BEGIN ROAD WORK AHEAD SPEED LIMIT ** R20-51 FINES DOUBLE GITY STATE CONTRACTOR  ** G20-61 ROAD WORK AHEAD WORK AHEAD CW20-1D R2-1** ** R20-54 FINES DOUBLE GOVERNMENT AND CW20-1D R2-
Channelizing Devices	WORK SPACE    CSJ Limit   Beginning of NO-PASSING   Limit   NO-PASSING   NO-PASSING   Limit   NO-PASSING
When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/I "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-ID)signs are placed in advance of these work areas	to remind drivers they are still G20-2 * * location NOTES
within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact locati channelizing devices.	on and spacing of signs and  The Contractor shall determine the appropria

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance

to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2b1 shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
O O O Channelizing Devices						
<b>♣</b> Sign						
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



Traffic Safety

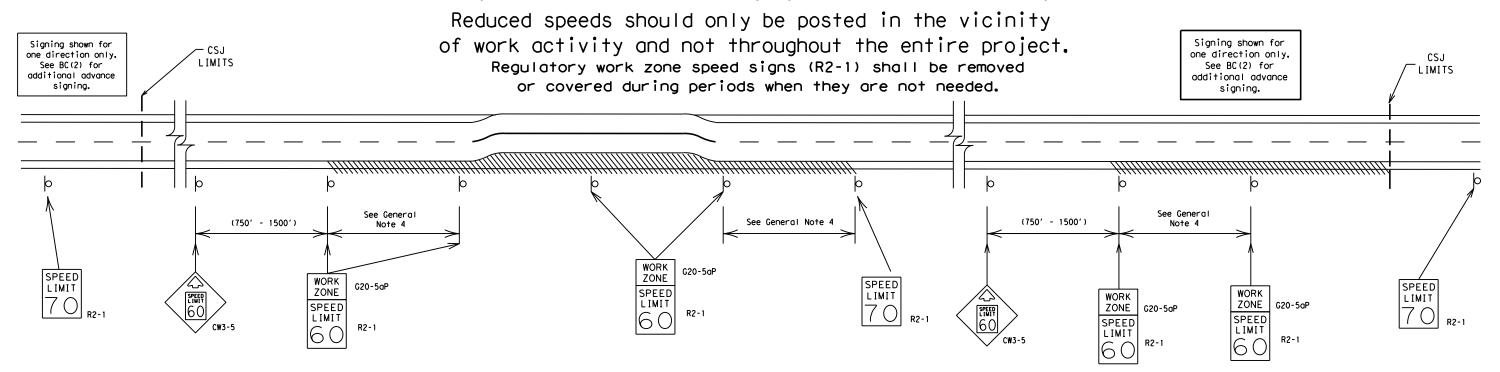
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

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TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS	6462	18	001		ΙH	30,	ETC
9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHE	ET NO.
7-13	5-21	ATL	В	BOWIE, E	IE, ETC.			5

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



# GUIDANCE FOR USE:

# LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

# SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

# GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
   A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only.
   Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION

Traffic Safety Division Standard

WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

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warranty of any the conversion ts use.

\* \* XX 6.0' min.

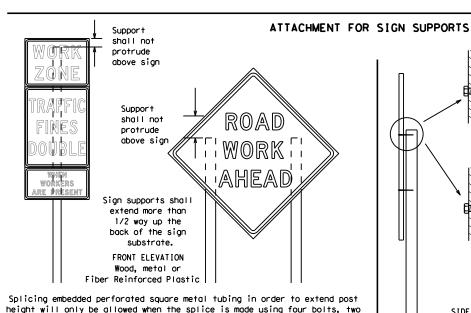
ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

# STOP/SLOW PADDLES

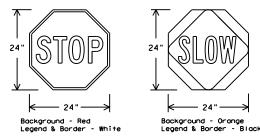
above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24". STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectorized when used at night.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B <sub>FL</sub> OR C <sub>FL</sub> SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					

# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports. the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CW7TCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

# GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question reaardina installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

### <u>DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)</u>

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
- Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour. Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

## SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plagues mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- the ground. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

### SIZE OF SIGNS

The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

# REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

# SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

# REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

# SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a
- constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for
- ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or
- hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

# FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

SHEET 4 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

Texas Department of Transportation

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

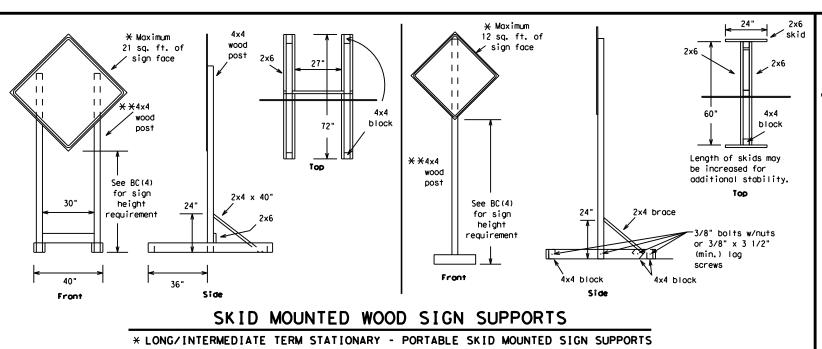
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directions. Minimum

back fill puddle.

weld starts here

weld, do not



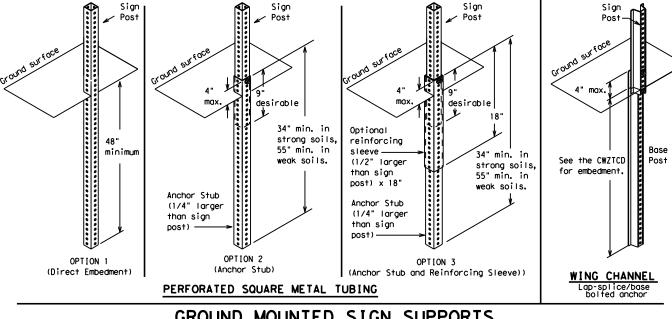
-2" x 2"

12 ga. upright

2"

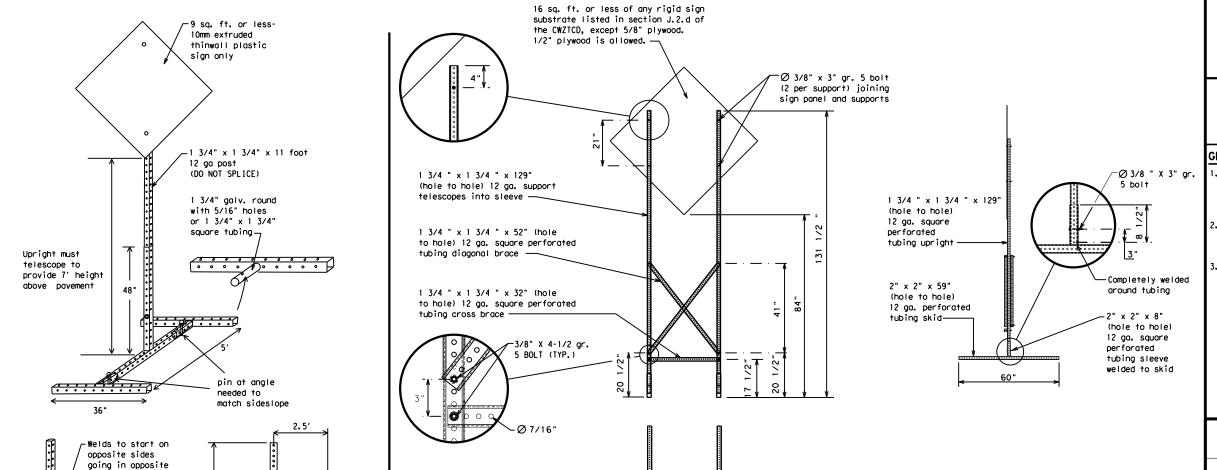
SINGLE LEG BASE

Side View



# GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



# **WEDGE ANCHORS**

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

# OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

# GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
  - ★ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - ☐ See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

# SHEET 5 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

# BC(5)-21

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	SKID MOUNTED	PERFORATED	SQUARE	STEEL	<b>TUBING</b>	SIGN	SUPPORTS	
--	--------------	------------	--------	-------	---------------	------	----------	--

\* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

32'

# 12/19/2023 /:05:58 AM pw://txdot.projectwiseonline.com:TXD015/Docume

### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit romp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (,5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

			_
WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT SERV RD
East	F	Service Road	
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR SLIP
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	
Emergency Vehicle		South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY. FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving			11171
Hazardous Material		Travelers	TRVLRS
High-Occupancy	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Vehicle		Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Highway	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Information	INFO	Warning	WARN
It Is	ITS	Wednesday	WED
Junction	JCT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left	LFT	West	W (manufa) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Westbound	(route) W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	Will Not	WONT
Maintenance	MAINT		

## Roadway

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

# Phase 1: Condition Lists

FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
xxxxxxxx			

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

# Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

А		/Effect on Trave .ist	Location List	Warning List	* * Advance Notice List
	MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
	DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
	USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
	STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
	TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
	EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
	REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
-	USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
e 2.	STAY IN LANE	×	* * See /	Application Guide	lines Note 6.

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- and should be understandable by themselves.
  6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

# WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FI and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)

PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- . When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

Traffic Safety Division Standard

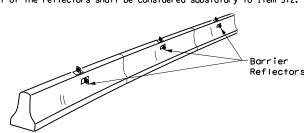


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

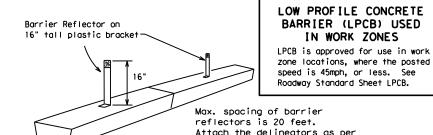
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© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
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9-07	8-14	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
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- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



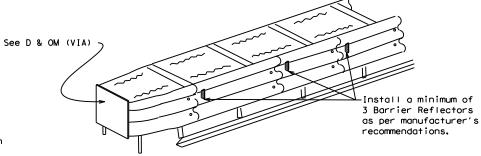
# CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



# LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

manufacturer's recommendations.

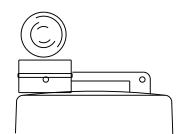


# DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

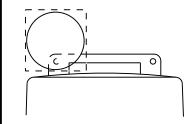
# END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the apppropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH), Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

# WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or  $C_{FL}$  Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

# WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

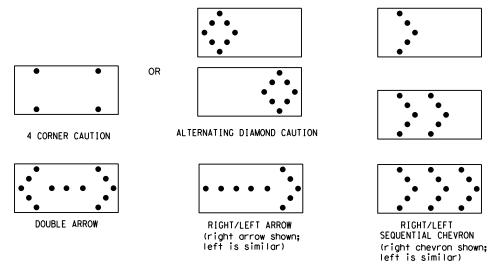
# WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.

  2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions
- or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.
   The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
   Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

  9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

  10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron
- display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
  12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
  13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS									
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE							
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile							
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile							

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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# GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- to be held down while separating the drum body from the base. 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange,
- high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.

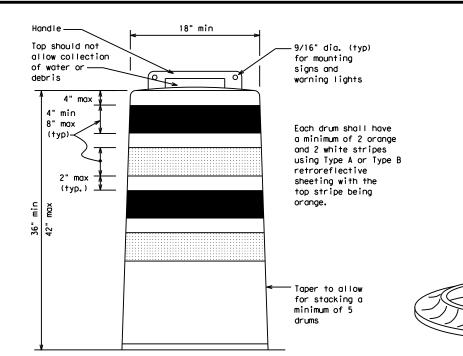
  9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10.Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

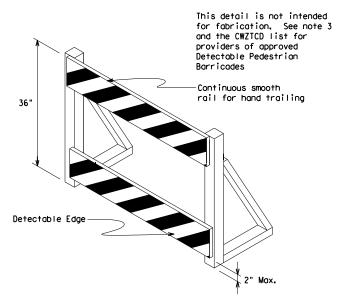
# RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

# BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

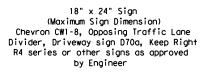




# DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or shorp edges.





See Ballast



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

# SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- 2. Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- 6. Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond puts
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- 8. R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



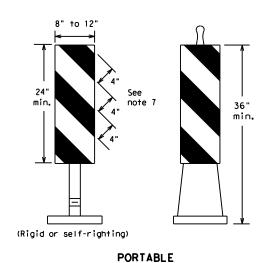
Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-21

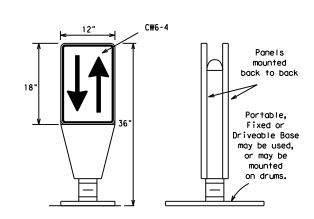
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4-03 8-14 9-07 5-21	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
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8" to 12" 8" to 12" VP-1R VP-1 Fixed Base Rigid Roadway w/ Approved Base Support: Surface Adhesive 1811 V//N//V # Self-righting 12" minimum Support embedment depth FIXED (Rigid or self-righting) DRIVEABLE



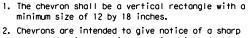
- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Selfrighting supports are available with portable base.
   See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type  $B_{FL}$  or Type  $C_{FL}$  conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

# OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

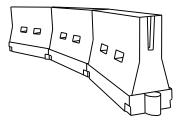


- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>E</sub> or Type C<sub>E</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# CHEVRONS

### **GENERAL NOTES**

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

36"

Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive

(Driveable Base, or Flexible

Support can be used)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
  work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on
  roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	D	esirab er Len *	le	Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	WS <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180′	30'	60′		
35	L = WS	2051	2251	2451	35′	70′		
40	60	2651	2951	3201	40'	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660′	55′	110′		
60	L - 11 3	600'	660′	720′	60′	120'		
65		650′	715′	7801	65′	130'		
70		700′	770′	840′	70′	140′		
75		750′	8251	900'	75′	150′		
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′		

\*\*X\*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

# SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

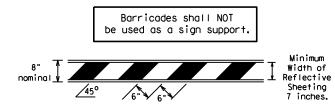
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC (9) -21

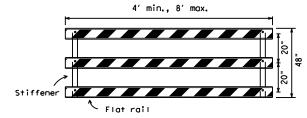
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### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

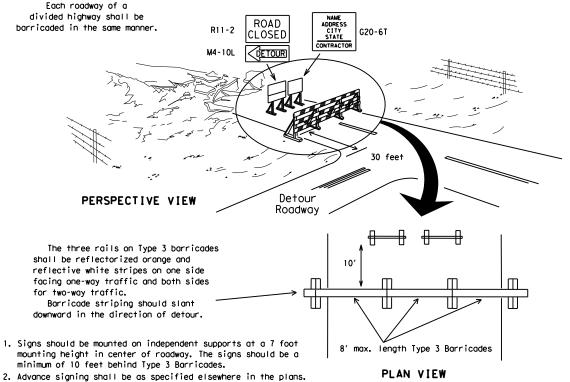


# TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

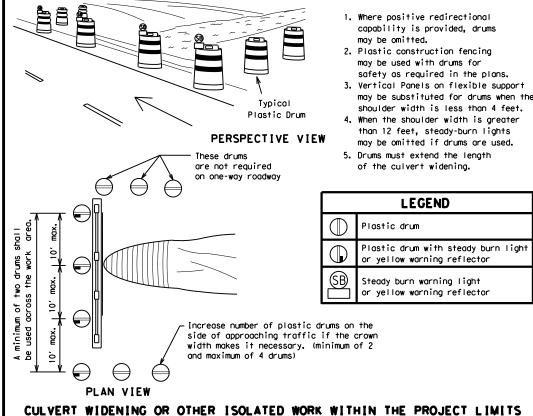


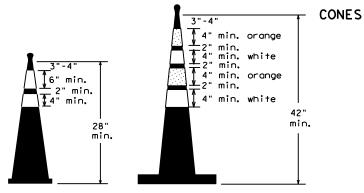
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

# TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES

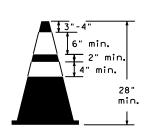


TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

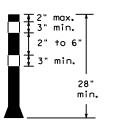




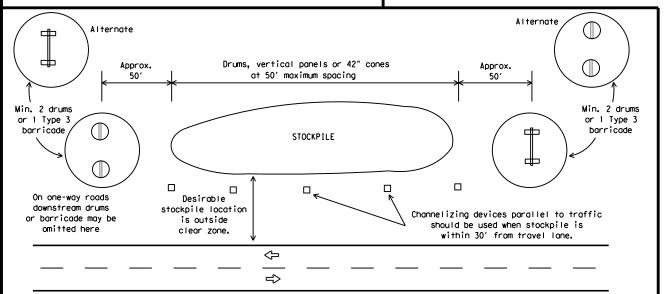
Two-Piece cones



One-Piece cones



Tubular Marker

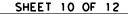


TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

- Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
- Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
- Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.





Traffic Safety Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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# WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- 7. All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

# RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

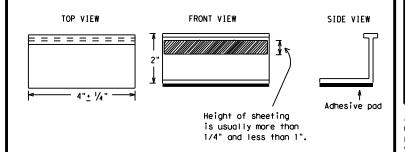
### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- 4. Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per

### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by IxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

# Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

## RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIO	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Safety Division Standard

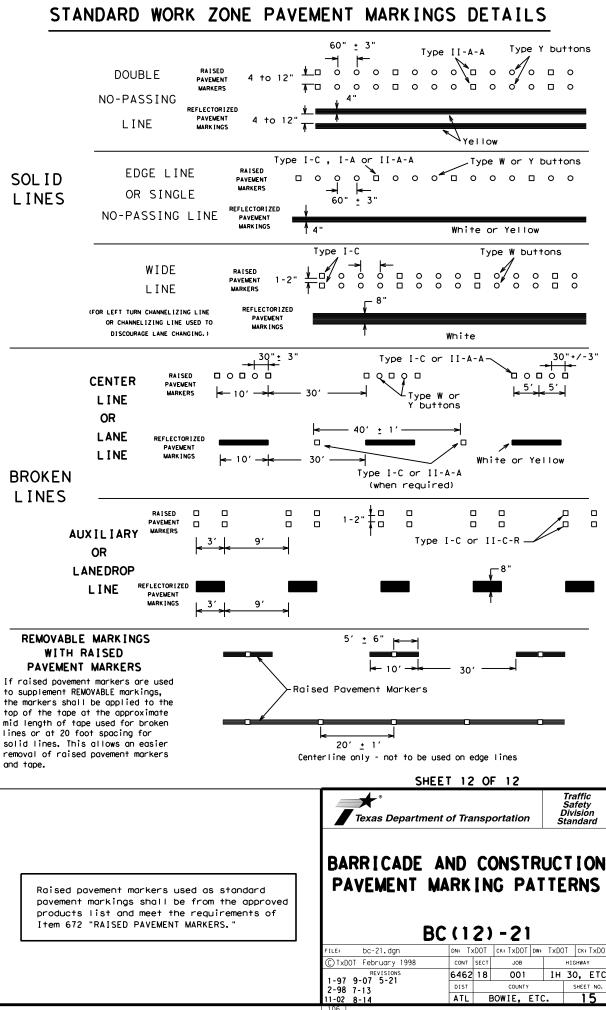
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

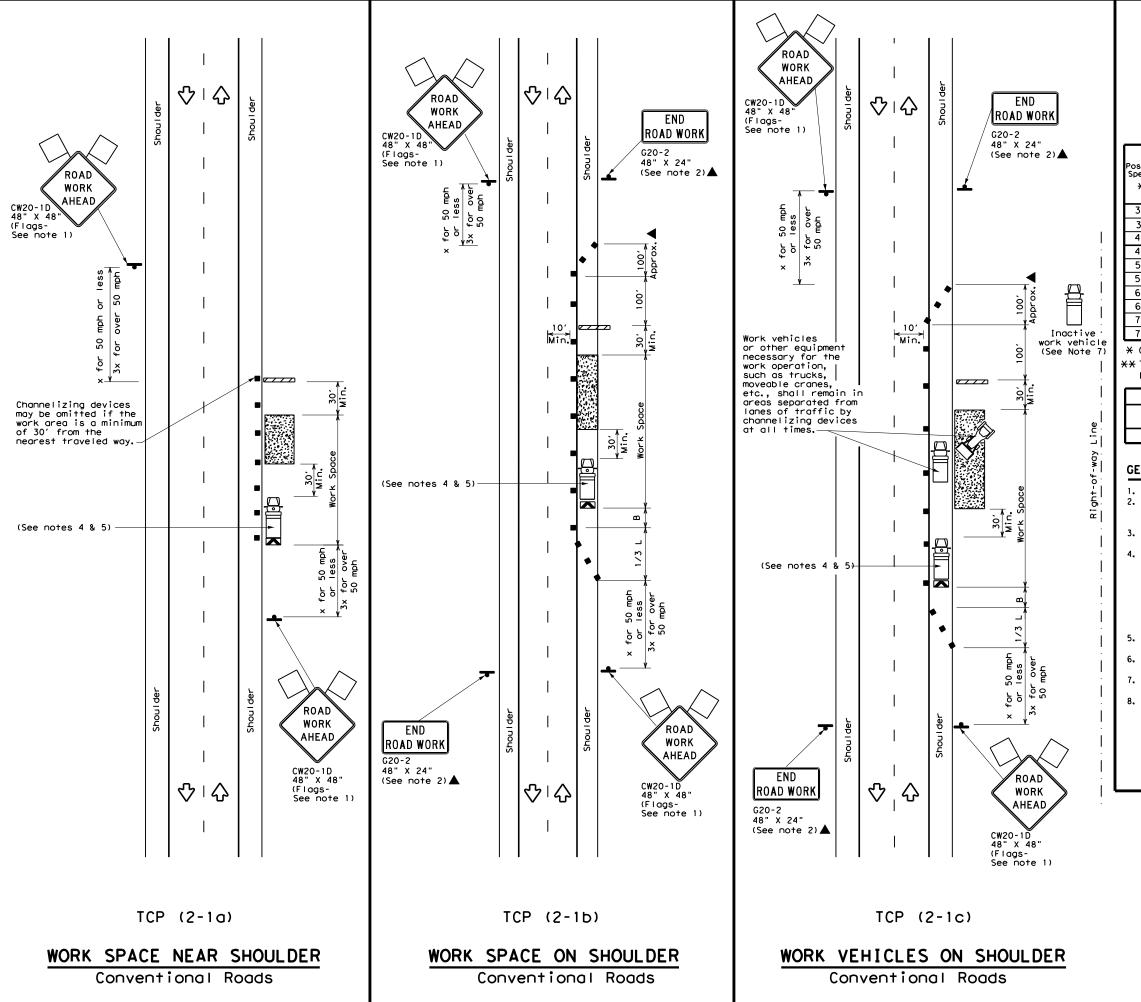
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105





	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
•	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow						
Flag LO Flagger									
	l Minimum Is								

								•	
Posted Speed	sted Formula Taper X		Minimur esirab er Lend **	le	Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150′	1651	180′	30'	60′	120′	90,	
35	L = WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120'	
40	80	2651	2951	3201	40′	80′	240'	155′	
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	320′	195′	
50		500'	5501	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L-W5	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600'	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410′	
70		7001	770′	840'	70′	140′	800'	475′	
75		750′	8251	900′	75′	150′	900'	540'	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	<b>√</b>	1	1	✓			

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
- 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
- nearest traveled way.

  4. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
- 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

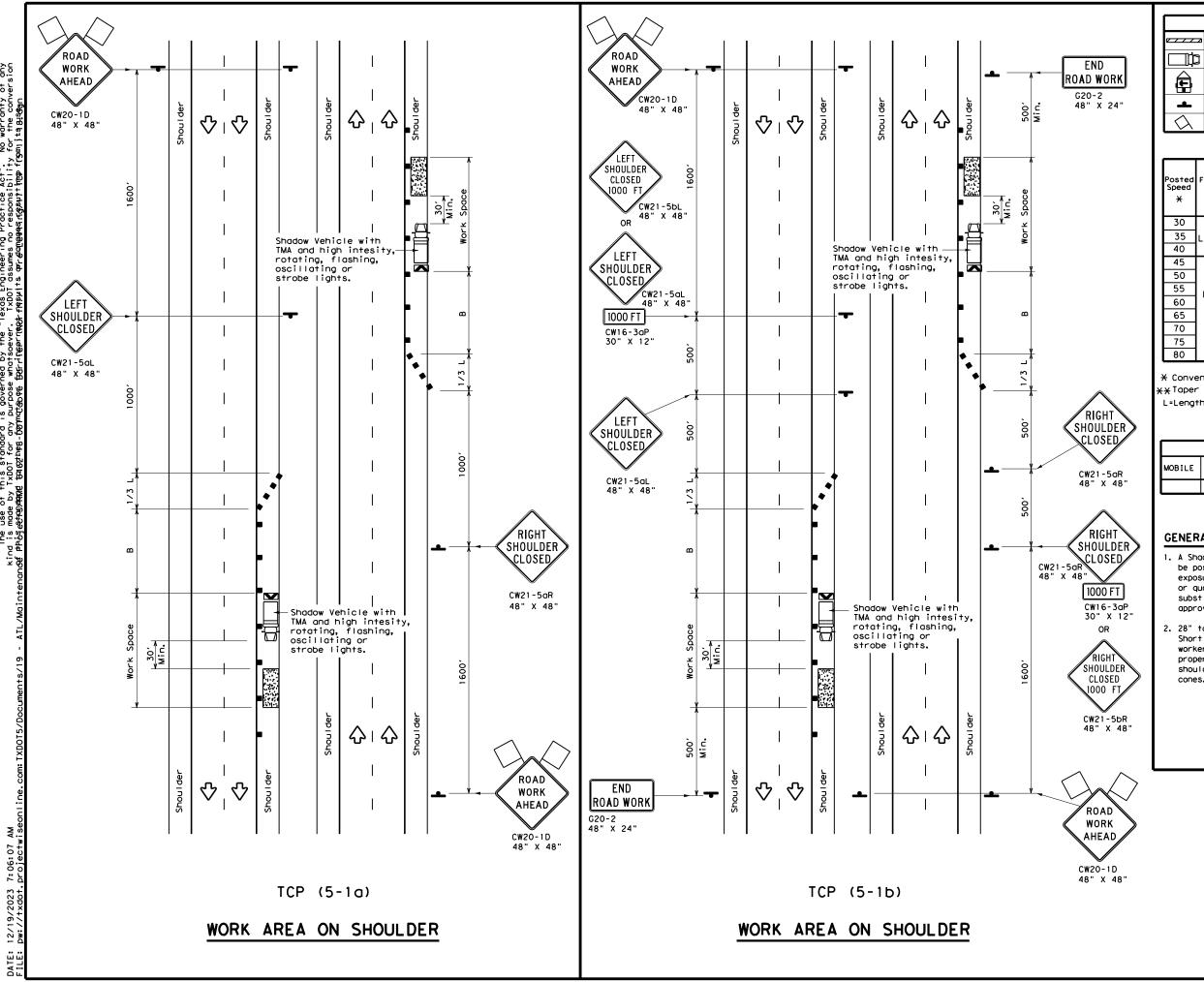
Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

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LEGEND								
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	4	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Formula Taper Lengths **			Spa Chan	ted Maximum ucing of unelizing Devices	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	"В"
30	ws <sup>2</sup>	150′	165′	180'	30′	60′	90′
35	L = WS	2051	225′	245′	35′	70′	120′
40	80	265′	295′	320′	40′	80′	155′
45		4501	4951	540′	45′	90′	195′
50		500′	5501	600'	50′	100′	240'
55	l L=WS	550′	605′	660′	55′	110′	295′
60	- " - "	600′	660′	720′	60′	120'	350′
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	410′
70		7001	7701	840′	70′	140′	475′
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	540′
80		800′	880′	960′	80′	160′	615′

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\*Taper lengths have been rounded off.
- L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH

TYPICAL USAGE							
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	TCP (5-1a)	TCP (5-1b)	TCP (5-1b)				

# GENERAL NOTES

- A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30' to 100' in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely effecting the performance or quality of the work. Type 3 barricades or drums may be substituted when workers on foot are no longer present when approved by the Engineer.
- 28" tall or taller one-piece cones will be allowed only for Short Duration or Short Term stationary operations when workers are present to maintain the devices upright and in proper location. Intermediate Term stationary work areas should use Drums, Vertical Panels or 42" tall two-piece

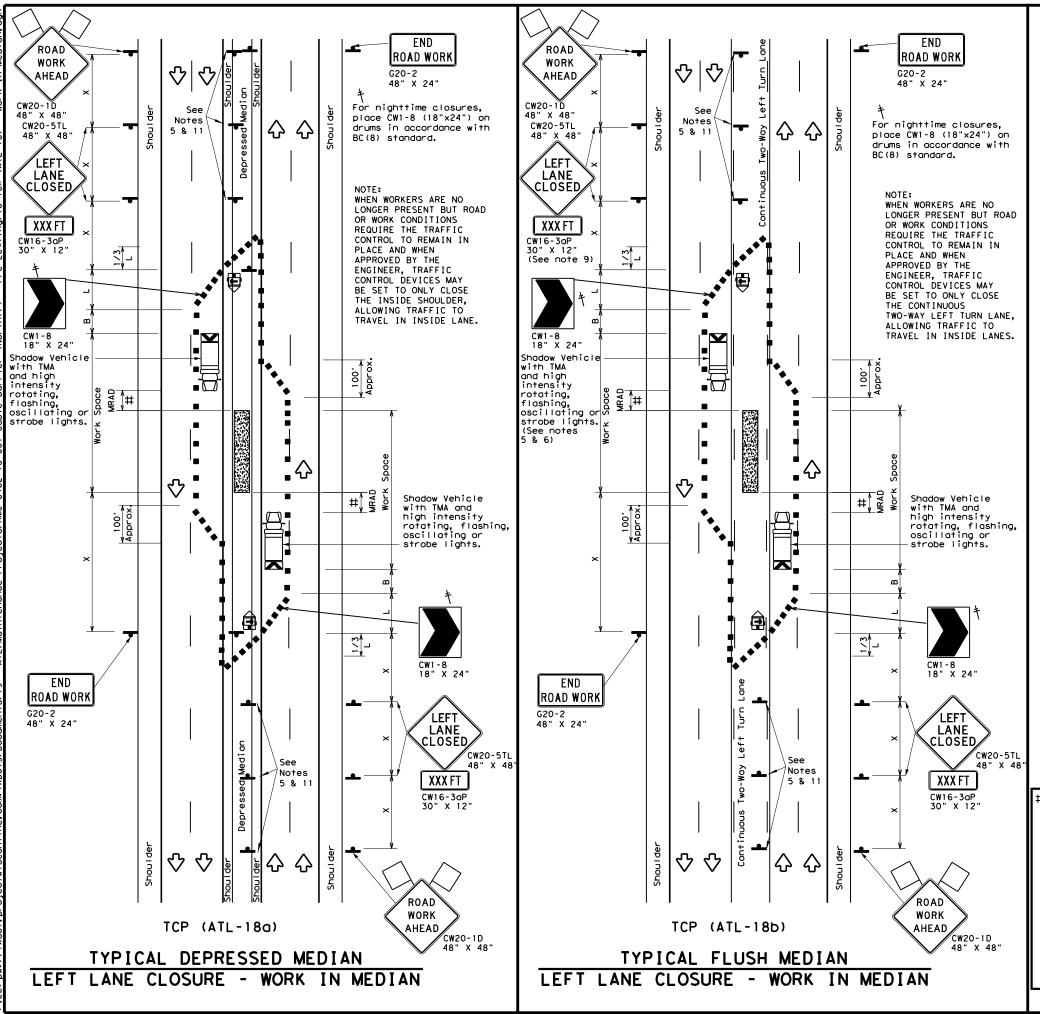


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHOULDER WORK FOR FREEWAYS / EXPRESSWAYS

TCP (5-1)-18

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	LEGEND							
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
<b>E</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
4	Sign	∿	Traffic Flow					
$\Diamond$	Flag	•	Drum					

Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spacii Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*	10' 11' Offset Offset Of		12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent Distance		"В"		
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′	120′	90′	
35	L= WS <sup>2</sup>	2051	2251	245′	35′	70′	160′	120′	
40	60	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′	240′	155′	
45		4501	495′	540′	45′	90′	3201	195′	
50		500′	550′	600'	50′	100′	400′	240′	
55	L=WS	5501	6051	660′	55′	110′	500′	295′	
60	L 113	600'	660′	720′	60′	120′	600′	350′	
65		650′	715′	780′	65′	130′	700′	410'	
70		7001	770′	840′	70′	140′	800′	475′	
75		750′	825′	900′	75′	150′	900′	540′	

- \* Conventional Roads Only
- \*\* Taper lengths have been rounded off.
  - L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
		1	1			

# GENERAL NOTES

- . All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED. Devices denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans or when approved by the Engineer.
- All construction signs and barricades placed during any phase of work shall remain in place until removal is approved by the Engineer.
- The Engineer may direct the Contractor to furnish additional signs and barricades as required to maintain traffic flow, detours and motorist safety during construction.
- 4. High level warning flags should be used on advance warning signs during daytime operations. Warning lights may be used to add emphasis to advance warning signs during nighttime operations.
- 5. Duplicate construction warning signs shall be erected on the median side.
- 6. See BC Standards for additional sign details.
- 7. Drums are the typical channelizing device. Cones or other devices may be used if approved by the Engineer. Drums shall be used during nighttime operations. Channelizing devices shall also be placed in accordance with "WORKSHEET FOR EDGE CONDITION TREATMENT TYPES."
- 8. Neither work activity nor storage of equipment, vehicles, or materials shall occur within the buffer space.
- 9. When signs are mounted at 1' height for short term stationary, sign versions shown in the SHSD for Texas with distances on the sign face rather than mounted on a plaque below the sign may be used.
- 10. The END ROAD WORK (G20-2) sign may be omitted when it conflicts with G20-2 signs already in place on the project.
- 11. Median side signs shall be mounted at 7' height.

#A shadow vehicle equipped with a Truck Mounted Attenuator is typically required. A shadow vehicle equipped with a TMA shall be used and positioned per the Manufacturer's Roll Ahead Distance (MRAD) in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

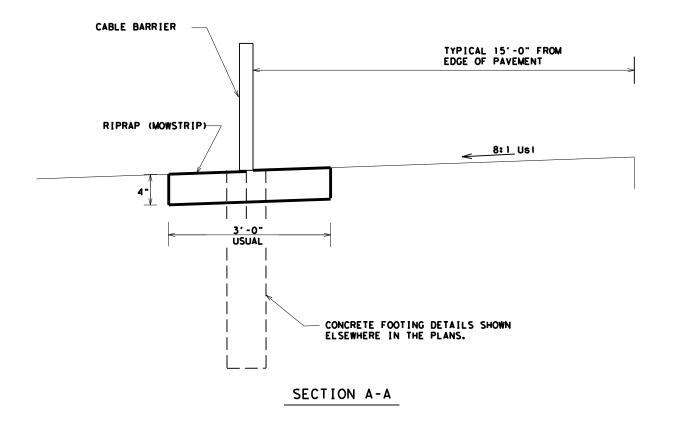
If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.



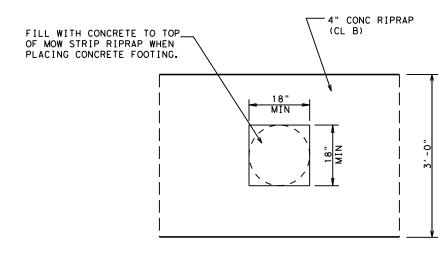
# TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN WORK IN MEDIAN

TCP (ATL-18)-15

E:	atl-18.dgn	DN: T	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
TxDOT	January 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		ΗI	GHWA	Y
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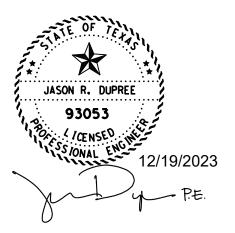


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MOW STRIP DETAIL

MOW STRIP WITH 18" X 18" or 18" DIA. MINIMUM LEAVEOUT



Miscellaneous Details



ED.ROAD		PROJECT NO.				1
6		RMC 6462-18-	001			
STATE	STATE DISTRICT	COUNTY	CONT.	SECT.	J0B	
EXAS	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.	6462	18	001	1

# **GENERAL NOTES**

- This drawing is a general overview of CASS TL-3 Barrier System. See SS-730 (latest version) for specific details of CASS cable terminal (CCT) and cable safety system (CASS) requirements, proper installation, options and specification.
- CASS is designed for bi-directional traffic flows and can be installed on either side of the median. Contact Trinity (800-527-6050) or consult the design, installation, or repair manual(s) for additional information. 2.
- All concrete for CASS footings shall be TxDOT class A. If class A or stronger concrete is utilized for the mowstrip, please see chart below for allowable footing depth and sleeve deviations.
- 4. All posts shall be socketed unless otherwise specified. All cables shall be pre-stretched unless otherwise specified.
- For payment see Special Specification "Cable Barrier System".
- CASS TL-3 shall be installed on shoulders or medians with slopes of 6:1 or flatter without obstructions, depressions, etc. That may significantly affect the stability of an errant vehicle. Grading of site and/or appropriate fill materials may be required. The designer/installer shall "Flatten" or "Round" various topographical inconsistencies that could interfere with the ability of the installer to consistently maintain the design height (in relation to the terrain) of the cables. Please consult manual(s) and / or TxDOT Memo(s) for installations in "Ditch Sections".
- CASS TL-3 post spacing may be modified to avoid obstacles that conflict with the installation of CASS TL-3 line posts or to reduce deflection on radiuses. No post space can exceed the maximum post TxDOT space limit of 20°. Reducing or increasing post spacing affects deflection. CASS TL-3 may be laterally transferred at a rate not to exceed 30:1.
- Post foundations may be drilled through existing pavement. Please see line post foundation chart for minimum footing requirements in various applications.
- For desthetic purposes Trinity recommends all sleeves, driven posts, and lower cable release posts to be installed reasonably plumb (approximately  $\frac{1}{8}$ " per foot).
- 10. CASS TL-3 shall be installed in well-drained, compacted, NCHRP Report 350 Standard soil. If soil does not meet this classification, if soild rock/concrete is encountered below grade or if soil is susceptable to severe freeze/thaw cycles, please contact Trinity about alternate footing design(s). Trinity suggests the use of "Mow strips" for erosion prevention and ease of maintenance / installation.
- 11. See the Texas MUTCD for proper "Barrier" Delineation.

MOW STRIP DETAIL*			CONCRETE FOOTING CHART			
MOW STRIP	DEPTH	WIDTH	FOOTING	TUBE SLEEVE	REBAR RING	
NONE			30" Min.	27" Min.	YES	
НМА	6" Min.	3′ Min.	27" Min.	15" Min.	NO	
НМА	8" Min.	3′ Min.	24" Min.	15" Min.	NO	
RC	3" Min.	3′ Min.	24" Min.	15" Min.	NO	

Chart does not apply to Terminal Posts 1 thru 9.

\* Mow strip or pavement.

HMA = Hot Mix Asphalt (Not Recycled Asphalt Pavement).

RC = Reinforced Concrete (TxDOT Class A Minimum).

Trinity Highway Products, LLC. 2525 Stemmons Freeway Dallas, TX 75207 Phone: (800) 644-7976

Product. INFO@TRIN. NET

DEGREES	LB / FORCE
-10	7300
0	7000
10	6600
20	6300
30	6000
40	5600
50	5300
60	5000
70	4600
80	4300
90	4000
100	3600
110	3300
120	3000
130	2700
140	2500
150	2300
om chart in to	ngent sections

Design Division

Standard

CABLE TENSION CHART

FAHRENHEIT | PRE-STRETCHED

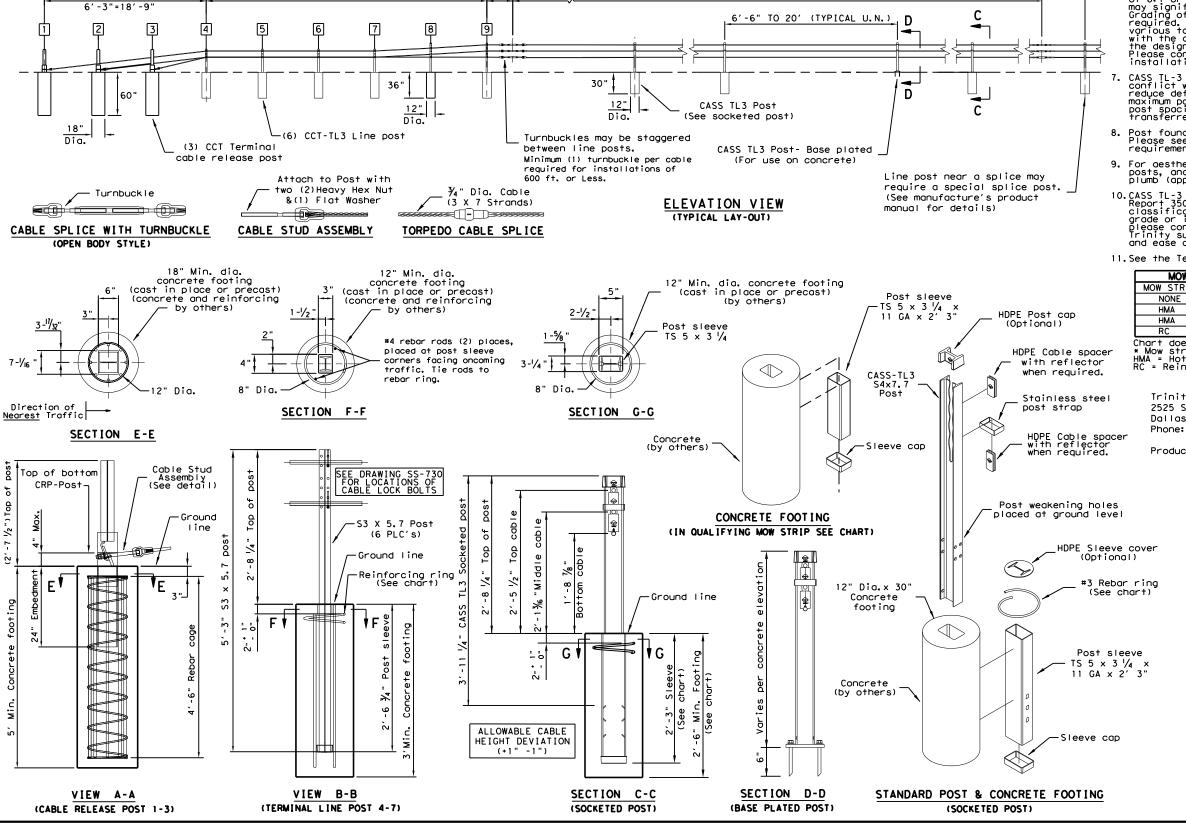
Allowable deviation from chart in tangent sections: +800, -200 pounds/force. Cable tension readings are typically higher in curved cable sections.

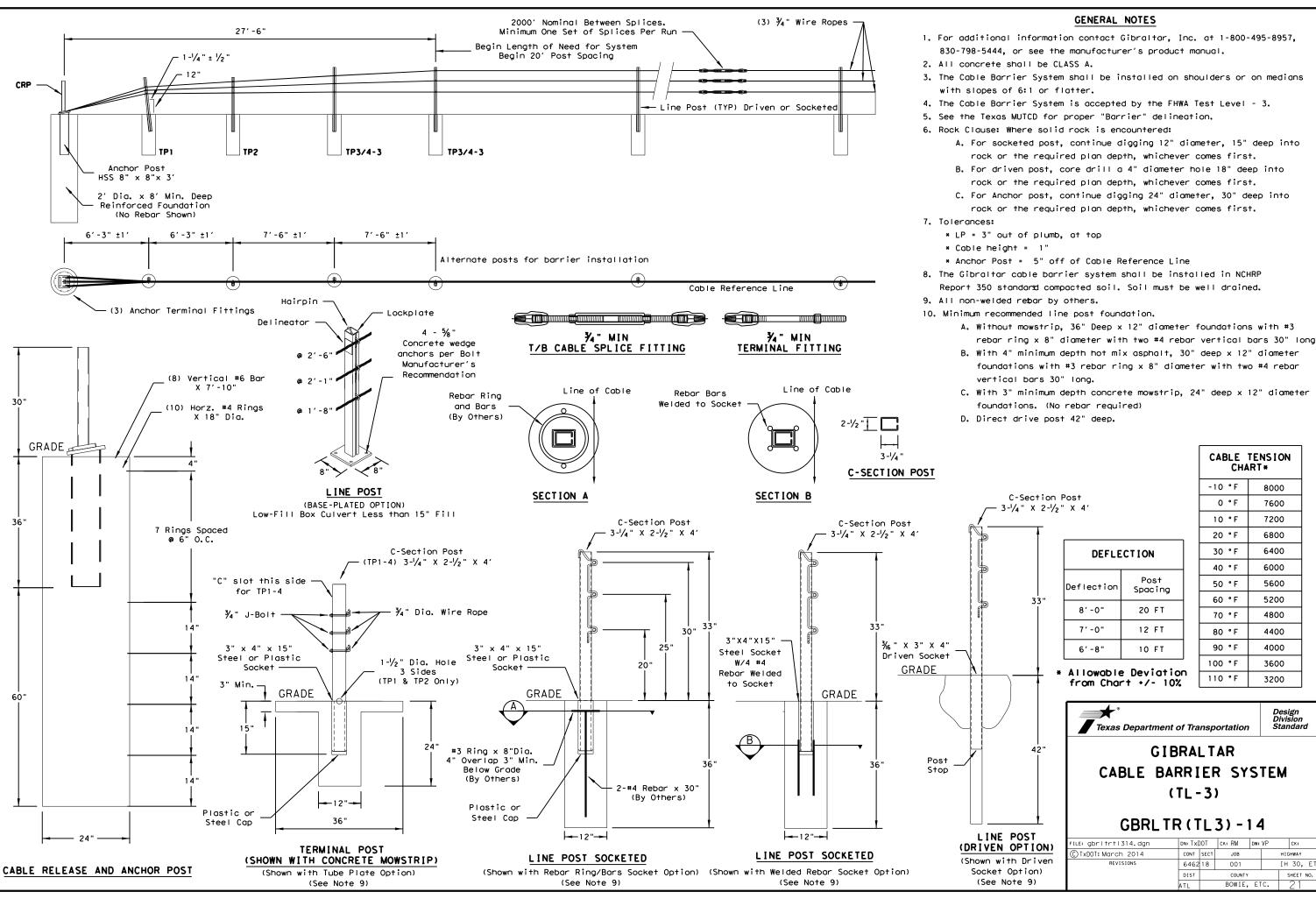


TRINITY CABLE SAFETY SYSTEM (TL-3)

CASS (TL3) - 14

FILE: casst1314.dgn	DN: Tx[	TOC	ck:RM	DW:	VP	(	K:
©TxDOT: MARCH 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGH	WAY
REVISIONS	6462	18	001		ΙH	30	, ETC
	DIST		COUNTY			SH	EET NO.
	ATL		BOWIE, E	ETC.			20





CABLE TENSION CHART\*

8000

7600

7200

6800

6400

6000

5600

5200

4800

4400

4000

3600

3200

HIGHWAY

IH 30, E

-10 °F

0 ° F

10 ° F

20 °F

30 ° F

40 ° F

50 ° F

60 °F

70 ° F

80 °F

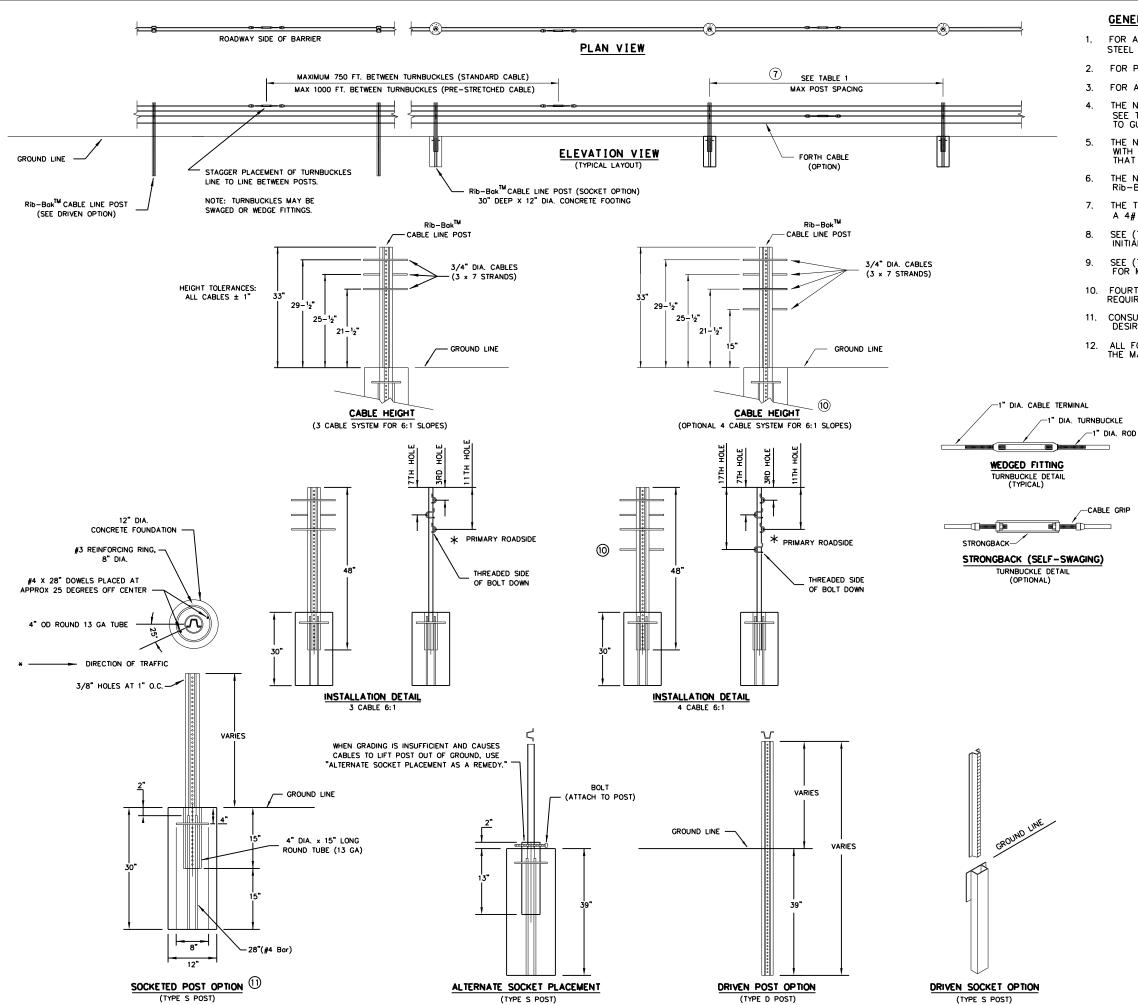
90 ° F

100 ° F

110 °F

JOB

001



# GENERAL NOTES

- FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT YOUR DISTRIBUTOR OR NUCOR STEEL MARION, INC. AT (603) 430-9350.
- 2. FOR PAYMENT SEE SPECIAL SPECIFICATION "CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM".
- 3. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL.
- THE NU-CABLE SYSTEM IS DESIGNED FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOWS.
   SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL FOR PLACEMENT ADJACENT TO GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS.
- . THE NU-CABLE SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED ON SHOULDERS OR MEDIANS WITH SLOPES OF 6:1 OR FLATTER WITHOUT OBSTRUCTIONS, DEPRESSIONS, ETC. THAT MAY SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT THE STABILITY OF AN ERRANT VEHICLE.
- . THE NU-CABLE SYSTEM MAY BE INSTALLED ON EITHER SIDE OF THE ROADWAY. Rib-Bok™ CABLE LINE POSTS MAY BE SOCKETED OR DRIVEN DESIGN.
- 7. THE TL-3 THREE-CABLE AND FOUR-CABLE FOR 6:1 SLOPES CAN USE EITHER A 4# /LF OR 5# /LF POST. SEE TABLE # 1 FOR POST SIZE PER SPACING.
- . SEE (TABLE 2) FOR TENSION AMOUNT AT SPECIFIC CABLE TEMPERATURE FOR INITIAL INSTALLATION.
- . SEE (TABLE 3) FOR TENSION AMOUNT AT SPECIFIC CABLE TEMPERATURE FOR MAINTENANCE.
- FOURTH (LOWEST) CABLE IS OPTIONAL. SEE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS FOR REQUIRMENT OF FOURTH CABLE.

7 TABLE 1

- 11. CONSULT YOUR PROJECT PLAN SHEET AND CABLE BARRIER SPECIFICATIONS FOR DESIRED SOCKET MATERIAL.
- 12. ALL FOUNDATION DESIGNS ARE BASED ON NCHRP 350 STRONG (S1) SOIL. CONSULT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC FOUNDATION DESIGN IF SOIL TYPES DIFFER.

POST SIZE TABLE					
POST SPACING	POST SIZE				
0' - 17'-6"	4# / LF X 4' OR 6' POST				
17'-6" - 20'	5# / LF X 4' POST				

POST SPACING IS PER 8 FOOT DEFLECTION REQUIRMENTS. CONSULT PRODUCT MANUAL IF GREATER DEFLECTION IS PERMISSIBLE.

# 8 TABLE 2

A TABLE 2						
CABLE TENSION CHART						
INITIAL INSTALL						
F	LBF					
120	4624					
110	4986					
100	5350					
90	5713					
80	6077					
70	6440					
60	7167					
50	7894					
40	8619					
30	9346					
20	10073					
10	10800					
0	11525					
-10	12252					
-20	12979					
-30	13706					

# 9 TABLE 3

CABLE TENSION CHART						
MAINTENANCE						
F	LBF					
120	4021					
110	4336					
100	4652					
90	4968					
80	5284					
70	5600					
60	6232					
50	6864					
40	7495					
30	8127					
20	8759					
10	9391					
0	10022					
-10	10654					
-20	11286					
-30	11918					

SHEET 1 OF 2

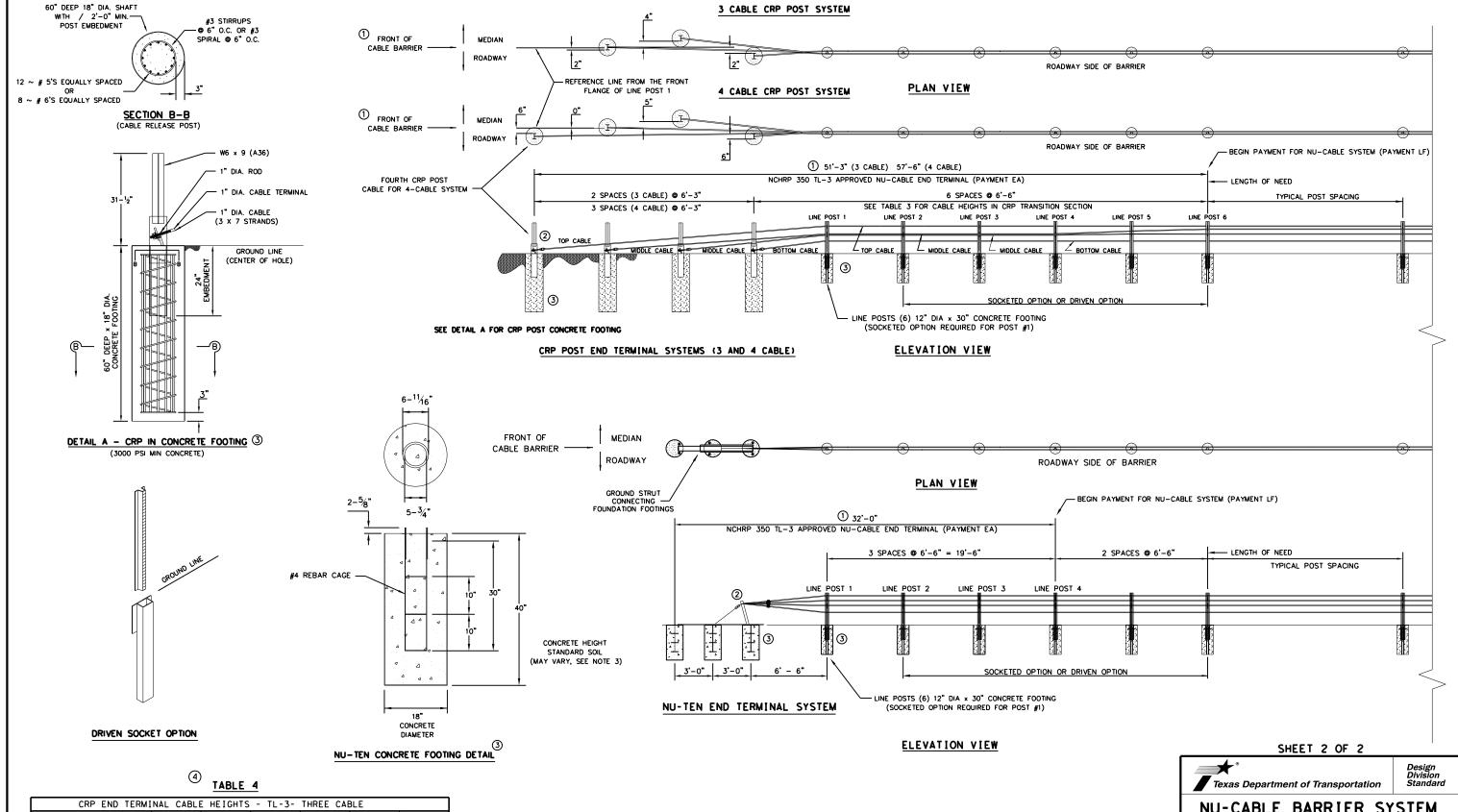


NU-CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-3)

(3 OR 4 CABLE)

NU-CABLE (TL3) -14

ILE:	DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:		
C) TxDOT:	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	6462	18	001		IH:	30, ETC		
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.		
	ATI	BOWLE ETC				22		



CRP END TERMINAL CABLE HEIGHTS - TL-3- THREE CABLE									
	LP 1	LP 2	LP 3	LP 4	LP 5	LP 6			
TOP CABLE	28"	28"	28"	28"	30"	30"			
MIDDLE CABLE	22"	22"	22"	23"	25"	25"			
BOTTOM CABLE	19"	19"	19"	20"	20"	21"			
CRP END TERMI	NAL CABLE	HEIGHTS	- TL-3-	FOUR CABL	.E 6:1				
	LP 1	LP 2	LP 3	LP 4	LP 5	LP 6			
TOP CABLE	28"	28"	28"	28"	30"	30"			
UPPER-MIDDLE CABLE	22"	22"	22"	23"	25"	25"			
BOTTOM-MIDDLE CABLE	19"	19"	19"	20"	20"	21"			
BOTTOM CABLE	15"	15"	15"	15"	15"	15"			

REFER TO SHEET 1 OF 2 FOR LENGTH OF NEED CABLE HEIGHTS.

NOTES

- THE OPPOSING END TREATMENTS ON A PARTICULAR RUN ARE MIRRORED IN THEIR LAYOUT. SYSTEM PAYMENT IS PER EACH (EA). REFER TO PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL PAYMENT INFORMATION.
- 2. REFER TO INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR CABLE END ASSEMBLY DETAIL.
- ALL FOUNDATION DESIGNS ARE BASED ON NCHRP 350 STRONG (S1)SOIL. CONSULT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC FOUNDATION DESIGNS IF SOIL TYPES DIFFER.
- 4. SEE TABLE 2 CABLE HEIGHTS IN CRP TRANSITION SECTION.

NU-CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-3) (3 OR 4 CABLE)

NU-CABLE (TL3)-14

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REVISIONS	6462	18	001	I	Н 3	O, ETC
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
	ATL BOWIE, ETC.					23

ROPE TENSION TABLE

(LBS) 5700 5550

5400

5250

5100

4950

4800

4650

4500

4350

4200

4050

3900

3750

3600

3450

3300

3150

3000

2850

2700

2550

2400

2250

2100

1950

1800

1650

1500

\*ROPE TENSION: ± 20% AFTER 2-WEEK INTERVAL

ENSION (kN)

24.7

24.0

23.4

22.7

22.0

21.4

20.74

20.0

19.3

18.7

18.0

17.3

16.7

16.0

15.3

14.7

14.0

13.3

12.7

12.0

11.3

10.7

10.0

9.3

8.7

8.0

7.3

6.7

TENSION

ROPE TEMP

10

20

30

45

50

55

60

65

70

75

80

85 90

95

100

105

110

115

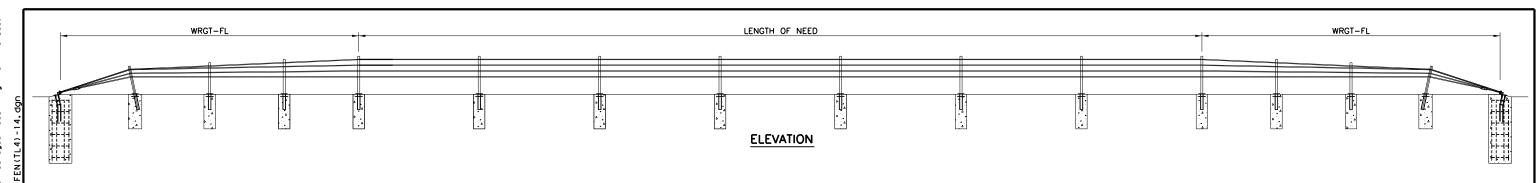
120

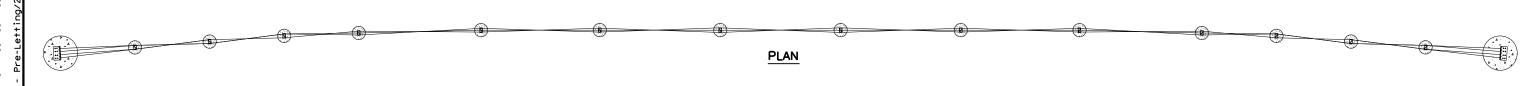
125

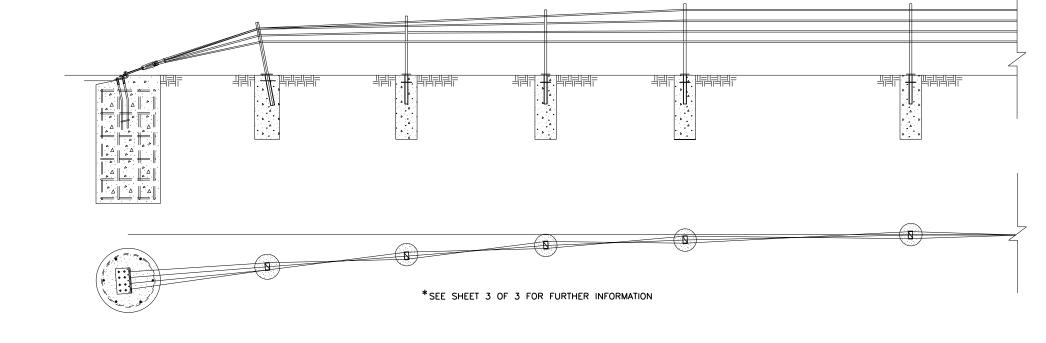
130

135

140







WRGT-FL END ANCHOR

# GENERAL NOTES:

- BRIFEN DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND PRODUCT MANUAL SHOULD BE REVIEWED PRIOR TO STARTING AN INSTALLATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR QUESTIONS, CONTACT BRIFEN USA, INC. AT 1-866-427-4336.
- THE BRIFEN WRSF HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY TESTED TO NCHRP 350 TL-4 CONDITIONS ON SLOPES 6:1 OR FLATTER AND NCHRP 350 TL-3 CONDITIONS ON SLOPES 4:1 TO 6:1.
- THE POST SPACING SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE SPECIFYING AGENCY. POST SPACING MAY BE DECREASED TO AVOID
  OBSTRUCTIONS OR UTILITIES. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE POST SPACING EXCEED 21'-0".
- 4. BRIFEN WRSF SHALL BE PLACED ON A SMOOTH SURFACE, WITHOUT HUMPS, DROP-OFFS, HOLES, ETC THAT WOULD INTERFERE WITH THE STABILITY OF THE ERRANT VEHICLE. GRADING, FILL AND COMPACT MAY BE REQUIRED TO ASSURE THAT ROPES ARE INSTALLED AT THE DESIGN HEIGHT.
- 5. THE WRGT-FL END ANCHOR HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY TESTED TO NCHRP 350 TL-3 CONDITIONS. THE LENGTH OF NEED BEGINS 31'-0" FROM THE END ANCHOR. POSTS A THROUGH POST B3, SPACED 6'-6" APART, HAVE WEAKENED CUTS AT THE GROUND THAT SHALL FACE THE ANCHOR.
- ANCHOR AND LINE POST DIMENSIONS AND STEEL REINFORCEMENT WILL BE DETERMINED ON PROJECT SPECIFIC SOIL CLASSIFICATION, PROPERTIES AND TEMPERATURE EXTREMES. CONTACT BRIFEN USA, INC. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 7. ALL REINFORCEMENT AND CONCRETE FOR THE ANCHORS AND LINE POSTS PROVIDED BY OTHERS.
- 8. REINFORCEMENT AND CONCRETE PROPERTIES SHALL MEET AGENCY SPECIFICATIONS.
- 9. FOR PLACEMENT NEAR GUARDRAIL OR OTHER OBSTACLES CONTACT BRIFEN USA, INC. FOR ADDITIONAL DRAWINGS AND SUPPORT.
- 10. TAPER RATES FOR THE BRIFEN WRSF ARE AS FOLLOWS: HORIZONTAL: 25:1 MAXIMUM, 50:1 PREFERABLE VERTICAL: 25:1 MAXIMUM, 50:1 PREFERABLE

# SHEET 1 OF 3



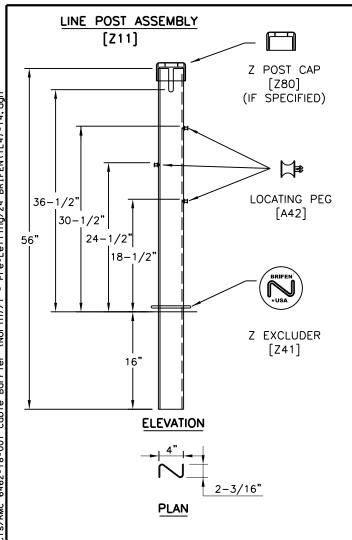
Design Division Standard

# BRIFEN WIRE ROPE SAFETY FENCE (TL-4)

# BRIFEN(TL4)-14

LE: brifent 414.dgn	DN: Tx[	TO	ck: RM Dw: VP		CK:		
TxDOT: MARCH 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	6462	18	001		ΙH	30,	ETC
	DIST		COUNTY	SHEET N		ET NO.	
	ATL	BOWIE, ETC.					24

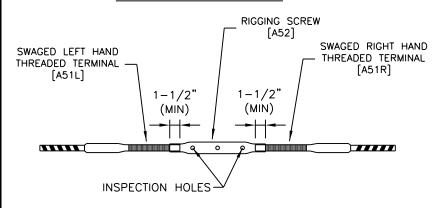
# SOCKET ASSEMBLY



# NOTES SPECIFIC TO LINE POST ASSEMBLY

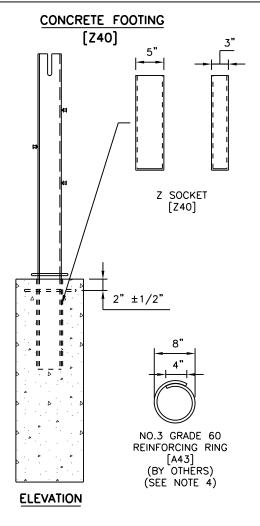
- 1. ROPE HEIGHTS SHALL BE  $\pm$  1" TO GROUND LINE.
- 2. POST SHALL BE  $\pm$  4" FROM VERTICAL PLUMB.
- 3. POST CAPS SHALL BE USED IF SPECIFIED.
- 4. REFLECTORS SHALL BE SPACED ACCORDING TO AGENCY SPECIFICATIONS.
- 5. REFLECTORS CAN BE PLACED ON THE POST CAP OR POST.

# ROPE CONNECTION DETAIL



### NOTES SPECIFIC TO ROPE CONNECTION DETAIL

- THE WIRE ROPE TERMINALS SHALL BE THREADED A MINIMUM OF 1-1/2" INTO RIGGING SCREW.
- 2. AFTER FINAL TENSIONING, THE TERMINALS SHALL BE VISIBLE IN THE INSPECTION HOLES.

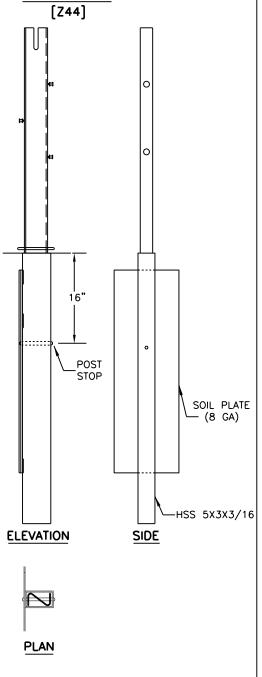




# PLAN

# NOTES SPECIFIC TO CONCRETE FOOTING

- SIZE OF FOOTING WILL BE DETERMINED BY SOIL CONDITIONS, FOUNDATION TYPE AND PROJECT CONDITIONS.
- 2. CONCRETE BASED ON AGENCY SPECIFICATIONS.
- 3. CONCRETE BY OTHERS.
- 4. REINFORCING RING (BY OTHERS) WILL BE USED ACCORDING TO FOUNDATION SIZE AND TYPE. THE REINFORCEING RING MAY BE OMITTED IF THE FOOTING IS PLACED IN A CONTINOUS CONCRETE MOW STRIP.
- 5. FOOTING SHALL BE FLUSH WITH THE GROUND LINE, TO A MAXIMUM OF 1 INCH BELOW OR ABOVE GROUND LINE.
- 6. SOCKET SHALL BE  $\pm 2^{\circ}$  OF VERTICAL PLUMB.



DRIVE SOCKET

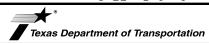
# NOTES SPECIFIC TO DRIVE SOCKETS

- SIZE OF SOIL PLATE WILL BE DETERMINED BY SOIL CONDITIONS AND PROJECT CONDITIONS.
- 2. THE SOIL PLATE SHALL BE PARALLEL TO ROADWAY AND CAN FACE TOWARD OR AWAY FROM THE TRAVEL LANE.
- 3. FOOTING SHALL BE FLUSH WITH THE GROUND LINE, TO A MAXIMUM OF 1 INCH BELOW OR ABOVE GROUND LINE.
- 4. SOCKET SHALL BE  $\pm 2^{\circ}$  OF VERTICAL PLUM.
- 5. SOCKETS SHALL BE DRIVEN IN A MANNER TO NOT DISTORT OR DESTROY THE TOP OF SOCKET TO A DEGREE THAT PLACES THE SOCKET OR LINE POST OUT OF CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES.

# GENERAL NOTES:

- BRIFEN DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND PRODUCT MANUAL SHOULD BE REVIEWED PRIOR TO STARTING AN INSTALLATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR QUESTIONS, CONTACT BRIFEN USA, INC. 1-866-427-4336.
- 2. THE BRIFEN WRSF HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY TESTED TO NCHRP 350 TL-4 CONDITIONS ON SLOPES 6:1 OR FLATTER AND NCHRP 350 TL-3 CONDITIONS ON SLOPES 4:1 TO 6:1.
- 3. THE POST SPACING SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE SPECIFYING AGENCY. POST SPACING MAY BE DECREASED TO AVOID OBSTRUCTIONS OR UTILITIES. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE POST SPACING EXCEED 21'-0".
- BRIFEN WRSF SHALL BE PLACED ON A SMOOTH SURFACE, WITHOUT HUMPS, DROP-OFFS, HOLES, ETC THAT WOULD INTERFERE WITH THE STABILITY OF THE ERRANT VEHICLE. GRADING, FILL AND COMPACTION MAY BE REQUIRED TO ASSURE THAT ROPES ARE INSTALLED AT THE DESIGN HEIGHT.

SHEET 2 OF 3



Design Division Standard

BRIFEN
WIRE ROPE SAFETY FENCE
(TL-4)

BRIFEN(TL4)-14

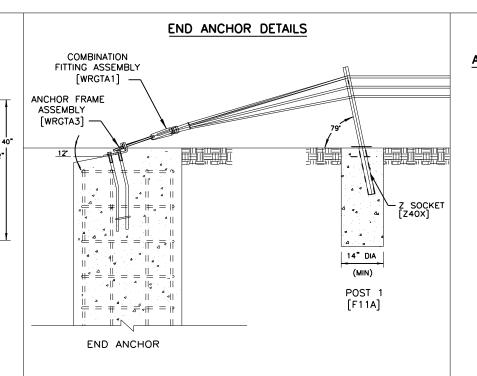
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### NOTES SPECIFIC TO WRGT-FL POST DETAIL

- 1. ROPE HEIGHTS SHALL BE ±1" TO GROUND LINE.
- 2. POST SHALL BE ±4" FROM VERTICAL PLUMB.
- 3. POST CAPS SHALL BE USED IF SPECIFIED.
- 4. REFLECTORS SHALL BE SPACED ACCORDING TO AGENCY SPECIFICATIONS.
- 5. REFLECTORS CAN BE PLACED ON THE POST CAP OR POST.
- 6. Z EXCLUDER (Z41) SHALL BE USED.
- 7. POST A & SOCKET SHALL BE PLACED 79" ( ±4" ) TOWARD END ANCHOR FROM THE HORIZONTAL PLANE.
- SOIL CONDITIONS AND PROJECT CONDITIONS.
- 9. FOUNDATIONS FOR POST 2 THRU 4 SHALL BE THE SAME AS THE LINE POST ASSEMBLY'S FOR THE PROJECT.
- 10. WEAKENED CUTS SHALL FACE END ANCHOR.

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. BRIFEN DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND PRODUCT MANUAL SHOULD BE REVIEWED PRIOR TO STARTING AN INSTALLATION. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR QUESTIONS, CONTACT BRIFEN USA, INC. AT 1-866-427-4336.
- THE WRGT-FL END ANCHOR HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY TESTED TO NCHRP 350 TL-3 CONDITIONS. THE LENGTH OF NEED BEGINS 31'-0" FROM THE END ANCHOR. POSTS A THROUGH POST B3, SPACED 6'-6" APART, HAVE WEAKENED CUTS AT THE GROUND THAT SHALL FACE THE ANCHOR.
- ANCHOR AND LINE POST DIMENSIONS AND STEEL REINFORCEMENT WILL BE DETERMINED ON PROJECT SPECIFIC SOIL CLASSIFICATION, PROPERTIES AND TEMPERATURE EXTREMES. CONTACT BRIFEN USA, INC. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 4. ALL REINFORCEMENT AND CONCRETE FOR THE ANCHORS AND LINE POSTS PROVIDED BY OTHERS.
- 5. REINFORCEMENT AND CONCRETE PROPERTIES SHALL MEET AGENCY SPECIFICATIONS.
- 6. FOR PLACEMENT NEAR GUARDRAIL OR OTHER OBSTACLES CONTACT BRIFEN USA, INC. FOR ADDITIONAL DRAWINGS AND SUPPORT.



## NOTES SPECIFIC TO END ANCHOR DETAIL

POST 4

[4F11B3L]

LINE POST

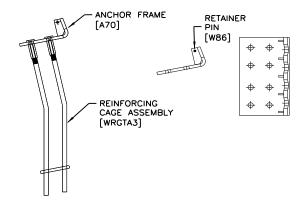
[Z11]

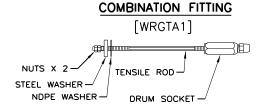
- 1. THE END ANCHOR ASSEMBLY SHALL BE PLACED 12° (+3°, -1°) BELOW HORIZONTAL PLANE.
- 2. POST 1 & SOCKET SHALL BE PLACED 79° (±4°) TOWARD END ANCHOR FROM THE HORIZONTAL PLANE.
- 3. POST 1 SOCKET SHALL BE PLACED IN 14" (MIN) CONCRETE FOUNDATION. DEPTH TO BE DETERMINED FROM SOIL CONDITIONS AND PROJECT CONDITIONS.

# **END ANCHOR COMPONENTS**

ANCHOR FRAME ASSEMBLY

ANCHOR FRAME [A70]





SHEET 3 OF 3



Design Division

BRIFEN WIRE ROPE SAFETY FENCE (TL-4)

BRIFEN(TL4)-14

E: brifentl414.dgn	DN: Tx[	)OT	ck: RM Dw: VP		CK:			
TxDOT: MARCH 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY			
REVISIONS	6462	18	001		ΙH	30,	ETC	
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
	ATL	E	BOWIE,	EΤC	: <b>.</b>		26	

POST

[F11AL]

POST 2

[4F11B1L]

POST A SOCKET SHALL BE PLACED IN 14" (MIN) CONCRETE FOUNDATION. DEPTH TO BE DETERMINED FROM

POST 3

[4F11B2L]

for any purpose s s resulting from

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**GENERAL NOTES** System has been successfully tested with opposite installation. <u>Departure Installation: Length-of-Need:</u> 44'-9" (At Post #8)

<u>Approach Installation: Length-of-Need:</u> 19'-9" (12" Post Post #4) This drawing is a general overview of CASS TL-4 Barrier System. See \$\$-740 (latest version) for specific details of CASS cable terminal (CCT) and cable safety system (CASS) requirements, proper installation, options and specification. CASS is designed for bi-directional traffic flows and can be installed on either side of the median. Contact Trinity (800-527-6050) or consult the design, installation, or repair manual(s) for additional information. 2. B∮ ¹ ∮B Direction of Nearest Traffic All concrete for CASS footings shall be TxDOT class A. If class A or stronger concrete is utilized for the mowstrip, please see chart below for allowable footing depth and sleeve deviations. PLAN VIEW 4. All posts shall be socketed unless otherwise specified. All cables shall be pre-stretched unless otherwise specified. 51'-3" \*1" NCHRP 350 TL-3 Approved CASS CABLE TERMINAL (CCT - PAYMENT EACH) PAY ITEM - CASS-TL4 SYSTEM (PAYMENT - LINEAR FEET) For payment see Special Specification "Cable Barrier System". CASS-TL4 shall be installed on shoulders or medians with slopes of 6:1 or flatter without obstructions, depressions, etc. That may significantly affect the stability of an errant vehicle. Grading of site and/or appropriate fill materials may be required. The designer/installer shall "Flatten" or "Round" various topographical inconsistencies that could interfere with the ability of the installer to consistently maintain the design height (in relation to the terrain) of the cables. Please consult manual(s) and/or TXDOI Memo(s) for installations in "Ditch Sections". ያ ያ MAXIMUM 1000 FEET BETWEEN CABLE SPLICES (5) POST SPACES AT 6'-6"=32'-6" (3) POST SPACES AT 6'-3"=18'-9' 6'-6" TO 20' (TYPICAL U.N.) 9 CASS TL-4 post spacing may be modified to avoid obstacles that conflict with the installation of cass-tl4 line posts or to reduce deflection on radiuses. No post space can exceed the maximum post TxDOT space limit of 20'. Reducing or increasing post spacing affects deflection. CASS TL-4 may be laterally transferred at a rate not to exceed 30:1. ty for 30" 36" 12" CASS TL4 Post in Concrete. (4) CCT-TL3 Line Post (See Drawing SS740) Dia. Dia. Post foundations may be drilled through existing pavement. Please see line post foundation chart for minimum footing requirements in various applications. (3) CCT Terminal Cable CASS TL4 Post- Base plated (2) CCT-TL4 Line Post (See Drawing SS740) Release Post Dia. Turnbuckles may be staggered (For use on concrete) between line posts. Minimum (1) turnbuckle per cable For desthetic purposes Trinity recommends all sleeves, driven posts, and lower cable release posts to be installed reasonably plumb (approximately 1/8" per foot). required for installations of **ELEVATION VIEW** Attach to Post with Line post near a splice may 10.CASS TL-4 shall be installed in well-drained, compacted, NCHRP Report 350 Standard soil. If soil does not meet this classification, if soild rock/concrete is encountered below grade or if soil is susceptable to severe freeze/thaw cycles, please contact Trinity about alternate footing design(s). Trinity suggests the use of "Mow strips" for erosion prevention and ease of maintenance / installation. two (2)Heavy Hex Nut ¾" Dia. Cable (TYPICAL LAY-OUT) require a special splice post. Turnbuckle &(1) Flat Washer (3 X 7 Strands) (See manufacture's product =((1-) manual for details) CABLE SPLICE WITH TURNBUCKLE TORPEDO CABLE SPLICE CABLE STUD ASSEMBLY (OPEN BODY STYLE) 11. See the Texas MUTCD for proper "Barrier" Delineation. 12" Min. dia. concrete footing 18" Min. dia. 12" Min. dia. concrete footing (cast in place or precast) MOW STRIP DETAIL\* CONCRETE FOOTING CHART concrete footing (cast in place or precast) MOW STRIP | DEPTH | WIDTH | FOOTING | TUBE SLEEVE | REBAR RING (cast in place or precast) (concrete and reinforcing (by others) 30" Min. 27" Min. 6" Min. 3' Min. 27" Min. 15" Min. 8" Min. 3' Min. 24" Min. 15" Min. (concrete and reinforcing NONE YES Post sleeve HDPE Post cap - by others) - by others) - TS5 x 3 1/4 x 11 GA x 2' 3" (Optional) NO Post sleeve 3" Min. 3' Min. 24" Min. 15" Min. TS5 x 3 1/4 Chart does not apply to Terminal Posts 1 thru 9.

\* Mow strip or pavement.

HMA = Hot Mix Asphalt (Not Recycled Asphalt Pavement).

RC = Reinforced Concrete (TxDOT Class A Minimum). #4 rebar rods (2) places, HDPE Cable spacer with reflector placed at post sleeve when required. corners facing oncoming CASS-TL4 traffic. Tie rods to CABLE TENSION CHART rebar ring. 12" Dia. 8-¾" Dia. FAHRENHEIT | PRE-STRETCHED 8-¾" Dia. Post Trinity Highway Products, LLC. Stainless steel DEGREES LB / FORCE Direction of L Nearest Traffic post strap 2525 Stemmons Freeway SECTION G-G SECTION F-F Dallas, TX 75207 Phone: (800) 644-7976 SECTION E-E HDPE Cable spacer with reflector when required. Concrete (by others) -Sleeve cap Product. INFO@TRIN. NET Cable Stud Assembly SEE DRAWING SS-740 FOR LOCATIONS OF CABLE LOCK BOLTS Top of bottom CRP-Post (See detail) Post weakening holes placed at ground level Ground Line CONCRETE FOOTING (IN QUALIFYING MOW STRIP SEE CHART) HDPE Sleeve cover (Optional) -Ground line "%" Allowable deviation from chart in tangent sections: +800, -200 pounds/force. Cable tension readings are typically higher in curved cable sections. #3 Rebar ring 1'-8 Bottom #3 Rebar ring 12" Dia.x 30" -(See chart) (See chart) Concrete footing -Ground line Texas Department of Transportation Post sleeve TRINITY TS 5 × 3  $\frac{1}{4}$  × 11 GA × 2' 3" CABLE SAFETY SYSTEM Concrete (by others) (TL-4)ALLOWABLE CABLE Sleeve cap HEIGHT DEVIATION
(+1" -1") CASS(TL4)-14 ILE: casst1414.dgn DN: TxDOT CK: RM DW: VP C)TxDOT: March 2014 CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 6462 18 001 | IH 30, ETC SECTION D-D VIEW B-B SECTION C-C STANDARD POST & CONCRETE FOOTING VIEW A-A (SOCKETED POST) (BASE PLATED POST) (CABLE RELEASE POST 1-3) (TERMINAL LINE POST 4-7) (SOCKETED POST) BOWIE, ETC.

Length-of-Need Cass Cable Terminal (CCT):

Preferred Installation: Locate post #2 away from nearest traffic.

GENERAL NOTES 2000' Nominal between splices. (3) 3/4" Wire Ropes 27'-6" Minimum one set of splices per run 1. For additional information contact Gibraltar, Inc. at 1-800-495-8957, Begin Length of Need for System 830-798-5444, or see the manufacturer's product manual. Begin 20' Post Spacing 2. All concrete shall be CLASS A. 3. The Cable Barrier System shall be installed on shoulders or on medians **~** 12" CRP with slopes of 6:1 or flatter. If installed on slopes steeper than 6:1 up to 4:1 the TL-4 system performs as a TL-3 and Gibraltar must Line Post (TYP) Driven or Socketed be contacted for various guidelines related to placement. 4. The Cable Barrier System is accepted by the FHWA Test Level - 4. 5. See the Texas MUTCD for proper "Barrier" delineation. 6. Rock Clause: Where solid rock is encountered: TP2 TP3-4 TP4-4 δρ A. For socketed post, continue digging 12" diameter, 15" deep into is made results Anchor Post rock or the required plan depth, whichever comes first. HSS 8" x 8"x 3' B. For driven post, core drill a 4" diameter hole 18" deep into 2' Dia. x 8' Min. Deep rock or the required plan depth, whichever comes first. Reinforced Foundation C. For Anchor post, continue digging 24" diameter, 30" deep into (No Rebar Shown) rock or the required plan depth, whichever comes first. 7. Tolerances: 6'-3" ±1' 6'-3" ±1' 7'-6" ±1' 7'-6" ±1' anty of or for i \* LP = 3" out of plumb, at top \* Cable height = 1" Alternate posts for barrier installation \* Anchor Post = 5" off of Cable Reference Line 8. The Gibraltar cabte barrier system shall be installed in NCHRP Cable Reference Line Report 350 standard compacted soil. Soil must be well drained. Lockplate 9. All non-welded rebar by others. (3) Anchor Terminal Fittings Hairpin 10. Minimum recommended line post foundation. 4 - 5%" A. Without mowstrip, 36" Deep x 12" diameter foundations with #3 Delineator ¾" MIN ¾" MIN Concrete wedge rebar ring x 8" diameter with two #4 rebar vertical bars 30" long T/B CABLE SPLICE FITTING TERMINAL FITTING anchors per Bolt a 3-3 B. With 4" minimum depth hot mix asphalt, 30" deep x 12" diameter Manufacturer's (8) Vertical #6 Bar foundations with #3 rebar ring x 8" diameter with two #4 rebar Recommendation X 7'-10' vertical bars 30" long. @ 2-6 C. With 3" minimum depth concrete mowstrip, 24" deep x 12" diameter Line of Cable Line of Cable Rebar Bars Rebar Ring foundations. (No rebar required) Horz. #4 Rings 30' @ 1-8" Welded to Socket and Bars X 18" Dia. D. Direct drive post 42" deep. (By Others) 2-1/2 " GRADE CABLE TENSION CHART\* 3-1/4" -10 °F 8000 C-SECTION POST LINE POST 7600 SECTION A SECTION B C-Section Post (BASE-PLATED OPTION) 3-<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" X 2-<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" X 4'-9" Low-Fill Box Culvert Less than 15" Fill 7200 10 ° F C-Section Post C-Section Post 36' 20 °F 6800 7 Rings Spaced 3-1/4" X 2-1/2" X 4'-9" - 3-¼" X 2-½" X 4′-9" @ 6" O.C. C-Section Post 30 ° F 6400 **DEFLECTION** (TP1-2) 3-1/4" X 2-1/2" X 4' 6000 (TP3-4) 3-1/4" X 2-1/2" X 4'-9" Post 50 ° F 5600 "C" slot this side Deflection Spacing for TP1-4 60 ° F 5200 42' 8'-0" 20 FT 70 ° F 4800 ¾" Dia. Wire Rope ¾" J-Bo∣† -12 FT 80 °F 4400 39 3"X4"X15" 90 ° F 4000 10 FT 6'-8" 3" x 4" x 15" 3" x 4" x 15" 30 Steel Socket 3/6" X 3" X 4" Steel or Plastic 100 °F 3600 Steel or Plastic 1-1/2" Dia. Hole W/4 #4 20' Driven Socket \* Allowable Deviation Socket Socket 3 Sides 110 °F 3200 Rebar Welded from Chart +/- 10% (TP1 & TP2 Only) to Socket GRADE GRADE GRADE Texas Department of Transportation #3 Ring x 8"Dia. 4" Overlap 3" Min. GIBRALTAR Post Below Grade Stop CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (By Others) 2-#4 Rebar x 30" (TL-4)(By Others) 12"-Plastic or Plastic or Steel Cap 36" Steel Cap **GBRLTR (TL4) - 14** 12"--12"-LINE POST DN:TXDOT CK:RM DW:VP ILE: gbrltrtl414.dgn (DRIVEN OPTION) TERMINAL POST LINE POST SOCKETED C)TxDOT: March 2014 JOB LINE POST SOCKETED (SHOWN WITH CONCRETE MOWSTRIP) (Shown with Driven 6462 18 001 | IH 30, ETC (Shown with Rebar Ring/Bars Socket Option) (Shown with Welded Rebar Socket Option) Socket Option) (Shown with Tube Plate Option) CABLE RELEASE AND ANCHOR POST (See Note 9) (See Note 9) (See Note 9) (See Note 10) ATL BOWIE, ETC.

(TYPE S POST)

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(TYPE S POST)

### GENERAL NOTES

- FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT YOUR DISTRIBUTOR OR NUCOR STEEL MARION, INC. AT (740) 383-4011.
- 2. FOR PAYMENT SEE SPECIAL SPECIFICATION "CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM".
- 3. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL.
- THE NU-CABLE SYSTEM IS DESIGNED FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC FLOWS. SEE THE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT MANUAL FOR PLACEMENT ADJACENT TO GUARDRAIL END TREATMENTS.
- THE NU-CABLE SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED ON MEDIANS WITH SLOPES OF 6:1 OR FLATTER WITHOUT OBSTRUCTIONS, DEPRESSIONS, ETC; THAT MAY SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT THE STABILITY OF AN ERRANT VEHICLE.
- THE NU-CABLE SYSTEM MAY BE INSTALLED ON EITHER SIDE OF THE ROADWAY. RID-BOKTM CABLE LINE POSTS MAY BE SOCKETED OR DRIVEN DESIGN.
- 7. THE TL-4 FOR 6:1 SLOPES CAN USE 4# / LF POST. SEE TABLE #1 FOR POST SIZE PER SPACING.
- 8. SEE (TABLE 2) FOR TENSION AMOUNT AT SPECIFIC CABLE TEMPERATURE FOR INITIAL INSTALLATION.
- 9. SEE (TABLE 3) FOR TENSION AMOUNT AT SPECIFIC CABLE TEMPERATURE FOR MAINTENANCE.
- 10. FOURTH (LOWEST) CABLE IS NOT OPTIONAL ON THE TL-4 SYSTEM.
- 11. CONSULT YOUR PROJECT PLAN SHEETS AND CABLE BARRIER SPECIFICATIONS FOR DESIRED SOCKET MATERIAL.
- 12. ALL FOUNDATION DESIGNS ARE BASED ON NCHRP 350 STRONG (S1) SOIL. CONSULT THE MANUFACTURER FOR SPECIFIC FOUNDATION DESIGN IF SOIL TYPES DIFFER.

# 7 TABLE 1

POST SIZE TABLE								
POST SPACING POST SIZE								
0' - 17'-6"	4# / LF X 4' OR 6' POST							
17'-6" - 20'	5# / LF X 4' POST							

POST SPACING IS PER 8 FOOT DEFLECTION REQUIRMENTS.
CONSULT PRODUCT MANUAL IF GREATER DEFLECTION IS PERMISSIBLE.

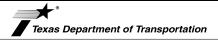
# (8) TADIE 2

STABLE 2								
CABLE TEN	SION CHART							
INITIAL INSTALL								
F	LBF							
120	4624							
110	4986							
100	5350							
90	5713							
80	6077							
70	6440							
60	7167							
50	7894							
40	8619							
30	9346							
20	10073							
10	10800							
0	11525							
-10	12252							
-20	12979							
-30	13706							

# 9 TABLE 3

CABLE TEN	SION CHART
MAINT	ENANCE
F	LBF
120	4021
110	4336
100	4652
90	4968
80	5284
70	5600
60	6232
50	6864
40	7495
30	8127
20	8759
10	9391
0	10022
-10	10654
-20	11286
-30	11918

SHEET 1 OF 2



NU-CABLE BARRIER SYSTEM (TL-4) (4 CABLE)

NU-CABLE (TL4)-14

FILE:	DN:		CK: DW:		DW:			
© TxDOT:	CONT	SECT JOB			H)	HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS	6462	18	001		IH 3	0,	ETC	
	DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO		T NO.	
	ATL	E	BOWIE,	ETC	·•		29	

Nationwide Permit

NOI: Notice of Intent

Sediment Basins

Grassy Swales

USACE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USFWS: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Comply with the Hazard Communication Act (the Act) for personnel who will be working with hazardous materials by conducting safety meetings prior to beginning construction and making workers aware of potential hazards in the workplace. Ensure that all workers are provided with personal protective equipment appropriate for any hazardous materials used. Obtain and keep on-site Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous products

used on the project, which may include, but are not limited to the following categories: Paints, acids, solvents, asphalt products, chemical additives, fuels and concrete curing compounds or additives. Provide protected storage, off bare ground and covered, for products which may be hazardous. Maintain product labelling as required by the Act. Maintain an adequate supply of on-site spill response materials, as indicated in the MSDS.

In the event of a spill, take actions to mitigate the spill as indicated in the MSDS, in accordance with safe work practices, and contact the District Spill Coordinator immediately. The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper containment and cleanup

Does the project involve any bridge class structure rehabilitation or

If "Yes", then  $\mathsf{TxDOT}$  is responsible for completing asbestos assessment/inspection.

If "Yes", then TxDOT must retain a DSHS licensed asbestos consultant to assist with the notification, develop abatement/mitigation procedures, and perform management activities as necessary. The notification form to DSHS must be postmarked at least

If "No", then TxDOT is still required to notify DSHS 15 working days prior to any

In either case, the Contractor is responsible for providing the date(s) for abatement activities and/or demolition with careful coordination between the Engineer and

Any other evidence indicating possible hazardous materials or contamination discovered on site. Hazardous Materials or Contamination Issues Specific to this Project:

Texas Department of Transportation

# ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS. ISSUES AND COMMITMENTS

EPIC

: epic.dgn	DN: Tx[	DOT CK: RG DW: V		DW: VP		: AR		
xDOT: February 2015	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
REVISIONS 2011 (DS)	6462	18	001		ΙH	30,	ETC	
14 ADDED NOTE SECTION IV.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
2015 SECTION I (CHANGED ITEM 1122 M 506, ADDED GRASSY SWALES.	ATL	В	BOWIE, I	ETC		31		